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List of Foreign Countries to be Adopted from 1st April, 1875.

<i>Europe.</i> 1. UNITED KINGDOM. 2. AUSTRIA— i. Trieste. 3. BELGIUM. 4. DENMARK. 5. FRANCE— i. Dunkirk. ii. Havre. iii. Brest. iv. Nantes. v. Bordeaux. vi. Marseilles, &c. 6. GERMANY— i. Hamburg. ii. Bremen, &c. 7. GREECE. 8. HOLLAND. 9. ITALY— i. Ancona. ii. Brindisi. iii. Palermo. iv. Messina. v. Leghorn. vi. Genoa. vii. Venice, &c. 10. MALTA. 11. NORWAY. 12. PORTUGAL. 13. RUSSIA— i. Odessa. ii. Riga, and so on. 14. SPAIN— i. Barcelona. ii. Cadiz. iii. Gibraltar, and so on. 15. SWEDEN. 16. TURKEY IN EUROPE. 17. OTHER COUNTRIES IN EUROPE. <i>Africa and Adjacent Islands.</i> 18. ARGENTINA.	19. CAPE OF GOOD HOPE (including Port Elizabeth). 20. EASTERN COAST OF AFRICA (comprising the coast between Natal and Abyssinia). 21. EGYPT— i. Alexandria. ii. Port Said. iii. Suez (for local trade). 22. MADAGASCAR. 23. MAURITIUS. 24. NATAL. 25. REUNION (BOURBON). 26. ST. HELENA. 27. OTHER COUNTRIES IN AFRICA. <i>America.</i> 28. CANADA. 29. CENTRAL AMERICA. 30. SOUTH AMERICA— i. Demerara. ii. Rio de Janeiro. iii. Buenos Ayres. iv. Callao. v. Valparaiso, &c. 31. UNITED STATES— i. New York. ii. Boston. iii. Charleston. iv. New Orleans, and so on. 32. WEST INDIES— i. Jamaica. ii. Cuba. iii. Trinidad, and so on. 33. OTHER COUNTRIES IN AMERICA. <i>Asia.</i> 34. ARABIA—	i. Territories of the Imam of Muscat. ii. Other Arabian States. 35. BORNEO. 36. CEYLON. 37. CHINA— i. Hong-Kong. ii. Treaty Ports. 38. JAPAN. 39. JAVA. 40. MALDIVES (EXCEPT MINICOI, WHICH IS TO BE REGARDED AS A BRITISH INDIAN PORT SUBORDINATE TO THE PRESIDENCY OF MADRAS.) 41. MILAN & SONNARI. 42. PERSIA. 43. PHILIPPINES. 44. SIAM. 45. STRAITS SETTLEMENTS. 46. TURKEY IN ASIA— i. Smyrna. ii. Beyrout, and so on. 47. OTHER COUNTRIES IN ASIA. <i>Australia.</i> 48. NEW SOUTH WALES. 49. QUEENSLAND. 50. SOUTH AUSTRALIA. 51. VICTORIA. 52. WESTERN AUSTRALIA. 53. TASMANIA. 54. NEW ZEALAND. 55. AGGREGATE RETURN OF TRADE PASSING THROUGH THE SUEZ CANAL.
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- N. B.—1. Endeavours should be made to show the trade with chief countries in detail separately for each port as well as in a total for the country, wherever this is possible.
2. Transit trade passing via Suez should no longer be shown under that head, which disappears from the list, but under the countries of destination.
3. The present heading "Mediterranean Ports" also disappears, each port being classed under the country to which it belongs.
4. Trade with an inland country must be classed under the country to which belongs the port at which the articles are landed.
5. Trade with the Andaman and Nicobar Islands, as well as with the Laccadives, and with Minicoy (one of the Maldives), to be treated as Coasting or Interportal.
6. Trade with ports in India subject to Foreign Governments, European or Native, to be treated as "Foreign Coasting" under a separate head from the Coasting Trade of British India.
7. The present heads "Persian Gulf" and "Red Sea" disappear, the trade being classed under the countries to which the ports of the adjacent coasts belong.
8. Under "Siam" is to be classed the trade between British Burmah and the Island of Junk, Ceylon or Sakang.

After 3 1/2 o'clock afternoon, no Cash can be received or Bills of Duties settled. Parties therefore who are desirous of clearing Goods on private packages, are recommended to apply early in the day for the same. This rule is necessary to enable the accounts of the day to be closed in the evening, which could not be done were Duty received until a late hour.

All Pass Notes for every description of Goods imported or exported must be signed either by the Collector or Deputy Collector; no other signature shall authorize the Gatekeepers or other Custom House Officers to pass Goods.

FEEs LEVIED AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—For duplicate of any certificate, Port-clearance or other necessary documents, (original having been lost), not exceeding 10 Rupees.

For Supplemental Manifest to supply inadvertent omissions in the original and second Port-clearance, not exceeding 10 Rupees.

A fee of one Rupee is charged for granting Certificates.

N. B.—The Collector is not bound to furnish duplicate of any document, but if satisfied that no fraud has been committed or is intended, he may grant them.

FREE GOODS.—All articles other than those specified in Schedule A of Act XIII of 1871, are free.

Godown Rent at the Madras Custom House.

Rule 1.—Goods shall be allowed to remain for four days in the Custom House free of charge.

Rule 2.—After that period, single rates shall be charged for seven days.

Rule 3.—Triple rates shall be charged after a fortnight.

Rule 4.—The day of landing and that of removal to be reckoned as one day; Sundays and holidays are not reckoned in the rent-free term. When delay is caused by the inability of the Custom House Officers to examine and pass the Goods, such delay is not to be reckoned. The object in charging Godown rent is to induce parties to clear their Goods with despatch, and to prevent the yard from being needlessly encumbered.

Rates for Godown Rent.

Per month.	Per month.
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Beer, whole pipes, butt, or put.	British goods, per bale of size of
Do. half pipe or hoghead..... 0 12 0	base of 100 lbs. 0 6 0
Do. quarter pipe..... 0 6 0	Do. do. per bale of smaller size. 0 4 0
Large casks containing glass or	Do. do. do. of smaller size. 0 4 0
earthenware..... 1 0 0	Do. do. do. of smaller size. 0 4 0
Three do. do. or provisions..... 0 12 0	Metals, per bazaar maund..... 0 9 0
Large crates, 12 dozen bottles..... 0 6 0	Cutlery, per bale..... 0 3 0
Small do. 6 or 8 dozen each..... 0 4 0	Silk, per bale..... 0 6 0
Wines, butt or pipe..... 2 0 0	Silk, per case..... 0 6 0
Do. half pipe or hoghead..... 1 0 0	Indigo, per case..... 0 6 0
Do. quarter pipe..... 0 6 0	Opium, per case..... 0 6 0
Do. chests above 12 dozen size..... 0 6 0	Cotton, heavy, per bale of 300 lbs. 0 4 0
Do. do. of 12 dozen or above	Sugar, rice and other, per 100 bazaar
6 dozen..... 0 6 0	maund..... 2 8 0
Do. do. of 6 dozen or 3 doz. 0 3 0	Cash, per 100 bazaar maund and small 2 0 0
Do. quarter chest or 3 dozen..... 0 2 0	Salt, per hundred per chest..... 0 4 0
Do. all boxes under 3 dozen and	Vermilion, per box..... 0 2 0
above 1 dozen..... 0 1 0	Arachide, per box..... 0 3 0
Do. one dozen boxes..... 0 0 9	Brass, lead, do. per case..... 0 2 0
Spirits, per pipe..... 2 0 0	China paper, per case..... 0 2 0
Do. hoghead..... 1 0 0	China, cases of junk, per case..... 0 8 0
Do. in bottle case of 1 dozen..... 0 1 0	Pearl, silk, under glass, per case..... 0 8 0
Do. above 1 and under 3 dozen..... 0 1 6	Ginger or Turmeric, per 100 bazaar
Do. 3 dozen..... 0 4 0	maunds..... 3 0 0
Do. above 3 and under 6 dozen..... 0 3 0	Banana, per bazaar maund..... 0 0 6
Do. 6 dozen..... 0 4 0	Cloves, per do. do. 0 1 0
Do. for every dozen in excess of	Coffee, pepper, cardamom, cat
6 dozen size..... 0 0 2	seed, stored in bags or bales, per
British piece goods, per case above	bazaar maund..... 0 1 0
12 dozen..... 0 5 0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar
Do. do. per case of 12 dozen or	articles, per case..... 0 8 0
above 6 dozen..... 0 6 0	Do. do. do. do. per bazaar..... 0 4 0
Do. do. do. 6 or 8 dozen do. 0 4 0	Sugar, cane, per tub..... 0 6 0
Do. do. do. 3 do. or less..... 0 2 0	Tee, per year, per chest..... 0 2 0

Rates for Godown Rent—concluded.

Per month.	Per month.
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Tee, per smaller box..... 0 1 0	Gunnies, per large bale..... 0 5 0
Paint, per keg of 56 lbs. 0 0 6	Do. per smaller bale..... 0 6 0
Salmons, herrings, or other fishes,	Cow Hides, per large bale..... 0 12 0
per keg..... 0 0 6	Do. per smaller bale..... 0 6 0
Turpentine, Linseed or other vege-	Goat Skins, per bale..... 0 5 0
table oil, per jar..... 0 2 0	Quicksilver, per bazaar maund..... 0 2 0
All cordage, per cwt..... 0 1 0	Tin plates, per box..... 0 0 9
Rosin or Dammar, per bazaar maund. 0 1 0	Bricks, per 1,000..... 1 0 0
Tobacco, unmanufactured, per 1	
maund bale..... 0 2 0	

ICE SHIPS.—When dutiable goods are on Board Ice Ships, a Preventive Officer must be sent on board.

UNCLAIMED GOODS.—Goods not cleared within four months from the date of landing will be sold by public auction, after due notice in the Official Gazette. The proceeds will be applied to the payment of duty and other charges, and the surplus (if any) paid to the owner on application within one year from the date of sale.

RE-LANDED GOODS.—Goods re-landed must be reported upon and identified as being the same that have previously passed the Custom House for exportation. No re-landed Goods shall be passed into Town or entered for re-exportation on Board another vessel, until the original entry in the Export Register has been duly checked and cancelled to the extent of the quantity re-landed.

A regular application in the form of Pass Note shall be made in all cases of Goods re-landed either for passing them into Town or for re-exporting them from the Custom House.

UNMANIFESTED GOODS.—Goods landed in excess of those entered in the Manifest or not corresponding with the particulars therein shown, will be charged double or treble duty. Any special case in which the Collector may consider the goods liable to confiscation, shall be reported to the Board of Revenue for orders.

Export.

EXPORT CARGO.—No outward bound vessel is allowed to receive cargo on board until application be made at the Custom House, and an order signed by the Collector or Deputy, be granted for the purpose. Such application shall specify the name, tonnage and nature of the vessel, the name of the master, and of every Port for which Cargo is to be shipped. If Goods are shipped prior to grant, the Master is liable to a penalty not exceeding 1,000 Rupees.

Form of Permit for Shipping Cargo.

To—
You are permitted to export on the _____ under your command, the undermentioned articles:—

Collector of Sea Customs.

Date.	Description of Articles.
	Sundry Goods and Passengers' Baggage.

N. B.—This Permit will serve as an authority to grant you bills.

All Goods for exportation must be entered for that purpose at the Custom House. The date on which the Goods were entered outwardly at the Customs in the date of exportation in the event of any charge being made in the rates of duty or in any fixed valuation. Shippers of export Goods are required to deliver a full and true specification thereof, according to the following Form.

Parties will be allowed to produce Invoices in support of the quantities and weight of Goods as entered in the Export Permit, and also of the value where such is not contained in the Tariff subject to the liabilities contained in Sections 29 to 32, of Act VIII of 1873.

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LAND CERTIFICATES.—Goods having paid import duty may be exported free by land under the following certificate:—

CERTIFICATE.

This is to certify that _____ is about to export by land the undermentioned Goods imported by sea at Madras, and that all demands on account of Import duty have been complied with.

To whom con- signed and to what place.	Number and Description of Packages.	Stores of Goods.	Quantity or weight.	Amount.	Date of Duty.	Amount of Duty.
				Rs. A. P.		Rs. A. P.

FREE GOODS.—All articles other than those specified in Schedules A and B of Act XVI of 1875, are free.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

AGENTS.—The clerk, servant or known agent of a mercantile office may transmit letters and receive money for his employers if a notice Sec. 203, of Act VIII of 1875. has of the Firm identifies him before the Officer in charge of the Custom House, and empowers him to do so according to the following Form:—

To _____
The Collector of Port Customs, Madras.

Sir,
(We or I) hereby authorize you to pay to _____ all drawbacks, refunds, and other moneys which may be due to us or from the Madras Custom House, for which he shall produce receipts purporting to be due or may be due.

Yours obedient Servant,

The _____ of 1875.

This document must bear a one Anna Stamp, and is required only from mercantile Firms and persons engaged in Trade, who have frequent transactions with the Custom House, and not from private individuals who are expected to transact their business personally or to give special order for each occasion.

Section 167—Chapter 9 of Act VIII of 1875.—Any person making an unauthorized declaration of value is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 1,000.

APPEAL.—All disputes regarding matters not specially provided for by law between an Officer of Customs and another person, may be decided by the Revenue Board, subject to an appeal to Government. See Section 184, of Act VIII of 1875. This section does not apply to cases regularly adjudicated, such as smuggling, &c., but to differences of opinion as to the construction of the Act, rates of duty, classification of Goods, &c. Appeals are provided for in the former cases by Section CLXXXII.

BAND INSTRUMENTS for the use of a Regiment are exempt from Customs Duty.—*Fort St. George Gazette, 3rd November 1864, page 537.*

FRENCH GOVERNMENT.—Commitments for the use of the French Government Officers, from one French Settlement in India to another, are all, and to pass free through the British Custom Houses at the Ports under certificate and notice.—*Board's Circular Order, No. 4,392, 8th July 1862.*

HOLIDAYS AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—In addition to Her Majesty's Birthday, Christmas and New Year's Days, the days on which the Madras Bank and the Merchants close their Offices, as notified by their Advertisements in the Government Gazette, are considered complete Holidays at the Custom House.—*Government Order, 11th February 1853.*

CUSTOM-HOUSE OFFICIALS.—who may be required to transact business at the Custom House out of Office hours for the convenience of Importers or others, shall be entitled to extra remuneration according to the following scale:—

From 6 to 7.30 A.M. or 4 to 7 P.M. on any day, 1/4 of a day's pay.
From 6 to 9.30 A.M. or 5 to 7 P.M. on any day, 1/2 of a day's pay.
One day's full pay for all Customs Officers and Peons, for any day out of Office hours, either morning or evening.

On Sundays and closed holidays, two days' full pay for all Customs Officers, including Constables and Peons.

2. These rules are applicable to all ports.

OPIMUM. may be imported on payment of a duty of 21 Annas per seer of 50 lbs. and an export duty of 60 Annas per catty of 2 Indian Maunds. A special licence for such Opium should be obtained from an officer appointed in this behalf by the Local Government.

PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS.—Section 19 of Act VIII of 1875 shall be deemed to authorize and to have always authorized the Governor-General in Council to prohibit or restrict the importation or exportation by sea or by land, or both by sea and by land, of any particular class of Goods.—Act XIV of 1871.

STORES IMPORTED BY GOVERNMENT are landed duty free, but when articles are purchased by Government in this country after duty has been paid on them, the price should be paid including the duty.—*Government Order, 26th August 1854, No. 1,557.*

Rules for Godown Rent for Goods left in Custom Houses at the several Out-ports.

1. Goods will be allowed to remain in the Custom House free of charge for three days only.
2. After that period, single rates on each package, for four days.
3. After that, treble rates.
4. The day of landing and that of removal to be reckoned as one day—Sundays and holidays are not reckoned in the rent-free terms. When the delay is caused by the inability of the Custom House Officers to examine and pass the Goods, such delay is not to be reckoned.
5. N. B.—The foregoing rules do not apply to personal effects until the fifteenth day after their deposit in the Custom House.

Rate of Wharfage.

Per month.—RS. A. P.	Per month.—RS. A. P.
Beer, whole pipes, butt, or pun:	Bell-mat, per bazaar maund..... 0 0 6
cheer..... 0 12 0	Spirits, hogshhead..... 1 0 0
Do half pipe, or hogshhead..... 0 8 0	Do in bottle case of 1 dozen..... 0 1 0
Do quarter pipe..... 0 3 0	Do above 1 and 5 dozens..... 0 1 6
Large casks, containing glass or earthenware..... 1 0 0	Do 3 dozens..... 0 2 0
Thence do do or provisions..... 0 12 0	Do above 5 and under 6 dozens..... 0 2 0
Large crates, 12 dozen bottles..... 0 0 0	Do 6 dozens..... 0 4 0
Small do 6 or 8 dozens more or less..... 0 4 0	Do for every dozen in excess of 6 dozens..... 0 6 0
Wines, butt, or pipe..... 2 0 0	British piece goods, per case above 12 dozens..... 0 8 0
Do half pipe or hogshhead..... 1 0 0	Do do per case of 12 dozens..... 0 8 0
Do quarter pipe..... 0 8 0	Do do per case of 6 dozens..... 0 8 0
Do chests above 12 dozen size..... 0 8 0	Do do 6 do or do 3 do..... 0 5 0
Do do of 12 do or above 6 dozens..... 0 6 0	Do do 3 do or less..... 0 2 0
Do do of 6 dozens or 3 dozens..... 0 3 0	Do do per bale of size of bale of twist of 4 to 500 lbs..... 0 6 0
Do quarter chest, or 3 dozens..... 0 2 0	Do do per bale of smaller size..... 0 4 0
Do all boxes, under 3 dozens..... 0 3 0	Twist of all sorts, per bale of 4 or 500 lbs..... 0 6 0
Do above one dozen..... 0 1 0	Do do of smaller size..... 0 4 0
Do one dozen boxes..... 0 0 5	Metals, per bazaar maund..... 0 0 6
Spirits, per pipe..... 2 0 0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles, per hogshhead..... 0 8 0
Canvas, per bale..... 0 3 0	Do do per tierce..... 0 4 0
Silk do..... 0 6 0	Sugar-candy, per tierce..... 0 0 6
Silk piece goods, per case..... 0 6 0	Ten, per whole chest..... 0 2 0
Indigo, per chest..... 0 0 0	Do do smaller chest..... 0 1 0
Opium..... 0 6 0	Paint, per keg of 56 lbs..... 0 0 6
Cotton, hemp, jute and safflower, per bale of 500 lbs..... 0 4 0	Salmon, herrings, or other fish, per keg..... 0 0 6
Sugar, rice and seeds, per 100 bazaar maunds..... 2 8 0	Shell-lace and lac-dye, per chest..... 0 3 0
Catch, per 100 bazaar maunds..... 2 0 0	Vermilion, per box..... 0 2 0
Shell-lace and lac-dye, per chest..... 0 3 0	Arsenic, do..... 0 1 0
Vermilion, per box..... 0 2 0	Brass leaf, do..... 0 2 0
Arsenic, do..... 0 1 0	China paper, per case..... 0 2 0
Brass leaf, do..... 0 2 0	Do cases of mackin, cassia, camphor, silk, amiceel, &c., per case..... 0 3 0
China paper, per case..... 0 2 0	Ginger or turmeric, per 100 bazaar maunds..... 3 0 0
Do cases of mackin, cassia, camphor, silk, amiceel, &c., per case..... 0 3 0	Do do smaller bale..... 0 8 0
Ginger or turmeric, per 100 bazaar maunds..... 3 0 0	Goat skins, per bale..... 0 8 0
Do do smaller bale..... 0 8 0	Quicksilver, per bazaar maund..... 0 2 6
Cow Hides, per large bale..... 0 12 0	Tin plates, per box..... 0 0 9
Do do smaller bale..... 0 8 0	Bricks, per 1,000..... 1 0 0
Goat skins, per bale..... 0 8 0	
Quicksilver, per bazaar maund..... 0 2 6	
Tin plates, per box..... 0 0 9	
Bricks, per 1,000..... 1 0 0	

Rates for Godown Rent--continued.

Per month.—rs. A. P.			Per month.—rs. A. P.				
Dry Cocconuts, per Indian Maund.....	0	2	0	Poonack, per Indian Maund.....	0	1	0
Sandalwood, per Indian Maund.....	0	2	0	Sist. per Indian Maund.....	0	0	6
Rattans, per Indian Maund.....	0	2	0	Sulphate of Copper, per Indian			
Benjamin, per Indian Maund.....	0	1	6	Maund.....	0	1	0
Sago, per Indian Maund.....	0	1	0	Barrel, size (Cash).....	0	3	0
Glass, per Indian Maund.....	0	2	0	Silk Cotton, per Bundle.....	0	2	0

SCHEDULE A.

EXPORT TAXES

Revised with reference to the Notification of the Gazette of India,
dated 6th March 1980.

No.	Name of Article.	Fee	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
1	APPAREL, INCLUDING HATBANDS, HENRY AND MILLINERY, BUT EXCLUDING BOOTS, SHOES, AND HOSEHONY	..	As valorem.	5 per cent.
2	ARMS, AMMUNITION, AND MILITARY STORES— Fire-arms,* and parts thereof Gunpowder, common sporting All other sorts	lb.	0 5 1 0 An. valorem.	} 10 per cent.
3	CANNERS' AND JAPANESE-WARE IN- CLUDING LACQUERED-WARE, BUT EXCLUDING ELECTRIC-WARE, CHINA AND PORCELAIN	..	Ad valorem.	
4	CLOCKS, WATCHES AND OTHER TIME- MEASURES	..	"	
5	COSALS, PEARL	..	"	
6	CORK AND ARTICLES MADE OF CORK— Bottle-corks Vial-corks All other sorts	Gross " "	1 12 0 8 Ad valorem.	
7	COTTON AND ARTICLES MADE OF COT- TON— Cotton Hosiery Cotton Hope Country Canvas Fine Geoms— Grey— Jaconets, exceeding 10 x 10 to two quarter inch Jaconets, other sorts Muslin Prints Shirtings and Long Cloths and Madrepollars T cloths 13 reed, and upwards T cloths exceeding 12 x 10 and not above 4 lbs. T cloths other sorts, Jeans, Tru- menties, Sheetings, & Drills... .. Sewing Thread— Gau and country On reels or cards containing 100 yards each; and pro rata above and below White and colored	 Cwt. Cwt. .. Gross Gross	30 0 30 0 0 101 0 2 0 15 0 101 0 81 0 9 0 33 0 7 30 0 3 0 1 0	5 per cent.

* See for further information under "Arms and Ammunition".

† All grey goods are passed free if not cr. finer than 30.

Duty to be charged either on the mark or on the actual weight.

IMPORT TARIFF--(continued.)

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
7	COTTON AND ARTICLES MADE OF COTTON—continued.		RS. L.	
	Twist—			
	Mule—			
	No. 33 to 42 ..	lb.	0 9	
	" 43 to 52 ..	"	0 10	
	" 53 to 60 ..	"	0 12	
	" 61 to 70 ..	"	0 13	
	" 71 to 80 ..	"	0 15	
	And so on, one anna to be added to the valuation per lb. for every count of ten or part of a count of ten above 80 ..			24 per cent.
	Water—			
	Nos. 21 to 30 ..	lb.	0 5	
	" 31 to 40 ..	"	0 11	
	" 41 to 50 ..	"	0 12	
	Above 50 ..	"	0 15	
	Twist, Orange, Red, and other colors except Turkey Red ..	"	5 11	
	Twist, Turkey Red, all kinds ..	"	1 12	
	Cotton Goods, all other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
8	DRUGS AND MEDICINES, EXCEPT OILS—			
	Aloes, black ..	Cwt.	14 0	
	" Socotra ..	"	23 0	
	Aloeswood ..	lb.	3 0	
	Assafetida (ging) ..	Cwt.	75 0	
	" coarse (hingra) ..	"	12 0	
	Brimstone (Amalsara) ..	"	40 0	
	Camphor, Bherasani (baras) ..	lb.	80 0	
	" refined, cake ..	Cwt.	65 0	
	" crude, in powder ..	"	60 0	
	Cassia Lignea ..	"	20 0	
	Chinacreeper rough ..	"	9 0	
	" scraped ..	"	22 0	
	Galingali China ..	"	8 0	
	Pelletory alkaline ..	"	35 0	
	Salep ..	"	50 0	
	Senna Leaves ..	"	4 0	
	Storax liquid (Rose Mellice) ..	"	36 0	
	All other sorts, except Quinine, which is free ..		Ad valorem.	24 per cent.
9	DYEING AND COLORING MATERIALS—			
	Aniline Dyes—Magenta and Rosine ..	lb.	4 0	
	" Scarlet ..	"	3 0	
	Cochineal ..	"	1 12	
	Gallnuts, country, Myrabolan ..	Cwt.	4 8	
	" Persian ..	"	35 0	
	Madder or Mangith ..	"	12 0	
	Orchilla Wood ..	"	5 0	
	Sappan Wood and Root ..	"	5 8	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
10	EARTHENWARE (EXCEPT EARTHENWARE, PIPEING), CHINA, CHINA CLAY, AND PORCELAIN ..			
11	FIREWORKS—			
	China ..	Box of 133 lbs.	50 0	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	

* Duty to be charged on the grey weight of the colored yarn; when this is not ascertainable, the actual warp weight, or invoice weight, to be taken.

IMPORT TARIFF—(continued.)

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
12	GLASS, GLASS-WARE, BEADS, FALSE PEARLS AND FALSE CORALS— Bangles, Glass, China, gilt .. 100 pairs.		Rs. A. 15 0	
	" " " not gilt ..		2 9	
	Beads, China ..	Cwt.	23 0	
	Coral, false ..		Ad valorem.	
	Glass, China, of all colors .. 100 lbs.		83 0	
	" Crown, colored .. 100 compl. Tons.		25 0	
	" " of sizes ..		3 0	
	PEARLS, false— Bajria ..	Lakh.	3 0	
	Boria ..	Thousand	1 0	
	Jouria ..	Lakh.	3 0	
	Lakia ..	Thousand	0 12	
	Nathia ..	"	6 3	
	Tichea ..	"	1 0	
	Watanah ..	Cash	3 0	
	All other sorts of Beads, false Pearls and Glass, except Beads used to bottle Beer, Wine, Spirit, or aerated waters, which are free ..		Ad valorem.	
13	GUMS, GUM RESINS, AND AMBER— MADE OF GUM OR GUM RESIN— Copal ..	Cwt.	55 0	
	Catch and Gambier ..	"	12 9	
	Gum Ammoniac ..	"	14 0	
	" Arabic ..	"	15 0	
	" Benjamin (common Gum) ..	"	7 0	
	" Benjamin ..	"	40 0	
	" Bysal (coarse Myrrin) ..	"	10 0	
	" Persian (false) ..	"	4 0	
	" Olibanum or Frankincense ..	"	12 0	
	Kino ..	"	10 0	
	Myrrin ..	"	85 0	5 per cent.
	" Persian false ..	"	3 0	
	Rosin ..	"	5 8	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
14	HARDWARE AND CUTLERY, INCLUDING TRUSSING-IRON & PLATEDWARE, BUT EXCLUDING MACHINERY AND THE COMPONENT PARTS THEREOF, WHICH ARE FREE, AND AGRICULTURAL IM- PLEMENTS, WHICH ALSO ARE FREE ..		Ad valorem.	
15	INSTRUMENTS AND APPARATUS— Musical—Imported from the U. Kingdom for Her Majesty's Purposes free, the rest are duti- able ..			
16	IVORY AND IVORYWARE— Unmanufactured— Elephant's Grinders ..	Cwt.	125 0	
	Elephant's Tusks, (other than hollows) each exceeding 20 lbs. in weight, and hollows each weighing 10 lbs. and over ..	"	500 0	
	Elephant's Tusks, (other than hollows) not less than 10 lbs. and not exceeding 20 lbs. each and hollows each weighing less than 10 lbs. ..	"	425 0	
	Elephant's Tusks, (other than hollows) each less than 10 lbs. ..	"	225 0	

IMPORT TARIFF—(continued.)

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
	IVORY AND IVORYWARE—(continued.) Unmanufactured— Sea-cow or Moyo Teeth, each not less than 4 lbs. ..	Cwt.	175 0	
	Sea-cow or Moyo Teeth, each less than 4 lbs. & under 4 lbs. ..	"	65 0	
	Sea-cow or Moyo Teeth, each less than 3 lbs. ..	"	55 0	
	Articles made of Ivory— Bangle rings ..	"	800 0	5 per cent.
	Cylinder rings ..	"	1000 0	
	Other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
17	JEWELLERY, INCLUDING PLATE— Silver-ware, Plain ..	Total	1 2	
	" Embossed ..	"	1 8	
	" or Chased ..	"	1 8	
	All other sorts, except Precious Stones & Pearls, which are free ..		Ad valorem.	
18	LIQUORS— Ale, Beer and Porter ..	Impl. Gallon or 6 quart bottles		One Anna.
	Cider & other fermented Liquors ..	"		Rupces 1.
	Liqueurs ..	"		
	Spirit for use exclusively in Arts or Manufactures or in Chemis- try, which has been rendered effectually and permanently un- fit for human consumption ..		Ad valorem.	10 per cent.
	Spirit, other sorts ..	Impl. Gallon or 6 quart bottles of the strength of London proof		Rs. 4, & the duty to be increased in propor- tion as the strength of the Spirit exceeds London proof.
	Wines— Champagne and all other ..	Impl. Gallon or 6 quart bottles		Rupces 2-8
	Sparkling Wines ..	"		
	Claret and Still Burgundy ..	"		Rupces 1.
	All other sorts of Still Wines ..	"		Rupces 1.
19	MACHINES, LUCIFER, & ALL OTHER SORTS ..		Ad valorem.	
20	METALS UNWROUGHT, WROUGHT AND ARTICLES MADE OF METALS— Brass— Beads, Ghungri, China ..	Thousand	1 0	
	Old ..	Cwt.	20 0	
	Sheets, rolls, very thin ..	"	84 0	
	Wire ..	"	0 7	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
	Copper— Austrian Cake ..	Cwt.	47 0	
	Bolt ..	"	48 0	
	Braziers and Sheets ..	"	48 0	
	China Cash ..	"	52 0	
	Japan ..	"	41 0	5 per cent.
	Nails and Composition Nails ..	"	43 0	
	Old ..	"	20 0	
	Pigs and Slabs, foreign ..	"	43 0	
	Sheeting and Plate and raised bottoms ..	"	50 0	
	Tiles, Ingots, Cakes and Bricks ..	"	44 0	
	Other sorts, unmanufactured ..		Ad valorem.	
	China, White Copper-ware ..	Lb.	1 2	
	Foil or Dapena ..	100 leaves	3 0	
	Wire ..	"	0 9	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
	Gold Leaf, European ..	120 leaves	3 0	
	Gold Leaf, Mock ..	"	Ad valorem.	

IMPORT TARIFF—continued.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of duty.
METALS, &c.—(continued.)				
	Iron—		Rs. A.	
	Anchors and Cables ..	Ad valorem		
	Angle and T Iron ..	Ton	120 0	
	Beams, Pillars, Girders, Bridge-work, and other descriptions of iron imported exclusively for building purposes ..	Ad valorem		
	Flat, Square and Bolt, including Scotch ..	Ton	95 0	
	Galvanised ..	Cwt.	11 0	
	" Sheet and Ridgang ..	Ton	120 0	
	Loop, Plate and Sheet ..	Ton	120 0	
	Nails, Rods, Clasp, and Flat-headed, Rivets and Washers ..	Cwt.	12 0	
	Nails, other sorts, including Galvanised ..	Ad valorem		
	Nail Rod ..	Ton	140 0	1 per cent.
	Old ..	Cwt.	1 8	
	Pig ..	Ton	50 0	
	Pipes and Tubes ..	Ad valorem		
	Rice Bowls ..	Set of ten	4 0	
	" ..	"	2 0	
	Rod, Round, British, not exceeding half-inch diameter ..	Ton	195 0	
	" exceeding half-inch diameter ..	"	95 0	
	Swedish, Flat and Square and Bolt ..	"	110 0	
	Swedish Nail Rod ..	"	175 0	
	" Round Rod not exceeding 3/4 inch in diameter ..	"	155 0	
	Turned Plates ..	Cwt.	18 0	
	All other sorts, including Wire, but excluding Railway materials, and Kautledge, which last-named article is free ..	Ad valorem		
	Lametta, double reed ..	Score	4 8	
	" single ..	"	2 4	
	Lead—			
	Old, Galena ..	Cwt.	12 0	
	Pig ..	"	12 0	
	Pipes ..	Ad valorem		
	Sheets, Tin ..	"	29 0	
	" other sorts ..	"	12 0	
	Ornamental and Brass Leaves, Foreign and European ..	lb.	1 2	
	Patent or yellow Metals, heating, heating, and Polishing ..	Cwt.	10 0	5 per cent.
	" old ..	"	1 0	
	Quick-silver ..	lb.	1 0	
	Shot, Bird ..	Cwt.	16 0	
	Steel, excluding Railway Materials ..	"	10 0	
	Blistered ..	"	10 0	
	British and Foreign, other than Swedish ..	"	7 8	
	Cast ..	"	22 0	
	Spring ..	"	10 0	
	Swedish ..	"	10 0	
	Tin, Block ..	"	50 0	
	" Foil China ..	lb.	10 12	
	" other sorts ..	Ad valorem		

IMPORT TARIFF—continued.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of duty.
METALS, &c.—(continued.)				
	Zinc or Spelter—		Rs. A.	
	Nails ..	Cwt.	21 8	
	Plate and other shapes, soft ..	"	15 0	
	" hard ..	"	12 0	5 per cent.
	Sheet or Zinc Sheathing ..	"	15 0	
	All other forms ..	Ad valorem		
21	ONION NOT COVERED BY A GOVERNMENT PASS ..	Set of 80 Solids.		Rs. 24.
22	PAINTS, COLORS, PAINTERS' MATERIALS, AND COMPOSITIONS FOR APPLICATION TO LEATHER AND METALS—			
	Ochre, other than European, all colors ..	Cwt.	1 4	
	Paint of sorts ..	"	12 0	
	" Composition ..	"	30 0	
	" Patent Driers ..	"	15 0	
	Prussian Blue, China ..	lb.	6 8	
	" European ..	"	1 6	
	Red Lead ..	Cwt.	14 0	5 per cent.
	Turpentine ..	Imp'l. Gallon.	1 12	
	Verdigris ..	Cwt.	70 0	
	Vermilion, Canton ..	Bore 20 pounds	75 0	
	White Lead ..	Cwt.	13 0	
	All other sorts ..	Ad valorem		
23	PERFUMERY—			
	Amy, Persian ..	Cwt.	15 0	
	Perfumed Spirit in wood or in bottle containing more than half a pint ..	Imp'l. Gallon.		Rs. 1.
	Rose-flowers, dried ..	Cwt.	10 0	
	Rose-water ..	Imp'l. Gallon.	1 12	
	All other sorts, including Perfumed Spirit in bottles containing not more than half a pint ..	Ad valorem		
24	PURCH GOODS, NOT OTHERWISE DESCRIBED ..			
25	PROVISIONS AND OTHERS' STORES—			
	Bacon in Cans, Jowls and Cheeks ..	lb.	0 12	5 per cent.
	Beef and Pork ..	Three of three Cwt.	10 0	
	Cheese ..	Barrel of 2 Cwt.	10 0	
	China Preserves ..	lb.	0 12	
	Flour ..	Box of six jars	8 0	
	Ghee ..	Barrel or sack of 200 lbs.	18 0	
	Groceries not otherwise described ..	Cwt.	40 0	
	Pork Hams ..	lb.	0 12	
	Salted Fish* ..	Cwt.		12 Annas.
	Sage ..	"	12 0	
	Tapioca ..	"	12 0	
	Tongues, salted ..	Key of six.	10 0	
	Vinegar, European, in wood ..	Imp'l. Gallon.	1 0	
	" Persian ..	"	1 0	
	" Country ..	"	0 0	5 per cent.
	All other sorts, except Becho-domer, Fish-maws, Shark-fins, Singally, and Sazille, which are free ..	Ad valorem		

* Duty to be levied only on Salted Fish imported into the Bombay Presidency, except Sindia, and into such other parts of British India as the Governor-General in Council may by notification in the *Gazette of India* from time to time direct.

IMPORT TARIFF—continued.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per.	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
26	SALT—		RS. A.	
	Imported into British Burma—			3 Annas.
	" " Bengal ..			Rs. 2-14.
	" " any other part of British India ..			Rs. 2-8.
27	SHELLS AND COWRIES—			
	Shells—			
	Large Shells, for Cannon ..	Hundred	5 0	
	White, live ..	"	5 0	
	" dead ..	"	3 6	
	Cowries—			
	From Mozambique & Zanzibar ..	"	0 8	
	" other places ..	"	0 8	
	Cowrie—			
	Bazaar, common ..	Cwt.	3 0	
	Maldiva ..	"	7 8	
	Mother-of-pearl ..	"	20 0	
	Nakula ..	"	65 0	
	Sankhli ..	"	20 0	
	Tortoise-shell ..	lb.	5 6	
	" nakh ..	"	1 0	
	Yellow, superior quality ..	"	2 8	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
28	SILK AND ARTICLES MADE OF SILK—			
	Floss ..	lb.	0 0	
	Piece Goods ..		Ad valorem.	
	Raw Silk—			
	Chakaram and Cocchi-Chiam ..	lb.	6 0	
	and yellow Shanghai ..	"	2 0	
	Mothow ..	"	2 0	
	Other kinds of China ..	"	7 0	
	Panjam ..	"	1 6	
	Persian ..	"	1 8	
	Raw silk, the produce of the tasar or other silk worm ..	"	2 8	
	Shera ..	"	2 0	
	Sewing Thread, China ..	"	2 0	
	Waste and Refuse ..	lb.	1 0	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
29	SPICES—			
	Aniseed, Star ..	Cwt.	33 0	
	Betelnuts—			
	Goa ..	"	12 0	
	In the husk ..	The hundred	2 0	
	White, Sri Lanka ..	Cwt.	39 0	
	All other sorts ..	"	11 0	
	Chillies, dried ..	"	9 0	
	Cloves ..	"	70 0	
	" stems and heads ..	"	23 0	
	" in seeds, Kariavang ..	"	50 0	
	Mace ..	lb.	1 0	
	Nutmegs ..	"	1 0	
	" in shell ..	"	0 3	
	Pepper, black and long ..	Cwt.	20 0	
	" white ..	"	32 0	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	
30	STARCHES (EXCEPT TAPIER, WHICH IS FREE)			
31	SUGAR—			
	Cane, Candy ..	Cwt.	25 0	
	Loaf ..	"	25 0	
	Soft ..	"	10 3	
	All other sorts of Starchine produce ..		Ad valorem.	

IMPORT TARIFF—continued.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per.	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
32	TEA—		RS. A.	
	Black ..	"	0 10	
	Green ..	"	1 2	
33	TOBACCO—			
	Manufactured ..		Ad valorem.	5 per cent.
	Unmanufactured ..		"	
34	TOWNSHIP REQUESTING NOT OTHERWISE DRESSING			
35	TOYS & REQUISITES FOR ALL GAMES		Ad valorem.	Rice.
36	UMBRELLAS—			
	China Paper Ketticals ..	Box of 110	15 0	
	Cotton, steel-ribbed ..	Each	0 13	
	" cane-ribbed ..	"	0 12	
	" oiled, other than European ..	"	0 8	
	All other sorts ..		Ad valorem.	5 per cent.
37	WOOLLEN GOODS—			
	Hraid ..		Ad valorem.	
	Hosiery ..		"	
	Piece Goods ..		"	
	All other sorts ..		"	

SCHEDULE B.
EXPORT TARIFF.

No.	Names of Articles.	Per.	Tariff Valuation.	Rate of Duty.
1	GRAIN AND PULSES—		RS. A.	
	Rice in the husk (Paddy) ..	{ Indian demand }		
	" not in the husk ..	{ of 3,200 lbs. }		3 Annas.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT
NOTIFICATION.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

Customs.

No. 2,246.

SINLA, THE 22nd AUGUST, 1876.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 3, Clause (6) of the Indian Tariff Act 1875, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct as follows:

- (1)—No import duty shall be levied on goods imported from any port in any part of British India except British Burma and Sind, and protected by the certificate of an officer empowered in that behalf by the Local Government, that duty has been paid upon the salt used in curing such fish.
- (2)—The duty chargeable on fish thus protected and imported from any port in Sind shall be nine annas a hundred weight.
- (3)—Salt, opium, and spirit imported from any port in British India, and protected by the certificate of an officer empowered in that behalf by the Governor General in Council or the Local Government, shall be chargeable with only the amount, if any, by which the duty leviable thereon under Schedule A to this Act exceeds the duty shown by such certificate to have been already paid in respect of the article thus protected. The amount (if any) paid to the Government in the Presidency of Fort St. George, or elsewhere, as the price of salt, spirit, or opium, shall not be deemed to be duty within the meaning of this paragraph.

NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that from and after the 1st January, 1886, all persons transacting business at the Custom House at Madras, or at any of the out-ports, will be required to provide for their own use, the several forms noted below, which have

CLASS I—continued.	Yearly	No.
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rs. 5,000 a month or upwards.	250	240
(C)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 5, but does not exceed 10 lakhs of Rupees.	250	250
(D)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 5, but does not exceed 5 lakhs of Rupees. Provided that any Company described in Division (A), (B), (C), or (D) of this class the head office or a branch or principal office of which shall not be in Madras, and which shall show that its gross income received in or from Madras shall not in the year immediately preceding the year of taxation have exceeded the sum of	250	250
Rupees 25,000, shall pay only Rupees 250; Rupees 5,000, shall pay only Rupees 25; and that if any such Company shall show that such gross income has not exceeded Rupees 2,500, such Company shall be exempt from taxation.	250	250
Provided also that whenever a Joint-Stock Company has an office, agent, or firm to represent it for the purpose of carrying on business in the City, such office, agent, or firm shall be liable for the taxes payable under this Schedule.	250	250
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 2,000 a month and is less than 5,000 Rupees.	250	250
Merchants, Bankers, Exchange, Contractors, Builders, or Boatmen, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Government Servants in charge of the business of the Government, when the principal office is not in Madras.	250	250
Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers.	250	250
Keepers of any Warehouses or Factories.	250	250
Dubashes, Brokers, or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight.	250	250
Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakils.	250	250
Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers.	250	250
Owners or Partners of Messages, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shopkeepers.	250	250
Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Jute, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning Establishment, Mill or other industry.	250	250
Professional Artists, Artisans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers and Dealers of every description not specified above.	250	250
Class II.		
Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 5, but does not exceed 2 lakhs of Rupees—subject to the provisions hereinafter provided for Companies by this Schedule.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 2,000 a month and is less than Rupees 5,000.		
Merchants, Bankers, Exchange, Contractors, Builders, or Boatmen, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Government Servants in charge of the business of the Government, when the principal office is not in Madras.		
Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Keepers of any Warehouses or Factories, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Dubashes, Brokers, or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares, or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakils, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Owners or Partners of Messages, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shopkeepers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiated of Medicine, Apothecaries, not assessed under Class II.		
Halliers, Vydhais or other such Native Medical Practitioners.		
Class III.		
Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 2 lakhs, but does not exceed 5 lakhs of Rupees—subject to the provisions hereinafter provided for Companies by this Schedule.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 2,000 a month and is less than Rupees 5,000.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class IV.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 500 a month and is less than Rupees 750.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class V.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 250 a month and is less than Rupees 500.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class VI.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 250 a month and is less than Rupees 500.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class VII.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 100 a month and is less than Rupees 250.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		

CLASS III.	Yearly	No.
Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 2 lakhs, but does not exceed 5 lakhs of Rupees—subject to the provisions hereinafter provided for Companies by this Schedule.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 1,000 a month and is less than Rupees 2,000.		
Merchants, Bankers, Exchange, Contractors, Builders, or Boatmen, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Government Servants in charge of the business of the Government, when the principal office is not in Madras.		
Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Keepers of any Warehouses or Factories, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Dubashes, Brokers, or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakils, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Owners or Partners of Messages, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shopkeepers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.		
Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiated of Medicine, Apothecaries, not assessed under Class II.		
Halliers, Vydhais or other such Native Medical Practitioners.		
Class IV.		
All Companies not heretofore provided for—subject to the provisions provided for Companies by this Schedule.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 750 a month and is less than Rupees 1,000.		
All other persons described in, but not assessed under Class III.		
Class V.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 500 a month and is less than Rupees 750.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class VI.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 250 a month and is less than Rupees 500.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Class VII.		
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 100 a month and is less than Rupees 250.		
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that class or Class IV.		
Tax on Salaries of Persons employed from payment under the foregoing Schedules.		
Not to exceed one-half per cent. upon such salaries.		
The procedure as to the collection and payment of this tax is the same as that above stated under "Tax on Arts, Professions, Trades and Callings."		
Tax on Houses, Buildings, and Lands.		
The Commissioners may impose an annual tax upon all houses, buildings and lands, excepting light-houses, public yards, wharves, jetties and all other works connected with the Harbour of Madras, all places of public worship, and all burial and burning-grounds.		
Such tax shall not exceed 10 per cent. of the annual value of the property on which it is imposed.		
The President may, in lieu of such tax, levy upon any lands and premises to any building, or occupied by native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual tax not exceeding four Rupees for every ground of such lands.		
The tax shall be payable by the owner of the said houses, buildings and lands, respectively, in two equal instalments.		
The rate for each half-year shall be payable within fifteen days after the commencement of such half-year.		

* This maximum rate is now levied.

SCHEDULE D.—continued.

TOLLS PAYABLE ON ENTERING MUNICIPAL DOMES—continued.

	RS.	A.	P.
On every Buffalo, bull or bullock, laden.....	0	0	6
Do. Horses, over thirteen hands, laden or ridden.....	0	1	0
Do. " " over thirteen hands, not laden or ridden.....	0	0	6
Do. " " of, or under thirteen hands, or not laden or ridden.....	0	0	3
Do. Elephant.....	0	8	0
Do. Camel.....	0	1	0

TOLLS ON PLACES FOR THE SALE OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.

Every retail dealer in spirituous and intoxicating liquors shall cause each separate place of business used by him in the city for the sale of such liquors to be registered annually in the Municipal Office, and shall pay for each such place of business such annual tax as is specified in Schedule E.

Every such dealer who fails to pay the tax in pursuance of such notice shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not less than the amount of the tax and not more than three times the amount of such tax as the Magistrate may in his discretion award.

SCHEDULE E.

TAX ON LICENSÉ SHOPS.

Class I.

Yearly
Rs.

Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits.
Patil and Columbia Arrack Shops, whose Dowlas, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 7 gallons and upwards for each shop per diem. } 75

Class II.

Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits, which the Municipal Commission shall have determined to be under Class I.
Patil and Columbia Arrack Shops, whose Dowlas, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 5 gallons and less than 7 gallons for each shop per diem. } 50
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector of Madras as 1st-Class Toddy Shops.

Class III.

Patil and Columbia Arrack Shops, whose Dowlas, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 3 gallons and less than 5 gallons for each shop per diem. } 25
Shops for the sale of Toddy, rated by the Collector of Madras as 2nd-Class Toddy Shops.

Class IV.

Patil and Columbia Arrack Shops, whose Dowlas, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 2 gallons and less than 3 gallons for each shop per diem. } 12
Shops for the sale of Toddy, rated by the Collector of Madras as 3rd-Class Toddy Shops.

Complaints, applications and objections made in writing within the prescribed periods, against assessments for the levy of taxes on Lairs, Procellous, Trades and Callings, on salaries of persons exempted from payment under Schedule A, on Houses, Buildings and Lands, and on places used for the sale of spirituous and intoxicating liquors, shall be heard by the President assisted by two Commissioners.

Appeals from decisions of the President shall be heard and determined by two Magistrates.

No appeal to the Magistrate shall be made if the tax assessed or revised has already been paid, and unless a petition of appeal is presented to them within fifteen days from the date of such decision of the President, and unless a notice in writing of intention to appeal to the Magistrate is given to the President within seven days from the date of such decision, such notice being forth the grounds of appeal and the name, occupation and residence of the appellant and of his attorney, or Valah, if any, with his place of residence or business.

Upon the hearing of such appeal no ground of appeal shall be relied upon which has not been set forth in the petition of appeal, unless with the permission of the Magistrate.

The Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, in any case in which an appeal lies to them under this Act, stay or vary, and finally for the decision of the High Court, and they shall do so in every case involving a question of law if either the President or the appellant, within one week after the adjournment of the appeal, applies in writing to them to do so and deposits such sum as he or she may think necessary to defray the cost of such reference.

Where a case has been referred to the High Court, any party may enter thereupon as it thinks just.

TAXES ON PLACES FOR THE SALE OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS.

	RS.	A.	P.
Under 5 Rupees.....	0	1	0
5 and under 10 Rupees.....	0	2	0
10 and under 20 Rupees.....	0	3	0
20 and under 30 Rupees.....	0	4	0
30 and under 40 Rupees.....	0	5	0
40 and under 50 Rupees.....	0	6	0
50 and under 60 Rupees.....	0	7	0
60 and under 70 Rupees.....	0	8	0
70 and under 80 Rupees.....	0	9	0
80 and under 90 Rupees.....	0	10	0
90 and under 100 Rupees.....	0	11	0
100 and under 110 Rupees.....	0	12	0
110 and under 120 Rupees.....	0	13	0
120 and under 130 Rupees.....	0	14	0
130 and under 140 Rupees.....	0	15	0
140 and under 150 Rupees.....	0	16	0
150 and under 160 Rupees.....	0	17	0
160 and under 170 Rupees.....	0	18	0
170 and under 180 Rupees.....	0	19	0
180 and under 190 Rupees.....	0	20	0
190 and under 200 Rupees.....	0	21	0
200 and under 210 Rupees.....	0	22	0
210 and under 220 Rupees.....	0	23	0
220 and under 230 Rupees.....	0	24	0
230 and under 240 Rupees.....	0	25	0
240 and under 250 Rupees.....	0	26	0
250 and under 260 Rupees.....	0	27	0
260 and under 270 Rupees.....	0	28	0
270 and under 280 Rupees.....	0	29	0
280 and under 290 Rupees.....	0	30	0
290 and under 300 Rupees.....	0	31	0
300 and under 310 Rupees.....	0	32	0
310 and under 320 Rupees.....	0	33	0
320 and under 330 Rupees.....	0	34	0
330 and under 340 Rupees.....	0	35	0
340 and under 350 Rupees.....	0	36	0
350 and under 360 Rupees.....	0	37	0
360 and under 370 Rupees.....	0	38	0
370 and under 380 Rupees.....	0	39	0
380 and under 390 Rupees.....	0	40	0
390 and under 400 Rupees.....	0	41	0
400 and under 410 Rupees.....	0	42	0
410 and under 420 Rupees.....	0	43	0
420 and under 430 Rupees.....	0	44	0
430 and under 440 Rupees.....	0	45	0
440 and under 450 Rupees.....	0	46	0
450 and under 460 Rupees.....	0	47	0
460 and under 470 Rupees.....	0	48	0
470 and under 480 Rupees.....	0	49	0
480 and under 490 Rupees.....	0	50	0
490 and under 500 Rupees.....	0	51	0
500 and under 510 Rupees.....	0	52	0
510 and under 520 Rupees.....	0	53	0
520 and under 530 Rupees.....	0	54	0
530 and under 540 Rupees.....	0	55	0
540 and under 550 Rupees.....	0	56	0
550 and under 560 Rupees.....	0	57	0
560 and under 570 Rupees.....	0	58	0
570 and under 580 Rupees.....	0	59	0
580 and under 590 Rupees.....	0	60	0
590 and under 600 Rupees.....	0	61	0
600 and under 610 Rupees.....	0	62	0
610 and under 620 Rupees.....	0	63	0
620 and under 630 Rupees.....	0	64	0
630 and under 640 Rupees.....	0	65	0
640 and under 650 Rupees.....	0	66	0
650 and under 660 Rupees.....	0	67	0
660 and under 670 Rupees.....	0	68	0
670 and under 680 Rupees.....	0	69	0
680 and under 690 Rupees.....	0	70	0
690 and under 700 Rupees.....	0	71	0
700 and under 710 Rupees.....	0	72	0
710 and under 720 Rupees.....	0	73	0
720 and under 730 Rupees.....	0	74	0
730 and under 740 Rupees.....	0	75	0
740 and under 750 Rupees.....	0	76	0
750 and under 760 Rupees.....	0	77	0
760 and under 770 Rupees.....	0	78	0
770 and under 780 Rupees.....	0	79	0
780 and under 790 Rupees.....	0	80	0
790 and under 800 Rupees.....	0	81	0
800 and under 810 Rupees.....	0	82	0
810 and under 820 Rupees.....	0	83	0
820 and under 830 Rupees.....	0	84	0
830 and under 840 Rupees.....	0	85	0
840 and under 850 Rupees.....	0	86	0
850 and under 860 Rupees.....	0	87	0
860 and under 870 Rupees.....	0	88	0
870 and under 880 Rupees.....	0	89	0
880 and under 890 Rupees.....	0	90	0
890 and under 900 Rupees.....	0	91	0
900 and under 910 Rupees.....	0	92	0
910 and under 920 Rupees.....	0	93	0
920 and under 930 Rupees.....	0	94	0
930 and under 940 Rupees.....	0	95	0
940 and under 950 Rupees.....	0	96	0
950 and under 960 Rupees.....	0	97	0
960 and under 970 Rupees.....	0	98	0
970 and under 980 Rupees.....	0	99	0
980 and under 990 Rupees.....	0	100	0
990 and under 1000 Rupees.....	0	101	0

Table of Fees payable in Districts under this Act.

SUMS DISTRAINED FOR	FEES.	SUMS DISTRAINED FOR	FEES.
Under 5 Rupees.....	0 4	57 and under 60 Rupees.....	2 0
5 and under 10 Rupees.....	0 6	61 " 65 ".....	2 1
10 " 15 ".....	0 12	66 " 70 ".....	2 2
15 " 20 ".....	1 0	71 " 75 ".....	2 3
20 " 25 ".....	1 1	76 " 80 ".....	2 4
25 " 30 ".....	1 2	81 " 85 ".....	2 5
30 " 35 ".....	1 3	86 " 90 ".....	2 6
35 " 40 ".....	1 4	91 " 95 ".....	2 7
40 " 45 ".....	1 5	96 " 100 ".....	2 8
45 " 50 ".....	1 6	Above 100 ".....	3 0

These fees include all expenses, except when they are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case 4 Annas must be paid daily for each anna.

Schedule of Fees for Registrations and Licenses payable to the Municipal Commissioners under Section 396 of the Act.

SCHEDULE I.

Schedule of Registration Fees chargeable under Section 396 of the City of Madras Municipal Act V of 1878.

Section.	Description.	RS.	A.	P.
153	Registration of vehicles kept for hire.....	1	0	0
170	Do. of a cart or vehicle by person becoming immediately possessed of it in the course of any half-year.....	2	0	0
229	Do. of transfer of debenture bonds.....	1	0	0
356	Do. of places used at the date of the coming into operation of this Act as a burial-ground or burning-ground of the dead.....	1	0	0

SCHEDULE II.

Schedule of the purposes for which Licenses are required to be taken out under the City of Madras Municipal Act V of 1878 and the Fees chargeable for the same under Section 398 of the said Act.

Section.	Description.	Rate.
292	To put up boards and fences in public streets during repairs.....	4 Annas per 100 square feet per diem.
312	To keep a public latrine for any period not exceeding one year.....	3 Rupees each per annum.
392	To use a place for any of the following purposes:—	
1.	Melting tallow.....	10 " "
2.	Do. sulphur.....	20 " "
3.	Boiling or staining offal, blood, bones, or rags.....	50 " "
4.	Washing or drying wool or hair.....	50 " "
5.	Soap house.....	50 " "
6.	Dyeing-house or yard.....	12 " per ground per annum.
7.	Camphor-boiling house.....	5 " "
8.	Oil-boiling house.....	5 " "
9.	Oil-mill or press.....	5 " "
10.	Tannery.....	75 " "
11.	Brick-kiln.....	2 " per square of ground surface covered by kiln per annum.
12.	Pottery-kiln.....	20 Rupees each kiln per annum.
13.	Lime-kiln.....	20 " "
14.	Sugar-manufactory.....	50 " "
15.	Distillery.....	50 " "
16.	Any manufactory from which offensive or unwholesome smells arise.....	12 " per ground per annum.
17.	Place for storing high explosive or other dangerous materials.....	50 " "
18.	Gunpowder manufactory.....	100 " "
19.	Manufactory of fireworks.....	100 " "
20.	Place of storing explosive or other combustible materials.....	25 " "
21.	Any place which is used for any purpose which is calculated to be dangerous to life, health or property.....	100 " "

Section	To use a place for any of the following purposes—	
325	1. Livery or hack stable 2. Horse bus 3. Veterinary infirmary 4. Cart-stand 5. Cattle-shed or yard for public resort in which twenty sheep or goats or ten horned cattle are kept or allowed to be kept	6 Annas per stall per annum. 2 Rupees per ground per annum.
329	To use a place or portion of a place for the site of a shop or other than private use of—	
	1. Wood 2. Fire-wood 3. Hay 4. Grain 5. Straw 6. Coal	5 " " 12 " "
331	To use a place as a slaughter-house	100 " each per annum.
337	To establish a new public market	100 " each market.
340	To continue keeping the same	100 " per annum.
350	To keep open a market which is in existence at the time of the coming into operation of this Act	100 " "
360	To open, bury, or cause to be buried or burning ground	1 " "

By-law No. 1. To keep a stall for the sale of meat, dead poultry, fish, or other animal food in any place other than a market.

* 1st Class Rs. 200—2nd Class Rs. 150—3rd Class Rs. 50—4th Class Rs. 25.

By-Laws for the regulation of Markets and Slaughter-houses.

Public Department, Fort Saint George, 25th March 1873.

The Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following By-Laws of the Municipal Commission for the Town of Madras under Act IX of 1867:—

1. The site in every market for the sale of meat, fish, and vegetables, shall have the flooring raised at least four feet from the ground, shall be paved with tiles, any kind of granite, and shall be covered with a roof of tiled or terraced roof, the eaves being 7 feet high from the ground, and projecting 3 feet beyond the basement, and the breadth of each stall or range of stalls shall be not less than 12 feet, and of covering to be not less than 6 feet.
2. The entrance from the public streets into the markets and slaughter-houses shall not be less than 12 feet wide, and the passage between the stalls shall not be of less width than 6 feet; each stall shall be metalled with gravel or cinders, and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.
3. No refuse shall be exposed, or deposited in the passage.
4. Markets for the sale of meat, fish, and vegetables shall be shut, washed, within an hour, once at least in every four months.
5. Stalls for the sale of meat and fish shall be covered, and all stalls and passages kept clean, and the refuse removed, once in morning and afternoon, and deposited at such place or places as approved by the Commissioners.
6. Every weighing scale for the sale of meat and fish shall be kept in good order to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.
7. Every market stall or slaughter-house shall be provided with a well and latrine, if deemed necessary by the Commissioners.
8. Every owner or farmer of a market stall, or dealer in his market, standard set of scales, weights and measures, or any other articles, shall be liable for reference in case of dispute.
9. Every slaughter-house shall be thoroughly washed and swept morning and afternoon.
10. Every slaughter-house shall be kept closed, both within and without, once in every four months.
11. Every slaughter-house shall be paved with granite stones, or flat paving bricks or tiles, or asphalt, and the ground shall be metalled with mortar at least once annually.
12. Persons selling or disposing of refuse, or articles of refuse, are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food in a market or slaughter-house.
13. When meat of any kind is brought from the slaughter-house, or fish from the beach to a market, it shall not be exposed to the view.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, Fort Saint George, 4th March, 1873.

The Governor in Council is pleased to confirm the following By-Laws made by the Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Madras, under Act IX of 1867:—

By-Laws.

1. No meat, dead poultry, fish, salt-fish or other animal food shall be sold or exposed for sale within the town in any place other than places named by the President of the Municipal Commission as Markets in accordance with the provisions of Section 185 of Act IX of 1867, or as stalls to be specially used for such sale as aforesaid.
2. A license in writing for the use of each such stall as shall not be composed or included in any licensed Market must be obtained from the President who is hereby empowered to charge a yearly fee of one Rupee for each license, and at his discretion to refuse, withdraw or revoke such license, and whoever without such license or after notice of its withdrawal or revocation, use such stall for the sale or exposure for sale of meat, dead poultry, fish, salt-fish or other animal food shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees, and to a penalty not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after the conviction for such offence during which the said offence is continued. Provided that an appeal against the President's refusal to grant such license, or against his withdrawal or revocation thereof, shall lie to two Magistrates in the manner provided by Section 83 for appeals against Assessment.

By order of the Governor in Council,

(Signed) W. HUBBLESTON, Chief Secretary.

By-Laws for the regulation of Burial and Burning Grounds.

Of the following By-Laws, Nos. 1 to 5 have been incorporated in the Act.

1. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse in any Burial Ground within the Municipal limits in a grave of less depth than 4½ feet if constructed of masonry, and 6 feet if not so constructed.
2. No person shall build or dig or cause to be built or dug a grave in any such Burial Ground, at a less distance than two feet from any existing grave.
3. No grave or vault containing a corpse shall be opened, without the sanction, in writing, of the President.
4. No person, when burning or causing to be burnt any corpse or part of a corpse in any Burning Ground within the Municipal limits, shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or to be removed until so reduced.
5. Every person who shall bring or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any Burning Ground within the Municipal limits shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within six hours after its arrival at the said Burning Ground.
6. Every Burial or Burning Ground shall be surrounded by a sufficient wall or fence to the satisfaction of the President.

