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1895.

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MADRAS.

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RAILWAY OR CABIN TRUNKS.

Steel Trunks are generally considered the most appropriate receptacles for the conveyance of one's effects, not only on account of the comparatively small space they occupy, but also by reason of their strength and durability. The following, which **Spencer & Co.** can thoroughly recommend, are made from the best steel sheets and supplied with good locks.

No. 700. This trunk is made from 24 gauge iron steel sheets, and is a strong serviceable article. Japanned crocodile, fitted with lever lock and duplicate keys.

WITH ROLLERS.

21 x 11 x 8 inch	7 8
24 x 13 x 9 "	8 8
27 x 15 x 10 "	10 0
30 x 17 x 11 "	12 8
33 x 20 x 13 "	16 0

No. 702. Fitted with patent triple fastening and duplicate keys. The advantage of this fastening is the greater security obtained by three locks; the two outside ones being secured by a spring action, dependent for their release upon the centre lock being first undone.

WITH ROLLERS.

21 x 11 x 8 inch	12 8
24 x 13 x 9 "	14 4
27 x 15 x 10 "	16 8
30 x 17 x 11 "	20 0
33 x 20 x 13 "	24 8

No. 728. Japanned olive green fitted with lever lock with staple for padlock and duplicate keys.

21 x 11 x 8 inch	6 4
24 x 13 x 9 "	7 12
27 x 15 x 10 "	8 8
30 x 17 x 11 "	11 12
33 x 20 x 13 "	14 8

No. 703. The lid of this trunk is made square with two deep double moulds, which give it great strength; fitted with lever lock and duplicate keys, japanned crocodile.

21 x 11 x 8 inch	9 12
24 x 13 x 9 "	10 8
27 x 15 x 10 "	12 8
30 x 17 x 11 "	16 0
33 x 20 x 13 "	19 8

SPENCER & Co.,

Importers of Travellers' Requisites.

MADRAS, BANGALORE & OOTACAMUND.

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OUR RETROSPECT FOR 1895.

HOME AND FOREIGN.

THE year 1895 showed no outstanding event peculiar to England nor the continent which will fix upon its annals the attention of the future student of history. Domestic politics have passed through the crucible of agitation inseparable from a general election, and it will be rash to predict that their ruling tendencies will be the same as now, after the present Ministry has remained in office a twelve month. A far-reaching redistribution of political power has been projected, a long stride has been taken towards a firmer policy on questions affecting England's interests in her colonies and elsewhere. At the same time every part of the fabric of the Empire has passed through the ordeal either of anxious expectation and experience or exciting criticism. In spite of the conventional language of confidence employed in Royal speeches and official statements, clear-sighted men cannot refuse to see that our relation with the Great Powers of the Continent are not marked, to say the least, by an excess of cordiality, while we are brought into contact with these Powers upon controversial issues of policy all over the world. The attitude of the Powers in relation to the war with China, the rapprochement between France and Russia, the misunderstandings in Africa, all remind us that the functions of diplomacy as a branch of statesmanship have not ceased to exist; nor has that period in this world's affairs approached that Utopian epoch of the Peace Party, when there shall be a united "national protest" against the wrong-doing of any single Power that may be disposed to grasp a weaker neighbour's territory; when nations shall beat their swords into ploughshares, and their spears into pruning hooks. The public at home were not lulled into quiet by the pacific and stereotyped periods of the Queen's speech, nor were they disposed to let things take their course and await development of events. The all-engrossing topic of time was therefore Lord Salisbury's great speech at the Mansion House. It was indeed time that some authoritative utterance was made on the momentous questions both in the East and the Far East, which had been engaging the attention of all statesmen and nationalities for months past. Despite the enormous confidence reposed in the experience and sagacity of the Premier, an uneasy suspicion had certainly been growing up everywhere that we were approaching "the verge of one of those cataclysmic periods when the immense armaments that have been growing more and more gigantic and more unthinkable year by year would be hurled against each other in Titanic conflict." It is not too much to say that not merely all England, but all Europe, panted with suspense and hung upon the words which might fall from the lips of the man who is admitted by common consent to be the most consummate master of the arts of diplomacy, and at the same time the most straightforward and reliable of modern statesmen. Evidently Lord Salisbury was keenly alive to the feelings of suspense with which his words were awaited, for he lost no time in "getting to business." Domestic politics were almost contemptuously brushed aside. It was sufficient, his Lordship declared, that the nation had spoken in terms so unmistakable that "As for Home Rule was no longer within the arena of practical politics. As for questions of constitutional reform, the Electorate was tired of them, and country only demanded rest and leisure to deal effectively with matters relating to social amelioration. With this brief introduction the addressed himself at once to the Far Eastern question. Denouncing Hongkong scare started by the Times special correspondent at

fabrication, he declared in unmistakable and impressive language that whatever may occur in that distant region, "be it in the way of war, or in the way of commerce," England will be found equal to the occasion. His words were held by many to indicate that the relations existing between England and "gallant little Japan" are somewhat more than sympathetic. He that as it may, it is deemed by many to be already clear from the changed tone of the French and Russian press that "the persons" (or Powers) "if such there be" who harboured designs of thwarting England in the Yellow Sea and the Pacific have thought better of the enterprise. Speaking of Armenia, he said "The word Armenia has occupied all your attention for many months past." That was the text for which the city and the country—and we may say, indeed, all Europe—were waiting, and Lord Salisbury spoke upon it with the same sure voice and resolute discrimination. Events have marched rapidly in the "Sick man's" domain of late, and it is hardly too much to say that "the beginning of the end" looms in the near future. It is no longer Armenia and the Armenians alone that menace the fatuous occupant of the Yildiz Kiosk. Among the Turks themselves there is a large, influential and highly intelligent party which insists upon reform. The Sultan and his "Palace Pashas" after Lord Salisbury's speech can no longer cherish any hope of being successful in their endeavours to sow dissension between the three Great Powers who have hitherto been urging the necessity of reform. The game of procrastination has been played out with the unexpected result, that not three, but all the Powers of Europe, are now in concert, resolved to act together in such harmony as has never before been witnessed. The Sultan was plainly told that "the Powers are resolved to act together upon everything that concerns the Ottoman Empire," and that the peace of Europe shall not be imperilled again because the Sultan obstinately refuses to abide by the advice of those by whose tolerance he sits upon the throne. So long as the Ottoman Empire can be kept upon its legs, all the Powers will support it; but it by no means follows that to keep it upright it is necessary to keep the present occupant on the throne. It is by no means improbable that "the vigorous elements in the Turkish population may be able to work out the salvation of the Empire." Abdul Hamid may be deposed by his own people; he may even be murdered; he may, and probably will, be removed by the Powers if he maintains his present attitude. "A peaceful revolution under the auspices of the Great Powers is a solution of the problem which should not be impossible of accomplishment," now that the Powers have united loyally without any arrière-pensée of turning the misgovernment of the Sultan to their own advantage. Abdul Hamid must be very obtuse if he cannot read between the lines of Lord Salisbury's solemn warning and perceive that his tenure of the throne will be very brief now if he persists in disregarding it. Egyptian politics presenting a very tranquil appearance, Abbas Pasha being on his good behaviour, and France and Russia having for the present postponed their threatened joint action to re-open the Egyptian question, the retirement of the veteran Egyptian Premier has not the importance that it might have had, had anything like a crisis been impending on the Nile. Nevertheless Nubar Pasha can ill be spared either by his own country or by England, for he is the only man worthy of the name of statesman who has appeared in Egypt during the past generation—and he is not an Egyptian, but a Christian Armenian. There was a time when Nubar could scarcely be trusted to give wise counsel to his master on the expediency of retaining British protection and friendship. But the Arabi rebellion, and the recalcitrant conduct of Abbas at that crisis, opened his eyes, and he was astute enough to perceive that the only alternative to British control was anarchy. From that time he said to have cast in his lot with England. In whatever degree Abbas has lately shown himself amenable to Lord Cromer, he has been guided by the fact that his successor is Mustapha Fehmy, a thoroughly Anglophile, redoubled to his credit. Egypt owes much to Nubar, but the greatest service he ever rendered was the reform of the judicial system, which was the first bone of contention between him and the late Khedive. In small Pasha. In small, it will be remembered, claimed that he, as

ruler of the country, was above the law, and could override judicial enactments by "administrative acts." It was Nubar who had the courage to show him that he was as amenable to the law as the poorest fellow in the land. It was Nubar who brought about the appointment of a well-known Bombay Judge to organize a trustworthy judiciary, and it has been mainly Nubar's influence that has supported and carried his schemes to success. Egypt has only had three decent Prime Ministers during the last thirty years—Nubar Sheriff the "Nationalist," and Riaz the "Opportunist." Now that Nubar is going into retirement, the last, and by far the ablest and most accomplished of the three, disappears from politics, but his great personal influence will remain at the service of Lord Cromer, and his successor Fehmy will doubtless be guided by his advice.

The Queen held a Privy Council at Windsor Castle on July 8 to dissolve Parliament. Lord Salisbury, the Lord Chancellor, Mr. Akers-Douglas, Lord Lansdowne, and Sir Charles Larnach Peel, Clerk of the Council, attended. The members of the Privy Council entered her Majesty's presence at three o'clock to witness the Royal Sign Manual to the Dissolution Proclamation. The Lord Chancellor was present. Telegraphic communication of the signature was sent to the House of Lords. Lord Salisbury and his colleagues returned to London from Windsor, the Premier bringing with him her Majesty's Proclamation dissolving the Parliament of 1892, and ordering the Lord Chancellors of England and Ireland to issue the writs for the calling together of a new Parliament, to meet on August 12. Lord Salisbury drove direct to the Foreign Office, where the Royal Proclamation was received from the Privy Council Office. On receiving the Proclamation Mr. K. Muir Macdonald, C.B., of the Crown Office, forthwith proceeded to carry out the Royal commands. The writs addressed to returning officers in London were sent off by special messengers, and those directed to provincial mayors, sheriffs, &c., were handed in at the General Post Office. The Royal Proclamation dissolving Parliament was circulated in a Supplement to the *London Gazette*. With it there was the customary Proclamation with regard to the representative peers for Scotland. It called for all the peers of Scotland to assemble at Holyrood on July 24, and nominate and choose their sixteen representatives. In the same number of the *Gazette* there was the order of her Majesty dissolving the Convocations of the province of York and Canterbury, and ordering writs to be issued for the new election.

The First Session of the Fourteenth Parliament of the Queen, and the twenty-sixth of the Union, was formally opened by Royal Commission at two o'clock, the Lords Commissioners being the Lord Chancellor, the Earl of Coventry, the Earl of Limerick, Viscount Cross, and Lord Halford. The throne, as is usual on all such occasions, was uncovered, and a large number of ladies occupied seats in the side galleries and on the Barons' benches.

ELECTION OF SPEAKER.

SIR J. MORREY said:—In obedience to her Majesty's gracious communication, it now becomes the duty of this House immediately to proceed to the election of a Speaker. We must all rejoice to think that our first and most important act is likely to be accomplished by this House without a dissentient voice. It is my intention to move that the right hon. member for Carlisle (Mr. Gully) be now chosen Speaker. I do so in accordance with our cherished and best traditions. I ask you to pursue the course which the Government Lord Grey adopted in 1831 and 1833; which Sir R. Peel contended for in 1835, and enforced in 1841; which Mr. Disraeli adhered to in 1874; and the Government of Lord Salisbury followed in 1886. Now, as we are agreed in our action to-day, it is almost unnecessary to argue the case at all; but I would like, if I may, to fortify myself with the authority of Sir Robert Peel. In 1841 Sir Robert Peel, in an exhaustive speech, reviewed the history of our Speakers from 1727 downwards, and laid down the principle that it was not necessary that the person elected to the Chair, who had conscientiously and ably performed his duties, should be displaced because his political opinions were not consonant with those of the majority of the House.

but that that principle ought not to be held as an inflexible and invariable rule, because objection might be taken to his re-election on the ground of neglect of duty or incompetency. To-day that rule applies in full force. No whisper of either of these objections can or will be breathed against the last occupant of the Chair. Many members are now present who recollect how well he filled that Chair. He presided over the debates with dignity; he exhibited firmness and ability, integrity and impartiality. He had carefully studied, and was thoroughly conversant with our standing orders. He was courteous and accessible to every member of the House. He was vigilant and prompt whenever he detected the approach of any storm-cloud; and he has given indications of a reserve of strength and a gracious self-assertion which the House appreciates in its Speaker, and expects to find in times of storm and stress. Elected by one side, he has conducted himself so as to give satisfaction to both sides, and has established claims upon our continued confidence that no new candidate could produce. I ask the House, therefore, to re-elect him. In doing so, you will elect a man who has been tried and not found wanting. Do, then, as your forefathers have done before you—re-elect a conscientious and able man, irrespective of any party consideration.

The SPEAKER-ELECT then took the Chair, and informed the House that the Lords Commissioners had been pleased to signify her Majesty's gracious approval of his election as Speaker; and he took that occasion to repeat his grateful acknowledgments to the House for the high honour it had conferred upon him in placing him in the Chair, and to assure the House of his constant devotion to its service.

The Speaker then took the oath in the form required by law, and signed the Roll, and members were afterwards sworn in batches of five, beginning with Privy Counsellors. The first group was composed of Mr. Balfour, Sir W. Harcourt, Mr. Goschen, Sir M. Hicks-Beach, and Sir H. Fowler. The second group which approached the table consisted of Sir M. White Ridley, Mr. Akers-Douglas, Sir J. Mowbray, Mr. Mundella, and Mr. Courtney. Altogether about 370 members had taken the oath when the House adjourned.

The House met at two o'clock, when, the Commons having been summoned to their lordships' bar, the LORD CHANCELLOR read the Queen's speech as follows:—

MR LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,—The communications which I receive from foreign Powers assure me of the continuance of their good will. I am happy to say that no international complication has arisen in any quarter which is calculated to endanger the peace of Europe. The war between China and Japan, which was in progress at the opening of the last Session, has been brought to a conclusion by a peace which I trust will be enduring. I have observed a strict neutrality during the war, and have taken no action in respect to it except such as appeared to me likely to be favourable to the termination of hostilities. I deeply regret to say that most atrocious outrages upon a body of English missionaries have been reported from the province of Fukien, in China. In reply to earnest representations addressed to the Chinese Government by my directions, active measures, which I trust will prove effective, are being taken for the punishment of the murderers and of all persons who are in any degree responsible for these crimes. Internal troubles have broken out in the Armenian districts of Asiatic Turkey, and have been attended with horrors which have moved the indignation of the Christian nations of Europe generally, and of my people especially. My Ambassador and the Ambassadors of the Emperor of Russia and of the President of the French Republic, acting together, have suggested to the Government of the Sultan the reforms which, in their opinion, are necessary to prevent a recurrence of constant disorder. These proposals are now being considered by his Imperial Majesty the Sultan, and I am anxiously awaiting his decision. A resolution has been passed by both Houses of the Parliament of my colony of the Cape of Good Hope, proposing that the adjacent Crown colony of British Bechuanaland should be incorporated with the Cape Colony. I have, in reply, signified my willingness to consider favourably an Act passed for that purpose provided it contains proper safeguards for my interests and for those of my

native subjects, especially in the matter of their lands, the liquor traffic, and the maintenance of their own system of justice. I have received satisfactory assurances on these points, and an Act has been passed by the Cape Parliament which I have every reason to expect will be found to fulfil my requirements.

GENTLEMEN OF THE HOUSE OF COMMONS,—The Estimates for the service of the year which were not voted in the last Parliament will be laid before you.

MY LORDS AND GENTLEMEN,—At this season of the year it will probably be found more convenient to defer to another Session the consideration of any important legislative measures except those which are necessary to provide for the administrative charges of the year.

The Commons having withdrawn, a large number of peers presented themselves to be sworn, among whom were the Duke of Rutland, Lord Cranbrook, Lord Rosebery, Lord Ripon, and Lord Cadogan. Lord Houghton, introduced by Lord Chesterfield and Lord Buckinghamshire, took his seat on his promotion to the Earldom of Crewe.

The DUKE OF MARLBOROUGH moved the Address in reply to the gracious speech from the Throne, and commented on its various topics. He expressed his confidence that the new Government would approach the consideration of measures for ameliorating the condition of the people with special advantages, and, after the result of the recent appeal to the constituencies, it was perhaps hardly too much to expect the leader of the Opposition to join with their lordships in the promotion of useful social legislation when Parliament reassembled next year.

LORD AMPHILL, in seconding the motion, regarded the issue of the late elections as an emphatic condemnation both of the policy of Home Rule and of the attempt to obtain support for that policy by attacking the House of Lords and the other great institutions of the country.

LORD ROSEBERY, having characterised the speech from the Throne as a somewhat jejune and meagre document, referred to the deplorable massacre of the British missionaries in China, which he described as one of the terrible consequences of the late war in that country, and he invited the Government to inform the House what action they had taken in the matter, and whether the missionaries had returned to their stations against the warning of the Consuls and other authorities. With regard to the atrocities in Armenia—a question entirely outside the domain of party politics—he hoped, and, indeed, believed, that it was not true, as reported in some of the newspapers, that the Governments of France and Russia were not ready to support the British Government in insisting on obtaining adequate guarantees from the Sultan against the recurrence of events which had horrified Europe. But, be that as it might, he was convinced that Lord Salisbury, in proceeding alone to deal vigorously with that question, would have the entire British nation at his back.

LORD SALISBURY, after highly praising the speeches of the mover and seconder of the Address, replied to the remarks of Lord Rosebery.

After some observations from Lord Cowper in respect to the scheme of a teaching University for London, which were briefly answered by the Duke of Devonshire, the Address was agreed to.

In the House of Commons the Speaker read the Queen's speech, and Mr. Legh, in moving the address of thanks in reply to it, observed that, except on one particular point, there was, to put the matter plainly, very little in her Majesty's speech from the Throne on this occasion, as the only justifiable policy at the present time was that of making the necessary provision for the public service. The general election had shown that the people were not so anxious for legislative change as for good, sound, and practical administration. With regard to the atrocious outrages perpetrated in China, he hoped prompt action would be taken to punish the guilty, and to procure just and equitable reparation; and with reference to the Armenian difficulty, the hon. member expressed his opinion that it could only be settled in a satisfactory way by our obtaining the cordial co-operation of the other Powers.

Mr. T. H. ROBERTSON seconded the Address, and said he was convinced the people were desirous that the period of peace and calm should not be disturbed too soon after the late turmoil. Adverting to the foreign and colonial topics mentioned in the Queen's speech, he spoke in terms of approval of the annexation of Bechuanaland through the Cape Colony.

The general election of 1895 will be remarkable for the most crushing defeat that has been inflicted on any political party since the general election of 1832, when the Liberals were returned with a majority of 370. The election of 1895 is the fifteenth since that date. For the years 1874-80 and 1885 the Home Rule vote has not been counted to either side. In subsequent elections it has been added to the Separatist vote, and the Unionists comprise both Conservative and Liberal Unionists. During the past sixty years neither party has before been able to count 400 supporters. The Unionists in 1886 numbered 392, the Liberals in 1888, 387, but these are hitherto the high-water marks of success at general elections. On the other hand, the Conservative numbers never sank below the 238 they reached in 1880, and the Liberals, even in 1886, were able to number 193, in addition to a united Irish vote of 85. The change from a 40 Separatist majority in 1892 to a 152 Unionist majority in 1895 represents a net gain of 96 seats. As, however, the Unionists lost two seats in Ireland, the gain in the rest of the United Kingdom was 98. Of this gain 11 were in Scotland; 8 were in Wales; 81 were in England. That the gain was general throughout England may be shown from the fact that, whereas in 1892 there were (including in each county the towns within it, 10 counties returning exclusively Unionists; 17 counties with Unionist majorities; 2 equally divided; 1 exclusively Separatist and 11 with Separatist majorities, in the proportion, that is, of 27 counties Unionist to 12 Separatist, there are now 18 counties exclusively Unionist; 17 counties with Unionist majorities; 1 equally divided and 4 with Separatist majorities, in the proportion, that is, of 35 Unionists to 5 Separatist counties. In the face of this crushing defeat along the whole line, certain Separatist organs endeavored to minimise the result by drawing attention to the small number of votes by which the change has been effected. It has been pointed out that the change of a very few votes can make a considerable change in the constitution of the House of Commons. That this is, under any system of election, must be the case is self-evident. If, to take an extreme case, a constituency consists of 2,000 electors who prefer A as their member and of 1,999 who prefer B, there is no doubt that A will be returned if all go to the poll, that one vote has returned a member, and that practically one-half of the electorate is unrepresented. But it is impossible to devise any means by which this can be remedied in any one constituency, while it is practically remedied by similar, but converse, results in other constituencies. It may be observed that the 1892 election produced similar anomalies without attracting the attention of the Separatist organs. But, apart from this, it may be interesting to note the result of the general election of 1895 as compared with that of 1892. In the following figures are shown the number of votes polled by Unionists and Separatists, together with the number of members returned by each. In double constituencies the highest poll given for either side are taken and, in constituencies where there had been no opposition, we have taken the figures of the last election adopting the same course for Orkney and Shetland. Taking the metropolis as including Croydon and the two boroughs of West Ham, London returns 62 members—

	Unionist Votes.	Unionist Members.	Separatist Votes.	Separatist Members.
1892	228,883	87	191,012	25
1895	290,146	34	167,157	8

21,263 increase

23,865 decrease

showing a difference of 4,075 votes, which we may call the conversion of 29,887 Separatist into Unionist voters. The whole Separatist poll being in 1892, 191,012, the change amounts to 11 per cent. on that number. In other

words, 1 out of every 8 or 9 Separatists has become Unionist. Taking in the same way England, exclusive of London, we find—

	Unionist Votes.	Unionist Members.	Separatist Votes.	Separatist Members.
1892	1,613,034	231	1,329,320	172
1895	1,692,259	295	1,472,561	108

79,225 increase

56,759 decrease

showing a difference of 135,984 votes, which we may call the conversion of 67,992 Separatist into Unionist voters. The whole Separatist poll in 1892 amounting to 1,529,320, this is equivalent to a change of about 4½ per cent.; or, say, 1 out of every 22 Separatists has become Unionist.

In Wales we find—

	Unionist Votes.	Unionist Members.	Separatist Votes.	Separatist Members.
1892	73,964	2	125,000	28
1895	92,129	8	125,353	22

18,165 increase

247 decrease

The difference of 18,412 is here clearly due, not to a transference of votes, but to an awakened spirit of resistance. We may, however, adopt the same method, and treat it as a change of 9,206 votes—from 7 to 8 per cent. on the Separatist votes; or, say, a change of 1 in every 13.

Similarly in Scotland—

	Unionist Votes.	Unionist Members.	Separatist Votes.	Separatist Members.
1892	223,571	22	259,657	50
1895	233,621	33	247,519	39

9,450 increase

12,138 decrease

a difference of 21,568 votes, or a change of 10,794 Separatist voters into Unionists—say over 4 per cent., or 1 in every 25 Separatists has become Unionist.

Finally, in Great Britain we get the following total results—

	Unionist Votes.	Unionist Members.	Separatist Votes.	Separatist Members.
1892	2,139,502	292	2,105,889	275
1895	2,367,555	390	2,012,583	177

128,053 increase

93,006 decrease

A difference of 221,059 votes, equivalent to the conversion of 110,529 Separatist into Unionist voters, or about 5½ per cent. on the Separatist poll—that is to say, that out of every 19 who voted Separatist in 1892, 1 has been converted into a Unionist. Bearing in mind the extreme paucity with which the average elector holds to his party ties, the significant result of only three years' Separatist government can hardly be regarded as encouraging to the party.

The Report of the Royal Commission on Opium was laid on the table of the House in April, and dealt a deathblow to the faddists on that subject. The report asserts that prohibition is neither necessary on moral and physical grounds, nor practicable on grounds that are financial, commercial, and political. The Commission was appointed to report as to—(1) Whether the growth of the poppy and manufacture of opium in British India should be prohibited except for medical purposes, the prohibition to be extended to the native States; (2) the termination of the arrangements with native States as to the transit of opium through British territory; (3) the effect of prohibition on the finances of India in respect of compensation payable, cost of preventive measures, and loss of revenue; (4) whether any change short of prohibition should be made for regulating and restricting the traffic, and for raising a revenue therefrom; (5) the consumption of opium by the different races, and the effect of such consumption on the moral and physical condition of the people; and (6) the disposition of the people of India in regard to the use of opium for non-medical purposes and their willingness to bear, in whole or

in part, the cost of prohibitive measures. The Commission opened its inquiry in London on Sept. 3, 1893; completing the London evidence in the middle of the month, and adjourning to Calcutta, where it took evidence from witnesses from Orissa, North Eastern Bengal, Assam, the Central Provinces and Berar, Hyderabad, and the Madras Presidency. In all 733 witnesses were examined, of whom 486 were natives of India or China and 257 Europeans. In addition the Government of India "consistently endeavoured," says the report, "to place the Commission in full possession of the facts of the case." On the main question—that of prohibition—the report deals with the facts in two divisions, the Protected States and the British Provinces. As to the first, they found it proved that the rulers of those States are not prepared of their own free will to accept a policy of prohibition. To attempt to impose prohibition authoritatively would be a breach of the well-understood limitations of the right of the paramount Power to interfere in matters of internal administration. The Commissioners—with the exception of Mr. H. J. Wilson, M.P., who contributes a minute of dissent from the whole report—declare that they are satisfied that the opium habit, even in the States where it is most prevalent and where there is no restriction, cannot be said to be causing extensive moral or physical degradation. Even if authoritative prohibition had been shown to be desirable, the difficulties in the way of enforcement are, they believe, insurmountable. The measure would be resented by chief and subjects alike. In such circumstances it is highly improbable that prohibition, if imposed, would be effectually enforced. Stoppage of the transit of Malwa opium for export by sea would not be justifiable, and would impose serious loss and trouble on the rulers of the States and upon great numbers of their landowners, cultivators, bankers, and merchants. It would lead also to extensive smuggling into British territory. The moral objections which have been raised to the export of the Malwa opium rest, the Commissioners say, on the assertion that the habit of opium-smoking which prevails in China and other parts of the Far East causes extensive moral and physical degradation; but they have reviewed the evidence, and agreed "that the effects of the use and abuse of opium in China are fairly comparable with those of intoxicating liquors in England." Such effects do not, in their opinion, "constitute an objection to the Malwa export trade, which makes it morally incumbent upon the rulers of protected States to put a stop to what is a private industry." The report declares, with respect to this second division, that "so long as the importation of Indian opium [from Bengal] is allowed by the Chinese Government, and is not imposed upon it by intimidation or pressure of any kind, we are not of opinion that the objections based upon the effects of the opium habit in China, or upon the peculiar relations of the Government of India with the trade, are, from a moral standpoint, sufficiently strong to call for interference on the part of the British Government." It is shown in detail in the fifth section of the report that the financial results of the stoppage of the Bengal export trade would be disastrous, and would make a large number of industrious and skilled cultivators bankrupt. Moreover, the stoppage would have practically no effect on consumption in China. Persia and Ash Minor would fill the gap left in the market. The withdrawal of Indian competition would give an increased stimulus to the cultivation of the poppy. "For all these reasons we consider that no case is made out for prohibiting the export trade in Bengal opium." The Commissioners early discuss the argument that the opium trade and the connection of the British Government with it are impediments to the conversion of the Chinese to Christianity. In any case, they say, it is not an argument with which they can expect the natives to sympathise. As to the production and consumption in British India, apart from the export trade, the report declares that the moral and physical effects are not of such a character as to call for the enforcement of prohibition. They conclude that opium is the common domestic medicine of the people; that it is used also as a stimulant, as alcohol is used in Europe; that opium is generally used in India without injurious consequences, moral or physical; that cases of excess are not frequent, and that even those cases are not so bad as cases of excess in the

use of alcohol in India; and that, "as to the quasi-medical habit, the evidence of the medical witnesses led us to the conclusion that in the circumstances of India, in respect to climate, diet, mode of living, and medical aid, this use is probably on the whole, beneficial. We do not find it proved that the use of opium promotes crime, suicide, insanity, or abnormal infant mortality." Having thus demolished the moral objections urged against the system in British India, the Commissioners do not discuss at length the obstacles in the way of enforcing prohibition; but they conclude that the financial and administrative obstacles are such as to make prohibition impracticable. "If we are right," they say, "in concluding that it would be impossible to extend prohibition to the protected States, it is evident that the difficulty of preventing extensive smuggling into British territory would be immense. As regards the financial difficulty, we may point out that the direct loss due to the attempt to limit the consumption in British districts to that required for medical use cannot be estimated, as it would depend upon many circumstances, but it would, no doubt, be considerable; and the cost of large preventive establishments to keep out smuggled opium would have to be added." The report then goes on to destroy the supposed practicability of the plan set forward by the Anti-Opium Society for regulating the sale of the drug. The chief obstacle to prohibition, they say, is, however, in the disposition of the people of India:—"We are convinced that the great mass of native opinion in British India is entirely opposed to the proposal (of prohibition) as an unnecessary restriction on individual liberty, and an interference with established native habits and customs." Apart from this point of view, the natives believe that prohibition would lead to an increase in the consumption of alcohol, which is prohibited by the Mahomedan and Hindoo religions, while the use of opium is permitted; and alcohol, the natives consider, is more injurious, physically and morally, and more disgraceful when carried to excess, than the opium habit. As for the attitude of the Indian political associations, neither the British Indian Association nor the Indian National Congress, though they have both advocated total abstinence from alcohol, has demanded prohibition of the use of opium. As for European opinion in India, only a minority of missionaries—chiefly Dissenting and American, egged on by the Anti-Opium Society—are in favour of prohibition; the majority of the clergy and missionaries of the Church of England, the commercial and planting and official classes, either abstain from advocacy of prohibition or are emphatically averse to a measure of restriction.

In summing up, the Commission point out that the whole case against opium rests upon the assumption that the drug is essentially a poison, and when not taken for special maladies is widely held to be used for vicious and baneful indulgence. This assumption has not, in the opinion of the Commission, been justified by the evidence in the course of their searching inquiry. The suppression of the habit in China is a matter in which, in the circumstances, it is for the Government of that empire to take the initiative which international conventions have left open to it. So far as India is concerned, the movement in England against the opium habit has proceeded from an exaggerated impression as to the nature and extent of the evil to be controlled. The descriptions of the moral and physical degradation due to the use of opium which have been presented to British audiences have not, the Commission consider, been confirmed by medical experience, by the evidence of witnesses representing the people of India, or by those responsible for the government and welfare of that country.

Of the original terms of peace between Japan and China as put before the world, it can hardly be said that they were unduly severe, in view of the miserable defence made by the Chinese, viz., (1) Payment of a war indemnity of 200,000,000 taels—about £40,000,000 sterling. (2) The cession of Formosa. (3) The cession of the Liao-Tung Peninsula to the fortieth degree—that is, the territory including Port Arthur. (4) The opening of Peking and several other towns to foreign commerce, and the duty not to exceed 2 per cent. (5) Permission to be given to Japanese to open cotton factories and engage in other industries. The demands of Japan were

obviously limited not by any Chinese power of resistance, but rather by the estimate made by Japanese statesmen of her power of assimilation. Formosa has long been known to be an object of desire to the Japanese, and its annexation can excite no surprise, though it can hardly be agreeable to other nations having interests in the Far East. With Formosa naturally go the Pescadore islands upon which more than one European Power has been suspected of casting a longing eye. Japan has thus acquired not only an important increase of valuable territory, but a vastly improved strategical position. Considerable doubt seemed to hang over the extent of the annexation east of the Liao River, and there was some question as to whether it was intended to be permanent. Be it less or more, it is well fitted to serve a double purpose. It forms a barrier against attack upon Port Arthur by land, and it offers a suitable base for the control of Corea. We may presume that the independence prescribed for that country really means a more or less thorough Japanese protectorate. By the retention of Port Arthur Japan will command the Gulf of Pechili, and perpetually menace the Chinese Empire in its most vulnerable region. The political consequences of her possession of such a means of coercion may prove to be enormous, though, in the absence of accurate information as to the general aim of Japanese policy, it may be difficult to foresee their evolution. We are not less in the dark as to the moral effects of the war upon China herself, and it is even possible that the Japanese themselves have no very decided opinion upon the point. Should the war have the effect of awakening the vast population of China and causing it to follow the path of revolutionary change trodden by Japan, the next generation or two will witness some very remarkable developments. If, on the other hand, the Chinese relapse into their indolent and arrogant contempt for all the ways of outside barbarians, it is conceivable that China may become a sort of Japanese Hindustan. All that can be said at present is that the Japanese seem to have taken precautions to deal with either contingency. China will reorganise herself under stern and close supervision, or she may, in the alternative, be reorganised from without by methods which the new Japanese acquisitions will immensely facilitate. It is natural that the Japanese should endeavour for the present to make light of the commercial advantages they secure by the war. But whatever doubt may hang over the exact character of the commercial changes in contemplation, there can be no question that they are potentially enormous. Their development is an affair of time, but not of a long time. By throwing into the establishment of factories, whether in China or Japan, the energy shown in the creation of a navy and an army, the Japanese might in a very few years completely alter all the commercial conditions of the Far East. The European States having interests in that part of the world will no doubt watch the progress of events with attention and anxiety; but for the present, at all events, they have too many mutual jealousies to give the Japanese any serious uneasiness. It is rather curious to note in continental comments upon the situation a predominant tendency to rejoice over the presumed discouragement of English enterprise rather than to dwell upon the dangers which threaten in common all Powers having political or commercial interests in Chinese waters. The present value of the China trade to the nations principally concerned in it is to the British Empire, £2,000,000; Russia, 1,500,000; Europe (excepting England and Russia), 5,600,000; Japan, 3,000,000; United States, 4,100,000. The greater portion of imports into China consists of goods supplied from England, and it is therefore a trade which on behalf of its manufacturing population should be very carefully safeguarded. It must not be assumed that China on account of her vast mass of people affords an unbounded market for the further importation of foreign goods. The upper and middle classes can purchase cottons and woollens from abroad, but the great bulk of the people are very poor. The disasters of the Tzeping and Mahomedan revolutions have been effaced by the recuperative power which the indurated character of the Chinese bestows on the country, and there is no reason to think that the recent war will produce any permanent harm. There does not seem to be much accumulation of the precious metals. Silk and tea are the exports

in most demand; if the exportation of rice and cereals were allowed, these products would be supplied to neighbouring colonies; and a further extension of trade could take place in fruit, matting, paper, straw for plaiting, and so forth. There has not, however, as yet been any cheapening of production, as in Europe and America, by the introduction of machinery, the substitution of steam for manual labour, or by improved facilities of transport. The result of the recent war is likely to bring about changes in these directions. Shanghai is the great centre of trade, its commerce now amounts to half the whole foreign trade of China, and via that port goods are distributed along the Yangtse and into Central China. Spinning mills have been set up at Shanghai and in other localities; and the success which has attended them is likely to lead to the erection of many more, as well as to the development of textile manufactures. This contingency is not, however, pleasing either to India or Lancashire. Wealthy Chinese will continue to prefer foreign fabrics; but the poorer classes are likely to remain content with native products, which may probably also supply neighbouring markets. It is already seen that the Customs revenue will be the principal guarantee for the payment of interest on loans contracted to meet the war expenditure. An assimilation of the Chinese tariff to the new Japanese tariff may, therefore, be expected. Taken generally, this measure will increase the rate of duties on the principal imports to about ten per cent. *ad valorem*, but will not present any real obstacles to trade. The reforms most needed are the revision of the internal transit charges, regularity in their assessment, and removal of petty hindrances interposed by the lower mandarin. If the Chinese Government feels the necessity for an increase of the Customs revenue in order to defray new charges arising out of the war, the powers of the Customs department may be enlarged, and in this way the reforms above indicated could easily be effected. On the other hand, English chambers of commerce, it was stated, must avoid unwise proceedings. They sometimes seek to settle tariffs and trade questions exclusively in the interests of particular English industries, without regard to the requirements of the colonies or countries where these regulations are to be applied. Such action weakens their representations when they are well founded. Foreign trade with China will gain by whatever opens out the country, while its progress will be checked by the natural and inevitable growth of native manufactures. England's share of this gain will probably be large in the first instance. Germany, Belgium, and the United States will also secure advantages. Russian trade has been checked by the easier communication afforded by the Suez Canal; goods now reach the districts of northern China which can be supplied from the coast more cheaply and speedily than by land; but the Siberian railway will modify these conditions. French trade is not likely to find a large profitable market in either China or Japan; France cannot export yarns, textiles or iron wares as cheaply as other European countries, and cannot compete with native trades or supply the wants of the people at prices which they will pay. This state of things prevails in the French Eastern possessions, where trade is regulated by orders issued from Paris for the special purpose of extending French trade. Whatever trading facilities Japan obtains by the treaty of peace will be claimed by European nations; but Japan has obtained terms which will chiefly benefit herself. Nearness, and the nature and cheapness of her products, must necessarily afford Japan advantages in many respects. The opening of additional ports and the removal of petty obstacles to commercial intercourse, easier access to the interior and greater freedom in industrial undertakings, are the chief advantages which European nations may expect. The depreciation of silver has not lowered its purchasing power in China and Japan; on the contrary, it rather assists commercial enterprise in these countries than otherwise.

The *Times* correspondent at Havana sent some particulars of the way in which formal possession of the rocky island of Trinidad in the South Atlantic was taken last January by H.M.S. *Barracouta*. News of the incident took some time to travel to Brazil, but when it got there it appeared to have stirred to its depths the sensitive patriotism of that State. The populace were excited, the Chamber and the Senate passed

inappreciable resolutions, the Government presented papers, and individual legislators indulged in sonorous declaration of the kind which flows so easily from the lips of ardent orators of the Latin races. One deputy, who is fitly named Belisario, was looking forward to a maritime contest with Great Britain, and felt no doubt of the issue. He was prepared, indeed, to let diplomacy endeavour to find some peaceful solution of the controversy, but Senhor Belisario put little trust in such efforts. When they have been exhausted, "this people," he affirmed, "obeying the irresistible calls of patriotism, will rise and tear away the paws of the British lion from this piece of territory which is sacred to Brazil." The image is magnificent, but it seems to show that the orator's acquaintance with natural history is almost as imperfect as his acquaintance with practical politics. To tear away a lion's paws from anything is a dangerous operation, and one in which the operator is extremely likely to get hurt. A newspaper also threatened forcible expulsion from the island, but it did not explain how the process was to be effected. The Chambers themselves talked about our action as an aggression on the integrity of the national territory, and applauded the "lofty conduct" of the Executive of the Republic, while the Senate affirmed their unanimous resolve to "aid the Government with the means required for the maintenance of this part of the national territory." The pledge was not likely to involve any appreciable addition to the not inconsiderable debt of Brazil. The Government will hardly avail themselves of the generous offers of the Senate, at least for the purpose for which they have been made. The insurgents, who were trying to lop off the whole vast province of Rio Grande from the Republic, were as deeply shocked as their fellow-citizens at our alleged attempt to deprive the Government of Rio de Janeiro of five miles of barren rock. They joined the protests made by the men whom they have been doing their best to shoot and who have been striving to shoot them, and probably they saw nothing incongruous in their position. The press of England, who have a world-wide empire to look after and a world-wide commerce to conduct, naturally may have felt some astonishment at all this prodigious fuss. Trinidad itself is not a desirable possession. It is a barren and desolate mass of volcanic rock, some 700 miles away from the coast of Brazil, in the South Atlantic Ocean. It is uninhabited, and indeed uninhabitable, in all ordinary senses. When Mr. E. F. Knight adventurously explored it some fifteen years ago, he found that men could live there, but only if they brought with them all the necessaries of life, and took sufficient precautions to protect them from the incessant attacks of the myriads of land crabs which swarmed over the land and sea. There were the remains of what was once a great forest, but all the trees had long since died. Dead trunks and branches, dry as tinder, crumbled the rotten rock, of which the surface is composed, a few years ago, but the crew of the *Barracouta* seem to have found only "traces of the stumps" of large trees. There is hardly any fresh water, and Mr. Knight nearly died of thirst among its gloomy gorges. Besides the crabs, sea-lowl and snakes were the chief living creatures which he saw on the land. The island reeked of the rotten fish on which the birds lived, and there was nothing on shore to eat except the revolting crabs and a sort of creeping bear. The sea was alive with fish, but these appear to have disappeared with Mr. Knight's crew, and they included a large number of voracious sharks, who greatly added to the difficulties and dangers of landing. It is stated that the inlet now contains "no signs of animal life." Presumably, when the crabs had eaten up everything else, they ate up each other. To reach the shore at all seems to be a feat of very serious peril. In most places the cliffs come sheer down to the sea, the bays and inlets are studded with dangerous rocks at all depths, and everywhere the great waves of the Atlantic beat fiercely on the land. It is said, indeed, that when ships have occasion to touch there, the practice is to smuggle a few men through the breakers and then to rig a spar from the cliff and haul up the others. Though there are no living trees, there is plenty of timber, for the bays are filled with the wreckage of centuries. Of course, we have not annexed Trinidad for its own sake. Edmund Halley, the great astronomer, seems to have thought it worth his while to hoist the

Union Jack there when he visited the island in the course of his celebrated scientific cruise as captain of King William III.'s strangely-named sloop, the *Paradoxical*. He is said to have left some pigs and sheep behind him, but after an unsuccessful struggle for existence they succumbed to inanition or the land crabs. Some eighty years later the island was examined and as it was found not worth keeping, we allowed it to be occupied by Portugal, which, perhaps, originally discovered it. It might have puzzled more energetic colonists to develop the resources of Trinidad, because, in fact, there do not seem to be any resources to develop. The Portuguese acquiesced in this view of its capabilities, and left Trinidad to itself. Brazil dutifully followed the example of the mother country after the separation between them. Of so little account was the island held that it does not seem to have been thought of by the framers of the treaties between the two States. At all events, Trinidad has been left severely alone by both ever since. No attempt has been made to take effective possession, and the known facts seem to warrant us in treating the island as derelict. It has now become of some importance to us for a practical reason of a very simple kind. All the existing cables between South America and Europe have their western shore-ends at Pernambuco. The result is that Brazil controls the whole of the direct telegraphic communication of the continent with Europe, a state of things which is for many reasons undesirable. The distance between the countries south of Brazil and Europe is too great for a direct cable. Such cables, if they are not to pass through the continental territory of Brazil, must be laid to some half-way house in the Atlantic, and Trinidad affords just such a resting-place as the engineers require. That is the reason, and the only reason, why we have taken possession of this delectable spot, and appointed the gunner and the surgeon of the *Barracouta* as governor and medical officer. It is absolutely useless for all political purposes, as it has no harbour and affords no facilities for making one. Of course, if Brazil can establish a substantial claim to it, the fact that it is a convenient possession to the engineers of the direct Argentine cable gives us no right to keep it, and we must abandon it again to the Brazilians and the land-crabs, if they still survive. But the burden of proof lies upon Brazil, and she will have to make out her case by solid and sober arguments before we resign ourselves to a surrender. In the meanwhile the rhetoric of Senhor Belisario and his friends does not tend to a satisfactory solution. It only makes people laugh, but it may do mischief among his own countrymen.

The *Greenwich* correspondent of the *Shanghai Mercury*, writing on the 12th October, gave the following particulars of the murder of the Queen of Corea and thirteen of her ladies-in-waiting:—

"At about four o'clock on the morning of the 9th inst., some two hundred Korean soldiers, who are being drilled by the Japanese and denominated the Household Troops, along with some forty Japanese *sashis* (or were supposed to be such), all armed with swords, went to the Tai-won-kun's place and asked him to come to the palace, as he had promised them to do, but which promise he had not hitherto kept. The old prince was unwilling to do as requested, but was forced in some way or other to yield to their demands. On arriving at the palace some were let in by side doors; therefore it was evident that there were already traitors inside to admit them. Others forced open some of the inner gates, whilst others climbed over the wall. Strange to say, also a Japanese military officer with a small guard forced his way into the ground of the palace, killing one of the officers belonging to the Palace Guard, who made but a faint resistance. The Palace Guards also made but a poor stand. Out of some thirty officers that should have been there, only thirteen were in the palace at the time, and some of these, I understand, were traitors. After a few volleys were fired the palace was in the possession of the assassins. While these things were going on the Japanese *sashis* surrounded the Queen's quarters and entered her apartments, and commenced the carnage by killing all the ladies-in-waiting present. The Queen and another lady were dragged by the hair of their heads and placed in sacks. They were then carried to the wood at the rear of the palace, which is called the Deer

Park, where they were murdered and burned. The assassins had prepared for their purposes a pile on which the bodies were laid and oil poured over them. This being done the torch was applied and the bodies were reduced to ashes. But where was the Tai-won-kun all this time, may be asked? The fact is the old prince was taken to the palace with the assassins, so as to make it appear that it was he who had given orders to commit the atrocities, and not the Japanese. His enmity to the Queen was well known, but I am afraid the Japanese have caught a Tartar in the old prince, who will pay them back in their own coin with interest to boot. Besides the Queen and the thirteen ladies some fifteen Koreans lost their lives. The Tai-won-kun has turned up in the palace, and it has been discovered that he was taken to the Japanese Legation. The following day the Queen's mother was so frightened and beside herself that she committed suicide. Yet, up to the time of writing, the death of the Queen has not been officially announced, but it is only rumored that she has been disgraced by orders of the King, and in consequence her funeral will be simply soldier's, and public mourning will not be intoned in. The following day the Foreign Ministers held a conference. Two of the Ministers had a private and confidential audience with the King, at which the Japanese Minister wished to be present, but the old Tai-won-kun refused and told the Japanese Minister that he could not. The Japanese Minister demanded an audience, but the Tai-won-kun was firm, and his demands were of no avail. The Japanese will find that the old gentleman (the Tai-won-kun) is not like his son. This is Japanese civilization with a vengeance. No matter how nice the Japanese may dress themselves in European finery in the shape of civil, military, and naval uniforms, it is merely veneer, for their savage and deceptive nature still remains. This is the second time these insatiable atrocities have taken place,—the first time of a more bloody nature than the last, as it was merely against a defenceless woman. Count Iwonye was a valuable man, and ought to have remained in Corea while it was in such an unsettled state, but instead he was replaced by a man of inferior diplomatic case, who, although a general, has not seen duty for over ten years; but during this period he has secluded himself, studying Buddhist literature. Certainly any bad light reflected on the policy of the Japanese in Corea will have to be borne by him, but one thing is a fact, or seems to be, that is, that the Japanese have all along been preparing for this little game. I know of many little incidents which come to my mind now, which prove to me plainly that their little undertaking was known to the Japanese authorities before it was carried out. For instance, they expected some European war vessels on the 8th, as well as a Japanese man-of-war on the 9th. But the latter only arrived here on the 11th and left again on the 12th. The steamer *Quari* *Maru* also arrived unexpectedly on the 10th with nothing on board, and apparently she had got nothing to take in. Guards from the Russian cruiser *Korvet* and the U. S. cruiser *Platow* left for Seoul on the 10th. The fray is thickening and the rope of the Japanese is lengthening, and the next thing we may hear is that it has broken.

The Minquar Rocks, about the possession of which by the British the Anglophobe French Press has been working itself into a state of indignation, are a dangerous reef of rocks on the road from St. Heliers in Jersey to St. Made in Normandy. Their length from east to west is about fifteen miles, their width six to seven miles. On one of the rocks there are a few fishing huts. From time immemorial these rocks have been regarded as part of the parish of Grenville in Jersey, and they are part of the fishing grounds of fishermen from La Roche in that parish. Early in this century the British Government opened a quarry on the principal islet to get stone for building Fort Regent in Jersey, but when the fishermen objected that the removal of the stone destroyed their only shelter, the quarry was stopped. At the beginning of this month the St. Heliers Harbour Committee, in response to the request of the fishermen that the roadway needed repair, went out to the rocks in a tug. The fishermen on the island hoisted the British ensign and Jersey flag as a signal—as they were in the habit of doing—and this proceeding was magnified by the Anglophobe newspapers in Paris into an act of

greedy annexation by Great Britain. As a matter of fact, the Minquars have always belonged to the Jersey fishermen, being in every respect a dependency of that island.

The Crown Prince of Siam died at Bangkok, January 4, of complicated kidney disease, at the age of 16. He had been seriously ill since Christmas. European and Siamese doctors were in constant attendance upon him. The diagnosis of the European doctors was found correct from the beginning. It was stated, on the best authority, that it was impossible to save him. The sorrow felt at his loss was universal, and the English Fancy Ball which was to have been held, was immediately stopped as a mark of respect. The death of the Crown Prince of Siam inflicts a terrible blow both upon his family and his country. All the best hopes for the future of Siam were centred in him. His father, the reigning King, had spared no pains to give his intended successor every possible advantage in view of the difficult position he was destined to fill. The young Prince was the eldest son of the first Queen, who owed her predominance over the other consorts to her superiority of birth and rank. According to the traditions of the country and the invariable practice up to, and inclusive of, this reign, the successor to the Crown was always selected after the Monarch's demise by the Council of State and the leading nobles. Thus the nomination of a Crown Prince during the King's lifetime was a new and bold stroke of policy, but an exceedingly wise one, since it greatly increased the stability of the dynasty and enabled the best care to be exercised from his earliest years in the training of the future King. The event took place in January 1887, the young Prince being then nine years old, and magnificent ceremonies were held in its honour, the tributary Princes from every part of the kingdom being assembled to participate in and confirm the nomination. From that time the education of the boy was systematically commenced; his Siamese studies were in the hands of the King's own tutor, a old Pali and Sanscrit scholar over 60 years of age, and an English University man was appointed for the rest of his studies. In 1891, on reaching the age of 13, he entered the novitiate of the Buddhist monastic life, according to custom, for three months. On his quitting this, the usual practice of giving him at once a household and harem of his own was broken through, the King being determined to spare the boy, as far as possible, the evils of his own early upbringing and to give him every obtainable advantage for a sound and healthy training throughout his adolescence. Mr. Morant, of New College, Oxford, who had already been giving him English lessons for some three years, was accordingly given a free hand to arrange a complete household for the young Prince on mainly European lines, special provision being made for the necessary exclusion of the feminine element, and the boy lived a healthy student's life, with regular hours for every sort of occupation. In order to foster his intercourse with his numerous half-brothers—which would normally have been slight—his Majesty permitted the foundation of a school for all the young Princes, in direct connexion with the Crown Prince's residence. Thus something resembling a healthy school-life was provided for the Prince, with regular hours for study and for play, for exercise, drilling, &c., and a happy companionship with his brothers was brought about. The Crown Prince showing a delightful willingness to minister to the happiness of his little brothers in a manner most new to Siamese Royalty; indeed, he took a special pride in helping towards the success of the "family school." Possessed of a strong will and masterful disposition, combined with keen insight into character, considerable powers of reasoning, and an earnest desire to serve his country, and, in his own phrase, "to leave a good name," the young Prince promised well as a future ruler. He felt a keen enthusiasm for the national aspirations, and a strong determination to do his share towards their realization. The sudden and untimely death of Prince Mahavajirunhis in his 17th year is an irreparable blow, not only to his parents but to his country, since there is no other son of the King possessed of anything like the same strength of character, capacity of intellect or commanding prestige.

On the occasion of the national fête the principal members of the French

ecology in London waited on the Baron de Courcel, the French Ambassador, and presented an address in which, among other things, they expressed the trust that the public powers in France and England may succeed, as speedily as possible, in concluding, on stable and definitive bases, and general and complete agreements for the delimitation of their respective spheres of influence throughout the world—wherever, in fact, colonial ardour, perfectly legitimate in the times in which we live, may have created difficulties between the two countries. "In expressing this wish, we are not unaware of the obstacles that may oppose its realisation, but we feel that the accomplishment of so great a task would not only serve the most essential interests on both sides of the channel, but would equally promote the general cause of peace and civilisation throughout the world." In the course of his reply the French Ambassador said his desire was identical with that of the memorialists, and he is doing his best in the matter. "But the work of delimitation in these distant countries is sometimes very difficult, and often enough we find that the high-sounding names which give rise to so much contention represent realities of every small value, or even no reality at all. What was thought to be on the right is discovered to be on the left, and vice versa, and the elements of the problem are altogether confounded. It would be better not to commence by disputing. Let us leave to time, to the wisdom of Government, and the persevering efforts of our pioneers, the task of putting matters right. Trade, more particularly, will know the value of each route, each new position, and all the conquests of all our explorers will be barren unless the initiative of our traders and manufacturers takes proper advantage of them. That is a truth which I am sure you appreciate, since you have before you every day its practical application. It is proved by your own example." A new diplomatic difficulty seemed to be impending with France in Siam, and was the subject of important statements in the House. The following statements on the subject were published at Paris, March 22. A French post has been established on the right bank of the Mé-kong at Keng Kong, a Laos village 120 miles above Luang Prabang. The Franco-English Technical Commission is now at work in the principality of Kengkong, which lies between Keng Kong and Keng Hung. "By means of this post," says the *Times*, "we extend our possession of the left bank of the Mé-kong to the regions in which, by the arrangement of November 25, 1893, the much talked of neutral zone is to be created." With regard to the above, Mr. Holt S. Hallett wrote to the *Times*:—"I would point out that Keng Kong, the village where the French are reported to have established a post, lies in the Siamese Siam state of Nan, on the right, or Siamese, side of the Mé-kong, about fifteen miles due east from Keng Sen (Kiang Hsen), and within twenty miles of the British frontier. The occupation of this post by France is a direct infringement of the Franco-Siamese Treaty and of the protocols and agreements between Great Britain and France, signed at Paris, July 31 and November 25, 1893, concerning the buffer State. Incidentally this discussion about Keng Kong brings out an unpleasant uncertainty as to the value of the agreements by which it was supposed that our diplomatists had settled frontier difficulties in Siam. The French secured the right to have residences on the Siamese side of the river, which was understood in this country to mean that they could appoint Consuls or officials of some kind in Siamese towns to look after their commercial interests. Yet the language now held, not, indeed, by the French Government, but by influential French journals, seems to claim that, where a French Resident may be appointed, a French military post may also be established. At least, it is difficult to assign any other meaning to the contention that the post now said to be on the left bank, as or near Keng Kong might have been on the right bank without directly violating the Franco-Siamese treaty. If that contention be seriously put forth, the whole agreement about making the Mé-kong the boundary becomes so much waste paper. Another triumph of our diplomacy was supposed to be the construction of a buffer State on the Upper Mé-kong which should avert all chance of disagreement between this country and France in these regions. Some did not quite see at the time how a buffer State was to be made, since it requires the presence of some neutral Power

strong enough to maintain order and command respect from its neighbours on each side. The buffer State, however, was apparently taken quite seriously by the Foreign Office, and was honourably mentioned in despatches passing between Downing Street and the Paris Embassy. In these interesting circumstances it was not for patriotic critics to run any risk of blighting diplomatic promise, so the public were content to hope that the Foreign Office saw deeper than they did into the nature of things. Now they are told that the buffer State was never anything but a verbal misunderstanding, and that nothing was or could be in question beyond the delimitation of a *zone neutre*. Well, all know what that means. It is what nature abhors in politics as in physics—a vacuum. It is a no-man's-land for the Government of which neither party is responsible, and for the non-government of which each blames the other. Yet it was gravely affirmed in Paris that some such breeding ground of quarrels is all that our Foreign Office has been able to provide by way of assuring peace and concord.

A satisfactory settlement of the Pamir question has been at last arrived at by agreement between England and Russia. The announcement made by Sir Edward Grey, in reply to Mr. Carson's question, had been awaited for a long time past. Months have gone by since the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs first ventured to state that the Governments of the two countries were about to sign an agreement which would terminate the protracted and wearisome dispute. Even before the death of Czar Alexander III., the public were encouraged to believe that nothing but mere formalities remained. As a matter of fact, there has been a certain amount of misunderstanding and difference of opinion in regard to points of vital importance since then, but wise counsels, and the sincere wish of the present ruler of Russia to get the question settled, have sufficed to overcome the obstacles raised by the Militant Party at St. Petersburg. The final documents embodying the Pamir Agreement have at last been signed, and will be laid on the table of the House of Commons at an early date. The main outlines of this international compact will be found to repeat, but in plainer terms, the loosely worded bargain vaguely accepted in 1873. That particular branch of the Oxus which issues from a lake known as Sari-kul, Wood's Lake, Zor-kul, or Lake Victoria, is recognised as the northern boundary of Afghanistan, and (what is even more important) as the southern boundary of the Russian sphere. Geographers no longer regard Wood's Lake, or any stream running into it, as the source of the Oxus, but this is not the point. The question was whether any sufficient reason existed for receding from the obvious intention of the Granville-Gortschakoff Agreement, and in the end the contracting Powers have decided to accept that so-called Treaty as the basis of the more definite compact. The result is that those portions of Shighnan and Roshan, which lie on the right bank of "Wood's Oxus," are no longer counted as Afghan territory. Years ago Lord Salisbury had occasion to intimate that the abandonment of Afghan claims to a particular district did not, of necessity, give Russia a right to annex the same; but as regards the valleys of the Ghund and Shakh Dara, no such reservations are made now. The Russians may occupy the country to-morrow, or, if they prefer it, they may depute some Usbeg or Kirghiz Chief to govern in their name. But this is not the only feature of the new agreement. While it gives something to Russia, it also takes something away. There are certain districts of the petty State of Darwaz which lie on the left bank of the Oxus below Kila Wamer, the capital of Roshan. Darwaz is virtually a province of Bokhara; and these six Oxus portions of Darwaz are to be transferred from Bokhara to Afghanistan. From one point of view, it is not an particularly good arrangement. The Amoor will get some villages which are scarcely worth having, and instead of a frontier running along a range of difficult hills, he will have a river to defend. On the other hand, there is this to be said: that the Afghans attach considerable importance to anything that seems to affect their prestige as rulers. The fact that a large number of villages in Darwaz will be ceded to them, goes far to compensate for the loss of the villages in Shighnan and Roshan. It is also to be expected that the agreement—or, rather, the documents

which embody it—have been framed in terms which will no longer permit the Chauvinists of the Russian Press to argue, as they have during the past twenty years, that the only limit to Russian advance in Central Asia is the ethnographical border which coincides more or less exactly with the line of the Hindoo Koosh. Henceforth, the river which flows out of Lake Victoria is the recognised limit of the Russian advance. The petty chiefship of Wakhan, which lies to the south of Wood's Oxus, remains in the hands of the Afghans, a narrow strip of territory being thus interposed between the Russian sphere of influence and the chief passes leading into Chitral. Eastward of Lake Victoria, the frontier line will be drawn towards Ak-tash, right up to the Chinese frontier. Here, again, a strip of territory will be interposed between the Russian and English spheres. Thus, as far as it can be achieved by paper agreements, Russia is absolutely excluded from all territory under British control; that is, her dominions under the new agreement will be separated from the entrance to the passes over the Hindoo Koosh leading into Hunza-Nagar on the east and into Chitral on the west. How far Chinese interests will be affected is, for the present, doubtful. It can hardly be thought that China, crippled and disheartened by a disastrous war, will care very much what happens on the Pamirs. Possibly the time is coming when England, too, can afford to be indifferent, for since these distant tracts first became a source of dispute between European nations, the position has greatly altered. The outposts of the Indian empire are at Gilgit, and we have a firm hold on Hunza-Nagar. For the moment, indeed, our authority in Chitral is challenged by the rebel Chief, Sher Afzal, and by the invader, Umra Khan; but we need not fear that the present disturbances will be long continued. The ultimate result must be the strengthening of the British position south of the Hindoo Koosh, and the opening up of better communications between Chitral and the Panjab frontier by a road through Dir and Bajaur. When that is accomplished, the empire in this direction will be practically secure from external aggression.

The wave of anti-Semitism, which rolled over Germany last year, spread with renewed force through Austria, whose political peace it now seriously menaces. It must have attained immense strength when the Emperor deemed himself called upon to dissolve the Vienna Municipal Council because a rabid anti-Semite had been twice elected by that Council as Burgomaster of the capital. At the elections to the Council last September the anti-Semite candidates polled thirty thousand votes as against seven thousand only polled by the Liberals; and they thus practically made a clean sweep of the forty-nine seats at the disposal of the third section of the electors. In 1891 the anti-Semitic vote was only about twenty thousand and the Liberals held twelve seats, so the movement was evidently a thoroughly organised one. In a sense the Government may be said to have themselves brought about this increased anti-Semitic activity, for it undoubtedly dates from the dissolution of the Council by Count Badeni and the appointment of an Imperial Commissioner till such time as the Council could be reconstituted. Count Badeni announced at the same time that if the anti-Semites gained a majority in the new Council he would again dissolve and reappoint the Imperial Commissioner for an indefinite period. The polling for the third electoral section was not sufficient to give the anti-Semites a majority in the whole Council, but the polling for the second section resulted in a gain of eight seats, thus giving them a clear majority. They were again successful in the first electoral section, and the final result of the elections was to give the party a clear two-thirds majority, and Dr. Lueger, who had distinguished himself by the violent nature of his attacks on the Jews and thus assumed, or was allowed to assume, the rôle of head-on-burn leader of the Clerical Party, was elected Burgomaster. Count Badeni found himself in an exceedingly uncomfortable position. Dissolving the Council for a second time in face of so large an anti-Semitic majority, would expose him to the charge at the hands of the anti-Semites and their clerical and feudal allies, of seeking to foster a Jewish Liberal régime. On the other hand to accept the situation would be to involve the State in a formal recognition of the anti-Semitic movement, a course

to which Franz Josef was and is determinedly opposed. The Emperor strove to cut this Gordian knot by the simple but not very well-advised expedient of cancelling Dr. Lueger's election as Burgomaster. The obvious, and indeed only, reply to this move was Lueger's triumphant re-election. Thereupon the Council was once more dissolved, and the Administration of the city reverted to the Imperial Commissioner. It was said that great excitement prevailed in the city, a circumstance which is not surprising in view of the fact that a régime of Clerical reaction is to all appearance threatened; for Dr. Lueger's declaration of policy with regard to the Jews in Hungary left no doubt that the victory in the Council was brought about by an alliance between the Clerical Party and the anti-Semites. The number of Jews in Austro-Hungary is given in the *Archives Judaïques* as less than a million and three-quarters, but this is probably a good deal under the mark; for while the Jewish influence in Austria is very strong, in Hungary it is practically supreme. The anti-Semitic movement has made extraordinary progress in Germany and Austria during the past few years, and it seems by no means unlikely that the union of anti-Semites and Clericals will in time bring about the complete overthrow of the Liberal régime in Austria.

General.

The severe shock of earthquake felt at Florence is said to have had its centre on the south bank of the Arno, about four miles distance from the city. A terrible amount of damage was done, the districts of Grassano and Lappoggi having especially suffered. The churches and peasants' houses were for the most part in ruins and the inhabitants camping out by the roadside in a state of panic and desolation. A great number of people were badly wounded by the falling masonry, but the actual loss of life was extremely small. Most of the inhabitants had just time to escape from their dwellings before the crash came, with the exception of a poor "contadina" at San Martino, near Grassano, and two others at Lappoggi, who happened to be in rooms upstairs. In both cases the whole flooring gave way, carrying down with it the women, who must have been killed on the spot. Their bodies could only be recovered after many hours' hard labour, so deeply were they buried beneath the ruins. The walls of the beautiful old Villa Dupré at Lappoggi, once a favourite resort of the Medici, are so shattered as to render the building quite uninhabitable, and the neighbouring historical Villa Sant' Andrea, said to have once belonged to Machiavelli, is in a ruinous condition. Many other well-known villas were severely damaged, not only on the south, but also on the north side of the Arno, and the shock was strongly felt at Fiesole, where the cathedral received some injury. Hardly a house in Florence escaped entirely uninjured; over three thousand are more or less severely damaged, while a good number are in an absolutely dangerous condition, with ceilings giving way and great rents in the walls. The art treasures of Florence have fortunately scarcely suffered at all. There is a large crack in the cupola of the Duomo which has given some anxiety, but otherwise the public buildings were intact.

The energy and public spirit displayed by the Spanish Parliament in its dealings with the insurrectionary movement in Cuba had a sensible effect on the Autonomist and Secessionist parties in that distracted island. The immense monetary resources placed at the disposal of the Government by the Cortes, the organisation of an army of fifty thousand men for immediate transport to Cuba, and the determination of the United States Government to put down the organisation of filibustering expeditions in Florida with a strong hand, must have impressed even the most impracticable revolutionists with the hopelessness of their cause. Indeed, representations had been made by influential Autonomists to the rebel leader with a view to the termination of the insurrection. There can be no question that if the movement was persisted in it could only have resulted in the useless effusion of blood and the further devastation of an island which

nature intended to smile with industry and prosperity. The formidable nature of the rebellion, and the sacrifices it has imposed on the mother country, cannot, however, fail to exercise a beneficial effect on the political future of Cuba. One or two more such risings would not only lose the island to Spain, but would inflict the most serious injury on the resources and credit of that country. The appreciation of this fact by level-headed and patriotic statesmen—and the Government of the Queen Regent is not wanting in sensible men—must lead in the near future to some wide-reaching scheme of reform. Great Britain discovered a long time ago that the management of remote dependencies, inhabited by white men, on the principle of Crown colonies, was a mistake. Had Spain made the same discovery years ago she might still have been a great colonial power, and it depends now upon how far she is disposed to apply this lesson to Cuba, whether that remnant of her American Empire shall or shall not continue to acknowledge her suzerainty.

The remonstrances addressed to Bulgaria by the Powers with regard to the attitude of the Principality towards the Macedonian agitation led to no good result. In its reply the Bulgarian Government made no secret of its sympathies, and of the "moral" countenance it has afforded the agitators. Its view is that, minus the barbarities, the situation in Macedonia is exactly on all fours with that of Armenia, and it argued that if the Powers were going to insist on the carrying out of the provisions of the Treaty of Berlin in the one case, it should do the same in the other. The reasoning would be faultless were it not for the reservation regarding the barbarities in Armenia. It is precisely this circumstance which differentiates the two cases, and the Powers are perfectly within their right in indicating the conditions which distinguish intolerable evasions of the Berlin Treaty from those which may be safely and wisely ignored in the interests of European peace. The peril of the situation seems, however, to have been removed from the sphere of diplomacy to the far more delicate terrain of popular agitation. The most recent news from Sofia pictured the Bulgarian Government as powerless before a phib-Macedonian organisation which has engaged the active sympathies of the army. Officers by the score were resigning their commissions in order to be able to cross the frontier and assist the insurgents. The situation bore a close resemblance to that which preceded the war of 1878; Bulgaria now playing the part towards Macedonia which was then enacted by Russia towards herself. There can be no doubt that the utmost vigilance will be required at the hands of the Powers to prevent an explosion which would inevitably re-open the whole Eastern question.

International courtesies, like the politenesses of private life, are frequently vain and empty things; but this can scarcely be said of the exchange of greetings which took place at Portsmouth between the Italian fleet under the Duke of Genoa and the British naval authorities. The sympathy which unites England and Italy is of long standing and of almost passionate origin. It is the one thing which has survived the wreck of interest in foreign affairs in the Radical breast. To statesmen of all parties, too, it is one of the pivots of our present policy in the Mediterranean, and a factor of the first importance in the difficult problems with which we are dealing in Egypt and East Africa. Since the breakdown of the attempted rapprochement between this country and Russia, and the definitive conclusion of a treaty of alliance between the Czar and the French Republic, a good understanding between England and Italy has become a prime necessity of our foreign relations. Its inevitableness was recognised two years ago by the counter-demonstration to the Toulon fêtes organised at Spezzia and Luni. Its reaffirmation at this moment is well-timed in view of the reprehensibility of French intrigues at Cairo and the light shed on the extraordinary activity of the Franco-Russian alliance in East Africa by the visit of a despatch from the Negus of Abyssinia to St. Petersburg. The strength of the ties which unite Englishmen and Italians is, however, dependent on something less artificial than the mere community of political interests. A robust love of liberty and a daring devotion to the sea are common to both nations, and are the raw materials of a kinship which cannot be easily destroyed or ignored.

The heartiest of welcomes has greeted the Duke and Duchess of Aosta in their home-coming to Italy. Rome gave them a splendid reception, where the popular enthusiasm was as marked as the warmth shown by the King and Royal Family in receiving the bride in her new home. Crowds pressed behind the troops lining the way to the Quirinal, and people cheered lustily from the windows of the beflagged houses as the young couple drove along in a State carriage drawn by six bay horses with nodding white plumes. Waiving etiquette, King Humbert was at the foot of the staircase to welcome the Duke and Duchess, and after affectionate greetings from the Queen, the whole party came out on the palace balcony to bow to the throngs packed densely in the piazza below. Official entertainments followed the next few days—State banquets, a garden party at the Quirinal, the presentation of the Diplomatic Body to the young Duchess, and the formal ceremony of inscribing the marriage contract in the Senate registers. Soon after the newly wedded pair went to Turin for a fresh edition of festivities and the presentation of numerous wedding gifts. King Humbert and Queen Margherita are charmed with their new niece, who on her side is equally delighted with her reception.

After a long respite from Anarchist sensations, the attempted outrage on Baron Alphonse de Rothschild gave a significant hint that the bomb-throwers have only been lying low for the time. Of course this outrage may be due to private vengeance, but it looks far more like Anarchist mischief. So the police thought, for the arrangement of the little infernal machine was too ingenious to be the work of a novice in such matters. Moreover, Anarchists look upon capitalists as their natural enemies; and who so likely an offender in this respect as the wealthy Jewish Baron, head of his great firm in France? However, the Baron escaped and his confidential secretary suffered. Baron Alphonse being away at Trouville, all letters delivered at his private house were sent to the bank in the Rue Laffitte to be examined by the secretaries. One special letter in a big envelope was very heavy, so M. Jodkowitz, the Baron's chief confidential clerk, thought it contained tickets, and opened the epistle instead of forwarding it. Slitting the envelope with a penknife, he met with some resistance, and on pulling hard at the contents, an explosion followed, flinging the unfortunate man to the ground. Help was at hand, the police were summoned, and M. Jodkowitz was found burnt and bleeding, his right eye injured together with three fingers, and his clothes in shreds. Some explosive substance had been enclosed in two cards within the envelope, and so neatly fitted that the necessary pressure in opening caused the explosion. Experts believed that it was fulminate of mercury. The news of the disaster spread directly in very exaggerated form, and the Boulevards were in a great state of excitement, people believing that the Rothschild Bank had been blown up. Meanwhile, poor M. Jodkowitz was very ill, and at first the doctors feared he would lose the sight of his right eye. Baron Alphonse came home in a hurry to see his injured secretary, who had been in his service since soon after the war. M. Jodkowitz is a Jew of Alsatian nationality, and "opted" for France on the cession of the provinces. The police were busy following up various clues to the author of the outrage. As the letter and its contents were blown into fragments, it was no easy matter to decipher the handwriting on the various morsels, which are being compared with the threatening letters which Baron Rothschild receives in shoals daily.

The Shahzade's prolonged stay in England was the great London puzzle of the moment. The time was long over-past when his visit should have reached its natural conclusion. The specified period for which Dorchester House had been rented for him had long elapsed. His Highness took formal leave of the Queen and of the Prince of Wales weeks ago, and a strong hint was publicly given him that his visit was over by conferring upon Sir A. C. Talbot and Sir T. A. Martin their honours in connection with his farewell. And the *Chie* was lying at Southampton with her stores on board and her crew kicking their heels, waiting to convey him back to Bombay. It was semi-officially stated that the delay was due to the unwillingness of the Amir to let his son risk the September passage through the Red Sea. This, of course, was ridiculous. That anybody native to the "burnin' sun o'

Afghanistan" should be in danger from three or four days of heat needed in contradiction. What was the real reason? A rumour from two very well-informed sources was to the effect that the Shahzada was forbidden by the Ameer to return until a certain diplomatic mission with which he was charged was satisfactorily settled. And this mission was nothing less than a request that the Ameer should in future be represented in London by a diplomatic officer in direct relationship, on his Highness's behalf, with the British Government. The Ameer, this rumour alleged, desired that in future, as an independent—though undoubtedly a subsidised—sovereign, he shall deal directly with the Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, and not with the Viceroy of India. Supposing this rumour to have been true, it was obvious that the desire of the Ameer could not possibly be realised, and that the Shahzada's stay, however prolonged, must end in disappointment. In the meantime the Shahzada shut himself up in Dorchester House, saw nobody, moved about mysteriously; and there was even a statement in circulation—that in consequence of some absurd fear that he was liable to an attack, a large quantity of arms and ammunition was being delivered at Dorchester House, when it was discovered by the authorities and promptly stopped. With reference to the above, *Reuter's Agency* issued the following statement:—On the occasion of his reception by the Queen at Windsor the Shahzada communicated to her Majesty a request from the Ameer that the Government of Afghanistan should be officially represented by a diplomatist in London. To this request an unfavourable reply was received by Nasrullah Khan about a week ago. From the fact that the Shahzada is still in London, it may, however, be inferred that the matter is not closed, and that in all probability further discussion will take place. With regard to certain statements made about the Shahzada's visit, *Reuter's Agency* is able to state that it is a fact that the Ameer requested his son not to cross the Arabian Sea until the second week in September, owing to the monsoon. Further, that Dorchester House having been taken until August 31, the statement during the period for which it was leased had long lapsed is unfounded. With regard to the statement that, owing to fear of an attack, the Shahzada had collected a large quantity of arms and ammunition at Dorchester House, and that this had been stopped by the authorities, the fact is simply that Nasrullah Khan had purchased a quantity of sporting rifles with ammunition, which from time to time were duly delivered in Park Lane. It being, however, pointed out by the authorities that so large a quantity of explosives could not be kept in a private house without infringing the Explosives Act unless a license were taken out, Nasrullah Khan was apprised of the fact, and the bulk of the arms and ammunition was at once despatched to Southampton to go on board the *Clive*.

The manufacturing town of Brux, in North-West Bohemia, was visited on Friday evening, July 19, by an alarming catastrophe. An influx of quicksand and water took place in the Anna Shaft, belonging to one of the biggest coal mines in the Brux district, and caused a large extent of ground in the town to sink, threatening everything on it with destruction. A number of houses have been engulfed, and many more have been greatly damaged. Even in the best quarter of the town the houses have been so much shaken that 120 have had to be vacated. A similar disaster took place last year at Schneidemühl, in Germany, by which that place was almost destroyed. The losses are estimated at 2,000,000 fl. There has, fortunately, been no loss of life so far reported. The sufferings of the inhabitants are increased by the fact that neither the gas nor waterworks can act, since the main pipes have burst.

July 19 being the twenty-fifth anniversary of the formal declaration of war by France in 1870, the German Emperor caused wreaths to be laid on the tombs of the Emperor William I. and the Emperor Frederick. In accordance with the decree issued by the Emperor on his last birthday, the standards of the regiments belonging to the Berlin garrison were solemnly decorated with oak leaves in memory of the victorious days of the Franco-German war. Festivities in celebration of the day were also held in the great hall of the

University. Professor von Treitschke, the well-known historian, delivered a stirring speech, which was received with much enthusiasm. Among those present were Dr. von Boetticher, the Secretary of State for the Home Office, and Dr. Bosse, the Minister of Public Education.

King Humbert signed on May 8 a decree dissolving the Chamber of Deputies. The general elections were fixed for May 26, and the second ballots for June 2. The new Parliament met on June 10. The Papal Nuncios received orders to make known to the Governments to which they are accredited that any messages of congratulation, or any participation in the fêtes in celebration of the twenty-fifth anniversary of the entry of the Italians into Rome, will be considered as injurious and insulting to the Pontiff and the Holy See. The Rome correspondent of the *Standard*, in a telegram dated May 2, says:—I have been able to obtain some highly interesting particulars of a document which the Pope has caused to be communicated to the Cardinals, Heads of Orders, the Chamberlain, and the Cardinal Secretary of State, and which takes the form of a political testament. The conditions of the Holy See at the time of Pope Leo's election to the Pontificate are glanced at. The election took place without opposition, but served to display and bring into relief the apathy of the Powers towards the Holy See. It was then that the necessity was seen for the Papacy taking a position which would prevent its being absorbed by the new order of things instituted at Rome. This was also required in the interests of the Church. Continuous efforts were therefore made to associate the other Governments with the Papacy, making to them such concession as the times required. And if appearances have not always been favourable to this line of conduct, it has been, little by little, justified by facts. The principal results obtained by this patient and prudent struggle against difficulties are enumerated, and it is pointed out that any other line of conduct would have resulted in the lowering of the Papacy, which would have become subject to one or another of the Powers, instead of remaining in a superior position. If the great object aimed at—the re-establishment of the Temporal Power—has not been attained, the Papacy, by force of circumstances, has arrived at a situation which would enable it, at the opportune moment, to dictate its conditions, and the same calm and prudent line of action will lead surely to that end, if it is followed without alteration. A warm appeal is made to the Cardinals in any future Conclave to keep this ideal before them, and to continue the policy hitherto pursued. The Cardinals are also begged to hasten the election of the next Pope as much as possible, and to give no time for outside intrigues or the jealousy of foreign Powers to influence in any way the free votes of the Cardinals, or place difficulties in the way of the newly elected. The whole drift of the document, which is long and important, is to secure a successor who will continue the policy of the present Pontiff, and to efface at the moment of the Conclave the divergences which at present exist.

The new reforms to which the Sultan has at length given his sanction were embodied in an official communication to the Turkish papers. The preamble preface the announcement refers to the Hatt of Gulhaneh, which opened employment in the public service to all Ottoman subjects, and recites how the Sultan Abdul Hamid, following the noble example of his illustrious predecessors, has never ceased ordaining measures to promote the progress, well-being, and tranquillity of all his subjects. Among these measures it refers to the extensive reforms introduced in the organisation of the gendarmerie and police, the founding of schools, and the construction of railways, quays, and ports. In the same manner the Imperial Government, having formed the project of introducing some necessary reforms into the provinces of the Empire, has decided for the moment to apply these reforms to some vilayets in Asia, where their application will be in conformity with the spirit of the Imperial Hatt of Gulhaneh and the Firman of 1272. The changes to be introduced comprise reforms in the administration of the nabies (communal districts), the inspection of prisons by six judicial inspectors, the formation of a mixed body of police and gendarmerie in each vilayet in proportion to the number of the population, and the appointment of a sufficient number of

rural policemen. They also include the following provisions:—1. The inhabitants and the local landed proprietors will be protected by gendarmes and troops when they visit their pasture lands in the mountains; the inhabitants will thus be able to conform to the laws regarding the carriage of weapons. 2. The nomadic tribes will be settled on lands granted by the Government. 3. Special regulations will be drawn up by the Minister of War for the regiments of Hamidian Cavalry. 4. A committee of four members, under the presidency of the director of the cadastral survey office, will be formed in each vilayet and sanjak in order to examine and verify all titles to property. 5. Four officials will be sent each year from Constantinople to inquire into any abuses on the part of the new administration. 6. The collection of taxes is to be entrusted to the Mukhtars and to tax-gatherers elected by the inhabitants. 7. The sale of tithes will take place separately in each village. 8. The corvée system will continue abolished. 9. The sale of land or cattle necessary for the subsistence of persons imprisoned for public or private debts is forbidden. The Grand Vizier forwarded the scheme of reforms to the Ottoman High Commissioner for Armenia, with instructions to watch over the execution of its provisions. The Ambassadors addressed a Note to the Porte, taking cognizance of the clause which deals with the appointment of Governors, and reserving to themselves the right to protest against any nomination of an incompetent official. The British fleet resumed its tour; the British Ambassador went home on leave; and the Armenian incident may be regarded as closed. But everybody, in truth, recognised that it was a poor patch-work that has been achieved, and that Lord Salisbury was unable to carry his allies further. Nothing was really settled; the Christians and Mussulmen throughout Turkey were more than ever at odds; and while conspiracies of fanatics and reformers threatened the dynasty at home, on the frontier there was brewing serious trouble for Abdul Hamid. All those of the young Turkish Party who were arrested at the School of Medicine were, after "trial," taken in a man-of-war's boat out into the swiftest current and dropped overboard. Many notable Liberals mysteriously disappeared.

The little war in British East Africa has reflected much credit on the British officers concerned in it. The Arabs were driven back to Mwele in the south-east corner of the Protectorate. On August 12 Admiral Rawson marched from Mombasa with a force of about 600 men, four Maxim guns, a rocket tube, and a 7-pounder gun. Just before reaching Mwele a sharp little action was fought, our men being attacked by a force thrown out from Mwele, under the command of Ayoub, Mbaraka's son. The staff had a very narrow escape, General Sir Lloyd Matthews being wounded by the enemy, who got within thirty yards' distance of them. However, a Maxim was hurried up and the enemy were beaten back. On the 7th Mwele was captured. Admiral Rawson divided his force. The division commanded by himself attacked the main fort stockade, while Captain Egerton with some bluejackets and Boudanese attacked in the flank. At the same moment Captain McGill assailed the eastern stockade. The Arabs were completely beaten and lost their standards and most of their ammunition.

The London and North-Western Railway Company on September 7 performed the unprecedented feat of running a train nearly 300 miles without a stop. The express prepared for this remarkable journey consisted of seven forty-two feet vehicles, weighing about 112 tons, and was drawn by the Ionic, one of the smaller compounds built on Webb's system, and driven by Robinson. The train left Euston at 8-15 in the morning, and, travelling at an average speed of rather over fifty miles an hour, reached Carlisle at 3-38, or seven minutes before the scheduled time. There was no stoppage on the whole journey of 299 miles, and on arrival at Carlisle everything about the engine was so cool that a person, it is stated, could place his hand on any of the bearings. There was still a large store of coal on the tender. Crewe was passed at 11-32, and Leam was reached at 1-58, exactly up to time. Between that point and Carlisle seven minutes were gained, probably in the run down from the Slap summit. The previous long-distance record was 158 miles,

between London and Crewe. The only passengers were officials, including Mr. Whale and Mr. Earle, assistant superintendents from the Crewe works, who expressed themselves as well satisfied with the success of the experiment. A *Reuter* telegram dated September 11, says:—A special train on the New York Central Railroad left New York at 5 hours, 40 min., 30 sec., yesterday morning. It arrived at East Buffalo at 12 hours, 34 min., 57 sec., having thus covered 436½ miles in 6 hours, 54 min., 27 sec., or 414 min., 27 sec. The actual time of running, exclusive of stoppages to change engines, was 6 hours, 47 min., and the average speed maintained was 64½ miles an hour. The previous English record was 63½ miles an hour. The weight of the New York Central train was 175 tons, while that of the English train was 106 tons. During almost the entire journey the American train ran in the teeth of a heavy wind.

According to a telegram from Tientsin, the French Minister has concluded a convention with China "sanctioning the unlimited extension of the Tonquin railways into Chinese territory." The following are the details of the convention. He says:—The French Government is evidently actuated by a desire to prove that in joining Russia and Germany in intervention in the Far East it did not intend that the demonstration should be purely platonic. The promptitude with which France has come to the settlement with China regarding her frontiers in Tonquin and Annam plainly proves that pressure has been exercised on China at least by two, and very probably by all three, of the intervening Powers. They have thus overcome the calculated and protracted resistance with which for so long a time China has been deluding France, postponing or obstinately refusing to make any conclusive arrangement. In consequence of this common pressure it is announced to-day that M. Gerard, the French representative in Peking, has signed a convention, completing the northern boundary of the French possessions in Indo-China, and definitely settling all the economic and commercial questions that have arisen between France and China. The delimitation of the northern and western boundaries of Tonquin was begun in 1887, but only the portion between Mong-kai and Laokai had been definitely fixed. The new treaty relates to the boundary line between Laokai and the river Mè-kong. The important point is that French and Chinese territory will be contiguous from the Mè-kong to Laokai. There seems to be no longer any doubt as to the right of France to a vague strip of territory hitherto supposed to form part of the Shan States, and considered in whole or in part as destined to be included in the buffer State of which there has all along been so much talk between France and England. By her treaty with Siam, France became virtual possessor of all the territory running vaguely northward to Yunnan and bounded on the west by the Mè-kong. By the present treaty she has succeeded in simplifying the whole problem created by the buffer State controversy, and would appear to have rendered further discussion of it either immediately imperative or utterly futile. But the new treaty is not merely one of delimitation. It contains important stipulations regarding the transit of merchandise and the construction of railways and telegraph lines. In a word, it is a direct and practical advance towards the solution of that problem of French access to China by way of Tonquin and Yunnan, which has long been the chief concern of the more enlightened of the French colonial party whenever for a moment they forgot the Egyptian question. The importance to England of this new success of M. Hanotaux there is no need to demonstrate. It may now be expected that Germany in turn will gain some advantage or reward for the services rendered by her, in common with Russia and France, to China. It is an edifying spectacle to see what considerable benefits Europe has derived from the Japanese victories. As these victories are ascribed to the lessons taught for twenty years by Europe to Japan, it is only fair to say that in thus sacrificing her blood and money in this war the latter is generously repaying her teachers.

The convention between Great Britain and the Netherlands, defining the boundaries between the British and Netherland possessions in the Island of New Guinea, has just been issued as a parliamentary paper. It is agreed by this convention that the boundary between the British and Netherland

possessions in New Guinea starts from the southern coast of the said island at the middle of the mouth of the Bensbach River, situated at about 141° 1' 47" of east longitude (meridian of Greenwich). The boundary proceeds to the north, following the meridian which passes through the said mouth up to the point where that meridian meets the Fly River. From that point the waterway ("thalweg") of the Fly River forms the boundary up to the 141st degree of east longitude. The 141st degree of east longitude after this forms the boundary up to the point of intersection of the boundaries of the British, Netherlands, and German possessions. Navigation on the Fly River is free for the subjects of both contracting Powers, excepting as regards the carriage of warlike stores, and no duty shall be imposed on other goods conveyed by that river.

The battle of Takka-Unga, fought on July 8, is noteworthy, not only as affording a proof of what can be done with Zanzibar troops under competent European leadership, but as having been, so far, the most prominent event in the Arab war, which seems to constitute the main asset in the *quid pro quo* receivable by the British taxpayer in exchange for the £250,000 hard cash handed over to the defunct Imperial British East Africa Company in extinguishment—none too soon—of its dormant and shadowy rights. Every other attempt to bring the enemy fairly to bay at moderately close quarters has proved at least partially unsuccessful, owing to his phenomenal agility in retreat. But at Takka-Unga he had the choosing of his own ground, his own time, and circumstances so generally favourable that nothing but the genuine British pluck of the only two Europeans on the spot, Captain Raikes (in military command) and Mr. S. Macdougall (District Collector), deprived him, after three hours' hard struggle, of a signal victory, and saved the Imperial forces from a most disastrous defeat. The large town of Takka-Unga, garrisoned by 150 men, mostly Zanzibar regulars, under Captain Raikes, 62nd Regiment, was surreptitiously entered during the night of the 8th July by some 500 of Mbaraka's Arab slave-raiding followers, who, slipping in from the country in twos and threes, with arms carefully concealed, contrived to escape observation, and to hide in the houses of the many disaffected inhabitants, even occupying a large mosque scarcely 100 yards distant from the main guard and in the same street. At 4 a.m. they suddenly rose upon the garrison, whom they took completely by surprise. Rallied by the two gallant Englishmen, however, the Zanzibaris made a far better stand than could have been anticipated against such greatly preponderating forces, already in full possession of three-fourths of the town. After three anxious hours of hard fighting, in which no less than 20,000 rounds of ammunition were expended on our side, by 7 a.m. the principal mosque was recaptured, and the enemy, now in full retreat, were pursued for five miles into the surrounding bush. Early in the morning Captain Raikes received a call through the thigh while defending the main guard, located in a street leading to the indefensible old fort which it covered. Notwithstanding the pain of the wound Captain Raikes refused to relinquish the command, and even led his Zanzibaris in the gallant bayonet charge which drove the enemy out of the principal mosque, their strongest position. Mr. Macdougall, a civilian, was successful in defending the Government House, attacked on three sides at once in the earliest gloaming; though an orchard with reed fencing not thirty yards from the verandah, helped to screen the enemy's riflemen. Eventually Mr. Macdougall led a sortie, which cleared the assassins from the immediate surroundings of Government House, and drove them back in confusion upon the large mosque, soon afterwards captured by Captain Raikes. Our loss was twenty killed and wounded, including two officers killed. The enemy's loss is believed to have been about fifty.

The Sultan of Johore died at a quarter past eight o'clock on Tuesday night, June 4, at Bailey's Hotel, South Kensington. For some years past the Sultan, who was sixty years of age, had been in very poor health, and when he left Johore on April 17 he was really not fit to travel. The party landed at Brindisi from Singapore on May 10, and proceeded to Rome, where there was a sojourn of ten days. From Rome the Sultan went to Turin, where he

stopped a couple of days, and then proceeded to Aix-les-Bains, Macon, and Paris, remaining two days in each place. He did not bear the fatigues of travelling at all well, and both at Macon and Paris was exceedingly ill. London was reached on May 29, and the Sultan at once proceeded to Bailey's Hotel, where he was seen by Dr. Douglas Powell, one of the physicians to the Queen, who continued in attendance. The Prince never left his bedroom after arriving in England, although he was occasionally able to get up for an hour or two. Sir John McNeill and Sir Fleetwood Edwards made inquiries from day to day on behalf of the Queen, and she was kept informed by telegram of the condition of the distinguished patient. Both the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg called at the hotel, and saw Captain F. De Vere Creighton, aide-de-camp to the Sultan. His Highness was too ill to see any sympathisers, though he was very much touched by the kindly and affectionate solicitude displayed by many illustrious people in the country. The Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha paid two visits within a few days. Of the members of the English royal family, the Duke was the Sultan's oldest friend, he having been the first British Prince to go out to India and make the Sultan's acquaintance. Notwithstanding the most skilful medical aid, the Sultan rapidly became worse, and twenty-four hours before his death it was apparent that the end could not be far off. He passed away quietly in the presence of his suite, which comprised the Dato Abdul Rahman, the Minister in Attendance; Dr. G. Galloway, Physician in Ordinary; Inchi H. M. Kassim, Private Secretary; and Captain Creighton. The following telegram was received by Dr. Leitner, of the Oriental Institute, at Woking, from Dato Abdul Rahman:—"I announce, with profound regret, the death of my Sovereign his Highness Abu Bakar, Sultan of Johore, which occurred peacefully at 8-15 last night. Kindly ask the Imam to offer prayer at the Mosque. The remains will be taken back to Johore for interment." Dato Abdul received telegrams of condolence from the Queen, the Prince of Wales, and the Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha. The intelligence of the death was promptly conveyed to the Colonial Office, and though the Secretary of State for the Colonies was not in town at the time, his representatives at once wrote to the Sultan's Minister a letter of condolence. The Department also telegraphed requesting Sir Charles Mitchell, Governor of the Straits Settlements, to convey to the Johore authorities an expression of the Government's regret at the death of the Sultan.

