

RESOLUTION.—On a reconsideration of the subject, the Government of India think it necessary to modify the rules contained in the resolution of 8th September 1875, so far as regards the burial of deceased Roman Catholics. The Government of India have now decided—

- 1st, that at stations where there is a Roman Catholic Priest drawing an allowance from Government, he shall be held bound to read the burial service over the body of every deceased Roman Catholic soldier brought for burial, unless he be excused from doing so by the Rubrics and Canons of the Roman Catholic church, and that when the Roman Catholic Priest refuses to read the burial service over the body of a deceased Roman Catholic soldier, the military authorities shall make proper arrangements for the decent interment of the corpse;
- 2ndly, that where there is no Roman Catholic Priest paid by the State, the Protestant Chaplain shall, if requested by the friends of the deceased, or by the officer commanding, be bound to bury the deceased according to the rites and ritual of the Church of England, except in either of the three cases in which Protestant Chaplains in India are excused from burying a deceased Protestant, viz., dying unbaptized even by lay baptism; excommunicated by the major excommunication, or declared to be *felo de se*; and that when a Protestant Chaplain refuses to officiate at the burial of a deceased Roman Catholic soldier on either of the three above-mentioned grounds, the military authorities shall, as in the case of refusal by a Roman Catholic Priest, make proper arrangements for the decent interment of the corpse;
- 3rdly, that whenever, with or without furnishing any explanation of his reasons, a Roman Catholic Priest paid by the State or a Protestant Chaplain refuses to perform the funeral rites of his church over the body of a deceased Roman Catholic soldier, the circumstances of the case should be fully reported by the military authorities for the consideration and orders of the Government.

2. The Governor-General in Council is accordingly pleased to direct the modification in the above sense of the provisions of paragraphs 15 to 19 inclusive of the resolution dated 8th September 1875.

NOTES.—(1) The expression "proper arrangements for the decent interment of the corpse" in Rules 1 and 2 means that when Letter to Government of Madras, No. 347, dated 31st October 1877. both the Roman Catholic and Protestant Chaplains refuse burial in a case of suicide by a Roman Catholic soldier whilst of unsound mind, the burial service should be read over the body by the officer commanding the deceased's company.

(2) The intention of the passage "bound to bury the deceased according to the rites and ritual of the Church of England" in Rule 2 is, that the service of the Church of England should be read over the body if the Protestant Chaplain is requested by the friends of the deceased to do so, but the rules does not in any way re-impose on Protestant Chaplains the burden of reading the burial service over either soldiers or civilians to whom a Roman Catholic Chaplain has refused burial. There is nothing to prevent a Chaplain burying any one if he chooses to do so, provided they are not unbaptized 'even by lay baptism,' excommunicated by the major excommunication, or declared to be *felo de se*; only the Protestant Chaplain is no longer bound to do so.

(3) The expression "unbaptized even by lay baptism" in Rule 2 is equivalent to "unbaptized by either clerical or lay baptism." The meaning intended to be conveyed is that baptism, either by lay or clerical, is sufficient to prevent a person from being regarded as "unbaptized" for the purposes of the rule.

Letter to Chief Commissioner of British Burma, No. 194, dated 2nd June 1879.

(Signed) A. MACKENZIE, Secy. to the Govt. of India.
(Re-published by order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.)
(Signed) E. F. WEBSTER, Chief Secretary.

G.O., 16th August 1879, No. 191.

NOTIFICATION.

The following rule is published for general information, in modification of the rule contained in para. 3, of Home Department Resolution, No. 6—370—382, dated the 9th November 1876, which prohibits the enclosure of a kutchra grave by a railing:—

The Archdeacon, or, in his absence, the Bishop, may, on sufficient cause being shown, permit a kutchra grave to be enclosed by a railing, other than wooden, on condition that the same fee is paid as is levied on the construction of masonry graves.

(True Copy.)

November 20, 1880.

(Signed) C. R. DRURY, Archdeacon.

NOTIFICATION.

The Government see no objection to a stone coping, which appears to be covered by the rules.

(Signed) C. C. RAWSON, Capt., R. E., Ag. Under Secy., P. W. D.

Ootacamund, September 1st, 1882.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 75.—The following extract from the *Gazette of India*, dated 1st July 1882, is published for general information:—

"Whereas copies or extracts certified to be true copies or extracts of baptismal, marriage, and burial certificates granted by Ministers and Marriage Registrars are generally furnished on printed forms for which impressed sheets of stamped paper cannot be used without inconvenience; therefore, in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following rule:—

"The stamp duty payable under Article 22 of Schedule I to the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, on copies or extracts certified to be true copies or extracts of baptismal, marriage, and burial certificates shall be denoted by means of adhesive court fee labels."

(Signed) C. G. MASTER,
Chief Secretary.

MARRIAGE REGISTRARS.

No.	District.	Names.	Official Designation.	Date of appointment
1	Arcot, North.....	Mr. H. V. D'Roza.....	Pensioned Head Clerk, Collr.'s Office, Chittoor.....	3 May 1875
2	Arcot, South.....	" G. S. Gouge	Superintendent of Sea Customs, Cuddalore.....	23 Feb. 86
3	Bellary.....	" M. Abraham.....	".....	13 July 85
4	Canara, South.....	" S. H. Wynne, Esq.	Acting District Magistrate.....	29 June 87
5	Cochin.....	" John Henry Boyer.....	Sheristadar, 2nd Class Magist.....	27 Sept. 86
6	Coimbatore.....	" P. A. Cole*.....	Deputy Collector.....	18 April 78
7	Cuddapah.....	" T. R. A. Chauvel.....	English Record-keeper, Collec- tor's Office (Retired).....	31 Dec. 72
8	Ganjam District.....	" H. L. Howell.....	Treasury Deputy Collector.....	21 Nov. 82
9	Godavery District.....	" R. R. Franz.....	Retired U. C. S.....	23 July 72
10	Kistna District.....	" J. Creswell.....	Tahsildar, Bander Taluk.....	14 May 67
11	Kurnool.....	" C. E. McKenzie.....	English Record-keeper, Collec- tor's Office.....	6 Sep. 76
12	Madras.....	" R. Parsons.....	Chief Asst., Madras Secretariat.....	Feb. 86
13	Madura.....	".....	".....	".....
14	Malabar.....	Mr. T. W. Barboza.....	Sea Customs Supt., Calicut.....	15 April 75
15	Do.....	" J. H. Boyer.....	Sheristadar, 2nd Class Magis- trate, Cochin Taluk.....	27 Sept. 86
16	Nellore.....	" T. J. Nipps.....	English Record-keeper, Collec- tor's Office.....	19 Feb. 83
17	Nilgiris.....	" Charles Ernest Plunkett.....	Treasury Deputy Collector.....	".....
18	Salem.....	" W. Dunergue, Esq.	Ag. Sub-Collr. and Joint Magist.....	".....
19	Tanjore.....	" T. S. Rouse.....	Sea Customs Supt., Negapatam.....	15 June 76
20	Tinnevely.....	" A. Thompson.....	Translator, Collr.'s Office.....	18 Nov. 72
21	Trichinopoly.....	" S. B. DeVisser.....	Pensioned 1st Clerk, Collec- tor's Office.....	31 Mar. 80
22	Travancore.....	" Robert Harvey, M.A., LL.D.....	Principal, High School.....	27 May 84
23	Vizagapatam.....	" J. H. Prince, Ag.....	Head Sirkar Vakil.....	5 July 87

* Absent on furlough for 1 year and 3 months; the District Magistrate acts.

PART IV.—MILITARY.

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

Fort St. George, 1st September 1863, No. 306 of 1863.—The following Extract from a Military Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India is published:—

Despatch, dated 31st July 1863, No 109.—1. I have to inform you that the House of Lords has reversed the judgment of the Master of the Rolls in the matter of Lord Clive's Fund, and has ruled that the contingency specified in the Deed constituting the Fund, in the event of which the sum of Sicca Rupees 5,00,000 should be returned to Lord Clive, or to his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, has happened, by the passing of the Acts 21 and 22, Victoria, Chapter 106.

2. You will, therefore, in future, admit all persons, who would have been entitled to pension from that Fund, to an equivalent rate of pension, without reference to the name of Lord Clive, upon production of the usual documents.

Pensions in lieu of those formerly granted from Lord Clive's Fund.

These pensions are granted to Commissioned and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Forces, superannuated or worn-out in the service.

The following Commissioned and Warrant Officers are entitled to the half-pay of their respective ranks from the date of their debarkation in England, on their making affidavit that they do not possess property to the amount opposite to their respective rank:—

	£		£
Colonel, or *Inspector-Gl. of Hospitals	4,000	Deputy Commissary of Ordnance	1,040
Lieut-Colonel, or †Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals	3,000	Assistant Surgeon, or Veterinary Surgeon	1,000
Major	2,500	Ensign	750
Captain	2,000	Assistant Commissary of Ordnance	
Commissary of Ordnance	2,000	Deputy Asst. Commissary, Conductor, Troop Qr. Master, and all other inferior Warrant Officers	750
Surgeon	2,000		
Lieutenant, or Adjutant of Invalids with one Commission	1,000		

All Commissioned, Staff, or other Officers are to have half the Ordinary Infantry pay they enjoyed whilst in the service, and Warrant Officers are to receive one-half of their retiring pensions, viz:—

	Per annum.	Per diem.
	£ s. d.	£ s. d.
Colonel, or *Inspector-General of Hospitals.....	228 2 6	or 12 6
Lt.-Col., or †Depy. Insp.-Genl. of Hospitals.....	182 10 6	" 10 0
Major	136 17 6	" 7 6
Captain, Surgeon, or Commissary	91 5 0	" 5 0
Lieutenant, Asst-Surgeon, Vety. Surgeon, or Deputy Commissary.....	45 12 6	" 2 6
Cornet or Ensign	36 10 0	" 2 0
Assistant, or Deputy Assistant Commissary....	37 1 4	" 2 0 1
Conductor of Ordnance, Riding Master, or Troop Quarter-Master.....	30 0 0	" 1 7 1
Sub-Conductor.....	22 16 3	" 1 3

Pensions to Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates are paid from the day of their debarkation in England, as follows:—

Serjeants of Artillery, 9d. per diem—1s. to those who have lost a limb.
Privates of do. 6d. do. and 9d. to do. do.

All other Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates receive 4 pence and 3 farthings. Serjeants who have actually served 21 years in the Indian Forces, the last 8 as Serjeants, or who are distinguished for good conduct or disabled from wounds received in actual service, are allowed in any part of the British dominions in Europe, one shilling per diem in addition to the regulated pension from this Fund. Serjeants wishing to reside in India after 21 years' service as above are allowed 30 rupees per mensem.

Serjeants, Corporals or Privates of 14 years' actual service, discharged on account of debility rendering them unfit for Field Service, shall be allowed, inclusive of the regulated pension from this Fund, as follows:—

Serjeants, per diem 1 shilling; Corporals and Privates, per diem 9d.; and Serjeants, Corporals and Privates discharged at their own request after completing 21 years' service shall be allowed, inclusive of pension from this Fund, one shilling per diem.

* Present designation Surgeon-General.

† " " Deputy Surgeon-General.

If incapable, from wounds or injuries received on service, of discharging their duties, the following *per diem* pensions *inclusive* of the regulated pensions from this Fund will be allowed whatever the rank or Corps of the Soldier, but not without a certificate of good conduct from the proper authorities.

	If totally unable to contribute to earn a livelihood.			If able to contribute something to earn a livelihood.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
After 21 years' service...	0	1	10	0	1	4
" 14 " " "	0	1	6	0	1	0
Under 14 " " "	0	1	3	0	0	9

The pensions to Commissioned, Warrant, Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers are payable half-yearly at the India Office, in London, without deduction, at Midsummer and Christmas; but if Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers receive their pensions in the country, (if they reside more than 25 miles from London by special leave), a shilling will be charged on each payment for the person who pays them.

The pensions of Commissioned and Warrant Officers are payable as they fall due. Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates paid in advance on their landing, for the broken period to the end of the first half-year, and afterwards half-yearly in advance.

G.O.C. 22nd August 1874, No. 211.—"Officers who retire under the scheme published in G.G.O., No. 656 of 1874, are as much debarred from the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund as any other retired officers are.

"The retirement of an officer under G.G.O., No. 656 of 1874, is in no way affected by the fact that he receives also compensation for the Colonel's allowance, and therefore has to relinquish the good service pension if he is on receipt of it, and forego all claim to bonus compensation under the terms of G.G.O., No. 603, dated 26th September 1866.

2. "Such officers cannot be required to subscribe to the Military Funds as Colonels; nor can they have the option of doing so in any rank higher than that they have attained substantively, unless, under the operation of any rules of their respective funds, which would give them that privilege, if they merely retired from the service in ordinary course."

Pensions to Widows.

Article 1787.—Widows of officers of the old Indian Service, including those transferred from it to the Staff Corps and to the British Service (see note, Article 1797) who would have been entitled to pensions from Lord Clive's Fund prior to the passing of the Acts XXI and XXII Vic. Chap. 103, are granted pensions under the following rules at these rates:—

	Out of India.			Per diem.			Per annum.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
Widow of a regimental Colonel or of an officer of the Staff Corps in receipt of Colonel's allowance.....	0	5	3	114	1	3			
Do Lieutenant Colonel	0	5	0	91	5	0			
Do Major, and Chaplain above 15 years' service.....	0	3	9	68	8	9			
Do Captain and Chaplain above 7 years' service.....	0	2	6	45	12	6			
Do Chaplain under 7 years' service	0	1	9	31	18	9			
Do Lieutenant	0	1	3	22	16	3			

Widows of Medical Officers and Veterinary Surgeons according to the relative rank of their late husbands. (See Article 1607a.)

Article 1788.—A widow on applying for admission to the benefits of the Fund is required to make a declaration in the following form,* to be submitted in duplicate with attested copies of her marriage certificate:—

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am the widow of _____ in Her Majesty's Service, late a _____ and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband; and I further solemnly and sincerely declare, that my said husband was not, at the time of his death, possessed of, or entitled to, either by himself or by any person in trust for him, real and personal estate to the amount in value together of _____ including any settlement that may have been made at the time of marriage, or subsequently thereto; and that at the time of the death of my said husband no person or class of persons nominated by him other than a creditor or creditors, nor any one in trust for such person or class, was entitled under any Life Insurance effected by my said husband to any such sum of money as either alone or together with the real and personal estate of which my said husband died, seized or possessed, will amount to the aforesaid sum of _____; and that my said husband did not to my knowledge at any period in any way

dispose of his estate, or any part thereof, in order that I might be enabled to claim the regulated amount of pension from Lord Clive's Fund; and I also declare that I do not myself possess or enjoy any property, or any such interest in any property, as either alone or together with the real and personal estate of which my late husband died, seized or possessed, and any such insurance money as aforesaid will amount to the aforesaid sum of _____; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the Session of Parliament of the fifth and sixth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intitled "An Act to repeal an Act of the present Session of Parliament," intitled "An Act for the more effectual abolition of oaths and affirmations taken and made in various departments of the State, and to substitute declarations in lieu thereof, and for the more entire suppression of voluntary and extrajudicial oaths and affidavits, and to make other provisions for the abolition of unnecessary oaths."

Declared at _____ this _____ day of _____ 18 ____ Signature of _____ Widow.

Signature of Magistrate or Justice of the Peace.

Article 1789.—The value of the real and personal estate, including any settlement at the time of marriage referred to in the Statutory declaration above given, is as follows for each rank:—

	£.
Colonels	4,000
Lieutenant-Colonels	3,000
Majors and Chaplains above 15 years' service	2,500
Captains and Chaplains above 7 years' service	2,000
Lieutenants and Chaplains under 7 years' service...	1,000

Medical Officers and Veterinary Surgeons according to the rank for which the widow is to receive her pension.

Article 1790.—Promotions with back rank announced after the decease of an officer renders his widow eligible for pension in the superior grade.

Article 1791.—The benefits of the Fund are admissible,—

- to the widow of an officer who may become an invalid, or superannuated, or may die in the service;
- to the widow of an officer who at the time of his death was a pensioner on the Military (late Lord Clive's) Fund, provided she married him prior to his becoming such a pensioner.

Article 1792.—They are not admissible

- to the widow of an officer who voluntarily retired from the service;
- to the widow of an officer who had been transferred to the pension list.

Article 1793.—These pensions can be held with, and in addition to, any other to which a widow may be entitled from any Fund, but not in addition to a compassionate pension.

Article 1794.—A widow on each occasion of receipt of the pension is required to declare that she does not at the time enjoy or possess, either directly or indirectly, property equivalent to the amount declared upon her first admission to the benefits of the Fund.

Article 1795.—No pension can be paid to a widow in arrears for more than two years back from the date of her application.

Article 1796.—Pensions are admissible only during widowhood and no longer; pensions lapse on re-marriage and are not restored on a second widowhood.

Article 1930.—The following are the rates of pension allowed to widows of Warrant Officers. (See Article 1933.)

	In Europe.			In India.		
	£.	s.	d.	Rs.	A.	P.
Widow of a Deputy Commissary	36	0	0	36	0	0
" an Assistant Commissary	30	0	0	30	0	0
" a Deputy Assistant Commissary	26	0	0	26	0	0
" a Conductor	20	0	0	20	0	0
" a Sub-Conductor	15	0	0	15	0	0
" Medical Warrant Officers	According to their late husband's relative rank as Warrant Officers.					

These rates include the pension formerly allowed under the rules of the (late) Lord Clive's Fund.

Article 1931.—The rule in Article 1915 is applicable to the widows of Warrant Officers.

Article 1932.—Pension is admissible to the widow of a Warrant Officer who may die either while in the service or on the pension establishment, provided, in the latter case, that she married the deceased Warrant Officer previous to his retiring from the army or being invalided.

Article 1933.—The grant of the full amount of pension laid down in Article 1930 to the widow of a Warrant Officer is subject to an affidavit (Article 1788) that her husband did not die possessed of property to the following amounts:—

	RS.
Deputy Commissary	20,000
Senior Apothecary after 3 years' service in the 1st grade	10,000
Assistant Commissary	7,500
Senior Apothecary under 3 years' service in the 1st grade	
Other ranks of Combatant and Medical Warrant Officers	

If the conditions above prescribed, as to property qualification, cannot be complied with, the pensions laid down in Article 1930 will be reduced by the amounts included therein, which were formerly obtainable from Lord Clive's Fund.

Widows' Pensions.

Article 1934.—The widow of a Combatant Warrant Officer who has been pensioned as a Non-Commissioned Officer is entitled to the same rate of pension which she would have received had he died previous to being pensioned, provided she is supported by the usual affidavit and marriage certificates. (See Article 1930.)

Article 1935.—The widow of an individual having held a Warrant Officer's appointment, which is equally open to Europeans and Indo-Britons, receives the same rate of pension which she would have been entitled to had her husband been of pure European extraction.

Article 1935.—The widow of a soldier of the local service, and of a soldier who volunteered for a British regiment from the local service and at the time elected the Indian Pension Rules, is allowed a pension as follows, being the equivalent of the pension granted to the widow of a soldier of the Indian Army under the rules of the late Lord Clive's Fund:—

	Daily rate.
	£. s. d.
Widow of a Serjeant of Artillery or Sappers and Miners	0 0 4½
„ of all other ranks	0 0 3
„ of Serjeants and all ranks of Infantry. (See Article 1907d)	0 0 2½

Article 1936.—The widows of Schoolmasters under the Indian Regulations are allowed pensions with reference to the standing of their husbands. (See Article 1944.)

Article 1937.—The pension of a widow commences from the date she ceases to receive subsistence allowance and rations, or from the death of her husband, as the case may be; it ceases on re-marriage, and cannot be re-claimed on subsequent widowhood; all bills for the stipends are to be accompanied by certificates that she continues a widow.

Article 1938.—The widow of a Non-Commissioned Officer or soldier who may have married subsequent to the transfer of her late husband to the non-effective list, is not entitled to the pension.

Article 1939.—Arrears of pension are only admissible for two years prior to date of application for admission to pension.

Article 1940.—The widow of a Non-Commissioned Officer or soldier is entitled to pension according to the pay of the rank of her late husband in the branch to which he may have belonged previous to transfer to the unattached list. In the case of a Non-Commissioned Officer, a probationer in the Warrant grade his widow shall be held entitled to the higher pension of a Sub-Conductor on the favorable report of the Departmental Officer.

Article 1941.—The widow of a soldier, if excluded from family allowance as an abandoned character, is not entitled to pension.

Article 1942.—The widow of a soldier of the British Army serving on the unattached list has no claim to pension under the Indian Pension Rules until he is promoted to the Warrant grade, but she retains her right to the year's subsistence allowance and gratuity on going home as granted to the widow of a soldier dying with his regiment.

Article 1943.—The widow of a soldier who on volunteering for the British service elected for the British Pension Rules, is not entitled to pension under the Indian Pension Rules.

Article 1944.—The widow of a pensioned soldier, if married to her husband before his transfer to the non-effective list, is entitled to pension under Article 1935.

Article 1945.—A soldier's widow who is a trained Schoolmistress is entitled, in addition to her own pension, to any pension she may have earned as a Schoolmistress.

Certificate of Identity.

If the widow receive her pension personally at the East India House, this certificate will not be required.

N.B.—The Minister is requested not to sign the Pension papers of any widow unless she appears before him in person.

I hereby certify that

at _____ has appeared before me this day, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief she is the person named in the declaration below.

Signature
Minister of the Parish of _____

DECLARATION.

The widow's Christian names are to be inserted in full at the commencement of the certificate and declaration; but her signature to the latter to be in her usual manner of signing.

The certificate and declaration are to be executed on or after the 31st March, 30th September, 30th June, 31st December.

*The claimant must not permit any person to sign for her. Declared and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____ 187_____

The Magistrate or Resident Minister of the Established Church to sign here, and state the place for which he acts.

Magistrate for _____ Minister of _____ in the County of _____

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was the lawful wife of _____ late a _____ in the Indian Army, and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband, and I further declare that I do not at the present time possess or enjoy, either directly or indirectly, property equivalent in value to the sum of £_____ and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

* The Claimant }
to sign here. }
Residing at _____
Near the post Town of _____
County of _____

I do attest and declare that I verily believe the above declaration to be genuine and authentic.

Estb. No. _____ No. of Voucher _____
Received of the Secretary of State in-Council for India on the _____ 187_____
the sum of _____ pounds _____ shillings and _____ pence, in
payment of the pension due to me for the quarter ending _____
Full amount of pension £ _____
Income tax _____
Net sum payable _____

Penny Receipt
Stamp

to be affixed
here.

Exmd. _____

QUEEN'S MILITARY WIDOWS' FUND.

ESTABLISHED IN 1820.

I.—BRIEF HISTORY OF THE FUND.

The "Fund for the relief of widows and children of deceased officers of His Majesty's Service," commonly called at that time the "King's Military Fund," was established on January 1st, 1820. The necessity for such a step had been felt for some time, and at a meeting of officers of His Majesty's Service held on October 19th, 1819, it was resolved that a Fund should be formed to alleviate the distress of families of officers left in want, and to enable them to return to England in comfort, without having recourse to the humiliating proceeding of being obliged to circulate subscription lists asking for charitable contributions. The first meeting of the Committee of General Management was held at the Adjutant General's Office, Calcutta, on June 26th, 1820.

The officers actually present were—
Thos. McMahon, Colonel, Adjutant General. T. Bourke, Paymaster, H. M.'s 17th Foot.
W. T. Edwards, Colonel, H. M.'s 17th W. Croker, Bt. Major, A. A. General.
A. Beck, Major, Foot. G. Bristow, Brigade Major, King's Troops.

while the following officers sent excuses—

J. Nicolls, Quarter Master General. Lieutenant Colonel Doyle, Military Secretary.

The Committee unanimously agreed that Messrs. McClintock and Company, of Calcutta, should be appointed General Agents to the Fund, to whom all subscriptions were directed to be sent, and whose stipend was fixed at 200 Sicca rupees per mensem. It does not seem that the Committee even took into consideration the possibility of the Fund being managed by an officer of the army. Arithmetic at that time was no doubt at a

low ebb among officers, but it must also be borne in mind that the currency was then in an unsettled condition. The Sicca rupee seems to have been the standard coin, but remittances were made in Bombay, Madras, Sonat, and Arcot rupees, each apparently with a different and varying value. Transfer remittances too seem to have been non-existent as a means of sending money, which had to be effected by bills of exchange, drawn by a Secretary to Government on the Governor General.

During 1820 the following Corps subscribed to the Fund:—

8th Dragoons	Cawnpore.	46th Foot	Fort William.
11th "	Meerut.	47th "	Bombay.
13th "	Bangalore.	53rd "	Bangalore.
17th "	Bombay.	59th "	Dinapore.
1st Foot (Royal Scots)	Wallajabad.	65th "	Bombay.
14th Foot	Meerut.	67th "	Maligaum.
17th "	Berhampur.	69th "	Cannanore.
24th "	Cawnpore.	87th "	Fort William.
30th "	Secunderabad.	89th "	Cannanore.
34th "	Bangalore.		

For many years after the establishment of the Fund, it seems to have been the custom in numerous regiments, for every officer, whether married or single, to subscribe to it.

A bachelor of course could gain no direct advantage from the Fund, but with such a regimental rule in existence, he was at all events saved from being called upon to subscribe, in order to assist the widow of a brother officer to proceed in comfort to England, and such a custom was therefore probably found to be pecuniarily advantageous to all ranks.

The rules of the Fund as they now stand, vary but little from those originally passed. The principal difference appears to be that in former times awards were only made to families of deceased subscribers who were in distressed circumstances. The General Committee therefore considered it their duty, before passing awards of Regimental Committees, to make enquiries into the pecuniary circumstances of the families of deceased officers, and on one occasion at least they refused to pass an award, as they discovered that the deceased officer had insured his life for a large amount.

This is now changed, and the family of an officer who dies in India is paid the amount awarded without any enquiries whatsoever. This is no doubt a change for the better, for when an officer dies in India the award from the Fund permits of the family at once returning in comfort to England, without the delay that must occur when lawyers have to be consulted, and legal matters arranged.

The Fund remained for some years under the management of Messrs. McClintock and Company, but on September 1824, Messrs. Ferguson and Company took over the duties of General Agents. This system of appointing a business firm does not appear to have worked satisfactorily. The accounts of Messrs. McClintock and Company were very meagre and unsatisfactory, while the audit of their annual statement by the General Committee does not appear to have been very carefully conducted. In one of the annual accounts of Messrs. McClintock and Company the amount brought forward as the balance cash in hand from the previous year was less than the actual amount by Rs. 3,977, and when handing over to Messrs. Ferguson and Company they remained indebted to the Fund to the amount of Rs. 4,123, of which Rs. 636 were never recovered.

The management of the Fund remained in Messrs. Ferguson and Company's hands till July 1833, when the Committee of General Management assumed charge; the duties of Honorary Secretary being discharged by the Paymaster of the regiment at the Presidency. On the removal however of the Army Offices to Simla, it was decided that an officer of the Adjutant-General's Department should perform these duties. The assumption of the management by the Committee proved successful; no money has been lost to the Fund by mistakes in arithmetic, and monthly office expenses have been much less than two hundred Sicca rupees, which was the stipend of the General Agents.

During the first thirty or forty years of its existence, the Fund only lived from hand to mouth, and indeed it would not have been able to exist at all, had not the Court of Directors in 1823 assisted it by agreeing to make an annual donation of Sicca rupees 6,000.

This was an act of policy as well as of generosity, for previous to the establishment of the Fund, the various local Governments had insisted, in spite of the strong remonstrances of the Court, in giving passages home to the destitute widows of officers of the British Service. As the contract rate for each passage at the time was Sicca Rupees 250, the cost of such passages amounted no doubt to a round sum during the year. Once this Fund was established and supported by a liberal annual donation, there was no excuse for the grant of free passages to widows, and the Court of Directors therefore in 1829 positively prohibited any advance of money for the purpose of enabling widows and orphans to proceed to England. They further added that, if the officers of His Majesty's Army declined to subscribe to this Fund, it must be understood that they were willing to rely, in the event of their death, upon charity for the removal of their families to England. This annual donation has been continued to the Fund ever since, and now appears in the accounts as Rs. 6,400, the equivalent of Sicca Rupees 6,000. In 1828 the Madras Government made a donation of Rs. 10,000 to the Fund, but it may be presumed that the Court of Directors put a veto upon such a proceeding, for the item does not re-occur. In 1847 and 1848 however the Government donation was doubtless, no doubt on account of the heavy demands on the Fund, caused by the Punjab campaign.

When the Staff Corps was first formed, the question was debated, as to whether officers belonging to it should be admitted as subscribers, and it was finally decided that admission should be denied them: It was considered that as these officers would pass all their service in India, a much larger proportion of them must necessarily die there in comparison with officers of British corps who served in other parts of the globe, and that the funds of the Institution would be unable to stand the drain. It was consequently voted that officers of the British Service joining the Staff Corps ceased to be subscribers to the Fund, but the privilege was still retained by those officers who had already joined the Staff Corps previous to this resolution. This accounts for some officers of the Staff Corps being still subscribers.

The Queen's Military Widows' Fund has well fulfilled the intentions of its founders, and has saved many families from the humiliation of having to seek for charitable contributions. Since its establishment the total amount of awards made up to the end of 1882 has reached the large sum of Rs. 16,09,257.

The largest sum ever awarded to one family occurred in 1872, when the widow and eight children of a Lieutenant-Colonel received a total amount of Rs. 8,893-8-0.

The average amount of each award is Rs. 3200, and the number of married officers, subscribers to the Fund, who died in India up to December 1881, was 496; comprising 6 General Officers, 87 Field Officers, 151 Captains, 107 Subalterns, 43 Medical Officers, 8 Veterinary Surgeons, 32 Paymasters, and 62 Riding Masters and Quarter Masters. It is remarkable to note how few of these were killed in action, notwithstanding the almost constant hostilities which took place. Not one instance occurs till the accounts for 1842 are reached, when 3 Captains, 1 Lieutenant and 1 Assistant Surgeon are shown as killed during the retreat from Cabul. At Maharajpore 1 Captain was killed; and in the Punjab Campaigns, 1 Colonel, 3 Lieutenant-Colonels, 1 Major, 3 Captains, 4 Lieutenants and 1 Quarter Master appear as killed in action. In 1852 one Subaltern is so shown. The Mutiny accounts but for 2 Colonels, 1 Lieutenant-Colonel and 3 Captains, and the last Afghan war for 1 General, 2 Field Officers, and 3 Captains. Thus since the establishment of the Fund, out of 496 deaths which occurred among subscribers, but 32 took place on the field of battle.

Up to 1860, the Fund just held its own, having some forty thousand rupees invested, but was quite unable to increase this very small reserve fund.

Since that date however the income has, with but two exceptions, largely exceeded the expenditure. The two exceptional years were 1879 and 1880, when the awards to families reached the large amount of Rs. 1,12,511.

The Fund has now, roughly speaking, a reserve of Rs. 3,60,000, and is in a position to meet all demands that may be made upon it. The flourishing condition of the Fund during the last 20 years is not difficult to account for.

Sanitary science has made the plains of India a less pestilential place of residence, while the improvements in means of communication have made it easy for an invalid to seek health in the Hills, or in England.

The Committee of General Management recognizing these facts, have lately reduced the subscriptions, and should the Fund continue its career of prosperity, a still further reduction may be anticipated.

The tabular statement which follows shows the transactions of the Fund by decennial periods from 1829 to 1879, inclusive. The figures are not quite exact as compared with the accounts annually published, as the rupee has been calculated throughout as a Company's rupee, whereas the Sicca rupee in which the Fund accounts were kept up to the year 1838, was equivalent to Co. Rs. 1 $\frac{1}{5}$. The statement is however sufficiently correct for the purpose for which it was drawn out, that is, to give a general view of the receipts and disbursements for a period of 60 years.

Statement showing the receipts and disbursements of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund by decennial periods from its establishment in 1820 to the year 1879, inclusive.

Period.	RECEIPTS.				EXPENDITURE.			Gain during period.	Loss during period.	Remarks.
	Subscriptions.	Govt. Donation.	Interest on Investments.	Total.	Awards.	Office, Bank charges, Furniture, &c.	Total.			
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
1820 to 1829	1,46,982	52,000	5,000	2,03,982	1,28,835	23,091	1,51,926	52,056		
1830 to 1839	2,05,884	60,000	32,414	2,98,298	2,29,739	14,616	2,44,355	53,944		
1840 to 1849	2,26,051	76,800	27,463	3,30,314	3,75,724	12,272	3,88,996		68,682	
1850 to 1859	1,74,066	57,600	18,198	2,49,864	2,34,648	10,034	2,44,682	5,182		
1860 to 1869	2,40,440	64,000	46,563	3,51,003	1,87,148	8,904	1,96,052	1,54,951		
1870 to 1879	3,18,723	64,000	1,00,952	4,83,675	3,28,741	16,043	3,44,784	1,40,891		
Totals.	13,12,146	3,74,400	2,30,590	19,17,136	14,82,834	85,060	15,68,794	4,07,021	53,692	
Assets of Fund, 31st Dec. 1879										Rs. 3,48,342

H. I. E. FORD, Lieut.-Colonel, 1st A. A. G., Hony. Secy., Q. M. W. Fund.

V. Married officers, whose families are not in India, may subscribe at married rates, and their widows will be eligible for the advantages of Rule 21.

VI. Any married officer, whose family is in India, failing to comply with the above conditions, can only be admitted as a subscriber to the Fund, on payment of a donation not exceeding six months' subscription of his married grade.

For instance—an officer who had been fourteen months in the country, and his family present at least eight months, would be called on to pay a donation of two months' subscription on joining.

VII. Bachelors may subscribe at any time without payment of any arrears.

VIII. Widowers will subscribe at married rates if they have children in India. If their children are in England they will only be required to subscribe as bachelors.

Rule 6th.—This Fund having been established for the purpose of sending home families of deceased officers, and with a view of preventing those painful appeals for assistance to the public, at once so humiliating to respectable individuals, and to the Queen's Service in India, it is earnestly hoped that all ranks of staff and regimental officers will support it; and in order to ensure its objects being known, a copy of these rules will be furnished to the Commanding Officer and Paymaster of each regiment and battery, and to any other officer applying for one.

Rule 7th.—That in order to obviate the difficulties which would arise occasionally from the remoteness of certain stations of Her Majesty's corps serving under the several Presidencies, the Most Noble the Governor-General in Council was pleased to order and direct when the Fund was established, that Public Service Remittances might be granted to the Paymasters of Her Majesty's regiments payable at sight to the Honorary Secretary of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, acting for the Committee of General Management, thereby avoiding Commission, double agency, and loss by exchange.

Grants. Rule 8th.—That all grants of assistance from this Fund shall be regulated and assigned by Committees of subscribers as herein declared.

Rule 9th.—That in order to ascertain the claims of any widow or family who may become entitled to the benefits of the Fund by the death of any regimental officer, such widow shall represent the case of herself and family through the Commanding Officer of the corps the casualty occurred in, in order to its being brought to the consideration of a Committee, and the Commanding Officer shall, as far as his knowledge will enable him, state his opinion of any case so received.

Rule 10th.—That whenever there may be more than one corps of Her Majesty's Service stationed together, every application for relief from this Fund shall be heard and decided on by a Station Committee, composed, as equally as possible, of officers from the corps present, being subscribers to the Fund.

STATION COMMITTEE

President.—A Field Officer or Surgeon-Major (if practicable).

Members.— { One Captain or officer of equivalent rank.
 { One Subaltern or officer of equivalent rank.

Rule 11th.—In the event of officers dying while the corps they belong to is stationed by itself, or while they themselves are absent from their regiment, it shall be in the power of every Commanding Special Committee.

stances, to assemble a Committee of any three officers, being subscribers, to hear and decide upon the cases of any widows and children who have become entitled to relief from this Fund. In the event of there not being three subscribers at once available to form a Committee, the Commanding Officer of the station or corps may avail himself of non-subscribers, to avoid the delay which would be entailed in assembling a Committee composed wholly of subscribers in the usual manner. It shall also be competent for the Commander-in-Chief at either Presidency to assemble a Special Committee to report on the case of any lady who may have become a widow whilst the regiment to which her husband belonged is at another distant station, or on service beyond sea.

Rule 12th.—That the Station, Regimental, or Special Committee, having duly examined into the circumstances, shall report their opinion thereon, and recommend the amount to be granted for passage money and maintenance, strictly in conformity with the regulations annexed. The opinion and recommendation of the Committee shall be immediately forwarded to the Honorary Secretary of the Presidency by the President of the Committee, and the Paymaster of the regiment, under the above authority, can at once advance to the widow the amount of "Travelling" and "Maintenance" allowance awarded by the Committee, reimbursing himself by drawing a bill on the Honorary Secretary or Adjutant-General if in Madras or Bombay, the residue of the award to be adjusted by the Honorary Secretary under the sanction of the General or Sub-Committee of Management, and paid to the widow before leaving the regiment, or on arrival at the port of embarkation, by the Honorary Secretary.

Rule 13th.—The Sub-Committees at Madras and Bombay will in cases of award in those Presidencies, on satisfying themselves of the accuracy of the statements laid before them, draw on the Adjutant-General of the Presidency for the amount which may be awarded; but in the final adjustment of the accounts of such Sub-Committee, the Committee of General Management will consider themselves bound to object to any sum, however trifling, which may be granted in excess of the rules laid down. To facilitate the immediate payment of awards, a sum of Rupees 5,000 is lodged in each of the Presidency Banks to the credit of the Adjutant-General of that Presidency.

Rule 14th.—The Sub-Committee will, on drawing for any sum on the Adjutant-General of the Presidency, in cases of awards, transmit to the Honorary Secretary at Simla, the report of the Station Committee accompanied by receipt and certificates, showing that the money has been appropriated in the manner and for the purposes for which it was awarded.

Rule 15th.—But to prevent doubts and misconceptions which might possibly arise hereafter, it is distinctly declared, that no widow, permanently residing in this country after the death of her husband, can expect any provision or allowance for herself or children from the Fund, further than is stated in Rule 28.

Rule 16th.—Orphan children are eligible for the benefits of this Fund, but awards for them must be specially made by a Station or Regimental Committee, and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency, who is requested to appoint some eligible person to take care of them, and provide a passage, &c., &c.

Rule 17th.—That the Honorary Secretary, acting for the Committee of General Management, shall furnish an annual account of the receipts and disbursements of this Fund to the Adjutant-General, Bengal, in view to its being published in General Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India.

Rule 18th.—That no general rule or regulation of this Fund shall be altered, except it is recommended by the General Committee, and approved by a majority of the subscribers.

Rule 19th.—That all widows of officers, who were subscribers to the Fund up to date of departure from India, shall be entitled to the amount granted to widows and children for passage money to England if their husbands had provided their own passages, and died en-route to England or during their absence on sick certificate at the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauritius or Australia; but in cases where their late husbands were found passages by the State, then such widows and children will be entitled to four months' maintenance allowance only, according to the scale laid down in Rule 21.

Rule 20th.—That no special grant, in cases of great distress (not provided for by the regulations of the Fund), shall be passed by the Committee of General Management without the sanction of the majority of subscribers, which sanction is to be declared in the General Abstract of Accounts published annually for the information of subscribers.

Rule 21st.—When an officer dies in India, his widow will be entitled to maintenance allowance, according to the following scale, for three months from date of decease of her husband, if in India, together with passage money; and to four months' main-

ance allowance without passage money, if she is out of India; provided in the latter case that her husband was a subscriber at the married rate at date of his decease:—

To the widow of an officer, who paid a subscription on Rs. 750 a month or upwards, per mensem.....	Rs. 600
Of an officer, who paid on Rs. 400 and upwards, per mensem....	" 400
Of all others.....	" 300

Rule 22nd.—In addition to the above, a travelling allowance on the scale below will be made to widows to the port of embarkation or place of residence in India, as the case may be. In certain exceptional instances, where the rates will not meet the expenses of the journey, the Committee assembled under Rules 9 and 10 should record in their Proceedings the actual cost of the journey, and the amount they recommend for incidental expenses. Each case so specially recommended will be dealt with on its own merits, and the Committee of General Management reserve to themselves the power of rejecting any proposed deviation from the ordinary course, and will also, if the expenses of any journey appear to have been over-estimated, reduce the same to any limit which may appear to them fair and reasonable:—

Annas 8 per mile for Dāk travelling.	
" 8 " Palkee do.	
" 8 " Railway do.	

Children above 10 years to be calculated as a full fare; below that age a half fare.

Rule 23rd.—The same amount of sea passage money shall be allowed to all widows and children without reference to the rank of the deceased subscriber, and the passage money of a widow shall be Rs. 1,500 For each child above 12 years of age..... 500 For each child under 12 years of age..... 300 But this allowance is not claimable unless the widow and children embark within two years from the decease of the husband, and provided also she continues in the state of widowhood.

Rule 24th.—The following shall be the scale of award for all widows to defray the travelling expenses in penses of their journey in England to their homes; the amount to be paid to them by the Honorary Secretary as laid down in Rule 12, at the rate of 2s. per rupee:—

For every widow, per mile.....	0	6	} When the journey can be accomplished by Railway.
For every child above 12 years of age.....	0	6	
For every child under 12 years of age.....	0	6	
For every widow.....	1	0	} When the journey cannot be performed by Railway, or for any portion of it that cannot be so performed.
For every child above 12 years of age.....	1	0	
For every child under 12 years of age.....	0	6	

Rule 25th.—Any claims on the Fund will, however, be paid in full, only in the cases of officers who have joined the Fund for three full months. In the event of a subscriber dying within that period, the case will be specially considered by the Committee of General Management at Simla.

Rule 26th.—On the submission by a widow of a certificate by a Medical Officer that she is prevented by the ill-health of herself or her children from leaving India within three months for which maintenance allowance is in the first instance granted, or that the state of her health is such as to prevent her travelling with safety during the hot or rainy seasons, i.e., between the 1st April and 15th October, the General Committee, if the three months are exceeded, may sanction an additional grant to the extent of two months' detention allowance on the scale sanctioned in Rule 21, proportionate to the interval which will elapse before the journey can be commenced; but in no case shall a widow receive more than five months' maintenance allowance in the aggregate from the Fund.

Rule 27th.—In Madras and Bombay, the period at which journeys can be undertaken, and the grant of awards are to be specially considered by the Sub-Committees on the principles above declared.

Rule 28th.—Any lady intending to reside in the East Indies shall be allowed to draw travelling allowance to the place of intended residence, under Rule 22, and four months' maintenance allowance, as per scale in Rule 21, in full of all demands on the Fund.

Rule 29th.—On and from the 1st January 1874, any officer of Her Majesty's British Forces, joining the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, and eventually entering the Staff Corps, cannot continue as a subscriber after date of entering that corps permanently, though this ruling will not affect officers of the Staff Corps at present borne on the list of subscribers.

APPENDIX.

THE QUEEN'S MILITARY WIDOWS' FUND.

Report and award of a Station Committee assembled at _____ on the _____
to report on the claim of Mrs. _____ * being the widow of _____
of _____ who died at _____ on the _____ having also _____ children.

PRESIDENT.

MEMBERS.

The Committee deem the family or widow (as the case may be) eligible to the provisions of this Fund, and recommend that they (or she) shall receive travelling and maintenance allowance as follows, viz. :-

Maintenance allowance under Rule 21	Rs.
Ditto ditto ditto 26	Rs.
Travelling allowance under Rule 22	Rs. †
Ditto ditto ditto 21	Rs. †
Passage money to widow under Rule 23	Rs.
Ditto to children ditto	Rs.

Total Rs...

Mrs. _____ intends to reside at _____.

President.

Members.

MADRAS MILITARY FUND.

INSTITUTED 1ST APRIL 1808.—TRANSFERRED TO GOVT. 10TH SEPTEMBER 1866.

OFFICE—CHARLES STREET, FORT.

Hours of business from 10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Brigade-Surgeon, W. S. Fox; Examiner, Military Fund-Accounts.

Mr. V. A. PIRES, Superintendent.

THE MADRAS MILITARY FUND was established in 1803, and the declared objects of the Institution were to provide for the families of subscribers after their decease with an adequate maintenance, and to assist officers of the Army, (unprovided with aid by the regulations of the Service) in the event of their proceeding to Europe on sick certificate. The admission of subscribers to the Military Fund ceased since the year 1862.

* Enter Christian and Surname in full.

† A detailed statement should be submitted separately, showing distances, &c., and the place from and to which the travelling expenses have been calculated.

‡ Here give her future address if known

The following Tables show the Rates of Subscriptions and Donations payable by Living Members of the Fund according to their various grades :-

TABLE A.
Table of Donation for the different Classes to be paid in India or in Europe at £100 per Rupees 875.

Description according to regimental rank.	Bachelors and Widowers.			Married.			Bachelors and Widowers.			Donation for Daughters.		
	Rs.	£ s. d.	Mths.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Mths.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Mths.	Rs.	£ s. d.	Mths.
Cornets, 2d Lieuts. and Ensigns.....	300 31 5	943	7	0 16 0	300 34 5	943	600	63 11	625	24	2 14 11	6
1 Lieutenants.....	200 23 17	225	8	0 18 0	400 40 14	323	1600	114 5	925	40	4 11 6	6
2 Captains.....	250 28 11	225	10	0 20 0	500 57 2	1025	2000	171 8	725	80	6 17 2	6
3 Majors and Chaplains.....	300 31 5	225	10	0 20 0	600 63 14	425	2400	174 8	725	80	6 17 2	6
4 Lieut. Colonels.....	400 45 14	300	20	0 20 0	800 81 11	620	3200	210 0	0 25	84	8 12 0	6
5 Colonels.....	550 62 17	210	55	6 5 8	1100 125 14	310	4000	437	210 23	116 13	5 0	6

N.B.—Marriage donations when the husband's age exceeds that of his wife by more than eight years, will be regulated by a Disparity Scale which became a rule from the 1st March 1841.

N.B.—The donation on marriage is always double the total entrance donation paid by a subscriber as bachelor, and upon his entering each class after marriage, he pays a donation on promotion double the amount of the donation of an unmarried subscriber of his own class.

All donations required from officers subscribing according to length of service, are to be paid by twenty-five regular and equal monthly instalments unless adjusted at once or by earlier payments.

Lieutenant-Colonels of the Madras Staff Corps can subscribe as Colonels on completing the qualifying service of 32 years. Application should be made to the Examiner, Military Fund Accounts, within 3 months of completing the required service.

Donation on promotion by widowers with offspring is payable as unmarried.—Vide Despatch, dated India Office, 7th June 1867, No. 218.

Lieutenant-Colonels and Lieutenants of the Artillery and Engineers while receiving only the pay and allowances of Majors and 2nd Lieutenants respectively, are required to subscribe to the Fund as such.—Pensions to their widows being regulated accordingly. Officers so circumstanced have, however, the option of subscribing according to their actual rank if they wish it.

TABLE B.

Table of Monthly Subscriptions for the different Classes.

Class.	Description according to regimental rank.	IF IN INDIA.						IF IN EUROPE.												
		Unmarried and widowers without offspring.			Married & widowers with offspring.			Unmarried and widowers with- out offspring.						Married and widowers with offspring.						
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	T.	RS.	A.	P.	£	s.	d.	RS.	A.	P.	£	s.	d.	
1	Colonels.....	42	5	10	6313	3	3	10	15	0	1	5	0	16	6	6	1	17	6	
2	Lieutenant-Colonels.....	27	3	2	4012	9	3	9	8	12	0	1	0	0	13	2	0	1	10	0
3	Majors and Chaplains*.....	21	0	10	31	9	3	3	7	0	0	0	16	0	10	8	0	1	4	0
4	Captains and Junior Chaplains.....	12	4	7	18	6	11	4	4	0	6	0	10	6	6	14	3	0	15	9
5	Lieutenants.....	7	6	8	11	2	0	2	13	0	0	0	6	6	4	4	3	0	9	9
6	Cornets, 2nd Lieutenants and Ensigns.....	5	15	3	314	11	2	2	4	9	0	5	3	3	3	7	1	0	7	11

In addition to the above, a monthly subscription of 1 rupee or 2s. 3d. is to be paid for each son under 21 years of age, and for each daughter until marriage or death, during the life of the father. Subscription for daughters for whom the donation of Rupees 200 may not have been duly paid, to cease after the age of 21 years. Subscribers are consequently required to report to the Secretary dates of birth and decease of all children.

Subscribers in receipt of Indian Pay and Allowances, are required to subscribe at the Indian rates.—(Vide Minutes 6th March 1856.)

Officers proceeding to sea, the Cape or the Colonies, on sick certificate, under the Regulations of 1854, shall be liable to Indian rate of subscription only for the first six months of leave, during which they draw Indian pay. (Vide Minutes, 15th November 1860.)

Those proceeding under the Regulations of 1868, pay Europe rate of subscription from date of embarkation.

In all cases subscriptions to the Fund are payable in advance.

Donations must be paid immediately on becoming due, or by equal and regular monthly instalments agreeably to table A.

Discount of 10 per cent. is allowed on all donations that may be paid up within thirty days from the date it is incurred.

Marriage must be reported by a subscriber giving the date of the occurrence, with dates of his own and wife's birth and Christian names of the latter.

Births of children should be reported as they occur—and to secure to daughters continuance of annuity until marriage or death, a subscriber is required within ten days from date of birth to notify his intention to pay the donation of 200 rupees to secure the advantage; or will have to pay the amount agreeably to table H, according to the age of the child.

It is possible to secure to children by the payment of an extra donation the same rates of pension, on the death of the father only, as they would be entitled to under the ordinary rules after that of both parents.

Subscription of one rupee a month is payable for all children from the 1st of the month succeeding birth, and ceases from the month succeeding decease, which occurrence should be reported.

Personal Benefits.—A subscriber of whatever rank proceeding to Europe on sick certificate, is entitled to Rupees 200 for his equipment; if married, in addition thereto, Rupees 200 for wife, and Rupees 100 for each child accompanying him.

Passage Money.—A subscriber of the rank of a Captain proceeding to Europe is entitled to passage money Rupees 1,400 minus the regulated deductions, viz., 1 per cent. on account of Loans, Insurance.

Subscribers on return to India if not provided with a passage by Government, are entitled to the following amounts subject to the regulated deductions:—

To a Captain.....£110 To a Subaltern.....£95

Captains of Artillery, Engineers and Infantry and all Subalterns, are allowed income allowance for a period of 24 years for their families as follows:—

For wife, per annum.....£20 0 0

„ each child, per annum.....„ 10 0 0

In no case is such allowance for a whole family to exceed „ 48 15 0

Retired married subscribers are only entitled to annuities to their families.

* All Chaplains now subscribe as Majors by resolution of the Directors of the Fund contained in Minutes of 18th July 1861.

Annuities are paid to widows of subscribers and their children as per following table:—

TABLE E.

Table showing the amount of Pensions to Widows during their Widowhood and to Children of each Class and Condition.

Class.	Description of annuitants, the widows according to the regimental rank of their husbands, the children according to their age, and the parents they have lost.	PENSIONS PAYABLE BY THE MILITARY FUND PER ANNUM.			
		In India.		In England.	
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.
WIDOW.					
1	Of a Colonel	2,064	7 3	235	18 9
2	Lieutenant-Colonel	1,826	9 0	208	15 0
3	{ Major and Chaplain of 10 years' standing .. } { Major and Asst. Chaplain of 15 years' standing. .. }	1,588	10 9	181	11 3
4	Captains and Asst. Chaplains under 15 years' standing ..	1,197	10 6	136	17 6
5	Lieutenant	894	2 3	102	3 9
6	Cornet, 2nd Lieutenant and Ensign ..	715	5 0	81	15 0
CHILDREN HAVING LOST ONE PARENT.					
1	Under 6 years of age ..	175	0 0	20	0 0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age ..	262	8 0	30	0 0
3	Above 12 until 21 for boys, and for girls for whom the donation may not have been paid ..	350	0 0	40	0 0
CHILDREN HAVING LOST BOTH PARENTS.					
1	Under 6 years of age ..	262	8 0	30	0 0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age ..	393	12 0	45	0 0
3	Above 12 until 21 for boys and for girls for whom the donation may not have been paid ..	525	0 0	60	0 0

Table showing the increased rate of Pension payable to Widows by the Madras Military Fund.

Vide Despatch from Her Majesty's Government, dated India Office, 7th June 1867, published in G.O., 30th August 1867.

Class.	Widow.	In India, per annum.		In Europe, per annum.	
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.
1	Of a Colonel ..	2,229	9 9	254	16 8
2	Lieutenant-Colonel ..	1,972	11 0	225	9 0
3	Major and Chaplain ..	1,715	12 3	196	1 8
4	Captain and Junior Chaplain ..	1,293	7 6	147	16 6
5	Lieutenant ..	965	10 9	110	7 3
6	Cornet, 2nd Lieutenant and Ensign ..	772	8 7	88	5 9

N.B.—An increase of 8 per cent. has been authorised to Widows' Pension from 7th June 1867.—(Vide G.O., published in Fort Saint George Gazette, 30th August 1867.)

N.B.—Girls for whom the donation laid down in Article 11 may have been paid, will be entitled to a continuance of their annuity until marriage or death, according to their condition in regard to parents: this regulation applies only to those girls born subsequent to the 15th October 1822, all those born prior to that period are entitled to the same privilege without payment of donation.

Provided that nothing contained herein or in any other part of these rules of the Institution, shall be considered to entitle to the benefits of it, any widow who may have been legally divorced or separated from her husband, for adultery, or who at the period of her husband's demise may have quitted his protection, and be living in a state of notorious adultery, though not divorced or separated from him by law, or who subsequently to her husband's decease may be living in a notorious state of incontinence.

The concluding portion of the above note commencing with "may be living in a notorious state of incontinence," is applicable to all female annuitants, unmarried as well as married.—(Vide Minutes, dated 20th December 1860.)

Declarations by annuitants should be signed in the presence of either the Minister of the Parish, one Church Warden, one Justice of the Peace, or one Retired or other Civil Military Officer of the service.

ART. 44. Every widow benefitting by the Military Fund and not provided with a passage at the expense of Government is entitled to passage money only once, whether to Europe or such place as she may desire to fix her residence in accordance to the following scale:—

To Europe or America from India.

To India from Europe or America.

Widow of Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel and Major.....Rupees 1,500
" of Captain and Subaltern....." 1,200

To the Cape of Good Hope from India.

To Europe or India from Cape of Good Hope or other places, 3rds of the above rates.

To children of deceased subscribers issuable once, without reference to the place to which they are proceeding from India.

To an orphan having lost his or her fatherRupees 250
To each additional orphan up to the number of 4 " 250
To 4 or more children (maximum)..... " 1,000
To an orphan having lost both parents..... " 700
To 2 orphans do. do. " 1,200
To 3 or more orphans do. do. " 1,500

Loans.

ART. 58. Loans are granted by the Fund to subscribers in India who have been eight years and upwards in the Fund, under the following rules and restrictions:—

1st. To a subscriber proceeding from India to Europe (or America) on sick certificate, and not receiving a passage, or passage money, from Government nor from the Fund—a loan of the amount of passage money, fixed in the following table—and, under similar circumstances, equipment allowance in like manner—to be repaid, with interest, in full, in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from time of his return to India.

2nd. To a subscriber paying as married, so proceeding on sick certificate, for his wife, and for each child, accompanying him, a loan of the amount of passage money and equipment allowance, as fixed in the following table reduced under Rule 4—to be repaid, with interest, in full (besides any loan granted for his own passage, &c.), in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from the time of his return to India; or if still a Subaltern, from the time of his becoming a regimental Captain, whichever he may prefer.

3rd. To a subscriber paying as married, requiring to send his wife and children, or either of them, from India to Europe, or elsewhere—or to bring them out to join him in India—a loan of the amount of passage money for each person so proceeding, as fixed in the following table and rules—to be repaid with interest in full, in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from the pay next received after the loan.

Table of Passage Money and Equipment Allowance.

Borrowing subscriber's rank.	PASSAGE MONEY.			EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCE.	
	To a subscriber proceeding to Europe.	To wife or adult child of a subscriber to or from Europe (or America).	To infant child of a subscriber to or from Europe (or America).	To each adult to Europe.	To each infant to Europe.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Field Officer or Chaplain.....	1,500	1,500	600	200	100
Captain or Assistant Chaplain.....	1,400	1,400	600	200	100
Subaltern.....	1,200	1,200	600	200	100

The term adult means each person above 15 years of age.

The term infant means each person under 15 years of age.

4th. When two or more persons of the same family are proceeding together, full passage money is allowed only to one person, and to each other person only half; viz., a Captain with his wife, and one child, are proceeding together to Europe: he could only be allowed as passage money rupees 1,400+700+300=2,400 rupees. This reduction equally applies if the subscriber receives his full passage money from Government or from the Fund.

5th. When proceeding from, or to, India, to or from any other part of the world than Europe or America, two-thirds passage money only is allowed.

[All pensions which cease on account of the marriage or re-marriage of the payee, are again available should widowhood occur.]

3. To assist for a period not exceeding 3 years, Medical Officers proceeding to Europe on sick certificate.

NOTE.—The admission of subscribers to this Fund ceased since 1864.

MOUNT SOLDIERS' WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1830.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

PRESIDENT.—Major D. Lissenburg.

MEMBERS.

Mr. C. Hall, Accountant-General's Department.	Lieut. G. Blazey, Gun Carriage Factory.
" John J. Chatterton, Head Accountant and Chief Clerk, Traffic Manager's Office, Madras Railway.	Serjeant-Major G. Hartley, Gar. Fort St. George.
Capt. J. R. Forsyth, Retired.	Apothecary H. Tallent.
Lieut. J. Wolfe.	Mr. John Dixon, Secy. and Treasurer.
" P. Sullivan.	" G. Shannon.
	" J. Greene.
	" J. Tully.

TRUSTEES.

Major D. Lissenburg. | Charles Hall, Esq. | Captain J. R. Forsyth.

The Fund was established in 1830, for the benefit, primarily, of the widows and orphans of the Warrant and Subordinate ranks of the Army, but is open to all classes of Europeans and their descendants, Civil or Military.

The Capital amounts to Rupees 1,30,000. The Government Bonds are lodged in the Bank of Madras in the joint names of Major D. Lissenburg, C. Hall, Esq., and Captain J. R. Forsyth.

Sums to be paid to secure the Pensions shown below with Monthly Subscriptions during life-time, exclusive of payments under Rule 36.

CLASSES.	1st Grade.	2nd Grade.	3rd Grade.	4th Grade.	5th Grade.	6th Grade.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
1st Class ...	1 to 299	300 to 599	600 to 899	900 to 1,199	1,200 to 1,499	1,500 & upwards.
2nd do. ...	1 to 239	240 to 479	480 to 719	720 to 959	960 to 1,199	1,200 do.
3rd do. ...	1 to 179	180 to 359	360 to 539	540 to 719	720 to 899	900 do.
4th do. ...	1 to 119	120 to 239	240 to 359	360 to 479	480 to 599	600 do.
5th do. ...	1 to 89	90 to 179	180 to 269	270 to 359	360 to 449	450 do.
6th do. ...	1 to 59	60 to 119	120 to 179	180 to 239	240 to 299	300 do.

Pensions per Mensem.

CLASSES.	1st Grade.	2nd Grade.	3rd Grade.	4th Grade.	5th Grade.	6th Grade.
	RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
1st Class ...	10	0	11	4	12	8
2nd do. ...	8	0	9	0	10	0
3rd do. ...	6	0	6	12	7	8
4th do. ...	4	0	4	8	5	0
5th do. ...	3	0	3	6	3	12
6th do. ...	2	0	2	4	2	12

Rates of Payment of Subscriptions.

That subscribers to the Fund be divided as below into six classes according to the rate of subscription:—

	Subscribers. per mensem.	Widowers.	Children's Branch Subn.	Pensions.
	RS.	A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1st Class.....	5	2 8 0	2 0 0	4 8 0
2nd „.....	4	2 0 0	1 8 0	3 6 0
3rd „.....	3	1 8 0	1 0 0	2 4 0
4th „.....	2	1 0 0	0 12 0	1 11 0
5th „.....	1 1/2	0 12 0	0 8 0	1 2 0
6th „.....	1	0 8 0	0 4 0	0 9 0

Further particulars if required may be had on application to the undersigned. One anna postage stamp must accompany the application.

TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
		RS. A. P.	
	His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief	5,500 0 0	
	ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.		
1	Adjutant General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Adjutant General.....	800 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Assistant do.....	500 0 0	
	AIDES-DE-CAMP.		
2	To the Governor.....	300 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	150 0 0	With pay and batta of rank.
2	To the Commander-in-Chief.....	250 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	150 0 0	With pay and batta of rank.
	ARTILLERY.		
1	Assistant Adjutant General.....	500 0 0	With pay & allowances of rank.
	BRIGADE STAFF.		
4	Brigadiers General, 1st Class.....	1,400 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
2	Do. 2nd „.....	1,200 0 0	
5	Deputy Asst. Adjutant Genl. of Districts.....	400 0 0	
1	Dy. Asst. Adj. Genl., Fort St. George.....	500 0 0	
4	Depy. Assistants Quarter Master General.....	400 0 0	
	DIVISIONAL STAFF.		
3	General Officers.....	3,500 0 0	Consolidated.
3	Aides-de-Camp to do.....	250 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
3	Assistants Adjutant General.....	500 0 0	
3	Assistants Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	
	CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.		
1	Superintendent of Army Clothing.....	600 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.		
1	Commissary General.....	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Assts. Commissary General, 1st Class.....	800 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
2	Do. do. 2nd „.....	600 0 0	
3	Do. do. 3rd „.....	500 0 0	
3	Do. do. 4th „.....	400 0 0	
4	Sub-Assts. do. 1st „.....	300 0 0	
5	Do. do. 2nd „.....	200 0 0	

Table of Staff Appointments and Salaries—continued.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
		RS. A. P.	
	TRANSPORT DEPARTMENT.		
1	Asst. Commissary General, 2nd Class.....	600 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Do. do. 3rd „.....	500 0 0	
1	Do. do. 4th „.....	400 0 0	
2	Sub-Asst. do. 1st „.....	300 0 0	
	GARRISON.		
1	Staff Officer & Superintendent of Details, Fort St. George.....	250 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	INSPECTORS OF MUSKETRY.		
1	Asst. Adjutant General (for Musketry)....	500 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Depy. Asst. Adj. Genl. (for do).....	300 0 0	
	JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.		
1	Judge Advocate General.....	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
4	Deputy Judge Advocates.....	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.		
	Director General of Ordnance.....	2,500 0 0	Consolidated.
	Inspector General of Ordnance.....	800 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	Deputy Director General of Ordnance.....	600 0 0	
	Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance.....	600 0 0	
	Asst. to Director General of Ordnance.....	250 0 0	
	Ordnance Officer { 1st Class.....	500 0 0	} With Regimental pay and allowances of rank.
	2nd „.....	400 0 0	
	3rd „.....	300 0 0	
	4th „.....	200 0 0	
	Superintendent of Factory.....	600 0 0	
	Assistant Super-Intendents of { 1st year.....	150 0 0	
	Factories: { 2nd and succeeding years.....	200 0 0	
	QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S DEPT.		
1	Quarter Master General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Quarter Master General.....	800 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
3	Assistants Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	
4	Deputy Assts. Quarter Master General.....	400 0 0	
1	Barrack Master, 1st Class.....	120 0 0	
	Do. 2nd „.....	70 0 0	With Warrant pay of grade.
	SECRETARIAT TO GOVT., MILITARY DEPT.		
1	Secretary.....	2,500 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Military Secretary to H. E. the Governor.....	1,000 0 0	Ditto.
1	Do. to H. E. the Comdr.-in-Chief.....	1,000 0 0	Ditto.
1	Interpreter to do. do.....	130 0 0	Drawn by one of the Aides-de-Camp, includes Moonshee allowance.
	MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.		
	Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal.....	2,500 0 0	} Consolidated Salary.
	Controller of Military Accounts.....	2,200 0 0	
	Military Accountant, 1st Class, 1st Grade.....	1,000 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	Ditto do. 2nd Grade.....	800 0 0	Ditto ditto
	Ditto 2nd Class, 1st Grade.....	600 0 0	Ditto ditto
	Ditto do. 2nd Grade.....	500 0 0	Ditto ditto
	Ditto 3rd Class.....	300 0 0	Ditto ditto

* A special extra allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem is payable to the officer actually performing the duties, whether permanently or officiating.

Table of Staff Appointments and Salaries—continued.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
	MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT—contd.	RS. A. P.	
	Assistant Military Accountants on Rs. 100 a month, and after passing the final examination Rs. 150, and when at a Presidency town Rs. 200 a month.	400 0 0	With unemployed of rank, and Rs. 150 per mensem for the Military Fund Office.
	Examiner, Medical Accounts	500 0 0	
	Assistant Examiner, Pay Dept. (Unconvd).	600 0 0	
1	Supt. of Family Payments and Pensions.	300 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Do. of Army Schools.....	400 0 0	
1	Secretary and Examiner in Hindustani..	600 0 0	
1	Agent for Remounts at Oosoor.....		

Staff Officers at the Presidency not in receipt of Consolidated Salaries are entitled to House-rent as follows:—

Colonels.....	Rs. 125	Captains.....	Rs. 75
Majors.....	" 100	Lieutenants.....	" 40

NEW ORGANIZATION—CAVALRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	Rs. 700	Third Squadron Commander...	Rs. 180
Second in Command Squad-		Adjutant.....	" 250
ron Commander	300	Squadron Officer.....	" 150
Second Squadron Commander.	" 210		

NOTE.—The Second in Command and Squadron Commanders will also each draw Rupees 50 per mensem for payment of their respective Squadrons and for the repair of arms and accoutrements.

The Adjutant will also draw Rupees 50, Office allowance.

The Squadron Subaltern, who will perform any duties that may be assigned to him, such as would devolve upon a Quarter Master, &c., will draw also Rupees 30 per mensem, for writer and stationery.

Commandants are to maintain three Chargers, all other officers two only.

NEW ORGANIZATION—INFANTRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	Rs. 600	Adjutant.....	Rs. 200
Second in Command and Wing		Quarter Master.....	" 150
Commander.....	270	Wing Officer.....	" 100
Wing Commander.....	230		

NOTE.—The two Wing Commanders will each draw Rupees 85 per mensem, or Rupees 20 per Company, for the payment and repair of arms and accoutrements of Companies of their respective wings.

Contingent allowance increased from Rupees 80 to Rupees 85 only to those regiments that are armed with Enfield rifles.—*P.G.*, 25th April 1872, No. 1,378.

The Adjutant will also draw Rupees 50, Office allowance.

All Infantry Officers are to maintain one Charger.

REGIMENTAL PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

COMBATANT OFFICER.

Rank.	Horse Artillery & Cavalry.	Royal Artillery.	Royal Engineers.	Infantry.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Colonel and Colonel Comdt.	1,358 7 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0
Lieutenant-Colonel.....	1,037 0 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0
Major after 3 years	809 6 4	759 3 0	759 3 0	759 3 0
Major.....	*691 1 0		640 14 0	640 14 0
Captain.....	473 0 4	417 7 8	493 10 8	415 6 0
Lieutenant after 3 years.....	305 4 0	265 12 0	265 12 0	255 10 0
Lieutenant.....	250 10 4	213 5 0	213 5 0	202 12 6

* Cavalry only.

6th. The following limits are fixed for the various ranks of subscribers, beyond which no loan can be granted under any circumstances, viz:—

Field Officers and Chaplains.....	Rupees 5,000
Captains and Assistant Chaplains.....	" 4,000
Subalterns.....	" 2,500

7th. The rate of interest on all loans is fixed at 9 per cent. per annum, or 12 annas per month for each 100 rupees; this must in all cases be regularly paid up, whether in Europe, India, or elsewhere, as the subscriber draws his pay until the principal is repaid.

8th. Repayment of principal must be made in the prescribed number of monthly instalments, of equal amount (besides interest), commencing from the time prescribed by rule, and continued regularly each successive month until the whole is repaid.

9th. Should the subscriber die while in debt to the Fund on account of any loan, the amount so due and its interest shall in the first place be recoverable from the claims of his widow or children, as prescribed in Table D of the regulations.

10th. In addition to the recoveries to be made whenever practicable, from the annuities to families of deceased subscribers, who die in debt to the Fund on account of loan, a levy of 1 per cent. will be made, on the issue of all personal benefits to subscribers, to meet every loss that may result from dispensing with securities when loans are taken.

11th. No fresh loan can be granted to any subscriber while any former loan, or any part of such, remains unpaid.

12th. No loan is allowable to any subscriber while absent from India; nor to any subscriber of less than 8 years' standing in the Fund.

13th. In applying for a loan the subscriber must forward his declaration on honor, signed in the presence of two attesting officers or gentlemen, specifying distinctly the purpose for which it is required and engaging to refund immediately the whole, or any part, of the loan which may not be appropriated to such purpose.

14th. *Previous to receiving the amount of a loan the subscriber must furnish to the Secretary his personal bond and irrevocable order on the Paymaster, signed in the presence of two attesting officers or gentlemen; irrevocably engaging to repay it as prescribed by these rules, and authorizing the recovery of the instalments, interest, &c., by stoppages from his pay abstract.

ART. 59. Whenever interest is chargeable under the regulations on sums receivable or payable by the Fund, it is to be calculated at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, unless otherwise specially provided for in the regulations.

INDIAN MILITARY SERVICE FAMILY PENSIONS.

INSTITUTED 1ST JANUARY 1873.

OFFICE—CHARLES' STREET, FORT.

Hours of business from 10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Brigade-Surgeon W. S. Fox, Examiner; I. M. S. F. P. Accounts.

Mr. V. A. Pines, Superintendent.

The above Fund was established with the view that officers of the Indian Staff Corps, officers of the Indian Medical Department, and Chaplains on the Indian Establishment, not being subscribers to the late Military and Medical Funds may secure suitable provision for their widows and orphans.

TABLE I.—Pension to Widows during Widowhood.

Per Annum.	Class of Husband at death.				
	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
Amount of pension to widow in Europe, per annum....	£ 160	£ 130	£ 100	£ 70	£ 40
In India.....	Rs. 1,669	Rs. 1,356	Rs. 1,043	Rs. 730	Rs. 417

The forms are supplied by the Fund office on application.

* Forms of declaration and receipt bearing a one-anna receipt stamp have been substituted for the "Personal Bond."

TABLE II.—Pensions to the Orphan Children of all Classes alike.

	From birth till age of 6 years.	From age of 6 to age of 12.	From age of 12 to age of 21.	To females only from age of 21 to date of marriage or for life.
	£	£	£	£
In Europe, per annum	10	20	30	45
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
In India,	104	208	313	469

TABLE III.—Donations of Married Officers.

Class of Contributors.	On marriage or re-marriage.		On promotion to a higher class.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
	Rs.	£	Rs.	£
Class I.....	4,320	384	810	72
" II.....	2,160	192	405	36
" III.....	1,080	96	270	24
" IV.....	540	48	135	12
" V.....	270	24	.....	.....

N.B.—If the age of husband exceeds that of wife by 12 years or more, the donation on marriage will be increased for disparity of ages.

TABLE V.—Donation payable for Children by all Classes alike.

	In India.	In Europe.
	Rs.	£
For a son	168	15
For a daughter	270	24

TABLE VI.—Monthly Contribution by Officers according to Class.

Class of Contributors.	By each married officer..		Officers unmarried and widowers.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.
Class I.....	54 0 0	2 10 0	27 0 0	1 4 0
" II.....	43 3 0	2 0 0	17 4 0	0 15 4
" III.....	32 6 0	1 10 0	12 15 0	0 11 6
" IV.....	21 10 0	1 0 0	7 9 0	0 6 8
" V.....	10 13 0	0 10 0	4 5 0	0 3 10

NOTE.—The Europe rates of contribution are payable after retirement, and during furlough out of India, and whenever full Indian pay is not received. But an officer on furlough in India, and not in receipt of full Indian pay, will be required to pay only half the Indian rate of contribution—Vide India Army Circular, dated 31st January 1886.

TABLE VII.—Monthly Subscription payable for Children.

	In India.	In Europe.
	Rs. A. P.	£ s. d.
For a son until age of 21	1 1 0	0 2 0
For a daughter until marriage	2 11 0	0 5 0

NOTE.—The contributions and donations to be paid by native members of the Commissioned Medical Service are fixed for the present at an increase of 5 per cent. on the rates paid by Europeans.

Between the ages of		Extra donation.	Between the ages of		Extra donation.
		Rs.			Rs.
1 and 2		50	7 and 8		117
2 " 3		75	8 " 9		119
3 " 4		92	9 " 10		119
4 " 5		101	10 " 11		120
5 " 6		112	11 " 12		120
6 " 7		115			

N.B.—If the report of a marriage, or of the birth of a child be not made within one month of the occurrence, the donation payable in each case will be increased 2½ per cent.

and interest thereon charged from the date of marriage or birth of the child. After six months delay, donations will be increased 5 per cent. and interest charged in the usual manner.

In the event of the report of a marriage or the birth of a child not being made by a subscriber during his life-time, in accordance with the rules, the widow or child will not be entitled to any benefits.

An officer may, by a special contribution, provide passage money from India for his widow and orphans. The amount so secured will belong to the officer's estate, but will be primarily applicable to the provisions of *passage money and outfit* for his widow and children. Native Commissioned Medical Officers are required to pay 5 per cent. over and above the ordinary rates.]

PENSIONS GRANTED BY THE ROYAL WARRANT OF 1884

Pensions are granted by the Royal Warrant of 1884 to the widows and families of Staff Corps Officers from the British Army, and also of those Medical Officers and Chaplains who have entered the service under the new conditions in addition to any pension they may receive from the Indian Military Service Family Pension.

Pension to widow. Compassionate allowance to each child.

Yearly. Yearly.

A.—Ordinary Pension:—

General Officer (including Brigadier-General).....	120	20
Regimental Colonel not being a General Officer.....	100	16
Lieutenant-Colonel or Brevet Colonel	90	16
Major	70	14
Captain	50	12
Lieutenant	40	10

B.—Intermediate Pension:—

If the deceased officer die from illness which can be directly traced to fatigue, privation, or exposure, incident to active operations in the field, within twelve months after his having first been removed from duty on account of such illness, provided that the illness shall be certified to have commenced during such active operations, or if the deceased officer shall have lost his life in consequence of wounds received in the execution of military duty otherwise than in action:—
Widow, 50 per cent. more than the ordinary rate of pension.
Child, 25 per cent. more than the ordinary rate of compassionate allowance.

C.—Highest Pension:—

If the deceased officer has been killed in action, or has died of wounds in action, within twelve months of having been wounded:—
Widow of a General Officer, according to circumstances.
Other widows, twice the ordinary rate of pension.
Child, 60 per cent. more than the ordinary rate of compassionate allowance.

Further particulars regarding pensions and compassionate allowances admissible to widows and children of Commissioned Officers are to be found in Part 2, Sec. IV of the Royal Warrant of 1884. Forms required to be furnished with applications for pension are obtainable from the Controller of Military Accounts.

The following is the tariff of private means constituting wealthy circumstances under Art. 1093 (1) of the Royal Warrant, which preclude the grant of a pension.

	Self.	Each Child.	Maximum.
	£	£	£
Lieutenant	300	20	400
Captain	400	30	550
Major	500	30	650
Lieutenant-Colonel	550	40	750
Colonel	600	40	800
General Officer	700	40	900

APOTHECARIES' FUND.

ESTABLISHED IN FEBRUARY 1831.

Trustees.		Mr. D. Robertson,
Mr. J. Hardaker,	Mr. H. Tallent,	" F. A. Wynne.
" C. Trutwein,	" H. H. M. Judge,	
" T. Everard,		
Secretary.—Hon. Surgeon W. Karney.		Treasurers.—Bank of Madras.
Clerk.—J. E. S. Perreire.		

This Institution was established with the sanction of Government for the benefit of the widows and children of Apothecaries, Assistant Apothecaries and Sub-Assistant Apothecaries in the Medical Service of the Madras Presidency.

It is imperative on every Subordinate Medical Officer, (except Mahomedans and Hindus) advanced to the grade of Sub-Assistant Apothecary to become a subscriber to this Fund, and so to continue as long as he may be in the effective service of Government. Pensioners from this Department may maintain their connection with the Fund after retirement, and are subject to the same rules and regulations as for effective members.

	DONATION PAYABLE.		Married.	Unmarried.
	Rs.	P.	Rs.	P.
Apothecary, or 1st Class Subscriber.....	450		380	
2nd Class Apothecary, or 2nd do.	337½		287½	
Asst. Apothecary and Sub-Asst. Apothecary, or 3rd Class Subscriber.....	225		195	

RATES OF PENSION TO WIDOWS.

	Rs.	P.	per mensem.
Widow of Apothecary.....	21	0	0
Do. 2nd Class Apothecary.....	15	12	0
Do. Asst. Apothecary and Sub Asst. Apothecary ..	10	8	0
Fatherless children.....	2	8	0
Orphans.....	5	4	0

Payable quarterly in May, August, November and February, except at the Presidency where pensions are paid monthly.

MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTION.

	Married.			Unmarried.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Apothecary, or 1st Class Subscriber.....	7	8	0	4	11	0
2nd Class Apothecary, or 2nd do.	5	10	0	3	9	6
Asst. Apothecary and Sub-Asst. Apothecary, or 3rd Class Subscriber.....	3	12	0	1	14	0
Management.....	0	6	0	0	6	0

CHILDREN'S BRANCH.

Contribution	50	0	0
Donation for every child born	20	0	0
Subscription monthly for each child.....	0	11	0

AMOUNT OF MINIMUM FOR EACH GRADE TO ENTITLE THE WIDOW TO FULL PENSION.

	Rs.	P.
Apothecary.....	1,500	
2nd Apothecary.....	1,125	
Assistant Apothecary and Sub-Assistant Apothecary.....	700	

Capital on 31st March 1887, Rs. 3,18,383-12-5.

OFFICE.—Napier Park.

N. B.—Further information may be obtained in the rules and regulations.

MADRAS MEDICAL FUND.

INSTITUTED 1ST MARCH 1807.

Transferred to Government on 1st September 1870.

OFFICE.—CHARLES' STREET, FORT.

Hours of business from 10-30 A.M. to 5 P.M.

Brigade-Surgeon W. S. Fox, Examiner, Medical Fund Accounts.

Mr. V. A. PIRES, Superintendent.

THE OBJECTS OF THE FUND ARE.

1. To afford to the senior officers of the Medical Establishment, retiring from the service, annuities for life.
2. To afford assistance to the widows and legitimate children of Medical Officers, by the granting of pensions until death or re-marriage in the case of widows; until 21 years of age, or death or marriage, in the case of daughters; and until 18 or 21 years of age in the case of sons.

	Cavalry.			Infantry.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Quarter Master on first appointment.....	300	0	0	280	0	0
After 5 years' commissioned service	325	0	0	300	0	0
" 10 " " "	440	0	0	420	0	0
" 15 " " "	460	0	0	440	0	0
" 20 " " "	480	0	0	460	0	0
	Royal Horse Art.			Royal Art.		
	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
Riding Master on first appointment.....	305	5	2	305	5	2
After 5 years' commissioned service	323	9	5	323	9	5
" 10 " " "	439	11	7	439	11	7
" 15 " " "						
" 20 " " "						

NOTE.—Horse allowance at Rupees 60 per mensem, if with Cavalry or Horse Artillery, and Rupees 30 if attached to Field Battery, is claimable under the regulations regarding chargers in addition to the above rates.

PAY MASTERS—PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

G.O.G., No. 929 of 26th November 1878.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 9th November 1878, is republished, with reference to G.O.G., No. 353 of 1866, No. 407 of 1868, and No. 663 of 1876:—

ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT.

No. 1084.—In modification of G.G. Orders No. 765 of 1866, No. 969 of 1868, and No. 1086 of 1876, the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council is pleased to lay down the following rules regulating the rank, pay and Indian allowances of Paymasters of the Army Pay Department serving in India:—

Army Pay Department.

Pay and Indian allowances, exclusive of horse allowance, per mensem.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Paymaster on appointment.....	480	0	0
After five years' service as such	510	0	0
" ten years' service as such	700	0	0
* Staff Paymasters will not eventually be attached to regiments serving in India. * Staff Paymaster on appointment.....	850	8	0
After five years' service as such	880	15	0

NOTE.—When attached to Cavalry regiments, horse allowance, in addition to the above rates, will be passed to Paymasters at Rupees 90, and to Staff Paymasters at Rupees 120 per mensem.

The present rate of office allowance, viz., Rupees 78-10-8 and Rupees 65-5-5 per mensem for Infantry and Cavalry regiments, respectively, will be continued for all Paymasters and Staff Paymasters.

2. Regimental Paymasters who may not be appointed to the Army Pay Department will continue in all respects under present regulations.

3. The ranks of the officers of the Army Pay Department are as follows:—

Staff Paymaster.

Paymaster.

Their honorary rank is that of Major and Captain, respectively, and carries with it all precedence and advantages attaching to the military rank with which it corresponds.

4. Leave of absence may, when the public service permits, be granted to officers of the Army Pay Department attached to regiments, under the general regulations for privilege and temporary leave, as laid down for officers of British regiments serving in India, on the conditions,—

- (a) that no military inconvenience be caused thereby;
- (b) that the officer shall have rendered all the accounts due from him;
- (c) that the officer before proceeding on leave shall produce the concurrence of the Controller of Military Accounts, and have handed over his accounts and cash balance in an accurate and satisfactory condition in every respect to the officer who is to perform his duties during his absence;
- (d) that he shall have made arrangements satisfactory to the Commanding Officer for the performance of his duties during his absence.

5. In the event of an officer of the Army Pay Department attached to a regiment being absent on sick leave, either in India or to Europe, or proceeding on the same, or being suspended from duty, or placed under arrest, or in the event of his post becoming vacant by death or otherwise, it shall be competent for the Officer Commanding the regiment, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief and under instructions from the

Adjutant-General, to appoint a Committee of Paymastership to carry on the duties of the Pay Office. Such Committee shall consist of three officers of the regiment, other than the Adjutant or Quartermaster, and the pay of the Committee shall be Rupees 5 a day. The circumstances necessitating the appointment of a Committee shall be immediately reported to the Controller, Military Accounts. An officer of the Army Pay Department who may be granted general leave on private affairs in India for 6 months on pay and Indian allowances will be required to make satisfactory arrangements for the performance of his duties without extra expense to the State. Should he be unable to do so a Committee of Paymastership will be appointed as above and a deduction of Rs. 5 a day for their remuneration be made from his pay. While on leave on medical certificate to England or in India the Committee of Paymastership will be paid by Government.

6. It will be competent to a Committee of Paymastership to delegate to one of their number the duty of signing documents on their behalf, but it is to be clearly understood that the members of a Committee are jointly and severally responsible for all its acts.

7. Regimental Paymasters appointed to the Army Pay Department retain all advantages as regards increase of pay for length of service, and the grant of honorary rank while serving and on retirement, to which they may have been entitled under previous orders.

8. All service as Regimental Paymaster at the rate of 22s. 6d. a day will, on promotion to the rank of Staff Paymaster, count towards increase of pay in that rank.

9. This order is applicable to the three Presidencies, and will have effect from the 1st April 1878.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Under G. O. G., No. 261 of 1864.

	RS.	A.	P.
Surgeon-Major, above 25 years' service.....	1,093	2	0
Do. do. 20 do.	1,056	9	7
Do. do. 15 do.	825	11	5
Do. do. under 15 do.	789	3	0
Surgeon above 10 years' service	451	14	5
Do. do. 6 do.	433	10	2
Do. do. 5 do.	335	12	2
Do. do. under 5 do.	317	8	0

Grade pay of officers who entered the Indian Medical Service after the 7th November 1864, and drawn by all Medical Officers in receipt of Staff Salary.

For any month.			For any month.		
RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Surgeon Major or Brigade Surgeon 640 14 6			Surgeon under 5 years' service	236	10 0
After 15 years' service	677	6 11	After 5 years' service	304	14 2
" 20 do.	852	3 7	" 6 do.	392	5 2
" 25 do.	888	12 0	" 10 do.	410	9 5

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

Revised Rates of Pay for Officers of the Veterinary Department in India.

[ISSUED AS A SPECIAL INDIA ARMY CIRCULAR ON THE 3RD JUNE 1885.]

With the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify the following revised scale of pay for officers of the Veterinary Department in India, with effect from the 30th April 1885. Officers now holding the rank of Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon will continue on the present scale of pay if in excess of the new scale:—

Consolidated Pay, including Horse Allowance.

Rank.	Relative Rank	Pay and Indian allowances, per mensem.	English pay, per diem.
		RS. A. P.	£ s. d.
Principal Veterinary Surgeon in India	Lieutenant-Colonel	1,220 0 0	1 5 0
Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon	Major, but junior of the rank, except for choice of quarters.	1,020 0 0	1 5 0
Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class	Captain	600 0 0	0 16 0
After 5 years' service as such	Do.	650 0 0	0 18 0
" 10 do.	Do.	750 0 0	1 0 0
Veterinary Surgeon under 5 years' service.	Lieutenant	400 0 0	0 10 0
After 5 years' service	Do.	450 0 0	0 12 0
" 10 do.	Do.	500 0 0	0 14 6

The following sums under the head of Tentage are included in the above rates of Regimental Pay and Allowances:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Colonel and Colonel Commandant.....	200	0	0
Lieutenant-Colonel, Surgeon-Major.....	150	0	0
Major, Surgeon.....	120	0	0
Captain, Paymaster, Surgeon of 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class.....	75	0	0
Lieutenant, Quarter-Master, Surgeon under 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, Riding Master	50	0	0

HORSE ALLOWANCE.

For each authorized Charger.....Rupees 80

Number of Horses authorized for each rank.

Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry.....	Field Officer, Staff Paymaster.....	4
	Captain, Paymaster.....	3
	Subalterns, Riding Master, Quarter Master	2
Field, Artillery, Mountain and Heavy Batteries.	*Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel.....	2
	† Do. do.	1
	Major	2
Garrison Brigade	Subalterns, Quarter-Master	1
	*Colonel and Lieut.-Colonel.....	2
	† Do. do.	1
Infantry.....	Officers in Command.....	1
	Field Officers, Officers of junior rank acting as Field Officers during absence of the Field Officers, under circumstances which involve a forfeiture of Horse Allowance, Quarter Masters when marching	1

Adjutants of Garrison Brigades and of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry draw the allowance for one horse in the established Staff Allowance of their appointments. When the Adjutancy of a Horse or Field Brigade is held temporarily by a Subaltern Officer, the allowance for one additional horse is passed.

Commands of the Royal Artillery Divisions and Districts in India.

	RS.	A.	P.
Class A ...	600	0	0
" B ...	400	0	0
" C ...	300	0	0
Executive Command of two or more batteries at the Head			
Quarters of Artillery Commands A or out-stations	200	0	0
Adjutants attached to Commands A and B	200	0	0

REGIMENTAL COMMAND AND STAFF ALLOWANCES.

	RS.
Officers in actual command of a Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry	400
Do. Company of Infantry.....	30
Do. do. (repair of arms, &c.)	20
Do. of a Troop of Cavalry (repair of arms, &c.)	50

ADJUTANT.

Arms of Service.	Staff.	Horse.	Office.	Total.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Cavalry.....	92 7 0	30 0 0	90 0 0	212 7 0
Infantry.....	122 0 0	30 0 0	105 0 0	257 0 0
Artillery Station Comd.....	60 0 0	50 0 0	30 0 0	120 0 0

PAYMASTER.

	RS.	A.	P.
Office Allowance, Cavalry	65	5	4
Do. Infantry	78	10	8

* In independent Command.

† Not in independent Command.

† Vide G.O.G., Nos. 216 and 251, dated 13th and 20th July 1869; pages 202 and 205.

QUARTER MASTER.		RS.	A.	P.
Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry.....		85	0	0
Interpreter of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry including Rupees 10 for Stationery.....		50	0	0
Mess Allowance for a Regiment.....		150	0	0
Do. for a Battery of Artillery.....		40	0	0
Do. for each detached Troop or Company.....		20	0	0
Each Gymnasium and Cavalry Regiment in which fencing is taught for repairing foils, &c., yearly.....		20	0	0
Band allowance, Cavalry and Infantry.....		75	0	0

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT.

		RS.
Superintendent of Army Schools, Bengal, on appointment, per mensem.....		500
After 5 years.....		600
" 10 ".....		750
Superintendent of Army Schools, Madras and Bombay, on appointment.....		350
After 5 years.....		550
" 10 ".....		650
Sub-Inspectors of Army Schools (including the Asst. Supt. of Army Schools, Bengal). { On appointment.....	Pay per mensem.....	270
After 5 years' service.....		300
" 10 ".....		350
" 15 ".....		400

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The consolidated monthly rates of pay will be:—

Senior Apothecary { 1st Grade.....	400
2nd ".....	300
Apothecary { 1st ".....	200
2nd ".....	150
Asst. Apothecary.. { 1st ".....	110
2nd ".....	85
Sub-Assistant Apothecary.....	50
Military Pupil, 1st year.....	20
Do. 2nd ".....	25
Do. 3rd ".....	30

One-fourth of the above salaries to be forfeited during absence, whether on general leave or medical certificate.

When on regimental or corresponding duty all subordinates will be supplied with free quarters, or compensation in lieu, with an increase at the Presidency Town of 50 per cent., when marching with Camp Equipage.

In addition to the ordinary rates of pay, a field allowance of Rupees 30 per mensem will be granted to all the Medical Warrant Grades when marching or in the field.

A similar amount will be granted, as a staff or employed allowance, to those grades when senior with or in subordinate medical charge of a Hospital Dispensary, Rest Camp or Depot, Medical Store Depot, Survey party or any other establishment having a separate dispensary, as well as to those attached to Army Head Quarters, and to the Superintendent of the "Military Pupil" Class. The staff allowance for Warrant Medical Officers in subordinate charge of a station hospital of British Troops will be:—

	Per mensem.
100-beds and under.....	Rs. 30
101 to 150 beds.....	" 45
Over 150 ".....	" 60

During illness or leave not exceeding 30 days the staff allowance will not be forfeited. The monthly pay of this branch will also be consolidated, and on the following scale—

	Pay of rank.	Extra pay for English qualification.
	RS.	RS.
Senior Hospital Assistant.....	55	25
Hospital Assistant..... { 1st Grade.....	40	20
" { 2nd ".....	30	10
" { 3rd ".....	20	5
Sub-Hospital Assistant.....	12	4
Native Military Pupils, 1st year.....	6	2
Do. do. 2nd ".....	7	2
Do. do. 3rd ".....	8	2

The foregoing allowance to medical pupils includes ration money.

Hospital Assistants will draw as field batta—those of the rank of Senior Hospital Assistant, Rs. 15; Hospital Assistants, 1st class, Rupees 10; and the rest, Rupees 5 per mensem, when marching or in the field. When on general or sick leave, they will forfeit one-fourth of their salaries.

Members of the Hospital Assistant class employed at Port Blair, in British Burmah, or at Aden, will receive field batta and free rations (or compensation in lieu of rations). Present incumbents will however receive their present allowances of 50 per cent. additional on pay until relieved.

Fort William, the 22nd January 1868.

No. 69 of 1868.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has the satisfaction to notify that Her Majesty's Government have sanctioned a revised and enhanced scale of Pay and Allowances, Staff and Furlough pay, retiring for the several warrant grades in Her Majesty's Indian Army.

2. The following are the rates, which will have effect from the 1st instant:—

PAY AND ALLOWANCES AND STAFF PAY.

3. All Warrant Officers will receive a monthly net "warrant pay" according to rank which, with a monthly sum as "warrant allowances" intended as a full equivalent for batta, tentage and house-rent will together constitute the monthly "warrant pay and allowances."

4. When in effective employ in the Ordnance, Commissariat, or any Department where no other special departmental Staff or consolidated salary is allowed, they will receive in addition to the warrant pay and allowance a warrant Staff pay according to grade.

5. When a Warrant Officer is out of employ owing to no fault or seeking on his part, or if he resigns his appointment with the full approval of Government, he will, whilst so unemployed, be entitled to his "warrant pay and allowances."

6. When put out of employ for misconduct or incapacity, or if he resigns his appointment without, in the opinion of Government, sufficient grounds for so doing, he will only be entitled to his net "warrant pay." In particular cases, however, he may be allowed, as a maximum, the invalid scale of pay of his rank, but only with the special sanction of Government.

7. The following are the monthly rates of pay and allowances for the several grades:—

GRADES.	Net or Warrant Pay.	Indian Warrant Allowances.	Total Warrant Pay and Allowances.	Staff Pay when effective, and not receiving departmental Staff or consolidated Pay.	Total receipts when in effective employ.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Deputy Commissary.....	120	150	300	200	500
Assistant Commissary.....	75	150	225	150	375
Depy. Asst. Commissary.....	60	120	180	120	300
Conductor.....	50	50	100	60	160
Sub-Conductor.....	40	40	80	45	125

8. For broken periods the daily pay and allowances will be calculated at one-thirtieth of the monthly pay.

9. The extra Staff allowance of Rupees 60 and Rupees 30 to permanent Conductors of the 1st and 2nd class, will continue to be paid as heretofore in the Ordnance Department.

10. Warrant Officers in receipt of the effective Staff pay will, when on leave, be subject to reduction on the same principle as that applied to Commissioned Officers.

No. 689 of 1881.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 16th September 1881, is republished :—

No. 514.—WARRANT OFFICERS.

Under the authority of the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following revised scale of pensions for warrant officers of Her Majesty's Indian Army, to take effect from the 1st September 1881.

2. The distinction between the invalid pension, which can be drawn only in India, and the retiring pension, will be abolished.

3. The periods of service entitling warrant officers to retiring pensions will be as follows :—

24 years' total service in Europe and India, including 16 years in the department.						
26 do.	do	do	14	do	do	
28 do.	do	do	12	do	do	

4. The retiring pensions will be—

	England or the Colonies Per annum.	India Per mensem.
	£	Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	216	200
Assistant Commissary ...	144	140
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	108	100
Conductor ...	90	85
Sub-Conductor ...	72	70

5. A warrant officer of any grade, wishing to retire after 21 years' total service, will receive a pension of £54 per annum in England or the Colonies, or Rupees 50 per mensem in India.

6. A warrant officer declared by a Medical Board to be unfit for further service in India, after completion of half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, will receive—

	England or the Colonies Per annum.	India Per mensem.
	£	Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	172	160
Assistant Commissary ...	115	110
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	86	80
Conductor ...	72	68
Sub-Conductor ...	58	56

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether, he will receive—

	England or the Colonies Per annum.	India Per mensem.
	£	Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	115	110
Assistant Commissary ...	86	80
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	72	68
Conductor ...	58	56
Sub-Conductor ...	43	40

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

7. A warrant officer, whose disqualification for further service in India has been caused by intemperance or irregular habits, will, if he has served half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, receive—

	England or the Colonies Per annum.	India Per mensem.
	£	Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	130	120
Assistant Commissary ...	86	85
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	65	60
Conductor ...	51	50
Sub-Conductor ...	43	42

If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether, he will receive—

	England or the Colonies Per annum.	Indian Per mensem.
	£	Rs.
Deputy Commissary ...	86	85
Assistant Commissary ...	65	60
Deputy Assistant Commissary ...	51	50
Conductor ...	43	42
Sub-Conductor ...	32	30

If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

8. Retirement will be compulsory at the age of 55 years : and all warrant officers of that age now in the service will be required to retire at the expiration of one year from the date of this order.

9. All warrant officers at present on the establishment as such on the 22nd January 1883, will be allowed the option of electing the old or the new scale of pensions at any time previous to retirement.

10. Pensions, according to the present scale and conditions, is admissible to the widow of a warrant officer who may die, either while in the service or on the Pension establishment, provided, in the latter case, that she married the deceased warrant officer previous to his retiring from the army or being invalided.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

The following information as to the constitution and advantages of the several large Military Departments has been specially compiled for the Lawrence Asylum Press "Almanac":—

The most important of the Military Departments are the Commissariat including the Transport Branch, the Military Account Department, the Ordnance Department, the Quarter-Master General's Department, the Adjutant General's Department, the Judge Advocate General's Department.

As the majority of the above Departments are opened only to Officers of the Indian Staff Corps, the rules for admission into the Staff Corps are first appended.

REVISED REGULATIONS FOR ADMISSION TO THE STAFF CORPS.

Officers serving in India.

1. An officer serving in India will be eligible to become a probationer on the following conditions :—

- I. He shall, at time of application, have completed one year's actual regimental duty, whether in or out of India.
- II. He shall, at date of appointment to a native regiment, have less than four years service, and not exceed 25 years of age.

2. His application must be accompanied by certificates in the Forms A1 or A2 and D, and by a declaration, in duplicate, in the Form E.

3. An officer may be appointed to the Staff Corps of any presidency, without reference to the presidency in which his regiment may be serving.

4. The period of probation must be passed with native troops, and the date of joining a native corps shall be the date of appointment on probation.

5. Should he not have passed the examination in the native languages by the lower standard before joining a native corps, he will be required to do so within 18 months of so joining, otherwise he will cease to be a probationer.

6. After the expiration of one year from the date of appointment on probation, the probationer, provided he has passed the higher standard examination in the native languages and the professional examination required under regulation, may be admitted to the Staff Corps.

7. On the expiration of 18 months from date of appointment on probation he will be admitted to the Staff Corps, whether he has passed the above examinations or not, on production of certificates in the Forms C, D and E.

8. Should he not have passed the above examinations before admission to the Staff Corps, he will be allowed a further period of 18 months (or three years in all from date of appointment on probation) within which to pass.

9. Should he not pass within this period he will be removed from the service.

Officers of Corps serving out of India.

10. An officer of a corps serving out of India will be eligible to become a probationer on the following conditions:—

I. He shall, at time of application, have completed one year's actual regimental duty; in the case of officers of West India regiments, two years.

II. He shall, on the 1st January of the trooping season during which he embarks for India, have less than four years' service, and not exceed 25 years of age.

11. His application must be submitted through his commanding officer to the Military Secretary, Horse Guards, and be accompanied by certificates in the Forms B and D, and by a declaration in the Form E.

12. An officer will not be allowed to volunteer for any particular Staff Corps, but on arrival in India he will be posted under the orders of the Government of that country to whichever of the three corps the exigencies of the service may demand.

13. If accepted, a candidate will be required to embark for India within two months of being so warned, and the date of embarkation for India shall be the date of his coming on the Indian establishment.

14. The period of probation must be passed with native troops, the candidate will be appointed to a native corps on first arrival in India, and the date of joining it will be the date of his appointment on probation.

15. Before the expiration of 18 months from date of joining a native corps, he must pass the examination in the native languages by the lower standard, otherwise he will cease to be a probationer.

16. After the expiration of one year from date of joining a native corps, the probationer, provided he has passed the higher standard examination in the native languages and the professional examination required under regulation, may be admitted to the Staff Corps.

17. On the expiration of 18 months from the date of joining a native corps, he will be admitted to the Staff Corps, whether he has passed the above examinations or not, on production of certificates in the Forms C, D and E.

18. Should he not have passed the above examinations before admission to the Staff Corps, he will be allowed a further period of 18 months (or three years in all from date of joining a native corps) within which to pass.

19. Should he not pass within this period, he will be removed from the service.

General Regulations.

20. The names of probationers will be retained on the lists of their British regiments until admission to the Staff Corps.

21. During the period of probation it will be open to the commanding officer of a native corps to represent to the Commander-in-Chief of the presidency to which the probationer belongs that he thinks the officer, either from temper or other cause, is unsuited for employment with native troops; in which case the Commander-in-Chief in India, if satisfied with the reasons, will post the officer to his own regiment should a battalion of it be serving in India, or, should such not be the case, to any battalion in India pending orders from His Royal Highness the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief.

22. The same course will be followed in the case of an officer who may not, at the expiration of 18 months' duty, be able to obtain the necessary certificates for admission to the Staff Corps, and in the case also of an officer who has been permitted, under paragraph 23, to resign his probationary appointment.

23. No officer will, however, be allowed to resign his probation except on sufficient grounds to be approved by the Commander-in-Chief in India, the Government of India, the Secretary of State for India in Council, and His Royal Highness the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief. An officer applying for permission to resign will be required to produce a declaration and a certificate in the Forms F and G, but he will continue to serve with his native regiment until his resignation is approved by the Secretary of State and His Royal Highness the Field-Marshal Commanding-in-Chief, his application being sent forward at once for the final orders of the Secretary of State for India.

24. A probationer obtaining leave out of India either on private affairs, or for more than six months on medical certificate, will be held to have resigned his probationary appointment.

25. When an officer is ultimately admitted to the Staff Corps the date assigned to his admission shall be that of his first appointment on probation.

26. An officer shall not be eligible to hold any permanent or officiating appointment, regimental or other (except that of squadron or wing officer), until he shall have passed the higher standard examination in the native languages and the professional examination required under regulation.

27. No extension of the prescribed period within which these examinations must be passed will be allowed, except on account of illness or delay resulting from employment on field service, and only then with the special sanction of the Secretary of State for India in Council.

28. An officer removed from the service under paragraph 8 or paragraph 18 will receive a free passage to Europe and a gratuity of one year's English pay of his rank.

29. Under special circumstances, or in special cases, the Secretary of State for India in Council may deviate from any of the above regulations.

NOTE.—These regulations must be understood as referring only to admission to the Staff Corps and to probation, and not to the conditions of service in the Staff Corps.

CERTIFICATES AND DECLARATIONS.

A1.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For appointment as Probationer from a Regiment serving in India. (Para. 2.)

Certified that Lieutenant of the Staff Corps, has on this date completed regiment, a candidate for the service from the date of his first commission, of which years' service period of which was, as the case may be spent in India.

Lieutenant [* has passed an examination in the Native languages by the higher (or lower) standard, and] has attained such a knowledge of his drill and duty as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry, or Artillery) in all its branches as to qualify him for the command of a company (or troop, or battery) in all situations. He also possesses a fair knowledge of the Army Act of 1881, of the Army (Annual) Act, and of the Queen's Regulations.

I further certify that during the period Lieutenant has served with this regiment, he has been attentive to his duties, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the officer commanding the regiment.)

A2.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—Alternative which may be used for appointment as Probationer from a Regiment serving in India of an Officer of short service. (Para. 2.)

Certified that Lieutenant of the Staff Corps, has on this date completed regiment, a candidate for the service from the date of his first commission of which years' service was, as the case may be spent in India.

Lieutenant [* has passed an examination in the Native languages by the higher (or lower) standard] has passed his drills, and has performed in a satisfactory manner his duties as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry, or Artillery). He also possesses a fair knowledge of the Army Act of 1881, of the Army (Annual) Act, and of the Queen's Regulations.

I further certify that during the period Lieutenant has served with this regiment he has been attentive to his duty, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the officer commanding the regiment.)

B.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For appointment as Probationer from a Regiment serving out of India. (Para. 11.)

Certified that Lieutenant of the Staff Corps, has on this date completed regiment, a candidate for the Indian Staff Corps, has on this date completed years' service from the date of his first commission.

Lieutenant has attained such a knowledge of his drill and duty as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry, or Artillery) in all its branches as to qualify him for the command of a company (or troop, or battery) in all situations. He also possesses a fair knowledge of the Army Act of 1881, of the Army (Annual) Act, and of the Queen's Regulations.

I further certify that during the period Lieutenant has served with this regiment, he has been attentive to his duty, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of the officer commanding the regiment.)

* To be inserted if the officer has so passed.

C.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For admission to the Staff Corps. (Paras. 7 and 17.)

Certified that Lieutenant _____ of the _____ regiment, a candidate for the Staff Corps, has on this date completed _____ years' service from the date of his first commission, of which _____ years were (or the whole period of which was, as the case may be) spent in India.

Lieutenant _____ has passed an examination in the Native languages by the higher (or lower) standard, and has attained such a knowledge of his drill and duty as an officer of Infantry (or Cavalry) in all its branches as to qualify him for the command of a company (or troop) in all situations. He also possesses a fair knowledge of the Army Act of 1881, of the Army (Annual) Act, of the Native Articles of War, and of the Queen's Regulations, as well as of the Bengal (or Madras, or Bombay) Army Regulations, besides having gained some general acquaintance with the organization and nature of all branches of the Army serving in Bengal (or Madras, or Bombay).

I further certify that during the period Lieutenant _____ has served with his regiment, he has been attentive to his duties, and that his conduct has been in all respects unexceptionable.

(Station and date).

(Signature of the officer commanding the regiment.)

D.

Medical Officer's Certificate.—For appointment as Probationer and for admission. (Paras. 2, 7, 11 and 17.)

I certify that to the best of my belief Lieutenant _____ is in good bodily health, and apparently well capable of undergoing the vicissitudes of service in India.

(Station and date).

(Signature of the medical officer of the regiment.)

E.

Declaration of Candidate.—For appointment as Probationer. (Paras. 2, 7, 11 and 17.)

I hereby declare, upon my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that I have not, nor to the best of my belief has any person on my behalf or in my interest, directly or indirectly, received or agreed to receive any sum of money, valuable security, or other thing in respect of my appointment to the Indian Staff Corps; and I promise, honourably and unreservedly, that I will not receive the same or in any manner recognize or benefit by its receipt hereafter.

(Signature of candidate.)

[The above declaration must be drawn up in the officer's own handwriting, and must be read over in the presence of the officer commanding the regiment, who will attach his certificate as witness to the declaration in the following manner:—

Read over in my presence, and signed before me, this
day of _____ 18____

(Signature of commanding officer.)

[The declaration must also be subscribed by a second witness, who may be either an officer of standing in the service, or a civilian, being a householder.]

F.

Declaration of Candidate.—For resignation of probationary appointment. (Para. 23.)

I hereby solemnly declare, on my honour as an officer and a gentleman, that my resignation of my probationary appointment for the Staff Corps does not originate in any cause affecting my honour, or my character, or professional efficiency.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of probationer.)

G.

Commanding Officer's Certificate.—For resignation of probationary appointment. (Para. 23.)

I hereby certify that the resignation by Lieutenant _____ of his probationary appointment in the regiment under my command does not originate in any cause affecting his honour, or his fitness to continue in Her Majesty's service.

(Station and date.)

(Signature of commanding officer.)

THE COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

The following rules govern the admission of officers to the Commissariat Department in the Madras Presidency:—

1. The applicant must belong to the Staff Corps and have had not less than three or more than seven years' service.

2. Nomination to the Department is made by Government.

3. On nomination the candidate must successfully pass a Preliminary Examination before he can be declared a probationer. Failure at the Preliminary Examination annuls the nomination.

4. The Preliminary Examination shall be conducted at the Head-Quarters of the candidate's Division or District, by the senior (should there be more than one) Executive Commissariat Officer, assisted by the Engineer Officer.

5. The subjects of the Preliminary Examination will be—

i. The rules of arithmetic, including vulgar and decimal fractions, involution and evolution; mensuration and the computation of areas and solid contents, and the system of book-keeping by single and double entry.

ii. He will also be required to read aloud, correctly and with tolerable ease, three Urdu or Hindustani papers. These papers are to be taken from official records at random, and written (in the Persian character) by different persons in fairly legible running hands. After having read them aloud the candidate must explain their contents in English correctly.

iii. He must translate, without assistance, from English into Urdu and a Vernacular an instruction to a subordinate Commissariat officer, or other official paper to be furnished by the examining committee. The translation must be precise and correct in meaning, and perfectly intelligible to a native, tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom.

iv. He must dictate with some fluency the translation into Hindustani of an English letter, or other official paper, also to be furnished by the examining committee, whereof the translation will be written down exactly as dictated. The dictated paper must be intelligible and correct in meaning.

v. He must undergo a thorough and careful test in conversation with two or three natives in such manner and to such extent as shall suffice completely to satisfy the committee as to the degree of his power of understanding natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them both in common conversation and in the usual course of departmental business.

6. Having successfully passed the preliminary examination the candidate is appointed to the Department on probation for twelve months—the first six months of which shall be spent at an Executive Office the next three months in the office of the Examiner of Commissariat Accounts and the last three in the Commissary General's Office.

7. At the expiry of the period of probation the final examination shall be held.

8. The heads of the examination will be:—

i. His acquaintance with his responsibility and duties in the care and custody of the cattle and stores under the charge of a Commissariat officer.

ii. His knowledge of the system of procuring supplies by departmental agency or contract as circumstance may require, and the rules affecting the preparation of contract deeds and the liability of contractors.

iii. His acquaintance with the mode of rationing European troops, and the different articles comprising their rations.

iv. His acquaintance with the mode of rationing Native troops, and the circumstances under which rations are issued to them.

v. His knowledge of departmental rules, and of the forms of returns furnished periodically to the head of his department.

vi. His ability to draw up with accuracy estimates and average statements of the cost of victualling troops and feeding cattle.

vii. His knowledge of the equipments of cattle and stores required for the cavalry, artillery and infantry, with reference to their numbers and the distance to be marched.

viii. His knowledge of the animals in use for food, as to their breeding and where the best are produced; where the best transport animals are found, and the weights they respectively carry.

ix. His facility in reading Gomastah's accounts as presented in Hindustani or a Vernacular, and in writing Purwanahs in those languages.

x. His ability to prepare monthly disbursements from the checked accounts of native agents, with an account current, and his knowledge of the vouchers required to support charges under the different heads of expenditure.

xi. His acquaintance with the general system of accounts in the Commissariat department.

9. On successfully passing this examination the probationer is gazetted to the department permanently.

10. The final examination will be conducted by a Committee composed of a selected Civil Officer, the Deputy Commissary General and the Commissariat Examiner—a selected Field Officer of a British Regiment being associated with the Committee in that part of the examination as relates to the rationing of British troops.

10. An Officer of a Native Corps being a candidate for the Commissariat Department is entitled to the pay of his regimental appointment until the date of his services being placed at

the disposal of the Commissary General. He is retained in the list of his Corps with a lien on his regimental appointment for the 12 months of his probation.

11. On passing the final examination, he will continue to be borne on his regiment for a second year, having been seconded. He can revert to military duty within these two years, but not subsequently unless a regimental appointment is available.

12. A probationer commences to draw staff pay in the Commissariat Department from date of passing his preliminary examination.

13. The establishment of the Commissariat Department in the three Presidencies, with the Staff salaries of each grade is as below :—

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Staff Salaries.	
Commissary General-in-chief	1	1	1	Rs. 2,500	Consolidated. With Staff Corps pay of rank.
Commissary General	2	1	1	2,000	
Asst. Commissary General, 1st Class	1	1	2	800	
" " 2nd	1	1	3	600	
" " 3rd	1	1	3	500	
" " 4th	1	1	4	400	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
" " 1st	12	5	5	300	
" " 2nd	12	6	6	200	

Transport Branch.

14. The Transport branch has recently been added to the Commissariat Department.

15. Officers of the British Service in India are eligible for appointment to the Transport branch.

16. The departmental test required from officers of the Commissariat Department will not be required on the Transport branch.

17. The uniform is that of officers of the Commissariat.

18. To enable officers to qualify for the Transport branch, an officer of the rank of Lieutenant, and of not more than 6 years' service may be attached by the General Officer of a Division or District. The Officer thus attached will be under the orders of the Depot Transport Officer for a six months' course, and this course will embrace all the duties connected with the care of Transport animals and the general business of the Transport service.

19. During this course the officers concerned will continue to draw the Staff salaries of their own regimental appointment, provided no extra expenditure on the State is thus incurred.

20. A certificate of proficiency will be granted by the Deputy Commissary General for transport at the end of the course if found qualified, and this fact will be notified in G.O.C.C. and noted in the Army List. Such certificate will give priority of claim to appointment to the Transport branch.

21. The establishment of officers of the Transport branch, with staff salaries, is as below :—

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Staff Salaries.	
Commissary General	1	0	0	Rs. 800	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
Assistant " 2nd Class	1	1	1	600	
" " 3rd	2	1	0	500	
" " 4th	2	1	1	400	
Sub-Assistant " 1st	3	1	1	300	
" " 2nd	2	1	1	200	

22. The appointment of Commissary General in the Commissariat Department is tenable for 5 years, subject to vacation on succession to Colonel's allowance.

23. Deputy Commissaries General are subject to the above rule, and to the further condition that they must vacate on promotion to the rank of General Officer.

24. Officers of the Transport Department will be seconded and hold their appointments for five years only.

25. Officers of the Commissariat Department below the rank of Commissary General and Deputy Commissary General will vacate their appointments on—

- (i) Succession to Colonel's allowance;
- (ii) Promotion to Major General.
- (iii) Attaining to 52 years of age.

THE MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

1. This Department is an 'Imperial' establishment and is therefore directly under the orders of the Government of India, in the Military Department, by which all nominations are made.

2. Applicants must belong to the Staff Corps.

3. An applicant on being nominated will proceed to the nearest Circle Paymaster, who will examine him as to his general knowledge of accounts and book-keeping, and also question him on Vol. I, Parts I and II of the Army Regulations, India.

4. If found satisfactory, the Paymaster will then certify :—

Certified that _____, a candidate for employment in the Military Account Department, appears to me to have a good general knowledge of accounts, and book-keeping, and that on a viva voce examination, his answers to a series of questions put shows that he possesses a fair acquaintance with Vol. I, Parts I and II, A. R., India.

5. The candidate will then be appointed to the department on probation for twelve months, and will be under the orders, for that period, of any one of the three Controllers of Military Accounts.

6. At the expiry of his period of probation he will be finally examined by the Controller, the Pay Examiner, and the officer in charge of the Accounts Branch in the higher branches of arithmetic, book-keeping as adopted by the Military Account Department, the audit of Pay Lists and in the Staff rules generally. The examination will be in writing.

7. On this examination being passed the candidate will be posted to the department permanently.

8. During the period of probation the candidate will have a lien on his own regimental appointment, but will draw staff salary from the Military Account Department.

9. The establishment of the Military Account Department and the Staff salaries of the several grades are as below :—

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Staff Salaries.
Controller of Military Accounts	1	1	1	Rs. 2,500
Military Accountant, 1st Class, 1st Grade	1	1	1	2,200
" " 2nd " 2nd Class 1st "	3	3	3	2,000
" " 2nd " 2nd " 2nd "	3	3	3	1,000
" " 3rd Class	5	5	5	800
Assistant Military Accountant after passing at a Presidency town.	7	7	7	600
" " " not at "	7	7	7	500
" " " unpassed "	7	7	7	300
				S. Salary.

	Bengal.	Madras.	Bombay.	Staff Salaries.
Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts.	1	1	1	Rs. 700
				550
				550

10. Controllers of Military Accounts hold their appointments for five years subject to vacation on attaining Colonel's allowance.

11. All other appointments in the Military Account Department are held until—

- (i) succession to Colonel's allowance;
- (ii) promotion to Major General;
- (iii) attaining to 52 years of age.

12. Officers appointed to the department will be seconded in their regiments for two years and will retain for that time the option of reverting to military duty. At the end of that time they will be struck off and will not be eligible to revert to military duty unless an appointment is available to which they can be transferred.

THE ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

1. This Department is now an Imperial establishment, directly under the orders of the Government of India in the Military Department.

2. It is open to officers of the Royal Artillery serving in India who have been five years in the service and who have qualified in the H. S. in Hindustani.

3. All applications for appointment must be addressed (through his Military Secretary) to the Viceroy by whom all first appointments will be made.

4. The consolidated Ordnance Department for India will for the present be divided into three circles of superintendence and supply—Bengal, Madras and Bombay—each under the charge of an Inspector General of Ordnance, who will be allowed an Assistant taken from the establishment of Commissaries, and seconded. The Inspector General in Bengal will also be assisted by a Deputy Inspector General.

5. The whole establishment of Commissioned officers will be as follows :—

1 Director General of Ordnance for all India	Rs. 2,500	Consolidated.
3 Inspectors General of Ordnance	800	S. S. with regimental pay and allowances.
1 Deputy Director General of Ordnance in India.	600	"
1 Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance, Bengal.	600	"
1 Assistant to the Director General of Ordnance in India.	250	"
5 Commissaries of Ordnance, 1st Class	500	"
6 Do. 2nd	400	"
9 Do. 3rd	300	"
3 Do. 4th	200	"

10 Superintendents of Factories Rs. 600 S. S. with regimental pay and allowances.

6 Assistant Do. for the 1st year 150
" 2nd and succeeding years. } " 200

[Majors of Royal Artillery holding any of the above appointments are restricted to Staff Corps rate of pay with Staff salary.]

6. The Director General and the Inspector General of Ordnance will hold their appointments for a term of five years, and the local rank of Major General will be conferred upon the Director General when not appointed in that rank.

7. No officer above the rank of Major General will be appointed Director General, nor will any officer above the rank of Colonel be appointed an Inspector General, but the Director General and Inspector General will be allowed to retain their appointments for the full term of five years, even if the former be promoted to the rank of Lieutenant General, or the latter to the rank of Major General. With this exception no officer shall hold an appointment in the department after promotion to the rank of Major General.

8. Assistant Superintendents of Factories shall be appointed for a term of three years, but all Superintendents of Factories and Commissaries of Ordnance will be appointed for a term of five years, they will then be eligible for reappointment for a similar term, but after that they must revert to regimental duty.

JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

1. The Department is open to officers of the British and Indian Services and nomination made by the Government of Madras, in the Military Department, for appointments in this Presidency.

2. On nomination a Committee will assemble at Divisional Head-Quarters, consisting of the Deputy Judge Advocate of the circle and two selected field officers, whose report will be forwarded to the Judge Advocate General.

3. The examination will be both *viva voce* and by written questions on the Army Act and Articles of Procedure and the Indian Articles of War, the Queen's Regulations, Madras Army Regulations, the English and Indian Laws of Evidence, the Criminal Law of England, and the Indian Penal Code. Also on the candidate's capacity to review the proceedings of the minor Courts-martial, and of General Courts-martial, the latter being tested by requiring him to frame a skeleton charge under any specified article and to write out in the proper form the mode of recording proceedings of such Court-martial, with the punishment awardable on conviction.

4. The appointment of Judge Advocate General is tenable for five years, subject to vacation or succession to Colonel's allowances.

5. Other appointments in the departments will be vacated—

- (i) on succession to Colonel's allowance;
- (ii) promotion to Major General;
- (iii) attaining to 52 years of age.

6. Officers appointed to the Department will be seconded in their Corps for two years and will retain for that time the option of reverting to regimental duty. At the end of the second year they will be struck off and will only be allowed to revert if an appointment is available.

7. The period of probation in the Department will be for 12 months.

8. The appointments in the Madras Presidency and the Staff salaries attached thereto are:—

1 Judge Advocate General Rs. 2,000 Consolidated.
4 Deputy do. one to each circle 500 with Staff Corps pay of rank.

QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S AND ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

1. This Department is open to officers of the Staff Corps, as well as to those of the British Army, who have passed the H. S. in Hindustani and the long course of Garrison Instruction, or the final test at the Staff College.

2. Field officers alone are eligible for the appointment of Quarter Master General and Adjutant General and they must have served five years in India.

3. The appointments of Assistant Quarter Master General and Assistant Adjutant General can only be held by Field Officers. The appointment of Assistant Adjutant General, Royal Artillery, can only be held by a regimental Lieutenant Colonel who has served at least 3 years in India as a Field Officer.

4. Subaltern officers will only be appointed under exceptional circumstances.

5. The establishments, with salaries are as below:—

1 Adjutant General.....	Rs. 2,200	Consolidated
1 Deputy do.	" 800	Staff Salary with S. C. pay.
1 Asst. Adjutant General at Head Quarters	" 500	
1 Do. do. for Musketry ...	" 500	
3 Assistant do. of Divisions.....	" 600	Do.
5 Dy. Asst. do. of Districts.....	" 400	Do.
2 Dy. Asst. Adjutant General for Musketry	" 300	

1 Asst. Adjutant General for R. A	Rs. 500	with regimental pay and allowances.
1 Quarter Master General	" 2,200	Consolidated.
1 Deputy do.	" 800	with S. C. pay.
3 Assistant do.	" 500	Do.
4 Dy. Assistant do.	" 400	Do.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 16th April 1886.

The following regulations and instructions are promulgated by direction of the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council:—

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE REGULATIONS.

Leave Rules for the Indian Staff Corps.

Under instructions from Her Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to promulgate the following rules for the grant of leave to officers of the Indian Staff Corps:—

RULES.

I.—An officer may be granted—

Privilege leave under such regulations as may from time to time be in force. Leave out of India, for no longer period than one year, capable of extension to two years' absence from duty, on the following pay:—

		£
After appointment to the Staff Corps		200 a year.
After the commencement of the 5th year's service for pension		
Ditto	15th	250 "
Ditto	20th	300 "
Ditto	25th	450 "
Ditto	30th	600 "
Ditto		700 "

Leave in India, but for the period of one year only, on full military pay and half the staff salary of appointment.

II.—No extension of leave involving absence from duty for more than two years, whether taken in or out of India, can be granted except on specially urgent grounds and without pay.

III.—An officer, unable on account of the state of his health to return to duty within the maximum period of two years' absence, will, unless he is under Rule II specially granted an extension of leave without pay, be placed on temporary half pay or the retired list, as the circumstances of the case may seem to require. An officer will also be liable to be placed on half pay or the retired list should his health require an undue amount of leave, whether in or out of India. This power will be exercised at the instance of the Government of his own Presidency should the officer be in India, or, should he be at home, by the Secretary of State in Council.

IV.—All leave in or out of India will count as service for pension.

V.—Leave, whether it is leave in India or leave out of India, will not involve forfeiture of appointment, and may be granted at any time, but solely at the discretion of the Commander-in-Chief of the several armies for officers serving directly under their orders, and by the Governor-General in Council or the Governors in Council for officers of civil departments of the Army or of Corps not under the direct orders of a Commander-in-Chief.

VI.—An officer on leave, whether in India or out of India, will be required to rejoin at once on being recalled to duty, unless certified by a medical board as unfit to do so.

VII.—The above rules shall apply to—

Officers whose admission to the Staff Corps shall bear date subsequent to the 30th June 1886.

Officers of the Staff Corps, including probationers, or of the Cavalry and Infantry lists of the Indian Army, in military employment, who may elect them within 12 months of that date. Officers applying for leave of any kind within that period must elect on making their application. Officers already on leave at date of promulgation must elect at once, and the new rules will apply to them from the date on which their notification of acceptance shall be received at either Army Head-Quarters, or by the Government of India, or by the Local Governments, or at the India Office at Home, as the case may be.

Officers in civil employ on that date, subsequently reverting to military duty, who may elect them within six months from the date of being replaced at the disposal of the Military Department, and such officers who may be on leave when so replaced, must make their election at once. Those taking leave within the six months must make their election before going on leave.

They shall not apply to—

Officers in civil employ.

Officers commanding divisions, districts, or brigades, or holding other appointments under special regulations as to leave of absence, who will continue subject to such regulations.

VIII.—Officers who under Rule VII elect to come under them will count all previous leave as service for pension. The position of those who do not so elect will remain unchanged.

IX.—The Secretary of State in Council reserves the right of making any change in the foregoing regulations which circumstances may require.

2. Officers who do not elect for the above rules in the manner, and within the periods, laid down by Rule VII will have no further opportunity of election, but will remain under existing rules. It must also be clearly understood that no modifications of the existing Codes will be sanctioned, and that there is no middle course between abiding by them and acceptance of the new rules.

3. Military officers now in civil employ who may desire to retire direct from such employment will on such retirement be given the option of electing the new rules.

4. When it may be necessary to convert sterling rates of pay under these rules into rupee currency, or vice versa, the conversion will be made at the rate of exchange in force for the period when the pay became due, as fixed annually for the adjustment of financial transactions between the Indian and Imperial Governments.

5. The rules which govern the allowances of officers acting for absentees remain unchanged.

(Signed) O. R. NEWMARCH, Colonel,

Offy Secretary to the Govt. of India.

Decisions on the new Leave Rules for the Staff Corps published in clause 51, Indian Army Circulars, 1886.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 20th August 1886.

The following decisions in connection with the leave rules for the Staff Corps are published for information:—

1. Officers in civil employment, while they continue in such employment, are not affected by these rules; but if desirous of retiring on pension direct from such employment, they will, whether on duty or on furlough, be given the benefit of the rule which allows all previous leave to count as service for pension.

It is, however, to be clearly understood that no officer in civil employment will be allowed to place himself out of employment for the purpose of taking leave under these rules or for any purpose but immediate retirement.

2. There is no subsidiary leave under the new rules, and leave will commence from the date of an officer's being struck off duty, and he will be required to rejoin his appointment within the period of his leave.

3. The term "struck off duty" applies to the date of an officer's quitting his regiment or appointment, and not to the date of his embarkation.

Up to date of embarkation, and from date of return to India to date of rejoining his regiment or appointment, officers granted leave out of India under the new rules will receive Indian pay and half Staff salary.

4. The Indian Pension Regulations are unaffected by the new leave rules, except that all leave from date of commencement of service for pension will, under these rules, be allowed to count as service for pension.

5. Time passed at Addiscombe after the attainment of the age of 16 years will reckon as service for pension in calculating the rates of pay under Rule I of the new rules.

6. The periods of service for pension in Rule I of the leave rules will entitle an officer taking leave to the pay fixed for such periods of service without any limitation based on the rule* which prevents an officer from retiring on the pension fixed for a particular period of service, unless he has served half of that service in the Staff Corps.

* Army Regulations, India, Vol. I, Part I, Article 1613, clause (c).

7. Officers referred to in G.G.O. Nos. 209 of 1882, 192 of 1883, and 432 of 1884, who, on vacating their regimental commands or staff, departmental, and other appointments, may reside out of India until qualified for the highest pension or the Colonel's allowance, will, if they elect or come under the new leave rules, be allowed during such absence from India, the pay admissible under Rule I of those rules.

The limit of absence from duty imposed by the new leave rules will not be held applicable to these officers.

8. The provisions of the new rules with regard to duration of leave do not apply to probationers for the Staff Corps.

9. The limit of two years laid down for leave will not apply to time spent at the Staff College, which counts as duty.

10. Officers recalled from leave granted under the new leave rules will be given free passage to India, or not, according to the Transport regulation in force at the time.

11. Advances of pay to officers proceeding on and returning from leave out of India will be granted as heretofore.

(Signed) O. R. NEWMARCH, Major-General,
Secretary to the Government of India.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Leave Rules for the Indian Medical Service.

ISSUED AS A SPECIAL INDIA ARMY CIRCULAR ON THE 16TH APRIL 1886.

Clause 52.

In continuation of Special India Army Circular of this date the Governor-General in Council, under instructions from Her Majesty's Government, is pleased to notify that the rules therein laid down for the grant of leave to officers of the Indian Staff Corps, apply equally to officers of the Indian Medical Service in military employ, with the following modification in regard to the rates of pay whilst on leave out of India:—

	£
After arrival in India	200 a year.
After the commencement of the 5th year's service for pension	250 "
Ditto 10th ditto	300 "
Ditto 15th ditto	400 "
Ditto 20th ditto	450 "
Ditto 25th ditto	500 "

2. The rules will apply to all Medical Officers admitted to the service after the 30th June 1886, and to officers who may elect them under the provisions of Rule VII.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA, MILITARY DEPARTMENT, *Simla, the 8th June 1886.*

ORGANIZATION.

I.—Appointment to the administrative grade of a Medical Officer who is disqualified by age from serving the full term of five years.

Under instructions from Her Majesty's Government, the appointment to the administrative grade of a Medical Officer who entered the service prior to the 13th January 1860, and who is disqualified by age from serving the full term of five years, is limited to those officers who will be able to complete upwards of three years' service in that grade, and will then be sanctioned only on exceptional and special grounds, and exclusively in the interests of the public service.

(Signed) E. H. H. COLLEN, Lieut.-Colonel,

Offy. Secretary to the Government of India.

II.—Grant of four extra pensions of £100 per annum each to the senior officers of the Indian Medical Service.

With reference to Home Department Notification, No. 228, dated 4th June 1886, regarding the withdrawal of the rank and privileges of a Deputy Surgeon-General hitherto conferred on officers of the Indian Medical Service holding the appointments of Sanitary Commissioners, Her Majesty's Government have sanctioned, as a compensation to the Indian Medical Service, the annual grant of four extra pensions of £100 per annum each to the senior officers of the Department, in the proportion of two for the Bengal, and one each for the Madras and Bombay Services.

2. These extra pensions will be offered yearly in rotation to Surgeons-General, Deputy Surgeons-General, and to all Brigade-Surgeons; but under no circumstances will the extra pension be given to a Surgeon-General or Deputy Surgeon-General until he has completed three years' actual service in the grade, excluding all leave, except privilege leave, and then

"4. The retiring pensions will be:—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary	216	200
Assistant Commissary	141	140
Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	108	100
Conductor	90	85
Sub-Conductor	72	70

"5. A warrant officer of any grade, wishing to retire after 21 years' total service, will receive a pension of £54 per annum in England or the Colonies, or Rs. 50 per mensem in India.

"6. A warrant officer declared by a Medical Board to be unfit for further service in India after completion of half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, will receive:—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary	172	160
Assistant Commissary	115	110
Deputy Assistant Commissary	86	80
Conductor	72	68
Sub-Conductor.....	58	56

"If he has served less than half the prescribed periods, but more than 14 years altogether, he will receive:—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary	115	110
Assistant Commissary	86	80
Deputy Assistant Commissary	72	68
Conductor	58	56
Sub-Conductor.....	43	40

"If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

"7. A warrant officer, whose disqualification for further service in India has been caused by intemperance or irregular habits, will, if he has served half the periods of service, Army and Departmental, laid down in paragraph 3, receive:—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary	130	120
Assistant Commissary	86	85
Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	65	60
Conductor	51	50
Sub-Conductor.....	43	42

"If he has served less than half the prescribed periods but more than 14 years altogether he will receive:—

	England or the Colonies. Per annum. £	India. Per mensem. Rs.
Deputy Commissary	86	85
Assistant Commissary	65	60
Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	51	50
Conductor	43	42
Sub-Conductor.....	32	30

"If he has not served 14 years altogether, his case will be specially considered.

"8. Retirement will be compulsory at the age of 55 years; and all warrant officers of that age now in the service will be required to retire at the expiration of one year from the date of this order (G.O.G.G., 1st September 1881).

"9. All warrant officers at present on the establishment will be allowed the option of electing the old or the new scale of pension at any time previous to retirement.

"10. Pension according to the present scale and conditions is admissible to the widow of a warrant officer who may die, either while in the service or on the Pension establishment, provided, in the latter case, that she married the deceased warrant officer previous to his retiring from the army or being invalided.

REGULATIONS

OF

THE INDIAN SERVICE FAMILY PENSIONS,

ESTABLISHED FROM 1ST JANUARY 1873,

As promulgated in G.G.O. No. 560 of the 23rd May 1873, issued in modification of the terms of G.G.O. No. 1315 of the 28th December 1872.

Under the authority of Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India, the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council has great satisfaction in publishing to the Indian Army the following regulations which are designed to secure suitable provision for the widows and orphans of officers of the Indian Staff Corps, officers of the Indian Medical Department, and Chaplains on the Indian Establishment not being subscribers to the late Military and Medical Funds.

Such pensions and compassionate allowances as are, by Royal Warrant, granted to the widows and families of British Military Officers, are already granted from Indian revenues to the widows and families of Military Officers in the service of the Government of India, who are excluded from the advantages of the late Military and Medical Funds: and it is to be clearly understood that the Government of India does not intend by these present supplementary regulations to sanction any further expenditure for this object from the Indian revenues. On the other hand, the Government of India does not, of course, wish that the Indian revenues should in any way profit by these regulations.

The Secretary of State for India in Council has reserved to himself the absolute right to regulate from time to time the contributions to be required from officers, in accordance with these principles, under these regulations, and to make any alterations in the regulations themselves that may appear to him equitable; provided always that the scale of pensions fixed thereby shall not be reduced in the case of actual incumbents. The Secretary of State in Council will endeavour to adjust the contributions to be levied from officers exactly, so that they shall neither be too large nor too small to supply the pensions provided for by these regulations. But if it should appear on experience that they have been fixed too low, the Government will not require any supplementary retrospective payments; and if they are found to have been fixed too high, no claim to refund will be admitted.

No insurance fund is established by these regulations. The contributions will be credited and the pensions charged directly to the Indian revenues as military receipts and charges. But in order to adjust the rates of contribution from time to time to what is necessary to supply the pensions provided for by these regulations, and no more, a separate *pro forma* account will be kept of all contributions levied and all payments made under these regulations, and of the interest which would have been allowed upon such contributions if a mutual insurance fund had actually been established.

In accordance with the principle announced in this notification that the Government does not intend that the pensions provided by these regulations shall be any charge to the Indian revenues, the rates of interest and of exchange with England, to be allowed in this *pro forma* account, will be the rates which may be fixed from time to time by the Secretary of State in Council upon a consideration of the market rates of the day. For the present the rates to be used are 4½ per cent. interest, and 1s. 11d. per rupee exchange;* and the contributions now prescribed have been calculated at these rates.

All needful statistics of ages, births, deaths, and marriages will be carefully registered, and these statistics, with the *pro forma* accounts, will be submitted at such periods as may be determined by the Secretary of State in Council to such Actuary or Actuaries as he may select, with instructions to investigate and ascertain whether the rates of contribution are such as will, at the rate of interest and exchange then to be re-considered and re-fixed, supply the pensions payable under these regulations, and no more. The expense of such Actuarial inquiries and reports shall be debited in the *pro forma* accounts reported upon.

Upon the report of the Actuary or Actuaries, the Secretary of State in Council will order any necessary alterations in the rates of contribution.

The report of the Actuary or Actuaries, with the orders of the Secretary of State in Council thereupon, shall be published in the *Gazette of India*, and any alteration ordered in the rates of contribution will take effect from the beginning of the month following the date of such publication. No retrospective adjustments will be made.

The rates of contribution fixed for immediate adoption have been calculated by Major-General Hannington, and approved by Mr. Samuel Brown, F.S.S. The reports of these gentlemen, and the tables compiled by General Hannington, will be furnished to any officer who desires to see them. The regulations will come into operation from the 1st of January 1873.

* Altered to 1s. 8d.,—vide Government Notification, No. 3339 (Finance and Commerce), dated 30th September 1881.

Regulations for the provision of Pensions for the Widows and Orphans of Military, Medical and Ecclesiastical Officers in the Service of the Government of India.

1. Pensions will be provided under these regulations for the widows and orphans of the following officers on the Indian establishment, not being entitled to the benefits of any of the late Military and Medical Funds:—

Officers of the Staff Corps.

Officers of the Indian Medical Department.

Chaplains.

2. Any officer who has entered the service before the 1st of January 1873 may provide pensions for his family under these regulations, or not, at his option. (*See Appendix, Form A.*)*

3. Every officer who enters the service on and after the 1st January 1873 must, as a condition of his appointment, provide pensions for his family under these regulations.

4. Any officer with whom, by Regulation 2, it is optional to provide pensions for his family under these regulations, but who does not, before the 1st of July 1873, intimate his intention to make such provision, will thereafter be allowed to do so only on production of a medical certificate of sound bodily health. An officer who does not, before the 1st of July 1874, announce his intention to provide pensions for his family under these regulations, will not be allowed to do so, save under the special order of the Governor-General in Council.

5. For the purpose of these regulations, officers are classed as follows:—

Class I.—Lieutenant-Colonels in receipt of Colonel's allowances,—*vide* Army Circular, India, January 1881, Clause 34,—and Surgeons-General, Medical Department.

" II.—Lieutenant-Colonels (see Art. 9), Archdeacons, Deputy Surgeons-General, Medical Department, and Surgeons-Major of 20 years' service.

" III.—Majors, Senior Chaplains, and Surgeons-Major.

" IV.—Captains, Junior Chaplains, and Surgeons who have served the Government of India for more than six years.

" V.—Lieutenants and Surgeons who have served the Government of India for less than six years.

6. The pensions provided under these regulations are payable monthly in India, and quarterly in England, and to date of death.

7. The amounts of the pensions provided are as follow, in addition to any pensions or compassionate allowances granted under Royal Warrant (for which see page 34 of this supplement):—

TABLE I.

Pension to a widow during widowhood, according to the class of her husband at the time of his death.

	CLASS OF HUSBAND AT DEATH.				
	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
Amount of pensions to widow, per annum—					
In Europe	£ 160	£ 130	£ 100	£ 70	£ 40
In India	RS. 1,669	RS. 1,356	RS. 1,043	RS. 730	RS. 417

* Officers who elect to become subscribers must pay their subscriptions and donations from the date of the establishment of the Institution with interest.

TABLE II.

Pensions to the orphan children of all classes alike.

	From birth till age of 6 years.	From age of 6 till age of 12 years.	From age of 12 till age of 21 years.	To females only from age of 21 years, for life or till marriage.
Amount of pension to each orphan, per annum—	£	£	£	£
In Europe	10	20	30	45
In India	RS. 104	RS. 208	RS. 313	RS. 469

8. The pension of a minor orphan will be paid to his or her mother, or other duly appointed or recognised guardian.

Contributions.

9. The contributions for pensions under these regulations, and the pensions of widows, will be regulated by the class of the contributing officer. An officer cannot secure a higher pension for his widow by contributing as if he belonged to a higher class. As an exception to this rule, an officer, who has completed five years' service as a substantive Lieutenant-Colonel, has the option of subscribing in Class I,—*vide* Army Circular, India, January 1881, clause 34.

10. Contributions will be deducted by Paymasters or other disbursing officers from the Pay abstracts of officers contributing.

The circumstance that an officer is not in receipt of pay does not relieve him from the necessity of paying his contribution.—*Vide* Secretary of State's Despatch No. 5, (Financial) dated 3rd June 1880.

11. Donations may be paid in one sum, or in 12 equal monthly instalments. If a donation be paid in instalments, interest on the unpaid portion will be levied at the rate of 4½ per cent. per annum. The balance of any contribution due at an officer's death will be recovered rateably, without interest, from the pensions of his widow and orphans in 12 monthly instalments in India, or four quarterly instalments in England.

12. The following are the rates of donations and monthly contributions prescribed for the present:—

TABLE III.

Donations of Married Officers.

CLASS OF CONTRIBUTORS.	ON ENTERING THE SERVICE OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA MARRIED OR ON MARRIAGE OR RE-MARRIAGE.		ON PROMOTION TO A HIGHER CLASS.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
Class I	RS. 4,320*	£ 384	RS. 810	£ 72
" II	2,160	192	405	36
" III	1,080	96	270	24
" IV	540	48	135	12
" V	270	24	...	...

* NOTE.—The enhanced rates of donation and subscription and family contribution recoverable with effect from 1st October 1881.—*Vide* G.G.O., No. 545 of 7th October 1881.

Disparity of Age.

If the age of the husband exceed that of the wife by 12 years or more, then the marriage donation shall be regulated by the following table:—

TABLE IV.

Donation of an officer entering the service of the Government of India married or on marriage or re-marriage, when the age of the husband exceeds that of the wife by 12 years or more.

Age of Husband.	CLASS IV AND V.		CLASS III.	CLASS II.	CLASS I.						
	WIFE YOUNGER THAN HUSBAND BY										
	12 years and not more than 15 years.	More than 15 years.	12 years and not more than 15 years.	More than 15 years.	12 years and not more than 15 years.	More than 15 years and not more than 20 years.	More than 20 years.	12 years and not more than 15 years.	More than 15 years and not more than 20 years.	More than 20 years and not more than 25 years.	More than 25 years.
29	258										
30	305										
31	356										
32	411										
33	470	422*									
34	533	333†									
35	600	437									
36	671	543									
37	746	651									
38	825	761									
39	908	872	1143	1091							
40	995	986	1273	1253							
41	1086	1101	1409	1428							
42	1180	1218	1551	1601							
43	1279	1337	1698	1777	2110						
44	1382	1458	1850	1995	2305	2377					
45	1488	1589	2009	2136	2530	2691	2707				
46				2173	2320	2424	2984	3047			
47				2313	2507	3087	3256	3365			
48				2518	2696	3320	3508	3660			
49						3521	3737	3933			
50						3592	3947	4183	4499	4813	5100
51						3832	4135	4410	4559	4973	5300
52						3941	4302	4615	4639	5144	5513
53									4735	5324	5738
54									4850	5515	5976
55									4984	5715	6226
56									5136	5925	6489
57									5307	6146	6764
58									5495	6376	7052
59									5702	6616	7352
60									5928	6866	7665

The amounts in this Table have been increased 8 per cent. from 1st October 1881.

Example.—A Captain, aged 37, marries a lady aged 22: the difference of age is 15, and the marriage donation is Rs. 746 + 8 per cent.

A Colonel, aged 54, marries a lady aged 29: the difference of age is 25, and the marriage donation is Rs. 5,976 + 8 per cent.

* *Vide* M. D. No. 705B, dated 9th August 1881.

† The fine is less in this case, and in some other cases when the disparity of age is greater, owing to the increased probability of the second marriage of the wife.

TABLE V.

Donation payable by all classes alike, on the birth of a child, and on entering the service of the Government of India, for each child then living.

	In India.	Europe.
	RS.	£
For a son	168	15
For a daughter	270	24

Added to the rules by G.G.O. 728 of 19th July 1875.

* Extra donations for daughters according to their age at the date of their admission to the Fund, payable by officers exchanging into the Staff Corps from the British Army subsequent to the 1st January 1873:—

Between the ages of	Extra Donation.	Between the ages of	Extra Donation.
	RS.		RS.
1 and 2	50	7 and 8	117
2 " 3	75	8 " 9	119
3 " 4	92	9 " 10	119
4 " 5	104	10 " 11	120
5 " 6	112	11 " 12	120
6 " 7	115		

TABLE VI.

Monthly Contribution by every Officer according to his class.

CLASS OF CONTRIBUTION.	BY EACH MARRIED OFFICER.		BY EACH OFFICER WHO IS UNMARRIED OR A WIDOWER.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
	RS. A.	£ s.	RS. A.	£ s. d.
Class I	54 0	2 10	27 0	1 4 0
" II	43 8	2 0	17 4	0 15 4
" III	32 6	1 10	12 15	0 11 6
" IV	21 10	1 0	7 9	0 6 8
" V	10 13	0 10	4 5	0 3 10

TABLE VII.

Additional Monthly Contribution, payable by all classes alike, for each child living on the first day of the month.

	In India.	In Europe.
	RS. A. P.	£ s. d.
For a son until 21	1 1 0	0 2 0
For a daughter until marriage	2 11 0	0 5 6

Military Department, No. 188, dated 5th March 1874.

Subscription for sons must be continued till they attain the age of 21, and for daughters till marriage.

Added to the rules by G.G.O. 1001 of 1875, G.G.O. 53 of 1879, G.G.O. 138 of 1879.

N.B.—Native members of the Covenanted Medical Service are at present required to pay five per cent. more than the rates laid down in Tables III, IV, V, VI and VII. The percentage is chargeable on subscriptions as well as on donations.

All Native Covenanted Medical Officers are permitted to subscribe to the Fund.

Contributions which become due from subscribers when in Europe must be paid at the India Office in sterling. If a subscriber, previous to quitting India, has commenced the payment of any donation by instalments, he may either complete the payment of the donation in India before leaving, or pay the remaining instalments at the India Office at

* Under instructions from the Secretary of State for India, the rule laid down in G.G.O. No. 728 of 1875 is made applicable to all officers, Military, Medical and Ecclesiastical, who at the time of entering the service and becoming members of the Indian Service Family Pension Fund bring on to the same liabilities for daughters of ages exceeding one year.—*Vide* Army Circular, India, September 1880, clause 192, page 8.

English rates.—Secretary of State's (Financial) Despatch No. 3 of 10th March 1881. But an officer on half pay who continues to subscribe at Indian rates has the option of paying in India.

Arrears.

13. Interest at the rates of $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum will be charged on arrears. Donations will become due from the date on which the liability is incurred, *viz.*, on marriage, on promotion, or on the birth of a child; but interest will not be charged on sums paid within one month from the date on which they become due.

Reports of Marriages, Births and Deaths.

14. An officer who is married at the date of his admission into the service must report the fact of his marriage at the time, and the names and dates of birth of his children, if any have been born to him. An officer in the service must report his marriage, or the birth of a child born in wedlock, or the death of a wife or child, within one month of the occurrence, to the Controller of Military Accounts in the Presidency.* Forms for this purpose are given in the Appendix.

If the report of a marriage or of the birth of a child be not made within one month of the occurrence, the donation payable in each case will be increased $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and interest thereon charged from date of marriage or birth of the child. After six months' delay, donations will be increased 5 per cent., and interest charged in the usual manner.

Under the authority of the Secretary of State for India it is notified that in the event of the report of a marriage or of the birth of a child not being made by a subscriber during his lifetime, the widow or child will not be entitled to any benefits under these regulations.—*Vide* Army Circular, India, January 1880, clause 2, page 3.

15. The birth of every child born alive must be reported; but if a child die before it is 30 days old, no payment in respect to it will be required.

Posthumous Child.

16. A pension will be granted to a posthumous child on payment of the donation prescribed in Table V, which may be recovered by 12 monthly instalments in India, or four quarterly instalments in England. The report of the birth of a posthumous child must be made in Form D, the last sentence being omitted.

Commutation of Contributions.

17. An officer who desires to complete his payments during the term of his service in India, so as to be exempt from contributions after his retirement, will be permitted to do so at rates to be determined by the tables appended to General Hannington's report, dated London, 7th June 1870, or by any other tables that may be hereafter substituted by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

18. An officer may at any time commute his future payments into a single payment; the amount of such payment being regulated by the same tables.

Duration of Pensions.

19. If a widow re-marry, her pension will cease during coverture; but if she again become a widow, she will be entitled to revert to her pension as widow of her first husband, or, if her last husband have been a contributor, to receive a pension at her option as the widow of her last husband. A widow can only receive one pension.

20. The pension of a male orphan is payable until he attains the age of 21 years.

21. The mother or guardian of a male orphan who has completed the age of 16 may at any time thereafter (on application in Forms F to H annexed to these regulations) have the residue of his pension commuted into a single payment, for the due application of which the mother or guardian will be held responsible. The following table gives the commuted values of such pensions:—

TABLE VIII.

Showing the present value of the pension of a male orphan according to his age.

Years.	16	17	18	19	20
Months.	£	£	£	£	£
0	129	106	81	56	28
3	123	100	75	49	21
6	117	94	68	42	14
9	111	87	62	35	7

22. The pension of a female orphan continues until her marriage, and then ceases absolutely. It does not revive on widowhood.

* Or the Director of Funds, India Office, when an officer is in Europe.

Good Conduct.

23. The pensions provided under these regulations shall, in all cases, be held during good behaviour only, and will be withheld if any pensioner is found to be leading an immoral life, or on proof of any gross misconduct. The order of the Secretary of State for India in Council in any such case shall be final and conclusive.

Alienation of Pension.

24. A pension paid under these regulations may not be transferred or assigned, or in any way alienated, from the pensioner to whom or for whose benefit it is payable.

Passage Money.

25. An officer may, by a special contribution, provide passage money from India for his widow and orphans. The amount so secured will belong to the officer's estate, but will be primarily applicable to the provision of passage money and outfit for his widow and children. The amount secured must not exceed Rs. 1,500, and a health certificate must in every case be furnished by the subscriber. The value will be determined by the tables in Major-General Hannington's report.

The special contribution can be paid by monthly instalments not exceeding 24, the instalments in arrears bearing interest at $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum.—*Vide* General Hannington's Report, dated 7th June 1870, para. 26.

In the event of any officer dying before the completion of the Army Circular, India, the payment of the prescribed special contribution, the balance due at his death will be deducted from the sum insured.

Transfer to Her Majesty's Corps and Officers who resign.

26. Officers who may be transferred from the Indian Staff Corps to Her Majesty's line regiments will be entitled to receive back such portion of their contributions as may be in excess of the risk borne during their membership.

An officer who has exchanged from a Purchase Corps into the Staff Corps, and who may retire from the service by the sale of his commission before being entitled to Indian pension is not entitled to continue his subscription.

Contributions in excess of the risk borne during membership will, however, in such cases be returned.

An officer who voluntarily leaves the service without any pension severs his connection with the Indian Service Family Pensions.—*Vide* Military Department letter No. 317, dated 14th May 1873.

Half-pay.

27. Married officers placed on half-pay may receive back such portion of their contributions as is in excess of the risk borne during the term of their membership, or they may continue to subscribe at Indian rates* for full benefits, or at lower rates for reduced benefits. In the event of their return to full pay, they shall, in addition to the subscription of their rank, be required to pay such donation as the circumstances of the case may demand. Unmarried officers may continue to subscribe at the Europe rate of subscription, and will not be entitled to any refund in the event of their withdrawal.

Retired Officers.

28. Married officers who retire from the service on the pension of their rank may continue to subscribe in that rank at the Europe rate of subscription, or they may withdraw receiving back such portion of their contributions as is in excess of the risk borne during the term of their membership; but the usual subscription will be deducted from the pension of all such officers until they shall have intimated in writing their intention of withdrawing. Unmarried officers may continue their subscription on the same terms as married officers, but will not be entitled to retirement to any refund in the event of their withdrawal.

Dismissed Officers.

29. An officer who is dismissed the service by sentence of a court-martial, or by other competent authority, will cease, *ipso facto*, to be a contributor under these regulations, and will have no claim to any refund. His family will not be entitled to any pensions under these regulations.

Certificates.

30. Declarations as to continued widowhood and the survival of children must be furnished to the Accountant General, India Office, by whom pensions in Europe are paid under the authority of the Director of Funds.

APPENDIX.

Note.—In England all reports and applications for pensions must be made to the Director of Funds, India Office, London, S. W.

FORM (A) of a letter from an officer with whom it is optional under Regulation 2 to contribute under these regulations, announcing his intention to do so.

TO THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF

SIR,—I have the honour to announce my intention of contributing for pensions for my family under the regulations published with the Notification by the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 1315, dated 28th December 1872.

* Which can be paid in India.

I agree to be bound in every respect by the said regulations, and by any orders in modification thereof that may be hereafter passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

I was born on the 18
My wife was born on the 18
We were married on the 18

A certified copy of the register of our marriage is herewith transmitted.
The names and birthdays of my children are as follow:—

FORM (B) of a letter from an Officer reporting his having joined the service of the Government of India married. (See Regulation 14.)

TO THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF

SIR,—With reference to the Family Pension Regulations published with the Notification by the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 1315, dated 28th December 1872, I have the honour to report that I was admitted to the service of the Government of India married, on the 18

I was born on the 18
My wife was born on the 18
We were married on the 18

A certified copy of the register of our marriage is herewith submitted.
The names and birthdays of my children are as follow:—

FORM (C) of a letter reporting marriage. (See Regulation 14.)

TO THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF

SIR,—With reference to the Family Pension Regulations published with the Notification by the Government of India in the Military Department, No. 1315, dated 28th December 1872, I have the honour to report my marriage on the 18 to Miss

A certified copy of the register of our marriage is herewith transmitted.
I was born on the My wife was born on

FORM (D) of a letter reporting the birth of a child. (See Regulations 14 and 15.)

TO THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF

SIR,—I have the honour to report the birth to me of a male (female) child on the and I request that the name may be entered in the pension register kept under the regulations published with Notification by the Government of India, in the Military Department, No. 1315, dated 28th December 1872, and that the deductions thereby prescribed may be made from my pay.

FORM (E)—Report of death. (See Regulation 14.)

TO THE CONTROLLER OF MILITARY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF

SIR,—I have the honour to report the decease on the of my son (daughter) born on the (or of my wife) A death certificate is herewith transmitted.

FORM (F) of application for the commuted value of the pension of a male orphan over 16 years of age. (See Regulation 21.)

SIR,—I, A.B., being the mother (or guardian) of C.D., son of E.F., late a in the service of the Government of India, having now an opportunity of placing my son (or ward) in a suitable position, request that the commuted value of the remaining portion of his pension may be granted to me under my guarantee for its proper application to his use.

The age of my son (or ward) is now years months, and I submit herewith a certificate of his health.

FORM (G)—Medical Certificate to be furnished by mother or guardian applying for commutation of a male orphan's annuity. (See Regulation 21.)

We do hereby certify that we have carefully and personally examined into the state of the health of C.D., son of the late E.F., and that we consider him free from any disease likely to prevent his attaining the age of 21 years.

(Sd.) G.H., M.D.
(") J.A.,

FORM (H)—Mother or guardian's receipt for commuted value of a male orphan's annuity. (See Regulation 21.)

I, A.B., mother (or guardian) of C.D., son of the late E.F., do acknowledge to have received the sum of being the commuted value of the pension receivable by the said C.D., from till he attains the age of 21 years, and I hereby bind myself to account, if called on by the Secretary of State for India, for the due application of the said sum for the use and benefit of the said C.D.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE MADRAS ARMY.

There are in the Madras Presidency two Corps of European Cavalry, two Batteries of Royal Horse Artillery, ten Batteries Field Artillery, five Batteries of Garrison, one Skeleton Company of Royal Engineers, eleven Regiments of European Infantry, eight Companies of Sappers and Miners, four Regiments of Native Cavalry, and thirty-two Regiments of Native Infantry. There are also a Company of European Veterans of Artillery and one of Infantry, but these are rapidly dying out.

The above Force is distributed as below:—

HYDERABAD SUBSIDIARY FORCE.

Head-Quarters, Secunderabad.

TROOPS.

Secunderabad.

7th Hussars	8-1, C. P. Dn., U. O. from	3rd M. L. C.
H. B., R. H. A.	Mhow.	No. 6 Co., Sap. and Miners.
D-1, R. A., U. O. to Kaimpotee.	4-1, Welsh Divn., R. A.,	2nd M. I.
Q-1, R. A.	U. O. to Mhow.	8th M. I., U. O. to Rangoon.
M-2, R. A.	The Hamps. Regt., 1st Bn.,	16th M. I.
1-3, R. A., U. O. to St. Thomas' Mount.	Hamps. Regt., 2nd Bn., U. O. to England.	32nd M. I., U. O. to Upper Burma.

BANGALORE DIVISION.

Head-Quarters Bangalore.

TROOPS.

Bangalore.

21st Hussars, U. O. from	Bangalore Rif. Vols.	1st Madras Pioneers.
Eng.	Coorg Vol. Rifles.	13th M. I.
M-B, R. H. A.	Depot, 1st Madras Lancers.	25th M. I.
I-1, R. A.	Hd. Qrs., A and B. depot, and Nos. 1, 3, 4 & 5 Cos., Sappers and Miners.	Yercaud.
K. Coy., R. E.		Yercaud Vol. Rifles.
Oxfordshire, L. I., (2nd Bn.)		

BURMAH DIVISION.

Head-Quarters Rangoon.

TROOPS.

Rangoon.

4-1, La. Dn., R. A., U. O. from Upper Burma.	Wing, S. Wales Bords., 2nd Bn.
6-1, So. Dn., R. A., U. O. to Bombay.	26th M. I., U. O. to Secunderabad.
1st Bn., Cheshire Regt.	Moulmein.
Detachment, A Company Sappers and Miners.	Head Quarters & Wing, 30th M. I.
Wing, 7th M. I.	Port Blair.
29th M. I., U. O. to Thayetmyo.	Detachment, Cheshire Regt.
Thayetmyo.	Hd. Quarters and Wing, 7th M. I.
Q-1, E. N. Dn., R. A., U. O. from Delhi.	Bassein.
Hd. Qrs. and Wing, S. W. Bords., 2nd Bn.	Shreegheen.
7th Bom. Infy.	Detachment, 7th M. I.
	Detachment, 30 M. I., U. O. to Toungoo.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters Presidency.

TROOPS.

Cuttack.	Cocanada.	Perambore.
Wing, 5th M. I.	Godavari Rif. Vols.	Madras Railway Vols.
Berhampore.	Fort St. George.	St. Thomas' Mount.
Hd. Qrs. & Wing, 5th M. I.	4-1, N. I. D., R. A.	P-1, R. A., U. O. to Bangalore
Vizianagram.	Madras Arty. Vols.	Detachment, 3rd L. I.
Depot, 16th M. I.	Wing, 2nd Bat. Bedfordshire Regt., U. O. to Secunderabad.	Pallaceream.
28th M. I.		E. A. V. Company.
Vizagapatam.	Wing, D. of Corn. L. I., (1st Bn.), U. O. from Malta.	Fellore.
Euro. Infy. Vet. Compy.	Madras Vol. Guards.	Depots—10th 15th and 17th M. I.
Vizagapatam Rifle Vols.	Body Guard.	
Samulcottah.	3rd L. I.	
Detachment, 28th M. I.	9th M. I.	

NAGPORE FORCE.

Head-Quarters	Kamptee.
Troops.	
<i>Sumbulpoore.</i>	<i>Seetabuldee.</i>
Wing 24th M. I.	Detachment-Midd'x R.
	Hd. Qrs. and Wing, 23rd L. I.
	Depôt, 27th M. I.
<i>Kamptee.</i>	<i>Hoshungabad.</i>
U-1, R. A., U. O. to St. Thomas' Mount.	Wing, 23rd L. I.
Midd'x R., 2nd Bn.	
Depôt, Roy. Munst. Fus., 2nd Bn.	<i>Raipur.</i>
4th L. C., U. O. to Bellary.	Hd. Qrs. and Wing, 24th M. I.
30th M. I.	

CEDED DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters	Bellary.
Troops.	
<i>Bellary.</i>	
S-1, R. A.	Bellary Vol. Rifles.
G-2, R. A.	2nd Madras Lancers, <i>en route</i> to Kamptee
Bedf. R., 2nd Bn., Hd. Qrs. and Wing, U. O.	6th M. I., U. O. to Upper Burmah.
to Secunderabad.	Depôt, 13th M. I.
D. of Corn. L. I., (1st Bn.), U. O. from	Depôt, 14th M. I.
Malta.	

SOUTHERN DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters	Wellington.
Troops.	
<i>Wellington.</i>	<i>Mulliapogram.</i>
Roy. Fus., 2nd Bn.	Detachment, Roy. Fus., 2nd Bn.
<i>Trichinopoly.</i>	<i>Calicut.</i>
Head Qrs. and Wing, 4th M. I. (Pioneers).	Detachment, Roy. Fus., 2nd Bn.
Depôt, 21st M. I.	Malabar Vol. Rifles.
<i>Coimbatore.</i>	<i>Quilon.</i>
Coimbatore Vol. Corps.	22nd M. I.
<i>Ootacamund.</i>	<i>Trichoor.</i>
Nilgiri Vol. Rif.	Detachment, 22nd M. I.
<i>Cannanore.</i>	<i>Trevandrum.</i>
Det. Royal Fus., 2nd Bn.	Detachment, 22nd M. I.
11th M. I.	<i>Negapatam.</i>
	S. I. R. Vol. Rif. Corps.

BELGAUM DISTRICT.

Head-Quarters	Belgaum.
Troops.	
<i>Mangalore.</i>	
31st L. I.	Depôt, 1st Bn., Rifle Brigade.
	33rd M. I.
<i>Belgaum.</i>	<i>Kolhapur.</i>
R-1, R. A.	
Som. L. I., 2nd Bn.	

DETAIL OF TROOPS FROM MADRAS.

4-1, Lancashire Division, R. A., U. O. to	13th Madras Infantry.
Rangoon.	14th Madras Infantry, U. O. to Bellary.
7-1, Cinque Ports Division, R. A.	15th Madras Infantry.
2nd Battalion, Royal Munster Fusiliers.	16th Madras Infantry.
1st Battalion, Rifle Brigade.	17th Madras Infantry, U. O. to Trichinopoly.
1st Madras Lancers.	21st Madras Infantry, U. O. to Secunderabad.
Detachment A and No. 2 Companies,	27th Madras Infantry.
"Queen's Own" Sappers and Miners.	
10th Madras Infantry.	

TRANSPORT SERVICES.

A scheme of Transport service has been introduced into all India known as Colonel Low's Scheme. The principle observed is that of fixing certain large centres with depending stations. The depôts and stations in the Madras Presidency with the transport maintained is shown below:—

Transport Allotted.

Depôts.	Station dependent on the Depôt.	Elephants	Camels	Mules	Pack bullocks	Carts, transport	Carts, light	Coolies	Dons	Mauuds.
Secunderabad.	Secunderabad	20	80	225	300	60	20	..	..	6,157
	Bellary									
	Kamptee									
	Bangalore									
	French Rocks									
	Mercara									
Bangalore	Nilgries	14	40	150	250	80	10	..	..	
	Cannanore									
	Calicut									
	Malleapoorum									
	Mangalore									1,380
	Madras									
	St. Thomas' Mount									
	Pallaveram									
	Poonamallee									
	Vellore									
	Waltair									
Madras	Vizagapatam	5	..	61	..	90	10	..	..	
	Vizianagram									
	Berhampore									
	Sumbulpoore									
	Cuttack									1,380
	Trichinopoly									
	Quilon									
	Palamcottah									
	Rangoon									
	Thyetmyo									
Rangoon	Tonghoo				300	50	10	..	..	1,380
	Moulmem									
Total..		39	120	436	910	280	50	..	..	7,537

Ambulance Transport.

In addition to the General Transport Service an Ambulance Transport in connection with the Station hospitals has been framed for all India.

The details as affecting the Madras Presidency are as below:—

In Burma	1 Transport Sergeant.
	1 do. Gumastah.
	5 Sirdars.
	9 Mates.
	464 Bearers.
	10 Elephants.

1 Dooly and 1 Field Stretcher to each Battery of R. A. and each Company, R. E.
 1 do. 2 do. to each British Cavalry and Infantry Corps and 2 Field Stretchers.
 1 do. 1 do. to each Native do. do.
 1 Dandy and 1 do. to each Mountain Battery.

There will also be one Bearer column at Bangalore, one at Kamptee and 1 column at Madras, each column shall consist of 1 Sergeant, 1 Gumastah, 3 Sirdars, 6 Mates, 300 bearers, 36 Doolies, 18 Dandies, and 9 Ambulance carts.

The total of Ambulance for the Madras Presidency, including Burmah, is 31 Bearer columns consisting of in all 3 Sergeants, 4 Gumastahs, 12 Sirdars, 24 Mates, 1,214 Bearers and 10 Elephants, with 150 Dandies for Burmah and 170 Dandies for the Presidency.

REGULATIONS FOR THE COMMUTATION OF PENSIONS OF OFFICERS OF THE INDIAN SERVICE.

1. These regulations shall be applicable only to officers retired on or after the 1st July 1891.
2. An officer may be allowed to commute a portion, not exceeding one-third, of his pension, which commutation may take place on retirement, or at any time subsequent thereto.
3. An officer in Europe desirous of commuting, must make application, in writing, to the Under-Secretary of State for India, stating his desire so to commute, and furnishing information as to his age, rank, and the amount of his pension.
4. If the Secretary of State for India in Council shall approve the commutation, the officer will be so informed, and his application will be forwarded to the Standing Medical Board at the India Office.
5. The Board will require the officer to give such information as to his health and habits as is usual in the case of persons proposing to assure their lives in Assurance Companies, and he will be required to submit himself for personal examination by the Board at the India Office.
6. An Officer in India or in colonies desirous of commuting must address the authorities of his Presidency. In either case he will be required to go through similar forms. If he is residing in India, he may appear before a Medical board at any station in India that may be convenient, such board being assembled under the orders of the local Government, and presided over by the chief civil administrative medical officer of the province when practicable.

"If the officer is residing in the colonies, a special civil medical board will be assembled under the orders of the local Colonial Government, after commutation with the G. of I., Madras or Bombay."—I. A. C. Cl. 149 of Oct. 1885.

7. The basis of commutation, subject to an addition of years of age in the case of impaired lives, shall be the following table, the age of the officer being reckoned at the age he will attain on the birthday next succeeding the date upon which the capitalized sum will become payable:—

Age next birthday.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.	Age next birthday.	Number of years' purchase.	Present value of the annuity of £100.
21	15-00258	£ s. d. 1,500 5 2	51	11-21356	£ s. d. 1,121 7 1
22	14-96111	1,496 2 3	52	10-93145	1,098 2 11
23	14-92519	1,492 10 5	53	10-75133	1,075 2 8
24	14-88969	1,488 19 5	54	10-52560	1,052 11 3
25	14-85191	1,485 3 10	55	10-30351	1,030 7 0
26	14-80890	1,480 17 10	56	10-08303	1,008 7 3
27	14-74746	1,474 14 11	57	9-86670	986 13 5
28	14-67951	1,467 19 0	58	9-64896	964 17 11
29	14-60551	1,460 11 0	59	9-42649	942 13 0
30	14-52581	1,452 11 8	60	9-19800	919 16 0
31	14-44054	1,444 1 1	61	8-95666	895 13 4
32	14-35005	1,435 0 1	62	8-70132	870 2 8
33	14-25257	1,425 5 2	63	8-43435	843 8 8
34	14-14731	1,414 14 8	64	8-16571	816 11 5
35	14-03142	1,403 8 10	65	7-89583	789 11 8
36	13-91178	1,391 9 7	66	7-62437	762 8 9
37	13-79016	1,379 0 4	67	7-37082	737 1 8
38	13-66060	1,366 1 2	68	7-11891	711 17 8
39	13-52738	1,352 14 9	69	6-86850	686 17 0
40	13-38854	1,338 17 1	70	6-62170	662 3 5
41	13-24313	1,324 6 3	71	6-38068	638 1 4
42	13-08568	1,308 11 4	72	6-14438	614 8 11
43	12-92050	1,292 1 0	73	5-90561	590 11 3
44	12-74483	1,274 9 8	74	5-65540	565 10 10
45	12-55834	1,255 16 8	75	5-39538	539 10 9
46	12-36096	1,236 1 11	76	5-12566	512 11 4
47	12-14690	1,214 13 10	77	4-81532	481 10 8
48	11-92339	1,192 6 9	78	4-50565	450 11 3
49	11-69128	1,169 2 7	79	4-20762	420 15 3
50	11-45362	1,145 7 3	80	3-91477	391 9 6

8. The commutation having been sanctioned, the applicant will be informed, and will have the option of withdrawing his application within 30 days after receiving notice.

MILITARY.] MEDICAL DISTRICTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.

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9. If the applicant shall not withdraw his application within that period, the decision will be considered final, and the commutation of pension will take place absolutely.

10. In every case the capitalized sum will be payable in India, the sterling amount being converted at the official rate of exchange for the year in which the payment is made.

11. In the case of an officer in Europe, the capitalized sum will be payable at the expiration of two months, and in the case of an officer in India, at the expiration of one month from the date of the commutation being sanctioned. In each case the officer's pension will be issued in full up to the date of payment unless any delay has been caused by the officer's own fault or that of his agents.

12. In any case in which a pensioner shall accept public employment involving the withholding of pension, a deduction will be made from the salary payable to him equal to the amount which would have been abated from the pension if it had not been commuted; and, in the event of his becoming entitled to a pension in respect of such employment, the amount of such pension granted to him shall not exceed the amount which he might have received had his pension not been so commuted.

13. In every case of the capitalized sum being paid in India, the Controller of Military Accounts will report to the Government of India, Madras, or Bombay, as the case may be, the date on which payment is made.

MEDICAL DISTRICTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.

NOTIFICATION.—Public Dept., dated 4th June 1867.—Consequent upon recent changes in the Medical Department, and the abolition of the appointment of Garrison Surgeon at the Presidency, the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be the limits of the several Medical Districts at the Presidency; and that the dependent duties of the District Surgeons shall henceforward be as herein detailed:—

1ST DISTRICT.

D. R. THOMPSON, Esq., M.D., C.I.E., Surgeon-Major.

Limits.

All places lying north of the General Hospital, and of the northern Esplanade, and situated within Municipal limits, are included in this District.

Dependent duties on District Surgeons.

Surgeon to the Native Infirmary, Leper Hospital and Black Town Dispensary; in Medical charge of the Debtors' Jail and Foundling Hospital.

2ND DISTRICT.

L. HACKETT, Esq., Surgeon-Major.

All places within Municipal limits, lying north of the Poonamallee Road, and west of Cochrane's Canal are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Hospital for Women and Children and in Medical charge of the Establishments of the Gun Powder and Gun Carriage Factories, and Military Female Orphan Asylum.

3RD DISTRICT.

S. B. HUNT, Esq., Surgeon-Major.

All places within Municipal limits, and lying between the Poonamallee & Mount Roads, are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Penitentiary and Civil Orphan Asylums and Body Guard.

4TH DISTRICT.

H. J. HAZLETT, Esq., Surgeon-Major.

All places within Municipal limits, south of the Mount Road, and between the Mount Road and the Sea.

Surgeon to Triplicane Dispensary and the Club.

G. SIBTHORPE, F.R.C.S., Surgeon-Major (on other duty).

H. ALLISON, Esq., M.D., Surgeon-Major, Acting.

Fort Saint George Fort Surgeon, with Port and Marine duties and Health Officer for the Port of Madras.

Lunatic Asylum.—Surgeon H. ANMSRONG, Superintendent.

MEDICAL STAFF.

RANK AND NAMES.	DATE OF ARMY RANK.	DATE OF ARRIVAL IN INDIA.	REMARKS.
SURGEON GENERAL			
<i>Ranking with Major General.</i>			
*John Irvine, M.D., Q.H.P.	1 June 1883	16 Mar. 1885	Surg. Genl. H. M.'s Forces, Madras.
DEPUTY SURGEONS GENERAL			
<i>Ranking with Colonels.</i>			
*T. Tarrant, M.D.	1 June 83	6 Nov. 83	Bangalore Dn. and Ceded and Belgaum Dist
*S. B. Ree, M.D., C.B.	25 July 85	29 Dec. 85	H. M.'s Forces, Eastern District.
BRIGADE SURGEONS.			
<i>Ranking with Lieutenant Colonels.</i>			
<i>from the second date opposite each officer's name.</i>			
F. Ferguson, M.D.	{ 15 June 85 14 Apl. 83 }	5 Jany. 87	Senior Medical Officer of the Central Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
SURGEONS MAJOR			
<i>Ranking with Lieut.-Colonels from the second date opposite each officer's name.</i>			
LS. Alfred Lewer	{ 21 Jan. 74 1 Dec. 78 }	7 Nov. 1884	Senior Medical Officer of the South Station Hospital, Bangalore.
F. Dick, M.D.	{ 23 Apl. 76 30 Sep. 83 }	1 Apl. 83	General duty, Hyderabad Subsidiary Force—U. O. to England.
HS. { *F. Howard, M.D. }	{ 23 Apr. 76 30 Mar. 83 }	30 Oct. 85	Senior Medical Officer of the South Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
LS. A. Minto, M.D.	{ 23 Apr. 76 31 Mar. 84 }	12 Mar. 85	Senior Medl. Officer, Station Hospital Poona-malee.
W. Keir, M.D.	{ 30 Sep. 76 20 Sep. 84 }	23 Mar. 84	Senior Medical Officer of the Station Hospital, Wellington.
J. B. Kelly	{ 30 Sep. 76 30 Sep. 84 }		Burmah Field Force.
G. B. Mount, M.D.	{ 2 Oct. 77 2 Oct. 85 }	20 Oct. 86	Senior Medical Officer of the Station Hospital, Belgaum.
*H. W. A. Mackinnon, D. S. O.	{ 2 Oct. 77 2 Oct. 85 }	12 Mar. 85	Senior Medical Officer of the Station Hospital Madras.
George John Gibson, M.D.	{ 2 Oct. 78 2 Oct. 86 }	31 Mar. 83	Senior Medical Officer Station Hospital, Kante.
N. B. Major	{ 2 Oct. 78 2 Oct. 86 }	22 Dec. 86	Senior Medl. Officer Station Hospital Cannanore.
LS. *D. C. W. Heather	{ 1 Oct. 79 1 Oct. 87 }	23 Mar. 84	England (M. C.) 182 days, from 12th Nov. 1887.

† Dates of promotion to be Surgeons Major.
Ranking with Major.

RANK AND NAMES.	DATE OF ARMY RANK.	DATE OF ARRIVAL IN INDIA.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR.—(Continued).			
<i>Ranking with Majors.</i>			
<i>N. B.—The dates stated are those of their Commission as Surgeon Major.</i>			
LS. *J. Fraser, M.D.	31 Mar. 1880	2 April 1884	Senior Medical Officer North Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
A. H. L'Estrange	31 Mar.	13 Mar. 86	England (P. A.) 6 months.
LS. *William John Sinclair Campbell	31 Mar.	8 Feb. 84	Senior Medl. Officer North Station Hospital, Bangalore.
R. D. Bennet	1 Oct.	26 Jan. 84	General duty Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
R. W. O'Donnell	30 Mar.	19 Dec. 85	Australia (M. C.) 182 days, from 17th August 1887.
W. H. Briggs	15 June 85	13 Dec. 86	On the Personal Staff of the Right Hon. the Govr.
G. B. Hickson	31 Mar.	20 Oct. 86	Senior Medl. Officer of the Station Hospital, Tonghoo.
*John Martin	31 Mar.	29 Jan. 86	Senior Medl. Officer of the Station Hospital, Saint Thomas' Mount.
J. A. Gormley	31 Mar.		England pending embarkation.
G. D. Bourke	30 Sep.	2 Feb. 87	Senior Medical Officer of the Station Hospital, Thayetmyo.
C. H. Swayne	18 Oct.	12 Apr. 86	D. d. Upper Burmah.
SURGEONS			
<i>Ranking with Captains.</i>			
C. K. Powell, M.D.	5 Aug 1877	11 Apr. 1886	Doing duty Station Hospital Bangalore.
LS. James Anderson, M.B.	3 Feb. 78	29 Oct. 84	D. d. Station Hospital Wellington.
J. I. Routh	3 do	9 Nov. 85	Medical charge, Station Hospital, Calicut.
H. J. McLaughlin, M.B.	3 do	12 Apr. 86	General duty, Eastern District.
*C. Quarry	3 Feb. 78	22 Mar. 87	D. d. Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
LS. W. L. Lane, M.B.	4 Aug. 80	12 Apr. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Belgaum.
HS. H. E. B. Flanagan	6 Mar. 80	11 Apr. 86	D. d. Station Hospital Bangalore.
LS. A. Asbury	6 Mar. 80	23 Mar. 87	D. d. Station Hospital, Belgaum.
S. A. Crick, M.B.	5 Feb. 81	12 Apr. 86	General duty Burmah Division.
T. B. A. Tuckey	5 do	19 Apr. 86	General duty Rangoon.
LS. J. Osburne	5 do	29 Jan. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
LS. R. J. Fayle	4 Feb. 82	18 Jan. 84	
LS. P. J. Nealon, M.D.	4 do	2 Nov. 83	D. d. Station Hospital, Wellington.
LS. F. H. M. Burton, M.B.	24 do	22 Oct. 83	General duty Bangalore Division, Belgaum and Ceded Districts.
LS. J. D. T. Reckitt	29 July 83	6 Nov. 83	D. d. Station Hospital, Bellary.
LS. T. A. P. Marsh	29 do	16 Jan. 84	General duty Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
LS. R. Kirkpatrick, M.B.	29 do	26 Jan. 84	D. d. out-post Upper Burmah.
A. A. Pechell, M.B.	9 do	17 Jan. 84	D. d. Station Hospital, Bangalore.
T. R. Morse	3 Feb. 83	7 Nov. 84	General duty Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
LS. J. Riordan, M.B.	4 Aug. 83	10 Oct. 84	D. d. Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
LS. A. E. Tate	4 do	11 Oct. 84	D. d. out-post Upper Burmah.
LS. R. J. Geddes, M.B.	2 Feb. 84	13 Jan. 85	D. d. Field Hospital, Mandalay.
LS. W. B. Day, M.D.	30 May 85	7 Oct. 85	D. d. Upper Burmah.
LS. D. R. Hamilton, M.B.	30 do	7 Oct. 85	Burmah Field Force.
W. H. Bean	30 do	19 Dec. 85	Burmah Field Force.
M. L. Hearn	30 do	18 Oct. 85	D. d. Station Hospital, Secunderabad.
LS. S. L. Deeble	30 do	18 Oct. 85	England (M. C.) till 18th Jany. 1888.
W. H. Bennett, M.B.	30 do	9 Feb. 86	D. d. Station Hospital Thayetmyo.
S. C. Philson	30 do	4 Mar. 86	Burmah Field Force.
LS. F. W. H. D. Harris	30 do	14 Feb. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Bangalore.
P. C. H. Gordon	1 Aug. 29	Mar. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Rangoon.
LS. H. G. Hathaway	1 do	19 Dec. 85	General duty Eastern District
A. L. H. Dixon	1 do	1 Mar. 86	Eng. (M. C.) 182 days, from 20th May 1887.—Exten. till 19th March 1888.
P. J. R. Nunnerly	1 do	14 Feb. 86	D. d. Station Hospital Poona-malee.
B. A. Maturin	1 do	25 Jan. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Kante.
H. V. Dillon	1 do	13 Mar. 86	General duty Burmah Division.
M. J. Sexton, M.D.	1 do	14 Feb. 86	In Medical charge, Station Hospital, Mallapuram.
J. F. Burke	1 do	19 Apr. 86	D. d. Station Hospital Secunderabad.
F. T. Skerrett	30 Jan. 86	2 Nov. 86	D. d. Station Hospital, Tonghoo.
H. M. Adamson	30 do	3 Feb. 87	D. d. do Bellary.
LS. J. Rose	30 do	6 Oct. 86	Eng. (M. C.) 182 days, from 13th April 1887.—Exten. till 12th Jany. 1888.
H. H. Brown, M.B.	30 do	18 Nov. 86	Neigherries on Medical Certificate for 122 days, from 17th August 1887.
T. H. Corkery	30 do	2 Nov. 86	D. d. Station Hospital

Names.	Dates of			Station.	Remarks.
	Army Rank.	Arrival in India—present tour.	Arrival at present Station.		

INSPECTING VETERINARY SURGEON.

Ranking with Lieut.-Colonels but Junior of that rank except for choice of Quarters.

Shaw, Fred. George.. 28 Feb. 78 Ootacamund. Appointed 1st Mar. 86.

1st CLASS VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Ranking with Major (from the 2nd date opposite their names in column Army Rank) but junior of that rank except for choice of quarters.

LS. Adams, W. S. { 21 Apr. 77 } 26 Mar. 67 5 June '79 Oosoor... Remount Depot
21 Apr. 87

Ranking with Captains.

Durrant, George.....	2 Dec. 80	7 Nov. 84	1 Mar. 87	Bangalore.....	Station Hospital.
*Gillard, Chas. Whitney..	15 Feb. 83			Kamptee.....	Station Hospital, (not joined.)
LS.*Symonds, T. Jonathan	22 Mar. 83	19 Dec. 79	21 Feb. 87	St. Thomas' Mount.	Station Hospital.
(6)					
LS. Powell, B. A. W.....	1 Apr. 83	29 Mar. 82	26 Jan. 87	Bangalore.....	Station Hospital U. O to England.
LS. Davis, Geo. Fred	9 Feb. 86	20 Oct. 84	10 Mar. 87	Secunderabad.....	Station Hospital.

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

Ranking with Lieutenants.

LS.*Fenton, G. H.....	5 Oct. 78	21 Nov. 79		Bellary.....	Station Hospital.
Waddell, Alex. Henry.....	12 Sep. 83	14 Jan. 84		St. Thomas' Mount.	Station Hospital.
LS. Hazelton, Edwin Hills	12 Sep. 83	23 Mar. 84		Secunderabad	Station Hospital.
HS. Evans, G. H.....	27 Aug. 84	31 Mar. 85		Bangalore.....	Station Hospital.
Butler, Ernest R. C	27 Aug. 84	31 Mar. 85			Upper Burma F. F.
LS. Lawson, Edmund					
James.....	20 May	30 Oct. 85			do
LS. Wilkinson, Harry.....	20 do	30 Oct. 85		Belgaum.....	Station Hospital.
Taylor, Edward.....	4 Feb. 85	16 Nov. 87	24 Nov. 87	Secunderabad.....	Station Hospital.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

STAFF.

JOHN. IRVINE, M.D., Q.H.P.—Surgeon General H. M.'s Forces, Madras—Appointed 20th March 1885.

Secretary and Statistical Officer to the Surgeon General.

Surgeon Major William Edward Johnson, M. D., I. M. D.—Appointed 2nd Oct. 1885.

Deputy Surgeons General (6).

2 British—4 Indian.

T. Tarrant, M. D., Medical Staff 1 June 83—Bangalore Dn. Ceded and Belgaum Dists.
John McNeale Donnelly, M.D., I. M. D. 5 Apr. 85—Burmah Division.
John Henderson, M.D., I.M.D..... 16 May 85—Hyd. Subsidiary Force & Hyd. Contgt.
William Farquhar, M.D., I. M. D..... 1 July 85—Southern District.
Samuel Black-Roe, M.B., Medical Staff..... 29 Dec. 85—Eastern District.
W. F. deFabeck, M.D., I.M.D..... 28 Mar. 86—Nagpore Force and Central India Regts.

Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.

Surgeon D. S. E. Bain..... 30 Oct. 1885.

Fort Surgeon.

Brigade Surgeon Charles Sibthorpe, I.M.D., 16th August 1883, Fort St. George—(On other duty).
Surgeon Major H. Allison, I.M.D., Offg.

Standing Medical Committee.

The MILITARY STANDING MEDICAL COMMITTEE at the PRESIDENCY is under the control of the SURGEON GENERAL, H. M.'s FORCES, and meets for the purpose of examining Military Officers and Subordinates applying for leave on Medical Certificate for compensation for Wounds, final Examination for Wound Pension, &c.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

Deputy Surgeon General..... S. B. Roe.

MEMBERS—All Executive Medical Officers in Military Employ at the Presidency.

The Committee meet at the Board Room in the Office of the Surgeon General.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

GEORGE BIDIE, M.B., C.I.E.—Surgeon General with the Government of Madras.

Secretary to the Surgeon General.

Surgeon CROASDAILE MILLER THOMPSON, M.B..... 16th Aug. 1885.

Principal Medical Storekeeper.

Brigade Surgeon R. E. Pearse..... 27th Dec. 1881. Eur. (M. C.)

Surgeon H. St. C. Carruthers..... Acting.

Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.

Medical Staff at the Presidency.

RANK AND NAMES.	DATE OF APPOINTMENT.	REMARKS.
Brigade Surgeon C. Sibthorpe.....	16 Aug. 1883	Fort Surgeon, Fort St. George, with Port and Marine duties—Ag. Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.
do. A. Porter, M.D.....	4 Jan. 87	Physician, General Hospital.
do. S. B. Hunt.....	19 Dec. 76	Surgeon, 3rd District, including "Body Guard"
do. W. S. Fox.....	13 Dec. 84	Examiner Medical and Fund Accounts, Madras.
Surgeon Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.....	1 Mar. 75	Ophthalmic Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.
do. A. L. Hackett.....	29 Sep. 85	Surgeon, 2nd District.
do. H. J. Hazlett.....	.....	Surgeon, 4th District Madras.
do. D. R. Thompson, M.D., C.L.E.....	1 Mar. 75	Surg., 1st District & Medl. Insp. of Emigrants.
do. J. J. L. Ratton, M.D.....	3 Feb. 85	Surgeon of the General Hospital.—Eur. (M. C.)
do. J. A. Laing, M.D.....	15 Feb. 78	Offg. Sanitary Commr. <i>Sub pro tem.</i>
do. A. M. Branfoot, M.D.....	1 July 81	Supdt. of the Lying-in-Hospital.
do. C. J. McNally, M.D.....	5 July 84	Chemical Examiner.—Eur. (P. A.)
do. W. E. Johnson.....	2 Oct. 85	Secy. to Surg. Genl. H. M's. Forces.
do. H. Allison, M.D.....	31 Mar. 85	Assistant Physician, General Hospital.—Ag. Port Surgeon, &c.
Surgeon J. Maitland, M.D.....	23 Feb. 82	2d Surgeon of the Genl. Hospital.—Eur. (M.C.)
do. D. F. Dymott, M.D.....	24 Feb. 85	Resident Surgeon, General Hospital (on other duty.)
do. H. A. F. Nailer.....	.....	Acting do.
do. H. Armstrong.....	18 Nov. 85	Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
do. J. L. VanGeyzel, M.D.....	1 July 87	Offg. Chemical Examiner, Madras.
do. F. C. Smith.....	.....	Ag. 2nd Surg. General Hospital.
do. J. Smyth.....	.....	Resdt. Surg., Genl. Hospital <i>Sub pro tem.</i>

Medical College.

COLLEGE COUNCIL.

Brigade Surgeon A. PORTER, M.D.—Principal.

Brigade Surgeon C. SIBTHORPE	PROFESSOR	Surgeon Major C. J. McNally, M.D.—Eur. (P.A.)
Surg. Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.	PROFESSOR	do. H. Allison, M.D.
do. J. J. L. RATTON, M.D.—Eur. (M. C.)	PROFESSOR	Surgeon J. MAITLAND, M.D.—Eur. (M. C.)
do. A. M. BRANFOOT, M.D.	PROFESSOR	do. D. F. DYMOTT, M.D.

DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUCTION

PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE.....	Brig. Surg. A. PORTER, M.D.....	4 Jan. 1887
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY AND CLINICAL SURGERY.....	Surg. Major J. J. L. RATTON, M.D.—Eur. (M. C.)	3 Feb. 85
PROFESSOR OF MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACY.....	Surgeon J. MAITLAND, M.D.—Eur. (M.C.)	1 Apr. 82
PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFERY.....	Surgeon F. C. Smith, Ag.....	9 Sep. 87
PROF. OF OPHTHALMIC SURGERY AND PHYSIOLOGY.....	Surg. Maj. A. M. BRANFOOT, M.D.	1 July 81
PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.....	Surgeon Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.	1 Mar. 75
PROFESSOR OF MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.....	Surgeon Major C. J. McNally, M.D.—	11 Jan. 87
PROFESSOR OF ANATOMY.....	Surgeon J. L. VANGEYZEL, M.D. Offg.....	1 July 87
PROFESSOR OF BOTANY.....	Surgeon Major H. J. Hazlett (Offg.)	16 Aug. 83
PROFESSOR OF PATHOLOGY.....	Surgeon Major H. ALLISON, M.D.	31 Mar. 85
PROFESSOR OF HYGIENE.....	Surg. D. F. DYMOTT, M.D., (on other duty.)	24 Feb. 85
ASST. TO THE PROF. OF BOTANY & MATERIA MEDICA.....	Surgeon J. SMYTH, M.D. Acting.....	15 Nov. 87
DEMONSTRATOR OF ANATOMY AND CURATOR OF THE MUSEUM.....	Surg. Maj. H. ALLISON, M.D., (on other duty.)	15 Nov. 87
ASSISTANT TO THE PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.....	Surgeon H. K. FULLER, M.D., Acting.....	15 Nov. 87
ASSISTANT TO THE PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE.....	2nd grade Apoth. R. HOLLINGSWORTH.....	7 May 84
1st grade Asst. Apoth. D. ROBERTSON.....	.....	24 July 85
1st grade Asst. Apothecary V. J. STAGGS.....	.....	1 Apr. 84
Hony. Surgeon W. KARNEY.....	.....	28 Feb. 68

The CIVIL STANDING MEDICAL COMMITTEE at the PRESIDENCY is under the control of the SURGEON GENERAL with the Government of Madras, for the purpose of examining Civil Officers and others applying for leave on Medical Certificate and Candidates for admission to the Service as Uncovenanted Medical Officers or for duty on Ship board, and for performing such other duties as may be confided to it by the SURGEON-GENERAL.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

The Surgeon General, in his absence.

The Senior Civil Medical Officer at the Presidency.

Members of the Committee available two at a time.

Brig. Surg. C. SIBTHORPE.	Surg. Maj. H. J. HAZLETT.	Surgeon H. A. F. NAILER, M.D.
Do. A. PORTER, M.D.	Do. D. R. THOMPSON, M.D., C.L.E.	Do. F. C. SMITH
Do. S. B. HUNT.	Do. A. M. BRANFOOT, M.D.	Do. J. L. VANGEYZEL, M.D.
Surg. Maj. E. F. DRAKE-BROCKMAN.	Do. H. ALLISON, M.D.	Do. J. SMYTH, M.D.
Do. A. L. HACKETT.	Surgeon H. ARMSTRONG.	

General's Office, Fort St. George, every

Season of Appt.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Furl's Regis.	REMARKS.
SURGEON GENERAL 1.				
Ranking with Major General.				
h. 1856	*George Bidie, M.D., C.L.E.	9 Oct. 86	...	Surgeon Genl. with the Govt. of Madras.
DEPUTY SURGEONS GENERAL 4.				
Ranking with Colonels.				
h. 1856	John McNeale Donnelly, M.D. C.L.E.	5 Apr. 85	68	Burmah Divn.
h. 1856	*John Henderson, M.D.	16 May 63	68	Hyd. Subsidiary Force and Hyd. Contgt.
h. 1853	William Farquhar, M. D.	1 July 68	68	Southern District.
1857	*W. F. deFabeck, M.D.	23 Mar. 86	86	Nagpore Force & Central India Regiments.

BRIGADE SURGEONS 11.

Ranking with Lieutenant-Colonels.

h. 1853	James McDonald Houston, M.D.	16 May 85	68	Physician to His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.
"	Wm. Howland Roberts, M. D.	1 July 85	SC	Eur. (M. C.) 182 days from 20th Oct. 1887.
h. 1859	*Robert Edmund Pearse	21 July 85	68	Principal Medical Storekeeper.—Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 30th May 1887.
h. "	George Dalziel Riddell.	20 Oct. 85	68	Burmah Field Force.
h. "	Benjamin Thomas Suffrein	31 Dec. 85	68	2nd Madras Lancers.—Senior Medical Officer, Native General Hospital, Rangoon.
h. "	Joseph Francis Barter	26 Mar. 86	54	Civil Surgeon, Nagpur.
h. "	Hugh Griffith	28 Mar. 86	68	Civil Surgeon, Rangoon.
LS. 1870	*Charles Sibthorpe	17 May 86	68	Fort Surg., Fort St. George, with Port & Marine duties—Medl. Inspector of Seamen at Madras, Profr. of Anatomy in the Medl. College—Ag. Surg., Genl. Hospital & Profr. of Surgery, Medical College.
LS. t. 65	Alex. Porter, M. D.	19 May 86	68	Principal and Professor of Medicine, Medical College and Physician, General Hospital.
LS. t. "	Samuel Bradshaw Hunt	26 Aug. 86	68	Surgeon 3rd District, including "Body Guard."
LS: 1865	William Smyth Fox	4 Jan. 87	68	Examiner Medical and Fund Accounts, Madras.
LS. "	David John M'Carthy, M. D.	1 Aug. 87	SC	"Q. O." Sappers and Miners.

SURGEONS MAJOR.

Ranking with Lieutenant-Colonels.

*T.L.S. 65	James Byers Thomas	2 Oct. 77	68	District and Sanitary Officer, Kistna.
L.S. H.S. in T. }	Lewis Charles Nannoy	31 Mar. 78	68	Civil Surgeon, Trichinopoly.

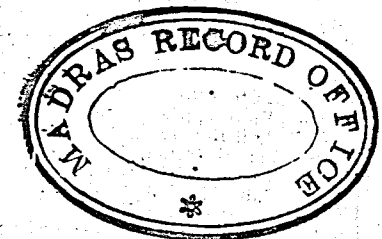
Season of Appointment	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Furlo' Regis.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR—continued.				
LS. 66	*Charles Edwin McVittie	31 Mar.	78	S.C. 3rd Cavalry H. C.—India (M.C.) 182 days.
LS. "	Daniel Frederick Bateman	29 July	78 63	3rd L. C., Secunderabad.
LS. t "	Edward Forster Drake-Brockman,	1 Oct.	78 63	Ophthalmic Surgeon, General Hospital and Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery & Physiology.
LS. "	*James Forbes Sargent	1 do	S.C.	2nd Cavalry, H. C.
LS. "	*Henry Hyde	1 do	63	Civil Surg. and Supt. of Jail, Tinnevely.
LS. C. 67	Terence Joseph McGann	1 April	79 54	Senior Surgeon, and Sanitary Commr. with the Govt. of Mysore, Bangalore.
HS. t "	James Hutton Ritchie, M.D.	1 do	63	Zillah Surg. and Supt. of Jail, Tanjore.
LS. t "	James Smith	1 do	63	Zillah Surgeon (Sub pro tem) and Ag. Supt. Central Jail, Coimbatore.—Hony. Surgeon Coimbatore Volunteer Rifles.
LS. te "	Arthur Luke Hackett	1 do	63	Surgeon 2nd District, Health Officer and Supt. Lock Hospital, Madras.
HS. "	Henry James Hazlett	1 do	63	Surgeon, 4th District Madras. and Profr. Medl. Jurisp. Medl. College.
LS. t "	Daniel Robert Thompson, M.D., C.I.E.	1 do	54	Surgeon 1st Dist., and Medl. Insp. of Emigrants.
LS. "	Rob. Vincent Power, M.D.	1 do	S.C.	12th M. I.—Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 5th April 88.—Exten. 8 months, G. O. G. 271, 523 and 636 of 1887.
LS. t 67	*James Joseph Louis Ratton, M.D.	30 Sep.	63	Surgeon of the General Hospital and Professor of Surgery, &c., Medical College.—Eur. (M.C.) 1 year, from 26th July 1886—Exten. 6 months, G. O. G. 382 of 1887.
Ranking with Majors.				
LS. 1863	Patrick Richard Martin, M.D.	1 Apr. 1880	63	14th M. I.—Eur (M. C.) 1 year from 23rd Sept. 1887.
LS. "	*Joseph Patrick McDermott, M.D.	1 do	S.C.	15th M. I.—Burmah Field Force.
HS. "	Preo Nath Mookerjee	1 do	S.C.	32nd M. I.—Secunderabad.
LS. te "	John Francis Fitzpatrick, M.D.	1 do	63	Medl. Offr. Coonoor with charge of Kotagiri.
LS. te "	*Henry Mervy Gray Archdall	1 do	63	
LS. "	Frederick Henry Blenkinsop	1 Oct.	63	25th M. I.—Bangalore.
HS. "	William Price, M.D.	1 Apr.	63	Zillah Surgeon and Supdt. of the Jail, Nellore.
LS. "	William Hope Bealch	1 do	63	2nd M. I., Saugor.—D.d. Native General Hospital, Rangoon.
LS. "	Joseph Backhouse	1 do	63	26th M. I., Toungoo.
LS. "	David Sinclair, M.D.	1 Oct.	63	Insp. Genl. of Prisons, Sanitary Commr. and Chief of the Civil Medl. Dept., British Burmah.
LS. "	*John North	1 do	S.C.	1st Madras Lancers—Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 23rd March 1887.
LS. "	Edward Fawcett	1 do	S.C.	1st M. I., (Pioneers).—Bangalore.
LS. "	Thos. Charles Howell Spencer	1 do	S.C.	Eur. (M. C.) 182 days from 20th April 87.—Exten. 122 days, G. O. G. 515 of 1887.
LS. "	Henry George Hall	1 do	63	31st M. I., Burmah Field Force.
LS. 1870	James Anderson Laing, M.D.	1 Apr.	63	Inspector of Vaccination and Offg. Sanitary Commr.—Sub pro tem.
LS. te "	Henry David Cook, M. N.	1 do	63	Civil Surgeon, Calicut.—Hony. Surgeon, Malabar Volunteer Rifles.

Season of Appt.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Fur. Reg.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR—concluded.				
Ranking with Majors.				
LS. 1872	Arthur Mudge Branfoot, M.B.	30 Mar. 1884	63	Supt. Lying-in Hospital and Profr. of Midwifery, Medl. Col.—Medl. Officer, Madras Volunteer Guards.
*H*P	Christopher John McNally, M.D.	30 do	75	Chemical Exmr., Profr. of Chem. and Medical Jurisprudence, Medical College.—Eur. (P.A.) 1 year from 26th May 1887.
LS. t "	William Edward Johnson, M.D.	30 do	63	Secy. and Statl. Officer to the Surg. Genl. H. M. Forces.
LS. "	*Stanley Locker Dobie	30 do	S.C.	4th (P. W. O.) L. C., Kamptee.
LS. "	George Frederick Bevan	30 do	63	In Medical charge of the duties detailed in P.M.G., No. 3269, of 16th Sept. 1884.
HS can }	Andrew Francis Dobson, M.B.	30 do	63	Residency Surgeon, Bangalore
LS. "	Charles Little, M.D.	30 do	63	Sanitary Comsr. Insp. Genl. of Dispensaries & Supt. of Vacen. in the Hyd. Assigned Dist.
HS "	Thomas Mayne	30 do	S.C.	24th M. I. Raipur.
LS. "	Edward Levinge	1 Oct.	63	Burmah Field Force.
LS. te "	Augustus Napoleon Rogers-Harrison	1 do	63	Civil Surgeon, Salem.
LS. te "	*Lionel Beech	1 do	63	Civil Surgeon, Cocanada, Hony. Surgn., Godavari Rit Vols
LS. m "	H. Plunkett Esmonde-White	1 do	63	Residency Surgeon, Travancore.
LS. 1873	William Richard Browne, M.D.	1 Apr.	85	Medl. Officer Ootacamund and in Medl. charge Army Head Quarters, Staff & Establishment 29th M. I. Rangoon.
LS. t "	Mark Robinson	1 do	63	Zillah Surgeon, and Supt. of Jail Cuddalore.—Medical Officer S. I. R. V. R. Corps.
LS. "	Arthur Henry Leapingwell	1 do	63	Asst. Physician, Genl. Hopl. and Profr. of Hygiene, Med. College.—Ag. Fort Surgeon and Professor of Anatomy, Medical College.
LS. "	Hazlett Allison, M.D.	30 Sep.	63	Dist. Medl. and Santy. Officer, Anantapur.
LS. t "	Thos. James Hackett Wilkins	30 do	63	Chemical Examiner to the Mysore Govt., Civil Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Mysore.
LS. 1874	Percy Hugh Benson, M.B.	31 Mar	86	District Surgeon, Vellore.
LS. t "	John Lancaster, M.B.	31 do	63	Civil Surgeon, Kurnool.
LS. t "	Walter Gawen King, M.B.	31 do	63	Civil Surgeon, Bellary.
LS. te "	William O'Hara	30 Sep.	75	Civil Surgeon, Amrathi.—Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 3rd May 1886.
LS. "	Thos. Hume, M.B.	30 do		
*H	George Tucker Thomas	31 Mar.	87	Civil Surgeon, Moulmein.
*T				
*P				
LS. "	*Arthur James Sturmer	31 do	63	Civil Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Vizagapatam,
LS. "	*Archibald Adams, M.D.	31 do	75	Medical Officer Western Rajputana States.
LS. "	Edward Ferrand	30 Sep.	S.C.	6th M. I.—d. d. Burmah Field Force.
LS. "	Francis Hookins Pedroza	30 do	63	16th M. I.—Eur. (M. C.) 182 days.
SURGEONS.				
Ranking with Captains.				
HS. t 76	John Maitland, M.B.	31 Mar. 1876	75	2nd Surgeon General Hospital and Professor of Pharmacy and Materia Medica.—Eur (M.C.) 1 year from 22nd October 1886—Six months extn., M. C.
LS. "	George Lemon Walker, M.D.	31 do	75	Civil Surg., Chittoor, and Ag. Civil Surgeon Madura.
LS. "	*Joseph Hunter, M.B.	31 do	75	5th M. I.
LS. "	Charles Lethbridge Swaine, M.B.	31 do	75	2nd Infantry H. C.
LS. "	Maurice Henry Smith	31 do	75	3rd L. I.—Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 1st Sep. 87.
LS. }	William Alexander Lee	30 Sep.	75	Civil Surg. & Supt. Jail, Mangalore.
LS. "	Montague Stokes Eyre, M.B.	30 do	S.C.	28th M. I., Vizianagram.

Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Fur. Regls.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS.				
<i>Ranking with Captains.</i>				
HS. 77	Henry Augustus Fitzroy Nailer, M.B.	31 Mar. 1877	75	Civil Surgeon, Chingleput.—Ag. Professor of Pathology Medical College & Resdt. Surgn., Genl. Hospital, <i>Sub pro tem</i> .
LS. "	*Donald Elcum	31 do	75	Zillah Surg. and Supt. of Jail, Berhampore.— <i>d. d. Burmah Field Force.</i>
HS. in T. "	Nityananda Chatterjee	31 do	75	13th M. I.— <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	Charles Henry Bennett, M.D.	1 Oct.	S.C.	20th M. I., Kamptee.
LS. t "	*William Henry Thornhill, M.D.	1 do	S.C.	27th M. I.— <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
HS. "	*Maneckjee Eduljee Reporter	1 do	75	11th M. I.—Offg. 10th M. I.— <i>B. F. F.</i>
LS. in P. "	*Thomas Henry Pope, M.B.	30 Mar.	78	75 Civil Surgeon, Negapatam.— <i>Eur. (M. C.) 1 year</i>
HS. in T. "	Robert Pemberton	30 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Chittoor, (<i>Sub pro tem</i>)
LS. "	Damodar Purshotum Warliker	30 do	75	33rd M. I.— <i>d. d. Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	*James Joseph Moran, M.D.	30 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Akola.
HS. "	Ferdinand Clarence Smith	30 do	75	Civil Surgeon, & Supt. of Jail, Madura.—Ag. 2nd Surgeon, Gen. Hospital, and Professor of Pharmacy and Materia Medica Medical College.
*T	William Adair Quayle, M.D.	30 do	75	Civil Surg. Damoh.— <i>Eur. (M. C.) 1 year, from 15th Oct. 87.</i>
HS. "	*Henry Armstrong	30 do	75	Supt., Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
LS. "	Clement Mallins, M.B.	30 Sep.	S.C.	1st Cav. H. C.
LS. "	Edulji Maneekji Damla	30 do	75	6th Infantry H. C.
LS. "	*Herbert St. Clare Carruthers	30 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Tellicherry.—Ag. Pl. Medl. Storekeeper.
LS. t 1879	William Frederick Thomas	31 Mar.	79	75 17th M. I., <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
HS. "	*Henry Geo. Luther Wortabet, M.B.	31 do	S.C.	3rd Infantry, H. C. do. (<i>P. A.</i>) 6 months.
LS. "	Edulji Palanji Frenchman	31 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Thayetmyo, Burmah.— <i>Furlo.</i>
LS. "	Richard James, M.B.	31 do	S.C.	5th Infantry H. C.— <i>Eur. (P. A.) 1 year, from 27th March 1886.</i>
HS. "	*Sarkies Carrapiet Sarkies	31 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Cannanore.
HS. in M. "	David Stuart Erskine Bain	31 do	75	Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.
LS. "	James Cort Marsden	31 Oct.	75	Civil Surgeon, Coorg. [Mint.]
LS. m. "	*Francis Casement Reeves	31 do	S.C.	10th M. I., Offg. Dy. Assy. Magstr., Calcutta
LS. "	John Leopold Poynder	31 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Sumbulpore, and Offg. Medical charge Wing 24th M. I.
LS. "	*John Hees	31 do	75	22nd M. I.
LS. 1880	Donald Frederick Dymott, M.B.	31 Mar.	80	75 Resident Surgeon, Genl. Hospital and Professor of Pathology, Medical College.—Offg. Ins. Vacn. and Dy. Sany. Comr. (<i>Sub pro tem</i>)
LS. "	Rustom Hormosji Cama	31 do	S.C.	9th M. I., Madras.
LS. m. "	Winthrop Benjamin Browning	31 do	75	31st L. I., Mangalore.
LS. t "	Cecil Henderson	31 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Hoshungabad.
LS. "	Framji Ruttonji Divecha	31 do	S.C.	8th M. I., Secunderabad.
LS. "	Crossdale Miller Thompson, M.B.	31 do	75	Secy. to the Surgn., Genl. with Govt.
LS. "	Cubitt Tindall Rundle, M.B.	31 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Henzada, British Burmah.
LS. "	James William Evans	31 do	75	4th Pioneers, Trichinopoly.
LS. 1880	John Lawrence Van Geyzel, M.B.	2 Oct.	75	Offg. Chemical Examiner, Madras, and Prof. of Chemistry, Medl. College.
LS. "	Hastings Norman Victor Harrington.	2 Oct.	75	Medl. Officer, Deoli Irregular Force and Medl. charge Haraoiti & Tonk Pol. Agency
LS. "	Gerard Macklin Eccles McKee	2 do	75	23rd L. I.— <i>Eur. (P. A.) 1 year, from 6th Sept. 1887.</i>
LS. "	Kavasji Cursetji Sanjana	2 do	75	30th M. I., Moulmein.
LS. "	Hormasji Merwanji Hakim	2 do	75	19th M. I. <i>d. d.</i> , <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	John Adolphus Burton	2 do	S.C.	7th M. I., Port Blair
LS. "	Francis Joseph Doyle	2 do	75	1st Infy., H. C.
HS. "	Manekshaw Jamshedji Kelawala.	2 do	75	<i>Burmah Field Force</i>

(a) Passed L. S. Burmese.

Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Fur. Regls.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS—concluded.				
<i>Ranking with Captains.</i>				
HS 1880	Mervanji Pestanji Kharegat	2 Oct. 1880	75	Offg. 22nd M. I., Quilon.
HS. in P. "	Arthur George Ed. Newland.	2 April	81	S.C. <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
*H 1881	Arthur Theophilus Lodge	2 do	75	do.
LS. "	Patch, M.B.	2 do	75	do.
HP. in T. "	Ronald Ross	2 do	S.C.	Offg. 3rd L. I., Madras.
LS. "	Charles Adams, M.B.	2 do	S.C.	Offg. 2nd M. I. Secunderabad.
LS. "	Edward Ronald DaCosta	2 do	75	Offg. 23rd L. I. Seetabuldi.
LS. "	Jamshedji Khurshedjikanga	2 do	75	India (P. A.) 180 days, from 2nd August 1887.
LS. in P. "	Alfred James O'Hara	2 do	75	<i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	Robert Bradley Roe	1 Oct.	75	Civil Surgeon, Yeotmal.
LS. "	*John Smyth, M.D.	1 do	75	Ag. Resident Gen. Hospl. (<i>Sub pro tem</i>) and Professor of Pathology Medical College.
HS. in T. "	Hugh Greany, M.D.	1 do	75	Civil Surgeon, Chudderghaut.
LS. "	Edward Pettingall Youngerman, M.B.	1 do	S.C.	Offg. 2nd Madras Lancers, Bellary.
LS. "	James Kernan	1 do	75	Offg. 19th M. I. Secunderabad.
HS. in T. "	Edwin William Reilly	1 April	82	75 3rd Cavalry H. C.
LS. 1882	James Scott, M.B.	1 do	S.C.	4th Infy. H. C.— <i>Eur. (M. C.) 1 year from 15th Nov. 1887.</i>
HS. "	Robert Evans Stuart Davis, M.B.	30 Sep.	75	<i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
HS. in T. "	Herbert Knowles Fuller, M.B.	30 do	75	Actg. Professor of Hygiene
LS. "	William Henry Neilson, M.B.	30 do	75	Medical Officer, Erinpurah Irregular Force.
HS. 1883	Arthur Owen Evans	31 Mar.	83	75 <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	William Burney Bannerman, M.B.	29 Sep.	75	do.
LS. "	Henry Thomson, M.B.	29 do	75	Medical Officer Nayar Brigade.
1886	Gilbert Capel Hall	30 Sep.	86	S.C. <i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
LS. "	Richard Henderson Castor	30 do	S.C.	Offg. 6th M. I., Bellary.
LS. "	Frederick George Maidment	30 do	S.C.	<i>Burmah Field Force.</i>
"	Mario Joseph Toby Joinville	30 do	S.C.	do.
"	Blancard	30 do	S.C.	d. d. Eastern District.
1887	Ignatius Purcell Doyle	30 do	S.C.	d. d. Eastern District.
"	William George McEvoy	31 Mar.	87	S.C. d. d. Eastern District.
"	Frederick James Crawford, M.D.	31 do	S.C.	d. d. Eastern District.
"	David Simpson	31 do	S.C.	d. d. Nagpore Force.
"	Robert Robertson	31 do	S.C.	d. d. Bangalore Division.
"	Thomas Charles Moore	31 do	S.C.	d. d. Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
"	Arthur Howard Jacob	31 do	S.C.	d. d. Eastern District.
"	William Henry Karney	1 do	S.C.	d. d. Burmah Division.



VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

1st Comn.	NAMES.	Date of Commission.	Corps or Stations and Departments	Fur. Regls.	REMARKS.
Feb. 57	Frederick George Shaw	28 Feb. 1878		63	
INSPECTING VETERINARY SURGEON.					
<i>Ranking with Lieut.-Colonels but junior of that rank except for choice of Quarters.</i>					

LIST SHOWING THE NAMES OF NATIVE AND ASSISTANT-SURGEONS IN
THE SERVICE OF GOVERNMENT THROUGHOUT THE MADRAS
PRESIDENCY.

Rank.	Name.	Date of Rank.	Attached to
Native Surgeon (Hony. Surg.)	Moodeen Sheriff Khan Bahadur	5 May 1885	Triplicane Dispensary.
Native Surgeon	Madras Iyasawmy Pillay	Do	Zillah Surg., Cuddapah.
Do	Yeesudyan Anthony Pillay	Do	Asst. to the Dist. Surg., Vellore.
Asst. Surgeon	M. Parasurama Naicken	12 Apr. 1871	Ag. Dist. Surg., Chingleput.
Do	Peter Muneswami	30 Aug. 1878	Asst. to the Dist. Surg., Trichy.
Do	Thummon, Singh, M.D.	19 Apr. 1882	Do Salem.
Do	Vitthalu V. Patanker	1 Oct. 1882	Do Tanjore.
Do	Emmund Lerede Chalk	20 Feb. 1883	Do Bellary.
Do	Henry Foster Staunton, M.B.	11 May 1883	Ag. Civil Surg., Guntur.
Do	Charles Arthur Lafrenais	11 May 1883	Asst. to the Dist. Surg., Malabar.
Do	SeBastian Patrao	31 Aug. 1883	Do Tinnevely.
Do	Avid Norouha	31 Aug. 1883	Do South Canara
Do	Codonda Ponapa Ganapati	10 Oct. 1883	Do Cuddapah.
Do	Alfred John Hesterlow	18 Sept. 1884	Do Ganjam.
Do	Nuthed Mohamad Oosman Sahib	Do	Do Kurnool.
Do	J. Hadden	Do	Do Godavari.
Do	S. Manikkam	Do	Do Coimbatore.
Do	A. P. Fernandes	Do	Do Madura.
Do	M. Sabapathi Kandayya Pillay	27 Jan. 1885	Do Anantapur.
Do	Cornelius Theodore Saldanha	27 May 1885	Do Cuddalore.
Do	M. Ailsworth, M.B.	27 May 1886	Do Nellore.
Do	C. Moonesawmy Moodelly	23 Nov. 1886	Do Dist. Surg., Kistna.
Do	J. Lycklander	11 Jan. 1897	Do Dist. Surg., Vizagapatam.

GOVERNMENT LYING-IN HOSPITAL.

Pantheon Road, Egmore—Opened 26th July, 1811.

Surgeon-Major A. M. Branfoot, M.B., Superintendent.

Mr. S. E. Falconer, L.R.C.P. & S.E., L.M.

Dub., &c., 2nd Grade Apothecary—Resident Apoth.

Mr. D. Norwoode, L.M. & S., Civil Apothecary—Junior Apoth.

K. Jagannickaloo Raju, 1st Class Hospital Assistant.

Miss J. Dennehy, Matron.

Mrs. M. J. Bullock, Assistant Matron.

G. Ramaswamy Doss, Steward and Writer.

Europeans, Indo-Britons and Native Women of all castes are admitted into Hospital and dieted during their stay at the Institution. Native women while awaiting confinement receive a money allowance of two annas per diem, in lieu of diet.

Scale of Charges sanctioned for Civil patients who may avail themselves of the benefit of this Institution.

With salaries or means under 25 Rupees per mensem—Free.

	Per diem.		Per diem.
With from 25 to 49 Rs. per mensem	0 4 0	With from 200 to 299 Rs. per mensem	2 0 0
Do. 50 to 99 "	0 8 0	Do. 300 to 499 "	3 0 0
Do. 100 to 149 "	0 12 0	Do. 500 and upwards	5 0 0
Do. 150 to 199 "	1 0 0		

Warrant Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers not performing Regimental duty are charged Civil rates for their wives and families.—G. O. C., 26th September 1870, No. 1224

Except in the case of the families of Government servants, ten days' payment to be made in advance on admission, and repeated every tenth day.

Out-patients are seen every morning between 7 and 9 o'clock at the Egmore Dispensary.

There is no establishment at this Institution for procuring Wet Nurses. When assistance is required in procuring Amahs, a sum of 2 rupees should be sent with the application to cover cost of cooly and carriage hire.

A class, consisting of a limited number of European and East Indian female pupils for instruction in practical Midwifery, exists at this Institution by permission of Government, European and East Indian Candidates are required to pass through a course of training in Sick Nursing at other Hospitals previous to entry at this Institution. At the end of six months, they will be examined when qualified, receive a Nurse Certificate.

The Midwifery pupils are resident in Hospital and are allowed to remain under instruction for a period not exceeding nine months, when, if found by examination competent to practice as Midwives, they are presented with a Diploma.

Pupils receive an allowance of 15 Rupees per mensem as ration money for a period of 6 months only in the Sick Nurse Class, and for 6 months only in the Midwifery Class.

Candidates should furnish, with a written application for admission as a pupil, testimonials of character, and state her age, condition, residence, previous experience in nursing, &c., and whether European or East Indian.

A class also exists for training Native pupils in Midwifery. Women of the Barber caste are preferred.

Rules for the entertainment and instruction of Midwifery Pupils at the Lying-in Hospital.

The following regulations will apply whenever candidates may be admitted, under special circumstances, to the class of Midwifery Pupils at the Lying-in Hospital, who have not passed through a preliminary course of training and passed the prescribed examination for Sick Nurses:—

I. The period of residence in hospital shall not be less than 12 months or more than 15 months. If a pupil be unable to qualify both as a Sick Nurse and as a Midwife at the end of that time, she will be liable to dismissal as incompetent to qualify. The first six months of residence will, as a rule, be devoted by pupils to the study and practice of Sick Nursing, and the remainder of the time to the study and practice of Midwifery.

II. Candidates should, if married or widows, be not less than 20 or more than 35 years of age, and if single, not under 25 years of age.

III. Candidates must apply for admission to the Superintendent of the Lying-in Hospital on Wednesdays or Fridays, or by letter, and information must be given on the following points:—

Condition.—Whether married, widowed, or single.

Age, &c.—Date of Birth, where born, and present address.

Race.—Whether European, Eurasian, or Native.

State of health.—Age of youngest child, if any.

IV. European and Eurasian Candidates must possess the following qualifications:—

a. Ability to read fluently and explain the meaning of a passage of not less than twenty lines in any standard work.

b. Ability to write to dictation a passage of not less than fifteen lines from any standard work.

c. Ability to converse freely and describe any common object or occurrence.

d. Testimonials of moral character and respectability.

V. The names of candidates who pass a fair examination and are otherwise eligible, will be recorded in a register at the Lying-in Hospital, from which selections will be made, for entertainment as pupils, from time to time, as vacancies occur.

More than three errors will be held to disqualify a candidate for three months, but at the end of that time she may again be examined.

VI. The examination of candidates at Madras will be conducted at the Lying-in Hospital, and up-country by the Senior Medical Officer of the Station. In the latter case the dictation paper, with report on the other subjects of examination, on her appearance and intelligence, and on the probability of her being able to qualify as a Midwife, will be sent to the Superintendent of the Lying-in Hospital for registration.

VII. A Candidate cannot be entertained as a Midwifery pupil while pregnant or suckling, but her name may be registered for admission to the class at a future time. No child is permitted to reside in the quarters of the Midwifery Pupils.

VIII. The Pupils will reside in the hospital compound, and will occupy furnished quarters.

IX. The entire control of the Pupils is vested in the Superintendent. Disobedience of orders, or of the rules of the institution, and misconduct of any kind will be punished according to the gravity of the offence by extra duty, suspension, or dismissal.

X. When it appears to the Superintendent that a Pupil after a fair trial is not likely to qualify as an efficient Midwife, she will be allowed the option of resigning.

(Signed) A. M. BRANFOT, M.B., Superintendent, Lying-in Hospital.

List of Midwives residing at MADRAS who have received Certificates of Qualification at the Government Lying-in Hospital.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. J. Duffus.....	East Indian	New Town, Centre Street.
" J. A. James.....	do.	Black Town.
" A. Colkers.....	do.	Do. Jones' Street.
" E. Lackey (a).....	do.	New Town.
" M. A. Hosie.....	do.	Royapuram.
" Louisa Sewell.....	do.	Chintadripettah, Barracks Road.
" A. M. McClean.....	do.	Vepery, Maddox Street.
" S. J. Shaw.....	do.	Stringer's Road, New Town.
" A. Sterling.....	do.	Park Town.
" M. L. Boffin.....	do.	Vepery, High Road.
" A. Hosie (b).....	do.	Royapuram.
" L. Silva (c).....	do.	Matron, Station Hospital, Madras.
" E. Robertson.....	do.	Park Town, Church Street.
" S. Allan.....	do.	Park Town, Colunday Street.
" J. G. Secluna.....	do.	Black Town, Popham's Broadway.
" J. M. Ford.....	do.	Black Town.
" C. Pope.....	do.	Perambore.
" E. Defontaine (e).....	do.	At Mrs. Hennans, Women & Children's Hospital.
" A. Vaughan.....	do.	Park Town.
" M. Tripp.....	do.	Vepery.
Thoyee.....	Native	Teynampett.
Mrs. G. Dixon.....	East Indian	Park Town.
" L. A. Yettie.....	do.	Park Town, School Street.
" E. Smith.....	do.	Pursewaukum, High Road.
" E. Judge (f).....	do.	Vepery, Maddox Street.
" E. Shandley.....	do.	New Town, 1st Street.
" M. A. Harris.....	do.	Sailor's Home, Black Town.
" A. Woodcock.....	do.	Black Town.
Roshun Bee.....	Mahomedan	Triplacane.
Chelvum.....	Native	Mackay's Gardens.
Mrs. C. P. Drake.....	East Indian	Pursewaukum, Curriappa Moodely Street.
" Robeiro.....	do.	Black Town.
" Croom (g).....	do.	Maddox Street, Vepery.
" E. Bussel.....	European	Black Town.
" M. Morrison.....	East Indian	Royapuram, Lying-in Hospital.
" M. Antonio.....	do.	Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
" L. Stracey (h).....	do.	Chintadripettah, Tannah Street.
" Hereford.....	do.	Black Town.
" C. Casburn.....	do.	Chintadripettah, River Road.
" C. A. Hodges.....	do.	Black Town.
" J. D. Rozario.....	do.	Black Town, Fowl Monger's Street, No. 71.
Ammoye.....	Native	Do. Barber's Street.
Miss Blackwell.....	European	Condy Chetty Street Black Town.
" J. Denuihy.....	do.	Matron, Lying-in Hospital.
Mrs. L. D'Senna.....	East Indian	Black Town, Fowl Monger's Street.
" M. A. Morrison.....	European	Ordnance Lines.
" M. A. Girling.....	do.	No. 9, Condy Chetty Street, Black Town.
" E. Nurse.....	East Indian	Chintadripettah, Tannah Street.
" Bruckhurst.....	do.	Moorgappa Moodelly Street, Pursewaukum.
Soomallie.....	Native	Pursewaukum.
Mrs. E. Kelly.....	European	Matron, Royapuram Lying-in Hospital.
" A. O'Neill.....	East Indian	Kutcherry Road, Mylapore.
" R. Jourdan.....	European	Nungumbaukum.
" M. Michael.....	East Indian	Poodoopett.
" S. Pope.....	do.	Chepauk.
Cunnee.....	Native	Royapett.
Parvathee.....	do.	Nursingapuram.
Thoyee.....	do.	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. E. Grainger (i).....	East Indian	Vepery High Road.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Yore; (b) Formerly Mrs. Thompson; (c) Formerly Mrs. Gibbons; (d) Formerly Mrs. Lupprian; (e) Formerly Mrs. Freeman; (f) Formerly Miss Sands; (g) Formerly Mrs. Jeremiah; (h) Formerly Mrs. Atkinson; (i) Formerly Mrs. Chapman.

† Possesses a Certificate of Qualification as a Sick Nurse.

List of Midwives residing at MADRAS who have received Certificates of Qualification at the Government Lying-in Hospital.—Concluded.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Tholsee.....	Native	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. L. E. Watkins.....	East Indian	Black Town.
" M. A. Martinson.....	do.	Condy Chetty Street, Black Town.
" E. Holmes.....	do.	Asst. Matron, Lunatic Asylum.
" A. Chapman.....	European	Royapuram.
" E. Brown (a).....	East Indian	Chintadripettah.
" A. Westropp.....	European	Tannah Street, Pursewaukum.
" C. M. Burghall.....	East Indian	Triplacane High Road.
" E. Crooks.....	do.	Fort Saint George.
Dhanacoty.....	Native Christian.	Black Town.
Mrs. A. Webbe.....	East Indian	Park Town.
" E. Simpson.....	do.	Pudupett.
" C. Webbe.....	European	Matron, Gosha Hospital, Nungumbakum.
" C. Cusack.....	East Indian	Vepery High Road.
" E. Stutz.....	do.	Pursewaukum.
" A. B. Gaynor (b).....	do.	New Town, 1st Street.
Miss E. Binny.....	do.	Maclean's Street, Black Town.
Mrs. M. Sheridan.....	European	Condy Chetty Street Black Town.
" C. E. Lange.....	East Indian	Vepery High Road.
Allamoloo.....	Pariah	Pursewaukum.
Mrs. A. Wright.....	East Indian	New Town, 1st Street.
" E. Gibbs.....	do.	Black Town.
" A. Rodgers.....	European	Royapuram.
" S. Grierson.....	East Indian	Maddox Street, Vepery.
" A. Stout (c).....	do.	Chintadripet.
" M. Will.....	do.	New Town.
Thanamony.....	Native Christian	Calicut Civil Dispensary.
Mrs. H. Dean.....	East Indian	New Town.
" H. Gillespie.....	European	Chintadripettah.
" G. Pereira.....	East Indian	Black Town.
" S. E. Elliott.....	do.	Vepery.
" J. Stutters.....	do.	Black Town.
" E. Bowden.....	do.	Kutcherry Road, Mylapore.
" C. Spencer.....	do.	Ordnance Lines, Black Town.
" M. Bates.....	do.	Joseph Street, Black Town.
" T. Halge.....	do.	New Town.
Therumoolanah.....	Hindu	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. E. Fellows.....	East Indian	Lunatic Asylum.
" A. Atkinson.....	do.	No. 3, Jones' Street, Black Town.
" M. Carr.....	do.	Fort St. George.
Mrs. Lincoln.....	do.	Pursewaukum.
Manickum.....	Hindu	Chintadripettah.
Thoye.....	do.	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. Whetton.....	East Indian	Perambore.
" S. Hurst.....	do.	do.
Intherany.....	Pariah	Ramasawmy Lying-in Hospital
Kareem Bee.....	Mahammedan	Triplacane.
Mrs. C. Penny.....	East Indian	Black Town.
" E. Phipps.....	do.	do.
" E. Mack.....	do.	General Hospital.
" E. J. Grey.....	do.	Fort Saint George.
" S. A. Arnett.....	do.	Pursewaukum.
" Probyn.....	do.	St. Thome.
" E. D'Cruz.....	do.	1st Street, New Town.
" S. Mariner.....	do.	Naval Hospital Road.
Kunagamah.....	Hindu	Gosha Hospital.
Mrs. E. Blake.....	European	Black Town.
" E. Francisus.....	East Indian	do.
" H. M. Johnson.....	do.	Park Town.
" M. J. Bullock.....	do.	Asst. Matron, Lying-in Hospital, Madras.
" A. G. Price.....	do.	New Town.
Miss C. Wolfe.....	European	Black Town.
Mrs. M. J. Smith.....	do.	Ordnance Lines, Black Town.
Ranganajee.....	Hindu	Chintadripet.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Montgomery; (b) Formerly Miss Emmett; (c) Formerly Mrs. Ambrose.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital:

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. M. Brown.....	East Indian	Salem.
" E. Martin.....	do.	Agra.
" C. Yates (a).....	do.	New Foras Road, Brculla, Bombay.
" E. Curzon.....	do.	Natal.
" A. Groom.....	do.	Richmond Town, Bangalore.
" E. Hargreaves (b).....	do.	Bangalore.
" N. Hennessy.....	do.	Trimulgherry, Secunderabad.
" P. Burke.....	do.	Bangalore.
" A. Ours.....	do.	Coimbatore.
" E. Struggnell.....	European	Singapore.
" M. Stagg.....	do.	Mysore.
" Leah Sewell.....	East Indian	Royal Artillery, Bangalore.
" H. Leonard.....	do.	Richmond Town, Bangalore.
" S. Thompson.....	do.	Civil Dispensary, Cuddalore.
" M. Sherwood.....	do.	Lakeside Cottage, Ootacamund.
" A. Wilson.....	do.	Singapore.
" M. Torpey.....	European	Belgaum.
" B. Beard.....	East Indian	Ajmere.
" E. J. English.....	do.	Maharajah's Hospital, Mysore.
" E. Foreman.....	do.	Hyderabad.
" H. Fox.....	do.	Rangoon.
" S. M. Lane.....	do.	Rangoon.
Auricum.....	Native	Dindigul Civil Dispensary.
Mrs. E. H. King.....	European	Old Town, Cuddalore.
" H. Gibson.....	East Indian	Edujee's Cottage, Ootacamund.
" A. McMahon.....	do.	Mercara, Coorg.
" M. Arnold.....	do.	St. John's Hill, Bangalore.
" Ellen Doyle.....	do.	Assensoff District, Bengal.
" E. Clifford.....	East Indian	Singapore.
" M. Emmanuel.....	do.	Hyderabad.
Mary David.....	Native Christian	Civil Dispensary, Trichinopoly.
Mrs. Chalke.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
" S. A. Pickersgill.....	do.	Gopaulpore.
" M. A. Watson (c).....	do.	Vizagapatam.
" E. Sinkell.....	European	England.
" M. Quinters.....	East Indian	Quilon.
Mrs. C. Robertson.....	do.	Rangoon Lunatic Asylum.
" J. Rozario.....	do.	Rangoon.
" J. Philben.....	do.	Secunderabad.
" M. Reynolds.....	do.	H. M.'s 45th Regiment, S. F.
Chellum.....	Native	Dindigul Civil Dispensary.
Mary Anne.....	do.	Salem do.
Mrs. M. Hartigan.....	East Indian	Palamcottah.
" C. Thompson.....	European	H. M.'s 2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" Agnes Clarke.....	East Indian	Rajahmundry.
" M. C. Dargan.....	European	Rangoon Medical Hall, Fytch Square.
" P. Newland.....	East Indian	H. M.'s 2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" F. McCarthy.....	do.	F. Battery, 20th Brigade, R. A.
" C. Smith.....	do.	Palaveram E. A. V. Co. Hospital.
" Brown (d).....	do.	New Town, Vellore.
" M. Perry.....	do.	2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" A. Collin.....	do.	Richmond Town, Bangalore.
" C. Phelan.....	do.	Gooty.
" E. Rolston.....	do.	Rangoon Medical Hall, Fytche Square.
" J. Kay.....	do.	Kamptee.
" J. A. Lyster (e).....	do.	Maharajah's Hospital, Vizianagrum.
" A. Wae.....	do.	Bangalore.
Mary Anne Bennett.....	Native	Chingleput.
Mrs. J. Marum.....	East Indian	Calcutta.
Miss E. Stricke.....	do.	Rangoon.
Mrs. Lovell.....	do.	Bangalore.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Goodger; (b) Formerly Mrs. Pooney; (c) Formerly Mrs. Grey; (d) Formerly Mrs. Schultz; (e) Formerly Mrs. Falloon.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital.—Continued.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. E. Petters.....	European	Kurrachee.
" F. O'Neill (a).....	do.	Wynad.
" C. R. D'Mellow.....	East Indian	Calicut.
" M. Bartels.....	European	Bangalore.
" H. McKenzie.....	East Indian	Royal Artillery, Secunderabad.
" S. Lilley.....	European	Poona.
Rusool Boe.....	Mahomedan	Coimbatore Civil Dispensary.
Zyna Bee.....	do.	Kurnool.
Buthramah.....	Native	Vizagapatam.
Murrah.....	do.	Cuddalore.
Mrs. J. Aberstein.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
Miss C. Chomedely.....	do.	Ootacamund.
Mrs. A. Perrett.....	do.	Bangalore.
" M. A. Power.....	European	Do.
Valoor Maha Lutchmee.....	Native	Masulipatam.
Kakanee do.....	do.	Do.
Mrs. E. E. McIntyre.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
" M. A. Smith.....	do.	Royal Artillery, England.
" J. A. Conway.....	do.	Trimulgherry, Royal Artillery.
" M. Brew.....	do.	Bellary.
" M. J. Slater.....	do.	Poona.
Miss C. Sullivan.....	do.	Cuttack.
Mrs. M. A. Hall (b).....	do.	Bangalore.
" M. Speechly (c).....	do.	Civil Dispensary, Cuddapah.
Miss E. Seaby.....	do.	Do.
Mrs. C. A. D'Roze.....	do.	Bangalore, St. John's Hill.
Catherine.....	Native Christian	Cuddalore.
Govindoo.....	Native	Dharumpury Dispensary.
Elizabeth.....	do.	Dispensary, Chingleput.
Mrs. M. A. Travers (d).....	East Indian	Bombay.
" A. P. Mackay.....	do.	Trevandram.
Veramah.....	Native	Masulipatam.
Venkumah.....	do.	Do.
Mrs. A. Brown.....	East Indian	Vellore.
" E. M. Lawrence (e).....	do.	Nagpore.
Kitty.....	Native	Paulghaut.
Mrs. E. Morton.....	European	Secunderabad.
" S. Cleary.....	East Indian	Bellary.
Rungamah.....	Native	Vizagapatam.
Mrs. H. Inglis.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
" Henderson.....	European	Matron, Civil Dispensary, Vellore.
" R. Lacey (f).....	East Indian	Matron, Lying-in Hospital, Tanjore.
" F. Wilson.....	do.	St. Thomas' Mount.
" S. Warner.....	do.	Bellary.
" A. L. Babbethwaite (g).....	do.	Bangalore.
" C. Hamilton.....	European	67th Regiment, Cannanore.
" C. Parker.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
Amahloo.....	Native	Dindigul.
Mrs. S. Gready.....	East Indian	Mangalore, Civil Dispensary.
" E. West.....	do.	St. Thomas' Mount.
Allamalo.....	Native	Salem, Civil Dispensary.
Anmanee.....	do.	Trichinopoly do.
Chinnamah.....	do.	Rangoon.
Unkamah.....	do.	Vizagapatam.
Mrs. J. Smith (h).....	East Indian	Bangalore.
" J. E. Conway.....	do.	Rajahmundry.
" A. A. James (i).....	do.	Bangalore.
" J. E. Clarke.....	do.	Assensole, Bengal.
" E. Lawrence.....	European	Bombay.
" E. McMullen.....	East Indian	Belgaum.
" M. White.....	do.	Bangalore.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Berrigan; (b) Formerly Mrs. Breeden; (c) Formerly Mrs. Love; (d) Formerly Mrs. Pimento; (e) Formerly Mrs. Broster; (f) Formerly Miss Vanderholt; (g) Formerly Mrs. Sproules; (h) Formerly Miss J. Collins; (i) Formerly Mrs. Hannigan.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital.—Continued.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Govindoo	Native	Chedamburam, Civil Dispensary.
Mrs. L. A. Court	East Indian	Rangoon.
" M. E. Taylor	do.	Calcutta.
" G. V. Spooner	do.	Cochin.
" P. M. Anscombe (a)	European	Wellington.
" E. Kerwick	do.	Seppings' Road, Bangalore.
" C. Faulkner	do.	Bangalore.
" S. Stewart	do.	Wellington.
Sooboo Lutchmee	Hindoo	Guntoor.
Christiana	Native Christian	Chingleput.
Sooboomah	Barber	Rajahmundry.
Mutheal	do.	Salem Civil Dispensary.
Allamalo	do.	Coimbatore.
Mrs. H. Butler	East Indian	St. Thomas' Mount.
Lutchmee	Hindoo	Guntoor.
Tholasi	Barber	Vizagapatam Civil Dispensary.
Elizabeth	Native Christian	Guntoor.
Mrs. H. Luck	do.	Secunderabad.
" G. Scaife	European	Agra.
" E. Gernon	East Indian	Palaveram.
" S. Talbot	do.	Rewah.
" L. Collins	European	Guntur.
Muriamah	Native Christian	Hurpunchully Civil Dispensary.
Leah Jacob	do.	Palace, Vellore District.
Lutchmoo	Hindoo	Mysore.
Leah	Native Christian	Guntur.
Ukkamah	Hindoo	do.
Athelatchumee	do.	do.
Rungamah	do.	Tadputry.
Mungathoyee	do.	Conjeveram Civil Dispensary.
Mooneamah	do.	Garoor Civil Dispensary.
Sivagami	do.	Aloor do.
Rassamah	Native Christian	Adoni.
Mrs. Bernard (b)	East Indian	Secunderabad.
Miss L. C. Robeiro	do.	Bombay.
Mrs. M. A. Sullivan	European	Allahabad.
" S. A. Baggott	do.	Secunderabad.
" Meyers	do.	Bangalore.
Janakamah	Hindoo Brahmin	Coimbatore.
Mrs. M. Ramble	East Indian	Bombay.
Mary Boussard	Native Christian	Coimbatore.
Mrs. M. Gilbert (c)	European	St. Thomas' Mount.
Marthoy	Barber	Salem.
Rungum	do.	Chicacole.
Esther	Native Christian	Madanapulley.
Mrs. A. Barrow	East Indian	Matron, Civil Dispensary, Kurnool.
" H. E. Butler	do.	Masulipatam.
" M. Yarde	do.	Bombay.
" E. Newman	European	Ootacamund.
" A. McIntosh	East Indian	Belgaum.
" A. Taylor	do.	Negapatam Civil Dispensary.
" E. Hartnett	do.	Rangoon.
" M. Simmons	do.	Bangalore.
" E. Ward (d)	European	Ootacamund.
" S. J. Cook	East Indian	Trichinopoly Civil Dispensary.
" B. DeLange	do.	Simla.
" A. Biggwith	European	Ootacamund.
Antachee Marquis	Native Christian	Secunderabad.
Charlotte	do.	Rangoon.
Mrs. R. Holmes	East Indian	Matron, Civil Dispensary, Cuddapah.
" A. Dawson	European	Matron, Calicut.
Elizabeth	Native Christian	Sydapett.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Cowley; (b) Formerly Mrs. Hunter; (c) Formerly Mrs. Armitage; (d) Formerly Mrs. Barnes.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital.—Continued.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. E. Falkers	East Indian	Poona.
" B. Shaw	do.	Hospett Bellary.
" M. Baynes	do.	Coonoor.
" R. McCallum	do.	Bangalore.
" E. Copeland (a)	do.	do.
" A. Harrison	European	do.
" Worstad	East Indian	Civil Dispensary, Bellary.
Hannah	Native Christian	Pursewaukum.
Mrs. A. Bamber	East Indian	Kamptee, R. A.
" R. Eadon	do.	Vizagapatam.
" J. Cowell	European	Ootacamund, Matron St. Bartholomew's Hill.
" M. Attewell	do.	Secunderabad.
" E. Foote	East Indian	Bangalore.
" M. Currie	European	Jowrah, N. W. Provinces.
Minichee	Hindoo	Conjeveram.
Mrs. Mehta	Parsee	Bombay.
Krishna Moorthee	Hindoo	Berhampore.
Mrs. A. Shears	East Indian	Palaveram.
" E. Jones	European	St. Thomas' Mount.
Chinnamah	Hindoo	Vaniembady.
Poongavaun	do.	Aloor, Bellary District.
Rungum	do.	Chingleput.
Mrs. Pascal	East Indian	Bombay.
" Moody	European	Bangalore.
Soobamah	Hindoo	Chingleput.
Lutchmoo	do.	Vellore.
Mrs. Terry	European	Bangalore.
Mungathoye	Hindoo	Chingleput.
Mooneamah	do.	Rajahmundry.
Miss Nelson	East Indian	Cuddalore.
Mrs. Dale	European	Bangalore.
Thoyakkah	Hindoo	Mysore.
Mrs. E. J. Spencer	European	Bangalore.
Namajiri Amahal	Hindoo	Salem.
Frances D'Souza	Native Christian	Cochin.
Mrs. L. Hinton	East Indian	Coimbatore.
Nagumah	Hindoo	Cuddalore.
Thoyammah	do.	Nellore.
Mrs. E. Houston	East Indian	Bangalore.
" M. Kane	East Indian	Bombay.
" H. Campbell	European	Palaveram.
" A. Ephraim	Native Christian	Hassam.
" J. Richardson	East Indian	Coimbatore.
" M. O'Reilly	do.	Kamptee, 2nd Middlesex Regiment.
" J. Tobin	do.	Rajahmundry.
Thoyee	Hindoo	Chittoor.
Mrs. M. Wilks	European	Kamptee, 2nd Middlesex Regiment.
" M. A. McGill	East Indian	Cannanore, 2nd Hampshire Regiment.
" M. Carter	do.	Bellary.
" G. Saxby	do.	Kamptee.
Janey	Native Christian	Guntoor.
Mrs. L. Pollet	East Indian	Punjab.
" C. Vieyra	do.	Calicut.
" A. Binny	do.	Ootacamund.
" E. Keys	European	Kamptee.
Kadir Bee	Mahomedan	Cuddalore.
Mrs. E. Austin	East Indian	Singapore.
" Fletcher	do.	do.
A. G. Gilker	do.	Bombay.
Chinnamah	Hindoo Brahmin	Palamcottah.
Mrs. M. A. Whally	East Indian	do.
" A. Ford	European	Bellary.
" J. Black	East Indian	Thyettayao.

(c) Formerly Mr. Skehan.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital—Concluded.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Ammannee.....	Native Christian.	Calicut.
Mrs. J. Eason.....	European	Bellary.
" E. Ellison.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
Thayee.....	Hindu	Mysore.
Rajamah.....	do.	do.
Mrs. E. Snugg.....	East Indian	Simla.
Ramanjamah.....	Hindu	Cocanada.
Thasamah.....	do.	Tinnevely District.
Thayamah.....	do.	Bellary.
Hanuth Bee.....	Mahomedan	Kurnool.
Mooneamah.....	Hindu	do.
Mrs. A. G. Day.....	East Indian	St. Thomas' Mount.
" C. Gallagher.....	do.	Bellary.
" A. Pettingell.....	do.	Ianouli.
" E. Davis.....	European	Secunderabad.
" M. J. McGuire.....	do.	Salein.
" J. Wood.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
" Fowler.....	Native Christian	Calicut.
Miss S. Rogers.....	East Indian	St. Thomas' Mount.
Mrs. K. Taylor.....	European	Bangalore.
" V. A. Thomas.....	East Indian	Kamptee.
Oonumalay.....	Hindu Brahmin	Bellary.
Mrs. S. A. Meany.....	East Indian	Agra.
" S. J. Adams.....	do.	Kamptee.
" A. M. Clark.....	do.	Pallaveram.
" J. Appolis.....	do.	Bangalore.
" A. E. Laidlaw.....	do.	St. Thomas' Mount.
" C. Palengrui.....	European	Wellington.
Chinnamah.....	Hindu	Parlakimedy.
Mrs. Perriman.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
Govindamah.....	Hindu Brahmin	Coimbatore.
Paupamah.....	do.	Palghat.
Thoyaramah.....	do.	Trichinopoly.
Francis.....	Native Christian	Nundyal, Kurnool District.

List of Nurses who have received Certificates of Qualification as Sick Nurses, but who are not qualified to practise as Midwives.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. E. Jackson.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
" R. Long.....	do.	Pursewaukan.
" C. Locker.....	do.	Chintadrepettah.
" Cottrell.....	do.	Black Town.
" E. Smith.....	do.	Royapettah.
" E. Fernandez.....	do.	St. Thomas' Mount.
" C. Fanderlinden.....	do.	Poodoopett.
" S. Wright.....	do.	Chintadrepettah.
" M. Simpson.....	do.	Vizagapatam.
" C. D'Lima.....	do.	Nursingapuram.
Miss Minchall.....	do.	Vellore.

European Diplomat Nurses.

Mrs. Amy Rogers, St. Thomé High Road.

Mrs. Catherine Cleary, No. 4, Condy Chetty Street, Black Town.