By-Laws for the regulation of offensive and dangerous trades and places for Cart-stands and Livery and Hack Stables.

1. Every owner or occupier of any place within the Municipal limits used for any of the purposes specified in Section 181 of the Madras Municipal Act IX of 1867, and every owner or occupier of a livery or hack stable or cart-stand, cart-yard, bakery, coach building-yard or other manufactory, shall remove, or cause to be removed, twice in every twenty-four hours, morning and afternoon, all filth, dirt, and refuse which at the time of such removal shall be in or about such place, and shall cause such filth, dirt, or dust to be disposed in such places as the Commissioners may approve, and provisions for boiling or preparing the food of the cattle and attendants shall be made so as not to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood.
2. No owner or occupier of any Tannery within the prescribed limits shall remove, or allow to be removed, any hide or skin from any pit in such Tannery for the purpose of exposing the same to the air, or for any other purpose, at any other time than between the hours of 5 and 8 o'clock in the morning.
3. Every cart-stand, stable, cart-yard, and sheep-pen, shall be drained and metalled to the satisfaction of the President, and every cart-yard and hackery, or block of huts, shall be provided by the owner or farmer thereof, with latrines for males or females, or both, as the case may require, of such extent and construction as the President shall approve of.

By-Laws for the regulation and deposit and proper use and maintenance of Latrines and Urinals.

1. Every common urinal, which shall be provided or licensed by the Municipal Commissioners, shall and may be used, and for the purposes of urinal only, and every common latrine, which shall be provided or licensed by a Municipal Commissioner, shall and may be used as and for the purposes of latrine only.
2. No person shall be at liberty to use such common urinals or common latrines for any purposes other than the purposes for which they are respectively strictly intended, nor be permitted to use them in any improper manner, so as to cause them to

be or become in a more filthy or noxious state than but for such improper use thereof, they respectively would have been or become.

Bye-Laws for the regulation of dogs in the public thoroughfares.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within six hours after its death, or before the carcass of his own creature, without cutting it up or opening it, to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report its death to the Conservator-General of the Division, within which such premises may be situated, and in such place shall pay to the said Conservator the expense of removing the carcass to such station of the Presidency from time to time determined.

2. No person shall defecate on the external walls of houses or yards adjoining the public streets.

3. The external walls of houses adjoining the public street shall be kept in proper repair with lime-plastering, and shall be repainted once a year, unless specially exempted by the Commissioners.

4. Every wall shall be fenced by a wall 3 feet high from the surface of the ground.

5. No person shall make use of the pavement or verandah of his house or of any place not properly adapted for such purpose, in front of his house, or by the side of any street, as a stable or stall, for keeping horses, ponies, or any other animals, or for any other purpose. A table of such Bye-Laws as are applicable to such places respectively, being printed or painted in English and the Vernacular languages, shall be placed on boards and put up in a conspicuous place in every market, slaughter-house, and burial or burning ground for the information and guidance of the public.

Whoever shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing Bye-Laws by doing any act prohibited by any such Bye-Law, or by neglecting to do any act directed to be done by any such Bye-Law, or in any wise contravening such law, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 10 Rupees, and in the case of continuing breach, to a further penalty not exceeding 10 Rupees for every day during which the breach is continued, after the conviction for such offence.

That no person shall spit upon the roads and on the side channels adjoining the roads situated within the Municipality.

No person shall expose to view, or cause to be exposed to view, any raw skin or skin or raw hide or bones, in the course of their carriage from place to place.

No cart, carriage, or vehicle of any description whatsoever, with or without a driver, drawn by a man or man or a bullock or bullocks, or other animal or animals, whether empty or laden with passengers or things of any description, whatsoever, shall be pushed, drawn or driven on any road or street, except on the road or street, or shall carry any such cart, carriage, or vehicle or any other vehicle with or without a driver, whether empty or laden as aforesaid, but a cart, carriage, or vehicle driven between the hours of 6 A.M. and 7 P.M. on that part of Popiah's Broadway, in the Black Town of Madras, which is situate between the China Bazaar or Mandary Street and the Church Missionary Society's premises in Popiah's Broadway.

No cart, carriage, or vehicle of any description whatsoever, whether empty or laden with passengers, shall be pushed, drawn or driven, nor shall any animal, be led, ridden, or driven on any footpath expressly intended or made for foot passengers, or any side or ridge of any road or street, or through any square, or, nor shall any person, man, or animal be used, but such footpath or any part or parts thereof, for the location, either permanently or temporarily, of any stall or stalls for the sale of any article or articles or thing or things of any description whatsoever, or for any purpose or purposes other than for the use of foot passengers.

The Governor in Council directs the publication of the following Bye-Law of the Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Madras, under Act IX of 1867:

"That no new buildings shall be erected on certain streets hereunder named, unless they are of an altitude and facade which shall be approved of by the President, viz:—

The North Beach and Line Road, the Depottah Road of the Town, Popiah's Broadway, the Mount Road, Selah Street, from Andampen Pappa Street to the General Hospital, Armistia Street, Thambore Chetty Street, Mann Street, Andampen, Kishan Street and Father's Bridge, road—provided that there shall be an appeal to the Governor in Council from any decision of the President of the Municipal Commission passed under this Bye-Law."

Registration of Births and Deaths.

Madras Act V of 1878 renders the register of Births and Deaths compulsory, and invests the Municipal Commissioners with power to establish offices in different parts of the town for this purpose.

The father or mother of every child born in the City, or in the case of the death, illness, absence or inability of the father and mother, any person who is present at or is attendant during the child's birth, shall report the same as aforesaid on the day of every such birth, birth, or cause to be present information to the Registrar of the District, according to the form of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

Someone of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying in the City, or in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or building, or if the occupier be the person who has died, some person living in the house or building in which such death has happened, shall forthwith give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the City, shall, whenever required, furnish to the Registrar, or to any person authorized by him, such information as he possesses as to the several particulars.

Any person whose duty it is to give information who neglects or refuses to give such information, or who gives false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Every person who has given the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act, shall sign in the register his name, description and place of abode, and if he cannot write, shall put his mark in the register to his name, description and place of abode.

SCHEDULE L.

19 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When Born.	Nationality or Caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE M.

16 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When Died.	Nationality or Caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Residence at time of Death.	Residence previous to last illness.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

Note.—In reporting the birth or death of a *Native*, mention the particular *Sub-Division of Caste*. Let *Christians* be separated into those of pure *European* parentage, those of mixed blood, viz., *Indo-European*; and those of pure *Native* parentage, viz., *Native Christians*. Let *Negro*, *African*, *Sidde* be reported as such, and not as *Muslimans*.

The following are the Registrars, with their places of residence in their several Divisions:—
 G. D. Var..... 1st Divn.—Central Police Station, Travetoor High Road.
 C. Rungta Moolally..... 2d do. Tanna Station at Elephant Gate Bridge, Waller.
 C. Rajaratna Moolally..... 3d do. Municipal Office.
 D. Ratha Pillay..... 4th do. Tanna Station, Gunna Road, Perambore.
 P. Linga Reddy..... 5th do. Police Central Station, Vepery High Road.
 G. Srobaraya Moolally..... 6th do. Station at the Puzhambal Road, Ma Nicol's Road.
 P. Annamalai Moolally..... 7th do. Tanna Station, Triplicane High Road.
 E. R. Rosemore..... 8th do. Police Station, Royapetah High Road.

N. B.—No Fees charged for Registration.

List of Pillar Letter Boxes, showing the Post Office to which attached and Hours at which served.

Postal District.	Number.	Locality of Pillar Box.	HOURS AT WHICH SERVED.					
			1st A.M.		2nd A.M.		3rd P.M.	
Madras G. P. O.	1	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.	12	11	10	9	10	9
	2	Postmaster General's Office.						
	3	Custom House, Beach.						
	4	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.	5	4	3	2	3	2
	5	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.						
	6	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.						
	7	Chennai Police Station.						
	8	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.						
	9	Chennai Police Station.						
	10	Tamam Junction, Thampara Chetty Street.						
Royapuram P. Office.	11	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	12	Chennai Police Station.						
	13	Chennai Police Station.						
	14	Chennai Police Station.						
Parambore P. Office.	15	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	16	Chennai Police Station.						
Paraswankum P. Office.	17	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	18	Chennai Police Station.						
Egmore P. O.	19	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	20	Chennai Police Station.						
Nungambakum P. Office.	21	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	22	Chennai Police Station.						
Teynampett P. Office.	23	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	24	Chennai Police Station.						
Adyar P. O.	25	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	26	Chennai Police Station.						
Mylapore P. Office.	27	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	28	Chennai Police Station.						
Royapettah P. Office.	29	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	30	Chennai Police Station.						
Mount Road P. Office.	31	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	32	Chennai Police Station.						
Sydapett Post Office.	33	Chennai Police Station.	4	3	2	1	2	1
	34	Chennai Police Station.						

Other than the Pillar Letter Boxes mentioned above, the following are attached to the General Post Office and served by a messenger who also delivers letters at the places named, on the afternoon of the day on which the boxes are served. He also receives letters for post and puts them in the pillar boxes on his return.

No. 45, Post Office, 6, road, on Thursday, 11th January 1900.

List of Postal Districts and Suburbs included in each, showing the probable hour the Letter Carriers attached to each office leave with Letters for delivery.

Postal Districts.	Suburbs included in each District.	HOURS THE DELIVERIES ARE EXPECTED AT EACH OFFICE.				
		Week Days.				Sundays only.
		1st Delivery.	2nd Delivery.	3rd Delivery.	4th Delivery.	5th Delivery.
Madras G. P. O.	Black Town, Mootilpett, Beach, Esplanade, Mint, Paraherry, Sowcarpet, John Bastian's, Gopally Bazaar, Fort St. George, General Hospital, &c.	7-30	1-15	4-15	7-50	
Royapuram Post Office.	Royapuram, Casimere, Coorookapett, Wash-erampett, and Tondiarpett.	8-15	1-15	4-15	8-15	
Parambore Post Office.	Parambore, Vassarapady, Casimere, Choolay, Narraipollam and Veeramanotham.	8-10	1-10	4-10	8-10	
Paraswankum Post Office.	Vengery, Paraswankum, Locock's Gardens, New Town, Paramettoo, the Poonamallee Road, East of the Scotch Kirk, Gov't. Body Guard.	8-25	1-25	4-25	8-25	
Egmore Post Office.	Egmore, Poodeppatt, Pantheon Road, Chetput, the Poonamallee Road, West of the Scotch Kirk.	8-40	2-10	5-10	8-40	
Nungumbakum Post Office.	Nungumbakum and Mackay's Gardens.	8-55	2-25	5-25	8-55	
Teynampett Post Office.	Teynampett, Holmes' Gardens, and Mount Road, from Bakery up to Thousand Lights.	8-55	2-25	5-25	8-55	
Mylapore Post Office.	Saint Thomas, Mylapore, Luz, Mowbray Road, Elliot's Gardens and its neighbourhood.	8-40	2-10	5-10	8-40	
Adyar Post Office.	Adyar and its neighbourhood.	8-55	2-25	5-25	8-55	
Royapettah Post Office.	Royapettah, Kiatampett, Meerasampettah, Cink, and Hotels in the neighbourhood, at the Mount Road, from Thousand Lights to Neil's Statue.	8-25	1-25	4-25	8-25	
Mount Road Post Office.	Camp Equid's Depot, Mount Road, from Government House to Neil's Statue, Triplicane, Chelvan Palam, Chintadrapettam, Marasinga-pooram and Mandy Bazaar.	8-10	1-10	4-10	8-10	
Sydapett Post Office.	Sydapett and its neighbourhood.	9-25	2-45	5-45	9-25	

Table showing the latest hour for posting Parcels and Letters at the several Post Offices in Madras for despatch by Stations in the Morning.

	For 7.30 A.M. South Indian Mail Train.	For 8.0 Mail on Rammer Line for Poodeppatt, Palacai, Ponnai, Todi and Escholupett.		For 8.15 A.M. Mail Train.	
	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	P.M.
Madras General Post Office	Previous day	Previous day			
Royapuram Receiving Office	5	5			4.0
Parambore do.	4	4			3.35
Paraswankum do.	4	4			3.30
Egmore do.	4	4			3.15
Nungumbakum do.	4	4			3.0
Teynampett do.	4	4			2.45
Adyar do.	4	4			2.45
Mylapore do.	4	4			2.30
Royapettah do.	4	4			3.0
Mount Road do.	4	4			3.1
Sydapett do.	4	4			3.30
Fort St. George Receiving House	4	4			3.5

Table showing the latest hour for posting Letters and Papers at the Receiving Offices for Mails closing at the General Post Office for Dispatch by Steamers.

LATEST HOUR FOR POSTING.			
	For Mails closing between 12 noon and 1 p.m.	For Mails closing between 1-15 and 1-15 p.m.	For Mails closing between 4-15 p.m. and 6-30 p.m.
Benapooram Receiving Office	6-45	12-30	3-45
Parazabod do.	6-55	12-35	3-55
Purussaulam do.	6-40	12-30	3-25
Egmore do.	6-55	12-15	3-10
Nungunlakuram do.	6-10	12-0	2-55
Teynampett do.	6-10	12-0	2-55
Adyar do.	6-0	11-55	2-45
Mylapore do.	6-25	12-5	3-10
Royapettah do.	6-30	12-30	3-25
Mount Road do.	6-35	12-45	3-40
Fort St. George R. L.	6-5	12-50	3-50
Sydney Post Office	6-20	12-15	2-15

Note.—At the General Post Office the Mails are closed about two hours before the time notified for the sailing of Steamers.

Memorandum showing the hour of arrival of the several Mails at the General Post Office daily, and the Deliveries at which they are distributed.

Mails.	Hour of arrival at the General Post Office.	Deliveries at which they are distributed.
From Stations on the South-West Line	About 1-30 p.m.	1st or 7-30 a.m. Delivery.
Do. do. on the North-West Line	About 6-15 a.m.	Do. do. do.
Do. Cuddalore and Stations on the Southern Coast	About 5 p.m.	Do. do. do. following day.
Do. Pondicherry, Ponnani, Tuticorin, and Palayamkottai	Between 6 and 7 a.m.	1st or 7-30 p.m. Delivery.
Do. Mount, Palayam and Chingleput Special	About 11 a.m.	2nd or 1-15 p.m. do.

Overland Mail.

The Foreign or Overland Mail closes at the General Post Office every Thursday at 4-15 p.m.

Letters on which a full sum of 2 annas is paid are received at the General Post Office till 5-15 p.m.

1.—Rates of Postage and conditions of transmission by the Inland Post.

INLAND POSTAGE RATES.

Prepaid Postage Rates. [For official correspondence see Section VIII.]	Letter, Prepaid or optional: must be in stamp.	Book or Pattern Packet, in Open Cover, including Newspaper: Preparation of Envelope must be in stamp.	Parcel: Prepayment optional: must be in stamp.
	Anna.	Anna.	Anna.
Each Post-card			
Not exceeding 1 tola in weight	1		
Exceeding 1 tola and not exceeding 2 tolas	1		
For every additional tola	1		
Not exceeding 10 tolas in weight			
For every additional 10 tolas			
Not exceeding 20 tolas in weight			
Exceeding 20 tolas and not exceeding 40 tolas			
For every additional 40 tolas			

Unpaid Postage chargeable on delivery.

For an unpaid letter or book or pattern packet—double the prepaid rate.
For an insufficiently paid letter or book or pattern packet—double the deficiency.
For an insufficiently paid or unpaid parcel—the prepaid rate.
Note.—Partial payment of ordinary parcels cannot be recognised.

Special Rates for Registration, &c. (In addition to ordinary Prepaid Rates.)

Registration Fee, to be prepaid by stamps—		
Each letter or Post-card	1	See Section IV, Page 11.
Each Book or Pattern Packet or Newspaper	2	
Acknowledgment of Receipt from Addressee, to be prepaid by stamps in the case of Registered articles, and in cash in the case of Parcels	1	See Sections I & IV, Pages 4 & 12.
Insurance Fee, to be prepaid by stamps in the case of Letters, and in cash in the case of Parcels—		
When the value certified does not exceed Rs. 50	2	See Section V, Page 13.
Do. do. do. 100	4	
For every additional Rs. 100 or fraction thereof	4	
Value payable Commission (deducted from amount paid by sender)—		
When the value does not exceed Rs. 10	2	See Section IV, Page 15.
Do. do. do. 25	4	
For every additional Rs. 25 or fraction thereof	4	
Money Order Commission, to be prepaid in cash—		
On sums not exceeding Rs. 10	2	See Section VI, Page 16.
On sums exceeding Rs. 10 but not exceeding Rs. 25	4	
For every additional Rs. 25 or fraction thereof	4	
Certificate of Paying, to be prepaid by stamps on the form presented—		
Each article	1	See Section III, Page 11.

Definition of Term "Inland Post."

1. By "Inland Post" is meant the post maintained by the Government of India between Indian Post Offices, whether by land or by sea. This does not include the post maintained by the Government of India between British Burma and the Straits (B. I. S. N. Co.), or between Calcutta and the Straits and China (Opium Steamers), or between India and Ceylon (P. and O. S. N. Co.), as well as the B. I. S. N. Co., and the Land Post, or between India and Persia (B. I. S. N. Co.), the Post Offices in the last-mentioned places not being Indian Post Offices; nor does it include the post maintained by means of British or French Packets, or Non-Contract Vessels of the P. and O. S. N. Co., between the Indian Post Offices of Calcutta, Madras, Pondicherry, Bombay, and Aden; but it includes the post maintained by means of the Indian Contract Mail Steamers of the B. I. S. N. Co., between the Continent of India and British Burma, as well as between the different ports on the east and west coasts, and between Bombay, Karachi, and the Indian Post Offices in the Persian Gulf, &c.

Exclusive privilege of the Indian Post Office.

2. The Indian Post Office is governed by the provisions of Act No. XXV of 1835, entitled "The Indian Post Office Act, 1835." By the above-mentioned Act the exclusive privilege of carrying letters is vested in the Government of India (Sections 5 and 6), and penalties are prescribed (Section 45) for any infringement of this privilege. The term *letter* as used in this paragraph is intended to designate a communication having the character of an actual and personal correspondence.

Letter and Baggage Post.

3. There are two great branches of the Postal Service, viz., the Letter Post and the Baggage Post. In the former (Letter Post) the bulkiness of transit is kept more prominently in view, the letter mail being generally carried in transit on Railway Lines and carried in smaller loads on runner lines.

Articles not exceeding 25 tolas in weight are forwarded by the letter post in letter, post-card, or book or pattern packet rates, as the case may be, except when they are specially marked, or presented by the sender for transmission as parcels. And any fully prepaid packet exceeding 25 tolas in weight which contains only a single newspaper is also transmitted by the letter post.

Articles exceeding 25 tolas in weight or newspapers packed and prepaid as above are forwarded by the baggage post (at parcel or book or pattern packet rates, as the case may be), except when they are specially marked by the sender for transmission as letters, or when an intention to send them as letters is inferred from the outward appearance or other indication, without payment of letter postage.

Post-cards.

4. Post-cards having anything but the address written, printed, or otherwise impressed on the front, or adding any post or other article attached to them, will be treated as letters. Post-cards may not be added, cut, or otherwise altered, but the perforation of the stamps on post-cards with ink (for the prevention of theft) is not objected to.

Book and Pattern Packets, how to be packed.

5. Book and Pattern Packets must be packed in "open covers." By this term are meant covers open at the ends so as to admit of a ready examination of the contents, and containing nothing closed against tampering. Book and pattern packets without covers are treated in the same way as those in open covers.

Specimens of seeds, drugs and such like articles, which are not to be sent in open covers, but such articles only may be posted, enclosed in boxes or in bags of linen or of other material, fastened in such a manner that they may be easily opened, so as to enable the officers of the Post Office readily to satisfy themselves of the nature of the contents.

In cases where the perforation of an article covering is necessary for the safe transmission of such samples, they may be allowed to be closed, provided that the nature of the contents is certified on the cover under the full signature and address of the sender.

Specimens of cloths may be sent in cases with perforated ends, provided that the perforations are large enough to admit of the contents being distinguished, and provided that the nature of the contents is certified on the cover under the full signature and address of the sender.

Contents of Book and Pattern Packets.

6. A Book Packet may contain newspapers, paper, parchment or card-board, with or without printing or writing, also any legitimate scribbles, mending, covering or other ordinary appearance of books or maps, also invoices, bills of lading, receipts, accounts,

* NOTE.—Here and elsewhere, the term "letters" includes post-cards, unless expressly distinguished from them.

† NOTE.—Here and elsewhere in this Section, the term "newspaper" includes periodicals published at intervals not exceeding 21 days.

copies or extracts of deeds, bank pass books, insurance documents, and business papers generally, provided that there shall be no communication having the character of an actual and personal correspondence, unless such communication be wholly printed, lithographed, or papyrusographed. Proof sheets marked as such on the outside under the signature of the sender (even though they may bear manuscript corrections) shall be reckoned as being "wholly printed" within the meaning of this rule. Press manuscripts intended for publication (even though in the form and with the character of a personal correspondence) may be transmitted in a book packet, provided that the packet has on the outside, above the address, the superscription "Press Manuscript," and is addressed to the office of a newspaper.

A Pattern Packet may contain only *long file trade patterns or sampler of merchandise*, and may not exceed 10 tolas in weight or possess any valuable value. There must be no writing upon or in any pattern packet except the address of the person for whom it is intended, the name and address of the sender, a trade mark or number, and the price of the articles.

Size of Book and Pattern Packets.

7. No packet may exceed two feet in length or one foot in width or depth.

Book and Pattern Packets not fulfilling the prescribed conditions.

8. Book or Pattern Packets not fulfilling the prescribed conditions will be forwarded charged with letter or parcel postage, whichever may be the less; if treated as parcels any stamps affixed will be disregarded, so far as concerns prepayment of postage.

Parcels, how to be packed.

9. The sender of a parcel is recommended to see to its secure packing. The sender of a small parcel is also recommended so to pack it as to leave sufficient clear surface for the impression of the Post Office stamp, as the absence of the stamp impression interferes with its safety.

Contents, Weight, and Size, &c., of Parcels.

10. Not more than one communication having the character of an actual and personal correspondence (unless wholly printed, lithographed, or papyrusographed) may be enclosed in a parcel.

No parcel may exceed 25 seers (2,000 tolas) in weight, nor may it be of a kind which, owing to size, shape, packing, or otherwise, cannot be carried without serious inconvenience to the mail service or risk of injury to itself.

Receipts and acknowledgments for parcels.

11. A receipt for a parcel is given to a person tendering it at a Post Office within the prescribed hours. A receipt for each parcel is ordinarily given to the sender, and a receipt for each parcel is ordinarily taken from the addressee; but in the case of a number of parcels posted by the same person at the same time and all bearing the same address, only one receipt is given to the sender, and only one demanded from the addressee, the separate number of each parcel being, however, entered on the single receipt. Should, however, the person who posts the parcels demand separate receipts, they will be given, and in that case separate receipts will also be taken from the addressee. The sender of a parcel will be furnished with an acknowledgment signed by the addressee on payment of one anna for postage. When a sender desires an acknowledgment, he must give his name and full address at the time of presenting the parcel and prepay the acknowledgment postage in cash independently of the amount (if any) which may be prepaid for the conveyance of the parcel. The acknowledgment will be posted to the sender's address by the office where the parcel is delivered.

The sender of an ordinary parcel may, if he so desires, present a receipt for the same, ready written, in a book, at the Post Office window when tendering the parcel for despatch. In such cases the receiving officer will compare the entries in the book with the address upon the parcel, and, after entering in the receipt the number and weight of the parcel, will date, sign and stamp the book, which will then be returned to the sender in lieu of furnishing him with the usual postal form of receipt. The object of this arrangement is to meet the convenience of persons posting several parcels at the same time, who may wish to preserve receipts in the form of a book.

II.—Miscellaneous Instructions and Regulations.

Addresses on Inland Articles.

1. No address is complete which does not contain the Post Town from which delivery is intended, and care should always be taken to write the name of the Post Town as to be confused with other names are distinguished in the List of Post Offices (at the end of the Postal Guide) by having the name of the District added (with a hyphen) in the same type; and persons addressing articles to such places are recommended to follow in brackets the name of the District in which the Post Town or small note, it is proper to add. This can always be ascertained by reference to the List of Post Offices (at the end of

the Postal Guide.) Correspondence which does not bear the name of a Post Town, but which contains the name of a District or Province, is, as a rule, forwarded to the Head Quarter Post Town of such District or Province, and thence re-forwarded if reliable information about the addressee is available.

2. It is very necessary to see that the name of the District when added as above is given in brackets, so as not to be mistaken for the Post Town in cases where there is a Post Town of the same name. For instance, a letter for Rajghat in the Benares District may, if the word "Benares" be written without brackets, be sent to Benares Post Town.

3. Inconvenience having been experienced in the delivery of articles to public officers at their offices or private residences, as well as to those changing their stations or appointments, owing to the frequent inclusion in the address of both name and official designation, and to the consequent doubt whether the cover is intended for the individual or the official, the public are invited to regulate the form of address so as to ensure correct delivery under the following rule prescribed for the guidance of Postal officials, viz:—The delivery of articles *addressed and paid for as on H.M.S. Service* is governed by the official designation (when given) of the addressee, and the delivery of covers *not so superscribed* is governed by the name (when given) of the addressee.

Note.—The last clause of the above rule relating to articles not superscribed as on Her Majesty's Service governs also the delivery of articles addressed to persons holding office in Banks, Firms or other institutions or offices. For instance, a letter addressed to the Editor of a newspaper (no name being included in the address) will be delivered to the Editor for the time being, but a letter addressed to a particular individual by name together with the designation of Editor will, in the absence of special instructions to the contrary from the individual named, be delivered to him, even though he may have ceased to be Editor.

4. Care should be taken to spell the names of Post Towns in the same way as they are spelled in the List of Post Offices, and to write them *legibly in large well-formed characters*. It must be remembered that to the natives of this country the English language is an acquired one, and that they are not so well able to decipher imperfect current hand-writing as if the language and character were their own.

Addressing Foreign Articles.

5. For information on this subject, see clause 5 of Section X.

Addressing Letters, &c., for Passengers on Board-ships.

6. For information on this subject, see clause 17 of Section X.

Currency Notes, &c., must be registered.

7. Letters containing a currency note, or any portion thereof, or manifestly containing a postage or other stamp or label, or a cheque, bank note, bank post bill, bill of exchange, or the like, addressed to any place in India must be registered. See Sections IV (Registration), and XVII (Currency Department).

Coin, &c., not to be sent.

8. In order to protect, as far as possible, the public mails from the chance of robbery, officers in charge of Post Offices shall not knowingly receive coin, bullion, precious stones, or jewels for despatch either by letter or baggage post, or less insured (Section V); and it is strongly recommended that currency notes and other valuables, referred to in the preceding clause, should also be insured.

Transmission of dangerous or offensive substances and of fragile articles.

9. It is forbidden to send by post explosive, dangerous, or offensive substances or material, such as gunpowder, matches, percussion caps, saltpetre, indigo, arsenic, glass, liquids, &c., or any article which either in itself (however packed) or by reason of insecure packing may be liable to injure the contents of the mail bags or the persons of the mail officers. For the disposal of covers suspected to contain such articles, see clause 17 of this Section. Articles which either in themselves (however packed) or by reason of insecure packing are liable to injure in transmission with other articles in an ordinary mail bag, may be released at the discretion of the Post Master, and, if forwarded, will be at the sole risk of the owner, it being understood that the Post Office cannot make special provision for the carriage of such articles.

It is also forbidden to forward by post any indecent or obscene print, painting, photograph, lithograph, engraving, book or card, or any other indecent or obscene article, or any letter, newspaper, publication, packet, or card having thereon any words, marks, or designs of an indecent, obscene, libellous, or grossly abusive character. Anything posted contrary to this prohibition will, if its character be observed by the Post Office, be forwarded to the Dead Letter Office.

Change of Residence.

10. Persons changing their place of residence are particularly requested to leave written instructions at the Post Office of their previous residence, and to send written instructions to the Post Office of the place to which they are going. A separate written instruction is required for every change of address, and no instruction will be attended to for more than three months after its receipt. No complicated or conditional

instructions for re-direction can be attended to, and persons desiring services of this nature are advised to employ an Agent, to whom, if they so desire, all articles received to their address will be delivered. Instructions for re-direction should state clearly whether they are meant to apply to articles for other members of the family or household of the person giving the instruction.

The Post Office cannot undertake the interception or redirection of correspondence in transit, except in the cases mentioned in clause 18, Section VIII, and Section XII.

For instructions respecting changes of Head Quarters or Camp movements of Governments or Administrations, and the correspondence of Officials connected therewith, see clause 18, &c., of the Official Correspondence Rules (Section VIII), and clauses 1 to 7 of Foreign Correspondence for Government Staffs and Regiments, &c. (Section XII).

Signature of receipts and acknowledgments by addressee.

11. Receipts and acknowledgments tendered by the Post Office for signature along with registered articles or parcels must be signed by the addressee. In the case of refusal to sign receipts or acknowledgments, the registered articles or parcels shall be returned to the sender with intimation of the cause, cannot be delivered. Any Government officer or private individual or firm usually receiving a considerable number of registered articles or parcels, may be allowed, on special written application to the Post Office of delivery, to sign receipts and acknowledgments for registered articles and parcels by means of a stamped *fac-simile* of signature. The written application should be renewed at least once a year. Such permission may at any time be withdrawn under the orders of the Post Master General (or officer exercising the powers of Post Master General).

Sundays and Holidays.

12. The work of all Post Offices is limited as much as possible on Sundays, and in the Presidency Towns the work is similarly limited on the four principal holidays, viz., Christmas, New Year's Day, Good Friday, and the Queen's Birthday. On these days the office will not be open (except under special local notification) for official references or personal applications or for the receipt of registered articles, parcels, insured or value-payable articles, or for the issue or payment of money orders. Post Masters are not bound to provide stamps for sale on the days mentioned above.

Hours for references, posting, delivery, &c.

13. The usual hours on week days for the special classes of work noted below are mentioned opposite them:—

Official reference.....	From 7 to 3 a.m. and from noon to 5 p.m.
Personal applications.....	
Posting of registered articles.....	
" parcels.....	
" insured articles.....	
" value-payable articles.....	From noon to 4 p.m., or any other hours that may be notified locally.
Issue and payment of money orders.....	
Grant of certificates of posting.....	During open hours (as notified locally) up to half an hour before the closing of the mail.
Closing of mails.....	4 p.m. for night mails; for mails despatched during the day half an hour before the despatch of the mail in question.
Clearing of letter boxes.....	The hour marked on each box.
Delivery of mails.....	The hour notified in each Post Office.

But the hours of registration, insurance and the receipt of parcels have been specially fixed in the Bombay Post Office at from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., and in the Calcutta Post Office at from 11 a.m. to 5 p.m. for registration; in a few other offices special hours have also been specially fixed. Registered, insured and value-payable articles, also parcels and money order intended for despatch, may be presented at least half an hour before the time fixed for closing the mail.

Articles to be called for at Club Houses, &c.

14. All letters addressed to club houses, hotels, railway stations, and other places where articles are received to be called for, should be returned to the Post Office as soon as it has become evident that they will not be called for. Such articles should, under ordinary circumstances, be returned to the post-men within a month of their delivery.

Telegrams intended for onward transmission by Land Post.

15. In the case of a message for a non-telegraph station in India, the sender should indicate the Telegraph Office by which the message is to be made over to the Post Office, thus:—

To { (Station)	Sixda.
To { (Name)	Mr. A. Smith.
To { (Address)	Rajghat, Post, Simla.

* For the Post Offices empowered to insure, see clause 2, Section V.

† For the Post Offices empowered to receive or deliver value-payable articles, see clause 2, Section VI.

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- Registered under trademark more secure.

Receipts and electronic payments for registered articles

- [illegible]

The speaker should justify his name and address.

- Reported in the *Journal of Interpersonal Violence*

- ...the ... of ...

- [illegible]

For articles which must be insured, see clause 8, Section II.

9. For information on this subject, see clause 7 of Section 3.

The following rules relate to the insurance of registered lawyers and barristers:

Insurance Offices, Compensation, &c.

- The executed cases are as follows:

3. The List of Post Offices at the end of the Postal Guide distinguished certain offices (marked "A") from and to which insurance is permitted. In such cases the transit through Native territory is not insured against highway robbery, and the insurance fee is half the usual amount. Partial insurance is intended to cover all risks during transit in British territory and all risks during transit in Native territory except those arising out of highway robbery.

4. The compensation will be payable one month after the date on which intimation of loss is given by the sender to the Post Office, except in cases in which the Post Master General or other exercising the powers of Post Master General may consider that the circumstances demand the withholding of payment pending enquiry.

Acknowledgments.—Intimation of loss.

5. An acknowledgment signed by the addressee will in ordinary course be transmitted to the sender; and in the event of the acknowledgment conveying the intimation of loss, or of the non-receipt of an acknowledgment within three months, he is expected to give intimation to the Post Office.

Ownership of lost articles, &c.

6. The sender shall, on receiving compensation, make over in writing to the Government the whole of his rights in the lost property, and shall give all information necessary to facilitate the search for it.

Limits of Weight and Size. No limit of Value.

7. No letter or parcel may be insured for an amount greater or less than the actual value of its contents as certified thereon by the sender. Letters and parcels may be insured without limit as to value. The weight of an insured parcel may not exceed the usual limit of 2000 tola; and in respect of size, &c., it will be subject to the ordinary conditions mentioned in Section I.

Insurance Fees.

8. The charges for insurance will be as follows:—

	Rs.	As.
When the value certified does not exceed...	50	2
When the value certified does not exceed...	100	4

and 1 anna for every additional Rupee 100 or fraction thereof.

Prepayment compulsory.

* Specimen of declaration to accompany the letter or parcel.

This letter (or parcel) addressed to
Major G. H. Grantley
15th Hussars,
Matheran,
is declared by us, the senders, to contain the following articles, viz:—

A gold ring, value	Rs.	110
Three gold coins, value	Rs.	75
and currency notes—		
No. $\frac{10}{10}$ 33333	Rs.	20
" $\frac{5}{10}$ 66666	Rs.	10
" $\frac{1}{10}$ 66111	Rs.	5
	Rs.	35
Total value	Rs.	240

(Signature), HANOVER & CO.,
8, Old Court House Street,
Calcutta.
Dated 1st February 1878.

11. The declared actual value must also be certified by the sender in figures and words immediately above the address on the envelope, covered by the letter or parcel.

* Specimen of writing the declared value on the envelope.

Certified value two hundred and seventeen (217) rupees.

To
Major G. H. Grantley,
15th Hussars,
Matheran.

9. The prepayment of all charges on insured articles is compulsory. In the case of insured letters the prepayment (of postage as well as registration and insurance fees) must be by means of postage stamps; and in the case of insured parcels the prepayment (of postage as well as insurance fees) must be by means of cash tendered with the parcels.

Declaration of Value and Contents required.

10. A written declaration stating the nature and actual value of the contents must accompany each registered letter or parcel tendered for insurance, and if currency notes form the contents or part of the contents thereof, the serial and general numbers as well as the value of each note must be written in the declaration. The signature and address of the sender must be added. This declaration will be recorded in the Post Office.

11. A written declaration stating the nature and actual value of the contents must accompany each registered letter or parcel tendered for insurance, and if currency notes form the contents or part of the contents thereof, the serial and general numbers as well as the value of each note must be written in the declaration. The signature and address of the sender must be added. This declaration will be recorded in the Post Office.

Penalty for false Declaration.

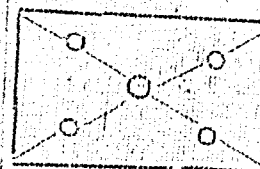
12. Any person making a false certificate will be liable to the penalty under Section 43 of the Post Office Act of 1868, as well as to penalties for cheating under the Penal Code.

Hours for Insurance.

13. Registered letters and parcels intended for insurance must be presented at the window of the Post Office. The hours for their reception will be the ordinary registration hours, which with a few exceptions are from 7 to 8 a.m. and from noon to 5 p.m. (see clause 13, Section 20). They will not be received at all on Sundays, and they must be tendered at least one hour before the time fixed for the closing of the mail by which they are intended to be despatched, otherwise they will be detained till the next despatch is made.

Mode of Packing, Sealing, &c.

14. Letters and parcels intended for insurance should be closed as follows:—
In the case of a letter if the cover be an envelope of the ordinary kind as represented



on the margin, it should be of strong paper having seals on the flap point in the centre, and on each of the four corners, with distinct impressions of some device other than that of a current coin. If the cover of the letter be other than an ordinary envelope of the kind referred to above, it should be of strong paper or other substantial material, and must have seals placed along each fold or seam not more than two inches apart. A parcel must be securely packed in cloth, or tin, and if it is packed in cloth, it must bear similar seals at intervals not exceeding three inches along each rounded, as seals do not adhere properly to it; if used, it is better to use it as an inside covering.

15. Letters and parcels not fulfilling the required conditions will not be insured.

16. As a further precaution it is recommended that in closing an envelope containing only paper enclosures, the flap should be closed with paste as well as with seals, and that the needle and thread should be passed through the envelope and its contents, the knot of the thread being placed under the central seal; a specimen of an envelope closed in this manner can be seen at the Post Office.

Receipts and Acknowledgments to be signed by addressee.

17. The addressee of an insured letter or parcel must sign both the receipt and acknowledgment presented therewith, unless the outward appearance of the cover gives rise to suspicion of tampering. In such cases he should return the letter or parcel undelivered, accompanied by the Post Master to take delivery at the Post Office, the letter or parcel being opened there in the presence of the Post Master and its contents entered in an inventory which will be prepared in duplicate and must be signed by the addressee. One copy of the signed inventory will be forwarded by the Post Office to the sender with the unsigned acknowledgment attached to it.

Value-Payable Parcels may be insured.

18. "Value payable parcels," i.e., parcels the value of which is realized from the addressee and paid to the sender (see next Section) may also be insured. Insurance however renders the prepayment of postage and the insurance fee compulsory. When a "value payable parcel" is insured, the sender will receive from the Post Office two receipts, viz., a value-payable receipt and an insurance receipt.

VI.—Value-Payable Articles.

(i.e., PARCELS AND REGISTERED BOOK PACKETS, and not PARCELS.)
The following rules relate to value-payable articles:—

Object of the System.

1. The sender of a parcel or registered book packet may, at the time of posting, state the value of its contents in view to the amount being realized from the addressee and paid to him (the sender).

Office where the System is in force.

2. "Value payable" articles may be posted in, and addressed to only such Post Offices as are Money Order Offices (Offices which the not Money Order Offices are distinguished by " in the List of Post Offices at end of Postal Guide.)

Parcels and Book Packets how to be packed.

3. "Value payable" parcels should be packed as ordinary parcels, and "value payable" book packets should be packed in open covers, as prescribed for ordinary book packets in Section I. In both cases the sender is responsible for secure packing. If the sender of a "value payable" parcel desires to insure it, the rules regarding the packing of insured parcels (clause 14, Section V) must be followed.

Rates of Commission.

4. The commission chargeable on payment to the sender of the value of the contents of a "value-payable" article will be as follows:—

If the value does not exceed Rs. 10	3
If it exceeds Rs. 10 and does not exceed Rs. 25	4
and 4 annas additional for every additional 25 rupees or fraction thereof, up to the limit of value (Rs. 600).	

Payment of value to sender less Commission.

5. The commission will be deducted from the amount of the realized value when payment is made to the sender. Payment will be made by means of Money Orders. If a "value-payable" article is refused by the addressee, or from any cause is not delivered, payment of the value will not be made to the sender, and no claim will be made upon him, except for any unpaid postage which may have been originally due.

Postage Rates for "Value-Payable" Articles.

6. Postage will be chargeable on "value-payable" parcels at the same rates as are chargeable on ordinary parcels, and it may be prepaid or charged as the option of the sender; prepayment of parcel postage can only be made in case of parcels (it ordinary book packet rates) upon a "value-payable" registered book packet, and the registration fee (two annas) must be prepaid by means of stamps.

Limits of Weight, Size, Value, &c.

7. The limit of weight (25 lbs.) and size prescribed for ordinary parcels, as well as the conditions respecting size, etc., prescribed in Section I for ordinary parcels and ordinary book packets, will be applicable to "value-payable" articles. The value of the contents of a "value-payable" article may not exceed Rs. 600.

Payment of Value, to be made prior to delivery.

8. The value of the contents of "value-payable" articles, together with any postage due, must be paid by the addressee before they are delivered.

Hours of Receipt of "Value-Payable" Articles.

9. "Value-payable" articles will be received at the window of the Post Office during the hours fixed for receiving ordinary parcels, which, with a few exceptions, are from 7 to 8 a.m. and from noon to 5 p.m. (see clause 10, Section II). They will not be received at all on Sundays, and they must be posted at least one hour before the time fixed for closing the mail, with which they must be deposited, otherwise they will be detained till the next despatch is made.

Particulars required from Sender.

10. "Value-payable" articles when presented at the Post Office window should be accompanied by a memorandum in the prescribed form (copies of which may be obtained at the Post Office) containing the following particulars, viz.:

- Name and address of the addressee in full.
- Value of the contents according to the addresser.
- Date of posting.

Description of Contents not necessary.

A description of the contents should be given, unless the sender desires to insure a "value-payable" parcel, in which case the insurance rules (see clauses 10 and 11, Section V) must be followed.

Mode of Delivery.

11. Intimation of the arrival of a "value-payable" article will be sent to the addressee; and on his presenting at the Post Office, either personally or by messenger, the receipt at foot of the intimation duly signed, and containing the amount due for the contents, together with any postage that may be due, the article will be delivered. The article should be carefully examined by the addressee or his messenger before it is received; and if there be any appearance of tampering, it should be brought to the notice of the Post Master, in whose presence, if necessary, it may be opened.

VII.—Money Orders.

INLAND MONEY ORDERS.

Applications for Money Orders.

1. All Post Offices must, in the list attached to the Postal Guide, be authorized to issue and pay money orders, except in cases where, as exempted by the Director General of the Post Office from transacting money order business; such exempted offices are distinguished in the list at the end of Postal Guide.

2. Post Offices will be open for the transaction of money order business between the hours of 12 noon and 4 p.m. on every day except Sundays, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, the Queen's Birthday, and Good Friday. These hours may, under the authority of the Post Master General, be altered to suit local circumstances.

* Special hours have been fixed for money order transactions in the Calcutta and Bombay Offices, where, as a general rule, they are notified locally.

This application and address of the acknowledgment to be filled by the Remitter. Nothing to be written by the Remitter on the reverse.		3. A separate application must be made for each money order. The application must be written on one of the printed forms supplied (gratis) by the Post Office for that purpose. A diagram of the form is given on the margin.															
<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">Inland Money Order Application.</td> <td colspan="2">Address of the Acknowledgment.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>For Rs. _____</td> <td>As _____ Payable</td> <td colspan="2">The prompt return of this acknowledgment will depend on the Remitter writing his name and address completely and legibly below. The name stamp will be impressed by the Post Office.</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">at _____ Post Office.</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2">Date _____ District _____</td> <td colspan="2"></td> </tr> </table>			Inland Money Order Application.		Address of the Acknowledgment.		For Rs. _____	As _____ Payable	The prompt return of this acknowledgment will depend on the Remitter writing his name and address completely and legibly below. The name stamp will be impressed by the Post Office.		at _____ Post Office.				Date _____ District _____		
Inland Money Order Application.		Address of the Acknowledgment.															
For Rs. _____	As _____ Payable	The prompt return of this acknowledgment will depend on the Remitter writing his name and address completely and legibly below. The name stamp will be impressed by the Post Office.															
at _____ Post Office.																	
Date _____ District _____																	
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Name of Payee</td> <td>Name of Remitter</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Full address of the Payee</td> <td>Full address of Remitter</td> </tr> </table>		Name of Payee	Name of Remitter	Full address of the Payee	Full address of Remitter	4. The name of only one person may be entered in the application as payee, and the name of only one person as remitter, except in the case of Firms or Corporations, whose usual designation must be given.											
Name of Payee	Name of Remitter																
Full address of the Payee	Full address of Remitter																
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Name Stamp to be impressed by Office of Issue.</td> </tr> </table>		Name Stamp to be impressed by Office of Issue.	5. All the entries to be made in the application by the remitter (as indicated in the form) should be legibly written, and the name and address of the payee must be entered with such completeness as shall secure identification and avoid risk of wrong delivery. In the case of money orders deliverable in precedence and other chief towns, the name of the street and the number of the house in which the payee resides should invariably be given. The occupation, rank, trade or profession of the payee and any other particular calculated to help in identifying him, should be added. The Post Office will not be responsible for any wrong delivery or payment resulting from carelessness by the applicant. The remitter should write his name and address as fully and clearly as possible in the space provided on the face of the acknowledgment, since such information will depend in a great measure the prompt and correct delivery of the document. The entries in an application may be made by the remitter or any one employed on his behalf.														
Name Stamp to be impressed by Office of Issue.																	
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Name of Remitter</td> </tr> </table>		Name of Remitter	6. The application may be presented, ready written at the Post Office, or it may be written at the Post Office. Where other facilities for getting applications written do not exist, the Post Office official will ordinarily be able to write an application for the benefit of a remitter who appears in person at the Post Office, or sends an intelligent messenger to the Post Office to give the necessary particulars.														
Name of Remitter																	
7. The remitter may attach to his application a post-card, and a post-card so attached will be delivered with the money order; the post-card should bear the name and address of the payee on the appropriate side, the reverse side being available for any instructions or communication desired to be conveyed to the payee.		8. Applications for money orders must be presented at the Post Office window. The remitter or his messenger, on presenting the application duly prepared together with the required amount (being the value of the money order and the commission chargeable thereon), will receive a receipt bearing the date, stamp of the Post Office, and the signature of the postal official who receives the money. The receipt will contain particulars about the receipt of the money and of his address, and the remitter should examine the receipt with the view of seeing that the particulars are correct. Any error or omission should be pointed out at once by the remitter to the Post Office, and if he is quite to do so, the responsibility of any mistake will rest with him. An applicant for an inland money order may, if he so desires, present a receipt, ready written in a book at the Post Office window with his application. In such cases the receiving officer will, after examining the receipt, stamp it, and attach it to the application. He will, on the receipt, stamp the number as well as the total amount of money received, and stamp it with the Post Office stamp; he will then date and sign the book, and return it to the applicant. The object of this arrangement is to meet the convenience of persons applying.															

remitter for the money order (including the commission) will be entered by every head office on presentation of an application, in which the value of the desired order has been stated in sterling money, and the applicant can then pay the amount indicated, obtaining a receipt on which further instructions will be found.

Applications through a Sub-Office submitted to its Head Office.

21. If the Post Office at which an application for a foreign money order is presented be a sub-office, it will be necessary for it to forward the application to its head office for examination, and in order to ensure the correct calculation of the amount payable for the order. On return from the head office the application will be delivered to the applicant, who may then present it accompanied by the required amount. In special cases in port and sub-offices may be exempted from this rule.

Particulars required on Applications.

25. In preparing an application for a foreign money order the name of the payee or the person to whom the money order is made payable should include the surname and at least the initial letter of one Christian name. If the payee be a Firm or Company, the usual designation of the Firm or Company will suffice. The address of the payee should be full and precise, as on it depends the determination of the particular money order office in the foreign country at which the money order will be made payable. The surname and at least one initial of the Christian name of the remitter should be given, and if the remitter be a native of India, his tribe or caste and his father's name should be added.

Remitter to Inform Payee of his name.

23. It will be necessary for the remitter of a foreign money order to write to the payee informing him of his name as entered in the application. The payee will receive the money order direct from the head money order office of the country of payment.

Remitter will receive confirmation of transmission of his Money Order.

27. The remitter will receive from the Head Money Post Office, Bombay, an intimation that the money order has been transmitted to the foreign country of payment. The remitter should retain in his possession this intimation, and also the receipt given to him for the amount paid by him, in case occasion should arise for making inquiry regarding the money order.

Countries in which Foreign Money Orders are granted.

22. Foreign money orders will be granted in the countries noted on the margin and on any other countries which may from time to time be added to this list.

United Kingdom.	Helligoland.
Canada.	Netherlands.
Germany.	Switzerland.
Belgium.	Denmark.
Luxembourg.	Italy.

Schedule showing the Rates of Exchange.

24. For the purpose of calculating the Indian equivalent of the amount of a foreign money order, and the commission chargeable thereon, all Head Post Offices will be supplied with schedules drawn out at different rates of exchange, and will receive orders from time to time under the particular schedule to be used in such calculations. Copies of the schedules can be seen at any Head Post Office, and also the end of this section.

Limits of Value, &c.

30. The following conditions are applicable to foreign money orders:—

- (1) The amount of a foreign money order may not exceed £10, or contain the fraction of a penny.
- (2) The same remitter will not be allowed to obtain in one day more than four money orders payable to two same person, except under special permission conveyed to the issuing office by the Comptroller of Post Office Accounts.
- (3) The grant of foreign money orders may be refused by any Post Office acting under special order of the Comptroller of Post Office Accounts, owing to any unusual condition of the foreign exchange market, an exceptional state of treasury position, or any other special cause.

Rates of Commission.

31. The rates of commission are as follows:—

On sums not exceeding £2	0 8
Exceeding £2 and not exceeding £5	1 0
Exceeding £5 and not exceeding £7	1 8
Exceeding £7 and not exceeding £10	2 0

These rates of commission are doubled in the case of money orders payable in Canada.

Alterations, Cancellations, or Refunds of Money Orders.

32. If the remitter of a foreign money order desires any of the services noted on the margin or has any complaint to make with regard to the money order remitted by him, he should address the Deputy Post Master of Bombay, enclosing the receipt granted to him by the office of issue or the intimation received by him from the office in Bombay. The Bombay

Post Office will communicate with the foreign money order office concerned and intimate the result. In the case of the cancellation of an order after reference to the foreign country of payment, the amount to be refunded will be the value of the order, but not the commission.

Foreign Money Orders returned as Undeliverable.

33. If a money order is returned by the foreign country of payment as undeliverable to the office in Bombay, the value of the money order but not the commission will be refunded to the remitter.

No Second Commission charged for Alteration, Cancellation, Refunds, &c.

34. No second commission will be charged in India for any of the services mentioned in the two preceding paragraphs.

Conversion of Money Orders received from Foreign Countries.

35. Money orders coming from places abroad will be converted in Bombay into Indian foreign money orders, the value in sterling money of the original order being entered in Indian currency according to the schedule of exchange in force at the time (see Rule 29 above.)

Treatment of Inland Money Orders granted in discharge of Orders from Foreign Countries.

36. The Indian foreign money orders so granted in discharge of orders from foreign countries will bear the date of actual preparation in the head office of payment, and will be governed in all respects by the rules applicable to ordinary inland money orders, i.e., in respect of payment, lapse, forfeiture and issue of duplicates or fresh orders. The second commission chargeable for the two last-mentioned services (i.e., duplicates and fresh orders) will be the same as the second commission which would be chargeable for similar services in respect of an inland money order of like value.

Foreign Money Orders Schedule.

Illustration of Tariff Calculation.

Supposing Schedule 12 to be the schedule in force, and the money order required to be for £3-11-2, the sum chargeable will be calculated as follows:—

For £3 as per Schedule 12	Rs. 14
For 11 shillings as per Schedule 12	0 3
For 2 pence as per Schedule 12	0 4
Commission	1 0
Total Charge	11 8

Note.—On and after the 1st October 1930 the limit of Money Orders payable in Germany, Belgium, Luxembourg, Helligoland, the Netherlands, Switzerland, Denmark and Italy will be raised from £10 to £20, and the rates of commission for Foreign Money Orders (see Clause 31, Section VII of the Postal Guide of August 1930) will be reduced as shown in the following table:—

Rates of commission for Orders drawn upon the foreign countries mentioned above, &c.:—
Germany, Belgium, Luxembourg, Helligoland, the Netherlands, Switzerland, Denmark and Italy.

On sums not exceeding £2	Rs. 14
Exceeding £2 and not exceeding £5	0 4
" £5 " " " £7	0 8
" £7 " " " £10	1 0
" £10 " " " £12	1 8
" £12 " " " £15	1 8
" £15 " " " £17	1 12
" £17 " " " £20	2 0

Rates of commission for Orders drawn upon the United Kingdom or Canada.

On sums not exceeding £2	Rs. 8
Exceeding £2 and not exceeding £5	0 8
" £5 " " " £7	1 0
" £7 " " " £10	1 8
" £10 " " " £12	2 0

VIII.—Official Correspondence.

1. The privilege of sending and receiving, under frank, by inland Post without payment of postage, articles *bona fide* and exclusively on Her Majesty's Service, has been withdrawn from all officials and public offices in India, and is now enjoyed only by the Governor General in Council. The Governor of Pondicherry and the "Chef de Service" of the minor French Settlements in India at Chandernagore, Karikal, Mahé and Yanam, are allowed to send official correspondence under frank without payment of postage between those Settlements.

Note.—The Government has decided that correspondence of the Officers of the Registrars of the Universities at Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, in so far as such correspondence relates solely to the public business of the Universities, shall be treated by the Post Office in the same way as official correspondence; and that the signature and designation of a Registrar of the University or a Presidency town shall be treated by the Post Office as if they were the signature and designation of a Government Officer. This privilege does not extend to any University official other than the Registrar.

The Government has also decided that correspondence sent by a Local Fund Officer, or by any Government Officer acting in a capacity connected with a Local Fund, such as President or Secretary of a Local Fund Committee, is not official correspondence within the meaning of these rules, and may not be superscribed as on Her Majesty's Service. But nothing in this rule is held to prevent the transmission on Her Majesty's Service of correspondence sent by a Government Officer acting as such, even though the correspondence may relate to the affairs of a Local Fund; for instance, the Commissioner of a Division writing in that capacity to a Local Fund Officer, concerning Local Fund affairs, may superscribe the letter on Her Majesty's Service. The term Local Fund as used in this rule is intended to include municipalities and other similar bodies or institutions.

Official Postage Rates.

Prepayment is optional in all cases except for registered articles and post-cards. The postal rates are the same as the prepayment rates.	Post-cards.	Letters.	Packets in which no article is filled in, except in class 6 of Sec. I. to contain only books or patterns including articles containing matter that would be described in class 6 of Sec. I.	Packets, without restriction as to contents, except dangerous or other articles objected to under clause 2, Section II.
	Annas.	Annas.	Annas.	Annas.
Each Post-card	1	1	1	1
Not exceeding 1 lb.	1	1	1	1
Exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 2 lb.	2	2	2	2
" 2 lb. and not exceeding 3 lb.	3	3	3	3
" 3 lb. and not exceeding 4 lb.	4	4	4	4
" 4 lb. and not exceeding 5 lb.	5	5	5	5
" 5 lb. and not exceeding 6 lb.	6	6	6	6
" 6 lb. and not exceeding 7 lb.	7	7	7	7
" 7 lb. and not exceeding 8 lb.	8	8	8	8
" 8 lb. and not exceeding 9 lb.	9	9	9	9
" 9 lb. and not exceeding 10 lb.	10	10	10	10
" 10 lb. and not exceeding 11 lb.	11	11	11	11
" 11 lb. and not exceeding 12 lb.	12	12	12	12
" 12 lb. and not exceeding 13 lb.	13	13	13	13
" 13 lb. and not exceeding 14 lb.	14	14	14	14
" 14 lb. and not exceeding 15 lb.	15	15	15	15
" 15 lb. and not exceeding 16 lb.	16	16	16	16
" 16 lb. and not exceeding 17 lb.	17	17	17	17
" 17 lb. and not exceeding 18 lb.	18	18	18	18
" 18 lb. and not exceeding 19 lb.	19	19	19	19
" 19 lb. and not exceeding 20 lb.	20	20	20	20
" 20 lb. and not exceeding 21 lb.	21	21	21	21
" 21 lb. and not exceeding 22 lb.	22	22	22	22
" 22 lb. and not exceeding 23 lb.	23	23	23	23
" 23 lb. and not exceeding 24 lb.	24	24	24	24
" 24 lb. and not exceeding 25 lb.	25	25	25	25
" 25 lb. and not exceeding 26 lb.	26	26	26	26
" 26 lb. and not exceeding 27 lb.	27	27	27	27
" 27 lb. and not exceeding 28 lb.	28	28	28	28
" 28 lb. and not exceeding 29 lb.	29	29	29	29
" 29 lb. and not exceeding 30 lb.	30	30	30	30
" 30 lb. and not exceeding 31 lb.	31	31	31	31
" 31 lb. and not exceeding 32 lb.	32	32	32	32
" 32 lb. and not exceeding 33 lb.	33	33	33	33
" 33 lb. and not exceeding 34 lb.	34	34	34	34
" 34 lb. and not exceeding 35 lb.	35	35	35	35
" 35 lb. and not exceeding 36 lb.	36	36	36	36
" 36 lb. and not exceeding 37 lb.	37	37	37	37
" 37 lb. and not exceeding 38 lb.	38	38	38	38
" 38 lb. and not exceeding 39 lb.	39	39	39	39
" 39 lb. and not exceeding 40 lb.	40	40	40	40
" 40 lb. and not exceeding 41 lb.	41	41	41	41
" 41 lb. and not exceeding 42 lb.	42	42	42	42
" 42 lb. and not exceeding 43 lb.	43	43	43	43
" 43 lb. and not exceeding 44 lb.	44	44	44	44
" 44 lb. and not exceeding 45 lb.	45	45	45	45
" 45 lb. and not exceeding 46 lb.	46	46	46	46
" 46 lb. and not exceeding 47 lb.	47	47	47	47
" 47 lb. and not exceeding 48 lb.	48	48	48	48
" 48 lb. and not exceeding 49 lb.	49	49	49	49
" 49 lb. and not exceeding 50 lb.	50	50	50	50
" 50 lb. and not exceeding 51 lb.	51	51	51	51
" 51 lb. and not exceeding 52 lb.	52	52	52	52
" 52 lb. and not exceeding 53 lb.	53	53	53	53
" 53 lb. and not exceeding 54 lb.	54	54	54	54
" 54 lb. and not exceeding 55 lb.	55	55	55	55
" 55 lb. and not exceeding 56 lb.	56	56	56	56
" 56 lb. and not exceeding 57 lb.	57	57	57	57
" 57 lb. and not exceeding 58 lb.	58	58	58	58
" 58 lb. and not exceeding 59 lb.	59	59	59	59
" 59 lb. and not exceeding 60 lb.	60	60	60	60
" 60 lb. and not exceeding 61 lb.	61	61	61	61
" 61 lb. and not exceeding 62 lb.	62	62	62	62
" 62 lb. and not exceeding 63 lb.	63	63	63	63
" 63 lb. and not exceeding 64 lb.	64	64	64	64
" 64 lb. and not exceeding 65 lb.	65	65	65	65
" 65 lb. and not exceeding 66 lb.	66	66	66	66
" 66 lb. and not exceeding 67 lb.	67	67	67	67
" 67 lb. and not exceeding 68 lb.	68	68	68	68
" 68 lb. and not exceeding 69 lb.	69	69	69	69
" 69 lb. and not exceeding 70 lb.	70	70	70	70
" 70 lb. and not exceeding 71 lb.	71	71	71	71
" 71 lb. and not exceeding 72 lb.	72	72	72	72
" 72 lb. and not exceeding 73 lb.	73	73	73	73
" 73 lb. and not exceeding 74 lb.	74	74	74	74
" 74 lb. and not exceeding 75 lb.	75	75	75	75
" 75 lb. and not exceeding 76 lb.	76	76	76	76
" 76 lb. and not exceeding 77 lb.	77	77	77	77
" 77 lb. and not exceeding 78 lb.	78	78	78	78
" 78 lb. and not exceeding 79 lb.	79	79	79	79
" 79 lb. and not exceeding 80 lb.	80	80	80	80
" 80 lb. and not exceeding 81 lb.	81	81	81	81
" 81 lb. and not exceeding 82 lb.	82	82	82	82
" 82 lb. and not exceeding 83 lb.	83	83	83	83
" 83 lb. and not exceeding 84 lb.	84	84	84	84
" 84 lb. and not exceeding 85 lb.	85	85	85	85
" 85 lb. and not exceeding 86 lb.	86	86	86	86
" 86 lb. and not exceeding 87 lb.	87	87	87	87
" 87 lb. and not exceeding 88 lb.	88	88	88	88
" 88 lb. and not exceeding 89 lb.	89	89	89	89
" 89 lb. and not exceeding 90 lb.	90	90	90	90
" 90 lb. and not exceeding 91 lb.	91	91	91	91
" 91 lb. and not exceeding 92 lb.	92	92	92	92
" 92 lb. and not exceeding 93 lb.	93	93	93	93
" 93 lb. and not exceeding 94 lb.	94	94	94	94
" 94 lb. and not exceeding 95 lb.	95	95	95	95
" 95 lb. and not exceeding 96 lb.	96	96	96	96
" 96 lb. and not exceeding 97 lb.	97	97	97	97
" 97 lb. and not exceeding 98 lb.	98	98	98	98
" 98 lb. and not exceeding 99 lb.	99	99	99	99
" 99 lb. and not exceeding 100 lb.	100	100	100	100

Note (a).—Items in official weighing 45 lbs. will be charged with 11 annas. Articles which exceed 40 lbs. will be conveyed by heavy post (in packets or in parcels) at the lower rate of charge, when specially marked by and suitable for transmission as letters or prepaid letter parcels.