After an interval of 12 years Amsterdam again enjoyed the luxury of an Exhibition. It was of course, "international," but the claim to the title in the present instance was undoubtedly a strong one. Surely nothing can tend so much to blend nations together and to promote cosmopolitan sympathies as travel, and the full style and title of the Exhibition which was opened on May 11th by M. W. Barod du Tour van Bellinchave, Grand Master of Ceremonies at The Hague, was "Wereld Tentoonstelling van het Hotel en Reiswezen," which being interpreted signifies "The World's Exhibition of Hotel Equipment and Travel." The subject was of general interest, and the plans might have been so carried out as to have been both useful and interesting to all travellers. One of the features proposed by the promoters was a series of Congresses or Conferences on the objects of the Exhibition, and one may venture to hope that the Conferences did not deem it unworthy of attention to consider the best methods of providing for the comfort and convenience of travellers, and the desirability of adopting a moderate tariff. The Exhibition was situated behind the far-famed Ryks Museum, a combination of National Gallery and South Kensington brought under one roof. The buildings erected for the Exhibition were characteristic but unpretentious; the magnificent facade of the Ryks Museum rendering it unnecessary and almost impossible to design a building in close proximity with any satisfactory result. Owing to the very irregular outline of the grounds there was no difficulty in so arranging them as to produce a picturesque and attractive effect. The feature of greatest interest was the representation of Old Holland. In a corner of the grounds near the Museum a group of old-time buildings were arranged, which carried the mind back to the 13th and

14th centuries, although several examples of much later date were included. The central square and narrow approaches provided an admirable background for the historic pageants that formed part of the programme during the summer. It was at first contemplated to arrange the contents in groups of subjects rather than sections according to nations, but that arrangement had apparently fallen through, and the main hall was devoted to the various European countries. The best exhibit was a capital model of one of the Great Eastern new passenger boats, a miniature Atlantic liner in appearance. One novelty in the grounds consisted of a huge Dutch mailship, which served the purpose of a restaurant. Another notable feature of the exhibition was an electric restaurant, where the services of waiters were dispensed with, and the guests were served by electric contrivances. The opening ceremony was attended by a large assemblage of military and civil functionaries, and by members of the Cabinet.

The German Emperor, on June 21, laid the keystone of the North Sea and Baltic Canal amid all the pomp befitting the occasion. At a short distance from the keystone, which lies on the north side of the lock, a dais had been erected for the Emperor, and beside this rose an immense semicircular tribune which, crowded as it was with glittering uniforms and bright dresses, formed a feature of the scene only second in brilliancy to that near the key-stone itself. Prince Hohenzollern, after requesting his Majesty's permission for the ceremony to begin, read aloud the document to be placed within the keystone, which is to form the pedestal of a statue of Emperor William I.—"This work, which bears eloquent testimony to German energy and industry, has risen into being accompanied by the sanguine sympathy of all portions of the empire and vividly protected by heaven, by whose favour the Fatherland has been spared every disturbance of peace during the period of building. It is a cause of great satisfaction to us to see the hopes brought nearer to fulfilment which the empire has placed on the construction of a waterway between the North Sea and the Baltic calculated to serve the purposes both of the navy and the mercantile fleet. But it is, further, particularly pleasurable to be able to open this waterway to traffic, surrounded by our noble allies and in the presence of the representatives of the people and of the deputies of friendly Powers, whose squadrons we heartily welcome in our harbours. As we consider it the noblest traditional duty of our imperial office by the maintenance of peace to guard the acquisitions and secure the future development of German labour in the departments of national prosperity, freedom, and civilization, so are we determined to procure free paths for the work of the Fatherland in the hot fight of competition, and to protect it from the dangers which are inseparable from its profession. But the canal is not only intended to aid the Fatherland, its trade, navigation, and defensive power, inasmuch as we place it at the service of the world's commerce, throwing open ungrudgingly to all seafaring peoples a share in the advantages which its use procures. May it be a work of peace, and may it, through all time, serve only the rivalry of nations for the benefits of peace! At the same time we wish a memorial of the opening of the new channel of intercourse to be erected, and we desire, by this memorial, to redeem a portion of the thanks which the German people owe to the great Emperor who, twenty-five years ago, united the German races in an eternal bond and with wise forethought began the work now completed. May the rich blessing which attended the rule of the Emperor of undying memory rest also upon this work!"

After the Chancellor had finished the reading of the document it was deposited within the keystone, together with a full set of the imperial coins of the newest date and a set minted during the short reign of the Emperor Frederick. The President of the Imperial Diet then handed the Emperor the hammer with which the final act was to be performed. His Majesty gave the stone three vigorous strokes with the hammer, accompanying the action with the words—"In memory of the Great Emperor, I christen this canal Emperor William's Canal—for the welfare of the German Empire—for the prosperity of all nations."

Her Majesty the Queen, on Thursday, May 9, 1895, finally approved the

Sanscrit translation of the Address to her Majesty, on the occasion of her Jubilee by the Daughters of the Empire. This, says the *Times*, marks the practical close of a very remarkable episode in the history of Great Britain. Such a contribution from between 3,000,000 and 4,000,000 of women towards a national testimonial to one of their own sex, their Queen and Empress, has never been recorded in any country in the world before now and probably will never be repeated.

The inscription on the pedestal of the statue of his Royal Highness the Prince Consort in Windsor Great Park is as annexed—

AT HEART
PRINCE CONSORT
born August 26th 1819
died December 14th 1871
This Statue was presented to
VICTORIA
QUEEN AND EMPRESS
As a token of love and loyalty
from the daughters of her Empire
in remembrance of Her Jubilee
June 21st 1887
and was unveiled here
on Monday May 12th, 1890

This was cut and ready for inspection on the date of the unveiling. It was then thought, in view of the enormous Eastern Empire over which the sway of Queen Victoria extends, and also of her imperial title in India, that the translation of the inscription into Sanscrit, the mother of languages, would not be inappropriate. Sanscrit, however, is a language well known to only a few of the most erudite scholars. To Professor Max Müller fell the task of putting this translation finally into shape. In this he has been assisted by Professor Cowell, of Cambridge, Professor Bühler, of Vienna, and Professor Kielhorn, of Göttingen, have given most valuable help; and the inscription has also been submitted to Professor Bhandarkar and other native scholars in India. The best, therefore, that could be done has been done in this matter. The lettering was prepared by Messrs. Gilbert and Rivington, the celebrated Oriental printers, and cast in bronze by Messrs. Warner and Sons, the well-known foundry. The tablet is cast in an alloy of copper and tin, the surface of the letters being highly polished, and it is believed to be practically imperishable. By the Queen's commands the tablet has been fixed on the pedestal of the statue at Smith's Lawn in Windsor Great Park. From a domestic, social, political, or financial point of view, the Women's Jubilee offering was an unprecedented success, the financing being by no means its least important feature. By judicious investments of the temporary balances, the whole of the expenses were paid, and some 85,000*l.* appropriated to the object in view, against a collection of about 84,000*l.* Of the 85,000*l.*, 70,000*l.* was handed over to Queen Victoria's Jubilee Nursing Institute for nursing the sick poor in their own homes. Ten thousand pounds was applied to the purchase and erection of the statue, which was executed by the late Sir Edgar Boehm. The Queen herself consented to accept a slight personal souvenir of the Jubilee from the daughters of the Empire, and Messrs. Carrington, of Regent Street, were entrusted to make this in the form of a very handsome pearl and diamond necklace of the value of 5,000*l.*

The expedition against King Koko and his chiefs—who recently sacked Akassa, the principal station of the Royal Niger Company, at the mouth of the River Niger, and massacred many of the Company's men in circumstances of shocking barbarity—started from Brass on February 20. It consisted of the gunboats *Thrush* and *Widgeon*, two of the Company's steamers, a steam pinnace from the *St. George* and other boats. The *Barossa* remained at anchor off the town of Brass. The ships were anchored off a creek leading to Nimbi, King Koko's town, and the boats went on alone. The boats within a few yards of Sacrifice Island—a small island of the enemy, near where the remains of the murdered men were discovered—were

soon destroyed, and the marines and Houssas landed to take possession of the island. Twenty-five war canoes then appeared, and a sharp engagement took place. Each canoe had between forty and seventy men on board, and carried one or more guns, according to the number of men and size of the craft. Three canoes were speedily sunk, and the rest took to flight. Next day an ultimatum was sent to King Koko, but as no satisfactory answer was received from him reinforcements were obtained from the *St. George* in the shape of the picket-boat and pinnace, with their Hotchkiss and Maxim guns. Before daylight on the 22nd the whole force advanced to the attack of Nimbi. At six o'clock in the morning a landing was effected at Alagoas Town, and the stockades were blown up. The advance on Nimbi was then continued. The natives had a strong battery in ambush, and a terrible fire was poured on the little flotilla. Lieut. George Taylor, of the *St. George*, and two blue-jackets were killed. Despite the obstinate defence, our men pushed on to the landing-place, and soon took Nimbi, routing the enemy and burning the town. The next move was for the *Barbessa* and the *Widgeon* to bombard Fish-town, but, through a misunderstanding, the land forces did not appear to support the attack. However, when the troops arrived next day, the shells had frightened the natives away, and this town was also burnt. The affair ended by the majority of the chiefs running away and the rest making submission. The Brass river runs parallel with the Niger, and falls into the delta of that stream, being sometimes called the Brass mouth of the Niger. The European town of Brass is a large trading centre on the coast, while the native capital, Brass, usually called Nimbi, is thirty miles up the river. These towns are in the Niger Protectorate, while Akassa is in the territory of the Royal Niger Company.

Advises from Nyassaland announced a great defeat of the slave-traders in that country by the British troops under Acting Commissioner Sharpe. It appears that the Chief Kawinga, who has been a notorious slave-dealing chief since the time of Livingstone, and who has occupied a very strong position in the mountains to the south of Lake Nyassa, has suffered a severe rebuff. Commissioner Johnson recently recruited several hundred Sikhs in order to attack Kawinga. Now, however, said *Reuter's Agency*, news has been received that Acting Commissioner Sharpe has, in the most masterly manner, completely annihilated Kawinga's power and disintegrated what was a most dangerous combination of slave-raiding chiefs who thought they could sweep the new and thriving colony from end to end. Early in March Kawinga determined to attack the Chief Malenya (who was under British protection), and to destroy the thriving mission community of Donkani, so long associated with the Established Church in Scotland. Kawinga's army assembled under eight flags, the chief himself driving to each section its signal and war cry. The force then marched during the night upon the mission station in two sections. At first the people at the mission thought the affair was a skirmish; but after a time the rapidity and extent of the firing revealed the true nature of the attack. The Sikhs were then ordered to open fire on one of the bands, and a volley at 200 yards had the effect of stopping the advance. The second band was simultaneously engaged by some native allies. Meanwhile the people in the "boma" had only five rounds each left, and Mr. Fletcher, who was in command, on becoming aware of this, served out the last rounds, and charged the slave-traders with his little band of sixteen men. After this sortie had been made, a small party, under Messrs. Stark and Hynde, came on the scene, and Kawinga's people fled, leaving from sixty to 100 dead on the field. It was found that Kawinga had given his men "bullet medicine," which was supposed to render bullets harmless; but they were killed nevertheless. They crept through the grass close up to the "boma," and when they raised their heads to take aim were picked off by the Sikhs. It being regarded as urgently necessary to follow up Kawinga's temporary discomfiture, the Acting Commissioner signalled for reinforcements, and soon afterwards a force under Captain Manning started in pursuit. Captain Manning had under his command Captain Macdonald, Captain Gurney (who was detailed from one of the gunboats to work the seven-pounder), two

medical officers, fifty Sikhs, fifty trained Makira, 100 Atonga, and carriers, making a total of 300 men. Nothing was heard of this force for some days. The physical difficulties in reaching Kawinga's territory were great; but with the exception of some slight skirmishing the British force, which had divided into two sections, one under Captain Manning and one under Captain Hamilton, effected a junction at the chief's town, which was successfully occupied without any casualties on the British side.

INDIA.

To "the land we live in" the year 1895 has brought little, if any, wisdom. That she is still in need of leading strings is more than manifest; for, judging from the way in which racial feelings have been allowed to override law and order, and even long-standing friendship, it will not be too much to say that she cannot be trusted to proceed along the paths of peace and progress without a restraining hand. It is true that the "New India," of which the globetrotter delights to speak, is an India intelligible to all thinking men and women. No uncouth native names are wanted now to explain her condition and needs. The problems of the India of to-day are the problems of a free and growing people. England has undertaken the solemn task of becoming the earthly Providence of three hundred millions of people. She has made them fellow-subjects, under our beloved Queen, so far, at least, as concerns the educated Hindus. In years gone by England had to deal with the dense masses who still thought the old Asiatic thoughts and lived the old Asiatic life. During seven centuries the warring races of Central Asia made India an *Aceldama*. Some mighty dynasty might have, at intervals, given a breathing space to an ever-conquered people. But the dread of destruction was never long absent from the Indian mind. Not once during the present century did the East India Company's Governors-General,—such as, Metcalfe, Auckland, Dalhousie,—feel strong enough to make invasion from without impossible and to put down the internal predatory races. Her Majesty's forces were needed to grapple with the Mutiny of 1857. Since then a change has come over the spirit of India's dreams, and her trade has vastly increased. She is now no longer a maker of nicknacks and a retailer of a certain class of luxuries; but, taking her at the present time, she has become a great wholesale merchant and manufacturer, working with steam mills and exporting agricultural products on an enormous scale. The feeling of certainty and security has ever been the motive power in the social and political, as well as the industrial development of India. But what have been the results of a century's teaching of religious tolerance? Yearly recurring events must answer that question. Let us take, for instance, the religious feuds between Hindus and Mahomedans. Year after year we read of nothing but religious rioting between the two people; and the year that has just gone by appears to have beaten the record of any of its predecessors for, at least, a decade, for rioting has been particularly rife between the two communities. Hindu music at marriages and funerals and the Mohurram have done much towards bringing the two people into conflict. At Poona, Benares and other places Mahomedans and Hindus came into collision. At Calcutta the police collided with a procession, and appear to have suffered badly. One of the Superintendents was burnt on the neck with a lighted torch, and Inspectors and several Sergeants were badly injured, one Sergeant having his nose fractured by a blow across the face. The disturbance resulted from the police throwing themselves between two processions which were coming into collision. The Commissioner, who was present, narrowly escaped injury. Finally, the police charged the mob and drove them back. Distressing news from Porebunder, on the Kathiawar coast, was received on the top of this. It will be remembered that in the same province, only at Junadag, two years ago, the events of the Mohurram spread consternation and dismay throughout the Bombay Presidency. At Porebunder, when the *tarias* reached Karma Mundi as usual, the Hindus attacked and destroyed the *tarias*, broke the furniture in the Khari Mithi Masjid, killed five Mahomedans, and seriously

wounded about twenty others, while the *taboos* were being smashed; and several arrests were made by the detachment of the Bombay Native Infantry, who were at once ordered to the scene of the conflict. It is significant that not a single Hindu was injured, and that the Mahomedans were reported to have acted according to administrative orders. Another serious disturbance occurred at Sirar, in the Poona Collectorate, between Mahomedans and Marwaries, as will be seen elsewhere; but although strict religious neutrality has been observed on our side, and religious toleration preached to the native for years, and the native is the loudest in demanding for himself an adherence to the stipulations of the Proclamation of 1858, he does not appear to think that those obligations are equally binding on Hindus and Mahomedans equally. Whatever we have taught the people, we have not succeeded in teaching them that what they demand in the way of non-interference in religious matters, they should mete out with an even hand to those who profess other forms of faith. As an instance of this want of regard for the religious feelings of others we may allude to the remarkable case of religious animosity which was brought before the criminal courts in Bengal early in the year. With the ordinary outbursts of Hindu and Mahomedan fanaticism, which during 400 years have stained the great cities of India with blood, we are sufficiently acquainted. The Mogul empire in the plenitude of its power failed to prevent those sanguinary tumults. The more complete organization of British rule is still compelled, although happily, at longer intervals, to sternly put them down. But the case which from April to July occupied the magisterial and sessions courts of Gaya is not of this familiar type. It was the case of Buddhist worshippers being tumultuously assaulted during the lawful exercise of their religion at a famous Indian shrine, and of being saved from what might have ended in a murderous riot only by their non-resistance and the timely appearance of the police. The facts of the case were simple. The great temple of Bodhi-Gaya is regarded by the Buddhists, that is, by about one third of the human race, as the most sacred spot on earth. It has from time immemorial been a place of pilgrimage for the Buddhists of Ceylon, China, Siam, and Eastern Asia. Until the annexation of Upper Burma in 1886 the Burmese dynasty were among its most liberal supporters. The Japanese have now come forward as its benefactors. Last year their high priest at Tokio entrusted a leading Buddhist of Ceylon, who had represented their faith in the Parliament of Religions at Chicago, with an ancient and highly artistic image of Buddha to be reverently carried to Bodhi-Gaya, in Bengal, and to be there enshrined with due ceremonial. After various intermediate stops this gentleman, together with two Buddhist priests and a lay brother from Ceylon, arrived at the temple of Bodhi-Gaya on February 25, 1894, and proceeded to enshrine the precious effigy. The image, with censers, candlesticks, lotus flowers, and a Japanese dedicatory certificate giving its history from the 12th century onwards, was solemnly set upon the high altar. The statuette is of great value, as a rare example of antique art beautifully lacquered in gold, and its dedicators very properly summoned the Government custodian of the temple and made it over, in its place on the altar, to his care. This done, they proceeded to light the candles beside it. But at that moment a mob, chiefly of Hindu devotees, rushed into the temple, jumped upon the altar, snatched the candle from the hand of the officiating priest, and with abuse and threats told him to take away the image, or that they would assault the worshippers. After a time the remonstrances of the Government custodian, and the patient but persistent refusal of the officiating Buddhists to remove the image, produced a lull. The mob left the temple to consider further measures, and the Ceylonese group of dedicators sat down in front of the image in the attitude of religious contemplation, which is the highest form of Buddhist worship. While they were thus absorbed in their devotion the Hindu mob again made a rush into the temple, tumultuously carried off the image of Buddha from the altar, and threw it on the ground outside. The chief dedicator and one of the priests continued quietly sitting before the altar, until in a few minutes the police entered to take down a statement as to what had occurred. The result was a protracted trial in the district magistrate's court, followed by an

appeal to the Sessions Judge. Six barristers, headed by Sir Griffith Evans, the chief law officer of the Crown in India and leader of the Calcutta Bar, were engaged, besides lawyers of less note. In the end, three of the mob of assailants were sentenced to fine under the sections of the Penal Code which provide against attempts to disturb religious worship or to wound the religious feelings of others. The magistrate pregnantly observed that, "had those whose feelings were wounded on this occasion belonged to a less peaceable religion than the Buddhist, the consequences might have been most serious." Here, then, is an example of a religious quarrel being fought out, not with swords and clubs in the narrow Indian streets, but in the ordered course of law. The proceedings are instructive. They show how questions of conflicting right and usage do actually underlie the fanatical outbursts of Indian sectaries. They also indicate how such an outrage may be covered over by claims and counterclaims fictitiously raised for the occasion. The history of the temple, set forth in the elaborate judgment of the magistrate, leaves no doubt as to the fact that from the reign of Asoka, about 250 B.C., the shrine had been used as a place of Buddhist pilgrimage and a site of Buddhist worship. But the evidence soon disclosed that the Buddhists were by no means the only parties on the scene. There was also the abbot of the neighbouring monastery, sacred to Siva, the second person of the Hindu Trinity. There were, too, the brotherhood of devotees at the district capital devoted to the worship of Vishnu, the third person of the Hindu Trinity. Finally, there was the Government custodian who had charge of the temple from what may be called the archaeological point of view. The abbot of the Sivaite monastery claimed certain proprietary and regulating rights over the temple as the head of a local religious community founded about 1500 A.D., and confirmed in its possessions by an Imperial grant in 1727. The Vishnuite brotherhood alleged a vested interest in the worship, as Buddha has been adopted into the Hindu theocracy as the ninth incarnation of Vishnu. The gist of the Hindu contention was that the image of Buddha should have first been handed over to the abbot, with a view to its undergoing "the life-giving ceremony" constituting it a Hindu deity. While there were thus representatives of the second and third persons of the Hindu Trinity in court, and of the divine Buddha, the British Government had also its deputy in the person of a custodian who looked after the repairs, was responsible for the sculptures, images and relics, and for the orderly conduct of the place. This officer held a very practical position. Some years ago the British authorities found that the Burmese kings, in their zeal for restoring the temple, were effacing its historical character. Our Government accordingly took on itself the work of restoration upon sound archaeological principles. This led to the appointment of a permanent custodian, who goes officially round the temple about 22 times a month, and who could thus give evidence as to the part which the various claimants have actually taken in regulating the ritual and worship. While the facts of the disturbance were simple, and the interests involved were complicated, the points of law raised were extremely complex. To take only one. It was argued that, in order to constitute the disturbing of religious worship an offence under the Indian Penal Code, "the religious worship must be a real worship and not a sham." First, the sincerity of the dedicator was unsuccessfully called in question. Then the learned counsel for the defence insisted that "before the Court can hold that there was any intention voluntarily to disturb the assembly, there must be evidence that the accused knew that the Buddhists were engaged in religious contemplation. How were the accused to know what was going on inside the dedicator's mind after the image was removed, and at what particular moment he was engaged in religious contemplation, or whether he was merely sitting silent in front of the altar?" The argument thus boldly stated may not seem to amount to much. But, as skillfully elaborated, it raised a variety of questions. These questions the Judge finally cleared away by a few sensible remarks:—"Obviously the law can take no cognizance of such distinctions. Either the posture of contemplation is the outward and visible sign of Buddhist worship, and the accused knew this, or it is not such a sign, or the accused did not

know it. I find as a fact that it is a well-known outward and visible sign of Buddhist worship to sit in contemplation in the attitude in which the sitting Buddha is often depicted, and that the accused had the best means of knowing this." The above trial and appeal must have cost at least a hundred thousand rupees; it ended in fining three of the rioters a hundred rupees apiece. So luxurious and leisurely a method of adjusting religious differences may be possible for the abbot of a Sivatte monastery and for a pilgrim who enjoys the title of "honorary general secretary" of the great Buddhist Society and is backed by a wealthy father in Ceylon. But the ordinary Indian zealot, whether Hindu or Mahomedan, will still prefer to vindicate his faith by beating those of the other side to death in the streets. It is difficult to imagine a case in which the facts were more simple. Yet it demanded much firmness and acumen on the part of the Judge to prevent the actual occurrence from being smothered beneath the mass of historical disquisition and legal subtleties which our barristers managed to pile up. Nor will the decision be accepted as satisfactory by the more violent sectaries who celebrate the festivals of the Indian year by fanatical outbursts. Such men are willing to testify in bonds or on the scaffold for the honor of their religion, if only they can first have the fierce pleasure of vengeance upon all whom they suppose to have insulted it.

A rather awkward agitation seemed to be impending in India. The treatment of British Indian subjects in the South African Republic has raised questions to which the Indian Government will find it perplexing to give a satisfactory answer. The rights and status of her Majesty's Indian subjects are clearly set forth in the Royal Proclamation of 1858. That document is a political instrument of the concrete British type, designed to substitute better relations between the rulers and the ruled in India for those which in the previous year had ended in the revolt that for a time threatened our hold on the country. Great Britain has obtained what she desired to secure from the policy laid down in the Royal Proclamation—the loyalty of the Indian peoples and the cordial co-operation of the feudatory chiefs. It is not surprising that the Indians should on their side require a fair fulfilment of the pledges given to them in the Queen's name. Those pledges assure to them their incorporation, so far as may be, in the administration of their own country, and their equal rights with other subjects of their Sovereign throughout the British Empire. Parliament has been vigilant to insist on the fulfilment of the first pledge. For a moment it even went so far as to contemplate setting up a system of simultaneous examinations in London and Calcutta for the highest branch of the Indian Civil Service. But the other pledge given by the Queen's Proclamation in 1858 has a wider and more permanent interest. The political equality of her Majesty's Indian subjects with those of other parts of her dominions has been amply acknowledged and acted upon in England. What the Indians now complain of is that, while they have rights so equal as to entitle them to sit in Parliament in England, an attempt is being made to deprive them of their status as British subjects by a State in alliance with the British Crown. The question has been forced upon public attention by a petition of the British Indians residing in the South African Republic. This manifesto, while primarily addressed to her Majesty's Government in England, has been widely circulated among those whose duty it is to secure a hearing for Indian grievances alike in the Indian Legislatures and at home. It is a question upon which the Hindus and Mahomedans in India have a common interest. For among the chief sufferers are important Mussulman firms connected with Bombay. It is also a question which will enlist the sympathy not only of the educated classes in India, ever watchful for their political rights, but also of the solid trading community in the leading centres of industry throughout the Indian Empire. The specific complaint laid before Government was that in the South African Republic the Indian subjects of her Majesty are deprived of the right which other subjects of her Majesty exercise, and to which all subjects of Great Britain are entitled by international law. They are, in fact, to be treated as a servile or outcast and

uncleanly race, like the African aborigines. Quaintly and inaptly enough, the term "aboriginal of Asia" is applied to them in one of the despatches. With equal want of knowledge of the facts, the whole question, appears to be sometimes loosely spoken of as "the coolie question." The grounds put forward as pleas for treating the Indians as a degraded class in the South African Republic are (according to the memorial) "the dangers to which the whole community is exposed" by "diseases engendered by the filthy habits and the immoral practices of these people." A petition presented to the Volksraad of the Orange Free State, took up higher ground. "As these men enter the State without wives or female relatives, the result is obvious. Their religion teaches them to consider all women as soulless, and Christians as natural prey." As regards their religion teaching them to consider all women as soulless and Christians as natural prey, the Indian memorial to the Secretary of State indignantly remarks, "Your petitioners ask, can there be a grosser libel on the great faiths prevailing in India or a greater insult to the Indian nation?" The memorial passes from generalities to the test of facts. Medical evidence is adduced to prove that the sanitary charge is absolutely unfounded. Dr. Brior Veale, a distinguished Cambridge graduate who has had a large practice among the British Indian subjects in Pretoria, testifies:—"I have generally found them cleanly in their persons and free from the personal diseases due to dirt or careless habits. Their dwellings are generally clean, and sanitation is willingly attended to by them." Even of the poorest among them he declares that "the lowest class Indian lives better and in better habitations and with more regard to sanitary measures than the lowest class white. I have further found that during the period that small-pox was epidemic in the town and district, and it is still epidemic in the district, that, although every nation nearly had one or more of its members for some time in the Lazeretto, there was not a single Indian attacked." The measures by which the Government in India have carried out its system of general vaccination may perhaps account for this immunity. Dr. Spink, who holds a London qualification, and who has had experience of both India and Africa, testifies in the same sense, and certifies "that their habitations here in the South African Republic are far superior to those of their native country." Dr. Nahmiascher, M.D., from his practice among the India merchants and well-to-do class of the British Indian population in Johannesburg, is of opinion "that they are as clean in their habits and domestic life as white people of the same standing." A memorial signed by 1,346 European merchants and others testifies in the same sense, and a Dutch petition signed by 484 burghers protests against "any steps that may scare away the Indians from the Transvaal." The truth is that the plea of uncleanness is a mere pretext with a view to suppressing the real objection of certain classes in the South African Republic to our Indian fellow-subjects. That objection is that the Indian traders, being "almost without exception trectotalers," and of a very simple life, "are content to make small profits." They have, say the petitioners, "by their competition and owing to their temperate and thrifty habits, been able to reduce the prices of the necessities of life." This does not suit the European traders who would make very large profits. The same view is clearly brought out by quotations from the South African Press. The *Cape Times* puts the question very straight. "Because the Indian is more successful in competition and lives on less than the English merchant is the fairest and weakest of arguments. The very foundation of English commerce lies in the fact of our being able to compete more successfully with other nations." While the *Cape Times* thus protested against the British Indian subjects being placed under disabilities "simply because of their success in trade," the Government organ in the South African Republic declares that "if the Asiatic invasion is not stopped in time European shopkeepers must be driven to the wall." "The sooner the steps are taken," says another paper, "to suppress and, if possible, to compel the Indian trader, the better."

The question, even in its immediate aspect, as regards the South African Republic, is an important one. There are in that Republic, according to the

memorial, 200 firms of British-Indian subjects, with an aggregate capital of about £100,000; about 2,000 petty traders and boxwallahs of the same nationality; and about 1,500 British-Indian subjects employed as shop assistants, servants, labourers, and in other capacities. We understand from the petition that it is proposed to compel many of them to give up their present houses and places of business, and to pen them together, like the Jews of medieval Europe, into ghettos assigned to them. In regard to the other disabilities complained of—their incapacity to become owners of fixed property, the necessity for registering themselves and producing a pass or a registration-ticket when moving about on their business through the Republic—it is inexpedient to enlarge on the evidence of an *ex parte* memorial. The awakening of Asia, to which recent events in Japan have given so powerful an impulse, has already reacted upon India. It will probably result in a large, although gradual, expansion of India's foreign trade, conducted by Indian capital and by merchants of British-Indian nationality.

Monday, the 29th of July, was a red letter day in the annals of Jaora, that being the auspicious day on which his Highness the young Nawab of Jaora was installed by Colonel D. W. K. Barr, the Agent to the Governor-General in Central India, who had especially come from Indore to place the young Nawab on the *mansab* on behalf of the Government of India. On the morning of the 29th the Governor-General's Agent, accompanied by the First Assistant and the Native Assistant, arrived from Indore by train. After breakfast the ceremonial functions began. The Agent to the Governor-General opened the proceedings by reading the following speech:—His Highness Ibrahim-ud-daula Nawab Mahomed Ismail Khan Bahadur Feroz Jang died on the 5th of March 1895, and the Government of India have formally sanctioned the recognition of his son Mahomed Itikhar Ali Khan as Chief of Jaora, under the title of Fakhur-ud-daula Nawab Itikhar Ali Khan Bahadur Saadat Jang, and under the orders of his Excellency the Viceroy I now install him as Nawab in the name of his Highness the Maharaja Holkar, and present him with a *khilat* on behalf of the British Government. I congratulate the Nawab on his succession to the Chiefship of Jaora and place him on the *mansab* in accordance with the orders of his Excellency the Viceroy; and I call upon all the Sardars, Thakurs, officials, and subjects of the Jaora State to recognize him as their Chief and to pay him the allegiance and homage due to him as the Nawab of Jaora.

The speech having been translated into Hindustani by the Native Assistant, Colonel Barr installed the young Nawab Itikhar Ali Khan Bahadur Saadat Jang and placed his Highness on the *mansab* under a salute of 13 guns. A *khilat* was then presented to his Highness by the Agent to the Governor-General on behalf of the Government of India, with a necklace and a *seratch* which was tied round his Highness's head by Colonel Barr. Then a *poshkhani* from his Highness the Nawab to the Government of India was brought, containing several trays of cloth, etc., which was accepted by the Agent to the Governor-General on behalf of the Government of India. As regards the training and education of his Highness and also the administration of the State during the minority of the Nawab, the Governor-General's Agent spoke to the following effect:—During the minority of his Highness the Nawab, the administration of the Jaora State will, under the orders of the Government of India, be left in the hands of Khan Bahadur Yar Mahomed Khan, Minister of Jaora, subject to the general control of the Political Agent in Western Malwa and under my orders as Agent to the Governor-General for Central India. I confer on Yar Mahomed Khan full civil judicial powers, subject only to the control of the Political Agent and to the Agent to the Governor-General, and also full criminal judicial powers, with the reservation that all sentences of death shall be subject to confirmation by the Agent to the Governor-General. Khan Bahadur Yar Mahomed Khan is an officer of *talent*, ability, and experience, who has already served for eight years as Minister of Jaora and has worked under his Highness the late Nawab with much skill and success. During his administration the debts of the State, which amounted in the year 1885-86

to rupees sixteen lakhs, sixty thousand, seven hundred and twenty-five and annas three (Rs. 16,60,725-3) have almost been cleared off, while many improvements in the general administration of the State have been established. Khan Bahadur Yar Mahomed Khan has my full confidence, and I feel sure that during the minority of his Highness Mahomed Itikhar Ali Khan he will continue to conduct the administration with the same ability and zeal that marked his services to my lamented friend, the late Nawab Mahomed Ismail Khan, and I expect that all the officials and the subjects of the Jaora State will yield to Khan Bahadur Yar Mahomed Khan the fullest respect and obedience, and will assist him to the utmost of their power in the fulfilment of the important duties which devolve upon him during the minority of the Nawab. Special arrangements will be made for the education and training of his Highness the Nawab, and in fulfilment of my responsibilities as Agent to the Governor-General and as the personal friend of his Highness's father, it will afford me great pleasure to personally superintend measures that are to be taken under the orders of the Government of India for bringing up his Highness, so that when he attains his majority he may be, in every way, qualified for the important duties of the ruler of the Jaora State. I take this opportunity of addressing the Thakurs, who hold villages and lands granted to them by the Jaora State under the guarantee of the British Government, viz. the Thakurs of Sadakhari, Sirsi, Borkhera, Kerwana, and Tail. These Thakurs may be assured that the rights guaranteed to them by the British Government will be maintained in their integrity. But on the other hand, I desire to warn these Thakurs that their obligations to the Jaora State, which are clearly stipulated in the *patas* and *kabuliats* which they hold and have given, must be rigidly observed without excuse or evasion. During the last few years it has been observed that these Thakurs have attempted to oppose the rightful claims of the Durbar of Jaora and have endeavoured to establish an independence which is not warranted by the terms of the guaranteed grants under which they hold their *Istimari Jagirs*. They should remember that they hold villages granted to them by the Jaora State in consideration of personal attendance, payment of rent, fidelity, and due performance of duty, and it will be to their advantage to remember that any breach of their engagements to the Jaora State will inevitably result in their punishment and the attachment of their Jagirs.

On Tabut Day at Baroda all the *tajias* as usual were coming towards *Mandea*, the Government Tabut heading the procession. On their way to the Sarasta Talao, where the *tajias* are submerged, the men who belonged to the party of the Regimental Tabut and to the party of the Hathikhana Tabut, stopped the procession and indulged in acrobatic feats and like amusements. It was nearly 6-20 P.M., and the police were anxious to get the *tajias* submerged before lamplight. They therefore told the people of the Regimental Tabut to hurry on, but they refused to do so. A police *havaladar* got a little excited, and used certain language which the military sepoys did not like. They became obstinate and purposely delayed the procession going further. The Superintendent of Police rode up to the scene, and told the sepoys to do as the police directed. One of the sepoys thereupon caught hold of the Superintendent's foot and attempted to bring him down from the horse. The Superintendent whistled and more policemen assembled. The man who pulled the Superintendent by the leg was arrested, and was being taken to the chowki. But the military would not tolerate this and commenced attacking the police with stones, sticks, bamboos, &c. The party with the Hathikhana Tabut took the side of the troops and let go their elephants amidst the policemen. One of the elephants injured a policeman, upon which nearly a hundred policemen attacked its mahout, who was thrown down on the ground from the neck of the tusker. The mahout's colleagues ran to his assistance, but they were greatly handicapped. The mahout was released from the hands of the police, and was made to run away on the neck of an elephant. They beat back the police as far as the Chapaman Gate. In the meantime Lieutenant Sorabji Tabak and Captain Williams retired to the scene and the Lieutenant succeeded in pacifying the troops. While the

police were taking the *sepoy* to the *chowki*, the guard of the Treasury attacked the police escorts and succeeded in releasing the prisoner. In the scuffle about fifty policemen, five military *sepoys* and four *Hathikhuma* men were injured, seven policemen were in a critical condition. The police Superintendent, Mr. DeCruz, Founder of Leheripura, Sar Faridar Goriudrao, Founder Anasabab of Bahapura, and other police officers' names were included in the list of the injured.

A Resolution was published in the *Gazette of India* by the Revenue Department on the organization of the Subordinate Civil Veterinary Service in India and the establishment of a superior staff for the Civil Veterinary Department. It was sanctioned by the Secretary of State in 1892, but it was intended only as an initial step towards the organization of a complete Veterinary Department for India. The organization was deferred, however, until the Veterinary Officers appointed should have acquired some experience of their respective charges, and be in a position to advise the Government on the subject. Various proposals were in July, 1893, referred to the local Government, and replies have now been received, and it is now proposed to modify the scheme as formulated two years ago. The subject now falls under three heads, namely:—Subordinate Establishment, Inspecting Establishment, and Schools and Colleges. The question of strengthening the superior staff of the department is one that may have to be taken up at some future date, but it must await further development of the present scheme. What is required for the subordinate staff is a body of fairly qualified men, who will work in the districts and villages, and among people, and whose principal charge, since the arrangements have already been made for care of the Government animals, will be the stock belonging to private persons, and chiefly cattle. Briefly the following are the principal plans formulated by Government, on the recommendation of the local Governments in connection with the organization of this department:—Men to be appointed to the Subordinate District Establishments will have to make their way, indeed to learn their work, by practice, and they will have to gain the confidence of the people so far as is possible. That not much good will result at first, but the good result to be attained in the end is calculated in the view chiefly of the great annual loss to India from deaths by cattle diseases, which very moderate skill might prevent. So it is hoped that some day every *tamul* in India will have at least one itinerant Veterinary Assistant, and every Municipality of any consequence a Veterinary Dispensary. The Government of India do not wish to constitute, as in the case of the Medical Department, an organized pensionable service for the Subordinate Veterinary Establishment, nor do Government wish to prescribe a fixed rate of pay for each grade. After the first three years of service, however, Rs. 15 per mensem will be allowed as minimum pay. The following is the scale of pay approved by the Government of India for the Senior Veterinary Assistants:—After 14 years, Rs. 250 to Rs. 250 per mensem; between 7 and 14 years, Rs. 150 to Rs. 200; and up to 7, Rs. 100 to Rs. 150, all with pensions, but 10 per cent. to be reduced for ignorance of English by a Veterinary Assistant, who will only receive the maximum pay of Rs. 40. In order to effectually carry on the work of the Subordinate Establishment a more highly qualified staff will be required.

At a meeting of the Manchester Chamber of Commerce on July 10, a letter from the Bombay Chamber of Commerce was placed before the Board, enclosing a communication, dated May 20, from that Chamber to the Government of India, referring to the terms offered to private companies for the construction and working of feeder or branch railways in India. In a previous communication dated March 27, the Bombay Chamber had asked for an enlargement of the rebate to be allowed, under the Government Resolution of Sept. 13, 1893, to the branch line out of the receipts of the main line from interchanged traffic. In the meantime—namely, on March 29—the Government had modified the terms of that resolution, and the present communication deals with the modifications then made. The Government proposed to reduce its guarantee of interest on rupee capital invested in branch lines from 4 to 3½ per cent., leaving the guarantee on

sterling capital at 4 per cent. As compensation for this change in respect of rupee capital, it was arranged that the original limit of 10 per cent. of the gross earnings on interchanged traffic should be abandoned, and that the rebate should stop only when it reached an amount equivalent to the net earnings of the main line from such traffic—that is to say, that the main line should be liable to return to the branch line company investing rupee capital the whole of its net earnings from the branch line interchanged traffic. Upon this point the Bombay Chamber observes that this increase of possible rebate is not a sufficient equivalent for the reduction of the guarantee from 4 to 3½ per cent. The Chamber contends that if any reduction in the guarantee is made it should be upon sterling investments, since 3½ per cent. is reckoned in England a high rate on first-class securities, while even 4 per cent. is none too high in India. It is urged, finally, that the guarantee should remain at 4 per cent. on both classes of investment, and that no limit should be placed on the rebate contribution from the main line on interchanged traffic so long as no loss is sustained on such traffic by the main line. The Board, having considered the communication of the Bombay Chamber in the light of a letter on this subject, forwarded on June 21 from the Manchester Chamber to the Secretary of State for India, decided that its views therein expressed were in substantial harmony with those of the Bombay Chamber on the main question at issue, and resolved that no further action on the part of this Chamber is called for at present.

The Rangoon correspondent of the *Pioneer* telegraphed that a most important announcement in reference to the settlement of the Burmah-Chinese frontier was given out there, apparently on official authority. The message was to the following effect: "When China ceded to France as breach of the conditions of the Burmah-Chinese Convention, 1894, two districts of Kanton, called Maingui and Mongulai, people wondered what Lord Salisbury would reply to this act of pusillanimity and bad faith. It now appears that he took prompt and decisive measures. He in effect tore up the Convention and announced to China that the *status quo ante* was resumed, the British insisting on their rights as successors to the Burmese Kings. He told China that the large extent of territory given her by the Convention would be occupied by Burmah. This was less than three months ago, and now the negotiations are practically concluded except as to one point, of which more hereafter. The net result is that Burmah gets a largely extended frontier, though Lord Salisbury relented somewhat and allowed China to save Sata Hatha and Latha out of the wreck of her profits under the Convention. It is now definitely settled that Sina and Sadao came back to Burmah and the Kachin territory, north-east of Shamo, where the future frontier line will closely coincide with the approximate line which was laid down by Captain Hobbay some years since, and which is known as 'Hobbay's frontier.' All along the frontier China has suffered similarly for her bad faith. One point only remains for settlement, that is the future of Kakaung, the Chinese Shan State east of the Upper Salween." "It is earnestly to be hoped," the correspondent continued, "now that Lord Salisbury has taken up the task of redressing Burmah frontiers, he will retain that State. It is the only British territory east of the Salween at that point. It is a prosperous State, whose commercial importance has greatly increased since the decision to construct the Mandalay-Salween Railway, the present terminus of which is near the borders of the State and the future extension of which to China would be through the Kokang State, which is on the main trade route between Burmah and Eastern Yunnan. Briefly this is how the matter stands." It will thus be seen the treachery of China has resulted in her being deprived of the numerous advantages given her by a Convention which gave Burmah absolutely nothing in return. Perhaps the most noticeable feature in the whole affair is the swiftness of the retribution. There is no parallel in the history of China to such a rapid and complete diplomatic submission.

On the Mohurram Day a serious affray took place between the Mahomedans and the Marwaries in the city of Sarva, in Biknur District. The Mahomedans while taking the *tajias* to the place of immersing them, stopped

for a little while near the houses of the Marwarees. The latter told the processionists to proceed further, and take their way as usual; but instead of proceeding onward, they at once commenced striking the Marwarees. They entered the house of Rai Bahadur Bhugwandas Bhagla, and after looting the valuables they set fire to the building. Several Marwarees were injured in the fight. Rai Bahadur Bhugwandas is the Honorary Magistrate of that place, and knowing that there were several important documents in the building they destroyed all the records, and with that view they had set fire to the house. There are about ten to fifteen thousand Marwarees and fifteen hundred to two thousand Mahomedans in Bikanir. In a letter received by the Bombay branch of Rai Bahadur Bhugwandas Bhagla's firm, it was stated that the robbers looted the *pehedi*, and attacked the servants, many of whom were injured, two servants being especially ill-treated. A considerable amount of cash, jewellery, and valuables had been taken away by the robbers. The Magistrate's records were all burnt and destroyed. The Rai Bahadur escaped being hurt as he ran away to his residence from the *pehedi*. All the Hindus and Marwarees who repaired to the scene were injured. The *shah* did not expect such a riot, and had not kept any additional staff on the *pehedi* that day.

The opening, on this 1st October, of the Dassara Representative Assembly of 1895 was preceded by the unveiling of the statue of the late Sir James Gordon, a Resident of former days. The ceremony was of especial interest for Mysore as the statue unveiled is the first public statue that has been set up for the adornment of Mysore. Except for its somewhat suburban position, the site of the statue is an excellent one. It is a statue that will be seen by the crowd being placed in the public garden of the Kutcherry offices, and not pecked away within official walks within which nine-tenths, perhaps, of the people will never dare to peep. The pedestal on which the image stands bears the inscription:—

SIR JAMES DAVIDSON GORDON, K.C.S.I.

Guardian to His Highness the Maharaja Wodeyar Bahadur, K.C.S.I., 1871-1875; Chief Commissioner of Mysore, 1875-1881; and Resident in Mysore, 1881-1882.

Mounting the broad stone base from which the pedestal rises, the Resident delivered the following address:—"Dewan, Councillors, Officers of the Mysore Government, Members of the Representative Assembly, Ladies and Gentlemen,—The ceremony which, by desire of her Highness the Maharani Regent, I have been desired to perform, and you to witness, to-day, is one which is of mournful interest for us all. His late Highness the Maharajah designed this memorial to his friend, Sir James Gordon, and, though he had the satisfaction of seeing it and approving of it, he was not permitted to perform this last act of introducing the work of the sculptor to your notice; otherwise, his hands would have been the hands to-day to draw aside this covering. I could wish that someone more fitted than myself to perform this act had stood here before you to-day—one better acquainted with all the circumstances which have so afflicted the State of Mysore during the last year. But I wish to express my grateful sense of the favour conferred upon me by the honour of my being asked to unveil this statue, as thereby I have just one opportunity at the beginning of my sojourn among you of expressing my cordial concurrence in the deep sense of loss which has been uppermost in your minds of late. It remains for us to gather up the fragments that remain, to try to weigh the import of this ceremony, and the intention of His Highness the late Maharajah in thus signalling the memory of his friend, Sir James Gordon. Sir James Gordon was attached to the Bengal Presidency as a civilian, and, after holding subordinate posts, he was eventually selected by Lord Lawrence to be his Private Secretary; and I think it is indicative of the interest that the Viceroy felt in the young Maharajah that he deputed his trusty friend, Sir James Gordon, to be the guardian of the young Maharajah. It was in that capacity that Sir James Gordon endeared himself to your late Maharajah, and perhaps, mainly on that account is entitled to your regard and grateful recollection.

The gentle manners of your late chief, his kindness of disposition, his liberal-mindedness, his goodness, were matters of common repute, not only in this part of the world; and I am assured by those who are competent to form an opinion that in the formation of that character through which he was so justly loved and appreciated, Sir James Gordon had a very considerable share. But it was not only in regard to these personal relations with the late Maharajah that Sir James Gordon was illustrious. He was Judicial Commissioner and Chief Commissioner of Mysore during the British administration of the State, and when the administration was again placed in the hands of its hereditary rulers Sir James Gordon became the first Resident in Mysore; and I believe that he performed the duties of Resident no less satisfactorily than those of Chief Commissioner; and it was perhaps no easy task for one who had held the reins of Government to sink his paramount authority and to become the counsellor, the friend, and the adviser of the State over which he had watched so long. It only remains for me to say that her Highness the Maharani Regent has deemed this to be a very fitting opportunity for unveiling this statue, by reason of the fact that so large a number of the representatives of the Mysore territory are present on this occasion. And to them I appeal on the two grounds which I have endeavoured to set before you, and which I shall explain. I have endeavoured to put before you the claims which Sir James Gordon has upon your grateful recollection, by reason of his having secured the affection and esteem of the late Maharajah, whom you so justly hold in such high favour. I have endeavoured also to put before you the fact that he fulfilled the duties of Chief Commissioner and Resident in the best manner for the State. And now I appeal to you on this occasion to render such assistance as you are able to those administrators who are charged with governing this country, to strengthen the hands of the Maharani Regent who has been called upon in her great sorrow to undertake her share of the responsibility in this matter;—to strengthen the hands of the administrators who have been the trusted agents of such men as Sir James Gordon and his predecessors and successors in office;—to strengthen them by your loyal advice, foregoing all selfish aims or individual interests;—to strengthen the administration to uphold the hands of the Maharani Regent and her advisers, and to prepare for the introduction of the young Maharajah's rule, under circumstances which shall be conducive to the best welfare of the people and to the success of his administration.

The formal opening of the Empire of India Exhibition at Earl's Court, on May 27, drew together a large and brilliant throng. Invitations had been lavishly distributed by the directorate. The weather was glorious; the ladies were in the brightest and gayest of spring costumes and millinery; and the scene within the buildings and in the flower-decked grounds was one of unusual animation. The ceremony was performed by the Duke of Cambridge, and when his carriage appeared he was greeted with immense cheering. The Duke was received by Mr. Imre Kinsky and the directors of the Exhibition, and as soon as he had passed within the gates an address was read to him by the chairman of the company. The essential part of the address was in the following terms:—"In deciding to commence our series of industrial, commercial, and spectacular exhibitions with one illustrative of the reproductive resources and history of India, we have been mindful of the absorbing interest which all classes of Englishmen take in that great and ancient empire, the acquisition and consolidation of which has added lustre even to a Crown so glorious as that of the United Kingdom; we have also had it at heart to render such service as might be in our power in advancing the commercial and industrial interests of the different peoples of India, whose happiness and prosperity have, under the sway of her Majesty the Queen and Empress, been so greatly promoted during the past thirty-five years. It is our earnest hope that in the Earl's Court grounds, now entirely transformed and beautified, London may at length be found to have acquired that attractive resort, easily accessible from all parts of the country, which has been a long-felt and pressing need of this gigantic and ever-growing metropolis. In thus vividly bringing

before the public some suggestive illustrations of the magnificence and vast importance of the greatest dependency of the British Crown, we have shown all been inspired by the hope that our undertaking may be productive of wide and far reaching advantages, both to this country and to our Asiatic fellow-subjects. At the conclusion of the reading of the address the Duke made a short speech, in which he expressed his gratification at owning an establishment of so interesting a character and one which would add so considerably to the pleasure resorts of London. The declaration of opening having been made, the Duke was conducted through the buildings and the grounds, being awaited at every point by a large concourse of visitors and followed by the crowd which had assembled within the Hampton entrance.

His Excellency Lord Wenlock laid the foundation stone of the New Observatory in an elevated spot two miles from Kodakamal, between a number of European ladies and gentlemen. Mr. Michie Smith, the Government Astronomer, in giving an account of the Observatory, said they were now to inaugurate a new departure of great importance in connection with the astronomical work which had been carried on at Madras for the past 141 years. That new departure came in the report of the Fabian Commission, which pointed out that there seemed to be sufficient evidence to indicate some connection between such solar phenomena as spots and terrestrial meteorological conditions, and urged investigation in India. In consequence, instruments were erected at Dehra Dun for taking daily photographs of the sun, and various attempts were made to carry on actinometric measurements. Little progress was, however, made, and when orders were issued for the removal of the Survey of India office to Calcutta, it was resolved to build a new Observatory in some suitable position for carrying on investigations of solar physics. After a series of observations Kodakamal was chosen as the best place for astronomical work. The Observatory proposed to be built was designed on a modest scale. At first the work would be mainly confined to solar observation, and means would be provided for observations on the stars and comets, but that would be subordinate to solar work. That was only the beginning, and they felt justified in expecting that soon one would come forward with other schemes to present the Observatory with a telescope of sufficient power to enable the Astronomer to take full advantage of the splendid location which was one of the best in the world. That Observatory was being built by the Government of India, but it seemed most fitting that the Imperial Observatory should be built in that Presidency which had for more than a century occupied the chair of astronomy, and that the foundation stone should be laid by one who, during the whole term of his office, had shown sympathy in the work of the Madras Observatory, the parent of all other astronomical institutions in India. After laying the stone Lord Wenlock said that the ceremony marked an important episode in the history of astronomical observations in India. It had given him much pleasure to be able to witness the laying of the foundation stone of what he trusted would be one of the most important stations for astronomical and other observations, not only in India, but throughout the world. The old Madras Observatory, he said, would be removed to Kodakamal with its astronomical and other instruments, and he congratulated Kodakamal on being able to house such an eminent scientific institution as Mr. Smith's observatory, which he hoped would long be enabled to carry out the most excellent work which he was so well qualified to perform. Though the intention of the Government was to begin on a small scale, yet it was to be hoped that eventually the advantages of that situation would be so apparent that those more extensive scientific observations throughout the world, inasmuch as that would be the centre and focus from which most valuable scientific observations would be taken.

Lord Wenlock opened the great Poyner Project on the 19th. Before doing so, he received an address from a deputation of merchants referring gratefully to the completion of the works and the immense benefits they were calculated to confer on the Madras District.

The Governor in replying dwelt on the indefatigable exertions of Colonel Pennycuik to bring the project to completion.

Mr. Pears, Superintendent of the work, then read an interesting account of the work from its inception to its completion. The total cost of the project was eighty-seven lakhs. It is estimated that it will yield a return of 5.76 per cent. and will irrigate 20,000 acres.

The Bishop of Travancore offered a special prayer, and the Governor then called upon Mrs. Pennycuik to release the water, which she did by cutting the ribbons, the Sapper and Cooper's hill colours. The connecting sluices are a mile away. Lord Wenlock then made a brief speech. At night a banquet was given, at which Lord Wenlock referred in glowing terms to the services of Colonel Pennycuik and Messrs. Pears, Keeling, Logan, De Winton, Bragg, and others engaged on the works. He hoped the immense water-power of the project would be used for industrial purposes. There was hardly any part of the world where there was such an extraordinary wealth of water-power, and he hoped that it would be utilized.

Colonel Pennycuik replied, acknowledging the skill, energy and devotion of his subordinates, Messrs. Pears and Mackenzie, on whom the most important share of the work had fallen, second only to himself.

On the 11th Lord Wenlock laid the last stone of the immense dam.

A strange story comes from the Central Provinces. In the village of Dongargaon, two miles from the police outpost of Sindhuai, in the district of Chhanda, C. P., there was a severe epidemic of cholera. Some of the leading villagers went to a neighbouring village about five miles off to consult the goddess Dahi as to how the cholera could be stayed. The sewak, or custodian of the goddess, was asked this important question. At once he began to swing his head and arms and was greatly excited. The villagers understood that he was possessed by the goddess. Then in his ecstasy he cried out "Badriya Madgi has brought the cholera. He alone can remove it." Having heard this the messengers returned to Dongargaon. Badriya was a Madgi, or charmar of a certain kind, whom all the village, including his own wife and relatives, credited with magical powers. He was at once asked to make the necessary arrangements for stopping the epidemic. He went out, followed by the people, to the little thatched shed in which the village Dahi was sheltered. There he placed the offering of a young pig, a lime, and some ashes. Then with a yellow apron he ran round the village in ecstatic possession followed by the great body of the villagers. He then erected a miniature gate across the entrance into the village; and told the people that the ceremony was complete. Still, however, the people died. The ceremony was repeated with even greater vehemence a second time. Again it was in vain. He was urged to try again. While he was just completing the ceremony, he was heard to cry "My life is troubled." At the same moment two villagers arrived at the rustic shrine to say that at the very time when he was making his offering a little girl and a full-grown Goni had succumbed to the disease. Filled with anger, he exclaimed "What is the use of all these offerings, and of all our expenditure? The goddess does not hear. Let us throw her into the brook hard by." He rushed forward and seized the image. He beat down the little altar in front of it. He wrapped the goddess and the altar and the offering of red earth in his blanket and carried them off. He had not proceeded many steps when he fell down, showed violent symptoms of cholera and was dead in a few hours. While they were watching him die the rustic shrine took fire, no one knows how, and was destroyed. His sons and his brothers buried the unfortunate Badriya. Then the cholera ceased for a time. This is the story as told by all the villagers. The police say that Badriya was beaten to death for failure, but there is no evidence of this; the jackals having devoured his body, which they had exhumed in the night.

A serious Hindu and Mahomedan riot is reported to have occurred at Quilon on the 22nd ultimo, on the occasion of the wedding of a Hindu of the

goldsmith caste employed as a clerk in a Government office. A correspondent has forwarded to the *Cochin Argus* an account of the fray, and asserts that for some months past the Mahomedans of Quilon have exhibited a desire to prevent Hindus from playing music before the mosques. On the above date the marriage procession of a fisherman passed one of the mosques, when the musicians were asked to stop playing. They refused to do so, and sought the assistance of the Police, with the result that a Mahomedan Head Constable, it is alleged, decided in favour of his co-religionists. At this moment, it appears, the wedding procession of Ayyava Achary, the man above referred to, came up, and the musicians accompanying it, when they came before the mosque, were also asked to stop playing. They refused, saying it was against custom and usage. As the Mahomedans insisted upon the music being stopped, some of the processionists ran to the nearest Police Station and returned with Mr. Koshi, the Police Inspector, and some Constables, but found the Mahomedans had disappeared. The Inspector, it is stated, directed the processionists to resume playing and move on. When the processionists came to another mosque, a number of Mahomedans rushed out crying "Din, din!" the palanquin was forced from the shoulders of the bearers, who incontinently fled, while the bride and bridegroom took refuge in a baker's hut. The Inspector is alleged to have abused the Mahomedans and advanced towards them in a menacing manner "brandishing his sword," and to have "cut two or three of them in their hands." He was set upon and beaten, he "lay flat on the road while the ruffians sitting on his chest still continued pounding him," and his Constables ran away, so it is said. Sheikh Hussan, a Court-paen, came to the rescue of the Inspector and helped him to the Station, but the *bud-mushes* followed, and "pushing aside Sheikh Hussan, gave the Inspector a blow just below the breast," which caused him to faint. "The loving Sheikh Hussan implored in the name of Allah and Rasool, and with great difficulty managed to carry off the Inspector to the Station close by." The following day the local 2nd Class Magistrate issued warrants against 72 Mussulmans of the town, and it is to be hoped, in the interests of all concerned, that the enquiry resulted in the guilty being severely punished.

OBITUARY.

Sir T. Muthusami Aiyar, K.C.I.E.—The death of Sir T. Muthusami Aiyar took place at his residence, in Mylapore, on the 25th January last. The deceased gentleman attended court for the last time on the 16th of that month, for he had been ill only for nine days when death closed his mortal career. Sir Muthusami Aiyar was born in the village of Uchuvad, near Tiruvalur, in the year 1832, of very poor parents. His father died leaving behind him a widow and two sons in their boyhood. His mother with the scanty means at her disposal, conveyed to Tiruvalur and sent the boys to a path school for instruction. But their mother too died soon after, leaving the orphans to their own devices. After struggling to eke out a living, the two brothers became apprentices under a native village accountant, and with the wants of life doled out to them, they managed to maintain life. At the age of 14 the deceased joined the High School at Madras, which was then under the principalship of Mr. E. B. Powell. Here Muthusami Aiyar won the highest distinction which the High School at Madras could bestow,—a certificate of First Class proficiency and a ring, besides prize books. From the forth the career of Muthusami Aiyar was one of unvaried sunshine and prosperity. He climbed every step of the official ladder by force of merit and by hard unrelenting toil. He was pre-eminently fitted for judicial work, and he proved himself an excellent Revenue officer during the years he served as Deputy Collector. From a Deputy Inspector of Schools he was appointed to the post of a District Munsif. Within a few months of his appointment, he was acknowledged to be the best native Judicial officer in the Tanjore District. His next step was an Indian Deputy Collectorship under Mr. A. N. Taylor, a gentleman who gathered round him in the service of the Indian Commission some of the best of the old High School proficients. When the

business of the Commission was over, Muthusami Aiyar reverted to the Judicial Department in the capacity of a Sub-Judge. He was appointed Presidency Magistrate in 1868, and a few years later a Judge of the Court of Small Causes. In 1877 he reached the highest post of honour to which any native of India has aspired hitherto—a Judgeship of the High Court of Madras, which he held for the unusually long period of seventeen years, unrelieved by any break. The distinction of Knighthood, so deservedly conferred upon him in 1892, the testimony borne by the Government of Madras to his eminent services to the State, and the loving tribute of honor and respect paid by his learned colleagues of the Bench and Advocates of the Bar, proved, beyond all doubt, the appreciation on all sides, of the brilliant judicial career of one who so ably filled the High Court Bench.

Lord Colin Campbell died of pneumonia at Bombay on Tuesday, 18th June. Lord Colin was the fifth son of the Duke of Argyll, and sat for some years in the House of Commons as member for Argyllshire. He was a man of considerable natural ability and a good understanding, but his career was wrecked in the Divorce Court. The hearing of the cross-petitions for a divorce, filed by him and Lady Colin Campbell, formed the *cause célèbre* of the law Courts in 1886. This case lasted nineteen days, and in the end both petitions were dismissed, the jury finding that on neither side were the charges proved. Lord Colin Campbell subsequently left England to practise at the Bombay bar.

Major Stuart Alexander Menzies, of the 3rd (Militia) battalion of the Royal Irish Rifles, met with a terrible death on Friday night, June 21, near Holywood encampment, County Down. While he was riding down Craigavad Hill on his bicycle, he lost control of the machine and dashed into a van proceeding towards Bangor. The force of the collision was such that Major Menzies was thrown some yards from the machine, and when taken up he was dead, his neck having been broken. Major Menzies was formerly a Captain in the Seaforth Highlanders. He served with the 92nd Highlanders in the Afghan War in 1879-80, and was present in the engagement at Charasiab on October 6, 1879, and subsequent pursuit of the enemy; in the operations around Cabul in December 1879, including the investment of Sherpore; and in the engagement at Charasiab on April 25, 1880; accompanied Sir Frederick Roberts in the march to Candahar, and was present at the reconnaissance on August 31, and in the battle of Candahar was severely wounded. For his services he received a medal with three clasps and bronze decoration. The deceased officer also served with the 92nd Highlanders in the Boer War of 1881.

Mr. H. F. Clogstoun, C.S.I.—The Honorable Mr. H. F. Clogstoun died at his residence at home on the 27th September. Mr. Herbert Frederick Clogstoun joined the Civil Service in 1864. He passed in Telugu in 1865 and in Tamil in 1866. His first substantive appointment was Assistant Collector and Magistrate at Nellore, and in that capacity he was appointed successively to Madras, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kistna, Bellary, Madras, Vizagapatam and Trichinopoly between 1866 and 1870, but during that time he officiated also in various other capacities, among others as Assistant Collector and Magistrate on special duty at the Red Hills, as Assistant Superintendent of Police in the Kistna and Cuddapah Districts, and as Head Assistant Collector and Magistrate in Madras. In 1871 he passed the Higher Proficiency Test in Tamil, and while still holding the substantive appointment of Assistant Collector and Magistrate, officiated as Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement in 1892 and 1893. From 1876 to 1878 he was placed on special duty in connection with State Relief Works in Kurnool, being appointed subsequently to the Head Assistant Collectorship of that district, and officiating as Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement. About the middle of 1878 he took a year and seven months' furlough to Europe, and on his return was appointed to officiate as Principal Assistant Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor at Vizagapatam. He officiated as Joint Sessions Judge of "Rump cases," and the same year was

placed on the Enrolled List in the Finance Department of Bengal with the substantive appointment of Assistant Accountant-General, Madras. After officiating as Accountant-General in Madras during 1880, he received the additional appointment of Commissioner of the Department of Issue of State Paper Currency in 1881, and in 1887 officiated as Comptroller and Auditor-General and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency. The following year he went on furlough to Europe for eighteen months, and on his return in 1889 was appointed Fourth Member of the Board of Revenue, and Commissioner of Revenue Settlement and Director of Land Records and Agriculture, officiating at the same time as Third Member of the Board of Revenue. In 1890 he officiated as Second Member of the Board, subsequently receiving the substantive appointment of Third Member and officiating as First Member. In 1893 he was appointed an Additional Member of Council. He took three months' privilege leave, and the same year received the decoration of the Companionship of the Star of India. He was placed on special duty to attend the Agricultural Conference at Simla in October, 1893, and the following month was appointed Second Member of the Board of Revenue. In December of the same year he was appointed an Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Government of India, and in January of the following year he was promoted to the appointment of First Member of the Board and officiated in the Council as an Additional Member. Mr. Clogston was placed on special duty in connection with the last threatened famine in Southern India, when his services received special recognition. His actual service amounted to about 27 years.

Mr. Robert Franck.—We regret to record the death, on 18th November, at his residence in Moore's Road, Nungambakam, of Mr. Robert Franck, at the advanced age of 76, the cause of death being sudden failure of the heart's action. The deceased gentleman rose early, as was his wont, and was preparing to attend the service at Christ Church, Mount Road, where he was a regular worshipper and a member of the select vestry, when a sudden faintness came over him and he fell to the floor. Assistance was immediately forthcoming, but it was found that life was extinct. The funeral took place at St. George's Cathedral, the grave being situated in the old cemetery, where several members of the deceased's family he buried. Although the weather was exceedingly inclement, the rain falling heavily throughout the sad ceremony, there was a fairly large gathering of mourners, including a few ladies. The service was conducted by the Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras and the Rev. M. B. Feast, incumbent of Christ Church. Since the death, some years ago, of his brother and former partner in business, Mr. Robert Franck had lived a very retired life, though he never diverged from the path of benevolence and charity which he had pursued from the commencement of his long and useful career in Madras. The removal now by death of the third and last of the three brothers Franck, who all won for themselves the respect and esteem of the whole community, will tend to obliterate another landmark, connecting the old and present conditions of life in Madras; but it will be long before the recured memory of Robert Franck fades away, and his good deeds cease to be recounted by the poor on whom he devoted such loving care, and to whom he always extended an abundance of practical sympathy.

Mr. Herbert William Foster, I.C.S. died at Gooty on the 23rd November. Mr. Foster, who had been in a weak state of health for some time past, went home on six months' furlough in March last. While in England he married, on the 11th ultimo, Miss Horsfall, a daughter of Mr. Alfred Horsfall, of Auchincroft, Dalkeith, N.B., and formerly, Lady's aide, and a niece of Mr. J. G. Horsfall, C.I.E., of the Civil Service. Mr. Foster returned to India with his bride by the S.S. *Pennarth*, which reached Bombay on Saturday, and he was travelling to Madras in order to resume the appointment of Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, to which Mr. Cowie, who had been acting for him, when he was attacked by a sudden illness, and expired at Gooty. The late Mr. Foster, who was educated at Balliol College, Oxford, joined the Service in September, and arrived in Madras in December, 1872. His first appointment was to Cuddapah, and from there he went to Bellary, Tanjore and Madras. He

served in Ganjam from the 30th March, 1885, to the 6th May, 1887, when he went on furlough to Europe on medical certificate for fifteen months. During the eighteen months immediately following his return to duty, he was again in Ganjam, with the exception of a few months passed in Tanjore. In February, 1890, he was appointed Acting Registrar of the High Court, Appellate Side, and in the following December he was confirmed in the appointment.

Kerala Varma, the Eleya Rajah of Travancore, died at Travandrum on the night of the 6th December. To His Highness the Maharajah, who was down at Madras to see the Viceroy, this unexpected calamity must have been extremely painful. The deceased prince was the eldest son of the late Junior Rane of Travancore, Her Highness' other sons being Rama Varma, the first prince, and Marthanda Varma, the second prince. The deceased prince was born on the 20th of August, 1864, so that at the time of his death he was thirty-one years old. There are several melancholy circumstances in the life of this unfortunate prince, whose end came so prematurely. He was treated as a pet by the penultimate Maharajah, who was noted for his genial kindness and suavity of manners. He could speak English fluently and with a fine accent, but for the tendency which he betrayed while still young, of disregarding restraints which elderly wisdom imposed, he should have proved one of the most popular of princes. But he latterly showed symptoms of mental derangement which culminated in his death.

Dr. Louis Pasteur.—Few great men live long enough to realise that they are famous; Dr. Louis Pasteur, however, has survived just long enough for this purpose, and no more. Born in 1822, Louis Pasteur entered the University of Jena in 1840, and took the degree of Doctor in 1847, and was appointed Professor of Physics at the Faculty of Sciences, Strasburg, in 1848. Between that date and 1869 he filled several important scientific appointments and reaped much honour by his researches. From 1869 to 1882 he lectured much and wrote more, receiving from his grateful country the decoration of the Legion of Honour and a life annuity of 12,000 francs. In 1882 he was received into the French Academy and delivered a panegyric on Mr. Littré, to whose chair he succeeded. But his real fame came later, when his theories regarding prevention of disease by inoculation became the discussion of the scientific world. These theories he has sought to demonstrate by practical experiments in the case of hydrophobia at his Institutes in Paris and Spain, and the number of his disciples has been steadily growing; but despite the results which he claims to have achieved, unbelief is strong, and scepticism still rampant. The prevention of cholera by inoculations is another of Dr. Pasteur's discoveries, and our readers will still have fresh in their memories the exertions of Dr. Haffkine in England to popularise this theory and to make experiments. On December 27th, 1892, Dr. Pasteur's seventieth birthday was enthusiastically celebrated before a representative official assembly at St. Germain, and only a few weeks before the third anniversary of that date, he bid good-bye to his friends and his scoffers. That the criticisms to which his work has all along been subjected and the virulence of the attacks made on his statements must have been extremely painful to a man like Dr. Pasteur, cannot be doubted, and perhaps but for these he would have lived to see the desire of his heart satisfied and his theories accepted wherever science held sway.

The Nawab of Radhanpur.—The death of his Highness Bismilla Khan Bah, Nawab of Radhanpur, took place on December 26. For some time past his Highness had been suffering from heart disease and was under treatment. The Nawab showed symptoms of improvement for a time, and it was hoped that he would recover. These hopes were, however, doomed to disappointment. His Highness Bismilla Khan was an amiable and courtly Chief. He enjoyed the friendship of Lord Reay and Lord Harris, by both of whom he was highly esteemed. In May last he made a tour to Mahaleshwar and formed the acquaintance of his Excellency Lord Sandhurst,

His Highness stayed at Poon for about a month and found the climate of the Deccan beneficial to his health. Heavy rains having set in at Poon, he made his way to his capital. The Nawab was a Chief of generous instincts, and a loyal and devoted feudatory of the Paramount Power. In memory of Lord Harris he had decided to devote funds towards the erection of a clock-tower in Radhanagar. This structure is in course of construction, and it will probably be completed before the next rainy season. He moreover set apart a sum of Rs. 7,000, or thereabouts, for the purpose of enabling a Muhomedan gentleman to proceed to England and qualify himself for the medical profession. Every Political Superintendent of Palnagar, whose business brought him in contact with the Nawab, bore testimony to his good nature and his refined and courteous manners. His ideas as to the manner in which his State should be governed were excellent, but ill-health disabled him from carrying them into the practical work of administration. The Nawab did valuable service during the Mutiny by placing a number of parties at the disposal of the British Government for carrying baggage. He was fifty-three years of age. He enjoyed the status of a first-class Chief with full civil and criminal powers over all but British subjects. He held a sanad of adoption and was entitled to a salute of 11 guns and a guard-of-honour. His State paid no tribute to the British Government. The Nawab leaves two sons, the elder of whom, Prince Mahomed Sher Khanji, is about eleven years old, and the younger about seven years of age. A week before his death his Highness had submitted to Government a scheme for the better government of his State during and after his life-time. The scheme proposes a Council of Administration under the presidency of the Nawab. How far his proposals will commend themselves to the approval of Government in the construction of a minority administration, remains to be seen.

Mr. H. B. Grigg, M.A., C.I.E., Madras—The announcement of the death, at Bellgherry, Cochin, on Friday the 6th April, of Mr. H. B. Grigg, British Resident in Travancore and Cochin, the late Director of Public Instruction, Madras, was received with the deepest regret. Mr. Grigg was taken ill about the last week in March, and the fever from which he was suffering, taking a typhoid form, terminated fatally, notwithstanding that the best medical aid was brought into requisition.

Though Mr. Grigg has rendered eminent services in connection directly with the Indian Civil Service,—for from the very commencement of his career he was marked out as one of the most promising officials,—still his name, in future, will chiefly be associated with the important reforms that he was able to carry out in the Educational Department during the twelve years that he was at its head. It was from the position of Under Secretary to Government that Mr. Grigg was raised, on the 1st of July 1883, to that of Director of Public Instruction, and Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations, in succession of the claims of two eminent educationalists—Messrs. Thompson and Porter. Mr. Grigg had taken an enthusiastic interest in education even before he was called upon to fill the post of Director of Public Instruction, for when he was, in 1863, Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, he was, at his own request, appointed Acting Inspector of Schools, which appointment he filled with marked success for more than a year. He had also, later on, excellent opportunities of acquainting himself thoroughly with the working of the Educational Department, when he was appointed Under Secretary to Government in the Public Department, in 1877. It is also interesting to know that Mr. Grigg had no small share in the framing of Acts III and IV of 1874 and the passing of these Acts it is that has given so immense impetus to Primary education, by placing it under the direct control of Local Boards and Municipalities.

PART I.—CALENDAR.

THE CALENDAR FOR THE YEAR 1896.

(LEAP YEAR.)

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES.

CHRONOLOGICAL NOTES.

Golden Number	16	Dominical Letter	E-D
Epoct	15	Roman Indiction	9
Solar Cycle	1	Julian Period	6609

EXPLANATION OF CHRONOLOGICAL CYCLES AND ERAS.

The *Golden Number* is that which any given year holds in the lunar cycle, which is a period of 19 years, at the lapse of which the phases of the moon take place on the same day of the months respectively as at the commencement of the cycle. Therefore while the sun performs its annual course 19 times, the courses of the moon amount to 235. In the ancient calendar this number was inscribed on a tablet set up in the market-place of Athens in letters of gold, hence the term *Golden Number*. It was likewise called the *Prime*, because it pointed out the first day of the new moon, *primum lune*.

The *Epoct* is the number of days of the lunar cycle, over and above all the complete courses of the moon for any number of years, hence the number indicates the age of the moon at the beginning of the year.

The *solar cycle* is a period of 98 years, which, owing to leap year, must necessarily elapse before the days of the month can return respectively to the same days of the week as at the commencement of the cycle. The first year of the Christian Era was the tenth year of this cycle.

The *Dominical Letter* is that letter of the alphabet which points out in the calendar the Sundays throughout the year, thence also called the *Sunday Letter* or *Dies Dominica*.

Roman Indiction was a period of 15 years, instituted by Constantine the Great in A.D. 312, for levying certain taxes upon the subjects of his empire. The Popes since the time of Charlemagne have dated their acts by the year of the indiction which was fixed on the 1st of January.

The *Julian Period* embraces 7980 years, and is produced by multiplying into each other the solar cycle (28), the lunar cycle (19), and the cycle of the Indiction (15). This period is reckoned from 709 years before the usual date fixed upon for the creation; at a time when the three cycles are supposed to have commenced together; a circumstance which cannot take place again until A.D. 3267, or the lapse of the entire period.

This style was contrived by Joseph Juste Scaliger in A.D. 1583, for chronological purposes, and is assumed as a fixed era in the calculations of all Astronomers and Chronologists. It is of great importance as the standard or general receptacle of all other epochs, periods and cycles: "into this, as into a large ocean, all the stream of time discharge themselves, without losing their character, and if historians had recorded the number of each cycle in each year respectively, there would have been no dispute about the date of any event in past ages."

GREGORIAN CALENDAR OR NEW STYLE.

Up to 1582 the length of the year as computed by Julius Caesar in B.C. 45 consisted of 365 days and 6 hours, but as the true length of a solar year is only 365 days, 5 hours and nearly 49 minutes, this calculation had produced an error amounting to 10 days. Consequently Pope Gregory XIII—hence the calendar was called Gregorian—undertook in 1582 to rectify that error by making the year to consist of 365 days, ten days between the 4th and 15th October were struck out, and the 8th was reckoned as the 15th October. According to this style the ordinary year is to consist of 365 days, but the year 1584 and every fourth year afterwards termed leap year to contain 366 days, and the centuries 1700, 1800, 1900, 2100, and so on for those centuries which are not divisible by 400 are to be reckoned, not as leap years, but as ordinary years of 365 days only.

The new style has been gradually adopted throughout Europe, except in Russia, countries in which the Greek Church is the Established Religion.

In Great Britain the new style was adopted in 1752, by that time the error had amounted to 11 days; it was therefore enacted that September 3 of that year should be reckoned as September 14. During the present century, supposing the new style had not been adopted, the error would be 19 days, and this difference must therefore be allowed in Russian and Greek dates. Thus a Russian bill, dated March 2, must be reckoned as dated March 14.

ANNIVERSARIES, &c.

Queen's Proclamation assuming the title of "The Empress of India"	Wed. Jan. 1
Marriage of Queen Victoria	Mon. Feb. 10
Birth of Princess Louise	Wed. Mar. 18
Birth of Princess Beatrice	Thurs. Apr. 14
Birth of Prince Arthur	Fri. May 1
Birth of Empress Victoria	Sun. May 24
Birth of Princess Helena	Mon. May 25
Accession of Queen Victoria	Sat. June 20
Proclamation of Queen Victoria	Sun. June 21
Coronation of Queen Victoria	Sun. June 28
Birth of Prince Alfred	Thurs. Aug. 6
Queen's Proclamation assuming the Government of India from East India Company	Thurs. Nov. 2
Birth of Prince of Wales	Mon. Nov. 9
Birth of Princess Royal	Sat. Nov. 21

HINDU, MAHOMEDAN, AND JEWISH ERAS.

The year 4998 of the Hindu Era of Kalyugam commences on March 15th, 1896.

The year 1954 of the Hindu Era of Vikramam commences, in the Madras Provinces on March 15th, 1896, and in the Provinces of Guzerat, Deccan and Cochin, it commences on November 6th, 1896.

The year 1814 of the Hindu Era of Shalvasham commences on March 15th, 1896.

The year 30 of Bimbapathi Manam Bharmaki commences on April 12th, 1896.

The year 1072 of the Hindu Era of Colham Andu in the Malabar Provinces commences on August 15th, 1896.

The year 1314 of the Mahomedan Era of Hegira commences on June 13th, 1896.

The year 1396 of Fakh commences on July 1st, 1896.

The year 5657 of the Jewish Era commences on September 8th, 1896.

The year 1393 of the Hindu Bengali, Bellahassan Era in the Bengal Provinces commences on March 15th, 1896.

Ramzan (Month of Abstinence, observed by the Turks) commences on February 15th, 1896.

FIXED AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS.

Epiphany	Mon. Jan. 6	Negation Sunday	Sun. May 10
Septuagesima Sunday	Sun. Feb. 2	Ascension Day (Holy Trinity day)	Thurs. May 14
Sexagesima Sunday	Sun. Feb. 2	Pentecost (Whit Sunday)	Sun. May 24
Quinquagesima (Shrove Sunday)	Sun. Feb. 16	Trinity Sunday	Sun. May 31
Ash Wednesday	Wed. Feb. 19	Corpus Christi	Thurs. June 4
Quadragesima (1st Sunday in Lent)	Sun. Feb. 23	St. John the Baptist (Midsummer Day)	Wed. June 24
St. David	Sun. Mar. 1	St. Michael (Michaelmas Day)	Thurs. Sept. 29
St. Patrick	Tues. Mar. 17	All Saints' Day	Sun. Nov. 1
Annunciation (Lady Day)	Wed. Mar. 28	All Souls' Day	Mon. Nov. 2
Palm Sunday	Sun. Mar. 30	1st Sunday in Advent	Sun. Nov. 29
Good Friday	Fri. Apr. 3	St. Andrew	Mon. Nov. 30
Easter Sunday	Sun. Apr. 5	St. Thomas	Mon. Dec. 21
Low Sunday	Sun. Apr. 12	Christmas Day	Fri. Dec. 25
St. George	Thurs. Apr. 23		

PRINCIPAL HINDU FESTIVALS.

Aurudra Darsanam	Wed. Jan. 1	Tiru Aadi Param	Tues. Aug. 11
Bhogi Pundagai	Sun. Jan. 12	Audi Pundagai	Fri. Aug. 14
Tungai Pundagai	Mon. Jan. 15	Malayalam New Year's Day	Sat. Aug. 15
Tai Amavasya	Tues. Jan. 14	Vara Latchmi Vritham	Fri. Aug. 21
Ratha Saptami	Wed. Jan. 22	Rig Veda Upakaramam	Fri. Aug. 21
Tai Pusam	Wed. Jan. 28	Yajur Veda Upakaramam	Sun. Aug. 23
Maha Siva Ratri	Tues. Feb. 11	Gokula Astami	Mon. Aug. 31
Molagadi Serval at Tiruvattur	Thurs. Feb. 27	Sri Krishna Jayanthi	Mon. Aug. 31
Holi Pundagai	Fri. Feb. 28	Sama Veda Upakaramam	Wed. Sept. 1
Telugu New Year's Day	Sun. Mar. 15	Pillayar Chavuthi	Thurs. Sept. 10
Sri Rama Navami	Mon. Mar. 23	Avani Malam	Mon. Sept. 14
Radotsavam at Mylapore	Wed. Mar. 25	Anantha Chaturdasi	Sun. Sept. 20
Amavathimuvai at do.	Thurs. Mar. 26	Mahalaya Amavasya	Tues. Oct. 6
Punguni Uthiram	Sat. Mar. 28	Saraswathi Pujarambam	Wed. Oct. 7
Tamil New Year's Day	Sun. Apr. 12	Ayuda Puja	Thurs. Oct. 15
Narasimha Jayanthi	Sun. Apr. 25	Vijaya Dasami (Dasaia)	Thurs. Oct. 15
Garudotsavam of Trinitians	Tues. Apr. 28	Dipavali Pundagai	Wed. Nov. 4
Radotsavam at do.	Sat. May 2	Kathara Gowri Vritham	Wed. Nov. 4
Garudotsavam at Conjevaram	Mon. May 25	Bharani Deepam	Thurs. Nov. 10
Auni Amavasya	Fri. July 10	Krithika Deepam	Fri. Nov. 20
Gajendra Mochanam	Fri. July 24	Vishnu Deepam	Fri. Nov. 20
		Palkuda Ekadasi	Tues. Dec. 15
		Aurudra Darsanam	Mon. Dec. 21

NEW MOON OR AMAVASYA CEREMONIES OF THE HINDUS FOR 1896.

Month and Day.	Tamil Month and Date.	Month and Day.	Tamil Month and Date.
January..... 14, Tuesday	Tai..... 2	July..... 10, Friday	Audi..... 28
February..... 13, Thursday	Masi..... 3	August..... 3, Saturday	Audi..... 26
March..... 14, Saturday	Punguni..... 3	September..... 7, Monday	Avani..... 24
April..... 12, Sunday	Chittirai..... 1	October..... 6, Tuesday	Peruttasi..... 23
May..... 12, Tuesday	Vaigasi..... 1	November..... 5, Thursday	Alpasi..... 22
June..... 10, Wednesday	Vaigasi..... 30	December..... 4, Friday	Karthikai..... 21

KRITHIKA VRITHAM CEREMONIES.

January..... 24 April..... 15	July..... 6	October..... 23
February..... 21 May..... 18	August..... 3 and 30	November..... 20
March..... 19 June..... 2	September..... 26	December..... 17

EKADASI VRITHAM.

January..... 10 — 26	May..... 8 — 23	September..... 3 — 17
February..... 9 — 25	June..... 7 — 21	October..... 3 — 17
March..... 10 — 25	July..... 6 — 20	November..... 1 — 16
April..... 8 — 24	August..... 5 — 19	December..... 1, 15, 30

PRINCIPAL MAHOMEDAN FESTIVALS.

Yeedi Rajjub	Mon. Jan. 18	Slamon Farsi Ooroo	Fri. July 17
Shaba Barath	Thurs. Jan. 30	Peerpielvan's Ooroo	Wed. July 22
Ramzan	Sun. Feb. 16	Thara Thajee	Sat. July 25
Moul Ali's Ooroo	Mon. Mar. 2	Abkari Chahar-Chumba	Wed. Aug. 5
Lingam Pulli Ooroo	Wed. Mar. 4	Welaad-i-Shareef or Bara-wafat	Sat. Aug. 22
Yeedi Ramzan or Kutiba	Tues. Mar. 17	Yazaloom or Garven	Sat. Sept. 19
Bakraeth	Sun. May 24	Bathoo Shabeeb's Ooroo	Sun. Oct. 18
Sultan Abdul Amithkhan Ooroo	Wed. May 27	Kader Wallah's Ooroo	Mon. Nov. 16
Moharam	Sat. June 13	Shaw Niameth Alla Ooroo	Mon. Dec. 7
Shaw Ali Ulla Mahab Ooroo	Sat. July 11		

TABLE SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING MONTHS AND DAYS OF THE ENGLISH, (TAMIL AND MALAYALAM),
(TELUGU AND CANARESE) AND MAHOMEDAN CALENDAR FOR 1886.

English	Tamil	Malayalam	Telugu	Canarese	Mahomedan	Hindu Cycle											
						1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
JULY	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
AUGUST	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
SEPTEMBER	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
OCTOBER	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
NOVEMBER	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
DECEMBER	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6

NATIVE CALENDAR.

[PART I.]

CALENDAR.]

HINDU CYCLE.

HINDU CYCLE OF SIXTY YEARS.

KEY TO THE PRONUNCIATION.

a, as in Roman;—d, as in father;—i, as in it;—l, as in police;—u, as in push;—d, as in rude;—e, as in bee;—g, as in grey;—ai, as in aisle;—o, as in so;—ou, as ow in now.

No. 1.

Sidhanti	1799-1800	Virodhi	1820-1830
Randri	1800-1	Vikrati	1830-31
Darmati	1801-2	Khara	1831-32
Dundabhi	1802-3	Nandana	1832-33
Rudhirodgari	1803-4	Vijaya	1833-34
Raktakshi	1804-5	Jaya	1834-35
Krodhana	1805-6	Manmat'ha	1835-36
Akshaya	1806-7	Darmukhi	1836-37
Prabhava	1807-8	Hecilambi	1837-38
Vibhava	1808-9	Vilambi	1838-39
Shukla	1809-10	Vikari	1839-40
Pramodhuta	1810-11	Sharvari	1840-41
Prajapati	1811-12	Plava	1841-42
A'gras	1812-13	Shubhkruta	1842-43
Srimukha	1813-14	Shobhkruta	1843-44
Bhara	1814-15	Krochi	1844-45
Yava	1815-16	Vishwasa	1845-46
Dhata	1816-17	Parabhava	1846-47
Ishwara	1817-18	Plavunga	1847-48
Bahadharya	1818-19	Kilaka	1848-49
Pramadi	1819-20	Samya	1849-50
Vikrama	1820-21	Sadhana	1850-51
Vishu	1821-22	Viradikruti	1851-52
Chitrabhadra	1822-23	Paridhavi	1852-53
Swadhana	1823-24	Pramadicha	1853-54
Tharuna	1824-25	A'nanda	1854-55
Parthiva	1825-26	Rakshasa	1855-56
Vyaya	1826-27	Nala	1856-57
Sarvata	1827-28	Paingala	1857-58
Sarvadhari	1828-29	Kalayukti	1858-59

No. 2.

Sidhanti	1860-1860	Virodhi	1889-1890
Randri	1860-61	Vikrati	1890-91
Darmati	1861-62	Khara	1891-92
Dundabhi	1862-63	Nandana	1892-93
Rudhirodgari	1863-64	Vijaya	1893-94
Raktakshi	1864-65	Jaya	1894-95
Krodhana	1865-66	Manmat'ha	1895-96
Akshaya	1866-67	Darmukhi	1896-97
Prabhava	1867-68	Hecilambi	1897-98
Vibhava	1868-69	Vilambi	1898-99
Shukla	1869-70	Vikari	1899-1900
Pramodhuta	1870-71	Sharvari	1900-1
Prajapati	1871-72	Plava	1901-2
A'gras	1872-73	Shubhkruta	1902-3
Srimukha	1873-74	Shobhkruta	1903-4
Bhara	1874-75	Krochi	1904-5
Yava	1875-76	Vishwasa	1905-6
Dhata	1876-77	Parabhava	1906-7
Ishwara	1877-78	Plavunga	1907-8
Bahadharya	1878-79	Kilaka	1908-9
Pramadi	1879-80	Samya	1909-10
Vikrama	1880-81	Sadhana	1910-11
Vishu	1881-82	Viradikruti	1911-12
Chitrabhadra	1882-83	Paridhavi	1912-13
Swadhana	1883-84	Pramadicha	1913-14
Tharuna	1884-85	A'nanda	1914-15
Parthiva	1885-86	Rakshasa	1915-16
Vyaya	1886-87	Nala	1916-17
Sarvata	1887-88	Paingala	1917-18
Sarvadhari	1888-89	Kalayukti	1918-19

TABLE SHOWING THE MEAN TIME OF THE SUN'S CULMINATION FOR 1896 AT MADRAS.