VACCINE DEPARTMENT—MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

The Staff of the Vaccine Department comprises:—

1 Inspector of Vaccination and Dy. Sanitary Comr.	50 Deputy Inspectors. 241 First Class Vaccinators. 394 Second Class do.	113 Probationary Vaccinators. 50 Peons.
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Municipalities.—39 1st Class Vaccinators, 37 2nd Class Vaccinators and 3 Probationary Vaccinators.

The distribution of the above Staff is as follows:—

Districts.	Deputy Inspectors.	First Class Vaccinators.	Second Class Vaccinators.	Probationary Vaccinators.	Peons.
Ganjam.....	2	9	19	3	2
Vizagapatam.....	2	16	13	6	2
Godavery.....	3	12	25	4	3
Kistna.....	3	13	17	8	3
Nellore.....	3	10	15	4	3
Chingleput.....	2	6	12	2	2
Madras.....	1	8	15	8	1
North Arcot.....	3	11	16	6	3
South Arcot.....	2	8	17	0	2
Trichinopoly.....	1	5	11	3	1
Tanjore.....	2	9	21	1	2
Madura.....	3	14	22	7	3
Tinnevely.....	3	11	21	7	3
Cuddapah.....	3	11	18	4	3
Kurnool.....	2	8	8	4	2
Bellary.....	2	8	10	7	2
Anantapur.....	2	5	8	3	2
Salem.....	3	9	28	9	3
Coimbatore.....	2	10	10	5	2
Malabar.....	2	9	15	8	2
South Canara.....	2	5	8	8	2
Jeypore Hill Tracts of Vizagapatam.....	1	.....	14	.....	1
Hill Tracts of Ganjam.....	1	.....	6	.....	1

In addition, Ootacamund and Coonoor have 1 first class Vaccinator each, and Ammin Divi Islands 1 Hospital Assistant to work as a Vaccinator.

In the Military cantonments of Bangalore and Secunderabad 1 first and 1 second class Vaccinator each, and at Kamptee 1 second class Vaccinator is employed.

Vaccine Depot, Madras—Main Road, Chintadrepettah.

1st Class Vaccinator—P. Soobroya Naicker. 1 Peon.

This Institution is open daily, Sundays excepted, from 7 to 10 A.M., to vaccinate all who may wish to attend. Money to the value of quarter-anna is issued as batta to the poor subjects.

Deputy Inspectors of the Unconquered Service.

No.	Name.	Circle.	District.
1	Jesudasen Pillay.....	Madras Town.....	Madras.
2	K. Vundarajooloo Naidoo.....	Saidapett.....	Chingleput.
3	C. V. Balliah Naidoo.....	Chingleput.....	
4	Mahadava Sing.....	Chittoor.....	North Arcot.
5	P. Samidoss Mudaly.....	Vellore.....	
6	Mahomed Abdullah.....	Karvetnuggar.....	South Arcot.
7	Mr. A. Stewart.....	Cuddalore.....	
8	M. Ramasami Naidoo.....	Virdachellam.....	Tanjore.
9	W. P. Chackrapani Naidoo.....	Tanjore.....	
10	C. Arumooza Mudaly.....	Negapatam.....	Trichinopoly.
11	C. Poonosawmi Pillay.....	Trichinopoly.....	
12	C. Gopalaswamy Naidoo.....	Madura.....	Madura.
13	G. Rungasami Naidoo.....	Permagudi.....	
14	T. M. Veerappa Pillay.....	Dindigul.....	Tinnevely.
15	P. Soondrum Pillay.....	Sattur.....	
16	T. Theroovengadam Pillay.....	Tinnevely.....	Cuddapah.
17	Kadir Moidin.....	Shermadavi.....	
18	C. V. Moonisawmy Naidoo.....	Cuddapah.....	Kurnool.
19	Mr. A. L. Daily.....	Madanapully.....	
20	A. Baboo Naidoo.....	Sighout.....	Bellary.
21	M. C. Peddiah Naidoo.....	Kurnool.....	
22	Moorthooza Hoossain.....	Cambum.....	Anantapur.
23	T. Balakistna Naidoo.....	Bellary.....	
24	P. Narainasawmy Naidoo.....	Harpunally.....	
25	P. Ramannah Naidoo.....	Penueonda.....	
26	K. Sutwajee Roy.....	Gooty.....	

Deputy Inspectors of the Uncovenanted Service.—Continued.

No.	Name.	Circle.	District.
27	Mir Muzerally-Saib	Salem	Salem.
28	Moidin Hoossain	Krishnagiri	
29	T. R. Soobroya Pillay	Namkal	
30	C. Rungasawmy Pillay	North Coimbatore	Coimbatore.
31	S. Moonisami Naidoo	South do.	
32	B. Chandco	South Malabar	Malabar.
33	T. Ramasami Naidoo	North do.	
34	A. Krishna Nair	No. I, South Canara	South Canara.
35	Peryath Connen	No. II, do.	
36	C. Soobroya Chetty	Nellore	Nellore.
37	N. Narainasawmy Mudaly	Ongole	
38	P. Vadimalay Mudaly	Kavali	Kistna.
39	D. Bapiah	Masulipatam	
40	M. Visvanatha Mudaly	Guntoor	
41	Tara Chund	Vinukondah	Godavery.
42	C. Aroomooga Chetty	Rajahmundry	
43	B. Visvanatha Naidoo	Ellore	Vizagapatam.
44	M. B. Jaggan Sing	Pittapur	
45	M. Butthroothin	Vizagapatam	Vizagapatam.
46	B. Puttabay Naidoo	Vizianagaram	
47	A. Ramasami Pillay	Jeyapore Hill Tracts	Ganjam.
48	A. Soosinatha Pillay	Chatrapur	
49	Ponnen Connen	Chicacole	
50	R. Soorianaraina	Ganjam Hill Tracts	

VACCINE DEPOTS—MADRAS TOWN.

HOURS OF ATTENDANCE FROM 7 TO 10 A.M.

First Division Depot	Monexar Choultry Road.
Second do.	China Bazaar Road.
Third do.	Municipal Office.
Fourth and Fifth Divisions	Vepery, near Smithfield Market.
Sixth Division	Chetput.
Seventh do. North	Chintadripett, Central Depot.
Do. do. South	Royapettah Hospital.
Eighth do.	Mallapur High Road.

These institutions are opened daily, Sundays excepted, from 7 to 10 A.M. to vaccinate all subjects, who may wish to attend, free of charge.

VACCINE DEPARTMENT—MADRAS TOWN.

The Staff of the Vaccine Department, comprises:—

1 Deputy Inspector of Vaccination.	8 First Class Vaccinators.
4 Assistant Deputy Inspectors of Vaccination.	8 Second Class Vaccinators.
	8 Probationers.

GOVERNMENT CIVIL GENERAL HOSPITAL—MADRAS.

Brigade-Surgeon A. Porter, M.D.	Physician and Senior Medical Officer.
Surg.-Major James J. L. Ratton, M.D.	Surgeon—Eur. (M.C.) 18 months.
Surg.-Major C. Sibthorpe	Acting Surgeon.
Surg. D. F. Dymott, M.B.	Resident Medical Officer—On other duty.
Surg. J. Smyth, M.D.	Do. Sub pro tem.
Surg.-Major H. Allison, M.D.	Asst. Physician—Offg. Fort Surg.
Surg. H. K. Fuller, M.B.	Acting do.
Surg. J. Maitland, M.B.	2nd Surg.—Eur. (M.C.) 18 months.
Surg. P. C. Smith	Offg. do.
Mr. C. Trutwein	Senior Apothecary.
Mr. M. J. McPherson	Head Steward.
M. Loganatha Moodelliar	1st Assistant Steward.
P. Narasimuloo Naidu	2nd do.
Miss M. A. Scott	Matron Superintendent.
A. Nathamoney Moodelliar	Linen Clerk.
Serjeant-Major W. Ellery	Hospital Sergeant.
A. B. Vijayaragava Moodelliar	Hospital Writer.

Out-patients attended to from 7 to 9 A.M. Visitors to the sick allowed from 3 to 5 P.M. and 6 to 7 P.M., Mondays excepted.

GOVERNMENT OPHTHALMIC HOSPITAL.

MARSHALL'S ROAD—EGMORE.

Opened 1st April 1886.

Superintendent	Surg.-Maj. E. F. Drake-Brockman, F.R.C.S.
Resident Apothecary	Mr. H. H. M. Judge.
Hospital Writer and Steward	C. Kundasawmy Moodelliar.

The Institution comprises the Hospital and Dispensary, the former consisting of six separate wards for in-patients and the latter for applicants seeking out-door relief. Patients of both sexes admitted into Hospital of all classes and are fed and clothed free of expense except in the cases of those whose salary or means exceed 25 Rupees a month.

Scale of charges for Civil Patients drawing over 25 Rupees per mensem.

	Per diem.		Per diem.
From 25 to 49 Rupees per mensem	0 4 0	From 200 to 299 Rs. per mensem	2 0 0
50 to 99 do.	0 8 0	300 to 500 do.	3 0 0
100 to 149 do.	0 12 0	500 and upwards do.	5 0 0
150 to 199 do.	1 0 0		

The payment of a week's Hospital stoppages according to the above scale, is made compulsory on all Civil patients admitted into Hospital.

The practice of the Eye Infirmary is open to all members of the profession, including native practitioners. Operations are performed every Saturday at 6-30 A.M., excepting in cases demanding immediate interference.

Dispensary.—Out-patients are attended to by the Surgeon in charge, between the hours of seven and nine every morning.

LOCK HOSPITAL.

POPHAM'S BROADWAY.

Surg.-Major A. L. Hackett	Health Officer and Supt., Lock Hospital.
J. Hardaker	Senior Apothecary in charge.
C. Rungiahtham Modelly	1st Class Hospital Assistant.
Mrs. M. Bryan	Matron.
M. F. Harding	Assistant Matron.

HOSPITAL FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

NEAR ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH, EGMORE.

Surgeon Major A. L. Hackett, Medical Officer in charge.

2nd Class Apothecary M. A. Hardy	Senior Subordinate.
Civil Apothecary J. P. Connor	Doing duty.
Matron	Mrs. L. Haumen.
1st Class Hospital Assistant	P. Appavoo, No. 17.
Do.	N. Barthasarthi Modelly, No. 59.
Writer and Steward	C. Soobiah Naidoo.

The scale of Hospital stoppages applicable to Civil patients treated in either Civil or Military Hospitals having been revised by Government, the following amended scale is ordered to be adopted in substitution of all preceding scales:—

Monthly Salary or Income. Daily Stoppages.

	RS. A. P.
Below 25 Rupees	Free.
25 to 49	0 4 0
50 to 99	0 8 0
100 to 149	0 12 0
150 to 199	1 0 0
200 to 299	2 0 0
300 to 499	3 0 0
500 and upwards	5 0 0

Warrant Officers and Non-commissioned Officers not performing regimental duty are charged Civil rates for their wives and families when treated in the Women and Children's Hospital—(G.O.G.C., 26th September 1870, No. 1224).

TRIPPLICANE DISPENSARY.

PETER'S ROAD, ROYAPETTAH.

Open to all classes of the community for treatment as in-door and out-door patients free of charge.

Surgeon-Major H. J. Hazlett.....	Medical Officer.
Mohamed Sherif Khan Bahadoor.....	Honorary Surgeon.
Alexis John Fernandez.....	Civil Apothecary.
T. Valoo Moolali.....	1st Class Hospital Assistant.
Syed Mohidin.....	2nd Class do.
Khajah Latiffudin.....	Civil Apothecary—d. d. 4th District.

LEPER HOSPITAL.

ROYAPOORUM.

Surgeon-Major D. R. Thompson, M.D., C.I.E., Superintendent.

1st Grade Assistant Apothecary, T. Gooroosawmy Pillay.

The accommodation in the Leper Hospital is limited: when cots become vacant fresh patients are received into the Hospital.

Persons admitted for treatment are fed and clothed at the expense of Government during their stay in the Hospital.

The visiting hours are from 10 A.M. to 12 Noon and from 4 to 6 P.M.

THE MADRAS LUNATIC ASYLUM.

The new Lunatic Asylum at Locock's Gardens, Kilpauk, provides accommodation for 515 inmates of all classes. At present there are 463 patients.

Surgeon Henry Armstrong.....	Superintendent, in charge.
Mr. C. M. Antonio.....	Senior Apothecary.
Mr. E. T. Jones.....	Civil Apothecary.
K. Annu Chetty.....	Steward.
Mr. A. C. McKenzie.....	Assistant Steward.
S. Audinarain Iyer.....	Writer.
Mr. H. McColeman.....	1st Class European Attendant—On sick leave.
A. Cartwright.....	Ag. 2nd Class European Attendant.
D. A. Bruce.....	Ag. 1st Class do.
W. Fox.....	2nd Class do.
J. Byrne.....	Ag. 1st Class do.
Mrs. M. Fellowes.....	Matron.
Miss E. Holmes.....	Assistant Matron.

And a numerous staff of male and female native attendants.

Official Visitors.

Surgeon of 2nd, 3rd and 4th Districts and Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.
The Magistrates of Egmore and Town Police Courts, Madras.
The Commissioner of Police and the Superintendent of Prisons, Madras.

Ex-Officio Visitors.

Deputy Surgeon-General H. M.'s Forces and the Inspector-General of Jails, Madras.
Refer to Lunacy Act XXXVI of 1859 and Act XI of 1877 for Military Lunatics; or to the "Rules" for management and superintendence of Lunatic Asylums, for information, as to the mode of seeking admission for persons afflicted with insanity into the Lunatic Asylum.

THE ROYAL VICTORIA HOSPITAL FOR CASTE AND GOSHA WOMEN, MADRAS.

OPENED 7TH DECEMBER 1855.

Patron.—HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY THE QUEEN EMPRESS.

Vice-Patrons.—Her Excellency Lady Connemara; Lady Grant Duff, Lady Napier, Lady Mary Hobart, Lady Mary Grenville Morgan, Lady Adam, The Nawab Begam Sahiba of the Carnatic, The Princess of Arcot, The Maharani of Vizianagram, The Rani of Venkatagiri, The Rani Gajapati Rao.

Governors appointed by the Government.—The wife of the Governor of the Presidency, The Hon. Mr. P. P. Hutchins, The Surgeon-General, The Surgeon of the 3rd District, The Accountant-General.

Life Governors.—The Honorable Maharaja of Vizianagram, K.C.I.E., The Rajah of Venkatagiri, The Maharajah of Travancore, The Rajah of Cochin, the Mohunt of Tirupatti, Nawab M. Asseemollah of the Deccan, The Rajah of Pittapore, The Rajah of Kālahasti, The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, C.I.E., Sir S. Ramasami Mudaliar Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Muttusami Iyer, C.I.E., Rajah T. Rama Row.

Governors for 1887-88.—His Highness the Prince of Arcot, Mr. H. F. Clogstoun, C.S., Mr. J. D. Rees, C.S., Rai Bahadur Hon. S. Subrahmanya Iyer, Mir Ansar-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, M.R.Ry. C. Ramachandra Aiyer Avergal, M.R.Ry. P. Somasundaram Chettyar Avergal, M.R.Ry. T. V. Ponnusami Pillai Avergal, Rai Bahadur V. Bashyam Aiyengar Avergal, M.R.Ry. V. Kristnama Chariyar Avergal, Khan Bahadur Haji Muhammad Abdulla Badsha Saib, Miss H. J. Bouchier, M.D., M.R.Ry. S. Belligere Iyengar Avergal, M.R.Ry. A. Ramachundra Rao, M.R.Ry. R. Sadagopa Chariyar Avergal, M.R.Ry. C. Sanakaran Nayar.

Members of the Executive Committee of Management.—Her Excellency Lady Connemara, President; The Hon. Mr. P. P. Hutchins, The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, C.I.E., The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Muttusami Iyer, C.I.E., Surgeon-General G. Bidie, M.B., C.I.E., Miss H. J. Bouchier, Mr. H. F. Clogstoun, C.S., Mr. J. D. Rees, C.S., Rajah T. Rama Row, Sir S. Ramasami Mudaliar Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., Brigade-Surgeon S. B. Hunt, Rai Bahadur V. Bhashyam Iyengar Avergal; Rajah T. Rama Row, Hon'y. Secretary.

Hospital Staff.—Miss H. J. Bouchier, M.D., Superintendent; Mrs. Webb, Matron.

GOVERNMENT VETERINARY HOSPITAL.

I. The Veterinary Hospital is situated at the north end of the Government Farm, Saidapet, a little off the Mount Road, and about 5½ miles from Fort St. George, Madras.

II. It is fitted with every requisite both for the practice of Veterinary Surgery and Medicine.

IV. The public may send animals for treatment in the Hospital at the following scale of charges:—

Description.	Subscribers.		Non-Subscribers.
	Yearly.	Half yearly.	
Horses ...	Rs. 12	Rs. 8	An uniform fee of Re. 1 per head for advice, and the cost of medicines supplied.
Ponies ...	12	8	
Donkeys ...	2	1	
Mules ...	6	4	
Cattle ...	6	4	
Sheep ...	1½	1	
Goats ...	1½	1	
Dogs ...	1½	1	

For animals stabled or stalled at the Hospital during treatment, there will be an additional charge of Rs. 3 a month for their accommodation. For broken periods the charge shall be proportional, but shall not in any case be less than 8 annas.

V. The Hospital with its establishment will be under the entire control of the Inspector of Cattle Diseases.

VIII. No animals can be admitted to or be removed from the Hospital, without the sanction of the Inspector of Cattle Diseases or some other officer acting under his orders.

IX. The syces or horsekeepers or attendants who may be in charge of a patient, are to conform in every way to the rules of the Hospital.

Sanctioned under G.O. 1,374 of 8th November 1883.

JAMES MILLS, V.S., 1st Class A. V. D., Inspr. of Cattle Diseases.

PART V.—JUDICIAL.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon'ble Sir ARTHUR JOHN HAMMOND COLLINS, Kt., Q.C., (Barrister-at-Law).

JUDGES.

The Hon'ble J. Kernan, M.A., Q.C., (Barrister-at-Law).

" T. Muthuswami Aiyar, B.L., C.I.E.

" G. A. Parker, C.S.

" F. H. Wilkinson, C.S.

Officers of the Court.

Appellate Side:

H. T. Ross, Esq., M.A., LL.B., C.S.; Registrar.

Walter Morgan, Esq., Dy. Registrar.

H. H. Shephard, Esq., (Barrister-at-Law), Govt. Pleader.

Original Side.

The Hon'ble J. H. Spring-Branson, (Barrister-at-Law), Ag. Advocate-General.

J. G. Kernan, M.A., LL.B., (Barrister-at-Law), Clerk of the Crown.

Hon'ble J. H. Spring-Branson, (Barrister-at-Law), Crown Prosecutor and Public Prosecutor.

P. D. Shaw, (Barrister-at-Law), Acting do.

L. Barclay, Esq., Government Solicitor.

H. F. Clogston, Esq., M.C.S., Accountant-General.

M. Gould, Esq., M.A., LL.D., (Barrister-at-Law), Administrator General.

H. G. Wedderburn, Esq., (Barrister-at-Law), Reporter, (on leave).

K. Brown, Esq., (Barrister-at-Law), Offg. do.

J. Stevenson, Esq., Registrar.

T. C. Clarke, Esq., Asst. do. Sub pro tem.

Sir Savalay Ramaswami Mudaliyar, Kt., C.I.E., Sheriff of Madras.

E. J. Norton, Esq., Coroner.

G. A. Murray, Esq., Clerk to the Judges.

P. Ramachandra Rao, B.A., Chief Interpreter in Tamil and Telugu.

C. Chelvapillai Nayudu, Deputy Interpreter in Tamil and Telugu.

M. G. Zymul Abidin Sahib Bahadur, Persian and Hindustani Interpreter.

Naganath Davay, Guzuratli Interpreter.

INSOLVENT COURT.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kernan, M.A., Q.C., Commissioner.

J. Stevenson, Esq., Chief Clerk.

F. Rowlandson, Esq., LL.B., Official Assignee.

ADVOCATES.

N.B.—Below, in Column 3 (Inn), M stands for Middle Temple, G for Gray's Inn, I for Inner Temple, and L for Lincoln's Inn.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	Remarks.
863 Jan. 3	Hon. J. H. Spring-Branson	M	11 June 1862	Crown Pro.;	Maj. Comdt.,
866 Feb. 23	W. M. Scharlieb *	M	17 Nov. 1865	Ag. Advocate General.	Madras Artl. Volunteers.
867 Mar. 8	J. W. B. Money†	M	12 May 1848	Presy. Magt.	Lay Trustee St. Matthias' and Lt.-Col. Vol. Guards.
Oct. 28	E. H. Power†	M	26 Jan. 1866		Also enrolled at Calcutta.
Dec. 2	J. M. C. Mills†	G			S.E. Circuit.. Europe.

* Does not practise.

† Does not practise at Madras.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	Remarks.
1868 Jan. 7	J. W. Handley M.A.*	I	30 April 1864	1st Judge Small C. C., Madras.	Lay Trustee St. George's Cathedral, F. M. U. New Zealand.
Feb. 13	A. G. Gover†	G	18 Nov. 1867	Administrator-General.	England.
May. 29	M. Gould, M.A., LL.B.	Ireland.	Michaelmas Term, 1861.		
1868 July 20	G. R. Johnstone†	M	6 June 1868	Regr., S. C. C., Madras.	
Aug. 3	J. M. Maskell*	M	Do.		
Oct. 20	G. E. Borradaile*	M	26 Jan. 1867		Calicut--Editor "Malabar-Law Reports."
" 21	W. S. Gantz†	M	6 June 1868		
1869 Aug. 2	W. H. Maskell†	M	7 June 1869		Europe.
Oct. 18	W. H. Craig, B.A.	L	30 April 1869		
1870 May 10	E. B. Powell, M.A., LL.B.	Ireland.	Hilary Term, 1870	Ag. Govt. Plr. & Pub. Pro.	Hony. Magt., Madras, Mysore and Coorg.
" 27	R. Fisher, B.A.†				
Aug. 10	J. W. Hayes, Junior†	L	7 June 1869		
1871 May 8	J. H. Nelson, M.A., M.R.A.S.*	M	26 Jan. 1871		
June 10	C. P. Lakshminpathi Naidu.	I	8 May 1871		
1872 April 3	W. J. H. LeFanu, B.A.*	Ireland.	Hilary Term, 1872	District Judge.	M. C. S.
July 23	R. C. Miller†				
Oct. 23	T. C. Ponnann, B.A.*	I	6 June 1872	Z. Judge, Cochin.	Ex-officio Jt. Magt.
" 23	W. E. T. Clarke, B.A.	M	30 April 1872	Sub-Judge, Ootacamund.	F. M. U. On leave.
" 28	H. H. Shephard, M.A.	I	18 Nov. 1867	Govt. Pleader and Public Prosecutor.	
1873 Jan. 6	W. E. Ormsby, M.A., LL.D.* (a)	M	6 June 1872	2nd Judge, Travancore High Court, and Professor of Law, Maharajah's College, Trevandrum, 1875.	
Feb. 3	W. F. Hooper, * F.R.G.S.	M & G	6 June 1872		Assistant to Agent, South Indian Railway, Trichinopoly, Malabar.
Mar. 5	G. G. B. VanSomerent†	L	18 Nov. 1872		
April 9	C. E. Lanauzet	M	27 Jan. 1873		
May 9	P. D. Shaw	M	18 Nov. 1872		
July 11	J. C. Pritchard†	M	6 June 1872		Salem, Municipal Councillor.
1874 Jan. 7	A. E. Polet	L	17 Nov. 1873		Madras.
Feb. 10	R. B. Michell, M.A.	L	30 April 1872	Senior Professor of Law, Presidency College, Madras.	Lieut., Madras Artillery Volunteers, F. M. U. Madras.
" 25	R. Thomson, LL.B.†	M	7 June 1873		
July 10	H. A. Brett*	M	6 June 1872		
" 22	C. Sabapathi Aiyar†	L	6 June 1874		Cuddapah, and Govt. Advocate, Hyderabad.

* Does not practise.

† Does not practise at Madras.

(a) Also Magistrate and Justice of the Peace, appointed by the Government of India to try offences committed by European British subjects within the territories of Travancore.

Date of admission.	Name.	Inn.	Date of call in England.	Designation of office held, if any.	Remarks.
1875 Jan. 22	S. A. Locke, (a) ...	M	6 June 1874	2nd Judge, Appeal Court, Cochin.	Municipal Councillor British Cochin and Lt. Malabar Vol. Corps.
Feb. 3	Thomas Fuller M.A., LL.B.*	M	27 Jan. 1879	...	Lay Trustee and Local Fund Member, Nilgiris, Coonoor.
Sept. 20	P. Venkatakrishnama Nayudu†	L	7 June 1875	...	Vizagapatam Municipal and L. P. Councillor.
Dec. 10	H. G. Wedderburn, M.A.	I	30 April 1875	Reporter, Indian Law Reports, Madras Series, and Official Trustee.	Capt., Madras Artillery Volunteers.
1876 Mar. 27	N. Subrahmanyam, B.A., B.L.	I	26 Jan. 1876	...	Municipal Councillor.
July 10	C. Minakshi Aiyar†	L	10 May 1876	Government Advocate, Mysore.	...
1877 Feb. 5	J. H. Temple†	I	17 Nov. 1876	...	Colombo.†
Mar. 5	J. J. Casio-Chitty, †	L	7 June 1873	...	Colombo.†
Nov. 12	G. W. Cline, L.L.D., F.G.S.	M	6 June 1874	...	Europe.
Dec. 21	F. H. Lascelles†	I	6 June 1864	...	Also enrolled at Bombay—Europe.
1878 Aug. 2	F. Normandy†	M	17 Nov. 1874	...	Europe.
Sept. 27	E. S. Wilkins†	L	3 July 1878	...	Tanjore.
Nov. 20	C. Waddy, F.R.S., F.Z.S., F.S.A.	M	7 June 1873	...	...
1879 July 14	E. J. Norton	L	10 May 1876	Coroner.	Capt. Madras Artillery Volunteers.
„ 17	B. S. Strinivasa, †	I	25 June 1879	...	Tinnevely Municipal Councillor.
1880 Mar. 18	J. L. Pole†	L	26 Jan. 1880	...	Madura.
1881 Jan. 6	Willie Grant, B.L.	M	17 Nov. 1880	...	...
Oct. 24	J. G. Kernau, M.A., LL.B. Ireland.	M	26 Jan. 1882	Clerk of the Crown.	...
1882 Sept. 4	C. W. Burroughs, B.A., LL.D.*	M	26 Jan. 1882	Ag. Head Master, Mangalore College.	...
1883 Jan. 5	C. Akilandaiya, B.A. †	I	17 Nov. 1882	...	Bellary.
Feb. 13	Saiyid Abdur Rahaman, F.S.S., F.R.C.I., M.R.A.S.†	I	9 June 1880	...	Also enrolled at Calcutta.
Mar. 14	Josiah Ragland Thomas, B.A. †	I	26 Jan. 1883	...	Tellicherry.
„ 20	Nanda Lal Ghosh, †	I	17 Nov. 1882	...	England.
1884 Oct. 7	M. O. Parthasarathy Aiyangar, M.A., M.L.	M	17 Nov. 1884	...	Hyderabad.
1885 Jan. 6	P. A. DeRozario†	M	17 Nov. 1884	...	...
May 1	Chella Venkata Narasayya†	I	26 Jan. 1884	...	...
July 6	P. V. Ramaswami Raju, B.A., M.R.A.S., F.R.H.S.	I	29 April 1885	...	...
Nov. 16	K. Brown	I	17 June 1885	...	...
1886 Jan. 4	Stephen Andy, M.L.L.S.	I	17 Nov. 1885	...	...
„ 17	J. G. Smith	I	17 Nov. 1884	...	...
July 20	J. H. M. Ryan	M	26 Jan. 1886	...	...
Aug. 6	H. C. Brown, B.A., LL.B.†	L	17 Nov. 1883	...	Tellicherry.

(a) Also Magistrate and Justice of the Peace, appointed by the Government of India to try offences committed by European British subjects within the territories of Native Cochin.

* Does not practise.

† Does not practise at Madras.

† Both these gentlemen hold appointments under the Ceylon Supreme Court. They are noted in Ferguson's Ceylon Directory, 1886.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Alagasingara Chariyar, M. O., 16th October 1882.*	Krishnama Chariyar, S. T., 3rd August 1883.
Appadorai Mudaliyar, M. E., 2nd November 1883.	Laing, T. W., 5th August 1879, Firm of Grant and Laing.
Atkinson, Esq., J. R., 17th September 1881.	Morgan, W., 5th July 1871, Firm of Barclay and Morgan.
Barclay, E., 4th January 1866, Government Solicitor, Firm of Barclay and Morgan (a).	Narasaiya, T. S., 27th September 1883.
Billigiri Aiyangar, S., 28th Feby. 1878.	Narasimha Chariyar, M.A., April 1887.
Branson, F. G. R. 5th April 1865, Firm of Branson and Branson.	Oken, W. H. P., Nov. 1886.
Branson, W. H. D., 25th October 1871, Firm of Branson and Branson.	Palman, C. J., 30th March 1875.
Burton, E. F., 10th December 1880, Firm of Barclay and Morgan.	Rajaratna Mudaliyar, 10th December 1874.
Carr, J., 27th November, 1867 (a).	Ramanuja Chariyar, R., 9th August 1883.
Champion, A., 6th May 1869 (a) Firm of Champion and Short 27 and 28 2nd Line Beach.	Rowlandson, LL.B., 30th April 1873, Official Assignee, Registrar of the Diocese of Madras, & Secretary to the Lord Bishop.
David, W. O., April 1887.	Shaw, E. W., 2nd July 1882, Dy. Sheriff, Madras.
Gordon, L., 27th November 1878.	Short, James, 3rd August 1881, Firm of Champion and Short 27 and 28 2nd Line Beach.
Grant D., 17th April 1872, Firm of Grant and Laing, 2nd Line Beach.	Subbaya Chetti, S., 7th May 1883.
Keden, W. R. O., 1st Nov. 1886 (Barclay and Morgan).	Subramanya Sastri, C., 6th June 1865.
King, H. C., 7th January 1881, Firm of Wilson and King.	Tiruvengadaswami Pillai, P., 18th September 1877.
Krishna Aiyar, T. S., 13th Feby. 1883.	Tyagaraja Aiyar, S., 8th August 1882.
	Wilson, C. W., 22nd November 1871, Firm of Wilson and King.

NOT PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Abbs, A. C., 5th June 1873, Europe.	Orr Sutherland, 12th February 1883, Firm of Barclay and Morgan, Ootacamund.
Bigwood, R. M., 9th March 1881.	Pedroza, P. M., 12th February 1880, Cuddalore.
Chapman, S. F., 3rd April 1867, Ootacamund.	Smith, P., 7th April 1869, Ootacamund, Lieut., Nilgiri Volunteer Rifles.
Cowdell, A. S., 29th November 1872, Firm of Cowdell, Woolley and Winterton, Ootacamund, Major, Nilgiri Vol. Rifles.	Spark, T. B., 11th July 1883, England.
Grant, R. F., 12th October 1876, England.	Thompson, A., 25th September 1878, Europe.
Harvey Bridges, 28th April, 1881.	Wilkins, E. W.
Kensington, H. R., 14th August 1883, England.	Wills, A., 13th July 1876, England.
Krishna Aiyangar, B., 3rd August 1883.	Winterton, A. K. Cowdell, Woolley and Winterton, 12th April 1882, Ootacamund.
Mayer, J. E. S., 7th June 1865.	Woolley, F. H., 29th January 1877, Firm of Cowdell, Woolley and Winterton, Ootacamund.
Mellish, T., 15th July 1881, Lieut., Malabar Volunteer Corps & Municipal Councillor, Calicut.	Wright, H. G., 11th August 1879 Bellary (a).
Miller, D. D., 22nd September 1875.	
Mir Ali Sahib, 17th September 1884.	
Morgan, J. L., June 1875, Mercara.	

NOT PRACTISING.

Clarke, T. C., 25th May 1864, Assistant Registrar, Original Side.	Murray, G. A., 2nd December 1869, Judges' Clerk, High Court.
Lovely, F. B., 9th March 1881, Chief Clerk, Small Cause Court, Madras.	Stevenson, J., B.A., 13th December 1869, Registrar, Original Side.

VAKILS.

PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Ambrose, A. T., B.A., B.L., 6th May 1880.	Balaji Rao, R., B.L., 6th April 1870, F.M.U.
Anantan Nayar, T. V. B.A., B.L., 2nd March 1883.	Balakrishna Aiyar, B.A., B.L., March 1887.
Ananta Charlu, P. Rai Bahadur, B.L., 8th April 1870, Municipal Councillor.	Bhashyam Aiyangar, V., B.A., B.L., Rai Bahadur, 22nd July 1872, Junior Professor of Law, Presidency College, F. M. U.

* The dates after the names of the Attorneys and Vakils are those of their admission as such on the High Court rolls.

(a) Notary Public.

PRACTISING IN MADRAS—Continued.

Desika Chari, V. C., B.A., B.L., March 1887.
Desika Chari, V. K., B.A., B.L., 31st March 1885.
Etherajulu Mudaliyar, T., B.A., B.L., 19th March 1885.
Gopala Chari, P. R., B.A., B.L., 27th March 1885.
Gopala Rao, M., B.A., B.L., 27th March 1877.
Gopalan Nayar, T., B.A., B.L., 2nd March 1883.
Govinda Menon, K. P., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Jagaro Pillai, P. M., B.A., B.L., 4th January 1875.
Kaliyana Krishna Aiyar, T. A., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Kaliyana Rama Aiyar, S., B.A., B.L., 31st March 1884.
Kamesam Puntulu, J., B.A., B.L., 10 Dec. 1873.
Krishnama Chari, K., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Krishnaswami Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 27th April 1885.
Krishnaswami Chetti, P. V., B.A., B.L., 21st May 1873.
Krishnaswami Aiyangar, D. S., B.A., B.L., 19th March 1886.
Krishnaswami Nayudu, N., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Krishnaswami Pillay, P., B.A., B.L., 21st April 1886.
Krishnaswami Aiyangar, N., B.A., B.L., 13th July 1886.
Mahadeva Aiyar, C., B.A., B.L., 8th May 1882.
Nallaswami, J. M., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Nammayya Chetti, C. N., B.A., B.L., 23th April 1880.
Narayana Kurup, T. C., B.A., B.L., March 1887.
Narayana Row, K., B.A., B.L., 10th April 1885.
Natesa Aiyar, P. R., B.A., B.L., 27th April 1885.
Narayanawami Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 1st May 1885.
Narayanawami Aiyar, M. S., B.A., B.L., 31st March 1885.
Parangatan Ramen, B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Ramachandra Aiyar, L. S., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Ramachandra Aiyar, T. R., B.A., B.L., 1st May 1885.
Raghavendra Rao, D., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1883.
Rajaram Rao, S., B.A., B.L., 10th December 1885.
Ramachandra Rao, C., B.A., B.L., 6th May 1885.
Ramachandra Rao Saib, C., B.L., 27th Nov. 1871.
Ramanuja Chariar, K., B.A., B.L., 17th March 1886.
Ramanuja Chariyar, T. S., B.A., B.L., 13th April 1874.
Rama Rao, K. P., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Rama Row, Raja T., B.A., B.L., 11th April 1867, F. M. U.
Ramaswami Aiyar, E. S., B.A., B.L., 6th May 1885.
Ramaswami Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 3rd April 1884.
Ramaswamy Mudaliyar, S., M.A., B.L., 10th April 1876, Municipal Councillor.
Ramanuja Chariyar, K., M.A., B.L., 17th March 1886.
Ranga Chariar, D. S., B.A., B.L., 2nd April 1883.
Rangaswami Aiyar, S. T., B.A., B.L., 10th July 1885.
Sadagopa Chariyar, R., B.A., B.L., 18th Feb. 1880.
Sadasiva Rao, T., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Sambasiva Aiyar, N., B.A., B.L., 15th April 1886.
Sankara Menon, K., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Sankara Menon, K. P., B.A., B.L., 24th March 1882.
Sankara Nayar, C., B.A., B.L., 24th March 1880.
Seshagiri Aiyar, T. V., B.A., B.L., 21st March 1886.
Sivagnana Mudaliyar, P. M., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Sivaswami Aiyar, P. S., B.A., B.L., 17th April 1885.
Srinivasa Aiyar, A., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Srinivasa Rao, M., B.A., B.L., 11th March 1881.
Sri Ranga Chariyar, M. E., B.A., B.L., 6th April 1883.
Subba Rao, T., B.A., B.L., 27th July 1880.
Subrahmanya Aiyar, C., B.A., B.L., 23rd March 1886.
Subrahmanya Aiyar, S., B.A., B.L., 21st April 1886.
Subrahmanya Aiyar, The Hon'ble Rai Bahadur, S., B.L., 15th November 1869, Member, Madras Legislative Council.
Sundara Aiyar, P. R., B.A., B.L., Mar. 1887.
Sundara Rao, T. V., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Sundaram Shastri, C. V., B.A., B.L., 22nd March 1876.
Swaminatha Sastri, S., B.A., B.L., 2nd April 1883.
Venkatasubba Rao, R., B.A., B.L., 6th January 1886.
Venkatarama Aiyar, T. V., B.A., B.L., 27th March 1885.
Venkata Ramayya Chetti, M., B.A., B.L., 8th April 1885.
Venkoba Rao, D., B.A., B.L., 7th July 1885.
Venkoba Rao, K., B.A., B.L., April 1887.
Visvanatha Aiyar, K. P., B.A., B.L., 22nd December 1879.

NOT PRACTISING IN MADRAS.

Ananta Chari, P. C., B.A., B.L., 12th April 1875, Public Prosecutor, Bellary.
Anantanarayana Aiyar, S. A., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1880, Negapatam, Municipal Councillor.
Appadorai Aiyar, M., B.A., B.L., 12th February 1885, Tinnevely.
Bashya Chari, V., B.A., B.L., 12th May 1886, Madura.
Chellaya Pillai, C., B.A., B.L., 21st April 1880, Cuddalore.
Chelva Aiyangar, N., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1884, Godavari.
Cochunni Menon, V. K., B.A., B.L., 27th March 1885, Tellicherry.
Desika Chari, C., B.A., B.L., 26th March 1877, Madura, Hony. Magistrate.

NOT PRACTISING IN MADRAS—Continued.

Fernandes, B.A., B.L., V. M., 18th April 1882, Mangalore.
Jambulinga Mudaliyar, C., B.A., M.L., 20th December 1881, Cuddalore.
Kachapeswarayya, A., B.L., 31st March 1875, Municipal Councillor, Chingleput.
Kalyanasundaram Aiyar, K., B.A., B.L., 17th July 1876, Tanjore.
Kasturi Ranga Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 31st March 1885, Coimbatore.
Kelappa Kurup, V. K., 31st March 1885, Tellicherry.
Krishna Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 24th April 1878.
Krishna Bhat, U. C., B.A., B.L., 6th May 1885, Mangalore.
Krishna Menon, T. C., B.L., April 1877.
Kuppuswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L.
Lawrance John, C. S., B.A., B.L., 4th February 1877, Bangalore.
Narasimha Aiyar, P. S., B.A., B.L., 5th April 1880.
Narayanawami Aiyar, A., B.A., B.L., 26th March 1877, Madura.
Narayanawami Aiyar, M. S., B.A., B.L.
Narayana Aiyar, P., B.A., B.L., 30th March 1883, Madura.
Padmanabha Menon, K. P., B.A., B.L., 16th April 1885, Ernakulam (Cochin).
Pattabhiramier, C. B., B.A., B.L., 8th April 1878, Tanjore.
Ramachandra Aiyar, V., B.L., 17th April 1871, Tinnevely.
Ramachandra Rao, V., B.A., B.L., 8th February 1881, Kumbakonam.
Ramakrishna Aiyar, M. R., B.A., B.L., 27th April 1886, Tinnevely.
Ramasubbaiyar, S. R., B.A., B.L., 22nd March 1876, Madura, Chairman, Municipal Council.
Rozario, J. L., B.A., B.L., 13th February 1885, Tellicherry, Honorary Magistrate, Municipal Councillor, Tellicherry, and Lient., Malabar Volunteer Corps.
Sri Anantha Subrahmanya Sarmah, B.A., B.L., 11th July 1876.
Soobrayalu Reddiyar, A., B.A., B.L., 7th April 1879, Cuddalore.
Subba Rao, Amembal, B.A., B.L., 2nd May 1877, Mangalore, Municipal Councillor.
Subba Rao, N., B.A., B.L., 30th April 1886, Godavari, Honorary Magistrate, Rajahmundry.
Subba Rao, M. V., B.A., B.L., 26th July 1882, Godavari, Municipal Councillor.
Subbramanya Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 24th April, Tanjore.
Sundaram Aiyar, T. S., B.A., B.L., 22nd July 1880, Tanjore.
Swaminada Aiyar, V., B.A., B.L., 24th April 1882, Tanjore.
Theruvankata Chari, M. S., B.A., B.L., 17th April 1885, Trichinopoly.
Venkata Subbarayudu S., 12th September 1876, Masulipatam.
Venkatesa Aiyar, R., B.A., B.L., 18th May 1874, Madura, Municipal Councillor.

NOT PRACTISING.

Annaswami Aiyar, A., 7th March 1883, District Munsiff, S. Malabar.
Annaswami Aiyar, P., B.A., B.L., 1st April 1881, Judge, Pudukkotta.
Durasami Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 10th April, 1876, District Munsiff.
Gopala Chari, S., B.A., B.L., 18th February 1878, Sub-Judge, Madura (East).
Gopala Chariyar, W., B.A., B.L., 15th April 1878, District Munsiff.
Gurumurti Ayya, P. S., B.A., B.L., 29th June 1875, District Munsiff.
Karunakara Menon, C. R., Madras.
Krishna Menon, T. C., B.A., B.L., 16th April 1877, Zillah Judge, Travancore.
Krishna Rao, P. S., B.A., B.L., 9th April 1884, Dy. Registrar, Mysore Chief Court.
Krishna Rao, T. V., B.A., B.L., 9th April 1884, Interpreter, Magistrate's Court, Bangalore.
Krishnaswami Aiyangar, V., B.A., M.L., 3rd April 1883, Apprentice to qualify as an Advocate.
Kuppuswami Aiyar, C. G., B.A., B.L., 17th July 1879, District Munsiff.
Lakshmi Narasimham Chetti, A., B.A., B.L., 7th August 1878, District Munsiff.
Mundappa Bangera, B.A., 31st March 1880, District Munsiff.
Narasimha Aiyer, N. R., B.A., B.L., 7th April 1879, District Munsiff.
Parthasarthy Aiyangar, S., B.A., B.L., 20th March 1865, Madras.
Ragunathaiya, S., B.A., B.L., 8th July 1878, District Munsiff.
Rajagopala Chariar, P., M.A., B.L., 3rd July 1885, Dy. Collr. and Municipal Councillor, Trichinopoly.
Ramachandra Aiyar, A., B.L., 13th April 1870, Judge, Mysore, F. M. U.
Ramayya Punja, A., B.A., B.L., 16th April 1879, Munsiff and Magistrate, Mercara.
Ranga Chari, C., B.A., B.L., 16th April 1885.
Ranga Rao, V., B.A., B.L., 31st March 1880, District Munsiff.
Ranga Chariyar, T. T., B.A., B.L., 21st April 1880, District Munsiff.
Ranga Chari, P. V., B.A., B.L., 8th April 1879.
Rangayya Naidu, P., Madras, Municipal Councillor.
Sadasiva Aiyar, T., B.A., B.L., 3rd April 1882.
Saminath Bavaji Punt., B.A., B.L., Pudukkotta.
Soobramaniya Shastri, V., B.A., B.L., 5th May 1883, District Munsiff.
Thamothiram Pillai, C. W., B.A., B.L., 22nd December 1882, Chief Judge, Court, Pudukkotta, F. M. U.
Terunarayana Chariyar, M. A., B.A., B.L., 28th April 1879, District Munsiff, Mysore.
Varada Rao, T., B.A., B.L., Probationer for the Statutory Civil Service.
Venkatarama Aiyar, T., B.A., B.L., 11th July 1877, District Munsiff.

Permanent Commissioners for taking acknowledgments by married women in England of Deeds relating to property in India.

Josephine Frederick Watkins, Esq., 44, Parliament Street, Westminster, 7th July 1871.
John Tenton Pulling, Esq., 3, Adelaide Place, London Bridge, and Blackheath, Kent, 7th July 1871.

John Nesbitt Malleson, Esq., Austin Friars, London, 7th July 1871.

Alfred Atkinson Pollock, Esq., Lincoln's Inn Fields, London, 7th July 1871.

Commissioners for taking affidavits or solemn affirmations or declarations in all suits, matters, and proceedings, in the High Court of Judicature at Madras, and also for taking the acknowledgments of married women in respect of property in India.

John Nesbitt Malleson, Esq., 11, Austin Friars, London, 28th January 1876.
Graham Keen, Esq., 24, Knight Rider Street, Doctor's Commons, London, 28th January 1876.

Monier F. Williams, Esq., 6 and 7, Great Tower Street, London, E. C., 2nd September 1881.
John Sharp Mercer, Esq., 1, Copthall Court, Throgmorton Street, and 4, Trafalgar Square, London, 2nd September 1881.

John Shaw, Esq., 48, Bedford Row, London, W. C., 2nd September 1881.

Edward Harry Adcock, Esq., 19, Palmerston Buildings, Old Broad Street, London, and Penge, in the County of Surrey, 2nd September 1881.

Harry Frederick Pollock, Esq., 4, Great Winchester Street, London, E. C., and Hanworth, in the County of Middlesex, 2nd September 1881.

Frederick Tucker Aston, Esq., 59, Lombard Street, London, and Westfield Surbiton, in the County of Surrey, 2nd September 1881.

Frederick Parish, Esq., 1 and 2, Great Winchester Street Buildings, Great Winchester Street, London, E. C., 2nd September 1881.

William Richard Augustine Kime, Esq., 49, Bedford Row, London, W. C., 2nd September 1881.

Charles Sanderson, Esq., 46, Queen Victoria Street, London, E. C., 19th September 1881.

William Biagioni Paterson, Esq., 101, St. Vincent Street, Glasgow, 26th July 1882.

James George Cotton Minchin, Esq., 2, Metal Exchange Buildings, 95 and 96, Gracechurch Street, London, E. C., 24th April 1885.

Walter Meacock Wilkinson, Esq., 14, Bedford Street, Covent Garden, London, W. C., and Kingston on Thames, in the County of Surrey, 24th April 1885.

James Williamson, Esq., 150, West Regent Street, Glasgow, 2nd September 1885.

Robert Caldwell Anderson, Esq., Collins Street, West Melbourne (Victoria), Australia, 6th April 1886.

Francis Charles Greenfield, Esq., 3, Lancaster Place Strand, London, W. C., 23rd July 1886.

SUBORDINATE JUDGES.

First Grade—Pay Rs. 800.

1. K. R. Krishna Menon Tinnevely.
2. V. P. D'Rosario, Esq. Palghat, (Malabar, South).
3. K. Kunjan Menon Tellicherry, (Malabar South).

Second Grade—Pay Rs. 650.

1. W. E. T. Clarke, Esq., B.A., Barrister-at-Law) Ootacamund.
2. T. Ganapathi Aiyar Kumbakonam, (Tanjore).
3. A. J. Mangalam Pillai, B.A., B.L. Tadpatri, (Bellary).
4. C. Venkoba Chari Madura, (West).
5. B. K. Krishnan, B.L. Calicut, (Malabar South).

Third Grade—Pay Rs. 500.

1. T. Ramaswami Aiyangar Negapatam, (Tanjore).
2. T. Kanagasabhai Mudaliyar Tanjore.
3. S. Gopala Chari, B.A., B.L. Madura, (East).
4. Venkata Rangaiyar Ellore, (Godavari).
5. C. V. Gopalan Nayar Mangalore, (South Canara).
6. V. Srinivasa Chari, B.A. Cocanada, (Godavari).

† Also Magistrate, 1st Class, and Justice of the Peace.

NOTARIES PUBLIC IN MADRAS.

Mr. E. Barclay. | Mr. A. Champion. | Mr. W. Branson. | Mr. James Carr.
„ W. Morgan. | „ R. Branson. | „ C. W. Wilson.

In supersession of Home Department Notification No. 1369, dated the 15th September last, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to appoint, under the provisions of Section 3, Act XXVI of 1881 (The Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881), the following Registrars and Sub-Registrars in the Madras Presidency to perform the functions of Notaries Public under that Act:—

List of Notaries Public appointed by virtue of their offices, who are to exercise their functions within the local areas mentioned in Col. 2.

Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.	Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.	Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.
<i>Registrar of</i>		<i>Sub-Registrar.</i>		<i>Sub-Registrar.</i>	
Tanjore	Tanjore.	Do	Krishnagiri.	Do	Nadapuram.
Madura	Madura.	Do	Kollegal.	Do	Dindigul.
Tinnevely	Tinnevely.	Do	Kasargod.	Do	Tripatur, (Salem).
Calicut	Calicut.	Do	Kuttiyadi.	Do	Maduranta-kam.
Nellore	Nellore.	Do	Payal.	Do	Tiruvettiyur.
Bellary	Bellary.	Do	Palladam.	Do	Nanguneri.
North Arcot	Chittoor.	Do	Kottapatam.	Do	Srirangam.
Coimbatore	Coimbatore.	Do	Midharjuna-m.	Do	Natuvannur.
Salem	Salem.	Do	Udipi.	Do	Tiretala.
Tellicherry	Tellicherry.	Do	Sholanandan.	Do	Vetatapudi-yangadi.
South Canara	Mangalore.	Do	Kangyam.	Do	Alatur.
Chingleput	Saidapet.	Do	Kumbakonam.	Do	Ramachen-drapuram.
Ganjam	Chatrapur.	Do	Tirushuli.	Do	Tirumanga-lam.
Vizagapatam	Vizagapatam.	Do	Tirupattur.	Do	Razipur.
Godavari	Cocanada.	Do	(Madura).	Do	Palni.
South Arcot	Cuddalore.	Do	Melur.	Do	Karur.
Nilgris	Ootacamund.	Do	Manaparai.	Do	Yellamanchili.
Cuddapah	Cuddapah.	Do	Mankara.	Do	Quilandi.
Trichinopoly	Trichinopoly.	Do	Manjeri.	Do	Chidambaram.
Kistna	Masulipatam.	Do	Mannarghat.	Do	Guntur.
Kurnool	Kurnool.	Do	Malapuram.	Do	Sriperumbudur.
		Do	Tenkarai.	Do	Shiyali.
		Do	Negapatam.	Do	Pettai.
		Do	Shermadevi.	Do	Palamcottah.
		Do	Pattur, (North Arcot).	Do	Conjeeveram.
Do	Parushottapur.	Do	Koilkuntla.	Do	Satur.
Do	Sivakadu.	Do	Veeravilli.	Do	Arantangi.
Do	Chingleput.	Do	Peddapuram.	Do	Dharapuram.
Do	Maderpauk.	Do	Gudur.	Do	Bobbili.
Do	Adoni.	Do	Srivilliputtur.	Do	Mayavaram.
Do	Arcot.	Do	Tirurangadi.	Do	Chavakod.
Do	Sivaganga.	Do	Kodavayur.	Do	Chevayur.
Do	Palghat.	Do	Cherpallcheri.	Do	Tiruprayar.
Do	Arni.	Do	Perundurai.	Do	Cannanore.
Do	Erode.	Do	Tenkasi.	Do	Kulitalai.
Do	Vittal.	Do	Pollachi.	Do	Turaiyur.
Do	Hosdurg.	Do	Periyakulam.	Do	Tiruvadanai.
Do	Perintalamana.	Do	Ambasamudram.	Do	Namakal.
Do	Ellore.	Do	Patukota.	Do	Nannilam.
Do	Yernagudem.	Do	Poonamallee.	Do	Tiruvallur.
Do	Hospet.	Do	Varttirayirapu.	Do	(Tanjore).
Do	Brahmawar.	Do	Narsapur.	Do	Mannargudi.
Do	Proddutur.	Do	Vridhachalam.	Do	(Tanjore).
Do	Tiruvadi (Tanjore).	Do	Allur, (Nellore).	Do	Otapidaram.
Do	Tanuku.	Do	Goomsur.	Do	Tiruvallur.
Do	Ongole.	Do	Vizianagrum.	Do	(Chingleput).
Do	Rayadrug.				
Do	Sankaranainarkoil.				

List of Notaries Public appointed by virtue of their offices, who are to exercise their functions within the local areas mentioned in Col. 2—(concluded).

Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.	Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.	Office.	Sub-district constituting local area.
<i>Sub-Registrar</i>	Morapanad.	<i>Sub-Registrar</i>	Amlapuram.	<i>Sub-Registrar</i>	Kattapetta.
Do ...	Tirupati.	Do ...	Chicacole.	Do ...	Gudivada.
Do ...	Tirutani.	Do ...	Vellore.	Do ...	Kandukur.
Do ...	Tindivanam.	Do ...	Villupuram.	Do ...	Bezvada.
Do ...	Maunargudi, (S. Arcot).	Do ...	Tiruturapundi.	Do ...	Wandur.
Do ...	Udamalpet.	Do ...	Vallam.	Do ...	Alamuru.
Do ...	Valangiman.	Do ...	Lalgudi.	Do ...	Sivakasi.
Do ...	Bhimavaram.	Do ...	Kayatar.	Do ...	Jayankonda-chalapuram.
Do ...	Alwar Tirunagiri.	Do ...	Tiruchendur.	Do ...	Aska.
Do ...	Ramnad.	Do ...	Tanur.	Do ...	Anjerkandi.
Do ...	Coondapur.	Do ...	Uttaramallur.	Do ...	Polur.
Do ...	Tadpatri.	Do ...	Virudupati.	Do ...	Cochin.
Do ...	Tranquebar.	Do ...	Tirukoilur.	Do ...	Karikal.
		Do ...	Gudiyatam.	Do ...	Tuticorin.

DISTRICT MUNSHIPS.

1st Grade 400—2nd Grade 300—3rd Grade 250—4th Grade 200 Rupees.

ANANTAPUR.

3rd Grade.
A. Lakshmi Narasimham Chetti, B.A., B.L. Gooty.

ARCOT—NORTH.

1st Grade.
C. Purushothamaya Tirupati.
B. Viraswami Ayya Arni.
2nd Grade.
M. Jayaram Rao Chittoor.
V. Subramaniya Shastri, B.L. Vellore.

4th Grade.
C. Dandayudapani Aiyar, Sholinghur.

ARCOT—SOUTH.

1st Grade.
N. Swaminatha Aiyar Cuddalore.
2nd Grade.
K. Ramachandra Aiyar Villupuram.
K. Krishnalingam Virudachalam.
3rd Grade.
V. Narayana Rao Tirukowalur.
V. Malhari Rao Chidambaram.

BELLARY.

2nd Grade.
B. Ramaswami Nayudu, B.A. Bellary.
H. Krishna Rao Penukonda.

4th Grade.
V. Ranga Rao Narayandevarkeri.

CANARA—SOUTH.

1st Grade.*
A. Venkata Ramana Pol. Mangalore.
K. Krishna Rao, B.A. Udipi.
J. Lobo Pettur (Uppinangudi).

2nd Grade.
I. P. Fernandez Kassargod.

3rd Grade.
U. Babu Rao, B.L. Kundapur.

CANARA—SOUTH—continued.

4th Grade.
M. Mundappa Bangera, B.A., B.L. Karkal (Udipi).

CHINGLEPUT.

1st Grade.
S. A. Krishna Rao Poonamallee.
C. Suri Aiyar Chingleput.

3rd Grade.
C. Srinivasa Shastri, (under suspension) Trivellore.

4th Grade.
V. T. Subramanya Pillai, (Acting in 4th Grade) Trivellore.

COIMBATORE.

1st Grade.
P. Narayanaswami Aiyar Coimbatore.
2nd Grade.
T. Doraswami Pillai Erode.
T. Ramaswami Aiyar Udamalpetta.

4th Grade.
A. David Pillai, (Ag. in 3rd Grade) Karur.

CUDDAPAH.

1st Grade.
G. Narasimhulu Nayudu Madanapalle.
2nd Grade.
D. Yagappa Nandalur.
S. Subba Rao Proddutur.
3rd Grade.
A. F. Elliot* Cuddapah.

GANJAM.

1st Grade.
G. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu Tekkali.
3rd Grade.
V. Lakshmi Narasimhulu Pantulu Berhampore.

4th Grade.
P. J. Fox Chicacole.
M. Viswanatha Aiyar, B.A. Aska.

* Also Justice of the Peace.

GODAVARI.

2nd Grade.

C. Rangayya Pantulu Narasapur.
O. Sivarama Krishnamma, B.A., B.L. Ellore.

3rd Grade.

I. Lakshmi Narayana Rao Nayudu, B.A., B.L. Rajahmundry.
G. Jagannatha Rao Pantulu, (on priv. leave) Amalapuram.
T. R. Malhari Rao Peddapuram.

4th Grade.

Y. Janaki Ramayya Cocanada.
R. Hanumantha Rao Tanuku.
C. Bappayya Ag. Amalapuram.

KISTNA.

1st Grade.

M. B. Sundara Rao Masulipatam.
M. Ramayya Bapatla.

2nd Grade.

E. Subbaroyudu Nayudu Bezvada.

4th Grade.

E. J. S. White Karampudi.
V. Suriya Narayana, (Ag. in 3rd Grade) Guntur.

KURNOOL.

3rd Grade.

T. Swami Rao, (Ag. in 2nd Grade) Kurnool.

4th Grade.

S. Alagasigari Nayudu Markapur.
P. Sambayya, (on priv. affairs leave) Nandyal.
C. Munuswami Nayudu, (Ag. in 4th Grade) Nandyal.

MADURA.

1st Grade.

M. A. Tirumala Chariyar, B.A., B.L. Diindigul.

2nd Grade.

P. S. Gurumurthi Ayya, B.A., B.L. Madura, (Principal).

3rd Grade.

A. Swami Aiyar Paremangudi.
P. A. Lakshmana Chetti Tirumangalam.

4th Grade.

T. Venkata Ramayya, B.A., B.L. Sivagunga.

MALABAR—NORTH.

1st Grade.

Braz D'Rozario Cannanore (Chowa).

A. Chattu Nambiyar Badagara.

3rd Grade.

A. C. Kannan Nambiyar Nadapuram.

4th Grade.

S. Raghunathayya, B.A., B.L. Tellicherry.
J. A. D'Rozario Pynad (Quilandi).

—Ag. in Vayitri.
J. F. Pereira Kavvayi (Taliparamba).

MALABAR—SOUTH.

1st Grade.

O. Chandu Menon Nedunganad (Ottapalem)—Ag. in Shernad.
S. Subramaniya Aiyar Temelprom (Alatur).

2nd Grade.

Achutan Nayar, B.A., (on Shernad sick leave) (Parapanangudi).
N. Sarvothama Rao, B.A., B.L. Calicut.

3rd Grade.

P. Govinda Menon Chowghat.
B. Kamaren Nayar (Ag. in 2nd Grade) Betutnad (Tirur).
V. Rama Sastri, B.A. Palgat.

4th Grade.

A. Annaswami Aiyar, B.A., B.L. Ernad (Mangeri).
P. J. Itteyerah, B.A. Kutnad.
J. A. D'Rozario Ag. in Vayitri.
V. Raman Menon Angadipuram.
J. Kulu Eradi, (Ag. in 4th Grade) Pynad (Quilandi).
K. Ramachandra Aiyar, (Ag. in 4th Grade) Nadunganad (Ottapalem).

NELLORE.

1st Grade.

T. Ramachandra Rao Pantulu, B.A., B.L. Nellore.

2nd Grade.

C. Venkata Rao Sahib Ongole.

3rd Grade.

M. M. Abdul Allam Sahib, Kavali.

SALEM.

1st Grade.

S. Manavalayya Salem.

3rd Grade.

P. Aiyavaiyar Namakal.

4th Grade.

T. T. Ranga Chariyar, B.A., B.L. Tirupatur.
Sultan Mohi-ud-din Sahib, (Ag. Presy. Magt.) Krishnagiri.
T. S. Krishna Aiyar, (Sub pro tem 4th Grade) Krishnagiri.

TANJORE.

1st Grade.

G. Ramaswami Aiyar Kumbakonam.
H. Srinivasa Rao, (on priv. leave) Tanjore.
T. Audinarayana Chetti Shiyali.
S. Subbalyar Negapatam.
S. Doraswami Aiyangar Valanginam.
T. A. Krishnaswami Aiyar, B.A. Maunargudi.

3rd Grade.

T. M. Ranga Chariyar, B.A. Mayavaram.
N. R. Narasimha Aiyar, B.A., B.L. Tiruvalur.
W. Gopala Charulu, B.A., B.L. Tiruvadi.

4th Grade.

C. Ranga Rao (Ag. in 3rd Grade) Tirutrapundi.
T. Venkatarama Chetti Patukota.

TINNEVELLY.

1st Grade.

S. Krishnaswami Aiyar Tuticorin.
V. Swaminatha Aiyar, B.A., B.L., (Ag. in 4th Grade) Tanjore.

2nd Grade.

S. Ponnuswami Mudali, (on sick leave) Srivaikuntam.

4th Grade.

C. Srinaga Chariyar Srivelliputtur.
T. M. Audinarayana Chetti, B.A. Tinnevely (Principal).
V. Kuppuswami Aiyar Ambasamudram.
A. Ramalinga Pillai Tinnevely, (Addtl).
P. Subramaniya Pillai, (Ag. in 4th Grade) Srivaikuntam.

TRICHINOPOLY.	VIZAGAPATAM.
1st Grade.	2nd Grade.
P. Doraswami Aiyar.....Trichinopoly. (Principal).	C. Subbaya Shastri' Vizianagaram.
2nd Grade.	3rd Grade.
K. Rangamannar Aiyangar ..Kulittalai.	C. Venkataratnam Chetti. .Bimlipatam.
4th Grade.	V. Appala Narasimha- rauz .....Parvatipur.
M. A. Kuppuswami Aiyangar, Trichinopoly. (Addl.)	4th Grade.
T. Sadasiva Aiyar, B.A., M.L., (Sub pro tem 4th Grade).....Ariyalur.	K. Ramalinga Shastri.....Vizagapatam.
	K. Murthirazu Pantulu...Yellamanchelli.
	C. Bapayya Pantulu.....(Posted) Razam.

Head Ast. Collr. and Magt., Nilgiris, exercising District Munsif's Powers.

A. C. Tate, M.C.S.Gudalur (Devala).

Tahsildar, exercising District Munsif's Powers.

M. Seshachellum NayuduKollegal (Coimbatore.)

Deputy Tahsildars and Sub-Magistrates, exercising District Munsif's Powers.

David Kuriyan.....Anjingo, (Malabar, South).

C. Viswanatha Rao.....Palni Hills, (Madura).

SARISHTADARS AND HEAD CLERKS OF DISTRICT AND SESSIONS COURTS.

SARISHTADARS, Pay Rs. 150—HEAD CLERKS, Pay Rs. 100.

Districts.	Sarishtadars.	Head Clerks.
Arcot, North.....	Solomon Pereira	C. Balasundara Mudaliyar.
Arcot, South.....	A. Samuel Christian Pillai	V. T. Subramaniya Pillai, (on dep.)
Bellary	T. Rangaswami Mudaliyar.....	T. Arokiaswami Pillai, (Ag.)
Canara, South	J. S. Saldanha, (on furlo)	G. Balaji Sing.
Chingleput	P. Rama Rao, (Ag.)	P. Rama Rao, (on dep.)
Coimbatore	A. V. Parthasarathi Aiyangar.....	J. B. Fernandez, (Ag.)
Cuddapah	S. Srinivasa Ayya	W. J. DeSilva.
Ganjam	G. Singara Charulu	I. Venkatarangayya Nayudu.
odavari	Daniel Mahanty	A. Ramaswami Shastri.
Kistna	O. V. Nanjunda Aiyar.....	G. Ranga Rao.
Kurnool	A. M. Sabhapati Mudaliyar	N. Somayajulu.
Madura	L. Chandu Laul	V. Sriramulu.
Malabar, North	A. Ramalingam Pillai	M. Madhava Rao.
Malabar, South	M. R. Kellappan.....	T. Johnson.
Nellore	M. Vythi Menon.....	M. Subramaniya Aiyar.
Salem	S. VenkataRamanayya	I. Venkataswami Nayudu.
Tanjore	T. P. Komaraswami Pillai.....	R. Ramakrishna Aiyar.
Tinnevely	R. Pakiyam Pillai	P. Sitarama Aiyar.
Trichinopoly	S. Raghupathi Rao.....	T. Jambunatha Aiyar.
Vizagapatam	T. B. Vasudeva Shastri	J. D. Savari Raya Pillai.
	N. Lakshmana Rao	P. Savaraya Pillai.
		S. Sitharamachandradu Pantulu.

SARISHTADARS OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGES' COURTS.

Pay Rs. 100.

Canara, South—Mangalore.....	T. M. Noronha.
Bellary—Tadpatri	Y. Appu Rao.
Godavari—Cocanada.....	C. D' Rozario.
Do. —Ellore	P. Rama Rao.
Madura, (East)	C. Subramaniya Aiyar.
Madura, (West)	A. Mahadeva Aiyar.
Malabar, North—Tellicherry	Geo. LaPort.
Do. South—Palghat	J. Kuriyan.
Do. South—Calicut	K. Karunakaran Nayar.
Nilgiris—Ootacamund	C. Stainslaus Pillai.
Tanjore.....	S. Dairyanada Mudaliyar.
Do. —Kumbakonam	P. Ramanatha Aiyar.
Do. —Negapatam.....	S. Authinarayana Aiyar.
Tinnevely	P. Subramaniyam Pillai.

† Magistrate, 2nd Class.

PLEADERS PRACTISING IN THE MOFUSSIL COURTS.

ARCOT, NORTH.

District and Sessions Court.

M. Sundrayer, V. Venkayya, T. S. Narasinga Row, Mr. H. C. Gooch,* C. Subramaniya Reddiyar, W. Ragava Mudaliar, E. Venkataramanaya,* C. G. Vasudevier, V. Gopala Charlu, B.A., C. V. Srinivasa Charlu, B.A., C. Varada Charlu, V. A. Subramaya, C. Balakistna Mudaliar, T. Venkata Row,* V. Subramaya, P. Narasimha Iya, C. N. Narasimhacharlu,* M. Panchanada Iyer, C. Jagannaikala Naidu, B.A.,* V. Veeraragava Charlu, B.A., C. Venkata-kistna Mudaliar,* A. V. Subramanya Iyer,* N. Srinivasa Varada Charlu, V. D. Arunachela Mudaliar, B.A., D. V. Rajagopala Charlu and V. Marga Sastri.

Munsiff's Court, Sholingur District.

C. Gopalaya, N. Venkat Row, M. Arnachella Sastri, P. Asvadda Narranaya, K. Narasimha Chari, K. Subbaroyapillai, L. Kuppusamaiya, C. Subbaya Naidu, V. Teruvangadacharry, A. K. Varadacharri, S. Venkatramiah and C. V. Narasimma.

Munsiff's Court, Tripaty District.

E. Ramayya, K. Chenchal Row, V. Kristnama Charlu, V. Runga Charlu, C. Sundara Charlu, T. Kristnaya, V. Anantha Charlu, C. Srinivasa Charlu, C. Kristuama Charlu, C. Rajagopala Charlu, S. Ramanuja Charlu, C. Srinivasa Charlu, C. Govinda Charlu, Gopala-kristnaya and Sri Bharyam Ananthacharry.

Munsiff's Court, Arnee District.

Varada Charlu, N. Sudarsana Charlu, B. Ragava Charlu, A. Vythiyanada Iyer, V. Parasuramiyyer, V. Subba Row, Viswanada Sastri, P. Seetharamaya, P. Narasimha Charlu, Arumuga Mudaliar, A. Kothandapany Mudaliar, C. Gurunurtaya, V. Muttiah Pillai and K. E. Narasimma Charlu.

Munsiff's Court, Chittoor District.

A. Ananda Row, P. Syedoommer Sahib, E. Nunjaya Chetti, C. Samacharry, Sarvothama Row, K. Munisami Chetty, P. Arunachela Iyer, D. G. Subba Naidu, C. Runganada Row and E. Adaya Kannayya.

Munsiff's Court, Vellore District.

N. Vijayaragava Charlu, V. Vuthandi Pillay, K. Ramasami Reddiar, D. Venkoba Row, A. K. Seshagiri Row, P. Anantachari, P. Narayanasami Naidu, S. Nageswariah, A. Krishnasamiah, P. Kotiah, V. Umamaheswariah, T. Somasundra Pillai, C. Balasundria Pillay, C. Lakshmana Row, A. Sami Aiyar, A. Virasami Naidu, T. K. Devaji Row and T. R. Saminadhayyar.

ARCOT, SOUTH.

District Court.

C. S. Shrinivasa Rao, M. Kumarasami Pillai, P. T. Parthasarathi Iyengar, B. Ramalinga Iyer, B. Krishnaiyar, B.A., Vilvanadaiyar, S. Duraisami Aiyar, P. Sama Row, V. Ramasami Aiyar, T. Krishnasami Aiyar, A. Rama Rao, Mr. Thomas Misquita, Mr. P. M. Pedroza (Attorney of the High Court), A. Subbarayulu Reddyar, B.A., B.L., (Vakil of the High Court), P. Parthasaradhi Aiyangar, V. Krishnamurti Rao, B.A., B.L., and S. Gopalasami Aiyangar.

Munsiff's Court, Tirukkovaalur.

D. Satakopa Naidu, D. Sama Rao, Sundararamaiyar, V. Srinivasa Row, Seshappaiyar, Ragunatha Row and S. Krishnasami Aiyar.

Munsiff's Court, Cuddalore.

T. Chidambara Pillai, M. Veeraragava Iyengar, D. Ramanjulu Naidu, T. Arumachalier, Tirunna Rao, N. A. Amirdasami Chettiyar, Venkata Subbatiyar, Vira Pillai, Krishnaiyar, P. Krishna Rao, Venkatarama Aiyar, C. Krishnasami Aiyar, M. Ramasami Pillai, N. S. Kuppusami Chetti, J. Chinnaasami Aiyar, C. Ramasami Aiyar, Nageswara Aiyar and Venkata Rao.

Munsiff's Court, Virdachalam.

Puthmanaba Iyer, Muthusami Iyer, Sama Row, Krishnama Chariyar, V. Kesava Mudaliyar, C. Srinivasa Aiyar, Gurumurti Aiyar and Subramayya Aiyar.

Munsiff's Court, Viluppuram.

K. Seetharamier, T. Venkatasubbier, O. Venkataramier, Ranga Chariar, Rangasami Aiyangar, Balakrishna Reddi, A. Sundaraiyar, Aiyasami Aiyar, A. Kannusami Pillai, T. Sankaraiyar and K. Saminada Aiyar.

Munsiff's Court, Chidambaram.

Kupusami Iyer, Krishna Iyer, Chukkavurthi Iyengar, Appasami Aiyar, V. Ramanuja Aiyangar, V. Desiga Chari, T. Desiga Chari, M. Ramasami Aiyar, N. Srinivasa Raghava Chari, M. V. Ramaiya, T. Ramasami Aiyangar, C. V. Arunachala Aiyar, C. N. Srinivasa Aiyar, A. S. Duraisami Aiyar and C. Rangasami Aiyangar.

* Not practising.

BELLARY.**District and Sessions Court.**

P. C. Anantha Charlu, B.A., B.L., (Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor), D. Raghavendra Rao, B.A., B.L., D. Vencoba Row, B.A., B.L., and G. H. Wright, Esq., (Attorney-at-Law).

1st Grade Pleaders.

Kollachellam Vencata Row, Comandur Srinivasa Charry, Nagadee Chengala Row, T. C. Vedachellum Mudaliar, Katarikonda Ranga Row, Mr. Parker Coultrup Shrieves, Pennaconda Rama Row, B.A., Asundi Bhima Rao, Agundi Krishna Row, D. Kristnama Charlu, B. Ramachandra Row, Doddy Bhima Row, M. Vasudeva Naidu, S. Vencata Chariar, K. V. Vencoba Row, H. Ramanuja Row, R. Govinda Row and G. Narasinga Row, B.A.†

Munsiff's Court, Bellary.**2nd Grade Pleaders.**

U. Jagunatha Row, J. Sreenivasa Charlu, D. Sama Row, O. Venkata Row, V. Venkata Row, G. Kristna Row, P. S. Venkappa Charlu, V. Mallesasum Mudaliar, Khajee Muhammad Omer Sahib, R. Govinda Setti, Pyda Purushothama Row, C. Silla Vasudevayya and Dummur Kristna Row.

Munsiff's Court, Gooty.**2nd Grade Pleaders.**

J. Yellappah, Saraf Ambajee Row, Y. Chowdappah, S. Bhoojanga Row, M. Seshagiri Row, P. Hanoomunta Row, J. Sreenivasa Row, M. Nagesa Row, K. Papasastrulu, R. Seshayya, Nagojee Srinivasa Row, A. Seeta Rama Row, Alumpur Bhima Row, O. Mudhva Row, Kolor Veerappa and P. Kesava Pillai.

Munsiff's Court, Narraindeverkerri.

Appajee Narasinga Row, Woonimani Seeta Rama Row, Dharwad Raghavendra Row, Dharmavaram Gopala Charlu and Adoni Bhima Row.

Munsiff's Court, Pennacondah.

V. R. Chakravarti, B. Narasinga Row, S. Vedajee Row, Venkata Narasappa, R. Hanoomunta Row, H. Dasappa, A. Venkatesamayya, Nagesa Row, B. Sreenivasa Row, P. Sreenivasa Charry, A. Ramachendriah, †G. Narasinga Row, B.A., and H. Venkoba Row.

BERHAMPORE.**District and Sessions Court, Ganjam.**

Digumarti Venkata Ramayya Pantulu (Public Prosecutor), Pakala Gopalarow Patrudu, B.A., Nabhi Ramamurti Pantulu, B.A., Ambatipudi Appayya Sastry,* C. Simbachalam Pantulu,* M. Jagannadham Pantulu, Gude Venkataramadoss Pantulu,* Marella Venkata Chalapaturow Pantulu, L. Sri Raghavarow Pantulu,* Baboo Chatterjee, Gade Raghavarow Pantulu, B.A., B.L., Bachu Narasimhasawmy Pantulu, B.A., B.L., and Bachu Venkata Ramadoss Pantulu, B.A., B.L.

Munsiff's Court, Aska.

Sonthi Suryanarayana Bhotlu, Kurada Virarazu Pantulu, S. Suryanarayana Sastry,* P. Narasimhaswami Pantulu, Kuppachi Ramakrishnaya, K. Venkatagopalrow Pantulu, L. Sri Raghavarow Pantulu and Ch. Appayya Pantulu.

Munsiff's Court, Berhampore.

Boidyonatho Mahapatro, Kuravi Rama Sastri, Somayazula Subbarow Pantulu, Zayanti Krishnaya Pantulu, Sripada Chinna Subbarow Pantulu, Susurla Suryanarayana Sastri, Jayanti Venkatachalam Pantulu, Vempati Atchayya Nayudu, M. Suryanarayana Setty,* P. Sundararamaya, Mr. William Mahanty, D. Jagannadharow Pantulu and Gade Venkata Ramadoss Pantulu.

Munsiff's Court, Chicacole.

Mangalapalli Subbayya Sastri, Zandhyala Sambayya Pantulu, Digumarti Gopal Row Pantulu, Govindu Narasimulu Bhukta, Tadigadapa Bapirazu, Viswanadham Guravayya, Tamma Suryanarayana Murti, Satuluru Sri Venkateswara Acharyar,* Motamarri Chelamayya Garu* and Neti Ramakrishnaya Garu.*

Munsiff's Court, Tekkali.

Gudaparti Venkata Sastri, Annapantula Ramayya Pantulu, Garimalla Jagannadham Pantulu, Mantrala Venkata Narsimha Sastri, Kalabariye Venkata Sitaramayya Pantulu, Ambatipudi Appayya Sastri, Satuluri Sri Venkateswara Acharyar, Bonta Sambasivarow Pantulu, Bulusu Venkanna Pantulu,* Batchu Narasimhaswamy, Ambatipudi Bangariiah.

* Not practising.

† Does not practice here but at Pennacondah.

‡ 1st Grade Pleader.

CALICUT, SOUTH MALABAR.**District Court Vakils.**

Barrister-at-Law.—W. S. Gantz, C. E. LaNauze, P. Rozario. *Solicitor.*—L. Gordon. *Pleaders.*—A. Govinda Menoki (*Government Pleader*), V. Kulu Eradi, Ananda Naraina Putter, V. Krishna Iyer, Viswanatha Iyer, C. Krishna Iyer, V. Vengu Iyer, K. Ramaswami Iyer, B. Rammunni Menon, K. Govinda Variar, K. Gopalen Nair, M. Rama Krishna Iyer, P. Shangara Naraina Iyer, K. N. Soobramania Iyer, P. A. Krishna Menon, K. Ramanatha Iyer, B.A., A. Soobramania Iyer, A. Krishna Iyer, T. K. Gangadhara Sastry, P. V. Venkitachala Iyer, Geo. F. Pereira, Srinivasa Iyengar, S. P. Subrama Iyer, C. P. Koyassen Kutti, K. S. Kolathur Iyer, Syed Iman Alvy, V. Karunakara Menon, P. Canaren Nair, L. Ayathara Putter, D. R. Viegas, K. Mani Mani, A. R. Soobramania Iyer, P. Govindu Menon, R. Gayatri Iyer, M. Subramani Iyer, K. P. Achuda Menon, K. Krishna Menon, S. R. Rama Krishniah, M. K. Subramani Iyer, T. Richmond, V. M. Govinda Menon, K. Achuda Nair, M. Soobiah, S. Samier, P. Komen Menon, C. M. Krishnan Nair, S. Varatharaja Iyer, A. N. Anatha Rama Iyer, B.A., B.L., K. Govind Nambiar, K. Narayana Marar, B.A., B.L., Muthukrishna Iyer, Kuppasami Sastriar, A. R. Ananta Rama Iyer, S. Krishnappa Chariar, M. G. Krishna Rao, K. S. Sivaramakrishna Iyer, P. Veeraraghava Iyer, P. Ananta Iyer and T. K. Mahadeva Iyer.

CANARA, SOUTH.**District and Subordinate Judges' Courts.**

M. Ramachandraya, K. Manjoonathaya, N. Shivarow, G. Venkatrow, K. B. Ramarow, H. Krishnaram, K. Santaya, P. Parameshwara, T. M. Ramarao, M. Subrao, K. Ramappa, L. Lobo, T. Bhavanirau, B. Ramappa, S. F. Brito, J. F. D'Souza, B. A., C. Anandrau, A. Subba Rao, B.A., B.L., S. Ramarao, M. Shivarow, N. Manjuthaya, K. Devarau, P. G. Subbarau, V. Narsappaya, F. Mascarenhas, M. Rangappa Bhandari, U. C. Krishnna Bhatta, B.A., B.L., and J. C. Coelho.

Munsiff's Court Kasargod.

K. Manjunathaya, A. Narayanan, K. Surappa, K. Balappa, B. Mangeshrao, S. Dathaya, P. Anantaya, P. Ramanathaya, B. Ramanaya, M. Subrao, C. Gopal Krishnaya, M. Mangeshrao, K. Raghunathaya, Upendra Prabhu P. Achutaya, L. Peris, K. Venkateshaya, M. Subbarow and S. Timmappayya.

Munsiff's Court, Mangalore.

S. Annappa, K. Timmappaya, M. Ramarao, N. Ramappa, N. Ramarao, N. Anandrau, K. Subbarow, Adige Shrinivasarao, H. Ramakrishnaya, A. Rangappaya, P. Subbarau, P. Laxuminarappaya, Mahomed Usman, Sheikh Husen Saib, Kabad Narayanarao, K. Narainarao, Janardana, Pai, B. Venkatrow, P. Subbarow, Pej-Subbarow, I. Venkatrow, S. Ganapaya, T. Subbarow, U. Laxumanarow, P. Shrinivas Rao, T. Gundu Rao, K. Santaya, K. Ranga Rao, K. Bhavani Rao, K. Krishna Row and Abraham Solomon Soanes.

Munsiff's Court, Udipi.

K. Subbarau, N. Shamara, A. Manjunathaya, G. Manjunathaya, T. Venkatramanaya, L. Kornelio, H. Narayana Rao, T. Laxumanarow, T. Bhavanirau, B. Narainaran, D. J. D'Souza, N. Annappaya, A. Angara Shetti, K. Madvarow, N. Manjunathaya and G. Shrinivasarow.

Munsiff's Court, Karkal.

K. Shashagiriayya, M. Mangesharow, K. Pandurangerow, A. Krishnaya, K. Rama Hegade, K. Vitlaya, H. Annappaya, M. Lakshumanarow, U. Ramarow, A. Sankappaya, P. Parmashaya, I. Krishnaya, P. Sheenappaya, John Baltazar Lobo, M. Chardappaya, P. Rama Rao and M. K. Annappaya.

Munsiff's Court, Kundapur.

G. Ganapaya, T. Mangesharao, B. Krishnaya, Gulvadi Manjunathaya, N. Ramappa, P. Venkatramanaya, K. Subbarau, B. Subbarau, L. Munjunathaya, G. Munjunathaya, M. Shrinivasacharya, Gr. Manjunathaya, B. Venkatramanaya, U. Ananta Naik, B. Subbarow and M. Ramappa.

Munsiff's Court, Puttur.

B. Mangesha Rao, C. Lakshmana Rao, M. Rangappa, S. Narayanarow, S. Venkataramanaya, P. D'Mello, G. Santappa, N. Narainar, T. Sheslaya, Savoor Narainaran, A. Raghavendrarow, G. Krishnaya, B. Annappa, Ahmed Haji, K. Timappaya, K. Shama Rao and B. Manjunathaya.

N.R.—The 2nd grade *Vakils* are not strictly attached to any particular Munsiff's Court under the present system, but are authorised to practise in any Munsiff's Courts they like within the district.

CHINGLEPUT.**District Court.**

First Grade Pleaders.—N. Kristna Row, G. Venkatavaradiah, P. Teroovalloor Iyengar, K. Govindachari, V. Varada Puntulu, M. Coopooaswamy Naidu, M. Varathachariar, P. T. Streenivasa Iyengar, T. N. Krishnamachariar, P. V. Subbarayaloo Naidu, M. Y. Ramanujachari, C. V. Ramanujachari, C. Rajagopalachari, D. Raghu Rama Rao, Mr. Henry Browne, C. R. Chackrapani Iyengar, E. C. Sachidanandam Pillai,† V. Swami Sastri, K. T. Narasimha Aiyangar,† V. Chinnaasamy Iyer,† A. Krishna Row Punt,† E. Venkataramaniah,† T. Venkatasami Naidu,† D. V. Rajagopalachariar, V. Venkatarachari and T. M. A. Narasimhaachariar.

Second Grade Pleaders.—Syed Abdullah Sahib, O. Kodandarama Naidu,† C. S. Vedachela Mudali, M. Appalachariar, P. Annasawmy Iyer, V. Streenivasa Row, V. Ragava Mudaliar, C. N. Chockalinga Mudaliar, C. P. Ramiangar, C. Venkatacharyer, W. Streenivasa Iyengar, P. Parthasarathy Iyengar,† Chinna Mudaliar, Y. Ramiah, T. Varada Pillay, C. Veerasamy Mudaliar,† T. Chinnaasami Mudaliar,† M. E. Seshadri Iyengar, T. Veyasa Row, K. Varada Pillay, T. E. Bhashyakarur, Iyasawmy Pillay, P. Alagasingum Naidu, N. Rungachariyar, I. Subba Row, P. V. Ramanujachari, V. Streenivasacharyar, C. Ramachendra Sastriar, T. Sabapathi Mudaliar, P. Venkatakrishna Pillai, Syed Macdoom Sahib, P. Raghavachariar, P. Jagannada Pillai, T. Subramanya Iyer, T. Streenivasachari, C. Subbiah, N. Streenivasaswami, C. Anantachariar, C. Kesava Pillai, N. Varadachariar, K. E. Narasimhaachary, T. N. Subbaramaya Sastri,† P. Chengalvaraya Naidu, N. Venkataragava Iyer, C. Chinnaakrishnamma Naidu, T. Arumuga Mudali, M. Raghava Chariar, C. Gopaladesika Chariar, P. S. Thumboosami Pillai, T. B. Komaravencatachariar, K. Ramachandra Aiyer, P. Murugesu Mudaliar, P. Dorasami Iyer, A. N. Narayana Chari,† T. K. N. Srinivasa Ragava Chariar, N. Arunachela Iyer,† Enambaukum Rama Row, C. Gurusamiah,† G. Krishnasami Iyer,† C. N. Gopala Chariar,† S. Sri Ramulu Naidu, T. Balu Mudaliar, C. Kadirvelu Mudaliar, C. Balaji Row, N. Krishna Iyer,† Y. Sabapathiya, E. D. Thomas Nadar, C. Vijayaraghavalu Naidu and V. Sesha Aiyar.

COIMBATORE.**District and Sessions Court.**

Attorneys.—L. Gordon, Esq., A. K. Winterton, Esq., A. S. Cowdell, Esq., P. Smith, Esq., E. W. Wilkins, Esq. *Vakeels.*—Venkatakrishnier, Mahomed Cudertullah Saib, Thernmalier, M. Veerabudriah, Moses Gnanaburnam Pillai, V. Cuppusamier, Vedaiaigum Pillai, Cuppusawmy Sastriyar, Mr. W. Williams, Shanmoogum Pillai, E. S. Appayathurai Iyer, N. Ramasawmy Iyer, M. R. Saminatha Iyer, S. Ramakrishnier, N. Annasawmy Row, M. Soobbiah, E. S. Ramanathier, Ramachendrarow, Rajendhar, N. Narasier, L. Kupparow, Sawmier, Karuvalore Srinivasa Row, J. Krishniengar, J. V. Ramasamier, H. Rama Row, Panchanada Iyah, Mr. H. C. Gooch, V. Krishna Kustoori Runglengar, B.A., B.L., Chakravarthy Vijaya Raghuvachary, B.A., L. Runga Row, T. Ramachendra Row, B.A., B.L., Vengu Iyer, M. Ramachandrier, S. C. Srinivasengar, C. R. Lakshminaranier, T. R. Ramachendriah, T. Sridhara Rao, B.A., B.L., and K. A. Maria Susai Pillai.

Subordinate Judges' Court, Nilgiris.

C. Raja Gopal Naidoo.

District Munsiff's Court, Coimbatore.

Kristnier, Raja Gopala Naiker, Iyasamy Moodelly, A. Jagannada Pillai, Vencataramaniah, Vencataramanier, Cundasawmy Moodelly, G. Veerasawmy Pillai, C. Kuppasami Iyer, Veerasami Chetty, Latchuminarasiah, K. Seshiengar, Gopalakrishnier, P. Vencatarow, Subramania Iyer, Soonderum Pillay, S. R. Subrayar, K. Chundra Sekaram Pillai, C. Krishnier Ramier, S. R. Hiranaiya Iyer, P. S. Vencataramaniah, P. Narainasami Naidu,* T. R. Hari Ram Misar, G. Krishnasami Chetty, Ramasawmy Iyengar, C. J. Savarinatham Pillay, S. T. Saminathier, R. Srinivasachary, V. Srinivasa Rao and T. N. Narayana Rao.

Munsiff's Court, Udampalpetai.

Lutchuminarasimmiengar, C. Kristnier, Veda Mamuni Pillai, Ramasawmy Pillai, Muniappa Pillai, Coopariengar, Narasimma Chariar, Cuppusamiah, Subramania Iyer, A. Venkatasubbiah, Veerasamier, Sundrum Pillai, Selamier,* Runga Row, Kristnachar, R. Subba Rao, K. A. Kristna Pillai, U. Srinivasien, Narannappier, S. R. Hiranaiya Iyer, C. Vencataramaniah, T. Ramasami Iyengar and Vyasa Rao.

Munsiff's Court, Erode.

* Ramasamier, A. Vencataramanier, Vythelingiar, Soobbaramier, Sabapathi Pillai, Lutchuminarasimier, Vencataramanier, Teruvuabalam Pillai, Govindier, Rama Sastry, C. Krishnier, Coopariengar, K. V. Naranier, Subboosamier, Naranayyer, K. Chundra Sekaram Pillai, Beema Row, S. V. Vencata Subbiah, K. R. Lakshminaraniah, T. R. Ramachendriah, N. Vencataramanier, S. L. Ramasami Iyer, P. R. Hiranaiya Iyer, S. Ramasami Iyengar, N. Soondrachar, S. R. Subbarayer, C. Raghuvier, T. G. Arunachella Iyer and Aiyaswami Iyer.

* Not Practising.

† Practising in Mercara.

† These have not renewed their Certificates through this Court.

Munsiff's Court, Karur.

Soondramier, Ragavier, C. Cuppusamier, Chinnaasawmy Pillai, Anantha Subbiah, Subbarama Sastry, K. Chundra Sekaram Pillai, T. Pudmanabiah, Tiroomala Thatha Charry, Sreenivassengar, Arunachelliah, C. Krishnier, Vencataramier, C. S. Ramasamier, C. Venkata Row, K. V. Naranier, Ramasoohier, K. Streenivasengar, Beemarow, Ramier, P. Narayanasawmy Naidoo and D. G. Subba Naidoo.

Munsiff's Court, Collegal.

Cunnasamiah, Vencataramanier, M. Srinivasa Iyengar and R. Ramachendra Row.

Munsiff's Court, Gudalore.

Vengu Patter, Seshamputter, Nilanattu Sami Nair, A. Govinda Menon, Subbu Putter and S. Venkataramaniah.

CUDDAPAH.**District and Sessions Court.**

1st Grade Pleaders.—Mr. M. W. Elliot (Public Prosecutor), T. Venkoba Row, S. Streenivasachari, R. Ethirazulu Naidu, B.A., B.L., V. Tirumala Row, C. Veerasamayya, A. Nannundappa, B.A., B.L., and P. Tirumala Row. *High Court Vakils.*—C. Jambulingam Mudaliar, B.A., M.L., C. Chellaya Pillay, B.A., B.L.

Munsiff's Court, Cuddappah.

K. Venkata Subbayya, S. Cuppa Row, K. Soorappa and C. Subramania Iyer.

Munsiff's Court, Nundalore.

A. Kristnayya, N. Moorthanna, A. Subba Row, Janga Venkata Subbayya, C. Anantha Chari, P. Gopalakrishnayya, K. Venkatamayya and K. Sama Rao.

Munsiff's Court, Proddatur.

N. Seethayya, B. Venkatachari, A. Ramachari, K. Venkata Row, C. Sundarachari, T. Venkata Rungachari, D. Sanjeeva Row, Y. Nagayya, C. Seshayya, G. Venkatamayya, M. Venkatakamashi Rao, C. Narasaramayya, and C. P. Gurumoorthi Sastri.

Munsiff's Court, Madanapalli.

M. Singarachari, G. Veerasamayya, R. Ramayya, V. Ragavendra Row, L. Venkata Subbayya, C. Ragava Reddi, J. Kristna Rao, M. K. Subba Row, K. Vasanta Reddi, O. Lakshmana Sarma, and Nayana Sastri.

GODAVERY.**District and Sessions Court.**

Saripalli Gopalakrishnamma, Adurti Buchi Venkappa, Kanukolanu Lakshminarayana Challapalli Hanumanulu, Bikari Saheb, Mohammad Ali Sahib, K. Venkataratnam Naidu,* C. Sitaramayya,* D. Kesavaramaswami,* Nyapati Subbarow Pantulu, B.A., B.L., (Public Prosecutor), Nori Bhimanna, Madireddi Viraswami Naidu, Nanduri Ramachendriku, Challapalli Ramabrahmam, Velagaleti Lakshmikantham, Mr. E. C. C. Ward, Toleti Lakshminarasimham,* Makarla Venkata Subbarow Naidu, B.A., B.L., Neti Venkata Somayajulu,* Mulukutta Venkata Somayajulu,* Madireddi Venkataratnam Naidu, B.A., Saripalli Sambasiva Rao, Chitrapu Rajagopal Rao, Kondamudi Seshagiri Rao, Yerramille Venkataratnam,* Sishtu Jagannadha Sastri, Vavilala Venkatasiva Avadhani Rallapalli Sreeramulu Kurucheti Ramabrahmum, Iyyenki Venkataramayya,* N. Cheluva Iyyengar, B.A., B.L., E. S. Wilkins, Esq., (*Barrister-at-Law*), Kurumaddali Gopalakrishnayya, U. Gopalakrishnam, V. G. Narayana Iyer, Basavarazu Gavarranz, B.A., and M. Butchi Papayya.

Subordinate Court, Cocanada.

E. S. Wilkins, Barrister-at-law, Kakerla Venkata Narsimham, Balijepalli Sankarasastri, Uzaraupa Umapati, Somina Venkayya, Tatavarti Seshayya, Mulukutla Venkata Somayajulu, Ganjam Venkataratnam, Gundam Venkataswamy Naidu, Krutiventi Perrazu, Mullapudy Sobhanadi Rao, Toleti Lakshminarasimham, Durshetti Seshagirirow, B.A., B.L., Potapragada Sriramulu, Digumarti Kesava Ramaswamy, Kurumaddali Gopala Kristiah and M. F. E. Sico.

Subordinate Court, Ellore.

Palankipati Venkataramayya, Dasu Sriramulu, Koka Venkataratnam Nayadu, Goteti Venkatasivarow, Rayapati Venkataramayya, Punyamurtula Kristnamraz, Damaraz Lakshminarayana, Mylavaramu Suryanarayana, Elavarapu Katchapésvara Sastri, Kotaru Rajanna, Damarazu Venkataramayya, Turlapati Seshachelam, Tamirasa Venkata Nilayya, Challapalli Ramayya, Bandikutla Prabhulingam, Kamarazugaddu Subbarayadu, Munshi Mahomed Abdul Gafur Saheb, Yangaia Viraraghavachari, Varnasi Lakshminarasimham Sastri (1st Grade), Kommu Venkatasubbaraya Sastry (1st Grade), Kommu Subbarayadu (2nd Grade), Vudayagiri Gopalakrishnam (1st Grade), Seetamaraju Rajanna (2nd Grade), Kurumaddali Gopalakrishnayya (1st Grade), Tummalapalli Gopalakrishnamoorthy, Ayyagari Sitaramayya, Vemoory Ramjearao, Advikolanu Chakrapani Rao.

* Not practising.

District Munsiff's Court, Rajahmundry.

Balijapalli Ramakistna Sastri, Kolapalli Subbakavi *alias* Subbarayadu, Chintapenta Viranna, Dharanipragada Venkata Narsimham, Gorindarazula Bhuvanasa Rao, Vemuri Venkatachalam, Lal Mahomed Sahib, Somanthi Suriyya, Damarazu Nagarazu, Gundavarapu Rama Murti, Veluri Venkatramayya, Rali Gangarazu, Satuluri Venkatachurnu, Perimi Subbarow Nayadu.

Cocanada.

Kakarla Kanakaraju, Mulukutla Bapauna, Sattiraju Venkatramayya, Vallury Srirangayi, Mullapudy Venkayya, Chitrappu Madhava Row, Kumdury Murtiraju, Zammalamadaka Subbarayudu, Kondepudi Kamaraju, Duvvoory Narasaraaju, Palepu Venkatasooraya Gopalam, Vinjamooty Appalacharyulu, Dwibashi Purneah, Bagalvatula Krishna Sastrulu.

Peddapore.

Vemuganti Venkataramanarow Pantulu, Gadepalli Sangameswara. Sastrulu, Panangipalli Jayaramanna, Vadrevu Ramanna, Veturi Muttamma, Subnivisu Srinivasarao Pantulu, Vuppuluri Lakshminarayana, Jayanti Virabhadrayya, Jayanti Gavarayya, Garimella Nilayya Sastri, Vemula Venkanna Pantulu, Mangipudi Subbarayudu, Avasara Manga Rao, Chirravuri Sastrulu and Subramanya Sastrulu.

Nursapore.

Kandimalla Gopalakrustnawa, Kasarabada Gopalaran, Tatanki Venkatarangados, Kanumuri Nagabhooshanum, Bhattiprolu Venkatakrustarow, Kuchimanchy Venkatratnum, Josula Venkatanursiah, Mamillapalli Venkata Lakshminursimhacharu, Potorazu Sitaramaya, Somunchi Oomamaheswarachayanulu, Auchunta Subbaroydu, Josula Dikshitulu, Valivaty Bhaskara Lakshmi Narasimhasastri, Ayyagari Sitaramayya, Munshee Mohamad Nooruddien Sahib and Kakarlamudi Subbarayudu.

Tanuku.

Panuganti Narasimha Rao, Mullapudy Brahmayya, Krovvali Gunnayya, Vankamamidi Pullayya, Chettapalli Venkanna, Gandikota Somayajulu, Parim Subba Row Naidu, Nanduri Gopalachary, Koppaka Venkatramayya, Satuluri Appalacharyulu, Doddipatla Venkataratnam, Vamarazu Subbarayudu, Chilikuri Virazu, Pothapragada Atchutarayya, Satuluri Venkatachary, Vanguri Ramakrishnayya, Ivaturi Sangannayya, Chilikamarri Tiruvengalabhava Srimanarayanawami, Dasaka Bhimaswararow, Vempati Narayanamoorthy.

District Munsiffs' Court, Amalapore.

Madireddi Nagesalingam Ayyagari Ramabhadru, Maddali Venkatadri, Poduri Virazu, Munukula Somayazulu, Lolla Balakrustnasastri, Kuchimunchi Bhavanisenkarudu, Yerantilli Subbarayudu, Akella Lakshminarayana Sastrulu, Peri Vissayya Peri Narasimham, Mullapudi Kamarazu, Karra Jogayya, Borra Venkatasawmy, Kamblampati Subrahmanya Sastrulu, Peyyala Subba Rao, Mantha Surya Prakasem, Ivaturi Ayyanna, Bandaru Venkayya, Vadrevu Zogayya, Vinnakota Kodandaramayya, Mantha Lakshmi Narasimham, Karra Pullayya, Nagavarapu Ramanurti, Mantravadi Sobhanadri Sastrulu, Ayyagari Triyambakam and Challa Venkata Perayya Sastri.

Ellore.

Damarazu Venkatramayya, Rayapati Venkatramayya, Turlapati Seshachellum, Elswarapu Kachchapaswasastri, Damarazu Lakshminarayana, Kotaru Rajanna, Kamarazugadda Subbarayudu, Challapalli Ramayya, Munshi Mahomed Abdul Gaffoor Sahib, Tamirasa Venkata Neelayya Panyamootula Krustnamraz, Kommu (1st Grade) Venkata Subbaraya Sastri, Mylavaru Surianarayana, Bandikutla Prabhulingam, Kommu Venkata Subbarayadu, Vemuri Ramji Rao, Tummalapalli Gopala Krishnamurti, Adivikolanu Chakrapani Rao and Ayyagari Sita Ramayya.

MADURA.**District and Sessions Court.**

Barristers-at-law.—Mr. R. Fischer, Mr. J. L. Pole and J. H. M. Ryan. *High Court Vakils.*—R. Ramasubbaiyar, R. Venkatesa Aiyar, C. Desikachary, P. Naranaiyar, M. S. Narayanasamy Aiyar, V. Bashikachary, D. S. Rungachariar and J. M. Nallusami Pillai. *District Court Vakils.*—M. Venkataramayya, Syed Gulam Ali Sahib, K. Dorasamy Aiyar, R. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Narasingam Aiyangar, Vaidinadaiyar, Mr. T. M. Scott, Mr. J. French, Asirvatham Pillay, Nilakanta Sastry, R. Venkatamayi, L. Subbaiyar, L. Narasimhachary, Mr. H. S. Hickey, S. Kesavaiyar, T. R. Seshaiyar, R. Subbaiyar, M. Vaidinadaiyar, L. S. Ramakrishna Aiyar, C. V. Subramania Aiyar, Syed Abdul Haleem Sahib, Ramaiyangar,

* Not practising.
† Practising in Rajahmundry.

† Practising in Guntur.
§ Do. in Tinnevely.

Minatchi Sundaramier, Visvanatha Aiyar, K. Ganapathi Subba Iyer, G. T. Anantha Narayana Pillai, V. Kristnasamier, P. Subbaraya Aiyar, N. Sundaramaiyar, P. Sankarasubbaiyar, S. Subbaramaiyar, P. N. Kuppusamy Row, M. S. Ramasamy Aiyar, T. Ramachendrial, M. Madhee Aiyar, K. M. Ramasamy Aiyar, Nagalingam Pillai, M. Nagalingam Pillay, G. Srinivasa Row, S. Subbaiyar, P. V. Krishnasamy Aiyar and D. Sundararajayangar. *District Court (1st Grade) Pleaders.*—E. S. Subramania Ayyar, P. S. Subramania Ayyar, Saminada Pillai, G. Gopalayyengar and T. Gopalayyah.

MALABAR, NORTH.**District and Sessions and Subordinate Judges' Courts.**

Koroth Ramoony, Behamuthullah, Sundarayar, Manikoth Kellu Nambiar, Kuthamballi Govinden Nambiar, Koroth Kannen, Kiyana Imbichunni Nair, Kotiatt Ramunny, Mr. A. F. LeMerle (Public Prosecutor and Government Pleader), Mr. Pascal Forte, Mr. T. Richmond, B.A., A. Krishnen Nambyar, Mangat Gopala Menon, V. R. Cochunni Menon, B.A., B.L., K. Kellappa Kurup, B.A., B.L., Mr. J. Leonard Rozario, B.A., B.L. *High Court Vakils.*—C. Kanaran and H. C. Brown, Esq. (Barrister-at-Law).

KISTNA.**District and Sessions Court, Kistna, at Masulipatam.**

Singarazu Venkata Subbarayudu, B.L., (Government Pleader and Public Prosecutor) Kruttiventi Lakshminarayana, Vesta Venkata Ramanujam, Ch. Seshachellam, I. V. Subbarayadu, K. Kristna Row, Syed Mahammad Ismael Sahib (suspended from practice for six months), V. Subrahmanyam, B.A., B.L., P. Venkatappayya, B.A., Bhattapenamarti Venkata, Kristnayya, Arni Raghunadharow, Midavolu Buchi Papayya, Kurumaddala Gopalakristnayya, Ramadugu Venkataratnam and Inavolu Venkatareddi Naidu.

District Munsiff's Court, Masulipatam.

K. Brahmanandam, L. Sankaraya, O. Bhanumurti, K. Veeracharyulu, K. Nagabhusnam, M. Kakulaswami, K. Apparow, L. Mangayya, M. V. Kondalrayudu, Ch. Mallikarjanudu, S. Pregadarazu, K. Venkataratnam, S. Suryanarayana Row, K. Lakshminarayana, B. Venkatachellam, K. Somarazu, S. Seshayya, G. Narayanasastri, K. Ramachendrayya, Ch. Chinnai Janakiramayya, K. Sundaramayya.

District Munsiff's Court, Bezwada.

P. Venkataramanayya, M. Venkatakrishnayya, P. Tirupatayya, T. Gopalakristnamurti, V. Ramjee Row, Ch. Sitaramayya, T. Venkataramanayya, S. Purnayya, M. Somayya, T. Venkatanarasayya, K. Krustnarow, S. Lingayya, M. Purushottam, V. Srinivasulu, K. Ganapatirayudu, V. S. Ramabrahmam, M. Venkatacharyulu, K. Basavarazu.

District Munsiff's Court, Guntur.

P. Kamanna Pantulu, V. Bhavanacharyulu, K. Kottayya, V. Venkataramayya (1st Grade Pleaders), Bh. Sriramasastri, T. Mallikarjanam, V. Pullayya, P. Ramachendrayya, Ch. Ramaswami, N. Ramayya, B. Suryanarayana, M. Baghotamaraya Sastri, L. Suryanarayana, Ch. Purushottamayya, G. Suryanarayana, A. Janakiramayya, K. Venkatachellam, Ch. Ramanna.

District Munsiff's Court, Bapatla.

A. Punderikakshudu (1st Grade Pleader), Ch. Venkatachellam, V. Venkatakrishni Narasimha Row, B. Viragihavayya, M. Jagannadham, K. Ramakoteswararayudu, V. Dakshinamurti, P. Umamaheswarow, Brahmanandam Bapayya, Ch. Buchchayya, V. Purushottamayya.

District Munsiff's Court, Karempudi.

J. Venkatappayya, S. Bapauna, D. Venkatanarayana, P. Sivaramayya, A. Krustnayya, K. Viyana.

NELLORE**District Court.**

A. Venkayya, K. Seshagiri Row, E. Ramasawmy Mudali (Public Prosecutor) S. Narayanaswamy Chetty, B.A., P. Lakshminursu, Koppurapu Rama Rao, Vavilikolanu Veerasawmy, Vedam Seshacharyulu, Nelatore Sreenivasacharyulu, T. Rungasami Iyengar, P. Audinarayaniah, B.A., B.L., G. Jagannayakulu Naidu, B.A., N. Venkata Runga Chariu, Mr. F. C. T. Ward, Mir Ali Sahib (Attorney-at-Law) and Mr. R. A. Phillips.

SALEM.**District and Sessions Court.**

T. Venkatagiri Iyer, Mr. John Middleton, Menachi Soundaram Pillay, Mr. J. Shrieves, V. Krishnasamy Iyer, B. Krishnier, S. Venkatesaiyar, P. R. Saminathier, B. Ranganatha Row, T. V. Ragavachari, W. Virasami Iyer, C. Rangadamudali, C. Vijayaraghava Chariar, B.A., V. Vaithi Iyer, D. M. Kanagaratnam Pillay, B.A., G. A. P. Yeggiarumier, T. Subramania Iyer, B.A., B.L., Salem Krishna Row, N. Ramasamiah, B. Venkatanathan, M. A. Swaminadaiyar and A. Krishnasami Sastri. *High Court Vakils.*—V. Narayanasami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., and E. S. Ramasami Aiyar, B.A., B.L.

* Not practising.

TANJORE.

Enrolled Pleaders of the District and Sessions Court.

K. Srinivasaiyengar, R. Mahadeva Row, Abibulla Saib, P. Sundramaier, Govinda Row, I. M. Nallamuttu Pillai, Seshaiyah, R. Sundaramier, Mr. G. T. Oliver, C. S. Panchanadaier, A. Krishnaier, V. R. Narainasami Naidoo, M. Govindasami Iyer, K. S. Krishnasami Iyer, A. Kuppusami Iyer, Samiaier, V. Appoosami Row, Sadasivam Iyer, C. Srinivasiah, K. Ramaswami Iyer, C. Lukshu Narasimiah, S. Vydhinatha Iyer, K. Sami Iyer, A. Ramaswami Iyer, Ramu Iyer, A. C. Narayanasami Iyer, Durmainatha Mudaliar, T. Sundram Iyer, S. Ramaswami Iyer, Venkatasubbaier, Subbarama Iyer, T. V. Saminatha Iyer, Gopalaiyer, T. S. Ganapati Iyer, T. K. Annasami Iyer, T. R. Kuppusami Iyengar, C. M. Saminatha Iyer, V. Sundararajaiengar, P. S. Subramania Iyer, Samaier, V. Dorasami Iyer, M. L. Sundram Iyer, A. Kannusami Pillai, R. Govinda Chettiar, T. K. Athmanatha Sastri, M. Coomarasami Pillay, Panchanadaier, P. Swaminathaier, A. Visvanadaier, M. R. Samu Aier, b.a., Combaconam Sundram Iyer, T. Kristnamachari, S. A. Saminadaier, T. V. Kristna Row, R. Ramaswamy Iyer, V. Saminathaier, Anantakristna Iyer, R. Srinivasa Aier, N. P. Subramani Iyer, Combaconam Venkatasubia Suyambu Iyer, R. S. Sundramaier, V. Visvanadier, R. Sami Iyer, K. Ramasami Iyer, N. Kristnaiyya, Viravalli A. Srinivasa Aier, C. R. Chakrapani Iyengar, M. Vilvanadaier, K. Vijayaragavachari, K. Desikachari, S. Chacrapani Iyer, Narayanasami Iyer, Marathambathi Ramalinga, Iyer, A. Kristnasami, P. Ratnasabapathi Pillai, K. Panchabakesaier, S. Raghaviengar, Sattalur Gopalachariar, S. Athmanatha Iyer, M. K. Narainasami Iyer, J. R. Thagarajaiyer, M. Krishnasami Iyer, B. Sivasami Sastri, P. Venkatasami Raja, A. Muthusami Pillay, K. Aiyasami Iyer, Muthuswami Iyer, S. Gopalasami Iyengar, Palamanur Subbaier, V. S. Visvanathaier, M. Sabapathy Pillai, Muttusami Ramachandrarier, Trichinopoly Sridhaca Row, T. Sundra Sastri, T. Ramachandra Row, K. Singamaier, C. Naranaier, S. Krishnamachariar, Puducota Sami Aier, T. M. Seturama Row, N. G. Gopalaier, Paramasivasami Moodaliar, Venkata Renga Row, D. Mahadeva Sastri, Renga Row, S. A. Saminada Sastri, T. Srinivasa Aiyengar and K. S. Srinivasa Pillai.

TINNEVELLY.

District and Sessions Court.

1st Grade Pleaders.—S. R. Krishnasami Aiyengar, G. Ramasami Aiyer, Nellaikumar Pillai, K. Annasami Aiyer, T. N. Peramanayagum Pillai, M. Ponduranga Rau, S. Krishna Aiyengar, A. S. Appasami Pillai, V. Subbusamiah, S. Vythinada Aiyer, Narayana Row, N. Coopposami Aiyer, S. Stretnivasagani Pillai, A. Krishnasami Aiyer, V. Renga Chariar, C. Alvarappa Pillai, C. R. Canthimathinatha Pillai, Krishna Subbarayer, C. S. Subramonia Pillai, Xavier Motha Fernandez, G. Chendrasekara Aiyer, Pattai M. Kailasam Pillai, T. S. Subramonia Pillai, T. A. Narayanasami Sastri, N. Peramanayagum Pillai, S. M. Thialpagam Pillai, N. Seshaghiri Row, T. S. Pichoomani Iyer, S. Alwar Iyengar, S. Sackarupandiam Pillai, S. Thesikachari, C. Sadagopa Pillai, P. Virabalu Pillai, A. Chellaperumal Pillai, A. R. Krishnair, V. Chinnasami Iyer, R. Soondramier, D. M. Srinivasa Iyengar, A. R. Subba Iyer, M. Muthanaindaperumal Pillai, K. T. Srinivasa Chary, Syed Irthiz Ali Sahib, T. Gopalaiyer, P. C. Ramannuja Iyengar, T. A. Neelakanta Row, L. Subbaiyer, S. Ramannuja Iyengar and N. Muthusami.

Munsiff's Court, Tinnevely.

2nd Grade Pleaders.—Namasivayam Pillai, Syed Naimathulla Sahib, T. Ramasami Mudaliar, Rengaiyer, P. Arumugam Pillai, A. Rungasami Aiyer, Subbaraya Soobaiyer, P. Saminathaiyer, Saravaperumal Pillai, Anayir Siva Rama Aiyer, T. N. Peramanayagum Pillai, B. Venkat Row, Syed Mohamed Mustava Sahib, Mahomed Azeemudeen, Sahib, A. Ramasami Aiyer, N. A. Ramalingum Pillai, R. Ponnusami Pillai, G. Ramabhadra Iyer, Canthimathinatha Pillai, Ramasami Naidu, S. R. Venkatrama Iyengar, T. S. Sivarama Pillai, A. V. Ramasami Pillai, Syed Ahmedulla Sahib, S. Ramakrishnair, V. Alvar Iyengar and S. Vengoo Iyer.

Munsiff's Court, Strivilliputtur.

K. Srinivasa Aiyengar, Kanaga Aiyer, Vadamalayappa Pillai, Sessa Aiyengar, Venarasami Aiyengar, Arasur Sundararaya Aiyengar, M. Shunmugam Pillai, N. Ramasesha Sastri, T. R. Narayana Aiyer, R. Sundaram Aiyer, V. Subba Row, Sree Veeraragavathatha Chariar, Gopala Aiyengar, K. Saminatha Pillai, V. Letchumana Raja, S. Sundaraja Iyengar, B. Somayaji Iyer, M. Venkatachala Sastri, R. M. Chidambaram Iyer and M. P. Seshier.

Munsiff's Court, Ambasamudrum.

Arenaloro L. Balakrishna Aiyer, Adachani Shamoo Venkata Subbia, S. C. Varadaraja Aiyer, Somajee Aiyer, Valu Buminada Pillai, Subbaiyer, Iyemperumal Pillai, M. Krishnaswami Aiyer, Annathurai Aiyer, Subramania Aiyer, Krishna Doss, Ramakrishna Aiyer, V. Saminatha Shastri, Darnarajaiyer, C. M. Veeravagu Pillai, Shunmugam Pillai, Sivaramakristnaiyer, G. Venkidasubbia, Pitchumany Iyer, Trichinopoly Venkatarama Lakshmana Iyengar, G. P. Nilakantamier, S. R. Saukaranarayana Iyer and K. S. Hariharanier.

Munsiff's Court, Strivikuntum.

Joseph Pakkianathan, K. Narayana Aiyengar, Theroo Avanna Vathanyasat Chariar, Subbia, Auvudiappa Pillai, G. Visvanatha Aiyer, N. Parthasarathi Aiyengar, E. Subbiah Mudaliar, A. S. P. Casinatha Pillai, R. Periatervadi Pillai, Ninar Saminada Pillai, Dorasami Aiyengar, V. Viraraghava Aiyer, K. Viraraghava Srinivasa Iyer, P. R. Rama Iyengar and S. R. Desikachari.

Munsiff's Court, Tuticorin.

K. Alagar Aiyengar, Anautha Chariar, Arumugam Pillai, Gopala Pillai, Gopala Raja, Muthuswami Aiyer, C. Narayanasami Aiyer, S. Saminatha Pillai, O. Subramaniya Pillai, M. Savariraya Pillai, C. Chinnasami Aiyer, S. Venkatarama Iyengar, Subba Row, A. S. Annaswamy Iyer and M. K. Gnanamani Draviam Nadar.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Panchanathier, K. Singam Iyengar, P. Subbaiyer, b.a., Mr. G. A. Salisbury, T. V. Coopposawmy Iyer, R. Coopposamy Aiyengar, S. C. Rungasami Aiyer, S. Subbaiyer, K. Dakshinamurti Aiyer, S. Krishniengar, C. E. Sundram Iyer, Venkata Rao, T. Ramachandra Rao, S. Kristnamachari, Trichinopoly Sridhara Rao, C. Lukshmea Narasalaier, K. Aiyasami Iyer, K. Ramaswami Iyer, A. Kristnasami Iyer, A. Muthu Pillai, R. Narasingam Iyengar, R. Ramaswami Iyengar, V. Appusami Rao, M. Govindaswami Aiyer, K. S. Krishnasami Aiyer, C. Srinivasaiyer, Venkatasubba Krishnaswami Aiyer, S. Raghavaiengar (South Arcot), D. M. Srinivassier, N. G. Gopala Aiyer, b.a., N. Subramaniya Aiyer, T. Gangadhara Sastri, M. Cumara Alasingamachariar, A. Sathasiva Aiyer, S. Ramasami Aiyer, P. Tiruvengkatachiarri, Mr. Arthur Montague Corner, R. Soondaram Iyer, Varavulli A. Srinivasa Aiyengar, L. Kuppa Rao, Vayalur Vengu Aiyer, S. Raghava Aiyengar, K. S. Srinivasa Pillai, Sattalur Gopala Chariar, T. V. Saminada Aiyer, T. R. Kuppusami Aiyengar, S. Raghava Aiyengar, Tanjore V. Sanjiya Rao, Arogala Ananda Rao, N. P. Subramaniya Aiyer, T. K. Annasami Aiyer, T. V. Seshaghiri Aiyer, N. M. Ragava Aiyengar, T. N. Muthu Krishna Aiyer, Syed Abdul Haleam Sahib, V. Nilakanta Aiyer, Mr. Thomas Morton Scott, T. M. Sethurama Rao, b.a., S. Ramanujiengar, b.a., V. L. Soobrayar, V. Kristna Rao, P. Duraisami, Mahadeva Sastri, S. Venkatarama Iyer and T. Subramania Iyer.

VIZAGAPATAM.

District and Sessions Court.

P. Venkatakrishnama Naidu, Esq., (of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law), F. E. Sice, Esq., M. Kodandarow Pantulu, P. Subbaraya Sastri (practising in District Munsiff's Court), V. Venkaya Pantulu, B. Kamoji Pantulu, E. Venkataramayya Pantulu, P. Seshagirirow Pantulu, S. Ramakrishnayya Pantulu, M. Lakshimpiti Pantulu, Mr. F. G. M. Pascal, V. Ramamurti Pantulu, b.a., A. Suryanarayana Row Pantulu, b.a., K. Appadu Pantulu, C. V. Chengalvarow Naidu, M. Jagannadharow Pantulu, P. Appayya Pantulu, P. Venkanna Pantulu, J. Balakrishna Sastri, O. V. Jagannatha Sastri, K. Srinivasarow Pantulu, L. Venkatarow Pantulu, Ch. Bapirazu Pantulu, G. Pattabhiramayya Pantulu, V. Kristnamurti Pantulu, m.a., A. Appadu, Pantulu, K. Venkanna Pantulu, Mr. H. Ramsbotham, B. Venkataramadoss Pantulu, b.a., b.L., B. Sooryanaraina Sastri, b.a., b.L., B. Rajalingasastri, b.a.

RULES PROVIDING FOR THE QUALIFICATION AND ADMISSION OF PERSONS TO BE ADMITTED AS ADVOCATES, VAKILS AND ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW OF THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

ADVOCATES.—1. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by any of the following rules, shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled as Advocate of the High Court at Madras.

2. Any person called to the degree of Barrister-at-Law in England or Ireland or being a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

3. The degree of Master of Laws of the University of Madras and a certificate of having subsequently to the attaining of such degree, studied for eighteen months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, while regularly practising in the said Court, as also of good character and conduct: such certificate to be signed by the Advocate with whom the applicant shall have studied.

4. Any person being an Advocate duly admitted and on the roll of Advocates of the High Court at Calcutta or Bombay, and producing the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment, together with a certificate of character or letter of recommendation from a

* Not practising.

† Practising at Vizianagram.

‡ Practising at Parvatipore.
§ Do. at Berhampore.

Judge of the High Court of which the applicant is an Advocate, or from the Advocate General of the same Presidency.

VAKELS.—5. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by any of the following rules, shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled a Vakeel of the High Court; but subject in the case of an applicant under the second rule, to his passing such an examination in matters of practice as the Court may prescribe: Provided that it shall be necessary in every case to give two months' notice of the intended application for admission by publication in the Gazette, and by affixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court House.

6. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Madras and certificate of having subsequent to the attaining of such degree, (1) studied for six months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, or a Vakil entitled as such to practice on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court; and for a further period of six months in the office of an Attorney of the said Court; (2) studied for twelve months either with an Advocate or Vakil entitled to practise as aforesaid, or in the office of an Attorney while the said Advocate, Vakil or Attorney was regularly practising in the said Court; (3) practised for five years in the Court of a District or Subordinate Judge if it be certified by a District or Subordinate Judge in whose Court he has practised for one year, that he possess a competent knowledge of procedure, as also in each case a certificate of good character and conduct. Such certificates in the two first cases to be signed by the Advocate, Vakil and Attorney with whom, or in whose office, the applicant shall have studied, and in the latter case by the District or Subordinate Judge for the time being of the Court or Courts in which the applicant shall have practised.

7. Any person producing the proper certificate or certificates of his having kept six terms at one of the Inns of Court in London, and of regular attendance on the course of Law lectures whilst keeping such terms, as also of his having passed one of the examinations provided for students together with a certificate of subsequent study for nine months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, or a Vakeel entitled as such to practice on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court, or in the office of an Attorney of the said Court, while the said Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney was regularly practising in the said Court, and of good character and conduct: such last-mentioned certificate to be signed by the Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney with whom or in whose office the applicant shall have studied.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

Thursday, the 30th day of April 1885.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the rules relating to the admission of Attorneys in this Court and to alter the same so as (among other things) to entitle Attorneys of this Court to the benefit of the Colonial Attorneys' Relief Act in the event of that Act being extended to this Presidency, it is ordered as follows:—

1. Any Attorney or Solicitor of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law or Equity in England or Ireland shall be entitled to be admitted as an Attorney of this Court, without service or examination in India, on production of his certificate of admission in such Courts as aforesaid, and of a certificate that his name is still borne on the rolls of such Courts and also on producing satisfactory testimonials to his good character.

2. An Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in India established by Royal Charter shall be entitled to be admitted as an Attorney of this Court, provided that he shall produce a certificate of admission in any of the said Courts, and a certificate that his name is still borne on the rolls thereof, and shall also produce satisfactory testimonials to good character; and shall moreover satisfy the Court that, previous to his admission as an Attorney, he had served under articles of clerkship to some Attorney or Attorneys-at-Law for the full term of five years.

3. Any person who has taken the degree of Bachelor of Laws in any of the Indian Universities and has served a regular clerkship to an Attorney or Attorneys of any of the High Courts of Judicature in India established by Royal Charter for a period of three years subsequent to the taking of such degree shall be entitled to be enrolled as an Attorney of this Court, provided that he shall produce satisfactory testimonials to good character from such Attorney or Attorneys.

4. Except as provided in the foregoing rules and as hereinafter specially provided, every person before admission to practise as an Attorney in this Court shall (1) serve a regular clerkship to an Attorney or Attorneys of this Court or to an Attorney or Attorneys of any of the other High Courts of Judicature in India established by Royal Charter under articles of clerkship in writing pursuant to the rules hereinafter contained for the full period of five years, and shall (2) pass the examination provided in Rule 14.

Provided that in the case of clerks article to an Attorney or Attorneys of this Court under the rules hitherto in force, service for a term of four years as required under those rules and Matriculation at any of the Indian Universities, together with certificate that he has passed the examination prescribed in the rules made by this Court under Section 6 of Act XVIII of 1879 for the examination of Pleaders of the First Grade for which he will be allowed to appear without having passed the First Examination in Arts, shall be deemed to be sufficient.

5. The term of service required under Rules 3 and 4 need not be all under one and the same contract, nor to one and the same Attorney, but may be to different Attorneys, either by virtue of an assignment or assignments or by virtue of successive independent contracts upon the dissolution of the original or succeeding contract.

6. The Attorney or Attorneys under whom the articles required by Rules 3 and 4 shall be served shall, during the whole period of the service, be actually practising as such on his (or their) own behalf, and not as clerk to any other Attorney.

7. No Attorney shall, without special leave of the Court, be entitled to take more than one clerk for service under these rules at one and the same time, nor any clerk until he shall have been himself in practice as an Attorney for at least three years.

8. The contract in writing whereby a person shall engage as aforesaid to serve as a clerk to any Attorney shall be filed with the proper officer to be appointed for receiving and filing affidavits and other documents to be filed under these rules, within one calendar month after the execution of the same, together with an affidavit by such Attorney that he has been himself duly admitted and has been practising for three years as an Attorney, and that such contract has been duly executed by himself and by the clerk therein mentioned. And in every such affidavit shall be specified the name of the Attorney and his place of business, the name of the clerk and his place of abode, together with the day on which the contract was actually executed.

9. In case the articles of clerkship shall be assigned, the assignment shall be in writing, and shall, in like manner as aforesaid, be filed within one calendar month after the execution thereof, together with an affidavit by the Attorney to whom the assignment has been made, that he has been duly admitted and has been practising for three years, and that such assignment has been executed by all the necessary parties. And in every such affidavit shall be specified the name of the Attorney to whom the articles are assigned and his place of business, together with the day on which the assignment was actually executed.

10. If, by reason of death, or for any other good and sufficient reason, an assignment of the articles cannot be obtained, a fresh contract in writing for the remaining period of his term of service shall be entered into by the clerk with the Attorney under whom the service is to be continued, which shall be filed within the time, and with an affidavit similar to that prescribed by Rules 8 and 9.

11. In case the contract or assignment, together with the necessary affidavit, be not filed within the time specified, the same may be filed after the expiration thereof, but the service of the clerk shall be reckoned to have been commenced or renewed from the date of the filing of such contract or assignment, unless the Court shall otherwise order.

12. No person who shall be article to serve as a clerk to an Attorney for the purpose of being admitted as an Attorney shall, during the period of such service, hold any office or engage in any employment whatsoever, other than the employment of clerk to such Attorney and his partner or partners (if any) in the business, practice or employment of an Attorney; and every such person shall, during the whole period of service under articles, continue and be really and actually employed in the proper business, practice or employment of an Attorney.

13. Every article clerk being a candidate for the examination provided in the next following rule shall on or before the 15th day of November preceding the next ensuing Pleaders Examination, submit his name together with a certificate showing that he has passed the First Examination in Arts at any of the Indian Universities to the Registrar of the High Court, Original Side, who shall on or before the 1st day of December transmit to the Examiners the application, together with the certificate and also an endorsement showing that the applicant has the permission of the High Court to appear for such examination. In the case of article clerks specially permitted to apply for examination under Rule 4, production of a certificate of having passed the Matriculation Examination will be accepted instead of production of certificate showing that the First Examination in Arts has been passed.

14. The examination required under Rule 4 shall, until further orders, be the examination provided under the rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Madras under Section 6 of Act XVIII of 1879 for Pleaders of the First Grade.

15. Every person, except an Attorney or Solicitor of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law or Equity in England or Ireland, intending to apply for admission as an Attorney of this Court shall give one month's notice of the intended application for admission by publication in the Gazette and by affixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court-house.

16. No person, except an Attorney or Solicitor of Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law or Equity in England or Ireland, shall be admitted to practise as an Attorney of this Court without proof that he has attained the age of 21 years.

17. Unless the Court shall otherwise order, no person who shall have been adjudicated an insolvent shall be admitted to the examination prescribed by these rules, or shall be admitted to practise as an Attorney of this Court.

18. Every person on being admitted and enrolled as an Attorney of this Court may, on payment of a fee of five rupees, obtain a certificate of admission under the signature of the Registrar and the seal of the Court.

19. Any Attorney of this Court may, on the payment of a fee of Rupees five, to be paid by means of Court fees stamps, obtain a certificate under the signature of the Registrar and the seal of the Court, that his name is borne on the roll of Attorneys of this Court, and, if such be the case, that he is a practising Attorney of this Court.

20. The Registrar of this Court on the Original Side shall be the proper officer for receiving and filing all such affidavits and documents as are required to be produced and filed under these rules, and shall have the custody and care of the rolls or books wherein persons are at present enrolled as Attorneys, and shall enrol the name of every person who shall be admitted an Attorney, with the date of his admission, in alphabetical order, in a roll or book to be kept by him for that purpose, to which roll or book all persons shall have free access without fee or reward.

21. The Judge or Senior Judge of the Court for the time being exercising Ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction shall hear all applications, the hearing of which is not otherwise provided for, and shall exercise all the powers of the Court under these rules, unless the Chief Justice shall otherwise specially direct.

22. A petition in writing appealing from any order made under the last preceding rule may be presented to the Chief Justice within one month from the date of such order. Such appeal shall be heard by any two or more Judges whom the Chief Justice shall appoint for that purpose.

23. These rules shall take effect from the 1st day of July 1885, and, except as to all matters and things previously done in virtue thereof, all former rules for the admission of Attorneys are hereby repealed. Provided that no articulated clerk or Attorney who has not or who may not in due time become duly entitled to the benefit of the Colonial Attorney's Relief Act shall, by reason of anything contained herein, have or be considered to have a claim to such benefit in the event of that Act being extended to this Presidency.

(Signed) CHARLES A. TURNER, *Chief Justice.*

(Do.) JAMES KERNAN,
(Do.) T. MUTUSAMI AIYAR,
(Do.) P. P. HUTCHINS,
(Do.) F. BRANDT, } *Judges.*

(True Copy.)

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
2nd May 1885.

(Signed) JOSEPH STEAVENSON,
Registrar.

RULES FOR PLEADERS, ETC.

The following rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Madras, under Sections 6, 7, 8 and 27 of Act XVIII of 1879, in supersession of all previous rules on the subject, shall take effect from the first day of April 1887:—

PRELIMINARY.

1. From and after 1st April 1887, Pledership certificates will not be granted to persons other than those duly qualified under these rules, except in the case of those persons qualified under the old rules whose names shall have been already registered for the issue of such certificates.

2. The right to practise in the Presidency Court of Small Causes is confined to the Pleders at present duly enrolled therein, and to Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys of the High Court.

Classes of Pleders.

3. Pleders in the Courts subordinate to the High Court shall be classed as—

- (a) Pleders of the First Grade.
- (b) Pleders of the Second Grade.

4. Pleders of the First Grade shall be entitled to appear, plead and act in any District Court in which they are enrolled and in the Courts of civil jurisdiction subordinate to such District Court.

Pleders of the First Grade shall also be entitled to appear, plead, and act in any Court of criminal jurisdiction in the district in which they are enrolled, and in the Court of any Presidency Magistrate in which they are enrolled.

5. Pleders of the Second Grade shall be entitled to appear, plead, and act in any District Munsif's Court in which they are enrolled, and in the Court of any District or Subordinate Judge exercising the powers of a Court of Small Causes under Section 28 of the Madras Civil Courts' Act, 1873, in which they are enrolled.

Pleders of the Second Grade shall also be entitled to appear, plead, and act in any Court of criminal jurisdiction in the district in which they are enrolled, other than the Sessions Court of the Division.

Qualifications of Pleders.

6. The following persons may be admitted as Pleders of the First Grade:—

1st.—Any person who shall have obtained the Degree of Bachelor of Laws of one of the Universities of Madras, Calcutta or Bombay, provided that his application for admission as a Pleader be made within one year from the time of his obtaining such degree, or within such further time as the High Court shall, for any special reason, allow.

2nd.—Any person who shall produce a certificate from the Examination Board that he has passed within one year the examination prescribed from time to time by the High Court for the First Grade Pledership Examination.

3rd.—Any Pleader of the Second Grade who, after not less than 5 (five) years' practice as such, is proved to the satisfaction of the High Court, by certificates of the presiding Judges of Courts in which such Pleader has regularly practised, and by such inquiry as the High Court may deem proper to make, to possess a thoroughly competent knowledge of the English language and of law and procedure, and to be of unexceptionable character.

7. The following persons may be admitted as Pleders of the Second Grade:—

Any person who shall produce a certificate from the Examination Board that he has passed, within one year, the examination prescribed from time to time by the High Court for the Second Grade Pledership Examination.

8. For Pleders of either grade, the examination shall, until the further order of the Court, comprise the following subjects:—

Subjects.

Regulations, Enactments and Text-Books.

The Statute Law of the Madras Presidency on the subject of property in land.	Regulations XXV and XXVI of 1802 and IV of 1882.
(a) Estates held under permanent settlement.	Act II of 1864.
(b) Ordinary Ryotwary Estates, and	Act VIII of 1865.
(c) The relation of Landlord and Tenant.	
Mortgages	Macpherson on Mortgages.
Easements	Transfer of Property Act (IV of 1882).
Hindu Law of Inheritance	Act V of 1882.
Muhammadan Law of Marriage, Dower and Succession.	Mayne's Hindu Law.
The Law relating to Trusts	Baillie's Muhammadan Law (so much as relates to the subjects specified).
The Law of Torts	Indian Trusts Act (II of 1882).
Obligations arising from Contracts	Collett on Torts.
Civil Procedure*	Act IX of 1872.
The Specific Relief Act	Negotiable Instruments Act (XXVI of 1881).
The Law of Evidence	Act XIV of 1882.
The Law of Limitation	Act I of 1877.
	Act I of 1872.
	Acts XV of 1877, XII of 1879, and VIII of 1880.
The Statute Law of India on the subject of offences and criminal procedure.	The Indian Penal Code (Acts XLV of 1860, XXVII of 1870, and VIII of 1882) and the Code of Criminal Procedure (Act X of 1882).

The Regulations and Acts in which the candidates will be expected to pass will be subject to such modification and alteration as may be made from time to time as the law may be changed.

9. To qualify for a Pledership of the First Grade, a candidate must obtain not less than half the aggregate marks assigned by the Examination Board to the subjects of the examination, and not less than half the maximum marks assigned by the Examination Board to the subjects of civil and criminal procedure severally.

To qualify for a Pledership of the Second Grade, a candidate must obtain at least one-third of the aggregate marks assigned by the Examination Board to the subjects of the examination, and not less than thirty-three per cent. of the maximum marks assigned by the Examination Board to the subjects of civil and criminal procedure severally.

Candidates for Plederships of the First Grade, who on examination have failed to obtain the prescribed minimum of marks required to qualify for the First Grade, will, if they have obtained the prescribed minimum of marks required for the Second Grade, be considered to have qualified for Plederships of the Second Grade.

* A paper will also be set to test the candidate's knowledge of pleading, viz., drafting plaints and decrees, framing issues, &c.

10. The examination of the candidates of both grades in all subjects shall be conducted in the English language only.

11. Persons possessed of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for the Pledership Examination of the First Grade :—

(a) Any person producing certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts of the Universities of Madras, Calcutta or Bombay, or the first public examination before Moderators at Oxford, or the previous examination at Cambridge, or the Preliminary Examination in Arts of one of the Irish or Scotch Universities, or the Matriculation Examination at the University of London, or certificate of having passed some other public examination which shall be certified by two Judges of the High Court as being in their opinion equivalent to one or other of the above-mentioned examinations.

(b) Any person who is certified by a District Judge to have filled with competency for 5 years the office of Sheristadar or Head Clerk of a District or Subordinate Judge's Court.

12. Persons possessed of the following qualifications shall be entitled to present themselves for the Pledership Examination of the Second Grade :—

(a) Persons who are qualified under a previous rule to present themselves for the Pledership Examination of the First Grade.

(b) Any person producing a certificate of having passed the Matriculation Examination of any British Indian University.*

(c) Any person producing a certificate of having passed the Middle School Examination in the First Class, the late General Test Examination, English or Anglo-Vernacular Branch, or any public examination in the Bengal or Bombay Presidency which can be accepted as equivalent to the Middle School Examination, First Class.

(d) Any person who is certified by a District Munsif to have filled for 5 years with competency the office of Head Clerk of a District Munsif's Court.

13. Applicants for examination for either grade of Plederships must produce also a certificate of good moral conduct and must be above 20 years of age.

Examinations.

14. Every candidate for the Pledership Examination shall, on or before the 15th day of November, apply to the Examination Board for leave to present himself at the ensuing examination; and he shall establish to their satisfaction that he possesses the qualifications prescribed for such candidates.

15. Such application is not to be transmitted to the Board direct; but it is to be filed on or before the 15th day of November in the Court of the District Judge within whose jurisdiction the candidate resides or is employed, and, in the case of candidates residing or employed within the limits of the original jurisdiction of the High Court, in the office of the Registrar of the High Court, Appellate side.† The application must be accompanied by the necessary documents and papers in original with the receipt of the officer in charge of a Government treasury for the full fee for the examination required by section 25 of the rules.

The Judge or Registrar, as the case may be, shall thereupon inquire, as far as may appear necessary, as to the validity of the certificate of character presented by the candidate, and shall satisfy himself as to the identity of the candidate; and he shall, on or before the 1st day of December, transmit to the Examination Board all such applications, with the documents accompanying, together with a list of the applications and annexures, and with his opinion in each case as to the sufficiency of the testimonials produced, and any other information which he may think it needful in any case to communicate.

16. The Board shall thereupon take the case of each candidate, with the report of the District Judge or Registrar, into their consideration, and shall determine whether or not the candidate is possessed of the necessary qualifications. If the candidate is found qualified, the Examination Board shall cause his name, the name of his father, his age, place of residence, and other needful particulars, to be entered in a register of persons permitted to appear at the examination.

17. An extract from the register shall be forwarded to the District Judge or Registrar with a declaration that the candidate is permitted to appear at the next ensuing examination at _____, for delivery to him. The Judge or Registrar shall cause a notice of his having received such extracts to be posted on a notice-board in the Court-house, and

* The hand-writing test is not a necessary qualification for admission to the Pledership Examination.

† In the case of candidates residing in foreign territory, the application should be forwarded direct to the Registrar of the High Court, Appellate side, accompanied by a treasury receipt for the payment of the admission fee into any treasury authorized to receive admission fees from candidates for the University or Special Text Examinations in the Madras Presidency. The applicant should also state at what centre he desires to be examined.

shall deliver them to the candidate on application. And it shall be the duty of the candidate on the day fixed for the examination to produce such extract, when called upon, to the officer appointed by Government to preside and superintend at the examination.

The District Judge, in carrying out this rule, shall conform to such instructions as he may receive from the Examination Board through their President or Secretary.

Admission.

18. Any person who shall have qualified under these rules, and who shall desire to be admitted to practise, shall pay into the Government treasury of the district in which he shall intend ordinarily to practise, the admission fee prescribed, and shall, on presentation of the certificate of the Examination Board or of his diploma, of the receipt for the said fee, and of a stamp paper* of the necessary value for his first certificate of practice, be entitled to apply to the High Court for admission, stating in what Court he desires to practise with reference to Part I of the second schedule of Act XVIII. of 1879.

19. The application, together with the certificate or diploma, the receipt, and the stamp paper required by Rule 18, shall be presented to the Judge of the district in which the applicant intends ordinarily to practise, and shall be forwarded by the Judge to the Registrar of the High Court, with such remarks as he may think fit to make thereon. The name of the applicant and his place of abode, together with his father's name and place of abode, shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in the Court-house of the Judge to whom the application is sent, and also in the High Court, at least six weeks before the applicant is admitted to practise.

20. The High Court may call for evidence of the respectability of the applicant in any case in which it may be deemed necessary.

Certificates.

21. Upon the applicant being admitted by the High Court, the Registrar of the High Court shall cause his name to be entered in the proper register, and shall grant him a certificate as required by Section 7 of Act XVIII of 1879, authorizing him to practise, up to the end of the calendar year, in the Courts specified therein.

Applications for a certificate authorizing the Pledership to practise in all the Courts of the Madras Presidency shall not be entertained. Pleders when applying for certificates must confine their applications to the Courts of those districts in which they intend to practise habitually.

On the renewal of certificates, except with the special sanction of the High Court, those districts only shall be entered which were entered in the certificate in the preceding year.

22. The certificate shall bear the number assigned to it in the register, and shall be signed by the Registrar and forwarded to the District Judge, to be delivered to the applicant.

The certificate shall be taken to authorize enrolment in the Courts specified therein. The holder can take it to any Court therein mentioned, and may, with the approval of the presiding Judge, be enrolled in such Court. The approval should not be withheld unless the Judge is aware of circumstances which in his judgment affect the professional character of the applicant; and in any case in which enrolment is refused, the fact and the reasons for it should be communicated forthwith to the High Court.

23. Any Pledership who may apply for the renewal of his certificate under Section 7, Act XVIII. of 1879, unless he has been ordinarily practising in the Court of the District Judge authorized to renew certificates, shall, with his application, file a certificate of character from the Judge presiding in the Court in which the applicant ordinarily practises. The Munsif or Subordinate Judge may forward the application for a renewed certificate to the District Judge.

24. The renewed certificate shall state only the particulars contained in the former certificate, and the fact and date of its renewal.

But when an application for a renewed certificate is coupled with a request for the insertion of further Courts in the certificate, the District Judge shall first obtain the sanction of the High Court to the insertion of the additional Courts, and then proceed to renew the certificate, adding also the further Courts applied for.

Fees.

25. The fees payable previous to examination and on application for enrolment, shall be as follows :—

	1st Grade Pledership.	2nd Grade Pledership.
For examination.. .. .	Rs. 20	Rs. 20
For admission	" 7	" 5

* Under the General Stamp Act.—[G.O., 18th August 1881, No. 205, and H. C. Circular, 24th February 1885, No. 558.]

Penalties.

26. If any person, having passed the examination entitling him to be admitted and enrolled as a Pleader, shall fail to apply for such admission and enrolment for a period of one year from the time of passing the examination, he shall not be admitted and enrolled, unless, by special order of the High Court, the time for such application shall be extended.

27. If any person, having obtained a certificate, shall fail to renew it for a period of three years, he shall be suspended and shall not be entitled to receive a certificate or to have his certificate renewed without further orders of the High Court.

28. If any person shall hold any appointment under Government, or shall carry on any trade or other business, at the time of his application for admission as a Pleader, he shall state the fact in his application for admission, and the High Court may refuse to admit such person, or pass such orders thereon as it thinks proper.

29. If any person, having been admitted as a Pleader, accepts any appointment under Government, or enters into any trade or other business, or accepts employment as a Law Agent other than a Pleader, Mukhtar or Agent certified under Act XVIII of 1879 and these rules, he shall give notice thereof to the High Court, who may thereupon suspend such Pleader from practice or pass such orders as the said Court may think fit.

30. Any wilful violation of any of the above rules shall subject a Pleader to suspension or dismissal.

Fees payable in respect of an Adversary's Advocate, Vakil, Attorney or Pleader, on the Appellate Side of the High Court and in Subordinate High Courts, under Section 27, Act XVIII of 1879.

31. Save by special leave of the Court, and except in the case of an Advocate, Vakil, Attorney or Pleader appearing on behalf of Government, no fee shall in any case be entered as recoverable in a decree or order except on production of a certificate from the Advocate, Vakil, Attorney or Pleader, that he has received such fee.

32. In suits, or in appeals from original or appellate decrees in suits, for money, effects or other personal property, or for land or other immovable property of any description, fees shall be payable on the following scale :—

(a) When such suits or appeals are decided on the merits after contest, or are compromised subsequent to the settlement of issues and after a partial or complete trial, but before delivery of judgment, or where such appeals are decided *ex parte*—

- i. If the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rupees 5,000, 5 per cent.
- ii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, 2 per cent.
- iii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder, 1 per cent.
- iv. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 80,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
- v. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 80,000, Rupees 1,000.

(b) When such suits are decided *ex parte*, or when suits or appeals are decided on confession of judgment, or are dismissed for default after all the requisite pleadings have been filed, or are compromised after the settlement of issues, but before trial—

- i. If the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rupees 5,000, not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
- ii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding 1 per cent.
- iii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
- iv. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 80,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, not exceeding $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

(c) If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 80,000, not exceeding Rupees 500.

33. In suits or appeals withdrawn or compromised, (a) before any defence is put in, (b) before the settlement of issues, but after defence is put in, or dismissed for default without a determination on the merits of the case before all the requisite pleadings have been filed in Court, and in appeals from orders, re-hearing on review and other miscellaneous cases, including proceedings in execution of decree, fees shall be payable on the following scale :—

- i. If the amount or value of the claim shall not exceed Rupees 5,000, $1\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.
- ii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 5,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 20,000, on Rupees 5,000 as above, and on the remainder, $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent.

iii. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 20,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 50,000, on Rupees 20,000 as above, and on the remainder, $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

iv. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 50,000, and shall not exceed Rupees 80,000, on Rupees 50,000 as above, and on the remainder, $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

v. If the amount or value shall exceed Rupees 80,000, Rupees 250.

vi. In applications for execution of decrees, the fee shall be calculated on the amount realized by the application.

vii. In all miscellaneous applications after decree, which are decided on the merits after contest, except such as have been hereinbefore specially provided for, a reasonable fee not in any case exceeding Rupees 20 in the High Court, or Rupees 10 in a Court subordinate to the High Court, shall be allowed.

34. The words "the amount or value of the claim" in Rules 32 and 33 mean the value as set forth in the plaint or memorandum of appeal, and, where Court fees are payable *ad valorem*, the value on which such Court fees are paid.

35. Fractions of a rupee in the amount or value of a claim are to be rejected in calculating the fee payable thereupon.

36. In cases in which the subject-matter of the claim does not admit of valuation, the Court, or, in the case of the High Court, the Taxing Officer, shall fix a reasonable fee, regard being had to the time occupied in the preparation and hearing of the case and the nature of the questions raised therein.

37. If several defendants or respondents who have a joint or common interest, succeed upon a joint defence, or upon separate defences substantially the same, not more than one fee shall be allowed, unless the Court shall otherwise order for a reason which shall be recorded in the judgment. If only one fee be allowed, the Court shall direct to which of the defendants or respondents it shall be paid, or shall apportion it among the several defendants or respondents in such manner as the Court shall think fit.

38. If several defendants or respondents who have separate interests set up separate and distinct defences and succeed thereon, a fee for one legal practitioner for each of the defendants or respondents who shall appear by a separate legal practitioner may be allowed in respect of his separate interest. Such fee, if allowed, shall be calculated with reference to the value of the separate interest of such defendant or respondent in the manner hereinbefore prescribed.

39. For each fee allowed under the two last preceding rules, the value of the stamp on one vakalatnama only shall be awarded as costs.

40. Except where an adjournment is made with the consent of all parties, or where from insufficiency of notice, a party has not had reasonable time to prepare himself for trial, or where the adjournment is necessitated by a cause beyond the control of the party, an adjournment should not be granted save on the condition that the party applying pay all the costs of the day, including a reasonable fee to the legal practitioner engaged by his adversary. In a District Munsif's Court, a sum not exceeding Rupees 5, and in a Subordinate Judge's Court and a District Court, a sum not exceeding Rupees 10, shall be deemed to be a reasonable fee with the meaning of this rule.

41. The fee allowed on the percentage scale for prosecuting or defending a suit is intended to cover all proceedings up to decree; and where a suit is remitted for re-hearing and disposal or for a finding on issues, the proceedings on such order must be regarded as a further proceeding in the trial of the suit, and no further fee can be allowed in respect of such proceedings.

Presidency Small Cause Court.

42. Where costs are awarded by the Court, and where the certificate prescribed in paragraph 31 of these rules has been obtained, the fees payable in respect of an adversary's Advocate or Attorney in the Presidency Court of Small Causes shall be as follows :—

(a) In suits not exceeding Rupees 500 in value—

In respect of an Advocate, a fee not exceeding	Rs. 30
Do. Attorney, do.	" 25

(b) In suits exceeding Rupees 500—

In respect of an Advocate, a fee not exceeding	" 85
Do. Attorney, do.	" 51

43. The following scale of Pleader's fees shall ordinarily be observed :—

Scale of Pleaders' Fees.

In suits not exceeding Rupees 10 in value, a fee not exceeding Rupee 1	
In suits exceeding Rupees 10 and not exceeding Rupees 20	" 2
Do. 20	do. 50
Do. 50	do. 100
Do. 100	do. 200

Scale of Pleaders' Fees—continued.

In suits exceeding Rupees 200 and not exceeding Rupees 300	Rupee 15
Do. 300	do. 400
Do. 400	do. 500
Do. 500	do. 700
Do. 700	do. 800
Do. 800	do. 1,000

45. Fees shall be fixed at the termination of a suit, and, except as hereinafter mentioned (Rule 45), shall be in full of all trouble and attendances bestowed, but exclusive of any compensation which may be granted under Section 42 of Act IX of 1850, or under Section 15 of Act I of 1875.

46. Except where an adjournment is made with the consent of all parties, or where from insufficiency of notice, a party has not had reasonable time to prepare himself for trial, or where the adjournment is necessitated by a cause beyond the control of the party, an adjournment should not be granted save on the condition that the party applying pay all costs of the day, including a reasonable fee, not exceeding Rupees 10, to the legal practitioner engaged by his adversary.

47. Except by special leave of the Court, fees shall not be allowed in cases entered as compromised, or in any case where the defendant, three days before the day of hearing, has intimated to the Court his intention not to contest the plaintiff's demand. In cases decided *ex parte*, or when the defendant confesses judgment, or where a number of suits by the same plaintiff are summarily disposed of in succession, the Court will exercise its discretion in granting fees.

48. In respect of claims and proceedings under the Distress Act (I of 1875) and other miscellaneous proceedings, the Court may order for an Advocate, Attorney or Pleader such fee as it thinks fit, provided that it will ordinarily be guided by the scales contained in these rules and that the highest rate of fee allowed is in no case exceeded.

49. For the purpose of determining the fee to be allowed in suits for ejectment, the amount of one year's rent, and in other suits or proceedings, the amount of debt or damage claimed, or value of the property in dispute, shall be taken to be the value of the suit.

50. Fees shall not be allowed in any case unless by order of the Judge; and he shall determine and certify in each case what fee or fees shall be allowed, and by whom they shall be paid.

51. "Pleader" includes every legal practitioner entitled to practise before a Judge, not being an Advocate or Attorney.

Mofussil Small Cause Courts.

52. In suits under Act XI of 1865 (Mofussil Small Cause Courts' Act) no fees shall be allowed between party and party unless the Judge shall certify, at the time of the trial, that the case was a proper one for the employment of a regularly authorized Pleader. When allowed, Rupees 5 may be the fee recoverable by the party employing such Pleader, and no fee shall be allowed for the assistance of any other person. If an Advocate, instructed by an Attorney, or if a Vakeel of the High Court shall appear, the fees as aforesaid shall be Rupees 15 and Rupees 10, respectively, in cases where the Judge certifies as above.

53. Where a Pleader is employed merely to obtain execution of a decree, one rupee shall be allowed as costs for that purpose in claims below Rupees 100, and two rupees in claims above that amount. In case of a second or other further application to obtain execution of a decree, the fee to be allowed shall be one-fourth of the fee allowable on the first application.

General.

54. Legal practitioners may, whether in civil or criminal cases, address the Court in English, either with the consent of the Court and both parties, or without such consent where due provision is made by the English speaker for the interpretation, if necessary, of what he says into the language of the Court.

Forms of Certificates.

55. The certificates and renewed certificates to be issued to Pleaders under the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, shall be in the following forms:—

I.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (c), Part I., Schedule II.

Pursuant to the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I hereby certify that son of _____, has been admitted a Pleader of the First Grade, and is authorized to appear, plead, and act in the District Court of _____ and in all Courts of civil jurisdiction subordinate to such District Court, and in all Courts of criminal jurisdiction to the said district of _____, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

II.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (d), Part I., Schedule II.

Pursuant to the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I hereby certify that son of _____, has been admitted a Pleader of the Second Grade, and is authorized to appear, plead and act in the District Munsif's Court of _____ in the district of _____ and on the Small Cause sides of the District and Subordinate Judges' Courts in the said district of _____ and in all Courts of criminal jurisdiction in the said district of _____ other than the Sessions Court of the division, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

III.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (b), Part I., Schedule II.

Pursuant to the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I hereby certify that son of _____, has been admitted a Pleader, and is authorized to appear, plead, and act in the Presidency Court of Small Causes, Madras, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

IV.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (c), Part I., Schedule II.

Pursuant to the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, I hereby certify that son of _____, has been admitted a Pleader, and is authorized to appear, plead and act in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Madras, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

V.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (c), Part I., Schedule II.

The Certificate issued under the signature of _____ on the day of _____ to _____ son of _____, a Pleader of the First Grade, having been cancelled and retained by me, this renewed Certificate is issued, authorizing the said _____ to appear, plead and act in the District Court of _____ and in all Courts of Civil Jurisdiction subordinate to such District Court, and in all Courts of criminal jurisdiction in the said district of _____, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

VI.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (d), Part I., Schedule II.

The Certificate issued under the signature of _____ on the day of _____ to _____ son of _____, a Pleader of the Second Grade, having been cancelled and retained by me, this renewed Certificate is issued authorizing the said _____ to appear, plead and act in the District Munsif's Court of _____ in the District of _____ and on the Small Cause sides of the District and Subordinate Judges' Courts in the said district of _____ and in all Courts of criminal jurisdiction in the said district of _____ other than the Sessions Court of the division, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this _____ day of _____

VII.

Act XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (d), Part I., Schedule II.

The Certificate issued under the signature of _____ on the day of _____ to _____ son of _____, a Pleader of the

Presidency Court of Small Causes, Madras, having been cancelled and retained by me, this renewed Certificate is issued, authorizing the said to appear, plead and act in the Presidency Court of Small Causes, Madras, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of

VIII.

ACT XVIII. of 1879,

Clause (c), Part I., Schedule II.

The Certificate issued under the signature of on the day of to son of a Pleader of the Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Madras, having been cancelled and retained by me, this renewed Certificate is issued, authorizing the said to appear, plead and act in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts, Madras, up to the end of the current calendar year.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of

(Signed) ARTHUR COLLINS, Chief Justice.
(") JAMES KERNAN,
(") T. MUTTUSAMI AIYAR, }
(") F. BRANDT, } Judges.
(") G. A. PARKER, }

High Court of Judicature, Madras,
4th February, 1887.

H. T. ROSS,
Registrar, Appellate Side.

OFFICE AND DUTIES OF OFFICIAL TRUSTEES OF MADRAS.

HIGH COURT RULES.

It is hereby notified that the following rules have been made by the Honorable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, under the power given by Act XVII of 1864 (Section 20), entitled an Act to constitute an office of Official Trustee, to take effect from 1st January 1882, in supersession of the rules made on the 9th January 1865.

1. The Official Trustee shall keep the following books of account :—

(1) A Register of Trusts in which shall be entered—

- (a) a summary of all Trusts vested in the Official Trustee on the 1st January 1882 and of all Trusts which shall become vested in him thereafter numbered with consecutive numbers;
- (b) the date of each Order of Court or Deed of Trust appointing the Official Trustee;
- (c) a statement of the Securities from time to time received and the disposal thereof;
- (d) the names of the persons entitled to the income and capital of each estate;
- (e) the rate of commission chargeable to each estate.

(2) A Cash-book showing in separate columns every receipt and payment through the office and every receipt and payment through the Bank of Madras, the dates of receipt and payment, and the number of vouchers for each payment as well as the particulars and amount of Government Securities, &c., to be balanced daily.

(3) A Ledger which shall contain a separate account with each Trust estate. All receipts to appear on the Creditor side and all payments on the Debtor side. The dates of receipts and payment, the amounts of Government and other securities, and of the cash transactions shall appear in separate columns, and each account in the Ledger shall be balanced on the 31st of December in every year.

(4) A Register of all Government Securities, Bank Shares, and other Securities deposited in the Bank of Madras showing the realization of interest and dividends half-yearly.

(5) A Rent Book in which shall be entered each house under the management of the Official Trustee, the name of the Trust estate to which it belongs, the name of the tenant; the arrears of rent if any due; the amount due for the current month; the date of realization and the amount realized.

(6) A Receipt Book containing skeleton forms of receipts with counterfoils numbered consecutively in print. These forms shall be used for all receipts given for cash and Government or other Securities.

(7) A commission book showing the sums received and invested on account of each Trust estate with the amount of commission payable to the Official Trustee.

2. Whenever owing to doubts or disputes as to the person or persons beneficially entitled, or for any other cause, there shall remain in the hands of the Official Trustee a cash balance of Rupees 100 belonging to any Trust estate, he shall without delay invest the same in Government Securities.

3. The Official Trustee shall procure all Government and other Securities which may be issued or given to him on account of any Trust estate, and every transfer of the same, whether by endorsement or otherwise, to be made in his name of office.

4. The Official Trustee shall not at any time retain in his keeping a larger sum in cash than Rupees 300. All sums received by him shall from time to time be lodged in the Bank of Madras to credit of a separate and distinct account to be kept by him as Official Trustee with the said Bank, and shall be drawn against when necessary in his name of office.

5. All Government Securities and Bank, Railway or other shares coming into the Official Trustee's charge shall forthwith be lodged by him in his name of office as Official Trustee in the Bank of Madras, and be there kept for safe custody, except when it may be necessary for the Official Trustee to retain such Securities or shares for a temporary purpose.

6. The Official Trustee shall make all remittances on account of persons in Europe to the India Office, London, by means of Bills of Exchange.

7. Any person seeking to inspect the books and accounts of the Official Trustee, or to inspect and make copies or extracts of his annual schedules filed in the High Court must apply for an order of the Chief Justice through the Judge's Clerk, and such application shall be by a short petition stating the particular Trust estate in which the applicant is interested, the nature of his interest, and the ground upon which he makes the application.

(Signed) CHARLES A. TURNER,
Chief Justice.

24th March 1881.

(A true copy.)

(Signed) JOSEPH STEAVENSON,
Registrar, High Court, Madras.

TABLE OF FEES TO BE TAKEN BY THE SHERIFF

In the High Court of Judicature at Madras.

The Sixteenth day of February 1876.

It is ordered, with the sanction and approval of His Grace the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, that from the first day of March 1876 the fees specified in the schedule hereto and no other fees shall be demanded and received by the Sheriff of Madras.

Schedule.

RS. A. P.

1. On every citation or summons either to a party or a witness, for each person to whom the citation or summons is directed	2	0	0
2. On every notice, for each person to whom the notice is directed	2	0	0
3. On every warrant of arrest	5	0	0
4. On every proclamation for attachment or the process for sale	5	0	0
5. On every warrant of attachment of moveable or immoveable property, according to the value of the suit if applied for before Judgment, or the amount decreed in respect of which execution is sought :—			
If the value or amount does not exceed Rupees 1,000	10	0	0
Exceeds Rupees 1,000, but does not exceed Rupees 2,500	12	0	0
" " 2,500, " " " 5,000	16	0	0
" " 5,000, " " " 10,000	20	0	0
" " 10,000, " " " "	25	0	0

6. On every warrant or order for delivery of possession of property, moveable or immoveable :—

If no attachment has taken place ... The fee for attachment of the property.

If attachment has taken place—	RS.	A.	P.
For moveable property	2	0	0
For immoveable property when it consists of a single parcel	5	0	0
For the like, where there are several parcels, situated in different places, for each parcel	3	0	0
7. On every warrant of sale of moveable property	2	0	0
8. On every warrant of sale of immoveable property	5	0	0

	RS.	A.	P.
9. For every certificate other than the return to a summons or other process	1	0	0
10. For copies of all papers from the Sheriff's Office, per folio	0	6	0
11. On every application for a search in the Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
12. On every injunction or order, not otherwise provided for	5	0	0
13. For detention of any person in custody before commitment by order of the Court or a Judge, each day	2	0	0
14. For keeping possession of moveable or immovable property, the necessary expenses actually incurred in keeping such possession, the amount in cases of dispute to be settled by the Taxing Officer.			

N.B.—(1). If the process and attachment for sale are issued simultaneously, the proper fee for the former process only is to be charged.

(2). The fee for the detention of any person in custody together with the expenses of maintenance or other extra expenses, to be assessed by the Taxing Officer in case of dispute, shall be paid to the Sheriff by the person in custody.

(3). In addition to the above fees the Sheriff shall be entitled to be paid all necessary expenses incurred by him incidental to the sale of any property, and the necessary postages actually paid by him for the transmission of summonses or other documents by post, the amount of such payments in case of dispute to be settled by the Taxing Officer.

Fees to be taken by Attorneys and Proctors.

	RS.	A.
For every authority or appointment to appear and act including attendances when not more than two parties sign the same	8	0
For the like where signed by more than two parties, an additional fee of	3	8
For letter before suit or other ordinary letter	2	0
For every other necessary letter, if long and special, discretionary.		
For drawing and subscribing every plaint, drawing every verified declaration, affidavit, and written statement, claim, petition, or application, or other proceeding in the Court not otherwise provided for, and for every amendment of the same when the written matter does not exceed one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For receiving instructions for every plaint, claim, or agreement under Section 328 ..	10	0
For the like in special or difficult cases, discretionary.		
For attendance before Officer of Court to furnish security on plaint or other proceeding	1	4
For the like before a Judge or Officer of Court, if sureties or witness examined	4	0
For every engrossment or fair copy for filing, per folio	0	12
For every other copy when required, and not otherwise provided for, per folio	0	8
For every necessary attendance before a Judge on ordinary matters, or at the Offices of the Court	1	4
For the like before a Judge on special matters	3	8
For attendance in Court on common or unopposed motions or applications by Counsel	3	8
For the like on special motions	7	0
For attendance in Court on the hearing of suit set down for final disposal, each day	10	0
For attendance before Judge on settlement of issues if suit then finally disposed of	10	0
For the like on criminal trials or hearing of suits, intestate, testamentary, or matrimonial, each day	10	8
For attendance, each day the suit is in the paper of the day and not called on	5	0
For receiving instructions at the Attorney's Office not otherwise provided for	3	0
For the like in special or difficult cases, discretionary.		
For attendance on client at the client's house or elsewhere, out of the Attorney's Office, at the client's request	10	8
For attendance at Judge's house on urgent occasions	15	0
For every necessary attendance upon the client not otherwise provided for	3	8
For the like if beyond the hour, the further fee of	3	8
For drawing claim to property attached either before or after judgment, not exceeding half a folio	1	0
When it exceeds half a folio and does not exceed one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For short notice, including copy and service when within the Black Town and Fort	2	8
For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	1	0
For long or special notices, including the same, discretionary.		
For every other service within two miles of the Black Town and Fort	1	4
For every additional mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	1	0
For drawing agreement on compromise, adjustment, or satisfaction of suit, not exceeding one folio	2	0

	RS.	A.
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing notices to produce any document, writing, or other thing, not exceeding one folio	1	8
The like, if not exceeding three folios	2	8
The like, when more than three folios	4	0
For drawing issues of law or fact stated by agreement of parties in a suit and the agreement thereon, not exceeding one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For attendance before Commissioners for examination of witnesses or for local investigations or investigation or adjustment of accounts or before arbitrators, for each hour	7	0
For the like, if Counsel in attendance, for every hour	3	8
For the like attendance, if beyond the local jurisdiction of the Court, a reasonable allowance in addition for travelling and other expenses.		
For perusing papers and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for brief	3	8
In extraordinary cases, or where many witnesses or documents, discretionary.		
For drawing brief, per folio	0	12
For fair copy of brief, per folio	0	8
For drawing and engrossing conveyance to be signed by Judge after decree, not exceeding one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing endorsement of negotiable instrument to be signed by Judge after decree, and for obtaining signature thereto, including attendances	3	8
For attending Sheriff or other Officer of the Court to receive money or Bank Notes on behalf of execution-creditor, and giving receipt for the same	3	8
For preparing written authority to apply for order of reference including attendances	3	0
For drawing and engrossing agreement for reference to arbitration, not exceeding one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing and engrossing agreement raising questions of law or fact for decision, not exceeding one folio	2	8
For every additional folio	1	0
For every necessary attendance at the Accountant General's Office, or the Government Treasury at the Bank of Madras	5	0
For every affidavit of service, including attendance	3	8
For copies of all papers requiring service not otherwise provided for, per folio	0	12
For special instructions to Counsel to move	3	8
For every bill of costs, including copy and service, per folio	1	0

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND.
(") A. BITTLESTON.
(") T. L. STRANGE.
(") H. D. PHILLIPS.
(") H. FRERE.

August 22nd, 1862.

The above Table of Fees to be taken by the Officers and Attorneys and Proctors of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council according to the provisions of Section 10, Act XX of 1862 of the Government of India.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT, *Chief Secretary.*

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Ootacamund, July 18, 1874.

The following revised Table of Fees to be demanded and received by the officers of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, in suits and proceedings on the Original Side of the High Court (including appeals), having received the sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Council, is published for general information:—

Fees to be taken in the High Court of Judicature at Madras, Original Civil Jurisdiction. Admiralty and Vice-Admiralty Jurisdiction. (limited to proceedings in personam).

	RS.	A.
Registrar.		
1. Admission of Barrister, Attorney, or Pleader	10	0
2. Presentation of plaint or of agreement under Section 328 of Act VIII of 1859	30	0
3. Summons to defendant (each), or to give evidence or produce documents	2	0
4. Every document or exhibit filed in Court or attached to an affidavit used in Court or before a Judge or produced with the plaint or written statement or used in evidence	2	0

Note.—Not to be charged twice in the same suit. Vouchers should be treated as forming part of the bill to which they relate and charged for as one document.

	RS.	A.
5. Every application to the Court or to a Judge before or after decree.....	5	0
6. Every order thereon issued from the Registrar's Office.....	5	0
7. Every warrant or arrest or attachment and every writ or process in execution of, or to enforce a decree or order.....	5	0
8. Writing depositions of witnesses, per folio.....	0	8
9. Copy of any document, per folio.....	0	6
10. Search for any document (for every hour or part of an hour).....	2	0
11. Commission to examine witnesses, or other commission.....	6	0
12. <i>Hearing</i> .—For the day of.....	10	0
After first day—daily.....	20	0
13. Production by an Officer of the Court at the hearing of a suit of the records in another suit.....	1	0
14. Every report or certificate of Judge or Officer of the Court.....	5	0
Every other certificate.....	1	0
15. Amending proceedings under order of Court, per folio.....	8	0
16. <i>Decrees</i> .—Every final decree below Rupees 1,500.....	10	0
(Suits and Appeals) „ 2,500.....	12	0
„ 5,000.....	16	0
„ 5,000.....	20	0
Every other decree.....	16	0
Dismissal of suit.....	5	0
Set-off and balance awarded to defendant (upon amount of balance as in decree for plaintiff).		
17. Exemplification of decree or other document, in addition to the folio and other charges.....	10	0
18. Enquiry into sufficiency of security (every hour or part of an hour).....	2	8
<i>Note</i> .—Not to be charged to officers of Court required to give security, or to administrators.		
19. Every sale conducted by an Officer of the Court (except the Sheriff) 10 per cent. on the first 1,000, and 2½ per cent. on the purchase money after the first 1,000.		
20. <i>Appeals</i> .—On presentation of Memorandum of Appeal—		
In suits for debt, damages, or moveable property where the amount to which the appeal relates does not exceed Rs. 1,500.....	16	0
„ 2,500.....	21	0
„ 5,000.....	32	0
Beyond „ 5,000.....	50	0
In all other cases.....	50	0
<i>Judges' Clerk.</i>		
21. For every attendance out of the Court-house as Commissioner, in addition to all other fees, if within the limits of Madras.....	10	0
22. For every mile beyond those limits.....	2	0
<i>Interpreters.</i>		
23. For interpreting affidavits and other proceedings not exceeding 8 folios.....	1	0
For every additional folio.....	0	8
This fee is to be accounted for to Government except (1) when the duty is performed under a Commission, or (2) when it is necessary that it should be and is performed out of the Court-house or Office of the Interpreter.		
24. For interpreting before an Officer of the Court or a Commissioner in the case of <i>vivâ voce</i> examination of witnesses reduced into writing, per folio.....	0	8
25. For attendance on the business of suitors out of the Court-house, if within the Black Town and Fort.....	10	0
(To be retained by the Interpreter.)		
26. For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort, each way.....	1	0
(To be retained by the Interpreter.)		
27. Translation, per folio.....		
Fee to be charged on number of folios contained in original document.....	0	8
<i>Taxing Officer.</i>		
28. For every certificate by Taxing Officer.....	1	0
29. For taxation of Bill of Costs exceeding 300 rupees.....	10	0
Not exceeding 300 rupees.....	5	0
If the taxation occupies more than an hour, for every additional hour or part of an hour.....		
(The stamps payable in respect of taxation to be affixed on the allocatur or certificate of the Taxing Officer.)	10	0
<i>Accountant General.</i>		
30. Upon all monies paid into Court with the privy of the Accountant-General, 1 per cent. and upon all interest accruing thereon, 2½ per cent.		
31. For entering and countersigning decree or order, or for the payment of money.....	5	0
32. For making and entering every certificate to be annexed to such decree or order.....	10	0

	RS.	A.
33. For every search where no certificate is required.....	5	0
34. For every certificate of funds in Court.....	5	0

Note.—I. No commission is to be charged upon monies paid into Court by the Official Trustee.

No fee, except commission, is to be charged when the amount in Court does not exceed Rs. 400, or in respect of payments made to suitors periodically.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,

(Signed) D. F. CARMICHAEL, *Acting Chief Secretary.*

Fees to be taken by the Clerk of the Crown, subject in case of Prisoners and Defendants, to be remitted by the Court.

It is ordered that the following rule be read and passed as a rule of the High Court, to take effect from the 12th day of February 1875:—

The fees of the Court to be taken in place of the fees now chargeable by the Clerk of the Crown shall be those set forth in the schedule hereto, subject in case of prisoners and defendants, to be remitted by the Court.

(Signed) W. MORGAN, *Chief Justice.*

(„) WM. HOLLOWAY,

(„) L. C. INNES,

(„) JAS. KERNAN,

(„) J. R. KINDERSLEY,

Judges.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, MADRAS, }
12th February 1875.

Schedule.

	RS.	A.	P.
1. For filing notice of motion or application, and every other proceeding requiring to be filed.....	5	0	0
2. For every rule or order of Court, including drawing, attendance before Judge, minuting, filing, &c.....	10	0	0
3. For every certificate.....	1	0	0
4. For office copies of all papers other than depositions for the use of prisoners under Section 5 of Act XIII of 1865 (per folio of 90 words).....	0	6	0
5. For copies of depositions under Section 5 of Act XIII of 1865 (per folio of 90 words).....	0	1	0
6. For recognizances, each person.....	2	8	0
7. For every search (each hour or part of an hour).....	2	0	0
8. For every writ of Habeas Corpus, Mandamus or Certiorari, Attachment or Bench Warrant.....	5	0	0
9. For every writ of subpoena, each witness, (each prisoner to be allowed subpoenas for four persons free of charge).....	2	0	0
10. For every commission for the examination of witnesses, or for taking affidavits.....	6	0	0
11. For taking down the examination of witnesses, under Mandamus, Commission, or upon interrogatories, including engrossment (per folio of 90 words).....	1	0	
12. For reading and marking each exhibit at the examination of witnesses under a Mandamus or Commission.....	1	0	0
13. For Judge's certificate of return to writ of Mandamus.....	5	0	0
14. For Clerk of the Crown's do. to do.	7	0	0
15. For minuting and recording proceedings for contempt.....	5	0	0
16. For attending out of the Court-house on business incidental to the Office of Clerk of the Crown.....	17	8	0
(To be retained by the Clerk of the Crown.)			
17. For every attendance in Court, other than on the Crown Side, to produce papers, &c.....	1	0	0

(All fees not especially provided for herein to be the same as those charged for similar proceedings on the Original Civil Jurisdiction Side of the Court.)

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

Chief Clerk.....J. STEAVENSON, Esq., B.A.....Appointed 1878.
Official Assignee.....F. ROWLANDSON, Esq..... „ 25th Dec. 1880.

Rules and Orders of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras.

ORDO CURLE, 22ND DECEMBER, 1848.

The Rules and Orders now in force for regulating the Proceedings of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be, and the same are, hereby repealed on and after the 1st day of January 1849; and the following Rules and Orders are hereby made for regulating the Proceedings of the said Court on and after the 1st day of January 1849.

I.—All summonses, precepts, rules, orders and other process to be issued by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras shall be prepared, made out, and signed by the principal officer of the said Court, who shall be called the Chief Clerk; and all petitions

affidavits, and other proceedings shall be filed by the said Chief Clerk of Record. The Office of the said Chief Clerk shall be open every Monday and Thursday between the hours of ten in the forenoon and four in the afternoon, and on such other days and at such hours as the Court shall hereafter direct; and the Office of the Official Assignee shall be open every day (Sundays and public holidays excepted) from twelve till two.

II.—In every case the Attorney shall personally, and not by his Clerk or any other person, accept the retainer of a prisoner, and the prisoner shall sign the retainer, and at the same time the Attorney shall sign his acceptance thereof: Provided that in case of the illness of such Attorney or of his absence from Madras such retainer may be received and accepted for him by some other Attorney of the Court personally, the cause thereof being stated in such acceptance.

III.—The Attorney of every prisoner, and all opposing creditors whose costs are ordered to be paid by the Insolvent or out of the Insolvent's estate, and all other persons requiring their bills of costs to be taxed, shall cause their respective bills to be taxed by the Master of the Supreme Court.

IV.—No Attorney shall directly or indirectly employ the Gaoler, Deputy Gaoler, or any prisoner, or other person confined or residing within the said Gaol, as Clerk or Agent to solicit retainers or to transact any business whatever relating to proceedings in the said Court touching the relief or discharge of any prisoner, and no Attorney shall continue to practise in the said Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors whilst he shall himself be a prisoner.

V.—In all cases there shall be filed with the petition a certificate from the Gaoler of the day or days and cause or causes of detainer against the prisoner.

VI.—The Chief Clerk, upon the filing in his office of the schedule of the debts and effects of any Insolvent Debtor in custody, shall forthwith cause a copy of such parts thereof as contain the particulars of the Insolvent's estate and effects and of the debts stated to be owing to him to be made out and delivered to the Official Assignee.

VII.—Notice of the filing of every petition and schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency, where an adjudication has been pronounced, and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency, and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee—per *Ord. Cur.*, 9th September 1853—shall be given to creditors and persons claiming to be creditors, whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the schedule, in the following manner:—

In cases where the creditors or persons claiming to be creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such creditors or persons claiming to be creditors and also upon the Attorney of every detaining creditor suing by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the creditors or persons claiming to be creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order of the appointment of the day for hearing—per *Ord. Cur.*, 9th September 1853—unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct. All affidavits of the service of such notices as are required by Rule VII, shall be prepared and left with Chief Clerk one week before the day of hearing—*Ord. Cur.*, 24th March 1849.

VIII.—Where a vesting order of the estate of a prisoner has been made on the petition of a creditor, notice thereof, together with an order to file a schedule, shall forthwith be given to such prisoner by service of a copy of the same, and delivery to the Gaoler shall be deemed good service of such notice and order upon the prisoner in such case.

IX.—The appearance at the hearing of any creditor or other person entitled to notice shall be deemed a waiver by him, her, or them, of such notice when there shall have been none, or of any defect or irregularity in the form or service thereof, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

X.—The proof of notices published in the *Gazette* of the Presidency shall be by the production of the said *Gazette* without other proof, and the proof of other notices shall be ordinarily by affidavit unless the Court shall think fit to call for *circa voce* testimony, in which case the deposition of the witness shall be taken in writing by the Chief Clerk of the Court.

XI.—No creditor shall be allowed at the hearing to oppose the discharge of a prisoner, unless he shall have served the prisoner with notice of his intention to oppose him, stating in such notice the specific grounds of his opposition three clear days before the day of hearing, and also shall have left a like notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk before the day of hearing: Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.—Per *Ord. Cur.*, 9th September 1853.

XII.—At the hearing, the examination of the prisoner by the Court shall be taken down in writing by the Chief Clerk, and shall be signed by the prisoner and filed in Court.

XIII.—In all cases of opposition to the discharge of an Insolvent, where the Insolvent's petition shall be dismissed, the Court shall, if it think fit, order the costs of the opposing creditor or creditors to be paid by the Insolvent.

XIV.—The Official Assignee shall be entitled to five per cent. commission on the principal sum forming the proceeds of each estate distributable as dividends; and if such commission shall not produce Rupees two hundred in any one month, his remuneration shall be made up to this amount by taking the sum required for that purpose out of the interest of the Government Securities in which his collections are invested.—*Ord. Cur.*, 4th May 1849.—*Ord. Cur.*, 5th October, 1855. This rule now stands as originally printed and passed on 22nd December 1848.

XV.—The Official Assignee, and every person who shall hereafter be appointed to that office, previously to his admission thereto, shall give good and sufficient security by bond to the Chief Justice for the payment of such sum of money as the Court shall direct, with two or more able sureties to be approved by the Master; which bond shall be conditioned for his duly accounting for and administering all estates committed to his charge as Official Assignee, and the same shall be deposited with and kept by the Accountant-General, subject to the order of the Court.

XVI.—The Official Assignee shall proceed with all diligence to collect and get in the estate and effects of Insolvent persons committed to his charge, and shall pay in or deposit the same in the Honorable Company's Treasury with the privacy of the Accountant-General retaining in his hands from time to time such sums only as may be necessary for immediate purposes: Provided nevertheless that the Official Assignee shall at no time retain in his hands a larger sum than two thousand rupees on the whole without the order of the Court.

XVII.—Whenever it shall become necessary for the Official Assignee to obtain any money, bonds, or other securities out of the Honorable Company's Treasury for the purpose of distributing the same amongst the creditors entitled thereto, the mode of obtaining such money, bonds and securities, shall be by order of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, signed by the Chief Clerk, and countersigned by one of the Judges, for the payment and delivery of the said money, bonds and securities to the Official Assignee, which order shall be by him presented to the Accountant-General and Treasurer in the same manner as any order of the Supreme Court of Madras for the payment out of the Treasury of money, effects, or securities of the suitors of the Supreme Court under order of the said Court.

XVIII.—The Official Assignee shall enter into a book to be kept by him for that purpose separate and distinct accounts of each estate under his charge and of all such sums of money, bonds and other securities for money, goods, effects, and things as shall come to his hands or to the hands of any person employed by him, or in trust for him as such Official Assignee, and likewise of all payments made by him for and on account of the said estates, specifying the dates of such receipts and payments respectively.

XIX.—The Official Assignee shall twice in every year, that is, on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July, or on the 1st day after those days on which the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be sitting, exhibit and deliver in open Court a true and perfect schedule of all sums of money, bonds, and other securities received on account of each estate remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout during the preceding half-year, and the balances; and also of all estates wherein dividends shall have been ordered to be paid and shall have been paid over to persons entitled to the same during the preceding half-year, specifying the amount of such dividends; which schedule shall, on and after the 1st day of January 1849, be in the form following:—

Part 1st.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge since the period of exhibiting his last preceding schedule.

Part 2nd.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge prior to such last-mentioned period, on account of which he shall have received any money, bonds, or other securities subsequently to such last-mentioned period.

Part 3rd.—Containing all estates wherein dividends shall have been paid over to the parties entitled thereto since the period of exhibiting his last preceding schedule, specifying the amount paid and the amount remaining unpaid.

XX.—Previous to the Official Assignee exhibiting and delivering in open Court his schedule in pursuance of the preceding rule, he shall lay the same, together with the accounts of each estate and the vouchers relating thereto, before the Master, in order that such schedule may be examined and the several vouchers compared with the accounts of the estates therein described.

XXI.—In all cases where the Courts shall direct that the estate and effects of any Insolvent shall be received by the Official Assignee and any Special Assignee, or Assignees jointly, all moneys, jewels, and securities for money belonging to each estate shall within seven days after the receipt thereof be paid or delivered and be kept in deposit in the Bank of Madras; and no part thereof shall be withdrawn therefrom but upon the order in writing of all such Assignees, or of any two of them, of whom the Official Assignee shall be one.

XXII.—The Chief Clerk shall, immediately after the hearing of any Insolvent upon his petition, and after adjudication of the Court thereon, deliver over to the Official Assignee

the schedule of the Insolvent, which shall be thereafter kept in the office of the Official Assignee. Provided that if the schedule be required by the Chief Clerk for any temporary purpose, it shall be delivered out to him as often as may be necessary, and shall be restored to the custody of the Official Assignee as soon as such purpose has been fulfilled.

(Signed) EDWARD J. GAMBIER.
(") W. W. BURTON.

Additional Rules for regulating the Proceedings in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras, made and passed by the Supreme Court of Judicature there and read in Court on the 9th day of September 1873.

That henceforth the following rule be substituted for Rule VII:—

Notice of the filing of every petition and schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency where an adjudication has been pronounced and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee shall be given to creditors and persons claiming to be creditors, whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the schedule in the following manner. In cases where the creditors or persons claiming to be creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such creditors or persons claiming to be creditors and also upon the Attorney of any detaining creditor suing by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the creditors or persons claiming to be creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette* which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order or of the appointment of the day for hearing, unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct.

Proviso to be added to Rule XI. Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.

XXIII.—That every Insolvent shall file with his schedule a general Balance Sheet of his receipts and expenditure, which account shall in no case commence later than twelve calendar months before the filing of the schedule. But if at any time subsequent to the date of the earliest debt in the schedule any property shall have gone from the Insolvent by sale, assignment, mortgage, distress, execution, or by any means other than the ordinary course of trade or living, the account shall commence so as to include all such transactions, and every Insolvent shall also state in the said general Balance Sheet the cause of his present insolvency and the amount of debts, if any, still due by him under any prior insolvency.

XXIV.—That no dividend shall be reserved for any disputed claim or debt that shall not have been substantiated before or at the sitting of the Court at which the dividend shall be declared, unless the Court shall direct such reservation to be made.

XXV.—That the Court in its discretion, and if it thinks fit to award any costs, may do so against, or to any Assignee, any Insolvent finally discharged, any petitioner for revocation of adjudication, any creditor or any person interested in an Insolvent estate applying, opposing, or appearing on any application, and either out of the estate or out of the private monies of any such person or party, and may direct to what amount, how, when and in what manner, and by whom the same shall be paid, recovered, or retained.

XXVI.—That the Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to the Supreme Court or to the Insolvent Court to permit him to proceed in Equity or at Law, or in the Ecclesiastical, or Admiralty Jurisdiction, or to defend any suit or action, or take or defend any proceedings without the payment of any fees of office to the Officers of the Supreme Court or Insolvent Court in respect of any demand, claim, or right against or belonging to any Insolvent estate, wherein no assets have been received, and wherein there are no assets expected or recoverable except such as shall be the subject of such suit or action: Provided always that such fees shall be a primary charge on and payable out of the assets recovered therein.

TABLE OF FEES.—From and after this date the folio in the Table of Fees shall be deemed to consist of 90 words instead of 72, and all charges by the folio shall be made at the rate of 5 annas per folio instead of 8 annas as heretofore.

The Table of Fees of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

The folio in this table shall be deemed to consist of 90 words, and four figures shall be calculated as equal to one word.

	Attorneys.	RS. A.
1 For retainer	1 4	
2 For every necessary letter	1 2	
3 For every attendance in prison or in client's house, or elsewhere out of their own office, at the client's request	3 8	
4 If necessarily detained beyond an hour, for each additional hour	3 8	
5 For every attendance at their own offices	1 12	
6 For every attendance on the Chief Clerk or Official Assignee or other officer at their offices in the Court-house on matters of course	1 0	

	RS. A.
7. For attending Court on motions	2 0
8. For attending Court on hearing	5 0
9. For attending in Court each day the case is in the paper and not called on	3 8
10. For attending Master to tax costs, each hour	1 8
11. For attending any officer of the Court on matters referred to him, for every hour	3 8
12. For every necessary attendance not otherwise provided for	1 8
13. For drawing every Petition, Schedule, and every other proceeding, matter, or thing not otherwise provided for, the first folio	1 0
14. For every other folio	0 5
15. For engrossment or fair copy, per folio	0 5
16. For notices including copy and service within the Black Town and Fort	1 0
17. For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	0 8
18. For all copies not otherwise provided for, per folio	0 5
19. For perusing papers preparatory to hearing and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for Brief, subject to be increased in extraordinary cases	2 0
20. For short instructions to Counsel to move	0 12
21. For special instructions to do	1 12
22. For drawing Brief, each Brief sheet of 5 folios	3 0
23. For fair copy of Brief, each sheet	2 0
24. For every other matter not hereinbefore specified, the same fees as in small causes on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.	

Sheriff.

1. For executing every attachment and other process which may issue to him	0 8
2. For returning same	0 8
3. For every search in his office	0 8
4. For every certificate	0 8

Master and Tazing Officer.

1. For passing and certifying the Official Assignee's half-yearly schedule, each estate where one hundred rupees or more shall have been received or disbursed	5 0
2. For every voucher or exhibit in passing such schedule	0 4
3. For every hour employed in the investigation of matters referred to him by the Court	5 0
4. For less than an hour	3 8
5. For every report or certificate on matters referred to him, not exceeding 10 folios	5 0
6. For every folio exceeding 10	0 8
7. For taxing bill of costs and for every other matter not hereinbefore specified and required to be done by the Master, the same fees as on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.	

TABLE OF FEES.

INSOLVENTS COURT.

It is ordered that the following rule be read and passed as a rule of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors to take effect from the 12th day of February 1875.

Instead of the fees now payable to the Chief Clerk, Sealer and Interpreters, there shall be paid in respect of each document specified in the schedule hereto the fee indicated by the said schedule as the proper fee for such document.

(Signed) W. MORGAN, Chief Justice.

High Court, Madras, }
12th February 1875. }
{ W. M. HOLLOWAY,
{ L. C. INNES,
{ JAS. KERNAN,
{ J. R. KINDERSLEY, } Judges.

Schedule.

	RS. A.
1. Petition for the benefit of the Act	15 0
2. Every other document which requires to be filed, except affidavits of service and notices of opposition	1 0
3. Summons and other process, for each person summoned	2 0
4. Rule or Order of Court, except vesting orders and orders to bring up Insolvent from gaol	5 0
5. Certificate granted by the Chief Clerk	1 0
6. Application for a search not exceeding one hour	2 0
7. For every other hour, or part of an hour	2 0
8. Notice of opposition left at the office of the Chief Clerk	2 0
9. Application for the attendance of the Chief Clerk before the High Court or a Judge in Chambers with papers from his office by order of the Court or a Judge or at the request of any party	1 0
10. Affidavit of service	2 0
10. Copies of all papers, per folio	0 6

Schedule—continued.

RS. A.

11. Commission to examine witnesses or other commission..... 6 0
 12. Examination of an Insolvent or witness reduced into writing at the requisition of a party interested, not exceeding three folios..... 1 8
 For every other folio..... 0 8
 13. Application for the attendance of an Interpreter at the gaol..... 3 8
 The other fees for interpreting and translating to be the same as in the High Court.

The folio to consist of ninety words and four figures to be calculated as equal to one word.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

COURT FOR RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS.

Monday, the Twenty-first day of January 1884.

It is ordered that the following rule be read and passed as a rule of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors to take effect from the first day of February 1884.

The following fees shall be taken in lieu of or in addition to the fees leviable under the order of Court of February 12th, 1875.

1. Petition by debtor for the benefit of the Act in lieu of Rupees 15 RS. A. P. 5 0 0
 2. Petition by creditor for a declaration of an act of Insolvency 5 0 0
 3. With every such petition there shall be deposited a fee to be calculated by the Chief Clerk for defraying the costs of advertisement of notice (where such notice is required) and of adjudication in the London Gazette and in the Gazette of the Presidency. If no adjudication is made, a certificate will issue for the recovery of the fee for advertisement of adjudication.

4. With every notice for an order of discharge there shall be paid a fee calculated by the Chief Clerk for defraying the cost of advertising the order in the London Gazette and in the Gazette of the Presidency.

Nothing in the rules of February 12th, 1875, or in these rules shall prevent the Court from accepting and adjudicating on a petition presented by a debtor detained in jail under civil process. But if it shall appear that such debtor has available assets such assets shall be applied in the first instance to the discharge of the fees leviable under the said rules.

(Signed) CHARLES A. TURNER, Chief Justice.
 (") JAMES KERNAN,
 (") J. R. KINDERSLEY,
 (") T. MUTTUSAMI AIYAR,
 (") P. P. HUTCHINS, } Judges.

MADRAS COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

COURT HOUSE, SECOND LINE NORTH BEACH.

Court sits daily except on Sundays and authorized holidays.

The Registrar's Office is open every day from 10 A.M. till 4 P.M., except on Saturdays, when the Office will be closed at 2 P.M.

J. W. Handley, Esq., M.A., (Barrister-at-Law).....Chief Judge.
 P. Srinivasa Row, Esq.....Judge.
 T. V. Ponnosawmy Pillay, Esq.....Do.
 J. M. Maskell, Esq., B.A., (Barrister-at-Law).....Registrar.

Officers of the Court.

F. B. Lavery, Esq.Head Clerk.
 C. Mouselamoney Moodelliar.....Chief Interpreter.
 Mian Jan.....Persian and Hindustani Interpreter.
 C. Rungasawmy Aiyangar.....Chief Judge's Clerk.
 K. Vathantha Moodelliar.....Judge's Clerk.
 A. Kamiah.....Do.
 C. Parthasarathy Aiyangar.....Do.
 V. Subbrama Aiyar.....Nazir.
 N. Nilacunta Pillay.....Treasurer.
 Mr. G. S. Steers.....Bailliff, Sworn Broker and Appraiser.
 " A. H. Fitzsimons.....Bailliff.
 " H. Todman.....Do.
 " C. J. Judge.....Court and Deposit-keeper and Crier.
 " John Ivatts.....Keeper of the Civil Debtors' Jail.

TABLE OF FEES UNDER ACT XV. OF 1882.

Fees for Summonses and other Processes.

When the amount or value of the subject matter exceeds	But does not exceed	Fee for summonses.			Fee for other processes.		
RS.	RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
0	10	0	2	0	0	2	0
10	20	0	4	0	0	4	0
20	50	0	8	0	0	8	0
50	100	1	0	0	1	0	0
100	200	1	4	0	2	0	0
200	300	1	8	0	3	0	0
300	400	1	12	0	4	0	0
400	500	2	0	0	5	0	0
500	600	2	4	0	6	0	0
600	700	2	8	0	7	0	0
700	800	2	12	0	8	0	0
800	900	3	0	0	9	0	0
900	1,000	3	4	0	10	0	0
1,000	1,100	3	6	0	10	8	0
1,100	1,200	3	8	0	11	0	0
1,200	1,300	3	10	0	11	8	0
1,300	1,400	3	12	0	12	0	0
1,400	1,500	3	14	0	12	8	0
1,500	1,600	4	0	0	13	0	0
1,600	1,700	4	2	0	13	8	0
1,700	1,800	4	4	0	14	0	0
1,800	1,900	4	6	0	14	8	0
1,900	2,000	4	8	0	15	0	0

SCALE OF FEES TO BE LEVIED IN DISTRAINTS FOR HOUSE RENT UNDER CHAP. VIII. OF ACT XV. OF 1882.

Sums sued for	Affidavit and Warrant to distrain.			Order to sell.	Commission.	Total.
RS.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
1 and under 5	0	4	0	0	8	0
5 " 10	0	8	0	0	8	0
10 " 15	0	8	0	1	8	0
15 " 20	0	8	0	2	0	0
20 " 25	0	12	0	2	8	0
25 " 30	1	0	0	3	0	0
30 " 35	1	0	0	3	8	0
35 " 40	1	0	0	4	0	0
40 " 45	1	4	0	4	8	0
45 " 50	1	8	0	5	0	0
50 " 60	2	0	0	6	0	0
60 " 80	2	8	0	6	8	0
80 " 100	3	0	0	7	0	0
Upwards of 100	3	0	0	7 per centum		

The above scale is intended to include all expenses, except in suits where the tenant disputes the landlord's claim, and witnesses have to be subpoenaed, in which case each subpoena for sums under Rs. 40 must be paid for at four annas each, and twelve annas above that amount; and also where peons were kept in charge of property distrained, four annas per day must be paid per man.

The following scale of allowances to witnesses attending the Court was sanctioned by the Judges under Section 160 of the C. P. Code on 9th May 1879.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	4th Class.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Europeans, East Indians and Natives.....	1 8 0	0 12 0	0 6 0	0 3 0

OFFICERS EMPLOYED IN THE MADRAS POLICE.

COLONEL T. K. GUTHRIE, Staff Corps, Inspn.-General of Police—Appointed to the Police, 2nd December 1862.—On furlough from 7th April 1867.

COLONEL C. A. PORTEOUS, Staff Corps, Acting Inspn.-General of Police—Appointed to the Police, 1st May 1860.

O. R. JONES, Esq., Asst. Inspn.-General of Police—Appointed to the Police, 28th April 1870.

Districts.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appointment to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Salary.	Date of appointment to the Police.	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
City of Madras.	S +	Colonel T. Weldon.	1853	Staff Corps	Commr. of Police	Rs. A. P. 1,500 0 0	{ 21 July 60 13 Dec. 85	{ 7 8 11 0 0 0	{ 0 0 0 0 0 0	
	HS te +	Lieut.-Col. D. Heming.	1861	Genl. List.	Deputy do.	750 0 0	1 Sept. 65	17 1 8	5 2 25	Ag. Supt., 2nd Grade, Coimbatore.
		S. D. Simpson, Esq.	Uncovd	AG.	Assistant do.	616 10 8	6 Sept. 65	23 3 25	0 0 0	
		T. Ramachandra Rau, Esq.	Uncovd	AG.	Assistant do.	400 0 0	7 Nov. 57	27 8 22	3 5 2	
Ganjam.	S Z +	Colonel C. A. Porteous	1856	Staff Corps	Dy. Inspn.-Genl.	1,200 0 0	1 May 60	23 7 4	0 0 23	Ag. Inspn.-Genl. of Police, Madras.
Vizagapatam.	S te	Colonel F. Kilgour	1857	Staff Corps	Ag. Do.	1,003 10 8	10 May 64	20 11 12	2 8 9	Walfar.
Raypore.										
Godavari.										
Kistna.										
Nellore.										
Kurnool.										
Bellary.										
Anantpore.										
Cuddapah.										
North Arcot.										
Chingleput.										
South Arcot.										
Tanjore.										
Trichinopoly.										
Madura.										
Tinnevely.										
Salem.										
Coimbatore.										
Malabar.										
South Canara.										

† Passed the Law Test prescribed for Officers of Police.

† Military officers draw personal allowances up to the limit of Rs. 1,200 in the case of Colonels and Lieut. Colonels and Rs. 900 in the case of Majors.

Officers employed in the Madras Police—Continued.

Districts.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appointment to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Salary.	Date of appointment to the Police.	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Ganjam	te + te +	H. T. Ross, Esq.	Uncovd	Supt., 4th Grade.	Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	2 Oct. 1869	14 8 21	3 6 8	Chatterpore.
	te +	F. Fawcett, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	23 Mar. 78	9 9 8	0 0 0	Ag. Supt. of Police, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.
	te + k O +	H. E. Sweet, Esq.	Uncovd	Offg. Asst. Supt., 1st Gr.	Offg. Asst. Supt., 1st Gr.	500 0 0	5 May 70	10 8 0	0 11 26	Kimedy.
		J. Meredith, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	600 0 0	18 Apr. 78	9 8 0	0 0 7	Russelcondah.
Vizagapatam	HS. + te + + te	Lt.-Col. C. J. B. Harris	1858	Staff Corps	Supt., 3rd Grade.	700 0 0	5 Apr. 67	14 10 27	3 8 20	Offg. Supt., Trichinopoly.
		M. G. A. Worsop, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	600 0 0	29 April 72	14 8 10	0 11 25	Vizagapatam.
		H. W. Lushington, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	500 0 0	16 June 75	12 0 8	0 6 7	On leave on (M. C.) from 28th June 1887.
	te + te + te +	C. G. W. Clogstoun, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Asst. Supt., 3d Grade.	AG. Asst. Supt., 3d Grade.	350 0 0	5 June 85	2 26 6	0 0 0	Narsipatam.
	te +	H. E. Sweet, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	500 0 0	5 May 76	10 8 0	0 11 26	Offg. Asst. Supt., Ganjam.
	te +	L. J. Lindsay, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	350 0 0	31 Jan. 85	2 11 0	0 0 0	Parvatipore.
Raypore	te + + te	G. T. Egan, Esq.	Uncovd	Supt., 4th Grade.	Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	4 Mar. 69	16 1 2	2 8 25	Offg. Supt., Malabar.
		H. G. Young, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	600 0 0	30 April 74	12 2 4	1 5 27	komput; Draws also a local allowance of Rs. 100.
	te +	C. H. Travers, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	8 Aug. 79	5 4 23	0 0 0	Draws a local allowance of [Rs. 100.
Godavari	S te + te O + +	Lt.-Col. W. H. Hoskins	1858	Staff Corps	Supt., 1st Grade.	1,000 0 0	14 Apr. 63	22 9 2	1 11 15	Rajamahundry.
		H. G. Prendergast, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	10 July 76	11 5 21	0 0 0	Ag. Supt., Kistna.
		F. E. C. Carr, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Asst. Supt., 3d Gr.	AG. Asst. Supt., 3d Gr.	350 0 0	20 May 86	1 7 11	0 0 0	Narsapur.
Kistna	te + te O + HS. AS. + te	J. Y. Fullerton, Esq.	Uncovd	Supt., 4th Grade.	Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	26 Jan. 70	14 11 10	2 11 25	Offg. Supt., S. Canara.
		H. G. Prendergast, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	AG. Supt., 4th Grade.	600 0 0	10 July 76	11 5 21	0 0 0	Musulipatam.
		S. P. C. Scott, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	500 0 0	23 Nov. 77	10 6 0	0 17 0	Offg. Asst. Supt., Tanjore.
		W. Macartney, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	300 0 0	13 Oct. 84	3 2 18	0 0 0	Guntoor.
Nellore	te + te + to	W. J. A. Sullivan, Esq.	Uncovd	Supt., 4th Grade.	Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	28 Jan. 69	18 0 8	0 10 25	Nellore.
		M. G. A. Worsop, Esq.	Uncovd	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	26 April 72	14 8 10	0 11 23	Ag. Supt., Vizagapatam.
		C. J. Stuart, Esq.	Uncovd	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	AG. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	350 0 0	15 Oct. 82	5 2 16	0 0 0	Ongole.

* Service in other Departments.

† Passed the Law Test prescribed for Officers of Police.

† Military officers draw personal allowances up to the limit of Rs. 1,200 in the case of Colonels and Lieut. Colonels and Rs. 900 in the case of Majors.

Officers employed in the Madras Police—Continued.

Districts.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appt. to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Salary.	Date of appt. to the Police	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Kurnool	H mm. † † †	Major G. R. Hodgson † H. G. Young, Esq. R. H. Huddleston, Esq.	1863	Bom. S. C. Uncovd ... Uncovd ...	Supt., 3rd Grade..... Asst. Supt., 1st Grade..... Ag. Asst Supt., 3rd Grade	Rs. A. P. 700 0 0 500 0 0 350 0 0	0 Mar. 1869 30 Apr. 74 12 25 May 83 3 16	Y. M. D. 9 19 2 2 4 1 5 27 1	0 3 Kurnool. 1 5 27 Ag. Supt., Joypore. 1 1 20 Nundyal.	
Bellary	S te †	Lt.-Col. G. Chrystie †	1856	Staff Corps	Supt., 2nd Grade.....	800 0 0	7 July 63 20 2 0	4 3 24	0 4 Bellary.	
Anantapore..	† †	T. E. Thomas, Esq	.....	Uncovd ...	Supt., 4th Grade.....	700 0 0	12 July 68 17 7 20	1 9 29	1 9 29 Anantapore.	
Cuddapah ...	HS. te †	Lt. Col. W. H. St. A. Wilton	1859	Genl. List.	Supt., 3rd Grade.....	800 0 0	25 Oct. 61 19 5 27 25 July 65 0 2 2	3 6 7	3 6 7 Cuddapah. Draws pay of rank & horse allowance—Rs. 1,032-4-0.	
North Arcot..	† †	C. E. Smith, Esq.....	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.....	500 0 0	4 July 78 9 5 27	0 0 0	0 0 Mudnapalle.	
North Arcot..	† †	E. S. B. Stevenson, Esq..... S. D. Simpson, Esq..... F. S. Mullahy, Esq.....	..... ..... .....	Uncovd ... Uncovd ... Uncovd ...	Supt., 4th Grade..... Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade..... Ag. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	700 0 0 350 0 0 350 0 0	2 Apl. 71 15 9 12 6 Sep. 65 22 3 25 5 Aug. 85 2 4 26	0 11 17 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 11 17 Chittoor. 0 0 0 Ag. Dy. Commr., Madras. 0 0 0 Vellore.	
Chingleput	HS	Lt.-Col. J. S. Blandland.....	1859	Genl. List.	Supt., 2nd Grade.....	800 0 0	14 Aug. 66 12 8 0 4 2 15	4 6 2	4 6 2 St. Thomas' Mount. Draws pay of rank and horse allowance—Rs. 1,032-4-0.	
South Arcot	S	Colonel R. G. Jenkins †	1856	Staff Corps	Supt., 2nd Grade, & Ag. 1st Grade.....	1,000 0 0 500 0 0	16 June 63 21 0 25 23 June 76 11 6 8	3 5 20 0 0 0	3 5 20 Cuddalore. 0 0 0 Offg. Asst. Supt., Salem.	
.....	† †	J. H. Stoddard, Esq.....	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.....	500 0 0	11 June 82 5 6 12	0 0 8	0 0 8 Trukkoilur.	
.....	† †	H. E. Sullivan, Esq.....	.....	Uncovd ...	Offg. Asst. Supt., 3d Gr	500 0 0	5 June 76 9 6 27	1 11 29	1 11 29 Tanjore.	
Tanjore	Surv t mm. † te HS. AS. †	F. T. Bagshawe, Esq..... L. G. Arbuthnot, Esq. S. P. C. Scott, Esq.....	..... ..... .....	Uncovd ... Uncovd ... Uncovd ...	Supt., 4th Grade..... Asst. Supt., 1st Grade..... Offg. Asst. Supt., 1st Grade	700 0 0 500 0 0 500 0 0	13 May 75 10 11 16 23 Nov. 77 10 0 21 20 June 65 17 7 1	1 8 2 0 0 17 4 5 7	1 8 2 On furlo, from 4th March 1887. 0 0 17 Negapatam. 4 5 7 On furlo, from 9th Oct. 1886.	
Trichinopoly	S † †	Colonel H. S. Court †	1855	Staff Corps	{ Supt., 3rd Grade & } { Ag. 2nd Grade ... }	700 0 0	5 Apr. 67 14 10 27	3 8 20	3 8 20 Trichinopoly.	
.....	HS † †	Lt.-Col. C. J. B. Harris †	1858	Staff Corps	Offg. Supt., 3rd Grade.	700 0 0	5 Apr. 67 14 10 27	3 8 20	3 8 20 Trichinopoly.	

* Service in other Departments.

† Military officers draw personal allowances up to the limit of Rs. 1,200 in the case of Colonels and Rs. 900 in the case of Majors.

† Passed the Law Test prescribed for Officers of Police.

Officers employed in the Madras Police—Concluded.

Districts.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appt. to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Salary.	Date of appt. to the Police.	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Madura	S te	Colonel F. Kilgour †	1857	Staff Corps	Supt., 2nd Grade.	800 0 0	10 May 1864	20 11 12	2 8 9	Ag. Dy. Insp. Genl., Northern [Range].
	† †	J. E. E. A. Boyd, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Offg. Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	7 Nov. 69	17 2 4	0 11 20	Madura.
	te †	C. D. J. Carmichael, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.	350 0 0	6 Sep. 83	3 0 25	1 3 10	Rannad.
	HS. te †	Colonel A. T. Rolland †	1856	Staff Corps	Supt., 1st Grade.	1,000 0 0	2 Dec. 62	19 9 18	5 3 11	On furlough on M. C. to Europe, from 7th April 1887.
Tinnevely....	† te	A. P. Agar, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Ag. Supt., 4th Grade.	600 0 0	15 Feb. 77	10 10 16	0 0 0	Palanucoothah.
	† †	H. E. Sullivan, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.	500 0 0	11 June 82	5 6 12	0 0 0	Offg. Asst. Supt., South Arcot.
	mm.	R. Hood, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Ag. Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade	350 0 0	14 Jan. 85	2 11 17	0 0 0	Tuticorin.
	HS. te †	Lt.-Col. C. J. T. Whitlock †	1858	Staff Corps	Supt., 3rd Grade, & Ag. 2nd Grade.	800 0 0	{ 18 Jan. 67 } 15 7 27	{ 1 Apr. 73 } 4 3 1	4 0 15	Salem.
Salem	† te	A. P. Agar, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 1st Grade.	500 0 0	15 Feb. 77	10 10 16	0 0 0	Ag. Supt., Tinnevely.
	† †	J. H. Stoddard, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Offg. Asst. Supt., 2nd Gr.	500 0 0	23 June 76	11 6 8	0 0 0	Tripattur.
	S te †	Colonel H. W. Blair †	1857	Staff Corps	Supt., 3rd Grade.	800 0 0	11 Apr. 65	20 3 19	2 5 1	On furlo., from 28th June 1887.
	HS. te †	Lt.-Col. D. Heming †	1861	Genl. List	Ag. Supt., 2nd Grade.	800 0 0	1 Sep. 63	17 1 8	5 2 22	Coimbatore.
Coimbatore..	† †	P. S. Miller, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.	500 0 0	1 Nov. 78	8 7 10	0 6 20	Erode.
	mm, †	H. D. Robinson, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	17 May 78	9 7 14	0 0 0	Ootacamund.
	HS. te †	Lieut. Col. F. Hole †	1860	Staff Corps	Supt., 3rd Grade	800 0 0	9 Oct. 63	{ 18 4 8 } { 2 2 17 }	3 7 27	On furlo., from 22nd April 1886.
	II mm. †	G. T. Egan, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Offg. Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	4 March 69	16 1 2	2 8 25	Calicut.
Malabar	te †	E. Hadfield, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 2nd Grade.	500 0 0	11 Oct. 71	14 8 29	1 5 21	On leave on M. C., from 11th Nov. 1886.
	mm. ch	G. E. Bandry, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.	500 0 0	14 Jan. 79	8 11 17	0 0 0	Malapuram.
	† mm †	J. E. P. Steel, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Ag. Asst. Supt., 3d Grade.	350 0 0	11 Oct. 82	5 1 20	0 0 0	Tellicherry.
	te	H. F. Wilkeson, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Asst. Supt., 3rd Grade.	500 0 0	20 Sep. 83	3 8 19	0 6 22	On leave on M. C. to Eur., from 9th Aug. 1887.
South Canara	† †	A. C. S. West, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Ag. Asst. Supt., 3rd Gr.	350 0 0	14 Dec. 81	6 0 15	0 0 2	Palghat.
	te †	J. E. E. A. Boyd, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Supt., 4th Grade	700 0 0	7 Nov. 69	17 2 4	4 0 11	Offg. Supt., Madura.
	† te †	J. Y. Fullerton, Esq.	.....	Uncovd ...	Offg. Supt., 4th Grade.	700 0 0	26 Jan. 70	14 11 10	2 11 25	Mangalore.
	† te †									

* Service in other Departments.

† Military officers draw personal allowances up to the limit of Rs. 1,200 in the case of Colonels and Rs. 900 in the case of Majors.

† Passed the Law Test prescribed for Officers of Police.

CONDITION OF ENTERING THE POLICE SERVICE.

I. Each Police Officer shall produce satisfactory testimonials of character and previous conduct.

II. Each Police Officer shall devote his whole time to the Police Service alone. He shall not take part in any trade or calling whatever, unless expressly permitted; and he shall faithfully and honestly use his best abilities to fulfil all his duties as a Police Officer.

III. He shall conform himself implicitly to all rules which shall from time to time be made for the regulation and good order of the Service; and cultivate a proper regard for its honor and respectability.

IV. He shall submit to discipline, observe subordination, and promptly obey all lawful orders which he may receive from persons in authority over him.

V. He shall serve and reside wherever he may be directed.

VI. He shall appear at all times in such Police dress and accoutrements, as shall from time to time be ordered to be worn by each respective rank of the Service, shall always be neat and clean in his appearance, and shall provide himself with the dress, &c., or otherwise as may be ordered.

VII. He shall allow such reduction from his pay and allowances as may be required for clothing, lodging, and the like, under the rules of the Service.

VIII. He shall promptly discharge such debts as the District Superintendent shall direct to be paid, and no Police Officer shall, under any pretext whatever, have any money transaction with any other Police Officer.

IX. He shall not withdraw from the Service without distinct permission, or until the expiration of two months after giving warning of his intention to do so.

X. He shall not on any occasion, or under any pretext whatever, directly or indirectly take or receive any present, gratuity or fee from any person whatsoever, without the express permission of the District Superintendent.

XI. He shall act with respect and deference towards all official authorities of the country; and with forbearance, kindness and civility towards persons of all ranks. He shall observe a respectable and peaceful line of private conduct and avoid all partizanship.

XII. Each Police Officer is liable to immediate dismissal for unfitness, negligence and misconduct, by order of the Inspector-General of Police; and he may be suspended, be fined or otherwise punished for minor offences at the discretion of the District Superintendent.

XIII. Leave, with retention of any part of his pay cannot be claimed as of right by any Police Officer; but will be granted, when it can be done without inconvenience to the Public Service.

XIV. Every article of dress or appointment, lodgings, &c., which may have been supplied to a Police Officer at public cost will be immediately delivered up, or vacated, when he may cease to belong to the Police Force, or may have been suspended.

XV. If any such articles or appointments, hut, or the like, have, in the opinion of the District Superintendent, been improperly used or damaged, a deduction from any pay due to the party shall be made sufficient to make good the damage, or supply a new article.

XVI. Every Police Officer who shall be dismissed shall forfeit the whole of the pay due to him at the time of dismissal.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

Inspector General of Jails.—H. R. GRIMES, Esq.

Manager.—C. V. Holden.

Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge of the Central and District Jails.

Description.	Names of the Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge.
<i>Central Jails.</i>	
Rajahmundry.....	J. W. Johnston, Esq., Superintendent. Asst. Surg. J. Hadden, In Medical charge.
Vellore.....	Lieut.-Col. W. S. McLeod, Superintendent.—On furlough to Eur. E. H. Gadsden, Esq., Acting do. Surgeon-Major J. Lancaster, M.D., In Medical charge.
Trichinopoly.....	W. W. Goodrich, Esq., Sub pro tem Superintendent. Surgeon-Major L. C. Nanney, In Medical charge.
Coimbatore.....	Lt.-Colonel W. J. Pickance, S.C., Superintendent.—On leave on private affairs. Surg.-Major J. Smith, Ag. Superintendent.
Cannanore.....	E. H. Gadsden, Esq., Superintendent.—On deputation. W. A. Symonds, Esq., Acting do. Surgeon S. C. Sarkies, In Medical charge.

Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge of the Central and District Jails.—(Concl'd.)

Description.	Name of the Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge.
<i>Central Jails—contd.</i>	
Salem.....	G. D. Grimes, Superintendent. E. L. F. Cavendish, Esq., Sub pro tem Superintendent. Surg.-Major A. N. Rogers-Harrison, In Medical charge.
Penitentiary.....	W. W. Goodrich, Esq., Superintendent.—On deputation. G. D. Grimes, Esq., Sub pro tem Superintendent. Brig.-Surgeon S B Hunt, In Medical charge.
<i>District Jails.</i>	
Russelcondah Hill Jail.....	W. O. Horne Esq., C.S., Ag. Special Asst., Ganjam, Ag. Supt.
Berhampore.....	Surgeon D. Elcum, Superintendent.—On other duty. Surgeon J. Hunter, Ag. do.
Parvathipore Hill Jail ..	E. A. Elwin, Esq., C.S., Ag. Senior Asst., Vizagapatam, Superintendent.
Vizagapatam.....	Surge-Major A. J. Sturmer, Superintendent. Superintendent.—On deputation.
Guntoor.....	Asst. Surgeon H. F. Staunton, M.D., C.M., Ag. Superintendent.
Nellore.....	Surge-Major W. Price, M.D., Superintendent.
Kurnool.....	Surge-Major W. G. King, M.B., Superintendent.
Bellary.....	Surge-Major W. O'Hara, Superintendent.
Cuddapah.....	Surg. M. Ayyasawmy Pillai, Superintendent.
Cuddalore.....	Surge-Major A. H. Leapingwell, Superintendent. E. L. F. Cavendish, Esq., Superintendent.—On deputation.
Tanjore.....	W. A. Symonds, Esq., Sub pro tem Superintendent.—On deputation. D. A. McCready, Esq., Ag. Supt.
Madura.....	Surge-Major J. H. Ritchie, M.D., In Medical charge. Surgeon F. C. Smith, Superintendent.—On deputation.
Tinnevely.....	Surgeon G. L. Walker, M.A., Ag. do. J. Tyrrell, Esq., Superintendent.
Cochin.....	Surgeon-Major H. Hyde, In Medical charge.
Calicut.....	M. A. Platel, Esq., Superintendent.
Mangalore.....	Surge-Major H. D. Cook, M.D., Supt., with Lunatic Asylum.
Coimbatore.....	Surgeon W. A. Lee, Superintendent.
European Prison, Ootacamund.	Lt.-Colonel W. J. Pickance, S.C., Superintendent.—On leave. Surg.-Major J. Smith, Ag. Superintendent.
Grand Jail for Insolvent Debtors, Madras.	Surge-Major W. R. Browne, M.D., Superintendent. W. W. Goodrich, Esq., Superintendent.—On deputation. G. D. Grimes, Esq., Sub pro tem Superintendent. Brig.-Surgeon S. B. Hunt, In Medical charge.

POLICE OF THE CITY OF MADRAS.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, PANTHEON ROAD, EGMORE.

Colonel T. Weldon.....	Commr. of Police, Presidency Magistrate and Justice of the Peace.
Major D. Heming.....	Dy. Commr. of Police and Justice of the Peace (on other duty).
S. D. Simpson, Esq.....	Ag. Dy. Commr. of Police and Justice of the Peace
T. Ramachandra Row, Esq.....	Asst. Commr. of Police and Justice of the Peace.
Mr. M. Abdus Salam Saib	Manager.
C. Ramaswamy Naidu.....	Cashier.

INSPECTORS.

Mr. H. M. Upshon.....	Chief Inspector.	Mr. T. Jaysingh, Ag.....	E Division.
" F. W. Fitzpatrick	Do.	" J. A. Hiscox.....	F do.
" J. Slatore.....	A Division.	" A. K. Simpson.....	G do.
" R. E. Bradbury.....	B do.	" W. Brown.....	H do.
" W. Titnuss.....	C do.	" R. P. Stuart.....	Town Police Court, and
" J. C. Eaton.....	D do.	" E. Copestake.....	Egmore Police Court, and
" H. Ballantyne.....	(On other duty.)		Keeper, Justices' Jail.

SERGEANTS.

Mr. T. Brooks (Sergt.-Major).....A Division.	Mr. W. P. Stuart .....E Division.
" T. Sidden .....A do.	" J. Mantel .....F do.
" E. A. Mitchell .....B do.	" G. W. Dale .....F do.
" S. Smith .....B do.	" R. Hayes .....F do.
" H. Rhenius .....B do.	" J. Fleming .....F do.
" G. Richter .....C do.	" T. D'Cruz (Head Sergeant).....G do.
" W. Power .....C do.	" A. M. Prager .....G do.
" A. E. A. Lupprian .....C do.	" E. Briggs .....G do.
" J. H. McCoy .....D do.	" R. C. Mason .....H do.
" J. Lamden .....D do.	" S. Heppollette .....H do.
" G. T. Newman .....D do.	" M. A. Forsyth .....H do.
" T. R. Williams .....E do.	

MARINE POLICE.

BEACH.

Mr. F. G. Marshall, Inspector.

Sergeant Saul Fontaine.

MAGISTERIAL DEPARTMENT.

Col. J. M. Smith, Chief Magistrate for the Town of Madras.

Southern (or 2nd) Division—Presidency Magistrates' Court, Egmore.

Col. J. McD. Smith, Chief Magistrate.	M. Subramanian Sastry, Ag. Interpreter
C. G. Kupuswami Iyar, B.A., B.L., Presy. Magistrate.	S. Tiruvencata Charry, do.

Mr. F. Kelly, Chief Clerk.

Northern (or 1st) Division—Presidency Magistrates' Court, Black Town.

W. M. Scharlieb, Esq., Presy. Magistrate.	S. V. Sesha Chari, Interpreter.
Sultan Mohi-ud-din Sahib, Esq., do.	Rathnum Chetty, Ag. do.

Lutchmana Moodelly, Chief Clerk.

For Magisterial purposes the Town of Madras is divided into two districts:—

The 1st District consists of the B, C and H Police Divisions.

The 2nd District of the D, E, F and G Police Divisions.

The reports are heard daily at 11 A.M. at the office of the Commissioner of Police and Town Police Court.

The Commissioner of Police is accessible at his office at all times during the day and night, in cases of emergency.

The Penitentiary and Her Majesty's Debtors' Jail are in charge of the Superintendent of Prisons, Mr. W. W. Goodrich. The Justices' Jail and Lock-up Houses in charge of the Commissioner of Police.

All religious and other processions are regulated and controlled by the Commissioner of Police.

All correspondence on matters connected with the Executive Police must be addressed to the Commissioner of Police.

All complaints against Police Officers are to be preferred to the Commissioner of Police.

The Police is divided into Seven Divisions, with an Inspector at the head of each.

Under the provisions of Section 10 of Act VIII of 1867, the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council does hereby constitute the two undermentioned districts to be Police Districts within the town of Madras from the first day of August 1868, in supersession of the districts constituted by the Notification by the Right Honorable the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council, dated 13th February 1857:—

1ST DISTRICT.—The 1st District shall comprise the Black Town of Madras, the villages of Royapooram, Washermenpettah and Tondiarpettah, and all other villages, hamlets and places within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court at Madras, which are to the north of the Black Town wall and the eastward of Cochrane's Canal, including Cochrane's Canal, a small triangular piece of ground on the north-western side of Cochrane's Canal forming part of the village of Cordongoor, the Wallajah Bridge, and so much of the Cooum River as is within the boundaries hereinafter defined and the villages of Veysurpandy and Perambore defined by the Ootary Nullah from the Cochrane's Canal Basin Bridge up to the Ootary or Sawyer's Bridge, and from thence west by the Coonoor road to the boundary of the said local limits, and such district is bounded as follows:—

BOUNDARIES.—On the north from the sea to the extreme north-western boundary of the said local limits, in the said village of Cordongoor, by the northern boundaries of the said local limits.

On the south from the extreme western point of the said local limits on the Coonoor road by the said Coonoor road to the Ootary Nullah, and thence by the said Ootary Nullah to the Cochrane's Canal Basin Bridge, and thence by the Cochrane's Canal to the south-east corner of St. Mary's Burying Ground Bridge; thence to the north-east corner of the Wallajah Bridge by the southern bank of the Cooum River and thence to the southern corner of the new Iron Bar Bridge to the sea, by the southern bank of the said Cooum River.

On the east by the sea.

On the west from the extreme north-west point by the said local limits to the Coonoor road by the western boundary of the said local limits.

2ND DISTRICT.—The 2nd District shall comprise the villages of Pursawaukum, Veptry, Kilpauk, Chetput, Nungumbaukum, Paremettoo, Chintadrepettah, Narsingapooram, Comaleesveran Covil, Egmore and all other villages, hamlets, and places within the said local limits which are to the westward of Cochrane's Canal, and southward of Veysurpandy and Perambore, and to the north and north-west of the Mount road, and north of the Nungumbaukum road, and the Codumbaukum road, and are within the northern and western boundaries of the said local limits, including the St. Mary's Burying Ground Bridge, the Codumbaukum and Nungumbaukum roads, and so much of the Cooum River as is within the boundaries hereinafter defined, and shall also comprise the villages of Triplicane, Mylapoor, Kistnampet, Royapettah, Velalla Tanampettah, Chengelveroyenpettah, Shanar Coopun, Quibble Island and Adyar, and all other villages, hamlets and places within the said local limits which are to the south of the Codumbaukum and Nungumbaukum roads, and to the south and south-east of the Mount road, and are within the southern, eastern and western boundaries of the said local limits, including the Island, the Government Bridge, the Mount Road, and so much of the Cooum River and Cochrane's Canal as are within the boundaries heretofore defined, and such district is bounded as follows:—

BOUNDARIES.—On the north from the extreme western point of the said local limits, on the Coonoor road by the said Coonoor road to the Ootary Nullah, and thence by the said Ootary Nullah to the Cochrane's Canal Basin Bridge, and thence by the Cochrane's Canal to the south-east corner of St. Mary's Burying Ground Bridge, thence to the north-east corner of the Wallajah Bridge by the southern bank of the Cooum River, and thence to the southern corner of the new Iron Bar Bridge to the sea by the southern bank of the said Cooum River.

On the south by the southern boundary of the said local limits.

On the east from the north-eastern corner of the Wallajah Bridge to the northern end of the Bar of the Cooum River, by the eastern bank of the Cooum River, and from the northern end of the Bar of the Cooum River to southern boundary of the said local limits by the sea.

On the west from the Coonoor Road on the extreme western point of the said local limits to the southern boundary of the said local limits, by the western boundary of the said local limits.

Within the Madras Police limits there are 300 Toddy shops, 53 Putta Arrack shops, 48 Colombo Arrack shops, 46, Hotels, Refreshment Rooms, &c., and 11 Beer and Wine shops in which Beer and Wine and in some Beer, Wine and Spirits are sold, 14 Houses for smoking Chendoo, 3 for sale of Bojah and 207 Eating Houses.

REGULATIONS OF PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS,
MADRAS.

Approved G.O. 17th September 1877, No. 2,219.

A.

RULES OF PRACTICE IN THE PRESIDENCY MAGISTRATES' COURTS AT MADRAS.

Hours of Business.—The Magistrates will sit ordinarily from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. The Summons Office opens at 10 A.M. The holidays are those entered in the Government list, subject to special arrangements to be made by the Magistrates, in communication with the Chief Magistrate, for the despatch of emergent business or the clearing off of arrears.

2. Applications for Process.—Ordinary applications for process are to be made to the Magistrates before 12 o'clock.

3. Professional gentlemen applying on behalf of their clients for the issue of any process are requested to have their cases entered by the clerk in the register of applications, and also to furnish the Summons Clerk with a draft of the charge they wish to be entered in the process. In important cases much time will be saved if the complainant be provided with a written information setting forth the grounds on which the application may be based.

4. *Order of hearing Charges.*—Cases will be taken, so far as practicable, in the following order:—

1st.—Night charges and prisoners in custody.

2nd.—Summons cases subject to any cases being specially appointed for a particular hour.

5. *Advocates.*—No person will be permitted to act as an Advocate in any case, except Advocates, Vakils and Attorneys on the rolls of the High Court, subject to special exception in favor of hereinafter-mentioned Pleaders, who, being now admitted and being in actual practice in the Small Cause and Magistrates' Courts, will, as a special case, have that privilege continued to them.

6. Articled Clerks of Attorneys retained in a case may make any application prior to trial when so authorized by their Principals.

7. *Court business to be transacted in person.*—All business with the Magistrates should be transacted in person, or by Counsel, Attorney, or Pleader.

The Magistrates must undertake to reply to written communications.

8. The Chief Clerks of the Courts will be at all times ready to furnish information as to the course of business.

9. When the personal attendance of an accused person is dispensed with, such accused must furnish his representative with a vakalutnamah bearing a proper stamp.

No vakalutnamah is required from professional gentlemen acting only as Advocates in any case.

10. *Copies of Records.*—Copies of records in the Presidency Magistrates' Courts will be granted to persons authorized to receive them upon payment of the copying and examining fee calculated at the rate of four annas per ninety words, or fraction of ninety words: Provided that the minimum charge for any copy or extract will be eight annas.

11. Applications for copies of records may be presented on any Court day to the Chief Clerk between the hours of 11 A.M. and 3 P.M.

12. Such applications are to be in writing, signed by the applicant, must bear a Court fee stamp valued one anna, and must contain the following particulars:—

(a) Name of applicant.

(b) His position in the case or proceeding entitling him to the copy.

(c) Particulars of the document, copy of which is required.

Forms of applications may be obtained from the Chief Clerks.

13. All applications for copies will be registered and attended to strictly according to the order of their presentation.

14. The application must be accompanied by Court fee stamps to the proper value in cases in which stamps are by law required and by the paper on which the copy is to be made, which must be of the quality generally used in the Court, also by the estimated cost of making the copy.

15. If the Chief Clerk sees no objection to granting the copy, he will initial and date the application and cause the copy to be made. If he sees reason to object to the application, he will take the orders of a Magistrate.

16. No suitor or pleader will be allowed to make copies of records, either personally or by his gumastah or agent.

17. No copy will be delivered to the party applying for it until the regulated charge has been paid.

18. Sums due for copies will be paid to the Chief Clerks who will enter the same in a register showing,

(a) The applicant's name; (b) nature of record; (c) date of application; (d) date of delivery; (e) number of words charged for; (f) the fee charged.

19. The fees received will be paid to the copyist and examiner in the proportion of three-fourths to the copyist and one-fourth to the examiner; their receipts being taken in the register.

20. The correctness of copies shall be certified by the Chief Clerks. All correction made in a copy should be verified.

21. The following particulars are to be recorded on the last sheet of the copy:—

(a) Date on which copy was applied for and stamps and copying fees furnished.

(b) Date on which any additional stamps or fees were applied for.

(c) Date on which such additional stamps or fees were furnished.

(d) Date on which the copy was ready for delivery.

(e) Number of pages.

22. It shall be the duty of the other Magistrates to inform the Chief Magistrate of any unusual stress of business in their Courts, and thereupon the Chief Magistrate shall provide for such distribution or transfer of cases among the four Magistrates as will tend to prevent the disposal of any one case being unduly delayed by stress of business in a particular Court.

BOMBE, 7th September 1877.

(Signed) T. WELDON, Chief Magistrate.

Pleaders permitted to practise in the Magistrates' Courts of Madras.

Messrs. Henry Brown and S. Parthasarthy.

HER MAJESTY'S PENITENTIARY.

G. D. Grimes, Esq., Superintendent of Prisons for the Town of Madras.

Mr. W. North	Keeper.
Mr. E. C. Dean	Deputy Keeper.
Mr. J. Lionel	Chief Warder.
Mr. W. Hamilton	Warder.
Mr. A. E. Wade	Do.
Mr. W. Locke	Do.
Mr. R. Lionel	Do.
W. Venkatakrishnama Chetty	Head Clerk.
Mr. J. Ivatts	Keeper, Civil Jail.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

List of Justices of the Peace for the Presidency of Madras, including those for the Town of Madras.

NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.
Andrew, J.	Forbes, G S	MacCartie, Chas. F	Sim, H A
Arundel, A T	Foster, H W	Mackenzie, G T	Simpson, S D.
Atkinson, J N		Macleane, C D	Stokes, G
Austin, W P	Galton, C A	Macleod, B	Stokes, Hon. H E
	Garstin, J H	Macleod, W S	Stokes, H J
Baddeley, H D	Gaulter, H E	Marjoribanks, J A	Stuart, A E C
Badenoch, G	Gibson, E	Martin, C W W	Stuart, H A
Baker, T H	Gilham, F M	Martindale, A H T	Sturrock, J
Barlow, R W	Glenny, W H	Master, Hon. C G	Symonds, W A
Bartlett, W H	Goldingham, J D	Maskell, J M	
Bell, M D	Goodrich, H St A	McCarthy, S T	Tate, A C
Benson, R S	Gordon, H P	McWatters, G	Tate, W J
Best, J W	Grahame, W F	Meyer, W S	Taylor, H D
Bird, C A	Grigg, H B	Minto, R	Thomas, H S
Black, A	Grose, J	Mir Ansurrudin Sahib	Thomson, James
Blair, H W	Guthrie, T K	Moberly, H	Thompson, A
Bliss, H W		Moore, L	Thornburn, W M
Bourdillon, T F	Hamilton, N A W	Morris, R	Tremenheere, J H A
Bradley, H	Hamrick, M	Monnsey, C H	Turner, H G
Broadfoot, R D	Hamnett, F H	Mullaly, C M	Turner, E
Brodie, V A	Hannington, J C	Murdoch, D D	Twigg, J
Burrows, L R	Happell, W A	Murray, G A	
	Heming, D	Nicholson, F A	Underwood, W E
Campbell, G E L	Hewetson, J		Underwood, W G
Campbell, L A	Higgins, A W B		
Cavendish, A C	Hodgson, G R	Onkes, G H	Wedderburn, F E K
Carr, R C C	Hole, F	O'Farrell, H H	Weir, C J
Clarke, W E T	Holmes, W C		Weir, T
Clogstoun, H F	Hope, J	Parker, Hon. G A	Weld, M R
Cole, P A	Horsfall, J G	Pennington, J B	Weldon, T
Cosby, W T A	Horsfall, T M	Phipps, G A	Welsh, W H
Cottrell, W	Houghton, B	Plunkett, C E	Whiteside, Hon. W S
Court, H S	Hughesdon, J C	Power, G F T	Whitlock, C J T
Cox, A F	Hutchins, Hon. P P	Power E H	Wicks, G W
Cox, H W H		Price, J F	Wilkinson, Hon. F H
Crole, C S	Irvine, G D	Pritchard, T	Wilson, W
Cruickshank, A	James, J P		Willcock, W A
Cumming, C L B	Johnson, E C	Raghunatha Rao, R	Winterbotham, H M
	Joseph, H G	Ramachandra Rao, T	Wolfe-Murray, FD'AO
Dance, G W		Rawson, E C	Wynch, L M
Davies, J A	Kelsall, J	Rees, J D	Wynne, S H
Dennison, J H	Knox, H T	Ross, H T	
Dumergue, J W F	Kough, C	Rowland, C H	
		Russell, S	Acting.
Elliot, A F	Laffan, E S		
Elwin, E A	Lee-Warner, J	Scharlieb, W M	Black, W N
	Le-Fanu, W J H	Sewell, H	Branton, George
Farmer, H R	Leman, G D	Sewell, R	Grieve, J
Fawcett, G W	Lister, A L	Sewell, E J	Henderson, F
Fiddian, J P	Locke, S R	Shipley, R H	Holmes, W T
Fletcher, J H	Logan, W		Oughterson, J R

DIRECTIONS FOR MAKING A WILL.

A Will cannot be made in language too simple or concise; *must be written with ink on paper or parchment* and signed at the end by the testator, in the presence of two or more witnesses, who must not be parties interested in the Will; or if written on more than one sheet, the testator and the witnesses should sign each sheet. The witnesses must rigidly comply with every particular required by the attestation clause, at the end of which clause they must sign their names. The signature of the testator must be acknowledged by him, in the presence of the witnesses, and he should (after signing) take the Will in his hand, and say, "I acknowledge this to be my last Will and Testament, and request you to witness it."

FORM OF WILL.

This is the last Will and Testament of me _____, of _____

I hereby revoke all Wills by me at any time heretofore made. I appoint to be my Executor and direct that all my just debts and funeral and testamentary expenses shall be paid as soon as conveniently may be after my decease.

I give, devise, and bequeath unto _____

In witness whereof, I, the said _____ have to this, my last Will and Testament, set my name this _____ day of _____ in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and _____

ATTESTATION CLAUSE.

Signed by the testa _____, and acknowledged by h _____ to be h _____ last Will and Testament, in the presence of us, present at the same time, who, at h _____ request, in h _____ presence and in the presence of each other, have subscribed our names as witnesses.

Marriage after making a Will renders the Will void.

A witness need not know the contents of a Will, which may be folded so that the signature and attestation clause alone can be seen.

1. *Devise of property absolutely.*

2. *To executors in trust, to be sold, and to pay proceeds to any number of persons.*

3. *To executors in trust, to be sold, and to pay proceeds to testator's children, with provision for maintenance during minority of children, and with clauses for appointment of other trustees.*

4. *To wife for life and after her death to children absolutely.*

5. *To wife absolutely.*

6. *For a married woman to bequeath her separate personal property.*

7. *In trust for testator's children, and portions of daughters settled for separate use;*

General form of Will (as above).

PART VI.—MARINE.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE—SEA CUSTOM HOUSE, NORTH BEACH.—Hours of Business, from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M.

	Salary.
Commander H. A. Street, R.N. ...	Port Officer and Registrar of Shipping ... 1,500
T. E. Marshall, Esq.* ...	Assistant Port Officer, ... 700
W. H. Bartlett, Esq. ...	Examiner of Port Fund Accounts... 600
C. H. Rowland, Esq.† ...	Agent for Government Consignments and Government Surveyor... 350

Pilot Service.

Mr. N. Corfield, Senior Pilot.

Mr. J. J. Edwards, Junior Pilot.

Port Officers.

Mr. T. H. Baker ..	..	..	..	Coringa and Cocanada ..	..	350
" N. A. W. Hamilton Acting ..	..	..	..	Do ..	..	...
" F. M. Gillham ..	..	..	..	Calicut and Beypore ..	..	350
" J. H. Dennison † ..	..	..	..	Negapatam and Nagore ..	..	300
" J. E. Winckler ..	..	..	..	Cochin ..	..	350
" G. A. Phipps* ‡ ..	..	..	..	Tuticorin ..	..	200
" J. J. Morris ..	..	..	..	Vizagapatam ..	..	300
" J. H. Fletcher || ..	..	..	..	Masulipatam ..	..	300
" A. Minto || ..	..	..	..	Bimlipatam ..	..	300
" H. D. Baddeley || ..	..	..	..	Gopaulpore ..	..	300
" J. P. James ..	..	..	..	Paumben ..	..	385
" G. W. Wicks || ..	..	..	..	Mangalore ..	..	..

Port Conservators.

Mr. W. A. Rouse	Tranquebar ..30	Ramasawmy Putter	Quilandi
" E. Rodrigues	Tellicherry ..50	V. Kumliamar	Ponani
G. Shenoy	Cannanore ..50	O. Ramunni	Badagara
Mr. G. S. Gouge	Cuddalore ..30	Mr. C. Raberts, } Govt. Pilots, Cochin.	
D. Davanayagam Pillai	Port Novo ..30	" A. B. Hassan, }	
	Calingapatam 50		

Board of Examiners in Navigation and Seamanship.

Commander H. A. Street, R.N. ..	Ex-officio President.	T. E. Marshall, Esq.	Examiner.
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Port Surgeons.

The Medical Officer at the undermentioned ports are appointed Port Surgeons to grant Bills of Health to vessels bound for the Mauritius, viz. :—

Madras.—The Port and Marine Surgeon.	Negapatam.—The Apothecary in charge.
Ganjam.—The Apothecary, Chatterpore.	Quilon.—The Regimental Surgeon.
Vizagapatam.—The Regimental Surgeon.	Cochin.—The Civil Surgeon.
Masulipatam.—The Civil Surgeon.	Calicut.—The Civil Surgeon.
Cocanada.—The Apothecary in charge.	Tellicherry.—The Civil Surgeon.
Cuddalore.—The Civil Surgeon.	Cannanore.—The Garrison Surgeon.
Tranquebar.—The Civil Surgeon.	Mangalore.—The Senior Medical Officer.

* Marine Storekeeper, Superintendent Mercantile Marine Office and Conservator of the Port.

† Government Surveyor and Agent for Landing and Shipping Government Consignments.

‡ Agent for Emigration to Straits Settlements.

|| Superintendent, Pearl Fishery, Tinnevely.

|| And Superintendents, Sea Customs.

Superintendents of Sea Customs.

Districts.	Ports.	Superintendents.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
			rs.	
Arcot, South.....	Cuddalore.....	G. S. Gouge.....	70	25 September 1881
	Port Novo.....	P. Theodore.....	50	4 February 1887
	Mangalore.....	G. W. Wicks.....	120	10 March 1882
	Gangoli (Kundapur).....	A. J. Fernandez.....	60	1 April 1881
Canara, South.....	Malpe.....	M. Ananda Rao.....	50	23 October 1877
	Kasaragod.....	J. Fernandez.....	40	22 September 1887
	Hangarkatta.....	J. F. D' Rozario.....	50	26 December 1880
	Mulki.....	M. Saldanha.....	40	19 February 1879
	Kumbla.....	J. T. Saldanha.....	35	15 September 1881
	Baindur.....	Honore Shivappa.....	35	25 do. 1881
Ganjam.....	Manjeshwar.....	J. Xavier Mascarenhas.....	35	1 April 1881
	Calingapatam.....	William Swasy Farley.....	70	26 April 1872
	Cocanada.....	B. Venkat Narayan Rao.....	100	29 June 1879
Godavari.....	Coringa.....	N. Narasayya † (on dep.).....	70	11 January 1887
		V. Rathangapani Rao, † Acting.....	70	
Kistna.....	Narsapur.....	P. V. L. Narasimha Rao.....	50	23 November 1885
	Bander Port.....	J. H. Fletcher §.....	...	16 September 1886
Madura.....	Pamban.....	C. Rajaratnam Pillai.....	70	7 October 1886
	Calicut.....	T. W. Barboza.....	100	1 October 1882
Malabar.....	Tellicherry.....	Edward Rodrigues.....	60	3 March 1885
	Cannanore.....	Geneish Shenoy.....	60	1 March 1883
	Ponani.....	T. Barboza.....	40	23 June 1876
	Beypore.....	A. F. O. Pereira.....	40	6 February 1883
	Badagara.....	O. Ramunni.....	40	27 October 1878
	Kallai.....	P. Raman.....	35	19 September 1882
Nellore.....	Cochin.....	J. L. Frank.....	50	1 June 1883
	Kottapatnam and Itamukkala Port.....	B. Srinivasulu Nayudu †.....	70	30 April 1884
Tanjore.....	Negapatam.....	T. S. Rouse.....	80	22 April 1886
	Tirumalavasal.....	T. S. Madhava Rao.....	30	11 August 1882
	Tranquebar.....	R. Vasudeva Nayudu.....	65	6 June 1885
	Mutupet.....	P. V. Lakshmanaswami Nayudu.....	50	11 August 1882
Tinnevelly.....	Tuticorin.....	Rangaswami Mudali.....	50	7 September 1874
Vizagapatam.....	Bimlipatam and Konadu.....	R. Minto*.....	...	21 July 1881
	Vizagapatam.....	J. J. Morris †.....	...	13 September 1886

Madras Screw Pile Pier.

This important work has been completed by Mr. Frederick Johnson, Civil Engineer of North Street, Westminster, London, pursuant to the terms of a contract entered into between the Council of India and himself, under date the 9th November 1883.

The dimensions of the structure are as follows:—

Extreme length from high-water mark, 1,000 feet.

Breadth throughout, 40 feet. Besides its main body, the Pier has a cross of T-shaped head, 160 feet long by 40 broad. The work is constructed of Mitchell's patent screw piles, of solid wrought-iron, respectively 6 inches and 8 inches in diameter, placed in rows of four abreast, and at distances of 10 feet between the centre of each row.

These piles are screwed down into the sand to the depths undermentioned, that is to say, the first 25 rows, 11 feet; the second 25 rows, 13 feet; and all the remainder, 15 feet.

The whole structure is securely tied together by transverse T-braces of wrought-iron, and by longitudinal tension rods of the same material.

Commencing at the inner part side of the Pier head and continued 200 feet on each side of the main structure, the iron piles are protected by fender piles of timber placed at short intervals, and secured to the iron screw piles by strong wrought-iron bands.

Originally the platform was composed of beams of creosoted Baltic timber covered with teak planks, six inches broad by four inches thick, with spaces between the planks. This has now been replaced by beams of teak covered with mango planks, three inches thick, placed close together, and the seams caulked in the same manner as the deck of a ship.

* Also Port Officer. † Magistrate, 2nd Class. ‡ Magistrate, 3rd Class.
§ Magistrate, 1st Class, and Justice of the Peace.

Four lines of railway are laid down along the main Pier, with the necessary turn-tables, &c., and the rest of the space available fitted up for the service of foot-passengers.

The Pier head is furnished with six fixed cranes, varying in their lifting power from 3 to 10 tons, and 8 movable cranes of 30 hundredweight each are placed on the railways traversing from point to point as necessity arises.

It is proposed to dispense with the screw moorings provided for in the contract, and in lieu of them to put down bridge moorings with one-arm anchors.

The total cost of the works, as agreed on in Mr. Johnson's original contract, was £1,03,616, but a second contract was subsequently entered into for the extension of the structure shoreward, a length of 80 feet, at an extra charge of £1,332.

The Pier was damaged in the Cyclone in May 1872 by a native vessel drifting through it, in the same place as was damaged on a former occasion by the *St. Bernard*.

Ootacamund, September 2, 1884.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 46.—Under Sections 5, 6 and 7 of Act VI of 1882 (The Madras Harbour Dues Act), the Right-Honorable the Governor in Council has made the following rules:—

Section 5 (a).—All goods intended for shipment shall, if the same are to be shipped from the Pier, be brought to the office at the inner end, and will there be assessed to the dues payable (Rs. 1-9-6 per ton). If shipment is to take place from the beach, the goods shall be brought within the enclosure to the offices on either side of the Pier where the dues (Rs. 1-5-6 per ton) will be similarly assessed. Goods shall be landed either on the Pier or on the beach between the northern and southern arms of the harbour (except goods, the landing of which is otherwise specially provided for by Government Notification), and will then be brought to the offices aforesaid, for the purpose of assessing the dues.

Section 5 (b).—Dues shall be assessed by weight, measurement or at a minimum rate per package, as described in the annexed Schedule A. Dues when assessed will be payable, on exports, before the goods are passed for shipment, and as regards imports, before the goods are removed, passes being granted on payment of such dues. Provided that all goods not removed within three days will be chargeable with godown rent as provided under Section 6, and will further, if necessary, be removed to the inside Customs yards. All dutiable goods will be passed at once into the Custom-house, to be dealt with under the Customs law and rules now in force, and harbour dues will be assessed there after arrival.

Section 6.—Rent as provided in Schedule B shall be charged on goods remaining more than three days in the Custom-house yards, godowns, or Harbour godowns, or within the enclosure.

Section 7.—The Master-Attendant is hereby authorised to levy and receive all dues payable under this Act, and to grant receipts for the same. The money so collected shall be credited to the Madras Port Funds, accounts being kept in ordinary course, and the money remitted daily to the Bank of Madras in the same manner as all other collections on account of Government are transmitted.