Note (b).—All letters are forwarded by letter post, and all packets not exceeding 50 lbs. in weight and any fully prepaid packets exceeding 10 lbs. which contain only a single official Gazette, are forwarded by letter post. All other articles are forwarded by the slower heavy post.

Preparation and forwarding of official letters.

2. Official articles from Government offices shall be prepaid by means of service postage stamps purchased at the Government Treasury or other authorized depot. These stamps, when used in payment of postage, shall be supplied by the postmaster on the cover. On Her Majesty's Service stamps the full signature and official designation of the Government official, or the name of the Head Clerk or Superintendent of his office, or of other responsible officer to whom the duty of despatching is confided. The particular official who signs the cover must enter in full his own

On Her Majesty's Service.	Service Labels.
To (Here enter address.) (Signature of Sender.) (Official designation.)	official designation, in order that his individual responsibility may be enforced in cases of doubt or fraud. The superscription and signature should be entered in the form marginally given. Service stamps affixed to an article without the above superscription will not be recognized by the Post Office in payment of postage. Treasury officers are enjoined not to sell service stamps to any but Government officials. It has also been ruled that service stamps may not be sold to Local Fund Officers or to Government Officers in capacities connected with Local Funds; the frank of such officers will not be recognized in support of service stamps. (The term "Local Fund," as used in this rule, is intended to include municipalities and other similar bodies or institutions.)

Note 1.—When ordinary stamps instead of service stamps are used in articles superscribed under Rule 2, they will be recognized by the Post Office; but the irregularity of occurrence, to that of the Post Master General.

Note 2.—Post Masters are allowed to recognise abbreviated designations, provided they are generally known. But no official can claim the recognition of an abbreviation, the rule being that the designation shall be entered in full.

Note 3.—Post Masters are allowed to recognise *fac-simile* impressions of signatures, i.e., signatures impressed by stamp; but public officers who use such stamps are expected to make arrangements for their proper custody and use; and if there be any reason to suspect the misuse of such stamps, or the absence of proper precautions against their misuse, Post Masters may decline to recognise the stamp impression and require strict adherence to the rule. Lithographed imitations of signatures as well as printed names cannot be recognised in lieu of signatures; *fac-simile* impressions by means of stamps used under proper precautions being the only substitute for actual signature which can be recognised.

Service Post-cards.

3. A service post-card must be supported by the signature and official designation of the sender; special attention is drawn to the instruction printed on the card to the effect that the official signature and designation of the sender must be written on the reverse, (i.e., not on the address side) of the card.

In other respects service post-cards will be subject to the same rules as ordinary post-cards.

Printed signatures for official Gazettes in certain cases.

4. For Official Gazettes in open covers posted in large numbers by the office of publication a printed name may be substituted for the signature.

Unpaid official articles.

5. Official letters, parcels and packets properly superscribed under Rule 2, but without stamps, are charged with postage on delivery at prepaid official rates. Insufficiently paid articles are charged with the deficiency.

In cases where it is not thought advisable to entrust postage stamps to a subordinate official, who has to correspond with, or send returns to, a superior, he may be allowed by his superior to address official articles to him; under this rule, and the same course may be adopted in other cases where it is found convenient or proper to make the postage charge fall on the receiving office.

Service to be adhered to in the use of the Post.

6. Government officials should be careful not to incur needlessly the higher charge on account of the transmission of heavy articles exceeding 40 lbs. in weight by letter post.

Limits of weight and size.

7. No official article exceeding 60 lbs. in weight can be received by the Post Office, and the maximum size or weight* for packets as well as the general conditions respecting the size, shape, &c., of parcels given in clause 10, Section I, apply also to service packets and parcels.

* Limits of size for all parcels.
Two feet in length by one foot in width or depth.

Limit of weight for pattern packets only, 40 lbs.

Letters, parcels and packets superscribed "By Government Officers."

8. Letters, parcels and packets sent by Government officers in their official capacity, which relate nevertheless to the private interests and concerns of the individuals addressed, may be endorsed according to the specimen form given in the margin, under the full signature and official designation of the person by whom they are sent.

Letters, parcels and packets to ad-

To
C. D., A. B., Calcutta,
Accountant General.

* e.g.—Prohibition against writing on the address side myself, besides the address, attaching any article to a post-card, folding, cutting or otherwise altering a post-card.

addressed are regarded by the Post Office as private articles, but are charged, on delivery, with bearing postage at prepaid rates, and not at double rates, as in the case of ordinary articles. Under this head come requests sent to communications of the kind noted in the margin, as well as any other communications of a like kind which Government officers may make to individuals (whether private persons or Government officers) relating to the private interests of the addressees.

Letters, parcels and packets superscribed "Service Bearing" addressed to Government Officers.

9. Letters, parcels and packets sent by private persons to Government officers relating to the affairs of Government and addressed according to the specimen form given on the margin, under the full signature of the sender (the address including the full official designation of the public office to which the article is sent), are charged, on delivery, at the rate to which they would have been liable if prepaid by ordinary stamps, and not at double rates, as in the case of ordinary letters. This rule is intended to provide for cases of nominating reporting the concurrence of a private officer, of employers of laborers sending returns required by the Protector, and of any similar reports or returns authorized to be so sent.

Re-directed and re-posted official articles.

10. The rules regarding re-directed and re-posted articles given for ordinary correspondence in Clause 21, Section II, apply also to official correspondence.

Postage due on official articles to be initiated in the Post Office.

11. The amount of postage marked as due on articles delivered under the superscriptions of "Service Bearing" or "On Her Majesty's Service" will be initiated by the Post Master or other appointed officer in the office of delivery.

Government Officers bound to receive and pay for articles under official superscriptions.

12. Government officers are bound to receive and pay the postage which may be due on articles addressed to them under the superscription "On Her Majesty's Service" and under the signature in full of the sender.

Registration, Insurance and Value-Payable System.

13. The ordinary rules and conditions for registration and insurance as well as for value-payable articles apply to similar operations in respect of official articles, the service labels affixed to them being supported by the prescribed superscription and signature. As in the case of ordinary insured parcels, the insurance fee on service parcels must be paid in cash.

Certificates of Posting.

14. Certificates of posting (see Section II) will be given to persons posting official correspondence under the same regulations as to persons posting private correspondence; the only difference being that the stamp affixed to the certificate should be a service stamp. The certificate will be an exact copy of the address including copy of the official superscription, &c.

But for Post-Telegrams, i.e., telegrams committed to the post by Government or Railway Telegraph Offices and superscribed with the word "Telegram," the usual telegraph receipts form may be accepted in lieu of the copy of the address, and no stamp need be affixed, such certificates being granted free.

On all articles for which certificates are claimed under this clause the postage must be fully prepaid, and service stamps on the envelope must be supported by the usual official superscription and signature.

Government Officers on leave.

15. Government officers, when on leave, and those who have retired from the service of Government, can correspond only as private individuals.

Irregularities of address, &c.

16. Any irregularity or incompleteness of the address, superscription, or signature on an article renders it liable to be treated as an ordinary unpaid article, any service stamps which it may bear not being recognised.

Expresses to be sparingly used by Public Officers.

17. As the employment of expresses interferes with the celerity and regularity of the ordinary mails, and is attended with expense, public officers are enjoined to employ them as sparingly as possible; and any public officer despatching an express when the exigency of the public service does not, in the opinion of the authority to whom he is subordinate, require it, will be held answerable for the expense. Under this method of transmission, Public expresses from a Post Office at the request of any Government or Administration can only be ordered by a Secretary to Government; in other cases, by the Chief Civil or Military Authority of the place.

Correspondence (Official and Private) of Governments when Head-Quarters are changed or Camps formed.

18. When changes of Head-Quarters are made or camps formed by the Governments and Administrations named on the margin, they should give timely intimation to the local Post Master General or Deputy Post General, as well as to the Inspector General, Railway Mail Service, Allahabad. When camps are formed they should also instruct their correspondents to address letters, &c., intended for transmission to the camp, with the word "Camp" in lieu of a Post Town. Letters, &c., addressed to a post town can be sent by the Post Office only to that post town. If this address contains neither post town nor camp, the article will be sent to the Head-Quarter station of the Government or Administration. The camp movements of a Provincial Government or Administration cannot be notified to the Post Office beyond the limits of the Province, so that it may not always be possible to regulate the route of entry of correspondence coming from outside to a Provincial Camp as to avoid all possibility of circuitous travelling. But all reasonable endeavour will be made to secure its travelling by the nearest route.

OVERLAND OFFICIAL CORRESPONDENCE.

Official correspondence with places abroad, however conveyed, or between Indian Post Offices when conveyed by British Mail Packets.

19. The rules contained in the preceding paragraphs relate exclusively to official inland correspondence, i.e., correspondence conveyed between one Indian Post Office and another by Her Majesty's Indian Post. Official correspondence with places abroad, however conveyed, or between Indian Post Offices when conveyed by British Mail Packets (e.g., between Bombay and Aden), is governed by the same rules as ordinary private correspondence, and must either be prepaid by service stamps (under the superscription and signature prescribed by Rule 2), or, where pre-payment is optional, be forwarded as unpaid, subject to the levy of postage on delivery.

The only exception to the above has reference to official letters (not newspapers or book or pattern packets, sent by British Packets to or from the public functionaries or departments in London having special accounts for foreign letter postage with the London Post Office. Official letters intended for such offices need not be prepaid if superscribed as "On Her Majesty's Service" under the full signature and official designation of the sender. The public functionaries or departments in London which have accounts with the London Post Office are: Adjutant General's Office (Horse Guards), Admiralty (Somerset House and Whitehall), Audit and Exchequer Department (Somerset House), Board of Trade (Whitehall), Census Office (Craig's Court), Chancery (Somerset House), Charity Commission (York Street, St. James's), Chelsea Hospital (Chelsea), Civil Service Commission (Canon Row, Westminster), Colonial Office (Downing Street), Colonial Land and Emigration Office (Park Street, Westminster), Commander-in-Chief's Office (Horse Guards), Council of Military Education (Great George Street), Council Office (Downing Street), Court of Bankruptcy (Barrington Street), Courts of Chancery (Lincoln's Inn Fields and Chancery Lane), Court of Probate (Doctors' Commons), Crown Agents for the Colonies (Spring Gardens), Duchy of Cornwall (Buckingham Palace Gate), the Customs Commission (Victoria Street), Exhibition Commissioners, 1881 (Westminster), Foreign Office (Downing Street), Her Majesty's Home Office (Whitehall), House of Commons, India Office (Charles Street, Westminster), Irish Office (Great Court Street, Westminster), Land and Revenue (Somerset House), Local Government Act Office (Richmond Terrace, Whitehall), Merchant Seamen's Office (Adelaide Place, London Bridge), Metropolitan Board of Works (Whitehall), Post Office, Prisoners' Office (Parliament Street), His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, Quarter Master General's Office (Horse Guards), Registrar of Friendly Societies (Abingdon Street), Registrar General's Office (Horse Guards), Royal Artillery, Royal Marines (New Street), Science and Art Department, Westminster, Stationery Office (Prince's Street, St. James's Gate), the Telegraph and Enclosure Commissioners (St. James's Square), Treasury Office (Whitehall), Tower, Veterinary Department of the Army Council (Prince's Street, Westminster), War Office (Pall Mall), Woods, Forests and Land Revenues Office (Whitehall Place), Works and Public Buildings Office (Whitehall Place).

N.B.—The official letters received by British Packets from the public functionaries or departments in London above enumerated are marked by the London Post Office with the red "official paid" stamp which is the authority for delivery in India without charge. In some cases, however, articles which have been received enclosed in official letters

of the above description are to be posted in India under this impression that the frank of the public office in London will carry them to destination free of charge. But this is not the case, the only letters recognised as official being those described above as bearing the London Post Office "official paid" stamp, and those which under the preceding rules are franked by public officers in India.

Foreign Correspondence of Government Staffs, &c.

20. For information on this subject, see Section XII.

IX.—Postage Stamps.

Enumeration of Stamps in use.

1. The Postal Stamps and Embossed Envelopes and Post-cards at present used in India are as follows, viz.:

POSTAGE STAMPS.

- | | |
|----------|--|
| ½ anna | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an oval, blue. |
| 1 pie | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, blue. |
| 1 anna | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an oval, brown. |
| 2 annas | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an oval, orange. |
| 4 annas | Octagonal (perforated), crowned head to the left, in a round border, green. |
| 6 annas | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an arch border, white. |
| 8 annas | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an oval, rose. |
| 12 annas | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in a border with straight sides and circular ends, pink. |
| 1 rupee | Rectangular (perforated), crowned head to the left, in an octagonal border, ash colour. |

EMBOSSSED ENVELOPES.

- | | |
|--------|--|
| ½ anna | Round Stamp, crowned head to the left, in relief on white paper, blue. |
| 9 pie | (For soldiers and seamen) pointed oval stamp, crowned head to the left, in relief on white paper, red. |
| 1 anna | Round Stamp, crowned head to the left, in relief on white paper, dark brown. |

POST-CARDS.

- | | |
|----------|---|
| ½ anna | (For inland correspondence) ornamental square stamp, crowned head to the left, on cream coloured paper, brown. |
| 1 anna | (For inland official correspondence) square stamp, diagonal pattern with "On H. M. S. Service" in spaces, blue. |
| 1½ annas | (For correspondence with Union Countries) ornamental square stamp, crowned head to the left, on cream coloured paper, blue. |

Sale of Stamps.

2. Stamps, including envelopes and post-cards, can be purchased by the public in two ways, viz.:

(a)—From any Post Office, Receiving Office, Tehsildari, Thana or Police Station where letters are received for despatch, or from any village postman whose business is to collect as well as to deliver letters, or from any licensed Stamp-vendor. In this case the stamps (including envelopes and post-cards) are sold in any quantity, however small, at the value denoted thereon: but soldiers' envelopes, service stamps and service post-cards are not sold in this way but only from local depôts under the following rule.

(b)—From any local depôt (all Government Treasuries are local depôts) in quantities of the value of not less than Rs. 5 worth of labels at a time, and not containing any fraction of a rupee. For instance, stamps of the value of Rs. 6-3-0 or any other fractional value cannot be purchased, but any quantity of an aggregate value represented by whole rupees (not being less than five) may be purchased, whether the purchase includes one or several classes of stamps.

In purchases of envelopes and post-cards from local depôts only whole packets (16 each in the case of ordinary envelopes and post-cards, and 32 each in the case of service post-cards) can be obtained. The value of a packet is the value of the stamps borne by its contents, except in the case of Soldiers' and Seamen's envelopes for which two annas per packet is charged in addition to the stamp value. Service stamps and service post-cards can be purchased only by Government officials and without restriction as to a minimum amount, except that only whole packets of post-cards can be purchased: the purchaser of service stamps or service post-cards must present a written application, accompanied by payment of the value.

Post Masters not to affix Stamps.

3. Post Masters are not allowed to affix Postage Stamps to letters brought unstamped to the Office.

* Also issued for official correspondence, with the letters "On H. M. S." impressed in black ink.

Stamps previously obliterated, &c., may not be used: penalty for fraudulent use of previously used Stamps.

1. Stamps previously obliterated, or defaced, or torn, or cut, or otherwise rendered imperfect, as well as stamps cut out from embossed envelopes or post-cards, may not be used, and any letters or other articles to which they may be affixed are treated as unpaid. The using of a stamp which has been previously used with intent to cause a loss to the Government is an offence punishable with two years' imprisonment, or with fine, or with both.

X.—Rates of Postage and Conditions of Transmission by Foreign Post.

Definition of term "Foreign Post."

1. The term "Foreign Post" includes the posts under the control of the Government of India named below:

- | | |
|--|--|
| India and the Straits | { British India Steam Navigation Company via British Barmah.
Opium Steamers direct to and from Calcutta. |
| India, China, and the United States of America via Hong-Kong | { Opium Steamers via the Straits. |
| India and Ceylon | { Non-contract vessels of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, British India Steam Navigation Company, Coasting Steamers between Calcutta and Bombay. |
| India and Persia | { British India Steam Navigation Company via Karachi and Persian Gulf. |
| India and Aden | { Do. do. via Karachi. |

It also includes the land post between India and Ceylon. Also all mails sent by private ships or vessels, whether from one Indian Post Office to another, or to and from places abroad. Also all mails sent by Her Majesty's British packets (Peninsular and Oriental Company), or by Colonial packets, or by the French mail packets, whether from one Indian Post Office to another, or to and from places abroad.

Foreign Correspondence by private Vessel.*

2. Mails can be sent by any private vessel leaving a port in India, but only such classes of mails are forwarded as can be received under the postal regulations of the country of destination. Parcels cannot be sent to any foreign country by private vessel.

Letters, &c., intended for despatch by private vessel, should be marked as such by the sender, the name of the vessel being given if transmission by a particular vessel is desired. Letters, &c., not so marked may be forwarded by private vessel if there be no regular mail communication with the country of destination.

Letters, &c., intended for despatch by private vessel must be fully prepaid by stamps at the ordinary Indian inland rates, and they will be liable on delivery in any foreign country to such postage as may be chargeable under the regulations of that country. This rule does not, however, apply to soldiers' and seamen's letters despatched to the United Kingdom, by private vessel, nor does it apply to correspondence sent by private vessel to Ceylon, Hong-Kong, Mauritius, Seychelles or the Straits, for which see these entries in the Foreign Post Schedule.

Letters, &c., can be registered by private vessel, but the Indian Post Office undertakes no responsibility for them after the mails have been placed on board the vessel.

Route by which forwarded.

3. The route by which an article is intended to be sent should be marked on the upper left-hand corner of the address side, and when possible the instructions so given will be followed. An article marked for a particular route, but not fulfilling the conditions of that route (e.g., in respect of compulsory pre-payment of postage), will be treated as if not marked for any particular route. Articles not marked for any particular route will, as a general rule, be sent by the route which stands first in the Schedule, except where there is a quicker despatch by some other route, or where the first route may involve special expenses, (e.g., by special train via Brindisi), or where it may require the compulsory pre-payment of a higher rate of postage, than that which has been prepaid, or where the amount of postage paid may leave no doubt as to the route intended.

Correspondence from or to Aden or Zanzibar.

4. Correspondence passing direct between Aden and places abroad is ordinarily governed by the same conditions and is conveyed by the same routes as correspondence between India and places abroad: in cases where there are special conditions or routes applicable to correspondence from Aden, special mention thereof is made in the Schedule.

Correspondence from Aden to India or any Indian Post Office is charged at the rates

* The rules contained in this clause (2) are not applicable to correspondence for Calcutta, Madras, China, Ceylon, the Straits, and the Australian Colonies, when despatched by vessels of the Peninsular and Oriental Company, which, though non-contract between India and Ceylon, are not reckoned as private vessels within the meaning of this clause.

shown in the Schedule for correspondence from India to Aden. Zanzibar stands in the position of a Branch Office to Aden. Correspondence to Zanzibar is governed by the conditions mentioned in the Schedule, and correspondence from Zanzibar is governed by the same conditions as if it were sent to Aden, unless it be addressed to Aden itself, when it is subject to ordinary rates and conditions.

Letters for Aden and the interior of Arabia, West Arabia, Egypt, Turkey, Asia Minor, Kashmir, China, India, Ceylon, &c.

5. It is recommended that letters for Aden and other parts of the interior of Arabia be addressed to the care of some agent at Suvaiah or Trebizond.

Letters for Mecca, Jeddah, Medina, or other places in West Arabia and Muscat (in Abyssinia) should be prepaid as far as Suvaiah at the rate of postage prescribed for letters to Suvaiah. From Suvaiah they are forwarded to Aden by Egyptian Post, or such opportunity as may offer, and thence for Jeddah or Medina which may be specially marked by the sender for transmission through Aden, and onward at the rates of postage prescribed for letters to Aden, which will be forwarded direct from Aden by the first private vessel available.

Letters for Kismayu and Hamudun in Persia should be sent by the Indian land post to the Indian Post Office at Baghdad, addressed to the care of some agent there; and letters for Teheran, Esfahan, Shiraz, Jeddah, or other places in Persia, will be sent to the Indian Post Office at Bombay, which will forward them to destination.

Letters for other places in Turkey and Asia Minor or Persia, as have no British, Austrian or French Post Office, may be addressed to the care of the agent at the nearest post at which a British, Austrian or French Post Office has been established.

Letters and other articles for Kashmir, Gilgit and Leh (Ladakh) are subject to the ordinary Indian inland rates of postage and to the ordinary rules as respects prepayment; but additional postage equal to half Indian postage is levied on delivery on behalf of the Kashmir Government.

Rules on Foreign Articles

6. In the case of letters for places abroad, the name of the country (written clearly in large, well-defined characters), as well as the town or city, should be given in full. Attention to this will often assist in deciphering the name of the town or city, and will prevent the letter from being misdirected when there are towns of the same name in different countries. The address of every letter to a place abroad should end with the name of the country. Names of foreign towns, cities, or countries, should be spelt in the address in the same way as in the Foreign Post Schedule; and the attention of foreigners is particularly directed to this point, as many of them are in the habit of spelling foreign names according to the English method. If the name by which the article is intended to be sent be given in the header, it should be written on the upper left-hand corner, and if the name of the sender be given, it should be written on the lower left-hand corner.

Letters for Russia

Letters, &c., for Russia should have, besides the name of the town, the name of the Province or Government to which they are addressed; and further, the address must be plainly written. If these conditions be not complied with, the Russian Post Office declines to undertake the delivery of the correspondence.

Registration in places abroad

7. Letters may be registered to those places abroad to which registration is available in the Foreign Post Schedule, provided that the postage is fully prepaid, as well as the full amount of the registration fee, which is four annas in all cases. Letters for places mentioned in clause 5 cannot be registered, except in the case of those addressed to Suvaiah and Leh, where Indian Post Offices have been established, or in Persia.

It is to be understood that registration to places abroad applies only to letters or packets prepaid at letter rates, except in respect of the United Kingdom and other countries belonging to the Universal Postal Union (marked I in Col. 2 of Schedule), to which correspondence of all kinds may also be registered.

The sender of a registered article can obtain an acknowledgment of the delivery of such article, when addressed to a Union country (marked I in column 2 of the Schedule), by prepaying two annas in postage stamps in addition to the registration fee of four annas.

When post-cards are registered the registration fee of four annas must be prepaid by means of adhesive stamps affixed to the post-card near the embossed stamp.

Schedule is drawn to the remark in clause 2 of this Section regarding registration by private vessel.

Registration of Indian Addresses to the United Kingdom forbidden

8. No letter or other article addressed to initials, or to a fictitious name, and destined for the United Kingdom can be registered. Such articles, if mailed, will not be accepted for registration.

Transmission of dangerous or offensive substances prohibited

9. The prohibition against the transmission of dangerous or offensive substances contained in paragraph 9 of Section II applies also to foreign Post articles.

Money, Jewels, &c., and articles liable to customs duty.

No letter or packet containing gold or silver money, jewels or precious articles, or any article liable to customs duty, may be sent through the post to places abroad. This does not apply to the Foreign Parcel Post.

Books, &c., regarded as dutiable in the United States of America.

In the United States of America all imported books are regarded as dutiable; but in the case of articles intended for the personal use of the addressee, the officers of the Customs are authorized to exercise their discretion in admitting without duty unsealed packages of books not exceeding a dutiable value of one dollar. Dutiable books and other articles on which customs dues may be levied will be delivered to the addressee in the presence of an officer of the Customs.

Post-cards.

9. The foreign post-card (bearing an embossed stamp of the value of an anna and a half) may be sent to any Union country (but not to a Non-Union country). Post-cards having anything but the address written, printed, or otherwise impressed on the front (or address) side, or having any paper or other article attached to them, will be treated as letters. Post-cards may not be folded, cut, or otherwise altered, but the perforation of the stamp on post-cards with initials (for the prevention of theft) is not objected to. Post-cards addressed to Non-Union countries will not be forwarded.

Newspapers.

10. Newspapers may be sent in packets as printed papers under the next clause, but if sent either singly or separately folded and tied in a bundle, (the bundle being superimposed with the number of separate newspapers contained in it), they are conveyed at the privileged rate (prepayment compulsory) of postage shown in the Schedule under the column headed "Each Newspaper". Newspapers not fully prepaid at the privileged newspaper rates will be treated as printed papers, under the next clause.

Printed Papers and Legal and Commercial Documents.

11.—The following conditions, &c., being those of the Universal Postal Union, apply generally to all countries, with the special exceptions mentioned in the Schedule opposite particular countries.

Attention is drawn to the limit of weight, viz., 2 Kilogrammes or 4 lbs. 5 ozs., fixed for a packet of printed papers or legal and commercial documents. See Schedule and exception opposite the United Kingdom.

Under the head of "Printed Papers" are included newspapers, and periodicals, stitched or bound books, pamphlets, tracts, visiting cards, address cards, proofs of printing with or without the manuscript relating thereto, engravings, photographs, drawings, plans, maps, catalogues, prospectuses, announcements and notices of various kinds, whether printed, engraved, lithographed or autographed, and in general all impressions or copies obtained on paper, parchment, or card board, by means of printing, lithography, or any other mechanical process, except the copying press.

The following articles are considered as "Legal and Commercial Documents," viz., all deeds or documents written or drawn, wholly or partly by hand, which have not the character of actual and personal correspondence; such as papers of legal procedure, deeds of all kinds drawn up by public functionaries, way-bills, and bills of lading, invoices, the various documents of insurance companies, copies or extracts of private deeds, written on stamped or unstamped paper, scores or sheets of manuscript music, manuscripts of works forwarded separately, &c.

NOTE.—The definition of "Legal and Commercial Documents" given above is held to include such written articles intended for publication in Newspapers as are not of the nature of a personal letter, as well as written descriptions or hand-recipes of pieces which are sent for publication and are held also to include written letters of old date which have previously passed through the Post and served their original purpose.

Articles posted as "Legal and Commercial Documents" must be placed under bands or in an enclosed envelope. "Printed Papers" must be either placed under bands or in between boards, in a cover open at one side, or at both ends, or in an enclosed envelope, or simply folded in such a manner as not to conceal the nature of the packet, or, lastly, tied by a string easy to untie. An address card or a printed article presenting the form and consistency of an unfolded card may be forwarded without band, envelope, fastening or fold. Printed papers may contain manuscript to the following extent:—

- (a).—Signature of sender or designation of his name or of his firm, his rank, or profession, the place of origin and the date of despatch;
- (b).—Dedication or compliments inscribed by the author;
- (c).—Simple marks drawing attention to certain passages;
- (d).—Prices added to stock or share lists, prices current or market reports;
- (e).—Quotations or corrections on proofs of printing or musical compositions.

Articles posted as "Printed Papers" or "Legal and Commercial Documents" which do not fulfil the foregoing conditions, or are not prepaid for the extent of one anna, at least, for "Printed Papers," and two annas for "Legal and Commercial Documents," will not be forwarded.

NOTE.—As an exception to the above rule, unpaid articles posted as "Printed Papers" or "Legal and Commercial Documents" and fulfilling all conditions except that of partial prepayment.

post, will, when addressed to the United Kingdom, be forwarded, but will be liable on delivery to double the deficient postage.

Samples of Merchandise.

12. The following conditions, being those of the Universal Postal Union, apply generally to all countries, with the special exceptions mentioned in the Schedule opposite particular countries.

Attention is drawn to the limit of size, viz. 8 by 4 by 2 inches, and the weight, viz. 8 ounces fixed for a packet of samples. See Schedule, and exception opposite the United Kingdom.

Samples of merchandise are chargeable with the reduced postage under the following conditions:—

(a.)—They must be placed in bags, boxes or envelopes, removable so as to admit of an easy examination on either side.

(b.)—They must not have any saleable value, or bear any manuscript writing other than the price or the trade or firm of the sender, the address of the person for whom the packet is intended, a manufacturer's or trade-mark, or others and prices.

Samples not packed in accordance with these conditions, or not prepaid to the extent of postage at least, will not be forwarded, nor will any of which the conveyance would be attended with inconvenience or danger.

Note.—As an exception to the above rule, unpaid articles posted as "samples of merchandise" and fulfilling all conditions, except that of prepayment, will, when addressed to the United Kingdom, be forwarded, but will be liable on delivery to double the deficient postage.

Articles prepaid in full.

It is permitted to include in the same packet samples of merchandise, printed papers and legal and commercial documents, but subject to the following conditions:—

(a.)—That each article taken separately shall not exceed the limits of weight and size applicable to it.

(b.)—That the total weight shall not exceed 4 lbs. 6 ozs. per packet.

(c.)—That the lowest amount prepaid shall be as a minimum if the despatch contains legal and commercial documents, and one anna if the despatch consists of printed papers or samples.

Unpaid or insufficiently paid correspondence will not come under the conditions given in the Schedule.

13. Such correspondence will be returned to the sender through the Dead Letter Office. The sender has no claim on a refund of the postage originally paid, but in the case of recent alterations of postage rates and conditions, the Postmaster General (or officer exercising the powers of Postmaster General) may, in his discretion, in authorizing such refunds in special cases.

Correspondence forwarded to places abroad.

14. Letters, &c., addressed in India to places abroad will be sent prepaid charged with the Non-Union postage (if any) payable in the time of re-direction, no extra being raised for the re-transmission so far as the Indian Post Office is concerned. The postage levied in the country of destination and its payment by the regulations of that country. Letters, &c., re-directed to countries bordering the United Kingdom will, if originally received from such countries, be forwarded by the route by which they came, and in other cases by the route via Brindisi.

This rule does not apply to articles re-directed by Liverpool Packet Post.

Correspondence forwarded from places abroad.

15. Post-cards received from countries of the Union (as defined in the Schedule) will be delivered in India as paid letters.

(d.)—By routes marked IV.

Unpaid or insufficiently prepaid letters and printed papers, &c., received from any country of the Union (as defined in the Schedule) will be charged on delivery with double the deficient postage. Parcels of half an anna will be raised to half an anna. Unpaid letters received from any country of the Union, and unpaid printed papers originating from the United Kingdom (or exceptionally received from other places), will be charged at double the rates fixed for the prepayment of Indian articles going in the opposite direction by the same route.

Letters received in India from Bombay by British Packet Post subject to the ordinary Indian inland rates and conditions.

(e.)—By routes marked IV.

Letters received from any Non-Union Country through a Union Country (routes marked II in the Schedule) or insufficiently prepaid will be charged with double the deficient postage. Unpaid articles (including letters) will be charged at double the rates fixed for the prepayment of Indian articles going in the opposite direction. Parcels of half an anna will be raised to half an anna.

Any articles other than letters which may be exceptionally received from such places (unpaid or insufficiently paid) will be charged in the same manner.

(f.)—By routes marked IV.

Letters and other articles received from Ceylon, Hong Kong, Mauritius, Seychelles or the Straits, and soldiers' and seamen's letters received from the United Kingdom, by private vessels prepaid or delivered without charge.

Letters and other articles (except those just mentioned above) received from any place by private vessels* are charged with ordinary Indian inland postage at prepaid rates, according to weight in tolas, together with (in the case of letters) one anna each, being the sum paid to the Commander of the vessel.

(d.)—By routes marked IV.

Letters, newspapers, and packets are all received fully prepaid (and are delivered without charge) from the places and by the routes marked IV in the Schedule, viz.:

Australia by British Packet.

East Africa (i.e., Cape, Delagoa Bay and Natal) by British Packet through Aden. Unpaid or insufficiently paid letters exceptionally received from Australia or other places in the same category are charged at the rates shown in the Schedule for similar articles sent from India.

Re-direction of articles received from places abroad.

16. Articles received from places abroad and re-directed after arrival in India to another place in India, will not be charged with any additional postage on account of such re-direction. The exemption contained in this clause applies to foreign parcels.

An article re-directed from a Union Country to India will be treated in India as follows:—(1) if originally fully prepaid to its first address, it will be charged with the difference between the postage already paid, and the postage which would have been required for prepayment from the country of origin direct to its destination in India; (2) if originally unpaid or insufficiently prepaid, it will be charged as if it had come direct from the country of origin as an unpaid or insufficiently paid letter.

The rule contained in this clause does not apply to foreign parcels.

Addresses on letters, &c., for passengers on board ships.

17. Letters posted in India for delivery to persons on their way to or from India should preferably be addressed to the care of the local agent of the vessel or company to which the vessel belongs, full particulars being given of the name, &c., of the vessel (describing it as outward bound or homeward bound); if the addressee is travelling by one of the mail steamers (P. and O. Company), it may be sufficient to give the port of departure (Brindisi or Bombay) of the steamer, with the time-table date of such departure and the port of destination; for example, "A.B., passenger by outward Mail Steamer, Brindisi (24th March), to Bombay," care of &c., &c., &c.

It is recommended that the name and address of the sender be written on the lower left-hand corner of the letter, preceded by the word "from," so as to save the opening of the letter in the Dead Letter Office in case of non-delivery, and it is recommended also that all such letters be fully prepaid.

If a letter be posted in India via Bombay to the address of a passenger proceeding from Calcutta or Madras by a steamer of the P. and O. Company timed to reach Aden or Suez at or about the same time as the mail steamer which carries the letter from Bombay, it may be addressed as follows:—

Name of Addressee.

Passenger by Calcutta Steamer (here enter name of vessel if known, or Calcutta date of departure).

Care of Marine Post Office, Bombay.

N.B.—Full prepayment is compulsory at the rates quoted against "Egypt" in the Foreign Post Schedule.

Such letters will be made over to the Marine Post Office on leaving Bombay, and will be left at Aden for delivery, if the Bombay mail steamer precedes the Calcutta steamer, or be taken on for delivery through the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Agency at Suez if the Calcutta steamer has preceded. The delivery at Suez will be effected on board the Calcutta steamer as soon as possible after the arrival of the Bombay steamer.

Other subjects connected with Foreign Post.

18. The following references are given to other subjects connected with the Foreign Post which are treated elsewhere:—

Foreign Parcel Post ... See Section XIII.

Foreign letters of soldiers and seamen ... See Section XI.

Official correspondence with places abroad ... See Section VIII (last clause but one).

* See note to clause 2 of this section, which states that the P. and O. Company's vessels plying between India and Ceylon are not regarded as private vessels in the sense here meant.

† Note.—These letters will be delivered through the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Agency, as the local Post Office at Suez is closed from 11 a.m. to 3 p.m. daily.

The Schedule of Postage rates to some of the most important places is given below:—

DESTINATION. UNITED KINGDOM.	Letters for every 1 oz.	Each Post- Card.	Printed Papers including Books.*		Legal and Commercial Documents.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper, per 4 ozs.	Each packet per 2 ozs.	Each packet per 4 ozs.	
Via Southampton	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Via Brindisi	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0

and 1 anna for additional 2 ozs. Via Southampton and 2 annas for every additional 2 ozs.

Via Brindisi.

Limit of weight of Books and Patterns 5 lbs.

DESTINATION.	Letters for every 1 oz.	Each Post- Card.	Printed Papers including Books.*		Legal and Commercial Documents.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper, per 4 ozs.	Each packet per 2 ozs.	Each packet per 4 ozs.	
Via BRINDISI, through France, Office, Marseilles, FRANCE or ALGERIA	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0

Foreign and Foreign Europe through Italy.

Via BOMBAY AND BRINDISI THROUGH ITALY.	Letters for every 1 oz.	Each Post- Card.	Printed Papers including Books.*		Legal and Commercial Documents.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper, per 4 ozs.	Each packet per 2 ozs.	Each packet per 4 ozs.	
Italy	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Switzerland	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Austria including Hungary	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Belgium	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0

* The above rates carry the covers to destination. The re-payment of letters is optional. Insufficiently paid letters are forwarded as unpaid, credit being given for the value of Stamps affixed on them.

† Registered Letters are charged at the ordinary rates, viz. 4 annas.

Germany and Foreign Europe through Germany.

Via BOMBAY AND BRINDISI THROUGH GERMANY.	Letters, 1 ounce.	Each Post-card.	Printed Papers, including Books.*		Legal and Commercial Documents.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper, per 4 ounces.	Each packet per 2 ozs.	Each packet per 4 ozs.	
Germany including all the German States	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Luxemburg	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Holland	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Sweden	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Denmark	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Norway	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Russia	0 3 0	0 1 6	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0

The above rates carry the covers to destination. The re-payment of letters is optional. Insufficiently paid letters are forwarded as unpaid, credit being given for the value of Stamps affixed on them. Registered letters are charged at the ordinary rates viz. 4 annas.

MANCHESTER showing the rates of Postage on Letters, Papers and Books sent to the undermentioned places.

Destinations.	Letters Every 1 oz.	Each Post- Card.	Printed Papers including Books.*		Legal and Commercial Documents.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper, per 4 ozs.	Each packet per 2 ozs.	Each packet per 4 ozs.	
Australian Colonies	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.	A. P.
Hong-Kong	6 0	—	1 0	1 0	3 0	1 6
Galle	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Mauritius	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Penang	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Singapore	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Aden	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Malacca	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Canton	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Shanghai	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Suez	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Alexandria	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Malta	3 0	1 6	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0
Gibraltar	3 0	1 0	1 0	1 0	2 0	1 0

* Prepayment compulsory. Limit of weight of Books, &c., 1 lb. 6 ozs. Patterns 8 ozs.

† 1 anna for every additional 2 ozs.

‡ For inland despatch, 1 anna for a Newspaper of 4 ozs.

United States of America under the General Postal Union.

	Letters every ounce.	Each Post Card.	Printed Papers including Books.		Legal and Commercial Documents per 4 ozs.	Samples per 2 ozs.
			Each Newspaper per 4 ozs.	Each Packet per 2 ozs.		
Via British through Italy.....	0 3 0	0 1 8	0 1 0	0 1 0	0 2 0	0 1 0
Via British through United Kingdom.....	0 5 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 2 0

XI.—Foreign Letters of Soldiers and Seamen.

Special rates of charge and classes entitled.

1. Subject to the subjoined Regulations, Non-Commissioned Officers, Band Masters, Army School Masters, and being Superintendents of 1st Class School Masters, Army School Mistresses, Private Soldiers, or Seamen belonging to Her Majesty's ships, sea land, and receive letters by British Packet for a postage of 9 pence; but if any such letters are sent wholly or partly by the post of a foreign country, they are subject in addition to the foreign postage whatever that may be. Thus the postage by British Packet to the under-mentioned countries (including the British Packet charge of 9 pence) is as follows:—

- | | |
|---|--|
| (1) To the United Kingdom, Gibraltar or Malta..... | By British Packet, 9 pence. |
| (2) To countries or places served through the United Kingdom..... | Same as above; but if the letter is sent by foreign post, the letter will be liable to additional foreign postage on delivery. |
| (3) To Cyprus..... | 1 anna 6 pence. |
| (4) To any British or Indian office served direct by British or Indian Packets, viz. Aden, Australia, Calcutta, Bombay, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Delagoa Bay, Fiji Islands, Hong Kong, Japan (through Hong Kong), Madras, Natal, Straits, and Zanzibar..... | By British or Indian Packet, or by land post to Ceylon, 9 pence. |
| (5) To any Union country served direct by British or Indian Packet..... | 2 annas. |
| (6) To Mauritius or the Seychelles..... | By British Packet as far as Aden, and thence by French Packet, 2 annas. |

Conditions relating to special rates.

2. The conditions entitling to special rates are as follows:—
- The person claiming the privilege must at the time be actually employed in the Naval or Military service of Her Majesty, and must not be either a Commissioned Officer or a Warrant Officer, or a Superintending or 1st Class School Master.
 - The postage must be prepaid. Capital letters received in India are charged on delivery, 1 anna 6 pence, together with any foreign postage which may be claimed.
 - The letter must not weigh more than half an ounce.
 - It must relate entirely to the private concerns of the soldier, seaman, &c.
 - Any cover sent by a soldier or seaman under privilege must contain the name of the writer and his class or description in the Vessel, Regiment, Corps or Detachment to which he belongs, and must also bear the signature of the officer having the command of the Vessel, Regiment, Corps, or Detachment to which the writer belongs, as well as the name in full of such Vessel, Regiment, Corps or Detachment; and any cover addressed to a soldier or seaman under privilege must contain in the address the name in full of the Vessel, Regiment, Corps or Detachment to which the addressee belongs.

N.B.—In case of a letter sent under privilege from India by a soldier on the "unattached list" (see Section II, Division III, Part I of the Pay Code for British Troops in India), the rule given above has been modified; the required entries thereon being the

* Compulsory, † And 1 anna for every addl. 2 ozs. ‡ And 2 annas for every addl. 2 ozs.

name of the writer, his regimental rank, and the designation of the office held by him, as well as the signature, army rank and official designation of the head of the Department in which he is serving.

And any letter addressed under privilege in either direction, i. e., from India or from the United Kingdom to a soldier on the unattached list must contain in the address his regimental rank, together with a specification of the designation of the office held by him.

The heads of Departments referred to above are as follows:—

Adj. Genl., India; Dy. Adj. Genl.; Asst. Adj. Genl.; Dy. Asst. Adj. Genl.; Dy. Adj. Genl., R.A.; Qr. Mr. Genl., India; Dy. Qr. Mr. Genl.; Assts. Qr. Mr. Genl.; Dy. Assts. Qr. Mr. Genl.; Comy. Genl.; Ex. Comd. Officers; Insp. Genl., Ordnance and Magazines; Dy. Insp. Genl., Ordnance & Magazines; Comdcs. of Ordnance; Supdts. & Asst. Supdts. of Factories; Secs. Govt., P. W. Dept.; Ch. Supdg., Ex. & Asst. Engrs. in charge; Dir., State Ry.; Ch. and Ex. Engrs., State Ry.; Insp. Genl., Mily. Works; Asst. Genl., P. W. Dept.; Engrs., P. W. Accts.; Dir., Army Remount Operations; Supdts. & Asst. Supdts., Remount Depôts; Supdts., Army Clothing Dept.; Regd. Majors; Insp. Gyznasia; Supdts., British Army Schools; Princ. Lawrence Mily. Asylum; Princ. Lawrence Muzul. Asylum; Princ. Thomson College; Commr., Police, Calcutta; Supdts., Tel.; Surv. and Dy. Surv. Genl.; and Cant. Magis.; also the following additional designations belonging to the Madras Presidency, viz.:

Princ. Civil Eng. College; Comdts., Convl. Depôts; Medl. Officer, Garrison Hospis.; Comdts., Volr. Corps; also the following additional designations belonging to the Bombay Presidency, viz.:

Comdts., Sanitaria; Comdts., Colaba Depôt; Comdts., Deolali Depôt; Asst. Insp., Gyznasia; Inspg. Vety. Surgn.; Comdts., Vetr. Corps; Mily. Secy., Governor; Commr., Police, Bombay; Econy. Secy., Alva Lawrence Asylum.

The foregoing particulars should be given in one of the following forms:—

For Soldiers or Seamen.

To be filled in by the Soldier or Seaman, or by the Officer in Charge of the Vessel, Ship or Detachment.	By _____ (Address)
	Sender's name and Rank _____ Regt., Ship or Corps _____
	or To _____ A. B., Private (or Sergeant, Corporal, or Serjeant, &c.) Regiment, Ship or Corps _____ (Here address to be finished.)

* Special envelopes, bearing an embossed stamp of the value of nine pence, are under provision for the use of Soldiers and Seamen entitled to send their letters at the nine pence rate. The envelopes will be supplied through regimental channels.

If the letter exceed half an ounce, how treated.

3. If the letter exceed half an ounce, or if any of the foregoing Regulations be not complied with, it will be forwarded, charged with the same postage as an ordinary letter.

Letters addressed to care of Agent, or sent by or addressed to Soldiers or Seamen in C.O.L. employ, not entitled to privilege.

4. Soldiers' or seamen's letters received in India from abroad, if addressed to the care of an agent or any other person, are liable to the ordinary rate of postage, the privilege of receiving letters at reduced rates being confined to such letters as are addressed directly to them.

XII.—Foreign Parcel Post.

Rules of Transmission.

1. Parcels are received at any Post Office in India (but see remarks opposite Aden in clause 2) for transmission at the rate of 8 annas per lb. (reckoned as equal to 29 tolas) or fraction thereof (prepayment in cash compulsory) to the following countries, viz.:

The United Kingdom...	Austria-Hungary...	For information regarding parcels for India from foreign countries, see clause 10 below.
Aden...	Denmark...	
Ceylon...	Sweden...	
The Straits Settlements, &c.,	Norway...	
Singapore...	Switzerland...	
Penang...	France...	
Malacca...	Holland...	
Germany...	Belgium...	

Special conditions for certain countries.

2. Besides the general rules, the following special conditions apply to particular countries, viz.:

(a) United Kingdom.—The prepayment carries the parcel as far as London; any additional charge which may become due on account of British custom duty or carriage beyond London being realised from the addressee. Parcels should not contain tobacco or cigars, as the British Customs regulations prohibit the transportation of packages containing less than 10 lbs. of tobacco (see clause 6) which fixes the limit of weight for a foreign parcel. A 60 lbs. Parcel containing this Customs regulation are liable to seizure, detention and fine. Parcels must not exceed 250 in weight. Any such parcel which on examination of the declaration of being forwarded by the Foreign Parcel Post, is found to be forwarded in the Bombay Agency of the P. & O. S. N. Company for transmission independently of the Post Office, and subject to such regulations and charges on delivery as may be applicable thereto under the Company's regulations.

(b) Aden.—The Company's present charge in round ad valorem rate of 2 per cent, which does not include marine or other insurance.

(c) Ceylon.—Parcels may be sent from Aden to the United Kingdom or from Aden to India (but not to other places in India) on India under the same conditions as those from India to the United Kingdom, except that the address on the outer cover will be different (see Rule 6). On parcels from Aden containing Opium, however, the rate charged is 10 annas four annas per pound instead of eight annas.

(d) Ceylon.—The prepayment carries the parcel to destination. Should any custom duty become due, the amount will be charged on delivery. Parcels containing jewellery, gold, silver, watches, or precious stones must not exceed Rs. 50 in value. The route is via Aden for Southern India and via Bombay for other parts of India: see Rule (5).

(d) The Straits, i.e.—
Singapore
Penang
Malacca

The prepayment carries the parcel to destination. The ports of destination are free ports, so that no custom duty will be chargeable therein. The routes are by opium steamers (Jardine, Matheson, and Agnew), monthly through *Calcutta* to Singapore: by B. I. S. N. Company fortnightly through *Calcutta* or *Madras* or *Rangoon* to Singapore, Penang and Malacca: and by P. & O. S. N. Company fortnightly through *Bombay* to Singapore and Penang: see Rule (5).

(e) Germany
Austria-Hungary

The prepayment carries the parcel to destination. Should any custom duty become due, the amount will be charged on delivery. See also Rule 9, respecting compensation for damage or loss; and Rule 4 regarding declarations for German parcels.

(f) Denmark
Sweden
Norway
Switzerland

The prepayment carries the parcel to the limit of German conveyance, a separate charge being made on delivery for conveyance beyond the German frontier, as well as for custom duty should any become due. See also Rule 9, respecting compensation for damage or loss; and Rule 4 regarding declarations for parcels addressed to Sweden, Norway, or Switzerland.

(g) France
The Netherlands
(Holland)
Belgium

The prepayment carries the parcel to the limit of German conveyance, a separate charge being made on delivery for conveyance beyond the German frontier, as well as for custom duty, should any become due. From Rule 4 it will be seen that there must be also a second or duplicate declaration of contents and value, and that the second or duplicate declaration should contain a statement of the weight (in gms. or tolas) of the contents, and should, if possible, be written in the French language. See also Rule 9, respecting compensation for damage or loss.

Mode of packing.

3. Every parcel should be securely packed in a closed cover or case, and should bear the name and address of the person in the United Kingdom or foreign country for whom it is intended. Parcels containing valuables should be sealed. The public are specially warned against the use of flimsy covers for articles transmitted by the Parcel Post. Heavy articles are sometimes sent with only paper covering, insecurely tied with string; friction in transit detaches this cover, and damage and loss ensue. A covering of stout cloth or wax-cloth sewn at the edges is recommended; but if the contents are liable to suffer from pressure, boxes of wood or tin should be used.

Declarations of contents and value to accompany parcels.

4. Every parcel should be accompanied by a separate paper headed with the address of the parcel and containing a declaration (clearly written) of its contents and value under the signature of the sender. Below the signature the address of the sender should be given.

For the parcels addressed to—

The United Kingdom
Ceylon
Straits
Austria-Hungary
Denmark

Only one declaration as above described is required.

Germany

A second or duplicate declaration is also required for parcels under 5 lbs. (reckoned as equal to 195 tolas), and a triplicate declaration for parcels above that weight.

Sweden

Norway

Switzerland

A second or duplicate declaration is also required.

France

The Netherlands (Holland)

Belgium

A second or duplicate declaration is also required; and the sender is requested to enter in the declaration a statement of the weight (in lbs. and ozs. or tolas) of the contents, and to write the second or duplicate declaration, if possible, in the French language. Should he be unable to do so, the Bombay Post Office will attach to the second or duplicate English declaration a French rendering thereof, but the sender is warned of the delay which may result from this.

It is not deemed necessary to require exact adherence to any particular form of declaration, but the following specimen form may be useful to the senders of parcels:—

Specimen form of declaration.

<i>Address of Parcel.</i>		
Thomas B. Smith,		
111, Piccadilly,		
London.		
<i>Contents.</i>		<i>Value.</i>
1 Piece Putto cloth	.....	£ 1 0 0
1 Rampore chudler	.....	2 0 0
		
		2 10 0
		
		4 10 0
I declare the above to be a true statement of the contents and value.		
(Signed) A. R. ROBINSON.		
<i>Assurer.</i>		
N.B.—Declarations for parcels intended for France, the Netherlands or Belgium, should, in addition to the above, contain a statement of the weight (lbs. and oz. or tols) of the contents. This may conveniently be done by adding the words "weight—lbs.—ozs." underneath the total value, and the words "and weight" at the end of the sentence containing the declaration.		

Parcels, accompanied by declarations, to be enclosed in an outer cover.

5. The parcel so addressed, and the separate paper or papers above referred to, should then be enclosed in a substantial outer cover. This outer cover should be superscribed and addressed as follows:—

If addressed from India to England.

If addressed from India to the Straits.

<i>Foreign Parcel Post.</i>	
To	The Post Master, Puducherry, or Bombay.

<i>Foreign Parcel Post.</i>	
To	The Post Master, Calcutta or Madras or Bombay or Rangoon

* N.B.—The address should be to Puducherry if posted in Southern India, and to Bombay if posted in other parts of India.

* N.B.—The address to Calcutta or Madras or Bombay or Rangoon should be according to the locality of posting.

If addressed from Aden to the United Kingdom.

If addressed from India to the United Kingdom or any other country (i.e., other than England and the Straits), or from Aden to India.

<i>Foreign Parcel Post.</i>	
To	The Post Master, Aden.

<i>Foreign Parcel Post.</i>	
To	The Post Master, Bombay.

The outer cover must contain one parcel only. If more than one parcel be sent by the same sender, such parcels should be sent separately.

Preparation in and dimensions of parcels, &c.

6. The parcel so made up must be fully wrapped in such of the prescribed rate (the cash being tendered at the window with the parcel), and must not exceed 30 lbs. (25 sters) in weight, or 2 feet in length by 1 foot in breadth or depth. It will be received at any Post Office at the non-payment of the receipt of ordinary parcels, the usual receipt being given to the sender.

Treatment at sea port office of despatch.

7. On arrival at the Indian sea port town of address, the Postmaster will take off the outer covering, and forward the inside parcel and the accompanying declaration or declarations to the country of inside address.

Dangerous or offensive articles forbidden.

8. It is forbidden to send in these parcels opium, or any liquid, or any substance or material of a dangerous, damaging, or offensive kind.

Conditional compensation.

9. In the case of parcels for or from Germany or Austria-Hungary, and the foreign countries served through Germany, compensation will be given by the responsible Post Office to the sender for loss or damage sustained in transit (cases of sea risk or of fire may or of the own negligence of the sender in respect of packing or otherwise excepted). Such compensation will in no case exceed 11 rupees for each lb. weight or fraction thereof in respect of parcels forwarded from India, and 3 marks or 1½ forins for each 500 grammes or fraction thereof in respect of parcels from Germany or Austria-Hungary. Should the sender desire it, the compensation will be paid to the addressee instead of to himself.

Information regarding despatch of parcels from foreign countries.

10. Information respecting parcels for India from foreign countries can be had at the Post Offices of these countries. The British Post Office does not receive parcels for transmission to India. Inquiries proceeding from the United Kingdom should be addressed to the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company, 122, Leadenhall Street, London, E.C. The rules governing the despatch of parcels from the United Kingdom to India are, however, published in the British Postal Guide and exhibited to every British Post Office. Persons in India ordering goods to be sent out by Parcel Post may refer the sender to the above means of information about the transmission of parcels.

11. Parcels for the United Kingdom may be sent either paid or unpaid. The rate charged for parcels of books from the United Kingdom is 6d. per lb. The charge for other parcels from the United Kingdom is 1s. per lb.

12. An extra *ad valorem* rate of 1s. per £5 of value is charged for marine transit on outward parcels from the United Kingdom containing jewellery, gold, silver, watches or precious stones. On such parcels the postage, as well as the *ad valorem* rates, must be prepaid in London, and, if desired by the sender, they may also be insured in London to destination in India at a charge of 1s. per £5 of value.

OVERLAND

Tariff showing the amounts chargeable in India
In addition to the sums shown in the Schedules, the
For sums not exceeding £100 £2
Commission rates..... 8 annas.