DATE.	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
1	12 3 32	12 15 46	12 12 18	12 3 48	11 50 55	11 57 28	12 3 38	12 0 5	11 59 46	11 40 32	11 43 40	11 49 21
2	12 4 4	12 13 52	12 12 18	12 3 30	11 56 48	11 57 47	12 3 40	12 0 0	11 59 27	11 40 13	11 43 40	11 49 44
3	12 5 12	12 13 58	12 12 18	12 3 12	11 56 39	11 57 57	12 3 42	12 0 5	11 59 18	11 40 0	11 43 40	11 50 8
4	12 6 40	12 14 6	12 11 47	12 2 55	11 56 37	11 58 7	12 4 11	12 0 50	11 58 48	11 43 36	11 43 41	11 50 33
5	12 8 23	12 14 11	12 11 33	12 2 37	11 56 32	11 58 17	12 4 21	12 0 45	11 58 28	11 43 28	11 43 43	11 50 58
6	12 10 13	12 14 16	12 11 20	12 2 20	11 56 27	11 58 28	12 4 31	12 0 38	11 58 8	11 43 21	11 43 46	11 51 23
7	12 12 0 16	12 14 21	12 11 6	12 2 2	11 56 23	11 58 30	12 4 41	12 0 31	11 57 48	11 43 14	11 43 50	11 51 49
8	12 13 58	12 14 27	12 10 50	12 1 45	11 56 19	11 58 50	12 4 51	12 0 24	11 57 28	11 43 7	11 43 59	11 52 18
9	12 15 5	12 14 32	12 10 35	12 1 29	11 56 15	11 59 2	12 5 0	12 0 15	11 57 7	11 43 12	11 43 59	11 52 43
10	12 17 32	12 14 37	12 10 19	12 1 13	11 56 14	11 59 14	12 5 9	12 0 7	11 56 46	11 43 56	11 44 5	11 53 10
11	12 19 36	12 14 42	12 10 3	12 0 57	11 56 12	11 59 26	12 5 17	12 0 0	11 56 26	11 44 41	11 44 12	11 53 38
12	12 21 41	12 14 47	12 9 47	12 0 41	11 56 11	11 59 39	12 5 24	12 0 0	11 56 5	11 44 26	11 44 20	11 54 6
13	12 23 46	12 14 52	12 9 30	12 0 26	11 56 10	11 59 51	12 5 31	12 0 0	11 55 44	11 44 12	11 44 20	11 54 35
14	12 25 51	12 14 57	12 9 13	12 0 11	11 56 10	12 0 4	12 5 38	12 0 0	11 55 32	11 44 0	11 44 28	11 55 4
15	12 27 56	12 15 2	12 8 57	12 0 0	11 56 10	12 0 17	12 5 45	12 0 0	11 55 1	11 43 45	11 44 18	11 55 32
16	12 29 58	12 15 7	12 8 40	11 59 41	11 56 11	12 0 30	12 5 50	12 0 0	11 54 40	11 43 32	11 44 59	11 56 2
17	12 31 10	12 15 12	12 8 23	11 59 27	11 56 13	12 0 43	12 5 56	12 0 0	11 54 19	11 43 20	11 45 11	11 56 31
18	12 32 16	12 15 17	12 8 6	11 59 14	11 56 15	12 0 55	12 6 0	12 0 0	11 53 58	11 43 9	11 45 24	11 57 0
19	12 33 18	12 15 22	12 7 49	11 59 1	11 56 18	12 1 8	12 6 4	12 0 0	11 53 36	11 44 58	11 45 38	11 57 30
20	12 34 19	12 15 27	12 7 32	11 58 48	11 56 21	12 1 21	12 6 8	12 0 0	11 53 15	11 44 47	11 45 52	11 58 0
21	12 35 21	12 15 32	12 7 15	11 58 35	11 56 25	12 1 34	12 6 11	12 0 0	11 52 54	11 44 38	11 46 7	11 58 30
22	12 36 23	12 15 37	12 6 58	11 58 23	11 56 29	12 1 47	12 6 15	12 0 0	11 52 33	11 44 29	11 46 23	11 59 0
23	12 37 25	12 15 42	12 6 41	11 58 12	11 56 34	12 2 0	12 6 18	12 0 0	11 52 12	11 44 21	11 46 40	11 59 30
24	12 38 27	12 15 47	12 6 24	11 58 0	11 56 39	12 2 13	12 6 22	12 0 0	11 51 51	11 44 13	11 46 57	12 0 0
25	12 39 29	12 15 52	12 6 7	11 57 50	11 56 46	12 2 25	12 6 25	12 0 0	11 51 31	11 44 6	11 47 16	12 0 29
26	12 40 31	12 15 57	12 5 50	11 57 40	11 56 51	12 2 38	12 6 28	12 0 0	11 51 10	11 44 0	11 47 34	12 0 59
27	12 41 33	12 16 2	12 5 33	11 57 30	11 56 57	12 2 50	12 6 31	12 0 0	11 50 50	11 43 55	11 47 54	12 1 28
28	12 42 35	12 16 7	12 5 16	11 57 21	11 57 4	12 3 2	12 6 35	12 0 0	11 50 30	11 43 50	11 48 15	12 1 58
29	12 43 37	12 16 12	12 4 59	11 57 12	11 57 12	12 3 14	12 6 38	12 0 0	11 50 10	11 43 44	11 48 36	12 2 27
30	12 44 39	12 16 17	12 4 42	11 57 4	11 57 20	12 3 26	12 6 41	12 0 0	11 49 51	11 43 41	11 48 58	12 2 56
31	12 45 41	12 16 22	12 4 25	11 57 4	11 57 29	12 3 38	12 6 44	12 0 0	11 49 32	11 43 42	11 49 20	12 3 25

TABLE SHOWING THE EQUATION OF TIME FOR 1896, AT APPARENT NOON AT MADRAS.

	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
1	12 3 32	12 13 43	12 12 26	12 3 48	11 3 44	11 2 22	11 3 38	11 6 5	11 0 14	10 28	10 20	10 30
2	12 4 4	12 13 52	12 12 13	12 3 30	11 3 17	11 2 18	11 3 49	11 5 0	10 33	10 47	16 20	10 16
3	12 5 12	12 13 58	12 12 0	12 3 12	11 3 12	11 2 3	11 4 0	11 5 26	10 58	11 6	16 26	9 52
4	12 6 40	12 14 6	12 11 47	12 2 55	11 3 23	11 1 43	11 4 21	11 5 45	11 12	11 24	16 19	9 27
5	12 8 23	12 14 11	12 11 33	12 2 37	11 3 28	11 1 38	11 4 31	11 5 38	11 92	11 41	16 17	9 32
6	12 10 13	12 14 16	12 11 20	12 2 20	11 3 33	11 1 32	11 4 41	11 5 41	11 52	12 68	16 14	9 37
7	12 12 0 16	12 14 21	12 11 6	12 2 2	11 3 37	11 1 21	11 4 51	11 5 24	12 12	12 16	16 10	9 44
8	12 13 58	12 14 27	12 10 50	12 1 45	11 3 41	11 0 58	11 5 15	11 5 15	12 32	12 32	16 5	7 17
9	12 15 5	12 14 32	12 10 35	12 1 29	11 3 44	11 0 46	11 5 5	11 5 7	12 53	13 48	16 1	7 17
10	12 17 32	12 14 37	12 10 19	12 1 13	11 3 45	11 0 45	11 5 9	11 5 7	13 14	13 4	15 55	6 50
11	12 19 36	12 14 42	12 10 3	12 0 57	11 3 45	11 0 54	11 5 17	11 4 57	13 34	13 19	15 45	6 32
12	12 21 41	12 14 47	12 9 47	12 0 41	11 3 49	11 0 21	11 5 24	11 4 47	13 55	13 34	15 40	5 54
13	12 23 46	12 14 52	12 9 30	12 0 26	11 3 50	11 0 9	11 5 31	11 4 37	14 16	14 48	15 31	5 25
14	12 25 51	12 14 57	12 9 13	12 0 11	11 3 50	11 0 4	11 5 33	11 4 36	14 37	14 32	15 32	4 56
15	12 27 56	12 15 2	12 8 57	12 0 0	11 3 50	11 0 17	11 5 45	11 4 34	14 59	14 15	15 12	4 28
16	12 29 58	12 15 7	12 8 40	11 59 41	11 3 49	11 0 30	11 5 50	11 4 32	15 20	14 28	15 1	3 58
17	12 31 10	12 15 12	12 8 23	11 59 27	11 3 47	11 0 42	11 5 58	11 4 36	15 41	14 40	15 1	3 29
18	12 32 16	12 15 17	12 8 6	11 59 14	11 3 45	11 0 55	11 6 0	11 4 38	15 41	14 61	14 36	3 0
19	12 33 18	12 15 22	12 7 49	11 59 1	11 3 42	11 8	11 6 4	11 4 33	16 34	15 2	14 22	2 30
20	12 34 19	12 15 27	12 7 32	11 58 48	11 3 35	11 1 21	11 6 8	11 4 33	16 45	15 13	14 3	2 0
21	12 35 21	12 15 32	12 7 15	11 58 35	11 3 35	11 1 34	11 6 11	11 2 54	17 6	15 23	13 53	1 30
22	12 36 23	12 15 37	12 6 58	11 58 23	11 3 31	11 1 47	11 6 13	11 2 39	17 27	15 31	13 37	1 0
23	12 37 25	12 15 42	12 6 41	11 58 12	11 3 28	11 2 0	11 6 15	11 2 26	17 48	15 39	13 20	0 80
24	12 38 27	12 15 47	12 6 24	11 58 0	11 3 21	11 2 13	11 6 16	11 2 17	17 48	15 47	13 3	0 0
25	12 39 29	12 15 52	12 6 7	11 57 50	11 3 15	11 2 25	11 6 17	11 2 11	18 3	15 54	12 46	0 23
26	12 40 31	12 15 57	12 5 50	11 57 40	11 3 9	11 2 38	11 6 17	11 2 4	18 23	15 59	12 46	0 59
27	12 41 33	12 16 2	12 5 33	11 57 30	11 3 4	11 2 50	11 6 16	11 1 17	19 30	16 6	12 4	1 28
28	12 42 35	12 16 7	12 5 16	11 57 21	11 3 28	11 3 2	11 6 16	11 0 59	19 36	16 10	11 45	1 58
29	12 43 37	12 16 12	12 4 59	11 57 12	11 3 24	11 3 14	11 6 13	11 0 41	19 50	16 13	11 24	2 32
30	12 44 39	12 16 17	12 4 42	11 57 4	11 3 20	11 3 26	11 6 11	11 0 23	20 9	16 16	11 2	2 56
31	12 45 41	12 16 22	12 4 25	11 57 4	11 3 21	11 3 38	11 6 8	11 0 5	20 9	16 18	11 2	3 25

RISING AND SETTING OF THE FIVE PRINCIPAL PLANETS
AT MADRAS FOR 1896.

Month and Days.	MERCURY.		VENUS.		MARS.		JUPITER.		SATURN.	
	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	After	Morn.	Morn.	After.
1896.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.
Jan. 1	6 59	6 2	3 14	2 35	4 34	3 40	7 34	8 19	2 34	2 2
11	7 27	6 43	3 25	2 45	4 26	3 33	6 53	7 35	1 58	1 26
21	7 41	7 9	3 37	2 53	4 19	3 29	6 5	6 51	1 21	0 49
31	7 19	6 56	3 50	3 4	4 12	3 22	5 20	6 8	0 44	0 12
Feb. 10	6 10	5 41	4 3	3 17	4 3	3 15	4 35	5 21	After	Morn.
20	5 7	4 35	4 15	3 31	3 56	3 4	3 50	4 39	11 24	10 56
Mar. 1	4 46	4 12	4 34	3 44	3 45	3 2	3 7	8 56	10 44	10 16
11	4 47	4 15	4 31	3 57	3 37	2 55	2 30	9 14	10 5	9 37
21	4 57	4 33	4 36	4 10	3 37	2 49	1 45	2 34	9 24	8 56
31	5 12	4 58	4 46	4 20	3 16	2 42	1 6	1 54	8 43	8 15
April 10	5 27	5 37	4 41	4 31	3 3	2 35	0 28	1 16	8 1	7 34
20	5 54	6 22	4 37	4 45	2 51	2 27	Morn.	0 33	7 18	6 32
30	6 28	7 10	4 38	4 56	2 38	2 16	11 16	After.	6 36	6 10
May 10	6 55	7 47	4 42	5 6	2 34	2 10	10 43	11 25	5 54	5 28
20	7 2	7 54	4 45	5 18	2 9	2 2	10 9	10 51	5 12	4 46
30	6 29	7 23	4 52	5 32	1 53	1 36	9 36	10 18	4 30	4 4
June 9	5 47	6 29	5 2	5 46	25	1 47	9 5	9 45	3 48	3 22
19	4 54	5 28	5 13	6 1	1 21	1 37	8 33	9 13	3 6	2 41
29	4 17	4 57	5 26	6 16	1 6	1 36	8 3	8 41	2 25	2 1
July 9	4 15	4 59	5 41	6 29	0 51	1 17	7 32	8 10	1 45	1 21
19	4 43	5 21	6 56	6 40	0 46	1 6	7 2	7 38	1 6	0 42
29	5 24	6 13	6 11	6 49	0 21	0 35	6 32	7 6	Morn.	After.
Aug 1	6 23	6 55	6 24	6 56	0 6	0 43	6 1	6 35	11 50	11 20
11	6 58	7 16	6 37	6 59	After.	0 30	5 32	6 4	11 12	10 42
21	7 21	7 23	6 47	7 1	11 32	0 13	5 2	5 32	10 35	10 5
Sept 7	7 38	7 32	6 58	7 0	11 14	Morn.	4 31	5 1	9 58	9 28
17	7 58	7 14	7 12	6 58	10 54	11 42	4 1	4 29	9 22	8 52
27	7 14	6 46	7 23	7 1	10 32	11 21	3 39	3 56	8 48	8 16
Oct. 7	6 8	5 46	7 34	7 4	10 7	10 30	2 58	3 24	8 12	7 40
17	4 57	4 47	7 47	7 9	9 37	10 29	2 26	2 30	7 37	7 5
27	4 45	4 33	8 2	7 17	9 4	9 58	1 54	2 19	7 4	6 30
Nov. 6	5 6	4 44	8 17	7 27	8 24	9 22	1 21	1 43	6 29	5 55
16	5 36	5 0	8 34	7 40	7 36	8 37	0 49	1 8	5 55	5 31
26	6 3	5 19	8 46	7 55	6 47	7 46	0 12	0 32	5 21	4 45
Dec. 5	6 35	5 43	9 0	8 10	8 50	6 32	After.	Morn.	4 46	4 10
15	7 0	6 12	9 8	8 24	4 54	5 53	10 54	11 18	4 13	3 36
25	7 34	6 42	9 15	8 37	4 1	5 1	10 13	10 39	3 37	3 1
31	7 48	6 57	9 17	8 42	3 26	4 35	9 58	10 13	3 20	2 42

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES OBSERVABLE AT MADRAS
FOR 1896.

1896.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellites	Pheno- mena.	1896.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellites	Pheno- mena.
Jan. 3	A. M. S. After.	I	Disap.	April 3	A. M. S. After.	II	Reap.
5	10 38 41	I	"	4	11 3 1	I	"
10	9 40 52	I	"	18	7 27 23	I	"
13	1 14 23 Morn.	II	"	17	9 3 10	III	"
16	5 15 22	I	"	20	9 22 51	I	"
17	11 43 50 After.	I	"	24	9 30 32	III	Disap.
20	8 50 0 Morn.	I	"	28	6 53 45	II	Reap.
26	10 21 59 After.	I	Reap.	30	7 21 11	IV	Disap.
30	1 4 24 Morn.	III	"				
30	10 33 28 After.	II	"	May 5	9 28 32	II	Reap.
				6	7 42 36	I	"
				13	9 38 2	I	"
Feb. 3	0 16 24 Morn.	I	"	17	6 9 47	IV	"
7	1 9 2	II	"	29	7 57 40	I	"
10	2 10 54	I	"	30	6 29 40	II	"
11	8 39 36 After.	I	"	30	9 3 26	III	"
14	3 44 34 Morn.	II	"	5			
18	10 34 22 After.	I	"	Sept. 15	5 15 52 Morn.	III	Disap.
23	7 8 24	IV	Disap.				
	11 43 26	IV	Reap.	Oct. 28	5 3 50	III	"
24	7 37 50	II	"				
26	0 29 16 Morn.	I	"	Nov. 10	3 2 21	II	"
27	6 58 2 After.	I	"	12	2 24 14	I	"
				19	4 18 12	I	"
				28	0 38 21	I	"
Mar. 2	10 18 12	II	"	Dec. 3	0 51 12	III	"
5	8 58 6	I	"				
	9 3 6	III	"	4	21 25	III	Reap.
10	0 48 31 Morn.	II	"	5	2 31 15	I	Disap.
12	9 31 9 After.	III	Disap.	10	4 48 35	III	"
12	10 47 15	I	Reap.	12	2 43 4	II	"
20	0 43 30 Morn.	I	"				
21	7 12 16 After.	I	"	19	4 24 9	I	"
27	7 16 29	II	"	21	5 19 5	I	"
28	9 7 36	I	"	21	0 45 18	I	"
				28	2 38 16	I	"

ECLIPSES IN THE YEAR 1896.

In the year 1896 there will be two eclipses of the sun and two of the moon.

- I. February 13th, Thursday.—An annular eclipse of the sun, invisible in India. The line of central eclipse lies almost entirely in the Antarctic Sea and South Atlantic Ocean, but touches Africa near the Cape of Good Hope.
- II. February 23th and 24th, Friday and Saturday.—A partial eclipse of the moon, visible at Madras.

	A. M.	P. M.
First contact with penumbra on 23th.	10 37	
First contact with shadow	11 57	
Middle of eclipse on 24th	1 7	A.M.
Last contact with shadow	2 36	
Last contact with penumbra	3 37	

Magnitude of the eclipse (moon's diameter = 1) 0.87.

The first contact with the shadow, 85° from the north point of the moon's limb towards the east; the last contact 30° towards the west.

III. August 9th, Sunday.—A total eclipse of the sun, invisible in India. The central line passes through the north of Norway, Siberia and the north of Japan.

IV. August 23rd, Sunday.—A partial eclipse of the moon, invisible in India.

PLANETARY PHENOMENA, 1896.

MERCURY will be an evening star until February 8th; a morning star till April 18th; an evening star till June 19th; a morning star till July 31st; an evening star till October 8th; a morning star till November 28th; and an evening star for the rest of the year. Its diameter varies from 4.8" to 12" according to the distance from the earth. When the sun is between the earth and Mercury, he appears perfectly round but very small, not more than 4.8" in diameter; but when in the opposite portion of his orbit, he represents the form of a slender and brilliant crescent, nearly 12" in diameter.

VENUS will be a morning star until July 9th, and an evening star for the rest of the year. She is the most brilliant of all the planets; her light, which is of a yellowish-white colour, being at certain times so lustrous as to cast a sensible shadow. When seen before sunrise, she was called by the ancients the morning star, and when she shone in the evenings, the evening star. The orbit of Venus lies between those of Mercury and the earth. A revolution is completed in 224.7 days. She will be in superior conjunction on July 9th and in perihelion on July 23rd.

MARS will be in perihelion on June 15th with an apparent diameter of 6.6"; in quadrature to the sun on 1st September with an apparent diameter of 9.3" and stationary on November 2nd. Two moons were found to be in attendance on it in 1877, but they are very small and quite invisible except under favourable conditions and with a large telescope. He is in conjunction with Neptune on September 22nd and in opposition to the sun on December 11th with an apparent diameter of 16.9".

JUPITER will be a morning star until January 24th; an evening star until August 12th; and a morning star for the rest of the year. It is in opposition to the sun on January 24th with an apparent diameter of 42.5"; stationary on March 25th and December 28th; in quadrature on April 19th and on December 1st; in conjunction with the sun on August 12th and in conjunction with a Leonis on September 19th. Four of its satellites are visible with very slight telescopic power, but the fifth, which was discovered by Professor Barnard, can be seen only with a very powerful telescope. His interesting belts and the phenomena of his four satellites are well worthy of examination. Any good pocket telescope will, if steadily supported, render the satellites visible and their eclipses observable.

SATURN will be a morning star until November 13th; and an evening star for the rest of the year. It is in quadrature to the sun on February 8th and August 4th; stationary on February 27th and July 16th; in opposition to the sun on May 6th with an apparent diameter of 17"; and in conjunction with the sun on November 13th; and also in conjunction with Uranus on December 24th. The beautiful system of rings, which surround it, renders Saturn one of the most attractive objects in the heavens. Saturn is attended by eight satellites, five of which may be readily seen with any good telescope, but the remaining three require the best constructed instrument.

URANUS is in quadrature to the sun on February 13th and 12th August; stationary on 28th February and on 29th July; in opposition to the sun on May 19th; in right ascension 154.21h; and south declination 18° 8', when it may be seen as a star of the sixth magnitude; and will be in conjunction with the sun on November 16th. He has four satellites.

NEPTUNE will be stationary on February 20th and September 23rd; in quadrature to the sun on March 5th and September 12th; in conjunction with the sun on June 8th; and in opposition to the sun on December 10th, in right ascension 54.12h, and north declination 21° 38'. Only one satellite has been yet discovered.

More than 400 planets between Mars and Jupiter are now known, all but four of which have been discovered within the last 50 years. The only one ever visible to the unaided sight is Vesta, which has at times a brilliancy equal to a star of the 5th magnitude.

*CHRISTIAN CALENDAR FROM 1820 TO 1999, NEW STYLE.

Centuries, or 1800 and 1900, are shown in two separate columns.

THE LEAP YEARS ARE PRINTED IN ITALIC FIGURES AND HAVE TWO DOMINICAL LETTERS.

Thus—1820, 24, 28, &c., and 1904, 08, 12, &c.

YEARS.		Dominical Letters.	Jan.	Oct.	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
1800	1900		May.		B	C	D	E	F	G	A
			August.		C	D	E	F	G	A	B
			Feb. Mar. Nov.		D	E	F	G	A	B	C
			June.		E	F	G	A	B	C	D
			Sept. Dec.		F	G	A	B	C	D	E
			April, July.		G	A	B	C	D	E	F
20 48 76	76 48 20	BA	1 8 15 22 29	Sun	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	
21 48 77	00 48 21	AB	2 9 16 23 30	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	
22 50 78	18 48 22	GC	3 10 17 24 31	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	
23 51 79	19 47 23	ED	4 11 18 25	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	
24 53 80	20 48 24	FE	5 12 19 26	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	Fr.	
25 53 81	21 49 25	FD	6 13 20 27	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	Sat.	
26 54 82	22 50 26	AE	7 14 21 28	Sat.	Fr.	Th.	Wed.	Tu.	Mon.	Sun.	
27 55 83	23 51 27	AG									
28 56 84	24 52 28	AF									
29 57 85	25 53 29	GD									
30 58 86	26 54 30	CE									
31 59 87	27 55 31	DE									
32 60 88	28 56 32	AE									
33 61 89	01 29 57	BF									
34 62 90	02 30 58	CE									
35 63 91	03 31 59	DE									
36 64 92	04 32 00	CE									
37 65 93	05 33 01	BF									
38 66 94	06 34 02	AG									
39 67 95	07 35 03	AF									
40 68 96	08 36 04	ED									
41 69 97	09 37 05	GC									
42 70 98	10 38 06	AB									
43 71 99	11 39 07	AC									
44 72	12 40 08	GC									
45 73	13 41 09	FE									
46 74	14 42 10	ED									
47 75	15 43 11	CE									

Explanation.—Look for the last two figures of the year under the century, or last two figures in the first part of the table, and opposite it will be found the Dominical Letter. When there are two letters together, the first is for January and February, the second for the rest of the year. In a line with the month, in the second part of the table, find the Dominical Letter of the year, and, down the same column with the letter find the day of the week, when the figures on the left will give the days of the month. Thus for the Mondays in January 1896: Opposite 96 under 1800 in the third column is E D in the eighth, in a line with January find E D and descend the column to "Mon."—On the left are 6, 13, 20 and 27, the required dates.

DAY OF THE YEAR CORRESPONDING TO THE LAST DAY OF EACH MONTH

Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	April.	May.	June.	July.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
31	59	90	120	151	181	212	243	273	304	334	365

To find the day of the year for any given date. For example: To find the age of the 14th day of February 1896. Take from this table the age of the last day of January 31, and add 14—total 45. In leap-years add 1 day after February.

*The Christian era, so much in universal use, is not of apostolic, or even of early origin. It is that which was fixed upon by Dionysius Exiguus in the Sixth Century, and is proved to be erroneous by the fact that it places the birth of Christ no less than four years after the death of Herod—of the Herod who, when Christ was born, sought to destroy him. Kepler by astronomical and Chronological calculations placed the birth of Jesus in the year 748 A.U.C. or 6 B.C. (vide "Approaching End of the Age," by H. G. Guinness, 1880, pages 519-20.)

ORIENTAL NAMES OF THE WEEK-DAYS.

English.	Gujarati.	Marathi.	Cannara.	Hindustani.
Sunday.	Raviwar or Aditiwar.	Raviwar or Aditiwar.	Adityavara.	Aik-shumbah.
Monday.	Somwar.	Somwar.	Somavara.	Thow-shumbah.
Tuesday.	Mangalwar.	Mangalwar.	Mangalavara.	Say-shumbah.
Wednesday.	Budhwar.	Budhwar.	Budhavara.	Chahar-shumbah.
Thursday.	Krishnapatwar or Gururwar.	Gururwar or Krishnapatwar.	Guruvara.	Punj-shumbah.
Friday.	Shukrawar.	Shukrawar.	Shukravara.	Jumah.
Saturday.	Shaniwar.	Shaniwar or Mandwar.	Shanivara.	Shumbah.

ORIENTAL NAMES OF THE MONTHS.

Month.	Tamil.	Bengali.	Arabic.	Gujarati.	Hindustani.
Chaitra.*	Chaitra.	Chaitra.	Chaitra.	Chaitra.	Ramaband-mulark.
Vaisakhi.	Vaisakhi.	Vaisakhi.	Vaisakhi.	Vaisakhi.	Shival-mulark.
Jyeshth.	Jyeshth.	Jyeshth.	Jyeshth.	Jyeshth.	Shival-mulark.
Asadhi.	Asadhi.	Asadhi.	Asadhi.	Asadhi.	Shival-mulark.
Saravali.	Saravali.	Saravali.	Saravali.	Saravali.	Shival-mulark.
Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shival-mulark.
Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shival-mulark.
Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shravan.	Shival-mulark.
Kartik.*	Kartik.	Kartik.	Kartik.	Kartik.	Shival-mulark.
Margashir.	Margashir.	Margashir.	Margashir.	Margashir.	Shival-mulark.
Poush.	Poush.	Poush.	Poush.	Poush.	Shival-mulark.
Magha.	Magha.	Magha.	Magha.	Magha.	Shival-mulark.
Phalgun.	Phalgun.	Phalgun.	Phalgun.	Phalgun.	Shival-mulark.

* According to the Shukla year.

† Shival-mulark is with Kartik Shukla 1st or Purnima.

A TABLE OF THE NUMBER OF DAYS FROM ANY DAY IN ONE MONTH TO THE SAME IN ANY OTHER MONTH IN ORDINARY YEARS.

	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May.	Jun.	Jul.	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.
January	365	31	59	89	119	150	181	212	242	273	304	334
February	334	365	28	58	88	118	149	180	211	241	272	303
March	303	272	365	31	60	90	121	151	182	212	243	273
April	273	242	211	365	30	59	89	119	150	181	212	242
May	242	211	180	149	365	29	58	88	118	149	180	211
June	211	180	149	118	88	365	28	57	87	117	148	179
July	180	149	118	87	57	28	365	27	56	86	116	147
August	149	118	87	56	27	27	27	365	26	55	85	115
September	118	87	56	27	26	26	26	26	365	25	54	84
October	87	56	27	26	25	25	25	25	25	365	24	53
November	56	27	26	25	24	24	24	24	24	24	365	23
December	27	26	25	24	23	23	23	23	23	23	23	365

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter	d. h. m.	7 8 46 After.	☽ First Quarter	d. h. m.	23 8 3 Morn.
☾ New Moon	15 3 40 Morn.		☾ Full Moon	30 2 16 After.	
☾ Perigee	4 9 — Morn.		☾ Apogee	20 10 — Morn.	

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON.		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	—	Morn.
1	Wed	19	Assumed title of Empress, 1879.	6 24	5 43	6 21	Morn.	6 12
2	Thur	20	CIRCUMCISION.—QUEEN VICTORIA	6 25	5 44	7 24	1	7 38
3	Fri	21	Calcutta captured, 1757.	6 26	5 45	8 25	1	8 29
4	Sat	22		6 26	5 45	9 23	2	9 16
5	SUN	23	2ND SUNDAY AFTER CHRISTMAS	6 26	5 46	10 19	3	10 0
6	Mon	24	EPIPHANY	6 26	5 46	11 18	4	10 49
7	Tues	25	Cabul Massacre, 1842.	6 26	5 47	Morn.	5	20 11 23
8	Wed	26	St. Stephen	6 27	5 47	0	8	6 9 After.
9	Thur	27		6 27	5 48	1	4	6 59 0 51
10	Fri	28	Cape of Good Hope captured, 1806.	6 27	5 48	2	2	7 52 1 40
11	Sat	29	Capture of Trincomalee, 1705.	6 27	5 49	3	2	8 46 2 32
12	SUN	30	1ST SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY	6 28	5 50	4	1	9 45 3 28
13	Mon	1	St. Hilary	6 28	5 50	4	59 10	42 1 26
14	Tues	2	Prince Albert Victor of Wales died, '92.	6 28	5 51	5	54 11	38 5 23
15	Wed	3	Madras University opened, 1853.	6 28	5 51	6	43	After, 6 18
16	Thur	4	Battle of Corunna, 1809.	6 28	5 52	7	28 1	18 7 10
17	Fri	5		6 28	5 52	8	8	2 7 53
18	Sat	6	St. Prisca	6 29	5 53	8	45 2	44 8 45
19	SUN	7	2ND SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY	6 29	5 53	9	20 3	23 9 30
20	Mon	8	St. Fabian	6 29	5 54	9	53 4	210 14
21	Tues	9	St. Agnes	6 29	5 54	10	27 4	42 11 0
22	Wed	10	St. Vincent	6 29	5 55	11	2 5	22 11 46
23	Thur	11	Duke of Saxe-Coburg married, 1874.	6 29	5 55	After, 6	6	Morn.
24	Fri	12	Mutiny at Barrackpore, 1857.	6 29	5 55	0	21 6	53 0 36
25	Sat	13	Conversion of St. Paul.—Princess Royal	6 29	5 56	1	7 7	45 1 26
26	SUN	14	3RD SUNDAY AFTER EPIPHANY	6 29	5 57	2	0 8	41 2 36
27	Mon	15		6 29	5 57	2	58 9	41 3 24
28	Tues	16	Battle of Aliwall, 1846.	6 29	5 58	4	9 10	42 4 24
29	Wed	17		6 28	5 58	5	5 11	42 5 23
30	Thur	18	Mangalore re-taken by Tipu, 1781.	6 28	5 59	6	8	Morn. 6 16
31	Fri	19	Vellore Mutiny, 1807.	6 28	5 59	7	8 0	53 7 7

PHENOMENA.

d. h.		
Jan. 1 12	Midnight.—Sun in Perigee.	
2 10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.	Moon 1 53 N.
10 6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.	Moon 7 81 S.
11 4	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.	Moon 7 36 S.
12 4	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.	Moon 4 35 S.
16 1	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.	Moon 6 32 S.
24 12	Moon.—Mercury at greatest elongation.	18 31 E.
24 7	After.—Jupiter in opposition to the sun : App. dia. 42°.	
30 2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.	Moon 2 4 N.
30 12	Moon.—Mercury stationary.	

PHASES OF THE MOON.

d. h. m.	d. h. m.
☾ Last Quarter..... 6 3.59 Morn.	☽ First Quarter..... 22 4.47 Morn.
☾ New Moon..... 13 9.34 After.	☾ Full Moon..... 29 1.12 Morn.

☾ Perigee..... 1 7 — Morn.	☾ Perigee..... 29 4 — After.
☾ Apogee..... 17 1 — Morn.	

Day of Month	Day of Week	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
				d. m.	d. m.	d. m.	d. m.	d. m.
1 Sat		30	Mysore State Railway opened, 1891.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
2 SUN		31	SIXTH SUNDAY.—Purification of the B. V. Mary.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
3 Mon		1	St. Basil.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
4 Tues		2	Battle of Nangpa, 1819.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
5 Wed		3	Bishop Grier died, 1897.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
6 Thurs		4	Thomas Carlyle died, 1881.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
7 Fri		5	Perennial Consensus, 1897.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
8 Sat		6	Lord Mayo assassinated, 1st Fort Blair.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
9 SUN		7	SIXTH SUNDAY.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
10 Mon		8	Queen Victoria married, 1840.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
11 Tues		9		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
12 Wed		10		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
13 Thurs		11	English Revolution, 1688.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
14 Fri		12	St. Valentine.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
15 Sat		13	Treaty of Lahore, 1846.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
16 SUN		14	QUINTESIMAL (SUNDAY).	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
17 Mon		15	Battle of Moscow (Rain), 1812.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
18 Tues		16	Lothar died, 1844.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
19 Wed		17	ASH WEDNESDAY.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
20 Thurs		18	Bangalore captured, 1791.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
21 Fri		19	Battle of Gunda, 1849.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
22 Sat		20	Sir Charles Lyell died, 1875.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
23 SUN		21	QUADRAGESIMA (1st SUNDAY IN LENT).	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
24 Mon		22	St. Matthew.	6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
25 Tues		23		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
26 Wed		24		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
27 Thurs		25		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
28 Fri		26		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52
29 Sat		27		6 28	3 59	8 8	1 32	7 52

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
Feb. 6 7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.	Moon	7 40 S.
8 6	Morn.—Saturn in quadrature to the sun.	App. dia. 16°.	
8 11	After.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.		
10 1	Morn.—Venus in conjunction with Mars.	Venus	1 38 N.
10 12	Sonn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.	Moon	3 27 S.
10 1	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.	Moon	3 8 S.
12 11	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.	Moon	5 41 S.
13	—Solar eclipse invisible in India.		
20 11	After.—Mercury stationary: App. dia. 9°.		
26 8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.	Moon	2 18 N.
27 5	After.—Saturn stationary: App. dia. 16°.		
28	—Lunar eclipse, visible at Madras. See page 11.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

d. h. m.	d. h. m.
☾ Last Quarter..... 6 4.50 After.	☽ First Quarter..... 23 5.18 After.
☾ New Moon..... 14 4 5 After.	☾ Full Moon..... 29 10 43 Morn.

☾ Apogee..... 15 6 — Morn.	☾ Perigee..... 29 5 — Morn.
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Day of Month	Day of Week	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
				d. m.	d. m.	d. m.	d. m.	d. m.
1 SUN		20	2ND SUNDAY IN LENT.—St. David.	6 17	6 8	7 47	1 32	7 11
2 Mon		21	Attempt to assassinate the Queen, 1882.	6 17	6 8	7 47	1 32	7 11
3 Tues		22		6 16	6 8	7 46	1 32	7 11
4 Wed		23		6 16	6 8	7 46	1 32	7 11
5 Thurs		24		6 15	6 8	7 45	1 32	7 11
6 Fri		25	Battle with Tippe in Coorg, 1799.	6 14	6 8	7 44	1 32	7 11
7 Sat		26	St. Perpetua.—Siege of Bangalore, 1791.	6 14	6 8	7 44	1 32	7 11
8 SUN		27	3RD SUNDAY IN LENT.	6 13	6 9	7 43	1 32	7 11
9 Mon		28	Mr. Gladstone resigns, 1891.	6 13	6 9	7 43	1 32	7 11
10 Tues		29	Prince of Wales married, 1863.	6 12	6 9	7 42	1 32	7 11
11 Wed		30	Sir James Outram died, 1863.	6 11	6 9	7 41	1 32	7 11
12 Thurs		1	St. Gregory.—End of Nepal War, 1816.	6 11	6 9	7 41	1 32	7 11
13 Fri		2	Prince Arthur married, 1879.	6 10	6 9	7 40	1 32	7 11
14 Sat		3		6 9	6 9	7 39	1 32	7 11
15 SUN		4	4TH SUNDAY IN LENT.	6 9	6 9	7 38	1 32	7 11
16 Mon		5		6 8	6 9	7 37	1 32	7 11
17 Tues		6	St. Patrick.	6 7	6 9	7 36	1 32	7 11
18 Wed		7	Princess Louise born, 1848.	6 7	6 9	7 35	1 32	7 11
19 Thurs		8		6 6	6 9	7 34	1 32	7 11
20 Fri		9		6 5	6 9	7 33	1 32	7 11
21 Sat		10	St. Benedict.—Princess Louise m.	6 5	6 9	7 32	1 32	7 11
22 SUN		11	5TH SUNDAY IN LENT.	6 4	6 10	7 31	1 32	7 11
23 Mon		12		6 3	6 10	7 30	1 32	7 11
24 Tues		13	Battle of Hyderabad (Scinde), 1843.	6 3	6 10	7 29	1 32	7 11
25 Wed		14	Annunciation, S. V. M., (Lady Day).	6 2	6 10	7 28	1 32	7 11
26 Thurs		15	Duke of Cambridge born, 1819.	6 1	6 10	7 27	1 32	7 11
27 Fri		16	American Civil War began, 1861.	6 1	6 10	7 26	1 32	7 11
28 Sat		17	Prince Leopold died, 1884.	6 0	6 10	7 25	1 32	7 11
29 SUN		18	Palm Sunday.—Punjab annexed, 1849.	5 59	6 10	7 24	1 32	7 11
30 Mon		19	Russo-Persian Treaty ratified, 1882.	5 59	6 10	7 23	1 32	7 11
31 Tues		20		5 58	6 10	7 22	1 32	7 11

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
Mar. 3 13	After.—Mercury in descending node.		
4 8	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.	Moon	7 54 S.
5 12	Noon.—Neptune in quadrature to the sun.		
5 9	After.—Mercury at greatest elongation.		27 30 W.
10 12	Noon.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.	Moon	1 37 S.
11 7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.	Moon	0 35 S.
12 6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.	Moon	0 42 N.
13 5	Morn.—Mercury in aphelion.		
23 7	Morn.—Spring commences.		
24 4	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.	Moon	2 19 N.
5 25	Morn.—Jupiter stationary: App. dia. 35°.		

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter	d. h. m.	☽ First Quarter	d. h. m.
● New Moon	3 5 45 Morn.	○ Full Moon	21 4 8 Morn.
	13 9 44 Morn.		27 7 8 After.
☾ Apogee	11 8 — Morn.	☾ Perigee	26 2 — After.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
			Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
			Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Wed	21 Expedition against Alwar, 1867	5 57	6 10	9 38	2 41
2	Thur	22 Monday Thursday	5 57	6 10	10 37	3 21
3	Fri	23 GOOD FRIDAY—St. Richard	5 56	6 10	11 37	4 21
4	Sat	24 St. Andrew	5 55	6 11	Morn.	5 20
5	SUN	25 EASTER SUNDAY	5 55	6 11	0 32	6 16
6	Mon	26 Capital of Coorg taken, 1894	5 54	6 11	1 31	7 8
7	Tues	27 Prince Leopold born, 1863	5 53	6 11	2 5	7 55
8	Wed	28 Lord Bacon died, 1826	5 52	6 11	2 45	8 59
9	Thur	29 Annexation of Coorg, 1894	5 51	6 11	3 56	9 59
10	Fri		5 51	6 11	4 29	10 38
11	Sat		5 51	6 11	4 29	10 38
12	SUN	1st SUNDAY AFTER EASTER (Low Sunday)	5 50	6 11	5 3	11 18
13	Mon	2 Princess Beatrice born, 1857	5 49	6 11	6 30	11 58
14	Tues	3 Battle of Malour, 1815	5 48	6 11	6 56	1 28
15	Wed	4 First Railway opened at Bombay, '36	5 47	6 12	7 41	2 17
16	Thur	5 Benjamin Franklin died, 1790	5 46	6 12	8 30	3 10
17	Fri	6 Tania Topes executed at Sepru, '94	5 45	6 12	9 23	4 5
18	Sat		5 45	6 12	9 23	4 5
19	SUN	2nd SUNDAY AFTER EASTER—St. Al.	5 44	6 12	10 20	5 1
20	Mon	3 Spanish Fleet destroyed by Shaka, 1657	5 43	6 12	11 19	5 56
21	Tues	4	5 43	6 12	After	6 50
22	Wed	5 Demolishment of Odessa, 1852	5 42	6 12	1 15	7 42
23	Thur	6 St. George	5 41	6 12	2 18	8 32
24	Fri	7	5 41	6 12	3 8	9 22
25	Sat	8 St. Mark—Princess Alice born, 1843	5 40	6 12	4 7	10 14
26	SUN	9 3rd SUNDAY AFTER EASTER	5 40	6 13	5 6	11 7
27	Mon	10 Prince Leopold married, 1892	5 40	6 13	6 3	Morn.
28	Tues	11 Mutiny of the Bounty, 1789	5 40	6 13	7 12	0 54
29	Wed	12 Peace with Russia, 1856	5 40	6 13	8 13	1 2
30	Thur	13 Business Embassy reach Shaka, 1892	5 40	6 13	9 21	2 1

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
April 1 4	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Moon 7 52 S.
2 5	Morn.	Venus in aphelion	
3 7	After.	Moon in conjunction with Mars	Moon 0 53 N.
11 9	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Venus	Moon 4 12 N.
14 1	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon 5 30 N.
23 10	Morn.	Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.	
19 10	After.	Jupiter in quadrature to the sun: App. dia. 36°.	
21 1	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Moon 2 8 N.
21 9	After.	Mercury in ascending node.	
26 4	Morn.	Mercury in perihelion.	
26 12	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Moon 7 43 S.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter	d. h. m.	☽ First Quarter	d. h. m.
● New Moon	13 1 7 Morn.	○ Full Moon	27 3 18 Morn.
☾ Apogee	8 8 — After.	☾ Perigee	24 4 — After.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Remarkable Days, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
			Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
			Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Fri	20 SS. Philip and James—Prince Arthur born, 1850	5 40	6 14	10 20	3 5
2	Sat	21 Cyclone in Madras, 1872	5 40	6 14	11 14	4 4
3	SUN	22 4th SUNDAY AFTER EASTER	5 39	6 14	Morn.	4 59
4	Mon	23 Death of Tipu, 1799	5 39	6 14	0 1	5 50
5	Tues	24 Napoleon I. died, 1821	5 39	6 14	0 43	6 35
6	Wed	25 St. John, A. P. L.	5 38	6 14	1 21	7 18
7	Thur	26 Lt. Cavendish & Mr. Bourke sent '82	5 38	6 15	1 56	7 58
8	Fri	27 John Stuart Mill died, 1873	5 38	6 15	2 30	8 37
9	Sat		5 37	6 15	3 4	9 16
10	SUN	28 Rogation Sunday	5 37	6 15	3 38	9 57
11	Mon	29 Bangalore taken, 1824	5 37	6 15	4 14	10 29
12	Tues	1 Battle of Almaraz, 1813	5 37	6 15	4 54	11 24
13	Wed	2 Cession of Sarat, 1800	5 36	6 15	5 38	After
14	Thur	3 Ascension Day (Holy Thursday)	5 36	6 15	6 27	1 8
15	Fri	4 O'Connell died, 1847	5 36	6 16	7 19	2 1
16	Sat	5 Akbar Khan died, 1847	5 35	6 17	8 16	2 57
17	SUN	6 SUNDAY AFTER ASCENSION DAY	5 35	6 17	9 14	3 52
18	Mon	7	5 35	6 17	10 12	4 46
19	Tues	8 St. Dunstan, A. C.	5 35	6 18	11 9	5 37
20	Wed	9 Dr. W. Chandler died, 1838	5 35	6 18	After	6 27
21	Thur	10 Riots at Montreal, 1832	5 34	6 18	1 0	7 15
22	Fri	11	5 34	6 19	1 55	8 4
23	Sat	12	5 34	6 19	2 52	8 54
24	SUN	13 VICTORIA born, 1819	5 34	6 19	3 51	9 47
25	Mon	14 PENTECOST (Whit Sunday)—Empress	5 34	6 20	4 55	10 44
26	Tues	15 Whit Monday	5 34	6 20	5 37	11 45
27	Wed	16 Venerable Bede—of Canterbury	5 34	6 20	7 2	Morn.
28	Thur	17 Mutiny at Nusseerabad, 1857	5 34	6 20	8 4	0 47
29	Fri	18 Arctic Expedition left Portsmouth, '75	5 34	6 20	9 1	1 38
30	Sat	19 Massacre at Shahjehanpore, 1857	5 34	6 21	9 52	2 46
31	SUN	20 TRINITY SUNDAY	5 34	6 21	10 37	3 40

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
May 6 2	Morn.	Saturn in opposition to the sun: App. dia. 17°.	
7 9	After.	Moon in conjunction with Mars	Moon 3 37 N.
11 7	After.	Moon in conjunction with Venus	Moon 6 19 N.
12 12	Midnight	Uranus in opposition to the sun.	
14 11	After.	Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon 2 24 N.
15 9	After.	Mercury at greatest elongation	23 2 E.
18 12	Noon	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Moon 1 34 N.
25 7	After.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Moon 7 46 S.
29 6	After.	Mercury stationary: App. dia. 11°.	
29 11	After.	Mercury in descending node.	

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	☾ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.
☾ New Moon.....	11 2 4 After.	☾ Full Moon.....	25 0 16 After.
☾ Apogee.....	5 1 -- After.	☾ Perigee.....	30 9 -- After.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Mon	21	St. Nicomede.....	5 34	6 21	11 17	4 23
2	Tues	22	Garibaldi died, 1822.....	5 34	6 22	11 54	5 13
3	Wed	23	Duke of York born, 1835.....	5 34	6 22	Morn.	5 55
4	Thur	24	Corpus Christi.....	5 34	6 22	0 29	6 34
5	Fri	25	St. Boniface.....	5 34	6 23	1 2	7 13
6	Sat	26	.....	5 34	6 23	1 35	7 53
7	SUN	27	1st SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 34	6 23	2 12	8 35
8	Mon	28	Mahomet died, 632.....	5 34	6 23	2 51	9 19
9	Tues	29	Charles Dickens died, 1870.....	5 34	6 24	3 34	10 7
10	Wed	30	.....	5 34	6 24	4 21	10 38
11	Thur	31	St. Barnabas, Ap.....	5 35	6 24	5 12	11 33
12	Fri	1	Marine at Cavapote, 1857.....	5 35	6 25	6 2	12 34
13	Sat	2	Earl Rivers executed, 1883.....	5 35	6 25	7 7	1 47
14	SUN	3	2nd SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 35	6 25	8 7	2 42
15	Mon	4	Wat Tyler killed, 180.....	5 35	6 25	9 5	3 34
16	Tues	5	.....	5 35	6 25	10 1	4 23
17	Wed	6	St. Albans, M.....	5 35	6 25	10 56	5 13
18	Thur	7	Battle of Waterloo, 1815.....	5 35	6 26	11 50	6 0
19	Fri	8	Bihar Massacre, 1867.....	5 35	6 26	After.	6 49
20	Sat	9	Accession of QUEEN VICTORIA, 1837.....	5 35	6 27	1 44	7 40
21	SUN	10	3rd SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Procl.....	5 35	6 27	2 40	8 33
22	Mon	11	.....	5 37	6 27	3 45	9 31
23	Tues	12	.....	5 37	6 27	4 48	10 31
24	Wed	13	St. John the Baptist (Midsummer Day).....	5 37	6 27	5 47	11 32
25	Thur	14	.....	5 37	6 28	6 41	12 34
26	Fri	15	.....	5 37	6 28	7 41	1 38
27	Sat	16	Lord Lawrence died, 1879.....	5 38	6 28	8 50	2 38
28	SUN	17	4th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Coron.....	5 38	6 28	9 51	3 49
29	Mon	18	St. Peter, Ap.....	5 38	6 28	10 26	4 49
30	Tues	19	End of Second Burmah War, 1858.....	5 39	6 28	10 26	5 49

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
June 6	5	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon 6 48 N.
8	8	Morn.—Neptune in conjunction with the sun.	
10	7	After.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.	
10	11	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon 6 5 N.
12	10	After.—Mars in perihelion.	
15	2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 0 50 N.
15	5	Morn.—Neptune in conjunction with Mercury.....	Mercury 2 42 S.
15	4	After.—Neptune in conjunction with Venus.....	Venus 1 12 N.
21	3	Morn.—Summer commences.	
22	1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon 7 48 S.
22	1	After.—Mercury stationary: App. dia. 10'.	
30	11	Morn.—Neptune in conjunction with Mercury.....	Mercury 2 21

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	☾ First Quarter.....	d. h. m.
☾ New Moon.....	11 0 56 Morn.	☾ Full Moon.....	24 11 5 After.
☾ Apogee.....	3 8 -- Morn.	☾ Perigee.....	31 3 -- Morn.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
1	Wed	19	Princess Alice married, 1862.....	5 39	6 28	11 1	4 30
2	Thur	20	Vivication of B. V. Mary.....	5 39	6 29	11 35	5 19
3	Fri	21	.....	5 39	6 29	Morn.	5 49
4	Sat	22	Sir H. Lawrence died, 1857.....	5 40	6 29	0 10	6 30
			Helena B., 1896.....				
5	SUN	23	5th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—Princess.....	5 40	6 29	0 47	7 13
6	Mon	24	Duke of York married, 1833.....	5 40	6 29	1 27	7 59
7	Tues	25	Translation of St. Thomas a Becket.....	5 41	6 29	2 12	8 43
8	Wed	26	.....	5 41	6 29	3 2	9 42
9	Thur	27	.....	5 41	6 29	3 57	10 39
10	Fri	28	Vellore Mutiny, 1806.....	5 41	6 29	4 56	11 36
11	Sat	29	.....	5 42	6 29	5 55	After.
12	SUN	30	6th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 42	6 29	6 56	1 28
13	Mon	31	Alexandria burned by Arabi, 1882.....	5 42	6 29	7 54	2 20
14	Tues	1	.....	5 42	6 29	8 50	3 10
15	Wed	2	St. Basil.....	5 43	6 29	9 45	3 58
16	Thur	3	Massacre of Cavapote, 1857.....	5 43	6 29	10 41	4 47
17	Fri	4	French-Prussian War, commenced, 1870.....	5 43	6 29	11 37	5 36
18	Sat	5	.....	5 43	6 29	After.	6 28
19	SUN	6	7th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 44	6 28	1 35	7 22
20	Mon	7	St. Margaret, V. and M.....	5 44	6 28	2 35	8 22
21	Tues	8	.....	5 44	6 28	3 37	9 21
22	Wed	9	St. Mary Magdalene.....	5 45	6 28	4 37	10 21
23	Thur	10	Princess Beatrice married, 1885.....	5 45	6 28	5 32	11 17
24	Fri	11	.....	5 45	6 27	6 23	Morn.
25	Sat	12	St. James.....	5 45	6 27	7 6	0 10
26	SUN	13	8th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. John.....	5 46	6 27	7 47	0 59
27	Mon	14	St. Joseph of Arimathea.—French Rev.....	5 46	6 27	8 22	1 48
28	Tues	15	Battle of Pyrenees, 1813. [olution, 1830.....	5 46	6 26	8 59	2 23
29	Wed	16	1st Native Girls' School founded in.....	5 46	6 26	9 38	3 5
30	Thur	17	.....	5 47	6 26	10 7	3 45
31	Fri	18	.....	5 47	6 25	10 13	4 25

PHENOMENA.

d. h.			
July 4	3	Morn.—Sun in apogee.	
4	5	After.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....	31 13 W.
5	5	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon 6 56 N.
9	8	After.—Venus in superior conjunction with the sun.	
11	1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon 2 17 N.
12	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 0 22 N.
16	10	After.—Saturn stationary: App. dia. 16'.	
19	6	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon 7 50 S.
23	1	After.—Venus in perihelion.	
29	9	Morn.—Uranus stationary.	
31	10	After.—Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.	

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ Last Quarter.....	d. h. m.	☾ Full Moon.....	d. h. m.
☾ New Moon.....	1 11 57 After.	☾ Last Quarter.....	23 6 25 After.
☾ First Quarter.....	9 10 23 Morn.	☾ Last Quarter.....	31 4 15 After.
☾ Perigee.....	16 2 34 Morn.		
☾ Perigee.....	41 31 — After.	☾ Apogee.....	27 8 — After.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Transit day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.
1	Sat.	19	Lammas Day.....	5 47	6 25	11 22	5 7
2	SUN	20	9th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 25	Morn.	5 61
3	Mon	21	Mahmuda War commenced, 1803.....	5 47	6 25	0 4	6 37
4	Tues	22	.....	5 47	6 25	0 31	7 30
5	Wed	23	.....	5 47	6 25	1 44	8 25
6	Thurs	24	.....	5 47	6 25	2 40	9 25
7	Fri	25	.....	5 47	6 25	3 40	10 25
8	Sat	26	.....	5 47	6 25	4 41	11 25
9	SUN	27	10th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 25	5 45	After.
10	Mon	28	St. Lawrence.....	5 47	6 25	6 39	3 2
11	Tues	29	.....	5 47	6 25	7 37	4 53
12	Wed	30	.....	5 47	6 25	8 33	5 47
13	Thurs	31	.....	5 47	6 25	9 30	6 37
14	Fri	1	.....	5 47	6 25	10 28	7 31
15	Sat	2	.....	5 47	6 25	11 25	8 25
16	SUN	3	11th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 25	After.	6 15
17	Mon	4	.....	5 47	6 25	1 51	7 15
18	Tues	5	.....	5 47	6 25	2 51	8 11
19	Wed	6	.....	5 47	6 25	3 57	9 11
20	Thurs	7	.....	5 47	6 25	4 57	10 11
21	Fri	8	.....	5 47	6 25	5 54	11 20
22	Sat	9	.....	5 47	6 25	6 44	12 20
23	SUN	10	12th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 25	Morn.	5 37
24	Mon	11	.....	5 47	6 25	1 37	6 24
25	Tues	12	.....	5 47	6 25	2 32	7 10
26	Wed	13	.....	5 47	6 25	3 25	7 55
27	Thurs	14	.....	5 47	6 25	4 15	8 40
28	Fri	15	.....	5 47	6 25	5 10	9 27
29	Sat	16	.....	5 47	6 25	6 00	10 15
30	SUN	17	13th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 47	6 25	6 43	11 4
31	Mon	18	.....	5 47	6 25	7 32	11 52

PHENOMENA.

Aug.	d. h.	Event
3	3	Moon in conjunction with Mars..... Moon 7 0 N.
4	4	Moon in conjunction with Venus..... Venus 9 40 N.
10	10	After.—Saturn in quadrature to the sun: App. dia. 10".
8	8	Solar eclipse invisible in India.
7	7	Moon in conjunction with Mercury..... Moon 6 17 S.
2	2	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter..... Moon 6 16 S.
10	2	Moon in conjunction with Venus..... Moon 1 15 S.
10	4	Moon in conjunction with Mercury..... Moon 2 5 S.
12	2	After.—Jupiter in conjunction with the sun.
12	12	Moon in conjunction with Saturn..... Moon 7 47 S.
22	7	After.—Lunar eclipse, visible in India.
31	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars..... Moon 5 0 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ New Moon.....	d. h. m.	☾ Full Moon.....	d. h. m.
☾ First Quarter.....	15 3 31 Morn.	☾ Last Quarter.....	27 7 30 Morn.
☾ Perigee.....	3 1 — Morn.	☾ Apogee.....	24 8 — Morn.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Transit day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
				Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.
1	Tues	15	.....	5 50	6 10	Morn.	6 13
2	Wed	16	.....	5 50	6 8	1 24	7 8
3	Thurs	17	.....	5 50	6 8	2 23	8 6
4	Fri	18	.....	5 50	6 7	3 23	9 55
5	Sat	19	.....	5 50	6 6	4 23	10 48
6	SUN	20	14th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 5	5 21	11 40
7	Mon	21	.....	5 50	6 5	6 19	After.
8	Tues	22	.....	5 50	6 4	7 17	7 24
9	Wed	23	.....	5 50	6 3	8 15	8 11
10	Thurs	24	.....	5 50	6 3	9 13	9 2
11	Fri	25	.....	5 50	6 2	10 21	9 56
12	Sat	26	.....	5 50	6 1	11 24	10 51
13	SUN	27	15th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 1	After.	6 9
14	Mon	28	.....	5 50	6 1	1 23	7 7
15	Tues	29	.....	5 50	6 1	2 15	8 1
16	Wed	30	.....	5 50	6 1	3 15	9 1
17	Thurs	1	.....	5 50	6 1	4 15	10 1
18	Fri	2	.....	5 50	6 1	5 15	11 1
19	Sat	3	.....	5 50	6 1	6 15	12 1
20	SUN	4	16th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 1	7 15	1 1
21	Mon	5	.....	5 50	6 1	8 15	2 1
22	Tues	6	.....	5 50	6 1	9 15	3 1
23	Wed	7	.....	5 50	6 1	10 15	4 1
24	Thurs	8	.....	5 50	6 1	11 15	5 1
25	Fri	9	.....	5 50	6 1	12 15	6 1
26	Sat	10	.....	5 50	6 1	1 15	7 1
27	SUN	11	17th SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 50	6 1	2 15	8 1
28	Mon	12	.....	5 50	6 1	3 15	9 1
29	Tues	13	.....	5 50	6 1	4 15	10 1
30	Wed	14	.....	5 50	6 1	5 15	11 1

PHENOMENA.

Sept.	d. h.	Event
1	12	Noon.—Mars in quadrature to the sun: App. dia. 9".
6	11	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter..... Moon 6 55 S.
8	8	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus..... Moon 3 15 S.
9	5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury..... Moon 2 5 S.
11	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn..... Moon 7 55 S.
12	5	After.—Neptune in quadrature to the sun.
13	10	Morn.—Mercury at greatest elongation..... 26 35 E.
19	9	After.—Jupiter in conjunction with a Leonis..... Jupiter 9 20 N.
22	6	After.—Autumn commences.
23	1	Morn.—Neptune stationary.
26	3	After.—Mercury stationary: App. dia. 9".
29	2	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars..... Moon 5 0 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon.....	d. h. m.	7 3 39 Morn.	Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	21 9 38 After.
First Quarter.....	13 8 8 After.		Last Quarter.....	29 8 42 After.	
Perigee.....	7 10 — Morn.		Apogee.....	21 11 — Morn.	

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.	After.
1	Thur	17	St. Rephigius.....	5 51	5 48	8 2	3 25	3 45
2	Fri	18	.....	5 51	5 47	1 7	7 41	3 12
3	Sat	19	.....	5 51	5 47	2 5	8 33	2 30
4	SUN	20	18TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 51	5 46	3 2	9 25	3 45
5	Mon	21	.....	5 51	5 46	4 9	10 15	4 27
6	Tues	22	St. Fiac, V. and M.....	5 51	5 45	4 58	11 7	5 12
7	Wed	23	Nabot of the Carnatic died, 1855.....	5 51	5 44	5 58	After.	5 59
8	Thur	24	.....	5 51	5 44	7 0	0 36	6 40
9	Fri	25	St. Demys.....	5 51	5 43	8 1	1 55	7 44
10	Sat	26	.....	5 51	5 42	9 10	2 37	8 43
11	SUN	27	19TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 51	5 42	10 14	3 59	9 43
12	Mon	28	America discovered, 1492.....	5 51	5 41	11 15	4 39	10 44
13	Tues	29	.....	5 52	5 41	After.	5 36	11 41
14	Wed	30	Outback taken, 1893.....	5 52	5 40	0 59	6 18	Morn.
15	Thur	1	.....	5 52	5 40	1 43	7 35	0 39
16	Fri	2	Lord Palmerston died, 1865.....	5 52	5 39	2 23	8 19	1 30
17	Sat	3	St. Etheldreda.....	5 52	5 39	3 29	9 1	2 18
18	SUN	4	20TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. Luke the Evangelist.....	5 52	5 38	4 34	9 40	3 5
19	Mon	5	Dean Swift died, 1745.....	5 52	5 38	5 8	10 20	4 54
20	Tues	6	.....	5 53	5 37	5 42	11 0	5 35
21	Wed	7	Battle of Trafalgar, 1805.....	5 53	5 36	6 18	11 41	6 23
22	Thur	8	.....	5 53	5 36	6 36	Morn.	6 7
23	Fri	9	.....	5 53	5 35	6 39	0 35	6 50
24	Sat	10	King of Servia shot at, 1882.....	5 53	5 35	7 24	1 12	7 48
25	SUN	11	21ST SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. Crispin, M.....	5 54	5 35	8 14	2 2	8 40
26	Mon	12	.....	5 54	5 34	9 6	3 54	9 34
27	Tues	13	.....	5 54	5 34	10 2	4 47	10 26
28	Wed	14	St. Simon and Jude.....	5 54	5 33	10 53	5 40	11 17
29	Thur	15	.....	5 54	5 33	11 54	6 32	After.
30	Fri	16	.....	5 55	5 32	Morn.	0 21	0 51
31	Sat	17	Assumption of Myra by British, 1831.....	5 55	5 32	0 49	7 13	1 25

PHENOMENA.

d. h.		
Oct. 4 7	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 1 39 S.
8 11	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon 3 18 S.
9 7	Morn.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with the sun.	
9 11	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon 7 25 S.
9 1	After.—Venus in descending node.	
13 12	Midnight.—Mars in descending node.	
16 1	Morn.—Venus in conjunction with Saturn.....	Venus 2 25 S.
17 10	Morn.—Mercury stationary: App. dia. 3".	
19 11	Morn.—Uranus in conjunction with Venus.....	Venus 0 43 S.
24 7	After.—Mercury at greatest elongation.....	13 21 W.
26 9	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon 5 29 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon.....	d. h. m.	5 0 48 After.	Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	20 3 45 After.
First Quarter.....	12 11 2 Morn.		Last Quarter.....	28 8 3 Morn.	
Perigee.....	4 10 — After.		Apogee.....	17 2 — After.	

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Lunar day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON		
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Culm.	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	Morn.	After.
1	SUN	18	22ND SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—All Saints' Day.....	5 56	5 32	1 44	8 2	2 17
2	Mon	19	All Souls' Day.—Cabot Massacre, 1841.....	5 56	5 32	2 40	8 52	3 0
3	Tues	20	Queen's Proclamation assuring Govt. of India from E. I. Company.....	5 56	5 31	3 37	9 43	3 45
4	Wed	21	.....	5 56	5 31	4 38	10 37	4 33
5	Thur	22	Gunpowder Plot, 1605.....	5 57	5 31	5 41	11 35	5 26
6	Fri	23	St. Leonard.....	5 57	5 31	6 47	After.	6 24
7	Sat	24	Battle of Mooltan, 1848.....	5 57	5 30	7 54	1 40	7 26
8	SUN	25	23RD SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.....	5 58	5 30	8 59	2 44	8 29
9	Mon	26	Prince of Wales born, 1841.....	5 58	5 30	9 59	3 44	9 31
10	Tues	27	.....	5 59	5 30	10 52	4 40	10 20
11	Wed	28	St. Martin, Ep.....	5 59	5 30	11 39	5 31	11 24
12	Thur	29	Gilboa Centenary held, 1894.....	5 59	5 29	After.	6 15	Morn.
13	Fri	30	St. Brites, Ep.....	6 0	5 29	0 59	6 59	0 14
14	Sat	1	.....	6 0	5 29	1 34	7 39	1 2
15	SUN	2	24TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. Machutus, Ep.....	6 1	5 29	2 9	8 13	1 47
16	Mon	3	Sondan Expedition left Suez, 1882.....	6 1	5 29	2 42	8 59	2 32
17	Tues	4	St. Hugh.—Suez Canal opened, 1859.....	6 2	5 29	3 18	9 40	3 17
18	Wed	5	.....	6 2	5 29	3 56	10 23	4 4
19	Thur	6	.....	6 3	5 29	4 37	11 9	4 52
20	Fri	7	St. Edmund, K. and M.....	6 3	5 29	5 22	11 58	5 48
21	Sat	8	Princess Royal born, 1840.....	6 4	5 29	6 11	Morn.	6 36
22	SUN	9	25TH SUNDAY AFTER TRINITY.—St. Clement, Ep.....	6 4	5 29	7 3	0 50	7 30
23	Mon	10	St. Clement, Ep.....	6 5	5 29	7 57	1 43	8 23
24	Tues	11	Tasmania discovered, 1642.....	6 5	5 29	8 53	2 36	9 14
25	Wed	12	St. Katherine.....	6 6	5 29	9 48	3 29	10 6
26	Thur	13	.....	6 6	5 29	10 43	4 20	10 48
27	Fri	14	.....	6 7	5 29	11 36	5 9	11 31
28	Sat	15	.....	6 7	5 30	Morn.	5 46	After.
29	SUN	16	1ST SUNDAY IN ADVENT.....	6 8	5 30	0 30	6 44	0 54
30	Mon	17	St. Andrew, Ap. and M.....	6 8	5 30	1 24	7 32	1 36

PHENOMENA.

d. h.		
Nov. 1 1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 2 25 S.
3 12	Noon.—Mars stationary: App. dia. 14".	
4 5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moon 6 30 S.
6 3	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Moon 7 14 N.
7 9	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Moon 8 13 S.
13 7	After.—Saturn in conjunction with the sun.	
16 8	After.—Uranus in conjunction with the sun.	
20 1	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Saturn.....	Mercury 1 30 S.
21 10	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Uranus.....	Mercury 0 11 S.
22 10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Moon 2 3 N.
28 2	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Moon 2 8 S.
29 11	After.—Mercury in superior conjunction with the sun.	

MOON'S RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION AT NOON FOR EACH DAY OF THE MONTH FOR 1896.

Day of each Month.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	
R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.
1	7 11 8.56	33 N	8 2 13.58	23 S	8 2 13.58	21 S	15 23	21 S	2 2 2.2	0 N	18 6	9 N	28 7
2	8 12 23.11	32	13 2 13.58	22 S	8 2 13.58	20 S	16 24	22 S	3 3 3.3	1 N	19 7	10 N	29 8
3	9 13 38.18	31	14 2 13.58	23 S	8 2 13.58	19 S	17 25	23 S	4 4 4.4	2 N	20 8	11 N	30 9
4	10 14 53.15	30	15 2 13.58	24 S	8 2 13.58	18 S	18 26	24 S	5 5 5.5	3 N	21 9	12 N	31 10
5	11 16 8.18	29	16 2 13.58	25 S	8 2 13.58	17 S	19 27	25 S	6 6 6.6	4 N	22 10	13 N	1 11
6	12 17 23.11	28	17 2 13.58	26 S	8 2 13.58	16 S	20 28	26 S	7 7 7.7	5 N	23 11	14 N	2 12
7	13 18 38.18	27	18 2 13.58	27 S	8 2 13.58	15 S	21 29	27 S	8 8 8.8	6 N	24 12	15 N	3 13
8	14 19 53.15	26	19 2 13.58	28 S	8 2 13.58	14 S	22 30	28 S	9 9 9.9	7 N	25 1	16 N	4 14
9	15 20 8.18	25	20 2 13.58	29 S	8 2 13.58	13 S	23 31	29 S	10 10 10	8 N	26 2	17 N	5 15
10	16 21 23.11	24	21 2 13.58	30 S	8 2 13.58	12 S	24 32	30 S	11 11 11	9 N	27 3	18 N	6 16
11	17 22 38.18	23	22 2 13.58	31 S	8 2 13.58	11 S	25 33	31 S	12 12 12	10 N	28 4	19 N	7 17
12	18 23 53.15	22	23 2 13.58	32 S	8 2 13.58	10 S	26 34	32 S	13 13 13	11 N	29 5	20 N	8 18
13	19 24 8.18	21	24 2 13.58	33 S	8 2 13.58	9 S	27 35	33 S	14 14 14	12 N	30 6	21 N	9 19
14	20 25 23.11	20	25 2 13.58	34 S	8 2 13.58	8 S	28 36	34 S	15 15 15	13 N	31 7	22 N	10 20
15	21 26 38.18	19	26 2 13.58	35 S	8 2 13.58	7 S	29 37	35 S	16 16 16	14 N	32 8	23 N	11 21
16	22 27 53.15	18	27 2 13.58	36 S	8 2 13.58	6 S	30 38	36 S	17 17 17	15 N	33 9	24 N	12 22
17	23 28 8.18	17	28 2 13.58	37 S	8 2 13.58	5 S	31 39	37 S	18 18 18	16 N	34 10	25 N	13 23
18	24 29 23.11	16	29 2 13.58	38 S	8 2 13.58	4 S	32 40	38 S	19 19 19	17 N	35 11	26 N	14 24
19	25 30 38.18	15	30 2 13.58	39 S	8 2 13.58	3 S	33 41	39 S	20 20 20	18 N	36 12	27 N	15 25
20	26 31 53.15	14	31 2 13.58	40 S	8 2 13.58	2 S	34 42	40 S	21 21 21	19 N	37 13	28 N	16 26
21	27 32 8.18	13	32 2 13.58	41 S	8 2 13.58	1 S	35 43	41 S	22 22 22	20 N	38 14	29 N	17 27
22	28 33 23.11	12	33 2 13.58	42 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	36 44	42 S	23 23 23	21 N	39 15	30 N	18 28
23	29 34 38.18	11	34 2 13.58	43 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	37 45	43 S	24 24 24	22 N	40 16	31 N	19 29
24	30 35 53.15	10	35 2 13.58	44 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	38 46	44 S	25 25 25	23 N	41 17	32 N	20 30
25	31 36 8.18	9	36 2 13.58	45 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	39 47	45 S	26 26 26	24 N	42 18	33 N	21 31
26	32 37 23.11	8	37 2 13.58	46 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	40 48	46 S	27 27 27	25 N	43 19	34 N	22 32
27	33 38 38.18	7	38 2 13.58	47 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	41 49	47 S	28 28 28	26 N	44 20	35 N	23 33
28	34 39 53.15	6	39 2 13.58	48 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	42 50	48 S	29 29 29	27 N	45 21	36 N	24 34
29	35 40 8.18	5	40 2 13.58	49 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	43 51	49 S	30 30 30	28 N	46 22	37 N	25 35
30	36 41 23.11	4	41 2 13.58	50 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	44 52	50 S	31 31 31	29 N	47 23	38 N	26 36
31	37 42 38.18	3	42 2 13.58	51 S	8 2 13.58	0 S	45 53	51 S	32 32 32	30 N	48 24	39 N	27 37

THE SUN'S DECLINATION FOR 1896. APPARENT NOON AT GREENWICH.

Date.	JANUARY.			FEBRUARY.			MARCH.			APRIL.			MAY.			JUNE.		
	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.	Apparent Declination.	Hourly Variation.		
1	23 1	43 1	8 17	0	6 4	42 56	8	7 16	26 1	N. 4 56	58 5	57 46	N. 15 18	52 6	44 28	N. 22 5	57 1	19 67
2	22 56	36 7	16 51	56 0	43 89	43 89	6	8 33	27 2	57 43	57 43	57 43	15 39	42 4	44 24	22 17	57 3	18 70
3	22 51	28 8	15 34	27 9	44 82	44 82	6	9 50	28 3	57 40	57 40	57 40	15 56	35 7	44 20	22 31	57 5	17 73
4	22 45	17	14 18	16 43	44 75	44 75	6	11 7	29 4	57 38	57 38	57 38	16 11	28 8	44 16	22 45	58 1	16 76
5	22 38	33 5	13 3	30 9	46 45	46 45	5	12 24	30 5	57 35	57 35	57 35	16 28	21 9	44 12	22 58	58 3	15 79
6	22 31	38 3	11 46	20 8	46 38	46 38	5	13 41	31 6	57 32	57 32	57 32	16 45	14 1	44 8	23 11	58 5	14 82
7	22 24	16 4	10 30	45 9	46 31	46 31	4	14 58	32 7	57 29	57 29	57 29	17 2	5 2	44 4	23 24	59 1	13 85
8	22 16	27 9	9 13	2 0	46 24	46 24	4	16 15	33 8	57 26	57 26	57 26	17 18	5 0	44 0	23 37	59 3	12 88
9	22 8	10 1	8 0	45 3	46 17	46 17	3	17 32	34 9	57 23	57 23	57 23	17 35	4 2	43 56	23 50	59 5	11 91
10	21 50	52 2	6 43	27 4	46 10	46 10	3	18 49	35 10	57 20	57 20	57 20	17 52	3 4	43 52	24 3	60 1	10 94
11	21 40	25 4	5 26	17 4	46 3	46 3	3	20 8	36 11	57 17	57 17	57 17	18 9	2 6	43 48	24 16	60 3	9 97
12	21 30	53 1	4 9	51 5	46 27	46 27	3	21 10	37 12	57 14	57 14	57 14	18 26	1 8	43 44	24 29	60 5	8 100
13	21 20	53 5	2 42	1 9	46 20	46 20	2	22 27	38 13	57 11	57 11	57 11	18 43	1 0	43 40	25 12	60 7	7 103
14	21 10	52 9	1 25	42 3	50 94	50 94	2	23 44	39 14	57 8	57 8	57 8	19 0	0 2	43 36	25 25	60 9	6 106
15	21 0	45 7	0 8	11 6	53 46	53 46	1	24 61	40 15	57 5	57 5	57 5	19 17	0 4	43 32	26 8	60 11	5 109
16	20 50	38 2	0 21	2 4	56 58	56 58	1	25 78	41 16	57 2	57 2	57 2	19 34	0 6	43 28	26 21	60 13	4 112
17	20 40	28 6	0 34	23 3	59 45	59 45	1	26 95	42 17	57 0	57 0	57 0	19 51	0 8	43 24	27 4	60 15	3 115
18	20 30	19 3	0 47	34 9	52 35	52 35	0	27 12	43 18	56 57	56 57	56 57	20 8	1 0	43 20	28 17	60 17	2 118
19	20 20	10 7	0 59	45 1	53 56	53 56	0	28 29	44 19	56 54	56 54	56 54	20 25	1 2	43 16	29 30	60 19	1 121
20	20 10	1 1	1 10	56 3	55 79	55 79	0	29 46	45 20	56 51	56 51	56 51	20 42	1 4	43 12	30 43	60 21	0 124
21	19 50	42 9	0 21	67 5	54 20	54 20	0	30 63	46 21	56 48	56 48	56 48	20 59	1 6	43 8	31 56	60 23	0 127
22	19 40	12 4	0 32	78 7	54 60	54 60	0	31 80	47 22	56 45	56 45	56 45	21 16	1 8	43 4	32 69	60 25	0 130
23	19 30	26 0	0 43	89 9	53 99	53 99	0	32 97	48 23	56 42	56 42	56 42	21 33	2 0	43 0	33 82	60 27	0 133
24	19 15	6 1	0 54	99 1	53 44	53 44	0	34 14	49 24	56 39	56 39	56 39	21 50	2 2	42 56	34 95	60 29	0 136
25	19 0	21 1	1 5	109 3	56 01	56 01	0	35 31	50 25	56 36	56 36	56 36	22 7	2 4	42 52	35 18	60 31	0 139
26	18 45	33 3	1 16	119 5	56 43	56 43	0	36 48	51 26	56 33	56 33	56 33	22 24	2 6	42 48	36 31	60 33	0 142
27	18 30	19 2	1 27	129 7	56 82	56 82	0	37 65	52 27	56 30	56 30	56 30	22 41	2 8	42 44	37 44	60 35	0 145
28	18 15	4 3	1 38	139 9	56 81	56 81	0	38 82	53 28	56 27	56 27	56 27	22 58	3 0	42 40	38 57	60 37	0 148
29	18 0	14 3	1 49	149 1	53 56	53 56	0	39 99	54 29	56 24	56 24	56 24	23 15	3 2	42 36	39 70	60 39	0 151
30	17 45	29 4	1 59	159 3	53 57	53 57	0	41 16	55 30	56 21	56 21	56 21	23 32	3 4	42 32	40 83	60 41	0 154
31	17 35	58 7	2 10	169 5	54 20	54 20	0	42 33	56 31	56 18	56 18	56 18	23 49	3 6	42 28	41 96	60 43	0 157

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER, MONTHLY FALL AND NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual—
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1893	0.55	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.12	1.05	7.07	9.12	5.03	15.47	2.03	13.38	54.91
1894	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	2.30	7.33	0.93	13.76	18.48	2.43	47.99
1895	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	2.02	7.19	1.28	6.93	17.76	5.57	41.94
1896	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	1.47	4.17	9.47	8.70	11.93	17.00	51.89
1897	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.57	1.39	1.99	6.70	2.40	9.39	7.37	0.33	24.37
1898	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.15	7.50	4.50	6.36	10.28	4.98	0.32	41.49
1899	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.84	9.19	4.40	4.77	13.34	9.85	3.73	52.51
1900	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	5.70	5.94	12.13	13.00	7.36	1.63	44.10
1901	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.84	6.08	1.13	2.15	1.77	26.41	9.43	56.85
1902	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.87	2.71	7.58	2.19	18.18	28.98	5.67	73.97
1903	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	2.24	6.00	3.02	10.00	13.51	9.43	51.83
1904	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.76	6.15	2.45	0.23	21.50	10.30	5.57	52.90
1905	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	1.76	7.04	1.50	6.14	11.10	3.18	47.12
1906	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	3.77	6.00	8.36	5.10	6.30	9.11	21.60
1907	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	2.89	1.92	2.49	8.15	8.36	21.25	5.86	65.92
1908	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	4.80	6.02	6.07	8.33	2.10	1.63	28.65
1909	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	4.30	6.01	1.80	15.23	18.10	4.23	54.26
1910	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	4.10	4.90	1.50	8.62	17.29	7.77	61.80
1911	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	3.00	6.68	3.11	1.91	15.40	7.83	44.04
1912	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	3.27	6.62	1.77	7.67	29.25	0.10	50.20
1913	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	6.08	3.98	0.23	6.35	13.02	10.00	50.54
1914	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.55	1.22	1.11	13.06	12.12	14.41	78.92
1915	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.68	3.45	5.28	7.90	21.00	5.13	47.88
1916	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	5.91	2.67	0.85	10.79	11.05	8.25	47.75
1917	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	2.50	5.27	1.10	13.31	13.57	11.05	70.24

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAIN REGISTER, MONTHLY FALL AND NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS.

Year	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Annual.
	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	Inches.
1898	0.75	0.00	0.00	0.13	0.17	1.93	4.63	8.00	2.32	21.27	9.68	7.09	62.48
1899	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	5.57	4.36	5.86	7.47	5.08	11.86	43.99
1900	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.17	0.00	6.07	7.33	2.21	2.56	4.17	4.01	0.49	27.90
1901	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.49	0.20	1.00	3.41	2.16	13.42	4.87	5.29	30.46
1902	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	4.02	7.62	10.79	6.29	6.44	1.12	3.73	42.04
1903	0.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	2.50	5.27	1.10	13.31	13.57	11.05	70.24
1904	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	4.30	6.01	1.80	15.23	18.10	4.23	54.26
1905	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	4.10	4.90	1.50	8.62	17.29	7.77	61.80
1906	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	3.00	6.68	3.11	1.91	15.40	7.83	44.04
1907	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	3.27	6.62	1.77	7.67	29.25	0.10	50.20
1908	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	6.08	3.98	0.23	6.35	13.02	10.00	50.54
1909	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.55	1.22	1.11	13.06	12.12	14.41	78.92
1910	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.68	3.45	5.28	7.90	21.00	5.13	47.88
1911	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	5.91	2.67	0.85	10.79	11.05	8.25	47.75
1912	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	2.50	5.27	1.10	13.31	13.57	11.05	70.24

AVERAGE RESULTS OF THE PRECEDING EIGHTY YEARS.

Mean	0.58	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21
	0.58	0.26	0.29	0.28	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21	0.26	0.21
1893	0.40	0.02	0.00	0.00	0.12	1.05	7.07	9.12	5.03	15.47	2.03	13.38	54.91
1894	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	2.30	7.33	0.93	13.76	18.48	2.43	47.99
1895	0.30	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.30	2.02	7.19	1.28	6.93	17.76	5.57	41.94
1896	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.56	1.47	4.17	9.47	8.70	11.93	17.00	51.89
1897	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.11	0.57	1.39	1.99	6.70	2.40	9.39	7.37	0.33	24.37
1898	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	7.15	7.50	4.50	6.36	10.28	4.98	0.32	41.49
1899	0.77	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.84	9.19	4.40	4.77	13.34	9.85	3.73	52.51
1900	0.53	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.53	5.70	5.94	12.13	13.00	7.36	1.63	44.10
1901	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.21	2.84	6.08	1.13	2.15	1.77	26.41	9.43	56.85
1902	0.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.15	0.87	2.71	7.58	2.19	18.18	28.98	5.67	73.97
1903	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	2.24	6.00	3.02	10.00	13.51	9.43	51.83
1904	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.76	6.15	2.45	0.23	21.50	10.30	5.57	52.90
1905	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.55	1.76	7.04	1.50	6.14	11.10	3.18	47.12
1906	0.12	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	3.77	6.00	8.36	5.10	6.30	9.11	21.60
1907	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.27	2.89	1.92	2.49	8.15	8.36	21.25	5.86	65.92
1908	0.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.12	4.80	6.02	6.07	8.33	2.10	1.63	28.65
1909	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.10	4.30	6.01	1.80	15.23	18.10	4.23	54.26
1910	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.11	4.10	4.90	1.50	8.62	17.29	7.77	61.80
1911	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.38	3.00	6.68	3.11	1.91	15.40	7.83	44.04
1912	0.27	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	3.27	6.62	1.77	7.67	29.25	0.10	50.20
1913	0.24	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.12	6.08	3.98	0.23	6.35	13.02	10.00	50.54
1914	0.14	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	8.55	1.22	1.11	13.06	12.12	14.41	78.92
1915	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.20	0.68	3.45	5.28	7.90	21.00	5.13	47.88
1916	0.22	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.77	5.91	2.67	0.85	10.79	11.05	8.25	47.75
1917	0.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.62	2.50	5.27	1.10	13.31	13.57	11.05	70.24

Note.—Incomplete. Rainfall given to December 22nd.

MADRAS OBSERVATORY RAINFALL REGISTER.
80 Years' Averages—1813-1892.

Day	January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December	Day
1	0.02	0.63	1.18	1.60	2.25	4.35	0.20	10.42	15.00	19.80	81.03	44.11	1
2	0.07	.97	.19	.61	.32	.42	.90	.60	.17	20.03	.75	.50	2
3	.10	1.00	.20	.64	.41	.60	.81	.73	.32	.22	32.28	.90	3
4	.11	.02	.20	.68	.50	.58	.81	.80	.61	.44	.70	45.21	4
5	.13	.03	.21	.68	.62	.64	.61	11.03	.61	.68	.50	.72	5
6	.16	.04	.22	.60	.73	.60	7.01	11.20	.69	.89	.56	.88	6
7	.17	.06	.23	.70	.85	.74	.12	.34	.91	21.10	34.00	.98	7
8	.19	.07	.23	.70	.86	.74	.26	.60	10.08	.36	.33	.46	8
9	.22	.07	.23	.71	8.09	.88	.40	.62	.20	.69	.79	.13	9
10	.27	.09	.23	.72	.17	.91	.51	.77	.35	.84	.65	.35	10
11	.30	.10	.24	.73	.20	6.00	.65	.90	.50	22.14	.65	.35	11
12	.37	.10	.24	.74	.21	.00	.80	.15	.68	.47	.55	.33	12
13	.42	.11	.24	.75	.22	.13	.92	.15	.90	23.02	.70	.70	13
14	.40	.12	.24	.77	.24	.35	8.08	.29	17.10	.30	.69	.47	14
15	.54	.12	.25	.79	.28	.33	.41	.41	.30	.41	.50	.57	15
16	.57	.13	.26	.80	.36	.42	.31	.67	.50	.41	.58	.50	16
17	.60	.14	.27	.80	.46	.51	.43	.70	.74	.36	.54	.00	17
18	.62	.15	.28	.81	.58	.60	.59	.85	.92	24.27	80.00	.73	18
19	.64	.16	.29	.82	.70	.70	.74	.98	.18	.68	.40	.89	19
20	.66	.16	.30	.83	.76	.78	.91	.13	.20	25.10	.50	.48	20
21	.69	.16	.31	.83	.83	.84	.90	.43	.33	.20	.48	.11	21
22	.71	.17	.32	.85	.91	.90	.25	.38	.48	.21	.85	.31	22
23	.74	.17	.32	.85	.97	.98	.30	.52	.62	.60	.41	.41	23
24	.78	.17	.33	2.00	4.02	6.02	.61	.70	.75	.27	.41	.58	24
25	.81	.17	.33	.04	.08	.08	.61	.83	.90	.40	.70	.58	25
26	.81	.17	.33	.08	.11	.14	.70	.14	19.03	.80	.58	.70	26
27	.83	.17	.33	.10	.14	.28	.80	.20	.15	28.14	.99	.78	27
28	.83	.17	.33	.11	.18	.28	.88	.40	.29	.59	.78	.88	28
29	.86	.17	.33	.14	.21	.31	.98	.56	.40	29.42	43.80	.95	29
30	.88	.17	.33	.14	.21	.31	.98	.71	19.53	.40	43.74	.95	30
31	.89	.17	.33	.18	.23	.41	10.11	14.84		.30		40.02	31

Note.—The rainfall given for any date is the fall up to midnight on that date.

11th October, 1893.

HOURS AT OTHER CITIES IN THE WORLD CORRESPONDING TO NOON AT MADRAS.

Adeleide	8.53 P.M.	Greenwich	6.39 A.M.
Amsterdam	6.59 A.M.	Jerusalem	9.0
Athens	8.14	Madrid	6.24
Berlin	7.38	Malta	7.37
Bombay	7.9	Melbourne	4.19 P.M.
Brussels	11.31	New York	1.48 A.M.
Calcutta	6.56	Paris	6.48
Cape Town	0.33 P.M.	Peking	2.25 P.M.
Canastanople	7.53 A.M.	St. Petersburg	8.40 A.M.
Copenhagen	8.35	Rome	7.29
Dublin	7.29	Suez	8.49
Edinburgh	6.14	Sydney	4.44 P.M.
Florence	6.26	Stockholm	7.51 A.M.
	7.24	Vienne	9.45

GARDENING CALENDAR.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

January.—As the weather during the month will generally be clear and dry, attention to watering is required; if possible, water in the morning, otherwise late in the evening; never water vegetables during the heat of the day. The sowing of European vegetables may now be discontinued, as in the majority of cases seed sown during this month will prove to be labor needlessly expended; they will not come to maturity, or scarcely to a state fit for consumption. Last month may be considered as drawing to a close all successful operations in regard to European vegetable sowing, with the exception of a few salads, which may be sown in beds, shaded and hand-watered with attention; they will produce small crops. During the first and second week is a good time to sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, gouris and such like. Nepal spinach should be sown and planted for a supply during the hot months. Attend to keeping the soil hoed amongst growing crops, eradicated weeds to prevent their seeding, which they now do freely; continue to earth up celery, choosing a dry day for directions as to earthing. Plant cuttings of the cabbage tribe in beds; if rooted, they will give a good supply of sprouts during the hot months. Sow country vegetables if required, remove all decaying vegetables to the compost heap. Look to the graft mangoes, continue every two or three days to deepen the incision till the branch is cut through. If any are entirely removed, they may be planted without delay, taking care to support them against damage from high winds.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The flowers during this month should be in great perfection. The main operations consist in keeping everything clean and in perfect order, using the knife amongst the shrubs, &c., where required. Attend to the young shoots of creepers so that they may be properly trained, cut back all plants that may be growing over the hedges of the beds or walks; this should be done neatly, so that the use of the knife may not be discovered; nothing looks worse than plants abruptly cut round the edge of flower beds. Such cuttings of shrubs and roses as are rooted should be planted out in beds, well watered and shaded for a few days. Attend to plants in pots, roses in flower-bud will be improved by frequent watering with liquid manure; it will increase the size of the flowers. Shade tender plants from the mid-day sun, keep a supply of water exposed to the sun during the day for watering potted plants in the evening. Attend to clipping hedges, keeping the walks and grass in proper trim.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally clear, rain seldom falls, dews are plentiful, vegetables are abundant towards the end of the month. Fruits such as oranges, pomegranates, guavas, plantains, &c., are to be had.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

February.—As the Horticultural exhibition is generally held during the early part of the month, attend to the schedule of prizes if you intend to compete, preserve such articles as may be required by making them with stakes; in forwarding articles for competition pay marked attention to what is required, avoid sending vegetables of any kind in flower pots. In the garden little is required beyond the directions of last month; a few salads may be sown, country radishes, cucumbers and gouris may still be sown. Keep the garden clear from decaying leaves; vegetables during this month, especially the cabbage tribe, give out a most disagreeable odour if left decaying. See that arrangements are made to keep up a supply of such country vegetables as may be required. Watering will invariably be required throughout the month; plant out (if on hand) cuttings of the cabbage tribe. Attend to collecting manure for the next season.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this; little more can be done than attending to watering and cleanliness; let plants in pots intended for exhibition be protected from the mid-day sun if possible. During the course of the month remove and put in pots a good supply of verbenas and such like to preserve them during the hot season. Attend to plants in pots, frequently stirring up the soil on the surface. If worms are troublesome, a little clear lime water used occasionally will remove them.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear and calm, dew every morning, rain seldom occurs if ever; vegetables and flowers in most seasons are plentiful; fruits, such as sapodillas, mangoes, oranges, custard apples, &c., are to be had.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

March.—As the cultivation of European vegetables will no longer give any degree of satisfaction equivalent to the expense incurred, it is not necessary to presume that by giving directions success will be the reward of carrying them out. The heat is too great to develop seeds of northern climes; indeed, it is mere chance to succeed in germinating and growing tropical seeds. Attention to the culture of such varieties of country vegetables as may be required is all that is requisite in cultivation, though the latter may be purchased in the market much cheaper than they can be grown in private gardens. All vacant spaces in the garden should now be dug and thrown up in ridges (this is applicable to heavy soils) so as to expose the soil to the influence of the sun during the hot weather. Where the soil is light, let it be dug over level; collect manure without delay; if composed of heating materials, it will require to be watered and turned over frequently; be sure this matter is not overlooked; attend to watering lately-planted mango trees, untie the ligatures round the grafted parts; support the stems securely against high winds; store yams in sand or dry soil.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during this month; pay attention to cleanliness, watering shrubs, roses, &c., such beds as are empty should be neatly dug over; look to the roots of dahlias, let them be stored in pots of sand, or the pots they were grown in; if the soil is dried, they must be kept dry; gloxinias, schimenes and bulbs require the same treatment; plants growing in pots should be placed, if possible, to receive the morning sun and shaded during mid-day.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear, hot, and very unpleasant from the prevailing southerly winds; slight dew frequently. No rain falls during the whole course of the month; European vegetables are very scarce, dear, and bad in general; country vegetables plentiful, such as brinjals, radishes, greens, &c. Fruits none, with the exception of indifferent plantains.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

April.—This month might be passed over in silence, as little or nothing can be done unless digging up any portions of the garden not attended to last month; this should not be neglected any longer. Cucumbers, gourds and melons may be sown during the month; they require protection from the sun until established. Attend to the fruiting pines; if the crowns appear to grow too large, let the hearts be taken out neatly; remove all suckers from the bottom of the fruit; after the fruit has attained a good size, water should be sparingly applied as it tends to injure the flavour.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this; little more can be done than keeping the garden clean and free of weeds; towards the end of the month look well to the support of young trees, creepers, &c., as gales may be expected early in May. Prepare soil for plants in pots without delay; look over dahlia roots, &c., in case they are being injured by vermin. Roses in pots should not be excited at present, or they will be weakened.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last; wind changeable from S. to E. and W., dew is seldom seen. A few slight showers of rain sometimes occur; European vegetables are very scarce, native vegetables are plentiful. Fruits, such as grapes, pine-apples, and some of the orange tribe, are to be had. Plantains are plentiful.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

May.—During the month the land wind commences; much difficulty will be experienced in cultivating any but the common varieties of country vegetables; dig over any vacant spaces of ground, no matter how roughly; prepare manure; repair and build water-channels when required; make and repair roads and walks.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Now is a good time to put walks in good order and make others where required. If composts for seeds and plants in pots are not preparing, delay no longer, as they will be required in July. Wash all empty flower-pots and order supplies for new ones; use every endeavour to put down the unsightly pots in general use, it can be done.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is unpleasantly hot from the prevailing land winds; in most seasons a few slight showers of rain fall; seldom other than country vegetables are to be had, with the exception of cabbage sprouts, which are hard and tough; mangoes and pine-apples are plentiful and cheap; flowers are scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

June.—Although rain frequently occurs during the month, it is scarcely desirable to recommend the sowing of European vegetables. It is more requisite to push forward any new work that may be required; dig over and trench all vacant and new ground that may be taken in for cultivation. Be careful that a good supply of manure is on hand.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Preparing pits for planting trees and ornamental shrubs may be proceeded with, likewise the filling up of all hollows on the acres where water accumulates during monsoons. Making new flower gardens where required, they should be proceeded with at once; it will save time when the gardeners are required for more active operations in July and August. Repair walks and make new ones; see that they are broad and level enough for two persons to walk abreast upon them; there is no necessity to raise them up like ridges in the centre; if they are slightly convex to throw off the water, it is sufficient.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last; showers are more frequent; European vegetables are rarely to be had; fruit is plentiful.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

July.—Everything should be prepared during the present month for sowing seeds in August; if the weather is at all favorable, sow a small quantity of celery and parsley for early plants. Pans may be sown towards the latter part of the month, though with but slight chance of success in the generality of seasons; during the last week the levelling of the soil thrown up in ridges may be proceeded with. The manure heap should be in a fit condition for use.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during the month farther than preparation for the ensuing seed time; let composts be in a perfect state for use before the end of the month. Make up grass edgings with turf. Do not prune roses unless they show signs of growth; this can be easily discovered by the swelling and bursting of the buds; if they show signs, prune and manure, though waiting till the following month would be more judicious. Take care not to be carried into too active operations by a good shower of rain. Look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias and schimenes that may have commenced to grow; retard them as much as possible, but bring them to the light; as dahlias are very impatient, their roots should be divided towards the end of the month into as many divisions as possible with a sharp knife, having shoot upon each division.