SCHEDULE A.

Articles.	Cwt. per Ton net.	Cubic Feet per Ton.	Articles.	Cwt. per Ton net.	Cubic Feet per Ton.
Acid, in cases	...	50	Bones, in bags	20	...
Aloes	20	...	Books, in cases	...	50
Alum	20	...	Borax or Tincal	20	...
Animals will be charged as per Appendix 1 to this schedule. If landed on the beach between the two arms of the harbour, half rates.			Do. in cases	...	50
Aniseed	20	...	Bricks	20	...
Ammunition, in cases	20	...	Brimstone	20	...
Do. unloaded			Bullion or Coin	1 Re. per package.	
cartridge and wadding, in cases	...	50	Cake lac, in bags	20	...
Apparel, in cases	...	50	Camphor, in cases	...	50
Arms, in cases	...	50	Canvas, in bales	...	50
Arsenic	...	50	Cardamoms, in Robbins	20	...
Arrowroot, in cases	...	50	Do. in boxes	...	50
Asphalte, in casks	20	...	Do. in bags	20	...
Assafetida	20	...	Cassia, all sorts	...	50
Bark, in bags	20	...	Castor-seeds	20	...
Barilla	20	...	Cement, in casks	20	...
Beads, in casks	20	...	Chalk, in casks	20	...
Beer, in cases	...	50	Chanks, in bags	20	...
Do. in wood	210	Imperial gallons.	Chillies, in bags	20	...
Bees' wax	20	...	Do. in Robbins	20	...
Benjamin	20	...	Chinaroot, in bags	20	...
Betel-nut, in bags	20	...	Do. in boxes	...	50
			Chiretta	...	50
			Cigars	...	50
			Cinnamon, in cases	...	50
			Cloves, in bags	20	...
			Do. in chests	...	50

Articles.	Cwt. per Ton net.	Cubic Feet per Ton.	Cwt. per Ton net.	Cubic Feet per Ton.
Clocks and Watches, in cases ...	1 Re. per package.		Jewellery, in cases ...	1 Re. per package.
Coals ...	20		Jute, in bales ...	50
Cochineal ...	50		Lac dye ...	50
Cocoanut ...	20		Lard ...	20
Coffee, in bags ...	20		Leather, in cases ...	50
Do. in robbins and casks ...	20		Linseed ...	20
Do. in cases ...	20		Mace, in cases ...	50
Coir yarn and fibre, screwed bales ...	50		Machinery ...	20
Coir yarn and fibre, in bundles and dholls ...	20		Manure, in casks ...	20
Copperas, in casks ...	20		Marble-stone ...	20
Copra, in bags ...	20		Matches, in cases ...	50
Coriander-seeds, in bags ...	20		Metals ...	20
Cork, in bags ...	20		Molasses ...	20
Cotton, in bales ...	50		Mother-o'-pearl, in bags ...	20
Do. piece-goods, in cases ...	50		Do. in chests ...	20
Do. piece-goods, in bags ...	50		Munjeet ...	50
Cowries, in bags ...	20		Mustard-seed ...	20
Crackers, in cases ...	50		Myrabolans ...	20
Cumin-seeds, in bags ...	20		Nigar-seeds ...	20
Cutch, in bags ...	20		Nutmegs, in chests ...	50
Dammar, in casks ...	20		Nux-Vomica, in bags or cases ...	20
Dates, wet ...	20		Oats ...	20
Do. dry ...	20		Oil, in cases ...	50
Dholl ...	20		Do. in casks ...	210 Imperial gallons.
Earthenware and porcelain, in casks ...	50		Oil cakes, in bags ...	20
Earthenware and porcelain, in crates ...	50		Olibanum ...	20
Elephants' teeth, in bulk ...	20		Opium, in chests ...	1 Re. per chest.
Do. in cases ...	50		Paddy, in bags ...	20
Fennugreek-seeds ...	20		Paper, in bales ...	50
Flints, in casks ...	50		Do. in cases ...	50
Flax, in bales ...	50		Paints, in kegs ...	20
Do. piece-goods, in bales ...	50		Patent fuel ...	20
Furniture ...	50		Peas ...	20
Garlic and Onions ...	20		Pepper, in bags ...	20
Ghee, in cases ...	20		Pitch, in casks ...	20
Do. in dubbers ...	20		Planks and deals ...	50
Ginger, in bags or bales ...	20		Poppy-seeds ...	20
Do. in cases ...	50		Potatoes, in bags ...	20
Gingelly-seeds ...	20		Preserved provisions and oilmanstoves, in cases ...	50
Glass, in cases ...	50		Putehock ...	20
Glassware, in casks ...	50		Rape-seed ...	20
Do. in crates ...	50		Raw silk, in bales ...	20
Gold thread, in boxes ...	1 Re. per package.		Rattans ...	20
Gram ...	20		Redwood for dunnage ...	20
Ground-nuts, in shell ...	20		Rhea, in bales ...	50
Do. without shell ...	20		Rice, in bags ...	20
Gums, in cases not enumerated ...	50		Roping, in coils ...	50
Gunny bags ...	50		Rosin, in casks ...	20
Do. cloth ...	50		Rosewater, in carboy ...	20
Gunjah ...	50		Roping lines and twines, in bundles ...	20
Hardware, in cases ...	20		Do. coir, in coils ...	20
Do. in casks ...	20		Safflower, in bales ...	50
Hemp, in bales ...	50		Sago, in cases ...	50
Hides ...	50		Sal ammoniac, in bags ...	20
Hoofs, horns, shavings and tips ...	20		Do. in cases ...	50
Hops, in casks ...	50		Saltpetre ...	20
Horns, cow and buffalo ...	20		Salt ...	20
Do. deer ...	20		Sandalwood ...	20
Indigo, in chests ...	50		Sapanwood ...	20
			Sharks' fins ...	20
			Sealing-wax, in cases ...	50
			Seed-lac, in cases ...	50
			Do. in bags ...	20
			Senna, in bales ...	50
			Sarsaparilla-root ...	50
			Shells, rough, in bags ...	20

Articles.	Cwt. per Ton net.	Cubic Feet per Ton.
Shell-lac, in cases ...	50	
Do. in bags ...	20	
Silk piece-goods, in cases ...	50	
Skins ...	50	
Soap, country, in cases ...	50	
Do. do. in bags ...	20	
Do. do. in cases ...	20	
Do. foreign, in cases ...	50	
Spirits, in cases ...	50	
Do. in wood ...	210 Imperial gallons.	
Stationery, in cases ...	50	
Stick-lac, in cases ...	50	
Do. in bags ...	20	
Sugarcandy, in bags ...	20	
Sulphate of copper, in casks ...	20	
Talc ...	20	
Tallow, in cases or casks ...	20	
Tamarind, in casks or cases ...	20	
Tapioca ...	50	
Tar, in casks ...	20	
Tea, in chests ...	50	
Timber ...	50	
Tobacco, in bales ...	50	
Tortoise-shell, in chest ...	50	
Turneric, in bags ...	20	
Twist, in bales ...	50	
Vermilion, in kegs ...	20	
Washing-soda, in casks ...	50	
Wheat ...	20	
Wine, in cases ...	50	
Do. in wood ...	210 Imperial gallons.	
Wire, wire-rope, wire-netting, in casks ...	20	
Wool, in bales ...	50	
Woollen piece-goods, in bales ...	50	
Zinc ...	20	
All other articles not enumerated, in bales or cases ...	50	

Fees leviable on Sundays and close holidays.

	RS.	A.	P.
When the pier, beach, and custom-house are all worked by more than one vessel ...	60	15	6
(To be divided in equal proportions among the vessels.)			
When the pier, beach, and custom-house are worked by a single vessel ...	41	11	0
When the pier alone is worked by more than one vessel ...	28	2	9
When the beach alone is worked by more than one vessel ...	21	2	1
When the custom-house is worked, either in connection with the beach or pier, by more than one vessel ...	11	10	8
When either the pier, beach or custom-house is worked by a single vessel separately—			
Pier ...	23	12	7
Beach ...	15	1	1
Custom-house ...	5	13	4

SCHEDULE B.

Godown rent shall be charged under Section 6 of the Madras Harbour Dues Act (VI of 1882) at the following rates on goods not removed for Home consumption or shipment within

The rates payable for working overtime will be as follows:—

	From 6 to 7 P.M.	From 6 to 9 P.M.
Pier ...	10 0 0	20 0 0
Beach ...	7 8 0	15 0 0
Custom-house ...	3 0 0	6 0 0

Out-fees for the Cashier's Department of the Harbour Dues Establishment for working on Sundays and close holidays.

	RS.	A.	P.
One Cashier ...	16	10	8
One Clerk ...	1	10	8
One do. ...	1	5	4
Total ...	19	10	8

These overtime fees to be divided in equal proportions among the vessels working.

The following days shall be considered as close holidays within the meaning of this Notification:—

	DAYS.
Christmas Vacation, including Christmas and New Year's day ...	8
Easter Vacation, including Good Friday ...	4
Queen's Birthday ...	1
All Sundays ...	1

Application to work on Sundays and close holidays should be made to the Deputy Master-Attendant 24 hours previously.

APPENDIX I.

Heavy weights passing over the pier will be liable to the following rates of dues:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Steam boiler ...	15	0	0
Machinery in pieces, per ton ...	2	8	0
Other articles of half ton or upwards and not specified below, per ton ...	1	8	0
Four-wheeled carriage ...	3	8	0
Two-wheeled carriage ...	2	0	0
Horses ...	5	0	0
Pony ...	2	8	0
Cow ...	2	0	0
Calf ...	1	0	0
Race boat ...	2	8	0
Jolly boat ...	0	12	0
Pier carriages, up or down ...	0	8	0
Pianoforte ...	3	8	0
Dogs, sheep, and other small animals, each ...	0	1	0
Ships' market boats taking provisions at the pier ...	0	4	0

All the above passing over the pier on Sundays and after 6 P.M. will be subjected to double rates.

three days from the date of landing or of deposit in the Custom-house yards, godowns, or Harbour godowns, or within the enclosure:—

Rates for Godown-rent, per month.

RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.	
Beer, whole pipes, butt or puncheon	0 12 0	Metals, per bazaar maund	0 0 6
Beer, half pipe or hoghead	0 6 0	Canvas, per bale	0 3 0
Do. quarter pipe	0 3 0	Silk, per bale	0 6 0
Large casks containing glass or earthenware	1 0 0	Do. piece-goods, per case	0 6 0
Three casks containing glass or provisions	0 12 0	Indigo, per chest	0 6 0
Large crates, twelve dozen bottles	0 6 0	Opium	0 6 0
Small do. six or eight dozen, more or less	0 4 0	Cotton, hemp, jute, and safflower, per bale of 300 lbs.	0 4 0
Wines, butt or pipe	2 0 0	Sugar, rice, and seeds, per 100 bazaar maunds	2 8 0
Do. half pipe or hoghead	1 0 0	Cutch, per 100 bazaar maunds	2 0 0
Do. quarter pipe	0 8 0	Shell-lac and lac-dye, per chest	0 4 0
Do. chests above twelve dozen size	0 8 0	Vermilion, per box	0 2 0
Do. do. of twelve dozen or above six dozen	0 6 0	Arsenic, do.	0 3 0
Do. do. of six dozen or above three dozen	0 3 0	Brass leaf, do.	4 2 0
Do. quarter chest or three dozen	0 2 0	China paper, per case	0 2 0
Do. all boxes under three dozen and above one dozen	0 1 0	Do. case of Nankin, cassia, camphor, silk, anniseed, &c., per case	0 3 0
Do. one dozen boxes	0 0 9	Ginger or turmeric, per 100 bazaar maunds	3 0 0
Spirits, per pipe	2 0 0	Betel-nut, per bazaar maund	0 0 6
Do. per hoghead	1 0 0	Cloves, do.	0 1 0
Do. in bottle, case of one doz.	0 1 0	Coffee, pepper, cardamom, cummin-seed, aniseed, in bags or bales, per bazaar maund	0 1 0
Do. above one and under three dozen	0 1 0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles, per hoghead	0 8 0
Do. three dozen	0 2 0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles, per tierce	0 4 0
Do. above three and under six dozen	0 3 0	Sugarcandy, per tub	0 0 6
Do. six dozen	0 4 0	Tea, per whole chest	0 2 0
Do. for every dozen in excess of six dozen size	0 0 9	Do. per smaller box	0 1 0
British piece-goods, per case above twelve dozen size	0 0 8	Paint, per keg of 56 lbs.	0 0 6
Do. piece-goods, per case of twelve dozen or above six dozen	0 6 0	Salmon, herrings, or other fishes, per keg	0 0 6
Do. piece-goods, per case of six dozen or above three dozen	0 3 0	Turpentine, linseed or other vegetable oil, per jar	0 2 0
Do. piece-goods, per case of three dozen or less	0 2 0	All cordage, per cwt.	0 1 0
Do. piece-goods, per bale of size of bale of twist of 4 to 500 lbs.	0 6 0	Rosin or dammer, per bazaar maund	0 1 0
Do. piece-goods, per bale of smaller size	0 4 0	Tobacco, unmanufactured, per one maund bale	0 2 0
		Gunnies, per large bale	0 8 0
		Do. per smaller bale	0 6 0
		Cow-hides, per large bale	0 12 0
		Do. per smaller bale	0 3 0
		Goat-skins, per bale	0 8 0
		Quicksilver, per bazaar maund	0 2 6
		Tin plates, per box	0 0 6
		Bricks, per 1,000	1 0 0

(Signed) E. F. WEBSTER, *Chief Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

2nd June 1881.

The Honorable the Governor in Council of Port Saint George hereby notifies that, with the previous sanction of the Government of India, Section 38 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875 has been extended to the port of Madras, and that from and after the date of publication of this notification all vessels entering the artificial harbour at the said port shall be liable to the payment of pilotage fees as per undermentioned scale. Pending the completion of the said harbour, the rates will include both inward and outward pilotage:—

RS.		RS.	
On vessels up to 100 tons register	5	On vessels from 400 to 600 tons register	30
" " from 100 to 150 tons register	10	" " " 600 to 1,000 "	35
" " " 150 to 200 "	15	" " " 1,000 to 1,500 "	40
" " " 200 to 300 "	20	" " " 1,500 tons and upwards	50
" " " 300 to 400 "	25		

(Signed) C. G. MASTER, *Offy. Chief Secretary.*

NOTIFICATION.

3rd August 1881.

Under the authority vested in him by Section 7 of the Indian Ports Act, 1875, the Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rules for regulating the entry and departure of vessels using the Madras Harbour in supersession of those as per Notification, dated 26th January last:—

Rule 1.—No vessel shall enter or leave the Madras Harbour at any time without having on board a Pilot or Harbour Master, unless authority in writing so to do has been obtained from the Conservator of the Port.

Rule 2.—Vessels about to leave the Harbour shall hoist Flag N of the Commercial Code at the Fore.

Rule 3.—Vessels about to enter the Harbour shall hoist Flag F of the Commercial Code at the Fore.

Rule 4.—Not more than one vessel shall enter or leave the port at the same time.

Under Clause 2, Section 42 and Section 67 of the Act, Masters or other persons in charge of the vessels disobeying any of the foregoing rules will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for every such offence, and also to the payment of the costs of such conviction.

(Signed) R. DAVIDSON, *Chief Secretary.*

Ports for the Shipment and Landing of Goods.

NOTIFICATION.—FORT ST. GEORGE, September 7, 1865.—Under Section 10, Act VI of 1863, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the undermentioned places to be only ports for the shipment and landing of goods in the Madras Presidency:—

Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.	Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.
GANJAM.....	1	Ganjam.		40	Pamanjee.
	2	Manencottah.		41	Tupilli.
	3	Sonapur.		42	Dugazupatam.
	4	Baruah.		43	Pudi.
	5	Poondy.	MADRAS.....	44	Ennore.
	6	Bapanapanda.		45	Madras.
	7	Calingapatam.		46	Coccolong.
	8	Gopaulpore.	ARCOT, SOUTH....	47	Mercanum.
	9	Conada.		48	Cuddalore.
VIZAGAPATAM. {	10	Bimlipatam.		49	Porto Novo.
	11	Vizagapatam.	TANJORE.....	50	Condiempollium.
	12	Pudimadaka.		51	Trimulcasel.
	13	Pentacottah.		52	Krishnajipatam.
	14	Uppada.		53	Tranquebar.
GODAVERY..... {	15	Cocanada.		54	Nagore.
	16	Coringa.		55	Nagapatam.
	17	Bendamurlunka.		56	Valangany.
	18	Narsapur.		57	Topelurai.
KISTNA:..... {	19	Masulipatam.		58	Point Calimere.
	20	Mettapolliem.		59	Mattupettai.
	21	Nizampatam.		60	Adampattam.
	22	Epoorpalliem.		61	Cattuvadi.
	23	Motupalli.		62	Ammapatam.
	24	Nagayalunka.		63	Kottaputnum.
	25	Penamudi.		64	Gopalapatam.
	26	Gangadipaliam.		65	Sundrapondiaputnum.
	27	Morutota.		66	Pasyputnum.
NELLORE..... {	28	Kottapatam.		67	Damotharamputnum.
	29	Itamukala.		68	Tondy.
	30	Pakala.	MADRAS.....	69	Nambudalay.
	31	Kanuparthi.		70	Puduputnum.
	32	Ramapatam.		71	Carungadu.
	33	Chennipaliam.		72	Terupalacudi.
	34	Tummalapenta.		73	Paciputnum.
	35	Zuvaladinpe.		74	Mudiaputnum.
	36	Ikupalli.		75	Attengari.
	37	Ponnappudi.		76	Pullamadum.
	38	Maipadu.		77	Paumben.
	39	Kistnapatnam.			

Ports for the Shipment and Landing of Goods—(continued).

Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.	Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.
Tinnevely	78	Ramasweram.	S. CANARA	113	Kottakkai.
	79	Mundapum.		114	Vadakarai, or Bada-
	80	Vedalai.		115	Mutanguel. [gherry.
	81	Morekayapatnam.		116	Chombay.
	82	Muttupettai.		117	Calai.
	83	Kelakarai.		118	Tellicherry.
	84	Yervaudi.		119	Talai.
	85	Valenokum.		120	Daramapatam.
	86	Yppair.		121	Egaar.
	87	Tuticorin.		122	Cannanore.
	88	Coilpatam.		123	Pudiangadi.
	89	Coilasagarapatam.		124	Balaipatam.
MALABAR.....	90	Cochin.		125	Etticolum.
	91	Attiprom.		126	Kavai.
	92	Maddawyi.		127	Katcacherry.
	93	Kirkuye.		128	Bekal.
	94	Attakuye.		129	Cassergode.
	95	Chorghaut.		130	Udipi.
	96	Velliangode.		131	Cumbha.
	97	Ponnany.		132	Manjeshwar.
	98	Kuttay.		133	Mangalore.
	99	Parony.		134	Mulki.
	100	Tanore.		135	Pudbidri.
	101	Parparangady.		136	Ermal.
	102	Cadalundy.		137	Uchil.
	103	Beypore.		138	Camp.
	104	Motunkadu.		139	Oodiaver.
	105	Calicut.		140	Malpe.
	106	Pudiangadi.		141	Barcor or Hungercutti.
	107	Elatur.		142	Kondapur.
	108	Kapatt.		143	Naikencottah.
	109	Quilandy.		144	Bajindor.
	110	Kolam.		145	Sherur.
	111	Gudalore.			
	112	Trekodi.			

N.B.—Principal ports at which there is a Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent are printed in italics. Subordinate ports are printed in Roman type.

(Signed) W. HUDLESTON, Acting Secretary to Government.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Oolcamund, June 18, 1881.

A:

No. 13.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 5 of Act XII of 1875 (The Indian Ports Act, 1875), the Governor of Fort St. George in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to extend the said Act to the ports mentioned in the second column of the schedule hereto annexed, and to define the limits of such ports as specified in the third column of the said schedule:—

SCHEDULE.

Districts.	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
Ganjam.	Sonapore ... Baruva ... Pundi ... Bapanapadu ... Conada ...	Half a mile on either side of the landing-place, extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.

Districts.	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
Vizagapatam.	Pudimadaka...	From Pillar rock in a north-east direction, three miles, from seven fathoms water to fifty yards above high-water mark on the beach.
	Pentakota ...	From fifty yards above high-water mark to ten fathoms water south-east by south from the flag-staff, and extending for three miles in a north-east and south-west direction on the bearing.
Godavari.	Uppada ...	
	Bendaman-lanka ...	
	Narsapur ...	
	Penupalem ...	
	Penunudi ...	
	Moratota ...	
	Nagayalanka ...	Half a mile on either side of the landing-place, extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.
	Kottapalem ...	
	Gangadipalem ...	
	Nizampatam ...	
	Ipurupalem ...	
	Baddurani-palem ...	
	Motupalli ...	
	Kanuparti ...	North.—A small palmyra tree to the east of the village boundary stone. South.—River called Pedgundlakamma.
	Kottipatam ...	North.—Village boundary of Chintayagaripalem to the north of the Gundalakamma. South.—Centre of casuarina plantation to the south of Vaz-zireddipalem.
	Itamukkala ...	North.—Centre of casuarina plantation between Rasoopalem and Vaz-zireddipalem. South.—Southern bank of Palar river.
	Palala ...	North.—Palmyra trees near Padidibba. South.—Tiyyanagu (jungle stream) near Alagayapalem.
	Ramayapatam.	North.—Tiyyanagu of Alagayapalem. Telikarao, Pagaru near Goodimella. South.—Avenue of palmyras called Sarayipadu Chalibondalu. Thatichetta Gollavaram or channel on the otherside of Kotteruvu.
	Gonnayapalem	North.—Avenue of palmyras called Sarayipadu. Thatichetta Gollavaram or channel near Peddamarrivenu. South.—Sarayipadu.
	Tummalapenta	North.—A palmyra hedge going from Rotnaguntalu, north of Sarayipadu. South.—Rayanenivaridibba to the north of the Chippaleru Pagaru, south of Vatturupalem.
	Juvaladinne ...	North.—Rayanenivaridibba to the north of the Chippaleru Pagaru, south of Vatturupalem. South.—Ulavadiibba between Pothapalem of Kavali taluk and Iskapallepalem of the Nellore taluk.
	Iskapalle ...	North.—Ulavadiibba between Pothapalem and Iskapallepalem. South.—Pagaru of the Padderu river near Ponnupudipalem.
	Ponnupudi ...	North.—Pagaru of the Padderu river near Ponnupudipalem. South.—The cart-road to the north of Ganandlapalem, hamlet of Varini.
	Mypaud ...	North.—The southern bank of the Pannair river. South.—Yeddularevu of Venkanapalem.
	Kistnapatam	North.—Yeddularevu of Venkanapalem. South.—Dongalrevu.
	Pamanji ...	North.—Dongalrevu. South.—Sand drift called Akkadanaduladibba to the south of the Pamanjipalem Pagaru.

East.—To seven fathoms of water.
West.—To within fifty yards of high-water mark.

Districts.	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
S. Arcot Madras & Chingleput.	Tupili	North.—Sand drift called Akkadanaduladibba to the south of the Pamanjipalem Pagaru. South.—Kondurupalem Pagaru.
	Dugarazpat-nati.	North.—Kondurupalem Pagaru. South.—Mogilichetladibba, north of the Monapalem Light-house.
	Pudi	North.—Mogilichetladibba, north of the Monapalem Light-house. South.—The Mogili and palmyra trees near Yella yosinkuppam.
	Pulicat	Half a mile on either side of the landing-place extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.
	Ennore	Half a mile on either side of landing-place. Sea limits to extend to ten fathoms water due east from the position given, and shore limits to fifty yards above high-water mark.
	Covelong	On the north the boundary line of Kaipamkuppam and on the south Thirthavarithorai in the limits of Merkanam, enclosing a coast line of about three-fourths of a mile in length. East.—To seven fathoms of water. West.—To fifty yards above high-water mark.
	Merkanam	North.—Voddakkarai in Arisikaranveli on the sea-shore, 940 yards. South.—Chavukandimidee, 1,200 yards. West.—Mahomed Abdul Kader Maracayar's Pandagasalai, 200 yards. East.—Six fathoms of water.
	Thirumalavasal.	North.—The South Arcot District. South.—The southern sand-spit, 200 yards. West.—The western bank of the Coleroon about a mile. East.—Six fathoms of water.
	Kodimpalliem	North.—Northern limit of Vottakuppam of Therkupoyur, 2,264 yards. South.—Eight hundred yards south of southern limits, 2,848 yards. West.—Two hundred and fifty yards west of the sea-shore. East.—Six fathoms of water.
	Velangani	North.—The sand-spit of Thuladigundu in the limits of Periaikut-taga village, 300 yards. South.—The sand-spit on the southern extremity of Argatti street of Thopputorai, 2,000 yards. West.—The entrance of the river called Padivay, 220 yards. East.—Four and a-half fathoms of water.
Tanjore.	Point Calimero	North.—Fifty yards above high-water mark. South.—Three and a-half fathoms of water. West.—Thalanguttadi Gundumanalmodu of Kanagamadam, 1,506 yards. East.—Samudradevi Gundumanalmodu, 600 yards.
	Muttupettai	North.—From Vadavumalai to the front of the Sea Custom Cutcherry at Adirampatam. South.—Five fathoms of water. West.—From the front of the Sea Custom Cutcherry at Adirampatam to five fathoms of water. East.—From the front of Vadavumalai to five fathoms of water.
	Adirampatnam.	North.—From Salt Vadi, No. 3, to Makilankottai salt-pan, 4,440 yards. South.—Four fathoms of water. West.—From Makilankottai salt-pan to four fathoms of water. East.—From Salt Vadi, No. 3, to four fathoms of water.
	Ammapatam	North.—The south bank of the Peyar, 340 yards. South.—The north bank of Avipatam surplus channel, 560 yards. West.—Sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark. East.—Four fathoms of water.
	Kristnaji-patam.	North.—The South bank of the Perungalliyar, 400 yards. South.—The north bank of the Peyar, 680 yards. West.—Sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark. East.—Three fathoms of water.

Districts.	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
Tanjore—continued.	Kuttumavadi	North.—The south bank of the Kattayanor, 260 yards. South.—The north bank of the Ammayanor, 240 yards. West.—Sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark. East.—Four fathoms of water.
	Kottai-patam	North.—The south bank of the Peyar, 400 yards. South.—The north bank of the Karar, 320 yards. West.—Sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark. East.—Four fathoms of water.
	Gopalapatam	North.—The south bank of the Kavariyalam channel, 650 yards. South.—The north bank of the Koluvar, 400 yards. West.—Sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark. East.—Three fathoms of water.
	Sundrapandia-patam.	North.—The south bank of the Palliyar, 250 yards. South.—The north bank of the Sitar, 320 yards. West.—Sea-shore within fifty yards of high-water mark. East.—Three fathoms of water.
	Pasipatam.	Two hundred yards on either side of landing place.
	Damodarapa-tam.	Two hundred yards on either side of the Sea Custom House.
	Tondi	Two hundred yards on either side of the landing-place.
	Nambidalai	Two hundred yards on either side of the landing-place.
	Padupatam	Two hundred yards on either side of the landing-place.
	Carungudu	Two hundred yards on either side of chank godown and group of tulips or Puvararsu trees.
Madura.	Tirupalakudi	Two hundred yards on either side of Sea Custom House.
	Devipatam	Two hundred yards on either side of a cocoa tope to the east of the village.
	Mudiapatam	Two hundred yards on either side of Zemindar's chattram.
	Attangari	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Pillaimadam	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Emanagudu	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Ramesvaram	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Mundapam	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Vedalai	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
	Marakayapa-tam	Two hundred yards on either side of landing-place.
Tinnevely.	Muttupettai	Two hundred yards on either side of Samyar tope.
	Kilakatai	Two hundred yards east side of Custom House and 400 yards on west side of Custom House.
	Eruvadi	Two hundred yards on either side of Kajiar tope.
	Valinokam	Two hundred yards on either side of Nallathanni kenar (well). North.—Vaippar point and a line drawn due east from same to four fathoms water. South.—The clump of high trees at Pattnamarthur and a line from them due east to seven fathoms.
	Vaippar	East.—The space enclosed between a line running due east from Pattnamarthur trees to seven fathoms and one from Vaippar point to four fathoms. West.—The sea-shore to fifty yards above high-water mark of the main land between Pattnamarthur trees and Vaippar point and the islands.
	Koilpatam	North.—Pinnucil Bay and a line drawn due east from the southern point of same to six fathoms. South.—Tiruchendur Pagoda and a line from same drawn due east to six fathoms water. East.—The space enclosed within two lines running due east from the Tiruchendur Pagoda and the southern point of Pinnucil Bay to six fathoms water. West.—The sea-shore of the main land between Tiruchendur Pagoda and south point of Pinnucil Bay and within fifty yards of high-water mark.

Districts	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
Timnevelly—contd.		
	Kulasekhara-patnam.	<i>North.</i>—The Tiruchendur Pagoda. <i>South.</i>—A line drawn from Manapaud point due east to ten fathoms water. <i>East.</i>—The space enclosed within a line drawn due east from the extreme of Manapaud point to ten fathoms water and extending north to the Tiruchendur Pagoda. <i>West.</i>—The sea-shore of the main land between Manapaud point and Tiruchendur Pagoda and within fifty yards of high-water mark spring-tides.
	Attaprom ...	
	Kuakuye ...	
	Madayi ...	
	Attukuye ...	
	Chowghat ...	
	Velliangode ...	
	Kuttayi ...	
	Parony ...	
	Tanur ...	
	Parpanangadi ...	
	Cadalondi ...	
	Molankadava ...	
	Pudiangadi ...	
	Ellatur ...	
	Kupat ...	
	Kollam ...	
	Cuddalore ...	
	Trikodi ...	
	Kottakal ...	
	Muttungal ...	
	Chombayi ...	
	Kallai ...	
	Talai ...	
	Dharmapatnam ...	
	Egara ...	
	Pudiangada ...	
	Balaipatam ...	
	Etticollam ...	
	Kavai ...	
	Katkacheri ...	
	Bekal ...	
		Half a mile on either side of the landing-place extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.
	Kasaragod ...	<i>East.</i>—The bank of the river from the road leading from the Taluk Cutcherry and across the Chandragiri river to the left bank, and the shores thereof to within fifty yards of high-water mark. <i>West.</i>—The spaces enclosed between two lines running due west from the northern and southern boundaries in about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—A line drawn from the road leading from the Taluk Cutcherry across the river and sea-shore to about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—The left bank of the Chandragiri river and its mouth to about six fathoms water due west.
		<i>East.</i>—The river bank from the Sea Custom House up to the Shiriya ferry, and the shores thereof to within fifty yards of high-water mark.
	Kumbla ...	<i>West.</i>—The space between the northern and southern boundaries in about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—From Shiriya ferry and the northern bank of the mouth of the river and a line running due west to about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—A line running due west from the Sea Custom House and across the sea-shore to about six fathoms water.
		<i>East.</i>—The bank of the river between the Arabi Syed's Jar (tomb) and Lakshmana Bhakta's garden, and the shores thereof to within fifty yards of high-water mark.
	Manjeshwar ...	<i>West.</i>—The space between the northern and southern boundaries to about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—A line drawn due west from the above Arabi Syed's Jar across the river in about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—A line drawn due west from the said Lakshmana Bhakta's garden across the sea-shore to six fathoms water.

Districts	Ports.	Limits.
1	2	3
	Mulki ...	<i>East.</i>—Bank of the river between the southern and northern boundaries, and the shores thereof to fifty yards above high-water mark. <i>West.</i>—Between the northern and southern limits up to about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—From the Mundaigundi stream and a line drawn due west from the northern side of the said stream across the river and through Basava Pujari's garden to about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—A line drawn from the Sea Custom House across the river to the southern bank of the mouth of the Sashihital river and extending due west to about six fathoms water.
	Padubidri ...	
	Yermal ...	
	Uchil ...	
	Kap ...	
	Uddayavar ...	Half a mile on either side of the landing-place, extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.
		<i>East.</i>—The eastern bank of the river between Khazi Isuf Sahib's warehouse and Ganapaupadya's garden, and the shores thereof to fifty yards above high-water mark.
	Malpe ...	<i>West.</i>—The space between the "Darya Bahadarghad Rock" and the northern boundary. <i>North.</i>—A line drawn due west from Khazi Isuf Sahib's warehouse across the river and sea-shore to about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—From Ganapaupadya's garden up to the southern point of the "Darya Bahadarghad Rock."
		<i>East.</i>—The eastern bank of the river between the northern and southern boundaries, and the shores thereof to fifty yards above high-water mark.
		<i>West.</i>—The space enclosed between the northern and southern boundaries in about six fathoms water.
	Barkur or Hangarkotta.	<i>North.</i>—From the island called "Hagavina Kudree" along the bank of the mouth of the river and a line running due west to about six fathoms water. <i>South.</i>—A line drawn across the river from Harunshett's warehouse on the eastern bank to Ina's Prabhu's garden on the western bank and running due west to six fathoms water.
		<i>East.</i>—A line drawn from the left bank of the mouth of the river towards the Sea Custom House and extending to the nullah called "Batteribail Todu" and about 150 yards from the bank of the river.
	Kundapura ...	<i>West.</i>—The west bank of the river from the "Batteribail Todu" to the mouth of the river about 950 yards to six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—The nullah called "Batteribail Todu" extending to about 150 yards from the bank of the river. <i>South.</i>—The mouth of the river and sea-shore to about six fathoms water.
		<i>East.</i>—The left bank of the river between the road near the Salt Depot and the garden called "Kotehitlu" belonging to Devappa Holla under the Baindur hill, and the shores thereof to within fifty yards of high-water mark.
	Baindur ...	<i>West.</i>—The space between the northern and southern boundaries extending to about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—The garden called "Kotehitlu" on the right bank of the mouth of the river and a line running due west to about six fathoms water.
		<i>South.</i>—A line drawn across the river from the road near the Salt Depot on the eastern bank to Duggappa Shetti's garden on the western bank and across the sea-shore to about six fathoms water.
		<i>East.</i>—The bank of the river from opposite the Custom House to the garden of Navayet Siddi Sahib, and the shores thereof to within fifty yards of high-water mark.
	Naikinkatta ...	<i>West.</i>—A line drawn from the Madikal rock to opposite the mouth of the river in about six fathoms water. <i>North.</i>—From the garden of Navayet Siddi Sahib across the sea-shore to the Madikal rock. <i>South.</i>—A line drawn due west from the southern bank of the mouth of the river to about six fathoms water.
	Serur ...	Half a mile on either side of the landing-place, extending to ten fathoms water seaward and fifty yards above high-water mark landwards.

B.

In exercise of the power conferred by Section 45 of Act XII of 1875 (The Indian Ports Act, 1875), and in supersession of the Notifications published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 20th January 1880, page 31, and of the 13th April 1880, page 159, the Governor of Port St. George in Council is pleased, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, to declare—

(a) That the maximum amount of port-dues to be levied on vessels entering the ports mentioned in the second column of the schedule hereto annexed shall be two annas per ton, except in the case of the ports of Uppada, Pamban, Molankadava, Pudiangadi and Ellatur, where such maximum rate shall be three annas per ton.

(b) That such dues shall be levied subject to the conditions and modifications specified in the fourth column of the said schedule:—

Schedule.

Districts	Ports.	Conditions.
1	2	3
	EASTERN GROUP.	
Ganjam.	1. Ganjam ...	(a).—Dues are chargeable on all sea-going vessels of fifteen tons and upwards.
	2. Gopalpur ...	(b).—In the case of vessels employed in the coasting trade not being steamers, the rates shall be one-half the rates chargeable in respect of other vessels. Any steamer engaged in the coasting trade when it enters any of the ports of the Eastern and Western groups specified in the second column of this schedule shall pay the highest rate of port-dues leviable at any port of such group, whether specified in the second or third column of this schedule, and an addition of half of such highest rate.
	3. Sonapore ...	(c).—No coasting steamer having paid port-dues at any port of the Eastern or Western Group specified in the second or third column of this schedule shall be chargeable with port-dues again at any port of such group specified in the second column of this schedule within thirty days.
	4. Baruva ...	(d).—No coasting vessel other than a coasting steamer shall be chargeable with port-dues at the same port more than once in sixty days.
Vizagapatam.	5. Pundi ...	(e).—No vessel other than a coasting vessel or coasting steamer shall be chargeable with port-dues at the same port more than once in ninety days.
	6. Bapanapadu ...	(f).—In the above rules the expression "coasting vessel" means any vessel which at any port discharges cargo exclusively from, or takes in cargo exclusively for, any port on the continent of India or in the Island of Ceylon.
	7. Calingapatam ...	(g).—As regards the levy of port-dues, each set of ports, specified in the second or in the second and third columns of this schedule, which is included within double brackets, shall be treated as if it were only one port; every vessel in respect of which such
	8. Conada ...	
Godavari.	9. Bimlipatam ...	
	10. Vizagapatam ...	
	11. Pudimadaka ...	
	12. Pentakota ...	
Kistna.	13. Uppada ...	
	14. Cocanada ...	
	15. Coringa ...	
	16. Bendamanlanka ...	
Nellore.	17. Narsapur ...	
	18. Perupalem ...	
	19. Masulipatam ...	
	20. Penumudi ...	
	21. Moratota ...	
	22. Nagayalanka ...	
	23. Kottapalem ...	
	24. Gangadipalem ...	
	25. Nizampatam ...	
	26. Ipurupalem ...	
	27. Badduranipalem ...	
	28. Motupalli ...	
	29. Kanuparti ...	
	30. Kottapatam ...	
	31. Itamukkala ...	
	32. Pakala ...	
	33. Ramayapatam ...	
	34. Comayapalem ...	
	35. Turmalapenta ...	
	36. Juvaladinne ...	
	37. Iskapalle ...	
	38. Ponnepudi ...	
	39. Myypud ...	
	40. Kristnapatam ...	
	41. Pamanji ...	
	42. Tupili ...	
	43. Degarazpatnam ...	
	44. Pudi ...	

Districts	Ports.	Conditions.
1	2	3
Chingleput.	45. Pulicat ...	dues have been charged and taken at any one port of any such set specified in the second or third column of this schedule being exempted from such charge the first time thereafter on which it enters any other port of the same set, specified in the second column of this schedule.
	46. Ennore ...	
	47. Covelong ...	
	48. Merkanam ...	
South Arcot.	49. Cuddalore ...	53. Tranquebar ...
	50. Porto Novo ...	
	51. Thirumalavasel ...	
	52. Kodimpalliem ...	
Tanjore.	53. Tranquebar ...	{ 54. Nagore
	54. Nagore ...	
	55. Negapatam ...	
	56. Velangani ...	
Madura.	57. Thopputoria ...	59. Tondi ...
	58. Point Calimere ...	
	59. Muttupettai ...	
	60. Adirampatnam ...	
Tinnevely.	61. Gopalapatam ...	62. Kattunavadi ...
	62. Kattunavadi ...	
	63. Kristnajiapatam ...	
	64. Ammapatam ...	
Malabar.	65. Kottaiapatam ...	66. Sundrapandia-patam ...
	66. Sundrapandia-patam ...	
	67. Pasipatam ...	
	68. Damodarapatam ...	
Tinnevely.	69. Tondi ...	70. Nambidalai ...
	70. Nambidalai ...	
	71. Pudupatam ...	
	72. Carungudu ...	
Tinnevely.	73. Tirupalakudi ...	74. Devipatam ...
	74. Devipatam ...	
	75. Mudiapatam ...	
	76. Attangarai ...	
Tinnevely.	77. Ennagudu ...	78. Pillaimadam ...
	78. Pillaimadam ...	
	79. Pamban ...	
	80. Ramesvaram ...	
Tinnevely.	81. Mandapam ...	82. Vedalai ...
	82. Vedalai ...	
	83. Marakayapatam ...	
	84. Muttupettai ...	
Tinnevely.	85. Kilakarai ...	86. Eruvadi ...
	86. Eruvadi ...	
	87. Valinokam ...	
	88. Vaippar ...	
Tinnevely.	89. Tuucorin ...	90. Koilpatam ...
	90. Koilpatam ...	
	91. Kulasekhara-patnam.	
	92. Cochin ...	
Tinnevely.	93. Attaprom ...	94. Kurkuye ...
	94. Kurkuye ...	
	95. Madayi ...	
	96. Attukuye ...	
Tinnevely.	97. Chowghat ...	98. Velliangode ...
	98. Velliangode ...	
	99. Ponani ...	
	100. Kuttayi ...	
Tinnevely.	101. Parony ...	102. Tanur ...
	102. Tanur ...	
	103. Parpanangadi ...	
	104. Cadalondi ...	

Districts	Ports.	Conditions.
1	2	3
Malabar—continued.	106. Molankadava ...	105. Beypore ...
	108. Pundiangadi ...	107. Calicut ...
	109. Ellatur ...	
	110. Kapat ...	
	111. Quilandi ...	
	112. Kollam ...	
	113. Cuddalore ...	
	114. Trikkodi ...	
	115. Kottakal ...	
	116. Badagara ...	
	117. Muttungal ...	
	118. Chombayi ...	
South Canara.	119. Kallai ...	
	120. Talai ...	
	122. Dharmapatnam ...	121. Tellicherry...
	123. Egara ...	
	125. Pudiangadi ...	124. Cannanore...
	126. Baliapatam ...	
	127. Etticollam ...	
	128. Kawai ...	
	129. Katkacheri ...	
	130. Bekal ...	
	131. Kasaragod ...	
	132. Kumbha ...	
	133. Manjeshwara ...	
	135. Mulki ...	134. Mangalore ..
	136. Padubidri ...	
	137. Yermal ...	
	138. Uchil ...	
	139. Kap ...	
	140. Uddyavar ...	
	141. Malpe ...	
	142. Barkur or Hantarkotta ...	
	143. Kundapura ...	
	144. Naikinkatta ...	
	145. Baindur ...	
	146. Serur ...	

NOTE.—No order, increasing or imposing port dues, shall take effect until the expiration of sixty days from the day on which such order has been published in the local official Gazette.

C.

In the exercise of the power conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875, the Governor of Port St. George in Council hereby prescribes the following Port Rules for each of the undermentioned ports:—

Port Rules.	Ports.
Rule 1.—All vessels within the port shall be bound to take up such berths as may be appointed for them by the Conservator, and shall change their berths or remove therefrom when required by such authority.	Ganjam District { Sonapore. Baruva. Pundi. Bapanapadu Conada. Pudimadaka. Pentakota.
Rule 2.—All vessels within the entrance	Vizagapatam District

Port Rules.	Ports.
of the backwater shall, if required by the Conservator, rig in their jib and driver-booms and strike their masts and yards.	Godavari District ...
Rule 3.—All vessels within the entrance of the backwater shall remove any anchors, spars, or other things projecting from their sides if required to do so by the Conservator.	Uppadu. Bendamanlanka. Narsapur Perupalem. Penumudi. Moratota. Nagayalanka. Kottapalem. Gangadipalem. Nizampatam. Ipurupalem. Badduranipalem. Motupalli. Kanuparti. Kottapatam. Itamukkala. Pakala. Ramayapatam. Connayapatam. Tummalapenta. Juvaladinne.
Rule 4.—All vessels taking in or discharging ballast or cargo or any particular kind of cargo within the port shall, whilst so engaged, occupy such stations respectively as the Conservator may from time to time direct.	Kistna District ...
Rule 5.—Free passages of such width as the Conservator shall from time to time direct shall be kept for ships moving up and down the backwater and also along or near to the piers, jetties, landing places, wharves, quays, docks, and moorings in or adjoining the port.	
Rule 6.—All vessels within the port shall anchor, moor and unmoor as may from time to time be required by the Conservator.	Nellore District ...
Rule 7.—All vessels within the entrance of the backwater shall be moved or warped from place to place in such manner as may from time to time be required by the Conservator, and no vessel shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring without being required to do so by the Conservator or the officer in charge of the vessel mooring.	Iskapalli. Ponnepudi. Mypaud. Kristnapatam. Pamanji. Tupuli. Dugarazapatam. Pudi.
Rule 8.—The Cargo Boat Rules published by Government under date the 30th September 1867 as modified by Notification of Government under the Ports Act XII of 1875 of this date, and by Madras Act I of 1881 in ports to which that Act shall be extended, shall be in force at the said ports.	Chingleput District... Ennore. Corelong. Merkanum.
Rule 9.—No pitch or dammer shall be boiled, nor shall any spirits be drawn off by candle or other artificial light on board any vessel within the limits of the port.	South Arcot District.
Rule 10.—Every vessel, whether a steamer or a sailing vessel, when riding at anchor, shall exhibit, where it can best be seen but at a height not exceeding 20 feet above the hull, a white light, in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light, visible all round the horizon, at a distance of at least one mile.	Thirumalayasel. Kodimpalliem. Velangani. Thopputorai. Point Calimere. Muttupettai. Adirampatnam. Gopalapatam. Kattumavadi. Kristnajiapatam. Ammapatam. Kottaiapatam. Sundrapandiapatam. Pasipatam. Damodarapatam. Tondi. Nambidali. Pudupatam. Carungudu. Tirupalakudi. Devipatam. Mudiapatam.
	Tanjore District ...
	Attangarai. Emanagudu. Pillaimadam. Ramesvaram. Mandapam. Vedalai. Marakayapatam. Muttupettai. Kilakarai. Eruvadi. Valinokam. Vaipar. Koilpatam. Kulasekharapatnam.
	Madura District ...
	Tinnevely District...

Port Rules.	Ports.
	Attaprom. Kurkuye. Madayi. Attukuye. Chowghat. Velliangode. Kuttayi. Parony. Tanur. Parpanangadi. Cadalandi. Molankadava. Pudiangadi. Ellatur. Kupat. Kollam. Cuddalore. Trikodi. Kottakal. Muttungal. Chombayi. Kallai. Talal. Dharmapatnam. Egara. Pudiangadi. Baliapatnam. Etticollam. Kaval. Katkacheri. Bekal. Kasaragod. Kumbla. Manjeshwara. Mulki. Padubidri. Yermal. Uchil. Kap. Uddyavar. Malpe. Barkur or Hangarkotta. Kundapura. Naikinkotta. Baundur. Serur.
	Malabar District ...
	South Canara Dist..

D.

In the exercise of the power conferred by Section 8 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council hereby appoints the Superintendents or Assistant Superintendents of Sea Customs at the several ports hereunder mentioned in column 1, to be the Conservators of those ports respectively.

2. For the ports hereunder mentioned in column 2, the Sea Customs Superintendents, within whose Customs jurisdiction those ports are situated, are hereby appointed to be the Conservators of such ports respectively, and the Heads for the time being of the villages at such ports respectively to be the Assistant Conservators of such ports respectively, their duties being limited to receiving reports and collecting port dues.

3. For the ports hereunder mentioned in column 3, the nomination of Conservators made in previous Notifications will continue in force:—

1	2	3
Godavari District. { Sonapore. Barwar. Pundl. Bapanapadu.	Vizagapatam District. { Conada.	Ganjam District. { Ganjam. Gopalpur. Calingapatam.

1	2	3
Vizagapatam District. { Pentacottah Pudimadaka	Godavari District. { Uppada Bendamankanka Perupalem Penumudi Moratota Nagayalanka Kottapalem Gungadipalem Badduranipalem Motupalli Kanuparti Connayapalem Tummalapenta Juvaladinne Ponnupudi Mypaud Pamanji Tupili Pndi	Vizagapatam District. { Bimlipatam. Vizagapatam
Godavari District. { Narasapur	Kistna District. { Kottapalem Gungadipalem Badduranipalem Motupalli Kanuparti Connayapalem Tummalapenta Juvaladinne Ponnupudi Mypaud Pamanji Tupili Pndi	Godavari District. { Cocanada Coringa
Kistna District. { Nizampatam Ipurupalem Kottapalem Itamukkala Pakala Ramayapatam Iskapalle Kristnapatam Dugarazpatnam Tirumalavasel Valangan Thoputhorai Muttupettai Adirampatnam Annapatam Kottapalem Tondi	Nellore District. { Mypaud Pamanji Tupili Pndi Pulicat Ennore Covelong	Kistna District. { Masulipatam
Nellore District. { Ramayapatam Iskapalle Kristnapatam Dugarazpatnam Tirumalavasel Valangan Thoputhorai Muttupettai Adirampatnam Annapatam Kottapalem Tondi	Chingleput Dist. { Pulicat Ennore Covelong	South Arcot Dist. { Cuddalore Porto Novo Tranquebar Nagore Negapatam
Tanjore District. { Adirampatnam Annapatam Kottapalem Tondi	South Arcot Dist. { Merkanam	Tanjore District. { Paumben
Madura District. { Devipatam Kilakarai	Tanjore District. { Kodinpallicem Point Calimere Gopalapatam Kuttumavadi Kristnajiapatam Sundrapaudiapatam Pasipatam Damodarapatam Nambidalai Pudupatam Carungudi Tirupalakudi Mudiapatam Attangarai Emanagadu Pillaimadam Ramesvaram Mandapam Vedalai Marakayapatam Muttupettai Eruvadi Valinokum	Madura District. { Tuticorin
Tinnevely Dist. { Koilpatam Kulasekharapatnam	South Arcot Dist. { Merkanam	Madura District. { Mangalore
Malabar District. { Attaprom Chowghat Tanur Kallai Baliapatam Kasaragod Kumbla Manjeshwar Mulki Malpe Barkur or Hangarkotta Kundapura Naikinkotta Baundur	Tanjore District. { Kodinpallicem Point Calimere Gopalapatam Kuttumavadi Kristnajiapatam Sundrapaudiapatam Pasipatam Damodarapatam Nambidalai Pudupatam Carungudi Tirupalakudi Mudiapatam Attangarai Emanagadu Pillaimadam Ramesvaram Mandapam Vedalai Marakayapatam Muttupettai Eruvadi Valinokum	South Canara Dist. { Mangalore
South Canara District. { Barkur or Hangarkotta Kundapura Naikinkotta Baundur	Tinnevely Dist. { Vaipar. Kurkuye Madayi Attukaye Velliangode Kuttayi Parony Papanangudi Codalandi Molankadava Pudiangadi Ellatur Kupat Kollam Cuddalore Trikodi Kottakal Muttungal Chombayi Talal	South Canara Dist. { Mangalore
	Malabar District. { Kupat Kollam Cuddalore Trikodi Kottakal Muttungal Chombayi Talal	

1	2	3
	Malabar District. { Dharmapatnam. Egara. Pudiangadi. Ettecollam. Kavai.	
	South Canara Dist. { Kutkacheri. Bekal. Padubidri. Yernul. Uchil. Kap. Udayavai Serur.	

E.

In the exercise of the powers conferred by Sections 45 and 46 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council, with the previous sanction of the Right Honorable the Governor-General in Council, hereby declares that port dues at the rate of three annas per ton shall be levied at each of the following ports, on the expiration of sixty days from the date of publication of this declaration in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

EASTERN GROUP.

Ganjam District	 { Ganjam. Gopaulpur. Calingapatam.
Vizagapatam District	 { Bimlipatam. Vizagapatam.
South Arcot District	 { Cuddalore. Porto Novo.
Tanjore District	 { Tranquebar. Nagore Negapatam:

WESTERN GROUP.

Malabar District	 { Tellicherry. Cannanore.
South Canara District	 Mangalore.

F.

In the exercise of the power conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council hereby notifies that the Port Rules of the undermentioned ports shall be amended as follows:—

The following rule shall be substituted for Rule 7 of the Port Rules for Ganjam, Gopalpur, Calingapatam, Calicut, Tellicherry and Cannanore; for Rule 6 of the Port Rules for Porto Novo; and for Rule 10 of the Port Rules for Bimlipatam, Vizagapatam, Cocanada, Coringa, Masulipatam, Cuddalore, Nagore, Negapatam, Tranquebar, Pamban, Tuticorin, Cochin, Beypore, and Mangalore:—

Every vessel, whether a steamer or a sailing vessel, when riding at anchor, shall exhibit where it can best be seen but at a height not exceeding twenty feet above the hull, a white light in a globular lantern of eight inches in diameter, and so constructed as to show a clear uniform and unbroken light visible all round the horizon, at a distance of at least one mile.

In Rule 6 of the Port Rules for Ganjam, Gopalpur and Calingapatam the last clause commencing with the words "under a penalty" and ending with the words "under Sections 26 and 27, Act XXII of 1855" shall be omitted.

The following rule shall be added as Rule 7 to the Port Rules prescribed for Porto Novo:—

No pitch or dammer shall be boiled nor shall any spirits be drawn off by candle or other artificial light on board any vessel within the limits of the port.

G.

In the exercise of the power conferred in Section 46 of the Indian Ports Act No. XII of 1875, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council hereby notifies that the following exemp-

tions shall be made with regard to coasting steamers and other vessels entering at the undermentioned ports:—

Districts.	Ports.	Exemptions.
1	2	3
	EASTERN GROUP.	
Ganjam ..	{ Sonapore .. Baruva .. Pundi .. Bapanapadu ..	Ganjam .. Gopaulpore .. Calingapatam ..
Vizagapatam ..	{ Conada .. Pudimadaka .. Pentakota .. Uppada ..	Bimlipatam .. Vizagapatam ..
Godavari ..	{ Bendamanlanka .. Narsapur .. Parupalem ..	Cocanada .. Coringa ..
Kistna ..	{ Penumudi .. Moratota .. Nagayalanka .. Kottapalem .. Gangadipalem .. Nizampatam .. Ipurupalem .. Badduranipalem .. Motupalli .. Kanuparti .. Kottapatam .. Itamukkala .. Pakala .. Ramayapatam .. Connayapatam .. Tummialapenta .. Juvaladinne .. Iskapalli .. Ponnapudi .. Mypaud .. Kristnapatam .. Pamanji .. Tupili .. Dugarazapatnam .. Pudi ..	Masulipatam ..
Nellore ..	{ Pulicat .. Ennore .. Covelong .. Merkanam ..	
Chingleput.		
South Arcot.	{ Thirumalavasal .. Kodimpalli ..	Cuddalore .. Porto Novo ..
Tanjore ..	{ Valangani .. Thopputorai .. Point Calimere .. Muttupettai .. Adrampatam .. Gopalapatam .. Kattumavadi .. Kristnajiapatam ..	Tranquebar .. Nagore .. Negapatam ..

Coasting steamers having paid port dues at any port specified in the second column are exempted for thirty days, from the date of their leaving such port, from payment of such dues again at any other port of the same group, specified in the third column.

Coasting vessels, other than coasting steamers, having paid port dues at any port specified in the second column, are exempted for sixty days, from the date of their leaving such port, from paying such dues again at any other port specified in the third column and bracketed with the name of the port at which such dues shall have been paid.

Vessels, other than coasting vessels or coasting steamers, having paid port dues at any port specified in the second column, are exempted for ninety days, from the date of their leaving such port, from paying such dues again at any other port specified in the third column and bracketed with the name of the port at which such dues shall have been paid.

Districts.	Ports.	Exemptions.
1	2	3
Tanjore— <i>continued.</i>	{ Ammapatam ... Kottaipatam ... Sundrapandipatam ... Pasipatam ... Damodarapatam ... Tondi ... Nambidalai ... Pudupatam ... Carungudu ... Tirupalakudi ... Devipatam ... Mudipatam ... Attangarai ... Emanagudu ... Pillaimadam ... Pamban ... Ramsvaram ... Mandapam ... Vedalai ... Marakayapatam ... Muttupettai ... Keelakarai ... Eruvadi ... Valinokam ... Vaipar ... }	
Madura ..		
Tinnevely	{ Koilpatam ... Kulasakharapatam ... }	Tuticorin ...
WESTERN GROUP.		
	{ Attaprom ... Kurkuye ... Madayi ... Attukuye ... Chowghat ... Velliangode ... Ponani ... Kuttaye ... Parony ... Tanur ... Parpanangadi ... Cadalonadi ... }	Cochin ...
	{ Molankadava ... Pudiangadi ... Ellatur ... Kapat ... Quilandi ... Kollam ... Cuddalore ... Trikodi ... Kottakal ... Badagara ... Muttungal ... Chombaye ... Kallai ... Talai ... }	Beypora ... Calicut ...
Malabar...	{ Dharmapatam ... Egara ... }	Tellicherry ...
	{ Pudiangadi ... Baliapatam ... }	Cannanore ...

Districts.	Ports.	Exemptions.
1	2	3
Malabar— <i>continued.</i>	{ Etticollam ... Kavai ... Katkacheri ... Bekal ... Kasaragod ... Kumbla ... Manjeshwara ... }	Mangalore ...
South Canara.	{ Mulki ... Padubidri ... Yermal ... Uchil ... Kap ... Uddyavar ... Malpe ... Barkur or ... Hangarkotta ... Kundapura ... Naikinkatta ... Baindur ... Serur ... }	

H.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 7 of the Indian Ports Act XII of 1875, the Governor of Fort St. George in Council hereby notifies that the Cargo Boat Rules published by Government, under date 30th September 1867, and all rules subsequently published amending them, are hereby repealed in so far as they prescribe or affect fees for the registration, licensing or inspection of cargo and other boats plying for hire in any port in which the said rules are in force, or to which they have been or shall be extended; and from or after the publication of this Notification the following fees alone shall be due and leviable for the said purposes:—

	RS.
For survey and measurement prior to original registration* and for license issued thereon	3
For every change of registration	1
For the license issued on such renewed registration	1

All cargo and other boats plying for hire in the Port of Madras and in the outports, to which the provisions of Act XII of 1875 apply or shall be extended, shall be annually inspected, and for every such inspection a fee of one rupee per boat shall be paid.

2. The above rules shall not apply to catamarans for which the existing scale, under which the corresponding fees do not exceed 8 annas, shall continue to be in force.

Subsidiary Regulations sanctioned by the Governor in Council, for carrying out the Amended Boat Rules for September 1867.

The following rules are generally applicable to all outports to which the Amended Boat Rules are, by the preceding Notification, extended, unless otherwise specially provided in the Subsidiary Rules for the districts:—

I. The following fees for surveying boats under Section 2 of the amended rules:—

Boats or Canoes carrying	RS. A.	Boats or Canoes carrying	RS. A.
8 to 10 tons	5 0	2 to 4 tons	2 0
and upwards	5 0	do. do. 1 to 2 "	1 8
Do. do. 6 to 8 tons	4 0	Do. do. 1 ton	1 0
Do. do. 4 to 6 "	3 0	Catamarans	0 8

II. No boat shall, at any of the ports to which the amended rules are made applicable, be hired for any longer time in advance than one day, and every boat being on the beach unemployed for half an hour shall be considered to be disengaged.

III. The double rates specified in the Notification published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the 5th July 1864, page 43, shall be levied only on the days stated in the Notification issued by the Superintendent of Maring on the 7th March 1867, No. 908, viz.:—

Christmas day,	Good Friday,	Prince of Wales' Birthday,
New Year's day,	Queen's Birthday,	All Sundays.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Sanitary Rules of Embarkation based on G.O.s, Public Department, Nos. 147, 11th February 1882; 174, 16th March 1882; 279 and 281, 27th May 1882.

1. The following Sanitary Board has been constituted at Madras, whose duty it shall be to furnish the Port Officer with a weekly certificate showing whether cholera is, or is not, epidemic in the town and neighbourhood:—

The Senior Physician, General Hospital.

The Surgeon, 1st District.

The Vice-President, Madras Municipality, in charge of the Sanitary Department.

2. At out-ports this duty will devolve on the local Medical Officer in charge.

3. A Weekly Death Report of the town of Madras shall be prepared by the Vice-President, Madras Municipality, in charge of the Sanitary Department, and laid before the Board, to enable them to express their opinion regarding the existence or non-existence of cholera in the town in an epidemic form. The Death Report is to be in the form prescribed by the Government of India.

Statement of Deaths from Principal Diseases in the Town of Madras during the week ending—and the corresponding weeks of preceding five years.

MEMORANDUM.

Forwarded to the Master Attendant, Madras, with reference to his letter No. 5182, dated 17th June 1882.

(By order.)

Office of Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras,
Madras, 20th July 1882.

(Signed) A. J. STURMER, Surgeon,
Secy., Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras.

No. 4139.

MEMORANDUM.

The following rules are added to the Sanitary Rules issued with this Office docket No. 3803, dated 20th July 1882:—

"RULE 7.—After the inspection directed in Rule 6, the Port Surgeon in Madras shall give to the Deputy Master Attendant intimation that he has granted a Bill of Health, in order that port clearance may be issued to the vessel inspected.

"RULE 8.—In like manner at out-ports, the local Medical Officer shall give intimation to the Port Officer."

(By order.)

Office of Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras,
Madras, 8th August 1882.

(Signed) A. J. STURMER, Surgeon,
Secy., Surgeon-General
with the Government of Madras.

To the Master Attendant, with reference to his letter No. 6333, dated 26th July 1882, the enclosure of which is returned corrected.

4. Copies of the Weekly Death Report should be forwarded by the Board direct to Her Majesty's Embassy at Constantinople, to the British Consul-General at Cairo, and a copy should be submitted to Government through this office for transmission to the Government of India.

5. During the prevalence of cholera in an epidemic form, it will be the duty of the Port and Marine Surgeon to inspect all vessels leaving the port, two hours before their departure, and in consultation with the Medical Officer of the vessel, if there be any, satisfy himself that no person suffering from cholera or choleraic diarrhoea has been embarked among either passengers or crew. The fact that such inspection has been made, and the further fact that cholera is epidemic at the port should be frankly and clearly entered on the Bill of Health.

5. At out-ports the provisions of Rule 5 will devolve on the local Medical Officer. During prevalence of cholera, the only ports in the infected district where passengers

or pilgrims will be allowed to embark are those in charge of Port Officers, or officers appointed by Government, viz.:—

For South Canara Mangalore.
For Malabar Calicut and Cochin.
For Southern Districts of Madras and
Tinnevely Tuticorin and Pamban.
On the Eastern Coast Negapatam, Masulipatam, Vizagapatam,
Bimlipatam, Calingapatam and Gopaul-
pore.

No. 3803.

Years.	Week ending	Cholera.	Small- pox.	Fevers.	Bowel com- plaints.	All other diseases	Total.	Ratio per 1,000 of population per annum.
1877 ...	3rd March ..							
1878 ...	2nd March ..							
1879 ...	1st March ..							
1880 ...	6th March ..							
1881 ...	5th March ..							
Mean Numbers ..								
1882 ..	Week ending 4th March ..							

The Medical Board is of opinion that cholera was epidemic during the week ending 188 ..

(Signed) _____

President of the Medical Board.

(Signed) _____

Vice-President, Madras Municipality,
In charge of Sanitary Department.

Dated 188 ..

Boat and Catamaran Regulations, &c.

1. It is hereby notified that beneath the Master Attendant's Office on the beach, is an office, where boats and catamarans can be procured, and where registers of all licensed boats, catamarans, and their respective owners and crews are kept, and are open to public inspection, and in which copies of the Act No. IV of 1842, for the better management of the boats and catamarans, and for the amendment of certain Harbour regulations, are suspended.

2. If a boat or catamaran is required for any extraordinary service to a ship or vessel, either at anchor or under weigh beyond the limits of the port, then the amount of hire which may be demanded may be referred to the Master Attendant or his Deputy for adjustment. N.B.—For the purposes of the foregoing rule, a ship at anchor in, or beyond 10 fathoms, and a ship at any distance under sail beyond that depth of soundings in any line of bearing from the Master Attendant's flag-staff shall be considered as without the limits of this port.

3. In cases of great emergency, by night or by day, the owners of boats and catamarans kept for the purpose of being let out on hire, shall aid and assist the Master Attendant and his Deputy by every means in their power, and shall induce the boatmen and catamaran men to perform their service required, and when great personal risk shall have been incurred, or arduous services performed, and those on whose account such duties are undertaken, refuse to remunerate the crew for the same, the Master Attendant will bring the merits of the case to the notice of Government.

4. The boat and catamaran men are not to be employed on board any ship or vessel in these roads: any wilful breach of this regulation will be considered desertion and

neglect of duty, and will render the person offending, liable to the punishment provided for such desertion and neglect by Section XV of Act No. IV of 1842.

5. All owners of boats and catamarans, and all other persons, either belonging to any ship or vessel in the Madras Roads or to the boats, or catamarans to be let on hire, are cautioned against the transshipment of any goods or passengers or ballast without first obtaining a permit from the Collector of Sea Customs or his Deputy, any person or persons found guilty of any such transshipment being liable to the penalties provided in Section XXIII of the Marine Police Regulations.

6. All owners of boats and catamarans must make known to their respective crews the full intent and purport of the several port signals, which, as occasion may require, will be displayed at the Master Attendant's flag-staff, especially the recall signal for all boats and catamarans, which is a white pendant with a red ball; and when this signal is hoisted, all boats and catamarans must immediately repair to the shore.

7. The crews of boats and catamarans kept for the purpose of being let on hire, shall not be changed or transferred from one boat or catamaran to another, without the sanction of the Master Attendant.

8. The accommodation boats shall be kept in the same good order as heretofore, and are always to be provided each with an awning, and with seats and cushions, and in case they shall not, in the judgment of the Master Attendant, be kept in proper order, the owners shall be deprived of their licenses until the same shall be put in proper order for the reception of passengers.

9. All owners of boats and catamarans are to make known to their respective crews that the officer or peon in charge of the Police or Revenue boat, is authorised and empowered by Section XIX of Act No. IV of 1842, to stop, search, and detain any boat and catamaran plying to and from the ships and vessels in the roads, and that all boatmen and catamaran men who may impede or obstruct any Police Officer in the execution of his or their duty, will render themselves amenable to the penalties provided for in Section XIX of the above recited Act.

10. Should any difference or dispute arise between the owner or owners of boats and catamarans let on hire, and any person or persons hiring the same, as to the amount of hire for services performed, the party or parties may refer the case for adjustment to the Master Attendant or his Deputy, in which case each party shall sign a paper agreeing to abide by the decision of the said Master Attendant or his Deputy, and such paper shall be retained in the office of the said Master Attendant.

SCHEDULE B.

MAXIMUM RATE OF BOAT AND CATAMARAN HIRE.

Accommodation Boats.

	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Ordinary trip.....	3 8 8	Trip in foul weather	5 0 0
Trip beyond 9 fathoms.....	5 0 0	Transshipment	1 0 0

Common Boats.	To vessels in 4 fathoms or upwards.	To native craft under 4 fathoms.	To or from the pier.
Ordinary trip.....*	RS. A. 2 8	RS. A. 1 8	
Trip beyond 9 fathoms.....*	3 8	1 8	
Transshipment	1 8	1 8	
Trip in strong current or foul weather.....*	3 8	2 8	
Do do beyond 9 fathoms	5 0		
Ballast trip.....*	2 12	1 10	
Do beyond 9 fathoms.....*	3 12		
Water trip (from the Beach)	3 8	2 8	
Do beyond 9 fathoms.....	4 0		

Large Pier Boats.

	RS. A. P.	
Ordinary trip.....	1 0 0	
Trip beyond 9 fathoms, additional..	0 8 0	
Transshipment	0 12 0	
Trip in strong current or foul weather.....	1 8 0	
Do do beyond 9 fathoms.....	2 4 0	
Water trip	1 8 0	
Do beyond 9 fathoms.....	2 4 0	

* In abeyance in consequence of damage to the pier.

Water charges from Pier end.* RS. A. P.

Hire of casks to contain 2 tons, 4 casks at 3 annas each.....	0 12 0
Water, 2 tons, at 8 annas per ton.....	1 0 0

Sundry Charges.

Coolies employed for weighing ns. A. P.		Hire of four casks to contain 500 gallons of water (2 tons) for one trip.....	0 9 5
anchors, each man	1 0 0	For filling do. at the water's edge.	0 9 0
For tarpaulin, each trip.....	0 4 0		

NOTE.—A Government charge of 2 annas a ton for water is likewise levied.

Small Catamarans.

Ordinary trip.....	0 8 0	Catamaran for rafting timber, one day	1 0 0
Trip in foul weather or beyond 9 fathoms.....	1 0 0		

Large Catamarans.

	RS. A. P.
Large Catamaran hire, ordinary size, of 16 logs, per trip.....	10 0 0
Do coolies per trip, for each man.....	0 8 0
Do large size, of 22 logs, per trip.....	15 0 0
Do coolies per trip, for each man.....	0 8 0

The above rates apply to boats working to and from the beach, between Clive's Battery and Parry and Co.'s office.

Boat and Catamaran Hire.

Extra Hire.	Accommodation Boat.	Common Boat.	Catamaran.	Large Catamaran.
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Trips between 6 and 8 P.M.	1 12	0 12	0 2 6	...
Do do 8 P.M. and 5 A.M.	3 8	1 8	0 5 0	...
Do do Parry and Co.'s and Marine Villa.....	1 8	1 8	0 5 0	...
Do do Marine Villa and Adyar.....	2 8	2 0	0 8 0	...
Do north of Royapooram.....	1 0	1 8	0 5 0	...
For every hour, or portion of an hour, beyond the first, a boat or catamaran is detained alongside, or on shore, night or day.....	0 12	0 12	0 5 0	...
Detention for each hour.....	...	...	...	2 0 0
For the coolies for every hour, each man.....	...	...	...	0 2 0

TO AND FROM SHIPS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS LYING AT ANCHOR WITHIN THE MADRAS

HARBOUR.

Accommodation Boats.

	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Ordinary trip	2 8 0	Transshipment	12 0 0

Common Boats.

Ordinary trip†	1 8 0	Ballast trip†	1 12 0
Transshipment	1 0 0	Water trip (from the beach)	2 0 0

Large Pier Boats.

Ordinary trip, per ton	0 10 0	Water trip	1 0 0
Transshipment, do	0 8 0		

Water, if supplied from the Pier by Common Boats.

Boat-hire	...	...	1 8 0
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Jolly Boats.

Ordinary trip	...	...	1 0 0
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Small Catamarans.

Ordinary trip	...	...	0 5 0
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* In abeyance in consequence of damage to the pier.
† 8 annas less if proceeding to or from the pier.

Revised Rules for levy of fees by Customs and Marine Officials working overtime and on Sundays and close holidays, as per G.O., No. 493, dated August 28th, 1877.

1. Customs-house or Marine officials who may be required to transact business out of office hours or on close holidays for the convenience of ship-owners, merchants and others, shall be entitled to extra remuneration according to the following scale:—

For all officers in the Presidency from 6 to 7-30 A.M. or 5 to 7 P.M., Madras time, half a day's pay; from 6 to 9-30 or till office hours A.M. and from 9 to 5 P.M., Madras time or later, one day's pay.

On Sundays and close holidays two days' full pay, provided that the total amount of fee payable to any individual officer shall in no case exceed Rupees 30 for work done upon any one day.

For Clerks, Conicopillays and Peons, one day's full pay for working out of office hours either morning or evening.

On Sundays and close holidays two days' full pay.

2. The following days shall be considered as close holidays within the meaning of these rules:—

Christmas vacation, including Christmas and New Year's day 8 days.
Easter Vacation, including Good Friday 1 "
Queen's Birthday 1 day.
All Sundays.

3. During the Easter and Christmas Vacations other than Christmas day, New Year's day, and Good Friday, provision shall be made for the despatch of emergent business, viz., the passing of goods for shipment and into town on applications which have been passed through the office previously, and the passing of private packages, and the few goods urgently required by tradesmen on deposit, without extra remuneration.

4. The following establishments only should be employed, and charged for:—

<i>Customs-house in the Mofussil.</i>	<i>Marine Department in the Mofussil.</i>
1 Superintendent.	1 Master Attendant of the Port.
1 Gumastah.	1 Clerk.
1 Peon.	1 Peon.
<i>At Madras.</i>	<i>At Madras.</i>
1 The Depy. Collector of Sea Customs or other Superior Officer.	1 The Depy. Master Attendant or other Superior Officer.
1 Clerk for clearance and entry of vessels.	1 Clerk.
	1 Peon.
<i>Import Department.</i>	<i>The whole Boat Establishment consisting of</i>
1 Clerk.	1 Boat Overseer.
1 Jemadar.	1 Depy. do.
1 Duffadar.	1 Boat Maistry.
4 Conicopillays. { Double the number if more than one vessel is at work.	2 Conicopillays.
5 Peons.	2 Peons.
<i>Export Department.</i>	
1 Export Manager or his Deputy.	
2 Clerks for registering shipping bills and granting boat notes.	
1 Weigher.	
1 Peon.	

No charge whatever will be made for Government boats' crew, signallers, flag lascars and quarantine officers.

It will also be open to Agents, Captains and Merchants to obtain the aid of any additional officials upon payment of additional fees.

5. When one or more vessels enter or clear on the same day and ship or discharge cargo at the same time, and when one or more merchants transact business at the same time the fees prescribed by these rules shall be divided between them in proportions.

6. No vessel shall be allowed to enter or clear, nor shall any merchant be allowed to transact business out of office hours or on Sundays and close holidays, unless a written requisition to that effect is first submitted by the Agent or Commander of such vessel and by the merchant concerned. Such requisition shall specify the dates on which the services of the establishment will be required, otherwise it will not be attended to.

7. These rules will be applicable to all ports.

Passage Rules.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 22nd August 1866, No. 326.—The following Extract from Notification from the *Gazette of India* is republished:—

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, No. 1467, SIMLA, the 23rd July 1866.

Rules for the Grant of free passage by sea to Civil Officers.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rules for regulating the provision of free passage by sea for public officers in civil employ, in substitution of the rules contained in Financial Notification, dated 15th December 1865, No. 3524,* published in the *Gazette of India* of the 30th December 1865, page 1348:—

Officers and other public servants on the permanent establishment of a department will be allowed a free passage when proceeding on duty by sea, in cases in which they would receive travelling allowances if proceeding on duty by land. Military officers in civil employ will, in addition, be allowed a free passage when being employed at a station beyond sea, they may be obliged to return to their Presidency in progress to Europe or to a Hill station, on leave on medical certificate, also when they rejoin their station on return from that leave.

For every Covenanted Civil Servant, Military Officer in civil employ and Uncovenanted Officer of higher rank than Clerk, who may thus be entitled to a free passage, the entire charge for a first class passage will be paid by Government, who will recover from such officer either the full or half rate of table-money for the number of days occupied in the passage, according as his salary may or may not exceed Rupees 600 a month.

The full rate of table-money shall be reckoned at 8 rupees a day on vessels in which the cost of a free passage includes, but at 4 rupees a day where it is exclusive of charge for wine, beer, spirits and soda-water.

For public servants messes at the Warrant Officers' or Engineers' table, viz., for Warrant Officers of every grade, European Non-Commissioned Officers attached to departments or public offices, Subordinate Accountants and Clerks of Departments of public offices, who are entitled to a free passage, and for the families of these classes, 2nd class accommodation, including generally a screened berth, will be provided; and the entire cost of the second class passage, without any deduction from the passengers on account of table-money, will be borne by Government.

Passage for servants and luggage, within the limits prescribed by the rules of the Quarter-Master General's Department prevailing at the port of embarkation, will so be allowed and paid for by Government, in cases where a more liberal scale is already authorized on special grounds.

List of Ports for embarking and landing passengers under the Native Passengers Ships Act No. VIII of 1876.

Districts.	Ports.	Officers.
Ganjam.....	Ganjam.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Gopalpur.....	Master Attendant.
	Calingapatam.....	Conservator of the Port.
Vizagapatam.....	Baruva.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Bimlipatam.....	Master Attendant.
	Vizagapatam.....	Do.
Godavery.....	Cocanada.....	Do.
	Narsapur.....	Superintendent of Sea Customs.
Kistna.....	Masulipatam.....	Master Attendant.
Madras.....	Madras.....	Deputy do.
South Arcot.....	Cuddalore.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Porto Novo.....	Do. do.
	Tranquebar.....	Do. do.
Tanjore.....	Negapatam.....	Master Attendant.
	Topethorai.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Mutupet.....	Superintendent of do.
Madura.....	Adirampatam.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Paumben.....	Master Attendant.
	Kilkarai.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
Tinnevely.....	Tondai.....	Do. do.
	Devipatam.....	Do. do.
	Tuticorin.....	Master Attendant.
Malabar.....	Koilpatam.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Kulasekharapatam.....	Do. do.
	Cochin.....	Master Attendant.
South Canara.....	Ponani.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Calicut.....	Master Attendant.
	Tellicherry.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Cannanore.....	Do. do.
	Mangalore.....	Do. do.

* Madras G.O.G., 29th December 1865, No. 463.

MADRAS CYCLONE CODE.

SECTION I.—METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

I. It will be the duty of the local Superintendents of the Meteorological stations at Masulipatam, Negapatam and Trichinopoly to telegraph promptly to the Government Astronomer and Meteorological Superintendent at Madras, in accordance with detailed instructions which have been issued by him to them, all abnormal, barometrical, temperature, and wind variations, which may indicate the likelihood, approach, prevalence, or passing away of a gale or cyclone. Arrangements have been made for similar information being furnished for Trincomallee and Pondicherry.

II. On the first observation and during the continuance of "suspicious" or "dangerous" weather, the Government Astronomer will telegraph to his local Superintendents at all out-stations any observations inquiries, directions and warnings regarding the weather, which he may consider of possible utility. Orders have been given to ensure priority of despatch before all ordinary messages to his telegrams and their consequent replies.

III. Whenever the Astronomer shall have reason to apprehend the advent of a gale or cyclone he will at once by telegram or otherwise, communicate warning to the Master Attendant, and during the prevalence of such gale or cyclone he will continue to give such information regarding its varying phases as may be deemed by him to be of possible utility.

IV. As cyclones after passing over Southern India from east to west have been known to be destructive to shipping on and beyond the West Coast, the Government Astronomer will communicate to the Master Attendant such information as may be by him obtainable regarding the inland direction and progress of any future cyclone, in order that timely warning of the apprehended danger may, when possible, be given to the local authorities along that coast, and may by them be given to the shipping.

SECTION II.—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

I. The Marine Department will enforce, as far as possible, a strict observance of the Port Rules in regard to the anchorage and berthing of ships, &c. A copy of these rules will as heretofore be given to every Master of a vessel arriving in the roads. From the middle of April till June, and from the middle of September till January, each Commander will also be furnished with a copy of Circular marked A, appended to this Code, regarding the precautions to be taken at the periodical changes of the monsoons.

II. As on the occasions of wrecks at Madras, the establishment of communication between the shore and stranded ships is without the aid of rockets or other Artillery projectiles, sometimes practicable, two sets of life-saving apparatus, complete with hawsers, &c., (but without rockets) will be kept in charge of the Master Attendant, who will be responsible for their being in a constant state of readiness and efficiency, for their periodical inspection, and for his boats' crews being trained to their use.

III. The Master Attendants at the out-ports on the Eastern Coast of this Presidency will despatch by telegraph to the Master Attendant at Madras prompt intimation of apprehended dangerous weather, and during the prevalence of such weather will continue, when practicable, to furnish information regarding its changes. Such information, when of an important character, as well as that which may be obtained by the Marine Department from ships or steamers, tending to establish the probable direction and progress of a cyclone centre, will be promptly forwarded by the telegraph or otherwise by the Master Attendant to the Government Astronomer.

IV. Whenever the Master Attendant, or, in his absence, the senior officer of the Marine Department present at Madras, shall have reason to apprehend the advent of dangerous weather, he will as hitherto direct the hoisting of "a white flag with a blue cross," signifying "the weather is suspicious. Prepare for running to sea." Information of this will be given to the Brigade Major and also to the Superintendent of the Marine Police, who will at once place himself, Sergeant, boats' crews, and catamaran men under the orders of the Marine Department.

The following arrangements will also be made:—

1. All officers of the Marine Department will be in attendance.
2. The boat and catamaran men belonging to the Marine Establishment will be assembled and held in readiness for immediate service.
3. The Marine life-saving apparatus will be run out by the boatmen, so as to be ready for use either independently or in co-operation with the Ordnance rocket parties.
4. The boats' crews for night service will be mustered before dark, and will remain in the lower verandah of Marine Office.
5. The Pier Establishment will remain during the night at the Pier office and will keep a good look-out along the Pier.

V. During the prevalence of "suspicious or dangerous weather," any important barometrical variations and any other information or advice that may be of possible utility will be, by signal or otherwise, communicated to the shipping by the Master Attendant.

VI. If it is decided by the Master Attendant, or senior Marine Officer present at Madras, that the shipping shall be ordered to sea, the "red flag with swallow tail," signifying "cut or slip," will be hoisted at the Marine Office. If the indication of the approach of the storm should occur after sunset, three good lights will be hoisted—one at

the mast-head, and one at each yard-arm of the Master Attendant's flag-staff. These signals will be repeated at the Fort, and intimation thereof will be sent to the Brigade Major, who will in either case order seven (not an uncertain number as heretofore) guns to be fired seawards with an interval of five minutes between each gun. It is, however, open to any Ship Commander to put to sea before the signal is made, should he deem such a course to be prudent with regard to his own ship; and the signal is, moreover, not to be considered an imperative order. Each Commander must know best the trim of his own ship; and must exercise his own judgment as to whether he ought to remain at his anchors or proceed to sea.

VII. When from a change in the direction or increased violence of the wind, from observing that ships are beginning to drive, or from any other reason the Master Attendant deems that imminent danger of actual wreck has arisen, he will intimate the fact to the Superintendent of Marine Police and to the Brigade Major, who will order "the wreck signal" to be fired. This signal will be two guns fired landwards in quick succession and twice repeated with an interval of three minutes between each pair of guns.

VIII. The senior officer of the Marine Department will keep his officers and men together, or will distribute them along the beach as occasion may require. He will also point out to the Ordnance rocket parties those ships which first require assistance; to the senior officer of the troops where and how the military working parties can be most usefully employed; and to the senior officer of Police where his men are likely to be most needed.

IX. The officers of the Marine Department will wear their distinctive dress or uniform on wreck occasions.

X. The Master Attendant at Madras will telegraph to the Madras Attendants at the other ports on the other coasts of Southern India such warnings and indications of the progress of cyclones as may be of possible utility.

SECTION III.—POLICE.

I. On information from the Master Attendant, through the Superintendent of Marine Police, being received by the Commissioner of Police of the "suspicious weather" signal having been hoisted, the latter will telegraph to Vellore, Salem and Coimbatore, warning Police Officers to hold their respective reserves in readiness. On the receipt of a second telegram, each of these reserves will be despatched by first train to Madras, where orders as to their duties will be issued to them.

II. The Commissioner will also send intelligence to St. Thomas' Mount, where the Police reserve will be held in readiness and await further orders.

III. Information will be at once circulated by the Commissioner to Divisional Inspectors, by whom beats will be immediately extended and other duties so arranged as to enable them to collect at their respective central stations certain forces, which in all will amount to about 500 men.

IV. The Marine Police boatmen on the "suspicious weather" signal being hoisted will, with their Superintendent and European Sergeant, be at once placed under the orders of the Master Attendant.

V. On the Superintendent of Marine Police being informed by the Marine authorities of imminent danger of wrecks occurring, or on hearing the wreck signal, he will promptly send intelligence to the Commissioner of Police, who will distribute marching orders to the Divisional parties. Unless special circumstances should require a change of arrangements, the F and G Divisions and Reserve will assemble under the Reserve Inspector at the Commissioner's Office and await further orders. The B, H and C Divisions will be marched without delay to the Pier under the Deputy Commissioner. The D Division will be marched to the beach near the Fort, and the E Division to the Ice House. Each party will be accompanied by two sowars or mounted men.

VI. Should the services of the Police not be at once required, the party at the Pier will be sheltered in the verandah of the Custom House; that at the Fort in the arcade of the Grand Arsenal; and that at the Ice House at the Inspector-General's Office.

VII. The entire Police Force will be under the Commissioner, who will consult the Marine Officers on the spot as to where the services of his men are likely to be emergently required. The Commissioner will issue whatever detailed orders may be requisite.

VIII. The Police will be mainly restricted to their own proper duties, i.e., the maintenance of order, protecting personal or other property washed on shore; supervising the conveyance of the shipwrecked crews and passengers to the nearest shelter, and as soon after as circumstances will permit, to the Hospital, Bidden Home, or other places of refuge; bringing back the hammocks, doolies, and sick carts; guarding or removing the dead, &c. They are not to be employed in hauling ropes or recovering wreckage or cargo, save in emergent circumstances, where there are no or insufficient military or other working parties on the spot.

IX. The Commissioner of Police will see that duties are so apportioned as to enable the men to be relieved from the reserves as frequently as circumstances may render requisite.

X. All officers and men will be in uniform.

SECTION IV.—TROOPS IN GARRISON.

I. The Ordnance Department will as hitherto have charge of and will work the rocket and life-saving apparatus, but portions of the Garrison Battery will be instructed and

occasionally exercised in its use under the orders of the Commissary of Ordnance in charge of the Grand Arsenal.

II. The two-day Marine signals to the shipping signifying "suspicious weather" (white flag with blue cross) and "cut or slip" (red flag with swallow tail), and the night signal of the approach of dangerous weather (three good lights, one at the mast-head and one at each yard-arm) will be repeated at the Fort flag-staff. On the first signal being hoisted the Brigade Major will warn the Ordnance, Medical, and Commissariat Departments of the fact, in order that all concerned may be held in readiness. On either of the last two signals being hoisted seven guns will be fired from the sea face of the Fort with an interval of five minutes between each gun. No further action will, however, be taken by the "Troops in Garrison" consequent on any of these signals.

III. In case of intimation being received from the Marine Department by the Brigade Major of imminent danger or of actual shipwreck, or in case of such danger or shipwreck being observed from the Fort, the "wreck signal" will be fired. It will be two guns fired in quick succession from St. George's Bastion, which will be twice repeated at intervals of three minutes.

IV. When the "wreck signal" is rendered necessary, the Brigade Major will send intimation to the troops in garrison and to the Ordnance, Medical and Commissariat Departments; and the following arrangements will be carried out:—

1. Two mounted Non-Commissioned Officers and six Troopers of His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard will proceed to the Fort and place themselves under the order of the Brigade Major. They will be used as orderlies, as occasion may require, and when not actually wanted will be kept as much under shelter as convenient. Twelve additional men of the Body Guard will remain in their lines with their horses saddled in case their services as patrols may be needed to watch ships driving to points at some distance from the Fort, and to convey prompt intelligence of wreck or applications for aid along the extended line of beach to the Officers Commanding Troops and other authorities on the spot.

2. The Royal Artillery and British Regiment garrisoning the Fort will fall in, in fatigue dress, and working parties will be detailed, and promptly despatched to the scene of action as required. Before, however, the working parties leave the Fort, inquiry will be made at the Arsenal as to whether any assistance in men from the Royal Artillery is required to supplement the Ordnance rocket parties: and applications will, under the orders of the Officer Commanding Troops in garrison, be made at the Arsenal for a supply of boat or firehooks, ropes of moderate length and thickness, grappling irons, &c., which will be under charge of the officers commanding the working parties, and will be used in saving life and property from the surf. Lanterns will also be supplied should the wrecks take place at night.

3. Half of the Native Infantry Regiment at Royapooram will at once fall in, and, accompanied by its Medical Officer with medicines and surgical appliances, will march to the beach in fatigue dress. The remaining Native Infantry in garrison will be restricted to their respective lines and await further orders.

V. It is not anticipated that the Police will be unable of themselves to keep perfect order along the beach, and adequately to perform all their appropriate duties, and therefore the action of the troops may be directed towards saving life and property; but they will be ready to keep the ground or aid the Police in any way that may be required.

VI. The Officers Commanding Troops, will, wherever possible, consult with the officers of the Marine Department on the spot as to where and how the services of their men can be most usefully employed, and the advice of the Marine officers will be met with marked attention.

VII. Arrangements will be made for the relief, food, &c., of working parties by the regiments and departments concerned.

VIII. The Officer Commanding Troops in garrison will make emergent requisition on the officer in charge of the Camp Equipage Depot for such tents as may be required to shelter shipwrecked people.

IX. Officers on wreck duty will be in uniform, and mounted officers will have their horses with them.

SECTION V.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

I. The Commissary of Ordnance, Fort St. George, will be responsible that three sets of life-saving apparatus, with rockets, &c., complete, are at all times kept packed in carts ready for use in the arcade of the Grand Arsenal, and that the Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers, &c., of the department are instructed and periodically drilled to the practical use of the whole apparatus.

II. Inconvenience, danger, loss of life and much damage of property were sustained in the cyclone of May 1872 by there being no available means of dragging from the sea the logs, pieces of wreck, bales of goods, &c., which were dashing to and fro, on the edge of the surf. There will therefore be held at all times in readiness by the Commissary of Ordnance a supply of boat and firehooks, grappling irons, and ropes of short lengths for

issue as required to the Military working parties. Lanterns will also be kept ready for wreck night duties.

III. On the Commissary's receiving intelligence from the Brigade Major that the "suspicious weather" signal has been hoisted, he will make arrangements to have one rocket party of Europeans with a detachment of Store Lascars in the Arsenal night and day till the danger passes off, or their services are required.

IV. On the "wreck signal" being fired, or on receiving intimation from the Brigade Major of imminent danger to the shipping, the Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers will be formed by the Commissary of Ordnance into rocket parties with detachments of Store Lascars; and, as speedily as possible, one, two or three of these parties (as may be required) will proceed to the point or points where their services are most urgently required. These points, and the ships to which aid is to be first given, will be decided on by the Commissary in consultation with the Marine authorities on the spot, by whom he will be guided in the matter. If the rockets are used in the rescue of any ship's crew, the whole apparatus attached to the rocket cart will, under ordinary circumstances, be employed and be worked by the men of the Ordnance Department.

V. Two trollies drawn by mules, have been ordered on occasions of wreck to be placed at the disposal of the Commissary of Ordnance by the Commissariat Department. They are intended to be used for the conveyance of rocket apparatus, hawsers, &c., should any wreck or wrecks take place at a distance from the Fort, such as at St. Thomé or the Adyar; but should they not be required for this purpose, they may be employed under his orders for any other necessary use connected with wreck work.

VI. The Commissary of Ordnance will, in communication with the Officer Commanding the District, arrange for the instruction of detachments of the Battery of Royal Artillery in the use of the rocket and life-saving apparatus.

VII. He will apply to the Brigade Major or Officer Commanding Royal Artillery, Fort, for any aid in men which he may emergently require in the case of a cyclone.

VIII. When hawsers are necessarily left attached to wrecks, the Commissary of Ordnance or Senior Ordnance Officer will inform the Police of the fact.

IX. All Officers, Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Store Lascars will be in uniform on wreck occasions.

SECTION VI.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

I. On the "wreck signal" becoming necessary, the Brigade Major will send intimation of the fact to the Fort Surgeon and the Resident Assistant Surgeon at the General Hospital. The latter will warn the Surgeon and the Physician of the General Hospital, and similar warning will be given to the Superintendent of the Eye Infirmary at Vepery and to the Surgeon of the 1st District at Royapooram by the Officers Commanding the regiments at these places.

II. On hearing the guns of the "wreck signal," or on receipt of intimation from the Brigade Major, these Medical Officers (except the Physician, taking with them a portion of their establishments and the medicines and surgical appliances, which have been detailed by their Departmental Head, will forthwith proceed to the beach, and in consultation with the Senior Marine and Military Officers on the spot, will distribute themselves to the various scenes of wreck or apprehended wreck, as occasion may require.

III. The Physician of the General Hospital will remain at the institution to receive and afford medical aid to all such as may be sent there from the beach for treatment.

SECTION VII.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

I. On intimation being received from the Brigade Major of imminent danger to shipping, or on the "wreck signal" being heard, two trollies drawn by mules will immediately proceed under a Staff Sergeant to the Grand Arsenal and there await the orders of the Commissary of Ordnance.

II. Two other trollies, drawn by mules, each under care of a Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer, and each containing an assortment (which will always be held in readiness in waterproof covers or cases) of blankets, towels, flannel bannians, flannel drawers, biscuits, brandy, water and drinking vessels, will be taken in the first place to the Marine office, and thence, as directed by the Marine Officer, to the scenes of shipwreck, where the contents will, if required, be issued and used for the relief of shipwrecked persons under the orders of the directing Medical, Military or Marine Officers present. As many sets of bearers as are available with hammocks slung on poles will at the same time be sent to the beach and will be placed at the disposal of the said officers.

III. The Executive Commissariat Officer will also despatch a supply of draught bullocks with drivers to the Camp Equipage Depot for sick carts, which, under the orders of the Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer in charge will be taken to the beach as soon as the violence of the weather permits, and will also be placed at the disposal of the said officers.

SECTION VIII.—QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The Quartermaster-General will give directions that the officer in charge of the Camp Equipage Depot will in cases of wreck promptly comply with emergent requisitions in writing from the Commissariat Department for munchedies, doolies, sick-carts, &c., and with similar requisitions from the Officer Commanding Troops in garrison for tents for the shelter of shipwrecked people.

A
CIRCULAR.

The periodical season of uncertain weather on this coast having now arrived, the undersigned would hereby earnestly caution all Commanders of vessels in these roads to keep their ships as much as possible prepared in every respect for standing to sea, at short notice, should the necessity arise for doing so.

1. Top-gallant masts, &c., with their rigging also, must be got on deck, flying jib-boom sent in, topsails and courses kept ready reefed, and everything on deck and below so arranged as to admit of being quickly secured on emergency. A good slip rope and buoy should be attached to the riding cable, and, as an additional precautionary measure, a stout warp also, to be used as a spring in canting the vessel if found necessary, on being required to put to sea.

2. A prudent distance from the shore in respect to anchorage must now be observed, as a vessel lying nearer in at the time of bad weather here is, from exposure to the heavy ground swell, necessarily far less able to ride easily and securely than one well out. Caution as to proper anchorage.

3. Too much care cannot be paid in maintaining a perfectly clear berth, and Commanders should be mindful to keep their ships at as great a distance from each other as can conveniently be managed in order to avoid risks of collision by driving, or when slipping to stand to sea.

4. Every attention in the way of observation and look-out will be paid by this department, and the usual warning and other signals promptly made, as need may call for. In order to prevent misapprehensions on the subject of signals, especial attention is requested to the circumstance that (during the prevalence of foul weather, however, only) when a private signal is intended to be made to a single vessel, besides hoisting her number in the first instance, No. 1 will be kept flying at the opposite yard-arm. All other signals in which this said distinction is not made use of are to be considered as general, and obeyed accordingly.

5. It is very desirable that, during the prevalence of suspicious or threatening weather, Commanders should stay at nights on board their respective vessels, and also remain by them as much as possible until the uncertain period has been passed over. Commanders to remain by their vessels.

6. In the event of wreck occurring, the usual appliances as put forth by the Board of Trade are adopted here, but should it be observed the rocket apparatus is not at once forthcoming, a line should be immediately sent on shore from the vessel by some kind of buoy, or other handy means, to which the tail block and double line will be attached by those on shore, or signals made as to what other steps must be carried out.

7. In conclusion, Commanders are earnestly reminded that, as intimated in the Port Instructions, "Commanding Officers are not to wait the display of signals if they deem it prudent to put to sea," it being in no way whatever obligatory for them so to await directions from the shore for standing to sea.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Madras, 187 .

Deputy Master Attendant.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.)

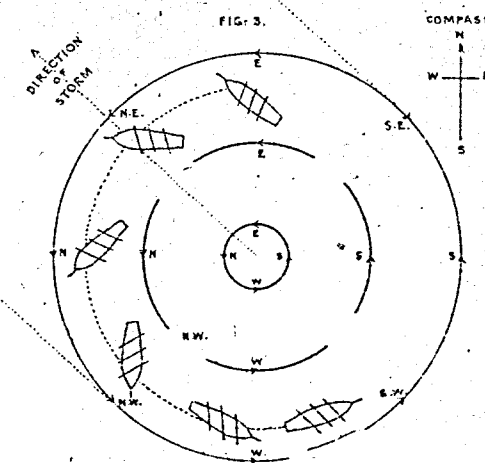
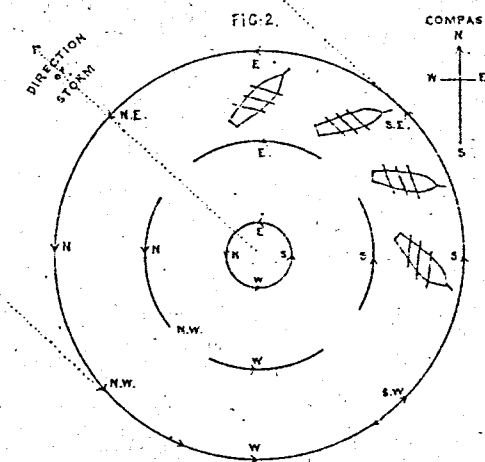
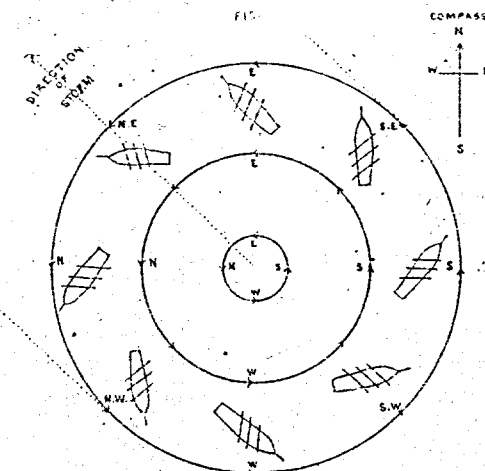
Ootacamund, 8th October 1872.

(Signed) R. S. ELLIS, Chief Secretary.

A Compendium of the Law of Storms prepared for the Bay of Bengal.*

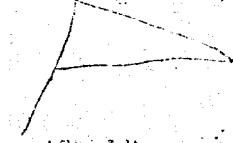
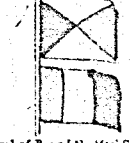
The cyclone in all its various forms, and in all portions of the globe subject to its visitation, must be denominated the most fearful and the most frequent enemy which the mariner's perilous calling obliges him to encounter. But for this obstacle the Bay of Bengal would be very easy of navigation, for the very large amount of evidence brought to bear upon the subject goes far to prove that in this sea all violent storms are of a cyclonic nature, and move from eastward and westward. They are great revolving storms varying in expanse from forty or fifty to some hundreds of miles, blowing round and round

* For the use of native vessels of all classes. The compendium is translated into Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani, and issued free of charge at the various ports of the Presidency.

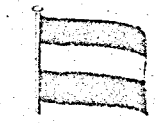
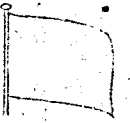
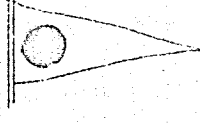
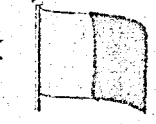
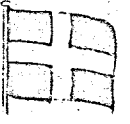
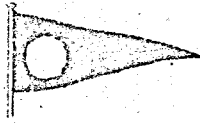
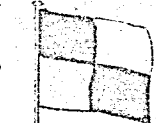
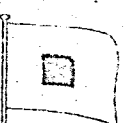
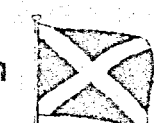
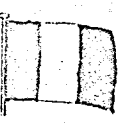
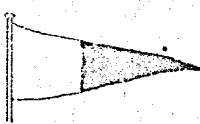
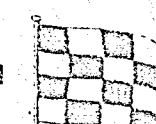
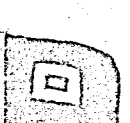
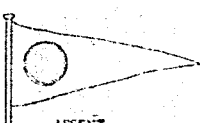
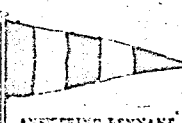


698A

REVISED SIGNALS FOR MAIL STEAMERS, &C.

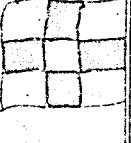
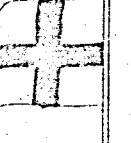
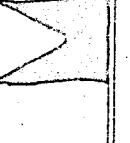
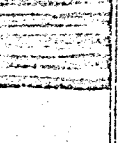
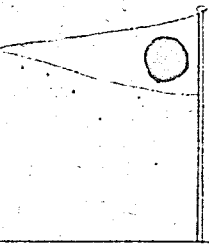
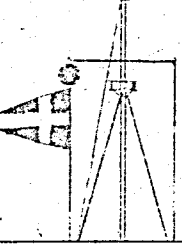
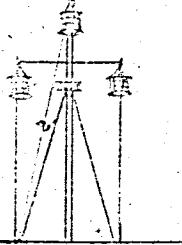
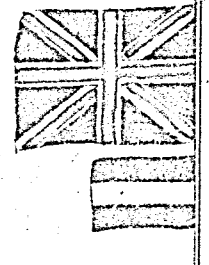
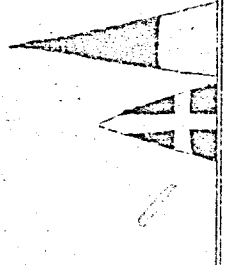
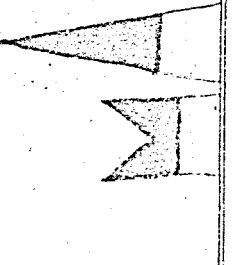
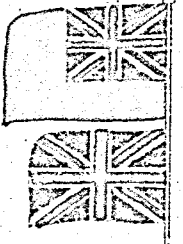
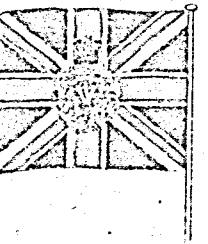
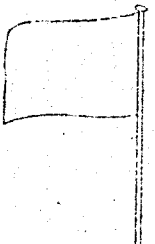
		
A Steamer is Sight.	A Ship is Sight.	Approach of Mail Steamer.
		
Approach of French Mail Steamer	Arrival of P. & O. Mail Steamer at Galle.	ARRIVAL OF OVERLAND NEWS, From Bombay and Galle by Telegraph.

FLAGS OF THE COMMERCIAL CODE OF SIGNALS.

B 	I 	Q 
C 	K 	R 
D 	L 	S 
F 	M 	T 
G 	N 	V 
H 	P 	W 
		
ASSENT	NEGATIVE.	ANSWERING PENNANT.

LITHOGR. FOR LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS—BY ALEX. BARRON, MADRAS—1857.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S SIGNALS TO SHIPS, &C.

			
HIGH SURF.	THE WEATHER IS SUSPICIOUS. PREPARE FOR "RUNNING TO SEA."	CUT OF SLIP.	MONTHLY MUSTERS FOR MASTHEAD BOATS, hoisted on the first day of every Month.
			
RECALL FOR Common Masthead Boats.	RECALL FOR ACCOMMODATION BOATS. When any of these is required ashore, its No. is hoisted under a Black Ball.	NIGHT SIGNAL SHOWING THE APPROACH OF A GALE OF WIND. Three red Lights are at the Mast-Head, one at each extremity of the Mast-Attendant's Flag Staff, and a Gun fired every five minutes from the Fort.	
			
WHEN A SHIP WANTS ACCOMMODATION BOATS, she hoists the number she requires under the Union Jack. Ex: 2 Boats required.	WHEN A SHIP WANTS COMMON BOATS, she hoists the number she requires, under the Numerical Pennant. Ex: 4 Boats required.	WHEN A SHIP WANTS NO MORE BOATS, she hoists number 0 under the Numerical Pennant.	
			
POLICE WANTED ON BOARD	GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FLAG.	TO BE HOISTED ON BOARD A SHIP when a contagious disease breaks out.	

LITHOGR. FOR LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS—BY ALEX. BARRON, MADRAS—1857.

a centre or vortex, but with an ever-varying force, now lulling into a strong breeze, and again swelling up into a blast of uncontrollable fury. The peculiar characteristic of their revolving action is that in northern hemisphere the gyration takes place by north towards the west, or contrary to the hands of a watch; and in southern hemisphere its motion is the other way, or with the hands of a watch. The knowledge of this law not only supplies the seamen with direct means of distinguishing them from common gales, but reveals to him the position of his vessel with respect to the vortex, and points out the way to escape from it. The following remarks and examples, though intended for the Bay of Bengal and Andaman sea, will apply also to the open parts of the Arabian sea. These storms take their rise a few degrees of latitude north of the equator, and at the periods of greatest atmospheric disturbance, owing to the changes of monsoons. About April and May, and October and November, though these dates are only approximate, and unusual weather at any time may be attributed to their neighbourhood, and suspected accordingly, they are accompanied with threatening aspect of the sky, together with greasy halos round the sun and moon; rolled and tufted forms of clouds, with lurid streams of light and extraordinary colors; a heavy bank of clouds forming an arch in the direction of the storm, varying currents of clouds in motion above, and dark banks on the horizon below, with darting forks and threads of pale lightning, lurid redness at sunrise and sunset; peculiar moaning in the winds, the frequent presence of weary land birds and insects; and last and best warning of all to those who possess it, the decline of that invaluable monitor, the barometer, doubly valuable here, because its usual state is one of almost perfect tranquillity, broken only by a daily tide rising and falling about one-tenth of an inch, highest at 10 A.M. and P.M., and lowest at 4 A.M. and P.M.; whenever this action is suspended or interrupted, bad weather is never far off. The surface of the sea also exhibits signs of disquietude, becoming confused and uneasy, and crossed frequently by long swells from other than the quarter of the prevailing wind. Whenever any or all of these warnings are met with, the mariner should at once consider the almost certainty that exists of having to encounter a storm of the revolving nature we are treating of. His first duty is to find the centre of vortex, and its bearing from the ship. To do this he should note the direction of the wind, and with his face to it, tell of eight points to the right, if in the open sea, which we will first consider thus—wind at N. the centre is E., with wind E. centre S., wind S. centre W., wind W. centre N., and so with intermediate points—Wind N. E. storm S. E., wind S. E. storm S. W., wind S. W. storm N. W., wind S. W. storm N. E., &c.; when near land or in roadsteads, these bearings require modifying, as will be explained hereafter. Having determined the direction of the storm, the next consideration is his position with regard to it. All experience tends to show that they commence to southward between southward and eastward and cross the Bay in a curve, sometimes sharp, sometimes very extended nearly N. and S., but an average track of from S. E. to N. W. will suit the purpose of illustration. The continuation of the voyage, and the direct course of the ship ceases at this period to be a primary object. All knowledge and seamanship should be directed to avoiding this enemy, and the saving of life and property. The accompanying diagrams will show better than any verbal description both the nature of the evil and the remedy to be adopted. The outside circle represents the shape of the storm; the arrows and letters the direction of the wind; the small circle the centre; the dotted lines the path on which the storm is advancing; the compass points are also indicated.—See Figure 1.

In this diagram all the ships are shown having the wind on starboard quarter so that if the storm was stationary, scudding in that position would always ensure safety. It does in fact do so in all cases, except with the wind easterly, when great care and judgment are requisite, and the value of preliminary observations becomes apparent, the direction of the storm, whether northward or westward of the average track, being of vital importance.

A careful study of books of reference and of logs and facts drawn from extended experience justifying the conclusion that the best course with the wind at E. or to the north of east is to run to the N. W., changing your course as the wind veers to the northward, keeping it on the starboard quarter until it reaches N. W., when if bound to the N. E. you can bring it right aft and sail round the storm until your course is reached, or continue your track if bound to southward; much depends, however, upon the direction of the storm as indicated by phenomena, and the veerings of the wind if any have taken place.—See Figure 2.

With the wind from E. to E. S. E., carry on as long as possible to N. N. E., N. E., making all possible easting, then heave to on starboard tack. With wind at S. E. to S. if bound to southward or westward, you will be standing straight into danger, make easting until weather improves, then lie to on starboard tack. With wind from S. round to N. W., you must be behind the storm, and should have no difficulty in keeping clear of it. In fact the only risk with common management and taking in time is wind from E. N. E. to S. E.—See Figure 3.

When it suits best to heave to choose the port tack on the west side of the storm, and the starboard on the east side, for the wind in each will shift by the stern.

The foregoing remarks apply to the open seas, if Bengal and Arabia, and the ships are supposed to have sea room. They comprise all that need be said to advise and encourage the mariner. But on the coasts of Coromandel and Orissa and Ceylon, when the storm approaches the land, a modification of its form takes place, to which it is necessary to

draw attention. The bad weather always commences a point or so on either side of north, although the centre may be E. S. E., or even S. S. E. There seems also to be a retardation of the speed of the southern half, as if it was marking time, until the outer half wheeled round before the whole flings itself on the land. This proceeding allows the careful navigator time to run to the southward, and having secured a position of safety, return behind the storm to his anchorage, taking care not to overtake it. The shape of the land also favors this manœuvre, for even in Madras itself a run of a few hours to the southward gives room to let the ship off to the westward, or run down to Pondicherry. Standing out into the offing is merely exchanging one danger for another, and is directly opposed to the law of storms. Run at the earliest intimation of danger, without giving a thought to the distance it may take you from your port. Wind and current will hurry you down, and when on the safe side wind and current will bring you back before the state of the sea and surf allow business to be re-conducted. You are losing nothing, and knowing that you are following the advice given with all the advantages of scientific knowledge, of experience, of the study of example and practice, and the aid of the best instruments and the Electric Telegraph, you can dismiss from your mind the great care of forming a judgment in such critical period, and given all attention to the ship, knowing that your conduct will meet with approval.

Pages might be filled of successful instances of this treatment, and the disaster following any other courses, but space will not permit, and it is requested to accept the facts as they stand, reserving the study to some leisure moments.

When compelled to lie in severe weather, when shifts of wind are dangerous, it would be well to keep ready a large stone anchor, like Chinese, stone being selected for cheapness, and the materials of a catamaran, which being put overboard with say twenty fathoms of cable will make a secure buoy, at which the ship may ride with her strong bows to wind and sea, and extra stays to her mast, the rudder being secured in midships, which is always one of the first things to suffer when used to keep the ship's head up. Then with hatchways well secured, the screw sheltered, and only the state of the well-requiring attention, a vessel will stand a great deal: and from the moment the first change you have been taught to expect occurs, a spirit of confidence will replace the doubt and despondence which add additional terror to the disturbance around. It is, however, very advisable not to navigate if possible during the bad-weather months. Any injury to a vessel will cause much greater detention, and involve direct expense, and no shipowner of common humanity or honesty will send a vessel to unload entirely or render herself so unseaworthy that the advent of one of these storms to be expected at any moment must ensure destruction to property and grievous loss of life.

MADRAS, MARINE OFFICE, }
11th September 1874.

(Signed) J. H. TAYLOR,
Acting Master Attendant, Administrative Department.

Signals to be used when a Vessel is sighted having on board the Governor of the Presidency.

When any vessel is sighted having on board the Governor of the Presidency, four guns will be fired, two guns in quick succession, and after an interval of half a minute two more guns also in quick succession. From the 1st of February to the 30th of September, during the prevalence of southerly winds, the signal guns will be repeated at St. Thomas' Mount in order that they may be heard at the Adyar and Nungumbankum.

Any vessel having on board a Governor of this Presidency should fly the Governor's Jack at the fore mast-head while entering the port.

Mail Steamers, &c., Signals.

The following revised signals will be made hereafter from the garrison flag-staff to intimate the arrival of Mail Steamers, and the arrival of Overland News from Bombay by the Electric Telegraph.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1.—Flag P, or blue pierced white with white pennant under the yard-arm. | } A steamer in sight in the quarter indicated. |
| 2.—A white pennant at the yard-arm. | } Indicates a ship in sight. |
| 3.—The P. and O. S. N. Company's flag, blue, white, red and yellow, diagonally quartered, substituted at the yard-arm for the above signal. | } Indicates the approach of the Mail Steamer. |
| 4.—P. & O. S. N. Company's Mail Steamer from Suez. | } Two guns in quick succession. |
| 5.—P. & O. S. N. Company's Mail Steamer from Calcutta. | } One gun followed at an interval of half a minute by two guns in quick succession. |
| 6.—The French Mail Flag, red white centre and M. M. in black letters at the yard-arm. | } Indicates the approach of the French Mail Steamer. |
| 7.—French Mail Steamer from Suez. | } Two guns at an interval of half a minute. |
| 8.—French Mail Steamer from Calcutta. | } Three guns at an interval of half a minute. |

9.—Flags corresponding with the hour at which the Mail will close, hoisted at the mast-head. } Indicates the hours at which the Mail will close.

10.—The arrival of the P. and O. Mail } One gun, and the P. & O. flag with Telegraph flag under hoisted at the flag-staff.

The above signals will be hoisted down exactly at the time notified, and the P. & O. S. N. Company's or French Mail Steamer flag (as the case may be) hoisted at the mast-head to indicate that the Mail is closed, which will be kept flying until the steamer gets under weigh.

N.B.—Occasions may occur when it will be necessary for a time to haul down the above signals and hoist the Union Jack, as when salutes are fired, &c., &c., after which the Mail signals will be re-hoisted.

HOME DEPARTMENT, SIMLA, 2nd October 1863.

NOTIFICATION.—Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to direct that a flag should be provided for the use of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General. The design of the flag which has received Her Majesty's approval, is the Union Jack, having in its centre the Star of India, surmounted by the Royal Crown.

All subjects of the British Government, troops in the service of the British Crown, and troops and subjects of Native Chiefs in India are required to pay the same marks of respect to the Viceroy's flag when unfurled as are shewn to the Royal flag.

The P. & O. Steamer signals on entering the port of Madras are as follows:—

DAY.—From Suez, the Company's flag at the fore.
From Calcutta, do. do. main.

NIGHT.—From Suez, to fire one gun and send up two rockets;
From Calcutta, do. and burn two blue lights.

High-water on full and change.....8° 35.

Rise and fall of tide.....3 feet, 6 ordinary spring-tides.

MADRAS LIGHT HOUSE.

The Light House at Madras is immediately to the northward of the wall of Fort St. George, and the light from it was first exhibited in January 1814. The light is elevated 128 feet above the mean level of the sea, and may be seen from the deck of a ship at the distance of 20 miles. The light is of the "Flashing Description" and the duration of the flashes to that of the eclipses or dark periods is in the ratio of 2 to 3; but as the nature of the motion is reciprocating instead of rotatory, the above ratio merely expresses the average proportion of the light and dark intervals which are themselves variable according to the position of the spectator. The rapidity of movement is so adjusted, that the duration of the flashes will vary from 0' to 48", and that of the eclipses from 0' to 7," the sums of the duration of light and darkness bearing however in every position the constant ratio of 2 to 3. From the south-eastern extremity of the Pulicat shoal the Light House bears S. 23° W. and is distant 13 miles, but no ship or vessel when hauling in from the northward for the Madras roadstead should bring the light to bear to the southward of S. 23, W. or S. S. W. ½ W., unless her position is well ascertained. Commanders of vessels are warned of the serious risk they incur by incautiously approaching the dangerous vicinity of the Pulicat shoal, as hazy weather or other causes may obscure the light; true soundings therefore and a vigilant look-out are imperatively called for. The limits of the Madras roadstead (in 8 or 9 fathoms) are comprised within the following bearings, viz., from the northward the Light House will bear S. 56 W., and from the southward N. 81 W. or from S. b. W. to W. ½ N.

The Light House at Madras is in latitude 13° 5' 0" north and in longitude 80° 20" east of Greenwich.

The dimensions of the Light House are as follows:—

From the ground to the vane.....	125 feet.
Light above the ground.....	177 "
Do. sea, about.....	128 "
Diameter at base of column.....	16 "
At neck of do. below the capital.....	1s ½ "
Height of shaft column.....	84 "
Breadth of each corner buttress at the base not including cornice.....	16 ½ "
Total breadth of the base including the buttress.....	55 "
Material, granite from Palaveram—cost in round numbers—Building.....	66,000 rupees.
Lighting apparatus, reflectors and lamps.....	15,000 "
	<u>75,000 rupees.</u>

TABLE OF LIGHT HOUSES ROUND THE COAST OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY, WEST TO EAST, INCLUDING CEYLON.

Name	Location, &c.	Lat., N.	Long., E.	Number.	Colour.	Fixed, flashing, alternating or revolving.	Interval.	Miles visible in clear weather.	Are of illumination. (Hearings are magnetic and from seaward.)	Remarks.
Mangalore	... Hill above town. Small masonry tower (white).	12° 52' 17"	74° 50' 8"	1	White	F.	...	14	180°	Harbour light.
Cannanore	... Near the beach. Small masonry tower.	11° 51' 10"	75° 21' 45"	1	Red	F.	...	6	180°	Do.
Tellicherry	... On the Fort wall. Small masonry tower.	11° 44' 50"	75° 28' 30"	1	White	F.	...	8	165° or between the bearings of S.-E. by E. and N.-W. by N.-W., facing seaward	Do.
Calicut	... Near the beach. White laterite column.	11° 15' 5"	75° 45' 35"	1	Do.	F.	...	14	180° from S.-E. to N.-W., facing seaward	To guide vessels to the anchorage clear of the reef which lies about one mile S. 30° W. from the light. A small red light is exhibited from the T head of the pier, as a guide for small coasting craft when entering the port.
Beypore	... Near the beach from the flagstaff.	11° 10' 0"	75° 47' 0"	...	Red	F.	...	5	180°	Harbour light. During the S. W. monsoon when Cochin port is avoided by shipping, a small light is exhibited from a flagstaff, at Naracal, about five miles to the northward of Cochin.
Cochin	... On a small mound which formed a bastion of the old fort, to the south of the harbour. White laterite column.	9° 57' 47"	76° 13' 45"	1	White	F.	...	15	270°	This light is in the territory of His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore. The lantern is provided with an expensive space-penetrating apparatus, in order to guide ships to the smooth water anchorage in the vicinity, which the ordinary catoptric system would fail to accomplish during the stormy weather on this coast from May to November.
Alleppey	... On the sandy beach, about one cable inland, close to the flagstaff. Masoury.	9° 30' 0"	76° 19' 0"	1	Do.	Rev.	A bright flash every minute.	20	In every direction seaward.	

TABLE OF LIGHT HOUSES, &c.

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MARINE.]

TABLE OF LIGHT HOUSES, &c.

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Cadnapatam	... Situated upon high red-coloured land, 300 yards from the sea, which is here fringed with steep gray cliffs. Dark gray granite column.	8° 7' 30"	77° 18' 10"	1	Do.	F.	...	20	202° facing seaward.	This light, in the territory of Travancore, is intended to mark the vicinity of the Crocodile Rock, which bears from it S.-W., distant 24 miles. The light-keeper's and Mission bungalows are white buildings with thatched roofs.
Colombo	... Clock-tower, centre of fort. Brick masonry, square, gray-looking building.	6° 55' 40"	79° 50' 40"	1	Do.	F.	...	18	225°, or to beaches northward and southward.	A life-boat station. Harbour light for vessels making the port.
Point de Galle.	... On S.-W. bastion of fort. West side of harbour. Iron tower. White.	6° 1' 25"	80° 12' 32"	1	Do.	F.	...	12	200°	For vessels making the port, and also for ships rounding the island of Ceylon on their course either to the eastward or westward. A first-class light is sanctioned for this port, and will be placed on Oonawatty Point.
Great Basses...	... On the N.-E. rock. Granite masonry with a gallery 30 feet above the base, and another immediately beneath the lantern.	6° 10' 10"	81° 28' 0"	1	Red	Rev.	Every 45 seconds	16	All round the compass	In foggy weather a bell is sounded at intervals of seven seconds.
Little do.	... On reef	6° 22' 55"	81° 43' 12"	1	...	...	...	...	...	A fog bell is sounded during misty weather.
Batticaloa	... On the flag-staff, near the mouth of Batticaloa Lake.	7° 43' 50"	81° 41' 20"	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Trincomalee	... On Poul Point extreme Round gray tower of Portland cement.	8° 32' 10"	81° 18' 30"	1	White	F. & Fl.	Every 30 seconds.	17	All round the compass	The faint light between the flashes is not visible beyond ten miles.
Do.	... On the summit of Round Island. Round gray tower of Portland cement.	8° 31' 40"	81° 13' 15"	1	Do.	F.	...	10	Do.	To enable vessels to enter or leave the port at night.

Table of Light Houses round the coast of the Madras Presidency, West to East, including Ceylon.

Name.	Location, &c.	Lat., N.	Long., E.	Number.	Colour.	Fixed, flashing, alternating, or revolving.	Interval.	Miles visible in clear weather.	Are of illumination. (Bearings are magnetic and from seaward.)	Remarks.
Tuticorin ...	North extreme of Hare Island or Paundandeev, $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles east of Tuticorin. Sandstone column, coloured brown, lantern white.	$8^{\circ} 47' 57''$	$78^{\circ} 11' 20''$	1	White	F.	...	14	All round the compass	Harbour light.
Paumben Pass.	On a sand-hill, about one mile east of Northern Channel. Circular. Masonry column.	$9^{\circ} 17' 20''$	$79^{\circ} 12' 4''$	1	Do.	F.	...	...	Do.	Is a guide to vessels making for the Paumben Channel.
Negapatam ...	On bastion. Masonry column. White.	$10^{\circ} 45' 30''$	$79^{\circ} 50' 29''$	1	Do.	F.	...	14	180° of the whole sea horizon.	A port light.
Caricau (French territory)	At the mouth of the River Arasilaur.	$10^{\circ} 55' 0''$	$79^{\circ} 50' 35''$	1	Do.	F.	...	8 to 10	The whole sea horizon.	
Pondicherry (French territory)	Flag-staff, near the In square, near the beach. Masonry.	$11^{\circ} 55' 25''$	$79^{\circ} 49' 35''$	1	Do.	F.	...	12 to 15	In every direction seaward.	For the guidance of vessels entering the port at night.
Madras ...	On esplanade, north of the fort. Granite column.	$13^{\circ} 5' 11''$	$80^{\circ} 16' 51''$	1	Do.	Fl.	Every 2" 48" bright, 72" dark.	20 to 30	310° facing east	To guide vessels clear of the Poolicat shoal and into the roadstead. Mariners should not bring this light to southward of S. S. W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W. to avoid Poolicat shoal.
Poolicat ...	Near the beach, Masonry. White.	$13^{\circ} 25' 15''$	$80^{\circ} 19' 6''$	1	Do.	F.	...	14	180° , or the whole sea horizon.	To guide vessels clear of the Poolicat shoal. When the light bears W. $\frac{1}{2}$ N., a vessel is to the northward of all dangers.

Arnegam ...	Mainland, village of Manapollen. Masonry column. White.	$13^{\circ} 53' 8''$	$80^{\circ} 11' 47''$	1	Do.	Fl.	...	14	180° , or the whole sea horizon.	Warns vessels off the Arnegam shoal, the shallowest part of which ($1\frac{1}{2}$ fathoms) lies six miles off shore.
Point Divry ...	2 miles N. W. of Point. Masonry column. White.	$15^{\circ} 58' 55''$	$81^{\circ} 9' 25''$	1	Do.	F.	...	...	228° , or from N. to S. W.	
Masilupatam ...	In the Fort. Flag-staff	$16^{\circ} 9' 15''$	$81^{\circ} 9' 25''$	1	Do.	F.	...	6	180°	Is a harbour light, and was originally red; but being only a sixth order light, it was altered, as a temporary measure, to a white light, by the removal of the coloured media.
Coringa ...	On southern part of Hope Island. Masonry tower. Horizontal alternate bands of black and white.	$16^{\circ} 49' 5''$	$82^{\circ} 18' 58''$	1	Do.	F.	...	10 to 15	All round the compass	Intended to lead vessels clear of the rocks and shoals off Godavery Point; but being considered unsuitable in every way, a proposal for a new light is under consideration.
Cocanada ...	41 miles north of Cocanada river. 500 yds. from the shore.	$16^{\circ} 56' 30''$	$82^{\circ} 14' 35''$	1	Do.	Fl.	...	14	90° , or from N. N. E. to E. S. E.	This light is intended to lead vessels clear of the shoals to the northward of Point Godavery, when coming into the Cocanada anchorage, from the southward and eastward.
Santapilly ...	On Santapilly Hill, three-quarters of a mile inland. On the roof of a house.	$18^{\circ} 4' 56''$	$83^{\circ} 37' 35''$	1	Do.	F.	...	14	180° facing S. E.	Exhibited to warn mariners off the Santapilly Rocks, from which this light bears N. W. $\frac{1}{2}$ W., distant 61 miles.
Calingapatam.	On the Point. Obelisk of cut stone. Column white; capital, dark-blue.	$18^{\circ} 19' 0''$	$84^{\circ} 7' 30''$	1	Do.	F.	...	8	...	Intended to warn vessels off a small reef which projects from the point and which should not be passed in less than 8 fathoms when making the port at night.
Gopalpore ...	On mainland, 60 yards from low-water mark. Flag-staff, painted white.	$19^{\circ} 13' 0''$	$84^{\circ} 53' 0''$	1	Do.	F.	...	14	180° , or the whole sea horizon.	Intended as a guide to vessels making the anchorage at night, and exhibited on the special requisition of Commanders of the B.I.S.N. Co.'s Mail Steamers.

THE MADRAS HARBOUR WORKS.

This important undertaking was sanctioned by the Secretary of State for India in March 1875, chiefly through the warm support accorded by Lord Hobart, then Governor of Madras.

The Works were designed by William Parkes, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., a well known Harbour Engineer who had designed the Manora Breakwater at Kurrachee which was completed in 1874.

The Madras Harbour was commenced in June 1875, under the superintendence of the late James May, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., who, like Mr. Parkes, had been an assistant and colleague to the late James Walker, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., an eminent Harbour Engineer much employed by Government in the design and construction of Harbours on the British coasts.

On the 15th December 1875, a memorial stone of the commencement of the Works was laid on the east side of the beach road, opposite the High Court, by H. R. H. the Prince of Wales, on the occasion of his visit to this Presidency.

In January 1876, the root of the north Pier was commenced and in December of the same year the first concrete block was laid.

The greater part of the year 1876 was occupied in constructing the block grounds, in preparing and erecting the stationary engines, cranes, machinery and locomotive engines for the construction and carriage of the concrete blocks. The machinery is capable of turning out sixteen concrete blocks of twenty-seven tons weight each per day. Unhappily in May 1876, Mr. May, the Superintendent, died, having succumbed to the effects of the climate.

In March 1877, the South Pier was commenced with stone brought from Pallavaram on the South Indian Railway which had lately been opened, and which was extended to the beach by the Harbour Works authorities. The elbow of the North Pier was reached in October 1879, and the same position in the South Pier was gained by June 1880.

At the end of the fair season of 1881 the two breakwaters were nearly finished, forming an artificial enclosed harbour with an opening at the entrance in the centre of 550 feet, as designed. From the beach road each breakwater extends nearly a mile. Taking the two breakwaters, and excluding the roots, or surf banks, as they have been called, they measure together one and a half mile.

On 12th November 1881, a storm occurred, more severe perhaps than any that has visited Madras since the construction of the Iron Pier in 1859. It almost destroyed the elbows and outer straight portions of both Piers, but did not affect seriously the other portions. The sum of the damage amounted to half a mile of breakwater breached and otherwise damaged, two Titan cranes overthrown and destroyed, a mile and a half of single line of railway destroyed, and the barges, "Salisbury" and "Hobart," foundered and lost; besides a quantity of minor damage, such as the loss of small boats, injury to the platform, piles and bracing of the Iron Pier, &c. Mr. Parkes, the Engineer-in-Chief, visited Madras shortly afterwards, and, after a careful examination, submitted his report to Government on the state of the Works with his recommendations for the re-construction of the damaged portions. The Secretary of State for India has referred the question to a Committee formed of the two well-known Harbour Engineers, Sir John Hawkshaw and Sir John Cooke, and Professor Stokes. The work of reconstruction on the amended design was commenced in July 1881, and was prosecuted with greater vigour from April 1, 1885, the official date fixed for resumption of active operations. In July the first new Titan crane arrived, and before the end of November 1885, two more heavy cranes reached the Works, one being completely erected.

The Harbour was vested in Trustees by Act II of 1836, and since the formation of the Board, the alteration of the original design has been strenuously advocated, the Trustees being of opinion that the Harbour could never be a complete success, while the entrance was placed in the centre of the Eastern breakwater. The Secretary of State, early in 1887, agreed to re-consider the question of the position of the entrance, and the late Captain J. H. Taylor, Port Officer, Madras, a member of the Board, was deputed by the Trust to represent their opinions before the Committee appointed to re-investigate the question.

The result of this enquiry has been that the Secretary of State has sanctioned the construction of a North-East entrance, which is calculated to afford much greater protection to vessels in stormy weather and to ensure perfectly smooth water under all ordinary circumstances. This alteration will delay the completion of the works for a considerable time, and will add an additional 16 lakhs of rupees, or thereabouts, to the cost, but it is considered that the greater security and extra facilities obtained will more than compensate for the delay and enhanced expenditure.

STAFF.

Engineer-in-Chief.—William Parkes, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., &c.
Indian Executive.—F. N. Thorowgood, Esq., M. Inst. C.E., Superintendent; A. Lee Peggson, Esq., Assistant Superintendent.

THE MADRAS HARBOUR TRUST BOARD.

GOVERNED BY MADRAS ACT II OF 1886.

Office, No. 22, North Beach Road, Madras.

R. W. Barlow, Esq., C.S., Chairman.

Trustees.—The Hon'ble S. R. Turnbull, J. McIntock, Esq., J. R. Hunter, Esq., G. L. Chambers, Esq., Captain W. L. C. Baddeley, R.E., V. Mahomed Sherief Sahib Bahdoor, M.R.Iy. S. Venkatakrishnamah Chetty Garu, Geo. King, Esq., W. J. Eales, Esq., G. D. Coleman, Esq., Cowasjee Eduljee, Esq., C. Pilsent, Esq., Secretary.

Mr. C. Stolberg, Traffic Manager; Mr. S. Hutchence, Deputy Manager; Mr. G. H. Ross, Chief Accountant.

Preventive Officers board vessels entering the Harbour, and it is their duty to preserve order on boardship and to assist passengers in the landing of their baggage. They also superintend the landing of cargo, and it is their special duty to take note of the condition of packages before they are passed over the ship's side.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 52.—The following bye-laws made by the Harbour Trust Board, Madras, under section 70 of Madras Act II of 1886, and approved by the Governor in Council, are published for general information:—

1. The working hours on the Madras pier and beach, and everywhere within the precincts of the Madras Harbour premises, shall be from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M. every day, Sundays and public holidays (as observed by the Chamber of Commerce) excepted.

2. In cases of emergency and with the special permission of the Chairman, Harbour Trust Board, and the Collector of Sea Customs previously obtained, landing and shipping may be carried on upon Sundays and holidays and after regular hours.

3. Harbour dues on goods shipped or landed, together with all cooly hire and charges for carrying, packing and storing, and all godown or ground rent payable under these bye-laws, shall be charged at the rates fixed by the Board under the provisions of Act II of 1886, and such dues on all goods, whether exports or imports, shall be paid previous to the removal of the goods from the Harbour premises to such person as the Board may depute to receive and grant receipts for the same. All applications for export or import of goods must be on, or must be accompanied by, forms approved by the Board and in use for the time being, and such forms must in all cases be correctly filled in and signed by the owner, exporter, or consignee of the goods or his agents.

4. All goods landed at the port of Madras shall be moved from the place or places where the same may be landed to the place set apart for the reception thereof by some person or persons authorised in that behalf by the Board, who shall in due course deliver the same to the consignees upon payment by the consignees of all costs and charges of receiving and of so moving such goods and of delivering the same, including all costs, charges and expenses of counting, sorting and weighing, and other costs, charges and expenses whatsoever incurred or payable under the directions and with the sanction of the Board.

5. All coolies or porters employed under the Trust for the purpose of working cargo on the pier or beach, or in the Custom House or elsewhere wheresoever within the precincts of the Harbour premises, shall wear a distinctive badge, and no such person shall be allowed to work as a cooly or porter within such precincts without such badge.

6. All necessary documents must be produced by shippers or consignees or their agents at the time of the shipping or landing of goods to the person or persons authorized by the Board to call for and inspect the same whenever required by him or them.

7. Three days grace from date of landing will be allowed for the removal of all cargo free of godown or ground rent; after that, godown or ground rent, as the case may be, will be charged at the rates fixed by the Board under the provisions of Act II of 1886.

8. Coal and patent fuel shall be landed only at such place or places as may be approved by the Board for that purpose from time to time. Importers desiring to store the same within the limits of the Harbour Trust premises must apply to the Secretary of the Board for such space as may be required for that purpose, and such applications will be granted by the Board at their discretion, when ground is available for that purpose, on such terms as the Board shall see fit, and rent will be payable for the plots so assigned at the rate fixed by the Board under the provisions of Act II of 1886.

9. Timber or firewood shall not be discharged from any vessel lying inside the Harbour, except into boats or lighters.

10. Timber of all descriptions and firewood shall be landed only at such places as may from time to time be assigned or set apart by the Board for that purpose.

11. Excepting ships' boats, no boat, lighter, raft, catamaran, or other vessel whatsoever for the conveyance by water of human beings or property, will be allowed to approach or lie alongside of the beach, or any wharf, pier or dock within the limits of the Harbour premises, without a license from the Harbour Trust Board in that behalf; applications for such licenses shall be made to the Secretary of the Board.

12. Smoking, or the use of fire or naked lights on the pier or any jetties, or in or near any godown or enclosure or open space used for the time being for the storage of goods within the precincts of the Harbour premises, is strictly prohibited; and any employe of the Harbour Trust Board is empowered to stop any person so smoking or put out such fire or naked lights, and all persons so smoking or lighting, or using such fire or naked lights, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding rupees one hundred for each offence.

13. The pier ladders will be available for the use of passengers and others, weather permitting, from 5 A.M. to 9 P.M.

14. All boats and other craft must lie clear of the pier ladders.

15. No boats, lighters, or rafts will be permitted to lie alongside of, or make fast to, the pier except when loading or unloading or for the purpose of taking off or landing passengers or baggage.

16. Crews must remain in their respective boats and lighters when alongside the pier, and must obey the orders and directions of the Traffic Manager or his Deputy.

17. Mooring buoys will be provided and maintained off the pier, and all boats, lighters and other craft must make fast thereto when ordered to do so by the Traffic Manager or his Deputy, and not approach the pier or pier ladders until permitted to do so under a penalty not exceeding rupees twenty in each instance.

18. Lighters, boats and rafts must be securely moored at a distance of not less than one hundred yards from the pier when afloat and unemployed, and will not be permitted to make use of the Harbour Trust mooring buoys around the pier except with the permission and under the direction of the Traffic Manager or his Deputies.

19. No lighters, boats or other craft shall be brought ashore or beached for the purpose of repair except at such place or places as may be assigned and pointed out by the Traffic Manager or his Deputies for that purpose.

20. The public will be admitted to the pier when no traffic or work is going on. At all other times the Board reserve to themselves the right of excluding the public, and only those persons will be allowed upon the pier who have business to transact on the pier or require to pass over it for purposes of embarking or landing.

21. No package containing gunpowder or other explosive shall be landed within the limits of the port of Madras without permission first obtained from the Collector of Sea Customs and from the Chairman, Harbour Trust Board, or in his absence from the Secretary of the Board, and no gunpowder or other explosive shall be landed within five hours of such application being so made to the said Chairman or Secretary if made between the hours of 6 A.M. and 11 A.M., or within two hours of such application being made if made between the hours of 11 A.M. and 4 P.M., or within fifteen hours of such application being made if made after 4 P.M., except and unless the said Chairman or Secretary shall have first expressly sanctioned the earlier landing thereof, and in the landing thereof all rules or directions from time to time made or given by the Board or by the said Chairman or Secretary to ensure safety shall be rigidly adhered to and observed.

(Signed) H. E. STOKES,
Ay. Chief Secretary.

PART VII.—COMMERCIAL.

THE NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.

Capital authorised..... £2,000,000.
 Paid up..... £518,900.
 Hours of Business.—10 to 3, (on Saturdays, 10 to 1 o'clock.)
 GEO. MUNRO, *Manager.*

THE AGRA BANK, LIMITED.

Capital, £1,000,000 (One Million Sterling) in 100,000 Shares of £10 each.
 Reserve Fund, £200,000.

HEAD OFFICE—NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E.C.
 MADRAS OFFICE—ESPLANADE.—Hours of Business—10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.
 F. G. MAYNE, *Manager, Madras Branch.*

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

HEAD OFFICE—LONDON, 65, OLD BROAD STREET, E.C.

MADRAS OFFICE—FIRST LINE BEACH.

Hours of Business—10 to 3; Saturdays 10 to 1.

Paid-up Capital, £750,000. Reserve Fund, £130,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.—Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Rangoon, Colombo, Kandy, Galle, Hongkong, Shanghai, Foochow, Hankow, Yokohama, Penang, Singapore, Batavia, Malacca, Mauritius.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

Subscribed Capital, £933,000. Paid up Capital, £463,250. Reserve Fund, £70,000.

BANKERS.

Bank of England, National Provincial Bank of England, and National Bank of England.

HEAD OFFICE—39A, THREADNEEDLE STREET, LONDON, E.C.

BRANCHES—Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Colombo, Kurrachee, Rangoon and Mandalay.

MADRAS BRANCH—Armenian Street.

OFFICE HOURS—10 to 3; Saturdays 10 to 1.

JOHN KYD, *Manager.*

THE COMMERCIAL AND LAND MORTGAGE BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE—ARMENIAN STREET, MADRAS.

Subscribed Capital 10,000 Shares of Rs. 100 each..... Rs. 10,00,000
 Reserved Funds and Rest " 46,550
 Total Security offered to Depositors on 30th June 1887 " 10,46,550

BRANCH AT BANGALORE.

Bankers and Agents throughout Great and Greater Britain.

London.....	The Alliance Bank (Ld.)	Bombay.....	} The Agra Bank (Ld.)
Edinburgh.....	The Bank of Scotland.	Kurrachee.....	
Dublin.....	The National Bank.	Calcutta.....	
Colombo.....	The New Oriental Bank Corporation, Limited.	Rangoon.....	} The C. M. B. of India, London and China.
Madras.....	The Bank of Madras.		

And at Lahore, Delhi, Allahabad, Rawal Pindee, Murree, Peshawar, Umballa, Simla, Poona, Ootacamund, Hyderabad (Deccan).

5. On realizing interest on securities deposited on loan account ... 1 per cent.
6. On procuring the enforcement of securities held for safe custody ... Nil.
7. On the renewal of securities held on loan and Cash credit account ... Nil.
8. On the realization of interest, or the sale of securities, when the proceeds are remitted in the Bank's bills ... Nil.

Public Debt Department.

All applications for payment of interest, and enforcement, renewal, sub-division and consolidation of Government Securities are to be made to the Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank.

Government Savings Bank.

Deposits are received in sums of not less than 1 rupee and not exceeding Rupees 500 in all between the 1st of April in any year and the 31st March of the following year. Interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum. Copies of the Rules may be had on application at the Bank.

The Bank has branches at—

Bangalore.	Coconada.	Negapatam.
Bellary.	Cochin.	Ootacamund.
Berhampore.	Colombo.	Tellicherry.
Bimlipatam.	Guntur.	Tuticorin.
Calicut.	Mangalore.	

Hours of Business.

From 10 A.M. to 3 P.M.

Applications for Loans and Cash credits, or to close the same and release deposits, must be made before 2 P.M.

The Bank closes on Saturdays at 1 P.M.

(By order of the Board of Directors.)

D. A. J. CROMBIE, Secretary and Treasurer.

N.B.—With reference to all the foregoing rules, any further information required may be ascertained on application at the Bank.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

BANK OF MADRAS—P. H. J. CROMBIE, Esq., President of the Bank, from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., Saturday from 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.

D. A. J. CROMBIE, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank of Madras, *Ex-officio* Secretary. J. R. H. G. W. MENT SAVINGS BANK. 1873.

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANKS.

Officers.—to the payment of deposits in whole of British India; to force on the passing thereof. VI of 1855 (to facilitate the payment of Government Savings Banks to the representatives of depositors) is hereby repealed.

Assistants.

W. C. Gilby.
J. Bowman.

J. Matheson, Inspr.

A. Black, Assistant, or on whose behalf, money has been heretofore, be hereafter, deposited in a Government Savings

Bangalore... A. C. Irwin, Agent.
Bellary... J. W. Boys, Acting Agent.
Berhampore... W. G. FitzGerald, Agent.
Bimlipatam... J. A. D. McDougall, Agent.
Calicut... W. Webster, Agent.
Cochin... R. W. L. Darling, Agent.
Coconada... T. M. MacLennan, Agent.
Guntur... W. M. Gerrard, Agent.
Mangalore... A. C. Cavendish, Agent.
Negapatam... J. Kerr Greig, Agent.
Ootacamund... E. H. Stonehewer, Agent.
Tellicherry... F. J. W. Sherman, Agent.
Tuticorin... G. A. Breithaupt, Agent.

COMMERCIAL.]

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS BANK.

the Secretary of such Bank may pay the said sum of money to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it, or to administer the estate of the deceased.

Payment to be a discharge. 5. Such payment shall be a full discharge from all further liability in respect of the money so paid:

But nothing herein contained precludes any executor or administrator, or other representative of the deceased, from recovering from the person receiving the same the amount remaining in his hands after deducting the amount of all debts or other demands lawfully paid or discharged by him in due course of administration.

Saving of right of creditor. Act No. XXVI of 1835, to any person, and remaining in his hands unadministered, in the same manner and to the same extent as if the latter had obtained Letters of Administration of the estate of the deceased.

Security for due administration. 6. The Secretary of any such Bank may take such security as he thinks necessary from any person to whom he pays any money under section four for the due administration of the money so paid, and he may assign the said security to any person interested in such administration.

7. For the purpose of ascertaining the right of the person claiming to be entitled as Power to administer oath. aforesaid, the Secretary of any such Bank may take the time being relating to oath and affirmations. Any person who, upon such oath or affirmation, makes any statement which is false and which he either knows or believes to be false or does not believe to be true, shall be deemed guilty of an offence under section one hundred and ninety-three of the Indian Penal Code.

Penalty for false statements. 8. Where the amount of the deposit belonging to the estate of a deceased depositor does not exceed one thousand rupees, such amount shall be excluded in computing the fee chargeable, under the Court Fees Act, 1870, on the Probate, or Letters of Administration, or certificate (if any) granted in respect of his property: Provided that the person claiming such Probate, or Letters or Certificate, shall exhibit to the Court authorized to grant the same a certificate of the amount of the deposit in any Government Savings Bank belonging to the estate of the deceased. Such certificate shall be signed by the Secretary of such Bank, and the Court shall receive it as evidence of the said amount.

Act not to apply to deposits belonging to estates of European soldiers or deserters. 9. Nothing hereinbefore contained applies to money belonging to the estate of any European officer, or soldier dying in Her Majesty's service in India, or of any European who, at the time of his death, was a deserter from the said service.

Deposits belonging to Minors.

10. Any deposit made by, or on behalf of, any minor, may be paid to him personally, if he made the deposit, or to his guardian for his use, if the deposit was made by any person other than the minor, together with the interest accrued thereon: The receipt of any minor or guardian, for money paid to him under this section, shall be a sufficient discharge therefor.

Legalization of like payments heretofore made. 11. All payments of deposits heretofore made to minors or their guardians by any Secretary of a Government Savings Bank shall be deemed to have been made in accordance with law.

Deposits belonging to Lunatics.

12. If any depositor becomes insane or otherwise incapable of managing his affairs, and if such insanity or incapacity is proved to the satisfaction of the Court, the Secretary of such Bank may pay the said sum of money to any person appearing to him to be entitled to receive it, or to administer the estate of the deceased.

13. Any deposit made by or on behalf of a married woman, or by or on behalf of a woman who afterwards marries, may be paid to her, whether or not the Indian Succession Act, 1865, section four, applies to her marriage; and her receipt for money paid to her under this section shall be sufficient discharge therefor.

Rules regulating certificates under section 8, and payments under sections 10, 12 or 13, shall be respectively granted and made by the Secretary of the Bank, subject to such rules consistent with this Act as the Governor-General in Council may from time to time prescribe.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

NOTIFICATION.

SIMLA, the 9th May 1881.

No. 461.—Read again—Resolution No. 3523, dated 27th October 1880, publishing the rules for District and Presidency Savings Banks.

Resolution.—The following revised rules for Government Savings Banks are published, all previous rules being revoked:—

I.—In these Rules—"Depositor," "Deposit," and "Secretary" bear the meaning which they bear in The Government Savings Bank Act, 1873.

"Account" means the account of a Depositor in a Government Savings Bank.

"Balance" means the balance at credit of an account.

II.—Any person may become a Depositor on his own behalf, or on behalf of any other named person dependent upon him. Deposits may also be made by the Managers of benevolent or other public Associations, or by public officers, of money deposited with them *ex-officio*, as security, for the discharge of any public duty or for the fidelity of any public officer, or for the accomplishment of any public object.

III.—Subject to the provisions of these rules, the Government of India guarantees the repayment of every deposit with interest.

IV.—Without the sanction of the Comptroller-General, no account will be opened for less than one rupee; and no person may deposit more than five hundred rupees, in all, between the 1st of April in any year and the 31st March of the following year.

V.—Interest will not be allowed upon a smaller balance than Rs. 15, or upon the excess in any balance over the highest multiple of Rs. 15.

VI.—Interest will be allowed for each calendar month upon the minimum balance of the account between the close of the fourth day and the end of the month.

D. A. 7.—Till further notice, interest will be allowed upon deposits at the rate of one pie per centum for every Rupees 1-10-8, which is equal to one anna for every Rupees 20, being at the rate of Rupees 31 per centum per annum. Without the sanction of the Comptroller-General, no higher monthly interest will be allowed upon any balance than Rupees 9-6-0.

In calculating interest, one anna will be taken as the interest for one month on every twenty rupees of the amount entitled to bear interest; and for broken sums below twenty rupees the following table will be used:—

Principal.			Interest.		
Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	10	8	0	1	0
3	5	4	0	2	0
5	0	0	0	3	0
6	10	8	0	4	0
8	5	4	0	5	0
10	0	0	0	6	0

Example.—Required interest for one month on Rs. 124-6-10.

Calcutta	Cochin	Madras	Bombay	Calcutta	Cochin	Madras	Bombay
W. M. Gerard, Acct.	A. C. Cavendish, Agent.	J. Kerr Greig, Acct.	W. M. Gerard, Acct.	A. C. Cavendish, Agent.	J. Kerr Greig, Acct.	W. M. Gerard, Acct.	A. C. Cavendish, Agent.
Ootacamund	E. H. Stonchewer, Agent.	W. G. Thackeray, Acct.	Tellicherry	F. J. W. Sherman, Agent.	F. A. Carson, Acct.	Tuticorin	G. A. Breithaupt, Agent.

ordinarily, be permitted immediately to re-open it, except on payment of a fine varying at the discretion of the Secretary from one to ten rupees.

IX.—Whenever a Depositor changes his residence, an Account may be transferred, free of charge, to the Government Savings Bank in the District to which the Depositor is removing. Without the special permission of the Comptroller, an Account may not be otherwise transferred from one Bank to another.

X.—A Deposit Book will be supplied to each Depositor in which the Secretary, or, if the Savings Bank is at a public treasury, the Treasury Officer, will acknowledge every deposit. The personal attendance of a Depositor is not required; but no deposit will be received, or payment made, without the Depositor's Deposit Book, and the Government will not be responsible for any deposit the receipt of which is not acknowledged in a Deposit Book. The interest due to date will be entered in each Deposit Book the first time that it is produced after the 31st March. The first Deposit Book will be supplied free of charge; but if a Deposit Book is lost or injured, or if a closed account is re-opened, one rupee will be charged for a new book.

XI.—Without special permission, a Depositor may not draw upon his Account more than once in thirty days, or open more than one Account in his own name or in the name of any member of his family or for his own benefit or the benefit of any member of his family. The Comptroller-General must take precautions to prevent any transgression of this Rule, and, in particular, any employment of an Account as an ordinary Drawing Account. This Rule is not meant to prevent any one from opening more than one *ex-officio* or public Account.

XII.—The Secretary may refuse to open any account or may close any account, for any sufficient reason, as, for example, because he thinks that the account is likely to be used, or is being used, contrary to the object with which Government Savings Banks are established, namely, the encouragement of saving.

XIII.—When the Secretary thinks it proper to close any account, he shall give notice, in writing, to the Depositor, of such closure. After the date of such notice, no deposit shall be accepted on the account so closed, and no interest shall be allowed upon the balance of the closed account after the end of the calendar month then current.

XIV.—These Rules apply as well to accounts opened before as after their publication. Save that upon Accounts opened before the date of this Resolution, interest will be calculated, up to 31st May 1881, at the rate of 4½ per centum per annum, according to the rules prescribed in Nos. V, VI and VII of the Resolution No. 3523 of 27th October 1880.

XV.—(1) Any person, whether a Depositor or not, who desires to purchase Government Securities, may make written application for the purpose at a Savings Bank. He will be required to tender in cash the amount necessary to complete the purchase, unless he has a sufficient deposit at his credit in the local Savings Bank. The purchase will be made through the Comptroller-General.

(2) The paper purchased will be of the 4 per cent. Loans, unless 4½ per cent. paper is specially applied for.

(3) The investor may also specially apply that the paper remain in the custody of the Comptroller-General, and that the interest be remitted as drawn to the local Savings Bank, for delivery to him. In this case the Comptroller-General will, if necessary, advance the paper to the 4 per cent. Loan of 1865, and will remit the interest as applied for. The investor may at any time apply through the local Savings Bank for the delivery of his paper thus held by the Comptroller-General. If application is not made within this clause, the paper purchased by the Comptroller-General will be enfaced for payment of interest at the local Treasury, and forwarded to the Savings Bank for delivery to the investor.

(4) An investor under these Rules may at any time apply in the same way for the sale of paper purchased through the Savings Bank, whether held by himself, or held for him by the Comptroller-General.

(5) These arrangements are intended only for persons of moderate income, who belong to a class who do not ordinarily have transactions with Bankers, and the advantage of them must be refused, both by the Savings Bank, and if necessary by the Comptroller-General, if the applicant is not within this definition, except in the case of Government servant purchasing Government paper, in consequence of an order requiring him to give security.

(6) In the case of applications made at Savings Banks at Treasuries in the interior of the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, the duties here laid upon the Comptroller-General will be performed by the Accountants-General of Madras and Bombay respectively. In the case of applications made at the Presidency Banks in the cities of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, they will be performed by the Secretaries of the Banks. The capacity of Secretaries of the Presidency Banks given in the Gazette, the Comptroller-General will give that notice, and will be responsible for the execution of a 1

38 Zamindari..... P. P. Preston, P.N.R. 2139

39 Tanjore..... P. Harris..... 2123

40 Arcot..... .. 2120

41 Cochin..... .. 2120

XVI. The Governor-General in Council reserves the right to alter or add to these Rules at any time.

XVII.—A copy of the Government Savings Banks Act, 1873, and of these Rules, shall be printed in each Deposit Book delivered after this date, and the signature, or, if he cannot write, mark, of the Depositor obtained to the annexed declaration before any deposit is accepted from him.

XVIII.—These Rules shall come into force from the 1st June 1881.

Declaration to be recorded in accordance with Rule XVII.

I acknowledge that I have read these Rules (or, if he cannot read, that these Rules have been read to me).

Dated

Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to the Comptroller-General, who will sue any needful supplementary instructions.

Rule Ordered also that this Resolution be published for general information in the *Gazette of India*.

GOVERNMENT LOANS.

Interest when payable, &c.

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1853-54.

Opened 28th October 1853, and closed 30th August 1855.—Interest payable on 28th February and 31st August.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1824-25.

Advertized for discharge on 27th March 1882, *vide* Financial Notification, No. 2122, dated 24th December 1881.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1828-29.

Advertized for discharge on 27th March 1882, *vide* Financial Notification, No. 2122, dated 24th December 1881.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1832-33.

Opened 7th June 1831, and closed 16th September 1835.—Interest payable half-yearly on 1st May and 1st November as in the above loans. Notes of this loan have partly been transferred to the four per cent. Loan of 1st May 1865.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1835-36.

Opened 16th September 1835, and closed 15th May 1841.—Interest payable half-yearly on 31st March and 30th September, as in the above loans.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1842-43.

Opened 4th January 1843, and is comprised of cash subscriptions and transfers from 4 per cent. Loans of 1825-26 and 1829-30.—Interest payable on 1st February and 1st August. The other conditions of this loan are the same as those of the four per cent. Loan of 1835-36. This loan is open for the consolidation of Notes of the several per cent. Loans to Notes of a corresponding amount in it.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1854-55.

Opened 28th October 1853, and is comprised of transfers from the five per cent. Loan dated 30th June 1841.—Interest payable on 30th June and 31st December.

FOUR PER CENT. BOOK DEBT LOAN OF 22ND APRIL 1854.

Advertized for discharge on 22nd January 1881, *vide* Financial Notification, No. 417, dated 22nd January 1881.

FOUR PER CENT. TRANSFER LOAN OF 1ST MAY 1865.

Opened 19th November 1864.—Interest payable on 1st May and 1st November. This loan is open for the consolidation of Notes of the several per cent. Loans into Notes of a corresponding amount in it.

REDUCED FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 16TH JANUARY 1879.

Comprises transfers from the 4 per cent. Transfer Loan of 1872 under the provisions of Clause 6, para. 3, of Financial Notification, dated 16th September 1871, No. 3206.—Interest payable on 16th January and 16th July.

Example.—Required interest for one month 15th JULY 1879.

Calicut	Example.	Required interest for one month 15th JULY 1879.	Is. A. P.
Cochin	W. M. Gerrard, <i>Acct.</i>	Octaramund E. H. Stenclawer, <i>Ag. Agent.</i>	
	W. G. Thackeray, <i>Acct.</i>		
Cochin	A. C. Cavendish, <i>Acct.</i>	Tellicherry F. J. W. Sherman, <i>Agent.</i>	
	J. Kerr Greig, <i>Acct.</i>	F. A. Carson, <i>Acct.</i>	
		Tuticorin G. A. Breithaupt, <i>Agent.</i>	

FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 15TH SEPTEMBER 1878.

Opened under Financial Notification, dated 27th July 1878.—Interest payable half-yearly on 15th March and 15th September. No part of this Loan will be discharged before 15th September 1893.

TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879.

Comprises transfers from the 5 per cent. Loan of 31st May 1859, and cash subscriptions under Financial Notifications, dated 12th August 1878, 13th March 1879 and 14th May 1880. Notes in lieu of transfers from the 5 per cent. Loan were issued in two alternative forms, one portion entitled, "The Transfer Loan, 1879, four and a half per cent. portion," and the other "The Transfer Loan of 1879, seven shillings sterling per cent. portion." Interest payable half-yearly on 15th March and 15th September. No part of this Loan will be paid off before 15th September 1893.

FIVE PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1867.

Advertized for discharge on 1st June 1882, *vide* Notification No. 4041, dated 3rd November 1881.

Lost Notes, obtaining of duplicates.

RESOLUTION.—By the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, Fort William, the 26th January 1882, No. 59.

Read the undermentioned papers relating to the issue of duplicates of Government Promissory Notes alleged to have been lost or destroyed:—

For the second time—

Proceedings in the Financial Department for the month of September 1873, Accounts Nos. 6—12, deciding that, as a general rule, duplicate notes should not be issued till after ten years from the last correct advertisement of loss, and then only under direct orders received from the Government of India.

Proceedings in the Financial Department for October 1878, Nos. 772 and 773, authorizing the Comptroller-General to issue duplicates under the rules, taking orders of Government only in exceptional cases.

For the first time—

Letter from Comptroller-General, No. 733, dated the 23rd April 1880.

" to	"	664,	"	19th May	"
" from	"	2614,	"	28th June	"
" to	"	2241D,	"	15th "	"
" to	"	2370,	"	9th Sept.	"
" from	"	2468,	"	27th Aug.	"
" from	"	4478D,	"	9th Sept.	"

OBSERVATIONS.—By existing practice, when the applicant for a duplicate note has given evidence of the loss of the original, and has established, by strong *prima facie* evidence, his title to the note, and has taken the prescribed measures preliminary to the advertisement of the loss on a bond being executed by the claimant and two sureties indemnifying Government against loss. Meanwhile, interest is allowed to be drawn under a bond of indemnity.

2. It is found that, as the law at present stands, these measures do not give Government sufficient protection from loss, as the period of limitation against the possible holder of the original note runs only from the date on which the note becomes payable; and the date may be many years after the bond of indemnity under which the duplicates have been issued has ceased to be of any practical value.

RESOLUTION.—To protect the State from such double liability, the Governor-General in Council has resolved to modify the procedure as follows:—

(1) Every claim to the issue of a duplicate note, in lieu of one alleged to be lost, will be submitted by the Public Debt Office to be provisionally decided by the Comptroller-General after at least two years have elapsed from the date of the last correct advertisement.

(2) If there appears to be no objection to the issue of a duplicate note to the claimant, the Comptroller-General will record his opinion to that effect, and will direct that interest upon the note be paid to the claimant after execution of a bond of indemnity with two sufficient sureties.

(3) If the note is payable after notice given in the Gazette, the Comptroller-General will give that notice, and will direct that interest upon the note be paid to the claimant after execution of a bond of indemnity with two sufficient sureties.

45	Zambesi	C. F. Preston, <i>Acct.</i>	2155	1880
49	Tanjore	P. Harris	2241	2000

Building.

59	Aradia		6500	7000
51	Oceana		6500	7000

- (6) These orders will apply to all bills drawn on the bank, and interest has been ordered to be paid on the bills at the rate of 10 per cent. per annum.
- (7) No lost note of a bill drawn on the bank will be paid until a duplicate is produced.
- These orders do not apply to bills drawn on the bank by the Government of India.

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Arbutnot
Angus
Seawen

BIRU
BEST
McLinn

BINN
Dorain
William
Hart (Navy)

CARL S.
Vienna, Nany
Theodor Wild
Offices at Mad
Hotel, Esplanade

CUTLER
(don), Robert
Manager, Ed

DELO
J. de C.

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Rates of Passage-money including all Canal and Transit Dues, but exclusive of Wines, Spirits and Beer, which can be purchased on board the Steamers.

The rates from Bombay to London and Continental Ports are the same as those from Madras.

MADRAS to	Calcutta.	Colombo.	Bombay.	Aden.	Suez.	Brindisi, Ancona, Venice, Trieste, Marseilles and Gibraltar.	Malta.	London.	London via Marseilles by Rail.	Penang.	Singapore.	Hong-Kong.	Shanghai, Yokohama, Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney and King Geo.'s Sound.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
For one berth in a first class Cabin...	80	60	140	250	500	630	580	680	680	210	210	420	400
Children with the parent—3 years and under 10 ..	40	30	70	125	250	315	290	340	340	105	105	210	200
Second Saloon passengers and European servants...	50	30	70	180	280	320	320	370	370	145	145	250	250
Children with the parent—3 years and under 10 ..	25	15	35	90	140	160	160	185	...	73	73	125	125
Native servants ..	25	15	35	90	140	170	160	200	...	73	73	125	125

In those cases where a return ticket has not been taken, an allowance of 20 per cent. on the charge for the return voyage is made to passengers who paid the full fare from Australia and other ports eastward of Suez re-embarking within four months from the date of landing.

Reserved accommodation can be obtained by payment of half a fare for each unoccupied berth in the cabin.

One child under 3 years, if with the parent, free, but no berth provided. Others will be charged a quarter fare each.

Passengers to London, proceeding via Marseilles, are granted through tickets at the direct London rates.

The charge for dogs and cats is Rs. 50 each exclusive of food and attendance.

Passengers purchasing their tickets from the Purser on board will be charged 10 per cent. extra.

TASMANIA AND NEW ZEALAND.

The steamers of the Tasmanian S. N. Co. leave Melbourne frequently for Hobart and Launceston, and usually starts as soon as possible after the arrival of the P. & O. Mail Steamer.

The passage-money is as follows:—

	TO LAUNCESTON.	TO HOBART TOWN.
Saloon ..	£ s. d. 2 5 0	£ s. d. 3 15 0
Do. (return ticket for three months). Payable in Melbourne.	4 0 0	6 10 0

Passengers for New Zealand are transferred at Melbourne to the local steamers carrying the mails under contract with the Colonies.

The rates of passage-money, which must be paid in India, are as follows:—

	1st Class.	Steerage.
To Port Chalmers (for Dunedin) ..	£7-10-0	£4-0-0
„ Bluff Harbour (for Invercargill) ..	£8-10-0	£5-0-0
„ Lyttleton (for Christchurch), Napier, Nelson, Picton, Wellington, Auckland and Taranaki ..	£8-10-0	£5-0-0

The ordinary local rates are somewhat higher than the above, which apply only to through passages.

The steamers leave Melbourne for New Zealand ports about twice a week.

Outward passages from London and other ports can be paid for, in advance, at any of the Company's Agencies in India at the exchange of the day.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS.

Rates from Madras or Bombay.

Route.	1st Class.			2nd Class.		
	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.	3 months.	6 months.	12 months.
To London by Sea, returning—	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
From London by Sea ..	1,000	1,100	1,200	600	650	700
From Brindisi or Venice ..	950	1,050	1,150	550	600	650
From London via Brindisi (including Railway fare) ..	1,100	1,200	...	650	700	...
From London via Brindisi (with 2nd Class Railway fare) ..	1,050	1,150	...	...	...	...
To Venice or Brindisi, returning—						
From Venice or Brindisi ..	900	1,000	1,100	500	550	600
From London by Sea ..	950	1,050	1,150	550	600	650
To Marseilles, returning—						
From Venice or Brindisi ..	900	1,000	1,100	500	550	600
From London by Sea ..	950	1,050	1,150	550	600	650
To London via Brindisi (including Rail), returning—						
From London via Brindisi ..	1,150	1,250	...	690	740	...
From London by Sea ..	1,100	1,200	...	650	700	...
From Venice or Brindisi ..	1,050	1,150	...	600	650	...
To London via Brindisi (including 2nd Class Railway), returning—						
From London via Brindisi (2nd Class Rail) ..	1,080	1,180	...	...	...	...
From London by Sea ..	1,050	1,150	...	...	...	...
To London via Marseilles, returning—						
From London via Brindisi ..	1,100	1,200	...	650	700	...
From London by Sea ..	1,000	1,100	...	600	650	...
To London via Marseilles, returning—						
From London via Brindisi (with 2nd Class Rail) ..	1,050	1,150	...	...	...	...
From Venice or Brindisi ..	950	1,050	...	550	600	...
To London via Taranto, Naples, Rome, &c., returning—						
From London via Rome, Naples and Taranto ..	1,150	1,250	...	690	740	...

The period of the above tickets dates from the day of departure from to that of arrival at Bombay or Madras.

N.B.—Passengers taking through tickets to London via Marseilles must obtain coupons for the Railway journey before leaving Madras.

The Outward Service from Marseilles is discontinued for the present.

In those cases where a return ticket has not been taken at starting an allowance of 20 per cent. on the charge for the return voyage is made to passengers who paid the full fare from Europe or Suez to India (or vice versa) re-embarking within six months from the date of landing, and an abatement of 10 per cent. to those returning within 12 months. Such allowances to be claimed at the time of securing the return passage.

THROUGH SINGLE TICKETS FROM MADRAS OR BOMBAY TO LONDON,

Via Brindisi, including the Continental Railway fare via Modane and Paris:—

1st Class	2nd Class	1st Class passage.
Rs. 750	Rs. 400	2nd Class rail.
		Rs. 700

The Railway coupons require stamping at the Brindisi Railway station before starting. Second Class tickets are not available by the Mail Train which has no carriages of that class attached.

Passengers holding return tickets should forward the same to the Company's Head Office (122, Leadenhall St., London, E. C.) as soon as possible after arrival in England, stating at the same time by what Mail they desire to leave on the Return journey. Their passages will then be booked, and tickets for the outward journey will be issued. The attention of passengers, who wish to ensure travelling by any particular Mail, is specially called to this arrangement.

Via Marseilles, including the Continental Railway fare:—

First Class...Rs. 680 | Second Class...Rs. 370.

The Railway tickets are available for 15 days, and allow the passenger to break the journey at intermediate stations between Marseilles and Paris and at Amiens only between Paris and Calais.

There is a daily fast train from Marseilles to London leaving at 6-37 P.M. and arriving at Charing Cross at 7-15 P.M., occupying only 24½ hours on the journey.

The fares are 1st Class, £7-5-0; 2nd Class, £5-8-9; 56 lbs. of luggage are allowed free to each passenger on the French Railways.

Children over 3 and under 7 years half fare; infants free.

TRIESTE.

Through passengers paying their own Hotel expenses at Venice during the short detention of the vessels there, have now the option of commencing or terminating their voyage at Trieste without further charge, provided they proceed by the monthly steamers between Venice and that port on giving notice to the Company's Agent.

NATIVE SERVANTS.

The rates for Native servants, between ports of India and China, include a passage back to the port of embarkation, should the First class passengers be desirous of sending the servants back at once. The fare for Native servants returning from England within three months after arrival from India is £10 sterling, being half the amount of the full outward fare, and £10 from Brindisi, Venice or Trieste.

Return tickets for Native servants to Adelaide, Melbourne and Sydney, available for nine months for ... Rs. 200

Return tickets for Native servants to London and Italian ports available for three months for ... „ 300

NEW SERVICE.

Through Tickets to and from London, Taranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa.

The P. & O. Co. have now arranged to issue special combined return passage and Railway tickets from India to London via Taranto, Naples, Rome and Genoa and back, so as to afford passengers wishing to visit these places an opportunity of doing so. For rates see page 725.

The special advantage of this new route is, that next to the Mail service, it is the quickest service to England.

There is a fast daily train from Brindisi at 6-8 P.M. and a special train from Brindisi on the arrival of the Mail steamer leaving at 1-24 A.M., corresponding with the departure from Naples for the North at 2-50 P.M. and these trains have sleeping cars with 6 berths attached.

RAILWAY SERVICE FROM BRINDISI, VENICE AND MARSEILLES.

The Indian Mail train leaves Brindisi about one hour after the arrival of the homeward steamer at that port. It includes a Pullman car and one ordinary first class carriage, 30 seats in all. On arrival at Bologna, the terminus of the Pullman car, those passengers who have tickets for the Mann car, which has 18 berths only, proceed on with the Mails to Calais via Paris, while the other passengers are taken in ordinary carriages by the same train to Turin, and resume their journey six hours later by the International train to Paris.

Passengers desirous of travelling through to Calais with the Mails, can have their names registered for berths in the Mann sleeping car, by communicating with the Agent of the P. & O. Co. in time for him to send the necessary advice to Brindisi by the previous Mail. The number of places being limited, it is desirable to give the earliest possible intimation. On arrival at Brindisi, those who have secured their places should apply at once to the Company's Agent for their tickets in the Mann car, the extra charge for which is equivalent to about £3-10-0. The extra charge for the Pullman seats is equivalent to about 17s. 6d., and is collected by the Conductor who accompanies the car.

There are separate lavatories in the cars for ladies and gentlemen and separate compartments can be reserved for ladies if desired.

No charge is made for infants with the parents, and one fare only will be charged for two children under seven years occupying the same berth. Servants pay the same as other passengers.

Meals will be served in the cars, whenever the train does not remain sufficiently long at the Railway buffets.

The only change of cars between Brindisi and Calais takes place at Bologna.

Light refreshments such as wine, soda-water, coffee, &c., can be purchased from the Conductor accompanying the cars, who speaks English, as well as other European languages.

A hand-bag and a bundle of rugs are the only luggage allowed in the sleeping car; but other packages can be conveyed in the baggage van.

The Indian Mail trains have no second class carriages; passengers for this class proceed by the ordinary daily train from Brindisi.

Passengers are allowed 66 lbs. of baggage free between London and Paris, via *Neuchâten and Dieppe*, and 56 lbs. *via Dover or Folkestone*. Between Paris and Modane (where baggage is examined), the junction between the French and Italian Railway, the free allowance is 56 lbs.

On the Italian Railways there is no free allowance of baggage, and the charge from Modane to Brindisi is 4s. 4d. per 20 lbs.

Passengers can break the journey, by the ordinary trains, at any three principal stations between Venice or Bologna and Paris, and at Ancona and Foggia, between Bologna and Brindisi.

The through fares to London are as follows, *via Mont Cenis* :—

	First Class.	Second Class.
From Brindisi ...	£12 9 3	£9 1 3
„ Venice ...	£9 1 6	£6 13 6
„ Marseilles ...	£7 5 0	£5 15 0

Trains leave Brindisi every day for the following towns :—

Names.	Running Time	FARES.	
		1st Class.	2nd Class.
	Hrs. m.	Lire.	Lire.
Rome <i>via</i> Caserta ...	20 0	75-60	52-45
Naples „ Foggia ...	12 40	48-90	34-25
Florence „ Bologna ...	29 0	102-50	71-80
Genoa „ Bologna ...	28 45	125-95	88-20

The exchange is about 25 lire per sovereign.

REGISTRATION OF PASSENGERS' BAGGAGE FROM BRINDISI TO LONDON.

Baggage can now be registered through, without examination, to all the principal towns in France, Germany, Austria and to London; but to no other town in England.

Special labels for registration can be obtained on board the steamer between Alexandria and Brindisi, and passengers are requested to see their packages duly labelled and stacked near the gangway, as on arrival at Brindisi baggage thus treated will immediately be landed and conveyed to the Railway station, where it will be found ready for registration, and passengers whilst on their way to the Custom House (across the quay from the ship) with their hand-bags, should see that this duty is carried out.

PLYMOUTH.

Coupon Railway tickets for London by GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY are issued at all foreign stations of the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY at the following rates :—

First Class ...	32 6
Second Class ...	22 6

Children under 12 years, half price.

In addition to a great saving of expense, these Coupons ensure special advantages to passengers landing from the Company's steamers at Plymouth.

They pass the passengers' baggage through the docks and into the train, free of dock dues and portage; they are available for seven days from the day of landing; and they also admit of the journey being broken at any main line station, provided it is completed within the period, and that application is made to the Booking Clerk at the docks for the necessary authority.

These Coupons must be stamped at the Booking Office at the docks.

In the event of a passenger having omitted to provide himself with a Coupon abroad, he can obtain an order from the Company's Agent, who boards the steamer at Plymouth, for presentation at the Great Western Railway Booking Office on shore, which will be exchanged for a Railway ticket ensuring similar privileges and advantages.

Orders obtainable from the Company's Agent boarding the steamer will also enable passengers proceeding by Great Western Railway to stations other than London to obtain tickets covering all dock and portage dues.

Trains to London.

Leave Plymouth ...	8-35 A.M.	Arrive at Paddington ...	2-45 P.M.
„ „ ...	10-35 „	„ „ ...	6-0 „
„ „ ...	2-8 P.M.	„ „ ...	8-10 „
„ „ ...	2-30 „	„ „ ...	10-20 „

When the number of passengers is sufficiently large, special trains will also be put on to meet the convenience of passengers to London.

Trains from Plymouth to Exeter, Bristol and Bath.

		A.M.	A.M.	A.M.	NOON.	P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
Leave Plymouth	..	8-35	9-5	10-85	12-0	2-8	2-30	3-50
Arrive Exeter	..	10-25	11-40	P.M.	P.M.	3-0	4-17	6-33
„ Bristol	..	P.M.	P.M.	2-25	2-50	6-30	5-29	6-45
„ Bath	..	12-23	4-2	3-17	7-5	5-50	7-17	10-50

Convenient warehouses for the clearance and labelling of baggage, and well appointed waiting rooms, with Railway Booking and Postal Telegraph Offices attached, are provided close to the landing place on the premises of the Great Western Company's Docks.

Compartment in the splendid first class carriages of this line are specially reserved for Saloon passengers landing at PLYMOUTH from the Company's steamers, in order that they may proceed on their journey without being inconvenienced by other travellers.

These carriages will be stationed in front of the baggage warehouse at the docks, so that passengers may take their seats as soon as their baggage is cleared and avoid the necessity of walking or hiring a cab to the Millbay Railway Station.

This station, as well as several first class hotels, are within easy distance of the docks.

ROYAL ALBERT DOCKS (LONDON).

Every facility will be afforded at these docks to those passengers who prefer to proceed to London in the steamer. A frequent Train service is kept up between the docks and the termini at Fenchurch Street and Liverpool Street; and vans of the London Parcels Delivery Company meet every steamer for the collection of baggage for delivery in London, suburbs, or at any of the various Railway stations. A van is also in attendance at the baggage shed daily.

TILBURY (GRAVESEND).

When (on account of the tide) the steamers anchor off Tilbury, occasional opportunities are afforded to passengers to land and proceed thence to London. The steam-boats of the London, Tilbury and South-end Railway Company convey passengers to their station at Tilbury, or to the Pier at Gravesend.

JAPAN.

Passengers are booked through to Japan by the fortnightly China steamers from Bombay, and continue the voyage on from Hong-Kong by one of the Company's local steamers which leave about 2 or 3 days after the arrival of the outward vessel. The vessels proceed through the Inland Sea calling at Nagasaki and Hiogo (Kobe) and reach Yokohama in about 9 days.

Return steamers leave Yokohama fortnightly for Hong-Kong by the same route, arriving a few days before the departure of the Homeward Mail steamer from that port.

Passengers from Madras join the China steamer at Colombo.

AUSTRALIA.

The attention of passengers is called to the facilities that are now given for trips to the Colonies and back. Steamers leave Madras or Bombay fortnightly, and passengers are transferred at Colombo to the Australian steamer. The voyage from Bombay to Melbourne and back can be easily accomplished in 55 days, thus enabling officers and others on short leave to avail themselves of it.

The cost of the return ticket is also particularly low, viz.:-

1st Class.....Rs. 600 | 2nd Class.....Rs. 375

*CONDITIONS, REGULATIONS AND GENERAL INFORMATION.**Passengers.*

The Company's rates of passage-money include steward's fees and table, but not wines, spirits, or beer which can be purchased on board at moderate prices. Bedding, linen and requisite cabin furniture are provided in the steamers at the Company's expense together with the attendance of experienced male and female servants.

Passengers are not allowed to take on board wines, spirits or other liquors for use during the voyage.

Each of the Company's Mail steamers carries a qualified Surgeon.

Servants soliciting gratuities will be dismissed from the Company's service.

Half the amount of passage-money is required to be paid on securing passage, and the balance before embarkation, and can be paid to the Company's Agents either at Calcutta, Bombay, or Madras as may be most convenient.

Passengers not embarking after engaging passage forfeit half the amount of passage-money.

In case, however, of a passenger being unavoidably prevented from availing himself of a passage at the period for which it is taken, transfer of the passage can be effected to a

subsequent steamer, on sufficient notice being given, without forfeiture of any portion of the passage-money.

Cheques or Drafts on England cannot be accepted in payment of passage-money by the Company's Agents at foreign ports.

No berth or cabin is to be occupied by a passenger without application to the Agent on shore, or to the Purser on board. It is to be understood that a passenger occupying a cabin of two or more berths, on the departure of the vessel (unless he shall have paid an additional sum for its exclusive occupation) is not to object to the vacant berth or berths being filled up at the intermediate ports, if required.

Passengers for Australia, China and Straits Settlements are transferred to the steamers for those places at Colombo having usually to remain there some 16 days en route. Passengers will be required to defray their own hotel expenses in the event of detention, and in all cases in which the Company's ships may be placed in quarantine first class passengers will be charged 10s. and second class passengers 5s. per day for their maintenance on board during the detention of the ship.

The Company's steamers to and from Yokohama proceed through the Inland Sea, calling at Nagasaki and Hiogo.

Passengers are at liberty to remain at one or more intermediate ports, and proceed by the succeeding steamer, provided there be room, upon application to the Agent, who will give written permission on the passage ticket.

Passage tickets are granted by the Company, subject to certain conditions and regulations which are endorsed thereon.

Eastward of Suez, rupees will be taken at 1s. 6d. each; dollars at 3s. 4d. each. Westward of Suez, all payments are to be made in sterling.

BAGGAGE.

The attention of passengers by the Company's steamer is respectfully requested to the undermentioned regulations in reference to baggage; much trouble and loss are occasionally caused by their neglect or non-observance. These regulations are equally important to passengers between Suez and Alexandria, for the Egyptian Transit Administration will not accept any responsibility unless they may be strictly complied with.

All Baggage at Passenger's Risk unless Insured.

Insurance on baggage and personal effects can be effected through the Company's Office, Madras. The rate of premium being £1-10 per cent. to London, or £1-3 to Brindisi or Venice.

All baggage should be packed in leather portmanteaux or trunks, marked with the owner's name and port of destination in paint in full, and fastened securely with case locks; padlocks and leather straps being liable to damage or removal.

Deck chairs are conveyed on board at passenger's risk.

Packages containing jewellery, plate, or other valuables, must be specially declared, and freight paid thereon at the Company's established rates, failing which such packages are liable to seizure and confiscation.

First class passengers are allowed 336 lbs. of personal baggage, free of freight; second class passengers 168 lbs. each; children over three and under ten years, half these weights.

Passengers proceeding from Bombay can ship their heavy baggage either at Calcutta or Madras, should they find any convenience in doing so; and if going via Brindisi, can forward any of their packages to London without extra charge.

The charge for conveyance of extra baggage is 10s. per cwt. between any two ports.

Passengers passing through Egypt will be charged by the Transit Administration 7s. per cwt. for conveyance of baggage through, should it exceed, for first class passengers, 336 lbs. each, and second, 200 lbs. each; children over three and under ten years are allowed half the above weight. This amount is collected on board the Company's steamers for the convenience of passengers.

No trunks or boxes are allowed in the Saloon or Cabins, but only small portmanteaux or carpet bags. The portmanteaux for cabin use should not exceed 3 feet in length, 1 foot 3 inches in width, and 1 foot 3 inches in depth.

Passengers who may miss any package of baggage on arrival at their destination are recommended to apply, without delay, to Company's Agent giving full particulars, in writing.

Passengers making their own arrangements for transit through Egypt must claim their baggage on the homeward route at Suez, and on the outward route at Alexandria, as it will not be conveyed through Egypt under the terms of the Company's contract with the Transit Administration.

CAUTION.—Goods of a dangerous nature.—The Company will not receive on board of their vessels any goods of a dangerous or damaging nature. If any such goods be shipped without notice, the shipper will not only be liable to the penalties imposed by Statute, but also for all damages sustained in consequence of such shipment.

NOTICE.—The Company will not be responsible for and shall be exempt from all liability in respect of any detention or delay of passengers arising from any circumstances whatever, and the Company will not be responsible for and shall be exempt from all liability in respect of any detention, loss, damage or injury whatsoever of or to the person, or of or to any luggage,

INDIAN PARCEL POST.

(Packages up to 50 lbs. Weight.)

From London to India, British Burmah and Aden, every Tuesday.

Rates, 1s. per lb.; Books, 6d. per lb., either prepaid or payable on delivery, at sender's option.

From London to Ceylon and the Straits Settlements, every alternate Tuesday.

Rates on Parcels—Ceylon, 9d. per lb.; Books, 6d.; Straits, 9d. per lb. either prepaid or payable on delivery, at sender's option.

The Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Co. are authorised by the *Director-General of the Post Offices of India, &c.*, to receive parcels at their Offices in London, not exceeding 50 lbs. in weight and 3 feet 6 inches in length, and greatest length and girth combined, 6 feet, and not more than £50 in value, for delivery at any Post Town or District throughout India, British Burmah, Aden, Ceylon and the Straits Settlements. They should be entirely closed, and any articles liable to suffer from crushing must be in a strong wooden case. Packages not in wood, if measuring one cubic foot and upwards, must have an outer covering of stout canvas.

Packages containing dangerous articles, or articles of a perishable or damaging nature, will not be received.

Prepayment of Charges is Optional. The charges cover conveyance from London to the address in India, &c., only, and do not include duty, if any, which is levied and payable in India.

Insurance against sea and land risks can be effected by the Company at the rate of 1s. for every £5 or fraction thereof on each parcel, but this must be in all cases prepaid.

Latest hour for the receipt of parcels at the Company's Offices, 122, Leadenhall Street, E.C., and 25, Cockspur Street, S.W., Tuesday, 4 P.M.

Parcels intended for this conveyance must be legibly addressed to their destination in India, &c., marked, "To be forwarded by Indian Parcel Post," and sent to either of the Company's Offices. If sent by post or other conveyance, the parcel, with the full Indian address, must have an outer covering addressed to the Company. In all cases a letter of advice must be forwarded to the Company, stating Indian name and address of package, and value and contents, for Custom House clearance; and also distinctly stating whether carriage is to be prepaid or not. Should more than one package be forwarded, a separate advice must be sent for each, and the contents and value of each declared, and if prepayment is required, the amount due for carriage, &c., must be enclosed in the letter, payable to Mr. A. M. BETHUNE, Secretary, or when sent to Cockspur Street, to Mr. F. H. FURTH, Agent.

Senders of parcels from the country will receive a receipt for them from the Company in due course.

If no advice accompanies book packages, they will be liable to be charged at the 1/ rate, and if a receipt is required, a stamped and directed envelope must be enclosed in the advice.

Remittance from the country must be by Cheque, Post Office or Postal Order: Penny stamps will be received if the amount does not exceed one shilling, but they must not be defaced or affixed to the package. Stamps of a higher denomination cannot be received.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Incorporated 1856.

Offices.—13, Austin Friars, London (E.C.); No. 203, West George Street, Glasgow. Secretary.—

Managing Agents in India.—Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co., Calcutta.

Agents in Bombay.—Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie & Co.

Agents in Madras.—Messrs. Binny & Co.

Dates of departure and arrival and rates of passage money are subject to alteration from time to time.

Rates of freight can be ascertained on application to the Company's Agents, and are in all cases the subject of special arrangement.

Names of the Company's Agents.

Aden.....	Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw and Brothers.	Batticaloa	Messrs. Glenny & Co.
Akyab	" Bulloch Brothers & Co.	Beyport	" Stanes & Co.
Algiers.....	Mr. F. M. Burke.	Bimlipatani	" Stuart Hall & Co.
Alleppey	Messrs. Andrew & Co.	Bombay	" Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.
Baghdad	" Gray, Mackenzie & Co.	Bunder Abbas	" Gray, Paul & Co.
Bahrein	" Gray, Paul & Co.	Busheer	" Ditto.
Barwah	" Arbuthnot & Co.	Busreh.....	" Gray, Mackenzie & Co.
Bassein	" Bulloch Brothers & Co.	Calicut.....	" Andrew & Co.

Calingapatam.....	Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.	Mangalore	Messrs. Alstons & Co.
Cannanore	" Heerjee M. & Sons.	Masulipatam	" Maiden & Co.
Carwar	" Robertson Bros. & Co.	Mergui.....	" Mr. Tha Doon.
Chittagong	" Bulloch Bros. & Co.	Moulmein	" W. Kennedy.
Cochin	" Aspinwall & Co.	Mozambique.....	Messrs. Hansing & Co.
Cocanada.....	" Hall, Wilson & Co.	Muscat.....	" W. J. Towell & Co.
Colachel.....	Mr. Thos. Henderson.	Narrakal.....	" Aspinwall & Co.
Colombo.....	Messrs. Alstons, Scott & Co.	Negapatam	" Adamson & Co., Mac-
Coompta	" P. Chrystal & Co.		taggart & Co.
Cuddalore	" Parry & Co.	Penang.....	Mr. A. Liebert.
Delagon Bay.....	The Handles Company.	Pondicherry.....	Messrs. Galliers Monthrun and
False Point.....	Mr. D. Mackinnon.		Co.
Galle	Messrs. Delmege, Ried & Co.	Pooree	" F. J. V. Minchin & Co.
Garjam	" F. J. V. Minchin & Co.	Port Said.....	" Worms, Josse & Co.
Goa	Mr. L. S. Rebelro.	Quillimane	The African Lakes Co., Ltd.
Gopulpore	Messrs. F. J. V. Minchin & Co.	Quilon	Mr. D. E. Cameron.
Gvadur	" W. J. Towell & Co.	Rangoon	Messrs. Bulloch Brothers and
Hodeida	" Cowasjee, Dinshaw and Co.		Co.
Jeddah.....	" Wyld, Beys & Co.	Ratnagerry.....	Mr. Govind Kishewsett.
Inhabane	The Handles Company.	Singapore.....	Messrs. Hamilton, Gray and
Karikal.....	Mr. A. Anderson.		Co.
Kurrachee.....	Messrs. Mackinnon, Mackenzie and Co.	Suez	" G. Beys & Co.
Kyook Phyo	" Gillam & Co.	Tavoy	Mr. M. Lubhai Saib.
Linga	" Gray, Paul & Co.	Tellicherry.....	Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.
Lisbon	" Knowles, Rawes & Co.	Tuticorin.....	" Adamson & Co., Mactag-
London	" Gray, Dawes & Co.		gart and Co.
Madras	" Binny & Co.	Vingorla	Mr. Wamun Appajee.
Malacca	" L. Neubronner & Co.	Vizagapatam.....	Messrs. Stuart Hall & Co.
Malta	" Smith & Co.	Waddagerry	" Arbuthnot & Co.
		Xperopolium	" Hall, Wilson & Co.
		Zanzibar	" Smith, Mackenzie & Co.

Fleet of Steamers belonging to the British India Steam Navigation Company, Limited.

Names.	Signal Letters.	Gross Register Tonnage.	Net Register Tonnage.	Nominal H. P.	Commanders.
Africa.....	M W F B	2032	1318	250	J M Cowper
*Almora	M K D W	2613	1714	300	A Hay
Arabia	V Q H J	1080	674	140	C R Kendall
Arco	J V N W	1782	1132	200	W Parsonage
Asia.....	J Q T D	1766	1139	200	Alexander
Assyria	N S W M	1495	969	200	J C Tico
Avagyeo	J Q T L	427	247	76	F Sheldrick
Baghdad	K L W S	1271	809	180	F Frohawk
Bancoora	V D W F	2880	2170	300	G Brown
Bhundara	T N F C	2899	2190	300	W Britten
Booldana	T H W N	2823	2134	300	A Clark
*Bulimba	W T T Q	2503	1613	300	G D Clarke
Busheer	V W Q B	792	539	120	H G Creft
Byculla	R N L M	1464	1079	180	S Warrington
Canara	N L W Q	1963	1222	206	J M Simpson
Chanda	Q N P H	2022	1305	220	G W Gunning
Chilka	W V P Q	1944	1450	200	A Calder
Chindwara	S H T N	1983	1487	200	J W Livingstone
Chupra	S F R L	1944	1432	180	J Stewart
*Chyebassa	N K P J	2644	1711	348	F A Wilson
Cocanada	J L W F	862	547	120	T Johnston
Colaba	R M D G	1460	1071	130	A K Stebbing
Commilla	W T H B	872	550	140	O R Mitchell
Culna	S G L Q	1984	1469	200	R B Wood
*Dacca	W H N C	3909	2545	500	A Morris
*Dorunda	W T G J	2977	1943	400	N R Sayers
Ellora	S G P W	1970	1471	200	T E Gillett
Ethiopia	N D H K	2032	1314	256	W S Paterson
Euphrates	V G P C	803	500	120	H P Jones
Goa	W S N L	1906	1232	206	T W Lewins
Goalpara	H S C L	2114	1355	200	J Johnstone
Goorkha	W J V R	4104	2660	500	J Henderson

* Steamers of the British India Association, running on the London to India and Queensland Lines.

Fleet of Steamers belonging to the British India Steam Navigation Company, Limited—concluded.

Names.	Signal Letters.	Gross Register Tonnage	Net Register Tonnage	Nominal H. P.	Commanders.
Henzada	T B J Q	2078	1344	200	J. Avern
Himalaya	J Q V C	1427	910	193	J. Bellwood
Huzara	T D J P	2078	1344	200	D. Campbell
India	W D T V	4065	2634	500	C. M. H. Day
Java	L M F G	1465	943	180	C. R. Kendall
Junna		5197	3374	74	A. Morris
Kangra	V F N M	1952	1480	200	J. Stone
Kerbela	T R W J	1937	1453	200	J. Avern
Khandalla	N Q D Y	2040	1318	221	R. D. Dougherty
Kilwa	R V H S	1552	993	200	M. England
Lalpoora	J V K B	3269	2148	370	J. Smith
Laudara			214	370	R. L. Turner
Lawada	J W B L	3269	2148	370	J. Gray
Loodiana	J T Q R	3269	2148	370	A. P. Turner
Madura	M Q T N	1942	1266	300	A. Penfound
Malda	M S N J	1945	1269	300	H. Hewett
Manora	J H D B	4707	3040	650	T. Turner
Mecca	M K F B	1450	936	180	J. A. Magenis
Medina	Q L P F	811	524	112	
Mergui	J V H N	244	125	51	
*Merkara	P D C W	2971	1950	400	G. Phillips
*Navarino	M N Q R	3400	2160	340	L. T. Bergemann
Nerbudda	H G D L	2977	1948	324	W. Dunt
Nevasa	J L K Q	2950	1932	326	T. P. Nailer
Nowshera	H Q N J	2962	1938	324	R. H. Coope
Nuddea	H V Q M	2961	1939	324	A. B. Cave
Oriental	H P N M	1496	939	165	G. A. Shepherd
Pachumba	W T N G	867	544	140	J. B. Macfadyen
Palitana	K H V S	2998	1956	200	M. England
Patna	L F K V	1780	1132	400	J. B. Pearson
Pemba	Q W N M	1536	987	280	D. Stuart
Purulia	R W D F	1554	993	200	J. Hart
Puttala				500	H. B. Smith
*Quetta	V M N G	3302	2147	40	A. A. Hansard
Rajpootana	N P K J	2030	1312	221	A. Sanders
Rangoon	W T K B	547	215	400	C. Kruse
Rewa	W K V M	4017	2623	500	A. W. Mann
*Roma	M H W R	2617	1696	500	J. Templeton
Satara	J Q V K	1301	821	200	J. B. Macfadyen
Scindia	S M K T	2661	1986	270	J. Stafford
Secundra	J D T Q	2613	1691	181	J. C. Sharp
Simla	S D F K	1615	1039	180	W. Major
Sirdhana	S K T G	2661	1973	270	W. Johnston
Sirsa	J C G S	2610	1691	180	Windebank
Umballa	T H D C	1908	1240	210	G. F. Withers
*Waroonga	H G Q W	2506	1614	300	A. Fyfe
Wardha					
Warora					

Lines in Operation.

No.	1.	2.	3.	4.	5.	6.	7.	8.	9.	10.	11.	12.	13.	14.
	Calcutta, Rangoon and Moulmein	Calcutta, Chittagong, Arracan and Burmah	Rangoon, Moulmein, Tavoy and Mergui	Madras, Coramandel Ports to Rangoon	Bombay, Kurrachee, Persian Gulf	Bombay and Kurrachee	Bombay, Kurrachee, Persian Gulf	Calcutta, Rangoon and Moulmein	Calcutta, Bombay and intermediate Coast Ports	Calcutta to Queensland and Australia	London, Kurrachee and Western India	Bombay and East African	London and Calcutta	London, Java and Queensland
	Weekly.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Frequently.	Weekly.	Fortnightly.	Do.	Monthly.	Fortnightly.	Monthly.

* Steamers of the British India Association, running on the London to India and Queensland Lines.

ASIATIC STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

Head Office.—6, Dale Street, Liverpool.

Managing Agents in India.—Messrs. Turner, Morrison & Co., Calcutta.

Agents in Bombay.—W. J. Fernie, Esq.

Agents in Madras.—Messrs. Wilson & Co.

Agents in Rangoon.—Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.

Dates of departure and arrival and rates of passage money are subject to alteration from time to time.

Rates of freight can be ascertained on application to the Company's Agents and on all cases are subject to special arrangement.

NAMES OF COMPANY'S AGENTS.

Aden	Messrs. Cowasjee Dinshaw and Bros.	Jaffnapatam	J. H. Toussaint, Esq.
Akyab	Thos. H. Rooke, Esq.	Jedda	J. S. Oswald, Esq.
Alleppey	James Darragh, Esq.	Karikal	Messrs. M. Ganapathy Pillay & Co.
Berhamapore	Messrs. Simson Bros.	Kottapatam	Messrs. Simson Bros.
Beypore	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.	Kurrachee	Messrs. Volkart Bros.
Bimlipatam	Messrs. Simson Bros.	Madras	Messrs. Wilson & Co.
Bombay	W. J. Fernie, Esq.	Mangalore	Nowrojee Bazonjee, Esq.
Bushire	Messrs. J. C. P. Hotz & Son.	Masulipatam	Messrs. Simson Bros.
Batticaloa	Messrs. Fielder & Co.	Moulmein	The Bombay Burmah Trading Corporation, Ltd.
Calicut	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.	Narrakel	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.
Calingapatam	Messrs. Simson Bros.	Negapatam	Messrs. M. Ganapathy Pillay & Co.
Cannanore	Sorabjee Eduljee, Esq.	Penang	Messrs. Katz Bros.
Carwar	Shapoorjee Cowasjee Canna.	Pondicherry	Messrs. A. Annamalle M. Doucissamy & Co.
Coconada	Messrs. Simson Bros.	Poores	Hajee Jackriah Hajee Ahmed, by his representative Moonshee Abdool Kurreem.
Chittagong	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.	Port Blair	O. H. Brookes, Esq.
Cochin	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.	Andamans	
Colachel	Syed Bapoo Cooty Pillay.	Porto Novo	S. Mathena Saib Maracaya.
Colombo	Messrs. Aitkin, Spence & Co.	Rangoon	Messrs. Gillanders, Arbuthnot & Co.
Cuttack	Hajee Jackriah Hajee Ahmed, by his representative Ahmed Cassim.	Singapore	Messrs. Katz Bros.
False Point	Do. do. do.	Tellicherry	Messrs. Peirce, Leslie & Co.
Galle	Messrs. John Black & Co.	Tuticorin	Messrs. Volkart Bros.
Gopalpore	Messrs. Simson Bros.	Vizagapatam	Messrs. Simson Bros.
Guntoor	do. do.		

Fleet of Steamers belonging to the Asiatic Steam Navigation Company, "Limited."

NAMES.	Signal Letters.	Gross Register Tonnage.	Nominal H. P.	Commanders.
Kohinur	J. S. F. L.	2967	350	J. Bullock.
Maharaja	S. M. H. V.	1666	185	W. R. Wright.
Maharani	S. N. R. F.	1667	185	H. R. Burleigh.
Nurjahan	J. Q. F. P.	2967	350	W. Mason.
Peshwa	T. G. R. B.	2159	188	J. Carson.
Shahjehan	S. P. V. G.	1650	185	J. L. Leftwich.
Shahzada	S. J. N. D.	1666	185	W. Edge.

Lines in Operation.

- (1). Calcutta and Madras and back via Coast Ports—Fortnightly.
- (2). Calcutta to Rangoon and Moulmein and back—Fortnightly.
- (3). Calcutta to Port Blair, Nicobars and Rangoon and back—Monthly.

ESTABLISHED 1790.

THE LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS,

166, MOUNT ROAD, MADRAS.

Printing, Book-binding, and Stationery.

LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S CARD PLATES ENGRAVED AND PRINTED.

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Medical Lists and Army Regulations under authority.

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No. 1/167, MOUNT ROAD.

PLAIN AND FANCY STATIONERY:

Ball Programme Cards, Name and Menu Cards
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AND

ILLUSTRATED MARRIAGE CARDS.

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LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS,

Jany. 1888.

G. W. TAYLOR,

Superintendent.

FRENCH MAIL STEAM-SHIPS.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES DE FRANCE.

Under Contract with the French Government.

MAIL SERVICE TO INDIA, THE STRAITS, BATAVIA, COCHIN-CHINA, AND JAPAN,
Via Suez Canal.

COMPANY'S OFFICES.

AGENTS, SUB-AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS.

Paris	Company's Head Office and Booking Office for passengers— 1, Rue Vignon (Boulevard de la Madeleine). Booking Office for Goods— 10, Place de la République.
Marseilles ...	2, Quai de la Joliette & 16, Rue Cannebière.
Bordeaux ...	19, Quai de Bacalan, and 1, Cours du Chapeau Rouge.
London	Agency—97, Cannon Street, E.C. Sub-Agency—51, Pall Mall, S. W. Freight Office—Messrs. Gellatly, Hankey, Sewell & Co., the Company's Brokers, 109, Leadenhall Street.
Liverpool....	G. H. Fletcher & Co., Mersey Chambers, Old Churchyard.
Manchester.	Gellatly, Hankey, Sewell & Co., Bridgewater Buildings, Albert Square.
Glasgow	do. do. 101-5, Vincent Street.
Hamburg.....	Eugène Cellier.
Rotterdam....	Smith and Co.
Antwerp.....	Gellatly, Hankey, Sewell and Co., 5, Quai St. Pierre.
Le Havre.....	R. Odinet.
Mulhouse.....	Wolf.
Madrid	Canligas ag.
INDIA, BATAVIA COCHIN-CHINA, CHINA AND JAPAN LINES.	
Colombo.....	Ruinat, ag.
Pondicherry ..	De Lautree, ag.
Madras	De Guigné, ag.
Calcutta	Martin, ag.
Penang	Boustead & Co.
Singapore	Paul Brasier, ag.
Batavia	William Suernomdt, c.
Saigon	Rolland, pr. ag.
Haiphong.....	Ed. Jubiot, ag.
AUSTRALIA AND NEW CALEDONIA LINE.	
Suez	Edmond Pourpe, ag.
Aden	Siméon.
Mahe (Seychelles).	Félix Cheyron, ag.
St. Denis (La Ré- union).....	M. Chauvet, ag.
Port Louis (Mauri- tius).....	Blyth Brothers, ag.
Adelaide	Harrold Brothers, c.
Melbourne	Dalgety & Co., c.
Sydney	André Conil, pr. ag.
Noumea	Pelletier, c.
Auckland (N.Z.)...	Henderson & Macfar- lane, c.
Ballarat (Victoria)	J. J. Galler & Co., c.
Brisbane (Queensland).....	Parbury-Lamb and Co., c.
Christchurch (N.Z.).....	Cuff & Graham, c.
Dunedin (N.Z.).....	Neill & Co., c.
Geelong (Victoria)	Dalgety, Sbotson and Co., c.
Hobart (Tasmania)	W. Crosby & Co., c.
Launceston (Tasmania).....	Ducroz, Smith and Co., c.
Newcastle (N.S.W.).....	C. F. Stokes and Co., c.
Rockhampton (Queensld.).....	Walter Reid & Co.
Wellington (N.Z.).....	Levin & Co., c.

Fleet of the Messageries Maritimes Company.

INDIA, CHINA AND JAPAN LINES.

	Tonnage.	H. P.		Tonnage.	H. P.
Melbourne	3847 screw	600	Djemnah	3528 screw	600
Saghalien	3822 —	600	Océanien	4038 —	600
Oxus	3562 —	600	Ava	3122 —	500
Anadyr	3516 —	600	Tanais	1733 —	280
Yang-tse	3560 —	600	Tibre	1711 —	280
Iraouaddy	3532 —	600	Godavery	1409 —	280

COCHIN CHINA LINES.

	Tonnage.	H. P.		Tonnage.	H. P.
Aréthuse.....	1118 screw	250	Saigon	1300 screw	150
Iliesus	1173 —	240	Hai-Phong.....	1493 —	250
Meinam	1397 —	280	Volga	1529 —	280

AUSTRALIA AND NEW CALEDONIA LINE.						
Tonnage.			H. P.			
English.			Nominal.			
			<i>Local Steamers.</i>			
Tonnage.			H. P.			
English.			Nominal.			
Caledonian	4008	screw	600	Ebre	1757	screw 280
Sydney	4021	—	600	Dupleix	1409	— 280
Salazie	4037	—	600	Erymanthe	1957	— 310
Yarra	4016	—	600			
Natal	3828	—	600			

ITINERARIES

ON THE INDIA, BATAVIA, COCHIN-CHINA, CHINA AND JAPAN LINES (*Via Suez Canal*).

MAIN LINE.

(Every fourteen days.)

Every alternate Sunday, at 10 A.M., beginning on Sunday, 14th January 1888.

From Marseilles to Alexandria, Port Said, Suez, Aden, Colombo, Singapore, Saigon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai and Yokohama.

BRANCH LINES.

From Colombo to Pondicherry, Madras and Calcutta, every 14 days, viz.:—

From Marseilles, beginning on Sunday, January 15th.

Colombo, " " Sunday, February 5th.

From Singapore to Batavia, every 14 days, in connection with each arrival of the Main Line steamer there; from Marseilles, beginning on Tuesday, January 31st.

From Saigon to the Tonquin Ports, every 14 days, in correspondence with the arrivals at Saigon, of the Main Line steamers from Marseilles.

From Saigon to Singapore, every 14 days, in alternation with the Main Line steamers.

N.B.—For particulars, with reference to dates of arrivals and departures at each port, and alterations depending on the seasons, see Table B of Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships.

General information on the different Routes and Lines.

CEYLON, BATAVIA, COCHIN-CHINA, CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Company's steamers leave Marseilles every alternate Sunday, at 10 A.M., beginning on Sunday, the 1st of January.

Passengers from Paris, London or Rotterdam should start from:—

Paris, on the previous Saturday morning,

at the latest.

London, on the previous Friday evening,

at the latest.

Rotterdam, on the previous Thursday

evening, at the latest.

Antwerp, on the previous Friday morning,

at the latest.

The proposed movements of the steamers, indicating the days of departure and of arrival at the extreme points and in the stations will be seen in Table B of Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships.

Average time of Passages.

MAIN LINE.

From Marseilles to Port Said (calling at Alexandria), 6 days.

From Port Said to Suez (*via Suez Canal*), about 24 hours.

From Suez to Aden—about 4 days and half to 5 days.

From Aden to Colombo—about 8 to 9 days.

From Colombo to Singapore—about 5 days and half.

From Singapore to Saigon—about 2½ to 3 days.

From Saigon to Hong-Kong—about 4 days.

From Hong-Kong to Shanghai—about 3 to 4 days (according to the season).

From Shanghai to Kobe—4 days; from Kobe to Yokohama about 2 days.

BRANCH LINES.

From Singapore to Batavia—about 48 hours.

From Colombo to Calcutta—about 7 days (including the stations).

Making the average time for the whole journey (including the stations), by this route:—

From London to Shanghai—about 12 to 17 days, accord-

ing to the season.

From London to Yokohama—about 15 to 16 days, accord-

ing to the season.

From London to Batavia—about 32 to 34 days.

From London to Calcutta—about 31 days.

On the homeward trip, the days of departure from the ports called at by the main or branch line steamers are shown by the time-table (see Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships).

The days and hours of departures from Marseilles, Yokohama, Shanghai, Hong-Kong, Batavia and Calcutta are the only fixed dates, subject, however, to the alterations occa-

These indications are subordinate to the changes which may take place in the hours of departures of Railway trains or other conveyances used for the journey to Marseilles. (Average time of transit approximative.)

Inclusive of two days for the Overland journey from London to Marseilles.

sioned by changes in the monsoon. The days of departures from and arrivals at the other ports are subordinate to the length of the passage.

Should the Yokohama or Shanghai boats be delayed on their trips, the departure from Hong-Kong of the main line steamer may be postponed 48 hours after the arrival of the two steamers.

The boats on the Calcutta, Batavia and Yokohama lines are not allowed to leave Colombo, Singapore or Hong Kong before the arrival of the steamer from Marseilles.

During the N. E. monsoon, from November to March, an allowance of 2 supplementary days is made on the passage from Suez to Japan.

During the S. W. monsoon, from May to September, the departures from Yokohama are anticipated 4 days, from Shanghai and Hong Kong 3 days, from Saigon 3 days, from Singapore 2 days, and from Colombo 1 day.

In the ocean or river tidal ports, the hours of departures are regulated by the tides.

As a rule, the Mails are to profit by any advance obtained in the navigation of the steamer.

Bombay *via* Marseilles.

In consequence of arrangements with the Peninsular and Oriental Company, through tickets from Marseilles to Bombay, viz.:—

By the M. M. steamers from Marseilles to Alexandria,

P. & O. " " Suez to Bombay,

are issued at the P. & O. Co.'s Offices, 122, Leadenhall Street, E.C.; also at the M. M. Co.'s Offices, 97, Cannon Street, E.C., at the following prices:—

FIRST CLASS.....£62

SECOND CLASS.....£31 (Second Class P. & O. and Third Class M. M.)

Exclusion of the cost of transit through Egypt (Rail from Alexandria to Suez), viz.:—

FIRST CLASS.....£3

SECOND CLASS.....£2

The M. M. Co.'s steamers leave Marseilles for Alexandria every Thursday at noon, due at destination on the following Wednesday, at 5 P.M., and generally arriving at daylight on the same day; the P. & O. Co.'s steamers leave Suez for Bombay every Thursday at midnight.

Passengers are requested to take notice that neither Company is responsible for any failure of the steamers of the one to connect with those of the other; and that neither is responsible for the consequences of any act or default of the other.

Similar tickets from Bombay to Marseilles can be obtained from the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company's Agent, in the former city.

London, Havre and Marseilles Service (Cargo only).

This service includes:—

1. Departures from London to Havre and Marseilles and *vice versa* every 14 days in connection with the India, China and Japan lines.

2. A departure from London to Havre and Marseilles and *vice versa*, every 28 days in connection with the Australia and New Caledonia line.

The steamers in connection with the main line from Australia do not call at Havre on the voyage up to London. Both the above services are in connection at Marseilles with all the Mediterranean lines.

For general information, rates of passage money and parcel business, on all lines of the Company, also for *specie shipments*, and for the overland service, through France, to all ports, apply to the Company's London Agency, 97, Cannon Street, E.C.

For passage and parcel business only, apply at the West-End Sub-Agency, 51, Pall Mall, S.W.

For freight and insurance, apply to the Company's Loading Brokers, Messrs. Gellatly, Hankey, Sewell & Co., 109, Leadenhall Street, E. C.

General information on the application of the Tariffs.

TRANSIT THROUGH FRANCE AND THE SUEZ CANAL.

The Company's rates of passage money are for the sea journey from Marseilles only (including the Suez Canal dues on passengers). They include the food and Steward's fees, also table wine or beer to First, beer or claret to Second, and claret to Third Class passengers.

For the convenience of passengers embarking at Marseilles on the Company's steamers through Railway tickets from London to Marseilles are kept and sold at 97, Cannon Street, E.C., as follows:—

	First Class.			Second Class.			Available.
<i>Via Dover and Calais—</i>	£.	s.	d.	£.	s.	d.	
First Class	7	5	9	—	—	—	15 Days.
(Without change of carriage between Calais and destination when such service exists.)							
„ Dover and Calais	7	5	0	5	8	9	15 Do.
„ Folkestone and Boulogne	7	1	3	5	6	0	15 Do.
„ Newhaven and Dieppe	5	18	1	4	7	10	1 Month.

Only First Class tickets are available by Express trains between Paris and Marseilles. N.B.—For particulars on the different Railway routes and fares see the time-tables and tariffs of the respective Railway Companies.

I.—ACCOMMODATION, WINES AND SPIRITS.

All First Class passengers are entitled to one berth in a Saloon or Batterie cabin. *Reserved accommodation for one First Class passenger* can be obtained by application to the Company by paying 50 per cent. additional fare.

Table wines or beer are supplied free to First, beer or claret to Second, and claret to Third Class passengers; extra wines, spirits, beer, and liquors, can be purchased on board the steamers.

Passengers are not allowed to take on board wines, spirits, or other liquors for use during the voyage.

First or Second Class *native* passengers, who do not wish to partake of the ordinary European diet, may pay the amount of passage money only, the price of food being deducted, as per tariff of the Company.

II.—CHILDREN.

Infants under 3 years of age, if with parent, free. Children of 3 and upwards to 10 years of age, half of the fare paid by the persons accompanying them.

One berth only is provided for 2 children paying half-fares.

III.—EUROPEAN SERVANTS.

Passengers' European servants will be admitted as Second or Third Class passengers, paying that rate.

IV.—PASSENGERS' NATIVE SERVANTS.

Passengers' native servants pay the rate of deck passage without diet; they get, however, Natives diet and remain on deck.

Native servants travelling Third Class are carried under the same conditions as European servants paying that fare (see Art. III).

Between Hong-Kong, Shanghai and Yokohama, and *vice versa*, the free passage of a male native servant is allowed to First Class passengers.

V.—NATIVE SERVANTS AND THEIR RETURN.

Native servants are admitted as deck passengers, or as Third Class passengers. When brought to Europe by a First Class passenger and sent back *immediately* to a port eastward of Aden, they are entitled to a free return passage in the former case, and to a reduction of 50 per cent. in the latter case. If sent back within three months after arrival, they will be allowed half-fare reduction, if deck passengers, and only 30 per cent. reduction, if Third Class passengers.

VI.—SPECIAL CHEAP RETURN TICKETS.

Cheap return tickets are issued for periods of 3, 6, 9, and 12 months. (For particulars of rates, see Table E of Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships). These tickets are personal and cannot be transferred.

VII.—REDUCTION ON RETURN PASSAGE HOMEWARD AND OUTWARD.

A reduction on the return passage is made as follows to passengers from ports east of Aden to Europe (or *vice versa*) who, not having been able to avail themselves of the special return tickets system, have paid full fare on their preceding voyage, viz.:

20 % when re-embarking within six months from date of arrival;
10 % " " within twelve months from date of arrival.

VIII.—RETURN TICKETS IN THE INTERMEDIATE PORTS.

Special return tickets, available for 4 months from date of departure to arrival on return 1st, 2nd and 3rd class, are issued at a reduction of 25% on the tariff rates, between any two ports situate eastward of Aden.

N.B.—The reductions mentioned in Articles VII and VIII of Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships are calculated on the full rate of the passage money (including the victualling); the reductions for return passages are calculated on the special rates as fixed by Articles II, III, IV and V; but are not to be cumulated with any other reduction.

IX.—BEDDING, LINEN—STEWARDS' FEES.

Bedding, linen, and all requisite cabin furniture for First, Second, and Third Class, are provided in the steamers at the Company's expense, together with the attendance of experienced male and female servants for First and Second Class passengers. Servants soliciting gratuities shall be dismissed from the Company's service.

X.—MEDICAL ATTENDANCE.

Each of the Company's steamers carries a qualified Surgeon, whose attendance as regulated by the Company's Bye-laws, is free of charges.

XI.—BOOKING RULES.

Half the passage money, when the amount exceeds £20, is required to be paid on securing passage, and the balance a fortnight before embarkation.

Passengers not embarking after engaging passage, forfeit the deposit of half the amount of passage money.

In case, however, of a passenger being unavoidably prevented from availing himself of a passage at the period for which it was taken, a transfer of the passage to a subsequent steamer can be effected, on sufficient notice being given, without forfeiture of any portion of the deposit paid, and accommodation will be allotted as similar as circumstances will permit.

Cheques, Letters of Credit, &c., remitted by post, to be drawn in favour of the "Messageries Maritimes Company's London Agent, or Order," and crossed "London Joint Stock Bank."

Cheques or drafts on England cannot be accepted in payment of passage money by the Company's Agents at foreign ports, nor can cheques or drafts on foreign countries be accepted for payment of passage in London.

No berth or cabin is to be occupied by a passenger without application to the Agent on shore, or to the Purser on board. It is to be understood that a passenger occupying a cabin of two or more berths, on the departure of the vessel (unless he shall have paid an additional sum for its exclusive occupation), is not to object to the vacant berth or berths being filled up at the intermediate ports, if required.

XII.—HOTEL EXPENSES—QUARANTINE.

Passengers will have to defray their own expenses for Hotels, in the event of any detention, and in all cases in which the Company's ships may be placed in quarantine, First Class passengers will be charged 12s., Second Class passengers 9s., 8d., Third Class passengers 6s., Deck passengers 2s. 6d. per day for their maintenance on board during the detention of the ship.

XIII.—HORSES, DOGS AND CARRIAGES.

Horses, dogs and carriages are carried on deck at prices fixed by tariff or per agreement, without liability for the Company in case of accident. Horse-boxes and food are to be supplied by the sender.

Dogs belonging to passengers will be taken on deck at a charge, not including feeding, of one-tenth of the amount of passage money paid by their owners, such charge not to exceed £4. The dogs must be placed in charge of the butcher on board, and under no circumstances are admitted on the quarter-deck or in the saloon.

XIV.—OBSERVANCE OF THE GENERAL REGULATIONS.

Passengers must comply with the regulations established on board the steamers for the general comfort and safety.

Deck Passengers.

No deck passage will be issued except to the French Government passengers; in no case, even between intermediate ports, will women and children be admitted as deck passengers.

Baggage.

The attention of passengers by the Company's steamers is respectfully requested to the undermentioned regulations with reference to baggage: much trouble and loss are occasionally caused by their neglect or non-observance.

All baggage should be packed in leather portmanteaux or trunks, marked with the owner's name and port of destination in paint, in full, and fastened securely with case locks, padlocks and leather straps being liable to damage or removal. The Company will not be responsible for the safe conveyance of insecure packages. Canvas covers to packages of baggage are not recommended, as they are frequently removed, and lead to the loss of the Packages.

The baggage of passengers must contain only their personal effects, or freight must be paid thereon. *Shipment of goods or stores as baggage is strictly prohibited.*

Specie, jewels, plate, and other valuables (over £120 for each passenger) are to be specially declared to the Company's Booking Agent, or to the Officer in charge of the Luggage.

Unless this declaration be made when the luggage is registered, the liability of the Company is limited to £120.

In all cases evidence must be given in support of claims, if any.

Any infringement of these regulations will subject the packages to detention for freight by the Company's Agents or Custom House authorities.

All baggage at passengers' risk unless insured.

All baggage must be shipped not later than noon on the day previous to sailing, except one portmanteau for cabin use, carpet bags or hat boxes.

The portmanteaux for cabin use should not exceed 3 ft. in length, 1 ft. 3 in. in width, and 1 ft. 3 in. in depth.

Deck chairs forwarded from London, and received on board at owner's risk.

Baggage is daily placed (when the weather and the necessities of the service on board permit it) at the disposal of the passengers in the baggage room between Suez and the port of destination. It can be occasionally hoisted in the between decks or cabins on application to the officer in charge.

No trunks or large boxes are allowed in the cabins, but only small portmanteaux or carpet bags.

Passengers who may miss any package of baggage on arrival at their destination are recommended to apply, *without delay*, to the Company's Agent, giving full particulars, in writing, when application will at once be made to the Missing Baggage Department.

Baggage allowance and tariffs from Marseilles.

When embarking at Marseilles, First and Second Class passengers are allowed on board the Company's steamers from Marseilles 150 kilogrammes of personal luggage, free of freight; children paying half-fare, and third class, or deck passengers, are allowed 75 kilogrammes.

A passenger paying for a reserved accommodation is allowed 250 kilogrammes of personal luggage free.

Excess of luggage over the above limits of allowance will be charged as follows:—

From one port to any other port, the nearest one excepted 20s. per 100 kilos.

From one port to the nearest port 12s. per 100 kilos.

The reduction of 30 per cent. which is allowed to Passengers booked by order of the French Government, is extended to the charges on their extra luggage.

Baggage allowance and tariffs from London.

Passengers booked in London are entitled to the free conveyance of luggage from London as follows:—

	Quantity of personal luggage allowed free of freight.
First and Second Class passengers.....	3 cwt.
Children from 3 to 10 years of age, paying half-fare of either of above classes	1½ "
Third Class passengers	1½ "

A passenger taking reserved accommodation will be allowed 5 cwt. of personal luggage free.

N.B.—Luggage is received at the Company's London Agency, 97, Cannon Street, E.C., or at the Sub-Agency, 51, Pall Mall, S.W.

(1) Sixteen days before the date of departure of the mail steamer from Marseilles, for conveyance to Marseilles via Gibraltar Straits (by one of the Company's cargo steamers from London); or

(2) Nine days before the date of departure of the Mail Steamer from Marseilles, to be forwarded to Marseilles, by the overland route (via Boulogne).

In either case the allowance is as above stated. Extra luggage will be charged as follows:—

(1) At the rate of 10s. per cwt., if forwarded via Gibraltar Straits.

(2) At the rate of 26s. per cwt., if forwarded via Boulogne.

All baggage at passengers' risk unless insured.

Insurance on Luggage can be effected through the Company's offices in London at moderate rates. Caution to Passengers.—Goods of a dangerous nature.

The Company will not receive on board of their vessels any luggage or goods of a dangerous or damaging nature. If any such goods be shipped without notice, the shipper will not only be liable to the penalties imposed by Statute, but also for all damages sustained in consequence of such shipment.—(See Extract from the Merchant Shipping Act, and of the French law of the 18th June 1870, at page 21 of Handbook of French Mail Steam-Ships.)

Notice.—The Company will not be responsible for and shall be exempt from all liability in respect of any detention or delay of passengers arising from any circumstances whatever, and the Company will not be responsible for and shall be exempt from all liability in respect of any detention, loss, damage, or injury whatsoever of or to any luggage, property, goods, effects, articles, matters or things belonging to or carried by or with any passenger, whether the same shall arise from or be occasioned by the act of God, or of the French Government's enemies, dangers of the seas, rivers or navigation, collision, fire, accident to or by machinery, boilers or steam, unskilful, improper and careless navigation, or any act, default, or negligence of the Company's servants, or from the restrictions of quarantine wheresoever imposed, or from circumstances arising out of or connected with the employment of the Company's vessels in the Mail Service of the French Government or of the Government of any foreign power.

Passengers' personal baggage (except plate, jewellery, precious stones, gold or silver of any kind, watches, specie or bullion, trinkets, bank-notes, deeds, papers or other valuables, which must be specially declared, and pay special rates of freight and insurance, as such) can be insured against all the above risks on declaration of the value and payment of insurance, and such insurance may be effected at the Company's Offices or through the Purser on board.

General Conditions.

Passage tickets are delivered on the conditions printed thereon. Passengers are to accept all consequences resulting from the employment of the steamers in the Mail Service. The baggage tickets are issued under the same conditions.

The Company waive all responsibility in the event of the steamers' non-arrival at the several points of junction; such as Colombo, Singapore, Saigon and Hong-Kong, whether arising from accidents, or circumstances beyond their control; in such cases the Company undertake only to convey passengers to their destination by their next steamer; the expense of such detention at the port of transshipment or by other consequences arising from the absence of such coincidence, will be borne by the passenger.

The dates of departures indicated in Table B of Handbook of French Mail Steam-ships are only approximative, except those concerning the extreme points of the lines. From all other ports, the dates and hours of departure are subordinate to the arrival of the steamers, and to the rule that the Mails are to profit by any advance obtained in the navigation of the steamers.

In case of any advance or delay in the departure from any port, passengers booked will not, on account of such advance or delay, be entitled to any claim whatever upon the Company.

The passage tickets delivered by the Agents of the Company must, in order to be made available, be signed by the passenger to whom they are delivered.

They must be given up on board to the Commander, or to the Purser, or any other appointed Company's officer.

They are personal and cannot be transferred without the authorization of the Company.

Should a passenger desire to change from a general cabin to a single cabin, or from Second to First Class, the difference will be charged from the last port called at, to his destination.

Persons dangerously ill, or suffering from a contagious disease, or mentally deranged, cannot be admitted on board the steamers.

In the event of either of such afflictions declaring itself in the course of the voyage, the person will be landed at the nearest port at which the steamer may call; such detention will be at the passenger's own expense, who will, however, after convalescence, be entitled to resume his journey, without additional expense, on one of the Company's steamers.

The Ladies' saloon, and its appurtenances, is exclusively appropriated to the use of Lady passengers.

Gentlemen will not be admitted into the Ladies' saloon; each cabin is reserved for the exclusive use of its occupants.

No passenger, except those who retain single cabins, will be allowed the use of a whole cabin as long as other passengers of the same class require accommodation.

Third Class and deck passengers will not be admitted on the after-part or quarter-deck of the steamers, the space allotted to them on deck is that from the funnel forward.

Passengers' servants will only be admitted into the saloon and cabins whilst attending on their masters, and they will be allowed to remain there only for the time strictly necessary.

Smoking is strictly prohibited in the saloons, cabins, and steerage, or other parts between decks, and will be tolerated only on such parts of the deck where it may not be inconvenient to other passengers.

Passengers must conform to the regulations of the respective countries relative to passports.

When that formality is required, passengers should present themselves, with their passports duly *visés*, at the Company's offices at least 3 hours before the departure of the steamer.

N.B.—No passport required at present for embarking on board the Company's steamers at Marseilles.

Compagnie des Messageries Maritimes.

Accommodation.	Via Suez Canal.												
	Marseilles.*	Port Said & Alexandria.	Suez.	Aden.*	Colombo.*	Pondicherry.*	Calcutta.*	Singapore.*	Batavia.*	Saigon.*	Hong-Kong.*	Shanghai.*	Yokohama.* & Kobe.
1st Class	RS. 630	RS. 520	RS. 500	RS. 260	RS. 60	RS. 16	RS. 80	RS. 220	RS. 250	RS. 280	RS. 320	RS. 400	RS. 420
2nd do.	400	320	310	190	48	12	60	170	182	190	202	272	282
3rd do.	220	200	192	104	24	8	30	84	100	104	112	148	168
<i>Children.</i>													
Three years and under ten, half fare. Under three years, free.													
<i>Servants.</i>													
European.....	220	200	192	104	24	8	30	84	100	104	112	148	168
Native.....	108	98	92	52	12	4	16	44	58	58	62	76	78
<i>Deck Passengers.</i>													
Victualling themselves.....	108	98	92	52	12	4	16	44	58	58	62	76	78
Do. by Steamer.....	136	120	112	64	16	6	20	50	76	78	80	98	108

* Return Tickets available for 4 months at a fare and a half.

Special Cheap Return Tickets.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	
Rs. 900	Rs. 500	Rs. 375	available for 3 months.	
From Madras to Naples	1,000	550	400	6
or Marseilles.	1,050	575	425	9
	1,100	600	450	12

CLAN LINE STEAMERS.

Managing Owners.

Messrs. Cayzer Irvine & Co., 109, Hope Street, Glasgow.	
" " " 4, Albert Square, Manchester.	
" " " 40, Chapel Street, Liverpool.	
" " " Leadenhall Buildings, Gracechurch Street, London.	

Dates of departure and arrival are subject to alteration from time to time.

Rates of freight can be ascertained on application to the Agents, and are in all cases subject to special arrangement.

Names of Agents.

Algoa Bay.....Messrs. Wm. Anderson and Co.	Madras.....Messrs. Gordon, Woodroffe and Co.
Aden.....Aden Coal Company.	Malta....." T. G. Micallef & Co.
Bombay.....Messrs. Finlay, Muir & Co.	Madeira....." Blandy Bros.
Calcutta.....do.	Mauritius....." Pipon, Adam & Co.
Colombo....." Aitken, Spence & Co.	Natal....." Steel, Murray & Co.
Cape Town....." J. Searight & Co.	Port Said....." Basin & Co.
East London....." G. B. Christian & Co.	Suez....." Beyts & Co.
Kurrachee....." Portlock & Co.	Zanzibar....." F. Fleury & Co.

Fleet of Steamers belonging to the Line.

	Tons.	Effective H. P.	Commanders.
Clan Alpine.....	2080	1250	W. Elliott.
" Fraser.....	2083	1250	J. E. Roberts.
" Gordon.....	2091	1250	A. J. Barham.
" Lamont.....	2091	1250	W. Alexander.
" Ranold.....	2092	1400	Geo. Miller.
" Stuart.....	2091	1400	J. White.
" Murray.....	2108	1500	E. Worfolk.
" Mackay.....	2171	1500	H. Sibery.
" Monroe.....	2197	1500	C. E. Jones.
" Maclean.....	2336	1500	J. Schofield.
" Ogilvie.....	2425	1500	J. A. Guard.
" Cameron.....	2433	1500	J. R. Kewley.
" Forbes.....	2441	1500	S. Beer.
" Macdonald.....	2642	1500	W. J. Rule.
" Drummond.....	2922	2000	N. Harrison.
" Graham.....	2926	2000	C. Alexanderson.
" Sinclair.....	2932	2000	C. E. Darley.
" Buchanan.....	2933	2000	Wm. Millar.
" Mackenzie.....	2954	2000	T. W. Gourlay.
" Macgregor.....	2956	2000	S. H. Palmer.
" Grant.....	3545	2000	H. L. Wilson.
" Macarthur.....	3984	3000	A. J. Philp.
" Macintosh.....	3984	3000	W. McAllister.
" Macpherson.....	3984	3000	C. Macmahon.
" Matheson.....	3984	3000	K. C. Watson.

Conditions, Regulations and General Information.

The "Clan" Line steamers have been built and specially arranged for the passenger trade. The saloons and state rooms are all on the upper deck, and are fitted with every requisite for comfort in tropical, as well as in cold climates.

The rates of passage money are for the sea passage only. They include Steward's fees, bedding, linen, and all cabin furniture; but do not include wines or spirits, which can be purchased on board at moderate rates.

Passengers are not allowed to take on board wines, spirits, or other liquors for use during the voyage.

Each of the steamers carries a qualified Surgeon and Stewardess.

Passengers returning by this line within six months are allowed a reduction of 20 per cent., and within twelve months 10 per cent. from date of arrival on the return passage money.

Half the amount of passage money is required to be paid on securing a berth, the balance to be paid before embarking.

It is to be understood that a passenger occupying a cabin of two or more berths on the departure of the vessel (unless he shall have paid an additional sum for its exclusive occupation) is not to object to the vacant berth or berths being filled up at the intermediate ports, if required.

Should any occurrence prevent the vessel from sailing at the appointed time, or any accidental delay occur, the owners do not hold themselves responsible for the maintenance of passengers, or for loss of time arising therefrom.

Passengers' letters sent to the owners or agents will be delivered on board immediately the steamers arrive in port.

Children over 12 years old will be charged full fare; between 3 and 12 years of age, inclusive, half fare. One child under three years, with the parent and no berth provided, free. European servants will be charged Rs. 300 and native servants Rs. 170 if travelling with their masters or mistresses.

Should a passenger be prevented from proceeding by a steamer for which he is booked, his passage may be transferred to a subsequent one, provided there is room.

In the event of the steamer being detained in quarantine, or at, or in, the Suez Canal beyond the usual time, passengers will have to defray their own expenses. First Class passengers will be charged 10s. per day for their maintenance on board during the period of such detention.

Each First Class passenger is allowed to take 3 cwt. of baggage free; Second Class passengers 1½ cwt.; and children paying half fares, half these weights free. Any excess will be charged at the rate of 3 shillings per cwt. Although every care will be taken, the owners will not be responsible for baggage under any circumstances whatever.

Boxes and packages for the cabin must not exceed fifteen inches in height, eighteen inches in width, and thirty-six inches in length.

Packages containing jewellery, plate, or valuables of any description, must be declared, and freight paid thereon. Gun cases cannot be shipped unless accompanied by a declaration that they contain no gunpowder or loaded cartridges.

Insurance on all baggage or goods shipped by the "Clan" Line steamers can be effected by Gordon Woodroffe & Co., Agents, at the lowest rates of premium, if the values are declared to them before sailing.

• Cargo and packages received and shipped, also cleared and forwarded at a moderate charge by the Agents.

RAILWAYS IN INDIA AND CEYLON.

OPEN FOR TRAFFIC ON 1ST JANUARY, 1879.

1—Madras Railway.

Traffic Manager.....Louis S. Moss.
Ag. Deputy Traffic Manager.....A. W. Darke.

OFFICE.—MADRAS.

This Railway consists of the South-West line from Madras to Beypore with Branches from Jalarpet to Bangalore City and Podanur to Mettupalayam; and the North-West line from Arkonam to Raichur where the Railway joins the G. I. P. line. The whole of this undertaking, 828 miles, is now open for traffic.

2—South Indian Railway.

Traffic Manager.....Alfred Stanton.

OFFICE.—TRICHINOPOLY.

This Railway, opened for traffic, extends from Erode (Junction with the Madras Railway) to Negapatam 168 miles, from Trichinopoly to Tuticorin 195 miles, from Madras to Tanjore 218½ miles, from Villupuram to Pondicherry 23½ miles, and from Chingleput to Arkonam, 39 miles.

3—Cuddapah-Nellore State Railway.

This line, opened for traffic, extends from Tirupati to Nellore, a distance of 83 miles, crossing the Madras Railway at Renigunta and is worked by the South Indian Railway.

4—Southern Maharatta Railway.

James Craik.....Traffic Manager, Dharwar.

This Railway is constructed on the narrow gauge system, and is open for traffic, from Guntakal Junction (Junction with the Madras Railway to Castle Rock, a distance of 230½ miles, Harihar to Hubli, 79 miles, Hotgi (Junction with the G. I. P. Ry.) to Gadag, 173½ miles, Poona (Junction with the G. I. P. Ry.) to Miraj, 159½ miles and Londa to Belgaum, 33 miles.

5—Bellary-Kistna State Railway.

This Railway, opened for traffic, extends from Guntakal Junction (Junction with the

Madras Railway) to Nandyal, a distance of 90 miles, and is worked by the Southern Mahratta Railway.

6—Mysore State Railway.

This line is constructed on the narrow or metre gauge system, and is open for traffic between Bangalore City (Junction with the Madras Railway) and Mysore, a distance of 86 miles, and from Bangalore City to Gubbi, a distance of 54 miles. This line is now worked by the Southern Mahratta Railway Company.

7—Great Indian Peninsula Railway.

General Traffic Manager...Henry Conder. | Passenger Superintendent...E. W. Keiley
Goods Superintendent...H. Swan.

OFFICE.—BOMBAY.

This Railway consists of the main line running North-East from Bombay to Jabalpur where it joins the East Indian Railway; the South-East line runs to Raichur, where it joins the North-West line of the Madras Railway; and the important Branch line from Bhūsawal to Nagpur. Through communication between Bombay and Calcutta, as well as the North-West Provinces, was established in March 1869 by the opening of the line to Jabalpur. The completion of the Kistna Bridge on the South-East line, opened in 1873, permitted of through trains passing to Madras. There is a Branch line which begins at Karjat, a Station 62 miles south of Bombay to Campoli. The total mileage is 1,231 miles.

The principal stations are Bombay, Kalyan, Poona, Sholapur, Kolbarga, Raichur, Nasik, Manmad, Bhūsawal, Nagpur, Khandwa and Jabalpur.

8—Dhond and Manmad State Railway.

This line runs from Manmad to Dhond Junction and passes the town of Ahmednagar. It is 146 miles in length and is worked by the G. I. P. Railway.

9—Bhopal State Railway

Opened for traffic between Itarsi (Junction with the G. I. P. Railway) to Bhopal, a distance of 46 miles and is worked by the G. I. P. Railway.

10—Khamgaon State Railway.

This line is connected with the G. I. P. Railway at Jalamb on the North-East section and runs to the important town of Khamgaon, distance 8 miles, and is worked by the G. I. P. Railway.

11—Amraoti State Railway.

Its length is 6 miles and it connects Badnera and other stations on the G. I. P. system with Amraoti, and is worked by the G. I. P. Railway.

12—Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway.

W. Pendlebury.....Traffic Manager, Secunderabad.
Is open for traffic between Wadi Junction and Warangal a distance of 208 miles.

13—Wardha Coal State Railway.

G. B. Reynolds.....Deputy Manager, Warora.
There are four stations on this line and they are connected with the Great Indian Peninsula Company's system at Wardah, a station 471 miles distant from Bombay. The line runs from Wardha to Warora, a distance of 45 miles.

14—Bengal Nagpur Railway.

J. W. Hartley.....Traffic Superintendent, Nagpur.
This is a narrow gauge line and is open between Nagpur (Terminus of the Nagpur G. I. P. Branch) and Raj Nandgaon 146 miles with a Branch line from Dowdali to Tumsar, 3 miles in length.

15—Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway.

Includes the Rajputana State, Holkar State, Sindia-Neemuch State, Rewari Ferozpur State and Cawnpore Achnera State Railways.

General Traffic ManagerI. O'Callaghan.

OFFICE.—BOMBAY.

MAIN LINE.

This Railway runs from Bombay through the important towns of Surat, Broach, Baroda and Ahmedabad to Wadwan, and Kharaghora in North Gujrat. There are Branch lines from Anand to Godra, 49 miles, and from Viramgaon to Kharaghora, 22 miles. The total length, open for traffic, is 460 miles.

Gujowar of Baroda's State Railway.

This Railway is worked by the Bombay, Baroda and Central India Company. The line extends from Goa Gate to Chandod, and from Meagaum to Vishvamitri, a total distance of 56 miles.

Rajputana-Malwa Railway.

This Railway, which is worked on the metre or narrow gauge system, is open for traffic between Ahmedabad and Delhi (580 miles) with Branch lines from Phalera to Kuchaman

Road (20 miles), from Ajmere to Khandwa (392 miles), from Bandikui to Delhi (134 miles), from Garhi Harsaru to Farukhnagar (7 miles), from Fatehabad to Ujjain (12 miles), and from Agra Fort to Muttra (39 miles). A Branch line from Ajmere to Chitor, a distance of 116 miles.

Rewari Ferozepore Railway.

A narrow gauge Railway, opened from Rewari Junction to Ferozepore in the Punjab, a distance of 241 miles.

Cawnpore Achnera State Railway

Is open for traffic between Cawnpore and Achnera, a distance of 240 miles, and is worked by the B. B. and C. I. Railway.

14—Bhavnagar Gondal State Railway.

Chas. Carroll.....Traffic Superintendent, Ghadechi.
Open from Wadhwan to Bhavnagar, distance of 103 miles, and from Dhola Junction to Dhoraji, a distance of 68 miles.

15—North-Western Railway.

E. F. Jacob.....Traffic Superintendent, Punjab Section, Lahore.
W. J. Chamberlain.....Do. Sind do. do.

OFFICE.—LAHORE.

This Railway is connected with the East Indian Railway at Ghaziabad Junction near Delhi and passes through Meerut, Saharunpore, Umballa, Ludhiana, Jullundur, Lahore and Montgomery to Mooltan with a branch from Sonapore to Barripur, (Diamond Harbour extension)—a distance of 5 miles. The Sindh Section runs from Kurrachee to Kotri on the banks of the River Indus. Total Railway mileage open for traffic 661. The Indus Valley State Railway is open for traffic between Mooltan and Kotri connecting the Punjab and Sindh lines. Sindh Pishin Main and Quetta Loop lines, from Sibi to Hirok 190 miles is open for traffic. Through communication between Calcutta and Lahore was first established on the opening of the Sutlej Bridge on the 15th October 1870.

Amritsar-Pathankot Railway.

Worked by the North-Western Railway and is opened for traffic from Amritsar to Pathankot, a distance of 67 miles.

Indus-Valley State Railway.

This line is worked by the North-Western Railway; is open for traffic between Mooltan and Kotri (Hyderabad Sindh) connecting the Sindh, Punjab and Delhi system between Kurrachee and Lahore. The total length of line is 508 miles, and there are some 18 stations between Mooltan and Kotri.

Sindh-Pishin State Railway.

Open from Ruk Junction (Indus Valley State Railway) to Sibi, a distance of 133 miles and from Sibi to Hirok via Sharigh and Quetta, 190 miles. This line is worked by the North-Western Railway.

Punjab-Northern State Railway.

This line which was sanctioned to establish through communication to the Frontier has been opened for traffic between Lahore and Peshawar, 278 miles, and is worked by the North-Western Railway. There are Branch lines opened from Wazirabad to Sialkot and from Lala Musa Junction to Kheora, a distance of 52 miles, and Golra to Khusalgarh, a distance of 70 miles.

16—East Indian Railway.

St. Leger Carter.....Traffic Manager, Jamalpore.
Allen Mears.....Deputy do. do.

OFFICE.—JAMALPORE.

Consists of the Main Line from Calcutta to Delhi, the Branch Line from Allahabad to Jabalpur, where the East Indian and G. I. P. systems are connected, the Loop line from Burdwan to Luckserai, and the Branch lines from Teenpahar to Rajmahal, from Setaram-pore to Burrakur, from Jamalpore to Monghyr, from Mogul Serai to Benares, from Toondle to Agra and from Muddapur to Giridi Kurhurbalee; the whole length 1,461 miles, all of which are open for traffic.

Sindia State Railway.

This line is open for traffic from Agra Fort to Gwalior, a distance of 76 miles, and is worked by the East Indian Railway.

Patna and Gya State Railway

Is open from Bankipore on the East Indian Railway to Gya, 57 miles, with 6 intermediate stations, and is worked by the East Indian Railway.

17—Tirhoot State Railway.

W. Sandford.....Traffic Superintendent, Samastipur.
Is open for traffic between Mokameh Ghat and Bettiah, a distance of 156 miles with Branches 67 miles long from Samastipur to Nirmali and 36 miles from Mozuferpore to Sonapur.

18—Nalhati State Railway.

Ram Gooty Mookerjee Manager, Nalhati.

Is open for traffic between Nalhati and Azimganj, 27 miles. There are 7 stations on the line, and two mixed trains are run daily.

19—Oude and Rohilkund Railway.

Sydney Hartwell Traffic Manager, Lucknow.

OFFICE.—LUCKNOW.

The Main line is opened from Moghal Sarai to Saharanpur, (Junction with the North-Western Railway) a distance of 546 miles.

The Branch lines open for traffic are—

1. Barabanki to Bahramghat, 22 miles.
2. Lucknow to Cawnpore, 44 miles.
3. Chandausi to Aligarh, 60 miles.
4. Lakhsar to Hardwar, 16 miles.

Total length open 688 miles.

There are Junctions between this Railway and the East Indian Railway at Moghal Sarai, Cawnpore and Aligarh.

20—Bengal and North-Western Railway.

James Walker Offg. Traffic Supt., Gorakhpur.

This Railway is opened for traffic from Paleza Ghat to Naipalganj Road, a distance of 307 miles, with branch lines of 20 miles from Mankapur to Ajodhya (Lakarmandi Ghat) and 40 miles from Gorakhpur to Uska Bazar. Traffic is booked through with the East Indian Railway, via Digha Ghat and with the Oude and Rohilkund Railway via Ajodhya.

21—Rohilkund and Kumaon Railway.

J. Stuart Assistant Traffic Supt., Bareilly.

This Railway is opened for traffic between Bareilly (Junction with the Oude and Rohilkund Railway), and Kathgodam, a distance of 67 miles, with a Branch line from Bhojcepara Junction to Pilibheet, a distance of 24 miles.

22—Eastern Bengal State Railway.

P. D. Barclay Traffic Superintendent, Calcutta.

This Railway is open for traffic between Calcutta and Goalundoo, situated on a principal branch of the Ganges, and the line serves the important towns of Barrackpore, Kanchrapara and Ramnuggur. The main line is 151 miles long, and a branch of 5 miles to Kooshtea is also worked for traffic. A Branch line, 7 miles long, runs from Poradha to Damookdeah.

Bengal Central Railway.

Opened for traffic between Sealdah (Calcutta) on Bongong Junction, a distance of 47 miles, and is worked by the Eastern-Bengal State Railway.

23—Northern Bengal State Railway.

C. T. Keene Traffic Superintendent, Saidpur.

This line runs from Damookdeah Ghat on the E. B. S. Railway to Silliguri, a distance of 196 miles, with a Branch line from Parbatipur to Kaunia, 33 miles. This line is really an extension of the Eastern Bengal Railway running from Calcutta to Kooshtea. Passengers between Kooshtea and Sara Ghat are conveyed across the Ganges by steamers.

24—Kaunia, Dharila and Magalhat Railway.

Is open between Kaunia and Dhubri, a distance of 64 miles, with a branch line to Magal Hat, a distance of 20 miles.

25—Darjeeling-Himalayan Railway.

This line is open for traffic from Silliguri to Darjeeling, a distance of 51 miles.

26—Calcutta and South-Eastern State Railway

Is open between Calcutta and Canning (23 miles) and feeds the town of Sonapore of some little importance, with a branch from Sonapore to Barriporo (Diamond Harbour extension) a distance of 5 miles.

27—Ceylon Railway.

W. T. Pearce General Manager.

COLOMBO.—OFFICE.

This is a Government Railway worked under the control of the Home Colonial Secretary. The line is open between Colombo and Nawalapitiya, and 11 intermediate stations are passed on the journey between the termini.

Cuddapah-Nellore State Railway.

Engineer-in-Chief.—C. A. Bull, Esq.

The reconnaissance of two alternative routes for a line of Railway leading westwards from Nellore was undertaken in December 1882. The one route, up the Valley of the

Pennér, to the Vontimitta station on the Madras Railway; the other, in a more southerly direction, up the valley of the Swarnamukhi, to the Tirupati station.

The result of the reconnaissances was altogether in favor of the route to Tirupati, and a line on the metre gauge was constructed from Nellore through Reingunta station on the Madras Railway to Tirupati, a distance of about 83 miles. This line was opened on 15th September 1887 for passenger traffic and is worked by the S. I. Railway under an agreement with Government.

Bellary-Kistna State Railway.

Engineer-in-Chief.—H. C. D. Latouche, Esq.

Towards the close of 1882 a reconnaissance was undertaken to ascertain the best route for a line of Railway to connect the Kistna delta with the districts of Kurnul, Bellary and Anantapur.