THE PARTICULAR SCHEDULE TO BE FOLLOWED

Amount of Order.	Sched- ule 1.	Sched- ule 2.	Sched- ule 3.	Sched- ule 4.	Sched- ule 5.	Sched- ule 6.
Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.	Exchange rate of Rs. 100 per Rupee.
£ 0 0 0	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
1 0 0	13 0 0	10 1 0	10 3 0	10 5 3	12 7 0	10 8 9
2 0 0	21 0 0	19 3 0	19 6 0	19 10 3	22 11 0	12 1 3
3 0 0	29 0 0	27 5 0	27 9 0	27 15 3	30 4 9	13 10 3
4 0 0	37 0 0	35 8 0	36 2 0	36 18 3	38 11 0	14 3 3
5 0 0	45 0 0	43 11 0	44 5 0	44 22 3	46 18 0	15 12 0
6 0 0	53 0 0	51 14 0	52 8 0	52 25 3	54 25 0	16 11 0
7 0 0	61 0 0	59 17 0	60 11 0	60 28 3	62 32 0	17 10 0
8 0 0	69 0 0	67 20 0	68 14 0	68 31 3	70 39 0	18 9 0
9 0 0	77 0 0	75 23 0	76 17 0	76 34 3	78 46 0	19 8 0
10 0 0	85 0 0	83 26 0	84 20 0	84 37 3	86 53 0	20 7 0
11 0 0	93 0 0	91 29 0	92 23 0	92 40 3	94 60 0	21 6 0
12 0 0	101 0 0	99 32 0	100 26 0	100 43 3	102 67 0	22 5 0
13 0 0	109 0 0	107 35 0	108 29 0	108 46 3	110 74 0	23 4 0
14 0 0	117 0 0	115 38 0	116 32 0	116 49 3	118 81 0	24 3 0
15 0 0	125 0 0	123 41 0	124 35 0	124 52 3	126 88 0	25 2 0
16 0 0	133 0 0	131 44 0	132 38 0	132 55 3	134 95 0	26 1 0
17 0 0	141 0 0	139 47 0	140 41 0	140 58 3	142 102 0	27 0 0
18 0 0	149 0 0	147 50 0	148 44 0	148 61 3	150 109 0	28 0 0
19 0 0	157 0 0	155 53 0	156 47 0	156 64 3	158 116 0	29 0 0
20 0 0	165 0 0	163 56 0	164 50 0	164 67 3	166 123 0	30 0 0
21 0 0	173 0 0	171 59 0	172 53 0	172 70 3	174 130 0	31 0 0
22 0 0	181 0 0	179 62 0	180 56 0	180 73 3	182 137 0	32 0 0
23 0 0	189 0 0	187 65 0	188 59 0	188 76 3	190 144 0	33 0 0
24 0 0	197 0 0	195 68 0	196 62 0	196 79 3	198 151 0	34 0 0
25 0 0	205 0 0	203 71 0	204 65 0	204 82 3	206 158 0	35 0 0
26 0 0	213 0 0	211 74 0	212 68 0	212 85 3	214 165 0	36 0 0
27 0 0	221 0 0	219 77 0	220 71 0	220 88 3	222 172 0	37 0 0
28 0 0	229 0 0	227 80 0	228 74 0	228 91 3	230 179 0	38 0 0
29 0 0	237 0 0	235 83 0	236 77 0	236 94 3	238 186 0	39 0 0
30 0 0	245 0 0	243 86 0	244 80 0	244 97 3	246 193 0	40 0 0
31 0 0	253 0 0	251 89 0	252 83 0	252 100 3	254 200 0	41 0 0
32 0 0	261 0 0	259 92 0	260 86 0	260 103 3	262 207 0	42 0 0
33 0 0	269 0 0	267 95 0	268 89 0	268 106 3	270 214 0	43 0 0
34 0 0	277 0 0	275 98 0	276 92 0	276 109 3	278 221 0	44 0 0
35 0 0	285 0 0	283 101 0	284 95 0	284 112 3	286 228 0	45 0 0
36 0 0	293 0 0	291 104 0	292 98 0	292 115 3	294 235 0	46 0 0
37 0 0	301 0 0	299 107 0	300 101 0	300 118 3	302 242 0	47 0 0
38 0 0	309 0 0	307 110 0	308 104 0	308 121 3	310 249 0	48 0 0
39 0 0	317 0 0	315 113 0	316 107 0	316 124 3	318 256 0	49 0 0
40 0 0	325 0 0	323 116 0	324 110 0	324 127 3	326 263 0	50 0 0
41 0 0	333 0 0	331 119 0	332 113 0	332 130 3	334 270 0	51 0 0
42 0 0	341 0 0	339 122 0	340 116 0	340 133 3	342 277 0	52 0 0
43 0 0	349 0 0	347 125 0	348 119 0	348 136 3	350 284 0	53 0 0
44 0 0	357 0 0	355 128 0	356 122 0	356 139 3	358 291 0	54 0 0
45 0 0	365 0 0	363 131 0	364 125 0	364 142 3	366 298 0	55 0 0
46 0 0	373 0 0	371 134 0	372 128 0	372 145 3	374 305 0	56 0 0
47 0 0	381 0 0	379 137 0	380 131 0	380 148 3	382 312 0	57 0 0
48 0 0	389 0 0	387 140 0	388 134 0	388 151 3	390 319 0	58 0 0
49 0 0	397 0 0	395 143 0	396 137 0	396 154 3	398 326 0	59 0 0
50 0 0	405 0 0	403 146 0	404 140 0	404 157 3	406 333 0	60 0 0
51 0 0	413 0 0	411 149 0	412 143 0	412 160 3	414 340 0	61 0 0
52 0 0	421 0 0	419 152 0	420 146 0	420 163 3	422 347 0	62 0 0
53 0 0	429 0 0	427 155 0	428 149 0	428 166 3	430 354 0	63 0 0
54 0 0	437 0 0	435 158 0	436 152 0	436 169 3	438 361 0	64 0 0
55 0 0	445 0 0	443 161 0	444 155 0	444 172 3	446 368 0	65 0 0
56 0 0	453 0 0	451 164 0	452 158 0	452 175 3	454 375 0	66 0 0
57 0 0	461 0 0	459 167 0	460 161 0	460 178 3	462 382 0	67 0 0
58 0 0	469 0 0	467 170 0	468 164 0	468 181 3	470 389 0	68 0 0
59 0 0	477 0 0	475 173 0	476 167 0	476 184 3	478 396 0	69 0 0
60 0 0	485 0 0	483 176 0	484 170 0	484 187 3	486 403 0	70 0 0
61 0 0	493 0 0	491 179 0	492 173 0	492 190 3	494 410 0	71 0 0
62 0 0	501 0 0	499 182 0	500 176 0	500 193 3	502 417 0	72 0 0
63 0 0	509 0 0	507 185 0	508 179 0	508 196 3	510 424 0	73 0 0
64 0 0	517 0 0	515 188 0	516 182 0	516 199 3	518 431 0	74 0 0
65 0 0	525 0 0	523 191 0	524 185 0	524 202 3	526 438 0	75 0 0
66 0 0	533 0 0	531 194 0	532 188 0	532 205 3	534 445 0	76 0 0
67 0 0	541 0 0	539 197 0	540 191 0	540 208 3	542 452 0	77 0 0
68 0 0	549 0 0	547 200 0	548 194 0	548 211 3	550 459 0	78 0 0
69 0 0	557 0 0	555 203 0	556 197 0	556 214 3	558 466 0	79 0 0
70 0 0	565 0 0	563 206 0	564 200 0	564 217 3	566 473 0	80 0 0
71 0 0	573 0 0	571 209 0	572 203 0	572 220 3	574 480 0	81 0 0
72 0 0	581 0 0	579 212 0	580 206 0	580 223 3	582 487 0	82 0 0
73 0 0	589 0 0	587 215 0	588 209 0	588 226 3	590 494 0	83 0 0
74 0 0	597 0 0	595 218 0	596 212 0	596 229 3	598 501 0	84 0 0
75 0 0	605 0 0	603 221 0	604 215 0	604 232 3	606 508 0	85 0 0
76 0 0	613 0 0	611 224 0	612 218 0	612 235 3	614 515 0	86 0 0
77 0 0	621 0 0	619 227 0	620 221 0	620 238 3	622 522 0	87 0 0
78 0 0	629 0 0	627 230 0	628 224 0	628 241 3	630 529 0	88 0 0
79 0 0	637 0 0	635 233 0	636 227 0	636 244 3	638 536 0	89 0 0
80 0 0	645 0 0	643 236 0	644 230 0	644 247 3	646 543 0	90 0 0
81 0 0	653 0 0	651 239 0	652 233 0	652 250 3	654 550 0	91 0 0
82 0 0	661 0 0	659 242 0	660 236 0	660 253 3	662 557 0	92 0 0
83 0 0	669 0 0	667 245 0	668 239 0	668 256 3	670 564 0	93 0 0
84 0 0	677 0 0	675 248 0	676 242 0	676 259 3	678 571 0	94 0 0
85 0 0	685 0 0	683 251 0	684 245 0	684 262 3	686 578 0	95 0 0
86 0 0	693 0 0	691 254 0	692 248 0	692 265 3	694 585 0	96 0 0
87 0 0	701 0 0	699 257 0	700 251 0	700 268 3	702 592 0	97 0 0
88 0 0	709 0 0	707 260 0	708 254 0	708 271 3	710 599 0	98 0 0
89 0 0	717 0 0	715 263 0	716 257 0	716 274 3	718 606 0	99 0 0
90 0 0	725 0 0	723 266 0	724 260 0	724 277 3	726 613 0	100 0 0
91 0 0	733 0 0	731 269 0	732 263 0	732 280 3	734 620 0	101 0 0
92 0 0	741 0 0	739 272 0	740 266 0	740 283 3	742 627 0	102 0 0
93 0 0	749 0 0	747 275 0	748 269 0	748 286 3	750 634 0	103 0 0
94 0 0	757 0 0	755 278 0	756 272 0	756 289 3	758 641 0	104 0 0
95 0 0	765 0 0	763 281 0	764 275 0	764 292 3	766 648 0	105 0 0
96 0 0	773 0 0	771 284 0	772 278 0	772 295 3	774 655 0	106 0 0
97 0 0	781 0 0	779 287 0	780 281 0	780 298 3	782 662 0	107 0 0
98 0 0	789 0 0	787 290 0	788 284 0	788 301 3	790 669 0	108 0 0
99 0 0	797 0 0	795 293 0	796 287 0	796 304 3	798 676 0	109 0 0
100 0 0	805 0 0	803 296 0	804 290 0	804 307 3	806 683 0	110 0 0
101 0 0	813 0 0	811 299 0	812 293 0	812 310 3	814 690 0	111 0 0
102 0 0	821 0 0	819 302 0	820 296 0	820 313 3	822 697 0	112 0 0
103 0 0	829 0 0	827 305 0	828 299 0	828 316 3	830 704 0	113 0 0
104 0 0	837 0 0	835 308 0	836 302 0	836 319 3	838 711 0	114 0 0
105 0 0	845 0 0	843 311 0	844 305 0	844 322 3	846 718 0	115 0 0
106 0 0	853 0 0	851 314 0	852 308 0	852 325 3	854 725 0	116 0 0
107 0 0	861 0 0	859 317 0	860 311 0	860 328 3	862 732 0	117 0 0
108 0 0	869 0 0	867 320 0	868 314 0	868 331 3	870 739 0	118 0 0
109 0 0	877 0 0	875 323 0	876 317 0	876 334 3	878 746 0	119 0 0
110 0 0	885 0 0	883 326 0	884 320 0	884 337 3	886 753 0	120 0 0
111 0 0	893 0 0	891 329 0	892 323 0	892 340 3	894 760 0	121 0 0
112 0 0	901 0 0	899 332 0	900 326 0	900 343 3	902 767 0	122 0 0
113 0 0	909 0 0	907 335 0	908 329 0	908 346 3	906 774 0	123 0 0
114 0 0	917 0 0	915 338 0	916 332 0	916 349 3	914 781 0	124 0 0
115 0 0	925 0 0	923 341 0	924 335 0	924 352 3	922 788 0	125 0 0
116 0 0	933 0 0	931 344 0	932 338 0	932 355 3	930 795 0	126 0 0
117 0 0	941 0 0	939 347 0	940 341 0	940 358 3	938 802 0	127 0 0
118 0 0	949 0 0	947 350 0	948 344 0	948 361 3	946 809 0	128 0 0
119 0 0	957 0 0	955 353 0	956 347 0	956 364 3	954 816 0	129 0 0
120 0 0	965 0 0	963 356 0	964 350 0	964 367 3	962 823 0	130 0 0
121 0 0	973 0 0	971 359 0	972 353 0	972 370 3	970 830 0	131 0 0
122 0 0	981 0 0	979 362 0	980 356 0	980 373 3	978 837 0	132 0 0
123 0 0	989 0 0	987 365 0	990 359 0	990 376 3	986 844 0	133 0 0
124 0 0	997 0 0	995 368 0	996 362 0	996 379 3	994 851 0	

SUPPLEMENTARY TARIFE FOR

THE PARTICULAR SCHEDULE TO BE FOLLOWED

AMOUNT OF ORDERS.	SCH- DULE 14.	SCH- DULE 15.	SCH- DULE 16.	SCH- DULE 17.	SCH- DULE 18.	SCH- DULE 19.
	At 1s. 8 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 6 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 3 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 8d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 7 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 7 1/2d. per Rupee.
£ s. d.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. S. P.	RS. A. P.
1 0 0	11 2 0	11 11 3	11 13 9	12 0 0	13 3 6	12 3 0
2 0 0	23 2 0	23 6 9	24 11 3	24 0 0	24 3 9	24 9 9
3 0 0	34 11 3	35 2 0	35 9 0	36 0 0	36 7 3	36 14 9
4 0 0	45 4 3	46 13 3	47 6 6	48 0 0	48 9 9	49 3 9
5 0 0	57 13 3	58 8 6	59 1 3	60 0 0	60 12 3	61 3 9
6 0 0	69 5 3	70 4 0	71 1 9	72 0 0	72 11 6	73 13 6
7 0 0	80 15 6	81 15 3	82 15 3	83 0 9	83 7 0	84 2 6
8 0 0	92 3 6	93 10 6	94 13 6	95 0 0	95 3 6	96 7 6
9 0 0	104 1 6	105 2 9	106 10 9	107 0 0	107 6 0	108 12 3
10 0 0	115 19 6	117 1 3	118 8 3	119 0 0	120 3 3	121 1 3
1 0	0 9 3	0 9 9	0 9 0	0 9 6	0 9 9	0 9 9
2 0	1 2 3	1 2 9	1 3 0	1 3 3	1 3 6	1 3 9
3 0	1 11 9	1 12 0	1 12 6	1 12 9	1 13 3	1 13 6
4 0	2 5 6	2 5 6	2 6 0	2 6 6	2 7 0	2 7 6
5 0	2 11 3	2 11 3	2 15 6	2 15 6	2 15 6	2 15 6
6 0	3 7 6	3 8 3	3 9 0	3 9 0	3 10 3	3 11 0
7 0	4 6 3	4 6 3	4 12 3	4 12 3	4 12 3	4 12 3
8 0	4 10 0	4 11 0	4 11 0	4 12 9	4 13 9	4 13 9
9 0	5 3 3	5 4 3	5 5 3	5 6 6	5 7 6	5 8 6
10 0	5 12 6	5 13 2	5 14 9	5 14 9	5 15 9	5 16 6
11 0	6 5 9	6 7 6	6 8 3	6 9 6	6 10 0	6 10 3
12 0	6 15 0	7 0 6	7 1 9	7 3 3	7 4 3	7 5 3
13 0	7 8 3	7 9 9	7 12 3	7 12 9	7 13 3	7 13 3
14 0	8 1 6	8 2 0	8 4 9	8 6 6	8 7 0	8 7 9
15 0	8 10 9	8 12 3	8 14 3	8 14 3	8 15 9	8 16 9
16 0	9 2 6	9 3 9	9 7 9	9 9 3	9 11 6	9 13 6
17 0	9 13 3	9 15 3	9 17 3	9 18 3	9 19 3	9 20 3
18 0	10 6 6	10 8 6	10 10 9	10 12 9	10 13 0	10 13 0
19 0	10 15 9	11 2 0	11 4 3	11 6 6	11 8 9	11 11 0
1 1	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9
2	0 1 6	0 1 3	0 1 6	0 1 6	0 1 6	0 1 9
3	0 2 3	0 2 3	0 2 3	0 2 6	0 2 6	0 2 6
4	0 3 0	0 3 0	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 3
5	0 3 9	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 4 0
6	0 4 9	0 4 9	0 5 3	0 5 3	0 5 3	0 5 3
7	0 5 6	0 5 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6	0 6 6
8	0 6 3	0 6 3	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0
9	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 3	0 7 3	0 7 3
10	0 7 9	0 7 9	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 8 6
11	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 9 9	0 9 9	0 9 9	0 9 9

OVERLAND MONEY ORDERS.

WILL BE NOTIFIED FROM TIME TO TIME.

SCH- DULE 20.	SCH- DULE 21.	SCH- DULE 22.	SCH- DULE 23.	SCH- DULE 24.	SCH- DULE 25.	AMOUNT OF ORDERS.
At 1s. 7 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 7d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 6 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 6 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 6 1/2d. per Rupee.	At 1s. 6d. per Rupee.	£ s. d.
RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	
12 7 6	12 10 0	13 12 9	12 15 6	13 2 6	13 5 3	1 0 0
24 15 0	25 4 3	25 9 6	25 15 9	26 5 0	26 10 0	2 0 0
37 6 6	37 11 3	38 0 6	38 14 3	39 7 3	40 0 0	3 0 0
49 14 0	50 8 6	51 3 3	51 14 3	52 9 6	53 5 3	4 0 0
62 5 6	63 2 6	64 0 0	64 13 9	65 12 0	66 10 2	5 0 0
74 13 0	75 12 9	76 12 9	77 13 6	78 14 6	80 0 0	6 0 0
87 4 3	88 6 9	89 9 6	90 13 0	92 1 0	93 5 3	7 0 0
99 11 9	101 0 9	102 6 5	103 12 6	105 3 3	106 10 9	8 0 0
112 3 3	113 10 9	115 3 3	116 12 0	118 5 9	120 0 0	9 0 0
124 12 9	126 5 0	128 0 0	129 11 9	131 8 3	133 5 3	10 0 0
0 10 0	0 10 0	0 10 3	0 10 6	0 10 6	0 10 9	1 0
1 4 6	1 4 3	1 4 6	1 4 9	1 5 0	1 5 3	2 0
1 11 0	1 11 3	1 11 9	1 15 3	1 15 6	2 0 0	3 0
2 8 0	2 8 6	2 9 0	2 9 6	2 10 0	2 10 9	4 0
3 2 0	3 2 3	3 3 3	3 4 0	3 4 6	3 5 3	5 0
3 12 0	3 12 9	3 13 6	3 14 3	3 15 0	4 0 0	6 0
4 5 9	4 6 9	4 7 9	4 8 9	4 9 9	4 10 9	7 0
4 15 9	5 0 9	5 2 0	5 3 6	5 4 3	5 5 3	8 0
5 9 9	5 11 0	5 12 3	5 13 6	5 14 9	5 15 9	9 0
6 3 9	6 5 0	6 6 6	6 7 9	6 9 3	6 10 9	10 0
6 13 9	6 15 3	7 0 9	7 2 3	7 3 9	7 5 3	11 0
7 7 9	7 9 3	7 11 0	7 12 6	7 14 3	7 15 9	12 0
8 1 9	8 3 3	8 5 0	8 6 6	8 8 9	8 10 9	13 0
8 11 9	8 13 6	8 15 3	8 16 9	8 18 9	8 20 9	14 0
9 5 3	9 7 6	9 9 6	9 11 9	9 13 9	9 15 9	15 0
9 15 6	10 1 9	10 3 9	10 6 3	10 8 6	10 10 9	16 0
10 9 6	10 11 9	10 14 0	11 0 6	11 2 9	11 5 3	17 0
11 3 6	11 6 0	11 8 3	11 10 9	11 13 3	12 0 0	18 0
11 13 6	12 0 0	12 2 6	12 5 3	12 8 0	12 10 9	19 0
0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 0 9	0 1 0	0 1 0	1 1
0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	0 1 9	2
0 2 6	0 2 6	0 2 6	0 2 6	0 2 9	0 2 9	3
0 3 3	0 3 3	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6	0 3 6	4
0 4 3	0 4 3	0 4 3	0 4 3	0 4 6	0 4 6	5
0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 0	0 5 3	0 5 3	0 5 3	6
0 5 9	0 6 0	0 6 0	0 6 3	0 6 3	0 6 3	7
0 6 9	0 6 9	0 6 9	0 7 0	0 7 0	0 7 0	8
0 7 6	0 7 6	0 7 9	0 7 9	0 8 0	0 8 0	9
0 8 3	0 8 6	0 8 6	0 8 9	0 8 9	0 8 9	10
0 9 3	0 9 3	0 9 6	0 9 6	0 9 9	0 9 9	11

Illustrations of Tari^u calculation.

Supposing Schedule 6 to be the Schedule in force, and the Money Order required to be for Rs. 11-2, the same chargeable will be calculated as follows:—

	Per \$6 as per Schedule B	\$1	9	8
For 11 shillings " "	"	5	12	9
For 9 pence " "	"	0	6	3
Cumulation		1	0	0
Total amount due		58	18	3

Supposing Schedule 2 to be the Schedule in Form and the Money Unit required to be for 11-7-0, the same chargeable will be calculated as follows:-

Per Plans on Schedule E	0	1	0
Per 7 billings as per	0	9	0
Total charge	0	1	0

Supposing Schedule 4 to be the Schedule in force, and the Money Order required to be for \$8.00, the amount chargeable will be on Schedule 4 not \$4.00.

For 18 as per Schedule	.....	10	6
For 9 pence Commission	.....	10	6
		14	15

Secretary of Information regarding the issuance of Overland Money Orders to the
Overland Money Order can be obtained from any Government Treasury Agent in the
Pacific Section.

The application should be accompanied by payments of the fees, and by the following information, etc.:

Overland Motor Truck Corporation.

NOTE.—The names of the parties engaged in whom the order is made payable should include the surname and initials, the initials of the Christian name. If the party is a female, e.g., Mary, the name of the firm or company will suffice.

The addressee of the payment should be full and correct and should include the designation by the British Office of the particular Money Order Office at which the payment is to be made payable.

As a result of the manner of the transfer, the name is transferred to the child, and in the case of the child, the name is transferred to the child, and in the case of the child, the name is transferred to the child.

Blank forms of application may be obtained by intruding remainder from a Government Treasury, with the necessary authentication on the back.

For each remittance the remitter will be furnished with a receipt, with all needed information regarding the bank. This receipt will be retained by the remitter, and the balance to be going to, and to the payee in England, informing him of the (two round trips) as calculated in the receipt. The payee in England will receive the Money Order direct from the London Post Office.

The Overland Money Order system has been introduced to Canada

The following rates and conditions govern this class of mail orders:—

The following rates and conditions govern the issue of orders:—
 Counterfeit receipts for Money Orders payable in Canada, when granted from Treasury Offices in India and charged at the rate of the Schedule when covering the Money Orders payable in the United Kingdom. The only difference in India the charge for commission is double, i. e. —

For small not over 4 ft.	1	Rapier
" " "	2	Rapier
" " "	3	"
" " "	4	"

The Money Order system has been extended to Germany, the Netherlands, Denmark, Switzerland and Italy, on a system similar to that which obtains for orders on the United Kingdom.

(1).—The Overland Money Order work was on the 1st April transferred from the Director General of the Post Office to the Comptroller General. The work in connection with the issue and payment of orders is, as in the case of Inland Money Orders, transacted except in the Presidency Towns, by Treasury Officers.

(2).—All communications which, prior to the 1st April 1874, were made to the Post Master, Bombay, are now addressed to the Accountant General, Bombay.

(B).—The Comptroller-General, Calcutta, or the Post Master-General, London, is authorised to suspend temporarily the exchange of Money Orders in case the course of exchange or any other circumstance should give rise to abuses or cause detriment to the Revenue.

(6.)—The amount of a Money Order issued must always be stated in sterling money as well as in rupees, annas and pias.

(7).—The maximum amount for which a Money Order may be drawn is £10. No order shall contain a fractional part of a penny.

(2).—The rate of exchange at which—

(3).—The rate of exchange at which Glasgow Money Orders are issued is notified from time to time to Treasury Officers by the Accountants General of the province. A Tariff of rates is furnished to each office, and orders to change the rate will always specify the number of the Schedule to be adopted as well as the rate. The change will also be advertised in the Gazette, and Treasury Officers should look for these advertisements in case their special notification of change should have miscarried.

(10).--Such change of rate will come into operation from the date of receipt by the Treasury Officer of the order authorizing it.

(12.)—The system having been extended to Canada, moneys may be received by Treasury Officers, on account of orders on Canada. Such orders will be issued at the same Tariff rates as those at which English Greenland Money Orders are issued, but commission will be levied at double the rate charged on English Money Orders.

(10).—Applications for Overland Money Orders must always be made on requisition forms which are supplied gratuitously.

(13) - Particular attention should be given to the address of the payee. It should be a full and precise address as on it depends the determination by the British Post Office of the particular Money Order Office at which the order shall be made payable.

(12).--A receipt will be given to the remitter on his paying the cost of the order according to the Schedule in force, plus the charge for commission, his particular attention being drawn to the instructions printed on the back of the Receipt.

(16).—Overland Money Orders for money remitted to India, will be granted by the Bombay Money Order Office and forwarded to the payee free of charge.

209.—Particular care must be taken that payment is not made to a payee on his presenting the English Order sent him by the remittance. This is simply an receipt given in England to the remitter for the money deposited; the payment can only be made to the remitter on his producing a Money Order received from the Bombay Money Order Office, and, corresponding in all particulars with its advice received by the Treasury Office in Bombay.

11.)—A remitter in India desirous of having any alteration made in the name of payee, or of having the amount of the order repaid to him in India, or having any complaint to make respecting his remittance, should address the Accountant General, Bombay, by means of a letter (postage prepaid) enclosing the original receipt obtained from the Treasury Officer or the Bombay intimation.

THE PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT.

PAPER CURRENCY DEPARTMENT.
A. C. TATE, Esq., B.A., B.C.S., Officiating Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras.
H. S. GUNDEL, Esq., and Off. Asst. Acct. Genl. in charge Currency Office—Pay Rs. 650.
Mr. E. GUNDEL, Manager and Superintendent.

Office--Accountant General's Office, West

Office open at 11 a.m. and closes to the public at 3 p.m., on Saturdays at 1 p.m.

Relates regarding lost and mutilated Currency Notes

(13).—Notes which have become slightly mutilated will be readily paid to *bona fide* holders upon a written statement as to the circumstances of mutilation, and upon an indemnity being signed by a banker or some known responsible person.

(2).—Applications will be received for the payment of notes which have been seriously mutilated, provided they can be identified by the number and date; but they will be subject to a strict investigation, and will be paid only on the authority of the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, or of the Commissioner at Madras or Bombay, at whose Head Circle the note may be payable.

(3).—The title of the applicant to the note is important, and will rest in the absence of anything to the contrary, in the last holder of the entire note. If a note has been divided and parts lost in transmission between two persons, the one who had never possessed the whole note would not be regarded as the owner; unless he declared that value or credit had been given for the note to the full amount. Cases may frequently arise when the half of a note, which has been divided by some dishonest person for the purpose of obtaining value upon each half, may pass into the hands of an innocent holder for value given. His redress would, in that case, be against his correspondent, and only in an exceptional instance would the Currency Department entertain his application for payment.

(4).—The declaration will be prepared for the Currency Department, free of charge, upon prescribed printed forms, the title of the Claimant being always made upon the Form which contain the property clause.

(5).—The bond of indemnity will also be prepared by the Currency Department upon the prescribed Form, free of expense to the applicant, except the Government Stamp.

(6).—So far as the declaration and security are concerned, all cases will be submitted, to precisely the same form, but a difference will be observed in the period at which payment will be made. The most numerous cases will probably be those in which a note has been divided for safety and one part is lost. In these and in all cases where a portion of the note remains, from which it can be identified, a period of two months only from the loss will be required to elapse. The registration of letters, containing currency notes, or any portion thereof, as made compulsory with Finance Bill Section, No. 1664, dated 21st March, 1901, published in the Gazette of India, dated 27th March 1901, and Fort St. George Gazette, dated 13th August, 1901, page 223. In regard of this notification, will prevent the loss recovering value of the note lost by him.

(7).—If a note lost is not paid, but the loss is advertised, and if subsequently presented the loss and the police are informed of the name and address of the presenter.

(8).—Information of the loss, destruction or mutilation of a note, or portion of a note, must be sent to the office where the note is payable thus:—

If a Calcutta Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

If a Madras Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras.

If a Bombay Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Bombay.

If an Allahabad Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Allahabad.

If a Lahore Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Lahore.

If a Nagpore Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Nagpore.

If a Calicut Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calicut.

If a Cochin Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Cochin.

In every case where half notes, mutilated notes, and wrongly joined notes are concerned, the notes should accompany the report.

(9).—The Currency office on receiving information of the loss of notes will advertise it, free of charge, in the Official Gazette of the Presidency of the place where or within which the note is payable, in addition to the Gazette of India.

(10).—These short phrase "Lost and found note" includes a stolen note, and the expression "lost and found note" is used in such circumstances as render its recovery physically impossible.

* Vide Appendix to the "State Paper Currency of India," by G. W. Cline, M.B., F.R.S., Barrister-at-Law.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

DIRECTION.

Lieut. Colonel R. Murray, Director General.
A. J. L. Cappell, Esq., Deputy Director General.
Captain H. Mallock, B. S. C., Director of Construction.
J. H. Lane, Esq., Director of Traffic.

MADRAS DIVISION.

HEAD QUARTERS, MADRAS.
R. B. Flindell, Esq., Superintendent.

LINES.

MADRAS SUB-DIVISION.

From South Indian Railway Junction to Maichore.
H. M. O'Kelly, Esq., Asst. Superintendent, in temporary charge, Head Quarters, Madras.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY NORTHERN SUB-DIVISION.

From South Indian Railway Junction to Trichinopoly, Pondicherry and Negapatam.
G. Gough, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, in charge, Head Quarters, Cuddalore.

SOUTH INDIAN RAILWAY SOUTHERN SUB-DIVISION.

From Trichinopoly to Tallamannar, Tuticorin and Tinnevely.
H. S. Woodward, Esq., Asst. Supt. in charge, Head Quarters, Trichinopoly.

OFFICES.

HEAD OFFICE, B. S. ROAD, BLACK TOWN.

H. M. O'Kelly, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, in charge.

1. Madras.....	{ Mr. J. Collett..... Mr. J. T. Harvey..... Mr. J. G. Barclay..... Mr. W. D. Regel.....	Telegraph Masters.
2. Pondicherry.....	Mr. G. A. Harding.....	Telegraph Master.
3. Negapatam.....	Mr. J. Hill.....	Do.
4. Paramban.....	{ A. S. Pottagapany M. Odell..... Mr. E. R. Leeson.....	Telegraph Masters.
5. Tuticorin.....	Mr. J. Cross.....	Do.

STAMP DEPOT, MOOLALATHUR, MADRAS.

H. M. O'Kelly, Esq., Assistant Superintendent, in temporary charge.
O. Rathnavale, Storkeeper.

Telegraph Rules and Tariff for Inland Messages.

Engr. and Tariff, relating to the transmission of Telegraph Messages, in India, and between India and Ceylon, sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council, with effect from 1st April 1880.

General.

Rule I.—The accuracy of messages is not guaranteed, and the Sender and Receiver must accept all risks arising from non-delivery, error or delays.

Rule II.—Telegraph Stations are divided into three classes, viz:—

Class of office.	General working hours (local time.)	Special working hours (local time) on Sunday, Christmas Day, New Year's Day, Good Friday, and the Queen's Birthday.
I.	Day and night	Day and night.
II.	7 a.m. to 9 p.m.	7 to 9 a.m., and 4 to 9 p.m.
III.	10 a.m. to 5 p.m.	7 to 9 a.m., and 4 to 6 p.m.

Rule III.—In cases of life and death, or of extraordinary emergency, a message, countersigned by the Chief Civil or Military Authority at a Station, or by any of the Authorities empowered to "clear the line" (See Rule XL), can be sent from any Office at any time.

Rule IV.—Senders of messages are advised to write their messages in an unmistakable and distinct hand.

Acceptance of Messages for Transmission.

Rule V.—No message or messages of more than 500 words can be sent at any one time by any private individual or firm, and no second message by the same individual or firm till after the lapse of three hours, unless the lines be free and not required by any one else.

Rule VI.—All messages must be legibly written in the Roman character or in Arabic figures; subject to the above limitation, messages may be sent in the vernacular, or any foreign language, or in cipher, if written in Arabic numerals.

At Stations other than the Presidency Towns, every assistance possible is afforded to natives in the translation of messages into English, and vice versa.

Rule VII.—The body of the message must be preceded by the address (as defined in Rule XVIII). The true signature and address of the Sender must always be written at the foot of the message.

The Sender of a private message can always be called upon to prove that the signature attached to it is genuine.

Rule VIII.—The address must contain all the information necessary to ensure the delivery of the message at its destination, and the Sender in all cases supports the consequences of insufficiency of address. After the message is once despatched, it can neither be cancelled, completed, nor rectified, except by the despatch of a fresh and separate message.

Rule IX.—Every interlineation, reference, erasure, or alteration of words must be authenticated by the Sender of the message, or by his representative.

Rule X.—Messages from places where there is no Telegraph Station should be addressed to the nearest Government Telegraph Office by post registered together with Telegraph or Postage stamps sufficient for their payment. A Receipt for the amount will be granted free to the Sender.

In the case of a private message sent by Post to a Telegraph Station with an insufficient number of stamps, the message and stamps will be returned "Service Pending" to the Sender, who should in all cases give his full address.

Rule XI.—Messages can be addressed to places where there are no Telegraph Stations. In such cases the Sender must state from what Telegraph Office delivery is to be effected.

Example.—To Shergahatty, "Per Barkah."

No charge will be made for ordinary inland postage, which is defrayed by the Telegraph Administration. But if the Sender of a message that has to be delivered by inland post wishes it to be registered, he may prepay the postal registration fee of four annas, and intimate that this has been done by adding (free of charge) the words "Post registered," instead of "Post," before the name of the Telegraph Station at which the message is to be posted.

Postal registration is compulsory in the case of messages which have to be posted in India to places beyond Indian limits, and in such cases both the postage and registration fee* must be prepaid by the Sender.

Rule XII.—With the following exception, all charges for messages must be prepaid in cash or in stamps:—

*Messages are sent "bearing" from Ben-ports when received for despatch by mail steamers or other vessels, but no such message, whether "prepaid" or "bearing," will be received for transmission until the name of the vessel has been made known. "Bearing messages" will not be delivered to the addressee until after payment has been obtained.

Rule XIII.—All charges on telegrams are prepaid in Telegraph Stamps, which are procurable at every Treasury at every Government Telegraph Station.

Telegraph Stamps are double-headed, the object being that the upper half shall be returned on the Receipt (which the Sender receives) a guarantee that his message has not been suppressed for the sake of the stamps, and the lower half shall be retained to the message as voucher to Government that it has been prepaid.

* 10 annas.

The Registration fee (4 annas) is also payable in the case of messages to which replies are prepaid, and which are addressed to a Station where there is no telegraph office, or to stations on the Eastern Bengal, Madras, and South Indian Railways (vide note to Rule XXXVII).

Proper forms on which to write messages are available gratis at all Telegraph Stations, and Senders are requested to use these forms only.

The Senders of messages should be careful to affix their stamps on the spaces left blank for the purpose on the message forms, the upper half on the Receipt, the lower half on the message, and to see that the stamps are defaced with the office stamp which bears the name of the station and the date.

Telegraph stamps cut in two, before being sent into a Telegraph Office, or which are in any way defaced, discolored, or damaged, cannot be accepted.

Rule XIV.—Service messages from all Public Functionaries must be paid for in cash or in stamps prior to despatch; the rates are the same for Service messages as those charged to private individuals. This Rule will be relaxed in case of great emergency: whenever a State message is tendered for despatch under this permission, the Sender must certify to its urgency, and to the necessity for its immediate despatch without prepayment, and must take the necessary steps to ascertain the charges on it, and pay them into the Telegraph Office within 24 hours.

Rule XV.—Service messages have no right of precedence, and take their turn for despatch with private messages, except in cases of pressing public emergency, when priority may be claimed on special grounds.

Rule XVI.—No unpaid messages, except those specified in the Departmental Regulations, shall on any account be transmitted. A violation of this rule will subject the Signaller or Telegraph Master in charge of the station from which a message is improperly despatched to dismissal from the public service.

Rule XVII.—Telegraph Masters are required to refuse to transmit a message which may be of a decidedly objectionable or alarming character. Should the character of a message be open to doubt, the matter may be referred to a Secretary to Government, if the message be tendered at the seat of Government, or the Chief Civil or Military Officer, if at a provincial station.

Charges.

Rule XVIII.—No charge is made for the transmission of the address.

The "Address" includes names of stations from and to which the message is to be despatched, the *bona fide* names or designations of the Sender and Addressee, and the latter's address. No other words can be transmitted unless paid for as part of the body of the message, and the officers of the Telegraph Department are authorized to omit from the address any words which are not essential to the correct delivery of the message.

If the Sender of a message desires his own address to be telegraphed, it must be included in the body of the message, and paid for.

Rule XIX.—The following are the rates of charges for a message:—

No charge is made for the transmission of the address.	For every six words or groups of three figures, exclusive of the address.
	RS. A.
Between any two stations in India.....	1 0
Between any station in India and any station in Ceylon.....	1 8

Rule XX.—A message can be sent from any Station of the Government Telegraph Department to any Railway Telegraph Station, or vice versa, without additional charge.

Application of charges.

Rule XXI.—The maximum length of a word, is fixed at six syllables; the excess is counted as a word.

Rule XXII.—Messages must not contain any unusual combinations, abbreviations, or constructions. Any word in common use, which, although requiring two words to express it, is generally recognized as one word, is charged as one word when so written; when the two parts are not joined by a hyphen or apostrophe, and when less than six syllables. "Halfpenny," "Twopence," "Threepence," &c., up to "Elevenpence," when written as a single word, count as one word only. "F. O. B." and "C. F. I.," when written as separate letters, are each counted as three words, but when written "Fob," "Cfi," as one word.

Rule XXIII.—Words joined by a hyphen are counted as so many separate words.

Rule XXIV.—Words separated by an apostrophe are counted as so many separate words. (This rule does not apply to nouns in the possessive case, as "General's," "Charles's," "Brother's.")

* Name and designation cannot both be admitted, unless it would otherwise be obviously impossible for the Addressee to identify the Sender. A message can only be sent in the name of an individual or firm.

Rule XXV.—Proper names of towns and persons, names of places, streets, ships, titles, Christian names, prefixes, and qualifications, are counted for the number of words employed by the Sender to express them.

Rule XXVI.—Every *isolated* character, whether letter or figure, is counted as a word. The same applies to an underline.

Rule XXVII.—Signs of punctuation, hyphens, apostrophes, inverted commas, parentheses, decimal points, and bars of division, are not counted or signalled, but decimal points, commas, and bars of division, *used with figures* are each counted as a figure and signalled.

Rule XXVIII.—When numbers are expressed in figures, all the characters, figures, letters, or signs in each group are added together, the total divided by three, and the quotient, plus one for the remainder, if there be any, given the number of words the group represents. Signs used to separate groups and letters added to figures to form ordinal numbers are counted as a figure or letter; groups of letters not forming words (letter codes) cannot be transmitted.

Rule XXIX.—All that the Sender writes in his message to be transmitted to be included in the text, but the Address of a message, as defined in Rule XVIII, will be transmitted without charge.

The day, hour, and minute (Madras time) of receipt of a message into a Telegraph Office for despatching in every instance added by the Department and *telegraphed free of charge*. Senders may, however, date their messages if they think fit, but the Sender's date, if given, will be charged for.

Rule XXX.—A message addressed to several persons, or to the same person in localities where delivery is to be effected by different offices, is charged for as so many separate messages.

Rule XXXI.—A message addressed to several persons in one locality, or to the same person at several places of residence in one locality, with or without transmission by post, is charged for as a single message, but a copying fee of four annas, independently of postage, if any, is charged for each destination after the first.

Repetition of messages.

Rule XXXII.—The Sender of any message can require that it be repeated. In this case the different stations employed in its transmission collate it as it passes, repeating it to each other in regularity.

Rule XXXIII.—The charge for repeating is equal to half the charge for the message. A repeated message is indicated by the word "*repeater*," which, to ensure the greatest accuracy, is telegraphed (free) both in the official instructions and as the first word of the text of the message.

Advice of Delivery.

Rule XXXIV.—Any Sender can require that a notice of the time at which his message is delivered be transmitted to him by telegraph. This advice of delivery may be addressed to him at any Station he may name.

Rule XXXV.—If the message cannot be delivered, the return-telegram indicates the circumstances which prevented delivery, and, if possible, gives the information necessary to enable the Sender to cause his message to reach its destination.

The return-message has priority in transmission over other messages of the same class.

Rule XXXVI.—The charge for an advice of delivery or non-delivery is one rupee within Indian limits, and one rupee and eight annas between India and Ceylon.

Prepayment of Reply.

Rule XXXVII.—The Sender of a message can prepay a reply, depositing for this purpose a sum not exceeding ten times the cost of his original telegram. He must add to his message the words "*Reply prepaid*" or "*Answer paid*." These must form the concluding words of the message, but will not be charged for. On depositing the corresponding sum, the Sender can add (free) to the words "*Reply paid*" or "*Answer paid*" the amount to which he wishes the reply to be limited. When the words "*Reply paid*" alone are given, without any specified amount, it will be understood that the minimum charge only has been prepaid. The Terminal Station pays to the Receiver, in Telegraph stamps, the amount prepaid, leaving it to him to send his answer how, and when, and to what address he pleases, or not to send one at all. The reply, if sent, is considered in every respect as a fresh message.

Should it be impossible to effect delivery of a "*Reply paid*" message, the Terminal Station

* A message to which a reply is prepaid must not be addressed to more than one person.

sends a Service telegram to that effect to the Sender, and the amount deposited will be refunded on application being made to the Telegraph Check Office, Calcutta. The words "*Reply paid*" or "*Answer paid*" entitle the Addressee to receive the equivalent of the minimum charge only. It should be distinctly understood that it is not compulsory on the Addressee to send a reply. The duty of the Telegraph Department consists simply in paying to him, in Telegraph Stamps, the amount prepaid, leaving him at liberty to do what he pleases with it.

Delivery.

Rule XXXVIII.—Messages will be delivered free of charge at any place within five miles of a Telegraph Station. Beyond this distance messages will be sent by post or by such other means as the Sender may arrange and pay for. Should the addressee of a message have left the Station to which it is addressed, it will, if returned unopened with definite instructions as to the new address, be re-transmitted without extra charge.

Rule XXXIX.—Any Firm or Individual expecting to receive Inland or Foreign messages can register an abbreviated address at the Government Telegraph Office from which such messages have to be delivered.

No abbreviated address can be accepted which has already been registered locally by another Firm or Individual.

The fee for registration of each abbreviated address is Rs. 10 per annum, payable in advance on the 1st January in each year, or Rs. 50 for all time, with a fine of Rs. 5 for every change of address. Abbreviated addresses are considered confidential.

This Department accepts no responsibility in respect of the delivery of any telegram having an abbreviated address if such address has not been registered.

Clear Line Messages.

Rule XL.—On emergent occasions of great importance, the public functionaries named below have the power to "clear the line," that is, to suspend the receipt and despatch of all messages until the one for which the line is "cleared," is passed on:—

- (1).—The Governor General of India.
- (2).—The Governors of Madras, Bombay, and Ceylon.
- (3).—Commanders-in-Chief, India, Madras, and Bombay.
- (4).—Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab.
- (5).—Secretaries to the Government of India.
- (6).—Secretaries to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, North-Western Provinces, and Punjab.
- (7).—Chief Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces, British Burma, Mysore and Coorg, and Assam.
- (8).—Agents to the Governor General, Rajputana and Central India.
- (9).—Commissioners of Sindh and Peshawar.
- (10).—The Resident at Hyderabad (Deccan).
- (11).—Director General of Telegraphs in India.
- (12).—The Maharajah of Patiala; (from the Patiala Office only.)

The messages so sent are, however, to be paid for, in cash or in stamps, as other State messages.

Refunds.

Rule XLI.—No refund will be made for a message delivered wholly or partially in an unintelligible state, unless the extra charge for repetition has been paid by the Sender. See Rule XXXIII.

Rule XLII.—If a message be not delivered, or be subjected to serious delay through the fault of the Telegraph Department, the whole charge made for it will be returned to the Sender.

Rule XLIII.—Applications for refunds, as also all complaints respecting messages, should be addressed to the TELEGRAPH CHECK OFFICE, CALCUTTA. Such claims for refund should be made, under penalty of rejection, within two months from the date of the message; but this period is extended to six months in the case of a repeated message, or of a message for which a *Reply* or an *Advice of Delivery* has been prepaid. (When an

* In the case of a message to which a reply is prepaid addressed to a station where there is no Telegraph Office, the amount is forwarded to destination from the nearest Telegraph Office, not in telegraph stamps but by currency notes and postage stamps in an insured cover; the Sender must accordingly prepay the postal insurance fees. As the Eastern Bengal, Madras, and South Indian Railway Companies declare their inability to make over reply deposits to the addressees, messages addressed to Stations on these Railways to which replies are prepaid are not transferred to the Railway Telegraph, but posted with currency notes and postage stamps enclosed from the nearest Government Telegraph Station direct to the addressee, in the case of such messages also the postal insurance fees are payable by the Sender.

overcharge has been made on an inland message through the neglect of the Telegraph employees, and when there exists no doubt whatever as to the justice of the claim, the amount overcharged will be repaid at once by the Telegraph Master.)

Cancellation of Messages.

Rule XLIV.—If the Sender of an inland message wishes to cancel it before transmission has commenced, he can do so, but the charges upon it will not be returned when once the stamps are obliterated. If the message is in course of transmission, or has already been despatched, it can only be cancelled by a paid message from the Sender to the Telegraph Master of the Terminal Station. If in addition the Sender wishes to be informed by telegraph in what manner his request has been acted upon, he must deposit the cost of the return telegram.

Obligation of Secrecy.

Rule XLV.—To secure secrecy as much as possible, all persons (including officers of the Department) not actually on duty, are strictly prohibited from entering the Signal-room. Breach of this regulation renders an offender liable to a fine of Rs. 500 under Act I of 1876.

Rule XLVI.—Violation of secrecy on the part of any person in the Department will be punished by dismissal from office, forfeiture of arrears of pay, and a declaration in the official Gazette of the incapacity of the delinquent to serve the Government in any capacity. He will also be liable to the further punishment of fine, or to imprisonment (with or without labor) not exceeding three years, or to both.

It is a violation of secrecy to mention the fact that a message has been received or despatched by any particular person or firm.

Copies of Messages.

Rule XLVII.—The Sender and Receiver have a right to be furnished with certified true copies of any message sent or received by them; a fixed charge of four annas is made for every copy furnished. As no Telegraph office keeps copies of messages longer than three days, applications for copies required after that time has elapsed should be made to the TELEGRAPH CHECK OFFICE, CALCUTTA.

Applications for copies must be made within six months of the date of the message. At the expiration of that period all message drafts are destroyed.

One anna must be enclosed for postage of the reply failing which, it will be sent "bearing."

Press Messages.

Rule XLVIII.—Under certain conditions, to be ascertained on application to the Director General of Telegraphs (Traffic Branch), bona-fide Press messages, i.e., messages in the ordinary English language addressed to, and intended for publication in, a newspaper, can be despatched at reduced rates.

Tariff for Foreign Messages.

To	PER WORD.			
	From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong.	From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong.
ASIA—				
Aden.....	Rs. 12	Rs. 12	Rs. 12	Rs. 12
Burma (Native).....	0 41	0 3		
Messages to Native Burma via Madras-Penang-Rangoon are charged at 2 annas per word, plus the rate to East of Chittagong from India.				
Ceylon—				
All Places.....	Rs. 12	Rs. 12	Rs. 12	Rs. 12
CHINA—				
Hong-Kong.....	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5
Amoy and Shanghai.....	Rs. 3 9	Rs. 3 7	Rs. 3 9	Rs. 3 7
	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5	Rs. 6 5
	Rs. 4 7	Rs. 4 4	Rs. 4 7	Rs. 4 4

Messages for Foochow can be sent by Courier from Amoy. They should bear the instructions "Courier Amoy," and an extra rate of one rupee per telegram is leviable on messages to be so forwarded.

TARIFF FOR FOREIGN MESSAGES—continued.

To	PER WORD.			
	From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong.	From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong.
ASIA—Continued.				
Cochin-China.....	Rs. 7 13	Rs. 7 15	Rs. 7 13	Rs. 7 15
India.....	Rs. 2 13	Rs. 2 11	Rs. 2 13	Rs. 2 11
Penang.....	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 12
In the case of messages from stations East of Chittagong, for Europe or countries westward of India via Rangoon-Penang-Madras, add this rate (Rs. 1.12) to the usual charge from Madras, (i.e., west of Chittagong).				
JAPAN—				
Nagasaki and all other places.....	Rs. 6 13	Rs. 6 15	Rs. 6 13	Rs. 6 15
Java.....	Rs. 9 6	Rs. 9 8	Rs. 9 6	Rs. 9 8
Malacca.....	Rs. 2 9	Rs. 2 7	Rs. 2 9	Rs. 2 7
MEERAN COAST.....	Rs. 2 1	Rs. 2 3	Rs. 2 1	Rs. 2 3
Penang.....	Rs. 9 4	Rs. 9 6	Rs. 9 4	Rs. 9 6
Persia.....	Rs. 1 13	Rs. 1 11	Rs. 1 13	Rs. 1 11
PERSIAN GULF—(via Karachi)—				
Fao.....	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 1 12
Bushire.....	Rs. 1 8	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 1 8	Rs. 1 10
Henjaun.....	Rs. 1 2	Rs. 1 4	Rs. 1 2	Rs. 1 4
Jask.....	Rs. 1 1	Rs. 1 3	Rs. 1 1	Rs. 1 3
Gwadar.....	Rs. 0 12	Rs. 0 14	Rs. 0 12	Rs. 0 14

Messages for Bander Abbas, Lingah, and Bassadore can be delivered by special boat from Henjaun in about 46 hours, at a charge of Rs. 5 for each message or copy of a message.

Messages for Muscat can be delivered by special boat from Jask at a charge of Rs. 45 for each message or copy of a message.

PHILIPPINE ISLANDS—

Luzon, Manila and other places.....	Rs. 7 7	Rs. 7 9	Rs. 7 7	Rs. 7 9
RUSSIA—				
Asiatic.....	Rs. 4 11	Rs. 4 9	Rs. 4 11	Rs. 4 9
Caucasus.....	Rs. 3 1	Rs. 3 3	Rs. 3 1	Rs. 3 3
SINGAPORE.....	Rs. 2 9	Rs. 2 11	Rs. 2 9	Rs. 2 11
TURKEY (Asiatic)—				
Via Fao.....	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 10	Rs. 1 12
Islands.....	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 14	Rs. 1 12	Rs. 1 14
Sea-ports (Malakka).....	Rs. 1 14	Rs. 1 16	Rs. 1 14	Rs. 1 16
Inland and Islands.....	Rs. 3 5	Rs. 3 7	Rs. 3 5	Rs. 3 7

TARIFF FOR FOREIGN MESSAGES—continued.

TARIFF FOR TELEGRAMS

To		Per word.		
		From Stations West of Chittagong.	From Stations East of Chittagong	
		RS.	A.	RS. A.
AUSTRALIA—				
Port Darwin, Victoria, West & South Australia.	Via Teheran and Amoor.	11	15	12 1
	„ Madras.	4	12	4 13
	„ Rangoon.	4	14	4 12
New South Wales and Queensland.	„ Teheran and Amoor.	12	1	12 8
	„ Madras.	4	14	5 0
	„ Rangoon.	5	0	4 14
New Zealand.	„ Teheran and Amoor.	12	11	12 13
	„ Madras.	5	8	5 10
	„ Rangoon.	5	10	5 8
Tasmania.	„ Teheran and Amoor.	11	15	12 1
	„ Madras.	4	12	4 14
	„ Rangoon.	4	14	4 12
EUROPE—				
All countries—including Great Britain, except those named below.	Via Suez or Teheran.	2	12	2 14
	„ Turkey.	2	8	2 10
Russia.	„ Suez.	2	13	2 15
	„ Teheran.	2	9	2 11
Turkey.	„ Turkey and Odessa.	2	10	2 12
	„ Suez.	2	13	2 15
Cyprus.	„ Turkey.	1	14	2 0
	„ Suez.	2	8	2 10
Cyprus.	„ Teheran.	2	15	2 1
	„ Turkey.	2	1	2 1
AFRICA—				
BARBARY—				
Algeria and Tunis.	Via Suez.	2	12	2 14
	„ Teheran.	2	15	2 1
	„ Turkey.	2	11	2 13
Benghazi and Tripoli.	By post from Malta, see Europe, Postage realised from the addressee.			
	Via Suez.	2	8	2 10
Egypt.	„ Turkey.	1	14	2 0
See "Dardanelles," add postage 12 as.				
See "Aden," add postage 12 annas.				
Mauritius and Seychelles.	Via Bombay-Aden.	4	4	4 6
	„ Ditto.	4	15	5 1
	„ Ditto.	5	15	5 1
Zanzibar.	„ Ditto.			
	„ Ditto.			
Mozambique.	„ Ditto.			
	„ Ditto.			
Delagoa Bay.	„ Ditto.			
	„ Ditto.			
NATAL—				
Durban.	Via Bombay-Aden.	4	14	5 0
	„ Ditto.	5	2	5 5
Cape Colony—				
All places.	Via Bombay-Aden.	5	3	5 6
	„ Ditto.	3	9	3 11
Madeira.	Via Suez or Teheran & Lisbon.	3	5	3 7
	„ Turkey and Lisbon.			
CAPE VERDE ISLANDS—				
St. Vincent.	Via Suez or Teheran & Lisbon.	5	1	5 3
	„ Turkey and Lisbon.	4	13	4 15
By post from Madeira, see above, postage 12 annas.				
SENEGAL, SENEGAMBIA, &c.				

TARIFF FOR FOREIGN MESSAGES—continued.

To	PER WORD.									
	From Stations West of Chittagong.		From Stations East of Chittagong.							
	RS.	A.	RS.	A.						
NORTH AMERICA—Via ANGLo-AMERICAN CO.'S CABLE (DIRECT ON VALENTIA.)										
British America, United States, &c., &c.—										
Alabama.....	} Via Suez or Teheran.....	3	12	3	14					
Arkansas.....		} „ Turkey.....	3	8	3	10				
Georgia.....										
Indian Territory.....										
Iowa.....										
Kansas Territory.....										
Louisiana.....										
Minnesota.....										
Mississippi.....										
Missouri.....										
Nebraska Territory.....										
North Carolina.....										
South Carolina.....										
Tennessee.....										
Texas.....										
Wisconsin.....										
Canada.....	} Via Suez or Teheran.....	3	5	3	7					
Cape Breton.....		} „ Turkey.....	3	1	3	3				
Connecticut.....										
Maine.....										
Massachusetts.....										
New Brunswick.....										
New Hampshire.....										
Newfoundland.....										
Nova Scotia.....										
Prince Edward's Island.....										
Rhode Island.....										
St. Pierre and Miquelon.....										
Vermont.....										
Illinois.....										
Indiana.....										
Kentucky.....	} Via Suez or Teheran.....	3	3	3	10					
Michigan.....		} „ Turkey.....	3	4	3	6				
Ohio.....										
Virginia.....										
Arizona.....										
California.....										
Colorado Territory.....										
Delaware.....										
Idaho Territory.....										
Manitoba Territory.....										
Montana Territory.....			} Via Suez or Teheran.....	3	13	3	15			
Nevada Territory.....				} „ Turkey.....	3	9	3	11		
New Mexico.....										
Oregon.....										
Utah Territory.....										
Washington Territory.....										
Wyoming.....										
District of Columbia.....										
Delaware.....										
Maryland.....										
New Jersey.....	} Via Suez or Teheran.....	3			6	3	9			
New York.....		} „ Turkey.....			3	2	3	4		
Pennsylvania.....										
British Columbia.....										
Florida.....			} Via Suez or Teheran.....		4	4	4	6		
Vancouver Island.....				} „ Turkey.....	4	0	4	2		
Mexico.....					} Via Suez or Teheran.....	5	0	5	2	
						} „ Turkey.....	4	12	4	14

TARIFF FOR FOREIGN MESSAGES—continued.

To	Per word.			
	From Stations West of Chittagong.		From Stations East of Chittagong.	
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
SOUTH AMERICA—				
BRAZIL—				
Bahia and Maranhão { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	9	14	10	0
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	9	10	9	12
Pernambuco { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	7	14	8	0
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	7	10	7	12
Para { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	10	10	10	12
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	10	6	10	8
Rio De Janeiro { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	10	10	10	12
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	10	6	10	8
Santos, Santa { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	11	14	12	0
Catarinas, and { " Turkey and Lisbon	11	10	11	12
Rio Grande do Sul { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	12	2	12	4
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	11	14	12	0
All other places { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	12	8	12	10
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	12	4	12	8
Buenos Ayres { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	15	10	15	12
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	15	6	15	8
BOLIVIA—				
Antofagasta { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	17	8	17	10
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	17	4	17	6
La Plata (Argen- { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	12	12	12	14
tine Republic) { " Turkey and Lisbon	12	8	12	10
PERU—				
Iquique { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	15	6	15	8
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	15	2	15	4
Arica and Tacna { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	16	4	16	6
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	16	10	16	12
Arequipa, Islay, { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	17	4	17	6
Mollendo, and { " Turkey and Lisbon	17	0	17	12
Puno { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	19	1	19	3
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	18	13	18	16
Callao and Lima { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	12	1	12	3
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	11	13	11	15
CHILE—				
Monte Video { " Suez or Teheran & Lisbon	12	5	12	7
{ " Turkey and Lisbon	12	1	12	3

TARIFF FOR FOREIGN MESSAGES—continued.

To	Per word.			
	From Stations West of Chittagong.		From Stations East of Chittagong.	
	Rs.	A.	Rs.	A.
WEST INDIES—Via ANGLO-AMERICAN COY.'S CABLE (BEST OR VALENTIA.)				
Antigua { " Suez or Teheran	9	9	9	11
{ " Turkey	9	5	9	7
Barbadoes { " Suez or Teheran	10	11	10	13
{ " Turkey	10	7	10	9
Bermuda { " Suez or Teheran	12	2	12	1
{ " Turkey	11	14	12	6
Cuba { " Suez or Teheran	5	5	5	7
{ " Turkey	5	1	5	3
Demerara { " Suez or Teheran	12	1	12	3
{ " Turkey	11	13	11	15
Dominica { " Suez or Teheran	9	15	10	1
{ " Turkey	9	11	9	13
Grenada { " Suez or Teheran	10	10	10	12
{ " Turkey	10	6	10	8
Gouldonpe* { " Suez or Teheran	9	13	9	15
{ " Turkey	9	9	9	11
Isthmus of Panama { " Suez or Teheran	9	4	9	6
{ " Turkey	9	0	9	2
Jamaica { " Suez or Teheran	6	13	6	15
{ " Turkey	6	9	6	11
Martinique* { " Suez or Teheran	10	1	10	3
{ " Turkey	9	13	9	15
Porto Rico* { " Suez or Teheran	8	14	9	0
{ " Turkey	8	10	8	12
Santa Cruz { " Suez or Teheran	9	1	9	3
{ " Turkey	8	13	8	15
St. Kitts { " Suez or Teheran	9	6	9	8
{ " Turkey	9	2	9	4
St. Lucia { " Suez or Teheran	10	4	10	6
{ " Turkey	10	0	10	2
St. Thomas { " Suez or Teheran	8	15	9	1
{ " Turkey	8	11	8	13
St. Vincent { " Suez or Teheran	10	6	10	8
{ " Turkey	10	2	10	4
Trinidad* { " Suez or Teheran	10	15	11	1
{ " Turkey	10	11	10	13

* Senders of messages should also mention in the address the name of the town to which the telegram is to be transmitted.

On messages for North America and West Indies sent "via Direct Cable" (Direct United States Cable), add One Rupee per word to the rates published above. On messages sent "via P. Q." (new French-American Coy.'s cable from Paris to New York) add One Rupee per word to the rates published above.

197934

EASTERN EXTENSION AUSTRALASIA AND CHINA

In connection with the Great Northern Telegraph Company,

THE ABOVE COMPANIES' CABLES COMMUNICATE WITH PENANG, BURMAH, SINGAPORE, JAVA, AUSTRALIA, NEW ZEALAND, SAIGON, HONG-KONG, AMOY, SHANGHAI, JAPAN AND WLA DIVOSTOCK.

Rate per word from Madras via Penang.

	No.	A.		No.	A.
Penang.....	1	11	Saigon.....	3	11
Perak.....	2	11	Hongkong.....	3	7
Pinang.....	2	8	Amoy.....	4	7
Singapore.....	2	7	Shanghai.....	4	7
Java.....					
AUSTRALIA			JAPAN		
Port Darwin.....	4	12	Nagasaki.....	5	7
South Australia.....			Edo.....		
Victoria and Tasmania.....			Hogo.....		
New South Wales.....	4	14	Osaka.....		
Queensland.....			Yokohama.....	6	0
			Yedo.....		
New Zealand same rate as to Victoria			Wladivostok and all other places.....		
plus Rs. 5-1-0 for the first 10 words					
and Rs. 0-8-6 for every additional					
word after 10.					

N. B.—From East of Chittagong and Ceylon, *Anas 2* extra per month.
Siam, China and Indo

Messages sent on by Post from Penang, Singapore, Saigon, China and Australia
Stations, Nippon Express.

The rate from India (via Rangoon) to any of the aforementioned places is 2 annas per word extra.

* List of Stations in Java and Sumatra.

WEST OF SAMARANG.

БАГАВЛА-УЗЛЕВУИТЕС.

Palembang	Amber	Tegal
Lahat	Sematang	Pekalongan
Datoh Radjan	Kutubang	Banyuwangi
Mengala	Pandjari	Tjilatjap
Peloh Matong	Pandang	Poerwadigja
Benkoelen	Pamias	Magelang
Sabit	Panrawakha	Djogjakarta
Titing	Indramayes	Ambarawa
Tingal	Ceriton	Samarang
Padang		

EAST OF SAMARANG

TABLE OF DISTANCES.			
Pattio.	Kedirie.	Probolinggo.	Celaseo.
Rembang.	Madjakerto.	Bazoeht.	Sitigando.
Soerakarta.	Soerabaya.	Banjouraningie.	Nagaran.
Madjasa.	Kusararang.	Salatiga.	Toeban.

A. J. HARR.

Superintendent.

June 15, 1879.

The Company have successfully laid Duplicate Cables between India and the Straits Settlements via Elephant Point, Rangoon, and Penang and Singapore via Malacca and another Duplicate Cable connecting Singapore with Australia via Batavia (Java).

Duplex working has also been established between Madras and Penang.

MADRAS RAILWAY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

H. Haworth, Esq., in charge Acting for.

G. K. Winter, Esq., Telegraph Engineer, on furlough Europe.

T. Barathalvar Moodelly, Engineering Assistant, Head Office.

J. Henry.....Inspector, Telegraph Workshop.
G. D. Theobald.....

C. D. Theohald.....Chief Maintenance Inspector

G. Abbey Naikloo.....Inspector, between Madras, Royapuram & Perambore.

A. Mollan.....Inspector, between Madras, Royapooram & Perambur.
J. D. Mollan.....Inspector, between Perambur and Bangalore.

J. D'Mello.....Inspector, between Perambalur and Bangalore.
D. Jones.....Sub-Inspector, between Jollapett and Erode.

D. Jones.....Inspector, between Jolarpett and Erode.
M. Venkatachalla Mudaliar.....Inspector, between Erode, Baypore and Mettupallicam.

M. Venkatachalla Moodelly...Inspector, between Arcanum and Gooty.
P. Colundavjee Pillay...Inspector, between Arcanum and Gooty.

9. Colundavaleo Pillay.....Sub-Inspector, between Gooty, Raichore and Bellary.

Table showing the Stations, Codes, Hours for the receipt and despatch of "Paid" Messages, and transmitting Stations for Telegraph Stations, on the Madras Railway, with Rules for charging, &c.

[illegible]

TABLE SHOWING THE STATIONS, CODES, &c.—continued.

STATIONS.	Station Code.	Hours for the receipt and despatch of Paid Messages.	Transmitting Station.
Nuncheerla.....	N	L 6 to 6	Gosly.
Auspre.....	O	P 6 " 6	do.
Adoni.....	A	D 6 " 6	do.
Neogudi.....	C	S 6 " 6	do.
Roscoe.....	K	O 6 " 6	do.
Teengabudra.....	T	B " " "	do.
Mubnuzri.....	M	I 6 to 6	Raichere.
Raichere.....	R	I 6 " 6	do.
Sholinghar.....	S	H 6 to 6	Vellore.
Arcot.....	A	R 6 " 6	do.
Tiruvellur.....	T	H 6 " 6	do.
Vellore.....	V	E " " "	do.
Veerajeepparam.....	V	O 6 to 6	Vellore.
Cooriatam.....	C	O 6 " 6	do.
Mailputty.....	L	O 6 " 6	Jollapett.
Amboor.....	A	B 6 " 6	do.
Vaniambadi.....	V	I 6 " 6	do.
Jollapett Junction.....	J	to Always open.	Jollapett.
Cooriatam.....	C	P 6 to 6	Jollapett.
Comasamudram.....	C	A 6 " 6	Jollapett.
Colar Road.....	Y	L 6 " 6	do.
Branch.....	L	E 6 " 6	do.
Madhoo.....	D	G 6 " 6	do.
Bangalore.....	G	to Always open.	Jollapett.
Triplicorn.....	T	P 6 to 6	do.
Sauniputty.....	S	L 6 " 6	do.
Morapoor.....	M	P 6 " 6	do.
Mailpooram.....	M	U 6 " 6	Salem.
Shervary Hills.....	S	R 6 " 6	do.
Street.....	S	A 6 to 6	Salem.
McDonald's Choultry.....	D	C 6 to 6	do.
Sunkerydroog.....	S	G 6 " 6	do.
Eronda Junction.....	E	D 6 " 6	Eronda.
Perambalur.....	P	Y 6 " 6	do.
Wudhallee.....	T	R 6 " 6	do.
Tirupoor.....	T	S 6 " 6	do.
Mungaiam.....	M	G 6 " 6	do.
Soraboor.....	S	N 6 " 6	Pollanore Junction.
Pollanore Junction.....	P	J 6 " 6	do.
Coimbatore.....	C	O 6 " 6	do.
Neelgheri.....	N	D 6 " 6	do.
Branch.....	E	A 6 " 6	do.
Karambadi.....	K	L 6 " 6	do.
Mettagollam.....	M	L 6 " 6	do.
Muddakurri.....	M	D 6 " 6	do.
Wallar.....	W	R 6 " 6	do.
Conjacoode.....	C	N 6 " 6	do.
Palghat.....	P	H 6 " 6	do.
Parley.....	P	Y 6 " 6	do.
Luckady.....	L	E 6 " 6	do.
Wootachellur.....	W	U 6 " 6	do.
Saunoor.....	S	R 6 " 6	Beypoor.
Puttamby.....	P	T 6 " 6	do.
Cooripooram.....	C	X 6 " 6	do.
Tiroor.....	T	O 6 " 6	do.
Tanoor.....	T	A 6 " 6	do.
Perpungady.....	P	C 6 " 6	do.
Beypoor.....	B	R 6 " 6	do.

The Madras Railway Company forward Telegraph Messages for the public to any Station on the Railway, and towns adjacent thereto, on the following conditions, viz:—

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS.

The accuracy of messages is not guaranteed and the sender and receiver must accept all risks arising from non-delivery, errors, or delays.

No message or messages of more than 500 words can be sent at any one time by any private individual or firm, and no second message by the same individual or firm till after the lapse of 8 hours, unless the lines be free and are not required for the Company's use.

Senders of messages are advised to write their messages in an unmistakable and distinct hand, and to use the shortest and most familiar words they can select. The more intelligible the message, the greater is the probability of its being correctly transmitted.

In cases of extreme pressure of business, Signallers in charge of Offices may refuse to receive for despatch any message beyond the number which experience shows may be cleared off within the day. The messages in such cases are not to be received and kept for despatch the following day, but must be returned so as to prevent accumulation.

In cases of interruption on any line, Signallers in charge of offices have the power to refuse the receipt of messages for transmission to Stations, communication with which is interrupted.

In every case all persons tendering messages for places beyond the interrupted Station, should be informed of the interruption, advised not to leave the message, and acquainted that a refund will not be made in case of delay from this cause.

No stranger can be admitted behind the counter of the Telegraph Office except by a special order from an Officer of the Company.

ACCEPTANCE OF MESSAGES FOR TRANSMISSION.

Messages must be in the Roman character, and legibly written. Messages can be sent in vernacular, if written in the Roman character; the charge will be the same as for a message in a foreign language.

The body of the message must be preceded by the address, and followed by the signature. The true signature and address of the sender must always be written at the foot of the message.