Remarks.—The rains of the S. W. monsoon commence during this month in slight showers; the sky is very cloudy; rains frequently in most seasons. Fruit and vegetables are scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

August.—As imported seed should now be on hand, let a first sowing be put in pots or boxes without delay. If the weather is favorable, successive sowings may be put in during the whole course of the month. Care must be taken that the soil is in a proper moist condition. Guard against the ravages of red ants; be sparing of water to imported seeds until they germinate. A first sowing of peas and French beans may be put in; likewise carrots, beef, turnips and radishes; choose a dry day, sow celery in boxes or pots in rich soil mixed with well-decayed manure and a small quantity of powdered lime. The reason celery is so apt to run to seed arises from inattention to keep up a constant luxuriance by the aid of good manure; celery should never receive a check; of country vegetables, sow brinjals, gourds, cucumbers, roselles, greens, spinach, beans, chilies, snake gourds, &c.; plant yams and Jerusalem artichokes. Attend to top-dressing asparagus beds, make a fresh bed of water-cresses in a shady spot near a well or tank where they can be easily supplied with water twice a day. Put in suckers of pine-apples, prepare stock of mangoes for grafting. Let the garden soil be levelled, well-manured and dug over; make sure the manure is well-worked after and mixed with lime and ashes before using.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Sow seeds of everything that can be had most suitable for the climate; be careful how small seeds are sown and watered; look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias, &c.; they should be set a-growing in good soil. If no plan has been definitely fixed upon to secure a good supply of flowers, now is the time to look to it; there is no time to spare; propagate verbenas by layers; sow hollyhocks, paleoses, petunias, balsams, &c.; increase your stock of chrysanthemums by division or fresh supplies; let the flower garden be well dug and manured; dig and manure round the roots of shrubs, on lawns, &c.; let a shaded piece of ground be prepared in which to put cuttings of roses, shrubs, &c.; prepare pits for planting trees and shrubs, make them large and deep. Pits in the soil of Madras or any where should not be less than 24 feet in diameter and depth. Too much care cannot be taken of seedlings, lest they get drawn during the dull days that prevail; expose them to the light and air as much as possible. Top-dress all plants in pots not intended to be re-potted with fresh soil and manure; re-pot and top-dress roses in pots. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings.

Remarks.—It were unnecessary to write these instructions if those for whom they are written do not carry them out during the course of this month. As success can only be

looked for by close attention, next month will be of less avail to have plants sufficiently strong to produce an early crop or to stand the heavy rains, and whatever complaints may have to be made about the failure of vegetables and the display of flowers in January and February, it can be ascribed to no other cause than neglecting to conduct operations at the right season and in a proper manner. The native gardeners are not so much to blame, as they in general go by the instructions they receive.

Rain is frequent during this month; country vegetables are plentiful; fruit and European vegetables are very scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

September.—This is the proper time to sow a succession of peas. French beans and spinach may be put in every week during the month; continue to sow vegetables of all kinds: onions and leeks in light rich soil in beds, protected from the rain by mats, tied over movable bamboo frame-work. Attend to the seedlings sown last month; some of which will be ready for transplanting. Khol-khol and cabbage, if any were sown early in July, will be ready for final transplanting in the garden in beds of soil; let them be lifted carefully; disturb the roots as little as possible. Encourage the growth of celery by slight waterings of liquid manure; look after insects; a slight sprinkling of lime over and under the leaves will arrest their ravages; if not used, let them be picked off with hand every morning. Lime will in no wise injure the tenderest vegetation if diluted and cool. Native vegetables sown at the beginning of last month will be fit for planting out. Commence to graft mangoes; make preparations, such as digging trenches, &c., to prevent the garden being flooded during the monsoon near at hand. Mature pine apples, remove the suckers and put them into root.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Petunias, hollyhocks, phloxes, &c., sown last month, should during this be fit for planting out, choosing a dull damp day. Continue to sow balsams, hollyhocks and all showy annuals, not neglecting nigamette. Balsam seeds from Hyderabad is generally good; and from the cultivators there removing the lateral branches, they have acquired a peculiar upright habit, show about one foot of blossom in a column when well-grown. Attend to cleanliness and keeping the soil in flower bed opened by hoeing. (The idea of sowing a geranium sitting in a flower-bed display it up with a piece of lathen is absurd.) Prune roses if hitherto neglected, layer holly and put in cuttings of roses and such shrubs, trees and creepers as may be required. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs; put in pipings of carnations, plecties in boxes filled with fine sand mixed with red earth. Let all creepers be neatly tied to the posts or trellises upon which they are trained; prune where required; prune and keep in proper form shrubs, &c.; attend to cutting hedges and filling up gaps; castorina hedges neatly trimmed would be much neater round flower gardens than unsightly bamboo trellises; it is astonishing they are not more generally planted, as they combine neatness with economy, are easily raised if the seed is not too deeply covered with soil.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

October.—Transplant all vegetable plants large enough into beds or drills where they are to grow. Trenches should be ready to receive celery plants; shade if the weather is clear; look after tomatoes, onions, leeks, carrots and beet-root; let them be thinned out to proper distances from each other; the thinning may be planted if required. Continue to sow a few varieties of vegetable seeds. Peas may be sown every week; let the drills in which they are sown be raised above the surface level; continue to sow a succession of French beans. Keep out a supply of salads, such as lettuce, endive, mustard, water cress, &c. Finish early in the month preparations for planting out vegetables; do not trust till wanted, as the soil may not be workable for rain. Let everything about the garden be neat and clean; eradicate weeds on their first appearance. If the weather during the month should prove dry, peas and the cabbage tribe will suffer much. A supply of water will be requisite to prevent the crops sustaining a check which would prove very detrimental. When water is applied let it be in the morning, very early if possible; when it is cool, frequent hoeing up the soil amongst the crops will require to be looked to. If activity is not displayed during the early part of this month in forwarding operations, there is but little chance of success for the season. Take particular care the crops are not planted on the same piece of ground they were last year; alternate them yearly if possible. Graft mangoes and plant pine apples.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The operations of last month are applicable to this. Look after Dahlia pots, stake them and water occasionally with liquid manure. Plant out verbena, heliotropes and all other budding plants. Keep up a supply of balsam, cockscomb, nigamette, &c. Plant trees and shrubs, attending to training and pruning creepers. This is a good time to get roses, fuchsias, violets, &c. from the hills of Bangalore. Take advantage of dry days to cut grass, straighten and trim the edges of walks and beds; give everything a neat and clean appearance. Protect all newly-planted trees from wind. The best plan is to use three wired ropes for each plant; fix them to the stems, round which should be tied a piece of canvas to prevent the friction of the ropes from injuring the bark; tie the ropes tight to their pegs firmly driven into the ground at proper distances from the plants. This is surer than stakes, but more permanent and will protect the plants till properly rooted.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally wet and stormy, more especially during the latter part of it. Vegetables and fruits still continue scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

November.—Few European vegetables will come to perfection if not fit to plant out during this month. Attend to transplanting seedlings; peas and French beans may be sown every week or ten days; the main crop must be looked for from seed sown this month as peas sown in December seldom succeed. Sow a small quantity of cabbage, khol-khol, cauliflower, tomatoes, &c.; likewise a few salads. Cauliflowers sown during the first week of the month, if they are well attended to, flowers may be had during February. Attend to transplanting onions and leeks. Thin out turnips and carrots to proper distances from each other. Plant celery in trenches; look after all details, such as cleanliness, digging trenches to carry off the heavy rains; put in cuttings of cabbage sprouts for use during the hot season. Graft mangoes; put in cuttings of figs and vines. Plant onion bulbs for salad.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Continue to transplant seedlings into pots or boxes. Plant out annuals, verbenas, hollyhocks, phloxes and ipomoeas, if strong enough. Sow any flower seeds remaining on hand. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs. Prepare early in the month stations for ornamental creepers, and plant without delay. Attend to training creepers, and pruning where required. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings. In pruning cut the old branches down to three or four eyes from the bottom. Top-dress all plants in pots not requiring re-potting; protect tender plants from heavy rains, activity is required during this month to obtain good supply of flowers during the three following months. The finer varieties of roses in pots should be re-potted if necessary; they require a heavy soil mixed with well-decayed cow-dung. Support all plants requiring it from the high winds.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is in general boisterous, with heavy rains; the S. E. monsoon continues with great violence. Vegetables and flowers continue scarce.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

December.—Continue to plant out and transplant into boxes all vegetable plants on hand during the first week. Attend to thinning turnips and carrots. Plant celery in trenches and earth up such as may require it. Keep the soil amongst the growing crops loose, and eradicate weeds on their first appearance. Branch lettuce and endive by tying up the leaves. Thin out the branches of tomatoes. Look sharp after insects amongst cabbage and cauliflower. Use staked lime freely on all crops attacked; it will prove a beneficial check. During the month sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, country vegetables for stews, &c. Early-planted vegetables will be fit for use towards the end of the month. French beans and salads should be in abundance. Attend to staking peas, beans, &c. Continue to make up a manure heap for the ensuing season; let nothing be lost in the shape of vegetable matter. The main work of the month is attention to growing crops; look to early grafted mangoes; make incisions gradually on the branches above the grafts.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Plant out the remaining stock of annuals; sow a few hollyhocks, amaranthus, &c. A last sowing of balsams may be put in. Sow convolvulus of all kinds. Petunias for flowering during the hot months. Attend to dahlias and encourage them by frequent watering of liquid manure. Keep the flower beds and walks clean and neat; water and roll the walks towards the latter part of the month; it will give them a neat appearance, at the same time they will be more comfortable to walk upon.

Remarks.—The weather during the first two weeks is similar to last month, generally clearing up towards the latter end. Fogs are frequent; flowers continue scarce with the exception of roses; vegetables are scarce; country greens, &c., are to be had in abundance; fruits, such as oranges, guavas and plantains are plentiful.

BANGALORE.

January.—In this month most of the culinary vegetables are in great perfection. Grapes, apples, pine-apples, country raspberry, and also a few strawberries and peaches are in season. Such apple trees as have finished bearing may now be pruned, although it would be better to delay it until the ensuing month. Sow seeds of such vegetables as peas, radish, spinach, &c. that do not require more than three months to come to perfection. This is a good month for affixing or making a garden, laying walks, &c. Open the roots of the vine trees, if the wood is well ripened.

This is the best month for planting cuttings of sugar-cane.

Remarks.—The nights and mornings are chill—a clear sky during the day. It seldom rains during this month, but fog falls daily in the mornings. The wind blows steadily from the N. E. with occasional variations.

February.—In this month country raspberries, figs, pomegranates, pine-apples, peaches, grapes and strawberries may be had in great abundance and perfection. A few apples remain. Very few vegetables can be sown with advantage this month. Open the roots of peach and apples and prune apple trees. As the mango will be in flower, spread if requisite, some manure round the roots of the trees, slightly stirring the soil.

Sow peaches; the stone should be broken, else the seeds will take some months to germinate.

Remarks.—The weather during the whole of this month is very fine. It seldom, if ever, rains. Heavy dew falls in the mornings. The wind blows N. E., sometimes changing to the S. E. The first half of the month is rather chilly; about the end it commences to be warm.

March.—During this month the roots of apple trees should be opened, if not already done by those who approve of that system, and very strong manure should be applied. Strawberries, grapes, raspberries and peaches are in season. The ground should be forked about the roots of vines. Plant tuberose roots. Beet-root and celery are in perfection. As the winds and hot air of this month are very injurious to vegetation, as few seeds as possible should be sown.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear, hot and unpleasant. Rain is little known. There is less dew. The wind continues to blow from the N. E. There is plenty of dust with thunder and lightning occasionally.

April.—Sow all flower seeds to come to perfection in July and August. They will be refreshed by the early rains called the mango showers, and there is generally rain in Mysore during June. Sow every kind of vegetable seed. Plant potatoes. Dahlia seeds should be sown in this month in situations protected from the burning winds.

Remarks.—This is the hottest month. The nights are very sultry, and the sun pours down its fiery rays with unabating vigor during the day. The dust is almost suffocating.

There is thunder and lightning. The mango showers may be expected towards the close of the month. Wind N. E.

May.—Repeat the sowing of last month, or may be deferred till this month. Transplant the seeds of the vegetables sown last month, and prepare the beds for the final transplanting of knol-khol, cabbage and cauliflower, watering the soil richly. Sow some cotton seeds.

Remarks.—The weather still continues hot. If the mango showers have set in, the heat is not so great as that of April. High winds from the S. W., with rain and clouds, may be expected. Rather dusty.

June.—The directions for this month are very similar in many respects to those given for May and April, in order to have the flowers and vegetables later in the season. Mangoes are in great perfection, and pine-apples abundant; jack-fruit in season. The natives plough their ground and sow their earth-mut. This is the best month for sowing seeds from England, &c., provided they arrive in the two or three preceding months, but in general it is advisable to sow them as soon as they are unpacked. The seeds for hay should be scratched by the native plough and manured. Cuttings and suckers of chrysanthemums, if taken off and planted in small pots, will flower in September.

Roses often suffer much more from the attacks of the rose beetle during this month. They should be sought for at night with the aid of a lantern, and while one boy holds the light, another picks off the insects and throws them into a chatty of water. Immense numbers can be killed in a short time in this way. The old roots of the dahlia should be planted in large pots of sand covered with some fermenting vegetable matter, to induce them to send out shoots.

Remarks.—Rain is more frequent. The days begin to get cloudy and pleasant, and the nights cool. Wind from S. W. blows strongly. Plenty of dust.

July.—Pine-apple and apples are in season. Mangoes still continue till towards the end of the month; young plants should then be grafted, and the trees pruned as soon as they have done bearing, as that is the only time when it can be done with impunity. Cuttings of all trees and shrubs should be put in this month, as well as slips of artichokes, which, as soon as they have established themselves, should be cut down close to the ground.

The natives generally sow the raggy and cholam, and prepare the ground for rice, and plant cuttings of sugar-cane. Flower and vegetable seeds may still be sown, and in regular seasons the cabbage tribe of the first and second sowings should be finally transplanted. The first crop of hay is cut this month. Sow mango seeds for supply of stocks for next year's grafting. The dahlia sown last month will require transplanting, and the shoots should be separated from the old roots. The seeds (dahlias) should now be turned out of pots into the open ground in a sandy well-manured soil. A species of white grub attacks the roots of flower plants, more especially the scarlet geranium. The only mode of destroying these insects is by uprooting the plants that show any signs of drooping and removing the grub. Experiments in the cultivation of wheat may be attempted this month.

Remarks.—There is generally much rain this month. The days are cloudy and pleasant, and the nights cool. The wind blows from S. W. Thunder and lightning frequent.

August.—Apples still continue; young trees should now be drafted and cuttings put down. Oranges, lemons, and alligator pears in season. Insects are excessively numerous and destructive. The orange tribes should be budded and larched and propagated by gooties. Plant beds with early strawberries. Still sow a few vegetable and flower seeds.

Continue grafting mangoes. Transplant cotton. Propagate carnations and pinks by layers. Begin collecting seeds of early flowering annuals. Dahlias are in perfection. The natives sow different kinds of grain in this and in the following month. Stake the dahlias put into ground last month.

Remarks.—The early monsoons cease about the beginning of the month. The wind blows from S. W., and the weather is somewhat warm.

September.—Alligator pears and lemons still continue. Guavas in plenty. Sow orange seed and alligator pear stones. Young potatoes in season. The American cotton sow early in full pool. Plant Cape bulbs, either in the ground or in very deep pots, well drained. The turnips and cabbages are much infested by a small dark caterpillar, which may be destroyed by sprinkling the plants with powdered lime. The rice begins to flower. Put down cuttings of geraniums, roses, violets, heartsease, &c. Flowers are in great perfection. As most of the peach trees will have lost their leaves, the roots should be opened and exposed for four days and then strongly manured. The principal crop of hay is cut in this month.

Strip off leaves and bare and prune the roots of apple trees, dressing the root at the same time with sheep or other manure.

Remarks.—This is rather a hot month. The wind blows from S. W., and rain may be expected from the middle of the month, particularly in the evenings.

October.—Vegetables are in great perfection. Soursops and guavas also are now in season. The main beds for strawberries should be planted. Vines will begin to flower early in this month; the borders should be dug and well manured. Dahlias will begin to fall in the month. As soon as the leaves begin to wither, they should be taken up with the soil that adheres to them and kept in a dry place. As soon as they have been sufficiently dried, they should be packed up in boxes of sand till the time for planting arrives. The double tube roses should be similarly treated.

Remarks.—The latter monsoons which generally commence towards the end of last month are very heavy during October. The wind veers round to the N. E. The days are pleasant and the nights are cool.

November.—Apples begin to ripen towards the end of this month. Custard-apples in plenty. This is the last month in which the generality of vegetables can be sown with advantage. Sow the casuarina and other tree seeds. This is a good month to lay in a stock of manure and prepare composts for the next year. The larger kinds of perennial water flowers should be taken up and reduced in size and replanted. This is a good month to plant potatoes, sweet-potatoes, melons, cucumbers, and most vegetable seeds. The raggy crop is cut during this month.

Remarks.—High winds from the N. E. and heavy rain may be expected during the early part of the month. Towards the end the temperature of the atmosphere is considerably lessened, and the nights begin to be chilly. This is a very pleasant month. Morning foggy.

December.—Apples are in plenty, and peaches may be had towards the end of the month. Rose-apples also are abundant. All vegetables in season. A good month for sowing melon and cucumber seeds, as well as peas, radish, and spinach, but very few other vegetable seeds. Most of the exotic plants will have ceased flowering; the beds should therefore be dug up and manured with a soil composed of two-thirds vegetable and half well-decayed animal manure. Turn out and examine dahlia roots. Prune roses.

Remarks.—This is usually a clear month with heavy fog in the mornings. Days cool and nights chilly. Wind from the N. E. Heat is scarcely felt at mid-day. This is a very pleasant and healthy month.

General Remarks.—The meteorological observation of three years—1834-5-6—was one very hot and one very rainy season; this may therefore be regarded as a very fair average when taken together.

Bangalore is in lat. 12°58' N. and long. 77°32' E. The base of Commissioner's flagstaff is 3,030 feet above high water-mark at Madras and the mean annual temperature is 75° Fahr., while that of Madras is 85°, thus confirming the generally received opinion that a rise of 300 feet causes a fall in the thermometer of one degree. The soil, except in the valleys, is a red sandy loam, inclined to gravelly and the sound rock and finally foliated gneiss with slaty cleavage. It is much used for building purposes.

Average rainfall of twenty-three years is 35.41 inches.

NEILGHERRIES.

Ootacamund.

January.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—Sow in verandah for early crop cauliflower, radish, mustard and cress.

February.—FLOWERS—None. VEGETABLES—None.

March.—**FLOWERS.**—Mignonette and nasturtiums, for early flowering. **VEGETABLES.**—Peas, French beans, radish, mustard, cress and cauliflower.

April.—**FLOWERS.**—Annuals of all sorts should be sown during this month; also seeds of new perennial plants, shrubs, trees, &c. **VEGETABLES.**—Beet-root, carrots, turnips, peas, French beans, broad beans, cauliflower, cabbages and all description of vegetables for main summer crop.

May.—**FLOWERS.**—Continue sowing of annuals and other seeds mentioned in last month. **VEGETABLES.**—Sow peas, French beans, cauliflower and lettuce for succession; complete sowing all crops of vegetables required for summer use.

June.—**FLOWERS.**—None. **VEGETABLES.**—Radish, mustard, cress, lettuce, peas and beans for succession.

July.—**FLOWERS.**—None. **VEGETABLES.**—The same as June.

August.—**FLOWERS.**—Annual seeds for winter flowering should now be seen; this is the best season to sow stocks, asters, balsams, petunias, verbenas, alpaglossis, nasturtiums, &c. **VEGETABLES.**—The same as April for winter crops.

September.—**FLOWERS.**—Complete sowing of the above in this month. **VEGETABLES.**—Complete sowing for winter crop.

October.—**FLOWERS.**—None. **VEGETABLES.**—Sow as in June.

November.—**FLOWERS.**—None. **VEGETABLES.**—Sow as in June.

December.—**FLOWERS.**—None. **VEGETABLES.**—None.

Coonoor and Kotagerry.

Remarks on the variation of the above.

The main sowing of vegetable and flower seeds should be in August, September and October, instead of April and May. Rotation sowings, the same as at Ootacamund.

Flowers and vegetables that are in the several months of the year.

January.—**FLOWERS.**—Geraniums, petunias, verbenas, stocks, camellias, roses, calceolarias, cinerarias, balsams, asters, mimulas. **VEGETABLES.**—Cauliflower, beet-root, carrots, turnips, rhubarb, parsnips, vegetable marrow, celery, salads, cabbage, knol-khol, potatoes and onions.

February.—**FLOWERS.**—Geraniums, petunias, verbenas, stocks, camellias, roses, calceolarias, and pollygallus. **VEGETABLES.**—Cauliflower, beet-root, carrots, turnips, parsnips, vegetable marrow, celery, salads, cabbage, knol-khol and onions.

March.—**FLOWERS.**—Crocuses, lilies, primroses, calceolarias, geraniums, verbenas, petunias, violas and pollygallus. **VEGETABLES.**—Vegetables are scarce during this month. Only onions, knol-khol, turnips and cabbages may be said to be in season, all others being raised or preserved by artificial watering.

April.—**FLOWERS.**—Crocuses, lilies, primroses, calceolarias, geraniums, verbenas, petunias and violas. **VEGETABLES.**—Vegetables are still scarce. The above with mustard, radish, cress and salads are still in season.

May.—**FLOWERS.**—Daisies, crocuses, lilies, heliotrope, petunias, calceolarias, roses, primroses and polyanthus. **VEGETABLES.**—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans, and French beans.

June.—**FLOWERS.**—Fuschias, westaria, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics, pollygallus, laburnums and primroses. **VEGETABLES.**—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans and French beans.

July.—**FLOWERS.**—Fuschias, westaria, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics, pollygallus laburnums and brugnensias. **VEGETABLES.**—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas, beans and French beans.

August.—**FLOWERS.**—Geraniums, brugnensias, fuschias, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics and heath. **VEGETABLES.**—Same as July.

September.—**FLOWERS.**—Geraniums, crassulas, brugnensias, fuschias, heliotrope, daisies, roses, veronics and heath. **VEGETABLES.**—Same as July.

October.—**FLOWERS.**—Camellias, cinerarias, crassulas, calceolarias, roses and heath. **VEGETABLES.**—Potatoes, cauliflower, carrots, beet-root, celery, rhubarb, radish, vegetable marrow, cucumbers, knol-khol, parsnips, lettuce, peas and French beans.

November.—**FLOWERS.**—Camellias, cinerarias, daisies, crassulas, calceolarias, roses and heath. **VEGETABLES.**—Same as October.

December.—**FLOWERS.**—Camellias, cinerarias, phloxes, verbenas, daisies, crassulas, calceolarias, alpaglossis, roses and heath. **VEGETABLES.**—Same as October.

EUROPEAN AND INDIAN.

THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY.

THE QUEEN.—Victoria, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c., Queen, Defender of the Faith. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819; succeeded to the Throne June 20, 1837; was crowned June 28, 1838; and married, February 10, 1840, to his Royal Highness Prince Albert. Her Majesty is the only child of the late Duke of Kent, son of King George III.

Her Royal Highness Victoria Adelaide Mary Louisa, Princess Royal of England and Prussia, born November 21, 1840, and married to his Royal Highness William of Prussia, January 25, 1863 (died June 15, 1883); and has had issue, Frederick William Victor Albert, born January 27, 1859, (now Emperor of Germany, and has issue), Victoria Elizabeth Augusta Charlotte, born July 24, 1860, married Feb. 11, 1878, to Hereditary Prince of Saxe-Meiningen; Albert William Henry, born August 14, 1862, married his cousin Irene, May 24, 1888; Francis Frederick Sigismund, born September 15, 1864, (died June 18, 1896); Fredericka Wilhelmina Victoria, born April 12, 1866; Joachim Frederick Ernest Waldemar, born February 10, 1868 (died in 1879); Sophia Dorothea Ulrike Alice, born June 4, 1870; Margaret Beatrice Feodora, born April 22, 1872.

His Royal Highness Albert Edward, Prince of Wales, born November 9, 1841; married, March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844; and has had issue, Albert Victor, Duke of Clarence and Avondale, born January 8, 1864, (died January 14, 1892); George Frederick Ernest Albert, Duke of York, born June 3, 1865, married his cousin Princess Victoria Mary, only daughter of the Duke of Teck, July 6, 1893;—has a son, born June 28, 1894, Edward Albert Christian Andrew Patrick David; Louise Victoria Alexandra Dagmar, born February 20, 1897, married July 27, 1899, Alexander William George, Duke of Fife—two daughters, born Oct. 3, 1891, and April 4, 1893; Victoria Alexandra Olga Mary, born July 6, 1898; Maud Charlotte Mary Victoria, born November 26, 1899; and Alexander John G. Albert, born April 6, 1871 (died April 7, 1871).

Her Royal Highness Alice Maud Mary, born April 25, 1843 (died Dec. 14, 1878); married E. R. H. Prince Frederick Louis, Grand Duke of Hesse, July 1, 1862, who died March 13, 1892; issue living, one son and four daughters.

His Royal Highness Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, born Aug. 6, 1844; married to the Grand Duchess Marie of Russia, January 9, 1874; has issue, a son and four daughters, the eldest of whom married Prince Ferdinand of Roumania, and has a son, born Oct. 14, 1893; the second, Victoria Melita, married her cousin, the Grand Duke of Hesse, April 19, 1894.

Her Royal Highness Helena Augusta Victoria, born May 25, 1846; married to his Royal Highness Prince Frederick Christian Charles Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburg-Augustenburg, July 5, 1866; issue living, one son and two daughters.

Her Royal Highness Louise Caroline Alberta, born March 18, 1848; married to the Marquis of Lorne, March 21, 1871; no issue.

His Royal Highness Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, born May 1, 1850; married to Princess Louise Margaret of Prussia, March 13, 1879; issue, a daughter, Margaret, born Jan. 15, 1882; a son, Arthur, Earl of Sussex, born Jan. 13, 1883; and a daughter, Victoria, born March 17, 1886.

His Royal Highness Leopold George Duncan Albert, Duke of Albany, born April 7, 1853; married to Princess Helene of Waldeck, April 27, 1882; died March 28, 1884; issue, a daughter, Alice Mary, born Feb. 25, 1883; and a son, Leopold, born July 19, 1891.

Her Royal Highness Beatrice Mary Victoria Feodora, born April 14, 1857; married to his Royal Highness Prince Henry of Battenberg, July 23, 1885; issue, three sons and a daughter.

George Frederick William Charles, K.G., Duke of Cambridge, cousin to Her Majesty, born March 26, 1819; Augusta Caroline Charlotte Elizabeth Mary Sophia Louisa, daughter of the late Duke of Cambridge, and cousin to Her Majesty, born July 19, 1822; married June 23, 1845, to Frederick, Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin, and has issue, a son, Mary Adelaide Wilhelmina Elizabeth, daughter of the late Duke of Cambridge, and cousin to Her Majesty, born November 27, 1893; married the Duke of Teck, June 7, 1896; has issue, three sons and one daughter (now Duchess of York).

HER MAJESTY'S CHIEF OFFICERS OF STATE.

THE CABINET.

Prime Minister and Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs	The Marquess of Salisbury, K.G.
Lord President of the Council	The Duke of Devonshire, K.G.
Lord Chancellor	Lord Halsbury.
Lord Privy Seal	Viscount Cross, G.C.B.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster	Right Hon. Sir Henry James, Q.C.
First Lord of the Treasury	Right Hon. Arthur J. Balfour.
Chancellor of the Exchequer	Right Hon. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, Bart.
Secretary of State for the Home Department	Right Hon. Sir Matthew White Ridley, Bart.
Secretary of State for the Colonies	Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain.
Secretary of State for War	The Marquess of Lansdowne, K.G.
Secretary of State for India	Right Hon. Lord George Hamilton.
First Lord of the Admiralty	Right Hon. George J. Goschen.
President of the Board of Trade	Right Hon. C. T. Ritchie.
President of the Local Government Board	Right Hon. Henry Chaplin.
Lord-Lieutenant of Ireland	Earl Cadogan, K.G.
Lord Chancellor of Ireland	Lord Ashbourne.
Secretary for Scotland	Lord Balfour of Burleigh.
First Commissioner of Works	Right Hon. A. Akers-Douglas.
President of the Board of Agriculture	Right Hon. Walter Long.

The Imperial Defence Committee of the Cabinet consists of the Duke of Devonshire, Mr. Balfour, Mr. Chamberlain, Lord Lansdowne, Lord George Hamilton, Mr. Goschen, and Sir M. Hicks-Beach.

NOT IN THE CABINET.

Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs	Right Hon. George Curzon.
Chief Secretary for Ireland	Mr. Gerald Balfour.
Postmaster-General	The Duke of Norfolk, K.G.
Vice-President of the Council	Right Hon. Sir Joan Gerst, Q.C.
Under-Secretary for the Home Department	Right Hon. Jesse Collings.
Under-Secretary for the Colonies	The Earl of Selborne.
Under-Secretary for War	Mrs. St. John Brodrick.
Financial Secretary to the War Office	Mr. Powell Williams.
Under-Secretary for India	The Earl of Onslow, K.C.M.G.
Secretary to the Admiralty	Mr. Macmahon.
Civil Lord of the Admiralty	Mr. Austen Chamberlain.
Financial Secretary to the Treasury	Right Hon. R. W. Hannbury.
Patronage Secretary to the Treasury	Sir William Walcott.
Junior Lords of the Treasury	Mr. H. Austruther.
	Mr. W. Hayes Fisher.
	Lord Stanley.
Parliamentary Secretary to the Board of Trade	The Earl of Dudley.
Parliamentary Secretary to the Local Government Board	Mr. T. W. Russell.
Attorney-General	Sir Richard Webster, G.C.M.G., Q.C.
Lord Advocate	Right Hon. Sir C. Pearson, Q.C.
Solicitor-General for Scotland	Mr. Al Graham Murray, Q.C.
Attorney-General for Ireland	Mr. John Atkinson, Q.C.
Lord Steward	The Earl of Pembroke.
Lord Chamberlain	The Earl of Lathom, G.C.B.
Master of the Horse	The Duke of Portland.
	Earl Waldegrave.
	The Earl of Haughey.
	Lord Churchill.
	Lord Harris, G.C.I.E.
	Lord Henniker.
	Lord Lawrence.
Treasurer of the Household	The Marquess of Carmarthen.
Comptroller of the Household	The Right Hon. Lord Arthur Hill.
Vice-Chamberlain	The Hon. Allwyn Fellows.

The following constitute the new Board of Admiralty:—Mr. Goschen, Admiral Sir Frederick W. Richards, Rear-Admiral Sir Frederick G. D. Bedford, Rear-Admiral Sir John A. Fisher, Captain Gerard Henry Udney Noel, and Mr. J. A. Chamberlain. The Naval Lords are, it will be noticed, unchanged.

CHIEF COLONIES OF GREAT BRITAIN WITH THEIR GOVERNORS.

COLONY AND STATION.	OFFICE.	NAMES.
EAST INDIES.		
India.....	Viceroy and Governor-General	His Excellency the Right Hon'ble V. A. Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E.
Madras.....	Governor.....	Right Hon'ble Sir A. E. Havelock, G.C.M.G.
Bombay.....	Governor.....	Right Hon'ble Lord W. Sandhurst, G.C.I.E.
AUSTRALIAN COLONIES.		
New South Wales (Sydney)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Right Hon. H. R. Visct. Hampden.
Victoria (Melbourne).....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Rt. Hon. T. Lord Brassey, K.C.B.
South Australia (Adelaide)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir T. F. Buxton, Bt., K.C.M.G.
Western Australia (Perth)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir W. C. F. Robinson, G.C.M.G.
Queensland (Brisbane).....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Genl. Sir H. W. Norman, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., J.I.E.
Tasmania (Hobart Town)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Rt. Hon. J. W. J. Visct. Gormanston, G.C.M.G.
New Zealand (Wellington)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Rt. Hon. D. Earl of Glasgow, G.C.M.G.
Fiji Islands (Suva).....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief and High Comr. for the Western Pacific	Sir J. B. Thurston, K.C.M.G.
British New Guinea.....	Lieutenant-Governor	Sir W. Macgregor, M.D., K.C.M.G.
WEST INDIES, &c.		
Barbados and its dependencies (Bridgetown)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir J. S. Hay, K.C.M.G.
Windward Islands (St. George, Grenada)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir C. Brace, K.C.M.G.
St. Vincent (Kingstown)	Administrator	H. L. Thompson, Esq.
St. Lucia (Castries).....	Administrator	Surgeon-Lt.-Col. (Hon. Brig. Surg.-Lt.-Col.) V. S. Gouldsbury, M.D., G.C.M.G. (Rt. pay).
Antigua and Leeward Islands (St. John's)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir F. Fleming, K.C.M.G.
Trinidad and Tobago (Port of Spain)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir F. N. Broome, K.C.M.G.
British Guiana (Georgetown)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir C. C. Lees, K.C.M.G.
Jamaica (Kingston).....	Capt.-Genl. & Governor-in-Chief	Sir H. A. Blake, K.C.M.G.
Bahamas (Nassau).....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir W. F. Haynes-Smith, K.C.M.G.
British Honduras (Belize)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir C. A. Moloney, K.C.M.G.
DOMINION OF CANADA.		
Canada (Ottawa).....	Governor-General of the Dominion of Canada and Govr. and Commander-in-Chief of Prince Edward Island.	Right Hon. J. C. Earl of Aberdeen, G.C.M.G.
Newfoundland.....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Sir H. H. Murray, K.C.B.
BERMUDA.		
Bermuda (Hamilton).....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Genl. T. C. Lyons, C.B.
MALTA AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.		
Malta.....	Governor & Commander-in-Chief	Lieut.-Genl. (Local Genl.) Sir A. J. Lyon-Fremantle, K.C.M.G., C.B.

Chief Colonies of Great Britain with their Governors—continued.

COLONY AND STATION.	OFFICE.	NAMES.
GIBRALTAR.		
Gibraltar	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Genl. Sir R. Biddulph, G.C.M.G., C.B., R.A.
CYPRUS.		
Cyprus (Nicosia)	High Comse. & Comdr.-in-Chief.	Sir W. J. Soudall, K.C.M.G.
SOUTH AFRICA.		
Cape of Good Hope (Cape Town)	Governor and Comdr.-in-Chief of the Cape of Good Hope and its Dependencies, and High Commissioner for South Africa and Govt. of British Bechuanaland.	Rt. Hon. Sir H. G. R. Robinson, Bt., K.C.M.G.
Natal and Zululand (Pietermaritzburg)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Hon. Sir W. F. Hely-Hutchinson, K.C.M.G.
St. Helena (James Town)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	W. Grey-Wilson, Esq., C.M.G.
WEST AFRICA.		
Sierra Leone (Freetown)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Col. F. Cardew, C.M.G.
Gambia	Administrator of the Govt.	R. B. Hlewelyn, Esq., C.M.G.
GOLD COAST COLONY.		
Gold Coast Colony (Accra)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	W. E. Maxwell, Esq., C.M.G.
COLONY OF LAGOS.		
Lagos & its dependencies	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	G. T. Carter, Esq., K.C.M.G.
MAURITIUS.		
Mauritius (Port Louis)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Sir H. E. H. Jerningham, K.C.M.G.
Seychelles Islands	(Mahé) Administrator.	H. C. Stewart, Esq.
CEYLON.		
Ceylon (Colombo)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Rt. Hon. Sir J. W. Ridgway, K.C.B., K.C.M.G.
CHINA AND HONGKONG.		
China and Hongkong (Victoria)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief of Hongkong and its dependencies.	Sir W. Robinson, K.C.M.G.
STRAITS SETTLEMENTS.		
Straits Settlements, (including Prince of Wales Island, Malacca, Singapore & Christmas Island) (Singapore)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Lt. Col. Sir C. B. H. Mitchell, G.C.M.G.

Chief Colonies of Great Britain with their Governors—concluded.

COLONY AND STATION.	OFFICE.	NAMES.
LABUAN AND ITS DEPENDENCIES.		
Labuan	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	L. P. Beaufort, Esq.
FALELAND ISLANDS.		
Falkland Islands & their dependencies (Stanley)	Governor & Commander-in-Chief.	Sir R. T. Goldsworthy, K.C.M.G.

The following is a list of Colonial Treasurers, District Paymasters and other Imperial Agents in the Chief Colonies of Great Britain :

Station.	Designation of Agent and Station.	
Bahamas	The Receiver General and Treasurer, Nassau, Bahamas.	
Barbados (including British Guiana, Trinidad, &c.)	The District Paymaster, Barbados.	
Bermuda	The District Paymaster, Bermuda.	
British Columbia	The Naval Storekeeper, Esquimaux Yard, British Columbia.	
British Honduras	The Colonial Treasurer, Belize, British Honduras.	
Dominion of Canada (except British Columbia) and Newfoundland	The District Paymaster, Halifax, Nova Scotia.	
Cape of Good Hope	Ditto.	Cape Town.
Ceylon	Ditto.	Ceylon.
Cyprus	Ditto.	Cyprus.
Falkland Islands	The Colonial Treasurer, Falkland Islands.	
Fiji Islands	The Governor, Fiji Islands.	
Gambia	The Colonial Treasurer, Gambia, West Africa.	
Gibraltar	The District Paymaster, Gibraltar.	
Gold Coast	The Colonial Treasurer, Accra, West Africa.	
Hongkong	The District Paymaster, Hongkong.	
Jamaica	Ditto.	Jamaica.
Lagos	The Colonial Treasurer, Lagos, West Africa.	
Malta	The District Paymaster, Malta.	
Mauritius	Ditto.	Mauritius.
Natal	Ditto.	Pietermaritzburg, Natal.
New South Wales	The Colonial Treasurer, Sydney, New South Wales.	
New Zealand	Ditto.	Wellington, New Zealand.
Nova Scotia	Included in the Dominion of Canada (see above).	
Queensland	The Colonial Treasurer, Brisbane, Queensland.	
Sierra Leone	The Acting District Paymaster, Sierra Leone, West Africa.	
South Australia	The Colonial Treasurer, Adelaide, South Australia.	
St. Helena	The Acting District Paymaster, St. Helena.	
Straits Settlements	The District Paymaster, Straits Settlements.	
Tasmania	The Agent for Imperial Expenditure, Hobart, Tasmania.	
Trinidad	The District Paymaster, Pietermaritzburg, Natal.	
Vancouver's Island	The Naval Storekeeper, Esquimaux Yard, British Columbia.	
Victoria	The Colonial Treasurer, Melbourne, Victoria.	
Western Australia	Ditto.	Perth, Western Australia.

MILITARY ATTACHES AT FOREIGN COURTS.

Colonel C. Needham	Rome—25th May 1895.
Major (temp.) Lt. Col. D. F. R. Dawson, C.G.D., p.c.	Paris—17th July 1895.
Colonel H. C. Chermide, C.B., C.M.G.	Constantinople—1st November 1895.
Colonel F. M. Wardrop, C.B.	Vienna—6th April 1896.
Colonel J. V.	Berlin—2nd January 1897.
Major (temp.) Lt. Col. W. H. H. Waters, R.A., p.c.	St. Petersburg—14th April 1896.

NATIVE INDIAN PRINCES.

HYDERABAD (DECCAN).

His Highness Patai Jung, Nizam-ul-Daula Nizam-ul-Mulk, Asaf Jah Musaffar-ul-Munalik Rustam-i-Dauran, Arastu-i-Zaman, Sipah Salar-i-Deccan, Mir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur, *c.s.i.*, the Nizam of Hyderabad, was, on attaining his majority, invested with full powers of Administration on the 5th February 1894.

His Highness has now only one son living,—the young Prince was born on the 6th April 1895.

MYSORE.

His Highness Sri Krishna Raja Wodeyar Bahadur, Maharajah of Mysore, born 14th June 1884, installed 1st February 1895.

* THE CARNATIC FAMILY.

Azim Jah, Umadat-ul-unra, Shaj-ul-unra, Madar-ul-unra, Umadat-ul-unra, Azim-ul-daulah, Siraj-ul-daulah, Asaf-ul-daulat-ul-angliz, Muhammad Munawar Khan Bahadur, Zulfikar Jung, Sipah Salar, Amir-i-Arcot, Prince of Arcot.

Ghulam Muhammad Ghous Khan Bahadur, Abdul Ali Khan Bahadur, brothers of the Prince of Arcot.

TRAVANCORE.

His Highness Maharaja Sri Sri Padmanabha Dasa Vanchi Billa Rama Varma Kulasekhari Karthapati Manne Sultan Maharaj Raja Ramaraja Bahadur, Shamsher Jung, *c.s.i.*, Maharaja of Travancore, born 35th September 1857, ascended the Masnad 19th August 1895.

Nephews of the Maharaja.—Rama Varma, 1st Prince, born 3rd December 1867; Marlands Varma, *c.s.i.*, Second Prince, born 24th November 1871.

Sister of the Maharaja.—Her Highness Lakshmi Bai Rani Ayazgal, *c.s.i.*, Senior Rani of Travancore, born 23rd July 1848.

Brothers-in-law of the Maharaja.—Kerala Varma, *c.s.i.*, M.R.A.S., *c.s.i.*, Valiya Koll Tamburan, married to H. H. the Senior Rani; Raja Raja Varma, Kuchil Koll Tamburan, married to the late Junior Rani.

COCHIN.

His Highness Raja Rama Varma, Raja of Cochin, born 6th January 1862, ascended the Masnad 23rd October 1895. Veemurula Varma, the Elaya Raja, born 9th September 1854; Kunjikedavu Tamburan, First Prince; Kunjuni Tamburan, Second Prince. There are also 36 other Princes.

Mother of the Raja.—Her Highness the Wallia Amah Tamburan, born 7th December 1832.

Aunt.—Kunj Amah Tamburan, born 30th September 1839.

There are also 12 female cousins, one sister, 35 nieces and grand-nieces.

PUDUKOTIA.

His Highness Sree Brahadesa Das Rajah Marthanda Bhadravi Pundiman Bahadur Rajah of Pudukotia, born in 1875, succeeded to the Chiefship 16th April 1895, and invested with the powers of Administration 27th November 1894.

BANGANAPALLE.

Sawab Saiyad Path Ali Khan Bahadur, *c.s.i.*, Nawab of Banganapalle, born in 1849, ascended the Masnad 6th February 1894—has three sons, one daughter and one brother.

SANDUR.

Raja Krimad Venkatesw Rao Sahib, Hindu Rao Ghoswade, Mamlikat-madar, Senapati, Raja of Sandur, born 14th July 1892, succeeded to the Chiefship on 4th December 1892 and recognised 3th April 1893.

Paternal uncle of the Chief.—Raja Maloji Rao Raja Sahib Ghoswade, Administrator of the State.

Mother of the Chief.—Kusma Bai Sahib, daughter of Kani Rao, connected by marriage with the Marada Family.

Step-mother of the Chief.—Lakshmi Bai Sahib.

Paternal Aunt of the Chief.—Daka Bai Sahib.

Sister of the Chief.—Shahu Bai Sahib, married to Govinda Rao Bapu Sahib.

TANJORE.

Widows of His late Highness Maharaja Sanyal who died in 1850.—1. H. H. Matuari Umamala Bai Sahib; 2. H. H. Matuari Chinnamala Bai Sahib; 3. H. H. Matuari Govindamala Bai Sahib; 4. H. H. Matuari Jankamala Bai Sahib; 5. H. H. Matuari Ramakumaramala Bai Sahib; 6. H. H. Matuari Dipamala Bai Sahib.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

VICEROY AND GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

His Excellency The Right Honorable Victor-Alexander Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, *p.c.*, *G.M.S.I.*, *G.M.L.E.*, Lord Bruce of Kinloss and Lord Bruce of Terry in the Kingdom of Scotland, and Baron Elgin, of Elgin, in the United Kingdom, took his seat, 27th January 1894. (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 20,900.

VICEREGAL COUNCIL.

EXTRAORDINARY MEMBERS.

His Excellency General Sir George Stewart White, *G.C.I.E.*, *K.C.F.*, *V.C.*, Brit. Serv., Commander-in-Chief, took his seat, 12th April 1893, (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 8,833-5-4.

ORDINARY MEMBERS.—Pay Rs. 6,400.

The Hon. Sir Alexander Edward Miller, *KL*, *c.s.i.*, *Q.C.*, *B.E.*, took his seat, 8th April 1891, (Calcutta).

The Hon. Lieut.-General Sir Henry Brackenbury, *c.s.*, *B.A.*, took his seat, 25th April 1891, (Calcutta).

The Hon. Sir Charles Bradley Pritchard, *K.C.I.E.*, *c.s.i.*, *C.S.*, took his seat, 30th Nov. 1892, (Calcutta).

The Hon. Sir James Westland, *c.s.i.*, took his seat, 27th Nov. 1893, (Calcutta).

The Hon. Sir A. Mackenzie, *c.s.i.*, *C.S.*, took his seat, 10th April 1895, (Calcutta).

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS TO MAKE LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

His Honor the Lieut.-Governor of the Punjab, *L.L.D.*, *K.C.S.I.*, *C.I.E.*

The Hon. the Lieut.-Governor of Bengal, *K.C.S.I.*

The Hon. Sir G. H. P. Evans, *K.C.I.E.*, (*Barrister-at-Law*).

The Hon. Raja Udai Pratap Singh, of Bhinga.

The Hon. Mr. C. C. Stevens, *c.s.*, *C.S.*

Brig.-Surg.-Lt.-Col. A. S. Lethbridge, *c.s.i.*, *R.D.*

The Hon. Sir Luckmessur Singh, *K.C.I.E.*, Maharajah Bahadur of Durbhanga.

The Hon. Baba Khen Singh Bedi, *C.I.E.*

The Hon. Mr. P. M. Mehta, *M.A.*, *C.I.E.*

The Hon. Mr. Gangadhar Rao Mahadev Chitnavis.

The Hon. Prince Sir Jahan Kadr Mirza Muhammad Wahid Ali Bahadur, *K.C.I.E.*

The Hon. Mr. P. Playfair.

The Hon. Babu Mohin Mohan Roy.

The Hon. Mr. H. E. M. James, *C.S.*

The Hon. Mr. J. D. Rees, *C.S.*, *C.I.E.*, *M.R.A.S.*, *F.R.G.S.*

The Hon. P. Ananda Charulu, *c.s.*, *Raj Bahadur*.

S. H. James, *C.S.*, Secretary to the Council.

J. M. Macpherson, (*Bar-at-Law*), Dy. Secretary.

H. W. C. Canaduff, *C.S.*, Offg. Dy. Secretary.

Col. H. S. Jarrett, Asst. Secretary.

F. G. Wigley, (*Bar-at-Law*), Personal Assistant.

PERSONAL STAFF OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL.

H. B. Smith, Private Secretary, (Calcutta).—Pay Rs. 2,000.

Br. Lt.-Col. A. G. A. Durand, *c.s.*, *p.s.c.*, 2 *C.I.H.*, Military Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,500.

Capt. R. E. Grimston, 6 *B.C.*

Lieut. S. H. Pollen, Wilts. R.

" F. L. Adam, S. Gds.

" Vict. A. E. Fincastle, 16 Lrs.

" C. P. A. Hull, R. Scots Fus.

" L. L. Maxwell, 2 *B. L.*

" F. C. Marsh, R. W. Kent R.

2nd Lt. C. Wigram, *R.A.*

Lieut. J. M. F. Fuller, Wilts. Yeo. Cav.

Sab.-Major Tara Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, 45th Sikhs, Native Aide-de-Camp.

Risaldar-Major Bahauddin Khan, *Sardar Bahadur*, 1 *C. I. H.* do.

Brigade-Surgeon-Lt.-Col. B. Franklin, *I.M.S.*, Surgeon.

HONORARY AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Chatterton, Col. F. W., G.L.L., C.B.E. (Comdt. Presy. Vols.) <i>Ex-officio</i>	27th January 1894.
Hext, Capt. J., R.N. (Retd.).....	do.
Loch, Lt.-Col. W., G.L.L.....	do.
Boughey, Lt.-Col. G. F. C., R.E.....	do.
Hadfield, Bt. Lt.-Col. A. J., M. Invalid Establt.....	do.
Mears, Col. A., F.R.V.E.....	do.
Hudson, Lt.-Col. Sir W. B., K.C.I.E., Behar Lt. Horse.....	do.
Bayley, Hon'ble Lt.-Col. L. H., Bt. Vol. Rif. Co.....	do.
Braunson, Hon'ble Major J. H. S., Mad. Art. Vols.....	do.
Edge, the Hon. Hony. Col. Sir J. Kt., Comdt., 3 Admte. Bn. N. W. P. Vols.....	1st January 1895.
Wynne, Lt. Genl. T. R., B. N. Railway Vols.....	do.
Stuart, the Hon. Lt.-Col. J. N., Coss. Atty. Vols.....	do.
Buckingham, Lt.-Col. J., C.I.E., Assam Valley Mtd. Rif.....	do.
Hunter, Lt.-Col. W. S. D., Sind Rif. Corps.....	do.

HONORARY NATIVE AIDES-DE-CAMP.

Muhammad Afzal Khan, Risaldar-Major Nawab, C.S.I., Khan Bahadur, late 11th B.L.....	do.
Shank. Indrad Ali, Sahadar, Sardar Bahadur, Bedy Guazd.....	10th June 1895.

HONORARY SURGEONS.

Surg.-Major-Genl. R. Harvey, M.D., D.S.O., I. M. S.
Surgeon-Colonel D. O' C. Raye, M.D., I. M. S.
Brigade-Surgeon Lt.-Col. D. D. Cunningham, M.B., C.I.E., I. M. S.
Brigade-Surgeon Lt.-Col. D. Sinclair, M.B., I. M. S.
Surgeon-Lt.-Col. J. D. Edge, M.D., A. M. S.
Surgeon-Lt.-Col. A. J. Wilcocks, M.D., I. M. S.
Surgeon-Lt.-Col. S. H. Browne, M.D., I. M. S.

HONORARY ASSISTANT SURGEONS.

Assistant Surgeon Dinobanthoo Dutt.....	Bengal.
Do. Doyal Chander Shome, M.B., Rai Bahadur.....	do.
Do. E. McKenzie.....	Bombay.
Do. Dossabhai Postangji, Khan Bahadur.....	do.
Do. Chetan Shah, Khan Bahadur.....	Punjab.
Do. Mehrchand, Rai Bahadur.....	do.
Do. C. A. Lafrenais.....	Madras.

PERSONAL STAFF OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF IN INDIA.

Col. I. S. M. Hamilton, D.S.O., Brit. Service, Military Secretary.
Capt. L. Herbert, 1st C.I.H., Interpreter.
Lieut. C. H. H. Gough, 12th B.C., Aide-de-Camp.
Capt. Q. G. K. Agnew, R. St. Fus., do.
Lieut. C. H. Stuart, R. Innis. Fus., do.
Lieut. F. Lyon, R. A., do.
Lieut. C. O. Swanson, 18th B. L., do.
Surg.-Major F. H. Treherne, A.M.S., Surgeon.
Sahdar-Major Jaidhar Thapa "Bahadur," 1-2 Gurkhas, Native Aide-de-Camp.
Lt.-Col. J. Lackington, Col. Vol. Rifles, } Hony. Aides-de-Camp.
Lt.-Col. D. P. Masson, 1st P.V.E., }
Hony. Capt. Husain Ali Khan, Sardar Bahadur, }
late Risaldar-Major, 13th B.L., }
Hony. Capt. Ganda Singh, Sardar Bahadur, } Hony. Native Aides-de-Camp.
Risaldar-Major, 19th B.L., }

SECRETARIES TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

J. P. Finlay, M.A., D.C.S.....	Secretary, Rs. 4,000.
R. M. Dwyer, C.S.....	Deputy Secretary, Rs. 2,250.
E. A. Gomme, M.A., C.S.....	Under Secretary, Rs. 1,500. (on furlough).
R. Nathan, B.A., (Barrister-at-Law), C.S.....	Offg. Under Secretary, Rs. 1,500.
J. E. O'Connor, C.I.E., M.B.S., M.J.S.L.....	Assistant Secretary, Rs. 2,000.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

C. J. Lyall, M.A., LL.D., C.I.E., C.S.....	Secretary, Rs. 4,000. (on dep.)
J. P. Hewett, C.I.E., C.S.....	Offg. do.
J. P. Hewett, C.I.E., C.S.....	Deputy Secretary, Rs. 2,000. (on dep.)
H. Luson, C.S.....	Under Secretary, Rs. 1,500.
J. A. Stowell.....	Registrar, Rs. 700.

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Sir E. C. Buck, Kt., C.S.I., LL.D., C.S.....	Secretary, Rs. 4,166-10-8. (on furlough).
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B. D. MacLagan.....	Under-Secretary, Rs. 1,500.

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W. J. Cunningham, C.S.....	Secretary, Rs. 4,000.
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Capt. H. Daly, C.I.E., S.C.....	Offg. do. Rs. 1,333-5-4.
A. Williams, C.S.....	Under-Secretary, Rs. 1,500. (on furlough).
O. V. Roseauquet, C.S.....	Offg. do. Rs. 1,066-10-8.
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J. M. Macpherson, (Barrister-at-Law).....	Dy. do. Rs. 2,000. (on furlough).
H. W. O. Carnilatt, C.S.....	Offg. do.
Colonel H. S. Jarratt.....	Asst. Secretary, Rs. 2,000.*
F. G. Wigby, (Barrister-at-Law).....	Personal Assistant, Rs. 400 + 250.

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Major-Genl. Sir E. H. H. Colles, K.C.I.E., p.s.c., I.S.C.....	Secretary.
Colonel P. J. Maitland, I.S.C.....	Deputy Secretaries.
Col. M. J. King-Harman, I.S.C.....	
Captain J. Dallas, R.E.....	
Major H. F. S. Ramsden, I.S.C.....	Assistant Secretaries.
Capt. F. DeBruth, p.s.c., 92nd B. Pio.....	
Major P. A. Buckland, 15th Sikhs.....	
Capt. F. Holland, 5th P. L.....	Attaché.

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Lieut.-Col. W. S. S. Bisset, C.I.E., R.E.....	Secretary, and Chief Engr. for Irrign. and Railway Works, Rs. 2,000.
Lieut.-Col. J. W. Outley, C.I.E., R.E.....	Insp.-Genl. of Irrigation and Dy. Secretary.
Bt.-Col. R. A. Sargeant, R.E.....	Director-General of Railways and Dy. Secy. (also for State Railways), (on leave).
Bt.-Col. T. Gracey, R.E.....	Offg. do.
Capt. H. Bonham-Carter, R.E.....	Asst. Secretary.

ECCLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

SEE OF CALCUTTA.

The Most Rev. Edward Ralph Johnson, D.D., LL.D., Lord Bishop of Calcutta and Metropolitan of India and the Island of Ceylon, Pay Rs. 2,831-6-8.
The Ven. W. MacCarthy, Archdeacon of Calcutta and Commissary—Allowance Rs. 255-10-8.
The Rev. H. O. Moore, M.A., Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop—Pay Rs. 500.
A. M. Dwyer, B.A., M.B.S., Registrar of the Archdeaconry of Calcutta, and Secretary to the Lord Bishop, Pay Rs. 500.

* Includes Rs. 350 as Assistant Secretary, Legislative Department, and Rs. 1,450 as Secretary, Board of Examiners.

JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, CALCUTTA.

The Hon'ble Sir William Cernar Petheram, Kt., Q.C.—Chief Justice.—Pay Rs. 6,000.

PUNJEE JUDGES.

Hon. Sir H. T. Prinsep, Kt., I.C.S., Pay Rs. 4,166-10-8	Hon. H. Beverley, M.A., I.C.S., Pay Rs. 4,166-10-8
" J. F. Norris, Q.C.,	" Dr. Gurus Das Banerjee, (Bar- rister-at-Law),
" J. Q. Pigot, M.A.,	" Amir Ali, C.I.E., (on furlough),
" J. O'Kinealy, (on furlough),	" C. H. Hill,
" W. Macpherson, I.C.S.,	" R. F. Rampini,
" E. J. Trevelyan, (Bar-at-Law),	" H. W. Gordon, (Offg.)
" Babu Chunder Madhub Ghose,	" S. G. Sale, (Offg.)

The Hon. Sir G. C. Paul, B.A., K.C.L.E., Advocate-General.—Pay Rs. 3,443, (on furlough).
 The Hon. Sir G. H. P. Evans, K.C.L.E., Offg. do.
 P. O'Kinealy, (Barrister-at-Law), Standing Counsel.
 W. K. Edais, Government Solicitor.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 A. B. Miller, (Barrister-at-Law), Official Trustee and Official Assignee.
 J. C. Macgregor, (Barrister-at-Law), Receiver, (on furlough).
 P. Peacock, Offg. do.
 H. Belchambers, Registrar, Original Side, Record-keeper, &c.—Pay Rs. 1,875.
 J. P. Apear, (Barrister-at-Law), Clerk of the Crown for Criminal Sessions.
 W. B. Flunk, Dy. Registrar.
 T. J. Waite, Private Secretary and Clerk to the Chief Justice.
 Dr. E. W. Chambers, Coroner of Calcutta.
 H. W. O. Carnduff, C.S., Registrar and Taxing Officer, Appellate Side.—Pay Rs. 1,700.
 (on dep.) do. do. do.
 T. Richardson, C.S., Offg. do. do. do.
 W. H. Joyce, Dy. Registrar and do. do. do.
 C. A. Wilkins, C.S., Supt. and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 J. V. Woodman, (Barrister-at-Law), Chief Law Reporter.
 Annoda Persad Banerjee, Senior Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 300.

COURT OF SMALL CAUSES, CALCUTTA.

A. P. Handley, (Barrister-at-Law), Chief Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,000 to 2,500.
 E. W. Ormrod, (Barrister-at-Law), Second Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,400.
 K. M. Chatterjee, (Barrister-at-Law), Third Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,300.
 Abul Hassan, (Barrister-at-Law), Fourth Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,125.
 C. D. Panigty, (Barrister-at-Law), Registrar and Chief Ministerial Officer, with powers of a Judge.—Pay Rs. 750.

BENGAL.

COUNCIL OF THE LIEUT. GOVERNOR OF BENGAL FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

PRESIDENT.

His Honor Sir Charles Alfred Elliot, K.C.S.I., C.S., Lieut.-Governor of Bengal.—Pay Rs. 8,333-5-4 + Household allowance, Rs. 600.

COUNCILLORS.

The Hon. Sir G. Evans, K.C.L.E., 30th March 1895.	The Hon. Rai Durga Gati Banerjee Bahadur, C.I.E., 30th March 1895.
" H. J. S. Cotton, C.I.E., 30th July 1894.	" Nawab Suiyid Ameer Hussain, C.I.E., 3rd August 1893.
" D. R. Lyall, C.S.I., 22nd June 1895.	" Surendra Nath Banerjee, 22nd June 1895.
" J. A. Bourdillon, 22nd June 1895.	" Maharajah Sir Luckmessur Singh Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Dharbhanga, 5th July 1895.
" C. B. Buckland, C.I.E., 30th Dec. 1893.	
" H. H. Risley, C.I.E., 30th March 1895.	

COUNCILLORS—continued.

The Hon. Mouvi Samajul Islam, Khan Bahadur, 6th June 1893.
 W. C. Banerjee, 6th June 1893.
 J. G. Womack, 24th June 1895.
 Maharajah Jagadindranath Roy, of Nator, 23rd Jan. 1894.
 C. E. Smyth, 22nd March 1895.
 The Hon. Anantha Mohan Bose, (Barrister-at-Law), 10th July 1895.
 Rai Eatan Chandra Mitra Bahadur, 19th July 1895.
 Gauri Prasad Sen, 7th July 1895.
 Maharajah Sir Havaneshwar Prasad Sing Bahadur, K.C.I.E., of Gidhour, 7th Sept. 1895.
 Captain J. W. Currie, 20th M.L. Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 350 + M. P. Rs. 374-1-8.
 Captain G. C. Lister, K. R. Rif. C., Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 250 + 250-10-0.
 Hon. H. J. S. Cotton, C.S.I., Chief Secy, Jull. and Polth. Depts.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.
 Hon. C. E. Buckland, C.I.E., Secy. in the Genl. and Revenue and Statistical Depts.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8.
 Hon. Mr. H. H. Risley, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secy. in the Finl. Dept.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8.
 E. V. Levinge, Under Secy., Judicial, Polth. and Appt. Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 W. Egerton, Under Secy., Finl. and Municipal Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 N. Benham-Carter, Under Secy., Genl. Rev. and Statistical Depts.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 W. E. Gordon Leith, (Barrister-at-Law), Asst. Secy., Legislative Dept.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 F. J. Johnston, Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer.—Rs. 2,002-4-0.
 C. W. Odling, Joint Secy. to Govt. and Chief Engr. for Irrigation.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Hon. C. O. Stevens, M.A., C.S.I., C.S., Member, Board of Revenue, Land Rev. Dept.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
 Hon. J. R. Lyall, C.S., C.S.I., do. do. Mts. Rev. Dept.—Pay Rs. 4,000.
 C. W. Bolton, C.S., Secy., Board of Revenue.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 T. Inglis, Justice Secy.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 W. C. Macpherson, Director of Land Records.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 C. B. Marriott, C.S., Collector, Customs House.—Pay Rs. 2,450.
 A. S. Judge, Collector of Income Tax.—Pay Rs. 700 to 1,000.
 K. G. Gupta, Commissioner of Excise.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 P. C. Barnes, Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 T. A. Pearson, (Barrister-at-Law), Chief Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 Hon. Nawab Saiyid Amir Hussein, C.I.E., Presidency Magistrate, Northern Division.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 Lt. Col. D. W. K. Barr, S.C., Resident, 2nd Class, and Resident, Gwalior.
 Surg.-Major R. J. Baker, M.D., I.M.S. (B.), Residency Surgeon and Ex-officio Asst. to Political Resident in Turkish Arabia.
 Lieut.-Colonel F. H. Jackson, B.O. G.I.L.I., Asst. to G. G.'s Agent, Baroda, in charge of the Amriti Mahals.
 Colonel H. S. Jarrett, S.C., Secy. to the Board of Examiners, Fort William, and Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of India in the Legislative Dept.
 Lt. Col. H. Wylie, C.S.I., G.I.L.I., Resident, 2nd Class, Nepal.
 G. Toynbee, C.S., Commissioner, Bhagalpore Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 A. A. Wace, Commissioner, Burdwan Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 W. B. Oldham, C.S., Commissioner, Chittagong Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 W. H. Gurney, B.A., C.S., Commissioner, Chota Nagpore Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 F. W. R. Cowley, C.S., Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpore.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 H. G. Cooke, C.S., Commissioner, Orissa Division, and Supt. of Cuttack Tributary Mahals.—Pay Rs. 2,916 + 250, (on furlough).
 Roopesh Chunder Dutt, C.I.E., Offg. do.
 A. Forbes, C.S., Commissioner, Patna Division.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 R. V. Westmacott, C.S., Commissioner, Presidency Divn.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 P. Nolan, Commissioner, Rajshahya, Cooch Behar Divn.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 H. Littleman Johnson, C.S., Commissioner, Dacca Divn.—Pay Rs. 2,916-10-8 + 250.
 J. A. Hopkins, C.S., Opium Agent, Bihar.—Pay Rs. 2,700.
 F. S. Wright, C.S., Opium Agent, Benares.—Pay Rs. 2,700.
 J. O. Ritchie, C.S., Chairman of the Corporation of the Town of Calcutta, and Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,500 + House allowance, Rs. 250.
 Gopal Lal Mirer, Vice-Chairman of Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 V. K. Eddis, C.S., Offg. Agent to the Governor for the affairs of the late King of Oudh.
 G. H. Manley, C.S., Offg. Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,543-5-4 + L. A. 250.
 G. H. Padansee, Deputy Accountant-General.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 E. R. Henry, C.S., Inspector-General of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Hon. Sir T. Lambert, K.C.I.E., Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 D. Hosain Ahmed, Khan Bahadur, Inspector-General, Registration Dept.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 Pratap Chander Ghosh, M.A., Registrar of Calcutta, and also Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.—Pay Rs. 600.
 A. R. Wild, Conservator of Forests.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 A. U. Fanshawe, C.S., Director-General of the Post Office of India.—Pay Rs. 3,000.
 J. W. H. Sandell, Comptroller, Post Office.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + House Rent, Rs. 125.
 H. M. Kish, M.A., (Barrister-at-Law), C.S., Post Master General.—Pay Rs. 2,000 + House Rent, Rs. 200.

J. Owens, Presidency Post Master.—Pay Rs. 800.
 Surgeon-Major D. W. D. Conins, Inspector-General of Jails, Bengal, and *Ex-officio* Dy. Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Sir A. W. Croft, M.A., M.C.I.E., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Surg. Col. G. C. Ross, M.D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals.—Pay Rs. 2,250.
 Surg.-Capt. H. J. Dyson, Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
 Dr. W. Forsyth, Health Officer, Port of Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + 100 House Rent.
 A. B. Silk, M.A., C.E., Sanitary Engineer.—Pay Rs. 700 + L.A. 100.
 Dr. B. Macleod, Protector of Emigrants and Superintendent of Emigration.—Pay Rs. 1,200 + 100.
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 B. P. Crough, R.I.M., Port Officer and Master Attendant.—Pay Rs. 1,270, (leave on priv. affairs).
 H. A. Street, R.I.M., Offg. do.
 T. A. Pearson, Judge of the Court for the trial of Pilots.—Pay Rs. 200.
 E. M. Lewis, Superintendent, Government Printing in Bengal.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 P. Padler, Meteorological Reporter to Government.—Pay Rs. 450.
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 W. H. Jobbins, Superintendent of the Government School of Art and Art Gallery.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 Surg.-Lieut.-Col. J. Bonford, M.D., Principal, Medical College, Calcutta.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
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 Chander Nath Bose, M.A., Bengali Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 400.
 Kall Kumar Mitra, M.A., Urdu and Hindi Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 300 to 400.
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 T. J. C. Plowden, C.I.E., C.S., Resid., 1st Class, Hyderabad.—Pay Rs. 4,000 + 1,000.
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 Col. C. T. Lane, B.S.C., Inspector-General of Police, Jails, Registration and Stamps, Hyderabad.—Pay Rs. 1,900 + 100.
 Surg.-Lieut.-Col. C. Little, M.D., Sanitary Commissioner, Inspector-General of Dispensaries and Superintendent of Vaccination, Hyderabad Assigned Districts.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
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 Col. M. M. Bowie, Commr., Nerbudda Division, Jabalpur.—Pay Rs. 2,500 + 250.
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 C. B. Cleveland, C.S., Commissioner of Excise, Supt. of Stamps, and Insp.-Genl. of Registration.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
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 R. H. E. Thompson, do. Northern Circle, Jabalpur.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 C. J. Lalaka, Deputy Post Master General, Central Provinces and Barar.—Pay Rs. 800.
 H. M. O'Kelly, M.A., Superintendent, Telegraph Dept., Nagpur Division.—Pay Rs. 850.
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Burma.

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 H. Thompson, C.S., Secretary to the Financial Commr.—Pay Rs. 500 + A.A. 335-5-4 + L.A. 200.
 R. S. Symes, M.A., B.C.S., Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner and Inspector-General of Regn., and Officer in charge of State Prisons.—Pay Rs. 3,500, (on furlough).
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 Col. W. G. Cumming, C.I.E., B.E., Secretary in the Public Works Dept. and Chief Engineer.—Pay Rs. 2,350-5-0.
 Lieut.-Col. O. B. Cook, S.C., Commissioner, Paga Division, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 2,300.
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 G. P. Prevost, Conservator of Forests, 3rd Grade, Tenasserim Circle, Moulmein.—Salary Rs. 1,100.
 F. W. Thompson, Offg. Conservator of Forests, Pegu Circle.—Salary Rs. 1,100.
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 E. Durlington, Chief Collector of Customs.—Pay Rs. 1,500 + allow. as Vice-Chairman, Rangoon Port Commission, Rs. 800.
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 Commander G. Wilson, B.I.M., Port Officer, Rangoon.—Pay Rs. 1,120.
 A. J. Dodd, Port Officer, Moulmein.—Pay Rs. 800.
 Commander J. S. Barrett, R.I.M., Port Officer, Bassin.—Pay Rs. 720.
 Commander R. D. C. Brownlow, R.I.M., do Akyah.—Pay Rs. 970.
 J. Van. Peep, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,250 to 1,500.
 H. B. Rose, M.A., Principal, Rangoon College.—Pay Rs. 750 to 1,000.
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 The Ven. C. H. Chard, Archdeacon of Rangoon.
 A. H. Bagley, M.A., M.L.C., (Barrister-at-Law), Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Rangoon.—Allowance Rs. 50.
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 W. Warty, M.A., M.L.C., Adviser on Chinese Affairs in Burma (Rangoon).—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Taw Sein Ko, Government Translator.—Pay Rs. 530 to 500.
 Mang Tun Nyein, Offg. do.
 J. T. Regan, Superintendent of Government Printing.—Pay Rs. 600 to 850 + H.A. 70.

North-Western Provinces and Oudh.

The Hon. Sir Anthony Patrick MacDonell, K.C.S.I., C.S., Lieut.-Governor of the N. W. Provinces and Chief Commissioner, Oudh.—Pay Rs. 3,333-5-4.
 Lieut. A. Codell, S.C., Private Secretary.—Salary Rs. 575-12-0.
 Lieut. P. G. Campbell Ross, Aide-de-Camp.
 Capt. E. H. Deane, } Hon'y. Aides-de-Camp.
 Capt. J. R. Fox, }

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS FOR MIXING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Hon. J. J. D. La Touche	14th December 1893.
" Seth Lochman Das, C.I.E.	25th August 1893.
" Raja Rampal Singh	do.
" Baba Sri Ram, Rai Bahadur	do.
" W. M. Colvin, (Barrister-at-Law)	9th November 1893.
" W. E. Cooper	do.
Raja Charu Chandra Mitra	do.
Mr. J. G. H. Glass, C.I.E., M.L.C.	do.
" A. Cadell	do.
Maharajah Sir Pariah Narayan Singh, K.C.I.E., of Ajudhya	do.
Haji Mohammad Ismail Khan	do.
Mr. R. H. Macleod	8th February 1894.
" G. Adams	1st June 1894.
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W. H. L. Inpye, C.S., Secretary to Govt., Judicial, Forest and Oudh Revenue Departments, Pay Rs. 2,250, (on furlough).	

A. F. D. Cunningham, C.A., C.S., Offg. Commissioner and Supt. of Peshawar.—Salary Rs. 2,750+250.
 C. F. Elliot, Conservator of Forests, 2nd Grade, Supt. of Forest Surveys and Director of the Forest School, Dehra Dun.—Pay Rs. 1,100.
 E. Sheridan, Post Master General.—Salary Rs. 1,950.
 E. A. Leach, Chief Supt., Telegraph Dept.—Pay Rs. 850.
 R. E. Hamilton, Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,500.
 A. G. Chuckerbutty, C.S., Deputy Accountant-General.—Salary Rs. 1,250.
 T. G. Walker, C.S., Commissioner of Excise and Supt. of Stamps and Insp.-Genl. of Registration.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 Surg.-Lieut. Col. T. H. L. Bates, Inspector-General of Jails.—Pay Rs. 1,800.
 J. Sims, C.S., M.A., M.B., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 1,900.
 W. Bell, M.A., Principal, Government College, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 1,150.
 W. L. Dallas, Meteorological Reporter.—Pay Rs. 250.
 Surg.-Col. D. O'Connell Baye, M.D., Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Punjab.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 Brig.-Surg.-Lt. Col. W. A. C. Roe, Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,320.
 Surg.-Lieut. Col. S. H. Browne, M.D., Principal, Medical College, Lahore.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 Vety.-Capt. J. A. Neame, D.S.O., F.R.C.V.S., Principal, Lahore Veterinary College.—Pay Rs. 650+Staff Rs. 350+L.A. 100.
 The Right Rev. B. J. Matthew, D.D., Bishop of Lahore.—Pay Rs. 800.
 The Venble A. N. W. Spens, Archdeacon and Commissary of Lahore.—Pay Rs. 800+special allowance 202.

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 Deputy do. Colonel E. A. Money, S.C.
 1st Assistant do. Colonel P. D. Jeffreys, p.c., Brit. Service.
 Insp.-Genl. of Cavalry in India Major-Genl. H. F. Grant, C.B., p.c., Brit. Service.
 Insp.-Genl. of Artillery in India Major-Genl. H. C. Lewis, R.A.
 Asst. Adjt. Genl. for I.A. Colonel A. B. Stafford, Brit. Service.
 Quarter Master General of the Army Major-Genl. A. R. Badcock, C.B., p.c.
 Deputy do. Colonel L. S. M. Hamilton, D.S.O., Brit. Service.
 Asst. Quarter Master General Colonel G. Henry, Brit. Service.
 Asst. Qr. Mr. General (Intelligence) Colonel W. H. Mac-Moynis, p.c., S.C.
 Dy. Asst. Qr. Mr. General (Mobilisation) Capt. G. V. Kemball, p.c., R.A.
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 Director of Military Education in India Colonel R. C. Hart, V.C., p.c., Brit. Service.
 Inspector of Gymnasia, Bengal Major The Hon. A. E. Dabell, Ont. L.I.
 Director-General of Ordnance Major-Genl. A. Walker, C.B., R.A.
 Deputy do. Colonel E. J. Mortimer, R.A.
 Superintendent of Gun Powder Factory Captain G. A. Musgrave-Williams, R.A.
 Accountant-General, Military Department Lieut.-Colonel J. A. Miles, I.S.C.
 Deputy Accountant-General Major W. J. B. Bird, I.S.C.
 Contr. of Mty. Accounts, Bengal Comd. Bt. Col. C. F. Thomas, G.D.I.
 Do. Punjab Comd. Major W. R. LeG. Anderson, S.C.
 Do. Madras Comd. Lieut.-Colonel G. W. Sawyer, S.C.
 Do. Bombay Comd. Lieut.-Colonel D. A. A. Macpherson, S.C.
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 (Western Circle) Major G. B. Kenny, I.S.C.
 Examiner, Const. and (Eastern Circle) Lieut. P. G. Shewell, and P.I.
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 Examiner, Ordnance and Clothing Accounts Colonel T. F. Hobday, S.C.
 Commissary General in-Chief, India Colonel C. F. Rogers, I.S.C.
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 Do. Punjab Comd., Murree Colonel E. A. Bruce, S.C.
 Do. Madras Comd., Bangalore Colonel J. B. Bucken-Bennett, S.C.
 Do. Bombay Comd., Poona Colonel A. C. Toker, C.B., I.S.C.
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 F. M. G. H. S. Paves in India Surg.-Major-Genl. J. Cleburne, p.c., I.M.S.
 Secretary-General with the Govt. of India Surg.-Major-Genl. J. Cleburne, p.c., I.M.S.
 Secretary-General with the Govt. of India Surg.-Major-Genl. J. Cleburne, p.c., I.M.S.
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 Director General of Military Works Major-Genl. W. P. Tonking, C.B., R.E.
 Director of Army Demount. Department Colonel T. Deane, I.S.C.
 Inspector of Sub-Marine Defences Major H. E. Tyler, R.E.

Governors and Governors-General of India.

Names.	Assumed charge.	Remarks.
Mr. William Hedges	July 1683	
Mr. William Gyfford	Aug. 1684	
Sir Charles Eyre	26 May 1700	
Mr. John Beard	7 Jan. 1701	
Mr. Anthony Welldon	20 July 1710	
Mr. John Russell	4 Mar. 1711	
Mr. Robert Hedges	3 Dec. 1713	
Mr. Samuel Peake	12 Jan. 1718	
Mr. John Desno	17 Jan. 1728	
Mr. Henry Frankland	30 Jan. 1726	
Mr. John Stockhouse	25 Feb. 1732	
Mr. Thomas Braddell	29 Jan. 1739	
Mr. John Foster	4 Feb. 1746	
Mr. William Barwell	18 Apr. 1748	
Mr. Adam Dawson	17 July 1749	
Mr. William Fyich	5 July 1752	
Mr. Robert Drake	8 Aug. 1752	
Colonel Robert Clive	27 June 1758	
Mr. J. Z. Holwell	27 Jan. 1760	
Mr. Henry Vansittart	27 July 1760	
Sir John Spencer	30 Dec. 1761	
Lord Clive	30 May 1765	
Mr. Harry Vane	29 Jan. 1767	
Mr. John Cartier	26 Dec. 1769	
The Right Honble Warren Hastings	20 Oct. 1774	Was Governor of Bengal from 13th April 1772 and assumed charge as first Governor-General under Act passed in 1773 (13 Geo. III Ch. 63).
Sir John Macpherson, Bart.	4 Feb. 1785	
Earl Cornwallis, K.G.	12 Sept. 1786	Also Commander-in-Chief.
Sir John Shore, Bart.	28 Oct. 1793	
Lieut.-Genl. The Honble Sir Alured Clarke, K.C.B.	17 Mar. 1798	Officiating.
Marquis of Wellesley	18 May 1798	
Marquis Cornwallis, K.G.	20 July 1805	Also Commander-in-Chief. Died at Ghazipur 5th October 1805.
Sir George Barlow, Bart., K.C.B.	10 Oct. 1805	Confirmed 11th July 1806.
The Earl of Minto	3 July 1807	
Marquis of Hastings, G.C.B.	4 Oct. 1815	Also Commander-in-Chief.
Mr. John Adam	18 Jan. 1823	Officiating.
The Earl of Amherst	1 Aug. 1823	
Mr. Butterworth Bayley	13 Mar. 1828	Officiating.
Lord William Bentinck, G.C.B.	4 July 1825	
Sir Charles Metcalfe, Bart., G.C.B.	20 Mar. 1836	Officiating.
The Earl of Auckland, G.C.B.	1 Mar. 1832	
The Earl of Ellenborough	28 Feb. 1841	
Lord Hardinge, G.C.B.	23 July 1848	
Marquis of Dalhousie, K.T.	12 Jan. 1841	
Earl Canning, G.C.B., K.C.B.	29 Feb. 1854	
The Earl of Higin, K.T., G.C.B.	12 Mar. 1863	Died at Dharmasala, 20th November 1863.
Major-Genl. The Honble Sir Robert Napier, K.C.B.	21 Nov. 1863	Officiating.
Colonel Sir William Denison, K.C.B.	2 Dec. 1863	Officiating.
Sir John Lawrence, G.C.B., K.C.B.	12 Jan. 1864	
The Earl of Mayo, K.P.	12 Jan. 1869	Assassinated at Port Blair, 8th February 1872.

Governors and Governors-General of India—concluded.

Names.	Assumed charge.	Remarks.
The Hon'ble Mr. John Strachey ..	9 Feb. 1872	Officiating.
Lord Napier of Merchiston, K.T.	28 Feb. 1872	Officiating.
Lord Northbrook, G.C.S.I.	3 May 1872	
Lord Lytton, G.C.S.I., G.M.I.E.	12 Apr. 1876	
Marquis of Ripon, K.G., P.C.	8 June 1880	
The Earl of Dufferin, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., P.C., F.R.S., D.C.S.	13 Dec. 1884	
Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.M.I.E.	10 Dec. 1888	
The Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, P.C., F.R.S.	27 Jan. 1894	

GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

See page 108.

Staff and Departments of the Madras Command.

Deputy Adjutant-General	Brig. Genl. G. Simpson, S.C.
Asst. Quarter-Master-General	Colonel S. E. Rolland, S.C., D.S.O.
Asst. Adjutant-General	Colonel W. G. Thomas, S.P., Brit. Service.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General	Capt. A. H. B. Caye, K. O. Sec. Bord.
Brig. Genl., Royal Artillery	Brig. Genl. R. Alexander, R.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General, Royal Arty.	Capt. A. E. A. Butcher, R.A.
Deputy Judge Advocate-General	Col. A. Chaplin, M.G.L.I. (Leave M. C. for 1 year, from 26th May 1895).
	Capt. C. L. M. Rich, S.C. (Offg.)
Asst. Mil. Secy. and Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Lieut.-General Commanding	Major R. G. Kekewich, Innis, Fus.
Aide-de-Camp and Interpreter to H. E. the Lieut.-General Commanding	Capt. The Hon. F. R. Bingham, R.A.
Native Aide-de-Camp to H. E. the Lieut.-General Commanding	Sub-Major Sayyid Yakub, Sardar Bahadur, 3rd Class Order of Merit, 27th M. I.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General for Musketry	Major R. T. A. Pennington, North'd. Fus.

MADRAS DISTRICT, &c., STAFF.

A. A. G. Port St. George	Major E. R. C. Graham, Ches. Regt.
A. A. G. do.	Capt. G. J. Shaw, 6th M.I.
Commissary General	Col. E. A. Bruce, I.S.C.
Inspr. Genl. of Ordnance	Col. T. Walker, R.A.
Superintendent, Gun Carriage Factory	Capt. C. C. Townsend, R.A.
Controller of Military Accounts	Lieut. Col. G. W. Sawyer, I.S.C.
Exmr. of Const. and Army Remount Accts.	Capt. J. G. Downing, I.S.C.
Examiner, Pay Department	Lieut. Col. J. F. D. Fordyce, I.S.C.
Do. Ordnance & Army Clothing Accts.	Lieut. B. Scott, 11th M.I.
Supt. Army Clothing, Madras and Bombay	Col. H. E. Shelley, M.G.L.I.
Supt. of Family Payments and Pensions	Capt. R. F. R. Formby, S.C.
Supt. Reserve Remount Depot, Homb.	Major E. Chalmers, 7th B.C.
Garrison Quarter Master	Capt. W. E. Banbury, I.S.C.
D. A. A. G. for Instruction (Bangalore)	Major C. E. Poynder, p.s.c., I.S.C.
Examiner in Hindustani	Hon'ble Mr. J. D. Rees, C.I.E.

MADRAS MEDICAL STAFF.

Surgeon-General with the Govt. of Madras	Surg. Major-Genl. C. Sibthorpe, I.M.S.
Secy. to do. do.	Surgeon-Captain E. Thomson, M.B., I.M.S.
P. M. O., Madras Command	Surg. Major-Genl. C. E. McVitte, I.M.S. (M.)
Personal Asst. to the P. M. O.	Surg. Capt. G. B. Russell, M.B., A.M.S.
Sanitary Commissioner	Surg. Lt. Col. J. A. Laing, M.B., (on furl.)
	Surg. Maj. W. G. King, M.B., I.M.S., (Offg.)
Inspecting Veterinary Officer	Vety. Lieut. Col. E. Ewing, A.V.D.

Governors of Fort St. George.

Names.	Assumed charge.	Remarks.
Mr. Aaron Baker	1 Sept. 1652	
Sir Thomas Chamber	1659	
Sir Edward Winter, Kt.	1661	
Mr. George Foxcroft	June 1667	Imprisoned by Sir Edward Winter.
Sir Edward Winter, Kt.	16 Sept. 1665	
Mr. George Foxcroft	22 Aug. 1668	
Sir William Langham, Bart.	1670	
Mr. Sreynsham Master	27 Jan. 1678	
Mr. William Gyfford	8 July 1681	
Mr. Elihu Yale	8 Aug. 1684	Acting.
Mr. William Gyfford	26 Jan. 1685	
Mr. Elihu Yale	25 July 1687	
Mr. Nathaniel Higginson	23 Oct. 1692	
Mr. Thomas Pitt	7 July 1698	
Mr. Gilstone Addison	18 Sept. 1709	Died at Madras, 17 Oct. 1709.
Mr. Edmund Montague	17 Oct. 1709	Acting.
Mr. William Fraser	3 Nov. 1709	Acting.
Mr. Edward Harrison	11 July 1711	
Mr. Joseph Collet	8 Jan. 1717	
Mr. Francis Hastings	18 Jan. 1720	Acting.
Mr. Nathaniel Elwick	15 Oct. 1721	
Mr. James Macrae	15 Jan. 1723	
Mr. George Morton Pitt	14 May 1730	
Mr. Richard Benyon	28 Jan. 1735	
Mr. Nicholas Morse	17 Jan. 1744	Fort St. George captured, 10 Sept. 1746.
Mr. John Hinde		Deputy Governor of Fort St. David. Appointed President and Governor 24 Jan. 1747, but died before receipt of despatch. Dismissed 6 July 1750.
Mr. Charles Floyer	16 Apr. 1747	Seat of Government re-established at Fort St. George, 5 Apr. 1752.
Mr. Thomas Saunders	10 Sep. 1750	Afterwards Lord Pigot.
Mr. George Pigot	14 Jan. 1759	
Mr. Robert Falk	14 Nov. 1763	
Mr. Charles Bouchier	25 Jan. 1767	
Mr. Josias Du Pre	31 Jan. 1770	
Mr. Alexander Wynch	2 Feb. 1774	
Lord Pigot	11 Dec. 1775	Placed under arrest by majority of his Council, 24 Aug. 1776.
Mr. George Stratton	23 Aug. 1776	Suspd. from the Service.
Mr. John Whitehill	31 Aug. 1777	Acting.
Mr. Thomas Rumbold	8 Feb. 1778	
Mr. John Whitehill	8 April 1780	Acting, Suspended.
Mr. Charles Smith	8 Nov. 1780	Acting.
Lord Macartney	22 June 1781	
Mr. Alexander Davidson	18 June 1785	Acting.
Major-General Sir Archibald Campbell, K.B.	6 April 1786	Also Commr. in-Chief.
Mr. John Holland	7 Feb. 1789	Acting.
Mr. Edward John Holland	13 Feb. 1789	Acting.
Major-General William Medows	20 Feb. 1790	Also Commr. in-Chief.
Sir Charles Oakley, Bart.	1 Aug. 1792	
Lord Hobart	7 Sep. 1794	
Lieutenant-General George Harris	21 Feb. 1798	Acting.
Lord Clive	21 Aug. 1798	
Lord William Cavendish Bentinck	30 Aug. 1802	
Mr. William Peirce	11 Sep. 1807	Acting.

Governors of Fort St. George—continued.

Names.	Assumed charge.	Remarks.
Sir George Hilary Barlow, Bt., K.C.B.	24 Dec. 1807.	Commander-in-Chief and temporary Governor.
Lt.-Genl. the Hon. John Abercromby	21 May 1813	
Mr. Hugh Elliot	16 Sep. 1814	Acting.
Maj.-Genl. Sir Thomas Munro, Bt., K.C.B.	10 June 1820	
Mr. Henry Sullivan Grime	10 July 1827	Acting.
Mr. Stephen Rumbold Lushington	18 Oct. 1827	
Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Adam, K.C.B.	25 Oct. 1828	Acting.
Mr. George Edward Russell	4 Mar. 1827	
Lord Elphinstone, G.C.B.	6 Mar. 1827	Was also Commander-in-Chief.
The Marquis of Tweeddale, K.T.	24 Sep. 1842	
Mr. Henry Dickinson	23 Feb. 1848	Acting.
Maj.-Genl. Sir Henry Pottinger	7 Apr. 1848	
Mr. Daniel Elliott	24 Apr. 1854	Acting.
Lord Harris	28 Apr. 1854	
Sir Charles Edward Trevelyan, K.C.B.	28 Mar. 1858	Acting.
Mr. William Ambrose Morehead	6 June 1859	
Sir Henry George Ward, K.T.	5 July 1860	Died at Madras 6 August 1860.
Mr. William Ambrose Morehead	4 Aug. 1860	
Col. Sir William Thomas Denison, K.C.B.	18 Feb. 1861	Acting.
Mr. Edward Maltby	26 Nov. 1862	
Lord Napier of Merchiston, K.T.	27 Mar. 1865	Acting.
Mr. Alexander John Arbuthnot, G.C.B.	12 Feb. 1872	
Lord Hobart	15 May 1872	Died at Madras 27 April 1875.
Mr. William Rosa Robinson, G.C.B.	29 Apr. 1875	
The Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, G.C.B.	22 Nov. 1875	Died at Ootacamund 24 May 1881.
Mr. William Patrick Adam	20 Dec. 1880	
Mr. William Huddleston, G.C.B.	24 May 1881	Acting.
Mr. Mountstuart Elphinstone Grant Duff	5 Nov. 1881	
The Hon'ble Robert Bourke, G.C.B.	8 Dec. 1882	Created Baron Connors.
Mr. John Henry Garstin, G.C.B.	1 Dec. 1890	
Lord Westlock, G.C.B.	25 Jan. 1891	Acting.