There are two passes through the Nalla Mallā hills that offer a practicable route to such a line—the Mantra-Kanama and the Nandi-Kanama; of these, the latter was found to offer by far the best route, and the construction of a metre gauge line from Bezvāda through Vinukonda, Cumbum, the Nandi Kanama Pass and Nandyal to Guntakal on the Madras Railway, a distance of about 280 miles, has been sanctioned, and is now in progress. The section from Guntakal to Nandyal, 90 miles, will shortly be opened for traffic.

RAILWAY LINES PROPOSED FOR EXECUTION.

From Bellary to Hospet and Hubli.—The section between Bellary and Hospet, 40 miles in length, was begun as a famine work during 1877-78. It has been decided that the line shall form part of the metre gauge system which has been handed over to the Southern Mahratta Railway Company. The portion from Bellary as far as Hospet was opened for traffic in March 1884 and a further length to Dharwar on 1st July 1885. This system will eventually extend railway communication to Marmagao in Portuguese territory, to Belgaum, a military station recently transferred to this Presidency and thence to Poona on the G. I. P. Railway. A third rail will probably be laid on the Bellary Branch of the Madras Railway to connect this line with the metre gauge line from Bezvāda to Guntakal.

From Hyderabad to the Singareni Coalfields and Bezvāda.—The construction of this line of Railway will prove of great advantage to the Madras Presidency, and especially to its railways, by bringing coal from the nearest available field yet discovered to a point whence it can be sent to Madras by Canal. The survey and construction of the line has been undertaken by the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Company, and the first section from Hyderabad to Warangal 87 miles, was opened for traffic in April 1886. Work is now in progress from Warangal to Dornakal with a branch to the coal-fields, and the line will ultimately be extended to Bezvāda to connect with the Bellary Kistna Railway.

From Vizagapatam to Raipur.—During the cold season of 1881-82 a preliminary reconnaissance was made of the country between Vizagapatam and Raipur. Several routes were examined, and it was finally decided to make a survey of the route lying to the East of the Noogarh hills, starting from Vizagapatam, and passing near Parvatipur, Ombadala, and Asirgarh. The total length between Vizagapatam and Raipur is estimated at 372 miles. The survey was completed during the year 1884, but further action in regard to this line has been deferred in favour of others considered more urgent.

From Beypore to Calicut.—The distance from Beypore, (the present western terminus of the Madras Railway) to Calicut is 7 miles. An estimate of the cost of construction of this extension has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State, and the work is now in progress by the Madras Railway Company, of whose system it will form a portion. The new line leaves the present one 2 miles south of Beypore and crosses the Beypore River near Pirok. The line beyond the point of divergence, including Beypore station, will be abandoned. Good progress has been made with this extension which, it is hoped, will be ready for traffic by January 1888.

From Olavacode (present Palghat Station) to Palghat Town.—This extension (2½ miles) will be opened on 1st January 1888.

From Mettupalaiyam to Coonoor.—The construction of a line from Mettupalaiyam to Coonoor was undertaken by the Nilgiri Railway Company with a capital of Rs. 18,00,000, upon which sum as a maximum, the Madras Government consented to guarantee interest at 3 per cent. for two years during construction, and at 4 per cent. for five years after the line was opened. The Government also agreed to supply free of cost to the Company, the land required for the line, and to lease it to them for ninety-nine years rent free, the Government having the option to purchase the undertaking, upon payment of Rs. 125 for every Rs. 100 of capital outlay, after the line had been opened for twenty-five years, and at the end of every subsequent period of ten years. The line to be on the metre gauge, and the rack-rail or Rigi principle to be adopted for the steep gradients. The Company being unable to raise the required capital on these terms, recently applied to Government for fresh terms, viz., a guarantee of 3 per cent. on capital paid within a maximum of £200,000 during construction, and from the date on which the line shall be open for traffic, such sum as added to the gross receipts of the Company in each half year shall be equal to one lakh of rupees. An agreement on these terms has been entered

into and the contract contemplates the adoption of the rack system between Kullar and Coonoor, but a revised proposal has recently been made for a line from Mettupalaiyam to Ootacamund of the same character as the Darjeeling Himalayan railway with a gauge of 2 feet or 2 feet six inches and a ruling gradient of about 1 in 30. The question is now before Government.

LINES UNDER SURVEY AND PROJECTED.

Imperial State Railways.—The system of metre-gauge Imperial lines projected for the Madras Presidency includes:—

No. 1.—A line from Guntakal Junction to Hindupur. (This will be eventually extended to join the Tumkur branch of the Mysore State Railway.)

No. 2.—An extension of the Cuddapah-Nellore line from Tirupati via Kadiri to join No. 1 at Dharmavaram.

No. 3.—A line from Villupuram on the South Indian Railway to Vellore on the Madras Railway and thence via Chittoor to join No. 2 at Dāmalchēru. These lines would connect the South Indian and Southern Mahratta systems, and would provide unbroken metre-gauge communication between Tuticorin and Poona. In October 1884, a special officer was transferred by the Government of India to take charge of the surveys under the administration of the Madras Government.

The working survey for the Guntakal-Hindupur line, 111 miles, is completed, and the earthwork and collection of ballast were undertaken in 1885 in order to afford employment to those in need of work during the exceptionally dry season, which prevailed in Bellary and Annantapur. About one-third of the earthwork was executed as a relief work.

A preliminary survey and estimate, amounting to Rs. 1,07,89,746, being at the rate of Rs. 65,000 per mile, for the extension of the Cuddapah-Nellore line from Tirupati to Dharmasār 166 miles have been submitted to the Government of India and the working survey is now in hand.

A preliminary survey from Villupuram to Vellore, 110 miles, was made from Provincial Funds, and on this survey an estimate has been framed by the Chief Engineer, South Indian Railway. The work has, however, since been transferred to Imperial, and the survey is being continued up to Dāmalchēru, the proposed junction with the Cuddapah-Nellore extension. It has now been decided to abandon the original route via Arni and Arcot and to go from Pallur through Kalambur and Kaniembadi pass to Vellore, which necessitated further preliminary surveys. The total length from Villupuram to Dāmalchēru is about 135 miles, the new route being shorter than the old one by about 10 miles.

From Tinnevely to Quilon and Trivandrum.—During September 1881 the South Indian Railway Company were authorised to undertake the survey for a metre-gauge line of railway from Tinnevely via Shencottah and the Arienkavu pass to Quilon, with a branch to Trivandrum; and the survey of an alternative line from Tinnevely to Trivandrum via Aramboly pass and Nagercoil was also undertaken.

The length of the line from Tinnevely to Quilon via Shencottah is estimated at 106 miles; and of the alternative line from Tinnevely to Trivandrum via Thovally at 89 miles. The former is the more expensive route, but it is in favour with the Travancore Circar, who consider that Quilon should be the terminus, and that richer country would be opened up by that route. No decision however has yet been arrived at regarding the construction of this extension.

From Mayavaram to Tranquebar.—An estimate has been prepared for connecting Tranquebar with the Mayavaram station on the South Indian Railway by a metre-gauge line, 17½ miles in length. The estimate amounted to Rs. 8,77,187. The local authorities in Tanjore are now strongly in favor of constructing other lines of railway within that district as being more likely to yield remunerative returns than the one proposed between Mayavaram and Tranquebar. One of these projects has in view the connection of the port of Adirampatnam and the adjacent salt works with the South Indian Railway, and the survey has been made for a line from Mayavaram to Mutupet, crossing the Negapatam branch at Tiruvātur, a length of 55 miles. It is proposed to construct this line from money to be raised on the guarantee of the district Board of Tanjore, for which purpose a special cess has been levied in the district since 1878; legislation is, however, necessary to permit the Local Fund Boards to apply their resources in the form of a guarantee for such projects.

From Palghat to Dindigul.—A proposal to connect Dindigul on the South Indian Railway with Palghat on the Madras Railway by a line on the metre gauge was brought forward for consideration during the famine of 1877-78. A preliminary survey has recently been made. The length of the proposed line will be about 107 miles via Dharapuram, or 100 miles via Palni.

From Madura to Pamban.—During 1877-78 a survey was commenced in view to estimates being framed for the construction of a line of railway from Madura, in a southerly direction, to Pamban. The survey was, however, never completed but was taken up again during 1886. The length of the proposed line is about 94 miles.

From Porto-Novo to Salem.—This line will run from Porto-Novo on the South Indian Railway through Kalla Kurchi to Salem on the Madras Railway. The preliminary survey was commenced in November 1885, and the preliminary projects and estimate were submitted at the end of 1886. The length of the line will be about 110 miles.

THE MADRAS RAILWAY.

Board of Directors.

OFFICES, 61, NEW BROAD STREET, LONDON.

G. Noble Taylor, Esq., *Chairman.* George Banbury, Esq.
Sir Thomas Pycroft, K.C.S.I., *Dy. Chairman.* Col. G. C. Collyer, R.E.
Major-Genl. J. Mullins, R.E. Alex. Forrester Brown, Esq.

Sir Juland Danvers, K.C.S.I., *Government Director.*

Julian Byrne, Esq., *Secretary.*

Indian Executive.

General Offices, Rayapuram Station.

F. B. Hanna, Agent and Manager. J. Cramp, Chief Accountant and Ag. Chief Auditor.
J. W. Mellis, Asst. do. F. H. Trevithick, Locomotive Supt.
W. R. Robinson, Chief Engineer (on leave).
H. R. P. Carter, Offg. do.

Traffic Department.

Offices, Central Station, Madras.

Louis S. Moss, Traffic Manager.
A. W. Darke, Ag. Dy. Traffic Manager.

District Traffic Officers

F. W. Read, Head-Quarters, Arkonam. G. R. Byron, Head-Quarters, Podanur.
W. A. Wilkins, do Jalarpet. J. L. Taylor, do Gooty.

It is requested that any incivility or want of attention on the part of any servant of the Company may be communicated to the Traffic Manager or to the District Traffic Officers.

S. W. Line.

The Main Line has been opened throughout to Beypore, a distance of 407 miles.

The Trains commenced to run from one side of the Peninsula to the other on the 12th March 1861.

N. W. Line.

This Line leaves the Main Line at Arkonam, 42½ miles from Madras. A distance of 308 miles from the Junction station at Arkonam to Raichur has been opened for traffic.

Bangalore Branch.

This Branch leaves the S. W. Line at Jalarpet, 132 miles from Madras. The length of the Branch Line is 87 miles, and it was opened for traffic on the 1st August 1864.

Bellary Branch.

The Branch to Bellary, 32 miles in length, leaves the North-West Line one mile north of Goondacul Station, and it was opened for traffic on the 1st March 1871.

Nilgiri Branch.

Opened for traffic on the 31st August 1873, leaves the South-West Line at Podanur Junction and extends to Mettupalaiyam, length 26 miles.

Medical Staff.

South-West Line.

H. Leslie Ansted, Esq., M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.	Medical Officer	Rayapuram.
Mr. W. Lowe	Senior Apothecary	do.
" A. Gooroosawmy Naidoo	In charge of Branch Dispensary	John Pereiras.
" J. J. Watts	Relieving Apothecary	Rayapuram.
" J. D. Jones	Apothecary	Perambur.
" R. Kistnasawmy Moodelly	do.	Vellore.
" J. C. Ellis	do.	Jalarpet.
" N. A. Wray	do.	Bangalore.
" Hoossain Baig	do.	Salem.
" C. Rungasawmy Naicker	do.	Erode.
" W. McCoy	do.	Podanur.
" Anantaram	do.	Palghat.
" G. T. Anderson	do.	Beypore.

North-West Line.

Mr. A. A. Edwards	Apothecary	Arkonam.
" Sumpunghee Naicker	do.	Renigunta.
" G. T. Jones	do.	Cuddapah.
" V. Basharkarl Naidu	do.	New Penner Bridge.
" N. Appa Row Moodelly	do.	Gooty.
" D. P. Mann	do.	Raichur.

List of Engineers.

Names.	Occupation.	Residence.
H. R. P. Carter	Offg. Chief Engineer ...	Madras.
H. C. West	Offg. Deputy Chief Engineer ...	Do.
F. A. Pawley	Assistant to the Chief Engineer ...	Do.
J. McLeece	Inspector of Station Machinery ...	Do.
W. S. Dawson	Chief Clerk, Chief Engineer Office	Do.
<i>Telegraph Department.</i>		
G. K. Winter	Telegraph Engineer ...	Arkonam.
R. E. P. Pigott	Asst. Telegraph Engineer ...	Do.

Dates of opening

SOUTH-WEST LINE.

EASTERN COAST.

	Miles.	
Madras	to Arcot	65 1st July 1856.
Arcot	„ Vellore	16 7th May 1857.
Vellore	„ Gudiyatam	15 19th May 1858.
Gudiyatam	„ Ambur	17 16th January 1860.
Ambur	„ Vaniyambadi	10 1st February 1860.
Vaniyambadi	„ Tirupatūr	14 23rd May 1860.
Tirupatūr	„ Salem (Sūramangalam) ..	70 1st February 1861.
Salem (Sūramangalam)	„ Sunkaridrug	24 1st December 1861.
Sunkaridrug	„ Pōdanūr	71 12th May 1862.

WESTERN COAST.

Pōdanūr	to Pattāmbi	65 14th April 1862.
Pattāmbi	„ Kuttipuram	12 23rd September 1861.
Kuttipuram	„ Tirūr	9 1st May 1861.
Tirūr	„ Beypore	19 12th March 1861.

Main South West-Line 407 Miles. Open throughout,
12th May 1862.

	Miles.	
Jalārpēt	to Bangalore Cant.	85 1st August 1864.
Bangalore Cant.	„ Bangalore City	2 1st July 1882.
Pōdanūr	„ Coimbatore	4 1st February 1873.
Coimbatore	„ Mettupalaiyam	22 31st August 1873.

South-West Line 520 Miles.

NORTH-WEST LINE.

	Miles.	
Arkonam	to Nagari	17 4th March 1861.
Nagari	„ Puttūr	10 8th December 1861.
Puttūr	„ Renigunta	14 15th September 1862.
Renigunta	„ Reddipalle	38 1st October 1864.
Reddipalle	„ Cuddapah	40 1st September 1865.
Cuddapah	„ Muddanūr	34 1st August 1866.
Muddanūr	„ Tadpatri	32 1st September 1868.
Tadpatri	„ Gooty	30 1st August 1869.
Gooty	„ Tungabhadra River	76 12th December 1870.
Tungabhadra River	„ Raichūr	17 15th March 1871.

North-West Line 308 Miles. Open throughout,
15th March 1871.

First, Second and Third Class Passengers are conveyed as under :—

WESTWARDS.

From Madras to all stations between Madras and Mettupalaiyam, inclusive of Bangalore Branch, by the 7-0 A.M. Train.
From Madras to all stations as far as Renigunta and Vellore by the 1-45 P.M. Train.
From Madras to Perambur, Trivellore, Arkonam and all stations between Arkonam and Beypore, between Jalārpēt and Bangalore and between Podanur and Mettupalaiyam, and Karur, Trichinopoly, Dindigul, Madura, Tinnevely, Tuticorin, Tanjore and Negapatam, and to Seringapatam, Mysore, Tumkur and Gubbi by the 5-45 P.M. Train.
From Madras to all stations between Madras and Cuddapah by the 7-15 A.M. Train.
From Madras to Perambur, Avadi, Trivellore, Arkonam and all stations between Arkonam and Raichūr, inclusive of Bellary Branch, by 5-0 P.M. Train.
From Cuddapah to all stations between Cuddapah and Raichūr and between Guntakul and Bellary by 6-50 A.M. Train.
From Podanur to all stations between Podanur and Beypore by 5-15 A.M. Train.
From Madras to all stations as far as Arkonam by 6-15 P.M. Train.
From Salem to all stations between Salem and Coimbatore by 9-33 A.M. Train.

EASTWARDS.

From Beypore to all stations between Beypore and Arkonam: to Trivellore, Avadi, Perambur and Madras by the 8-0 A.M. Train.
From Coimbatore to all stations between Coimbatore and Salem by the 6-40 A.M. Train.
From Beypore to all stations between Beypore and Podanur by the 1-44 P.M. Train.
From Mettupalaiyam to all stations between Mettupalaiyam and Madras by the 8-45 P.M. Train.
From Vellore and Renigunta to all stations as far as Madras by the 4-0 A.M. Train.
From Raichūr to all stations between Raichūr and Arkonam, inclusive of Bellary Branch, to Trivellore, Perambur and Madras by the 12-45 P.M. Mail Train.
From Raichūr to all stations as far as Cuddapah by the 2-30 A.M. Train.
From Cuddapah to all stations between Cuddapah and Madras by the 6-45 A.M. Train.
From Bangalore to all stations between Bangalore and Madras by the 7-20 A.M. and 7-0 P.M. Mail Trains.
From Mettupalaiyam to all stations between Mettupalaiyam, Madras and Bangalore by the 8-45 P.M. and 1-50 P.M. Mail Trains.

The following Rules are published in accordance with Section 9 of the Indian Railway Act.

Every person travelling on the Railway—
shall upon payment of his fare, be furnished with a ticket specifying in English, and the vernacular language of the district, the class of carriage for which, and the place from and to which, the fare has been paid, as well as the amount of the fare.
shall, if starting from an intermediate station be booked conditionally on there being vacant room in the train.
shall provide himself with a ticket before entering any Railway carriage for the purpose of travelling therein.
who does not exhibit and deliver his ticket when called upon to do so by any authorized Railway servant, is liable to pay the fare of the class in which he is found from the place whence the train originally started.
suffering from an infectious disease may be removed by any Railway servant from the Railway premises.
defrauding, or attempting to defraud, any carrier by Railway by evading payment of his full fare, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees Fifty beside paying full fare ... 50
attempting to get into or upon or to quit any carriage in motion, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees Twenty ... 20
attempting to ride on any part of a carriage not intended for passengers, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees Fifty ... 50
attempting without authority to ride in or upon the Engine or on any vehicle not intended for passengers, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees one hundred ... 100
smoking without consent of his fellow passengers in any Railway carriage not provided for the purpose, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees twenty, and if he persist in so smoking may be removed by any Railway servant from the premises of the Railway, and shall forfeit his fare ... 20
wilfully entering a compartment already full shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rupees one hundred ... 100
taking with him any dangerous luggage or goods without giving notice of their nature to a Railway servant and without distinctly marking their nature on the outside of the package, is liable to a fine of Rupees two hundred... 200

Any person—	RS.
in a state of intoxication, or who commits any nuisance upon any part of a Railway, or who interferes with the comfort of any passenger is liable to a fine of Rs. 50, and to be removed from the Railway premises, and if he has paid his fare, to forfeit the same	50
being a male who without lawful excuse enters any carriage or room reserved for females, is liable to a fine of Rs. 100, and may be removed from the Railway premises, and if he has paid his fare, to forfeit the same	100
who wilfully obstructs any Railway servant in the discharge of his duty, is liable to a fine of Rupees	100
who without reasonable excuse interferes with any Railway signal or light, or who negligently damages any Railway property, or interferes with the communication between the guard and driver is liable to a fine of Rupees	100
tendering for carriage on a Railway any dangerous goods without giving notice of their nature to a Railway servant and without distinctly marking their nature on the outside of the package, is liable to a fine of Rupees	200
trespassing on a Railway is liable to a fine of Rs. 20; and if he persists in such trespass, is liable to a fine of Rs. 50, and to be removed from the Railway premises	20 & 50
who wilfully endangers the safety of any traveller by Railway, is liable to transportation, or penal servitude, for not less than 7 years, or to imprisonment for 10 years.	
who rashly or negligently endangers the safety of any traveller by Railway is liable to imprisonment for one year, and to fine.	
taking a gratification for the exercise of personal influence with a Railway servant, is liable to imprisonment for one year, with fine.	
taking a gratification, in order, by corrupt or illegal means to influence a Railway servant, is liable to three years' imprisonment, with fine.	
Committing an offence under this Act, who is likely to abscond, or whose name and address are unknown, may be arrested without warrant by any Railway servant or Police Officer, and detained until he can be taken before a Magistrate.	
Committing any offence mentioned in Sections 8, 25, 26, 36, 37, 38, 44, 45 and 46 may be arrested without warrant by any Railway servant or Police Officer.	

General Information.

1. MADRAS TIME is kept at all stations. The times shown in these tables are those at which the trains are intended to arrive at, and depart from the various stations, but the Company do not guarantee these times being kept, nor do they hold themselves responsible for delays.
2. PASSENGERS to insure being booked, should be at the stations 10 minutes before the time named in the table; the doors of the booking offices will be closed at the times mentioned, after which no person can be admitted. Passengers cannot be re-booked at road-side stations, to proceed by the train in which they have arrived, except under special circumstances. Passengers are booked at intermediate stations, only on condition that there shall be room in the carriages upon the arrival of the train.
3. PASSENGERS who have taken tickets at a station, but who for want of room in train or from sudden causes cannot commence their journey, should, before leaving the station, apply to the Station Master, who will refund the fare on the ticket being given up.
4. PASSENGERS from Madras, Bellary, Bangalore and Mettupalaiyam, intending to travel by the Mail trains over this Railway, can secure their tickets and book their luggage at any time during the day at the authorised booking and luggage offices.
5. PASSENGERS are requested to examine their tickets and change before leaving the booking office counter, as mistakes cannot be afterwards recognized.
6. CHILDREN under three years of age travel "free." Children of 3 and not exceeding 12 years of age are conveyed at half fares.
7. THE TICKETS given to passengers on payment of their fares will be required to be produced to the Company's servants or given up to them whenever demanded; any passenger unable or refusing to produce his ticket is liable to be charged the fare from the station whence the train originally started. The tickets are not transferable, and are only available on the day of issue except tickets for Mettupalaiyam which will be available for day of issue or following day. When passengers leave the train, the tickets will be required to be given up.
"Any person who shall attempt to defraud the Company by travelling or attempting to travel upon the Railway, without having previously paid his fare, or who shall in any other manner attempt to evade the payment thereof, is subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees fifty."
8. PASSENGERS travelling from any station on the Main line to any station on the branches and vice versa must change carriages as under unless through carriages are attached to the train, which can always be ascertained from the Guard in charge of the train:—for Bangalore branch at Jalarpet Junction, and for the Nilgiri branch at Piddanur Junction. Through 1st, 2nd and 3rd class carriages are run as a rule on the Mail trains from and to Madras and Bangalore and through 1st and 2nd class carriages are run on the Mail trains from and to Madras and Mettupalaiyam.

9. PASSENGERS wishing to avoid a change of carriages at the Junctions of the Main line and branches of the Madras Railway can engage through carriages at the following rates, by giving two days' notice:

First class carriage on payment for six 1st class tickets.
Second do. do. do. for twenty 2nd class tickets.

The first class charge includes six and the second class twenty passengers. Any number in excess of six and twenty respectively will be charged the ordinary fare.

10. PASSENGERS' FARES.—SINGLE TICKETS are issued over the Madras Railway at the following rates, namely:—

First Class.....18 pies per mile.	Third Class by Mail.....2 pies per mile.
Second do.....7 do. do.	Third do. by other trains 1½ do. do.

11. CLOAK ROOMS.—Passengers can leave their luggage in the Cloak rooms at the Central Station, Madras, Arkonam and Bangalore Cantonment on payment of two annas per article.

12. SMOKING.—Any person who without the consent of his fellow passengers, if any, in the same compartment, smokes in or upon any Railway carriage, except in a carriage or compartment specially provided for the purpose shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees; and any person who persists in so smoking (except as aforesaid) after being warned by any Railway servant to desist may, in addition to incurring the liability above-mentioned, be removed by any Railway servant from any such carriage and from the premises of the Railway, and where he has paid his fare and obtained a ticket, shall forfeit such fare and ticket.

13. FEES.—The Company's servants are prohibited from receiving any gratuity under pain of dismissal.

Change to a Superior Class.

14. Passengers wishing to change to a superior class on the Madras Railway at any period of the journey either for the remainder of the journey or for any part of it can obtain an excess ticket on payment of the difference in fare, and they are requested to satisfy themselves that the excess ticket specifies all that they have paid for.

(a) A passenger holding a second class local return ticket or a second class return ticket for a station on the G. I. P. Railway wishing to relinquish both halves of his ticket and to change absolutely to a higher class will be charged the difference between the first and second class return fare and he will be furnished, in exchange for the original ticket, with an excess ticket (2nd to 1st) with the word "Return" stamped or written on it. If the change is made only on the forward or on the return journey he will be charged the difference between a first and second class single fare for the actual distance he wishes to travel in the higher class. Passengers will retain their tickets and will also be furnished with an excess fare ticket.

(b) Passengers holding a second class return ticket issued on the East Indian, North-Western and Oude and Rohilkund Railways can change to a higher class between any station on the Madras and G. I. P. Railways, but no arrangement can be made for changing class beyond Jabalpur.

(c) Holders of third class tickets, not available by the Mail trains, can change to the Mail by paying the difference in fare to the Station Master where the change is made, and they will receive an excess ticket for the amount paid which must be given up together with the original ticket at station of destination. Passengers neglecting or omitting to take this precaution will be required to pay the full Mail train fare at station of destination, if they travel on a ticket not available by the Mail train.

(d) Whenever passengers are required to pay what is termed excess at the station of destination, they should demand from the Station Master or Ticket Collector a receipt for the amount paid.

Reserved Accommodation.

15. Reserved Accommodation will be provided on the following terms on the main line only of the Madras Railway on the condition that for a whole carriage sufficient notice is given and that for one or more compartments accommodation is available in the trains.

For whole of a Double Saloon.....	Six	full single first class fares.
For half of do.	Three	do. do.
For family carriage, A 35	Four	do. do.
For family carriage, A 1	Four	do. do.
For whole of a second class sleeping carriage (4 compartments)—	twenty	full single second class fares.
For one compartment of a second class sleeping carriage—	five	full single second class fares.
For whole of a 3rd class carriage (6 compartments)—	seven	full single 3rd class fares for each compartment.
For one compartment of a 3rd class carriage to seat 20 persons—	fourteen	full single third class fares.
For one compartment of a 3rd class carriage to seat 10 persons—	seven	full single third class fares.

Whenever these numbers are exceeded, each passenger in excess of the numbers specified will be charged the ordinary fare.

16. First and second class reserved accommodation from and to the Main line or from and to the Nilgiri and the Bangalore Branches will be supplied subject to the provisions of Rule IX and third class accommodation from and to the Main line and all the branches will be supplied on payment at the rate of for seven third class fares for each compartment, provided accommodation is available in the trains.

17. *Reserved compartments for 3rd class female passengers.*—Special reserved compartments are provided on every passenger train for female 3rd class passengers.

18. *LADIES.*—A Ladies' Compartment will be reserved for 1st class passengers in any passenger train without extra charge provided 24 hours' notice be given to the Station Masters at Madras, Bangalore, Mettupalaiyam or Raichūr if required at those stations or 48 hours' notice to the Traffic Manager at the Central Station, Madras, if reserved accommodation is required at an intermediate station. A second class compartment for females is always reserved in the Mail trains between Madras and Mettupalaiyam, Jalārpēt and Bangalore and Madras and Raichūr. A second class compartment will also be reserved for Ladies, without extra charge on 24 hours' notice being given to Station Masters of Madras, Bangalore or Mettupalaiyam on the Day Passenger trains running between Madras and Mettupalaiyam and Jalārpēt and Bangalore. Third class compartments for females are always reserved in all passenger trains.

Ordinary Return Tickets.

19. *FIRST CLASS* Return Tickets for the double journey can be obtained at any station at a fare and a half of the single fare: (all fractions of a rupee being charged as one rupee).

SECOND CLASS Return Tickets for the double journey can be obtained at any station at a fare and a half of the second class fare: (all fractions of a rupee being charged as one rupee).

(a) *FIRST AND SECOND CLASS* RETURN TICKETS will be available for one full month, thus: if issued on the 15th of the month, the return journey must be completed on the 16th of the following month.

Claim for Refund of Fares.

20. REFUNDS cannot be granted on Lost halves of return journey tickets whether on the forward or return journey.

21. PASSENGERS who lose their single journey tickets, are hereby requested to take notice that the Company does not hold itself liable to make good the value of such lost tickets.

Trivellore and Tirutani Festivals Return Tickets.

22. *TRIVELLORE FESTIVALS.*—Return Tickets will be issued at the undermentioned stations and fares to Trivellore, during the New Moon Festivals, available for two days during the monthly festivals, and three days during Thy and Anuce, exclusive of date of issue:—

	First class.		Second class.		Third class.	
	RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
Madras Mount Road, Rayapuram, Washermenpet, and Perambur.	1	8	0	12	0	6
Connur			—		0	5

(a) *THIRD CLASS* RETURN TICKETS will also be issued at the undermentioned stations and fares to TRIVELLORE available for the same period.

(b) Holders of time expired 3rd class Return Tickets or holders of 3rd class Return Tickets travelling by the Mail trains will forfeit the halves of the tickets which refer to the journey they are making and will be required to pay the single Mail fare.

Avadi.....Rs. 0 3	Vellore.....Rs. 0 11	Puttūr.....Rs. 0 9
Munnal....." 0 6	Tirutani....." 0 6	Pudi....." 0 10
Arcoṭ....." 0 8	Nagari....." 0 7	Renigunta....." 0 11

23. *TIRUTANI FESTIVALS.*—Return tickets will be issued from the undermentioned stations and fares to TIRUTANI during the Kirthecai Festivals available for two days during the Monthly Festivals, and for three days during Audi, Karthecai, Thy and Mausee, exclusive of date of issue, available by special Passengers and Mixed trains only.

(a) Holders of time expired 3rd class Return Tickets or holders of 3rd class Return tickets travelling by the Mail trains will forfeit the halves of the tickets which refer to the journey they are making and will be required to pay the single Mail fare.

2nd class.		3rd class.		2nd class.		3rd class.	
RS.	A.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	A.	P.
Madras, Mount Road, Rayapuram, Washermenpet, and Perambur	2	0	10	0	0	2	0
Connur	—	—	10	0	—	3	0
Timanūr	—	—	7	0	—	4	6
Trivellore	0	15	6	0	1	0	7
Kadambatūr	—	—	4	6	1	12	10
Chinnamūpēt	—	—	3	0	0	6	2
						0	0
						1	0
						0	6
						0	12
						1	2
						1	5
						7	0

24. *THIRD CLASS* RETURN TICKETS will also be issued at Conjeeveram to Tirutani and Trivellore on the same terms at the following fares:—

Conjeeveram to Tirutani...6 annas | Conjeeveram to Trivellore...8 annas.

(a) The tickets Conjeeveram to Tirutani are available for 3 days during the monthly festivals and 4 days during Audi, Karthecai, Thy and Mausee, exclusive of date of issue.

(b) The tickets Conjeeveram to Trivellore are available for 5 days during the monthly festivals and 6 days during Thy and Anuce, exclusive of date of issue.

Periodical Tickets.

25. First and Second Class periodical tickets available between Madras and Bangalore, Salem, Shevaroy Hills and Mettupalaiyam; between Beypore and Bangalore, Salem, Shevaroy Hills and Mettupalaiyam, and between Raichūr and Bangalore, Salem, Shevaroy Hills and Mettupalaiyam can be obtained on application to the Agent and Manager, Rayapuram Terminus, Madras.

BETWEEN	FIRST CLASS.				SECOND CLASS.			
	One month.	Three months.	Six months.	Twelve months.	One month.	Three months.	Six months.	Twelve months.
Madras and Bangalore ..	Rs. 60	Rs. 150	Rs. 276	Rs. 456	Rs. 24	Rs. 60	Rs. 111	Rs. 183
Do. „ Salem or Shevaroy Hills..	57	143	263	434	24	60	111	183
Do. „ Mettupalaiyam ..	93	233	428	707	36	90	166	274
Beypore „ Bangalore ..	102	255	470	776	39	98	180	297
Do. „ Salem or Shevaroy Hills..	56	140	258	426	21	53	97	160
Do. „ Mettupalaiyam ..	48	120	221	365	19	48	88	145
Raichūr „ Bangalore ..	135	338	621	1,026	54	135	249	411
Do. „ Salem or Shevaroy Hills..	132	330	608	1,004	51	128	235	388
Do. „ Mettupalaiyam ..	168	420	773	1,277	66	165	304	502

(a) First and Second Class periodical tickets available between any two stations on the Madras Railway at the rates on a somewhat similar scale to the above can also be obtained provided the distance be not less than 50 miles.

(b) These periodical tickets are not transferable and if used at any time by any other than the persons named in the tickets will be forfeited, and the persons so using them will be liable to the penalties incurred by passengers travelling without tickets.

Breaking Journey.

26. Holders of *single* tickets for distances over 100 miles will be allowed one day extra for every additional 100 miles or part of 100 miles in the through distance to enable them to break their journey if they wish to do so at any place along the route at which the train stops. Holders of *single* tickets between stations less than 100 miles apart will be allowed to halt at one or more stations on the route provided they reach the place of destination within 24 hours from the time the ticket was issued. Holders of 1st and 2nd class *Return* tickets will be permitted to break their journey in either direction as often and for as long as they wish, provided they do not travel more than once in the same direction and that the return journey is completed within the time allowed. (This rule does not apply to tickets issued to the South Indian Railway.)

Servants and Invalids.

27. *EUROPEAN, EURASIAN AND NATIVE FEMALE SERVANTS* are allowed to accompany their Mistresses in the same compartment of a 1st class carriage on payment of 2nd class fare, or in the same compartment of a 2nd class carriage on payment of the 3rd class fare charged by the train they travel in.

(a) *EUROPEAN, EURASIAN AND NATIVE FEMALE SERVANTS* accompanying young children, with or without their parents, are allowed to travel in the same compartment of a 1st class carriage on payment of 2nd class fare, or in the same compartment of a 2nd class carriage on payment of the 3rd class fare charged by the train in which they travel.

INVALIDS producing a certificate from a European Medical man, showing that personal attendance during the journey is necessary, will be allowed to take an attendant in the same compartment of a 1st class carriage on payment of 2nd class fare, and in the same compartment of a 2nd class carriage on payment of the 3rd class fare charged by the train in which they travel.

- a) One servant only is allowed to travel with each party at the reduced fare.
 b) The wives of officers travelling under Government Warrant are allowed the same privilege in respect to female servants.
 (c) These rules apply to the Madras, South Indian, G. I. P., B. B. and C. I. and E. I. Railways except Rule 28 regarding Invalids which does not apply to the G. I. P. and B. B. and C. I., including R. M. Railways.

29. **SERVANTS' TICKETS.**—First and Second Class passengers are recommended to give their servants travelling 3rd class their own tickets, so as to prevent the possibility of 1st and 2nd class passengers being called upon at night to show such tickets at examining stations.

Concession to Passengers.

30. The Company are prepared to issue, on application to the Traffic Manager, first and second class Return tickets at a reduced rate to Cricket and Pleasure parties.

Luggage Rates and Rules.

31. When luggage accompanies a passenger and is booked at and to the stations printed on the ticket purchased by the passenger, the following *free allowance* will be deducted from the gross weight of the luggage and the balance only will be charged for—
 First Class.....120 lbs. | Second Class.....60 lbs. | Third Class.....20 lbs.

(1) A passenger neglecting or failing to obtain a ticket for luggage at the station where he purchases a ticket for himself or from which a return ticket is available, will be required to pay at destination for the gross weight of the luggage and no allowance whatever will be made.

(2) When unbooked luggage is found in the possession of a passenger at a junction or station other than at the station where the passenger first took his ticket, the whole of the luggage should be weighed and charged for, no free allowance being given. If the owner has not sufficient money with him to pay the charges, the luggage must be placed in the Guard's Brake Van and booked forward "to pay," the receiving station being advised by wire to collect charges.

(3) When luggage is booked at or to any other station than the stations printed on the ticket held by the passenger, *no free allowance will be made*, but the gross weight must be paid for at the luggage rate, e.g. :—

(a) A passenger holding a ticket (Single or Return) from Madras to Mettupalaiyam, is not entitled to any free allowance if his luggage is booked to Salem or to any other station short of Mettupalaiyam.

(b) A passenger holding a Return ticket issued at Bombay for Madras is not entitled to any free allowance (on the return journey) if his luggage is booked to Arkonam or to Raichur or to Poonam, but he must be required to pay for the gross weight at luggage rate.

(4) When luggage is not accompanied by a passenger no free allowance will be made, except on luggage for Mettupalaiyam, which may be despatched one day in advance of the owner.

(5) Passengers from Madras, Bangalore and Mettupalaiyam intending to travel by the Mail trains over this Railway, can secure their tickets and book their luggage at any time during the day at the authorized booking and luggage offices.

(6) **ALL LUGGAGE MUST BE PRE-PAID**, and passengers should satisfy themselves that the amount paid for luggage is entered on the luggage ticket.

32. **CLOAK ROOMS.**—Passengers can leave their luggage in the Cloak rooms at the Central Station, Madras, Arkonam and Bangalore Cantonment on payment of two (2) annas per article.

33. **TRANSFER CHARGE ON LUGGAGE AT MADRAS.**—All luggage of passengers or of troops booked through from Madras Railway stations to stations on the South Indian Railway via Madras will be subject to an additional charge of one and half (1½) annas per maund. The minimum charge will be eight (8) annas.

CLAUSE 12 OF ACT No. IV. OF 1879.

A carrier by Railway shall in no case be answerable for loss, destruction or deterioration of, or damage to, any passenger's luggage, unless a Railway servant has booked and given a receipt for the same.

No luggage is allowed in the carriages except small packages which can be placed under the seat occupied by the owner. Station Masters and Guards are required to remove all packages which cannot be deposited under the seat.

Licensed bullock bandies can be procured through the Station Master at the Central Station, Madras, for the removal of luggage to any place within Madras Municipal limits at the rates of charge specified at page 371 *Madras Railway Guide*.

Special Trains.

34. **SPECIAL TRAINS** may be had on application to the Traffic Manager, Madras, by giving thirty-six hours' previous notice at the following rates :—

Description of Train.	Charge for Engine-power.	Charges for Passengers.	Luggage.
General Public (1).....	For any distance less than 100 miles Rs. 4 per mile, subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 100 and a maximum of Rs. 300.	Single fare for each passenger carried subject to the following minimum charge for each carriage occupied : 1st class, six 1st class fares. 2nd „ twenty 2nd class fares.	The ordinary allowance for each passenger will be carried free, and any excess charged at 2 pies per maund per mile.
(2).....	For 100 miles and upwards, Rs. 3 per mile	3rd class, seven 3rd class fares for each compartment of carriage.	do.
Postal Department Viceroy and the Governor of Madras.	Rupees 2½ per mile. Rupees 2½ per mile, subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 100.	Single fare for each passenger carried	do.

Rules and Regulations for the Conveyance of Horses, Carriages and Dogs, &c.

35. **HORSES AND CARRIAGES** must be at the stations 45 minutes before the departure of the train by which they are intended to be despatched, and to prevent disappointment when horse-boxes or carriage trucks are required one day's previous notice should be given at Madras and two days' notice at other stations. The Company do not undertake to forward horses or carriages by any particular train, nor do they hold themselves responsible for any injury occurring in loading or unloading.

The Company will not undertake to carry direct to their destination, horses or other animals or vehicles booked for carriage by any of the Company's mail trains, whether such horses or other animals or vehicles are accompanied by their owners or any other persons or not; but horse-boxes may be attached to mail trains on the understanding that such vehicles must give way to passenger carriages, and that they are liable to be detached from mail trains at stations or junctions to be forwarded by a following train.

Horses and carriages intended for despatch by the 5-0 and 5-45 P.M. mail trains, must be at the Central station (Madras) not later than 3-30 P.M.

The Company will not be responsible for any injury to horses conveyed by Goods train, whether arising from fear, sudden starting of the train, or from any other cause. Owners will be required to signify on paper their assent to these conditions of carriage before a horse is loaded.

The Southern Mahratta Railway will not accept for conveyance horses, cattle or any live stock which require the use of horse-boxes, cattle trucks or special vans unless 24 hours' previous notice has been given.

36. **GROOMS.**—One groom or horsekeeper will be allowed to travel free with each horse and in the same vehicle.

The minimum charge for horses is.....3 rupees.

Do. do. for 2 or 4-wheeled carriages...3 „

37. **INSURANCE OF HORSES.**—The Company will not be liable for a greater value than Rs. 500 for each horse, and if, at the time of booking, the value of a horse is declared to be greater than Rs. 500, the sender must be required to insure the horse by paying in addition to freight the insurance charge on the declared value in excess of Rs. 500, or to sign risk note form E. If sender refuses to pay insurance or sign risk note the Booking Clerk must refuse to book the horse and must report the circumstance by wire to the Divisional Officer. When a return ticket for a horse is issued, the insurance charge must be paid for both directions.

The rates for insurance are :—Madras, G. I. P. and South Indian Railways, 2½ per cent. for each Railway. East Indian, S. P. and D. and Oude and Rohilkund, one per cent. per 100 miles or fraction of 100 miles for each Railway.

Dogs.—Each dog must be provided by the sender, with a collar and chain of sufficient strength to properly secure it or the Company will not accept it for conveyance. It is very desirable that dogs should be muzzled also, because the Company's servants otherwise run a great risk in handling them.

Special compartments are provided for dogs. No person shall be allowed to take any dog into a passenger carriage except with the consent of the Station-Master at the starting station, and also with the concurrence of the fellow-passengers, and then only on payment of a double rate for each dog. The acceptance of a dog at the double rate for carriage

with the owner, is subject to the condition that it shall be removed if subsequently objected to, no refund being given.

Station-Masters and Guards are required to enforce the observance of this rule.

39. CATS, RABBITS, MONKEYS and other small animals *not in cages or baskets* will be charged at the same rates as dogs.

Corpses.

40. CORPSES are carried at a charge of eight (8) annas per mile when secured in air-tight coffins. No less charge than Rupees 5.

All charges must be prepaid.

Parcels Tariff.

By Passenger train from any station to any station on the Madras Railway only.

Weight in Pounds.	Cubic feet.	Charge (to be prepaid).	Weight in Pounds.	Cubic feet.	Charge (to be prepaid).
Not exceeding.....lbs. 2 or	1	0 4	Exceeding 40 and not		
Exceeding 2 and not			exceeding 60 lbs. 60 or	6	0 14
exceeding.....lbs. 5 or	1	0 6	" 80 "	8	1 3
" 10 "	2	0 8	" 100 "	10	1 8
" 20 "	4	0 10	" 120 "	12	3 6
" 40 "	8	0 12	" 160 "	16	4 8
			" 200 or	20	5 10

* Parcels of bread, fish (fresh), flowers, fruit, ice, meat (fresh), pawn or betel leaves, plants and vegetables weighing above 100 lbs. will be charged at one-third of the rates for 120 lbs., 160 lbs., and 200 lbs. Parcels respectively, and Parcels of silk cocoons despatched from Madras to Bangalore and Coimbatore by the Day Passenger train will also be charged at same rates.

The Parcel Offices at Madras (Central) Station and Mount Road are opened from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M. for the receipt and delivery of parcels.

Parcels intended for Yercaud (Shevaroy Hills) should be booked to Salem station.

Parcels for despatch will only be received at Shevaroy Hills station between 9 A.M. and 4 P.M. daily.

Parcels weighing more than 200 lbs. will only be carried by special agreement.

Each parcel will be separately charged for.

All parcels must be addressed in English.

APPLICATION OF THE "VALUE PAYABLE" SYSTEM TO RAILWAY RECEIPT NOTES ON THE MADRAS RAILWAY only.—"Value payable" goods and parcels not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in value carried by the Madras Railway Company, in conjunction with the Post Office, subject to the following rules and conditions issued by the Postal Department.

The consignor must address the consignment to himself at the Railway station at which it is intended that delivery shall be taken.

The Railway receipt note granted by the Railway Booking Clerk to the consignor must be signed by the latter, and endorsed to the person to whom the consignment is to be delivered, hereinafter termed "the consignee." The endorsement on the Railway receipt note must bear a *one-anna receipt stamp* in accordance with the provisions of the Stamp Act.

The Railway receipt note must then be presented open at the local Post Office, accompanied by the ordinary value-payable memorandum duly filled up, the words "Railway receipt note" being entered in the spaces for description of article. The value-payable memorandum must bear postage stamps of the value of 2 annas.

The Post Office will transmit the Railway receipt note to the Post Office of destination, and give notice of its arrival to the consignee.

The Post Office will effect delivery of the Railway receipt note on the consignee paying the amount specified in the value-payable memorandum.

The Post Office will not be responsible for any delay or demurrage that may arise, nor will it in any way collect the goods or parcels sent. The responsibility of the Post Office is confined solely to the collection of the value of the consignment. When that is effected, the Railway receipt note will be handed over to the consignee, who must then obtain the articles from the Railway Administration in the usual manner.

All goods or parcels "valuable-payable" or otherwise which senders wish to stipulate shall be delivered to the holder of the receipt note must bear a distinct mark only, thus:—**W** Bangalore; but on no account is it permissible for the name of the con-

signee to appear either on the goods or parcel or on the forwarding note or receipt note, and, in the documents named, goods or parcels must be consigned "to order," the receipt note thus requiring the endorsement of the sender before delivery can be given.

Goods or parcels so booked can only be delivered on the production of the receipt note, the receiving station being careful not to deliver in any other manner either by indemnity bond or otherwise.

BICYCLES AND TRICYCLES by passenger trains, whether accompanying passenger or not, will be charged for at parcels rates by weightment, and will be carried at owner's risk if not securely packed in cases or crates, and the sender will be required to sign a risk note at the time of booking.

BIRDS, CATS, RABBITS, PUPS, KITTENS and other small animals *in cages or baskets*, will be charged for as parcels.

POULTRY IN HAMPER OR BASKETS if consigned for distances exceeding 100 miles can only be carried at "owner's risk" and the owner or sender must be required to sign risk note form B, which must be thoroughly explained to him before he is required to sign it. Live poultry cannot be booked for a journey which will occupy 24 hours or upwards unless provision is made by the owner or sender to supply the poultry with food and water during the journey. The weight of each package containing poultry is limited to 40 lbs. in local as well as through booking.

SPORTING AMMUNITION.—Small packages of sporting ammunition not exceeding 20 lbs. in weight for gunpowder and 40 lbs. for loaded cartridges and percussion caps (except breech-loading cartridges to which there is no limit) will be carried by Passenger train over the Madras and South Indian Railways at ordinary parcels rates subject to the following restrictions, *viz.*:—

(a) that not more than 3 packages can be sent by any one train;

(b) that gunpowder is securely packed in tin canister with an outer case of wood or tin and certified in writing by sender to be spark proof.

The Company will not undertake to deliver at the residences of consignees articles enumerated in Section 11 of Act IV of 1879, except by special arrangement.

Parcels intended for dispatch by any particular train, must be delivered at the respective stations 45 minutes before the departure of the train.

Parcels exceeding in measurement 10 lbs. to the cubic foot will be charged by measurement and not by weight.

Parcels will also be received at the Company's Receiving Office, No. 185, Mount Road, Madras, on payment of a booking fee of *one anna* per parcel in addition to the above charges. Parcels for the North-West Line will be received up to 4-15 P.M. and for the South-West Line up to 5-15 P.M. daily *except Sundays*. Parcels can be booked after these hours up to 6 P.M., but they will not be forwarded until the following day.

DELIVERY OF PARCELS IN MADRAS.—The charges of 4, 6, 8 and 10 annas for parcels not exceeding 2 lbs., 5 lbs., 10 lbs. and 20 lbs. respectively *include delivery* in Madras at the residence or place of business of addressee, within a radius of 2 miles from the Central Station, provided the number of the house and name of the street or road are specified on the parcel or the residence of the addressee is known. Parcels exceeding 20 lbs. in weight, for distances within a radius of 2 miles from Central Station and parcels of any weight for distances exceeding 2 miles if fully addressed, or if addressee's residence be known, will be delivered by the Company's delivery Agent at the following additional rates. If parcels are not fully addressed, or the residence of the addressee is not known, they will be kept "until called for."

Weight.	Any distance up to 2 miles.	Any distance 2 to 4 miles.	Any distance 4 to 5 miles.
	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.
1 to 20 lbs.	—	2 0	3 0
21 " 30 "	1 6	2 6	3 6
31 " 40 "	1 6	2 8	4 0
41 " 50 "	1 9	3 0	4 6
51 " 60 "	2 0	3 6	5 0
61 " 70 "	2 6	3 8	5 6
71 " 80 "	2 6	4 0	6 0
81 " 90 "	2 9	4 6	6 6
91 " 100 "	3 0	4 8	7 0
101 " 110 "	3 6	5 0	7 6
111 " 120 "	3 6	5 6	8 0
121 " 130 "	3 9	5 8	8 6
131 " 140 "	4 0	6 0	9 0
141 " 150 "	4 6	6 6	9 6

Delivery of parcels cannot be made to persons residing beyond Municipal limits, and owners must make their own arrangements as to their removal.

The charges will also apply to parcels booked through between the Madras and South Indian Railways and which are transferred from the Central Station to Egmore Station or *vice versa*. Parcels weighing from 1 to 20 lbs. and booked through will not however be carried *free*, but will be charged at one anna per parcel.

Parcels will also be delivered by the Company, if sufficiently addressed, within a radius of four (4) miles from the Vellore, Bangalore, Salem, Coimbatore, Palghat, Cuddapah and Bellary Stations at the following additional rates:—

	Per Parcel.
	Annas.
From 1 to 20 lbs. in weight.....	1
" 21 to 60 lbs. "	2
" 61 to 160 lbs. "	3
Above 160 lbs. for every 50 lbs. or part of 50 lbs.	1

STORAGE OF PARCELS.—Parcels unclaimed, or which cannot be delivered from any cause

or which are addressed "to be left until called for" will be liable to a charge for storage after the first 7 days of half-anna per parcel per diem, but no less charge than one anna will be levied on each parcel.

The Company will not be responsible for loss of, or injury to any gold, silver, jewellery, securities and valuable papers, plated goods, pictures silks, china and such like valuable articles unless the same shall have been accepted by an authorized servant of the Company, and an increased charge paid.

Rates for Parcels in through booking with all other Indian Railways.

	First 100 miles.	Every additional 100 miles.	
Parcels not exceeding 5 seers or 1 cubic foot	3	1	Subject to a maxi-
Do. do. 10 " 2 cubic feet	6	3	mum charge of
Do. do. 20 " 4 do.	10	5	one rupee for
Do. do. 30 " 6 do.	13	8	a parcel not ex-
Do. do. 40 " 8 do.	16	8	ceeding 5 seers

For every additional 10 seers or 2 cubic feet or fraction of 10 seers or 2 cubic feet

Parcels exceeding 40 seers in weight or 8 cubic feet in measurement will be booked only if accommodation will allow.

*Betel-leaves, fish, fruit, vegetables, bazaar baskets, meat and ice at half parcels rates subject to a minimum of two (2) annas and to a maximum weight of 20 seers for each consignment.

The payment of charges on parcels, provided they do not contain perishables, is optional.

Illustrations.

A parcel weighing not more than 5 seers (10 lbs.) will be carried from Madras to Lahore or Lucknow or Calcutta for ONE RUPEE.

A 20 lbs. parcel will be carried from Madras to Bombay for Rs. 1-11-0, to Calcutta for Rs. 4-2-0, and to Lahore for Rs. 4-5-0.

Rates for Treasure.

TREASURE will be charged at the following rates by Passenger trains only and at owner's risk, if not insured.

Less than 5 maunds	2 pices per maund per mile.
From 5 maunds and under 1 ton	2½ do. do.
1 ton	2½ do. do.
2 tons	3 do. do.
3 "	5 do. do.
5 "	10 do. do.
10 tons and upwards	1 do. do.

LOCAL INFORMATION FOR TRAVELLERS ON THE MADRAS RAILWAY.

South West Line.

Perambur.—Situated on the outskirts of Madras. The Locomotive and Carriage Workshops of the Madras Railway are near this station and the Buckingham Spinning and Weaving Mills are at a short distance. The Red Hills tank which supplies Madras with water is about 7 miles from Perambur and connected with it by a fair road. The site of this tank was a favourite sanitarium of Madras before the opening of the Railway rendered the Nilgiris and Bangalore accessible. Good water-fowl shooting can sometimes be got round it.

Ambatur.—There are large laterite quarries here from which most of the stone for the Madras Harbour Works was obtained. There is also a very ancient famous temple of "Masilamani Easvarar" at Thirumalayavoyal about 1½ miles north-west of the station, said to be built by the Rajah of Chola. Many persons, especially Madrascers, visit this temple during Brahma Ootchavum which is performed in May, near to, there is the temple of "Pachamalai Ammen" of equal importance which hundreds of persons visit on the fire-treading festival days.

Avadi.—About four miles from Poonamallee, a depot for the troops of the Madras Presidency, and eight from St. Thomas' Mount where several batteries of artillery are stationed. These two towns are favourite places of residence with pensioned soldiers of the East India Company. St. Thomas' Mount contains an interesting old church built by the Portuguese in the 16th Century. At Poonamallee there is a traveller's bungalow. A waiting room at the Avadi Station will also be found. The road is excellent and juktas can usually be obtained at the station but if

* NOTE.—Betel leaves will be charged at full parcels rates over the South Indian Railway.

carriages are required they should be ordered beforehand from St. Thomas' Mount. Government House, Guindy, is about two miles from the last named place. There is a District Munsif's Court and a Tahsildar's Catcherry at this station.

Tinnanur.—There are large tanks here where snipe and wild duck are plentiful in the season. There is a chuttrum close to the station for the accommodation of native travellers. A Hindu temple about a mile south of the station attracts many natives during festivals.

Trivellore.—There are some famous Hindu Temples here and also at Sri-peramboothoor about 10 miles south-east of this station, which are well worth a visit. A feast is held monthly at each new moon. It is largely attended by brahmins from Madras and other places. There is a chuttrum in the village for the accommodation of native travellers. The old fort of Tripasore built by the East India Company is about 4 miles from Tiruvallur and connected with it by good road.

Kadambatur.—There are some large tanks here where snipe and water-fowl abound and as the country is not so overrun by sportsmen, as places nearer Madras generally are, good sport is often obtainable. The Railway line crosses the Cortelliar river about 3 miles west of this station.

Chinnamapet.—There is a celebrated temple situated at Theruvallangadu, near this station, which on festival days attracts natives from considerable distances.

Arkonam.—The Junction of the Madras and South Indian Railways. The South-West and North-West lines of the Madras Railway also diverge here. There is a refreshment room in the station and comfortable quarters upstairs where passengers can find accommodation at moderate rates. Near the station is a rest camp for troops and there is a chuttrum in the village for native travellers. The South Indian Railway Station is close to that of the Madras Railway, a bridge across the line connecting the two. At Conjeeveram, 17 miles from Arkonam, by the South Indian line, there are some of the most celebrated temples in Southern India. A grand festival is held there in the month of May at the Temple of "Sree Devaraja Swamy" which lasts for 10 days and attracts pilgrims from almost all parts of India.

Sholinghur.—Canveripauk Tank, one of the largest tanks in this presidency, is situated 4 miles south-west of the station and good sport can sometimes be had. A large temple is built on the hills about 8 miles north-west of the Station and is much attended by natives. At the foot of the hills there is a District Munsif's Court and Mission School. Bullock bandies are available.

Arcot.—Five miles from the Railway Station is the town where Olive first made his name famous. The chief object of interest is the fort and especially that part called the Delhi Douvaja, a spacious and massive gateway forming the northern entrance. Ranipett, the Head-quarters of the Head Assistant Collector, is 3 miles south of the station and was formerly a station for troops. A fair for provisions, cattle, &c., is held here every Friday. At Walajapet, about 4 miles south of the station, there is a Tahsildar's Catcherry, and Sub-Registrar's Office. Good roads lead to the above places. The population of the Town is 11,000.

Tiruvallam.—A Hindu Temple of considerable local celebrity stands on the west bank of the Poiney river which crosses the Railway line about 2 miles east of this Station.

Vellore.—The town is four miles from the Railway station south of the line. Pony and bullock carts can be obtained. Vellore is a large native town of considerable trade and there is a Native Infantry Regiment quartered there, but the head-quarters of the District officers are at Chittoor, 18 miles distant to the north. At Vellore there is an old fort and in it a temple containing exquisite specimens of stone carving in the Dravidian style. This temple has been lately very successfully restored by the Government. The central jail at this station is noted for the manufacture of different kinds of cloths. The population of the Town is 43,000.

Virinjipuram.—About three miles south of the Line is a large temple visited by crowds of natives during festivals.

Gudiyatam a native town of some importance, is about 3 miles from the station. A fair for the sale of provisions, cattle, &c., is held weekly on Tuesdays. There is a large temple at Pullicondah about 1½ miles south-east of the station.

Mailpati.—The bridge over the Palar River about ½ of a mile from the station is one of the largest bridges on the line. Sattigadu, about 8 miles from Mailpatty, is noted for its oranges.

Jalarpet.—The junction for the Bangalore branch. A refreshment room at the station. A few miles from this station the line begins to rise to the plateau of Mysore, the gradient being in some parts as steep as one in sixty-eight.

Kamasamudram—Is the station for a few of the more easterly of the Mysore Gold Mines, but the principal station for the greater number is **Kolar Road** from whence there is now a fair road leading to most of the mines.

Bangalore Cantonment—This is the largest military station in Southern India and the head-quarters of the Mysore Division. Though in the midst of native territory belonging to the Maharajah of Mysore, the Cantonment itself is British Territory and is under the control of the Resident of Mysore. Having a climate that is preferred by many even to that of Ootacamund and a large and pleasant society it is a favourite place of residence and many Madras officials and others spend their leave here. The Cubbon and the Bowring are the principal hotels and there are several boarding houses as well as a Dāk Bungalow. The Lalbag is well worth a visit and contains a large collection of foreign plants and trees. The Cubbon Park, so called in memory of Sir Mark Cubbon, a former Chief Commissioner, is a favourite resort in the evenings. Here is situated the museum which bids fair to take a foremost place in India. The race meeting which is held in July is largely attended and the Meeting of the Southern India Rifle Association in September generally attracts a number of competitors and visitors. There is a refreshment room at the station.

Bangalore City Station—The junction with the Mysore State Railway is 3 miles from the Cantonment and is situated in native territory almost in the heart of the native city. From here the Mysore State Railway, which is a narrow gauge line, runs to Mysore passing within 30 miles of the Cauvery falls which are said to be one of the most beautiful sights in Asia, and through Seringapatam, the ancient capital so well known to history through the deeds of Tippoo Sultan, the Tiger of Mysore and the scene of the Duke of Wellington's first victories. Within a mile of the Station is the old fort of Bangalore which contains some interesting relics of the time of Tippoo and Hyder Ali.

Shevaroy Hills—This station though nearer to Ercaud than Salem is not so convenient for travellers. The whole of the journey has to be made on ponies or in palanquins. Arrangements should be made beforehand.

Salem—The Railway Station is at Súrungalam, four miles from the town. Salem is the head-quarters of the District of the same name. This is the most convenient station for travellers proceeding to Ercaud or the Shevaroy Hills. The journey to the foot of the Ghaut can be made in carriages and the ascent either by pony or palanquin. The population of the Town is 50,000.

Erode—The junction with the South Indian Railway. All passengers or Trichinopoly, Tanjore and other places on that line change here.

Podanur—The junction for the Nilgiri Branch. A refreshment room at the station. The climate of Podanur is very cool and salubrious and good sport is sometimes obtainable within a few miles. It is only four miles from Coimbatore.

Coimbatore—The principal town of the District of that name and the head-quarters of the Collector. Messrs. Stanes and Co. have a large Coffee Curing Establishment here. The population of the Town is 38,967.

Mettupalaiyam—Is the present terminus for passengers proceeding to the Nilgiris. There is a hotel here and tongas can be obtained which will run through to Coonoor, Wellington and Ootacamund, but persons wishing to go further than the latter place must make special arrangements. Travellers leaving Mettupalaiyam after the arrival of the mail train from Madras should reach Ootacamund before dark. A narrow gauge Railway on the Riggensbach system is shortly to be constructed from Mettupalaiyam to Coonoor.

Palghat—Is a native town of some importance and the head-quarters of a Head Assistant Magistrate. The population of the Town is 36,339.

Shoranur—Travellers for Cochin leave the Railway at this station whence the journey is made by boat and back-water. There is a refreshment room at the station.

Tirur—This is the nearest point on the Railway to the Military station of Mallapuram where a detachment from the Regiment at Fort St. George is always stationed. There is a fair road, but country carts are the only conveyances.

Beypore—The terminus of the line on the western coast. There is an hotel on the station premises for the accommodation of travellers. Calicut, the principal town of Malabar, is 9 miles distant and the population is 57,085. The Beypore river is crossed in boats and bullock bandies can be obtained on the other side. Travellers for Cannanore and other places would find it most convenient to take passages in the B. I. S. N. Company's Steamers which call weekly at Beypore except during the South-West Monsoon, though it is possible to make the journey by land through Calicut and Tellicherry, travelling partly by bullock cart and partly by boat on the back-

water. This route passes through Mahé, a French settlement about 4 miles south of Tellicherry, which is a very pretty and interesting place.

North-West Line.

Tirutani—On a hill, about a mile west of the Railway station is the famous temple of "Coomaraswamy" at which a monthly festival is held and largely attended by Hindus. The two grand festivals of the year called "Andy Kirthesai" and "Thye Kirthesai" are held in August and January and attract great numbers of pilgrims from a distance.

Renigunta—About 14 miles from this station and easily accessible by bullock bandy, is the Rajah Mahal built by the Telugu kings of Chandragiri some centuries ago. This Mahal is built entirely of granite, no wood being employed and is of an unique style of architecture. Adjoining it is the Ram Mahal, a smaller building. These are situated at the foot of Chandragiri hill on which is an old fort built by the Narasinga Rajah of Vijayanagram. On the Tirupati hill about 7 miles from the station is a celebrated ancient temple dedicated to Sri Venkatesa Perumal which attracts pilgrims from all parts of India at almost all seasons, but especially during the feast of Brahma Ootchavum which takes place in the month of September. The Cuddapah-Nellore State Railway is open for traffic and extends from Tirupati to Nellore, a distance of 83 miles, crossing the Madras Railway at Renigunta.

Cuddapah—The head-quarters of the district of that name. It is a town of large native trade but has few European inhabitants except the Government officials. In the town are four buildings now occupied as Government offices, but which were formerly palaces of the Nawab of Cuddapah. These contain some good workmanship. Scattered in the district are numbers of interesting specimens of native architecture, especially at Madanapalle where there is a pagoda and a beautifully carved Monolith. The population of the Town is 16,437.

Tadpatri—Contains the temples of Rama, Iswara and Chintaraya built by the Vijayanagar kings about 400 years ago. These temples which are in a very good state of preservation, are elaborately decorated with sculptures representing the adventures of Rama, Krishna and other mythological personages and a figure holding a Grecian bow, a weapon rarely seen in Hindu sculptures, is especially worth seeing. There is a refreshment room at the station and a traveller's bungalow in the town.

Gooty—There is an interesting old hill fort near the town whose summit reaches a height of 970 feet above the level of the surrounding country and 2,000 feet above sea level. A rest camp for troops is at this station. Good sport can be obtained in the neighbourhood.

Guntakal Junction—The Junction with the Southern Mahratta and Bellary Kistna State Railways. There is a refreshment room in the station.

Adoni—One of the principal towns in the cotton districts of the Dekkan. Several Madras merchants have agencies here and there are several cotton-presses. The Jaghire of Adoni once held by Basalut Jung, brother of the Nizam of Hyderabad, was very extensive and included the town of Bellary. Parts of the old fortifications of Adoni still remain but no inscriptions have been found. At the masjid may be seen chains cut out of single blocks of stone. The traveller between Adoni and Kosgi will notice the fantastic shapes assumed by the rocks by the side of the Railway line. The population of the Town is 22,441.

Raichur—The junction with the Great Indian Peninsula Railway. There is a refreshment room at the station and a chuttrum for native travellers in the village adjacent. Raichur was formerly the principal town of the district and in the fifteenth and sixteenth centuries was the scene of constant struggles between the Hindu and Mussalman kingdoms of the Dekkan. The old fort, which has been taken and re-taken many times is defended by two walls one within the other, enclosing a square the southern side of which is bounded by a rocky hill 290 feet high. The inner wall was built by the Hindu King Vithala as recorded in a Sanscrit inscription bearing a date corresponding to the 28th November 1294 A.D. The inscription may be seen on a stone 4½ feet long in the western wall near the gateway. The outer wall and the southern part of the inner one were built by the Mahomedans. Numerous inscription stones bearing dates from 1563 to 1619 A.D. are to be found built into the outer wall. A curious old gun, 21 feet long, will be found in the citadel on the top of the rock. The breach is blown away so that the structure of the gun can be easily seen: it is formed of 12 longitudinal iron bars, each about 1½ inches square, bound together by two wrought-iron coils. The population of Raichur in 1881 was 13,575. Lingasagar, a Cantonment garrisoned by a detachment from the Hyderabad Contingent, is 60 miles from Raichur and connected with it by a fair road and can be reached in country carts.

STATIONS.	FARES FOR PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE FROM MADRAS.					
	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
	Single.	Return.	Single.	Return.	By Mail train.	By other train.
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Madras ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	—	0 0 6
Ráyapuram ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	—	0 0 6
Washermenpett ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	0 1 0	0 0 6
Perambúr ...	0 9	0 14	0 4	0 6	—	0 0 9
Connur ...	0 15	1 8	0 6	0 9	—	0 1 8
Ambatúr ...	1 0	1 8	0 8	0 12	—	0 2 3
Avadi ...	2 0	3 0	0 11	1 0	—	0 2 3
Tinnanúr ...	2 0	3 0	0 13	1 4	—	0 2 11
Sevvápet Road ...	2 0	3 0	0 13	1 4	0 4 4	0 3 3
Trivellore ...	2 0	3 0	0 15	1 8	—	0 3 9
Kadambatúr ...	3 0	5 0	1 0	1 8	—	0 4 6
Chinnamapet ...	3 0	5 0	1 0	1 8	—	0 4 6
ARKONAM Junction ...	4 0	6 0	2 0	3 0	0 7 2	0 5 5
Munnai ...	5 0	8 0	2 0	3 0	0 9 4	0 7 0
Sholinghur ...	5 0	8 0	2 0	3 0	0 10 10	0 8 2
Ancor ...	6 0	9 0	2 0	3 0	—	0 9 2
Tiruvallam ...	7 0	11 0	3 0	5 0	0 13 6	0 10 2
VELLORE ...	8 0	12 0	3 0	5 0	0 14 10	0 11 2
Virinjipuram ...	9 0	14 0	4 0	6 0	1 0 0	0 12 0
Gudiyatani ...	9 0	15 0	4 0	6 0	—	0 12 9
Ulli ...	10 0	15 0	4 0	6 0	1 1 8	0 13 3
Mailpati ...	10 0	15 0	4 0	6 0	1 2 10	0 14 2
Ambúr ...	11 0	17 0	4 0	6 0	1 4 6	0 15 0
Vaniyambadi ...	12 0	18 0	5 0	8 0	—	0 16 0
Ketandapatti ...	12 0	18 0	5 0	8 0	1 6 0	0 16 6
JALARPET Junction ...	13 0	20 0	5 0	8 0	1 6 10	0 17 2
Tirupatúr ...	14 0	21 0	5 0	8 0	—	0 18 0
Kāgankarai ...	14 0	21 0	6 0	9 0	1 9 4	0 18 8
Samalpati ...	15 0	23 0	6 0	9 0	1 11 8	0 19 9
Kallavi ...	16 0	24 0	6 0	9 0	1 11 8	0 20 9
Mórapur ...	16 0	24 0	6 0	9 0	—	0 21 0
Baddireddipatti ...	17 0	26 0	7 0	11 0	1 14 0	0 22 6
Mallapuram ...	18 0	27 0	7 0	11 0	2 0 0	0 23 0
Shevaroy Hills ...	19 0	29 0	8 0	12 0	2 0 10	0 24 8
Dinampatti ...	19 0	29 0	8 0	12 0	2 2 6	0 25 11
SALEM (Suramangalam) ...	20 0	30 0	8 0	12 0	—	0 26 8
Ariyanur ...	21 0	32 0	8 0	12 0	2 4 8	0 27 6
McDonald's Choultry ...	22 0	33 0	8 0	12 0	2 6 6	0 28 11
Sankaridrug ...	23 0	35 0	9 0	14 0	—	0 29 2
Cauvery ...	23 0	35 0	9 0	14 0	2 8 6	0 30 5
Erode Junction ...	24 0	36 0	9 0	14 0	2 10 0	0 31 6
Perundurai ...	25 0	38 0	10 0	15 0	—	0 32 8
Vizianangalam ...	25 0	38 0	10 0	15 0	2 12 6	0 33 5
Uttukuli ...	26 0	39 0	10 0	15 0	2 14 10	0 34 2
Tirupúr ...	26 0	39 0	10 0	15 0	2 14 8	0 35 0
Mangulam ...	27 0	41 0	10 0	15 0	2 15 8	0 36 3
Somanúr ...	27 0	41 0	11 0	17 0	3 0 6	0 37 5
Sulúr ...	28 0	42 0	11 0	17 0	3 1 6	0 38 2
Singánallúr ...	28 0	42 0	11 0	17 0	3 2 4	0 39 9
Podanur Junction ...	29 0	44 0	11 0	17 0	3 3 1	0 40 6
Madakurái ...	30 0	45 0	12 0	18 0	3 4 3	0 41 8
Wālayár ...	30 0	45 0	12 0	18 0	3 5 1	0 42 6
Kanyikōl ...	31 0	47 0	12 0	18 0	3 6 1	0 43 6
PALGHAT ...	32 0	48 0	12 0	18 0	3 6 10	0 44 3
Parli ...	33 0	50 0	13 0	20 0	3 8 0	0 45 5
Lakkidi ...	33 0	50 0	13 0	20 0	3 8 7	0 46 0
Ottapilam ...	34 0	51 0	13 0	20 0	3 9 7	0 47 0
Shoranur ...	34 0	51 0	13 0	20 0	3 10 6	0 48 11
Pattambi ...	35 0	53 0	14 0	21 0	3 11 1	0 49 6
Pallipuram ...	35 0	53 0	14 0	21 0	3 12 0	0 50 3
Kuttiapuram ...	36 0	54 0	14 0	21 0	3 13 1	0 51 6
Tirur ...	37 0	56 0	14 0	21 0	3 13 9	0 52 2
Tanore ...	37 0	56 0	15 0	23 0	3 14 4	0 53 9
Parpanangādi ...	38 0	57 0	15 0	23 0	3 15 6	0 54 11
BEYPORE ...	38 0	57 0	15 0	23 0	—	0 55 11

Luggage—2 pies per maund per mile.

STATIONS.	FARES FOR PASSENGERS AND LUGGAGE FROM MADRAS.					
	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.	
	Single.	Return.	Single.	Return.	By Mail trains.	By other trains.
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Madras ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	—	0 0 6
Ráyapuram ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	—	0 0 6
Washermenpett ...	0 4	0 6	0 2	0 3	0 1 0	0 0 6
Perambúr ...	0 9	0 14	0 4	0 6	—	0 0 9
Connur ...	0 15	1 8	0 6	0 9	—	0 1 8
Ambatúr ...	1 0	1 8	0 8	0 12	0 2 2	0 2 3
Avadi ...	2 0	3 0	0 11	1 0	—	0 2 11
Tinnanúr ...	2 0	3 0	0 13	1 4	—	0 3 3
Sevvápet Road ...	2 0	3 0	0 15	1 8	0 4 4	0 3 9
Trivellore ...	3 0	5 0	1 0	1 8	—	0 4 6
Kadambatúr ...	3 0	5 0	1 0	1 8	—	0 4 6
Chinnamapet ...	4 0	6 0	2 0	3 0	0 7 2	0 5 5
ARKONAM Junction ...	5 0	8 0	2 0	3 0	0 8 6	0 6 5
Tirutani ...	6 0	9 0	3 0	5 0	0 11 8	0 8 9
Nagari ...	7 0	11 0	3 0	5 0	0 13 0	0 9 9
Puttúr ...	7 0	11 0	3 0	5 0	0 11 0	0 10 6
Púdi ...	8 0	12 0	3 0	5 0	—	0 11 8
RENIGUNTA ...	9 0	14 0	4 0	6 0	—	0 12 11
Māmandúr ...	10 0	15 0	4 0	6 0	1 2 2	0 13 8
Peddapad ...	10 0	15 0	4 0	6 0	1 3 9	0 14 9
Kodur ...	11 0	17 0	4 0	6 0	1 4 4	0 15 3
Urampād ...	11 0	17 0	4 0	6 0	1 5 8	0 16 0
Reddipalle ...	12 0	18 0	5 0	8 0	—	0 17 3
Rajampet ...	13 0	20 0	5 0	8 0	1 6 10	0 18 2
Nandalúr ...	14 0	21 0	5 0	8 0	1 8 6	0 19 8
Vontimitta ...	15 0	23 0	6 0	9 0	1 11 10	0 20 11
CRDDAPAH ...	16 0	24 0	6 0	9 0	1 13 4	0 21 6
Krishnāpuram ...	17 0	26 0	7 0	11 0	1 15 0	0 22 3
Kamalāpuram ...	17 0	26 0	7 0	11 0	—	0 23 0
Yerraguntla ...	18 0	27 0	7 0	11 0	2 0 8	0 24 8
Muddanúr ...	19 0	29 0	8 0	12 0	2 3 2	0 25 5
Mangapātnam ...	20 0	30 0	8 0	12 0	—	0 26 6
Kondāpuram ...	21 0	32 0	8 0	12 0	2 6 0	0 27 6
Vanganúr ...	21 0	32 0	9 0	14 0	2 7 0	0 28 3
TADPATRI ...	22 0	33 0	9 0	14 0	—	0 29 0
Pennér ...	23 0	35 0	9 0	14 0	2 8 6	0 30 5
Rāyalcheru ...	23 0	35 0	9 0	14 0	—	0 31 3
Jakkulacheruvu ...	24 0	36 0	9 0	14 0	2 11 0	0 32 0
GOOTY ...	25 0	38 0	10 0	15 0	2 12 2	0 33 3
Patakottacheru ...	25 0	39 0	10 0	15 0	2 13 8	0 34 3
GUNTAKAI Junction ...	26 0	39 0	10 0	15 0	2 14 0	0 35 2
Nancherla ...	26 0	39 0	10 0	15 0	—	0 36 0
Aspari ...	28 0	42 0	11 0	17 0	3 1 2	0 37 4
Nagarúr ...	29 0	44 0	11 0	17 0	3 3 4	0 38 8
ADONI ...	30 0	45 0	12 0	18 0	3 6 10	0 39 9
Kūngal ...	31 0	47 0	12 0	18 0	3 7 8	0 40 8
Kōsgi ...	31 0	47 0	12 0	18 0	3 8 8	0 41 6
Tungabhadra River ...	32 0	48 0	13 0	20 0	3 10 6	0 42 11
Matnari ...	33 0	50 0	13 0	20 0	—	0 43 11
RAICHUR ...	33 0	50 0	13 0	20 0	—	0 44 11

Luggage—2 pies per maund per mile.

Rates for Horses, Carriages and Dogs.

STATIONS.	From Madras.				From Arkonum.				From Raichur.			
	Horses.		Carriages.	Dogs.	Horses.		Carriages.	Dogs.	Horses.		Carriages.	Dogs.
	One Horse.	If the property of one person.			2 Horses	3 Horses			2 Horses	3 Horses		
Madras.....	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
Arkonum.....	4 1	8 1	8 1	5 0	6 1	8 1	32 15	49 6	65 13	65 13	2 0	1 12
Raichur.....	7 14	15 12	15 12	3 0	5 7	7 11	28 14	43 5	57 12	57 12	1 18	1 18
Kudur.....	10 4	15 6	20 7	5 5	9 12	12 9	25 1	37 3	50 1	50 1	1 4	1 4
Cuddapah.....	15 3	22 13	30 6	11 3	16 12	22 5	22 5	34 1	45 6	45 6	1 0	1 0
Tudupatri.....	21 6	32 1	42 12	17 6	26 0	34 11	17 12	26 9	35 7	35 7	1 0	1 0
Goety.....	24 3	36 5	48 6	20 3	30 4	40 5	11 9	17 5	23 1	23 1	0 12	0 12
Adoni.....	28 14	43 5	57 12	24 14	37 4	49 11	4 1	8 12	13 1	13 1	0 8	0 8
Raichur.....	32 15	49 6	65 13	28 14	43 5	57 12	4 1	8 12	13 1	13 1	0 8	0 8
Vellore.....	7 10	11 6	15 3	5 0	9 12	12 9	32 7	48 11	64 14	64 14	1 12	1 12
Jalarpet.....	12 6	18 9	24 12	8 7	12 11	16 14	37 4	55 13	71 7	71 7	2 0	2 0
Malur.....	18 0	27 0	36 0	14 1	21 2	28 2	45 6	63 1	85 14	85 14	2 8	2 8
Bangalore Cantonment.....	20 9	30 13	41 1	16 10	24 14	33 3	45 6	68 1	90 12	90 12	2 8	2 8
Bangalore City.....	20 9	30 13	41 1	16 10	24 14	33 3	45 6	68 1	90 12	90 12	2 8	2 8
Salem (Sûrmangalam).....	19 7	29 2	38 13	15 6	23 1	30 12	41 4	66 6	88 8	88 8	2 8	2 8
Erode.....	22 13	34 3	45 9	18 14	28 4	37 11	47 12	71 9	95 7	95 7	2 12	2 12
Coimbatore.....	28 11	43 1	57 6	24 11	37 0	49 5	53 9	80 5	107 1	107 1	3 0	3 0
Metpalaiyam.....	30 12	46 2	61 8	26 12	40 1	53 7	55 10	83 6	111 3	111 3	3 0	3 0
Palghat.....	31 2	46 11	62 4	27 8	40 13	54 6	55 1	81 2	112 2	112 2	3 0	3 0
Beypore.....	33 3	57 4	76 5	34 2	51 3	68 4	63 0	91 8	126 0	126 0	3 8	3 8
Trichinopoly Junction.....	39 11	51 1	79 5	47 10	58 6	75 4	64 10	88 7	129 3	129 3	3 0	3 0
Dindigul.....	50 6	61 12	73 2	58 5	69 10	85 10	75 5	99 2	160 9	160 9	3 8	3 8
Madurai.....	57 11	69 1	80 7	65 10	78 10	93 4	82 10	106 7	165 3	165 3	4 0	4 0
Tinnevely.....	76 4	87 10	102 7	84 0	96 0	108 0	101 6	125 0	202 5	202 5	4 0	4 0
Tuticorin.....	76 1	87 7	102 1	84 0	96 0	108 0	101 6	125 0	202 5	202 5	4 0	4 0
Tanjore.....	45 8	56 14	70 4	41 13	50 13	63 10	70 7	94 4	140 13	140 13	2 3	2 3
Vengpatam.....	51 4	65 14	80 15	50 13	63 10	77 4	79 7	103 4	158 13	158 13	2 3	2 3

Rates for Horses, Carriages and Dogs—continued.

[illegible]

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

DATES AT WHICH VARIOUS SECTIONS OF THE SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY WERE OPENED FOR PUBLIC TRAFFIC.

Main Line.		Miles.	
From Madras	to Tindivanam	76	1st September 1876.
" Tindivanam	" Cuddalore	52	1st January 1877.
" Cuddalore	" Porto Novo	17½	1st July 1877.
" Porto Novo	" Chidambaram	6½	1st October 1878.
" Chidambaram	" Coleroon	4½	1st July 1879.
" Coleroon	" Shiyali	6	1st January 1878.
" Shiyali	" Mayaveram	12½	1st July 1877.
" Mayaveram	" Tanjore	43½	15th February 1877.
" Tanjore	" Trichinopoly (old station which was subsequently abandoned, viz., on the 1st July 1875)	30	11th March 1862.
" Trichinopoly Junc.	" Madura	96	1st September 1875.
" Madura	" Tuticorin	98½	1st January 1876.
Arkonam Branch.			
" Arkonam	" Great Conjeeveram	16½	8th May 1865.
" Great Conjeeveram	" Little Conjeeveram	1½	1st August 1865.
" Conjeeveram	" Wallajabad	8	1st January 1881.
" Wallajabad	" Chingleput	13½	1st August 1880.
Pondicherry Branch.			
" Villupuram	" Gingee River	16½	16th December 1879.
Negapatam Branch.			
" Tanjore	" Tiruvallur	33½	2nd December 1861.
" Tiruvallur	" Negapatam	14½	16th July 1861.
Erode Branch.			
" Trichinopoly (old station which was abandoned on 1st July 1875)	" Trichinopoly Fort	2½	3rd December 1866.
" Trichinopoly Junc.	" Trichinopoly Fort	2½	1st September 1875.
" Trichinopoly Fort	" Karur	4½	3rd December 1866.
" Karur	" Kodumudi	16½	1st July 1867.
" Kodumudi	" Erode	23½	1st January 1868.
Tinnevely Branch.			
" Maniyachi Junction	" Tinnevely	18½	1st January 1881.

NOTE.—The working of trains over two miles of broad gauge line between the Trichinopoly old station (a station which has not been used since the 1st July 1875) and the Trichinopoly Fort Station was discontinued on the 1st July 1875. This piece of broad gauge road has since been taken up and removed. On the date named one mile of narrow gauge line was opened into Trichinopoly Junction from the neighbourhood of the old station site, this additional road being in substitution of the abandoned piece.

The South Indian Railway Company is incorporated under a special Act of Parliament (37 and 38 Victoria, Chapter CXII, Session 1874) and was formed by the amalgamation of the Great Southern of India Railway Company and the Carnatic Railway Company. The object of the S. I. R. is to provide communication between Madras and the provinces of Southern India lying to the south of the existing Madras Railway. Starting from the People's Park at Madras (Buckingham Canal) the line passes through Egmore, Chetput, Saidapet, Saint Thomas' Mount Cantonment, Pallaveram, Chingleput, Villupuram (from whence there is a branch to the Gingee river and Pondicherry), Cuddalore, Porto Novo, Kumbakonam, Tanjore (from which town there is a branch to Negapatam), Trichinopoly (from whence a branch extends to Karur and Erode), Dindigul, Madura, Maniyachi (from whence a branch is open to Tinnevely), Tataparai and Tuticorin.

Up to the 31st December 1880 the short line from Arkonam to Conjeeveram was divided by a gap from the remainder of the S. I. R. system, but on the 1st January 1881 the Arkonam Branch was opened throughout. It is at Arkonam that the Madras Railway Company's N. W. Line joins their S. W. Line.

The rails of the S. I. R. Company's system are laid to the metre gauge (3 feet, 3½ inches), and the present length of the line is 664 miles.

A branch from Villupuram (South Arcot District) to the Gingee river has been constructed by the South Indian Railway Company, the line being continued from the river into the town of Pondicherry by the Pondicherry Railway Company. In the course of time Trevandrum or Quilon will be probably connected with the town of Tinnevely by an extension of the S. I. R., the West Coast being, as the crow flies, only 50 miles from

Tinnevely. A survey has been made of two routes, one over the hills and the other in the plains round the southern extremity of the mountain range. The latter route is much the better one in all respects that ought to weigh in the consideration of schemes of this nature, and there can be little doubt that it will be finally adopted. A railway connecting the Kingdom of Travancore with the Southern Districts east of the great mountain chain will be a boon to the inhabitants of both territories.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY COMPANY.

London Office, 55, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman, Sir R. M. Stephenson; *Ex-officio* Director appointed by the Secretary of State for India in Council, Sir Juland Danvers, K.C.S.I.; General Sir James Alexander, K.C.B., Captain James Gilbert Johnston, R.E., Henry Kimber, Esq., M.P., Thomas B. Roupell, Esq.; *Managing Director*, H. W. Notman, Esq.; *Consulting Engineers*, G. B. Bruce, Esq., V.P.I.C.E., Sir Douglas Fox, M.I.C.E.

Indian Establishment.

HEAD QUARTERS, TRICHINOPOLY.

W. S. Betts, Esq. Agent.
D. Logan, Esq., M.I.C.E., F.M.V. Chief Engineer, Trichinopoly.
C. E. Crighton, Esq. Locomotive Superintendent, Negapatam.
G. S. Bruce, Esq. Assistant do.
J. Smith, Esq., F.R.S.S. Chief Auditor, Trichinopoly.
A. S. J. Warren Jones, Esq. Asst. Auditor.
F. Kæneman, Esq. do.
G. H. W. Tremenhare, Esq. General Storekeeper, Negapatam.
Joseph Hosken, Esq. Asst. Storekeeper.
A. Stanton, Esq. Traffic Manager, Trichinopoly.
A. H. Macaulay, Esq. District Traffic Superintendent, Trichinopoly.
A. Lea Hair, Esq. Do. do. Madras—(N. Divn.)
J. H. Stenson, Esq. Do. do. Madras—(S. Divn.)
J. W. Nice, Esq. Do. do. Trichinopoly (C. Divn.)

ASSISTANT ENGINEERS.

J. A. D. Lloyd, A.I.C.E. Station, Villupuram.
H. Greswell Do. Cuddalore.
C. J. Bond, M.I.C.E. Do. Trichinopoly.
F. F. Smith, M.I.C.E. Do. do.
C. Dunell (On leave to England.)
A. Ellis, M.I.C.E. Station, Chingleput.
W. H. Spalding, M.I.C.E. Do. Trichinopoly.
J. Rice, M.I.C.E. Do. Madura.

PONDICHERRY RAILWAY COMPANY.

Office :—London, 55, Gracechurch Street, E. C.

Chairman.—Sir R. Macdonald Stephenson; *Managing Director*.—Henry W. Notman, Esq.

Indian Establishment.

HEAD QUARTERS, TRICHINOPOLY.

W. S. Betts, Esq. Agent.
D. Logan, Esq., M.I.C.E., F.M.V. Chief Engineer.

This Company was incorporated for the purpose of connecting the town of Pondicherry with a branch of the South Indian Railway from Villupuram to the Gingee river, that river being the boundary between the English and French territories. The necessary arrangements having been made with the French Government and a Convention signed at Paris, the construction of the Pondicherry Railway (which for its entire length, about 8 miles, traverses French territory) has been carried out to completion. There are two stations, one at Villenour, and the other (the terminus) at Pondicherry. The surf is not so violent at Pondicherry as at other places on the coast, and as an iron pier of a serviceable character has been erected in a central position near the Custom House and offices of the principal merchants, this important town, now that it is placed in direct railway communication with all parts of India, possesses considerable advantages for the exportation and importation of merchandize. The Pondicherry Railway was opened for public traffic on the 16th December 1879.

STATIONS FROM MADRAS TO TUTICORIN.

MADRAS.	BEACH	Perumbair	MAYAVARAM	Dindigul
	BROADWAY	Olakur	Kuttalam	Ambaturai
	FORT	Tindivanam	Narasiganpet	Ammayanayakanur
	PARK	Mailam	Tiruvadamardur	Sholavandan
	EGMORE	Vikravandi	Kumbakoham	Samayanallur
	CHEPPE	VILLUPURAM	Sundaraperumalkoil	MADRAS
	KODAMBAKAM	JUNCTION	Papanasam	Tiruparankundram
	Saidapet	Pauruti	Ayyampet	Tirumangalam
	St. Thomas' Mount	Nellikuppam	Titte	Kalligudi
	Pallavaram	Cuddalore N. T.	TANJORE JUNCTION	Virudupati
	Vandalur	Cuddalore O. T.	Budalur	Tulukapati
	Guduvancheri	Alapakam	Tiruverumbur	Satur
	Singaperumalkoil	Port Novo	TRICHINOPOLY	Kolipati
	CHINGLEPUT	Killai	JUNCTION.	Kumarapuram
	JUNCTION	Chidambaram	Kolatúr South	Kadambur
	Kolatúr North	Coleroon	Manapalai	MANIYACHI JUNCTION
	Padalam	Shiyali	Vaiyampati	Tatapalai
	Madurantakam	Vaithiswarancoil	Ayyalur	TUTICORIN
	Acharapakkam	Antandavapuram.	Vadamadura	

STATIONS FROM MADRAS TO ARKONAM.

MADRAS.	BEACH	Saidapet	Villiyampakkam
	BROADWAY	St. Thomas' Mount	Walajabad
	FORT	Pallavaram	CONJEEVERAM
	PARK	Vandalur	Pallur
	EGMORE	Guduvancheri	ARKONAM
	CHEPPE	Singaperumalkoil	
	KODAMBAKAM	CHINGLEPUT JUNCTION	

STATIONS FROM VILLUPURAM TO PONDICHERY.

VILLUPURAM JUNCTION	KANDAMANGALAM	PONDICHERY
Valavanur	Villanur	

STATIONS FROM TANJORE TO NEGAPATAM.

TANJORE JUNCTION	Koradachéri	Sikkil
Saliyamangalam	Kulikarai	NEGAPATAM
Ammampet	Tiruvallur	
Nidamangalam	Kivalur	

STATIONS FROM TRICHINOPOLY JUNCTION TO ERODE.

TRICHINOPOLY JUNCTION	Lalapet	Unjalur
TRICHINOPOLY FORT	Katalai	Pasur
Elamanur	Karur	ERODE
Pettaivayalai	Pugalur	
Kulitalai	Kodumudi	

STATIONS FROM MANIYACHI JUNCTION TO TINNEVELLY.

MANIYACHI JUNCTION	Gangaikondan	TINNEVELLY
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Break of Journey.

The holder of a single ticket will be allowed to break his journey at any place along the route at which the train stops, provided the through journey is performed within 24 hours for each 100 miles or part of 100 covered by the ticket.

European, Eurasian and Native Women Servants.

EUROPEAN, EURASIAN AND NATIVE WOMEN SERVANTS are allowed to accompany their Mistresses in a 1st Class carriage, on payment of 2nd Class fare, and in a 2nd Class carriage, on payment of 3rd Class fare.

EUROPEAN, EURASIAN AND NATIVE WOMEN SERVANTS accompanying young children, with or without the parents of the children, are allowed to travel in a 1st Class carriage on payment of 2nd Class fare, and in a 2nd Class carriage on payment of 3rd Class fare.

INVALIDS producing a certificate from a medical man, approved by the Company showing that personal attendance during the journey is necessary, will be allowed to take an attendant in a 1st Class carriage on payment of 2nd Class fare and in a 2nd Class carriage on payment of 3rd Class fare.

One servant only is allowed to travel with each party at the reduced fare.

The wives of officers travelling under Government Warrant are allowed the same privilege in respect to women servants.

These rules apply to the Madras, South Indian, G. I. P., and East Indian Railways.

Notice of servants travelling as above must be given to the Station Master at starting station who will endorse the servant's ticket accordingly.

Native Commissioned Officers, travelling at their own expense, on presentation of a certificate (Form F.) signed by a proper authority, are entitled over S. I. R., M. R., to travel 2nd Class, and to all the privileges of a Second Class passenger on payment for 3rd Class tickets, and are allowed free of charge 30 seers of baggage, all baggage in excess

being charged for at the Luggage rates charged to the public. But this does not apply to the wives and families of Native Commissioned Officers.

Lost Tickets.—Passengers who allege they have lost or mislaid their tickets, and apply for a return of their fares, are hereby requested to take notice that the Company do not hold themselves liable to make any return to passengers, who from neglect or any cause, fail to produce their tickets.

Rates for Passengers' Luggage.

First Class passengers will be allowed free of charge 120 lbs; Second Class passengers 60 lbs; Intermediate Class 30; and Third Class 20 lbs. All baggage in excess of this (whether in the owner's care or not) will be charged at 2 pies per maund per mile.

In charging passengers' luggage the following rules are observed locally and in through booking:—

From	1 to	5 seers will be charged as	5 seers.
"	6 to 10	" do.	10 "
"	11 to 15	" do.	15 "
"	16 to 20	" do.	20 "
"	21 to 25	" do.	25 "
"	26 to 30	" do.	30 "
"	31 to 35	" do.	35 "
"	36 to 40	" do.	1 maund.

The minimum charge is 4 annas for each class in local booking.

In through booking if the calculation be less than 2 annas no charge will be made.

Luggage can only be booked to the station to which a passenger holds his ticket.—See Rules and Regulations, pages 787—789.

Transfer Charge on Luggage at Madras.

All luggage of ordinary passengers or of troops booked through from South Indian Railway via Madras (Egmore) is subject to an additional charge of one and half (1½) annas per maund. The minimum charge is eight (8) annas.

Reserved Accommodation for Passengers.

SPECIAL OR RESERVED ACCOMMODATION in the ordinary trains may usually be had on application to the following:—

- (1) The Traffic Manager ... Trichinopoly.
- (2) The District Traffic Superintendents at { Madras.
Trichinopoly.
Madura.

- (3) The Station Masters at Madras, Arkonam, Chingleput, Villupuram, Pondicherry, Cuddalore Old Town, Tanjore, Negapatam, Erode, Trichinopoly, Madura, Tinnevely and Tuticorin.

At the terminal and engine-changing stations reserved accommodation will usually be available at 12 hours' notice; but although every effort will be made to provide such accommodation at the shortest notice, not less than 24 hours' notice should be given to guard against disappointment.

The payment to be made for a reserved compartment or carriage will be:—

First Class Accommodation.—One double saloon carriage, on payment for eight 1st Class tickets.

Half of a double saloon, on payment for four 1st Class tickets.

Second Class Accommodation.—The whole of a Second Class carriage, on payment for twelve 2nd Class tickets.

A Second Class compartment, on payment for six 2nd Class tickets.

Intermediate Class Accommodation.—There are two kinds of intermediate Class carriages, the charges being:—

(1) The whole of an intermediate carriage, on payment for twenty-six Intermediate Class tickets.

A compartment of an Intermediate Class carriage on payment for thirteen Intermediate Class tickets.

(2) The whole of an Intermediate Class carriage on payment for thirty-two Intermediate Class tickets.

An Intermediate Class compartment on payment for eight Intermediate Class tickets.

Third Class Accommodation.—The whole of a Third Class carriage on payment for thirty-two 3rd Class tickets.

A compartment on payment for eight 3rd Class tickets.

Clemenson's Third Class Carriage.—The whole of a Third Class Clemenson's carriage on payment for sixty-four 3rd Class tickets.

A compartment on payment for eight 3rd Class tickets.

Composite Carriage.—There are two kinds of composite carriages, the charges being:—

- (1) On payment of 9 First and 8 Second Class tickets.
- (2) On payment of 6 First and 10 Second Class tickets.

Whenever the number of tickets taken for reserved accommodation or special train accommodation is exceeded by the number of persons actually travelling, each passenger in excess of the number specified will be charged ordinary fare.

Electric Telegraph.

Messages are received at all the principal stations from the public for despatch over the Company's line of telegraph under the same conditions and at the same rates as adopted by the Government Telegraph Department.

The Company do not guarantee the accuracy of messages and the sender and receiver must accept all risks arising from non-delivery, error or delays. Telegrams on Railway service have precedence over private telegraph messages sent by the public.

Offices open for paid messages from 6 A.M. to 6 P.M.

RATES OF CHARGES FOR TELEGRAPH MESSAGES.

No charge is made for the transmission of the address except in the case of messages for places out of India.

Tariff between any two Telegraph Stations in India.	Deferred messages, i.e., those tendered during the working hours of a telegraph office for transmission at night and to be delivered at destination early on the following morning.		Ordinary messages, i.e., those tendered during the working hours of a telegraph office for transmission and delivery in ordinary course.		Urgent messages, i.e., those tendered during the working hours of a telegraph office for immediate transmission with precedence over ordinary messages.	
	First eight words or groups of three figures	Each additional word or group of three figures	First eight words or groups of three figures	Each additional word or group of three figures	First eight words or groups of three figures	Each additional word or group of three figures
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
	0 8	0 1	1 0	0 2	2 0	0 4

Tariff to all Telegraph Stations in Ceylon	Via Paumben..	Per word.
		RS. A.
		0 3

List of Telegraph Offices on the South Indian Railway (91 in number) open for the receipt and despatch of Public Messages.

Madras, Egmore	Shiyali	ERODE BRANCH—contd.
Saidapet	Vaithisvarankoil	Pugalur
St. Thomas' Mount	Antandavapuram	Kodumudi
Pallavaram	Mayavaram	Unjalur.
Vandalur	Kuttalam	Pasur
Guduvancheri	Narasimangalpet	Erode
Singaperumalkoil	Tiruvadamardur	Kolatur, South
Chingleput Junction	Kumbakonam	Manaparai
ARKONAM BRANCH.	Sundaraperumalkoil	Vaiyampati
Walajabad	Papanasam	Ayyalur
Conjeevaram	Ayyampet	Vadamadura
Arkonam	Titte	Dindigul
Kolatur, North	Tanjore Junction	Ambaturai
Padalam	NEGAPATAM BRANCH.	Ammayanayakanur
Madurantakam	Saliyamangalam	Sholavandan
Acharapakam	Ammapet	Samayanallur
Olakur	Nidamangalam	Madura
Tindivanam	Koradacheri	Tiruparankundram
Mallam	Kulikarai	Tirumangalam
Vikravandi	Tiruvallur	Kalligudi
Villupuram Junction	Kivalur	Virudupati
PONDICHERY BRANCH.	Sikkil	Tulukapatti
Valavanur	Negapatam	Satur
Villianur	Budalur	Koilpati
Pondicherry	Tiruverambur	Kadambur
Panruti	Trichinopoly Junction	Maniyachi Junction.
Nellikuppam	ERODE BRANCH.	TINNEVELLY BRANCH.
Cuddalore, New Town	Trichinopoly Fort	Gangaikondan
Cuddalore, Old Town	Elamanur	Tinnevelly
Alapakam	Kulitalai	Tataparai
Porto Novo	Lalapet	Tuticorin
Chidambaram	Katalai	
Cceroon	Karur	

I.—Table shewing *Parcels' Rates from 1 to 3,000 Miles, for Local and Through Booking with Foreign Railways on and from the 1st September 1884.*

Parcels not exceeding	For distances not exceeding Miles									
	1 to 100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1,000
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
5 seers or 1 cub.ft.	0 3	0 4	0 5	0 6	0 7	0 8	0 9	0 10	0 11	0 12
10 " or 2 " "	0 6	0 9	0 12	0 15	1 2	1 5	1 8	1 11	1 14	2 1
20 " or 4 " "	0 10	0 15	1 4	1 9	1 14	2 3	2 8	2 13	3 2	3 7
30 " or 6 " "	0 13	1 4	1 10	2 1	2 7	2 14	3 4	3 11	4 1	4 8
40 " or 8 " "	1 0	1 8	2 0	2 8	3 0	3 8	4 0	4 8	5 0	5 8
50 " or 10 " "	1 4	1 14	2 8	3 2	3 12	4 6	5 0	5 10	6 4	6 14
60 " or 12 " "	1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8	5 4	6 0	6 12	7 8	8 4
70 " or 14 " "	1 12	2 10	3 8	4 6	5 4	6 2	7 0	8 0	9 0	10 0
80 " or 16 " "	2 0	3 0	4 0	5 0	6 0	7 0	8 0	9 0	10 0	11 0
90 " or 18 " "	2 4	3 6	4 8	5 10	6 12	7 14	8 0	9 0	10 2	11 4
100 " or 20 " "	2 8	4 2	5 8	6 14	7 8	8 12	9 0	10 2	11 4	12 6
110 " or 22 " "	2 12	4 2	5 8	6 14	7 8	8 12	9 0	10 2	11 4	12 6
120 " or 24 " "	3 0	4 8	6 0	7 8	9 0	10 8	12 0	13 8	15 0	16 8

Parcels not exceeding	1,100	1,200	1,300	1,400	1,500	1,600	1,700	1,800	1,900	2,000
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
5 seers or 1 cub.ft.	0 13	0 14	0 15	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
10 " or 2 " "	2 4	2 7	2 10	2 13	3 0	3 3	3 6	3 9	3 12	3 15
20 " or 4 " "	3 12	4 1	4 6	4 11	5 0	5 5	5 10	5 15	6 4	6 9
30 " or 6 " "	4 14	5 5	5 11	6 2	6 8	6 15	7 5	7 12	8 2	8 9
40 " or 8 " "	6 0	6 8	7 0	7 8	8 0	8 8	9 0	9 8	10 0	10 8
50 " or 10 " "	7 8	8 2	8 12	9 6	10 0	10 10	11 4	11 14	12 8	13 2
60 " or 12 " "	9 0	9 12	10 8	11 4	12 0	12 12	13 8	14 4	15 0	15 12
70 " or 14 " "	10 8	11 6	12 4	13 2	14 0	14 14	15 12	16 10	17 8	18 6
80 " or 16 " "	12 0	13 0	14 0	15 0	16 0	17 0	18 0	19 0	20 0	21 0
90 " or 18 " "	13 8	14 10	15 12	16 14	18 0	19 2	20 4	21 6	22 8	23 10
100 " or 20 " "	15 0	16 4	17 8	18 12	20 0	21 4	22 8	23 12	25 0	26 4
110 " or 22 " "	16 8	17 14	19 4	20 10	22 0	23 6	24 12	25 2	27 8	28 14
120 " or 24 " "	18 0	19 8	21 0	22 8	24 0	25 8	27 0	28 8	30 0	31 8

Parcels not exceeding	2,100	2,200	2,300	2,400	2,500	2,600	2,700	2,800	2,900	3,000
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
5 seers or 1 cub.ft.	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 0
10 " or 2 " "	4 2	4 5	4 8	4 11	4 14	5 1	5 4	5 7	5 10	5 13
20 " or 4 " "	6 14	7 3	7 8	7 13	8 2	8 7	8 12	9 1	9 6	9 11
30 " or 6 " "	8 15	9 6	9 12	10 3	10 9	11 0	11 6	11 13	12 3	12 10
40 " or 8 " "	11 0	11 8	12 0	12 8	13 0	13 8	14 0	14 8	15 0	15 8
50 " or 10 " "	13 12	14 6	15 0	15 10	16 4	16 14	17 8	18 2	18 12	19 6
60 " or 12 " "	16 8	17 4	18 0	18 12	19 8	20 4	21 0	21 12	22 8	23 4
70 " or 14 " "	19 4	20 2	21 0	21 14	22 12	23 10	24 8	25 6	26 4	27 2
80 " or 16 " "	22 0	23 0	24 0	25 0	26 0	27 0	28 0	29 0	30 0	31 0
90 " or 18 " "	24 12	25 11	27 0	28 2	29 4	30 6	31 8	32 10	33 12	34 14
100 " or 20 " "	27 8	28 12	30 0	31 4	32 8	33 12	35 0	36 4	37 8	38 12
110 " or 22 " "	30 4	31 10	33 0	34 6	35 12	37 2	38 8	39 14	41 4	42 10
120 " or 24 " "	33 0	34 8	36 0	37 8	39 0	40 8	42 0	43 8	45 0	46 8

All parcels exceeding 40 seers in weight or 8 cubic feet in measurement will be booked only if accommodation admit.

For every additional 10 seers or 2 cubic feet or portion of 10 seers or 2 cubic feet 4 annas for the first 100 miles and 2 annas for every additional 100 miles in addition to the charge for 120 seers.

Parcels must be delivered 30 minutes before train time.

Bicycles and Tricycles conveyed by passenger trains will be charged by measurement, at parcels' rates, and unless packed in crates or cases or protected by wood-work will only be carried at owner's risk. The measurement of width is to be taken at the axles and not at the handles, but will include the treadles.

II.—Table showing Half Parcels' Rates.

Parcels not exceeding		For distances not exceeding Miles									
		1 to 100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1,000
5 seers or 1 cub. ft.		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.
10 " or 2 " "		0 2	0 2	0 3	0 3	0 4	0 4	0 5	0 5	0 6	0 6
20 " or 4 " "		0 3	0 5	0 6	0 8	0 9	0 11	0 12	0 14	0 15	0 16
30 " or 6 " "		0 5	0 8	0 10	0 13	0 15	0 17	0 19	0 21	0 23	0 25
40 " or 8 " "		0 7	0 10	0 13	0 16	0 19	0 22	0 25	0 28	0 31	0 34
50 " or 10 " "		0 8	0 12	0 15	0 19	0 22	0 26	0 30	0 34	0 38	0 42
60 " or 12 " "		0 10	0 15	0 19	0 23	0 27	0 31	0 35	0 40	0 44	0 48
70 " or 14 " "		0 12	0 17	0 21	0 26	0 30	0 34	0 39	0 43	0 48	0 52
80 " or 16 " "		0 14	0 19	0 24	0 29	0 33	0 38	0 42	0 47	0 52	0 56
90 " or 18 " "		1 0	1 5	2 0	2 5	3 0	3 5	4 0	4 5	5 0	5 5
100 " or 20 " "		1 2	1 11	2 4	2 13	3 6	3 15	4 8	5 1	5 10	6 3
110 " or 22 " "		1 4	1 14	2 8	3 2	3 12	4 6	5 0	5 10	6 4	6 14
120 " or 24 " "		1 6	2 1	2 12	3 7	4 2	4 13	5 8	6 3	6 14	7 9
130 " or 26 " "		1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8	5 4	6 0	6 12	7 8	8 4
140 " or 28 " "		2 0	2 11	3 7	4 3	5 0	5 11	6 7	7 3	7 14	8 10
150 " or 30 " "		2 2	2 13	3 9	4 5	5 2	5 13	6 9	7 5	8 6	9 2
160 " or 32 " "		2 4	2 15	4 1	4 7	5 4	6 5	7 1	7 12	8 13	9 8
170 " or 34 " "		2 6	2 17	4 3	4 9	5 6	6 7	7 3	7 14	8 15	9 10
180 " or 36 " "		2 8	2 19	4 5	5 1	5 8	6 9	7 5	8 6	9 17	10 12
190 " or 38 " "		3 0	3 21	4 7	5 3	6 0	7 1	7 7	8 8	9 19	10 14
200 " or 40 " "		3 2	3 23	4 9	5 5	6 2	7 3	7 9	9 0	10 21	11 16
210 " or 42 " "		3 4	3 25	5 1	5 7	6 4	7 5	8 1	9 12	10 23	11 18
220 " or 44 " "		3 6	3 27	5 3	5 9	6 6	7 7	8 3	9 14	10 25	11 20
230 " or 46 " "		3 8	3 29	5 5	6 1	6 8	7 9	8 5	9 16	10 27	11 22
240 " or 48 " "		4 0	3 31	5 7	6 3	7 0	8 1	8 7	9 18	10 29	11 24
250 " or 50 " "		4 2	3 33	5 9	6 5	7 2	8 3	8 9	9 20	10 31	11 26
260 " or 52 " "		4 4	3 35	6 1	6 7	7 4	8 5	9 1	9 22	10 33	11 28
270 " or 54 " "		4 6	3 37	6 3	6 9	7 6	8 7	9 3	9 24	10 35	11 30
280 " or 56 " "		4 8	3 39	6 5	7 1	7 8	8 9	9 5	9 26	10 37	11 32
290 " or 58 " "		5 0	3 41	6 7	7 3	8 0	9 1	9 7	9 28	10 39	11 34
300 " or 60 " "		5 2	3 43	6 9	7 5	8 2	9 3	9 9	9 30	10 41	11 36
310 " or 62 " "		5 4	3 45	7 1	7 7	8 4	9 5	10 1	9 32	10 43	11 38
320 " or 64 " "		5 6	3 47	7 3	7 9	8 6	9 7	10 3	9 34	10 45	11 40
330 " or 66 " "		5 8	3 49	7 5	8 1	8 8	9 9	10 5	9 36	10 47	11 42
340 " or 68 " "		6 0	3 51	7 7	8 3	9 0	10 1	10 7	9 38	10 49	11 44
350 " or 70 " "		6 2	3 53	7 9	8 5	9 2	10 3	10 9	9 40	10 51	11 46
360 " or 72 " "		6 4	3 55	8 1	8 7	9 4	10 5	11 1	9 42	10 53	11 48
370 " or 74 " "		6 6	3 57	8 3	8 9	9 6	10 7	11 3	9 44	10 55	11 50
380 " or 76 " "		6 8	3 59	8 5	9 1	9 8	10 9	11 5	9 46	10 57	11 52
390 " or 78 " "		7 0	4 01	8 7	9 3	10 0	11 1	11 7	9 48	10 59	11 54
400 " or 80 " "		7 2	4 03	8 9	9 5	10 2	11 3	11 9	9 50	11 01	11 56
410 " or 82 " "		7 4	4 05	9 1	9 7	10 4	11 5	12 1	9 52	11 03	11 58
420 " or 84 " "		7 6	4 07	9 3	9 9	10 6	11 7	12 3	9 54	11 05	12 00
430 " or 86 " "		7 8	4 09	9 5	10 1	10 8	11 9	12 5	9 56	11 07	12 02
440 " or 88 " "		8 0	4 11	9 7	10 3	11 0	12 1	13 1	9 58	11 09	12 04
450 " or 90 " "		8 2	4 13	9 9	10 5	11 2	12 3	13 3	9 60	11 11	12 06
460 " or 92 " "		8 4	4 15	10 1	10 7	11 4	12 5	13 5	9 62	11 13	12 08
470 " or 94 " "		8 6	4 17	10 3	10 9	11 6	12 7	13 7	9 64	11 15	12 10
480 " or 96 " "		8 8	4 19	10 5	11 1	11 8	12 9	13 9	9 66	11 17	12 12
490 " or 98 " "		9 0	4 21	10 7	11 3	12 0	13 1	14 1	9 68	11 19	12 14
500 " or 100 " "		9 2	4 23	10 9	11 5	12 2	13 3	14 3	9 70	11 21	12 16

Table No. II is to be used in calculating the charges on packages of fish, fruit, vegetables, bazaar baskets, meat in small quantities, and ice.

The term "Bazaar baskets" only refers to a package containing mixed miscellaneous articles of fresh and other provisions, such as fowls, fresh meat, fruit and vegetables, groceries and oilmanstoes, in small quantities, and does not include a package containing only a single article of food as a bag of potatoes or onions, which must be either sent under its proper classification by goods train or at full parcels' rates by passenger train. The only exception to the above rule is that of bread which may always be charged at half parcels' rate even when sent singly.

Returned empty ice boxes will be charged at half parcels' rate according to their weight only.

Parcels of newspapers booked locally are carried at half parcels' rate.

In consignments of two or more parcels each parcel will be separately charged for.

When the charge by measurement exceeds the charge by weight, the former must be levied.

In through booking the charge is to be reckoned on the through distance as if it were one Railway and so entered in the way-bill. The proportions of the several Railways concerned are not to be shown separately in the way-bill.

In booking parcels through to and from S. I. R. all the Junctions parcels have to pass en route, should be shown on parcels' way-bills.

In booking to North-Western Railways, ferry charges must be included as per rate lists.

Parcels transferred at Madras from S. I. R. to M. R. and vice versa are subject to the following additional charges. These charges will be made according to the entry on way-bill, whether by weight or measurement.

1 to 20 lbs	21 to 30 lbs	31 to 40 lbs	41 to 50 lbs	51 to 60 lbs	61 to 70 lbs	71 to 80 lbs	81 to 90 lbs	91 to 100 lbs	101 to 110 lbs	111 to 120 lbs	121 to 130 lbs	131 to 140 lbs	141 to 150 lbs	151 to 160 lbs	161 to 170 lbs	171 to 180 lbs	181 to 190 lbs	191 to 200 lbs
RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.	RS.A.P.
0 10	0 10	0 10	0 10	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20	0 20
0 16	0 16	0 16	0 16	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26
0 19	0 19	0 19	0 19	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26
0 19	0 19	0 19	0 19	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26	0 26

The additional charges must be entered separately on parcels' way-bills as "transfer charges."

Small packages of sporting ammunition not exceeding 10 seers in weight for gunpowder, and 20 seers for loaded cartridges and percussion caps, (except breech-loading cartridges to which there is no limit) will be carried over S. I. R. at ordinary parcels' rates subject to the following restrictions, viz.:-

- (1) That not more than 3 packages can be sent by any one train.
- (2) That all gunpowder is securely packed in a tin canister with an outer case of wood or tin, and a certificate in writing given by the sender that it is spark-proof.

DOGS—The rate to be charged for each dog is 4 annas for every 50 miles or part of 50 miles. In through booking the charge is to be reckoned on the through distance as if it were one Railway and so entered in the way-bill. The proportions of the several Railways concerned are not to be shown separately in the way-bill.

All charges must be prepaid for parcels and dogs consigned to foreign Railways, except in the case of the Madras Railway to the stations on which parcels of a non-perishable nature may at the option of the sender be booked to pay.

Parcels of non-perishable nature in local booking, also horses, carriages and dogs, may be charged as paid or to pay at the option of sender.

DELIVERY OF PARCELS IN MADRAS.—The Company will deliver in Madras (unless otherwise ordered) all parcels sent by passenger trains provided they are fully addressed, and the charge for delivery will be collected from the consignee at the following rates:-

Within a radius of from the Madras (Egmore) Station.	For parcels weighing from 1 to 20 lbs.	For every 10 lbs. weight or fraction thereof above 20 lbs. with a minimum charge of 6 pies.
Two miles	Each Parcel.	Three pies
Four "	One anna	Four "
Five "	Two annas	Six "
	Three "	

The name of the street and the number of the house in which consignee lives or his place of business distinctly described is indispensable and without which delivery cannot be made, and all such parcels as are not so addressed will remain at the station to await consignee's application.

If a parcel is wrongly addressed and the Contractor has consequently to return it to the station, the delivery charge will be levied on application at the station by consignee.

COMMISSARIAT PARCELS.—Consignments described as parcels and charged as such forwarded by the Commissariat Department from stations on the South Indian Railway to Government officials in Bombay, if booked under credit note, will be subject to an extra charge of (2) pies per seer (2 lbs.) for cartage in Bombay. This charge will be entered in a separate column of the parcels way-bill headed "Cartage charges" and a similar entry will be made on the credit note and added to the charges for freight.

Rules for the application of the value-payable system to Railway receipt notes on the South Indian Railway only.—Goods or parcels may be despatched on the value-payable system under the following rules:-

(a) All goods or parcels "value-payable" or otherwise which senders wish to stipulate shall only be delivered to the holder of the receipt note, must bear a distinct mark only thus:- **V. P.** ; but on no account is it permissible for the name of the consignee to appear either on the goods or parcel or on the forwarding note or receipt note, and, in the documents named, goods or parcels must be consigned "to order" the receipt note thus requiring the endorsement of the sender before delivery can be given.

(b) Goods or parcels so booked can only be delivered on the production of the receipt note, the receiving station being careful not to deliver in any other manner either by indemnity bond or otherwise.

The receipt note, if endorsed by the sender to the person to whom he intends the consignment to be delivered, must bear a one-anna receipt stamp, without which the consignment will not be delivered.

Goods Rates.

(1). *List of Articles, the charge of which must be prepaid.*

Acid of all kinds.	Ether.	Kirbey.
Ammunition.	Fireworks.	Lucifer matches.
Amstut.	Fish, fresh.	Lard, in coopahs or tins.
Baskets for coolies, common.	Flowers.	Meat, fresh.
Do. of all sorts not otherwise specified.	Fruit, fresh.	Milk.
Do. filled with empty bottles.	Rupee.	Naphtha.
Betel leaves	Ganges water.	Nesadal or Sal Ammoniac
Bottles, empty.	Garden seeds.	Oil, in coopahs.
Bread.	Gas oil.	Oranges.
Butter, in coopahs or tins.	Ghee, in coopahs.	Paun leaves.
Bones, for manure.	Grass or Hay (loose).	Plants and shrubs.
Confectionery.	Do. for thatching.	Potatoes.
Crackers or combustibles or explosive chemicals.	Grease, in coopahs.	Pots, country clay.
Earthenware (country).	Gun-cotton.	Rags, old.
Do. (foreign).	Gunpowder.	Sweetmeats.
Eggs.	Hay or straw (loose).	Tallow, in tins, baskets, bags or coopahs.
Empties of all descriptions (except empty gunnies which may be sent as paid or to pay at the option of sender).	Herbs.	Vegetables.
	Hides and skins, wet.	
	Honey.	
	Jaggree or molasses, in crocks or coopahs.	
	Ice.	

(2). *One-third of a pie per maund.*—The charges for the conveyance of the undermentioned goods will be one-third of a pie per maund per mile.

Asphalte.	Metals, unmanufactured; ores, scrap or old iron and iron hoops.
Ballast or gravel.	Oil-cake.
Bricks, tiles, chunam, shells of all kinds, cement, lime and limestone.	Oil, vegetable; fish and other animal.
* Carpets and rugs of Indian or European manufacture at owner's risk.	Plantains, tamarinds, and betel-leaves.
Cocoanuts, ground-nuts and myrabolams.	Salt.
Country spirits.	Seeds (except coffee seeds).
Fuel (coal, firewood, cinders, charcoal, &c.)	Shooks, or staves of barrels, in bundles.
Grain.	Soap sand.
Hides and skins (except fancy skins).	Stone, common (dressed or undressed).
Jaggree, sugar, palmirah sugar-candy, molasses and treacle, country.	† Timber, wood and bamboos of all descriptions, unwrought.
	Tobacco, unmanufactured.

If any of the above goods, and bark, dye roots, red-stone, and other materials used for dyeing and coloring purposes, bones, and compost manure, silk cotton (with seeds), loose in borahs or bags, and sugarcane being the *bona fide* property of one merchant—owner undertaking risk and performing loading and unloading—are conveyed in truck loads (or in case of the quantity being less than one truck load, if the charge for a truck load be paid), the freight charge will be reduced to a mileage rate of three annas per truck of 162 maunds capacity, and of five annas per mile per truck of 270 maunds capacity and cotton trucks. The sender to sign a risk note, Form B.

(3). *Timber Truck Rates.*—When timber trucks (single bloster) are used for consignments 5 annas per 2 trucks and 3 annas for 1 truck per mile will be charged when such trucks are engaged at the truck rate locally.(4). *Through Booking.*—All descriptions of goods mentioned under the one-third pie heading will be charged on the S. I. R. mileage in *through booking* with Madras and other Railways at $\frac{1}{3}$ of a pie per maund per mile for consignments weighing less than 200 maunds, and $\frac{1}{2}$ pie per maund per mile for consignments weighing 200 maunds and over.The 3 and 5 annas truck rates at owner's risk will not apply in *through booking*.(5). *Half a pie per maund (or six cubic feet) per mile.*—All other goods, explosive articles excepted, will be conveyed at the rate of half a pie per maund (or six cubic feet) per mile. When the charge by measurement exceeds the charge by weight, the former will be levied.(6). *Two pies per maund per mile.*—Explosive, corrosive, or combustible articles, such as acids, ammunition, fireworks, petroleum, vitriol, &c., will be charged two pies per maund per mile subject to a minimum charge of Rupees 3 and must be prepaid.

* Carpets and rugs of Indian or European manufacture at Company's risk $\frac{1}{2}$ pie per maund per mile conditionally that the packing must consist of an outer covering of gunny dampered with inner wrappers of dusooty and wax or oil cloth, a declaration must be signed by the sender that the carpets and rugs are so packed.

† Timber—Planks sawn are to be considered as wrought.

(7). *Corrosive Oils, Explosive Substances, &c., &c.*—A powder van for the conveyance of explosives and dangerous commodities will be run from Madras (Egmore) to station on the South Indian Railway as under:—

From Madras (Egmore) to the south—

Every Friday from Madras (Egmore) to Madura by No. 21 Goods train.

Every Sunday from Madura to Tuticorin by No. 18 Mixed train.

From Tuticorin to the North—

Every Monday from Tuticorin to Madura by No. 36 Mixed train.

Every Tuesday from Madura to Madras (Egmore) by No. 47 Goods train.

Goods of the kind referred to will be received on Thursdays only at Madras (Egmore) for despatch by train as above described.

For receipt and despatch from other stations, special arrangements must be made in communication with the clerks in charge.

(8). *Ordnance Carriages*—Are subject to a minimum charge of 81 maunds if a separate truck is occupied.(9). *Carriage Bodies*—Are subject to a minimum of 15 maunds whether requiring a separate truck or not.(10). *Wild Animals.*—Annas 4 per truck per mile, securely packed at "owner's risk."(11). *Tea, China or Indian.*—When consignments of tea are booked, senders must declare whether it is *China or Indian*, and this information must be entered on the Invoice.(12). *Portions of Consignments chargeable at different rates.*—Mixed consignments consisting of goods under different rates must be separately charged for subject to a minimum charge of 8 annas for each description.(13). *Perishable Goods.*—The Railway charges on fresh fruit, fish, vegetables, plants, poultry, game and other *perishable* goods, must be *prepaid*, and if such articles be not removed within a reasonable time after arrival, they will be liable, in addition to the extra charge provided for in Rule 43, to be sold by auction or otherwise, or destroyed at the option of the Company, and if sold, payment of the net proceeds of any such sale after deducting the monies due for charges and expenses, shall be considered as equivalent to delivery, and the Company will not be responsible for the loss of, or injury to, any such goods either from the non-arrival or non-delivery thereof, within any particular time, unless an increased charge for the special conveyance thereof shall have been accepted by an authorised servant of the Company.(14). *Light, Bulky and Heavy Goods.*—All articles of a bulky nature, requiring a special accommodation, will be subject to the minimum charge for (81) eighty-one maunds in the case of each wagon occupied having a carrying capacity of 162 maunds, and to a minimum charge for (135) one hundred and thirty-five maunds in the case of each wagon capable of carrying 270 maunds. Machinery, timber and all other large and bulky articles must be loaded and unloaded at the expense and risk of the owner.(15). *Bale and Case goods.*—All bale and case goods must be distinctly marked or addressed in English, or otherwise they will be subject to the provisions of Rule 42.(16). *Matches* will only be received for despatch from Madras (Egmore) to stations on S. I. R. twice a week, viz., on Tuesdays and Fridays, and can only be loaded in a separate covered goods truck which does not contain other descriptions of goods. Special arrangements must be made in communication with the Clerks in charge for conveyance from other stations.(17). *Rates for Conveyance of Treasure.*

Consignments.	Per maund per mile.
Less than 5 maunds passenger luggage	Pies.
rate ... ..	.....
5 maunds and under 27 maunds	23
27 " " 54 " " " "	21
54 " " 81 " " " "	2
81 " " 135 " " " "	13
135 " " 270 " " " "	11
270 " " and upwards	1

Consignments of treasure declared as such and weighing less than 5 maunds, whether accompanying a passenger or sent separately, will be charged at the passengers' luggage rate over the South Indian and Madras Railways, but no allowance of weight is to be made on such treasure.

The minimum charge is 8 annas in local booking and in *through booking* the minimum of 8 annas will be divided between the both Companies by mileage.

(18). TRANSFER CHARGES.

(1) At Madras.

Goods sent via Madras will be subject to the following transfer charges:—

	RS.	A.	P.
For each consignment weighing $\frac{1}{2}$ maund and under ...	0	1	0
Do. do. exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$, but not exceeding 1 maund ...	0	2	0
Do. do. do. 1 do. do. 2 maunds ...	0	3	0

For every additional maund or fraction thereof above 2 maunds 1 anna per maund.
These additional charges must be entered on the Invoice separately as "Transfer Charges."

Invoice must if possible be sent with the goods under cover between Madras (Egmore) and Salt Cotaur.

(19). To and from the Madras Railway and South Indian Railway at Arkonam and Erode.—Timber, machinery, or other goods requiring the use of a crane ... 6 As. per 27 mds.

Goods in bulk such as stone, chunam, lime, coal, coke, ballast, firewood, jungle posts, timber in small pieces, loose cotton, bones, patent fuel, ore, red-wood, bamboos, tiles, loose bark, and loose plantains in truck loads ... Rupee 1 per truck.

These additional charges will be separately entered in the Invoice as "Transshipping Charges."

(20). Scale of Charges for collection and delivery of goods in Pondicherry.—Goods 4 pies per maund of 82½ lbs., no less charge than 4 pies.

(21). Hammallage (Portage)

BETWEEN TIRUR AND BEYPORE.—The following charges for Hammallage will be made in respect of goods booked to and from the Tirur and Bepore stations, and will be entered in a separate column of the Invoice headed Hammallage. This charge will not be made for ballast, chunam, coke, coal, firewood, jungle posts, timber, red-wood and loose cotton, which must be loaded and unloaded by owners.

	AS.	P.
For 1 maund and not exceeding 13 maunds ...	0	3
Above 13 maunds " do 23 do ...	0	5
" 23 do " do 33 do ...	0	8
" 33 do " do 42 do ...	0	10
" 42 do " do 52 do ...	1	1
" 52 do " do 61 do ...	1	3
" 61 do " do 71 do ...	1	6
" 71 do " do 81 do ...	1	8
" 81 do " do 91 do ...	1	11
" 91 do " do 100 do ...	2	1

Consignments exceeding 100 maunds in weight will be charged accordingly, thus the charge for a consignment weighing from 143 to 152 maunds will be that for 100 maunds plus that for 52 maunds.

(22). CUDDALORE BEACH.—For all goods loaded or unloaded at the Cuddalore beach a charge for 3 miles extra will be added to the minimum distance of 10 miles on the main line. Where the distance to or from Cuddalore O. T. is over the minimum of 10 miles, the 3 miles must be charged for in addition to such actual distance.

(23). PONDICHERRY BEACH.—Trucks will be shunted for loading or unloading from Pondicherry to the beach, and a charge for 1 mile extra will be made for this service at the rate the goods so conveyed are charged over the rest of the line.

(24). TUTICORIN SALT SIDING.—For trucks loaded on this siding a charge of 1 rupee per truck is made. The charge to be included in the Railway charge as 4 extra miles run at 4 annas per mile.

(25). Live Stock by Goods Train.—The following are the rates for the conveyance of live stock, viz.:—

For every wagon-load of draught cattle, or cattle for slaughter, not exceeding 8 in number, and every wagon-load of calves, not exceeding 30 in number, and every wagon-load of sheep, goats, or pigs not exceeding 50 in number, 3 annas per mile are charged.

Sheep, goats, or pigs sent singly are charged at the dog rate; calves, deer or elk (young or old) sent singly, at double the dog rate.

The minimum charge for a wagon will be Rs. 3-0-0.

In a mixed consignment of cows and calves (the property of one owner) 4 calves will be reckoned as the equivalent of a full grown beast thus:—

2 cows and 2 calves are equivalent to 3 cows	
3 do 3 do do 4 do	will be charged as a wagon-load or 3 annas per mile.
4 do 4 do do 5 do	
5 do 5 do do 6 do	
6 do 6 do do 7 do	
7 do 7 do do 8 do	will be charged as 2 wagon-loads at 3 annas per wagon per mile.
8 do 8 do do 9 do	
9 do 9 do do 10 do	

* Calves, deer or elk can only be sent singly provided there is suitable accommodation in the trains. To prevent disappointment senders should give previous notice to Clerks-in-charge of their intention, also furnish a description of the height of animal.

Sheep, goats and pigs will be reckoned at the proportion of 6 of either to one full-grown cow or bullock.

Full-grown deer or elk will be reckoned as full-grown cattle, and young deer or elk as calves, and in mixed consignments of cattle, deer and elk the same proportions must be taken as for full-grown cattle and calves.

(26). Horses, Mules and Ponies in Cattle Trucks by Goods Train.

MAXIMUM LOAD-5 PER CATTLE TRUCK.

Horses, mules and ponies can only be conveyed in cattle trucks when valued by the owner at less than Rupees 200 each and when a risk note (Form F) has been signed, the Railway charge being calculated at the rate of annas 3 per truck per mile, with a minimum charge of Rupees 3 per truck. One attendant only for each truck used will be allowed to accompany the horses free of charge.

(27). Horses, Mules and Ponies.—The Company do not hold themselves liable for the carriage of horses, mules and ponies over Rupees 500 in value, and all senders of such animals are required to declare whether the animals are each and severally over or under that value, and if they are over that value to sign a release of the Company from liability beyond that sum or else pay an extra rate as insurance.

(28). Goods Special Rates.

NOTE.—In all cases of reduced rates according to distance the owners of goods have the option of booking their goods at the lowest rate instead of at the rates suited to the actual distance, provided they are willing to pay for the minimum weight and distance thus:—

A merchant may have the benefit of the 10 pies rate on kerosine oil, weighing 150 maunds, from Madras to Madras, provided he pays the charge for 162 maunds. Also in case the distance be less than the minimum distance for which the reduced rate is quoted, he can have the benefit of the reduced rate if he is willing to pay for the minimum distance.

Cotton screwed from	do	25	do	14	do	
any station to any	do	19	do	16	do	
station.	do	15	do	19	do	
	do	10	do	24	do	

Screwed to 35 lbs. per cubic foot 12 pies per 27 maunds } per mile.

Not at Owner's Risk.

Commodity.	From	To	Rate.
Cotton, loose or in borahs (in small quantities less than truck loads)	Any station.	Any station.	A. P. 3 0 Per 27 maunds per mile.
Furniture, carved or polished, China and China-ware, crockery, glass and glassware	Any station.	Any station.	8 0 Per truck per mile.
Grain and seeds of all kinds	Pallur and Conjeevaram.	Madras (Egmore).	0 6 Per 27 mds. per mile in consignments of not less than 162 mds.
Do. do.	Wallajabad.	Madras (Egmore) & Saidapet	0 6 Per 27 mds. per mile for truck loads of not less than 162 mds. but no less charge than Rs. 9 is made for each truck used.
Kerosine oil	Any station.	Any station.	0 10 Per 27 maunds per mile in consignments of not less than 162 maunds.
Parchment coffee	Tinnevelly.	Erode	0 8 Per 27 maunds per mile.
Piece goods and twist	Madras (Egmore).	Tinnevelly.	14 4 Per maund.
Plantains	Pugalur, Karur and Katalai.	Madras (Egmore).	0 7 Per 27 maunds per mile.
Twist or yarn	Tinnevelly.	All S. I. R. stations.	0 1 Per maund per mile.

Paddy and rice intended for export to Ceylon will be conveyed from Cuddalore O. T., Porto Novo, Chidambaram, Shiyali, and Vaithisvarankoil to Tuticorin at the rate of

2 annas per truck per mile not exceeding 162 mds. in weight subject to the undermentioned conditions, and from Tanjore, Negapatam, Ayyampet, and Papanasam to Tuticorin in truck loads at a charge of Rupees 35-4-0 per truck :—

1. That all consignments shall be invoiced at the rate of 3 annas per truck per mile and the freight be made payable at Tuticorin.

2. That on presentation of the goods receipt note at Tuticorin the consignee shall endorse the same with the declaration "for export Ceylon." This note will be then further endorsed by the clerk-in-charge or goods clerk with the invoice number of the consignment, and the date of the same and the number and weight of the bags composing the same.

3. That this note shall be taken to the Customs' office at Tuticorin and the export duty paid thereat, and the goods shall only be delivered on the presentation of the Railway receipt note together with the acknowledgment of the payment of the duty by the Custom House officials.

4. On the receipt of these documents the consignment will be delivered and payment of the carriage at the rate of two annas per truck per mile will be collected. In the absence of the Customs report the invoiced charge of 3 annas per truck per mile will be collected.

Gunny bags which have been used for the conveyance of the grain can after receipt from Ceylon be returned at the rate of 4 annas per bundle not exceeding 230 pounds subject to the following conditions:—

1. Empty returned gunnies chargeable at this rate must not exceed the number of bags contained in each consignment brought to Tuticorin at the 2 annas rate.

2. The weight of gunny bags for each truck load of rice or paddy sent to Tuticorin for Ceylon will be 230 pounds.

3. On delivery the sender must declare the bags as "Ceylon returned Gummies" and must state the consignment with which the full bags were received.

4. The Goods clerk will weigh the bundles and if the weight does not exceed that mentioned in Rule 2 they may be charged either *Paid or To pay* at sender's option, at 4 annas per bundle.

5. Returned gunnies must always be sent back to the original sending stations of the full bags and the sender of the returned gunnies must always be the consignee of the bags received full.

At Owner's Risk.

Owners to load and unload.

NOTE.—When cotton, loose or in borahs, is invoiced at a reduced rate at "Owner's risk," risk note (Form B) must in all cases be signed by sender.

Commodity.	From	To	Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
			A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Cotton, with seeds or cappas ...	Any station	Any station	...	...	3	0	2	6
Do. loose or in borahs...	Madura and Tatapara and intermediate stations.	Tuticorin	...	...	2	0	1	3
Do. do. ...	Dindigul, Ambaturai, Satur, Madura, Koilpati.	Virudupati	...	...	2	0	1	3
Do. do. ...	Madura, Koilpati	Satur	...	...	2	0	1	3
Do. do. ...	From all stations south of Erode and Tanjore, both inclusive.	Virudupati, Satur and Tinnevely..	...	...	2	0	...	...
Cotton, loose or in borahs, in small quantities less than a truck load on actual weight and not by measurement ...	Any station	Any station	0	1	0	0	...	...
Cotton, loose or in borahs	Dindigul, Karur, Erode and Tanjore.	Trichinopoly Fort.	...	...	2	0	...	...

Owners to load and unload—continued.

Commodity.	From	To	Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
			A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Cotton, loose or in borahs ...	From any station to which no other special rate is quoted.	To any station to which no other special rate is quoted	...	...	3	0	2	0
Cotton, pressed ...	Virudupati	Pondicherry	8 pies per 27 mds. per mile.					
			Per maund for the whole distance.		Per cotton truck for the whole distance.		Per 6 ton goods truck for the whole distance.	
			R.	A.	R.	A.	R.	A.
Cotton, loose or in borahs ...	Erode	Pondicherry	...	...	32	0	20	4
			Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
			A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Firewood ...	Shiyali and Cuddalore O. T., including all intermediate stations.	Madras (Egmore), Nellikuppam, Villianur & Pondicherry	...	...	...	...	2	0
Do. ...	Panruti, Pondicherry and Coleroon.	Madras (Egmore)..	...	...	...	...	2	0
Do. ...	Trichinopoly Fort...	Negapatam	...	...	...	...	2	0
Do. ...	Cuddalore Old Town and do. Beach Line	Panruti	...	...	...	...	2	0
Do. ...	Virudupati	Satur	...	...	...	...	2	0
Furniture, carved or polished, China and Chinaware, crockery, glass and glassware ...	Any station.	Any station	...	...	...	...	4	0
			Per maund for the whole distance.		Per cotton truck for the whole distance.		Per 6 ton goods truck for the whole distance.	
			R.	A.	R.	A.	R.	A.
Grain and seeds of all kinds ...	Antandavapuram, Coleroon, and Mayavaram	Tuticorin	...	...	...	...	55	0

Owners to load and unload—continued.

Commodity.	From	To	Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
Grain and seeds of all kinds for distances of 370 miles & upwards.	...	...	A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Groundnuts, with or without shells.	Tanjore and Tindivanam and all intermediate stations (exclusive of Cuddalore N. T.) and from Valavanur	Pondicherry	...	...	...	...	2	0
Iron, unmanufactured, for distances of 370 miles and upwards.	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	0
Jaggree	Maniyachi, Tataparai, Tuticorin and Trichinopoly	Cuddalore O. T., Nellikuppam and Madras (Egmore) and Villianur	...	...	...	...	2	6
Do.	Tinnevelly	Panruti	...	...	...	...	2	6
			Annas.					
		Negapatam	...	...	4.01	Per maund for whole distance.		
		Tiruvallur	...	...	3.59			
		Tanjore	...	...	2.75			
		Nidamangalam	...	...	3.25			
		Mayavaram	...	...	1.67			
		Tiruvadamardur	...	...	2.09			
		Kumbakonam	...	...	2.17			
		Trichinopoly	...	...	3.59			
		Manaparai	...	...	4.09			
		Madura	...	...	5.92			
		Virudupati	...	...	6.59			
		Satur	...	...	6.92			
		Koilpati	...	...	7.34			
Metals, such as iron, brass, copper, zinc and lead	Pondicherry							
Plantains (for distances over 300 mds.)	...	...	Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
Poultry (loose or in hampers)	Any station	Any station	A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Returned empty jaggree and groundnut bags not exceeding 1/2 ton lot at any one time, FREE. The bags must always be sent back to original sending station and consigned from the original consignee to the original sender of the full bags.	Any station	Any station	...	...	...	...	3	0

Owners to load and unload—concluded.

Commodity.	From	To	Per maund per mile.		Per cotton truck per mile.		Per 6 ton goods truck per mile.	
			A.	P.	A.	P.	A.	P.
Returned empty salt bags, FREE. The bags must always be sent back to the original sending station and consigned to original sender of the full bags.	All S. I. R. stations	Madras (Egmore), Cuddalore O. T., Porto Novo, Shiyali, Negapatam and Tuticorin	...	...	...	...	...	...
Salt	Madras (Egmore)	All stations up to and including Cuddalore O. T., and to stations on the Arkonam Branch up to and including Conjeeveram	...	...	...	...	2	0
Spirits	Nellikuppam	Pondicherry and Villianur	...	...	...	...	2	6
Straw	Any station	Any station	...	...	3	0	...	...
Sugarcane (any distance under 20 miles will be charged as for 20 miles)	From stations not less than 20 miles distant from Nellikuppam and Cuddalore O. T.	Nellikuppam and Cuddalore O. T.	...	...	...	...	2	0
Treacle	Nellikuppam and Panruti	Villianur	...	...	...	...	2	6

(29). *Madras (Egmore) and Karni Traffic.*—Piece goods, country cloth and twist at the rate of Rupees 15 per 27 maunds. All other goods (except combustibles) at the rate of Rupees 12 per 27 maunds.

(30). *Weights.*—The maund in use is equivalent to 40 seers or 82½ lbs. and 27 maunds is reckoned the equivalent of one ton.

(31). *Mode of ascertaining Weight of Timber, Wood and Bamboos.*—Timber, wood and bamboos will be charged for actual weight or weight by measurement subject to a minimum charge of 81 maunds per truck used.

Measurement is calculated at 40 cubic feet to every 27 maunds for ash, babool, beech, eyn and teak, and 50 cubic feet for all other timber, wood and bamboos.

(32). *Minimum Weight, Distance and Charge.*—The minimum weight which will be despatched by Goods train (except parts of a consignment exceeding that weight) is fourteen seers which will be charged as twenty seers. Any distance less than 10 miles will be charged as 10 miles, but no less charge for any consignment will be made than eight annas.

(33). *Fraction of a Maund.*—No less charge is made for any weight under 20 seers than for 20 seers, above that weight each fraction of a quarter of a maund is charged for as a quarter of a maund, or 10 seers, thus:—

21 seers and upwards will be charged as 30 seers.	
31 do. do. do. 1 maund.	
41 do. do. do. 1 do. 10 seers.	
51 do. do. do. 1 do. 20 do. &c.	

(34). *Fraction of an Anna and of a Mile.*—FRACTIONS OF AN ANNA.—In calculating the charges for goods, all fractions of an anna above 5 pies are to be charged as one anna. Fractions of a mile will be charged as one mile.

(35). *Consigning Goods.*—For every consignment of goods when handed to the Railway Company for conveyance, a declaration must be given by the person so consigning, of the number and contents of such goods. The owner or person having the care of any property which has been carried upon the Railway, or is brought into any station or warehouse for the purpose of being carried upon the Railway, shall, on demand by any servant of the Company appointed in this behalf, deliver to such servant an exact account in writing signed by such owner or person of the quantity and description of such property.—See Section XV, Chapter III, Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879.

(36). *False Declaration of Goods.*—Any person required under section fifteen of the Indian Railway Act to give an account of the quantity and description of any property who neglects or refuses to give such account, or who wilfully gives a false account shall be punished with fine which may extend to five rupees for every maund or (3,200 tola) of such property, and such fine shall be in addition to any charge to which such property may be liable.—See Section XXIX, Chapter V, Indian Railway Act, No. IV, of 1879.

(37). *Goods of a Dangerous Nature.*—No person shall carry upon the Railway any dangerous goods, or be entitled to require the Railway Company to carry upon the Railway any luggage or goods which, in the judgment of the Company, or any of their servants, shall be of a dangerous nature. Whoever in contravention of Section XVI of the Indian Railway Act takes with him any dangerous goods on the South Indian Railway or delivers to or tenders any such goods for the purpose of being carried upon the said Railway will be liable to be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.—See Section XXX, Chapter V, Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879.

(a) The Company will not carry any of the articles referred to in this rule except by special agreement.

(38). *Railway Charges.*—The rates for goods do not include the expenses of collection and delivery, but are only station to station charges, and include, except where otherwise specified, conveyance by Railway loading and unloading from or to the Company's warehouse or platform and the wagons, but are exclusive of the cost for removal to and from the conveyances by which the goods are brought to or taken from the stations. The Railway Company will not hold themselves bound to deliver goods at their respective addresses, or at any place other than the stations mentioned in the forwarding note of such goods.

(39). *Recovery of Railway Charges.*—If any person fails to pay on demand any sum due by him to the South Indian Railway Company for conveyance of goods or for the custody of any goods or for demurrage, warehouse rent or wharfage in respect of the same, the South Indian Railway Company will be at liberty to detain the whole or any part of such goods, or, if the same have been removed from the Railway, any other goods consigned to or belonging to such person then on the Railway, or thereafter coming into the possession of the South Indian Railway Company.—See Section XIV, Chapter III, Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879.

The South Indian Railway Company will also be at liberty to sell by public auction in the case of perishable property at once, and in the case of other property on the expiration of at least fifteen days' notice thereof published in one or more of the local newspapers, or where there are no such newspapers in such manner as the Local Government may from time to time direct, sufficient of such property to produce the sum payable as aforesaid, and all charges and expenses of such detention notice and sale, or if within a reasonable time the property so detained be not removed from the Railway, the South Indian Railway Company will sell the whole of such property, and out of the proceeds of the sale will retain the sum payable to them together with all charges and expenses, rendering the surplus (if any) of such proceeds and so much of the property (if any) as remains unsold to the person entitled thereto.—See Section XIV, Chapter III, Indian Railway Act No. IV of 1879.

(40). *Insurance Charges.*—In the case of all articles mentioned in Section XI, Chapter III of the Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879, whether conveyed as parcels, goods or luggage, the contents and value must be declared, and the insurance charge as mentioned below paid on them, otherwise the Railway Company will not be responsible for their safe conveyance.

For articles valued at from 1 to 5,000 rupees, a rate of one rupee per cent. subject to a minimum charge of 5 rupees.

For articles exceeding in value Rs. 5,000, a rate of eight annas per cent. subject to a minimum charge of 50 rupees.

(41). *Despatch of Goods.*—The Company do not guarantee the despatch of goods by the first train leaving after the receipt of them, nor will they be responsible for the arrival of the goods at any station by any specified date or time.

(42). *Goods left till called for, &c.*—All goods addressed or consigned "To be left till called for" or to the same effect, or without any legible and intelligible directions, or directed to a place unknown to the Station Master, will be permitted to remain on the Company's premises at the owner's risk, and subject to the charges provided in Rule 43, immediately after their arrival, and if not removed within three months from the date of their arrival, they will be disposed of to satisfy all the charges due to the Company, including the expenses of sale; and the Company shall not be obliged to render the proceeds or the balance of the proceeds of such sale to the consignor or consignee or any other person whomsoever.

(43). *Demurrage, Warehouse and Wharfage Charges.*—A charge of Rupees three per diem each will be made, after the expiration of twenty-four hours from the time at which the wagons were ordered, on all empty wagons ordered and not loaded; and after the expiration of twenty-four hours from their arrival on all loaded wagons not discharged within that period. All goods not removed from the Company's premises, within twenty-

four hours after arrival at their destination, or which are detained by the Company for more than twenty-four hours after arrival for payment of charges, will be subject at the option of the Railway Company to a charge per diem of one anna per maund for cotton, and four pies per maund for other goods.

(44). *Railway Receipt.*—Before goods can be delivered, the Railway receipt granted to sender at the despatching station must be duly endorsed by the consignee, and given up to the Railway Company.

(45). *Indemnity Notes.*—When the Railway receipt is lost, the South Indian Railway Company reserve the right to demand an indemnity note stamped in accordance with the Stamp Act, prior to delivery.

(46). *Receipts for Delivery.*—The Company require a receipt to be signed for all goods before they are removed from any of their stations.

(47). *Charges entered in Receipt Notes.*—The charges stated in the receipt notes granted by the duly authorised clerks and agents of the Company to the sender of goods will be subject to correction and increase.

(48). *Claims for Damage, &c.*—All claims against the Company for loss of, or injury to goods must be made before delivery of them is taken and the property is removed from the Company's premises, or the Company will not recognize any such claim.

(49). *Refunds of Overcharges.*—No person shall be entitled to a refund of overcharges of freight on goods unless his claim is preferred in writing to the Railway Administration within six months from the date on which the goods are delivered for carriage by Railway.

(50). *Liability.*—The South Indian Railway Company hereby give public notice that they will not be accountable for any articles, unless the same be signed for, and received by their agents or clerks, duly authorised in that behalf. Nor will they be responsible for goods left on their premises for the convenience of the sender.

Nor will they be responsible for loss, destruction, or deterioration of, or damage to property, of the description mentioned in the second schedule of the Indian Railway Act unless at the time of delivery the value and nature of the property have been declared by the person sending or delivering the same, and an increased charge for the safe conveyance of the same or an engagement to pay such charge has been accepted by some servant of the Company specially authorised in that behalf. And when any property of which the value and nature have been declared under Section XI, Chapter III of the said Act, has been lost, destroyed, or damaged, or has deteriorated, the Company in accordance with the provisions of the section will not grant as compensation any greater sum than the value so declared.—See Section XI, Chapter III, Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879.

The South Indian Railway Company will not be responsible for loss or injury of, or to (whether such loss or injury be occasioned by fire, water, theft or any other cause whatsoever) goods left on their premises, and not removed within twenty-four hours after arrival. Nor will they be liable for loss, or non-delivery of, or injury to goods insufficiently or improperly packed, marked, directed, or described, containing a variety of articles liable by breakage to damage each other or other articles or from leakage arising from bad vessels or cooerage, or from fermentation.

(51). *No Credit allowed.*—Freight in the case of certain descriptions of goods must under the Company's rules be paid before despatch of consignments from sending station. In the case of all other goods payment, when not made previously to, must be made at the time of delivery.

(52). *Hours of Business.*—Goods offices are open for the receipt and delivery of goods at all stations from 7 A.M. to 5 P.M. daily (Sundays, Christmas days, New Year's days, and Good Fridays excepted) after which latter hours goods can neither be received nor delivered.

Rules and Regulations.

PASSENGERS can be booked at intermediate stations only on condition there shall be room in the train and class of carriages for which their tickets shall have been issued. To insure being booked, passengers should be at the station at least 30 minutes before the time mentioned in the tables. The door of the Booking office will be closed punctually at the hours mentioned. Passengers cannot be re-booked at roadside stations to proceed by the train in which they have arrived.

TICKETS.—The tickets given to passengers on payment of their fares, will be required to be produced to the Company's servants, or given up to them whenever demanded. Passengers unable or refusing to produce their tickets are liable to be charged the fare from the most distant station from whence the train started. The tickets are not transferable, are only available for the stations named thereon, and can only be used on the day or for the journey issued.

Tickets which have been torn or mutilated, particularly when the date or progressive number is off, will not be recognised, and the holder will be charged full fare.

N.B.—Section 32, Chapter V, Indian Railway Act, No. IV of 1879:—

“Any person who defrauds or attempts to defraud any carrier by Railway—

(a)—by travelling or attempting to travel, on any Railway without having previously paid his fare;

(b)—by riding or attempting to ride in or on a carriage, or by a train, of a higher class than that for which he has paid his fare;

(c)—by using or attempting to use a ticket on any day for which such ticket is not available;

(d)—by continuing his journey in or upon any carriage beyond the place to which he has paid his fare without previously paying the fare for the additional distance;

or who, in any other manner whatever, attempts to evade the payment of his fare; or who wilfully alters or defaces his ticket so as to render the date, number, or other material portion thereof illegible,

shall be punished with fine which may extend to 30 rupees, and shall also be liable to pay the fare (if any) which he ought to have paid; and such fare shall be recoverable in the manner provided by section thirty-one, and shall when recovered be paid to the Railway Administration.”

Passengers are requested to examine their tickets before leaving the Booking office counter, as mistakes in tickets or money will not be afterwards recognised.

Children under 3 years of age travel free; above that and under 12 years of age they are charged half fare.

Reserved accommodation will be provided upon the terms mentioned on pages 771 and 772.

All luggage must be prepaid at the Booking station, and to insure its being sent away, it must be delivered at that station 20 minutes before the time announced for the departure of the train. Passengers not conforming to this rule will run the risk of travelling without their luggage being sent in the same train.

Luggage will not be accepted and booked at the Beach, Broadway, Fort, Park, Chetpat, and Kodambakam stations, but passengers using those stations are allowed to take with them small packages under 20 lbs. in weight that can go under the seat of a carriage.

Excluding furniture and treasure, no exception will be taken to the articles conveyed with passengers as luggage, but all articles will be weighed, and after a deduction has been made of the weight allowed free by the Company, (except treasure for which there is no allowance), the balance will be charged for.—See pages 771 and 779.

N.B.—Indian Railway Act No. IV of 1879, Section XII, Chapter III:—

“A carrier by Railway shall in no case be answerable for loss, destruction or deterioration of or damage to any passenger's luggage unless a Railway servant has booked and given a receipt for the same.”

No luggage is allowed in the carriages, small packages excepted, which cannot be placed under the seat occupied by the owner. Guards are required to remove all packages which cannot be deposited under the seat.

LIVE ANIMALS, such as dogs, cats, monkeys, &c., also birds, are not to be considered as luggage, but separately charged for.

LOST LUGGAGE.—Articles found in the carriages or on the Railway are placed in a Lost Luggage office at the Trichinopoly Junction station, where application should be made by the owners.

A FEE of two annas will be charged for each article of luggage when claimed at the Lost Luggage office, but if articles be not claimed within one month, an additional storage charge of annas 4 per month, after the first month, will be made. All lost luggage, if not claimed within six months, will be sold by the Company to pay expenses.

PARCELS are received and booked at all stations on the line. Parcels must be delivered at the station 30 minutes before the departure of trains.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.—As horse-boxes and carriage trucks are only kept at the principal stations, notice should be given the day previous of such being required; and carriages and horses must be at the station 30 minutes before the time mentioned in the time-tables. Each horse must be in charge of a horsekeeper who will be conveyed free in the horse-box.

GOODS, HEAVY BAGGAGE, HORSES IN CATTLE TRUCKS, CARRIAGES AND ALL ARTICLES INTENDED TO BE SENT FROM TRICHINOPOLY by Goods train must be delivered at the Company's warehouse at the Fort station.

PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE and small parcels only are received at the Trichinopoly Junction station.

The address of all parcels for Trichinopoly must show distinctly for which station (whether Trichinopoly Fort or Trichinopoly Junction) they are intended, as the charges for those two stations differ. An extra charge according to the advertised scale will be made for all parcels sent from the Fort to the Junction station and vice versa.

Dogs must each be provided with muzzle, collar and chain, without which the Company will not be answerable for their safety. Dogs will be conveyed in a compartment of a carriage provided for that purpose, and a lap-dog carried by a passenger under the conditions stated on page 777, is the only dog that will be allowed inside passenger carriages.

SMOKING.—Any traveller who smokes, without the consent of his fellow-passengers, if any, in the same compartment, (except in a compartment specially provided for the purpose), is liable to be punished with a fine which may extend to 20 rupees.

FEES.—The Company's servants are prohibited from receiving any gratuity under pain of dismissal.

CORPSES are conveyed at 8 annas per mile subject to a minimum charge of Rs. 5 and must be prepaid. They must be secured in an air-tight coffin and must be always loaded in a separate vehicle.

CUDALORE NEW TOWN.—At this station only passengers and their luggage can be booked. Goods traffic and horses and carriages must be sent to the Cuddalore Old Town station.

COMPLAINTS.—It is requested that any incivility, want of attention or any other irregularity may be immediately notified to Traffic Manager, Trichinopoly.

Insurance of Valuable Goods.

By virtue of Section XI, Chapter III, of the Indian Railway Act (No. VI of 1879) the South Indian Railway Company give public notice that they will not be liable for loss, destruction, or deterioration of, or damage to, property of the description mentioned in the second schedule of the Act (see below) unless at the time of delivery to the Company the value and nature of the property have been declared by the person sending, or delivering the same, and an increased charge for the safe conveyance of the same, or an engagement to pay such charge, has been accepted by some servant of the Company. And when any property, for which insurance has been accepted by an authorised person, has been lost, destroyed, or damaged, or has deteriorated, the Company, in accordance with the provisions of the section, will not grant as compensation any greater sum than the value on and for which insurance has been paid.

Only the clerk in charge of a station is authorised by the Company to accept on their behalf an increased charge as insurance, and he is only authorised to do this in regard to articles that are of a declared value not exceeding 500 rupees, and which are included in the second schedule of the Indian Railway Act (No. IV of 1879), and no payment for insurance will be accepted by him unless the nature and value of the goods to be insured have been previously declared to him in writing.

In cases where an article to be insured is declared to be of a greater value than Rs. 500, or where a sender declares several articles to be of an aggregate value greater than Rs. 500, no clerk-in-charge or other servant of the Company is authorised to accept any payment of insurance until he has communicated with the Traffic Manager, or District Traffic Superintendent, and has obtained specific instructions.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE OF THE INDIAN RAILWAY ACT, No. IV of 1879.

See SECTION XI., CHAPTER III.

- | | |
|---|--|
| a. Gold or silver, coined or uncoined, manufactured or unmanufactured. | i. Maps, writings, title-deeds. |
| b. Plated articles. | j. Paintings, engravings, photographs, lithographs, carvings, sculpture and other works of art. |
| c. Cloth and tissue and lace of which gold or silver forms part. | k. Glass, China, marble. |
| d. Precious stones, jewellery, trinkets. | l. Silks in a manufactured or unmanufactured state, and whether wrought up or not wrought up with other materials. |
| e. Watches, clocks, or time-pieces of any description. | m. Shawls. |
| f. Government securities. | n. Lace. |
| g. Government stamps. | o. Opium. |
| h. Bills of exchange, hundies, promissory notes, bank notes, orders or other securities for payment of money. | p. Ivory, ebony, sandalwood, sandalwood-oil. |
| | q. Musical and scientific instruments. |

THE FOLLOWING RULES ARE PUBLISHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 9 OF THE INDIAN RAILWAY ACT—Vide page 751.

ITINERARY OF THE SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY.

Saidapet.—Head-quarters of the Collector, Chingleput District. Government Farm in neighbourhood on the road to Guindy. St. Thomas' Mount is 1 mile distance from the centre of town. Between Saidapet and St. Thomas' Mount, the Railway crosses River Adayar. South-east of the Line are the Little Mount, on which is a Portuguese R. C. Church, Guindy, (residence of the Governor of Madras), and the Madras Race Course. St. Thomas' Mount (or the Big Mount) is about 200 feet above sea level. Near the summit is Portuguese R. C. Church. On the plain at the base of the hill is a cantonment, where generally a Brigade of Field Artillery is stationed. Pallavaram is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from

station to centre of town, and $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. A Native Infantry regiment is generally quartered in the cantonment. The lines are large, and at times have accommodated several regiments. A range of hills, about 400 to 500 feet high, runs to the east. Veterans and European Pensioners reside here. A large quarry supplies excellent stone, many train loads of which have been used in constructing the Madras Harbour Works. About 3 miles from the Railway station on a good road is the celebrated temple of Ranganatha-swamy, whither in May at the annual festival crowds of worshippers come, especially from Madras. **Guduvancheri** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. The snipe ground near at hand is considered one of the best in the neighbourhood of Madras. **Singaperumalkoil** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Named from a Vishnu temple (*Koil*) on a little rock Singaperumal being the *genius loci*. **Chingleput** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Site of a District Court, Jail Hospital and other public buildings. The old fort is partially in ruins. There is a refreshment room at the station. **Madurantakam** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, 2 miles distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Land well irrigated in this neighbourhood. Good shooting. **Tindivanam**, town around station; and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Residence of Sub-Collector, South Arcot District. Passengers leave the Railway here for Trinomalai, 40 miles distant, where annually in December a great feast (Kirthigai Dipam) is held. Gingee is 18 miles off, and well worth visiting for the sake of the ruins and historical associations. Carts are available. **Milam** is 3 miles distance from station to centre of village. Within sight on a hill is a temple named Subramania Swamy Koil, where annually in March there is an important feast. **Villupuram** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. There is a good road to Trinomalai, 44 miles distant, and carts are available. Passengers to and from Pondicherry change carriages at this junction. **Panruti** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. In this neighbourhood groundnuts, from which oil is extracted, are much cultivated for export to Marseilles and elsewhere. From the Railway station, one mile in the village of Therevithu, stands a Siva shrine which has many worshippers. **Nellikuppam** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town. Messrs. Parry and Co. own a large Sugar factory to the west of the line with which it is connected by a railway siding. **Cuddalore, New Town**, is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. This station is situated in the important village of Tirupapuliyur, where there is a large temple. Passengers leave the train for Munjacoopum, Cuddalore, New Town, and Fort St. David, to reach which places the river Gudilam has to be crossed. In this locality, at small distances apart, are the Collector's (South Arcot) Cutcherry, District Court, St. Joseph's College, the Zillah School, and Messrs. Parry and Co.'s office. The ruins of Fort St. David close to the sea-shore and deservedly an attraction to the historical student. **Cuddalore, Old Town**, is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town. Pensioners reside here. There is an English Church and a Jail. A branch line runs to the beach, and the port is one of the most eligible on the coast for an export and import trade with Europe. Adjoining the Railway station are locomotive workshops. There is a refreshment room at the station. **Porto Novo** is $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles distance from station to centre of town, and $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles distance from station to nearest public bungalow. On the extensive tract of sand near the sea a decisive victory was gained over Hyder Ali by Sir Eyre Coote. Some large iron works existed here a few years ago, but were abandoned, and the foundrymen and other artisans transferred to Beypoor on the West coast where similar works were opened by the proprietors. **Chidambaram** is $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. There are two large temples which are held in high consideration by their votaries. Several times in the year important feasts draw crowds of railway passengers. **Shiyali** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. There are public offices here and temples; at the latter festivals take place annually. **Mayavaram** is 3 miles distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest bungalow. There is a District Munsif's Court here. Early tea can be obtained at the station by passengers in No. 19 Mail train. **Kuttalam** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest village. In this neighbourhood are temples to which there is much resort. A little to the north of the station the river Cauvery is considerably diminished in breadth, owing to numerous diverging irrigation channels, from the size of the stream above Trichinopoly and Srirungam, flows in an easterly direction under the line. Cloths for native women are manufactured at Kuttalam. **Kumbakonam** is 1 mile distance from station to centre of town, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Few spots in India are held in greater esteem by pious Hindus. Proximity to the river Cauvery and the well endowed temples render residence here desirable for Brahmans and others. The college for the education of University students is famous throughout Southern India, and is principally attended by Brahmans. Many of the students have attained positions of mark in the practice of the law, as teachers, &c. There is a refreshment room at the station. **Tanjore** is $1\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre

of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. A junction for the branch line to Negapatam. The public offices of the district are at a short distance from the Railway. The palace of the Mahratta Rajahs of Tanjore, a dynasty which is now extinct, is within the fort. An old Lutheran Church, also within the fort, contains a fine piece of marble sculpture in relief by Flaxman in memory of missionary Schwartz. The large temple of Tanjore is considered an admirable specimen of Hindu architecture. There is a refreshment room at the station. **Tiruverambur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. Visitors to Grand Anicut alight here. **Trichinopoly Junction** is $2\frac{1}{2}$ miles distance from station to centre of town, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Distant only a few steps is the Church of St. John in which are interred the remains of Bishop Heber. This station is within the Trichinopoly cantonment, where generally two native infantry regiments are quartered. On a large plain to the south are two masses of granite, called respectively the Golden (or Sugar Loaf) rock, and the Fakir's rock. At the time when Clive and Lawrence were fighting in this part of India the latter rock was the scene of an engagement between the French and English forces. At the foot of the Golden rock is situated the Central Jail of this part of India. Sleeping accommodation is provided at the Junction station. There is a refreshment room. **Ayyalur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. In this neighbourhood the Railway reaches its highest elevation (about 1,090 feet) above sea-level. The hills through which the line passes at this point are known as the Sem Mullies. **Dindigul** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile from station to centre of town, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Famous for its tobacco manufactory. As the town stands 1,000 feet above sea-level, the nights, for a considerable portion of the year, are not sultry or oppressive. The hills on the left hand of a person facing the south are named the Sirumalayas; those on the right are the Lower Pulneys. The old fort of Dindigul is built on a rock 280 feet above the level of the surrounding country, and has been the scene of many sieges. In 1783 it was taken by the English from Tippoo Saib, and was formally ceded by him in 1792. **Ammayanayakanur** is 1 mile distance from station to centre of village, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Passengers for the Pulney Hills (45 miles distant) alight here. **Madura**, close by, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. This city has been called "The Athens of Southern India." The principal temples of Madura are lofty and impressive specimens of Hindu architecture, and the tourist should by no means neglect to visit them. Tirumal Naik's palace includes several courts and public offices, and will repay inspection, it being a unique piece of masonry with walls of enormous strength and solidity. Passengers who are making the pilgrimage to Ramiseram alight at Madura. Sleeping accommodation is provided at the station. There is a refreshment room. **Tiruparankundram** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. Several chuttrums in the village. The rocky hill near the station is called Seekanthamalai, and at the foot is an ancient Hindu temple. **Virudupati** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. There are several presses for cotton here, and this commodity is sent hence to the coast for shipment. Early tea can be obtained at the station by passengers in No. 6 Mail train. **Satur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Ten miles to the west is located an important Zenana Mission, and 14 miles distant is Sivagiri, a large town. **Koilpati** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Good shooting is to be obtained in the hills to the east of the line. The Ettiapuram Zemindar's bungalow, which is in Koilpati village, about half mile from the Railway station, can be used on permission from the Zemindar. The town of Ettiapuram is about 8 miles from Koilpati, and the same distance from Kumarpuram. **Maniyachi** is one mile distance from station to centre of village, and Junction of Tinnevely Branch. **Tuticorin** is station centre of town, three chains distance from station to nearest chuttrum. The southern terminus of the Railway, and a sea-port at which passengers embark for Colombo (Ceylon). Cotton is exported hence to Europe. The Ceylon pearl fisheries are controlled from this port. Vessels of large size cannot anchor within easy distance of the shore, as shallow water extends for miles, but a comfortable steam launch speedily takes passengers to and from the B. I. S. N. Company's steamers which "call" periodically.

ARKONAM BRANCH.

Conjeeveram is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum; of much antiquity, and regarded by Hindus as of great sanctity. Buildings still stand which were used as cells by Buddhist Monks. The Vishnu temple at Little Conjeeveram is reputed to be richly endowed. Amongst modern buildings is a hospital on a site near the Railway. The annual festival in May is attended by thousands of Hindus, many of whom come long distances. **Arkonam** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest chuttrum. Terminus of the South Indian Railway Company's Arkonam Branch, and noticeable as an important Railway Junction. Passengers change for the Madras Railway Company's North

West and South-West Lines. Dinner and other meals are provided in the Madras Railway refreshment room. Dinner tickets are sold here.

PONDICHERY BRANCH.

Kandamangalam is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. For passengers going to and from Pondicherry this is the station at which luggage is inspected by the *douane*, the French frontier being close at hand, viz., on the east bank of the Gingee river, between this station and the next, Villenur. **Villenur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. A Siva temple and a Roman Catholic church are at periods of the year much frequented. **Pondicherry** is close by and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. To enumerate however briefly the features of interest in this important city requires more space than is available. The visitor should not fail to visit the Pier, the Light-house, the Statue of Dupleix, the Place du Gouvernement, the Cours Chabrol, the Bibliothèque, the Gardens, the Artesian Wells, and Factories. There are hotels for Europeans, viz., Oriental, Victoria, and British. The Ville Blanche is remarkable for its cleanliness, neatness, and good water supplied at public fountains.

NEGAPATAM BRANCH.

Nidamangalam is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. The Corayar Head close to this town is worth inspecting. Three rivers discharge at the head by means of a sluice, which is a fine piece of masonry. **Tiruvalur** is 1 mile distance from station to centre of village, and 1 mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. The pagoda is of great extent and is ornamented by a large tank. The traveller who is interested by Hindu temples will be repaid for making a halt here of a few hours. **Negapatam** is close by and 2 miles distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Little more than 100 years ago this busy and thriving sea-port was in possession of the Dutch, and the principal thoroughfare is still called Holland Street. St. Peter's Church (now used by a Church of England congregation) and a cemetery with quaint and bulky tombs are memorials of the Dutch occupation. The South Indian Railway Company has here its principal locomotive workshops and general stores depôt. The Wesleyan College is an important institution. Passengers for Penang and Ceylon embark here. Coasting steamers frequently "call." Nagore, three miles to the north, is a populous Mahomedan sea-port, and noteworthy for possessing a large mosque, whose minarets can be seen for a great distance out at sea.

ERODE BRANCH.

Trichinopoly Fort is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town. The walls of the fort have been removed, but the town, which was inside them, is still called the fort to distinguish this part of Trichinopoly from the cantonment. On the north side of the town rises the Trichinopoly Rock, a conspicuous granite mass crowned with a temple, and affording a magnificent prospect, embracing the river Cauvery, and the island of Srirangam on which the muntapams of one of the grandest of Hindu temples can be seen rising above dense foliage. At the base of the rock are two important educational institutions, the Jesuit College of St. Joseph and a S. P. G. College. The staff of the Jesuit College was formerly located at Negapatam. The large building there belonging to the Society of Jesus is now appropriated to the use of the Tahsildar and other officials. West of the Railway station is Worio, now a village, but once the capital of the Chola Kings. **Elamanur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of village. Visitors to the upper anicut of the Cauvery alight here. **Karur** is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town. This is the point of junction of the river Amaravathy with the Cauvery. Roman coins of the reign of Tiberius Caesar have been discovered here. At the commencement of the present era Karur was an important city, and the residence of Rajahs. It is now interesting as the site of some large temples, and of an orphanage which was the means of saving the lives of many children during the famine of 1876-77. **Erode** is 1 mile distance from station to centre of village, and $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to nearest public bungalow. Passengers changing from the South Indian Railway to the Madras Railway alight here. Dinner and other meals are provided in the Madras Railway refreshment room. Dinner tickets are sold here.

TINNEVELLY BRANCH.

Tinnevelly is $\frac{1}{2}$ mile distance from station to centre of town and choultry, close to station. Head-quarters of district. Close at hand is Palamecottah, until recently a cantonment for troops. At Papanasam, 24 miles to the west, there is a large cotton-spinning mill, which has recently been opened. Distant 36 miles from Tinnevelly is Kuttalam, a delightful resort for Europeans; owing to its cool temperature, fine scenery, and some magnificent waterfalls, Kuttalam is much visited by Hindu pilgrims.

SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY COMPANY.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

OFFICE.—31, Lombard Street, E.C., London.

Chairman—Major-General J. S. Trevor, R.E., C.S.I.

Government Director—Sir Juland Danvers, K.C.S.I.

Major-Genl. Sir Henry Green, K.C.S.I., C.B. | Edwyn Sandys Dawes, Esq.
Frederick Francis, Esq. | Gerard Norman, Esq.

Lieut.-Col. E. Z. Thornton, Secretary.

Indian Executive.

G. M. Stewart	Agent (on leave).	
Col. J. Lindsay, R.E.	Acting Agent (on leave)	Dharwar.
W. Foote	Personal Assistant to Agent	"
Col. J. Lindsay, R.E.	Chief Engineer	Poona.
J. Campbell	Auditor	Dharwar
C. P. Whitcombe	Locomotive Superintendent	Hubli.
W. Coen	Storekeeper	"
Jas. Craik	Traffic Manager (on leave).	"
W. P. Wilkinson	Acting do.	Dharwar.

It is requested that any incivility or want of attention on the part of any servant of the Company may be communicated to the Traffic Manager.

Refreshment Rooms are provided on the Southern Mahratta Railway at Hotgi, Bijapur and Bagalkot stations on the East Deccan Line; at Guntakal Junction, Bellary, Haspet, Gadag, Hubli, Dharwar and Londa stations on the South Deccan Line; at Harthar station on the Southern Extension; and at Wathar, Miraji and Belgaum stations on the West Deccan Line; and at Maddur station on the Mysore State Railway.

First, Second, and Third Class fares and luggage rates between Guntakal Junction and the undermentioned stations on other Railways:—

STATIONS TO	FROM GUNTAKAL.				ROUTE.
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Luggage per Maund	
Raichur	RS. A. P. 7 0 0	3 0 0	0 13 0	0 12 6	
Adoni	3 0 0	1 0 0	0 5 0	0 5 4	
Gooty	2 0 0	0 11 0	0 3 0	0 3 0	
Tadpatri	5 0 0	2 0 0	0 8 0	0 8 0	
Cuddapah	11 0 0	4 0 0	1 3 0	1 3 0	
Renigunta	18 0 0	7 0 0	2 0 0	2 0 0	
Arkonam	22 0 0	9 0 0	2 7 0	2 6 10	
Madras	26 0 0	10 0 0	2 14 0	2 14 0	
Arcot	24 0 0	9 0 0	2 11 0	2 10 6	
Vellore	25 0 0	10 0 0	2 13 0	2 13 2	
Jalarpet	30 0 0	12 0 0	3 6 0	3 5 8	
Kolar Road	34 0 0	13 0 0	3 13 0	3 13 0	
Bangalore Cant.	38 0 0	15 0 0	4 4 0	4 4 2	
Bangalore City	38 0 0	15 0 0	4 4 0	4 4 2	
Tumkur	42 0 6	17 0 3	4 14 9	4 11 4	Via Bangalore City.
Gubbi	43 1 0	17 8 6	5 1 6	4 13 2	Do.
French Rocks	44 15 0	18 7 6	5 6 6	5 0 6	Do.
Seringapatam	45 3 6	18 9 9	5 7 3	5 1 0	Do.
Mysore	46 1 0	19 0 6	5 9 6	5 2 6	Do.
Salem	37 0 0	15 0 0	4 2 0	4 2 2	
Erode	41 0 0	16 0 0	4 8 0	4 8 2	
Podanur	46 0 0	18 0 0	5 2 0	5 2 0	
Coimbatore	47 0 0	18 0 0	5 3 0	5 2 8	
Mettnpalaiyam	49 0 0	19 0 0	5 6 0	5 6 4	
Palghat	49 0 0	19 0 0	5 7 0	5 7 0	
Shoranur	52 0 0	20 0 0	5 12 0	5 11 8	
Beylore	56 0 0	22 0 0	6 4 0	6 3 6	
Chingleput	24 8 0	10 4 0	2 14 0	2 13 6	Via Arkonam.
Trichinopoly Fort	38 0 0	17 0 0	5 2 0	5 1 6	Do.
Negapatam	38 15 0	17 8 0	5 5 0	5 4 0	Do.
Pondicherry	29 15 0	13 0 0	3 13 0	3 12 0	Do.
Madura	43 14 0	19 15 0	6 2 0	6 1 2	Do.
Tinnevelly	50 0 0	23 0 0	7 2 0	7 1 6	Do.
Tuticorin	50 0 0	23 0 0	7 2 0	7 1 6	Do.

The Southern Mahratta Railway local rate from any station to Guntakal Junction added to the rate from Guntakal Junction gives the through fare.

First, Second, and Third Class fares and luggage between Hotgi Junction and the undermentioned stations on other Railways.

STATIONS TO	FROM HOTGI.				ROUTE.
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Luggage per Maund	
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
Hyderabad.....	16 1 0	6 4 0	2 10 0	2 1 2	Via Wadi.
Secunderabad.....	16 10 0	6 7 0	2 11 0	2 2 2	Do.
Sholapur.....	0 10 0	0 5 0	0 2 3	0 1 8	
Ahmednagar.....	11 1 0	5 9 0	2 5 0	1 13 6	Via Dhond.
Poona.....	10 13 0	5 7 0	2 4 0	1 12 10	
Neral.....	14 15 0	7 8 0	3 5 0	2 7 10	
Bombay.....	18 4 0	9 2 0	4 2 0	3 0 8	
Nagpur.....	39 7 0	19 12 0	8 9 0	6 9 2	Via Dhond & Munmar
Jabalpur.....	45 6 0	22 11 0	10 11 0	7 9 0	Do.
Surat.....	27 15 0	14 0 0	6 9 0	4 3 10	Via Dadar.
Broach.....	30 3 0	15 2 0	7 2 0	4 8 10	Do.
Ahmedabad.....	36 13 0	18 7 0	8 13 0	5 5 10	Do.
Wadhwan.....	41 13 0	20 15 0	9 13 0	5 15 10	Do.
Abu Road.....	45 13 0	23 4 0	10 6 0	6 3 10	Do.
Ajmere.....	59 11 0	30 14 0	10 11 0	7 14 4	Via Khandwa.
Jeyapore.....	66 4 0	34 6 0	11 14 0	8 9 4	Do.
Ulwar.....	73 10 0	38 5 0	13 1 0	9 4 4	Do.
Agra Fort.....	78 0 0	40 10 0	13 10 0	9 11 4	Do.
Delhi.....	81 3 0	42 5 0	14 5 0	10 1 4	Do.
Cawnpore.....	78 0 0	39 0 0	18 14 0	10 5 0	Via Jabalpur.
Allahabad.....	66 12 0	33 6 0	16 1 0	9 6 0	Do.
Benares.....	75 8 0	37 12 0	18 3 0	10 1 0	Do.
Calcutta.....	118 14 0	59 7 0	29 1 0	13 11 0	Do.
Meerut Cant.....	83 11 0	44 1 0	15 3 0	10 8 4	Via Khandwa and Delhi.
Muzaffarnagar.....	85 11 0	45 5 0	15 14 0	10 14 4	
Saharanpur.....	88 3 0	46 13 0	16 10 0	11 4 4	Do.
Umballa Cant.....	91 3 0	48 13 0	17 9 0	11 12 4	Do.
Ludhiana.....	96 3 0	51 13 0	18 14 0	12 8 4	Do.
Jullundur Cant.....	98 3 0	53 5 0	19 7 0	12 13 4	Do.
Amritsar.....	101 3 0	55 5 0	20 4 0	13 6 4	Do.
Lahore.....	103 3 0	56 13 0	20 12 0	13 11 4	Do.
Mooltan Cant.....	116 3 0	65 5 0	24 0 0	15 14 4	Do.
Lucknow.....	80 3 0	41 3 0	19 13 0	10 9 0	Via Jabalpur and Cawnpore.
Barcilly.....	87 0 0	48 0 0	22 14 0	11 5 0	Do.

The Southern Mahratta Railway local rate from any station to Hotgi added to the rate from Hotgi Junction gives the through fare.

General Information.

1. *Madras* time is kept at all stations on the Southern Mahratta Railway. The times shown in these tables are those at which the trains are intended to depart from the various stations, but the Company do not guarantee these times being kept, nor do they hold themselves responsible for delays. The trains on the Railways named herein usually run in connection, but none of the Companies undertake to keep their trains for those of the other. All passengers are booked subject to the By-laws and Regulations of this and any other Railway over which they travel.

2. *Passengers'* Single Journey tickets are issued (with a few exceptions) from and to any station open for public traffic at the following rates, viz.:—

1st Class.....	18 pies per mile.
2nd „.....	9 „
3rd „.....	2 1/2 „

Return tickets are not issued on the S. M. Railway, except 1st and 2nd class between Poona and Wathar and Satara Road stations and 3rd class, between Bellary and Haspet stations.

In calculating the charges for 1st and 2nd class tickets, fractions of an anna under six pies are dropped, and fractions of six pies and upwards are reckoned as one anna. In the

case of 3rd class tickets, fractions of a quarter-anna under 1 1/2 pie are dropped, and fractions of a quarter anna of 1 1/2 pie and upwards are charged as a quarter anna.

Fractions of a mile are reckoned as one mile.

3. *Periodical Tickets* between Dharwar and Hubli stations are issued from the Office of the Traffic Manager, Dharwar, at the rates given below:—

One month.			Two months.			Three months.		
1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
20 0 0	12 0 0	5 0 0	32 0 0	20 0 0	8 0 0	40 0 0	25 0 0	10 0 0

Scholars or students attending any educational establishment will be charged at half the rates shown above upon production of a certificate from the Head Master of the establishment to the effect that they are actually scholars or students.

The following are the rules under which all periodical tickets are issued, viz.:—

- Periodical tickets entitle the holders to travel in the class of carriage, between the stations, and for the time named thereon.
- The Company are at liberty to alter and vary the trains, without liability of any kind, to the holders of periodical tickets, nor are they to be held accountable for any stoppage, hindrance, or delay in the proper starting or arriving of any train, arising from negligence, accident, or any other cause.
- Periodical tickets are not transferable. They are issued subject, and the holders must conform, to all the Bye-laws and Regulations of the Company.
- Periodical tickets must be produced whenever they are required by any of the Company's servants; should the ticket not be so produced, the holder must pay the regular fare from the station whence the train started.
- Every periodical ticket must be returned to the Traffic Manager's Office on the day of its expiry, or on demand, if the same should have become forfeited (*vide* clause 8), or be required for the purpose of exchange, renewal or otherwise.
- On the issue of a periodical ticket the sum of Rupees ten for a first, five for a second, and one for a third class, respectively, must be deposited with the Company by the holder, which sum will be returned on the conditions named in clause seven after the expiry of the ticket.
- Should the ticket be lost or mislaid, or not given up within a week of expiry, the sum deposited will be forfeited to the Company, and the holder will not be entitled to a fresh ticket without duly paying for the same.
- In the event of the holder of a periodical ticket not abiding by or conforming to the Rules and Regulations of the Company, the ticket will be null and void, and all his rights thereunder will cease and determine, and he must pay the usual fare for travelling over the line for the remainder of the term for which such ticket may have been issued, as if such ticket had never been granted.

4. *Passengers* to ensure being booked, should be at the stations 10 minutes before the time named in the table; the doors of the booking offices will be closed at the times mentioned, after which no person can be admitted. Passengers cannot be re-booked at roadside stations to proceed by the train in which they have arrived, except under special circumstances. Passengers are booked at intermediate stations only on condition that there shall be room in the carriages upon the arrival of the train.

Passengers are requested to examine their tickets and change before leaving the booking office counter, as mistakes cannot be afterwards recognized.

5. *Children* under 3 years of age are carried free, of 3 years and under 12 at half fare for each, fractions being calculated as in para. 2.

6. *European, Eurasian and Native Female Servants*, when accompanying their mistresses or young children, are allowed to travel in the same compartment of a 1st or 2nd class carriage, on payment of the next lower class fare.

Invalids are allowed the same privilege on production of a certificate from a physician or surgeon showing that personal attendance during the journey is necessary. One servant only is allowed to travel with each party at the reduced fare.

7. *Reserved Accommodation* will be provided over this line at the following rates :—
 For each small saloon of 4 berths and servants' compartments Four 1st and four 3rd Class fares.
 „ ordinary 1st Class compartment Three 1st Class fares.
 „ 2nd „ „ Six 2nd „
 „ 3rd „ „ Eight 3rd „

Whenever these numbers are exceeded, each passenger in excess will be charged the ordinary fare.

N.B.—At Poona, Hotgi, Guntakal, Bellary, Dharwar, and Belgaum, 24 hours' notice should be given and at other stations 48 hours.

8. *Sleeping Accommodation*.—Except in reserved carriage or compartment, sleeping accommodation is not given in the day time (7 A.M. to 9 P.M.) nor can it be guaranteed at night to the exclusion of other passengers.

9. *Ladies*.—A ladies' compartment for 1st or 2nd class passengers will be reserved in any passenger train, provided 24 hours' previous notice be given to the Station Master of the starting station.

10. *Special Trains*, for passengers, &c., will be run under special arrangements with the Traffic Manager only, and after reasonable notice has been given.

11. *Break of Journey*.—The holder of any ticket must commence his journey upon the day and by the train for which it was issued.

Holders of *single tickets* for distances over 100 miles will be allowed one day extra for every additional 100 miles or part of 100 miles in the through distance.

Holders of *single tickets* between stations less than 100 miles apart, will be allowed to halt at one or more stations en route, provided they reach their destination within 24 hours from the time the ticket was issued.

This rule is in force on all other Railways.

Passengers cannot be re-booked at road-side stations to proceed in the train in which they arrived.

Tickets must be shown to any of the Company's servants on demand, and be given up at destination. Holders of tickets failing to give them up are liable to be charged the fare from the station from which the train carrying them originally started.

“Any person who shall attempt to defraud the Company by travelling or attempting to travel upon the Railway without having previously paid his fare, or who shall, in any other manner, attempt to evade the payment thereof, is subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees fifty.”

12. *Passengers' Luggage*.—The whole of the luggage accompanying a passenger will be weighed, and out of the total weight the following free allowance will be given only when the luggage is booked before the journey is commenced. 1st class passengers 60 seers, 2nd class 30 seers, and 3rd class 15 seers each; all luggage above these weights will be charged for at the rate of 2 pies per maund per mile, but if the charge for any excess luggage amount to less than 2 annas it will not be collected. Only such small articles as despatch boxes, luncheon baskets, bundles of railway wrappers, hat boxes, &c., as can be placed under the seat occupied by the passengers, may be taken in the carriage, in the owner's charge, and at his risk; they will, however, be weighed, and taken as part of the total weight carried. All packages, of whatever description, (except treasure and opium and articles of a cumbrous description) carried by passengers, are treated as luggage, and charged for accordingly.

It is particularly requested that each package of luggage be well secured and plainly addressed in English with the name of the owner and destination; in the absence of which the Company will not be responsible for damage or loss.

All luggage must be prepaid, and passengers should satisfy themselves that the amount paid for luggage is entered on the luggage ticket.

13. *Left Luggage*.—Passengers desiring to leave their luggage till called for at the station to which it is booked may do so at the following rates :—

For the first 24 hours no charge will be made.

For the second 24 hours, 1 anna per package.

For every further period of 24 hours, or portion thereof, 4 pies per package until the expiration of three months, after which period the Company will not be responsible for the safe custody of any articles so left, and will transfer them to the Lost Property Office.

14. *Lost Luggage*.—Articles found in the carriages or on the Railway are kept at the stations for 48 hours, but if not claimed within that time are placed in a Lost Luggage Office. Application for lost articles should be made to the Station Master, and also to the Traffic Manager, Dharwar. A fee of 4 annas will be charged for each article when claimed at the Lost Luggage Office; but if not claimed within one month, an additional charge of 4 annas per package per month or part of a month after the first month will be made. All lost luggage if not claimed within six (6) months will be sold by the Company to pay expenses.

15. *Parcels* are required to be plainly addressed in English with the name of the owner and destination, and should be tendered for despatch 30 minutes before the departure of the train by which they are intended to be conveyed.

When booked between stations of the S. M. Railways, or through with Foreign Railways, the rates for parcels are :—

	For first 100 miles.	Every additional 100 miles or fraction in excess.
Not exceeding 5 seers or 1 cubic foot As.	3	As. 1
Ditto 10 ditto 2 „ feet „	6	„ 3
Ditto 20 ditto 4 „ „ „	10	„ 5
Ditto 30 ditto 6 „ „ „	13	„ 6½
Ditto 40 ditto 8 „ „ „	16	„ 8
For every additional 10 seers or 2 cubic feet, or portion of 10 seers or 2 cubic ft. „	4	„ 2

Subject to a maximum charge of 1 rupee for a parcel not exceeding 5 seers, irrespective of distance.

Each parcel will be charged for separately, unless two or more are tied together and made up as one package.

Parcels exceeding 40 seers in weight or 8 cubic feet in measurement, will be booked only if accommodation will allow.

When the charge by measurement exceeds the charge by weight the former will be levied.

Fish, fruit, vegetables, bazaar baskets, meat and ice are charged at half the parcels rates, subject to a minimum of 2 annas.

Ice numdas or empty ice packages are charged at half the parcels rate.

Parcels containing dangerous or perishable articles must in all cases be prepaid.

Leaves of all kinds are carried at half parcels' rates, at owner's risk, by passenger trains.

Plants and shrubs, when carried by passenger train at owner's risk, will be charged at full parcels rates, on the condition that package, including earthen pots and other packing, does not exceed one maund in weight, and that the gross weight of each consignment does not exceed five maunds.

16. *Newspapers*.—Parcels of newspapers are charged at half parcels rates subject to a minimum charge of 2 annas and on condition the charges are prepaid. Delivery must be taken at the Railway station.

17. *Horses*.—The rates for the conveyance of horses and ponies over the S. M. Railway are :—

For 1 horse or pony	As. 2 per mile.
„ 2 in one horse-box (same sender or consignee)	„ 3 „
„ 3 „ do. (do. do.)	„ 4 „
„ 4 „ do. (do. do.)	„ 5 „

The minimum charge for one horse, or for two in one horse-box (same sender or consignee) is Rs. 2-8-0, and that for three or more in one horse-box (same sender or consignee) Rs. 5-0-0.

One groom in charge of each horse will be allowed to travel free in the same vehicle as the animal.

The Company will not undertake to carry direct to their destination horses or other animals booked for carriage by any of the Company's *Mixed trains*, whether such horse or other animals are accompanied by their owners or any other persons or not; but horse-boxes may be attached to *Mixed trains* on the understanding that such vehicles must give way to passenger carriages, and that they are liable to be detached from *Mixed trains* at stations or junctions to be forwarded by a following train.

Insurance of Horses.—The Company will not be liable for a greater value than Rs. 500 for each horse, and if, at the time of booking, the value of a horse be declared greater than Rs. 500, the sender will be required to insure the horse by paying in addition to freight the insurance charged on the declared value in excess of Rs. 500, or to sign risk note, Form E. The rate for insurance is 2½ per cent. on declared value over Rs. 500.

18. *Carriages*.—The rate for each carriage, palanquin, or howdah, is annas 3 per mile, with a minimum of Rs. 2-8-0.

Horses and carriages must be at the stations one hour before the departure of the train by which they are intended to be despatched, and one day's previous notice should be given to admit of proper vehicles being provided. The Company do not undertake to forward them by any particular train, nor do they hold themselves responsible for any injury occurring in loading or unloading.

19. *Dogs*.—The charge for dogs valued at not more than Rs. 20 is 4 annas per 50 miles or part of 50 miles. If valued at more than Rs. 20, and so declared, the charge is annas 8

per 50 miles or part of 50 miles; but if the sender agree to relieve the Company of all liability for loss or injury, the lower rate will be charged. Each dog must be provided with a chain and muzzle, or the Company will not be responsible for its safe conveyance.

No passenger shall be allowed to take any dog into a passenger-carriage except with the consent of the Station-Master at the starting station, and also with the concurrence of fellow-passengers. Dogs so carried will be charged at double the dog rate for each animal.

The acceptance of a dog at the double rate for carriage with the owner is subject to the condition that the dog shall be removed if subsequently objected to, no refund being given.

20. *Calves, Sheep, Pigs, Goats, &c.*—As a rule these are carried by goods trains. Small consignments are carried by passenger trains, at owner's risk, at a charge of 8 annas for each animal for every 50 miles or part thereof.

Small animals, such as cats, mungoses, and guinea-pigs, will be charged at the dog rate, and each must be provided with a chain and collar.

Birds and small pet animals in baskets or cages will be charged at ordinary parcels rates.

Dead Wild Animals or Birds are carried by passenger trains only, and charged at ordinary parcels rates.

Poultry.—Consignments of poultry are also charged at the ordinary parcels rates.

21. *Treasure*, including specie, bullion, gold and silver coins, jewellery, trinkets, plate, &c., is carried at the following rates:—

Less than 5 maunds, 2 pies per maund per mile.

5 maunds and under 27 maunds, 2½ pies per maund per mile.

27 " " 54 " " 2½ " " "

54 " " 81 " " 2 " " "

81 " " 135 " " 1½ " " "

135 " " 270 " " 1½ " " "

270 " and upwards, 2 " " "

Consignments of treasure, weighing less than 5 maunds, whether accompanying a passenger, or sent separately, will be charged as luggage; but no free allowance will be made and the minimum charge is 8 annas.

For treasure weighing 1 ton and upwards, a separate wagon must be used. Quantities of less than 1 ton will be carried in the Brake Van, or in the owner's charge if he be prepared to pay for the number of seats occupied by such treasure in addition to the treasure rate.

All treasure is carried at the owner's risk, unless the contents of each package be declared and insured at the ordinary insurance rates, which over the S. M. Railways are:—

On consignments valued at, from 1 to 5,000 rupees, 1 per cent., with a minimum of 5 rupees.

On consignments above 5,000 rupees, 8 annas per cent., with a minimum of 50 rupees. These charges must be pre-paid, and are made in addition to the ordinary charges for conveyance.

Copper coins (by passenger train) 5 maunds and under, in owner's charge and at his risk, as luggage; but without free allowance.

Copper coins over 5 maunds, at 1 pie per maund per mile, subject to a minimum charge as for 10 maunds.

22. *Corpses.*—The rate for the conveyance of a corpse is eight annas per mile, subject to a minimum charge of 5 rupees. A corpse will not be conveyed by train unless it is in a properly secured air-tight coffin. Some responsible person who will be required to pay the ordinary fare for the class of carriage he occupies, must travel by the same train as the corpse, to take charge of, and remove it at destination. The conveyance of a corpse by any particular train cannot be guaranteed unless sufficient notice is given to enable the Company to provide a vehicle for its reception. A corpse tendered for conveyance by rail should be accompanied by a medical certificate that death did not result from any infectious disease.

23. *Sporting Ammunition.*—Sporting ammunition may be booked by passenger or mixed train at parcels rates, provided the following conditions are complied with, viz.:—

Not more than three (3) packages to be sent by any one train, each package of gunpowder not to exceed fifteen seers, and of cartridges (loaded) and percussion caps, twenty seers; restriction of weight does not apply to breech-loading cartridges.

Gunpowder sent in this way must be securely packed in tin canisters, with an outer case of wood or tin, so that it may be kept spark-proof; and a certificate must be given by the sender that these rules as to packing have been observed.

23. *Smoking.*—Any person who without the consent of his fellow-passengers, if any, in the same compartment, smokes in or upon any Railway carriage, except in a carriage or compartment specially provided for the purpose, shall be punished with fine which may extend to twenty rupees;

and any person who persists in so smoking (except as aforesaid) after being warned by any Railway servant to desist may, in addition to incurring the liability above-mentioned, be removed by any Railway servant from any such carriage and from the premises of the Railway and where he has paid his fare and obtained a ticket, shall forfeit such fare and ticket.

24. *Fees.*—The Company's servants are prohibited from receiving any gratuity under pain of dismissal.

BELLARY KISTNA STATE RAILWAY.

H. C. D. Latouche, Esq., Suptg. Engr., 2nd Class, Engineer-in-Chief.

LIST OF STATIONS.

Mileage.	Name of Stations.	Class.	
<i>Guntakul Division.</i>			
0	Guntakul Junction.....	III	Divisional Office.
7½	Muddikerra.....	III	
19½	Tuggali.....	III	Up to mile 34½ Guntakul Sub-Division.
27	Pendakul.....	III	
39½	Mullilah.....	III	
43	Dhone.....	III	
58	Mulkapore.....	III	Up to mile 59½
59	Rungpuram.....	III	
65½	Bataicherla.....	III	
77½	Watering Station.....	III	Up to mile 81
81½	Panem.....	III	
<i>Nandicanama Division.</i>			
90	Nandial.....	II	Divisional Office.
99	Gazulapili.....	III	
106½	Watering Station.....	III	
110½	Crossing Station.....	III	
<i>Markapur Division.</i>			
125½	Diggrametta.....	III	Sub-Divisional Office.
132½	Giddalore.....	III	Sub-Divisional Office.
141½	Palakavid.....	III	
153½	Cumbam.....	II	
161½	Tarlupad.....	III	
169½	Venkatapuram.....	III	Divisional Office.
178	Gazelecondah.....	II	
184½	Yerrapalliam.....	II	
192	Kuriched.....	II	
200	Gundlacama.....		
<i>Guntur Division.</i>			
208	Venukonda.....	III	Venukonda Sub-Division.
214½	Savalyapuram.....	III	Narasarapet up to mile 226.
222½	Magalur.....	III	
233	Narasarapet.....	III	
259½	Satalur.....	III	
247½	Phiranjipuram.....	III	Guntur Sub-Division.
260½	Guntur.....	II	Divisional Office.
267	Namboor.....	III	
273	Mangaligiri.....	III	
277	Kistna Terminus.....	...	Temporary.

CUDDAPAH-NELLORE STATE RAILWAY.

83 MILES UNDER CONSTRUCTION.

C. A. Bull, Esq., Engineer-in-Chief, Nellore.

Nellore Division.

A. L. Gerrard, Esq., Executive Engineer, Nellore.

C. S. Killick, Esq., Assistant Engineer, do.

H. Bristow, Esq., Sub-Engineer, Gudur.

Tirupati Division.

H. T. Gwyther, Esq., Executive Engineer, Renigunta.
STORE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. G. Heyne, Chief Storekeeper, Renigunta.

STATIONS.

Nellore.	Gudur.	Venkatagiri.	Kalahasti.	Renigunta.
Venkatachellum.	Vendode.	Reddipalli.	Yerapet.	Tirupati.

Will be opened for traffic in 1887.

MADRAS STATE RAILWAY SURVEYS.

Establishment on salaries of 80 Rs. and over.

Names.	Rank.	Salary per month.
<i>Engineer-in-Chief's Office.</i>		Rs.
T. H. LeMesurier, Esq.	Temporary Assistant Engineer	250
C. Vijiaranga Pillay	Do. Draftsman	120
A. Balakrishna Pillay	Draftsman	80

MADRAS TRADE ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.—Messrs. Faciolle & Co., Oakes & Co., P. Orr and Sons, Simpson & Co., Spencer & Co., W. E. Smith & Co., Vest & Co., Madras Stable Company, T. Owen, The Supt., Lawrence Asylum Press, Moses & Co.

Chairman, W. H. Oakes; Vice-Chairman, C. Seton; Solicitors, Messrs. Barclay and Morgan.

MADRAS TRADE LIST.

Architects, Builders, Contractors & Stone Masons.

Burr, F.	3, Pursewaukum High Road.
Goodsir, J. R.	Royapooram.
Ostheider and Co.	34, Mount Road.

Agent for Teas supplied by the Nilgiri Tea Agency, Ootacamund.

J. Davis Daisy Hall, Pursewalkam.

Auctioneers, Commission Agents and Salesmen, &c.

Addison and Co.	188, Mount Road.
Beaumont and Co.	7, 2nd Line Beach.
Burton and Co.	48, Armenian Street.
D'Roario, A. and Co.	1st Line Beach.
Faciolle and Co.	10, Broadway.
Franck and Co.	200, Mount Road.
Macartoom, E.	Esplanade Row.
Oakes and Co.	9, Broadway.

Bakers, Confectioners, &c.

D'Angelis, G. and Co.	179, Mount Road.
Jacob, M. and Co.	Broadway.
Laybourn and Co.	55, Poonamallee Road.

Billiard Table Makers.

Deschamps and Co. 18, Mount Road.

Book Binders, Visiting Card Printers, Monogram & Die Cutters.

Asylum Press (Lawrence)	166, Mount Road.
Addison and Co.	"Eastern Castlet," Mount Road.
Albinion Press	John Pereira.
Champion Press	24, Popham's Broadway.
Foster Press	Mount Road.
Higginbotham and Co.	165, Mount Road.
Reneaux and Co.	17, Stringer's Street, Black Town.
Scottish Press	150, Cutwal Bazaar Road.
Vest & Co.	5, 6, 7 and 8, Mount Road.

Booksellers and Stationers.

Asylum Press (Lawrence) Depository	1-167, Mount Road.
Addison and Co.	188, Mount Road.
Christian Knowledge Society's Depository	Church Street, Vepery.
D'Cruiz, L. C.	Soonkaramah Chetty Street, Black Town.
Hawken, J. D.	8, Broadway.
Higginbotham and Co.	{ Depot for Miscellaneous, Fancy Goods, &c., 1-164 and 165, Mount Road.
Vest and Co.	5, 6, 7 and 8, Mount Road.

Cabinet Makers.

Deschamps and Co.	13, Mount Road.
Oakes and Co.	Broadway.
Roberts and Co.	183, Mount Road.

Chemists and Druggists.

Allbutt and Co.	165, Broadway.
Barrie and Co.	2, Poonamallee Road, and 160 Mount Road.
Cripps, T. H., Madras Medical Hall	51, Poonamallee Road.
Cruickshanks and Secluna, Jr.	Popham's Broadway, Madras.
Cursetji, N. and Co.	Mount Road.
Duff and Co.	Mount Road.
Fisher and Co., (late DeBeaux)	Esplanade Row.
Holmes and Co.	163, Broadway.
Joseph T. A. S. and Co.	181, Mount Road.
LeFebour and Co.	160, Broadway.
Norton and Co.	Mount Road.
Reddy and Co.	Poonamallee Road.
Rodgers and Co.	Mount Road.
Scott, Mascarine and Co.	Broadway.
Smith, W. E. and Co.	Mount Road and Esplanade Row.
Smith, S.	162, Broadway.
Turnbull and Co.	8, Jeremiah's Road, Vepery.
West, G. J. and Co.	Royapettah.
West and Co.	Esplanade Row.

Civil and Military Tailors, Clothiers and Out-Fitters.

Garratt, Camille and Co.	20, Mount Road.
Lewis, Milner and Co.	10, Mount Road.
Moses and Co.	Mount Road.
Oakes and Co.	9, Broadway.
Smith and Andre	Mount Road.

Coach Builders.

Deschamps and Co.	13, Mount Road.
Luxa, S. and Co.	General Patter's Road.
Simpson and Co.	Napier Park Road.
Starr, W., Junior	Napier Park, Chintadrepettah.
Tod and Co.	31, Mount Road.

Commission Salesmen, Wine and Spirit Merchants, General Mess Purveyors, Warehousemen and Provisioners.

Cotter and Co.	3, Jeremiah's Road, Vepery.
Cutler, Palmer and Co.	65, 2nd Line Beach.
Davie and Co.	Jeremiah's Road, Vepery.
Gregory, J. A. and Co.	Francis Joseph Street, Black Town.
Griffiths & Co.	Umpherson St. Market Road, B.T.
McDowell and Co.	2nd Line Beach.
Meffre Neveu and Co. (Agent G. Kristnaswamy Aiyar)	Esplanade Row.
Oakes and Co.	9, Broadway.
Printz and Co.	2, Jeremiah's Road, Vepery.
Spencer and Co.	2, Mount Road.
Smith, J. A. and Co.	27, Broadway.
Vanderwart and Co.	26, do. & Davidson St. Black Town.
Watson, Richard and Co.	Poonamallee Road.

Dental Surgeons (Registered).

Clerk, S. W., M.O.S.G.B.	Spur Tank, Chetput.
Gould, H. J.	General Patter's Road.

Engineer and Contractor.

Massey and Co.	Basin.
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Exchange and Government Paper Broker.

Berry, J. Henry.	Armenian Street, Madras.
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Egmore Ladies' Workshop, Harris Road, Egmore.

Mrs. Janes	Superintendent.
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Freight, Stock and Produce Brokers & Custom House and Forwarding Agents, &c.

Barton, W. and Co.	1st Line Beach.
Bowden, F. M.	2nd Line Beach.
Beaumont & Co.	do.
Huson, Chas. Q.	9 & 10, 2nd Line Beach.
Murray and Co.	2nd Line Beach.
St. Leger, W. D.	13, Armenian Street, Bk. Town.
Winch, G. L.	2nd Line Beach.

Friend-in-Need Society's Women's Workshop, Mount Road.

Mrs. M. Simpson	Superintendent.
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General Agent.

Cole, James	Biden Home, Royapuram.
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Government Marine Surveyor.

Rowland, C. H.	Beach.
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Hotels, &c.

Albany (The)	153, Mount Road.
Capper House	South Beach.
Central Hotel	Rundall's Road.
Dent's Garden	Mount Road.
Elphinstone	do.
Elphinstone (Branch)	Comdr-in-Chief's Rd., Egmore
Esplanade	Broadway.
Interpational	36, Errabuloo Chetty Street, Black Town.
Lippert's	12, 1st Line Beach.
Union Hotel	1 & 10, Condy Chetty Street.
Royal	Mount Road.
Victoria	Royapettah.

Ice and General Goods Forwarding Agent.

Watson, Richard	Poonamallee Road.
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India Rubber Stamp Makers & Agents, &c.

Addison & Co.	Mount Road.
Chamberlain, Mr. C. E.	Mount Road.
Tamby, M. and Co.	Broadway.
Vest & Co.	5, 6, 7 & 8, Mount Road.

Indian Condiment Manufacturer.

Kennedy, Mrs. M.	Poonamallee Road.
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Industry Branch U. R. G. Servants' Association.

Cole, J.A.F., Secretary and Treasurer	Biden House, Royapuram.
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Jewellers, Silversmiths, Engravers, Seal and Die Cutters, Manufacturers of Military Appointments, Watch and Clock Repairers.

Addison & Co.	158 & 188, Mount Road.
Cundrabhan Lallah	2-167, Mount Road.
D'Alvez and Co.	15, Broadway.
Dunhill, E. S.	Broadway.
Hawes, W. and Co.	82, Mount Road.
Orr, P. and Sons	Mount Road.
Strange, Colin	18, Esplanade Row.

Licensed Dealers in Arms, Ammunition, &c.

Oakes and Co.	Broadway.
P. Orr and Sons	Mount Road.

Lithographers.

Barren, A. (also Photo-Engraver, Zincographer, Vernacular and English School Map Publisher, House and Land Surveyor and Valuer)	St. Thomé.
Paczensky and Son	Napier Park, Chintadrepettah.

Livery Stable-Keepers.

Attock, C.	19, Stringer's Street, Black Town.
Bonjour, E.	Singana Naick St., Black Town.
Fowler, Mrs. J.	General Patter's Road.
Hunt, Mrs. J.	Davidson Street, Black Town.
Luxa, S. and Co.	General Patter's Road.
Madras Stable Co. (Ld.)	76, Mount Road.
McKenzie, Mrs. M. A.	Wood's Road, Pudupakkam.
Spring and Co.	89, Wallajah Road, Triplicane.
Waller and Co.	17, Mount Road.

Madras Carrying Company and Nilgiri Transit Agency.

Brown and Co. (Mr. Stephenson, Agent)	Mount Road.
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Madras Ice Manufacturing Company, (Limited).

Johnston, Jas., Engr. and Agent	Poonamallee Road.
Watson, Richard, Sole Agent for sale of Ice	Poonamallee Road.

Milliners and Dress-Makers.

Angello, C., Mrs.	38, Broadway.
Aroonachellum Pillay, T.	406, Popham's Broadway.
Avief, Miss	Phillips' Street, Black Town.
Clinton, Miss	McLean Street, Black Town.
Fox, Mrs.	162, Mount Road.
Kelly, Mrs. R.	13, Soorkurama Street, Bk. Town.
Lewis, Milner and Co.	10, Mount Road.
Mascurine, Mrs.	158, Broadway.
Oakes and Co.	9, Broadway.
Preston, Mrs.	Armenian Street, Black Town.
Tennant, Mrs. H.	Hunter's Road, Vepery.
Vandriel, Miss	Phillips' Street, Black Town.

Music and Piano Sellers, Tuners and Repairers.

Croomb Brothers	Mount Road.
Cruickshanks, H. R.	2-156, Broadway.
Deschamps and Co.	13, Mount Road.
Misquith and Co.	3, Wallajah Road.
Perriman, J. D.	Barton Lodge, Vepery.

Oriental Telephone Co., (Ld.), Central Exchange.

Gallyot, A. D. (Supt.)	36, Errabauloo Chetty Street.
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Photographers.

Ahrle F.	2, Western Castlet Buildings, Mount Road.
Hands, Major	5, Police Commissioner's Road, Mount Road.
Hughes Brothers	Harris Road, Poodoopet.
Nelson (Travelling Photographers)	159, Broadway.
Newman, J. B.	199, Mount Road.
Nicholas and Co.	

Private Practitioner.

Secluna, H. A. (Consg. Rooms.)	Old Jail Street.
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Public Accountants.

Bazely, N.	7, Condy Chetty St., Black Town.
Straith, E. S. Traill	Rundall's Road.

Rattan Manufacturers.

Robinson & Co.	55, Poonamallee Road.
Watson, Richard and Co.	Poonamallee Road.

Reuter's Telegram Company, Limited.

Wallis, C. E. (Agent)	9, 2nd Line Beach
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Saddle, Harness, Boot and Shoe Makers.

Attock, C.	29, Stringer's Street.
Augustin, T.	30, Mount Road.
Bonjour, E.	Singana Naick St., Black Town.
Crizzle, J.	Broadway.
Deschamps and Co. (Saddle and Harness only)	13, Mount Road.
Haveng and Co.	168, Broadway.
Hussain, J.	Stringer's Street, and 8, Broadway.
Lawrence, A. and Co.	1-30, Mount Road.
Owen, T. (Saddle and Harness only)	199, Mount Road.
Peters, A. F.	Vepery High Road.
Passanha, G. D.	22, Mount Road.
Simpson and Co. (Saddle and Harness only)	Napier Park Road.

Tent Manufacturers.

Sinjith, J. A. & Co.	27, Broadway.
Watson, Richard and Co.	Poonamallee Road.

Undertakers and Sculptors.

Fenn, J.	132, Thousand Lights, Mount Road.
Leese, J. and Co.	Broadway.
Trotter and Co.	17, Vepery High Road.

Upholsterers and Carpet and Furniture Factories.

Oakes and Co.	Broadway.
Roberts and Co.	185, Mount Road.

NATIVE TRADESMEN.**Army Suppliers, &c., &c.**

Mooreogasa Moodeliar, W. T. and Co.	Poonamallee Road.
Narrasimmooleo Naidoo M. and Co.	No. 41, Kelly Street, Choolay.

Auctioneers and Shop-keepers.

Rox and Co.	Broadway.
King and Co.	4, 1st Line Beach.

Bakers and Confectioners.

Albidi Bakery	215, General Patter's Road.
Alpha Bread Making Company	Opposite Madras Club.
Cooposawmy Moodeliar A. and Co.	12, Pursawalkum; High Road.
Ellia Pillay, S.	General Patter's Road.
Mooreogasa Gramony, P.	1, Kassim Sahib Street, High Road, Royapet.
Oriental Bakery	187, Mount Road.
Ponnoosawmy Moodeliar, C.	185, Mount Road.
Printz & Co.	Jeremiah's Road, Vepery.
Ripon Bakery	General Patter's Road.
Ruthnum Moodelly, M.	Mount Road.
Vencatachellum, P.	St. Thomé.

Bankers and Diamond Merchant.

Augur Chund, Soucar (Bankers only)	211, Mint Street, Madras.
Chundrabhan Lallah	246, Mint Street, Black Town.
Mann Mull Lallah, (Bankers only)	Mint Street, Madras.

Book-Binder and Visiting Card Printer.

Kistnaswamy Naidoo	Blacker's Lane, Mount Road.
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Booksellers, &c.

Aiyadorai Aiyangar, A. and Co.	190, Esplanade Row.
Kallasam Brothers, P. (General Merchants)	Broadway.
Kalyanaram Iyar, V.	Esplanade Row.
Masilamoney Moodaliar, C.	24, Broadway.
Moonceappah, B. and Co.	169, Mount Road.
Rajagopal, V. and Co.	17, Errabauloo Chetty Street.
Saravana Mudeliar, P.	Cutwal Bazaar Road, Opposite General Market.

Boot, Shoe, Saddle and Harness Makers.

Chinniah Chetty, C. and Co	23, General Patter's Road.
Govindarajulu Mudali R. & Co., (Saddle & Harness only)	General Patter's Road.
Vencataroyloo, S.	149, Mount Road.
Vencatasawmy, S. and Son	141, Mount Road.
Veeraswamy, G. and Son	Wallajah Road, Triplicane.

Carpet Merchants and Horse-keepers' Cloths, &c.

Ramuppah, B. K.	20, Opposite Madras Club.
Rungaswamy Pillay	Opposite Madras Club.

Cashmere Merchant, Shawls, Fulkaries, Stones, Steels, Goldworks and different kinds.

Nizamoddeen and Brothers	Westcott Road, East, Padupaukam.
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Chemists and Druggists.

Shunmoozum Chetty and Co.	Ordinance Lines.
Somoo and Co.	Old Tannah Street, Royapuram.

Civil and Military Tailors, &c.

Calli and Co.	Broadway.
Meeran Saib, P. and Co.	Broadway.
Moiden Saib, S. and Co.	178 and 179, Broadway.
Rasook Saib and Co.	5, Broadway.
Rungiah Chetty, E.	Esplanade Row.
Shaik Madar and Son	165, Broadway.
Sultan Moodeen	Vepery High Road.

Commission Agents, Produce Brokers, Suppliers and Contractors.

Am and Co.	Erraballu Chetty's Street, Black Town.
Coopiah Chetty, V. and Son	3, Bhadrappa St., Black Town.
Chey and Co., G.	154 and 155, Popham's Broadway.
Jaravana Moodelliar, P.	Opposite General Market.

Copper Plate Engravers, Seal and Die Cutters, &c.

Theruvangadam, A. and Co.	General Patter's Road.
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Coach-Builders.

Arungachela Aachary	23, General Patter's Road.
Arvindoo Moodelliar, C.T.	20, Rundall's Road, Vepery.
Arththoe Hobssain and Co.	12 and 24, General Patter's Road.
Aroraagapah Achary, C.	General Patter's Road.
Ararainsawmy, S. P. and Co.	16, General Patter's Road.
Arnonbosawmy Moodelly, T. and Co.	General Patter's Road.
Arannaick and Co.	14, Broadway.
Arunga Pillay and Co.	1, Poonamallee Road.
Arabapathy Moodelly, P.	General Patter's Road.
Aroraachary, C.	General Patter's Road.
Arayed Asdoolah	General Patter's Road.
Ararasawmy Naick, C.	21, General Patter's Road.
Araloo Moodelly, C.	Poonamallee Road.
Arjagaravalloo Naidoo, C. & Co.	10, General Patter's Road.

Country and Foreign Provision Depots.

Arhendrabhan Laloh, Merchant	Vepery High Road.
Arungiah Chetty, C. and Co.	Poonamallee Road.

Crockery, Cutlery, Glass and Plated-ware, &c.

Armothiah Pillay, C. P. and Co.	23, Mount Road.
Arencatachellum, P.	1, 2 and 3 Popham's Broadway.

Dealers in Gentlemen's and Ladies' Dress Stuffs, &c.

Ar. Parthasarathy Naidoo and Co.	270, Davaraja Mudaly Street.
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Forwarding and Carrying Agents.

Arungiah Gownden and Co.	18, Mount Road.
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Furniture Rooms.

Arappacooty Pillay, S. and Co.	Wallajah Road.
Armothiah Pillay, C. P. and Co.	23, Mount Road.
Aradar Husain	Wallajah Road.
Arungasawmy	Mount Road.
Arungasawmy Moodelliar, P. & Son	Black Town.
Arroberts and Co.	185, Mount Road.
Arsample Room	Mount Road.

General Dealers and Commission Agents.

Ar. Coopiah Chetty & Sons	3 & 60, Badriah Street, Black Town
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General Shop-Keepers.

Ar. Alwar Chetty, S. and Co.	168, Broadway.
Ar. Coolappa Chetty, C.	Muktal Road, Poorasavaukam.
Ar. David T. and Co., (Cigar Emporium)	186, Broadway.
Ar. Ebram Peer Mahomed (Bombay Merchant)	Broadway.
Ar. Gopal Kistnamah Chetty and Co.	173, Broadway.
Ar. Jeeyer, G. and Co.	154 and 155 Broadway.
Ar. Mootosawmy Pillay and Co.	162, Broadway.
Ar. Meeran Salih, P. (Pith Hatter)	Broadway.
Ar. Numbaroomah Chetty, P. and Co.	Erraballu Chetty St., Black Town
Ar. Nammiah Chetty and Son	Esplanade Row.
Ar. Parthasarathy Naidoo, M. and Co.	High Road, Poorasavaukam.
Ar. Poonosawmy Moodelly, C. and Co.	185, Mount Road.
Ar. Ragavaloo Chetty, C. and Co.	4, Broadway.
Ar. Ramanjani Chetty, N. V. and Co.	12, Broadway.
Ar. Ramasawmy Chetty, G. and Co.	Esplanade Row.
Ar. Rose and Co.	Blacker's Lane, Mount Road.
Ar. Runganatham, R. and Co.	20, Mount Road.
Ar. Rungiah Naidu, A. V.	162, Broadway.
Ar. Singer Manufacturing Company.	Broadway.
Ar. Shumshooddeen Saib.	11, Broadway.
Ar. Vencatachellum, P.	1, 2 and 3, Broadway.

Government Auctioneer.

P. Sa	Madras.
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Indian Condiment Manufacturers.

Rajali Venca	14, Opposite Madras Club.
	1, 2 & 3, Broadway.

Chinese and Japanese Works and Curiosities, &c.

Ar. Achim Ademally, (Bombay Merchant)	Mount Road.
Ar. Aramjee Pestonjee	5, Mount Road.
Ar. Hussam, J.	8, Broadway.
Ar. Haveng & Co.	168, Broadway.
Ar. Khiyamiliya Saib, (Delhi Merchant)	10, Opposite Madras Club.
Ar. Rungeelall & Co., (Delhi Merchant)	21, Mount Road.
Ar. Tescloss Bagh Chund, (Delhi Merchant)	8, Opposite Madras Club.

Ink Manufacturers.

Arayan and Co.	Arudiappa Naick Street, Black Town.
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Ladies' Embroidery and Fanny Needle-work Depots.

Ar. Abram Khan	Mount Road.
Ar. Daday Khan	General Patter's Road.

Licensed Dealers in Arms, Ammunition, &c.

Ar. Parthasarathy Chetty P. and Co.	4, Broadway.
Ar. Sashachella Chetty and Son	9, China Bazaar, Esplanade Row.

Livery Stables, &c.

Ar. Budda Saib	Wood's Road, Poodoopankum.
Ar. Mahtoe Hoossain and Co.	General Patter's Road.
Ar. Syed Esack	193, Mount Road.
Ar. Syed Emam and Co.	Mount Road.

Milliners and Dress-makers.

Ar. Aroonachellum, T. & Co.	Broadway.
Ar. Aroonachellum Pillay, T.	406, do.
Ar. Calli & Co.	Broadway.
Ar. Fox and Co.	do.
Ar. Haroon Sait and Co.	182, do.
Ar. Runganatham and Co.	20, Mount Road.

Paint Merchants and Commission Agents.

Ar. Rungamannaro Chetty, T. and Co.	No. 40, Vencatachella Moodelly St., Black Town.
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Photographers.

Ar. Calastry Brothers	Malay Permaul St., Black Town.
Ar. Chinnasawmy Naidu, G. C. & Co.	10, Opposite Madras Club.
Ar. Maselamoney Brothers	Broadway.
Ar. Soondrum Brothers, V.	10, Stringer's Street.

Ship Provisioner and General Dealer.

Ar. Vencatachellum, P.	1, 2 and 3, Broadway.
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Taxidermist.

Ar. Samuel, A. A.	142, Mount Road.
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Type Founders, Printing Material Manufacturers, and Sole Agents to Messrs. V. and J. Figgins of London;
Sole Agents also to Messrs. James Spicer and Sons of London, Paper Manufacturers and Stationers.

Ar. Arcolanandum and Sons	Tecroovengada Naick Street, Poodoopettah.
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Watch and Clock Repairers and Jewellers, &c.

Arhirianathaputhier	Poonamallee Road.
Aroonachella Moodelley, T.	165, Broadway.
Baboo Row	4, Broadway.
Chandrabhan Lallah	Mount Road.
Dorasawmy and Co., C.	Broadway.
Goolam Rasool Khan Saib, (Military Pensioner)	Opposite Ord. Line, Broadway.
Sarungapawny Moodelley, P. M.	181, Broadway.
Sarvuthaman and Co.	Mount Road.
Veerabndra Auchary	Vepery High Road.

Wholesale & Retail Sellers of Patent Medicines & Drugs, &c.

Hunsoroy Roychund & Co.	123, Broadway.
Fisher & Co., W.	Vepery.

Wholesale and Retail Sellers of Wine, Beer and Spirits, &c.

Aroonachellum Chetty and Co.	Vepery High Road.
Arunaherry Chetty and Co.	Mount Road.
Gooroonatha Chetty and Co.	Pycroft's Road, Triplicane.
Moothiah Pillay, C. P. and Co.	Mount Road.
Reddy and Co.	Poonamallee Road.
Reardon & Co.	187, Mount Road and Vepery.
Valautha Naicker and Co.	5-30, Mount Road.
Venecatchellum, P.	1, Broadway.

PUBLICATIONS.**Weekly.****Publishers, &c.**

Chamber of Commerce, Price Current.	J. J. Craen.
Dravida Vurthamane (Bi-Weekly)	Manager, Dravida Vurthamane.
Eastern Guardian.	The Association.
Fort St. George (Official), Tuesday evenings	R. Hill.
Madras Advertiser	Wetherall and Batty.
Madras Law Times	C. Masilamoney Mudelliar, Publisher and Proprietor.
Overland Mail	J. J. Craen.
Overland Times	W. S. Hudson.
The People's Friend	D. Narasiah.

Monthly.

Army List (by authority)	G. W. Taylor.
Civil List (by authority)	do.
Church Missionary Record	do.
Christian College Magazine	do.
Indian Jurist	Vest and Co.
Journal of Education	Addison & Co.
Progress	Religions Tract Society.
Railway Guide	G. W. Taylor.
Theosophist	H. S. Olcott.

Quarterly.

Army List	(by authority)	G. W. Taylor.
Civil List		
Medical List		
Veterinary Journal		do.

Annually.

Asylum Press Almanac	G. W. Taylor.
Pocket Almanac	do.
Sheet Almanac	do.
Foster's Madras Pocket Almanac	Foster and Co.
South Indian Almanac	do.
Sheet Almanac	do.
History of Services of Gazetted Officers (by authority)	G. W. Taylor.
Madras Standard Pocket Almanac	J. L. Pereyra.
Sheet Almanac	do.
University Calendar	Addison & Co.
Vest and Co.'s Almanac	Vest and Co.
Pocket Almanac	do.
Sheet Calendar	do.

NEWSPAPERS.

Madras Times—Daily, Sundays excepted	W. A. Rodgers.
Tri-weekly—Monday, Wednesday & Friday mornings.	
Madras Mail—Daily (Evening)	J. J. Craen.
Tri-weekly and Weekly Editions	
Muslim Herald—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	The Muslim Press.
Standard—Monday, Wednesday and Friday mornings	J. L. Pereyra.
The Hindu—Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday	The National Press.

ENGLISH PRINTING PRESSES.

Asylum (Lawrence)	166, Mount Road.	Law Press	Lingi Chetty Street.
Addison & Co.	Eastern Castlet, Mount Road.	Madras Excelsior	161, Broadway.
Albithion	John Perciras.	Madras Mail	6, North Beach Road.
Asiatic	Errabaluoo Chetty Street.	Madras Times	161, Popham's Broadway.
A. L. V.	Broadway.	Memorial Press	Thambu Chetty St.
Christian Knowledge Society	Church St. Vepery.	Muslim Press	85, Wallajah Road.
Dravida Vurthamane	No. 79, Munnady.	National Press and Hindu Office	Wallajah Road.
Eastern Guardian	No. 1, Mint Street, Black Town.	Oriental Press	27, Popham's Broadway.
Empress of India	Broadway.	Patriot	4, McLean Street, Black Town.
Examiner	McLean Street, Black Town.	Price Current	4, Phillips' Street.
Foster	Mount Road.	Scottish	150, Cutwal Bazaar Road, Opposite General Market.
Guardian	Blacker's Lane, Mount Road.	The Champion	24, Broadway.
Higginbotham and Co.	165, Mount Road.	The Minerva	159, Broadway.
Imperial	Broadway.	Vest and Co.	5, 6, 7 & 8, Mount Rd.
Irish	Broadway.	Viceroy	27, Broadway.

TABLE OF COINS, WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.**(INDIAN)****MONEY.**

Silver in the legally constituted medium of exchange in all money transactions throughout the British Indian possessions. Gold Coin was intended to be a legal tender at a fixed value of 16 rupees for the Gold Mohur of Calcutta and 15 rupees for the Gold Rupee of Madras and Bombay; but it is not demandable in payment and is left to find its current value in the market. In 1841 officers in charge of public treasuries were authorized to receive gold coins struck in conformity with the provisions of Act XVII of 1835, establishing the 15 rupee pieces, but in 1852 when the gold from California and Australia began to pour their treasures over the globe and in apprehension that India would be inundated with gold, the proclamation of 1841 was rescinded and gold debarred from entrance into any of the treasuries. Since then the sovereign has been made a legal tender for 10 rupees.

1½ Pies = 1 Pice.....	=	0 0 0 ¹ / ₁₆
3 Pies = 1 Paisa or ¼ Anna	=	0 0 0 ¹ / ₈
12 Pies = 1 Anna	=	0 0 1 ¹ / ₂
16 Annas = 1 Rupee	=	0 2 0
15 Rupees = 1 Gold Rupee	=	1 10 0
16 Rupees = 1 Gold Mohur	=	1 12 0
1,00,000 Rupees = Madras (old) 1 Lakh	=	10,000 0 0

In Madras, accounts were formerly kept in Star Pagodas, fanams and cash, and are still used in some parts of the Presidency.

80 Cash = 1 Fanam.

42 Fanams = 1 Star Pagoda.

The Pagoda was of gold 19½ carats fine and intrinsically worth 7s. 5½d.

INDIAN WEIGHTS AND MEASURES USED IN TAMIL COUNTRIES.

32 Red seeds.....	= 1 Pagoda Weight.
	= 52½ Grs. Troy.
10 Pagoda Weight.....	= 1 Pollum or 3 Tolas = 1½ oz.
	= 1 Avordupois, or 3 Rs. weight.
8 Pollums.....	= 1 Kucha seer.
24 "	= 1 Pucka seer.
40 "	= 1 Viss = 3 lbs. 2 oz.
50 "	= 1 Thook.
8 Viss.....	= 1 Maund = 25 lbs.
20 Maunds.....	= 1 Barum or Candy 500 lbs.

MEASURE OF CAPACITY (MADURA.)

8 Ollocks or 4 Hollucks.....	= 1 Measure=100 c. in.
8 Measures.....	= 1 Mercal =800 c. in.
5 Marcals.....	= 1 Parrali of Chunam=4,000 c. in.
400 „.....	= 1 Garce or 3,20,000 c. in.

When grain is sold by weight, 2,256½ lbs. = 18 Candy. 12½ Mds. are allowed to a garce Milk, Ghee, Oil, &c., are sold by the grain measure, containing 8 Ollocks. 20 Ollocks=1 Gallon.

SALT MEASURE.

80 Totas.....	= 1 Seer
40 Seers.....	= 1 Indian Maund.
35 Seers.....	= 72 lbs. Avoirdupois.

SQUARE MEASURE (MADRAS).

144 Inches.....	= 1 Square foot.
2,400 Square feet.....	= 1 Mannie or ground.
24 Mannies.....	= 1 Cawnie or 57,600 Sq. feet.
484 Cawnies.....	= 1 Square-mile.

In some Districts the Cawnie is divided into annas or sixteenths, each anna being 3,600 square feet or a square of 60 feet each way. A Kole or Rod = 24 feet. A Goolee or square Kole (also called Coollee or Goontel) = 576 square feet. 100 Gooolies make a Cawnie.

The Indian Cawnie is in proportion to the English acre as 160 to 121.

CLOTH MEASURE (MADRAS)

4 Ungalams or Thumbs.....	= 1 Hand.
3 Hands.....	= 1 Span.
2 Spans.....	= 1 Coud or Cubit.
2 Cubits.....	= 1 Yard.
2 Yards.....	= 1 Thundum, or fathom.
2,200 Thundums.....	= 1 Coss (2½ miles.)
4 Coss.....	= 1 Kadum (10 miles.)

(ENGLISH)

MONEY.

	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
1 Farthing.....	= (¼) = 0 0 2	2s. 6d.....	= 1 Half crown = 1 4 0
4 Farthings.....	= 1 Penny (d) = 0 0 8	5 Shillings.....	= 1 Crown = 2 8 0
4 Pence.....	= 1 Groat = 0 2 8	10 Shillings.....	= 1 Half sov. = 5 0 0
6 Pence.....	= 1 Tester = 0 4 0	20s. or 10 Florins..	= 1 Pound (£)
12 Pence.....	= 1 Shilling (s) = 0 8 0		or Sovereign = 10 0 0
2 Shillings.....	= 1 Florin (fl) = 1 0 0	21 Shillings.....	= 1 Guinea = 10 8 0

The English Sovereign weighs 123½ or 123.274 grains Troy with a legal 'remedy' 0.256 grains and consists of 22 parts of gold and 2 of copper.

For Gold, Silver, Jewellery and in Philosophical Experiments.

24 grains.....	= 1 pennyweight.
20 pennyweight.....	= 1 ounce.
12 ounces or 3,760 grains....	= 1 pound.
1 gold carat.....	= 240 grains Troy = 16 Masha.
16 parts.....	= 1 diamond or pearl grain = ¼ grains Troy.
diamond carat.....	= 4 diamond grains = 3½ „ „

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

The origin of all *Weights and Measures* in England was derived from a grain of wheat; 32 of them, well dried and gathered from the middle of the ear, were to make one pennyweight; 20 dwts. 1 ounce; and 20 oz. 1 pound. It was subsequently thought better to divide the pennyweight into 24 equal parts, called *grains*.

William the Conqueror introduced into England what was called Troy Weight, from Troyes, a town in the province of Champagne, in France, now in the department of Aube, where a celebrated fair was held. The English were dissatisfied with this weight, because the pound did not weigh so much as the pound in use at that time in England. Hence arose the terms *avoir du poids*, which was a medium between the French and the ancient English weights.

Avoirdupois Weight was first made legal in the reign of Henry VII, and its particular use was to weigh provisions and coarse heavy articles. Henry fixed the stone at 14 lbs., which has been confirmed by a recent Act of Parliament.

With respect to Measures of Length, it is recorded that the various denominations were constructed from a *corn of barley*, 3 of which, well dried from the middle of the ear, made an inch. Other terms were taken from portions of the human body—such as the *digit* (¼ of an inch, or a finger's breadth), a *palm* (3 inches), a *hand* (4 inches), a *span* (9 inches), a *foot* (12 inches), and a *cubit* (18 inches), being the length of the arm or bone from the elbow to the wrist. A *pace* (5-feet), or two ordinary steps; a *fathom* (6 feet), from the extremity of one hand to that of the other, the arms oppositely extended. It is stated that Henry I, in 1101, commanded that the *ulna*, or ancient ell, which answers to the modern yard, should be made the length of his arm; and that the other measures of length were thence derived, whether *lineal*, *superficial* or *solid*.

The *restored standard* of Lineal Measure, whose length is called a yard, is a solid square bar 38 inches long, and one inch square in transverse section, the bar being of bronze or gun-metal, at the temperature of 62° of Fahrenheit's thermometer, marked copper 16 oz., 5in 2½ oz., zinc 1 oz.; and near to each end a cylindrical hole is sunk to the depth of half an inch; the distance between the centres of the two holes being 3 feet or 36 inches, or 1 *imperial standard yard*. The standard *square* and *cubic* measures will therefore depend entirely upon it.

All Measures of Capacity were first taken from Troy Weight, and several laws were passed in the reign of Henry III, enacting that 8 lb. Troy of wheat, taken from the middle of the ear and well dried, should make 1 gallon of Wine Measure, and 8 such gallons make a bushel.

The carat is divided into grains, and the grains into quarters, thus:—

The Carat.—Troy.

	lb.	dwt.		dwt.	gr.
24 carats make.....	1	0	1 grain or ¼ carat make.....	2	10
2 carats „.....	0	20	1 quar. of a grain „.....	0	15
1 carat „.....	0	10			

The carat for weighing diamonds is 3¼ grains Troy.

TROY WEIGHT.

24 grains.....	make 1 pennyweight (dwt.)	12 ounces make 1 pound (lb.)
20 pennyweights „.....	= 1 ounce (oz.)	

By this weight gold, silver, jewels, and precious stones are weighed. It is also used in ascertaining the strength of spirituous liquors, and in experiments in natural philosophy, though the weights for this latter purpose are generally constructed in decimals from 10,000 grains to the one-hundredth part of a grain; it is used to compare the different weights with each other. The weighing of diamonds is an exception in jewellery; they are weighed by the carat, which is 3¼ grains.

• 14 oz., 1 dwt., 16 grs. Troy, are equal to a pound Avoirdupois; or a pound Troy bears nearly the same proportion to a pound avoirdupois as 14 to 17 or 5,760 grains are a Troy pound, and 7,000 such grains are a pound Avoirdupois. This standard was adopted as being the weight of a cubical inch of distilled water, which was found to weigh by Fahrenheit's thermometer (the barometer being at thirty-six inches), 252 grains, 453 thousandth part of a grain.

AVOIRDUPOIS WEIGHT.

16 drachms.....	make 1 ounce (oz.)	28 pounds.....	make 1 quarter (qr.)
16 ounces.....	= 1 pound (lb.)	4 qrs. or 112 lb. „.....	= 1 hundred wt. (cwt.)
14 pounds.....	= 1 stone (st.)	20 cwt. „.....	= 1 ton (ton).

By this weight are weighed all articles sold by weight, excepting gold, silver, platinum, diamonds, and other precious stones, and drugs when sold by retail.

The sign *lb.* (*libra*, a pound) should never have an *s* after it, the plural being *librae*.

MISCELLANEOUS TABLE OF LIQUID MEASURES.

1 hogshead of Claret.....	makes 46 galls.	1 hhd. of Marsala Bronte.....	make 93 galls.
1 pipe of Sherry.....	108 „	1 puich. of Scotch Whisky „	112 to 120 „
1 pipe of Port.....	115 „	1 puncheon of Brandy.....	100 to 110 „
1 pipe of Madeira.....	92 „	1 hogshead of Brandy.....	45 to 60 „
1 pipe of Tancrille.....	100 „	Quarter cask of Brandy.....	20 to 25 „
1 pipe of Lisbon.....	117 „	1 pipe of Cider.....	100 to 118 „
1 pipe of Malaga.....	105 „	1 piece of Geneva, about.....	116 „
1 hogshead of Hock, Rhine and Moselle.....	30 „	1 puncheon of Rum.....	90 to 100 „
1 hogshead of Cape.....	92 „	1 hogshead of Rum.....	45 to 50 „
1 hogshead of Tent.....	52 „	A ton of Wine.....	252 „
		A pipe or butt.....	126 „

LONG MEASURE.

3 barleycorns.....	make 1 inch (in.)	5½ yards, or 11
3 inches	" 1 palm (pm.)	half yards
4 inches	" 1 hand (hd.)	or 16½ feet
9 inches	" 1 span (sp.)	make 1 rod, pole or perch
12 inches	" 1 foot (ft.)	4 poles, or 100 links
3 feet	" 1 yard (yd.)	40 poles, or 10 chains,
1½ foot	" 1 cubit (cub.)	or 220 yards.....
2½ feet	" 1 Milly pace m.pa.	8 furl. or 80 chains,
5 feet	" 1 pace (pa.)	or 1,760 yards..
6 feet or 2 yards....	" 1 fathom (fa.)	3 miles.....
120 fathoms.....	" 1 cable's length.	60 Geographical
		miles, or 69½
		Statute miles... ..
		1 degree (deg.)

A line is the 12th part of an inch.

The Scotch and Irish miles are about 1½ English.

The hand is rarely used except in the measurement of horses; and the fathom in sounding the depth of the ocean, or of mines. The navy long-line is 48 feet long.

SQUARE OR LAND MEASURE.

44 inches	make	square foot (sq. ft.)
9 feet	"	1 sq. yard (sq. yd.)
100 feet	"	1 sq. of flooring (sq. fl.)
272½ feet	"	1 rod of brickwork (r. b. w.)
30½ yards	"	1 pole, rod, or perch (p.)
16 poles	"	1 chain (ch.)
40 poles, or 1,210 square yards.....	"	1 rood (r.)
4 roods, or 10 chs., or 160 poles, or 4,840 yds..	"	1 acre (a.)
640 acres.....	"	1 mile (m.)

N.B.—The square of a number is obtained by multiplying the number by itself as $12 \times 12 = 144$, the square of 12.

By this measure all things that have length and breadth are measured.

Land is measured by *Gunter's Chain*, which is as follows:—

Length.		qu. arc.
7-92 inches.....	make 1 link.	62-726 sq. inches.....
12 inches, or 1-515 links.....	" 1 foot.	2-295 sq. links.....
36 inches, or 4-545 links.....	" 1 yard.	22-661 sq. links.....
198 inches, or 25 links.....	" 1 pole.	625 sq. links.....
66 feet, 100 links.....	" 1 chain.	10,000 sq. links.....
10 chains.....	" 1 furlg.	25,000 sq. links.....
80 chains.....	" 1 mile.	100,000 sq. links.....

CUBIC OR SOLID MEASURE.

1,728 inches.....	make 1 solid foot.
27 feet.....	" 1 solid yard.
40 feet of rough, or 50 feet of hewn timber.....	" 1 ton or load.
42 feet.....	" 1 ton of shipping.
¼ yard of earth.....	" 1 load.

The dimensions of timber, stones, excavations, and all works which have length, breadth and thickness, are taken by lineal measure; but the contents are calculated by cubic measure.

A Cube is a solid body, and contains length, breadth and thickness. A cubic number is produced by multiplying the simple number twice into itself; thus 343 is a cubic number, being produced by multiplying the number 7 twice into itself; as $7 \times 7 \times 7 = 343$.

ARTIFICERS' TABLES AND CALCULATIONS.

TIMBER.

40 cubic feet of unhewn timber.	1 load.	240 superficial feet, 2½ inch planks or deals.
50 do. of squared timber.		200 do. 3 inch ditto.
600 superficial feet, 1 inch planks or deals.		170 do. 3½ inch ditto.
400 do. 1½ inch ditto.		150 do. 4 inch ditto.
800 do. 2 inch ditto.		

20 deals 12 feet long, 3 inches thick, 9 inches wide, 5½ loads.

1 ditto contains 2 feet, inches cubic.

A batten is from 2 to 8 inches broad, and from ½ to 1½ inch thick.

A deal is above 7 inches wide.

A plank is 11 inches wide, or above.

120 deals are 1 hundred.

TO MEASURE PIPES, TANKS, &c.

The following is a rough-and-ready way to find the contents of circular tanks, wells and pipes:—

Square the diameter in inches, and cut off the right-hand figure as a decimal, and the result will be gallons in each 3 feet (yard) of depth,—or length, if a pipe; as,—

PIPES.			
Diameter Inches.	Inches.	Square	Gallons in 3 feet.
2.....	2 × 2 =	4 or	0-4
6.....	6 × 6 =	36 or	3-6
12.....	12 × 12 =	144 or	14-4
WELL OR TANK.			
36.....	36 × 36 =	1,296 or	120-6
100.....	100 × 100 =	10,000 or	1,000-0

TO FIND THE CONTENTS OF A BARREL.

If the diameter is equal everywhere—Multiply the square of the diameter in inches by the depth, and divide the product by 359. Thus a barrel with the diameter of 36 inches, and 50 inches deep; $36 \times 36 \times 50 = 64,800 - 359 = 180½$ old measure = 193½ Imperial gallons. If the centre or bung diameter is larger than the ends—First square the centre diameter in inches; and then multiply it by 2, to which add the square of the diameter of the end; then multiply this by the length of the cask and divide by 1,077. Thus a barrel with a centre diameter of 28 inches, end 25 inches and length 36 inches: $28 \times 28 \times 2 = 1,568 + 625 (25 \times 25) = 2,193 \times 36 = 78,918 \div 1,077 = 73$ old measure = 74½ Imperial gallons.

TO MEASURE TIMBER.

In order to ascertain the contents of unsquared timber, multiply the square of the quarter girth, or of ¼ of the mean circumference, by the length. When the buyer is not allowed his choice of girth in taper trees, he may take the mean dimensions, either by girthing it in the middle for the mean girth, or by girthing it at the two ends, and taking half their sum. If not, girth the tree in so many places as is thought necessary, then the sum of the several girths divided by their number, will give a mean circumference, the fourth part of which being squared, and multiplied by the length, will give the solid contents.

The superficial feet in a board or plank is known by multiplying the length by the breadth. If the board be tapering, add the breadth of the two ends together, and take half their sum for the mean breadth, with which multiply the length.

The solid contents of squared timber are found by measuring the mean breadth by the mean thickness, and the product again by the length. Or multiply the square of what is called the quarter girth, in inches by the length in feet, and divide by 144, and you have the contents in feet.

APOTHECARIES WEIGHT.

20 grains (gr.) make 1 scruple =	20 gr. Troy, sign ∅
3 scruples " 1 drachm =	60 " " ∫
8 drachms " 1 ounce =	480 " " ℥
12 ounces " 1 pound =	5,760 " " lb.

Apothecaries compound their medicine by these weights, but buy and sell by Avoirdupois.

The pound, ounce, and grain, are the same as in Troy weight.

APOTHECARIES FLUID MEASURE

60 minims (℥) make 1 drachm, ∫	16 ounces make 1 wine pint, O.
8 drachms " 1 ounce, ∫	8 pints " 1 gallon, gal.

MEDICAL PROPORTIONATE DOSES.

If a dose be a single drachm for a person of 21 years of age, the proportionate dose according to the age will be:—

Under 1 year ½ or 5 grs.	Under 14 years ¼ or 30 grs.
2 years ⅓ " 7½ grs.	20 " ⅓ " 40 grs.
3 " ⅔ " 10 grs.	Above 21 " 1½ " 70 grs.
4 " 1 " 15 grs.	65 the inverse ratio.
7 " 1½ " 20 grs.	

Women require smaller doses than men.

As a familiar guide to the house-nurse in giving medicine to a patient, the following will be found useful.

8 ounces.....	make a tumblerful.	1 ounce.....	make an eggcupful.
4 to 5 ounces...	" a teacupful.	4 drachms....	" a tablespoonful.
2 " " "	" a wineglassful.	1 drachm.....	" a teaspoonful.

DRY MEASURE.

4 gills.....	make 1 pint (pt.)	2 bushels.....	make 1 strike (str.)
2 pints.....	" 1 quart (qt.)	4 bushels.....	" 4 coomb (cb.)
2 qts. or 4 pints..	" 1 pottle (pot.)	8 bushels.....	" 1 quarter (qr.)
2 pottles, or 8	" 1 gallon (gall.)	32 bush. or 4 qrs..	" 1 chaldron (chal.)
pints, or 4 quarts.	" 1 peck (pk.)	40 " 5 " "	" 1 weight or horse
2 gallons.....	" 1 bushel (bush.)	80 " 2 weights	" 1 last
4 pecks.....	" 1 bushel (bush.)	1 last of meal.....	" 12 barrels

WINE AND SPIRIT MEASURE.

4 gills.....	make 1 pint (pt.)	2 hogsheads, or	
2 pints.....	" 1 quart (qt.)	126 gallons.....	make 1 pipe or butt (pipe).
4 quarts.....	" 1 gallon (gall.)	4 hogsheads, or	
63 gallons.....	" 1 hogshead (hhd.)	252 gallons....	" 1 tun (tun.)
84 gallons.....	" 1 puncheon (pun.)		

In London the gill is called a quatern; in the North and West of England, a noggin and a half-pint is termed a gill.

ALE, BEER AND PORTER MEASURE.

4 gills.....	make 1 pint (pt.)	2 kilderkins, or 36	
2 pints.....	" 1 quart (qt.)	gallons.....	make 1 barrel (bar.)
4 quarts.....	" 1 gallon (gall.)	3 kilderkins, or 54	
9 gallons.....	" 1 firkin (fir.)	gallons.....	" 1 hogshead (hhd.)
2 firkins or 18 gal-		2 hogsheads, or	
lons.....	" 1 kilderkin (kild.)	108 gallons....	" 1 butt (butt).

CLOTH MEASURE.

2½ inches.....	= 1 nail.....	= 2½ inches.
4 nails.....	= 1 quarter.....	= 9 "
4 quarters.....	= 1 yard.....	= 3 feet.
5 quarters.....	= 1 ell (English).....	= 3½ "
3 quarters.....	= 1 Flemish ell.....	= 2½ "
6 quarters.....	= 1 French ell.....	= 4½ "
37 inches.....	= 1 Scotch ell.....	= 3½ "

SOLID OR CUBIC MEASURE.