The sender of a private message can always be called upon to prove that the signature attached to it is genuine.

The address must contain all the information necessary to ensure the delivery of the message at its destination, and the sender must in all cases support the consequences of insufficiency of address. After the message is once despatched, it can neither be completed nor rectified except by the despatch of a fresh message.

Messages may be written in ordinary English language, in letter, cipher, or in any foreign language written in the Roman character.

Messages in ordinary language can contain no unusual combinations, abbreviations, or constructions, nor words of more than six syllables. Any word in common use, which although requiring two words to express, is generally recognised as one word is charged as one word when so written; when the two parts are not joined by a hyphen or apostrophe, and when less than seven syllables. "Halfpenny," "Twopence," "Threepence," up to "Elevenpence," when written as a single word, count as one word only. "F. O. B." and "C. F. I." when written as separate letters, are each counted as three words, but when written "Fob," "Cil," as one word.

Every interlineation, reference, erasure or alteration of words should be authenticated by the sender of the message or by his representative.

Messages can be addressed to places inland where there are no Telegraph Stations. In such cases the sender must state from what Telegraph Station the message should be posted.

Example.—To Seringapatam, "Post Bangalore." To Ramandroog, "Post Bellary."

If the Sender of a message that has to be delivered by inland post wishes it to be sent to destination by registered Post he must pre-pay the postal registration fee of four annas and intimate that this has been done by placing the words, "Post registered," instead of "Post," before the name of the Telegraph Station at which the message is to be posted.

Postal registration is compulsory in the case of messages addressed to places beyond Indian limits, and in such cases the postage and registration fees (12 as.) must be prepaid by the Sender.

TELEGRAPH RULES AND RATES.

The Madras Railway Company forward Telegraph Messages for the public on the following conditions, viz. —

1. No charge is made for the transmission of the address.
2. The "Address" includes names of Stations from and to which the message is to be despatched, the possible names or designations of the Sender and Addressee and the latter's address. No other words can be transmitted unless paid for as part of the body of the message, and the Signallers are authorized to omit from the address any words which are not essential to the correct delivery of the message. The address must contain all the information necessary to ensure the delivery of the message at its destination, and the sender in all cases supports the consequences of insufficiency of address. After the message is once despatched, it can neither be cancelled, completed, nor rectified, except by the despatch of fresh paid messages.
3. The following are the rates of charges for a message in ordinary English language:—
4. Between any two Stations in India, or between any Station in India and any Station in British Burma for every six words or less, exclusive of the address, One Rupee.
5. Between any Station in India and any Station in Ceylon for every six words or less exclusive of the address, One Rupee Eight Annas.
6. When numbers are expressed in figures all the characters, figures, letters or signs in each group are added together, the total divided by three and the quotient, plus one for the remainder, if there be any, gives the number of words the group represents, signs used in separate groups and letters added to figures to form ordinal numbers are counted each as a figure or letter; groups of letters not forming words (letter ciphers) cannot be transmitted unless in the case of messages tendered by Military officers, or State messages from Government officers.
7. A "Press" message is defined to be a message, written in ordinary English language, addressed only to a Newspaper or Newspapers within reach of the Madras Railway, and intended for publication in its entirety in such Newspaper or Newspapers. The message must be one of manifestly public interest and must contain no Commercial news of any kind.
8. All Rules and Regulations that apply to ordinary messages, apply also to Press messages, except as regards the charges and length.
9. The charge for a Press message is One Rupee per 54 words if tendered between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m. and One Rupee per 26 words if tendered between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m. The minimum charge for a Press message is One Rupee and the maximum limit of length is 500 words. Press messages can only be accepted for transmission during the working hours of the Telegraph office at the Station of origin.
10. The maximum length of a word is fixed at six syllables; the excess is counted as a word.
11. The sender of a message, addressed to any of the under-mentioned stations:—
Madras, Travellers, Arcotum, Tirutany, Tirupetty, Cuddalore, Vengaloor, Tadpatri, Gooty, Adoni, Bellary, Raichoor, Arcot, Vellore, Coorintum, Amboor, Vaniambadi, Jolarpet, Cholar Road, Bangalore, Tirupatnam, Salem, Erode, Tirupoor, Erode, Coimbatore, Mettupalayam, Palghat, Tiruvandiyur, Mysore, and Bangalore on the Madras Railway and to all stations on the South Indian, G. I. P. and E. I. Railways and vice versa, can pre-pay a reply not exceeding 200 words (25 Rupees) at day rate, in ordinary language. He must add to his message the words "Reply pre-paid" or "Answer pre-paid." These must form the concluding words of the message; but will not be charged for. On depositing the corresponding sum, the sender can add (free) to the words "Reply pre-paid" or "Answer pre-paid," the amount to which he wishes the reply to be limited. When the "Answer pre-paid," the amount to which he wishes the reply to be limited, it will be understood that the minimum charge of one Rupee only has been pre-paid. The terminal station pays to the Receiver, in Money Order on the Station Master, the amount pre-paid, leaving it to him to send his answer now, and when, and to what address he pleases, or not to send one at all. The reply, if sent, is considered in every respect as a fresh message. Should it be impossible to effect delivery of a Reply pre-paid message, the terminal station sends a telegram to that effect to the sender, and this telegram takes the

place of the return message for which a reply has been pre-paid. The words "Reply pre-paid" or "Answer pre-paid" entitle the addressee to receive the equivalent of the minimum charge of one Rupee only. It should be distinctly understood that it is not compulsory on the addressee to send a reply. The duty of the Telegraph Department consists simply in paying to him in Money Order on the Station Master the amount pre-paid, leaving him at liberty to do what he pleases with it. A one-anna stamped receipt is required from addressee for "Reply pre-paid" messages exceeding Rupees twenty. "Reply pre-paid" messages are not accepted for any Government Telegraph Office, or any station on the Eastern Bengal Railway, nor are messages accepted by Government Telegraph Offices for any station on the Madras Railway.

12. Messages will be delivered free of charge at any place within five miles of a Telegraph Station. Beyond this distance, messages will be sent either by Post, or by such other means as the sender may arrange and pay for.

13. Applications for refunds or overcharge, as also complaints respecting messages, should be addressed to the Traffic Manager, Madras. Such claims should be made, under penalty of rejection, within two months from the date of the message.

14. The following stations only are authorized to receive messages for despatch to stations other than those in India: Arcotum, Gooty, Raichoor, Jolarpet, Salem, Coimbatore, Palghat and Bangalore (for Rules and Charges, vide Government Telegraph Tariff Book.)

15. Proper forms on which to write messages, are available gratis, at all stations, and senders are requested to use these forms only, when practicable.

ARTHUR M. SAUNDERS,

Agent and Manager.

STAMP DUTIES.

Office—Breach.

J. G. FERRAR, Esq., Superintendent of Stamps and Stationery. | Mr. J. A. SMITH, Assistant.
Mr. G. F. T. CLARK, Mgr., Stationery Office.

STAMP DUTIES AND COURT FEES.

Acts I of 1879 and VII of 1870 provide the Stamp Duties and Court Fees that have to be paid on Deeds, Instruments and Writings, and Law Papers.

Subject to the exemptions contained in the second schedule, the following instruments shall be chargeable with duty of the amount indicated in the first schedule as the proper duty therefor respectively, that is to say.

- (a) every instrument mentioned in the first schedule, and which, not having been previously executed by any person, is executed in British India on or after the 1st of April 1879;
- (b) every bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note drawn or made out of British India on or after that day and accepted or paid, or presented for acceptance or payment, or endorsed, transferred or otherwise negotiated, in British India; and
- (c) every instrument (other than a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note) mentioned in the first schedule, which, not having been previously executed by any person, is executed out of British India on or after that day and relates to any property situate, or to any matter or thing done or to be done, in British India, and is received in British India.

SCHEDULE I.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
1. ACKNOWLEDGMENT of a debt exceeding twenty Rupees in amount or value, written or signed by or on behalf of a debtor in order to supply evidence of such debt in any book (other than a banker's pass-book) or on a separate piece of paper, when such book or paper is left in the creditor's possession.	One Anna.
2. ADMINISTRATION BOND.	The same duty as a Security Bond (No. 14).
ADOPTION DEED. See Instrument, No. 33.	
3. AFFIDAVIT or Declaration in writing on oath or affirmation made before a person authorized by law to administer an oath.	One Rupee.
See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 1).	
4. AGREEMENT TO LEASE.	The same duty as a Lease (No. 39).
5. AGREEMENT OR MEMORANDUM OF AN AGREEMENT.	(a) If relating to the sale of any Government security, share in a Company or Association or Bill of Exchange. One Anna. (b) Whereby the owner or occupier of land in a village in the Bombay Presidency agrees to relinquish his rights therein to the Government, and to accept rights in other land in exchange for the right so relinquished. Four Annas. (c) If not otherwise provided for by this Act. Eight Annas.
See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 2).	
6. APPOINTMENT, revocation of a power, whether of trustees or of property, movable or immovable, where made by any writing not being a Will.	Fifteen Rupees.
7. APPRAISEMENT or valuation made otherwise than under an order of the Court in the course of a suit.	The same duty as an award (No. 10).
See Exemption, Schedule II (Nos. 3 and 4).	
APPRENTICESHIP DEED.	See Instrument, No. 31.
8. ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY.	Twenty-five Rupees.

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
9. ARTICLES OF CLERKSHIP contract whereby any person first becomes bound to serve as a clerk in order to his admission as an Attorney in any High Court.	Two hundred and fifty Rupees.
ASSIGNMENT TO ADOPT.	See Conveyance, No. 21, and Transfer, No. 60.
10. AWARD that is to say, any decision in writing by an arbitrator or umpire on a reference made otherwise than by an order of the Court in the course of a suit.	(a) Where the amount or value of the property to which the award relates is set forth in such award does not exceed Rupees 1,000. The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for such amount. Five Rupees. (b) In any other case. One Anna.
See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 6).	
(a) When payable on demand and the amount exceeds Rupees 20.	One Anna.
(b) When payable otherwise than on demand, but not more than one year after date or sight.	See Table below.
11. BILL OF EXCHANGE OR PROMISSORY NOTE, not being a cheque, bond, bank note or currency note.	See Table below.
(c) When payable at more than one year after date or sight.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount of such bill or note. Four Annas.
12. BILL OF LADING.	If a bill of lading is drawn in parts, the proper stamp therefor must be borne by each one of the set.

Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.

Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.

12. BILL OF LADING

See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 7).

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
13. BOND (not otherwise provided for by this Act.)	When the amount or value secured does not exceed Rs. 10 Two Annas.
See Administration Bond (No. 2), Custom Bond (No. 25), Security Bond (No. 14).	When such amount or value exceeds Rs. 10 but does not exceed 50 Four Annas.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (No. 8.)	When such amount or value exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed 100 Eight Annas.
	And for every Rupee 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to 1,000 Eight Annas.
	And for every Rupee 500 or part thereof in excess of 1,000 Two Rupees, eight Annas.
14. BOND OR MORTGAGE DEED executed by way of security for the discharge of an office, or to account for money received by virtue thereof.	(a.) When the amount secured does not exceed 1,000 The same duty as a Bond (No. 13).
See Exemptions, Schedule II (Nos. 8 and 11).	(b.) In any other case Five Rupees.
15. BOTTOMRY BOND, that is to say, any instrument whereby the master of a ship borrows money on the security of the ship to enable him to prosecute the ship or to procure her voyage.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13.)
16. CERTIFICATE OF SALE, granted to the purchaser of any property sold by public auction by a Civil or Revenue Court, or Collector or other Revenue Officer.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount of the Purchase-money.
17. CERTIFICATE OR OTHER DOCUMENT evidencing the right or title of the holder thereof, or any other person either to any share, scrip or stock in or of any Company or Association, or to become proprietor of shares, scrip or stock in or of any Company or Association.	One Anna.
18. CHARTER PARTY, that is to say, any instrument (except an agreement for the hire of a tug-boat) whereby a vessel or some specified principal part thereof is let for the specified purposes of the charter.	One Rupee.

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
19. CHEQUE, for an amount exceeding twenty Rupees.	One Anna.
20. COMPOSITION DEED, that is to say, any instrument executed by a debtor whereby he conveys his property for the benefit of his creditors, or whereby payment of a composition or dividend on the debts is secured to the creditors, or whereby provision is made for the continuance of the debtor's business, under the supervision of inspectors or under letters of license, for the benefit of his creditors.	Ten Rupees.
21. CONVEYANCE, not being a TRANSFER mentioned in No. 60.	When the amount of the consideration for such conveyance as set forth therein does not exceed 50 Eight Annas.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (Nos. 5 and 11).	When it exceeds Rs. 50 but does not exceed 100 One Rupee.
	For every Rupee 100 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 100 up to 1,000 One Rupee.
	And for every Rupee 500 or part thereof in excess of 1,000 Five Rupees.
22. COPY OR EXTRACT, certified to be a true copy or extract, by or by order of any public officer not chargeable under the law for the time being in force relating to Comptrols.	(a.) If the original was not chargeable with duty, or if the duty with which it was chargeable does not exceed one Rupee Eight Annas.
See Exemptions, Schedule II (Nos. 9 and 10).	(b.) In any other case One Rupee.
23. COUNTERPART OR DUPLICATE of any instrument chargeable with duty, and in respect of which the proper duty has been paid.	(1.) If the duty with which the original instrument is chargeable does not exceed one Rupee The same duty as is payable on the original.
24. CUSTOMS BOND.	(2.) In any other case One Rupee.
25. DECLARATION OF ANY TRUST or conveyance of any property, when made by any writing not being a will.	The same duty as a Security Bond (No. 14).
26. DELIVERY OR DEPOSIT IN RESPECT OF GOODS, that is to say, any instrument certifying any person the claim, or his assign, or the holder thereof, to the delivery of any goods lying in any dock or port, or in any ware-	Five Rupees.

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
house in which goods are stored or deposited on rent or hire, or upon any wharf, such instrument being signed by or on behalf of the owner of such goods, upon the sale or transfer of the property therein, when such goods are stored in value for any Rupees...	One Anna.
DEPOSIT OF TITLE DEEDS ... See Instrument, No. 22.	
DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP ... See Instrument, No. 23.	
DUPPLICATE ... See Instrument, No. 23.	
ENTERED AS AN ADVOCATE, VAKIL, OR ATTORNEY ON THE ROLL OF ANY HIGH COURT in exercise of powers conferred on such Court by Letters Patent.	In the case of an Advocate or Vakil ... One hundred Rupees. In the case of an Attorney ... Two hundred and fifty Rupees.
See Exception, Schedule II (No. 11).	
EXCHANGE ... See Instrument, No. 35.	
EXTRACT ... See Copy, No. 22.	
FURTHER CHARGE ... See Instrument, No. 30.	
GIFT ... See Instrument, No. 33.	The same duty as a Security Bond (No. 14).
INDEMNITY BOND ... See Composition Book, No. 23.	
INSPECTIONSHIP ... See Composition Book, No. 23.	
DEED.	
32. INSTRUMENT EVIDENCING A N AGREEMENT TO SECURE THE REPAYMENT OF A LOAN made upon the deposit of title deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of moveable property.	(a) When such loan is repayable not more than three months, but not more than one year, from the date of such instrument. The same duty as a Bill of Exchange (No. 11) (b) for the amount secured. (b) When such loan is repayable not more than three months from the date of such instrument. Half the duty payable on a Bill of Exchange (No. 11) (b) for the amount secured. (c) When the original mortgage is one of the descriptions referred to in No. 31, Clause (a) of this schedule. The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount secured by such instrument. (d) When such mortgage is one of the descriptions referred to in No. 31, Clause (b) of this schedule. The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount secured by such instrument.
33. INSTRUMENT IMPOSING A FURTHER CHARGE ON MORTGAGED PROPERTY.	
34. INSTRUMENT FOR APPRENTICESHIP, including every writing relating to the service or training of any apprentice, clerk, or servant, placed with any master, trade or employer, under articles of clerkship (No. 3 of this schedule).	Five Rupees.

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
See Exception, Schedule II (No. 12 (c)).	
35. INSTRUMENT OF CO-PARTNERSHIP ...	Ten Rupees.
36. INSTRUMENT OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP ...	Five Rupees.
37. INSTRUMENT OF DIVORCE, that is to say, any instrument by which any person effects the dissolution of his marriage.	One Rupee.
38. INSTRUMENT OF EXCHANGE of any property ...	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the value of the property of greater value as set forth in such instrument.
39. INSTRUMENT OF GIFT (OTHER THAN A SETTLEMENT OR WILL) ...	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the value of the property as set forth in such instrument.
40. INSTRUMENT OF PARTITION ...	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount of the value of the property divided as set forth in such instrument.
41. INSTRUMENT (OTHER THAN A WILL) CONFERRING OR PURPORTING TO CONFER AUTHORITY TO ADOPT INSURANCE ... See Policy, No. 42.	Ten Rupees.
(a) Where by such lease the rent is fixed and no premium is paid or delivered and such lease purports to be for a term—	
of less than one year.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the whole amount payable or deliverable under such lease.
of not less than one year, but not more than three years.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the average annual rent reserved.
exceeding three years.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount of value of the average annual rent reserved.
(b) Where by such lease the rent is fixed and no premium is paid or delivered and such	

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
lease does not purport to be for any definite term.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of the average annual rent which would be paid or delivered for the first ten years if the lease continued so long.
Where the lease is granted for a fine or premium, and where no rent is reserved.	The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium as set forth in the lease.
30. LEASE—(Cont.) See Agreement to lease (No. 11). See Exemptions, Schedule II, No. 13.	(1) Where the lease is granted for a fine or premium in addition to rent reserved. The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount or value of such fine or premium as set forth in the lease, in addition to the duty which would have been payable on such lease if no fine or premium had been paid or delivered. Provided that, when an agreement to lease is stamped with the <i>ad valorem</i> stamp required for a lease, and a lease in pursuance of such agreement is subsequently executed, the duty on such lease shall not exceed eight Annas.
40. LETTER OF ALLOTMENT OF SHARES in any Company, or proposed Company, or in respect of any loan to be raised by any Company or proposed Company.	One Anna.
41. LETTER OF CREDIT, that is to say, any instrument by which one person authorizes another to give credit to the person in whose favor it is drawn.	One Anna.
42. LETTER OF LICENSE, that is to say, any agreement between a debtor and his creditors that the latter	

SCHEDULE I—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
shall, for a specified time, suspend their claims and allow the debtor to carry on business at his own discretion.	Ten Rupees.
43. MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF A COMPANY.	Fifteen Rupees.
44. MORTGAGE DEED not provided for by No. 14, No. 15, No. 29 or No. 55 of this schedule. See Exemptions, Schedule II, No. 12, and No. 14 (6).	(a) When at the time of execution possession of the property or any part of the property contained in such deed is given by the mortgagor or agreed to be given. The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for a consideration equal to the amount secured by such deed. (b) When at the time of execution possession is not given or agreed to be given as aforesaid. The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for the amount secured by such deed.
45. NOTARIAL ACT, that is to say, any instrument, endorsement, note, attestation, certificate or entry made or signed by a Notary Public in the execution of the duties of his office or by any other person lawfully acting as a Notary Public.	One Rupee.
46. NOTE OR MEMORANDUM sent by a Broker or Agent to his principal, intimating the purchase or sale on account of such principal of any goods, stock or marketable security exceeding in value twenty Rupees.	One Anna.
47. NOTE OF PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP.	Eight Annas.
PARTITION. See Instrument, No. 37.	
PARTNERSHIP. See Instrument, Nos. 32 and 33.	
48. PETITION FOR LEAVE TO FILE A SPECIFICATION OF AN INVENTION, or for the extension of the term of the exclusive privilege of making or using or selling such invention in India.	One hundred Rupees.

SCHEDULE I.—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.	
	If drawn singly.	If drawn in duplicate for each part.
43. POLICY OF INSURANCE. <i>See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 14 (d)).</i>	(a) In the case of sea-insurance— When the amount insured does not exceed Rs. 1,000 And for every further sum of Rupees 1,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 1,000	Rs. A. P. 0 4 0 0 3 0 0 4 0 0 3 0
	(b) In the case of any other insurance— When the amount insured does not exceed Rs. 1,000 And for every further sum of Rupees 1,000 or part thereof in excess of Rs. 1,000	0 6 0 0 3 0 0 6 0 0 3 0
	(c) When endorsed for the sole purpose of procuring the production of one or more documents for registration in relation to a single transaction	Eight Annas.
	(d) When authorizing one person or more to act in a single transaction other than that mentioned in (c)	One Rupee.
50. POWER OF ATTORNEY, not being a proxy, chargeable under No. 5.	(e) When authorizing not more than five persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally	Five Rupees.
	(f) When authorizing more than five but not more than ten persons to act jointly and severally in more than one transaction or generally	Ten Rupees.
	(g) In any other case	One Rupee for each person authorized.
	(h) In any other case	One Rupee for each person authorized.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this number more persons than one when belonging to the same firm shall be deemed to be one person.

PROMISSORY NOTE, *See Exemption, No. 11.*

PROTEST, that is to say, any declaration in writing made by a Notary Public, or other person lawfully acting, as such, attesting the dishonor of a bill of exchange, or promissory note. *See Notarial Act, No. 12.*

PROTEST BY THE MASTER OF A SHIP, that is to say, any declaration of the particulars of loss or damage drawn up by him with

SCHEDULE I.—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
a view to the adjustment of losses, or the calculation of averages, and every declaration in writing made by him against charterers or the consignees for not loading or unloading the ship, when such declaration is attested or certified by a Notary Public or other person lawfully acting as such. <i>See Notarial Act, No. 12.</i>	
51. PROXY, empowering any person to vote at any one meeting of— (a) Members of a Company, whose stock or funds in or are divided into shares and transferable— (b) Municipal Commissioners: (c) Proprietors, Members, or Contributors to the funds of any Institution	One Anna.
52. RECEIPT FOR ANY MONEY OR OTHER PROPERTY, THE AMOUNT OR VALUE OF WHICH EXCEEDS TWENTY RUPEES	One Anna.
<i>See Exemptions, Schedule II (No. 15).</i>	
53. RECONVEYANCE OF MORTGAGED PROPERTY.	(a) If the consideration for which the property was mortgaged does not exceed 1,000 Rs. The same duty as a Conveyance (No. 21) for the amount of such consideration as set forth in the reconveyance.
54. RELEASE, that is to say, any instrument whereby a person renounces a claim upon another person or against any specified property.	(a) In any other case Ten Rupees. (b) If the amount or value of the claim does not exceed 1,000 The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for such amount or value as set forth in the release.
55. RESPONDENTIA BOND, that is to say, any instrument securing a loan on the cargo laden or to be laden on board a ship and making repayment contingent on the arrival of the cargo at the port of destination.	(a) In any other case Five Rupees. (b) The same duty as a Bond (No. 13).

SCHEDULE I.—continued.

Description of Instrument.	Proper Stamp-duty.
56. REVOCATION OF ANY TRUST of or concerning any property by any instrument other than a will.	Ten Rupees.
57. SETTLEMENT.	The same duty as a Bond (No. 13) for a sum equal to the amount or value of the property settled as set forth in such settlement.
58. SHIPPING ORDER for or relating to the conveyance of goods on board of any vessel.	One Anna.
59. SURRENDER OF LEASE.	(a) When the duty with which the lease is chargeable does not exceed five Rupees. ... Five Rupees. (b) In any other case. ... One-quarter of the duty payable on a Conveyance (No. 21). (c) Of any interest secured by a Bond, Lease, Mortgage-deed or Policy of Insurance— 1. If the duty on such Bond, Lease, Mortgage-deed or Policy does not exceed five Rupees. ... The duty with which such Bond, Lease, Mortgage-deed or Policy of Insurance is chargeable. 2. In any other case. ... Five Rupees. (d) Of any property under the Administrator-General's Act, 1871, Section 31. ... Ten Rupees. (e) Of any trust-property from one trustee to another trustee without consideration. ... Five Rupees.
60. TRANSFER.	See Exemption, Schedule II (No. 17).
TRUST	See Declaration, No. 25.
VALUATION	See Declaration, No. 56.
61. WARRANT FOR GOODS, that is to say, any instrument evidencing the title of any person therein named, or his assigns, or the holder thereof, to the property in any goods lying in or upon any dock, warehouse, or wharf, such instrument being signed or certified by or on behalf of the person in whose custody such goods may be.	Four Annas.

SCHEDULE II.

INSTRUMENTS EXEMPTED FROM STAMP-DUTY.

- Affidavit or declaration in writing when made—
 - as a condition of enlistment under the Indian Articles of War;
 - for the immediate purpose of being filed or used in any Court or before the officer of any Court; or
 - for the sole purpose of enabling any person to receive any pension or charitable allowance.
- Agreement or memorandum of agreement—
 - for or relating to the sale of goods or merchandise exclusively, not being a note or memorandum chargeable under No. 46 of Schedule I;
 - for service in British Burma under the Chief Commissioner of that Province entered into between Natives of India emigrating to British Burma and the Superintendent of State Emigration or other Government officer acting as representative of the said Chief Commissioner;
 - made by raiyats for the cultivation of the poppy for Government;
 - made in the form of tenders to the Government of India for or relating to any loan;
 - made regarding the occupancy of land denoted by a survey-number, and the payment of revenue therefor, under Bombay Act I of 1865;
 - made under the European Vagrancy Act, 1871, Section 17.
- Appraisement or valuation made for the information of one party only, and not being in any manner obligatory between parties either by agreement or operation of law.
- Appraisement of crops for the purpose of ascertaining the amount to be given to a landlord as rent.
- Assignment of copyright by entry made under Act No. XX of 1847, Section 6.
- Award under Bombay Act VI of 1873, Section 51, or Bombay Act III of 1874, Section 18.
- Bill of lading, when the goods therein described are received at a place within the limits of any port as defined under the Indian Ports Act, 1875, and are to be delivered at another place within the limits of the same port.
- Bond when executed by—
 - the sureties of middlemen (lambardars or khattadars) taking advances for the cultivation of the poppy for Government;
 - headmen nominated under rules framed in accordance with Bengal Act III of 1876, Section 99, for the due performance of their duties under that Act;
 - any person for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income derived from private subscriptions to a charitable dispensary or hospital or any other object of public utility shall not be less than a specified sum per annum.
- Copy of any paper, which a public officer is expressly required by law to make or furnish for record in any public office or for any public purpose.
- Copy of registration of emigrants furnished under Section 27 or Section 29 of the Indian Emigration Act, 1871.
- Entry—
 - of an advocate, vakil or attorney on the roll of any High Court, when he has previously been enrolled in a High Court established by Royal Charter;
 - on the roll of any High Court, as an attorney, of an articulated clerk bound as such before this Act comes into force.
- Instruments—
 - executed by persons taking advances under the Land Improvement Act, 1871, or by their sureties, as security for the repayment of such advances;
 - executed by officers of Government or their sureties to secure the due execution of an office or the due accounting for money received by virtue thereof;
 - of apprenticeship executed by a Magistrate under Act XIX of 1850 or by which a person is apprenticed by or at the charge of any public charity.
- Leases and Counterparts—
 - Leases of fisheries granted under the Burma Fisheries Act, 1875;
 - Lease executed in the case of a cultivator without the payment or delivery of any fine or premium, when a definite term is expressed and such term does not exceed one year, or when the annual rent reserved does not exceed one hundred Rupees;
 - Counterpart of any lease granted to a cultivator.
- Letter—
 - of cover or engagement to issue a policy of insurance; Provided that, unless each letter or engagement bear the stamp prescribed by this Act for such policy, nothing shall be claimable thereunder, nor shall it be available for any purpose except to compel the delivery of the policy therein mentioned.
 - of hypothecation accompanying a bill of exchange.
- Receipt—
 - endorsed on or contained in any instrument duly stamped, or exempted under this schedule, No. 18, acknowledging the receipt of the consideration-money

therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal money, interest or annuity or other periodical payment thereby secured;

- (b) for any payment of money without consideration;
 - (c) for any payment of rent by a cultivator on account of land assessed to Government revenue, or (in the Provinces of Fort St. George and Bombay) of miana lands;
 - (d) for pay by non-commissioned officers or soldiers of Her Majesty's Army, or Her Majesty's Indian Army, when serving in such capacity;
 - (e) for pensions or allowances by persons receiving such pensions or allowances in respect of their service as such non-commissioned officers or soldiers, and not serving the Government in any other capacity;
 - (f) given by holders of family-certificates in cases where the persons from whose pay or allowances the sum comprised in the receipt has been assigned is a non-commissioned officer or soldier of either of the said Armies, and serving in such capacity;
 - (g) given by a husband or husband for land-revenue or taxes collected by him;
 - (h) given for money or securities for money deposited in the hands of any banker, to be accounted for:
- Provided that the same be not expressed to be received of, or by the hands of, any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for;
- Provided also, that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for or upon a letter of allotment of a share, or in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of or in any Company or Association, or proposed or intended Company or Association.
16. Surrender of lease when such lease is exempted from duty.
 17. Transfers by endorsement—
 - (a) of a bill of exchange, cheque or promissory note;
 - (b) of a bill of lading;
 - (c) of a policy of insurance;
 - (d) of mortgages of rates and taxes authorized by any Act for the time being in force in British India;
 - (e) of securities of the Government of India;
 - (f) of a warrant for goods (No. 61 of Schedule A).

General Exemption.

18. Any instrument executed by, or on behalf of, or in favor of, Government in cases where, but for this exemption, the Government would be liable to pay the duty chargeable in respect of such instrument.

STAMP VENDORS.

The text of the rules for the sale of stamps prescribed by the Government under Section 49 of the General Stamp Act No. XVIII of 1869, is as follows, omitting such portions as relate to sale on the commission-sale system, since discontinued:—(1.) Such officers of Government as the Board of Revenue or Government may appoint shall be ex-officio vendors. Such persons as may be licensed by the Collector or other officer empowered by the Board of Revenue or Government to grant licences shall be licensed vendors. (2.) Ex-officio vendors shall sell such stamps as they may be directed by the Board of Revenue or Government to sell. Licensed vendors shall sell such stamps as are indicated in their licences. (3.) Every licence shall be revocable at any time by the authority who granted it. Every licence shall specify the name of the licensee, the description of stamps that are to be sold under the licence, the place of vend, and such other matters as may be necessary, and shall be signed by the authority granting it. (4.) Subject to Rule VI, every licensed vendor who purchases from Government by payment of ready-money stamps of the individual value of Rs. 5 and under, and to the aggregate amount of Rs. 5 and upwards, shall receive the same at a rate of discount not exceeding 4 per cent. (5.) Subject to Rule VI, every licensed vendor who purchases from Government by payment of ready-money stamps of the individual value of above Rs. 5 and not exceeding Rs. 50; shall receive the same at such discount not exceeding the following rates as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue or Government:—Vendors licensed at places where stamps are sold by Government, 8 per cent. Vendors licensed at other places, 5 per cent. (6.) No discount shall be given on account of the purchase of any stamp exceeding Rs. 50 in value, nor any stamp applied or material furnished by the purchaser himself, nor if these be purchased at a time less than the quantity prescribed by these rules in respect of any class or value of stamp. (7.) (8.) Every licensed vendor shall at all times have fixed up in a conspicuous position outside the place of vend a signboard bearing the name of the vendor, with the words "Licence & Vendor of Stamps" in English and in the Vernacular language of the district. He shall also have in the place of vend the Acts of the Legislature and the regulations referring to the stamps sold by him, together with these rules in English and the said vernacular placed so that they can readily be seen and read by purchasers. (9.) Every ex-officio vendor selling stamps to any person not a licensed vendor, and every licensed vendor shall write on the back of every stamp paper which he sells a serial number as determined by orders of the Government, the date of sale, the name and residence of the purchaser, and the value of the stamp in full in words, and his own ordinary signature; at the same time he shall make correspond-

ing entries in a register to be kept by him in such form as the Government may prescribe. Any such vendor who shall knowingly make a false endorsement on the stamp sold, or a false entry in his register, renders himself liable to prosecution under the Indian Penal Code. (10.) Every ex-officio or licensed vendor shall, without delay, deliver any stamp which he has in his possession for sale, on demand by any person tendering the value in any currency which would be accepted on behalf of Government by the Collector of the district. (11.) No ex-officio or licensed vendor shall sell any stamps, the use of which has been ordered by competent authority to be discontinued. (12.) Every ex-officio or licensed vendor shall keep and render such accounts as may be prescribed by the Board of Revenue or Government, and shall allow the Collector of the district, or any officer duly authorized by such Collector, by the Board of Revenue or by the Government, at any time to inspect such accounts, and the register which he is required to keep under Rule IX, and to examine the store of stamps in his possession. (13.) Every ex-officio or licensed vendor shall, at any time on the demand of the Collector or other officer duly authorized by the Board of Revenue or Government, deliver up all stamps remaining in his possession, receiving back the value thereof, less any discount which may have been allowed.

2. The subsidiary rules drawn up by the Board are contained in the following eight paragraphs.

3. The Treasurer of the Collector's office and the Sheristadar of every Tahsildar's office will be ex-officio vendors; provided that the Treasurer of the Collector's office will not be bound to sell stamps except adhesive stamps to any persons except licensed vendors. Collectors have the power to license vendors at their discretion.

4. Ex-officio vendors will sell stamps of all values to all applicants. The descriptions they profess to sell should be specified briefly in the licence.

5. The licence granted to licensed stamp vendors will be in the following form:—"I, A. B., Collector of the district of C., do hereby license D. to vend all stamps prescribed by the General Stamp Act not exceeding Rupees 50 each in value (or certain description of stamps) at E., in the taluk of F., in the district aforesaid." Before the licence is issued the licensee must execute an engagement in the following form:—"I, A. B., in consideration of my being licensed to sell stamps by the Collector of C., do hereby bind myself to the Right Honourable the Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of Rupees—, to obey all such orders concerning the sale and custody of stamps as the Collector may from time to time issue to me, to keep a sufficient stock of all stamps which I am licensed to sell, to sell stamps at the place where I am licensed to sell them between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5 P.M., on all days except Sundays and Government holidays notified in the District Gazette, to keep such accounts and make such reports and returns as are prescribed by the Board of Revenue from time to time, to allow any person duly authorized by the Collector at all times to inspect my accounts, books, and stock, to make good all losses caused by want of reasonable care on my part or on the part of any person employed by me, and generally to fulfil all duties devolving on me as Stamp vendor honestly and properly."

6. To licensed Stamp vendors purchasing 1 Anna stamps to the amount of not less than 5 Rupees, discount will be allowed at the rate of 64 per cent. To licensed Stamp vendors purchasing stamps of the individual value of Rupees 5 and under (except 1 Anna stamps) to the amount of not less than 5 Rupees, discount will be allowed at the rate of 5 per cent.

7. To licensed Stamp vendors purchasing stamps of a greater value than 5 Rupees each, but not greater than 50 Rupees each: if the vendor is licensed to sell stamps within three miles of the place of vend of an ex-officio vendor, discount will be allowed at the rate of 8 per cent.; if the vendor is licensed to sell stamps at a place which is not within three miles of the place of vend of ex-officio vendor, discount will be allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. To licensed Stamp vendors purchasing stamped papers over Rupees 50 and up to Rupees 100 in value, discount will be allowed at the rate of 5 per cent.

8. Whenever the sale of stamps at any place where they are sold on the discount system is so large that the rates of discount now prescribed are unnecessarily high the Collector will, with the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue, call for tenders stating the rate of discount on which competitors will undertake the sale of stamps at that place.

9. The endorsement required by Government Rule (9) will be made on all stamped papers, including Bills of Exchange, Promissory Notes, Drafts, and Bills of Lading, but not on adhesive stamps. The serial number will begin with the first stamped paper sold in the official year and end with the last. When an ex-officio vendor sells stamps to a licensed vendor there will be no serial number or endorsement. A Register of sales will be kept in the prescribed form. Entries will be made as each sale is effected. If the vendor takes a stamp from the stock for his own private use, it must be considered a sale and entered in the book as such. Adhesive stamps of the same value sold at the same time to the same purchaser will be entered in a lump, but the number of such stamps must be shown in Column 4. The entries will be totaled at the close of each day, and the account will then be initialed by the vendor.

10. The following accounts will be kept by all ex-officio and licensed vendors. Forms II and III or Stock Book showing Daily Receipts. Form II will be kept for stamps bought for ready money, and Form III for stamps received for sale on commission and

by ex-officio vendors. All stamps will be entered in the books as received. On the last day of each month the vendor will add up the columns and enter in one line the receipts of the whole month. Below this line he will enter the sales of the month obtained from Forms IV or V. The sales will then be deducted from the receipts and the remainder will be the opening balance of the next month. Forms IV and V or Abstract of Daily Sales. Form IV is to be kept for stamps bought for ready money, and Form V for stamps received for sale on commission and by ex-officio vendors. The columns will be totalled at the end of every month. Form VI or Monthly Abstract of Stamps received and sold. This will be prepared by all ex-officio and licensed vendors and submitted to and sold. This will be prepared by all ex-officio and licensed vendors and submitted to the Deputy Collector at the beginning of each month. In this form the sales by vendors selling on discount will be given in the lump under each designation of stamp without reference to the transactions in each value. Also ex-officio vendors will distinguish the sales to vendors on discount from sales to others. Books containing these forms will be issued to ex-officio and licensed vendors as required. The issuing officer will see that the pages are numbered and that the number of pages entered on the first, and he will sign this entry. None of the books will be destroyed without the written permission of the Collector.

11. The following are additional rules regarding ex-officio vendors:—(1) No ex-officio vendors can purchase stamps at a discount, nor can any ex-officio vendor be allowed a discount on his sales. (2) Ex-officio vendors must indent on the Deputy Collector in charge of the Treasury on the first of each month and often if necessary for such stamps as will be required for sale or for supply to licensed vendors. The Sheristadar must see that there is always a fifteen days' supply in the Taluk Catcherry. The Tahsildar will make a monthly examination of the Sheristadar's stock and accounts, and certify that he has done so in Form VI. (3) When sales are made on discount to licensed vendors, the vendor must pay the value of the stamps less the discount on delivery. The full value of the stamps will be entered as a credit in the Stamp Accounts and in the Taluk or Muzur Accounts, and the discount will be shown as a payment in the latter.

12. The following are additional rules regarding vendors on discount:—(1) Licensed vendors must maintain on hand a sufficient stock of such stamps as they are licensed to sell. (2) If a licensed vendor who has purchased stamps on discount should die, or if his licence expire or be revoked, the Collector may grant a special licence for a limited period to enable the vendor or his heirs and assigns to sell off the balance of stock.

13. These rules do not relate to the Special Adhesive Stamps used under Section 5, Clause 2, of the General Stamp Act, except as regards water-marked bill paper denoted by the Superintendent of Stamps and supplied to licensed vendors for sale.

14. When the system of ex-officio receipt of Court Fees stamps is productive of difficulty or inconvenience, or attended with risk, arrangements should be made by Collectors for substituting sale of such stamps by licensed vendors on discount. A discount of 1 per cent. may be allowed, to be increased to 1½ per cent. with the special sanction of the Board, when Collectors may find this to be necessary.

15. The registration under the Registration Act of engagements taken from licensed vendors under the subsidiary rules is optional. Where the business done however is extensive, Collectors may at their discretion require registration. The cost must be borne by the vendor.

16. Special remuneration is to be given to official vendors in very exceptional cases only.

ed. November, 1864; 14th October, 1867; 19th October, 1867; 9th March, 1869; 8th October, 1872, No. 1384; 14th April 1879, No. 529; 2nd June, 1873, No. 913; Circular Memorandum, 3rd June, 1873, No. 763; G. O. 27th October, 1873, No. 1,191; 11th November, 1873, No. 2286; 25th March, 1874, No. 674.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

18th April 1879.

No. 195.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and in continuation of the Notification No. 1818, dated the 23rd June 1873, the President in Council is pleased to reduce in one anna the fee chargeable under the said Act on every application for the return of exhibits filed with petitions presented to a Collector in accordance with the provisions of Sections 17 and 19 of the Bengal License Act, 1873.

The 18th April 1879.

No. 196.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Sections nine, fifteen, seventeen, thirty-two, fifty-one, and fifty-six of the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, the Honorable the President in Council is pleased to make the following Rules:—

(a)—*Prohibitory.*

1. These Rules shall come into force throughout British India on the 1st of May 1879, and from that day the Notification No. 62, dated 11th April 1873, shall be cancelled.

2. All words and expressions used in these Rules and defined in the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, shall be deemed to have the meaning attached to them respectively by the said Act.

* The present Notification differs from the superseded Notification, No. 62, dated 11th April 1873, only in that "Powers of Attorney" have been inserted in Item No. 29, under Rule 6. This item was accidentally omitted from the earlier Notification.

8. There shall be three kinds of stamps for indicating the payment of duty on instruments under the Indian Stamp Act, 1879, viz:—

- (1) Impressed stamps—that is to say, sheets of paper bearing the impression of stamps of different values engraved thereon and sold to the public for use by them in accordance with these Rules.
- (2) Adhesive stamps sold to the public for use by them in the case of instruments mentioned in Section ten of the said Act.
- (3) Stamped labels—to be affixed only by Government officers in the manner hereinafter prescribed.

(D)—Of Impressed Stamps.

4. All instruments chargeable with duty, except hundis, may be written on impressed stamps, and, except as provided by Section ten of the said Act and by these Rules, shall be so written.

5. When any instrument is to be written on an impressed stamp, if the amount of duty with which such instrument is chargeable does not exceed five hundred rupees, a single impressed stamp shall be used, unless—

If the application for the required stamp is made at a treasury, the officer in charge of such treasury, or

If such application is made to a stamp-vendor, the vendor,

certifies that he is unable to furnish a single stamp of the required amount.

When the amount of duty chargeable in respect of any instrument exceeds five hundred rupees, or a treasury officer or stamp-vendor has certified that he is unable to furnish a single stamp of the value required, the number of stamps used for indicating the payment of duty shall not exceed the number which the treasury officer or the stamp-vendor certifies in either case to be the smallest number which he can furnish so as to make up the required amount.

Provided that no certificate made by a stamp-vendor under this Rule shall be of any effect when there is, at the date of the certificate, a public treasury at which stamps are kept for sale situate within two miles from the place where such vendor sells stamps.

When, under this Rule, two or more impressed stamps are used to make up the amount of duty chargeable in respect of any instrument, a portion of such instrument shall be written on each stamp so used.

(E)—Of Stamped Labels.

6. Stamped labels may be affixed to the following instruments, viz:—

- (1) Administration-bonds;
 - (2) Affidavits;
 - (3) Appointments made in execution of a power;
 - (4) Articles of Association of a Company;
 - (5) Articles of clerkship;
 - (6) Bills of lading;
 - (7) Charter-parties;
 - (8) Declarations of trust;
 - (9) Instruments evidencing an agreement to secure the re-payment of a loan made upon the deposit of title-deeds or other valuable security, or upon the hypothecation of movable property;
 - (10) Memoranda of Association of Companies;
 - (11) Notes of protest;
 - (12) Petitions for leave to file specification of an invention, &c.;
 - (13) Policies of insurance;
 - (14) Revocations of trust;
- and the following—when written in the English language—
- (15) Agreements or memoranda of agreements which, in the opinion of the officer empowered to affix the stamp, cannot conveniently be written on impressed stamps;
 - (16) Awards;
 - (17) Bills of exchange payable otherwise than on demand and drawn in British India;
 - (18) Bonds;
 - (19) Composition-deeds;
 - (20) Conveyances;
 - (21) Instruments imposing a further charge on mortgaged property;
 - (22) Instruments of apprenticeship;
 - (23) Instruments of co-partnership;
 - (24) Instruments of dissolution of partnership;
 - (25) Instruments of exchange;
 - (26) Leases;
 - (27) Letters of license;
 - (28) Mortgage-deeds;
 - (29) Powers of Attorney;
 - (30) Reconveyances of mortgaged property;
 - (31) Releases;
 - (32) Settlements;

(33) Transfers of the description mentioned in Article No. 60 of the First Schedule of the said Act.

7. The following officers are empowered to affix stamped labels to the instruments mentioned in Rule six, viz.:-

- (a) the Collectors of Calcutta and Kalkutta;
- (b) the Superintendents of Stamps at Calcutta, Madras, Bombay, Bangoon, Maulmain, and Akyab;
- (c) the Commissioner of Stamps, North-Western Frontier;
- (d) the Superintendent of Stamps, Punjab; and
- (e) the Superintendent of Stamps (Political Resident), Aden.

8. Every such officer shall, upon any instrument mentioned in Rule six being brought to him before it is executed and application being made to him for that purpose, affix thereto a stamped label of such value as the applicant may desire and pay for, and denote such label by means of a stamping-machine before returning the instrument to the applicant.

When the value of the stamp amounts to twenty rupees or upwards, the officer shall, besides affixing the label, attach his usual signature to the instrument immediately under the label.

9. Bundles other than hand's which can be fastened with an adhesive stamp under Section two of the said Act shall be written on paper supplied for sale by the Government and to which stamped labels have been affixed by one of the officers mentioned in Rule seven, Clause (b), and delivered by him in manner provided by Rule eight.

10. Every sheet of such paper shall be of a size not less than 8½ x 5½ inches, and no plain paper shall be joined to it.

11. The payment of duty on instruments other than Bills of Exchange, Cheques and Promissory Notes, received out of British India and requiring to be stamped after their receipt in British India shall be indicated only by stamped labels.

When any such instrument is brought to the Collector under Section seventeen of the said Act, the Collector shall send the instrument to one of the officers mentioned in Rule seven, stating the amount of duty paid in respect of such instrument; and such officer shall stamp the instrument in the manner prescribed by Rule eight and return the same to the Collector for delivery to the person by whom it was produced.

(20) *Mischellaneous.*

12. When a payment is made under Section fifteen of the said Act to denote upon one instrument the payment of duty in respect of another, such payment shall be denoted by an endorsement under the hand of the Collector on the former instrument.

13. Every payment made under Section thirty of the said Act shall be made in cash.

14. The Collector shall require every person claiming a refund or renewal under Chapter VI of the said Act, or his duly authorized agent, to make an oral deposition on oath, or to put in an affidavit, setting forth the circumstances under which the claim arises. The Collector may also, if he thinks fit, call for the evidence of witnesses in support of the statement set forth in the deposition or affidavit of the claimant or his agent.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 457.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

June 21.

State, 16th June 1879.

No. 114.—I. J.—The Viceroy and Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts Act 2 of 1873 (The Indian Stamp Act, 1873) subject to the modifications noted below:-

(1.) For the words "Local Government" and "British India," wherever they occur the words "Resident at Hyderabad" and "the Hyderabad Assigned Districts" shall be substituted.

(2.) For the word "April" in the 1st paragraph of Section 1 and 2 in Section 3, Clause (c), the word "June" shall be substituted.

(3.) In Section 26, after the words "Central Provinces," add the words "the Hyderabad Assigned Districts."

II. In exercise of the power conferred by Section eight of the said Act, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that bills of exchange and cheques which may be drawn in British India, and on account of which the full rate of Stamp duty may have been paid there, shall be exempted from the further payment of Stamp duty on being negotiated in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 473.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SEPARATE REVENUE—STAMPS.

The 6th June 1879.

No. 996.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 56 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1873, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following Rule:—

Rule.—When a single sheet of impressed stamp paper used under Rule 5 of the Rules promulgated by Financial Notification, No. 136, dated 19th April 1879, is found insufficient to enable the entire instrument to be written on the side of the paper which bears the stamp, so much plain paper may be subjoined thereto as may be necessary for the complete writing of such instrument, provided that in every such case the side of the impressed stamp paper, which bears the stamp, must be covered by a substantial part of the instrument before any part of the latter can be written on the plain paper joined to the impressed stamp paper. This permission does not extend to Mundis.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 471.

No. 1191.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1873, the Governor-General in Council has remitted in the whole of British India the duty with which bills of exchange and cheques drawn in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts on which the full rate of Stamp duty has been paid there, are chargeable under Section 5, Clause (b), of the said Act.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 482.

The 20th June 1879.

No. 1590.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 8 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1873, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit in the whole of British India the duty with which bills of exchange and cheques drawn in the Cantonment of Secunderabad, on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, are chargeable under Section 5, Clause (b), of the said Act.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 557.

Cotacunda, August 27, 1879.

NOTIFICATION.

In modification of the Notification, dated 26th June 1879, (*vide Fort St. George Gazette, dated 15th July 1879, page 488*), His Grace the Governor in Council is pleased to order that the powers of a Collector, under the Stamp Act I of 1873, thereby conferred on all Revenue Officers in charge of divisions be restricted to officers holding the rank of Sub-Collector or Head Assistant Collector.

Fort St. George Gazette, page 617.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 9 of the Indian Stamp Act, 1873, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit in the whole of British India the duty with which bills of exchange and cheques drawn in Mysore on which the full rate of Stamp duty has been paid there are chargeable under Section 5, Clause (b), of the said Act.

COURT FEES.

SCHEDULE I. ACT VII. of 1870.—*Ad valorem Fees.*

Number.	Proper Fee.
When the amount or value of the subject-matter in dispute does not exceed five rupees.	Six annas.
When such amount or value exceeds five rupees, for every five rupees or part thereof in excess of five rupees, up to one hundred rupees.	Six annas.
When such amount or value exceeds one hundred rupees, for every ten rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one hundred rupees up to one thousand rupees.	Twelve annas.
When such amount or value exceeds one thousand rupees, for every one hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of one thousand rupees, up to five thousand rupees.	Five rupees.
When such amount or value exceeds five thousand rupees, for every two hundred & fifty rupees, or part thereof, in excess of five thousand rupees, up to ten thousand rupees.	Ten rupees.
When such amount or value exceeds ten thousand rupees, for every five hundred rupees, or part thereof, in excess of ten thousand rupees, up to twenty thousand rupees.	Fifteen rupees.

* To ascertain the proper fee leviable on the institution of a suit, see the Table annexed to this Schedule.

SCHEDULE I.—continued.
Ad valorem Fees.

NUMBER.		PROPER FEE.
1. Plaint or memorandum of appeal (not otherwise provided for in this Act), presented to any Civil or Revenue Court, except those mentioned in Section three.*	When such amount or value exceeds twenty thousand rupees, for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof in excess of twenty thousand rupees, up to thirty thousand rupees..... When such amount or value exceeds thirty thousand rupees, for every two thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of thirty thousand rupees, up to fifty thousand rupees..... When such amount or value exceeds fifty thousand rupees, for every five thousand rupees, or part thereof, in excess of fifty thousand rupees.....	Twenty rupees. Twenty rupees. Twenty-five Rs.
2. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit for permission under Act No. XIV of 1859 (to provide for the limitation of suits), Section fifteen.		A fee of one-half the amount prescribed in the foregoing scale.
3. Petition under the Indian Registration Act, Sec. fifty-three.		The fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
4. Application for review of judgment, if presented on or after the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.		One-half of the fee leviable on the plaint or memorandum of appeal.
5. Application for review of judgment, if presented before the ninetieth day from the date of the decree.		
6. Copy or translation of a judgment or order not being or having the force of a decree.	When such judgment or order is passed by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by the presiding officer of any Revenue Court or Office, or by any other Judicial or Executive Authority,— (a).—If the amount or value of the subject-matter is fifty or less than fifty rupees..... (b).—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees..... When such judgment or order is passed by a High Court..... When such decree or order is made by any Civil Court other than a High Court, or by any Revenue Court,— (a).—If the amount or value of the subject-matter of the suit wherein such decree or order is made, is fifty or less than fifty rupees..... (b).—If such amount or value exceeds fifty rupees..... When such decree or order is made by a High Court..... (a).—When the stamp-duty chargeable on the original does not exceed eight annas..... (b).—In any other case.....	Four annas. Eight annas. One rupee. Eight annas. One rupee. Four rupees. The amount of the duty chargeable on the original. Eight annas.

* To ascertain the proper fee leviable on the institution of a suit, see the annexed Table to this Schedule.

SCHEDULE I.—continued.
Ad valorem Fees.

NUMBER.		PROPER FEE.
9. Copy of any revenue or judicial proceeding or order not otherwise provided for by this Act, or copy of any account, statement, report or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal or Revenue Court or Office or from the Office of any Chief officer, charged with the executive administration of a Division.	For every three hundred and sixty words or fraction of three hundred and sixty words.....	Eight annas.
10. Certificate of administration granted under Act No. XI. of 1858 (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of minors in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal), or under Act No. XX. of 1864 (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of minors in the Presidency of Bombay).	If the amount or value of the property in respect to which such certificate is granted does not exceed five hundred rupees..... If such amount or value exceeds five hundred rupees but not one thousand rupees..... And for every one thousand rupees, or part thereof in excess of one thousand rupees.....	Five rupees. Ten rupees. Five rupees.
11. Probate of a Will or letters of administration with or without Will annexed.		
12. Certificate granted under Act No. XXVII of 1860 (for facilitating the collection of debts on executions and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons), or under Bombay Regulation VIII of 1827 (to provide for the formal recognition of Miras, Executors and Administrators, and for the appointment of Administrators and Managers of Property by the Courts).	If the amount or value of the property in respect of which the probate or letters or certificate shall be granted exceeds one thousand rupees.....	Two per centum on such amount or value.

NOTE.—The person to whom any such certificate is granted, or his representative, shall, after the expiration of twelve months from the date of such certificate and thereafter whenever the Court granting such certificate requires him so to do, file a statement on oath of all moneys recovered or realized by him under such certificate.

If the money so recovered or realized exceed the amount of debts or other property as sworn to by the person to whom the certificate is granted, the Court may cancel the same, and order such person to take out a fresh certificate and pay the fee prescribed by this Schedule for such excess.

In default of filing such statement within the time allowed, the Court may cancel the certificate.

SCHEDULE.

TABLE of rates of ad valorem fees leviable on the institution of Suits.

TABLE OF RATES OF INTEREST ON THE STOCKS OF THE BANK OF AMERICA															
When the amount of value of the subject-matter exceeds				But does not exceed				When the amount of value of the subject-matter exceeds				But does not exceed			
Rs.	P.	A.	Proper fee.	Rs.	P.	A.	Proper fee.	Rs.	P.	A.	Proper fee.	Rs.	P.	A.	Proper fee.
5	10	0	0	570	5	0	0	3,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
10	15	0	0	580	5	0	0	3,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
15	20	0	0	590	5	0	0	3,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
20	25	0	0	600	5	0	0	3,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
25	30	0	0	610	5	0	0	3,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
30	35	0	0	620	5	0	0	3,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
35	40	0	0	630	5	0	0	3,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
40	45	0	0	640	5	0	0	3,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
45	50	0	0	650	5	0	0	3,850	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
50	55	0	0	660	5	0	0	3,900	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
55	60	0	0	670	5	0	0	3,950	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
60	65	0	0	680	5	0	0	4,000	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
65	70	0	0	690	5	0	0	4,050	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
70	75	0	0	700	5	0	0	4,100	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
75	80	0	0	710	5	0	0	4,150	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
80	85	0	0	720	5	0	0	4,200	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
85	90	0	0	730	5	0	0	4,250	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
90	95	0	0	740	5	0	0	4,300	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
95	100	0	0	750	5	0	0	4,350	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
100	105	0	0	760	5	0	0	4,400	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
105	110	0	0	770	5	0	0	4,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
110	115	0	0	780	5	0	0	4,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
115	120	0	0	790	5	0	0	4,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
120	125	0	0	800	5	0	0	4,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
125	130	0	0	810	5	0	0	4,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
130	135	0	0	820	5	0	0	4,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
135	140	0	0	830	5	0	0	4,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
140	145	0	0	840	5	0	0	4,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
145	150	0	0	850	5	0	0	4,850	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
150	155	0	0	860	5	0	0	4,900	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
155	160	0	0	870	5	0	0	4,950	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
160	165	0	0	880	5	0	0	5,000	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
165	170	0	0	890	5	0	0	5,050	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
170	175	0	0	900	5	0	0	5,100	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
175	180	0	0	910	5	0	0	5,150	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
180	185	0	0	920	5	0	0	5,200	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
185	190	0	0	930	5	0	0	5,250	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
190	195	0	0	940	5	0	0	5,300	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
195	200	0	0	950	5	0	0	5,350	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
200	205	0	0	960	5	0	0	5,400	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
205	210	0	0	970	5	0	0	5,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
210	215	0	0	980	5	0	0	5,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
215	220	0	0	990	5	0	0	5,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
220	225	0	0	1,000	5	0	0	5,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
225	230	0	0	1,010	5	0	0	5,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
230	235	0	0	1,020	5	0	0	5,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
235	240	0	0	1,030	5	0	0	5,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
240	245	0	0	1,040	5	0	0	5,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
245	250	0	0	1,050	5	0	0	5,850	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
250	255	0	0	1,060	5	0	0	5,900	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
255	260	0	0	1,070	5	0	0	5,950	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
260	265	0	0	1,080	5	0	0	6,000	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
265	270	0	0	1,090	5	0	0	6,050	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
270	275	0	0	1,100	5	0	0	6,100	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
275	280	0	0	1,110	5	0	0	6,150	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
280	285	0	0	1,120	5	0	0	6,200	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
285	290	0	0	1,130	5	0	0	6,250	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
290	295	0	0	1,140	5	0	0	6,300	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
295	300	0	0	1,150	5	0	0	6,350	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
300	305	0	0	1,160	5	0	0	6,400	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
305	310	0	0	1,170	5	0	0	6,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
310	315	0	0	1,180	5	0	0	6,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
315	320	0	0	1,190	5	0	0	6,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
320	325	0	0	1,200	5	0	0	6,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
325	330	0	0	1,210	5	0	0	6,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
330	335	0	0	1,220	5	0	0	6,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
335	340	0	0	1,230	5	0	0	6,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
340	345	0	0	1,240	5	0	0	6,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
345	350	0	0	1,250	5	0	0	6,850	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
350	355	0	0	1,260	5	0	0	6,900	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
355	360	0	0	1,270	5	0	0	6,950	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
360	365	0	0	1,280	5	0	0	7,000	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
365	370	0	0	1,290	5	0	0	7,050	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
370	375	0	0	1,300	5	0	0	7,100	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
375	380	0	0	1,310	5	0	0	7,150	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
380	385	0	0	1,320	5	0	0	7,200	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
385	390	0	0	1,330	5	0	0	7,250	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
390	395	0	0	1,340	5	0	0	7,300	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
395	400	0	0	1,350	5	0	0	7,350	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
400	405	0	0	1,360	5	0	0	7,400	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
405	410	0	0	1,370	5	0	0	7,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
410	415	0	0	1,380	5	0	0	7,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
415	420	0	0	1,390	5	0	0	7,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
420	425	0	0	1,400	5	0	0	7,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
425	430	0	0	1,410	5	0	0	7,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
430	435	0	0	1,420	5	0	0	7,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
435	440	0	0	1,430	5	0	0	7,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
440	445	0	0	1,440	5	0	0	7,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
445	450	0	0	1,450	5	0	0	7,850	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
450	455	0	0	1,460	5	0	0	7,900	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
455	460	0	0	1,470	5	0	0	7,950	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
460	465	0	0	1,480	5	0	0	8,000	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
465	470	0	0	1,490	5	0	0	8,050	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
470	475	0	0	1,500	5	0	0	8,100	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
475	480	0	0	1,510	5	0	0	8,150	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
480	485	0	0	1,520	5	0	0	8,200	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
485	490	0	0	1,530	5	0	0	8,250	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
490	495	0	0	1,540	5	0	0	8,300	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
495	500	0	0	1,550	5	0	0	8,350	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
500	505	0	0	1,560	5	0	0	8,400	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
505	510	0	0	1,570	5	0	0	8,450	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
510	515	0	0	1,580	5	0	0	8,500	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
515	520	0	0	1,590	5	0	0	8,550	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
520	525	0	0	1,600	5	0	0	8,600	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
525	530	0	0	1,610	5	0	0	8,650	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
530	535	0	0	1,620	5	0	0	8,700	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
535	540	0	0	1,630	5	0	0	8,750	25	5	0	25	0	0	0
540	545	0	0	1,640	5	0	0	8,800	25	5	0	25	0	0	0

SCHEDULE

Table of rates of ad valorem Fees, &c.—continued.