ADJUTANTS-GENERAL.

MADRAS ARMY.

(From 1786.)

PERIOD OF OFFICE.		Rank and name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
16 Apr. 1786	28 Feb. 1792	Major Henry Malcolm	1	
1 Mar. 92	3 Sep. 99	Lt.-Col. Barry Closs	1	
4 Sep. 99	17 Dec. 1807	Lt.-Col. Patrick Alexander Agnew	1	
18 Dec. 1807	31 Jan. 09	Lt.-Col. Francis Capper	1	
1 Feb. 09	16 Feb. 09	Major Robert Barclay	1	Acting.
17 Feb. 09	30 Apr. 09	Lt.-Col. John Cuppage	1	
1 May 09	20 Apr. 37	Lt.-Col. T. H. Somerset Conway, G.B.	1	
21 Apr. 37	7 Dec. 37	Major James Russell Haig	1	Acting.
8 Dec. 37	23 Sep. 39	Lt.-Col. Benjamin Robertson Hitchins	1	
24 Sep. 39	14 Aug. 49	Lt.-Col. Robert Alexander	1	
15 Aug. 49	27 Oct. 53	Lt.-Col. Robert John Hussey Vivian	1	
28 Oct. 53	9 Apr. 63	Lt.-Col. William George Woods	1	
10 Apr. 63	16 Apr. 68	Colonel James Maurice Primrose	B	
17 Apr. 68	22 Nov. 69	Colonel James Elphinstone Robertson	B	
23 Nov. 69	23 Aug. 72	Colonel Peter Burton Roe	B	
27 Aug. 72	27 Aug. 77	Br.-Genl. Robert Cross Stewart	B	
28 Aug. 77	20 Feb. 80	Br.-Genl. Fred. William Jebb	B	
21 Feb. 80	28 Aug. 80	Colonel Andrew Robert Clephane	1	Officiating.
29 Aug. 80	28 Aug. 85	Br.-Genl. Godfrey Clerk	B	
29 Aug. 85	17 Feb. 87	Br.-Genl. Wm. Kidston Elles, G.B.	B	
18 Feb. 87	6 Jan. 90	Br.-Genl. Malcolm Charles Farrington, G.B.	B	
7 Jan. 90	28 Mar. 94	Br.-Genl. Hugh Pearce Pearson, G.B.	B	
29 Mar. 94	31 Mar. 95	Colonel Elphinstone Waters Begbie, D.S.O.	1	Officiating.
BY ADJUTANTS-GENERAL				
MADRAS COMMAND.				
1 Apr. 95	20 Oct. 95	Br.-Genl. Elphinstone Waters Begbie, D.S.O.	1	
21 Oct. 95	.....	Br.-Genl. G. Simpson, S.O.	1	

QUARTER-MASTERS-GENERAL.

MADRAS ARMY.

(From 1790).

PERIOD OF OFFICE.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
		Capt. James Campbell	I	
4 Nov. 1790	31 Aug. 1802	Lt.-Col. John Richardson	I	
1 Sep. 1802	4 Aug. 03	Lt.-Col. Alexander Orr	I	
5 Aug. 03	2 Apr. 10	Lt.-Col. John Munro	I	
3 Apr. 10	31 Jan. 21	Lt.-Col. Valentine Blacker, c.b.	I	
1 Feb. 21	25 Sep. 25	Lt.-Col. R. B. Otto	I	
25 Sep. 25	31 Aug. 39	Lt.-Col. James Hanson	I	
1 Sep. 39	22 Feb. 45	Colonel Wm. Strahan	I	
23 Feb. 45	12 Oct. 49	Lt.-Col. Daniel Heffernan Conisidine	I	
19 Oct. 49	27 Sep. 61	Lt.-Col. Francis Archibald Reid, c.b.	I	
28 Sep. 61	27 Sep. 66	Major Francis Henry Scott	I	
28 Sep. 66	28 Sep. 71	Colonel Crawford Cooke	I	
22 Sep. 71	5 Nov. 76	Br.-Genl. Arthur Howlett	I	
6 Nov. 76	31 Dec. 81	Br.-Genl. Hugh Heafke O'Connell	I	
1 Jan. 82	15 Feb. 83	Lt.-Col. John Ewing	I	(Offg.)
15 Feb. 83	12 Feb. 86	Br.-General Richard Calaphell Stewart	I	
13 Feb. 86	25 Mar. 88	Br.-Genl. Edmund Faunce, c.b.	I	
26 Mar. 88	11 Oct. 90	Br.-Genl. Montague Protheroe, c.b., c.s.i.	I	
12 Oct. 90	31 Mar. 95	Br.-Genl. Edmund Henry Eyre, c.b.	I	

COMMANDERS-IN-CHIEF.

MADRAS ARMY.

(From 1785).

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Name and Rank.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
1785	1785	Sir Robert Sloper		
1785	1785	Sir J. Dalling		
1785	1790	Sir Archibald Campbell		
1790	1796	Sir W. Meadows		
1796	1797	Sir Alured Clarke		
1797	1801	Lt.-Genl. G. Harris		
1801	27 Jul. 01	Major-Genl. John Brathwaite	I	
28 Jul. 01	21 Oct. 04	Lt.-Genl. J. Stuart	B	Commanding the Forces
22 Oct. 04	12 Feb. 05	Maj.-Genl. Dugald Campbell	B	(Temporary).
13 Feb. 05	16 Sep. 07	Lt.-Genl. Sir J. P. Cradock	B	Commanding the Forces.
17 Sep. 07	23 Jan. 09	Lt.-Genl. Hay Macdowall	B	

Commanders-in-Chief—continued.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
31 Jan. 1809	9 Apr. 1810	Maj.-Genl. Francis Gowdie	I	(Temporary).
10 Apr. 1810	26 Sep. 10	H. E. Lt.-Genl. George Hewitt	B	Commanding the Forces.
27 Sep. 10	5 Mar. 13	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Samuel Auchmutty, c.b.	B	Commanding the Forces
6 Mar. 13	24 May 14	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon'ble John Abercromby.	B	Governor and C.-in-C.
15 May 14	31 May 21	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Thomas Hislop, Bart.	B	
1 Jun. 21	14 Jun. 21	Lt.-Genl. Thomas Bowser	I	(Temporary).
15 Jun. 21	2 Jan. 25	H. E. Genl. Sir Alex. Campbell, Bt., K.C.B.	B	
3 Jan. 25	18 Jan. 26	Lt.-Genl. T. Bowser	I	
19 Jan. 26	2 Mar. 26	Maj.-Genl. Sir John Deveton	I	(Temporary).
3 Mar. 26	10 May 31	H. E. Lieut.-Genl. Sir Geo. Townshend Walker, c.b., K.C.B.	B	
11 May 31	10 Oct. 36	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon. Sir Robert Wm. O'Callaghan, K.C.B.	B	
11 Oct. 36	20 Dec. 38	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir P. Maitland, K.C.B.	B	
21 Dec. 38	4 Oct. 39	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Jasper Nicolls, K.C.B.	B	
5 Oct. 39	2 Aug. 40	Major-Genl. Sir Hugh Gough, K.C.B.	B	
3 Aug. 40	13 Jan. 41	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Samuel F. Whittingham, K.C.B., K.C.S.	B	
20 Jan. 41	11 Feb. 41	Major-Genl. James Allan, c.b.	B	(Temporary).
12 Feb. 41	23 Sep. 41	Major-Genl. Sir Robert Henry Dick, K.C.B., K.C.S.	B	(Temporary).
24 Sep. 41	23 Feb. 48	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Most Hon'ble Geo. Marquis of Tweeddale, K.T., c.b.	B	Governor and C.-in-C.
24 Feb. 48	12 Mar. 48	Maj.-Genl. Sir H. K. Williams, K.C.B., K.C.S. and s.	B	(Temporary).
13 Mar. 48	28 Sep. 48	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Geo. Henry Fred. Berkeley, K.C.B.	B	
29 Sep. 48	26 Oct. 53	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Richard Armstrong, c.b., K.T. & s.	B	
27 Oct. 53	4 Apr. 54	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Wm. Staveley, c.b.	B	
5 Apr. 54	22 Sep. 54	Major-General Wm. Henry Sowell, c.b.	I	Provincial C.-in-C.
22 Sep. 54	9 Jun. 56	H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Hon'ble Geo. Anson.	B	
10 Jun. 56	26 Feb. 61	H. E. Lieut.-General Patrick Grant, c.b.	B	
27 Feb. 61	25 Dec. 61	Major-Genl. Richard Budd.	I	Provincial C.-in-C.
20 Dec. 61	24 May 65	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir James Hope Grant, c.b.	B	
23 May 65	7 Nov. 67	H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir John Gaspard LaMouche, c.b., c.s.	B	
8 Nov. 67	4 Mar. 73	H. E. Lieut.-General. W. A. McCleverty.	B	

Commanders-in-Chief—continued.

PERIOD OF COMMAND.		Rank and Name.	Service.	REMARKS.
From	To			
5 Mar. 1871	21 May 1871	Major-Genl. Richard Shalrick	I	Provincial C.-in-C.
22 May	71 24 Dec.	75 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Paul Haines, K.C.B.	B	
25 Dec.	75 1 Feb.	76 Major-Genl. Charles Elmhorst, C.B.	B	Provincial C.-in-C.
2 Feb.	76 2 Feb.	81 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Neville Bowles Chamberlain, K.C.B., G.C.S.I.	I	
2 Feb.	81 27 Nov.	81 Major-Genl. W. Payne, C.B.	B	Provincial C.-in-C.
28 Nov. 1881	17 Aug. 1885	85 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Frederick Steigh Roberts, Bart., V.C., G.C.B., G.C.I.E.	I	
18 Aug.	85 28 Feb.	86 Major-Genl. Hugh Rowlands, V.C., C.B.	B	Provincial C.-in-C.
1 Mar.	86 20 Oct.	86 H. E. Lt.-Genl. Sir Herbert Taylor Macpherson, V.C., K.C.B., K.C.S.I.	I	
21 Oct.	86 8 Dec.	86 Maj.-Genl. Hugh Rowlands, V.C., C.B.	B	Provincial C.-in-C.
9 Dec.	86 5 Mar.	91 H. E. General Sir Charles George Arbuthnot, K.C.B.	B	
6 Mar.	91 3 May	93 H. E. Lt.-Genl. The Honble Sir James Charles Dornier, K.C.B.	B	
4 May	93 19 Jan.	93 Major-Genl. R. C. Stewart, C.B.	I	Provisional C.-in-C.
20 Jan.	93 27 Oct.	93 Major-Genl. C. J. East, C.B.	B	Provisional C.-in-C.
28 Oct.	93 31 Mar.	94 H. E. Lieut.-General C. M. B. Clarke, C.B.	B	

LIEUT.-GENERAL COMMANDING THE FORCES MADRAS.

1 Apr. 95 H. E. Lieut.-General C. M. B. Clarke, C.B.

List of Sheriffs of Madras.

No.	1	Mr. William Fraser	1800	
"	2	John Binny, (Senior)	1801	
"	3	John Hughes	1802	
"	4	Kirkby Dalrymple	1803	
"	5	James Ross	1804	
"	6	John Coker	1805	
"	7	James William Miller	1806	
"	8	Terence Fitzgerald	1807	
"	9	James William Miller	1808	Died, 11th March 1808, at Bellary.
"	10	William McDaggart	1808	20th March, Sworn.
"	11	William McDaggart	1809	
"	12	Sebastian Holford Greig	1810	
"	13	William Olphert	1811	
"	14	William John White	1812	Died, 13th May 1812.
"	15	Richard Jebb, (J.L.D.)	1813	Took charge of Office, 31st Dec. 1812.
"	16	Kirkby Dalrymple	1814	Do. 20th Dec. 1813.
"	17	John McNeill	1815	Do. 20th Dec. 1814.
"	18	Charles Henry Clay	1816	Do. 18th Sep. 1815.
"	19	Kirkby Dalrymple	1817	Do. 20th Dec. 1816.
"	20	William Brown	1817	Do. 20th Dec. 1816.
"	21	Charles Henry Clay	1817	Do. 8th July 1817.
"	22	Kirkby Dalrymple	1818	Do. 23rd Dec. 1817.
"	23	Samuel Ibbotson	1819	Do. 21st Dec. 1818.

List of Sheriffs of Madras—continued.

No.	24	Mr. William Thomas Blair	1820	Took charge of Office, 5th Dec. 1819.
"	25	George Lys	1821	Do. 11th Dec. 1820.
"	26	James Graham	1822	Do. 20th Dec. 1821.
"	27	John Goldingham	1823	Do. 20th Dec. 1822.
"	28	Thomas Gellebrand	1824	Do. 20th Dec. 1823.
"	29	John Savage	1824	and died 20th June 1824.
"	30	John Savage	1825	25th June, Sworn.
"	31	Edward Gordon	1826	16th Dec. 1824, Sworn.
"	32	Robert Wright Norton	1827	20th Dec. 1825.
"	33	George Lys	1828	20th Dec. 1826.
"	34	William Bensley Anderson	1829	20th Dec. 1827.
"	35	Robert Eden	1830	20th Dec. 1828.
"	36	Thomas Keighly	1831	19th Dec. 1829.
"	37	Patrick Grant	1832	20th Dec. 1830.
"	38	John Young Fullerton	1833	21st Dec. 1831.
"	39	William Hamilton Hart	1834	20th Dec. 1832.
"	40	Arthur Rowlandson	1834	20th Dec. 1833.
"	41	John Findley McKennie	1835	17th Jan. 1834.
"	42	Arthur Henry Harris	1836	20th Dec. 1834.
"	43	John Young Fullerton	1837	20th Dec. 1835.
"	44	Arthur John Maclean	1838	20th Dec. 1836.
"	45	John Young Fullerton	1839	20th Dec. 1837.
"	46	John Lewis Johnson	1840	20th Dec. 1838.
"	47	Duncan Montgomerie	1841	19th Feb. 1840.
"	48	William Gardner Burn	1842	20th Dec. 1840.
"	49	Christopher Bideau	1843	20th Dec. 1841.
"	50	John Bruce Norton	1844	20th Dec. 1842.
"	51	John Findley McKennie	1845	20th Dec. 1843.
"	52	Leonard Cooper	1846	20th Dec. 1844.
"	53	Mrs. Morphet	1847	21st Dec. 1845.
"	54	John James Franklin	1848	20th Dec. 1846.
"	55	Richard Burgess	1849	20th Dec. 1847.
"	56	Arthur Macdonald Ritchie	1849	6th Sep. 1849.
"	57	Leonard Cooper	1850	30th Dec. 1849.
"	58	Arthur Macdonald Ritchie	1851	20th Dec. 1850.
"	59	Leonard Cooper	1852	20th Dec. 1851 to 24th July 1852.
"	60	Richard Burgess	1853	10th Aug. 1852.
"	61	Richard Burgess	1854	20th Dec. 1852 to 12th Aug. 1853.
"	62	Edward Salmon	1855	16th Aug. 1853.
"	63	Christopher Bideau	1854	20th Dec. 1853.
"	64	H. D. E. Dalrymple	1855	20th Dec. 1854.
"	65	Frederick Orme	1856	20th Dec. 1855.
"	66	John Findley McKennie	1857	
"	67	John James Franklin	1858	
"	68	William Sydney Wright	1859	
"	69	Eyre Burton Powell	1860	
"	70	H. D. E. Dalrymple	1861	
"	71	Colonel John Impett	1862	
"	72	Do.	1863	
"	73	Do.	1864	
"	74	Do.	1865	
"	75	Do.	1866	3rd Dec. 1866, died.
"	76	Mr. H. D. E. Dalrymple	1866	5th Dec. 1866.
"	77	Do.	1867	
"	78	Do.	1868	
"	79	Do.	1869	
"	80	Do.	1870	3rd May 1870, resigned.
"	81	John Charles Leach	1870	4th May 1870.
"	82	H. D. E. Dalrymple	1870	20th Dec. 1870.
"	83	Do.	1871	
"	84	Do.	1872	
"	85	Do.	1873	
"	86	John Charles Leach	1874	
"	87	Do.	1875	11th May 1875, resigned.
"	88	Clarence Simpson	1875	24th May 1875.
"	89	Do.	1876	
"	90	William Walker Mansie	1877	20th Dec. 1876.
"	91	Do.	1878	
"	92	Robert Cullingworth Walker	1879	20th Dec. 1878.
"	93	Do.	1880	

List of Sheriffs of Madras—concluded.

No. 76	Mr. Basil Lavery	1881	7th Dec. 1880.
"	Do.	1882	
" 77	" E. J. Firth	1883	5th Dec. 1882.
"	Do.	1884	
" 78	Lieutenant J. H. Taylor, R.A.M.	1885	20th Dec. 1884.
"	Do.	1886	20th Dec. 1885.
" 79	Sir Savalal Ramasamy Moode- nar, Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E.	1886	20th Dec. 1885.
"	Do.	1887	20th Dec. 1886.
" 80	Mr. J. Higgilotham	1888	20th Dec. 1887.
"	Do.	1889	2nd Dec. 1888.
" 81	Mr. H. G. Orr	1890	3rd Dec. 1889.
" 82	P. Ranganada Mullaiyer, M.A., Raj Bahadur	1891	20th Dec. 1890.
" 83	Mr. F. Rowlandson, M.A., LL.B.	1892	20th Dec. 1891.
" 84	" Cowasjee Eduljee Pandey	1892	5th Dec. 1891.
" 85	" J. P. Nicholas	1894	4th Dec. 1894.
" 86	Raja Sir Savalal Ramaswami Mudr., Kt., C.I.E.	1895	31st July 1895.
" 87	Mr. D. E. W. Leighton	1895	

List of Deputy Sheriffs of Madras.

No. 1	Mr. Thomas Blyth	1890	November 18th.
" 2	" Thomas Stackhouse	1819	July 1st.
" 3	" Thomas Q. Stritch	1829	June 1st.
" 4	" Edward Lye	.....	December 21st.
" 5	" William Peacock	1824	July 1st.
" 6	" John Hy. Williams	1825	October 1st.
" 7	" James Thoy Baillie	.....	December 21st.
" 8	" William Paulin	1832	January 18th.
" 9	" James Thoy Baillie	1833	October 5th.
" 10	" John Birgood Jauncey	1842	December 30th.
" 11	" Leonard Cooper	1847	January 1st.
" 12	" George Evelyn Gower	1847	October 18th.
" 13	" Leonard Rimmon Cooper	1850	December 6th.
" 14	" Daniel Shaw	1850	December 26th.
" 15	" Thomas Gregory Seth	1857	March.
" 16	" Daniel Shaw	1857	December 20th.
" 17	" Edwin Willoughby Shaw	1858	April 15th.
" 18	" Frederick Gainsford, M.A.	1858	December.
" 19	" Robert Alexander Thompson, M.A.	1860	February.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

COUNCIL OF BOMBAY.

His Excellency the Right Hon'ble William Bates Sandhurst, C.I.E., Governor and President in Council. Took his seat, 18th February 1895.—Pay Rs. 10,000.
The Hon. Mr. H. M. Birdwood, C.I.E., M.A., LL.B., (Cantab), Barrister-at-Law, Second Member of Council. Took his seat, 20th April 1895.—Pay Rs. 5,120.
The Hon. Mr. A. C. Trevor, C.I.E., Third Member of Council. Took his seat, 16th November 1895.—Pay Rs. 5,120, (on dep.).
The Hon. Mr. J. Nugent, Temporary Member of Council. Took his seat, 12th April 1895.—Salary Rs. 4,510.

PERSONAL STAFF OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR.

J. J. Hanton, Esq., I.C.S., Private Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
Major R. Owen, Military Secretary.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
Captain E. H. Cox, R. Posters, Aide-de-Camp.—Pay Rs. 250 + pay of rank.
Lieut. R. M. Poore, 7th Haa., Aide-de-Camp. do. do.
Lieut. C. W. W. Gubb, 2nd Bombay Tankers, Extra Aide-de-Camp.
Ramesh Sardulal Khan, 1st Ho. Lia. Native do.
Captain T. W. Caffee, 80. Lt. Horse, Hony. do.
Surgeon-Major H. Martin, M.A., A.M.D., Surgeon.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
Captain G. A. Galt, 3rd (Queen's Own) Light Cavalry, Commandant, H. E. the Governor's Body Guard.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

ADDITIONAL MEMBERS OF THE COUNCIL OF HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR
FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Hon. Mr. J. Macpherson, B.A., (Oxon), (Barrister-at-Law), Acting Advocate-General.
" T. D. Little, M.L.C., 2nd January 1894.
" R. Muhammad Sayani, M.A., LL.B., 3rd January 1894.
" L. G. Bosa Basappaiah, (Barrister-at-Law), 3rd January 1894.
" G. W. Vidal, C.S., (Barrister-at-Law), 2nd June 1894.
" Rao Bahadur Ranchodlal Chotalal, 2nd June 1894.
" P. M. Mehta, M.A., (Barrister-at-Law), C.I.E., 20th May 1895.
" Bal Gangadhar Tilak, M.A., LL.B., 12th June 1895.
" W. B. Macdonell, M.A., 15th June 1895.
" M. C. Raghunath alias Balu Lal Patwardhan, 27th June 1895.
" D. A. Khare, B.A., LL.B., 1st July 1895.
" H. Batty, C.S., M.A., (Barrister-at-Law), 3rd July 1895.
" A. T. Shuttleworth, LL.B., 30th July 1895.
" W. W. Loebe, C.S., M.A., 30th July 1895.
" J. K. Spence, C.S., 5th July 1895.
" T. B. McLellan, 11th July 1895.
" Mr. Abubekishan Shahvani Talpur, 13th July 1895.
" T. B. Kirkham, (Barrister-at-Law), 15th July 1895.
" C. H. Setalvad, B.A., LL.B., 24th July 1895.
" N. N. Wadia, C.I.E., 26th July 1895.
" J. U. Yajnik, 9th August 1895.
M. H. W. Hayward, C.S., Secretary.

SECRETARIES AND UNDER SECRETARIES, &c., TO GOVERNMENT.

T. D. Mackenzie, C.S., Chief Secretary, Revenue, Financial and General Departments, and in charge of the Separate Dept.—Pay Rs. 3,750, (on furl.)
Hon. G. W. Vidal, (Barrister-at-Law), C.S., Ag. Sec. —Salary Rs. 3,750.
G. S. Curtis, C.S., Under Secretary, Revenue, Financial and General Departments.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
Hon. J. W. Vidal, (Barrister-at-Law), C.S., Secretary in charge of Political, Secret, Judicial and Educational Depts.—Pay Rs. 3,125, (on dep.)
J. Monteath, M.A., C.S., Ag. Sec. —Salary Rs. 2,500.
M. H. W. Hayward, M.A., C.S., Under Secy., Polt., Judl. and Educl. Depts., and Secretary to the Council of H. E. the Governor for making Laws and Regulations.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
F. A. Spencer, Asst. Secy., Political, Educational and Secret Departments.—Pay Rs. 650 + P. A. 100.
M. N. Wadia, Assistant Secretary in the Judl. Department.—Pay Rs. 550.
Krishna Rao Antoba Chaudhkar, M.A., Asst. Secy., Rev., Finl. and Genl. Depts.—Pay Rs. 440.
J. DeC. Aldins, C.S., Junior Secretary to Government, Educl., Genl., Marine and Ecol. Departments.—Pay Rs. 500.
A. R. King, Asst. Secy.—Pay Rs. 650 + Rs. 50 (as Marriage Registrar).
Hon. T. D. Little, M.L.C., Chief Engineer and Secretary, Public Works Department.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
A. R. King, Asst. Secy. to Govt., Milly. Department.—Pay Rs. 650, and Marriage Regr.—Pay Rs. 650 + L. A. Rs. 100.

ECLESIASTICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The Right Rev. Louis George Mylne, M.A., D.D., Bishop of Bombay. Installed 6th July 1876; arrived 4th July 1876.—Pay Rs. 2,133-5-4.
The Venerable A. G. Lewis, M.A., D.D., Archdeacon and Commissary.—Salary Rs. 265-10-8.
J. C. G. Bowen, Registrar of the Diocese.—Pay Rs. 150.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon'ble C. F. Farran, (Barrister-at-Law).—Pay Rs. 5,000.

JUDGES.

The Hon'ble J. Jardine, C.S. Pay Rs. 3,750.
" H. J. Parsons, C.S., (Barrister-at-Law), (on furl.) " 3,750.
" E. T. Cady, C.S., (Barrister-at-Law) " 3,750.
" Rao Bahadur M. G. Ronsale, M.A., LL.B., C.I.E. " 3,750.
" M. R. Stirling, M.A., LL.B., (Barrister-at-Law), Acting " 3,750.
" Balroodin Tyabji, (Barrister-at-Law) " 3,750.

GOVERNMENT LAW OFFICERS.

The Hon'ble B. Lang, Advocate General.—Pay Rs. 2,000 + 200 Office allowance, (on leave on medical certificate).
 J. Macpherson, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Acting.—Salary Rs. 1,856-10-8.
 H. Baily, M.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), C.S., Remembrancer for Legal Affairs.—Pay Rs. 2,100.
 F. A. Little, Government Solicitor and Public Prosecutor.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 V. J. Kirtkar, Government Pleader.—Pay Rs. 300.
 L.W. G. Rivett-Carnac, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Administrator General.—Pay Rs. 250.
 H. C. Kirkpatrick, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Reporter to the High Court.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

SMALL CAUSE COURT.

BOMBAY.

C. W. Chidley, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), First Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 R. M. Patel, M.A., LL.B., Second Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 Khan Bahadur Kharsheedji Manekji Kharsheedji, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Third Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,150.
 Rao Bahadur K. C. Bedarker, B.A., LL.B., Fourth Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,000, (on leave).
 Khan Bahadur E. Dadabhai, Ag. Fourth Judge.—Salary Rs. 1,000.
 Khan Bahadur H. Dadabhai, Fifth Judge.—Pay Rs. 800, (on dep.).
 Khan Bahadur Muhammad Hussain Hakim, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Fifth Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

POONA.

C. H. Jopp, B.A., C.S., Judge, Special Judge under the Deccan Agricultural Relief Act.—Pay Rs. 1,200.
 Khan Bahadur N. D. Khandavala, B.A., LL.B., Judge.—Pay Rs. 900.

AHMEDABAD.

Rao Bahadur K. Atmaram Mehta, Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

SURAT AND BROACH.

Khan Bahadur B. E. Modi, M.A., LL.B., Judge.—Pay Rs. 800.

KARACHI.

E. Wilkin, Acting Judge.—Pay Rs. 600.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

O. T. Entwistle, C.S., Assistant-General.
 G. H. Patran, M.A., Master and Regr. in Equity and Commr. for taking Accounts and Local Investigations and Taxing Officer.—Pay Rs. 1,700.
 J. W. Orr, M.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Prothonotary, Testamentary and Admiralty Regr.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 A. K. Oliver, M.A., Asst. Commr. for taking Accounts and Asst. Taxing Officer.—Pay Rs. 700.
 L. A. Watkins, First Deputy Registrar, Commissioner for taking Affidavits and Clerk to the Chief Justice.—Pay Rs. 1,005.
 W. Lane, Second Deputy Registrar.—Pay Rs. 900.
 Limji Navroji Baraji, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Head Assistant, Prothonotary's Office, and Commr. for taking Affidavits.—Pay Rs. 800.
 Hon. M. M. Sterling, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Clerk of the Crown.—Pay Rs. 500, (on dep.).
 E. B. Salke, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Acting.—Salary Rs. 333-5-4.
 C. W. L. Jackson, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Clerk and Sealer of the Insolvent Debtors' Court.
 C. A. Turner, B.A., C.S., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Official Assignee, Insolvent Debtors' Court.
 M. E. Gadrat, Chief Translator and Interpreter.—Pay Rs. 650.
 G. W. Houghton, Sheriff.
 E. J. Kline, Dy. Sheriff.—Pay Rs. 600.
 F. H. de Brito, Commr. for taking Affidavits and Justice' Clerk.—Pay Rs. 400.
 R. D. Sathia, B.A., LL.B., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Registrar, High Court, Appellate Side.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 E. Wilkin, Deputy Registrar and Assistant Reporter.—Pay Rs. 600.
 K. P. Modi, B.A., LL.B., Asst. Regr. and Supt., High Court Press.—Pay Rs. 550.

MISCELLANEOUS APPOINTMENTS.

J. L. Johnston, B.A., C.S., Judicial Commr. and Judge, Sadr Court, Sindh.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 H. E. M. James, C.S., Commissioner in Sindh.—Pay Rs. 3,750 + 250, (on furlough).
 Sir K. C. K. Ollivier, K.C.L.E., Ag. do.
 G. B. Reid, B.A., C.S., Commissioner, Northern Division.—Pay Rs. 3,300 + 250 + 50.
 Hon'ble J. Nugent, C.S., Commr., Southern Division.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + 250 + 50, (on dep.).
 E. J. Ebbin, M.A., Acting do.

Hon'ble J. K. Spence, C.S., Commissioner, Central Division.—Pay Rs. 3,500 + 250 + 50.
 J. P. Fleet, M.A., C.S., Commissioner of Customs, Salt, Opium and British Delegate, Portuguese Treaty, India.—Pay Rs. 3,000 + T. A. 250, (on furlough).
 Hon'ble W. W. Lush, C.S., Acting do.
 Krishnaswamy Sivaswami Tipais, Personal Assistant to Commr. of Customs.—Pay Rs. 515.
 E. C. Ozalima, M.A., C.S., Director of Land Records and Agriculture.—Pay Rs. 2,325 + T. A. + 250 + 150, (on special leave).
 Colonel C. W. Godfrey, Acting do.
 Asst. Col. T. Humfrey, Inspector-General of Police.—Salary Rs. 1,800 + 200 + 50.
 R. W. E. H. Vincent, Commr. of Police, Bombay.—Pay Rs. 1,700 + H. R. 300.
 M. G. Gell, Deputy Commissioner of Police.—Pay Rs. 800 + 50 H. R.
 J. S. Slater, B.A., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Chief Presidency Magistrate and Rev. Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 W. R. Hamilton, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Second Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
 W. C. Webb, (*Barrister-at-Law*), Third Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 700.
 Khan Bahadur P. H. Dastur, M.A., Fourth Presidency Magistrate.—Pay Rs. 600.
 A. W. Lester, Chief Clerk and Secy. to the Committee of Management, Govt. Workhouse.—Pay Rs. 500.
 T. M. Filgate, Inspector-General of Prisons, Registration and Stamps, and Registrar General of Births, Deaths and Marriages.—Pay Rs. 2,000 + 200.
 C. N. Hall, Personal Asst. do.—Pay Rs. 850.
 A. F. Turner, Commr.—Pay Rs. 350 + C. A. Rs. 50.
 Surgeon-Major-General P. S. Turnbull, M.D., I.M.S., Surg. General.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 Surg. Capt. B. B. Grayfoot, I.M.S., Secretary to do.—Pay Rs. 800 + H.R. 75.
 Brig.-Surgeon Lt. Col. C. W. MacRury, Sanitary Commissioner.—Pay Rs. 1,900.
 J. C. Pottinger, M.C.E., Sanitary Engineer.—Pay Rs. 1,350.
 K. M. Chisholm, M.A., Director of Public Instruction.—Pay Rs. 2,500.
 J. T. Rathornthwaite, M.A., Principal, Elphinstone College.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 F. G. Selby, M.A., Principal, Deccan College.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 T. Cooke, M.A., M.L., LL.B., C.L.E., Principal, College of Science, Poona.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 C. Macnaghten, M.A., Principal, Rajkumar College.—Pay Rs. 1,250 + P. A. 250.
 Brigade-Surgeon, Lt. Colonel G. A. Macnabhis, M.D., C.M., I.M.S., Principal, Medical College.—Pay Rs. 1,600.
 D. Macdonald, M.B., B.Sc., C.M., University Registrar.—Pay Rs. 300 + H. R. 60.
 J. Griffin, Principal and Executive Architect and Architectural Sculptor.—Pay Rs. 800 + P. A. 250 + H. R. 100.
 The Hon. A. T. Southworth, late I.N., Conservator of Forests, 1st Gr., Central Circle.—Pay Rs. 1,000 + 200.
 J. L. J. MacGregor, Conservator of Forests, 3rd Gr., Southern Circle.—Pay Rs. 1,100 + 200.
 J. M. Campbell, M.A., LL.B., C.S., C.S., Collector of Bombay and Supt. of Stamps and Stationery, and the Commissioner of Income Tax (Rs. 250).—Pay Rs. 2,325.
 Major E. Scott, M.L., B.E., M.C.E., Mint Master and Mint Engineer.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
 W. P. Symonds, C.S., Post Master General.—Pay Rs. 1,750 + H. R. 125.
 W. Marret, Presidency Post Master.—Pay Rs. 300.
 E. R. Jardine, Deputy Post Master.—Pay Rs. 450 + H. R. 100.
 H. L. Chapel, Chief Supt., Telegraph Department.—Pay Rs. 850 + H. R. 45 + P. A. 50.
 O. T. Bagrow, C.S., Assistant-General.—Salary Rs. 2,750 + 250.
 W. L. Burre, C.S., Deputy Assistant-General.—Salary Rs. 1,500.
 H. A. Acworth, (*Barrister-at-Law*), C.S., Municipal Commr., Bombay.—Pay Rs. 3,000, (on furlough).
 P. C. H. Snow, C.S., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Offg. do.—Salary Rs. 2,500.
 Surg. Lt. Col. T. S. Webb, Health Officer to the Municipality of Bombay.—Pay Rs. 1,500.
 W. H. Walker, Shipping Master.—Pay Rs. 500.
 Mirza Abbas Ali Baig, B.A., C.S., Oriental Translator to Govt.—Pay Rs. 800.
 R. X. DeSilva, Portuguese Translator to Government.—Pay Rs. 75.
 Gopal Mohanwar Sathia, B.A., Reporter on the Native Press and Registrar of Native Publications.—Pay Rs. 400.
 H. Cousins, Archaeological Surveyor of India.—Pay Rs. 550.
 G. B. Nane, Commr., Govt. Central Book Depot.—Pay Rs. 350. [Rs. 300.
 S. B. E. Hattishwari, M.A., LL.B., M.L.E., Meteorological Reporter for Western India.—Pay Rs. 700.
 C. Chambers, B.A., Director of Govt. Observatory at Colaba.—Pay Rs. 700.
 P. R. Joshi, Superintendent, Government Central Press.—Pay Rs. 750.
 Veterinary Captain W. A. Mergan, Supt., Civil Veterinary Department.—Pay Rs. 650 + T. A. 250.
 T. Drowet, Inspector of Steam Boilers and Prime Movers.—Pay Rs. 650 + C. A. 50.

Staff and Departments of the Bombay Command.

Deputy Adjutant General of the Command. Br. Genl. R. L. H. Curteis, p.s.c., British Service.—Pay Rs. 2,200.
 Asst. do. do. do. Colonel H. S. Lundy, S.C.
 Dy. Asst. do. do. do. Major Sir H. A. W. Johnson, Bart, p.s.c., York L.I.

Asst. Quarter Master General of the Comm. Colonel R. Carrington, British Service.—
Pay Rs. 1,927-14-0.
Br.-General Royal Artillery Br.-Genl. T. D. Tyler, R.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant General Royal Artillery Captain W. K. Foster, R.A.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant General for Musketry Lieut.-Col. J. G. C. Curtis, Brit. Serv.—
Pay Rs. 500 with S. C. pay of rank.
Deputy Judge Advocate General Lieut.-Col. R. A. Pridoux, Do. G.L.I.—Pay
Rs. 800 with S. C. pay of rank.

D. A. A. G. for Instruction Major F. W. Kitchenor, W. York R.—Pay
Rs. 400 with S. C. pay of rank.
Inspecting General of Ordnance Colonel A. F. Fletcher, R.A.—Rs. 2,200.
Superintendent, Gun Carriage Factory Captain S. G. D. Smith, R.A.—Pay Rs. 600
with Regl. pay of rank, (on dep.)
Do. Gun Powder Do.
Commissary-General Colonel J. R. Barlow-Bennett, S.C.
Controller of Military Accounts Lieut. Colonel D. A. A. Macpherson, S.C.
Examiner, Pay Department Lieut. Colonel F. P. R. Burgess, S.C.
Presidency Paymaster Captain C. E. Marshall, I.S.C.
Supt. Army Clothing, (Madras and Bombay) Colonel H. R. Shelley, G.L.I. (M)—Pay
Rs. 700 with S. C. pay of rank.
Surgeon-General with the Govt. of Bombay Surg. Major-Genl. P. S. Turnbull, M.D., I.M.S.
P. M. O. Bombay Army Surg. Major-Genl. J. Warren, A.M.S.
Sanitary Commissioner Brde. Surg. Lt.-Col. C. W. MacRury, I.M.S.

Governors of Bombay.

Names.	Assumed charge of office.	Remarks.
The Hon. Sir Gervase Lucas	5 Nov. 1696	Died 21st May 1697.
Captain Henry Garty	22 May 1697	Officiating [1699.
Sir George Oxden	22 Sept. 1698	Died in Surat 14th July
Mr. Gerald Angier	14 July 1699	Do. 30th June 1677.
Mr. Thomas Bell	30 June 1677	
Sir John Child, Bart.	27 Oct. 1631	
Mr. Barth. Harris	4 Feb. 1696	Do. 10th May 1694.
Mr. Daniel Shewsbury	10 May 1694	Officiating.
Sir John Gayer	17 May 1694	
Sir Nicholas Waight	Nov. 1704	
Mr. William Alabaster	Sept. 1708	
Sir Stephen Sturt	1715	Officiating.
Mr. Charles Boone	1716	
Mr. William Phipps	1720	
Mr. Robert Cowan	1728	Dismissed from the Ser- vice.
Mr. John Horne	28 Sep. 1734	
Mr. Stephen Law	7 Apr. 1739	
Mr. William Wake	26 Nov. 1742	
Mr. John Geelie	15 Nov. 1742	Officiating.
Mr. Richard Bouchier	17 Nov. 1750	
Mr. Charles Cromwellin	20 Feb. 1760	
Mr. Thomas Hodges	27 Jan. 1767	Died 23rd Feb. 1771.
Mr. William Hornby	26 Feb. 1771	
Mr. Rawson Harr Boddam	1 Jan. 1784	
Mr. Andrew Ramsay	9 Jan. 1788	Officiating.
Maj.-Genl. Sir W. Meadows, K.B.	6 Sep. 1788	
Maj.-Genl. Sir Robert Abercromby, K.B.	31 Jan. 1790	
Mr. George Dick	1 Nov. 1793	Officiating.
Mr. John Griffiths	2 Sep. 1795	Officiating.
Mr. Jonathan Duncan	27 Dec. 1795	Died in Bombay, 11th August 1811.
Mr. George Brown	11 Aug. 1811	Officiating.
Sir Evan Nepean, Bart.	12 Aug. 1812	
The Hon. Mountstuart Elphinstone	1 Nov. 1812	

Governors of Bombay—concluded.

Names.	Assumed charge of office.	Remarks.
Major-General the Hon'ble Sir John Malcolm, K.C.B.	1 Nov. 1827	
Lieut.-Genl. the Hon'ble Sir Thomas Sidney Beckwith, K.C.B.	1 Dec. 1830	Died 15th Jan. 1831.
Mr. John Romer	17 Jan. 1831	Officiating.
The Earl of Clare	31 Mar. 1831	
Sir Robert Grant, G.C.B.	17 Mar. 1835	Died at Dapuri, near Poona, 9th July 1838.
Mr. James Farish	11 July 1838	Officiating.
Sir J. Byrnes-Carnac, Bart.	31 May 1839	
Sir William Hay Macnaghten, Bart.		Appointed 4th August 1841, but before he could take charge was assassinated in Cabel on the 28th September 1841.
Mr. George William Anderson	28 Apr. 1841	Officiating.
Sir George Arthur, Bart. K.C.B.	9 June 1842	
The Hon'ble Mr. Lestock Robert Bell	6 Aug. 1843	
Sir George Russell Clerk, K.C.B.	23 June 1847	
Viscount Falkland	1 May 1848	
Lord Elphinstone, G.C.B.	30 Dec. 1853	
Sir George Russell Clerk, K.C.B.	11 May 1853	
Sir Henry Bartle Frere, K.C.B., G.C.S.I.	24 Apr. 1862	
Sir William Robert Seymour Fitzgerald, G.C.S.I.	6 Mar. 1867	
Sir Philip Edmond Wodehouse, K.C.B., G.C.S.I.	4 May 1872	
Sir Richard Temple, Bart., G.C.S.I., C.I.E.	30 Apr. 1877	
Hon. L. R. Ashbatner	19 Mar. 1890	Officiating.
Sir James Ferguson, M., K.C.M.G., C.I.E.	28 Apr. 1890	
The Rt. Hon'ble Lord Reay, M.D., G.C.B.	30 Mar. 1895	
The Rt. Hon'ble Lord Harris	12 Apr. 1899	
The Rt. Hon'ble William, Baron Sandhurst	18 Feb. 1896	

MAURITIUS (Port Louis).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief Sir H. E. H. Jerningham, K.C.M.G.
Aide-de-Camp Vacant.
Colonel on the Staff Col. (Temp. Major-Genl.) W. O. Bayard.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General Capt. A. T. P. Hudson, p.s.c., March R.

CEYLON (Colombo).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief Lt.-Gen. Sir J. W. Ridgway, K.C.B., G.C.S.I.
Aide-de-Camp
Brigadier-General Major-Genl. W. C. Justice, C.M.G.
Aide-de-Camp Lieut. C. W. Justice, York and Lanc. R.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General Capt. E. Horablow, A. S. Corps.
Major J. H. Poett, Dorset R., p.s.c.

STRAITS SETTLEMENTS (Singapore).

(Including Prince of Wales Island, Mance, Singapore and Christmas Island).

Governor and Commander-in-Chief Lt. Col. Sir C. B. H. Mitchell, G.C.B., G.C.S.I.
Aide-de-Camp Lieut. E. A. Herbert, 6th Dragoons.
Colonel on the Staff Col. (Temp. Major-Genl.) H. T. Jones.
Dy. Asst. Adjutant-General Major T. B. Crompton, North'n R., p.s.c.
Senior Ordnance Store Officer Dy. Asst. Comy.-Genl. of Ordnance, Captain
H. D. E. Parsons, R. W. Sarr R.
District Paymaster Staff Paymaster (hon. major) L. R.
Dowdall.
Senior Medical Officer Brig. Surg.-Lieut.-Col. N. B. Major.

THE MOST EXALTED ORDER OF THE STAR OF INDIA,

[INSTITUTED 23rd FEBRUARY 1861.]

SOVEREIGN.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND EMPRESS OF INDIA.

GRAND MASTER.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, the Right Honorable Victor-Alexander Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, G.C.B., P.C., LL.D., Lord Bruce of Kinross, and Lord Bruce of Torry, in the Kingdom of Scotland and Baron Elgin, of Elgin, in the United Kingdom.

(27th JANUARY 1894.)

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Esquire—Sir Albert William Woods, K.C.M.G., C.B.,
Garret Principal King of Arms, Herald's College, London.
 (APPOINTED 28th FEBRUARY 1861.)

Secretary—William John Cunningham, Esq., C.S.I., I.C.S.,
Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.
 (APPOINTED 15th APRIL 1894.)

EXTRA KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Appointed under Article VIII of the Statutes of the Order.

The Most High, Most Puissant, and Most Illustrious Prince ALBERT EDWARD, Prince of Wales.

Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Duke of Cornwall and Rothesay, Earl of Chester, Carrick and Dublin, Baron of Renfrew and Lord of the Isles, Great Steward of Scotland, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.L.E., Knight of the Elephant of Denmark, Knight of the Golden Fleece, and Knight of the White Elephant of Siam, and Bailie Grand Cross of the Order of St. John of Jerusalem, Hon'ble Knight of the Order of St. John of Germany, P.C., a Field Marshal in the Army, etc., etc., etc.

25th JUNE 1861.

His Royal Highness PRINCE ALFRED-ERNEST-ALBERT, Reigning Duke of Saxe-Coburg and Gotha, Duke of Edinburgh.

Duke of Saxony, Duke of Jülich, Cleve, and Berg, Duke of Edinburgh, Earl of Ulster and of Kent in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.L.E., Admiral in Her Majesty's Fleet, Naval Aide-de-Camp to the Queen, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Hon'ble Privy Council, Master of the Trinity House, etc., etc., etc.

3rd DECEMBER 1869.

His Royal Highness PRINCE ARTHUR-WILLIAM-PATRICK-ALBERT, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn.

And Earl of Sussex in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Saxony, Prince of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.L.E., G.C.M.G., a Member of Her Majesty's Most Hon'ble Privy Council, a Benchet of Gray's Inn, Lieut-General in the Army, etc., etc., etc.

1st JANUARY 1877.

His Royal Highness PRINCE GEORGE-WILLIAM-FREDERICK-CHARLES, Duke of Cambridge.

Earl of Tipperary, and Baron Culloden in the Peerage of the United Kingdom, Prince of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Duke of Brunswick-Lüneburg, K.G., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.L.E., and Grand Cordon of the Legion of Honour, a Member of Her Majesty's Most Hon'ble Privy Council, Field Marshal Commanding in Chief Her Majesty's Armies, etc., etc., etc.

2nd JUNE 1877.

HONORARY KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Appointed under Article VII of the Statutes of the Order.

His Highness BEGLAR BEGI MIR SIR MUHAMMAD KHODADAD KHAN, Ex-Wali of Kalat,—
 29th June 1879.
 His Highness SIR ABDUR RAHMAN KHAN, G.C.B., Amir of Afghanistan and its Depend-
 encies,—28th April 1885.
 His Royal Highness SIR SULTAN MASSOOD MUHA, YEMIN-ED-DOWLEH, ZIL-ER-SULTAN,
 of Persia,—1st November 1887.
 His Highness SIR SAIVAT HAMAD-DAN-THOVINI, Sultan of Zanzibar,—2nd February 1894.

PREVIOUS GRAND MASTERS OF THE ORDER.

The Right Hon'ble Charles John Viscount Canning (afterwards Earl Canning, &c.)	From May 1861 to 12 th March 1862.
The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, &c.	From 13 th March 1862 to 26 th Nov. 1863.
The Right Hon'ble Sir John Laird Mair Lawrence, Bart., G.C.B. (afterwards Lord Lawrence)	From 13 th Jan. 1864 to 13 th Jan. 1869.
The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Mayo, &c.	From 13 th Jan. 1869 to 8 th Feb. 1872.
The Right Hon'ble Baron Northbrook of Stratton (now Earl of Northbrook, G.C.B.)	From 3 rd May 1872 to 12 th April 1876.
The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Lytton, G.C.B., G.C.S.I.	From 13 th April 1876 to 7 th June 1880.
The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Ripon, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.L.E.	From 8 th June 1880 to 12 th Dec. 1884.
The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava, &c.	From 13 th Dec. 1884 to 9 th Dec. 1889.
The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.L.E.	...

PREVIOUS SECRETARIES OF THE ORDER.

Colonel H. M. Durand, C.B., R.E., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From Aug. 1861 to 11 th June 1863.
Sir W. Muir, K.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 12 th June 1863 to 5 th March 1868.
Sir R. Temple, G.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 6 th March 1868 to 28 th Aug. 1868.
W. S. Seton-Karr, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 10 th Aug. 1868 to 6 th Oct. 1869.
G. U. Aitchison, Esq., G.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 7 th Oct. 1869 to 5 th Feb. 1876.
T. H. Thornton, Esq., G.C.B., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 5 th Feb. 1876 to 1 st Nov. 1877.
G. U. Aitchison, Esq., G.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 2 nd Nov. 1877 to 25 th April 1878.
Sir A. C. Lyall, K.C.B., G.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 26 th April 1878 to 9 th Sept. 1881.
Sir Charles Grant, K.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department	From 10 th Sept. 1881 to 21 st Feb. 1885.
Sir Mortimer Durand, K.C.B., G.C.B., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department	...

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
FIRST CLASS, OR KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.		
1.	The Right Hon'ble Thomas George Baring, P.C., Earl of Northbrook, of Stratton, in the County of Southampton, Viscount Baring of Lee, County Kent, Baron Northbrook, of Stratton, and a Baronet—(Europe)	3 rd May 1872.
2.	Her Highness Nawab Shik Jahans Begam, of Bhopal, C I—(Central India)	31 st May 1872.
3.	General Sir Neville Bowles Chamberlain, G.C.B., Bengal Army, —(Europe)	24 th May 1873.
4.	His Highness Raj Rajeshwar Maharaj Adhiraj Sir Jaswant Singh Bahadur, of Jodhpur—(Rajputana)	23 rd Oct. 1875.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—continued.		
5	Sir Richard Temple, Bart., of the Natch, Kenapoy, County Worcester, c. 18, M.P.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
6	Sir John Strachey, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	3rd May 1879.
7	His Highness Farzand-i-Arjumand, Akbar, Farwand Daulat-i-Inglishia Parar Bams Sarwar Raja Sir Hira Sing Malwadar Bahadur, of Nalwa—[Punjab]	29th July 1879.
8	Field-Marshal Sir Frederick Paul Haines, c. 18, c. 18—[Europe]	18th.
9	The Right Hon'ble Catherine Guthrie-Hardy, P.C., Baron Medway, of Hemsted Park, in the County of Kent, and Earl of Cranbrook, in the said County—[Europe]	20th April 1880.
10	The Most Hon'ble George Frederick Samuel Robinson, P.C., c. 18, c. 18, c. 18, Marquess of Ripon, Earl of Grey, of Wrest, County Bedford, Earl of Ripon, County York, Viscount Gederich, of Nooton, and Baron Grantham, of Grantham, County Lincoln, and a Baronet—[Europe]	8th June 1880.
11	His Highness Bulmud-Daula Nazim Jang Hafiz-ul-Mulk Mukhlis-ul-Daula Nawab Sir Sadik Muhammad Khan Bahadur, of Bahawalpur—[Punjab]	9th Nov. 1880.
12	The Most Hon'ble Frederick Temple Hamilton-Temple-Blackwood, P.C., c. 18, c. 18, c. 18, Marquess of Dufferin and Ava, Earl of Ava, Viscount and Baron Clandeboyne, of Clandeboyne, County Down, in the Peerage of the United Kingdom; Baron Dufferin and Clandeboyne of Ballyleidy and Killyleagh, County Down, in the Peerage of Ireland; and Baronet—[Europe]	13th Dec. 1884.
13	His Highness Asaf Jah Mirza-ul-Mamalik Nizam-ul-Mulk Nizam-ul-Daula Nawab Mir Sir Mahub Ali Khan Bahadur Fatah Jang, of Hyderabad—[Deccan]	1st Jan. 1885.
14	The Right Hon'ble Sir James Buchanan, Bart., c. 18, c. 18, P.C.—[Europe]	25th Feb. 1885.
15	Field-Marshal Sir Donald Martin Stewart, Bart., c. 18, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	7th Dec. 1884.
16	His Highness Raval Sir Takhtsinghi Jarwatsinghi, Maharaja of Bhavnagar—[Bombay]	18th.
17	The Right Hon'ble Sir Mountstuart Ephraim Grant-Duff, P.C., c. 18—[Europe]	28th July 1886.
18	His Highness Farzand-i-Khas-i-Daulat-i-Inglishia Maharaja Sir Savji Rao Gokwar, Sava Khan Khel Shamsud-Daula Bahadur, of Baroda—[Baroda]	16th Feb. 1887.
19	His Highness Maharaja Dhiraj Sir Fateh Singh Bahadur, of Jaipur—[Rajputana]	18th.
20	His Highness Raja Sir Shamsher Prakash Bahadur, of Sirmur—[Punjab]	18th.
21	His Highness Maharaja Adhiraj Sir Bahadur Sahai Sir Shivaji Rao Holkar Bahadur, Maharaja of Indore—[Central India]	30th June 1887.
22	His Highness Sarwanth-Rajah-i-Hindustan Raj Bahadur Sura Maharaj-Adhiraj Sawai Sir Madho Singh Bahadur, Maharaja of Jaipur—[Rajputana]	2nd Jan. 1888.
23	His Highness Sri Padmanabha Dasa Varma, Sri Balarama Varma Kulasekhara Kirtapatti Mant Sultan Maharaja Raja Ramaraja Bahadur Shamsud-Daula, of Travancore—[Madras]	24th May 1888.
24	The Most Hon'ble Henry Charles Keith, Marquess of Lansdowne, c. 18, c. 18, Earl of Wycombe, of Chipping Wycombe, County Bucks, Viscount Calne and Calneburg, County Wilts, and Lord Wycombe, Baron of Chipping Wycombe, County Bucks, in the Peerage of Great Britain; Earl of Kerry and Earl of Shelburne, Viscount Clancarron, and Plantagenet, Baron of Kerry, Lismore, and Dunkerron, in the Peerage of Ireland, (Ireland)—[Europe]	8th April 1890.
25	The Right Hon'ble Sir Donald James Mackay, Lord Reay, c. 18—[Ireland]	24th May 1892.
26	Colonel His Highness Maharaja Partab Singh, Indar Mahadhar Bahadur, Sava-i-Saltanat of Jammu and Kashmir	1st Aug. 1892.
27	Viscount Count, c. 18, c. 18—[Europe]	3rd June 1893.
28	Field-Marshal the Right Hon'ble Frederick Hugh, Lord Roberts of Kandahar and Waterford, c. 18, c. 18, c. 18, V.C., R.A. (Extra)—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1895.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—concluded.		
30	His Highness Muhtar-ul-Mulk Azim-ul-Ikhtidar Rafi-ush-Shan Wala Shikah Muntasham-i-Dauran Umdat-ul-Umara Maharaja Dhiraj Aliyah Hiram-us-Saltanat Maharaja Sir Madho Rao Sindhu Bahadur Srinath Maharaj-Zaman Fidi-i-Hazrat-i-Malik-i-Muzzama-i-Rafid-Dar-i-Inglishia, of Gwalior—[Central India]	25th May 1895.
31	The Right Hon'ble George Robert Canning, Baron Harris, c. 18, (Extra)—[Europe]	18th.
SECOND CLASS, OR KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.		
1	Raja Sir Dinkar Rao Musur Khas Bahadur, of Agwa—[N.W.P.]	23rd March 1866.
2	General Sir Arthur Thomas Colclough, Madras Engineers—[Europe]	18th.
3	General Sir Arnold Barrowes Kemball, c. 18, R. (late B.C.) A—[Europe]	18th.
4	Major-General Sir William Henry Rodes Green, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
5	Sir William Muir, I.C.S.—[Europe]	8th Feb. 1867.
6	General Sir Edward Lechmere Russell, Bombay Army—[Europe]	24th Aug. 1868.
7	Major-General Sir Frederic John Goldsmid, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Nov. 1871.
8	Major-General Sir Frederick Richard Pollock, I.C.S.—[Europe]	8th Feb. 1873.
9	Sir Alexander John Arbuthnot, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	24th May 1873.
10	Lieutenant-General Sir Harry Burnett Lumsden, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
11	Sir Robert Henry Davies, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	30th May 1874.
12	Rao Sir Kashi Rao Holkar Daula Sahib, of Indore—[Central India]	18th Oct. 1875.
13	General Sir Samuel James Browne, c. 18, V.C., I.C.S.—[Europe]	7th March 1876.
14	General Sir Digby Macnaghten Prynne, c. 18, V.C.—[Europe]	18th.
15	Surgeon-General Sir Joseph Fayrer, c. 18, I.M.S.—[Europe]	18th.
16	His Highness Maharaja Sir Anand Rao Phul, of Dhar, c. 18—[Central India]	1st Jan. 1877.
17	The Right Hon'ble Sir Arthur Lord Hobhouse, of Ropsden, in the County of Somerset, c. 18, P.C.—[Europe]	18th.
18	His Highness Sir Mansinghi Bhattinghi, Raj Sahib of Dhargad—[Bombay]	18th.
19	Sir George Ebenezer Wilson Couper, Bart., c. 18, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
20	Admiral Sir Reginald John Macdonald, c. 18—[Europe]	18th.
21	Sir Joseph Dalton Hooker, c. 18, c. 18—[Europe]	2nd June 1877.
22	Sir Thomas Lawrence Seacombe, c. 18, c. 18—[Europe]	18th.
23	General Sir Michael Kavanagh Kennedy, Royal (late Bombay) Engineers—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
24	Sir Stewart Colvin Bayley, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	25th May 1878.
25	Sir Robert Bates Egerton, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	29th July 1879.
26	Major-General Sir Owen Tudor Burne, c. 18, British Army—[Europe]	18th.
27	Sir Charles Christopher Atchison, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	24th May 1880.
28	Sir Lloyd Henry Griffin, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
29	Maharaja Sir Jotindra Mohan Tegore Bahadur—[Bengal]	24th May 1882.
30	Sir John Henry Morris, I.C.S.—[Europe]	24th May 1883.
31	Major Sir Evelyn Lord Cromer, c. 18, c. 18, c. 18, R.A.—[Egypt]	10th Aug. 1883.
32	Sir Charles Grant, I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1885.
33	Colonel Sir Edward Ridley Colborne, Bedford, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	6th June 1885.
34	Colonel the Right Hon'ble Sir Joseph West Ridgeway, c. 18, B.G.L.—[Europe]	21st July 1885.
35	Lieutenant-Colonel Maharaj Dhiraj Sir Prashad Singh Bahadur, of Jodhpur—[Rajputana]	1st Jan. 1886.
36	Sir Julius Danvers—[Europe]	1st Feb. 1886.
37	Sir Theodore Charles Hope, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	29th May 1886.
38	Sir Charles Edward Bernard, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
39	Nizam Bahadur Khwaja Sir Asaf Khan of Dacca—[Bengal]	18th.
40	Sir William Charles Pleyden, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
41	Sir Charles Alfred Elliot, I.C.S.—[Europe]	16th Feb. 1887.
42	Sir William Wilson Hunter, c. 18, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
43	His Highness Maharaja Sir Sir Keshav Singhji of Indore—[Bombay]	18th.
44	Major-General Sir William George Davies, I.C.S.—[Europe]	18th.
45	Sir James Brathwaite Peile, I.C.S.—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1888.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—concluded.		
45	The Hon'ble Maulvi Sir Saiyid Ahmad Khan Bahadur, LL.D.—N.W.P.	2nd Jan. 1888.
47	Major-General Sir James Browne, C.B., R.M.—Baluchistan.	1888.
48	Sir James Broadwood Lyall, C.B., I.C.S.—Europe.	24th May 1888.
49	Sir Charles Hedges Tol Crosthwaite, I.C.S.—Europe.	1888.
50	Sir David Miller Barbour, I.C.S.—Europe.	1st Jan. 1889.
51	Nawab Sir Muhammad Akbar Khan, Chief of Amb. Mazara District—Punjab.	1889.
52	Sir Andrew Richard Scott, O.C.—Europe.	20th May 1889.
53	The Hon'ble Sir Dennis Pitt-Rivers, I.C.S.—Europe.	1889.
54	The Hon'ble Sir Alexander Mackenzie, I.C.S.—Europe.	1st Jan. 1890.
55	Sir Philip Percival Hutchins, I.C.S.—Europe.	30th May 1891.
56	Raja Sir Amar Singh, of Kanauj.	11th Nov. 1891.
57	Sir Auckland Colvin, K.C.B., I.C.S.—Europe.	25th May 1892.
58	Sir Henry Edward Stokes, I.C.S.—Madras.	1892.
59	H. E. Maharaja Sir Bir Shambher Jung, Raja Bahadur, Prince Minister of Nepal.	1892.
60	The Hon'ble Sir Antony Patrick MacDonell, I.C.S.—N.W.P. & Oudh.	2nd Jan. 1893.
61	Sir Kanakramiah Sheshiah, Raja, Dewan of Mysore.	1893.
62	Sir Henry Waterfield, C.B.—Europe.	3rd July 1893.
63	Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, K.C.B., I.C.S.—[Persia].	1st Jan. 1894.
64	Major-General Sir Oliver Richardson Newnham, I.C.S.—Europe.	26th May 1894.
65	The Hon'ble Sir James Westland—India.	1st Jan. 1895.
66	The Hon'ble Sir Frederick William Richards Fryer, I.C.S.—[Burma].	1895.
67	His Highness Maharaja Sir Lari Singh Bahadur, of Siron—Rajputana.	1895.
68	Sir Courtenay Porcaine Short, C.B., Barrister-at-Law—[Europe].	1895.
69	Lieutenant-General Sir William Stephen Alexander Lockhart, K.C.B., Bengal Infantry—[Punjab].	23rd May 1895.
70	Sir George Scott Robertson, K.C.B.—[India].	17th July 1895.
71	Vacancies.	
72		

THIRD CLASS, OR COMPANIONS.

1	Nawab Saiyid Asghar Ali Khan Bahadur, of Calcutta—Bengal.	29th Mar. 1866.
2	William Ford, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1866.
3	General Crawford Trotter Chamberlain, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1866.
4	Lieutenant-General Richard Stauchey, R.E.—[Europe].	1866.
5	John Walter Sherer, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1866.
6	Sir William Mackenzie, K.C.B., late I.M.S., Madras—[Europe].	1866.
7	Lieutenant-General Richard Harte Keatinge, V.C., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1866.
8	Major-General John William Younghusband, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1866.
9	Eyre Burton Powell, Esq., M.A., late Director of Public Instruction, Madras—[Europe].	1866.
10	Sir Albert Abdallah David Sassoon, Bart.—[Europe].	1866.
11	Lewin Bentham Boering, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	16th Sept. 1867.
12	Inspector-General of Hospitals, Edward Haro, retired—[Europe].	1867.
13	General Frederic Conyers Cotton, Madras Engineers—[Europe].	6th Sept. 1868.
14	Lieutenant-General Craven Hildesley Dickens, R.A.—[Europe].	1868.
15	John Orlando Hercules Norman Oliver, Esq., late Bengal Uncovenanted Service—[Europe].	1868.
16	General Henry Benny, British Army—[Europe].	2nd June 1869.
17	General George Samuel Montgomery, Bombay Infantry—[Europe].	1869.
18	Lieutenant-General Sir John Black Spurgin, K.C.B., British Army—[Europe].	1869.
19	William James Money, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1869.
20	Major-General George Hutchinson, C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1869.
21	Lieutenant-Colonel William Dickinson, I.S.B.—[Europe].	1869.
22	Richard Vivas Boyle, Esq., formerly in the F.W.D., India—[Europe].	1869.
23	Mir Akbar Ali Khan Bahadur, of Hyderabad—Hyderabad.	1869.
24	Raja Jai Kishan Das Bahadur, of Mirzapur—N.W.P.	28th May 1870.
25	General Sir Henry Edward Leander Threlker, R.E., R.A.—[Europe].	1870.
26	Lieutenant-General Sir Martin Ditch, K.C.B., British Army—[Europe].	1870.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—continued.		
27	General Sir Peter Stark Lumsden, C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	3rd June 1870.
28	Lieut. Robert Ashburner, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	20th May 1871.
29	Colonel George Bruce Malleson, I.C.S.—[Europe].	31st May 1872.
30	Muhammad Raza Khan, of Rawalpindi—Punjab.	1872.
31	Major-General Alfred Thomas Etheridge, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1872.
32	Colonel Sir Charles Bean Evans-Smith, K.C.B., M.G.L.—[Europe].	15th Nov. 1872.
33	Colonel Beresford Lovett, C.B., R.E.—[Madras].	6th Feb. 1873.
34	Sir John Ware Edgar, K.C.B., I.C.S.—Bengal.	24th May 1873.
35	General Henry Hopkinson, I.C.S.—[Europe].	27th Feb. 1874.
36	Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Edward Gordon, K.C.B., C.B., I.C.S.—Persia.	7th Aug. 1874.
37	Robert Barclay Chapman, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	28rd Oct. 1875.
38	Edward William Ravenscroft, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1875.
39	General Francis Borthwick Randall, R. (Madras) R.—[Europe].	1875.
40	Philip Sandys Melville, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	7th March 1876.
41	Lieutenant-General James Michael, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1876.
42	Major-General Arthur Edward Augustus Ellis, British Army—[Europe].	1876.
43	Colonel Philip Durham Henderson, Madras Cavalry—[Europe].	1876.
44	Major-General Harvey Tuckett Duncan, I.C.S.—[Europe].	20th Sept. 1876.
45	Nawab Sayid Fath Ali Khan, Nawab of Banganapalli—[Madras].	1st Jan. 1877.
46	Whitley Stokes, Esq., C.B.—[Europe].	1877.
47	George Thornhill, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1877.
48	Thomas Henry Thornton, Esq., C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1877.
49	Jamravan Sheshaya Shastri, Dewan Regent of Pudukottai—Madras.	1877.
50	Bakhshi Khomen Singh, of Indore—Central India.	1877.
51	Deshbandhu Prasad, Esq.—[Bombay].	1877.
52	Colonel Leopold John Herbert Grey, I.C.S.—Punjab.	1877.
53	Sir George Christopher Moleworth Bidwell, K.C.B., K.C., LL.D.—[Europe].	1877.
54	Sir Edwin Arnold, K.C.B.—[Europe].	1877.
55	General Charles James Merriman, R.E.—[Europe].	2nd June 1877.
56	Sir James Elliot Richey, K.C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1877.
57	John Henry Garstin, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1877.
58	Robert Davidson, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1877.
59	Colonel Sir Colin Campbell Scott Moncrieff, K.C.B., R.E.—[Europe].	2nd June 1877.
60	Sahibzada Usaidulla Khan, of Tonk—Rajputana.	29th July 1879.
61	Colonel William Garraw Waterfield, I.C.S.—Residing out of India.	1879.
62	Sardar Bakshi Ganda Singh Bahadur, of Patiala—Punjab.	9th Nov. 1880.
63	Brigadier-General Montague Protheroe, C.B., I.C.S.—[Hyderabad].	1880.
64	Colonel Henry Wylie, B.G.L.—[Nepal].	1880.
65	Colonel William Tweedie, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1880.
66	Sir Donald Campbell Macnabb, K.C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	24th May 1881.
67	Honorary Lieutenant-Colonel Wazirzadeh Nawab Muhammad Akbar Khan—Punjab.	1881.
68	Major-General John Salisbury Trevor, B.E. Engineers—[Europe].	1881.
69	Horace Abul Cockerell, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe].	1881.
70	Colonel Sir Edward Charles Ross, R.E., I.C.S.—[Europe].	24th May 1882.
71	Charles Paget Carmichael, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1882.
72	William Brittain Jones, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1882.
73	Sir James Lloyd Diphda, Bart.—[Bombay].	1882.
74	Henry William Primrose, Esq., C.B.—[Europe].	1st Jan. 1885.
75	Herbert John Reynolds, Esq., I.C.S.—Bengal.	6th June 1885.
76	Surgeon-General James Macnabb Cunningham, K.C.B., I.M.S., retired—[Europe].	1885.
77	Lieut.-General Michael Weekes Willoughby, I.C.S.—[Europe].	1885.
78	Lieut.-Colonel Frederick Mercer Hunter, C.B., I.C.S.—[Bombay].	1885.
79	Henry Edward Sullivan, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe].	1st Jan. 1886.
80	The Hon'ble Sir Charles Broadley Pritchard, K.C.B., I.C.S.—[India].	29th May 1886.
81	Charles G. Hart Master, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe].	10th Feb. 1887.
82	James Graham Condy, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe].	1887.
83	Raja Prat Mohon Mukherjee, of Udaipur—Bengal.	1887.
84	Sir Frederick Russell Rogers, K.C.B., late I.C.S.—[Europe].	1887.
85	Lieut.-Colonel Charles Edward Yates, C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe].	1887.
86	William Rudolph Henry Meek, Esq., I.C.S.—[Punjab].	1887.
87	Bas Chitrapati Bahadur, Raja of Alampur—Central India.	1887.
88	Ex-Raja of Singur, Mung Gung—Burma.	1887.
89	Sir William Gerald Seymour Vesey Fitzgerald, K.C.B.—[Europe].	1887.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—concluded.		
90	William Erskine Ward, Esq., I.C.S.—Assam	2nd Jan. 1888.
91	Francis Langford O'Callaghan, Esq., I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
92	Edward Baban Cave-Browne, Esq.—Europe	Ditto.
93	George Douglas Burrows, Esq., I.C.S.—Burma	1st Jan. 1889.
94	Colonel Edward Lacey Ommanney, I.C.S.—Europe	24th May 1889.
95	Lieutenant-Colonel John Clerk—Europe	14th Oct. 1889.
96	William Mackworth Young, Esq., I.C.S.—Mysore	1st Jan. 1890.
97	Brigadier-General George Edward Langham Somerset Sandford, C.B., B.E.—India	Ditto.
98	Colonel Robert Warburton, I.C.S.—Punjab	Ditto.
99	James Richard Naylor, Esq., I.C.S.—Bombay	Ditto.
100	Robert Joseph Crosthwaite, Esq., I.C.S.—Rajputana	20th May 1890.
101	The Hon'ble Brigade-Surgeon Lieutenant-Colonel Alfred Swaine Lethbridge, M.B.—India	Ditto.
102	William Young, Esq., late I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
103	The Hon'ble Mr. David Robert Lyall, I.C.S.—Benegal	1st Jan. 1891.
104	Sardar Bikan Singh, of Shahzadpur, Unabala—Punjab	Ditto.
105	Colonel Percy William Powlett, I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
106	Colonel George Herbert Trevor, I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
107	John Woodburn, Esq., I.C.S.—N.W.P.	20th May 1891.
108	The Hon'ble Mr. William Lee-Werner, I.C.S.—Europe	1st Jan. 1892.
109	Sir Edward Charles Buek, Kt., I.C.S.—India	Ditto.
110	Henry John Steadman Cotton, Esq., I.C.S.—Central Provinces	25th May 1892.
111	Surgeon-Major-General William Roche Rice, M.D., I.M.S.—Europe	Ditto.
112	Colonel Frederick Jervis Home, R.E.—India	Ditto.
113	Major Henry St. Patrick Maxwell, I.C.S.—Mauripur	Ditto.
114	Travot John Chichele-Flawden, Esq., I.C.S.—Hyderabad	Ditto.
115	The Hon'ble Raja Uda Parth Singh, of Bhunga—Gadh	2nd Jan. 1893.
116	George Robert Elmslie, Esq., I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
117	The Hon'ble Mr. John Frederick Price, I.C.S.—Madras	Ditto.
118	The Hon'ble Mr. Herbert Mills Birdwood, I.C.S.—Bombay	Ditto.
119	Charles James Lyall, Esq., C.B., I.C.S.—Assam	3rd June 1893.
120	Major-General Alexander Walker, R.A.—India	Ditto.
121	Colonel Horatio Galloway Pritchard, I.C.S.—India	Ditto.
122	Colonel Howard Mellis, I.C.S.—India	Ditto.
123	Richard Uday, Esq., I.C.S.—Punjab	Ditto.
124	Jacques Adolphe Eames, Esq., I.C.S.—India	1st Jan. 1894.
125	William John Cunningham, Esq., I.C.S.—India	Ditto.
126	Sir Thomas Sellar Price, M.A., Kt., Chief Engineer to H. H. the Amir of Afghanistan—Kabul	Ditto.
127	Major-General Robert Charles Boleau Penferton, R.E.—Europe	Ditto.
128	The Hon'ble Mr. Arthur Charles Trevor, I.C.S.—Bombay	Ditto.
129	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Cecil Stevens, I.C.S.—Bengal	Ditto.
130	Major-General Alexander Robert Badcock, I.C.S.—India	1st Jan. 1895.
131	Donald Mackenzie Smeaton, Esq., I.C.S.—Burma	Ditto.
132	Stephen Jacob, Esq., I.C.S.—India	Ditto.
133	Colonel William Francis Prideaux, late I.C.S.—Europe	Ditto.
134	Alan Cadeb, Esq., I.C.S.—Burma	Ditto.
135	The Hon'ble Sir Alexander Edward Miller, Kt., Q.C.—India	25th May 1895.
136	Charles Montgomery Rivers, Esq., I.C.S.—Punjab	Ditto.
137	Arthur Forbes, Esq., I.C.S.—Bengal	Ditto.
138	Rani Varma Valiya Kuti Tamburan, Consort of Her Highness Raja Rajeshwar Bahadur Sahib, C.B., Senior Rani of Travancore—Madras	Ditto.
139 to 144	Vacancies.	

THE MOST EMINENT ORDER OF THE INDIAN EMPIRE.

(INSTITUTED 31st DECEMBER 1871.)

SOVEREIGN.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND EMPRESS OF INDIA.

GRAND MASTER.

His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General of India, the Right Honorable Victor Alexander Bruce, Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, G.C.S.I., F.R.S., Lord Bruce of Kinross, and Lord Bruce of Teviot, in the Kingdom of Scotland, and Baron Elgin of Elgin, in the United Kingdom.

27th JANUARY 1894.

OFFICERS OF THE ORDER.

Registrar.—Sir Albert William Woods, K.C.M.G., C.B. *Former Principal King of Arms, Heraldic College, London.*

[APPOINTED 21st DECEMBER 1887.]

Secretary.—William John Carrington, Esq., C.B., I.C.S., *Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.*

[APPOINTED 16th APRIL 1894.]

Previous Grand Masters of the Order.—The Right Hon'ble the Earl of Lytton, G.C.S.I., C.B., from 1st January 1875 to 7th June 1880; The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Ripon, K.T., G.C.S.I., from 8th June 1880 to 12th December 1884; The Most Hon'ble the Marquess of Dufferin and Ava, K.T., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., from 13th December 1884 to 9th December 1888; The Most Honorable the Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E., from 10th December 1888 to 26th January 1894.

Previous Secretaries of the Order.—Sir Charles Unwin, K.C.S.I., C.B., 1875, Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, from 1st January 1875 to 26th April 1878; Sir Alfred Comyns Lyall, K.C.B., K.C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, from 26th April 1878 to 9th September 1887; Sir Charles Grant, K.C.S.I., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, from 10th September 1887 to 21st February 1888; Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, K.C.S.I., K.C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Foreign Department, from 22nd February 1888 to 17th April 1894.

EXTRA KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.

Appointed under Article VIII of the Statutes of the Order.

His Majesty H.R.H. The Prince of Wales and Duke of Cornwall, K.O., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.—21st June 1887.

Admiral H.R.H. the Reining Duke of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha (The Duke of Edinburgh), K.O., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.—21st June 1887.

Lieut. General H.R.H. Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and Strathearn, K.O., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G., G.C.I.E.—21st June 1887.

Field Marshal H.R.H. George William Frederic Charles, Duke of Cambridge, K.O., K.T., K.P., G.C.B., G.C.M.G.—21st June 1887.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
FIRST CLASS OR KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS.		
	The Most Hon'ble Sir Frederick Temple Hamilton Temple Blackwood, K.P., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., Marquess of Dufferin and Ava and Earl of Ava—Europe. [Additional, under Articles IV and VI of the Statutes]	1st June 1887.
1	The Right Hon'ble Sir Donald James Mackay, Lord Reay, G.C.S.I.—Europe.	21st June 1887.
2	The Right Hon'ble Sir Robert Bourke, P.C., Lord Connemara—Europe.	Ditto.
3	Field Marshal The Right Hon'ble Sir Frederick Sleigh, Baron Roberts of Kandahar and Waterford, G.C.B., G.C.S.I., V.C., R.A.—Europe.	Ditto.
4	His Highness Maharaja Sri Mirza Baza Saad Sir Khengani Bahadur, Bahadur of Kutch—Bombay.	30th June 1887.
5	Lieutenant-Colonel His Highness Maharaja Sir Nripendra Narayan Bahadur, of Kutch Bahadur—Bengal.	23rd Feb. 1888.
	The Most Hon'ble Henry Charles Keith, Marquess of Lansdowne, G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., Earl of Wemyss, of Chipping Wye, County Bucks, Viscount Cain and Calstone, County Wilts, and Lord Wemyss, Baron of Chipping Wye, County Bucks, in the Peerage of Great Britain; Earl of Kerry and Earl of Shelburne, Viscount Clannamrie and Fitzmaurice, Baron of Kerry, Lixnaw, and Dunfermline, in the Peerage of Ireland—[Additional].	
6	The Right Hon'ble Sir George Robert Canning, G.C.S.I., Baron Harris, of Springham—Europe.	20th May 1890.
7	His Highness Amir-ul-Daula Wazir-ul-Mulk Nawab Sir Muhammad Durrat Ali Khan Bahadur Saadat Jang, of Teut—Rajputana.	Ditto.
8	His Highness Amir-ul-Daula Amir-ul-Umara Nawab Sir Sayid Hasan Ali Khan Bahadur Muhabbat Jang, of Murshidaabad—Bengal.	Ditto.
9	His Excellency The Right Hon'ble Selby Lawley, Lord Wenlock—Madras.	28th Jan. 1891.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS GRAND COMMANDERS—concluded.		
10	H. H. Maharaja Adhiraj Sir Sardul Singh Bahadur, Maharaja of Kisbengurh—[Rajputana]	1st Jan. 1892.
11	Sir James Broadwood Lyall, K.C.S.I.—[Europe]	25th May 1892.
12	The Hon'ble Maharaja Mirza Sir Peshwa Ananda Gajapati Raz, Muzi Sultan Bahadur, Garu, of Vindhyanagar	Ditto.
13	Sir Thomas Lawrence Seccombe, K.C.S.I.—[Europe]	2nd Aug. 1892.
14	His Excellency General Sir George Stewart White, K.C.B., V.O.—[India]	10th Mar. 1893.
15	His Highness Beglar Begi Sir Mir Mahnuda Khan, Wazir of Kalat—[Baluchistan]	19th Aug. 1894.
16	His Excellency The Right Hon'ble William, Baron Sandhurst—[Bombay]	27th Feb. 1895.
SECOND CLASS OR KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.		
1	Sir Alfred Comyns Lyall, K.C.B., I.C.S.—[Europe]	10th Feb. 1887.
2	His Highness Sir Bhagwatsinghji Sagarni, Thakur Sahib of Gondia—[Bombay]	Ditto.
3	The Hon'ble Raja Sir Shankar Bakha Singh of Thalra—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
4	Sir Dietrich Brandis, of Bonn, Germany—[Europe]	Ditto.
5	Sir Monier Monier-Williams—[Europe]	Ditto.
6	Sir Alexander Meadows Rendel, M.P.—[Europe]	Ditto.
7	Sir Donald Campbell Macnab, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
8	Sir George Christopher Moleworth Birdwood, C.B., K.C., LL.D.—[Europe]	Ditto.
9	Surgeon-General Sir Benjamin Simpson, M.D., I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
10	Sir Albert James Leppoe Cappel—[Europe]	Ditto.
11	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Lachmeshwar Singh Bahadur, of Darbhanga—[Bengal]	Ditto.
12	Sir Donald Mackenzie Wallace—[Europe]	Ditto.
13	The Hon'ble Sir Alfred Woodley Croft—[Bengal]	Ditto.
14	Sir Bradford Leath, formerly Agent to the E.I. Railway Company—[Europe]	Ditto.
15	His Highness Sir Waghji Rawaji, Thakur Sahib of Morvi—[Bombay]	30th June 1887.
16	Thakur Sahib Sir Jawaharsinghji Fatchensingh, of Lunari—[Bombay]	Ditto.
17	Sir William Gerald Seymour Vasey Fitzgerald, C.S.I.—[Europe]	17th Aug. 1887.
18	Sir Charles Arthur Turner, late Chief Justice of Madras—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1888.
19	Nawab Bahadur ul-Panah Amir-i-Akbar Sir Asman Jah Bahadur—[Hyderabad Deccan]	Ditto.
20	Nawab Shams-ul-Umara Amir-i-Kabir Sir Khurshid Jah Bahadur—[Hyderabad Deccan]	Ditto.
21	Sir Edwin Arnold, C.S.I.—[Europe]	Ditto.
22	Sir Arthur Nicholson, C.M.G., late Her Majesty's Charge d'Affaires, Tehran—[Europe]	20th Mar. 1888.
23	Sir Raymond West, I.C.S.—[Europe]	24th May 1888.
24	Sir Guilford Lindsay Moleworth—[Europe]	Ditto.
25	Sir Frederick Russell Hogg, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
26	Sardar Sir Naozoo Khan, of Khacim—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
27	Surgeon-General Sir William James Moore, late I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
28	Nawab Sir Inna Bakha Khan, Maharajah, Dera Ghazi Khan District—[Punjab]	Ditto.
29	Maharajah-ul-Umara ul-Panah Mahanishapathiyaya Sardar Sir Amar Singh, of Bhadar—[Punjab]	Ditto.
30	Raja Yeshwant Sir Raja Sir Gopala Krishna Mahendra Bahadur Panaha Hazer Mansabdar of Venkatagiri—[Madras]	Ditto.
31	The Hon'ble Sir Gregory Charles Paul—[Bengal]	Ditto.
32	Maharaja Sir Narindra Krishna Bahadur, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
33	Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, K.C.S.I., I.C.S.—[Tehran]	1st Jan. 1889.
34	Maharaja Sir Krishna Pratap Sahai Bahadur, of Hathuwa—[Bengal]	Ditto.
35	Sir Arthur George Macpherson, India Office—[Europe]	Ditto.
36	Sir William Markby, late Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court—[Europe]	Ditto.
37	Sir Henry Stuart Carmichael, late Puisne Judge of the Calcutta High Court—[Europe]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
KNIGHTS COMMANDERS—concluded.		
38	Maharaja Shri Sir Wakhatsinghji, Raja of Lunawara—[Bombay]	24th May 1889.
39	Sir John Ware Edgar, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
40	Sir Roper Lethbridge, M.P.—[Europe]	Ditto.
41	Sir James Ballois Ritchey, C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	20th May 1890.
42	H. H. Maharaja Sir Prabhu Narayan Singh Bahadur, of Benares—[N.W.P.]	1st Jan. 1891.
43	The Hon'ble Sir Charles Bradley Pritchard, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[India]	20th May 1891.
44	Sir Charles Pontifex—[Europe]	25th May 1891.
45	Sir Henry Huylebrouck—[Europe]	Ditto.
46	The Hon'ble Sir Griffith Hughes Pugh Evans—[Calcutta]	Ditto.
47	Sir Edward Charles Kayll Ollivant—[Kathiawar]	Ditto.
48	Sir Henry Seymour King, M.P.—[Europe]	15th Aug. 1892.
49	His Highness Sir Sher Muhammad Khan, Lohani, Dewan of Palanpur—[Bombay]	3rd Jan. 1893.
50	Mir Jam Ali Khan, Jan of Las-Bela—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
51	Major-General Sir Edwin Henry Hayler Collett, I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
52	Raja Sir Muhammad Amir Hasan Khan, Khan Bahadur, of Mahmudabad—[Oudh]	Ditto.
53	Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Brereton Hudson, A.D.C. to the Viceroy—[Bengal]	Ditto.
54	Lieutenant-General Sir Thomas Edward Gordon, C.S.I., I.C.S.—[Europe]	3rd June 1893.
55	Lieutenant-General Sir Edward Charles Sparshott Williams, R.A.—[Europe]	Ditto.
56	The Hon'ble Sir John Lambert—[Bengal]	Ditto.
57	H. H. Maharaja Raja Sir Raghubir Singh Bahadur, of Bandi—[Rajputana]	1st Jan. 1894.
58	H. H. Maharaja Sir Bhawar Pal Deo Bahadur Yashwanth Chandra Bhal, of Karauli—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
59	M. H. Maharaja Sir Bhawar Pal Deo Bahadur Yashwanth Chandra Bhal, of Karauli—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
60	Prince Sir Jahan Kadir Mirza Muhammad Wajid Ali Bahadur, of the family of the late King of Oudh—[Bengal]	Ditto.
61	Colonel Sir John Charles Ardagh, C.S.I., R.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
62	Colonel Lord William Leslie De la Poer Beresford, V.C., British Service—[Europe]	Ditto.
63	Sir James Lytle Mackay—[Europe]	Ditto.
64	Raja Sir Sudhal Deo, of Banra—[Central Provinces]	1st Jan. 1895.
65	Colonel Sir Henry Poynter Thellier, R.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
66	Nawab Sir Sidi Aliud Khan Sidi Ibrahim Khan, of Junjira—[Bombay]	Ditto.
67	Raja Sir Venkata Srinivasacharya Rangarao, Zamindar of Bobbili—[Madras]	Ditto.
68	Sir William Robert Brooke, Esq.—[Europe]	10th May 1895.
69	The Hon'ble Maharaja Sir Pratap Narayan Singh of Ajodhya—[Oudh]	Ditto.
70	Maharaja Sir Ratanashwar Prashad Singh Bahadur of Gidaur—[Bengal]	Ditto.
71	Sardar Sir Krishna Rao Bapa Sahib Jade—[Central India]	Ditto.
72	Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Adalbert Cecil Talbot, I.C.S.—[India]	16th Aug. 1895.

HONORARY KNIGHTS COMMANDERS.

Appointed under Article VII of the Statutes of the Order.

His Excellency Sir Ali Kuli Khan Makhdum-ul-Daula—Persia—1st Jan. 1892.
 His Excellency M. Leon Emile Clement-Thomas, Chevalier of the Legion of Honour, late Governor of the French Settlements in India—1st Sept. 1893.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
THIRD CLASS OR COMPANIONS.		
Companions and Members ex-officio and for Life.		
(Under the Old Statutes.)		
1	Aitchison, Sir Charles Umpherson, K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies—[Europe]	4th April 1892.
2	Aitchison, Sir Alexander John, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Commissioner of the Empire of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.

* Ex-officio appointments are no longer made.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS (UNDER THE OLD STATUTES)—continued.		
3	Clarke, Lieut. General Sir Andrew, G.C.M.G., K.B.E., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General, and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
4	Colvin, Sir Auckland, K.C.M.G., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]	11th Oct. 1880.
5	Couper, Sir George, Ebenezer Wilson, Bart., K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, Chief Commissioner of Oudh, and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
6	Cramer, Major Sir Evelyn, Lord, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., K.C.S.I., late R.A. and late Member of the Council of the Governor-General—[Egypt]	27th Dec. 1880.
7	Davies, Sir Robert Henry, K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
8	Egerton, Sir Robert Lykes, K.C.S.I., late Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab and its Dependencies, and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	• Ditto.
9	Fergusson, The Right Hon'ble Sir James, Bart., P.C., G.C.S.I., K.C.M.G., late Governor of Bombay—[Europe]	28th April 1880.
10	Grant-Duff, The Right Hon'ble Sir Mountstuart Elphinstone, P.C., G.C.S.I., late Governor of Madras—[Europe]	5th Nov. 1881.
11	Haines, Field Marshal Sir Frederick Paul, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., R. Murs. Fus., late Commander-in-Chief in India, and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
12	Hobhouse, The Right Hon'ble Sir Arthur, Lord Hobhouse, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	Ditto.
13	Hore, Sir Theodore Craeford, K.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]	22nd July 1882.
14	Ibert, Comte de Peregrine, Esq., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India—[Europe]	2nd May 1882.
15	Norman, General Sir Henry Wyke, G.C.B., G.C.M.G., I.S.C., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Queensland]	1st Jan. 1880.
16	Ripon, The Most Hon'ble Sir George Frederick Samuel Robinson, Marquess of, P.C., K.G., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.M.G., late Viceroy and Governor-General of India—[Europe]	8th June 1880.
17	Stewart, General Sir Donald Martin, Bart., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., I.S.C., late Commander-in-Chief in India—[Europe]	19th Sept. 1880.
18	Stokes, Whitley, Esq., C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
19	Strachey, Sir John, G.C.S.I., late Member of the Council of the Governor-General and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	Ditto.
20	Temple, Sir Richard, Bart., G.C.S.I., late Governor of Bombay and Councillor of the Empress of India—[Europe]	Ditto.

COMPANIONS.