1,728 cubic inches.....	= 1 cubic foot.
27 " feet.....	= 1 " yard.
40 " feet of rough or.....	= 1 load.
50 " feet of hewn timber.....	
42 " feet.....	= 1 ton of shipping.
108 " feet.....	= 1 stack of wood.
128 " feet.....	= 1 cord of wood.

For shipping cargo 50 c. ft. are reckoned to the ton for sailing vessels, and 40 c. feet for steamers.

A cubic foot of distilled water weighs 63·3211 lbs. Av., or roughly 62½ lbs. and a cubic inch 252,458 grains at 62° Fahr., barone 30 inches.

A cubic foot is 2·831466 centisteres, and a stere is 35·31716 cubic feet or 1·3080215 cubic yards. A cubic inch is 16·3861759 centimetres cubic.

MEASURES OF CAPACITY.

	In Brit. Ind. measure.
4 gills.....	= 1 pint.....
2 pints.....	= 1 quart.....
4 quarts.....	= 1 gallon.....
2 gallons.....	= 1 peck.....
4 pecks or 8 gallons.....	= 1 bushel.....
2 bushels.....	= 1 strike.....
4 bushels.....	= 1 coomb.....

TABLE of the Equivalent value of 4, 5 and 5½ per Cent. Government or other Securities, and the Interest arising from each Investment.

4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.
50	62½	68½	8·800	66·4	83	91·3	6·021
50·182	62·727	69	7·971	66·667	83·333	91·667	6
50·4	63	69·3	7·937	66·909	83·6	92	5·978
50·909	63·636	70	7·857	67	83½	92½	5·970
51	63½	70½	7·813	67·2	84	92·4	5·952
51·2	64	70·9	7·813	67·636	84·545	93	5·911
51·613	61·516	71	7·75	68	85	93½	5·882
51·636	61·515	71	7·717	68·361	85·455	94	5·851
52	65	71½	7·692	68·8	86	94·6	5·811
52·361	65·155	72	7·639	69	86½	94½	5·797
52·3	66	72·3	7·576	69·091	86·361	95	5·790
53	66½	72½	7·531	69·565	86·956	95·652	5·75
53·091	66·361	73	7·531	69·818	87	95·7	5·717
53·333	66·667	73·333	7·5	69·818	87·273	96	5·729
53·6	67	73·7	7·463	70	87½	96½	5·714
53·909	67·273	74	7·432	70·4	88	96·8	5·682
54	67½	74½	7·407	70·515	88·182	97	5·660
54·4	68	74·8	7·353	71	88½	97½	5·634
54·515	68·182	75	7·333	71·2	89	97·9	5·618
55	68½	75½	7·272	71·273	89·091	98	5·612
55·172	68·966	75·862	7·25	72	90	99	5·556
55·2	69	75·9	7·246	72·727	90·909	100	5·5
55·273	69·091	76	7·237	72·8	91	111·1	5·495
56	70	77	7·143	73	91½	100½	5·479
56·727	70·909	78	7·051	73·455	91·818	101	5·445
56·8	71	78·1	7·012	73·6	92	101·2	5·435
57	71½	78½	7·017	74	92½	101½	5·405
57·143	71·429	78·571	7	74·182	92·727	102	5·392
57·455	71·111	79	6·962	74·4	93	102·3	5·376
57·6	72	79·2	6·911	74·909	93·636	103	5·310
58	72½	79½	6·897	75	93½	103½	5·333
58·182	72·727	80	6·875	75·2	94	103·4	5·319
58·4	73	80·3	6·849	75·636	94·545	104	5·288
58·909	73·636	81	6·790	76	95	104½	5·263
59	73½	81½	6·780	76·19	95·238	104·762	5·25
59·2	74	81·4	6·757	76·361	95·455	105	5·238
59·259	74·074	81·481	6·75	76·8	96	105·6	5·280
59·636	74·685	82	6·707	77	96½	105½	5·195
60	75·145	82½	6·667	77·091	96·361	106	5·188
60·361	75	83	6·627	77·6	97	106·7	5·155
60·8	76	83·6	6·579	77·818	97·273	107	5·140
61	76½	83½	6·557	78	97½	107½	5·128
61·091	76·361	84	6·548	78·4	98	107·8	5·102
61·538	76·923	84·615	6·65	78·515	98·182	108	5·093
61·6	77	84·7	6·491	79	98½	108½	5·063
61·618	77·273	85	6·471	79·2	99	108·9	5·051
62	77½	85½	6·452	79·273	99·091	109	5·016
62·4	78	85·8	6·410	80	100	110	5
62·545	78·182	86	6·395	80·727	100·909	111	4·955
63	78½	86½	6·349	80·8	101	111·1	4·950
63·2	79	86·9	6·329	81	101½	111½	4·938
63·273	79·091	87	6·322	81·455	101·818	112	4·911
64	80	88	6·25	81·6	102	112·2	4·902
64·727	80·909	89	6·179	82	102½	112½	4·879
64·8	81	89·1	6·173	82·182	102·727	113	4·867
65	81½	89½	6·151	82·4	103	113·3	4·851
65·455	81·818	90	6·111	82·909	103·636	114	4·821
65·6	82	90·2	6·098	83	103½	114½	4·819
66	82½	90½	6·061	83·2	104	114·4	4·808
66·182	82·727	91	6·041	83·636	104·545	115	4·781

4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.
81	105	115½	4762	92	115	126½	4348
84-211	105-263	115-80	475	92-362	115-455	127	4330
84-364	105-455	116	4741	92-8	116	127-6	4310
84-8	106	116-6	4717	93	116½	127½	4301
85	106½	116½	4706	93-091	116-364	128	4297
85-091	106-364	117	4701	93-6	117	128-7	4274
85-6	107	117-7	4673	93-818	117-273	129	4263
85-818	107-273	118	4661	94	117½	129½	4254
86	107½	118½	4631	94-118	117-647	129-412	425
86-4	108	118-8	4630	94-4	118	129-8	4237
86-545	108-182	119	4622	94-545	118-182	130	4231
87	108½	119½	4593	95	118½	130½	4211
87-2	109	119-9	4587	95-2	119	130-9	4202
87-273	109-091	120	4583	95-273	119-091	131	4198
88	110	121	4545	96	120	132	4167
88-727	110-909	122	4508	96-727	120-909	133	4135
88-8	111	122-1	4505	96-8	121	133-1	4132
88-889	111-111	122-22	45	97	121½	133½	4124
89	111½	122½	4494	97-455	121-818	134	4104
89-455	111-818	123	4471	97-6	122	134-2	4098
89-6	112	123-2	4464	98	122½	134½	4082
90	112½	123	4444	98-182	122-727	135	4074
90-182	112-727	124	4436	98-4	123	135-3	4065
90-4	113	124-3	4425	98-909	123-636	136	4044
90-909	113-636	125	44	99	123½	136½	4040
91	113½	125½	4396	99-2	124	136-4	4032
91-2	114	125-4	4386	99-636	124-545	137	4015
91-636	114-545	126	4365	100	125	137½	4

PROPORTIONAL PARTS.

4 p cent.	4½ p cent.	5 p cent.	5½ p cent.	4 p cent.	4½ p cent.	5 p cent.	5½ p cent.	4 p cent.	4½ p cent.	5 p cent.	5½ p cent.
R. 0-073	0-091	1	R. 0-24	3	33	R. 0-48	6	66	R. 0-634	188	9
0-08	1	11	0-291	364	4	0-5	625	688	0-7	875	963
0-1	125	138	0-3	375	413	0-509	637	7	0-72	9	99
0-146	182	2	0-32	4	44	0-56	7	77	0-727	909	100
0-16	2	22	0-364	455	5	0-582	727	8	0-8	1000	11
0-2	25	275	0-4	5	55	0-6	75	825	0-9	1125	1238
0-218	273	3	0-473	545	6	0-64	8	88			

USES OF THE PRECEDING TABLE.

1.—When Government 4 per cent. Securities sell at 76, what are the equivalent values of the 5 and 5½ per cent. loans?

In the table opposite 76 in the first column are 95, the value of 5 per cent. loan, and 104½ the value of 5½ per cent. loan—the interest in all the three cases being 5-263 or 55-19 per cent.

2.—At what price should I purchase 4 per cents. to obtain 5½ per cent. for my money? In the fourth column opposite 5½ or 55 in the column for 4 per cent. stands 72-727 or 728-11 the price required.

3.—What would I gain by selling out Rs. 10,000 5 per cent. Government loans at 104 and purchasing 5½ per cent. at 112?

In the third column opposite 104 in the 2nd, is..... 114-4
112

Gain on Rs. 100 of Capital 2-4

And in the fourth column opposite 112 in the 3rd, is 4-911 per cent.

" " " 104 " 2nd, 4-808 "

Difference, or gain per cent. per annum on Capital 0-103, or fully 1-10 per cent. being Rs. 10 5a. on every Rs. 1,000 invested.

4.—To find the equivalent values of 4 and 5½ per cent. Securities when 5 per cents. are selling at 103½, or Rs. 103 6a.

Opposite 103 in the second column, are 84-4 and 113-3 in the 1st and 3rd, and among the "proportional parts" corresponding to 375 or 6a. in the 5 per cent. column are 0-3 R. in the 4 per cent. and 413 in the 5½ per cent. column.

Hence 82-4 + 3 = 82-7, the equivalent price of 4 per cent., and 113-3 + 413 = Rs. 113-713, or Rupees 113, 11a. 5p. the equivalent price of 5½ per cents.

Other uses of this Table will readily occur to brokers and others.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE MONTH.

Pr.	At 2 per cent.	At 2½ per cent.	At 3 per cent.	At 3½ per cent.	At 4 per cent.
Rs.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.
1,00,000	166 10 8	208 5 4	250 0 0	291 10 8	333 5 4
90,000	150 0 0	187 8 0	225 0 0	262 8 0	300 0 0
80,000	133 5 4	166 10 8	200 0 0	233 5 4	266 10 8
70,000	116 10 8	145 13 4	175 0 0	204 2 8	233 5 4
60,000	100 0 0	125 0 0	150 0 0	175 0 0	200 0 0
50,000	83 5 4	104 2 8	125 0 0	145 13 4	166 10 8
40,000	66 10 8	83 5 4	100 0 0	116 10 8	133 5 4
30,000	50 0 0	62 8 0	75 0 0	87 8 0	100 0 0
20,000	33 5 4	41 10 8	50 0 0	58 5 4	66 10 8
10,000	16 10 8	20 13 4	25 0 0	29 2 8	33 5 4
9,000	15 0 0	18 12 0	22 8 0	26 4 0	30 0 0
8,000	13 5 4	16 10 8	20 0 0	23 5 4	26 10 8
7,000	11 10 8	14 9 4	17 8 0	20 6 8	23 5 4
6,000	10 0 0	12 8 0	15 0 0	17 8 0	20 0 0
5,000	8 5 4	10 6 8	12 8 0	14 9 4	16 10 8
4,000	6 10 8	8 5 4	10 0 0	11 10 8	13 5 4
3,000	5 0 0	6 4 0	7 8 0	8 12 0	10 0 0
2,000	3 5 4	4 2 8	5 0 0	5 13 4	6 10 8
1,000	1 10 8	2 1 4	2 8 0	2 14 8	3 5 4
900	1 8 0	1 14 0	2 4 0	2 10 0	3 0 0
800	1 5 4	1 10 8	2 0 0	2 5 4	2 10 8
700	1 2 8	1 7 4	1 12 0	2 0 8	2 5 4
600	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	1 12 0	2 0 0
500	0 13 4	1 0 8	1 4 0	1 7 4	1 10 8
400	0 10 8	0 13 4	1 0 0	1 2 8	1 5 4
300	0 8 0	0 10 0	0 12 0	0 14 0	1 0 0
200	0 5 4	0 6 8	0 8 0	0 9 4	0 10 8
100	0 2 8	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 4 8	0 5 4
90	0 2 4 8	0 3 0	0 3 7 2	0 4 2 4	0 4 9 6
80	0 2 1 6	0 2 8	0 3 2 4	0 3 8 8	0 4 3 2
70	0 1 10 4	0 2 4	0 2 9 6	0 3 3 2	0 3 8 8
60	0 1 7 2	0 2 0	0 2 4 8	0 2 9 6	0 3 2 4
50	0 1 4 0	0 1 8	0 2 0 0	0 2 4 0	0 2 8 0
40	0 1 0 8	0 1 4	0 1 7 2	0 1 10 4	0 2 1 6
30	0 0 9 6	0 1 0	0 1 2 4	0 1 4 8	0 1 7 2
20	0 0 6 4	0 0 8	0 0 9 6	0 0 11 2	0 1 0 8
10	0 0 3 2	0 0 4	0 0 4 8	0 0 5 6	0 0 6 4
9	0 0 2 88	0 0 3 6	0 0 4 32	0 0 5 04	0 0 5 76
8	0 0 2 56	0 0 3 2	0 0 3 84	0 0 4 48	0 0 5 12
7	0 0 2 24	0 0 2 8	0 0 3 36	0 0 3 92	0 0 4 48
6	0 0 1 92	0 0 2 4	0 0 2 88	0 0 3 36	0 0 3 84
5	0 0 1 60	0 0 2 0	0 0 2 40	0 0 2 80	0 0 3 20
4	0 0 1 28	0 0 1 6	0 0 1 92	0 0 2 24	0 0 2 56
3	0 0 0 96	0 0 1 2	0 0 1 44	0 0 1 68	0 0 1 92
2	0 0 0 64	0 0 0 8	0 0 0 96	0 0 1 12	0 0 1 28
1	0 0 0 32	0 0 0 4	0 0 0 48	0 0 0 56	0 0 0 64
*8	0 0 0 16	0 0 0 20	0 0 0 24	0 0 0 28	0 0 0 32
7	0 0 0 14	0 0 0 17	0 0 0 21	0 0 0 24	0 0 0 28
6	0 0 0 12	0 0 0 15	0 0 0 18	0 0 0 21	0 0 0 24
5	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 12	0 0 0 15	0 0 0 17	0 0 0 20
4	0 0 0 8	0 0 0 10	0 0 0 12	0 0 0 14	0 0 0 16
3	0 0 0 6	0 0 0 7	0 0 0 9	0 0 0 11	0 0 0 12
2	0 0 0 4	0 0 0 5	0 0 0 6	0 0 0 7	0 0 0 8
1	0 0 0 2	0 0 0 3	0 0 0 3	0 0 0 4	0 0 0 5

* Annas

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE MONTH—concluded.

Pr.	At 4½ per cent.				At 5 per cent.				At 5½ per cent.				At 6 per cent.				At 12 per cent.			
RS.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.
1,00,000	375	0	0		416	10	8		458	5	4		500	0	0		1000	0	0	
90,000	337	8	0		375	0	0		412	8	0		450	0	0		900	0	0	
80,000	300	0	0		333	5	4		366	10	8		400	0	0		800	0	0	
70,000	262	8	0		291	10	8		320	13	4		350	0	0		700	0	0	
60,000	225	0	0		250	0	0		275	0	0		300	0	0		600	0	0	
50,000	187	8	0		208	5	4		229	2	8		250	0	0		500	0	0	
40,000	150	0	0		166	10	8		183	5	4		200	0	0		400	0	0	
30,000	112	8	0		125	0	0		137	8	0		150	0	0		300	0	0	
20,000	75	0	0		83	5	4		91	10	8		100	0	0		200	0	0	
10,000	37	8	0		41	10	8		45	13	4		50	0	0		100	0	0	
9,000	33	12	0		37	8	0		41	4	0		45	0	0		90	0	0	
8,000	30	0	0		33	5	4		36	10	8		40	0	0		80	0	0	
7,000	26	4	0		29	2	8		32	1	4		35	0	0		70	0	0	
6,000	22	8	0		25	0	0		27	8	0		30	0	0		60	0	0	
5,000	18	12	0		20	13	4		22	11	8		25	0	0		50	0	0	
4,000	15	0	0		16	10	8		18	5	4		20	0	0		40	0	0	
3,000	11	4	0		12	8	0		13	12	0		15	0	0		30	0	0	
2,000	7	8	0		8	5	4		9	2	8		10	0	0		20	0	0	
1,000	3	12	0		4	2	8		4	9	4		5	0	0		10	0	0	
900	3	6	0		3	12	0		4	2	0		4	8	0		9	0	0	
800	3	0	0		3	5	4		3	10	8		4	0	0		8	0	0	
700	2	10	0		2	14	8		3	3	4		3	8	0		7	0	0	
600	2	4	0		2	8	0		2	12	0		3	0	0		6	0	0	
500	1	14	0		2	1	4		2	4	8		2	8	0		5	0	0	
400	1	8	0		1	10	8		1	13	4		2	0	0		4	0	0	
300	1	2	0		1	4	0		1	6	0		1	8	0		3	0	0	
200	0	12	0		0	13	4		0	14	8		1	0	0		2	0	0	
100	0	6	0		0	6	8		0	7	4		0	8	0		1	0	0	
90	0	5	4	8	0	6	0		0	6	7	2	0	7	2	4	0	14	4	8
80	0	4	9	6	0	5	4		0	5	10	4	0	6	4	8	0	12	9	6
70	0	4	2	4	0	4	8		0	5	1	6	0	5	7	2	0	11	2	4
60	0	3	7	2	0	4	0		0	4	4	8	0	4	9	6	0	9	7	2
50	0	3	0	0	0	3	4		0	3	8	0	0	4	0	0	0	8	0	0
40	0	2	4	8	0	2	8		0	2	11	2	0	3	2	4	0	6	4	8
30	0	1	9	6	0	2	0		0	2	2	4	0	2	4	8	0	4	9	6
20	0	1	2	4	0	1	4		0	1	5	6	0	1	7	2	0	3	2	4
10	0	0	7	2	0	0	8		0	0	8	8	0	0	9	6	0	1	7	2
9	0	0	6	48	0	0	7	2	0	0	7	92	0	0	8	61	0	1	5	28
8	0	0	5	76	0	0	6	4	0	0	7	68	0	0	7	68	0	1	3	36
7	0	0	5	04	0	0	5	6	0	0	6	72	0	0	6	72	0	1	1	44
6	0	0	4	32	0	0	4	8	0	0	5	76	0	0	5	76	0	0	11	52
5	0	0	3	60	0	0	4	0	0	0	4	80	0	0	4	80	0	0	9	60
4	0	0	2	88	0	0	3	2	0	0	3	84	0	0	3	84	0	0	7	64
3	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	4	0	0	2	88	0	0	2	88	0	0	5	76
2	0	0	1	44	0	0	1	6	0	0	1	92	0	0	1	92	0	0	3	84
1	0	0	0	72	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	88	0	0	0	96	0	0	1	92
*8	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	44	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	96
7	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	84
6	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	72
5	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	30	0	0	0	60
4	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	20	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	48
3	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	16	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	36
2	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	24
1	0	0	0	04	0	0	0	05	0	0	0	05	0	0	0	06	0	0	0	12

* Annas.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE YEAR.

Pr.	At 2 per cent.				At 2½ per cent.				At 3 per cent.				At 3½ per cent.				At 4 per cent.				
RS.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	
1,00,000	2,000	0	0		2,500	0	0		3,000	0	0		3,500	0	0		4,000	0	0		
90,000	1,800	0	0		2,250	0	0		2,700	0	0		3,150	0	0		3,600	0	0		
80,000	1,600	0	0		2,000	0	0		2,400	0	0		2,800	0	0		3,200	0	0		
70,000	1,400	0	0		1,750	0	0		2,100	0	0		2,450	0	0		2,800	0	0		
60,000	1,200	0	0		1,500	0	0		1,800	0	0		2,100	0	0		2,400	0	0		
50,000	1,000	0	0		1,250	0	0		1,500	0	0		1,750	0	0		2,000	0	0		
40,000	800	0	0		1,000	0	0		1,200	0	0		1,400	0	0		1,600	0	0		
30,000	600	0	0		750	0	0		900	0	0		1,050	0	0		1,200	0	0		
20,000	400	0	0		500	0	0		600	0	0		700	0	0		800	0	0		
10,000	200	0	0		250	0	0		300	0	0		350	0	0		400	0	0		
9,000	180	0	0		225	0	0		270	0	0		315	0	0		360	0	0		
8,000	160	0	0		200	0	0		240	0	0		280	0	0		320	0	0		
7,000	140	0	0		175	0	0		210	0	0		245	0	0		280	0	0		
6,000	120	0	0		150	0	0		180	0	0		210	0	0		240	0	0		
5,000	100	0	0		125	0	0		150	0	0		175	0	0		200	0	0		
4,000	80	0	0		100	0	0		120	0	0		140	0	0		160	0	0		
3,000	60	0	0		75	0	0		90	0	0		105	0	0		120	0	0		
2,000	40	0	0		50	0	0		60	0	0		70	0	0		80	0	0		
1,000	20	0	0		25	0	0		30	0	0		35	0	0		40	0	0		
900	18	0	0		22	8	0		27	0	0		31	8	0		36	0	0		
800	16	0	0		20	0	0		24	0	0		28	0	0		32	0	0		
700	14	0	0		17	8	0		21	0	0		24	8	0		28	0	0		
600	12	0	0		15	0	0		18	0	0		21	0	0		24	0	0		
500	10	0	0		12	8	0		15	0	0		17	8	0		20	0	0		
400	8	0	0		10	0	0		12	0	0		14	0	0		16	0	0		
300	6	0	0		7	8	0		9	0	0		10	8	0		12	0	0		
200	4	0	0		5	0	0		6	0	0		7	0	0		8	0	0		
100	2	0	0		2	8	0		3	0	0		3	8	0		4	0	0		
90	1	12	9	6	2	4	0		2	11	2	4	3	2	4	8	3	9	7	2	
80	1	9	7	2	2	0	0		2	6	4	8	2	12	9	6	3	3	2	4	
70	1	6	4	8	1	12	0		2	1	7	2	2	7	2	4	2	12	9	6	
60	1	3	2	4	1	8	0		1	12	9	6	2	1	7	2	2	6	4	8	
50	1	0	0	0	1	4	0		1	8	0	0	1	12	0	0	2	0	0	0	
40	0	12	9	6	1	0	0		1	3	2	4	1	6	4	8	1	9	7	2	
30	0	9	7	2	0	12	0		0	14	4	8	1	0	9	6	1	3	2	4	
20	0	6	4	8	0	8	0		0	9	7	2	0	11	2	4	0	12	9	6	
10	0	3	2	4	0	4	0		0	4	9	6	0	5	7	2	0	6	4	8	
9	0	2	10	56	0	3	7	2	0	4	3	81	0	5	0	48	0	5	9	12	
8	0	2	6	72	0	3	2	4	0	3	10	08	0	4	5	76	0	5	1	44	
7	0	2	2	88	0	2	9	6	0	0	3	4	32	0	3	11	04	0	4	5	76
6	0	1	11	04	0	2	4	8	0	0	2	10	56	0	3	4	32	0	3	10	08
5	0	1	7	20	0	2	0	0	0	0	2	4	80	0	2	9	60	0	3	2	40
4	0	1	3	36	0	1	7	2	0	0	1	11	04	0	2	2	88	0	2	6	72
3	0	0	11	52	0	1	2	4	0	0	1	5	28	0	1	8	16	0	1	11	04
2	0	0	7	68	0	0	9	6	0	0	0	11	52	0	1	1	44	0	1	3	36
1	0	0	3	84	0	0	4	8	0	0	0	5	76	0	0	6	72	0	0	7	68
8	0	0	1	92	0	0	2	4	0	0	0	2	88	0	0	3	36	0	0	3	84
7	0	0	1	68	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	2	56	0	0	2	94	0	0	3	36
6	0	0	1	44	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	2	16	0	0	2	52	0	0	2	88
5	0	0	1	20	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	1	80	0	0	2	10	0	0	2	40
4	0	0	0	96	0	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	44	0	0	1	68	0	0	1	92
3	0	0	0	72	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	1	08	0	0	1	26	0	0	1	44
2	0	0	0	48	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	72	0	0	0	34	0	0	0	96
1	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	48

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE YEAR—concluded.

Pr.	At 4½ per cent.	At 5 per cent.	At 5½ per cent.	At 6 per cent.	At 12 per cent.
RS.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.
1,00,000	4,500 0 0	5,000 0 0	5,500 0 0	6,000 0 0	12,000 0 0
90,000	4,050 0 0	4,500 0 0	4,950 0 0	5,400 0 0	10,800 0 0
80,000	3,600 0 0	4,000 0 0	4,400 0 0	4,800 0 0	9,600 0 0
70,000	3,150 0 0	3,500 0 0	3,850 0 0	4,200 0 0	8,400 0 0
60,000	2,700 0 0	3,000 0 0	3,300 0 0	3,600 0 0	7,200 0 0
50,000	2,250 0 0	2,500 0 0	2,750 0 0	3,000 0 0	6,000 0 0
40,000	1,800 0 0	2,000 0 0	2,200 0 0	2,400 0 0	4,800 0 0
30,000	1,350 0 0	1,500 0 0	1,650 0 0	1,800 0 0	3,600 0 0
20,000	900 0 0	1,000 0 0	1,100 0 0	1,200 0 0	2,400 0 0
10,000	450 0 0	500 0 0	550 0 0	600 0 0	1,200 0 0
9,000	405 0 0	450 0 0	495 0 0	540 0 0	1,080 0 0
8,000	360 0 0	400 0 0	440 0 0	480 0 0	960 0 0
7,000	315 0 0	350 0 0	385 0 0	420 0 0	840 0 0
6,000	270 0 0	300 0 0	330 0 0	360 0 0	720 0 0
5,000	225 0 0	250 0 0	275 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0
4,000	180 0 0	200 0 0	220 0 0	240 0 0	480 0 0
3,000	135 0 0	150 0 0	165 0 0	180 0 0	360 0 0
2,000	90 0 0	100 0 0	110 0 0	120 0 0	240 0 0
1,000	45 0 0	50 0 0	55 0 0	60 0 0	120 0 0
900	40 8 0	45 0 0	49 8 0	54 0 0	108 0 0
800	36 0 0	40 0 0	44 0 0	48 0 0	96 0 0
700	31 8 0	35 0 0	38 8 0	42 0 0	84 0 0
600	27 0 0	30 0 0	33 0 0	36 0 0	72 0 0
500	22 8 0	25 0 0	27 8 0	30 0 0	60 0 0
400	18 0 0	20 0 0	22 0 0	24 0 0	48 0 0
300	13 8 0	15 0 0	16 8 0	18 0 0	36 0 0
200	9 0 0	10 0 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	24 0 0
100	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	6 0 0	12 0 0
90	4 0 9 6	4 8 0	4 15 2 4	5 6 4 8	10 12 9 6
80	3 9 7 2	4 0 0	4 6 4 8	4 12 9 6	9 9 7 2
70	3 2 4 8	3 8 0	3 13 7 2	4 3 2 4	8 6 4 8
60	2 11 2 4	3 0 0	3 4 9 6	3 9 7 2	7 3 2 4
50	2 4 0 0	2 8 0	2 12 0 0	3 0 0 0	6 0 0 0
40	1 12 9 6	2 0 0	2 3 2 4	2 6 4 8	4 12 9 6
30	1 5 7 2	1 8 0	1 10 4 8	1 12 9 6	3 9 7 2
20	0 14 4 8	1 0 0	1 1 7 2	1 3 2 4	2 6 4 8
10	0 7 2 4	0 8 0	0 8 9 6	0 9 7 2	1 3 2 4
9	0 6 5 76	0 7 2 4	0 7 11 04	0 8 7 68	1 1 3 36
8	0 5 9 12	0 6 4 8	0 7 0 48	0 7 8 16	0 15 4 32
7	0 5 0 48	0 5 7 2	0 6 1 92	0 6 8 64	0 13 5 28
6	0 4 3 84	0 4 9 6	0 5 3 36	0 5 9 12	0 11 6 24
5	0 3 7 20	0 4 0 0	0 4 4 80	0 4 9 60	0 9 7 20
4	0 2 10 56	0 3 2 4	0 3 6 24	0 3 10 98	0 7 8 16
3	0 2 1 92	0 2 4 8	0 2 7 68	0 2 10 56	0 5 9 12
2	0 1 5 28	0 1 7 2	0 1 9 12	0 1 11 04	0 3 10 08
1	0 0 8 64	0 0 9 6	0 0 10 56	0 0 11 52	0 1 11 04
*8	0 0 4 32	0 0 4 8	0 0 5 28	0 0 5 76	0 0 11 52
7	0 0 3 78	0 0 4 2	0 0 4 62	0 0 5 04	0 0 10 08
6	0 0 3 24	0 0 3 6	0 0 3 96	0 0 4 32	0 0 8 64
5	0 0 2 70	0 0 3 0	0 0 3 30	0 0 3 60	0 0 7 20
4	0 0 2 16	0 0 2 4	0 0 2 64	0 0 2 88	0 0 5 76
3	0 0 1 62	0 0 1 8	0 0 1 98	0 0 2 16	0 0 4 32
2	0 0 1 08	0 0 1 2	0 0 1 32	0 0 1 44	0 0 2 88
1	0 0 0 54	0 0 0 6	0 0 0 66	0 0 0 72	0 0 1 44

* Annas.

INCOME TABLES.

FOR ONE DAY.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.	Per month of 30 days.	Per month of 29 days.	Per month of 28 days.
RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.
10,000	322 9 3 48	333 5 4 D.	344 13 2	355 22 3
9,000	161 4 7 74	166 10 8	172 6 7	178 9 1
8,000	129 0 6 19	133 5 4	137 14 10	142 13 8
7,000	96 12 4 64	100 0 0	103 7 2	107 2 3
6,000	64 8 3 09	66 10 8	68 15 5	71 6 10
5,000	32 4 1 54	33 5 4	34 7 8	35 11 5
4,000	29 0 6 19	30 0 0	31 0 6	32 2 3
3,000	25 12 10 83	26 10 8	27 9 4	28 9 1
2,000	22 9 3 48	23 5 4	24 2 2	25 0 9
1,000	19 5 8 12	20 0 0	21 0 0	22 0 0
900	16 2 0 77	16 10 8	17 11 0	18 13 8
800	12 14 5 41	13 5 4	13 12 8	14 4 6
700	9 10 10 06	10 0 0	10 5 6	11 11 5
600	6 7 2 70	6 10 8	6 14 4	7 2 3
500	6 4 7 74	6 8 0	6 11 7	6 15 5
400	6 2 0 77	6 5 4	6 8 9	6 12 6
300	5 15 5 80	6 2 8	6 6 0	6 9 8
200	5 12 10 83	6 0 0	6 3 3	6 6 10
100	5 10 3 87	5 13 4	6 0 6	6 4 0
90	5 7 8 90	5 10 8	5 13 9	6 1 1
80	5 5 1 93	5 8 0	5 11 0	5 14 3
70	5 2 6 96	5 5 4	5 8 3	5 11 5
60	5 0 0 00	5 2 8	5 5 6	5 8 6
50	4 13 5 03	5 0 0	5 2 9	5 5 8
40	4 10 10 06	4 13 4	4 10 0	5 2 10
30	4 8 3 09	4 10 8	4 7 8	5 0 0
20	4 5 8 12	4 8 0	4 5 4	4 13 1
10	4 3 1 16	4 5 4	4 3 8	4 10 3
9	4 0 6 19	4 2 8	4 1 11	4 7 3
8	3 13 11 22	4 0 0	4 2 2	4 4 6
7	3 11 4 25	3 13 4	3 15 5	4 1 8
6	3 8 9 29	3 10 8	3 12 8	3 14 10
5	3 6 2 32	3 8 0	3 9 11	3 12 0
4	3 3 7 35	3 5 4	3 7 2	3 9 1
3	3 1 0 38	3 2 8	3 4 4	3 6 3
2	2 14 5 41	3 0 0	3 1 7	3 3 5
1	2 11 10 45	2 13 4	2 14 10	3 0 6
90	2 9 3 48	2 10 8	2 12 1	2 13 8
80	2 6 8 51	2 8 0	2 9 4	2 10 10
70	2 4 1 54	2 5 4	2 6 7	2 8 0
60	2 1 6 58	2 2 8	2 3 10	2 5 1
50	1 14 11 61	2 0 0	2 1 1	2 2 3
40	1 12 4 64	1 13 4	1 14 4	1 15 5
30	1 9 9 67	1 10 8	1 11 7	1 12 6
20	1 7 2 70	1 8 0	1 9 9	1 9 8
10	1 4 7 74	1 5 4	1 6 0	1 6 10
9	1 2 0 77	1 2 8	1 3 3	1 4 0
8	0 15 5 80	1 0 0	1 0 6	1 1 1
7	0 12 10 83	0 13 4	0 13 9	1 14 3
6	0 10 3 87	0 10 8	0 11 0	0 11 5
5	0 7 8 90	0 8 0	0 8 3	0 8 6
4	0 5 1 93	0 5 4	0 5 6	0 5 8
3	0 4 7 96	0 4 9	0 4 11	0 5 1
2	0 4 1 54	0 4 3	0 4 4	0 4 6
1	0 3 7 35	0 3 8	0 3 10	0 4 0
90	0 3 1 16	0 3 2	0 2 9	0 3 5
80	0 2 6 26	0 2 8	0 2 2	0 2 3
70	0 2 0 77	0 2 1	0 2 2	0 2 3
60	0 1 6 58	0 1 7	0 1 7	0 1 8
50	0 1 0 38	0 1 0	0 1 1	0 1 1
40	0 0 6 19	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6
30	0 0 3 09	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3

INCOME TABLES.

FOR TWENTY-EIGHT DAYS.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.				Per month of 30 days.				Per month of 29 days.				Per month of 28 days.			
	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.
10,000	9,032	4	1	54	9,333	5	4	10	9,655	2	9	10	10,000	0	0	0
5,000	4,516	2	0	77	4,666	10	8	55	4,827	9	4	55	5,000	0	0	0
4,000	3,612	14	5	41	3,733	5	4	24	3,862	1	1	24	4,000	0	0	0
3,000	2,709	10	10	06	2,800	0	0	92	2,896	8	9	92	3,000	0	0	0
2,000	1,806	7	2	70	1,866	10	8	62	1,931	0	6	62	2,000	0	0	0
1,000	903	3	7	35	933	5	4	30	965	8	3	30	1,000	0	0	0
900	812	14	5	41	849	0	0	37	868	15	5	37	900	0	0	0
800	722	9	3	48	746	10	8	44	772	6	7	44	800	0	0	0
700	632	4	1	54	653	5	4	49	675	13	9	49	700	0	0	0
600	541	14	11	61	560	0	0	58	579	4	11	58	600	0	0	0
500	451	9	9	67	466	10	8	65	482	12	1	65	500	0	0	0
400	361	4	7	74	373	5	4	72	386	3	3	72	400	0	0	0
300	270	15	5	80	280	0	0	79	289	10	5	79	300	0	0	0
200	180	10	3	86	186	10	8	86	193	1	7	86	200	0	0	0
195	176	2	0	77	182	0	0	96	188	4	4	96	195	0	0	0
190	171	9	9	67	177	5	4	06	183	7	2	06	190	0	0	0
185	167	1	6	57	172	10	8	17	178	9	11	17	185	0	0	0
180	162	9	3	48	168	0	0	27	173	12	8	27	180	0	0	0
175	158	1	0	38	163	5	4	37	168	15	5	37	175	0	0	0
170	153	8	9	28	158	10	8	48	164	2	2	48	170	0	0	0
165	149	0	6	19	154	0	0	58	159	4	11	58	165	0	0	0
160	144	8	3	09	149	5	4	68	154	7	8	68	160	0	0	0
155	140	0	0	00	144	10	8	79	149	10	5	79	155	0	0	0
150	135	7	8	90	140	0	0	89	144	13	2	89	150	0	0	0
145	130	15	5	80	135	5	4	00	140	0	0	00	145	0	0	0
140	126	7	2	70	130	10	8	10	135	2	9	10	140	0	0	0
135	121	14	1	61	126	0	0	20	130	5	6	20	135	0	0	0
130	117	6	8	51	121	5	4	30	125	8	3	30	130	0	0	0
125	112	14	5	41	116	10	8	41	120	11	0	41	125	0	0	0
120	108	6	2	32	112	0	0	51	115	13	9	51	120	0	0	0
115	103	13	11	22	107	5	4	62	111	0	6	62	115	0	0	0
110	99	5	8	12	102	10	8	72	106	3	3	72	110	0	0	0
105	94	13	5	03	98	0	0	82	101	6	0	82	105	0	0	0
100	90	5	1	93	93	5	4	92	96	8	9	92	100	0	0	0
95	85	12	10	83	88	10	8	03	91	11	7	03	95	0	0	0
90	81	4	7	74	84	0	0	13	86	14	4	13	90	0	0	0
85	76	12	4	64	79	5	4	24	82	1	1	24	85	0	0	0
80	72	4	1	54	74	10	8	34	77	3	10	34	80	0	0	0
75	67	11	10	45	70	0	0	44	72	6	7	44	75	0	0	0
70	63	3	7	35	65	5	4	55	67	9	4	55	70	0	0	0
65	58	11	4	25	60	10	8	65	62	12	1	65	65	0	0	0
60	54	3	1	16	56	0	0	75	57	14	10	75	60	0	0	0
55	49	10	10	06	51	5	4	86	53	1	7	86	55	0	0	0
50	45	2	6	96	46	10	8	96	48	4	4	96	50	0	0	0
45	40	0	3	87	42	0	0	06	43	7	2	06	45	0	0	0
40	36	2	0	77	37	5	4	17	38	9	11	17	40	0	0	0
35	31	9	9	67	32	10	8	27	33	12	8	27	35	0	0	0
30	27	1	6	58	28	0	0	37	28	15	5	37	30	0	0	0
25	22	9	3	48	23	5	4	48	24	2	2	48	25	0	0	0
20	18	1	0	38	18	10	8	58	19	4	11	58	20	0	0	0
15	13	8	9	28	14	0	0	68	14	7	8	68	15	0	0	0
10	9	0	6	19	9	5	4	79	9	10	5	79	10	0	0	0
9	8	2	0	77	8	6	4	41	8	11	0	41	9	0	0	0
8	7	3	7	35	7	7	5	03	7	11	7	03	8	0	0	0
7	6	5	1	93	6	8	6	65	6	12	1	65	7	0	0	0
6	5	6	8	51	5	9	7	27	5	12	8	27	6	0	0	0
5	4	8	3	09	4	10	8	89	4	13	2	89	5	0	0	0
4	3	9	9	67	3	11	8	51	3	13	9	51	4	0	0	0
3	2	11	4	25	2	12	9	6	2	14	4	13	3	0	0	0
2	1	12	10	83	1	13	10	4	1	14	10	75	2	0	0	0
1	0	14	5	41	0	14	11	2	0	15	5	37	1	0	0	0
0	0	7	2	70	0	7	5	6	0	7	8	68	0	0	0	0

INCOME TABLES.

FOR TWENTY-NINE DAYS.

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.				Per month of 30 days.				Per month of 29 days.				Per month of 31 days.				Per month of 30 days.			
	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.
10,000	9,354	13	5	03	9,666	10	8	00	10,000	0	0	00	9,677	6	8	51	10,000	0	0	00
5,000	4,677	6	8	51	4,833	5	4	00	5,000	0	0	00	4,838	11	4	25	5,000	0	0	00
4,000	3,741	14	11	61	3,866	10	8	00	4,000	0	0	00	3,870	15	5	80	4,000	0	0	00
3,000	2,806	7	2	70	2,900	0	0	00	3,000	0	0	00	2,903	3	7	35	3,000	0	0	00
2,000	1,870	15	5	80	1,933	5	4	00	2,000	0	0	00	1,935	7	8	90	2,000	0	0	00
1,000	935	7	8	90	966	10	8	00	1,000	0	0	00	967	11	10	44	1,000	0	0	00
900	841	14	11	60	870	0	0	00	900	0	0	00	870	15	5	80	900	0	0	00
800	748	6	2	31	773	5	4	00	800	0	0	00	773	3	1	15	800	0	0	00
700	654	13	5	03	676	10	8	00	700	0	0	00	677	6	8	51	700	0	0	00
600	561	4	7	74	580	0	0	00	600	0	0	00	580	10	3	87	600	0	0	00
500	467	11	10	44	483	5	4	00	500	0	0	00	483	13	11	22	500	0	0	00
400	374	3	1	15	386	10	8	00	400	0	0	00	387	1	6	57	400	0	0	00
300	280	10	3	87	290	0	0	00	300	0	0	00	290	5	1	93	300	0	0	00
200	187	1	6	57	193	5	4	00	200	0	0	00	193	8	9	28	200	0	0	00
195	182	6	8	51	188	8	0	00	195	0	0	00	188	11	4	25	195	0	0	00
190	177	11	10	44	183	10	8	00	190	0	0	00	183	13	11	22	190	0	0	00
185	173	1	0	38	178	13	4	00	185	0	0	00	179	0	6	19	185	0	0	00
180	168	6	2	32	174	0	0	00	180	0	0	00	174	3	1	16	180	0	0	00
175	163	11	4	25	169	2	8	00	175	0	0	00	169	5	8	13	175	0	0	00
170	159	0	6	19	164	5	4	00	170	0	0	00	164	8	3	09	170	0	0	00
165	154	5	8	12	159	8	0	00	165	0	0	00	159	10	10	06	165	0	0	00
160	149	10	10	06	154	10	8	00	160	0	0	00	154	13	5	03	160	0	0	00
155	145	0	0	00	149	3	4	00	155	0	0	00	150	0	0	00	155	0	0	00
150	140	5	1	93	145	0	0	00	150	0	0	00	145	2	6	96	150	0	0	00
145	135	10	3	86	140	2	8	00	145	0	0	00	140	5	1	93	145	0	0	00
140	130	15	5	89	135	5	4	00	140	0	0	00	135	7	8	90	140	0	0	00
135	126	4	7	74	130	8	0	00	135	0	0	00	130	10	3	87	135	0	0	00
130	121	9	9	67	125	10	8	00	130	0	0	00	125	12	10	83	130	0	0	00
125	116	14	11	61	120	13	4	00	125	0	0	00	120	15	5	80	125	0	0	00
120	112	4	1	54	116	0	0	00	120	0	0	00	116	2	0	77	120	0	0	00
115	107	9	3	48	111	2	3	00	115	0	0	00	111	4	7	74	115	0	0	00
110	102	14	5	41	106	5	4	00	110	0	0	00	106	7	2	70	110	0	0	00
105	98	3	7	35	101	8	0	00	105	0	0	00	101	9	9	67	105	0	0	00
100	93	8	9	28	96	10	8	00	100	0	0	00	96	12	4	64	100	0	0	00
95	88	13	11	22	91	13	4	00	95	0	0	00	91	14	11	61	95	0	0	00
90	84	3	1	15	87	0	0	00	90	0	0	00	87	1	6	57	90	0	0	00
85	79	8	3	09	82	2	8	00	85	0	0	00	82	4	1	54	85	0	0	00
80	74	13	5	03	77	5	4	00	80	0	0	00	77	6	8	51	80	0	0	00
75	70	2	6	96	72	8	0	00	75	0	0	00	72	9	3	48	75	0	0	00
70	65	7	8	90	67	10	8	00	70	0	0	00	67	11	10	45	70	0	0	00
65	60	12	10	84	62	13	4	00	65	0	0	00	62	14	5	12	65	0	0	00
60	56	2	0	78	58	0	0	00	60	0	0	00	58	1	0	39	60	0	0	00
55	51	7	2	70	53	2	8	00	55	0	0	00	53	3	7	35	55	0	0	00
50	46	12	4	64	48	5	4	00	50	0	0	00	48	6	2	32	50	0	0	00
45	42	1	6	58	43	8	0	00	45	0	0	00	43	8	9	29	45	0	0	00
40	37	6	8	51	38	10	8	00	40	0	0	00	38	11	4	25	40	0	0	00
35	32	11	10	45	33	13	4	00	35	0	0	00	33	13	11	22	35	0	0	00
30	28	1	0	38	29	0	0	00	30	0	0	00	29	0	6	19	30	0	0	00
25	23	6	2	32	24	2	8	00	25	0	0	00	24	3	1	16	25	0	0	00
20	18	11	4	25	19	5	4	00	20	0	0	00	19	5	8	13	20	0	0	00
15	14	0	6	19	14	8	0	00	15	0	0	00	14	8	3	09	15	0	0	00
10	9	5	8	12	9	10	8	00	10	0	0	00	9	10	10	06	10	0	0	00
9	8	6	8	51	8	11	2	00	9	0	0	00	8	11	4	25	9	0	0	00
8	7	7	7	90	7	11	8	00	8	0	0	00	7	11	10	44	8	0	0	00
7	6	8	9	28	6	12	3	00	7	0	0	00	6	12	4	64	7	0	0	00
6	5	9	9	67	5	12	9	00	6	0	0	00	5	12	10	83	6	0	0	00
5	4	10	10	06	4	13	4	00	5	0	0	00	4	13	5	03	5	0	0	00
4	3	11	10	44	3	13	10	00	4	0	0	00	3	13	11	22	4	0	0	00
3	2	12	10	83	2	14	4	00	3	0	0	00	2	14	5	41	3	0	0	00
2	1	13	11	62	1	14	11	00	2	0	0	00	1	14	11	61	2	0	0	00
1	0	14	11	61	0	15	5	00	1	0	0	00	0	15	5	80	1	0	0	00
0	0	7	5	80	0	7	8	00	0	0	0	00	0	7	8	90	0	0	0	00

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Sterling.		1s. 0d. per Rupee.		1s. 0½d. per Rupee.		1s. 0¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 1d. per Rupee.		1s. 1½d. per Rupee.	
£	s. d.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
10,000	0 0	2,00,000	0 0	1,95,918	5 11	1,92,000	0 0	1,88,235	4 8	1,84,615	6 2
5,000	0 0	1,00,000	0 0	97,959	2 11	96,000	0 0	94,117	10 4	92,307	11 1
4,000	0 0	80,000	0 0	78,367	5 7	76,800	0 0	75,294	1 11	73,846	2 6
3,000	0 0	60,000	0 0	58,775	8 2	57,600	0 0	56,470	9 5	55,384	9 10
2,000	0 0	40,000	0 0	39,183	10 9	38,400	0 0	37,647	0 11	36,923	1 3
1,000	0 0	20,000	0 0	19,591	13 5	19,200	0 0	18,823	8 6	18,461	8 7
500	0 0	10,000	0 0	9,795	14 8	9,600	0 0	9,411	12 3	9,230	12 4
400	0 0	8,000	0 0	7,836	11 9	7,680	0 0	7,529	6 7	7,384	9 10
300	0 6	6,000	9 0	5,877	8 10	5,760	0 0	5,647	0 11	5,538	7 5
200	0 0	4,000	0 0	3,918	5 11	3,840	0 0	3,764	11 4	3,692	4 11
100	0 0	2,000	0 0	1,959	2 11	1,920	0 0	1,882	5 8	1,846	2 6
50	0 0	1,000	0 0	979	9 6	960	0 0	941	2 10	923	1 3
40	0 0	800	0 0	783	10 9	768	0 0	752	15 1	738	7 5
30	0 0	600	0 0	587	12 1	576	0 0	564	11 4	553	13 6
20	0 0	400	0 0	391	13 5	384	0 0	376	7 6	369	3 8
10	0 0	200	0 0	195	14 8	192	0 0	188	3 9	184	9 10
5	0 0	100	0 0	97	15 4	96	0 0	94	1 11	92	4 11
4	0 0	80	0 0	78	5 11	76	12 10	75	4 8	73	13 6
3	0 0	60	0 0	58	12 5	57	9 7	56	7 6	55	6 2
2	0 0	40	0 0	39	2 11	38	6 5	37	10 4	36	14 9
1	0 0	20	0 0	19	9 6	19	3 2	18	13 2	18	7 5
0 15	0	15	0 0	14	11 1	14	6 5	14	1 11	13	13 6
0 10	0	10	0 0	9	12 9	9	9 7	9	6 7	9	3 8
0 5	0	5	0 0	4	14 4	4	12 10	4	11 4	4	9 10
0 4	0	4	0 0	3	14 8	3	13 5	3	12 3	3	11 1
0 3	0	3	0 0	2	15 0	2	14 1	2	13 2	2	12 4
0 2	0	2	0 0	1	15 4	1	14 9	1	13 6	1	13 0
0 1	0	1	0 0	0	15 8	0	15 4	0	14 9	0	14 6
0 0 6		0	8 0	0	7 10	0	7 8	0	7 6	0	7 5
0 0 5		0	6 8	0	6 6	0	6 5	0	6 3	0	6 2
0 0 4		0	5 4	0	5 3	0	5 1	0	5 0	0	4 11
0 0 3		0	4 0	0	3 11	0	3 10	0	3 9	0	3 8
0 0 2		0	2 8	0	2 7	0	2 7	0	2 6	0	2 6
0 0 1		0	1 4	0	1 4	0	1 3	0	1 3	0	1 2

LONDON AND MADRAS.

1s. 1½d. per Rupee.		1s. 1¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 2d. per Rupee.		1s. 2¼d. per Rupee.		1s. 2½d. per Rupee.		1s. 2¾d. per Rupee.		Sterling.	
RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	£	s. d.
1,77,777	12 5	1,74,545	7 3	1,71,428	9 2	1,68,421	0 10	1,65,517	3 10	1,62,711	13 10	10,000	0 0
88,888	14 3	87,272	11 8	85,714	4 7	84,210	8 5	82,758	9 11	81,355	14 11	5,000	0 0
71,111	1 9	69,818	2 11	68,571	6 10	67,368	6 9	66,206	14 4	65,084	11 11	4,000	0 0
53,333	5 4	52,363	10 2	51,428	9 2	50,526	5 1	49,655	2 9	48,813	8 11	3,000	0 0
35,555	8 11	34,909	1 5	34,285	11 5	33,684	3 4	33,103	7 2	32,542	6 0	2,000	0 0
17,777	12 5	17,454	8 9	17,142	13 9	16,842	1 8	16,551	11 7	16,271	3 0	1,000	0 0
8,888	14 3	8,727	4 4	8,571	6 10	8,421	0 10	8,275	13 10	8,135	9 6	500	0 0
7,111	1 9	6,981	13 1	6,857	2 3	6,736	13 6	6,620	11 0	6,508	7 7	400	0 0
5,333	5 4	5,236	5 10	5,142	13 9	5,052	10 1	4,965	8 3	4,881	5 8	300	0 0
3,555	8 11	3,490	14 7	3,428	9 2	3,368	6 9	3,310	5 6	3,254	3 10	200	0 0
1,777	12 5	1,745	7 3	1,714	4 7	1,684	3 4	1,655	2 9	1,627	1 11	100	0 0
888	14 3	872	11 8	857	2 3	842	1 8	827	9 5	813	8 11	50	0 0
711	1 9	698	2 11	685	11 5	673	10 11	662	1 1	650	13 7	40	0 0
533	5 4	523	10 2	514	4 7	505	4 3	496	8 10	488	2 2	30	0 0
355	8 11	349	1 5	342	13 9	336	13 6	331	0 7	325	6 9	20	0 0
177	12 5	174	8 9	171	6 10	168	6 9	165	8 3	162	11 5	10	0 0
88	14 3	87	4 4	85	11 5	84	3 4	82	12 2	81	5 8	5	0 0
71	1 9	69	13 1	68	9 21	67	5 11	66	3 4	65	1 4	4	0 0
53	5 4	52	5 10	51	6 10	50	8 5	49	10 6	48	13 0	3	0 0
35	8 11	34	14 7	34	4 7	33	10 11	33	1 8	32	8 8	2	0 0
17	12 5	17	7 3	17	2 3	16	13 6	16	8 10	16	4 4	1	0 0
13	5 4	13	1 5	12	13 9	12	10 1	12	6 7	12	3 3	0 15	0
8	14 3	8	11 8	8	9 2	8	6 9	8	4 5	8	2 2	0 10	0
4	7 1	4	5 10	4	4 7	4	3 4	4	2 2	4	1 1	0 5	0
3	8 11	3	7 10	3	6 10	3	5 11	3	5 0	3	4 1	0 4	0
2	10 8	2	9 11	2	9 2	2	8 5	2	7 9	2	7 1	0 3	0
1	12 5	1	11 11	1	11 5	1	10 11	1	10 6	1	10 0	0 2	0
0 14	3	0	14 0	0	13 9	0	13 6	0	13 3	0	13 0	0 1	0
0 7	1	0	7 0	0	6 10	0	6 9	0	6 7	0	6 6	0 0	6
0 5	11	0	5 10	0	5 9	0	5 7	0	5 6	0	5 5	0 0	5
0 4	9	0	4 8	0	4 7	0	4 6	0	4 5	0	4 4	0 0	4
0 3	7	0	3 6	0	3 5	0	3 4	0	3 4	0	3 3	0 0	3
0 2	4	0	2 4	0	2 3	0	2 3	0	2 2	0	2 2	0 0	2
0 1	2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 1	0	1 1	0	1 1	0 0	1

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TABLE OF EXCHANGE—LONDON AND MADRAS. [PART VII.]

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Sterling.		1s. 3d. per Rupee.		1s. 3½d. per Rupee.		1s. 3¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 3d. per Rupee.		1s. 4d. per Rupee.		1s. 4½d. per Rupee.	
£	s. d.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
10,000	0 0	1,60,000	0 0	1,57,377	0 9	1,54,838	11 4	1,52,380	15 3	1,50,000	0 0	1,47,692	4 11
5,000	0 0	80,000	0 0	78,688	8 5	77,419	5 8	76,190	7 5	75,000	0 0	73,846	2 6
4,000	0 0	64,000	0 0	62,950	13 1	61,935	7 9	60,952	6 1	60,000	0 0	59,076	14 9
3,000	0 0	48,000	0 0	47,213	11 0	46,451	9 10	45,714	4 7	45,000	0 0	44,307	11 1
2,000	0 0	32,000	0 0	31,475	6 7	30,967	11 10	30,476	3 1	30,000	0 0	29,538	7 5
1,000	0 0	16,000	0 0	15,737	11 3	15,483	13 11	15,238	1 6	15,000	0 0	14,769	3 8
500	0 0	8,000	0 0	7,868	13 8	7,741	15 0	7,619	0 9	7,500	0 0	7,384	9 10
400	0 0	6,400	0 0	6,295	1 4	6,193	8 9	6,095	3 10	6,000	0 0	5,907	11 1
300	0 0	4,800	0 0	4,721	5 0	4,645	2 7	4,571	6 10	4,500	0 0	4,430	12 4
200	0 0	3,200	0 0	3,147	8 8	3,096	12 5	3,047	9 12	3,000	0 0	2,953	13 6
100	0 0	1,600	0 0	1,573	12 4	1,548	6 2	1,523	12 11	1,500	0 0	1,476	14 9
50	0 0	800	0 0	786	14 2	774	3 1	761	14 6	750	0 0	738	7 5
40	0 0	640	0 0	629	8 2	619	5 8	609	8 5	600	0 0	590	12 4
30	0 0	480	0 0	472	2 1	464	8 3	457	2 3	450	0 0	443	1 3
20	0 0	320	0 0	314	12 1	309	10 10	304	12 2	300	0 0	295	6 2
10	0 0	160	0 0	157	6 0	154	13 5	152	6 1	150	0 0	147	11 1
5	0 0	80	0 0	78	11 0	77	6 9	76	3 1	75	0 0	73	13 6
4	0 0	64	0 0	62	15 3	61	15 0	60	15 3	60	0 0	59	1 3
3	0 0	48	0 0	47	3 5	46	7 3	45	11 5	45	0 0	44	4 11
2	0 0	32	0 0	31	7 7	30	15 6	30	7 7	30	0 0	29	8 7
1	0 0	16	0 0	15	11 10	15	7 9	15	3 10	15	0 0	14	12 4
0 15	0	12	0 0	11	12 10	11	9 10	11	6 10	11	4 0	11	1 3
0 10	0	8	0 0	7	13 11	7	11 10	7	9 11	7	8 0	7	6 2
0 5	0	4	0 0	3	14 11	3	13 11	3	12 11	3	12 0	3	11 1
0 4	0	3	3 2	3	2 4	3	1 7	3	0 9	3	0 0	2	15 3
0 3	0	2	6 5	2	5 9	2	5 2	2	4 7	2	4 0	2	3 5
0 2	0	1	9 7	1	9 2	1	8 9	1	8 5	1	8 0	1	7 8
0 1	0	0	12 10	0	12 7	0	12 5	0	12 2	0	12 0	0	11 10
0 0 5		0	6 5	0	6 4	0	6 2	0	6 1	0	6 0	0	5 11
0 0 5		0	5 4	0	5 3	0	5 2	0	5 1	0	5 0	0	4 11
0 0 4		0	4 3	0	4 2	0	4 2	0	4 1	0	4 0	0	3 11
0 0 3		0	3 2	0	3 2	0	3 1	0	3 1	0	3 0	0	2 11
0 0 2		0	2 2	0	2 1	0	2 1	0	2 0	0	2 0	0	2 0
0 0 1		0	1 1	0	1 1	0	1 0	0	1 0	0	1 0	0	1 0

LONDON AND MADRAS.

1s. 4½d. per Rupee.		1s. 4d. per Rupee.		1s. 5d. per Rupee.		1s. 5½d. per Rupee.		1s. 5d. per Rupee.		1s. 5½d. per Rupee.		Sterling.	
Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.
1,45,454	8 9	1,43,283	9 4	1,41,176	7 6	1,39,130	6 11	1,37,142	13 9	1,35,211	4 3	10,000	0 0
72,727	4 4	71,611	12 8	70,588	3 9	69,565	3 6	68,571	6 10	67,605	10 2	5,000	0 0
58,181	13 1	57,313	6 11	56,470	9 5	55,652	2 9	54,857	2 3	54,084	8 1	4,000	0 0
44,636	5 10	42,985	1 2	42,352	15 1	41,739	2 1	41,142	13 9	40,563	6 1	3,000	0 0
29,090	14 7	28,656	11 6	28,235	4 8	27,826	1 5	27,428	9 2	27,042	4 1	2,000	0 0
14,545	7 3	14,328	5 9	14,117	10 4	13,913	0 8	13,714	4 7	13,521	2 0	1,000	0 0
7,272	11 8	7,164	2 10	7,058	13 2	6,956	8 4	6,857	2 3	6,760	9 0	500	0 0
5,818	2 11	5,731	5 6	5,647	0 11	5,565	3 6	5,485	11 5	5,408	7 3	400	0 0
4,363	10 2	4,298	8 1	4,235	4 8	4,173	14 7	4,114	4 7	4,056	5 5	300	0 0
2,909	1 5	2,865	10 9	2,823	8 6	2,782	9 9	2,742	13 9	2,704	3 7	200	0 0
1,454	8 9	1,432	13 4	1,411	12 3	1,391	4 10	1,371	6 10	1,352	1 10	100	0 0
727	4 4	716	6 8	705	14 1	695	10 5	685	11 5	676	0 11	50	0 0
581	13 1	573	2 2	564	11 4	556	8 4	548	9 2	540	13 6	40	0 0
436	5 10	429	15 7	423	8 6	417	6 3	411	6 10	405	10 2	30	0 0
290	14 7	286	9 1	282	5 8	278	4 2	274	4 7	270	6 9	20	0 0
145	7 3	143	4 6	141	2 10	139	2 1	137	2 3	135	3 5	10	0 0
72	11 8	71	10 3	70	9 5	69	9 1	68	9 2	67	9 8	5	0 0
58	2 11	57	5 0	56	7 6	55	10 5	54	13 9	54	1 4	4	0 0
43	10 2	42	15 9	42	5 8	41	11 10	41	2 3	40	9 0	3	0 0
29	1 5	28	10 6	28	3 9	27	13 3	27	6 10	27	0 8	2	0 0
14	8 9	14	5 3	14	1 11	13	14 7	13	11 5	13	8 4	1	0 0
10	14 7	10	11 11	10	9 5	10	6 11	10	4 7	10	2 3	0	15 0
7	4 4	7	2 8	7	0 11	6	15 4	6	12 9	6	12 2	0	10 0
3	10 2	3	9 4	3	8 6	3	7 8	3	6 10	3	6 1	0	5 0
2	14 7	2	13 10	2	13 2	2	12 6	2	11 11	2	11 3	0	4 0
2	2 11	2	2 5	2	1 11	2	1 5	2	0 11	2	0 5	0	3 0
1	7 3	1	6 11	1	6 7	1	6 3	1	5 11	1	5 8	0	2 0
0 11	8	0 11	6	0 11	4	0 11	2	0 11	0	0 10	10	0	1 0
0 5	10	0 5	9	0 5	8	0 5	7	0 5	6	0 5	5	0	0 6
0 4	10	0 4	9	0 4	8	0 4	8	0 4	7	0 4	6	0	0 5
0 3	11	0 3	10	0 3	9	0 3	9	0 3	8	0 3	7	0	0 4
0 2	11	0 2	10	0 2	10	0 2	9	0 2	9	0 2	8	0	0 3
0 1	11	0 1	11	0 1	11	0 1	10	0 1	10	0 1	10	0	0 2
0 1	0	0 0	11	0 0	11	0 0	11	0 0	11	0 0	11	0	0 1

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Sterling.		1s. 6d. per Rupee.		1s. 6½d. per Rupee.		1s. 6¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 7d. per Rupee.		1s. 7½d. per Rupee.	
£	s. d.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.
10,000	0 0	1,33,333 5 4		1,31,506 13 7		1,29,729 11 8		1,28,000 0 0		1,26,315 12 8	
5,000	0 0	66,666 10 8		65,753 6 10		64,864 13 10		64,000 0 0		63,157 14 4	
4,000	0 0	53,333 5 4		52,602 11 10		51,891 14 3		51,200 0 0		50,526 5 1	
3,000	0 0	40,000 0 0		39,452 0 11		38,918 14 8		38,400 0 0		37,894 11 9	
2,000	0 0	26,666 10 8		26,301 5 11		25,915 15 2		25,600 0 0		25,269 2 6	
1,000	0 0	13,333 5 4		13,150 11 0		12,972 15 7		12,800 0 0		12,631 9 5	
500	0 0	6,666 10 8		6,575 5 6		6,486 7 9		6,400 0 0		6,315 12 8	
400	0 0	5,333 5 4		5,260 4 5		5,189 3 0		5,120 0 0		5,052 10 1	
300	0 0	4,000 0 0		3,945 3 3		3,891 14 3		3,840 0 0		3,789 7 7	
200	0 0	2,666 10 8		2,630 2 2		2,594 9 6		2,560 0 0		2,526 5 1	
100	0 0	1,333 5 4		1,315 1 1		1,297 4 9		1,280 0 0		1,263 2 6	
50	0 0	666 10 8		657 8 7		648 10 5		640 0 0		631 9 3	
40	0 0	533 5 4		526 0 5		518 14 8		512 0 0		505 4 3	
30	0 0	400 0 0		394 8 4		389 3 0		384 0 0		378 15 2	
20	0 0	266 10 8		263 0 3		259 7 4		256 0 0		252 10 1	
10	0 0	133 5 4		131 8 1		129 11 8		128 0 0		126 5 1	
5	0 0	66 10 8		65 12 1		64 13 10		64 0 0		62 2 6	
4	0 0	53 5 4		52 9 8		51 14 3		51 3 2		50 8 5	
3	0 0	40 0 0		39 7 3		38 14 8		38 6 5		37 14 4	
2	0 0	26 10 8		26 4 10		25 15 2		25 9 7		25 4 3	
1	0 0	13 5 4		13 2 5		12 15 7		12 12 10		12 10 1	
0 15 0		10 0 0		9 13 10		9 11 8		9 9 7		9 7 7	
0 10 0		6 10 8		6 9 2		6 7 9		6 6 5		6 5 1	
0 5 0		3 5 4		3 4 7		3 3 11		3 3 2		3 2 6	
0 4 0		2 10 8		2 10 1		2 9 6		2 9 0		2 8 5	
0 3 0		2 0 0		1 15 7		1 15 2		1 14 9		1 14 4	
0 2 0		1 5 4		1 5 0		1 4 9		1 4 6		1 4 3	
0 1 0		0 10 8		0 10 6		0 10 5		0 10 3		0 10 1	
0 0 6		0 5 4		0 5 3		0 5 2		0 5 1		0 5 0	
0 0 5		0 4 5		0 4 5		0 4 4		0 4 3		0 4 2	
0 0 4		0 3 7		0 3 6		0 3 6		0 3 5		0 3 4	
0 0 3		0 2 8		0 2 8		0 2 7		0 2 7		0 2 6	
0 0 2		0 1 9		0 1 9		0 1 9		0 1 8		0 1 8	
0 0 1		0 0 11		0 0 11		0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10	

LONDON AND MADRAS.

1s. 7½d. per Rupee.		1s. 7¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 8d. per Rupee.		1s. 8½d. per Rupee.		1s. 8¾d. per Rupee.		Sterling.	
Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	£	s. d.
1,23,076	14 9	1,21,518	15 10	1,20,000	0 0	1,18,518	8 4	1,17,073	2 9	1,15,662	10 5
61,538	7 5	60,759	7 11	60,000	0 0	59,259	4 2	58,536	9 4	57,831	5 2
49,230	12 4	48,607	9 6	48,000	0 0	47,407	6 6	46,829	4 4	46,265	1 0
36,923	1 3	36,455	11 2	36,000	0 0	35,553	8 11	35,121	15 3	34,698	12 9
24,615	6 2	24,303	12 9	24,000	0 0	23,703	11 3	23,414	10 2	23,132	8 6
12,307	11 1	12,151	14 5	12,000	0 0	11,851	13 8	11,707	5 1	11,566	4 3
6,153	13 6	6,075	15 2	6,000	0 0	5,925	14 10	5,853	10 6	5,783	2 1
4,923	1 3	4,860	12 2	4,800	0 0	4,740	11 10	4,682	14 10	4,626	8 1
3,692	4 11	3,645	9 1	3,600	0 0	3,553	8 11	3,512	3 1	3,469	14 1
2,461	8 7	2,430	6 1	2,400	0 0	2,370	5 11	2,341	7 5	2,313	4 1
1,230	12 4	1,215	3 0	1,200	0 0	1,185	3 0	1,170	11 8	1,156	10 0
615	6 2	607	9 6	600	0 0	592	9 6	585	5 10	578	5 0
492	4 1	486	1 3	480	0 0	474	1 2	468	4 8	462	10 5
369	3 8	364	8 11	360	0 0	355	8 11	351	3 6	346	15 10
246	2 6	243	0 7	240	0 0	237	0 7	234	2 4	231	5 2
123	1 3	121	8 4	120	0 0	118	8 4	117	1 2	115	10 7
61	8 7	60	12 2	60	0 0	59	4 2	58	8 7	57	13 4
49	3 8	48	9 9	48	0 0	47	6 6	46	13 3	46	4 3
36	14 9	36	7 3	36	0 0	35	8 11	35	1 11	34	11 2
24	9 10	24	4 10	24	0 0	23	11 3	23	6 8	23	2 1
12	4 11	12	2 3	12	0 0	11	13 8	11	11 4	11	9 1
9	3 8	9	1 10	9	0 0	8	14 3	8	12 6	8	10 10
6	2 6	6	1 3	6	0 0	5	14 10	5	13 8	5	12 6
3	1 3	3	0 7	3	0 0	2	15 5	2	14 10	2	14 3
2	7 5	2	6 11	2	6 5	2	5 11	2	5 6	2	5 0
1	13 6	1	13 2	1	12 10	1	12 5	1	12 1	1	11 9
1	3 8	1	3 5	1	3 2	1	3 0	1	2 9	1	2 6
0 9 10		0 9 9		0 9 7		0 9 6		0 9 4		0 9 3	
0 4 11		0 4 10		0 4 10		0 4 9		0 4 8		0 4 8	
0 4 1		0 4 1		0 4 0		0 3 11		0 3 11		0 3 10	
0 3 3		0 3 3		0 3 2		0 3 2		0 3 1		0 3 1	
0 2 6		0 2 5		0 2 5		0 2 4		0 2 4		0 2 4	
0 1 8		0 1 7		0 1 7		0 1 7		0 1 7		0 1 7	
0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 9		0 0 9		0 0 9	

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Sterling.		1s. 9d. per Rupee.		1s. 9½d. per Rupee.		1s. 9¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 10d. per Rupee.		1s. 10½d. per Rupee.	
£	s. d.	rs.	A. P.	rs.	A. P.	rs.	A. P.	rs.	A. P.	rs.	A. P.
10,000	0 0	1,14,285	11 5	1,12,941	2 10	1,11,627	14 6	1,10,344	13 3	1,09,030	11 6
5,000	0 0	57,142	13 9	55,470	9 5	53,813	15 3	52,172	6 7	51,515	7 3
4,000	0 0	45,714	4 7	45,176	7 6	44,651	2 7	44,137	14 11	43,636	5 9
3,000	0 0	34,285	11 5	33,832	5 8	33,488	5 11	33,103	7 2	32,727	4 4
2,000	0 0	22,857	2 3	22,588	3 9	22,325	9 4	22,068	15 5	21,818	2 10
1,000	0 0	11,428	9 2	11,291	1 11	11,162	12 8	11,034	7 9	10,909	1 5
500	0 0	5,714	4 7	5,647	0 11	5,581	6 4	5,517	3 10	5,454	8 8
400	0 0	4,571	6 10	4,517	10 4	4,465	1 10	4,413	12 8	4,363	10 2
300	0 0	3,428	9 2	3,383	3 9	3,338	13 5	3,310	5 6	3,272	11 7
200	0 0	2,285	11 5	2,258	13 2	2,232	8 11	2,206	14 4	2,181	13 1
100	0 0	1,142	13 9	1,129	6 7	1,116	4 6	1,103	7 2	1,090	14 6
50	0 0	571	6 10	561	11 4	558	2 3	551	11 7	545	7 3
40	0 0	457	2 3	451	12 3	446	8 2	441	6 1	436	5 9
30	0 0	342	13 9	338	13 2	334	11 2	331	0 7	327	4 4
20	0 0	228	9 2	225	14 1	223	4 1	220	11 0	218	2 10
10	0 0	114	4 7	112	15 1	111	10 1	110	5 6	109	1 5
5	0 0	57	2 3	56	7 6	55	13 0	55	2 9	54	8 8
4	0 0	45	11 5	45	2 10	44	10 5	44	2 2	43	10 2
3	0 0	34	4 7	33	14 1	33	7 10	33	1 8	32	11 7
2	0 0	22	13 9	22	9 5	22	5 3	22	1 1	21	13 1
1	0 0	11	6 10	11	4 8	11	2 7	11	0 7	10	16 6
0 15	0	8	9 2	8	7 6	8	5 11	8	4 5	8	2 10
0 10	0	5	11 5	5	10 4	5	9 4	5	8 3	5	7 3
0 5	0	2	13 9	2	13 2	2	12 8	2	12 2	2	11 7
0 4	0	2	4 7	2	4 2	2	3 9	2	3 4	2	2 10
0 3	0	1	11 5	1	11 1	1	10 9	1	10 6	1	10 2
0 2	0	1	2 3	1	2 1	1	1 10	1	1 8	1	1 5
0 1	0	0	9 2	0	9 0	0	8 11	0	8 10	0	8 8
0 0 6		0	4 7	0	4 6	0	4 6	0	4 5	0	4 4
0 0 5		0	3 10	0	3 9	0	3 9	0	3 8	0	3 7
0 0 4		0	3 1	0	3 0	0	3 0	0	2 11	0	2 10
0 0 3		0	2 3	0	2 3	0	2 3	0	2 2	0	2 2
0 0 2		0	1 6	0	1 6	0	1 6	0	1 6	0	1 5
0 0 1		0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 8

LONDON AND MADRAS.

1s. 10½d. per Rupee.				1s. 10½d. per Rupee.				1s. 11d. per Rupee.				1s. 11½d. per Rupee.				1s. 11¾d. per Rupee.				Sterling.			
Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	Rs.	A. P.	£	s.	d.					
1,06,666	10 8	1,05,491	8 0	1,04,347	13 2	1,03,225	12 10	1,02,127	10 6	1,01,052	10 0	10,000	0 0										
53,333	5 4	52,747	4 0	52,173	14 7	51,612	14 5	51,063	13 3	50,526	5 0	5,000	0 0										
42,666	10 8	42,197	12 10	41,739	2 1	41,290	5 1	40,851	1 0	40,401	0 10	4,000	0 0										
32,000	0 0	31,648	5 7	31,304	5 6	30,967	11 10	30,638	4 9	30,315	12 7	3,000	0 0										
21,333	5 4	21,098	14 8	20,869	9 0	20,645	2 6	20,425	8 6	20,210	8 5	2,000	0 0										
10,666	10 8	10,549	7 2	10,434	12 6	10,322	9 3	10,212	12 3	10,105	4 2	1,000	0 0										
5,333	5 4	5,274	11 7	5,217	6 3	5,161	4 7	5,106	6 1	5,052	10 1	500	0 0										
4,266	10 8	4,219	12 5	4,173	14 7	4,129	0 6	4,085	1 8	4,042	1 8	400	0 0										
3,200	0 0	3,161	13 4	3,130	6 11	3,099	12 4	3,063	13 3	3,031	9 3	300	0 0										
2,133	5 4	2,109	14 2	2,086	15 3	2,064	8 3	2,042	8 10	2,021	0 10	200	0 0										
1,066	10 8	1,051	15 1	1,043	7 7	1,032	4 1	1,021	4 5	1,010	8 5	100	0 0										
533	5 4	527	7 6	521	11 9	516	2 0	510	10 2	505	4 2	50	0 0										
426	10 8	421	15 7	417	6 3	412	14 5	408	8 2	404	3 4	40	0 0										
320	0 0	316	7 8	313	0 8	309	10 10	306	6 1	303	2 6	30	0 0										
213	5 4	210	15 9	208	11 1	206	7 2	204	4 1	202	1 8	20	0 0										
106	10 8	105	7 10	104	5 6	103	3 7	102	2 0	101	0 10	10	0 0										
53	5 4	52	11 11	52	2 9	51	9 9	51	1 0	50	8 5	5	0 0										
42	10 8	42	3 1	41	11 9	41	4 7	40	13 7	40	6 8	4	0 0										
32	0 0	31	0 4	31	4 10	30	15 5	30	10 2	30	5 0	3	0 0										
21	5 4	21	0 6	20	13 10	20	10 4	20	6 9	20	3 4	2	0 0										
10	10 8	10	0 9	10	6 11	10	5 2	10	3 4	10	1 8	1	0 9										
8	0 0	7	14 7	7	13 2	7	11 10	7	10 6	7	9 3	0	15 0										
5	5 4	5	4 4	5	3 5	5	2 6	5	1 8	5	0 10	0	10 0										
2	10 8	2	10 2	2	9 8	2	9 3	2	8 10	2	8 5	0	5 0										
2	2 1	2	1 9	2	1 4	2	1 0	2	0 8	2	0 4	0	4 0										
1	9 7	1	9 3	1	9 0	1	8 9	1	8 6	1	8 3	0	3 0										
1	1 0	1	0 10	1	0 8	1	0 6	1	0 4	1	0 2	0	2 0										
0	8 6	0	8 5	0	8 4	0	8 3	0	8 2	0	8 1	0	1 0										
0	4 3	0	4 2	0	4 2	0	4 1	0	4 1	0	4 0	0	0 6										
0	3 6	0	3 6	0	3 5	0	3 5	0	3 4	0	3 4	0	0 5										
0	2 10	0	2 9	0	2 9	0	2 9	0	2 8	0	2 8	0	0 4										
0	2 1	0	2 1	0	2 1	0	2 0	0	2 0	0	2 0	0	0 3										
0	1 5	0	1 4	0	1 4	0	1 4	0	1 4	0	1 4	0	0 2										
0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 1										

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Rupees:			1s. 0d. per Rupee.			1s. 0½d. per Rupee.			1s. 0¼d. per Rupee.			1s. 1d. per Rupee.			1s. 1½d. per Rupee.		
RS.	A.	P.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
1,00,000	0	0	5,000	0	0	5,104	3	4	5,208	6	8	5,312	10	0	5,416	13	4
50,000	0	0	2,500	0	0	2,552	1	8	2,604	3	4	2,656	5	0	2,708	6	8
40,000	0	0	2,000	0	0	2,041	13	4	2,083	6	8	2,125	0	0	2,166	13	4
30,000	0	0	1,500	0	0	1,531	5	0	1,562	10	0	1,593	15	0	1,625	0	0
20,000	0	0	1,000	0	0	1,020	16	8	1,041	13	4	1,062	10	0	1,083	6	8
10,000	0	0	500	0	0	510	8	4	520	16	8	531	5	0	541	13	4
5,000	0	0	250	0	0	255	4	2	260	8	4	265	12	6	270	16	8
4,000	0	0	200	0	0	204	3	4	208	6	8	212	10	0	216	13	4
3,000	0	0	150	0	0	153	2	6	156	5	0	159	7	6	162	10	0
2,000	0	0	100	0	0	102	1	8	104	3	4	106	5	0	108	6	8
1,000	0	0	50	0	0	51	0	10	52	1	8	53	2	6	54	3	4
500	0	0	25	0	0	25	10	5	26	0	10	26	11	3	27	1	8
400	0	0	20	0	0	20	8	4	20	16	8	21	5	0	21	13	4
300	0	0	15	0	0	15	6	3	15	12	6	15	8	9	16	5	0
200	0	0	10	0	0	10	4	2	10	8	4	10	12	6	10	16	8
100	0	0	5	0	0	5	2	1	5	4	2	5	6	3	5	8	4
50	0	0	2	10	0	2	11	1	2	12	1	2	13	2	2	14	2
40	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	10	2	1	8	2	2	6	2	3	4
30	0	0	1	10	0	1	10	8	1	11	3	1	11	11	1	12	6
20	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	5	1	0	10	1	1	3	1	1	8
10	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	3	0	10	5	0	10	8	0	10	10
5	0	0	0	5	0	0	5	1	0	5	3	0	5	4	0	5	5
4	0	0	0	4	0	0	4	1	0	4	2	0	4	3	0	4	4
3	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	1	0	3	2	0	3	2	0	3	3
2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	2	1	0	2	2	0	2	2
1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1
0	12	0	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	9	0	0	10	0	0	10
0	8	0	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	7
0	4	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3
0	3	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2
0	2	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2
0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	9	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	1
0	0	6	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	..

MADRAS AND LONDON.

1s. 1½d. per Rupce.		1s. 1½d. per Rupce.		1s. 2d. per Rupce.		1s. 2½d. per Rupce.		1s. 2½d. per Rupce.		1s. 2¾d. per Rupce.		Rupees.	
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Rs.	A. P.
5,625	0 0	5,729	3 4	5,833	6 8	5,937	10 0	6,041	13 4	6,145	16 8	1,00,000	0 0
2,812	10 0	2,864	11 8	2,916	13 4	2,968	15 0	3,020	16 8	3,072	18 4	50,000	0 0
2,250	0 0	2,291	13 4	2,333	6 8	2,375	0 0	2,416	13 4	2,458	6 8	40,000	0 0
1,687	10 0	1,718	15 0	1,750	0 0	1,781	5 0	1,812	10 0	1,843	15 0	30,000	0 0
1,125	0 0	1,145	16 8	1,166	13 4	1,187	10 0	1,208	6 8	1,229	3 4	20,000	0 0
562	10 0	572	18 4	583	6 8	593	15 0	604	3 4	614	11 8	10,000	0 0
281	5 0	286	9 2	291	13 4	296	17 6	302	1 8	307	5 10	5,000	0 0
225	0 0	229	3 4	233	6 8	237	10 0	241	13 4	245	16 8	4,000	0 0
168	15 0	171	17 6	175	0 0	178	2 6	181	5 0	184	7 6	3,000	0 0
112	10 0	114	11 8	116	13 4	118	15 0	120	16 8	122	18 4	2,000	0 0
56	5 0	57	5 10	58	6 8	59	7 6	60	8 4	61	9 2	1,000	0 0
28	2 6	28	12 11	29	3 4	29	13 9	30	4 2	30	14 7	500	0 0
22	10 0	22	18 4	23	6 8	23	15 0	24	3 4	24	11 8	400	0 0
16	17 6	17	3 9	17	10 0	17	16 3	18	2 6	18	8 9	300	0 0
11	5 0	11	9 2	11	13 4	11	17 6	12	1 8	12	5 10	200	0 0
5	12 6	5	14 7	5	16 8	5	18 9	6	0 10	6	2 11	100	0 0
2	16 3	2	17 4	2	18 4	2	19 5	3	0 5	3	1 6	50	0 0
2	5 0	2	5 10	2	6 8	2	7 6	2	8 4	2	9 2	40	0 0
1	13 9	1	14 5	1	15 0	1	15 8	1	16 3	1	16 11	20	0 0
1	2 6	1	2 11	1	3 4	1	3 9	1	4 2	1	4 7	20	0 0
0	11 3	0	11 6	0	11 8	0	11 11	0	12 1	0	12 4	10	0 0
0	5 8	0	5 9	0	5 10	0	5 11	0	6 1	0	6 2	5	0 0
0	4 6	0	4 7	0	4 8	0	4 9	0	4 10	0	4 11	4	0 0
0	3 5	0	3 5	0	3 6	0	3 7	0	3 8	0	3 8	3	0 0
0	2 3	0	2 4	0	2 4	0	2 5	0	2 5	0	2 6	2	0 0
0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 3	0	1 3	1	0 0
0	0 10	0	0 10	0	0 11	0	0 11	0	0 11	0	0 11	0	12 0
0	0 7	0	0 7	0	0 7	0	0 7	0	0 7	0	0 7	0	8 0
0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	4 0
0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	3 0
0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	2 0
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	1 0
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 9
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	0 6

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Rupees.		1s. 3d. per Rupee.		1s. 3½d. per Rupee.		1s. 3¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 4d. per Rupee.		1s. 4½d. per Rupee.	
rs.	A. P.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
1,00,000	0 0	6,250	0 0	6,354	3 4	6,458	6 8	6,562	10 0	6,666	13 4
50,000	0 0	3,125	0 0	3,177	1 8	3,229	3 4	3,281	5 0	3,333	6 8
40,000	0 0	2,500	0 0	2,541	13 4	2,583	6 8	2,625	0 0	2,666	13 4
30,000	0 0	2,875	0 0	1,906	5 0	1,937	10 0	1,968	15 0	2,000	0 0
20,000	0 0	1,250	0 0	1,270	16 8	1,291	13 4	1,312	10 0	1,333	6 8
10,000	0 0	625	0 0	635	8 4	645	16 8	656	5 0	666	13 4
5,000	0 0	312	10 0	317	14 2	322	18 4	328	2 6	333	6 8
4,000	0 0	250	0 0	251	3 4	258	6 8	262	10 0	266	13 4
3,000	0 0	187	10 0	190	12 6	193	15 0	196	17 6	200	0 0
2,000	0 0	125	0 0	127	1 8	129	3 4	131	5 0	133	6 8
1,000	0 0	62	10 0	63	10 10	64	11 8	65	12 6	66	13 4
500	0 0	31	5 0	31	15 5	32	5 10	32	16 3	33	6 8
400	0 0	25	0 0	25	8 4	25	16 8	26	5 0	26	13 4
300	0 0	18	15 0	19	1 3	19	7 6	19	13 9	20	0 0
200	0 0	12	10 0	12	14 2	12	18 4	13	2 6	13	6 8
100	0 0	6	5 0	6	7 1	6	9 2	6	11 3	6	13 4
50	0 0	3	2 6	3	3 7	3	4 7	3	5 8	3	6 8
40	0 0	2	10 0	2	10 10	2	11 8	2	12 6	2	13 4
30	0 0	1	17 6	1	18 2	1	18 9	1	19 5	2	0 0
20	0 0	1	5 0	1	5 5	1	5 10	1	6 3	1	6 8
10	0 0	0	12 6	0	12 9	0	12 11	0	13 2	0	13 4
5	0 0	0	6 3	0	6 4	0	6 6	0	6 7	0	6 8
4	0 0	0	5 0	0	5 1	0	5 2	0	5 3	0	5 4
3	0 0	0	3 9	0	3 10	0	3 11	0	3 11	0	4 0
2	0 0	0	2 6	0	2 7	0	2 7	0	2 8	0	2 8
1	0 0	0	1 3	0	1 3	0	1 4	0	1 4	0	1 4
0	12 0	0	0 11	0	0 11	0	1 0	0	1 0	0	1 0
0	8 0	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 8
0	4 0	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4
0	3 0	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3
0	2 0	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2
0	1 0	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0	0 9	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0	0 6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	0	0 1

MADRAS AND LONDON.

1s. 4½d. per Rupee.		1s. 4¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 5d. per Rupee.		1s. 5½d. per Rupee.		1s. 5¾d. per Rupee.		Rupees.	
£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	rs.	A. P.
6,875	0 0	6,979	3 4	7,083	6 8	7,187	10 0	7,291	13 4	7,395	16 8
3,437	10 0	3,489	11 8	3,541	13 4	3,593	15 0	3,645	16 8	3,697	18 4
2,750	0 0	2,791	13 4	2,833	6 8	2,875	0 0	2,916	13 4	2,958	6 8
2,062	10 0	2,093	15 0	2,125	0 0	2,156	5 0	2,187	10 0	2,218	15 0
1,375	0 0	1,395	16 8	1,416	13 4	1,437	10 0	1,458	6 8	1,479	3 4
687	10 0	697	18 4	708	6 8	718	15 0	729	3 4	739	11 8
313	15 0	348	19 2	354	3 4	359	7 6	364	11 8	369	15 10
275	0 0	279	3 4	283	6 8	287	10 0	291	13 4	295	16 8
206	5 0	209	7 6	212	10 0	215	12 6	218	15 0	221	17 6
137	10 0	139	11 8	141	13 4	143	15 0	145	16 8	147	18 4
68	15 0	69	15 10	70	16 8	71	17 6	72	18 4	73	19 2
31	7 6	31	17 11	35	8 4	35	18 9	36	9 2	36	19 7
27	10 0	27	18 4	28	6 8	28	15 0	29	3 4	29	11 8
20	12 6	20	18 9	21	5 0	21	11 3	21	17 6	22	3 9
13	15 0	13	19 2	14	3 4	14	7 6	14	11 8	14	15 10
6	17 6	6	19 7	7	1 8	7	3 9	7	5 10	7	7 11
3	8 9	3	9 10	3	10 10	3	11 11	3	12 11	3	14 0
2	15 0	2	15 10	2	16 8	2	17 6	2	18 4	2	19 2
2	1 3	2	1 11	2	2 6	2	3 2	2	3 9	2	4 5
1	7 6	1	7 11	1	8 4	1	8 9	1	9 2	1	9 7
0	13 9	0	14 0	0	14 2	0	14 5	0	14 7	0	14 10
0	6 11	0	7 0	0	7 1	0	7 2	0	7 4	0	7 5
0	5 6	0	5 7	0	5 8	0	5 9	0	5 10	0	5 11
0	4 2	0	4 2	0	4 3	0	4 4	0	4 5	0	4 5
0	2 9	0	2 10	0	2 10	0	2 11	0	2 11	0	3 0
0	1 5	0	1 5	0	1 5	0	1 5	0	1 6	0	1 6
0	1 0	0	1 1	0	1 1	0	1 1	0	1 1	0	1 1
0	0 8	0	0 8	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9
0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4
0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3
0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Rupees.		1s. 6d. per Rupee.		1s. 6½d. per Rupee.		1s. 6¼d. per Rupee.		1s. 6½d. per Rupee.		1s. 7d. per Rupee.		1s. 7½d. per Rupee.	
Rs.	A. P.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.	£.	s. d.
1,00,000	0 0	7,500	0 0	7,604	3 4	7,708	6 8	7,812	10 0	7,916	13 4	8,020	16 8
50,000	0 0	3,750	0 0	3,802	1 8	3,854	3 4	3,906	5 0	3,958	6 8	4,010	8 4
40,000	0 0	3,000	0 0	3,011	13 4	3,083	6 8	3,125	0 0	3,166	13 4	3,208	6 8
30,000	0 0	2,250	0 0	2,281	5 0	2,312	10 0	2,343	15 0	2,375	0 0	2,406	5 0
20,000	0 0	1,500	0 0	1,520	16 8	1,541	13 4	1,562	10 0	1,583	6 8	1,604	3 4
10,000	0 0	750	0 0	760	8 4	770	16 8	781	5 0	791	13 4	802	1 8
5,000	0 0	375	0 0	380	4 2	385	8 4	390	12 6	395	16 8	401	0 10
4,000	0 0	300	0 0	304	3 4	308	6 8	312	10 0	316	13 4	320	16 8
3,000	0 0	225	0 0	228	2 6	231	5 0	234	7 6	237	10 0	240	12 6
2,000	0 0	150	0 0	152	1 8	154	3 4	156	5 0	158	6 8	160	8 4
1,000	0 0	75	0 0	76	0 10	77	1 8	78	2 6	79	3 4	80	4 2
500	0 0	37	10 0	38	0 5	38	10 10	39	1 3	39	11 8	40	2 1
400	0 0	30	0 0	30	8 4	30	16 8	31	5 0	31	13 4	32	1 8
300	0 0	22	10 0	22	15 3	23	2 6	23	8 9	23	15 0	24	1 3
200	0 0	15	0 0	15	4 2	15	8 4	15	12 6	15	16 8	16	0 10
100	0 0	7	10 0	7	12 1	7	14 2	7	16 3	7	18 4	8	0 5
50	0 0	3	15 0	3	16 1	3	17 1	3	18 2	3	19 2	4	0 3
40	0 0	3	0 6	3	0 10	3	1 8	3	2 6	3	3 4	3	4 2
30	0 0	2	5 0	2	5 8	2	6 3	2	6 11	2	7 6	2	8 2
20	0 0	1	10 0	1	10 5	1	10 10	1	11 3	1	11 8	1	12 1
10	0 0	0	15 0	0	15 3	0	15 5	0	15 8	0	15 10	0	16 1
5	0 0	0	7 6	0	7 7	0	7 9	0	7 10	0	7 11	0	8 0
4	0 0	0	6 0	0	6 1	0	6 2	0	6 3	0	6 4	0	6 5
3	0 0	0	4 6	0	4 7	0	4 8	0	4 8	0	4 9	0	4 10
2	0 0	0	3 0	0	3 1	0	3 1	0	3 2	0	3 2	0	3 3
1	0 0	0	1 6	0	1 6	0	1 7	0	1 7	0	1 7	0	1 7
0 12	0 0	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2	0	1 2
0 8	0 0	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 9	0	0 10	0	0 10
0 4	0 0	0	0 5	0	0 5	0	0 5	0	0 5	0	0 5	0	0 5
0 3	0 0	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 3	0	0 4	0	0 4	0	0 4
0 2	0 0	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2	0	0 2
0 1	0 0	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0 0 9	0 0	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1
0 0 6	0 0	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1	0	0 1

MADRAS AND LONDON.

1s. 7½d. per Rupee.		1s. 7¾d. per Rupee.		1s. 8d. per Rupee.		1s. 8¼d. per Rupee.		1s. 8½d. per Rupee.		1s. 8¾d. per Rupee.		Rupees.	
£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	£	s. d.	Rs.	A. P.
8,125	0 0	8,229	3 4	8,333	6 8	8,437	10 0	8,451	13 4	8,645	16 8	1,00,000	0 0
4,062	10 0	4,114	11 8	4,166	13 4	4,218	15 0	4,270	16 8	4,322	18 4	50,000	0 0
3,250	0 0	3,291	13 4	3,333	6 8	3,375	0 0	3,416	13 4	3,458	6 8	40,000	0 0
2,437	10 0	2,468	15 0	2,500	0 0	2,531	5 0	2,562	10 0	2,593	15 0	30,000	0 0
1,625	0 0	1,645	16 8	1,666	13 4	1,687	10 0	1,708	6 8	1,729	3 4	20,000	0 0
812	10 0	822	18 4	833	6 8	843	15 0	854	3 4	864	11 8	10,000	0 0
406	5 0	411	9 2	416	13 4	421	17 6	427	1 8	432	5 10	5,000	0 0
325	0 0	329	3 4	333	6 8	337	10 0	341	13 4	345	16 8	4,000	0 0
243	15 0	246	17 6	250	0 0	253	2 6	256	5 0	259	7 6	3,000	0 0
162	10 0	164	11 8	166	13 4	168	15 0	170	16 8	172	18 4	2,000	0 0
81	5 0	82	5 10	83	6 8	84	7 6	85	8 4	86	9 2	1,000	0 0
40	12 6	41	2 11	41	13 4	42	3 9	42	14 2	43	4 7	500	0 0
32	10 0	32	18 4	33	6 8	33	15 0	34	3 4	34	11 8	400	0 0
24	7 6	24	13 9	25	0 0	25	6 3	25	12 6	25	18 9	300	0 0
16	5 0	16	9 2	16	13 4	16	17 6	17	1 8	17	5 10	200	0 0
8	2 6	8	4 7	8	6 8	8	8 9	8	10 10	8	12 11	100	0 0
4	1 3	4	2 4	4	3 4	4	4 5	4	5 5	4	6 6	50	0 0
3	5 0	3	5 10	3	6 8	3	7 6	3	8 4	3	9 2	40	0 0
2	8 9	2	9 5	2	10 0	2	10 8	2	11 3	2	11 11	30	0 0
1	12 6	1	12 11	1	13 4	1	13 9	1	14 2	1	14 7	20	0 0
0 16	3	0 16	6	0 16	8	0 16	11	0 17	1	0 17	4	10	0 0
0 8	2	0 8	3	0 8	4	0 8	5	0 8	7	0 8	8	5	0 0
0 6	6	0 6	7	0 6	8	0 6	9	0 6	10	0 6	11	4	0 0
0 4	11	0 4	11	0 5	0	0 5	1	0 5	2	0 5	2	3	0 0
0 3	3	0 3	4	0 3	4	0 3	5	0 3	5	0 3	6	2	0 0
0 1	8	0 1	8	0 1	8	0 1	8	0 1	9	0 1	9	1	0 0
0 1	3	0 1	3	0 1	3	0 1	3	0 1	3	0 1	4	0	12 0
0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10		0 0 10		0	8 0
0 0 5		0 0 5		0 0 5		0 0 5		0 0 5		0 0 5		0	4 0
0 0 4		0 0 4		0 0 4		0 0 4		0 0 4		0 0 4		0	3 0
0 0 2		0 0 2		0 0 3		0 0 3		0 0 3		0 0 3		0	2 0
0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0	1 0
0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0	0 9
0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0 0 1		0	0 6

TABLE OF EXCHANGE—

Rupees.	1s. 9d. per Rupee.	1s. 9½d. per Rupee.	1s. 9¾d. per Rupee.	1s. 9¼d. per Rupee.	1s. 10d. per Rupee.	1s. 10½d. per Rupee.
rs. 1,00,000	0 0 8,750	0 0 8,854	0 0 8,958	0 0 9,062	0 0 9,166	0 0 9,270
50,000	0 0 4,375	0 0 4,427	0 0 4,479	0 0 4,531	0 0 4,583	0 0 4,635
40,000	0 0 3,500	0 0 3,541	0 0 3,583	0 0 3,625	0 0 3,666	0 0 3,708
30,000	0 0 2,625	0 0 2,656	0 0 2,687	0 0 2,718	0 0 2,750	0 0 2,781
20,000	0 0 1,750	0 0 1,770	0 0 1,791	0 0 1,812	0 0 1,833	0 0 1,854
10,000	0 0 875	0 0 885	0 0 895	0 0 906	0 0 916	0 0 927
5,000	0 0 437	0 0 442	0 0 447	0 0 453	0 0 458	0 0 463
4,000	0 0 350	0 0 354	0 0 358	0 0 362	0 0 366	0 0 370
3,000	0 0 262	0 0 265	0 0 268	0 0 271	0 0 275	0 0 278
2,000	0 0 175	0 0 177	0 0 179	0 0 181	0 0 183	0 0 185
1,000	0 0 87	0 0 88	0 0 89	0 0 90	0 0 91	0 0 92
500	0 0 43	0 0 44	0 0 45	0 0 45	0 0 46	0 0 46
400	0 0 35	0 0 35	0 0 36	0 0 36	0 0 37	0 0 37
300	0 0 26	0 0 26	0 0 27	0 0 27	0 0 27	0 0 27
200	0 0 17	0 0 17	0 0 18	0 0 18	0 0 18	0 0 18
100	0 0 8	0 0 8	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9
50	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4
40	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3
30	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2
20	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
10	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
0 12 0	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
0 8 0	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11	0 0 11
0 4 0	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 5
0 3 0	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4
0 2 0	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3
0 1 0	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
0 0 9	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
0 0 6	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1

MADRAS AND LONDON.

1s. 10½d. per Rupee.	1s. 10¼d. per Rupee.	1s. 11d. per Rupee.	1s. 11½d. per Rupee.	1s. 11¾d. per Rupee.	1s. 11¼d. per Rupee.	Rupees.
9,375	9,479	9,583	9,687	9,791	9,895	1,00,000
4,687	4,739	4,791	4,843	4,895	4,947	50,000
3,750	3,791	3,833	3,875	3,916	3,958	40,000
2,812	2,843	2,875	2,906	2,937	2,968	30,000
1,875	1,895	1,916	1,937	1,958	1,979	20,000
937	947	958	968	979	989	10,000
468	473	479	484	489	494	5,000
375	379	383	387	391	395	4,000
281	284	287	290	293	296	3,000
187	189	191	193	195	197	2,000
93	94	95	96	97	98	1,000
46	47	47	48	48	49	500
37	37	38	38	39	39	400
28	28	28	29	29	29	300
18	18	19	19	19	19	200
9	9	9	9	9	9	100
4	4	4	4	4	4	50
3	3	3	3	3	3	40
2	2	2	2	2	2	30
1	1	1	1	1	1	20
0 18 9	0 18 11	0 19 2	0 19 4	0 19 7	0 19 9	10
0 9 5	0 9 5	0 9 7	0 9 8	0 9 10	0 9 10	5
0 7 6	0 7 7	0 7 8	0 7 9	0 7 10	0 7 11	4
0 5 7	0 5 8	0 5 9	0 5 10	0 5 11	0 5 11	3
0 3 9	0 3 10	0 3 10	0 3 11	0 3 11	0 4 0	2
0 1 10½	0 1 11	0 1 11	0 1 11	0 2 0	0 2 0	1
0 1 5	0 1 5	0 1 5	0 1 5	0 1 6	0 1 6	0 12 0
0 0 11	0 0 11	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 8 0
0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 4 0
0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 3 0
0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 2 0
0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 1 0
0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 9
0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 6

TABLE OF EXPENSE, INCOME, OR WAGES,

From 1 Rupee to 15 Rupees per Month, for a Month of 28 days, showing the amount of one or more days.

1 Rs. per Month.	2 Rs. per Month.	3 Rs. per Month.	4 Rs. per Month.	5 Rs. per Month.	6 Rs. per Month.	7 Rs. per Month.	8 Rs. per Month.	9 Rs. per Month.	10 Rs. per Month.	11 Rs. per Month.	12 Rs. per Month.	13 Rs. per Month.	14 Rs. per Month.	15 Rs. per Month.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45
46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75
76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	101	102	103	104	105
106	107	108	109	110	111	112	113	114	115	116	117	118	119	120
121	122	123	124	125	126	127	128	129	130	131	132	133	134	135
136	137	138	139	140	141	142	143	144	145	146	147	148	149	150
151	152	153	154	155	156	157	158	159	160	161	162	163	164	165
166	167	168	169	170	171	172	173	174	175	176	177	178	179	180
181	182	183	184	185	186	187	188	189	190	191	192	193	194	195
196	197	198	199	200	201	202	203	204	205	206	207	208	209	210
211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	223	224	225
226	227	228	229	230	231	232	233	234	235	236	237	238	239	240
241	242	243	244	245	246	247	248	249	250	251	252	253	254	255
256	257	258	259	260	261	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	270
271	272	273	274	275	276	277	278	279	280	281	282	283	284	285
286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293	294	295	296	297	298	299	300

TABLE OF EXPENSE, INCOME, OR WAGES,

From 1 Rupee to 15 Rupees per Month, for a Month of 29 days, showing the amount of one or more days.

Days	1 Rs. per month.	2 Rs. per month.	3 Rs. per month.	4Rs. per month.	5 Rs. per month.	6 Rs. per month.	7 Rs. per month.	8Rs. per month.	9 Rs. per month.	10Rs. per month.	11 Rs. per month.	12 Re. per month.	13 Rs. per month.	14 Rs. per month.	15 Rs. per month.	Days
1	0 0 7	0 1 1	0 1 8	0 2 2	0 2 6	0 3 4	0 3 10	0 4 5	0 5 0	0 5 6	0 6 1	0 6 7	0 7 2	0 7 9	0 8 3	1
2	0 0 1	0 2 2	0 3 4	0 4 5	0 5 0	0 6 7	0 7 9	0 8 10	0 9 11	0 11 0	0 12 2	0 13 3	0 14 4	0 15 5	0 16 7	2
3	0 1 8	0 3 4	0 5 0	0 6 7	0 8 3	0 9 11	0 11 7	0 13 8	0 14 11	1 0 7	1 1 8	1 3 10	1 5 6	1 7 2	1 8 10	3
4	0 2 2	0 4 5	0 6 7	0 8 10	0 11 0	0 13 3	0 15 5	1 1 8	1 3 10	1 6 1	1 8 3	2 1 10	2 3 8	2 6 7	2 9 5	4
5	0 3 4	0 5 6	0 8 3	0 11 0	0 13 10	1 0 7	1 3 10	1 6 1	1 8 10	2 1 7	2 4 5	2 7 9	3 2 2	3 6 1	3 8 6	5
6	0 4 5	0 6 7	0 9 11	0 13 8	1 0 7	1 3 10	1 6 1	1 14 11	2 2 9	2 6 6	3 0 7	3 5 0	3 9 5	4 3 1	4 6 6	6
7	0 5 6	0 7 9	0 11 7	0 15 8	1 1 6	1 10 6	1 14 11	2 2 3	2 7 9	3 2 2	3 6 7	4 1 5	4 6 4	5 0 7	5 3 10	7
8	0 6 7	0 8 10	0 13 3	1 1 8	1 1 6	1 13 10	2 2 9	2 7 9	3 2 2	3 7 8	4 2 9	4 7 3	5 2 4	5 6 6	6 0 9	8
9	0 7 9	0 9 11	0 14 11	1 3 10	1 1 8	1 13 10	2 2 9	2 7 9	3 2 2	3 8 3	4 3 8	4 8 10	5 3 5	5 7 9	6 1 10	9
10	0 8 3	0 10 6	1 1 8	1 3 10	2 1 1	2 7 9	3 2 2	3 7 8	4 2 9	4 7 3	5 2 4	5 6 6	6 1 1	6 5 5	6 9 8	10
11	0 9 5	0 11 7	1 3 10	1 4 11	2 3 1	3 0 8	3 5 0	4 0 6	4 5 5	5 0 6	5 5 10	6 0 3	6 4 5	6 8 8	7 3 10	11
12	0 10 6	0 12 2	1 4 11	1 5 6	2 4 5	3 1 8	3 6 1	4 1 1	4 6 1	5 1 3	5 6 8	6 1 10	6 5 8	7 0 3	7 4 13	12
13	0 11 7	0 13 3	1 5 6	1 6 7	2 5 6	3 2 9	3 7 2	4 2 2	4 7 3	5 2 4	5 7 9	6 2 8	6 7 1	7 1 10	7 5 14	13
14	0 12 2	0 14 1	1 6 7	1 7 8	2 6 7	3 3 10	3 8 3	4 3 3	4 8 4	5 3 5	5 8 10	6 3 3	6 8 4	7 3 9	7 8 13	14
15	0 13 3	0 15 0	1 7 9	1 8 10	2 7 8	3 4 11	3 9 5	4 4 4	4 9 5	5 4 5	5 9 10	6 4 3	6 9 4	7 4 10	7 9 15	15
16	0 14 4	0 16 1	1 8 10	1 9 11	2 8 9	3 5 12	4 0 6	4 5 6	5 0 7	5 5 8	6 0 9	6 5 10	7 0 11	7 5 13	8 0 16	16
17	0 15 5	0 17 2	1 9 11	2 0 12	2 9 10	3 6 13	4 1 7	4 6 7	5 1 8	5 6 9	6 1 10	6 6 11	7 1 12	7 6 14	8 1 17	17
18	0 16 7	0 18 3	2 0 13	2 1 1	3 0 11	3 7 14	4 2 8	4 7 8	5 2 9	5 7 10	6 2 11	6 7 12	7 2 13	7 7 15	8 2 18	18
19	0 17 8	0 19 4	2 1 14	2 2 2	3 1 12	3 8 15	4 3 9	4 8 9	5 3 10	5 8 11	6 3 12	6 8 13	7 3 14	7 8 16	8 3 19	19
20	0 18 9	0 20 5	2 2 15	2 3 3	3 2 13	3 9 16	4 4 10	4 9 10	5 4 11	5 9 12	6 4 13	6 9 14	7 4 15	7 9 17	8 4 20	20
21	0 19 10	0 21 6	2 3 16	2 4 4	3 3 14	4 0 17	4 5 11	5 0 11	5 5 12	6 0 13	6 5 14	7 0 15	7 5 16	8 0 18	8 5 21	21
22	0 20 11	0 22 7	2 4 17	2 5 5	3 4 15	4 1 18	4 6 12	5 1 12	5 6 13	6 1 14	6 6 15	7 1 16	7 6 17	8 1 19	8 6 22	22
23	0 21 12	0 23 8	2 5 18	2 6 6	3 5 16	4 2 19	4 7 13	5 2 13	5 7 14	6 2 15	6 7 16	7 2 17	7 7 18	8 2 20	8 7 23	23
24	0 22 13	0 24 9	2 6 19	2 7 7	3 6 17	4 3 20	4 8 14	5 3 14	5 8 15	6 3 16	6 8 17	7 3 18	7 8 19	8 3 21	8 8 24	24
25	0 23 14	0 25 10	2 7 20	2 8 8	3 7 18	4 4 21	4 9 15	5 4 15	5 9 16	6 4 17	6 9 18	7 4 19	7 9 20	8 4 22	8 9 25	25
26	0 24 15	0 26 11	2 8 21	2 9 9	3 8 19	4 5 22	5 0 16	5 5 16	6 0 17	6 5 18	7 0 19	7 5 20	8 0 21	8 5 23	9 0 26	26
27	0 25 16	0 27 12	2 9 22	3 0 10	3 9 20	4 6 23	5 1 17	5 6 17	6 1 18	6 6 19	7 1 20	7 6 21	8 1 22	8 6 24	9 1 27	27
28	0 26 17	0 28 13	3 0 23	3 1 11	4 0 21	4 7 24	5 2 18	5 7 18	6 2 19	6 7 20	7 2 21	7 7 22	8 2 23	8 7 25	9 2 28	28
29	0 27 18	0 29 14	3 1 24	3 2 12	4 1 22	4 8 25	5 3 19	5 8 19	6 3 20	6 8 21	7 3 22	7 8 23	8 3 24	8 8 26	9 3 29	29

TABLE OF EXPENSE, INCOME, OR WAGES,

From 1 Rupee to 15 Rupees per Month, for a Month of 30 days, showing the amount of one or more days.

1 Rs. per month.	2 Rs. per month.	3 Rs. per month.	4 Rs. per month.	5 Rs. per month.	6 Rs. per month.	7 Rs. per month.	8 Rs. per month.	9 Rs. per month.	10 Rs. per month.	11 Rs. per month.	12 Rs. per month.	13 Rs. per month.	14 Rs. per month.	15 Rs. per month.	Days
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
0 1 1	0 1 1	0 1 7	0 2 4	0 2 8	0 3 2	0 3 9	0 4 3	0 4 10	0 5 4	0 5 10	0 6 5	0 6 11	0 7 6	0 8 0	1
0 1 1	0 1 2	0 3 2	0 4 3	0 5 4	0 6 5	0 7 6	0 8 6	0 9 7	0 10 8	0 11 9	0 12 10	0 13 10	0 14 11	1 0 0	2
0 1 7	0 2 2	0 4 10	0 6 5	0 8 0	0 9 7	0 11 2	0 12 10	0 14 5	1 0 8	1 1 7	1 3 2	1 4 10	1 6 5	1 8 0	3
0 2 2	0 3 4	0 6 5	0 8 0	0 10 8	0 12 10	0 14 11	1 1 1	1 3 0	1 5 4	1 7 6	1 9 7	1 11 9	1 13 10	2 0 0	4
0 2 8	0 4 5	0 8 0	0 10 8	0 13 4	1 0 0	1 2 11	1 5 4	1 8 0	1 10 8	1 13 4	2 0 0	2 2 8	2 5 4	2 8 0	5
0 3 2	0 6 6	0 9 7	0 12 10	1 0 0	1 3 2	1 6 5	1 9 7	1 12 10	2 0 4	2 3 2	2 6 5	2 9 7	3 2 10	3 5 0	6
0 3 9	0 7 6	0 11 2	0 14 11	1 2 8	1 6 5	1 10 2	1 13 10	2 1 7	2 5 4	2 9 1	2 12 10	3 0 6	3 4 3	3 8 0	7
0 4 3	0 8 6	0 12 10	1 1 1	1 5 4	1 9 7	1 13 10	2 2 2	2 6 5	2 10 8	2 14 11	3 3 2	3 7 6	3 11 9	3 5 0	8
0 4 8	0 9 7	0 14 5	1 3 2	1 10 8	1 12 10	2 1 7	2 6 5	2 11 2	3 0 4	3 10 8	3 4 0	3 7 6	4 1 0	4 5 0	9
0 5 4	0 10 8	1 0 0	1 5 4	1 10 8	1 12 10	2 1 7	2 6 5	3 0 0	3 5 4	3 10 8	4 0 0	4 5 4	4 10 8	5 0 0	10
0 5 10	0 11 9	1 1 1	1 7 6	1 13 4	1 16 5	2 2 11	2 14 11	3 4 10	4 0 0	4 6 5	4 12 10	5 3 2	5 9 7	6 0 0	11
0 6 5	0 12 10	1 3 2	1 9 7	2 0 0	2 6 5	2 12 10	3 3 2	3 14 5	4 5 4	4 12 10	5 3 2	5 10 2	6 1 1	6 8 0	12
0 6 11	0 13 10	1 4 10	1 11 9	2 1 7	2 9 7	3 0 6	3 7 6	3 15 5	5 0 8	5 8 0	6 0 0	6 1 1	7 0 0	7 8 0	13
0 7 6	0 14 11	1 5 4	1 13 10	2 5 4	3 0 0	3 8 0	4 1 1	4 8 0	5 0 8	5 13 10	6 5 4	7 1 1	8 0 0	8 8 0	14
0 8 0	1 0 0	1 6 5	2 0 4	3 0 4	3 6 5	4 0 0	4 8 6	5 1 7	5 10 8	6 3 9	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	15
0 8 6	1 1 1	1 7 6	2 1 7	3 10 8	3 8 2	4 14 5	4 8 6	5 1 7	5 10 8	6 3 9	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	16
0 9 1	1 2 2	1 11 2	2 2 4	3 10 8	3 6 5	4 14 5	4 8 6	5 1 7	5 10 8	6 3 9	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	17
0 9 7	1 3 2	1 12 10	2 4 3	3 13 4	3 9 7	4 16 5	4 8 6	5 1 7	5 10 8	6 3 9	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	18
0 10 2	1 4 3	1 14 5	2 6 5	3 16 5	4 10 0	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	19
0 10 8	1 5 4	2 0 0	2 10 8	3 18 0	4 13 10	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	20
0 11 2	1 6 5	2 1 7	2 12 10	3 18 0	4 13 10	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	21
0 11 9	1 7 6	2 2 4	2 14 11	3 18 0	4 13 10	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	22
0 12 2	1 8 6	2 3 2	2 4 10	3 18 0	4 13 10	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	23
0 12 8	1 9 7	2 4 3	2 6 5	3 18 0	4 13 10	4 16 5	5 1 1	5 11 2	6 0 4	6 15 6	7 10 10	8 1 1	9 0 0	9 8 0	24
0 13 4	1 10 8	2 5 4	3 3 2	4 2 8	5 0 0	5 13 4	6 10 8	7 8 0	8 5 4	9 8 0	10 6 5	11 4 3	12 2 2	13 0 0	25
0 13 10	1 11 9	2 6 5	3 5 4	4 4 5	5 3 2	6 1 1	6 14 11	7 12 10	8 10 8	9 14 5	10 12 10	11 11 11	12 9 7	13 8 0	26
0 14 5	1 12 10	2 7 6	3 7 6	4 5 4	5 4 5	6 6 6	7 3 2	8 1 7	9 0 0	10 4 5	11 3 2	12 13 1	13 8 0	14 8 0	27
0 15 1	1 13 10	2 12 10	3 11 9	4 10 8	5 5 6	6 8 6	7 11 9	8 11 2	9 10 8	10 10 2	11 9 7	12 9 1	13 8 6	14 8 0	28
0 15 6	1 14 11	2 14 5	3 13 10	4 13 4	5 12 10	6 12 3	7 11 9	8 11 2	9 10 8	10 10 2	11 9 7	12 9 1	13 8 6	14 8 0	29
0 16 0	2 0 0	3 0 0	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	10 0 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	13 0 0	14 0 0	15 0 0	30

TABLE OF EXPENSE, INCOME, OR WAGES.

From 1 Rupee to 15 Rupees per Month, for a Month of 31 days, showing the amount of one or more days.

Days.	1 Re. per Month.	2 Rs. per Month.	3 Rs. per Month.	4 Rs. per Month.	5 Rs. per Month.	6 Rs. per Month.	7 Rs. per Month.	8 Rs. per Month.	9 Rs. per Month.	10 Rs. per Month.	11 Rs. per Month.	12 Rs. per Month.	13 Rs. per Month.	14 Rs. per Month.	15 Rs. per Month.	Days.
1	0 0 6	0 1 0	0 1 6	0 2 0	0 2 7	0 3 1	0 3 7	0 4 1	0 4 8	0 5 1	0 5 8	0 6 2	0 6 8	0 7 3	0 7 8	1
2	0 1 0	0 2 1	0 3 1	0 4 0	0 5 2	0 6 3	0 7 3	0 8 3	0 9 3	0 10 3	0 11 4	0 12 5	0 13 5	0 14 6	0 15 5	2
3	0 1 6	0 3 1	0 4 7	0 6 2	0 7 9	0 9 3	0 10 5	0 12 4	0 13 11	0 15 5	0 16 8	0 17 9	0 18 10	0 19 11	0 20 11	3
4	0 2 0	0 4 1	0 6 2	0 8 3	0 10 4	0 12 5	0 14 5	0 16 6	0 17 3	0 19 9	0 21 4	0 23 0	0 24 11	0 25 11	0 26 11	4
5	0 2 6	0 5 1	0 7 8	0 10 3	0 12 11	0 15 5	1 2 1	1 4 7	1 7 3	1 9 9	1 12 4	1 15 0	1 16 2	1 18 11	1 20 11	5
6	0 3 1	0 6 2	0 9 3	0 12 4	0 15 6	1 2 6	1 5 8	1 8 9	1 11 10	1 14 11	1 17 3	2 0 2	2 3 3	2 6 4	2 8 8	6
7	0 3 7	0 7 2	0 10 10	0 14 5	1 15 1	1 5 8	1 9 3	1 12 10	2 0 6	2 14 11	2 27 9	3 1 2	3 4 3	3 7 3	3 10 6	7
8	0 4 1	0 8 3	0 12 4	0 16 6	1 4 8	1 8 9	1 12 11	2 1 0	2 9 10	3 13 11	3 26 5	4 1 3	4 4 5	4 7 3	4 10 6	8
9	0 4 7	0 8 9	0 13 11	1 2 6	1 7 3	1 11 10	2 0 6	2 5 1	2 9 10	3 13 11	3 26 5	4 1 3	4 4 5	4 7 3	4 10 6	9
10	0 5 1	0 10 3	0 15 5	1 4 7	1 9 9	1 14 11	2 4 2	2 9 3	3 12 5	4 0 8	4 13 4	5 0 6	5 3 1	5 6 2	5 9 7	10
11	0 5 8	0 11 4	1 1 6	1 8 9	1 14 11	2 2 0	2 7 3	3 1 6	3 7 9	4 13 4	5 0 6	5 3 1	5 6 2	5 9 7	6 2 1	11
12	0 6 2	0 12 4	1 2 1	1 10 10	2 1 6	2 5 1	3 1 6	3 5 8	4 1 3	4 8 3	5 5 2	6 2 1	6 5 3	6 8 4	7 1 1	12
13	0 6 8	0 13 5	1 4 1	1 10 10	2 1 6	2 5 1	3 1 6	3 5 8	4 1 3	4 8 3	5 5 2	6 2 1	6 5 3	6 8 4	7 1 1	13
14	0 7 2	0 14 5	1 5 8	1 12 10	2 4 1	2 8 1	3 2 3	3 5 9	4 1 4	4 8 3	5 5 2	6 2 1	6 5 3	6 8 4	7 1 1	14
15	0 7 8	0 15 5	1 7 2	1 14 11	2 6 8	2 14 5	3 2 3	3 13 11	4 1 5	4 13 4	5 6 2	6 3 1	6 6 2	6 9 3	7 2 1	15
16	0 8 3	1 0 6	1 8 9	2 1 10	2 9 3	3 1 6	3 13 11	4 2 2	4 10 4	5 2 6	5 10 10	6 3 1	6 6 2	6 9 3	7 2 1	16
17	0 8 9	1 1 6	1 10 3	2 1 10	2 9 3	3 1 6	3 13 11	4 2 2	4 10 4	5 2 6	5 10 10	6 3 1	6 6 2	6 9 3	7 2 1	17
18	0 9 3	1 2 7	1 11 10	2 3 5	3 1 0	3 10 8	4 1 8	4 14 5	5 8 3	6 12 11	6 11 10	7 5 8	7 8 9	8 2 1	8 5 1	18
19	0 9 9	1 3 7	1 13 4	2 9 3	3 3 1	3 13 11	4 1 8	4 14 5	5 8 3	6 12 11	6 11 10	7 5 8	7 8 9	8 2 1	8 5 1	19
20	0 10 3	1 4 7	1 14 11	2 11 4	3 3 6	4 1 0	4 15 6	5 10 8	6 1 7	6 13 4	7 7 2	8 2 1	8 5 1	8 8 2	9 1 0	20
21	0 11 4	1 5 8	2 0 6	2 11 4	3 3 6	4 1 0	4 15 6	5 10 8	6 1 7	6 13 4	7 7 2	8 2 1	8 5 1	8 8 2	9 1 0	21
22	0 11 10	1 6 8	2 2 2	3 15 5	3 11 4	4 7 2	5 3 1	5 14 11	6 10 10	7 7 6	8 2 7	8 5 1	8 8 2	9 1 0	9 3 0	

PART VIII.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

CHURCHES AND CHAPELS IN MADRAS.

With their respective Office-Bearers, and Times of Service.

Note.—Sunday Evening Service during the cold season (from 15th October to 15th March) is held in all Churches and Chapels at 6 p.m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND.

ST. GEORGE'S CATHEDRAL,

TEYNAMPET (1815):

Ven'ble J. F. Browne, B.D., Archdeacon and Joint Chaplain; Rev. Alex. J. Jones, Acting Joint Chaplain; Hon'ble W. S. Whiteside, J. W. Handley, Esq., and Brigadier General G. J. Smart, Trustees; Mr. W. Douglas St. Leger, Organist; Mr. H. Ford, Cathedral Clerk; Mr. H. Wilson, Beadle; Mr. G. Oliver, Bishop's Verger; Mr. H. Ford, Church-keeper and Sexton.—Matins daily 7 a.m.; on Sundays in the cold weather, at 11 a.m. Holy Eucharist on all Sundays throughout the year at 8 a.m.; on Thursdays and Holy Days at 7-30 a.m., (except when the latter falls on Sundays). Evensong on Sundays at 6 p.m.; on Wednesdays in Advent and Lent at 6-30 p.m.—ROYAPETTAH SCHOOL CHAPEL, Evening Prayer and address on Fridays at 6 p.m.

ST. MARY'S CHURCH,

FORT SAINT GEORGE (1680).

Garrison Chaplain, Rev. A. C. Taylor, M.A., Oxon; Lay Trustees, (Vacant); Organist, Mr. S. B. Lamoury; Clerk and Sexton, Mr. C. F. Hall.—Hours of Sunday Services:—6-30 a.m. or 7 a.m. and 6-30 or 6 p.m. The Holy Communion is celebrated every Sunday (at 7 or 6-15), every Thursday and on all Saints' days. The Evening Services on all Sundays, and the Celebration of Holy Eucharist on the 1st Sunday are Choral.

Sunday School at 4-15 or 5-15 p.m., according to the time of the year, twice a month; Children's Service at the same time on the other Sundays.

Thursday: Evensong and Sermon at 6 or 6-30 p.m.

Saints Days: Holy Communion at 7 a.m. or 6-30; Matins at 6-10 a.m. or 6-10. Evensong on the Eves, with Sermon.

Bible reading on Fridays at 6 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.

Church of England Temperance Society.

Meetings of the Adult and Juvenile Branches are held on alternate Fridays at 6-30 p.m.

HOLY EMMANUEL CHURCH,

SOUTH BLACK TOWN,
NEAR GENERAL MARKET (1862).

Rev. A. Bird, B.A., (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge), Chaplain; Mr. G. H. Smith and Mr. S. B. Wiltshire, Lay Trustees; Mr. C. R. Daily, Clerk; Mr. W. D. St. Leger, Choir Master; Miss A. Hart, Organist. Sunday Services—7 a.m. Plain Matins; 7-30 a.m. Choral Celebration of the Holy Communion with Sermon; 6 or 6-30 p.m. (according to time of year) Evensong with Sermon; 5 p.m. Children's Service and public catechizing on last Sunday in the month. Offertory at each Service. Daily, Matins 7 a.m.; Wednesdays, 6-30 p.m. Evensong with Sermon; Thursdays and Holy Days, 7 a.m. Holy Communion; Baptisms and Churchings at any Week-day Services, due notice being given.

Guild of the Holy Emmanuel.

President.—Rev. A. Bird, B.A.

Secretary.—Miss French.

OBJECT.—To render lay help to the Chaplain in Parochial work, Sunday School teaching, &c.

SOUTH BLACK TOWN BRANCH, CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

President.—Mr. G. H. Smith.

Secretary.—„ John Hart.

ST. MARK'S CHURCH,

NORTH BLACK TOWN,
NEAR THE GRAND JAIL (1804).

Ag. Chaplain, Rev. A. Taylor; W. Fermier, Esq., and Capt. D. Pryce, Lay Trustees; Mr. C. Vieyra, Clerk and Organist; Services—Sunday 7-30 a.m. Morning Prayer, Holy Communion and Sermon; 5 p.m. Sunday School; 6 (or 6-30 p.m.) Evening Prayer and Sermon; Wednesday 7-30 a.m. Litany and Baptisms 6-30 p.m. Evening Prayer and Sermon; Friday 7-30 a.m., Litany and Catechizing. Saints' Days, 7-30 a.m., Morning Prayer and Ante-Communion.

Services are also held at the Leper Hospital on Friday, at 8-30 a.m.; the Government Workhouse on Thursday, at 7 a.m., and at Bidden Home every Sunday morning, at 11 o'clock.

St. Mark's Church of England Temperance Society.—Hon. Secy., Mr. T. H. Waples. A Meeting of this Society is held in the Parcherry School House on the last Thursday but one in each month.

ST. MATTHIAS' CHURCH,

VEPERY (1826).

D. W. Kidd, Priest, W. H. Hobart, Priest, Joint Chaplains; Mr. W. M. Scharlieb and Dr. Drake-Brockman, Lay Trustees; Mr. O. F. Misquith, Organist.

SERVICES.—Sundays, Celebration of Holy Communion (Choral) 7-30 a.m. or 7 a.m.; Children's Service or Sunday School 4-30 p.m. (in cold weather), 5 p.m. (hot weather); Evensong and Sermon 6 p.m. (cold weather), 6-30 p.m. (hot weather). *Holy Days*, 6 (or 6-30) p.m. on the Eve. Evensong (choral) with Sermon; 6 a.m. Holy Communion (plain); 7 a.m. Holy Communion (choral); 8 a.m. Matins. *All other Days*, 7 a.m. Holy Communion (daily); 7-45 a.m. Matins (with Litany on Wednesday and Friday); 6 p.m. Evensong (except on Friday); 5-30 p.m.

NEW TOWN SCHOOL CHAPEL.—Holy Communion every Sunday (except second Sunday in the month) at 6-30 a.m.; every Sunday at 9 o'clock Matins and Sermon; Children's Service or Sunday School at 4-30 or 5; Evensong and Sermon every Sunday at 6 or 6-30 p.m.

The Joint Chaplains of Vepery have also under their charge the Lunatic Asylum, the Women and Children's Hospital, the Lying-in Hospital, the Eye Infirmary, the Gun Carriage Factory.

PERAMBORE RAILWAY CHURCH.

Rev. C. N. Bazely, Priest; Messrs. R. B. Ward, John Dent, J. Charles Martin and Samuel Hill, Church Committee; Mr. G. G. Jeremiah, Organist; Mr. J. A. Archibald Webber, Clerk. SERVICES.—From March to September, Sundays 7 a.m. Holy Communion; 7-45 a.m. Matins; 5-30 p.m. Sunday School; 6-30 p.m. Evensong and Sermon. *Wednesdays and Holy Days* 6 a.m. Holy Communion; *Fridays* 6-30 p.m. Litany and address. From October to February the Morning Services are half an hour later and the Evening Services half an hour earlier.

CHRIST CHURCH,

MOUNT ROAD (1852).

Rev. R. Bonner Feast, Colonial and Continental Church Society, Incumbent. Sunday Services, October to Feb'y. inclusive, 11 a.m. and 6 p.m., April to September inclusive, 7-30 a.m. and 6-30 p.m. Occasional Service Wednesday Evening. The Lord's Supper is administered on the first Sunday in the month at the Morning Service and on the 3rd Sunday at the Evening Service.

Bible Classes on Thursday 4 p.m. and 6-30 p.m. The Sunday Schools open at 4-45 or 5-15 p.m.; Hymn book in use, Hymnal Companion. Offertories 1st and 3rd Sundays are devoted to the District Charities; 2nd and 4th Sundays to the Church Fund.

ST. THOMAS' CHURCH,

ST. THOME (1812).

The Rev. A. Westcott, Incumbent; E. J. Firth, Esq., Church Warden. Sunday Morning 8 a.m.; Sunday Evening 6½ p.m. from 1st April to 30th Sept., 6 p.m. from 1st Oct. to 31st March; Holy Communion is administered every Sunday Morning.

CHURCH MISSION CHAPEL,

BROADWAY (1820).

ENGLISH CONGREGATION.

Rev. J. W. Foley, M.A., Minister; Messrs J. A. Graham and N. Bazely, Wardens; E. D'Roza, Organist. Sunday Morning from March to Sept. at 7 o'clock and from Oct. to Feb. at 11 o'clock; Sunday Evening from Oct. to Feb. at 6 o'clock and from March to Sept. at 6½ o'clock. NATIVE CONGREGATION.—Rev. John Kohlhoff Minister; D. Jesudasan Pillai, Organist. Sunday Morning 8 a.m.; Sunday Evening 4 p.m.

TRINITY CHAPEL,

JOHN PEREIRA'S (1831).

(ENGLISH)—Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, B.A., Incumbent; Mr. A. W. Saalfelt and Mr. Charles Robbins, Wardens; Mr. R. I. Pauchard, Organist; Mr. J. Sterling, Clerk. Sunday Morning 7½ a.m.; Sunday Evening 6 and 6½ p.m., according to season.

C. M. SOCIETY'S SOUTHERN PASTORATE.

I.—"ZION CHURCH,"

CHINTADREPETTA.

Rev. W. T. Sathianadhan, B.D., Minister. Sunday Morning 7-30 a.m.; Sunday Evening 4 p.m.; Daily Service 7 a.m.

II.—TRINITY CHAPEL.

JOHN PEREIRA'S.

Sunday Morning 10 a.m.; Sunday Evening 4 p.m.; Week-day Service Friday Morning 7-30 a.m.

ST. PAUL'S,

HUNTER'S ROAD, VEPERY (1853).

Rev. S. G. Yesadian. Sundays and Saints' Days Holy Communion at 7 a.m. Monthly Celebration second Sunday of the month, at 9 a.m.; Sunday Morning Service at 8 a.m.; Sunday Evening Service at 4 p.m. Daily Morning at 7 a.m.; Wednesdays and Fridays Evening Service at 6 p.m.

S. P. G. EGMORE MISSION,

ST. JOHN'S, PANTHEON ROAD (1842).

Rev. W. Relton, Rev. D. Vedanayagam.
 Sunday Morning 7 A.M.; Sunday Evening
 4 P.M.; Saints' Days 8 A.M.; Holy Commu-
 nion on Sundays and Saints' Days.

ST. THOME.

TAMIL SERVICES.

Rev. W. Relton, Rev. S. Theophilus.
 Sundays 8 A.M. and 4 P.M.; Saints' Days
 7 A.M., Holy Communion on Sundays and
 Saints' Days.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

ST. ANDREW'S, POONAMALLEE ROAD (1821).

Rev. James Jollie, Senior Chaplain;
Elders—Surg. Genl. G. Bidie, M.B., C.T.E., D.
 Sinclair, Esq., M.A., W. Gordon, Esq., W.
 Walker, Esq., J. L. Duffield, Esq., and
 Mr. J. Lionel; Signor Aloisio, Organist;
 Mr. R. H. Lee, Session Clerk, Senior Chap-
 lain's Clerk, and Clerk of the Church—Sun-
 days (April to September) 7-30 A.M. and
 6 P.M., (October to March) 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.;
 Sunday School 5 P.M.; Holy Communion
 on first Sunday Evening of every month.
 Monthly Collection 2nd Sunday of every
 month at both Services.

NATIVE CHURCH—Rev. W. Samuel,
 Pastor. Sunday Morning 8-30 A.M.; Sunday
 Evening 4 P.M.; Sunday School 3 P.M.;
 Tuesday's Meeting 6-30 P.M.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND,

ESPLANADE (1862).

Rev. G. M. Rae, M.A., and other Ordained
 Missionaries; Rev. R. M. Bauboo, Native
 Minister. Sunday, Tamil 8-30 A.M.; English
 6-15 P.M.; Friday, Tamil 6-30 P.M.

Free Church of Scotland, Royapooram,
 Rev. J. Colville Peattie, M.A.; English,
 6-30 P.M.; Tamil, 8-30 A.M. and 3 P.M.

DISSENTING CHAPELS.LONDON MISSION CHAPEL, DAVIDSON
STREET, BLACK TOWN (1812).

(ENGLISH.)

Deacons.—Rev. W. Joss, Messrs. J. Coch-
 ran, J. M. Lewis, H. M. Lewis, W. Heaton,
 T. G. Turner, Rev. J. W. Organe. Sunday
 Morning 7½ A.M., Sunday Evening 6½ P.M.;
 Sunday School 5 P.M.; Wednesday 6½ P.M.
 The Chapel is at present without a Pastor,
 the Pulpit being supplied by Missionaries
 and Laymen of various denominations.

NATIVE.—Rev. C. Parthasarathy; Sunday
 9-30 A.M.

NATIVE, PURSEWALKUM (1824).—Rev. C.
 Parthasarathy, Ag. Pastor. Sunday Morn-
 ing 9 A.M., Sunday Evening 4-30 P.M.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH,

POPHAM'S BROADWAY (1812).

(ENGLISH.)

Pastor, Rev. T. Whitmore.

Sunday Services are held at 8-15 A.M. and
 6-0 P.M. Week Evening Service, Thurs-
 day, 6-30 P.M. Weekly Prayer Meeting,
 Saturday, 6-45 P.M. The Girls' Day School
 is in a very flourishing condition, and is
 taught by certificated teachers of the first
 grade. The Sunday School numbers 120
 scholars. The Sunday Ragged School is
 attended by about 150 scholars, who
 receive, in addition to their instruction, a
 substantial meal of curry and rice every
 Sunday.

WESLEYAN METHODIST CHURCH,

PERAMBORE.

(ENGLISH.)

Pastor, Rev. T. Whitmore.

Sunday Services are held at 7-30 A.M.
 and 6 P.M. Week Evening Service, Tues-
 day, 6-30 P.M.

**ROYAPETTAH WESLEYAN
CHURCH:**

Rev. G. Patterson, Rev. A. S. Gedon, M.A.,
 Rev. W. B. Simpson, B.A., and Rev. T.
 Martin.

Sunday, 8 A.M. Tamil Service.

" 4 P.M. Do.

Thursday, 6 P.M. Do.

Sunday, 6½ P.M. English Service.

**FREE COMMUNION BAPTIST
CHURCH.**

VEPERY HIGH ROAD, NEW TOWN (1847).

Rev.—Pastor.

Deacons.—Messrs. James Charles Cox
 and R. E. Mackenzie. Sunday Morning
 7½ A.M. throughout the year; Sunday
 Evening, 1st April to 30th September,
 ½ past 6 P.M.; 1st October to 31st March,
 6 P.M.; Tuesday, Meeting of the Total
 Abstinence Association 6-30 P.M.; Wednes-
 day Evening, Prayer Meeting ½ past 6 P.M.;
 Thursday, Meeting of the Young Men's
 Christian Association 6-30 P.M.; Friday
 Evening, Singing practice ½ past 6 P.M.

Tamil and Telugu.

NATIVE FREE COMMUNION BAPTIST CHURCH,
 BAPTIST SCHOOL ROOM, VEPEY
 HIGH ROAD.

Deacon.—Mr. J. Ingram. *Services*.—
 Lord's Day Morning 10 A.M.; Evening,
 5 P.M. Friday Evening 6-30 P.M.; Sunday
 School 4 P.M.

BAPTIST CHURCH.

CHAPEL—Chintadrepettah, Rev. H. F.
 Doll, Pastor; Mr. J. J. Chatterton, Deacon;
 Lord's Day Evenings ½ past 6 o'clock;
 Wednesday Evenings ½ past 6 o'clock.

**MADRAS TOTAL ABSTINENCE
SOCIETY.**

President.—Rev. H. F. Doll. Place of
 meeting, Chintadrepettah.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.

Black Town, Rev. R. Sorby, *Pastor*.—
Services: At the Pavilion, Popham's Broad-
 way, on Sunday 8-15 A.M. and 6 P.M.;
 Sunday School 7 A.M.; Thursday, General
 Prayer Meeting 7 P.M.

Tamil Church.—Rev. A. H. Baker.

Vepey, Rev. A. W. Rudisill, D.D., *Pastor*.—
Services: Methodist Church, *Vepey*, on
 Sunday, preaching 8-30 A.M. and 6 P.M.; Sun-
 day Schools 7-15 A.M. and (Tamil) 11 A.M.;
 Wednesday, preaching and Prayer meeting
 7 P.M.; Friday, Children's Service 5-30 P.M.
 and Class Meeting 7 P.M.; *Orary*, Sun-
 day, preaching 8-30 A.M.; Sunday School
 7-30 A.M.; Monday, Prayer meeting 7 P.M.;
Pulpit, Sunday School 4 P.M. (English),
 5 P.M. (Tamil).

ADEIKALANADA CHURCH,LEIPZIG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MIS-
SION, PURSEWALKUM (1848).

Ministers Rev. Johannes Kabis, Rev. Tr.
 Rueger and Rev. D. David; *Trustees*, P. G.
 Gnanamuttu Pillay, A. David Pillay, R. A.
 Ponnoswamy Pillay and—; *Organist*, D.
 Arooldas Pillay. Service, Sunday Morning
 8-30 A.M., Evening 4-30 P.M.; Wednesday
 Evening 6-30 P.M.; Lent Days, Friday
 Evening 6-30 P.M.

MORNING STAR CHURCH,LEIPZIG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION
ROYAPURAM—1882.

Rev. Johannes Kabis and V. Dadasagayam
 Pillay, Candidate for the Holy Orders;
Trustees, S. Thamby Pillay, A. Doraswamy
 Pillay and S. Thanaswamy Pillay; *Organ-
 ist*, S. Manuel Pillay; Service, Sunday
 Morning 8-30 A.M., Evening 4-30 P.M.; Friday
 Evening, 6-30 P.M.

THE MADRAS UNITARIAN MISSION.

MENEAUD'S LANE, PURSEWALKUM.

Minister.—Rev. William Roberts. Divine
 Service on Sundays, commencing at 11 A.M.
 Evening Service will commence at 6 P.M.
 A Lending Library of religious works has
 been opened in the Parsonage, No. 1, Duns-
 more Parsonage, adjoining the Chapel,
 where English and Tamil books and tracts
 on the principles of Unitarian Christianity
 can be had. On week days from 10 till
 5, excepting Saturdays, when the library
 will be open from 10 till 1 P.M.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.ST. MARY OF ANGELS (CATHEDRAL),
ARMENIAN STREET.

BUILT IN 1785.

Sunday Masses at 6 o'clock, 7-15 and
 8-30 A.M.; Vespers at 6-30, and during the
 winter months at 6 o'clock P.M.; Daily Masses
 at 7 o'clock A.M.—Most Rev. J. Colgan, D.D.,
 Archbishop of Madras; Very Rev. T. Mayer,
 Vicar General; Rev. H. O'Neill, Catholic
 Chaplain; Revs. E. M. Angelo, C. R.
 Mitchell, E. H. de Silva, A. J. M. Heijligers,
 A. Walsh and James Doyle.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S, North Black
 Town—Sunday Mass at 7 o'clock A.M.;
 Rev. T. D. Doyle.

ST. PETER'S, Royapooram—Sunday
 Masses 5-30 and 7 o'clock A.M.; Rev. P.
 Ruthnum and Rev. C. Rodrigues..

ST. ANDREW'S, Vepey—Sunday Masses:
 1st at 6-30, 2nd at 8 o'clock A.M.; Rev. J.
 Allen and Rev. J. Temmé.

ST. ANTHONY'S, Poodooppet—Sunday Mass
 at 7 o'clock A.M.; Chintadrapettah at 5-30;
 Rev. F. Noronha.

ADYAR—Sunday Mass at 6½ o'clock;
 Rev. P. O'Carroll.

CHURCH OF THE PURIFICATION AT
 WALLAHPETTAH—Sunday Mass at 7 A.M.;
 Rev. M. A. O'Carroll.

CHURCH OF OUR LADY OF LOURDES,
 Perambore—Sunday Mass at 6-30 A.M.;
 Rev. J. Allen.

BISHOPRIC OF ST. THOME.

The Right Rev. Dr. Henry Josi Reed
 da Silva, Bishop of Mylapore; Very Rev.
 Joao Baptista Gonsalves, Vicar General of
 Mylapore.

ST. THOME CATHEDRAL—Rev. J. F. da Pie-
 dade Dias, Rev. F. C. Hermogenes
 da Costa, Rev. J. B. Xavier de Souza.

MAI DEDEUS, St. Thome—Rev. M. J.
 de Quadros, Vicar.

B. V. M. OF NIVES, Luz—Rev. A. J. M.
 Carvalho, Vicar.

SACRED HEART OF JESUS, Poodooppet—
 Rev. M. J. R. Carvalho, Vicar.

CHURCH OF THE ASSUMPTION, Big
 Parchy—Rev. T. B. de Quadros, Vicar.

ST. JOHN'S, Black Town—Rev. J. N. X
 Mesquita, Vicar.

CHURCH OF REFUGE, Popham's Broadway—
 Rev. S. M. Sequeira, Vicar

ST. ANTHONY, Royapooram—Rev. M. E.
 Rodrigues, Vicar.

LESSONS FOR SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS, 1888.

		MATINS.		EVENSONG.	
Day of Month	SUNDAYS, ETC.	FIRST.	SECOND.	FIRST.	SECOND.
JAN.	1 Aft. Christ. Epiphany	Is. 35 or Gen. 17 v 9	Romans 2 v 17	Is. 38 or 40 or Deut. 10 v 12	Col. 2 v 8 to v 18
	6 1st. Epiph.	 60	Luke 3 v 15 to v 23	 49 v 13 to v 24	John 2 v 12
	15 2nd. Epiph.	 51	Mat. 5 v 13	 52 v 13 & 53 or 54	Acts 4 v 32 to 5 v 17
	22 3rd. Epiph.	 55	 9 to v 18	 57 or 61	 9 to v 23
	29 Septuages.	 62	 13 to v 24	 63 or 66	 13 v 26
		Gen. 1 & 2 to v 1	Rev. 21 to v 9	Gen. 2 v 4 or Job 38	Rev. 21 v 9 & 22 to v 37
FEB.	5 Sexages.	 3	Mat. 20 v 17	 6 or 8	Acts 21 v 17 to v 37
	12 Quinquages.	 9 to v 20	 24 to v 29	 12 or 13	 27 to v 18
	15 Ash Wed.	Isa. 58 to v 13	Mark 2 v 13 to v 23	Jonah 3	Heb. 12 v 3 to v 18
	19 1st. Lent.	Gen. 19 v 12 to v 30	Mat. 27 v 27	Gen. 22 to v 20 or 23	Romans 3
	26 2nd. Lent.	 27 to v 41	Mar. 2 v 23 to 3 v 13	 28 or 32	 9 v 19
MARCH.	4 3rd. Mar.	 37	 6 v 14 to v 30	 39 or 40	 13
	11 4th. Mar.	 42	 10 to v 32	 43 or 45	1 Cor. 4 to v 18
	18 5th. Mar.	Exodus 3	 14 to v 27	Exodus 5 or 6 to v 14	 10 & 11 v 1
	25 Palm Sun.	 9	Matthew 26	 10 or 11	Luke 19 v 28 or 20 v 9
	30 Good Fri.	Gen. 22 to v 20	John 18	Isaiah 52 v 13 and 53	1 Peter 2 [to v 21]
APRIL.	1 Easter Day.	Ex. 12 to v 29	Rev. 1 v 10 to v 19	Exod. 12 v 29 or 14	John 20 v 11 to v 19 or
	8 Low Sun.	Num. 16 to v 36	1 Cor. 15 to v 29	Num. 16 v 36 or 17 to v 12	 20 v 21 to v 30
	15 2nd. Easter	 20 to v 14	Luke 12 v 35	 20 v 14 to 21 v 10	Gal. 5 v 13
	22 3rd. Easter	 22	 17 to v 20	 23 or 24 [or 21 v 10]	Eph. 5 v 22 to 6 v 10
	29 4th. Easter	Deut. 4 to v 23	 20 v 27 to 21 v 5	Deut. 4 v 23 to v 41 or 5	Colossians 1 to v 21
MAY.	6 Rogation	 6	 23 v 26 to v 50	 9 or 10	1 Thess. 3
	13 Ascension.	Dan. 7 v 9 to v 15	 24 v 42	2 Kings 2 to v 16	Hebrews 4
	20 S. af. Ascen.	Deut. 30	John 3 v 22	Deut. 34 or Joshua 1	1 Timothy 1 to v 18
	27 Whit Sun.	 16 to v 18	Rom. 8 to v 18	Isa. 11 or Ezek. 36 v 25	Acts 18 v 24 to 19 v 21
		Isaiah 6 to v 11	Rev. 1 to v 9	Gen. 18 or 1 & 2 to v 4	Eph. 4 to v 17 or Matt. 3
JUNE.	3 1st. Trin.	Josh. 3 v 7 to 4 v 15	John 14	Josh. 5 v 13 to 6 v 21 or 24	Heb. 10 to v 19
	10 2nd. Trin.	Judges 4	 19 to v 25	Judges 5 or 6 v 11	James 2
	17 3rd. Trin.	1 Sam. 2 to v 27	Acts 2 to v 22	1 Sam. 3 or 4 to v 19	1 Peter 2 v 11 to 3 v 8
	24 4th. Trin.	 12 or Mal. 3 to v 7	Mat. 3	 13 or Ruth or Mal. 4	Mat. 14 to v 13
JULY.	5 5th. Trin.	 15 to v 24	Acts 9 v 23	 16 or 17	1 John 4 v 7
	12 6th. Trin.	2 Sam. 1	 13	2 Sam. 12 to v 24 or 18	Mat. 3
	19 7th. Trin.	1 Chron. 21	 18 v 24 to 19 v 21	1 Chr. 22 or 28 to v 21	 7 v 7
	26 8th. Trin.	 29 v 9 to v 29	 22 v 23 to 23 v 12	2 Chron. 1 or 1 Kgs. 3	 11
		1 Kgs. 10 to v 25	 28 to v 17	1 Kings 11 to v 15 or	 15 to v 21
				[11 v 26]	
AUG.	10 9th. Trin.	 12	Rom. 5	 13 or 17	 19 v 3 to v 27
	17 10th. Trin.	 18	 10	 19 or 21	 22 v 41 to v 23 v 13
	24 11th. Trin.	 22 to v 41	 16	2 Kgs. 24 or 16 or 1st or 2nd	 26 v 31 to v 57
		2 Kings 5	1 Cor. 7 to v 25	 6 to v 24 or 7	Mark 1 v 21
SEPT.	2 12th. Trin.	 9	 12 to v 28	 10 to v 32 or 13	 6 to v
	9 13th. Trin.	 18	2 Cor. 1 v 23	 19 or 23 to v 31	 9 v 30
	16 14th. Trin.	2 Chron. 36	 8	Nehemiah 1 & 2 to v 9 or 8	 13 v 14
	23 15th. Trin.	Jeremiah 5	Galatians 2	Jeremiah 22 or 35	Luke 1 v 26 to v 57
	30 16th. Trin.	 36	Ephesians 1	Ezek. 2 or 13 to v 17	 16
OCT.	7 17th. Trin.	Ezekiel 14	Philippians 1	 18 or 24 v 15	 8 to v 26
	14 18th. Trin.	 34	Colos. 3 to v 18	 37 or Dan. 1	 11 v 29
	21 19th. Trin.	Daniel 3 [9 to v 17]	2 Thess. 1	Daniel 4 or 5 [to v 19]	 15 v 11
	28 20th. Trin.	 6 or Isa. 28 v	1 Timothy 5	 7 or 9 or 12 or Jer. 3 v 12	 19 v 28
NOV.	4 21st. Trin.	Hosea 14	Titus 1	Joel 2 v 21 or 3 v 9	 22 v 54
	11 22nd. Trin.	Amos 3	 11 to v 14 & 5	Amos 5 or 9	John 2
	18 23rd. Trin.	Micah 4 & 5 to v 8	 11 to v 17	Micah 6 or 7 [3 & 4]	 6 to v 22
	25 24th. Trin.	Ecl. 11 & 12	James 5	Haggai 2 to v 10 or Mal	 9 v 39 to 10 v 22
DEC.	2 25th. Trin.	Isaiah 1	1 Peter 4 v 7	Isaiah 2 or 4 v 2	 12 v 20
	9 26th. Trin.	 5	1 John 2 v 15	 11 to v 11 or 24	 17
	16 27th. Trin.	 25	Jude	 26 or 28 v 5 to v 19	 21
	23 28th. Trin.	 30 to v 27	Rev. 11	 32 or 33 v 2 to v 23	Rev. 12
	30 29th. Trin.	 9 to v 8	Luke 2 to v 15	 7 v 10 to v 17	Titus 3 v 4 to v
		 35	Rev. 20	 38 or 40	Rev. 21 to v 15

SEE OF MADRAS.

The Right Reverend FREDERICK GELL, D.D., Lord Bishop of Madras, formerly Fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge.—Consecrated at Lambeth, 29th June 1861 and installed 27th November 1861.

The Venerable JAMES FRANCIS BROWNE, B.D., Archdeacon of the Diocese of Madras and Commissary to the Lord Bishop from 2nd Feb. 1884—Instituted, 2nd Feb. 1884.—Inducted and Installed, on the 3rd Feb. 1884.

The Reverend SAMUEL MORLEY, Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, 2nd Oct. 1884.
F. ROWLANDSON, Esq., B.A. and LL.B., Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Madras, 1st Dec. 1875.

Names.	Colleges, &c.	Date of arrival.	Stationed at
15 SENIOR CHAPLAINS.			
Rev. D. G. Clarke, B.A.	Jesus College, Oxford	6 Nov. 1865	On furlough to Europe.
„ W.M.S. Babington, B.A.	Clare College, Cambridge	24 May 1866	Vellore.
„ C. Smith, M.A.	New Inn Hall, Oxford	16 Jan. 1869	Aurangabad.
„ J. B. Trend, M.A.	St. Mary's Hall, Oxford	7 Nov.	St. Mark's Bangalore— On furlough to Europe.
Ven. J. F. Browne, B.D.	Divinity College, London	20 July 1870	St. George's Cathedral.
Rev. W. W. Elwes, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Cambridge	20 Oct.	St. Thomas' Mount.
„ J. M. Walker, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Camb.	1 Jan. 1872	St. John's, Bangalore.
„ A. C. Taylor, M.A.	Merton College, Oxford	25 Feb. 1874	Fort St. George.
„ H. A. Williams, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Camb.	21 Apr.	On furlough to Europe.
„ D. W. Kidd, B.A.	Madras University	12 Feb. 1875	St. Matthias', Vepery.
„ S. Morley	Pembroke College, Camb.	18 Apr.	Domestic Chaplain.
„ W. Wace, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Camb.	26 Oct.	Wellington.
„ C. H. Pelly, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Dublin	20 June 1876	Ootacamund.
„ F. Penny, M.A., LL.M.	Sidney Sus. Coll., Camb.	6 Sep. 1877	Trichinopoly.
„ W. Scott, B.A.	Trinity Coll., Dublin	20 July 1878	Bolarum.
25 JUNIOR CHAPLAINS.			
Rev. R. J. Brandon, LL.D.	Trinity Coll., Dublin	3 Nov. 1878	Coonoor.
„ J. Sharp	(Literate)	12 Jan. 1879	Cuddalore.
„ F. C. Gittens, M.A.	St. Mary's Hall, Oxford	16 Oct.	Secunderabad—On furlough to Europe.
„ C. J. Eddy	Divinity College, London	11 Nov.	Trimulgherry.
„ J. W. Cassels, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Camb.	14 Dec.	Mercara—On furlough to Europe.
„ J. Black, M.A.	Trinity College, Dublin	15 Mar. 1880	Ag. St. Mark's, Bangalore.
„ R. P. Burnett, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Camb.	9 Apr.	On furlough to Europe.
„ A. A. Williams, M.A.	Trinity College, Dublin	18 Oct.	Bellary.
„ R. H. Durham, M.A.	Trinity College, Dublin	25 Oct.	Vizagapatam—On furlough to Europe.
„ C. E. Whiteley, M.A.	Jesus College, Camb.	7 Feb. 1881	Berhampore.
„ J. English	Divinity College, London	14 Dec.	Cocanada.
„ W. H. Hobart, B.A.	Exeter College, Oxford	10 Jan. 1882	St. Matthias', Vepery.
„ E. Gibson	(Literate)	1 Aug.	Ag. Poonamallee.
„ E. T. Beatty	(Literate)	23 Mar. 1883	On Special duty.
„ C. H. L. Wright, M.A.	Corpus Christi Coll., Camb.	17 May	Ag. Secunderabad.
„ A. J. Jones, Th.A.	King's College, London	26 Oct. 1884	Ag. St. George's Cathedral.
„ C. H. Malden, M.A.	Trinity College, Camb.	13 Feb. 1885	Trivandrum.
„ W. C. Gib	Divinity College, London	16 Mar.	Cannanore—On special leave to Europe.
„ F. E. Cameron, B.A.	Corpus Christi Coll., Camb.	16 Mar.	Ag. Vizagapatam.
„ F. C. Hill, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Camb.	14 Sep.	Ag. Mercara.
„ F. N. Crowther, B.A.	Corpus Christi Coll., Camb.	14 Sep.	On privilege leave.
„ A. Bird, B.A.	Do.	10th May 1886	Ag. South Black Town.
„ C. P. C. Nugent	Divinity Coll., London	20th Aug.	Ag. Trinity District, Bangalore.
„ H. C. Parker, M.A.	Keble Coll., Oxford	13th May 1887	On depn. in Burmah.
„ A. H. B. Brittain, M.A.	St. Edmund Hall, Oxford	18 June 1887	Ag. Trimulgherry.

SERVICES OF CHAPLAINS.

SEE OF MADRAS.

The Right Rev. FREDERICK GELL, D.D., Formerly Fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge, (Born 21st Sept. 1820.)—Nominated as Lord Bishop of Madras, 16th May 61; Consecrated at Lambeth, 29th June 61; Arrived at the Presidency, 25th Nov. 61; Installed, 27th Nov. 61; *Furlo. to Eur. on Med. Cert., from 13th May 70 to 27th Oct. 71*; Ag. Metropolitan Bishop exercising the Episcopal Jurisdiction and Functions of the See of Calcutta, from 16th March 76 to 7th Feb. 77, (Rs. 3,831-6-8); On duty to Calcutta for assisting in the consecration of the Rev. Drs. Caldwell and Sargent, from 28th Feb. to 16th March 77; *Furlo. to Eur., from 17th May to 8th Nov. 78*; Permitted to proceed to Calcutta under the invitation of the Right Rev. the Metropolitan of India under M. G., dated 6th Jan. 83, No 1, Eccl.; *Furlo. to Eur., from 6th May to 29th Oct. 84.*—Pay Rs. 2,133-5-4.

1870. VEX. JAMES FRANCIS BROWNE, B.D., (*Vide Services in the Ecclesiastical Dept.*)—Archdeacon of the Diocese of Madras, and Commissary to the Lord Bishop, 2nd Feb. 84; Instituted, 2nd Feb. 84; Inducted and Installed, 3rd Feb. 84.

1875. Rev. SAMUEL MORLEY; (*Vide Services in the Ecclesiastical Dept.*)—Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, from 30th Oct. 84.—Pay Rs. 875.

FREDERICK ROWLANDSON, B.A. and LL.B., (Born 9th January 1818.)—Registrar of the Diocese of Madras and Secretary to the Lord Bishop, 1st Dec. 75.—Pay Rs. 213-5-4.

SENIOR CHAPLAINS.—PAY RS. 800.—NUMBER 15.

1865. Rev. DAVID GEORGE CLARKE, B.A., (Jesus College, Oxford)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, from 6th Nov. 65; Acting Chaplain of Poonamallee, 22nd Nov. 65 to 4th March 68; Surrogate, 9th March 66; Privilege leave, 2nd Apl. to 1st July 67; Chaplain of Bolaram and Chadderghaut, 18th March 68; Ag. Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 12th June 69 to 5th Apl. 70; Privilege leave, 6th Apl. to 5th July 70; Ag. Jt. Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, 15th July 70; Ag. Chaplain of Vepery, 13th Oct. 70; Chaplain of Vepery, 25th July 71 to 5th Oct. 73; Privilege leave, 4th Aug. to 3rd Oct. 71, from 10th Sept. to 8th Nov. 72 and from 6th Oct. to 2nd Dec. 73; Ag. Chaplain of Mysore, 5th Dec. 73; Chaplain of Mysore, 12th June 74 to 3rd Apl. 76; Senior Chaplain, 6th Nov. 75; Privilege leave, 4th Apl. to 21st June 76; Chaplain of Wellington, 6th July 76 to 31st March 78; Ag. Chaplain, Vellore, 7th Apl. to 1st July 78; Ag. Chaplain, South Black Town, 4th July to 3rd Sept. 78; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 7th Sept. 78 to 8th March 79; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount and Pallavaram, 15th March to 13th June 79; Privilege leave, 14th June to 13th Sept. 79; Chaplain of Vellore, 18th Sept. 79 to 12th Apl. 80; *Furlo. to Eur., from 16th Apl. 80 to 13th Apl. 82*; Ag. Joint Chaplain, St. Mathias, Vepery, 15th Apl. to 14th June 82; Ag. Chaplain, St. Thomas' Mount, with charge of Pallavaram, 16th June to 15th Aug. 82; Chaplain of South Black Town, 17th Aug. 82; Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, 30th Nov. 82 to 20th Feb. 84; Performed the duties of Archdeacon of the Diocese, Madras, from 28th Apl. to 15th Oct. 83; Chaplain of Saint Thomas' Mount with charge of Pallavaram, 22nd Feb. 84 to 29th May 85; *Furlo. to Europe for 2 years, from 1st June 85 to 31st May 87, and on Medl. Cert. for 6 months, from 1st June 87—17 years, 6 months, 28 days.*

1866. Rev. WILLIAM MARSHALL SARGENT BABINGTON, B.A., (Clare College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 24th May 66; Surrogate, 3rd July 66; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, 10th July 66 to 22nd Apl. 68; Privilege leave, 6th Aug. to 5th Oct. 67; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 2nd May 68; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, 4th to 30th June 68; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 13th July 68; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 16th Oct. to 14th Dec. 69; Privilege leave, 15th to 23rd Dec. 69; Chaplain of Rajahmundry, 8th Jan. to 24th May 70; Sick leave, from 25th May to 24th Sept. 70; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 1st Oct. 70 to 1st Jan. 71; *Furlo., from 22nd Jan. to 9th Sept. 71*; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 23rd Sept. to 20th Nov. 71; Chaplain of Vizianagram, 11th Dec. 71 to 25th Nov. 74; Chaplain of Cocanada and Rajahmundry, 3rd Dec. 74 to 30th Jan. 76; Senior Chaplain, 24th May 76; *Furlo. to Eur., from 8th Feb. 76 to 8th July 77*; Ag. Chaplain, South Black Town, 10th July 77; Chaplain, North Black Town, 6th Aug. 77 to 7th June 80; Chaplain of Wellington, 12th June 80 to 10th June 81; Privilege leave, from 11th June to 10th Sept. 81; Chaplain of Vellore, 20th Sept. 81; Privilege leave, from 16th Apl. to 27th June 83; Left Vellore, 14th

Oct. 85; *Furlo. to Europe, from 19th Oct. 85 to 16th Oct. 87*; Chaplain of Vellore, 26th Oct. 87.—17 years 2 months, 21 days.

1869. Rev. CLEMENT SMITH, M.A., (New Inn Hall, Oxford)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 16th Jan. 69; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, 25th Feb. to 14th Dec. 69; Surrogate, 26th March 69; Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 28th Dec. 69 to 3rd July 72; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 21st Apl. 70; *Overstayed, 21st July 70*; Privilege leave, 22nd Sept. to 21st Nov. 71; Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 20th July 72 to 7th March 75; Privilege leave, 18th March to 17th June 73, and from 8th March to 28th May 75; In charge of Yercaud and Salem, from 1st Oct. to 9th Nov. 71 and from 12th March to 11th May 75; Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 29th May 75 to 4th May 77; Privilege leave, 1st Nov. 76 to 31st Jan. 77; Chaplain of Coonoor, 15th May 77 to 15th May 79; Senior Chaplain, 16th Jan. 79; Privilege leave, 16th May to 15th July 79; Chaplain of Cocanada, 24th July 79 to 16th Feb. 81; *Furlo. to Eur., from 24th Feb. 81 to 19th Feb. 83*; Ag. Joint Chaplain of Vepery, from 30th March to 3rd May 83; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount with charge of Pallavaram, from 4th May to 12th July 83; Chaplain of Aurangabad, 25th July 83 to 15th March 86; Privilege leave, from 16th March to 14th June 86; Ag. Chaplain of St. John's, Secunderabad, from 15th June to 10th July 86; Chaplain of Aurangabad, from 11th July to 17th Sept. 86; Left Aurangabad, 18th Sept. 86; *Furlough to Europe, from 25th Sept. 86 to 13th Nov. 87*; Chaplain of Aurangabad, 19th Nov. 87.—15 years, 9 months, 28 days.

1869. Rev. JOHN BOWDEN TREND, M.A., (St. Mary's Hall, Oxford)—Junior Chaplain, 7th Nov. 69; Chaplain of Cannanore, 11th Nov. 69; Surrogate, 7th Dec. 69; Ag. Chaplain of Berar, 26th Aug. 70; Privilege leave, 20th Nov. 72 to 31st Jan. 73; In charge of Yercaud and Salem, 23rd Nov. 72 to 31st Jan. 73; Chaplain of Mysore, 5th Feb. to 23rd Nov. 73; Ag. Chaplain, Vellore, 2nd Dec. 73; Chaplain, Vellore, 12th June to 15th Nov. 74; Ag. Chaplain of Vepery, from 17th Nov. to 18th Dec. 74; Chaplain, Vellore, 23rd Dec. 74 to 25th Jan. 77; *Furlo. to Europe, from 17th Feb. 77 to 9th Jan. 79*; Ag. Chaplain, Bellary, 15th Jan. to 5th March 79; Chaplain of Vellore, 7th March to 17th Sept. 79; Chaplain of St. Mark's Dist., Bangalore, 22nd Sept. 79; Senior Chaplain, 7th Nov. 79; Privilege leave, from 19th Feb. to 9th May 81; Chaplain of Coonoor, 10th May 81 to 25th Apl. 83; Appointed to be Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, 13th Apl. 83; Priv. leave, from 26th Apl. to 25th July 83; *Overstayed joining time, 4th and 5th Aug. 83*; Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, from 6th Aug. 83; Privilege leave, from 25th Feb. to 24th May 86; Left Bangalore, 14th Feb. 87; *Furlo. to Euro. for 2 years, from 17th Feb. 87.*—15 years, 4 months, 14 days.

1870. VEX. JAMES FRANCIS BROWNE, B.D., (Divinity College, London)—Junior Chaplain, 20th July 70; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, 8th Aug. 70; Surrogate, 16th Aug. 70; Chaplain of Cannanore, 26th Aug. 70 to 19th Jan. 72; Chaplain of Secunderabad, 31st Jan. 72 to 5th July 75; Privilege leave, 17th March to 16th June 74; Chaplain of North Black Town, 9th July 75; Ag. Chaplain, South Black Town, from 25th Apl. 76 to 9th July 77; Privilege leave, 2nd Aug. to 1st Nov. 76; Chaplain, North Black Town, up to 2nd Aug. 77; *Furlo. to Europe, from 7th Aug. 77 to 4th Feb. 80*; Ag. Chaplain, Cannanore, 16th Feb. to 15th May 80; Ag. Chaplain, Poonamallee, 23rd May to 22nd July 80; Senior Chaplain, 20th July 80; Chaplain, Trinity Church, Bangalore, 30th July 80 to 21st Aug. 81; Privilege leave, 22nd Aug. to 21st Oct. 81; Chaplain of Wellington, 27th Oct. 81 to 27th Nov. 83; Chaplain of the Trinity Dist., Bangalore, 30th Nov. 83 to 12th Feb. 84; Appointed to be Chaplain on Special duty at the Bangalore Camp of Exercise, 13th Nov. 83; Archdeacon of the Diocese of Madras and Commissary to the Lord Bishop, 2nd Feb. 84; Instituted, 2nd Feb. 84; Inducted and Installed, 3rd Feb. 84; Senior Joint Chaplain of Saint George's Cathedral, 14th Feb. 84; In charge of the Diocese during the absence of the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras, from 6th May to 29th Oct. 84, with an allowance of Rs. 500; Privilege leave, from 13th March to 10th June 85; Fellow of the Madras University, 17th March 86; Privilege leave, from 9th May to 5th Aug. 87.—14 years, 11 months, 13 days.

1870. Rev. WILLIAM WESTON ELWES, M.A., (Trinity College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 20th Oct. 70; Surrogate, 8th Nov. 70; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, 8th Nov. 70 to 21st July 72; Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 4th Aug. 72 to 30th March 74; Privilege leave, 8th Aug. to 5th Oct. 72, and from

31st March to 29th June 74; On spl. duty at the Bangalore Camp of Exercise from 3rd to 27th Jan'y. 74; Held charge of the Jail and of St. Thomas' Church, Ootacamund, from 1st Apl. to 29th June 74; Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, 30th June 74 to 10th Feb. 78; Privilege leave, 9th to 27th Feb. 77; *Furlo. to Eur.*, from 11th Feb. 78 to 2nd Dec. 79; Chaplain of Coimbatore, 10th Dec. 79; In charge of the Chaplaincy of Calicut, 23rd Apl. to 23rd July 80; Senior Chaplain, 20th Oct. 80; Chaplain of Coimbatore, up to 24th Feb. 82; Chaplain of Ootacamund, 4th March 82 to 27th Sept. 83; Ag. Domestic Chaplain to the Right Revd. the Lord Bishop of Madras, from 28th Sept. 83; Garrison Chaplain of Fort Saint George, continuing to act as Bishop's Chaplain, 16th Feb. to 5th May 84; Priv. leave, from 6th May to 20th June 84; Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, 21st June 84; *Furlo. to Europe*, from 24th March 85 to 18th Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount, with charge of Pallavaram; from 29th Sept. 86; Confirmed as Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount, with charge of Pallavaram, 5th Aug. 87.—13 years, 10 months, 25 days.

1872. REV. JOHN MILLS WALKER, M.A., (St. John's College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 1st Jan'y. 72; Surrogate, 12th Jan'y. 72; Chaplain of Cannanore, 17th Jan'y. 72 to 20th May 75; Priv. leave, 26th Nov. 72 to 25th Jan'y. 73, 12th Dec. 73 to 10th Feb. 74, and from 21st May to 20th Aug. 75; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 3rd Sept. 75 to 22nd Feb. 76; Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 25th Feb. 76 to 2nd July 77; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 7th July 77; Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 17th Sept. 77 to 6th Feb. 79; Privilege leave, 8th May to 17th June 78; *Furlo. to Europe*, from 10th Feb. 79 to 31st Jan'y. 81; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, 5th Feb. to 12th Aug. 81; Ag. Chaplain, Trinity Church, Bangalore, 22nd Aug. 81 to 3rd June 83; Senior Chaplain, 1st Jan'y. 82; Chaplain of Coonoor, from 11th June 83 to 21st Aug. 84; Privilege leave, from 22nd Aug. to 2nd Dec. 84; Ag. Chaplain of St. John's Dist., Bangalore, from 3rd Dec. 84; Chaplain of St. John's Dist., Bangalore, 10th March 85 to 25th Feb. 86; *Special leave to Euro. on very urgent private affairs*, from 5th March to 29th Aug. 86; Chaplain of St. John's District, Bangalore, from 11th Sept. 86.—13 years, 6 months, 15 days.

1874. REV. ALFRED CHARLES TAYLOR, M.A., (Merton College, Oxford)—Junior Chaplain, 25th Feb. 74; Ag. Garrison Chaplain, Fort St. George, 4th March to 30th Apl. 74; Surrogate, 5th May 74; Ag. Chaplain, Bellary, 5th May to 4th Aug. 74; Chaplain, Berar, Sept. 74 to 15th June 75; Chaplain, Vepery, 1st July 75 to 12th Apl. 82; Priv. leave, 4th May to 3rd Aug. 76, 2nd May to 1st Aug. 78, and from 24th July to 23rd Sept. 79; *Furlo. to Europe*, from 15th April 82 to 10th April 84; Senior Chaplain, from 26th Jan'y. 84; Chaplain of Ootacamund, from 19th Apl. 84 to 29th Apl. 86; Ag. Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, from 1st May 86 to 10th June 87; On duty at Coimbatore on the 12th and 13th June 87; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 14th June to 13th Sept. 87; Confirmed as Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, 25th Oct. 87.—11 years, 10 months, 11 days.

1874. REV. HARRY ARCHIBALD WILLIAMS, M.A., (St. John's College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 21st April 74; Acting Joint Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, 1st May 74; Surrogate, 12th May 74; Ag. Garrison Chaplain, Fort St. George, 1st June to 19th July 74; Chaplain, Vizagapatam, with charge of Vizianagram, 10th Aug. 74 to 31st Jan'y. 77; Privilege leave, 22nd Oct. 75 to 18th Jan'y. 76; *Furlo. to Eur.*, from 12th Feb. 77 to 30th Jan'y. 78; Ag. Chaplain, Poonamallee, 9th Feb. to 11th March 78; Ag. Garrison Chaplain, Fort St. George, 16th March 78 to 5th May 79; Chaplain of Cannanore, 16th May 79 to 26th June 81; Privilege leave, from 16th Feb. to 15th May 80; Passed Higher Standard in Telugu, 10th Jan'y. 81; Ag. Chaplain, St. John's Church, Bangalore, 2nd July to 2nd Oct. 81; Chaplain of Cannanore, 15th Oct. 81 to 24th Feb. 83; Privilege leave, from 25th Feb. to 21st May 83; Ag. Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 4th June to 29th Nov. 83; Chaplain of Wellington, for the usual term of 2 years, from 1st Dec. 83; Senior Chaplain, from 24th March 84; Left Wellington, 17th March 86; *Furlo. to Eur. for 2 years*; from 25th March 86.—10 years, 11 months, 15 days.

1875. REV. DANIEL WILSON KIDD, B.A., (Madras University)—Junior Chaplain, 12th Feb. 75; Ag. Chaplain, Trinity Dist., Bangalore, 27th Feb. 75; Surrogate, 9th March 75; Ag. Chaplain, St. John's Dist., Bangalore, 28th May to 27th Aug. 75; Chaplain of Vizianagram, with charge of Vizagapatam, 16th Sept. 75 to 13th March 76; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's Dist., Bangalore,

26th March to 14th June 76; Chaplain, Vizianagram, 28th June 76; Ag. Chaplain of Vizagapatam, in addition to his duties, 1st Feb. 77; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, with charge of Vizianagram, 26th June 77 to 23rd Apl. 78; Ag. Chaplain, Vepery, 2nd May to 1st Aug. 78; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 4th Aug. 78 to 15th Apl. 79; Privilege leave, 16th Apl. to 15th July 79; Ag. Chaplain of Vepery, 24th July to 23rd Sept. 79; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 2nd Oct. 79 to 17th May 80; Privilege leave, from 18th May to 17th July 80; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 25th July 80; Passed Higher Standard in Tamil, 17th Jan'y. 82; Left Cuddalore, 14th July 82; Passed the High Profy. Test in Tamil, 18th July 82; *Furlo. to Eur.*, from 25th July 82 to 11th July 84; Appointed to be Chaplain of Cuddalore, 15th July 84; Ag. Joint Chaplain of Vepery, 19th to 23rd July 84; Senior Chaplain, from 29th July 84; Ag. Chaplain of St. John's, Bangalore, 24th July to 11th Nov. 84; Chaplain of Coonoor, from 22nd Nov. 84 to 25th Oct. 86; Joint Chaplain of St. Matthias', Vepery, from 30th Oct. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 14th June to 13th Sept. 87.—10 years, 11 months, 4 days.

1875. REV. SAMUEL MORLEY, (Pembroke College, Cambridge, and London University)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 18th Apl. 75; Surrogate, 15th June 75; Ag. Jt. Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, 3rd May to 2nd July 75; Chaplain of Secunderabad, 15th July 75 to 24th Nov. 78; Priv. leave, from 2nd Apl. to 1st July 77; Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, 27th Nov. 78; Ag. Jt. Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, without prejudice to his duties as Domestic Chaplain, from 27th Feb. to 14th Apl., from 1st to 31st Oct. 79, and from 11th Dec. 80 to 1st Feb. 81; Domestic Chaplain up to 22nd Aug. 82; *Furlo. to Eur. on urgent P. A.*, from 29th Aug. 82 to 25th Aug. 84; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 28th Aug. to 2nd Oct. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Coonoor, from 4th to 26th Oct. 84; Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, from 30th Oct. 84; Senior Chaplain, from 15th Feb. 85; Also Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, without prejudice to his appointment as Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, from 25th Feb. to 29th March 86.—10 years, 8 months, 18 days.

1875. REV. WALTER WACE, M.A., (Trinity College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 26th Oct. 75; Chaplain of Calicut, 4th Nov. 75; Priv. leave, 21st Apl. to 18th May 76; Ag. Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, 9th to 27th Feb. 77; Chaplain, Calicut, 7th to 20th March 77; Ag. Chaplain, Bellary, 28th March to 24th July 77; Ag. Chaplain, St. Mark's, Bangalore, 28th July to 16th Oct. 77; Chaplain of Bellary, 20th Oct. 77 to 12th Feb. 78; Ag. Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop, 14th Feb. to 15th May 78; Chaplain, Bellary, 16th May 78; Priv. leave, from 10th Jan'y. to 5th March 79, and from 5th Apl. to 1st June 81; Left Bellary, 18th Apl. 83; Ag. Chaplain of Coonoor, from 26th Apl. to 10th June 83; Privilege leave, from 11th to 29th June 83; Chaplain of Bellary, 9th July 83 to 2nd Jan'y. 84, and from 1st Feb. 84; Chaplain on Special duty at the Bangalore Camp of Exercise, from 5th to 28th Jan'y. 84; Chaplain of Bellary up to 17th March 84; *Furlo. to Eur.*, from 22nd March 84 to 16th March 86; To be Senior Chaplain, from 26th Oct. 85; Chaplain of Wellington for the usual period of 2 years, from 27th March 86.—10 years, 2 months, 12 days.

1876. REV. CHARLES-HENRY PELLY, M.A., (Trinity College, Dublin)—Junior Chaplain, 20th June 76; Ag. Chaplain, South Black Town, 28th June 76; Acting Chaplain, North Black Town, 2nd Aug. to 1st Nov. 76; Chaplain, Cuddalore, 14th Nov. 76 to 2nd July 77; Ag. Chaplain, Trinity Dist., Bangalore, 10th July to 9th Oct. 77; Chaplain of Bolaram, 16th Oct. 77 to 27th Aug. 82; Passed the Lower Standard Examm. in Hindustani, 4th July 82; Chaplain of North Black Town, 30th Aug. 82 to 2nd Oct. 83; Ag. Chaplain of Ootacamund, from 6th Oct. 83 to 13th Apl. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 18th April 84 to 18th March 85; Ag. Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, from 24th March 85 to 30th April 86; Senior Chaplain, from 1st March 86; Privilege leave, from 1st May to 31st July 86; Chaplain of Ootacamund for the usual term of 2 years, from 14th Aug. 86.—11 years, 6 months, 12 days.

1877. REV. FRANK PENNY, B.A., LL.M., (Sidney Sussex College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 6th Sept. 77; Jt. Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, 18th Sept. 77; Surrogate, 6th Oct. 77; Privilege leave, 9th Feb. to 8th March 78; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 26th Feb. 79 to 2nd June 80; *Furlo. to Eur. on M. C.*, from 11th June 80 to 10th June 81, and without allowances, from 11th June to 6th Dec. 81; Chaplain of Trichinopoly, 14th Dec. 81;

Surrogate, 12th Nov. 83; Priv. leave, from 16th Apl. to 15th July 84 and for 3 months, from 5th June to 4th Sept. 86; Senior Chaplain, from 10th Dec. 86; 8 years, 10 months, 1 day.

1878. REV. WILLIAM SCOTT, B.A. (Trinity College, Dublin)—Junior Chaplain, 20th July 78; Chaplain of Trevandrum, 24th Aug. 78 to 5th Apl. 80; Privilege leave, from 5th Feb. to 2nd Apl. 80; Ag. Chaplain, Trinity Church, Bangalore, 10th Apl. to 29th July 80; Ag. Chaplain, Trichinopoly, 6th Aug. to 10th Sept. 80; Ag. Chaplain, Mysore, 19th Sept. 80 to 11th Apl. 82; Ag. Chaplain, St. John's Church, Bangalore, 16th Apl. to 22nd June 82; Priv. leave, from 23rd June to 11th Sept. 82; Chaplain of Bolaram, 23rd Sept. 82 to 21st Sept. 85; *Furlo. to Europe, from 1st Oct. 85 to 6th Aug. 87*; Senior Chaplain, from 1st Apl. 87; Chaplain of Bolaram, 17th Aug. 87.—7 years, 7 months, 8 days.

JUNIOR CHAPLAINS—PAY RS. 500—NUMBER 25.

1878. REV. ROBERT JOSEPH BRANDON, LL.D. (Trinity College, Dublin)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 3rd Nov. 78; Chaplain of Secunderabad, 25th Nov. 78; Surrogate, 26th Nov. 78; Priv. leave, 11th Oct. 81 to 10th Jan. 82; Left Secunderabad, 13th May 84; Ag. Chaplain of Calicut, 23rd May 84; Priv. leave, from 9th June to 7th Sept. 84; Chaplain of Calicut, 9th Feb. 86; Privilege leave, from 11th March to 29th May 86; Left Calicut, 21st Oct. 86; Chaplain of Coonoor for the usual period of 2 years, from 29th Oct. 86.—9 years, 1 month, 29 days.

1879. REV. JAMES SHARP, (Literate)—Junior Chaplain, 12th Jan. 79; Chaplain of Calicut, with charge of Coimbatore, 7th March 79; Chaplain of Calicut, 27th Sept. 79 to 12th Apl. 80; Priv. leave, 14th to 27th Nov. 79; *Special leave to Eur., from 17th Apl. to 19th July 80*; Chaplain, Calicut, 24th July 80; Priv. leave, from 23rd Apl. to 22nd May 81 and from 16th May to 14th July 82; Left Calicut, 19th March 84; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, 22nd March 84; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, from 18th June to 17th Sept. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Cuddalore, from 26th Sept. 84; Privilege leave, from 30th Aug. to 31st Oct. 85; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 9th Feb. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 11th May to 10th Aug. 87.—8 years, 8 months, 17 days.

1879. REV. FORSTER CLARKE GITTENS, M.A. (St. Mary's Hall, Oxford)—Junior Chaplain, 16th Oct. 79; Ag. Chaplain, Trinity Church, Bangalore, 28th Oct. to 22nd Dec. 79; Ag. Chaplain, Vizagapatam, 10th Jan. 80; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, 24th Feb. 80; In charge of Vizianagram, 17th July 80 to 3rd March 81; Ag. Chaplain, Trimulgherry, 11th March to 9th June 81; Priv. leave, from 10th June to 9th Sept. 81; Chaplain, Vizagapatam, 12th Sept. 81 to 18th May 82; Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 1st June 82; Priv. leave for 3 months, from 16th Feb. to 15th May 84; Ag. Chaplain of Secunderabad, from 17th May 84; Chaplain of Secunderabad, 23rd Feb. 86; Privilege leave, from 14th Apl. to 13th July 86; *Overstayed, 14th July 86*; Chaplain of Secunderabad, from 15th July 86 to 14th April 87; Left Secunderabad, 15th April 87; *Furlo. to Euro. for 2 years, from 20th April 87*.—7 years, 6 months, 4 days.

1879. REV. CHARLES JOHN ETTY, (Divinity College, London)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 11th Nov. 79; Chaplain of Mercara, 1st Dec. 79 to 5th July 81; Ag. Chaplain, Cannanore, 8th July to 14th Oct. 81; Chaplain of Mercara, 21st Oct. 81 to 14th Apl. 83; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 28th Apl. to 16th Oct. 83; Privilege leave, from 17th Oct. 83 to 16th Jan. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Poonamallee, from 21st Jan. to 17th Feb. 84; Ag. Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, from 21st Feb. 84; Chaplain of Poonamallee, from 1st July 84 to 23rd April 85; Ag. Joint Chaplain of Vepery, from 1st May 85 to 18th Nov. 86; *Furlo. to Euro., from 19th Nov. 86 to Nov. 87*; Appointed to be Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 14th Nov. 87; Joined as Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 26th Nov. 87.—7 years, 1 month, 10 days.

1879. REV. JOHN WILBERFORCE CASSELS, M.A. (St. John's College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 14th Dec. 79; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 27th Dec. 79 to 3rd June 80; Ag. Chaplain, South Black Town, 5th June to 3rd Sept. 80; Ag. Chaplain, Trichinopoly, 11th Sept. 80 to 13th Dec. 81; Chaplain of Madura, 20th Dec. 81 to 8th Feb. 82; Ag. Chaplain, Salem, 12th to 21st Feb. 82; Chaplain of Poonamallee, 26th Feb. to 19th Apl. 82; Ag. Chaplain of Cocanada and Rajahmundry, 24th Apl. to 30th June 82; Priv. leave, from 1st July to 27th Sept. 82; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, from 7th Oct. to 26th Nov. 82;

Joined the Chaplaincy of Poonamallee, 7th Dec. 82 to 12th Apl. 83; Left Poonamallee, 13th Apl. 83; Ag. Chaplain of Bellary, from 18th Apl. to 8th July 83; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, from 14th July to 6th Aug. 83; Privilege leave, from 6th Aug. to 30th Sept. 83; Ag. Chaplain of Mercara, from 14th Oct. 83; Chaplain of Mercara, 11th March 84 to 6th April 85; Ag. Chaplain of Bellary, from 11th April to 10th July 85; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 11th July to 10th Oct. 85; *Overstayed joining time, 20th to 24th Oct. 85*; Ag. Chaplain of Mysore, from 25th Oct. 85; Surrogate, 19th Dec. 85; Left Mysore, 2nd June 87; *Furlo. on M. C. to Eur. for 1 year, from 7th June 87*.—7 years, 5 months, 19 days.

1880. REV. JOHN BLACK, M.A. (Trinity College, Dublin, and Dublin University)—Junior Chaplain, 15th March 80; Acting Joint Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, 30th March to 29th June, and from 1st July to 30th Sept. 80; Chaplain, Trevandrum, 9th Oct. 80; Priv. leave, 14th March to 12th June 82; Left Trevandrum, 18th Nov. 82; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, 27th Nov. 82 to 13th July 83; Ag. Chaplain of Vepery, from 16th July to 30th Nov. 83; Ag. Jt. Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, 1st Dec. 83; Jt. Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 11th to 22nd March 84; *Furlo. to Euro. on M. C., from 23rd March to 20th Oct. 84*; Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, 21st Oct. 84; Privilege leave, from 2nd Feb. to 1st May 86; Left Madras, 22nd Feb. 87; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, from 23rd Feb. 87.—7 years, 2 months, 20 days.

1880. REV. RICHARD PARRY BURNETT, M.A. (St. John's College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 9th Apl. 80; Ag. Chaplain, Vellore, 21st Apl. 80 to 19th May 81; Surrogate, 3rd Dec. 80; Priv. leave, from 20th May to 10th June 81; Ag. Chaplain of Wellington, 11th June to 6th Sept. 81; *Special leave on private affairs, 8th Sept. 81 to 7th March 82*; *Overstayed, 8th to 21st March 82*; Ag. Chaplain, St. Mark's, Bangalore, 22nd March to 24th Sept. 82; Domestic Chaplain to the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras, 3rd Oct. 82 to 27th Sept. 83; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, from 3rd Oct. 83; Privilege leave, from 18th June to 17th Sept. 84; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town and also in charge of the Chaplaincy of North Black Town, from 12th Nov. 85 to 7th Oct. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 28th June to 27th Sept. 86; *Overstayed, 28th Sept. 86*; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, from 8th Oct. 86 to 30th Nov. 87; *Furlo. to Eur. for 2 years, from 1st Dec. 87*.—7 years, 1 month, 12 days.

1880. REV. ARTHUR ACHESON WILLIAMS, M.A. (Trinity College, Dublin)—Junior Chaplain, 18th Oct. 80; Chaplain of Madura, 4th Nov. 80 to 6th March 81; Surrogate, 12th Nov. 80; Ag. Junior Jt. Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, 9th March 81 to 19th July 82; Passed Higher Standard in Tamil, 18th July 82; Privilege leave, from 20th July to 22nd Aug.; and from 18th Sept. to 14th Nov. 82; Ag. Domestic Chaplain to the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop, from 23rd Aug. to 17th Sept. 82; Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 15th Nov. 82 to 30th Nov. 83; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, from 1st Dec. 83 to 12th March 84; Passed the High Proficiency Test in Tamil, 30th Jan. 84; Chaplain of Bellary, 18th March 84; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 11th Apl. to 10th July 85; Left Bellary, 27th Apl. 86; Offg. Chaplain of Ootacamund, from 30th Apl. to 13th Aug. 86; Chaplain of Bellary, from 23rd Aug. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 23rd Nov. 86 to 22nd Feb. 87.—7 years, 2 months, 14 days.

1880. REV. ROBERT HENRY DURHAM, M.A. (Trinity College, Dublin)—Junior Chaplain, 25th October 80; Surrogate, 17th Jan. 81; Chaplain of Nellore, 15th Nov. 80 to 20th Feb. 81; Ag. Chaplain, Cocanada, 28th Feb. 81; Priv. leave, from 22nd Apl. to 15th July 82; Appointed to be Chaplain of Vizagapatam, 1st Dec. 84; Left Cocanada, 18th Dec. 84; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, from 24th Dec. 84 to 27th March 87; Left Vizagapatam, 25th March 87; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, from 1st April to Nov. 87; *Furlo. to Eur. on Medl. Cert. for 1 year, from 1st Dec. 87*.—7 years, 1 month, 7 days.

1881. REV. CHARLES EDWARD WHITELEY, M.A. (Jesus College, Cambridge)—Junior Chaplain, 7th Feb. 81; Ag. Jt. Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, 16th Feb. to 1st March 81; Surrogate, 11th Apl. 81; Ag. Chaplain of Vizagapatam, with charge of Vizianagram, 5th March to 11th Sept. 81; Ag. Chaplain, North Black Town, 21st Sept. to 15th Nov. 81; Chaplain of Berhampore, 30th Nov. 81

- to 21st July 83; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, 29th July 83 to 6th Feb. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, 13th Feb. to 13th Apl. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, from 16th Apl. to 15th July 84; Ag. Chaplain of Calicut, from 20th July to 7th Sept. 84; Chaplain of Vizagapatam, from 15th Sept. to 28th Nov. 84; Chaplain of Berhampore, 4th Dec. 84 to 11th Feb. 86; Ag. Chaplain of St. Mark's, Bangalore, from 25th Feb. to 24th May 86; Privilege leave, from 25th May to 12th Aug. 86; Chaplain of Berhampore, from 26th Aug. 86—6 years, 10 months, 22 days.
1881. REV. JOHN ENGLISH, (Divinity College, London)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 14th Dec. 81; Chaplain of Vizianagram, 28th Dec. 81 to 19th Apl. 82; Surrogate, 17th Jany. 82; Ag. Chaplain, North Black Town, 23rd Apl. to 22nd Aug. 82; Chaplain of Cuddalore, 24th Aug. 82 to 2nd Jany. 84, and from 2nd Feb. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Bellary, from 5th to 31st Jany. 84; Chaplain of Cuddalore, from 1st Feb. to 4th May 84; Left Cuddalore, 5th May 84; Ag. Chaplain of Vizagapatam, from 12th May to 1st Sept. 84; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 2nd Sept. to 1st Dec. 84; Chaplain of Cocanada, 18th Dec. 84 to 23rd June 86; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, with charge of South Black Town, from 28th June to 28th Sept. 86; Chaplain of Cocanada, from 3rd Oct. 86.—6 years and 18 days.
1882. REV. WILLIAM HENRY HOBART, B.A., (Exeter College, Oxford)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain, 10th Jany. 82; Joint Chaplain of St. Matthias' Church, Vepery, 13th Jany. 82; Surrogate, 6th Feb. 82; Privilege leave, from 16th July to 14th Oct. 83; *Furlo. on M. C. to Eur., from 2nd May 85 to 1st Nov. 86*; Joint Chaplain of St. Matthias' Church, Vepery, from 19th Nov. 86.—4 years, 5 months, 23 days.
1882. REV. EDWARD GIBSON, (Literale)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 1st Aug. 82; Ag. Junior Jt. Chaplain, St. George's Cathedral, Madras, 5th Aug. 82; Surrogate, 3rd Oct. 82; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount, with charge of Pallavaram, from 9th to 29th Nov. 82; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, 1st Dec. 82 to 30th Nov. 83; Ag. Joint Chaplain of Vepery, from 1st Dec. 83; Privilege leave, from 17th June to 16th Sept. 84; *Overstayed, 17th Sept. 84*; Acting Chaplain of South Black Town, from 27th Feb. 85; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount with charge of Pallavaram, from 8th Nov. 85 to 28th Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Vellore, from 8th Oct. 86; Ag. Garrison Chaplain of Fort St. George, from 11th June to 13th Sept. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Vellore, from 17th Sept. 87; Privilege leave, from 21st Sept. to Dec. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Poonamallee, 9th Dec. 87.—5 years, 4 months, 29 days.
1883. REV. EDWARD TYRELL BEATTY, (Literale)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 23rd March 83; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, from 23rd March 83; Surrogate, 16th May 83; Chaplain of Cannanore, 21st July 83 to 14th March 85; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 7th Nov. 84 to 6th Feb. 85; Left Cannanore, 15th March 85; Ag. Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 19th March to 29th Oct. 85; On duty with the Expeditionary Force detailed for service in Burma, Oct. 85 to 15th Feb. 86; Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 25th Feb. to 6th Nov. 86; Privilege leave, from 7th Nov. 86 to 21st Jany. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, 22nd Jany. to 2nd March 87; Services placed at the disposal of the Govt. of India, 18th Feb. 87; Services placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Punjab, 18th March 87.—4 years, 9 months, 9 days.
1883. REV. CLEMENT HENRY LAKIN WRIGHT, M.A., (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 17th May 83; Ag. Chaplain of Trevandrum, from 17th May 83 to 10th March 84; Ag. Chaplain of St. John's, Bangalore, from 26th March to 25th June 84; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 27th June to 18th Aug. 84; Chaplain of Trevandrum, from 24th Aug. 84 to 1st March 85; Privilege leave, from 2nd March to 27th May 85; Ag. Chaplain of St. Thomas' Mount, with charge of Pallavaram, from 30th May 85; Ag. Chaplain of Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 7th Nov. 85 to 24th Feb. 86; Ag. Chaplain of St. John's, Bangalore, from 26th Feb. to 10th Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Bolarum, from 22nd Sept. 86 to 20th April 87; Ag. Chaplain of Secunderabad, from 21st April 87.—4 years, 7 months, 15 days.

1884. REV. ALEXANDER JAMES JONES, Th.A., (King's College, London)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 26th Oct. 84; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, 7th Nov. 84 to 6th Feb. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Mangalore, 10th Feb. to 1st March 85; Ag. Joint Chaplain of Vepery, from 7th March to 12th Oct. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Vellore, from 14th Oct. 85 to 25th Apl. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Bellary, from 30th Apl. to 22nd Aug. 86; Privilege leave, from 23rd Aug. to 22nd Nov. 86; *Overstayed, 23rd Nov. 86*; Ag. Chaplain of Bellary, from 24th Nov. 86 to 18th Feb. 87; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, from 22nd Feb. 87; Surrogate, 1st Sept. 87.—3 years, 2 months, 5 days.
1885. REV. CHARLES HERBERT MALDEN, M.A., (Trinity College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 13th Feb. 85; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, 17th to 26th Feb. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Trevandrum, from 4th March 85; Surrogate, 9th July 85; Chaplain of Trevandrum, 9th Feb. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 18th April to 17th July 87.—2 years, 10 months, 16 days.
1885. REV. WILLIAM CHARLES GIB, (Divinity College, London)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 16th March 85; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, from 22nd March 85; Surrogate, 12th June 85; Chaplain of Cannanore, 9th Feb. 86 to 18th Jany. 87; Passed Lower Standard Examination in Hindustani, 20th Dec. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 19th Jany. 87; Chaplain with the Expeditionary Force in Burma, from April 87; *Special leave to Eur. for 6 months on urgent private affairs, from Dec. 87.*—2 years, 8 months, 29 days.
1885. REV. FRANCIS EWEN CAMERON, B.A., (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 16th March 85; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. George's Cathedral, 18th March 85; Ag. Chaplain of Poonamallee, from 26th April to 3rd Nov. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Trimulgherry, from 9th Nov. 85; Chaplain of Trimulgherry, 9th Feb. 86, to 31st July 87; Justice of the Peace for the purpose of attesting soldiers in the Cantonment of Secunderabad, 28th Apl. 86; Passed Lower Standard in Hindustani, 4th Oct. 86; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 1st Aug. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Vizagapatam, from 13th Nov. 87.—2 years, 9 months, 16 days.
1885. REV. FREDERICK CHARLES HILL, M.A., (St. John's College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 14th Sept. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Mercara, 30th Sept. to 31st Oct. 85; Surrogate, 13th Oct. 85; Left Mercara, 1st Nov. 85; On duty with the Expeditionary Force detailed for service in Burma, Oct. 85 to 25th April 87; Services are replaced at the disposal of the Civil Dept., from 29th April 87; *Special leave to Eur. on very urgent private affairs, from 31st May to 23rd Nov. 87*; Ag. Chaplain of Mercara with Mysore, from Dec. 87.—1 year, 9 months, 18 days.
1885. REV. FRANCIS NELSON CROWTHER, B.A., (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 14th Sept. 85; Ag. Chaplain of Bolarum, from 22nd Sept. 85 to 21st Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Mercara, from 2nd Oct. 86 to 31st May 87; Ag. Chaplain of Cannanore, with charge of the Chaplaincy of Calicut, 5th June 87; Surrogate, 19th Sept. 87; Privilege leave for 3 months, from 29th Nov. 87.—2 years, 3 months, 17 days.
1886. REV. ARTHUR BIRD, B.A., (Corpus Christi College, Cambridge)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 10th May 86; Ag. Chaplain of Vellore, from 19th May to 1st June 86; Surrogate, 25th May 86; Ag. Chaplain of Trichinopoly, from 5th June to 5th Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Poonamallee, from 16th Sept. 86 to 8th Dec. 87; Ag. Chaplain of South Black Town, from 13th Dec. 87.—1 year, 7 months, 12 days.
1886. REV. CHARLES PHILIP CROKER NUGENT, (Divinity College, London)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 20th Aug. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Vellore, from 20th Aug. to 7th Oct. 86; Surrogate, 7th Sept. 86; Ag. Chaplain of North Black Town, from 8th Oct. to 7th Dec. 86; Ag. Chaplain of Holy Trinity Dist., Bangalore, from 8th Dec. 86.—1 year, 4 months, 12 days.
1887. REV. HARRY CLINCE PARKER, M.A., (Keble College, Oxford)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 13th May 87; Ag. Chaplain of Bolarum, from 13th May to 16th Aug. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Mysore,

with charge of the Chaplaincy of Mercara, from 26th Aug. to 6th Nov. 87; Surrogate, 15th Sept. 87; Chaplain with the Expeditionary Force in Burma, Dec. 87.—7 months and 19 days.

1887. REV. ARTHUR HENRY BARRETT BRITAIN, M.A.—(St. Edmund Hall, Oxford)—Admitted as Junior Chaplain on the Madras Establishment, from 18th June 87; Ag. Joint Chaplain of St. Matthias', Vepery, from 21st June to Aug. 87; Ag. Chaplain of Trimulgherry, from 13th Aug. to 25th Nov. 87; Surrogate, 19th Aug. 87; Chaplain, of Calicut with Cannanore, from 5th Dec. 87.—6 months and 13 days.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

SENIOR CHAPLAIN—PAY Rs. 950.

1866. REV. WILLIAM ALEXANDER LISTON, (Edin.)—Asst. Chaplain, Church of Scotland, attached to St. Andrew's Church, Madras, 25th Nov. 66 to 22nd Sept. 68; Privilege leave, 23rd Sept. to 17th Nov. 68; Assistant Chaplain of Secunderabad, 18th Nov. 68 to 8th March 71; *Furlough to Eur.*, from 23rd March 71 to 7th Jan. 72; Asst. Chaplain, Secunderabad, 16th Jan. 72 to 15th Nov. 74; Chaplain, Church of Scotland, 23rd Apl. 74; Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, 4th Dec. 74; Ag. Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Madras, 20th March 75 to 4th Feb. 76; Priv. leave, 1st March to 30th Apl. 77; Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, up to 23rd Feb. 79; Ag. Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, and Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, from 5th March 79; Priv. leave, 11th March to 10th June 80; Confirmed as Senior Chaplain, from 19th Oct. 80 to 16th March 81; *Furlough to Eur.*, from 17th March 81 to 27th May 82; Senior Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, 29th May 82; Privilege leave, from 2nd Apl. to 1st July 84, and from 1st July to 24th Aug. 85; Left Madras, 27th Nov. 85; *Furlough to Eur.* for 2 years, from 1st Dec. 85.—17 years and 11 days.

CHAPLAIN, CHURCH OF SCOTLAND—PAY Rs. 800.

1874. REV. JAMES JOLLIE, (Edinburgh)—Asst. Chaplain, 15th Oct. 74; Acting Joint Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, 15th October to 9th Nov. 74; Asst. Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Secunderabad, 16th Nov. 74 to 14th Nov. 78; Priv. leave, 16th Nov. 76 to 14th Feb. 77; Doing duty with Her Majesty's 72nd Highlanders and in the Frontier, 15th Nov. 78 to 25th Aug. 79; Services replaced at the disposal of Govt., 3rd Sept. 79; Ag. Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bangalore, 9th Oct. 79; Priv. leave, from 9th to 23rd March 80; Confirmed as Chaplain, Church of Scotland, 19th Oct. 80, Rs. 800; Ag. Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Bangalore, 17th March to 9th May 81; Ag. Senior Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Madras, 11th May 81 to 28th May 82; *Furlough to Eur.*, from 7th June 82 to 28th Feb. 84; Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, from 5th March 84 to 31st Oct. 87; Ag. Senior Chaplain of the Church of Scotland, from 27th Nov. 85; Joint Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Madras, 1st Nov. 87.—11 years, 5 months, 24 days.

ASSISTANT CHAPLAINS—PAY Rs. 500.

1878. REV. WILLIAM FORREST ARCHIBALD, (Glasgow)—Asst. Chaplain, Church of Scotland, 15th Nov. 78; Ag. Asst. Chaplain, St. Andrew's Church, Secunderabad, 29th Nov. 78; Priv. leave, 15th Sept. to 14th Oct. 79 and from 13th March to 12th June 83 and from 30th March to 24th June 87.—9 years, 1 month, 17 days.
1885. REV. JAMES NICOLL OGILVIE, M.A., (King's College, Aberdeen University)—Admitted as an Asst. Chaplain of the Church of Scotland on the Madras Establishment; from 8th June 85; Joint Chaplain of Saint Andrew's Church, Madras, 17th June 85; Privilege leave, from 6th July to 4th Sept. 86 and from 9th Aug. to 19th Sept. 87; Ceased to be Joint Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Madras, from 1st Nov. 87; Chaplain of St. Andrew's Church, Bangalore, from 2nd Nov. 87.—2 years, 6 months, 23 days.

PRESIDENCY ECCLESIASTICAL GOVERNMENT DISTRICTS.

1. *St. George's Cathedral District.*—Including Chetput and all the houses from the South of the Coom to the Adyar river, exclusive of Chintadrepettah and St. Thomé.
2. *The Fort.*—All within its walls.
3. *Black Town, Northern.*—Including Royapooram and the part of Black Town north of Mahfoos Khan's Street and Mahuddy Street.
4. *Black Town, Southern.*—Including the part of Black Town south of the above-mentioned streets, with the charge of the General Hospital.

5. *Vepery.*—Including the villages of Perambore, Vesaravelly, Choolay, Vepery, Pursa-walkum, Kilpauk, Egmore, Chintadrepettah and Poodlooppettah.

The boundaries are as follows:—

- To the East, Cochrane's Canal.
- To the North and West, the boundary of the limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.
- To the South, the Poonamallee Road, from the point where it meets the Western boundary to the eastern side of the Spur Tank.

OTHER ECCLESIASTICAL DISTRICTS.

6. *John Pereira's District.*—Trinity Church.
7. Christ Church.
8. St. Thomé.

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES TO CHAPLAINS.

I.—The Chaplain of a station to which a conveyance allowance is attached will draw travelling allowance when visiting out-stations more than five miles distant from his principal station. The Chaplain of a station in which no conveyance allowance is given will draw travelling allowance for visiting out-stations not less than three miles distant.

II.—A Chaplain absent from his station on any gazetted leave will forfeit his conveyance allowance.

III.—A Chaplain officiating for another at a station to which a conveyance allowance is attached will draw that conveyance allowance for the period during which he officiates.

IV.—A Chaplain officiating at a station to which a conveyance allowance is not attached without being relieved of the charge of his substantive station will draw, for visiting the former station, the same travelling allowance which he would receive if it were an out-station.

V.—A Chaplain may exchange the mileage admissible to him under Rules I and IV for an allowance of Rupees 7½ per diem for the period of absence from his principal station.

Travelling Allowance for Chaplains.

By Steamer.....Actual cost of passage.

„ Railway.....Double 1st Class fare.

„ Road.....8 annas per mile.

No travelling allowance is made for wife or children, or servants of Chaplains.

CHAPLAIN'S REGISTER OF HIS VISITS AND SERVICES IN HOSPITAL.

PORT ST. GEORGE, 31st October 1863, No. 87.—Government having directed that the following rules are to be observed in every Military Hospital, they are published accordingly for general information:—

I. A book shall be placed in every European Military Hospital to be entitled "The Chaplain's Register of his visits and services in the Hospital."

II. This book is to be provided by the Chaplain, and each visit and service performed at the Hospital is to be entered in it.

III. It is to be kept for the information of the Bishop, and is to be open to the inspection of the *Military and Hospital* authorities.

IV. It is not to be removed from the Hospital; the Medical Officer in charge is to arrange for its safe custody and production when required by the Chaplain or for inspection.

CHAPLAINS' VISITS TO OUT-STATIONS.

Extracts from Court's Despatch, 12th April 1842.

"Section 27 of the regulations respecting leave of absence and deputation and travelling allowances which we have recently approved, you will find a rule on the subject of travelling allowances on joining a station, and when any change takes place except at the desire of the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain.

3. But to avoid inconvenience and guard against the possibility of misunderstanding we think it desirable that for every circle of stations, the Lord Bishop should be requested to frame a plan determining the periods at which each place shall be visited by the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain officiating in such circle, which plan being approved by Government shall continue in force till varied by the same authority. As minute local information will be necessary to the successful formation of such plan, we can only offer a few suggestions on the subject. The frequency of Ecclesiastical visits should be governed in a great degree by the extent of the Christian population of the place to be visited. A place may contain not more than three or four members of the English Church, and though it might not be right to exclude those few persons from the benefit of Christian ordinances, it is obvious that in the present state of our Ecclesiastical Establishment such a place could not be visited frequently without injury to others of greater importance. An annual visit might in some cases be all that could reasonably be afforded; while to others visits twice, three or four times a year, might be expedient; and to others again, which might be more populous, it might be desirable that visits should be made once in six weeks, or once a month.

4. When a circle of stations may, from the deficiency of our Establishment, or any other cause, be left without a resident Clergyman, we are of opinion that the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain of a neighbouring district should, as desired by the Lord Bishop, be appointed to visit the station thus deprived of clerical services. In such cases the most convenient course will be for the Lord Bishop to bring the subject to the notice of Government, and submit a plan of visitation. Such plan being approved, the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain who can most conveniently discharge the required duty, should be specially appointed thereto, and thenceforward be entitled to draw travelling allowances in conformity with the provisions of the plan, and in accordance with our Financial Despatch of the 30th October 1839.

5. We should lament that the practice of visiting stations at which no Clergyman is permanently resident should be discontinued, and it would be unjust to subject the Clergy to the expense attendant to such visits. Under these impressions we deem it proper to sanction the payment of such reasonable charges not exceeding those authorized in our Despatch of the 30th October 1839, before referred to, and we are encouraged in this view by the fact that although Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains when absent from their duty are subject to the same deductions as Civil Servants, no charge is incurred in providing for the duty of the absentee. The deductions may thus be regarded as a fund, meeting to a certain extent the extra charges incurred by occasional or provisional visits of the Clergy to stations in which they do not reside."

The revised Plan, determining the Circle of out-stations for the several Chaplaincies under this Presidency, is published for general information in lieu of the one sanctioned under date 19th October 1852.

Principal and Out-stations.	Number of Visits.	Number of Chaplains required to each principal station.	Remarks, Govt. Orders, &c.
CHURCH OF ENGLAND.			
Cathedral (Senior Joint Chaplain)		2	
Chingleput.....	Once a quarter.....		Gaz., p. 514, 17th Mar. 1874 and 21st Aug. 1871, No. 134.
Fort (Garrison Chaplain)		1	
North Black Town.....		1	
Nellore.....	Once in 2 months.....		3rd April 1879, No. 84.
Palicat.....	Four visits a year (a).....		15th Jan'y. 1884, No. 8.
South Black Town.....		1	
Vepery (St. Matthias).....		2	
Aurangabad.....		1	
Jaulnah.....	Eight visits a year.....		
Bangalore.....		3	
Osoort.....	Once in 2 months.....		6th July 1864, No. 170, and 26th Feb. 1884, No. 33.
Remount Depot.....	Once in a quarter (b).....		26th Feb. 1884, No. 33.
Tumkur*.....	Once in 3 months.....		26th Feb. 1884, No. 33, and 28th April 1886, No. 77.
Kolar with Oregaum Mines†.....	Once in 6 weeks.....		
Bellary.....		1	
Amantapur.....	Once a quarter.....		2nd March 1883, No. 41.
Ramandroog.....	Once in 6 weeks.....		10th July 1877, No. 153 and 6th May 1880, No. 89.
Lingasogoor.....	Once in 4 months.....		9th Mar. 1880, No. 44.
Berar.....		1	
Amraoti.....	As often as may be found practicable.		
Ellichpur.....			
Akola.....			
Budnera.....			
Yeotmahl.....			
Basim.....			
Khamgaon.....			
Chikalda.....			
Buldana.....			
Hingoli.....			

(a) To be visited in the same tour in which Nellore is visited.

(b) To visit only on hearing beforehand that there will be a sufficient number to form a congregation.

* To be visited by the Chaplain of Trinity District.

† Do. St. Mark's „

† Do. St. John's „

Chaplains' Visits to Out-stations, &c.—continued.

Principal and Out-stations.	Number of Visits.	Number of Chaplains required to each principal station.	Remarks, Govt. Orders, &c.
Berhampore.....	Once a month.....	1	
Chatrapur.....	Once a quarter in one tour.		25th Sep. 1856, No. 375.
Russelconda.....			
Aska.....	Once a quarter in one tour.		8th March 1887, No. 31.
Ganjam.....			
Calingapatam.....	Once a month.....		
Itchapur.....		1	
Gopalpore.....	Once a quarter.....		3rd Oct. 1881, No. 157.
Bolarum.....	Once in 2 months		(6th August 1886, No. 171.
Shahabad.....			
Chicksagore, (a New Cantonment).....	Do.		1st Dec. 1886, No. 265.
Wadi.....		1	6th August 1886, No. 171.
Calicut*.....	Thrice a quarter.		
Mallapuram†.....	In one journey every quarter.		(10th May 1881, No. 74.
Vayitri.....			
Mappadi.....			22nd Feb. 1885, No. 34.
Sultan's Battery.....		1	
Cannanore.....	Once in 4 months.....		Gazette, 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Tellicherry.....	Once in 4 months.....		
Manantoddy.....		1	
Cocanada.....	Twice a month.....		26th June 1855, No. 205.
Rajahmundry.....	Thrice a month.....		
Dowlaiswaram.....	Once a month.....		
Samulcottah.....	Once in 3 months.....		
Ellore.....	Once monthly in one tour.....		
Coringa.....	Once in 3 months.....		31st July 1855, No. 257.
Nursapur.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	28th Oct. 1871, No. 184.
Coimbatore.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	
Palghat.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	30th Nov. 1869, No. 187.
Coonoor.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., dated 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Kotagerry.....	Once a month.....		1st Aug. 1873, No. 164.
Cuddalore.....	Once a quarter.....	1	
Pondicherry.....	Once in 4 months.....		
Tindivanam.....	Once in 9 months.....		22nd Sept. 1892, No. 133.
Mercara.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	
Mangalore.....	Once a fortnight.....		9th Sept. 1874, No. 214.
Putur.....	Once in 3 months.....		
Bamboo.....	Once a quarter (a).....		31st January 1883, No. 15.
Mysore.....			9th Sept. 1874, No. 214.
Hoonsoor.....			26th Feb. 1884, No. 33.
French Rocks.....			Gaz., dated 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Palhalli.....			
Hassan.....			
Munjerabad.....			
Chitaldroog.....			
Shemoga.....			
Hurryhur.....			
Chickamagalur.....			

* Opened 30th September 1856.

† 25th April 1857, No. 185. And to remain there for 4 or 5 days on the occasion of each visit, goes via Tiroor Station.

‡ When the Chaplain of Coimbatore is in charge of Calicut, he should spend in a quarter 6 Sundays at Calicut, 3 Sundays in Mulliapuram and Coimbatore and Palghat once a quarter, 22nd July 1881, No. 175.

§ Opened 20th September 1856.
(a) To be visited in the same journey in which Hassan is visited—G.O., dated 21st July 1882, No. 80. Chitaldroog to be visited on hearing beforehand that there will be a sufficient number to form a congregation.

Chaplains' Visits to Out-stations, &c.—concluded.

Principal and Out-stations.	Number of Visits.	Number of Chaplains required to each principal station.	Remarks, Govt. Orders, &c.
Ootacamund.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	Gaz., dated 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Neddiwattum and Gudalur.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	6th July 1875, No. 174.
Devala.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Oucherlony Valley.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Poonamallee.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Tripasore.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Secunderabad.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	5th Sept. 1882, No. 115.
Goolburga.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	5th April 1886, No. 66.
Kazipet.....	Once in 2 months.....	1	5th April 1886, No. 66.
St. Thomas' Mount with charge of Pallararam.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Trerandrum.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Quilon.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 17th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Trichinopoly.....	Once a month.....	1	Now in charge of Clergymen.
Madura and out stations of Trichinopoly*.....	Once a month.....	1	3rd February 1881, No. 20.
Negapatam*.....	Once in two months.....	1	2nd July 1884, No. 138.
Trimulgherry.....	Once in two months.....	1	2nd July 1884, No. 138.
Vellore.....	Once in two months.....	1	2nd July 1884, No. 138.
Arcot.....	4 times in a Quarter.....	1	15th June 1870, No. 102.
Chittoor.....	Once a month.....	1	Gaz., 7th Mar. 1874, p. 514.
Palmanair.....	Once a year.....	1	22nd April 1883, No. 94.
Madarpak.....	Once a year.....	1	22nd April 1883, No. 94.
Mudnapilly.....	Once a year.....	1	22nd April 1883, No. 94.
Vizagapatam.....	Once a year.....	1	9th April 1857, No. 162.
Waltair.....	4 times in the month.....	1	22nd July 1853, No. 245.
Vizianagram.....	Once in 6 weeks.....	1	& 18th April 1866, No. 81.
Bimlipatam.....	Once a month.....	1	22nd Feb. 1865, No. 68.
Chicacole and Kimeddy.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	17th July 1876, No. 176.
Wellington.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	17th July 1876, No. 176.
Kurnool.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	In charge of a Clergyman.
Negapatam.....	Once in 3 months.....	1	Do.
Tranquebar†.....	Once a month.....	1	7th Sept. 1881, No. 143.
Yercaud and Salem.....	Once a month.....	1	In charge of a Clergyman.

CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Madras, St. Andrew's Church (Senior Chaplain).....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	2	28th July 1884, No. 162.
St. Thomas' Mount.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	2	2nd May 1873, No. 96.
Pallavaram.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	2	2nd May 1873, No. 96.
Poonamallee.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	2	2nd May 1873, No. 96.
Bangalore, (St. Andrew's Church).....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	1	28th July 1884, No. 162.
Mysore and Coorg.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	1	2nd May 1873, No. 96.
Secunderabad.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	1	28th July 1884, No. 162.
Chudderghaut.....	Periodical visits, 8 times in the year.....	1	2nd May 1873, No. 96.
Bolarum.....	Twice a month.....	1	2nd May 1873, No. 96.

* These stations are now in charge of Clergymen.

† Now in charge of a Clergyman.

CONSISTORY COURT.

OPENED 27TH OCTOBER 1845.

The Archdeacon.....Commissary.

F Rowlandson, Esq., B.A., LL.B....Registrar. |Apparitor.

RULES RELATING TO THE OFFICE AND DUTIES OF LAY TRUSTEES IN THE DIOCESE OF MADRAS.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 29th October 1867.

I. Two Lay Trustees are appointed to each Chaplaincy or station where there is property belonging to or held in trust for the Church of England.

II. At Civil stations, or Joint Civil and Military stations, the Senior Civil Servant should be appointed a Trustee, provided that he is a communicant of the Church of England, and has no objection to hold the office. At Military stations the Officer Commanding the Cantonment or Garrison under the same provisos. When these officers are unwilling to hold the office, the officer next in seniority (Civil or Military as the case may be), if qualified as above, should be nominated.

III. The second Trustee may be any communicant resident at the station, nominated by the Chaplain, and approved by the Bishop.

IV. When the office of either Trustee is vacant, the Chaplain should report the circumstances to the Lord Bishop, for the information of Government, and at the same time nominate a duly qualified person to fill the vacancy.

V. The duties of the Trustees are in many respects similar to those of Church Wardens in England. They are appointed to see that the Church and Churchyard or Cemetery* are kept in good order and repair, to provide for the preservation of the property belonging to the Church, to present to the Bishop or Archdeacon, either on their visitation or immediately by letter, whatever is wrong or irregular on the part either of the Chaplain or the congregation, and to aid and assist the Chaplain in the performance of his duties.

VI. During the absence of the Chaplain or other licensed Clergymen, one of the Lay Trustees is, in ordinary cases, the proper person to read the Service and a sermon on Sundays, and to take charge of the Register and other books connected with the Chaplaincy.

N.B.—It is to be borne in mind that Lay Trustees have no power to interfere in the administration of Divine Service, but merely to represent to the Ecclesiastical authorities whatever they may deem objectionable. Their office in this respect is one of observation and complaint, not of control.

VII. The Lay Trustees, in conjunction with the Chaplain or Minister, form a Committee of Management on all Church matters, and should meet for business once in each month, or oftener, if necessary. The assignment of seats in Church and (in places where they are authorized), the collection and disbursement of pew rents, the management of school and charity funds, should be supervised and arranged by the Committee at their Meetings.

VIII. All indents, letters, proceedings and other papers emanating from a Church Committee, are to be signed by both the Lay Trustees (unless for special reasons which are always to be assigned), as well as by the Chaplain; and all indents, letters, &c., received or sent, are to be entered in a correspondence book distinct from that of the Chaplain, and should be produced for examination at Meetings of the Committee.

IX. The Chaplain or Officiating Chaplain or Minister present, as a mark of respect due to religion in the person of its Minister, presides at all Meetings of the Committee of Management and signs proceedings and letters as President, and the two Lay Trustees in the order of their relative rank.

X. The Church Committee are responsible that no alteration is made whatever in the Church or Churchyard without representing the matter to the Archdeacon, who will, except in matters of trifling importance, bring it before Government for their sanction.

XI. When any addition, alteration, or improvement to a Church or other Ecclesiastical building is considered necessary, or when any new building is required, the subject should be brought with full explanation to the notice of the Bishop, who, if approved by him, requests the Archdeacon to submit the same for the consideration and orders of Government, on whose approval the necessary plans and estimates (if not previously furnished) are called for from the Public Works Department.

(Signed) J. F. BROWNE, Archdeacon.

LAY TRUSTEES AND CHURCH WARDENS.

St. George's Cathedral.....Hon. W. S. Whiteside, C.S. (on dep.); J. W. Handley, Esq., M.A., (Barrister-at-Law); and Brig.-Genl. G. J. Smart, R.A.

Fort St. George (St. Mary's).....

N. Black Town (St. Mark's).....Captain D. Pryce and William Fernier, Esq.

S. Black Town (Emmanuel).....G. H. Smith, Esq., and S. B. Wiltshire, Esq.

Church-Mission Chapel.....N. Bazley, Esq., and J. A. Graham, Esq.

Christ Church, Mount Road.	C. Hall, Esq., R. Frank, Esq., R. C. Chapman, Esq., F. W. Emery, Esq., A. D. Kohlhoff, Esq., and V. J. Staggs, Esq.
Trinity Church	A. W. Saalfelt, Esq., and Charles Robinson, Esq.
St. Thomé (St. Thomas)	E. J. Firth, Esq.
Vepery (St. Matthias)	W. M. Scharlieb, Esq., (Barrister-at-Law), and Surgeon-Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.
Aurangabad (Trinity Church)	Lieut.-Col. A. C. Havelock and Major H. C. Hamilton.
Bangalore (Trinity)	Col. J. C. Auchinleck, R.H.A., and Major A. Swinton, R.H.A.
Do. (St. Mark's)	Major-General H. Rowlands, V.C., C.B., and Col. A. C. Hay.
Do. (St. John's)	Lieut.-Col. A. F. Hamilton and W. C. Darling, Esq.
Do. (All Saints)	Standish Lee, Esq.
Do. (The Fort)	Captain S. M. Clarke.
Bellary (Trinity)	Col. G. M. C. Galloway and Major A. M. Patterson.
Do. (Fort)	Lieut.-Col. G. Chrystie and Lieut.-Col. T. R. Byng.
Benar, Akola	N. R. Cumberlege, Esq., and G. C. Aitken, Esq.
Do. Amraoti	Lieut.-Col. B. Bullock, L. Saunders, Esq., and F. D. Stranack, Esq.
Do. Ellichpur	Col. F. Sewell and Col. K. J. L. Mackenzie.
Berhampore (St. Peter's)	J. G. Horsfall, Esq., C.S.
Bimlipatam	G. Ripley, Esq., and W. J. Evans, Esq.
Bolarum (Holy Trinity)	Brig.-Genl. R. C. Stewart and Lt.-Col. A. Peel.
Calicut (St. Mary's)	Surgeon-Major H. D. Cook.
Cannanore	Lieut.-Col. J. H. Prendergast and Captain H. L. Hutchins.
Chicacole	Lieut.-Col. A. F. Orchard.
Chittoor (St. Luke's)	J. A. Marjoribanks, Esq., and E. S. B. Stevenson, Esq.
Chudderghaut (St. George's)	H. Dunlop, Esq., J. D'Costa, Esq., and Captain R. Hartie.
Cochin	A. F. Sealy, Esq., and A. C. Cavendish, Esq.
Cocanada (St. Thomas)	M. MacLennan, Esq.
Coimbatore (All Saints)	J. Sturrock, Esq., C.S., and G. D. Irvine, Esq., C.S.
Coonoor (All Saints)	W. Lee-Kirby, Esq., and A. Allan, Esq., Ag.
Cuddalore (Christ Church)	H. Sewell, Esq., M.A., C.S., and Col. R. G. Jenkins, M.S.C.
Cuddapah	J. C. Johnston, Esq.
Dowlaiswaram	G. T. Walch, Esq.
Ellichpur	Col. K. J. L. Mackenzie and H. B. Cotgrave, Esq.
Hingolee	Lt.-Colonel H. C. Stewart and Captain A. B. Shute, R.A., Ag.
Jaulnah (St. George's)	Lieut.-Colonel T. H. Way.
Kotagiri (Christ Church)	F. R. Griffith, Esq., and R. F. Phillips, Esq.
Kumbakonam (Christ Ch.)	J. G. Ashworth, Esq.
Kurnool (Christ Church)	C. Kough, Esq., C.S.
Madura	T. Weir, Esq., C.S., and E. Turner, Esq., C.S.
Mangalore (St. Paul's)	J. W. Best, Esq., C.S. (on dep.).
Masulipatam (St. Mary's)	C. Scott, Esq., and Surgeon-Major J. B. Thomas, L.R.C.P.L.
Mercara (St. Mark's)	Col. Tredway Clarke and Dr. M. Robinson.
Maisur (St. Bartholomew's)	W. V. Davy, Esq., and P. H. Benson, Esq., M.D.
Nagapatam (St. Peter's)	
Nellore (Christ Church)	L. A. Campbell, Esq., C.S., and W. J. A. Sullivan, Esq.
Ootacamund (St. Stephen's)	A. S. Cowdell, Esq., and The Hon. Col. J. O. Hastel, R.E.
Palamcottah (Christ Ch.)	
Pallavaram (St. Stephen's)	Lieut. H. J. Bremner and Lieut. E. R. J. Presgrave.
Pondicherry	Col. Bowness Fischer.
Poonamallee (St. Mary Mag.)	
Pulicat	T. G. Rozario, Esq.
Quilon (St. Thomas)	C. R. Verne de, Esq., and Col. H. St. M. Wynch.
Ranipet (St. Mary's)	
Rajahmundry (Trinity)	Major Stokoe and J. Moss, Esq.
Salem (Christ Church)	C. W. W. Martin, Esq., C.S., and E. L. F. Cavendish, Esq.
Secunderabad (St. John's)	Col. G. Baker and Col. G. Rowlandson.
St. Thomas Mt. (St. Thomas)	Col. G. H. Oakes and Surg.-Major J. Martin.
Tellicherry	A. F. Cox, Esq., C.S.
Tranquebar (Zion Church)	
Trivandrum (Christ Church)	A. H. Jacob, Esq.
Trichinopoly (St. John's)	F. F. Smith, Esq.
Trimulgherry (All Saints)	Col. J. C. Whitting and Col. A. M. Rawlins, R.H.A.
Tripasur	
Tuticorin	Captain G. A. Phipps.
Vellore	Lieut. H. D. Gerrard, J. Andrew, Esq., C.S., and Lieut.-Col. E. M. Stevenson.
Vizagapatam (St. John's)	J. Kelsall, Esq., C.S., and Major F. T. Powis.
Vizianagram (St. Mary's)	L. O'Donoghue, Esq.
Waltair	J. Kelsall, Esq., C.S., and Major F. T. Powis.
Wellington	Col. A. L. Tickell and Col. F. O. Keyser, C.B.
Woshully (South Coorg)	A. Alexander, Esq., and W. Fleming, Esq.
Yercaud (Trinity)	W. J. Lechler, Esq., R. Gompertz, Esq., C. Rahm, Esq., and T. Short, Esq.

Rules in regard to the Levy of Ecclesiastical Fees.

Letter from the Officiating Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, (Ecclesiastical), to the Secretary to Government, Fort St. George, dated Simla, 8th July, 1872, No. 165.

"The Lord Bishop of Calcutta having brought to notice that difficulty is occasionally experienced by Chaplains in collecting fees, under existing rules, on monuments and masonry graves, the Governor-General in Council considers that in all cases where such difficulty arises the duty of collection should be made over by the Chaplain to the Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner in charge of the district in which the burial ground may be situated; and I am to request that, with the permission of His Excellency the Governor in Council, instructions may be issued to the District Officers accordingly."

Orders for the performance of Funeral Rites on Verdicts of Coroners' Inquests.

NOTIFICATION.—Fort Saint George Gazette, June 11, 1850, page 623.

The Right Honorable the Governor in Council is pleased to rescind the Order of Government of 5th April 1842, which directs a copy of the verdict of the Coroner's Inquest to be furnished, when practicable, to the Clergyman who is to officiate at the interment of a body on which an inquest may have been held, and the Reverend Chaplains will in future consider the warrant of the Coroner for the interment of a body on which an inquest has been held to be a sufficient authority for their performance of the burial service over it, if it would be their duty, under ordinary circumstances, to perform that service.

2. In the provinces where no Coroner's jurisdiction exists, the same course will be observed by the authorities appointed to enquire into the causes of sudden death, and the same difference will be paid by the Clergymen to their certificates of Warrant.

Surrogates for granting Marriage Licenses.

The following Clergymen have been empowered to grant Marriage Licenses under the Episcopal Seal in the Diocese of Madras.

The Venerable the Archdeacon—*Commissary.*

The Reverend	The Reverend	The Reverend	The Reverend
A. Fennell, B.A.	C. Smith, B.A.	James Sharp.	W. H. Hobart, B.A.
J. Guest.	J. B. Trend, M.A.	S. H. Johnston.	E. Gibson.
S. A. Godfrey.	J. F. Browne, B. D.	R. J. Brandon, LL.D.	E. T. Beatty.
O. Dene, B.A.	W. W. Elwes, M.A.	C. H. L. Wright, B.A.	R. B. Feast.
E. Sargent, D.D., Bishop.	J. M. Walker, M.A.	F. C. Gittens, M.A.	F. E. Cameron, B.A.
J. W. Wynch, M.A.	A. C. Taylor, M.A.	W. H. Kay.	F. C. Hill, M.A.
T. Foulkes.	H. A. Williams, M.A.	J. Black, M.A.	F. N. Crowther, B.A.
W. Leeming, M.A.	D. W. Kidd, B.A.	R. P. Burnett, M.A.	H. C. Parker, M.A.
W. Scott, B.A.	S. Morley.	A. A. Williams, M.A.	A. J. Jones.
F. G. Lys, M.A.	W. Wace, B.A.	R. H. Durham, M.A.	A. H. B. Brittain, M.A.
W. M. S. Babington, B.A.	C. H. Pelly, M.A.	C. E. Whiteley, M.A.	
D. G. Clarke, B.A.	A. J. Wilkins.	J. English.	

Parties desirous of being married should apply direct to some Surrogate residing near them; but from places where there is no Surrogate, application should be made to the Registrar, who will procure a commission under the Episcopal Seal, authorizing some persons to administer the usual oath and grant the necessary license. None but a Clergyman of the Church of England can marry by virtue of Episcopal license. Parties who cannot on account of distance obtain the services of a Clergyman to marry them must state the fact, and apply to the Brigade Major, Fort Saint George, who will obtain the permission of the Right Honorable the Governor for their marriage under which the Senior Judicial Officer of any station is authorized by Government to marry them.

In the case of a minor in H.M.'s or the Honorable Company's Services, the written consent of the Governor must be obtained previous to the publication of banns, or the grant of a license.

Further information respecting marriages can be obtained on application to the Registrar of the Diocese, F. Rowlandson, Esq., B.A., LL.B.

Rules for the guidance of Surrogates in administering Oaths and granting Marriage Licenses within the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Madras.

I. Every application for a license must be made in writing and the names of both the applicants be given in full with the age, race, condition, (i.e., bachelor, spinster, widower, widow, or person whose previous marriage has been dissolved), and occupation, if any, of each, and the place or places in which each has resided for the six months prior to the application.

II. If either of the applicants is a person whose former marriage has been dissolved, the application besides stating such fact, must also state the cause of the dissolution of such former marriage.

N. B.—(a) If the cause of such dissolution be stated to have been adultery, the Surrogate shall require from the applicant, a copy of the Decree of the Court dissolving such

marriage, and if it shall become known to the Surrogate, that such former marriage was dissolved on the ground of the adultery of the applicant, the Surrogate shall note such fact on the license, to the end that any Clergyman, other than the Surrogate, who shall marry the parties, may be duly apprised thereof; as no Clergyman is compelled to solemnize the remarriage of such person. (b) If the causes of such dissolution be stated to be the conversion of the applicant, or applicants, to Christianity, the Surrogate shall by enquiry satisfy himself, before proceeding in the matter, that the circumstances connected with such conversion, such dissolution, and the proposed marriage, be not such as to give occasion to scandal, or reproach.

III. When both applicants are non-residents in the place where the application is made, and are unknown to the Surrogate, he may decline to grant his license, until he shall have had time to make due enquiry, as to whether there be any impediment to the marriage, and may further require from the applicants the names of two or more persons to whom reference may be made.

IV. On a day subsequent to the receipt of the application, which shall be appointed by the Surrogate, and shall be not earlier than the fifth day (that is the ninety-seventh hour), after such receipt, the parties, or one of them, shall in every case appear before the Surrogate, and either one or both swear to the "Affidavit of Residence," to which the written application for the license shall be annexed by way of an exhibit, being marked as such, and endorsed as follows by the Surrogate:—

In the matter of the marriage of A. B. and C. D.

This is the exhibit referred

to in the affidavit of A. B. sworn
to herein on the day of

before me.

E. F. -

Surrogate.

V. The Surrogate will use great caution in examining the parties to be sworn, filling up the forms with the names, rank and places of residence, and dates at full length.

VI. In no case is a license to issue unless the parties are sworn before the Surrogate and in case of doubt or difficulty the Surrogate will refer to the Registrar as recommended in the Surrogate's appointment.

VII. In case the lady to be married has been delivered, the license should issue in her maiden name (see Rule 2).

VIII. In case the party to be married is a minor, consent of the father, if living, must be obtained, or if the father be dead, the guardian of the person of such minor, and in case there be no such guardian, then the mother of such minor may give consent, unless no person authorized to give such consent be resident in India.

IX. In case the party to be married is a minor, either in the Civil or Military service, and without possessing either a parent or guardian in this country, the consent of the Governor of Madras must be obtained by the minor to his marrying under age, unless the proper consent can be shown to be already given on the part of the absent parents or guardians to his marrying as a minor, in which case the consent of the Governor of Madras need not be obtained.

X. If the parties to be married are both of full age (twenty-one years) and both of them are to be sworn, the Surrogate will use No. 1 form: but if one of the parties is prevented from attending and another person joins in the affidavit on behalf of the party not present, No. 2 is in such case to be used instead of No. 1.

XI. If one of the parties only is of full age (namely, twenty-one years), and the other is under that age, and the parent, next friend, or guardian makes oath on the part of the minor as to age and consent, the Surrogate will use No. 3 form.

XII. If both the parties are minors (under the age of twenty-one years) and the respective parents, next friends, or guardians swear on their behalf, No. 4 is to be used.

XIII. In case the lady to be married is a widow and under the age of twenty-one years, oath No. 1 is to be used, the Surrogate first running his pen through the words "that they have respectively attained their respective ages of twenty-one years and upwards," and adding at the foot of the oath (above the signature), "the former being twenty-one years of age and upwards, and the latter a widow."

XIV. The Surrogate having filled up, and the party having read and signed the affidavit at the proper places, the former will then give the Testament to the party to be sworn, and holding the paper in his hand, say, "you (A. B.) do swear that the contents of this your affidavit are true. So help you God."

XV. The party answers "I do," and kisses the book, repeating, "So help me God."
XVI. The same form is observed to each person sworn.

XVII. The Surrogate will then fill up the license, date and sign it, adding his title as Surrogate, and hand the license to the parties.

XVIII. In case of any caveat entered in the registry or intimation received through the Surrogate against the grant of a license, the Surrogate will ascertain the particulars

and communicate the same to the Registrar for immediate advice, refusing the license until the result of that reference is known and forwarding any affidavit sworn.

XIX. The Surrogate will forward to the Registrar for record all affidavits as above on the day they are administered, and the licenses with the Quarterly Returns, unless sooner or whenever required.

XX. A fee of Government Rupees fifty to be received by the Surrogate on each license previous to delivery of the same to the parties entitled to receive such license, Rupees sixteen, of which fee for the license, being due and payable to the Registrar, are to be transmitted to him on the day the license is granted.

N. B.—Although every Surrogate has legal power to issue a license under which a marriage can be solemnized in any church or place where Divine Service is usually performed in any part of this Diocese, it has always been the custom for the Surrogate or one of the Surrogates in the District in or nearest to which the parties usually have resided to grant them his license even if it should be the wish of the parties that the marriage should be solemnized by some Clergyman other than such Surrogate. And of this custom the careful observance is commended to all Surrogates by the Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of the Diocese.

(By Order.)

(Signed) F. ROWLANDSON, B.A., LL.B.,

Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Madras.

FORM OF AFFIDAVIT.

I, _____, being one of the parties to the written application for a marriage license now produced and shown to me at the time of making this my affidavit and marked with the letter A, and which application bears date the _____ day of _____, make oath and say that

subsequent to the said _____ day of _____ I have
resided for the period of the four successive days of twenty-four hours each immediately

prior to this day within the { } of

Sworn before me this _____ day of _____ in the year of _____

Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
seventy- at

Surrogate for granting Marriage
Licenses in the Diocese
of Madras.

N.B.—This Affidavit, with the written application for License annexed thereto by way of an exhibit, should be returned to the Registrar of the Diocese.

CLERGYMEN NOT BEING CHAPLAINS OR MISSIONARIES.

Names.	Stations.	Remarks.
Adeekelam, Rev. D.....	Madras	Retired, S. P. G.
Adolphus, Rev. T. P.....	Trichinopoly	Do S. P. G.
Bazely, Rev. C. N.....	Perambore	Railway Chaplain.
Cæmmerer, Rev. A. F.,	Tranquebar	Retired, S. P. G.
Dene, Rev. O., B.A.....	Ootacamund	Principal of Lawrence Asylum.
Feast, Rev. R. B.....	Madras	Incumbent of Christ Church.
Fennell, Rev. A.....	Mercara	Retired Chaplain.
Fitzpatrick, Rev. H.....	Chudderghaut.....	Incumbent.
Foley, Rev. J. W., M.A.....	Madras.....	Head Master of Bp. Corrie's Grammar School.
Godfrey, Rev. S. A.....	Kurnool.....	Incumbent.
Guest, Rev. J.....	Poonamallee.....	Retired, S. P. G.
Johnston, Rev. S. H., B.D.	Cochin	Colonial and Continental Church Society.
Macduff, Rev. A.....	Madura	Additional Clergy Fund.
Metcalfe, Rev. R. W., M.A.	Berar.....	Chaplain of Berar.
Nailer, Rev. A. R. C.....	Raichore.....	Railway Chaplain.
Shutie, Rev. C. C.....	Tranquebar	Incumbent.
Smith, Rev. A. W. L.....	Wynaad.....	Additional Clergy Fund.
Smith, Rev. T. J.....	Madras	Secretary, S. P. C. K.
Spencer, Rev. J. F.....	Yercaud.....	Incumbent, Yercaud.
Theophilus, Rev. A.....	Do:	Bible Society.
Westcott, Rev. A., M.A.....	Madras.....	Principal, Theological Col., Sullivan's Gardens.

REVISED RULES.

HOME DEPARTMENT NOTIFICATION—ECCLESIASTICAL.

The 20th June 1885.

No. 103.—The following revised rules (1) for the care and use of Government cemeteries throughout India, except those in the Presidency Town of the Diocese of Calcutta; (2) for the levy and expenditure of fees on graves and monuments in cemeteries and churches throughout India; (3) for the levy of other ecclesiastical fees; and (4) for regulating grants for the building of churches, compensation for accommodation for soldiers in chapels neither belonging to, nor rented by Government, and for the supply of church furniture, are published for general information and guidance:—

I.—*Rules for the care and use of Government Cemeteries throughout India except those in the Presidency Town of the Diocese of Calcutta.*

CHARGE OF THE CEMETERY.

RULE I.—(1) The Resident Chaplain of a station has charge of the general cemetery and frames an estimate of the expenditure connected therewith in accordance with the directions contained in paragraph 1, Home Department Resolution, No. 6, 370-382, dated 9th November 1876.

* Appendix A.

(2) The term "Resident Chaplain" includes a Clergyman of the Additional Clergy Society so far as concerns the stations to which he stands appointed, or other Clergyman of the Church of England placed in charge by the Bishop.

(3) During the temporary absence of the Chaplain, and at stations where there is no Resident Chaplain, the charge of the cemetery belongs to the Chief Magistrate on the spot, or the senior Military Officer if the cemetery is attached to a military cantonment.

(4) At out-stations where there is a Church Committee, the charge of the cemetery will belong to the senior member of Committee, and where there is no such Committee, to any subordinate officer nominated by the Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner of the district.

RULE II.—Each cemetery is allowed a mali-chowkidar or chowkidars in accordance with the scale prescribed in paragraph 2, Home Department Resolution, No. 6—370-382, dated 9th November 1876. These chowkidars are paid by Government through

† Appendix A.

the Resident Chaplain, by whom they are appointed and dismissed. In stations where there is no Resident Chaplain, the chowkidars are paid, appointed, and dismissed by the other officers named in Rule I.

RULE III.—Every reasonable effort should be made by the Resident Chaplain or other officer in charge under Rule I, not only to keep the cemetery in decent order, but to preserve its character as the resting-place of the remains of departed friends by providing for the necessary repairs and by planting the ground with suitable trees.

NOTE.—To meet the expenditure under this rule, see Rule I, and paragraph 1, of Home Department Resolution, No. 6—370-382, dated 9th November 1876.

† Appendix A.

RULE IV.—The chowkidar will keep the key of the cemetery under the direction of the officer in charge.

RULE V.—The officer who has charge of the cemetery under the operation of Rule I will perform all the duties assigned to the Chaplain by Rules VII, VIII, IX, X, and XI, with the exception of the approval of the inscriptions in that part of the cemetery reserved for the Church of England. These are to be forwarded to the visiting Chaplain, or, if there be none, to the Archdeacon, and not cut till his sanction be obtained. Should an inscription be disapproved, it may be referred, if those interested desire this, to the Government for decision.

INTERMENTS BY WHOM TO BE CONDUCTED.

RULE VI.—(1) The Chaplain will bury Christians of all denominations whose friends desire his services as laid down in the orders of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 159, dated the 6th June 1877, using always the service of the Church of England, and the consecrated portion of the cemetery.

§ Appendix B.

(2) A portion of every cemetery will be set apart by the orders of Government for the use of Roman Catholic congregations, and another portion will be appropriated for the joint use of other Christians whose friends desire that they should be interred otherwise than according to the ritual of either the Church of England or of the Church of Rome, or who cannot legally be so interred.

(3) The unconsecrated portions thus set apart are not to be fenced or walled off from the rest of the cemetery, but simply divided off by a pathway, and they must be added to the existing cemetery or reserved from it. If the existing cemetery be large enough for the wants of the whole Christian community, such portions will be reserved without reference to the fact that the whole enclosure has or has not been consecrated according to the rites of the Church of England. If the cemetery be only large enough for the wants of Christians desiring to be buried with the service of the Church of England, such portions will be added. The whole cemetery thus divided is to be surrounded by a wall, to have but one gate of entrance, and to be under the care of the officer specified in Rule I.

RULE VII.—(1) Ministers of all denominations have a right to conduct the service of burial over the body of any deceased member of their respective congregations who may be buried in any fitting portion of the ground set apart for the denomination to which the deceased belonged. At least six hours' previous notice of the burial should be given to the Chaplain in charge of the burial-ground or, in the absence of the Chaplain, to the officer who may be in actual charge. The period herein prescribed may, for special reasons, be shortened with the permission of the Chaplain or officer in charge of the cemetery. Such Chaplain or officer will, if he thinks the circumstances of the case demand it, bring the facts to the notice of the local Magisterial authorities in time to admit of an order stopping the burial being passed if necessary.

(2) A certificate of burial drawn up according to the required form must be sent to the Chaplain or to the Registrar of Births, Marriages and Deaths, to be entered in the Register kept up by him.

RULE VIII.—(1) No burial can, as a general rule, take place in that part of a Government cemetery which has been set apart for the use of members of the Church of England, unless the service prescribed by that Church is read by the Chaplain, if there be one, or, in his absence, by the layman who officiates at the funeral. But a person may be interred in the other portions of a Government cemetery with or without the use of any services of religion.

(2) Where in that part of a Government cemetery which has been set apart for the use of members of the Church of England there is a family vault or grave, or a reserved plot of ground purchased by a member of the family, or a masonry grave prepared in immediate contiguity to such family vault or grave, or reserved plot, any deceased member of a family may, if the relative, friend, or legal representative having charge of the funeral arrangements shall so desire, be interred in such family vault, grave, or reserved plot without the performance of the service for the burial of the dead according to the rites of the Church of England.

(3) The burial may take place at the option of the person having charge of the same either without any religious service or with such Christian and orderly religious service at the grave as such person shall think fit; and any person or persons who shall be thereunto invited, or be authorized by the person having charge of such burial, may conduct such service or take part in any religious act thereat.

(4) Notice of any burial which it is intended to conduct under the provisions of clauses (2) and (3) shall be given to the Chaplain or other officer in charge of the burial ground in the manner prescribed by Rule VII.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR BURYING.

RULE IX.—The arrangements for making the necessary preparations for digging graves, preparing coffins, and the like, will rest in military stations upon the senior military officer, and in civil stations upon the chief local Magistrate. These officers are authorized to direct any local Public Works officer to supply all that is necessary. The local Public Works officer would usually be the Executive Engineer of Military Works in military stations and the Civil Executive Engineer in other stations. The expenditure incurred by the Executive Engineer will be held in his miscellaneous advance account until repaid by the officer authorizing the expenditure. But in cases of necessity or emergency, either officer may be called upon to do what is required.

RULE X.—The officer in charge of the cemetery shall keep a plan of the entire cemetery to be provided by the Public Works Department, with references written upon it, in a book, in which the names of parties interred are recorded, this plan and book being kept with the church registers.

NOTE.—The Executive Engineer prepares a plan of the cemetery showing on it all the existing graves and the spaces allotted for future graves, and giving them all consecutive numbers.

RULE X-A.—The officer in charge of the cemetery may reserve grave space, as limited by Rule XI below, on the application of near relatives of persons already buried in the cemetery and for the burial of the persons named in the application. A double ground-fee shall be levied in advance before granting any such application, and each grant shall be registered in a book to be kept for the purpose and indicated on the plan. The ground will then be reserved for ten years. Before the expiry of that period, a fresh application should be made and a further double fee paid, failing which the ground will be resumed.

RULE XI.—The size of each grave, whether of masonry or not, is limited to 9' x 4', and the area of ground to be enclosed must not exceed 11' x 7' by external measurement.

RULE XII.—(1) All graves must be at least 6 feet in depth.

(2) No body shall be buried in any vault or masonry grave which it is intended at any after-time within fourteen years to re-open unless the coffin be separately entombed in an air-tight manner by properly cemented stone or brick work, which shall never be disturbed.