When the amount or value of the subject-matter exceeds				But does not ex- ceed				Proper Fee.				When the amount or value of the subject-matter ex- ceeds				But does not ex- ceed				Proper Fee.			
RS.	ES.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	ES.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	ES.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	ES.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	ES.	RS.	A. P.				
24,000	34,000	1,015	0 0	1,40,000	1,45,000	1,630	0 0	2,75,000	2,80,000	2,400	0 0	3,40,000	3,45,000	3,630	0 0	4,75,000	4,80,000	4,900	0 0				
24,000	36,000	1,035	0 0	1,45,000	1,50,000	1,675	0 0	2,80,000	2,85,000	2,450	0 0	3,50,000	3,55,000	3,680	0 0	4,80,000	4,85,000	4,950	0 0				
36,000	38,000	1,055	0 0	1,50,000	1,55,000	1,705	0 0	2,90,000	2,95,000	2,500	0 0	3,60,000	3,65,000	3,730	0 0	4,90,000	4,95,000	5,000	0 0				
38,000	40,000	1,075	0 0	1,55,000	1,60,000	1,725	0 0	3,00,000	3,05,000	2,550	0 0	3,70,000	3,75,000	3,780	0 0	5,00,000	5,05,000	5,100	0 0				
40,000	42,000	1,095	0 0	1,60,000	1,65,000	1,750	0 0	3,10,000	3,15,000	2,600	0 0	3,80,000	3,85,000	3,830	0 0	5,10,000	5,15,000	5,200	0 0				
42,000	44,000	1,115	0 0	1,65,000	1,70,000	1,775	0 0	3,20,000	3,25,000	2,650	0 0	3,90,000	3,95,000	3,880	0 0	5,20,000	5,25,000	5,300	0 0				
44,000	46,000	1,135	0 0	1,70,000	1,75,000	1,800	0 0	3,30,000	3,35,000	2,700	0 0	4,00,000	4,05,000	3,930	0 0	5,30,000	5,35,000	5,400	0 0				
46,000	48,000	1,155	0 0	1,75,000	1,80,000	1,825	0 0	3,40,000	3,45,000	2,750	0 0	4,10,000	4,15,000	3,980	0 0	5,40,000	5,45,000	5,500	0 0				
48,000	50,000	1,175	0 0	1,80,000	1,85,000	1,850	0 0	3,50,000	3,55,000	2,800	0 0	4,20,000	4,25,000	4,030	0 0	5,50,000	5,55,000	5,600	0 0				
50,000	52,000	1,195	0 0	1,85,000	1,90,000	1,875	0 0	3,60,000	3,65,000	2,850	0 0	4,30,000	4,35,000	4,080	0 0	5,60,000	5,65,000	5,700	0 0				
52,000	54,000	1,215	0 0	1,90,000	1,95,000	1,900	0 0	3,70,000	3,75,000	2,900	0 0	4,40,000	4,45,000	4,130	0 0	5,70,000	5,75,000	5,800	0 0				
54,000	56,000	1,235	0 0	1,95,000	2,00,000	1,925	0 0	3,80,000	3,85,000	2,950	0 0	4,50,000	4,55,000	4,180	0 0	5,80,000	5,85,000	5,900	0 0				
56,000	58,000	1,255	0 0	2,00,000	2,05,000	1,950	0 0	3,90,000	3,95,000	3,000	0 0	4,60,000	4,65,000	4,230	0 0	5,90,000	5,95,000	6,000	0 0				
58,000	60,000	1,275	0 0	2,05,000	2,10,000	1,975	0 0	4,00,000	4,05,000	3,050	0 0	4,70,000	4,75,000	4,280	0 0	6,00,000	6,05,000	6,100	0 0				
60,000	62,000	1,295	0 0	2,10,000	2,15,000	2,000	0 0	4,10,000	4,15,000	3,100	0 0	4,80,000	4,85,000	4,330	0 0	6,10,000	6,15,000	6,200	0 0				
62,000	64,000	1,315	0 0	2,15,000	2,20,000	2,025	0 0	4,20,000	4,25,000	3,150	0 0	4,90,000	4,95,000	4,380	0 0	6,20,000	6,25,000	6,300	0 0				
64,000	66,000	1,335	0 0	2,20,000	2,25,000	2,050	0 0	4,30,000	4,35,000	3,200	0 0	5,00,000	5,05,000	4,430	0 0	6,30,000	6,35,000	6,400	0 0				
66,000	68,000	1,355	0 0	2,25,000	2,30,000	2,075	0 0	4,40,000	4,45,000	3,250	0 0	5,10,000	5,15,000	4,480	0 0	6,40,000	6,45,000	6,500	0 0				
68,000	70,000	1,375	0 0	2,30,000	2,35,000	2,100	0 0	4,50,000	4,55,000	3,300	0 0	5,20,000	5,25,000	4,530	0 0	6,50,000	6,55,000	6,600	0 0				
70,000	72,000	1,395	0 0	2,35,000	2,40,000	2,125	0 0	4,60,000	4,65,000	3,350	0 0	5,30,000	5,35,000	4,580	0 0	6,60,000	6,65,000	6,700	0 0				
72,000	74,000	1,415	0 0	2,40,000	2,45,000	2,150	0 0	4,70,000	4,75,000	3,400	0 0	5,40,000	5,45,000	4,630	0 0	6,70,000	6,75,000	6,800	0 0				
74,000	76,000	1,435	0 0	2,45,000	2,50,000	2,175	0 0	4,80,000	4,85,000	3,450	0 0	5,50,000	5,55,000	4,680	0 0	6,80,000	6,85,000	6,900	0 0				
76,000	78,000	1,455	0 0	2,50,000	2,55,000	2,200	0 0	4,90,000	4,95,000	3,500	0 0	5,60,000	5,65,000	4,730	0 0	6,90,000	6,95,000	7,000	0 0				
78,000	80,000	1,475	0 0	2,55,000	2,60,000	2,225	0 0	5,00,000	5,05,000	3,550	0 0	5,70,000	5,75,000	4,780	0 0	7,00,000	7,05,000	7,100	0 0				
80,000	82,000	1,495	0 0	2,60,000	2,65,000	2,250	0 0	5,10,000	5,15,000	3,600	0 0	5,80,000	5,85,000	4,830	0 0	7,10,000	7,15,000	7,200	0 0				
82,000	84,000	1,515	0 0	2,65,000	2,70,000	2,275	0 0	5,20,000	5,25,000	3,650	0 0	5,90,000	5,95,000	4,880	0 0	7,20,000	7,25,000	7,300	0 0				
84,000	86,000	1,535	0 0	2,70,000	2,75,000	2,300	0 0	5,30,000	5,35,000	3,700	0 0	6,00,000	6,05,000	4,930	0 0	7,30,000	7,35,000	7,400	0 0				
86,000	88,000	1,555	0 0	2,75,000	2,80,000	2,325	0 0	5,40,000	5,45,000	3,750	0 0	6,10,000	6,15,000	4,980	0 0	7,40,000	7,45,000	7,500	0 0				
88,000	90,000	1,575	0 0	2,80,000	2,85,000	2,350	0 0	5,50,000	5,55,000	3,800	0 0	6,20,000	6,25,000	5,030	0 0	7,50,000	7,55,000	7,600	0 0				
90,000	92,000	1,595	0 0	2,85,000	2,90,000	2,375	0 0	5,60,000	5,65,000	3,850	0 0	6,30,000	6,35,000	5,080	0 0	7,60,000	7,65,000	7,700	0 0				
92,000	94,000	1,615	0 0	2,90,000	2,95,000	2,400	0 0	5,70,000	5,75,000	3,900	0 0	6,40,000	6,45,000	5,130	0 0	7,70,000	7,75,000	7,800	0 0				
94,000	96,000	1,635	0 0	2,95,000	3,00,000	2,425	0 0	5,80,000	5,85,000	3,950	0 0	6,50,000	6,55,000	5,180	0 0	7,80,000	7,85,000	7,900	0 0				
96,000	98,000	1,655	0 0	3,00,000	3,05,000	2,450	0 0	5,90,000	5,95,000	4,000	0 0	6,60,000	6,65,000	5,230	0 0	7,90,000	7,95,000	8,000	0 0				
98,000	1,00,000	1,675	0 0	3,05,000	3,10,000	2,475	0 0	6,00,000	6,05,000	4,050	0 0	6,70,000	6,75,000	5,280	0 0	8,00,000	8,05,000	8,100	0 0				
1,00,000	1,02,000	1,695	0 0	3,10,000	3,15,000	2,500	0 0	6,10,000	6,15,000	4,100	0 0	6,80,000	6,85,000	5,330	0 0	8,10,000	8,15,000	8,200	0 0				
1,02,000	1,04,000	1,715	0 0	3,15,000	3,20,000	2,525	0 0	6,20,000	6,25,000	4,150	0 0	6,90,000	6,95,000	5,380	0 0	8,20,000	8,25,000	8,300	0 0				
1,04,000	1,06,000	1,735	0 0	3,20,000	3,25,000	2,550	0 0	6,30,000	6,35,000	4,200	0 0	7,00,000	7,05,000	5,430	0 0	8,30,000	8,35,000	8,400	0 0				
1,06,000	1,08,000	1,755	0 0	3,25,000	3,30,000	2,575	0 0	6,40,000	6,45,000	4,250	0 0	7,10,000	7,15,000	5,480	0 0	8,40,000	8,45,000	8,500	0 0				
1,08,000	1,10,000	1,775	0 0	3,30,000	3,35,000	2,600	0 0	6,50,000	6,55,000	4,300	0 0	7,20,000	7,25,000	5,530	0 0	8,50,000	8,55,000	8,600	0 0				
1,10,000	1,12,000	1,795	0 0	3,35,000	3,40,000	2,625	0 0	6,60,000	6,65,000	4,350	0 0	7,30,000	7,35,000	5,580	0 0	8,60,000	8,65,000	8,700	0 0				
1,12,000	1,14,000	1,815	0 0	3,40,000	3,45,000	2,650	0 0	6,70,000	6,75,000	4,400	0 0	7,40,000	7,45,000	5,630	0 0	8,70,000	8,75,000	8,800	0 0				
1,14,000	1,16,000	1,835	0 0	3,45,000	3,50,000	2,675	0 0	6,80,000	6,85,000	4,450	0 0	7,50,000	7,55,000	5,680	0 0	8,80,000	8,85,000	8,900	0 0				
1,16,000	1,18,000	1,855	0 0	3,50,000	3,55,000	2,700	0 0	6,90,000	6,95,000	4,500	0 0	7,60,000	7,65,000	5,730	0 0	8,90,000	8,95,000	9,000	0 0				
1,18,000	1,20,000	1,875	0 0	3,55,000	3,60,000	2,725	0 0	7,00,000	7,05,000	4,550	0 0	7,70,000	7,75,000	5,780	0 0	9,00,000	9,05,000	9,100	0 0				
1,20,000	1,22,000	1,895	0 0	3,60,000	3,65,000	2,750	0 0	7,10,000	7,15,000	4,600	0 0	7,80,000	7,85,000	5,830	0 0	9,10,000	9,15,000	9,200	0 0				
1,22,000	1,24,000	1,915	0 0	3,65,000	3,70,000	2,775	0 0	7,20,000	7,25,000	4,650	0 0	7,90,000	7,95,000	5,880	0 0	9,20,000	9,25,000	9,300	0 0				
1,24,000	1,26,000	1,935	0 0	3,70,000	3,75,000	2,800	0 0	7,30,000	7,35,000	4,700	0 0	8,00,000	8,05,000	5,930	0 0	9,30,000	9,35,000	9,400	0 0				
1,26,000	1,28,000	1,955	0 0	3,75,000	3,80,000	2,825	0 0	7,40,000	7,45,000	4,750	0 0	8,10,000	8,15,000	5,980	0 0	9,40,000	9,45,000	9,500	0 0				
1,28,000	1,30,000	1,975	0 0	3,80,000	3,85,000	2,850	0 0	7,50,000	7,55,000	4,800	0 0	8,20,000	8,25,000	6,030	0 0	9,50,000	9,55,000	9,600	0 0				
1,30,000	1,32,000	1,995	0 0	3,85,000	3,90,000	2,875	0 0	7,60,000	7,65,000	4,850	0 0	8,30,000	8,35,000	6,080	0 0	9,60,000	9,65,000	9,700	0 0				
1,32,000	1,34,000	2,015	0 0	3,90,000	3,95,000	2,900	0 0	7,70,000	7,75,000	4,900	0 0	8,40,000	8,45,000	6,130	0 0	9,70,000	9,75,000	9,800	0 0				
1,34,000	1,36,000	2,035	0 0	3,95,000	4,00,000	2,925	0 0	7,80,000	7,85,000	4,950	0 0	8,50,000	8,55,000	6,180	0 0	9,80,000	9,85,000	9,900	0 0				
1,36,000	1,38,000	2,055	0 0	4,00,000	4,05,000	2,950	0 0	7,90,000	7,95,000	5,000	0 0	8,60,000	8,65,000	6,230	0 0	9,90,000	9,95,000	10,000	0 0				
1,38,000	1,40,000	2,075	0 0	4,05,000	4,10,000	2,975	0 0	8,00,000	8,05,000	5,050	0 0	8,70,000	8,75,000	6,280	0 0	10,00,000	10,05,000	10,100	0 0				
1,40,000	1,42,000	2,095	0 0	4,10,000	4,15,000	2,999	0 0	8,10,000	8,15,000	5,100	0 0	8,80,000	8,85,000	6,330									

SCHEDULE II

Fixed Fees.

NUMBER.	PROPER TERM.
1. Application or petition.	One Anna.

SCHEDULE II--continued.

Fixed Fees.

NUMBER.		PROPER FEE.
	stated under Act No. XI of 1861, or under Act No. XVI of 1888, Section 20, or to a Collector or other officer of revenues in relation to a suit or case in which the amount or value of the subject-matter is less than 50 Rupees; or when presented to any Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court, or to any Board or executive officer for the purpose of obtaining a copy or translation of any judgment, decree or order passed by such Court, Board or officer, or of any other document on record in such Court or Office.	One Anna.
1. Application or petition.	(b) When containing a complaint or charge of any offence other than an offence for which Police officers may, under the Criminal Procedure Code, arrest without warrant, and presented to any Criminal Court; or when presented to a Civil, Criminal or Revenue Court, or to a Collector, or any revenue officer having jurisdiction equal or subordinate to a Collector, or to any Magistrate in his executive capacity, and not otherwise provided for by this Act; or to deposit in Court revenue or rent; or for determination by a Court of the amount of compensation to be paid by a landlord to his tenant. (c) When presented to a Chief Commissioner or other chief controlling revenue or executive authority or to a Commissioner of Revenue or Circuit, or to any chief officer charged with the executive administration of a Division and not otherwise provided for by this Act. (d) When presented to a High Court.	Eight Annas. One Rupee. Two Rupees.
2. Application for leave to sue as a pauper.		Eight Annas.
3. Application for leave to appeal as a pauper.	(a) When presented to a District Court. (b) When presented to a Commissioner or a High Court.	One Rupee. Two Rupees.
4. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to obtain possession under Act No. 16 of 1889, or Bombay Act No. V of 1861 (to give Maheldari Courts jurisdiction in certain cases to maintain existing possession, or to restore possession to any partly dispossessed otherwise than by course of law).		Eight Annas.
5. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to establish or disprove a right of occupancy.		
6. Bail bond or other instrument of obligation not otherwise provided for by this Act, when given by the direction of any Court or executive authority.		Eight Annas.

SCHEDULE II.--continued

Fire! Fire!

NUMBER.	PROFEE PER
7. Undertaking under Section forty-nine of the Indian Divorce Act.	
8. Petition of objection to assessment under the Indian Income Tax Act.	
9. Petition of appeal under the Indian Income Tax Act, Section twenty-one.	One Rupee.
10. Mukhtarnama or Wakalatnama.	When presented for the conduct of any one case—
	(a) to any Civil or Criminal Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court, or to any Collector or Magistrate, or other executive officer, except such as are mentioned in Clauses (b) and (c) of this Number.....
	(b) to a Commissioner of Revenue, Circuit or Custeras, or to any officer charged with the executive administration of a Division, not being the chief revenue or executive authority.....
	(c) to a High Court, Chief Commissioner, Board of Revenue, or other chief controlling revenue or executive authority.....
11. Memorandum of appeal when the appeal is not from an order rejecting a plaint or from a decree or an order having the force of a decree and is presented.....	Two Rupees.
	(a) to any Civil Court other than a High Court, or to any Revenue Court or executive officer other than the High Court or chief controlling revenue or executive authority.....
	(b) to a High Court or Chief Commissioner, or other chief controlling executive or revenue authority.....
12. Caveat.	Two Rupees.
13. Application under Act No. X of 1859, Section twenty-six, or Bengal Act No. VI of 1862, Section nine, or Bengal Act No. VIII of 1869, Section seven.	Five Rupees.
14. Petition in a suit under the Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866.	
15. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in a suit to obtain possession of a wife.	Five Rupees.
16. Administration bond.	
17. Plaint or memorandum of appeal in each of the following suits:—	Eight Rupees.
i. To alter or set aside a summary decision or order of any of the Civil Courts not established by Letters Patent or of any Revenue Court.	

SCHEDULE II.—continued.

Fixed Fees.

NUMBER.	PROCEEDING.
ii. To alter or cancel any entry in a register of the names of proprietors of revenue-paying estates—	
iii. To obtain a declaratory decree where no consequential relief is prayed—	
iv. To set aside an award—	
v. To set aside an adoption—	
vi. Every other suit where it is not possible to estimate at a money-value the subject-matter in dispute, and which is not otherwise provided for by this Act.	Ten Rupees.
18. Application under Section three hundred and twenty-six of the Code of Civil Procedure.	
19. Agreement under Section three hundred and twenty-eight of the same Code.	
20. Every petition under the Indian Divorce Act, except petitions under Section forty-four of the same Act, and every memorandum of appeal under Section fifty-five of the same Act.	
21. Plaint or memorandum of appeal under the Parsi Marriage and Divorce Act, 1865.	Twenty Rupees.

20th January, 1871, No. 74.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees' Act, 1870, the Governor-General of India in Council hereby remits throughout British India the fees with which Bonds and other instruments executed by salaried officers of Government to secure the due performance of their duties are chargeable under that Act, Schedule II, No. 6.

14th July, 1871, No. 2,024.

In exercise of the powers vested in him by Section 35 of "The Court Fees' Act, 1870," the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit in the whole of British India the fees chargeable under Schedule I, Article II, of the said Act, in respect of Probate of Wills or Letters of Administration in so far as such Wills or Letters of Administration relate to property which a deceased person was possessed of or entitled to, not beneficially, but as a trustee for any other person or persons.

Provided that this remission shall not extend to cases in which a trustee has the power of appointing or otherwise conferring a beneficial interest in the trust property.

31st January, 1872, No. 639.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees' Act VII of 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit (with the exceptions noted at foot) all fees leviable under the first and second schedules of the said Act on plaints, petitions for execution, and memoranda of appeal filed in the High Court under Madras Regulation VI of 1831.

Plaint or petition for execution.....A fee of 5 Annas each.
Memoranda of appeal.....2 Rupees each.

28th February, 1872, No. 401.

Under the provisions of Section 27 of the Court Fees' Act, 1870, the Governor in Council is pleased to prescribe the undermentioned Rules to take effect from and after the 1st April, 1872, in supersession of the Rules laid down in para. 2 of the Notification of the Judicial Department under date the 26th April, 1870, (published at pages 496 and 497 of the Fort Saint George Gazette for 1870), for regulating the use of stamps in payment of the commission and fees chargeable for the time being in the Madras Court of Small Causes:—

I.—The necessary stamps shall be provided by the parties liable to pay the commission and fees and shall, in respect of the institution of suits, be affixed to the plaint in respect whereof such commission and fees are payable. The costs and fees payable in respect of warrants, subpoenas, second summonses, and all other processes whatsoever not being original summonses in reference to which it has not been customary to file, as part of the record, any written or printed document or paper whereon the stamp could be affixed, shall be paid as follows:—viz., the party requiring such process to be issued shall produce an application in writing and a stamp equal to the amount of costs and fees payable shall be affixed to such application. Such application shall be entitled in the cause or matter to which it relates, and shall specify shortly the object thereof, and shall be filed in the particular office of the Court to which it relates.

II.—In order that the terms of a document may not be defaced or obscured, the stamp affixed to it shall be of an amount corresponding, as nearly as practicable, with the amount of the stamp which such document requires. It shall be in the discretion of the Clerk of the Court to refuse to accept any document which shall bear an unnecessary number of stamps.

III.—Stamps of the value noted below will be required for the purposes of the Court:—

RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
0	1	2	0	8	0
0	2	3	0	9	0
0	3	4	0	10	0
0	4	5	0	20	0
0	8	6	0	30	0
1	0	7	0	50	0

IV.—Stamps will be sold by a licensed Stamp vendor or by the Assistants employed by him for that purpose in a stall or office situate within the premises of the Court, and by all other vendors authorized to sell Court Fees' stamps. The Stamp Vendor's Office on the premises of the Court shall be open daily for the sale of stamps (except on such days as the Court shall not be sitting) between the hours of 10 A.M. and 5 P.M.

V.—A register shall be kept in the Office of the Clerk of the Court by one of the Clerks attached to that office, who shall be styled the Compromise Register-writer; and in this Register shall be entered the particulars of cases compromised; and of cases in which costs have been remitted, either in whole or in part, by order of the Judge. It shall also be the duty of the Compromise Register-writer to make out the certificates for the payment of half and remitted costs. It shall be the duty of the Deputy Clerk of the Court to examine the certificates, and compare them with the original records and, if correct, to pass and initial the same for payment. The certificates, after being signed by the Clerk of the Court, will be paid by the Stamp vendor of the Court, who will be provided by Government with a Permanent Advance Fund for the purpose of making these refunds. The Stamp vendor will, from time to time, replenish this fund by drawing from the Deputy Collector of Madras the amount expended, delivering to him the certificates he has discharged. The Deputy Collector will hold these certificates as his vouchers for the amount disbursed by him to the Stamp vendor. The Clerk of the Court will also furnish to the Deputy Collector of Madras, at the close of each month a memorandum showing the number of, and the amount for which, certificates have been issued during the month.

VI.—It shall be the duty of the Manager or Head Officer of the department in which applications are filed, with such aid as may be required under the immediate superintendence of the Clerk of the Court, to receive all documents and see that the blank space in them is not unnecessarily covered with stamps, and that stamps of the proper description and values are affixed. The Manager shall grant a receipt or memorandum for every application filed.

Rules inapplicable to Counsel and Attorneys and to costs of references to High Court.—VII.—These rules do not apply to fees payable to Counsel and Attorneys of the High Court in cases certified, or to the costs of references to the High Court.

8th March, 1872, No. 1,756.

Notification by the Government of India, Financial Department.
In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 26 of the Court Fees' Act of 1870 (Act No. VII) and of all other powers enabling him on this behalf, the Governor-General in

Council is pleased to cancel Notification by the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 1865, dated 15th March, 1870, and to issue the following directions:—

1. The stamps used to denote any fee chargeable under the said Act, may be either impressed or adhesive, or partly impressed and partly adhesive.

2. When the exact amount of the fee chargeable under the Act can be denoted by a single impressed or a single adhesive stamp, such fee shall be denoted by a single stamp of either sort.

3. When the amount of the fee cannot be denoted by a single impressed or a single adhesive stamp, the next lower impressed or adhesive stamp shall be used, and the deficiency made up by one or more additional stamps, which may be either impressed or adhesive.

4. The impressed stamps referred to in this notification are the red and black printed stamps, and the adhesive stamps are those across which the words Court Fees have been printed.

5. Should the amount of the fee in any case involve a fraction of an anna, such fraction shall be remitted.

6. The provisions of this notification shall for the present extend only to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and to the territories under the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, the Chief Commissioner of Oadh, and the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, respectively.

5th March, 1875, No. 1,520.

In exercise of the powers respectively conferred by Section 26 and Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, and in supersession of Financial Notification, No. 1,756, dated 8th March, 1872, and all other notifications on the subject, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to issue the following directions:—

1. From and after the 1st April, 1875, the fees chargeable under the abovementioned Act shall be denoted only by adhesive stamps bearing the words "Court Fees."

2. Should the amount of the fee in any case involve a fraction of an anna, such fraction shall be remitted.

22nd March, 1872, No. 2,135.

The Governor-General is pleased to direct that the provisions of Financial Notification, No. 2,091, dated 14th July, 1871, shall have retrospective effect from the 1st day of April, 1870, the date on which the Court Fees Act VII of 1870 came into force.

6th April, 1872, No. 2,620.

In exercise of the powers conferred on him by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, (No. VII), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to exempt from stamp duty, copies of final sentences or orders passed by Criminal Courts, which parties desirous of appealing from such sentences or orders are required by Section 416 of the Code of Criminal Procedure to file with their petition of appeal, provided that the party who is desirous of appealing is in confinement under the operation of the sentence or order at the time that he applies for a copy of the same.

This exemption will also extend, under the same circumstances, to copies of the judgment or reasons for passing or making such sentence or order as above.

9th April, 1872, No. 2,245.

The Governor-General in Council hereby declares that the provisions of Financial Notification, No. 1,756, dated 8th March, 1872, shall extend to the territories under the Chief Commissioner of Mysore, the Governor of Madras, the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces, and the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab, respectively.

Port St. George, 24th April, 1872.

Under the authority vested in him by Section 37, Act VII of 1870 (Court Fees), the Honorable the Governor in Council prescribes the following Rules for the supply, use and renewal of Court Fee stamps for general observance:—

Central depôts for the supply of Court Fee stamps shall be constituted:—

I. At the Office of the Superintendent of Stamps.

II. At all district and taluk treasuries, and shall be supplied with stamps by the Superintendent of Stamps.

3. Sub-depôts, subordinate to the central depôts, shall be constituted at such places and in such offices as the Government, through the Board of Revenue, may from time to time determine, and shall be supplied with stamps from the central depôt to which they are subordinate.

4. Provided that Court Fee Labels shall not be supplied to licensed vendors for sale at any place within a reasonable distance of which the labels can be obtained from an ex-officio vendor, and that licensed vendors shall not be allowed more than one per cent. discount for the sale of Court Fee Labels.

5. The stamp used to denote any fee under the Court Fees Act shall be a stamp of value equal to the fee required, or in cases when there is no stamp of the exact value, then the first stamp shall be of the next lower available value, and the balance shall be made up by stamps of smaller value similarly selected.

6. If any person possesses any Court Fee stamp, which has become spoiled or unfit for use as hereinafter mentioned, the Collector of the district in which the stamp has been purchased may, upon application made to him within six months after such purchase, and upon delivery to him of such stamp, refund the amount paid to Government for the

same, whether by the applicant or by any other person; or, in case the possessor of the stamp so spoiled or unfit for use, desire to be supplied with Court Fee stamps of similar or equal value, the Collector may cause such stamps to be delivered to him or his agent.

Court Fee stamps shall be held to be spoiled or unfit for use within the meaning of this rule:—

(1st.) When by accident happening to the same before they have been submitted to any Court or public officer, they are rendered unfit for use;

(2nd.) Or when because of some error in the drawing up or copying of any writing to which the said stamps are affixed, the said writing is rendered of no avail;

(3rd.) Or when any stamp has been filed in any Court or before any public officer, and cancelled accordingly, and it is afterwards discovered that such stamp has been required by mistake, and that a stamp of less value ought to have been required and certificate to that effect is issued by the said Court or public officer. In this last case the Collector may grant a refund of the excess value if application is made within six months after date of delivery of the certificate to the holder.

6. Under Section 34 of the Court Fees Act the rules and subsidiary rules published under Section 46 of the General Stamp Act apply equally to transactions relating to Court Fees stamps: Provided that separate accounts shall be kept and separate returns made for Court Fees labels.

9th August, 1873, No. 1,966.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees Act, 1870, Section 35, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act on copies of settlement records furnished to land holders and cultivators, but not certified by the signature of any public officer to be true copies.

Nothing in this notification applies to criminal judicial proceedings.

2nd October, 1873, No. 3,367.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit all fees leviable under the said Act on copies of Judgments or decisions passed on claims preferred under the provisions of Madras Regulation VI of 1861.

17th January, 1873, No. 362.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870) the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act on all petitions of appeal presented to Revenue Officers in accordance with Section 55 of the Madras Act IV of 1871.

18th April, 1873, No. 2,504.

In continuation of Financial Notification, No. 2,625, dated the 15th August, 1872, published in page 752 of the Part I of the Gazette of India of the 17th idem, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that, in cases in which stamp duty has been paid on Probates or Letters of Administration in respect of the gross assets of the estates of deceased persons, refunds of the duty may be made by the Chief Executive Revenue Authority under the Local Governments in each Presidency or Province, if he thinks right, in respect of such portion of the assets as is actually applied in discharging the debts of the deceased.

6th June, 1873, No. 996.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees leviable on the undermentioned documents:—

1. Copy or translation of the charge furnished to an accused person under Section 199 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

2. Copies of depositions furnished to accused persons under Section 201 of the said Code.

3. Copy of the Judgment or Order, passed by a Criminal Court, and of a Judge's charge to the Jury, furnished under Section 276 of the said Code to any person affected by such Judgment or Order, provided that such person is in Jail, or the Court, for some special reason, sees fit to grant such copy free of expense.

4. Copies of the examination of witnesses given to accused persons under Section 357 of the said Code.

5. Copies of charges given to accused persons under Section 446 of the said Code.

6. Copies of orders of Maintenance given under Section 583 of the said Code.

Rules made by the High Court of Judicature at Madras pursuant to the Court Fees Act, Section 20, confirmed by the Governor of Port Saint George in Council and sanctioned by the Governor-General in Council.

Vide Port Saint George Gazette, dated 5th August, 1873, page 1255.

22nd August, 1873, No. 2,569.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to rule that when a plaint, disclosing a reasonable case on the merits, is presented to any Civil Court in such a form that the Judge rejects, not for any substantial defect, but on account of an entirely technical error in form only, and so as to leave the plaintiff free to prosecute precisely the same case, in another form, against the same defendant or defendants, the value of the stamp on the

plaint shall be refunded on presentation of an application to the Collector of the District in which the Civil Court is situated, together with a certificate from the Judge who rejected the plaint, that it was rejected under the circumstances above described, and that the value of the stamp should in his opinion be refunded.

No. 3816.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act (VII of 1870), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable on applications presented to a Collector for refund of the amount paid to Government for stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use, or is no longer required for use, and on applications for renewal of stamped paper which has become spoiled or unfit for use.

No. 3801.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, reduces to eight annas the fee payable:

(a) On the plaint in every suit hereafter instituted in the Province of Oudh to obtain a declaratory decree in respect of an undivided proprietary tenure where no counter-claim is made.

(b) On every appeal hereafter presented in any such suit, whether instituted before or after the date of this Notification.

No. 1293.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, remits the whole of the fees chargeable on applications in writing relating exclusively to the purchase of land, the property of Government.

No. 1311.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, remits the whole of the fees chargeable under Schedule I of the said Act, on plaints in summary suits brought before Collectors under Madras Act, No. VIII of 1825.

31st July, 1874.

No. 4655.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Court Fees Act, 1870, Section 35, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare that throughout the territories subject to the Government of Fort Saint George in Council, the fees payable in suits by Government agents for the recovery of land sold for arrears of revenue, shall be reduced to the amount which would be payable if the value of the subject-matter were only the rent of the land payable for the year next before the date of presenting the plaint.

25th Feb. 1876.

No. 855.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to make the following remission:—

Whenever upon payment of the full fee chargeable under the said Act, a certificate of administration has been granted under Act XL of 1859, or Act XX of 1861, and a fresh certificate is for any reason subsequently granted in respect of the same estate, no fees shall be chargeable upon the fresh certificate so granted.

(5th March.)

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 31st July, 1877, No. 2041, page 465.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act VII of 1870 and in pursuance of the Notification in the Financial Department, No. 4366, dated 31st October 1873, the Governor in Council is pleased to remit the fees chargeable under the said Act in respect of:—

1st.—Copies of all documents furnished under the orders of any Court or Magistrate to any Government Advocate or Pleader or other person specially empowered in that behalf for the purpose of conducting any trial or investigation on the part of Government before any Criminal Court.

2nd.—Copies of all documents which any such Advocate, Pleader, or other person is required to take in connection with any such trial or investigation for the use of any Court or Magistrate or any other person specially empowered for the purpose of advising the Government in connection with any criminal proceeding.

3rd.—Copies of judgments and depositions required by Officers of the Police Department for conducting appeals on behalf of Government before any Criminal Courts.

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th August, 1877, No. 2127, page 519.

7th Aug. 1877.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act of 1870, the Governor in Council is pleased to declare that the fee chargeable under the said Act on plaints filed in suits for possession of immovable property under Section 9 of the Special Relief Act No. I of 1877, shall be one-half of the amount prescribed in the scale of Fees for plaints mentioned in Schedule I, Act No. I of the Court Fees Act.

Fort St. George Gazette, dated 7th May, 1878, No. 170, page 267.

REPARATE REVENUE.

(S.M.)

7th May, 1878.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 35 of the Court Fees Act, 1870, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to reduce to one anna the Court Fee payable under the said Act for a petition to the Collector for relief under Section 25 of the Madras Trades License Act, 1878.

REMISSIONS OR REDUCTIONS OF STAMP DUTY.

AS AUTHORIZED BY

NOTIFICATION ISSUED UNDER THE SUCCESSIVE STAMP ACTS.

Under Section 33 of the Indian Stamp Act, I of 1873, the presiding officers of each Court or Office are required to examine every instrument liable to Stamp Duty coming before them, in order to ascertain whether it is stamped with a stamp of the value and description required by the law in force in British India, when such instrument was executed or first executed. This duty necessarily involves frequent references not only to the several Stamp Acts, but also to the various Notifications scattered over volumes of Official Gazettes, under which remissions or reductions of Stamp Duty have been granted from time to time.

Before October 1860 instruments exempted from Stamp Duty were described in the Stamp Acts themselves. For the first time, in Act XXXVI of 1860, power was reserved for the Governor-General in Council to remit or reduce Stamp Duties on instruments by Notifications in the Official Gazette. The following Table contains all the Notifications authorising remissions or reductions of Stamp Duty since the passing of Act XXXVI of 1860, save only those relating to the Straits Settlements, and those which are manifestly obsolete, such as Notifications exempting tenders for loans.

If any omission or defect is discovered in this Table, intimation should be sent direct to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Finance.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE; }
The 15th October 1880. }

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1861.		
Policies of Assurance or Insurance against fire.	Reduced to 8 Annas for every Rs. 1,000 or fraction of Rs. 1,000.	No. 338, dated 19th Feb. 1861. (Act 36 of 1860, S. 14.)
Foreign Bills of Exchange drawn out of the British Territories in India.	Remitted till 5th October 1861.	No. 188, dated 5th Oct. 1861. (Act 40 of 1860, S. 1.)
1862.		
Guarantees for the due adjustment of public claims or demands required from public officers on occasions of transfer of office, or of leave of absence, or of retirement.	Exempted.	No. 4128, dated 11th Aug. 1862. (Act 10 of 1862, S. 33.)
Deeds, Instruments, and Writings executed in Double Island and Callagauk, including Aligunda Reef dependencies of British Burmah.	Ditto.	No. 6547, dated 21st Nov. 1862. (Act 10 of 1862, S. 33.)
1865.		
Customs Bonds	Reduced to—	No. 1285, dated 11th July 1865. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 2.)
If the penalty of the bond does not exceed Rs. 25	Rs. 1.	
If above Rs. 25 and not exceeding Rs. 50	Rs. 2.	
" " 50 " " " 100	Rs. 4.	
" " 100 " " " 200	Rs. 8.	
" " 200 " " " 300	Rs. 12.	
" " 300 " " " 500	Rs. 16.	
and for all sums above Rs. 500	Rs. 20.	
Bills of Exchange drawn in Mysore on and after 1st August 1865, on which full stamp duty may have been paid in that province when negotiated in British Territory, and <i>vice versa</i> .	Exempted.	No. 1028, dated 26th June 1865. (Act 15 of 1865, S. 2.) See No. 1983, dated 6th June 1879.
1866.		
Leases or other Engagements, and counterparts thereof, executed between landlords and tenants relative to land paying revenue to Government in the Provinces of Mysore and Coorg.	Exempted.	No. 91, dated 20th April 1866. (Act 19 of 1865, S. 2.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1868. A certain Investment or Deed of Trust executed by certain Mysore Princes constituting Prince Ghulam Muhammad, Shahzade Rabi-ul-Jin, and Shahzade Palakhtier as Trustees of their portions of the Mysore Grant aggregating Rs. 15,00,000.	Exempted	No. 1623, dated 6th Aug. 1868. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 2.)
Proxy papers used at Municipal Elections, Scientific Society and Service Fund Meetings, and the like, where the transactions in which the papers are used have nothing of a mercantile character.	Ditto	No. 1912, dated 18th Aug. 1868. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 2.)
1870. Agreements made by ryots in opium-producing districts for the cultivation of the poppy for Government.	Exempted	No. 1228, dated 17th Feb. 1870. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 15.)
Mortgage deeds executed by salaried officers of Government as security for the due performance of their duties.	Ditto	No. 391, dated 12th May 1870. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 15.) (Succeeded by No. 2260, dated 23rd July 1873.)
1871. Bonds and other instruments executed by salaried officers of Government to secure the due performance of their duties, which are chargeable under Schedule 2, No. 6, of the Court Fees Act, VII of 1870.	Exempted	No. 47, dated 6th Jan. 1871. (Act 7 of 1870, S. 35.)
1872. Bonds executed by Money Order Agents or their Sureties for the due performance of their duties as such Money Order Agents.	Exempted	No. 231, dated 14th June 1872. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 16.)
Instruments executed in the Hill Tracts of Chittagong.	Ditto	No. 3764, dated 25th Oct. 1872. (Act 18 of 1865, S. 16.)
1873. Certificates granted under Section 259, Act VIII of 1859, by which the rights, titles and interests in immovable property sold in execution of a decree by a Civil Court are transferred to the purchaser.	Exempted	No. 3906, dated 24th Oct. 1873. (Act 19 of 1869, S. 16.)
1874. Bonds executed for the purpose of guaranteeing that the local income from private subscriptions of a charitable hospital or dispensary shall not be less than a specified sum per annum.	Exempted	No. 382, dated 16th Jan. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Contracts for services in British Burmah under the Chief Commissioner of that Province entered into between Natives of India emigrating to British Burmah and the Superintendent of State Emigration or other Government Officer acting as representative of the said Chief Commissioner.	Ditto	No. 525, dated 23rd Jan. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Receipts for pay given by Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers of Her Majesty's Army or Her Majesty's Indian Army not being in civil employ.		
Receipts for pensions or allowances given by persons receiving pensions or allowances in respect of their service as such Non-Commissioned Officers or Soldiers and not being in civil employ.	Ditto	No. 1191, dated 13th Feb. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Receipts given by holders of family certificates in cases where the person from whose pay or allowances the sum comprised in the receipt has been assigned is a Non-Commissioned Officer or Soldier of either of the said Armies and is not in civil employ.		

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued).
1874—contd. Instruments executed in favor of, by, or on behalf of the Government, relating to the carriage of grain to or in the territories under the respective Governments of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal and the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces.	Exempted till 30th November 1874.	No. 1889, dated 25th Feb. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments relating to advances made by or under the authority of Government to ryots or cultivators for the purchase of grain in Bengal and the Benares Division of the North-Western Provinces.	Ditto	No. 1461, dated 27th Feb. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments relating to land, or benefits to arise out of land, executed by members of the following tribes residing in the Bannu District within the limits specified below:— <i>Ahmaddani Wazirs.</i> <i>Bounded</i> —north, independent territory; east, territory of Nawab Khwaja Muhammad Khan Khattak; south, Kurm River, Serrani, tappahs, and the Murwat thall; west, independent territory. <i>Utmanzai Wazirs.</i> <i>Bounded</i> —north, independent territory and Kurm River; east, Bannuchi tappahs and Murwat thall; south, Murwat thall; west, independent territory. <i>Blittoris.</i> <i>Bounded</i> —north, independent territory and Murwat thall; east, Murwat thall; south, Murwat thall; west, independent territory. <i>Bhittani locality of Karam tala.</i> Surrounded by Murwat thall. <i>Bung's Khels (Khattaks).</i> <i>Bounded</i> —north, territory of Nawab Khwaja Muhammad Khan Khattak; east, lands of the Sagri Khattaks; south, rivers Indus and Kalabagh; west, same as north.		
Release of any claim secured by a document chargeable with stamp duty of less than Rs. 8.	Reduced to the stamp duty with which such document is chargeable.	
Release of any claim affecting any property when such claim is not secured by a document chargeable with stamp duty, if the value of the property is expressed in the release and does not exceed Rs. 700.	Reduced to the stamp duty with which a conveyance of the property would be chargeable if the consideration for the conveyance equalled the value of the property expressed in the release.	No. 2201, dated 2nd April 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.) (Cancelled as regards Instrument of Conveyance by Notification No. 188, dated 15th January 1875.)
Instrument of divorce executed by a Mahomedan husband, whether by way of "tulak," "khoola," or otherwise.	Reduced to one rupee.	
Conveyances by endorsement of rights secured by the instruments known as <i>santas</i> in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.	Exempted	No. 3223, dated 22nd May 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments executed by ryots or cultivators in Bengal and the Benares Division of the North-Western Provinces relating to the payment of advances made to them in grain by or under the authority of Government.	Exempted till 30th November 1874.	No. 5910, dated 19th June 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments of exchange of immovable property where no money is paid, or agreed to be paid, for equality of exchange.	Reduced to Rs. 4.	No. 5934, dated 30th Sept. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1874—contd.		
Instruments by which moveable or immovable property is conveyed to the Secretary of State for India in Council by way of sale, lease, or exchange where money is paid by Government for equality of exchange.	Exempted	No. 6048, dated 9th Oct. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
In supercession of Notification No. 2969, dated 25th June 1874, which included mortgage also. Affidavits made as a condition of enlistment under the Indian Act of War.	Ditto.	No. 7516, dated 31st Dec. 1874. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
1875.		
Bonds executed by the trustees of middlemen (Jambardars or Khatindars) taking advances for the cultivation of the poppy for Government within the limits of the Benares and Patna Opium Agencies.	Exempted	No. 593, dated 22nd Jan. 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments of gift of immovable property when the value does not exceed Rs. 1,500.	Reduced to the duty chargeable on a conveyance for a sum equal to the value of the immovable property given.	No. 179, dated 16th April 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Within the limits of the Secunderabad Cantonment:—		
Bill of Exchange payable otherwise than on demand.		
Promissory Note payable otherwise than on demand.		
Bill of Exchange, Promissory Note, cheque or order for the payment on demand of an amount exceeding Rs. 20.	Exempted	No. 1033, dated 28th May 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Receipt or discharge given for or upon the payment of money, or delivery of goods in satisfaction of a debt, the amount or value of which money or goods exceeds Rs. 20.		
Title Deeds or Sumans granted by Government to Bhoomias in Ajmere.	Exempted	No. 1243, dated 4th June 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Counterpart of any instrument.	Reduced so as in no case to exceed the duty chargeable on the original.	No. 2255, dated 23rd July 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments executed by salaried officers of Government to secure the due performance of their duties.	Exempted	No. 2280, dated 23rd July 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.) (In supercession of No. 291, dated 12th May 1870.) Superseded by No. 1123, dated 7th July 1876.
Instruments executed by ryots or cultivators in the Allahabad District to secure the repayment of advances made to them by or under the authority of Government.	Exempted till 31st December 1875.	No. 4067, dated 15th Oct. 1875. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
1876.		
Instruments executed by the holder of any salaried office under Government or by his surety for the due performance of the duties of his office.	Exempted	No. 1485, dated 7th July 1876. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.) In supercession of No. 2280, dated 23rd July 1875.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1876—contd.		
Documents described as Form II in Rule 23 of the rules laid down by the Governor of Bombay in Council under the provision of Section 23 of the Bombay Survey and Settlement Act, I of 1865.	Reduced to an amount equal to the yearly revenue assessed on the lands to which such documents refer in cases in which the stamp duty chargeable under Article II of Schedule II of the General Stamp Act, 1863, exceeds such amount.	No. 3422, dated 22nd Dec. 1876. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 17.)
1877.		
Security Bonds for the due performance of their duties by headmen nominated or appointed in accordance with the rules made by the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, under Section 99 of Act III (B. C.) of 1876.	Exempted	No. 1046, dated 23rd Feb. 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments executed by ryots or cultivators in the following mounas of the Lalitpur District, North-Western Provinces, to secure the repayment of Takhari advances made to them by or under the authority of Government:—	Exempted till 31st Dec. 1877.	No. 1173, dated 16th June 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Pargana.		
Mouna.		
Lalitpur...	Pissria Pali. Nem Khara. Singapur. Kulna. Kakutha.	
Balabhat...	Barkhera. Richha. Mohola.	
Bampur...	Chanki. Sindwaha. Digwar. Gondrapur.	
Mahroni...	Chyen. Cheria Lathanja. Midarwaho.	
Maraura	Bachrauni. Bharuta. Dongra Khurd. Gurha. Kheria. Malons. Tarauli. Putna. Chazdra. Digwar. Goziana. Dharipani. Gacra Gundera. Nashal. Lamnow. Arjun Kheria. Danzapara. Bareja. Samaria. Garoli Kalan. Bamrana. Maturajpura. Jatpura. Gona.	

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1877—contd.		
Instruments whereby the owner or occupier of land in a village in the Presidency of Bombay relinquishes his rights therein to the Local Government upon the site of the village being changed by the order or with the consent of the said Local Government, and accepts in exchange therefor the right to occupy land in a new village site upon such terms as the said Local Government may prescribe.	Reduced to 4 annas.	No. 1715, dated 6th July 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Leases of Fisheries and the counterparts of such leases granted under Section 4 of Act VII of 1875 (The Burma Fisheries Act).	Exempted	No. 2033, dated 20th July 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Bills of Exchange drawn and fully stamped in Berar and negotiated in British India on or after 1st January 1873, and Bills of Exchange drawn and fully stamped in British India and negotiated in Berar.	Ditto	No. 5571F, dated 16th Dec. 1877. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
1873. Security Bond executed by a Theogryee in British Burmah for the due performance of the duties of his office.	Exempted	No. 141, dated 26th April 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.) Superseded by No. 3020, dated 20th Sept. 1878.
Security Bonds (Hafiz Zarakat) executed to secure the personal attendance of Gomastas and other Native employees of the Opium Department.	Ditto	No. 2147, dated 26th March 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Instruments executed by ryots or cultivators in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh for securing the repayment of advances made to them by or under the authority of Government for the purchase of seed and cattle.	Exempted till 30th Nov. 1879.	No. 1428, dated 15th Jan. 1879. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Kakalyats to take up unoccupied land for cultivation in the Bombay Presidency executed under the rules laid down by the Governor of Bombay in Council in accordance with the provisions of the Bombay Survey and Settlement Act, I of 1855.	Reduced to an amount equal to the yearly revenue assessed on the lands to which such document refers whenever such annual assessment is less than 8 annas.	No. 1916, dated 26th June 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.)
Security Bond executed by or on behalf of a Theogryee in British Burmah for the due performance of the duties of his office.	Exempted	No. 3020, dated 20th Sep. 1878. (Act 18 of 1869, S. 16.) In supersession of No. 141, dated 26th April 1878.
1879. Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in Mysore on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Exempted	No. 1093, dated 6th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Ditto	No. 1191, dated 13th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Bills of Exchange and cheques drawn in the Cantonment of Secunderabad on which the full rate of stamp duty has been paid there, and presented for payment or otherwise negotiated in British India.	Ditto	No. 1200, dated 20th June 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1879—contd.		
Agreements executed for service or for performance of work in the coffee plantations in Madras, Coorg, and Mysore, when the advance given under the agreement does not exceed Rs. 20.	Reduced to one anna.	No. 3261, dated 11th October 1879. No. 1565-I.G., dated 30th October 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 8.)
Entry as a vakil on the roll of any High Court of any person who was bound as clerk to a vakil of such Court under articles executed before the 1st April 1879, and the term of which was unexpired on that date.	Reduced to Rs. 275.	No. 3345, dated 1st Nov. 1879. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.) Superseded by No. 1479, dated 27th March 1880.
1880.		
Agreements described in Section 43 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879. Copies of instruments which the Village Registrar has to deliver to the parties under Section 59 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879. Powers-of-attorney furnished to relatives, servants, or dependants under Section 68 of the Dekkhan Agriculturists' Relief Act, 1879.	Exempted	No. 10, dated 3rd Jan. 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Receipts given by Mounted Police Constables on account of their pay and allowances.	Ditto	No. 1174, dated 13th March 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Receipts given by the addresses for deposits exceeding Rs. 20 made for the payment of replies to telegraphic messages.	Ditto	No. 1410, dated 27th March 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Entry as a vakil on the roll of any High Court under the Letters Patent constituting such Court— (a) of any person who was bound as clerk to a vakil of such Court under articles executed before 1st April 1879; (b) of any pleader of a District Court who may apply for such entry under the rules of the High Court before the 1st of April 1883.	Reduced to Rs. 275, with effect from 1st April 1879.	No. 1479, dated 27th March 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.) In supersession of No. 3345, dated 1st November 1879.
Memorandum or agreement furnished to, or made or entered into with, Executive Commissioner Officers by contractors, and declarations in agreements by which a tender made to an Executive Commissioner Officer is accepted as a contract when the deposit of such contractor as security for his contract is made in Government of India Loan Notes or in cash.	Exempted	No. 444, dated 8th May 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Receipts endorsed by the payee on Postal Money Orders.	Ditto	No. 731, dated 22nd May 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)
Instruments executed in 1878 in the following districts in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh by ryots, cultivators, or zamindars for securing the repayment of advances made to them by or under the authority of Government for the purchase of seed and cattle:— Bashipahpur. Etawah. Bareilly. Mainpuri. Etah. Farukhabad. Agra. Mathura. Cawnpore. Gorakhpur. Fatehpur. Basti. Hamirpur. Jalaun.	Ditto	No. 1247, dated 19th June 1880. (Act 1 of 1879, S. 3.)

Description of Instruments.	Stamp duty remitted or reduced.	Number and date of Notifications (with law under which issued.)
1880— <i>contd.</i>		
Instruments of gift of shares in a Company or Association.	Reduced to the amount prescribed in Article 60 (a), Schedule I of Act I of 1879, for a transfer of such shares for a consideration equal to their value as set forth in such instrument of gift.	No. 1379, dated 26th June 1880. (Act I of 1879, S. 8.)
Agreements executed respecting the occupancy of land, whether surveyed or not, and the payment of land revenue therefor under the "Bombay Land Revenue Code, 1879" (Bom. Act V of 1879), or any rules made thereunder.	Exempted	No. 2327, dated 14th August 1880. (Act I of 1879, S. 8.)
Agreements with Railway Companies or Administrations for the conveyance of goods, and receipts given by such Companies or Administrations for fares for conveyance of passengers or goods, or both, or animals.	Ditto	No. 2330, dated 14th August 1880. (Act I of 1879, S. 8.)
Instruments executed for repayment of loans made under Northern India Takavi Act V of 1879.	Ditto	No. 3393, dated 2nd October 1880.

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

Under Act III of 1877, for the Registration of Documents.

G. HAMNETT, Esq., Inspector-General of Registration.—Pay Rs. 1500.

W. E. WRIGHT, Esq., Registrar, Madras.—Pay Rs. 400.

OFFICE—ERRABALLOO CHERRY STREET, BLACK TOWN.

S. SRINIVASA IYER, Sub-Registrar, Mount Road, Sub-District.

OFFICE IN DEPUTY COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, MOUNT ROAD.

List of District Registrars.

Names of Districts.	Limits of Districts.	Stations of District Registrars.	Registrars.
1 Ganjam.....	Coherent with the Col- lectorate and Agency of Ganjam.	Berhampore	T. Kodandaramayya Pan- talu.
2 Vizagapatnam	Do. do. of Vizagapatnam.	Vizagapatnam	Vepa Rama Murthi Pantu- lu, B.A.
3 Godavery.....	Do. do. of Godavery.....	Cocanada.....	A. Subramiah.
4 Kistna.....	Do. do. of Kistna.....	Masulipatam.....	G. Vasudeva Sastry.
5 Nellore.....	Do. do. of Nellore.....	Nellore.....	C. Sambasivaier.
6 Cuddapah.....	Do. do. of Cuddapah.....	Cuddapah.....	V. Sesha Aiyar, B.A.
7 Kurnool.....	Do. do. of Kurnool.....	Kurnool.....	C. Mariyappa Mudali.
8 Bellary.....	Do. do. of Bellary.....	Bellary.....	A. S. Venkat Rao.
9 Madras.....	Do. do. of Madras.....	Madras.....	W. E. Wright, Esq.
10 Chingleput.....	Do. do. of Chingleput.....	Saidapett.....	Ramasami Iyer, B.A.
11 North Arcot.....	Do. do. of North Arcot.....	Chittoor.....	M. Nataraja Iyer.
12 South Arcot.....	Do. do. of South Arcot.....	Cuddalore.....	V. Sundaramayya, B.A.
13 Tanjore.....	Do. do. of Tanjore.....	Tanjore.....	S. Hari Rao, B.A.
14 Tinnevely.....	Do. do. of Tinnevely.....	Tinnevely.....	V. Rajagopala Chetty, B.A.
15 Madara.....	Do. do. of Madara.....	Madara.....	R. Subramania Iyer, B.A.
16 Trichinopoly.....	Do. do. of Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly.....	P. Krishnaswamy Iyer, B.A.
17 Salem.....	Do. do. of Salem.....	Salem.....	G. Saminadha Iyer, B.A.
18 Coimbatore.....	Do. do. of Coimbatore.....	Coimbatore.....	A. Periasami Mudali, B.A.
19 South Canara.....	Do. do. of South Canara.....	Mangalore.....	L. Rama Rao.
20 Malabar.....	{ Do. do. of Tellicherry. } { Do. do. of Calicut. }	Calicut.....	S. Ramasami Iyer, B.A.
21 Neilgherries.....	Coherent with the jurisdiction of the Com- missioner appointed un- der Act I of 1883.	Ootacamund.....	Mr. E. R. Clarke.

The Registration Act extends to the whole of British India, except such districts or tracts of country as the Local Government may from time to time, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, exclude from its operation.

In Bengal, the Garo, Khasia, Jyuteah and Nagah Hills, the Chitragong Hill Tracts and the tributary Mehals of Orissa and Chota Nagpore, have been excluded from the operation of the Act. (*Beverley's Regn. Manual*, p. 1.)

In the Madras Presidency, the Jeypore Zamindari, in the District of Vizagapatnam, has been excluded from the operation of the Act. (*Vide Notification published at page 773 of the Fort St. George Gazette of 1876.*)

The Act has been extended to the Province of Mysore and to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts and Cantonment of Secunderabad by the Governor-General in Council. (*Notification, 27th June, 1877, Foreign Department, Simla, 20th July, 1871, No. 146.*)

What documents must be registered.

I. The registration of the following documents is compulsory:—

- i.—Instruments of gift of immovable property;
- ii.—Other instruments (not being Wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of the value of 100 Rupees and upwards to or in immovable property;
- iii.—Instruments (not being Wills) which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title or interest.

Nothing in clauses ii. and iii. of this paragraph applies to any Composition Deed, nor to any instrument relating to shares in a Joint Stock Company, notwithstanding that the

assets of such Company consists in whole or in part of immovable property, nor to any endorsement upon or transfer of any Debenture issued by any such Company, nor to any document not itself creating, declaring, assigning, limiting or extinguishing any right, title or interest of the value of 100 Rs. and upwards to or in immovable property, but merely creating a right to obtain another document which will, when executed, &c., create, and any such right, &c., nor to decrees and orders of Courts and awards, grants of immovable property by Government, instruments of partition made by Revenue Officers, certificates and instruments of collateral security granted under the Land Improvement Act, 1871.

iv.—Leases* of immovable property from year to year, or for any term exceeding one year, or reversing a yearly rent. Provided, however, that any leases executed in any district of the Madras Presidency, the terms granted by which do not exceed 5 years, and the annual rents reserved by which do not exceed 50 Rupees, are exempted. The "Pattahs" granted by Zemindars to their ryots, as well as the "Mushiklas" (or counterparts), executed by the ryots under Section 3 of Act VIII of 1865, are defined to be leases for the purposes of the Registration Act, and all those not coming within the terms of the preceding proviso, if executed after the 1st July, 1871, must be registered.

v.—Anticliques to adopt a son, executed after the 1st January, 1872, and not conferred by a Will.

2. No person having a husband or wife, or any nearer relative, has power to bequeath any property to religious or charitable uses, except by a Will executed not less than twelve months before his death, and deposited within six months from its execution in a Registry Office. This is not applicable to Hindus, Mahomedans or Buddhists. (*Indian Succession Act, (No. X) 1855, Sections 106 and 331.*)

What other documents may be registered.

3. The registration of the following documents is voluntary:—
i.—Instruments (other than instruments of gifts and Wills) which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value of less than 100 Rupees to or in immovable property;

ii.—Instruments acknowledging the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation or extinction of any such right, title or interest;

iii.—Leases of immovable property for any term not exceeding one year, and leases exempted by the proviso in clause iv of paragraph 1;

iv.—Instruments, other than Wills, which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish any right, title or interest to or in movable property;

v.—Wills;

vi.—All other documents.

4. But although the registration of these documents is not compulsory, the advantages of registering them are—

i.—That all documents, not testamentary, duly registered and relating to any property whether movable or immovable, take effect against any oral agreement or declaration relating to such property, unless where the agreement or declaration has been accompanied or followed by delivery of possession;

ii.—That every document of the kinds mentioned in clauses i, ii, iii and v, of paragraph 1, and clauses i and ii of paragraph iii, if duly registered, takes effect as regards the property comprised therein against every unregistered instrument relating to the same property, and not being a decree or order, whether such unregistered document be of the same nature as the registered document or not;

iii.—The period of limitation for a suit on a promise or contract in writing registered, and for the execution of any decree or order of any Civil Court of which a certified copy has been registered under the Registration Act, is six years, instead of three. (*Act 157 and 168, and *Schedule Limitation Act IX of 1871.**)

Deposit of Wills.

5. Any testator may either personally or by duly authorized Agent, deposit with any Registrar his Will in a sealed cover superscribed with the name of the testator and that of his agent (if any) and with a statement of the nature of the document.

Description required in document relating to immovable property.

6. "No document, not testamentary, relating to immovable property, shall be accepted for registration unless it contains a description of such property sufficient to identify the same."

i.—"Houses in towns shall be described as situate on the north or other side of the street or road (naming it) which they front, and by their existing and former occupancies, and by their numbers, if the houses in such street or road are numbered. Other houses and lands shall be described by their names, if any, and as being in the territorial division in which they are situate, and by their special or general contents, the roads and other properties on which they abut, and their existing occupancies, and also, whenever it is practicable, by reference to a Government map or survey."

* Lease includes a counterpart, a Khabliyat, an undertaking to cultivate or occupy, and an agreement to lease.

ii.—"No document, not testamentary, containing a map or plan of any property comprised therein, shall be accepted for registration unless it be accompanied by a true copy of the map or plan, or in case such property is situate in several districts, by such number of true copies of the map or plan as are equal to the number of such districts."

Failure to comply with the provisions contained in clause i of this paragraph will not disentitle a document to be registered if the description of the property is sufficient to identify such property.

7. "The term 'territorial division,' as used in the Indian Registration Act, 1877, shall as far as practicable, include—

- (1) The Registration District.
- (2) The Registration Sub-District.
- (3) The Taluk, Jaghira, Zemindary or Proprietary Estate.
- (4) Any well known division thereof, such as a Mootah, Hoomdah, Khundara, Fikra, Magaz, Amshom, &c., and
- (5) The village, hamlet, or suburb in which the property referred to in a registrable document is situate."

But if the property is described in the document relating thereto by a specific reference to a registered instrument, in which the above particulars are already given, they need not be repeated.

Time prescribed for Registration.

8. No document, other than a Will, "shall be accepted for registration unless presented for that purpose to the proper officer within four months from the date of its execution;

Or in the case of a copy of a decree or order, within four months from the day on which the decree or order was made, or where it is appealable, within four months from the day on which it becomes final;

Provided that, where there are several persons executing a document at different times, such document may be presented for registration and re-registration within four months from the date of each execution."

If owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, the presentation is not made within the prescribed time, the Registrar where the delay does not exceed four months, may direct registration on a payment of a fine not exceeding ten times the proper registration fee.

When a document purporting to have been executed by all or any of the parties out of British India, is not presented till after the expiration of four months, the registering officer is satisfied—

- (1) That the instrument was so executed, and
- (2) That it has been presented for registration within four months after its arrival in British India.

may, on payment of the proper registration fee, accept such document for registration. A Will may at any time be presented for registration, or deposited.

9. No document, other than a Will, shall be registered unless the persons executing such document, or their representatives, assigns, or authorized agents, appear before the registering officer within the time allowed for presentation;

Provided that if, owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, all such persons do not so appear, the Registrar in cases where the delay in appearing does exceed four months, may direct that, on payment of a fine not exceeding ten times the amount of the proper registration fee, in addition to the fine payable under paragraph 8, the document may be registered.

Such appearance may be simultaneous or at different times.

Provided, further, that it is not necessary for any officer of Government, or for the Administrator General of Bengal, Madras, or Bombay, or for any Official Trustee, or for the Sheriff, Receiver or Registrar of a High Court or Official Assignee, to appear in person or by Agent at any Registration Office in any proceeding connected with the registration of any instrument executed by him in his official capacity.

Place of Registration.

10. The ordinary place for registering every document mentioned in paragraph 1, clauses i, ii, iii and iv, and paragraph 3, clauses i, ii, and iii, is the office of a Sub-Registrar within whose Sub-District the whole or some portion of the property to which such document relates is situate; but the Registrar of a District, including a Presidency Town (e.g., the Registrar of Madras), may receive and register any document of this description without regard to the situation in any part of British India of the property to which the instrument relates, and any Registrar may, at his discretion, receive and register any instrument, which might be registered by any Sub-Registrar subordinate to him.

11. Every other document may be presented for registration in the office of the Sub-Registrar in whose Sub-District the document was executed, or in the office of any Sub-Registrar under the Local Government, at which all the persons executing and claiming under the document desire the same to be registered.

12. Wills must be deposited with the Registrars of Districts.

13. In ordinary cases, the registration or deposit of documents under this Act shall be made only at the office of the officer whose duty it is to register the same; but such

officer may, on special cause being shown, attend at the residence of any person intending to register any document, or of any person desiring to deposit a Will and register or accept for registration or deposit such document or Will.

Presentation of documents for Registration.