1	Major-General Sir Owen Tudor Burne, K.C.S.I., British Army—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
2	Richard Kaye Puckle, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
3	Nawab Saiyid Vilayat Ali Khan, of Patna—[Bengal]	Ditto.
4	General William George Mainwaring, late I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
5	Surgeon-General John Patterson, Bengal, late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
6	Surgeon-General James Tyrrell Carter Ross, late I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
7	Sir William Wilson Hunter, K.C.M.G., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
8	Rear-Admiral John Brydson, late I.C.S., R.N.—[Europe]	Ditto.
9	Major-General Dendy de Walter, late I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
10	Major-General Henry Moore, late I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
11	General William Gordon, I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
12	Donald Graham, Esq., late of Bombay (Firm of Graham and Company)—[Europe]	Ditto.
13	Johann George Hilder, Esq., late Bombay Educational Secretary—[Europe]	Ditto.
14	Thomas Mitchell Gibson, Esq., Manager of the British Raj Estates—[Bengal]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—continued.		
15	George Smith, Esq., LL.D., of Edinburgh, formerly Editor of the <i>Friend of India</i> —[Europe]	1st Jan. 1878.
16	Colonel John Henry Rivett-Carnac, I.C.S., late Commandant, Chittagpur Volunteer Rifles—[Europe]	Ditto.
17	Lieutenant-Colonel The Hon'ble George Campbell Napier, Bengal Infantry—[Europe]	Ditto.
18	Roseve Bosquet, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
19	James Blackburn Knight, Esq., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
20	George William Allen, Esq., of the Pioneer newspaper—[N.W.P.]	1st Jan. 1879.
21	Barnard James, late of Barar, now of Poona—[Bombay]	Ditto.
22	William Digby, Esq., late of Madras—[Europe]	Ditto.
23	Colonel Eugene Clithercock Imper, I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
24	The Hon'ble Baba Khem Singh Dethi, of Kullar District, Rawal Pindi—[Punjab]	Ditto.
25	Colonel Edmund Samuel Lindsay, I.S.C.—[Hyderabad]	Ditto.
26	Surgeon-Major Daniel Robert Thompson, M.D., I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
27	Lieutenant-General James Francis Tennant, R.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
28	André Wilgate, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
29	Surgeon-General William Robert Cornish, M.D., late I.M.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1880.
30	The Reverend Father Eugene Lafont, S.J., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
31	Stephen Paget Walter Vyvian, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
32	Charles James Lyall, Esq., C.S.I., I.S.—[Assam]	Ditto.
33	Charles Gordon Welland Macpherson, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
34	Monsieur Pierre François Henri Nougette, Director of Forest Schools at Nancy, France—[Europe]	Ditto.
35	Charles Edward Mearns, Esq., Telegraph Department—[Bengal]	Ditto.
36	Pandit Surin Narayan, of Indore—[Central India]	Ditto.
37	Khan Bahadur Khan Shahab-ud-din—[Bombay]	Ditto.
38	Major Sir Saumendra Mohan Tappin, Esq., of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
39	Dr. Johann Eliza de Vry, of Lieken—[Europe]	18th July 1880.
40	Dewan Bishan Singh, of Nabha—[Punjab]	16th March 1881.
41	Shedra Nala Bakhan, of Kapurthala—[Punjab]	Ditto.
42	Henderson Isaac Bruce, Esq., I.C.S.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
43	James Thomas Christie, Esq., I.C.S.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
44	Alexander Frederick Douglas Cunningham, Esq., I.C.S.—[Punjab]	Ditto.
45	Nawab Mirza Hassan Ali Khan—[Persia]	Ditto.
46	Sir Steuart Colvin Bayley, K.C.S.I., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	21st May 1881.
47	Mahamshahadulayyaz Mahesh Chundre Nyayaratna, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
48	Lieutenant-Colonel William Hutt Carson Wyllie, I.S.C.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
49	Mirza Ghulam Ahmad—[late F.A.C.—Punjab]	Ditto.
50	Sardar Sultan Jan, Saddozai, Punjab Commissioner—[Punjab]	Ditto.
51	Brigade-Surgeon John Anderson, retired—[Europe]	Ditto.
52	Surgeon-Major Charles William Owen, M.D., I.M.S.—[Palala, Punjab]	Ditto.
53	Henry Lucius Dampier, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1882.
54	General John Amables Fuller, R.E.—[Europe]	Ditto.
55	George Pelton Mathes, Esq.—[Burma]	Ditto.
56	Rai Bahadur Hithu Ram, Political Science—[Belachistan]	Ditto.
57	Sayin Abdul Hake, Sardar Diler Jung Bahadur, Karnalhar—[Hyderabad Deccan]	Ditto.
58	Sayid Attad, Basam Khan Bahadur, of Jaholpur—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
59	Khan Bahadur Pestunji Jahanji—[Bombay]	Ditto.
60	Honorary Colonel John Robertson—[Punjab]	Ditto.
61	His Highness Maharaja Sir Anand Rao Phur, of Dhar, K.C.S.I.—[Central India]	1st Jan. 1883.
62	Sir Henry Christopher Mance, Kt., late of the Indo-European Telegraph—[Europe]	Ditto.
63	Henry George Keme, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
64	Brigade-Surgeon James Edward Timney Atchison, M.D., late I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
65	Dr. Mahendra Lal Sarkar, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
66	Sayid Bakur Ali Khan, Baluchistan District—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
67	Captain Claude Clark—[Europe]	Ditto.
68	Captain Gordon Clarke, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
69	Surgeon-General George Dillie, M.D., late I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—continued.		
70	Francis Langford O'Callaghan, Esq., C. S. I., M. A. C. S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1885.
71	Colonel David William Campbell, M. A. C. S. (late Commandant, E. I. N. Volunteers), Calcutta—[Bengal]	1885.
72	Frederick Peterson, Esq., late Colonel Commandant, Simla Volunteer Rifles—[Europe]	1885.
73	Major-General Thomas Ross Church, I. S. C.—[Europe]	1885.
74	Samuel Jackson, Esq., M. A. C. S., late Colonel Commandant, G. I. P. Volunteers—[Residing out of India]	1885.
75	Chakrabarti Singh, of Dholpur—[Rajputana]	1885.
76	Frederick Augustus Hugh Elliot, Esq., I. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
77	Colonel Robert Home, R. E., retired—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1886.
78	Baden Henry Baden-Powell, Esq., late I. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
79	Pandit Het Ram, of Rewah—[Central India]	1885.
80	John Faithful Flett, Esq., I. C. S.—[Bombay]	1885.
81	Raja Sagatar Yemrudi Sankara Royel Yesowath Bahadur, Punganur, North Arcot—[Madras]	1885.
82	Colonel George Alfred Barnett, G. I. P. Volunteer Rifles—[Bombay]	1885.
83	Baba Chhota Lal Sijwar, of Gya—[Bengal]	1885.
84	The Rev. William Miller, M. A., LL. D., Principal of the Madras Christian College—[Madras]	23rd May 1884.
85	Benjamin Lewis Rice, Esq., Mysore Service—[Mysore]	1885.
86	Captain George O'Brien Carey, Indian Marine—[Europe]	1885.
87	Rai Kanhai Lal De Bahadur, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	1885.
88	Colonel Charles Edward Stewart, C. M. A. C. S., late I. S. C.—[Persia]	1885.
89	Maharaja Durga Chandra Laha, of Calcutta	1885.
90	Monsieur Lucien Boppe, Sub-Director of the Forest School at Nancy, France—[Europe]	1885.
91	James MacNab Campbell, Esq., late I. C. S.—[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1886.
92	Ralph Thomas Hodgkin Griffith, Esq., of Kotagiri, late Director of Public Instruction, N. W. P.—[Madras]	1885.
93	Kunwar Harnam Singh, Alidwala, of the Kapurthala State—[Punjab]	1885.
94	Colonel Robert Parry Nisbet, late I. S. C.—[Europe]	1885.
95	James Bonham Nicolson, Esq., of Mussoorie, late Trigonometrical Branch, Survey of India—[N. W. P.]	1885.
96	Dalpatram Dayalbhai, Post of Guzerat—[Bombay]	1885.
97	James Burgess, Esq., M. A. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
98	George Hammett, Esq., late Registration Dept., Madras—[Madras]	1885.
99	M. R. R. Raja Sir E. Savala Ramaswami Mudaliyar Avergal, R. of Madras—[Madras]	1885.
100	Andrew Higgins, Esq., late Colonel Commandant, Punjab Volunteer Rifles—[Punjab]	1st Jan. 1886.
101	Mortimer Sloper Howell, Esq., late I. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
102	Colin Arnot Robertson Browning, Esq., lately in the Educational Department, Central Provinces—[Europe]	1885.
103	Arthur Naylor Wollaston, Esq., India Office—[London]	1885.
104	Muhammad Hameed Khan, of Bhopal—[Central India]	1885.
105	Raja Jang Bahadur Nisan, of Nainital—[Outh]	1885.
106	Ravi Sarat Chandra Das, Educational Department, on special duty—[Bengal]	1885.
107	Colonel Sir Hugh Richard Viscount Dornie, 6th Hussars—[Europe]	10th Mar. 1886.
108	The Hon'ble Sir Lachman Das, of Mithra—[N. W. P.]	29th May 1886.
109	Edward Spence Symes, Esq., I. C. S.—[Burma]	1885.
110	The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Ranchhodlal Chhotalal, of Ahmedabad—[Bombay]	1885.
111	Deputy Surgeon-General Alexander Morrison Dallas, I. M. S.—[Europe]	1885.
112	Frederick Charles Kennedy, Esq., Irrawaddy Flotilla Company—[Burma]	1885.
113	George Watt, Esq., M. A., Bengal Educational Service, employed under Government of India—[Europe]	23rd June 1885.
114	Sir John William Tyler, K. L. M. A., Agri.—[N. W. P.]	1885.
115	Colonel Augustus LeMessurier, R. E.—[Punjab]	1885.
116	Major Richard Nevill, Commandant, His Highness the Nizam's Regular Troops—[Hyderabad, Deccan]	1885.
117	Muncheerji Merwanji Bhavnagar, Esq.—[Bombay]	1885.
118	Joseph Ralph Edward John Royle, Esq., India Office—[Europe]	1885.
119	John Lockwood Kipling, Esq., Educational Department—[Punjab]	1st Jan. 1886.
120	Dr. Franz Kiehnorn—[Europe]	1885.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—continued.		
121	Rai Mahit, Panna Lalji, of Udaipur—[Rajputana]	1st Jan. 1887.
122	Brigade-Surgeon Henry Eliassley Bostead, M. A., I. M. S.—[Europe]	1885.
123	Carl Ludolf Griesbach, Esq., Geological Survey of India—[India]	16th Feb. 1887.
124	Major Frederick Dumestrie Raikes, I. S. C.—[Burma]	1885.
125	The Hon'ble Rao Bahadur Mahadev Govind Ranade—[Bombay]	1885.
126	William Wordsworth, Esq., lately of the Educational Department, Bombay—[Europe]	1885.
127	Captain Albert Frederick DeLassus, C. M. A.—[Rajputana]	1885.
128	Sardar Sher Ahmad Khan, E. A. C.—[Punjab]	1885.
129	Hony. Lieutenant-Colonel Rissalder-Major Muhammad Aslam Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 5th B. C.—[Punjab]	1885.
130	Henry Montagu Mathews, Esq., M. A. C. S.—[Burma]	1885.
131	Palli Chentsal Rao Pantulu, of Madras—[Madras]	1885.
132	Colonel John Stewart, R. A.—[Europe]	1885.
133	Sayid Amir Ali, Barrister-at-Law, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	1885.
134	George Jamieson Swan, Esq., Irrawaddy Flotilla Company—[Europe]	1885.
135	William James Matland, Esq., of the India Office—[Europe]	1885.
136	R. Myowun of Mandalay, U. P. S.—[Burma]	1885.
137	Kumar Shri Kalaha, of Kanah—[Bombay]	30th June 1887.
138	Lieutenant-Colonel Charles Wemyss Muir, I. S. C.—[India]	16th July 1887.
139	Major-General Thomas Denchey, late I. S. C.—[Europe]	17th Sept. 1887.
140	Sir Frank Fortes Adams, Kt., late of Bombay—[Europe]	2nd Jan. 1888.
141	Colonel Henry Constantine Evelyn Ward, I. S. C.—[Europe]	1885.
142	Frederick Thomas Granville Walton, Esq., M. A. C. S.—[N. W. P.]	1885.
143	Nay Elias, Esq.—[Khorasan]	1885.
144	Shehzada Nadir, of Ludhiana—[Punjab]	1885.
145	Kazi Sayid Ahmad Khan Bahadur—[Punjab]	1885.
146	Nawab Sayid Amir Hussain, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	1885.
147	Colonel Robert, Esq.—[Europe]	1885.
148	Major-General Charles Smith Matlean, C. M. A., late I. S. C.—[Europe]	20th Mar. 1888.
149	Edmund Forster Webster, Esq., late I. C. S.—[Europe]	24th May 1888.
150	Alexander John Lawrence, late I. C. S., late Comdt., Mussoorie V. R. Corps—[Europe]	1885.
151	Major-General James Cavan Berkeley, Madras Army—[Europe]	1885.
152	Hira Sahib Lal Ramana Parsad Singh of Rewah—[Central India]	1885.
153	Lieutenant-Colonel William Sinclair Smith Bisset, R. E.—[India]	1885.
154	Maharajah Kuvaji Tarapurvala, of Kolhapur—[Bombay]	1885.
155	Charles Henry Tawney, Esq., late of the Bengal Educational Department—[Europe]	1885.
156	Colonel Thomas Weldon, late I. S. C.—[Europe]	1885.
157	Henry Irwin, Esq., M. A. C. S.—[Madras]	1885.
158	Major Buchanan Scott, R. E.—[Bombay]	1885.
159	Arthur Hadding Hildebrand, Esq., U. C. S.—[Burma]	1885.
160	James Walker, Esq., late Commandant of the 2nd P. V. Rifles—[Europe]	1885.
161	Rissalder-Major Muzaffar Khan, Sardar Bahadur, 4th Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent—[Hyderabad]	1885.
162	James McFerran, Esq.—[Europe]	17th Nov. 1888.
163	Dewan Bahadur S. Subramanyam Aiyar—[Madras]	1st Jan. 1889.
164	Captain John Hext, Royal Navy, A. D. C.—[Bombay]	1885.
165	Ramkrishna Gopal Bhadarkar, Educational Dept.—[Bombay]	1885.
166	Surgeon-Major John Findlay, M. A. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
167	Frederick William Stevens, Esq., A. D. C.—[Europe]	1885.
168	Arthur Wallis Paul, Esq., I. C. S.—[Bengal]	1885.
169	Bayler Child Barker, Esq., Telegraph Dept.—[Baluchistan]	10th April 1889.
170	Lieut.-Colonel Charles Henry Ellison Adamson, I. S. C.—[Burma]	24th May 1889.
171	The Hon'ble Mr. Henry William Bliss, I. C. S.—[India]	1885.
172	The Hon'ble Naoreji Nasarwanji Wadia—[Bombay]	1885.
173	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel Isidore Bernadotte Lyon, I. M. S.—[Europe]	1885.
174	John Walker Buyers, Esq., M. A. C. S.—[Europe]	1885.
175	Sardar Bhagat Singh, Member of the Kapurthala State Council—[Punjab]	1st Jan. 1890.
176	Colonel William Merriman, R. E.—[Bombay]	1885.
177	Major-General William Percival Tomkins, R. E.—[India]	1885.
178	Colonel William Arthur James Wallace, R. E.—[Punjab]	1885.
179	Berthold Ribbentrop, Esq.—[On furl. Europe]	1885.
180	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. George King, M. A. F. R. S.—[Bengal]	1885.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—continued.		
181	Langton Prendergast Walsh, Esq., of Aden—[India]	1st Jan. 1890.
182	Henry Paul Todd-Naylor, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
183	James Robert Reid, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	29th May 1890.
184	Raja Pariah Narayan Singh Deo Bahadur, of Jaspur, Chitaur-Nagpur—[Bengal]	Ditto.
185	Colonel Samuel Swinton Jacob, I.S.C.—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
186	Rao Bahadur Pandit Suraj Kaul—[Kashmir]	Ditto.
187	John David Rees, Esq., I.C.S.—[Madras]	Ditto.
188	Khan Bahadur Sheikh Hafez Abdul Karim, of Meeras—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
189	Robert Turnbull, Esq., late Secretary to the Municipal Corporation of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
190	The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel James Buckle, of the Assam Valley Administrative Battalion—[Assam]	Ditto.
191	Jacobiah Ganesa Harad, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
192	The Hon'ble Mr. James George Henry Glass—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
193	Edmund Neal, Esq., India Office—[Europe]	Ditto.
194	Captain George Lindsay, R.R.F., late 1st Life Guards—[Europe]	Ditto.
195	Colonel Louis Henry Emile Tucker, G.D.I.—[Panjab]	1st Jan. 1891.
196	Raja Jagmohan Singh, Bahadur of Agra Chandpur, Rao Baccali-Jodha	Ditto.
197	Thomas Cooke, Esq., M.A., M.P., M.C., of India, of Poona—[Bombay]	Ditto.
198	Surgeon-Surgeon Thomas Edwin Burton, Esq., M.D., I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
199	James Edward O'Connor, Esq., M.A., M.P., of India	Ditto.
200	Walter Roger Lawrence, Esq., I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
201	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut. Col. Thomas Robert Hayley, I.M.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
202	William Wain Dwy, Esq., late of the Bengal Police—[Europe]	Ditto.
203	Charles Stewart Murray, Esq., of the Bengal Police—[Europe]	Ditto.
204	Ernest Octavius Walker, Esq., late of the Teigh Dept.—[Europe]	Ditto.
205	Nasir Bahadur Khan, Akbarulla, of India—[Bengal]	20th May 1891.
206	John Prescott Hewitt, Esq., I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
207	Rao Bahadur Kuntia Chandra Mulhant, of Jaspur—[Rajputana]	Ditto.
208	Wilhelm Schlich, Esq., Ph.D.—[Europe]	Ditto.
209	Maharaja Mahendra Mahendra Singh, of Bhadwar—[N.W.P.]	Ditto.
210	Captain Francis Edward Youngblood, 1st (King's) Dr. Guards—[Europe]	Ditto.
211	Vincent Robinson, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
212	Maharaja Karsaji Marajau, Khan Bahadur, P.A.N., M.P.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
213	Frederick Clendon Danks, Esq., late I.C.S.—[Europe]	1st Jan. 1892.
214	Major Henry Percy Pongelstra Leigh, I.S.C.—[Panjab]	Ditto.
215	Raja Hoda Narayana Garajpati Rao, of Vijaypatnam—[Madras]	Ditto.
216	Harriet Hope Riley, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
217	Mohammad Abdulla Khan, Bahadur, Lachar, Panjab—[Panjab]	Ditto.
218	Joseph Sampyde Fader, Esq., I.C.S.—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
219	Robert Patrick White, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bihar]	Ditto.
220	William Turner Chubb, Esq., M.A., M.P.—[Europe]	25th May 1892.
221	Lieutenant-Colonel John Walter Otley, R.F.—[India]	Ditto.
222	Frederick Sweet Robinson, Esq., C.L.—[India]	Ditto.
223	Romesh Chandra Dutt, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
224	Arthur John Hughes, Esq., C.L.—[India]	Ditto.
225	William John Goddard, Esq., B.A., C.E.—[India]	Ditto.
226	Lieutenant Francis Macdon, Esq.—[Panjab]	Ditto.
227	Gordon Hugh Dale, I.S.C.—[India]	Ditto.
228	James George Scott, Esq.—[Bihar]	Ditto.
229	George George Rose, Esq., C.L.—[India]	Ditto.
230	Raja Bahadur Jai Prakash Lal—[Bengal]	Ditto.
231	Khan Bahadur Khatun Khan, of India—[India]	Ditto.
232	Diwan Ganga Lal—[Bihar]	Ditto.
233	William Benjamin Wilson, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bengal]	1st Jan. 1893.
234	Nawal Amir ud-din, Khan Bahadur, of India—[India]	Ditto.
235	Maharaja Harbansh Narayan Singh, Zamindar of Benares—[Bengal]	Ditto.
236	Captain Kenneth James Lord Mackenzie, late I.C.S.—[Europe]	Ditto.
237	Colonel William Gordon Cunningham, R.F.—[Bihar]	Ditto.
238	Colonel George Frederick Alexander Marshall, R.F.—[India]	Ditto.
239	Sardar Bahadur Jagat Singh—[Panjab]	Ditto.
240	Edward Hodge May, Esq.—[Port Blair]	Ditto.

No.	MEMBERS.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.
COMPANIONS—concluded.		
241	Nasirji Mameji Wadia—[Bombay]	2nd Jan. 1893.
242	Captain Alexander Campbell, D.S.O., R.F.M.—[India]	2nd June 1893.
243	Rao Sahib Thakur Bahadur Singh, of Masoda, Ajmer	Ditto.
244	Sheikh Esha-ud-din, Nawab-i-Ain, Wazir of the State of Junagadh in Kathiawar	Ditto.
245	Veterinary-Lieutenant-Colonel James Herbert Brockensiepe, Hallon, F.R.C.S., India—[India]	Ditto.
246	Brigade-Surgeon-Lieut. Colonel David Douglas Cunningham, M.A., F.R.S., I.M.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
247	Alexander Milne, Esq., late Honorary Colonel, Surma Valley Light Horse Volunteers—[Europe]	Ditto.
248	Bertram Sanamarez Carey, Esq.—[Chit Hills]	Ditto.
249	The Hon'ble S. Srinivasa Raghava Aiyangar, P.A., Diwan Bahadur—[Madras]	Ditto.
250	Deputy Surgeon-General Samuel Bowen Partridge—[Europe]	3rd July 1893.
251	Lieut. Colonel George Lloyd Reilly Richardson, I.S.C.—[India]	5th Aug. 1893.
252	The Hon'ble Mr. Phirozshah Merwanji Mehta, M.A., Barrister-at-Law—[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1894.
253	Paul Gregory Melius, Esq., I.C.S.—[Assam]	Ditto.
254	Lieut. Colonel George Montagu John Moore, R.A., Retired, President of the Madras Municipal Commission—[Madras]	Ditto.
255	Surg. Major Ernest Harold Fenn, Coldstream Guards—[Europe]	Ditto.
256	Major Richard Carnac Temple, I.S.C.—[Port Blair]	Ditto.
257	Major John William Hodge, I.S.C.—[India]	Ditto.
258	Edward Claudius Scotney George, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bihar]	Ditto.
259	Robert William Edward Hampe Vincent, Esq.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
260	Captain Arthur Henry McMahon, I.S.C.—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
261	Captain John Manners Smith, V.C., I.S.C.—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
262	John Stuart Donald, Esq.—[Panjab]	Ditto.
263	Colonel Thomas Hungerford Hobbs, C.B., R.F.—[India]	20th May 1894.
264	H. H. Mr. Muhammad Hasan Ali Khan, F.R.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
265	Colonel Frank William Chubberton, G.D.I., Commandant, Administrative Battalion, Presidency Volunteers, Bengal—[India]	Ditto.
266	George Abraham Grierson, Esq., I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
267	Francis Joseph Edward Spring, Esq., I.C.S.—[Assam]	Ditto.
268	Edwin Welsh Kellner, Esq.—[Europe]	Ditto.
269	Major Ivar Macleod, I.S.C.—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
270	Cowaji Dushab Adenwalla, Esq.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
271	Thomas Hancy, Esq.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
272	Graham Anderson, Esq.—[Mysore]	Ditto.
273	The Raghunath Singh, Hereditary and Administrator of the Hill State of Bashahr in the Panjab—[India]	Ditto.
274	Raja Bahadur Sriman Bhikaji Jatar, P.A., Hyderabad—[India]	Ditto.
275	The Hon'ble Mr. Fazulhah Vishram—[Bombay]	1st Jan. 1895.
276	The Hon'ble Mr. Thomas David Little, J.P., F.R.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
277	Colonel Henry Sullivan Jarrett, late I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
278	Colonel Henry Drostow Sanderson, late I.S.C.—[Europe]	Ditto.
279	Rao Bahadur Diwan Jaihar Singh Ja Deo of Charkhari—[Central India]	Ditto.
280	Rao Durgagati Banerji Bahadur, of Calcutta—[Bengal]	Ditto.
281	Arthur Cromwell Hankin, Esq.—[India]	Ditto.
282	Adam Gillies Tytler, Esq.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
283	Veter. Capt. Joseph Arthur Khan, D.S.O., F.R.C.S.—[Panjab]	Ditto.
284	Khan Bahadur Haidi Nawaz Khan—[Baluchistan]	Ditto.
285	The Hon'ble Mr. Gangadhar Rao Madhav Chavanis—[Bombay]	25th May 1895.
286	The Hon'ble Mr. Bahadur Venkatarao Raghav Aiyangar—[Madras]	Ditto.
287	The Hon'ble Mr. Charles Edward Buckland, I.C.S.—[Bengal]	Ditto.
288	Alexander Blackley Patterson, Esq., I.C.S.—[India]	Ditto.
289	Henry Arbuthnot Acworth, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
290	Colonel Charles Arkell, Porters, I.S.C.—[Madras]	Ditto.
291	Col. Chynton Turner Lane, I.S.C.—[Hyderabad Assigned Districts]	Ditto.
292	Huss Saing, the Sawyer of Hoi Paw in Burma	Ditto.
293	Shyamsing William Edgeley, Esq., I.C.S.—[Bombay]	Ditto.
294	Trichingool Jayala Arakawami Thamboo Chetty—[Mysore]	Ditto.
295	Khan Bahadur Muddaji Abdul Jabbar—[Bengal]	Ditto.
296	Captain William Richard Yelding, D.S.O., I.S.C.—[Kashmir]	Ditto.
297	Henry John Stavey, Esq., Barrister-at-Law—[Central Provinces]	Ditto.
298	Mahdi Haidi Abdul Karim, Indian Secretary to Her Majesty the Queen-Empress of India—[Europe]	Ditto.

List of Musulmans in the Madras Presidency on whom the titles of "Khan Bahadur" and "Khan Sahib" have been conferred by the British Government.

No.	Name.	Year of grant.	Residence.	Official form of address.	Remarks.
1	KHAN SAHIBS.				
1	Abd-ul-Ali	1876	Madras	Abdul Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of Musazze-ud-daula, late brother of the Third Prince of Arcot.
2	Abd-ul-vase	1875	Do.	'Abd-ul-vase, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of Prince Zahir-ud-daula, Second Prince of Arcot.
3	Ahmad Muhi-ud-din	1875	Do.	Ahmad Muhi-ud-din, Khan Bahadur	do.
4	'Ali Dost	1876	North Arcot	'Ali Dost, Khan Bahadur	do.
5	Bachir Ahmad	1887	Madras	Bachir Ahmad, Khan Bahadur	Personal Inspector of Police.
6	Chahar Muhammad	1887	Do.	Chahar Muhammad, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of the Third Prince of Arcot.
7	Chahar Muhammad Ghous	1876	Do.	Chahar Muhammad Ghous, Khan Bahadur	do.
8	Chahar Muhammad Haidar	1887	Karnat	Chahar Muhammad Haidar, Khan Bahadur	late brother of the Third Prince of Arcot.
9	Chahar Muhammad Hasan	1888	Madras	The Honourable Ghulam Muhammad Hasan 'Ali, Khan Bahadur	Third Prince of Arcot.
10	Chahar Muhi-ud-din	1883	Canjore	Chahar Muhi-ud-din, Khan Bahadur	Son of Prince Zahir-ud-daula, Second Prince of Arcot.
11	Hafiz Ali Mirza	1885	Madras	Hafiz Ali Mirza, Khan Bahadur	Station Master.
12	Raj Zahir-ud-din Ahmad	1877	Do.	Raj Zahir-ud-din, Ahmad, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of the Third Prince of Arcot.
13	Munier Ahmad Gurkal	1879	Malabar	Munier Ahmad Gurkal, Khan Bahadur	Son-in-law of Nawab Ghous Begum.
14	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-Ali	1876	Madras	Muhammad 'Abd-ul-Ali, Khan Bahadur	Late Inspector of Police.
15	Muhammad Abd-ul-Ali	1876	Do.	Muhammad Abd-ul-Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
16	Muhammad Anwar-ud-din	1876	Do.	Muhammad Anwar-ud-din, Khan Bahadur	daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
17	Muhammad Fazl-ullah	1875	Do.	Muhammad Fazl-ullah, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
18	Muhammad Hanif	1883	Do.	Muhammad Hanif, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
19	Muhammad Thad-ullah	1876	Do.	Muhammad Thad-ullah, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
20	Do.	1875	Do.	Do.	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
21	Muhammad Karim-ullah	1875	Do.	Muhammad Karim-ullah, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
22	Muhammad Karim-ullah	1876	Do.	Muhammad Karim-ullah, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.

23	Muhammad Mahmud	1884	Do.	Muhammad Mahmud, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
24	Muhammad Mirza	1874	Do.	Prince Muhammad Mirza, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
25	Muhammad Nazam-ud-din	1873	Do.	Muhammad Nazam-ud-din, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
26	Muhammad Qadir 'Ali	1873	Do.	Muhammad Qadir 'Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
27	Muhammad Rahmat-ullah	1873	Do.	Muhammad Rahmat-ullah, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
28	Nazir-ud-din Husain	1875	Canjore	Nazir-ud-din Husain, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
29	Nazir 'Ali	1875	Madras	Nazir 'Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
30	Tajmuddin Husain	1867	Do.	Tajmuddin Husain, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
31	Mirza Muhammad Ismail	1880	Do.	Mirza Muhammad Ismail, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
32	Muhammad Qadir Nawaz	1891	Madras	Muhammad Qadir Nawaz, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
33	Muhammad Muhammad Shari	1891	Madras	Muhammad Muhammad Shari, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
34	Abd-ul-Ali	1891	Madras	Abd-ul-Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
35	Muhammad Abd-us-Samad	1892	Madras	Muhammad Abd-us-Samad, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
36	Tajmuddin Husain	1893	Madras	Tajmuddin Husain, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
37	Abd-ul-Ali	1893	Madras	Abd-ul-Ali, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
38	Said Husain	1888	Madras	Said Husain, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.
39	Lat Dost	1893	Madras	Lat Dost, Khan Bahadur	Son of the late Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum, daughter of Nawab Ahmad-ur-Raza Begum.

Musulmans holding personal titles of honour by Grant from the titular Nawabs of the Carnatic.

No.	Name.	Date of birth.	Residence.	Official form of address.	Remarks.
1	Gausd Begum	1322	Madras	Nawab Ghousd Begum	Relative.
2	Khan-ur-Raza Begum	1834	Do.	H. H. Mirza Khan-ur-Raza Begum	Shah's widow of the late Nawab of the Carnatic.
3	Khan-ur-Raza Begum	1846	Do.	Nawab Khurshid-ur-Raza Begum	Shah's widow of the late Nawab of the Carnatic.
4	Rahmat-ur-Raza Begum	1865	Do.	Nawab Rahmat-ur-Raza Begum (Princess of Arcot)	Shah's widow of the late Nawab of the Carnatic.

WARRANT OF PRECEDENCE.

HOME DEPARTMENT, NOTIFICATION, PUBLIC, *Sinder, the 1st November 1877, No. 2032.*

In supersession of Home Department Notification, No. 3274, dated the 6th July 1871, the following new Warrant of Precedence for India, which has been approved by Her Majesty the Queen, Empress of India, and which has received Her Royal Sign Manual, is also the graded list of civil officers not reserved for Members of the Covenanted Civil Service, supplementary to the Warrant of Precedence, which has been prepared under the orders of the Governor-General in Council, are published for general information:—

1. Warrant of Precedence approved by the Queen, Empress of India.

VICTORIA, by the grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith, Empress of India,--

To all to whom these presents shall come greeting:

Whereas it hath been represented unto Us that it is advisable that the rank and precedence of persons holding appointments in the East Indies, as regulated by our Royal Warrant, dated the 6th day of May 1871, should be altered in manner hereinafter mentioned, We do therefore hereby declare that it is Our Will and Pleasure, notwithstanding anything in Our said Warrant contained, that the following Table be henceforth observed with respect to the rank and precedence of the persons hereinafter named, viz:—

1. Governor-General and Viceroy of India.
2. Governors of Madras and Bombay.
3. President of the Council of the Governor-General.
4. Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, or the Punjab, when in his own territories.
5. Commander-in-Chief in India.
6. Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab.
7. Chief Justice of Bengal.
8. Bishop of Calcutta, Metropolitan of India.
9. Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor-General.
10. (1.) Commanders-in-Chief in Madras and Bombay.
11. Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces in India, unless senior in relative rank to the Commander-in-Chief of Madras and Bombay, in which case he will take the precedence.
12. Chief Justices of Madras, Bombay and the North-Western Provinces.
13. Bishops of Madras and Bombay.
14. (2.) Ordinary Members of Council in Madras and Bombay.
15. Chief Commissioners and Resident at Hyderabad, and Agents to the Governor-General in Rajputana, Central India, and Baroda.
16. Puisne Judges of the High Courts of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, and the North-Western Provinces.
17. Military Officers above the rank of Major-General.
18. (3.) Additional Members of the Council of the Governor-General, when assembled to make Laws, &c.
19. Secretaries to the Government of India.
20. Commissioners in Sind.
21. Judges of the Chief Court, Punjab.
22. Additional Members of the Council of the Governors of Madras and Bombay when assembled to make Laws, &c.
23. Chief Secretaries to the Governments of Madras and Bombay.
24. (4.) Members of the Legislative Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal.
25. Vice-Chancellors of Indian Universities.

FIRST CLASS.

26. Civilian of thirty-one years' standing and Major-Generals.
27. Advocates-General, Calcutta.
28. Advocates-General, Madras and Bombay.
29. Members of the Boards of Revenue, Madras, Bengal, and the North-Western Provinces, and Commissioners of Revenue and Customs, Bombay.
30. (5.) Financial Commissioner, Punjab.
31. Judicial Commissioners, and the Recorder of Rangoon.
32. Comptroller-General of Accounts in India.
33. Commissioners of Divisions within their own Divisions, and Residents, &c.
34. (6.) Civil and Military Secretaries to Governments, Madras and Bombay, and Civil Secretaries to Governments, Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and Punjab.
35. (7.) Surveyor-General of India, Directors-General of the Post Office and of Telegraphs.
36. (8.) Chief Engineers, 1st Class.
37. Archdeacons of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.
38. (9.) Brigadier-General.

14. Entry No. 19.—Now termed Lieut. Colonels Commanding the Forces, Madras and Bombay.

15. The Lieut. Generals Commanding the Forces, Punjab, Bengal, Madras and Bombay shall take rank immediately after entry No. 14. Provided that the Lieut. Generals at present Commanding the Forces, Madras and Bombay, shall continue to take rank in entry 10. [Home Dept. Notn., No. 33, dated 1st April, 1875.]

16. The Bishop of Lahore and the Bishop of Rangoon shall take rank immediately after entry No. 15. [Home Dept. Notn., No. 100, dated 30th August 1875.] The Bishop of Lucknow shall take rank with the Bishops of Lahore and Rangoon immediately after entry No. 12. [Home Dept. Notn., No. 140, dated 23rd May 1873.]

Muslman holding personal titles of honour: Egyp. *from the Hindu: Nascity of the Calcutta—concluded.*

No.	Name	Year of birth	Residence	Official form of address	Remarks
5	Ali Akbar	1813	Madras	Ali Akbar, Khan Bahadur, Igder Jang, Akbar-ul-daulah, Rafat-ul-mulk	Relative.
6	Haji Ghulam Muhammad	1814	Do	Muhammad Khan Bahadur, Mohd-ul-Jang, Mufti-ul-daulah, Shari-ul-mulk	Servant of the late Nawab of the Carnatic.
7	Abdul Latif Khan Fozar	1814	Arin	Shadai Khan Bahadur, Asad Jang, Sadi-ul-daulah	Servant.
8	Haji Ghulam Muhammad	1816	Madras	Haji Ghulam Muhammad, Khan Bahadur, Ghath Jang, Shari-ul-daulah	Do.
9	Muhammad Shad-ul-din	1820	Do	Nizam Khan Bahadur, Nizam Khan Bahadur, Nizam Khan Bahadur	Do.
10	Sayyid Fath-ul-din	1821	Do	Sayyid Fath-ul-din, Khan Bahadur, Nizam Khan Bahadur	Do.
11	Ghulam Ahmad	1821	Madras	Muhammad Khan Bahadur, Qasim Jang	Servant.
12	Ghulam Nadi Ali	1827	Do	Nadir Khan Bahadur, Nadi Jang	Relative.
13	Muhammad Roshan Ali	1817	Do	Muhammad Roshan Ali, Khan Bahadur, Firoz Jang	Relative.
14	Nizam-ul-din Ahmad	1825	Do	Nizam-ul-din Ahmad, Khan Bahadur, Muntaz Jang	Servant.
15	Haji Akbar-ul-din	1822	Madras	Haji Akbar-ul-din, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
16	Haji Akbar-ul-din	1822	Do	Muhammad Akbar-ul-din, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
17	Muhammad Akbar-ul-din	1822	Do	Muhammad Akbar-ul-din, Khan Bahadur	Servant.
18	Muhammad Zahir Ali	1825	Do	Muhammad Zahir Ali, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
19	Qadir Mohd-ul-din	1826	Do	Qadir Mohd-ul-din, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
20	Sayyid Muhammad Husein	1826	Hyderabad	Sayyid Muhammad Husein, Khan Bahadur	Servant.
21	Aziz-ul-din	1826	Madras	Aziz-ul-din, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
22	Ghulam Fikar	1831	Do	Ghulam Fikar, Khan Bahadur	Servant.
23	Ghulam Fikar	1831	Do	Ghulam Fikar, Khan Bahadur	Do.
24	Mr. Ghulam Fikar	1838	Do	Mr. Ghulam Fikar, Khan Bahadur	Relative.
25	Mr. Ghulam Fikar	1838	Do	Mr. Ghulam Fikar, Khan Bahadur	Servant.
26	Qadir Husein	1841	Do	Qadir Husein, Khan Bahadur	Do.

Second Class.

39. Civilians of twenty-three years' standing and Colonels.
40. Commissioners of Divisions and Commissioners of Police, Calcutta.
41. Private Secretary to the Viceroy.
42. Residents, Political Agents, and Superintendents on pay of Rupees 2,000 per mensem or more (not being Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of British India).
43. Superintendent, Great Trigonometrical Survey.
44. Commissioner of Inland Customs.
45. Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of India.
46. Superintendent of the Geological Survey.
47. Inspectors-General of Forests in India.
48. Standing Counsel to the Government of India.
49. Military Accountant-General.
50. Directors of Public Instruction under local Governments.
51. Accountants-General for local Governments.

Third Class.

52. Civilians of eighteen years' standing and Lieutenants, Colonels.
53. Political Agents and Superintendents on pay of Rupees 1,000 per mensem, but less than Rupees 2,000 (not being Collectors or Deputy Commissioners of British India), within their own charges.
54. Military Secretary to the Government of Punjab, and Civil Secretaries to local Administrations.
55. Private Secretaries to Governors.
56. Directors of Public Instruction under local Administrations.
57. Administrators-General, Calcutta, Madras, and Bombay.
58. Inspectors-General of Jails and of Registration, Sanitary Commissioners, Inspectors and Conservators of Forests under local Governments, & Postmasters-General.

59. Members of the Legislative Council of the Viceroy, Governor of the N. W. Provinces and Oudh shall take rank with Officers in entry No. 23. (Home Dept. Note, No. 40, dated 24th Feb. 1887.)
60. When more than one Financial Commissioner has been appointed under Section 7 of Act XVII of 1887 (The Punjab Land Rev. Act), each Officer so appointed shall be held to be included in entry No. 30 of the table. (Home Dept. Note, No. 323, dated 1st Nov. 1887.) The Financial Commissioner of Burma shall take rank with Officers in entry No. 30 of the table. (Home Dept. Note, No. 60, dated 6th Mar. 1890.)
61. The Chief Secretary to the Chief Commissioner of Burma shall take rank with the Officers in entry No. 34. (Home Dept. Note, No. 108, dated 1st Nov. 1893.)
62. The Director-General of Railways shall take rank with the Officers in entry No. 30. (Home Dept. Note, No. 187, dated 20th Oct. 1895.)
63. The Accountant-General, Public Works Department, and the Manager of the N. W. Railway, rank with Officers in entry No. 34 as Civil Engineers of the First Class.
64. Consuls-General shall take rank as No. 15 below Brigadiers-General and Consuls as No. 38 below Colonels. It must be clearly understood that the rank in question is given in accordance with the practice followed in Europe, and because the Governor-General in Council desires that Consular Officers should be treated on all occasions with special courtesy and consideration. For these orders are not intended to include Consuls, &c., in the Warrant of Precedence which cannot be changed or added to save by Her Majesty. (Foreign Dept. C.O. No. 681 P., dated 20th Mar. 1875.)
65. Entry No. 46—Now termed Director of the Geological Survey.
66. Entry No. 47—The appointment at Lahore and the term "Guaranteed" are obsolete. The first part of this entry should read "Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Calcutta."
67. Entry No. 48—Now termed Comptrollers.
68. Entry No. 49—The appointment at Lucknow is now termed Consulting Engineer to the Government of India for Railways, Lucknow. Consulting Engineers for Railways, Central Division and Assam, shall take rank with Officers in entry No. 48. (Home Dept. Note, No. 157, dated 4th Oct. 1895.)
69. Managers of State Railways other than the N. W. Railway shall take rank in entry No. 57. (Home Dept. Note, No. 151, dated 25th Oct. 1895.)

52. Inspectors-General of Police under local Governments.
53. Director of Revenue Settlements and Superintendent of Revenue Survey, Madras; Survey and Settlements Commissioner, Bombay; Commissioner of Settlements, Punjab.
54. Remembrancers of Legal Affairs and Government Advocates in the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and British Burma.
55. Consulting Engineers to the Government of India or Guaranteed Railways, Calcutta and Lahore, and Chief Engineers, 2nd and 3rd Classes, under local Governments.
56. District and Session Judges, Collectors and Magistrates of Districts, Deputy Commissioners of Districts, Deputy Superintendents of Port Har, and the Chief Officer of each Presidency Municipality, within their respective charges.
57. Officers in the 1st Class, graded list of civil officers not reserved for members of the Government Civil Service.

58. Accountants-General for local Administrations.
59. Consulting Engineers to the Government of India for Guaranteed Railways, Lucknow, Chief and Superintending Engineers when Secretaries to local Administrations, or to Agents to the Governor-General.
60. Inspectors-General of Police under local Administrations.
61. Senior Chaplains.
62. Superintendents of Marine, Bombay.
63. Master-Attendants.
64. Sheriffs within their own charges.
65. Officers in the 2nd Class, graded list of civil officers not reserved for members of the Government Civil Service.

Fourth Class.

72. Civilians of twelve years' standing and Majors.
73. Political Agents and Superintendents on pay less than Rupees 1,000 per mensem, within their own charges.
74. Government Solicitors.

75. Inspectors-General of Jails and of Registration, Sanitary Commissioners, and Conservators of Forests under local Administrations.
76. Officers in the 3rd Class, graded list of civil officers not reserved for members of the Government Civil Service.

Officers in the above table will take precedence in order of the numbers of the entries. Those included in one number will take precedence later as according to the date of entry into that number.

When an officer holds more than one position in the table, he will be entitled to the highest position accorded to him.

Officers who are temporarily officiating in any number in the table will rank in that number below permanent incumbents.

All officers not mentioned in the above table, whose rank is regulated by comparison with rank in the army, to have the same rank with reference to Civil Servants as is enjoyed by Military Officers of equal grades.

All other persons who may not be mentioned in this table to take rank according to general usage, which is to be explained and determined by the Governor-General in Council in case any question shall arise.

Nothing in the foregoing Rules to disturb the existing practice relating to precedence at Native Courts, or on occasions of intercourse with Natives, and the Governor-General in Council to be empowered to make rules for such occasions in case any dispute shall arise.

All ladies to take place according to the rank herein assigned to their respective husbands, with the exception of wives of Peers, and of ladies having precedence in England independently of their husbands, and who are not in rank below the daughters of Barons, such ladies to take place according to their several ranks, with reference to such precedence in England, immediately after the wives of Members of Council at the Presidencies in India.

Given at Our Court at Rangoon, this eighteenth day of October, in the year of Our Lord One thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and in the Fortieth Year of our Reign.

(By Her Majesty's Command.)

(Signed) SALESBURY.

2. Supplementary graded list of civil officers not reserved for members of the Government Civil Service prepared under the orders of the Governor-General in Council.

FIRST CLASS—(Number 57 of the Warrant).

- Assay Masters of the Mint, Calcutta and Bombay.
- Commissioner of Salt, Akbari and Sepahit, Revenue, Madras Presidency.
- Deputy Comptroller-General.
- Deputy Secretaries to the Govt. of India.
- Deputy Surveyors-General and Superintendents of Revenue Survey.

- Directors of State Railways.
- Director Genl. of Statistics.
- Meteorological Reporter to the Government of India.
- Mint Masters of Calcutta and Bombay.
- Venerable the Archdeacons of Lahore, Lucknow and Rangoon.

SECOND CLASS—(Number 72 of the Warrant).

- Adviser in Chinese Affairs in Burma.
- Chairman of the Port Trust, Calcutta.
- Chairman of the Town Council, Bombay.
- Commissioners of Police, Madras and Bombay Comptrollers.
- Deputy Accountants-General under Local Governments and Deputy Auditors-General.
- Deputy Commissioners of Districts and of Settlements.
- Deputy Director-General of the Post Office.
- Deputy Director-General of Telegraphs.
- Deputy Inspectors-General of Police.
- Deputy Superintendents of Revenue, Topographical, and Trigonometrical Survey, 1st Grade.

- Deputy Superintendent of Port Har.
- Deputy Director of the Persian Gulf Section of the Indo-European Telegraph.
- Directors of Traffic and Construction, Telegraph Department.
- District Judges in Oudh who are not Governmented Civilians.
- Educational Department Officers, 1st Grade.
- Examiners of Accounts, Public Works Dept., 1st Class and 2nd Class, 1st Grade.
- First Judges of Presidency Courts of Small Causes.
- Geological Survey Officers, 1st Grade.
- Government Astronomers, Madras.
- Officer in charge of the Hospitals of the Government of India.

(15. In Home Dept. Note, No. 23, dated 8th July, 1884, Clause (c) it was announced that the following alterations had been made in the designations of the Marine Dept.

Entry No. 69. "Deputy Director of the Indian Marine" to "Superintendent of Marine, Bombay."

Entry No. 70. "Port Officers of Calcutta, Madras, Bombay and Rangoon" for "Master Attendants."

(16. First class and 2nd class shall take rank as No. 73 (a) below Officers. (Foreign Dept. C.O. No. 681 P., dated 20th Mar. 1875.) See also (7) above.

Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Class I, and Chief Superintendents of the Telegraph Department.
Principal of the Mayo College at Ajmer.
Principal of the Raffles College.
Superintendent of Royal Botanical Gardens, Calcutta.

THIRD CLASS—(Number 17 of the Warrant).

Assistant Inspector-General of Forests.
Assistant Secretaries to the Government of India.
Commander of the Steamer employed in the Persian Gulf Section of the Indo-European Telegraph.
Deputy Commissioner, Inland Customs.
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Calcutta.
Deputy Commissioner of Police, Bombay.
Deputy Commissioners of Revenue Settlements, and Deputy Superintendents of Revenue Surveys, Madras.
Deputy Commissioners of Salt and Abkari Revenue, Madras.
Deputy Conservators of Forests drawing a salary of Rs. 800 a month and over.
Deputy Director of the Imperial Forest School, Dehra Dun.
Deputy Superintendents of Revenue, Topographical, and Trigonometrical Surveys, 2nd Grade.
District Superintendents of Police, 1st and 2nd Grade, and those drawing a salary of Rs. 800 and over.
Educational Department Officers, 2nd Gr.

Superintendent of Marine Survey.
Superintendent of Inam Settlements, Mysore.
Superintendents of Revenue Survey and Assessment, Bombay and Mysore.
Superintending Engineers, P. W. Dept.
Under Secretaries to the Govt. of India.

Engineer and Electrician of the Persian Gulf Section of the Indo-European Telegraph.
Examiners of Accounts, Public Works Department, 2nd and 4th Classes, 2nd Grade.
Executive Engineers, Public Works Department, 1st and 2nd Grades.
First Assistant to the Resident in the Persian Gulf.
Geological Survey Officers, 2nd Grade.
Inspector-in-Chief, Cotton Frauds, Bombay.
Junior Judge of Presidency Courts of Small Causes.
Officers of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, Class II, Grades 1st and 2nd.
Presidency Magistrate.
Registrars to the High Courts and to the Chief Court, Punjab.
Settlement Officer, Sind.
Superintendent of the Indian Museum.
Superintendents of Stamps and Stationery.
Superintendents, Telegraph Department, 1st and 2nd Grades.

ARTHUR HOWELL, Off. Secy. to the Govt. of India.

OFFICIAL ORDER FOR PRECEDENCE IN MADRAS.

1. The Governor.
10. " Commander in Chief.
12. " Chief Justice.
13. " Bishop.
14. " Members of Council.
15. " Puisne Judges of the High Court.
17. Military Officers above the rank of Major-General.
22. Additional Members of Council, when assembled to make Laws and Regulations.
23. The Chief Secretary to Government.
25. " Vice-Chancellor of the University.

FIRST CLASS.

26. Civilians of thirty-one years' standing and Major-Generals.
28. The Advocate-General.
29. " Members of the Board of Revenue.
33. " Resident in Travancore within his charge.
34. Secretaries to Government.
35. Chief Engineers, First Class.
37. The Archdeacon.
38. Brigadiers-General.

SECOND CLASS.

36. Civilians of twenty-three years' standing and Colonels.
39. " Consuls.
42. The Resident in Travancore outside his charge.
43. Director of Public Instruction.

31. The Accountant-General.
32. " Inspector-General of Police.
33. " Commissioner of Revenue Settlements and Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
35. Chief Engineers, Second and Third Classes.
36. Judges, Collectors, and President of the Madras Municipality (within their respective charges).
37. The Commissioner of Salt, Abkari and Separate Revenue.

THIRD CLASS.

38. Civilians of eighteen years' standing and Lieutenant-Colonels.
39. The Private Secretary to the Governor.
40. " Administrator-General.
41. " Inspector-General of Jails and Registration.
42. " Sanitary Commissioner.
43. " Conservators of Forests.
44. " Postmaster-General.
45. Senior Chaplains.
46. The Presidency Port Officer.
47. " Sheriff (within his charge).
48. " Commissioner of Police.
49. " Deputy Accountant-General.
50. " Deputy Inspector-General of Police.
51. Deputy Superintendents of Survey, First Grade.
52. Educational Department Officers, First Grade.

The Examiner of Accounts, Public Works Department.
The First Judge, Small Cause Court.
Government Astronomer.
Superintending Engineers.

FOURTH CLASS.

70. Civilians of twelve years' standing and Majors.
71. Vice-Consuls.
72. The Government Solicitor.
73. Deputy Commissioners of Revenue Settlement.
74. Deputy Commissioners of Salt and Abkari Revenue.

Deputy Conservators of Forests drawing a salary of Rs. 800 a month and over.
Deputy Superintendents of Surveys.
District Superintendents of Police, 1st and 2nd Grade, and those drawing a salary of Rs. 800 and over.
Educational Department Officers, Second Grade.
Executive Engineers, Public Works Department, 1st and 2nd Grades.
The Judges of the Small Cause Court.
Presidency Magistrate.
Registrars of the High Court.
Superintendent of Stamps.
Superintendent of Telegraphs.

RULES.

Officers included in the same number will take precedence among themselves according to the date of entry into that number.

2. An Officer holding more than one position in the table is entitled to the highest position which he holds.

3. Officers officiating in any number rank in that number below permanent incumbents.

4. All ladies to take place according to the rank assigned to their respective husbands, with the exception of wives of Peers and ladies having independent rank not below that of the daughter of a Baron. Such ladies rank immediately after the wives of Members of Council.

N.B.—Officers not existing at present in the Madras Presidency are excluded from the above list.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE

PRIVATE ENTREE LIST REVISED AND CORRECTED.

Military Secretary's Office, Government House, Ootacamund, 19th September 1895.

1. His Excellency Lieut.-General C. Mansfield Clarke, Commanding the Forces, Madras, (with officers of Personal Staff in attendance).
2. The Hon'ble the Chief Justice.
3. The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras (with Domestic Chaplain in attendance).
4. Members of Council.
5. The Prince of Arcot.
6. The Judges of the High Court.
7. Official Members of the Legislative Council.
8. Non-Official Members of the Legislative Council.
9. The Surgeon-General with the Government of Madras.
10. The Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command.
11. Fourth Member of the Board of Revenue.
12. The Joint Secretaries to Government, Public Works Dept.
13. The Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras.
14. The General Officer Commanding the Madras District.
15. The Deputy Adjutant-General, Madras Command.
16. The Asst. Quartermaster-General, Madras Command.
17. The Chief Engineer, Military Works Department, Madras Command.
18. The Controller of Military Accounts, Madras Command.
19. The Commissary-General, Madras Command.
20. The Inspector-General of Ordnance, Madras Command.
21. The Superintendent Army Clothing.
22. The Accountant-General.
23. The Inspector-General of Police.
24. The Superintendent of Revenue Survey.
25. The Collectors of Madras and Chingleput.
26. The President of the Madras Municipality.
27. The Deputy Judge Advocate-General, Madras Command.
28. Assistant Commissary-General, Madras Command.
29. The Administrator-General.
30. The Inspector-General of Prisons.
31. The Inspecting Veterinary Officer, Madras Command.
32. The Sanitary Commissioner.
33. The Conservators of Forests.
34. The Postmaster-General.
35. The Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland in the Presidency.
36. The Presidency Port Officer.
37. The Sheriff of Madras.
38. The Commissioner of Police.
39. The Officers of His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard.
40. The Government Astronomer.
41. Non-Official Gentlemen.
42. A. The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.
43. B. The Right Rev. Dr. Henry Joseph Reed da Silva.
44. C. 1. The Foreign Consuls at Madras.
45. C. 2.

C. 1.	The Foreign Consuls at Madras.	C. 1.	The Foreign Consuls at Madras.
C. 2.		C. 2.	
C. 3.		C. 3.	
C. 4.		C. 4.	
C. 5.		C. 5.	
C. 6.		C. 6.	

To the following Native Chiefs and Rajas of the Presidency the privilege of the Entrance will be accorded when in Madras:—

His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.	The Rajah of Jeypore, Vizagapatam.
His Highness the Rajah of Cochin.	The Rajah of Bobbili.
His Highness the Rajah of Pudukote.	The Rajah of Kallakudi.
The Nawab of Bangnapalle.	The Rajah of Karcvetanagar.
The Rajah of Sundar.	The Malayali Rajas of Malabar.
The Rajah the Maharajah of Vizianagaram.	The Rajah of Pithapur.
The Zamorin of Calicut.	The Rajah of Ramand.
	The Rajah of Venkatagiri.

The Entrance cards granted in accordance with this list give admission for the holder's carriage through the Chattram gates of the Park to the Private Entrance (south door) of the Banqueting Hall on occasions of Levees, Balls, and Receptions.

Cards must be shown to the Police on duty at the end of the avenue in the Chattram Park and at the Mount Road end of the road to Government House.

Officials entitled to the Private Entrance at Calcutta or Bombay are granted the privilege at Madras when passing through, or on temporary duty at the Presidency.

A copy of the list is furnished to the Commissioner of Police for guidance in the control of carriages on special occasions.

(By order.)

R. T. LAWLEY, Major, 7th Hussars, *Maj. Secy to H. B. the Governor.*

Notes.—Such gentlemen as have not received, or have lost their cards, are requested to apply to the Military Secretary.

SALUTES.

The Imperial salute consists of 101 guns and is reserved for the personal presence of the Sovereign. The royal salute consists of 41 guns.

Whenever the Viceroy shall arrive at any place where there is a fort or battery, and which salutes are fired, a royal salute shall be fired from such fort or battery, and similar salutes are to be fired upon his final departure and on such other occasions as may be directed.

When Governors or Lieutenant-Governors quit their Governments on leave of absence, they are entitled to the same salutes on their departure from and on their return to their Governments on their first assuming them, or on final departure.

General Officers are only entitled to a salute of guns when exercising actual military command, or when detailed on military duty, and provided they are the senior officers on the spot.

The Inspector-General of Artillery is, however, entitled to the salute of his rank at stations where he may visit in the performance of his inspection duties, whether he is senior or junior to the officer commanding the station. The same rule holds good in the case of the Inspector-General of Cavalry.

All subjects of the British Government, troops in the service of the British Crown, and troops and subjects of native chiefs in India are required to pay the same marks of respect to the Viceroy's flag when hoisted as are shown to the Royal flag.

The following is the table of salutes in India:—

Persons.	No. of Guns.	
The Queen and Empress when present in person.	101	
Members of the Royal Family.	31	By the forts and batteries within the Indian territories and seas,* and on being fallen in with by or visiting any of Her Majesty's ships within those limits.
Royal Standard and Royal Salute.	31	
Viceroy and Lieutenant-Governor of India.	31	
Independent British Sovereigns.	21	
Other European Sovereigns.	21	
Members of their families and their standards.	21	

* Indian waters are understood to include all the waters of India within three miles of the coast line, and Indian seas to extend from the north-west entrance of the Straits of Malacca to Cape Comorin, embracing Ceylon, and from Cape Comorin to Aden, including the Maldives and Laccadive Islands and the Persian Gulf.

Persons.	No. of Guns.	
Ambassadors.	19	See note (a).
Governors of Presidencies.	17	
The President of the Council of India.	17	
Governor-General of Portuguese Settlements in India.	17	By the forts and batteries within the Indian territories and seas and by Her Majesty's ships within those limits.
Governor of Pondicherry.	17	
Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies.	17	See note (b).
Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces in India.	15	
Field Marshals or Admirals of the Fleet.	17	According to military rank with two guns more than specified below in the scale for rank.
Commander-in-Chief in India and Commanders-in-Chief of Presidencies.		
Commanders-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces.		According to naval rank, with two guns more than specified below in the scale for rank.
Provincial Commander-in-Chief.		According to military rank, with two guns more than specified below in the scale for rank, within his own presidency only.
Generals and Admirals, or their Flags.	15	The same within Indian territories and seas.
Members of Council.	15	See note (c).
Plenipotentiaries and Envoys.	15	See note (d).
Lieutenant-Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies.	15	See note (b).
Vice-Admirals, or Lieutenant-Generals, or their Flags.	13	The same within Indian territories and seas.
Agents to the Viceroy & Governor-General.	13	See note (b).
Residents.	13	See note (b).
Chief Commissioners of Provinces and Commissioners of Sind.	13	
Rear-Admirals and Major-Generals, or their Flags.	11	See note (d).
Political Agents and Charges d'Affaires.	11	
Commodores of the first class and Brigadier-Generals.	9	The same within Indian territories and seas.
Consuls-General.	9	
The Portuguese Governor of Damão.	9	Can for gun, but only when such ships are saluting the national flag on arrival.
The Governor of Diu.	9	
Return salutes to foreign Men-of-war.		
* Return salutes to Captains of the Navy and Naval Officers of inferior rank.	7	

(a) Whenever an ambassador, a governor of a presidency, or the president of the council in India, shall arrive at, or depart from, any place within the Indian territories where there are forts and batteries, and also whenever an ambassador, or governor of a presidency, or the president of the council of India, shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of Her Majesty's ships within the Indian waters, he shall be saluted by the fort or ship, as the case may be, with the number of guns specified in the scale.

(b) Governors of Her Majesty's colonies, lieutenant-governors of provinces in India, lieutenant-governors of Her Majesty's colonies, agents to the viceroy and governor-general, residents, chief commissioners of provinces, and the commissioner of Sind shall be entitled to be saluted with the number of guns specified for their rank in the scale, by the forts and batteries within their respective jurisdictions, and when on duty elsewhere in the territories under the authority of the Government of India, and when they shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of Her Majesty's ships within the jurisdiction of their respective governments.

* Personal salutes are not returned.

(c) Members of council shall be entitled to be saluted with the numbers of guns specified in the scale by the forts and batteries within their respective presidencies, and when they shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of Her Majesty's ships within the same limits.

(d) Plenipotentiaries and envoys, and political agents and charges d'affaires, shall be entitled to be saluted with the number of guns specified in the scale, by the forts and batteries within the precincts of the territories to which they are accredited, and when they shall visit, embark on board, or disembark from, any one of Her Majesty's ships within the said precincts.

(e) Officers of the navy and army shall be saluted in India, according to their respective ranks, with the number of guns specified, and under the regulations laid down relative to salutes to officers. Officers of Her Majesty's Indian military forces shall be saluted according to their rank, in the same way as officers of Her Majesty's army and navy.

(f) Her Majesty's officers are not to expect from foreign ships of war in India any departure from the established custom under which no salute exceeds 21 guns.

Para. 56.—The fixed days for firing royal salutes on celebrations of anniversaries in Indian territories and waters (see Para. 55 foot-note) are: the anniversaries of the birth,* the accession† and the coronation‡ of the reigning sovereign; the birthday of the consort of the reigning sovereign; and the 1st of January of each year (being the anniversary of the proclamation of Her Majesty's assumption of the title of Empress), unless when it falls on a Sunday when it will be fired on the following day.

The following is the table of salutes allowable to the Native Chiefs and Nobles of India and certain Chiefs near Aden:—

I.—SALUTES ATTACHED TO CHIEFS AND NOBLES.

<i>Salutes of 21 guns.</i>		Jaishalmir. The Maharawal of—
Barodâ. The Maharaja of—(Gaskwar)		Jamwar. The Maharaj Rana of—
Hyderabad. The Nizam of—		Khairpur. The Mir of—
Mysore. The Maharaja of—		Kishengarh. The Maharaja of—
<i>Salutes of 19 guns.</i>		Ochha. The Maharaja of—
Bhopal. The Begum (or Nawab) of—		Partabgarh. The Maharawal of—
Gwalior. The Maharaja (Scindia) of—		Sikkim. The Maharaja of—
Indore. The Maharaja (Holkar) of—		Sirohi. The Maharao of—
Jammu and Kashmir. The Maharaja of—		
Kalat. The Khan of—		
Kolliapur. The Raja of—		
Meywar (Udaipur). The Maharaja of—		
Travancore. The Maharaja of—		
Bhartpore. The Maharaja of—		
<i>Salutes of 17 guns.</i>		
Bahawalpur. The Nawab of—		
Bikanir. The Maharaja of—		
Bandi. The Maharao Raja of—		
Cochin. The Raja of—		
Jodpur. The Maharaja of—		
Karauli. The Maharaja of—		
Kotah. The Maharao of—		
Kutch. The Rao of—		
Marwar (Jodhpur). The Maharaja of—		
Pattiala. The Maharaja of—		
Rewah. The Maharaja of—		
Tonk. The Nawab of—		
<i>Salutes of 15 guns.</i>		
Alwar. The Maharaja of—		
Banswara. The Maharawal of—		
Datia. The Maharaja of—		
Dewas. The Senior Raja of—		
Dewas. The Junior Raja of—		
Dhar. The Raja of—		
Dholpur. The Maharaj Rana of—		
Dungarpur. The Maharawal of—		
Idar. The Maharaja of—		

* As fixed from year to year by authority.

† 20th June.

‡ 28th June.

* The present Chief enjoys the title of Maharaja as a personal distinction.

Pana. The Maharaja of—	Dharampur. The Maharaja of—
Porbandar.* The Rana of—	Dhrâ. The Thakur Sahib of—
Pudukota. The Raja of—	Fadhli. The Sultan of—
Radhampur. The Nawab of—	Janjira. The Nawab (Habsbi) of—
Rajgarh. The Raja of—	Karand Kalahandi. The Raja of—
Rajpipla. The Raja of—	Kishni.
Ratlam. The Raja of—	Khilchiper. The Rao of—
Sailana. The Raja of—	Las-Bela. Mir Sir Ali Khan, K.C.S.I. Jam of—
Samthar. The Raja of—	Lahej. The Sultan of—
Sirmur (Nahan). The Raja of—	Limri. The Thakur Sahib of—
Sitamar. The Raja of—	Lunawara. The Raja of—
Suket. The Raja of—	Maibac. The Raja of—
Tehri (Garhwal). The Raja of—	Manipur. Raja of—
	Maler Kotla. The Nawab of—
	Nagodi. The Raja of—
	Palitana. The Thakur Sahib of—
	Rajkot. The Thakur Sahib of—
	Sachin. The Nawab of—
	Sawantwari. The Sir Deval of—
	Sunth. The Raja of—
	Wadhwan. The Thakur Sahib of—
	Wakaper. The Raja Sahib of—
<i>Salutes of 9 guns.</i>	
Alirajpur. The Rana of—	
Balasimor. The Nawab (Babi) of—	
Bansda. The Maharawal of—	
Baranuda. The Raja of—	
Baria. The Raja of—	
Barwani. The Rana of—	
Buhampur. The Maharani of—for life.	
Chibeta Udaipur. The Raja of—	

II.—PERSONAL SALUTES.

<i>Salute of 21 guns.</i>	
Marwar (Jodhpur). His Highness Sir Jaswant Singh Bahadur, C.C.S.I., Maharaja of—	
<i>Salute of 19 guns.</i>	
Jaipur. His Highness Suraj Malho Singh Bahadur, Maharaja of—	
Kharpur. His Highness Sir Ali Murad Khan, Mir of—	
Bharipur. The Maharaja of—	
<i>Salute of 17 guns.</i>	
Orchha (Tehri). His Highness Sir Mahindar Sawai Partal Singh Bahadur, Maharaja of—	
<i>Salute of 15 guns.</i>	
Bhanagar. His Highness Sir Takhtsinghji Jaswant Singhji, K.C.S.I., Maharaja of—	
Dhrangadra. His Highness Sir Mansinghji Ramalsinghji, K.C.S.I., Raj Sahib of—	
Nawanagar. His Highness Sir Vebhaji Ramnaji, K.C.S.I., Jam of—	
<i>Salute of 13 guns.</i>	
Nabha. His Highness Sir Hira Singh Bahadur, C.C.S.I., Raja of—	
Sirmur (Nahan). His Highness Sir Shamsher Parkash Bahadur, C.C.S.I., Raja of—	
<i>Salute of 12 guns.</i>	
His Highness Awadh-bin-Omar-Alkayati, Jemadar of—	
<i>Salute of 11 guns.</i>	
Maler Kotla. His Highness Muhammad Ibrahim Ali Khan, Nawab of—	
<i>Salute of 9 guns.</i>	
Kishim and Socotra. Ali bin Abdulla, Sultan of—	
Las Bela. Mir Jam Ali Khan, C.I.S., Mir of—	

III.—LOCAL SALUTES.

<i>Salute of 21 guns.</i>	
Bhopal. The Begum (or Nawab) of—	} Within the limits of their own territories permanently.
Gwalior. The Maharaja (Sindia) of—	
Indore. The Maharaja (Holkar) of—	
Jammu and Kashmir. The Maharaja of—	

* The present Chief of Porbandar, Rana Vikmatji, is allowed a salute of 11 guns only outside Kathiawar in British India.

† The present Chief of Samthar enjoys the personal title of Maharaja.

PART III.—CIVIL.

PUBLIC OFFICES AT THE PRESIDENCY.

COUNCIL OF FORT SAINT GEORGE—GOVERNMENT OFFICE.

His Excellency The Right Honorable BRILEY BARON WENLOCK, G.C.I.E., Governor and President in Council.

The Honorable Mr. HENRY WILLIAM BLISS, B.A., C.I.E., I.C.S., Second in Council.

The Honorable Mr. JAMES GIBSON, M.A., I.C.S., Third in Council.

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Major The Hon. B. T. Lawley, 7th Hussars, Military Secretary.

Captain The Hon. E. Baring, 10th Hussars, Aides-de-Camp.

Captain Lord D. J. C. Compton, 9th Lancers.

Captain The Hon. G. A. Lascelles, Yorkshire Regt., Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Lieut. E. Wintour, 3rd Madras Infantry, Extra Aide-de-Camp.

Lieut.-Col. C. E. Crighton, S. I. R. Volunteer Rifles, Hon. Aide-de-Camp.

Subadar-Major Muhammad Hanif "Sirdar Bahadur," Body Guard, Native Aide-de-Camp.

Surgeon-Major W. B. Browning, I.M.S., Surgeon (Sub. pro tem).

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" " J. H. Spring-Branson, (Barrister-at-Law), Advocate-General.

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L. M. Wynch, Esq., I.C.S.	Secretary to the Commissioners of Land Revenue.
L. D. Swaminathan Pillai, M.A., B.L.	Special Officer, Board of Revenue, (Land Revenue).
V. K. Ramanna Chari, B.A.	1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
S. Annaswami Aiyar	2nd do. do.

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G. Srinivasulu Chetty, B.A.	Second Assistant, Revenue Settlement, Land Records and Agriculture.
M. Ramachandra Iyer, B.A.	Hd. Accountant, Revenue Settlement Department.
T. V. Kondai Naidu	Second Accountant.
V. Devanada Chariar	Superintendent, Sub. pro tem.

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W. O. Horne, Esq., I.C.S.	Deputy Commr. of Salt and Abkari Revenue, Southern Division—Head Qrs. "Trichinopoly," (on furlough).
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 F. D. Fowler, Esq. Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways and Under-Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Railway Branch.
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 Mr. J. G. Calder Asst. to Consulting Engr., &c.

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Madras	S. R. Turnbull, Esq. Albert Garder, Esq.	Consul. Consul.	Netherlands. Germany.
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Do.	P. Marchand, Esq.	Consul (Europe).	Sweden and Norway.
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 Fred. B. Lavery, Esq., (Attorney-at-Law) Registrar.
 M.R.Ny. K. Vadanta Mudaliar Aiyar Head Clerk.

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 " S. F. Rolland, D.S.O. Asst. Quarter-Master-General.
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 " P. Soobroya Naicker, Do. 7th Division, North Ward.
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M.R. By. S. Hari Rao Avargal, B.A.	Registrar.
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P. Ragava Chari, 1st Assistant.

K. V. Sivarama Aiyar, B.A., 2nd do.

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M. Rameswami Naidu, Do. do.

G. Patchia Pillai, Sub-Assistant Sub pro tem, 1st Class.

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Lieut.-Colonel J. F. D. Fordyce, Pay Examiner.

Captain C. E. Mardall, Examiner of Commissariat and Army Remount Accounts.

C. W. S. Fryer, Examiner of Ordnance and Army Clothing Accounts.

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N. Sothramaya Iyer, Do. Accounts Branch, Controller, Military Accounts Office.

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Rai Bahadur P. Ramaswamy Chettiar, Esq., Revenue Officer.

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J. Nield Cook, Esq., Health Officer, (on leave on M.C.).

H. H. Marshall, Esq., Ag. do.

Samuel Lewis, Esq., Asst. Mechanical Engineer.

M.R. By. V. S. Manicka Butcher, Supervisor.

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Mr. J. Rath	Do. 3rd do.
M.R. Ry. D. Jesudasan Pillay	Do. 4th and 5th Divisions
K. D. Subramania Iyer	Do. 6th Division
M. Govindarajulu Naidu	Do. 7th do.
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T. Singara Mudaliar, B.A.	Head Clerk.
D. Krishna Rao	Revenue Superintendent.

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Commander C. W. Hewett, R.I.M.	Deputy Conservator and Deputy Shipping Master.
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HARBOUR MASTERS' DEPARTMENT.

Mr. N. Corfield	Senior Harbour Master.
H. C. Taylor	Harbour Master.
G. A. Evans	Do.

PRINCIPAL MEDICAL OFFICER, H. M. FORCES, MADRAS COMMAND.

Office—Fort Saint George.

Surg. Colonel F. D. Pateman, C.B., I.M.S.	Principal Medical Officer, Madras Command.
P. Cundasawmy Mudaliar	Manager.

PRINCIPAL MEDICAL OFFICER, MADRAS COMMAND.

Office—Ootacamund—10 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Surg. Major-General C. E. McVittie, F.R.C.S.	Principal Medical Officer.
Surg. Captain G. B. Russell, M.B.	Personal Assistant.
Dan. M. de Silva, Esq.	Manager.

PRIVATE SECRETARY TO THE GOVERNOR.

Office—Government House.

C. F. MacCartie, Esq., I.C.S.	Private Secretary.
J. R. Coombes, Esq., B.A.	Manager.

PUBLIC WORKS STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

North Black Town, Old Jail Street—5 A.M. to 5 P.M.

H. A. Moss, Esq.	General Superintendent, P. W. Stores and Workshops.
Mr. S. Trutwein	Supervisor.
K. Scondaramiah Pundiah	Chief Storekeeper, P. W. Stores.
B. Jaghavrao Row	Accountant, P. W. Stores and Workshops.
M. Rathna Moodelliar	Head Clerk and Cashier, P. W. Workshops.

QUIT RENT AND INCOME TAX, &c. DEPARTMENTS.

W. P. Austin, Esq., I.C.S.	Collector and Commissioner of Income Tax, Madras.—Office: Sea Custom House, North Beach.
B. H. Chester, Esq., M.A.	Deputy Collector, Madras Town, and Collector of Income Tax.—Office: Beach, Black Town, (Old High Court Buildings).
M.R. Ry. D. Venkatasvarathiah	Tahsildar in charge of the Quit Rent Dept.—Office: Black Town.
C. N. Narayanasawmy Mudaliar	Manager in charge of the Income Tax Dept.—Office: Beach, Black Town.
Istiyat Hussain Sahib	Registrar in charge of the Dept. for registry of holdings in Madras.—Office: Beach, Black Town.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE.

Fort, Saint George—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Surgeon-Lieut.-Col. W. G. King, M.B., C.M.,
 D.P.H. Sanitary Commissioner,
 Surgeon-Major W. B. Bannerman, M.D. Inspector of Vaccination and Depy. Sanitary
 Commissioner, (on leave).
 Surg.-Major C. Mallins, M.D. Ag. do.
 M.R. Ry. S. Palasundram Mudaliar, B.A. Manager and Assistant.

SANITARY ENGINEER TO GOVERNMENT.

Office—Cornwallis Square, Fort.

J. A. Jones, Esq., MEM. INST. C.E., F.R.S.E. Sanitary Engineer to Government.
 Hormusji Nowroji, Esq., B.C.E., A.M.I.C.E. Asst. do. do.
 Mr. V. Dairasitamony Pillay Office Assistant.
 " G. C. Manickum Chetty Manager.

SEA CUSTOMS.

Office—North Beach—10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

W. P. Austin, Esq., I.C.S. Collector of Sea Customs and of Madras,
 Protector of Emigrants, Chairman of the
 Harbour Trust Board, and Superintendent of
 Stamps and Stationery.
 T. A. Paczensky, Esq. Depy. Collector of Sea Customs, Madras.
 C. Kiernander, Esq. Head Appraiser.
 T. H. Puddophatt, Esq. 2nd do.

SECRETARIAT.

Cornwallis Square, Fort—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

CHIEF SECRETARIAT.

Hon. Mr. J. F. Price, C.S.I., I.C.S. Chief Secretary.
 E. C. C. Carr, Esq., I.C.S. Under-Secretary to Govt., (on other duty).
 L. Davidson, Esq., B.A., I.C.S. Acting do.
 A. T. Pringle, Esq. Asst. Secy. to Government, (on other duty).
 W. W. Phillips, Esq., I.C.S. Acting do.
 F. D. Bird, Esq. Chief Assistant.
 C. M. Schmidt, Esq. Second do.
 V. Raghava Charin, B.A. Assistant, Local and Municipal Dept.

REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

The Hon. Mr. E. Gibson, I.C.S. Secretary to Government.
 A. Butterworth, Esq., I.C.S. Under Secy. to Government, (on furlough).
 W. Francis, Esq., I.C.S. Acting do.
 R. V. Srinivasa Aiyar, Rao Bahadur, B.A. First Assistant.
 R. Swaminatha Aiyar Registrar, Sub pro tem.

PUBLIC WORKS SECRETARIAT.

Office—Chepauk—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Colonel R. R. E. Drake-Brockman, R.E. Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer, Irriga-
 tion Branch.
 Lieut.-Colonel D. McNeill Campbell, R.E. Joint Secretary to Govt. and Chief Engineer,
 General Buildings and Roads Branch.
 C. H. B. Barton, Esq. Under Secretary to Govt. and Deputy Chief
 Engineer.
 F. J. Wilson, Esq. Under-Secretary to Govt. and Asst. Chief
 Engineer for Irrigation.
 H. Parsons, Esq. Chief Assistant.
 F. R. Upcott, Esq. Joint Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Railway
 Branch.
 P. D. Fowler, Esq. Under-Secretary to Govt., Railway Branch.
 J. G. Calder, Esq. Assistant.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STAMPS AND STATIONERY.

Office—1st Line Beach—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

W. P. Austin, Esq., I.C.S. Superintendent.
 M.R. Ry. Rao Bahadur C. Ralliyasundram
 Settyar Avergal Asst. do.
 M.R. Ry. G. Ramakrishnaiah Manager, Stationery Office.

SUPERINTENDENT OF PRISONS FOR THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

D. A. McCready, Esq. Superintendent.
 Mr. H. L. Lyned de Jailer.
 " J. Brunton Depy. Jailer.
 " B. Brace Chief Warder, (on deputation).
 " S. W. Rabel Ag. do.
 " T. Lionel European Warder.
 " A. B. Brown Do. do.
 " N. C. Titus Do. do.
 V. Amirthalinga Mudaliar Press Warder.
 V. Darmalinga Mudaliar Head Clerk.
 V. Sankappa Pillai Jailer, Civil Debtors' Jail.

SUPERINTENDENT OF FAMILY PAYMENTS AND PENSIONS.

Office—Fort—10½ A.M. to 4-30 P.M.

Captain R. F. R. Formby, I.C.S. Superintendent.
 M.R. Ry. T. Appanah Rao Manager.

SUPERINTENDING ENGINEER, 5TH CIRCLE, MADRAS.

Lieut. Colonel G. O. Rawson, R.E. Superintending Engineer, 5th Circle.

SURGEON-GENERAL WITH THE GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS.

Office—No. 3, Haddow's Road, Nungambakam—11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Surg.-Major-General C. Shetharpe, F.R.C.P.S. Surgeon-General.
 Surg.-Major C. M. Thompson, M.B. Secy. to the Surgeon-General, (on other
 duty).
 Surgeon-Captain D. Singam, M.A., M.B. Do. do. (Sub. pro tem).
 Mr. Ghulam Mahmud Sahib Manager.

TRANSLATORS TO GOVERNMENT.

The Hon. Mr. J. D. Rees, Esq., C.M.E., I.C.S. Persian and Hindustani Translator, (on
 other duty).
 E. Marston, Esq., B.A. Ag. do.
 S. Rangayya Chetti, B.A. Telugu Translator.
 S. Subayya Rao Bahadur, B.A. Tamil do.
 S. Mangalish Rao, B.A. Chinese do.
 M. Krishnar, B.A. Ag. Malayalam Translator.

UNIVERSITY OF MADRAS.

Office—Senate House, Chepauk.

A. J. Cooper-Oakley, Esq., M.A. Ag. Registrar.
 C. Seshachariyar Manager.
 V. M. Ramasubramanyam Head Clerk.

SCALE OF CIVIL ALLOWANCES.

Government.	Monthly. Rs.	Judicial—concluded.	Monthly. Rs.
Governor (1).....	12,000	Chief Interpreter, Original Side....	400
Private Secretary.....	1,500	Dy. Interpreter, do.....	250
Military Secretary.....	1,000	Advocate-General.....	1,800
Member of Council (2).....	5,120	Government Solicitor.....	1,100
Secretary.		Government Pleader.....	350
I.		Crown Prosecutor and Public Prosecutor.....	500
Chief Secretary.....	2,750	Clerk of the Crown.....	300
Under Secretary.....	1,350	Law Reporter.....	400
Assistant Secretary, Judicial and Legislative Depts.....	800	Administrator-General.....	300
First Assistant.....	600	Judge, Madras City Civil Court.....	1,200
Second Assistant.....	520	First Judge, Small Cause Court.....	2,000
Asst. Local and Municipal Department.....	500	Other Judges, do.....	1,000
Sanitary Engineer.....	1,000—50—1,200	Registrar, do.....	500
Asst. Sanitary Engineer.....	550—30—500	Head Clerk, do.....	200
II.		Chief Presidency Magistrate.....	1,200
Revenue Secretary.....	3,100	Second Presidency Magistrate.....	800
Under Secretary.....	1,500	Third and Fourth Magistrates.....	350
First Assistant.....	800	Resident District and Sessions Judge.....	2,325-5-4
Registrar.....	550	Junior do.....	1,800
III.		Provincial Civil Service—	
Scale of Consolidated salary (Civil and Military), pay for Old New Provincial Scale, Senior Service.		Dist. and Sess. Judge, 1st Grade.....	1,600
Chief Engineers—		Do. 2nd do.....	1,200
1st Class.....	2,500, 2,500.....	2nd do.....	800
2nd „.....	2,000, 2,000.....	Do. 2nd do.....	650
3rd „.....	1,500, 1,500.....	Do. 3rd do.....	500
Superintending Engineers—		District Munsifs, 1st Grade.....	400
1st Class.....	1,500, 1,500.....	Do. 2nd do.....	300
2nd „.....	1,250, 1,250.....	Do. 3rd do.....	250
3rd „.....	1,100, 1,100.....	Do. 4th do.....	200
Executive Engineers—		Do. 5th do.....	150
1st Grade.....	950, 1,000.....	Collector's Sheristadar.....	250, 225, 200
2nd „.....	800, 850.....	Head Clerk, Collr.'s Office.....	150
3rd „.....	700, 700.....	Basic Case Keeper.....	125
4th „.....	600, 600.....	Head Accountant, Treasury Deputy Collector's Office.....	85
Assistant Engineers—		Vernacular Head Accountant, Collector's Office.....	45
1st Grade.....	500, 550.....	Stationary Sub-Magistrate.....	100, 125
2nd Grade (after 5 years' service).....	400, 450.....	Dy. Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate.....	100
3rd „.....	350, 400.....	Tahsil Head Accountant.....	60
4th „.....	300, 350.....	Post Office.	
Apprentices.....	100, 100.....	Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India.....	3,000
Judicial.		Dy. do.....	1,500 to 1,750
Chief Justice.....	5,000	Asst. do.....	do. (for Railway Mail Service) 1,000 to 1,400
Principal Judge, High Court.....	3,750		
Registrar, H. C. Appellate Side.....	1,000		
Deputy Registrar, do.....	700		
Manager, do.....	300		
Nazir, do.....	225		
Registrar, H. C. Original Side.....	1,500		
First Assistant Regr., do.....	500		
Second Assistant Regr., do.....	325		

- (1) Draws also Household and Tour allowances of Rs. 50,000 a year.
 (2) Free of the deduction of 4 per cent. on account of annuity.
 (3) The District Munsif at Vayitri draws also Wynad allowance of Rs. 50.

Revenue—concluded.	Monthly. Rs.	Post Office—concluded.	Monthly. Rs.
Secy. to the Commissioners of Rev. Settlement and Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture.....	1,000	Asst. Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India (Post Office).....	700
First Asst. to the Commr. of Land Rev.....	500	Do do (Foreign P. Office).....	750
Second Assistant do.....	300	Comptroller, Post Office.....	800 to 1,200
Registrar do.....	300	Dy. do.....	700
Collectors of Ganjam and Vizagapatnam (1).....	2,500	Asst. do.....	600 to 650
Collector of Tanjore (1).....	2,500	Postmaster General.....	1,750 to 2,000
Collectors of other Districts (1).....	2,335-5-4	Presidency Postmaster.....	600 to 900
Collector of Nilgiris (1).....	2,000	Examiners of Accounts, 2nd Grade.....	350 to 400
Second Grade Collectors (1).....	1,800	Examiners of Accounts, 3rd Grade.....	250
Provincial Civil Service—		Do. 4th do.....	200
Collr. and Magistrate, 1st Grade.....	1,600	Supts. of Post Offices, 1st Grade.....	400 to 500
Do. 2nd do.....	1,200	Supts. of Post Offices, 2nd Grade.....	300 to 400
Sub-Collectors (2).....	1,100-10-8	Do. 3rd do.....	250
Principal Asst. Collectors (2).....	725-5-4	Do. 4th do.....	200
Head Asst. Collectors (2).....		Personal Assistant.....	200
Senior Assistants (2).....		Supt. of Railway Mail Service (5).....	500 to 400
Special Assistants (2).....		Do. do. (5).....	200
Passed Assistants (11).....	500	Telegraph.	
Unpassed Assistants (8).....	385	Class I—Director General.....	3,000
Probationers (Natives) C. S. (2).....	200	„ II—Dy. do.....	2,000
Do on confirmation 64 per cent. of the pay of Covenanted Civilian (3).....	250	„ III—Director, Traffic Branch.....	1,000
Deputy Collectors, 1st Class (1).....	700	„ do Construction Br.....	1,000
Do. 2nd do. (3).....	600	„ Supt. 1st Grade.....	1,125 to 1,500
Do. 3rd do. (4).....	500	„ IV—do 2nd do.....	1,000
Do. 4th do. (4).....	400	„ do 3rd do.....	850
Do. 5th do. (4).....	350	„ V—Asst. Supt. 1st Grade.....	700
Tahsildars, 1st Grade.....	250	„ do 2nd do.....	550
Do. 2nd do.....	225	„ do 3rd do.....	500
Do. 3rd do.....	200	„ VI—do 4th do.....	400
Do. 4th do.....	175	„ do 5th do.....	300
Do. 5th do.....	150	Forests.	
Collector's Sheristadar.....	250, 225, 200	Upper Controlling Staff.	
Head Clerk, Collr.'s Office.....	150	Conservator, 1st Grade.....	1,600
Basic Case Keeper.....	125	Do. 2nd do.....	1,350
Head Accountant, Treasury Deputy Collector's Office.....	85	Do. 3rd do.....	1,100
Vernacular Head Accountant, Collector's Office.....	45	Dy. Conservator, 1st Grade.....	900
Stationary Sub-Magistrate.....	100, 125	Do. 2nd do.....	800
Dy. Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate.....	100	Do. 3rd do.....	650
Tahsil Head Accountant.....	60	Do. 4th do.....	550
Post Office.		Assistant Conservators, 1st and 2nd Grade.....	450, 350
Dir. Genl. of the Post Office of India.....	3,000	Lower Controlling Staff.	
Dy. do.....	1,500 to 1,750	Extra Asst. Conservators, 1st, 2nd, 3rd and 4th Grade.....	350, 300, 250, 200
Asst. do.....	do. (for Railway Mail Service) 1,000 to 1,400		

- (1) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 50.
 (2) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 25.
 (3) With a fixed Tentage of Rs. 11-1-3.
 (4) Deputy Collectors on General duties draw a Tentage allowance of Rs. 11-1-3 a month.
 The Deputy Collector in charge of Wynad of whatever grade draws an extra allowance of Rs. 150 a month.
 Deputy Collector at Calicut draws also an extra allowance of Rs. 100 for being in charge of the Paper Currency Dept.
 Deputy Collector at Madras Town draws also a special allowance of Rs. 100 for the work connected with the Income Tax.
 Deputy Collector, General Duties, Kollegal, Coimbatore District, is also District Munsif of Kollegal and draws Local allowance of Rs. 100.
 (5) With House Rent of Rs. 50.

Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Revenue Settlement.	Registration.
Secretary to Commr. of Revenue Settlement and Director of the Dept. of Land Records and of Agriculture.....	Inspector General.....
First Assistant to do.....	Registrar, Madras.....
Uncovenanted Deputy Commr. of Rev. Settl., 1st Grade.....	District Registrars { 1st and 2nd... 500, 300
Do. 2nd do.....	{ 3rd and 4th... 250, 200
Do. Assistant Commrs. of Rev. Settl. (1).....	{ 5th and 6th... 175, 150
Deputy Director of the Department of Land Records and Agriculture.....	7th..... 100
Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department.... Pay 450 & S.A. 300 and House Rent 50	Jails.
Dy Supt., Veterinary Dept., Rs. 150—10—	Inspector-General of Prisons.....
200	Superintendents of (1st Class (4) 700 to 950
Revenue Survey.	Central Jails, 1st Class 550 to 700
Superintendent.....	Superintendents of Dist. Jails 350 to 450
Dy. Superintendent, 1st Class.....	District Jails, 1st Class, 500 prisoners 150
Do. 2nd do.....	Do. 2nd do. 500 do 100
Asst. Supt. 1st do.....	Do. 3rd do. 150 do 75
Do. 2nd do.....	Do. 4th Cl. less than 150 prs. 50
Do. 3rd do.....	Supt. of Prisons, Madras (5).....
Salt and Akbari Revenue.	200
Commissioner of Salt, Akbari and Separate Revenue.....	Police.
Secretary to do.....	Inspector-General.....
Dy. Commissioners.....	Deputy Inspectors-General 1st, 2nd and 3rd Grades.....
Assistant Commr., 1st Grade (2).....	Assistant do. (a).....
Do. 2nd do. (2).....	Manager.....
Do. 3rd do. (2).....	Commissioner of Police.....
Do. 4th do. (2).....	Deputy Commissioner of Police (2).....
Inspector, Salt, 1st Grade.....	Assistant Commissioner.....
Do. 2nd do.....	
Do. 3rd do.....	Superintendents. (6)
Do. 4th do.....	Superintendent, 1st Grade.....
Do. Probationer.....	do. 2nd do.....
Assistant Inspectors, 1st Grade.....	do. 3rd do.....
Do. 2nd do.....	do. 4th do.....
Customs.	do. 5th do.....
Collector, Sea Customs.....	Asst. Superintendents, 1st Grade.....
Dy. Collector, do. (3).....	do. 2nd do.....
	do. 3rd do.....
	do. 4th do.....
	do. 5th do.....
	Superintendent of Police, Madras City 300
	+ H. A. 25 + H. R. 25
	Chief and Special Inspectors (8) .. 300
	Inspector of Police, 1st Class (8) .. 200
	Do. 2nd do. (8) .. 150
	Do. 3rd do. (8) .. 100
	Do. 4th do. (8) .. 70

- (1) Pay Rs. 425 rising to Rs. 550 after 2 years' approved service.
- (2) With house rent according to the Divisions in which they are placed in.
- (3) Draws also Local allowance, Rs. 95.
- (4) If Medical Officers. If not Medical Officers, 1st Class 600 to 850, 2nd Class 450 to 600 and Rs. 100 to Surgeons in Medical charge.
- (5) With house rent and conveyance allowance of Rs. 135 and Rs. 50 respectively.
- (6) Military Officers employed in the Police Department draw Personal allowances up to the limit of Rs. 2,200 in the case of Colonels and Lieut. Colonels and Rs. 900 in the case of Majors.
- (7) The Supt. and Asst. Supt. in Mysore and the Asst. Supt. Hill Tracts, Ganjam draw also local allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem, whether Acting or Permanent.
- (8) Chief Inspector of Police at Wellington draws also house rent and horse allowance at Rs. 25 respectively.
- Special Inspectors of Police draw also horse allowance of Rs. 15.
- Inspectors of Police draw also horse allowance besides their pay.
- (a) Draws also Local allowance of Rs. 200 subject to the condition that the total emoluments do not exceed Rs. 1,000 a month.
- (b) Draws also Local allowance of Rs. 100 subject to the condition that the total emoluments do not exceed Rs. 500 a month.

Monthly. Rs.	Monthly. Rs.
Marine.	Education—continued
Presidency Port Officer.....	Assistant Inspector of Schools:—
Dy. Conservator of the Port of Madras (Harbour Trust Board).....	First Class.....
Agent for Govt. Consignments and Personal Assistant to the Presy. Port Officer.....	Second.....
	Third.....
	Upper Subordinate Educational Service, Scholastic Branch:—
	First Grade.....
	Second.....
	Third.....
	Principal of the Agricultural College, Saidapet.....
	Vice Principal of the Agricultural College, Saidapet.....
	Principal, C. E. College (5).....
	Principal, Teachers' College.....
	Vice Principal.....
	Sept. School of Arts.....
	Artistic Instructor.....
	Sub. Asst. Inspectors of Schools (4) 75, 100, 125, 150
	Sub. Asst. to the Inspectresses of Girls' Schools.....
	Ecclesiastical.
	Lord Bishop.....
	Archdeacon.....
	Registrar of the Diocese.....
	Senior Chaplain (5).....
	Junior Chaplain.....
	Ministers paid by Government.....
	Marriage Registrar.....
	Railway Chaplains.....