(3) One body shall be buried in a grave at one time, unless the bodies be those of members of the same family.

(4) No non-masonry grave or masonry grave unprovided with the separate air-tight compartment prescribed in clause (2) shall be re-opened within fourteen years after the burial of a person above twelve years of age, or within eight years after the burial of a child under twelve years of age, unless to bury another member of the same family, in which case a layer of earth not less than one foot thick shall be left undisturbed

over the previously buried coffin. If on re-opening the grave any soil is found to be offensive, such soil shall be left undisturbed.

(5) There shall never be less than 3 feet of earth between the topmost coffin in a grave and the surface of the ground.

ERECTION AND REPAIR OF MONUMENTS.

RULE XIII.—Monuments may be erected, by any interested person. The inscription before being cut and the design, when the monument is other than a simple headstone, must be first approved of as laid down in Rule V.

RULE XIV.—When a grave is not of masonry throughout, the only monument ordinarily allowed over it is a simple cross or headstone on an adequate masonry foundation, not exceeding 3' x 2'; and the whole structure must not stand higher than 3' 6" from the ground-level. But with the permission of the officer in charge of the cemetery a monument, such as may be erected over a masonry grave, may be placed over a non-masonry grave when adequate masonry foundations are provided on which the monument may rest.

RULE XV.—No monument, of whatever material constructed, shall exceed 8' x 4' at the base without the previous sanction of the local Government.

RULE XVI.—No monument of masonry shall stand higher than 3 feet from the ground-level.

RULE XVII.—No cenotaph shall be more than 6 feet square at the base.

RULE XVIII.—The enclosure of ground round a grave must be by a metal railing, or by chains or bars of metal supported on masonry or metal pillars. Wooden or masonry enclosures are not permitted. The previous sanction of the Archdeacon, or, in his absence, of the Bishop, is necessary to the enclosure of a non-masonry grave, and no such sanction will be given unless the same fees are paid as for the construction of a masonry grave.

RULE XIX.—When a monument needs repairing, the officer in charge of the cemetery should communicate with the friends of the deceased, or, when such communication is not possible, advertise three times in the *Gazette of India* and the *Gazette of the Province*; and if it falls into a ruinous condition, and no person will undertake to restore it, the ruined monument shall be made level with the ground during the next repairs, and any slab it contained will be placed over the grave in simple masonry, or be inserted in the wall of the cemetery.

Note.—(1) This rule does not apply to monuments of historical or archaeological interest. Lists of such tombs should be obtained by Local Governments and Administrations, and as many of them as may be properly preserved at the public expense should be looked after by the local Public Works Department.

(2) The cost of the advertisements in the *Gazette* is met by the Government.

(3) In the Bombay Presidency a person, other than a British soldier or a non-commissioned officer, desiring to erect a monument over a grave is required to pay into the treasury a sufficient sum of money to be invested in Government securities, so that the interest on it will be sufficient to cover the cost of repairs annually. A British soldier or a non-commissioned officer is not compelled to make a deposit; but in the event of money for repairs not being forthcoming, Rule XIX is held to apply.

RULE XX.—All work connected with monuments must, as far as possible, be carried on outside the cemetery, and any undertaker not removing the *débris* of his work immediately upon its completion is liable to a fine of Rs. 5.

INSPECTION.

RULE XXI.—The cemetery should be inspected once in a half-year by the Chaplain in company with the Executive Engineer, the plan and book kept under Rule X being also examined, and a report made to the Archdeacon, and recorded in the Ecclesiastical record-book of the station, and also in the Engineer's office.

RULE XXII.—(1) Commissioners of Divisions should inspect cemeteries, whether closed or in use, within their respective jurisdictions, in the course of their annual tours, and should bring to the notice of the local Government any instances of cemeteries which are negligently kept, or which the officers in charge may have allowed to fall into a state of bad repair or disorder. All cemeteries are equally subject to the visitation and supervision of the Bishop and Archdeacon.

(2) Sanitary officers in cantonments are invited to inspect cemeteries within their respective cantonments, and to report to local Governments any matter calling for notice.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RULE XXIII.—It is desirable that officers commanding regiments or detachments should be instructed to cause a report to be made to the nearest civil officer of graves dug for soldiers on march, that measures may be taken for their effectual protection and preservation. These graves and all scattered Christian graves throughout the district are under the care of the local civil authorities.

RULE XXIV.—The above rules do not apply to Presidency cemeteries which are regulated by special rules.

II.

Rules regarding Fees in Cemeteries and Churches throughout India.

RULE I.—The following are the rates of fees chargeable:—

	RS.	A.	P.
(1) For every square foot of ground occupied by a grave	0	8	0
<i>NOTE.</i> —This fee is independent of the actual charge for making a grave.			
(2) For a masonry monument, per square foot	1	0	0
(3) For a cut-stone or marble monument, per square foot	0	8	0
Provided that no fee under (2) or (3) shall be less than	5	0	0
(4) Additional fee when a cut-stone or marble monument stands higher than 3 feet from the ground-level	16	0	0
(5) For a headstone or cross over a non-masonry grave	5	0	0
(6) For a faculty for the erection of a monument in a church	75	0	0

NOTES.—(1) A tablet on the wall of a cemetery shall be regarded as a monument.

(2) The term "stone or marble" does not include "slate."

(3) The fee of Rs. 75 levied on a faculty is in all cases to be spent in charity.

(7) For a cenotaph, in addition to the ground fee, a special fee of 50 0 0.

RULE II.—Fees are leviable over the whole cemetery, including those portions which are used by Roman Catholics and Non-Conformists.

NOTES.—(1) The same rules in regard to fees apply to all graves, whether of Roman Catholics, of Non-Conformists, or members of the Established Church.

(2) Where a parcel of ground used for burial by a Christian community of any particular denomination other than the Established Church of England forms no part of the general cemetery but is separate from it, or where, although not so separate, it is clearly distinguishable and was not originally acquired, and has not been kept up at the expense of the State, then, if the community by which the ground is used so desire, the Government will give up all claim to fees, on the distinct understanding that it is divested of all responsibility for the maintenance of the cemetery in proper order. On the other hand, where such parcels of ground form part of a cemetery of the Established Church or the general Christian community, provided and maintained by the Government, no distinction can be made as to keeping up any one part of the cemetery, nor should any exemption from fees be permitted.

EXEMPTION FROM FEES IN GOVERNMENT CEMETERIES.

RULE III.—British soldiers and non-commissioned officers are exempted, with retrospective effect, from the payment of any fee for the construction of graves, or for the erection of monuments in burial grounds to the memory of their comrades, wives, or children; but not from the fees prescribed under Rule I (6) and (7). The widows and children of British soldiers and non-commissioned officers are also exempted from payment of the former class of fees in the case of their deceased husbands and parents. No monument, either regimental or private, shall exceed the dimensions prescribed in Part I of these rules.

NOTES.—(1) This rule is applicable to British soldiers and non-commissioned officers, whether in military or civil employ.

(2) Monuments erected under this rule subscribed for partly by non-commissioned officers and men, and partly by officers, are likewise exempted from the prescribed fee.

(3) Warrant officers and volunteers are not exempted from payment of ecclesiastical fees.

RULE IV.—The Chunar pensioners being more or less under military control, come under the category of soldiers, and are therefore entitled to the same exemptions as soldiers. But this ruling does not apply to other pensioners who are not similarly under military control.

RULE V.—The Chaplain may at his discretion reduce, or in cases of extreme poverty altogether remit, the fee leviable on the construction of graves, but not for the erection of monuments.

NOTE.—The Bishop on special occasions may sanction a reduction or remission of fees for the erection of monuments.

FEES BY WHOM TO BE COLLECTED.

RULE VI.—In those stations in which a mason has been appointed, who alone is allowed to work within the cemetery, he is required, in exchange for the monopoly, to collect the fees on monuments and masonry graves and pay them to the Chaplain, and any person ordering the construction of a masonry grave or monument by a mason or undertaker other than the person appointed by the Chaplain must pay the fees in advance.

NOTE.—Fees on masonry graves and monuments constructed by the appointed mason or undertaker need not be paid in advance, but in case of failure of payment, their recovery must be entrusted by the Chaplain to the Magistrate or Deputy Commissioner as the case may be.

FEES TO WHOM TO BE PAID.

RULE VII.—The fees prescribed in Rule I should be paid to the Chaplain, or, in the absence of the Chaplain, to the officer in charge of the cemetery and remitted at once to the civil treasury, except fees for monuments in churches which should be paid over by the Chaplain to the charitable objects to which the Bishop assigns them when his faculty is issued.

CEMETERY RECEIPTS AND CHARGES.

* Appendix A.

RULE VIII.—All cemetery receipts and charges are to be regulated as laid down in paragraph 4 of Home Department Resolution,* No. 6—370-382, dated the 9th November 1876.

MISCELLANEOUS.

RULE IX.†—(1) A person may not purchase a portion of a Government cemetery as a burial place for himself and his family so as to have a right to fence it with a rail or

† From Mr. JAMES SUTHERLAND, to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, dated 10, Clive Row, Calcutta, the 20th December 1877.

A Mr. Joseph Gill came out to this country with letters of introduction to me, and died very suddenly at the General Hospital, Calcutta. On a reference from the hospital authorities I had his body interred in the Catholic portion of the military burial ground at Bhowanipur. His widow, now resident in Paris, writes to me to have his body exhumed and buried in a family vault in the Roman Catholic Church at Dhurumtolla, but I am advised that the Garrison Chaplain, under whose care the burial ground is, requires the sanction of Government (Home Department) before permitting this to be carried out, and I would be much obliged if you would be good enough to give me the necessary sanction.

As the body will be interred in another grave without loss of time, I would also be obliged if you would dispense with the necessity of a zinc coffin, which, from its imperishable nature, is likely to form a serious obstruction in a family vault.

From F. C. DAWKES, Esq., Under Secretary to the Government of India, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, No. 1, dated Fort William, the 3rd January 1878.

I am directed to forward the accompanying letter, dated the 20th ultimo, from Mr. James Sutherland, asking for permission to remove the body of one Joseph Gill from the military burial ground at Bhowanipur for re-interment in a family vault in the Dhurumtolla Roman Catholic Church, and to inquire what is the rule or practice in such cases and whether there is any objection to permission being granted to remove the body for re-interment.

From H. H. RISLEY, Esq., Under Secretary to the Government of Bengal, General Department, to the Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, No. 377, dated Calcutta, the 25th January 1878.

With reference to your office letter No. 1 of the 3rd instant, and its enclosure, on the subject of the removal of the body of Joseph Gill from the military burial ground at Bhowanipur for re-interment in a family vault in the Dhurumtolla Roman Catholic Church, I am directed to submit herewith a copy of a

(a) No. 702, dated 18th January, 1878, a letter (a) from the Venerable the Archdeacon of Calcutta, and to say that, under the conditions specified therein, the Lieutenant-Governor thinks that permission to remove the body may unobjectionably be granted.

From the Venerable J. BALY, Archdeacon, Calcutta, to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal, No. 702, dated Mozumtore, the 18th January 1878.

With reference to your note No. 122 of 8th January 1878, forwarding copy of letters relating to the removal of a body from the Bhowanipur cemetery to the Roman Catholic Church in Dhurumtolla, I have the honor to say that there is no Government Order bearing exactly on such a case, but that there is a regulation recently passed that no cutcha grave should be opened for the purpose of converting it into a masonry grave or vault without previous reference to the Archdeacon and the certificate of the Principal Medical Officer that no risk would be incurred thereby to the public health.

If this is certified with respect to the removal of the body referred to, and the Roman Catholic authorities make no objection to its re-interment in the Dhurumtolla Church, I see no particular reason why the removal should not be sanctioned. I think, however, that the coffin should certainly be cased with a zinc covering while it is being removed, which could be taken away, if necessary, when the coffin is finally deposited in the vault.

From J. O'KINEALY, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, to Mr. JAMES SUTHERLAND, 10, Clive Row, Calcutta, No. 44, dated Fort William, the 31st January 1878.

In reply to your letter dated the 20th ultimo, I am directed to say that the Governor-General in Council is pleased to grant permission for the removal of the body of Joseph

fence, and thus make it the private property of himself and family. But when such rights already exist, they are not without reason to be interfered with, and special cases as they arise may require exceptional treatment. In such special cases the Archdeacon may exercise his discretion with the sanction of the Local Government.

(2) All private rights must, however, cease if, for sanitary or other public reasons, the cemetery is closed against burials, or even that portion of it in which the private ground is situated; but in special cases the Archdeacon may exercise his discretion of giving permission to open a vault or masonry grave.

(3) No cutcha grave can be opened in any cemetery for the purpose of converting it into a masonry grave without application to the Archdeacon, which must be accompanied by a certificate from the Principal Medical Officer that this may be done without risk to public health.

RULE X.—(1) When a piece of ground is granted by Government as a cemetery to a Railway Company for the interment of its own servants, which afterwards keeps it in repair and provides the necessary establishment, so that beyond the original grant of ground Government is at no expense, the collection and application of fees accruing are left to the decision of the Railway Company which maintains the cemetery in good order and repair.

(2) The Commissioner or District or Judicial Officer, and in military stations the officer commanding, should inspect such cemeteries and report to Government if they find them negligently kept.

III.

Other Ecclesiastical Fees.

RULE I.—No fees are charged for the performance of the rite of baptism or burial, or for the registration of the performance of these offices.

RULE II.—In addition to the fee for the Surrogate's license, a fee of Rupees 10 shall be charged on all marriages by license, except the marriages of officers and others in the Military or Naval Service of Her Majesty.

RULE III.—The fee for a Surrogate's license, shall be Rupees 50 both at the Presidency towns and in the interior. No fee shall be charged on marriages by banns.

RULE IV.†—When registers are searched and a copy of any entry given, a fee of one rupee shall be charged for the first year, and four annas for every additional year over which the search may extend, as well as a fee of one rupee for the certificate. *The first year shall be taken to mean any one year indicated by the applicant. Soldiers, sailors and non-commissioned and petty officers are exempted from payment.

Gill from the military burial ground at Bhowanipur for re-interment in a family vault in the Dhurumtolla Roman Catholic Church on the following conditions:—

- (1) That you obtain a certificate from the Principal Medical Officer at the Presidency that no risk to the public health will be incurred by the removal of the body;
- (2) that the Roman Catholic authorities have no objection to the re-interment of the body in the Dhurumtolla Church; and
- (3) that the coffin be encased in a zinc covering while it is being removed, which covering may be taken off when the coffin is finally deposited in the vault.

No. 45.

Copy to the Government of Bengal for information, with reference to letter thence, dated the 25th instant, No. 377.

No. 46.

Copy to the Venerable the Archdeacon of Calcutta for information.

† Government of India, Finance Department, Notification No. 1603, dated the 9th June 1882.

In exercise of the powers conferred by section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act (1 of 1879), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the stamp duty (if any) chargeable on copies of, or extracts from, baptismal, marriage, or burial registers certified by Government Chaplains, subsidised or unsubsidised Clergymen, or Diocesan Registrars and granted to—

- (1) soldiers, sailors, or non-commissioned or petty officers;
- (2) or persons in needy circumstances, in whose favor Chaplains may exercise the discretionary power vested in them by Rule IX (a) of the Ecclesiastical Fee Rules published on the 29th September 1869, and may grant exemption from the payment of fees under Rule IV (b) of those rules.

Government of India, Finance Department, Notification No. 2036, dated the 30th June 1882.

Whereas copies or extracts certified to be true copies or extracts of baptismal, marriage, and burial certificates, granted by Ministers and Marriage Registrars, are generally fur-

(2) As a rule, only one Protestant and one Roman Catholic Church will be provided. In the case of Protestant Churches, accommodation will ordinarily only be provided for the number willing to attend the Church of England service.

(3) In ascertaining the number of seats to be provided, women and children belonging to the families of European British-born subjects in the general service of Government and pensioned soldiers and their families may be taken into account, two children being counted as one adult.

(4) In cases of stations where abnormal rates prevail, special application may be made to the Government of India for an increase to the grant given by the State; but no grant for more than 200 sittings will be made except at seats of Local Governments and Administrations, or at Hill Sanitaria. In the latter case, the number of European British-born subjects in Government service must exceed (without their families) 120 to warrant the grant for a church of greater accommodation than 200 sittings.

RULE XI.—No Government grant for a church in a civil station will be made until private-subscriptions have been obtained, and then the grant will not exceed double the amount thus actually realised, the maximum figure in column 2 of the table above being in any case the extreme limit of the grant towards the scale of accommodation which stands opposite in column 1. And in no case will the Government grant be allowed until these contributions, together with the grant, amount to the estimated cost of the church.

RAILWAY STATIONS.

RULE XI-A.—Whenever there are, at any State Railway station or dépôt so situated that other church accommodation does not exist or is not available with reasonable convenience, at least 25 persons in the Railway service of Government who are of European descent, pure or mixed, retaining European habits and modes of life and professing the Christian religion, whether Protestant or Catholic, churches will be provided by the Government for them in accordance with Rules IV, V and VIII; the number of sittings being calculated on the principle, *mutatis mutandis*, of Rule X, notes (2) and (3), and the grant being in conformity with Rule IX.

RULE XI-B.—Whenever such separate churches are not required, church accommodation for any such persons may be provided in the plans of any church which is about to be erected at a military or civil station; but in the case of a church at a civil station, the restrictions in Rule X, note (4), and in Rule XI shall not apply in respect of the numbers of, and grants for, such persons.

RULE XI-C.—In cases where a State Railway station or dépôt is considered by the Railway administration to be likely to increase, such addition may be made to the number of sittings, calculated as above provided; as the Government of India in the Public Works Department may, in each case, sanction.

RULE XI-D.—The rules in this section relating to churches and church accommodation for State Railway servants shall apply to persons in the service of any Railway Company assisted by the Government, by guarantee or otherwise, provided that the consent of the Board of Directors or other duly empowered representative of such Company be previously obtained.

GENERAL.

RULE XII.—It is desirable, whenever such a course will not be attended by inconvenience, to combine the civil or railway with the military church of a station, the grant allowed for the church accommodation of the British troops or State Railway servants before given being supplemented by a grant according to the scale shown in Rules X and XI, or XI-A to D, as the case may be. In special cases, buildings may be rented for divine service, with the previous sanction of the Government of India, or of the Local Government or Administration, according to whether the charge is Imperial or Provincial.

RULE XIII.—In addition to church accommodation as above prescribed, a house for the chowkidar or resident bearer may be provided. In cases, however, where the church is distant from the bazaar and where special grounds are shown, accommodation may be provided for other duly authorized servants; but such further accommodation will be limited to shelter for day use only. These houses should, when practicable, be adjoining to, and not within, the church compounds; but when within them, they should be erected in keeping with the other church buildings.

RULE XIV.—Grants from Imperial Funds will be sanctioned by the Government of India in the Public Works Department only. Grants from Provincial Funds will be sanctioned by the Local Governments and Administrations, subject to the limitations contained in these rules.

RULE XIV-A.—The scales of accommodation and expense for all churches above laid down are in no case to be exceeded without a reference to the Government of India, even though the proposed expenditure from public funds may be within the powers of sanction vested in the Local Government or Administration.

RULE XV.—Church accommodation for non-official residents, either British-born Europeans or others, or for official residents other than British-born or State Railway servants, should not be sanctioned by the Local Governments or Administrations without reference to the Government of India.

RULE XVI.—When private contributions are combined with a Government grant towards building a church, the procedure to be adopted is as follows:—

(a) Under ordinary circumstances, the amount of private contributions being known, a definite design and estimate will be prepared by the Executive Engineer and submitted for sanction in the usual way, the limit by which the Executive Engineer will be guided in his designs being the aggregate of the Government grant according to the scales given in the preceding rules and the amount of private contributions actually realised.

(2) Before the work is commenced, the amount of the private contributions must be paid into a Government Treasury, or guaranteed by sufficient security, and carried to credit of deposits in the accounts of the department.

Note.—In the case of a grant from the Church Building Fund for the Diocese of Calcutta, a certificate instead of a cash payment in advance may be accepted, showing the amount of the contribution to be allowed. The conditions on which this certificate may be accepted are that in every case definite arrangements must be made with the Local Government or Administration concerned respecting the precise dates on which the contributions will be paid, and that, until the payment is made, the Government shall have a primary lien on the funds of the Society. In case of any failure in paying up the stipulated payment on due date, the privilege herein allowed is to cease.

(3) In dealing with cases of this nature, the private contribution is to be looked upon as an addition to the Government grant, instead of the money allowed from public funds being considered as grant-in-aid of private contributions, and the responsibility of Public Works Officers with respect to the preparation of estimates and the construction of such buildings with reference to excess of expenditure over the estimate will be as strictly enforced as where only public funds are expended.

NOTE.—In the case of State Railways, the functions assigned in this and succeeding rules to the Executive Engineer will devolve on the Manager.

(b) In special cases, however, the Government grant for a church at a civil or railway station may, with the sanction of the Government of India or of the Local Government or Administration, as the case may be, be treated as a grant-in-aid of private contributions raised for a church intended either as a civil or railway church within the meaning of these rules, or partly for the use of non-official residents or others for whom grants are not admissible under these rules.

(2) In such cases, the plans and specifications shall be submitted to the Executive Engineer for the approval of the proper officers in the Public Works Department, who shall sanction them on satisfying themselves that they are safe and suitable and can be executed for the estimated amount. The construction of the building may then be left to the managers or trustees of the private contributions raised, with whom must rest the responsibility for excess, if any, over the amount of this sanctioned estimate.

(3) In such cases, the grant will ordinarily not be paid in full until the Executive Engineer has certified that the building has been completed in accordance with the sanctioned plans and specifications; but the Executive Engineer may make advances out of the sanctioned grant on receiving sufficient proof that the building is proceeding satisfactorily, and on the managers or trustees certifying that all subscriptions relied on in support of the application for the grant have been paid up in full or guaranteed by sufficient security.

(4) When a grant is made under clause (b) of this rule for a church intended partly for the use of non-official residents and others for whom grants are not admissible under these rules, there shall be a trust deed, duly registered—(1) declaring that the building is granted in trust for church purposes only; (2) giving to Government a prior lien on the building for the recovery of the grant in the event of the former being diverted to other purposes; (3) providing for the legal ownership of the building; and (4) indicating sufficient sources for its proper maintenance.

RULE XVII.—The preceding rules shall apply, as far as may be, to the enlargement of existing churches.

CHURCH FURNITURE.

RULE XVIII.—The supply of church furniture will be regulated by the following rules. All expenditure connected with the articles to be supplied by the Public Works Department will be provided for under the rules laid down for that purpose:—

(1) Each Protestant Church—civil, railway, or military (Cathedrals excepted)—will be supplied by the Public Works Department with the following articles, the cost of which will be allowed in addition to the grant for the building:—

	Maximum cost.
(a) Appliances to seat the congregation and to allow them to kneel	Rs.
in decent comfort—	
Officers, per seat.....	5
per stool or hassock.....	2
Soldiers, per seat.....	4
per stool or hassock.....	1
(b) Communion table, each.....	45
rails, per running foot.....	1

Maximum cost.

	Rs.
(c) Pulpit, each	200
(d) Reading desk and stool	60
(e) Font and cover	60
(f) Vestry almirah	45
" table	12
Two vestry chairs, per pair	10
(g) Two altar chairs	24
(h) Pankahs, complete, per running foot	2
Thermantidotes, when necessary, each	200
(i) Lighting apparatus, per 100 seats	100
Candlesticks for pulpits, per set	40
" for lectern	30
" for reading desk	30
(j) Lectern	50
(k) One bell of reasonable size to summon the congregation to church, at a cost not exceeding Rs. 300 for a first class church (i.e., those containing more than 400 sittings), and Rs. 200 for a second class church (i.e., those containing not more than 400 sittings).	
(l) Chicks or bamboo blinds for doors and windows where absolutely necessary	At market rates.
(m) Matting where absolutely necessary for churches with terraced floors	

The "reading desk" should be simply a desk (however appropriately shaped), and not an enclosure, expensive from its size, and occupying needless space.

(2) The Civil Department will provide the following articles on the Executive Engineer's certificates of the necessity of supply or renewal, as the case may be:—

	Rs.
* Suitable set of communion plate	150
A strong box, to be made in India and which may be locally purchased for custody of communion plate, which is also to be used for records	150
* Altar cover of red embroidered cloth	50
* Bibles and prayer-book for the clergyman	50
* Fair linen cloth and napkins for communion service	35
* Two service books for the communion table	30

(3) In Cathedrals of the Church of England, the renewal and repair of furniture shall be provided out of the fixed monthly grants made by the Civil Department towards the maintenance of service, supplemented, if necessary, by contributions from the congregation.

(4) Each Roman Catholic church built by Government—civil, railway or military—will be supplied by the Public Works Department with the following articles, the cost of which will be allowed in addition to the grant for the building:—

Maximum cost.

	Rs.
(a) One bookstand	8
(b) One almirah for altar vestments, &c., at least 4 feet long by 2 feet 5 inches broad	45
(c) Three altar chairs for officiant and assistants	36
(d) One table and three chairs for the vestry	27
(e) One font and cover	60
(f) Seats and kneeling accommodation for the congregation—	
Officers, per seat	5
" stool	2
Soldiers, " seat	4
" stool	1
(g) Altar table	45
(h) Communion rail, per running foot	4
(i) Pulpit, each	200
(j) Pankahs where required, complete, per running foot	2
(k) Thermantidotes, where necessary	200
(l) Apparatus for lighting, per 100 seats	100
(m) One bell as in (k), Rule I.	
(n) Chicks or bamboo blinds for doors and windows where absolutely necessary	At market rates.
(o) Matting where absolutely necessary for churches with terraced floors	

* NOTE.—Where the congregation choose to contribute in order to procure any of these articles of a richer design or material, the fixed grant may, if so desired, be paid to the Chaplain, and the purchase of the articles left to his and their joint discretion.

A second altar table may be supplied to churches intended to accommodate more than 500 persons.

(5) The following articles will be supplied to Roman Catholic churches by the Military Department on the Executive Engineer's certificates of the necessity of original supply or renewal, as the case may be:—

	Rs.
(1) One tabernacle, inside covered with silk	150
(2) One pyx with silver cup, inside gilt	100
(3) One chalice	100
(4) One monstrance	180
(5) Six altar candlesticks and crucifix	180
(6) Two cruets and one plate	10
(7) One altar lamp	30
(8) One missal	25
(9) Altar canons (one set of three)	8
(10) Altar vestments of silk (five sets of the five colours)	300
(11) Two copes—one white and one black—of silk	120
(12) Humeral for Benediction	30
(13) Altar linen, comprising albs, altar covers, communion cloth, &c. ..	80

(6) All applications for funds for the supply to Roman Catholic churches of the articles mentioned above should be submitted through the Roman Catholic Bishop of the diocese in which the church is situated.

RULE XIX.—The Executive Engineer will be guided, in granting the certificates above alluded to, by the following principles:—

Class I, Churches built by Government.—The certificate should state that the church was built by Government for the use of European troops or European British-born subjects in the service of Government or of State Railway servants, and is still maintained for the same purpose.

Class II, Churches which have received building grants from Government.—The certificates should state that the church received a building grant of Rs. ———, equal to the ——— part of the total cost of the building, and that the grant was made on account of European troops or European British-born subjects in the service of Government or of State Railway servants, and that the building is still used by them.

For this class of churches a proportion of the standard cost of the articles will be sanctioned equal to the proportion of the grant-in-aid to the total cost of the building itself.

Class III, Churches rented by Government.—The certificate should state that the church is wholly rented by Government for the use of European troops or European British-born subjects in the service of Government or of State Railway servants.

In this class the articles necessary for service will be given by the Military Department, but returned into store if the building ceases to be rented for the performance of Divine service to a military congregation.

NOTE.—In none of the classes described above should any article of furniture be allowed with retrospective effect, and the required certificates should afford information as to when the article was originally supplied and by whom, and the reason for recommending its renewal. When, however, the Government pay for the use of a certain varying number of seats in a church, the hire of the seats should include everything necessary for the performance of the service.

RULE XX.—When a church, whether Protestant or Roman Catholic, is to be furnished, the Executive Engineer should communicate with the ecclesiastical authorities concerned with a view to afford the congregation an opportunity of furnishing the church by private subscriptions in more costly style, should they wish to do so. It is to be understood, however, that any article of furniture to which any public funds may have been applied will remain the sole property of Government, even though a portion of its cost may have been contributed by private persons. And in cases where articles of furniture are procured from England, they should be purchased through the Secretary of State in the ordinary way, with the exception of articles to which the note to clause (2) of Rule XVIII applies, which may be purchased as therein allowed.

RULE XXI.—Where pew rents are charged, the renewal and repair of furniture will be met from that fund, and not be allowed to be brought forward as a public charge.

In cases where a portion of the seats are reserved by Government and the remainder rented out, the cost of renewals and repairs should be apportioned accordingly between Government and the pew rent fund.

RULE XXII.—In cases in which articles of furniture belonging to a Government church are stolen, an immediate inquiry should be held in view to ascertaining whether the loss was caused through the negligence of the person responsible for the custody of such furniture. In the case of Protestant churches at civil or railway stations, the inquiry should be conducted by the Chaplain and the members of the Church Committee; and in the case of Roman Catholic churches at such stations, by the Chaplain in charge and the chief civil officer of the place, or such other person or persons as the chief civil officer may nominate for that purpose. As regards Protestant and Roman Catholic churches in cantonments, the investigation should be made by a Committee assembled under the orders of the Officer Commanding, as is the case in respect of all other inquiries into

loss of Government property, the Chaplain in charge being invited either to be a member of the Committee or to give evidence before it.

(2) If the result of the inquiry should be to show that the loss was occasioned by negligence on the part of the person responsible for the custody of the furniture, such person should, if possible, be required to make good the loss; or, if it should appear that the loss was due to circumstances beyond the control of the responsible officer, then the Government of India will be prepared to consider an application for the replacement, at the public expense, of the articles stolen. Such application should be submitted through the ordinary channels and should be accompanied by a full report of the inquiry.

RULE XXIII.—The care of church clocks is to be charged against the pew rent fund, where it exists.

RULE XXIV.—The pay of chowkidars of churches will be disbursed through Chaplains.

RULE XXV.—Churches are under the control of the Bishop of the Diocese in respect to the erection of tablets; ornaments, &c., while in course of construction, as well as after completion and consecration.

OWNERSHIP AND REPAIR OF CHURCHES.

RULE XXVI.—All churches built under these rules, except Rule XVI, clause (b), shall be considered the property of the Government.

As a general rule, all churches, whether Protestant or Roman Catholic, which have in past times been built by the Government, are the property of the Government.

Churches, whether built wholly by private contributions or by such contributions jointly with State grants, which have been borne for a series of years on the books of the Public Works Department and have been repaired and otherwise dealt with, unchallenged, as Government buildings shall be deemed to be the property of Government.

Churches built wholly or in part by private contributions which have not been so borne, repaired, or dealt with, but which may be taken over on behalf of Government, under sanction of competent authority, shall be brought on the books of the Public Works Department as the property of Government.

RULE XXVII.—All churches which are the property of Government shall be in charge of the Executive Engineer, and shall be repaired under the ordinary rules of the Public Works Department.

In every case in which any alteration in a church belonging to the Government, which affect its structure or its permanent fittings, may be desired by the Chaplain or other Clergy, the Executive Engineer must be consulted and his consent obtained in writing before the alteration is carried out.

COMPENSATION FOR ACCOMMODATION IN CHURCHES NEITHER BELONGING TO, NOR RENTED BY, GOVERNMENT.

RULE XXVIII.—The rate of compensation for sittings for Roman Catholic soldiers shall be determined by the Public Works Department with reference to the value and description of the accommodation provided, subject to a limit of Rs. 3 per seat per annum, broken periods counting as a year.*

* Government of India, Public Works Department, Circular Resolution No. 33, dated Fort William, the 13th December 1881.

General application of Code Rules regulating grants for compensation for sittings provided for British-born soldiers in Roman Catholic and other Chapels, from 1st January 1885.

Read again—

Public Works Department Circular No. 65, dated 6th November 1877.

Do. Code, Chapter XI; paragraphs 58 to 61.

Read also—

Letter from Inspector-General, Military Works, No. 4162, dated 25th August 1881.

Public Works Department letter to Inspector-General, Military Works, No. 70A.—M and C., dated 27th September 1881.

Letter from Inspector-General, Military Works, No. 5231, dated 16th October 1881.

Letter from the Right Rev. the Bishop of Pentacornia and Vicar-Apostolic of Hindustan, No. 985, dated 21st October 1881.

RESOLUTION.—In the papers read above, it is shown that the rules published in 1877 regulating the scale on which charges for compensation for sittings provided for soldiers in Roman Catholic and other chapels should be admitted are not applied generally, and that there are some chapels which received fixed grants in excess of scale under special orders of the Government of India. It is, however, considered expedient that the rules of 1877, which are considered quite liberal enough in themselves, should be applied without exception from a fixed date. The Governor-General in Council has therefore resolved that, from 1st January 1885, the rules of 1877, incorporated in Public Works Department Code, Chapter XI, paragraphs 58 to 61, shall be enforced in their entirety, and that all special grants sanctioned, from time to time, in individual cases should cease from and after the date specified.

2. This order will apply only to chapels for which fixed grants have been specially assigned, and is not intended to disturb the arrangements in those cases in which special grants have not been assigned and where the rules in question have already been brought into effect.

RULE XXIX.—The number of sittings for which compensation is allowed will be regulated by the highest attendance during the year of soldiers and their families (two children being counted as one adult) actually quartered in the station, subject to the same limit as is imposed in the case of the number allowed in churches built at Government expense (Rule VI), the maximum allowed being 300 for a regiment of European Infantry or 33 per company.

NOTE.—“Compensation may be charged for sittings provided for British-born commissioned and non-commissioned officers (including families) employed on the Staff, or with native regiments, in addition to the number of sittings allowed under Rule VI.”

RULE XXX.—The outlay will appear in the Department Budget Estimates and Accounts under the head of Civil Buildings—Repairs.

RULE XXXI.—Charges for compensation require the previous sanction of the Government of India, and must be supported by a certificate from the Officer Commanding the Station of the numbers of Roman Catholic soldiers and women and children for whom accommodation has been obtained, and by a receipt for the money paid.

Such charges as have once been approved by the Government of India need not be re-submitted annually for sanction, but may be paid on the authority of the Local Government or Administration, subject to the conditions under which the original sanction was obtained.

RULE XXXII.—Compensation may be paid for Roman Catholic State Railway servants for whom church accommodation has not been provided by the Government, the number of sittings being determined in the manner provided in Rule XI-B, the certificate being furnished by the Manager of the Railway, and the sanction of the Director-General of Railways being previously obtained. The charge will be debitable to the Revenue account of the Railway.

RULE XXXIII.—Compensation may be paid, with the previous sanction of the Government of India, for Protestant soldiers or State Railway servants under circumstances similar to those under which the same would be payable in the case of Roman Catholics.

APPENDIX A.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department, No. 6—370-382, (Ecclesiastical), dated Simla, the 9th November 1876.

Read Home Department Resolution, Nos. 314 to 318, dated 6th October 1875, appointing a Committee to report upon the following matters connected with ecclesiastical administration:—

- (1) The framing of joint estimates for expenditure on cemeteries or churches by the Executive Engineer and Clergyman in charge.
- (2) A revision of establishments for cemeteries according to their area.
- (3) The size of monuments and amount of ground that may be enclosed.
- (4) Provision for planting cemeteries and preserving them in decent order.
- (5) Mode of supply of certain articles of church furniture.
- (6) The substitution of three for two classes of churches with respect to the expenditure allowed for them by Government.

Read the Report of the Committee, dated 29th October 1875.

RESOLUTION.—The Report of the Committee has been considered by the Governor-General in Council, who desires to express to the Committee his satisfaction at the result of their labors.

The following rules have been approved relative to the subjects referred to the Committee for report:—

1. Churches and cemeteries have already been divided into two classes: (1) those in stations where there are military cantonments and the military works in which are under the charge of the Inspector-General of Military Works, and (2), those in other military cantonments and civil stations.

In both classes of stations joint estimates* of expenditure should be framed annually by the undermentioned officers:—

- | | |
|---|--|
| (a) In the case of all expenditure connected with establishments, e.g., pay of servants, alterations in their pay or number, &c., also all expenditure by Government connected with the provision of articles of church furniture supplied by the Civil Department. | By the Chief Magistrate of the District and by the Chaplain. |
| (See Financial Department Resolution No. 67, dated 9th January 1875.) | |

* The estimates should be for the financial year, and should be prepared in advance as is prescribed for other budget estimates.

(b) In the case of all expenditure connected with repairs and additions to church fabric, to church compound or cemetery walls, to cemetery gates, walks, wells, chowkidars, or other church servants' houses, provision of necessary appliances for graves or for the repair of tombs or for the planting of trees and shrubs in cemeteries and keeping the same in decent order; also all expenditure by Government connected with the provision of articles of church furniture supplied by the Public Works Department.

By the Executive Engineer and by the Chaplain.

The estimates of expenditure to be prepared by the Executive Engineer and the Chaplain should show distinctly the probable charge under each of the following heads:—

- (i) New works connected with additions to existing churches and improvements to church compounds.
- (ii) New supplies of furniture for churches and sanctioned articles of church use.
- (iii) New works connected with additions to existing burial grounds.
- (iv) Repairs to churches and church furniture and maintenance of church compounds.
- (v) Repairs to burial grounds to be executed by Public Works Officers.
- (vi) Repairs to burial grounds, including planting and cleaning, to be entrusted to the Chaplain or chief civil or military officer of the station or cantonment under paragraph 4.

It would be convenient if distinct estimates were prepared for each of these classes of expenditure.

The provision of funds to meet the charges above enumerated will be made in the budget estimate of the Public Works Department. The estimates for the same will be subject to the scrutiny of, and be passed by, the Superintending or Chief Engineer or Local Government or Administration according to the rules in force in the Public Works Department.

In stations in which the churches and burial grounds are under the Local Governments and Administrations in which the Provincial Service arrangements are in force, the charges debitable to the Public Works Department will be provided for in the Provincial Public Works Budget Estimate. In other provinces and in the Military Works Branch the charge will be provided for in the Imperial Public Works Budget Estimate under Civil Buildings.

2. The following scale of establishments should be maintained at all cemeteries:—

- (i) For a cemetery of which the area is five acres or less, one mali-chowkidar;
- (ii) For a cemetery of which the area is more than 5 and less than 10 acres, one mali-chowkidar and one assistant coolie;
- (iii) For a cemetery of which the area is more than 10 and less than 15 acres, one mali-chowkidar and two assistant coolies; and
- (iv) For a cemetery of which the area is more than 15 acres, one mali-chowkidar and three assistant coolies.

It is left to the Local Governments and Administrations to determine the proper wages to be given to each servant. The cost of this establishment will be charged to Provincial Services in the case of those Local Governments and Administrations in which the Provincial Service arrangements are in force, and in the case of other Local Governments and Administrations and the Military Works Branch of the Public Works Department to Imperial Funds. In either case the charge will be included in the Civil Budget Estimate.

4. No portion of the receipts from cemeteries and church compounds should be retained by any Government officer to be directly expended by himself; all such receipts should be paid into the Civil Treasury to the credit of the Public Works Department. In the case of receipts from cemeteries and church compounds in charge of the Military Works Branch, and under those Governments and Administrations in which the Provincial Service arrangements are not in force, the credit will be treated in the Public Works accounts as a receipt under Imperial Public Works Revenue. In the case of the other Governments and Administrations, the credit will be raised to Provincial Service Public Works Revenue. But the amount passed upon the joint estimate framed by the Executive Engineer and Chaplain to provide for planting a cemetery and preserving it in decent order should be entrusted to the Chaplain where there is one. Where there is no resident Chaplain, the amount should be placed at the disposal of the Chief Magistrate on the spot, or of the senior military officer if the cemetery is attached to a military cantonment. The necessary funds for the purpose will be advanced by the Executive Engineer concerned to the Chaplain or civil or military officer. Bills for the expenditure should be rendered by the officer to whom the advance has been made, either monthly or otherwise, to the Executive Engineer, who will charge for the amount thereof in the usual way in his accounts. Until the bills are received and charged off, the advance will be placed in the Miscellaneous Advance Account of the Executive Engineer. All planting of shrubs and trees by private persons in cemeteries should be under the control of the Chaplain if resident; otherwise under that of the Magistrate or senior military officer.

as the case may be. When practicable, a well should be sunk in or near every cemetery.*

5. It should be understood that the Government cannot provide cemeteries at the public expense for Native Christian communities.

NOTE.—Where their number is small, the question is of little importance and is best arranged by mutual concessions or by special provisions made locally by the parties immediately concerned. And I am to suggest for His Lordship's (Bishop's) consideration whether, if the necessity of dealing at the present time with this matter of Native Christian interment be in his judgment unavoidably established, it should not be carefully examined in consultation with the several Local Governments, having regard to the diverse needs and circumstances of the population in each separate province.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 2202, (Expenditure), dated Simla, the 15th August 1876.

Read the undermentioned papers relative to the reduction of minor charges on account of church establishments in India:—

- Resolution of the Government of India (Home Department), Nos. 132 to 147, dated 6th February 1875.
- Letters from the Government of Madras, Nos. 297 and 113, dated respectively, 27th December 1875, and 6th June 1876, with enclosures.
- Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, No. 9001—50, dated 10th March 1875.
- " " Government of Bombay, No. 3, dated 5th January 1876, with enclosures.
- " " of Bengal, No. 446, dated 15th February 1876.
- " to the Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Calcutta, No. 409, dated 14th December 1875.
- " from the Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland, Calcutta, No. 896, dated 29th November 1875.
- " from the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No. 612A, dated 3rd April 1875, with enclosure.
- " to the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No. 199, dated 15th June 1875.
- " from the Government of the North-Western Provinces, No. 2038A, dated 29th October 1875.
- Letters from the Government of the Punjab, Nos. 1370 and 830, dated respectively, 6th April 1875 and 7th March 1876.
- Letter from the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, No. 1013—39, dated 19th March 1876.
- " from the Chief Commissioner of British Burma, No. 1726—260, dated 7th September 1875, with enclosure.
- " from the Resident at Hyderabad, No. 85, dated 29th November 1875, with enclosures.
- " from the Chief Commissioner of Oudh, No. 4862, dated 18th October 1875, with enclosure.

Home Department letter to the Venerable the Officiating Archdeacon of Calcutta, No. 110, dated the 22nd May 1883.

*In regard to churches and cemeteries situated within the limits of a military cantonment, the Government of India have decided—

- (1) that the Chaplain is required to obtain the permission of the officer commanding the station before ordering a tree to be cut down in a cemetery or church compound situated within the limits of a cantonment;
- (2) that the officer commanding the station may order a tree to be cut down in the cemetery or church compound without the Chaplain's consent;
- (3) that if rests with the Chaplain to sell the trees cut down in the cemetery or church compound, the proceeds being paid in, as required by the standing rules, to the Civil Treasury to the credit of the Public Works Department; and
- (4) that the consent of the commanding officer should be obtained in respect of all repairs or alterations over which he or the Cantonment Committee may exercise control under the Cantonment rules and regulations, e.g., Rules 13 and 26 of Chapter IV.

These orders however, do, not interfere with the duty of the Chaplain to see that the cemetery is kept clean of rank vegetation, shrubs, and undergrowth which are not included under the designation of trees.

Home Department letter to the Venerable the Officiating Archdeacon of Calcutta, No. 148, dated the 26th June 1883.

Letter from the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No: 911-B., dated 3rd July 1875.
 „ to the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No. 224, dated 20th July 1875.
 „ from the Chief Commissioner of Assam, No. 1152-B., dated 16th August 1875.

First class (churches, the property of Government, containing more than 400 sittings at stations where there are European troops)—
 One Clerk 12
 „ Chowkidar-bearer.... 6
 „ Water-carrier..... 5
 „ Sweeper..... 4
 Lighting 20
 Total.. 47 a month.

Second class (churches, the property of Government, containing less than 400 sittings at stations where there are European troops)—
 One Chowkidar-bearer.... 5
 „ Sweeper..... 4
 Lighting 10
 Total.. 19 a month.

Third class (churches, the property of Government, at stations with no troops or with only native troops)—
 One Chowkidar-bearer... 5 a month.

Number of churches.
 * First-class (military)..... 8
 Second do. (do.)..... 6
 Third do. (non-military)..... 42
 Total.. 56

that an establishment of Rs. 47 a month be that to five of the remaining 36 third class

† One Bearer 7
 „ Sweeper..... 5
 Lighting allowance 18
 Total.. 30 each.

5. The Government of Bombay proposes (1) to raise the pay of chowkidar-bearers; (2) to allow a peon to each Chaplain; (3) to retain clerks for second class military churches; (4) to do away with water-carriers and sweepers, and provide for their duties from the contingent allowance of Rs. 20 a month for lighting for first-class churches; and (5) to allow a small contingent allowance to poor third-class non-military churches. The tabular statement submitted by the Bombay Government also shows other variations from the standard scale fixed in 1875. The Governor-General in Council regrets that he is unable to sanction peons for Chaplains in Bombay; but he is pleased to sanction the following scale for adoption in the Bombay Presidency from 1st April 1877, with a request that a tabular statement showing the charges now made may be forwarded to Government for communication to the Audit Department:—

	First class military churches.	Second class military churches.	Third class non-military churches.
One Clerk	A	7	7
One Chowkidar-bearer.....	7	7	7
Contingent allowance to cover lighting and sweepers and water-carriers' wages	20	10	B

A.—On the pay proposed by the Archdeacon of Bombay.

B.—A list of the poorer churches, for which a special contingent allowance is asked, should be entered in the tabular statement.

Resolution.—After consultation with the several Local Governments and Administrations, it was decided in February 1875 to reduce the cost of church establishments in India. To carry out this decision, the scale of charges (shown in the margin) was fixed for general adoption, with the reservation that in some places somewhat higher charges might be allowed under exceptional circumstances, and that in the case of third-class (non-military) churches, with fluctuating and very limited congregations, a moderate fixed allowance might be granted for lighting and sacramental elements. In accordance with this decision, the several Local Governments and Administrations were requested to submit a fresh classification of military churches, and a scale of charges in accordance with the principles thus laid down.

2. After consideration of the reports called for, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to pass the following orders.

3. If a clerk is now employed in any second class military church, he need not be dismissed; the full reduction of the establishment must await the occurrence of a vacancy.

4. In Madras, including Mysore, but excluding Berar, there are 56 churches,* and the cost of establishments on the scale laid down by the Government of India would amount to Rs. 700 a month as against a present charge of Rs. 1,917. The Government of Madras recommends, however, that the pay of chowkidar-bearers be fixed at Rs. 7 instead of Rs. 5 each a month; allowed to the church at Black Town; and that to five of the remaining 36 third class non-military churches, the marginally noted special allowances be allowed.

These proposals are approved with effect from 1st April 1877. A tabular statement showing the financial results of the measure and including, as a temporary charge, the pay of such clerks as are now on the establishments of the second class military churches, should be forwarded for formal sanction.

6. The proposal of the Government of Bengal in respect to the six military (first class) churches, including the two within the Fort William, for which the authorised allowance of Rs. 47 a month is considered to be sufficient, is sanctioned with effect from the 1st April 1876; Rs. 100 a month is also allowed for each of the four (third class) non-military Presidency churches* from 1st April 1877, for two years, subject to reconsideration at the end of that period; and an allowance of Rs. 55 a month is sanctioned for St. Stephen's church, Kidderpore, and the church at Howrah, on the same terms. Considering the peculiar character of St. Andrew's Kirk in Calcutta, and its use by the military, the recommendation of the Reverend Mr. Thompson, for an allowance of Rs. 100 when there are two Chaplains and Rs. 185 a month when there is one, is approved from the same date. The necessity for so large an allowance as Rs. 32½ a month for the care of the clock must be further established. The entire services of a competent native artisan could probably be secured for a much smaller sum.

* St. John's.
 Old Church.
 St. James'.
 St. Thomas'.

7. In respect to the non-military (third class) churches in Bengal, the Governor-General in Council considers that the scale laid down in February 1875 should be more closely adhered to than is proposed by the Government of Bengal. The exceptional allowances there contemplated were intended only for churches with "fluctuating and limited congregations," and not for general adoption. The churches at Dacca, Cuttack, Berhampur, and other places do not appear to be of this class. His Excellency in Council desires, therefore, that the Government of Bengal will submit a tabular statement more in accordance with the scale laid down in February 1875, and showing the financial results of the arrangements now sanctioned for church establishments in Bengal.

8. The classification of churches, submitted by the Government of the North-Western Provinces, shows that there are 36½ churches, the proposed cost for the establishments of which is Rs. 670. But it appears doubtful if this classification includes the Episcopalian and Presbyterian churches at Allahabad. This should now be made clear, and the church at Chunar should be ranked as a third-class (non-military) church, and not as a second class military church. The usual tabular statement should also be submitted, showing the financial result of the charges now authorized with effect from the beginning of the next financial year.

9. There are 48 churches in the Punjab, and the cost of the establishments proposed for them is Rs. 878 a month. It is also recommended that Rs. 50 a month may be placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for allotments when necessary to the poorer third class (non-military) churches. The proposals of the Government of the Punjab are sanctioned with effect from 1st April 1877. The usual tabular statement should be submitted.

10. There are 15 churches in the Central Provinces, the cost of the establishments of which is Rs. 205 a month. Revised establishments as shown below are sanctioned for these churches, resulting in an increase of Rs. 17 a month over the existing charge:—

	Existing cost per mensem.	Now sanctioned per mensem.
	RS.	RS.
First class church at Kamptee	71	47½ A.
Do. do. at Sagor	39	47½
Second class do. at Jubbulpore	38	31½ B.
Do. do. at Sitabuldi, Nagpur.....	40	31½
Third class do. at Nursingpur, Nimar and Seoni	17	18
Do. do. at 1 Chanda, 2 Wardha, 3 Bhandar, 4 Raipur, 5 Hoshangabad, 6 Damoh, 7 Betul, and 8 Chindwara	..	48
Total..	205	222
Increase.....	..	17

11. The Chief Commissioner of British Burma submits a list of church establishments in that province, and recommends "that the establishments should be restricted to the scale fixed by the Government of India, but that the rates of pay should be in accordance with those which are customary throughout Burma, where the cost of living is greatly in excess of that of India. He also recommends that an allowance of Rs. 80 a

† This charge was subsequently accepted by the Government of India as an Ecclesiastical charge and as part of the church allowance which is given in consideration of the benefit derived by the public from the use of the clock (letter to Government of Bengal, No. 316, dated the 27th September 1877).

A.—As detailed in paragraph 1 of this resolution.

B.—Do. plus the pay of a clerk, temporarily, as sanctioned in paragraph 3.

month may be granted to the Roman Catholic church at Thayetmyo. In accordance with these recommendations, the establishments noted below, which are in conformity with the scale laid down in February 1875, are sanctioned for the churches in British Burma with effect from 1st April 1877:—

	First class Rangoon Church.	First class Rangoon Town.	First class Thayetmyo Protestant Church.	Second class Thayetmyo Roman Catholic Church.	First class Thagloo.	Third class.				Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Bassein.	Moulmein.	Akyab.	Kyauk Phyo.	Rs.
1 Clerk	12	12	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	48
1 Chowkidar-bearer	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	8	8	86
1 Water-carrier	9	...	10	...	8	...	...	...	...	27
1 Sweeper	6	6	6	5	6	...	...	...	...	28
Lighting, &c.	30	15	30	15	15	...	...	...	6	110
Present cost	67	43	67	30	51	10	10	8	13	299
Decrease	95-8	67-10	80	...	55	10	114	15	...	437-2
										138-8

12. In addition to the higher rates of pay for chowkidar-bearers on account of the prevalent wages in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, the Resident at Hyderabad proposes to add eight peons at a cost of Rs. 56 a month to the authorized scale of church establishments. The Governor-General in Council regrets that he is unable to depart from the scale already fixed, but is pleased to sanction the other proposals, as shown below, from the beginning of the next financial year:—

	Clerk.	Chowkidar-bearer.	Water-carrier.	Sweeper.	Lighting, &c.	Total.	Existing cost.	Saving.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
First class church at Secunderabad.	12	6	5	4	20	47	64	17
Do. do. at Trimulgherry.	12	6	5	4	20	47	47	...
Second class do. at Bolaram	8*	6	...	4	10	28	51	23
Third class do. at Aurungabad	...	8	...	...	...	8	33	25
Do. do. at Jalna	...	8	...	...	...	8	7	1
Do. do. at Hingali	...	8	...	...	...	8	20	12
<i>Paid from Berar Revenues.</i>								
Third class church at Akola	...	8	...	...	...	8	48	40
Do. do. at Ellichpore	...	8	...	...	...	8	27	19
Do. do. at Amaraoti	...	8	...	...	...	8	48	40
Total	32	64	10	12	50	170	305	175

13. The list submitted by the Chief Commissioner of Oudh shows that there are only six churches in Oudh—three of the first and three of the second class. The proposed classification of these churches is approved with effect from 1st April 1877 with a request that a tabular statement may now be forwarded.

14. The Chief Commissioner of Assam states that there are in Assam six third class non-military churches, and proposes to pay the chowkidar-bearers at Rs. 10 each a month, remarking that "this is the lowest salary on which a servant can be entertained to perform the above duties in this province." The Governor-General in Council sanctions a chowkidar-bearer for each of the churches in Assam on the pay of Rs. 6 each a month from 1st April 1877, and requests that the usual tabular statement may now be forwarded.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India, Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 3874, dated Simla, the 3rd November 1881.

Read again—

- (1) Resolution of the Government of India in the Financial Department, No. 2202, dated the 15th August 1876, directing a reduction of minor charges on account of church establishments in India, and fixing the scale of charges shown below for general adoption with effect from the 1st April 1876 in some and from the 1st April 1877 in other cases:—

* Till vacancy occurs.

First class (churches, the property of Government, containing more than 400 sittings at stations where there are European troops)—

One Clerk	Rs. 12
" Chowkidar-bearer	6
" Water-carrier	5
" Sweeper	4
Lighting	20
	47 a month.

Second class (churches, the property of Government, containing less than 400 sittings at stations where there are European troops)—

One Chowkidar-bearer	Rs. 5
" Sweeper	4
Lighting	10
	19 a month.

Third class (churches, the property of Government, at stations with no troops or with only native troops).

One Chowkidar-bearer

- (2) Order No. 572, dated the 12th May 1881, forwarding a copy of the above-mentioned resolution to the Military Department for information and guidance, with the intimation that the scale of charges mentioned above (which are debitable to the Military Department on account of Roman Catholic churches) should have effect from the 1st April 1880.

Read also—

- (3) A letter from the Military Department to the Controller of Military Accounts, Bengal, No. 1246 S.-D., dated the 26th August 1881, sanctioning, as a very special case, the grant to the Roman Catholic Chaplain, Fort William, of the difference of lighting allowance between Rs. 33 and Rs. 47 a month, with arrears from the 15th August 1876 up to the 1st January 1881, and intimating that final orders in regard to the allowances admissible to Roman Catholic churches generally will be shortly passed.

RESOLUTION.—On reconsideration, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that the Resolution of the 15th August 1876 read in the first section of the preamble is inapplicable to Roman Catholic churches. Those churches are mostly not the property of Government, and it is only to churches owned by Government that the Resolution applies. Moreover, the application of the Resolution to Roman Catholic churches would have the effect, in the majority of cases, of largely reducing the allowances now given to them, and the Governor-General in Council does not consider that their reduction would be expedient.

2. Under this decision the increased grant passed in the Military Department for the Roman Catholic Church of St. Patrick, Fort William, should be discontinued.

No. 7, dated Fort William, 9th January 1878.

From—J. O'KINEALY, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Madras.

I am directed to acknowledge your letter, dated the 2nd January 1877, No. 2, submitting for approval the Proceedings of the Madras Government determining the proposed scale of establishment for the Cathedral.

2. In reply, I am to say that the Governor-General in Council is pleased to fix a limit of Rs. 400 per mensem as the maximum grant towards the maintenance of the establishment of the Cathedral with effect from the 1st April 1878.

No. 9, dated Fort William, the 9th January 1878.

From—J. O'KINEALY, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.

With reference to paragraph 8 of your letter, dated the 5th February 1877, No. 376, regarding the establishment at St. Paul's Cathedral, Calcutta, I am directed to say that the Governor-General in Council is pleased to comply with the recommendation of

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor, and sanctions the continuance of the Government grant of Rs. 400 per mensem at present made towards the maintenance of the Cathedral establishment.

No. 11, dated Fort William, the 9th January 1878.

From—J. O'KNEALE, Esq., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bombay, Ecclesiastical Department.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your letter dated the 29th November last, No. 249, regarding the establishment at St. Thomas' Cathedral, Bombay, I am directed to observe that it appears from the papers submitted that the cost of the Cathedral establishment and contingent charges amounts to Rs. 1,081 per mensem, and that the Trustees of the Cathedral object to any reduction being made, holding that under the trust deed they have an indefeasible right to claim from Government both establishment and contingent charges on the existing scale.

2. The Governor-General in Council does not admit that the Trustees alone have the power to decide the question at issue, but His Excellency in Council does not desire to press the matter, and leaves it to be settled by the Bombay Government on the most favorable terms which may be found possible.

3. I am to add that a maximum grant of Rs. 400 per mensem has been fixed for the Cathedrals at Calcutta and Madras.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Department of Finance and Commerce, No. 4016, dated Simla, the 9th November 1881.

Read—

Office Memorandum from the Military to the Home Department (Ecclesiastical), No. 1618 S. D., dated the 17th October 1881, proposing a general rule to regulate the incidence of charges on account of clerical and menial establishments for religious services in connection with the troops.

The undersigned is desired to acknowledge the receipt of the docket from the Home Department, No. 75, dated 5th May 1881, on the subject of the provision of a clerical and menial establishment for Presbyterian religious services in connection with the troops. The case in point is that of the 72nd Highlanders.

Original enclosures returned.

2. In reply, he is to forward the correspondence marginally noted, and to suggest that, as (in regard to the general question) there would seem to be some doubt as to the proper incidence of charges on account of such establishments, the present opportunity be taken to settle the question finally.

3. The present rule as regards Chaplains is understood to be as follows, viz. :—
The Church of England Chaplains and the church establishments are paid in the Civil Department, even though employed in a cantonment solely for the use of the troops.

The pay of Roman Catholic Chaplains and of the chapel establishment engaged in the service of the troops is borne by the Military Department.

The pay of the Presbyterian Chaplains and of the church establishments at ordinary stations is borne by the Civil Department, but the pay of Presbyterian Chaplains with Highland regiments is a military charge.

4. It seems, therefore, to the Military Department right that the charge on account of establishments for the church services of Highland regiments should also be a military charge, when the Chaplain employed in the services is paid by the Military Department, and that in all other cases where there is a service performed for Presbyterian troops by a civil Presbyterian, Wesleyan, or other Chaplain, the charge for his services and any temporary establishment should be borne by the Civil Department.

5. The Military Department consider that the above would be a clearly defined rule, which would prevent the mistakes which appear to have been made on more than one occasion in regard to the debit of such charges, and the undersigned is to recommend its adoption to the Home Department.

RESOLUTION.—The rule proposed in paragraph 4 is sanctioned.

APPENDIX B.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department, Nos. 2—275 to 287 (Ecclesiastical), under date Simla, the 8th September 1875.

Read the undermentioned correspondence relative to a proposed revision of the rules at present in force for the guidance of Chaplains of the Church of England in regard to the burial of such persons as have laid violent hands upon themselves, and of those who, having been members of the Roman Catholic church, have been refused burial by the Priests of that church—

From Government of Fort St. George, No. 142, dated 12th June 1874, and No. 203, dated 23rd August 1874.

To Solicitor to Government, No. 327, dated 22nd September 1874.

From do. do. No. 2316, dated 26th September 1874.

From the Lord Bishop of Calcutta, dated 13th January 1875.

RESOLUTION.—The first question was raised by the refusal of the Reverend C. H. Deane, Chaplain of Bangalore, to read the funeral service over a person who was found by a Court of Inquest to have committed suicide while in a state of temporary insanity.

2. The subjoined letter* from the Rev. C. H. Deane sets forth the ground of his refusal :—

* To Mr. Knox, dated 2nd January 1874. "When I answered your memorandum about the interment of the remains of the late Sergeant Spiers, of the 18th Hussars, I was not aware that he had committed suicide. If, as I understand, there is no doubt that he poisoned himself, I regret to say that I shall not be able to officiate at his funeral. The Rubric before the burial service distinctly forbids it to be used for any that 'have laid violent hands upon themselves,' so that I have no option in the matter. The grave will be ready at 5 p.m., but no services can be used."

3. The view taken of the question by the Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras is stated in the subjoined letter† :—

† To the Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Fort St. George, No. 483, dated 24th March 1874. "I am directed by the Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras to acknowledge your communication of the 17th ultimo, forwarding copy of a letter from the Deputy Adjutant-General, transmitting correspondence relative to the Reverend C. H. Deane's refusal to read the funeral service over the late Sergeant Spiers, 18th Hussars, who committed suicide.

"2. In reply, I am desired to state that Mr. Deane seems to have been requested to perform the funeral without having been furnished with the customary death-report or any intimation that it was a case of suicide.

"3. The Coroner's warrant in itself appears to be 'no more than a certificate that the body is not demanded by the law, and that therefore the relations may dispose of it as they please'—(Wheatley on the Book of Common Prayer). It does not, therefore, indicate the duty of a Clergyman, or place him under legal obligation to give to a body Christian burial.

"4. In keeping with this view, the Government Notification in *Fort St. George Gazette*, June 11th, 1850, page 623, when it intimates that 'the Reverend Chaplains will in futuro consider the warrant of the Coroner for the interment of a body on which an inquest has been held to be a sufficient authority for their performance of the burial service over it,' adds, 'if it would be their duty, under ordinary circumstances, to perform that service.'

"5. What is the duty of a Clergyman when requested to bury a person who has committed suicide is to be ascertained partly from the Rubrics of our church, which are binding upon the Clergy and have the force of law, and partly from the limitations of recognized legal commentators.

"6. The Rubric at the opening of 'the Order for the Burial of the Dead' forbids a Clergyman 'to use that service for any that have laid violent hands upon themselves.'

"7. In Burn's 'Ecclesiastical Law' it is laid down : 'Of this sort (suicide) are to be understood not all who have procured death unto themselves, but who have done it voluntarily, and consequently have died in the commission of a mortal sin; and not idiots, lunatics, or persons otherwise of insane mind.'

"8. In the same book it is also stated that 'the proper judges whether persons who died of their own hands were out of their senses are doubtless the Coroner's jury.'

"9. In the case under consideration, it appears that the Reverend Mr. Deane, having regard only to the Rubric and *foro conscientie* accounting himself responsible for the interpretation of it, refused to bury the corpse even when he knew that the Coroner's jury had returned a verdict of 'temporary insanity.'

"10. In this refusal, I am instructed to state that Mr. Deane has not, so far as the Bishop can ascertain, violated any law, but he has departed from a recognized custom in not accepting the verdict of the Coroner's jury as a justification for the using of the Church's service over the remains of Sergeant Spiers.

"11. Mr. Cripps, in his 'Practical Treatise on the Law relating to the church and the Clergy' [ed. 1869], states: 'No case appears ever to have occurred in which a Clergyman who has refused to bury the corpse of one who has committed suicide in insanity has been punished by the Ecclesiastical Law.' At the same time he adds: 'It must be doubtful whether a departure from a custom of such acknowledged propriety would not be visited with ecclesiastical punishment.'

† Page 793.

"12. In the absence of any Court competent to visit with ecclesiastical punishment, the Bishop desires me to point out that it is very painful to a laborious and conscientious Clergyman, such as Mr. Deane is, to deny the last offices of the Church to one who has been under his spiritual charge, and it must, the Bishop thinks, be allowed that there was much in the circumstances of the present case to support the conclusion at which Mr. Deane arrived. I am, therefore, directed to say that His Lordship is disposed to take a lenient view of Mr. Deane's action, and the more so as those who are endeavouring to check the prevalence of intemperance in the army can ill-afford to lose any aid which a Clergyman in the honest discharge of his duty can lawfully render."

4. The Government of Madras referred the whole correspondence for the information and orders of the Government of India.

5. The following brief statement of the English Law will be found sufficient for the present purpose: By Common Law Christian persons are entitled to burial with the rites of the church. The Statutes passed from time to time for the uniformity of public worship have proceeded upon, though not expressly dealing with, this state of things. The 68th of the Canons of 1603 recognises it and enjoins the Clergy to act upon it. In that Canon occurs the exception of persons excommunicated for some grievous and notorious crime, and of whose repentance no testimony could be given. The Canons of 1603 are no part of the Statute Law, and it is only in a qualified sense that they are part of the law at all. But this Canon has been taken as truly expressing the ancient Common Law of the Church. The Books of Common Prayer have been embodied into the Statute Law by the various Acts of Uniformity, and Rubrics are authoritative guides when they speak on the question when the services are or are not to be used.

6. Down to the year 1661 there was no Rubric forbidding the performance of the burial service over any persons except persons excommunicated. The Rubric now in force was framed in the year 1661, and received the force of law from the Uniformity Act of 1662. It prescribes that "the office is not to be used for persons unbaptised or excommunicated or who have laid violent hands on themselves."

7. The question now is whether the expression "have laid violent hands on themselves" includes all who have committed the overt act of suicide, or only those who have done so deliberately, being in their sound senses and in a state in which moral responsibility attaches to them.

* Page 793.

8. In Mr. Cripps' * Treatise the following statement is made:—

"The uniform practice, however, so far as it has been to be ascertained, is in accordance with the reasoning and opinion of Dr. Burn, and it must be doubtful whether a departure from a custom of such acknowledged propriety would not be visited with ecclesiastical punishment."

9. The opinion of Dr. Burn will be found in his work on Ecclesiastical Law, Vol. I, p. 265. After referring to the ancient Canon which forbade Christian burial to those who violently put themselves to death, and stating that this rule was understood to apply to those who did the act voluntarily, Dr. Burn intimates that the Rubric should not be construed as severer than the preceding Ecclesiastical Law, and therefore should not apply to persons of insane mind.

10. In the year 1809 the Court of Arches, speaking of the treatment of suicides, puts it on the ground that they are supposed to die in the commission of mortal sin, and to have renounced Christianity. (*Kemp versus Wickes*, 3 Phillimore, pp. 272, 273.)

11. The Government of India have not been referred to, and do not know of, any authority for holding that the words of the Rubric apply to persons who are not responsible for their actions. It is certain that the practice has not been to apply these words in that way.

12. Under the circumstances, the Governor-General in Council comes to the following conclusions:—

(a) It is reasonable in this matter to regulate the conduct of Clergymen of the Church of England, who serve the Government of India, by the law and practice of the Church of England.

(b) There is no authority for holding that the Rubric under consideration applies to those who have caused their own death when in a state of mental insanity. For holding the contrary there is the authority of commentators

and of judicial dicta. There is also the much greater authority derived from a usage which is very widespread and long continued, if indeed it is not quite unbroken. Testing the question by reason, it is only reasonable to hold that the framers of this Rubric did not intend, as regards the burial of suicides, to alter the law and practice that they found in existence, or to visit with what must be considered as an ecclesiastical penalty, an act for which the doer is not responsible.

(c) Sincere respect is due to the scruples felt by conscientious men in performing a service of extreme solemnity. Nevertheless, it would not be reasonable that such scruples should prevail against the ancient law and practice of the Church of England which has been handed down to the present time, and which plainly authorizes the use of the burial service over persons who have caused their own death while in a state of insanity.

13. The Governor-General in Council must, therefore, require from all Clergymen connected with the Government their conformity to this ruling.

14. The next point for consideration is the rule requiring Chaplains to read the funeral service over the bodies of persons who, having died in the profession of the Roman Catholic faith, have been refused burial by the Priests of that church. It is stated by the Bishops of Calcutta and Madras that the Clergy of the Church of England look upon the rule as bearing hardly upon them, and they desire to have it reconsidered.

15. This rule was laid down in the year 1855 under the belief that the case was governed by positive law, viz., the 68th of the Canons of 1603. But, on reconsideration of the matter, the Governor-General in Council is of opinion—first, that the Canon in question, which is founded on the English parochial system, cannot, for the purpose now under consideration, be applied to the very different circumstances of an Indian station, and, secondly, that even if it were applicable, it would not prevent the Government from establishing a different rule of conduct for Indian Chaplains if found expedient.

16. The Governor-General in Council further thinks that for the case now under review a different rule is expedient. The Chaplain of an Indian station does not stand to the residents in the station in the relation which the Parson of an English parish bears to his parishioners. It was expressly so ruled by the Court of Directors in their despatch on this subject bearing date the 30th October 1841. Chaplains have been ordered to abstain from endeavours to influence the religious tenets of Roman Catholic soldiers, and in one case a Chaplain was compelled to resign the service for persisting in such endeavours.

17. As regards the Chaplains themselves, it does not seem consistent that they should be compelled to perform duties towards the corpse of a man whom when living they were forbidden to approach in any pastoral relation, and the Governor-General in Council admits that the dissatisfaction which the Chaplains have felt with the order of 1855 rests on reasonable grounds.

18. As regards other persons, it can hardly be agreeable to the feelings of either Protestants or Roman Catholics that the Chaplain should be called in to supply a service which the Priest has refused. To Protestants it must seem that, in so acting, their church is lax and careless about the performance of its solemn rites. To Roman Catholics it can hardly be otherwise than offensive that a stranger, who in their eyes has no authority, should affect to give to a member of their church what the recognised authority of that Church has thought fit to withhold. And neither community can wish it on account of any advantage to the dead man: not Protestants, because the whole notion of such an advantage is contrary to their tenets; and not Roman Catholics, because they do not attribute any spiritual character to the Chaplain.

19. For the above reasons the Governor-General in Council is pleased to revoke the order issued in the year 1855, and he will request the military authorities to make arrangements for the decent burial of Roman Catholic soldiers to whom the rites of their church have been refused by the Priests.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Ecclesiastical), No. 159, under date Simla, the 6th June 1877.

Read again—

Home Department Resolution, No. 275—287, dated the 8th September 1875, laying down certain rules for the guidance of Chaplains of the Church of England in regard to the burial of suicides, &c.

Read also—

Office Memorandum from the Military Department, No. 810, dated the 16th November 1875, forwarding, for an expression of opinion, a draft General Order which His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief proposes to issue on the subject in accordance with the above rules.

LIST OF PERSONS LICENSED UNDER "THE INDIAN CHRISTIAN MARRIAGE ACT."

Names	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent, Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
ANANTAPUR.						
Rev. W. Stephenson.....	London Mission	Goody	Act XV of 1872.	22nd Mar. 1878.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" Moses Williams	Do.	Tadipatri	Act V of 1865 ...	4th Aug. 1869.	...	Under Section 47.
" Mr. Joseph Adam	Do.	Pohir (Kurnool District).	Act XV of 1872.	10th Apr. 1883.	...	Under Section 9.
Rev. A. R. Gaze.....	Do.	Goody	Act XV of 1872.	31st May 1882.	...	.....
ARCOT, NORTH.						
Rev. J. W. Seudder, M.A., M.D.	American Arcot Mission.	Vellore	Act V of 1865.	30th June 1865 & 22nd Oct. 1867.	...	Under Sections 8 and 47.
" W. W. Seudder, D.D.	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	21st Jan. 1885.	Stationed at present at Madanapalle, Cuddapah.	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" John Seudder, M.A., M.D.	Do.	Ami	Act V of 1865.	...	Removed to Tindivanam, South Arcot.	...
" J. W. Conklin, M.A.	Do.	Chittoor	Act XV of 1872.	2nd March 1883.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" L. Hekling, M.A., M.D.	Do.	Kanipett	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" E. C. Seudder, Jr., M.A.	Do.	Ami	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" Andrew Sawyer.....	Do.	Chittoor	Act V of 1865.	30th April 1867.	...	Under Section 8.
" Abraham William	Do.	Kanipett	Act XV of 1872.	24th Sept. 1875.	...	Under Section 9.
" Nathaniel Moses.....	Do.	Kanipett	Do.	18th May 1880.	...	Do.
Catechist Isaac Henry.....	Do.	Vellore	Do.	9th March 1876.	...	Do.
Rev. P. A. Petersen	Hermannsburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Tirupati	Do.	24th Aug. 1877.	...	...
" H. C. Harms	Do.	Do.	Do.	30th March 1883.	At present in Madras.	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" H. Rice	Ch. of Scotland Mission.	Vellore	Act V of 1865.	23rd Nov. 1869.	...	...
" Earl Edward Laventhal.	Danish Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	13th Aug. 1885.	...	Under Section 9.

ARCOT, SOUTH.

Rev. A. Mayr	Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Cuddalore	Act V of 1865 ...	25th July 1865. & 17th Mar. 1868.	...	Under Sections 8 and 47.
" H. Belsenherz	Do.	Chidambaram	Do.	Renewed in 1872.	Absent temporarily in Europe.	Do.
" J. Kempf	Do.	Taruti	Do.	Do.	...	...
" H. Brunotte	Do.	Villupuram	Do.	5th May 1863 & 7th Dec. 1865.	Temporarily in America	Under Section 8 and 47.
" J. H. Wyckoff, M.A. ...	American Arcot Mission.	Tindivanam	Act XV of 1872.	24th Sept. 1875.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" Paul Bailey	Do.	Omatur	Do.	Do.	...	Under Section 9.
" A. Jhle	Dan. Ex. Luth. Mission.	Tirukoilur	Do.	17th May 1879.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" C. G. A. Schliesch.....	Do.	Pattamlakam	Do.	16th Dec. 1882.	...	Under Section 9.
" John Savvasham.....	Do.	Tirukoilur	Do.	11th Feb. 1879.	Do.	Under Section 47.
" Nathaniel Moses	American Arcot Mission.	Tindivanam	Act V of 1865 ...	30th June 1865.	...	Under Section 9.
" E. Matthay	Do.	Guanediam	Act XV of 1872.	22nd Oct. 1867.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" E. Matthay	Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission	Chidambaram	Act XV of 1872.	18th May 1880.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.

BELLARY.

Rev. J. B. Coles	London Mission.	Bellary	Act V of 1865	16th June 1865.	Temporarily	...
" T. Haines	Do.	Do.	Do.	30th Aug. 1871.	Temporarily	...
" E. Lewis	Do.	Do.	Do.	19th Jan. 1869.	Temporarily	...
Evangelist, W. Burder	Do.	Do.	Do.	17th Jan. 1868.	...	...
Rev. G. Paul	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	1st May 1884.	...	...
" T. Gatten	American Mission.	Do.	Act V of 1865	Information not available.	...	...

CANARA, SOUTH.

Rev. E. Diez.....	Basel Evangelical Mission.	Mangalore	Act V of 1865	25th July 1865.	...	...
" A. Minner	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" J. Laver	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	29th Dec. 1877.	...	...
" M. Hoch	Do.	Do.	Do.	18th May 1880.	...	Under Section 6.
" P. Ott	Do.	Mulki	Act V of 1865	11th June 1872.	Temporarily	...
" C. Eble	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	17th June 1882.	...	...
" S. Furlado	Do.	Mangalore	Act V of 1865	12th Apr. 1870.	...	...
" G. A. Ritter	Do.	Udupi	Do.	Do.	...	...
" A. Brasche.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...

List of Persons Licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—continued.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
CANARA, SOUTH—continued.						
Rev. C. Keppler	Basel Evangl. Mission	Udipi	Act XV of 1872	17th June 1882.	...	Under Section 6.
" D. Anons	Do.	Do.	Act V of 1865	11th June 1872.	...	...
" D. Fernandez	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
" Ch. Gojar	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	19th Sept. 1880.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" L. Gengungel	Do.	Coondapoor	Do.	17th June 1882.	...	Under Section 6.
" E. Soens	Do.	Mulki	Do.	26th Nov. 1885.	Temporarily	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" E. Daur	Do.	Mangalore	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" S. Andrea	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" M. Schauble	Do.	Karkal	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" W. Stokes	Do.	Udipi	Act XV of 1865	12th April 1870.	...	Under Section 8.
" E. Furtado	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	26th Nov. 1865.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" J. Hernandink	Do.	Kasaragod	Do.	13th Feb. 1874.	...	Under Section 6.

CHINGLEPUT.

Rev. W. T. Sathianadum	Church Mission	Macras	Act XV of 1872	8th May 1882.	...	Visits periodically.
" W. Goudie	Wesleyan Mission	St. Thomas' Mount.	Do.	May 1882.	...	...
" Adam Andrew	Free Church of Scotland Mission	Chingleput	Do.	9th July 1881.	...	Under Section 6.
" A. Abraham Natha	Roman Catholic Mission	Ravulanallur	Do.	In 1880.	Temporarily	...
" A. J. Norman	Wesleyan Mission	St. Thomas' Mount.	Do.	6th Oct. 1886.	Gone to England.	...

COIMBATORE.

Rev. A. David	London Mission	Coimbatore	Act V of 1865	29rd Nov. 1869.	...	Under Section 47, Part V.
" M. Jones	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	27th June 1883.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" V. Unneyndian	Do.	Mettu pa la i yun.	Act V of 1865	November 1868.	...	Under Section 47, Part V.
" C. A. Ouchterlony	Leipzig Ev. Luth. Miss.	Coimbatore	Do.	17th March 1868.	...	...

" G. Holiday	Wesleyan Mission	Dharapuram	Act V of 1865	17th Jan. 1871.	...	...
" Henry Little	Do.	Karur	Do.	30th June 1865.	...	...
" G. P. Peryannayagam	Leipzig Evangelical	Coimbatore	Act XV of 1872	17th May 1879.	...	...
" S. T. Loury	Lutheran Mission.	Do.	Do.	3rd April 1886.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" S. T. Loury	London Mission	Do.	Do.	...	...	...
CUDDAPAH.						
Rev. J. Mason	London Mission	Cuddapah	Act XXV of 1864	31st Jan. 1865.	...	...
" J. R. Bacon	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	29th July 1876.	Temporarily	Under Section 6.
" Mr. Jacob Cole, Ordained Evangelist.	Do.	Do.	Do.	20th July 1882.	...	...
Rev. W. Howard Campbell, M.A., D.D.	Do.	Do.	Do.	17th Jan. 1885.	...	Do.
" J. Chamberlain, D.D., M.D.	American Arcot Mission.	Madanapalle.	Act V of 1865	11th July 1865.	Temporarily	Under Section 6; also Section 47, Part V of Act V of 1865.
" Catechist Kornaparti John Souri.	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	11th Jan. 1879.	...	Under Section 9.
Rev. J. Warrle.	Hermannsburg Evangelical Luth. Mission.	Kodur	Act V of 1865	25th Aug. 1868.	...	...
" W. W. Scudder, D.D.	American Arcot Mission.	Madanapalle.	Act XV of 1872	25th Jan. 1885.	...	Under Section 6; also Section 9, Part I of Act XV of 1872.

GANJAM.

Rev. John R. Hutchingson	Canadian Baptist Mission.	Chitricole.	Act XV of 1872	18th Sept. 1882.	...	Under Section 6.
" Bhagavan Behra, Ordained Native Christian Preacher.	Baptist Mission	Akulatampur, a village in the Parlakimedi Estate.	Do.	5th Aug. 1881.	...	Do.
Mr. Henry Lacon Howell	In Government employ.	Chitrapur	Do.	21st Nov. 1882.	...	Registrar for the District.
Rev. T. C. Archbald	Canadian Baptist Mission.	Chitricole	Do.	29th Jan. 1884.	...	...
" P. E. Heberlet	Baptist Mission	Berhanpore	Do.	8th July 1887.	Temporarily	Under Section 9.
" Niladri Naik, Co. Pastor of the Dapt. Ch.	Do.	Do.	Do.	25th July 1887.	...	Do.

GODAVARI.

Rev. T. Heelis	Godavari Delta Mission.	Narsapur	Act V of 1865	15th Nov. 1870.	...	...
" E. S. Bowden	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	30th Feb. 1879.	...	Under Section 9, Part I.
" C. H. Beer	Do.	Do.	Do.	30th July 1881.	...	Do.
" H. C. Schmidt	American Luthn. Missn.	Rajahmundry	Do.	About 1872.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" J. K. Poulson	Do.	Samulcoota	Do.	5th Sept. 1873.	...	...

List of Persons licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—continued.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
GODAVARI—continued.						
Rev. J. Craig	Canadian Baptist Missn.	Alividu	Act XV of 1872	21st Feb. 1880.	...	...
" F. S. Dietrick	American Luthn. Missn.	Rajabundry	Do.	May 1883	...	...
" T. Joseph	Do.	Jagurapadu	Do.	In 1879	...	...
" N. Paulus	Do.	Velpur	Do.	Do.	...	...
" J. McLaurin	Canadian Baptist Missn.	Samulcotha	Act V of 1865	8th Jan. 1870.	...	Under Sections 8 and 47.
" G. F. Currie	Do.	Tuni	Act XV of 1872	21st Oct. 1877	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" C. Tetet	Do.	Gumnapudi	Do.	21st Feb. 1881.	...	...
" J. Burter	Do.	Cocunada	Do.	28th Feb. 1884	...	...
" F. W. Anvaché	Do.	Do.	Do.	4th May 1886	...	...
" T. J. McCready	American Luthn. Missn.	Tallapudi	Do.	May 1885	...	...
" W. Gramina	Do.	Rajabundry	Do.	In 1886	...	...
" J. R. Stillwell	Canadian Baptist Missn.	Samulcotha	Do.	4th May 1886	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" Mr. Merrigumilli Daniel	Do.	Bhimadole	Do.	In 1886	...	...
KISTNA DISTRICT.						
Rev. E. Unangst, D.D.	American Evangelical	Guntur	Act V of 1865	11th July 1865 &	...	Under Sections 8 and 47,
" Charles Schure, M.A.	Lutheran Mission.	Do.	Act XV of 1872	22nd Oct. 1867.	...	Part V.
" Betrala John	Do.	Dachepalle	Do.	14th Feb. 1883.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" M. Nathaniel	Do.	Narsarowpet	Do.	14th May 1875.	...	Do.
" Yerranisetti David	Do.	Moparru	Do.	8th July 1875.	...	Do.
" Catechist K. Ephraim	Do.	Tangeda	Do.	24th April 1877.	...	Do.
Rev. Mallela Isaac	American Baptist Telugu	Konunki, Nar-	Do.	14th May 1880.	...	Under Section 6.
"	Mission.	sarowpet	Do.	22nd July 1881.	...	...
" Poolykoory Bahiah	Do.	Talak	Do.	Do.	...	...
"	Do.	Bullikora ya	Do.	Do.	...	...
"	Do.	Narsarowpet	Do.	Do.	...	...
"	Do.	Talak	Do.	Do.	...	...
"	Do.	Muddakamulle,	Do.	Do.	Temporarily	...
"	Do.	Vinukonda	Do.	Do.	...	...
"	Do.	Talak	Do.	Do.	...	...

Kare Peter	Canadian Baptist Telugu	Gumnapudi, Gudi vada Taluk	Do.	4th March 1881.	...	Under Section 9.
Rev. Geo. N. Thompson	American Baptist Missn.	Vinukonda	Do.	30th Aug. 1883.	Temporarily	Under Sections 6 and 9.
Catechist Dasari Abraham	American Evangelical	Sateenapalle	Do.	23rd May 1884.	...	Under Section 9.
Rev. Janalagadda Enoch	Lutheran Mission.	Do.	Do.	5th Sept. 1884.	...	Do.
Mr. Thomas Francis	Native Pastor, American	Kondapatur,	Do.	3rd Aug. 1885.	...	Do.
"	Bapt. Miss. Union.	Bapatla Taluk.	Do.	27th Oct. 1885.	...	Do.
"	Evangelist of the Ameri-	Guntur	Do.	29th Sept. 1879.	...	Do.
"	can Evangelical Luthn.	Do.	Do.	24th April 1886.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
"	Mission.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
Catechist Nalluri Samuel	Do.	Machavaram	Do.	27th Oct. 1885.	...	Do.
" Guntola Enoch	Do.	Karempudi	Do.	29th Sept. 1879.	...	Do.
" Nagapagu Yosapu	American Baptist Telugu	Mogichintala-	Do.	24th April 1886.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
"	Mission.	palem	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" Dantaluri Yella-	Do.	Nadigadda	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" nanda.	Do.	Koncherla	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" Baturi Pedda-	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Under Section 9.
" guruviah.	Do.	Do.	Do.	4th Oct. 1886	...	Do.
Rev. Bundaru Prasunge	Do.	Vedalapad	Do.	Do.	...	Under Section 9.
" Bundaran Luke	Do.	Pedayigarla-	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
"	Do.	nudi	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
" Grenadi Latchumiah	Do.	Santarravur	Do.	Do.	...	Under Sections 6 & 9—(Gone to America)
" G. N. Thomssen	American Baptist Missn.	Vinukonda	Do.	30th Aug. 1883.	...	Under Section 9.
" E. Bulhard, M.A.	American Baptist Mis-	Bapatla	Do.	21st Jan. 1873.	...	Do.
Catechist Guram Isaac	sonary Union.	Do.	Do.	20th Aug. 1886.	...	Under Section 6.
"	American	Karemedu	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
"	Evangelical	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Under Section 6.
"	Lutheran Mission.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
KURNOOL.						
Munnuze Ahamiah	American Baptist Mis-	Bestwarpet,	Act XV of 1872.	30th July 1881.	...	Under Section 6.
"	sonary Union.	Cumbun talu.	Do.	4th Oct. 1886	...	Do.
Rev. Vedadella Jonah	American Baptist Telugu	Dupad	Do.	2nd Dec. 1885.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" E. Sullivan	Mission, Nellore.	Do.	Do.	4th Oct. 1886	...	Under Section 6.
Mr. John Newcombe	Do.	Kurnool	Do.	10th April 1883.	...	Under Section 9.
Joseph Adam	Do.	Cumbun	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
"	London Mission	Polar	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
MADRAS.						
Rev. R. Handmann	Evangelical	Lutheran Madras	Act V of 1865	...	...	...
"	Mission	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	...	...	...
" T. P. Periyayagam	Do.	Do.	Act V of 1865	...	...	...
" Maurice Phillips	London Mission	Do.	...	27th May 1886.	...	...

List of Persons licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—continued.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
MADRAS—continued.						
Rev. G. O. Newport.....	London Mission	Madras	Act XV of 1872.	31st July 1878.	Temporarily	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" J. Hay.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" W. Joss.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" C. Parthasarady.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	2nd Feb. 1875	Temporarily.	Do.
" W. Miller.....	Free Church of Scotland.	Do.	Do.	8th Nov. 1882	Do.	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" William Elder.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" George Milne Rae.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	9th Feb. 1885	Do.	Do.
" A. W. Rudisill.....	Mct. Episcopal Church.	Do.	Do.	19th Jan. 1885	Do.	Do.
" A. H. Baker.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	27th Jan. 1874	Do.	Do.
" H. F. Doll.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	6th Apr. 1881	Do.	Do.
Mr. J. J. Oltterton.....	(Strict) Baptist Mission.	Do.	Do.	10th March 1868.	Do.	Do.
Rev. S. Organe.....	Bible Society	Do.	Do.	15th Dec. 1876	Do.	Under Section 6.
" G. M. Cobban.....	Wesleyan Mission	Do.	Do.	22nd Aug. 1882	Do.	Do.
" James Coaling.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Under Section 9.
" G. Patterson.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Under Section 6.
" Balavendram Pyriam	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" J. R. Ellis.....	Do.	Do.	Act V of 1865	11th March 1873.	Do.	Under Section 9.
Deacon J. C. Cox.....	Free Communion Baptist Church	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Under Section 6.
" J. Ingram.....	Do.	Do.	Do.	25th Sept. 1883.	Do.	Under Section 9.
Rev. H. Jenoun.....	Dan. Ev. Luth. Mission.	Do.	Do.	9th March 1876.	Do.	Under Sections 6 and 9.
" W. S. Sathianathan.....	Church Mission	Do.	Do.	8th May 1882	Do.	Do.
MADURAI.						
Rev. J. E. Chaudler.....	American Madura Mission.	Badakundu	Act V of 1865.	3rd April 1868.	Do.	Do.
" E. Chester, M.D.....	Do.	Dindigul	Do.	25th July 1865.	Do.	Do.
" J. T. Noyes.....	Do.	Periyakulam	Do.	3rd April 1868.	Do.	Do.
" G. T. Washburn.....	Do.	Pasumalai	Do.	25th July 1865	Do.	Do.
Catechist V. Solomon.....	Do.	Mandapasaiah	Act XV of 1872.	10th April 1885.	Do.	Do.
" Y. Yesedian.....	Do.	Parlacheri	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" Visuvanum Swa-miadiyan.	S. P. G. Mission	Malakidaram, Rannad.	Do.	7th April 1880.	Do.	Do.

Rev. C. Williams.....	American Madura Mission.	Periyakulam.	Act V of 1865.	8th Aug. 1865	Do.	Do.
" E. Seymour.....	Do.	Kombai	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" A. Savarimuthu.....	Do.	Dindigul	Do.	25th July 1865	Do.	Do.
" D. Christian.....	Do.	East Karisakulam	Do.	3rd April 1868	Do.	Do.
" Vethaayagan.....	Do.	Tirupavanam.	Do.	15th Aug. 1865	Do.	Do.
" M. Eames.....	Do.	West Karisakulam	Do.	3rd Apr. 1868.	Do.	Do.
" M. Thomas.....	Do.	Sevalpatti	Act XV of 1872.	11th Mar. 1873	Do.	Do.
" S. Isaac.....	Do.	Cumbum	Do.	11th March 1873	Do.	Do.
" A. Clark.....	Do.	Pukailpatti	Do.	15th Sep. 1871	Do.	Do.
" J. Colton.....	Do.	Dindigul	Do.	1884	Do.	Do.
" W. A. Buckingham.....	Do.	Pasumalai	Do.	11th Mar. 1883.	Do.	Do.
" S. Mathuramayagam.....	Do.	Madura	Do.	20th June 1876	Do.	Do.
Catechist H. Arms.....	Do.	Pasumalai	Act V of 1865	12th Dec. 1871.	Do.	Do.
Rev. D. Vethamuthu.....	Do.	Panampatti	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" A. H. Burnell.....	Do.	Palai	Act XV of 1872.	17th March 1868	Do.	Do.
" Samuel Nallathambi.....	Do.	Mana Madura.	Do.	20th Aug. 1883.	Do.	Do.
" J. E. Tracy.....	Do.	Bodinyakatur.	Do.	4th Sept. 1883.	Do.	Do.
" M. Davasakayan.....	Do.	Tirunangalam	Do.	19th July 1872.	Do.	Do.
" J. T. Perkins.....	Do.	Ponampatti	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" A. David.....	Do.	Kodaikanal	Do.	3rd Aug. 1886	Do.	Do.
" S. Peter Horbery.....	Do.	Palai	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" J. P. Jones.....	Evangelical Lutheran Church Mission.	Panampatti	Do.	31st Oct. 1885	Do.	Do.
" G. H. Gutterson.....	Do.	Madura	Do.	20th Nov. 1879.	Do.	Do.
Catechist Peter.....	Do.	Melur	Do.	16th July 1881.	Do.	Do.
" T. Loomis.....	Do.	Tirunangalam	Do.	11th March 1873.	Do.	Do.
" R. Santhappan.....	Do.	Madura	Act V of 1865.	March 1868	Do.	Do.
" Gnanathikam.....	Do.	Mana Madura.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
" Pichaimutu.....	Do.	Sivaganga	Do.	5th Dec. 1865.	Do.	Do.
" Tirunangalam	Do.	Tirunangalam	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.

List of Persons licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—continued.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
MADURA—continued.						
Catechist Gnanarathnam.	Evangelical Lutheran Church Mission.	Tirunagalam.	Act V of 1865.	12th Dec. 1865.	...	...
A. Perunal.	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	9th Oct. 1880.	...	...
P. Shadrach.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Rev. C. J. Sandegren.	Leip. Evan. Luth. Missn.	Pannapatti.	Act V of 1865.	18th Jan. 1870.	...	...
V. M. Anthoni Pillai.	Do.	Perayur.	Act XV of 1872.	19th Nov. 1884.	...	...
S. Taylor.	American Madura Missn.	Arupukotai.	Do.	4th June 1884.	...	...
Catechist A. Pelmintu.	Do.	Tirunagalam.	Do.	15th July 1884.	...	...
Michael John.	S.P.G. Mission.	Virumbal.	Do.	24th July 1882.	...	...
Samuel Vedamuthu.	Do.	Kilangiri.	Do.	Do.	...	...
MALABAR.						
Rev. S. Walter.	Basel Ger. Evan. Mission.	Vaniamkulam.	Act V of 1865.	1st May 1886.	...	Under Section 8.
J. Lauffer.	Do.	Cannanore (Chowra).	Do.	17th Jan. 1871.	...	Do.
G. Wagner.	Do.	Chombala.	Act XV of 1872.	13th Jan. 1871.	Temporarily.	Under Section 6.
A. Ruband.	Do.	Palghat.	Do.	18th Aug. 1877.	Temporarily.	Do.
J. Frohneymeyer.	Do.	Tellicherry.	Do.	26th Nov. 1878.	...	Do.
W. Schmolek.	Do.	Codacall.	Do.	18th June 1880.	...	Do.
G. Kuchinle.	Do.	Chombala.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
J. Jans.	Do.	Palghat.	Do.	9th Feb. 1881.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
W. Dilger.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
H. Buchmann.	Do.	Calicut.	Do.	21st May 1881.	...	Do.
F. Matthissen.	Do.	Cannanore.	Do.	9th Feb. 1881.	...	Do.
L. Weismann.	Do.	Tellicherry.	Act V of 1865.	13th July 1869.	...	Under Section 47.
Paul Chaudran.	Do.	Quilandy.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
Joseph Jacob.	Do.	Tellicherry.	Act XV of 1872.	5th Nov. 1884.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
K. Schaal.	Do.	Codacall.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
K. Hole.	Do.	Calicut Town.	Do.	8th June 1885.	...	Under Section 6.
J. Padith.	Do.	Calicut.	Do.	18th Aug. 1877.	...	Do.
E. Liabendorfer.	Do.	Do.	Do.	20th Oct. 1885.	...	Under Sections 6 and 9.
Gutur Peter.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...	...

Theophil Strobel.	Do.	Tellicherry.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
J. Ostermeyer.	Do.	Cannanore.	Do.	3rd Dec. 1886.	...	Do.
Stephen Chaudran.	Do.	Tellicherry.	Do.	13th Jan. 1887.	...	Under Section 9.
C. Hutton.	Do.	Cannanore.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
D. Telkandy.	Do.	Codacall.	Do.	Do.	...	Do.
NELLOR.						
Rev. D. Downie, D.D.	American Baptist Telugu Mission.	Nellore.	Act XV of 1872.	27th Jan. 1874.	...	...
J. E. Clough, D.D.	Do.	Ongole.	Act V of 1865.	In 1865.	...	...
J. F. Burditt, M.A.	Do.	Udayagiri.	Act XV of 1872.	31st May 1882.	...	...
R. R. Williams.	Do.	Ranapattan.	Do.	28th Oct. 1878.	...	...
W. R. Manley.	Do.	Ongole.	Do.	In July 1883.	...	...
Mr. J. Kieran.	Do.	Do.	Do.	13th Apr. 1880.	...	...
Rev. A. Nylius.	Hermannsburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Nayudupet.	Acts XV of 1862 and XV of 1876.	10th Oct. 1878.	...	...
C. Sariba.	Do.	Kalastry.	Act V of 1865.	5th Aug. 1868.	...	...
J. Wovvlein.	Do.	Kodur.	Do.	25th Aug. 1868.	...	...
P. Peterson.	Do.	Tirupati.	Act XV of 1872.	24th Aug. 1877.	...	...
E. Kohlmeier.	Do.	Vakadu.	Acts XV of 1872 and XV of 1876.	20th Dec. 1880.	...	...
W. Kottie.	Do.	Sooloorpett.	Do.	Do.	...	...
H. Litchow.	Do.	Venkatagiri.	Act XV of 1872.	26th Dec. 1880.	...	...
H. Ramme.	Do.	Gudur.	Do.	In 1882.	...	...
Yeriguntloo Periah.	American Baptist Telugu Mission.	Talakondapad.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Kola Pedthaliah.	Do.	Derichenta.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Tulluan Daniel.	Do.	Dontelnir.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Gundan Pedthaliah.	Do.	Kumbaladimmy.	Do.	In 1883.	...	...
Sifran Solomon.	Do.	Darsi.	Do.	In 1882.	...	...
T. Peterson.	Hermannsburg Evangelical Lutheran Mission.	Nayudupet.	Act V of 1865.	7th Dec. 1886 & 11th Aug. 1886.	...	...
H. Harms.	Do.	Tirupati.	Acts XV of 1876 and XV of 1872.	13th Mar. 1883.	...	...
H. Kruger.	Do.	Rapur.	Do.	In 1886.	...	...
V. Yohon.	American Baptist Telugu Mission.	Ranapattan.	Act XV of 1872.	Do.	...	...
K. Kelly.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
R. Yakoba.	Do.	Eadamoodu.	Do.	Do.	...	...
P. Kuniah.	Do.	Nagulapallipad.	Do.	Do.	...	...
U. Papiiah.	Do.	Addanki.	Do.	Do.	...	...

List of Persons licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—continued.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
NELLORE—continued.						
Rev. C. Yellamanda	American Baptist Telugu Mission.	Chinnakooty.	Act XV of 1872.	In 1886	...	...
" Y. Ramiah	Do.	Rajapalem	Do.	Do.	...	...
" G. Ramiah	Do.	Petloor	Do.	Do.	...	...
" P. Pixley	Do.	Nayudupet	Do.	Do.	...	...
" G. Yerriah	Do.	Kotlapally	Do.	Do.	...	...
" N. Unkiah	Do.	Pydapad	Do.	Do.	...	...
" M. Kneben	Do.	Kattia Singari palem.	Do.	Do.	...	...
NILGIRIS.						
Rev. Jacob Samuel	Wesleyan Mission	Ootacamund	Act XV of 1872.	28th Feb. 1881.	...	...
" W. Sikenier	Basel German Evangelical Mission.	Kotugiri	Do.	13th Jan. 1884.	...	...
" J. Gillings	Wesleyan Mission	Coonoor	Act V of 1865	10th Dec. 1871.	...	Under Section 47, Part V; also Do.
" S. Evans	London Baptist Mission.	Ootacamund	Act XV of 1872.	25th Jan. 1886.	...	8,
" Jacob Kanaka	Basel German Evangelical Mission.	Coonoor	Do.	7th Sept. 1887.	...	...
SALEM.						
Rev. Charles Muthu (Native Minister.	London Mission	Salem	Act XV of 1872.	22nd Mar. 1878.	...	...
" William Robinson	Do.	Tirupatur	Do.	30th May 1879.	...	...
" Christian Koefoed	Danish Mission	Yerand	Do.	12th Mar. 1884.	...	...
" A. A. Dignum	London Mission	Salem	Do.	17th July 1883.	...	...
TANJORE						
Rev. J. P. Nicholson	Wesleyan Mission	Mannargudi	Act XV of 1872.	20th Mar. 1876	...	...
" W. H. Findlay, M.A.	Do.	Negapatam	Do.	18th May 1885	...	...
" Abraham Wesley Samuel.	Do.	Do.	Do.	13th Aug. 1885	...	...
" J. M. Thompson	Do.	Do.	Do.	1st Dec. 1879	Temporarily	Absent in England.
" E. Schaefer	Leip. Evan. Luth. Missn.	Tranquebar	Act V of 1865	26th Sept. 1863.	...	...
" H. Waneske	Do.	Kumbakonam	Do.	17th Mar. 1868.	...	...
TINNEVELLY.						
M. Pakiam	Do.	Shiyali	Do.	Do.	...	...
H. Reisenherz	Do.	Poreyar	Do.	16th April 1872.	...	...
K. Hildefeld	Do.	Do.	Act XV of 1872.	21st Aug. 1874.	Temporarily	In Europe.
D. Ponnappen	Do.	Manchmedu	Do.	Do.	...	...
J. D. David	Do.	Negapatam	Do.	2nd July 1877	...	...
T. Paister	Do.	Tanjore	Do.	11th Aug. 1876.	...	...
K. Devasagayam	Do.	Anickadu	Do.	17th May 1879.	...	...
N. Samuel	Do.	Tranquebar	Do.	Do.	...	...
K. Pamperian	Do.	Poreyar	Do.	21st Aug. 1880.	...	...
N. Devasagayam	Do.	Mayavaram	Do.	7th April 1884.	...	...
Gambhishaiyam	Do.	Poreyar	Do.	26th July 1876	...	...
G. Goettsching	Do.	Kumbakonam	Do.	13th July 1886	...	...
E. Winkel	Do.	Mayavaram	Do.	Do.	...	...
F. W. Gostich	Wesleyan Mission	Mannargudi	Do.	29th June	...	Transferred from Karur.
P. Horbery	Leip. Evan. Luth. Missn.	Tranquebar	Do.	31st Oct. 1885	Do.	from Madura.
TINNEVELLY.						
Catechist Moses	Church Mission	Pannivilai	Act V of 1865	21st Sept. 1871.	...	...
" Sarguam	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
" Royappen	Do.	Surandai	Act XV of 1872.	27th June 1873.	...	...
Pannamuntham	Do.	Seval	Act V of 1865.	22nd Oct. 1867.	...	...
Catechist Gurnathan	Do.	Suvelslapuram.	Do.	20th Oct. 1868.	...	...
Swamidian	Do.	Nallar	Act XV of 1872.	11th July 1873.	...	...
Tharmakan	Do.	Megannapuram.	Do.	25th Aug. 1877.	...	...
Inspecting Schoolmaster	Do.	Pannikulam	Do.	15th Oct. 1886.	...	...
Inspecting Schoolmaster	Do.	Palancttal	Do.	16th Nov. 1883.	...	...
Daniel Devanayagam	S. P. G. Mission	Savayapuram.	Act V of 1865.	24th July 1866.	Temporarily	...
Michael Savariamuthu	Do.	Kallatur	Act XV of 1872.	15th Sept. 1876.	...	...
Catechist D. Vedakan	Do.	Pudukota	Do.	25th Nov. 1880.	...	...
" Yesadian	Do.	Radhapuram	Do.	Do.	...	...
" V. Arunanyagam	Do.	Madalur	Do.	Do.	...	...
" Aseervadam	Do.	Christianagaram.	Do.	Do.	...	...
" P. Darnakan	Do.	Christiampettah, Vartimayiruppu.	Do.	Do.	...	...
" David Joseph	Do.	Do.	Act V of 1865.	17th March 1868.	...	...
" David Yesadian	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
Rev. J. C. P. Arulappen	Strict Baptist Mission	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...

List of Persons licensed under "The Indian Christian Marriage Act"—concluded.

Names.	Of what Mission.	Residence.	Acts under which licensed.	Date.	Absent Permanently or Temporarily.	Remarks.
Tinnevely—continued.						
Rev. W. A. H. Doll	Strict Baptist Mission	Koilputti	Act XV of 1872.	21st Nov. 1881	...	...
Inspecting Schoolmaster	Church Mission	Vagickulam	Do.	29th Nov. 1881	...	...
Daniel Ragaviah.						
TRAVANCORE.						
Rev. J. Duthie.	London Mission	Nagercoil	Act XV of 1872.	28th Jan. 1879.	...	...
" V. Solomon	Do.	Agustupuram	Do.	19th June 1877.	...	...
TRICHINOPOLY.						
Rev. E. P. Blackburn	Wesleyan Mission	Trichinopoly.	Act XV of 1872.	10th May 1887.	...	...
" R. S. Boulter	Do.	Do.	Do.	28th March 1876.	...	...
" A. Gehring.	Leip. Evan. Luth. Missn.	Do.	Do.	17th May 1879.	...	...
" W. Christian	Do.	Metupatti	Act V of 1865	17th March 1868	...	...
" E. K. Dacliset	Do.	Pudukota	Act XV of 1872.	4th Nov. 1886	...	...
" R. Aservatham	Wesleyan Mission	Trichinopoly.	Do.	10th May 1887.	...	...
VIZAGAPATAM.						
Rev. P. Jagannathan.	London Mission	Vizagapatam	Act V of 1865.	17th April 1866.	...	...
" H. J. Goffin	Do.	Vizianagrum.	Do.	12th June 1878.	...	...
" G. H. McFarlane	Do.	Do.	Do.	6th May 1882	...	...
" M. Thonnas	Do.	Vizagapatam.	Act XV of 1872	12th July 1882.	...	...
" R. Sanford	Canadian Bapt. Mission.	Bimlipatam.	Act V of 1865.	22nd Nov. 1875.	...	...
" J. C. Archibald	Baptist Mission of the Maritime Provinces of Canada.	Dobbili	Act XV of 1872.	29th Jan. 1881.	...	...
" G. Churchill	Do.	Do.	Do.	13th March 1882.	...	...
" E. LeMere	London Mission	Vizagapatam	Do.	27th Mar. 1880.	...	...
" F. G. Pope	Schleswig-Holstein-Evan-gelical Luth. Mission.	Salur	Do.	13th Jan. 1885	...	...
" H. H. Bodemann	Do.	Do.	Do.	1st Aug. 1885.	...	...
" A. M. J. Reimers	Do.	Korapat	Do.	16th Jan. 1885.	...	...
" E. G. Pohl	Do.	Salur	Do.	Do.	...	...
" J. Timm	Do.	Kotpad	Do.	Do.	...	...
" J. T. Timmoke	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.	...	...
" L. P. M. Harless	Do.	Korapat	Do.	8th March 1887.	...	...

SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS.

CHARTERED A. D. 1701.—Extended its operations to Madras 1826.

MADRAS DIOCESAN COMMITTEE.—President, The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop; Vice-Presidents, Right Reverend Bishop Caldwell, The Venerable the Archdeacon.

W. Donald, Esq., The Honorable P. P. Hutchins, C.S., Rev. W. W. Elwes, M.A., Surgeon-Major A. M. Branfoot, M.B., Surgeon-Major E. F. Drake-Brockman, F.R.C.S., Rev. J. W. Foley, M.A., C. P. Phippe, Esq., Rev. A. C. Taylor, M.A.

Rev. W. Relton, M.A., Secretary.

Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., Treasurers.

List of Clergymen in connection with the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts in the Diocese of Madras.

Names.	Missions.	Post Town.
Right Rev. Bishop R. Caldwell, D.D., LL.D.	Tuticorin	Tuticorin
Rev. D. Samuel, B.D.	Do	Do
" S. Gnanamuthu, M.A.	Edeyangudy	Edeyangudy
" D. Pakkyam	Do	Do
" G. Yesadian	Do	Do
" D. G. David	Do	Do
" S. Asirvatham	Do	Do
" N. Manuel	Do	Do
" S. Daniel	Do	Do
" P. Isaac	Radhapuram	Radhapuram
" J. Joseph	Do	Do
" A. Margoschis	Nazareth	Nazareth
" M. Yesadian	Do	Do
" A. Pichamuthu	Do	Do
" V. Abraham	Do	Do
" G. Parenjothy	Do	Do
" S. Devasahayagam	Mudalur	Mudalur
" M. Gnanakan	Christianagram	Christianagram
" G. Eleazer	Do	Do
" J. A. Sharrock, B.A.	Sawyerpuram	Tuticorin
" P. Solomon	Do	Sawyerpuram
" D. Joseph	Pudukottai	Pudukottai
" J. Gnanoolivoo	Puthiamputhur	Puthiamputhur
" Devapiriam	Do	Do
" D. Vedamuthu	Nagalapuram	Nagalapuram
" V. Samuel	Do	Do
" G. Swamiadian	Do	Do
" S. S. Daniel	Mela Seitheili	Tinnevely
" D. Sunthosham	Eral	Do
" S. Suvisashamuthu	Odaiputti Puttur	Do
" A. B. Vickers	Ramnad	Oon furlough
" P. Gnanayutham	Do	Ramnad.
" V. Samuel	Paramagudy	Do
" D. Gnanapragasam	Rajasingamangalam	Do
" D. S. Bakkyanathan	Keelakarai	Do
" J. L. Wyatt	Trichinopoly	On furlough
" H. A. Williams, M.A.	Acting	Do
" V. Gnanamuthu	Do	Trichinopoly
" A. Gnanapragasam	Do	Do
" A. Swamidasan	Erungalur	Erungalur
" I. Ignatius	Do	Do
" V. Yesadian	Ariyalur	Ariyalur
" J. Jesudason	Do	Do
" A. Vethakkan	Salem	Salem
" W. H. Blake, B.A.	Tanjore	Tanjore
" N. Gnanapragasam, B.A.	Do	Do
" G. Abraham	Do	Do
" J. Visuvasam	Vediarapuram	Vediarapuram
" A. Manuel	Combaconum	Combaconum
" S. Yesadian	Canangadudy and Anacadu	Tanjore
" S. Cornelius	Do	Do
" T. E. Darvall	Negapatam	Negapatam
" I. Gnanoolivoo	Do	Do

List of Clergymen in connection with the Incorporated Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts in the Diocese of Madras—continued.

Names.	Missions.	Post Town.
Rev. G. Lazarus	Nangoor	Shealli
" R. D. Shepherd	Mutyalapad	Via Chagalmurri
" A. Inman	Kalsapad	Cuddapah District.
" A. Britten, B.A.	Kurnool Nandial	Nandial
" V. David	Secunderabad	Secunderabad (D.)
" T. Adamson	Bangalore	Bangalore
" S. Pakkianathan	Cuddalore	Cuddalore
" S. Theophilus	St. Thomé	Madras
" D. Vedanayagam	St. John's	Egmore, Madras.
" S. G. Yesadian	St. Paul's	Vepery, do
" A. Sebastian	Bellary	Bellary
" A. Westcott, M.A.	Theological College	Sullivan's Gardens
PENSIONED MISSIONARIES.		
Rev. A. F. Cammerer	Tranquebar	Tranquebar
" J. Guest	Poonamallee	Poonamallee
" T. P. Adolphus	Trichinopoly	Trichinopoly
" D. Adeikem	Tanjore	Tanjore
" J. Eleazar	Egmore	Madras
" A. Taylor	Dindigul	Dindigul

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY

Founded, 1798; Extended its operation to the Madras Presidency, 1814.

SOUTH INDIAN MISSION.

MADRAS CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE.—The Lord Bishop of Madras, *President*.

The Ven'ble Archdeacon Browne, B.D., The Hon'ble C. G. Master, C.S.I., H. S. Thomas, Esq., The Hon'ble Colonel J. O. Hasted, the Rev. S. Morley, and the Rev. W. Weston Elwes, M.A.

Secretary.—Rev. E. Sell, B.D.

List of English Clergymen connected with the Society.

NAMES.	Date of commencement of Service.	ADDRESS.
<i>Madras.</i>		
Rev. E. Sell, B.D.	1865	Church Mission House.
" M. G. Goldsmith, B.A.	1872	Harris School, Triplicane.
" H. D. Goldsmith ...	1879	Do. do.
<i>Tinnevely.</i>		
Right Rev. Bishop Sargeant, B.D.	1842	Palamcottah.
Rev. T. Kemper ...	1865	Do.
" V. W. Harcourt ...	1867	Do.
" H. J. Schaffter, B.A.	1877	Tinnevely College.
" T. Walker, M.A.	1885	Palamcottah.
" E. S. Carr, B.A.	1887	Do.
" A. K. Finnimore ...	1885	Sachiapuram via Satur.
<i>Kistna and Godavari.</i>		
Rev. F. W. N. Alexander, M.A.	1857	Ellore.
" J. Cain, M.R.A.S.	1869	Dummagudiem, Upper Godavari.
" L. W. Jackson, B.A.	1887	Do. do.
" J. Stone ...	1869	Masulipatam.
" W. G. Peel ...	1880	Do.
" M. N. S. Atkinson ...	1883	Do.
" J. B. Panes ...	1883	Raghapuram, Nundigamnah.
" A. W. Clarke, B.A.	1886	Masulipatam.
" H. J. Tanner, B.A.	1887	Do.
" E. T. Pegg ...	1886	Do.
" H. W. Eales ...	1878	Do.

List of English Clergymen connected with the Society—concluded.

NAMES.	Date of commencement of Service.	ADDRESS.
<i>At Home.</i>		
Rev. J. Harrison ...	1867	Telugu Mission.
" J. E. Padfield, B.D.	1868	Do. do.

List of Native Clergymen connected with the Society.

NAMES.	Date of Ordination.	Pastorate.	Post Towns.
<i>Madras.</i>			
Rev. W. T. Sathianadhan, B.D.	1859	Southern Pastorate	Madras.
" John Kolhoff ...	1882	Northern do.	Do.
" Samuel John ...	1880	Educated Hindoos	Madras.
" M. Nullathumby ...	1882	Local Mission	Ootacamund.
" D. A. Peter ...	1885	Poonamallee.	Poonamallee.
<i>Tinnevely.</i>			
Rev. Jesudasan John ...	1847	Palamcottah.	Palamcottah.
" D. Gnanamuttu ...	...	Koviluttu	Kadayam.
" M. Savariroyen ...	1851	Nallammalpuram	Edeiyengudy.
" M. Devaprasadham ...	...	Pannikulam	Kadamboor.
" Isaac Abraham ...	1859	Panneivilei	Savayerpuram.
" P. Arumanayagam ...	...	Asirvadhapuram	Sattankulam.
" J. Nallathambi ...	...	Achampatti	Kytair.
" D. Devaprasadham ...	1865	Strivilliputhur	Strivilliputhur.
" Anthony James ...	1866	Ukkirankotei	Manoor.
" V. Simeon ...	...	Nalloor	Alankulam.
" Isaac Samuel ...	1869	Anukragapuram	Sattankulam.
" Joseph David ...	...	Mengnanapuram	Mengnanapuram.
" T. Vedhanayagam ...	...	Vellalanvilei	Do.
" A. Gnanamuttu ...	...	Attoor	Alvartirunagari.
" D. Stephen ...	...	Sattankulam	Sattankulam.
" D. Perinbam ...	...	Sathianagarum	Do.
" R. Hopper ...	...	Anbenagarum	Do.
" J. Simeon ...	...	Thiruvarangapatti	Striviguntam.
" D. Rasenthiram ...	...	Mannarianthattu	Savayerpuram.
" A. Rasenthiram ...	...	Kangaroyakuritchi.	Striviguntam.
" L. Simeon ...	1870	Sinnamalpuram	Valliyoor.
" Samuel Abraham ...	...	Paneiadipatti	Elairampannei.
" S. Swamidasan ...	...	Surandai	Surandai.
" G. Yesudian ...	1873	Sivalasamuthiram	Pappakudy.
" G. Surkunen ...	...	Kylasapuram	Otapidarani.
" S. Nallathambi ...	1874	Maruthakulam	Nanguneri.
" S. Masillamani ...	...	Edeyenkulam	Kalacaud.
" P. Samuel ...	...	Suvishapuram	Suvishapuram.
" A. Asirvadum ...	...	Ambasandram	Palamcottah.
" S. Asirvatham ...	1876	Meenachinathapuram	Suvishapuram.
" S. Masillamani ...	...	Tharmanagarum	Mengnanapuram.
" D. Arulanathan ...	...	Piragasapuram	Nazareth.
" G. Arumeinayagam ...	...	Areikulam	Malapalayam.
" D. Vedhanayagam ...	...	(Retired).	Tuticorin.
" S. Vedakan ...	...	Madathupatti	Palamcottah.
" J. Sebaguanah ...	...	Manarkadu	Do.
" V. Tharmakan ...	...	Pulavanur	Kadayam.
" P. David ...	...	Dohnavur	Tirukarengoody.
" S. Sandhosam ...	...	Puliangudy	Vasuthanellloor.
" V. Gnanamuttu ...	...	Nedunkulam	Sattankulam.
" V. Abraham ...	...	Perpulankulam	Panagudy.
" Isaac Gurubadham ...	1878	Dom. Chap. to Bp. Sargent	Palamcottah.
" Thomas Hastings ...	...	Nanjankulam	Manoor.
" Muttusami Devaprasadham ...	...	Alvaneri	Palamcottah.
" Manuel Henry Cooksley ...	...	Medical Pastor	Mengnanapuram.

List of Native Clergymen connected with the Society—concluded.

NAMES.	Date of Ordination.	Pastorate.	Post Towns.
<i>Tinnerelly—concluded.</i>			
Rev. John Pakkianadham ...	1878	Arumuganeri	Kallipatanam.
" Pakianadham J. Harris ...	"	Nalumavadi	Nazareth.
" Tucker Yesadian ...	"	Kuppipuram	Do.
" P. Gnanayutham ...	1879	Zion Hill	Valliyoor.
" S. Perupettan ...	1891	Kodenkulam	Nanguneri.
" E. Aservadham ...	"	Kadachaputram	Sattankulam.
" S. Sathianadham ...	"	Nallur	Edeiyengudi.
" A. Gurubadham ...	"	Virdupatti	Virdupatti.
" J. Arulanandham ...	"	Pottalpatti	Sivagiri.
" J. Selvanayagum ...	"	Sankaranayanarkovil	Sankaranainarkoil.
" Joshua Paul ...	1883	Anandhapuram	Sattankulam.
" V. Surgunam ...	"	Tureiyoor	Ettiyapuram.
" A. Saveniuttu ...	"	Kallattikinaru	Maniyachi.
" J. Nullathumby ...	"	Kattarakulam	Kayalar.
" V. Y. Pakianathien ...	1885	Eral	Sawyerpuram.
" A. Arulanandham Carr ...	"	Achampatti	Kayataur.
" S. David ...	"	Sivagasi	Sivagasi.
" S. Paul ...	1874	Itinerating Mission	Do.
<i>Krishna and Godavari.</i>			
Rev. G. Krishnayya ...	1871	A. V. School	Ellore.
" J. Venkatarama Razu ...	1872	Dummagadim	Upper Godavari.
" Samuel Vores ...	1880	Polsanpully	Nuzvid.
" M. David ...	1884	Masulipatam	Masulipatam.
" T. Ephraim ...	1874	Do.	Do.
" K. Peter ...	1884	Ellore	Ellore.
" A. Subbaroyudu ...	"	Masulipatam	Masulipatam.

STATISTICS FOR 1886-87.

1.—PARENT SOCIETY.

Stations 280; European Ordained Missionaries 217; European Lay (Male and Female) Missionaries 62; Native Clergymen 255; Native Christians and Country-born Lay Teachers 3,505; Communicants 44,115; Native Christians, including candidates for Baptism and their children, 182,382; Scholars about 71,814.

2.—SOUTH INDIA MISSION.

European Missionaries 22; (of whom 2 are at Home, on leave); Native Ministers 85; Catechists and Readers 254; School Teachers 736; Villages containing Christians 1,235; Communicants 14,193; Baptized 53,554; Adherents 13,146.

DIOCESE OF TRAVANCORE AND COCHIN.

FINANCIAL COMMITTEE.—The Hon'ble C. G. Master, C.S., H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S., Rev. E. Sell, D.D.—Secretary.

List of English Clergymen connected with the Society.

NAMES.	Date of commencement of Service.	ADDRESS.
<i>Travancore.</i>		
The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Travancore and Cochin ...	1860	Pallam, Alleppe.
The Ven'ble Archdeacon J. Caley ...	1871	Kottayam.
Rev. W. J. Richards ...	1871	Alleppe.
" A. F. Painter ...	1877	Kottayam.
" C. A. Neve ...	1879	Do.
" C. E. R. Romilly ...	1887	Do.
<i>At Home.</i>		
Rev. F. Bower ...	1867	
" J. H. Bishop ...	1867	

List of Native Clergymen connected with the Society.

NAMES.	Date of Ordination.	Pastorate.	Post Towns.
<i>Travancore.</i>			
The Ven'ble Archdeacon Koshi Koshi ...	1856	Cottayam	Kottayam.
Rev. Oomen Mamen ...	"	Mavelikara	Kayenkolum.
" Jacob Tharian ...	"	Retired	Do.
" G. Curean ...	"	Do.	Kottayam.
" K. Kuruwella ...	1860	Cochin	Cochin.
" Kithi Jaako ...	1863	Chunganasheri	Kottayam.
" K. Koratha ...	1868	Thallawadie	Kottayam.
" M. Wirghese ...	"	Kunnankulam	Chowghat.
" Cherian Itti ...	"	Koduwalanyi	Kottayam.
" A. J. Jacob ...	1871	Kanneet	Kayenkolum.
" C. Thomas ...	1872	Clesha	Kottayam.
" P. Joseph ...	"	Kandanad	Ernacolum.
" P. M. Curien ...	"	Mallappalli	Kottayam.
" J. Chandy ...	1875	Pallam	Do.
" E. V. John ...	1879	Puthupalli	Kayenkolum.
" W. C. Kuruvila ...	1882	Melkavu	Kottayam.
" T. K. Joseph ...	1886	Elanteer	Kayenkolum.

STATISTICS FOR 1886-87.

European Ordained Missionaries 7 (of whom 2 are at Home on leave); Native Clergymen 17; Catechists and Readers 65; School Teachers 140; Villages containing Christians 243; Communicants 5,511; Baptized 18,482; Adherents 1,262; Schools 131; Pupils 3,837.

COLONIAL AND CONTINENTAL CHURCH SOCIETY.

Established 1846.

PATRON.—Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

VICE-PATRONS.—His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, His Grace the Archbishop of York, His Grace the Archbishop of Dublin and His Grace the Archbishop of Armagh.

PRESIDENT.—Vacant, *pro tem.*

MADRAS CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE.

President.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop, D.D.

Vice-President.—The Venerable Archdeacon J. F. Browne, D.D.

Members.—H. S. Thomas, Esq.; Rev. E. Sell, D.D., Rev. W. W. Elwes, M.A., Rev. C. H. Pelly, M.A., Rev. R. B. Feast, Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, D.A., Major A. Clark-Kennedy and R. Franck, Esq.

Secretary.—Rev. R. B. Feast.

Treasurers.—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.

The object of this Society is to assist the residents at the smaller stations, which are unprovided with the services of a Government Chaplain, in obtaining the privilege of the regular ministrations amongst them of a Clergyman of the Church of England.

THE ADDITIONAL CLERGY FUND.

COMMITTEE.

The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop, President. The Venerable the Archdeacon, Vice-President. Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins; Hon'ble W. S. Whiteside; W. Donald, Esq.; E. S. Laffan, Esq., Rev. R. P. Burnett, M.A., Hon'g. Secretary.

The Fund was established in the year 1873 for providing additional Clergymen for the English speaking part of the population.

At the present time the Fund maintains Clergymen in the Wynad, at Madura and at Nellore. With the exception of a subsidy of Rs. 100 a month from Government for each Clergyman actually at work, it depends entirely upon voluntary contributions.

SOCIETY FOR PROMOTING CHRISTIAN KNOWLEDGE.

PARENT SOCIETY FOUNDED 1698.

MADRAS DIOCESAN COMMITTEE, ESTABLISHED 1815.

The Society is the Bible and Prayer Book Society of the Church.—It has circulated during the past year 604,378 of these books or portions, in more than seventy-five languages. A large number of them being given away or sold below cost price. It produces and circulates works, by able writers, on science, history and general literature, including fiction of pure and elevated character, in thorough keeping with the principles of the Church of England: It assists in the maintenance of Bishops and Clergy for the Colonial and Missionary Dioceses by contributing to permanent endowment funds, and in the training of candidates for Holy Orders. Several of the native students at the Theological College, Sullivan's Gardens, Madras, are thus supported by a grant from the Parent Society.

President.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, *Ex-officio*.

Vice-President.—The Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras.

SELECT COMMITTEE.

Brantfoot, Dr. A. M.
Branson, Esq., R.
Elwes, Rev. W. W., M.A.
Hill, Esq., R.
Phipps, Esq., C. E.

Relton, Rev. W., M.A.
Scharlieb, Esq., W. M.
Sell, Rev. E., B.D.
Taylor, Rev. A. C., M.A.
Whiteside, Hon'ble W. S.

Secretary.—Rev. T. J. Smith.

Treasurers.—Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.

SUB-COMMITTEES FOR VERNACULAR PUBLICATION.

Tamil.—Rev. V. W. Harcourt, Rev. J. L. Wyatt, Rev. D. Samuel and Rev. S. John.

Telugu.—Rev. J. E. Padfield, Rev. J. Cain and Rev. A. Inman.

The following are the objects of the Madras Diocesan Committee.

1. To circulate at very low rates, the Bible, the Book of Common Prayer, Religious Books and Tracts, and Works of Pure Literature.
2. To supply Mission and other charitable schools with Maps and Apparatus at cost prices.
3. To promote the translation of the Prayer Book and Religious and Educational Works into the Vernaculars of South India.
4. To aid in forming Libraries for Barracks, Hospitals, Schools and Missions.
5. To assist in Church and School Building.
6. To aid Christian Education generally, but especially *Native Female Education*, and the training of Native Christians as Catechists and Missionaries.

In pursuit of the above objects the Society has, during 189 years, originated or supported a variety of agencies in this country of the greatest importance to the progress of Christianity.

Subscriptions, Donations, Church collections, and Legacies are earnestly sought, that the Society may be able to increase its activity in proportion to the growing wants of the Church.

Secunderabad Branch, 33, Oxford Street.

Depository and Press, Church Road, Vepery.

All communications should be addressed to the Secretary, S. P. C. K., Vepery, Madras.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND ZENANA MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

(In connection with the Church Missionary Society.)

This Society carries on Mission work in Calcutta, the North-West Provinces, the Punjab and in the Madras Presidency. The North India Stations are:—Ootacamund, Masulipatam, Bezvada, Ellore, Jaggiupett, Kainiannett, Amalapur, Madras, North Tinnevely, Palamcottah, Trichur and Trevandrum.

Native ladies in about 500 Zenanas receive constant instruction.

President.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras.

Vice President.—The Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras.

Committee.—Miss Gell, Mrs. Brown, Mrs. Goldsmith, Mrs. Wedderburn, Mrs. Pelly, Mrs. Grose.

Secretary.—The Secretary of the Church Missionary Society.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Chaplains.	Ordain- ed.	Appoint- ed.	Arrived.	In the service of
Rev. James Jollie, The Senior Chaplain.	1874	1874	15th Oct. 1874.	Government.
" W. F. Archibald, Chaplain	1878	1878	.....	do.
" J. N. Ogilvie, M.A., Asst. Chaplain...	1885	1885	8th June 1885	do.
Do.	.....	.....	.....	do.
MISSIONARIES.				
" Henry Rice	.....	1880	}	Church of Scotland's Indian Mission Committee.
" D. Comarappen	1867	1865		
" W. Samuel	1870	1869		
PRINCIPAL OF THE INSTITUTION.				
David Sinclair, Esq., M.A.	.....	1869	}	Church of Scotland's Indian Mission Committee.
.....				
.....				
VELLORE.				
C. A. Paterson, Esq., LL.B.	.....	.....	.....	.....
Rev. William Harper, B.D., LL.B.	.....	.....	.....	.....

PLACES OF WORSHIP.

I.—MADRAS.—St. Andrew's Church, Poonamallee Road (opened 1821).

The Rev. James Jollie, Senior Chaplain.

(Vacant).....Joint do.

Times of Service, Sundays 7 A.M. & 6.30 P.M., 11 A.M. & 6 P.M.; Sunday School 5 P.M.

KIRK SESSION.

MODERATOR.

The Chaplain or each of two Chaplains, every alternate half-year.

ELDERS.

Dr. G. Bidie; M.D., C.I.E., D. Sinclair, Esq., M.A., W. Gordon, Esq., (Europe), W. Walker, Esq., Mr. J. Lionel.

Organist, Signor D. Aloisio; Session Clerk, Senior Chaplain's Clerk, and Church Clerk, Mr. R. H. Lee.

II.—BANGALORE.

Service in St. Andrew's Church, Sundays, 11 A.M. and 6 P.M., Thursdays, 6 P.M.

The Rev. James N. Ogilvie Chaplain.

Choir.—Mrs. Fletcher, Organist and Conductor.

Church Officer.—Mr. W. McKie.

III.—SECUNDERABAD.

Service Morning and Evening; The Rev. W. F. Archibald.

Fees fixed by Government for Sacred Offices.

Officiating Chaplain's fee for Marriage by License.....Rs. 60

Banns on three Sundays.....None.

Extract of Baptism, Marriage or Funeral.....Rs. 2

To avoid future possible difficulty in proving the actual performance of any Ecclesiastical ceremony, it would be advisable for parties concerned to invariably apply for an extract of Marriage, Baptism, or Burial, as the case may be, soon after the performance of the ceremony. (The fee for each extract is only 2 Rs.) On this subject the following question was recently submitted to Government:—"Section 62 of Act XV directs us to keep a register book 'of all marriages of which certificates are granted under Section 61,' whilst Section 61 directs us to grant a certificate 'on the application of either of the parties,' making the application for a certificate optional. The Rules for the submission to Government of the Returns of Marriages, &c., Fort St. George, March 14, 1874, on page 5, Section 11, also make the issuing of certificates optional, depending entirely on the demand of those married. Is it then, as the wording of Section 62 compared to Section 61 would make it appear, really optional whether all marriages solemnized under Part VI of Act XV are registered or not? Is it the real opinion of Government that marriages under Part VI for which no certificate has been demanded by the parties, shall also go without any registering?" The Advocate General has given the following opinion on the subject:—"It appears to have been the intention of the Legislature that the grant of a certificate of a marriage solemnized under Part VI should depend on the application of one of the parties, and the necessity for registration on the grant of a certificate. The provisions of this part of the Act are extremely lax, and were intended probably to meet the wants of a very humble class, whose practice as to marriage, it was not advisable to submit to severe scrutiny or rigid control. Persons celebrating such marriages would do well to point out to the parties concerned that, in the absence of the certificate and consequent registration, there may be difficulty hereafter in proving the marriage."

Fees for ground and monuments in Cemeteries.—See Proceedings of the Scotch Madras Government, Ecclesiastical Department, 17th July 1885, or information can be obtained by applying to the Session Clerk at Madras.

Parties desiring Baptism or Marriage should apply to the Chaplain, or to the Session Clerk, but all information will be given, with Forms of Declaration, &c., by the Session Clerk.

Registers of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials are kept, and Periodical Returns forwarded to Government, attested by the Senior Chaplain.

Under the sanction of the Honorable the Court of Directors of date 17th January 1844, the Chaplains may pay occasional visits to any Out-stations of the Presidency, where a large number of Presbyterians may be residing.

The regulations regarding the Rank, Furlough and Retiring Allowances, Leave of Absence, &c., are the same as those applicable to the Chaplains of the Church of England.

Presbytery of Madras.

Constituted by authority of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, February 1855.

Presbyters.—Revs. James Jollie, W. F. Archibald, J. N. Ogilvie, M.A., D. Coomarrappen and W. Samuel.

Lay Elders.—Elected half-yearly from each Kirk Session.

Moderator.—Each Clerical Member half-yearly in rotation.

Presbytery Clerk.—Reverend James Jollie of the Chaplain at Madras.

ST. ANDREW'S NATIVE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND MISSION.

(OPENED 1880) CHULAI, LUNGURPAPPAH STREET.

Pastor.—Rev. William Samuel; Mr. John Moses, Catechist.

Service.—Sundays, 8-30 A.M. and 4 P.M.; Sunday School 10 A.M.; Meeting in the Church, Tuesdays 6-30 P.M.

KIRK SESSION.

Rev. W. Harper, M.A., *Ex-officio*. | Rev. William Samuel, Moderator.

Mr. C. Aaron Elder | Mr. B. John Elder
" M. Lazarus Do. | " J. Michael Do.

Mr. A. Jacob Deacon.
Session Clerk—Mr. B. John.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND'S INDIAN MISSION.

Missionaries.—Rev. H. Rice, Rev. W. Harper, B.D. *Principal of College.*—D. Sinclair, Esq., M.A. *Native Ministers.*—Revs. D. Coomarrappen and W. Samuel.

I.—MADRAS.—*The College*, No. 3, North Beach, attended by 560 Hindu boys, 35 Mahomedans and 33 Native Christians. There is a Staff of 17 Teachers and 6 Pundits. *Native Church, Chulai*—Pastor, Rev. William Samuel. Congregation of all ages 315, Communicants 130.

II.—BRANCH STATIONS.—*Vellure.*—C. A. Paterson, Esq., M.A., LL.B. (on furlough); M.R. Ry. V. Samuel, B.A., (Acting). School attended by 350 boys, 18 Teachers. *Arconum*—Missionary, Rev. H. Rice; Native Minister, Rev. D. Coomarrappen; Boys' Schools attended by 300 pupils, Girls' School by 60. Branch Schools at Sholingur, Paruthiputhur and Nagavedu. Attendance—Boys 200, Girls 80.

MEMBERS OF THE CORRESPONDING BOARD.—Rev. James Jollie, Rev. J. N. Ogilvie, M.A., Rev. W. F. Archibald, J. L. Duffield, Esq., W. Walker, Esq., W. Gordon, Esq., J. H. Peebles, Esq., Rev. H. Rice, Rev. W. Samuel, C. A. Paterson, Esq., M.A., LL.B., and D. Sinclair, Esq., M.A., *Secretary*.

MEMBERS OF THE MISSIONARY COUNCIL.—D. Sinclair, Esq., M.A. (Chairman); C. A. Paterson, Esq., M.A., LL.B.; Rev. H. Rice and Rev. W. Harper, B.D.

Convener of the General Assembly's Foreign Mission Committee.

Rev. J. McMurtrie, M.A., 22, Queen St., Edinburgh.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND MISSION,

CONSTITUTED BY AUTHORITY OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE
FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND IN OCTOBER 1843.

PRESBYTERY OF MADRAS.

Rev. William Miller, M.A. | Rev. Adam Andrew | Rev. A. S. Laidlaw, M.A., B.D.
J.L.D., C.I.E. | " William Skinner, M.A. | " G. Pittendrigh, M.A.
" G. Milne Rae, M.A. | " J. Colville Peattie, M.A. | " T. K. Itty.

CHURCHES AND SERVICES.

I. The Free Church on the Esplanade, opposite the Light House; (Anderson Memorial Church). Tamil, Sundays, at 8-30 A.M. Fridays, at 6 P.M.; English, Sundays, at 8-15 P.M.

II. The Free Church at Royapooram, at the North end of Main Road, (Medical Mission Chapel). Tamil, Sundays, at 9 A.M. and 3 P.M., Thursdays, at 6-30 P.M.; English, Sundays, at 6-30 P.M. English Bible Class on Sunday Mornings, at 7-30; and Sunday School at 6 P.M.

The Rev. George Milne Rae, M.A., and other Missionaries minister to the English Congregation, and the Rev. R. M. Bauboo to the Tamil Church at the Esplanade, and the Rev. J. Colville Peattie, M.A., ministers to the English congregation and the Rev. T. K. Itty to the Tamil congregation at Royapooram.

EUROPEAN LADY MISSIONARIES.

Miss Stephen, Superintendent of the Female Boarding School.
" W. Strachan, Female Boarding School.

NATIVE MISSIONARIES.

Rev. R. M. Bauboo, Licentiate and Superintendent of four Girls' Schools.
The Rev. T. K. Itty, Apothecary, Royapuram Dispensary.
Miss Rajahgopaul, Superintendent of four Caste Girls' Schools.

FREE CHURCH MEDICAL MISSION DISPENSARY, ROYAPURAM.

ESTABLISHED IN MADRAS IN 1856.

By the Committee of the Foreign Missions of the Free Church of Scotland.

Treasurers.—Messrs. Binny and Co.; **Apothecary.**—Mr. T. K. Itty, in charge of the Dispensary.

The work of the Mission is carried on in the Dispensary in Royapuram, which was opened in 1866. The average daily attendance is 128 and about 1,264 new cases every month.

Besides the Medical work, there are two congregations, Native and English, under the Revds. T. K. Itty and J. Colville Peattie, M.A., and two Schools, one a Superior School for English and Eurasian Children, the other for Native poor.

The Mission receives no aid from Government and is supported by voluntary contributions.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH,

MADRAS DISTRICT.

Rev. A. W. Rudisill, D.D., *Presiding Elder*.

MADRAS.

Black Town—Rev. A. H. Baker, *Pastor*.

Services: At the Pavilion, Popham's Broadway, on Sunday, 8-30 A.M. and 6 P.M., Sunday School, 7 A.M.; Thursday, General Prayer-meeting, 6-30 P.M.

Vepery—Rev. A. W. Rudisill, D.D., *Pastor*.

Services; Methodist Church, Vepery, on Sunday, Preaching 8-30 A.M. and 6 P.M.; Sunday Schools 7-15 A.M., and (Tamil) 11 A.M.; Wednesday, Preaching and Prayer-meeting, 7 P.M.; Friday, Children's Service, 5-30 P.M.; and Class meeting 7 P.M.; Pudupet School Room on Sunday, Sunday Schools, English 8-30 P.M., Tamil 4-30 P.M., Thursday, Prayer-meeting at 6-30 P.M.; Otary, on Sunday, Preaching at 8-30 A.M., Sunday School, 7-30 A.M.; Monday, Prayer-meeting 7 P.M.

BANGALORE.

Richmond Town and Memorial Church, St. John's Hill—Rev. James Lyon, *Pastor*; *Tamil Circuit*, Rev. B. Peters, *Pastor*.

NIZAM'S DOMINIONS.

Secunderabad, Rev. W. F. G. Curtis, *Pastor*. *Chadarghat* Rev. G. L. Stone, *Pastor*. *Telugu Mission, Yalgundel District, Bellary*, J. H. Garden. *Canarese Mission*, Revs. S. P. Jacobs and D. O. Ernsberger.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY,

ESTABLISHED IN 1795.

The Society began its operations in South India in 1805. The following are the stations occupied in South India, and the Missionaries and Native Ministers at present laboring at them.

MADRAS—Commenced 1805—Rev. M. Phillips, 1861; Rev. W. Joss, 1869; Miss Bounsall, 1876; Miss Brown, 1876; Miss Gordon, 1871. **Salem**—Commenced 1821—Rev. W. Robinson; Rev. A. A. Dignum, 1862; Rev. C. Muthu, 1876; Rev. M. Arulappen, 1881. **Tripatore**—Commenced 1861—Rev. W. Robinson in charge 1877; **Coimbatore**—Commenced 1830—Rev. W. Monk Jones, 1882; Rev. S. Long, 1884; Rev. A. David, 1867; Rev. A. Unmeivudian, 1867. **Bangalore**—Commenced 1820—Rev. J. B. Coles, 1843; Rev. G. O. Newport, 1862; Rev. J. H. Walton, 1866; Rev. T. E. Slater, 1866; Rev. E. P. Rice, B.A., 1873; Rev. C. Runganathan, 1866; Rev. Job Paul, 1871; Rev. G. P. Arogyam, 1882. **Bellary**—Commenced 1810—Rev. E. Lewis, 1865; Rev. T. Haines, 1870; Rev. G. Paul, 1882. **Belgaum**—Commenced 1820—Rev. J. G. Hawker, 1865; Rev. J. Smith, 1866; Rev. S. Roberts, 1886; Rev. J. Mahantappa, 1868; Rev. P. Siddalingappa, 1868. **Cuddapah**—Commenced 1821—Rev. J. R. Bacon, 1875; Rev. A. R. Gaze, 1881; Rev. W. H. Campbell, M.A., B.D., Edinburgh University, 1884; Rev. J. Mason, 1865; Rev. Jacob Cole, 1881. **Goody**—Commenced 1855—Rev. W. W. Stephenson, 1876; Rev. R. Lucas, 1886; Rev. M. Williams, 1868. **Vizagapatam**—Commenced 1805—Rev. M. Thomas, 1878; Rev. P. Jaganatham, 1858. **Vizianagrum**—Commenced 1852—Rev. H. J. Goffin, 1876; Rev. G. H. McFarlane, 1881.

TRAVANCORE.

Nagercoil—Commenced 1809—Rev. J. Duthie, 1856; Rev. W. Lee, 1864; Rev. A. L. Allan, 1884; Rev. J. Joshua, 1867; Rev. V. Arumanayagam, 1867; Rev. V. Solomon, 1879; Rev. C. Samuel, 1879; Rev. J. Nathaniel, 1879; Rev. C. Sathianathan, 1879; Rev. J. Moses. **Tittivile**—Commenced 1866—**Neyoor**—Commenced 1828—Rev. I. H. Hacker, 1877; Mrs. Thomson, Zenana Missionary; Rev. A. Sargood Fry, M.B., C.M.; Rev. S. Zachariah, 1866; Rev. A. Arumanayagam, 1867; Rev. M. Namburan, 1867; Rev. P. Jacob, 1879; Rev. B. Manasseh, 1879. **Pareyehaley**—Commenced 1845—Rev. J. Emlyn, 1867; Rev. W. Fletcher, 1867; Rev. J. Kamalau, 1867; Rev. G. Sathianathan, 1880. **Treandrum**—Commenced 1838—Rev. S. Mateer, F.L.S., 1858; Rev. A. Devalam, 1872; Rev. J. Seilyam, 1878; Rev. V. Moses. **Quilon**—Commenced 1821—Rev. Joshua Knowles, 1880; Rev. C. Samuel.

Statistics of the South Indian Mission for 1885.

European Missionaries, 32; Lady Missionaries, 4; Native Ministers, 31; Evangelists and Catechists, 310; School teachers, 623; Communicants, 6,142; Baptized, 24,748; Total Native adherents, 55,467; Contributions of Native Christians for 1885, Rs. 19,283-4-6.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY,

ESTABLISHED 1814.

I.—MADRAS DISTRICT—**Madras**, South (Royapettah), William B. Simpson, B.A., Timothy Martin, Native Assistant Ministers. **Royapettah College**, Alfred S. Geden, M.A., **Christian College**, George Patterson. **Madranticum**, one wanted; M. Vethamanickum, Native Minister. **Madras (North)**, John R. Ellis; Charles W. Ambalavanar, Samuel Wesley, Native Assistant Ministers. **Madras (English)**, T. H. Whitmore. **St. Thomas' Mount**, William Goudie; J. Rungasawmy, Native Assistant Minister; James Hobday, East Indian Minister, Supernumerary. N.B.—James Cooling, B.A., and George McKenzie Cobban are in England. **George Patterson**, General Superintendent.

II.—NEGAPATAM AND TRICHINOPOLY DISTRICT—**Negapatam**, John M. Thompson; John Ponnusawmy, Native Assistant Minister; College and (Educational Department), William H. Findlay, M.A. **Tirunelveli**, Henry Simpson Lunn, B.A., M.D., B.S. **Manargudi**, A. Aubrey Thomas, B.A.; Ebenezer Webster, B.A. (Educational Department); Abraham Wesley Samuel, Native Assistant Minister; **Tanjore**, Edwin Woodward; **Trichinopoly (Cantonment)**, Edward Percy Blackburn; R. Asceevatham, Native Assistant Minister. **Trichinopoly (Warriors)**, R. Starling Boulter; Eltas J. Gloria, Native Minister (Training Institution). **Karur**, Henry Little; Frederick Wellington Gostick; Swaminathan Suvieshamala, Native Assistant Minister; **Peria Narapuram**, George Hobday, East Indian Minister; **HENRY LITTLE**, General Superintendent.

III.—HYDERABAD DISTRICT—**Hyderabad (Chudderghaut)**, William Hunt Soper (Educational Department); Pasupalate Venkatasawmy, Native Assistant Minister. **Secunderabad (Telugu)**, Benjamin Pratts. **Secunderabad (Tamil)**, Nehemiah Peters, Native Assistant Minister; **Yelgundel (Kureem Nigger)**, M. Ferdinand Crowlson; **Batchu Raghairai**, Native Assistant Minister; **Siddipett**, Benjamin P. Wesley, Native Minister. **Meddunk**, G. H. Kadari, Native Assistant Minister. N.B.—William Burgess is in England. **BENJAMIN PRATT**, General Superintendent.

IV.—MYSORE DISTRICT—**Bangalore (Canarese)**, Josiah Hudson, B.A., Theological Institution; J. Alfred Vane, B.A., Educational Department; Theophilus Luke, Native Minister. **Bangalore (Tamil)**, W. H. J. Picken; Ebenezer Nathaniel, Native Assistant Minister. **Bangalore (English)**, Amos Barnett, Alfred Barrett Sackett. **Dodballapur**, M. Shantappa, Native Assistant Minister. **Tumkur**, Ellis Roberts; Andrew Philip, Native Minister. **Madgiri**, R. Daniel Manuel, Native Minister. **Gubbi**, Henry Haigh. **Chitaldrug**, Henry Premaka, Native Minister. **Mysore (City)**, C. Hale Hocken; W. West Holdsworth M.A., (Educational Department); John Mark, Native Assistant Minister. **Hassan**, D. A. Rees. **Shimoga**, Benjamin Robinson; Samuel Nathaniel, Native Assistant Minister. **Ootacamund**, Jacob Samuel, Native Minister. **Wellington**, James Gillings (Coonor), Supernumerary. N.B.—G. W. Sawday is visiting England. Josiah Hudson, B.A., General Superintendent.

WESLEYAN ZENANA MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

In connection with the Ladies' Association of the Wesleyan Missionary Society, three female Christian agents are employed in Zenana work in Madras. Thirty houses in Royapettah and Triplicane are regularly visited, and about 40 pupils taught. The majority of them are young women who formerly were pupils in one or other of the schools belonging to the Mission. The work is under the supervision of a European lady.

THE MADRAS AUXILIARY ARMY SCRIPTURE READERS' AND SOLDIERS' FRIEND SOCIETY.

President:—Hon'ble C. G. Master.

PATRONS.

The Lord Bishop of Madras. | The Lord Bishop of Rangoon.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE—Lieut.-Col. C. T. P. Luxmoore, M.S.O.; Lieut.-Col. A. S. Grove, 15th Madras Infantry; Rev. J. N. Ogilvie, Church of Scotland; Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, B.A., Church Missionary Society; Rev. H. D. Goldsmith, B.A., Church Missionary Society; Rev. R. B. Feast, Hon. Secretary; Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., Madras, Treasurers; Travelling Agent for the Society, Rev. J. Gelson Gregson.

List of Scripture Readers in the employ of the Madras Auxiliary Army Scripture Readers' Society.

1. Mr. Bertram.....Secunderabad. | 3. Mr. Page.....Fort St. George.
2. „ Bishop.....Bangalore.

The object of the Army Scripture Readers' Society is to promote true religion in the ranks of the British Army. With this view, Scripture Readers are employed, who, under the immediate superintendence of the Chaplains, visit the Barracks, Family Quarters and Hospitals, and by the reading of God's Holy Word, urge on the men and their families the great doctrines of salvation through Christ.

During the Crimean war two Societies were formed in England, to aid the British soldier, then maintaining the honor of his country and the glory of her arms; one had the spiritual welfare of the Troops in view, the other sought specially to aid in supplying the soldiers with temporal comforts.

MADRAS FREE COMMUNION BAPTIST CHURCH.

ESTABLISHED SEPTEMBER 1847.

PASTOR:—

DEACONS.—Messrs. James Charles Cox and R. E. Mackenzie.

CHAPEL.—Vepery High Road, New Town.

Times of Service.

Lord's day morning, 1 past 7 o'clock throughout the year.
Lord's day evening, { 1st April to 30th September, 1 past 6.
{ 1st October to 31st March, 6 o'clock
Monday evening, Cottage Prayer meeting.
Tuesday evening, Total Abstinence meeting in the Schoolroom.
Wednesday evening, Prayer meeting, 1 past 6 o'clock.
Friday evening, Singing practice, 1 past 6 o'clock.

The Mission was established in October 1847 and has been supported by the Members of the Church in connection with the Mission, with the assistance of kind friends.

The Minister is supported by voluntary contributions.

There is a Sabbath School in connection with the Church, in which about 120 children are regularly taught the vital truths of religion.

Hours of attendance { 1st April to 30th September, 4 past 4 } P.M.
 { 1st October to 31st March, 4 o'clock } P.M.

A Day School for girls and small boys has been established also, five years ago, in connection with the Church. The school receives a Grant-in-aid from Government. The school is still in its infant state, under the management of a Committee; with Mrs. Julia Hogg, the Head Mistress, Miss E. C. O'Keeffe, Asst. Mistress, and two other teachers. About 70 children attend the school daily. Fees very moderate. The school is preparing candidates for the Higher Examination for Women.—Manager, Mr. James C. Cox.

A Young Men's Christian Association was formed in July 1896, in connection with the Church. The meetings are held weekly in the School room. It is purposed to open a reading room and form a library for the Association. Friends interested in such work can help the Association with books and periodicals, which will be thankfully received.

BANGALORE FREE COMMUNION BAPTIST CHURCH.

(FORMED 26TH NOVEMBER 1854.)

Pastor.—EDMUND MARSDEN.

Place of Worship.—Ebeneser Chapel, Commissariat Road.

(Opened 18th August 1867.)

Times of Service.—Lord's day, 11 A.M. and 6½ P.M.; Thursday, 6½ P.M.

This Church was formed on the above date by the late Rev. T. C. Page, (formerly of Madras), then temporarily residing at Bangalore. It enjoyed the pastoral superintendence of that esteemed servant of Christ for the first few months of its existence, but was for some time subsequently to his departure from the station without a Minister. On the 30th March 1856, Mr. Marsden, who had been previously set apart for the work of the Gospel Ministry at Madras, became its Pastor.

Besides watching over this Christian Society, Mr. Marsden devotes a considerable portion of his time to evangelistic visitation among the residents of Bangalore, particularly the Military; of whom there is always a very large number at the station.

BAPTIST MISSIONS.

STRICT BAPTIST MISSION.

LONDON.—ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860. President.—Rev. J. Hazleton; Treasurer.—E. Mote, Esq.; Secretaries.—Mr. T. L. Wakelin, Huddleston Road, Tutnell Park, N.; Mr. J. Briscoe, Arlington Square, Islington, N. COMMITTEE.—Rev. Messrs. Styles, Box, Anderson, Bland, Collier, Cooper, Sears and others.

St. THOMAS' MOUNT.—Rev. H. F. Doll, Missionary; Rev. Jacob John, Native Pastor; Mary Ann, Zenana Woman and four school teachers. CHAPEL, Bullock Lines—Tamil Service, 9-30 A.M. and 4 P.M. Sundays, and 7 P.M. Fridays.

PALAVARAM.—(Sub-Station) Catechist

POONAMALLEE.—Missionary, Rev. H. F. Doll; Rev. Abel Michael, Native Pastor; and two school teachers.

TINNEVELLY.—Koilputty.—Rev. W. A. H. Doll and wife, Missionaries; Christianpettah.—Rev. J. C. P. Arulappen, Native Pastor; Samuel Asseervatham, Native Preacher; five other stations with teachers in the district.

SOUTH INDIAN BAPTIST MISSION.—ESTABLISHED A.D. 1879. Vizianagram.—Rev. J. M. Williams, Missionary.

BAPTIST CHURCHES.

MADRAS.—FORMED A.D. FEBRUARY 1858.—Rev. H. F. Doll, Pastor; Chapel, Chintadrepettah, Sundays and Wednesdays, 6½ P.M.; Sabbath School, 8 A.M., Sundays.

St. THOMAS' MOUNT.—FORMED A.D. 1866.—Rev. H. F. Doll, Officiating Pastor; Deacon.—CHAPEL—Bullock Lines, Sundays and Wednesdays, 6½ P.M.; Sunday School, 4½ P.M.

BLACK TOWN (late 41st REGT. N. I.)—Rev. H. F. Doll, Pastor; P. Narrainswami, Deacon; MEETING HOUSE, Black Town, Sundays, 9 A.M. and 6½ P.M.

POONAMALLEE.—Rev. H. F. Doll, Pastor; Mr. W. Dale, Deacon; MEETING HOUSE—The Island, Sundays and Wednesdays, 5½ P.M.

OOTACAMUND.—Rev. Mr. Evans, Pastor. MEETING PLACE—Baptist Hall, Commercial Road.

BAPTIST TRACT SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED A.D. 1866.

DEPÔT—Vestry, Baptist Chapel, Chintadrepettah. Secretary and Treasurer.—Rev. H. F. Doll; Depository.—Mr. J. Chapman.

COMMITTEE.—Messrs. J. Herron, J. Chapman, G. Herron, J. Narrainswami, H. F. Doll, C. Peacock and R. H. Legge.

CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE.—Mr. J. G. Ronchett, Cocanada; Jacob John, St. Thomas' Mount; Mr. W. Dale, Poonamallee; Rev. J. M. Williams, Vizianagram; Mr. A. Gibson, Bimlipatam.

CANADIAN BAPTIST TELUGU MISSION.

Cocanada, occupied 1874.—Rev. John Craig, Rev. J. E. Davis, Rev. H. F. Laflamme, Zenana work—Miss Frith (in Canada), Miss Hatch, Miss Alexander. Bimlipatam, occupied 1875.—Rev. R. Sanford, Miss Gray. Chicacole, occupied 1878.—Rev. J. R. Hutchinson (in Canada), Rev. I. C. Archibald, Miss Wright. Tuni, occupied 1878.—Rev. J. R. Stillwell, in charge. Bobbili, occupied 1879.—Rev. G. Churchill. Akidu, occupied 1880.—Rev. John Craig, in charge. Samulcotta Theological Seminary, 1882.—Rev. John McLaurin (in Canada), Rev. J. R. Stillwell.

*Ordained pastors, 6; other preachers, 40; Teachers, 30; Bible-women, 15; Communicants, 2,000. In the Theological Seminary there are about 50 students.

*N.B.—Rev. R. Garside is expected in January. Rev. F. W. Auvache is returning to Canada on account of illness.

ENGLISH BAPTIST ZENANA MISSION.

MADRAS, BLACK TOWN.—Mrs. Dawson, Miss L. Thomas, Miss E. Thomas, Miss Dawson, 7 Bible Women. 68 Zenanas regularly visited by 5 of the Bible women and 90 on an average weekly by the 2 Agents of the Bible Society, for the purpose of simply reading the Scriptures. One Caste Girls' School, Black Town, 140 Pupils, 5 Teachers.

THE AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSIONARY UNION.

TELUGU MISSION.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

NELLORE.....Rev. D. Downie, D.D., Treasurer, Miss Jennie E. Wayne, and Rev. N. Canakiah.

Bucknell Female Seminary and Industrial Schools, Rev. D. Downie, D.D., Manager.

ONGOLE.....Rev. J. E. Clough, D.D., Rev. J. Kiernan, Miss E. Rauschenbusch and Miss S. Mead.

Mission High School, Rev. ———, Principal.

RANAPATAN.....Rev. W. B. Boggs, President, Brownson Theological Seminary.

Native Faculty, Rev. V. Yolian, K. Kelly and B. Teatu.

SECUNDERABAD (Deccan).....Rev. W. W. Campbell.

KURNOOL.....Rev. E. E. Silliman, D.D.

MADRAS.....Rev. W. R. Manley, Rev. T. Rungiah, Miss M. M. Day and Miss J. Schuff.

HANAMAKONDAH.....Rev. A. A. Newhall, D.D., and Miss B. Menke.

CUMBUM.....Mr. Jno. Newcomb.

VINUKONDA.....Rev. D. H. Drake, D.D.

NURSURAPEETA.....Rev. Wm. Powell.

BAPATLA.....Rev. E. Bullard, D.D., and Miss E. J. Cummings, D.D.

UDAYAGIRI.....Rev. J. F. Burditt, D.D.

PALMOOR.....Rev. E. Chute and Miss L. Chute.

IN UNITED STATES.....Revs. L. Jewett, D.D., and Rev. F. E. Morgan.

BOARD OF TRUSTEES.....} Revs. J. E. Clough, D.D., and D. Downie, D.D., Secy.

COMMITTEE OF PUBLICATION...}

AMERICAN EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

(Commenced 1842, by Rev. Hyer.)

Ordained Missionaries.—Revs. E. Unangst, D.D.,* L. L. Uhl, M.A., L. B. Wolf, M.A., W. P. Smartz, M.A.,* all of Guntur. Rev. L. B. Wolf, *Cor. Secy. and Principal of the College.*

Ordained and Licentiate Native Ministers.—Revs. M. Nathaniel, Nasarowpet, B. John, Dachapalli and R. Ramchandrayya, B.A.

Other Laborers.—Eurasian Assistant, 1; Evangelists, 3; Catechists, 17; Village Preachers, 98; Elementary School Teachers, 149; Bible Colporteurs, 2; Tract Colporteurs, 3; College and High School Teachers, 12.

The Work and Church.—Pupils in College and its Branches, 416; Pupils in Elementary, 2,181; Pupils in Caste Schools, 531; Pupils in Boarding Schools, 144; Pupils in Hindustani Schools, 60; No. of Villages containing Christians, 314; No. of Members, old and young, 9,530; No. of Enquirers and Candidates for Baptism, 1,081; No. of Communicants, 5,816.

Zenana Work.—Mrs. L. L. Uhl*, Misses A. S. Kugler, M.D., and Fannie M. Dryden, B.A.; Mrs. E. Unangst and Mrs. L. B. Wolf; 8 Eurasian Assistants and 9 other workers.

NOTE 1.—The Mission has in operation a first class Printing Press, and in connection therewith a Book Bindery.

NOTE 2.—An English School is under the management of Miss F. M. Dryden, and receives the support of the English Residents and Anglo-Indians of the Station, who supply the best part of the funds.

NOTE 3.—A Free Reading Room and a Book Depot are kept up, with much encouragement in both.

NOTE 4.—A Dispensary has been opened under the care of Miss Anna S. Kugler, M.D., which has proved a grand success to poor suffering womankind. As many as 70 patients are waited on daily, severely taxing the strength of the person in charge and her assistants, who are such hands as the Lady Doctor has herself trained. This last feature of our work is especially encouraging, and well it may be, for suffering seems to be the lot of poor women in India, with none of that light to lighten burdens which a Christian civilization brings with it.

ARCOT MISSION OF THE REFORMED CHURCH IN AMERICA.

Rev. W. W. Scudder, D.D., Madanapalle; Rev. Jared W. Scudder, M.D., D.D., (*Secretary and Treasurer*), Vellore; Rev. J. Chamberlain, M.D., D.D., in America; Rev. John Scudder, M.A., M.D., Tindivanam; Rev. J. H. Wyckoff, M.A., in America; Rev. J. W. Conklin, M.A., Arcot; Rev. Lambertus Hekhuis, M.A., M.D., Arcot; Rev. E. C. Scudder, M.A., in America; Rev. Moses Nathaniel, Native Pastor, Arcot; Rev. Abraham William, Native Pastor, Kattupadi; Rev. Paul Bailey, Native Pastor, Orattur.

In connection with the Arcot Mission there are 22 Catechists, 14 Assistant Catechists, 30 Masters in Anglo-Vernacular Schools, 37 Readers and Schoolmasters, 30 Village School Teachers, 31 Schoolmistresses, 11 Colporteurs, and 13 Female Bible Readers.

This Mission embraces most of the North Arcot and the northern part of the South Arcot District and occupies 8 principal stations and 86 village out-stations. The number of Christian adherents, as in last Annual Report, 5,555.

AMERICAN MADURA MISSION.

(ESTABLISHED 1831.)

Stations and Missionaries.

1831, *Madura*—Rev. J. P. Jones, M.A.; Mrs. Jones; Miss Swift; Miss Root, B.D.; Miss Houston; Miss Bell. 1835, *Dindigul*—Rev. E. Chester, M.D.; Mrs. Chester. 1838, *Tirumangalam*—Rev. J. E. Tracy, M.A.; Mrs. Tracy. 1839, *Tirupuranam*—In charge of Mr. Tracy. 1845, *Pasumalai*—Rev. G. T. Washburn, M.A.; Mrs. Washburn; D. S. Herrick, Esq., B.A. 1848, *Periakulam*—Rev. J. S. Chandler, M.A.; Mrs. Chandler. 1850, *Mandapasaalai*—Rev. J. C. Perkins, M.A.; Mrs. Perkins. 1857, *Battilagundu*—Rev. J. E. Chandler, M.A.; Mrs. Chandler, Miss Chandler. 1857, *Melur*—Rev. G. H. Gutterson; Mrs. Gutterson. 1862, *Palani*—Rev. H. C. Hazen, M.A.; Mrs. Hazen. 1861, *Mana Madura*—In charge of Mr. Gutterson. 1867, *Kodikanal*—Rev. J. T. Noyes, M.A.; Mrs. Noyes; Miss Noyes.

Native Ministers and Pastors.—*Madura*—Rev. S. Mathuramangam. *Dindigul*—Rev. J. Colton, Rev. A. Clark, Rev. A. Saverimuttu. *Tirumangalam*—Rev. A. Perumal. *Tirupuranam*—Rev. G. Vathanayagam. *Pasumalai*—Rev. A. Barnes, Rev. W. A. Buckinhane. *Periakulam*—Rev. E. Seymour, Rev. S. Isaac, Rev. C. Williams, Rev. S. Nallatambi.

* In America.

Mandapasaalai—Rev. D. Christian, Rev. M. Eames, Rev. M. Thomas, Rev. S. Taylor. *Battilagundu*—Rev. M. Devasagayam. Rev. A. Pitchamuttu. *Palani*—Rev. A. David. *Kodikanal*—Rev. A. G. Rowland.

In connection with the above Missionaries and Native Clergymen, there are 150 Catechists, 226 Teachers, (male and female) and 26 Bible Women.

Connected with the Mission are 235 Christian Congregations with a membership of 11,412, who live in 374 different villages or towns, and 36 organised Churches with 3,053 Communicants, most of them having Native Pastors. Rs. 7,266 was raised last year in the Churches and congregations for self-support.

The Educational work is as follows, viz., *Pasumalai College* with Preparatory, Normal, and Theological Classes, having 11 teachers and 253 pupils; *Madura High School* having 6 teachers and 200 pupils; Ten *Boarding Schools* having 18 Schoolmasters, 15 Schoolmistresses with 191 male and 195 female pupils; 136 *Village and Day Schools* having 150 Schoolmasters and 22 Schoolmistresses with 3,331 male and 319 female pupils; 14 *Hindu Girls' Schools* having 33 teachers and 674 scholars. The grand total of pupils in all the Schools is 5,019, and Rs. 9,879 was received last year for School fees. *Work among Hindu women* is carried on at Madura and the other stations. During the year 3,949 houses were visited, 1,201 females were under instruction and 52,271 persons (women) were conversed with on the subject of religion. There are *Medical Dispensaries* at Madura and Dindigul with *Branch Dispensaries* at other stations. At Madura and Dindigul a total of 36,353 cases were treated during the year, and the Gospel was preached by Itinerants to over 140,000 people in the Madura District.

BASEL EVANGELICAL MISSION.

I. CANARA AND COORG.—*Mangalore*—Congregation: Rev. A. Manner—Seminary: Rev. E. Diez and T. Ernst; English School, Rev. J. Daur.—Industrial Department, Mercantile: Mr. Th. Elsässer, General Agent and Treasurer; Assistant: Mr. H. Altenmüller and J. Sieber—Printing, Publishing and Book-Depository: Mr. G. Hirmer and T. Huber—Weaving: Mr. F. Stierlen—Tile Manufactory: Messrs. T. Baumann, R. Hauri and G. Glattfelder—Mechanical: Mr. F. Staib—*Mulky*: Rev. R. Ott—*Udupy*: Congregation, Rev. G. Ritter—Middle School: Rev. A. Brasche—Orphanage: Rev. C. Keppler, Rev. W. Stokes—*Karkal*: Revs. Shaible and Gütz—*Basaroor*: Rev. R. Shenkel—*Honore*: Rev. F. Fischer, Mr. Th. Digel—*Mercara*: Rev. F. Kittel, Rev. J. Hafner, Rev. T. Bode—*Mercantile*: Mr. J. Veil, *Anandapur Ammatti*: Rev. H. Kaundinya—*Kasergod**: Rev. J. Hermelink.

II. SOUTHERN MARRATTA COUNTRY.—*Hooblee*: Rev. H. Daimelhuber, Rev. W. Nübling—*Dharwar*: T. Grossmann, W. Nubling, T. Limbah and Berli—*Bettigherry*: Rev. Walz and F. Eissfelder—*Guledgood*: H. Knittel and Lüthi—*Bijapur*: Rev. C. Warth, Rev. T. Waidelich.

III. MALABAR.—*Cannanore*: Rev. T. Lauffer, T. Weisman, G. Strobel—Weaving Establishment: Mr. T. Krapf, Mr. Bräuning—*Chora*: Rev. T. Ostermeier—*Tellicherry*: Rev. T. Frohneier, Middle School: Rev. Sohaal—*Chombala*: Rev. Sohmolk, Rev. Jaus—*Calicut*: Rev. E. Liebendorfer, Rev. Matthissen—Tile Manufactory: Mr. C. Feuchter—Mercantile and Weaving: Mr. E. Halbrock, Mr. Fieg—Carpentering: Mr. G. Benner—*Codacal*: Rev. G. Kühnle, Rev. F. Hole—*Waniankullam*†: Rev. S. Walter—*Palghat*: Rev. W. Dilger, and Rev. H. Bachmann.

VI. NEILGHERRIES.—*Coonoor*: Rev. J. Knobloch Kaity—Rev. W. Lütze—*Kotagerry*, Rev. W. Sickemeier.

HEMANNSBURG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

NELLORE DISTRICT.

Nayudupeta—Rev. H. Harms, Rev. Th. Petersen, (on leave in Europe); *Saturpeta*, Rev. W. Kothe; *Sriharikota*, in charge of Rev. W. Kothe; *Gudur*, Rev. H. Ramme; *Venkatagiri*, Rev. H. Lüchow; *Vacadu*, Rev. C. Kohlmeier; *Rapur*, Rev. H. Krüger.

NORTH ARCOT DISTRICT.

Kalahasti, Rev. C. Scriba; *Tirupati*, Rev. P. Petersen; *Puttur*, in charge of Rev. P. Petersen.

CUDDAPAH DISTRICT.

Kodur, Rev. J. Wörrlein; *Chittavail*, in charge of Rev. J. Wörrlein.

The founder of this Mission, the Rev. Mylius, died on the 21st May 1857. He has been working here for 21 years together without taking leave. A few Missionaries have been working so hard as he. He gave his last lesson at 11 o'clock on the 21st May and died the same afternoon on account of the great heat.

* *Kasergod* occupied this year by the Basel Mission.† *Waniankullam* was made a new station of our Mission in Malabar.

LEIPZIG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

(Established at Dresden 1636; at Leipzig 1848.)

MISSIONARY CHURCH COUNCIL.

President.—Rev. K. Pamperrien, Acting Senior. *Members*.—Rev. E. Schäffer and Rev. J. Kabis.

TRANQUEBAR (COMMENCED 1706, TAKEN UP BY THE SOCIETY 1841).—*Congregation*.—Rev. Messrs. E. Schäffer, E. Just, and Nj. Samuel, Pastor; *Literary Department*.—vacant; *Central School*, Rev. E. Schäffer; *Press and Treasury*, Rev. Th. Næther.

Porciar (1746, 1812); *Tirumeljanam* (1848) and *Pudencur* (1849).—*Congregation*.—Rev. Messrs. K. Pamperrien and Njanabishegam; *Seminary*.—Rev. K. Pamperrien; *Industrial Department*.—Mr. F. J. Zietzschmann; *Manikramam* (1852).—Rev. P. Hörberg; *Mayavaram* (1823, 1844).—Rev. Messrs. E. Winkel and N. Devasagayam; *Shelly* (1868).—Rev. M. Packiam, Pastor; *Manchodu* (1882).—Rev. D. Ponnappen, Pastor; *Combaconum* (1856).—Rev. G. Goettsching; *Neyapatnam* (1862).—Rev. Messrs. K. Pamperrien (at Tranquebar) and J. D. David, Pastor; *Tanjore* (1851) and *Incikadu* (1869).—Rev. Messrs. T. Paesler, Nj. Isaak, and K. Devasagayam; *Trichinopoly* (1850).—Rev. Messrs. A. Gehring, and Th. Meyner; *Motupatty* (1864).—Rev. V. Christian, Pastor; *Puducottu* (1849).—Rev. E. Dachsel; *Madura* (1874).—Rev. Messrs. C. J. Sandegren, D. Bexell, V. Antoni and V. Manuel; *Coimbatore* (1856).—Rev. Messrs. C. A. Ouchterlony, and T. P. Perianayacham, Pastor; *Madras* (1726, 1848).—Rev. Messrs. J. Kabis, T. Rueger, and D. David; *Cuddalore* (1856).—Rev. A. Mayr; *Chellambaram* (1866).—Rev. E. Matthey; *Villupuram* (1875), and *Sadras* (1858).—Rev. H. Brunotte; *Bangalore* (1873).—Rev. W. Herre; *Virduchellum* (1886).—Rev. A. Mayr, (at Cuddalore), Puarutti, Rev. J. M. Kempff. *At home on leave*.—Rev. H. Wanneke and Rev. H. Beisenherz.

DANISH EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

ESTABLISHED 1661.—MADRAS.—Rev. H. Jensen, and Rev. J. Lazarus, B.A. *Out-station* Pomeri, a Catechist; VELLORE.—Rev. E. Löventhal; YERCAUD.—Rev. Chr. Kofoed; TRIKALORE.—Rev. A. Ihle; Native Pastors, Rev. M. Suvisesham (Tirukoilur) and Rev. M. Jesudasen (Shengamadu); PATTAMBAKKAN.—Rev. Chr. Schlesch; *Out-station*, Thondamanur, a Catechist.

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Kaity	W. Lütze,	"	Tirupati.....	P. O. Petersen,	"
Karur	H. Little,	"	Trichur	P. J. Joseph,	"
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Instituted in 1818.

The object of the Society is to circulate Religious Tracts and Books in English and the Native languages, on the same principles with those of the Tract Society in London.

The issues of the Madras Society have amounted to more than eighteen millions of Tracts and Books.

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II. *Hindustani Revision*.—Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, B.A., Rev. E. Sell, B.D.

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J. Murdoch, Esq., LL.D., *Secretary*.
Mr. A. T. Scott, *Assistant Secretary*.

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RULES.

I.—This Society shall be denominated the MADRAS BRANCH OF THE CHRISTIAN VERNACULAR EDUCATION SOCIETY FOR INDIA.

II.—The primary objects of the Society shall be to train Teachers for Vernacular Schools, and supply School books and other useful publications prepared on Christian principles.

The General Funds shall be applicable to assist in the establishment of Vernacular Schools.

III. All persons contributing to the Society shall be considered Members.

IV. The business of the Society shall be conducted by a Committee composed of members of various denominations of Evangelical Christians, together with such Officers as may be found necessary.

IT IS PARTICULARLY REQUESTED THAT REMITTANCES FROM OUT-STATIONS BE MADE PAYABLE TO THE TREASURERS.

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ESTABLISHED IN 1748.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, opened 19th September and consecrated 18th November 1853.

Rev. W. Relton, M.A., in charge.

Resident Priest, Rev. S. G. Yesadian. | Mr. S. Devasagayam, Catechist, S. P. G.,
Mr. S. B. David, Catechist, S. P. G., Assist- | Hincrant.
ant. | C. Bacon, Organist.

And five Masters and one Mistress.

1 Boys' Boarding School; 1 Girls' Boarding School; 2 Boys' Day Schools and 1 Girls' Day School.

Divine Service, Tamil.—On Sundays and Saints days' Holy Communion at 7 A.M., Monthly Celebration every second Sunday of the month, at 9 A.M. Sundays, Matins at 8 A.M., Evensong at 4 P.M. Daily, Matins at 7 A.M.; on Wednesdays and Fridays, Evensong at 6 P.M.; Sunday School at 11 A.M.

VEPERY S. P. G. MISSION AUXILIARY ASSOCIATION.

(Established in 1846, for the purpose of aiding the operations of the Parent Society*.)

OBJECTS.—To meet the spiritual and temporal wants of the Mission and Native Congregation of St. Paul's Church, Vepery. Small monthly pensions are disbursed to poor Christian widows, and men in distressed circumstances.

CHINTADREPETTA CHRISTIAN ASSOCIATION.

Patron.—The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Vice-Patrons.

The Hon. C. G. Master, C.S.I.
The Rev. E. Sell, B.D.
" M. G. Goldsmith, B.A.
" A. A. Williams, M.A.

The Rev. W. Relton, M.A.
Mr. S. Sathianadhan, M.A., LL.D.
J. H. Bullivant, Esq., M.A.
C. M. Barrow, Esq., M.A.

Members of the Managing Committee.

The Rev. H. D. Goldsmith, B.A., *President.*
" W. T. Sathianadhan, B.D., *Vice-President.*
Mr. J. P. Cotelingam, M.A.
" C. T. Hensman, B.A.

Mr. E. S. Hensman, B.A.
" J. Vythianadhan.
" J. Sathianadhan.
" P. N. Devanayagam.
" P. T. Tharyan, B.A., *Secy. and Treasurer.*

THE SOUTHERN INDIA BRAHMA SAMAJ, MADRAS.

The Southern India Brahma Samaj was established at Madras on the 20th March 1864. It has a Brahma Upasana Mandir of its own consecrated on the 19th day of Margali according to the Tamil Era and the first day of January 1885, according to the Christian Era in the fifty-fifth year of the Brahma Samaj and is located at 97, Anna Pillai Street, near Changam Bazaar, Black Town, Madras. The Samaj has 64 members, 45 of whom are in town.

Prayer Meetings are held every Sunday evening, from 6 to 8 p.m., in the upstairs hall of the Brahma Upasana Mandir. Tamil or Telugu is generally the language used. Occasionally there are sermons in English also.

The *Brahma Bajana Goshti* is also held every Friday evening, from 6 to 8 p.m., in the downstairs hall, for dissemination of religious spirit amongst the masses, and for mutual culture amongst members and sympathisers. The members of the Bajana Goshti also meet occasionally in other places, both in town and mofussil.

The Samaj has under its management a *Native Ragged School*, for the sole support of the orphan pupils, up to 4th standard. The total number of children consisting of boys and girls on the roll is 170.

It has a *Public Theistic Library* (consisting of about 540 books) and the books are used by members as well as by the general public *gratis* within the premises, but the former have the privilege of taking out the books to their houses to be returned by a fortnight.

"The Fellow-Worker," the only *Theistic Magazine* in Madras and the mouth-piece for the Brahmos of Southern India, is published monthly for the propagation of the Brahmoism at the cheaper rate of Rs. 2 per annum.

Lectures and Addresses on various religious, social and political topics are delivered by members of the Samaj as well as by the general educated public in the downstairs hall, which is opened for that purpose. The latter have this privilege only on the condition that their speech will not clash with the Brahmo principles.

Brahmo religious books are sold at a very reduced rate in the Samaj premises by the Librarian.

The following gentlemen are the office-bearers and members of the Managing Committee:—*President*, Sreeman T. R. Sundaram Pillai Avargal; *Vice-President*, Sreeman M. Butchayya Pantulu Garu; *Secretary*, Sreeman N. Purushotham Nayudu Garu, B.A.; *Assistant Secretary*, Sreeman C. Shanmugaveloo Mudaliyar Avargal; *Treasurer*, Sreeman S. Munuswami Redd. Garu; *Members of the Managing Committee*, Sreeman C. Ponnuswami Pillai Avargal, T. Ramadoss Nayudu Garu and C. Jeeyar Chetti Garu; *Librarian*, Sreeman V. Ranganatham Nayudu Garu; *Auditor*, Sreeman S. V. Ramanuja Chariyar Avargal.

PURSEWALKUM GENERAL CEMETERY.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 15th November 1853.

The following rules for the management of the Burial Ground for the interment of the dead of all Christian denominations not Members of the Church of England, are published for general information:—

I. That the Burial Ground be designated "Pursewalkum General Cemetery"; this designation being inscribed in large letters over the entrance; and that the right of interment belongs to all Christians not Members of the Church of England.

II. That the management of the "Pursewalkum General Cemetery" be confined to a Committee, selected from the Ministers labouring in Madras, those at present being connected with the London Mission, American Mission, Wesleyan Mission, the General Assembly's Mission, the Free Church Mission and the Baptist Mission, and such other Missionaries and other lay persons as may hereafter be deemed by Government entitled to take part in the management.

III. That the Committee keep the Burial Ground in order (free from all rank vegetation; the trees and shrubs in it being neatly lopped) from the fees realized, making over to Government annually any sums that may accrue after the payment of all expenses on this account, and rendering for the same period an account of receipts and disbursements to the Military Board for submission to Government, and for publication in the Official Gazette.

IV. That the Committee nominate their own Secretary and fill up vacancies, both being subject to the approval of the Military Board under the authority of Government.

V. That all applications for permission to inter must be in writing to the Secretary to the Committee of Management, with particulars of the name of the deceased, date and cause of death, age, late profession or employment.

VI. That all applications for the interment of children shall, besides containing the name of the child, also contain the name of the parents, their profession, &c., and the Committee will register all burials according to the established form, submitting the same quarterly to the Military Board.

VII. That the Committee to whom the management of the Burial Ground is entrusted, be careful to have graves so arranged, that there shall be no waste space.

VIII. That the charge for monuments be as follows:—

A first class monument with ground not exceeding 10 feet by 6.....Rs. 40

A second class monument, with ground not exceeding 7 feet by 3....." 25

A head-stone monument....." 5

The charge to Native Christians wishing to erect a monument, to be reduced to one-half of the above amounts.

IX. The charge for monuments will be appropriated by the Committee, in liquidation of the expenses incurred in keeping the ground, walls and gate, and the balance made over to Government, as proposed in Rule III.

G. M. COBBAN, *Secretary.*

ROMAN CATHOLIC ESTABLISHMENTS.

MADRAS, ARMENIAN STREET.

MADRAS.—Most Rev. J. Colgan, Archbishop of Madras; Very Rev. T. Mayer, Vicar-General; Rev. C. R. Mitchell, Rev. E. M. Angelo, Rev. E. H. deSilva, Rev. H. O'Neill, Rev. A. Walsh, Rev. A. J. Heijlegers and Rev. James Doyle—St. Francis Xavier's Church, North Black Town, Rev. T. D. Doyle—Royapooram, Rev. C. Rodrigues and Rev. P. Ruthnum—Vepery, Rev. J. Allen and Rev. J. Temme—Poodooppet, Rev. Fr. Noronha—Adyar, Rev. P. O'Carroll—Wallajapettah, Rev. M. A. O'Carroll—St. Thomas' Mount, Rev. J. Fitzpatrick—Poonamallee, Rev. J. H. Evers—Pulicat, Rev. P. J. R. Dantas—Pannoor, Sellampattida, Rev. M. Dava Doss, Rev. S. Dominic and Rev. M. J. Michael—Kitchery and Tripasore, Rev. P. Kennedy and Rev. Kakarla Thomas—Chittoor, Rev. W. E. Tailford—Arconum, Rev. S. Saveri Nader—Christiampet, Rev. K. O'Carroll—Guntoor and Peringhipooram, Missions, Rev. T. Dieckman, J. Rajenna Nader, Rev. A. J. Huybers, Rev. J. Grand, Rev. Geo. Rodgers and Rev. G. H. Hermans—Nellore, Rev. Desam Thomas, Rev. J. Kleinschneider and Rev. F. Mayr—Bellary, Rev. F. X. Kroot and Rev. T. A. Doreysamy Nader and Rev. E. Lee—Kurnool, Rev. A. Kroot—Gooty, Rev. J. Wastelacken.

Colleges and Schools.

Besides St. Mary's College at Madras, affiliated to the Madras University, the Native Ecclesiastical Seminary at Nellore, and the 7 Convent Schools,—there are in the Vicariate for the education of the rising generation seventeen English Schools,—eight for boys, viz., St. Francis Xavier's, Royapooram, Vepery, Perambore, Poodooppet, Royapettah, Nellore and Bellary; and nine Female English Schools, viz., St. Francis Xavier's, Royapooram, New Town, Vepery, Perambore, Poodooppet, Royapettah, Nellore and Bellary.

There are 23 Tamil Schools,—17 for boys, viz., Cathedral, St. Francis Xavier's, Vepery, John Pereira's Garden, Royapooram, Vanarpet, Cassimoodoo, St. Thomé, Wallajapetta, Poodooppet, Mackey's Garden, Chindadripet, Poonamallee, Tripasore, Oodiandrum and

Bellary; and six for girls, viz., St. Francis Xavier's, two at Royapooram, Vepery, Poodoopet and St. Thomé.

There are also 15 Telugoo Schools, viz., Peringhipooram, Patibandla, Rentachintla, Ravipawdoo, Kanapurti, Koorapadoo, Wontedhoopalce, Pooloor, Nellore, Christianpet, Wallaveram, Nemely, Pannoor, Pinjeebakum, and Kilacheri.

There are 4,196 children receiving education in the Schools, viz., in the English Schools, 2,286 and in the Tamil and Telugoo Schools, 1,910.

VIZAGAPATAM CATHOLIC MISSION.

DIOCESE OF VIZAGAPATAM.

Vizagapatam—The Right Rev. J. M. Tissot, D.D., Bishop of Vizagapatam. The Right Rev. J. F. Philippe, D.D., Coadjutor Bishop of Vizagapatam. Very Revd. J. M. Clerc, Vicar-General, Reyds. J. Releira, E. Gojon, J. Decompoix and A. Chelvum. *Gnanapuram*—Rev. F. Neyroud. *Kotta Daba*—Rev. J. M. Rassat. *Vizianagaram*—Rev. M. V. Domenge. *Saraila*—Revs. M. A. Muffat-Jolie, J. M. Decombes and F. Fulpin. *Berham-pore*—Rev. A. Rey. *Cuttack*—Revs. L. F. Decarre. *Cocanada*—Rev. B. Delcaval and J. Foulx. *Yanam*—Rev. F. Mabboux. *Palconda*—Revs. F. Arrillon and P. Payraud.

Schools in the Diocese—Boys, 439; Girls 666—Orphans: 112 Boys, 156 Girls.

DIOCESE OF NAGPUR.

Nagpore—The Right Rev. A. Riccaz, D.D., Bishop of Nagpur; The Very Rev. J. Thevenet, Superior, Revs. C. Pelvat, J. M. Girard, C. R. Montagnoux, P. Wall, E. Bonaventure; M. Thomas and J. Lord. *Kanhitce*—Revs. J. M. Crochet and P. Bozon. *Jubbulpore*—Rev. A. Delalex. *Khandwa*—Rev. A. Souchon. *Amraoti*—Revs. P. Dumoyer and J. W. Power.

Boys in the Schools, 600; Girls, 606. Orphans: Boys 114; Girls 130.

BISHOPRIC OF ST. THOME.

The Right Rev. Dr. Henry Josi Reed da Silva, Bishop of Mylapore; The Very Rev. Joao Baptista Gonsalves, Vicar-General of Mylapore; The Very Rev. Mons. Dr. S. R. Dalgado, Vicar-General of Bengat; Rev. Jeronymme Dias de Souza, Secretary to His Lordship; Rev. Basilio Antunes Moreira, Writer of the Camara Ecclesiastical; Rev. Joaquim Nunes, Rector of the Seminary; Rev. A. F. C. P. Barretto, Principal of St. Thomé College; Rev. A. S. Nunes, Director of the Orphanage; Rev. P. J. Baptist, Prior, St. Thome Cathedral; Rev. M. J. Feliciano Gustavo Conto, Coadjutor; Rev. J. F. da Piedade Dias, Rev. F. C. Hennogenes da Costa, Rev. J. B. Xavier de Souza, Chaplains.

Missionaries—Rev. A. F. X. Denezes, Rev. J. C. Couto. *Enviros of St. Thomé*—Rev. M. J. De Quadros, Vicar, Church of Mai de Deus; Rev. A. J. M. Carvalho, Vicar, Church of Luz; Rev. M. J. R. Carvalho, Vicar, Poodoopet. *Black Town*—Rev. T. B. De Quadros, Vicar, Big Parcherry; Rev. J. N. X. Misquita, Vicar, St. John's; M. E. Rodrigues, Vicar, Royapooram; Rev. S. M. Sequeira, Vicar, Church of Refuge.

Enviros of Madras—Rev. R. F. Barretto, Vicar, St. Thomas' Mount; Rev. R. M. Barretto, Vicar, Pallavaram; Rev. J. J. Luis, Vicar, Covelong; Rev. A. X. Coelho, Vicar, Palnettoor; Rev. G. F. Paes, Vicar, Chingleput.

Out-station—Rev. A. F. Costa, Vicar, Tanjore; Rev. M. V. Sa, Coadjutor; Rev. M. F. Fernandes, Vicar, Negapatam; Rev. G. J. Dias, Coadjutor; Rev. I. A. Andrade, Vicar, Velangany; Rev. M. J. P. Viegas, Coadjutor; Rev. P. M. da Silva, Coadjutor, Boitakannah; Rev. P. A. S. T. De Souza, Coadjutor, Boitakannah; Rev. I. F. R. Trindade, Vicar, Shihpur; Rev. D. L. De Santa Maria, Vicar, Chinsurah; Rev. A. X. Gonsalves, Vicar, Dacca; Rev. S. M. De Souza, Vicar, Tesgao; Rev. B. M. Dos Remedios, Vicar, Nagory; Rev. G. S. De Brito, Vicar, Hosnabad; Rev. J. P. C. Souza, Coadjutor.

There is an Ecclesiastical Seminary at St. Thomé with 25 Students, an Orphanage with 40 inmates, two high schools affiliated to the Madras University; one attached to St. Thomé Seminary, and the other at Negapatam, and a third at Calcutta. There are also two middle class schools at North Black Town and one at Tanjore, and a female school at Calcutta; two Anglo-Vernacular schools and fifteen Charity schools, and two Asylums for the old and infirm in which there are 50 inmates.

VICARIATE GENERAL OF COCHIN.

The Very Rev. C. J. M. Abreu, Vicar-General and Superior of the Mission, Residence—Quilon.

Amarabady—Rev. J. P. L. Fonseca; *Vattalunguel*—Rev. Pedro Rozario; *Cattur*—Rev. G. B. M. Torres; *Chellannam*—Rev. J. A. Freire; *Tuticorin*—Rev. A. G. Castellino; *Tuticorin, Asst.*—Rev. Alexandrino de Noronha; *Madura*—Rev. P. A. A. Alvares; *Gurdalle*—Rev. B. P. E. Furtado; *Trichinopoly*—Rev. B. R. Pinto; *Arim*—Rev. Casimiro de Souza; *Alleppey*—Rev. C. S. D. Miranda; *Erucite*—Rev. Ciriaco de Silva; *Vaddy*—Rev. D. A. J. de Souza; *Cocurnim*—Rev. D. E. D. de Cruz; *Caringolam*—Rev. F. X. Terrath; *Quilon*—Rev. J. Alcluia; B. V. Souza; *Vaddashery*—Rev. D. M. Bonth; *Arevolam*—Rev. J.

Baumes; *Punthorre*—Rev. A. C. Sequeira; *Valliatorre*—Rev. P. A. Souza; *Velly*—Rev. P. A. Souza, in charge; *Malyadipatty*—Rev. J. C. Brampis; *Tumpoly*—Rev. J. R. Furtado; *Nindagari*—Rev. J. S. F. Costa; *Manapad*—Rev. J. S. J. M. Carvalho; *Matupettah*—Rev. L. X. Pires; *Punicail*—Rev. M. C. Coello; *Dindigul*—Rev. M. J. P. Viegas; *Vaypar*—Rev. M. Norberto Joseph; *Pettah*—Rev. N. B. de Cruz; *Aur*—Rev. S. N. Dorese Costa; *Tutur*—Rev. Salvador de Silva; *Venkadacollam*—Rev. Sebastiao de Souza; *Pancare*—Rev. V. B. Neves.

There are 91 Schools for boys and girls, including the Ecclesiastical Seminary at Alleppey, 1 College Ornellas at Tuticorin and 1 School D. Ayres at Manapad for both sexes. The number of boys and girls attending School is 2,426.

Besides these, there are the following Charitable and Pious Institutions:—1 congregation of 3rd order of St. Francis d'Assis at Tumpoly; 1 Association of Piety called the Association of Sacred Family at Cattur; 1 Conference of St. Vincent de Paul and another Society of Temperance at Tuticorin; Charitable Associations at Valliatorre, Punthare, Manapad, Vaddy and Quilon; 1 Association mixed of Piety and Charity at Tutur; 1 Lodging for Catechumens at Alleppey, and 2 Inns for pilgrims at Oriur and Malyadipatty.

SYRO ROMAN CATHOLIC PORTUGUESE VICARIATE GENERAL AT CRANGANORE IN MALABAR.

The Very Rev. J. J. Abreu, Vicar-General and Superior of the Vicariate.

Residence—Alwaye.

I. SOUTHERN DIVISION.—*Canangare*—Rev. Vattacolath Ausebo; *Comorogam*—Rev. Cunachery Jacob; *Cadaturty*—Rev. Acamparabil Mathay, Rev. Pallicunel Ausebo (Assistant); *Elanhy*—Rev. Kilacail Mathu Uny, Rev. Manoel Abraham (Assistant); *Coreolingat*—Rev. Pottamto Paulos; *Changanachery*—Cadavil Ausebo; *Orbuncan*—Jofenan Cathanar.

II. NORTHERN DIVISION.—*Arnatcare and Trichoor*—Rev. Terratil Job Cathanar; *Arimbur*—Idem; *Cheur*—Rev. Areguel Thoma; *Muricanat*—Maplachery Simeon; *Patticat*—Rev. Cadavil Ausebo; *Erihalcode*—Rev. Bramakulato Paulos; *Putancheri*—Rev. Chalichery Thoma; *Canhany*—Rev. José Athanasio Cattur; *Paratty*—Rev. Hungatil Guiorguis; *Chitalgare*—Rev. Vayapolli Johanen; *Enamaquil and Murecadayt*—Rev. Abraham Cathanar; *Cherleum*—Rev. Mollacolum Agostons; *Artat*—Idem; *Mattam*—Rev. Pronju Cathanar; *Condonor*—Rev. Devassi Cathanar; *Collapady*—Rev. Kalucaren Kuriacos; *Pallur*—Rev. Hedaculatur Paulos; *Vailatur*—Rev. Calapurquil Ausebo; *Collegat*—Rev. Guiorguis Cathanar; *Vellur*—Kalucaren Kuriacos; *Alucay*—Rev. Attatare Ausebo.

There are 23,356 Christians, 1 Seminary at Alwaye, 1 College at Bramagalam (Cadaturty) and 21 Schools and 694 boys and girls. Besides the above-mentioned Priests, there are 6; and 30 Clerics.

ARMENIAN CHURCH OF ST. MARY,

OPENED IN THE YEAR 1712, IN NO. 1, ARMENIAN STREET.

Rev. Gaspar Ter Simon, Diocesan Priest.

CHURCH WARDENS.—Henry Lazar, M. S. Arathoon, and J. M. Narcis, Esqs. *Madras Armenian Orphans' Fund*, established in the year 1783, No. 1, Armenian Street.

GOVERNORS.—Henry Lazar, M. S. Arathoon, and J. M. Narcis, Esqs. *Madras Armenian School*, established in the year 1795, No. 1, Armenian Street.

DIRECTORS.—Henry Lazar, M. S. Arathoon, and J. M. Narcis, Esqs.

M. S. Arathoon is the present Warden, Governor and Director, &c., of the Church, Fund and School.

J. M. Narcis, English Master.

H. Lazar, Armenian Master.

Armenian Cemetery.

The present Cemetery was built and given to the Armenian community by Government in the year 1862.

Previous to the erection of the Church, the Armenian community performed Divine Service in a temporary place built of timber (on the North of Monument Esplanade, opposite Fort St. George), and the Priests are paid by the Funds of the Church. The present Church was built by the Armenian community at their own expense in the year 1712, and alterations and additions made to it by them from time to time. In the year 1833 the British Government was pleased to grant the sum of Rupees five thousand (5,000) from the late Lottery Funds, for the repairs of the Church, out of which funds the community was enabled to erect a substantial and extensive verandah, 148 feet in length by 10 in breadth, on the east side of it. Government was further pleased to grant a donation of Rupees (2,000) two thousand, from Dr. Woolley's Estate to the Church in the year 1839.

PART IX.—EDUCATIONAL.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

H. B. Grigg, Esq., M.A., C. S. Director of Public Instruction.

D. S. White, Esq. Assistant. | V. T. Seshadriya Chariyar, B.A., Head Clerk.

INSPECTORS OF SCHOOLS.

T. T. Logan, Esq., B.A. 1st Divn.	A. Monro, Esq., M.A., B.C.L., 5th Divn.
G. Bickle, Esq. 2nd "	L. Garthwaite, Esq., B.A., 6th "
J. T. Fowler, Esq., 3rd "	E. Marsden, Esq., B.A. 7th "
John Bradshaw, Esq., M.A., LL.D., 4th "	C. Nagoji Rau, Esq., B.A. 8th "
(on leave).	
P. Vijayaranga Mudaliar, Esq., Acting.	

INSPECTRESS OF GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

Mrs. Isabel Brander 3rd, 4th and 5th Divisions, Trichinopoly and Coimbatore.

DEPUTY INSPECTORS OF SCHOOLS (*Procl. Funds*).

First Division. Circles.

P. Kumar Mullick Russellkonda.
 Baboo Baghubuthi Chatterji Berhampore.
 K. Sankaraya Pantulu Chicacole.
 Babu Sasi Bushana Palet Parlakimedi.
 C. V. Kachayya Sastri Vizagapatam.
 G. V. Subbarayudu Vizianagram Range.
 Bhagavulu Parvathipur.

Second Division. Circles.

P. Kistnama Charlu Gooty.
 S. Hanumantha Rao Penakonda, under training.
 S. Krishnaswami Aiyar Acting.
 G. S. Abboy Nayudu Anantapur.
 T. Somasundra Rau Bellary.
 J. Vittal Pant., *sub pro tem*. Hospet.
 S. Melagiri Rao Adoni.
 H. Swami Rao, *sub pro tem*. Madanapalli.
 W. Ramaswami Nayudu, *sub pro tem*. Badvel.
 V. Kistiah, Pantulu Cuddapah.
 M. Venkiah Nandyal.
 S. Shanmukha Mudaliar Kurnool.
 Varamuniswamiyaya Koilkuntla.

Third Division. Circles.

P. Viziarunga Mudaliar, Madras. (on other duty.)
 P. Vedantachariar, Acting.
 Khajah Khan, Deputy Insp. of Muhammadan Schools.
 J. W. Armstrong Chingleput.

P. Vedantachariar Saidapet, (on other duty.)
 Saundraraja Aiyangar Nellore.
 K. Krishnamurthi Pantulu Ongole, on other duty.
 K. Singarachari Acting.
 K. Srinivasulu Nayudu Kavali.

Fourth Division. Circles.

C. Venkataramayya N. Arcot, North, (on leave.)
 M. Rangaswami Aiyangar, Acting.
 T. Aiya Aiyar N. Arcot, South.
 N. Murugesu Mudali Do. East.
 Janakiramayya Do. West.
 N. Devasigumany Mudaliar Vridhachalam.
 T. Muniswami Pillai Tindivanam.
 T. Ramalinga Pillai Tirukoilur.
 P. Venkatramayya Cuddalore.
 T. Srinivasa Rao Hosur.
 Nadamuni Mudaliar Salem.
 C. Ramalinga Aiyar Trichengode.
 N. Srinivasa Aiyangar, Acting, Tirupatur.

Fifth Division. Circles.

S. Gopala Aiyar Northern Range, Tanjore.
 P. Rangaswami Aiyangar, Southern Range, Tanjore.
 T. Krishna Rau Negapatnam.
 Kuppuswami Aiyar, *sub pro tem* Mayavaram.
 M. Singaravelu Mudali Madurai.
 C. N. Subrahmanya Aiyar Dindigul.
 G. S. Seshayya Ramnad.

Fifth Division—continued. Circles.

K. R. Sivarama Aiyar, Eastern Range, Tinnevely.
 S. Akshayalinga Mudaliar, Northern Range, Tinnevely.
 P. S. A. Sundaram Aiyar, Central Range, Tinnevely.
 D. S. Krishnaswami Aiyar, Western Range, Tinnevely.

Sixth Division. Circles.

K. Appayyasastri Northern Range, Trichinopoly.
 M. Ramasesha Aiyar Southern Range, Trichinopoly.
 T. R. Venkatarama Aiyar, Southern Range, Coimbatore.
 C. S. Swami Aiyar Eastern Range, Coimbatore.
 Mr. P. Lewis Northern Range, Coimbatore.
 T. Mathai Central Range, Malabar.
 S. Selvanayagam Southern Range, Malabar.

Sixth Division—continued. Circles.

P. O. Pothan Northern Range, Malabar.
 Muhammad Khan Dy. Insp. of Mapila Schools.

Seventh Division. Circles.

K. Santappa Northern Range, South Canara.
 U. Raghayendra Rau Southern Range, South Canara.

Eighth Division. Circles.

K. Dakshanamurti, Sastri, Cocanada.
 T. Sitaramaswami Pantulu Ellore.
 T. Srinivasachari Rajahmundry.
 C. Kothandarama Nayudu, Narsapur.
 M. Kameswara Rau Guntur.
 K. Krishnamurthi Pantulu, Acting, on other duty.
 V. Kameswara Rau, Masulipatam.
 Ch. Subbarayudu, Acting, Bezvada.
 Lakshmi Narayana Pantulu Vinukonda.

DEPUTIES TO THE INSPECTRESS OF GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

Miss Sarah Govindurajulu, Northern Range.

Y. Amirthanayagam Pillai, Southern Range.

H. M. Winfred, Central Range.

SENATE OF THE UNIVERSITY.

CHANCELLOR.—His Excellency The Right Hon'ble Lord Connemara.

VICE-CHANCELLOR.—The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kernan, M.A., Q.C.

FELLOWS.

The Hon'ble Sir Arthur John Hammond Collins, *Knight*, Chief Justice.*
 The Right Rev. F. Gell, D.D., Lord Bishop of Madras.*
 His Excellency Lieutenant-General Sir Charles George Arbuthnot, K.C.B., R.A., Member of Council.*
 The Hon'ble C. G. Master, C.I.E., Member of Council.*
 The Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins, Member of Council.
 H. B. Grigg, Esq., M.A., Director of Public Instruction.
 D. Duncan, Esq., M.A., D.Sc., Principal, of the Presidency College.
 G. H. Stuart, Esq., M.A., Ag. Principal, of the Presidency College.
 Brigade-Surgeon A. Porter, M.D., F.R.C.I., M.R.I.A., Principal of the Medical College.
 J. Townshend Fowler, Esq., F.R.G.S., F.S.A.
 The Right Rev. R. Caldwell, D.D., LL.D., Bishop.
 Rajah Sir T. Madhava Rau, K.C.S.I.
 N. R. Pogson, Esq., F.R.S., C.I.E.
 The Reverend W. Miller, M.A., LL.D., C.I.E.

R. F. Chisholm, Esq., F.R.I.A.
 B. Lavery, Esq.
 J. Grose, Esq., M.A.
 The Hon'ble A. Seshayya Sastriyar, C.S.I.
 Raja G. N. Gajapati Rau.
 The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Kernan, M.A., Q.C.
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1. Civil Engineering College, Madras.

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I. The full complement of Stipendiary Normal pupils is 38, divided as follows :—

18 Natives (Hindu or Muhammadan).

12 Native Christians.

8 Europeans and Eurasians.

(a) Students may be admitted in excess of the sanctioned number for any of the above classes, provided the total annual allotment for stipends is not exceeded, and provided that care be taken not to admit more than can be employed to advantage in the practising school.

(b) At present provision is made for teaching Tamil and Telugu only, but Hindu, Muhammadan, and Native Christian students not being Telugus or Tamils having a sufficient knowledge of English, Tamil, or Telugu to receive instruction through any of these languages are eligible for admission.

II. Normal students must be of good character and of respectable social standing. Each application for admission must be accompanied by a medical certificate stating that the applicant is in good health and has been vaccinated.

III. Without the special sanction of the Director of Public Instruction, no student may be admitted under fourteen or over twenty-five years of age.

IV. Students will ordinarily be admitted on the 1st of February in each year.

V. Native students will receive scholarships at the following rates:—

General Educational Certificates for which preparing.				Time.	Scholarship. Rs.
Primary, Lower	..	..	..	One year	6
Do. Higher	..	..	..	First year	8
Do. do.	..	..	..	Second year	9
Secondary, Lower	..	..	..	First year	10
Do. do.	..	..	..	Second year	12

VI. No Native student will ordinarily be admitted who has not passed the Upper Primary Examination. Those who fail to pass the Primary Lower General Education Test at the end of the first year may, with the sanction of the Director of Public Instruction, draw a scholarship for a second year, unless exempted by the Director of Public Instruction from further examination.

VII. Native Christians must have passed the Middle School Examination, first or second class, before they are admitted.

VIII. A student who has failed to pass at the end of a course may, with the special sanction of the Director of Public Instruction, be permitted to continue her studies for another year on such stipend as the Director may sanction.

IX. In addition to the scholarships, an allowance of Rs. 5 per mensem will be given on account of each Native student who is accompanied by a parent or guardian, provided her parents or guardians do not ordinarily reside in Madras or its neighbourhood. Such parent or guardian will be held responsible for the proper care, boarding, lodging, and general good conduct of the student.

X. Europeans and Eurasians who have passed the General Education Test—Secondary Grade—Lower, or some examination accepted by the Director of Public Instruction as equivalent thereto, will be admitted for one year's training only with a view to the grant of the normal certificates mentioned in Chapter II, Article 22, of the Grant-in-Aid Code. European and Eurasian students must pass an entrance examination in one of the vernacular languages of Southern India. This examination will be confined to testing the ability of the student to read and to translate any part of the Second Book of Lessons, to write dictation therefrom, and to converse in a vernacular. These scholarships will be at the rate of Rs. 12 per mensem. The Director may, in place of a Secondary Grade student, admit a student of Primary Grade, Higher, and grant her for one year a stipend of Rs. 8.

XI. Before any student is admitted, her guardian must undertake to repay the amount received as a scholarship in the case of a pupil who does not remain to complete the course of study required for a certificate and who does not subsequently serve for two years as a teacher.

XII. Native students will be considered on probation for six months; Europeans and Eurasians and Native Christians for two months. If the Superintendent reports that any student is not likely to prove an efficient schoolmistress, her scholarship will cease.

XIII. Six girls of any class, provided they are of good character and respectable social standing, may be admitted as free students with a prospect of succeeding to a scholarship, but without any positive pledge to that effect.

XIV. Ordinarily vacancies will be filled up from these free scholars. The Inspectors of Schools and the Inspectress of Girls' Schools may however, after communicating with the Superintendent, send young women who have been previously appointed to posts in Government Girls' Schools to be educated and trained in the Government Female Normal School, Madras. Young women previously appointed to posts in Local Fund and Municipal Schools may similarly be sent to be trained. In these cases the students will receive

half-pay from the funds of their school. Teachers may also be sent from aided schools, the managers receiving on their account scholarships under the provisions of Chapter VI of the Grant-in-Aid Code as follows :—

Teachers who have passed the—	Natives. Europeans.	
	Rs.	Rs.
General Education Test—Primary—Lower	..	3
Do. Do. Higher	..	5
Do. Secondary—Lower	..	7
Do. Do. Higher	..	10
Do. Collegiate	..	15
		20

Managers will be expected to supplement, if necessary, these Government scholarships, but are not bound to contribute any proportion.

XV. A certificated Mistress already in Government employ may be granted leave and sent to the Normal School to be trained.

XVI. Mistresses, permanent or provisional, are entitled to travelling allowances to and from Madras at the rates prescribed for Government teachers of their class.

MUHAMMADAN NORMAL SCHOOL, MADRAS.

Muhammad Abdur Rahmon Sahib, Head Master.

MOFUSSIL NORMAL SCHOOL (GOVERNMENT).

Russelcondah, Mr. Ragunatha Doss.

GOVERNMENT FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL, COIMBATORE.

Miss Mary M. Claridge, Head Mistress.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ARTS.

E. B. Havell, Esq., Superintendent.

MADRASA-I-AZAM—MADRAS.

Muhammad Azam Sahib, B.A., Head Master.

This Institution, the first Government School in the Presidency for Muhammadans exclusively, was established by Ghulam Ghouse Khan Bahadur, Nawab of the Carnatic, and was taken over by the Government on the 1st May 1859.

It contains Primary, Middle and High School Classes.

English, Hindustani, Persian and Tamil are taught.

The fees are fixed at half the ordinary rates.

The School is situated in Triplicane, almost upon the Wallajah Road, which leads from the Round Tannah, Mount Road, to the Government Buildings, Chepauk.

OFFICE OF THE REGISTRAR OF BOOKS.

Old College, Madras.

V. Krishnama Chariar, Registrar.

Hours for registration from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, 24th September 1867.

The following rules having received the sanction of the Governor in Council are published for general information :—

Rules under Section 20 of Act XXV of 1867, or an Act for the regulation of Printing Presses and Newspapers, for the preservation of copies of books printed in British India, and for the registration of such books.

1. Three copies of every work printed or lithographed in a district of the Madras Presidency except within the Municipal limits of the Town of Madras, shall be delivered to the Registrar of Assurances of such district at his head-quarters by the printer or lithographer. Also, along with the copies, the printer or lithographer shall furnish the District Registrar with a Memorandum containing the following particulars :—

- (1) The title of the book and the contents of the title-page :
- (2) The language in which the book is written :
- (3) The name of the author, translator, or editor of the book or any part thereof :
- (4) The subject :
- (5) The place of printing and the place of publication :
- (6) The name of firm of the printer and the name or firm of the publisher :
- (7) The date of issue from the press or of the publication :
- (8) The number of sheets, leaves, or pages :
- (9) The size :
- (10) The first, second or other number of the edition :
- (11) The number of copies of which the edition consists :

- (12) Whether the book is printed or lithographed;
 (13) The price at which the book is sold to the public; and
 (14) The name and residence of the proprietor of the copyright or of any portion of such copyright.

2. A District Registrar may refuse to accept books which are not presented in an appropriate form, as prescribed in Section 9 of Act XXV of 1867, or which are not accompanied by a memorandum of the nature specified in Rule 1.

3. On receiving the due number of copies of a work and the memorandum prescribed, the District Registrar shall furnish the printer or lithographer with a receipt in the following form:—

I, A. B., Registrar of Assurances in the District of _____, do hereby acknowledge to have received from C. D., printer (or lithographer, as the case may be) three copies of _____ with a memorandum containing the information specified in Section 18 of Act XXV of 1867.

4. Each District Registrar shall, as soon as practicable after granting the receipt above specified, forward to the office of the Registrar of Books the three copies of the work received by him, the memorandum of particulars referring to the work, and a bill for the three copies at their *bona fide* sale price.

5. As soon as practicable after the receipt of the books and corresponding memorandum, the Registrar of Books shall enter the work in the "Catalogue of Books printed in the Madras Presidency," and send an order on the District Treasury for the price of the copies to the publisher through the District Registrar.

6. If the proprietor of the copyright of a book delivered, desire to register his proprietorship, he shall pay the sum of Rupees 2 to the office where delivery is made; and this office shall grant a receipt, and shall pay the money into the Treasury, notifying the fact to the Registrar of Books, who shall then record that the copyright of the work has been secured. Tender of payment to secure copyright must be made in a written application praying for registration under Act XX of 1847.

7. If the Registrar of Books, from information given him by a District Registrar, or obtained from any other trustworthy source, sees reason to believe that a book has been printed or lithographed in any part of the Madras Presidency and that no copies of such book have been delivered as required by Act XXV of 1867, he shall take steps to have a prosecution established under Section 16, provided he is of opinion that such prosecution for non-delivery is requisite in the circumstances of the case.

8. The Registrar of Books shall forward two copies of each work to the Chief Secretary to Government, with a memorandum of particulars specified in Section 18 of Act XXV of 1867, a note being attached to the memorandum stating whether the copyright has been secured under the Act: and he shall retain the third copy in his office in a special library. The copies forwarded to the Chief Secretary to Government will be dealt with as laid down in the first part of Section 11 of Act XXV of 1867.

9. The Registrar of Books shall, with such assistance as he may secure, examine the contents of each work, and record in his Catalogue of Books such critical remarks regarding the work as may seem to him appropriate.

10. The foregoing rules apply only to books printed or lithographed on or after July 1st, 1867.

(By Order of the Governor in Council.)

(Signed) A. J. ARBUTHNOT, *Chief Secretary.*

CIRCULAR MEMORANDUM, No. 12.

The Registrar of Books thinks it desirable to call the attention of District Registrars, Printers and Publishers to the following notification of the Government of India exempting certain publications from the provisions of Act XXV of 1867. Such publications should in no case be sent in for registration or received by the District Registrars for transmission to this office:—

NOTIFICATION.

By virtue of the power vested in the Governor-General in Council by Section 21 of Act XXV of 1867, entitled "An Act for the regulation of Printing Presses and Newspapers, for the preservation of copies of books printed in British India, for the registration of such books," His Excellency in Council is pleased to declare that the following publications are exempted from the provisions of the said Act:—

- (1) Acts of the Legislative Council *without* notes or commentaries.
- (2) Price lists and tradesmen's circulars.
- (3) Catalogues of books and other articles, auctioneers' notices and advertisements.
- (4) Play-bills, comprising advertisements of theatrical and musical entertainments.
- (5) Decisions of courts of law *without* notes or commentaries.
- (6) Petitions and appeals addressed to constitute authority under the provisions of law.
- (7) Testimonials of private individuals or public officers.
- (8) Annual reports of schools, banks, societies and firms.
- (9) Almanacs and calendars.
- (10) Labels affixed to articles of commerce.

HOME DEPARTMENT, PUBLIC,
 FORT WILLIAM, Dec. 1871.

(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to Govt. of India.

2. By a recent ruling of the Madras Government, all Magazines, Reviews, Literary and Scientific Journals and similar *periodical* literature published in parts at fixed intervals, and intended to be continued for an indefinite time, should be registered for the future, in the same way as books.

MADRAS,
 Office of the Registrar of Books,
 19th March 1872. (Signed) V. KRISHNAMA CHARLAR,
Registrar of Books.

CIRCULAR MEMO.

The Government of India having issued an order for the collection of all *works of special interest or utility* coming under the class hitherto exempted from registration, all Printers are requested to furnish to this office, once a quarter, a list showing the names and other particulars of the publications of this exempted class to enable the undersigned to select and purchase such works from this class as may be required by the Government for transmission to the Secretary of State of India.

2. The Quarterly Lists of particulars relating to the publications in question should be prepared in the form in which the memo. of books delivered by Printers for registration is usually furnished.

BOOK REGISTRY OFFICE, } (Signed) V. KRISHNAMA CHARLAR,
 MADRAS, 25th March 1894. } *Registrar of Books.*

NOTICE TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.

The Registrar of Books having noticed that books and pamphlets are not unfrequently printed with words on the title-page intimating to the public that the copyright is "Registered" when in fact it is not registered, the attention of all Printers, Publishers and Proprietors is called to the following brief abstract of the Copyright Act (No. XX of 1847) so far as it affects them:—

In order to secure the proprietary right in any publication, a written application must be made to the Registrar in the subjoined form given in the schedule to Act XX of 1847 (vide Section V):—

TO THE REGISTRAR OF BOOKS,
 Madras.

Sir,—I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to cause my proprietorship of the copyright of work described in the annexed schedule to be registered under Rule 6 of Section 20 of Act XXV of 1867, and I herewith forward the prescribed fee of two rupees for the registry.

Madras,
 Date _____

I have, &c.,
 A. B.

SCHEDULE.

Time of making the entry.	Title of Book.	Name of the Publisher and place of publication.	Name and place of abode of the proprietor of the copyright.	Date of first publication.

Unless the copyright is secured thus formally the Author or Proprietor will have no copyright. Anybody else may publish the work with impunity and deprive him of his interest in his work, and no remedy can be had in a Court of law (Section XIV).

The advantage of registering copyright and the disadvantage of the omission to do so. If, on the other hand, copyright is registered, the fact will be admissible as *prima facie* evidence of title and the registered Proprietor can exercise the right to assign his interest or any portion of his interest in the book: (Section V).

Should any person print, or cause to be printed any book in which there subsists copyright without the consent in writing of the Proprietor entered as such in the Registry book of this office, or have in his possession for sale or hire any book so unlawfully printed without such consent, such offender makes himself liable to a special action for damages (Section VII). And all printed copies of such work are forfeited to the copyright Proprietor: (Section XII).

Penalty for infringement of copyright.

The practice which now prevails of inserting such formula as "Copyright registered" or "Copyright reserved" on the title-page of a book and then omitting intentionally or otherwise to register the same, is highly objectionable. It amounts to a false statement, made with a view to deter others by misrepresentation from publishing the book. Apart from the utter worthlessness of such false statement

the party making it may probably render himself liable to prosecution for cheating under the Penal Code.

Under Section III of the Copyright Act, the Registry book kept at this office is open to inspection at all reasonable times on payment at this office of eight annas for every entry which any person may require to be searched for or inspected in the said book, and therefore such person can thus inspect it to satisfy himself whether the copyright has been registered or not, or he can obtain, if required, a copy of any entry in such book, certified under the Registrar's hand, on payment of Rupees 2; and such copies so certified are receivable in evidence in all Courts and in all summary proceedings, and are a *prima facie* proof of the proprietorship of copyright.

2. The Registrar of Books would now warn all concerned that hereafter there can be no excuse for any false statement made concerning copyright or for any infraction of the rules regarding the registration of books generally under Act XXV of 1867, on plea of ignorance; and that any omission to register a publication after the receipt of this notice will be presumed to be intentional, and all parties concerned are hereby warned against the consequences of such neglect.

Office of the Registrar of Books, Old College, } (Sd.) V. KRISHNAMA CHARIAR,
MADRAS, 1st August 1876. } Registrar of Books.

GOVERNMENT COPYRIGHT,

NOTICE TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.

It having been brought to the notice of the Director of Public Instruction that Government copyright works are occasionally reprinted and published with notes or otherwise, without authority, and as ignorance is generally pleaded as an excuse when an explanation is called for, it is hereby notified that, should any person reprint, or cause to be reprinted, wholly or in part and with or without notes, glossaries, translations or other additions, any book, the copyright of which vests in the Government of Madras, without the consent in writing of the Government as Proprietors, or have in his possession for sale or hire any Government book so unlawfully printed without such consent, such offender makes himself liable to a special action for damages under Section 7 of the Copyright Act XX of 1847. And all printed copies of such work are forfeited to the copyright Proprietor under Section 12 of the same Act.

Penalty for infringement of Government copyright.

3. The requisite information being thus obtainable from the Registry book, as well as from the Quarterly Catalogues of all registered works published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, there can be no excuse for any infringement of the Government copyright, on plea of ignorance. On the contrary, the unauthorized publication of such copyright book will be presumed to be intentional, and all the parties concerned are therefore hereby warned against the consequences of violating the rights of Government.

2. All Printers and Publishers are further informed that, under Section 3 of the Copyright Act, the Registry book kept at this office is open to inspection at all reasonable times on payment at this office of 8 annas for every entry which any person may require to be searched for or inspected in the said book, and therefore such person can thus inspect it to satisfy himself whether the Government copyright has been registered or not; or he can obtain, if required, a copy of any entry in such book, certified under the Registrar's hand, on payment of Rupees 2.

3. The requisite information being thus obtainable from the Registry book, as well as from the Quarterly Catalogues of all registered works published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, there can be no excuse for any infringement of the Government copyright, on plea of ignorance. On the contrary, the unauthorized publication of such copyright book will be presumed to be intentional, and all the parties concerned are therefore hereby warned against the consequences of violating the rights of Government.

Office of the Registrar of Books, Madras, } (Sd.) V. KRISHNAMA CHARIAR,
26th October 1883. } Registrar of Books.

SCHOOL BOOK AND VERNACULAR LITERATURE SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED A. D. 1820.

PRESIDENT.—H. B. Grigg, Esq., M.A., C.S.

MEMBERS.

Abdur Razak Sahib.
Bilderbeck, Esq., J. B., B.A.
Brander, Mrs.
Carr, Miss E.
Duncan, Dr. D. M.A., D.Sc.
Elliot, E. H., Esq., B.A.
Fowler, Esq., J. T., F.S.A.
Garthwaite, L., Esq., B.A.
M.R.R. Kristnamachariar, V.

M.R.R. Ranganatha Mudaliar, P., M.A.
M.R.R. Rangayya Chettiar, S., B.A.
M.R.R. Seshagiri Sastriar, M., M.A.
M.R.R. Thamotheram Pillai, C. W., B.A. B.L.
M.R.R. Velu Pillai, J. M.
M.R.R. Vijiarangam Mudr., P.
Oppert, Esq., G., F.R.D.
Sell, Rev. E., B.D.

CORRESPONDING MEMBERS.

Caldwell, Rt. Rev. R., D.D., LL.D., M.R.A.S. | M.R.R. Rama Rau, K. S., B.A.
Foulkes, Rev. T., F.L.S., M.R.A.S. | Ramiengar, Hon'ble V., C.S.I.
J. T. Fowler, Esq., Secretary.

The Society was established in the year 1820 with a view to the general diffusion of useful knowledge by the supply of approved school books at the cheapest possible rates, and for furnishing such other elementary works, both in the English and Vernacular languages, as might tend to the mental and moral improvement of the people. It has since extended its operations by helping to form a solid vernacular literature by means of translations and original works, and it issues a monthly magazine both in Tamil and Telugu, named *Janarinodini*. The Office and the Depository are in the Old College, Nungumbakam.

MADRAS GOVERNMENT SCHOOL OF ARTS.

Superintendent.....E. B. Havell, Esq.
Instructor, Artistic Department.....E. Holder, Esq.
Asst., Pottery Department.....T. Subharoyulu Nayudu.
Head Clerk.....S. Rangachariar, B.A.

Preamble.—The Madras School of Arts is instituted to afford a sound training in drawing, painting and modelling, and in practical decorative design, to teachers, draughtsmen, artisans and others.

Article II.—The responsibility for the discipline and management of the school is vested in the Superintendent under the control of the Director of Public Instruction.

Article II.—Courses.—The course of instruction is in two divisions.

In Division I the course will include drawing and painting sufficiently advanced for the requirements of teachers and ornamental designers in India, and practical design, especially for pottery, wall and window decoration, wood carving and metal work. It will also include architectural drawing, wood and copper-plate engraving and etching.

Division II is intended for those who wish to study drawing and painting only for the sake of improvement or as a profession. The course will include elementary and advanced drawing and painting from ornament, from the antique and from life; modelling from ornament, the antique and the life.

Article III.—Admission.—At present there will be no limit as to the numbers admitted in either division. There will be no entrance examinations and no entrance fees.

Article IV.—Fees.—The fee for Division I will be eight annas per month, and for Division II eight rupees per month. All fees to be paid in advance.

Article V.—Certificates.—Certificates of the Lower Grade will be awarded for each of the subjects in the course of instruction in Division I. The following certificates of the Higher Grade will be awarded:—

Certificate I.—To obtain this certificate three works will be required—

1. A sheet of geometrical problems neatly worked out in Indian ink.
2. A sheet of simple problems in orthographic projection and sciography tinted in sepia or Indian ink.
3. A sheet of architectural studies drawn to scale in ink (from copies or actual measurement).

On these works being accepted, the candidate will be required to pass three examinations:—

1. Building construction, Preliminary (Higher Examinations in science, arts and industries, Syllabus No. 7).
2. Drawing to scale, neatly, plans, sections and elevations of architectural details from actual measurement.
3. Simple cases of sciography.

Certificate II.—Two works to be submitted for approval—

1. A group of plants or flowers modelled from nature in clay.
2. A modelled design in clay.

Two examinations:—The Government Higher Examinations in modelling and in pottery and porcelain (Syllabuses Nos. 33 and 55).

Certificate III.—Window or mural decoration.

Two works to be submitted—

1. A design for window or mural decoration.
2. A collection of sketches or studies of wall and window decoration from good examples.

Examination:—Advanced Higher Examination in drawing, painting and design (including Subject B-3).

Certificate IV.—Wood carving, furniture and architectural wood work.

Two works—

1. A set of studies of carved architectural detail and carved wood work drawn either to scale or in perspective.

2. A design for furniture or architectural wood work.
- Examination:—Advanced Higher Examination in drawing, painting and design (including B-1).

Certificate V.—Metal work.

Two works—

1. A collection of studies of decorative metal work from good examples.
2. A design for any piece of decorative metal work, drawn, modelled, or executed in the metal chosen.

One examination:—Government Higher Examination in silversmith's or jeweller's work (Syllabuses Nos. 47 and 48) or Subject B-2 in drawing, painting and design (Syllabus No. 37).

Certificate VI.—Wood and copper-plate engraving and etching.

Three works—

1. An etching from some selected object.
2. An engraving on wood or copper from some selected object.
3. A design for a title-page paper book cover, or similar work engraved on wood or copper.

One examination:—Government Higher Examination in wood and copper-plate engraving and etching (Syllabus No. 39).

All students in Division I who have passed in free-hand drawing of ornament from the flat, free-hand drawing of foliage and flowers from the flat, and geometry, will be required to appear for the Middle School Examination in drawing, or modelling, after passing which they will appear successively for the first and second stages of the Preliminary and Advanced Higher Examination in drawing, painting and design.

All apprentices and scholars shall undergo the preliminary higher or advanced higher examination in the branches of art or industry in which they are certified to have completed the course at the school.

NOTE.—Candidates who passed in the first or second class in the group of art subjects specified in paragraph 17 of the Government notification of Higher Examination in Science, Art and Industries, are entitled to a diploma signed by His Excellency the Governor or an officer deputed to sign for him. The holders of these diplomas shall be styled Associates of the Madras School of Arts.

No special certificates will be awarded in Division II, but any student will be allowed to appear for any of the examinations in Division I.

Article VI.—Scholarships.—One Government scholarship will be awarded half-yearly on the results of examinations in Division I. These scholarships will be ordinarily tenable for four years, but may be extended to five on the recommendation of the Superintendent. Each scholarship will commence at Rupees 3-3 per month, to be raised to Rupees 5 at the end of six months if the scholar's work continues to be satisfactory. After the scholar passes any of the technical subjects in the Middle School Examination it will be further raised to Rupees 7-3, and after he passes the first and second stages of the Preliminary Higher Examination in drawing, painting and design, to the full amount of Rupees 10.

A limited number of students in Division I will also be admitted to work at pottery decoration, wood carving, metal work, and other branches of decorative design, and will receive monthly payment, the amount to be fixed on the results of their work.

Article VII.—Prospects of Students.—The practical courses of the school will afford opportunities for training as skilled goldsmiths, wood carvers, decorators, modellers and draughtsmen, &c.

By the scheme of technical education set forth in the Government notification of 31st March 1886, a wide field is opened up to the trained students of the school for employment as teachers.

Special salary grants and payments on results are made to schools and classes under qualified teachers holding certificates in art and industrial subjects.

Article VIII.—General.—All students, exclusive of the scholars and apprentices, will provide themselves with materials and instruments, &c., required.

Strict observance of the standing rules of the school as regards attendance and discipline will be expected from all.

HOURS OF STUDY.

Regular Course.

Drawing School, Division I.—Each morning except Government holidays, from 7 to 9 o'clock. Students in training the whole day.

Division II.—Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 7 to 9 A.M.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENTS.

In the Industrial Department all kinds of art metal work—pottery, glass-painting, and decoration are taught. Scholarships are awarded to enable students to continue their study in different branches of decorative art.

MADRAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Brigade-Surgeon A. PORTER, M.D., F.R.C.S.I., M.B.I.A., Principal.

Professor of Medicine and Clinical Medicine	..Brigade-Surgeon A. Porter, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence	..Surgeon-Major H. J. Hazlett.
Professor of Anatomy	..Surgeon-Major H. Allison, M.D., Acting.
Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine, and Surgery and Physiology	..Surg.-Maj.E.F. Drake-Brockman, F.R.C.S., &c.
Professor of Surgery & Clinical Surgery	..Surgeon-Major J. J. L. Ratton, M.D. (on furlough.)
	..Brigade-Surgeon C. Sibthorpe, Acting.
Professor of Midwifery	..Surgeon-Major A. M. Branfoot, M.B.
Professor of Chemistry	..Surgeon-Major C. J. McNally, M.D.
	..Surgeon J. L. VanGeyzel, M.B., Acting.
Professor of Hygiene	..Surgeon-Major H. Allison, M.D. (on other duty).
	..Surgeon H. Fuller, M.B., Acting.
Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy	..Surgeon J. Maitland, M.B. (on furlough).
	..Surgeon J. C. Smith, Acting.
Professor of Pathology	..Surgeon D. F. Dymott, M.B. (on other duty).
	..Surgeon J. Smyth, M.D., Acting.
Professor of Dental Surgery	..H. J. Gould, Esq.
Lecturer on Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children to female students	..Miss H. Bourchier, M.D., Paris.
Lecturer on Botany	..2nd Class Apoth. R. Hollingsworth.
Assistant to the Professor of Medicine	..Honorary Surgeon W. Karney.
Assistant to the Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy	..2nd Class Apoth. R. Hollingsworth.
Asst. to the Professor of Chemistry	..2nd Class Apoth. V. J. Staggs.
Demonstrator of Anatomy and Curator of the Museum	..1st Class Asst. Apothecary D. Robertson.
Asst. to the Professor of Midwifery and Ophthalmology	..1st Class Hospl. Asst. T. Cunnoswami Pillay.
Asst. to the Professor of Surgery and Medical Jurisprudence	..P. Narrainsawmy.
Clerk	..Mr. S. C. Battery.
Librarian	..Mr. C. Clarke.
Draughtsman	..M. Mooneesawmy Moodelly.

This Institution was established by the Right Honorable Sir FREDERICK ADAM, E.C.B., by a General Order of Government, dated 13th February 1835, for the instruction in "Medicine and Surgery" of Europeans, Eurasians and Natives entering the Medical branch of the public service. The benefits of instruction have been since thrown open to the community at large. The Medical College has been recognised by the Royal Colleges of Surgeons of London, Dublin and Edinburgh, as one of the Colonial Schools of Medicine and Surgery. It is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction.

A building has been appropriated solely to the objects of the Institution, the foundation stone of which was laid in December 1836. It was greatly enlarged and improved in 1867.

There is a separate building for practical Anatomy; there is also a Laboratory where practical Chemistry is taught.

A Museum has been formed, which in addition to morbid specimens, possesses numerous preparations, models, &c., for illustrating the different branches of the course of instruction. There is also a Museum of Botany and Materia Medica.

The Institution is supplied annually with a selection of works on the several branches of Medical Science, for the purpose of forming a Library of Reference. There is also a Students' Library.

The Academical year extends from 1st October to 30th June inclusive, and is divided into a Winter Session of six, and Summer Session of three, months. The annual examinations of the College are held in June.

The pupils in attendance at the College consist of—

1. Free Scholars, Private Students and a Lane Scholar, who form the Senior or First Department of the College. The period of study for those qualifying for the M.B. & C.M. degree is five years, and for those qualifying for the L.M. & S. degree four years.

2. The second Department comprises students qualifying for the grade of Apothecary. Lady students who qualify as medical practitioners have to study four years in College. Those desirous of qualifying for University degrees will be required to attend the full curriculum of studies laid down for those degrees and to have passed the preliminary examinations enjoined by the University.

The Primary and Final examinations of students of the second Department take place in June, when certificates of qualification are granted.

There are two Lane Scholarships of Rupees 35 per mensem, tenable for five years, in the case of a male student studying for M.B. and C.M. Degree, and for four years to a female student.

The Bharati Lakshmi Scholarship open to all females who study at the College for a University degree or the College diploma. The scholarship holder will receive a monthly stipend of 15 rupees.

The Johnstone Gold Medal of 40 rupees value is given as a prize to the best qualified student of the Senior or Second Department.

The Blacklock Gold Medal is given to the best Clinical student.

The Chipperfield Gold Medal is given to the best student in the class of Medicine or Surgery.

The Bharati Lakshmi Gold Medal (the Maha Rajah of Travancore's Gold Medal) is given to a female student who displays proficiency in the subject of Midwifery and diseases of Women and Children.

The Ramasawmy Gold Medal is given to the student who displays the greatest proficiency in Midwifery and diseases of Women and Children, including excellence in Clinical Midwifery.

The Viceroy's Silver Medal is given to the female student who secures the highest place in the first class at the Final Examination for Medical Practitioners.

The Funnell prize of 100 rupees (for the best Clinical report) is open to students who have completed four academical years of study at the Medical College and Hospital and who have not obtained any of the Medical Degrees of the University.

The students of the Senior Department present themselves for the University Examinations and are subject to its regulations for degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

Rules for admission into the Several Departments of the College.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

1. Candidates who have passed the First Examination in Arts are admitted as private students to the M.B. and C.M. Section of the Senior Department of the College, and educated on payment of certain fees, to qualify for the M.B. and C.M. Degree of the University of Madras.

2. *Free Scholarships.*—Five Free Scholarships are attached to the College. One is awarded annually and tenable for five years in the M.B. Class and four years in the L.M. and S. Class. This scholarship is open to Europeans, East Indians and Natives, on satisfactory evidences of character and of inability to pay the prescribed fees.

3. *Lane Scholarship.*—An Endowed Scholarship, founded in the year 1848 in memory of the late Surgeon Lane, of the Madras Medical Service, is at the disposal of the Lane Scholarship Committee. Another Scholarship is awarded to a female student. Applications for particulars to be made to the Secretary of the Committee. The candidates for the Lane Scholarships must be Protestants, of certified moral character, and of decided religious principles. Satisfactory evidence of character and principles must accompany all applications for scholarships. The monthly stipend of the Lane Scholarship is Rupees 35.

6. The curriculum for this class is as follows:—

First Year.

Winter..... { Chemistry.
Botany.

Summer... Practical Chemistry.

(Preliminary Scientific Examination to be passed.)

Second Year.

Winter..... { Anatomy.
Physiology.
Materia Medica and Therapeutics.

Summer... Practical Pharmacy.

} Dispensary and Surgical
Wards.

Third Year.

Winter..... { Anatomy.
Physiology.
Surgery and Operative Surgery.
Clinical Surgery.
Dissections.

Summer... { Surgery and Operative Surgery (continued).
Minor Surgery.
Comparative Anatomy.
Microscope and Histology.

} Medical and Surgical
Wards.

} Eye Infirmary.

(First M.B. Examination to be passed.)

Fourth Year.

Winter..... { Medicine.
Surgery and Operative Surgery.
Pathology.
Midwifery & Diseases of Women & Children.* } Medical Wards.
Clinical Medicine.
Medical Jurisprudence.
Clinical Surgery.

Summer... { Midwifery & Diseases of Women & Children
(continued).* } Medical Wards.
Clinical Medicine.
Surgery and Operative Surgery (continued).
Clinical Surgery.

Fifth Year.

Winter..... { Medicine.
Ophthalmology.
Clinical Medicine.
Hygiene.
† Midwifery & Diseases of Women & Children. } Medical Wards and Ly-
ing-in Hospital.

Summer... { Clinical Ophthalmology.
Surgery and Operative Surgery.
† Midwifery & Diseases of Women & Children } Eye Infirmary.
(continued).

(Second or Final Examination for M. B. Degree to be passed.)

6. Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras or other University are admitted as Private Students and educated on payment of certain fees to enable them to qualify for the L. M. and S. Degree of the Madras University.

7. Candidates above the age of seventeen years are eligible for admission.

8. The course of training at the Medical College for such students extends over four years.

9. The curriculum for the class is as follows:—

First Year.

Winter..... { Anatomy.
Chemistry.
Dissections and Demonstrations.
Examination by Assistants. } Hospital Attendance.
Summer... { Practical Chemistry.
Do. Pharmacy and
Materia Medica (Elementary).
Physiology (Elementary). }

Second Year.

Winter..... { Anatomy.
Materia Medica, &c.
Physiology.
Dissections and Demonstrations. } Hospital Attendance.
Examinations by Assistants.
Summer... { Practical Pharmacy.
Histology. }

(First L. M. and S. Examination to be passed.)

Third Year.

Winter..... { Surgery and Operative Surgery.
Clinical Surgery.
Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
† Midwifery and Diseases of Women & Children. } Surgical and Medical
Hygiene. Wards.
Summer... { Surgery and Operative Surgery (continued).
Minor Surgery. [(continued).
† Midwifery and Diseases of Women & Children }

* For male and female students under their respective teachers.

† For female students only.

Fourth Year.

Winter.....	Medicine and Clinical Medicine.	General Hospital, Eye Infirmary and Lying-in Hospital.
	Surgery and Operative Surgery.	
	Clinical Surgery.	
	Midwifery and Diseases of Women & Children.*	
Summer....	Ophthalmology.	[(continued).*
	Medical Jurisprudence.	
	Midwifery and Diseases of Women & Children	
	Surgery and Operative Surgery (continued).	
	Minor Surgery.	

(2nd or Final Examination for the L.M. and S. degree to be passed.)

Government do not guarantee appointments to students who qualify in these departments.

Fees paid in to credit of Government by applicants for admission into the various classes will not be returned in any case.

The curriculum of study for female students of this Department is the same as that prescribed for male students.

Female candidates who have matriculated or who have passed the higher Examination for Women are alone eligible for admission to the classes.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

Rules for admission of Candidates for the Grade of "Native Medical Pupils" for Military Employment.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above nineteen years of age, and they must produce testimonials as to character, and certificate of age, vaccination, and physical fitness for military service, signed by a Commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment. Preference will be given to the sons of Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

2. The following is the standard of examination:—

- (a) A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in dictation. Twenty errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted) will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective hand-writing. Candidates will also be examined in the meaning of words and phrases, in grammatical construction of sentences, and in grammar generally. Candidates will further be required to translate into English a short exercise in their own vernacular, and to translate into their own vernacular a short exercise in English.

(b) The leading facts of the History of India.

(c) The Geography of India.

(d) The first four rules of Arithmetic, and Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

(e) To read and write their own vernaculars with fluency and accuracy.

3. Successful candidates will be designated "Native Medical Pupils," and attached for one year, if the exigencies of the Service permit, to such Military and Civil Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them on the following stipends:—

First year (pre-collegiate)	Rs. 7
Second year (in College)	8

Free quarters or Havildar's rate of hutting money (Rupees 4) will also be given.

4. During their pre-collegiate course, Native Medical Pupils will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G.O.C.C., No. 112 of 29th August 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions. The Pharmacopœia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopœia, Minor Surgery, reading of prescriptions, and the elements of Osteology.

At this final examination Native Medical Pupils will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns," in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the last 6 months of their pre-collegiate course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lads will be drafted into the Auxiliary Medical School on the following rates of College pay:—

Second-class student	Rs. 9
First-class do.	10

with free quarters, or hutting money as specified in paragraph 10.

* For male and female students under their respective teachers.

5. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions.

6. All Medical Officers under whom Native Medical Pupils are placed are enjoined to see that they are properly taught and exercised in all the duties pertaining to a Medical subordinate.

7. Successful candidates will be attested under G.O.G., No. 170 of 20th April 1867.

8. It has been ruled by the Government of India that service in the grade of Native Medical Pupil, whether passed or unpassed, does not reckon towards pension.

CIVIL MEDICAL SUBORDINATE DEPARTMENT.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above nineteen years of age, and they must produce testimonials as to character, and certificate of age, vaccination, and physical fitness for Government service, signed by a commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment.

Candidates of all nationalities are eligible for this department.

2. The following is the standard of examination:—

- (a) A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in Dictation. Twenty errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted), will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective hand-writing.

Candidates will also be examined in the meaning of words and phrases, in grammatical construction of sentences, and in grammar generally.

Candidates will further be required to translate into English a short exercise in their own vernacular, and to translate into their own vernacular a short exercise in English.

(b) The leading facts of the History of India.

(c) The Geography of India.

(d) The first four rules of Arithmetic, and Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

(e) To read and write their own vernaculars with fluency and accuracy.

3. Successful candidates will be designated "Civil Medical Pupils," and attached for one year, if the exigencies of the service permit, to such Military and Civil Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them, on Rupees 7 per mensem for the whole period.

4. During their pre-collegiate course, Civil Medical Pupils will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G.O.C.C., No. 112 of 29th August 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions.

The Pharmacopœia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopœia, Minor Surgery, reading of prescriptions, and the elements of Osteology.

At this final examination, Civil Medical Pupils will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns," in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the last 6 months of their pre-collegiate course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lads will be drafted into the Auxiliary Medical School.

5. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions. Supervising Officers will be guided by the instructions contained in paragraphs 14 and 15 of Section V of the Medical Code in reference to the examinations and the written replies of candidates.

6. The course of instructions at the Auxiliary Medical School will extend over three years and College pay for the entire period will be Rupees 9 per mensem. On completion of the third year of study, on examination if found qualified for advancement, they will be promoted to the grade of Civil Hospital Assistant and receive the undermentioned salary, contingent on passing successfully periodical examinations:—

	Pay.	Charge.
	Rs.	Rs.
Under 7 years' service.....	25	10
8 to 14 do. do.	35	10
15 and upwards.....	55	10

7. Civil Hospital Assistants will be eligible for leave and pension under the rules applicable to the Uncovenanted Civil Service.

8. Successful candidates will be bound by articles of agreement to serve Government for a period of seven years from date of receiving certificate of qualification from the Auxiliary Medical School.

The curriculum of study for the Junior or Third Department is as follows:—

THE REVISED CURRICULUM OF STUDY.

First Year.

Winter.....	Anatomy Materia Medica	} Hospital Attendance.
Summer.....	Physiology Practical Pharmacy Minor Surgery	

Second Year.

Winter.....	Anatomy Materia Medica Medicine Clinical Medicine Surgery Clinical Surgery Midwifery Hygiene Dissections	} Attendance at the Native Infirmary, Medical and Surgical Wards, during both Sessions, Vaccine Depot during the recess.
Summer.....	Physiology Minor Surgery Practical Pharmacy	

Third Year.

Winter.....	Medicine Clinical Medicine Surgery Clinical Surgery Midwifery Hygiene Medical Jurisprudence Dissections and Operative Surgery	} Attendance at Native Infirmary Wards, Government Eye Infirmary and Ramasawmy Lying-in Hospital.
Summer.....	Examinations in Medicine, Surgery, Midwifery, Hygiene, Medical Jurisprudence, Materia Medica and Minor and Operative Surgery.	

Due notice will be given in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* when there are vacancies for the grades of Hospital Apprentice and Native Medical Pupils.

Junior Department students at the close of the 3rd year in the school shall be required to pass an examination before a Board of Examiners composed of officers unconnected with the Medical School or College in the subjects of Medicine, Surgery, Minor and Operative Surgery, Midwifery, Hygiene, Medical Jurisprudence and Materia Medica and Pharmacy, both oral and written.

Failure to pass this examination will entail removal from Service.

Private Students of the Junior Department.

Students unconnected with the Medical Service are permitted to join the classes of the Junior Department of the College upon the following conditions, provided that their admission does not interfere with the working of the several classes:—

- That such students are, by their attainments, qualified to join the Junior Department.
- That they furnish satisfactory testimonials of good conduct.
- That their admission will in no way inconvenience the working of the classes to which they are admitted.
- That the students so admitted shall pay a fee in advance of Rupees 8 for each course of lectures, the fees being carried to the credit of Government.
- That such students shall submit generally to the discipline enforced in the Auxiliary Medical School.
- That if required to attend the practice of the General Hospital, the students shall pay a fee in advance of Rupees 10 per annum, the fees being placed at the credit of the hospital.

A separate fee of Rs. 15 is charged for permission to appear before a Board of Examiners to obtain a Qualified Certificate.

The lectures on Physiology, Medical Jurisprudence, Hygiene, Materia Medica and Practical Pharmacy are open to the public.

MADRAS COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE.

Principal, (on furlough).

W. R. Robertson, Esq., M.R.A.C., Fellow of the Madras University.

Vice-Principal (Acting Principal).

Walter Keess, Esq., M.R.A.C., M.A., (Cambridge).

LECTURERS AND ASSISTANT LECTURERS.

AGRICULTURE.....	Walter Keess, Esq., M.R.A.C., M.A., and *Mr. C. K. Subba Rao.
CHEMISTRY.....	Walter Keess, Esq., M.B.A.C., M.A.
BOTANY, PHYSIOGRAPHY AND MATHEMATICS.....	*Mr. G. Krishna Prabhu, B.A.
VETERINARY ANIMAL PHYSIOLOGY AND ENTOMOLOGY.....	*Mr. M. Narayana Rao.
GEOLOGY, &c.....	Mr. A. Ramalinga Aiyer, M.A.
BUILDING, MENSURATION, SURVEYING, &c.....	Mr. T. V. Seetharam Moodelliar.
FARM BAILIFF.....	*Mr. C. Krishna Menon.
GYMNASTIC INSTRUCTOR.....	Mr. J. A. Boon.
HEAD CLERK.....	Mr. T. Venkatasawmy Naicker.