14. Except in the case mentioned in last preceding paragraph, every document shall be presented at the proper Registration Office by some person executing or claiming under the same, or, in the case of a copy of a decree or order claiming under the decree or order, or by his representative or assign of such person, or by the agent of such person, representative or assign, duly authorized by power of attorney executed and authenticated in manner hereinafter mentioned.

15. For the purpose of paragraph 14, the powers of attorney hereinafter mentioned shall alone be recognized:

(a.) If the principal resides in any part of British India in which this Act is in force, a power executed before and authenticated by the Registrar or Sub-Registrar within whose district or sub-district the principal resides;

(b.) If the principal resides in any other part of British India, a power executed before and authenticated by any Magistrate;

(c.) If the principal does not reside in British India, a power executed before and authenticated by a Notary Public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, or representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India.

16. Every officer granting a certificate under the Land Improvement Act, 1871, shall send a copy of such certificate to the registering officer within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the whole, or any part of the land to be improved, or of the land to be granted as collateral security, is situate, and such registering officer shall file the certificate in his book No. I.

**RULES UNDER SECTION 69 OF THE INDIAN REGISTRATION ACT
NO. III OF 1877.**

PART I.—GENERAL RULES.

Documents.

1. The following languages shall be deemed to be commonly used in the Districts and Sub-Districts hereinafter named.

LANGUAGES, SECTION 18.
TAMIL—Districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, Kistna, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Bellary, Madras and North Arcot.

In Salem, Sub-Districts of Coosur and Pudukottah.

TAMIL.—Districts of Madras, Chingleput, North Arcot, South Arcot, Tanjore, Tinnevely, Madurai, Trichinopoly, Salem, Coimbatore and Neigherry.

CANARESE.—Districts of South Canara and Bellary.

In Coimbatore, Sub-District of Coimbatore.

In Salem, Sub-Districts of Coosur and Pudukottah.

MALAYALUM.—Districts of Calicut and Tellicherry. In S. Canara, Sub-Dist. of Nilgishwar.

HINDUSTANI.—District of Madras.

Sub-Districts of Kurnool, Arcot, Vellore and Trichinopoly.

URDU.—In Ganjam, Sub-Districts of Coosur, Aska, Pootoshotmapur, Ganjam, Berhampore, Teckaty, and Purlah Kandy.

Documents written in English, Telugu or Tamil, may be presented in any office of which the Registering Officer understands these languages.

Table of Fees under Section 78 of "The Indian Registration Act of 1877."

	RS. A. P.
1.—Registration of documents in Books I and IV.	
(a.) When the length does not exceed 50 words, and the value does not exceed Rupees 50.....	0 8 0
(b.) When the length exceeds 50 words, and the value does not exceed Rupees 50.....	1 0 0
(c.) When the value exceeds Rupees 50, but does not exceed Rupees 100.....	1 0 0
(d.) When the value exceeds Rupees 100, but does not exceed Rupees 500.....	1 8 0
(e.) When the value exceeds Rupees 500, but does not exceed Rupees 1,000.....	2 0 0
(f.) And for each additional Rupees 1,000 or part thereof.....	0 8 0
Provided that the maximum shall not exceed Rupees 50.	
2.—Registration of Wills and authorities to adopt in Book III.	
(a.) Opening a sealed cover and entering the contents in the Register. Copying fee at the prescribed rate, plus.....	2 0 0
(b.) Will or authority to adopt presented open.....	4 0 0
3.—Registration of sealed covers in Book V.	
(a.) Deposit of a sealed cover purporting to contain a Will.....	2 0 0
(b.) Withdrawal of any such sealed cover.....	2 0 0

4.—Search or Inspection.

For the first year, in the books of which search is made, for each entry or document.....

For every other year, for each entry or document.....

Provided that no fee for any one entry or document under this Article shall exceed the sum of Rupees 5.

Note.—Every application for the grant of a certified copy, except at the time of the registration of a document, shall be considered as an application for search.

5.—Making or granting copies of reasons, entries or documents for the benefit of any person or for transmission to any office:

(a.) English. Every 100 words or portion of 100 words.....

(b.) Vernacular. Every 100 words or portion of 100 words.....

6.—Attesting powers of Attorney.

(a.) Special power.....

(b.) General power.....

7.—Filing a translation.

Extra fee of.....

8.—Registration by a Registrar of Madras under Section 50 (b).

An extra fee of.....

9.—Registration by a Mofassil Registrar under Section 40 (a) unless the document is registered in consequence of the Sub-Registrar being a party interested in the transaction to which such document relates.

Extra fee of.....

10.—Issue of Commission, or attendance at a private residence or jail.

(a.) For every attendance under Section 31 at a private residence for registration, or acceptance of one or more documents, *bona fide* executed by one and the same individual travelling allowance shall be paid, with an extra fee of.....

(b.) Before the issue of a Commission, or before the Registering Officer, or Judge personally proceeds to any dwelling-house or jail, to obtain evidence as to the voluntary character of the execution of a Power of Attorney under Section 33, or for the examination of any person under Section 33, a fee shall be paid, as follows, on account of every person exempted from appearance:—

(1.) If the person be exempted on account of bodily infirmity such as to make it impossible, without risk of life, to attend the Registration Office, or because confined in jail.....

(2.) If the person be exempted on account of sickness of any other kind, or as a person exempt by law from personal appearance in Court.....

And in addition, travelling allowance shall be paid to the Registering Officer or Judge, or any person to whom the Commission is issued.

Provided that, where two or more persons who execute the same document reside together, only one Commission fee shall be charged so far as those persons are concerned.

(c.) If the services of a female are required, a further fee of.....

11.—Memorandum under Sections 64, 65, 66, and 67.

Each copy required.....

12.—Safe custody and return of documents.

For each month or part of a month during which a registered document left unclaimed after the expiration of one month from the date of its registration.....

II.—When a duplicate or counterpart of a document may be presented for registration at the same time as the original document, the registration of such duplicate or counterpart shall be charged for at the rate prescribed for certified copies, unless the copying fee is higher than the ordinary fee.

III.—In leases for periods not exceeding one year, the total rent payable for the whole term shall be the value. In other leases one year's rental shall be the value. In all cases the fine or premium, if any, shall be added to the value.

IV.—If the rent is payable in kind, the value shall be determined from the stamp, but if the lease bears no stamp, the value of the grain shall be calculated at the current rates.

V.—The value in the case of all other documents in which no value is expressed, or in which it is not fully expressed, shall be the maximum amount which the stamp borne by the document shall suffice to cover, but if the value cannot be determined from the stamp, the fee shall be 5 Rupees.

VI.—The fees for serving summonses issued and for the remuneration of witnesses summoned under Sections 56 and 57 of "The Indian Registration Act, 1877," shall be regulated according to the scale prescribed for the Courts of District Munsifs and in the case of the District of Madras, for the Courts of the Presidency Magistrate.

The fees for processes issued by Registrars under Section 75 shall be levied according to the scale in force in the Principal Court of Original Civil Jurisdiction.

VII.—Registrars shall be allowed travelling allowance at the rate of 4 Annas a mile, and Sub-Registrars at the rate of 2 Annas a mile for proceeding to, and returning from, any private residence or jail.

VIII.—In the event, however, of the Registering Officer being a Covenanted or Commissioned Officer, the travelling allowance shall be calculated at the rate of 8 Annas a mile.

IX.—Any person deputed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar to take an examination at a private residence shall be allowed travelling allowance at the rate of 2 Annas a mile.

REGISTRATION OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES.

Under the Indian Companies' Act No. X of 1866, and Act No. XVI of 1869, an Act for the registration of literary, scientific and charitable Societies.

W. E. WRIGHT, Esq., Registrar.

OFFICE—ERRABANTU CHETTY STREET, BLACK TOWN.

Summary of Act No. X, The Indian Companies' Act, 1866.

"No Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than ten persons shall be formed, after the commencement of this Act, for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or some other Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent; and no Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than twenty persons shall be formed after the commencement of this Act, for the purpose of carrying on any other business that has for its object the acquisition of gain by the Company, Association or Partnership, or by the individual members thereof, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of some other Act or Letters Patent." (Sec. 1.)

General of India in Council, or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent; and no Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than twenty persons shall be formed after the commencement of this Act, for the purpose of carrying on any other business that has for its object the acquisition of gain by the Company, Association or Partnership, or by the individual members thereof, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of some other Act or Letters Patent." (Sec. 1.)

2. "Any seven or more persons associated for any lawful purpose may, by subscribing their names to a Memorandum of Association, and otherwise complying with the requisitions of this Act in respect of registration, form an incorporated company, with or without limited liability." (Sec. 2.)

3. "Where a Company is formed on the principle of having the liability of its members limited to the amount unpaid on their shares, the Memorandum of Association shall contain the following things:—

(1). The name of the proposed Company, with the addition of the word "Limited", as the last word in such name;

(2). The part of British India in which the registered Office of the Company is proposed to be situated;

(3). The objects for which the proposed Company is to be established;

(4). A declaration that the liability of the members is limited;

(5). The amount of capital with which the Company proposes to be registered, divided into shares of a certain fixed amount, subject to the following regulations:—

(i). That no subscriber shall take less than one share;

(ii). That each subscriber of the Memorandum of Association shall write opposite to his name the number of shares he takes. (Sec. 3.)

4. The rules for a Memorandum of Association of a Company limited by guarantee and of an unlimited Company will be found in Sections 9 and 10 of the Act.

Stamp of Memorandum of Association. 5. The Memorandum of Association shall bear a stamp of 16 Rupees. (Sec. 11, Act X of 1866, and No. 31, Schedule II, Act XVIII of 1869.)

6. The Memorandum of Association may, in the case of a Company limited by shares, and shall, in the case of a Company limited by guarantee, be accompanied, when registered, by Articles of Association signed by the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association, and prescribing such regulations for the Company as the subscribers to the Memorandum of Association deem expedient. (Sec. 14.)

Stamp, &c., of Articles of Association. 7. The Articles of Association shall be printed and they shall bear a stamp of 16 Rupees. (Sec. 15, Act X of 1866, and No. 31, Schedule II, Act XVIII of 1869.)

Registration of Memorandum and Articles of Association with fees as in table B. 8. The Memorandum and the Articles of Association, if any, shall be delivered to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, who shall retain and register the same. (Sec. 17.)

9. Upon registration, the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Company is incorporated, and in the case of a Limited Company, that the Company is limited; the subscribers of the Memorandum of Association, together with such other persons as may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body

Effect of registration.

may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body

may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body

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may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body

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Corporate by the name contained in the Memorandum of Association, capable forthwith of exercising all the functions of an incorporated Company, and having perpetual succession and a common seal. (Sec. 15.)

10. No Company shall be registered under a name identical with that by which a subsisting Company is already registered, or so nearly resembling the same as to be calculated to deceive, except in a case where such subsisting Company is in the course of being dissolved and testifies its consent in such manner as the Registrar requires. (Sec. 20.)

Prohibition against identity of names in Companies.

11. No notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive, shall be entered on the Register or be receivable by the Registrar in the case of Companies under this Act and registered in British India. (Sec. 29.)

Entry of trusts on Register.

12. Every Company shall have a registered Office. If any Company carries on business without having such an Office, it shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which business is so carried on. (Sec. 38.)

Registered Office of Company.

13. If any Company under this Act carries on business when the number of its members is less than seven, for a period of 6 months after the number has been so reduced, every person who is a member of such Company shall be severally liable for the payment of the whole debt of the Company. (Sec. 43.)

Prohibition against carrying on business with less than seven members.

14. A General Meeting shall be held once at least in every year. A Balance Sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the Company. Once at least in every year the accounts shall be examined and the correctness of the Balance Sheet ascertained by one or more Auditor or Auditors. (Sec. 45.)

General Meeting of Company.

Balance Sheet.

Power to alter Regulations by Special Resolution.

15. Any Company may, in General Meeting, by passing a Special Resolution, alter all or any regulations or make new Regulations. (Sec. 50.)

16. Any Company limited by shares may, so far modify the conditions contained in its Memorandum of Association, as to increase its capital, or to consolidate and divide its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares, or to convert its paid-up shares into stock, but, save as aforesaid, and save as provided in the case of a change of name, no alteration shall be made by any Company in the conditions contained in its Memorandum of Association. (Sec. 12.)

Power of certain Companies to alter Memorandum of Association to a certain extent.

Winding up of Companies. 17. Companies may be wound up by order of the Court or voluntarily. (Secs. 97 to 159.)

Documents to be forwarded to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

By all Companies. Penalty for non-transmission. Sections of Act X of 1866.

Notice of the situation of registered Office and of any change therein..... Not exceeding 60 Rs. for every day 38 and 39

Notice of rectification of Register..... 38

Annual Balance Sheet..... 1000 Rs. 49

Copy of every Special Resolution passed..... Not exceeding 20 Rs. for every day 53

Copy of order of Court for winding up a Company..... 100

Order of Court for dissolution of Company, to be reported by the Official Liquidator..... 132

Return of meeting held for receiving final account of Liquidators of Company voluntarily wound up..... Not exceeding 50 Rs. for every day 159

Annual List of members with summary of amount of capital, &c..... Not exceeding 50 Rs. for every day 25 and 26

Notice of consolidation and division of capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares or of conversion of any portion of its capital into stock..... 27

Notice of any increase of capital beyond the registered capital..... Not exceeding 100 Rs. for every day 33

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By Companies not having capital divided into shares in addition to those transmittable by all Companies as shown above.	Penalty for non-transmission.	Sections of Act X. of 1896.
Notice of any increase in the number of members beyond the registered number.	Not exceeding 100 Rs. for every day.	33
Register containing the names, addresses and occupations of its Directors or Managers. Any change in such Directors or Managers, to be notified from time to time.	Do.	45 and 46

Table of Fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies by a Company having a capital divided into shares.

	RS.	A.	P.
For registration of a Company whose nominal capital does not exceed Rs. 20,000, a fee of.....	40	0	0
For registration of a Company whose nominal capital exceeds Rs. 20,000, the above fee of forty rupees, with the following additional fees regulated according to the amount of nominal capital; (that is to say)			
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 20,000 rupees up to 20,000 rupees.....	20	0	0
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 20,000 rupees up to 30,000 rupees.....	5	0	0
For every 10,000 rupees of nominal capital or part of 10,000 rupees after the first 30,000 rupees.....	1	0	0
For registration of any increase of capital made after the first registration of the Company, the same fees per 10,000 rupees or part of 10,000 rupees as would have been payable if such increased capital had formed part of the original capital at the time of registration:			
Provided that no Company shall be liable to pay in respect of nominal capital on registration, or afterwards, any greater amount of fees than 1,000 rupees, taking into account in the case of fees payable on an increase of capital after registration the fees paid on registration.			
For registration of any existing Company, except such Companies as are by this Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.			
For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than that the Memorandum of Association.....	5	0	0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of.....	5	0	0

Table of Fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies by a Company not having a capital divided into shares.

For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, does not exceed 20.....	40	0	0
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 20, but does not exceed 100.....	100	0	0
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 100, but is not stated to be unlimited, the above fee of Rs. 100 with an additional Rs. 5 for every 50 members or less number than 50 members after the first 100.			
For registration of a Company in which the number of members is stated in the Articles of Association to be unlimited, a fee of.....	400	0	0
For registration of any increase on the number of members, made after the registration of the Company, in respect of every 50 members, or less than 50 members, of such increase.....	5	0	0
Provided that no one Company shall be liable to pay on the whole a greater fee than Rs. 400 in respect of its number of members, taking into account the fee paid on the first registration of the Company.			
For registration of any existing Company except such Companies as are by this Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.			
For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than the Memorandum of Association.....	5	0	0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of.....	5	0	0

CIVIL.] REGISTRATION OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES. 345

	RS.	A.	P.
An inspection of the documents kept by the Registrar.....	1	0	0
A certificate of the incorporation of any Company.....	3	0	0
Certified copy or extract of any other document or any part of any other document: each hundred words.....	0	2	0

[Notification by Madras Government, 9th February, 1875.]

SUMMARY OF ACT XXI OF 1860.

An Act for the Registration of Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies. Societies formed by Men. 1. Any seven or more persons associated for any Literary, Scientific or Charitable purpose, or for any such purpose as is described in Section XX of this Act, may, by subscribing their names to a Memorandum of Association, and filing the same with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies under Act XIX of 1837, form themselves into a Society under this Act.

Section XX. The following Societies may be registered under this Act, Charitable Societies, the Literary Orphan Funds or Societies established at the several Presidencies of India, Societies established for the diffusion of useful knowledge, or the Fine Arts, for instruction, the libraries, or Reading-rooms for general use among the Members, or open to the public, or public Museums and Galleries of Paintings and other Works of Art. Collections of Natural History, Mechanical and Philosophical Inventions, Instruments, or Designs.

Memorandum of Association. 2. The Memorandum of Association shall contain—

- The name of the Society,
- The objects of the Society,

The names, addresses, and occupations of the Governors, Council, Directors, Committee, or other governing body to whom, by the Rules of the Society, the management of its affairs is entrusted. A copy of the Rules and Regulations of the Society, certified to be a correct copy by not less than three of the members of the governing body, shall be filed with the Memorandum of Association.

3. Upon such memorandum and certified copy being filed the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Society is registered under this Act. There shall be paid to the Registrar for every such registration a fee of fifty Rupees, or such smaller fee as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time direct; and all fees so paid shall be accounted for to Government.

4. Once in every year, on or before the 14th day succeeding the day on which according to the Rules of the Society, the Annual General Meeting of the Society is held, or if the Rules do not provide for an Annual General Meeting, in the month of January, a list shall be filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, of the names, addresses, and occupations of the Governors, Council, Directors, Committee or other governing body then entrusted with the management of the affairs of the Society.

5. The property, movable and immovable, belonging to a Society registered under this Act, if not vested in Trustees, shall be deemed to be vested, for the time being, in the governing body of such Society, and in all proceedings, Civil and Criminal, may be described as the property of the governing body of such Society by their proper title.

6. Every Society registered under this Act may sue or be sued in the name of the President, Chairman, or Principal Secretary, or Trustees as shall be determined by the Rules and Regulations of the Society, and in default of such determination, in the name of such person as shall be appointed by the governing body for the occasion; provided that it shall be competent for any person having claim or demand against the Society, to sue the President or Chairman, or Principal Secretary or the Trustees thereof, if on application to the governing body, some other Officer or person be not nominated to be the defendant.

7. Any person may inspect all documents filed with the Registrar under this Act on payment of a fee of one Rupee for each inspection; and any person may require a copy or extract of any document or any part of any document to be certified by the Registrar, on payment of two Annas for every hundred words of such copy or extract; and such certified copy shall be *prima facie* evidence of the matters therein contained in all legal proceedings whatever. (Sec. 19).

Extracts from Regulations passed by Government under date 1st December 1875, for the discharge of the duties of the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies.

VII. With the view of enforcing the punctual transmission by all Companies of the documents required to be forwarded to the Registrar, he is authorized, whenever any document is over-due, to request the Government Solicitor to take the necessary steps for the recovery of the prescribed penalties for default; and he shall send at the same time a notice of his having done so to the registered office of the Company concerned.

List of the Working Companies registered in the Madras Presidency up to 7th November 1875.

Number on the Register.	Name.	Objects for which established.	Capital.	Station of Registered Office.
<i>Registered in 1863-64.</i>				
10	Madras Cotton-cleaning Company (Limited).	Cleaning cotton.....	Rs. 2,50,000	Town of Madras.
<i>Registered in 1864-65.</i>				
12	Burton's Patent Press Company, Madras, (Limited).	Pressing cotton, &c.	3,00,000	Do.
18	Permanad Coffee Company (Limited).	Working of Hope Coffee Estate in Travancore and of lands in the vicinity.	1,00,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1865-66.</i>				
19	Southern India Coffee Company (Limited).	Cultivation and preparation of coffee, tea, and cinchona.	23,00,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1870-71.</i>				
30	Malabar Perseverance Coffee Company (Limited).	Cultivation of coffee.	15,000	Calicut.
<i>Registered in 1873-74.</i>				
36	Madras Deposit and Benefit Society (Limited).	Receiving money for fixed periods at interest and granting loans.	50,000	Town of Madras.
37	Cochin Mercantile Press Company (Limited).	Printing.....	2,500	Cochin.
<i>Registered in 1871-72.</i>				
44	Cuddapah Pressing Company (Limited).	Pressing cotton & other substances.	1,00,000	Town of Madras.

LIST OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES, &c.—continued.

Number on the Register.	Name.	Objects for which established.	Capital.	Station of Registered Office.
<i>Registered in 1872-73.</i>				
45	Madras Hindu Mutual Benefit Fund (Limited).	Collecting monthly savings for the purpose of investing in landed or other property and for granting loans.	Rs. 7,50,000	Town of Madras.
<i>Registered in 1871-72.</i>				
47	Coringa Company (Limited).....	Manufacturing castor oil and indigo, preparing rice and growing cotton.	2,00,000	Coconada.
49	Chintadripetah — Mutual Relief Society (Limited).	Mutual Loan Company.	2,00,000	Town of Madras.
51	Tondiarpettah Hindu Monthly Savings Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	84,000	Do.
56	Mylapore Hindu Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	2,99,931	Do.
57	Madras Hindu National Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	2,50,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1873-74.</i>				
59	Pursewaulkum Hindu Janopastara Nidhi, or General Benefit Fund, Third Branch (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	3,00,000	Do.
60	Pursewaulkum Jananocoola Nidhi, First Branch (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	2,00,000	Do.
61	Madras Peddu Naick's Pettah Hindu Mutual Benefit Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	1,00,000	Do.
62	Madras Hindus' Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	2,00,000	Do.
63	Madras Hindu Union Fund (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	8,20,000	Do.
64	Pursewaulkum Hindu Sounthathia Sanga Nidhi (Limited).	Do. Do. ..	3,00,000	Do.
65	Triplacane Hindu Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund.	Do. do. ..	1,000	Do.
66	Poodoopett Hindu Soognesgara Nidhi (Limited).	Do. do. ..	1,00,000	Do.
67	Nungambakum Hindu Dhanasakam Nidhi (Limited).	Do. do. ..	1,15,020	Do.
68	Madras Mootalpett Mutual Benefit Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. do. ..	1,00,000	Do.
70	Madras Monthly Savings Fund (Limited).	Do. do. ..	1,25,000	Do.
74	Cummalala Pettah Mutual Benefit Commercial Society (Limited).	Carrying on trade in Handkerchiefs and cotton goods.	20,000	Do.
76	Madras Permanent Benefit Fund (Limited).	Mutual Loan Company.	1,62,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1874-75.</i>				
77	Southern India Alpha Gold Mining Company (Limited).	Gold Mining	3,00,000	Ootacamund.
78	South Indian Railway Co-operative Society (Limited).	Retailing the necessaries of life to the employees of the S. Indian Railway Company.	20,000	Negapatam.

LIST OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES, &c.—(continued.)

Number on the Register.	Names.	Objects for which established.	Capital.	Station of Registered Office.
<i>Registered in 1874-75.</i>				
79	Madras Central Native Benefit Fund (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	Rs. 50,000	Town of Madras.
80	Triplicane Hindu Sreemath Society (Limited).	Do. do.	2,00,000	Do.
81	Registered Land Mortgage and Building Society (Limited).	Do. do.	6,00,000	Do.
83	Chennai Akamrapuram Mananthara Arjuna Sikkaramalai or Monthly Savings' Fund, Second Branch, (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	1,12,000	Do.
84	Coconut Steam Mills (Limited).	Curing coffee, saw- ing timber, manu- facturing cases, coffee-cases, &c.	40,000	British Cochin.
86	Krishnaiah Naik's Agraharam Mutual Benefit Fund (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	1,00,000	Do.
87	Atharabakam Hindu Thamopakara Nidhi (Limited).	Do. do.	81,000	Sydupet.
89	Madras Hindu Aiding Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	19,950	Do.
<i>Registered in 1875-76.</i>				
90	Coinbatore Swadesa Dravayya So- larz Nidhi (Limited).	Do. do.	80,000	Coinaba- tore.
91	Madras Building Society, Third Branch (Limited).	Do. do.	6,50,000	Town of Madras.
92	City of Madras Mutual Benefit Build- ing Society, (Limited).	Do. do.	5,00,000	Do.
95	Madras Hindu Sejjana Mannaranjani Savita Nidhi.	Do. do.	95,900	Do.
96	Hindu Monthly Savings' Fund, First Branch (Limited).	Do. do.	2,50,000	Town of Madras.
97	Egmore Benefit Society, First Branch (Limited).	Do. do.	5,00,000	Do.
98	Madras Hindu Loan Accommodation Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	1,00,000	Do.
99	Wynnad Prospecting Company, (Limited).	Acquiring and pros- pecting nume- rous quartz reefs in Wynnad.	43,100	Wynnad.
100	Pursewalkum Hindu Juropakara Nidhi, or General Benefit Fund, Fourth Branch (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	3,00,000	Town of Madras.
101	Land Building and Loan Society, (Limited).	Do. do.	3,00,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1876-77.</i>				
2	Madras Hindu Mutual Fund, Third Branch (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	70,000	Do.
5	Madras Provident Society, (Regis- tered.)	Defraying the fune- ral and other in- cidental expenses attending on the loss of the head of a family.	(150 Members.)	Town of Madras.
6	Buckingham Mill Company (Li- mited).	Working of a spin- ning and weaving mill, buying raw cotton, wool, jute, silk & other fibres, spinning and weav- ing the same and selling the mate- rials so manufac- tured.	7,00,000	Do.

LIST OF JOINT STOCK COMPANIES, &c.—(continued.)

Number on the Register.	Names.	Objects for which established.	Capital.	Station of Registered Office.
<i>Registered in 1876-77.</i>				
7	Madras Working Men's Provident Society (Registered.)	Similar to No. 5.	Rs. (150 Members.)	Town of Madras.
8	Neilgherry Building and Mutual Benefit Society (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	2,50,000	Coonoor.
9	Salem Deravia Segara Nidhi (Li- mited).	Do. do.	1,00,000	Salem.
10	Brangimangar Diraviya Upakara Nidhi (Limited).	Do. do.	84,000	The Mount.
11	Mount Hindu Mutual Benefit Per- manent Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	1,50,000	Do.
12	The Cowl Bandar Hindu Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	99,990	Bellary.
13	Black Town Hindu Mutual Aiding Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	29,000	Town of Madras.
14	Madras Timber Trading Company (Limited).	Trading in Timber...	7,500	Do.
15	Teruvaimyoor Dravyopakara Nidhi (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	16,900	Sydupet Taluk.
<i>Registered in 1877-78.</i>				
2	Madras Perpetual Building Society, (Limited).	Do. do.	2,10,000	Town of Madras.
3	Madras Poodoopettah Hindu Sanyasa- gara Nidhee, 1st Branch, (Limited).	Do. do.	1,00,000	Do.
4	Sydupett Parasparopakara Nidhi, (Limited).	Do. do.	19,920	Sydupet.
5	Madras Hindu Strinidhi Permanent Fund, (Limited).	Do. do.	20,000	Town of Madras.
6	City of Madras Mutual Benefit Build- ing Society, 1st Branch, (Limited).	Do. do.	4,00,000	Do.
7	Madras Building Association, (Lim- ited).	Do. do.	6,50,000	Do.
8	Madras Peddu Naik's Petich Hindu Mutual Benefit Fund, 1st Branch, (Limited).	Do. do.	1,60,000	Do.
9	Madras Hindu Union Fund, 1st Branch, (Limited).	Do. do.	2,00,000	Do.
10	The Nilgiri Library.	The maintaining a Library, Reading and Lecture Room, Writing Room and Museum.	..	Ootaca- mund.
11	Muthalpett Benefit Fund (Limited).	Mutual Loan Com-pany.	50,000	Town of Madras.
12	The Chintadripettah Loan Society (Limited).	Do. do.	3,00,000	Do.
<i>Registered in 1878-79.</i>				
1	Registered Land Mortgage and Build- ing Society, 1st Branch (Limited).	Do. do.	4,00,000	Do.
2	Choolay Savings' Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	20,000	Do.
3	The Madras Native Permanent Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	2,00,000	Do.
4	Madras Building Society, 1st Branch (Limited).	Do. do.	5,00,000	Do.
5	The Madras Loan Fund (Limited).	Do. do.	40,000	Do.
6	The Covilputty Cotton Company (Li- mited).	Buying and cleaning cotton and dispos- ing of the same by sale, consignment or otherwise.	20,000	Timne- velly.

LIST OF JOINT-STOCK COMPANIES, &c.—concluded.

Number on the Register.	Name.	Objects for which established.	Capital.	Station of Registered Office.
7	The Madras Hindu Benefit Fund, 1st Branch (Limited)	Mutual Loan Company.	Rs. 70,000	Town of Madras.
8	The United Aid and Saving Society (Limited.)	Do. do.	50,000	Do.
9	The Kishnama Naick's Agraharam Mutual Benefit Fund, 1st Branch (Limited.)	Do. do.	50,000	Do.
10	The Pursewalkum Hindu Perul Sagaya Nidhi (Limited.)	Do. do.	20,000	Do.
11	The Madras Permanent Loan and Saving Fund (Limited.)	Do. do.	20,000	Do.
12	The Comaleesveranpettah Mutual Benefit Fund (Limited.)	Do. do.	20,000	Do.
13	The Madras Railway Co-operative Society (Limited.)	Purchase of the necessaries of life for retail to the employees of the Madras Railway Company.	20,000	Do.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

List showing the Establishment of the Forest Department in the Madras Presidency, corrected up to 31st December, 1880.

NAMES.	Salary.	Travelling Allowance.	STATIONS.
<i>Conservator of Forests.</i>	Rs. A. P.	Rs.	
Celestine R. H. Biddome.....	1,200 0 0	200	Ootacamund.
<i>Deputy Conservator, 1st Class.</i>			
Major J. C. Walker.....	700 0 0	150	(On furlough for one year).
Personal Allowance.....	200 0 0		
<i>Deputy Conservators, 2nd Class.</i>			
Mr. J. W. Cherry.....	500 0 0	150	In charge of South Arcot Forests, Ag. Dy. Conserv. of Forests.
" C. G. Douglas.....	500 0 0	150	(On furlough to Europe).
" E. Williams.....	500 0 0	150	In charge of North Arcot Forests.
<i>Deputy Conservators, 3rd Class.</i>			
Major R. S. Jago.....	350 0 0	150	In charge of the Nilgiri Sholas and Australian Plantations and Segur and Madumalai Forests.
Military Pay.....	250 14 6		
Mr. W. C. Hayne.....	350 0 0	150	In charge of Tinnevely Forests, Ag. Deputy Conservator, 2nd Class.
" R. W. Morgan.....	350 0 0	150	In charge of Wynad Forests, Ag. Deputy Conservator, 2nd Class.
" A. W. Peet.....	350 0 0		(On furlough to Europe).
Personal Allowance.....	100 0 0		
<i>Deputy Conservators, 4th Class.</i>			
Mr. J. Ferguson.....	250 0 0	150	In charge of the Nelanboor Teak Plantations.
Personal Allowance.....	100 0 0		
" H. H. Yarde.....	250 0 0	150	In charge of Cuddapah Forests.
Personal Allowance.....	100 0 0		
" J. Sheffield.....	250 0 0	150	In charge of North Arcot Forests.
Personal Allowance.....	150 0 0		

NAMES.	Salary.	Travelling Allowance.	STATIONS.
Mr. H. L. Wechidge.....	Rs. A. P. 250 3 0	Rs. 150	In charge of South Arcot Forests, Ag. Dy. Conservator, 3rd Class.
" H. A. Gans.....	250 0 0	150	In charge of Madras Forests.
Personal Allowance.....	100 0 0		
" J. H. B. Brougham.....	250 0 0	150	In charge of Kurnool Forests.
<i>Probationary Assistants.</i>			
Mr. E. H. Boileau.....	200 0 0	50	In charge of the Goavari & Vizagapatnam Forests, Ag. Dy. Conservator, 3rd Class.
" G. Hadfield.....	200 0 0	50	In charge of Trichinopoly Forests, Ag. Dy. Conservator, 4th Class.
" A. W. C. Standbrough.....	200 0 0	50	In charge of the Salem Forests, Ag. Dy. Conservator, 4th Class.
<i>Sub-Assistant Conservators.</i>			
T. Mahamed Ali Sahib.....	150 0 0		South Coimbatore.
Mr. M. Newman.....	150 0 0		On furlough to Europe.
<i>Rangers, 1st Class.</i>			
Mr. H. Stafford.....	100 0 0	25	Kurnool.
" T. G. R. Tacabald.....	100 0 0	25	North Coimbatore.
" T. M. Newman.....	100 0 0	25	Nilgiris.
" E. Dazapier.....	100 0 0	25	Ganjam.
" W. Carroll.....	100 0 0	25	South Canara.
<i>Rangers, 2nd Class.</i>			
Mr. W. E. Newman.....	80 0 0	20	Wynad.
V. Govinda Rajah Moodally.....	80 0 0	20	North Coimbatore.
Mr. A. Goudin.....	80 0 0	20	Kurnool.
Mr. S. A. Newman.....	80 0 0	20	North Arcot.
C. G. Appavoo Pillay.....	80 0 0	20	Salem.
<i>Rangers, 3rd Class.</i>			
Mr. T. H. Pollett.....	60 0 0	15	North Arcot.
P. N. Soobhien.....	60 0 0	15	Madras.
C. N. Lutchman Row.....	60 0 0	15	Salem.
Mr. M. A. Rodriguez.....	60 0 0	15	Palghat.
T. A. Madunnaicken Pillay.....	60 0 0	15	North Coimbatore.
Mr. T. G. A. Gaudin.....	60 0 0	15	Cuddapah.
N. Armooga Moodally.....	60 0 0	15	Coimbatore.
N. Pitchacootty Pillay.....	60 0 0	15	North Coimbatore.
T. Maria Pillay.....	60 0 0	15	Trichinopoly.
Mahomed Cakir Eoussein Safo.....	60 0 0	15	South Arcot.
Mr. C. Palmer.....	60 0 0	15	South Coimbatore.
Aroonagharry Moodally.....	60 0 0	15	Tinnevely.
T. S. Sukaram Row.....	60 0 0	15	Madras.
Mr. H. H. Ward.....	60 0 0	15	Cuddapah.
<i>Probationary Rangers.</i>			
Mr. S. G. Pereira.....	50 0 0		South Coimbatore.
M. V. Gopala Menon.....	50 0 0		Nelanboor.
J. Gurunada Pillay.....	50 0 0		Salem.
Shah Tippoos.....	50 0 0		Cuddapah.
Ramalinga Pillay.....	50 0 0		Madras.
<i>CENTRAL OFFICE.</i>			
<i>Assistant to Conservator of Forests.</i>			
A. Cundasawmy Moodally.....	250 0 0		Madras.
Personal Allowance.....	50 0 0		
<i>Head Clerk.</i>			
B. Venzataram Naidoo.....	100 0 0		Ootacamund.
<i>Head Accountant.</i>			
Mr. T. Batchelor.....	75 0 0		Madras.
<i>2nd Accountant.</i>			
A. Janakaram Moodali.....	60 0 0		Do.

The Conservancy Establishment for the planting and preservation of Forests in South Canara, Coimbatore, Malabar, Salem, Madura, Tinnevely, Cuddappah, Kurnool, Bellary, Nilgiris, Wynad, North Arcot, South Arcot, Ganjam and Vizagapatam Districts are now formed into one Department, for one entire Presidency. An extensive Teak Plantation exists on the banks of the Nelmambur River in Malabar. Periodical sales of Timber by auction take place on account of Government. Means have been taken to stop the destruction of Forests by fire and stray cattle. Nurseries have also been established. The attention of the Special Department is being engaged in extending the fuel plantations and reserving the Forest tracts along the North and South-west lines for the future wants of the Railway Locomotive Department.

General Instructions to the Forest Office.

1. To keep a Diary of work done.
2. To obtain a complete knowledge of the quantity and quality of Timber in each Forest of the District, and to prepare a Forest Chart according to a fixed scale, indicating as far as possible the number and size of the more valuable Forest Trees within their respective ranges.
3. To prevent any kind of Depredation or damage being committed in the Forests, to aid in which the Civil authorities will give every support in their power. It will be the duty of the Assistants also to make circuits of the Government Forests, and to prevent private individuals cutting or damaging trees of any description in them, and to complain to the nearest Police Official against all who violate the order, to be dealt with according to the offence.
4. To improve the Forests by clearing, planting, and by unremitting attention to young trees. To see that Teak and other fine timber is carefully seasoned, and to take care that no trees are felled except under the orders of the Forest Department, and when felled that the timber is properly protected. If Forests are being worked by contract to watch against injury to seedlings and undersized trees; also to see that trees are cut near the root (always within two feet) and to guard against wastage of timber from any cause whatever.
5. To present to the Officer in charge of the Central Office, Monthly Returns, Half-yearly Statements of the work done, and other periodical Returns.
6. To supply Tabular Statements of the quantity and description of the seasoned and green timber contained in their respective Districts. Personally to pay the establishment and to take every care of the health of the employees. Also to report every instance of neglect on the part of their Subordinates.
7. To give details of all sales effected whether by notifications or otherwise.
8. To transmit to the Central Office, as opportunity offers, any new or remarkable production of the Forests.
9. The services of the Assistants belong entirely to Government, and they are strictly prohibited from engaging in private transaction of any kind whatever.

(Signed) H. F. C. CLICHORN, Conservator of Forests.

RULES FOR THE CONSERVANCY OF THE FORESTS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

1. All parties found felling trees or removing timber or firewood from Government Jungles and Forests, in breach of the prescribed rules, will be liable to criminal prosecution for theft, mischief, or trespass, as the case may be, under the Penal Code, and to the confiscation of the timber, &c.
2. The trees and shrubs which fringe springs and mountain streams (to a distance of twenty yards from each bank) are not to be felled. Parties felling or recklessly injuring the same will be liable to criminal prosecution.
3. Charcoal burners or others setting fire to any of the Government Jungles or Forests, will be liable to be prosecuted for "mischief" under the Penal Code.
4. A list of the reserved timbers and the seigniorage to be paid thereon, as published in the Gazette of each District may be obtained by applying either at the Collector's Office or at the Office of the Forest Department; copy will also be kept in each village of any consequence in the District.
5. None of the reserved timbers (except Salwood, Red Samblers, and Sandalwood) are ever to be felled, when the tree is less than three feet in circumference at three feet from the base.

6. As one of the chief objects of Conservancy is to preserve saplings and young trees, and to restrict felling to such trees as have come to maturity, it is hereby ruled that when the reserved trees are found cut, or being brought out of the Forests, of a less circumference than three feet, the licence holders shall be subject to the forfeiture of his licence and to the confiscation of the timber.
7. All trees felled must be cut within three feet from the base.
8. All applications for licence must state whether the timber required is to be brought out of the Forests in the rough or worked up, as the latter pays a higher seigniorage.
9. All timbers not included in the published list as reserved and bearing a fixed seigniorage, will be charged with a seigniorage of 1 Rupee per (two bullocks) bandy-load.
10. Ryots are allowed to cut the unreserved kinds of timber free of charge for agricultural purposes within their village boundaries; but if they require the reserved kinds of timber they must pay this fixed seigniorage.
11. Villagers are in all cases allowed to cut firewood from low scrub Jungle for their own use free of taxation.
12. Where firewood is liable to taxation, the seigniorage payable thereon shall be notified in the District Gazette and in the villages to which the rules may be applicable.
13. The preservation of village topes devolves upon the village authorities, subject to the orders of the Revenue Department.
14. For the convenience of parties not entitled to the right of cutting timber and firewood, and who may require less than one bandy-load, tickets will be issued for bullock, donkey, or head loads of the unreserved sorts of timber. The seigniorage will be 4 Annas for the bullock load, 3 Annas for the donkey load, and 2 Annas for the head load. The reserved timber can only be felled by parties taking out a voucher and licence.
15. The seigniorage upon bamboos shall be levied at the rate published in the Gazette of each District. Ryots are allowed to cut bamboos for agricultural purposes or for the bona fide erection of their houses, free of any taxation.
16. Charcoal burners shall not fell the reserved timbers, and may only fell unreserved timbers in such localities as shall be assigned to them by the Forest Department. In cases where seigniorage is payable upon charcoal, it will be published in the District Gazette.
17. Parties wishing to fell timber in Government Forests shall pay the seigniorage for the number of bandy-loads required in advance into one of the Taluk Treasuries, and shall receive from the Tahsildar a numbered voucher (in duplicate) from the Voucher Cheque book for the same. The Forest Department, on receipt of the voucher, shall grant a printed licence for the number of bandy-loads paid for, and shall attach thereto the duplicate voucher, the name of the wood being specified, or (if not one of the reserved kinds) the same being entered as jungle-wood. The number of bandy-loads shall be checked off on the back of the licence as the loaded bandies pass through the first village, either by the village authorities or by the Forest Peon or Duffadar. When the full number of bandies specified in the licence has been checked off on the back of the licence, the documents shall be detained and forwarded to the Tahsildar, who shall submit them to the Collector in due course.
18. The portion of the Forest in which the felling is to take place shall be specified in each licence, as well as the Tannah station or village through which the timber is to pass.
19. The time allowed for licences to run shall not exceed three months.
20. Any one felling trees in the Forests, or removing the same within the limits of the Tannah stations, must be ready to produce both his voucher and licence when required.
21. Time-expired licences must be given up, even though the timber paid for has not been removed.

* N. B.—It is to be understood that this voucher does not entitle the holder to fell timber without a licence, and that the Forest Officer may, at his discretion, refuse to grant a licence notwithstanding the issue of the voucher; but in this case the holder of the voucher will receive an order for the refund of the money paid by him. The holder of a voucher must, in all respects, conform to the Forest Rules, copy of which can be obtained from the Collector, or Conservator of Forests.—*Vide G. O., dated the 14th June, 1864, No. 1919, R. D.*

22. All confiscated timber shall be arranged and numbered off into lots by the Forest Officer, and shall be sold by public auction after due notice shall have been given in the District Gazette, and also, if the timber is of much value, in the Fort Saint George Gazette. All purchasers will be required to pay the price of the timber purchased into the Taluk Treasury, and to produce the Tahsildar's voucher for the same before they remove the timber.

23. In the event of confiscated timber being sold by auction, 50 per cent. of the net profits will be paid to the informer, whether he belongs to the Forest Department or not.

MADRAS,
Office of Conservator of Forests,
22nd May 1865.

(Signed) R. H. BEDDOCKE,
Officiating Conservator of Forests.

NOTIFICATION.

THE following Rules, passed by the Right Honourable the Governor in Council under this date, for the examination of officers of the Forest Department in the several Vernacular languages of this Presidency are published.

1. *First*.—The examination by test A shall be passed by Europeans and East Indians in India, who may be candidates for appointments of the Higher or Conservator Grade. Every such candidate must pass one of these Examinations before he is eligible for appointment to such grade, whether as Probationer or otherwise. A similar examination must be passed by every person appointed to the department by Her Majesty's Government, before such person shall be entitled to any rise in his pay or promotion, as provided by paragraph 10 of his Articles of Agreement with the Secretary of State in Council.

2. *Secondly*.—The Examination in one of the Vernaculars by Test B shall be passed by all European and East Indian candidates for any grade of Forest Overseer, before they shall be considered eligible to any appointment in such grade.

TEST A.

- I. Reading, translating, and explaining grammatically—
In Telugu, the first 50 stories of Morris's Selections.
In Tamil, the whole of the Kattamanjari.
In Canarese, the first 50 stories of Aesop's Fables.
In Malayalam, the first 50 stories of the Selections.

II. Translating, in writing, from the Vernacular into English, a paper of ordinary difficulty specially prepared by the Committee for the Examination of Assistants at Madras, so as to test the officer's knowledge of Vernacular figures and accounts and of technical words and phrases in common use in the Forest Department.

III. Translating, in writing, from English into the Vernacular, a short paper of ordinary difficulty prepared by the Committee.

IV. Reading and translating *vice versa* to the Examiners a Vernacular letter or Arzi (to be selected by the local Committee) and sent for the inspection of the Committee at Madras written in an ordinary style, and such as a Forest officer is liable to receive in the course of duty.

V. Conversation with a Native upon ordinary topics such as to satisfy the Examiners that the officer is able to understand correctly and to express himself intelligibly on all the usual matters which form the subjects of communication between a Forest officer and the people of the district.

TEST B.

- (a).—Ability to read an ordinary Arzi written in a plain running hand.
- (b).—Ability to dictate a reply thereto; the language to be free from any gross idiomatic errors and to be otherwise such as to be intelligible to an ordinary Geomastah.
- (c).—Ability to express themselves clearly and to understand readily what is said to them on some topic connected with their duties.

4. The Examination by Test A shall be conducted under the orders of the "Committee for the Examination of Assistants," at the request of the candidate submitted through the Inspector of Forests.

5. The Examination by Test B shall in like manner be conducted by the Collector of the district, either in person or through a divisional officer or other competent Assistant.—G. O., dated the 9th January, 1873, No. 21, R. D.

STANDING ORDER, No. 23.

EXAMINATION IN NATIVE LANGUAGES.

Public Works Code, Chap. II, Section ii, paragraph 33:

After "Upper Subordinates" in the first line add "other than Natives of India."

Public Works Code, Chap. II, Section iv, for paragraph 27, substitute the following:—

27. Civil Members of the Engineer Establishment other than Natives of India, who pass according to the Lower or High Standards, will be entitled to the following rates of remuneration:—
Rs. 180 for passing, within two years of joining the department, by the Lower Standard in any language.
Rs. 180 for, afterwards and within five years of joining the department, passing by the Higher Standard in Hindoostani; or,
Rs. 360 for passing, within five years of joining the department, by the Higher Standard in Hindoostani.
Rs. 500 for passing an examination in a language other than Hindoostani, equivalent to the Higher Standard in Hindoostani.
Military Members of the Department will be entitled to the rates of remuneration laid down in the General Order of the Military Department of 9th September 1861, and its subsequent modifications (vide Appendix A, Section iii). No additional allowance will be given either to Civil or Military Officers for passing the Departmental Standard.—G. O., 22nd July, 1871, 1284, R. D.

RESOLUTION.

The Governor-General in Council directs that the following be substituted for paragraph 14 of the Forest Department Code:—

PARAGRAPH 14.—There will be two standards of qualification in surveying,—the "Lower" and the "Higher." The examination by the "Lower Standard" will be as follows:—

A circuit round about one square mile of flat country to be traversed with a prismatic compass and chain, the bearings, distances, and offsets to be recorded in a field-book, and other topographical features to be filled in by plane table and chain, but no hill shading to be required.

Whenever possible the examination will be conducted by the Superintendent of Forest Surveys. Officers who cannot present themselves for examination before him may execute the required survey under the supervision of an officer of the Public Works Department not under the rank of an Executive Engineer, or of an officer of the Survey Department not under the rank of a Deputy Superintendent; and in this case the supervising officer will forward the map and field-book to the Superintendent of Forest Surveys, with a certificate that the work is *bona fide* that of the officer under examination, and that it has been done under his supervision.

The Superintendent of Forest Surveys will grant a certificate if he considers these documents satisfactory.

Certificates of qualification by the "Higher Standard" may be granted by the Superintendent of Forest Surveys to officers who have under the orders of the Government of India been attached for instruction to the Survey Branch of the Department. This certificate may be granted by the Superintendent of Forest Surveys to forest officers proficient in the following branches of surveying, viz.:—

1. Survey with the chain only.
2. Survey with prismatic compass and chain, and plot by angles and distances.
3. Traverse with chain and circular protractor.
4. Traverse with theodolite, chain and clinometer.
5. Connection of traverses with trigonometrical stations.
6. Triangulation.
7. Survey with plane table and chain.
8. Survey of hilly ground with plane table (to include the fixing of ridges and streams and the production of an intelligible map.)

In Office.

1. Reducing and enlarging a map by squares and triangles.
2. Use of the pentagraph.
3. Use of the planimeter.
4. Methods of calculating areas roughly.
5. Computation of traverses.
6. Reduction of distances from clinometer readings.
7. Drawing up a chart from numerical data.

Forest officers who have obtained the certificate of qualification by the Higher Standard in the manner prescribed will receive an allowance of Rupees 500.—G. O., No. 9,149, dated 24th October, 1877, R. D.

Statement shewing the number of Villages, Area, Population and Revenue of the several Districts in the Madras Presidency.

Districts.	Number of villages.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Land Revenue collections in Pashi 1230.
				Rs.
Ganjam.....	4,714	8,313	15,20,083	12,57,121
Vizagapatam.....	3,282	17,360	22,96,351	13,73,182
Godavari.....	2,462	7,345	15,20,334	45,13,282
Kistna.....	2,102	8,471	14,52,374	12,59,721
Nellore.....	2,192	8,739	19,76,811	26,17,412
Cuddapah.....	1,325	9,450	13,51,191	18,14,898
Bellary.....	2,365	10,571	16,53,010	24,32,231
Kurnool.....	786	7,531	9,14,432	14,29,295
Madras.....	16	27	3,97,552	80,463
Chingleput.....	2,267	2,812	9,39,191	21,92,171
North Arcot.....	5,305	7,139	20,15,278	25,81,436
South Arcot.....	3,197	4,878	17,55,917	32,81,431
Tanjore.....	3,935	3,654	19,73,731	44,27,635
Trichinopoly.....	1,644	3,561	12,60,468	35,28,212
Madura.....	5,465	9,502	22,66,615	27,71,602
Tinnevely.....	1,637	5,881	19,93,559	23,95,339
Coimbatore.....	1,577	7,429	17,63,274	29,32,605
Nilgiris.....	29	978	74,719	53,358
Salern.....	4,021	7,852	19,63,995	29,71,924
South Canara.....	1,233	3,902	9,18,362	19,99,098
Malabar.....	423	5,765	22,56,082	18,11,642
Total.....	50,169	1,41,033	3,13,85,820	457,91,096

Collections of Sundry Sources of Revenue in the Madras Presidency up to the end of March 1860 (Official year 1879-80).

Districts.	SUNDRY SOURCES OF REVENUE.						
	Excise on Spirits & Drugs	License Tax.	Sea Customs.	Land Customs.	Stamps.	Salt.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Ganjam.....	94,560	25,493	27,400	...	1,19,634	21,33,323	24,60,500
Vizagapatam.....	1,82,202	20,446	5,137	...	1,64,553	5,34,532	9,44,079
Godavari.....	3,62,434	77,862	53,064	143	3,35,927	8,57,936	16,50,227
Kistna.....	2,22,737	71,793	13,553	...	2,00,671	10,73,315	15,95,149
Nellore.....	1,17,655	30,112	207	...	1,60,583	12,16,004	15,33,561
Cuddapah.....	1,74,600	71,368	...	...	1,72,452	177	4,17,800
Bellary.....	5,53,664	69,486	...	...	1,61,545	2,262	7,87,378
Kurnool.....	2,19,099	24,770	...	...	97,051	529	3,51,372
Madras.....	9,76,857	33,322	1,29,414	...	3,43,645	677	23,15,722
Chingleput.....	2,09,493	20,351	...	...	1,11,144	40,40,430	43,73,125
North Arcot.....	3,93,464	48,719	...	...	2,16,813	121	6,59,117
South Arcot.....	3,01,299	19,232	37,631	52,415	1,99,322	11,11,450	27,25,410
Tanjore.....	2,77,913	53,596	4,01,541	1,37,315	5,87,023	18,03,432	34,61,215
Trichinopoly.....	1,59,599	15,934	...	...	1,49,108	4,735	3,23,827
Madura.....	1,63,113	36,101	13,515	...	3,09,357	4,26,459	10,34,045
Tinnevely.....	1,60,627	23,373	59,259	...	3,25,065	14,06,521	19,61,924
Coimbatore.....	2,67,310	22,570	...	...	1,89,986	133	4,80,505
Nilgiris.....	1,26,492	4,962	...	...	97,126	...	1,78,790
Salern.....	3,19,311	27,228	...	...	1,80,595	...	5,27,734
South Canara.....	1,53,973	19,131	48,366	...	1,91,378	5,29,788	9,57,498
Malabar.....	2,86,311	65,830	85,172	6,499	7,91,959	5,60,397	17,22,939
Supt. of Stamps.....	...	...	...	...	1,32,476	...	1,32,476
Commissioner of Salt Revenue.....	...	...	...	...	...	275	275
Total.....	59,26,193	8,13,638	21,23,939	1,97,477	53,40,068	157,74,567	301,52,869

CREATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENT OF THE DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS ATTACHED TO THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

EXECUTIVE BRANCH.

Chief Engineer, First Class. (2)

Col. R. H. Sankey, C.B.	May 1 59	9 April 79	Chief Engr. and Secy. to Govt., P. W. D., Genl. & Buildings & Roads Branches.
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Chief Engineer, Second Class. (1)

Col. J. Mullins	2 Feb. 52	1 Nov. 70	Chief Engr. and Joint Secy. to Govt., Irrig. Branch.
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Chief Engineer, Third Class.

Mr. Col. J. H. M. Shaw-Stewart	13 Jan. 51	15 Oct. 67	Comdg. Engr. for Railways and Joint Secy. to Govt. Railway Branch.
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Superintending Engineers, First Class. (2)

Mr. Col. J. Beatty	13 Mar. 55	1 Oct. 79	Supg. Engr., 3rd Circle.
Mr. Col. J. O. Hasled	29 Jan. 56	19 Oct. 80	do.
Mr. Col. H. L. Prendergast	27 Nov. 57	1 Apr. 79	Supg. Engr., 1st Circle.

Furlough for 2 years, from 8th April 1879. Temp. rank.

Graduation List of the Engineer Establishment, &c., &c.—Continued.

Passed in Surveying and Civil Engineering.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Regiments.	Date of first Appointment to the Department.	Date of present Ap- pointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
Superintending Engineers, Second Class. (2)							
A & C	T	Lieut. Col. H. L. Prendergast	Royal Engrs.	27 Nov. 57	21 Oct. 78	78 Supr. Engr., 1st Circle	Temp. rank.
		Major H. R. Mead	do.	12 Jan. 58	2 Apr. 80	80 Supr. Engr., 2nd Circle.	
Superintending Engineers, Third Class. (2)							
LS.	T	Lieut. Col. W. Chrystie	Royal Engrs.	24 Oct. 55	29 Oct. 76		Special leave for 2 years, from 9th Jan. 1880.
		Major H. R. Mead	do.	12 Jan. 58	21 Oct. 78	78 Supr. Engr., 2d Circle.	
Executive Engineers, First Grade. (7)							
H	T	Lt. Col. W. H. Burton	Royal Engrs.	4 Feb. 59	10 April 66	Comd. Architect to Govt.	Special leave for 2 years, from 1st Jan. 1880.
		Mr. R. F. Chisholm	Covenanted.		1 Dec. 72		
T	T	Lt. Col. J. N. Hunter	Royal Engrs.	13 Mar. 55	4 Oct. 70		Special leave for 2 years, from 12th Nov. 1879.
		Major P. Montgomerie, A.I.C.E.	do.	23 Nov. 60	1 Sept. 77	On Special duty, Tanjore Delta.	
T	T	Major J. L. L. Morris, A.I.C.E.	do.	12 Jan. 69	1 June 80		Furlough for 2 years, from 21st Sep. 1880.
		Major J. Penney	do.	29 Jan. 62	1 Apr. 80	Deputy Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. Buildings and Roads & General Branch.	
T	T	Mr. W. W. Runder, A.I.C.E.	Uncovenanted	3 Aug. 55	1 Sept. 73	Engr.	Special leave for 2 years, from 2nd Dec. 1879.
		Major H. Smalley	Royal Engrs.	15 July 59	15 Oct. 70	Dy. Comdg. Engr. for Railways	
T	T	Major C. J. Smith	do.	12 Jan. 58	1 Dec. 72		Purlough for 1 year and 6 months, from 21st April 1880.
		Major Ross Thompson	do.	17 Aug. 63	1 June 80	Chingleput Division.	
T	T	Major H. M. Vibart	do.	13 Sept. 61	1 Apr. 80	Presidency.	

Executive Engineers, Second Grade. (2)

S & C E	H, S, in T To T	Captain A. Andry, A.I.C.E.	Royal Engrs.	Jan. 68	1 June 80	Buckingham Canal.	Purlough for 2 years, from 23rd May 1880.
		Captain R. E. Breckman	do.	8 Nov. 64	1 Mar. 76		
T	T	Mr. T. D. Harris	Uncov.	8 June 56	1 Apr. 80	Vizagapatam Division.	
		Mr. K. F. Nordmann	Uncovenanted.	29 June 62	1 June 80	Cuddapah Division	
T	T	Mr. G. T. Walsh, A.I.C.E.	Royal Engrs.	13 Sept. 61	1 Apr. 80	South Arcot Division	
		Mr. G. T. Walsh, A.I.C.E.	Uncovenanted.	27 Feb. 56	1 Sept. 75	Godavari.	

Executive Engineers, Third Grade. (7)

S & C E	T	Capt. D. McNeil Campbell	Royal Engrs.	14 April 69	1 Mar. 78	North Arcot Division.	Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty.
		Mr. J. D. Grant, A.I.C.E.	Covenanted.	23 July 68	1 June 80	Kistna Eastern Divn.	
T	T	Mr. J. W. Martin	do.	23 July 68	1 Mar. 78	Calcuttare Division	
		Mr. J. W. Martin	do.	23 Dec. 67	1 June 80	Tinnevely Division.	
T	T	Captain R. F. Morris	Royal Engrs.	20 Mar. 61	1 Apr. 80		Purlough for 2 years, from 8th April 1879.
		Mr. G. D. Wybrow	Covenanted.	23 July 67	1 June 80	Kistna Western Divn.	

Graduation List of the Engineer Establishment, &c., &c.—(Continued.)

Passed in Surveying and Civil Engineering.	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Regiments.	Date of first appointment to the De- partment.	Date of present ap- pointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
Executive Engineers, Fourth Grade. (2)							
T		Mr. J. M. Bell.....	Covenanted	122 Dec. 07	1 Sept. 77	Salern Division	
T _e		Lieut. A. R. F. Doreward.....	Royal Engrs.	13 Mar. 68	1 Mar. 78	Salern Division	Furlough for 2 years from Nov. 1880.
T		" W. Hughes, R. A.....	Covenanted	22 Aug. 71	1 Sept. 77	Tanjore Division	
T _e		" J. C. Lumsden.....	do	23 July 68	1 do	Godavari Eastern Divn.	
T _e		Mr. C. J. Peters.....	do	28 July 67	29 April 75	Godavari Eastern Divn.	Furlough for 2 years, from 30th Oct. 1880.
LS.		Lieut. C. C. Rawson.....	Royal Engrs.	12 Oct. 67	1 Mar. 78		Services temporarily placed at the disposal of the Mil. Dept. for 18 months from 10th Dec. 1878.
T _e LS. in T		Lieut. A. W. Smart.....	do	14 Mar. 71	1 do	Acting Asst. Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. Irrigation Branch.	

Assistant Engineers, First Grade. (20)

T LS		Lieut. W. L. C. Baddelley.....	Royal Engrs.	23 July 75	1 Sept. 77	Genl. Superintendent, W. Str. & Works Dept.	Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty.
HT		Lieut. O. V. Boddy.....	do	1 April 73	1 Mar. 77	Kistna Eastern Divn.	do
T _e		Mr. J. P. Davidson.....	Uncovenanted	1 Oct. 74	1 April 80	Tanjore Division.	do
T		" W. B. de Winton.....	do	1 do	1 Sept. 77	Godavari Western Divn.	Offg. Executive Engineer.
		" A. H. Garrett.....	do	1 do	1 April 80	Kistna W. Divn.	

Assistant Engineer, First Grade—continued.

S & C E	T _e Exempted } T _e LS.	Mr. J. Grimes.....	Uncovenanted.	26 June 01	1 Mar. 76	Nagapattam Division.	Officiating Executive Engineer.
		Lieut. R. E. Hamilton.....	Royal Engrs.	18 do	1 Sept. 77	Offg. Dy. Consgr. Engr. for Railways	Offg. Ex. Engineer, vice Major Smith, R.E. on furlough.
	LS. T _e	Lieut. C. B. Henderson.....	do	1 April 73	1 do	Nellore Division.	Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty.
		Capt. & Dy. Comy. W. Jackson.....		3 Sept. 72	1 do		Suppy.—Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty—Furlough for 2 years from 6th Mar. 1879.
	T _e	Mr. J. C. Johnston, A. R. C. E.	Uncovenanted	11 Feb. 73	1 June 80	Tinnevely Division.	Officiating Executive Engineer.
	T _e	Lieut. L. Langley.....	Royal Engrs.	1 April 73	1 Mar. 77		Suppy.—Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty.
	T _e	Mr. C. H. T. Norfor.....	Uncovenanted.	30 Aug. 70	1 Sept. 77	Tachinopoly Division.	
		Lt. and Dy. Asst. Comy. S. C. Plummer.....		1 Jan. 55	30 Jan. 78	Presidency Division	
	T _e	Lieut. F. J. Romilly.....	Royal Engrs.	1 Apr. 73	1 Mar. 80	Presidency Division	
	T _e	Mr. A. S. Russell.....	Uncovenanted.	1 Oct. 75	1 June 80		
		S. Subroyachariar, R. C. E.	do	1 do	75 30 Sep. 80	Kistna E. Division	
	T _e	Mr. H. S. Taylor.....	do	2 May 68	30 Nov. 80	South Arcot Division.	
	T	" C. Vincent.....	do	1 Oct. 73	1 June 78	Godavari Eastern Divn.	
				1 do	1 Mar. 78	Asst. Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. Irrigation Branch.	