(a) The Port Officers at different Ports draw Personal allowances as follows:—

Calicut, Rs. 100; Tuticorin, Rs. 75; Cochin, Rs. 50; Cocanada, Rs. 65; Negapatam, Rs. 150; Mangalore, Rs. 40; Gopaulpore, Rs. 45; and Masulipatam, Rs. 50.

(b) Draws also Personal allowance of Rs. 250.

(c) Pay met from fees.

(d) Draws also house rent of Rs. 80.

(1) The Port Officer at Cocanada draws also an allowance of Rs. 100 for superintending the construction of Groynes.

The Port Officer at Cochin draws also Rs. 50 from the Cochin Sinec for conveyance duties at Narrahal.

The Port officer at Mangalore draws also an allowance of Rs. 25 in connection with the Coir Depot.

(2) The Superintendent of Tuticorin draws also Rs. 300 for Pearl Fisheries.

(3) The present incumbent draws pay of rank, Rs. 540-14-0, in addition.

(4) Sub. Asst. Inspectors of Schools draw also fixed Travelling allowance of Rs. 25.

(5) Chaplains in the Presidency Town draw house rent of Rs. 130.

The Domestic Chaplain draws house rent of Rs. 75 when in Madras.

The Chaplains in Bolaram and Secunderabad draw conveyance allowance of Rs. 50.

The Chaplain in charge of Palaveram draws an extra allowance of Rs. 150, and house rent of Rs. 75.

The Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland draws a special allowance of Rs. 150.

* Includes grade pay and staff allowance.

† Draws also personal allowance of Rs. 45.

‡ Draws also Rs. 75 as Superintendent of Emigration.

Monthly. rs.	Monthly. rs.
Ecclesiastical—continued.	Political.
Allowances as follows are granted to Ministers nominated by the Senior Chaplains of the Church of Scotland or by the General Supt. of the Wesleyan Church for service in any Station:—	Resident, Travancore..... 2,300
Whenever 100 Presbyterian	Assistant Resident (11)..... 900
or	Paymaster of Carnatic Sipsends..... 250
Whenever 100 Wesleyan Soldiers are quartered at any Station..... 100	British Consular Agent, Karikal and Pondicherry... 1,200 5-0 + Agency allowance of Rs. 300
Whenever the number exceeds 200..... 150	Miscellaneous.
Do. is less than 100, Rs. 1 a month for each soldier.	Supt., Government Press (81)..... 600 to 1,000
Medical.	Dy. Supt., do..... 500
Surgeon General..... 2,500	Asst. Supt., do..... 300 to 350
Secretary to Surgeon General (1)..... 800	Protector of Emigrants..... 200
Surgeon to Governor (7)..... 1,000	Translators { Tamil..... } 500
Sanitary Commissioner..... 2,000	{ Telugu..... } 500
Principal, Medical College..... 1,400	{ Persian and Hindi..... } 500
Dy. Sanitary Commr. & Insp. of Vaccination and Full Professorships in the Medical College with conjoint Presidency Duties (2)..... 1,250, 1,050, 850, 700	Translators { Canarese..... } 250
Surgeons & Districts, Supt., Lunatic Asylum, and Civil Surgeons 1st Class Station (4) (5)..... 1,050, 850, 650, 500	to Govt. { Malayalam..... } 250
Resident Surgeon, Genl. Hospital, and Professor of Pathology..... 800	Government Astronomer..... 500
Asst. Physician, Genl. Hosp., and Professor of Hygiene, Med. Coll..... 750	Meteorological Reporter..... 550
Second Surgeon, Genl. Hospital, and Professor of Materia Medica and Practical Pharmacy..... 700	Supt., Govt. Central Museum..... 500 to 800
Health Officer and Supt. Lock Hospital..... 400	Registrar of Govt. Books..... 150
Civil Medical Officers in charge of Civil Stations..... 700, 550, 450, 350	Curator, Oriental Library, Presidency College..... 100
Office in Medical charge of Sub-Dist. Saidapat..... 30	Registrar, Madras University..... 500-900
Minor Professorship..... 200	Secretary to the Commissioner for Government Examinations..... 250
Native Asst. Surgeons (6)..... 100, 150, 200	Secretary to the Board of Examiners Government Botanical and Director of Cinchona Plantations..... 700 to 800
	Curator of Govt. Botanical Gardens and Parks, Ootacamund..... 600
	Government Oculist..... 350 to 500
	Supt., Pearl Fishery, Tuticorin..... 200
	Medical Inspector of Emigrants..... 150
	Supt. of Archaeological Survey 350-500
	Epigraphist for the Madras Presy..... 500-550-650
	Dy. Collr. in charge of Paper Currency in Calicut..... 100
	Deputy Collr. in charge of Income Tax Work..... 100
	Boiler Inspector, Madras Presy..... 500-40-700
	Special Appointment.
	Councillor, Administration Report.... 200

(1) With house rent of rank.

(2) With house rent of rank while in Madras.

(3) Principal Medical Storekeeper.

Surgeon, General Hospital, and Professor of Clinical Surgery.

Port Surgeon with Port and Marine duties and Professor of Anatomy.

Ophthalmic Surgeon and Professor of Ophthalmology and Physiology.

Superintendent, Lying-in Hospital, and Professor of Midwifery.

Chemical Examiner and Professor of Chemistry.

(4) Civil Surgeons who were in the Service on the 7th November 1864, draw Rs. 1,050 0-4 on completing 20 years' service and Rs. 1,000 0-0 on completing 25 years, for both 1st and 2nd class Stations.

(5) Medical Officers draw Presidency house rent according to their rank, Surgeon Major Rs. 125, of 12 years' standing Rs. 100; Surgeon of 8 years Rs. 75, under 5 years Rs. 40.

(6) With a local allowance of Rs. 60.

(7) Government Civil Servants draw a Special allowance of Rs. 175.

(8) With a conveyance allowance of Rs. 40.

(9) Also draws an additional allowance of Rs. 200 as an Examinee in Hindustani.

Gradation List of INDIAN AND STATUTORY CIVIL SERVANTS.

The Rank of Civil Servants commences from the date of arrival at Madras of the first Civil Servant of their year; and, being thus determined, all Civil Servants belong, while under twelve years standing to Class V;—from the thirteenth to the end of the eighteenth year, to Class IV;—from the nineteenth to the end of the twenty-third year, to Class III;—from the twenty-fourth to the end of the thirty-first year, to Class II; and after the thirty-first year, to Class I.

Column 2.—*Russ.* = Passed in Russian.

Column 3.—*Maj. Rew.* = Major Reward; *Min. Rew.* = Minor Reward; *High Profy.* = High Proficiency; *Russ. Int.* = Russian Interpreter.

Column 4.—The names of Indian Civil Servants on Long Leave and of all Statutory Civilians are printed in italics and the mark ¶ after their names shows that they received certificate in Survey.

Column 5.—The commencement of Service is reckoned from the date of the Covenant or the Secretary of State's Despatch announcing the Officer's appointment, whichever is the earlier.

Column 6.—The date against the names of Statutory civilians in column 6 "Date of arrival" is Date of confirmation.

Column 7.—*Furl.* = Ordinary furlough; *Med. Cert.* = Leave on Medical Certificate under present rules; *Lu. without All.* = Leave without allowances; *Extra. Leave* = Extraordinary leave; i. e. leave without allowances taken in continuation of furlough; *Spl. Leave* = Special leave; *Abs.* = absence without leave, including periods overlaid in leave and joining time; *Sick Leave* = the Leave of absence on M. O. (up to one year) which was reckoned as "Residence" under the rules in force before 1st July 1868, but which is not reckoned as Active Service; *Sus.* = Suspension adjudged as a penalty.

Column 8.—The Active Service is the period of Residence qualifying for Pension under Article 620 of the Civil Service Regulations, 2nd Edition. The Total Service in Column 9 is reckoned from the date of arrival, and not from the date of the commencement of Service.

Column 10.—In the Column of Emoluments *A.A.* stands for Acting allowance; *Abs. A.* for Absentee allowance; *D. A.* for Deputation allowances; *L.A.* for Local allowance; *P.* for Pay; *P.A.* for Personal allowance; *S.A.* for Subsistence allowance; *T.* for Fixed Tentage.

N.B.—Column 10. The full acting allowance ordinarily admissible for an acting appointment is entered against the names of officers acting in consequence of the absence of an officer on privilege leave, though, in accordance with Article 120 of the Civil Service Regulations, 2nd Edition, no acting allowance is given to such officers, unless transferred from another station, when three-fourths of the full acting allowance is given, for the first thirty days of the acting appointment.

GRADATION INDIAN AND STATUTORY ON THE MADRAS

Corrected up to

1 No.	2 Languages Passed.	3 Rewards in Lan- guages.	4 NAMES.	5 Commence- ment of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
CLASS I., <i>Attained 35 years' standing</i>						
1	TEL. TAM In Coll.	TEL. TAM CAN. Min Rev	The Hon. Mr. James Grosse, M.A., St. John's College, Cam- bridge.	10 Aug. 60	7 Oct. 60	21 Nov. 63, Abs. 26 to 29 Nov. 71, Abs. 23 Feb. 75 to 18 Feb. 77, Med. Cert. 25 Apl. 8 to 24 Apl. 84, Furlo. 25 Apl. 84, Ext. Leave. 9 Apl. 99 to 5 July 03, Med. Cert.
<i>Attained 33 years' standing</i>						
2	TEL. TAM In Coll.	MIN. Min Rev	The Hon. Mr. John Frederick Price, C.S.I., Melbourne University.	14 Aug. 62	25 Oct. 62	5 July 74 to 26 June 76, Furlo. 6 May to 9 Nov. 84 Furlo.
<i>Attained 32 years'</i>						
3	TEL. TAM In Coll.	TEL. TAM MAJ. Rev	The Hon. Mr. Henry William Bliss, C.I.E., M.A., Merton College, Oxford.	31 Aug. 63	15 Dec. 63	22 July 69, Abs. 10 Sep. 76 to 5 July 77, Furlo. 2 Aug. to 30 Oct. 81, Furlo. 7 and 8 July 84, Abs. 1 Apl. 87 to 31 Mar. 89, Furlo. 2 Sep. to 26 Oct. 93 Furlo.

LIST OF CIVIL SERVANTS ESTABLISHMENT.

1st January 1896.

8 Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	9 Total Service	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
<i>on the 7th October 1895.</i>				
s. m. d. 29 11 26	y. m. d. 35 2 25	Rs. a. p. P 5,120 0 0	Member of Council—9th Jan. 1891.—MADRAS.	Fellow of the Madras University — 12th May 1868
<i>on the 7th October 1895.</i>				
s. m. d. 20 9 11	y. m. d. 33 2 7	Rs. a. p. P 3,750 0 0	Chief Secretary to Govern- ment—9th Nov. 1888.— Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations. — 10th Nov. 1894.—MADRAS.	
<i>standing on the 7th October 1895.</i>				
s. m. d. 27 9 24	y. m. d. 32 0 17	Rs. a. p. P 5,120 0 0	Member of Council.—9th Nov. 1893.—MADRAS.	Fellow of the Madras University — 16th March 1892.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
4	TAM TEL In Coll.	.....	The Hon. Mr. Charles Stewart Croft, Edinburgh University.	31 Aug. 63	9 Dec. 63	2 and 3 Nov. 67, Abs. 16 July 73 to 1 Feb. 76 Furlo. 13 Nov. 80 to 27 Feb. 82, Furlo. 28 Jan. 87, Abs. 8 Feb. to 2 Aug. 89, Spl. Leave. 29 Sep. to 2 Oct. 93, Abs.
5	TEL TAM In Coll.	.....	The Hon. Mr. Justice George Arthur Parker, Trinity Hall, Cambridge	31 Aug. 63	9 Dec. 63	13 June 66, Abs. 22 Mar. 68 to 21 Mar. 69, Sick Leave. 22 Mar. to 16 Dec. 69, Med. Cert. 13 to 15 Apr. 71, Abs. 26 Feb. 77 to 12 Feb. 78, Med. Cert. 7 Mar. to 29 Oct. 83 Furlo. 7 Mar. 90 to 16 Nov. 90 Furlo. 21 Mar. to 20 Sep. 93, Furlo. on s.p.a. 21 Sep. 93 to Mar. 94, Extra Leave.
6	TEL TAM In Coll.	.....	William Francis Guthrie, Esq., Trinity College, Dublin.	31 Aug. 63	3 Jan. 64	14 Jan. 65 to 13 Jan. 66, Sick Leave. 14 Jan. to 6 Apr. 66, Med. Cert. 29 Apr. 81 to 14 Apr. 82, Med. Cert. 2 Mar. 95, Furlo. Leave expires 8 Mar. 96

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 28 8 21	y. m. d. 32 0 23	Rs. a. p. p 3,500 0 0 A A 250 0 0 3,750 0 0	Second Member of the Board of Revenue and Commis- sioner of Land Rev. and Inam Commr.—9th Jan. 1894.—Ag. First Member of the Board of Rev.—28th Nov. 1894.—Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regas.—4th Dec 1893. —MADRAS.	
26 0 16	32 0 23	p 3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Madras— 8th Dec. 1886. —MADRAS.	Fellow of the Madras University — 12th Feb. 1892
27 11 22	31 11 28	ABS. A. 1,106 10 8 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 a year.	District and Sessions Judge, South Arcot.—24th Feb. 1892.	On furlo. to Euro. for 1 year, from 9th Mar. 1895.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 31 years</i>						
7	Tel Tam In Coll.	CAN Honora	The Hon. Mr. John Sturrock	28 Sep. 64	29 Nov. 64	12 May 75 to 7 Nov. 76, Furl. 17 Feb. to 16 Augt. 80, Furl. 5 Apl. 89 to 5 Apl. 90, Furl. 23 May 91 to 29 Aug. 91, Spl. Leave
8	TAM TEL In Coll.	.....	Warc Phymptre Austin.	2 Aug. 64	28 Dec. 64	21 May 81 to 5 Jan. 83, Med. Cert. 6 May to 2 Nov. 85, Spl. Leave. 1 May 87 to 26 Nov. 88, Furl. 6 May 91 to Nov. 95, Furl.
9	Tel Tam In Coll.	.....	The Hon. Mr. Edward Gibson.	30 July 64	25 Nov. 64	27 Aug. 70, Abs. 27 Aug. to 16 Sep. 74, Abs. 8 April 78 to 12 Dec. 79, Med. Cert. 15 Sept. 85 to 29 Aug. 86, Furl. 13 May 90 to 24 Oct. 91, Furl. 22 to 24 June 95, Abs.
<i>Class II, Attained 30 years' standing</i>						
10	TAM TEL In Coll.	.....	The Hon. Mr. Arundel Tagg Arundel, B.A., Univ. College, London.	25 July 65	18 Nov. 65	23 Apl. 76 to 18 Oct. 77, Med. Cert. 14 Augt. 85 to 3 Aug 87, Furl. 5 to 9 July 90, Abs. 11 Apl. 91 to 3 Oct. 91, Spl. leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
<i>standing on the 13th October 1895.</i>				
y. m. d. 27 10 5	y. m. d. 31 1 11	Rs. a. p. 3,000 0 0	Fourth Member, Board of Rev. and Commr. of Land Rev.—12th Sep. 1894.—Ag. Third Member of the Board of Rev.—28th Nov. 1894. —Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regu- lations — 28th Mar. 1894. —MADRAS.	Cannot take Spl. leave. President of the Bd. of Examiners—9th Jan. 1894.
25 1 0	31 0 0	P 2,333 5 4 L A 200 0 0 2,533 5 4	Collector of Sea Customs and of the Madras Dist., Pro- tector of Emigrants, Supt. of Stamps and Stationery and Chairman, Harbour Trust Board—12th Nov. 1891.—MADRAS	Draws also Local al- lowance of Rs. 400 as Chairman, Har- bour Trust Board.
26 1 0	31 1 6	P 3,125 0 0	Secretary to Govt., Rev. Dept.—12th Sep. 1894.— Addl. Member of the Council of the Govt. of Fort St. George for mak- ing Laws and Regus.— 9th Jan. 1894.—MADRAS.	
<i>on the 28th October 1895.</i>				
26 1 27	30 1 13	P 3,000 0 0 A A 500 0 0 3,500 0 0	Third Member of the Board of Rev. and Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Separate Rev.—12th Sep. 1894.—Ag. Second Member of the Board of Rev.—28th Nov. 1894.—Addl. Member of the Council of the Govt. of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations.— 3rd Jan. 1894.—MADRAS.	Cannot take Spl. leave. Fellow of the Madras University — 16th March 1892.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
11	Tel TAM In Coll.	TAM Honors	William Joseph Henry LeFauv. B. A., (Bar-at-Law.) Trinity College, Dublin.	29 July 65	28 Oct. 65	30 Sep. 69 to 19 Mar. 72. Med. Cert. 20 Mar. 85, Abs. 3 May 86 to 7 Oct. 87, Furlo.
<i>Attained 28 years' standing</i>						
12	1st L TAM 2d L THE	TAM Honors SANS High Profy.	Thomas Weir, B.A. Queen's Univ. Ireland	3 Nov. 67	8 Dec. 67	5 June 70, Abs. 11 Feb. 80 to 26 Sept. 81, Furlo. 12 Mar. 88 to 11 June 89, Furlo. 12 June to 24 Nov. 88, Med. Cert. 12 Jan. 93 to 5 Jan. 94, Furlo.
13	1st L TAM 2d L CAN	TAM High Profy. SANS Honors	Henry Richard Farmer.	12 Aug. 68	4 Dec. 68	30 Nov. to 1 Dec. 72 Abs. 17 June 77 to 16 June 79, Med. Cert. 17 to 27 June 79 Abs. 19 Apl. 88 to 10 Apr. 89, Furlo. 23 Apl. 93 to 17 Feb. 94, Furlo.
<i>Attained 37 years' standing</i>						
14	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		The Hon. Mr. James Acworth Davies, (Bar-at- Law), King's Coll., London.	12 Aug. 68	5 Jan. 69	25 Aug. 78 to 5 Dec. 79 Med. Cert. 6 Jan. to 1 July 81, Spl. Leave. 16 Feb. to 14 Dec. 86, Furlo. 7 Sep. 92 to 1 Mar. 93, Furlo. 15 Sep. 94 to 14 Mar. 95, Med. Cert. 16 Mar. 96 to Extra leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowance.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
26 3 10	30 2 0	P 2,333 5 4 1. 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collector and Magt. of the Dist., Nellore—5th Nov. 1895.—NELLORE.	<i>In transit.</i>
<i>on the 29th November 1895.</i>				
23 5 28	28 0 24	P 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Coimbatore—15th Feb. 1893.—COIMBATORE.	
22 0 23	26 11 28	P 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Vizagapatam—3rd Nov. 1889.—VIZAGAPATAM.	
<i>on the 21st November 1895.</i>				
23 1 16	26 11 29	P 2,333 5 4 A. A. 1,416 10 8 3,750 0 0	Dist. and Sess. Judge, South Malabar—29th Mar. 1895 —Offg. Judge of the High Court.—4th Nov. 1895— MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	Names.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	New Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 20 years' standing</i>						
15	1865 MAL 2d L TAM	MAL High Profy	Henry Martin Winterbotham, University of London.	30 Sep. 69	19 Nov. 69	30 June 74 to 20 June 80, Med. Cert. 24 July 85 to 20 July 84, Med. Cert. 25 Mar. 90 to 22 Mar. 91, Furlo.
16	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		Gordon Thomson, Mackenzie, Trinity Coll., Dublin.	30 Sep. 69	19 Nov. 69	22 Apr. 78 to 12 Jan. 80, Med. Cert. 2 Apr. 85 to 21 Oct. 87, Furlo. 2 Mar. to 25 Oct. 94, Furlo.
17	1st L TEL 2d L TAM		William Alexan- der Willock, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin, and Sid- ney Sussex Col- lege, Cambridge	30 Sep. 69	12 Mar. 70	6 July 81 to 30 Oct. 82, Med. Cert. 27 June to 4 July 85, Abs. 21 May to 20 Nov. 86, Furlo. 2 May 91 to 31 Oct. 91, Spl. leave. 2 Mar. 94 to 3 July 95, Furlo.
18	1st L TAM 2d L TEL		Lewis Moore, Trinity College, Dublin.	30 Sep. 69	7 Nov. 69	17 Apr. 71, Abs. 8 Apr. 79 to 3 Apr. 81, Furlo. 24 and 25 July 83, Abs. 25 Apr. 84 to 31 May 85, Furlo. 5 March to 29 Aug. 86, Spl. Leave. 3 to 7 Aug. 89, Abs. 25 Apr. 90 to 22 Nov. 90, Furlo. 4 to 7 Aug. 94, Abs.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1895 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks
<i>on the 7th November 1895.</i>				
y. m. d. 22 1 25	y. m. d. 26 1 12	Rs. a. p. P 2,500 0 0 A A 500 0 0 3,000 0 0	Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Tanjore—9th Nov. 1893.—Ag. Fourth Member, Board of Rev. and as Commr. of Rev. Settl. and Director of the Dept. of Lands Records and Agriculture.—28th Nov. 1894—MADRAS.	
22 2 5	26 1 12	P 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sessions Judge, Godavari—20th Feb. 1895. —BAJAHMUNDY.	
22 1 14	26 9 20	P 2,500 0 0 T 50 0 0 2,550 0 0	Collector, Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Viza- gapatam—1st July 1890.— VIZAGAPATAM.	
21 11 15	26 1 24	P 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Bellary—30th Jan. 1892. —BELLARY.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
19	1st L TAN 2d L TEL	.....	Frederick Augus- tus Nicholson, Lincoln Coll., Oxford	30 Sep. 69	4 Dec. 69	5 Jan. to 26 Dec. 75, Furlo. 29 Apl. 84 to 23 July 85, Med. Cert. 25 Oct. 89 to 25 Oct. 90, Furlo. 11 May 91 to 6 Mar. 92, Med. Cert.
<i>Attained 25 years' standing</i>						
20	1st L GUZ 2d L MIN	URIA Special Test. KOND. Min Rew	Charles Falkner MacCartie, Brasenose Coll., Oxford.	23 Aug. 70	21 Nov. 70	4 June 74 to 29 Oct. 75, Med. Cert. 17 Aug. to 25 Dec. 77, Med. Cert. 2 to 4 Dec. 85, Abs. 5 Nov. 86 to 2 May 87, Spl. Leave. 18 May 88 to 31 Mar. 89, Furlo. 20 to 25 Apl. 96, Abs.
21	1st L TAN 2d L MAL	.....	Walter Gregory Underwood.	9 Aug. 70	17 Sep. 70	3 June 77 to 23 Jan. 78, Med. Cert. 16 Nov. 83 to 21 Nov. 84, Furlo. 6 Apr. 93 to Dec. 94
<i>Attained 24 years' standing</i>						
22	1st L TEL 2d L TAN	.....	Arthur Frederick Cox, King's Coll., London.	8 July 71	3 Nov. 71	8 Jan. 79, Abs. 1 Apl. 80 to 24 Nov. 81, Med. Cert. 1 Apl. 90 to 26 Mar. 92, Furlo.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments--Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
22 0 17	26 0 28	P 2333 5 4 R 50 0 0 2383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist. Anantapur.—6th Nov. 1894. —ANANTAPUR.	
<i>on the 17th September 1895.</i>				
21 11 14	25 1 10	P 1500 0 0	Private Secretary to His Excellency the Right Hon. the Governor—18th Dec. 1891.—MADRAS.	
21 11 19	25 3 14	P 2333 5 4	Dist. and Sessions Judge, Cuddalore.—6th Nov. 1894 —13th Dec. 1894.—CUNDA- LOR.	
<i>on the 3rd November 1895.</i>				
20 6 8	24 1 28	P 2750 0 0 A 700 0 0 3450 0 0	Accountant-General and Commr. of the Dept. of Issue of State Paper Cur- rency, Bengal, 1st Class.— 7th Apr. 1895.—Ag. Compt. and Auditor-Genl. and Head Commr. of Paper Currency, 3rd Oct. 1895.— CALCUTTA.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
23	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	James Thomson, M.A., University of Aberdeen.	15 July 71	24 Nov. 71	21 Apl. 80 to 2 Oct. 81, Furl. 16 Dec. 87 to 23 Nov. 88, Furl. 21 Mar. to 19 Nov. 93, Furl.
24	1st L CAN 2d L HIN	CAN High Profy.	Gabriel Stokes, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Sep. 71	25 Oct. 71	26 Nov. 82 to 23 Nov. 84, Med. Cert. 8 Apl. 88 to 3 Mar. 89, Furl. 22 Mar. to 19 Nov. 93, Furl.
<i>Attained 23 years' standing</i>						
25	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	.....	Ebenezer Jones Sewell, Univy. Coll., London.	12 July 72	1 Nov. 72	9 Nov. 80 to 8 Nov. 82, Furl. 14 Jan. 87 to 13 Jan. 88, Furl. 14 Jan. to 8 Apl. 83, Med. Cert. 28 July to 31 Dec. 93, Furl.
26	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	George Stuart Forbes, M.A., Univy. Coll., Aberdeen.	1 July 72	16 Oct. 72	1 to 8 July 79, Abs. 26 Apl. 89 to 26 Apl. 91, Furl. 26 Apl. 91 to 27 May 91, Abs.
<i>CLASS III, Attained 22 years' standing</i>						
27	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Ralph Silvery Benson, M.A., LL.B., (Barrister- at-law), Trin. Coll., Dublin.	15 July 73	29 Oct. 73	6 Oct. 85 to 3 Oct. 87, Furl. 29 May 91 to 27 Feb. 92, Furl. 23 Mar. to 17 Nov. 95, Furl.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
21 0 9	24 1 7	2,800 0 0	Resident in Travancore and Cochin.—13th July 1835— TRAVANDHAM.	
20 7 11	24 2 4	2,333 5 4 A A 166 10 8 50 0 0 2,550 0 0	Collector and Magistrate of the Dist., Salem—15th Nov. 1889—Ag. Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Tanjore.—6th Nov. 1895.—VALLAM.	
19 6 0	23 2 0	2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, N. Arcot.—5th Nov. 1895.— CHITTOOR.	
21 2 10	23 1 16	2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collector and Magt. of the District, Chingleput—1st July 1895.—SAIDAPET.	Spl. Member of the Board of Examiners —25th Feb. 1895.
18 9 10	22 2 3	2,333 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Cuddapah—5th Nov. 1895.	On Spl. duty in the Rev. Dept. for 6 months in connec- tion with the Malabar Tenancy Bill. 20th Nov. 1895.—Madras. Draws also Depn. al- lowance at Rs. 10 a day.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
28	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM	.....	Henry Thomas Ross, B.A., LL.B., Trinity College, Dublin.	30 June 73	26 Oct. 73	31 Mar. 81 to 26 Sept. 82. Med. Cert. 4 Sept. 90 to 16 Apl. 91. Med. Cert. 17 Nov. 94 to 16 Nov. 95. Med. Cert.
29	1st L. TAM 2d L. TEL	.....	Sydenham Henry Wynne, B.A., Trinity College, Dublin.	25 July 73	21 Oct. 73	19 to 22 July 78, Abs. 16 Feb. 83 to 13 Feb. 85. Furlo. 24 to 28 July 89, Abs. 28 Mar. 90 to 28 Mar. 91. Furlo. 29 Oct. 92 to 21 Apl. 93. Spl. leave.
<i>Attained 21 years' standing</i>						
30	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM	.....	William Jacob Tate.	4 July 74	35 Nov. 74	18 Sept. 79, Abs. 11 to 17 Dec. 83, Abs. 21 Apl. 87 to 20 Apl. 89. Furlo. 1 Apl. 94 to 19 Feb. 95. Furlo.
<i>Attained 20 years' standing</i>						
31	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM	.....	Jacob Henry Apperley Tre- menheere.	8 July 75	23 Nov. 75	9 April 86 to 12 Dec. 87. Furlo. 19 Oct. 91 to 13 Oct. 93. Furlo.
31	1st L. TEL TEL TAM 2d L. TAM PERSIAN HINDU- STANI. High Indy. ARABIC Higher standard Rusi. Int.	.....	The Hon. Mr. John David Rees, F.R.S.E., M.B.A.S., C.A.E.	21 July 75	10 Nov. 75	4 Mar. to 7 Dec. 88. Furlo. 15 Mar. to 14 Sept. 89. Med. Cert. 15 to 29 Sept. 89, Extra. Leave. 21 Jany. to 15 Dec. 93. Furlo.*

* The period of 8 months spent in Russia is treated as part of furlo taken but will count as Indian duty for promotion and pension only.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jany. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments--Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
19 0 25	22 2 6	Rs. 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Tinnevely--5th Nov. 1895. --PALACOTTAM.	
18 8 8	22 2 11	Rs. 2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., N. Arcot--12th Feb. 1894. --CHITTOOR.	Cannot take spl. leave. Member of the Board of Examiners--19th Sept. 1894.
<i>on the 18th October 1895.</i>				
18 2 6	21 2 6	Rs. 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge Salem --10th Oct. 1893--SALEM	
<i>on the 10th November 1895.</i>				
16 5 9	20 1 8	Rs. 2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,383 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Bellary--13th Dec. 1894. --BELLARY.	
18 7 2	20 1 21	Rs. 2,000 0 0 50 0 0 2,050 0 0	Collr. and Magt. and Addl. Sess. Judge, Nilgiris-- 11th Augt. 1890--Also Persian and Hindustani Translator to Govt. and Exr. in Hindustani--12th Dec. 1891--Addl. Member of the Council of the Govt. Genl. for making Laws and Regns.--11th Oct. 1895.	Fellow of the Madras University--15th March 1887. <i>In transit.</i>

No.	2 Lang. guages Passed.	3 Rewards in Lang. guages.	4 Names.	5 Commence- ment of Service.	6 Date of Arrival.	7 Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
33	1st L.Tel. 2d L.Tam.	.....	Walter Miller Thorburn, B.A., Dalhousie Coll., Halifax.	26 July 75	26 Nov. 75	16 Apl. to 13 Aug. 76, Med. Cert. 26 Oct. 83 to 19 July 85, Med. Cert. 24 Aug. 89 to 1 July 90, Furlo. 2 July to 26th Dec. 90, Med. Cert. 21 Mar. to 16th Sep. 93, Spl. leave.
34	1st L.Tam. 2d L.Tel.	.....	Arthur Henry Temple Martine- dale.	27 July 75	16 Nov. 75	14 June 78 to 11 Mar. 79, Med. Cert. 13 Oct. to 29 Dec. 79, Spl. Leave. 23 Oct. 85 to 28 Oct. 86, Furlo. 4 April 91 to 10 Jan. 92, Furlo.
35	1st L.Tam. Russ. Int. 2d L.Tel.	.....	Hornor Hambley O'Farrell.	21 July 75	23 Nov. 75	3 to 23 Feb. 76, Med. Cert. 25 Sep. 81, Abs. 14 Nov. 83 to 8 May 84, Spl. Leave. 7 Nov. 85 to 30 Oct. 87, Furlo. 4 Nov. 93 to 28 Feb. 95, Furlo.*
36	1st L.Tel. 2d L.Tam.	.....	Guy Francis Thos. Power, Oriel College, Oxford.	13 Aug. 75	23 Nov. 75	10 Dec. 86 to 17 Dec. 87, Furlo. 26 June 91 to 25 June 92, Furlo. 26 June to 18 Dec. 92, Med. Cert.
37	1st L.Tam. 2d L.Tel.	.....	James Paul Fiddian, M.A., Christ College, Cambridge.	13 Aug. 75	13 Nov. 75	28 Sept. to 1 Oct. 80, Abs. 14 Mar. 84 to 30 Jan. 85, Furlo. 26 Mar. 91 to 20 Sep. 92, Furlo. 21 Sept. to 11 Dec. 92, Med. Cert. 16 Apl. to Oct. 95, Spl. leave.

8 Actual Service up to 31st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	9 Total Service	10 Salary and Allowances.	11 Appointments—Stations.	12 Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
16 2 13	20 1 5	r. 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Karnool—12th Aug. 1893. —KARNUL.	Caution for Spl. leave.
17 4 23	20 1 31	r. 2,000 0 0	Resident, 2nd class and Commr. of Ajmere.—26th May 1894.—Offg. Resident in the Western States of Rajputana.—28th June 1895 —JODHPUR.	
16 10 25	20 1 4	r. 2,383 5 4	Colly and Magt. of the Dist. Trichinopoly—9th Jan. 1894.—Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, South Malabar.— 4th Nov. 1895.—CALICUT.	
17 7 6	20 1 5	r. 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Nellore —12th Mar. 1895.—NEL- LORE.	
15 10 26	20 1 18	r. 1,333 5 4	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Gan- jam—12th May 1894.— BURNAMPORE.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Comments ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 19 years' standing</i>						
38	1st LTAM 2d LTAL	TAM High Profy. SANS Honors	Arthur Therap- son, M.A., Univ. of London.	24 Aug. 76	20 Nov. 76	16 Mar. 88 to 15 Dec. 89, Furlo. 20 Apl. 95, Furlo. Leave expires, 19 Jan. 97.
39	1st LTAM 2d LTAL	Russ. Int.	William Henry Welsh.	31 July 76	20 Nov. 76	4 Mar. 85 to 28 Oct. 86, Furlo. 1 Aug. 90 to 6 Dec. 91, Furlo.*
40	1st LTAM 2d LTAL	.....	Thomas Men- delssohn Hees- sell, (Bar-at- Law)	30 Aug. 76	5 Dec. 76	17 Mar. to 11 Sept. 81, Spl. Leave. 6 Mar. 84 to 5 Nov. 85, Med. Cert. 21 Feb. 90 to 1 Nov. 90, Furlo. 21 Mar. 93 to 17 Mar. 94, Med. Cert.
41	1st LTAL 2d LTAM	.....	Alfred William Buckle Higgins.	14 Sep. 76	4 Dec. 76	4 to 9 Sept. 86, Abs. 23 Aug. 87 to 22 June 89, Furlo. 15 Sep. 93 to 15 Dec. 94, Furlo.
<i>Attained 18 years' standing</i>						
42	1st LTAL 2d LTAM	MAL. High Profy.	Vernor Alexander Brodie, Univ. College, London.	11 Aug. 77	6 Jan. 78	20 April 88 to 7 Apl. 89, Furlo. 28 Apl. 89, Abs. 21 Jan. 93 to 19 Jan. 95, Furlo.

*The period of 8 months spent in Russia is treated as part of furlo taken but will count as Indian duty for promotion and pension only.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
<i>on the 20th November 1895.</i>				
y. m. d. 16 7 0	y. m. d. 19 0 11	Rs. a p. ABS A 1,168 10 8 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 a year.	Dist. and Sess. Judge, North Malabar—22nd June 1891	a furlo. to Euro. for 1 year and 9 months, from 20th Apl 1895.
16 9 10	19 1 11	R 2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,333 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., South Canara.—6th Nov. 1894.—MANGALORE.	
16 2 22	19 0 27	R 2,333 5 4	District and Sessions Judge, Tanjore—26th Feb. 1893.— TANJORE.	
15 11 19	19 0 26	R 2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,333 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tanjore—13th Dec. 1894.—PALANCOOTTAH.	
<i>on the 7th November 1895.</i>				
16 0 0	17 11 26	R 2,333 5 4 50 0 0 2,333 5 4	Collr. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Coimbatore—5th Nov. 1895.—COIMBATORE.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Rank- grades Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
43	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL	TAN MAL FERNAN- HINSE- STAN High Profy.	John Willoughby Francis Dumerque	11 Sep. 77	28 Dec. 77	25 Jan. 78, Abs. 5 Dec. 84 to 27 Feb. 86, Med. Cert.
44	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL		Samuel Russell, B.A., LL.B. Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Aug. 77	7 Nov. 77	4 to 7 Sept. 82, Abs. 29 Dec. 84 to 2 Jan. 85, Abs. 20 Mar. 85 to 19 Jan. 87, Med. Cert. 20 Jan. to 13 Feb. 87, Extr. Leave 20 Oct. 88 to 19 Oct. 90, Med. Cert. 20 Oct. 90 to 18 July 91, Extra. leave.
45	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAN		William Outhbert Belger, F.A., Trinity College, Dublin.	17 Aug. 77	5 Nov. 77	7 Dec. 81, Abs. 30 Oct. 85 to 24 Oct. 86, Med. Cert.
46	1st L. TEL 2d L. CAN		Francis D'Arco Osborne, Wolfe Murray, Esq. Andrew's Quay.	11 Sep. 77	19 Dec. 77	12 Nov. 78 to 11 Nov. 79, Med. Cert. 12 Nov. 79 to 16 Jan. 80, Extr. Leave. 15 and 16 July 85, Abs. 16 Mar. 88 to 15 June 89, Furlo. 16 June to 24 Sept. 89, Med. Cert. 25 Sep. 89, Extr. Leave. 6 to 10 Oct. 92, Abs. 8 Oct. 95, Med. Cert. Leave Expires 7 Jan. 97
47	1st L. TEL 2d L. CAN		Murray Hammett	5 Sep. 77	18 Dec. 77	6 Nov. 82, Abs. 26 Nov. 87 to 16 Jan. 89, Furlo. 1 Dec. 93 to 2 Dec. 94, Furlo.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date to arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
p. m. d.	p. m. d.	R. n. p.		
15 9 15	18 0 9	2,383 5 +	Dist. and Sess. Judge, Madura—12th Augt. 1893. —MADURA.	Member of the Board of Examiners—31st Aug. 1894.
14 5 20	18 1 24	2,383 5 +	Dist. and Sessions Judge, Chingleput—4th Feb. 1893. —CHINGLEPUT.	
17 0 28	18 1 24		Dist. and Sess. Judge, On furl. to Euro. for Trichinopoly—19th Oct. 1895.	1 year.
15 0 28	18 0 13	1,124 2 3	Collr. and Magr. of the Dist., South Arcot—8th Nov. 1894.	On furl. on Medl. Cert. to Europe for 1 year and 3 months, from 8th Oct. 1895.
15 10 23	18 0 14	2,500 0 0	Inspr.-Genl. of Police.—13th Dec. 1894—MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
49	1st LTAM 2d L Tel		Hugh Gore Joseph, M.A., New College, Oxford.	18 Aug. 77	7 Nov. 77	13 May to 9 June 79, Med. Cert. 16 Nov. 83 to 9 Nov. 84, Med. Cert. 27 July 87 to 26 July 88, Med. Cert. 27 July to 29 Oct. 88, Extra Leave. 1 June 94 to Nov. 95, Furl.

CLASS IV, Attained 17 years' standing

49	1st L CAN 2d L Tel		Herbert Bradley, (Bar. at Law.)	18 Sep. 78	3 Dec. 78	6 Apl. 90 to 7 Nov. 91, Furl. 24 to 26 Oct. 95, Abs.
50	1st L TAN 2d L Tel		Henry Alexander Sims	3 Sep. 78	19 Nov. 78	18 July 89 to 4 July 90, Furl. 6 July 92 to 8 July 93, Med. Cert. 9 July 93 to 11 Apl. 95, Extra leave.
51	1st L TAN Special Test	UNTA	Charles Herbert Mouney, (Bar. at Law.)	6 Aug. 78	4 Dec. 78	18 to 23 Oct. 82, Abs. 16 July 85, Abs. 18 May 89 to 18 Nov. 90, Furl. 30 Dec. 93 to 3 Jan. 95, Furl.
52	1st L TAN 2d L TAN		John Nathaniel Atkinson.	5 Aug. 78	3 Dec. 78	17 Dec. 85 to 18 Nov. 87, Med. Cert. 22 Apl. to 17 Oct. 88, Spl. Leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
14 3 27	18 1 24	R 2,333 5 4	Dist. and Sessions Judge, S. Canara—9th Oct. 1895. —MANGALORE.	
on the 19th November 1895.				
15 5 24	17 0 20	R 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimbatore.—12th Sep. 1894.—COIMBATORE.	Member of the Board of Examiners—31st Augt. 1894.
15 10 21	17 1 12	R 2,333 5 4	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madura—15th Apl. 1895— Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, S. Arcot.—4th Nov. 1895. —CUDALORE.	
14 6 20	17 0 20	R 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—1st July 1895.— Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Salem.—5th Nov. 1895.—SALEM.	
14 8 1	17 0 20	R 2,333 5 4 T 50 0 0	Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna.—18th Dec. 1894.— MASULIPATAN.	
		2,383 5 4		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Language Passed.	Rewards in Language.	Names.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 10 years' standing</i>						
53	1st LTan 2d LTan	Univa Special Text	Charles James Weir, Queen's College, Belfast.	18 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	10 July 83 to 29 Mar. 84 Med. Cert. 2 July 89 to 12 Oct. 90 Furio.
54	1st LTan 2d LTan	Tan. High Profy.	Frederick Harper Hammett.	12 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	24 Nov. 82 to 29 Oct. 83 Med. Cert. 24 July 88 to 20 July 89 Med. Cert. 9 Mar. 94 to 17 Feb. 95 Medl. Cert.
55	1st LTan 2d LTan	Tan. High Profy.	Charles Mylne Mulle's, University of London.	11 Sep. 79	3 Nov. 79	11 Sep. 91 to 11 Dec. 92 Furio.
56	1st LTan 2d LTan	.....	John Twigg, Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 79	3 Dec. 79	5 to 7 Jan. 80, Abs. 16 June 81 to 15 June 82, Med. Cert. 16 June to 12 Dec. 82, Extr. leave. 20 and 21 Augt. 90, Abs. 23 Apl. 93 to 19 Jany. 95, Furio.
57	1st LTan 2d LTan	.....	James Andrew	12 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	6 July 83, Abs. 22 Mar. 89 to 27 Dec. 90, Furio.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jany. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
<i>on the 3rd November 1895.</i>				
p. m. d. 15 1 13	y. m. d. 25 1 14	Rs. a. p. r 2,500 0 0 t 50 0 0 2,550 0 0	Collr. Dist. Magt and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam.—13th Dec. 1895.—CHATRAPUR.	
13 3 1	16 1 14	p 1,800 0 0 a a 466 10 8 2,266 10 8	+Dist. and Sess. Judge, Kistna.—15th Feb. 1895.—WASULIPATAN.	+2nd Grade Judge, Ag. in the 1st Grade.
14 2 26	16 1 28	p 1,800 0 0 a a 466 10 8 t 50 0 0 2,316 10 8	+Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool.—1st July 1895.—KOLNOOR.	+2nd Grade Collr. Ag. in the 1st Grade.
12 10 0	16 6 29	p 1,166 10 8 a a 777 12 5 t 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Madras.—23rd Mar. 1894.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madras.—1st Feb. 1895.—MADRAS.	
14 4 7	16 1 14	p 1,166 10 8 a a 777 12 5 t 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Principal Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam.—18th Dec. 1891.—Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Trichinopoly.—2nd Dec. 1893.—TRICHINOPOLY.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
58	1st L TEL 2d L TAM	URITA Special Test.	Andrew Edmund Castlehurst Stuart, F.R.S., F.L.S., F.R.G.S.	9 Sep. 79	17 Nov. 79	21 July 90, Abs.
59	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	....	Alexander Cham- bers Tate, M.A., Queen's Coll., Belfast, and Trinity Coll., Dublin.	18 Sep. 79	5 Dec. 79	5 to 7 Jan. 90, Abs. 19 Apl. 92, to 13 Apl. 94 Med. Cert.
<i>Attained 15 years' standing</i>						
60	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	....	Ramsey Douglas Broadfoot, (Bar- at-Law)	4 Sep. 80	27 Dec. 80	6 and 7 Augt. 84, Abs. 11 and 12 July 87, Abs. 3 May 89 to 26 Dec. 90, Furl.
61	1st L TEL 2d L Hrv.	....	Henry Mervin	1 Sep. 80	7 Dec. 80	7 to 11 April 84, Abs. 22 Feb. 90 to 23 Nov. 91, Furl. 19 Sept. 95, Spl. leave. Leave expires, 18 Mar. 96
62	1st L MAL 2d L TAM	....	Edward Creswell Rowson, Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 80	13 Dec. 80	13 Feb. 90 to 7 Feb. 92, Furl.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1895 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
16 1 13	16 1 14	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., South Arcot—1st Feb. 1893. —Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist. S. Arcot—25th Nov. 1893.—Cuddalore.	
14 1 0	16 0 29	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 T 50 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Cuddalore—9th Oct. 1895. —Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist. Cuddalore—25th Sept. 1895.—Cuddalore.	
<i>on the 29th November 1895.</i>				
13 4 7	13 0 5	P 1,166 10 8 A A 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., N. Arcot—13th Dec. 1894. —Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, Trichinopoly—31st Augt. 1894.—TRICHINOPOLY.	
13 0 3	14 11 25	A A 774 5 8 Subject to a maxi- mum of £500 a year.	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Malabar, 23rd Mar. 1894.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On Spl. leave on urgent private affairs to Euro for 6 months, from 19th Sep. 1895.
13 0 23	15 0 13	P 1,166 10 8 A A 535 8 11 T 55 0 0 1,772 3 7	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Kistna—21st Mar. 1895.— Ag. Collr., Magt. and Adhl. Sess. Judge, Nilgiris—30th Nov. 1895.—OOTACAMUND.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- uages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAME	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
63	1st LTAN 2d LTAN 6	.....	Raynolds Mac- leod, B.A. (Bar- at Law.) Clare College, Cam- bridge.	4 Oct. 80	13 Dec. 80	30 Mar. to 28 Sept. 82, Spl. leave. 12 Aug. 92 to 9 Jan. 94, Furla.
64	1st LTAN 2d LTAN	.....	John Hawtson, Balliol College, Oxford.	7 Oct. 80	13 Dec. 80	6 Feb. 89 to 1 Nov. 90, Furla. 23 June to 16 Dec. 93, Spl. leave.
<i>Attained 14 years' standing</i>						
65	1st LTAN 2d LTAN	.....	William Steven- son Meyer, B.A., University College, Lon- don.	16 Sept. 81	25 Dec. 81	1 July 86, Abs. 1 Feb. 94 to 4 Nov. 95, Furla.
66	1st LTAN 2d LTAN	.....	George Whitmore, Dance, Trinity Hall, Cambridge.	27 Sept. 81	27 Nov. 81	1 July 86, Abs. 29 April 90 to 17 Oct. 91, Furla. 19 Jan. 95, Furla. Leave expires, 18 Jan. 96.
67	1st LTAN 2d LTAN	.....	Harold Arthur Stuart, King's College Cambridge.	13 Sept. 81	24 Nov. 81	5 Apr. 95, Furla. Leave expires, 5 Feb. 96.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations	Remarks.
p. m. d.	p. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 8 20	15 0 19	R 1,168 10 8 A A 777 12 5 1,944 7 1	Sub-Collector and Joint Magt., Tinnevely—13th Feb. 1895 —Ag. Dist. and Sess. Judge, N. Malabar—6th Dec. 1895 —TIRUCHERRY.	
12 8 29	15 0 19	R 1,168 10 8 A A 777 12 5 F 59 0 0 1,994 7 1	Sub-Collector and Joint Magt., Salem—19th Dec. 1894. —Ag. Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar—17th Sep. 1895—CALICUT.	Cannot take Spl. leave.
<i>on the 25th November 1895.</i>				
13 8 2	14 0 7	R 1,168 10 8 F 35 0 0 1,203 10 8	Sub-Collector, Joint Magt. and Print. Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari—9th Oct. 1895. —RAJAHMUNDRY.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
11 8 23	14 1 4	ABS A 685 11 0 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 a year.	Sub-Collector and Joint Magt., Coimbatore—9th July 1898	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On furla. to Euro for 1 year, from 19th Jan. 1895.
13 4 11	14 1 6	ABS A 656 13 2	Print. Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vinnagapatam— 9th Oct. 1895.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. Member of the Board of Examiners—5th May 1892. On furla. to Europe for 7 months, from 6th Apr. 1895.—Eaten for 3 months.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
68	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	Alexander Gordon Cardew, B.A., Queen's College, Oxford.	13 Sep. 81	7 Dec. 82	5 Nov. 86 to 1 May 87, Med. Cert.
69	1st L TEL 2d L CAN	.....	Matthew Denby B.L., Christ Church, Oxford.	19 Sep. 81	25 Nov. 81	13 Jan. 91 to 5 Nov. 92, Furl.
...	1st L TAM 2d L MAL	.....	Kellakka Cella- ram Manivadan Raja, B.A., Madras Univy.	4 June 80	26 Aug. 82	27 Jan. to 15 Feb. 81, Lv. without Allee. 16 June 85 to 8 July 86, Lv. without Allee. 16 to 27 Nov. 86, Lv. without Allee.
<i>Attained 12 years' standing</i>						
70	1st L TAM 2d L TEL	.....	David Doig University of Aber- deen & King's Coll., Cambridge.	18 Sep. 82	7 Dec. 82	10 Sep. 80 to 6 Dec. 91, Med. Cert. 21 Mar. to 12 Sep. 93, Spl. leave.
71	1st L TAM 2d L TAM	URIVA Special Test. High Profy.	William Oplvie B.A., Trinity College, Oxford.	5 Oct. 82	7 Dec. 82	10 and 11 Oct. 91, Abs. 31 Mar. 94, Furl. Leave expires 30

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 6 28	13 0 25	r 1,833 5 4	Inspector General of Prisons —9th Aug. 1892.—Oova- CAMUND.	Member of the Board of Examiners—5th May 1892.
12 2 13	14 1 6	ABS A.	Sub Collr. and Joint Magt., Tanjore—13th Feb. 1895	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On furl. for 1 year and 2 months, from Dec. 1895.
14 10 1	15 3 27	ABS A.	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Nellore—13th Feb. 1895.	Magistrate, 1st Class. On furl. for 6 months, from 2nd Dec. 1895.
<i>on the 7th December 1894.</i>				
11 4 4	13 0 25	r 1,500 0 0	Secy. to the Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Sepa- rate Rev.—31st July 1894. —MADRAS.	Cannot take Spl. leave.
11 3 23	13 0 25	ABS A 421 3 10	Dy. Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Separate Rev., Su. Diva—9th Nov. 1893.	On furl. for 1 year and 7 months, from 31st Mar. 1894.— Exten. for 5 months

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Langs. Passed.	Rewards in Langs.	NAMES.	Commence-ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
...	...	...	Mahomed Raza Khan	30 Nov. 82	30 Nov. 82	7 to 28 Sept. 86, Extra Leave.
<i>Attained 12 years' standing</i>						
72	1st LTam 2d LTcl	.....	Reginald Heler Salpicy, Balliol College, Oxford.	27 Sep. 82	20 Dec. 83	11 Mar. 83 to 9 Mar. 95, Furl.
73	1st LTcl 2d LTam	.....	Leslie Creery Milner, Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Sep. 83	28 Nov. 83	12 and 13 Dec. 89, Abs.
74	1st LTcl 2d LTam	Tel. Sana, High Profy.	Gerald Edward Lyon Campbell, University of Edinburgh.	27 Sep. 83	11 Dec. 83	26 to 28 Feb. 86, Abs. 28 Apr. 91 to 23 Oct. 95, Furl.
75	1st LTcl 2d LTam	.....	Edgar Alfred Elwin, Balliol College, Oxford.	7 Sep. 83	7 Nov. 83	5 Augt. 91 to 27 July, Med. Cert.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
13 0 9	13 1 1	P 491 11 9 A A 189 15 3 T 85 0 0 696 11 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., South Arcot.—24th Augt. 1894.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., S. Arcot.—4th May 1894.—TINDIVANAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
<i>on the 7th November 1895.</i>				
10 0 12	12 0 12	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Spl. Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari.—1st Jan. 1891.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Kistna.—GUNTUR.	Magistrate, 1st Class ; Justice of the Peace.
12 1 1	12 1 3	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Senior Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Vizagapatam.—1st Oct. 1895.—Ag. Princ. Asst. Collr., Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Vizagapatam.—VIZIANAGRAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class ; Justice of the Peace.
10 0 15	12 0 21	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Timmavelli.—29th Oct. 1895.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Timmavelli.—4th Nov. 1895.—TIRUCHIR.	Magistrate, 1st Class ; Justice of the Peace.
10 1 24	12 1 24	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Spl. Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Ganjam.—1st Oct. 1895.—Ag. Princ. Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Ganjam.—1st Augt. 1895.—CHITTOOR.	Magistrate, 1st Class ; Justice of the Peace. Addl. Sess. Judge for the trial of such cases as may arise within the Agency tracts in his Divn., 10th Apl. 1895.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Exwards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.

CLASS V, Attained 11 years' standing

76	2d L Un	.....	Bernard Loughton Trinity College, Dublin.	6 Oct. 84	22 Jan. 85	30 Apr. 93 to 19 Apr. 95, Furlo.
77	1st L Tan 2d L Un	.....	Robert Morris, M.A. University of Glasgow and University Col- lege, London.	10 Sep. 84	12 Jan. 85	17 Oct. 95, Furlo. Leave expires, 16 Oct. 96.
78	1st L Tan 2d L Tan	.....	Robert Bailey Cliffe, Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 84	12 Jan. 85	2 Feb. 91 to 27 Jan. 93, Med. Cert. 11 Nov. 93 to 11 Feb. 94, Spl. leave.
79	1st L Tan 2d L Tan	.....	Lionel Maling Wynch, B.A., Balliol College, Oxford.	11 Sep. 85	7 Dec. 85	.....
80	1st L Tan 2d L Tan	.....	Arthur Francis Pinhey, Priory College, Oxford.	15 Sep. 84	3 Nov. 84	22 Mar. 93 to 16 Dec. 94, Furlo.

9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.
on the 3rd November 1895.			
y. m. d. 8 11 18	y. m. d. 10 11 9	Rs. d. p. 1,333 5 4 AA 323 5 4 1,656 10 8	Dy. Commr., 3rd Grade, Berna—10th Apr. 1894.— Offg. in 2nd Gr.—29th Apr. 1895.—Mysore.
10 9 6	10 11 20	Rs. d. p. 558 11 0 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 a year.	Spl. Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Vingapattam—22nd Nov. 1894.
8 7 23	10 11 20	Rs. d. p. 763 5 4 AA 265 8 11 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool —29th Oct. 1895.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Tanjore.—19th Feb. 1894. —KUMBakonam.
10 0 25	10 0 25	Rs. d. p. 1,560 0 0	Secy. to the Commrs of Land Rev.—1st Feb. 1894. —MADRAS.
9 5 1	11 1 28	Rs. d. p. 785 5 4 AA 265 8 11 35 0 0 1,085 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar —10th May 1895.—Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Malabar.—3rd Jan. 1896.—TALICHERRY.

Permanently trans-
ferred to Burma.—
G. O., No. 21, Pub.,
dated 17th Jan. 1893.

Magistrate, 1st Class,
Justice of the Peace.
On furlo. to Europe
for 2 years, from 17th
Oct. 1895.

Canoe of Sub Spl. leave,
Magistrate, 1st Class,
Justice of the Peace.

Magistrate, 1st Class,
Justice of the Peace.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Language Passed.	Rewards in Languages.	Name.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if leave on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 10 years' standing</i>						
81	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	UNYA. Special Post.	Herbert Douglas Taylor, St Peter's College, Cambridge.	18 Sept. 85	7 Dec. 85	28 to 31 Oct. 90, Abs.
82	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	.....	Reginald Childers, Chillingham, Trinity College, Oxford.	10 Sept. 85	7 Dec. 85	27 Dec. 85 to 24 Dec. 92, Med. Cert.
83	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	.....	Alan Butterworth, Balliol College, Oxford.	28 Sept. 85	15 Dec. 85	2 May 95, Furl. Leave expires, 1 Nov. 96.
84	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	Thm. Hark & Proby	Richard Hamilton Campbell, Edinburgh University.	30 Sept. 85	18 Dec. 85	20 to 22 Feb. 86, Abs.
85	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	CAS. High Proby.	Donald Wilson, Garden Course, N.A., Ex-Officio, Balliol College, Oxford.	27 Sept. 85	30 Nov. 85	18 and 19 Nov. 90, Abs.
86	1st L.T.S. 2d L.T.S.	.....	Henry Vane Cobb, St. John's, Trinity Coll. Cambridge.	24 Sept. 85	18 Nov. 85	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments--Stations.	Remarks.
<i>on the 7th December 1895.</i>				
y. m. d. 10 0 21	y. m. d. 10 0 25	R. a. p. R 1,166 10 8 T 35 0 0 1,201 10 8	Manager of the Jeypore Estate.--9th Feb. 1890.	
9 0 28	10 0 25	P 1,650 0 0 A.A. 116 10 8 T 35 0 0 1,201 10 8	Under Secy. to Govt. in the Depts. under the Chief Secy.--12th Aug. 1893.--Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magr., Chingleput--16th Oct. 1895.--CHINGLEPUT.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
10 0 10	10 0 17	ABS A 497 15 6 Subject to a minimum of £500 a year.	Under Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.--12th Aug. 1893.	On furl. to Europe for 18 months, from 2nd May 1895.
10 0 11	10 0 14	P 768 5 4 A.A. 200 5 0 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magr. of the Dist., Salem--24th Aug. 1894--Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magr., Salem--17th Apr. 1894--Rohas.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
9 0 29	9 0 1	ABS A	Regn. High Court, Appellate S'le.--26th Nov. 1895.	On furl. for 7 months, from Dec. 1895.
9 1 13	9 1 13	P 768 5 4 A.A. 200 5 0 A.A. 200 0 0 1,168 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magr. of the Dist., Nilgiris--17th Feb. 1892.--Offg. Pol. Agent, Bd. C. and Asst. Commr. Ajmers--Ajmers.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
...	1st L. TAM 2d L. TEL	.....	Tiruvannamalai Aiyar Srinivasan Aiyar, B.A., Ma- dras University	21 Dec. 83	27 Jan. 86	14 Aug. to 12 Dec. 90, Med. Cert.
<i>Attained 9 years' standing</i>						
87	1st L. TAM 2d L. TEL	.....	James Walker, University of Aberdeen and Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sept. 86	1 Dec. 88	17 July 91 to 30 Oct. 92, Med. Cert.
88	1st L. TAM 2d L. TEL	.....	Norman Somer- ville Brodie, B.A., Christ Church, Oxford.	13 Oct. 86	12 Dec. 87	.....
89	1st L. TAM 2d L. TEL	Tam High Profy.	Herbert Oliver Dennan Hor- ding, Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sept. 86	8 Dec. 86	16 Mar. 95, Perlo. Leave expires, 15 Sep. 96.
90	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM	.....	James Hume Munro, Em- manuel College, Cambridge.	16 Sept. 86	21 Nov. 86	10 Nov. 91 to 9 May 92, Spl. leave. 10 May to 6 Nov. 92, Extra leave. 29 Jan. to 21 July 98, Extra leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
11 8 12	12 0 11	P 401 11 9 A A 169 15 3 r 85 0 0 696 11 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimba- tore—10th May 1895— Ag. Sub-Collr., Coimbatore. —22nd Apl. 1895.—Euboe.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
<i>on the 19th November 1895.</i>				
7 9 15	9 1 0	P 800 0 0 A A 355 8 10 1,155 8 10	Asst. Commr., 1st class, Cen- tral Provinces—16th Oct. 1894.—Offg. Dy. Commr., 3rd class.—1st Apl. 1895 —SEONT.	
8 0 20	8 0 20	P 768 5 4 A A 287 12 5 1,056 1 9	Head Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizagapatam—22nd Oct. 1895.—Ag. Dy. Commr. of Salt, Abkari and Separate Rev., Sn. Dn.—18th Apl. 1895.—Ag. Dy. Commr. of Salt and Abkari Rev., Central Divn.—28th Nov. 1895.—MADRAS.	
8 3 9	9 9 24	Ass. A. 470 5 2 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 a year.	Spl. Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Mula- bar—3rd Dec. 1894.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On furl. to Eur. for 18 months, from 16th Mar. 1895.
7 7 12	9 1 10	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 r 85 0 0 1,068 14 5	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara—13th Dec. 1894— Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Cuddapah—25th Mar. 1895—MADRAS.	Magistrate, 1st Class, Justice of the Peace.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if saw on leave, date of expiry of leave.
91	1st L. Tan. 2d L. Tan.	.....	Edwin Scott, University Col- lege, London.	16 Oct. 86	15 Jan. 87	11 Nov. 84 to 23 Oct. 95, Med. Cert.
92	1st L. Tan. 2d L. Tan.	.....	John George Barton, Port- ridge, Univer- sity College, London.	2 Oct. 86	15 Jan. 87	17 Mar. 91 to 6 Sep. 91, Spl. leave. 1 Aug. 95 Furla. Leave expired, 31 Jan. 97.
...	1st L. Tan. 2d L. Tan.	.....	Tenalepalli Vero- du Rao, B.A., B.L., Madras Univer- sity.	24 July 85	17 Aug. 87	15 Jan. to 14 May 86, Med. Cert. 3 Aug. 91 to 1 Feb. 92, Spl. Leave. 17 Oct. to 7 Nov. 92, Extra leave.
<i>Attained 8 years' standing</i>						
93	1st L. Tan. 2d L. Tan.	.....	John Kaye, Batten, Oriel College, Oxford.	8 Sept. 87	29 Nov. 87	.....
94	1st L. Tan. 2d L. Tan.	.....	Walter Henry Michael, Balliol College, Oxford.	9 Sept. 87	5 Dec. 87	1 to 4 Nov. 92, Abs.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d. 8 0 4	y. m. d. 8 11 17	Rs. a. p. P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Nellore—22nd Oct. 1895. —Ag. Sub-Collr. and Jt. Magt., Nellore—9th Nov. 1895.—ONGOLE.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
8 0 27	8 11 17	ASSA 500 13 4 Subject to a mini- mum of £500 a year.	Senior Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Ganjam—12th Aug. 1893.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. Cannot take Spl. leave. On furla to Europe for 1 year and 6 months, from 1st Aug. 1895.
9 6 16	10 5 8	P 358 8 5 T 11 1 9 369 8 2	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—27th July 1891.—CALICUT.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
<i>on the 15th November 1895.</i>				
8 1 2	8 1 2	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 3	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Mad- urn—10th May 1895.— Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Madurn—23rd Mar. 1895.—DINDIGUL.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
8 4 23	8 0 27	P 1,000 0 0 A A 250 0 0 1,250 0 0	Enrolled Officer, Class III.— 22nd July 1895.—Offg. in Class II.—22nd Nov. 1894. —Dy. Acctt.-Genl.—22nd Nov. 1894.—MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Len- guages Passed.	Rewards in Len- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
95	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Uri		Graham Warbur- ton Elphinstone, Trinity College, Cambridge.	19 Sep. 87	19 Nov. 87	
96	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Tam		Ernest Llewellyn Vaughan, Emmanuel Col- lege, Cambridge	16 Sep. 87	15 Nov. 87	20. Mar. to 17 Nov. 94. Med. Cert.
97	1st L. Tam 2d L. Tel		Llewellyn Eddi- son Buckley, New College, Oxford.	19 Sep. 87	17 Nov. 87	7 May to 5 Nov. 92. Med. Cert.
98	1st L. Tam 2d L. Tel		John Aitchison Cumming, Aberdeen Uni- versity and Bal- liol College, Ox- ford.	12 Oct. 87	16 Dec. 87	
99	1st L. Tam 2d L. Hin		Oswald Vivian Bosmanquet, New College, Oxford.	17 Sep. 87	17 Nov. 87	4 and 5 July 91, Abs.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
8 1 12	8 1 12	P 768 5 4 T 35 0 0 803 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Goda- vari—3rd Dec. 1894.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On priv. leave for 3 months, from 12th Nov. 1895.
7 5 17	8 1 16	P 768 5 4 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0 1,068 14 2	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., North Arcot—22nd Nov. 1894.— Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., North Arcot.—23rd Mar. 1895.—VELLORE.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
7 7 14	8 1 14	P 768 5 4 T 35 0 0 803 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tan- jore—29th Oct. 1895.— NEGAPATAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. To act as Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., Kistna.
8 0 16	8 0 16	ANS A	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Trichinopoly—28th Oct. 1895.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. On furl. to Euro. for 1 year, from Dec. 1895.
8 1 12	8 1 14	P 600 0 0 A A 406 10 8 1,006 10 8	Political Asst., 2nd class— Offg. Pol. Agent, 3rd Class —2nd Apl. 1895.—Offg. Under Secy. to Govt. of India, Foreign Dept.—16th May 1895.—SINLA.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAME.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
100	1st L Tel. 2d L Tan		Arthur Trevor Forbes, Christ's College, Cambridge.	18 Oct. 87	23 Nov. 87	30 Mar. 90 to 23 Mar. 91, Med. Cert. 30 Mar. 91 to 23 Nov. 91, Extra leave.

Attained 7 years' standing

101	1st L Tan 2d L Tel	Sans. High Profy	Lancel Davidson, B.A., Balliol Col- lege, Oxford.	1 Sep. 88	23 Dec. 89	
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102	1st L Tan 2d L Tel		William Back Ayling, Mag- dalen College Cambridge.	18 Oct. 88	30 Jan. 89	13 July to 28 Dec. 94 Spl. leave. 13 to 15 Jan. 95, Leave without All.
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103	1st L Tel 2d L Tan		Francis Gibson Parsons, Trinity College, Cambridge.	18 Oct. 88	30 Jan. 89	25 to 29 Mar. 94, Abs. 8 to 20 Jan. 94, Med. Cert.
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104	1st L Tel 2d L Tan		Herbert Emms Webb Gilman, Emmanuel Col- lege, Cambridge.	31 Aug. 89	1 Dec. 88	3 and 10 Nov. 92, Abs.
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8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st July, 1895 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
8 5 7	8 1 2	R 708 5 4 T 35 0 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magistrate, 1st Class. Magt. of the Dist., Anantapur.—29th July 1895— PATEONDA.	
		803 5 4		

on the 1st December 1895.

8 9 10	8 0 10	R 500 0 0 A A 320 10 8 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., North Arcot.— 26th July 1895—Ag. Under Secy. to Govt. in the Dept. under the Chief Secy.— 24th Apr. 1895.—MADRAS.	
		865 10 8		

8 5 10	8 11 2	R 500 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; of the Dist., Nilgiris.—18th Nov. 1895—Ag. Head Asst. Also Ag. Dist. Jundiff, to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Nilgiris.—18th Nov. 1895.—OOTAAMUND.	
		795 0 0		

8 10 14	8 11 2	R 500 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0	*Spt. Sertl. Officer, Malabar & S. Canara and Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of those Dist. Also Spl. Asst. to the Collr. of Nilgiris for Sertl. pur- poses.—17th Augt. 1894— CALICUT.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
		845 0 0		

8 0 28	7 1 0	R 500 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizaga- patnam.—Ag. Senior Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizaga- patnam.—8th Nov. 1895— PARVATEPURAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. Granted priv. leave for 3 months in con- tinuation of the Christmas Holidays.
		795 0 0		

* To him per ex Salary including Offic. allow., which would be admissible to him if serving in the regular line and not holding a Special Appointment and an allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem, which will count as part of Salary) subject to a maximum of Rs. 1,800.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Language Passed.	Rewards in Languages.	NAMES.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.

105	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL		William Ellis Jardine, Trinity College, Cambridge.	5 Sep. 88	20 Feb. 89	5 to 8 Aug. 93, Abs.
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Attained 6 years' standing

106	1st L. CAN 2d L. TAN		Andrew Mure Slight, Balliol College, Oxford.	2 Sep. 89	12 Nov. 89	
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107	1st L. TAN 2d L. MAL		John Herbert Robertson, Balliol College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 89	29 Nov. 89	8 Jan. 94, to 2 Nov. 95, Med. Cert.
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108	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL		James Penh Balliol, Balliol College, Oxford.	27 Sept. 89	14 Dec. 89	25 Nov. 91 to 20 Nov. 92, Med. Cert.
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109	1st L. TAN 2d L. HIS		Atul Chander Dutt, Christ's College, Cambridge.	17 Oct. 89	14 Jan. 90	18 Nov. 92 to 22 Aug. 93, Med. Cert. 24 July 94 to 21 Jan. 95 Med. Cert.
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8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.

y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.	
6 10 8	6 10 12	P 560 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tanjore—15th Dec. 1890.—Offg. Political Asst. 1st Class—22nd Oct. 1895.—2nd Asst. and Asst. Secy. for Bazar to the Resident at Hyderabad.—1st May 1894.—HYDERABAD.
		A A 200 0 0	
		L A 250 0 0	
		1,010 0 0	

on the 12th November 1895.

6 1 19	6 1 19	P 500 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., South Canara—28th Aug. 1890.—Offg. Dist. Magt. and Collr. of the Civil and MHy. Station, Bangalore.—3rd May 1895.—BANGALORE.
		A A 200 5 4	
		553 5 4	

4 2 0	6 1 2	P 500 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; of the Dist., S. Canara—14th Nov. 1895.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara.—14th Nov. 1895.—COONDAPUR.
		A A 200 0 0	
		T 25 0 0	
		795 0 0	

5 0 21	6 0 18	P 800 0 0	Enrolled Officer, Class IV—18th Nov. 1893.—Offg. in Class III—18th Nov. 1895.—Asst. Acctt. Genl. Madras—18th Nov. 1895.—MADRAS.
		A A 200 0 0	
		1,000 0 0	

4 8 15	5 11 18	P 600 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; of the Dist., Tinnevely—22nd Jan. 1895.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tinnevely—22nd Jan. 1895.—SRIKUMAR.
		A A 200 0 0	
		T 35 0 0	
		795 0 0	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Languges in Lan- guages.	Rewards	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	No. -residence and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN			Perungar Raja Vengal Chenni M.A., M.L., Mad- ras University.	18 Feb. 88	2 May 90	
<i>Attained 5 years' standing</i>						
110	1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN	SANS High Profy.	Vengal Vengo- pa Chenni, M.A. Madras Univer- sity & Christ's College, Cam- bridge.	8 Sep. 90	21 Nov. 90	
111	1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN	UNITA Spl. Test	Ernest Barnes Elwia, Balliol College, Oxford.	10 Sep. 90	5 Jan. 91	
112	1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN		Charles Gordon Spencer, Keble College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 90	26 Nov. 90	17 Nov. 91 to 16 Nov. 92, Med. Cert. 17 to 20 Nov. 92, Extra leave.
113	1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN		Walter Francis Corpus Christi College, Oxford.	28 Aug. 90	11 Nov. 90	
114	1st L. TAN 2d L. TAN		Charles George Folthorpe, King's College, Cambridge.	1 Sep. 90	26 Nov. 90	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival	Total Service from date of arrival	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments--Stations.	Remarks
y. m. d. 7 10 13	y. m. d. 7 10 13	Rs. R. P. P 358 6 5 A A 128 0 0 T 35 0 0 321 6 5	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madras --7th May 1894.--Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madras --7th May 1894.--RANMAD.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
<i>on the 11th November 1895.</i>				
5 1 10	5 1 10	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool--7th Apl. 1893--Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kurnool--7th Apl. 1893.--NANDYAL.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
4 11 27	4 11 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Vizagapatam --7th March 1891.--Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. Magt. and Agent to the Govt., Vizagapatam.--14th June 1892.--NARASAPAT- NAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Justice of the Peace.
4 1 1	5 1 5	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari --11th Augt. 1893.--Ag. Spl. Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Govt. Agent, Godavari--11th Augt. 1893.--POLIVARAM.	Magistrate 1st Class Justice of the Peace.
5 1 20	5 1 20	P 560 0 0 A A 233 5 4 853 5 4	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.--7th May 1894.--Ag. Under- Secy. to Govt., Rev. Dept.-- 17th July 1895.--MADRAS.	
5 1 6	5 1 5	P 700 0 0	Dy. Regr., High Court, Appel- late Side--26th July 1895 --MADRAS.	

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Language Passed.	Rewards in Language.	NAMES.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
115	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Tel.	.....	William Watkin Phillips, New College, Oxford.	9 Sep. 90	25 Nov. 90	8 Dec. 94 to 23 Oct. 95, Med. Cert.
116	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Unt. Spt. Test.	UNYA.	Perceval Stanley Pittwater Rice, New College, Oxford.	2 Oct. 90	8 Dec. 90	.....
117	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Tel.	.....	Francis D. Prentiss, Trinity College, Cambridge.	10 Sep. 90	11 Nov. 90	.....
<i>Attained 4 years' standing</i>						
118	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Tel.	.....	Matthew Joseph Murphy, Trinity College, Dublin.	7 Oct. 91	21 Dec. 91	.....
129	1st L. Tel. 2d L. Tel.	.....	Reginald Fearnley, Balliol College, Oxford.	18 Sep. 91	9 Nov. 91	.....

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan'y. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
4 2 20	5 1 6	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 760 0 0	Asst. to the Collr., Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizagapatam—9th Mar. 1893. —Ag. Asst. Secy. to Govt. in the Dept. under the Chief Secy.—4th Nov. 1895 —MADRAS.	
5 0 24	5 0 24	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 760 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Ganjam—5th Mar. 1891.—Ag. Senior Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam.—18th Jan'y. 1893.—BBSAMPUR.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
5 1 30	5 1 30	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 760 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna—16th Sept. 1894.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna.—16th Sept. 1894.—BBSAMPUR.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
<i>on the 9th November 1895.</i>				
4 0 11	4 0 11	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 760 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—9th Sept. 1894.—PALGHAT.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.
4 1 22	5 6 22	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 760 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimbatore—26th July 1895.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimbatore—26th July 1895.—POLLACHI.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	Names.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
120	1st L. MAU 2d L. TAM		Arthur Rowland Knapp, Christ Church, Oxford.	7 Sep. 91	20 Nov. 91	27 Oct. 94, to 26 Oct. 95. Med. Cert. 27 Oct. 95. Extra leave. leave expires, 26 Dec 95
121	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL		Francis Samuel Alfred Stowick, Trinity College, Oxford.	28 Sep. 91	10 Dec. 91	
122	1st L. CLAY 2d L. TAM		Robert Archer Graham, Brasen- nose College, Oxford.	19 Sep. 91	11 Nov. 91	
123	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM		Alexander Loder dale, Bunney, King's College, Cambridge.	19 Sep. 91	5 Dec. 91	
124	1st L. TEL 2d L. TAM Spl Tent.		Edward Lister chase, Barchin Therston, King's College, Cambridge.	21 Sep. 91	3 Dec. 91	
125	1st L. TAN 2d L. TEL		Alexander Ed- m- ning, Aberdeen University and Balliol College, Oxford.	14 Sep. 92	18 Dec. 92	

Attained 3 years

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
3 0 7	4 1 11			On furlough, on Medl. Cert. to Durin for 6 months, from 27th Oct. 1894. —Extra for 6 months. —Extra leave on Medl. Cert. for 2 months.
4 0 22	4 0 22	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. Dist. Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; and Agent to the Govr. Justice of the Peace. Ganjam—8th Mar. 1895— Ag. Spl. Asst. to the Collr. Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Ganjam.—8th Mar. 1895—RUSSELLKONDA.	
4 1 20	4 1 20	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. Dist. Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; and Agent to the Govr. Justice of the Peace. Vizagapatam.—17th Dec. 1894—Ag. Spl. Asst. to the Collr. Dist. Magt. and Agent to the Govr., Vizaga- patam.—17th Dec. 1894.— KORAPUT.	
4 0 27	4 0 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class; of the Dist., Bellary.— Justice of the Peace. 15th Mar. 1892—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Bellary— 10th Mar. 1894.—BELLARY.	
4 0 27	4 0 27	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr., Dist. Magt. Appd. to be Asst. and and Agent to the Govr. to act as Head Asst. Vizagapatam.—6th Feb. to the Collr. and 1893—Ag. Senior Asst. to Magt. of the District, the Collr., Magt. and Agent North Arcot. to the Govr., Vizagapatam Granted priv. leave for —8th June 1893. 2 months and 28 days.	
3 0 14	3 0 14	P 560 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0 795 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 1st Class of the Dist., S. Arcot.— Justice of the Peace. 8th Apl. 1894.—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Arcot.— 15th Apl. 1894.—VANDANA- CHALAM.	

standing on the 25th Nov. 1895.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed	Rewards in Lan- guages	NAME	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
126	1st L. Tam. 2d L. Tam.		Lewis, Grenville Mace, Worcester College, Oxford.	21 Sep. 92	12 Dec. 91	3rd Feb. 93, Abs.
127	1st L. Tam.		Mahimohan Shore, Balliol College, Oxford.	8 Sep. 92	11 Feb. 93	
128	1st S. Tam.		Stewart, William Graham, Exeter Manual Col- lege, Cambridge.	20 Oct. 92	20 Dec. 92	14 Oct. 93, 7 Apr. 94, Spl. leave.
129	1st L. Tam. 2d L. Tam.		Matthew, Young, Trinity College, Cambridge.	3 Oct. 92	25 Nov. 92	
130	1st L. Tam.		John, William Hughes, Clare College, Cam- bridge.	16 Sep. 92	25 Nov. 92	
131	1st B. Tam.		John, James Owen, R.A. Corps Christi College, Oxford.	13 Nov. 93	24 Dec. 93	8 Dec. 94, Med. Cert. Leave expired, 7th Dec. 95.

Attained 2 years' standing

130

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan'y, 1895 from date of arrival.	Total Service up to 1st Jan'y, 1895 from date of arrival.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks
p. m. d.	p. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
2 0 19	3 0 20	P 660 0 0 A A 200 0 0 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Godavari— 12th Mar. 1895—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Goda- vari—12th Mar. 1895.— ELLORE.	Magistrate, 1st Class, Justice of the Peace.
		795 0 0		
2 16 18	2 10 18	P 385 0 0 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Salem—17th May 1895—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Salem—17th May 1895—TIRUPATTUR.	Magistrate, 1st Class, Passed Lower Standard
		675 8 11		
2 6 24	3 0 12	P 385 0 0 A A 265 8 11 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Nellore—11th Dec. 1894—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Nellore—11th Dec. 1894—GUDUR.	Magistrate, 1st Class, Passed Lower Standard Cannot take Spl. leave.
		675 8 11		
3 1 6	3 1 6	P 560 0 0 T 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimbatore.	Magistrate, 1st Class; Justice of the Peace. <i>In transit.</i>
		571 1 9		
3 1 8	3 1 8	P 385 0 0 A A 255 8 11 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., N. Arcot— 17th Apr. 1895—Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., N. Arcot—17th Apr. 1895.— RANIGUT.	Magistrate, 1st Class, Passed Lower Standard
		675 8 11		
0 11 13	2 0 8	A A 250 0 0		<i>On furlough, on Medl. Cert. to Europe for 1 year, from 8th Dec. 1894, Permitted to return to duty. Appd. to be Asst. the Collr., Dist. Magt., and Agent to the Govt., Vizagapatam.</i>

on the 29th October 1895.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Language Passed.	Rank in Language	NAME.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
132	1st L. Mal.		James Thomas Gillespie, B.A., Royal University of Ireland and Emmanuel College, Cambridge.	27 Oct. 93	12 Dec. 93	
133	1st SOAN		Malcolm Edward Couchman, B.A., Christ Church, Oxford.	23 Oct. 93	7 Dec. 93	13 Sept. 95. Spl. leave. Leave expires 12 Mar. 96.
134	2d L. TAM		William Lys, B.A., Brasenose College, Oxford.	27 Oct. 93	10 Dec. 93	
135	1st STAL		Philip Joseph Pope, London University and Balliol College, Oxford.	2 Nov. 93	21 Dec. 93	
136	1st LTAM		Norman Edward Marjoribanks, Royal University of Ireland (Queen's College, Belfast) and Trinity Hall, Cambridge.	2 Sep. 93	29 Oct. 93	
137	2d STAM		Arthur Lionel Vibert, Emmanuel College, Cambridge.	3 Oct. 93	8 Nov. 93	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances	Appointments—Stations	Remarks
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	Rs. a. p.		
2 0 11	2 0 11	R 385 0 0 A A 255 8 11 7 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—16th Apl. 1895.—Ag. Spl. Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.—16th Apl. 1895.—MALAPPURAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Passed Lower Standard
1 0 7	2 0 25	Asst. 219 5 0 Subject to a maximum of £500 a year.	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara.—19th Mar. 1894.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Passed Lower Standard. On Spl. leave on urgent priv. affairs to Euro. for 6 months, from 13th Sep. 1895.
2 0 22	2 0 22	R 385 0 0 7 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Trichinopoly.—4th May 1895.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Passed Lower Standard. In transit.
2 0 11	2 0 11	R 385 0 0 7 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Canara.	Magistrate, 2nd Class. Passed Lower Standard. In transit.
2 2 3	2 2 3	R 385 0 0 7 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tanjore.—28th Mar. 1894.—VALLAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Passed Lower Standard. To act as Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tanjore.
2 1 23	2 1 23	R 385 0 0 7 11 1 9 396 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Tinnevely.—18th March 1894.—PALAM-COTTAR.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
138	1st STel		Leonard Tatham Harris, New Col- lege, Oxford.	3 Oct. 93	10 Dec. 93	
139	1st STAN		Sydney Gordon Roberts, Pam- broke College, Cambridge.	23 Sep. 93	27 Nov. 93	
140	1st STAN		Nell Macmichael, B.A. Edinburgh University and Balliol Coll., Oxford.	1 Nov. 94	2 Dec. 94	Under 1 year's
141	1st SMAL		Robert Frederick Austin, Univer- sity Coll., Ox- ford.	1 Nov. 94	23 Dec. 94	
142			John Owen Barn, B.A., LL.B., St. John's Coll., Cambridge.	2 Nov. 94	24 Dec. 94	
143	1st STel		Ernest Sampson Lloyd, B.A., Lincoln Coll., Oxford.	7 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	
144			Arthur Thompson, B.A., Queen's Coll., Oxford.	6 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service upto 1st Jan., 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
y. m. d.	y. m. d.	p. r.		
1 0 22	2 0 22	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt of the Dist., Ganjam— 6th March 1894—CHATRA- PUR.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
		396 1 9		
2 1 4	2 1 4	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., S. Arcot.— 20th Feb. 1894.—CUDDA- LORE.	Magistrate, 1st Class. Passed Lower Standard.
		396 1 9		
<i>standing.</i>				
1 1 0	1 1 0	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madurai.— 30th Jan. 1895.—MADRAS.	Magistrate, 2nd Class. Passed Lower Standard.
		396 1 9		
1 0 9	1 0 9	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.— 28th Jan. 1895.—CALICUT.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
		396 1 9		
1 0 8	1 0 8	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., N. Arcot.— 30th Jan. 1895.—CHIT- TOOR.	Magistrate, 3rd Class.
		396 1 9		
1 0 11	2 0 11	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Kistna.—24th Jan. 1895.—MASULIPATAN.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
		396 1 9		
1 0 11	1 0 11	p 385 0 0 r 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Ganjam.—29th Jan. 1895.—CHATRAPUR.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
		396 1 9		

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lan- guages Passed.	Rewards in Lan- guages.	NAME.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence, and now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
145			Arthur Elington, B.A., New Coll., Oxford.	2 Nov. 94	21 Dec. 94	.....
146			Francis Arthur Coleridge, Uni- versity Coll., London.	2 Nov. 94	1 Dec. 94	.....
147			R. W. D'Escurat Asho.	.....	4 Dec. 95	.....
148			J. S. Heany	.....	4 Dec. 95	.....
149			A. B. Wood	.....	6 Dec. 95	.....
150			A. R. Whitcomb	.....	6 Dec. 95	.....

Civilians from other Presidencies serving

1	.....	.....	Thomas William Harrison, Chre College, Cam- bridge.	20 Aug. 63	11 July 63	4 Nov. 67, Abs. 21 Jan. to 11 Feb. 68, Sick Leave. 1 Apr. 76 to 2 Nov. 76, Furlo. 12 to 15 July 80, Abs. 1 May 87 to 25 Nov. 88, Furlo. 4 May 95, Furlo. Leave expires, 4 Apr. 96
2	.....	.....	Henry Farrer, B.A.	23 July 75	15 Nov. 75	6 May 90 to 30 Jan. 91, Furlo.
3	.....	.....	Francis Capel Harrison.	16 Sep. 84	27 Nov. 84	15 Apr. 93 to 2 Feb. 94, Furlo. 1 Dec. 94 to 24 Apr. 95, Spf. leave.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1896 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
<i>p. m. d.</i> 1 0 11	<i>p. m. d.</i> 1 0 11	<i>Rs. a. p.</i> R 395 0 0 T 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 2nd Class of the Dist., Coimbatore— 24th Jan. 1895.—COIMBA- TORE.	
1 0 27	1 0 27	396 1 9 R 885 0 0 T 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. Magistrate, 3rd Class. of the Dist., Bellary.—21st Jan. 1895.—BELLARY.	
0 0 18	0 0 28	400 0 0		
0 0 28	0 0 28	400 0 0		
0 0 26	0 0 26	400 0 0		
0 0 26	0 0 26	400 0 0		

in the Madras Presidency.

29 1 0	22 10 21	1,375 0 0 Subject to a maxi- mum of £1,000 a year.	Asst. Genl. and Commr. of the Dept. of Issue of State Paper Currency, Madras 1st Class.—4th Dec. 1888 and 17th Oct. 1893.	Member of the Board of Examiners. On furlo. to Europe for 6 months, from 4th May 1895.—Return to 4th Apr. 1896.
18 3 21	29 0 16	2,000 0 0	Post Master-Genl., Madras. 1st Grade—15th June 1886.—MADRAS.	
9 9 21	11 0 4	1,500 0 0 A A 500 0 0 2,000 0 0	Enrolled Officer, 1st Class— 1st Aug. 1894—Offg. Asst. Genl. and Commr. of the Dept. of Issue of State Paper Currency, Madras, 3rd Class—23rd Oct. 1895. —MADRAS.	

STATUTORY CIVILIANS HOLDING APPOINTMENTS ORDINARILY

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
No.	Lang- guages Passed.	Rewards to Lan- guages.	NAMES.	Commence- ment of Service.	Date of Confir- ma- tion.	Non-Residence, and if now on leave, date of expiry of leave.
<i>Attained 15 years' standing</i>						
1	1st LTan 2d LMAI	-----	Kellappa Covala- man Manasdas Raja, B.A., Madras Univy.	4 June 80	26 Aug. 82	27 Jan. to 15 Feb. 81, Lv. without All. 16 June 85 to 8 Jan. 86, Lv. without All. 16 to 27 Nov. 86, Lv. without All.
<i>Attained 13 years' standing</i>						
2	-----	-----	Mohammad Rana Khan	30 Nov. 82	30 Nov. 82	7 to 28 Sept. 86, Extra Leave.
<i>Attained 11 years' standing</i>						
3	1st L Tan 2d L Tel	-----	Tiruvannu Matta- swami Aiyar Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A., Ma- dras University	21 Dec. 83	27 Jan. 86	14 Aug. to 12 Dec. 80, Med. Cert.
<i>Attained 10 years' standing</i>						
4	1st LTan 2d L Tel	-----	Tumalapalli Vana- da Rao, B.A., B.L., Madras Univer- sity.	24 July 85	17 Aug. 87	15 Jan. to 14 May 86 Med. Cert. 3 Aug. 91 to 1 Feb. 92, Spl. Leave. 17 Oct. to 7 Nov. 92 Extra leave.
<i>Attained 7 years' standing</i>						
5	1st LTan 2d L Tel	-----	Perungavur Raja- gopal Chariyar B.A., B.L., Mad- ras University.	18 Feb. 88	2 May 90	-----

RESERVED FOR INDIAN CIVIL SERVANTS.

8	9	10	11	12
Actual Service up to 1st Jan. 1895 from date of arrival.	Total Service	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	Remarks.
<i>on the 4th June 1895.</i>				
P. B. G. 14 10 1	P. M. D. 15 6 27	Rs. a. p. A B S A	Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt. Nellore—13th Feb. 1895.	Magistrate, 1st Class. On furla. for 6 months, from 2nd Dec. 1895.
<i>on the 30th November 1895.</i>				
13 0 9	13 1 1	P 491 11 9 A A 169 15 3 T 35 0 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the District, S. Arcot—24th Augt. 1894. —Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magt., S. Arcot—4th May 1894.—TIRDIVANAM.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
<i>on the 21st December 1894.</i>				
11 8 12	12 0 11	P 491 11 9 A A 169 15 3 T 35 0 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Coimba- tore—10th May 1895.— Ag. Sub-Collr., Coimbatore —22nd Apl. 1895.—ERODE.	Magistrate, 1st Class.
<i>on the 24th July 1895.</i>				
9 6 16	10 5 8	P 359 6 5 T 11 1 9	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Malabar.— 27th July 1894.—CALICUT.	Magistrate, 2nd Class.
<i>on the 18th February 1895.</i>				
7 10 13	7 10 13	P 359 6 5 A A 128 0 0 T 35 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the District Madurai—7th May 1894. —Ag. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Magt. of the Dist., Madurai.—7th May 1894.—RAMSAD.	Magistrate, 1st Class.

DEPUTY

No.	Language Attainments.	NAME.	Total Service.	Apptd.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary.
FIRST CLASS—No. 1.			Years			Rs.
1	Tam.	Albert Monin Jones*§	38	1875	2 Aug. 1892	700
SECOND CLASS—No. 5.						
1	Tam.	Harivara Satharaya Aspar§	32	1876	1 July 1889	600
2	Tel. Tam.	Charles Ernest Plunkett*§	39	1867	17 Jan. 1888	600
3	Tam. San.	Valluri Jagannatha Rao Pantulu§	30	1883	1 Apr. 1892	600
4	Tam. Tel.	Chokkappa Kalyanasundaram Setti, Rao Bahadur.	36	1878	2 Aug. 1892	600
5	Tam.	Aleixo Pinto§, Dewan Bahadur.	35	1880	6 Apr. 1895	600
THIRD CLASS—No. 11.						
1	Tam. Can.	Dharishwar Ananthayya§	32	1880	20 Apr. 1888	500
2	Tam.	Karunakar Vanga Pillai§	33	1881	1 July 1889	500
3	Tel.	Reddam Suriga Rao Nayudu, Rao Bahadur.†	33	1881	1 Sept. 1890	500
4	Mal.	Pannikot Karancharu Memon§	32	1883	18 Jan. 1893	500
5	Tam.	Tiravattavarappetta Pattabhiram Pillai, Rao Bahadur.†	44	1888	30 Apr. 1893	500
6	Tel. Tam. Can. Hin.	William Charles McMurtry§	17	1888	22 June 1893	500
7	Tam.	T. Rangarao §	17	1889	26 Oct. 1894	500
8	Tam.	M. Thilainayagam Pillai, B.A. §	32	1882	3 Apr. 1895	500
9	Tam. Tel.	Conjevaram Somasundara Sarathi, B.A. §	24	1886	7 Aug. 1895	500
10	Tam.	Camaraswami Murugesan Pillai, B.A. §	32	1887	28 Aug. 1895	500
11	Tel.	Dilli Jagannatha Rao Pantulu§	31	1887	2 Oct. 1895	500

Explanatory Notes.