ADMISSION RULES.

GENERAL.

1. There are two courses of instruction—a Senior course and a Junior course. The former extends over three sessions (thirty-four months), and the latter over one session (ten months). The Senior course is adapted to the requirements of persons needing a thorough training in scientific and practical agriculture, in view to their future employment as Land-owners, Managers of estates and farms, or as higher subordinates in the Revenue, Agricultural, Cattle-disease Inspection, and Educational Departments, or as employes in similar posts under District Boards, Municipal Councils, or private employers.

2. Persons from all parts of India are eligible for admission to the College, provided they have passed the Entrance Examination of an Indian University, or the Middle School Examination in the first or an examination of a similar standard, and provided they produce certificates of good conduct, of age and physical fitness.† Other candidates may be admitted by the special orders of Government on the recommendation of the Director of Public Instruction.

3. No candidate shall be admitted to the Senior Department whose age is under sixteen or above twenty-five years, unless he be already in the service of the Madras Government, without the special orders of the Director of Public Instruction.

4. Admission shall ordinarily be made on the 1st of September in each year, and at other times with the special sanction of the Director of Public Instruction.

5. No admission shall be made to a class if the number of students in that class already amounts to forty, without the special orders of the Director of Public Instruction.

6. In filling up vacancies, preference shall be given to candidates belonging to families having landed estates, to candidates recommended by the Collectors of Districts and by large landed proprietors, and, other things being equal, to candidates having the higher educational, more especially scientific, qualifications.

7. Caste scruples are not permitted to interfere in any way with the course of training in any branch of instruction in the College.

8. The students in the Senior as well as the Junior Department are divided into—

- (1) Scholarship students (District and Muhammadan).
- (2) Free students.
- (3) Paying students.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

9. There are twenty-one District scholarships and six Muhammadan scholarships attached to the Senior Department. Of the former, seven, and of the latter, two, will be granted annually. The District scholarships will be granted in the following order:—

1886.	1887.	1888.
Arstna.	Bellary.	Vizagapatam.
Channarayana.	North Arcot.	Nellore.
Tanjore.	Coimbatore.	Kurnool.
Madbar.		Chingleput.
		Ganjam.
		Cuddapah.
		Nilgiris.
		Anantapur.
		South Arcot.

Graduates of the College of Agriculture.

Should be supported by baptismal certificate, horoscope, or certificate signed by a medical officer.

The original certificate, including evidence of vaccination, must accompany the application.

10. In the absence of Muhammadan applicants for the Muhammadan scholarships, the scholarships will be awarded to Eurasians, and, failing such, to candidates from districts not included in the list for the year.

11. A special scholarship shall also be awarded to the free student who stands first in the First class (first year's class) at the end of the first six months' probationary period.

12. The District and Muhammadan scholarships will be tenable for thirty-four months, counting from the 1st of September of the year in which the student joins the College, and the special scholarship referred to in Rule 11 will be tenable for twenty-eight months.

13. A student holding a scholarship, who fails to obtain at the College examinations in any session 25 per cent. at least of the total marks for each subject of instruction and 40 per cent. of the sum total of such marks, shall cease to be a student.

14. The District and Muhammadan candidates for scholarships shall be nominated by Collectors and appointed by the Director.

15. The Collectors should, when practicable, select for the District studentship the best man available among the younger Revenue officials or candidates for service under Government in the Revenue Department.

16. If already in the service of Government, the student should be granted leave without pay during the course of instruction at the College; the time so spent shall count as service. If the student be a candidate for Government service, he may be sent to the College on the distinct understanding that he will be provided with suitable employment in the Revenue branch of the service on the completion of the course.

17. The rates of monthly scholarship will be as follow:—

	RS.	A.	P.
First year ...	10	0	0
Second year ...	12	8	0
Remainder of period ...	15	0	0

18. Students holding District and Muhammadan scholarships are entitled to travelling expenses to and from Madras once a year (*vide* G.O., No. 81, Financial, dated 16th January 1883).

19. Every student shall be considered on probation for the first six months, and, if it shall appear to the Principal that he is not likely to succeed, he may, with the sanction of the Director, require such student to leave the College. The dismissed student, if he holds a scholarship, may, if the Director considers it necessary, be called upon to refund all moneys he may have received as scholarship or travelling allowances.

20. The annual increments are due only to students who have complied fully with the regulations of the College and who have at the College examinations, as far as the course has proceeded, obtained 33 per cent. of the total marks for each subject of instruction and 60 per cent. of the sum total of such marks in each session, and whose conduct has been satisfactory to the Principal.

21. Every scholarship student shall be required, before drawing his scholarship, to sign an agreement binding himself to continue his studies in the College for the period prescribed and to appear in due course at such test examination or examinations as may be prescribed, to conform to the rules and regulations of the College, and to pay all moneys that may become due by him. This agreement must be signed also by a parent or a guardian of the student, who shall undertake that the student shall carry out the terms of the agreement.

22. All scholarships are liable to be forfeited in part or in whole for absence without leave, disobedience to orders, or neglect of duty. A scholarship student may be dismissed for serious misconduct or continued idleness, and, if so dismissed, may be declared ineligible for employment under Government, and shall be required to refund the amount drawn by him for scholarship and travelling allowances.

23. A scholarship student may be permitted to resign his scholarship during the course, but in that case, unless good and sufficient cause be shown for such resignation, he shall be required to refund the amount drawn by him for scholarship and travelling allowances.

24. Native States, Local Fund Boards, Municipalities, Landholders and Societies are permitted to send students, provided such students receive scholarships and travelling allowances at rates not less than those noted in Rules 17 and 18, and provided such students enter into an agreement similar to that described in Rule 21. Candidates from territories beyond the Madras Presidency may be admitted only on condition that they shall also pay to the College the fees prescribed for paying students.

25. *Free Students.*—Free students shall be nominated by Collectors and by the Principal with special reference to the conditions laid down in Rules 2 and 19 and appointed by the Director.

26. Rules 13, 19, 21 (omitting the words "before drawing his scholarship") and 22 shall be held to apply to free students.

27. A free student may, for good and sufficient reasons, be permitted to resign his appointment with the sanction of the Director.

28. A free student has a special claim to succeed to a district scholarship falling vacant in his class during the course. In filling such a vacancy preference is given to a free student belonging to the district to which the vacant scholarship is attached; but if there is no such student in the class, the scholarship is awarded by the Director on the recommendation of the Principal.

29. *Paying Students.*—Students may be admitted to the course on the payment of the following fees in advance:—

	Per session or per annum.
	RS.
For all subjects of instruction ...	30
For each subject ...	6

30. Such students shall have a preferential claim to vacancies occurring among the free students.

31. Paying students are such shall not be required to sign any agreement provided they possess the necessary qualifications.

32. Rules 13, 19, 22 and 25 are applicable to paying students.

33. Every free and paying student must deposit on joining the College, as "caution money," a sum of Rs. 10, as a fund out of which to pay fines, cost of damages, &c.; and this fund must be made good at the beginning of each session. The amount standing to the student's credit will be repaid to him on leaving the College.

34. The Director of Public Instruction may permit any duly qualified school teacher to attend lectures at the College free of charge.

35. Certified teachers in receipt of salary grants, as teachers in ordinary colleges and secondary schools, who may wish to attend a special course at the College, will be eligible for the continuance of their grant during the course, and, if resident in the mofussil, to actual travelling expenses to Madras and back. The above concession will depend on the Principal reporting that the progress of such students is satisfactory and that they are likely to pass the next ensuing Preliminary Higher Examination.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

36. There are eleven District and two Muhammadan scholarships attached to this department. The District scholarships will be granted in the following order:—

1886.			1887.		
Anantapur.	Nilgiris.	Salem.	Karnool.	North Arcot.	Tinnevely.
Trichinopoly.	Cuddapah.	Canara.	Nellore.	Bellary.	Kistna.
Godavari.	Ganjam.	Chingleput.	Vizagapatam.	Malabar.	Madras.
South Arcot.	Madura.		Coimbatore.	Tanjore.	

37. The Muhammadan scholarships are granted under the same rules as in the Senior Department.

38. The District and Muhammadan scholarships are tenable for ten months, counting from the 1st of September of the year in which the class is formed, provided that in the first six months of the course the student obtains at the College examinations at the least 25 per cent. of the total marks for each subject of instruction and 40 per cent. of the sum total of such marks.

39. These scholarships are conferred on persons nominated under the same general regulations as are prescribed for the Senior Department.

40. The monthly scholarship is Rs. 7-10-0.

41. The scholarship students are entitled to travelling allowances under the provisions of the Travelling Allowance Code for one journey to the College and one journey to their houses, provided they complete the course to the satisfaction of the Principal.

42. Every scholarship student in this department is generally under Rules 19, 21, 22, 23 and of the Senior Department.

43. Native States, Local Fund Boards, Municipalities, Landholders and Associations are permitted to send duly qualified students to join this class, provided such students receive scholarships and travelling allowances at rates not less than those given by Government, and provided such students enter into similar agreements. Candidates from territories outside the limits of the Madras Presidency may be admitted only on condition that they shall also pay to the College the fees prescribed for paying students.

44. Free studentships also are attached to this department. Rules 21, 22, 25, 28 and 33 are generally applicable to free students in this department.

45. Paying students are admitted on payment of fees, which are the same as in the Senior Department. Rules 22, 25, 30, 31 and 33 are applicable to these students also.

TECHNICAL EXAMINATIONS.

46. All students holding scholarships, and all free students in the Senior as well as the Junior Department, must undergo examinations in agriculture and the allied subjects as prescribed in the Technical Education scheme. All students applying for these examinations have to pay the prescribed fees and are entitled to compete for the scholarships and prizes awarded under the scheme.

Applications from candidates must be in the prescribed printed forms, which can be obtained from the office of any Collector or from this office.

NIGHT CLASSES.

Night classes are held at the College. Fee 8 annas per month for each subject. Subjects this year are Electro-Metallurgy (Higher Examination Standard), Animal Physiology, Agriculture and Botany (Middle School Standard).

(Signed) W. KEESS,

Ag. Principal, College of Agriculture.

Saidapet, 30th July 1887.

COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING.

PRINCIPAL.—Captain H. D. Love, Royal Engineers, (on furlough).

" C. B. Henderson, Royal Engineers, (Acting).
STAFF.

Mathematics.....	T. R. Scott, Esq., B.A., (Acting).
Do. and Engineering	Sub-Conductor W. Cames.
Surveying, Drawing and Estimating	H. W. Hyde, Esq.
Do. do.	Mr. J. Hamilton.
Draftsmen's Class	" F. Pope.
Surveyors' Class	" W. H. Goddard. [duty.]
Vernacular Instructor (Tamil).....	" C. Krishna Aiyar, B.A., (on other
Do. do. (Telugu)	" H. Narasinga Rau, B.A.
Do. do. (Tam. & Tel.)	" A. Krishnamacheri.
Special Mathematical Assistant.....	" T. N. Rajagopala Aiyar, B.A.
Librarian	" W. Pearson, (on leave).
	C. K. Subrahmanya Aiyar, B.A., (Acting).
Instructor in Photography	H. W. Hyde, Esq.
Instructor in Bricklaying	P. Nadamuni Mudaliyar.
Head Clerk and Accountant.....	V. Balasundara Mudaliyar.
2nd Clerk	C. Varadaraja Aiyangar.
3rd Clerk	V. Kolandavelu Mudaliyar.

I.—RULES RELATING TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING.

The following Code of Rules relating to the constitution and work of the Madras College of Engineering, the subsequent training of students, and their selection by the Department of Public Works, has been sanctioned by Government and will have effect from 1st January 1886:—

Preamble.—The College, which is affiliated to the Madras University, will afford theoretical and practical instruction in subjects qualifying Europeans and Natives of India for the professions and callings set forth in Article III, in view of fitting them for employment in such capacity by Government, by Local and Municipal Boards, and by other agencies.

Students passing the higher course in Engineering are at the same time prepared for the B.C.E. Degree of the Madras University.

ARTICLE I.

The responsibility for the discipline and management of the College is vested in the Principal, under the control of the Director of Public Instruction.

ARTICLE II.

The admission and all final examinations will be conducted by an independent Board of Examiners, consisting of a President and two Members, to be appointed by Government for a term of three years. They shall receive such remuneration as shall from time to time be fixed by Government. When necessary, the Board may, with the sanction of Government, employ Assistant Examiners. The decision of the Board of Examiners in regard to the qualifications of any student appearing for examination shall be final. The names of all students declared by the Board to have passed a final examination shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

ARTICLE III.

The classes to be formed are—

- | | |
|----------------------------|--|
| (1) Civil Engineers. | (4) Draughtsmen. |
| (2) Mechanical Engineers. | (5) Surveyors. |
| (3) Engineer Subordinates. | (6) Sub-Overseers, Maistries and Artizans. |

ARTICLE IV.—ADMISSION.

(1) The number of students to be admitted annually will, for the present, be limited to 15 in the Civil and Mechanical Engineer classes taken together; to 30 in the class for Engineer Subordinates; to 20 in the class for Draughtsmen; to 15 in the class for Surveyors.

N.B.—These numbers will be liable to reduction, which will be notified one month before the entrance examination, until the college accommodation has been improved and enlarged to meet requirements.

The number to be admitted to the other classes will be notified yearly. Admission shall be once a year—(1) for the Engineer classes, on last Monday in January; (2) for the Engineer Subordinates' class, on first Monday in August; (3) for the junior classes, on last Monday in January.

(2) Candidates for admission to the Civil and Mechanical Engineer classes must be between the ages of 17 and 21 years, to the Engineer Subordinates' class between the ages of 16 and 20 years, and to the other classes between the ages of 16 and 22 years, on the 31st December preceding the year of admission.

(3) Candidates for admission to the Civil and Mechanical Engineer classes must produce a certificate of having passed the First Examination in Arts of the Madras or other Indian University; to the Engineer Subordinates' class, a certificate of having passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras or other Indian University; to the

Draughtsmen's and Surveyors' classes, except when specially exempted, a certificate of having passed the Middle School Examination. For the sixth class selection will be made from the sons of artisans or maistries, or from youths who have already had practical training in some of the building trades.

(4) All candidates must produce satisfactory testimony of good character, physical fitness, age, and freedom from liability to small-pox. Candidates whose certificates are unsatisfactory in any respect will be excluded from the test for admission.

(5) Admission to the Civil and Mechanical Engineer classes shall be decided by open competition in the following branches of mathematics; but, to insure a high standard of general knowledge, to the total marks obtained in mathematics will be added one-half of the marks obtained in F. A. Examination:—

	Marks.
Arithmetic	100
Algebra, including quadratic equations and binomial theorem	75
Geometry, the first four books and the sixth book of Euclid	75
Mensuration	50
Trigonometry, including the solution of plane triangles	100

Total ..	400
F. A. Examination ..	300

Grand Total ..	700
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Candidates failing to obtain one-third of the combined total marks shall not be admitted. Selection shall be made in order of merit: provided that, if four Europeans and Eurasians and three Muhammadans are not within the first fifteen, the number under each may be made good in order of merit from the other qualified candidates. Before joining the College, the candidates shall inform the Principal whether they intend to be Civil or Mechanical Engineers.

(6) The fee for admission to this examination shall be Rs. 10. The names of the successful candidates shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(7) Admission to the Engineer Subordinates' class shall, except in the case of soldier students, be decided by open competition in the following branches of mathematics; but, to ensure the requisite standard of general knowledge, to the total marks obtained in mathematics will be added one-half of the marks gained in the Matriculation Examination:—

	Marks.
Arithmetic	125
Algebra	75
Geometry	100
	300
	225

Proportion of marks in the Matriculation Examination ...

Total ...	525
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(8) Candidates failing to obtain one-third of the total combined marks shall not be admitted. Selection shall be made in order of merit: provided that, if six Europeans and Eurasians and four Muhammadans are not within the first twenty-five, the number under each may be made good in order of merit from the other qualified candidates. The fee for admission to this examination shall be Rupees 5. The names of the successful candidates shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(9) *Soldier Students.*—Non-commissioned officers and soldiers of Her Majesty's British service desirous of qualifying for employment in the Public Works Department will, to the number of five annually, be admitted to the College on passing an entrance examination in arithmetic and English. After one year's study of arithmetic, algebra, geometry, and vernacular language, they will, provided they pass a satisfactory examination in these subjects, join the subordinate class for the ordinary theoretical and practical courses. Each student will draw a stipend of Rupees 10 per mensem for three and-a-half years, commencing from the date of joining the subordinate class. His pay, rations and clothing will be drawn from his regiment throughout the whole course of study. A fixed proportion between the number of soldiers and civilians to be appointed to the Public Works Department will be established.

(10) Admission to the Draughtsmen's and Surveyors' classes shall be regulated by the order in which the candidates have passed the Middle School or some higher examination, the selection proceeding from those that have passed a higher examination to those who have passed a lower.

ARTICLE V.—COURSES.

The course and subjects of study in the several classes shall be as follows:—

(1) CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEER CLASSES

(a) *THEORETICAL COURSE.*—The theoretical course, which extends over three years, will embrace the subjects and carry the marks enumerated below:—

	Marks.
1. <i>Pure and applied Mathematics.</i> —Algebra, geometry, and arithmetic; mensuration and trigonometry; mechanics; hydromechanics; algebraic geometry, and the differential and integral calculus ...	675

	Marks
II. <i>Science</i> .—Chemistry, physics, and geology	325
III. <i>Engineering</i> .—Building materials; building and bridge construction; hydraulics, irrigation works and sanitary engineering; road and railway construction; applied mechanics; principles of mechanism; prime movers; the steam engine	800
IV. <i>Surveying</i> .—Surveying with chain, compass and plane table; levelling; theodolite surveying; topographical drawing	400
V. <i>Drawing</i> .—Geometrical drawing; free-hand, model, and perspective drawing; architectural drawing; machine drawing; estimating; designing; specification	500
VI. <i>Language</i> .—Tamil or Telugu*	200
VII. <i>Physique</i> .—Physical fitness; gymnastics, &c.	100
Final Total...	3,000

Of the total marks, 2,700 shall be awarded by the Board of Examiners for examination work; and 300 by the College Staff for drawings, notes, field-work, &c., executed during the course. The Board, however, shall call for and inspect such drawings, notes, &c., before finally accepting the marks given by the Staff.

Term examinations will be held at the end of the first and second years of study, at which portions of the above subjects will be finally disposed of by the Board of Examiners. The marks awardable at these examinations are included in the final total.

Candidates must obtain one-third of the total marks in each of the subject heads I., III., IV and V, one-fourth in each of the subject heads II, VI and VII, and one-half of the final total marks. They shall be arranged in two classes in order of merit; the first, or honor class, containing those who have obtained not less than three-fourths of the total marks.

(b) *PRACTICAL COURSE.—Civil Engineers.*—After completing the theoretical course, the pupils of the Civil Engineer class will spend one year in the Public Works Workshop, going through the carpenters' shop, the smithy, the foundry, and the fitting shop. They will then be placed for one year under the Public Works Department, and will be stationed at places where large works are in progress. They will be regularly instructed in the practical details of brick-making, brick-laying, quarrying, blasting, masonry, building of all sorts, the management of labor, accounts, &c.

Mechanical Engineers.—The course will comprise two years of practical study at the chief workshops of the Presidency.

(2) ENGINEERING SUBORDINATES' CLASS.

(a) *THEORETICAL COURSE.*—The theoretical course, which extends over two-and-a-half years, will embrace the subjects and carry the marks enumerated below:—

	Marks.
I. <i>Mathematics</i> .—Arithmetic, algebra and geometry; plane trigonometry and mensuration; elementary statics	370
II. <i>Engineering</i> .—Building materials; strength of materials; building and bridge construction; earthwork and roads; hydraulics and irrigation works; elementary applied mechanics; mechanism and the steam-engine; designing and estimating	600
III. <i>Surveying</i> .—Surveying with chain, compass and plane table; levelling; theodolite surveying; topographical drawing	350
IV. <i>Drawing</i> .—Geometrical drawing; free-hand drawing; mechanical drawing; estimating	400
V. <i>Language</i> .—Tamil or Telugu*	180
VI. <i>Physique</i> .—Physical fitness; gymnastics, &c.	100
Final Total...	2,000

Of the total marks, 1,800 shall be awarded by the Board of Examiners for examination work, and 200 by the College Staff for drawings, notes, field-work, &c., executed during the course. The Board, however, shall call for and inspect such drawings, notes, &c., before finally accepting the marks given by the Staff.

Term examinations will be held at the end of the first and third half-years of study, at which portions of the above subjects will be finally disposed of by the Board of Examiners. The marks awardable at these examinations are included in the final total.

Candidates must obtain one-third of the total marks in each of the subject heads, I, II, III and IV, one-fourth in each of the subject heads V and VI, and one-half of the final total marks. They shall be arranged into two classes in order of merit; the first containing those who have obtained at least three-fourths of the total marks.

(b) *PRACTICAL COURSE.*—The practical course will comprise one year of practical study in workshops, and one year on large engineering works, on which instruction will be afforded similar to that given to the Civil Engineer pupils.

*Tamil to be obligatory for natives of Telugu districts, and *vice versa*. The choice of one of these two languages to be open to all other students.

(3) DRAUGHTSMEN'S CLASS.

The course, which extends over two years, will embrace the subjects, and carry the marks enumerated below:—

	Marks.
(1) Practical and descriptive geometry	150
(2) Free-hand, perspective, and model drawing	150
(3) Architectural and topographical drawing	240
(4) Machine drawing	200
(5) Estimating	260
Total...	1,000

Of the total marks, 800 shall be awarded by the Board of Examiners for examination work, and 200 by the College Staff for plans, &c., executed during the course. The Board, however, shall call for and inspect such drawings, &c., before finally accepting the marks given by the Staff.

A term examination will be held at the end of the first year.

Candidates obtaining 66 per cent. in each of the above five subjects and 75 per cent. on the total shall receive *First class* certificates: those obtaining 50 and 66 per cent., respectively, *Second class* certificates: those obtaining 36 and 50 per cent., respectively, *Third class* certificates.

(4) SURVEYORS' CLASS.

The course, which extends over two years, will embrace the subjects, and carry the marks enumerated below:—

	Marks.
(1) Surveying with chain, compass and plane table	275
(2) Levelling	225
(3) Theodolite surveying	200
(4) Topographical drawing	300
Total...	1,000

Of the total marks, 800 shall be awarded by the Board of Examiners for examination work, and 200 by the College Staff for field-work and drawings executed during the course. The Board, however, shall call for and inspect such drawings, notes, &c., before finally accepting the marks given by the Staff.

A term examination will be held at the end of the first year.

Candidates obtaining 66 per cent. in each of the above four subjects and 75 per cent. on the total shall receive *First class* certificates: those obtaining 50 and 66 per cent., respectively, *Second class* certificates: those obtaining 36 and 50 per cent., respectively, *Third class* certificates.

(5) SUB-OVERSEERS, &c.

The courses of study shall be—

Arithmetic.	Scales.
Elementary Geometry.	Plan-drawing
Mensuration.	Elements of Engineering.

No examinations will be held, but a certificate of attendance shall be given by the Principal after a minimum period of one year's regular study. The instruction shall be given in Tamil and Telugu languages and the class shall be an evening one.

ARTICLE VI.—FEES.

(a) *Civil and Mechanical Engineer Classes.*—The fee is fixed at Rs. 85 for each term of six months, payable in advance; or, if candidates so desire, they will be permitted to pay instead a monthly contribution of Rs. 16, but in either case a deposit of Rs. 100 will be demanded at the outset.

A student may compound for the whole theoretical course by the payment of a fee of Rs. 400 in advance. No fee will be demanded for the practical course.

(b) *Engineer Subordinates' Class.*—The fee is fixed at Rs. 50 for each term of six months, payable in advance; or a monthly contribution of Rs. 6, or Rs. 125 for the whole theoretical course, payable in advance. In every case a deposit of Rs. 50 will be demanded at the outset. No fee will be demanded for the practical course.

Soldier students will be exempted from payment of College fees, and will be supplied with text-books in use and with drawing instruments, colors, &c., gratis.

(c) *Draughtsmen's and Surveyors' Classes.*—A term fee of Rs. 18 to be paid in advance, or a monthly contribution of Rs. 4.

(d) *Sub-Overseer and Maistry Class.*—No fee shall be required except a registration fee of 5 rupees.

NOTE.—Fees will, under no circumstances, be returned after a student has been admitted to the institution.

ARTICLE VII.—CERTIFICATES.

(a) The Board of Examiners shall issue, under their signatures, a certificate to each candidate setting forth the class of study in which he has qualified; but, in the case of students of the Engineer and Engineer Subordinates' classes, the final certificate, in the

nature of a diploma, shall be issued under the signatures of the Principal of the College and of the Director of Public Instruction, in proof that the student concerned has satisfactorily completed the prescribed practical course.

(b) A candidate who has failed to obtain a certificate from the Board at the final examination may appear before the Board for examination at any subsequent year, provided he is certified to have put in the necessary attendance at the college and pays a fee as follows:—

	RS.
Civil and Mechanical Engineers ...	30
Engineer Subordinates ...	20
Other classes ...	10

(c) The names of the candidates so passing shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* in a separate list, and they shall simply be declared to have satisfied the Board of Examiners.

ARTICLE VIII.—SCHOLARSHIPS, &c.

The following scholarships and prizes are allowed for students during their College course:—

(1) *Engineer Classes*.—One scholarship of Rs. 30 per mensem will be awarded annually to the candidate who passes first in the admission examination. The scholarships are rewardable annually on the results of each term examination.

A gold medal of the value of Rs. 120 will be awarded to the students who passes first in the final examination.

Prizes consisting of instruments or books will be given for special proficiency in particular subjects.

(2) *Engineer Subordinates' Class*.—Two scholarships, each of Rs. 10 per mensem, will be awarded annually to the two candidates who pass highest on the list at the admission examination. The scholarships are rewardable after each term examination.

A gold medal of the value of Rs. 60 will be awarded to the student who passes first in the final examination.

Prizes consisting of instruments or books will be given for special proficiency in particular subjects.

(3) *Draughtsmen's Class*.—Two scholarships, each of Rs. 8 per mensem, tenable during the second year of study, will be granted to the students who stand highest on the list at the term examination at the end of the first year.

A silver medal of the value of Rs. 10 will be given to the student who passes first in the final examination.

(4) *Surveyors' Class*.—Two scholarships, each of Rs. 8 per mensem, tenable during the second year of study, will be granted to the students who stand highest on the list at the term examination at the end of the first year.

A silver medal of the value of Rs. 10 will be given to the student who passes first in the final examination.

NOTE.—Scholarships may be reduced or forfeited for misbehaviour or other cause.

ARTICLE IX.—PRACTICAL COURSES.

All allowances during the practical course will be debitable to the Department of Public Works.

(1) *Civil and Mechanical Engineers*.—During the final year of practical training on works, subsistence allowances of Rs. 50 per mensem for Europeans and Eurasians and Rs. 25 per mensem for Natives will be granted. Such allowances will, however, be contingent on the good conduct and satisfactory progress of the student under instruction; and on proof of misconduct or idleness, the allowances may be cut down or withdrawn altogether by the officers in charge of the works.

(2) *Engineer Subordinates*.—As in the case of the Civil and Mechanical Engineer pupils, no fee will be exacted during the workshop year; and during the year of practical study on works stipends will be granted of Rs. 30 per mensem for Europeans and Eurasians and Rs. 20 per mensem for Natives, subject to the conditions of good conduct, regular attendance, &c.

Soldier students will, during the workshop course, draw pay, rations, and clothing from their regiments, and the stipends prescribed for the theoretical course. During their year of practical training on works, they will cease to draw those allowances, and will be brought on the Public Works Department scale of establishment as apprentice overseers, drawing the pay and allowances laid down in the Public Works regulations.

ARTICLE X.—PROSPECTS OF STUDENTS.

(1) *Civil and Mechanical Engineers*.—One appointment annually as Assistant Engineer, third grade, in the Public Works Department, will for the present be conferred on the student highest on the list at the final examination who has also obtained the degree of B.O.E. To those next on the list appointments as Supervisors, second grade, will be offered, in order of merit. The number of appointments to be so awarded will be in proportion to the requirements of the service, and will be fixed by the Chief Engineer. The number so determined on will be announced annually, at least six months before the final College examination. It is to be understood, however, that all vacancies in the Supervisor grade will not be filled by selection from the most distinguished of the passed students of this class, as a portion of such vacancies must be reserved for the best qualified subordinates of the Overseer grade.

(2) *Engineer Subordinates*.—Vacancies in the Overseer grades of the Public Works Establishment will be filled by passed men in the order of merit. Prior to each entrance examination, notice will be given of the number of such appointments likely to become available for competition by the then entering batch of candidates.

(3) *Draughtsmen*.—Certificated students of this class will be appointed to the Public Works Department as Draughtsmen and Estimators as vacancies occur. The course of instruction having been extended and the standard for certificate having been raised, passed students under these rules will be entitled to the improved salaries for the different classes of draughtsmen which will be notified hereafter.

(4) *Surveyors*.—There are no permanent appointments available in the Public Works Establishment for Surveyors only; but when the services of temporary men are required for special surveys not undertaken by the Public Works subordinate staff, the officers in charge are instructed to select for such employment none but passed Surveyors of the College of Engineering.

Qualified men may be appointed Probationary Deputy Surveyors, Madras Survey, on Rs. 50 with the prospect of rising eventually to the rank of Sub-Assistant Superintendent on Rs. 250.

NOTE.—It is the duty of the Principal to render all reasonable assistance to passed students who may not be appointed to the Public Works Department in seeking employment under Local and Municipal Boards and other agencies. With this view, lists of qualified men, with remarks as to their attainments, conduct, &c., will be circulated annually to Local Fund Boards and Municipalities, with recommendations that they may be employed in suitable posts when opportunities offer.

ARTICLE XI.—GENERAL.

(1) Students in the Civil and Mechanical Engineer classes are expected to appear for the B.O.E. degree examination; but they are discouraged from appearing until they have completed the three years' theoretical course.

(2) All students must provide themselves with the text-books in use and with the necessary apparatus, instruments (except surveying instruments), &c. They will, with the exception of military students, be non-resident. Strict observance of the standing rules of the institution as regards attendance, discipline, &c., will be expected from all.

(3) Students during their practical course shall not be under the supervision of the Principal of the College, but officers under whom they are serving will be required in the Public Works Department to furnish to the Principal half-yearly reports of their progress in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by Government.

II.—RULES OF ADMISSION.

(1) ENGINEER CLASSES.

A Competitive Examination for admission to the Engineer classes will be held annually on the first Monday in December, commencing at 10 A.M., at the College of Engineering, Madras, and at the Government Colleges of Rajahmundry, Bellary, Calicut and Madura. Candidates who have passed the F. A. Examination of the Madras or other Indian University, who will be between 17 and 21 years of age on 31st December following, and who have complied with the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 below will alone be permitted to compete. To the marks gained in this examination will be added half the marks previously secured by each candidate in the First Examination in Arts of the Madras University.* One-third of the combined total marks will be the minimum qualifying for admission. The first fifteen† qualified candidates on the list will be selected for admission, provided that, if four Europeans or Eurasians and three Mussalmans be not within the first fifteen, the number under each may be made good in order of merit from the other qualified candidates.

	Marks.
Morning paper, 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	Arithmetic (the whole) ... Algebra (to the binomial theorem) ... Mensuration ... Mensuration (continued) ...
Afternoon paper, 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.	Geometry (Eucl. I, II, III, IV and VI) ... Plane Trigonometry ...
	400
Add half F. A. Examination marks	300
	700
Qualifying minimum 233 marks.	Total...

3. Application for admission to this Examination will be received by the Principal up to the first Monday in November. Each application must be accompanied by—

- a fee of Rs. 10, which will under no circumstances be returned;
- copies of testimonials certifying to good character and conduct for a period of not less than two years immediately prior to date of application;

* If the candidate is an undergraduate of one of the other Indian Universities, his marks in the F. A. Examination will be applied for, and a proportionate number allotted.

† Vide Note to Article IV, Clause 1 of Rules relating to the constitution of the College.

- (c) copy of horoscope or other certificate of birth;
(d) statement in the following form, filled up in the candidate's hand-writing.

Application for Admission to the *—Engineer Class, College of Engineering, Madras.

Candidate's name in full.	Candidate's address.	Name and address of father or guardian.	Date of birth.	Race and religion.	Year of passing F. A. Examination.	Register number and rank in F. A. Examination.	Whether passed B. A. Examination or appeared for it, or about to appear.	List of documents enclosed.	Place at which candidate desires to appear for Entrance Examination.

Place
Date

Signature of Candidate.

4. The names of the successful candidates will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. The candidates will join the College on the last Monday in January (unless appearing for the B. A. Degree Examination, when they must present themselves on the first Monday in February), and must each on that day deposit with the Principal—

- the sum of Rs. 100, which will be drawn against for books, drawing instruments, &c., any balance being ultimately returned to the candidate;
- a certificate from a Gazetted Government Medical Officer declaring that the candidate is of good constitution, free from disease, fit for the out-door work of the Public Works Department and that he has been vaccinated. The certificate must bear a personal description of the candidate;
- original University certificate;
- originals of certificates referred to in paragraph 3.

(2) ENGINEER SUBORDINATES' ("OVERSEERS") CLASS.

(a) Civil Candidates.

A Competitive Examination for admission to the Engineer Subordinates' classes will be held on the first Monday in May, commencing at 10 A.M., at the College of Engineering, Madras, and at Berhampore, Vizagapatam, Rajahmundry, Masulipatam, Bellary, Kurnool, Nellore, Kumbakonam, Madura, Calicut and Mangalore. Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras or other Indian University, whose ages were between 16 and 20 on 31st December preceding, and who have complied with the conditions laid down in paragraph 3 below, will alone be permitted to compete. To the marks gained in this examination will be added half the marks previously secured by each candidate in the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University.† One-third of the combined total marks will be the minimum qualifying for admission. The first twenty-five qualified candidates on the list will be selected for admission; provided that, if six Europeans and Eurasians, and four Mussalmans be not within the first twenty-five, the number under each may be made good in order of merit from the other qualified candidates.

2. The scheme of examination will be as follows:—

	Marks.
Morning paper, 10 A.M. to 1 P.M.	
Arithmetic (the whole)	125
Algebra	25
Afternoon paper, 2 P.M. to 5 P.M.	
Algebra (continued) (up to quadratic equations inclusive)	50
Geometry (to Euclid, Book IV inclusive)	100
Add half Matriculation marks.. .. .	300
Qualifying minimum—175 marks.	225
Qualifying minimum—175 marks.	Total .. 525

3. Applications for admission to this examination will be received by the Principal up to the first Monday in April. Each application must be accompanied by—

- a fee of Rs. 5, which will under no circumstances be returned;
- copies of testimonials certifying to good character and conduct for a period of not less than two years immediately prior to date of application;

* Here enter *Civil* or *Mechanical*.

† If the candidate is a Matriculate of one of the other Indian Universities, his marks in the Matriculation Examination will be applied for, and a proportionate number allotted.

- (c) copy of horoscope or other certificate of birth;
(d) a statement in the following form, filled up in the candidate's hand-writing:—

Application for Admission to the Engineer Subordinates' Class, College of Engineering, Madras.

Candidate's name in full.	Candidate's address.	Name and address of father or guardian.	Date of birth.	Race and religion.	Year of passing Matriculation Examination.	Register number and rank in Matriculation Examination.	Whether passed F. A. Examination, or appeared for it.	List of documents enclosed.	Place at which candidate desires to appear for Entrance Examination.

Place
Date

Signature of Candidate.

4. The names of the successful candidates will be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. The candidates will join the College on the first Monday in August, and must on that day deposit with the Principal—

- the sum of Rs. 50, which will be drawn against for books, drawing instruments, &c., any balance being ultimately returned to the candidate;
- a certificate from a Government Medical Officer declaring that the candidate is of good constitution, free from disease, fit for the out-door work of the Public Works Department, and that he has been vaccinated. The certificate must bear a personal description of the candidate;
- original University certificate;
- originals of certificates referred to in paragraph 3.

(b) Military Candidates.

A Competitive Examination for admission to the College of Engineering, Madras, will be held annually on the first Monday in May. The examination will be conducted by means of papers forwarded from the College to Officers Commanding Regiments and Batteries, who are requested to detail one or more officers to superintend the examination in accordance with rules which will be furnished with the papers. Candidates from Madras, St. Thomas' Mount and Poonamallee will be examined at the College.

2. Candidates must—

- be non-commissioned officers or men of Her Majesty's British Forces of not less than two years' service, and under twenty-five years of age;
- have uniformly conducted themselves to the satisfaction of their Commanding Officers in the discharge of their duties;
- be thoroughly trustworthy and well-conducted men, who can be relied on to superintend native workmen and to treat them in a becoming manner.

3. Applications from Commanding Officers for the examination of such men as they may recommend for admission should reach the Principal not later than 15th April, and should be accompanied by the following documents, viz.:—

- Extract from Troop and Company or Battery Defaulter Sheet.
- Do. from third page of Attestation.
- Do. from Court-martial Sheet.
- Certificate of sound health and unimpaired constitution from a Commissioned Medical Officer.

Each application should state whether the candidate is married.

4. The entrance examination, which occupies one day, comprises the following subjects:—

	Marks.
Arithmetic.—The whole subject; one three-hour paper	100
English Dictation	50
English Grammar and Composition.—Grammatical rules, construction of sentences, short essay; one two-hour paper	50
Qualifying minimum—100 marks.	Total... 200

5. The first five qualified candidates will be admitted, and will join the College on the first Monday in August. At the expiration of a year, they will undergo an examination in Arithmetic, Algebra, Geometry, and Vernacular language, and those who are successful will be admitted to the Engineer Subordinates' class for the regular course of technical study.

NOTE.—Soldier students will be under the command of the Principal, or, in his absence, of the officer acting for him. They will reside in barracks and quarters attached to the College, and will wear the undress uniform of their regiments. They are exempt from payment of College fees, and are supplied with the text-books in use, and with drawing instruments, colors, &c., gratis.

(3) DRAUGHTSMEN'S CLASS.

The standard fixed for admission is that of the Middle School Examination. The names of the candidates who have passed this or some higher examination will, provided the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 are complied with, be received by the Principal for registration up to the first Monday in November. The registered names will be placed in a list regulated by the order in which the candidates have passed the Middle School or some higher examination, and the first twenty candidates on the list will be selected for admission in the following January to the College of Engineering.

2. Applications will be registered on receipt of—

- a registration fee of Rs. 2, which will under no circumstances be returned;
- copies of testimonials certifying to good character and conduct for a period of not less than two years immediately prior to date of application;
- statement in the following form filled up in the candidate's hand-writing:—

Application for Admission to Draftsmen's Class, College of Engineering, Madras.

Name in full.	Address.	Name and address of father or guardian.	Date of birth.	Race and religion.	Year of passing Middle School Examination.	Register number and rank in Middle School Examination.	Whether passed Matriculation or higher Examination; if so, date and register number.	List of documents enclosed.

Place
Date

Signature of Candidate.

3. The selected candidates will join the College on the last Monday in January, and must each on that day deposit with the Principal—

- the sum of Rs. 50, which will be drawn against for books, instruments, &c., any balance being ultimately returned to the candidate;
- a certificate from a Government Medical Officer that the candidate is free from disease, that he has been vaccinated, and that his age lies between 16 and 22 years. The certificate must bear a personal description of the candidate;
- original Middle School (or Matriculation, &c.) certificate;
- originals of certificates referred to in paragraph 2.

(4) SURVEYORS' CLASS.

The standard fixed for admission is that of the Middle School Examination. The names of the candidates who have passed this or some higher examination will, provided the conditions laid down in paragraph 2 are complied with, be received by the Principal for registration up to the first Monday in November. The registered names will be placed in a list regulated by the order in which the candidates have passed the Middle School or some higher examination, and the first fifteen candidates on the list will be selected for admission in the following January to the College of Engineering.

2. Applications will be registered on receipt of—

- a registration fee of Rupees 2, which will under no circumstances be returned;
- copies of testimonials certifying to good character and conduct for a period not less than two years immediately prior to date of application;

(c) statement in the following form filled up in the candidate's handwriting:—
Applications for admission to Surveyors' Class, College of Engineering, Madras.

Name in full.	Address.	Name and address of father or guardian.	Date of birth.	Race and religion.	Year of passing Middle School Examination.	Register Number and rank in Middle School Examination.	Whether passed Matriculation or higher Examination; if so, date and register number.	List of documents enclosed.

Place
Date

Signature of Candidate.

3. The selected candidates will join the College on the last Monday in January, and must each on that day deposit with the Principal—

- the sum of Rs. 50, which will be drawn against for books, instruments, &c., any balance being ultimately returned to the candidate;
- a certificate from a Government Medical Officer that the candidate is of good constitution free from disease, fit for the out-door work of the Public Works Department, that his age lies between 16 and 22 years, and that he has been vaccinated. The certificate must bear a personal description of the candidate;
- original Middle School (or Matriculation, &c.) certificate;
- originals of certificates referred to in paragraph 2.

(Signed) C. B. HENDERSON, CAPT., R.E.,
Ag. Principal, College of Engineering.

EDUCATIONAL GRANT-IN-AID CODE.

CHAPTER I.—INTRODUCTION.

1. Grants-in-aid of schools and other educational institutions will be made with the special object of extending and improving the secular education of the people, and will be given impartially to all schools which impart a sound secular education, subject to the conditions hereinafter specified, and with due consideration of the requirements of each locality and of each institution, and of the funds at the disposal of Government or of the Local Board.

2. Grants for teaching are given under two alternative systems, viz.:—

- (1) the Salary Grant System;
- (2) the Result Grant System;
- (3) Grants are also given on a combination of the two systems.

Grants are also given for—

- (4) the payment of scholarships;
- (5) the erection, purchase, enlargement, repair, and rent of buildings;
- (6) the purchase of school-furniture, school apparatus, books for public and school libraries, reading rooms, maps, diagrams, models, plant, materials, and tools;
- (7) the travelling expenses from Europe, on first appointment, of teachers and lady superintendents of groups of schools; the travelling expenses to and from Europe of teachers sent to Europe to undergo special training;
- (8) supervisors of groups of schools and superintendents of boarding schools;
- (9) endowment of professorships, teacherships, scholarships, museums, and other objects.

3. (1) The grants paid from Provincial Funds are—

- Grants to European schools.
- Grants to all girls' schools and for girls in boys' schools, except for the lower primary classes of poor schools in the presidency town.
- Grants to all non-poor schools, both boys and girls, in the presidency town, except for the lower primary classes of boys' schools.
- Grants to the fourth and higher standards in poor schools in the presidency town.
- Grants for all standards above the third in local circles.
- Grants for the practising branches of Normal schools.
- Grants for all science, art, and industrial schools.
- Salary grants for departments above the lower secondary in District Municipalities.
- Grants for scholarships.
- Grants for travelling expenses.

Introduction.

Main object of grants in aid.

Systems under which aid is given.

Miscellaneous objects.

From what funds payable.

- (l) Grants for supervisors of groups of schools.
 (m) Grants for endowments.
 (n) Grants for all standards to schools in the Agency tracts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam and Godavari.
 (2) Grants for objects (5) and (6) and for superintendents of boarding schools are paid from either Provincial or Local funds or from both proportionately.
 (3) All other grants are payable from Local funds.

Interpretation of rules.

4. The interpretation of any article of this Code shall, in the first instance, rest with the Director, provided that no interpretation of a general nature shall be binding on Managers or Local Boards which has not been approved by Government and notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. In like manner, all general rules passed under any article of this Code regarding the issue of such rules shall not be binding until approved and notified as above.

Terms used.

5. The term Director signifies Director of Public Instruction. The term Inspector includes Inspectress, and the terms Local Board or Funds, a Municipal Commission or Council or Municipal Funds, and President, the Chairman of a Municipal Council or Commission.

6. The term European is used in this Code to signify any person of European descent, pure or mixed, who retains European habits and modes of life; but in cases of doubt the decision shall rest with the Director.

CHAPTER II.—THE SALARY GRANT SYSTEM.

(a) CONDITIONS OF AID.

SALARY SYSTEM. Conditions of aid, Management.

1. It will be essential, to the consideration of any application for aid under the Salary Grant System, that the school on behalf of which it is preferred shall be under the management of one or more persons, who, in the capacity of Proprietors, of Trustees, or of Members of a Local Board or of Members of a Committee elected by the Society or Association by which the school is maintained, will be prepared to undertake the general superintendence of the school, and to be answerable for its permanence for a given time. Managers may, with the approval of the Director, appoint the Head Master of the school or other person their Local Agent to transact the current business of the school on their behalf with the Educational Department.

Manager's duties.

2. Every application for admission to the list of aided schools shall be accompanied by a statement (Form A) containing a declaration that the Manager will be responsible for the provision of a suitable teaching staff, for the conduct of the school, for its maintenance in efficiency, and for the provision of all needful furniture, registers, apparatus, and books; that they will duly enforce all regulations which Government may from time to time publicly notify regarding the levy of school-fees, attendance, admission and dismissal of pupils or other matters being conditions of aid under the Code. They shall also declare that they are prepared to subject the institution, together with its current endowment and trust accounts, list of establishment, time-table, scheme of studies, and registers of attendance, to inspection. The inspection and examination shall relate only to the general management and to the secular instruction, and shall have no reference to any religious instruction which may be imparted. Applications from the Manager of a school already on the aided list for a new grant or for transfer of grant shall be made in Form C.

New grants and transfers.

Financial abstract.

3. With every application for grants involving an increase to the total grant, the Managers of the institution to be aided shall submit a statement (Form B) showing its financial position during the preceding school financial year. In the case of schools applying for aid for the first time, the statement may be for six months only. The statement shall be for the whole institution, although the application for aid may be for one or more departments only.

Religious instruction.

4. In every school for Europeans aided under this Code, (1) it shall not be required, as a condition, of any child being admitted into or continuing in the school, that he shall attend or abstain from attending any Sunday school or any place of religious worship, or that he shall attend any religious observance or any instruction in religious subjects in the school or elsewhere, from which observance or instruction he may be withdrawn by his parent, or that he shall, if withdrawn by his parent, attend the school on any day exclusively set apart for religious observance by the religious body to which his parent belongs.

And, moreover, (2) the time or times during which any religious observance is practised, or instruction in religious subjects is given at any meeting of the school, shall be either at the beginning or at the end, or at the beginning and the end of such meeting, and shall be inserted in a time-table to be approved by the Director and to be kept permanently and conspicuously affixed in every school-room; and any scholar may be withdrawn by his parent from such observance or instruction without forfeiting any of the other benefits of the school.

The Director may, for good and sufficient reasons, on application from the Managers, after duly notifying in the *Fort St. George Gazette* that such application has been made, exempt a school from the operation of this clause, and may cancel such exemption.

Vaccination.

5. In the case of schools for boys and of schools for European and Native Christian girls, the Manager must further declare in the application that he will not admit any child as a pupil who is not protected from small-pox by vaccination or otherwise. No

exception will be allowed without the express sanction of Government. This article does not apply to schools in towns or localities in which vaccination is by law compulsory.

6. Muhammadan schools and schools the majority of whose attendance belong to the Poor schools races mentioned below, or to any other tribe or class if sanctioned by Government, shall and classes. be admitted to the privileges which this Code allows to poor schools for natives:—

Badagas.	Koravas.	Panús.
Billavas.	Kotas.	Parayás (excluding domestic servants, artisans, and traders of this caste).
Chucklers.	Kadas.	Pattunulgars.
Cherumas.	Kurubas.	Savaras.
Dandasis.	Malas and Madagas.	Todas.
Euadis.	Maleas.	Totis.
Holayas.	Malayalis (hill tribes).	
Izhuvans (Choguns).	Nayadis.	
Irulas.	Oddas.	
Khonds.	Polayas.	
Kurumas.	Pallas.	

To qualify a native child to be regarded as poor under any article of the Code it must be shown, to the satisfaction of the Inspector, that the total ordinary income of the family to which the child belongs does not average in the Madras Municipality more than Rupees 8 a month, and in other municipal towns more than Rupees 6 a month and in non-municipal towns more than Rupees 4 a month.

To qualify a European child to be treated as poor under any article of the Code, it must be shown, to the satisfaction of the Inspector, that the ordinary income of the family to which the child belongs does not average more than Rupees 5 a month for each member, and that the age of the child in the case of day-schools does not exceed eighteen years.

A school to be classed as a poor school must have at least 50 per cent. of its pupils poor, as above defined.

7. No salary grant shall be given until a fairly suitable building has been provided, Accommodated and until the Managers satisfy the Director that the premises are healthy, well lighted, clean, ventilated, drained, and that they are supplied with suitable furniture and apparatus and that they contain sufficient accommodation.

8. The rules regarding European schools may, at the discretion of the Director, be made applicable also to schools in which only a minority of the attendance are Europeans, the case of each school being dealt with on its merits.

9. No salary grant shall ordinarily be given or continued to any school which cannot Average show an average daily attendance for the previous term (six months) of at least, in the attendance. case of boys' schools thirty, and in the case of girls' schools twenty, pupils.

EXCEPTION.—In small towns where there are schools intended for the education of poor European children, the Director may, on satisfactory proof that there are not resident in the town, and of school age, children of the above class sufficient in number to provide so high an attendance, exempt such schools from the operation of this rule. The Director may also deal specially with schools intended mainly for backward and indigent classes or situated in backward localities.

10. Generally a teacher will not be eligible for a grant unless in each ordinary school-day he or she spends four hours in secular teaching. In the case of teachers instructing college classes, and in the case of Head Masters of Secondary Schools and of Assistant Professors, ordinarily three hours, and in the case of the Principals of Colleges with Secondary Schools attached, ordinarily two hours, of secular teaching, will be required. In special cases such time not being less than one hour daily as may seem necessary for the well-being of the school may be accepted.

Provided that in addition not less than one hour a day be spent in supervision in the school or in tutorial or similar work.

In the case of Assistants in Colleges who devote four hours daily in colleges to tutorial work in the English language, no teaching work shall be required.

In the case of Pandits teaching Oriental languages only, and in the case of mistresses or tailors in girls' schools who teach needlework only, two hours may be accepted.

In the case of teachers teaching special subjects the time shall be fixed by the Director, due regard being had to the requirements of the school and the grant paid to the teachers. In all cases in which the time devoted to secular teaching is below the minimum, the grant may, at the discretion of the Director, be proportionately reduced.

11. Except with the express sanction of Government, no school shall be aided, the Financial income of which is applied to purposes not recognized by the Director as legitimate educational charges. In no case shall the aggregate annual grants, given under this chapter, exceed the difference between the receipts (exclusive of grants-in-aid) and the expenditure as specified in Form B. In institutions not paying fixed salaries, the cost of establishment shall be calculated according to the scale (Articles 29-I and 29-II) of salaries on which the grants are based. Should there be an excess, such excess, if exceeding ten per cent. of the total expenditure, must be deducted from the first demands on Government for grants in the following year. Provided that, except in poor schools, the estimated loss of income by grant of free scholarships shall, before striking the balance, be taken into account under receipts. When money from ordinary receipts is funded during the year, it shall not be treated as expenditure. For the purposes of this

proviso schools aided from Local Funds must be regarded as separate institutions so far as aid from such funds is concerned; but in such cases the usual percentage for the head master's supervision must be taken into account.

(b) SANCTION, TRANSFER, WITHDRAWAL, AND PAYMENT OF GRANTS.

12. Applications (Form C) for salary grants, or for the transfer, increase, reduction or withdrawal of the same, shall be sent to the Inspector, who shall forward them with his opinion—

to the Director, if the grants are payable from Provincial Funds;
to the President of the Local Board of the circle, if the grants are payable from Local Funds;

to the Chairman of the Municipal Council (or in Madras, to the President of the Municipal Commission) if the grants are payable from Municipal Funds.

All applications must be accompanied by a certificate that the master or mistress concerned has been vaccinated or is otherwise protected from small-pox. No grant may, without the express sanction of Government, be allowed to a teacher who is not protected. In the case of applications for new teachers such applications must be accompanied by the protection declaration of Article 5.

13. Except in cases in which a reference to Government is required, all grants payable from Provincial Funds are sanctioned by the Director; all grants payable from Local Funds are sanctioned by the Local Board.

14. In the case of grants from Provincial Funds, grants not exceeding Rupees 15 per mensem may be transferred, or increased within the limit, reduced, or withdrawn by an Inspector. The transfer, increase, reduction, or withdrawal of grants exceeding the foregoing limit are made by the Director.

15. A teacher absent on leave, if the leave is taken in general accordance with the provisions of the Civil Leave Code applicable to Government Educational officers of similar standing, may, with the sanction of the Inspector, when the monthly salary grant does not exceed Rupees 15, or with the sanction of the Director if it exceeds that amount, receive half his grant during such absence, and the other half may be assigned to any fairly-qualified substitute; provided that the Managers contribute towards the salaries of the absent and officiating teachers the proportion required of them under these rules. In the case of teachers aided from Local Funds, the power of sanction rests with the Board.

16. All grants in aid of the salaries of masters and mistresses are paid monthly. It will be essential to the payment of such grants that the proportion which the Managers are required to contribute for the purpose for which the grants may have been sanctioned shall have been duly paid. All grant bills shall, therefore, contain a declaration that the teachers have received the portion of their salaries payable by the Managers. In the case of members of Christian religious societies or associations, who receive no fixed remuneration for their services as teachers, a declaration by the Managers that such teachers have been duly employed in accordance with the terms of the order sanctioning grant, will suffice. The salary grant bill shall also contain a declaration that all the conditions on which the grants have been sanctioned are being duly fulfilled.

The declaration shall run thus when it is intended to state that the teachers concerned have received the portion of the salaries payable by the Managers:—

"I certify that, in accordance with the provisions of the Grant-in-Aid Code, the proportion of salary for which I am liable has been paid to the teachers specified for the month of —; and I further declare that all the conditions on which the grants have been sanctioned are being duly fulfilled."

Where grants are sanctioned for teachers who receive no fixed salaries, being members of Christian religious societies or associations, the declaration should be as follows:—

"I further certify that, in accordance with the provisions of the Grant-in-Aid Code, the teachers (here enter names), who by the rules of the society or association to which they belong do not receive fixed salaries, have been duly employed in this institution in accordance with the terms of the order sanctioning grants on their behalf, and I further declare that all the conditions on which the grants have been sanctioned are being duly fulfilled."

(c) NATURE OF CERTIFICATES AND AMOUNT OF GRANTS.

17. Subject to the conditions prescribed in these rules, a grant not exceeding one-half of the total salary within the prescribed limits will be given to graduates of Universities in Europe who possess high academic qualifications appointed on or after the 1st July 1885, to schoolmistresses holding Normal certificates and also to mistresses educated in Europe whose attainments and other qualifications entitle them, in the opinion of the Director, to rank in the collegiate or the secondary grade, and also to masters in certain cases hereinafter mentioned.

18. A grant not exceeding one-third of the total salary within the prescribed limits will be given to masters holding the Teacher's diploma of a University or to those holding Normal certificates; and after 1885, to mistresses holding ordinary certificates who have passed the Higher, the Middle School, or the Special Upper Primary Examination, and in certain cases hereinafter mentioned to masters and mistresses who have not passed a general education test. The Director may, for good and sufficient reasons, exempt from passing the general education test of the grade concerned such mistresses from Europe as have passed all the other tests of ordinary certificates. Teachers who have served for three

years in a College, a High or a large Middle School, considered suitable by the Director, may, on obtaining an ordinary certificate, be declared eligible for a one-third grant.

19. A grant not exceeding one-fourth of the total salary within the prescribed limits will be given to masters holding ordinary certificates; and after 1885 to uncertificated mistresses who have passed a general education test.

20. Ordinarily, the higher grant shall commence from the date the teacher passes the test in school management.

21. Subject to the condition of their agreeing to appear for an ordinary certificate within a period to be specified by the Director, which period shall not exceed three years, a grant not exceeding one-fifth of the total salary within prescribed limits will be given to uncertificated masters who have passed one of the Madras University Examinations or the Middle School or Special Upper Primary Examinations, or any examination which shall be declared equivalent to any one of such examinations. Masters and mistresses, whose continuous service as teachers was not less than six years on the 31st March 1883, shall be considered eligible for the favorable rates sanctioned in Government Notification, dated 16th February 1880, so long as they continue to perform efficiently the duties of their profession. Mistresses who, on the 30th June 1885, are receiving half or one-third grants respectively shall remain eligible thereto so long as they continue to exercise their profession as teachers in a recognized school. Graduate and under-graduate teachers who, on the 30th June 1885, shall have completed ten years' continuous service as teachers in a recognized school shall, on passing the Code tests for an ordinary certificate, be eligible for one-third grant.

22. Normal certificates will be given only to secondary and primary teachers who have gone through an adequate course of training in a Normal school, which course shall ordinarily comprise two continuous half-yearly sessions, and who have passed the following tests:—

- (1) The general education test of the grade for which the teacher is a candidate.
- (2) The test in the principles of method and of school management prescribed for the grade.
- (3) Teaching a class in the presence of an Inspector, or, in the case of a fifth-grade teacher or third-grade mistress, of a Deputy Inspector.
- (4) Hand-writing and reading aloud a passage in the languages, brought up by the candidate, the passage to be selected by the Examiner.
- (5) Such other professional tests as may from time to time be prescribed.

23. Ordinary certificates will be given to persons who—

- (1) have passed the general education test of the grade for which they are candidates;
- (2) have passed the test in principles of method and of school management prescribed for the grade;
- (3) have subsequently obtained a favorable report from an Inspector or Deputy Inspector on their reading, writing, and ability to teach a class, and on the mode in which they have done their work generally; and
- (4) have been actually employed as teachers for at least twelve months in schools under Government inspection.

24. The test in the principles of method and of school management for Normal and School management certificates of the above grades are laid down in Schedule D. The examinations will be held twice a year at Madras and at other places appointed. The dates will be previously notified.

25. In the case of teachers who, in a general education test accepted by the Director, pass in but one language, the maximum grant will be only 75 per cent. of the sum specified, except in the lowest grade, in which only one language is prescribed. This restriction shall not apply to masters of grade above the Primary, Lower, whose total salary does not exceed Rupees 15, and to mistresses of the same grades whose total salary does not exceed Rs. 30, the maximum salaries contemplated ordinarily to be given to masters and mistresses of the Lower Primary grade. European teachers employed in schools intended mainly for European children will not be required to pass in a vernacular, and they shall, if they possess an adequate knowledge of a classical language or of French or of German, and if such language is taught by them in the school, be exempt from the operation of the clause relating to teachers who have not qualified in a vernacular language. Such exemption shall not operate in the case of a teacher who is removed to a school in which such language or languages are not taught. Similarly in the case of Native teachers engaged in Native schools, examination in English will not be essential. The grants for non-European teachers in non-European schools, for the successful working of which a knowledge of a second South Indian vernacular is necessary, shall be subject to a similar reduction unless the teachers qualify themselves in the second vernacular required.

26. The certificates awarded to teachers will be of three grades. The general education tests for these grades are shown below:—

- Collegiate grade.—A Degree Examination of the Madras, Calcutta or Bombay University.
Higher.—The F. A. Examination of the Madras, Calcutta or Bombay University.
Secondary grade—Lower.—The Matriculation Examination of the Madras, Calcutta or Bombay University or the Higher Examination for Women.

Fourth grants for whom allowed. Date from which increased grants to run. Fifth grants. Old teachers.

Normal certificates.

Ordinary certificates.

Second language.

Three grades of certificates.

Primary grade { *Higher*.—The Middle School Examination, first or second class.
Lower.—The Special Upper Primary Examination or other equivalent examination. The Middle School Examination, third class.

Withdrawal of certificates.

Non-Indian certificates—Masters.

Mistresses.

Mistresses must also pass the prescribed test in needlework.
 27. In cases of misconduct or continued inefficiency, the Director may, after full inquiry, withdraw or suspend Normal or ordinary certificates.

28. (I) Graduates of Universities in Europe, America and Australia, or holders of certificates granted by the Committee of Council on Education in Great Britain, or by the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland, or holders of any other certificate or diploma which may be accepted by the Madras Government, will be placed in such grades as, in the judgment of the Director, their attainments and other qualifications may render appropriate, and will be entitled to the same grants as the holders of a Teacher's diploma or of a Normal certificate.

(II) Mistresses educated in Europe, America or Australia holding certificates of any public educational body recognized by Government shall be placed in such grades as, in the judgment of the Director, their attainments and other qualifications may render appropriate, and will be entitled to receive the grants of holders of Normal or ordinary certificates as he may think fit; but schoolmistresses holding certificates from the Committee of Council on Education in Great Britain or the Commissioners of National Education in Ireland will be placed in the secondary grade.

Scale of salaries on which grants to be calculated: Masters.

29. (I) Grants for masters will be ordinarily calculated on the following scale of salaries:—

(1) Principals of First-grade Colleges	Rs. 400 to 600
(2) (a) Professors of First-grade Colleges	" 250 to 500
(b) Principals of Second-grade Colleges	
(c) Principals of large High Schools and of Superior Training Institutions	
(3) (a) Assistant Professors of First-grade Colleges	" 100 to 250
(b) Head Masters of High and of Secondary Normal Schools.	
(c) Lecturers or Assistant Masters in Second-grade Colleges.	
(d) Head Masters of large Middle Schools	
(4) (a) Assistants in High Schools and Tutorial Assistants in First-grade Colleges	" 50 to 120
(b) Head Masters of Elementary Normal Schools	
(5) (a) Head Masters of ordinary Middle Schools	" 30 to 80
(b) Assistants in large Middle Schools	
(c) Head Masters of large Primary Schools	
(6) (a) Assistants in Elementary Normal and Upper Primary Schools	" 20 to 40
(b) Head Masters of Lower Primary Schools	
(7) Assistants in Lower Primary Schools	" 10 to 20

Mistresses.

(II) Grants for mistresses will be ordinarily calculated on the following scale of salaries:—

(1) Lady Principals of Colleges, of Superior Normal and of High Schools	Rs. 250 to 500
(2) (a) Assistant Mistresses in Colleges and High Schools	" 200 to 400
(b) Head Mistresses of High Schools who have been brought out from Europe or America	
(3) Head Mistresses of Elementary Normal Schools and of Secondary Schools	" 80 to 200
(4) (a) Head Mistresses of Upper Primary Schools	
(b) Assistant Mistresses in Lower Secondary Schools	" 20 to 80
(5) (a) Head Mistresses of Lower Primary Schools	" 10 to 40
(b) Assistant Mistresses in Primary Schools	

Specially qualified teachers.

(III) Specially qualified teachers are divided into two classes, higher and lower. The higher includes superior teachers of music, singing and drawing and of oriental or other languages and superior industrial teachers. These shall be eligible for grants on salaries ranging from Rupees 50 to Rupees 100.

Supervisors of schools.

(IV) Grants for supervisors of groups of schools shall be calculated on such salaries as may appear reasonable in the circumstances of each case.

Inferior special teachers.

(V) The lower class includes ordinary pundits, munshis and other teachers of language and masters for special subjects; gymnastic teachers, teachers of Kindergarten, drill instructors, and elementary industrial teachers. These shall be eligible for grants on salaries ranging from Rupees 15 to Rupees 50.

Matrons, &c.

(VI) To matrons, superintendents and assistant superintendents of European boarding schools, grants shall be given on salaries ranging from Rupees 10 to 60.

Special salary grants for—

30 (I) In cases in which the Managers of a college or school may be desirous of giving to a teacher of the collegiate grade a higher salary than the maximum contemplated in

the above scale, a proportionate grant may be assigned to him with the sanction of Government, and in the case of teachers of other grades with the sanction of the Director. In the case of Head Masters of large secondary schools who have been brought out from Europe and are specially qualified, the scale of salaries shall be that provided for Professors of First-grade Colleges.

For Middle and High Schools situated in non-municipal villages and towns, in which the fees do not cover an adequate portion of the school expenditure, and also for all Normal Schools and attached Practising Schools, the Director may sanction a grant not exceeding one-half of the total salary to a trained master of the collegiate or secondary grade, and a grant not exceeding one-third of the salary to a master of any of the said grades, holding an ordinary certificate.

(II) Mistresses employed in poor schools, especially schools for the European poor and in schools for Muhammadans, and teachers in Female Normal schools, in which, in the Director's opinion, the fees levied at the authorised rate do not cover a reasonable portion of the teacher's salary and mistresses employed as superintendents of girls' schools may, if they have passed the general education test, receive half salary grants, and in the case of all schools for girls, when a qualified mistress cannot be procured, a mistress, approved by the Inspector, may receive a grant of one-third salary. In remote and backward localities the grants for mistresses holding Normal certificates may be two-thirds and for those holding ordinary certificates one-half, and for those holding a general education certificate one-third of the total salary.

In special cases when a qualified sewing mistress cannot be procured, a salary grant of one-third may be assigned by the Director to a tailor approved by the Inspector.

31. Masters employed in—

- Poor schools, especially schools for poor Europeans;
- Muhammadan schools;
- Science, Art, or Industrial schools or classes;
- Schools in backward localities or for indigent or backward classes;

may, if they have passed the general education test, and provided that in Science, Art and Industrial schools the teachers possess the necessary qualifications, receive half salary grants; or if they have not passed this test, but are approved by the Inspector, one-third salary grants.

32. In other peculiar cases, when a qualified master cannot be procured, a salary grant of one-third may, with the sanction of Government, be assigned to a master approved by the Inspector.

33. When it is proved to the satisfaction of the Director that a qualified mistress cannot be obtained for a girls' school, he may sanction a grant of one-half salary to a master holding a Normal certificate, and of one-third salary to a master holding an ordinary certificate. Such grant shall in no case be given for a period exceeding two years, but the sanction may be renewed for good and sufficient reasons.

34. A grant shall not be allowed for a Pundit teaching a South Indian vernacular in classes below the upper secondary, except in cases where two or more vernaculars are taught, and for ordinary instruction the classes are not divided into sections according to languages.

35. A half salary grant will be given to a first-grade certificated teacher of gymnastics, Teachers of and a one-third grant to a second-grade certificated or qualified gymnastic instructor, or to special subjects. a drill master or mistress who possesses also an elementary knowledge of gymnastics. Similar grants may be given in European schools to technically-qualified teachers of needle-work, Kindergarten, music, singing and handicrafts, although they have not passed a general education test.

36. (1) The nature of the work which a teacher is to do must be specified when a grant is applied for, and, if it is proposed to permanently alter the character of that work, due previous intimation of the same must be given to the Inspector. Usually grants will not be given or continued if a teacher is employed on work beyond his capacity. To be eligible for grant, the teacher of a collegiate class must be of collegiate grade. Ordinarily, the teacher of a higher secondary class must be of at least the higher secondary grade; the teacher of a lower secondary class, of at least the lower secondary grade; the teacher of a higher primary class, of at least the higher primary grade; and the teacher of a lower primary class, of at least the lower primary grade. Except in the case of head masters, the maximum grant contemplated for a master of secondary grade, higher, is Rupees 40; for a master of primary grade, higher, Rupees 10; and half these amounts for those holding the lower certificates in these grades. Except in the case of head mistresses, the maximum grant contemplated for a mistress of secondary grade, higher, is Rupees 30; for a mistress of primary grade, higher, Rupees 10; and half these amounts for those holding the lower certificates in these grades.

Masters in Poor & Industrial schools.

Ditto.

Ditto.

Salary to bear relation to duties prepared.

Exception.—(a) These restrictions shall not affect teachers already employed who have, on the 30th June 1885, three years' continuous service in a recognized school.

(b) In the case of colleges for Europeans, the teachers of collegiate classes may, with the special sanction of Government, be of the higher secondary grade.

(II) Supervisors of groups of schools and other special educational agents claiming grant under the Code shall possess such educational qualifications as may, in the opinion of the Director, be necessary for the due performance of their duties, and grants shall be given in accordance with the provisions of Articles 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21 of this chapter.

NOTE.—If a certificated schoolmaster or a schoolmaster who has passed a general education test, holds a certificate as gymnastic instructor, grants may be allowed for him in both capacities.

Home
education.

37. Grants-in-aid of the salaries of qualified female teachers of Hindu and Muhammadan girls pursuing their studies, in private houses, may be sanctioned by the Director provided (1) that the teacher is employed by the Manager of a girls' school or by a regularly constituted committee, society, or association; (2) that the current accounts, the list of establishment, each household class, together with the time-table, the scheme of studies, and register of attendance, so far as secular instruction is concerned, are subject to Government inspection; (3) that each pupil receives instruction according to the standard in which she may be studying in one or more languages, in arithmetic, in history and geography, and in hygiene; (4) that monthly fees are levied, provided that in no case shall the monthly fee for each pupil be less than rupee one except when there are more than one pupil from the same family when a fee of one rupee may be charged for one and a fee of eight annas for each additional pupil of the family; (5) that the total number of pupils under instruction shall not be less than ten; (6) that the pupils under instruction be not less than ten years of age; that the teacher devote in the aggregate to all the classes not less than twenty hours a week.

Conductresses.

38. Salary grants may not be given to conductresses employed in girls' schools, but provided that not less than one rupee salary be given by the Manager, a monthly grant of one anna will be given to such conductresses for each girl (not residing on the school premises) who is certified by the Manager to have made fifteen full daily attendances in the month. During customary vacations grants may be drawn according to the average grant of the two preceding months. The grants must be paid to the conductress in addition to her fixed salary. Two half attendances may count as one full attendance. When the school is closed for a customary holiday, the conductress may draw grant for that day according to the number of pupils who make full attendances on the day the school re-opens.

General.

(d) GENERAL.

Honorarium
or passing in
language.

39. (I) The Director may grant an honorarium, equal to three months' salary, to a mistress who qualifies in a second or third language of the test of the grade in which she holds a Normal or ordinary certificate, provided such language or languages be South Indian vernaculars and not the vernacular of the mistress. Grants equal to four months' scholarship will be given to a native female Normal student who passes in a second language including English in the test for which she appears.

Ditto.

(II) To Hindu or Muhammadan female teachers who have been continuously engaged in school teaching, if third grade one year and if second or first grade two years, and who are wives or widows of Hindu or Muhammadan professional teachers, there shall be given honoraria of Rupees 60, 120 or 240, respectively, according as they pass in the third, second or first grade; provided that, in the case of wives, the husband, or in the case of widows, the guardian, with whom they reside is actually exercising the profession of school teacher.

Ditto.

Rewards of the same amount will be given to Hindu or Muhammadan females, certificated Normal students being wives or widows of Hindu or Muhammadan schoolmasters as above, provided they have, after passing for their certificates, been continuously engaged in school teaching for periods as above, and have during such periods worked to the satisfaction of the Inspector.

Ditto.

(III) The Director may grant an honorarium equal to three months' salary to a European master holding a Normal or ordinary certificate who qualifies in a South Indian vernacular language. And to a Native master who has passed in a second South Indian vernacular, there may be given an honorarium equal to one month's pay, but such honorarium shall not exceed Rupees 250, or, in the case of a European, Rupees 750. This provision shall apply to first, second, and third grade masters only, and the standard of examination shall be that of the B.A., F.A., and Matriculation Examinations, respectively. The examinations shall be conducted under the order of the Director. A master may qualify in more than one vernacular.

Ditto.

40. The grants shall not be repeated on a teacher's passing in a language in a higher standard than that for which he or she has already received an honorarium.

Appeal to
Government
regarding
reduction of
grants.

41. In order to allow time for full inquiry and, if desired, an appeal to Government, the aggregate amount of grant to an institution continuing to do work of the same standard and amount shall not be materially reduced without six months' notice to the Manager, except in cases falling under Article 11.

42. A grant of one-half the actual passage-money paid by sea from England to Madras, not exceeding Rs. 250, will be allowed for teachers and lady superintendents of groups of schools on first appointment; provided they possess special qualifications for these offices. Similar grants towards passage-money to and from England will be allowed on account of teachers actually employed as such sent to Europe for special training. It will be a condition of grant in each case that the person concerned is bound to serve in the office, fixed on appointment for a period of five years after arrival in India. The conditions of refund applicable to educational officers sent to India by the Secretary of State shall apply to persons receiving such grants, the Manager concerned being security.

Passage-money

CHAPTER III.—RESULT GRANT SYSTEM.

(a) SELECTION OF SCHOOLS.

RESULT GRANT
SYSTEM.
Selection of
Schools.

1. Every Manager who desires to have his school examined for a grant under the result system shall, for each annual examination, forward before the 30th November an application in the subjoined Form E 1 or 2 to the Inspector if the grant be payable from Provincial funds or to the President of the Local Board in which the school is situated, if the grant be payable from Local funds. When aid is sought for the same school both from Provincial and from Local funds, the Manager shall make this application in duplicate and shall send one copy to the Inspector and the other to the President of the Local Board concerned.

Application
for aid to whom
addressed.

2. A standing list of result schools shall be maintained for each municipal town and for each local circle. A school admitted to such list shall be entitled to receive aid yearly and shall not be removed from the list except for good and sufficient reasons after due notice published in the District Gazette. Such notice shall not be valid unless published before the 1st October of the year preceding that for which it is proposed to withdraw the grant. Schools in the standing list may continue on that list although ceasing to receive aid on the result system, provided they fulfil all the necessary conditions. To entitle a school to admission to the standing list it must—

Standing List.
Condition of
admission
thereto.

- if in a municipal town, be teaching the standards up to the fourth inclusive; if in a local circle, standards up to the third inclusive;
- have during three successive years passed pupils in each standard, such passes being not less than 50 per cent. of the total number presented taken as a whole;
- have fulfilled conditions (a), (c), (d), (e) and (f) of Article 15 (1);
- have at least one certificated teacher;
- ordinarily, have, in a municipal town, an average daily attendance of at least thirty pupils or in a local circle of at least twenty pupils.

In cases in which grants are not given for a particular standard or standards, such classes shall be omitted from the calculation required by clause (b).

3. All such applications shall, on or before the 15th December, be referred to the Deputy Inspector who shall tabulate the same according to Form F, and on or before the 20th January submit them with his opinion on each case to the Inspector. Schools not recommended shall be shown separately in this list. He shall also name the date on which he proposes to examine each school; such date shall ordinarily be about the same date as that fixed for examination in the preceding year. In the Madras Municipality, the Deputy Inspector shall submit separately the tabular statement relating to poor schools.

Applications to
whom referred.

4. A copy of the statement with his own opinion on each case shall be forwarded by the Inspector on or before the 20th February to the Local Board, or, in the case of schools aided from Provincial funds, to the Director. They shall determine—

Course to be
pursued by the
Inspector; the
Local Board;
the Director.

- What schools shall be admitted to or continued on the standing list and the proportion of grant for which each school is eligible.
- What schools shall be continued on or admitted to the annual list and the proportion of grant for which each school is eligible.

The President shall, on or before the 31st March, cause to be published in the District Publication of Gazette lists (Form G) of the schools to be aided from Local funds. The list of schools lists in Gazette. to be aided shall be in the vernacular of the district as well as in English. The Director shall publish in English in the *Fort St. George Gazette* similar lists of schools to be aided from Provincial funds. No other schools shall be examined for result grants without special orders from the Director, or from the President of the Local Board concerned. The lists of schools for the Madras Municipality shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*. No examination in the month of March shall be fixed for or postponed to any date in that month subsequent to the 16th.

5. Within twenty days after the publication of the lists in the Gazette, the Deputy Dy. Inspector shall inform the Manager of each school, whether the school for which he has sent in an application has been accepted for examination; and, if so, the number of standards selected and the date fixed for the examination.

to inform
managers of
publication of
lists.

Proportion of aid how fixed.

6. In fixing the percentage and amount of grant to be given to each school and in admitting schools to the standing or annual list, the amount of funds available, the financial needs of each school, the number and character of the existing schools, the educational wants of the neighbourhood and of the circle or municipality itself shall be taken into consideration. To ascertain the financial needs of a school, the Local Board or the Director may call for a statement of receipts and expenditure in Form B, Appendix.

Rejected schools.

7. The omission from the published annual list of any school or standard for which an application (Form E 1) has been submitted within the prescribed time, shall be deemed equivalent to an order of refusal. But a list of the schools rejected shall be published before the 1st June with the reasons for rejection briefly indicated in each case. An appeal shall lie to Government from any order passed by a Local Board or by the Director removing from or refusing to admit to the standing list any school, or refusing to declare a school eligible for result grants, or limiting the amount of aid allowed by the Code.

European schools.

8. Every Manager of a European school who desires to have his school examined for aid under the result system, or, if conducted on the salary system, for additional aid under the result system as hereafter provided, shall forward in the prescribed form, before the 30th November, an application whether for first admission to examination or for continuance of aid on the result system to the Inspector, or in the case of girls' schools in districts in which female education is under the charge of the Inspectress to the Inspectress. Every such application shall be submitted by the Inspector or Inspectress to the Director with a report briefly stating any facts which such officer considers desirable to communicate regarding the claim for aid, and shall name the day on which it is proposed to examine the school. On receipt of the Inspector's report, the Director shall decide in what standards and subjects the school is to be examined and the limit of the aid to be given. The list of such schools of and the date of their examination shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in the *Gazettes* of the districts in which such schools are located before 31st March. An appeal shall lie to Government against any order by the Director refusing or limiting aid. In dealing with applications, the Director shall be bound to consider the standard, the efficiency and the financial condition of the school, and the requirements of the locality or of the community concerned.

Night schools.

9. Before recommending a night school for admission to examination for grant, the Deputy Inspector shall visit it and examine and classify the pupils, taking care to ascertain whether any of the pupils has earned a grant in the same standard before. The Deputy Inspector's report should be accompanied by a tabular statement showing the age, caste and occupation of each pupil and no night school or class shall be entered in the list of schools recommended for examination for grant unless reported by the Inspector to fulfil the above condition. The Manager or Head Master of a Middle or High School may be the Manager of a night school in the same neighbourhood.

Conditions of Aid.

(b) CONDITIONS OF AID.

Average attendance.

10. Except in municipalities, no school shall be eligible for admission to the annual list which has not, if a school for boys, an average daily attendance during the three months preceding the date of application of ten pupils, if a school for girls, of five girls. In schools in municipalities the average attendance must not be less than twenty and ten respectively, except in schools for Muhammadan girls, when an average attendance of five may be accepted.

Other conditions.

11. (1) No school shall be eligible for a result grant if it contains classes above the upper fourth of a Government school.

(2) No school shall be aided on the result grant system which for the same official year has received aid under the salary grant or under the combined grant system.

(3) Except in the case of girls' schools and of schools in backward localities or for backward classes, no schools shall ordinarily be eligible for admission to the list for standards above the third which has not a certificated teacher.

Night schools.

12. In night schools, the scholars admitted in the school must be certified by the Managers to be unable or unfit to attend a day school of suitable standard.

European schools—special aid.

13. A poor European school, although drawing salary grants, may present all its pupils, and any European school its poor pupils for examination under the result system and receive for pupils that pass grants not exceeding 25 per cent. of the maximum grants fixed in Article 49, Schedule C, for subjects for the instructors of which a special salary grant is not drawn.

Teachers of special subjects.

14. A school cannot receive aid under the salary grant system for one department of the school and under the result grant system for another except that in results schools salary grants may be allowed for teachers* of all special subjects, excluding language, provided that no result grant is claimed for any such subjects.

* See Section 29 (III), Chapter II.

15. (1) Amongst schools otherwise equally eligible for admission to the annual list a preference will be given to those—

- (a) which are provided with a fairly sufficient and efficient teaching staff;
- (b) in which certificated teachers are employed;
- (c) which are properly organized;
- (d) which have suitable accommodation, furniture and apparatus;
- (e) which comply with the provisions of the school fee notification;
- (f) which have been continuously maintained;

(2) In the case of European schools, a school shall not be eligible for a grant under the result system unless—

- (a) fees are levied according to rules prescribed from time to time by Government;
- (b) such registers as may be prescribed are kept;
- (c) it is provided with a fairly sufficient and efficient teaching staff;
- (d) it has suitable accommodation, furniture and apparatus;
- (e) it is properly organized;
- (f) its maintenance is guaranteed for two years;
- (g) the conscience clause, Chapter II, Article 4, is in operation in it.

16. All schools receiving aid under the system of payment for results shall furnish Returns. such returns and statements as may from time to time be prescribed.

17. Regular registers of admissions, attendance, and fee collections shall be kept by Registers. standards and shall be submitted for inspection when demanded. The attendance registers must be marked every time that the school meets.

18. All registers of admission and attendance (Forms H and J) shall be kept in books of prescribed printed forms, having the pages numbered. The village or house name, if any, of the pupils and the father's or guardian's name must be written in full in all the registers. No entries are to be made in pencil to be inked over afterwards. There must be no blanks or erasures. If any error has been made, it must be corrected by a foot-note. In every case the register produced must be the original register and not a fair copy. The Manager shall keep these registers for three years succeeding the examination and produce them whenever called upon by a proper authority. The Local Boards shall keep for sale a supply of the prescribed printed forms of registers. A Local Board may require the use of registers issued by itself. It shall be the duty of the inspecting officer to sign, with date, in the registers, during his periodical tours, each page in which an entry has been made.

19. No school shall be examined for a result grant which has not at the date of examination met on 180 successive school-days, including minor holidays, such as Sundays, &c., but excluding the customary long vacations and customary breaks caused by the exigencies of agricultural or other industrial occupations. The school meeting must be for at least three hours.

NOTE.—Interruption in the continuity of teaching for a period of not more than three Ordinary weeks where there has been a change in management shall be left out of account in schools. calculating the number of successive school-days, provided the former teacher hands over the school register to his successor.

20. No European school, except night schools, shall receive aid which has not held at European least 180 full school meetings during the 365 days preceding the day of examination. By a "full school meeting" is meant a period of four hours of secular instruction on the same day, in which period may be included not more than half an hour of the time allowed for recreation, but two periods, each of not less than two hours of secular instruction in school, whether on the same or on different days, may be counted as one full school meeting.

21. For night schools or classes the number of school meetings must not be less than 120. Night schools.

(c) EXAMINATIONS.

Examinations.

22. The examination for grant shall ordinarily be held in the school premises and on the day fixed in the list published in the *Gazette*; but the inspecting officer shall have where held. power, provided he has given at least two days' notice, to hold it on any day within the ten days preceding or within the ten days following that date. Should either the Manager or the inspecting officer wish to change the date beyond the limits provided for in this article, the sanction of the countersigning authority must be obtained.

23. A school shall be examined for a result grant once a year, as far as practicable, at intervals of twelve months; the grant being for the work of a school year, which, as a rule, begins to run from the date recommended by the Inspector or, in the case of a school already on the list, from the date of the last annual examination for grant. The annual grant is the aggregate sum of individual grants passed to pupils by the examining officer according to the scale fixed in Article 49 for the school year, but if the examination be held after a period greater or less than a year, then the total grant shall, except when otherwise ordered by the Director, be increased or diminished by one-twelfth for each period of thirty days more or less than a year. Fractions of periods of thirty days shall not be taken into account.

Admission to test-ordinary schools.

European schools.

Ditto.

Examinations.

Period for which aid is allowed.

Illustration.

- (a) If a school is examined within the year, but after eleven months and one day, the grant will be for the full year.
- (b) If a school is examined after twelve months, but within thirteen months, the grant will be for the full year only.

European schools.	24. The examination of European schools shall, unless otherwise ordered by the Director, be conducted by the Inspector with or without the assistance of a deputy.
Public officials.	25. Members of Local Boards, village and other officials, and parents of pupils may be present at such examinations.
Standards.	26. The subjects of examination under the several standards are specified in Schedule K (1) and (2). English-speaking children may bring up the English language as their language in the compulsory subjects, and one of the vernaculars of this Presidency as an optional language. Pupils who bring up Hindustani as their language in the compulsory subjects are permitted to bring up another South Indian vernacular or English or both as their optional language, and pupils who bring up South Indian vernacular other than Hindustani as their language in the compulsory subjects are permitted to bring up Hindustani or English or both as their optional language. When Hindustani or another South Indian vernacular is brought up as an optional language, the pupil shall be examined as in the compulsory language test but two standards lower than that in which the pupil is presented for examination in other subjects.
Minimum attendance.	27. To be eligible for examination a pupil must have attended the school for at least ninety days [or in the Nilgiri District and the Wynaad Taluk of the Malabar District or other hill tracts seventy-five days] during the 180 successive school-days (as before defined, Art. 19) preceding the examination. Attendance for not less than three hours will be required to allow a day to count.
Ordinary schools.	28. In night schools or classes 80 attendances of two hours each will be accepted.
Night schools.	29. No grant shall be made to male pupils for standards below the third whose age exceeds 15 years, or for the third and fourth standards, whose age exceeds 20 years, or for the fifth, sixth, and seventh standards, whose age exceeds 25 years. In night schools or classes there is no maximum limitation to the age of the pupils, but no pupil shall be admitted under the age of 12 years.
Age.	30. No male pupil unprotected from small-pox is eligible for a grant payable from Local or Provincial funds in a Circle or Municipality, the Board of which has declared protection from small-pox a condition of aid. This article is not applicable in places where vaccination has been made compulsory by Government.
Vaccination.	31. In European schools, to be eligible for examination, a pupil must have attended the school for at least 120 days or in hill stations 100 days during the 365 days preceding the day of examination.
European schools.	32. Pupils who have been actually studying for a standard throughout the 180, or in the case of night schools 120, successive school days (as before defined) preceding the inspection shall be eligible for examination under that standard only. Pupils are not eligible for examination under any other standard than that for which they have been thus studying. Except in night schools and schools in backward localities and backward classes, no standard in a boys' school shall be eligible for examination for grant if it has not contained at least three pupils throughout the prescribed period.
Under what standard pupils may appear.	33. The subjects of examination are divided into two classes—compulsory and optional. In all standards below the seventh, the compulsory subjects are reading, writing and arithmetic, Schedule K 1, and the optional subjects are all other subjects named in the standards for examination, Schedule K 2. In the seventh standard, the subjects, compulsory and optional respectively, are those named as such in the Middle School notification.
Compulsory and optional subjects.	34. The grants are of two classes, an ordinary grant and a merit grant. In all standards below the seventh one grant only (either ordinary or merit) may be earned by each pupil in the three compulsory subjects taken together. Pupils passing the Middle School Examination in the first class shall be eligible for a merit grant of the seventh standard, and those passing in the second class shall be eligible for the ordinary grant for the seventh standard. If a pupil has passed in the compulsory subjects of a standard below the seventh, such pupil may also earn a grant (either ordinary or merit) in each of the optional subjects of the standard in which he is presented, provided that in the third standard the number of optional subjects in which a pupil is presented is not more than five and in the fourth, fifth and sixth standards is not more than seven. All infants and Muhammadan girls who bring up Hindustani as their compulsory language, may earn a grant if they pass in only two of the compulsory subjects.
Ordinary and merit grants.	35. In the object lessons of the infant, first, second and third standards; in the children's occupations and in the action songs, the inspecting officer shall report on the class presented as a whole and if his report be fair or good grants, ordinary or merit respectively, shall be given for each child examined in each of these subjects.
Object lessons.	

36. To be entitled to an ordinary grant in the compulsory subjects, a pupil presented under any standard below the fifth must obtain one-third of the maximum marks in each marks to pass subject. In the fifth and sixth standards a pupil shall be entitled to an ordinary grant if he obtains one-fourth of the marks in arithmetic, one-third in each of the remaining subjects, and one-third of the total aggregate marks.

37. To be entitled to a merit grant in the compulsory subjects, a pupil presented under any standard below the seventh must obtain one-half of the maximum marks in each subject.

38. To be entitled to an ordinary grant in an optional subject, a pupil must, in standards below the fifth, obtain two-fifths of the maximum marks in that subject and in the fifth and sixth standards one-third.

39. To be entitled to a merit grant in an optional subject, a pupil must obtain three-fifths of the maximum marks in that subject.

40. In European schools, to admit a pupil to examination under the fifth and sixth European standards, he must be presented in geography and history as well as in the compulsory subjects, and a Manager will not be entitled to earn a merit grant in the compulsory subjects for any pupil who does not pass in this optional subject.

41. In European schools, a pupil presented under any standard will not receive a grant unless he or she obtains the minimum of marks in each of the compulsory subjects of the standard. Ditto.

42. In European night schools, pupils must be presented in English and at least one other subject fixed for the fifth, sixth and seventh standards. No scholar may be presented for examination in a standard below the fifth. Ditto.

43. In European schools, to be entitled to an ordinary grant, a pupil presented under the first, second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth standards must obtain one-fourth of the marks in each compulsory subject, and a third of the total aggregate marks. To entitle a pupil to a merit grant he must secure half the marks in any two compulsory subjects, one-fourth in the third compulsory subject and half of the total aggregate marks. Ditto.

In European schools, if the Inspector reports the class in the optional subject or subjects in which it is presented for examination to be fair, good or excellent as defined in instructions to be issued by the Director to Inspectors allowing for the special circumstances of the case, grants according to Schedule C, Article 49, will be allowed for each child examined in the optional subject or each of the optional subjects in which it is presented.

44. Schools may claim aid for gymnastics by results under rules approved by the Gymnastics Director. The subject shall be taught according to Maclaren's or Forrest's or some similar system and shall include exercises on the horse, parallel bars and horizontal bar. If the inspecting officer reports the school to be fair or good, a grant will be allowed for each pupil examined at the rates given in Art. 49, Schedule B. No school shall be admitted to examination which does not present one-half of its pupils on the roll at the date of examination or receive a grant which does not pass three-fifths of those presented. Schools on the result system may elect to receive aid for gymnastics on the salary system under Article 35, Chapter II. Grants at half rates will be allowed in rural primary schools for such native gymnastic exercises and according to such rules as may be approved by the Director.

45. European schools may claim aid for drill and gymnastics by results under the following conditions: (a) Drill shall include the exercises of position, extension, step-motions and marching: gymnastics shall be taught according to Maclaren's system and shall include exercises on the horse, parallel-bars, horizontal bar, hanging rope, and inclined ladder. If the Inspector reports the school to be fair, good or excellent, a grant will be allowed for each pupil examined at the rates given in Article 49, Schedule C. No school shall be admitted to examination which does not present at least one-half of its pupils on the roll at the date of the examination or receive a grant which does not pass three-fifths of those presented. Schools on the result system may elect to receive aid for gymnastics on the salary system under Article 35, Chapter II.

46. When it is evident that some of the results attained at examination are due to Pupils who some other school no grant shall be passed for those results, and the ground on which it is proposed to withhold it shall be reported for orders to the President of the Local Board, if the grant is one payable from Local Funds, or to the Inspector, if the grant is one payable from Provincial Funds.

47. Any falsifications of the registers, any misrepresentation regarding the fees and attendance, any deception in the presentation of pupils, and any other fraud or irregularity, shall be similarly reported after the completion of the examination, and the countersigning officer shall have the power to withhold or reduce the grant in such cases and to take any ulterior measures which the occasion may appear to him to demand.

48. As soon as possible after the conclusion of the examination, the inspecting officer shall furnish the Manager with a nominal roll showing the names of the pupils examined, receive nominal the standards in which they were examined, and the marks obtained by each pupil in roll.

each subject. The Manager shall keep these rolls and produce them for inspection at each succeeding examination during the following two years. In the object lessons of the infant, first, second and third standards; in the children's occupations and in the action songs it shall not be necessary for the inspecting officer to report the marks of individual pupils.

Grants.

(d) GRANTS.

Scale of grants.
Non-Europeans.
Compulsory
subjects.

49. The maximum scale of grants claimable under these rules is shown below:—

A.—For Non-Europeans—Compulsory Subjects.

Grants.	Infant Standard.	First Standard.	Second Standard.	Third Standard.	Fourth Standard.	Fifth Standard.	Sixth Standard.	Seventh Standard.
Ordinary ..	RS. A. P. 0 4 0	RS. A. P. 1 12 0	RS. A. P. 2 8 0	RS. A. P. 3 8 0	RS. A. P. 4 12 0	RS. A. P. 5 8 0	RS. A. P. 6 8 0	RS. A. P. 7 0 0
Merit ..	0 8 0	2 8 0	3 8 0	5 0 0	6 8 0	8 0 0	9 0 0	30 0 0

B.—For Non-Europeans—Optional Subjects.

Subjects.	Infant Standard.		First Standard.		Second Standard.		Third Standard.		Fourth Standard.		Fifth Standard.		Sixth Standard.	
	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.
Object Lessons or Elementary Science	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0					
Children's Occupation	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Action Songs	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Geography	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Vernacular Poetry	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Vernacular Grammar	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
English	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Indian History	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
English History	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Drawing	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Hygiene	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Mathematics	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Agriculture for boys only	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Mensuration for boys only	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
Plain Needlework for girls only	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
* Fancy Needlework for girls only	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						
* Domestic Economy for girls only	0 2 0	4 0 2 0	4 0 4 0	6 0 8 0	12 1 0 1	8 1 8 2	0 2 0 3	0 0						

Seventh Standard.—Rupees 4 for each extra branch in which the pupil obtains one-third of the maximum marks.

* No grant will be given for Fancy Needle-work in any standard unless the pupil at the same Examination passes the test of the Standard in Plain Needle-work.

† Grants under this standard shall not be allowed in boys' schools without the general or special sanction of the Director or Local Board as the case may require.

Gymnastics: report fair, two annas; report good, three annas.

C. European Schools.

Standards.	Compulsory Subjects.		Optional Subjects.			Drill and Gymnastics.			Compulsory and optional subjects.
	Ordinary Grant.	Merit Grant.	Fair.	Good.	Excellent.	Report.	Drill.	Drill and Gymnastics for boys or advanced Calisthenics for girls.	
Infant.	RS. A. P. 0 4 0	0 8 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 6 0				
I.	2 0 0	3 0 0	0 8 0	0 12 0	1 0 0				
II.	4 0 0	6 0 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	1 8 0				
III.	6 0 0	9 0 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0				
IV.	8 0 0	12 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0	2 8 0				
V.	10 0 0	15 0 0	2 9 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	Fair	2 annas.	8 annas.	
VI.	12 0 0	18 0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	4 0 0				
VII.	25 0 0	35 0 0	Rupees 5 for each extra branch in which the pupil obtains one-third of the maximum marks.			Good	3	12	
			Needle-work. { 1st Class Rs. 5 2nd " " 3			Excellent.	4	1 rupee.	

NOTE.—The grant for singing shall be one-half that fixed for the other optional subjects. No girl shall be entitled to a merit grant for the compulsory subjects who does not pass in plain needlework.

50. Except in schools for Europeans, the grants for girls shall be double those named in Scales A and B except for needle-work and domestic economy and for Muhammadan boys 25 per cent. higher than the rates in Scales A and B. Special rates for girls and Muhammadans.

51. Grants shall be paid at double rates to Managers of schools in the Agency Tracts for backward of the Northern Circars, and at rates 50 per cent. higher than those named in Scales A and B to Managers of schools in the Kollegal and Satyamangalam (above ghāt) Taluks of the Coimbatore District, in the Nilgiri District, in the Wynad Taluk of the Malabar District and on the Shevaroy and Palni Hills.

52. Except in the Madras Municipality and in Municipal towns, grants shall be paid at rates 50 per cent. higher than those in Scales A and B on account of pupils of the races following races or to any other tribe, or class if sanctioned by Government:—

Badagas.	Kurumas.	Polayas.
Billavas.	Koravas.	Pallas.
Chucklers.	Kotas.	Panus.
Cherumas.	Kadas.	Parayas (excluding domestic servants artisans and traders of this caste).
Dandasis.	Kurubas.	Pattunulgars.
Enadis.	Malas and Madagas.	Savaras.
Holayars.	Malsas.	Todas.
Izhuvans (Choguns).	Malayalis (hill tribes).	Totis.
Irulas.	Nayadis.	
Khonds.	Oddars.	

N.B.—Caste, for the purposes of the Code, is to be held unaffected by a change of religion.

53. Rates 50 per cent. higher than those fixed in Scale C may be paid to Managers of schools for Europeans situated in the Nilgiri district, in the Wynad taluk of the Malabar district, on the Shevaroy, the Palni or any other hill station. For Europeans.

54. In European schools grants shall be paid at 25 per cent. in excess of the rates fixed in Scale C under Standards I to IV for every poor child as defined in Article 6, Chapter II. Ditto

55. In European night schools, the grant for English shall be one-half the amount of that fixed for the compulsory subjects of that standard, and for each additional subject the grant shall be that fixed for the optional subjects of the standards. Ditto.

56. Grants at rates 25 per cent. higher than those named in Schedules A and B shall be paid for poor pupils of poor schools including pupils of the races mentioned in Article 52 situated in the Madras Municipality or in any other Municipal town. A school to be classed as a poor school shall have at least 50 per cent. of its pupils poor as defined in Article 6, Chapter II. Poor pupils in Municipality.

57. All prospective general reductions in the scale of grants shall, unless in very exceptional circumstances, be notified in the Fort St. George or District Gazette on or before the 1st of November, but the fixing of the percentage of grants for individual schools under Article 6 shall not be subject to this restriction. No reduction or alteration shall be made in the scale of grants in the circle or municipality or in grants to individual schools fixed under Article 6 after the list for the year has been published. The amount General reductions in grants.

Grant not to exceed a fixed limit. of grant, which may be passed by the inspecting officer, shall not exceed by more than 10 per cent. the amount of grant sanctioned for the school and published in the Gazette. In the case of a general reduction of grant, the favorable rates mentioned in Articles 50—56 shall ordinarily be calculated on the reduced percentage.

Certifying Memorandum. 58. The Inspecting officer shall, immediately after the examination of a school, furnish the Manager with a certifying memorandum, or, if the school claims grants from distinct funds, with two certifying memoranda, showing the number of pupils examined and passed under each standard and the amount of grant claimable either at the maximum rates or at the reduced rates notified in the *Fort St. George* or *District Gazette*. The certifying memorandum will be printed in book form with a counterfoil containing an abstract of the details given in the memorandum, the pages being marked serially. The responsibility for the supply of forms for schools aided from Local or Municipal Funds rests with the Boards concerned, but in the case of schools aided from Provincial Funds, with the Director.

Change in Managership. Any change in Managership shall be reported by the Deputy Inspector to the countersigning officer, whose sanction shall be required for a change in the certifying memorandum.

Certifying memorandum how paid. 59. If the grant is payable from Local Funds the certifying Memorandum shall be submitted immediately by the Manager to the President of the Local Board or Municipality for payment, or to such officer as he may authorise to act on his behalf. In the case of delay on the part of a Manager, the Board concerned, should the delay exceed three months, may withhold payment.

Provincial funds. 60. If the grant is payable from Provincial Funds, the certifying memorandum shall be submitted to the Inspector, on whose countersignature the grant therein specified shall be paid by the officer in charge of the Huzur or Taluk Treasury as the Accountant-General may direct. In case of undue delay on the part of a Manager in forwarding the memorandum to the Inspector, that officer, before countersigning it, shall refer the matter for the orders of the Director, who, should the delay exceed three months, may withhold payment.

Unpaid grants. 61. If, owing to any miscalculation, the fund available for the payment of result grants runs short of the amount required, all unpaid claims due for the past year shall be discharged before any sums are paid for grants earned during the current year.

European schools. 62. Quarterly advances of grant to European poor schools conducted on the result system may be made on the following conditions:—

(a) In the case of schools already receiving aid under this system a grant equal to one-sixth of the net grant earned in the preceding year may be paid to the Managers of such school on the last day of each quarter on a receipt bill countersigned by the Inspector

Conditions of quarterly advances. (b) In case of schools for the first time admitted to the list of schools to be so aided, similarly one-sixth of the amount of grant which the Inspector considers may be reasonably expected to be earned by the school for the year.

(c) All bills shall contain a declaration signed by the Manager that if the school be closed or if the pupils be not presented for examination at the close of the year, the amount drawn shall be refunded to Government, and in case where the grant earned falls below the total advances paid, that the excess amount shall be refunded.

Combined Grants.

CHAPTER IV.—COMBINED GRANTS.

1. The grants-in-aid alluded to in Chapter I, Article 2, as given on a combination of the salary and result grant systems, are called "Combined System Grants."

Classes of schools so aided. 2. Grants may not be given on this system to schools having a class higher than the upper fourth of a Government school.

Conditions of aid. 3. So far as concern schools other than those for Europeans, with the exception of Articles 3, 9 and 11 (in the case of primary schools), all the provisions of Chapter II apply to schools aided under this system; also the provisions of Chapter III, except Article 2, and other chapters of the Code.

Rates of grants. 4. Salary grants shall be half the rates ordinarily or specially allowed. Result grants shall ordinarily only be given at 50 per cent. of the maximum rates except on the special or general sanction or recommendation of the Director.

Standing list. 5. A school admitted to aid on the combined system shall thereby be admitted to the standing list of result schools.

Application. 6. When application is made for a salary grant under this chapter, the application shall be accompanied by a copy of the E form. Similarly, when application is made for a result grant, the application shall contain a statement of the aid obtained or sought to be obtained under the salary system.

Subsidiary rules. 7. The Director, with the consent of a Local Board, may frame any subsidiary rules which may appear necessary for the working of this system.

CHAPTER V.—ART AND SCIENCE.

GRANTS-IN-AID OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION IN SCIENCE, ART AND INDUSTRIES.

OBJECTS.—1. The general objects for which grants for promoting technical education are given are set forth in paragraph 2 of the Government notification, regarding higher examinations in science, art, and industries.

2. The means for attaining these general objects are—

(i) In regard to science—

- (a) the establishment of applied science classes and of museums, laboratories, demonstration farms and workshops in connection with existing recognized colleges and high schools affording general instruction, such science classes being optionally day or evening classes, and being available both for the ordinary pupils of the colleges and high schools and for outsiders;
- (b) the introduction of science as part of the curriculum in middle schools, and of children's occupations developing manual dexterity, and of object lessons developing habits of accurate observation and description, as part of the education given in primary schools.

The science subjects for instruction in which science schools or classes will receive aid are stated in paragraph 12 of the above notification:

(ii) In regard to art—

- (a) the establishment (ordinarily in connection with existing high schools and colleges) of industrial art classes; and
- (b) the introduction of drawing and modelling into the curriculum of middle schools, and of drawing into that of primary schools;
- (c) the establishment of schools of industrial art in large centres where a sufficient number and variety of students can be found.

The art subjects for instruction in which aid will be given are detailed in paragraph 12 of the notification above referred to.

(iii) In regard to industries—

- (a) the establishment of industrial schools in which, as far as practicable, science and art are applied to the improvement of the industries, and in which correct principles are taught as well as improved practice;
- (b) the establishment of industrial classes in connection with existing high schools and colleges, especially in connection with those having science and art classes.

The industries for instruction in which aid will be given are enumerated in paragraph 12 of the notification above referred to and in the Middle school notification.

3. NATURE OF AID.—The assistance rendered to science, art, and industrial education under this chapter, and in addition to aid given under other chapters of the code, is in the form—

- (i) of scholarships, medals, and prizes awarded in public examinations held at places complying with the conditions laid down in the Government notification;
- (ii) of other stipendiary and also free scholarships;
- (iii) of special and more liberal salary grants for teachers;
- (iv) of payments on the results of examinations and on attendance;
- (v) of aid to ordinary teachers and normal students attending the Saidipet Agricultural College, or the Madras School of Arts, or other institution approved by the Director and of aid to passed students of those institutions and science graduates attending the Madras Normal School, with a view to qualify as teachers of science, art, or industries respectively;
- (vi) of grants towards the rent or purchase of land for demonstration farms; and
- (vii) of grants for the erection of laboratories and their complete equipment.

4. CONDITIONS OF AID.—No. i.—Special scholarships, prizes, &c., for science, art, and industries will be given according to the conditions laid down in the Government notifications.

No. ii.—(a) To managers of industrial schools, scholarships at the following rates will be given for students who, having passed the highest industrial standard in the Middle School examination, are sent to a recognized Art school to continue their studies to the preliminary higher-examination with the view of becoming industrial teachers:—

European—	Others—
1st year.....Rs. 10	Rs. 8
2nd „ „ 12	„ 10

(b) Free scholarships in the Government School of Arts will be awarded to any such student sent to pursue his studies only, and not with the view of training as a teacher.

Salary grants.

No. iii.—Salary grants for teachers in science, art, and industrial education will be given according to the rules contained in Chapter II. The qualifications required in science and art teachers will be found in Articles 33 to 43 of Chapter II, and in paragraph 22 of the notification. Industrial teachers must ordinarily have passed a general education test, and be approved by the Director as competent teachers of the industries they profess, but the Director may, under special circumstances and on the recommendation of an Inspector of Schools, dispense with the first condition. [N.B.—After December 1888, science, art or industrial teachers in special schools or classes will, as a condition of salary grant for teaching any branch of industry, or of science or art applied to the industries, be required to have passed in one of the Government public higher examinations in that branch. The same requirement will be made in the case of science or art teachers in middle schools; and science or art teachers in upper primary schools will similarly be required to have passed at the Middle School examination.] For those teachers who, in addition to fulfilling the requirements of the Director in regard to their special qualifications in science, art or industry, hold a normal certificate or the university diploma of L. T., there will be given in addition to the half salary grant, 50 per cent. on the half grant, and similarly 25 per cent. extra will be given to those who hold an ordinary certificate.

Result grants.

No. iv.—In addition to any other grants obtainable under the code, Result grants (up to the 7th standard Middle School examination) will be given according to Chapters III and IX of the Grant-in-Aid Code. For the higher examinations in science, art and industries the result grant shall be as follows:—

For each pupil passing the preliminary higher examination Rs. 8 in the 2nd class, and Rs. 12 in the 1st class for each subject in which there are no stages, and Rs. 4 and Rs. 6, respectively, for each stage of subjects divided into stages: Provided that no grant shall be claimable for the first stage in PURE MATHEMATICS. And the same for subjects in which there is only one higher examination. For the advanced higher examination, double the above amounts. Fifty per cent. extra on the above rates will be given for girls and for European and Muhammadan boys.

N.B.—No result grant will be given for those who have already passed an examination recognized as equivalent or higher.

Aid to teachers attending special colleges or schools.

No. v.—Aid to teachers attending special colleges or schools with a view to qualify as science, art or industrial teachers will be given at the rates fixed for, and subject to, the conditions applicable to Normal students under Chapter VI.

No. vi.—Grants towards the rent or purchase of land for demonstration farms will be given under the conditions laid down in Chapter X.

No. vii.—Grants are only made to schools in connection with the department, approved and recognized by it, and complying with the conditions of section (a), Chapter II.

Conditions of recognition as a science, art or industrial school or class.

5. CONDITIONS OF RECOGNITION AS A SCIENCE, ART OR INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL OR CLASS.—To qualify a school or class to be recognized as eligible for aid as a science school or class, art school or class, or industrial school or class respectively, it must comply with the following conditions:—

- It must, even if seeking a result grant only, be under a science, art or industrial teacher qualified as hereinbefore mentioned.
- If a salary grant is sought for the teacher of a science, art or industrial class, he must have under him, and in regular attendance, not less than six pupils studying science, art or industries. But these six need not necessarily be all studying the same subjects, provided that in each subject taught the teacher has the required qualifications. There is no limitation as to the number of pupils when only a result grant is sought.
- Pupils admitted into science or art schools or classes (unless specially exempted by the Director) must have passed the Middle School examination or some examination accepted by him as equivalent or higher. No science or art school or industrial class shall continue to receive aid which, if it is a day school or class, has not had 100 full school meetings (as defined in Article 75 of the code) during the 365 days preceding the examination, or, if a science or art class (day or evening) or an evening industrial class, has not during the above-mentioned 365 days had 50 full meeting of two hours each.
- Except in industrial schools and classes, a fee must be levied at rates to be approved of by the Director and if any free scholars are allowed, the number must not exceed a percentage to be fixed by the Director. The manager must certify annually to the collection of fees. But no fee shall be levied from normal students attending a science, art or industrial class or school.
- The school or class must possess a sufficient supply of the fittings, plant, and apparatus, &c., requisite for teaching the subjects professed, and if Chemistry is taught there must be a suitable laboratory, and if Metallurgy, suitable

furnaces as well. Every science or art school must possess a sufficient collection of suitable specimens, models, &c. But several schools or classes may unite to circulate their collections among each other, so as to bring a larger collection before the notice of the students of each, and individual deficiencies may thus be made up for, and similarly with regard to apparatus not in daily requirement.

- (f) A science or art school or class which omits to present pupils at the public higher examinations in science and art of any year, or from which for two successive years no pupils pass thereat, will be liable to have its salary grant or grants withdrawn or reduced.

Industrial schools or classes shall similarly be bound to present and pass pupils at the industrial examination from the 4th to the 7th standards under Chapter IX, under penalty of the grant being withdrawn or reduced.

6. REWARDS TO TEACHERS.—The Director may grant an honorarium of not more than three months' salary to a certificated teacher in an ordinary college or secondary school teacher, who qualifies in science, art or industries by passing for a teacher's certificate in one of the higher examinations under paragraph 22 of the Government notification.

7. GRANTS TO TEACHERS UNDER TRAINING.—Certificated teachers in receipt of salary grants as teachers of ordinary colleges or secondary schools who may wish to attend a special course at the Saidapet Agricultural College, or the Madras School of Industrial Arts, training, or other institutions approved by the Director will be eligible for the continuance of their grant during the course, and if resident in the mofussil, to actual travelling expenses to Madras and back. The above concession will be dependent on the Principal of the institution reporting that the progress of such students is satisfactory, and that they are likely to pass the next ensuing preliminary higher examination.

8. PAYMENTS FOR ATTENDANCE.—Payments for attendance will be made only in fully organized science schools and in fully organized art schools. The condition on which attendance such grants will be made and the amount thereof will be notified hereafter.

9. TRAVELLING ALLOWANCE TO TEACHERS.—A teacher giving instruction in science, Travelling art or industry, in several small towns or in several schools in a large town, may receive allowance to special grants-in-aid for his travelling expenses. These special grants are only to be made provided that there is local organization for a general system of science, art or industrial instruction, that the teacher is highly qualified, and that local teachers possessing the requisite qualifications are not available.

When it is intended to claim this grant, a special application must be made at the beginning of the official year, explaining the circumstances of the case, and giving a detailed estimate of the expenses which will be incurred. The application will then be considered, and if the circumstances bring it within the above regulation, the Director will allow a certain sum, not exceeding two-thirds of the amount, for each journey. The whole allowance will be paid at the end of the official year upon the production of satisfactory vouchers that the travelling expenses have been actually incurred, and that the class has been examined.

It must, however, be clearly understood that this gives no claim for travelling expenses generally, and that no claim will be entertained which has not been allowed by the Director at the commencement of the session.

CHAPTER VI.—TRAINING INSTITUTIONS AND NORMAL AND GYMNASIc SCHOLARSHIPS. Training institutions.

1. No normal certificate shall be accepted by the Director which has not been obtained in a training institution recognized by Government. Recognized schools in the Presidency shall be notified as such in the Fort St. George Gazette.

NOTE.—All grants under this chapter are made by the Director on the recommendation of the Inspector.

2. A training institution—to be recognized as such—may be collegiate, secondary or primary, or contain two or all of these departments.

Conditions of Recognition.—The manager must comply with the conditions in Section (a), Chapter II.

(I) If a collegiate institution in the Madras Presidency, it must be recognized by the University for the Teachers' Diploma Examination. Collegiate institution

(II) If a secondary institution—
(1) the course of special education shall be generally in accord with that in a Secondary Government Normal school of the same standard; Secondary institutions.

(2) no student shall be admitted for training who has not passed a general education test of the secondary grade;

- (3) the Head Master of the Normal department shall be a trained teacher of collegiate grade and Assistant Masters shall be of not less than secondary grade, higher. A Mistress shall be of not less than secondary grade, lower;
- (4) it shall have a practising branch which shall contain a complete lower secondary department and a complete primary department;
- (5) the Master of the practising branch shall be of not less than the secondary grade (trained);
- (6) students shall be admitted to the Normal department at the commencement of the first and second terms only;
- (7) students shall be required to appear for the examination in method and teaching-power at the end of their second term;
- (8) the Normal department shall contain, if for Masters, at least ten students, and, if for Mistresses, at least five students;
- (9) adequate opportunity of practising the art of teaching shall be given to all the students, and gymnastic instruction and practice in teaching it shall form part of the course.

Primary institutions.

(III) If a primary institution, it must comply with conditions (1), (6), (7), (8) and (9), besides the following:—

- (1) no student shall be admitted who has not passed the general education test of the grade, except in the case of a *bond fide* schoolmaster who may be admitted on passing an entrance examination equal in difficulty to the compulsory portion of the third standard. In the case of Hindu and Muhammadan girls, students may be admitted who have passed an entrance examination equal in difficulty to the compulsory portion of the fourth standard.
- (2) the Head Master or Mistress must be a trained teacher of not less than the lower secondary grade, and all the assistants must be certificated teachers.
- (3) the practising branch shall ultimately contain a complete primary department including infant standard.

Special power of the Director.

3. The Director has power to modify any of the above conditions for a limited period to allow of the gradual development of each institution. The Manager shall require each student for whom a grant is sanctioned to execute a bond in form to be prescribed hereafter or approved by the Director to serve as a teacher for a period of at least two years for Mistresses and three years for Masters under penalty of refund in case of failure. In case of breach of agreement the Managers shall be liable to refund to Government the amount drawn as grant on account of each student. The bond shall be in such form as may be notified by the Director. (Appendix N.)

Scale of grants according to grade of student

4. Grants will be given according to the following maximum scale on account of scholarships to Normal students in a recognized Normal school:—

Grade of Student.	NATIVES.		EUROPEANS.	
	Masters.	Mistresses.	Masters.	Mistresses.
Collegiate	Rs. 10	Rs. 15	Rs. 12	Rs. 20
Secondary. { Higher	7	10	9	15
{ Lower	5	7	6	9
Primary.. { Higher	3	5	4	6
{ Lower	2	3	3	4

Award.

(a) Such scholarships may be granted to Managers of schools on behalf of teachers or persons agreeing to become teachers sent by them for training to any Government Local Fund, or Municipal Normal school, or to any private Normal school recognized by Government, provided the Manager of the Normal school concerned certifies his consent to admit the student.

Grants may be supplemented.

(b) Managers will be expected to supplement, if necessary, the Government grant, but are not bound to contribute any proportion.

Fees.

(c) School fees shall not be demanded from the holders of scholarships, but in boarding schools, Managers may require students who are boarders to refund the regular fee for boarding.

5. In the case of all Masters a scholarship shall not continue beyond twelve months, Term of but if a Master passes the general education test of higher grade than that for which he scholarship has been trained, he may receive grant for the second Normal course, provided he has grant. obtained a full Normal certificate in the grade for which he has already been trained. As regards Mistresses, except in the case of European Normal students, they may draw grant, if necessary, for two years, provided they have not passed a general education test for secondary teachers before admission.

6. In the case of students sent to Madras for training being permanent residents of Special rates. the Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavari, Kistna, Cuddapah, Bellary, Kurnool, Anantapur, Nellore, Malabar, or South Canara Districts, the grants may be 25 per cent. higher than in the above table.

7. Rules from time to time published by the Director, regulating the allowances on Special powers leave of Normal students, and other matters not provided for in this chapter, shall be of Director. binding on Managers.

8. A monthly grant not exceeding Rs. 10 will be allowed for a young man who has Gymnastic passed a general education test and is sent by a Manager to be trained in a recognized students. gymnasium. The period for which grant will be allowed shall not exceed nine months.

CHAPTER VII.—SCHOLARSHIPS.

Scholarships.

1. Grants will be given according to the following scale on account of scholarships Object of grant intended to encourage Managers of schools to enable pupils of promise to prosecute their and proportion studies to a higher standard. One half grant will be given in European schools, and one- of aid. third grant in other schools. These grants may also be allowed in Government and local schools, provided the contribution be made by a society or private person not connected with the schools.

2. To entitle a Manager to aid under this chapter, the scholarship or scholarships shall be awarded according to rules approved by the Director, and no alteration shall be made in such rules without his sanction.

The rules shall contain suitable provisions in regard to the following heads:—

Conditions.

- (a) Conditions of award.
- (b) Conditions of tenure of scholarship.
- (c) Amount of stipend in relation to standard of education.

3. All scholarships must be awarded by competition and shall be given to enable Competitions students to pass through particular departments, which shall be either the high school or the junior or senior college department.

4. A scholarship shall not be awarded to a student whose age at date of examination Age. exceeds for the high school fifteen years, the junior college eighteen years, and the senior college twenty years. In the case of girls, the age limits shall be one year higher than the above.

5. Managers will ordinarily be entitled to one scholarship for every eight students in Proportion of the senior college, one for every twelve students in the junior college, and one for every Scholarships to sixteen students in the high school. In girls' schools the limit of students for each attendance. scholarship will be six, eight, and twelve respectively.

6. The maximum grant shall be Rupees 8, Rupees 6-8-0, and Rupees 5 for the senior Maximum college, junior college, and high school, respectively, in European schools, and Rupees 6, grants. 5, and 4 respectively in other schools.

7. The grants shall be renewed each year on satisfactory proof that the student has Period for diligently prosecuted his studies, but in no case shall a grant be given beyond the period which granted. fixed for the course.

8. In native girls' schools half grants on similar conditions may be given to girls pass- Native girls' ing through the lower and upper secondary courses at the following maximum rates:— schools.

	Rs.
Upper Secondary	4
Lower do.	2

CHAPTER VIII.—BOARDING SCHOOLS FOR EUROPEANS.

European Boarding Schools.

1. Grants may be given to recognized boarding establishments, orphanages, and homes for destitute children in addition to the ordinary grants to the schools with which they may be connected.

2. No such institution shall be recognized by Government unless the organization, Recognition. discipline, sanitation, and domestic arrangements are considered satisfactory by the Director and unless the sleeping space allotted to each boarder is declared by competent medical authority to be sufficient for the purposes of health.

3. A monthly grant not exceeding one-half of the ascertained average cost of feeding a Feeding grants. child in the district in which the institution is situated shall be given to the Manager for each fatherless and destitute child and for each poor child boarded whose father or guardian does not reside in the locality. The maximum grant shall not exceed Rs. 8-8-0.

Clothing grants.

4. A half-yearly grant of Rupees 6 will be allowed towards the clothing of each boarder who is certified to be fatherless and destitute. In hill sanatoria the grant shall be double the above figure.

NOTE.—These grants are not to be allowed for broken period.

Grants for Matrons.

5. A monthly grant not exceeding one-third of the salary paid may be given in aid of a qualified Superintendent or Matron directly employed in the domestic management of the institution. In large institutions a grant on the same scale may be made for an Assistant Superintendent or Matron. The maximum grant shall not exceed Rupees 20 for a Superintendent or Matron, nor Rupees 10 for an Assistant.

NOTE.—The rule with reference to Members of Religious Societies under Article 16, Chapter II, applies to Superintendents and Matrons of boarding schools.

Age.

6. No grant (feeding or clothing) will be allowed for a child over six years of age who is not under regular instruction of a suitable standard.

Grants (feeding or clothing) will not be allowed for a boy whose age exceeds sixteen years or for a girl whose age exceeds eighteen years.

Returns.

7. Managers of such institutions must submit such financial and other returns as may from time to time be required.

Industrial Schools.

CHAPTER IX.—INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

1. In addition to the aid which may be afforded under other articles of this code to industrial schools, the following aid may be granted for the results of industrial work in the trades of carpentry, printing, rattan and blacksmith's work and in any other trade which may be added to the list by Government. The fourth standard in each industry shall be the standard fixed for such industry in the notification of the Middle School Examination. Pupils passing such examination in any industry or industries shall be entitled to grants at the rate fixed for the fourth industrial standard in this chapter.

All pupils qualifying under Article 2 may appear for the Middle School Examination in that subject without being required to appear in any other branch.

Industrial Standards

2. A Manager shall not receive an industrial result grant for a pupil who has not passed the third standard, nor shall he receive a grant for the highest industrial standard of a trade for a pupil who has not passed in the compulsory subjects of the fourth standard.

General instruction.

No grant for general secular instruction may be earned in a standard above the fifth.

School meetings.

3. Managers to become entitled to aid under this chapter must satisfy the articles of the code respecting school meetings and attendance, except that two hours a day for general instruction and four hours a day for industrial work will be required instead of four hours' secular instruction. To count the two attendances it is not necessary that they should be put in on the same day.

Order of passing standards.

4. Without special sanction of the Director a pupil shall not be presented for examination under the third or fourth industrial standard who has not passed the next inferior standard, except in the case of industries in which standards 1, 2 and 3 are not prescribed and in the case of pupils apprenticed to employers of labor.

Age.

5. No pupil may be presented for examination whose age exceeds twenty-two years.

Scale of grants.

6. The maximum scale of grants for the several standards shall be as follows:—

	Europeans.		Others.	
	Ordinary.	Merit.	Ordinary.	Merit.
	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Fourth industrial standard ...	12	20	10	15
Third do. do. ...	10	16	8	12
Second do. do. ...	8	12	6	9
First do. do. ...	6	8	4	6

Examination.

7. The standards of examination under the several trades are specified in Schedule M. The manner of conducting the examinations in industrial work will be regulated by instructions to be issued by the Director and published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

Second industry.

8. A pupil shall not be examined in more than two trades, nor in a second trade, until he has passed the second industrial standard in his selected trade. In no case shall the grant for the second trade exceed 50 per cent. of the maximum.

School Buildings. Object and conditions of grant.

CHAPTER—X. SCHOOL BUILDINGS.

1. Grants will be made towards the erection, purchase, substantial improvement or repair, and enlargement of a school-building, or a home for destitute children, or of a boarding-house or orphanage for Europeans on the following conditions:—

1st.—That in each case the Managers of the school shall contribute double the amount of the grant.

2nd.—That satisfactory evidence shall be adduced of the necessity for the erection, purchase, substantial improvement or repair, and enlargement, in aid of which the grant is sought.

3rd.—That the amount applied for shall not exceed what may be considered reasonable, taking the importance of the school or institution and any previous grants which may have been issued to the Managers of the institution.

4th.—That the application, shall be addressed to the Inspector, who will submit it to the Director or the Local Board. The application shall be accompanied by a plan of the building and estimate of the cost of the work. The plan and estimate will be retained in the Director's or the Local Board's office.

5th.—That the erection, purchase, substantial improvement, repairs, (other than emergent), or enlargement of the building or premises, be not proceeded with till the Director's or the Local Board's decision has been notified to the Manager, unless with special sanction at the Manager's risk.

6th.—That previous to the disbursement of the grant it shall be certified by the District Engineer or other responsible officer who may have been deputed to examine the building, that the work has been proceeded with or completed as the case may be as provided for in the plan and estimate previously sanctioned. Such certificate shall be countersigned by the Director.

NOTE.—Grants may be paid in instalments.

7th.—That previous to the disbursement of the grant the Manager shall, if required, execute a deed of agreement in such form as may be prescribed from time to time.

8th.—That in the event of any building, towards the erection, purchase, substantial improvement or repair or enlargement of which a grant may have been made by Government, being diverted prior to the lapse of twenty years from the date of the issue of the grant to other than the purposes for which the grant was sanctioned, the Managers at the time of the diversion shall refund to Government such portion of the grant allowed them as shall be determined by arbitrators, who, in making their award, shall take into consideration the length of time the building has been used as a school-house, boarding-house, orphanage or home for destitute children, and its consequent deterioration; but in the event of such Managers failing to make such refund, then they shall, should the Government desire to purchase, sell the building to Government at a valuation to be determined by arbitrators, who, in making their award, shall deduct from the price such portion of the grant as may seem equitable, regard being had to the length of time the building has been used as a school-house, boarding-house, orphanage or home for destitute children, and its consequent deterioration. Otherwise the Government may recover the amount by such means as they may deem fit. The arbitrators shall be three in number, one of whom shall be nominated by Government, another by the Managers of the school, and the third by the two arbitrators so appointed; and in case of the arbitrators differing in opinion, the award of the majority shall be binding and conclusive on all parties.

2. Building grants are not intended to provide house-accommodation for teachers or pupils, except in case of boarding-houses, orphanages, or homes for destitute children.

3. Except in special circumstances grants are not given to pay off debts for building, nor in consideration of former expenditure for building.

4. When a school, boarding-school, orphanage or home for destitute children is held in a building not owned by the Managers, and for which rent is paid, a grant not exceeding one-third of such rent may be given, provided that the building is certified by the Inspector to be suitable for school purposes.

5. Grants not exceeding Rupees 25 may be given towards the erection of plain village school-houses in villages without requiring, as a condition of aid, a money contribution houses from the Manager: Provided that such aid shall only be given in the case of schools aided on the salary or combined system, or if aided on the result system, schools which are, except as regards accommodation, eligible for admission to the standing list, and provided that a rough plan, with brief description, has been approved by the Inspector. Such grants shall not be paid until the Inspector certifies that the building has been provided and that its value is at least equal to the grant claimed.

6. Building grants not exceeding Rupees 1,000 are sanctioned by the Director or the Local Board; above that, the sanction of Government is necessary.

Grants by whom sanctioned.

CHAPTER XI.—SCHOOL FURNITURE, MAPS FOR SCHOOL LIBRARIES, APPARATUS, DIAGRAMS, MODELS AND TOOLS.

1. Grants not exceeding one-half of the total cost will be given for school furniture, apparatus, maps and diagrams for schools, and for furniture, apparatus, maps, books for public libraries, for school libraries and for reading rooms; also for diagrams and models required for the instruction of science or art pupils, and (in industrial schools or classes) for plant, materials and tools.

No aid will be afforded generally in the purchase of articles to be used by the Science articles, as distinguished from those required by the teacher in giving instruction in by whom used.

Furniture, book etc., for schools and libraries. Proportion of aid

Term for which aid is given.

3. Grants on account of maps may ordinarily be given once in five years, and grants on account of libraries, tools, chemical retorts, test tubes, and other articles of destructible nature may be given annually or at such intervals as the Director or Local Board may consider expedient. Annual grants not exceeding Rupees 300 may be guaranteed for a period of three years. For libraries grants may also be given for the current numbers of scientific and art journals. To entitle a public library or reading room to aid it must be incorporated under Act XXI of 1860.

Claims of Government.

4. In the event of the college or school being closed within five years from the date on which the grant may have been made, the Government shall be at liberty to purchase the furniture, maps, books, apparatus, diagrams, and models, towards the supply of which the grant was given, at valuation to be determined, as in the case of school-buildings, by arbitrators, credit being taken in each case for depreciation due to wear and tear.

Tools.

5. Grants may be given on similar conditions for the purchase of tools in industrial schools and in other schools which have an industrial department, with the exception that the restriction in Article 2 will not apply to these grants.

Gymnastic apparatus. By whom sanctioned.

6. Grants may be given on similar conditions for the purchase of gymnastic apparatus.

Special grants for school books.

7. Grants for furniture, maps, books, apparatus, diagrams, models, tools, and gymnastic apparatus not exceeding Rupees 200 may be sanctioned by the Director.

8. Grants not exceeding Rupees 200 for books and slates for the use of children in poor schools may be sanctioned by the Director or Local Board at such intervals as he may deem expedient, on condition that the books and slates remain the property of the schools concerned and are used by children during the school-hours only, and are not removed from the premises.

Application for furniture grants.

9. Every application for a furniture grant must be accompanied by an estimate in the form given below, and shall be addressed to the Inspector, who will submit it to the Director or the Local Board. The manufacture of the furniture should not be begun, or any arrangements for purchase completed, in anticipation of the Director's or the Local Board's approval. Grants will not ordinarily be allowed for school benches made without backs. In the event of the estimate being approved and of a grant being sanctioned, the amount of the grant will be paid on the Manager's producing a certificate that the work has been duly executed in accordance with the approved estimate. Such certificate shall be countersigned by the Inspector. Applications for grants for apparatus, maps, books, diagrams, and examples must be accompanied by a detailed list showing number, description, and price of each article which it is proposed to purchase. If the list be approved and a grant sanctioned, the amount of the grant will be paid on submission of the necessary vouchers that the articles have been supplied.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR FURNITURE GRANT.

Estimate.

No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
	Pattern	Dimensions of Pattern.	Material used and price; also cost of one Article.	Cost of making one Article.	Total Cost of one Article.	Number of Articles.	Total Cost of Articles.
					RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.

(Signed)

Manager of the

School.

I engage, on completion of the work, to send satisfactory vouchers that the work has been completed in accordance with the estimate approved by you.

Endowments.

Proportion and conditions of aid.

1. Grants equal to one-half the amount given or devised may, with the sanction of Government, be made for the endowment of professorships, teacherships, scholarship museums, or other definite object approved by Government, subject to the following conditions:—

- (1) The institution with which the endowment is to be connected must be a well-established and permanent character, and must be under management recognized by Government as suitable for receiving such aid.
- (2) The endowment must consist of Government securities and be invested in the names of three trustees approved by Government, or, with the sanction of Government, invested in the name of the Director for the time being.

(3) The trustees must render yearly accounts to Government in such form as may be prescribed, and a statement of such accounts shall be published annually by the Director in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(4) The proceeds of endowments shall appear in the annual accounts rendered by each Manager to the Director.

2. The trust-deed, which must be approved by the law officers of Government, shall contain a provision that, in the event of the object for which the endowment was created ceasing to exist or of the Manager of the institution with which the endowment is connected ceasing to comply with any condition of the trust, the fund shall be distributed as provided therein.

3. Grants will be given only towards endowments on or after the 1st July 1895 created by one or more private persons from their own property. Funds for which grants may be claimed

In no case shall a grant be given towards an endowment to be created from funds derived directly or indirectly from ordinary funded or school income, from any corporation, society, body of trustees or individual acting on their behalf, the object of Government being to encourage endowments in good and efficient institutions by means of the liberality of private persons.

A.

Form of Application under Article 2, Chapter II.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Name of school.	Date of establishment.	Name of responsible managers.	Total area of the building.	Number of classes and number of pupils in each.	Number of class rooms and the superficial area of each room.	Condition of the building.	Particulars of furniture and apparatus.
9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Condition of the furniture and apparatus.	Names and ages of teachers.	Length of service in the school.	Examination passed and whether trained or not.	Average attendance of pupils during the first term of the year.	Fees in each department and whether in accordance with the Government notification.	In case of special concession, the date and number of the order by which such concession has been made.	Recommendation of the Inspector.

DECLARATION.—We, the responsible Managers of the above school, promise to comply with all the conditions of aid set forth in Articles 1 and 2, Chapter II, of the Grant-in-Aid Code.

Date and place.

Managers.

B. FINANCIAL STATEMENT.

Receipts for the twelve months ending

Expenses for the twelve months ending

[illegible]

*NOTE.—The balance contributed for the general funds of a Society or of a board of trustees, or by managers from their private funds, to make good any deficit should not be shown in this column but left to appear as a deficit in column 10 with an explanatory remark in column 11.

Date and place.

Managers.

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Form of Application for new Grants or transfer of Grants in a School recognized under Chapter II, Section (a).

[illegible]

Date and place.

Managers.

D.

SCHOOL MANAGEMENT TESTS.

Teachers of the secondary grade—higher and lower.

- (a) To answer questions on the best methods of teaching English and vernacular reading, spelling, grammar, composition, translation, writing, arithmetic, geography, and history in a high school.
- (b) To answer questions in the art of oral teaching generally.
- (c) To answer questions on the form of school registers, the mode of keeping them, making returns from them and regarding the correct forms of official correspondence.
- (d) To write notes of a lesson on a given subject.
- (e) To answer questions on the organization of a high school.
- (f) To answer questions connected with moral discipline, as affecting the character and conduct of the pupils of a high school.

* Teachers of the primary grade, higher.

- (a) To answer questions on the best methods of teaching, reading, spelling, grammar, writing, arithmetic, geography, and history in a middle school.
- (b) To answer questions on the art of oral teaching generally.
- (c) To answer questions on the form of school registers, the mode of keeping them and making returns from them.
- (d) To write notes of a lesson on a given subject.
- (e) To answer questions on the organization of a middle school.

E-1.

Form of Application for admission to the Annual List.

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Circle or Municipality.													
Taluk.													
Town or village.													
Description of school—boys', girls', or mixed.													
Responsible manager.													
Names of masters and nature of examination passed by them.													
Average number of pupils during the last three months.													
Average attendance of pupils during the last three months.													
Probable number of pupils that will be presented for examination.													
Actual monthly salaries of staff, or if no fixed salaries are paid, approximate monthly value of staff.													
Rates of fees levied in each class and average monthly fee collections during the last three months, or if regular fees are not levied, estimated monthly income.													
Standards for which the pupils will be presented and number under each standard.													
I.													
II.													
III.													
IV.													
V.													
VI.													
VII.													
How far complying with the requisitions of Article 15 of Chapter III.													
Date to be fixed for examination.													
Remarks.													

I, the responsible Manager of the above school, promise compliance with the provisions of Chapter III of the Grant-in-Aid Code relating to schools admitted to the annual list.

Date and place.

Manager.

* NOTE.—Pending the institution of a separate test, this test is also open optionally to Teachers of the Primary Grade Lower.

Form of Application—Standing List.																
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15		
1	Circle or Municipality.	Town or village.	Description of school—boys, girls, or mixed.	Responsible manager.	Names of masters and nature of examination passed by them.	Number on rolls at date of application.	Average attendance during past twelve months, or three years in the case of applications for first admission to list.	Number presented under each standard at last examination.	Number passed under each standard at last examination.	Whether fulfilling all the conditions of Article 2 of Chapter III.	Actual monthly salaries of staff, or if no fixed salaries are paid, approximate monthly value of staff.	Rates of fees levied in each class and average monthly fee collections during the last three months, or if regular fees are not levied, estimated monthly income.	Probable number of pupils that will be presented for examination.	Standards for which the pupils will be presented and number under each standard.	Date to be fixed for examination.	Remarks.
	Locality.	Talk.														

I, the responsible Manager of the above school, promise continued compliance with the provisions of Chapter III of the Grant-In-Aid Code relating to schools admitted to the standing list.

Date and place:

Manager.

Form of Application for Admission to the Annual List.

Deputy Inspector's Report to accompany forms. Forms to have serial numbers.

Deputy Inspector.

Form for publication in the Gazette.

(Signed)

Admission Register.

J.

Attendance register for the month of _____

Number on roll at beginning of month	
Left ; number on roll at end of month	
Average attendance during month.	; admitted during month ; number of school days
Morning attendance to be marked thus /	
Afternoon do. do.	-
Full attendances do. X	

STANDARDS OF
K-1.—Compulsory

Subjects.	Infant Standard.	*First Standard.	Second Standard.
Reading	Ability to point out and pronounce the vowels—6 marks.	[a] To read correctly a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the first part of the First Reader of the Madras School Series—6 marks. [b] To answer very simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the first part of the First Reader of the Madras School Series or of an equivalent portion, previously prepared, in any approved book of equal difficulty. Manuscript or cadjan books may be brought up instead of printed books—12 marks.	[a] To read correctly a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second part of the First Reader of the Madras School Series—6 marks. [b] To answer simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of one-half of the second part of the First Reader of the Madras School Series or of an equivalent portion, previously prepared, in any approved book of equal difficulty. Manuscript or cadjan books may be brought up instead of printed books—12 marks.
Writing and spelling ..	[a] To copy out, in very large hand, the vowels on sand, slate or board—4 marks. [b] To write to dictation the vowels—8 marks.	[a] To transcribe in large hand on a slate, board or cadjan a short sentence from the reading book in use—4 marks. [b] To write from dictation eight familiar words out of the reading book in use—8 marks.	[a] To transcribe in middle sized hand on a slate, board or cadjan a sentence from the reading book in use—4 marks. [b] To submit a full copy book of not less than 16 pages in large hand, the writing to be in ink or pencil—6 marks. [c] To write from dictation six lines from the reading book in use—8 marks.
Arithmetic	Exercises on the ball frame or with other concrete objects of the numbers 1 to 12, as follows:— [a] Counting forwards and backwards—2 marks. [b] Counting even and odd—4 marks. [c] Counting by intervals—4 marks. [d] Adding, subtracting, halving, doubling—8 marks.	[a] Counting up to 100 forwards and backwards—3 marks. [b] Counting by intervals of 10, 2, 3, 4 and 5 up to 100—3 marks. [c] Notation and numeration (the latter oral) numbers up to 100 including breaking up into tens and units, e.g., 37 is to be explained as three tens and seven ones—3 marks. [d] Simple addition in two columns, the total not to exceed 100—5 marks. [e] Multiplication table to 4 times 12—5 marks. [f] Addition (mentally) of two money items whose sum does not exceed eight annas—5 marks.	[a] Notation and numeration up to 1,000—2 marks. [b] Counting by intervals of 6, 7, 8 and 9 up to 100—3 marks. [c] Piece-table up to 8 annas and annas-table to five rupees—3 marks. [d] Multiplication table to 16 times 9—4 marks. [e] Addition and subtraction: simple, the total or minuend not to exceed 1,000; money, the total or minuend not to exceed Rs. 5—6 marks. [f] Addition (mentally) of two money items whose sum does not exceed a rupee and subtraction (mentally) where the minuend does not exceed eight annas—6 marks.
*NOTE.—This standard implies a preparation which should include the following: training of the power to see and hear quickly and correctly shapes, colors, relative positions, and relative sizes of various objects interesting to children such as is aimed at in the Kindergarten.			

EXAMINATION.
Subjects.

Third Standard.	Fourth Standard.	Fifth Standard.	Sixth Standard.
[a] To read with ease and correctness a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second Reader of the Madras School Series and also from a plainly-written manuscript—8 marks. [b] To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion, previously prepared, of the Second Reader of the Madras School Series or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Sixty pages to be brought up—12 marks. [a] To transcribe in small hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use—4 marks. [b] To write in the presence of the inspecting officer three lines of middle-sized hand in a copy book of which 15 pages shall have been written by the pupil previous to the day of examination—6 marks. [c] To write from dictation two passages of five lines each from different parts of the reading book in use—10 marks. [a] Notation and numeration to 100,000—4 marks. [b] Piece-table up to one rupee; anna-table up to Rs. 16—4 marks. [c] Madras weight and measure table—4 marks. [d] The four rules, simple, and Indian money—12 marks. [e] The arithmetic (mental) of a rupee involving a knowledge of such aliquot parts as $\frac{1}{2}$, $\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{1}{4}$, $\frac{1}{6}$, $\frac{1}{8}$, $\frac{1}{12}$ —6 marks.	[a] To read with ease, correctness and intelligence a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Third Reader of the Madras School Series and also from any ordinary manuscript—8 marks. [b] To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion, previously prepared, of the Third Reader of the Madras School Series or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Sixty pages to be brought up—12 marks. [a] To transcribe in clear and regular small hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use—4 marks. [b] To write in the presence of the inspecting officer three lines of small hand in a copy book of which 15 pages shall have been written by the pupil previous to the day of examination—6 marks. [c] To write from dictation a passage of 10 lines out of any prose book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second half of the Third Reader, Madras School Series—10 marks. [a] Questions on the compound rules and reduction (Indian money, local weights and measures of capacity, English time, English lineal measure of inches, feet and yards, or local lineal measure)—12 marks. [b] Household accounts and bazaar bills—8 marks. [c] Proper fractions, improper fractions and mixed numbers; interconversion of the two latter. Addition and subtraction of fractions of the same denomination. Multiplication and division of fractions by integers—12 marks. [d] Mental arithmetic as in previous standards applied to bazaar transactions—8 marks. [e] Least common multiple—6 marks. [f] Addition and subtraction of fractions—6 marks. [g] Simple problems involving a knowledge of the above rules—8 marks. [h] Application of the unitary method to business transactions—8 marks.	[a] To read with ease, correctness and intelligence a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second half of the Third Reader, Madras School Series, and from any manuscript—8 marks. [b] To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion, previously prepared, of the second half of the Third Reader, Madras School Series, or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Eighty pages to be brought up—23 marks. [a] To transcribe in clear and regular small hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use—4 marks. [b] To write from dictation a passage of 10 lines out of any prose book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second half of the Third Reader, Madras School Series—10 marks. [a] Greatest common measure—4 marks. [b] Reduction of fractions to lower terms—4 marks. [c] Complete division of integers, giving the quotient as an integer a mixed number or a proper fraction—6 marks. [d] Simplification of compound fractions and multiplication and division of fraction—6 marks. [e] Least common multiple—6 marks. [f] Addition and subtraction of fractions—6 marks. [g] Simple problems involving a knowledge of the above rules—8 marks. [h] Application of the unitary method to business transactions—8 marks.	[a] To read a few lines of poetry, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Tamil Anthology. No. 1—8 marks. [b] To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion, previously prepared, of the Fourth Reader, Madras School Series, or any other approved reading book of equal difficulty. One hundred pages to be brought up—23 marks. [a] To transcribe in clear and regular small hand on paper a printed paragraph—4 marks. [b] To write from dictation a passage from the Poetical Anthology, No. 1—10 marks. [c] To write a short letter descriptive of some place known to, or event within the experience of the pupil (to be a test of writing, punctuation, form and expression)—10 marks. [a] Simplification of complex fractions—3 marks. [b] Notation and numeration from 1,000,000 to 1,000,001—4 marks. [c] Conversion of vulgar fractions to decimals and vice versa—12 marks. [d] The four rules of decimals—3 marks. [e] Simple and compound practice—10 marks. [f] Square measure—6 marks.

STANDARDS OF
K-2.—Optional

Subjects.	Infant Standard.	First Standard.	Second Standard.
Object lessons* or elementary science. A progressive course of simple lessons adapted to cultivate habits of exact observation, statement and reasoning. Suitable children's occupation.*	Common objects, such as familiar animals, plants and substances employed in ordinary life.	As in infant standard, a more advanced course.	As in Standard I, a more advanced course.
Action Songs	Ability in any three occupations. Not less than four to be brought up.	Ability in any three occupations.	Ability in any three occupations, greater proficiency than in Standard I.
Geography			To explain a plan of the school-room which has been drawn to scale from measurements taken by the children. Understanding of it to be tested by requiring children to mark on the plan the position of the benches, &c., also to place such objects in the room as marked on plan. The four cardinal points. A knowledge of the town or village in which the school is situated, studied from a map of the locality—10 marks.
Vernacular Poetry			
Vernacular Grammar			
English—(1) Reading			

* A suggested scheme of teaching this subject must be submitted to, and approved by, the Inspector.

EXAMINATION—continued.
Subjects.

Third Standard.	Fourth Standard.	Fifth Standard.	Sixth Standard.
As in Standard II, a more advanced course.	A very elementary knowledge of (a) animals or plants with particular reference to agriculture, (b) of substances employed in the arts and manufactures carried on in the district—20 marks.	The subjects in Standard IV, a more advanced course—30 marks.	Huxley's Introduction to Science, or any other similar book—30 marks.
(a) Special knowledge of the geography of the district in which the school is situated, with the physical features of the locality—12 marks.	(a) The Madras Presidency, Coorg, Travancore, Mysore, Cochin and Hyderabad as contained in the Short Account of the Madras Presidency or any other book of similar standard and the physical features of the rest of India—16 marks.	(a) A knowledge of the Geography of Asia as contained in Duncan's Introduction to the Geography of the World, Part I, or any other book of similar standard—18 marks.	(a) A knowledge of the Geography of Europe and Africa as contained in Duncan's Introduction to the Geography of the World or any other book of similar standard—20 marks.
(b) To point out on a map the districts, the chief towns of each, and the principal rivers and mountains of the Madras Presidency—8 marks.	(b) The oceans and continents of the world—4 marks.	(b) The situation of the great rivers, mountain chains and important countries of the world—6 marks. (c) Map-drawing. A fairly correct outline of the continent of Asia—6 marks.	(b) Map-drawing. Fairly correct outlines of Europe and Africa with the physical features and the important countries—10 marks.
(a) To recite a few lines of easy poetry or moral aphorisms. Fifty lines to be brought up—4 marks.	(a) To write from memory or recite a few lines from any approved book of poetry or moral aphorisms equal in difficulty to the Poetical Anthology. One hundred and fifty lines to be brought up not including any brought up under the previous standard—5 marks.	(a) To write from memory or recite a few lines of poetry equal in difficulty to the Tamil Anthology, No. II, or the Telugu Nalacharithram. Two hundred and fifty lines to be brought up—5 marks.	(a) To write from memory or recite a few lines of poetry equal in difficulty to the Tamil Anthology, No. II, or the Telugu Nalacharithram. Three hundred and fifty lines to be brought up—5 marks.
(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or moral aphorisms and on the meaning of the words—6 marks.	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or moral aphorisms and on the meaning of the words—15 marks.	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and construction of words and on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry brought up—15 marks.	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and construction of words and on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry brought up—15 marks.
(c) To point out the subject, object and predicate of an easy sentence and to point out nouns and verbs in the reading book—10 marks.	(c) To point out the subject, object and predicate of an easy sentence and to point out nouns and verbs in the reading book—10 marks.	To answer questions on any approved grammar similar in standard to Pope's Second Catechism of Tamil Grammar—20 marks.	Exercises and questions on any approved grammar similar in standard to pages 11-70 of Mahalingiah's Tamil Grammar, or pages 19-36 of Venkiah's Telugu Grammar—20 marks.
(a) To read a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the First English Book of the Madras School Series—6 marks.	(a) To read a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second English Book of the Madras School Series—6 marks.	(a) To read a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Third English Reader of the Madras School Series—5 marks.	(a) To read a few lines from any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Fourth English Reader of the Madras School Series—5 marks.
(b) To translate a passage and words from the First English Book of the Madras School Series or any approved book of equal length and difficulty previously prepared—14 marks.	(b) To translate a passage and words from the Second English Book of the Madras School Series or any approved book of equal length and difficulty previously prepared—14 marks.	(b) To explain in the vernacular a passage from pages 61 to 120 of the Third English Reader of the Madras School Series or from an equal quantity of any similar book previously prepared—15 marks.	(b) To explain in the vernacular a passage from the Fourth English Reader or any similar book previously prepared. To answer in English questions on the portion prepared with special reference to the meaning of the subject-matter, illustration of the meaning of words, phrases and idioms; meaning of sentences; framing simple sentences to introduce correctly given words, phrases or idioms—20 marks.
(c) To point out the subject, object and predicate of an easy sentence and to point out nouns and verbs in the reading book—10 marks.	(c) To translate easy simple sentences from the vernacular into English as in the exercises in the Second English Book of the Madras School Series—10 marks.	(c) To translate into English ten lines of narrative from the Vernacular Second Reader of the Madras School Series or any similar work—15 marks.	(c) To translate into English ten lines of narrative from the Vernacular Second Reader of the Madras School Series or any similar work—15 marks.

STANDARDS OF
K-2.—Optional

Subjects.	Infant Standard.	First Standard.	Second Standard.
English—(2) Writing and spelling.			
English—(3) Grammar			
Indian History			
English History			
Drawing and Modelling			
Hygiene			
Mathematics			
Agriculture (for boys only)			
Mensuration (for boys only).			
Plain needle-work (for girls only)		Hemming or back-stitching. The hem may be fixed by the teacher—10 marks.	Top-sewing and either hemming or back-stitching. The work to be fixed by the pupil—10 marks.
Fancy needle-work (for girls only)			
Domestic economy (for girls only)			

EXAMINATION.

Subjects—concluded.

Third Standard.	Fourth Standard.	Fifth Standard.	Sixth Standard.
a) To write, in the presence of the Inspecting officer, three lines of large hand in a copy book of any approved series of which 15 pages shall have been written by the pupil previous to the day of examination—5 marks. b) To write from dictation ten words from the English reading book in use—5 marks.	a) To write in the presence of the Inspecting officer, three lines of middle-sized hand in a copy book of any approved series of which 15 pages shall have been written by the pupil previous to the day of examination—5 marks. b) To write from dictation five words and five lines from the English reading book in use—10 marks. The inflection and parsing of words in the reading book in use and analysis of simple sentences limited to subject and predicate—15 marks. The leading facts of the history of India to the death of Aurungzeb as contained in Sinclair's Brief Outlines of Indian History or any other similar text-book with such a knowledge of General and Indian Geography as may be necessary for an intelligent study of the subject—20 marks.	a) To write in the presence of the Inspecting officer three lines of small hand in a copy book of any approved series of which 15 pages shall have been written by the pupil previous to the day of examination—6 marks. b) To write from dictation ten words and eight lines from the English reading book in use—9 marks. The Grammatical Primer published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society including the analysis or any approved grammar of equal difficulty—20 marks. The leading facts of the history of India from the death of Aurungzeb to 1858 as contained in Sinclair's Brief Outlines of the History of India or any other text-book of similar standard with such a knowledge of General and Indian Geography as may be necessary for an intelligent study of the subject—30 marks.	a) To transcribe in a good clear hand eight lines of print—6 marks. b) To write from dictation ten words and eight lines from the English reading book in use—9 marks. Etymology, Syntax rules 1 to 20 and analysis of sentences as contained in the Manual of English Grammar published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society—25 marks. The outlines of the history of India to the battle of Plassey as contained in Sinclair's Outlines of Indian History or any other text-book of similar standard with such a knowledge of General and Indian Geography as may be necessary for an intelligent study of the subject—30 marks. The outlines of the history of England up to the death of Elizabeth as contained in Sinclair's Outlines of the History of England or any other text-book of similar standard—20 marks. Free-hand drawing, as in Poynter's South Kensington Drawing Books, First Grade, Nos. 3 to 6 ("Flowers, Fruits and Foliage"), or similar books. Euclid, Book I, Props. 1—16. Algebra, addition and subtraction—30 marks. Robertson's Agricultural Class Book or any other book of similar standard—30 marks.
itiatory lessons on free-hand drawing as in Poynter's South Kensington Drawing Books, First Grade, Nos. 1 and 2 ("Simple Objects and Ornament Flat"), or similar books. ements of Hygiene as in "The Way of Health" published by the C.V.E. Society, any approved book containing very easy lessons on the preservation of health—10 marks.	Free-hand drawing as in Poynter's South Kensington Drawing Books, First Grade, Nos. 3 and 5 ("Objects and Architectural Ornament"), or similar books. W. E. Dhanakoti Raju's Elements of Hygiene or any book of similar standard containing easy lessons on the preservation of health—10 marks.	Free-hand drawing, as in Poynter's South Kensington Drawing Books, First Grade, No. 6 ("Common Objects"), and Free-hand "Plants," Nos. 1 and 2 (Leaves, Fruits, and Flowers).	Euclid, Book I, Props. 1—16. Algebra, addition and subtraction—30 marks. Robertson's Agricultural Class Book or any other book of similar standard—30 marks.
ling, gathering, back-stitching and darning—10 marks.	Cutting out from a pattern and making a native woman's jacket and petticoat, showing gathering, back-stitching, button-hole and band. Darning on old cloth—10 marks.	Cutting out from a pattern and making a native boy's cap and jacket, showing back-stitching, felling, button-hole and band. Neat patching of old cloth—10 marks. Ability to work a simple pattern in any one kind, of fancy work, and ability to mark the English or vernacular letters on canvas or cloth—10 marks. As in Part I of the Manual of Domestic Economy	Cutting out from a pattern and making a native man's short jacket, showing improved work of the kinds mentioned in the fifth standard. Neat patching and darning—10 marks. Ability to work two or more patterns in one or two kinds of fancy work, and ability to mark letters finely on fine cloth—10 marks. As in Part II of the Manual of Domestic Economy

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued).

L.
EXAMINATIONS UNDER THE RESULT SYSTEM, FOR EUROPEAN SCHOOLS.
STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION.

Maximum of marks.	Heads.	Tests.
INFANT STANDARD. As in Schedules K-1 and K-2.		
FIRST STANDARD. <i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
12	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a short paragraph from a book not confined to words of one syllable.
4	.....	(b) To repeat 20 lines of simple verse.
16		<i>Note.</i> —The standard of primer to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Readers—Complete Primer. In testing the reading, questions to be given on the meaning of what is read.
4	2nd head (Writing).	(a) To write from dictation not more than eight easy words commencing with capital letters.
8	.....	(b) To copy in manuscript a line of print.
12		
16	3rd head (Arithmetic).	<i>For boys.</i> —Notation and numeration to four places of figures. Multiplication table to 4 times 16. Simple addition of numbers of four figures in five lines. <i>For girls.</i> —Numeration and notation.
...	1st head (Needle-work).	<i>Optional Subjects.</i> <i>For girls only.</i> —Hemming or back-stitching. The hem may be fixed by the teacher.
...	2nd head (Geography).	To explain a plan of the school and play-ground. The four cardinal points. The meaning and use of a map.
...	3rd head— (a) Object lessons (b) Suitable children's occupation	The objects and the occupation selected must be those which are familiar to the children. Satisfactory proof must be given that at least two hours a week during the preceding year have been given to these lessons.
SECOND STANDARD. <i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
12	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a short paragraph from an elementary reading book.
6	.....	(b) To repeat 40 lines of poetry.
18		<i>Note.</i> —The standard of reader to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Readers, Reader No. 1. In testing the reading and recitation, questions will be given on the meaning of what is read and recited.
6	2nd head (Writing).	(a) A passage of not more than six lines from the reading book, slowly read once and then dictated word by word.
6	.....	(b) Copy books, large and half text hand, to be shown.
12		<i>Note.</i> —Each page of the copy book to be dated and initialled by the teacher.
15	3rd head (Arithmetic).	<i>For boys.</i> —Notation and numeration to seven places of figures. Multiplication table to 12 times 16. Four simple rules. <i>For girls.</i> —Multiplication table to 4 times 16. Simple addition.
...	1st head (Needle-work).	<i>Optional Subjects.</i> <i>For girls only.</i> —Top-sewing, and either hemming or back-stitching. The work to be fixed by the pupils.
...	2nd head (Geography).	Explanation of simple geographical terms by reference to a map of the world. To point out the mountain chains and great rivers of India and to have a knowledge of the topography of the district in which the pupil lives.
...	3rd head— (a) Object lessons (b) Suitable children's occupation	As in Standard I: a more advanced course.
...	4th head (Singing).	A simple song learnt by ear.

Maximum of marks	Heads.	Tests.
THIRD STANDARD. <i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
14	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a passage from a reading book.
6	.....	(b) To recite with intelligence and expression 60 lines of poetry and to know their meaning.
20		<i>Note.</i> —The standard of reader to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Readers, Second Reader. In testing the reading and recitation, questions will be given on the meaning of what is read or recited. Nouns, verbs, and adjectives to be pointed out.
6	2nd head (Writing).	(a) Six lines from the reading book in use, read slowly once and then dictated.
6	.....	(b) Copy books, capitals and figures, large and small hand, to be shown.
12		<i>Note.</i> —Each page of the copy book to be dated and initialled by the teacher.
16	3rd head (Arithmetic).	<i>For boys.</i> —Easy questions in the compound rules and reduction, local weights and measures. English and Indian money. Easy mental arithmetic restricted to simple rules. <i>For girls.</i> —Notation and numeration to seven places of figures. Multiplication table to 12 times 16. Four simple rules.
...	1st head (Needle-work).	<i>Optional Subjects.</i> <i>For girls only.</i> —Felling, gathering, back-stitching, and darning.
...	2nd head (Geography).	To point out on the map the mountain chains, chief rivers and political divisions of Asia; the political divisions and chief towns of India; the mountains, rivers, chief towns and districts of the Madras Presidency.
...	3rd head— (a) Object lessons (b) Suitable children's occupation	As in Standard II: a more advanced course.
...	4th head (Singing).	A song learnt by ear.
...	5th head (Hygiene).	Very easy lessons on the preservation of health as contained in Dr. Cunningham's Sanitary Primer or any other approved book.
...	6th head (Vernacular).	(a) To read a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the First Book of Lessons.
...		(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the reading book.
...		(c) To submit a copy book, each page to be dated and initialled by the teacher.
...		(d) To write from dictation words from the reading book in use.
FOURTH STANDARD. <i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
20	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a passage from a more advanced reading book.
10	....	(b) To recite 80 lines of poetry and to explain the words and allusions.
30		<i>Note.</i> —The standard of reader to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Readers, Third Reader. In testing the reading and recitation, questions will be given on the meaning of what is read or recited. To point out the parts of speech and to show the use of each by example.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued).

Maximum of marks.	Heads.	Tests.
10 8 18 24	2nd head (Writing) 3rd head (Arithmetic).	(a) Ten lines from the reading book in use, poetry or prose, slowly read once and then dictated. (b) Copy books to be shown, half text and small hand with improved writing. <i>Note.</i> —Each page of the copy book to be dated and initialed by the teacher. <i>For boys.</i> —Miscellaneous questions in the compound rules and reduction, easy questions in vulgar fractions, mental arithmetic applied to bazaar transactions. <i>For girls.</i> —Easy questions in the compound rules and reduction. Local weights and measures. English and Indian money.
<i>Optional Subjects.</i>		
..	1st head (Needle-work).	<i>For girls only.</i> —Cutting out from a pattern and making a chemise, showing gathering, back-stitching, felling, button-hole, and band. Darning on old cloth or stocking web.
..	2nd head (Geography).	An elementary knowledge of the Geography of Asia, as contained in Duncan's Introduction to the Geography of the World, Part I, or any approved Geographical Primer.
..	3rd head (Elementary Science).	A very elementary knowledge of (a) animals or plants with particular reference to agriculture, (b) of substances employed in the arts and manufactures carried on in the district.
..	4th head (Singing).	A song learnt by ear. Pupils to be tested individually as well as collectively. <i>Note.</i> —For the Inspector to report the class as <i>good</i> or <i>excellent</i> , it must have passed a more or less satisfactory examination by note.
..	5th head (Hygiene).	W. E. Dhanakoti Raju's Elements of Hygiene or any approved book containing easy lessons on the preservation of health.
..	6th head (Vernacular).	(a) To read a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second Vernacular Readers. (b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of lessons comprised in a portion previously prepared of the Second Vernacular Readers. Thirty pages to be brought up. (c) To transcribe in small hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use. (d) To write from dictation words from the reading book in use.
FIFTH STANDARD.		
<i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
6 18 8 32	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a passage or more from a standard author of moderate difficulty not previously studied. (b) To answer questions on the subject-matter of the reader. To parse and analyse simple sentences in the reader in use and to know the method of forming English nouns, adjectives, and verbs from each other. (c) To recite 100 lines from some standard poet and to explain the words and allusions therein. <i>Note.</i> —The standard of reader to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Readers, Fourth Reader.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued).

Maximum of marks.	Heads.	Tests.
7 3 6 16 24	2nd head (Writing). 3rd head (Arithmetic).	(a) A letter on some easy subject (to be a test of writing, punctuation, and form, but not of expression). (b) Copy books, small hand to be shown. <i>Note.</i> —Each page of the copy book to be dated and initialed by the teacher. (c) Eight lines of moderate difficulty from the author selected from the reading test to be read slowly once and then dictated.
..	..	<i>For boys.</i> —Simple and compound rules, reduction, vulgar and decimal fractions, mental arithmetic applied to bazaar transactions. <i>For girls.</i> —Miscellaneous questions in the compound rules and reduction, easy questions in vulgar fractions, mental arithmetic applied to bazaar transactions.
<i>Optional Subjects.</i>		
..	1st head (Needle-work).	<i>For girls only—Plain.</i> —Cutting out from a pattern and making a simply-shaped night-dress. Neat patching of old cloth. <i>Fancy.</i> —Ability to work a simple pattern in any one kind of fancy work, and Ability to mark the English or Vernacular letters on canvas or cloth.
..	2nd head (Geography).	The Geography of Europe as contained in Duncan's Introduction to the Geography of the World, Part II, or any approved Geographical Primer. Maps to be shown.
..	3rd head (History).	A very elementary knowledge of the history of the distribution of the chief races in India.
..	4th head (Elementary Science).	Any two of the subjects in Standard IV: a more advanced course.
..	5th head (Vernacular).	(a) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of 200 lines of Anthology, No. I, and to read a few lines of poetry not previously studied in the same book. (b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion previously prepared of the Brief Sketches of Europe or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Thirty pages to be brought up. (c) To write from dictation a passage out of any prose book, not previously studied, somewhat more difficult than the Third Book of Lessons. (d) To translate into the Vernacular a few simple sentences. (e) To answer questions on any approved grammar equal in difficulty to pages 1—40 of Mahalingiah's Tamil Grammar, or pages 1—18 of Venkiah's Telugu Grammar.
..	6th head (Drawing).	Easy outlines, free-hand, straight, and curved.
SIXTH STANDARD.		
<i>Compulsory Subjects.</i>		
6 18 8 32	1st head (Reading).	(a) To read a passage of blank verse from a standard author, not previously studied. (b) To answer questions on the subject-matter of the reader. To parse and analyse short complex sentences and to form sentences illustrating the simple rules of syntax. (c) To recite 100 lines of poetry and 30 lines of prose from standard authors and to explain the words and allusions therein. <i>Note.</i> —The standard of reader to be used and the quantity to be brought up as in Blackie's Comprehensive Reader, Fifth Reader.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued).

Maximum of marks.	Heads.	Tests.
7	2nd head (Writing).	(a) To write a short letter descriptive of some place known to, or event within the experience of, the pupil. (To be a test of writing, punctuation, form, and expression.)
3	.....	(b) Note-books and exercise-books to be shown.
6	....	(c) Eight lines from a standard author, not previously studied, to be read over once and then dictated.
16		
24	3rd head (Arithmetic).	For boys.—As for the fifth standard, with the addition of practice and simple proportion. For girls.—Simple and compound rules, reduction, vulgar and decimal fractions, mental arithmetic applied to bazaar transactions.
		Optional Subjects.
..	1st head (Needle-work).	For girls only—Plain.—Cutting out from a pattern and making a European child's frock, showing the same kinds of work as in Standard IV with the addition of tucks. Neat patching and darning. Fancy.—Ability to work two or more patterns in all or two kinds of fancy work, and Ability to mark letters finely on fine cloth.
..	2nd head (Geography).	(a) The oceans and continents (with great rivers and mountains and chief political divisions) of the world.
..	....	(b) The Madras Presidency, Coorg, Travancore, Mysore, Cochin, and Hyderabad, as contained in Duncan's Geography of India or any other approved book.
..	3rd head (History).	Very elementary knowledge of the history of the chief races in the world (to be taught with subject (a) Geography). The outlines of the History of India to the Mogul invasion.
..	4th head (Elementary Science).	Elementary knowledge of one of the following subjects intended to be brought up for the Middle School Examination in the following year:—Introduction to Science, Botany, Physiology, Astronomy.
..	5th head (Mathematics).	Algebra—four simple rules; Euclid—Definitions and Book I, Propositions 1–5.
..	6th head (Vernacular).	(a) To read a few lines of poetry, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Tamil Anthology No. II or the Telugu Nalācharitram, and to answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter. 300 lines to be brought up.
..	....	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion previously prepared of Brief Sketches of Europe or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Thirty pages to be brought up.
..	....	(c) To write from dictation a passage from the prose reading book, not previously studied.
..	....	(d) To translate into the Vernacular a very simple passage of narrative English prose.
..	....	(e) To answer questions on any approved Grammar equal in difficulty to pages 41–70 of Mahalingiah's Tamil Grammar or pages 19–36 of Venkiah's Telugu Grammar.
	7th head (Drawing).	More difficult outlines. Shading.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(concluded).

Maximum of marks.	Heads.	Tests.
		SEVENTH STANDARD.
		The Middle School Examination with the omission of the second part [(c) composition (b)] of the composition test in Branch B-I. The marks for the first part of the test, viz., the composition of the letter, to be 35.
..	Needle-work	For girls only—Plain.—Cutting out from a pattern and making a night-dress with a yoke and tuck fronts. Improved darning and patching. Fancy.—Ability to make finely and neatly, of fancy work, a finished article, such as a bag, sock or scarf, and Ability in marking as in the previous standard. Proviso.—No grant will be paid for fancy work to a pupil who has failed to get half marks in plain work.

M.

EXAMINATIONS UNDER THE RESULT SYSTEM FOR INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

I.—CARPENTRY.

FIRST STANDARD	(1) To make from given half-inch plank a plain box with screwed ends—such a box as entails sawing, planing, squaring, hole-making and screw-driving.
	(2) To mark out and cut plain mortise and tenon.
SECOND STANDARD	(1) To make right-angled mitre joint.
	(2) To mark out and cut double mortise and tenon.
	(3) To cut perfect cube from rough piece of wood.
	(4) To smooth-plane plank one foot wide by eight feet long.
THIRD STANDARD	(1) To saw straight without line.
	(2) To join two pieces of timber by grooving and slip-feathering.
	(3) To join two boards by rebating and dowelling.
	(4) To make ordinary compound dovetailed right-angle joint.
FOURTH STANDARD	(1) To mark out and cut slanting double mortise and tenon.
	(2) To join two pieces of timber by scarfing with plug.
	(3) To mark out, cut, and fix hollow circle composed of four fellies.
	(4) To turn bush of wheel and mark out tenons for spokes.
	(5) To join two boards by hidden mitre compound dovetail joint.
	(6) To make from plan—
	(1) Small cabinet with panelled doors,
	or
	(2) Small chest of drawers,
	or
	(3) Frame of arm chair with turned front legs.

II.—BLACKSMITH WORK.

FIRST STANDARD	(1) To strike true with sledge-hammer.
	(2) To cut iron bars into sizes.
	(3) To make "clout nails," "staples," right-angled corner irons with counter sunk holes.
SECOND STANDARD	(1) To cut circle from sheet iron.
	(2) To forge and cut four-inch screw-bolt with nut.
	(3) To make.
	(a) Ferrule for mamoty with brazed joint.
	(b) Cold chisel with tempered edge.
	(c) Square band with rivetted ends.
THIRD STANDARD	(1) To make simple drill bits with tempered joints.
	(2) To make pair of blacksmith pincers.
	(3) To make horse-shoe with nails.
	(4) To make small tire for wheel, welded ends.
	(5) To make reaping knife with case-hardened edge.
	(6) To make pair of two-inch common bits.

- FOURTH STANDARD. { (1) To steel-point crowbar and anneal it.
 (2) To upset piece of iron so as to form collar in centre.
 (3) To forge and file a three-inch cube.
 (4) To make—
 (a) One foot of three-inch link chain.
 (b) Pair large T hinges.
 (c) Three-pronged pitch-fork with hollow handle-piece.

The candidates to be supplied with Low Moor or equally good iron and ordinary hand-tools suitable for the work.

III.—PRINTING.

FIRST STANDARD.—*Composition.*—To be thoroughly acquainted with the plan or lay of a pair of English cases and the various types, accented letters, notes of reference, &c., belonging thereto, together with their proper uses. To be able to distribute cleanly and to compose from reprint copy, the proof showing but few errors. (About a page of small pica royal 8vo to be given as a test.)

SECOND STANDARD.—*Composition.*—To be able to compose plain matter with few errors, and with good and equal spacing, from fair manuscript copy; also to compose a piece of simple tabular matter, print copy. Should also be acquainted with the use of the ordinary type and materials employed in printing, together with a knowledge of the different sizes of ordinary printing paper.

THIRD STANDARD.—*Composition.*—To be able to set up plain matter from rough manuscript copy, and compose from print copy any ordinary piece of tabular statement. Should also possess some knowledge of punctuation, and be able to "impose" or arrange the pages for printing in 4to and 8vo sizes.

Presswork.—Should be acquainted with all the parts of a press and inking-table; be able to regulate the ink-duct, increase and reduce the pull or impression, and get a solid forme ready for striking off.

FOURTH STANDARD.—*Composition.*—To be able to distribute and compose at the rate of about 1,000 ems per hour, and with tolerable accuracy, from either reprint or manuscript copy, punctuating the latter fairly well; to cast off and set up from manuscript an ordinary tabular statement; also to make up and impose, and make the margins of the matter set up for ordinary bookwork; and to set up with neatness any display matter, such as half titles, &c.

Presswork.—To be able to tell the condition of his roller, what it is usually made of, and the proportion of ingredients used in its manufacture; cover and cut out a frisket; cover a tympan; be able to make ready for striking both a solid and a light forme, and regulate the impression for each.

IV.—RATTAN-WORK.

- FIRST STANDARD ... { (1) To scrape and clean a bundle of rattans, removing the knobs and all other superfluities.
 (2) To cane-seat a chair or morah, the ordinary pattern with single wire. Do. do. with double wire.
 (4) To cane-seat a long-arm chair, sofa, bedstead, or couch, the ordinary pattern with single or double wire.

- SECOND STANDARD ... { (1) To string or cord together a bundle of dressed rattans so as to make a mat.
 (2) To cut a piece of corded matting to required dimensions, the sides to be perfectly straight and equi-distant, nick and bind the edges with rattan wire.
 (3) To make a rattan window-chick or blind to required dimensions, cut the sides and bind them with cotton or linen tape, affix rollers, pulleys and ropes.
 (4) To cane-seat a chair or morah "diamond pattern." Make a circular bottom for a dinner or foul-linen basket, &c.

- THIRD STANDARD ... { (1) To split a rattan equally into two or three strips.
 (2) To draw or square the edges of a bundle of split rattans, arranging the knives to required gauge.
 (3) To split and draw rattans into wire suitable for different kinds of work according to sample.
 (4) To make an ordinary child's chair, a market or dinner basket of circular shape.

- FOURTH STANDARD... { (1) To spear a bundle of drawn rattans for mat-making.
 (2) To make a circular or foul linen basket of fine work on a child's cradle of elliptical shape.
 (3) To make an oblong or square tiffin or other basket with tray and partitions.
 (4) To make ornamental baskets of very fine work for flowers, work, waste-paper, &c.

COLLECTION OF COINS OF SOUTHERN INDIA.

It is proposed to set on foot a scheme for the systematic cataloguing of private collections of the ancient coins of South India, with a view to eventually publishing complete lists.

The want of such lists is greatly felt by all collectors. Several attempts have been made to begin the work, but those who have studied the subject carefully are painfully aware how inadequate these attempts have proved. As scattered essays they are invaluable, and they have succeeded in calling attention to the great variety and interest of the old currencies of the Madras Presidency, but no attempt, except that of the late Sir Walter Elliot, has been made to bring the whole into the scope of one volume.

It is with the view of enlisting the services of all intelligent coin collectors in the gradual compilation of an exhaustive catalogue that the present form is issued, and the undersigned hopes that all who are in the possession of old coins will help in the good work. They propose to print a large number of copies of the accompanying form, and to send to every collector of coins, willing to aid in the work, as many copies as he may require. They hope that each collector will be willing either to send his coins to be recorded, or to fill in the forms (affixing rubbings of each) and send them to Captain R. H. Campbell Tufnell, who has consented to classify and arrange the various types and specimens. Every care will be taken of all coins borrowed for comparison, identification, or cataloguing, and they will be most carefully returned. The centralization of these researches should further afford a valuable opportunity for establishing a medium of exchange, by means of which the cabinets of collectors may be considerably enriched.

For the present, only two questions are asked:

- Will you help to advance the knowledge of South Indian coinages by filling up forms, as per next page, if supplied to you?
- How many forms do you require for a commencement?

INSTRUCTIONS.

- Arrange all coins, as far as possible, in series.
- In the column of "consecutive numbers," enter all coins sent, irrespective of series.
- The column of "metal" may for short be filled in as follows:—

A for gold. AR for silver. B for brass. P for lead.

Æ for copper. Bi for silver and copper mixed. T for tutenag or base alloy.

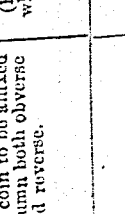
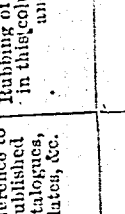
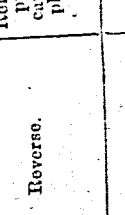
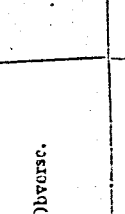
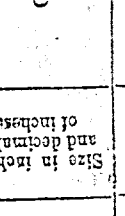
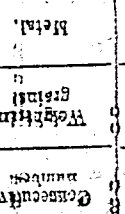
- All coin measurements should give the diameter of the medal in inches and decimals of inches.
- In the columns for description of Obverse and Reverse, enter carefully all decipherable symbols, mint-marks, border-ornaments, &c., note style of milling, &c. In the case of a device, never fail to say whether it faces right, left, or front ("r." "l." or "fr.")
- Only enter one coin in each space, as on receipt they can then be cut out, and each slip pasted into a book devoted to the series to which it belongs.
- The following method should be employed for taking rubbings. Circular holes a little larger than the coin should be cut in strong cardboard. A piece of strong thin paper should then be placed over the coin and pressed down tight by means of the card. The paper should then be gently rubbed with a hard black lead pencil, not cut to a point, but just rounded off.
- Any information regarding the place where each was found, the coins in whose company it was found, &c., should be noted in the column for remarks; and this column for each coin should be initialed by the sender, as the different slips will be distributed under their proper series on receipt. Notice of any coins that have already been published will be returned to the collector with an intimation of the reference.

In many cases we are told by gentlemen that they have only one or two coins, and that, therefore, it is no use to send them, whereas in reality they may be invaluable to complete known series, or to introduce new ones. It is hoped, therefore, that all those who have now, or may meet with coins hereafter, will assist in the work. Address—

R. H. CAMPBELL TUFNELL,

CAPTAIN, M.S.C.,

8 High Road, Nungunbankum, Madras.

Country	Weight in grains	Metal	Size in inches and decimals of inches	Obverse.	Reverse.	Reference to published catalogues, plates, &c.	Rubbing of coin to be affixed in this column both obverse and reverse.	Remarks, (here enter where found, &c., &c.)
Spain	170	Copper	1.25					
Spain	170	Copper	1.25					
Spain	170	Copper	1.25					

Payable from the Funds of the Municipal Council.

Do, Manager.....
Date of Examination.....
Do, Certifying Memorandum.....

Amount passed for boys.
Do " " " " " " " "
for girls.

STANDARD.	Presented.		Passed.		Total.	
	Amount.	Per Cent.	Amount.	Per Cent.	Amount.	Per Cent.
Infant						
First						
Second						
Third						
Fourth						
Fifth						
Sixth						
Seventh						
Gymnastics ..						
Total						

Deputy Inspector of Schools.

..... Range

FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 188. —8

Memorandum under Article 58, Chapter III of the Grand-in-Aid Code.

...School.....Municipality.....District.

Name of Manager..... Date of Examination..... 188

[illegible]

NOTE: The grants in this memorandum are calculated at the maximum rates prescribed in the Code.

I hereby certify that on the _____ 19____ I duly examined the books presented for examination, and declare that the numbers entered as passed, have duly passed the standards for which they were presented and also that the rules of the Grant-in-Aid Code have been strictly followed by the Manager and that he is entitled to receive from the funds of the Municipal Council..... the sum of Rupees..... Annas..... and pies.....

I further declare that the sanction of the Chairman, Municipal Council..... for the admission of _____ to the _____ school, _____ the _____

I further declare that the sanction of the Chairman, Municipal Council,..... for the admission of this school to examination under the..... standard on the..... 188..... was obtained in the..... District Gazette of the..... 188..... and that sanction was given by the Chairman.....

Office of Deputy Inspector of Schools,
..... Range.
..... 185

Manager _____
Date _____

Contents receive

Deputy Inspector of Schools

.....large.

Note.—Approved estimated amount of grant for the School under Article 57.

No.

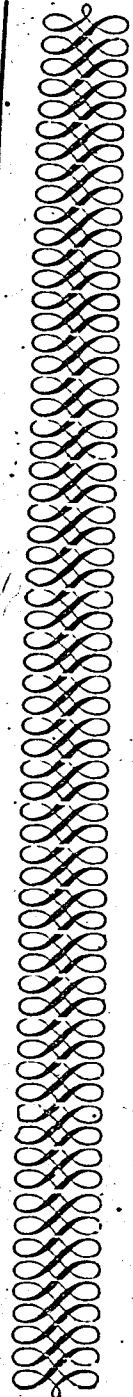
Payable from Provincial Funds.
(European Schools.)

School
District
Name of Manager
Date of Examination
Date of certifying Memorandum

Amount passed for boys, Do. for girls.

Standard.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.
Infant	Rs. A. P.		
1st			
2nd			
3rd			
4th			
5th			
6th			
Gymnastics			
Drill			
Total..			

Inspector of Schools,
..... Division.



SUBJECTS.	Infant Standard.			First Standard.			Second Standard.			Third Standard.			Fourth Standard.			Fifth Standard.			Sixth Standard.			Seventh Standard.			Total Amount.	Add Product under Section 23.	Grand Total.
	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.	Presented.	Passed.	Amount.			
Compulsory subjects:—			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p			rs a p	rs a p	rs a p	rs a p
Merit Grant																											
Ordinary Grant																											
	(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)			(Fair, good or excel- lent.)					
Optional subjects:—																											
Object Lessons and suitable children's occupation																											
Needle-work																											
Singing																											
Geography																											
History																											
Hygiene.....																											
Elementary Science																											
Mathematics																											
Drawing																											
Vernacular																											
Gymnastics or Calisthenics																											
Drill																											
Total..																											
Add per cent. under Article ..																											
Grant Total..																											

I hereby certify that on the 188 , I duly examined all the pupils of this school presented for examination, and declare that the number entered as passed have duly passed the Standard for which they were presented, and also that the Rules of the Grant-in-Aid Code have been strictly followed by the Manager, and that he is entitled to receive from Provincial Funds the sum of Rs.

I further state that the sanction of the Director of Public Instruction for the admission of this school to examination under the 188 , and that the sanction was given by the Director of Public Instruction to the postponement of the examination to this date in his Proceedings No. of the 188 .

Inspector of Schools Office, }
..... 188 .

(Signature).....
Date Manager

Note—Approved estimated amount of grant for the School under Article 57,

(Signature).....
Inspector of Schools,

Memorandum under Section 58, Chapter III. of the Grant-in-Aid Code.
For European Schools—Payable from Provincial Funds for the year 188 —8 .

The School District
Name of Manager Date of Examination 188 .

1004E
No.

No.

FOR THE OFFICIAL YEAR 183 -8.

Memorandum under Article 58, Chapter III. of the Grant-in-Aid

The School, in the Taluk, District.

Name of Manager Date of Examination

Payable from the Funds of the District Board.

Name of Taluk
 Do. Village,
 Do. School,
 Do. Manager
 Date of Examination
 Do. Certifying Memorandum

Amount passed for boys,
Do. for girls.

Standard.	Presented.		Passed.		Total.	
	Ordinary.	Amount.	Merit.	Amount.	Amount.	rs a p
Infant						
First						
Second						
Third						
Gymnastics						
Total..						

Deputy Inspector of Schools,

..... Range.

Name of Manager																																								
SUBJECTS.	Infant Standard.				First Standard.				Second Standard.				Third Standard.				Gymnastics.				Total Amount.	Add, Deduct twelfth under Article 23.	Net Amount.	Remarks.																
	Passed.				Passed.				Passed.				Passed.				Passed.																							
	Presented. Ordinary.	Merit.	Amount.		Presented. Ordinary.	Amount.	Merit.	Amount.	Presented. Ordinary.	Amount.	Merit.	Amount.	Presented. Ordinary.	Amount.	Merit.	Amount.	Presented. Ordinary.	Amount.	Merit.	Amount.																				
																				rs a p	rs a p			rs a p	rs a p			rs a p	rs a p			rs a p	rs a p			rs a p	rs a p	rs a p	rs a p	
Compulsory Subjects.....																																								
Object Lessons or Elementary Science																																								
Children's occupation																																								
Action Songs																																								
Geography																																								
Vernacular Poetry																																								
English																																								
Second Optional Language																																								
Drawing																																								
Hygiene																																								
Total..																																								
Add per cent. under Article 50																																								
Add 50 or 25 per cent. under Article 50 or 56																																								
Grand Total..																																								

Note.—The grants in this memorandum are calculated at the maximum rates prescribed in the Code.

I hereby certify that on the 183 I duly examined all the pupils of this school presented for examination and declare that the numbers entered as passed, have duly passed the Standard for which they were presented and also that the Rules of the Grant-in-Aid Code have been strictly followed by the Manager, and that he is entitled to receive from the Funds of the District Board, the sum of Rupees annas

I further declare that the sanction of the President of the District Board, for the admission of this school to the 183, was notified in the District Gazette of the 183, and examination to the 183, in his order dated the 183, No.

Office of Deputy Inspector of Schools,

..... Range.

..... 183

Contents received.

Manager.

Date

Deputy Inspector of Schools,

..... Range.

Note.—Approved estimated amount of grant for the School in the year

FIRST STANDARD—The use of the
SECOND STANDARD—Sewing seams in
trousers.
THIRD STANDARD—Cutting out a waist
&c., completed
FOURTH STANDARD—(As in the Middle
European school)
down, including

VI.—BO

FIRST STANDARD—To know the tools, leather, to black leather.

SECOND STANDARD—To work uppers, work and to close uppers, heels and soles.

THIRD STANDARD—(As in the Middle correct measure pair of boots, or shoes, to distinguish the different and to dub and slick them and in galosh and vamp and all other uppers, soles, welt, sole and heel, to slick but the last.

FOURTH STANDARD—(To be able to take a last to the same, and finish a pair of boots, or shoes, to distinguish the different and to dub and slick them and in galosh and vamp and all other uppers, soles, welt, sole and heel, to slick but the last.

VII.

FIRST STANDARD—Folding, stitching and
SECOND STANDARD—(As in the Middle Standard, viz.) To stitch and sew books, and to cut and sew the backs, and to bind in half cloth

FORM OF AGREEMENT

I.....having been
.....do hereby bind
the due payment of my stipend, to remain
and whilst under training therein to abide
the conduct of its students and also to serve
years* after completing my training in the
.....

2. I further bind myself, in the event of
to refund to the Manager of.....
during the period of my studentship,.....

.....a subsidiary student into the
.....of such admission and
.....for a period of.....year
.....time to time prescribed for
.....for a period of at least.....

.....any of the above conditions
.....drawn by me as grant

N.B.—This agreement
(By order of the Right

FREE CHURCH INSTITUTION

PRINCIPAL.—Rev. William Miller, M.A.,
Charles Cooper, M.A., (Acting Principal),
Rev. George Patterson, Rev. W. Skinner,
son, Esq., M.B., Rev. G. Pittendrigh, M.A.
The Principal and the Pro-
ASSISTANT TO THE PRINCIPAL
ASSISTANT PROFESSOR.—S
TUTORS.—W. L. Venkataramiah, Esq., B.A.,
Srinivasagam Pillai, Esq., B.A., P. Singaram
Aiyangar, Esq., B.A., N. Lakshmanasawmy M
There are also Pundits who give instruction
Sanskrit, Tamil, Telugu, Malayalam, Canarese,
English, French, Italian, Spanish, Portuguese, Persian, Hindustani, Urdu, Bengali, Marathi, Gujarati, Hindi, and other languages.

* Two years in the case of Mistre

Memorandum under Article 58, Chapter III. of the Grant-in-Aid Code.

Payable from the Funds of the Madras Municipality:	For 188	-8
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The.....School.....Street.....Division.....

Name of Manager.....Date of examination.....

[illegible]

Note.—The grants in this Memorandum are calculated at.....the maximum rates prescribed in the Code.

I, hereby certify that on the.....189 , I duly examined all the pupils of this school presented for examination, and declare that the numbers entered as passed, have duly passed the standards for which they were presented, and also that the rules of the Grant-in-aid Code have been strictly followed by the Manager, and that it is entitled to receive from the Funds of the Madras Municipality the sum of Rupees.....annas.....and pies.....

I further declare that the sanction of the President of the Madras Municipality for the admission of this school to examination under the.....standards to the.....189 , was notified in the Fort St. George Gazette of the.....189, and that sanction was given by the President to the postponement of the examination to the.....189, in his Order dated the.....189 , No.....

Contents received.

Office of the Deputy Inspector of Schools.

Manager

Deputy Inspector of Schools

Note.—Approved estimated amount of grant for the School under Article 57.

Payable from the Funds of the Madras Municipality.

School.....
Street.....
Door No.....
Division.....
Name of Manager.....
Date of Examination.....
Date of certifying Memorandum.....

Date of certifying Memorandum.....

passed for boys.
Do for girls.

Standard.	Presented.	Passed.			Total.
		Amount.	Percentage.	Amount.	
Infant					
First					
Second					
Third					
Gymnastics					
Total					

Deputy Inspector of Schools.

...Range.

Note.—Approved estimated amount of grant for the School under Article 57.

The School department is taught by about 30 Native Masters and Munshis.

MEMBERS OF THE COLLEGE COUNCIL.

J. Grose, Esq., M.A.
Major B. Gompertz.
H. S. Thomas, Esq.
The Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins.
Rev. J. N. Ogilvie, M.A.
D. Rasbotham, Esq.

D. Sinclair, Esq., M.A.
Rev. Geo. Milne Rae, M.A.
" E. Sell, B.D.
" W. Skinner, M.A.
C. Michie Smith, Esq., B.Sc., F.R.S.E.
W. B. Morren, Esq., M.A.
Rev. C. Cooper, M.A., Secretary.

Ex-officio

The above Institution was founded by the Rev. John Anderson, in Black Town, on 3rd April 1837. Its aim is to provide for native youth a liberal Christian education, that shall cultivate, expand and quicken the whole man, the conscience and will as well as the understanding and memory. With this view all the branches of a liberal education are so taught as to show their connection with the great central truths of religion and Christianity. The Bible is regularly taught as the record of God's revelation of Himself for man's salvation.

The instruction is carried on by the Professors, Assistant Professors and Teachers mentioned above; and the managing body is the College Council. As the College is intended to be the centre of the higher Christian education in Southern India, its constitution is as catholic as possible, and the members of the Council represent the majority of the Protestant Churches in the Presidency. The Church Missionary Society and the Wesleyan Missionary Society contribute each £300 a year to the support of the College, so that the Secretary of the former and the District Chairman of the latter are *ex-officio* members of the Council, as well as the Secretary of the Free Church of Scotland Mission. The College educates up to the standard of the Bachelor of Arts degree of the Madras University. It has at present more than 600 students.

In the School department there are upwards of 1,000 pupils, of whom 500 are in the upper and 500 in the lower school.

Visitors are welcome on school days between the hours of 12 and 1 p.m.

SCHOOLS OF THE FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND MISSION.

In connection with the Free Church of Scotland Mission there are besides: the Christian College, four High Schools, *viz.*, at Nellore, Conjeveram, Chingleput and Trivellore; three Middle Schools, *viz.*, at Walajabad, Guduvancheri and Madras (Poor School); and Primary Schools, *viz.*, two at Conjeveram, two at Walajabad and at Muthialpet, Rajampet, Kavanthandalam, Attur, Tambavanam, Chingleput, Singaperumal covil, Sriperumbudur, Kalathur, Tirukaleemuram, Sheyyar and Royapooram, one each with an attendance of upwards of 2,000 boys. The fees paid by these boys = Rs. 15,375 a year.

Besides these there are Girls' Schools, *viz.*, one Christian Boarding School; one Christian Normal School, seven caste Girls' Schools and one Muhamadan Girls' School, all in Madras; at Trivellore, one; at Conjeveram, three; at Muthialpet, one; at Rajampet, one; at Walajabad, one; at Chingleput, two—with an attendance of more than 2,000 girls. The fees paid by these girls = Rs. 4,250 a year.

In connection with the Zenana Agency there are about 150 pupils.

On the whole, including the pupils at the Christian College, there are in connection with the Free Church of Scotland Mission, between 5,500 and 6,000 of the youth of the country under regular Christian Instructions.

The following gentlemen compose the Financial Board:—

The Hon. C. G. Master, John Matheson, Esq., Dr. Geo. Bidie, Rev. William Miller, M.A., Rev. G. M. Rae, M.A., D. Rasbotham, Esq., W. B. Morren, Esq., M.A., Rev. Charles Cooper, M.A., C. Michie Smith, Esq., B.Sc., Rev. Adam Andrew, Rev. William Skinner, M.A., Rev. J. Colville Peattie, M.A., Rev. A. S. Laidlaw, M.A., B.D., and Rev. G. Pittendrigh.

The Rev. G. M. Rae, M.A., Secretary.
Messrs. Binny and Co., Treasurers.

The Committees of the Foreign Missions of the Free Church and of the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society united in sending Mr. D. H. Paterson, Surgeon, as a Medical Missionary to co-operate with the Missionaries of the Free Church in Madras. In March 1857, he opened a Dispensary in Black Town, and afterwards another at Royapuram. Both have been very successful. The Royapuram Dispensary is still maintained and treats annually 15,000 patients. There are also an English and a native congregation, each with a Day School and Sunday School connected with it. The Medical Mission is now an integral part of the Free Church of Scotland Mission.

BISHOP CORRIE'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

COMMITTEE FOR 1887, *Ex-officio*.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras, President. The Venerable Archdeacon Browne, Vice-President. Elected Members.—Kenworthy Brown, Esq., M.A., P. Rowlandson, Esq., B.A., LL.B., The Rev. R. P. Burnett, J. Coombes, Esq., C. M. S. Members.—The Rev. W. W. Elwes, M.A., The Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, B.A. The Rev. E. Sell, B.D., Secretary. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., Treasurers. Government Directors of the Woolley Scholarships.—P. Rowlandson, Esq., B.A., LL.B., Rev. E. Sell, B.D.

HEAD MASTER—Rev. J. W. Foley, M.A. ASSISTANT MASTERS—Messrs. H. B. Bernard, G. A. H. Hankins, H. F. Bower, H. Lazar, J. K. Shaw, E. J. Vint, D. E. Jeremiah, Miss H. Hall.

Terms.—High School and Middle School, Rs. 24 per term of six months to be paid by fixed instalments. Primary School, Rs. 3 or 2 per mensem.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

The following Scholarships are attached to the School.

Per term of six months.			Per term of six months.		
	Rs.			Rs.	
2 Senior Corrie	60		1 Junior Diocesan	30	
2 Junior Corrie	40		1 Senior Corrie		
1 Senior Maitland	40		Native	60	
1 Junior Maitland	35		1 Junior Corrie		
3 Corrie Matricula- tion	30		Native	40	
3 Corrie Pre-Matri- culation	30		1 Dr. George Cor- rie Native	30	
1 Senior Diocesan	42		1 Senior Tucker ...		
			1 Junior Tucker ...		

There is also a Fund called the Woolley Fund, by which thirty boys of respectable parentage, but unable to pay the fee, are admitted free and provided with books.

Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, the oldest purely Educational Institution in Madras, received its present designation in 1837 as a tribute to the memory of the late Bishop Corrie. It is the only Church of England School of its class for the education of Europeans and East Indians in the Town of Madras.

The Pupils receive a sound course of instruction in English, Latin and Mathematics, and are prepared for the Matriculation Examination of the University of Madras, as well as for the Examinations for admission into the Engineering and Medical Colleges, and the Uncovenanted Civil Service.

DOVETON PROTESTANT COLLEGE, MADRAS.

OPENED 1ST MARCH 1855.

EDUCATIONAL STAFF.

CECIL M. BARROW, Esq., M.A., HERTFORD COLLEGE, OXFORD, Principal.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.—Cecil M. Barrow, Esq., M.A., Professor of English and Classics; Ben. H. Chester, Esq., M.A., Professor of Mathematics and Science; George Maddox, Esq., B.A., Professor of Logic and History.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.—S. P. D'Silva, Esq., B.A., S. M. Kelly, Esq., B.A., and E. L. Taylor, Esq., B.A., Masters in the High and Middle School; Messrs. Cochran, French and Callaghan, Masters in the Middle School; Mr. Harris, Asst. Master, and Miss Allan, Asst. Mistress, in the Primary School; Miss Heywood, Mistress in charge of the Preparatory Class.

The object of this Institution is to provide a liberal and sound Christian Education for the Anglo-Indian community of Madras and South India.

The Religious Instruction is undenominational, having reference to such views as are common to the Church of England, the Church of Scotland, and the whole body of the Protestant Churches.

The management is vested in the hands of a Committee of thirteen Members. Nine are representatives of the Doveton Society, and are elected at General Meetings of the Members. The remaining four are the representatives of the Protestant College Society.

The various sources of Revenue are: (1) Fees, (2) Subscriptions of Members of the Doveton Society, (3) Government Grants-in-Aid, (4) Interest on Government Securities held in Trust from Captain Doveton's Estate, and (5) a grant of Rs. 5,000 per annum from the Protestant College Fund.

The Education given in the Institution comprises a School and a College curriculum. The former aims at providing a thorough English, Classical, Mathematical and Scientific Education on a level with that of the Collegiate Schools of England and Scotland. The curriculum of the College Department is adapted to the requirements of the First in Arts and Bachelor of Arts Examinations of the Madras University, to which the Institution is affiliated.

The Staff is a strong one, including, as will be seen above, no less than *six* graduates.

I.—The School possesses three Departments, viz.:

(1) A *Primary School*, consisting of three Classes, (a Preparatory, I and II) of boys from 7 to 11 years of age, under three separate qualified masters. The Lower Primary, and Upper Primary Examinations, as prescribed by Government, are the Standards of the 1st and 2nd classes,—certificates of passing such Examinations are claimable by all pupils successful at these Examinations, which are held in December.

(2) A *Middle School*, consisting of three Classes, III, IV-B, and IV-A, entrance into which is secured by all pupils passing the Upper Primary Examinations in this or any other School.

The Standard of Class IV-A is that prescribed for the Government Middle School Examination, for which its pupils have to appear.

(3) A *High School* consisting of two Classes, (V and VI), taught by highly qualified Classical, Mathematical, and English masters,—Graduates of the Madras University. The standard of Class VI is that of the Matriculation Examination for which the pupils of this class have to appear.

II.—The College is a First Grade one, educating up to the B.A. standard. It is under the immediate tutorial charge of the Principal, who is assisted by experienced Professors.

Tamil.—Tamil is taught *free* of charge by two qualified masters.

Gymnastics.—Instruction in Gymnastics is given *free* by a thoroughly qualified Gymnast.

Drill.—The College Sergeant, who is an experienced soldier, from 4-30 to 5-30 p.m. daily drills those boys whose parents desire it.

A reduction in School Fees is made for each additional pupil (more than two) from the same family, attending the Doveton School or College, or *Girls' School*. Thus if there are 2 boys at the College and 2 girls at the Girls' School there will be a monthly reduction of Rs. 2 in the conjoint bill for Fees; if 3 at the two Institutions, a monthly reduction of one rupee.

One month's notice of withdrawal of any pupil in the School or College Department is necessary, otherwise the fee for the following month will have to be paid.

All School Fees must be sent to the Institution and paid according to the Government regulations.

The Committee of the Doveton Protestant College, with the view of encouraging and aiding students to prepare for and to gain the Degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University of Madras, resolve to confer Scholarships on deserving pupils.

SCHOLARSHIP RULES.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

1. There shall be three scholarships (to be awarded annually) of the value of Rs. 5 per mensem, each tenable for two years.

2. These scholarships shall be open to Protestant Christians for public competition. No one above the age of 15, or who has not passed in the 1st Class in the Middle School Examination, or who fails to get 50 per cent. of the maximum in the Special Scripture Examination, shall hold a scholarship.

3. The scholarship-holder will be required to enter the Vth or Preparatory Matriculation Class the first year, and to study the second year in the Matriculation Class of the Doveton Protestant College.

4. Should the scholarship-holders not be fit for promotion to the VIth or Matriculation Class at the end of the first year, their scholarships shall lapse, and the lapsed scholarships shall be conferred on the boys best qualified, in the opinion of the Principal, for promotion.

5. The Principal shall be at liberty to suspend or withdraw a scholarship should a scholar misconduct himself, or fail in any school examination.

6. The subject for the Scripture Examination will be fixed by the Committee each year. The examination will be conducted in January or February by the examiners in Religious knowledge. Applications for admission to the Scripture Examination must reach the Principal within a week after the results of the Middle School Examination appear in the *Gazette*.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

The Committee of the Doveton Protestant College, with the view of encouraging and aiding students to prepare for and to gain the Degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University of Madras, confer scholarships on pupils who have passed the Entrance Examination of the University, and who promise to pursue their studies for four years thereafter in the Doveton College.

The following are the rules in accordance with which the scholarships are given and held:

I.—That three scholarships shall be conferred each year on students, whose age at the date of the Matriculation Examination does not exceed 18 years. Each of these scholarships shall be held for four years under the rules hereinafter laid down.

NOTE.—The subject for the examination to be held in January 1888 will be the Gospel of St. Matthew and the Life of Joseph.

II.—That two of the scholarships shall be given to European or Eurasian Christian pupils who have matriculated from the Doveton Institution, according to the order in which they may have passed the University Matriculation Examination, provided they have passed either grade of the Peter Cator Examination, and produce satisfactory evidence of moral character.

III.—That the remaining scholarships shall be given to European or Eurasian Christian pupil coming from another Institution on the same terms, provided such pupil hold a higher place at the University Matriculation Examination than Doveton students (excluding those holding scholarships), and has also passed either of the Peter Cator Examinations.

IV.—That the scholarships shall be Rupees 10 each per mensem during the first and second years of the College course and Rs. 20 or 15 per mensem during the third and fourth year of the said course, according as the holder shall be placed in the First or Second Class at the First Examination in Arts.

V.—Each scholar shall be required to pass an examination in any one of the Vernaculars of south India within one year after the date of the award of his scholarship. The examination will be equivalent to that of the Lower Standard Government Examination, and failure in it will involve the loss of the scholarship.

VI.—That should the holder of a scholarship fail to pass the First Examination in Arts at the end of his second year, the scholarship held by him shall lapse; should such holder of a scholarship however pass the First Examination in Arts from the Doveton College in a subsequent year, the Committee may, at their discretion, grant him a scholarship during the third and fourth years of his course.*

VII.—That unauthorised absence, continued absence for three months from whatever cause, or misconduct, shall involve forfeiture of scholarship, and that a scholarship thus forfeited shall be available for other students in the same year of the course, according to the principles laid down in these rules.

VIII.—That scholarships not conferred by the Doveton Protestant College shall be held on such conditions as may be prescribed by their founders, subject however to the provisions laid down in these rules.

IX.—That the scholarships shall cease or be liable to diminution, if the state of the funds render such a course necessary, and these rules may be altered by the Committee on sufficient grounds.

X.—That the Committee reserves to itself the right of withholding one or more of the scholarships if it deems fit.

THE BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

Attached to the Institution are commodious premises for the accommodation of Boarders, with every provision for their comfort. This Establishment is under the immediate superintendence of the Principal, and his wife, who see personally to the health and welfare of the pupils entrusted to their charge.

The Terms for Board remain the same as they were when the Institution was founded, viz.:—Rs. 35 and Rs. 30 per mensem for College and School pupils respectively, with Entrance Fee of Rs. 10. In the case of two or more brothers these charges are reduced to Rs. 30 and Rs. 25 respectively. Washing is Re. 1 extra: Medical attendance, Stationery, Books, School Fees are extras. Pocket money is disbursed by the Principal in accordance with the instructions of parents and guardians.

Day Boarders pay Rs. 8 per mensem.

Each Boarder must bring with him a small chest of drawers, and a small box (not more than 2½ long by 1½ broad) to keep his books and other small articles in; 3 pairs of sheets; 6 pillow-cases; 1 coloured blanket or resai; 6 towels (3 large and 3 small); 1 comb and brush; a small hanging looking-glass; and a tooth-brush.

As regards clothes, it is recommended that each Boarder should be provided with two hats (a sun topee, and a best hat for Sundays) and a cap;—12 coloured shirts; 4 white shirts with collars attached, and 2 flannel shirts; 12 pairs of socks (2 dozen handkerchiefs; 2 pairs of boots, and 1 pair of strong slippers; 6 every-day washing suits; and one or two tweed or cloth suits for best.

One month's notice of withdrawal from the Boarding Establishment is necessary; otherwise the usual charge will be made for the month. No reduction of charges can be made on account of broken or vacation months.

All Boarding House Fees must be punctually paid in advance, together with the allowance for pocket money.

Information on any points not noted above will be supplied on application to the Principal, Doveton College, Vepery.

* In the case of there being at any time no B.A. Classes in the Doveton College, the Committee do not pledge themselves to continue the scholarship beyond the two years ending with the F. A. Examination.

DOVETON GIRLS' SCHOOL,

In connection with the Doveton Protestant College, is situated in Vepery Square.

This School consists of High, Middle and Primary Departments with Preparatory and Infant Classes.

The Pupils are prepared for all the Government Examinations, Primary, Middle School and the Higher Examination for Women. Classes are now started for the Matriculation Examination and, with this object in view, Mathematics, Science, Latin, and Tamil are taught as extra subjects.

Mrs. Baldrey teaches Music, Practical and Theoretical, of two standards as per G.O. of 1887.

<i>Lady Principal</i>	Miss Keely.
<i>High School.</i>	
First Assistant	Miss Arnold.
<i>Middle School.</i>	
First Assistant	Miss F. E. Carr.
Second Assistant	Miss E. Gainsford.
Third Assistant	Miss J. Smaller.
<i>Upper Primary.</i>	
Teacher	Miss Klyne.
<i>Lower Primary.</i>	
Teacher	Miss Forsyth.
<i>Preparatory and Infant School.</i>	
Miss A. Conran, Miss Staggs and Miss Chatterton.	
Mrs. Baldrey, Music Mistress.	

TERMS.

Fees for High School, per term	Rs. 28	} Singing.....As. 8 per mensem.
of six months	Rs. 28	
Fees for Middle School per term	Rs. 24	} " 6 do.
of six months	Rs. 18	
Upper Primary	Rs. 12	} " 4 do.
Primary and Preparatory	Rs. 12	

(Kindergarten).

Instrumental Music, Piano, Rs. 5 per mensem.

MISS RODGERS' PRIMARY SCHOOL.

BREITHAUP'S ROAD, VEPERY.

Hours of attendance—10 A.M. TO 1 P.M.; 2 TO 4 P.M.

THE COURSE OF INSTRUCTION COMPRISES:—Scripture, English Grammar and Geography History (English and Indian), Writing, Arithmetic, and plain and fancy Needle-work. Music is also taught if required.

TERMS.	RS.	A.	P.
I Class and Infant School	2	0	0
Music: two lessons a week	5	0	0

Entrance Fee—One Rupee.

Boys under 10 years of age are admitted.

School Fees are to be paid in advance not later than the 15th of each month.

CHRIST CHURCH DISTRICT SCHOOLS AND POOR SCHOOL.

MALE AND FEMALE—INSTITUTED A.D. 1843.

President and Superintendent—The Incumbent of Christ Church.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

THE SELECT VESTRY OF CHRIST CHURCH.

District School, Government Grant-in-Aid School.

This School trains up to the Middle School Examination of the Government Code.

Poor School, on the Government Results System.

This School is supported by voluntary contributions. 100 children receive a free education up to the 4th Standard of the Government Code on Education. They receive a meal daily, and new clothing twice a year.

VEPERY DISTRICT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

NEW TOWN BOYS' SCHOOL.—Head Master, Mr. Sunker.

NEW TOWN GIRLS' SCHOOL.—Head Mistress, Miss C. Shandley.

Application for the admission of children to be made to the Manager, the Joint Chaplain of Vepery.

PURSEWALKUM ENGLISH GIRLS' SCHOOL.

For Girls and Boys, Perambore Barrack's Road, opened January 1880, under Government Inspection and Rules.

Manager—The Chaplain of Vepery.

Miss M. Simpson Head Mistress.

PURSEWALKUM CHARITY SCHOOL.

This Institution was founded in January 1866 and affords a Religious and Secular education gratis to orphan boys and girls of all denominations, as well as to those children whose parents are poor and in indigent circumstances. The poor boys and girls receive a daily meal, and books, &c., are supplied gratis. There are 15 children living in the premises as boarders, free of charge.

Rev. W. Relton, M.A.	Manager.
S. G. Yesudian	Superintendent.
T. A. Masilamoney Pillai	Head Master.
I. Israel	1st Assistant Master.
N. Gnanendrum Pillai	2nd do.

BLACK TOWN TAMIL MISSION RAGGED SCHOOLS.

1. Boys' School, 116, Popham's Broadway.
2. Girls' School, 80, Portuguese Church Street.
3. Mixed School, Kondi Tope, near Salt Basin.

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.

Manager.—Rev. J. R. Ellis.

Supt.—Mr. Samuel Israel.

Auditor.—Mr. W. H. Brown.

These charity schools were founded in 1884, with the object of educating the destitute non-caste native children who are living in neglected parts of this city. These schools now contains upward of 320 boys and girls. The annual cost of the schools is Rs. 2,000, which is made up by Public Subscriptions and a small Government grant. Contributions will be thankfully received and acknowledged by Mr. Samuel Israel, 116, Popham's Broadway, Madras.

PARCHERRY SCHOOL, NORTH BLACK TOWN,

34, PORTUGUESE CHURCH STREET,

Opened under the direction of the Reverend C. R. Drury, 5th September 1860, and always to be under the direction of the Chaplain of North Black Town.

COMMITTEE.—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop, *President*; The Venerable the Archdeacon, *Vice-President*; J. D. Rozario, Esq., W. Fermier, Esq., Rev. R. H. Durham, M.A., T.C.D., Rev. C. P. C. Nugent, *Secretary*.

Number of children at present on the roll..... 96

Average do. who receive daily a meal of curry and rice 65

Attendance—daily average..... 80

Visited once a week by the Chaplain.

The object of this School is to impart to the children of the destitute poor of the district, such an education as will enable them to obtain some post to earn their livelihood, viz:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography and Instruction in Needle-work. Scriptural Instruction—Holy Bible and Church Catechism.

N.B.—The monthly expenditure is about Rs. 125, and the School is entirely dependent upon voluntary subscriptions, with the exception of a small grant from Government which is dependent on double the amount being collected from other sources.

Mr. C. Vieyra, *Head Master and Supt.* | Miss G. Gandoin, *Teacher.*
" M. W. Philbert, *Teacher.* | " C. Middleton, do.

Donations and monthly subscriptions are earnestly solicited.

S. P. G. THEOLOGICAL COLLEGE,

SULLIVAN'S GARDENS, ROYAPETTAH, MADRAS.

Rev. A. Westcott, M.A., *Principal.* | Mr. S. Y. Abraham, B.A., *Asst. Tutor.*

The object of this College is to train candidates for the Sacred Ministry of the Church and for work as Catechists in the Mission Field.

There are attached to the Institution several scholarships of different values.

HARRIS' HIGH SCHOOL, ROYAPETTAH.

This School was founded in the year 1856 for the exclusive purpose of educating Musalman boys.

The Honorable Sybella Harris left a legacy to the Church Missionary Society, to found a School in memory of her father, the famous General Harris. Scholarships in connection with the School, for Khandan children were established by the late Lady Anna Gore Langton and are now continued by her Ladyship's daughter, Mrs. H. G. Turner.

The School is under Government inspection, and receives a grant-in-aid. The standard of education is that of the Entrance Examination to the Madras University. Daily instruction is given in Holy Scripture.

Head Master.—A. D. Zacheus, Esq., B.A., assisted by competent Teachers and Moonshes. The Hindustani and Persian languages are taught.

BAPTIST GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL.

Manager—James C. Cox.

This School was established in March 1881. It is intended for girls and small boys. The School draws a salary grant from Government and trains the pupils to the standard of the "Higher Examination for Women." Head Mistress, Mrs. J. Hogg; Assistant Mistress, Mrs. O'Keefe, and two other Assistants. Fees very moderate.

S. P. G. HIGH SCHOOL, VEPERY.

The High School, in connection with the S. P. G., was opened on 1st February 1864, in the block of buildings near St. Matthias' Church, formerly known as the Vepery Grammar School, and subsequently as the Government Normal School. A Boarding House, under the immediate superintendence of Mr. S. B. David for Native Christian boys attending the school, was opened October 1, 1883, in the Gerick Buildings, adjoining the Principal's residence, in the school compound. The number of (Christian) Boarders now amounts to 30, most of whom receive help from the Mission Funds.

J. Howard Bullivant, Esq., M.A., (Oxon), *Principal and Manager*; M. A. Natesa Dikshitar, B.A., *First Assistant*; Joseph A. Sathiamadhar, B.A., *Second Assistant*; R. Ramasamy Iyer, B.A., *Third Assistant*; and twelve other Native Masters, besides Tamil and Telugu Moonshes and 2 Gymnastic Instructors.

The great object of the School is to give a sound education, based upon Christian principles. To each boy religious instruction is imparted daily. The School receives a small grant-in-aid from Government, and most of the Masters are connected with the Madras University, for the requirements of which, the instruction given is adapted. The number on the rolls at the end of August last was 487.

N.B.—The M. D. C., S. P. G., F. P., have decided to raise the School to a 2nd Grade College from the 1st January 1888.

ST. MARY'S COLLEGE, MADRAS.

No. 2, Armenian Street.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

Affiliated to the Madras University.

Rev. A. Walsh—Principal and Professor of English and Logic.

C. R. Mitchell—Vice-Principal and Professor of Mathematics.

" A. J. M. Heijligers—Professor of Latin.

" James Doyle—Professor of History.

Assistant Masters—Messrs. O'Connor, Aurokasawmy, Nicholas, Mounisse, Johnson, D'Vaz, A. Mascarenhas, F. Palman, F. E. Colkers and T. Sayappa Moodelly, Tamil Pandit.

Mr. Clayton Cotter, Gymnastic Instructor.

The system of Education in this College embraces the course of studies extending from the Primary Department to the First Examination in Arts.

The College was affiliated to the University of Madras on the 16th February 1883.

For Boarders 25 Rupees per month—payable quarterly in advance.

For Day-Boarders 10 Rupees per month, and for Day-Scholars the fees prescribed by Government for aided Schools. A well got up Gymnasium affords the pupils healthy exercise and recreation.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

McLean Street,

Conducted by the Ladies of the Presentation Convent.

The system of Education in this Seminary embraces Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, French, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Embroidery, Drawing and Painting; also Vocal and Instrumental Music.

ST. JOSEPH'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

Under the Direction of the Ladies of the Presentation Convent.

Cotgrave House, Vepery—Madras.

Saint Joseph's Seminary for Young Ladies, established at Cotgrave House, Vepery, in 1884, affords to parents residing in India, an opportunity of obtaining for their children a liberal education, such as they would get in the mother-country.

DAVIDSON STREET GIRLS' SCHOOL, BLACK TOWN,

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1814.—RE-ESTABLISHED A.D. 1868.

Committee of Management.—Rev. S. W. Organe, *President*; Mr. H. M. Lewis, B.A., *Secretary and Treasurer*; Rev. G. O. Newport, Rev. W. Joss, Lient. J. Cochran, Mr. J. A. Smith, Mr. W. Heaton, Mr. F. Cripps, Hon. Surg. H. Hitchcock, Mr. J. M. Lewis; Mrs. Cochran, Mrs. Gordon, Mrs. Smith, Mrs. Organe, Mrs. Joss, Mrs. Newport, Mrs. Heaton, Mrs. Hitchcock, Miss Cripps.

Miss M. Gordon, *Head Mistress*; Miss J. Gordon, *2nd Mistress*; Miss L. Gordon, *3rd Mistress*; Miss W. Watson, *Ag. 4th Mistress*; Miss M. O. Keefe, *5th Mistress*; Miss E. Hitchcock, *Ag. 6th Mistress*.

NOTE.—No Entrance fee for 6th, 5th, 4th and 3rd Classes.

	Tuition Fee.		Entrance Fee.		Tuition Fee.
	RS. A.		RS. A.		RS. A.
Sixth Class.....	3 8	Second	2 0		2 0
Fifth "	3 8	First	1 0		1 12
Fourth "	2 8	Prep. A.	1 0		1 8
Third "	2 8	Prep. B.	1 0		1 4
		Infant	1 0		1 0

The object of this Institution is to give a sound education, based on Christian principles, to European and East Indian children of Black Town. The Schools receive Government aid. The Standard of Education is up to the Higher Test Examination for Women. Tamil is also taught in the School as an optional subject.

BLACK TOWN WESLEYAN ENGLISH GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL,

ESTABLISHED A.D. 1860.

Committee of Management.—The Pastor of the Church, *Manager and Treasurer*; Mrs. R. C. Thomas, *Honorary Secretary*.

COMMITTEE, 12 MEMBERS.—Miss Tocher, *Head Mistress*; Miss D'Silva, *2nd Mistress*; Miss Scriven, *3rd Mistress*; Miss Kelly, *4th Mistress*; Mrs. Hankins, *5th Mistress*.

This School now contains 83 scholars. The Head Mistress is a Matriculate of the Madras University. All the Teachers hold First Grade certificates. It is the aim of the Committee to give the children attending this school a sound and practical English education. The girls are yearly sent up for the following Government Examinations:—Special Upper Primary; Middle School and Higher Examination for Women.

WESLEYAN MISSION COLLEGE, ROYAPETTAH.

Principal—Rev. A. S. Geden, M.A.

J. P. Cotelingam, M.A., *Head Master*. | T. Rajagopalachari, B.A., *First Asst. Master*.

And twelve other Masters with Tamil, Telugu, Hindustani and Sanskrit Munshis.

The School was founded in 1850, with the object of giving a superior education based on Christian principles to all classes of the Native community. It now contains nearly 400 boys. The course of secular studies is adapted to the requirements of the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University.

WESLEYAN MISSION SCHOOL, TRIPPLICANE.

Principal.—Rev. W. D. Simpson, B.A.

V. Abhirama Iyer, B.A., Head Master. | D. Umameshwara Rao, B.A., Asst. Master.

And nine other Masters with Tamil, Telugu and Sanskrit Moonshees.

This School was established in 1878, and now contains 200 boys. Its aim is to give a secular education adapted to the requirements of the Government and Matriculation Examinations, combined with the teaching of religious truth.

WESLEYAN MISSION GIRLS' BOARDING SCHOOL, ROYAPETTAH.

Lady Superintendent.—Mrs. Patterson.

This School was established in 1848, chiefly for the benefit of Native Christian girls. It is situated in the compound of the Wesleyan Mission, Royapettah, and now contains about 80 pupils,—50 Boarders, and 20 day-scholars. The course of study is adapted to the requirements of Government Teachers' Certificate Examinations, but special attention is paid to needlework and to instruction in the duties of domestic life. The rate of fees can be learnt on application.

WESLEYAN MISSION HINDU GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

Lady Superintendent.—Miss Lyth.

Six Hindu Girls' Schools are supported by the Mission: in Royapettah, Teynampet, North and South Triplicane, Egmore and Black Town. These schools are supported chiefly by subscriptions from England and contain about 450 scholars. The languages taught are Tamil, Telugu and English.

UNION SUNDAY SCHOOL.

ESTABLISHED 1878.

The above School is open to Native Christian children of all Protestant Denominations, and, at present, meets in the Christian Female Normal School, Popham's Broadway.

Superintendent.—J. P. Cotelingam, M.A.PURSEWALKUM LEIPZIG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION
ANGLO-VERNACULAR SCHOOLS.*MANAGER.*—The Missionary of the Station.

1. **Boys' School.**—This School, which was established in 1856, teaches up to the Middle School Standard and imparts a sound religious education. This is now named Fabricius Middle School, in honor of the late Rev. Father Fabricius, who labored here for so many years as the servant of God. Attached to this is a boarding establishment, where about 50 children are fed, clothed and educated gratuitously at the sole cost of the Mission.

2. **Girls' School.**—This teaches up to the 5th Standard of the Government Examinations. Religious lessons, singing and needlework are properly attended to. English is also taught in the three higher classes.

THE HOBART SCHOOL FOR MUHAMMADAN GIRLS,

ROYAPETTAH—MADRAS.

Patroness.—The Lady Connemara, I.C.I.*Vice-Patronesses.*—H. H. the Maha Rani of Vizianagaram.*COMMITTEE.*—President, Mary Lady Hobart, I.C.I., (in Europe);*Directresses.*—Mrs. Grigg, Mrs. Firth, Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Guthrie, Mrs. Bliss, Miss Taylor, and Mrs. Fortune.

Members.—Ahmad Muhiyuddin Khan Bahadur, The Hon'ble D. F. Carmichael, The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, C.I.E., Dr. Muhi-ud-din Sharif Khan Bahadur, Major Coaker, R.E., Mirza Feroze Husain Khan Bahadur, Mirza Muhammad Ismail Sahib Bahadur, Hasan Ali Sahib Bahadur, Hafiz Ali Mazhar Sahib Bahadur, Mir Ansar-ud-din Sahib Bahadur, Muhammad Raza Khan, Mir Shujat Ali Khan Bahadur, Qaza

Moulavi Saiyid Hasan Raza Sahib, Sajjad Husain Sahib Bahadur, Haji Muhammad Abdullah Badshah Sahib Bahadur, Mir Kasim Ali Sahib Bahadur Naqvi, Muhammad Sharif Sahib.

Mrs. Firth, Honorary Secretary; Major Coaker, R.E., Honorary Treasurer.
Head Mistress, Miss Morgan.

1. This Institution has been in existence for upwards of 12 years; the average attendance, which has been all through about 75 per cent. of the number on the roll, shews that the members of the community for whom it is intended appreciate the facilities for instruction afforded by the school.

2. The school is annually inspected by the Government Inspectress of Schools whose reports shew that the institution has been progressing fairly.

3. No fees are levied; the Institution is dependent on (i) the interest on an endowment of Rs. 10,000 founded by Mary, Lady Hobart, (ii) the proceeds of donations and subscriptions, (iii) Grants-in-Aid from Government, (iv) profits on the sale of Children's work and of other work for the benefit of the School. The income from each of the said sources has been steadily increasing.

4. Prizes and Scholarships are offered by the Managing Committee and the Local Branch of the National Indian Association.

5. The average annual income and expenditure have stood as under:—

Rs 3,522 | Rs. 3,398

THE MADRAS CIVIL ORPHAN ASYLUMS.

Under the patronage of The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, the Venerable the Archdeacon, and the Clergy of the Church of England throughout the Diocese,

AND

ST. MARY'S CHURCH CHARITY SCHOOL.

(Amalgamated 16th January 1872, under G.O., 20th August 1871, No. 232.)

DIRECTORS FOR 1887.

PRESIDENT.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras. *Vice-Presidents:* The Venerable the Archdeacon, The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Brandt, The Hon'ble Mr. P. P. Hutchins, H. S. Thomas, Esq., W. Donald, Esq., The Garrison Chaplain.

EX-OFFICIO DIRECTORS.—The Garrison Chaplain, The Surgeon of the District.

GOVERNMENT DIRECTORS.—W. Donald, Esq., Surg.-Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.

ELECTED DIRECTORS.—Mr. C. Hall, Mr. W. M. Scharlieb, Mr. J. Gray, Mr. G. H. Ross, Mr. J. D'Roario, Mr. W. A. Long, Mr. G. R. Trotter, Mr. H. B. Bernard, Lt.-Col. C. W. Brereton, Mr. F. J. James, Mr. W. D. St. Leger, Capt. C. H. Rowland, Mr. J. W. Handley, Mr. J. T. Greatorex, Mr. H. F. Clogstoun and Hon'ble Mr. P. P. Hutchins.

OFFICERS.—Mr. W. D. St. Leger, *Secretary*; Mr. W. Donald, *Treasurer*; Mr. J. T. Greatorex, *Auditor*.

DIRECTRESSES.—*Lady President.*—Lady Susan Bourke; *Lady Vice-Presidents.*—Miss Gell, Mrs. P. P. Hutchins.

EX-OFFICIO DIRECTRESSES.—Mrs. A. C. Taylor, Mrs. S. B. Hunt.

ELECTED DIRECTRESSES.—Mrs. W. Donald, Mrs. G. H. Ross, Mrs. F. Brandt, Mrs. C. H. Rowland, Mrs. J. F. Browne, Mrs. C. Patch, Mrs. J. M. Thomson, Mrs. J. P. Price, Miss Thomas, Mrs. W. H. Hobart, Mrs. D. W. Kidd; Mrs. G. H. Ross, *Lady Secretary*.

TRUSTEES.—Mr. C. Hall, Dr. C. G. Conran, Mr. James Gray.

Statement of the Objects, and an Appeal in behalf of the Civil Orphan Asylums.

The "MADRAS MALE AND FEMALE CIVIL ORPHAN ASYLUMS" were founded by East Indians for relief of the poorer members of the community in the early part of the present century, so far back as 1807, and have, therefore, been in operation for more than fifty years.

A full statement of the funded capital and financial resources of these Institutions will be found in the Annual Report. Improvements have been introduced into the system of education pursued in each of the Asylums, with a view to increasing their public utility. For the furtherance of this object these schools are now placed under Government inspection. The Directors are most anxious to open up departments of trades and industries, so as to afford the children the means of obtaining a useful and honorable living hereafter; but the want of funds, wherewith to provide the necessary plant and skilled supervision, is a serious and insurmountable difficulty.

All orphan children throughout the Presidency, descended from parents who are either East Indian or European, not in military employ, are eligible for admission.

This fact, it may be assumed, is generally known throughout the Mofussil, from the applications which are made from various stations for the admissions of orphans; but the Directors regret that the claim resulting from this fact, upon persons residing in the Mofussil for some contribution towards the support of these Institutions, does not appear to be so generally recognized.

Local charities have a strong claim upon residents at each particular station, but not to the exclusion of large public Institutions which afford relief and the blessing of a Christian education to destitute orphan children without reference to locality within the Presidency, and for whose relief local charities cannot make adequate provision. At the General Meeting at which the report for 1834 was read, the Secretary received instructions to make special appeals to the Chaplains at the several stations to collect money on behalf of these Institutions, and to remind them from time to time of this obligation in the cause of a most deserving charity.

The Bishop of the Diocese is the President, the Archdeacon is the Vice-President, and the rest of the Clergy of the Church of England are *ex-officio* Patrons of these Institutions. The Directors, therefore, earnestly request the Clergy in the Presidency and Mofussil either to make regular periodical collections in their churches in behalf of the Asylums, or else to circulate this Appeal, together with the accompanying report, among the European and East Indian residents at their stations. East Indians are particularly invited to come forward and contribute, according to their means, towards the support of Institutions, which provide such efficient relief for the destitute and distressed members of their own community.

Contributions may be remitted to Mr. W. Donald, Treasurer, Nungunbakuu, or to the Secretary, 14 to 19, Male Asylum Road, Egmore, Madras.

MILITARY FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, MADRAS.

POONAMALLEE ROAD—INSTITUTED A.D. 1786.

Lady Campbell, Foundress and First Patroness.

President.—The Right Hon'ble the Governor.

Vice-Presidents.—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, The Hon'ble the Chief Justice, The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop, the Hon'ble C. G. Master and the Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins.

Governors.—The Hon'ble J. Kerman, Q.C., Colonel C. Carter, Ven. Archdeacon J. F. Browne, M.D., Major Sidney Smith, R.E., Colonel W. S. Hunt, Lieut.-Col. C. W. Brereton, R.A., Colonel J. C. Gunning, Colonel T. Weldon, Major A. F. Fletcher, R.A., Brigr.-General G. J. Smart, Royal Artillery, Captain W. L. C. Baddeley, R.E., and Major C. H. P. Christie, R.E.

Patroness.—Lady Connemara.

Vice-Patronesses.—Lady Arbuthnot, Mrs. C. G. Master, Mrs. Hutchins, Miss Gell.

Directresses.—Mrs. Drake-Brockman, Mrs. Bidie, Mrs. Hackett, Mrs. Chambers, Mrs. Gunning, Mrs. Pogson, Mrs. Grimes, Mrs. Browne, Mrs. Crombie, Mrs. Hunt, Mrs. Routh-Jones, Mrs. Boulderson, Mrs. Smart and Mrs. Grose.

Establishment.—Mrs. Rose, Superintendent; Miss Laura Conran, First Mistress; Miss Lillian Roff, Second Mistress; Miss W. Daley, Third Mistress; Mrs. J. Boyle, Matron.

Rev. T. J. Smith, Chaplain; Surgeon-Major A. L. Hackett, Medical Officer.

Bankers.—The Bank of Madras.

Secretary.—T. Baker.

UNION MIXED SCHOOL, AT JOHN PEREIRA'S.

Boys' School, established 1st June 1836—Girls' School, established 1st January 1840.
United into a Mixed School, June 1878.

Patron.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras; *Vice-Patron*.—The Chaplain of South Black Town.

DIRECTORS, 1887.

President.—The Incumbent of "Trinity Chapel"; Messrs. D. T. O'Keefe, A. W. Saalfelt, C. Robbins and J. Howell; Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, M.A., *Secretary*.

STAFF.—Head Mistress, Miss G. H. Harvey; 2nd Mistress, Miss I. Tychiens; Pupil Teacher, Miss A. Garraty.

THE GORDON REFUGE,

ST. THOME, MADRAS.

1887.

COMMITTEE.—The Lady Connemara, *President*; Mrs. Spring-Branson, Miss Gell, Mrs. Grigg, Miss Morphett, Mrs. Sullivan and Mrs. Wedderburn, *Honorary Secretary*; Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., *Treasurers*.

The Committee of "The Gordon Refuge for Destitute Children" have the honor to publish their Report for 1886.

The design of this Institution is to afford a Refuge for such destitute orphan girls of European descent, as are not eligible for either the Military or the Civil Female Orphan Asylums. As such, it is one, the Committee plead, well deserving of public support.

For the information of new subscribers, it may be mentioned that "The Refuge" was commenced in 1860, by Mrs. W. A. Morehead, by whose exertions sufficient money was raised to purchase the premises at St. Thome, where "The Refuge" is now located. Subsequently the Trustees of the property of the late Mrs. Gordon of the Mount endowed it to the amount of about 700 Rupees per annum, on condition that it assumed its present title. From April 1st, 1873, the Institution has received a Grant-in-aid from Government of Rupees 100 per mensem, provided the subscriptions reach that amount.

The utmost economy is observed in the management of the Institution, consistent with due regard to the proper feeding and care of the children. The cost of maintaining each child, inclusive of superintendence, food and clothing, is about Rs. 8-12 a month. The number now in the "Refuge" is 50.

As many old subscribers have left Madras, and as it is most desirable to secure the Government Grant, and, if possible, to enlarge the operations of this Institution, the Committee think it right to put forth this statement, in the hope that new subscribers will kindly come forward. The Committee invite those who may be disposed to aid this Institution to visit it, and to judge by personal inspection whether it be worthy of support.

The girls of "The Refuge" do neat, plain and fancy works.

The Secretary will be happy to receive orders.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR GIRLS.

ST. THOME, 1884.

LADY TURNER—Lady Patroness.

The object of this Institution is to afford shelter and protection to such grown-up girls of European descent, as are anxious to do well, and to escape from the many temptations to which they are exposed in their miserable homes, and by their sad surroundings. Many of the girls now in school have come of their own accord and begged for admission.

The girls in the "Industrial School" receive an elementary education in reading, writing, and arithmetic, are taught domestic duties, and all kinds of useful needlework, so that after leaving us, they may be able, as neat good workers to maintain themselves in comparative comfort. The number now in the Institution is 20.

The undersigned trusts that this project may meet with the approbation of the public, and that they will kindly give the Institution that practical and pecuniary support of which it stands so much in need. All subscribers are invited to visit it and to judge by personal inspection whether it be worthy of support.

A. FIRTH.

HOME FOR DESTITUTE INFANT CHILDREN.

1884.

Patron.—The Lord Bishop of Madras. | *Patroness*.—Miss Gell.

It may be fairly claimed for this Institution that it is one of the most deserving of all the local charities. It provides a home for destitute infant children who, not being orphans, are ineligible for admission into the Gordon Refuge or the Civil Asylum.

The subjects of this charity are literally rescued from the streets. They are the wretched little ones who are paraded by mendicant parents as objects to excite the sympathy of the public until old enough to be turned adrift to start as professional beggars, or to enter upon the careers of crime to which they may be driven by absolute ignorance and want. These children are boarded, clad, and cared for in the "Home" until old enough to be admitted into the Industrial or other schools, and are thus saved from the miserable fate that otherwise awaits them.

The following brief account of the Infants' Home will show its present position and requirements:—

The Home was started in January 1882, under the auspices of the Lord Bishop of Madras, in the old premises of the Girls' Industrial School. Commencing with twelve, the number of inmates increased to twenty European and Eurasian children before the end of the year. The home had then to be removed to a larger and more suited house.

A. FIRTH.

MADRAS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL,

POPHAM'S BROADWAY, BLACK TOWN.

COMMITTEE.

President.—The Lord Bishop of Madras. | *Vice-President.*—

Members.—The Venerable Archdeacon J. F. Browne, The Chaplain, Fort St. George, *Ex-officio*; The Chaplain of North Black Town, *Ex-officio*, and the Chaplain South Black Town, *Ex-officio*; F. Rowlandson, Esq., Rev. T. J. Smith, Surgeon-Major E. F. Drake-Brockman, F.R.C.S., G. H. Smith, Esq., W. A. Long Esq., J. J. D'Rozario, Esq., Jas. Gray, Esq., J. W. Handley, Esq., A. Pilkington, Esq., T. Luker, Esq., Capt. D. Pryce; C. E. Phipps, Esq. (*Treasurer*); Capt. D. Pryce, *Acting Secretary*.

STAFF.—Mr. S. Claridge, *General Superintendent*; Miss Eliza Claridge, *Schoolmistress*; Mr. C. Roberts, *Clerk*.

Carpentry, Shoemaking, Rattan-work, including Mat and Blind-making, Book-binding, Carriage-building and Repairing, and Blacksmithery are carried on by competent Foremen Instructors.

The condition of the poorer classes of Europeans and East Indians, residing in Black Town and the neighbouring suburbs, is admitted to be most deplorable. This distress is occasioned by their inability to earn a livelihood. Those who are most seriously affected are the old and the infirm who are physically unable to labor, and the young who have not the necessary skill to compete with others in the labour market. The former perhaps fall more legitimately for relief on the Friend-in-Need Society, and arrangements are being made, it is believed, to meet the evil so far as funds will permit. But the young require help of a special nature; they require to be taught how to earn an honest livelihood. The education given in the several Charitable Institutions of this City, fits them only for Writers and Accountants; a section of the labour market which is already supplied to overflowing, and which will as far as the experience of the past can be depended upon, be taken up entirely by the Natives of the country who can work equally well and at lower rates of remuneration. Other portions therefore of the labour market must be tried. To meet this great difficulty, an Industrial School has been established for the poorer classes of Europeans and East Indians in Black Town. The extent of the operations are confined to a few of the principal industrial trades, repairs, varnishing, &c., of carriages, house-painting, carpentry, boot and shoe-making, work in leather, book-binding, blacksmith's work, turning, rattan-work, &c., but will be extended as funds permit.

The School was opened on the 2nd November 1874: at present there are 50 boys borne on its Rolls, all resident pupils. Many have obtained employment as Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Artificers, &c., since the School opened.

Contributions in aid of the Industrial School will be most thankfully received by the Secretary, Rev. R. H. Durham, and will be duly acknowledged.

THE RAJAHGOPAUL POOR SCHOOL

OR

MADRAS RAGGED SCHOOL FOR NATIVE CHILDREN.

This School was founded by the late Rev. P. Rajahgopaul of the Free Church Mission in 1869 in Big Parcherry, a densely populated part of Madras, swarming with children. Its aim is to lay hold of poor, neglected orphan children and give them such a religious and secular training as will enable them to earn their livelihood by honest labour.

This School was removed in 1880 into a large and commodious house situated at the north end of Popham's Broadway, which was given for its use free of rent by the Government of His Grace the Duke of Buckingham. The Institution now contains upwards of 250 scholars. The boys and girls are kept in distinct apartments and to each is attached a Boarding establishment.

The School is worked on the principles of "Result Grant-in-aid rules" and is divided into eight classes or standards. Last year, 5 pupils passed Middle School and 8 Special Upper Primary Examinations. It is intended to open an Industrial Branch in connection with the School.

The annual cost of the School is upwards of Rs. 3,000. The proceeds of the Endowment Fund, the result of the late Founder's strenuous efforts, are insufficient to meet this cost; and the balance has to be made up by voluntary contributions and Government Grant. Mr. Rajahgopaul's friends are therefore requested to continue their kind help to this useful Institution. Contributions will be thankfully received by Miss Rajahgopaul, the Superintendent, or Messrs. Binny and Co.

MADRAS CHRISTIAN FEMALE NORMAL SCHOOL.

This School was opened in 1870 for the purpose of training Christian Schoolmistresses for the girls' schools of the Free Church of Scotland and other Missions in the Madras Presidency. It is partly supported by the Indian Female Normal School and Instruction Society. It also receives a grant from Government.

The School is held in a house on the Broadway, and consists of a Tamil and Telugu Department in which pupils are trained and instructed for the Higher, Middle and Special Upper Primary Examinations. Provision is made for Religious instruction and teaching of English as a language. There are 50 pupils on the roll, of whom 30 are expected to become teachers in the schools of the various Missionary Societies.

Scholarships of Rs. 6, 7 and 8 are given to about 24 students according to the grade for which they are preparing. Missions contributing half the amount of scholarships for pupils sent by them will be entitled to their services after their course of training is completed.

The Superintendent arranges for the boarding and lodging of pupils who come from the Mofussil.

PACHAIYAPPAH'S EDUCATIONAL CHARITIES.

P. Runganadum Mudaliyar, *President*.

W. S. Vencataramanujulu Nayadu.

S. Appasawmy Chettyar.

V. Kristnama Chariar.

Rai Bahadur P. Runganadha Mudaliar, M.A.

C. Singaravelu Mudaliar.

P. Rungiah Naidu.

P. Thiagaraya Chettiar, B.A.

P. Vijayaranga Mudaliar.

E. Balasundra Mudaliar, B.A., *Secretary*.

PACHAIYAPPAH'S COLLEGE,

Established in January 1842, School House, Esplanade, opened 29th March 1880.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

J. Adam, Esq., M.A., *Principal*.C. Gopalakistna Mudaliar, B.A., *First Assistant*.

T. R. Ramanadha Aiyar, B.A. ... Tutor.
R. Sivasankara Pandia, B.A. ... do.
K. Ramanuja Charri, B.A. ... do.
K. Subramanya Aiyar, B.A. ... do.
C. Gopala Row, B.A. ... do.
T. Virabadra Mudaliar, B.A. ... do.
C. E. Srinivasa Ragava Charri, B.A., B.L. do.

S. Rajagopala Chari, B.A. ... Tutor.
Y. Ramaswamayya, B.A. ... do.
S. Rajagopala Chari, B.A. ... do.
P. Sunjeeviah, Principal's Clerk.
B. Ragavuloo Naidu, Gymnastic Instructor.
J. Kuppusawmy Mudaliar.

VERNACULAR DEPARTMENT.

M. Moorogasa Moodali, Tamil Pundit.
V. Ramanuja Charri, Telugu Pundit.
M. Kristna Sastry, Sanscrit Pundit.

C. Damodara Nambudri Pad, Malayalam Pundit.

Pachaiyappa's Middle School.

English Department.

Mr. G. B. Joachim ... Tutor. | P. Sesha Aiyangar ... Tutor.
N. Devarajulu Naidu ... do. | Mr. A. J. Williams ... Writing Master.

Vernacular Department.

V. Subramanya Sastry ... Telugu Pundit. | T. E. Sreenivassa Charri ... Sanscrit Pundit.
P. Kristnasawmy Mudali ... Tamil Pundit.

Pachaiyappa's High School at Conjivaram.

Established in the year 1846.

English Department.

S. Srinivasa Iyer ... Head Master. | S. A. Ramachendra Aiyar ... Tutor.
E. Soobramania Aiyar ... Tutor. | P. Vijayaragavachary ... do.
T. Soobramanya Iyer ... do. | V. Vadachella Vathiyar ... do.
C. P. Gopala Chari, Ag. ... do. | N. S. Bashiam Aiyangar, Ag. ... do.
C. Rajah Row ... do. | S. Kistnasawmy Aiyar ... Writer.
C. S. Venkatarama Aiyar ... do.

Vernacular Department.

V. Ganapathy Pillay ... Tamil Tutor. | T. Krishnaswami Aiyangar, Gymnastic In-
T. Narayana Sastri ... Sanscrit Pundit. | structor.
S. Vencateswara Sastry ... Telugu Tutor.

Pachaiyappa's High School at Chidambaram.

Established in the year 1850.

English Department.

V. Swaminadha Jatavallabhar, B.A.,	..Ag. Head Master.	K. Saviny Iyengar	..Tutor.
M. C. Alagasingaperumal, B.A.	..Tutor.	C. Rama Row	.. do
V. Ramanuja Chary	.. do.	C. V. Natasa Iyer	.. do.
C. V. Soobiah	.. do.	V. Ramachendra Naidu	..Writer.

Vernacular Department.

S. Ramalinga Pillay	...Tamil Tutor.	Jainoolabdeen	...Gymnastic Instructor.
K. Chuckrapany Aiyangar	...Sanskrit Tutor.		

P. T. Lee Chengulroya Naicker's Commercial High School.

Established in February 1886, Lower Story of Pachaiyappa's College.

English Department.

K. Subramania Aiyar, B.A.,	...Head Master.	Mr. A. J. Williams	...Writing Master.
S. Vydyanada Aiyar	...Tutor.	C. N. Rajagopala Chari	...Short hand do.
C. Ramaswami Aiyangar	... do.	P. Alagasingra Chari	Gymnastic Instructor.
V. S. Subramanya Aiyar	... do.		

Night Classes.

T. S. Chengalvaraya Aiyar.

Phonographic Class.

C. Ramaswami Aiyangar.

Drawing Class.

B. Ramanujulu Naidu.

Govindoo Naicker's School,

Established in May 1865, No. 187, Mandavully Street, opposite the Esplanade.

English Department.

T. Narasimha Charry	..Head Master.	N. Embariah	...Tutor.
K. Parthasarathy Aiyengar	...Tutor.	A. Sreenavassa Iyengar	... do.
G. Sessa Charlu	... do.	E. Balasundra Mudali	... do.
M. K. Kistnama Chari	... do.	C. Ragunayakulu Chetty	... do.
V. Rajagopala Aiyangar	... do.	G. Ramanuja Chari	...Ag. do.
A. Sama Iyengar	... do.	P. Sawminatha Aiyar	... do.
P. Alagasingra Charri	... do.	P. Ragava Charry	...Clerk.
G. Seshiah	... do.		

*Tamil.*C. Loganadha Mudaliar.
A. Singaravelu Mudaliar.*Telugu.*

T. Singara Charlu.

S. Thennarungiah.

O. Alwariah.

Sanskrit.

T. E. Srinivasa Chari.

C. Srinivasa Pillay's Vernacular Girls' School,

Established in 1866, Black Town, Somoosoonthara Mudaliar's Street.

Mrs. T. Ananthamall, Superintendent and Stitching Mistress.

Telugu Department.

T. Vakulabharana Iyah	..Head Master.	A. Streenevassiah	..Head Master.
P. Rungiah	..2nd do.	T. Theroomala Charry	..2nd do.
A. Theroovengadathan Iyah	..3rd do.	A. Rajoo Mudali	..3rd do.
M. Ramiah	..4th do.	C. Manicka Mudaly	..4th do.

Number of Pupils in Pachaiyappa's College

Do. in do. Middle School

Do. in P. T. Lee Chengulroya Naicker's Commercial

High School

Do. in Govindu Naicker's School

Do. in Pachaiyappa's High School at Conjivaram

Do. in do. do. at Chidambaram

Do. in Srinivasa Pillay's Girls' School

N.B.—P. T. Lee Chengulroya Naicker's High and Govindu Naicker's Schools are no other than the Middle and Lower Departments of Pachaiyappa's High Schools, formed into separate Institutions.

Admission into the above Schools twice a year in the months of January and June.

Ponnumbala Pillay's Sanskrit School at Chidambaram.

Iyah Sastry

...Tutor. | V. Ramanuja Chari

...Tutor.

Number of Pupils in the School, 30.

P. T. Lee Chengulroya Naicker's Hindu Orphanage and the Industrial School.

Established in 1883, Chulay.

E. Jagannada Mudali	Superintendent.
Srinivasa Ragava Charri	Head Master.
Venkatasubba Sastri	Assistant Master.
C. Muthukrishna Nayadu	Printer.
P. Vejiaragam Nayadu	Drawing Master.
Chabumean Saib	Sewing Master.
Sawmi Raju	Rattan Master.

Number of Pupils in the Orphanage, 44.

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

MADRAS BRANCH, 1886.

PATRONS.

The Right Hon'ble SIR MOUNT STUART ELPHINSTONE GRANT-DUFF, C.I.E.*His Highness* RAMA VURMAH, K.C.S.I., Maharajah of Cochin.*Her Highness* LAKSHMI BAYI, Member of the Crown of India, Senior Ranee of Travancore.

PRESIDENT.—H. B. Grigg, Esq., M.A.

VICE-PRESIDENT.—Mrs. Grigg.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice T. Muttusamy Aiyar, B.L., C.I.E.

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" R. Balajee Row Avergal, B.L.	Miss Govindarajulu.
" S. Srinivasa Raghaviengar Avergal, B.A.	Mrs. Sinclair.
Miss Keely.	Dr. G. Oppert.
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Mrs. Brander.	Abdul Ghani Khan Bahadur.
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" Rai Bahadur V. Bhashyem Iyengar Avergal, B.A., B.L.	Miss Keely.
J. W. Handley, Esq.	Miss Govindarajulu.

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Honorary Treasurer.

Members for the Management of His Highness the Maharajah's Girls Schools.

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" Rai Bahadur V. Bashyem Iyengar Avergal, B.A., B.L.	

M.R.Ry. P. Vijayarunga Mudaliyar, Avergal, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

NATIONAL INDIAN ASSOCIATION.

H. H. THE MAHARAJAH OF VIZIANAGRAM'S GIRLS SCHOOLS.

President.—H. B. Grigg, Esq., M.A., C.S.

Vice President.—Hon. T. Muthusami Aiyar, B.A., B.L., C.I.E.,
and 9 Members with 1 Secretary.

Miss Emily Eddes, Superintendent,—(Office Mint Street, Black Town).

These Schools are 6 in number, and are located in the most populous suburbs of the City of Madras, viz., Town, Triplicane, Mylapore and Chintadripettah.

3 are in Black Town.

One of the most important undertakings in which this Society is engaged is Home Education for Indian Ladies and for girls after they leave School.

A Kindergarten was opened in Black Town in 1885.

SCOTTISH LADIES' ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF FEMALE EDUCATION IN INDIA, IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

The Association supports five Schools in Madras. Three of them are Hindu Caste Girls' Schools in Black Town, Pursewalkum and Triplicane. A poor School at Chetput for heathen boys and girls. The Industrial School for poor Eurasian and Native girls, a few are boarders and all are provided with a free dinner daily.

Attendance in the Caste Girls' School	450
Attendance in Poor School, Chetput	60
Attendance in Industrial School	36

This Association also supports a large staff of Zenana teachers. There are 95 Zenanas regularly visited, with 105 pupils; these are instructed in reading English, Tamil, and Telugu; Needlework, plain and fancy; Knitting.

The great object of the Association is to give a *religious* education; Scripture is taught in all the schools as well as in every Zenana.

Lady Missionaries—Miss Munro, Miss Gray, Miss Cuthbert.

MISSION HOUSE.—Jarrett's Gardens, Egmore.

S. P. G. LADIES' ASSOCIATION.

The Madras Branch of the Ladies' Association for the promotion of Education amongst Native Females in connexion with the Missions of the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel.

President.—Lady Connemara.

Committee.—Miss Gell, Mrs. Shephard, Mrs. Firth, Mrs. Grimes, Mrs. Crombie, Miss Relton, Mrs. Hobart and Miss Taylor. *Honorary Secretary.*

Hony. Treasurer.—Rev. W. Relton.

The Association supports a Girls' Boarding School in Madras; it gives grants to Hindu caste Girls' Schools in various Missions throughout the Presidency; it provides salaries for a Zenana Missionary, and several Bible-women.

The Famine Orphanage, which is under the direct superintendence of the Association, is now amalgamated with the Girls' Boarding School.

The object of the Association is to enlighten and to brighten the lives of at least some few of the women of India.

PART X.—MISCELLANEOUS.

MADRAS LITERARY SOCIETY AND AUXILIARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PATRONS.—H. E. The Governor of Madras, His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore, His Excellency the Rajah Tondiman, Bahadur.

PRESIDENT.—Hon'ble W. S. Whiteside.

VICE-PRESIDENT.—The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Madras.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.—J. Grose, Esq., M.A., M. Hammick, Esq., H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq., J. Adam, Esq., M.A., R. B. Michell, Esq., M.A., C. Michie Smith, Esq., B.Sc., F.R.S.E., F. N. Thorowgood, Esq., Capt. R. H. C. Tufnell, J. W. Handley, Esq. Dr. G. Oppert, *Honorary Secretary.*

A good Library containing about 30,000 Volumes, to which new works are added as published, is open to Members and Subscribers.

TERMS.—Quarterly subscription, Rupees ten; Entrance donation, Rupees ten; payable by Members residing at Madras, St. Thomas' Mount, Palaveram and Poonamallee. Members of the Royal Asiatic Society and its Auxiliaries at Calcutta or Bombay temporarily resident at Madras, and Members residing at any stations of the Madras Presidency other than those above specified are exempted from payment of donation.

Subscribers are classified as follows:—

(a) *First Class Subscribers.*—Subscribers paying a quarterly subscription of Rupees 5.

(b) *Second Class Subscribers.*—Subscribers paying a quarterly subscription of Rupees 3.

(c) *Third Class Subscribers.*—Subscribers paying a quarterly subscription of Rupee 1.

The Society receives monthly supplies of new books, including every work of note published at home.

Gentlemen wishing to join the Society should intimate their wish to the Secretary and forward a recommendation signed by one member, when their names will be enrolled and Catalogues furnished to them.

Subscriptions are quarterly, the quarters commencing on the first days of January, April, July and October. Members joining or re-joining the Society, are permitted to pay for broken periods of a quarter at the rate of Rs. 4 for each month, or portion of a month exceeding 7 days. Members failing to give notice of withdrawal will be liable for full subscriptions.

MADRAS PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY,

ESTABLISHED 21ST APRIL 1864.

PATRONS..... { The Right Honorable the Governor.
 { The Lord Bishop of Madras.

President.—J. W. Handley, Esq.

Committee of Management.

R. F. Clisholm, Esq.

Signor Aloisio.

Surgeon-Major Drake-Brockman.

Major Drake-Brockman.

W. D. St. Leger, Esq.

N. R. Pogson, Esq., C.I.E.

Director of Music.—E. Stradiot, Esq.

Honorary Secretary and Honorary Treasurer.—J. L. Walker, Esq.

The "MADRAS PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY" is established with the following objects:—

1st.—The practice of sacred and secular music, both vocal and instrumental.

2nd.—The development of a musical taste amongst all classes of the community.

3rd.—To afford to all lovers of music an additional means of social recreation and amusement.

The Society shall, if practicable, give four public performances in each year. The annual subscription for Members is Rs. 10 and this payment entitles them to a ticket for a seat in the body of the hall, at the four regular Concerts.

N.B.—With regard to families, subscriptions are on the following scale:—

Two Members of a family Rs. 15, and for every additional Member of the family Rs. 5 each.

MADRAS DRAMATIC SOCIETY.

PATRON.—His Excellency the Governor.

PRESIDENT.—Lt.-Col. A. R. Kenney-Herbert.

COMMITTEE.—Col. McLeod, R.A.; Col. Hunt, M.S.C.; Col. W. K. Jopp, R.E., F. Rowlandson, Esq.; H. T. Ross, Esq., C.S.; Capt. Wyndham-Quin, A.D.C.; Lt.-Col. S. Leigh Hunt, *Manager and Honorary Secretary*; J. L. Walker, Esq., *Honorary Treasurer*.

AGRI-HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF MADRAS.

ESTABLISHED 15TH JULY 1835.

PRESIDENT & PATRON.—H. E. The Right Hon'ble Lord Connemara, Governor of Madras.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.—Surg.-General G. Bidie, M.B., W. R. Robinson, Esq., Hon'ble W. S. Whiteside (*Chairman*), P. Elialvar Naidoo, Esq., E. Thurston, Esq., J. Grose, Esq., M.A., H. C. King, Esq., Sir Charles A. Lawson, H. A. Sim, Esq., The Hon. Mr. Justice Kernan, H. S. Thomas, Esq., F.L.S., Col. H. McLeod; Joseph Steavenson, Esq., B.A., *Hony. Secy.*; Mr. J. M. Gleeson, *Sept.*; Messrs. Binny and Co., *Treasurers*.

HONORARY MEMBERS.—Genl. Ferrier, Sir Joseph Hooker, K.C.B., M.D., F.R.S., C. Dale, Esq., Surgeon-Major Alex. Hunter, M.B., Surg.-Major J. Shortt, M.D., F.L.S., and L. A. Bernays, Esq.

EXTRAORDINARY MEMBERS.—H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M.D., F.L.S., J. D. Sim, Esq., C.S.I., Colonel R. Benson, F.L.S., Surgeon-General, G. Bidie, M.B., Joseph Steavenson, Esq., B.A., and Sir M. E. Grant Duff, C.I.E., &c.

The existence of this Society is owing in great part to the exertions of the late Dr. Wight, formerly a Surgeon in the Madras Army, whose valuable contributions to Botanical Science have gained for him a widely-spread and well-earned celebrity.

The ornamental gardens are situated opposite to the chief entrance to the Cathedral, and a piece of ground on the east of the Cathedral contains experimental plots and nurseries.

The gardens occupy a space of about 22 acres, part of which was originally granted by the local Government. Part is laid out as a landscape garden and much increased of late in space, with the additions of a number of new and rare plants, especially tropical palms and Australian trees; the whole forming a splendid collection, gathered from various parts of the world, which is constantly being increased by exchanges and purchases. It is open at all times to the public, and forms a healthful place of recreation for the inhabitants of Madras.

A nursery for seedlings and cuttings of useful and ornamental trees is maintained to meet the requirements of the Members, who are supplied from it gratis. European vegetable and flower seeds are also similarly distributed; but all these advantages are open to the general public on payment.

Many of the plants are labelled with their botanical names and the natural order to which they belong, and information regarding them can be obtained on enquiry at the Office.

There is also a Botanical Library attached, to which access can be had by Subscribers or persons known or introduced to the Honorary Secretary.

The general affairs of the Society are managed by an Honorary Secretary, assisted by a Committee who meet on the 1st Wednesday in each month, and compile annually, in the month of March, a Report of the year's Proceedings, which is submitted to a General Meeting of the Subscribers. The Proceedings of each Meeting of the Committee are also published and distributed to Members, Corresponding Societies and others.

Persons of all nations are eligible as Members of the Society, and may have a voice in the annual election of the Committee and Office-bearers.

The rate of subscription is 7 Rupees a quarter; no entrance fee being demanded, and the subscription being allowed to lapse, temporarily, should a Member be absent from India.

Up-country Subscribers are entitled to all the advantages of Members, which it is possible to place at their disposal.

An annual show is held in February, when a large number of prizes are awarded for flowers, fruits, vegetables, and several articles of importance in connection with botanical science. The Society has also made arrangements to award prizes for tea, coffee, &c.

Lists of the prizes to be distributed, and all information may be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary, by whom lists of Members, Rules of the Society, &c., will be supplied gratis.

MADRAS CLUB.

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MADRAS VOLUNTEER GUARDS' CLUB.

Rutter's Hall, 161, Popham's Broadway.

ESTABLISHED JANUARY 1880.

President.—Sergeant-Major G. Hartley. | Vice-President.—Qr. Mr. Sergeant J. Tallent.

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MADRAS CRICKET CLUB.

Ground.—Chepauk Park; Colors.—Chocolate and Yellow; Distance from the Central Station, about 2 miles.

COMMITTEE.—Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins, R. J. H. Arbuthnot, Esq., H. C. King, Esq., J. M. Young, Esq., F. Rowlandson, Esq., A. P. Symonds, Esq., and Captain Riddell *Honorary Secretary and Treasurer*, E. Thurston, Esq.; *Joint Secretary for Tennis*, H. S. Thomas, Esq.

A ground-man is in attendance for Cricket practice every week day at 5 p.m. during the Cricket season. There are 4 Tennis Courts for use of Members of the Cricket Club and their families.

MADRAS GYMKHANA CLUB.

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The Madras Gymkhana is established to promote all Sports and Games.

VOLUNTEER CORPS' CLUBS.

Officers' Mess House.....Vepery.
Duke's Own Club.....Broadway.
Volunteer Guards' Club.....Do.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL MUSEUM,

21, PANTHEON ROAD.

Established on the 14th August 1851, by the Madras Government.

Edgar Thurston, Esq., Superintendent.

Mr. W. F. Dique, Curator.

R. Damodarum Naidoo, Assistant Curator.

T. Abboy Naidoo, Herbarium Keeper.

P. Rangiah Rajoo, Draughtsman.

A. S. Duraisawmy Pillay, Head Taxidermist.

This is a Museum of Natural History; Raw products used in the arts and manufactures; specimens of Manufactures, Implements and Machinery; Ethnography; Antiquities, &c. The Natural History section is the most extensive and embraces a number of Mammals, and extensive collections of Birds, Reptiles, Fish, Shells, Insects, Crustacea, &c. There is also an extensive Herbarium and very large collections of mineralogical and geological specimens. The Museum is intended chiefly to illustrate the natural history, natural resources and manufactures of Southern India, and the manners, customs, and antiquities of its inhabitants. There is also a very interesting collection of Gold, Silver and Copper Coins, which can be seen by personal application to the Superintendent. To the archaeological department an extensive and interesting collection of sculptures from the Buddhist tope at Amaravati has been added. The marbles were much defaced, but a portion of the outer rail has been restored and also sections of the great Dagoba set up, so that visitors will be able to form some idea of the grandeur and beauty of the vast structure before its destruction. The carvings are quite different from those seen on Hindu temples or other buildings, and are more allied to specimens of ancient Greek art than anything Dravidian. A new gallery devoted mainly to antiquities and containing an unique collection of old arms has also been added. As the collections in the various sections are yet far from complete, specimens for any of them will be very acceptable, and the Superintendent will be glad to enter into arrangements with contributors or collectors which will prove advantageous to both parties. Attached to the Museum there is an extensive general Library to which large numbers of new books are annually added, and in the Reading Room of which any visitor may consult books daily from 6½ A.M. to 5 P.M. Amongst other works of interest and utility this Library is furnished with copies of the highly interesting ancient records of Great Britain which are being issued by the Master of the Rolls, and with the numerous publications of the Patent Office. There is also a large scientific library containing books of reference on the various subjects of Natural History; and any one wishing to consult such works, may obtain permission to do so by applying to the Superintendent or Curator.

The Museum is open gratuitously to the Public daily, Sundays excepted, from 6½ A.M. to 5 P.M. The Popular Lectures at the Institution are also free to the Public. The number of visitors to the Museum in 1886-87 was 233,028 averaging daily 746.

N.B.—On the first Saturday of every month, after 12 noon, male visitors are excluded, and the Museum reserved for gosha and other native ladies.

PEOPLE'S PARK,

INSTITUTED IN 1859.

CUSTODIANS—MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE CITY OF MADRAS.

Mr. CHARLES JAMES HAY ELLIS, Superintendent.

We owe the People's Park to Sir Charles Trevelyan. It is not at all improbable that the idea of some such place suggested itself to many a man in power before his day. It would be singular indeed if Europeans should, for a hundred years, have seen a large

native town growing up on the site of a small village—a vast population massing together with lungs to be fed with fresh air and limbs to be allured to exercise and health—without sometimes thinking it possible that the “village greens,” “commons,” and “parks” of his native land might perhaps be re-produced with advantage within reach of Black Town. The monotony of Indian life, and the lack of sympathy between the classes of Indian society, may be regarded as the causes why such an idea, if suggested, was never carried into execution. While the “upper ten thousand” could have their drive along the Beach and round the Island, it mattered little to them that the “masses” (unfriendly phrase) who could not drive, or were to be stimulated to recreation, had no place convenient for health, exercise and amusement.

But then Sir Charles Trevelyan was a man not given to routine; and somewhat wide in his sympathy. So the idea of the people's wants suggesting itself to him and he having the power as well as the will—the people got their Park. Thousands who know nothing of the step that cost him a Governorship, will hold his name in memory by the People's Park.

But when Sir Charles was re-called, the scheme was in a most elementary state. The plan was on paper; but never adopted. Little else was done, and little else would have been done if the inheritors of Sir Charles Trevelyan's dignity had not also inherited his sympathy with the people. We owe it to the various gentlemen who have been entrusted with the execution of the scheme, that the “plan” was not thrown into the official waste paper basket and the idea recorded as one of Sir Charles' amiable follies. It is in unison with Sir William Denison's career, previous to his arrival in this country that he should have shown a hearty approval of an undertaking so intimately connected with the health and pleasure of the middle class population.

There can be no doubt that the Park has been a success. Any one may convince himself of that by a visit morning or evening. The place has already fixed its character as a popular resort, and it is certain that it will be so in a much greater degree when the attractions of the ground are fully developed. It is pleasing to see that the native population appreciate the pleasure provided for them, and when the sternness of social life amongst them is relaxed, we may expect to see not only the Ramasawmies, but the Lutchmies of Black Town taking their ease in the fretted shade of well-grown trees.

But we must suspend any further remarks, and lay before our readers a brief description of the Park.

The gate adjacent to the Hospital Bridge is the main entrance. The trees are planted in avenues and groups. Eleven lakes of various dimensions and shades are completed; and various other things have been achieved: but we cannot do better than print the following description (though brief) of the Park, kindly furnished by the Superintendent, which will convey a clear idea of the Park.

In the North-west angle of the Park is a Serpentine lake with two large raised islands one at each end. One of these is 30 feet above the water, and is well calculated for a large basin, from which the cascades might hereafter be made to fall over the sides. The second or Victoria lake, with a central island, is situated almost midway between the band-stand and the northern end of the Park and now occupied by the Monkeys. The island is approached by one bridge of ornamental design, measuring 200×4½ feet. The third is a small lake on the west side, elliptical in shape, and contains good drinking water for cattle. The fourth is a small lake close to the Aviary. The fifth a similar one. The sixth is a semi-lunar lake near the band-stand. The seventh is a medium lake, between the band-stand and the Superintendent's house. The eighth is an irregularly shaped lake, with a central island and trees of various sorts planted on it. The ninth is a large lake on the west side of the main road. The tenth is a medium lake west of the last-mentioned. The eleventh is a medium lake, with a central island at the south end.

There are two masonry basins, one elliptical, measuring 170 feet × 73 feet, and 4½ ft. in depth, formed of solid masonry with brick-on-edged foundation and central fountain; the latter, of ornamental design, galvanized. This has recently been surrounded by an iron fence and converted into a public bath, the floor of one-half of it has been raised so as to give a depth of about 4 feet adapted for the use of boys—the other half has a uniform depth 6 feet. It is supplied with Red Hills lake-water from the public main road, and good dressing rooms have been built round it for the bathers. The roads of the Park, embracing 5½ miles, are complete.

A portion of the Park lying north of the Poonamallee Road and measuring 30 grounds has been taken up for the erection of the Town Hall which is now under progress.

The Zoological collection in the Park consists of the following specimens:—

1 Tigress, 1 Tiger, 4 Leopards, 2 Black Bears, 5 Striped Hyenas, 1 Rhinoceros, 1 Elephant, 2 Emus, 1 Kangaroo, 2 Black Swans, 12 Monkeys of different species, 2 Australian Devils, 1 Australian Wolf.

The Aviary contains a great variety of Ornithological specimens, too numerous to detail here.

The area of the Park is 88 cawnics or 116 English acres.

List of Wild Animals.

4 Leopards,	3 Cockatoos,	1 Stork,
1 Tigress,	A number of Parrots and	2 Hill Goats,
1 Tiger,	Birds of various tribes,	3 Pea Cocks,
5 Hyenas,	2 Rattles,	4 Pea Hens,
2 Porcupines,	1 Russian Monkey,	1 Elephant,
1 Rhinoceros,	1 Abyssinian Monkey,	2 Emus,
2 Antelopes,	4 Common Tree Cats,	2 Black Bears,
2 Pelicans,	1 Civet Cat,	3 Pythons,
2 Deers,	3 Samburs,	2 Australian Devils,
12 Monkeys,	3 Crocodiles,	1 do Wolf,
2 Black Swans,	1 Lemur,	3 Spider Monkeys,
A large number of Pigeons,	1 Kangaroo,	

People's Park Rules.

1. The Park shall be opened daily for carriages between 5 A.M. and 8 P.M., after which hour, the gates will be closed and no person will be permitted to remain in the Park, except by special permission.
 2. Visitors riding or driving on the foot-paths, or walking on the cultivated grass, will be punished.
 3. Omnibuses, carts, shigrams, coolies with loads or baskets, carriage or pockally bullocks will not be allowed to enter.
 4. Visitors are warned not to irritate or annoy the animals in any way whatever.
 5. All animals found straying in the Park will be impounded.
 6. Visitors are requested to observe the rules for the regulation of carriages on band evenings, so as to prevent confusion and irregularity.
 7. No dogs admitted.
 8. Smoking within the band-stand enclosure is strictly prohibited. Parties breaking these rules will be punished.
- Rules to be observed by carriages and other wheeled vehicles entering the circle round the band-stand on nights on which a band plays:—
1. All carriages must, on entering the circle, turn to their right.
 2. One by one row of carriages will be allowed to stand on the inside next the circle.
 3. A sufficient space must be left clear for carriages to circulate on the outside of the inner row of carriages.
 4. All other carriages must draw up on the outside of the road (open space).
 5. No carriage will be permitted to draw up opposite any of the entrances to the circle outside the space kept clear for the circulation of moving carriages.

Swimming Bath Rules.

1. The Bath will be opened between the following hours only:—Morning 6 to 11; Evening 3 to 6.
2. No person will be admitted to the Bath who does not produce his ticket of admission signed by the Superintendent.
3. Europeans and Eurasians will be admitted on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays only, and Natives, Mahomedans and Parsees on Wednesdays, Fridays and Sundays only.
4. No person will be allowed to bathe unless provided with bathing drawers.
5. Bathers shall not in any way interfere with the fountain in the Bath nor with the Shower Bath Taps.
6. Bathers and other persons in the Bath enclosure shall obey all reasonable orders given by the Park Superintendent or Sergeant in charge.
7. Any person suffering from a contagious disease, behaving in an unbecoming manner, using indecent language, scribbling on the walls, or injuring the Bath, or who contravenes any of the above rules shall be excluded from the Bath enclosure and his admission ticket will be withdrawn.

MADRAS FAIR.

In December 1875 a School Fete was held in the People's Park in honor of the visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales to the Town of Madras. More than 10,000 children, with their teachers, were then collected together in the Park and His Royal Highness was invited to be present. The children were supplied with refreshments, and they had all sorts of amusements provided for them. The treat was such a great success that it occurred to the managers that a similar thing might be got up during the Christmas Holidays every year. The idea gradually developed itself, and it struck Mr. Burrows, the then President of the Madras Municipality, that a treat on a grander scale might be got up, in which both children and grown-up people might take part. Accordingly he convened a meeting of the leading members of the community, both European and Native, and the gentlemen present having approved of Mr. Burrows' suggestions, opened in the Christmas Holidays of the year 1878 what has ever since been known as the "Madras Fair." The success which attended the first Fair was beyond all expectation. Another Fair was held in the Christmas Holidays of 1879, and a third in 1880. The success was greater and greater year by year and the Fair has now become an established institution of the Town of Madras.

The Fair is an institution peculiar to the Town of Madras; almost all places in India have their annual gatherings, but they are mostly religious in their character and are a source of anxiety and trouble to the authorities concerned, as such gatherings generally foster and spread diseases of an epidemic nature. The Madras Fair is altogether different from such gatherings. It is held in the People's Park, which is temporarily placed at the disposal of the Committee by the Municipal Commissioners, and is very well suited for the purpose. The Fair is held during the Christmas Holidays.

The Band Stand circle, which is admirably suited for an exhibition of this sort, is surrounded with bazaars and shows of all sorts tastefully decorated. The novelties, both of Europe and Asia, are collected together and exposed to view. The manufactures of India find also a conspicuous place in this circle of shows. "Wheels of Fortune" and "Lucky Dips" are sources of very great attention and amuse not only children but grown-up people.

Within the Band Stand inner circle a splendid dancing platform is erected in which European and East Indian visitors dance to the music of a Band which plays there every evening by kind permission of the Governor and the Commanding Officers of the several Regiments, European and Native, stationed at Madras. In another part, a booth is erected in which Native dancing girls go through the well known and much admired evolutions commonly called the Platt Dance.

In another part of the Park, close to the Band Stand, booths are erected for all sorts of performances, European and Native. European and Native Marionettes, the European Punch and Judy, Native acrobats from Tanjore, Travancore, &c., Native Dramatists, Jugglers, Jesters and Musicians, find places in this part of the Park and afford considerable amusement and recreation. There are also European and Native whirligigs and merry-go-rounds in different parts of the Park.

Races and sports form no insignificant part of the Fair and contribute in no small degree to the amusement of the people. These take place every afternoon during the first four days.

A gymnastic competition, open to *bona fide* school boys only is held every morning during the Fair, in the Gymnasium of the Madras Physical Training and Field Games' Association, in the Park, under the management of the Committee of that Association.

The Park is illuminated every night during the Fair; there is a grand illumination on the last night and the Fair concludes with a splendid Pyrotechnic Exhibition.

The Madras Fair is both amusing and instructive. It amuses people of all classes. It amuses children as well as grown-up people. It attracts people from all parts of the Madras Presidency. It affords innocent recreation to the people during an important festive season when all public and mercantile offices are closed. It is the only institution where people of all races and nationalities are able to gather together for the purpose of amusement and recreation.

The Madras Fair is no less instructive. Within a convenient circle, the novelties of Europe and India are concentrated and people, both in Madras and from the Mofussil, are afforded an opportunity of studying the various manufactures and trades and the development of the resources of India in particular. It creates a healthy competition among not only the different classes of tradesmen, but among acrobats, showmen, dancers, &c. It affords the European community a very good opportunity of studying native manners and habits, and it facilitates in no small degree the intercourse between Europeans and Natives.

The cost of the Madras Fair amounted, last year, to about Rupees 6,303-13-0 and it was met by voluntary subscriptions and receipts for admission of carriages and people to different reserved parts of the Park. The Governors and Commanders-in-Chief of Madras and the Maharajas of Mysore, Travancore, Cochin and Vijayanagram have always evinced great interest in the institution and testified their approval of this annual gathering and their appreciation of the exertions of the Committee by not only subscribing liberally, but by consenting to be Patrons.

Chairman for the Fair of 1886-87.—Col. H. McLeod, R.A.

Honorary Secretaries.—B. H. Chester, Esq. and P. Vijayaranga Mudaliyar, Esq.

THE NAPIER PARK.

ABDUL HAMED KHAN SAHIB, Superintendent.

Madras owes so much to the administration of Lord Napier that it is very fitting that some permanent and palpable token of the public approbation of his labors should remain in our midst, at once to stimulate succeeding Governors to walk in Lord Napier's steps, and to remind generations to come of how much the sick, the suffering and the poor must always owe to one who has initiated so great improvements in all our public charities that their effect must long continue—blessing those who are too weak or poor to help themselves. The Napier Park is such a memorial. Its very position is most fitting. Standing midway between Government House and one of the most squalid quarters of Madras, its beneficent influence will rest upon both. Its site had been for scores of years a pestiferous swamp, covered for months in each year by salt and stagnant water, the overflow of the filthy Cooum. Within was a wretched pacherri, notorious for its liability to epidemic disease, that spread from thence throughout the city. To partially remedy the evil, the Municipality made it a depot for street sweepings, so that in time its level might be

raised sufficiently to ensure its being free from water. This while amending one evil created another—placing on the borders of a dense population masses of putrescent matter that could not but be very injurious to both the water and air of the locality. This grew to be such an evil that the Sanitary Commissioner at last put a stop to the discharge of sweepings on the land. It was, however, impossible to build on such a spot and the whole remained a useless “dismal swamp.”

At present all is changed. The level has been raised by material dug from ornamental tanks. Trees of useful and beautiful kinds have been planted, and are rapidly growing to their full height. Roads and side-paths have been laid out, and in the midst a Band-stand will probably be erected. Parks are things of slow growth, and it must be years before this can be “worthy of the name it bears, a boon that cannot but greatly influence for good the whole population of Chintadrepettah and Nursingapooram.

The Park contains an area of about 18 cawnies. A great part of this was formerly the property of Government, but was generously given to the town on condition that the Municipality purchased the rest from the native owners. For this purpose the Municipality has expended several thousand rupees, and the total cost previous to the public opening will not be less than twenty thousand rupees. A new road divides the northern side from Chintadrepettah. The design and laying out the park are the work of Mr. Standish Lee, the Municipal Engineer, who deserves great credit not only for this but also for the economical but yet effectual manner in which the whole work has been performed.

As a last gift, Lord Napier has provided the whole of the funds required for erecting on the west side of the Park a handsome building for a girls' school in the Indian fashion. The cost will not be less than 6,000 rupees. It is intended to be a purely national girls' school and to lead on through carefully gained experience to some mode of teaching which will embody the best western systems while not departing from Hindu customs any more than may be necessary. It is greatly to be hoped the scheme will prove a benefit to the public while the school shall ornament the Park. This school has been opened and well attended.

ROBINSON PARK.

The Robinson Park is managed by a President (the President of the Municipality), a Secretary, and several members.

2. It has a Botanical Garden, divided into plots for the various Orders of plants, each being represented by many specimens. It is nearly circular in form, the centre being occupied by a Fountain presented to the Park by the late Pitty Moonosawmi Chetty, Esq., in commemoration of his daughter's marriage. This Garden contains a Sago palm planted by Mrs. Grant Duff. It is in charge of Mr. Wynne of the Auxiliary Medical School.

3. There is an island at the N. E. of the Park, where a large Fernery has been constructed at a cost of Rs. 1,500, presented to the Park by A. Dhannacoti Modaliar, Esq., son of the late M.R. Ry. A. Armooam Modaliar. The Fernery is reached from the road by an iron bridge having a span of 60 feet which is neatly boarded and railed with teakwood. It was opened to the public by Lady Grant Duff in the month of February 1886, and honored by a visit from Lady Dufferin.

4. The band of the 26th Regt. M. N. I., stationed at Royapooram, plays in the Park once a week (on Mondays) by the kind permission of the Commandant and Officers of the Regiment. The Park is resorted to daily by the inhabitants of North Black Town, Royapooram and Tondiarpet.

5. It contains tanks, which supply water to the grass plots yielding Rs. 4,200 annually by which the Park is kept up. The tanks are surrounded by shady trees, under which garden seats are placed for the use of visitors. There is also a Maze in the centre of which is a Watch Tower under construction. Preparations are going on to erect a Flag Staff, Band Stand and to get up Lawn Tennis grounds. Hay is also supplied by the Park on demand at the rate of Rs. 50 per ton.

MADRAS MEMORIAL HALL.

The Madras Memorial Hall was erected by public subscription as a Memorial of the goodness and forbearance of Almighty God in sparing this Presidency from partaking of the Sepoy Mutiny which devastated the sister Presidency of Bengal in the year 1857. It is governed by a Committee of Gentlemen representing the various religious bodies in Madras.

Fundamental Rules for the management of the Madras Memorial Hall.

RULE I. That the Memorial Hall be vested in the Lord Bishop of Madras for the time being as a Corporation Sole to be held by him on behalf of the Subscribers, under conditions to be specified in a formal Deed of Trust, such Deed to be drawn up under the direction of the Committee of Management in communication with the Lord Bishop.

II. That a Committee of Management be formed, consisting of representatives of the following Societies, such representatives being nominated by their respective Madras Committees:—

Bible Society, 2.	London Missionary Society, 1.
Religious Tract and Book Society, 2.	Wesleyan Missionary Society, 1.
Society for the Prop. of the Gospel, 2.	Amer. Mission Society, not represented.
Church Missionary Society, 2.	Free Church Missionary Society, 1.
Christian Knowledge Society, 2.	Church of Scotland Board of Missions, 1.
Colonial and Continental Ch. Society, 2.	Christian Ver. Education Society.

III. That the following Societies, in consideration of their having contributed to the building, shall be entitled to nominate two representatives each in the Committee of Management, the other Societies nominating one each.

Bible Society,	Church Missionary Society,
Religious Tract and Book Society,	Christian Knowledge Society,
The Society for the Prop. of the Gospel,	Colonial Church Society.

IV. That on a vacancy occurring in the Committee of Management, by the death, resignation, or departure from Madras for a period exceeding six months, of any Delegate, or from any other cause, and in the event of the Society of which he is the representative failing, within three months after the receipt of a notice from the Secretary of the Committee of Management, signifying the occurrence of such vacancy, to nominate another in his place, the Trustee of the Hall shall be empowered to fill up the vacancy by appointing a Delegate from the Committee of the Society in which the vacancy has occurred, or, in the event of all the Members of that Committee refusing to serve, from the Committee of any of the other Societies named in Article No. II.

V. That the action and constitution of the Committee of Management shall not be impeded or vitiated by the neglect or refusal of any of the said Societies to nominate a Delegate or Delegates.

VI. That in the event of the Committee of Management having from any cause become extinct, it shall be the duty of the Trustee of the Building to call on the several Committees referred to in Article No. II, to supply the vacancies, and in the case of their refusal to do so, to adopt the course laid down at the close of Article No. IV.

VII. That in the event of all the Committees refusing to delegate any Members of their body, and no Members of the several Committees named being found willing to serve on the Committee of Management, then it shall be lawful for the Trustee to allow the building to be used in the manner and for the purposes laid down in Articles Nos. VIII, IX and X, and to discharge all the other duties devolving on the Committee of Management as laid down in these Rules, and in the Trust Deed, until another Committee can be formed in accordance with Article II.

VIII. That the Hall shall be available for the Public Meetings of the Religious Societies named in Article No. II, and of such other Religious Societies as the Committee of Management shall approve.

IX. (1) That the Societies named in the Trust Deed be allowed the use of the Hall free of charge for rent, provided that when a charge for admission or a collection is made, a fee of Rs. 10, be paid for each evening.

(2) That all other Religious Societies obtaining the use of the Hall shall pay Rs. 10, provided that when a charge for admission or a collection is made, Rs. 20 be paid.

(3) That all other parties requiring the use of the Hall for any purpose approved by the Committee of Management, shall pay Rs. 15, provided that, when a charge for admission or a collection is made, Rs. 25 be paid.

(4) That in all cases where the Hall is required by any of the Societies or parties already referred to, during the business hours of the Bible Society, a special fee be charged, viz., Rs. 15 per day, or Rs. 10 from midday to 5 p.m., this fee being distinct from any fee paid in accordance with the terms of this Rule for the use of the Hall in the evening.

(5) That in all cases the Societies or parties using the Hall shall pay the expenses connected with lighting and attendance.

(6) That in the case of visitors from other parts of India or elsewhere, the Committee of Management shall be at liberty to grant the use of the Hall for the purpose of a religious lecture or address, either free of charge, or in accordance with the rate of payment fixed in Section 1 or 2.

(7) That so long as the Bible Society occupies the premises it shall be permitted to use the Hall for Public Meetings free of charge.

X. That subject to the approval of the Committee of Management in each case, the Hall shall be available for Religious, Educational, Charitable and Scientific purposes, and for such other objects not being included under the above terms, as may be pronounced by the Committee of Management to be not inconsistent with the design of its erection, viz., to the Glory of God, and as a memorial of His goodness in exempting this Presidency from the Mutiny of 1857. Provided nevertheless that it may be distinctly understood, that among the objects left to the discretion of the Committee of Management are not included balls, concerts, theatrical exhibitions and such like entertainments as have the character of mere worldly amusements.

XI. That the Committee of Management shall be authorized to receive the sums obtained on account of the Hall, and to apply them in defraying the expenses incurred on account of servants, assessment, repairs, &c.

XII. That the Committee of Management shall publish every year a statement of money received and expended on account of the Hall.

XIII. That the Committee of Management shall appoint one of their number to be their Secretary and Treasurer, and that 5 Members shall form a quorum.

XIV. That these Rules shall be regarded as *Fundamental*, and that therefore it shall not be competent, at any time, to the Committee of Management, or to the Trustee or to any other person, to introduce any alteration or addition in them inconsistent with their spirit, principle or scope.

S. W. ORGANE, *Secretary*.

PRAYER AND READING HALL, NEW TOWN.

(Foundation laid 22nd October 1866 and opened 12th October 1867.)

COMMITTEE.—Mr. Robert D'Sylva, Mr. James Sansman, Mr. A. T. Scott, Mr. A. D'Jordan, Mr. R. A. Harman, Mr. J. C. Cox, A. D. Stewart, Mr. B. H. Chester, *Chairman*; Mr. Joseph Robert Fewkes, *Secretary*.

The above Hall was built by voluntary contributions, and for a four-fold object, namely, 1st, for Weekly Prayer Meetings; 2nd, for Lectures; 3rd, as a Reading Room; and 4th, for Tamil-preaching on the Sabbath and week days.

A Ragged Sunday School consisting of 200 children is held in this Hall, where they are taught the vital truths of the Gospel, and a plain meal of curry and rice is given before dismissing them.

A breakfast is given in this place every Sunday morning to about 100 of the deserving poor, in connection with the Dorcas Society. Mr. J. C. Cox and Mr. J. R. Fewkes hold services amongst these poor every Sunday, morning and evening.

The choir who help in the singing is composed of girls and boys of the Ragged Sunday School.

An Industrial School was established on the 8th March 1886 where the children are taught elementary education and needle-work. They receive a meal every day.

The work of this Institution is entirely undenominational, and the Committee consists of representatives of the different Protestant Churches.

Monthly subscriptions towards the Ragged Sunday School and Industrial School are earnestly solicited.

The smallest sum will be thankfully acknowledged.

Cast-off clothing, or a piece of check, or other cloth, will be very thankfully received and acknowledged by the *Secretary*.

NEW TOWN CHURCH OF ENGLAND INSTITUTE.

Open daily from 5 to 9 P.M., and on Saturdays and all public holidays from 7 A.M. to 9 P.M.

Secretary and Treasurer.—Mr. G. E. Patton.

Care-taker.—Mr. D. Mills.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

President.—The Joint Chaplains of Vepery. The *Secretary and Treasurer* of the Vepery Branch, C. E. T. S., Messrs. J. Macrae, S. P. D'Sylva, G. Trotter, W. Patton, J. Greene, C. J. N. Ellis, and J. Sator.

The Institute is open to all on payment of Four Annas a month; it has the old New Town Library, and provides Newspapers and Games. There is a Temperance Refreshment Room in connection with it, at which Coffee, Tea, &c., are sold to all comers at moderate prices.

ROYAPETTAH LIBRARY AND READING ROOM.

This Institution, started in August 1881, is open to all classes of people. The list of subscribers has greatly swelled since the library was started and residents of all parts of the town avail themselves of the advantages derivable from such a valuable Institution. The demand for admission is apparently due to the low rate of subscription which is fixed at 4 annas only per month, besides a donation of 8 annas required from members when first joining.

(2) The library now contains nearly 900 volumes of the best works, including religious, biographical and historical works, novels and tales, magazines, &c., &c. The Government have been pleased to include the library among Societies receiving Government publications. Besides the opportunity afforded to subscribers of taking out books on loan, there is a circulation of current literature in the shape of newspapers and

Magazines received direct from England, altogether very valuable and interesting. The circulating and lending library work is managed by the Honorary Secretary with an Assistant. Applications for admission to be addressed to the former. Subscribers joining at the beginning of the year have the advantage of starting with opening chapters of serial tales in Magazines circulated. Copies of Rules of Library with printed catalogues of Books may also be had of the Hon. Secretary.

(3) A contribution of 50 books, or upwards, (subject to scrutiny) entitles the donor to become a *free* subscriber, with all the privileges of a *paying* subscriber. In the event however of the closing of the library—and under no circumstances till then—the books will be returned to the donor, or his representatives, in the state they are in at the time.—*Vide* note appended to the Library Rules.

(4) The Library is located in the Catholic School Rooms, Peter's Road, Royapettah.

THE HINDU EXCELSIOR READING ROOM.

15, VARATHAMUTHEAPPEN STREET,

Black Town, Madras.

This Reading Room was established on the 1st June 1882, for the moral, mental, social and physical improvement of its Members. These objects are carried out by the institution of a Reading Room, a Dialectic Union, and a Games Club.

The Reading Room now subscribes for not less than 20 Newspapers and Periodicals, Foreign and Indian. The Dialectic Branch holds its meetings weekly for discussion on moral, social, political and literary topics, the last week of the month being allotted for essay reading.

The Games Branch provides for the Members to play at Lawn Tennis, Badminton, Croquet, Billiards, Bagatelle, Chess, Draughts, Bagammon, &c.

The Room which was started with half a dozen Members, at present has nearly 90 Members on the Roll, which fact bears ample testimony to the increasing appreciation by the public of the advantages conferred by the Room on the Public in general and the Members in particular.

It recognises three classes of Members, the Special, the Ordinary and the Mofussil. The Special Members will have to pay a monthly subscription of Rupee one, and the Ordinary Members, Annas four in the least and the Mofussil Members, an annual subscription of Rs. 1-4-0. The Special Members have the additional privilege of the papers being circulated to them.

Applications to be accompanied with an entrance fee of Annas 4 and one month's subscription in advance and in case of Mofussil Members half year's subscription.

The Room is opened daily from 6 to 10 A.M. and 5 to 8 P.M., and on Sundays from 6 A.M. to 8 P.M.

THE MYLAPORE ATHENÆUM READING ROOM, LIBRARY AND DEBATING SOCIETY.

Secretary.—S. Gopalaswami Aiyengar, B.A.

Treasurer.—S. Ramasamy Iyer, B.A.

Librarian.—P. Thungavelu Moodelliar.

1. That the Association shall be styled "THE MYLAPORE ATHENÆUM."
2. That the objects of the Association shall be, to discuss questions of public interest, with a view to take, whenever necessary, any measures calculated to promote such interests, and to provide the members with journals, periodicals and books and such means of recreation as funds may permit.

MADRAS MUHAMMADAN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

PATRON.—Surgeon-General E. G. Balfour, L.R.C.S.E.

CHAIRMAN OF THE LIBRARY.—Honorable Mir Humayun Jah Bahadoor, C.I.E.

THE MANAGING COMMITTEE.—*President*, Muhammad Mahmud Khan Bahadoor. *Members*, Gulam Abdul-Khader Sahab Br., Dr. Haji Syed Mohidin Sharif Khan Br., Ahmad Mohiuddin Khan Br., Sharfud Dowlah Br., Rev. E. Sell, B.D., Haji Abdur Rahman Allarakha Sajjan Sait Sahab, Muhammad Abdul Wahab Sahab Br., Muhammad Shareef Sahib Br., Munshi Mir Muhammad Ali Sahab Kirmani. *Auditor*, Azam Husain Sahab Br. *Hon. Secretary*, Maulvi Haji Ahmad Ali Sahab.

This Library was established in the year 1850, in accordance with a proposal made by E. G. Balfour, Esq., and by means of the liberal assistance of the Government of Madras, the late Nabob of the Carnatic and the Mahommedan community generally. Subscribers may take away 2 books at a time for a month. Donation (only at beginning) is one rupee and annual subscription 3 rupees. Non-Subscribers may come to the Institution and peruse any books they may choose there, but no non-subscriber allowed to take any book of the Library.

There are 1,500 books of Hindustani, Persian, Arabic and Turkish languages, and about 500 of English. The Library is aided by Government with Rs. 35 a month and has besides an income of Rs. 22 from the landed property belonging to it 60 subscribers; income per month as subscription to this Library is Rs. 15.

AHMAD ALI SAHEB, *Hony. Secy. to the Library.*

FRIEND-IN-NEED SOCIETY.

(Supported by voluntary Contributions and a Government Grant of 50 per cent. thereon.)

PRESIDENT—H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S.

The objects of the Society are the Relief of the Poor and the Suppression of Mendicancy, the subjects of the Charity being Europeans and East Indians of all denominations.

The Society's Home in the Poonamallee Road affords an asylum for the aged, infirm, and destitute; its labour-yard provides a test for able-bodied male mendicants, and poor women are employed at the Women's Workshops, Mount Road, Egmore and St. Thome, where plain needle-work of all kinds is neatly and cheaply executed.

Pensions and casual relief are granted in cases considered fitter for Out-door than for In-door relief.

To ensure proper relief in all cases, and the detection and exposure of imposture, Madras is divided into seven districts managed by local Committees who carefully investigate all applications.

This is the oldest Charitable Institution in Madras, and, by supporting it, the public obviate the necessity for a Poor Rate which would prove a far heavier tax.

All subscribers are *ipso facto* Members of the Society; as such they are requested to exercise their right of referring to the Society all applicants for relief; and, in the case of beggars, to make use of the Society's mendicity tickets.

In 1860 this Society and the Monegar Choultry each received through Government the sum of Rs. 5,846, a bequest by the late Mr. John Wyllie, of the Madras Medical Establishment, to the poor of Madras. In 1868, the large sum of Rs. 18,025, being a second bequest by Dr. Wyllie, was also placed at the disposal of the Society. "Wyllie's Fund," thus formed, has from time to time been treasured upon by the exigencies of the Society until exhausted. The Friend-in-Need is not an endowed Charity, its only permanent investment being "Coleman's Fund," a sum of Rs. 10,000 contributed in 1877 by the late Hon'ble J. G. Coleman, an example which has not since found imitators.

The Government have promised an Annual Grant of Rs. 12,000 provided the public will, by subscribing Rs. 21,000 per annum, place the Society in a position effectually to carry out the objects for which it was founded.

Subscriptions and donations may be paid to the Treasurers, Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., or to

H. McLEOD, Colonel, R.A., *Honorary Secretary,*

Inspector-General of Ordnance, Fort.

COMMITTEE.

H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S.—*President.*

Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.—*Treasurers.*

Colonel H. McLeod, R.A.—*Hony. Secretary.*

Members of the General Committee not attached to the Local Committees.

H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S.	The Hon'ble H. H. Shephard.
The Right Rev. Dr. J. Reed daSilva.	Dr. J. R. Henderson.
Colonel H. McLeod, R.A.	Mr. C. E. Phipps.
Mr. F. Rowlandson.	Mr. C. W. Parr.

Local Committees.

SAINT THOME.

The Very Rev. J. B. Gonsalves.	Rev. A. Taylor.
Mr. Donald Calder.	Mr. B. Periera.

Mr. A. Barren, *Paymaster.*

MOUNT ROAD.

Mr. J. W. Handley.	Mr. A. W. D. Oakes.	Rev. R. B. Feast.
Dr. G. Oppert.	Rev. M. A. O'Carroll.	Mr. J. W. Cumine, <i>Paymaster.</i>

VEPERY.

Rev. J. Allen.	Mr. C. M. Barrow.	Mr. R. Hill.
" D. W. Kidd.	" B. H. Chester.	" W. Marcar.
Captain Rowland.	" T. A. Doyle.	" E. A. D'Rozario.
Rev. W. H. Hobart.	" B. Lavery.	" T. E. King, <i>Paymaster.</i>

EGMORE.

Rev. James N. Ogilvie.	Mr. James Gray.	Mr. G. Maddox.
" M. F. Noronha.	" C. Michie Smith.	" E. C. W. Scawen, <i>Paymaster.</i>
Mr. J. T. Greatorex		

SOUTH BLACK TOWN.

The Very Rev. T. Mayer.	Rev. R. P. Burnett.	Mr. E. J. Shelford.
Rev. J. W. Foley.	Mr. James Cronau.	" C. R. Daily, <i>Paymaster.</i>
" E. M. Angelo.	" S. B. Wiltshire.	

NORTH BLACK TOWN.

Rev. T. D. Doyle.	Mr. J. L. Pinto.	Mr. C. T. Leslie.
" T. B. D'Quandros.	" J. D'Santos.	" E. A. S. Nicholas, <i>Paymaster.</i>
Mr. C. S. Nicholas.		

ROYAPOORAM.

Rev. G. Milne Rae	Mr. J. Peddie.	Mr. S. D. Simpson.
Mr. S. Hall.	" C. Stolberg.	" B. Tavagram, <i>Paymaster.</i>

ST. THOME WORKSHOP.

COMMITTEE.

Patroness—Miss Gell.

Mrs. Frank Browne.	Mrs. William Morgan.	Mrs. Thomas.
" Charles Benson.	" Price.	" Arthur Taylor.
" Firth.	" Porter.	Miss Morphet, <i>Hony. Secretary and Treasurer.</i>
" Willie Grant.		

WOMEN'S WORKSHOP, MOUNT ROAD.

COMMITTEE.

Patroness—Lady Susan Bourke.

Mrs. Donald, <i>Secretary.</i>	Mrs. Grose, <i>Treasurer.</i>	Mrs. Ross Johnson.
" Douglas.	" Handley.	" J. Macdonald Smith.
" Finch.	" Hazlett.	" Simpson, <i>Superintendent.</i>
" Fortune.	" Johnson.	

THE EGMORE WOMEN'S WORKSHOP.

COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Crombie, <i>Hony. Treas.</i>	Mrs. Gunning.	Mrs. Sowdon.
" Brockman, <i>Hony. Secy.</i>	" Goldsmith.	" Douglas Grant.
" Pogson.	" Grove.	" Kidd.
" Fortune.	" Turnbull.	" Janes, <i>Superintendent.</i>
" McMillan.		

MONEGAR CHOULTRY.

DIRECTORS FOR 1888.

The Hon'ble C. G. Master, C.S.I.; C. V. Cunniah Chetty; Sir Savalai Ramasawmy Moodelly, Knight, C.I.E.; V. Kistnamacharry; Hon. Mir Humayoon Jah Bahadur, C.I.E.; District Engineer, Presidency; Commissioner of Police; P. Somasundrum Chetty; President of the Madras Municipal Commission; P. Vijiarangum Moodelliar; Dewan Bahadur P. Streenevassa Row; Surgeon 1st District, Presidency; Mahomed Mohmud Saheb; Rajah T. Rama Row Pantulu; R. C. Walker, Esq.; T. Ramachendra Row; N. Ramalinga Pillay; T. Appasawmy Chettiar; Gopathi Mahathaya Chettiar; C. Etherajooloo Naidoo; Meer Ansurideen Saib; H. B. Grigg, Esq.; Rai Bahadur A. Dhancooty Moodelly; Abdul Ghani Khan Bahadur; W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.; G. Coopooasawmy Naidu; Khan Bahadur Badsha Sahib; Dr. Mohideen Sheriff Khan Bahadur; B. Lavery, Esq.; C. Singaravali Mudaliar; P. Macfadyen, Esq.; G. G. Arbuthnot, Esq.; Hon'ble S. Soobramania Iyer; P. Theagaraya Chettiar; P. Moorogasem Moodelliar; P. V. Manicka Mudaliar; G. D. Coleman, Esq.; J. A. Ruppell, Esq.

The MONEGAR CHOULTRY is an Institution which affords shelter, food and raiment to the Native poor, lame, halt and blind of Madras, without reference to caste. The Institution is supported by public contributions aided largely by the Government. The

management is placed under the supervision of a Committee selected annually by Government, from amongst the European and Native gentlemen of Madras.

In its early days large contributions were made by Lord William Bentinck, Colonel Martinz, Mr. D'Monte and Pollium Arnachellum Chetty. The nature of the Institution having been explained to His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic, he munificently agreed to subscribe 300 Pagodas a year, which sum is still continued.

In 1868, Sir Stafford Northcote kindly remitted a sum of money through Lord Napier to be distributed amongst the Charitable Institutions at Madras. His Lordship kindly sent the sum of 1,000 rupees to the Directors. Two wards, Male and Female, have been furnished with bedding for 25 Patients, and are called "NORTHCOLE SURGICAL AND MEDICAL WARDS." The Hospital is called the Monegar Choultry Hospital. The following is the staff connected with the above:—

Surgeon-Major D. R. Thompson, M.D., C.I.E., Surgeon, 1st District.
Mr. S. J. Parthasarathy Iyer, Apothecary in charge.
Narainaswamy Naidu, 1st Class Hospital Assistant.
Sigamoney Pillay, 1st Class Hospital Assistant.

The late Doctor Wyllie, C.B., of the Madras Medical Establishment, bequeathed the sum of 18,025 rupees for the poor of this Institution.

Lord Napier has kindly furnished bedding for 11 Patients, which is called the "NAPIER WARD." His Lordship, with the late Honorable R. S. Ellis, has also undertaken liberally to build a School-room to educate the Foundlings, the children of the Paupers in the Institution, and the poorer children in and about the neighbourhood. The number attending school is 15.

The Honorable Gajapathi Rau has kindly contributed 1,000 rupees, which was applied for furnishing a Ward for 8 Patients, and which Ward has been designated as that of the family of "STEELE GODAYS." This contribution is in addition to 400 rupees annually granted by this charitable Native gentleman.

The Maharajah of Vizianagrum has also lately very liberally placed the sum of 10,000 rupees at the disposal of the Directors for the erection of a Ward, for Bed-ridden Paupers. The Ward contains accommodation for 20 beds, and is designated after the name of the Maharajah.

The Zemindar of Kalahastri very kindly sent a donation of 2,000 rupees after visiting the Institution, as indicative of his satisfaction and good-will towards the charity.

During the late famine some 80,000 and more were fed, clothed and when sick attended to; the daily number maintained in the several branches of this Institution at present is 300, viz., Infirmary, Alms Houses, Bed-ridden and Incurable Disease Wards, and Foundling Asylum.

In the year 1867 the late M. Venkataswamy Naidoo left a legacy of 29,000 rupees to the Institution, which sum is invested in Govt. Securities and the interest goes to the General Fund. The late Rev. J. Bilderbeck also left a legacy of 1,000 rupees.

In the year 1867, the Venkatagerry Rajah built a Choultry to the east of the Monegar Choultry, which cost about 9,400 rupees, in which 70 Paupers are fed daily and clothed, besides 108 out-door poor receive 2 ollocks of raw-rice per diem. The Rajah has forwarded to the Directors the sum of one lac, the interest of which is to support this Institution.

SIR RAMASAWMY MUDALIAR LYING-IN-HOSPITAL.

Built by Sir Savalai Ramasamy Moodely Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., one of the Directors. There are 16 beds which are never empty, even here caste prejudice is respected as there are separate wards for caste and non-caste patients. Batta to patients are given, for which a sum of Rs. 25 from Government and an equal sum from Sir Savalai Ramasamy Moodely Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., are received.

This addition has supplied a want long felt in this part of the Town, as it is well known that before the establishment of this Hospital several cases proved fatal just for want of timely advice and assistance.

In connection with the above Institution a Surgery and a new ward have been added in commemoration of the Jubilee.

The following is the staff connected with the above Hospital:—

Dr. D. R. Thompson, C.I.E., Surgeon, 1st District.
Mr. F. A. Wynne, Apothecary in charge.
G. Venkataswamy Naidu, Hospital Assistant.
Mrs. E. Kelly, Matron.

The Executive Committee of the Choultry is composed of the following gentlemen:—*Secretary and Treasurer*, G. D. Coleman, Esq., (on leave to Europe).

Ag. Secy. & Treas., G. A. Ruppell, Esq., Sir Savalai Ramasamy Moodely, Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., T. Ramachandra Row, P. Vijayarungum Moodelliar, C. Etherajooloo Naidoo.

The two visitors for the month, and the Surgeon, 1st District, *ex-officio* Members.

The smallest contributions will be thankfully received by G. A. Ruppell, Esq., the Acting Treasurer of this useful Institution.

J. R. FEWKES,
Superintendent.

MAGDALEN ASYLUM.

Mrs. Firth, *Honorary Secretary*.—St. Thomé.

Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.—*Treasurers*.

This Institution was established in the year 1850, to afford a refuge and temporary home to such fallen women of European and East Indian parentage, as may desire to seek shelter within its walls, and who are anxious to be helped to earn a livelihood.

No restraint whatever is used, beyond the attractive influences of Christian sympathy and kindness: the inmates are as free to leave as they were to come, the object being not to make it a Penitentiary, but a Christian Home.

EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

R. W. Barlow, Esq., C.S. Protector.
G. Soobiah Chetty Head Writer and Interpreter.
Surg-Major D. R. Thompson, M.D., C.I.E. Medical Inspector of Emigrants.
C. G. Conran, Esq., M.D. Agent and Medl. Officer, Mauritius Agency.
Messrs. Parry & Co. Agents, Natal Agency.
Brigade-Surgeon S. B. Hunt, M.D. Medical Officer, Natal Agency.
C. H. Rowland, Esq. Government Emigration Surveyor.
G. Soobiah Chetty Straits Settlements Emigration Agent.

PONDICHERY EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

Colonel Bowness Fischer, M.S.C. British Consular Agent, Pondicherry and Karikal, and Commissioner for the Straits Settlements Emigration.
S. Moothookrishna Iyer Head Quarters' Clerk.
Captain J. H. Dennison Emigration Agent, Negapatam.
Mr. F. Theodore Do. do. Porto Novo.
T. Appasawmy Iyer Do. do. Karikal.

THE MADRAS WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND,

ESTABLISHED 1ST MARCH 1831.

Vested Capital in Government Securities on 31st December 1897, Rs. 12,90,821.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS (1887).—E. A. D'Rozario, Esq., W. Parr, Esq., W. H. Johnstone, Esq., Jas. Cronan, Esq., T. G. Fouceca, Esq., W. Fernier, Esq., J. L. Pinto, Esq., T. T. Jones, Esq., A. W. Saalfelt, Esq., R. C. Thomas, Esq., B. Loverly, Esq., and S. D. Simpson, Esq. TRUSTEES—Dr. C. G. Conran, J. T. Greatorex, Esq., and C. Hall, Esq. BANKERS—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co. SECRETARY and TREASURER—W. Jennings, Esq. ACCOUNTANT—Mr. G. Johnson.

The object of this Fund is to afford relief to the widows and orphans of Subscribers who may contribute to its support. It consists of two branches, viz., a Widows' Branch and a Children's Branch. The benefits of the former are secured by the payment of a donation (regulated according to classes), and a monthly subscription for which the widow will enjoy a minimum pension of not less than three times the initial rate of subscription varying to a maximum of six times according to the relative number of Subscribers to Incumbents. In the Children's Branch a monthly subscription on account of each child and a donation equal to twelve months' subscription, will secure a pension equal to four times the amount of that subscription until the age of 18 to boys, and 21 to girls.

This has been increased at the annual meeting of the 4th February 1862, by 50 per cent. to all orphans who may lose both parents from that date.

N.B.—All particulars in respect of the Fund can be obtained on application to the Secretary at the Office, No. 133, Armenian Street, nearly opposite to Messrs. Binny and Co.'s, Madras.

GOVERNMENT WORKHOUSE, ROYAPOORAM.

No. 24, MAIN ROAD, ROYAPOORAM.

PRESIDENT.—Colonel T. Weldon. MEMBERS.—Capt. T. E. Marshall; F. B. Hanna, Esq.; E. Barclay, Esq.; Dr. Thompson, M.D., C.I.E.; Chaplain; North Black Town; S. D. Simpson, Esq., Ag. Dy. Commissioner. The Rev. T. D. Doyle attends the House weekly to impart religious instruction to Roman Catholic inmates. *Governor*.—Mr. H. Ballantyne.

The Government Workhouse was established under Act XXI of 1869, now Act IX of 1874.

The existing rules of the present Establishment are published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of 9th March 1871, and additional Bye-laws passed 29th April 1878.

Committee day—last Thursday in the month.

Industries.—The extraction of fibre from the cocoanut husk and mat-making are carried on by the inmates.

SOUTH INDIAN BRANCH OF THE BRITISH MEDICAL ASSOCIATION.

RECOGNISED 1881.

President..... Surg.-General G. Bidie, M.B., F.M.C., C.I.E.
 Vice-President... Surg.-Major E. F. Drake-Brockman, F.R.C.S., F.M.C.
 Hon'y. Treasurer... Surg.-Major C. J. McNally, M.D., F.M.C., (on sick leave).
 Ag. do. Brigade-Surgeon C. Sibthorpe, F.R.C.P., F.M.C.
 Hon'y. Secretary... Surg.-Major H. Allison, M.D.

COMMITTEE.

Brigade-Surgeon C. Sibthorpe, F.R.C.P., F.M.C. | Surgeon-Major H. W. A. Mackinnon, D.S.O.
 Do. S. B. Hunt. | Do. A. M. Branfoot, M.D., F.M.C.
 Surgeon D. F. Dymott, M.B.

PROVISIONAL MEMBERS.

Surg.-Major, A. L. Hackett | H. Leslie Ansted, Esq., Staff of Madras Railway.

Representative Member in General Council.

Surg.-General W. R. Cornish, Retd., F.R.C.S., F.M.C., C.I.E., Q.M.P.

* MADRAS MEDICAL COLLEGE ASSOCIATION.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

President.—Brigade Surgeon James Keess, M.D., M.R.C.P.L.
 Editor.—Surgeon H. A. F. Nailer, M.D.
 Vice-President.—M. Srinivasa Rao, Esq., M.A.
 Secretary.—N. Subramanyam Aiyar, Esq., M.A.
 Treasurer.—A. M. Masilamani Mudaliyar, Esq.

Messrs. M. C. Kuman.
 G. L. Phillips.
 R. Sivalingam Pillai.
 W. R. Arasathnam.
 A. Mohamed.

Messrs. A. Y. Narayana Aiyar.
 J. J. Srinivasagam, B.A.
 Thirumudi Swami Pillai.
 Y. Venkitta Ranga Chari.

Organization.

This society was organized in December 1885 in the manner of literary societies with the object of having addresses read and debates conducted on medical and allied topics. Towards the end of April 1886 it was thought desirable to extend the scope of the Association and to conduct a Monthly Medical Journal with the following objects:—

1. To benefit by the knowledge of experience of present and especially of past students of the College.
2. To register cases of interest in the local hospitals and elsewhere.
3. To stimulate original inquiry and research.
4. To awaken a greater degree of professional interest.
5. To jealously guard the professional interests of medical men in general, and of the Association in particular, and
6. To register the fortnightly meetings of the Association and to publish the papers read as far as advisable.

THE EURASIAN AND ANGLO-INDIAN ASSOCIATION OF SOUTHERN INDIA

Was formed on the 7th October 1879, at a very large meeting in the Memorial Hall, presided over by Sir Charles Turner, Kt., C.I.E., late Chief Justice of Madras.

Patrons.—His Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, H. H. The Maharajah of Mysore, H. E. the Right Honourable Sir Mount Stuart Elphinstone Grant Duff, The Right Honourable Lord Connamara.

Vice Patrons.—H. E. Sir Neville Chamberlain, The Hon'ble D. F. Carmichael, The Hon'ble Sir C. A. Turner, The Hon'ble J. Kernan, The Right Rev. Frederick Gell, The Ven'ble C. R. Drury, R. K. Puckle, Esq., H. S. Thomas, Esq., The Hon'ble C. G. Master, A. C. Tupp, Esq., J. H. Garstin, Esq., H. G. Turner, Esq., Col. J. H. M. Shaw-Stewart, Col. C. S. Hearn, The Rev. A. C. Taylor; The Hon'ble Rajah G. N. Gajapati Row, The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, H. B. Grigg, Esq.

Donors.—J. H. Spring-Branson, Esq., The Revs. S. Morley, E. Sell; S. W. Organe, Brig.-Genl. H. O'Connell, The Hon'ble W. Huddleston and George Hammett, Esq.

Life Members.—G. P. Johnstone, Esq., B. Lavery, Esq., W. M. Scharlieb, Esq., C. R. Ferguson, Esq., P. Daly, Esq.

President.—D. S. White, Esq.

Vice-Presidents.—Messrs. J. Gray, E. S. Dunhill, B. Lavery, C. W. Parr, B. H. Chester, G. Maddox, J. R. Upshon, S. W. Gantz, Ed. H. Elliot, and Dr. S. Wells.

Secretary.—Mr. T. P. L. Joseph.

Provisional Vice-Presidents.—Messrs. J. Tallent, (Dr.) R. Wilkins, A. Barron, J. Higginbotham, Jas. Carr, E. L. Millett, W. Fernier, J. Short, Fred Rodgers and Revd. A. Taylor.

Infusil Associations.—Arkonam, Bellary, Burmah, Coconadu (Godavery), Coimbatore, Cuddapah, The Deccan, Erode, Gooty, Hosur, Jalapett, Katpadi, Kamptec, Kondipuram,

* Up to the time of going to Press, the proof of the above had not been received.

Kurnool, Mysore (Bangalore), Negapatam, Combaconum, Tanjore, Pothanore, Poonamallee, Raichore, Rajahmundry, Rajputana, Saint Thomas' Mount, Salem, Sooramangalum, Trichinopoly, Tripatore, Vellore, Vizagapatam, Western Coast and Whitefield.

The aim and object of the Association is to promote the political, social, moral and intellectual advancement of members and of others eligible for membership. All Eurasians and Domiciled Europeans (Anglo-Indians) are entitled to admission. And Honorary members may also be admitted. The terms for members, male and female, are an optional subscription. Wives of members are admitted free. Honorary members are admitted on payment of Rs. 25. The government, and control of the Association are entrusted to a council consisting of a maximum of 150 members, and its executive work is carried on by a cabinet which consists of members for the following departments:—

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 1. Educational. | 6. Provident or Family Fund. | 11. Paper management. |
| 2. Apprenticing. | 7. Industrial. | 12. Press management. |
| 3. Building. | 8. Labor. | 13. Membership. |
| 4. Accounts. | 9. Agricultural. | 14. Editorial and Political. |
| 5. Economical. | 10. Financial. | 15. District meetings. |

SELF HELP is the motto of the Association, and though it accepts purely voluntary donations, it applies for funds to Eurasians and Domiciled Europeans only. The Association possesses capital, and nearly 1,500 acres of land near Bangalore, generously granted by H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore, on which European villages have been planted. The Association further publishes a Journal of useful information entitled *The Eastern Guardian*. A Guide to the villages has also been published, showing the present and new industries open to Eurasians and Anglo-Indians, and it proves beyond doubt that colonization in India by Eurasians and Anglo-Indians is perfectly feasible. The Association has held eight Anniversaries on the 7th of October (inauguration day) at the People's Park, when Reports were read and Addresses delivered. It is reckoned that about 30,000 people attend.

THE MADRAS GRADUATES' ASSOCIATION.

ESTABLISHED 1885.

The object of this Association is education by (a) considering all important questions that may come up before the University of Madras, and submitting the views entertained thereon by the Association to the University Authorities; (b) reviewing from time to time the state of education in the country, and submitting to the proper authorities suggestions for removing defects or effecting improvements; (c) furthering the interests of aided education in the Presidency, and stimulating the growth of local enterprise and effort for the promotion of education; (d) using every means in its power for placing female education on a sound and progressive basis; (e) examining the text books in use in Schools and Colleges and pronouncing on their fitness or unfitness, and endeavouring to bring out suitable books for use in Primary and Middle schools, especially in the Vernacular languages; (f) arranging for the delivery of lectures on Scientific, Historical and other subjects, and forming a Library and Reading-room in connection with the Association.

President.—Hon'ble Mr. Justice T. Muthuswami Iyer, B.L., C.I.E.

Vice-Presidents.—Rai Bahadur P. Ranganada Mudaliyar, M.A., The Hon'ble S. Subramanni Iyer, B.L.

Secretary.—Mr. K. P. Sankara Menon, B.A., B.L. | Treasurer.—Mr. K. Balaji Row.

Members of the Council of Education.

- | | |
|---|--|
| Mr. P. Anunda Charlu, B.L. | Mr. T. Sundra Row, B.A. |
| " T. V. Anantan Nair, B.A., B.L. | " C. Ramachandra Row Sahib, B.A. |
| " T. P. Kodandaramier, B.A. | " S. Rangiah Chetty, B.A. |
| " V. Bhaskyam Iyengar, B.A., B.L. | " N. Ramaswami Sarma, M.A. |
| " Ben. H. Chester, M.A. | " C. Chandrasekharan, B.A. |
| " E. H. Elliot, B.A. | " T. N. Ramachandrier, B.A. |
| " Dr. H. Rangappa, M.D. | " T. R. Ramanatha Iyer, B.A. |
| " T. Gopalan Nair, B.A., B.L. | " V. Raghava Chari, B.A. |
| " W. Grant, B.L. | " R. Venkatasubba Row, B.A., B.L. |
| " P. S. Ganapathi Iyer, B.A. | " R. S. Sivaswamy Iyer, B.A., B.L. |
| " Dr. Dhanakoti Raju. | " M. Seshagiri Sastri, M.A. |
| " M. Jagarow Pillay, B.A., B.L. | " G. Subramaniya Iyer, B.A. |
| " N. Jesudasan Pillay, M.A., M.D. | " S. Srinivasaraghava Iyengar, B.A. |
| " P. V. Krishnaswami Chetty, B.A., B.L. | " K. V. Srinivasa Iyer, B.A. |
| " Muhammed Azim Khan, B.A. | " N. Subramaniam, B.L., B.A., Barr-at-Law. |
| " G. Maddox, B.A. | " R. S. Sivasankara Pandiah, B.A. |
| " S. Mangeshkar Row, B.A. | " C. Sadkarani Nair, B.A., B.L. |
| " C. Nanniah Chetty, B.A., B.L. | " K. Subramanni Iyer, B.A. |
| " M. O. Parthasarathy Iyengar, M.A., M.L. | " M. Srinivasa Row, B.A., B.L. |
| " Hon'ble T. Rama Row, B.A., B.L. | " P. Thyagaraja Chetty, B.A. |
| " S. Ramaswami Mudaliyar, M.A., B.L. | " M. Viraraghava Chariar, B.A. |
| " Hormusjee Nowgjee, B.L.E. | |

THE MADRAS MAHAJANA SABHA.

Established in 1884.

FOR PROMOTING THE INTERESTS OF THE PEOPLE OF THIS COUNTRY.

LIST OF OFFICE BEARERS, 1886-87.

President.—M.R.Ry. P. Rungiah Naidoo Garu.

Vice-Presidents.

Hon'ble S. Subramania Iyer Avergal, B.L.	M.R.Ry. P. Kotasawmy Devar Avergal.
M.R.Ry. P. Somasundram Chettiar Avgl.	" A. Sabapathy Mudaliar Avergal.
" P. Ramasawmy Mudr Avgl., C.I.E.	" C. Ramachendra Row Sahib Avl.
" R. Balali Row Avergal, B.L.	" Jaga Row Pillay Avergal. B.L.

Members of the Committee.

Dr. S. Palney Andry.	M.R.Ry. Gulam Dastagir Sahab Avergal.
M.R.Ry. P. Gurumurthy Iyer Avgl., B.L.	" C. Singaravelu Mudaliar Avergal.
" G. Mahadeva Chettiar Avergal.	" A. Balakrishna Mudaliar Avergal.
" C. Ethirajulu Naidu Garu.	" T. V. Seshagiri Iyer Avgl., B.A., B.L.
" G. Subramania Iyer Avergal, B.A.	" P. Sivasawmy Iyer Avergal, B.A., B.L.
" K. P. Sankara Menon Avergal, B.A., B.L.	" P. Subramania Iyer Avergal.
" C. Sankara Nair Avergal, B.A., B.L.	" P. V. Krishnasawmy Chettiar Avgl., B.A., B.L.
" S. Ramasawmy Mudaliar Avergal, B.A., B.L.	" A. Danakoti Mudaliar Avergal.
" T. Nambherumal Chetti Garu, B.A.	" R. Balakrishna Chetti Garu.
" P. Theagaraya Chettiar Avgl., B.A.	" M. Abboi Naidu Garu.
" P. Ethirajulu Naidu Garu.	" T. Chellappa Naicker Avergal.
" C. V. Sundaram Sastriar Avergal, B.A., B.L.	" K. Naraina Row Avgl, B.A., B.L.
	" K. Subba Row Avergal.

Honorary Secretaries.

M.R.Ry. P. Anunda Charlu, B.L.
 " M. Viradrghava Chariar, B.A.

Corresponding Members.

M R Ry P. Gopal Row Garu, B.A, Vakil, Berhampore; M R Ry A. Surianarayana Row Pantulu Garu, B.A, Pleader, Vizagapatam; M R Ry W. Ramayya Garu, B.A, 1st Assistant, College, Vizagapatam; M R Ry Madhava Row Naidoo Garu, B.A, Vizianagaram; M R Ry N. Subba Row Pantulu Garu, B.A, B.L, Rajamundry; M R Ry V. Siva Avadhani Garu, B.A, B.L, Pleader, Rajamundry; M R Ry D. Venkatarathnam Garu, Cocanada; M R Ry G. Venkatakrishnayya Pantulu Garu, Cocanada; M R Ry A. Pundarikatchudu Garu, Pleader, Bapatla; M R Ry S. V. Subboroyudu Garu, B.L, Masulipatam; M R Ry M. Ethirajulu Pillai Garu Pleader, Bezvada; M R Ry V. Krishnayya Garu, T. Mallikarjuna Row Garu, Gunfur; M R Ry S. Narayanasawmy Chetty Garu, B.A, Pleader, Nellore; M R Ry S. Veda-
 jee Row, Pleader, Anantapore; M R Ry K. Venkata Row Garu, Pleader, Bellary; M R Ry G. Narasinga Row Garu, Pleader, Penukonda; M R Ry Vasudeva Iyah Garu, Pleader, Adoni; M R Ry P. Kesava Pillai Avergal, Pleader, Gooty; M R Ry C. Jambulinga Mudaliar Avergal, B.A, B.L, Vakil, Cuddapah; M R Ry C. P. Gurumurthy Sastriar Avergal, Pleader, Proddutoor; M R Ry Palavathi Ethirajulu Chetti Garu, Merchant, Wallajanug-
 gar; M R Ry V. V. Ranga Chariar Avergal, B.A, Head Master, Native High School, Tripathi; M R Ry V. S. Dasasikamony Mudaliar Avergal, Vellore; M R Ry C. Balasubramania Reddi Garu, Pleader, Chittore; M R Ry S. Nilakanta Mudaliar Avergal, B.A, Head Master, Native High School, Chingleput; M R Ry A. Annunga Mudaliar Avergal, (Tamil), Alathoor via Chunampet; M R Ry M. E. Krishnamachariar Avergal, Malaiva-
 yaur, (Tamil), Madrantakam; M R Ry V. Rajarathna Mdr. Avgl, Sugar Factory, Eravalip-
 put (South Arcot); M R Ry B. Krishna Iyer Avergal, B.A, Pleader, Cuddalore; M R Ry S. A. Saminatha Iyer Avergal, Pleader, Tanjore; M R Ry S. Krishnamachariar Avergal, B.A, Trichinopoly; M R Ry N. M. Raghava Iyengar Avargal, Pleader, Trichinopoly; M R Ry P. Narayana Iyer Avargal, B.A, B.L, Vakil, Madura; M R Ry Ekkiam Iyer Avgl., Sholavandam, (Tamil), Madura; M R Ry M. R. Ramakrishna Iyer Avergal, B.A, B.L, Tinnevely; M R Ry Paul Peter Pillai Avergal, Srivilliputhoor; M R Ry S. P. Narasim-
 mulu Naidu Garu, Editor of the *Crescent*, Coimbatore; M R Ry C. Vijayaghava Chariar Avergal, B.A, Pleader, Salem; M R Ry Saminatha Pattar Karikar, Landlord, Palghat; M R Ry N. Manjimateyya Garu, Vakil, Mangalore; M R Ry C. Kunhi Raman Menon, Avergal, B.A, Editor, of *Kerala Patrika*, Calicut; M R Ry Kellap Kurup Avergal, B.A, B.L, High Court, Vakil, Tellicherry.

RULES.

1. That this Sabha be called THE MADRAS MAHAJANA SABHA.
2. That its object be to endeavour to promote the interests of the people of this country.
3. That any Native of more than 21 years of age may be admitted as a Member of the Mahajana Sabha on his being recommended by two Members.
4. That every Member whether residing in the mofussil or in the city shall pay an annual subscription of not less than one rupee.
5. That the Mahajana Sabha may affiliate with itself any other Association in Madras or in the Mofussil aiming at the same object.
6. That the management of the Sabha shall be vested in a Committee of 25 elected by the Members of the Sabha once a year.
7. The Sabha shall also elect, once a year, as its office-bearers, (1) one President; (2) one or more Vice-Presidents; (3) Two Secretaries, one of them being also nominated a Treasurer. These shall be also *ex-officio* Members of the Committee.
8. That the Committee so formed, shall have in addition as *ex-officio* Members for the time being, the nominees delegated from the different Associations both in the mofussil and the Presidency Town.
9. No Association shall nominate more than one member or delegate for the Com-
mittee.
10. The Committee shall bring about the objects of the Sabha by means of periodical Conferences, public lectures, memorials, deputations, public meetings and such other means as it deems fit.
11. The quorum to conduct any business of the Committee shall be seven.
12. That ordinarily at least 2 days' notice be given to members of the Committee and 5 days' notice to Members of the Sabha before the date of meeting.
13. The proceedings of each Committee Meeting be circulated to the Members of the Committee and their initials taken in the Minute Book.
14. The Committee shall meet once in a month or oftener if necessary.
15. The Committee shall convene a Meeting of the Members of the Sabha once in three months or oftener if necessary, and at Quarterly meetings the business transacted by the Committee during the quarter, shall be laid before them.
16. The quorum for the General Meeting of the Sabha shall be 20.
17. The Secretaries of the Sabha shall convene a Meeting of the Sabha on a requi-
sition in writing of not less than 12 members.

RULES AND OBJECTS OF THE NATIONAL FUND.

ESTABLISHED ON 6TH FEBRUARY 1886.

1. All contributions received on behalf of the National Fund shall be invested in Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., in the names of the President and the Secretaries of the Sabha for the time being.
2. The administration of the National Fund shall vest in the Managing Committee of the Sabha for the time being, subject to the control of the Sabha.
3. The quorum for Meetings for the administration of the Fund shall consist of 12 Members, but it shall not be competent to the Committee of the Sabha to employ the Fund for any object which does not concern the whole of this Presidency separately or the whole of India generally.
4. The following shall be the chief objects for which the Committee shall use the Fund.
 - (a) The introduction of representative institutions in the country.
 - (b) The obtaining of redress for grievances in which the Indian community, as a whole, is concerned.
 - (c) To aid any movement initiated or carried on in England with a view to enlist the sympathy and co-operation of the people and members of the Parliament of that country on behalf of Indian interests.
 - (d) To help any movement intended to strengthen and consolidate Indian Public opinion and to promote union and co-operation among the differ-
ent sections of the Indian population.
5. These rules shall not be modified except at a meeting of the Sabha, at which no less than 53 members shall be present.

THE HINDU WOMENS' RE-MARRIAGE ASSOCIATION.

Permanent President.—Dewan Bahadur R. Ragoonath Rao, now Prime Minister of Indore.

PRESENT ARRANGEMENTS.

President.—Honorable P. Chentsal Row Pantulu, C.I.E.

Honorary Secretary.—A. C. Parthasaradhi Naidu.

Present Premises, Krishnavdoss, Brodie's Road, Mylapore.

A subscription of Rs. 3 per annum entitles any one who is not beyond the pale of the Hindu religion to a membership.

Pandits and others who cannot afford to pay this subscription will, with the approval of any six members of the Association, be admitted as honorary members.

This Society advocates virgin widow marriage on the ground that such marriages are not only not prohibited by the Hindu Law, but clearly permitted.

There are organised branches of this Society at Negapatam, Coimbatore, Bangalore and other places.

RULES OF THE ASSOCIATION FOR THE PROMOTION OF TRUE RELIGION.

Founded in 1886 by Dewan Bahadur R. Ragoonath Row.

Preachers.—Sriman Yoghee Parthasaradhi Iyengar, B.A., B.L.
R. Ragoonath Row.

Objects of the Association.

M.R.Ry. Pundit Sreeman Srenevasa Chariar.

The objects of the Association are :—

1. To form, enjoy and maintain an Aryan brotherhood of man.
2. To promote the study and knowledge of Vedic and Shastraic literature and religion.
3. To inculcate and practise toleration to all other religions.
4. To worship God, to be loyal to the Sovereign, and to love Bharata Varsha.

AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT, VETERINARY BRANCH.

C. Benson, Esq., M.A.S. Assistant Commissioner of Land Records and Agriculture, in charge.

Mr. W. Shunker, Deputy Inspector of Cattle Diseases.

Local Cattle Disease Inspectors.

<i>Districts.</i>	<i>Districts.</i>
M.R.Ry. P. Ragava Pillai .....Kurnool.	M.R.Ry. V. P. Subramania
" M. Venketaramana	Mudaliar .....Tinnevely.
" Sastry .....Coimbatore.	" C. Viswanatha Iyer Anantapur.
Mr. S. L. D'Silva .....Vizagapatam.	" K. Ramen .....Malabar.
M.R.Ry. K. Padmanbhaya .....North Arcot.	" R. Narayan Row .....Salem.
" A. Canthyah Mudaliar, Chingleput.	" P. Rungiah Naidu .....Nellore.
" M. Kupposwamy	" V. Seethambara
" Sastry .....Kistna	" Devoe .....Ganjam
" B. K. Santaya .....South Canara.	" M. Hassen Ali
" K. Sethu Row .....South Arcot.	" Sahib .....Madura.
	" P. V. Subramania .....Bellary.

Office.

Mr. P. Abbigy NaiduClerk

ST. THOME DISPENSARY.

(SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS.)

This Dispensary is open daily (Sundays excepted) from 7 A.M. to 10 o'clock for treatment of all diseases gratis.

This Institution was established by Bishop Strachan in 1874, and its objects are to afford medical relief to the Gordon Refuge and other similar Charitable Institutions in St. Thomé, and to the poor of all classes of the community without reference to caste, creed or nationality.

The Institution is partially supported by voluntary contributions, aided by the Diocesan Committee, S. P. G., and a monthly Municipal grant.

The management of the Dispensary is placed under the supervision of a Committee.

Committee.

The Hon. T. Mathiasawmy Aiyer, B.L., C.I.E.	Captain S. C. Plummer.
Dr. W. Dhanakoti Raju.	C. S. Simpson, Esq.
The Hon. Mir Humayoon Jah Bahadur, C.I.E.	W. H. Johnston, Esq.
E. H. Elliot, Esq., B.A.	V. Raghayam Aiyangar, Esq.
C. Seton, Esq.	J. W. Jackson, Esq.
T. R. Scott, Esq., B.A.	A. Barren, Esq.
	D. Calder, Esq., Hony. Secy. & Treasr.

Honorary Member.

The Right Rev. Dr. Strachan, Lord Bishop of Rangoon.

Visitors.

Surgeon of the 4th District.

Health Officer, Municipal Commission.

Municipal Commissioners, 8th Division, and the Secretary, S. P. G.

Voluntary contributions are earnestly solicited in aid of the Dispensary Funds, which, as a rule, are inadequate to meet the increasing demands.

MADRAS DIOCESAN BRANCH OF THE CHURCH OF ENGLAND TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

In view of the increased need for the advocacy and extension of Temperance principles, it was determined at a meeting of the representatives of the various Societies working on the lines of the C. E. T. S. in Madras, to form with the approval and sanction of the Madras Conference, a Diocesan Branch of the C. E. T. S. It is intended that this Branch should include all existing Local Branches of the C. E. T. S. It is intended that this Branch should include all existing Local Branches of the C. E. T. S. as well as others that may yet be formed. It has been thought that increased energy would be imparted to the cause, and a more general interest awakened, by the formation of a strong Central Executive Committee.

The main objects of this Society are :—

- (1) The formation of Local Branches in all places where the Church of England is represented by Chaplains, Missionaries, Native Pastors or other members, and to unite all these local Societies into one body. Branches include three divisions,—

- (a) Total abstiners
- (b) Non-abstiners
- (c) Juvenile Section.

It is well to bear in mind the importance of the Juvenile Section; since it not only rears up a large body of Total Abstiners, but also creates great interest in Temperance work amongst the parents. This Section is very easily worked, and may be made very popular with the children.

- (2) That one of the Joint Secretaries, or some other Member of Committee, should visit places in the Diocese for organizing purposes, whenever invited by a Chaplain or other Minister of the Church of England to do so.

- (3) To collect and supply Temperance literature, and to afford such information regarding the movement as may be required by the Branches.

The advantages of such co-operation for religious, social and political ends are so obvious that they need not here be urged in detail.

The annual subscription to the Diocesan Branch has been fixed by the Executive Committee at 5 rupees for a Local European Branch, and at 2 rupees for a Local Native Branch.

His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief has kindly consented to become Patron, and the Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of the Diocese to become President of the Society.

The following is a list (up to date) with the above of those who have kindly promised their influence.

Patrons.

H. E. The Right Honorable the Governor.

H. E. The Commander-in-Chief of India.

President.

The Right Reverend The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Vice-Presidents.

The Rt. Rev. Bishop Caldwell.
The Rt. Rev. Bishop Sargent.
The Ven. Archdeacon Browne.
H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S.
Rev. S. Gnanamuttu, M.A.

Genl. Sir H. D. Prendergast, V.C.
Major-Genl. A. C. Johnson, C.B.
George Hammett, Esq., C.I.E.
Rev. C. H. Pelly, M.A.
Rev. W. T. Sathianadhan, B.D.

Dr. Dhanakoti Raju.

The Executive Committee are :—

Venerable The Archdeacon, B.D.
C. M. Barrow, Esq., M.A.
Rev. R. P. Burnett, M.A.
Surg. Major E. F. Drake-Brockman.
Lieut. A. B. Churchill, R.A.
Rev. S. Morley.
Rev. J. W. Foley, M.A.
Rev. S. Paul.
Mr. G. R. Trotter.
Sergt. R. Raymond.

Rev. A. J. Jones.
Rev. The Secretary, C.M.S.
S.P.G.
C.K.S.

W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.
Major Coaker, R.E.
J. Macrae, Esq., Auditor.
Rev S. G. Yesudian.
Mr. J. H. Waples.
Rev. H. D. Goldsmith, Treasurer.

And all Presidents of Madras Branches of C. E. T. S., as *Ex-officio* members.

H. D. Goldsmith,
A. C. Taylor,

*Honorary
Joint Secretaries.*

MADRAS TOTAL ABSTINENCE LEAGUE.

ESTABLISHED 1ST SEPTEMBER 1882.

President.—Rev. C. H. Felly, M.A.

(Vice-President of the Soldiers' T. A. Association.)

Vice-Presidents.—Colonel P. A. Carnegie, Dr. Mark Robinson, and Thos. Stanes, Esq.

Rev. M. G. Goldsmith, B.A., Treasurer. Mr. J. B. Barton, Secretary.

Executive Committee.—Rev. E. T. Beatty, Chaplain; Rev. H. D. Goldsmith, B.A., Church Missionary Society; Rev. W. Goudie, Wesleyan Missionary Society; Rev. G. O. Newport, London Missionary Society; Rev. A. W. Rudisill, Methodist Episcopal Church; Messrs. C. M. Barrow, B.A., J. H. Bond, J. J. Chatterton, B. H. Chester, C. V. Cunniah Chetty, C. Goorooaswamy Chetty, Hyder Sheriff Sahib, B.A., T. W. Jordon, Khaja Khan Sahib, B.A., T. E. King, W. T. Lissenburg, J. L. O'Hara and H. Parr (appointed with power to add to their number), and representatives of Affiliated Societies.

Objects.—The extension in the Madras Presidency of the practice of Total Abstinence from the use of all intoxicating drinks as beverages—as a safe and sure means, under God's blessing of reclaiming the drunkard, and preventing intemperance and its attendant results.

To encourage the more energetic action of the many separate Total Abstinence Societies already existing and to promote the establishment of others.

To unite total abstiners of every class under one organization, and thus augment the force of their claims on public attention, and add weight to such representations, with respect to the Licensing Laws, Liquor Traffic, &c., as it may be expedient to make to Government.

The Executive Committee of the League will endeavour to carry out these objects, by means of the Press,—the Platform,—the Pulpit,—and the Personal Influence of its individual Members:—by the collection and publication from time to time of reliable statistics and authentic information bearing on the subject:—by the convening, under its auspices, of public meetings and arranging for lectures as frequently, and at such times and places as may be expedient:—by inviting Ministers of different denominations to bring this subject, or allow it to be brought, prominently before their congregations, at least on one Sunday during the year:—by sending deputations, when desired, to give addresses and assist at the meetings of various local Societies: and by such other means as may seem desirable.

The Secretary will be most happy to place himself in communication with the Secretary of any Total Abstinence Society for this end; and to register the name of any Total Abstinence desirous of Membership.

Diagrams and Apparatus have been procured, to illustrate lectures on the Physiological, Chemical and Pathological aspects of the use of Alcoholic beverages,—which are lent to Affiliated Societies, without charge, except for actual expenses incurred.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

NORTH BLACK TOWN, MADRAS.

Established 16th October 1881.

President.—Rev. Thos. D. Doyle.

Executive Committee.

Mr. F. A. Coshan, Vice-President. Mr. P. Manasse. Mr. W. Rodrigues.
A. P. D'Costa, Secretary & Treasurer. J. D'Santos. A. J. Williams.

The object of the Society is to advocate Total Abstinence. Most of the Member are out of Madras. When an opportunity is afforded meetings are held.

There are at present 115 members on the rolls.

PHYSICAL TRAINING AND FIELD GAMES' ASSOCIATION.

Office:—20, Pantheon Road, Madras.

Central Gymnasium:—People's Park.

Patrons.

His Excellency Lord Connemara.
His Excellency The Commander-in-Chief.
The Honorable Sir Arthur Collins, Kt.
His Highness the Maharaja of Travancore, K.C.S.I.
His Highness the Maharajah of Vizianagram, K.C.S.I.
His Highness the Maharaja of Cochin, K.C.S.I.
The Honorable C. G. Master, C.S., C.S.I.
The Honorable P. P. Hutchins.

President.—The Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins, C.S.

Vice-Presidents.

The Hon'ble P. Chentsal Rao, C.I.E.

H. B. Grigg, Esq. M.A., C.S.

Members of the General Committee, 1887-88.

Mr. C. M. Barrow, M.A.
Mr. B. H. Chester, M.A.
The Most Rev. Archbishop Colgan.
Mr. E. H. Elliot, B.A.
Rev. J. W. Foley, M.A.
Mr. A. A. Hall, M.A.
Mr. J. W. Handley.
Dr. J. R. Henderson.
Col. R. Hill.
Mr. G. Kuppuswami Nayudu.
Mr. P. V. Krishnaswami Chetti Garu.
Mr. V. Krishnama Chariar.
Mir Ansarudin Sahib Bahadur.
Col. G. M. J. Moore.
Dr. G. Oppert.
Mr. Justice Parker.

Mr. S. Rangayya Chettiar, B.A.
Sir Savalay Ramasamy Moodlr, Row Sahib, Kt. C.I.E.
Mr. Salem Ramaswami Mudlr, M.A.
Mr. P. Ranganada Mudaliyar, M.A.
Mr. D. Sinclair, M.A.
Mr. E. Thurston.
Mr. J. H. Stone, M.A.
The Hon'ble S. Subrahmanya Aiyar.
Mr. G. H. Stuart, M.A.
Mr. H. A. Sim, C.S.
Mr. W. D. St. Leger.
Capt. R. H. C. Tufnell.
Col. T. O. Underwood.
Mr. J. M. Velu Pillai.
Mr. C. Yethirajulu Nayudu.

Honorary Secretaries.—Mr. John Adam, M.A., and Mr. C. Michie Smith, B.Sc.

Honorary Treasurer.—Mr. P. Vijayaranga Mudaliyar.

Object.

The object of the Association is the promotion of Gymnastic and other Physical training and a love for field games among the youth of the Madras Presidency, by—

- (a) The establishment of a completely equipped Gymnasium at the People's Park, Madras.
- (b) Aiding the formation of Gymnasias in Madras and in the Mufassal (including Native States).
- (c) Forming a Normal Class for the Training of Gymnastic Teachers.
- (d) Aiding the formation of Cricket Clubs in Madras and in the Mufassal (including Native States).
- (e) Holding public competitions in Gymnastics and Field Games, and granting prizes to successful competitors.
- (f) Holding examinations in Gymnastics, and granting certificates to successful candidates.
- (g) Supplying of Gymnastic apparatus and material for games at cost price.

At present the work of the Association is almost entirely confined to the training of teachers at the Gymnasium in the People's Park.

WESLEYAN YOUNG MEN'S LITERARY SOCIETY.

20, JONES STREET, BLACK TOWN, MADRAS.

President.—Rev. J. R. Ellis.

Vice-President.—Mr. Andrew W. Meyers.

Secretary.—Mr. Henry Hitchcock.

Treasurer.—Mr. John H. Graves.

Librarian.—Mr. Robert Johnson.

Asst. Librarian.—Mr. William Hudson.

Ex-officio Members.—Messrs. T. G. Turner and R. L. Cochrane.

This Society was established in June 1885 in accordance with a proposal which emanated from the Rev. J. R. Ellis, Pastor of the Wesleyan Chapel. The object of the Society is to advance the moral, intellectual and social condition of its members. A meeting is held every alternative Tuesday evening when essays and addresses are delivered and debates and discussions also take place. The Society is open to Europeans and Eurasians. The Library contains about 400 volumes of choice selection of light literature. One set of books on loan can be had at a time. The reading room is open daily from 5 p.m. to 10 p.m. (Sundays excepted). Several English magazines, periodicals and local papers are laid on the table. Rules and other information may be obtained on application to the Secretary.

THE THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY.

Formed at New York, 17th November 1875.

Arrived at Bombay, 17th February 1879.

Permanent Head-Quarters at Madras (Adyar), since 19th December 1883.

Objects.

1. To form the nucleus of a Universal Brotherhood of humanity, without distinction of race, creed, sex or color.
2. To promote the study of Aryan and other Eastern literatures, religions and sciences.

3. To investigate unexplained laws of nature and the psychical powers of man,—pursued by a portion of the Members of the Society.
At the Head-Quarter building (in a garden of 27 acres) are extensive buildings, including one for the Oriental Library and a Hall wherein the General Council meets annually on 27th December.

The number of working branches up to date is 132.

United States ..	12	West Indies ..	1
Great Britain ..	3	Ceylon ..	7
Europe ..	5	Burmah ..	3
Australia ..	1	Bangalore ..	2
Africa ..	1	British India—the remainder being nearly	100

President—Col. H. S. Olcott.

Corresponding Secretary—Madame H. B. Blavatsky.

The private property of these individuals is used as the organ of the parent Society,—

The Theosophist.

A Magazine (monthly) of Oriental Philosophy, Art, Literature and Occultism is now in the 9th year.

THE TRIPPLICANE LITERARY SOCIETY.

(REORGANIZED IN 1874.)

8, Tholasinga Perumal Koil Street, Triplicane, Madras.

Object.—The mental, moral and physical improvement of all connected with it, and the political improvement of the people of India.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

President.—Raja T. Rama Rau, B.A., B.L.

Vice-Presidents.—M.R.Ry. P. Hungiah Nayudu Garu, M.R.Ry. R. Shadagopachariyar, B.A., B.L., M.R.Ry. V. Krishnamachariyar, M.R.Ry. G. Subramanya Iyer, B.A., M.R.Ry. T. Subba Rau, B.A., B.L.

Managing Committee.—M. E. Srirangachariyar, B.A., B.L., (Chairman); S. Subramania Iyer, B.A., B.L., T. V. Seshagiri Aiyar, B.A., B.L., M. A. Natesa Dikshitar, B.A., Sriram Pantulu Garu, K. Subba Rau, B.A., B. C. Raghava Aiyar, B.A., M. A. Gopalachariyar, B.A., M. Viraraghavachariyar, B.A., N. A. Subramania Aiyar.

Secretary.—T. P. Kodandarama Aiyar, B.A., B.L.

Treasurer.—D. Krishna Rau.

Librarian.—B. C. Raghava Aiyar, B.A.

THE CENTRAL MUHAMMADAN ASSOCIATION

OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Has been amalgamated with the Anjuman-i-Islamia.

President.—Hon. Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur, C.I.E.

Vice-Presidents.—Mir Ansuruddin Sahib Bahadur; Muhammad Mahmud Khan Bahadur; Hafiz Saadul Islam Khan Bahadur; Haji Abdulla Badsha, Khan Bahadur; Ahmad Muhiuddin Khan Bahadur; Muhammad Anwaruddin Khan Bahadur; and Muhammad Hasan Ali Khan Bahadur.

Secretary.—Dr. Haji Syed Mohideen Sherif Khan Bahadur.

Joint Secretaries.—Mahomed-Abdul Qader Sahib Bahadur and Ghulam Mahomed Sahib Muhajir.

Assistant Secretaries.—Syed Raza Husain Sahib Kirmani and Mahomed Abdulla Sahib.

Treasurer.—Syed Qajuddin Sahib Bahadur.

THE "ANJUMAN-I-MUFEED-I-AHLA-I-ISLAM," MADRAS.

Patrons.—His Excellency Lord Connemara, Governor of Madras; Sir M. E. Grant Duff, G.C.S.I., late Governor of Madras; His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, Deccan; His Highness the Prince of Arcot; His Highness the Maharajah of Vizianagram. Lady Patrons.—Her Excellency Lady Grant Duff; Her Excellency Lady Reay of Bombay; Her Highness Nawab Kyroonissa Begum Sahiba; Janab Auzamoonnissa Begum Sahiba. Vice-Patrons.—The Honorable P. P. Hutchins, Councillor, Fort St. George; H. S. Thomas, Esq., C.S., Senior Member of the Board of Revenue; J. H. Garstin, Esq., C.S., Second Member of the Board of Revenue; The Honorable Mir Humayoonjah Bahadur, C.I.E.; Sir Savalay Ramasamy Moodeliar, Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E. President.—Col. T. O. Underwood; Honorary Secretary.—Mahomed Nizamuddin Khan Bahadur; Treasurer.—Hajee Mahomed Abdul Shukoor, Badsha Saib Bahadur.

Members of the General Committee.—The Hon'ble Mir Humayoonjah Bahadur, C.I.E., Col. H. McLeod, R.A., Inspector-General of Ordnance; Mahomed Munawur Khan Bahadur; Gulam Mahomed Ghouse Khan Bahadur; Abdul Ali Khan Bahadur; Mahomed Mahmud Khan Bahadur; Sir Savalay Ramasamy Moodeliar, Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E.; D. E. W.

Leighton, Esq., Dr. W. H. Wilson; W. J. Eales, Esq.; Hajee Mahomed Abdulla Badsha Khan Bahadur; Mir Ansuruddin Saib Bahadur; Mahomed Hussan Ali Khan Bahadur; Dr. Hajee Syed Mohideen Sherif Khan Bahadur; Hajee Mahomed Abdul Razauq Khan Bahadur; Hajee Mahomed Abdul Vasya Khan Bahadur; Mahomed Abdul Vahab Khan Bahadur; Hajee Mahomed Abdus Sammad Khan Bahadur; Raof Ahomed Khan Bahadur; Mahomed Isauq Khan Bahadur; Mahomed Sherif Saib Bahadur; Abdul Raheman Hajee Allarakha Sajun Sait; Hajee Ismail Hajee Mahomed Isauq Sait; Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Jan Mahomed Sait; Valjee Laljee Sait; Hajee Khadir Mohideen Sahib; T. Raheman Saib; Salar Nuhaymean Saib; Hajee Syed Hussain Saib; Hajee Hyder Khan Saib; Sheikh Mahomed Saib Katheeb; Ismail Hamid Sait; Sooltan Mohideen Saib Bahadur, Presidency Magistrate; Hajee Moulvie Ahomed Ali Saib; Syed Raza Hussain Saib Kirmani; M. Veeraghava Charry, Esq., Gulam Dastaghir Saib; A.H. Kadir Hussain Saib; Mahomed Ghouse Saib; Mahomed Moinuddin Saib Juddy; Mahomed Anwaruddin Khan Bahadur, Honorary Assistant Secretary.

Members of the Executive Committee.—Mahomed Mahmood Khan Bahadur; Sir Savalay Ramasamy Moodeliar, Row Sahib, Kt., C.I.E., Col. H. McLeod, R.A.; D. E. W. Leighton, Esq.; Dr. W. H. Wilson; W. J. Eales, Esq.; Hajee Mahomed Abdulla Badsha Khan Bahadur; Mahomed Hussan Ali Khan Bahadur; Mir Ansuruddin Saib Bahadur; Dr. Hajee Syed Mohideen Sherif Khan Bahadur; Hajee Mahomed Abdol Razauq Khan Bahadur; Abdur Raheman Hajee Allarakha Sajun Sait; Hajee Ismail Hajee Mahomed Isauq Sait; Hajee Ebrahim Hajee Jan Mahomed Sait; Valjee Laljee Sait; Hajee Khadir Mohideen Sahib; Sultan Mohideen Saib Bahadur, Presidency Magistrate; Hajee Moulvie Ahomed Ali Saib; Hajee Hyder Khan Saib; Syed Raza Hussain Saib Kirmani; Gulam Dastaghir Saib; Mahomed Anwaruddin Khan Bahadur; M. Veeraghava Charry, Esq.; Mahomed Ghouse Saib; Mahomed Moinuddin Saib Juddy.

Objects.

(a) This Anjuman will always try to further the interests and prospects of the Muhammadan community; and deliberate and render all possible and necessary help to promote the education of their children and thus to train them into useful arts.

(b) The objects of the Anjuman will also include the endeavours of the Muslim community to get rid of certain customs and usages, which are apparently obstructive to their progress, and to encourage such customs as may be useful for their welfare. But in all these particulars every precaution will be observed in carrying out the principles and precedents relating to their religion.

(c) For the present, there shall be established by the Anjuman at Madras two sections for the benefit of the Muhammadan community of Madras:—

(i) "Science and Arts Section."—For the management of this there shall be appointed a Committee consisting of President, Secretary and six members; and through this section necessary assistance will be rendered with regard to boarding clothing, supplying with books and school fees and conveyance charges of such students, (in accordance with their position and rank) who owing to their indigent circumstances are unable to acquire knowledge. There shall also be established a school for training Muhammadan youths in useful arts and industry.

(ii) "Miscellaneous Section."—For the management of this branch there shall be appointed a different Committee consisting of President, Secretary and members not exceeding twelve in number. This section shall discharge from time to time all matters relating to the benefit and interest of the Muhammadan community.

THE CHINTADRI PETTA EXCELSIOR LIBRARY SOCIETY.

(ESTABLISHED 1882.)

"Excelsior Hall," Arunachella Naick Road, Madras.

Patron.—J. Howard Bullivant, Esq., M.A. (Oxon). Principal.—S. P. G. High School, Vepery, Madras. Presidents.—S. Ramaswami Mudali, Esq., M.A., B.L.; P. M. Sivagana Mudali, Esq., B.A., B.L. Vice-President.—M. A. Jayarama Mudali, Esq. Honorary Members.—M. A. Natesa Dikshitar, Esq., B.A.; R. Sivasankara Pandiah, Esq., B.A.; R. Sivagana Mudali, Esq., B.A.; P. Venkatchella Mudali, Esq., B.A.; P. S. Annachariy, Esq., B.A., M.A.; P. S. Krishna Rau, Esq., B.A., B.L.; V. G. Narayanan, Esq., B.A.; R. Rungnadar. Mudali, Esq., B.A., Honorary Secretaries.—S. P. Sriramulu Naidu, D. D. Solomon Pillay. Honorary Financial Secretary.—P. Durmarajulu Nayudu.

Subscription, 3 annas a month.

It is started towards the intellectual improvement of young students. Despite the insuperable difficulties, which it had to encounter, perhaps more severely than any other Institution of this description, on account of the comparatively small amount of subscription that constitutes membership, it has slowly but steadily stood its ground. A Library, which is a very essential auxiliary to an Institution of this nature, has been established in connection with this Society almost entirely by the kind, generous and prompt contributions of Mr. Bullivant and by Sir Raja T. Madava Row, K.C.S.I. The Municipality has granted it a piece of land in the Napier Park for a Badminton Court, which serves for the physical culture. Donations in the shape of books will be gratefully welcomed.

MASONIC BODIES.

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE, MADRAS.

Fadere et Religione Teneatur.

Wor. Bro. Major G. M. J. Moore, Dy. D.	Wor. Bro. A. Edwards, S. D.
G. M.	H. M. Upshon, J. D.
Brigade Surgeon C. Sibthorpe,	" M. Abraham, Sup. of W.
S. W.	" C. Bart. II, D. of C.
" H. B. Bernard, J. W.	" Lieut. J. H. Easor, A. D. of C.
" The Ven. Archdeacon J. F.	" Lieut. G. Blazey, Sword Bearer.
" Browne, Chaplain.	" W. H. Whitlock, Standard Bearer.
" J. H. Peebles, Treasurer.	" W. R. Seward, Standard Bearer.
" W. Morgan, Registrar.	" Major J. S. Biscoe, Organist.
" W. T. Newitt, Prest B. of G. P.	" W. E. Cooper, Pursuivant.
" J. T. Greateorex, Secretary.	" M. Panchateram Moodr., Asst. Pt.
	" A. Cooper, Tyler.

Lodges under jurisdiction of the D. G. L. of Madras.

Name of Lodge.	No	Place.	Days of Meeting.
Perfect Unanimity	150	Madras	1st Monday in the month. Wor. Bro. C. Pinsent, W. M.
Rock	260	Trichinopoly	Last Saturday in the month.
Universal Charity	273	Madras	3rd Friday in the month. Wor. Bro. J. W. H. Ellis, W. M.
St. John	434	Secunderabad	Last Wednesday in the month. Wor. Bro. R. L. Carey, W. M.
Good Will	465	Bellary	3rd Saturday in the month. Wor. Bro. W. Kelly, W. M.
St. Andrew	500	Kamptee	Every 2d & 4th Weds. in the month. Wor. Bro. G. Duncan, W. M.
Mount	926	St. Thomas' Mount.	The last Sat. but one of every month. Wor. Bro. Lieutenant G. Blazey, W. M.
Bangalore	1,043	Bangalore	2nd Wednesday in the month. Wor. Bro. W. S. T. Marks, W. M.
Western Star	1,049	Cannanore	2nd Saturday in the month. Bro. H. Webb, W. M.
Anchor of Hope	1,093	Wellington	Sat. preceding full moon, 7 P.M. Wor. Bro. Surg. G. L. Walker, W. M.
Pitt-Macdonald	1,198	Madras	2nd Tuesday in the month. Wor. Bro. C. S. Simpson, W. M.
Faith, Hope and Charity	1,285	Ootacamund	Tuesday before full moon. Wor. Bro. Col. A. Curtois, W. M.
Mayo	1,406	Secunderabad	1st Tuesday in the month. Wor. Bro. Ardaseer Ruttonjee, W. M.
Deccan	1,444	Chudderghant	1st Friday in the month. Wor. Bro. Ookerjee Fuckerjee, M. W.
Southern Cross	1,758	Palamecottah	3rd Saturday in the month.
Coromandel	1,810	Coconada	1st Saturday in every month.
Mysore	1,841	Mysore	3rd Tuesday in every month. Wor. Bro. S. Ramaswami, W. M.
Prudentia	1,859	Negapatam	Last Saturday in the month. Wor. Bro. J. J. Barefoot, W. M.
John Miller	1,903	Madras	3rd Wednesday in the month. Wor. Bro. W. R. Pratt, W. M.
Carnatic	2,136	Madras	3rd Saturday in the month. Wor. Bro. P. Vijiarungum Moodliar, W. M.
Kerala	2,188	Calicut	1st Thursday in the month. Wor. Bro. F. Wilkinson.

PART XI.—MOFUSSIL DIRECTORY.

BANGALORE.

Mysore Residency.

Sir Charles E. Bernard, K.C.S.I., B.C.S.; Resident, 1st Class, (on furlough).
General Sir H. N. D. Pendergast, K.C.B. V.C., R.E., Offg. Resident, 1st Class.
L. White King, Esq., C.S., Assistant to the Resident.
Surgeon-Major A. P. Dobson, M.B., Residency Surgeon.

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Col. W. Hill, M.S.C., Civil and Sessions Judge, (on furlough).
Lieut.-Col. H. M. S. Magrath, M.S.C., Magistrate and President, Municipal Board.
Offg. Civil and Sessions Judge.
E. Hewetson, Esq., Uncovenanted District Superintendent of Police, Offg. Magistrate and President, Municipal Board.
F. Fawcett, Esq., Uncovenanted Offg. District Superintendent of Police.
M. Abdul Rahmon, Esq., Uncovenanted Service, 2nd Magistrate.
J. Dias, Esq., Uncovenanted Service, Officer in charge Resident's Treasury and Sub-Registrar.

Coorg Commission.

Sir Charles E. Bernard, K.C.S.I., B.C.S., Chief Commissioner, (on furlough).
D. Fitzpatrick, Esq., C.S.I., Offg. Chief Commissioner.
L. White King Esq., C.S., Secretary to Chief Commissioner.
Lieut.-Col. T. G. Clarke, M.S.C., Commissioner.
B. C. Leggatt, Esq., 1st Assistant Commissioner.
K. Ganapathy, Esq., Uncovd. Service, 2nd Asst. Commissioner.
F. B. Dickinson, Esq., Deputy Conservator of Forests.
E. Marsden, Esq., B.A., Uncovd. Service, Inspector of Schools and Principal, Mercara High School.
Surgeon-Major Mark Robinson, Civil Surgeon of Coorg.
G. Perrain, Esq., C.E., Executive Engineer, Coorg.

List of Salaries of Officers under the Mysore Residency and in the Coorg Commission.

	RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
Resident	(a) 4,000	0	0	Commissioner of Coorg	(c) 1,500	0	0
Assistant to the Resident	(b) 833	5	4	1st Asst. Comr. of Coorg	(d) 760	0	0
Residency Surgeon	(e) 750	0	0	2nd do	300	0	0
Civil and Sessions Judge	1,200	0	0	Dy. Conservator of Forests	650	0	0
Magistrate	1,000	0	0	Executive Engineer	800	0	0
2nd Magistrate	250	0	0	Inspector of Schools & Principal, Mercara High School	(f) 700	0	0
District Supt. of Police	700	0	0	Civil Surgeon of Coorg	(g) 800	0	0
Treasury Officer and Sub-Registrar	180	0	0				

- (a) Includes Rs. 500 sumptuary allowance and Rs. 1,000 acting allowance.
(b) Draws also Rs. 250 as Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, Coorg.
(c) Draws an allowance of Rs. 200 for charge of Bowring Civil Hospital.
(d) Minimum Rs. 1,200 rising to Maximum by 5 equal increments.
Do. " 500 do.
(e) Pay rising from Rs. 500 to Rs. 750 by five annual increments.
(f) Draws an allowance of Rs. 50 for charge of Mercara Jail.

Uncovenanted Servants

In the Departments under the Resident in Mysore and Chief Commissioner of Coorg drawing Salaries of Rupees 80 and upwards.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department or Office.	Station.	Salary
Henry Clarke	Registrar	Resident's Office	Bangalore	Rs. 200
P. S. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L.	Do.	Do. Court	do	250
M. Mellor	Chief Inspector	Police	do	200
H. Shamannah	Head Sheristadar	Commr.'s Office	Mercara	200
E. R. Shaw	Inspector	Police	Bangalore	150
W. Green	Jailor	Mercara Jail	Mercara	150
E. Morton	Sub-Engineer	D. P. W.	do	250
B. G. Lavery	Manager	Coorg Chief Commr.'s Office	Bangalore	150
J. D'Vaz	Do	Commr.'s Office	Mercara	175
S. Shunker Naraniah	Head Accountant	Do	do	130
G. Yaddannah	Chief Clerk	Civil and Sessions Court	do	120
G. T. Dore	Inspector	Police	Bangalore	120
K. Ramachandra Row	Do	Do	do	120
C. Narayanasami Naidu.	Treasurer	Resident's Treasury	do	100
V. L. Teruva Ranga Moodaliyar	Head Accountant	Do	do	100
B. Iyepiah	Treasurer	Coorg Treasury	Mercara	120
S. Leighton	First Clerk	Resident's Office	Bangalore	100
F. Dinshaw	Judicial Sheristadar	Coorg Commissioner's Office	Mercara	125
T. C. Maliasawmy Pillai.	Nazir	Civil and Sessions Court	Bangalore	95
B. Sreenivasalingar	Head Clerk.	District Magistrate's Court	do	80

* d. d. Head Clerk, Coorg Office.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.

His Highness Chamarajendra Woodiar Bahadur, Maha Rajah of Mysore, &c. &c. &c.
 K. Shekhadri Iyer, Esq., B.A., B.L., &c. &c. &c., Dewan to H. H. the Maha Rajah.
 C. G. Plumer, Esq., M.C.S., Chief Judge.
 T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty, Esq., Judge, Chief Court.
 A. Ramchandra Iyer, Esq., do.
 Col. A. C. Hay, Military Secretary to H. H. the Maha Rajah, and Commandant Mysore Troops.
 R. Vijayindra Rao, Esq., Chief Secretary to the Dewan.
 C. Madiah Esq., Under Secretary to the Dewan.
 Lt. Col. C. Bowen, R. E., Superintending Engineer and Secy. in the P. W. D.
 Captain C. H. Kensington Esq., Assistant Secy., P. W. D.
 Surgeon-Major T. J. McGann, Senior Surgeon, Mysore Government.
 L. Ricketts, Esq., Inspector-General of Police, Forests and Plantation.
 A. Rungasawmy Iyengar, Esq., B.A., B.L., Comptroller, Mysore Govt.
 L. Rice, Esq., M.R.A.S., C.I.E., Secretary, Educational Department.
 Mr. S. Venkatavaradiengar, Esq., B.A., M.L., Secretary, Legislative Department, and Inspector-General of Registration.
 S. Veidyathatha Iyer, Esq., Private Secretary to the Dewan.
 St. John Buchan, Esq., Examiner of P. W. A.

List of Salaries of Officers of the Mysore Government.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department or Office.	Station.	Salary
Dewan to His Highness the Maha Rajah	3,000 0 0	1st Class	500 0 0	
Chief Judge	2,500 0 0	2nd "	400 0 0	
2 Judges each	1,500 0 0	3rd "	300 0 0	
Chief Secretary to Dewan, Rev. and General Dept.	1,000 0 0	4th "	250 0 0	
Comptroller	700 0 0			
Legislative Secretary and Inspector-Genl. of Registration	800 0 0	1st Class	500 0 0	
2 District and Sessions Judges	800 0 0	2nd "	400 0 0	
at	800 0 0	3rd "	300 0 0	
Dy. Commr. at Rs. 700 rising to 1,200	0 0	Supt., Revenue Survey Department and Inam Settlement	1,752 14 0	

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary
Deputy Supt., Revenue Survey	1,145 0 0	1 Assistant Conservator at	450 0 0	
Assistants	962-14, 895 & 305 0 0	2 Asst. Conservators of Forests at	300 & 200 0 0	
Probationers	230 0 0	1 Apprentice do.	70 0 0	
Secretary in Edl. Dept.	1,200 0 0	2 Probationers of Forest Dept.	100 0 0	
Dy. Insps. of Schools	85, 100 & 210 0 0			

Uncovenanted Servants

In the General Judicial Departments of the Mysore Administrations, drawing Rupees 100 to 850 per mensem.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary
Mr. J. Cook, M.A.	Prinl., Central College	Educational	Bangalore	Rs. 850
Scindia Hamajee Rao	Reg. Offg. Judge, Mysore	Chief Judge's Court	do	793
Horsmanji Bhabha, M.A.	Hd. Master, Maharajah College	Educational	do	550
C. Meenakshia, B.A.	Advocate to the Mysore Government	Judicial Department	do	500
Mr. W. J. Lincoln	Civil Surgeon	Medical	Chickmagalur	500
A. Veerasawmy Mudr.	Treasurer	Huzur Treasury	Bangalore	300
Mr. C. Leonard, B.A.	Principal Asst., Central College	Educational	do	430
" H. Eagles	Chief Assistant	Comptroller's Office	do	300
" T. T. Leonard	Superintendent	Govt. Press and Stationery	Shimoga	350
B. Murryguniah	Buckshee	Auch Department	do	300
Mr. T. O'Connell	Chief Jailor	Central Jail	do	175
" A. G. King, B.A.	Head Master, High School	Educational	do	310
" J. Clapham	Dy. Registrar	Chief Judge's Court	Bangalore	150
" M. Clapham	Manager	Local Examiner's Office	(Retired list, gets a pension of Rs. 100)	100
" D. A. Choksi, L.M.D.	Asst. Surgeon	Medical	Shimoga	350
" J. Arbuthnot, B.A.	Head Master, Govt. School	Educational	Hassan	240
" W. Grievson	Assistant Deputy Inspector of Schools	Office of the Director of Public Instruction	Bangalore	210
B. Venkatapathiengar	Deputy Inspector of Schools	Educational	Mysore	210
Mr. J. R. Barrow	Manager	Audit Department	Bangalore	175
Salar Khan	Inspector	Comptroller's Office	do	150
B. Vasooodeva Rao	Hd. Accountant	Huzur Treasury	do	150
A. R. Narain-Sastri	Public Prosecutor	Dist. & Sessions Court	do	150
Mr. S. Arnold	Asst. Surgeon	Nundydroog Diyn.	do	150
B. Lutchminarniah	Sheristadar and Nazir	Dist. & Sessions Court, Ashtagram Division	Mysore	150
M. Ram Rao	Public Prosecutor	Do	do	150
B. Venkatachar	Sheristadar and Nazir	Dist. & Sessions Court	Shimoga	150
Mr. C. A. Hellel	Apothy., 2nd class	Medical	Bangalore	150
M. Nagappa Mudaliar	Accountant	S. M. Railway	Bowringpett	150
Mr. F. Lavery	Head Clerk	Dewan's Office	Bangalore	150
S. Venketrangiangar	Deputy Clerk	Do	do	150
Mr. H. Dome	Manager	Military Department	do	150
D. Subbaiya, B.A.	Dy. Insps. of Schools	Educational	S. Circle	150
Mr. G. McDonnell	Special Asst.	Abkarry Dept.	Bangalore	250
" J. A. Costello	Assistant Surgeon	Medical	Mysore	250
Shatagopiengar	Inspector	Police Department	Kolar	110
D. Raghavachar	Do	Do	Mysore	110
Mr. C. J. Haudin	Town Inspector	Do	Bangalore	115
" E. A. Curran	Inspector	P. W. D.	M. S. Ry.	100
" S. Cress, B.A.	Head Master	Educational	Chickmagalur	140
" J. Tate	Jailor	Judicial	Shimoga	120
" C. Hudson	Do	Do	Mysore	100
" W. Tate	Supdt. of Stores	Military Asst.'s Office	Bangalore	120

Uncovenanted Servants—concluded.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary.
S. Sreenivas Rao	3rd Asst. Master, Central College.	Educational	Bangalore	Rs. 100
Sreeivasa Raghava-chary	Revenue Sheristadar	Depy. Commr.'s Office.	do	100
V. Kristnasawmy Chetty	Treasurer	Do	do	100
Mr. C. Peiken	Deputy Jailor	Central Jail	do	100
Nagiah Naidoo	Inspector, Police	Police	Nelamanga-lu	115
Narainsawmy Mudaliar	Ag. Head Clerk	Depy. Commr.'s Office.	Mysore	100
Naranahar	Revenue Sheristadar	Do	do	100
Krishniengar	Treasurer	Do	do	100
B. Narnaiengar	Revenue Sheristadar	Do	Shimoga	100
Nagesha Rao	Treasurer	Do	do	100
E. P. Soobroyer	Public Prosecutor	Dist. & Sessions Court	Bangalore	150
Venkatachellaya	Revenue Sheristadar	Depy. Commr.'s Office.	Kolar	100
A. Subba Iyer	Do	Do	Tumkur	100
Mr. Mascarihenas	Ag. Head Clerk	Do	Kadur	100
" P. L. Bride	Head Record Keeper	Dewan's Office	Bangalore	100

List of Engineers and Upper Subordinates Employed in the Public Works Department of Mysore.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary.
St. John Buchan, Esq.	Examiner	P. W. Accounts	Bangalore	Rs. 400
C. Varadaraja Pillay, Esq.	Asst. Examiner	Do	Do	250
F. J. McLaughlin, Esq.	Exc. Engineer	Ashtagram Chl. Divn., P. W. D.	Mysore	800
T. Inman, Esq.	Do	Bangalore Dn., P. W. D.	Bangalore	600
T. R. Scaldwell, Esq.	Do	Palace Divn. do	Do	500
A. S. Nagavkar, Esq.	Do	Shemoga Divn. do	Shemoga	500
V. H. Karne, Esq.	Do	Mysore Divn. do	Mysore	500
C. T. Dalal, Esq.	Do	Tumkur Divn. do	Tumkur	500
E. R. Soobharoy, Esq.	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Hassan	400
Standish Lee, Esq.	Sanitary Engineer	Mysore Special Impts. Divn., P. W. D.	Mysore	550
*Y. Sreenivasa Rao, Esq.	Asst. Engineer	Kolar Divn. P. W. D.	Kolar	300
C. A. Mahadava Sastry, Esq.	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Chennaroyapatam	300
*J. B. Chalon, Esq.	Do	Chituldug Dn. do	Chituldug	300
D. Runga Rao, Esq.	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Hassan	250
B. S. Venketachar, Esq.	Do	Shemoga Divn. do	Hopully	250
*D. Seetharama Rao, Esq.	Do	Kadur Divn. do	Chicknag-lur	250
M. B. Tivari, Esq.	Do	Mysore Divn. do	French Rocks	250
A. Govindachari, Esq.	Do	Ashtagram Chl. Divn. P. W. D.	Mysore	250
† B. P. Ragavulu Naidu, Esq.	Do	Shemoga Dn. P. W. D.	Shemoga	200
K. Prapada Rao, Esq.	Do	Kolar Divn. do	Chintamani	200
B. Soobha Rao, Esq.	Apprentice Engineer	Do	Do	150
O. V. Norris, Esq.	Do	Mysore Spec. Impts. Division P. W. D.	Mysore	150
C. B. Halagiah Gowda, Esq.	Do	Tumkur Divn. do	Thurvekere	150
K. Kristnaiengar, Esq.	Do	Chituldug Divn. do	...	100

* Offg. Exc. Engineer.

† On 3 years' furl.

List of Engineers and Upper Subordinate Employes, &c.—continued.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary.
W. Dalton, Esq.	Manager	Secretary and Supt., Engr.'s Office, P. W. D.	Bangalore	300
Mr. A. R. D'Castro	Head Clerk	Do do	Do	120
Mr. V. Arunachela Moodelliar	Supervisor	Kolar Divn., P. W. D.	Bowringpett	250
Mr. Mellor	Do	Bangalore Divn. do	Bangalore	200
Mr. C. A. Welsh	Do	Mysore Divn. do	Mandya	200
Mr. W. J. King	Do	Ashtagram Chl. Divn. P. W. D.	Hunsur	200
* Mr. Prior	Do	Bangalore Dn., P. W. D.	...	150
Mr. N. Rama Rao	Do	Do	Bangalore	150
Mr. Pereira	Do	Hassan Divn., P. W. D.	Saklespur	150
Mr. S. Krishna Iyer	Do	Kadur Divn. do	Chicknag-lur	150
Mr. A. Moonesamy Moodelliar	Do	Do	Kadur	150
Mr. Lee	Do	Mysore Divn., P. W. D.	Mysore	150
Mr. N. Runga Rao	Overseer	Bangalore Divn. do	Nellamangala	100
Mr. A. Ramalinga Moodelliar	Do	Kolar Divn. do	Chickaballapur	100
Mr. N. C. Narasimha Iyengar	Do	Shemoga Divn. do	...	100
Mr. C. Sooria Narain Rao	Do	Kadur Divn. do	Koppa	100
Mr. A. Nallandya ga Moodelliar	Do	Tumkur Divn. do	Tumkur	100
Mr. A. Jagannatha Moodr	Do	Do	Sira	100
Mr. P. Appasawmy Moodelliar	District Surveyor	Bangalore Divn. do	Bangalore	80
Mr. F. Steel	Overseer	Palace Divn. do	Do	80
Mr. Shankerbisto Nargir	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Arsekere	80
Mr. N. Balakrishna Rao	Do	Shemoga Divn. do	Sagar	80
Mr. C. M. Jayasimha Rao	Do	Chituldug Divn. do	Chituldug	80
Mr. V. Thondavaro ya Moodelliar	District Surveyor	Do do	Do	80
Mr. V. A. Theruvangada Moodelliar	Overseer	Mysore Divn. do	Hunsur	80
Mr. H. L. Wheeler	Do	Tumkur Divn. do	Kibbenbully	80
Mr. J. K. Saminatha Iyer	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Holenarsipur	60
Mr. K. Pranesha Rao	Do	Shemoga Divn. do	Shemoga	60
Mr. C. Kristnasawmy Pillay	Do	Kadur Divn. do	Tarikere	60
Mr. J. P. Jacobs	Do	Chituldug Divn. do	Davengere	60
Mr. P. C. Chengulroya Naidu	Do	Mysore Divn. do	Nanjengad	60
Mr. Lutchmen Rao	Do	Do	Mysore	60
Mr. T. R. Sunyasee Naidu	District Surveyor	Tumkur Divn. do	Tumkur	60
Mr. J. C. C. Dias	Accountant	Examiner's Office, P. W. A.	Bangalore	120
Mr. T. Cupusami Moodr.	Do	Do do	Do	100
Mr. C. Venketasubbiah	Do	Bangalore Dn., P. W. D.	Do	95
Mr. M. A. Sreenivasa-chari	Do	Mysore Divn. do	Mysore	90
Mr. C. Govindaraju Moodelliar	Do	Examiner's Office P. W. A.	Bangalore	80
Mr. V. Thungavelu Moodelliar	Do	Shemoga Divn., P. W. D.	Shemoga	80
Mr. N. R. Sreecuntiah	Do	Kadur Divn. do	Chicknag-lur	80
Mr. A. Appavu Moodr.	Do	Examiner's Office, P. W. D.	Bangalore	70
Mr. M. A. Krishna Iyengar	Do	Palace Divn., P. W. D.	Do	60

* On 1 year's furl.

List of Engineers and Upper Subordinate Employes, &c.—concluded.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary.
Mr. C. Kasava Moodr.	Accountant	Kolar Divn., P. W. D.	Kolar	Rs. 60
Mr. Seebu Narasiah	Do	Chitaldrug Divn. do	Chitaldrug	60
Mr. M. Ramasawmy Iyengar	Do	Ashtagram Chl. Divn., P. W. D.	Mysore	55.
Mr. H. Narasinga Bhau	Do	Examiner's Office, P. W. D.	Bangalore	45
Mr. A. Theruwangadasawmy Moodelliar.	Do	Tumkur Divn., P. W. D.	Tumkur	45
Mr. J. Jaganatha Rao.	Do	Mysore Special Imp'ts. Divn., P. W. D.	Mysore	40
Mr. B. Seetharamiah	Do	Hassan Divn. do	Hassan	40

THE CHIEF COURT OF MYSORE

Is the highest Court of the Province, whose decisions are final.

C. G. Plumer, Esq.	Chief Judge.
T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty, Esq.	Judge.
A. Ramachandra Iyer, Esq.	Do.
L. Anantawami Row, Esq.	Registrar.
J. Clapham, Esq.	Deputy Registrar.
Mr. Ramasamiengar.	Head Translator.

The Court is held in the Public Offices, and sits every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M. The Court sits by appointment on other days, Sundays and Holidays excepted.

Deputy Commissioner's Office, Bangalore.

Major A. H. Macintire.	Dy. Commr.	P. Nagabooshanum Naidu;
A. S. Raghayachari, Esq.	Rev. Sheristadar.	- Esq. Ag. Sheristadar.
		M. Steele, Esq. Head Clerk.

Sub-Judge's Court.

C. Cress, Esq.	Sub-Judge.	Mr. Krishnasamy Mudaliar. Sheristadar.
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Munsiff's Court.

S. Soobbaroy, Esq.	Munsiff.
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The Civil and Military Station, Bangalore.

Lt.-Col. H. M. S. Magrath.	Ag. Civil and Sessions Judge.	Abdool Rahaman, Esq. 2nd Magistrate.
E. Hewetson, Esq.	Ag. District Magistrate.	G. Yardannah, Esq. Chief Clerk.

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION POLICE, BANGALORE.

F. Fawcett, Esq., Offg. District Superintendent of Police.

A Division.—K. Ramachandra Row, Head-Quarter Inspector and Manager; K. Bhemsani Row, 1st Grade Sub-Inspector; A. Narrainsawmy Moodaliar, 2nd Grade Sub-Inspector.

B Division.—Mr. M. W. Mellor, 1st Grade Inspector; Mr. E. R. Shaw, 2nd Grade Inspector; Mr. J. T. Dore, 3rd Grade Inspector.

CHIEF CONSTABLES.—Messrs. M. C. Bowman, T. H. Ross, E. Webster, J. W. Wilby, E. P. Quigly, G. H. J. Neithercott, B. G. Venketsoobiah, and H. E. Castello.

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE'S COURT OF THE CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION OF BANGALORE.

Edward Hewetson, Esq., Offg. District Magistrate and Collector; B. Srinivasa Iyengar, Head Clerk; A. N. Dhurmalunga Moodelliar, Interpreter.

2ND MAGISTRATE'S COURT OF THE CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION OF BANGALORE.

Mr. M. Abdul Rahaman, Magistrate, 1st Class; A. Achutharaya Moodelliar, Head Clerk; P. Chengulraya Naidu, Deputy Clerk.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSION.

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION OF BANGALORE.

Edw. Hewetson, Esq., President. EX-OFFICIO COMMISSIONERS.—The Deputy Surg.-Genl., Her Majesty's British Forces; The Assistant Qr. Mr. General, Bangalore Division; The Executive Engineer, Presidency Division; The District Superintendent of Police, Civil and Military Station; The Residency Surgeon in Mysore; The 2nd Magistrate, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore. ELECTED COMMISSIONERS, No. I, URSU Division—R. P. Campbell, Esq., B. Lingiah Garoo, Esq., R. B., P. Maselamony Moodliar, Esq., R. B.; No. II, SOUTHERN DIVISION—J. A. Gow, Esq., J. W. Hayes, Esq., Senior, H. Plumb, Esq., Abdool Hussain Saib, Esq., K. B., Aga Abdool Saib, Esq., K. B., Aga Jan Saib, Esq., K. B.; No. III, EAST GENERAL BAZAAR DIVISION—A. R. Sabapathy Moodliar, Esq., R. B., V. Gungathara Chetty, Esq., R. B., B. Krishna Singh, Esq., R. B.; No. IV, WEST GENERAL BAZAAR DIVISION—T. Vijayaraghavulu Naidu, Esq., R. B., Haji T. Khader Pacha Saib, Esq., K. B.; No. V, BLACKPULLY DIVISION—A. M. Smith, Esq.; No. VI, HIGH GROUND DIVISION—G. G. Brown, Esq., N. Narrain Chetty, Esq., R. B.; PART OF NO. II DIVISION—A. Singaravelu Moodliar, Esq., B. A., R. B.

Mr. G. Gibson, Municipal Executive Engineer and Chief Sanitary Inspector, Mr. W. R. James Manley, Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes; Mr. R. J. Harrison, Sanitary Inspector.

SALARIES OF THE OFFICERS OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSION, CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION OF BANGALORE.

Executive Engineer	Rs. 300
Assessor and Collr. of Municipal Taxes	" 250
Sanitary Inspector	" 100

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

B. L. Rice, Esq., C.I.E.	Director of Public Instruction	Rs. 1,200
J. Cook, Esq., M.A.	Principal, Central College, Bangalore	" 800
H. J. Bhabha, M.A.	Head Master, Maharaja's College, Mysore	" 550
R. H. Piggott, M.A.	Language Professor, Central College	" 450
C. M. Leonard, M.A.	Principal Assistant, Central College	" 450
A. G. King, B.A.	Head Master, Shimoga College	" 300
J. Arbuthnott, B.A.	do. Hassan High School	" 240
H. Venkatramaya, B.A.	do. Tumkur do.	" 220
G. Dunning	do. Kolar do.	" 140
S. Cress, B.A.	do. Chikmagalur do.	" 140
W. Grieverson.	Dy. Insp., Bangalore, and Asst. in Office of D. P. I.	" 220
B. Venkatpatiengar.	do. East Circle	" 220
V. Nadamuhli Naidu	do. North do.	" 120
B. Desikachar.	do. West do.	" 120
H. Kesavaiya	do. South do.	" 90

LIST OF GENTLEMEN ENROLLED AS ADVOCATES IN THE CHIEF COURT OF MYSORE.

Mr. G. Nepean Smith	at-law.	Mr. E. S. Wilkins, Barrister.	Mr. R. F. Grant
" E. S. Smith			S. Biligiri Iyengar
" J. A. Lazaro			P. Ananda Charloo
A. Srinivasachari			Mr. J. Middleton
A. Sambasiva			" G. P. Johnstone, Barrister-at-law
Mr. J. W. Hayes, Senior			" H. G. Wright
Mitha Ram Rao (Public Prosecutor)			" F. H. Lascelles, Barrister-at-law
P. Chengulroya Moodelliar			" R. B. Michell, Barrister-at-law
A. Ramaija Chari			E. Venkatramaya
Mr. M. W. Dee			Mr. J. Carr
Mr. Henry Charles Gooch			" A. M. Corner
C. B. Seshagiri Row (Ag. Munsif)			U. Govinda Row
P. Singarachary (Public Prosecutor now Ag. Munsif.)			C. W. Soondarum Sastry
P. Soobramiah			P. V. Krishnasawmi Chetty
Mr. H. Browne			Mr. A. Champion
S. Narrain Row			" J. W. Handley, Barrister-at-law
E. S. Soobray (Public Prosecutor, Mysore)			M. V. Krishna Row
L. Sreenivasa Iyengar			M. Saithoo Row
Mr. C. Meenashuaia, Barrister-at-law (Govt. Advocate)			T. Soobroya Mudaliar
			N. D. Venkiah

List of Gentlemen enrolled as Advocates in the Chief Court of Mysore—continued.

Mr. R. T. Tasker	E. C. Sachedanundum Pillai	C. M. Nanjappa
" E. W. Wilkins	H.V. Nanjoondia (Asst. Comr.)	S. Narasuniengar
B. A. Nanjoondappa	M. Bheema Row	Venkatanarasimha Chari
A. Venkatrama Sastri	T. Ramanujaiengar	N. Narsing Row
M. Soondara Iyer	B. Gooroo Row	B. Sreenivassienagar
T. S. Nursing Row	S. Ramasamiengar	H. Thimmakrishna Row
W. Ragava Mudaliar	S. Soob Row	Mir. Ali Saib
H. Krishna Row	Mr. P. D. Shaw	M. A. Narasimhachari
Mr. N. Soobramoneyam Bar-	D. Venkatramiah	V. Ragavacharu
risters-at-law	Mr. T. W. Laing	T. Kanteravacharu
" F. B. Loverly	B. Krishniengar	M. A. Srinivassienagar
" J. Short (Junior)	Mr. T. B. Spark	K. T. Narasimmiengar
M. C. Alasingara Chari	T. D. Narsiah	M. Ananthaiya Chetty
Mr. P. M. Pedroza	N. Cheluvienagar	S. Narasimulu
M. Y. Ramanuja Chari	M. Venketramia Chetty	M. Ramanna
Mr. B. Harvey	C. Venketnarsia, Barrister-at-	H. Narsing Row
" C. W. Wilson	law	T. Venkatanarasimha Chari
" E. F. Burton	Mr. W. Grant, Barrister-at-	S. Nanjappa
M. Lakshmi Nursiniyengar,	law	C. Krishnamurti
n.a.	" H. G. Wedderburn, Bar-	B. Garudachar
M. Krishniengar	risters-at-law	A. Ramanna
R. Balaji Rao.	" F. Rowlandson	B. V. Ramasami Chetti
Mr. E. B. Powell, Barrister-	" E. Norton, Barrister-at-	S. T. Kristnamma Charyar
at-law	law	V. Bhashyam Iyengar
" H. H. Shephard, Barris-	M. O. Parthasarathiengar	S. Venkat Row
ters-at-law	S. Hanpajeo Row (District	H. Krishna Row
C. Moorogusa Mudaliar	and Session Judge,	Mr. J. H. S. Branson (Barris-
Mr. H. C. King	Mysore).	ters-at-law)
" V. M. Fernandes	M. M. Srinivasa Row	M. Kashiya Rungaiengar.
" J. C. S. Lawrance	M. A. Sreenivassa Chari	

LIST OF FIRST GRADE PLEADERS.

E. S. Ramanatha Iyer	D. Seshagiriiah	D. Venkatramaniah
M. Kristniengar	B. Venkatramiah	Mahomed Ghouse
M. A. Sreenivassienagar	M. Mahomed Ali	S. Rungasamiengar
S. Vytheanathier	B. Goondappa	N. Harriappah
K. Soorianaranappa	Mr. S. A. Godfrey	H. Ramaswamy Iyengar
C. Lutchmana Row	S. Madhava Row	S. Venkatramaniah
M. Etherajulu Naidu	V. Krishna Row	H. Ramadasiah
M. Parthasarathiengar	N. Venkatramiah	P. Narasimha Sastry
P. Seshagiri Row	C. Rungannah	A. K. Venkatachar
B. Vedanta Iyengar	G. Aruhachella Sastri	D. Sadasiva Row
P. Parthasarathiengar	A. Perumal Mudaliar	Y. Goondappa
B. Lutchminaranappa	T. N. Soobramanya Sastri	K. Narasimhachar
C. Sreenivassienagar	T. Ramaswamy Iyengar	B. Krishniengar
G. Sadasiva Row	S. Sreenivasa Chari	A. Ramaswamier
N. Soobba Row	S. Mylariah	J. Soobba Row
S. Sreenivassa Row	D. Vassudevappah	S. Venkat Row
K. Rama Row	P. Venkatanarasimhachar	C. S. I. Gungatharier
P. Yekambaram Mudaliar	N. Venkatasoobbiah.	H. N. Venkoba Row
T. Bheema Row	C. Gooroo Row	S. N. Kolluraya
C. Konary Row Sahib	N. Soobba Row	L. Nursinga Row
C. Kandasawmy Mudaliar	M. Abdul Khader	K. Lakshmaniah
L. Narrain Row	C. Venketasoobbiah.	C. Rungapadum Mudaliar
T. Ramanujienagar	Y. C. Sreenivassienagar	P. Rajagopala Chari
O. Venkatachar	B. Vencoba Row	S. Rungacharu
G. Gooroo Row	K. Soorappa	G. G. Hanoomantha Row
C. Narasimha Char	T. Varahamoorthi Row	Mr. H. L. Gomes
Balakrishna Row Bheemajee	C. Seetharamiah.	K. Vijayaraghava Chari
A. Venkatachari	B. Seetharanappa	Sreenivassa Venkatacharyar
A. S. Rajah Row	M. Ramannah	B. Narsimiengar
D. Bheemi Row	Y. Krishna Row	S. Narrain Row.
M. Krishna Sastri	C. Krishnappa	

SECOND GRADE PLEADERS.

V. Devarappa	H. Timmappa	H. Narasimha Sastry
P. Ramiah	K. V. Atchanna	K. Mallhari Row
M. Lakshmi Narasimiengar	D. Lutchminarasappa	B. Seenappa
C. Rama Row	M. Thummiah	K. Venkatasoobbia
H. N. V. Soobanna	Y. Venkatanarasiah	M. A. Mallhari Row
H. Soobanna	C. Lutchmipathia	B. Krishnappa

Second Grade Pleadars—continued.

A. Krishna Row	A. Kristnappa	P. Naranappa
Eswariah	K. Seetharamiah	C. Oblappa
Komariah	Vencatakrishniengar	C. Mulhari Row
H. B. Achootha Row	B. Tirumalachar	K. H. Runga Row
E. Deva Row	H. Narasimiah	B. Vyasaroya Chari
A. Singara Chari	A. P. Narasimiah	B. Devappa
M. Seetharamappa	A. K. Alasingarachar	G. Soob Row
V. Samanna	S. Soobbaraniah	C. Kesava Pillai
E. Bheema Row	Ramanujachar	H. Sreenivassienagar
M. Takoor Singh	B. Kesavadassienagar	S. Mylariah
V. Rajaruthna Mudaliar	M. S. Gopala Chari	B. Seetharamiah
C. K. Annappa	M. Tiruvengada Chari	A. Samanna
M. Vencatanaranappa	A. P. Ramiah	D. Vencoba Row
M. Nagappah	C. Sreenivassa Row	H. Thummanniah
D. Vasodeva Row	N. Soondara Char	A. Narasimiah
K. Soobbiah	G. C. Vencatasoobbia	Luchmenaranappa
H. Krishna Row	B. Yadava Row	B. Hanumanthia
C. Lutchmana Row	S. Mahadeva Nadigar	C. P. Goomoorthia
G. Narasimiengar	D. Samanna	Shahaboodeen
M. Chintamony Row	H. Soora Sastry	N. Goondappa
K. Bavani Sankariah	M. Vencatramiah	V. Narasimiah
S. Kesava Row	B. Ragavendra Row	N. Krishniengar
D. Ananthappa	J. Bistappa	T. Bheema Row
T. Parthasaradiengar	R. Narasimha	K. Cheikanniah
B. Venkata Row	Krishna Pundit	H. Nursinga Row
H. Nagappa	S. Thummiah	M. A. Narasimha Chari
S. Raghavendra Row	C. Krishnappa	B. Mylariah
T. Veerappah	M. Singlachar	R. Hanumantha Row
H. Bheema Row	P. V. Raghava Charri	B. Garoodachar
C. Narasingappa	L. Sivaramaiya	H. Narayeniyer
N. D. Vencata Chari	M. Narasimhachar	T. Seetharamayah
H. Annajee Row	S. Narasimiah	M. Raghavender Row
T. T. Siddanniah	K. Rama Row	S. D. Chennappiah
K. Madhoo Row	B. Krishna Row	M. Surasastry
K. Soobramoneya Sastri	H. Vasodeva Row	B. M. Sreenivasa Row
K. Sreenivassa Row	Hemaraaj Hazaree	T. V. Arunachellum Pillay
S. Rama Row	M. Samannah	M. Venkatramiah
K. Poottiah	E. D. Seshagiri Row	H. Hutha Row
H. T. S. Vencata Chari	B. Seenappa	E. Rungachar
T. N. Gooroo Row	B. Ramaswamiengar	B. Narsimiengar
K. Bhanappa	U. Lakshman Row	M. Narsimiengar
H. Vencatramaniah	V. Raghavendra Row	D. Kodundaramiah
S. Narraina Sastri	V. G. Narraina Iyer	M. S. Hiriannappa
B. Sivaramaiya	B. Kasturi Rungachar	D. Bheema Row
H. Soobanna	M. Achoothappa	M. F. R. Coopooosamy Chetty
T. Narasimiah	M. Narahari Sastri	M. Narainsamy Iyengar
Oblacharri	K. Neelakunta Row	
H. Govinda Chari	Samanna	

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH, BANGALORE;

ESTABLISHED IN 1817.

Services at St. Paul's.

Sundays: Holy Communion, Matins and Evensong with sermons, and Sunday school for children.

Mondays, Tuesdays and Saturdays: 7-30 A.M. Matins, 4 P.M. Evensong.

Wednesdays: 7-30 A.M. Litany, 5 P.M. Evensong with address.

Thursdays and Saints' Days: 7-30 A.M. Holy Communion, 4 P.M. Evensong.

Fridays: 7-30 A.M. Litany, 6 P.M. Evensong with sermon.

Churchings before any service. Baptisms at any week-day service, or by appointment on Sundays.

Fort Church.

Sundays, Wednesdays and Saints' Days: 7-30 A.M. Matins with sermon.

Holy Communion once a month.

Prayer-meetings, conducted either by the Missionary or by one of the Agents, are held twice a week in the houses of Christians at their own request and cost.

The salary of the Missionary is paid wholly by the M. D. C. who give a further grant of Rs. 47-8-0 per month in aid of the general fund; but as this is barely sufficient to meet the monthly expenditure, it is supplemented by local contributions for special objects,

and by a grant from the Mysore Government towards the salaries of the school-master and school-mistresses.

The services of the Catechist and Reader are at the disposal of those subscribers who wish their servants to receive instruction in the Christian religion.

There is no S. P. G. Mission Boarding School for boys in Bangalore, and although it is very desirable that there should be one connected with S. Paul's Church, the state of the funds will not permit of one being opened just now. There are at present only ten boarders in the Girls' School, of these three are supported by Miss Mullins, to whom the Mission is deeply indebted for the interest she takes in the welfare, temporal and spiritual of those belonging to it.

The attention of those interested in Mission work is called to some of the most important wants in connexion with S. Paul's, as without additional help from them no satisfactory progress can be made.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| (1) Additional Agents. | (4) Church Furniture. |
| (2) Improvement of Girls' Boarding School. | (5) Choir Fund. |
| (3) Repairs of the Ch. & School buildings. | |

Contributions in aid of the above objects will be thankfully received by Mr. W. Eccles, Honorary Treasurer, S. P. G. Mission, Bangalore.

Bangalore.
1st Decr. 1887.

THOMAS ADAMSON,
Missionary, S. P. G.

THE BISHOP COTTON SCHOOLS AND COLLEGE, BANGALORE.

Affiliated to the University of Madras.

COMMITTEE—President.—Major-General Rowlands, V.C., C.B.; Vice-President.—The Venerable Archdeacon Browne, D.D., Members—*Ex-officio*—Col. H. M. S. Magrath (District Magistrate), S. White King, M.A., LL.D., Assistant Resident, Lt.-Col. Hamilton, R.E., The Rev. the Chaplain of St. Mark's, The Rev. the Chaplain of Holy Trinity, The Rev. the Chaplain of St. John's; *Elected*—G. C. Brown, Esq., J. Cameron, Esq., F.R.S., T. Barton, Esq., C. M. Leonard, Esq., M.A.; Surg.-Major Dobson, B.A., M.D., *Honorary Secretary*; *Visitor*—The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras; *Warden*—Harold A. Williams, M.A. (*Cantab.*)

These Schools and College were founded, in connection with the scheme originated by the late Bishop Cotton of Calcutta, to provide, in a healthy climate and at a moderate cost, the means of a sound education for the children of European parents resident in India and the East. The religious teaching is that of the Church of England. There are two distinct and separate establishments, (i) for boys, (ii) for girls.

(i) *The Boys' School* provides systematic tuition in the usual branches of a liberal education, and the course of instruction is graduated from the elementary lessons of the preparatory class (intended for boys of seven years) to the Matriculation standard of the Madras University. The tuition fees are Rs. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. The work and progress of each class is tested frequently by the Warden, and periodical reports are sent to parents and guardians. The School is under Government inspection; pupils are also presented annually at Bangalore for the Matriculation, Middle School and Special Upper Primary Examinations; the Annual Report is issued as soon as the results of these examinations are known.

Gymnastics and Drilling are conducted by the Garrison Instructors. The senior boys belong to the Schools Company of the Bangalore Rifle Volunteers. Cricket, Football and Athletics are encouraged.

(ii) *The Girls' School* is taught by a staff of five mistresses under Miss Edith Gow, F.A. The preparatory class provides careful elementary instruction for quite young children. Pupils are presented annually at Bangalore for the Matriculation, Higher Education of Women, Middle School, and Special Upper Primary Examinations. The School is under Government inspection; the Annual Report is issued as soon as the results of the examinations are known. The work and progress of each class is tested frequently by the Warden, and periodical reports are sent to parents and guardians. The tuition fees are Rs. 3, 4, 5, 6, 7. Regular instruction is given in needle-work.

Lessons are given in both schools in the following subjects at an extra charge.

Music—Piano 6, Violin 8, Singing 3, Singing class 1.
French 3, Drawing 1-8, Dancing 7. Vernaculars 1-8.

(iii) *The College Department* is primarily adapted to meet the requirements of such Matriculated Students (boys or girls) as may be desirous of reading for the Examinations in Arts, to the B.A. degree of the Madras University. Special preparation is also afforded for the various competitive examinations in India and in England, and for entrance into the Government Services. Tuition fee Rs. 10.

Boarders are received into both Schools.

The terms are:—

Boarding, etc. (exclusive of tuition).....	Rs. 35
Washing and mending	2
Ordinary medical attendance	1
Entrance fee	10

Arrangements can be made when more than one of a family are received.

"Foundationers" pay reduced rates for boarding; particulars may be had from the Warden. The Medical Attendant is F. Pereira, Esq., Hony. Surgeon, who has also care of the sanitary arrangements. D. S. E. Bain, Esq., M.D., (Brigade Surgeon, I.M.D.) is Consulting Physician. Every pupil must bring sheets, blankets, pillow-cases, towels, and a chest of drawers or a strong box with good lock and key.

The Boys' Boarding Establishment is under the immediate care of the Warden, who is assisted by resident Masters. The Matron has charge of the clothes and will correspond with parents on matters connected with the health and personal comfort of their sons. Provision is made in a detached bungalow for sick boys, who are under the care of the Matron and the Medical Attendant. Boarders prepare their lessons at regular hours under the supervision of the resident masters, who take it in turns to be present and render assistance. Boarders are not allowed to leave the school compound without special permission.

The Girls' Boarding Establishment is under the immediate care of the Lady-Superintendent, who is assisted by two resident Mistresses and a Matron. The Lady-Superintendent will correspond with parents on matters connected with the health and personal comfort of their daughters. Boarders prepare their lessons at regular hours under the supervision of the resident mistresses, who are present to help them in any difficulties. Boarders are never allowed to leave the school premises except with the Lady-Superintendent's permission and accompanied by some responsible person approved of by her. Invitations can only be accepted from friends previously sanctioned by parents and not oftener than once a month.

N.B.—All fees and charges are to be paid to the Warden in advance, not later than the 15th of each month. No deduction can be made for occasional or contingent absences.

A month's notice in writing is required in all cases before the removal of a pupil.

Applications for admission are to be made to the Warden, who will furnish information required, and receive all communications relating to the Schools.

HAROLD A. WILLIAMS, M.A., *Cantab.*

BANGALORE, Sept. 2, 1887.

Warden.

Mr. Williams receives a limited number of boys into his own house as private boarders. Terms may be had on application.

ST. ANDREW'S BOYS' SCHOOL,

(Church Compound.)

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Rev. James N. Ogilvie, M.A., Chaplain, <i>Secy.</i>	Captain T. Taylor, <i>Treasurer</i>
Colonel W. Hill.	D. Eppinger, Esq.
John Cook, Esq., M.A., <i>Principal, Central College.</i>	R. T. Scudwell, Esq.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT:

A. J. Atkinson, Esq., *Head Master.*

Mr. C. A. Wilkinson, 1st Asst. Master.	Mr. C. A. Shaw, Drawing Master.
" J. J. Harvey, 2nd do.	A. Bhaskar Row, Tamil Munshi.
" H. A. Atkinson, 3rd do.	Mr. W. McKie, School Sergeant.

The School consists of a High, a Middle and Upper and Lower Primary Schools.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

The boarders reside with the Head Master in his own private house, and the greatest attention is paid to the moral training and personal comforts of the boys.

Each boarder is expected to bring his own Box or Chest of Drawers, Mattress, two Pillows and Bed-linen, Fork and Spoon.

TERMS.—Rs. 30 per month, exclusive of school fees. When more than one of the same family are boarders, a special agreement may be made with the Head Master, to whom apply for further particulars.

DAY PUPILS.

High School, including Matriculation Class and Class VII, Rs. 5.

Middle School—Class VI, Rs. 4-8; Class V, Rs. 4.

Primary School—Class IV, Rs. 3; Classes III and II, Rs. 2 each.*

N.B.—A reduction is made in the High and Middle Schools in the case of two or more pupils from the same family. A lower scale of fees has been fixed for parents unable to pay the above fees, for particulars of which apply to the Head Master.

ST. ANDREW'S GIRLS' SCHOOL.

(Church Compound.)

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT:—Same as in Boys' School.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. Houlston (of Queen's College, London), Lady Principal.

Assistants.—The Misses Green, James, Harvey.

Music—Mrs. Fletcher, French, Drawing, Plain and Fancy Work—Mrs. Jupe, and all the

* Vernaculars Rs. 1 to Rs. 2. Drawing Re. 1-4.

usual accomplishments taught. Pupils prepared for the Middle School and Higher Examinations. The arrangement of Classes and the Scale of Fees are the same as in the Boys' School, with the addition of Class I and a Preparatory Class for little boys and girls.

Boarders are received by the Lady Principal, to whom apply. Particulars regarding both Boys' and Girls' Schools may be learned from the Rev. James N. Ogilvie, M.A.

BRANCH BANK OF MADRAS, BANGALORE.

A. C. Irwin, Esq., Agent.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank allows no interest, and makes no charge, provided the balance does not fall below Rupees 400.

In the event of the word "Bearer" in Cheques being altered to "Order" the Bank will not hold itself responsible in respect of the genuineness of the endorsements on Cheques so altered.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

In sums not less than 100 for which Interest for 6 months at $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. per annum.

Do. do. do. 12 do. 4 do.

Approved Bills discounted, &c.

Loans granted on deposit of Government Promissory Notes and other Securities.

Drafts granted on the Bank of Madras, Bengal and Bombay and their Branches.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Bank draws on London as Agents of the Comptoir D'Escompte De Paris.

For Rules and Rates of business. See Madras Bank, page 630.

POST BILLS.

The Bank grants Post Bills for sums over Rs. 100 without charge, except for Receipt stamps; for smaller sums a small fee is charged.

A Post Bill is a promissory note of the undersigned, payable to order at this office, without charge, and at the Bank at Madras, at present, at two annas per cent. discount for sums over Rs. 100.

A Post Bill is equivalent to the Bank's cheque on itself. Payment of Post Bills can be stopped if numbers are given, and being payable to order payments can be traced. Any Bank will cash them at the exchange of the day.

To strangers who visit Bangalore for a short while, and who do not wish to open current accounts, Post Bills should be very useful, as they have the advantages of a private cheque with the name of the Bank.

BANGALORE BANK (LIMITED).

OPENED 1ST OCTOBER 1860—SOUTH PARADE.

AGENT.—M. W. Walker, Esq.; DIRECTORS, W. Garratt, Esq., President; H. Hart, Esq., H. Abraham, M.R.Ry. A. Narayanasawmy Moodelly, Rao Bahadur, M.R.Ry. A. R. Sabapathy Mudaliyar Rao Bahadur, The President of the Bangalore Hindu Family Pension Fund, V. Gungathra Chettyar Rao Bahadur; ACCOUNTANT, A. Aroonachella Moodalliar; CASHIER AND SHERISTADAR, A. Annasawmy Moodelliar.

Subscribed Capital, Rs. 7,00,000 of Rs. 100 each share.

Paid up Capital, Rs. 4,34,070.

Shares taken in full, Rs. 3,539.

Shares in reserve, Rs. 161.

The business of the Bank consists in granting Loans, Discounting Bills, granting orders on all the Presidency Towns and on England, and in drawing the pay of Civil and Military officers.

THE BANGALORE FRIEND-IN-NEED SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1861.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.—Sir Harry Prendergast, K.C.B., V.C., Officiating Resident, President. Members.—Rev. W. H. Herré, Rev. P. Janssoone, Rev. W. H. J. Picken, A. Sreenivassachary, Esq., A. R. Sabapathy Moodelliar Rao Bahadur, T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty, Esq., Rev. J. M. Walker, Col. W. N. Wroughton, Honorary Secretary, R. Donaldson, Esq., Honorary Treasurer.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.—Honorary Secretary, Col. W. N. Wroughton; Honorary Treasurer, R. Donaldson Esq.; Members, Rev. W. H. Herré, Rev. W. H. J. Picken, Rev. P. Janssoone, A. R. Sabapathy Moodelliar Rao Bahadur, T. R. A. Thumboo Chetty, Esq., Rev. J. M. Walker, Mr. J. Woodhouse, Superintendent; Mr. D. Wilson, Overseer; Mrs. Smith, Matron; F. B. Pereira, Esq., Honorary Surgeon, in Medical charge.

THE LAL BAGH.

THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT BOTANICAL GARDEN, commonly known as the LAL BAGH, (from the Hindustani, signifying *red or ruby garden*), is under the direction of a Superintendent who is responsible to H. H. the Maharajah. The present Superintendent is Mr. J. CAMERON. The garden is situated about two miles south-east of the centre of the Cantonment of Bangalore and covers an area of about 50 acres of ground, which slopes gently from the southern boundary, where there is a tank communicating with water channels which are led through most of the garden. The greater portion of the ground is very tastefully laid out in ornamental lawns and terraced flower gardens with green houses, aviary, and cages for Lions, Tigers and Cheetahs, &c. The Menagerie has now been enclosed and enlarged; a Picnic house built; the large terrace completed, and upon which it is contemplated to build an Exhibition house. The Deer Park is situated at the east end of the gardens and greatly adds to the curiosities of the garden. Fruits and Vegetables are cultivated and acclimatized to a greater extent than hitherto. The garden is open from 6 A.M. till dusk. Carriages and horses are expected to enter by the left-hand entrance gate, and return by the one on the right, keeping to the main drive which encircles the garden. Furious driving is strictly prohibited. Visitors are not permitted to pluck flowers or fruits; and are expected not to bring dogs to the garden, as they do much injury to the seed beds and attack the deer. Plants and seeds may be purchased at the garden. A detailed catalogue of the stock on sale, showing the prices, can be obtained from the Superintendent on application and also a botanical catalogue of all the known plants in the garden.

A large ornamental Fernery has been built adjoining the rockery.

The plants in the garden are being permanently named for the information of visitors; and an economic garden in which the official and medicinal plants will be brought together and grouped according to their natural orders is being formed near the Menagerie.

HORTICULTURAL SHOWS.—Since the Mysore Agri-Horticultural Society has been dissolved, the half-yearly shows which are held in the gardens in the months of July and January are conducted and managed by the Superintendent, assisted by a temporary Committee of Jurors.

The institution now belongs to H. H. the Maharajah of Mysore, but under his government, the direction and management is exactly the same as heretofore.

The Menagerie and Aviary will be fully stocked with a better collection of animals and birds.

NOTICE.

1. Any one giving a picnic in the Government Gardens must apply to the Superintendent, at least 24 hours previously, for permission to do so; and on the occasion of such picnics, a hire of Rs. 3 per day will be charged for the use of the house—Darwinia—and the adjacent grounds.

2. Servants sent by those giving picnics must abide by the orders of the Superintendent.

3. The garden gates will not be kept open on such occasions, unless by special permission.

4. Persons will not be allowed to occupy the Darwinia unless the above rules are strictly observed.

By order,

(Signed) J. CAMERON, Superintendent, Government Gardens.

BELLARY PROTESTANT ORPHAN ASYLUM.

For destitute Children of European descent.

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS AND GOVERNMENT GRANT.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.—Col. J. M. E. Galloway, Col. T. R. Byng, Major C. A. Empson, Surgeon-Major W. O'Hara, H. M. Winterbotham, Esq., C.S., J. H. M. Cox, Esq., J. H. Cook, Esq., Col. G. Chrystie, M. H. Dunhill, Esq., J. W. Boys, Esq., Rev. E. Lewis, M. Abraham, Esq., B. A. Blake, Esq.; and Rev. A. Acheson-Williams, Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.

LADIES' COMMITTEE.—Mrs. Williams (Lady Secretary), Mrs. Winterbotham, Mrs. Byng, Mrs. Lewis, Mrs. Cox, Mrs. Peters, Mrs. Boys, Mrs. Chrystie, Mrs. Garrett, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Cook; Schoolmaster, Mr. Cantervisscher; Schoolmistress, Miss C. Home; Superintendent and Matron, Mrs. Smith.

For many years this Institution has been instrumental in providing for large numbers of destitute and orphan children, who would else undoubtedly have fallen into vice and heathenism. Thirty children are clothed, fed, and so far educated as to fit them for gaining their own livelihood when they grow up. Instruction is also given to day-scholars at the Asylum School, on payment of school fees. There is a workshop attached to the Institution where the elder boys are trained.

Subscriptions are earnestly solicited and will be thankfully acknowledged by the Secretary or the Treasurer.

COCHIN.

(We are indebted to the *Deewan* of Cochin for the following information.)

His Highness Rama Varma, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Rajah of Cochin, born 11th May 1835 ascended the Musnud 28th March 1864.

British Residency.

At the Court of H. H. the Rajah.

HEAD QUARTERS WHEN AT COCHIN, BOLGHATTY.

J. C. Hammington, Esq., Resident.
W. Dumergue, Esq., Assistant Resident, (on other duty).
Captain A. Howlett, Madras Staff Corps, Ag. Asst. Resident.
Surgeon H. P. Esmonde White, Residency Surgeon.
Mahdavan Nair, Hospital Assistant.

Resident's Office.

Manager, Mr. T. Swamy.
Senior Clerk, Mr. A. Lallive.

Treasury.

Officer in charge, Manager Resident's Office.
Treasurer, Padmanabha Mudaliar.

Officers of H. H. the Rajah's Palace.

TRIPPOONITHURA.

Physician in ordinary, *vacant*.
Sub-Assistant Surgeon, D. Gunther, in charge.
Tutor to the Princes, A. Shangara Narayana Chetty, M.A.

Muzoor Cutcherry, Ernacollum.

The affairs of the State are relieved by Dewan, T. Govinda Manone, Esq.
Sheristadar, A. Shungoony Mannadi Nair.
Police Sheristadar, V. Kunnen Nair.
Wallia Sumprethy, Krishna Menon.
Head Rayasoni, Uluthra Warriar.
Police Head Gumasta, K. Ravunni Menon.
Stamp Department, Head Gumasta, Narahari Rao.

Muzoor-Registration Department.

Registrar, T. C. Cochunny Menon.
Deputy Registrar, G. Abraham.
Head Goomastah, K. Rama Menon.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Cashkeeper, Shuppukutti Menon.
Samprathi, M. Shungoony Menon.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, Mr. Francis Rice.
Head Clerk, Mr. P. A. Stevenage.
Accountant, M. R. S. Augustus, Ag.
Translator, N. Narayana Menon, B.A.

Dg. Peishcar's Cutcherry, Ernacollum:

Deputy Dewan Peishcar and Magistrate, Madaven Ellayathu, Esq.

Muzoor Cutcherry, Trichoor.

Dewan, Ischar and Magistrate, A. Sankarali, Esq., B.A.
Sheristadar, K. Rama Warriar.

Police.

Superintendent, Mr. G. H. Gunther.
Assistant Superintendent, Holm Chund Lal.

District Inspectors of Police.

V. Kunju Kutta Panikkar Ernakulum.
P. Achyutha Menon Cochin.
K. Sankunnu Menon Irinjalakuda.
R. D'Lemos Trichoor.
Venkateswara Iyer Wadakkancherry.
R. Bheem Row Chittoor.
V. Kunjuni Pillai Kodungalor.

Nair Brigade.

Subadar, T. Achutha Menon.
(Detachments at Trippoonithura, Ernacollum, Trichoor, &c.)

The Native Artillery consists of 20 men and are stationed at Ernacollum; and are employed in processions on State occasions, firing salute guns, &c.
The Infantry in 4 companies consists only of 329 men, and are all Hindu Nairs.

Educational Department.

The Free School established originally in 1845 became some years back the present "Ernacollum High School," which now includes all classes from a senior F. A. down to the Vernacular classes.

The College class work is divided between the following teachers:—

Alfred Forbes Sealy, M.A., (Cambridge),
Director of Education and Head Master.
D. M. Cruickshank, M.A., (Aberdeen),
Second Master.
M. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A., (Madras), Assistant Master.
K. Koshi, B.A., (Madras), Assistant Master, and 18 more Assistant Masters or Munshis.
A. J. Joseph, Depy. Insp. of District Schools.

There are 5 Sirkar District Schools.

School. Taluq. Head Master.
Trichur..... (Trichur) A. P. Subramaniya Aiyar, B.A.
Kunnankulam (Thalapilly) Geo. Tharyan, F.A.
Chittur..... (Chittur) K. Strinivassallao.
Mattancheri..... (Cochin) N. Nilacanda Pat-tar.

Irinjalakuda.. (Mukundapuram) S. Sivarama Pillai, F.A.
Some private school are under inspection and are helped by Grant-in-Aid, and there is a Hebrew school at Jew Town, Cochin, and a Sanskrit School at Trichur, and St. Thereza's Convent School at Ernacollum.

Sirkar Printing Press; Ernacollum.

Superintendent, A. Sankara Narayana Iyer, B.A.

Government Publications.

Bi-monthly.—The Cochin Government Gazette (English and Malayalam).
Annual.—1. The Malayalam Calendar.—
2. The Administration Report (English).

Forest Department.

Controller of Forests, (Head Quarters, Trichoor), Mr. H. W. Hudson, M.I.C.E.
Conservator, Mr. J. C. Kohlhoff.
Assistant Conservator, J. S. Sealy and Supt. of Cardamom Hills.
—There are two Timber Depôts belonging to the Sirkar, one at Ernacollum and the other at Ponany.

Cardamom Hills.

There are seventeen Coffee Estates now in produce on the Neliampathy Coffee Hills in the Chittoor District.

Teak Plantations.

Mr. P. R. Bennett, Superintendent.

Marine Department.

The Sirkar Port of Narrakal, a little to the north of Cochin, affords good shelter for vessels even in bad weather and hence the large number of vessels that load and unload here. There is also another Port, Malippuram, close by.
Supt. of Customs, Mr. J. G. Carlos.

Meteorological.

Rainfall Register is taken at Ernacollum and Trichore.

Public Works Department.

Chief Engineer, (Head Quarters, Trichore), Mr. H. W. Hudson, M.I.C.E.
Supervisor, S. Division, Mr. H. A. D'Mello.
Do. W. Division, Mr. A. M. Gunther.
Do. E. Division, Mr. C. W. Lafrenais.
Chief Engineer's Office, Accountant, Mr. H. E. Augustus.

Medical Department.

Medical Officer to the Cochin Government, (*vacant*).
Civil and Jail Hospital, Ernacollum, Sub-Assistant Surgeon Mr. D. Gunther, in charge of the Medical Department.
Assistant, Mr. B. P. Gunther, Apothecary.
Civil and Jail Hospitals, Trichoor, Apothecary J. Chandu.
Out-Dispensary, Chittoor, Hospital Assistant, A. Narayanasawmy.

Vaccination Department.

General Superintendent, Medical Officer to the Cochin Government, *ex-officio*.
The staff of Vaccinators consists of five persons employed in the following localities:—Cochin, Moogondapuram, Trichore, Wadakkancherry and Chittoor with a Deputy Inspector.

Tahsildars' Cutcheries.

District. Tahsildars and 2nd Class Magistrates.

Kanayanoor..... A. Kittoony Menon.
(Cochin)
Kanayanoor.... P. Shungoony Menon, B.A.
Mukundapuram, K. Achutha Menon.
(Erinjalakuday)

Trichoor..... K. Narayana Menon, B.A.
Thalapilly..... P. Gopala Menon, B.A.,
(Wadakkancherry)
Chittoor..... C. Gopalla Menon.
Cranganoor..... V. K. Ramen Menon, B.A.,
(Acting).
Nemmary..... V. L. Narasimha Iyer,
3rd Class Magistrate.

District. Samprathi (a) or Taluq Sheristadars.

Kanayanoor..... K. Kunju Menon, Ag.
(Ernacollum)
Cochin..... B. Ramen Menon.
Mukundapuram, C. Krishna Menon.
(Erinjalakuday)
Trichoor..... Manikum Putter.
Thalapilly..... A. Damadaram Namboory.
(Wadakkancherry)
Chittoor..... W. Kittoony Menon.
(a) These officers are like Taluq Sheristadars in the Madras Government and exercise Tahsildar's powers during the absence on duty of Tahsildar at Head Quarters; is the responsible officer for revenue accounts, &c., has power also to dispose of such Police cases as are for that purpose transferred to him by the Tahsildar.

Judicial Department.

APPEAL COURT OF COCHIN, ERNACOLLUM.
First Judge, V. Subramanya Pillai, B.L.
Second Judge, Mr. S. Locke, Bar-at-Law, (on leave), W. T. A. Cosby, Barrister-at-Law, Ag. Second Judge.
Third Judge, T. C. Krishna Menon, B.A., B.L.
Registrar, C. S. Mahalinga Aiyer.
Sheristadar, P. Sankara Menon.
Sirkar Vakeel, Ag., Padmanabha Pillay.

Licensed Pleaders attached to the Appeal Court.

E. K. Padmanabha Pillay.
T. A. Ananda Krishna Aiyar.
M. Krishna Menon.
Mr. A. G. Gover.
" W. S. Gantz.
" C. E. Lanauze.
T. A. Tiroomala Nambi Aiyangar.
T. K. Gungadhara Sastrial.
Mr. G. G. B. Vinsomeren.
E. K. Kunju Pillai.
M. Gopala Menon.
E. Kunjan Pillai.
Mr. P. S. F. C. Langloise.
" E. W. Wilkins.
R. Jagannatha Row.
A. Deoraswamy Aiyar.
V. Kunji Krishnan Nair.
K. Vasudevan Numboori.
K. Krishna Menon.
C. Govinden Menon.
Mr. D. R. Veigas.
V. Bharathia Raja Aiyar.
K. Streemivasa Aiyangar.
S. Rama Krishna Aiyar.
P. Madhavan Pillai.
C. Chatlu Kutti Mannadier.
M. Krishna Menon.
K. Karunakara Menon.
E. Raman Menon.
Mr. F. X. Augustus.

S. Narayana Aiyar.
Mr. G. F. Pereira.
A. Rama Poодоowal.
K. Krishna Menon, B.A.
P. K. Thoman.
Mr. John Augustus.
K. P. Padmanabha Menon, B.A., B.L.
Subordinate to this the highest tribunals of the land are:—

ZILLAH COURTS.

ERNAKOLLUM.

Judge, T. C. Poouen, B.A., Barrister-at-Law.
Sirkar Vakeel, M. Krishna Menon.

Licensed Pleaders.

V. Govinda Menon.
R. Krishna Aiyar.
E. Krishna Menon.
V. Krishna Aiyar.
N. Subba Aiyar.
R. Nanoo Aiyar.
R. Subba Raya Aiyar.
S. Jacob Sita.
K. Kumaran Moothathur.
N. Narayana Pillai.
K. Ravooni Menon.
C. Kunji Krishna Menon.
A. Padmanabha Aiyar.
Kunjan Throopand.

TRICHOOOR.

Judge, C. Tiruvankata Chari, B.A., B.L.
Sirkar Vakeel, K. Krishna Menon.

Licensed Pleaders.

T. V. Rama Krishna Aiyar.
T. P. Venkitta Rama Aiyar.
N. K. Raman Menon.
T. P. Streenuvasa Aiyar.
I. V. Krishna Aiyar.
C. Vaidhi Menon.
Streenuvasa Iyengar.
P. R. Krishna Menon.
M. K. Raman Menon.
K. Krishna Menon.
C. S. Ananda Narayana Aiyar.
P. Karupakara Menon.
C. Govinda Menon.
T. H. Rama Aiyar.
C. A. Vaidyanatha Aiyar.
C. S. Subba Rama Putter.
A. Venkara Aiyangar.
P. Kunju Nambiar.
K. Ramunni Menon.
K. A. Seshu Aiyar.
P. S. Gopala Menon.
M. Krishna Menon.
C. Seetha Rama Aiyar.

Moonsiffs.

K. Venkata Row, Ernakollum.
B. Fenn, Erinjalakoda.
H. Mahadwa Aiyer, Wadakkancherry.
S. Venkateswara Iyer, Chittoor.
T. Rama Pisharodi, Trichoor.

On Special Duty.

In connection with the settlement of boundary disputes with Travancore on behalf of Cochin.
Mr. G. H. Gunther, Commissioner.

JAILS AT ERNAKOLLUM AND TRICHOOOR.

Official Visitors—(1) The Zillah Judge, each station.
(2) The Medical Officer to the Cochin Government.
(3) The Judges of the Appeal Court.

Oottupera Stations.

(Rest-houses for Brahmins where meals provided gratis.)

Trippoonitural, Ernakollum, Cochin.
Pippuram, Cranganore, Karpupadanny, Ernakollum, Chalakuday, Trichoor, Wadakkancherry, Kakkad, Puttikand, Meenepil, Pazhayanoor.

District Registrar's Office.

Cochin, P. Kitoony Menon.
Kanayannoor, Muthu Pillay.
Mukendapuram, T. Cochunny Menon.
Trichoor, K. Krishna Menon.
Thalappilly, G. Venkata Row.
Chittoor, Chundra Shekara Iyer.

Church Missionary Society.

Malayalam Mission Department.

English Clergymen stationed at the following stations in His Highness' State.

Trichoor. Kumankulam.

British Institutions.

Subsidiary Detachments of British Native Infantry are stationed at Ernakollum and Trichoor.

Post Offices.

At Ernakollum and Trichoor.

Family Pension and Pensioner's Establishment.

Trichoor Agent.

Officers Commanding Detachments.

Public Libraries.

Supported by the Public and by a Grant-in-aid from the Cochin Government.

Public Library & Reading Room, Ernakollum.

MANAGING COMMITTEE OF OFFICERS FOR THE YEAR.

Mr. D. M. Cruickshank, President.
G. H. Gunther, Honorary Secretary.
K. Venkata Row, Treasurer.

Subscribers.

First Class.

Messrs. T. Govinda Mahone, A. F. Sealy, G. H. Gunther, S. Locke, H. W. Hudson, O. M. Raphaels, W. Klein.

Second Class.

Messrs. H. A. D'Mello, R. P. Gunther, Robert LaBouchardiere, D. Gunther, M. Holmchund Lal, P. Nifu Putter, Raja Rao V. K. Rama Menon, P. Shungoony Menon and Channy Pillai.

Public Library and Reading Room, Trichoor.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

resident, C. Tiruvankatacharier, B.A., B.L.
Secretary and Treasurer, P. Subramania Iyer, B.A.

Magistrates of the First Class and Judges of the Peace authorized to try European British subjects committing offences in the State of Cochin.

S. Locke, Barr.-at-law, (on leave).

T. A. Casby, Barr.-at-law, Ag.

Mr. H. W. Hudson, M.C.E.

The British Resident of Cochin and Travancore, Ex-officio.

Traveller's Bungalow Stations.

Karruppadanny, Karivannoor, Trichoor, Puttikand, Kakkad, Wadakkancherry, Shoranoor, Colinjamparah, Ernakollum, Nemary.

Unjet Stations.

(NATIVE POST OFFICES.)

Ernakollum, Trippoonitural, Cochin, Cranganore, Erinjalakuda, Trichoor, Wadakkancherry, Nemmaray, Chittoor.

Rajah's Scholarship.

Under date 25th July 1870, His Highness the Maha Rajah of Cochin has entered into an agreement with the University of Madras according to the terms of which, His Highness has, desirous of promoting the advancement of sound learning and education amongst his subjects, invested the sum of Rupees 6,500 in the said University's name, the interest of which accruing is to be given as scholarship to a native of Cochin, to be awarded by the Syndicate of the Madras University to one who passes creditably in the Matriculation, First Examination in Arts.

Education in the profession of Medicine or Civil Engineering.

HYDERABAD

Is the capital of the Nizam's territories and the present seat of Government. It is situated within 6 miles from the Fort of Golconda, its distance from Calcutta is about 269 miles, from Madras 460, and from Bombay 470 miles. The Nizam's country, viz., that part under the sole management of His Highness' Government contains an area of about 80,000 square miles. The population of H. H. the Nizam's Dominions is, according to the recent census, 9,096,844. It is bounded by Berar on the north, the Madras Presidency on the south, Bombay on the west, and the Central Provinces on the east. The population of the city of Hyderabad is 261,999. The city is approached by numerous bridges, gates and posterns, it being surrounded by a stone wall, which, however, is in a weak and ruined state. Great improvements are, however, being effected in the city, by widening the streets in several parts, and sanitary arrangements are being slowly introduced.

The Hill Fort of Golconda was anciently the seat of its Government, and in the Fort as well as near it are the far-famed Tombs of Golconda, a series of splendid Mausoleums built in oriental style over the departed Sovereigns and Princes of the Hyderabad dynasty. The Tombs are greatly admired for their extent and beauty.

The Nizam's Government.

The last Ruler, His Highness Afzal-ud-Daula Bahadur, G.C.S.I., was the seventh Nizam of the Deccan, who was the descendant in succession of the celebrated Asaf Jah Nizam-ul-Mulk, the "First Nizam," or founder of the Hyderabad Dynasty since the 17th century. Asaf Jah Nizam-ul-Mulk died in 1748.

The late Afzal-ud-Daula, the seventh Nizam or Nawab of Hyderabad, departed this life in February 1869, after a reign of twelve years, and has been succeeded by his son, H. H. Mir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur Fattah Jung, G.C.S.I., who, on attaining his majority, was invested with full powers of administration on the 5th February 1884.

Deccan.—The Nawab Bashir-ud-Daula, Amir-i-Akbar Asman Jah Bahadur. A Council of State has been formed for the purpose of dealing with important questions concerning the welfare of His Highness and the State.

President.—His Highness the Nizam.

Members.

Nawab, Bashir-ud-Daula, Amir-i-Akbar, Asman Jah Bahadur.
Maharaja Rajayan Narayan Pershad Nirandar Bahadur, Peshkar.
Nawab Shams-ul-Umma Amir-i-Kabir, Khurshid Jah Bahadur.
Nawab Bashir-ud-Daula Bahadur.
Nawab Ikbaldul Daula Vikar-ul-Umma Bahadur.
Nawab Shamshir Jung Bahadur.
Nawab Shahab Jung Bahadur.
Nawab Sarfaraz Hussain Khan Bahadur.

Secretary to the Council.

Saiyad Hussain Belgrami Ali Yar Mohtamad Jung.

Moinul Mahams or Assistants to the Prime Minister.

Nawab Sandat Ali Khan Munir-ul-Mulk Sujaud Daula Bahadur, Revenue and Military.
Nawab Shahab Jung, Police.
Nawab Sarfaraz Hussain Khan Hisam-ul-Mulk Khan Bahadur, Miscellaneous.
Nawab Fakr-ul-Mulk Bahadur, Judicial.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Rajah Raya Royen Bahadur, Keeper of Records, North and East Districts.
 Rajah Inderjith Bahadur, Keeper of Records, South and West Districts.
 Chota Fouzdarree Adawlut, or Criminal Court of Justice, Moulvie Zamin Hussain, Chief Judge.
 Dewanee Adawlut, or Civil Court—Fareed-ud-din.
 Kotwal, City of Hyderabad or Police Magistrate, Mir Akber Ali Khan, c.s.i.; Akbar Jung Bahadur, Kotwal of City and Suburban Police; Ahmed bin Abdulla, Assis. Kotwal; Lieut.-Colonel E. S. Ludlow, c.i.e., Inspector-General of Police, His Highness's Dominions.
 Stamp Office—Mirza Nasirulla Khan Bahadur Dowlut Yar Jung, Superintendent.
 Mr. H. G. Jones, Assistant Superintendent.
 Lithographic Press—"Persian Jarreda," or Government Gazette—Mirza Saif Zynulabud din Sherazi, Superintendent.

Madrasah Darool-oom or Nizam's College of Education

Comprises five Departments:

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT (CITY.)

Mr. E. Ross, Head Master.

HYDERABAD COLLEGE.

Mr. J. S. Gloria, Head Master, (School Dept.)
 Moulvi Dost Mahomed Khan, Persian Master.
 With 8 Assistant Teachers.

ARABIC DEPARTMENT.

Moulvie Syed Vejayuddeen Ahmed, Principal. | TELUGOO DEPT.—Rama Row, Head Master
 PERSIAN DEPT.—do. | do. | Head Master. | MAHARATTA DEPT.—Narroyen Row, do.

The Hyderabad Museum

Is located in the Baradarree of The Nawab Sakar Jung, Minister to H. H. the Nizam.

Agā Abdooluthheef Khan, President. | G. J. Swaney Dossen, Curator.

The Residency House at Chudderghaut

Is a lofty and spacious mansion situated on the bank of the river Moossee, and is built after the model of the Government House at Calcutta. It is enclosed with a high wall and protected with gun-bastions at the entrance gates, surrounded with office buildings and a large garden. Chudderghaut is becoming a very wealthy place, and contains a great number of extensive bazaars. It is a Civil station, where reside the servants of Government employed in the Residency Offices, as also a great number of officers belonging to the Reformed Troops of H. H. the Nizam, and employees of the Native Government. The Officer Commanding the Resident's Escort, who is also the Superintendent of the Residency Bazaars, performs similar duties to those of a Cantonment Judge and Magistrate under the orders of the Resident; and in matters connected with the sanitary improvement of the place, is assisted by a Municipal Committee, the members of which are selected from the most influential residents of the station. Within the past few years great improvements and additions have taken place in the appearance of Chudderghaut. New buildings having been erected, bridges built, roads improved, and a beautiful People's Park formed under the superintendence of an officer of the Nizam's P. W. Department.

The following are the principal buildings at Chudderghaut:—

Hyderabad Railway Station.	Government Telegraph Office.
The Residency Mansion and Garden.	Branch Bank of Madras.
St. George's Church and Schools.	Public Rooms, Library and Reading Rooms, combined in one building.
Methodist Episcopal Church.	College of "All Saints" (Catholic).
Cutwall's Choultry, (with clock-tower).	Christ's Church (for Protestant Native Christians).
Post Office, (with recent additions and alterations.)	Wesleyan Chapel.
Anglo-Vernacular School, (with clock tower).	Theatre Royal (supported by Chudderghaut community).
Police Office, Thuggee Office, Court House, Resident's Court, Judicial Department and Residency Offices.	The Hyderabad College and Schools.
Medical School and Dispensary.	Travellers' Bungalow.

The Hyderabad Residency.

J. G. Cordery, Esq., M.A., c.s.i., B.C.S., Resident.
 Major D. Robertson, M.S.C., First Asst. Resident & Secy. to the Resident for Berar.
 Lieut. W. H. Cornish, B.S.C., Second Assistant Resident and Assistant Secretary for Berar.
 Mr. Stanley Murray, Extra Asst. Resident and Treasury Officer, Hyderabad.
 Major R. A. Gilchrist, M.S.C., Military Secretary to the Resident.
 Lieut. M.A. Tighe, M.S.C., Officer Comdg. Resident's Escort, in charge of Residency Police and Secy., Local Fund Committee.

Surgeon-Major E. Lawrie, M.D., Residency Surgeon and Supt. of Medical School.
 Mr. Hyder Ali Khan, Attaché to Resident.
 " C. Shame Rao, do.
 " Kumar Shree Harbanji Rariji, B.A., LL.B., Attaché to Resident.
 " Mir Hashmath Ali, Attaché to Resident.
 " Rustoniji Faridori, Hony. Attaché to Resident.
 Lieut. P. J. Melvill, B.S.C., Asst. Genl. Supt., Thagi and Dakaiti Department, and Officiating Political Assistant, 2nd Class, Hyderabad.
 Mr. F. H. S. Biddulph, Esq., Comptroller.
 The Resident at Hyderabad exercises both Administrative and Political functions. Administrative in respect to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, commonly called Berar; Political in regard to that portion of the Hyderabad country administered by the Native Government. The principal towns in Berar commercially considered are Amraoti and Khamgaon. Some twenty miles from Ellichpur are the Chikalda hills, 3,777 feet above the sea level.

The following are the Districts in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with a total population of 2,672,673 souls:—

Amraoti, Ellichpur,	Wun, Akola,	Buldana, Basim.
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There are one Revenue Commissioner and one Judicial Commissioner who are subordinate only to the Resident. There are six Deputy Commissioners, two Special Assistant Commissioners, twelve Assistant Commissioners, sixteen Extra Assistant Commissioners, and twenty-two Tahsildars.

There are Small Cause Courts at Amraoti, Akola and Khamgaon.

Hyderabad Telegraph Office, Bangalore Division.

H. E. Thompson, Esq., Superintendent. | Mr. J. W. Duthy, Assistant Superintendent.
 Mr. J. Neale, Telegraph Master, in charge of Telegraph Office.

Post Office at the Residency.

Mr. W. Johnson, Post Master.

Branch Bank of Bengal.

Mr. H. S. Lemon, Agent, Bank of Bengal, and in charge of H. M.'s Treasury.
 " Hildreth, Accountant.

Saint George's Church.

This Church was opened in April 1867. It is a commodious, handsome, Gothic building, and was erected under the patronage of the Resident, Sir George, and Lady Yule, with contributions from all the Members of the Chudderghaut community, each subscribing one month's salary towards the erection of the building.

The Rev. H. FitzPatrick, Chaplain.

St. George's Grammar School

Is patronized by the Resident, where European and Eurasian youths are educated in English. This school is supported by fees paid by the parents of the children, and grants-in-aid from the British and H. H. the Nizam's Governments.

Boys' Department.

Mr. H. C. Cooney, B.A., Head Master.
 " Flynn, 1st Asst. do.
 " R. Fredericks, 2nd Asst. do.
 " T. Netscher, 3rd Asst. do.

Girls' Department.

Miss Ida C. Smith, Head Mistress.
 " A. Wood, First Assistant Mistress.
 " A. Edwards, Second Asst. "
 Mrs. C. Livingstone, Third Asst. "
 Miss S. Adie, Fourth Assistant "
 Mrs. E. Williams, Sewing "

Residency Dispensary and Medical School for Native Students.

The above-mentioned Medical School was established in 1846, and is patronized by the Resident and the Nawab Sir Salar Jung Bahadur, the Minister. Annually public examinations are held, and *Diplomas* granted to advanced Students when duly qualified, who are afterwards appointed to Medical duties in the Nizam's Local Civil Districts and to the Hyderabad Contingent Force and Berar.

Surg.-Major E. Lawrie, M.D., M.D., Supt. | Asst. Apothecary J. A. Kelly, L.M.S., with
 Asst. Apothecary C. R. Carroll, L.M.S. | two Native Medical Assistants.

Anglo-Vernacular School.

In January 1866 an Anglo-Vernacular School for native youths was built and established by Captain (now Colonel) Hastings Fraser's efforts when Superintendent of Police.

The Managing Committee consists of one European President and seven native Members, one Treasurer and one Honorary Secretary, as follows:—

President.—Col. A. H. Dobbs, M.S.C., Superintendent, Residency Police, and Secy., Local Fund Committee.

MEMBERS.

C. DePenning, Esq., *Hon. Secy.* | *Treasurer.*—Pudumsee Nainspe, Banker.
Native Protestant Schools for Boys and Girls.
 Mr. Burdour, Schoolmaster.

Christ's Church.

(For Protestant Native Christians.)

This Church was erected in 1868, during the incumbency of Sir George Yule, was much interested in the work, and who added largely to the liberal contribution the European and East Indian community residing at the Station, by whom the work was completed.

Young Men's Mutual Improvement Society, Chadarghat.

Lt.-Genl. A. H. E. Campbell, *President.* | Mr. Rai Munnoo Lal, *Vice-President.*

MEMBERS.

Mr. Mahomed Pana.	Mr. Saiad Ahmed.	Mr. Kana Raju, <i>Examiner.</i>
" Chitambra Moodaliar.	" Ram Rao.	" C. R. Munusawmy Naidu, <i>Secy.</i>
" Sundaralingam Pillay.	" Bowan.	" V. R. Muthukrishna Moodaliar,
" Abdul Azeez.	" M. K. Namazi.	<i>Asst. Secy.</i>
" Gunput Rao.	" Gazanfur Ali.	

Resident's Civil Offices.

Mr. Stanley Murray, Extra Assistant Resident, in charge of the Resident's Civil Offices.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. C. D. L. Prayero, Head Clerk, with 12 Clerks.

BERAR SECRETARIAT.

Mr. A. A. D. Jones, Head Clerk, with 13 Clerks.

TREASURY OFFICE.

Mr. E. Schaeffer, Hd. Acct., with 17 Clerks.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. Bundoji Janardan, Clerk, Resdt.'s Court, and Government Translator.

" Sakaram, Clerk, Appellate Court.

" J. Balm, Clerk, Court of Supdt., Residency Bazaars.

PERSIAN DEPARTMENT.

Syed Mahomed, Sheristadar.

PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. S. Edwards, Superintendent.

" J. Deehan.

Military Secretary's Office.

Mr. C. B. DePenning, Head Clerk. | Mr. W. Jones, Clerk.

*H. H. the Nizam's Guaranteed State Railway Co., Limited.**Staff.*

Mr. W. Furnivall, Agent and Chief Engr.	Mr. Robinson, Chief Accountant and Auditor.
" Berkley, Loco. Superintendent.	" DeWane, Assistant.
" Roberts, Storekeeper.	" H. J. Strelley, General Foreman.
" W. Pendlebury, Traffic Manager.	

Railway Police.

Mr. F. C. Crawford, Supt. of Railway Police, Nizam's Dominions.

" G. S. Richardson, Inspector, *sub pro tem.* Hyderabad.

" J. Edwards, Inspector *sub pro tem.* Raichur.

SECUNDERABAD.

This is an extensive Military Cantonment divided into several portions for the location of the various troops composing the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force. Vast improvements and additions have recently been made in its general appearance by several new buildings, good roads, &c.

The following are the principal buildings at Secunderabad:—

Railway Station.	Mission School for Native Christian children.
The Court House.	Workshop for European and East Indian women, under the superintendence of a Committee of ladies.
St. John's Church.	Cutwall Police Choultry.
Brigade Orphanage and English School.	Grand Police Nakah or Tannah, with a clock-tower attached to it.
Public Rooms, Victoria Theatre, Library and Reading Room, all combined in one building.	The Myboob College.
Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles' Club.	The Mahomedan College.
Masonic Lodge, (St. John, No. 434).	The Albert Reading Room.
Travellers' Public Bungalow.	"Deccan Times" Printing Press, for News-papers.
Post Office near the Railway Station.	Catholic Orphanage and Nunnery.
Band Stand.	
S. P. G. Bible Depot.	
Tamil Mission Chapel, (American Baptist).	

Rev. C. H. L. Wright, M.A., Chaplain of St. John's Church, Secunderabad.	Rev. W. Curties, M. E. Ch., Secunderabad.
" W. Archibald, Church of Scotland, Chaplain of Secunderabad.	" David, S. P. G. Missionary, Secunderabad.
" Pratt, Pastor, Wesleyan Mission Church.	" M. Ward, M. E. Telugu Mission.
" F. Crewdson, do. do.	" W. W. Campbell, Baptist Tamil Mission.
" J. Stone, Pastor, M. E. Church, Chud-derghat.	" V. Bigi, R. C. Chaplain, Secunderabad.
	" A. Tagliabue, do. do.
	" J. B. Ciccolongo, do. do.

Military Cantonment at Secunderabad.

Five miles north of the Residency is the Head-Quarter Station of the Hyderabad Sub-ary Force.

Troops composing the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force are as follows:—

1 Battery of European Horse Artillery.	2 Companies of Native Sappers and Miners.
3 Batteries of European Field & Heavy Arty.	4 Regiments of Native Infantry. (1 left recently for Kamptee, not yet replaced.)
2 Regiments of H. M.'s European Foot.	
1 Regiment of Native Cavalry.	

Staff.

Gib, Major General W. A., C.B., S.C.	Comdg. the Division.
Rowlandson, Col. G., 3rd L.I.	A. D. C.
Yule, Major W. A., R. Sc. Fus.	Assistant Adjutant-General.
Stainforth, Major W., 21st M.I.	Do. Quarter-Master-General.
Skinner, Lieut.-Col. E. S., S.C.	Dy. Asst. Adjt.-G. for Musketry, 2nd Dist.—Offg. A. A. G., 1st Dist.
Rawlins, Colonel A. M., R. A.	Depy. Judge Adv., 3rd Circle.
Bunny, Captain F. B., R. A.	Commanding Royal Artillery.
Henderson, Dy. Surg. Genl. John, M.D., I.M.D.	Adjutant, R. A.

Livery and Coach Establishments.

Nib and Coach Building Establishments—Rookmajee, Proprietor.
 Coach-hire and Repairing Establishments—Rookmajee.
 Coach Builder—Kistnasawmy Moodaliar.

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles Club, Established May 1884.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.—*President.*—Captain J. Pile. *Vice President.*—Mr. J. E. Lee.

Asst. Secretary and Treasurer.—

Bankers.—Bansilal Abirchund.

Secunderabad Workshop for European and East Indian Women.

The above useful Institution was established at the recommendation of Mrs. Saunders and is conducted under the superintendence of a Committee of Ladies—Manager, Miss Blake.

Executive Engineer's Department, Secunderabad.

Major H. C. Fox, Executive Engineer.

Mr. M. J. Scobie, Assoc. M. Inst. C.E., Temporary Executive Engineer, 4th Grade, Secunderabad, transferred to the Melghat (Berar) on special duty.

Post Office, Secunderabad.

Mr. J. Morgan, Supt., Bellary Division. | Mr. Peters, Postmaster.

Secunderabad.

Capt. A. M. Muir, Cantonment Magt.	Mr. J. D. Sewall, Assistant Superintendent of Police.
Mr. Shams-ud-din Ali-Khan Bahadur, Asst. Magistrate.	" C. H. Briant, Superintendent of Works.

TRIMULGHERRY.

At Trimulgherry are the Barracks of the European Regiments of the Subsidiary Force as also of the Horse Field and Heavy Artillery. Nearly all the Troops have been removed from Secunderabad and Baigumpett to the new and stately buildings erected at Trimulgherry. At Trimulgherry is also an entrenched fort, which contains all the barracks and principal buildings of the two regiments of European Infantry, affording accommodation, if need be, for four thousand people. It is surrounded by a stone ditch and earthen parapets flanked by five batteries. Besides there are an Arsenal (removed from Secunderabad), two Magazines, Commissariat Store Houses, a Bakery, and a good supply of water.

Troops located at Secunderabad and Trimulgherry.

E. B.; R.H.A.	Sappers and Miners, C and I Companies.
D. 1st, R.A.	19th Regiment M.N.I.
I. 3rd, R.A.—Under orders to Mhow.	2nd Regiment M.N.I.
H. M. 1st Battalion The Hampshire Regt.	31st Regiment M.N.I.
2nd Hampshire Regiment.	8th Regiment M.N.I.
3rd Madras Light Cavalry.	

Hyderabad Volunteer Rifles (6 Companies).

North Trimulgherry, where the Regiment of British Cavalry is located, is S. E. of the Bolarum Residency, and immediately behind Byam's Cenotaph. This will give the reader who knows anything of this locality, some idea of what the Station of Trimulgherry now is. Several Officers' quarters are finished to the East of and in line with the Bolarum Residency, and within a short distance of it.

There is a Church also at Trimulgherry, which answers the convenience of British Europeans at that Station.

Rev. A. B. Britton, Church of England, Chaplain of Trimulgherry.

BOLARUM

Is 12 miles north of the Residency, and the Head-Quarters Station of the Hyderabad Contingent, Commanded by Brigadier-General Bell. The Protestant Church at this place is a neat Gothic structure, erected by public subscription in 1845. The Rev. R. N. Crowther, B.A., is the Chaplain of Bolarum. There are also two Catholic Chapels, (Irish and Goa), a Post Office and two Schools, one for boys and the other for girls. A People's garden has also been beautifully laid out, and is a great ornament to the Station. The Band of the Infantry Regiment plays in the garden once a week. Owing to the proximity of Bolarum to north Trimulgherry, the men of the British Cavalry are marched to the Bolarum Church for Divine worship. The Church has been enlarged to provide sufficient accommodation for them. Chaplain, Rev. C. H. L. Wright.

Troops located at Bolarum.

3rd Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent—(Arrived 3rd November 1884).—On field service in Burma.

4th Infantry do. (Arrived 24th February 1883).

No. 4 Field Battery do. (Arrived 12th December 1884).

The following Civil Offices are located at Bolarum:—

Superintending Engineer's Office, Bolarum.

F. H. White Esq., Offg. Supg. Engineer, P. W. Dept., and Secy. to the Resdt.

G. K. Watts, Esq., Asst. to Supg. Engineer.

Mr. J. White, Head Clerk.

Examiner of Public Works Accounts.

Captain R. E. Waller, R.E., Examiner. | Mr. Balakishna, Head Accountant.

Offices located at Bolarum:—

Comptroller's Office, Bolarum.

T. H. S. Biddulph, Comptroller.

Mr. R. A. Flanagan, Head Assistant.

Mr. Schofield, Supdt. 1st Class, Audit Dept.

Mr. Sreenivas Rao, Supdt. 2nd Class, with two Asst. Supdts. and 35 Clerks.

Police Office.

Lieut. E. F. H. McSwiney, (3rd Cavy. H. C.); Superintendent of Police.

AURUNGABAD,

About 330 miles from Hyderabad, is a Military Station occupied by Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent.

An English Church.

A Roman Catholic Chapel.

A Post Office.

A Travellers' Bungalow.

A Police Office.

A Mess House.

An Anglo-Vernacular School.

A Telugu Mission School.

A Shop for the sale of English Goods.

ELLICHPUR,

(In Berar), about 340 miles north of Hyderabad, is a Military Station for Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent. Anciently it was a very important and prosperous City, held as Jagheer by the celebrated Nawab Nandkar Khan, deceased.

NEAR JATLANA a Native Christian Mission Settlement, with a Church and other requisite and useful buildings, viz., wells, a manse, two school-houses for boys and girls, an hospital and industrial shed, were established under the able, zealous and indefatigable superintendence of the Rev. Narrain Sheshadri, a Missionary of the Free Church of Scotland from Bombay.

Ecclesiastical.

The Hyderabad Assigned Districts form a separate Ecclesiastical charge in connection with the See of Madras. The Head-quarters are at Amraoti. The Chaplain is the Rev. Mr. Metcalfe.

There are Churches at:—

Amraoti, opened in October 1871.

Akola, do. do.

Ellichpur and Hingoli, opened in 1874.

The Out-stations of the Chaplaincy are:—

Akola,

Chikulda,

Yeotmal,

Buldana,

Ellichpur,

Khamgaon,

Bassim,

Hingoli.

There is a Mission connected with the Church Missionary Society at Buldana, and an American Congregational Church at Ellichpur. All the Deputy Commissioners of the province are *Ex-officio* Marriage Registrars.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S REGULAR TROOPS.

List shewing the names and Rank of Officers serving in the Regular Troops of His Highness the Nizam's Government.

The Military force in His Highness' Government are composed of the Regular Troops, Golconda Brigade, and the Irregular Troops.

The Regular Troops under the command of Colonel Nevill, C.I.E., are composed of two batteries of four guns each, four Regiments of Cavalry, one of which, the African Cavalry Guards, is on the Government system, and the other 3 Lancer Regiments on the Mangalore system, five Regiments of Infantry, one Regiment of Pioneers, one H. H. the Nizam's Band and one H. H. the Nizam's Cavalry Band, numbering about 6,000 men, of whom over 1,200 are Cavalry, and 4,800 Infantry, cost about H. S. Rs. 19 lacs.

The Golconda Brigade, under the command of Nawab Afsur Jung Bahadoor, the Aide-de-camp to His Highness the Nizam, consists of 3 Regiments of Infantry, one of Cavalry, and one Bullock Battery of 5 guns, numbering in all 3,050 men, and costing between 9 and 10 lacs.

The Regular Troops are quartered as follows:—

Hyderabad (Deccan)	No. I Horse Battery.	Hyderabad (Deccan)	2nd Regiment of Infantry.
	No. II do.		Detachment 3rd Regiment of Infantry
	African Cavalry Guards.		4th Regiment of Infantry.
	1st Regiment of Lancers.		Pioneers.
	3rd Regiment of Lancers.		H. H. the Nizam's Band.
	1st Regiment of Infantry.		H. H. the Nizam's Cavalry Band.
Goolburgah	2nd Regiment of Lancers.		
Shorapore (Beder).	3rd Regiment of Infantry.		
Dharaseo	Right Wing, 6th Regiment of Infantry.		
East Raichore and Lingsoogoor	Left Wing, do.		

General Staff.

"HYDERABAD."

Capt. G. Budgen, Military Secretary.	Rajah K. Sreenivas Rao, Sheristadar.
Bunsee Rajah Girdaree Persad, Sheristadar.	Heera Lall, do.
Bunsee Lall, do.	Ram Chunder Rao, do.

Brigade Staff.

Head Quarters—"FUTTEY MAIDAN."

Colonel Richard Nevill, C.I.E., Commander.	Mr. W. Prendergast, Garrison Instructor, R.T.
Capt. J. E. S. MacCarthy, Chief of the Staff and Judge Advocate.	Sergeant G. J. Adams, Brigade Qr. Master's Dept.
Capt. T. Bayley, Brigade Quarter Master.	Mr. H. Lerschwitz, Director of Music.
Lieut. R. C. L. Cary, Garrison Riding Master.	Mr. A. G. Moraes, Asst. Band Master.
Sub-Lieut. H. Fitzgerald Chamarette, Staff Adjutant, D. D.	Patrick Heher, M.D., F.R.C.S.E., Principal Medical Officer and Staff Surgeon.
Major E. D. J. MacCarthy, Supt. of Clothing Department.	Surgeon R. Hufiton, Medl. Storekeeper.
Mr. A. Stephens Remount Agent.	Mr. H. Taylor, Veterinarian.
	Mr. S. T. Mint, Asst. Veterinarian.

African Cavalry Guards.

"KHAYATABAD."

Captain H. Bayley, Commanding.	Sub-Lieut. W. Lafrenais.
Lieut. W. Barnett, 2nd in Command.	Surgeon J. Martin, M.C.R. & S.R.
Lieut. G. N. Green, Adjutant.	Sergeant-Major J. Phelan, and Sergeant W. Rowland.
Lieut. J. Plunkett.	
Lieut. A. M. Green, Quarter Master.	

1st Hyderabad Lancers.

"AUSUFFNUGGER."

Capt. Syed Ahmed, Commanding.	Hony.-Lieut. and Ressaldar-Major, Kumroo-deen Khan.
Lieut. C. Green, 2nd in Command.	Sub-Lieut. G. Rochfort.
Lieut. St. John Pollet, Adjutant.	Surgeon R. Mayberry.
Lieut. M. Kelly, Quarter-Master.	Sergeant-Major Goolam Moosthafa.

2nd Hyderabad Lancers.

"GOOLBURGAN."

Capt. Meer Reasuth Hoossain, Comdg.	Sub-Lieut. F. J. Stephens.
Lieut. G. M. Farrell, 2nd in Command.	Surgeon D. Kees.
Lieut. Syed Mahmood, Adjutant.	Sergeant-Major Abdul Curreen.
Lieut. R. Maitland, Quarter-Master.	

3rd Hyderabad Lancers.

"MOOKTEAN GUNG."

Capt. Mir Koorban Ali, Commanding.
 Lieut. Ahmedulla Khan, 2nd in Command.
 Lieut. Abdool Ruzzack, Quarter-Master.

Lieut. Mahmood Khan, Adjutant.
 Sub-Lieut. C. Prayero.
 Asst. Surgeon N. D. Barrett.

H. H. the Nizam's Artillery.

"GHOSHAMALL."

(Vacant), Commandant.
 Captain T. Bayle, Acting Commandant.
 Capt. E. Duprat, Commanding.
 Lieut. Mahdeo Rao.
 Lieut. R. Blake.

Lieut. C. Plunkett, Adjutant.
 Sub-Lieut. T. Chamarette.
 Lieut. H. Forde, Quarter Master.
 Surgeon J. E. Chamarette.

1st Regiment Infantry.

"GHOSHAMALL."

Capt. P. K. Fallon, Commanding.
 Lieut. H. Corfield, 2nd in Command.
 Lieut. S. Edwards, Adjutant.

Lieut. R. O'Brien, Quarter Master.
 Sub-Lieut. Luchmon Sing,
 Surgeon I. Farrington.

2nd Regiment Infantry.

"KHYETABAD."

Capt. R. J. Hartle, Commanding.
 Lieut. U. L. Stephenson, 2nd in Command.
 Lieut. Mohamed Bakee, Quarter Master.

Lieut. R. Farrell, Adjutant.
 Surgeon Sudler Ali.

3rd Regiment Infantry.

"SHORAPORE."

Capt. W. H. Fallon, Commanding.
 Lieut. C. R. Bonifacio, 2nd in Command.
 Lieut. Syed Ebrahim, Quarter Master.
 Lieut. V. E. Duprat.

Sub-Lieut. H. C. F. Chamarette, Adjutant.—
 D. d. Commander's Staff.
 V. A. Passanha, M.A., L.R.Q.C.P.L., &c.,
 Surgeon.

4th Regiment, Infantry.

"CHENDROYGOOTTAH."

Capt. L. J. J. Finglas, Commanding.
 Lieut. Mahomed Furreed, 2nd in Command.
 Lieut. F. X. Gomes, Adjutant.

Lieut. Mahomed Zayah.
 Sub-Lieut. Alfred Fano.
 Surgeon D. Giacchino, M.D.

6th Regiment Infantry.

"DHARASEO AND RAICHORE."

Capt. M. J. Griffin, Commanding.
 Lieut. E. A. Gomes, 2nd in Command and
 Commanding Left Wing at Raichore.
 Lieut. E. Wahab, Adjutant.

Lieut. Surroop Sing.
 Sub-Lieut. J. E. Furlong.
 Surgeon Mohamed Shuffo.

Pioneers.

"FUTTEY MAIDAN."

Lieutenant Kadir Mohideen, Commanding.

List of Cadets.

Cadet Syed Hoossain, 3rd Lancers.
 Cadet Mirza Zoorawar Ali, 3rd Infantry.

Cadet W. Mayberry, 4th Infantry.
 Cadet K. Griffin, 6th Infantry.

MANGALORE.

MILITARY.

31st Regt. N. L., Comdt., Lt.-Col. Stevenson.
 Surgeon W. B. Browning.

CIVIL.

Acting Collector.—S. H. Wynne, Esq.
 Acting Head Assistant.—Mir Shujaat Ali
 Khan, Esq., for M. Hammick, Esq.
 Treasury Dy. Collector.—P. F. Fernandez,
 Esq.
 General Duty Dy. Collector.—Kabad Rama-
 rao, Esq.
 Temporary Dy. Collector.—I. M. Coelho.
 Huzur Sheristadar.—Venkat Punjah.
 Head Clerk.—J. L. Fernandez.
 Huzur Treasurer.—J. M. Gonsalves.
 Tahsildar of Mangalore.—N. Brito.
 Town Magistrate.—U. Babu Rao.
 Sea Customs.—Asst. Supt. P. F. Fernandez.
 Port and Customs Officer.—Capt. G. W.
 Wicks.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

District and Sessions Judge.—J. W. Best, Esq.
 Sub-Judge, Ag.—C. Gopal Nayer.
 District Munsiff.—A. Venkatramma Poi
 Avergal.
 District Court Sheristadar.—J. S. Saldanha.
 Head Writer and Nazir.—P. Rama Rao.

CIVIL DISPENSARY.

Dr. W. A. Lee, Surgeon; Mr. A. Noronha,
 Assistant Surgeon.

SALT REVENUE.

C. Rhenius, Esq., Inspector, Mangalore
 Circle;—Wood, Inspector, Condapoor Circle
 Meteorological Observer.—Enl. D'Rosario.

POST AND TELEGRAPH MASTER.

J. Hemley.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

The Mangalore Club.—Honorary Secretary,
 E. B. Fahner, Esq.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS—Continued.

The Basel Mission Circulation Library and
 Reading Room.—Manager, Mr. F. Krapp.
 Mangalore Roman Catholic Library.—Man-
 ager, Henry Kemp, s.j., Director of the
 Catholic Club and Library, Mangalore
 Union.

SCHOOLS.

Mangalore College.—Ag. Hd. Master, K. L.
 Rama Rao.
 Normal School.—Head Master, B. Raghaven-
 dra, F.A.
 St. Aloysius' College.—Rector, Rev. C. Cav-
 dini, s.j.; Rev. J. Hoene, s.j., Principal
 and Manager.
 Rosario School.—Manager, Rev. U. Stein, s.j.
 St. Ann's Convent (Girls' School).—Head
 Mistress, Sister Aloysius; Manager, Rev.
 U. Stein, s.j.
 German Mission.—Head Master, J. Soanes;
 Manager, Rev. J. Leyer.
 Brahmin Girls' Primary School.—Head Mis-
 tress, Miss C. Diez; Manager, Rev. M.
 Hoch.

PUBLICATIONS.

Bi-Monthly.—The South Canara Gazette
 (English and Canarese).
 Monthly.—The Keralopakari (Malayalam).
 Do. The Kraista Sabhapatra (Canarese).
 Annual.—(Vernacular) at the Basel Mission
 Press The Malayalam Almanac and the
 Canarese Almanac.

Lay Trustee.

J. W. Best, Esq.

MUNICIPALITY.

Mr. C. Vaz, Manager.
 " A. E. Aarons, Inspector.
 Mrs. S. Grady, Diplomaed Nurse and Mid-
 wife.

MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

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Dr. W. A. Lee, Chairman.
 Capt. G. W. Wicks.

Non-Official.

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 V. M. Fernandez, Esq.
 S. F. Brito, Esq.
 J. F. D'Souza, Esq.
 B. S. Saldanha, Esq.
 J. M. Brito, Esq.
 J. J. Noronha, Esq. [Sahib.
 M.R.Ry. T. M. Rama Rao Avergal Rao
 " N. Gundarao " "
 " T. Kantappa " "
 " K. B. Rama Rao " "
 " P. Rama Rao " "
 " N. Shiva Rao " "
 " U. Raghavendra Rao " "
 " K. Naru Shetty " "

Bail Abboo Beary Sahib, Bahadur Khan
 Sahib.
 Ayub Noor Muhammad Shett, Bahadur
 Khan Sahib

DISTRICT BOARD, SOUTH CANARA.

Official.

S. H. Wynne, Esq., Ag. Collector, President.

Ex-officio Members.

Mir Shujaat Ali Khan, Vice-President.
 M.R. Ry. K. Rama Rau Avergal, Rau Sahib.

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Civil Surgeon, Dr. Lee.
 Assistant Collector, A. Butterworth, Esq.
 Supdt. of Police, J. F. Fullerton, Esq.
 J. B. Macfarlane, L. F. B. Engineer.
 P. F. Fernandez, Esq., Treasury Dy. Collr.
 M.R. Ry. Kabad Rama Rao, (General duty)
 Dy. Collector.
 N. Brito, Tahsildar.
 U. S. Raghavendarao and K. Santappa, Dy. In-
 spectors of Schools.
 E. Marsden, Inspector of Schools.

Members.

Thos. Elsaesser, Esq.
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 " Padmaraja Balla alias Chennarayana
 " Savanta Avergal, Rau Sahib.
 " U. Mangeshaiya Avergal, Rau
 Sahib.
 " M. Malappa Shetti Avergal, Rau
 Sahib.

Barristers and Pleaders.

J. F. D'Souza, B.A., M. Gopaul Rau, B.L.,
 A. Subba Roy Poy, B.L., N. Shivarao, M.
 Ramachandraya, H. Krishna Rao, M. Subba
 Rao, U. Subbarao, Tajapaul Ramarao, (Govt.
 Pleader), L. Lobo, S. F. Brito, K. B. Rama-
 rao, F. Mascarenha, V. Fernandez, B.A., B.L.
 Govt. Pleader and Public Prosecutor.

Tajapaul Ramarao.

Police Department.

J. F. Fullerton Esq., Ag. Supt.; T. Somap-
 pah, Inspector (on leave); G. Venkata
 Rau, Ag.

Forest Department..

T. P. Peake, Esq.

Public Works Department.

R. P. Lennan.

Vaccination Department.

A. Krishnayar, Dy. Inspector, Northern
 Division; P. Canner, Dy. Inspector,
 Southern Division.

NELLORE.

Public Buildings, &c.—The Municipal Office, Achari Street; Collector's Office and
 District Press, Kachari Square; Police Office, Lying-in Hospital and Branch Dispensary
 are near the barracks and in the south part of the Town; Telegraph Office, Post Office
 and Local Fund Engineer's Office are lying on the southern boundary of the Town;
 and Reading Room lies a little south to the Post
 Trunk Road passes from South to North;
 Office and west of the Trunk Road; Travellers' Bungalow, Christ Church and School lie
 to the east of Trunk Road and south of the Reading Room. District and Sessions Court
 are of last order, are of Trunk Road and a little south-west of the
 number of volumes was 11,769; 606

Travellers' Bungalow; Jail, Free Church and Mission School lie to the west of the District and Sessions Court and Munsiff's Court; Hindu High School on Kristnapatam Road and passes from west to east; Executive Engineer's Office and Public Stores are on the south of Kristnapatam Road; Baptist Mission School and Church and Roman Catholic Church are on Nabobpet Road.

NILGIRIS.

- L. R. Burrows, Esq., Collr., District Magistrate and Additional Sessions Judge.
 A. C. Tate, Esq., Acting Head Asst. Collector and Magistrate, and District Munsiff, Gudalur.
 C. E. Plunkett, Esq., Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
 S. Ramasawmy Iyer, Ag. Sheristadar, Collector's Office.
 D. Venkatavarathier, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Ootacamund.
 K. A. Seshiengar, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Coonoor.
 T. N. Kothundaramier, Deputy Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate, Gudalur, on (probation).
 W. E. T. Clarke, Esq., (Barrister-at-Law), Subordinate Judge and 1st Class Magistrate.
 A. E. Castle-Stuart, Esq., Special Asst. to the Collector of Nilgiris and Malabar, and Forest Settlement Officer.
 W. B. deWinton, Esq., Executive Engineer, Nilgiri Division.
 Rev. C. H. Pelly, Chaplain.
 Lieut.-Col. R. S. Jago, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Nilgiri Range.
 Surgeon-Major W. R. Browne, M.D., Senior Medical Officer, Ootacamund.
 Surgeon-Major F. J. Fitzpatrick, Coonoor.
 H. D. Robinson, Esq., Assistant Superintendent of Police, Nilgiris.
 Mr. McNamara, Inspector of Police, Ootacamund.
 Mr. R. D. Shortt, Chief Inspector of Police, Coonoor.
 Naraniah, Ag. Inspector of Police.
 Professor M. A. Lawson, Esq., Director of Government Cinchona Plantations, Gardens and Parks, Nilgiris.
 A. Jamieson, Esq., Curator of Government Botanical Gardens and Parks.
 D. Hooper, Esq., Govt. Quinologist.
 Mr. E. Collins, Head Overseer in charge Government Cinchona Plantations, Neddivuttum.
 Mr. M. Collins, Head Overseer, Govt. Cinchona Plantations, Pykara.
 Mr. W. G. Wright, Postmaster.

Municipal Councillors—Ootacamund.

- | | |
|--|---|
| W. E. Schmidt, Esq., Chairman, O. M. C. | Captain P. Curley. |
| L. R. Burrows, Esq., <i>Ex-officio</i> Municipal Councillor. | M. Abu Mahomed Sait. |
| Gool Mohamed Sait. | J. Browne, Esq. |
| Mr. Dadabhai Eduljee. | R. Harper, Esq. |
| Abdool Rhyman Hajee. | Philip Smith, Esq. |
| Fakeer Mahomed Saib. | M. R. Ry. Marthachala Mudeliar Avergal. |
| M. R. Ry. V. Theruvengadaswami Mudeliar Avergal. | (4 Vacant). |

Secretary.—C. W. F. Jennings, Esq.

Municipal Engineer.—Mr. Philip Nery.

GOVERNMENT CINCHONA PLANTATIONS, BOTANICAL GARDENS AND PARKS, NILGIRIS.

- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| Director..... | M. A. Lawson, Esq. |
| Curator..... | A. Jamieson, Esq. |
| Office Manager..... | Mr. D. Campbell. |
| Superintendent, Dodabetta..... | H. V. Ryan. |
| Do. Naduvatum..... | E. Collins. |
| Do. Pykara..... | M. Collins. |

In June 1883 the Government Cinchona Plantations (up to that time under the management of the Forest Department) and the Botanical Gardens and Parks (hitherto under a Superintendent) were constituted into a distinct Department with its head who is styled "The Director." This Officer's charge comprises:—

1. The Government Cinchona Plantation.....Dodabetta.
2. do. do.Naduvatum.
3. do. do.Hooker (Pykara).
4. do. do.Wood (Pykara).
5. Government Botanical Gardens.....Ootacamund.
6. The Barliyar Garden.
7. Sim's Park.....

8. Church Hill Park.....Ootacamund.
9. Stonehouse Park.....do.
10. Upper Norwood Park.....do.

Government Cinchona Plantation, Dodabetta, which was opened in 1862, is situated in the ravine behind the Government Gardens, Ootacamund, on a site selected by Mr. Clements Markham, the great Pioneer of the Cinchona Industry in India, and possesses an elevation of from 7,500 to upwards of 8,000 feet above the level of the sea with a temperature ranging from 60 to 70 degrees (Fahrenheit). During the winter the frost is often sharp, causing some damage to the Cinchonas in the lower portions of the Estate. Its extent is 322 acres, of which 322 are under cultivation. The majority of the trees are the Cinchona var.: condaminea, bonplandiana, and crista, which varieties of the genus Cinchona yield the Lorea or famous Crown bark of Commerce rich in amorphous quinine. These there are other varieties and hybrids.

Cinchona Plantation, Naduvatum, is situated at the top of the Gudalur Ghant, 5,000 to 6,000 feet above the sea. Its mean temperature is 60 degrees, with a maximum of 80 and minimum of 40 degrees Fahrenheit. It is 680 acres in extent, of which 319 are under cultivation, principally Cinchona succirubra (the red barks of Commerce), though there are also other such as the Cinchona officinalis, micrantha—calisaya, and also various hybrids—Cinchona anglica, Cinchona pubescens—Cinchona uritinsinga, &c.

Government Cinchona Plantation Hooker, is situated on the left bank of the Pykara river, 468 acres in extent, of which 155 are under cultivation. Its highest elevation is about 6,000 feet above the level of the sea, with a temperature similar to that of Naduvatum. The trees are chiefly succirubra, and also officinalis and micrantha.

Government Cinchona Plantation, Wood, is situated on the right bank of the Pykara river, 468 acres in extent, of which 155 are under cultivation. It is 468 acres in extent, of which 155 are under cultivation. The trees are principally the Cinchona succirubra, and also Cinchona officinalis and micrantha.

Ootacamund Botanical Garden was opened during the Governorship of the Marquis of Tweeddale in 1847, and covers an area of about 51 acres. The grounds are fully laid out, and planted with timber and ornamental trees, shrubs, and foliage for plants. It contains a Conservatory and Propagating House.

Objects of this and the branch gardens are three-fold, viz.:—
 To improve horticulture in this Presidency.
 To introduce vegetable productions not indigenous to India.
 To further the distribution of seeds and plants.

Re- in S. India are indebted to these gardens for the introduction and propaga-
 tion of many varieties of English and Foreign fruits, vegetables, fodder grasses, &c. In
 1861 t- valuable quinine-yielding Cinchonas, that now cover many thousand acres in
 India, Ceylon, were introduced.

The Barliyar Garden, 7½ miles from Coonoor, is at an elevation of 2,500 feet, and was purchased in 1871 for Rs. 2,000. Experience has proved that the site is well adapted to the growth of trees and plants peculiar to the West Indies, the Straits, and the Eastern Archipelago. Liberian Coffee, Coca, Ceara Rubber, Carob, Mahogany, Mangosteen, Nutmeg and Clove thrive well in this locality. The garden covers about 8 acres.

Sim's Park in Coonoor is a pleasure ground and extends over 30 acres. It was opened in 1874.

Church Hill Park, Stonehouse Park and Upper Norwood, are ornamentally laid out and planted with Conifers and other exotic trees.

OOTACAMUND NILGIRI LIBRARY.

ESTABLISHED 1859.

Registered under the Government of India Act XXI of 1860.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.—Hon'ble P. P. Hutchins, President; Colonel W. J. Wilson, Vice President and Government Nominee; L. R. Burrows, Esq., T. Moss, Esq., Surg.-Major W. R. Browne, Lieut.-Col. R. M. Clerk, A. Drew, Esq., W. B. deWinton, Esq., Major-General Morgan, Rev. C. H. Pelly, W. E. Schmidt, Esq.; Colonel A. Curtois, Honorary Secretary; Colonel C. A. Liardet, Honorary Treasurer; P. J. Manoah Naidu, Librarian, S. Raphael Pillay, Assistant Librarian.

REGISTRATION.

The Nilgiri Library has been duly registered under the Government of India Act XXI of 1860, and a certificate to that effect has been obtained from the Registrar of Madras.

LIBRARY.

The Library is well provided with Standard Works in every department of literature and

useful and popular books of the day on every subject are procured upon publi-

cation. In the order, are much circulated, and are increasing number of volumes was 11,769; 606 were added of last year.

There are two very complete Cabinets of Mineral and Geological specimens in the Secretary's room which can be seen on application to the Librarian.

READING ROOM.

Thirty-one Newspapers and 23 Magazines and Periodicals, or 54 in all, both European and Indian, are now taken in by the Institution. The plan of lighting the Reading Room in the evening has been established, and the hour of closing this room has been postponed to 8 P.M.

RULES FOR ADMISSION.

Members are those who pay a Donation, an Annual Subscription wherever and a Local Monthly subscription from the 1st of each month during residence local limits. There are now 120 Members on the books of the Institution.

To provide for the convenience of persons making a short stay on the Hill, admission tickets dating from day of issue can be purchased, and re-tickets-holders from month to month, but only for 6 months out of any one year. Ticket-holders pay no Entrance Donation, nor Annual Subscription, and are not eligible for Admission tickets in great demand by persons who are not Members.

The affairs of the Institution are managed by a Committee composed of a President and twelve Members, one of whom the Government of Madras appoints.

An Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Institution is held in each year, or at such other convenient time as to the President in concert with the Committee, or to any Special General Meeting shall seem expedient for the election of Members' ballot of the President and eleven Committee-men for the ensuing year less than thirty Members can at any time call a General Meeting of Members 14 days' notice.

All Members pay an Entrance Donation of Rs. 10, an Annual Subscription of Rs. 24, and a Local monthly Subscription of Rs. 24. Admission tickets are priced 34 for a single monthly ticket respectively; persons who have paid a donation under the rules to pay Rs. 34, all others Rs. 6.

OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUMS,

LOVEDALE.

FOUNDED 6th SEPTEMBER, 1858.

PATRONS.—His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief and The Right Reverend the Bishop of Madras.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.—L. R. Burrows, Esq., Colonel R. M. Clerk, R. S. Jago, Col. C. A. Liardet, General H. R. Morgan, W. E. Schmidt, Esq., Col. J. C. Dene, B.A.; *Office Manager*, Mr. T. Burrows; *Consulting Physician*, Surgeon R. Browne, M.D.; *Resident Apothecary*, Mr. J. Fisher.

MALE BRANCH.—G. W. Armstrong, Esq., Head Master; Mr. J. Closson, Master; Mr. J. L. Andrews, Third Master; Mr. J. Smither, Fourth Master; Mr. J. B. Andrews, Fifth Master; Mr. H. Parr, Sixth Master; Miss Fox and Miss Curran, Nursery Teachers; Mrs. Carroll, Nursery Matron; H. Taylor, Sergt.-Major; T. Edie, Quarter-Master-Sergeant; Mrs. Lee, Matron; Hospital Matron; Sergeant E. Irvine, Master Tailor; Sergeant A. Perkins, Master Carpenter; Sergeant J. O'Keefe, Gymnastic Instructor; Sergeant S. Bailey, Band Sergeant.

FEMALE BRANCH.—*Lady Visitors.*—Mrs. L. R. Burrows, Mrs. Dene, Mrs. McLeod, Mrs. Grimes, Miss Leggat, Mrs. Liardet. Head Mistress, Miss Carroll; Second Mistress, Miss Home; Matron, Mrs. Boggie.

The objects contemplated in the establishment of this Institution are two-fold—first, to do honor to the memory of a great and good man, the late Sir Henry M. Lawrence, K.C.B.; second, "to benefit the children of the European soldiery, by providing for them a refuge both from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate and the demoralizing influence of a Barrack life."

The amalgamation of the Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum with the Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum was effected in September 1871, on the completion of the new buildings at Lovedale.

The strength of the Asylum is at present limited to boys 330 and girls 65.

The salubrity of the situation (which surpasses that of some of the healthiest public schools in England) is shown by the diminished percentage of sick in Hospital, and the robust appearance and healthy appetite of the children.

Although the Institution may be said to have been adopted by the State, it is not perhaps so generally known that Government has never contemplated doing more than furnish it with a liberal *Grant-in-aid*. Four years' annual subscription of Rupees 50, or a donation of Rupees 300, gives a title to nominate a child.

The boys receive such a training as will fit them for usefulness hereafter of life, whilst the girls are employed in such occupations as will fit them to become useful wives and mothers. The clothing of most of the branches is done by the children, and native labor is used wherever possible.

LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS.

No. 166, Mount Road.

ESTABLISHED 1790.

Committee.

The Ven'ble the Archdeacon.
The Director of Public Instruction.

W. Taylor Esq., Superintendent.
Hard, Esq., Dpy. Superintendent.

The Controller of Military Accounts.
E. J. Firth, Esq., Secretary.

Mr. J. Martin, Assistant Superintendent.
L. Venkataranga Naidu Garu, Assistant Superintendent, Account Branch.

OOTY BRANCH

Esq., Hony. Secretary. | Mr. T. E. Edwards, Asst. Supt., in charge.

TRAVANCORE.

are indebted to the Dewan of Travancore for the following information.]

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Huzur Dy. Peishcar, P. Thanu Pillay, M.A.

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Secretary, F. Watts.

Manager, S. Rajangum Iyer, B.A.

Jamabundy Department.

Valia Melalutu Pillay, Tharavium Pillay, Melalutu Pillay, P. S. Moothukaruppa Pillay.—Assistant, P. K. Pulpanaba Pillay.

Marahmut Department.

Secretary, Colundavella Mudaliar, B.C.E., Assistant Engineer, in charge. Panivagay Marahmut Sheristadar, Cochoo Veloo Pillay.

Peravagay Department.

Sheristadar, M. R. Krishna Row.

Davason Department.

Sheristadar, Sreenivas Row.

Registration Department.

Huzur Registrar, L. Soobramony Iyer. Deputy do. Veeraragava Iyengar.

Stamps and Stationery Department.

M. R. Krishna Row, Peravagay Sheristadar, in charge.

Treasury.

Treasurer, Ninadath Govinda Kymul.

Mint.

Superintendent, T. V. Sooba Row.

Unjel or Sircar Post.

Superintendent, S. Tharavium Pillay.

Elephant Department.

Sreenivas Row, in charge.

Sircar Wakil Department.

I. H. Prince, Head Sircar Wakil.

Revenue Settlement Department.

Dewan Peishcar, S. Shungra Soobier. Dy. Peishcar, Soorianarayana Iyen.

Salt Department.

Dy. Peishcar, M. Rutnaswamy Iyen, B.A.

Division Peishcars and Magistrates.

Devan Peishcar and District Magistrate,
Northern Division, T. Rajaram Row, B.A.
Assistant to the Dewan Peishcar and 1st
Class Magistrate, Northern Division, P.
Madhavan Pillay.
Dewan Peishcar and District Magistrate,
Quilon Divn., C. Patcheapps Naicker.
Assistant to the Dewan Peishcar and 1st
Class Magistrate, Quilon Division, Pera-
viperal Pillay, B.A.
Dewan Peishcar and District Magistrate,
Trivandrum Division, V. Nagam Aiyah, B.A.
R. Ragnanatha Row B.A., Dewan Peishcar
and District Magistrate, Pudmanaba-
puram Division.
District Magistrate, Alleppy Town, J. Rohde.
District Magistrate, Cardamom Hills, C.
J. Maltby.
1st Class Magt., Salt Pans, M. Rutna-
swamy Iyer, B.A.
1st Class Magt., Areecooty, K. Mahdevan
Pillay.
1st Class Magt., Alleppy, K. Palpanabha
Pillay.
1st Class Magt., Trevandrum, Neelacunda
Iyen, B.A.
1st Class Magt., Eraniel, C. Mahdevan
Pillay, B.A.
2nd Class Magistrate, Central and Southern
Coffee Districts, D. C. C. Grant.

*Special Magistrates for the trial of offences
committed by European British Subjects.*

Lt. Col. W. D. Brodie
Ketchen.....Trevandrum.
J. Rohde.....Alleppy.
C. J. Maltby.....Peermade.

*Tahsildars and Magistrates,**Southern Division.**2nd Class Magistrates.*

Thovalay, Hurri Row.
Agastesuram, V. I. Keshava Pillay, M.A.
Culculam, Pulpanabha Pillay.
Valavenkode, Ananda Ramen Pillay, B.A.

1st Class Magistrate.

Eraniel, C. Mahdevan Pillay, B.A.

*Trevandrum Division.**2nd Class Magistrates.*

Trevandrum, Varatha Iyen.
Neduvengad, Nanoo Sastri.

3rd Class Magistrates.

Neyattenkaray, Valoo Pillay.
Sheranikil, Narayana Pillay.

*Quilon Division.**2nd Class Magistrates.*

Shencotta, Padmanabha Naidoo.
Chenganoor, Letchmana Iyen.
Quilon, Subramania Pillay.
Coonathoor, Subba Iyen.
Caroonagapully, Paremeswaren Pillay.
Ambalapulay, Rama Row.
Kartigapully, Letchmana Iyen.
Puthanapuram, Govinda Pillay.

3rd Class Magistrates.

Cottaracuray, Chenipaka Ramen Pillay.
Mavalikaray, Gopala Krishna Iyen, Ag.
Tiruvella, Pulpanabha Pillay.

*Cottayam or Northern Division.**2nd Class Magistrates.*

Cottayam—Chunganacherry, Mathavan
Pillay.
Paravoor, Sathiyageswara Iyen, B.A.
Vycome, Andy Iyen.
Moovatupolay, Rama Krishna Iyen, B.A.
Yetmanoor, Ramaswamy Iyen.
Meenachel S. Shingra Pillay, B.A.

3rd Class Magistrates.

Shertellay, Harihara Iyen, B.A., A.
Coonathnaud, Subramania Iye-
Thodupolay, Iyappen Pillay, B.A.
Alengad, Kunjukrishna Panik.

K. Narayana, Onythan Over-
of Irrigation Works, Nanj-
Class Magistrate.

3rd Class Magistrates.—South
3rd Class Magistrate, Kotar, M.C.

Do. Aramboly, S. Nara

3rd Class Magistrates

Eraniel, Cochoo Ayappen Pillay.
F. Sathianesan, B.A., Master Atte-
3rd Class Magistrate for enfo
Rules, Colachel.

Trevandrum Division.

3rd Class Magistrate, Parachalay
wara Iyen, B.A.

Quilon Division, 3rd Class.

Paravoor, Shungara Pillay.
Kolathoorpolay, Narayana Pillay.
Cayencolum, Pudmanabha Pillay.
Pathanemthetah, Iyem Pillay.

Northern Division.

Peermade, G. Beale.
Shencottah, Taluq Sumpreth,
Magistrate, Natchadalinga.
Areecooty, Coomara Pillay.

*Judicial Department.**High Court, Trevandrum.*

Chief Justice, K. Krishna Kumar Master-
Puisne Judge, W. E. Orant P. Irvine.
Barristeffe, Gymnastic

Do. T. R. Nar
Do. T. Kunhihe, Mrs. McLeod,
Do. A. Sitara; Second Mistress,
Pundit, Suba Deekshi.

Registrar, C. S. Marage two-fold—first, to
Manager, S. Cumber M. Lawrence, K.C.S.;
Sheristadar, Hariharang for them a refuge
Head Sircar Vakeel, utilizing influence of a

*Licensed Plea with the Ootacamund
Hill of the new buildings at*

William Sydenham
C. E. LaNauze, id girls 65.
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District

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1st Judge, A.
2nd Judge, Less hereafter
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Licensed Plea

1st Judge, C. G. Gresseux.
Sircar Vakeel, R. Neelacunda Iyen, B.A.
Licensed Plea

QUILON.

1st Judge, S. Padmanaba Iyen, M.A.
Sircar Vakeel, S. Shungera Pillay, B.A., Ag.,
(on other duty).
J. Kurian, B.A., B.L., Acting.
Licensed Pleaders, 36.

ALLEPPY.

1st Judge, W. T. A. Cosby, (on other
duty).
A. Sreenivasa Iyengar, Ag. 1st Judge.
R. Jaganatha Row, 2nd Judge.
Sircar Vakeel, Soondra Iyen.
Licensed Pleaders, 53.

PARAVOOR.

1st Judge, M. Chockalingam Pillay, B.A.
Sircar Vakeel, O. Marthanda Pillay.
Licensed Pleaders, 22.

Moonsiff's Courts.

Nagercoil, Pulpanabapoorum, Neyattin-
garay, Trevandrum, (Old), Trevandrum
(New), Sheraingil, Quilon, Kottaracaray,
Thiroovellah, Shencottah, Aripaud, Vy-
come, Cottayam, Chertalay, Moovato-
polay, Paravoor, Krishnapoorum, Alleppy.

*Court of Appeal from the decisions of Special
Magistrates.*

W. E. Ormsby, M.A., LL.D., Barrister-at-
Law, Special Appellate Judge.

Nair Brigade.

Commandant, Lt.-Colonel W. D. Brodie Ket-
chen, (General List, Cavalry).
Comp. 1st Battalion and in charge of Qr.
Master's Office, Lieutenant G. Atkinson.
2nd Battalion and Arty., Lt. H. S. Ferguson.
Medical Officer, Surgeon H. Thomson.
Subadar Major, 1st Battn., Palpu Pillay.
Do. 2nd „ Velayudhan

Pillay.
Director of the Band, J. A. Matcher.

Travancore Medical Establishment.

Durbar Physician, J. M. Houston, M.D.,
Brigade-Surgeon (M. Medical Establish-
ment).

*Vaccine Department.**SUPERINTENDENT OF VACCINATION.*

M. Carvalho, Sub-Asst. Surgeon.
Head Vaccinator, Gopala Pillay.
Vaccination Department is under the
Durbar Physician.

Lunatic Asylum.

Supt., J. M. Houston, M.D., (1)
Apothecary, N. Govinda Pilla

Jail Hospital.

Supt., J. M. Houston, M.D., (M)
In charge, T. Krishna Rajoc
Surgeon.
19 Out-station Hospitals.

Assistant Surgeon.

S. B. Sawyer.
E. Poonen, B.A., M.D.

Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

M. J. Carvalho, Krishna Rajoo,
and M. Neelacunda Pillay:
7 Apothecaries.
6 First Class Assistant Apothecar
9 Second Class Assistant Apothe
10 Third Class Assistant Apothea
9 Medical Students.

Medical Stores, Trevandrum.

In charge, J. Gomez, Apothecary.

Travancore Medical School.

Ex-officio Principal, The Durba
Lecturers—J. M. Houston, M.A.
H. Thomson and J. Gomez. A
Practice of Medicine—Physiolo-
gical—Materia Medica—Forensi-
cine—Surgery—Vaccination—C
dicine and Surgery—Practi-
N.B. The course occupies

Public Works D

Chief Engineer, A.
M.C.E., Trevam

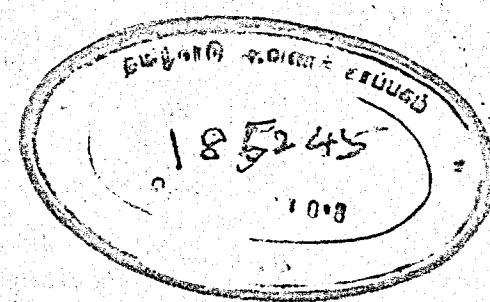
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A.M.I., C.E., Quilon.
Asst. Engineer, K.
Cottayam.
Supervisor, J. Whitbi
Do. J. Jackson
Do. W. G. Mei
Asst. Supervisor, J. S.
Do. T.I.

Overseer, T. A.
Do. G.

Do. C

Do.



gation Department.
gineer in charge of Tanks
tion, C. Colundaveloo Mada-
(on other duty).
harge, V.K. Narayana Oonythan

Education Department.
Marajah's College, Trevandrum.
College Department.

phert Harvey, M.A., LL.D., and
f English Education.
of Chemistry and Physical
I. N. Read, M.A.
asters, M. Labouchardiere, M.A.;
nda Moodaliar, B.A., B.L.; T. Mu-
araswami Pillay, B.A., (on leave);
pen Pillay, B.A.
alalayalam Moonshee, N. Rama
B.A.
mil Moonshee, H.A. Krishna Pillay.
Moonshee, S. Vythenatha Shastri.

High School.

ke, Teacher of the 5th Class.
Pillay, Do.
Iyen, Do.

Preparatory School.

aster, Nagen Thumbly, 4 Assistant
ers and 5 Monitors.

Law Class.

2nd C. E. Ormsby, M.A., LL.D.,
Coffee.

Special Magistrate School.

committed by Donnelly, (on leave).

Lt. Col. W. D.
Ketchen.....

J. Rohde.....ish Schools.

C. J. Maltby..... Director of English

Tahsil

Superintendent.

2nd Vasudeva Row,
Head Master.

Thovalay, Hurkilly, B.A. do
Agastesuram, I Iyen, do
Culculam, Pulka Iyen, do
Valavenkode, boba Iyen, do
1st Anatha Iyen, do
threw, do
Eraniel, C. Malara Pandalay, do
Trevandrum, do
2nd Class Magillai, do
Trevandrum, Varatha Iyeriya
Neduvengad, Nanoo Sastri, do
3rd Class Magistra, do

Neyattenkaray, Valoo Pillay.
Sheranikil, Narayana Pillay.

Quilon Division.

2nd Class Magistrates.

Shencotta, Padmanabha Naidoo.
Chenganoor, Letchmana Iyen.
Quilon, Subramania Pillay.
Coonathoor, Subba Iyen.
Caroonagapully, Parameswaren Pillay.
Ambalapalay, Rama Row.
Kartigapully, Letchmana Iyen.
Puthanapuram, Govinda Pillay.

3rd Class Magistrates.

Cottaracuray, Chempaka Ramen Pillay.
Mavalikaray, Gopala Krishna Iyen, Ag.
Tiruvella, Pulpanabha Pillay.

C. Krishna Pillay, B.A., Inspector, Maval-
karay Range.
Anandanarayana Iyen, B.A., Pulpana-
bapuram Range.
N. Ramen Pillay, B.A., Trevandrum Range.
K. Reghunatha Iyer, B.A., Cottayam Range.
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Pulpoo Thumbly, do
Pulpanaba Pillay, do
Valoo Pillay, do
Narayana Pillay, do
Coonjoo Krishna Pillay, do
Ganspathy Iyen, do
Pulpanaba Iyen, do
Mahalinga Sastrial, do
Krishnen Thumbly, do
Samoo Sastrial, do
Gopala Pillay, do
Soondra Iyen, do
Parasurama Iyen, do
Krishna Pillay, do
Cochoopillay Varier, do
Amrathanatha Iyen, do
Ramakrishna Iyen, do
Krishnen Oonny, do
Caroonacara Psharody, do
Venkittaswara Iyen, do
Shungoo Varier, do
Narayana Pillay, do
Soobramania Iyen, do
Regupathy Iyen, do
Atehntha Varier, do
Venkittaswara Iyen, do
Ramakrishna Varier, do
Streenivasa Iyen, do
P. Pappoo Pillay.

Ramen Pillay, B.A., Head Master, Normal
School, Trevandrum.

V. Sundarem Iyer, B.A., Head Master, Nor-
mal School, Kottar.

Kolathoor Iyen, 1st Master, Soochindrum
School.

Harihara Iyen, do Girls do
Keshava Pillay, do Eraneel do
Eswara Iyen, do Kulcoolum do
Marthanda Pillay, do do Girls' do
Padmanabha Iyen, do Thiroovattar do
Keshava Pillay, do do Girls' do
Ramakrishna Pillay, do Vilavancode do
Bhoothalinga Iyen, do Nayattinkara do
Ganapathy Iyen, do do Girls' do
Shungara Iyen, do Karamanay
Girls' do
Shungara Iyen, do Fort Girls' do
Regunatha Iyen, do Neduvangaud do
Parameswaren Pillay do Cherainkil do
Parameswaren Pillay do do Girls' do
Pulpanaba Iyen, do Kottarakara do
Ramakrishna Iyen, do Shencotta do
Venkittarma Iyen, do do Girls' do
Rama Iyen, do Quilon do
Narayana Pillay, do do Girls' do

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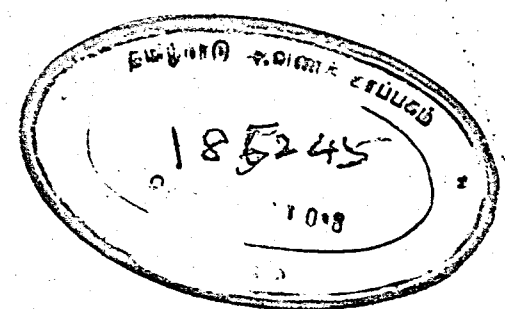
William Sydenhar
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தமிழ்நாடு ஆவணக்கார்ப்பக நூலகம்,
எழும்பூர், சென்னை-600 008.

தவணைத்தாள்.

சே. எண் : 186245 ப. எண் :

வழங்கிய நாள். (1)	திரும்கிய நாள். (2)	வழங்கிய நாள். (1)	திரும்கிய நாள். (2)

S.F. 259A-6-1,00,000-30-1-84.