Col. 2.—The languages—Tam., Tel., Mal., Can. and Urdu—

(a) if printed in **ROMAN** or **FRENCH** characters, indicate a pass by the full test in the language or languages specified as prescribed in the Notn. regarding the compulsory Ver. Test for Ly. Colls., published on page 69 of Part I of the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, dated 3rd February 1891.

(b) if printed in **Devanagari**, indicate a pass in reading MSS. only in the language or languages specified as prescribed in the Notification above referred to.

(c) if printed in **Devanagari**, indicate merely a knowledge of the language or languages specified.

COLLECTORS.

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Nilgiris	Treasury	Ootacamund	
Tanjore	General duty	Tanjore	On furl. for 1 year, from 28th Oct. 1895.
Bellary	Treasury	Bellary	
Nellore	do	Nellore	On furl. for 1 year from 25th May 1895.
Madras	.....	Madras	Asst. Supt. of Stamps and Stationery.
S. Canara	General duty	Mangalore	
Nellore	do	Atmakur	
S. Canara	Treasury	Mangalore	On priv. leave for 3 months, from 28th Nov. 1895.
Kistna	General duty	Masulipatam	On furl. for 1 year, from 4th Oct. 1894.— <i>Extend.</i> up to 31st Jan. 1896.
Chingleput	Treasury	Baidapet	On furl. for 1 year, from 5th Oct. 1894.— <i>Extend.</i> for 6 months.
Madura	General duty	Madura	
.....	.....	.....	On other duty as Special Forest Settlement Officer, in Salem, North Arcot and Cuddapah.
Anantapur	Treasury	Anantapur	
Chingleput	General duty	Saidapet	
.....	.....	.....	On priv. leave for 3 months, from 1st Oct. 1895.—To act as Dy. Commr., Rev. Settlt., 2nd Gr., No. II Party.
Tanjore	General duty	Tanjore	
Karnool	do	Cumbum	

Col. 3.—The letters **Ex. S.** affixed to a name printed in **Brevier Antique No. 6** indicate **Ex. Statutory Civilian** having *exeteris paribus* a preferential claim to promotion to listed posts over other equally qualified members of the Provincial Service.

—Justice of the Peace.

§—Magistrate of the First Class.

—Magistrate of the Second Class.

—Magistrate of the Third Class.

†—Sub. pro tem under G.O., dated 16th October 1883, No. 1300, Rev.

Note.—Deputy Collectors on General duties draw tentage allowance of Rs. 11-1-0 per mensem.

No.	Lingual Attain- ments.	NAME.	Total Ser- vice.	Apptd.	Date of pro- motion to present grade.	Salary.
			Years.			Rs.
FOURTH CLASS—No. 22.						
1	Hin.	Saiyid Ali Sahib, Khan Sahib§	32	1886	20 Apl. 1888	400
2	Tam.	Amaravati Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A. §	33	1888	14 Apl. 1889	400
3	Tam.	Boaventura Manoel D'Cruz§	33	1888	1 July 1889	400
4	Tel.	Mundkur Srinivasa Rao, B.A., B.L. §	7	1888	12 July 1890	400
5	Tam. MAL.	Varada Rajagopala Chari, B.A., B.L., Rao Bahadur. §	27	1890	22 Augt. 1890 2 May 1891	400
6	Tel.	Benjamin Henry Chester, M.A. §	7	1888	17 Mar. 1891	400
7	Mal.	Turavatu Gopalan Nayur, B.A., B.L. §	7	1888	12 June 1891	400
8	Tam. Tel. Can. Hin. Per.	Saiyid Kadir Baitsha Sahib§	24	1888	23 Dec. 1891	400
9	Hin.	Mahamud Kadir Navaz Khan Sahib, Khan Bahadur§	20	1898	1 Apl. 1892	400
10	Tel. Tam.	P. S. Ganapathi Aiyar, B.A.	15	1892	15 Nov. 1892	400
11	Tel.	Kotikalapad Subbarayudu§	24	1888	18 Jan. 1893	400
12	Tam.	Tiravarur Venkachi Aiyar Narayanaswami Aiyar§	26	1888	30 Apl. 1893	400
13	Tel. Can.	Tumperti Rama Rao, B.A. §	18	1888	29 June 1893	400

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Kistna	Treasury	Masulipatam	On furl, for 1 year, 10 months and 9 days, from 23rd Feby. 1895.
Trichinopoly	do.	Trichinopoly	
Chingleput	General duty	Gudud	Ag. in Chingleput, Treasury. Sub pro tem, Third Class, vice W. C. McMurray.
Madura	do.	Madura	Ag. in Mahabar, General duty. Also Sub-Judge, Cochin.
Mahabar	Treasury	Calicut	Draws also extra allowance of Rs. 100 for charge of the Paper Currency Dept. On priv. leave for 1 month, from 14th Oct. 1895.
Madras	Quit Rent, &c.	Madras	Draws also Income Tax allowance of Rs. 100.
Coimbatore	General duty	Kollegal	Also Dist. Mansif of Kollegal—Draws also Local allowance of Rs. 100.
Cuddapah	Treasury	Cuddapah	
Trichinopoly	General duty	Trichinopoly	
Salem	Treasury	Salem	
Bellary	General duty	Adoni	Spl. Rev. Officer. In charge of the Kurnool-Cuddapah Canal, for 2 years.—Salary Rs. 480.
Coimbatore	do.	Coimbatore	Ag. in Kistna, Treasury.
Bellary	do.	Bellary	

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAME.	Total Service.	Appd.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary
			Years.			Rs.
FOURTH CLASS—continued.						
14	Tel.	Bagiseti Subanathri Rangayya Nayudu	26	1886	25 Aug. 1893	400
15	...	James Thomas Lever*	18	1893	9 Nov. 1893	400
16	TEL.	T. N. Rameshchandra Aiyar, B.A.	20	1894	19 Sep. 1894	400
17	Tel.	Sivan Venkatarama Das Nayudu, B.A., B.L., Dewan Bahadur	6	1888	26 Oct. 1894	400
18	Tel.	G. Venkateshadam Pantulu	29	1883	6 Apr. 1895	400
19	Tam.	T. Sundara Rao, B.A.	21	1888	1 Feb. 1895	400
20	Tam.	Abraham Probahadram Pillai	27	1885	7 Aug. 1895	400
21	Tel.	Isakella Jagannadham Pantulu	25	1888	28 Aug. 1895	400
22	Tel.	Echambadi Srinivasa Chari*	16	1889	2 Oct. 1895	400
FIFTH CLASS—No. 16 (a)						
1	Tel. Tam.	Giddu Achutha Ramayya, B.A.	14	1889	13 June 1891	300
2	Tam.	Venkatarama Subbayaar, B.A.	21	1889	25 Dec. 1891	300
3	Tam.	Vinayakamallu Parthasarathi Aiyangar	28	1889	1 Apr. 1892	300
4	Tam. Mal.	Paghuuatha Rao Ramachandra Rao, B.A., Ex-S.	5	1890	32 July 1892	300
5	...	Pillai Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L.	4	1890	30 Apr. 1893	300
6	Tam. TEL.	Gopal Raja Sastri, B.A.	23	1893	29 June 1893	300

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Karnool	Treasury	Karnool	
Cuddapah	General duty		On furl. for 1 year, from 22nd May 1895.
N. Arcot	Treasury	Chittoor	
Belavari	do.	Cuddalore	To act as Dy. Commr., Rev. Sett. 2nd Grade to V. Parry, Kistna.
Do.	General duty	Narsapur	
S. Arcot	Treasury	Cuddalore	
Tanjore	do.	Tanjore	
Cuddalore	General duty	Siddhavattam	
Madura	Treasury	Madura	
N. Arcot	General duty	Chittoor	Sub. for 4th Fourth Class, vice B. M. D'Arcy.
Thiruvelli	Treasury	Palaurottah	
Salem	General duty	Namakkal	
Malabar	do.	Calicut	Posted to Madura, General duty.
South Arcot	do.	Cuddalore	Ag. in Chingleput, General duty.
			On other duty as Spl. Forest Settlement Officer, in Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Thiruvelli, Madura, South Arcot and Coimbatore.

(a) To this Class an appointment has been added as representing the same No. of appor. of Asst. Colls., but treated as such to the Madras Prov. Civil Service, with reference to Notification, dated 16th Dec. 1892, in the Fort St. George Gaz. of the 17th Jan. 1893, Part I, Page 29.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAME.	Total Service.	App'd.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary.
FIFTH CLASS—continued.						
7	Tam. TEL	Sami Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A., Rao Sahib.	17	1891	3 July 1893	300
8	Mal. TAM	Karadibari Venkataramanayya Lakshmana Rao, B. Diwan Bahadur.	20	1891	25 Aug. 1893	300
9	Mal. TAM	Vappalakalathil Chappan Menon, B.A.	16	1891	3 Nov. 1893	300
10	Tam. TEL	S. Rama Aiyar, B.A.	25	1892	31 Dec. 1893	300
11	TAM. MAL	G. D. Sankaranna Pillai, M.A., B.L.	7	1892	6 Apl. 1895	300
12	TAM. MAL	Edmund Alexander Smith	22	1893	8 Apl. 1895	300
13	.....	J. R. Coombes, B.A.	.....	.....	.....	.....
14	Tel.	D. Venkata Sastri	23	1891	7 Aug. 1895	300
15	TAM. TEL	Muhammad Akh-un-din Husain Sahib	15	1893	28 Aug. 1895	300
16	TEL. TAM	R. Govinda Rao Nayudu	26	1893	2 Oct. 1895	300
17	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
SIXTH CLASS—No. 20.						
1	Tel.	Peddibotha Perayya Pantulu, Rao Bahadur	28	1889	14 Apl. 1890	250
2	TAM. MAL	M. Ravi Varma Raja, M.A.	2	1893	28 July 1893	250
3	TEL. Tam.	T. Raghavayya, B.A.	2	1893	10 July 1893	250
4	TEL. Tam.	S. M. Vapuchi Maricayar Usman Sahib Bahadur, B.A., B.L.	2	1893	10 July 1893	250
5	Tam. TEL	T. V. Narayanaiah Nayudu	20	1893	25 Aug. 1893	250

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Malabar	General duty	Calicut	
Tanjore	do		
Malabar	do	Cochin	Also Sub-Judge, Cochin.—Ag. in Columbatare, General duty.
Bellary	do	Ahoni	Ag. General duty Dy. Collr.
Kurnool	Treasury	Kurnool	On Spl. duty in the Rev. Board's Office.
Malabar	General duty	Manantoddy	Forest Settla. Officer, Nellore, Anantapur and Bellary Districts.
.....	.....	.....	On probation for 2 years.—On other duty as Manager, Private Secy's Office.
Ganjam	Treasury	Chatrapur	
Salem	General duty	Salem	
Vizagapatam	do	Vizagapatam	
.....	.....	.....	Dewan to the Raja of Jeypore, from 11th Jan'y. 1889.
S. Canara	General Duty	Mangalore	Sub pro tem, Fifth Class, vice E. A. Smith.
South Arcot	do	Cuddalore	Sub pro tem Fifth Class, vice J. E. Coombes, B.A. To act as General duty Dy. Collr., Tinnevely.
Kistna	do	.....	Sub pro tem, Fifth Class, vice C. Raja Sastri, B.A.
Tinnevely	do	Palanacottah	Sub pro tem, Fifth Class, vice G. Kothandaramayya, M.A.—Sub pro tem Asst. Commr., Rev. Settlt. 2nd Gr.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAME.	Total Service.	Apptd.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary.
		SIXTH CLASS—continued.	Years.			Rs.
6	MAL, Tam.	T. Gopalaswami Aiyar, B.A. §	17	1893	9 Nov. 1893	250
7	CHITA Tel.	B. Narayana Murti Pantulu, §	19	1892	26 June 1894	250
8	TAM. Tel.	C. Adikesavalu Nayudu, B.A., B.C.E. §	13	1893	26 Oct. 1894	250
9		G. Hanumantha Rao, M.A., B.L. †	1	1894	7 Nov. 1894	250
10	TEL, Tam.	C. Ramaswaha Aiyar, B.A. §	23	1892	31 Dec. 1893	250
11		N. S. Somasundara Sastri, B.A. †	1	1894	19 Nov. 1894	250
12		P. Dhaniswami Aiyangar, B.A. †	1	1894	21 Nov. 1894	250
13	Tam, TEL.	K. Narayana Aiyar §	23	1893	6 Apl. 1895	250
14		J. G. Wood	—	—	1895	250
15		T. S. Mathaswami Pillai, §	25	1895	7 Sep. 1895	250
16	Tam, TEL.	A. Shanmugasundaram Pillai §	19	1892	7 Aug. 1895	250
17	Tam, TEL.	P. Rajaratna Mudaliyar, B.A. §	15	1893	28 Aug. 1895	250
18	TEL. T. ITA.	A. Gurumurthi Nayudu	23	1893	2 Oct. 1895	250
19		P. Sivaramayya, M.A. †	—	—	29 Nov. 1895	250
20		V. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A.	—	—	—	250
		Sub pro tem. DY. COLLECTORS.				
1	Tam.	S. Soodararaja Aiyangar, § B.A., Tahsildar of Chittoor.	15	—	31 Dec. 1893	250
2	TEL.	P. Sita Rao Pantulu, † Tahr., Pulivendla	21	1894	26 June 1894	250
3	TAM Tel.	J. Ramayya, B.A., B.L. Tahsildar of Analaiparam.	9	—	7 Aug. 1895	250
4	TEL.	T. A. Shanmuga Sundaram Pillai, Tahsildar of Palladam. §	28	—	28 Aug. 1895	250
5	MAL.	Joseph Horatio Gwynne, § Tahr. of Kurumbanad.	25	—	2 Oct. 1895	250

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Kannoli	General duty	—	To act in Godavari, General duty.
Genjam	do	Russellkonda	—
Cuddapah	do	Cuddapah.	—
Chingleput	do	Santapet	On probation for 2 years.
N. Arcot	do	Arni.	—
Godavari	do	Cocanada	On probation for 2 years.
S. Canara	do	Mangalore	On probation for 2 years.
Anantapur	do	Anantapur	—
			On probation for 2 years or until such time as he may pass the prescribed tests.
Tanjore	General duty	Negapatam	Ag. in Tanjore, General duty.
Trichinopoly	do	Ariyalur	—
S. Arcot	do	Tirukkoyilur.	—
			On spl. duty for the acquisition of lands required for the Rushikulya Project.
Nellore	General duty	Nellore	On probation for 2 years.
Tiruchirappalli	do	—	Apptd. on probation for 2 years.
Coimbatore	Treasury	Coimbatore	Sub pro tem, Sixth Class, vice T. Bagharayya, B.A.
Nellore	General duty	Nellore	Sub pro tem, Sixth Class, vice T. V. Narasimulu Nayudu.
Vizianagaram	Treasury	Vizianagaram	Sub pro tem, Sixth class, vice S. M. Vapurthi Maricarar Usman Sahib Bahadur, B.A., B.L.
Nellore	do	Nellore	Sub pro tem Sixth class, vice M. Ravivarma Raja, B.A.
Madhav	General duty	Madantoddy	Sub pro tem Sixth class, vice P. Purnayya Pantulu, Rao Bhindur. Draws also Local allee. Rs. 150.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAME.	Total Service.	Spl. Dy. Collr.	Date of joining Special Appointment.	Salary.
		DEPUTY COLLECTORS (ACTING AND SPECIAL).	Years.	y. m.		Rs.
1	Tamil	P. R. Narayana Aiyar, Asst. Supt., Revenue Survey, 3rd Class, Trichinopoly.	14	4 5	1 July 1891	300
2	.....	D. C. Raghava Chariyar, Sub-Asst. Madras Survey.	15	3 1	23 Oct. 1892	250
3	CAN. TEL.	K. Ganapayya, § Tahr., Mangalore	32	2 6	1 Sep. 1894	250
4	.....	Mahammad Sufdar Hussain Sahib, M.E.S., § Sub pro tem Tahr., Chaudragiri	16	2 4	1 Aug. 1893	231-10-8
5	CAN.	D. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu, § Hazur Shrivastadar, Ganjam.	26	2 2	1 Mar. 1894	250
6	TEL. Tamil.	C. Subramanya Aiyar, § Head Quarter Inspector of Police, S. Area	21	1 8	28 Mar. 1894	250
7	TEL. Tamil.	C. Krishnaswami Nayudu, § Tahr., Pollampet.	16	1 7	10 Oct. 1894	250
8	.....	Sajid Mustafa Sahib, Tahr., Arnakur.	19	1 6	19 July 1894	250
9	CAN. Can.	P. S. Singaravelu Pillai, § Tahr., Dharpuram.	.....	1 4	17 Oct. 1894	250
10	CHIYA.	K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu, § Tahr., Golconda.	19	1 1	.....	250

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Salem	Special duty		Spl. Dy. Collr. for Survey purposes and in charge of Survey operations under the orders of the Collector.
Godavari	do		Spl. Dy. Collr. for Survey purposes and in charge of Survey operations under the orders of the Collector.
Cuddapah	General duty	Jammalamadugu	Ag. for J. T. Lever.
Kurnool	do	Pyapali	Ag. for A. Gurusurthy Nayudu.
Ganjam	do	Chatrapur	Ag. for C. Somasundara Sastri, B.A. — On priv. leave for 3 months, from 5th Oct. 1895.
Madura	do	Madura	Ag. for P. Eramakara Menon.
Kistna	Treasury	Mazalipatam	Ag. for B. Surya Rao Nayudu, Rao Bahadur.
Madras		Madras	Ag. for L. D. Swamikanth Pillai, M.A., B.L.
Chingleput	General duty		Ag. for Sajid Ali Khan Sahib. — Posted to Trichinopoly, Genl. duty.
Nellore	Special duty		Appd. on Spl. duty for the acquisition of lands in Nellore for the Bezwa-Madras Railway (Tempy.)

No.	General Attainments.	NAMES.	Total Service.	Serv. as Ag. Dy. Collr.	Date of joining Special Appointment	Salary.
		DEPUTY COLLECTORS (ACTING AND SPECIAL).—continued.	Years.	y. m.		Rs.
11	TEL.	C. Rustam Sing, Rao Bahadur, § Tahr., Mirzapur.	...	1 0	1 Apl. 1895	250
12	TEL. Tem. Can. Hin. Maharati	T. G. Sundaresa Aiyar, B.A. § Tahr., Perambalur.	19	1 0	2 June 1895	250
13	.....	J. Williams, § Tahr., Tadpatri ...	...	0 11	1 June 1895	250
14	...	C. Seshadri Rao Pantulu, Tahr., Nellore.	...	0 11	11 Sep. 1895	250
15	TEL.	C. Sivayya, § Tahr., Cuddapah ...	...	0 8	.....	250
16	.....	S. Lakshminarasimha Rao Pantulu, § Tahr., Chittoor.	...	0 8	5 Oct. 1895	250
17	.....	C. Gopalas Nayar, Tahr., Wynad.	...	0 4	26 July 1895	250
18	.....	G. T. Vargese, B.A., Colbr.'s Shr., Malabar.	...	0 8	13 Augt. 1895	250
19	.....	M. V. Narayanaswami Pillai, § Tahr., Madurai.	...	0 2	23 Sep. 1895	250
20	.....	Mahdi Hussain Sahib Bahadur, § Tahr., Harpanaballi.	...	0 2	26 Sep. 1895	241-10-8
21	.....	R. Sundaresa Mudaliyar, § B.A., Tahr., Salem.	...	0 1	18 Oct. 1895	250
22	.....	J. L. Saldanha, § Tahr., Udipi	...	0 1	26 Nov. 1895	250
23	.....	F. Spurling, Sub-Asst. Madras Survey.	...	...	.....	.....
24	T.A. & Tel.	D. Sessa Cherin, B.A., B.L., B.C.E., Sub-Asst., Madras Survey	...	...	.....	.....
25	.....	V. Ramachandra Rao, Tahr., Gudiyatham.	...	...	.....	250

District.	Duty.	Station.	Remarks.
Godavari	General duty ...	Cocanada ...	Ag. for A. Probahanadani Pillai.
Kistna	do	Narasaraopet ...	Ag. for K. Subbarayudu.
Anantapur	do	Anantapur	Ag. for V. Jagannadha Rao Pantulu, Ret. Bahadur.
.....	Special duty	.....	Tempy.—On spl. duty for the acquisition of lands for the Bezwada-Madras Railway.
.....	do	.....	Tempy.—On spl. duty for the acquisition of land for the Bezwada-Madras Railway.
Guzarat	General duty ...	Chattrapur	Ag. for D. Srinivasa Rao Pantulu.
Mahabar	Special duty	.....	Tempy.—On spl. duty in connection with the registration of Tinassati title.
Mahabar	do	.....	Tempy.—On spl. duty in connection with the registration of Tinassati title.
Thiruvelli	General duty ...	Sivillipattur ...	Ag. for J. G. Wood.
Bellary	do	Bellary	Ag. for C. E. Pinckett.
N. Arcot	do	Arcot	Ag. for H. Subbaraya Aiyar—Posted to S. Arcot, General duty.
South Canara	Treasury	Mangalore	Ag. for K. Vengu Pillai.
Godavari	Special duty ...	Guntur	Spl. Dy. Collr. for Survey purposes and in ch. of Survey Operations under the orders of the Collr.
Godavari	do	.....	Spl. Dy. Collr. for Survey purposes and in ch. of Survey Operations under the orders of the Collr.
Nellore	do	.....	Tempy.—Appl. for the acquisition of lands for the Bezwada-Madras Railway.

TAHSILDARS.

Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
ANANTAPUR.		Rs.	ARCOT, SOUTH		Rs.
Dharmavaram.	M. Vijaya Raghayulu Nayudat	200	—concluded.		
Tadipatri.	J. Williams,† B.A., (on dep.)	200	Vridhachalam.	P. Venkataswami Pillai, B.A.† (on dep.)	200
	L. V. Varadarajaswami, Ag.			M. Srinivasa Chari, Ag.	
Gooty.	V. C. Gopala Chariyar,† (on leave)	200	Tirukkellar.	Sivagnana Pillai, (on dep.)	200
	A. S. Ponnaswami Aiyar, B.A., Ag.			V. Sundara Aiyar, Ag.	
Anantapur.	W. Gopalaswami Nayudu, Ag.	175	Kallakurichi.	C. Kuppuswami Aiyar, M. Srinivasa Chari, (on dep.)	175
Penchanda.	A. Jagannadha Rao, (on dep.)	150	Tiruvannamalai.	C. Krishnaswami Aiyar, Ag.	150
	G. Jagannayakulu Nayudu, B.A., Ag.		BELLARY.		
Hindupur.	A. S. Ponnaswami Aiyar, (on dep.)	150	Bellary.	M. Venkata Chalapathi Nayudu, Rao Bahadur†	225
	V. E. Sudasana Mudaliyar, Ag.		Adoni.	T. Kothanda Ram Nayudu	200
Madakasira.	A. Umar Khan Sahib,†	150	Rayachoti.	M. Bhima Chari†	175
	S. Vasudeva Rao,† B.A., Ag.		Alur.	P. Subaya Mudaliar, Rao Bahadur†	175
Kalyandrug.	S. Vasudeva Rao (on dep.)	150	Hospet.	M. Sambasiva Rao Nayudu†	175
	A. Jagannadha Rao, Ag.		Kudligi.	C. Gura Rao†	175
ARCOT, NORTH.			Harpanahalli.	Mahdi Husain Sahib	150
	C. Venkata Subbarayalu Reddiyar†	250	Hulicahadgalli.	P. Rama Rao†	150
Arcot.	C. V. Madhava Rao†	225	CANARA, SOUTH		
Wandawash.	V. Rajagopala Madhakar,† (under suspn.)	200	Mangalore.	M. A. Sengama, Ag.	225
	V. Ramachandra Rao, Ag.		Udupi.	J. L. Saldanha†	225
Vellore.	C. Ramachandra Aiyar, (on dep.)	175	Kasaragod.	B. Rama Rao, Ag.	200
	A. Raja Madaliyar,† Ag.		Uppinangadi.	V. Rama Rao,† Ag.	175
Chittoor.	S. Seendarama Aiyangar, B.A., B.C.E., (on dep.)	175	Coondapur.	Paul Castello, Ag.	150
	C. Ramachandra Aiyar, Ag.		CHINGLEPUT.		
Gudiyatara.	V. Ramachandra Rao† (on dep.)	175	Madurantakam.	M. V. Narayanaswami Pillai, B.A., (on dep.)	225
	P. Venkataswami Pillai, Ag.			M. Arinagan Pillai, Rao Bahadur,† Ag.	
Palmayur.	Y. Narayanaswami Nayudu, (on dep.)	150	Conjeevaram.	V. Damodara Mudaliyar, B.A.†	200
	V. Rangaraja Rao, Ag.		Chingleput.	Mir Surajudeen Sahib,† (on leave)	175
Chondragiri.	A. Raja Madaliar,† (on dep.)	150		A. Rajabadar Mudaliyar, B.A., Ag.	
	Y. Narayanaswami Nayudu,† Ag.		Saidipet.	M. Arinagan Pillai, Rao Bahadur,† (on dep.)	175
Pelur.	A. Gnanaswami Madaliar	150		V. Srinivasa Chari, B.A., Ag.	
ARCOT, SOUTH.			Tiruvallur.	Mohammad Ali Sahib Hazari	175
Chidambaram.	P. Rama Chari†	250	Ponnagi.	M. Sanjivi Nayudu†	150
Vilupuram.	S. T. Sannangam Pillai†	250	COIMBATORE.		
Gudalore.	M. Srinivas Aiyangar	225	Erode.	G. Narayanaswami Aiyar, B.A.,† (on dep.)	225
Tindivanam.	C. V. Ramachandra Rao†	225		T. Appajayya, Ag.	
			Palladam.	G. Narayanaswami Aiyar, B.A., Ag.	225

† Magistrate, 2nd Class.

District and Taluka.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluks.	Names.	Pay.
COIMBATORE, —concluded.		Rs.	GODAVARI.		Rs.
Coimbatore.	T. Appajayya,† (on dep.)	200	Ramachandrapuram.	A. Narasimham Pantulu, B.A.,†	250
Satpurnamangalam.	P. S. Vasudhara Rao, Ag.	200	Narsapur.	N. Narasayya,† (on dep.)	200
	P. S. Vasudhara Rao,† (on dep.)		Amalapuram.	V. Venkata Rao, Ag.	200
Dhatapuram.	N. C. Srinivasa Chariyar, Ag.	200		Saifid Yaqubuddin,† Ag.	
	P. S. Singaravelu Pillai,† (on dep.)		Taunka.	Y. Venkata Rao, B.A., G. Subramanyam, Ag.	200
Follachi.	T. Minatchisundaram Pillai, Ag.	200	Rhinavaram.	D. V. Krishna Rao Pantulu, (on leave)	200
Idamalpet.	B. Chinappa Mudaliyar	175	Rajahmundry.	P. Venkataswami, B.A., Ag.	
Satur.	R. Ramachandra Aiyar†	175		Saifid Yaqubuddin,† (on dep.)	
Pharasi.	S. Krishnayya†	175	Ellore.	S. Narasimham, Ag.	175
	T. Minatchisundaram Pillai, B.A.,† (on dep.)	150	Yernagudem.	T. Rama Rao, (on dep.)	175
Kollegal.	E. T. Vudayanayakam Pillai, Ag.	250		P. Rama Rao, Ag.	
	K. Swaminatha Aiyar,† (on dep.)		Poddiparam.	S. Narasimham,† (on dep.)	175
CHIDAMPARAM.	V. Narasimma Aiyangar, B.A., Ag.	250		T. Lakshmi Narayana, Ag.	
Chidambaram.	C. Sivayya,† (on dep.)	225		P. Lakshmi Narayana, (on dep.)	
Pallampeta.	V. Srinivasankara Rao, Ag.	225	Phuruchanalam.	T. Suryaparkasam, Ag.	150
	C. Krishnaswami Nayudu,† (on dep.)			V. Vijayarajayya,† (on leave)	
	M. Balakrishna Nayudu, Ag.	200	Kistna.	T. Rama Rao,† Ag.	150
Jenmalanad.	V. Srinivasankara Rao,† (on dep.)	175	Repalli.	P. Acharyulu Pantulu, Ag.	250
	B. Rajagopal Rao, Ag.			K. Lakshmana Rao, Rao Bahadur	225
Narasimhalu.	S. Rajagopal Rao,† (on dep.)	225	Transtia.	C. Venkatasubramanian Pantulu	200
	C. Narayana Aiyar, Ag.		Narsanipet.	V. Lakshmanji Rao Pantulu,† (on dep.)	200
Rayachoti.	S. K. Venkata Chari, Rao Bahadur	175		L. Venkata Rao, Nayudu, Ag.	
Adoni.	S. Srinivasa Chari, Ag.	175	Gudiyada.	G. Lakshminatha Rao Pantulu†	200
Vajrapad.	Mohammad Ali Sahib Khan Sahib†	175	Palmay.	P. Nagasa Rao Pantulu,† B.A., B.L.	200
Pallavand.	J. Rama Rao, (on dep.)	175	Sattampalli.	P. V. Narasimha Rao Pantulu	175
Poddipet.	B. Madava Rao, Ag.	175		K. Seshachalapathi Pantulu, B.A., (on dep.)	175
	M. Balakrishna Nayudu,† (on dep.)		Banur.	K. Mukteswarudu, Ag.	
Saive.	D. Bhima Rao, Ag.	175	Beavada.	T. Raghava Rao	150
Siddharthapur.	D. Subramanyam Nayudu†	150	Chikabada.	N. Mahanteswarudu,† (on dep.)	150
GANJAM.	V. Achayya†	150	Nandigama.	D. Dakshinamurti, Ag.	150
Bhadrachalam.	A. Kameraswami Rao Nayudu, (on dep.)	200	Nazvid.	V. Srinivasa Raghava Chari	150
Chimoch.	S. L. Narasimha Rao Pantulu, (on dep.)	175		T. Balaji Rao Nayudu, (on dep.)	150
	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu, Ag.		KRENOL.	T. Raghava Rao Pantulu, Ag.	150
Gumac.	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu,† (on dep.)	150	Kolkantla.	P. Acharyulu,† (on dep.)	
	P. Venkatarajayya Pantulu, Ag.		Ramalakot.	V. Lakshmanji Rao Pantulu, Ag.	200

† Magistrate, 2nd Class.

Districts and Taluqs.	Names.	Pay.	Districts and Taluqs.	Names.	Pay.
KURNOOL—continued.			NELLORE—continued.		
Nandyal	S. V. Guruswami Nayudat (on dep.)	200	Kandukur	A. Raghava Rao†	175
	K. Vijaya Raghava Chari, Ag.		Rapur	M. Ramachandra Rao† (on dep.)	150
Patukota	C. Seta Rao†	175		M. Rama Rao, Ag.	
	S. V. Guruswami Nayudu, Ag.		Udayagiri	S. Venkatasubbarayudu	100
Nandikotkur	V. Thangavelu Mudaliyar†	175	Kanigiri	K. Lakshminarasu Nayudat	150
			SALAM.		
Coolam	Y. Venkataranganna Nayudu (on dep.)	150	Saloni	R. Sundarasa Mudaliyar, B.A.	250
	J. Gunda Rao, Ag.		Namamli	K. Raghavendra Rao, B.A.	225
Sireel	K. Vijayarangava Chari, B.A. (on dep.)	150	Tirahengode	T. V. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A.	225
	V. Venkataranganna Pillai, Ag.			M. R. Sambalayar	200
Marripet	K. Ramana Singh, Rao Bahadur† (on dep.)	150	Heer	Mahomed Yakubkhan, B.A.	200
	Y. Venkataranganna Nayudu, Ag.		Turukota	J. Ramaswami Rao†	200
MADRAS.			Dharmapuri	G. Hanuman Aiyar, B.A.	175
Mudalur	D. Venkata Varnanayya	150	Uttankottai	N. Ramaswami Aiyar†	150
M. M. B. A.			Kesimazri	E. Venkatasubba Aiyar†	100
M. J. A.	M. Sathya Mohanudu Sahib† (on dep.)	225			
	M. Tirumala Pillai, B.A.		TANJORE.		
Tiruvargalur	T. Krishna Rao†	200	Negapatam	P. Thiranthogalu Nayudu† B.A.	250
Dindigul	P. Venkateswami Aiyar†	200	Kumbakonam	K. Jagannatha Chetti	250
M. J. A.	M. Tirumala Pillai, B.A. (on dep.)	175	Nanniam	T. V. Gopalaswami Aiyar† B.A. (on dep.)	250
	M. Sakethasana Nayudu, Ag.			Mir Abbas Ali Sahib† (Sub pro tem.)	
Periyakulam	A. Krishnaaswami Aiyar†	150	Tanjore	Mir Abbas Ali Sahib Bahadur†	350
Pala	S. Naraswami Aiyar, B.A. (on furl.)	150		T. V. Gopalaswami Aiyar (Sub pro tem.)	
GOVERNMENT.				M. R. Kandaswami Pillai†	225
Ponnam	T. Kankambur	225	Mavayaram	O. S. Srinivasa Aiyar†	225
Puduchat	P. Krishna Menon	200	Tirumangudi	A. Arthananda Pillai	200
Kavayarandi	J. E. Gwynne† (on dep.)	200	Mannargudi	T. Ramaswami Aiyar†	175
	P. C. Ramaswami Aiyar, B.A., Ag.		Puttukottai	I. Anantarama Aiyar†	150
Erud	P. Rama Aiyar†	200			
Wabernad	S. Ananda Partart	200	TIRUVELLUR.		
Wynad	C. Gopala Nayar (on dep.)	200	Sriniketan	M. Krishnaswami Aiyar†	250
	A. Chandra Namboiyar, Ag.		Arasikottam	P. Narasimha Sastrit	225
Kottayam	J. E. Boyer	175	Tirunelveli	S. Sankaranayart	225
K. J. A.	K. Krishna Chinnayart	175	Narayanpet	B. Narasimham Aiyar	200
Cheralai	C. K. Govindan	175	Srinilipattur	C. Mukunda Rao†	200
NELLORE.			Sankaranthoor	N. K. Nallayappa Pillai, B.A. (on leave).	200
N. J. A.	C. Seshadri Rao† (on dep.)	225		A. Vedachalam Aiyar, B.A., Ag. (dep.)	
	M. Parthasarathi Nayudu, Ag.		Tertakki	T. Sessa Aiyar, B.A. (on dep.)	175
Gulur	M. Parthasarathi Nayudu (on dep.)	200		T. N. Rajagopala Aiyar, Ag.	
	K. Sthitharasa Rao Nayudu, Ag.		Ottappidam	T. N. Rajagopal Aiyar, B.A., B.L. (on dep.)	150
Ongole	K. Vasanth Rao	200		A. Mahamja Pillai, Ag.	
Kavali	T. Raja Rao	175		G. Murugesam Pillai†	150
Arasikott	Satyam Murthy Sahib (on dep.)	175			
	M. Ramaswami Rao, Ag.				

† Magistrate 2nd class.

District and Taluqs.	Names.	Pay.	District and Taluqs.	Names.	Pay.
TRICHINOPOLY.			VIZAGAPATAM.		
Trichinopoly.	R. Kandaswami Pillai†	250	Golconda	K. Narasimha Rao Pantulu†	150
Masir	S. Annamalai Pillai†	225		M. B. Venkayya Pantulu†	150
Udayarpalayam.	A. Subaraya Aiyar (on leave).	200	Sarasidhi	B. V. Ramanasa Pantulu, Rao Bahadur†	150
	A. Doraswami Mudaliyar, B.A., Ag.				
Perambalur	C. Thiradayaalu Nayudat	175			
Kudalalai	A. Savarimattu Pillai	150			

† Magistrate, 2nd Class.

DEPUTY TAHSILDARS AND STATIONARY SUB-MAGISTRATES.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
ANANTAPUR.			Stationary Sub-Magts.		
Tiruvallur	J. Dhima Rao	100	Wallajahpet	L. Venkatarama Aiyar	100
Yadiki	A. Jagannatha Rao, B.A.	100	Wandewash	V. Bhashyam Aiyangar	100
Pokkapattam	S. Raghavendra Rao	100	Polar	M. Srinivasa Chari, B.A.	100
Stationary Sub-Magts.			ARCOT, SOUTH.		
Anantapur	V. K. Sudarasa Mudaliyar	100	Mannargudi	K. Lakshmana Rao	100
Talpetri	L. V. Venadarnja Sarma	100	Bowanigherry	T. Vyabanda Pillai	100
Gooty	A. Appara Mudaliyar	100	Vannur	A. Venkata Krishna Aiyar	100
ARCOT, NORTH.			Tittagode	P. Vardha Rajulu Nayudu	100
Tatlar	V. Narayanaswami Nayudu	120	Gingi	T. S. Kothanda Rama Aiyar, B.A.	100
Pingalur	V. Pachayya Mudali	120	Chengam	C. S. Ponnuswami Mudr	100
Kangudi	S. Nadaswami Aiyangar	120	Panroti	M. Ramakrishna Pillai	100
Thupat Town	K. Gopala Chari	120	Ulundpet	T. Ramaswami Nayudu	100
Kalabastri	V. Subramanya Ayya, B.A.	100	Merkanam	C. S. Sivalama Krishna Sarni, B.A., B.L.	100
Vallur Town	C. Raghunatha Rao	120	Stationary Sub-Magts.		
Veekabagiri	S. G. Yusuf Ali Khan Sahib	100			
Ami	T. M. Govinda Chari, B.A.	120	Caddalore	S. Sundara Aiyar	120
Arasikott	W. Jagannada Mudr	120	Chidambaram	P. Narayana Chariyan, B.A., B.L.	120
Tiruvannamalai	A. Guruswami Mudr	120	Tindivanam	C. P. Doraswami Chetti, B.A.	100
Stationary Sub-Magts.			Vridhachalam	A. S. Ramaswami Pillai, B.A.	120
Chittoor	V. Raghunatha Rao	100	Tirukolur	S. Krishnaswami Aiyar	160
Channarayana	V. N. Narasimha Rao	100	Villupuram	A. Pushpantha Pillai, B.A.	100
Arasikott	S. Thayaraja Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	Kallakurchi	V. Murugesam Pillai, B.A.	100
Andur	T. Rama Rao	100	Tiravannamalai	R. Rajagopala Chari, B.A.	100
Gudiyattam	K. Narasimha Rao	100			

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
BELLARY.			COIMBATORE—concl'd.		
Bellary Town.	C. Venkata Rao, B.A.	150	Metrapalayam.	S. Abdul Kader Sahib	140
Sirugappa.	R. B. Nanyana Chetti	100	Perinthum.	V. Narasimha Aiyangar, B.A.	100
Yerniganoor.	K. Subba Rao.	100	Avanashi.	A. Subbarathna Sastri.	100
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Kangayam.	N. C. Srinivasa Chari.	100
Rudhigi.	C. K. Mahavadi Nayadu	100	Aravacorchy.	M. Ramaswami Pillai.	100
Bellary.	G. Kuppuswami Chetti.	100	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>		
Adoni.	K. Raghunatha Brahmam	100	Ecule.	S. Venkata Rao, B.A.	100
Hospet.	A. Rangaswami Nayadu	100	Palladam.	B. S. Srinivasa Rao.	100
CANARA, SOUTH.			Calicut.	O. Sanjeeva Rao.	100
Mangalore.	B. Shivayya.	100	Bagananga.		100
Bani-wali.	P. Chacko.	100	Yaraguram.	K. P. Subbaraya.	100
Nihavur.		100	Kazur.	S. Venkataswami Pillai.	100
Kasaragod.	B. Baba Rao.	100	Pollachi.	A. Chengalva Rao, Nayadu.	100
Karkal (Udupi Taluk).	Mahamand Rao.	100	Udamalpet.	B. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A.	100
Belthangadi (Uppanangadi Taluk).	V. Rama Rao.	100	CHIDAMPAN.		
Mangar of Anandivi Islands.	Mahamand Sillman	50	Chidampal Town.	D. Nizam Rao.	100
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Chitaval.	A. Krishnaswami Nayudu, B.A.	100
Mangalore.	B. Rangappa.	100	Kannanapuram.	B. Narayana Rao.	100
Kasaragod.	N. E. Fernandez, B.A.	100	Pondicherry.	C. Mahadeva Sastri, (on dep.)	100
Udupi.	A. Doraiswami Pillai, B.A.	100	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>		
Chidampur.	V. M. Narayana, B.A.	100	Chidampal.	A. Katchappeswariy.	100
Changanadi.	M. Zoya Rao, B.A., B.L.	100	Pallampet.	T. Shadappa Pillai, (on dep.)	100
CHINGLEPUT.				C. Mahadeva Sastri, B.A.	100
<i>By Tahsildars and Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Pattinam.	C. Krishnamurthi Nayudu, B.A.	100
Strickland.	T. V. Lakshmi Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	Proddatur.	Mahammed Jaffer Hussain Sahib.	100
Poonamallee.	M. K. Rama Pillai.	100	Jammamuradu.	T. N. Gunda Raju.	100
Salem.	T. Shanmugam.	100	Ga.	Nayudu.	100
Chinnai.	S. C. Venkata Ramayya.	100	Kadri.	Williams, (on dep.)	100
Ponneri.	G. Mahadeva Pillai.	100		A. Krishnaswami Nayudu, B.A., Ag.	100
Maduravathi.	T. V. Lakshmi Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	Maduravathi.	S. Srinivasa Chari.	100
Chinnai.	S. V. Kalabharan Pillai, B.A.	100	Rayachoti.	G. Narayana, B.A.	100
Tiruvallur.	A. Ramachandran Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	100	GANJAM.		
Chinnai.	S. V. Subramanyam, B.A.	100	Pachaimed.	U. Gupta Rao Pantulu.	120
Chingleput.	S. Anandarama Aiyar, B.A., B.L.	120	Tellicherry.	S. Venkatachallam Nayudu.	120
COIMBATORE.			Ichhapere.	P. Janaki Rao Pantulu.	120
Gopichallipallam.	M. Mahamand Ghouse Sahib.	100	Purushottapur.	G. Lakshmayya Pantulu.	120
			Assi.	K. Venkataraja Pantulu, (on dep.)	120
				P. M. Sundaram Pillai, B.A., Ag.	100

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
GANJAM—concluded.			GODAVARI—concl'd.		
Narsannapetta.	G. Pattabhiram Pantulu.	100	Bhimavaram.	T. L. Narasimha Rao.	100
Surada.	N. Chalamayya Pantulu, (on dep.)	120	Peddapuram.	Y. S. Somayajulu.	100
Qanjam.	U. Patuik, Ag.	100	Yernagudem.	B. Kama Razu.	100
	P. M. Sundaram Pillai, B.A., (on dep.)	100	KISTNA.		
Berhampore Town.	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu, Ag.	120	Vissannapetta.	T. Balaji Rao Nayudu.	100
Sompetta.	K. Pappaya Pantulu.	100	Jaggiapetta.	S. Brahmamandam Nayudu, B.A.	100
	P. Krishnulu Pantulu, B.A., (on dep.)	100	Mangligeri.	P. Parashotham Pantulu.	100
	A. Venkata Rao, Nayudu, (Sub. pro tem).	100	Tumkurukoda.	T. Manikya Rao, B.A.	100
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Kaikalur.	K. Lingayya.	100
Berhampore.	P. Venkata Ramayya Pantulu, (on dep.)	120	Avnigadda.	V. Dakshinamurti Pantulu.	100
Chitavole.	N. Venkata Rao Pantulu, Ag.	100	Tenali.	V. Pattabhiramayya Pantulu.	100
Goemur.	G. Jagannadadas Pantulu.	100	Ponnur.	D. Nagabushana Rao.	100
	N. Raghavaram Pantulu.	120	Bandur Town.	P. Lakshmi Naraya Pantulu.	100
MALLAH (GANJAM DISTRICT).			<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>		
Balliguda.	W. H. Bartley.	250	Repalli.	M. Nagabushanam.	100
Udayagiri.	Y. Sanjeevi Nayudu.	200	Bestwada.	M. Subba Rao Pantulu, B.A.	100
Ranagiri.	Gour Hari Sahib.	200	Narasaraopet.	M. Umaralla Sahib.	100
GODAVARI.			Guntur.	M. Mukteswarada.	100
Alampur.	Facult.	100	Repatta.	K. Seshachalapathi Pantulu, B.A.	100
Kottapetta.	V. Appa Rao.	100	Gudivada.	Mohideen Hussain Sahib.	100
Pentapadu.	A. Ramachandra Rao.	100	Sattenapalle.	T. Vasudevamurthi.	100
Polavaram.	G. Subramaniam, (on dep.)	150	KURNOOL.		
Yellavaram.	Y. S. Somayajulu, Ag.	120	Ook.	G. Padmanabhaiah Nayudu, B.A.	100
Pratepadu.	P. Rama Rao Pantulu.	120	Kurnool Town.	Y. Narayana Rao.	100
	G. Subbarayudu Nayudu.	120	Atmakur.	P. Rajagopal Nayudu.	100
Coonada Town.	M. Muhammad Ali.	100	Kalwa.	R. Lakshminarasu Pantulu.	100
Coonada.	A. Appa Rao.	120	Pypalli.	M. Bahauddin Sahib.	100
Pittapuram.	T. Suriyaprakas Rao, B.A.	120	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>		
Tuni.	L. Venkata Krishnayya.	120	Nandyal.	J. Gundu Rao, B.A.	100
Chodavanam.	N. Kondarayudu Nayudu.	120	Pattikonda.	G. Chengalva Rao Nayudu.	100
Chitalapadi.	P. Subbarayudu.	100	MADURA.		
Sivakoda.	A. Krishnan Raja.	100	Madura Town.	M. Sakitha Rao Nayudu.	120
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Tirushuli.	B. Venkata Krishna Aiyangar.	120
Rajahmundry.	T. Venkata Ramayya.	120	Ramnad.	C. Chokalingam Pillai.	120
Eluru.	H. A. Walford, Ag.	120	Sivaganga.	S. Venkatarama Aiyar.	120
Narasapur.	N. Venkayya.	120	Tirupat.	M. R. Govinda Rao.	120
Anulapuram.	V. Kama Rao.	120	Udampati.	R. Mathurwami Aiyar.	100
Rameswaram.	D. Venkata Raman.	100	Matkulatru.	D. Raja Ram Nayudu.	120
Tamka.	C. Appaya.	100	Tiruvadani.	S. Muthusundaram Aiyar.	120

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
MADURA—concluded.			NELLORE.		
Nellacottah.	Subba Sastri Naras-		Venkatagheri.	M. Narahari Rao, (on	
Vedasundoor.	iyar.	100		dep.)	120
Uttampolam.	C. Ramaswami Aiyar.	100		M. Kuppuswami Chet-	
	T. Theyaga Rama Ai-			tiar, B.A., Ag.	
	yar.	100		Bhogavantharayalal.	100
Kodikkal				S. Narasinga Rao.	100
Hills.	T. G. Turner.	150		E. Seetharam Rao Na-	120
Padmagudi.	N. Ramaswami Aiyar.	120		yudu, B.A., (on dep.)	
				S. Ramayya, B.A., Ag.	
	<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			M. Seetharamayya, (on	
				dep.)	120
Tirumangalam.	Saiyid Mohiaddin	100		K. Narasinga Rao, Ag.	
	Sahib.			A. Narasimha Chari.	120
Peryakolam.	M. Krishna Rao.	120		B. Venkata Ramayya.	100
Melur.	T. Panghapakesa Aiyar.			<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>	
	B.A., B.L.	100			
Dindigul.	P. Sannam Aiyar.	120		M. Rama Rao.	100
Palai.	J. Ganapathi Pillai.	120		C. Krishnappa.	100
Madura Taluk.	G. Jagannatha Aiyar.	120		C. Rama Rao.	100
	B.A., B.L.			P. Narasimha Rao.	100
				S. Venkatesubbraiyudu,	120
				(on dep.)	
				E. Seetharam Rao Na-	
				yudu, B.A., Ag.	
MALABAR.			SALEM.		
Tangacherry.	D. Kuriyan.	100		V. Arakswami Pillai.	150
Carmanore.	K. Gopala Menon.	120		A. Ramaswami Aiyar.	100
Taliparamba.	C. Karanukaran.	120		O. Sundara Rao.	100
Kattaparamba.	K. Mannan.	100		P. B. Sankara Rao.	100
Quilandy.	T. C. Shauguni Menon.				
	B.A.	100		T. N. Ramachandra	
Calicut Town.	S. Chandu Nambayar.	100		Rao, B.A.	100
Tirunagadi.	K. Govinda Menon, B.A.	100		C. Sarappa Chari.	100
Beunpoothan-				H. R. Srinivasa Aiyar,	100
gudi.	V. V. Kunchi Raman.	100		gar, B.A.	
Chavakkal.	S. Ramachandran Aiyar.	100		K. Venkata Ramana	
Alathur.	P. A. Sankanni Menon.	100		Aiyar.	100
Vettari.	Saiyid Omdullah Sahib.	100		S. Venkatesubhaiyar.	100
Cherpalcheri.	T. Govindan.	100		K. Narasinga Row.	100
				<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>	
Kottayam.	K. Narayana Aiyar.	100			
Calicut.	M. A. Gopala Krishna				
	Aiyar.	100			
Ponnani.	T. C. Govinda Kurup.	100			
Wadwani.	C. Razam.	100			
Palghat.	K. Razam Menon.	120			
Cherakal.	P. Govindan.	120			
Anjengo.	M. Kandi Menon.	100			
Ernad.	P. Kanjayan.	120			
Kurumbazad.	A. Nam Menon.	120			
NILGIRIS.			TANJORE.		
Ootacamund.	N. Sundaram Aiyar.	100		C. Viswamatha Rao.	120
Gudalur.	R. Swaminatha Aiyar.	150		S. Sundaram Aiyar, Ag.	100
	B.A.			T. S. Saminatha Aiyar.	100
Coonoor.	T. N. Kothanda Rama	100			
	Aiyar.				

+ Wynaad allowance Rs. 50.

Divisions.	Names.	Pay.	Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
TANJORE—concl.			Stationary Sub-Magts.		
Tiravendur.	C. P. Raghavachari.	120			
Negapatam.	Sambasiva Aiyar, B.A.	100			
Trivalar.	S. Krishnaswami Aiyar.	100			
	B.A.				
Tanjavar.	V. Ramachandra Rao.	100			
Vedarsaniem.	A. Munaswami Aiyar.	100			
Nelamunga-					
lam.	U. Raghava Chari.	120			
Aranthangi.	Kalyanaswami Aiyar.	100			
	B.A.				
Trivadi.	Muhammad Abdul Hie	100			
	Sahib.				
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			VIZAGAPATAM.		
Tanjore.	A. S. Daniel Pillai, B.A.	120			
Nannilam.	T. S. Vamana Rao, B.A.	100			
Shiyali.	D. Samidas Pillai.	120			
Mayavaram.	Krishna Rao.	100			
Kumbakonam.	T. V. Venbu Pillai.	100			
Patukota.	T. Krishnaswami Ai-	100			
	yangar, B.A.				
Mamargudi.	Agniswami Pillai, B.A.	100			
Tirunelveli.	R. Ramachandra Aiyar.	100			
TINNEVELLY.			Agency Tracts.		
Kulasegarapa-					
tan.	Lakshmana Pillai.	100			
Palacottah.	P. K. Rajam Aiyar.	100			
Villathikulam.	G. Gopala Aiyar.	100			
Tuticorum.	A. Pirumydeen Sahib.	100			
Vidupatti.	L. Kalleppan Pillai.	100			
Virinjipur.	V. Padmanabha Aiyar,	100			
	B.A., (Sub. pro tem).				
Rudipuram.	C. Vasudeva Rao.	100			
<i>Stationary Sub-Magts.</i>			Stationary Sub-Magts.		
Sivakuntam.	Kaliathappa Mudaliar.	100			
Sankaranmar-					
koril.	N. Valayuthan Pillai.	100			
Sivelliputtur.	M. Maharaja Pillai.	100			
Ottaparam.	S. Ekambaram Aiyar.	100			
	B.A.				
Teskal.	N. Srinivasa Aiyar, B.A.	100			
Tinnevelly.	S. K. Ramakrishna, Ai-	100			
	yar, B.A.				
Satur.	M. Subramaniya Aiyar.	100			
Nagapattinam.	M. Kanchimath Pillai.	100			
TRICHINOPOLY.			Stationary Sub-Magts.		
Trichinopoly	A. Doraswami Mudr.	120			
Town.	B.A., (on dep.)				
Torreyur.	S. A. Visvasami Pillai.	100			
Mampur.	T. Sambasiva Pillai.	100			
Kilapattur.	K. M. Saravaiyar.	120			
Trichinopoly.	B. S. Venkataraman	120			
	Sarria, B.A.				

HUZUR SHERISTADAR.

District.	Names.	Pay.	District.	Names.	Pay.
		Rs.			Rs.
Anantapur.	P. Seshagiri Rao, B.A.	200	Kistna.	K. Narayanaswami Na-	225
Arcoot, North.	K. Narayana Aiyar, (on dep.)	225	Kurnool.	A. Nappaswami Madaliar	200
	D. Krishna Rao, Ag.		Madras.	V. A. Ramaswami Aiyar.	200
Arcoot, South.	S. Rajeswara Mudaliyar,	225	Madura.	N. Vira-hadra Aiyar.	200
	B.A.		Malabar.	G. T. Vergese, B.A.	225
Bellary.	K. Srinivasam Pantulu,	200	Nilgiris.	R. Jaya Raja Rao, B.A.	200
	B.A.		Nellore.	K. Sitapati Rao.	200
Canara, South.	A. Vasudeva Poi.	200	Salem.	R. Govindaraja Aiyangar.	225
Chingleput.	M. V. Narayanaswami Pillai.	200	Tanjore.	T. S. Matheswami Pillai.	225
Coimbatore.	C. K. Chennakavulu Na-	200	Tinnevely.	M. Irulappa Pillai, (on dep.)	225
	yudu, B.A.			T. Seshu Aiyar, B.A., Ag.	
Cuddapah.	D. Krishna Rao.	200	Trichinopoly.	S. Srinivas Rao.	200
Ganjam.	D. Srinivas Rao Pantulu.	200	Vizagapatnam.	P. Kodandaram Pantulu.	200
Godavari.	A. Krishnama Chari, B.A., (Sub. pro tem)	225			

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

The scale of Controlling Establishment sanctioned by H. M.'s Secretary of State for India is as follows:—

(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF.

	Rs.
1 Conservator, 1st Grade.	1,600
1 Do. 2nd do.	1,350
1 Do. 3rd do.	1,100
3 Deputy Conservators, 1st Grade.	900 each
4 Do. do. 2nd do.	800 do.
7 Do. do. 3rd do.	650 do.
7 Do. do. 4th do.	550 do.
5 Assistant do. 1st do.	450 do.
6 Do. do. 2nd do.	350 do.

(2) LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF.

	Rs.
2 Extra Assistant Conservators, 1st Grade.	350
3 Do. do. 2nd do.	300
8 Do. do. 3rd do.	250
7 Do. do. 4th do.	200

According to this scale the Officers of the Department have been graded as under:—

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ances.	Districts where serving.
CONTROLLING STAFF.				
(1) UPPER CONTROLLING STAFF.				
Conservator (1)—1st Grade—Pay Rs. 1,600.				
1	Mr. E. P. Popert	1,600		Central Circle.
2nd Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 1,350.				
1	Mr. A. W. Peet*	1,350		Northern Circle.
3rd Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 1,100.				
1	Mr. J. W. Cherry.*	1,100		Southern Circle.—On furl.
	" E. D. M. Hooper, (Ag.)			

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ances.	Districts where serving.
CONTROLLING STAFF—continued.				
Dy. Conservators, 1st Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 900.				
1	Mr. C. G. Douglas*	900		Nilgiris.
2	" E. D. M. Hooper	900		Bellary.—Ag. Conservator, 3rd Grade, Southern Circle.
3	" B. W. Morgan, F.Z.S.*	900		On furl. for 2 years, from 22nd Dec. 1894.
Acting.				
1	Mr. H. A. Gass	900		Coimbatore.
2	" G. Hadfield	900		South Malabar.
Dy. Conservators, 2nd Grade (4)—Pay Rs. 800.				
1	Mr. H. A. Gass	800		South Coimbatore.—Ag. Dy. Con- servator, 1st Grade, Southern Circle.
2	" W. C. Hayne*	800		Chingleput.
3	" G. Hadfield	800		South Malabar.—Ag. in 1st Grade.
4	" A. W. C. Stanbrough	800		South Arcot.
Acting.				
1	Mr. C. E. Brasier	800		Salem.
2	" H. J. A. Porter	800		Trichinopoly cum Tanjore.
Dy. Conservators, 3rd Grade (7)—Pay Rs. 650.				
1	Mr. C. E. Brasier	650		Salem.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
2	" H. J. A. Porter	650		Trichinopoly cum Tanjore.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
3	" A. W. Lushington	650		Kistna.—Ag. in 2nd Grade.
4	" T. P. Peake	650		Madura.
5	" F. A. Lodge	650		Kurnool.
6	" J. S. Battie	650		South Canara.
7	" J. H. B. Brougham	650		Nellore.
Acting.				
1	Mr. E. R. Murray	650		Anantapur.
2	" P. M. Lushington	650		North Coimbatore.
Dy. Conservators, 4th Grade (7)—Pay Rs. 550.				
1	Mr. E. R. Murray	550		Anantapur.—Ag. in 3rd Grade.
2	" P. M. Lushington	550		North Coimbatore.—Ag. in 3rd Gr.
3	" C. D'A. McCarthy	550		North Arcot.
4	" C. Du Pré Thornton	550		Vizagapatnam.
5	" A. B. Jackson	550		Godavari.
6	" E. McIntosh, B.A.	550		Ganjam.
7	" H. B. Bryant*	550		Tinnevely.
Dy. Conservators, 4th Grade (7)—Pay Rs. 550.				
Acting.				
1	Mr. G. F. F. Foulkes	550		Cuddayah.
2	" F. L. C. Cowley-Brown	550		South Coimbatore.
Asst. Conservators, 1st Grade (5)—Pay Rs. 450.				
1	Mr. G. F. F. Foulkes	450		Cuddayah.—Ag. Dy. Consr., 4th Grade.
2	" F. L. C. Cowley-Brown	450		South Coimbatore.—Ag. Deputy Conservator, 4th Grade.
3	" Vacant.			
4	" Vacant.			
5	" Vacant.			

* Officers admitted by the Secretary of State to the European Services Leave Rules of the Civil Service Regulations.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
CONTROLLING STAFF—concluded.				
<i>Asst. Conservators, 2nd Grade (6)—Pay Rs. 350.</i>				
1	Mr. J. L. MacC. O'Leary	350	...	Kistna.
2	" H. A. Latham	350	...	North Coimbatore.
3	" S. Cox	350	...	Karacol.
4	" H. F. A. Wood	350	...	Cuddapah.—Doing duty under the Dist. Forest Officer.
5	" H. Treadwell	350	...	Nilgiris.—do.
6	" W. W. Batchelor	350	...	Trichinopoly.—do.
(3) LOWER CONTROLLING STAFF.				
<i>Extra Asst. Conservators, 1st Grade (2)—Pay Rs. 350.</i>				
1	Mr. C. A. Eber Hardin	350	50	Bellary.—Ag. Dist. Forest Officer.
2	" J. G. F. Marshall	350	50	North Malabar.—Dist. Forest Officer.
<i>Extra Asst. Conservators, 2nd Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 300.</i>				
1	Mr. W. Casoli	300	...	North Arcot.
2	V. Alwar Chetty, s.a.	300	...	Posted to Salem.
3	Mr. S. C. Moss	300	...	Do.
<i>Extra Asst. Conservators, 3rd Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 250.</i>				
1	T. M. Nallaswami Nayudu	250	...	Salem.—Posted to Northern Circle.
2	Mr. T. N. Hensley	250	...	Karacol.
3	" C. J. Womersley	250	...	Trichinopoly.
<i>Extra Asst. Conservators, 4th Grade (5)—Pay Rs. 200.</i>				
1	Mr. H. H. Ward	200	...	Godavari.
2	" T. G. A. Gaudoin	200	...	Cuddapah.
3	Mr. Rama Row	200	...	Salem.

The following Executive Staff is employed under the sanction of the Local Government:—

EXECUTIVE STAFF.				
SOUTHERN CIRCLE.				
<i>Sub-Assistant Conservators (old scale), 2nd Grade (2)—Pay Rs. 150.</i>				
1	Mr. C. P. Howell	150	...	Madura.
2	V. S. Gurunatha Pillai	150	...	Tinnevely.
<i>1st Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 125 + 25 Horse Allowance.</i>				
1	Mr. H. O'Neill	125	25	South Coimbatore.
2	V. P. Ramalingam Pillai	125	25	Posted to Madura.—On leave.
3	Mr. A. G. Van Haeften	125	25	Nilgiris.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. W. P. Ego	100	25	Acts for Mr. H. O'Neill.
<i>2nd Grade (2)—Pay Rs. 100 + 25 Horse Allowance.</i>				
1	N. Arumuga Mudaliar	100	25	South Coimbatore.
2	Mr. W. P. Rego	100	25	South Malabar.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. N. M. Rego	80	25	South Canara.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—continued.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—continued.				
<i>3rd Grade (4)—Pay Rs. 80 + 20 Horse Allowance.</i>				
1	R. Sundram Pillai	80	20	Nilgiris.
2	Mr. N. M. Rego	80	20	South Canara.—Ag. in the 2nd Gr.
3	A. S. Mariapragasam Pillai	80	20	South Coimbatore.
4	T. C. R. Malaya Pillai	80	20	Tinnevely.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. E. C. M. Mascarenhas	50	A. A. 16, C. A. 20	North Coimbatore.
<i>4th Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Horse Allowance.</i>				
1	Mr. N. S. Noronha	60	15	South Canara.
<i>5th Grade (10)—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Horse Allowance.</i>				
1	Mr. A. F. X. Saldanha	50	15	South Canara.
2	" E. C. M. Mascarenhas	50	15	North Coimbatore.
3	S. Venkataramaniah	50	15	North Malabar.
4	Mr. H. B. Kelly	50	15	South Coimbatore.
5	" J. W. Ryan	50	15	South Coimbatore.
6	A. R. Rama Row	50	15	North Malabar.
7	Mr. S. Selamach	50	15	South Canara.
8	Arulanandam Pillai	50	15	North Coimbatore.
9	"	50	15	Nilgiris.—On furlough.
10	Vacant.			
<i>Acting.</i>				
	Mr. C. Hammond	...	...	Dehra Dén.
	" E. J. D. Piers	...	...	Madura.
	" A. B. Myers	65	...	Nilgiris.
	" E. A. Monisse	...	...	South Malabar.
	A. Srinivasa Chamberlain	...	...	South Coimbatore.
CENTRAL CIRCLE.				
<i>Sub-Assistant Conservators (old scale), 2nd Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 150.</i>				
1	C. M. Maduranayagam Pillai	100	50	South Arcot—Sub. pro tem.
RANGERS.				
<i>1st Grade—Pay Rs. 125 + 25 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
<i>Nil.</i>				
<i>Second Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 100 + 25 Conveyance Allowance.</i>				
1	C. M. Maduranayagam Pillai	100	25	South Arcot.—Ag. Sub-Assst. Conservator, 2nd Gr., Sub. pro tem.
<i>Acting.</i>				
	T. Rapi Rao	80	A. A. 20, C. A. 25	North Arcot.

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—continued.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—continued.				
	3rd Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 80 + 20 Conveyance Allowance.	Rs.	Rs.	
1	C. N. Lakshman Rao	80	20	South Arcot.
2	T. Bapu Rao	80	20	North Arcot.
3	M. Callan	80	20	do.
	<i>Acting.</i>			
	Mr. R. S. Bower, B.A.			Salem.
	4th Grade (5)—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.			
1	M. Shams-ud-din Sahib	60	15	Salem.
2	Mr. R. S. Bower, B.A.	60	15	do.—Acts in 3rd Grade.
3	M. Jambunatha Sastri	60	15	do.—On leave for 1 year.
4	T. Narayana Swami Iyer	60	15	Trichinopoly.
5	Mr. J. Tapp	60	15	North Arcot.—Employed in the Jey- pore Estate.
	<i>Acting.</i>			
	Mr. G. W. Thompson	60		Salem.
	5th Grade (13)—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.			
1	Mr. G. W. Thompson	50	15	Salem—Ranger 4th Gr., Sub. proten.
2	V. C. Doraswami Pillai	50	15	Trichinopoly.
3	M. Kothandarama Mudaliar	50	15	Salem.
4	A. N. Hanumantha Rao	50	15	Cuddapah.
5	T. Shanmoga Mudaliar	50	15	Nellore.
6	N. Balaji Singh	50	15	do.
7	Mr. G. B. Middleton	50	15	Chingleput.
8	W. H. Blacker	50	15	South Arcot.
9	P. Venkatakrishna Naidu	50	15	Salem.—On leave.
10	T. Arumuga Mudaliar	50	15	North Arcot.
11	C. Subramaniam Aiyar	50	15	Cuddapah.
12	A. P. Ramachandra Mudaliar	50	15	Trichinopoly.
13	M. L. Naraina Sastri	50	15	Cuddapah.
	<i>Acting.</i>			
	S. Ramasami Aiyar	50	15	North Arcot.
	Sayid Parhan-ud-din Hussain	50	15	Salem.
	C. Rajagopal Naidu	50		Cuddapah.

NORTHERN CIRCLE.

RANGERS.

1st Grade (1)—Pay Rs. 125 + 25 Conveyance Allowance.

1 Mr. E. Stafford 125 | 25 | Kurnool. |

2nd Grade (3)—Pay Rs. 100 + 25 Conveyance Allowance.

1 R. Visayadam Pancha 100 | 25 | Kurnool. |2 Mr. H. J. McLaughlin 100 | 25 | Vizagapatnam. |3 " W. R. Newman 100 | 25 | do. |

3rd Grade (2)—Pay Rs. 80 + 20 Conveyance Allowance.

1 N. S. Vira Charita 80 | 20 | Ganjam. |2 P. Ananda Rao 80 | 20 | do. |

Executive Staff employed under the sanction of the Local Government—concluded.

No.	NAME.	Pay.	Allow- ance.	Districts where serving.
EXECUTIVE STAFF—concluded.				
	4th Grade (2)—Pay Rs. 60 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.			
1	Vacant.			
2	<i>Acting.</i>			
	V. Kalyanarama Aiyar	50	A. A. C. A. 15	10, Kurnool.
	L. Hanumanthulu	75	A. A. C. A.	10, Ganjam.
	5th Grade (8)—Pay Rs. 50 + 15 Conveyance Allowance.			
1	R. Venkatesa Mudaliar	50	15	Godavari.—On leave for 6 months.
2	M. Balaji Sing	50	15	Kistna.
3	S. Arakiasamy Pillai	50	15	Vizagapatnam.
4	K. Rama Rao	50	15	Posted to Kurnool.
5	V. Kalyanarama Aiyar	50	15	Kurnool.—Acting in 4th Grade.
6	L. Hanumanthulu	50	15	Ganjam.—do.
7	S. Egga Narayanasastri	50	15	Kistna.
8	E. Aravatham Naidu	50	15	Bellary.
	<i>Acting.</i>			
	C. M. Parthasarathy Naidu	50	15	Dehra Dun.
	N. S. Ananthachari	30	A. A. C. A. 15	20, Anantapur.
	G. Venkatapathi Naidu	30	A. A. C. A. 15	20, Kistna.
	Reginald O'Hara	30	A. A. C. A. 15	10, Godavari.
	N. S. Srinantha Aiyar	30	A. A. C. A. 15	10, Anantapur.
	K. S. Krishnamachari	30	A. A. C. A. 15	10, Bellary.

Note.—Forest Rangers draw daily travelling allowance under Article 1167 (ii) and (iii), and 1168 (a) of the Civil Service Regulations, 2nd Edition, according to class in addition to their Permanent Conveyance Allowance under Article 1181.

For purposes of promotion, in the Controlling Staff there will be one list only, which will include the officers of the three Circles.

The headquarters of District Forest Officers will, unless otherwise ordered, be at the head-quarter station of the district. The Office of the Conservator of the Central Circle will be at Madras, while those of the Northern and Southern Circles will be respectively at Waltair and Comblators.

For the Executive Staff there is a separate list for each Circle and promotion is regulated accordingly, and not as in the case of the Controlling Staff.

The control of Forest Administration will, until further orders, continue to be vested in the Board of Revenue, and the Conservators will submit reports and other communications to the Board.

Assistant Conservators will be appointed to the second grade, and they will be eligible for promotion by Government successively to the first grade on their passing the prescribed examinations and obtaining the needful certificate of qualification from the Conservator.

Promotions will not necessarily be given immediately on passing, or solely in consequence of passing the examinations; the merits and qualifications of each officer will also be taken into consideration.

BOARD OF REVENUE. DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE SETTLEMENT, LAND RECORDS AND AGRICULTURE.

H. M. Winterbotham, Esq., I.C.S. Ag. 4th Member, Board of Revenue, and Commr. of Revenue Settlement, and Director of the Dept. of Land Records and Agriculture.

M.R.Ry. P. Rajaratna Mudaliar, Dewan Bahadur Secretary to do.
I. Sarabalingam Naidu, B.A. 1st Assistant, Settlement Branch.
G. Srinivasulu Chetti, B.A. 2nd do. Statistical Branch.
P. Govinda Menon, B.A. Head Accountant, Settlement Branch.—On other duty.

M. Ramachandra Iyer, B.A. Ag. do. do.

Settlement Party, No. I.

M.R.Ry. S. Rangachariar Avelal, B.A. Deputy Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, 1st Grade.

M. Narsimulu Pantulu Uncovenanted Assistant.

Settlement Party, No. II.

M.R.Ry. T. Krishnamurti Aiyangar Avelal, B.A. Deputy Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, 2nd Grade.—On furlough.

N. Pattabhirama Rao, B.A. Ag. do. do.
T. Ranga Aiyangar Uncovenanted Assistant.

Settlement Party, No. III.

G. P. Clerk, Esq. Deputy Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, 1st Grade.

M.R.Ry. D. Krishnayya, B.A. Uncovenanted Assistant.

Settlement Party, No. V.

M.R.Ry. M. Adinarayana Iyah Garu Deputy Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, 2nd Grade, Sub. pro tem.

J. Sundarayya, B.A. Uncovenanted Assistant, Sub. pro tem.

Settlement Party, No. VI.

P. C. Parsons, Esq., I.C.S. Special Settlement Officer, Malabar and South Canara.

M.R.Ry. N. Pattabhirama Rao, B.A. Assistant Commissioner of Revenue Settlement, Sub. pro tem.—On other duty.

T. V. Narsimulu Naidu Sub. pro tem. do.
P. Govinda Menon, B.A. Uncovenanted Assistant, Sub. pro tem.

Land Records and Agriculture.

C. Benson, Esq., M.E.A.C. Deputy Director of Land Records and Agriculture.

M.R.Ry. C. E. Subba Rao Sub-Assistant Director of Agriculture.

Vety. Lieut. C. B. M. Harris, A.V.C., M.R.C.V.S. Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department.—On sick leave.

A. E. Clarke Acting do. do.

Mr. B. Mannar Deputy Superintendent, do.

NOMINAL ROLL OF THE MADRAS SURVEY DEPARTMENT, ARRANGED ACCORDING TO PARTIES.

Central Office.

No.	Name.	Appointment.	Remarks.
1	H. O'C. Cardozo, Esq.	Superintendent, Madras Survey.	
2	J. E. Cook, Esq.	Dy. Supt., Madras Survey, 1st Class.	In charge of Central Office.
3	M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib G. Venkayya Pantulu Garu.	Asst. Supt., 3rd Class.	

Central Office—continued.

No.	Name.	Appointment.	Remarks.
4	M.R.Ry. M. Ramaswami Naidu Garu.	Asst. Supt., 3rd Class.	
5	G. Pascha Pillai	Sub-Assst. 1st Class	Sub. pro tem.
6	P. Nanyanasami Naidu	do. 2nd do.	do.
7	T. A. Sundaram Aiyar	do. 2nd do.	do.
8	N. Comarettu Asari	Head Computer	do.
9	Mr. E. R. Joseph	Head Draftsman.	do.
10	C. J. Mallikarjuna Sastri	Map Record-keeper	Sub. pro tem.
11	Mr. W. P. Dacosta	Lithographer.	
12	T. Pereira	Draftsman.	
13	C. Chengulroya Moodelly	Lithographer	Sub. pro tem.
14	T. V. Narayanasami Naidu	Draftsman.	
15	B. Chatter Sing	Photographer.	
16	Mahomed Fida Hussain	Clerk.	
17	K. Surianarayana Rao	Cashkeeper.	Sub. pro tem.
18	H. Raghavendra Rao	Clerk	do.

Godavari District, No. I Party.

1	P. Spurling, Esq.	Special Dy. Collector	In charge of Initial Survey, Godavari.
2	P. V. Subba Rao	Sub-Assistant	Madras.
3	A. Nadamuni Reddi	Clerk.	
4	T. Streenuvasu Raghava chary.	Computer Draftsman.	

Godavari and Kistna Districts, No. II Party.

1	D. Seshachari, B.A., B.C.E.	Special Dy. Collector	In charge of Re. Survey, Ellore and Guntur.
2	R. McMahon, Esq.	Sub-Assistant, 1st Class.	On deputation to Pudukkottai, Supt., Re. Survey.
3	Mr. S. Clarkson	do. 3rd do.	
4	H. Selvey	do. 3rd do.	Acting.
5	V. Krishnasami	Clerk.	
6	P. Sami Naidu	do.	

Malabar District, No. III Party.

1	G. P. Greene, Esq.	Dy. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of No. III Party.
2	R. H. L. Lushington, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	On dep. to the Forest Dept. for employment on Forest Settlement duty.
3	J. Thompson, Esq.	do. 3rd do.	On spl. duty in Wynad.
4	W. F. Bateman, Esq.	do. 3rd do.	
5	Mr. J. P. Alley	Sub-assistant, 1st Class.	Acting.
6	S. Gopala Chari	do. 2nd do.	do.
7	Mr. A. Lopez	Head-Surveyor, 1st Class.	District Surveyor, Malabar.
8	C. D. Lima	do. 2nd do.	do. Nilgiris.
9	Kappasami Naidu	do. 1st do.	do. Coimbatore.
10	Mr. G. W. Footman	do. 2nd do.	Tempy.
11	G. Holden	do. 2nd do.	do.
12	C. K. Kesava Rao	Clerk.	
13	R. Srinivasa Aiyar	Computer Draftsman.	
14	P. Arunachala Moodelly	do.	

South Canara District, No. IV Party.

1	H. R. Bentley Taylor, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 1st Class	In charge of No. IV Party.
2	F. V. P. Gompertz, Esq.	do. 3rd Class	On privilege leave for 2 months and 17 days, from 17th August 1895.
3	Mr. C. Lynch	Head Surveyor, 1st Class.	Ooty Town Survey.
4	M. Crumpton	do. 2nd do.	Dist. Surveyor, S. Canara.
5	T. Swami Pillai	do. 2nd do.	Tempy.
6	Mr. A. S. Swaris	do. 2nd do.	
7	G. K. Subramania Iyer	Computer Draftsman.	

Salem District Re. Survey Party.

No.	Name.	Appointment.	Remarks.
1	M.R.Ry. P. R. Narayana Aiyar Avergal.	Asst. Supt., 3rd Class	In charge of Salem Re. Survey. — Invested with the rank and powers of a Depy. Collector.
2	S. P. Venkatrama Aiyar	Head Surveyor, 1st Class	On deputation to Court of Wards.
3	M. R. Srinivasa Aiyangar	do. 2nd do.	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> .

Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari and Kistna Districts.
No. I Survey Division.

1	H. S. Mullins, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	Services placed at the disposal of the Forest Dept.
2	M.R.Ry. D. T. Srinivasa Aiyangar Avergal.	Sub-Asst., 1st Class	In charge of No. I Survey Divn. — Invested with the rank and powers of a Dy. Collector.
3	Tippasazu Rama Rao	Hd. Surveyor, 2nd Class	Temp., Ganjam.
4	Mr. A. D. Syleester	do. 1st do.	Acting, Vizagapatam.
5	P. Hanumantha Rao	do. 2nd do.	Godavari.
6	G. Nagarwara Rao	do. 2nd do.	Kistna.

Bellary, Kurnool and Anantapur Districts.
No. II Survey Division.

1	A. Maltby, Esq.	Dy. Supt., 1st Class	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> . — In charge of No. II Survey Division.
2	K. L. Dorasami Aiyar	Hd. Surveyor, 2nd Class	Bellary.
3	Mr. B. Joseph	do. 1st do.	Kurnool.
4	N. Dorasami Naidu	do. 2nd do.	Anantapur.

Nellore, Cuddapah and North Arcot Districts.
No. III Survey Division.

1	C. W. Martin, Esq.	Dy. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of No. III Survey Division.
2	K. Divakarish	Hd. Supervisor, 2nd Class	Temp., Nellore.
3	Mr. T. Otter	do. 2nd do.	Cuddapah.
4	K. R. Krishnasamy Aiyar	do. 2nd do.	North Arcot.

Chingleput, South Arcot, Salem and Trichinopoly Districts.
No. IV Survey Division.

1	W. A. Hasted, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of No. IV Survey Division.
2	M. Toolasingam Pillai	Hd. Surveyor, 2nd Class	Sub. <i>pro tem</i> , Chingleput.
3	C. Dorasami	do. 2nd do.	South Arcot.
4	R. Ramasami Aiyangar	do. 2nd do.	Salem.
5	C. S. Panichapakesu Aiyar	do. 2nd do.	Trichinopoly.

Tanjore, Madura and Tinnevely Districts.
No. V Survey Division.

1	J. C. MacHutchin, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of No. V Survey Division.
2	M.R.Ry. D. C. Ragbava-chariyer Avergal.	Special Dy. Collector	In charge of Inam Survey.
3	Mr. W. Dixon	Hd. Supervisor, 1st Class	Tanjore.
4	G. Gopalakrishna Aiyar	do. 2nd do.	Madura.
5	C. Nagaji Rao	do. 2nd do.	Tinnevely.

Madras and Nilgiri Districts Town Surveys.

1	W. H. Thornhill, Esq.	Dy. Supt., 2nd Class	In charge of Town Surveys.
2	D. G. Hatchell, Esq.	Asst. Supt., 1st Class	Town Surveys.
3	Mr. P. Lynch	Sub-Asst., 3rd do.	Temp., Madras Town Survey.
4	W. Evans	do. 2nd do.	Do. Nilgiris.
5	K. S. Gopala Aiyar, & A.	Head Surveyor, 1st Class	Do. Madras Town Survey.
6	Mr. M. Crampden	do. do.	Ooty Town Survey.

GRADATION LIST OF THE SURVEY ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Length of Service.	Names.	Regiment.	Date of Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment.	District or other duty on which now employed.	Remarks.
Tel.	H. O'G. Cardozo, Esq.	Unconvenanted	21 Mar. 1859	14 July 1887	Superintendent, Madras Survey.	
Tam.	J. H. Cook, Esq.	Unconvenanted	23 Jan. 68	7 Jan. 93	In charge of Central Office.	
Tel.	A. Maltby, Esq.	Unconvenanted	19 Dec. 73	14 Nov. 81	Anantapur, Bellary and Kurnool, Sub. <i>pro tem</i> 1st Class. — In charge of No. II Survey Division.	
Tam.	W. H. Thornhill, Esq.	do	17 May 82	20 April 93	Madras and Nilgiris	
Tel.	C. W. Martin, Esq.	do	7 Oct. 84	12 Jan. 92	Nellore, North Arcot and Cuddapah.	
Tel.	G. F. Greene, Esq.	do	17 Mar. 86	7 Jan. 93	Malabar	
Tam.	H. R. Bentley Taylor, Esq.	Unconvenanted	15 Jan. 85	1 May 87	South Canara	
Tel.	D. G. Hatchell, Esq.	do	11 Aug. 86	7 Jan. 93	Madras	

Assistant Superintendents, 1st Class.

... In charge of No. IV Party.
... Town Surveys.

Assistant Superintendents, 1st Class.

... In charge of No. IV Party.
... Town Surveys.

GRADUATION LIST OF THE SURVEY ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY—continued.

Lingual Attainments	Names.	Regiment.	Date of first Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment	District or other duty on which now employed.	REMARKS.
Assistant Superintendents, 2nd Class.						
Tam.	J. C. MacRitchie, Esq.	Uncontracted	18 April	84 9 June	87 Madras, Tanjore and Tinnevely.	In charge of No. V Survey Division.
"	W. A. Hasted, Esq.	do	19 Nov.	84 15 Nov.	91 South Arcot, Chingleput, Salem and Trichinopoly.	In charge of No. IV Survey Division.
	A. S. Mullins, Esq.	do	10 Nov.	85 12 Jan.	92	Services placed at the disposal of the Forest Department.
Tel.	R. H. L. Lushington, Esq.	do	3 Aug.	87 7 Jan.	93	On dep. to the Forest Dept. for employment on Forest Settlement duty.
Assistant Superintendents, 3rd Class.						
	M.R.Ry. Rao Sahib G. Ven. Uncontracted		1 July 1889	14 July 1891	Central Office, Madras.	
	Katramaya Pan.					
	Tulu Garu.	do	4 Jan.	72 14 July	91 do.	On special duty in Wynad, No. III Party.
	M. Ramaswami Naidu	do	1 Aug.	89 14 July	91 Malabar.	In charge of Salem Re. survey.
	Garu.					
	J. Thompson, Esq.	do	12 May	79 17 Aug.	92 Salem	No. IV Party. On privilege leave for 2 months and 17 days, from 17th August 1890.
Tel.	M.R.Ry. P. R. Narayana	do	6 April	92 19 Feb.	95 South Canara	No. III Party.
	Aiyar Avergal.					
	P. V. P. Gompertz, Esq.	do	15 Nov.	92 1 Aug.	95 Malabar	
Mal.	W. F. Bateman, Esq.	do				

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PHASES OF THE MOON.

New Moon.....	d. h. m.	4 11 12 After.	Full Moon.....	d. h. m.	29 9 26 Morn.
First Quarter.....	12 5 50 Morn.		Last Quarter.....	27 5 30 After.	
Perigee.....	3 8 -- Morn.		Perigee.....	31 6 -- Morn.	
Apogee.....	15 5 -- Morn.				

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tenth day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	THE SUN		THE MOON	
				Rises	Sets	Rises	Sets
				Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.
1	Tues	18	Princess of Wales born, 1844.....	6 9	5 30	3 21	8 22
2	Wed	19	Battle of Austerlitz, 1804.....	6 9	5 30	3 20	9 17
3	Thur	20		6 10	5 31	4 24	10 15
4	Fri	21	Suttee abolished, 1829.....	6 11	5 31	5 30	11 18
5	Sat	22	Madras Court of S. Causes estab. 1850.....	6 11	5 31	6 37	After.
6	SUN	23	2nd SUNDAY IN ADVENT.— <i>St. Nicholas</i>	6 12	5 31	7 40	1 25
7	Mon	24	Hyder Ali died, 1782.....	6 12	5 33	8 38	2 25
8	Tues	25	Conception of the B. V. Mary.....	6 13	5 32	9 30	3 26
9	Wed	26	Second battle of Nagpore, 1857.....	6 14	5 32	10 15	4 9
10	Thur	27	Nagpore annexed, 1853.....	6 14	5 33	10 55	4 54
11	Fri	28		6 14	5 33	11 42	5 36
12	Sat	29	New Zealand discovered, 1642.....	6 15	5 34	After.	6 16
13	SUN	30	3rd SUNDAY IN ADVENT.— <i>St. Lucy</i>	6 15	5 34	6 42	6 56
14	Mon	1	Prince Consort died, 1841.....	6 16	5 34	1 17	7 33
15	Tues	2		6 17	5 35	1 54	8 19
16	Wed	3	<i>St. Stephen</i>	6 17	5 35	2 33	9 4
17	Thur	4	Foundation Stone of Town Hall laid, 1853.....	6 18	5 36	3 17	9 52
18	Fri	5	Suez Canal opened, 1869.....	6 18	5 36	4 5	10 43
19	Sat	6	Marquis Dalhousie died, 1860.....	6 19	5 37	4 56	11 36
20	SUN	7	4th SUNDAY IN ADVENT.....	6 19	5 37	5 53	Morn.
21	Mon	8	<i>St. Thomas, Ap.</i> —Battle of Mohidpore, 1817.....	6 20	5 38	6 47	0 31
22	Tues	9	Battle of Ferozeshah, 1848.....	6 20	5 38	7 44	1 25
23	Wed	10	Assn. of Sir W. H. Macnaghten, 1841.....	6 21	5 39	8 39	2 17
24	Thur	11		6 21	5 39	9 33	3 6
25	Fri	12	CHRISTMAS DAY.....	6 22	5 40	10 25	3 54
26	Sat	13	<i>St. Stephen, M.</i>	6 22	5 40	11 19	4 40
27	SUN	14	1st SUNDAY AFTER CHRISTMAS.— <i>St. John the Evangelist</i>	6 22	5 41	Morn.	5 28
28	Mon	15	<i>Holy Innocent's Day</i>	6 23	5 41	6 18	6 16
29	Tues	16	W. E. Gladstone born, 1809.....	6 23	5 42	1 9	7 7
30	Wed	17	Pegu annexed, 1852.....	6 24	5 42	2 9	8 2
31	Thur	18	<i>St. Sylvester, Pp.</i>	6 24	5 43	3 12	9 1

PHENOMENA.

d. h.	
Dec. 1 4	Morn.—Jupiter in quadrature to the sun: App. dia. 35".
3 7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn: Morn 7 11 S.
5 5	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury: Moon 3 2 S.
7 7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus: Moon 0 3 N.
10 3	After.—Neptune in opposition to the sun.
11 11	Morn.—Mars in opposition to the sun: App. dia. 17".
21 12	Noon.—Winter commences.
25 10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter: Moon 3 38 S.
26 6	Morn.—Jupiter stationary: App. dia. 37".
28 5	After.—Neptune in conjunction with Saturn: Saturn 1 49 N.
31 9	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn: Moon 7 14 S.
31 3	After.—Sun in perigee.

RIGHT ASCENSION AND DECLINATION OF THE SUN AND PLANETS AT MADRAS FOR 1896.

Months and Days.	Sun.		Mercury.		Venus.		Mars.		Jupiter.		Saturn.	
	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.	R. A.	Dec.
1896	h.	m.	h.	m.	h.	m.	h.	m.	h.	m.	h.	m.
January	11 18	45	23 13	17	8 24 15	39	8 17 16	52	8 23 8	38	19 14	59
	11 19	29	22 20	27	21 16	27	19 17	23	23 8	33	19 15	2
	21 20	12	20 21	27	16 17	17	21 17	55	24 8	28	20 15	5
	31 20	53	17 21	50	11 18	9	22 18	27	24 8	23	20 15	7
Feb.	10 21	34	14 31	15	12 19	1	22 18	59	23 8	17	20 15	8
	20 22	18	11 20	50	15 19	59	21 19	31	22 8	13	21 15	9
March	1 22	51	7 21	8	16 20	43	18 20	3	21 8	9	21 15	9
	11 23	28	3 21	50	14 21	33	15 20	35	20 8	7	21 15	9
	21 0	4	N. 0 22	49	16 22	21	11 31	6	18 8	6	21 15	8
	31 0	40	4 23	48	4 23	7	7 21	36	16 8	6	21 15	6
April	10 1	17	8 0	50	N. 3 23	59	2 22	6	13 8	7	21 15	3
	20 1	54	12 2	5	12 0	38	N. 2 22	35	10 8	10	21 15	1
	30 1	32	15 3	26	20 1	23	7 23	3	8 8	14	21 14	58
May	10 3	11	18 4	36	24 2	9	12 23	32	5 8	19	20 14	55
	20 3	50	20 5	22	25 2	57	16 23	59	2 8	24	20 14	52
	30 4	31	22 5	36	23 3	46	19 0	27	N. 1 8	31	20 14	49
June	9 5	12	23 5	20	30 4	27	22 0	54	4 8	28	19 14	47
	19 5	53	23 5	2	18 5	30	23 1	21	7 8	46	19 14	45
	29 6	35	23 5	9	19 6	23	24 1	48	9 8	34	18 14	44
July	9 7	16	22 5	49	21 7	17	23 2	15	12 9	2	18 14	43
	19 7	57	21 7	0	23 8	10	21 2	41	14 9	16	17 14	43
	29 8	36	19 7	28	21 9	1	18 3	7	16 9	19	16 14	43
August	8 9	15	16 9	49	15 9	50	15 3	33	18 9	28	16 14	44
	18 9	53	13 10	57	8 10	27	10 3	58	19 9	36	15 14	46
	28 10	30	9 11	52	0 11	23	5 4	22	20 9	45	14 14	48
Sept.	7 11	6	6 12	39	S. 6 12	38	S. 0 4	45	21 9	53	14 14	51
	17 11	42	2 13	13	11 12	53	5 5	6	22 10	1	13 14	55
	27 12	17	S. 2 13	27	13 13	39	10 5	24	23 10	9	12 14	58
October	7 12	54	6 13	2	9 14	26	14 14	39	23 10	16	12 15	2
	17 13	31	9 12	37	3 15	14	18 5	50	24 10	23	11 15	7
	27 14	9	13 13	5	5 16	5	22 5	56	24 10	29	10 15	11
Nov.	6 14	48	10 14	0	10 16	57	24 5	57	24 10	35	10 15	16
	16 15	29	16 15	1	16 17	51	25 5	51	25 10	40	9 15	21
	26 16	11	21 16	5	21 18	45	25 5	39	25 10	41	8 15	26
Dec.	6 16	54	23 17	12	24 19	38	24 5	23	26 10	46	8 15	30
	16 17	33	23 18	28	25 20	29	21 5	6	26 10	52	9 15	35
	26 18	23	23 19	31	24 21	18	18 4	31	25 10	49	8 15	39
	31 19	45	23 20	2	22 21	41	16 4	46	25 10	49	8 15	41