Assistant Engineers, Second and Third Grades. (16)

T _e		Mr. W. L. Bird.....	Uncovenanted.	1 Oct. 75	1 Oct. 80	Tanjore Division.	
T		" A. R. Boyle.....	do	1 Oct. 75	1 Oct. 80	P. W. Stores & Workshops	
		" G. H. B. Burton.....	do	1 Oct. 75	1 Sept. 77	Godavari E. Divn.	
		" G. P. Carless.....	do	6 Feb. 76	6 Feb. 80	Chingleput Division.	
		" H. E. Clerk.....	do	1 Oct. 75	1 Oct. 80	Godavari	Suppy.
		" W. G. de Morgan.....	do	1 do	1 Oct. 75	Chingleput Division	
		" H. F. G. Evans.....	do	1 do	1 Sept. 79	Tinnevely Division	
		" A. M. Ford.....	do	1 Oct. 75	1 Oct. 80	Godavari Eastern Divn.	
		" E. B. Hansen.....	do	1 do	1 do	Tanjore Division.	
		" A. M. Hayes.....	do	1 do	1 do	Chingleput Division.	
		" W. Jopp.....	do	1 do	1 Oct. 77	Vizagapatam Divn.	
		" G. B. Lambert.....	do	1 do	1 do	Kistna E. Divn.	
		" A. A. G. Malet.....	do	1 do	1 do	Coimbatore Division	

Graduation List of the Engineer Establishment, &c., &c.—Continued.

Passed in Surveying and Civil Engineering	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Regiments.	Date of first Appointment to the Department.	Date of present Appointment.	Circle, Division or Office in which employed.	REMARKS.
Assistant Engineer, Second Grade.—Continued.							
		Mr. G. E. Mason.....	Unconvenanted.	1 Oct. 77	1 Oct. 77	Richinopoly Division	
		" H. H. O'Connell.....	do	1 Oct. 78	1 Oct. 78	Godavari Westn. Divn.	
		" J. E. Paul.....	do	1 Oct. 76	1 Oct. 76	South Arcot Division	
		" S. D. Pears.....	do	1 Oct. 80	1 Oct. 80	Kistna	8477.
		Mr. J. Trull.....	do	1 do	1 Sept. 76	West Coast Division.	Granted 12 months' extra service on account of famine relief duty.
		" C. J. Ussher.....	do	1 do	1 Oct. 77	Kistna Eastern Divn.	
		" F. J. Wilson.....	do	1 do	1 do	Tinnevely Division.	
		" B. H. Young.....	do	1 do	1 do	Godavari W. Division	
Assistant Engineers, Third Grade.							
		Mr. R. H. Dorman.....	Unconvenanted	Oct. 80	Oct. 80	Godavari Eastern Divn.	
		S. Gopalan Krishna Iyer, M.C.N.	do	15 Sep. 80	15 Sep. 80	Nagapalam Division.	
		N. Raghunathaiah Pillay, M.A. and B.C.S.	do	10 April 74	1 Mar. 76	North Arcot Division	
ACCOUNTS BRANCH.							
Examiners.							
		Major D. H. Hall.....	Royal Engineers.	10 Feb. 81	10 Feb. 81	Exmr. of P. W. Accounts.	
		Major L. Conway-Gordon, M.C.N.	do	15 May 83	1 Jan. 79	Exmr. of P. W. Accts.	Furlough for 15 months, from 22nd Sep. 1879.
		Mr. D. C. Gordon.....	Unconvenanted	12 Feb. 82	15 Feb. 80	Exmr. of Guaranteed Railway Accts.	

Deputy Examiners.

HS.	Captain H. R. Le M. Carey.....	Staff Corps	121 Dec. 79	14 Feb. 79	Deputy Examiner, P. W. Accts.
	Mr. G. Brown.....	Unconvenanted	9 May 74	1 Aug. 77	do.
	Mr. F. E. Godfrey.....	do	1 April 71	1 Jan. 80	Deputy Exmr. Guaranteed Railway Accounts.

Assistant Examiners.

	Mr. O. McEwen.....	Unconvenanted	15 July 75	15 July 78	Asst. Exmr. G. R. Accts. (Temp.)
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DISTRIBUTION LIST OF THE ENGINEER AND ACCOUNTS ESTABLISHMENT OF THE P. W. DEPARTMENT OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	Remarks.
Public Works Secretariat.		
Col. R. H. Sankey, R. E., C.B.	Chief Engr., 1st Class	Secy. to Govt. General & Buildings and Roads Branches.
Major J. Pennycook, R. E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade	Deputy Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. General and Buildings and Roads Branches.
Colonel J. Mullins, R. E.	Chief Engr., 2nd Class	Chief Engr. and Joint Secy. to Govt. Irrigation Branch.
Mr. C. Vincent	Asst. Engr., 1st Grade	Asst. Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. Irrigation Branch, and Offg. Exec. Engr.—On special furlough leave for 6 months.
Lieut. A. W. Smart, R. E.	Exec. Engr., 4th Grade	Acting Asst. Chief Engr. and Under Secy. to Govt. Irrigation Branch.
Examiner of Public Works Accounts.		
Major D. H. Trail, R. E.	Exec. 2d Class, Temp. rank	Offg. Exmr. of P. W. Accounts.
Captain H. R. LeM Carey, S. C.	Dy. Exmr., 1st Grade	
Mr. G. Brown	do	
Mr. Ernest T. Anthony	Accountant 1st Grade	
" M. H. Gaynor	do 2nd do	
" E. T. Borton	do 3rd do	
" J. D. L. Calder	do 3rd do	
" W. Larkins	do 3rd do	
" W. A. Long	do 3rd do	
" J. W. Bowie	do 3rd do	
" D. Stephens	do 4th do	On Probation.
Mr. S. W. Dean	do 4th do	
" C. A. Hufiton	do 4th do	On Probation.
C. Parthasarthy Chetty	do 4th do	
Mr. L. Taylor	do 4th do	
M. Theugasa Mudaliar	do 4th do	
C. Manavala Naidu	do 5th do	On Probation.
S. Baghianatha Pillay	do 5th do	
T. Condia Chetty	do 5th do	
Mr. C. R. De LaHoyde	do 5th do	
K. Desikachary	do 5th do	
Mr. E. Feston	do 5th do	
M. Govindarajulu Naidu	do 5th do	On Probation.
E. C. Gurusawmy Pillay	do 5th do	Do.
S. V. Krishnasawmy Sastry	do 5th do	
B. Narasinga Row	do 5th do	
Mr. V. A. Pires	do 5th do	On Probation.
M. R. Ruthnasabapathy Pillai	do 5th do	
M. V. Sambasiva Iyer	do 5th do	
T. C. Sreenivassa Iyengar, B. A.	do 5th do	On Probation.
T. Sundrum Pillai	do 5th do	Do.
Mr. G. C. Wolie	do 5th do	Do.
A. Yasarungum Naidu	do 5th do	
Consulting Engineer for Railways.		
Lieut.-Col. J. H. M. Shaw-Stewart, R. E.	Chief Engr., 3rd Class	Consgr. Engr. for Railways & Joint Secy. to Govt. Railway Branch.
Major C. J. Smith, R. E.	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade	Deputy Consgr. Engr. for Railways—On furlough.
Capt. W. H. Coaker, R. E.	Exec. Engr., 2nd Grade	Deputy Consgr. Engr. for Railways—Offg. Do. Do. and
Lieut. R. E. Hamilton, R. E.	Asst. Engr., 1st Grade	Offg. Exec. Engineer.
Examiner of Railway Accounts.		
Mr. D. C. Gordon	Exmr. 4th Class, 1st Grade	Examiner of Railway Accounts.
Mr. F. E. Godfrey	Dy. Examiner, 1st Grade	Deputy Exmr. of Railway Accounts, Negapatnam.
Mr. G. McEwen	Asst. Examiner, 2d Grade	Asst. Examiner of Railway Accounts.
Mr. J. T. Maddox	Temp. Accountant, 2nd Grade	Local rank—Irrigation and Canal Company, Kurnool.
C. N. Baloo Chetti	do 3rd do	
R. T. Munialul	do 4th do	Negapatnam.
Mr. T. W. T. Wheeler	do 4th do	
Consulting Architect.		
Mr. R. F. Chisholm	Exec. Engr., 1st Grade	Consgr. Architect to Govt.
" D. M. Dumphy	Accountant 4th do	

NAMES.

Departmental Rank.

Remarks.

No. 1 CIRCLE.—HEAD QUARTERS, MADRAS.

Lieut.-Col. H. L. Prendergast, R. E.

Supg. Engr. 1st Class
Temp. rank.

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Wizagapatnam Division.

Mr. T. D. Harris	Exec. Engr. 2nd Grade	
Mr. W. Jopp	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	
Sub-Cond. J. Cormac	Sub Engr. 2nd do	
H. Venkata Row, Pantulu	Supervisor 1st do	
T. T. Bhagavachariar, M.C.N.	do 2nd do	
S. Venkataramaniah Pantulu, M.C.N.	do 2nd do	
Serjeant J. Edwards	Overseer, 2nd do	
Mr. P. Whitebread	do 2nd do	
C. Ramanah Pantulu	do 2nd do	
T. Minnesawmy Mudaliar	do 2nd do	
Mr. S. B. Dekebello	do 3rd do	
N. Murugasa Mudaliar	do 3rd do	
P. Venugopal Naidu	Accountant 5th do	

Cuddapah Division.

Mr. K. F. Nordmann	Exec. Engr. 2nd Grade	
Conductor W. Jack	Supervisor 1st do	
Sub-Cond. H. Frankland	do 2nd do	
Mr. H. M. Bond	do 2nd do	
" E. A. French, A.C.S.	do 2nd do	
" Leo Perera	Overseer 1st do	
" J. C. Donnelly	do 1st do	
" H. S. Lazarus	do 1st do	
Serjeant S. Ainley	do 2nd do	
P. Krishnaiah Chetty	do 2nd do	
M. Raju Mudaliar	do 3rd do	
Mahomed Jaffer Hossain Saib	do 3rd do	
Mr. S. J. Peters	do 3rd do	
P. Authemulud Mudaliar	Accountant 4th do	Not joined.

Nellore Division.

Lieutenant C. B. Henderson, R. E.	Asst. Engr., 1st Grade	
Mr. J. W. Laskoy	Sub Engr. 3rd do	
" J. H. Stephens	do 3rd do	
" R. A. Salisbury	Overseer 1st do	
" T. D. Enright	do 2nd do	
" C. E. Court	do 2nd do	
Serjt. I. B. Smith	do 3rd do	
Mr. J. A. Sydenham	do 3rd do	
A. Sanchella Mudaliar	Accountant 5th do	On probation.

Godavari.

Mr. G. T. Welch, M.C.N.	Exec. Engr. 2nd Grade	
" H. E. Clerk	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	

Godavari Eastern Division.

Mr. J. C. Laxminis	Exec. Engr. 4th Grade	
Mr. H. S. Taylor	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
" C. H. B. Barlow	do 2nd do	
" A. M. Ford	do 2nd do	
" R. H. Dorman	do 3rd do	
" J. W. H. Ellis	Sub-Engr. 1st do	
Serjeant R. W. Ward	Supervisor 1st do	
P. W. Subbiah Naidu	do 2nd do	Posted to 3rd Circle.
Serjt. E. Cope	Overseer 1st do	
Mr. J. Lawrence	do 2nd do	
Mr. C. W. Traish	do 2nd do	
" Venkatasawmy Naidu	do 3rd do	
" Krishna Iyer	do 3rd do	
Corporal J. Hearn	do Apprentice 1st Gr.	
" S. S. S. S. S.	Accountant 4th do	On probation.
" S. S. S. S. S.	do 5th do	Temp.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	Remarks.
Dowlaiswaram Workshop.		
Mr. J. C. Laminale	Exe. Engr. 4th Grade	
Sub-Cond. F. W. Bennett	Foreman	
G. Pragas Row	Accountant 5th Grade	On probation.
Godavari Western Division.		
Mr. W. B. deWinton	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade	Offg. Executive Engineer.
H. H. O'Connell	do 2nd do	
B. H. Young	do 2nd do	
J. Mahony	Supervisor 2nd do	
P. Narasimha Row Puntulu	Overseer 3rd do	
M. Mansilamony Moodelliar	do 3rd do	
M. Runga Row	do 3rd do	
D. Venkataratnam	do 3rd do	
N. Coomaraswamy Achary	Accountant 5th do	On probation.
A. Runga Row		
Kistna.		
Mr. J. W. Randall, R.E.	Exe. Engr. 1st Grade	
S. D. Peers	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	
Kistna Eastern Division.		
Mr. J. D. Grant	Exe. Engr. 3rd Grade	
Lieutenant O. V. Boddy R.E.	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
Mr. C. M. Smith	do 1st do	
G. B. Lambert	do 2nd do	
C. J. Usher	do 2nd do	
C. Mahamed Cassim Schib	Sub Engr. 3rd do	
Mr. U. N. Joyce	Overseer 2nd do	
Sergt. F. Humbley, R.E.	do 2nd do	
Mr. C. E. Stewart	do 2nd do	
Mr. D. S. Newman	do 3rd do	On probation.
A. Venkataranga Row Naidu	Accountant 5th do	Temp.
V. Subrayudu	do 5th do	
O. Atchiah Naidu		
Kistna Western Division.		
Mr. G. D. Wybrow	Exe. Engr. 3rd Grade	
A. H. Garrett	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
Meer Shum Shuddeen Saib	Supervisor 1st do	
V. Kothandarami Mudaliar	do 2nd do	
T. Ramarajam Pillay	Overseer 2nd do	
C. Vettivalu Pillay	do 2nd do	
S. Vijayaragunoo Dass Naidoo	do 2nd do	
B. Kondaiah Lari	do 3rd do	On probation.
H. Ramgaratula	Accountant 5th do	
No. 2 CIRCLE.—HEAD QUARTERS, COIMBATORE.		
Major H. R. Mead, R.E.	Supt. Engr. 2nd Class	
Chingleput Division.		
Major Ross Thompson, R.E.	Exe. Engr. 1st Grade	
Mr. G. P. Carless	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	
W. C. deVergin	do 2nd do	
A. M. Hayes	do 2nd do	
Sub-Cond. J. W. Taylor	Supervisor 2nd do	
Sub-Cond. A. C. Lord	do 2nd do	
R. Pythendia Iyer, R.E. & B.C.E.	do 2nd do	Temp.
C. Velayuda Moodelliar	Overseer 1st do	
P. Murugas Pillay	do 2nd do	
Mr. E. S. Norona	do 2nd do	
A. Vathagarry Moodelliar	do 3rd do	
P. Runchapakasa Iyer	do 3rd do	
Gunner L. Donaghaue	do 3rd do	
Lance Corporal H. Slaney	Accountant 5th Grade	
M. A. Jeyram Pillay		
North Arcot Division.		
Captain D. McNeil Campbell, R.E.	Exe. Engr. 3rd Grade	
N. Rathnasabapathy Pillay, R.E.	Asst. Engr. 3rd do	
Sub-Cond. J. B. Sandersen	Sub Engr. 3rd do	
Abdool Karim Khan Saib	Supervisor 2nd do	
A. Narasimawmy Moodelliar	Overseer 1st do	
Sub-Cond. J. Kelly	do 1st do	
V. R. Kuppuswamy Mudaliar	do 2nd do	
P. Ramaniar Panday	do 3rd do	
V. Subramania Sastry	do 3rd do	
P. Hanumanthappa Row	Accountant 5th do	

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	Remarks.
Salem Division.		
Mr. J. M. Bell	Exe. Engr. 4th Grade	
P. Mahoney	Supervisor 1st do	
R. Kalyanarama Iyer	Overseer 1st do	
Sergt. H. Hollingsworth	do 2nd do	
S. Ragavengar	do 2nd do	
V. Subbaraya Pillay	do 3rd do	
P. Gnanamuthu Pillay	Accountant 5th do	
Coimbatore Division.		
Mr. J. Hannan	Exe. Engr. 3rd Grade	
A. A. G. Malet	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	
J. E. Lafrenais, A.C.E. & B.C.E.	Supervisor 2nd do	
C. Chinnatambay Pillay, A.C.E.	do 2nd do	
Mr. J. Kelly	Overseer 1st do	
N. Nadamoony Moodelliar	do 2nd do	
N. Manicavasagani Pillay	do 2nd do	
A. Murugasa Moodelliar	do 2nd do	
S. K. Ramachandra Sastry	do 3rd do	
V. Ragivendrachar	Accountant 5th do	On probation.
West Coast Division.		
Mr. E. H. Pringle	Exe. Engr. 2nd Grade	
Mr. J. Traill	Asst. Engr. 2nd do	
Conductor R. P. Lennon	Sub Engr. 2nd do	
Conductor A. Milne	do 2nd do	
Lieut. & Dr. Asst. Comy. W. C. West	do 3rd do	
Sergt. H. T. Healy	Overseer 1st do	
Sergt. H. Webb	do 1st do	
T. Vydialingam Pillai	do 1st do	
Sergeant C. Smith	do 2nd do	
Mr. J. Timothy	do 2nd do	
Mr. A. E. C. Vas	do 2nd do	
W. C. Johannes	do 2nd do	
J. Pereira	do 3rd do	
K. C. Ninan	do 3rd do	
C. Nagiah	Accountant 5th do	
Presidency Division.		
Majors H. M. Vibart, R. E.	Exe. Engr. 1st Grade	
Lieut. F. J. Romilly, R. E.	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
Lieut. W. L. C. Haddley, R. E.	do 1st do	Genl. Supt. P. W. Stores & Work.
Lieut. & Dy. Asst. Comy. S. C. Plummer	do 1st do	
Mr. A. R. Bowie	do 2nd do	P. W. Stores and Workshop.
Conductor J. Lalor	Sub Engr. 3rd do	
Conductor D. Falvey	do 3rd do	
Mr. S. Francis	do 3rd do	Foreman, P. W. Stores and Work.
Sub-Cond. J. Smith	Supervisor 2nd do	
M. Guruswamy Moodelliar	Overseer 1st do	
Sergt. W. Pearson	do 1st do	
S. K. Gevinia Row	do 1st do	
Sergt. J. Patton	do 1st do	
Sergeant T. Green	do 2nd do	
S. Trubwin	do 2nd do	
Sergt. D. Macintosh, R. E.	do 2nd do	
C. Subramania Iyer	do 3rd do	
A. Coopposami Mudaliar	do 3rd do	
Mr. E. L. Rebeiro	do 3rd do	
Sergeant J. H. Ulzett	do Apprentice 1st Gr.	
P. Theragnana Mudaliar	Accountant 4th do	
P. Singaravulu Mudaliar	do 5th do	P. W. Stores.—On probation.
Buckingham Canal Division.		
Capt. A. Awdry, R. E., A.C.E.	Exe. Engr. 2nd Grade	
Mr. S. W. H. Ottmann	Sub Engr. 1st do	
B. Arbuthnot	Supervisor 1st do	
Conductor J. A. Power	do 1st do	
K. Doraswamy Pillay	Overseer 1st do	
S. Azeervatham Pillay	do 2nd do	
Mr. R. Entight	do 2nd do	
V. Kuppuswamy Iyengar	do 2nd do	
C. Bhoojanga Row	Accountant 5th do	On probation.

NAMES.	Departmental Rank.	Remarks.
No. 3 CIRCLE.—HEAD QUARTERS, TRICHINOPOLY.		
Lieut.-Col. J. Beatty, R.E.	Supg. Engr. 1st Class	
Tanjore Division.		
Major P. Montgomery, R.E.	Exec. Engr. 1st Grade	Special duty, Tanjore Delta.
Mr W. Hughes	Exec. Engr. 4th do	
" J P Davidson	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
" W L Bird	do 2nd do	
" E. B. Hansen	do 2nd do	
" W V Eaker	Sub Engr. 2nd do	
S Mahadava Iyer, A.C.E.	Supervisor 1st do	
Sergt A Temple	do 2nd do	
Mr. J. M. Taylor	Overseer 1st do	
A D Joseph Pillay	do 2nd do	
P Rattasawmy Moodelly	do 2nd do	
K Visvanatha Aiyer	do 3rd do	
M Moonesawmy Moodelliar	do 3rd do	
T Gramasambantham Pillay	Accountant 5th do	On probation.
S Kristnasawmy Iyer		
Neerapattani Division.		
Mr J Grimes	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade	Offg. Executive Engineer.
S Gopal Krishna Iyer	do 2nd do	
Mr W A Mathews, A.C.E. & E.C.E.	Supervisor 2nd do	
C R Chinnasawmy Iyengar, E.C.E.	Overseer 1st do	
Mr. E Dady	do 1st do	
Abdool Latheef Sahib	do 3rd do	
Mr. C H R Morton	do 3rd do	
J Gopal Iyer	Accountant 5th do	
Trichinopoly Division.		
Mr C H T Norrie	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade	Offg. Executive Engineer.
" G E Mansa	do 2nd do	
Sub Conductor R A Bragg	Supervisor 2nd do	
Sub-Conductor C J Littlewood	do 2nd do	
Sergt. R W McAlister	do 2nd do	Temp rank.
Mr J F. Fonseca	Overseer 1st do	
C S Narainasawmy Iyer	do 1st do	
S Kristama Chari, B.C.E.	do 2nd do	Acting Supervisor, Shevavanga.
P M Arumugam Pillay	do 3rd do	
C. Murugasu Mudaliar	do 3rd do	On probation for 1 year.
N Ramasami Pillay	do 3rd do	
Mr J B Rodrigues	do 3rd do	
G M Subroyulu Naidoo	do 3rd do	
K C Visvanatha Iyer	do 3rd do	
G Mathasawmy Naidu	Accountant 5th do	On probation.
Tinnevely Division.		
Mr J W Martin	Exec. Engr. 3rd Grade	
" J C Johnston	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
Mr H E G Evans	do 2nd do	
Mr F J Wilson	do 2nd do	
" H C Berlio	Supervisor 1st do	
" J A Hicken	do 1st do	
" E Taylor	Overseer 1st do	
T Subramania Pillay	do 1st do	
Mr T C Fitzgerald	do 2nd do	
M Arumayagam	do 3rd do	
Mr J R Hendrick	do 3rd do	
P Venkatroyulu Iyer	Accountant 5th do	On probation.
South Arcot Division.		
Captain A C Smith, R.E.	Exec. Engr. 2nd Grade	
S Subroyachariar, B.C.E.	Asst. Engr. 1st do	
Mr. J. E. Paul	do 2nd do	On special duty.
N Veeraragaviah Puntulu, A.C.E.	Supervisor 1st do	
S Panchapagasa Iyer	Overseer 2nd do	
W Masilamony Moodelliar	do 2nd do	
Mr A W J Tins	do 3rd do	
D Muthuruppa Pillay	do 3rd do	
M Chinich	Accountant 5th do	

THE MADRAS REVENUE SETTLEMENT AND SURVEY DEPARTMENTS.

I. Settlement Branch.

CENTRAL OFFICE.

R. K. Puckle, Esq. 2nd Member Board of Revenue.—In charge.
J. Lakshunkanta Row 1st Uncovenanted Assistant.

Party No. I.

J. H. M. Cox, Esq. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.
M. Venkaji Puntulu Uncovenanted Assistant.

Party No. II.

G. P. Clerk, Esq. Depy. Director of Revenue Settlement.
S. Naganah Naidu Uncovenanted Assistant.—(on other duty.)
M. Bhanuviah Acting do.

Party No. III.

T. Venkata Chariyar Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.

Party No. IV. Abolished.

Lieut. Col. C. J. Stuart Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.—On special duty at Purla Kennedy, Ganjam.

Nominal Roll of the Revenue Survey Department, arranged according to Districts.

CENTRAL OFFICE.

Rank and Names.	Appointments.	Remarks.
Colonel H. T. Rogers, R. E.	Superintendent, Revenue Survey	On Two years furlough to Europe
F. C. Puckle, Esq., M.A.	Acting Supt. Revenue Survey	
Major C. C. Sargeant	1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey	In charge of Central Office.
Mr W Starr	Civil Assistant.	
G. Venkataraniya	Civil Assistant	Acting.
N. Jevan Lath	Draughtsman Examiner.	
Mr. J. H. Parcell	Do.	
G. Patcha Pillai	Manager.	
S. Singam Aiyangar	Examiner and Accountant.	
T. Subroya Pillay	Draughtsman.	
T. Srinivasa Chariy, B.A.	Do.	
C. Ragava Chariy	Do.	
M. Ramaswami Naidu	Do. Examiner.	
G. Varadiah Naidu	Indexer.	
A. Krishnaswamy Mudaly	Draughtsman Examiner.	
Mr. G. E. Paczensky	Probationary Sub Assistant.	
" D Holman	Do.	
" E. Joseph	Head Surveyor.	

Coimbatore and Salem Districts, No. 1 Party.

Rank and Names.	Appointments.	Remarks.
Lieut. Colonel J. G. Cloete.....	Dy. Supt. Rev. Survey, 2d class.	On 2 years furlough to Europe.
Major W. Freeth.....	Ag. Dy. Supt. Rev. Survey 2d class.	
Major A. O'H. Clay.....	1st Asst. Supt., Revenue Survey.	
Mr. W. Evans.....	Sub Assistant	
" J. Thompson.....	Do	
" P. Ross.....	Do	
" J. James.....	Head Surveyor	
" S. Clarkson.....	Do	
" A. Pereira.....	Do	
" E. Lemos.....	Do	
M. Appasawmy Pillay.....	Do	
Mr. E. Norfor.....	Do	
" W. Otter.....	Do	
" G. W. Sandways.....	Do	
" J. Dyce.....	Do	
" J. A. Donohoe.....	Probationary Head Surveyor	
N. Sethu Rao.....	Do	
Mr. R. Kent.....	Do	
" A. Dorsey.....	Do	
" N. M. Ringrow.....	Do	
" W. Dixon.....	Do	
" H. Selver.....	Do	
" E. J. Dalby.....	Do	
R. Gurusamiah.....	Sub Asst. and Manager	
G. Narasimma Aiyengar.....	Head Accountant	
M. Mahalingiah.....	English Clerk	

Cuddapah and Bellary Districts, No. 2 Party.

H. O'C. Cardozo, Esq.....	Ag. Dy. Supt. Rev. Sur. 1st Class
A. Maltby, Esq.....	2nd Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey
Mr. J. Dring.....	Sub Assistant
" J. Donno.....	Probationary Sub Assistant
L. Bejaiaul.....	Do and Manager.
Mr. J. Brookhurst.....	Head Surveyor
M. Audinarayana.....	Do
Mr. G. Thompson.....	Do
C. Subroyalu Naidu.....	Do
Mr. R. McMahon.....	Do
" P. Lynch.....	Do
K. Lakshmaiyar.....	Do
N. Narayanaiah.....	Do
Mr. J. Wylie.....	Do
" R. D'Silva.....	Probationary Head Surveyor
B. Venkatasubba Rao.....	Do
Mr. H. Devanport.....	Do
B. Govinda Rao.....	Head Accountant
T. Subroyalu Naidu.....	Probationary Head Draughtsman
P. Chentala Row.....	Head Computer.
D. Srinivasa Aiyengar.....	English Clerk.

Madura District, No. 3 Party.

Rank and Names.	Appointments.	Remarks.
H. Gompertz, Esq.....	Dy. Supt., Rev. Survey 2d Class.	
E. M. Baber, Esq.....	Ag. 1st Asst. Supt., Rev. Survey.	
Mr. T. Quinless.....	Sub Assistant.	
P. Narasima Chari.....	Probationary Sub Assistant.	
Mr. H. Cotterill.....	Head Surveyor.	
" R. Plattell.....	Do	
" R. A. Lacey.....	Do	
" J. M. Ringrow.....	Do	
" H. O'Neill.....	Do	
S. Maduranagum Pillay.....	Do	
T. S. Baggrianadan Pillal.....	Do	
Mr. A. P. Smith.....	Probationary Head Surveyor.	
P. Zeechariah Naidu.....	Do	
Mr. J. Band.....	Do	
Balakrishnaier.....	Do	
K. Lakshmana Rao.....	Do	
S. Appavu Pillai.....	Do	
P. Venkataramaniah.....	Sub Asst. and Manager	
K. Sreenivasa Thatha Chary.....	Head Computer	
M. Appaveo Pillay.....	Head Draughtsman.	

South Arcot District, No. 4 Party.

W. Beaumont, Esq.....	Dy. Supt., R. Survey, 1st Class.	
Major C. A. Liarlet.....	Ag. 1st Asst. Supt., Rev. Survey.	On furlough in India for 1 year.
J. H. Cook, Esq.....	Ag. 1st do do	
Mr. G. Middleton.....	Sub Assistant.	
" H. J. Bullock.....	Do	
N. Zainal Abidin.....	Head Surveyor.	
Mr. R. Wildegose.....	Do	
T. Singaraveela Mudali.....	Probationary Head Surveyor.	
V. Munuswami Mudali.....	Do	
C. Ramachandraiyer.....	Do	
C. M. Rungaswami Naidu.....	Do	
Mr. G. R. Middleton.....	Do	
M. Raja Mudaly.....	Do	
C. Sambamurti Aiyer.....	Sub Asst. & Manager.	
P. Srinivasa Chari.....	Head Accountant.	
R. Venkatakrishna Row.....	Probationary Head Draughtsman.	

Province of Coorg, under the Chief Commissioner for the Affairs of Coorg.

C. R. Hanumanth Rao.....	Manager.
W. Muthannah.....	Head Surveyor.

Survey Charges.

Division.	Districts comprised in each Division.	Head Quarters.	Names and Rank of Officers in charge.	Date of present Appointment	Remarks.
No. 1 Survey Party.	Salem & Coimbatore.	Coimbatore.	Lieut. Col. J. G. Cloete, Dy. Supt., 2d class.	23 Jan. 1872	On furlough to Europe.
Do	Do	Do	Major W. Freeth, Ag. Depy. Supt. 2nd class.		
No. 2 Survey Party.	Cuddapah & Bellary.	Bellary.	H. O'C. Cardozo, Esq., Ag. Dy. Supt., 1st class.	9 Mar. 80	
No. 3 Survey Party.	Madura.	Madura.	H. Gompertz, Esq., Depy. Supt., 2d class.	12 Dec. 71	
No. 4 Survey Party.	South Arcot.	St. Thomas Mount.	W. Beaumont, Esq., Dy. Supt., 1st class.	21 July 76	
				9 Feb. 68	

Graduation List of the Revenue Survey Establishment of the Madras Presidency.

Personal Attainments.	NAMES.	Regiment.	Date of first Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment	District or other duty on which now employed.	REMARKS.
	Colonel H. T. Rogers.....	Royal Engineers	31 Oct. 1879	31 Oct. 1879	Superintendent, Revenue Survey	On furlough to Europe.
Deputy Superintendents, 2nd class.						
Ls	F. C. Puckler, Esq., M.A.....	Uncommissioned	19 May 1858	7 Apr. 1859	Acting Superintendent Rev. Survey.	
I	W. Beaumont, Esq.....	do.	31 May 58	9 Feb. 63	No. 4 Party, South Arcot	
Deputy Superintendents, 2nd class.						
T	H. O. G. Cardozo, Esq.....	Uncommissioned	25 Feb. 1859	13 Dec. 1871	No. 2 Party, Bellary and Cuddapah.	
St	Major Colonel J. G. Clode.....	31st L. I.	23 June 63	23 Jan. 72	No. 1 Party, Coimbatore and Salem.	On furlough to Europe.
I	E. Comperitz, Esq.....	Uncommissioned	10 Aug. 59	21 July 70	No. 3 Party, Madurai & Annamally.	
1st Assistant Superintendents.						
St	Major A. G. H. Clay.....	Staff Corps	1 Nov. 1861	21 Jan. 1868	No. 1 Party, Coimbatore	Now on duty in North Arcot District.
St	Major W. Freeth.....	do.	29 Sep. 64	do.	No. 1 Party, Coimbatore	Acting Deputy Supt., 2nd Class.
I	T. A. Tomlinson, Esq.....	Uncommissioned	10 Aug. 59	21 Aug. 74	No. 1 Party, Coimbatore	On furlough to Europe.
St	Major C. G. Sergeant.....	Staff Corps	2 Feb. 60	13 Nov. 80	Central Office	
2nd Assistant Superintendents.						
St	E. M. Baker, Esq.....	Uncommissioned	21 Jan. 1868	20 June 1870	No. 3 Party, Madurai	Acting 1st Assistant Superintendent.
St	J. H. Cook, Esq.....	do.	21 Jan. 68	21 July 76	No. 2 Party, Bellary	do.
I	Major C. A. Lardet.....	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 68	29 June 69	No. 4 Party, South Arcot	On furlough in India, for 1 year.
St	A. Maltby, Esq.....	Uncommissioned	17 Dec. 72	16 June 76	No. 2 Party, Bellary	

PART IV.—MILITARY.
LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

Fort St. George, 1st September, 1863, No. 805 of 1863.—The following Extract from a Military Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India is published:—

Despatch, dated 31st July, 1863, No. 189.—1. I have to inform you that the House of Lords has reversed the judgment of the Master of the Rolls in the matter of Lord Clive's Fund, and has ruled that the contingency specified in the Deed constituting the Fund, in the event of which the sum of Sixty Rupees 5,00,000 should be returned to Lord Clive, or to his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, has happened, by the passing of the Acts 21 and 22, Victoria, Chapter 103.

2. You will, therefore, in future, admit all persons, who would have been entitled to pension from that Fund, to an equivalent rate of pension, without reference to the name of Lord Clive, upon production of the usual documents.

Pensions in lieu of those formerly granted from Lord Clive's Fund.

These pensions are granted to Commissioned and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Forces, superannuated or worn-out in the service.

The following Commissioned and Warrant Officers are entitled to the half-pay of their respective ranks from the date of their debarkation in England, on their making affidavit that they do not possess property to the amount opposite to their respective rank:—

Colonel, or Inspector-General of Hospitals	4,000
Lieut-Colonel, or Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals	3,000
Major	2,500
Captain	2,000
Commissary of Ordnance	2,000
Surgeon	2,000
Lieutenant, or Adjutant of Invalids with one Commission	1,000
Deputy Commissary of Ordnance	1,000
Assistant Surgeon, or Veterinary Surgeon	1,000
Ensign	750
Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, Deputy Asst. Commissary, Conductor, Troop Qr. Master, and all other inferior Warrant Officers	750

All Commissioned, Staff, or other Officers are to have half the Ordinary Infantry pay they enjoyed whilst in the service; and Warrant Officers are to receive one-half of their retiring pensions, viz:—

	£	s.	d.	or	£	s.	d.
Colonel, or Inspector-General of Hospitals.....	238	2	6		12	6	
Lt.-Col., or Deputy Insp.-Genl. of Hospitals.....	182	10	6		10	0	
Major.....	136	17	6		7	6	
Captain, Surgeon, or Commissary.....	91	5	0		5	0	
Lieutenant, Asst-Surgeon, Vety. Surgeon, or Deputy Commissary.....	45	12	6		2	6	
Cornet or Ensign.....	36	10	0		2	0	
Assistant, or Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	37	11	4		2	0	
Conductor of Ordnance, Riding Master, or Troop Quarter-Master.....	50	0	0		1	7	
Sub-Conductor.....	22	16	3		1	3	

Pensions to Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates are paid from the day of their debarkation in England, as follows:—

Serjeants of Artillery, 9d. per diem—1s. to those who have lost a limb.
Privates of do. 6d. do. and 9d. to do.

All other Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates receive 4 pence and 3 farthings. Serjeants who have actually served 21 years in the Indian Forces, the last 8 as Serjeants, or who are distinguished for good conduct or disabled from wounds received on actual service, are allowed in any part of the British dominions in Europe, one shilling per diem in addition to the regulated pension from this Fund. Serjeants wishing to reside in India after 21 years' service as above are allowed 50 Rupees per mensem.

Serjeants, Corporals or Privates of 14 years' actual service, discharged on account of debility rendering them unfit for Field Service, shall be allowed, inclusive of the regulated pension from this Fund, as follows:—

Serjeants, per diem, 1 shilling, Corporals and Privates, per diem 9d. and Serjeants, Corporals and Privates discharged at their own request after completing 21 years' service shall be allowed, in lieu of pension from this Fund, one shilling per diem.

If incapable, from wounds or injuries received on service, of discharging their duties, the following per diem pensions inclusive of the regulated pensions from this Fund will be

Present designation Surgeon-General.
" " Deputy Surgeon-General.

allowed whatever the rank or Corps of the Soldier, but not without a certificate of good conduct from the proper authorities.

	If totally unable to contribute to earn a livelihood.			If able to contribute something to earn a livelihood.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
After 21 years' service.	0	1	10	0	1	0
" 14 " "	0	1	6	0	1	0
Under 14 " "	0	1	3	0	0	9

The pensions to Commissioned, Warrant, Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers are payable half-yearly at the India Office, in London, without deduction, at Midsummer and Christmas; but if Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers receive their pensions in the country, (if they reside more than 25 miles from London by special leave), a shilling will be charged on each payment for the person who pays them.

The pensions of Commissioned and Warrant Officers are payable as they fall due. Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates paid in advance on their landing, for the broken period to the end of the first half-year, and afterwards half-yearly in advance.

G. O. G., 22nd August, 1874, No. 211.—Officers who retire under the scheme published in G. O. G., No. 656 of 1874, are as much debarred from the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund as any other retired Officers are.

"The retirement of an Officer under G. O. G., No. 656 of 1874, is in no way affected by the fact that he receives also compensation for the Colonel's allowance, and therefore has to relinquish the good service pension if he is on receipt of it, and forego all claim to bonus compensation under the terms of G. O. G., No. 805, dated 25th September, 1866.

2. "Such Officers cannot be required to subscribe to the Military Funds as Colonels; nor can they have the option of doing so in any rank higher than that they have attained substantively, unless under the operation of any rules of their respective funds, which would give them that privilege, if they merely retired from the service in ordinary course."

Pensions to Widows.

The Widows of Commissioned and Warrant Officers of the Indian Forces are entitled to the following pensions, upon providing satisfactory evidence that their husbands did not die possessed of property to the amount stated opposite to their respective ranks. The pensions continue during widowhood, but terminate finally on re-marriage, which cancels all claim to reversion to the pension previously drawn in right of their former deceased husbands. Should the second husband have been an European Officer, or Soldier, the Widow will be entitled to pension on his account.

TABLE of PENSIONS from this Fund to the Widows of Officers of every Branch of the Service calculated at the Europe rate of pay of Infantry.

To Widow of	ES.	A.	P.	£	Amount of property precluding pension.
Colonel regimentally, or "Inspr.-Genl. of Hospitals.	93	2	10	4,000	
Lt.-Colonel, or (Depy. Inspr.-Genl. of Hospitals.	74	3	8	3,000	
Major.	55	14	6	2,500	
Capt., Surg. or Vety. Surg. above 20 years' service.	37	4	4	2,000	
Lieutenant, (Asst. Surgeon or Vety. Surgeon.	18	10	2	1,000	
Cornet or Ensign.	14	14	6	750	
Commissary of Ordnance.	37	4	4	2,000	
Riding-Master or Troop Quarter-Master.	20	0	0	750	Vide G. O. G., 12th Jan., 1869, No. 12.
Depy. Commissary of Ordnance.	36	0	0	2,000	
Assistant Commissary.	30	0	0	1,000	Vide G. O. G., 4th February, 1868, No. 19.
Depy. Assistant Commissary.	26	0	0	750	
Conductor.	20	0	0	750	
Sub-Conductor.	15	0	0	750	
Honorary Assistant Surgeon.	20	0	0	1,000	Vide G. O. G., 19th June, 1858, No. 232, and G. O. G., 23rd Feb., 1850, No. 67.
Senior Apothecary.	25	0	0	750	
Apothecary.	20	0	0	750	
Assistant Apothecary.	15	0	0	750	

G. O. G., 3rd October, 1862, No. 357.

G. O. G. G., No. 677 of 1862.—Under instructions from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to

* Present designation Surgeon-General. † Present designation Surgeon.
 † " " Deputy Surg.-Genl. † " " Honorary Surgeon.

publish the following Form of Declaration which is in future to be adopted by all Widows of Officers who are applicants for admission to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, and to notify that upon each occasion of the receipt of pension, the Pensioner admitted under such declaration will be required to state in a form also given that she does not at the time possess or enjoy either directly or indirectly, property equivalent to the amount declared upon first admission to the benefits of the Fund.

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare, that I am the Widow of _____ late a _____ in Her Majesty's Service, and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband; and I further solemnly and sincerely declare, that my said husband was not, at the time of his death, possessed of, or entitled to, either by himself or by any person in trust for him, real and personal estate to the amount in value together of _____ including any settlement that may have been made at the time of marriage, or subsequently thereto; and that at the time of the death of my said husband no person or class of persons nominated by him other than a creditor or creditors, nor any one in trust for such person or class, was entitled under any Life Insurance effected by my said husband to any such sum of money as either alone or together with the real and personal estate of which my said husband died seised or possessed, will amount to the aforesaid sum of _____; and that my said husband did not to my knowledge at any period in any way dispose of his estate, or any part thereof, in order that I might be enabled to claim the regulated amount of pension from Lord Clive's Fund; and I also declare that I do not myself possess or enjoy any property, or any such interest in any property, as either alone or together with the real and personal estate of which my late husband died seised or possessed, and any such insurance money as aforesaid, will amount to the aforesaid sum of _____; and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the Session of Parliament of the fifth and sixth years of the reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled "An Act to repeal an Act of the present Session of Parliament, intituled An Act for the more effectual abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various Departments of the State, and to substitute Declarations in lieu thereof, and for the more entire suppression of voluntary and extrajudicial Oaths and Affidavits, and to make other provisions for the abolition of unnecessary Oaths."

Declared at _____ this _____ day of _____ 18____
 Magistrate for the _____ of _____

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

Certificate of Identity.

I hereby certify that _____ residing _____ has appeared before me this day, and that to the best of my knowledge and belief she is the person named in the Declaration below.

N. B.—The Minister is requested not to sign the Pension Papers of any Widow unless she appears before him in person.

Date _____ Signature _____
 Minister of the Parish of _____
 DECLARATION.

I, _____ do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was the lawful wife of _____ late a _____ in the Indian Army, and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband, and I further declare that I do not at the present time possess or enjoy, either directly or indirectly, property equivalent in value to the sum of £ _____, and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously believing the same to be true.

Declared and subscribed before me this _____ day of _____ 18____
 The Magistrate or Resident Minister of the Established Church to sign here, and state the place for which he acts.
 Magistrate for _____ Minister of _____
 In the County of _____

I do attest and declare that I verily believe the above Declaration to be genuine and authentic.

Attorney.

Estb. No. _____ No. of Voucher _____
Received of the Secretary of State in Council for India on the _____ 187____
the sum of _____ pounds _____ shillings and _____ pence, in
payment of the Pension due to me for the quarter ending _____
Full amount of Pension £ _____
Income tax _____
Net sum payable _____

Penny Receipt
Stamp
to be affixed
here

Emd. —

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Lieut.-Col.,
Secy. to the Govt. of India.

QUEEN'S MILITARY FUND.

Regulations of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, for the Benefit of the Widows and Children of deceased Officers in Her Majesty's Service in India, established in 1820.

Under the protection and countenance of the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings, Commander-in-Chief in India, the abovenamed Fund was established in the year 1820, for the purpose of sending Home, in comfort and respectability, the families of deceased subscribing Officers in Her Majesty's Service in India, preventing thereby the painful and degrading practice of appealing to the public for subscriptions on such occasions. The Fund also provides relief in such cases until they can conveniently embark.

Modifications of the original Rules have at different times become necessary, and have been adopted with the approval of the subscribers and the sanction of the Commander-in-Chief for the time being.

On the present occasion the Committee of General Management having observed the desirability of making some of the rules more complete, of modifying the rates of subscription hitherto paid, and of amplifying the field of the Fund's operations, represented these views to the subscribers at large, and circulated voting lists in which opinions were given on the proposed alterations.

The Committee are gratified to find that their suggestions have been almost unanimously accepted, and the same are accordingly embodied in the following Code of revised Regulations for the Government of the Fund, which will come into force on the 1st January 1874.

As Officers, on first landing in the country may not have convenient access to the books of Local Regulations, the following extracts are here re-printed, showing the benevolent object with which the Fund came to be originally instituted, and the benefits to be derived from supporting it.

G. O. 25th June, 1829.—“1. With reference to the Circular Letter from the Adjutant General of His Majesty's Forces to Officers Commanding Regiments, dated the 22nd October, 1819, His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, with a view to give further aid and facility to the arrangement of the Fund for Widows and Children of His Majesty's Officers, is pleased to publish for general information of all concerned, that the Most Noble the Governor-General has signified his consent to become Patron to the humane institution now in progress of establishment, and His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief will consider himself as President, and has been pleased to order a Committee of General Management to be formed at Head Quarters, with which the Presidents of General and Regimental Committees can communicate on all subjects touching the object in view. It will be the business of the Committee of General Management to examine the accounts quarterly, and to order the sums in hand to be deposited in Government Security, and that the Paymasters of Regiments make the remittances at the periods prescribed in the printed Regulations; &c., &c.”

G. O. 23rd November, 1823.—“The Commander-in-Chief is pleased to publish, for the information of the Officers of His Majesty's Army serving in India, the following General Order, No. 271 of 1826, issued by the Supreme Government:—

Fort William, 17th November, 1826.—“Resolves.—That the following paragraph of a Military General Letter from the Honorable the Court of Directors under date the 27th

of May, 1826, be promulgated for the information of the Officers of His Majesty's Service in India:—

59 and 61. The grant of passage money to the widow of Lieut. Twissberran, of His Majesty's 44th Regt., to enable her to return to England reported as a special case.

“Para. 16. It appears from the documents annexed to these Proceedings, that Lieutenant Twissberran had been so short a time in India, that he was probably not aware of the Fund established for the relief of the widows and families of Officers in His Majesty's Service, dying in India, and consequently had not subscribed to it.

“17. We desire, that you will take measures for acquainting all Officers of His Majesty's Service, with the existence of this Fund, immediately on their arriving at any of the Presidencies, and, with our determination not to provide maintenance or passage hereafter for the widows or families of any of His Majesty's Officers dying in India.

“The Commander-in-Chief is requested to issue such instructions for making all Officers of His Majesty's Service, on their arriving at any of the Presidencies, acquainted with the determination of the Honorable Court, expressed in the foregoing extract, as may appear necessary to His Excellency.”

G. O. 20th April, 1829.—“The Commander-in-Chief, in directing the publication in General Orders of the accompanying statement of the Funds of the institution for the relief of widows of Officers of His Majesty's Service, regrets to find, that an institution so beneficial to all (whether married or single), and so perfectly within the means of the most limited incomes, should not meet with that universal support which it claims. His Lordship is satisfied that there are many who have, from want of attention only, omitted to return their names as subscribers, and is confident that such omissions have only to be pointed out to be remedied; but he considers it a duty which he owes to the Army, to inform them by the publication of the accompanying letter, in the sentiments of which he most fully coincides, that it now remains for the Service generally to consider whether they will support the institution, or allow the widows and children to appeal to individual charity for the means of enabling them in their distress to return to their homes. Such an addition to their misfortunes may be removed, and their respectability maintained, by so small a subscription to the Fund, of at most two Rupees a month from a Subaltern, and from other ranks according to the moderate scale laid down in its Regulations.”

Letter from the Secretary to Government, Military Department, to the Commander-in-Chief, No. 195, dated 13th December, 1828.

“The annexed extracts (paragraphs 2 and 11) of the Honorable Court's Military General Letter to Madras, under date the 13th May, 1829, prohibiting the grant of passage money to the families of Officers of His Majesty's Service returning to England, having been forwarded to the Supreme Government, with an intimation that these orders are equally applicable to this Presidency. I am directed to request, that you will lay the same before the Commander-in-Chief for His Excellency's information.

Extract Military Letter to Fort St. George, dated 14th May, 1829.

“Para. 2nd. We have had repeated occasions to comment on the Regulations of your Government granting passage money to the families of King's Officers on their return to England, but we regret to find that our instructions on this point have not been attended to with their desired effect at your Presidency.

“3rd. The cases which have arisen divide themselves into two classes:

- “1st.—Widows and orphans of Officers dying in India.
- “2nd.—Wives and children of Officers returning to England.

“4th. To provide for the conveyance to England of widows and orphans, who are left in destitute circumstances, a Fund was established in the year 1820 by Officers of His Majesty's Regiments serving in India. The principles and objects of this Fund have received our concurrence, and a subscription of 6,000 Rupees a year has been authorized by us towards its support.

“5th. * * * * *

“6th. * * * * *

“7th. The Officers in our service, who have been appointed, of late years, are all required to contribute to the support of the institution established for the relief of their widows and children, and we would hope that some rule, which shall be equally effectual for the support of this Fund may be adopted by His Majesty's Officers.

“8th. In the subscription we have made we have done as much, if not more in proportion to His Majesty's Officers, as we have done for the Officers of the Company's Army, in our subscriptions to their Funds; and as we never provide for any

individual case of distress, which may arise on the part of the widow and children of an Officer of our own service, we must likewise decline to make any such separate provision in any future case for the widow and children of an Officer of His Majesty's Army.

"2th. His Grace the Commander-in-Chief has observed on this subject 'that if the Officers of His Majesty's Army will contribute, the Fund will be sufficient to remedy the inconveniences which now exist; if, on the other hand, they decline to subscribe to it, it must be understood that they are willing to rely, in the event of their death, upon 'charity,' for the removal of their families to England. If, therefore, any widows or orphans of His Majesty's Officers be left destitute, it will be from the fault of their husbands and fathers."

"10th. We, therefore, positively prohibit any further advance of money on your part to enable such widows and orphans to return to England."

"2nd.—Wives and children of Officers returning to England."

"11th. We had contemplated the advantage of including these cases among the objects to be provided for by the Fund; but on further consideration, we are of opinion that every Officer must be left to make his own arrangement, independent of any charitable institution, or of the assistance of the State. The Funds to which we contribute for the advantage of the Company's Officers, make no provision for such cases, and no allowance from the Government is ever granted to defray the private expense of Officers on this account. We must therefore absolutely prohibit the grant of passage money to the families of King's Officers returning to England."

G. O., 29th May 1814.—"In conformity with instructions from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary at War, under date, the 6th March, 1814, the Commander-in-Chief desires it may be distinctly understood, that all Officers refusing to become subscribers to the Military Fund for the benefit of the widows and children of Officers of Her Majesty's Regiments serving in the East Indies, their widows and families can have no claim to be relieved, either by the East India Company or by the British Government from any expense they may incur in returning to England."

A. G.'s Cir. No. 25, 29th September, 1836.—"On two occasions recently, it has come to the notice of the Commander-in-Chief, that charitable contributions have been solicited from the public at large in aid of the widows of Officers of Her Majesty's Services in India, whose husbands had neglected to subscribe to the Queen's Military Widows' Fund."

"The origin of the Fund was to obviate such appeals, and at the same time to prevent what used to be not an uncommon spectacle, the reduction to the most painful state of destitution of ladies who, during the lifetime of their husbands, were enjoying great comfort, perhaps even affluence."

"Apart from other considerations, His Excellency thinks it very unfair to the unmarried Officers of the Army, a large proportion of whom have already consented to tax themselves in support of this Fund, that they should be thus called on to pay a further contribution in aid of the families of those who were too improvident, or too negligent, to become members of it in their lifetime."

"His Excellency therefore hopes that married Officers will recognize the advantages of this institution, one which the Government deems worthy of its support, and that they will bear in mind the hardship and suffering to which their widows may be exposed by a neglect on their part to entitle them, by the present payment of a small contribution, to a participation in the very substantial benefits which the Fund confers."

Rules.

Rule 1st.—That the Committee of General Management shall be fixed at Simla, and consist of all Officers of the Staff, they being subscribers and present; and that an Officer of the Adjutant General's Department act as Honorary Secretary.

Sub-Committee in Madras and Bombay.—That a Sub-Committee for enquiring into all awards and circumstances connected with this Fund, and acting under the General Committee, shall be formed at Madras and Bombay, composed as follows, such Officers being subscribers:—

The Commander-in-Chief, the Patron.

The Senior Officer of Her Majesty's Army, at the Presidency.

All Officers of the Staff.

The two Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Regiment stationed at the Presidency.

The two Senior Subalterns of Her Majesty's Regiment stationed at the Presidency.

The Adjutant General of the Presidency will designate an Officer to act as local Honorary Secretary, who under direction of the Sub-Committee shall collect and deposit quarterly in the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, all subscriptions from Officers in the Presidency; at the same time rendering a detailed account to the Honorary Secretary, to the Committee of General Management, at Simla.

Subscriptions.

Rule 3rd.—That every Officer shall pay monthly according to his rank, as specified below:—

Subscriptions.	Commander-in-Chief Rs. 20 per annum.	Officers drawing pay and allowances of Rs. 1,300 or upwards	MARRIED. SINGLE.	
			Per month.	
Ditto	ditto	1,000	10	8
Ditto	ditto	750	8	6
Ditto	ditto	400	7	5
All others	ditto		5	3
			2.8	1

Rule 4th.—That the Paymasters of Corps in the Bengal Presidency shall be authorized and required to make these deductions monthly, and shall remit the same quarterly by Transfer Receipt, on the Bank of Bengal, Calcutta, to the Honorary Secretary, Queen's Military Widows' Fund at Simla. In Madras and Bombay subscriptions will be collected in the same manner, and forwarded to the local Honorary Secretary.

No Officer present in India shall be allowed to fall into arrears of subscription to this Fund; and the Honorary Secretary (or Local Secretary, as the case may be), shall be required to warn any Officer whose subscription is six months in arrears, that he must pay up at once on pain of having his name removed from the rolls. An Officer whose name has thus been removed can only re-enter the Fund on the same terms as a new subscriber, and the fact of his removal will not absolve him from his liability for any subscription in arrears at the time his name is struck off. An Officer will be held to be a subscriber if in India, till such time as he notifies his wish for the removal of his name from the rolls.

Officers detached from regiments shall remit their subscriptions to the Honorary or Local Secretary quarterly in arrears by Transfer Receipt, on the Bank of Bengal, obtainable from the Treasury which pays them their salary.

Rule 5th.—All Officers of Her Majesty's British Forces serving in India are eligible to subscribe to the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, on their notifying their intention to that effect through the Regimental Paymaster to the Honorary Secretary at Simla, if they themselves are serving in the Bengal Presidency, or to the Local Secretaries in the other Presidencies if serving in Madras or Bombay. Officers on detached employ may notify direct to the Honorary Secretary their intention of subscribing.

I. All married officers coming to India for the first time shall subscribe to the Fund within one year of their arrival in India, provided their families accompany them.

II. If followed by their families they must subscribe within six months of the families' arrival, or within one year of their own arrival.

III. An officer marrying in India shall join within six months of his marriage, or within one year of his first arrival in the country.

IV. All married officers returning with their families to India after an absence from any cause, shall subscribe within six months of their return.

V. Married officers, whose families are not in India, may subscribe at married rates, and their widows will be eligible for the advantages of Rule 21.

VI. Any married officer, whose family is in India, failing to comply with the above conditions, can only be admitted as a subscriber to the Fund, on payment of a donation not exceeding six months' subscription of his married grade.

For instance—an officer who had been fourteen months in the country, and his family present at least eight months, would be called on to pay a donation of two months' subscription on joining.

VII. Bachelors may subscribe at any time without payment of any arrears.

Rule 6th.—This Fund, having been established for the purpose of sending home families of deceased officers, and with a view of preventing

Appeal to all Officers to support the Fund.

those painful appeals for assistance to the public, at once so humiliating to respectable individuals, and to the Queen's Service in India, it is earnestly hoped that all ranks of staff and regimental officers will support it; and in order to ensure its objects being known, a copy of these Rules will be furnished to every subscriber, and to the Commanding Officer and Paymaster of each regiment and battery.

Rule 7th.—That, in order to obviate the difficulties which would arise occasionally from the remoteness of certain stations of Her Majesty's Corps serving under the several Presidencies, the Most Noble the Governor-General in Council was pleased to order and direct, when the Fund was established, that

Public Service Remittances might be granted to the Paymasters of Her Majesty's Regiments payable at sight to the Honorary Secretary of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, acting for the Committee of General Management, thereby avoiding commission, double agency and loss by exchange.

Grants. Rule 8th.—That all grants of assistance from this Fund shall be regulated and assigned by Committees of Subscribers, as herein declared.

Rule 9th.—That in order to ascertain the claims of any widow or family, who may become entitled to the benefits of the Fund by the death of any regimental Officer, such widow shall represent the case of herself and family through the Commanding Officer of the Corps the casualty occurred in, in order to its being brought to the consideration of a Committee; and the Commanding Officer shall, as far as his knowledge will enable him, state his opinion of any case so received.

Rule 10th.—That whenever there may be more than one Corps of Her Majesty's Service stationed together, every application for relief from this Fund shall be heard and decided on by a Station Committee, composed, as equally as possible, of Officers from the Corps present, being subscribers to the Fund.

STATION COMMITTEE.

President.—A Field Officer or Surgeon-Major (if practicable).

Members.—{ One Captain or Officer of equivalent rank.
One Subaltern or Officer of equivalent rank.

Rule 11th.—In the event of Officers dying while the Corps they belong to is stationed by itself, or while they themselves are absent from their Regiment, it shall be in the power of every Commanding Officer of a Regiment or Station, under those circumstances, to assemble a Committee of any three Officers, being subscribers, to hear and decide upon the cases of any widows and children who have become entitled to relief from this Fund. In the event of there not being three subscribers at once available to form a Committee, the Commanding Officer of the Station or Corps may avail himself of non-subscribers, to avoid the delay which would be entailed in assembling a Committee composed wholly of subscribers in the usual manner. It shall also be competent for the Commander-in-Chief at either Presidency to assemble a Special Committee to report on the case of any lady who may have become a widow, whilst the Regiment to which her husband belonged is at another distant Station, or on service beyond sea.

Rule 12th.—That the Station, Regimental, or Special Committee, having duly examined into the circumstances, shall report their opinion thereon, and recommend the amount to be granted for Passage-money and maintenance, strictly in conformity with the Regulations annexed. The opinion and recommendation of the Committee shall be immediately forwarded to the Honorary Secretary of the Presidency by the President of the Committee, and the Paymaster of the Regiment, under the above authority, can at once advance to the widow the amount of "Travelling" and "Maintenance" allowance awarded by the Committee, reimbursing himself by drawing a bill on the Honorary Secretary or Adjutant-General if in Madras or Bombay, the residue of the award to be adjusted by the Honorary Secretary under the sanction of the General or Sub-Committee of Management, and paid to the widow before leaving the Regiment, or, on arrival at the Port of embarkation, by the Honorary Secretary.

Rule 13th.—The Sub-Committees at Madras and Bombay will in cases of award in those Presidencies, be satisfying themselves of the accuracy of the statements laid before them, draw on the Adjutant-General of the Presidency for the amount which may be awarded; but in the final adjustment of the accounts of each Sub-Committee, the Committee of General Management will consider themselves bound to object to any sum, however trifling, which may be granted in excess of the Rules laid down. To facilitate the immediate payment of awards, a sum of Rupees 5,000 is lodged in each of the Presidency Banks, to the credit of the Adjutant-General of that Presidency.

Rule 14th.—The Sub-Committee will, on drawing for any sum on the Adjutant-General of the Presidency, in cases of awards, transmit to the Honorary Secretary at Simla, the Report of the Station Committee, accompanied by receipts and certificates, showing that the money has been appropriated in the manner and for the purposes for which it was awarded.

Rule 15th.—But to prevent doubts and misapprehensions which might possibly arise hereafter, it is distinctly declared, that no widow permanently residing in this country after the death of her husband, can expect any provision or allowance for herself or children from the Fund, farther than is stated in Rule 23.

Rule 16th.—Orphan children are eligible for the benefits of this Fund, but awards for them must be specially made by a Station or Regimental Committee, and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency, who is requested to appoint some eligible person to take care of them, and provide a passage, &c., &c.

Rule 17th.—That the Honorary Secretary, acting for the Committee of General Management, shall furnish in annual account of the Annual account to be furnished by Secretary. Receipts and Disbursements of this Fund to the Adjutant-General, Bengal; in view to its being published in General Orders by the Commander-in-Chief in India.

Rule 18th.—That no General Rule or Regulation of this Fund shall be altered, except it is recommended by the General Committee, and approved by a majority of the subscribers.

Rule 19th.—That all widows of Officers, who were subscribers to the Fund up to date of departure from India, shall be entitled to the amount granted to widows and children for passage money to England if their husbands had provided their own passages, and died en-route to England or during their absence on sick certificate at the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauritius or Australia; but in cases where their late husbands were found in passages by the State, then such widows and children will be entitled to four months' maintenance allowance only, according to the scale laid down in Rule 21.

Rule 20th.—That no special grant, in cases of great distress (not provided for by the Regulations of the Fund), shall be passed by the Committee of General Management without the sanction of the majority of subscribers, which sanction is to be declared in the General Abstract of Accounts published annually for the information of Subscribers.

Rule 21st.—When an officer dies in India, his widow will be entitled to maintenance allowance, according to the following scale, for three months, from date of decease of her husband if in India, together with passage money; and to four months' maintenance allowance without passage money, if she is out of India, provided in the latter case that her husband was a subscriber at the married rate at date of his decease:

To the widow of an officer, who paid a subscription on Rs. 750 a month or upwards, per mensem.....	Rs. 600
Of an officer, who paid on Rs. 400 and upwards, per mensem.....	400
Of all others.....	200

Rule 22nd.—In addition to the above a travelling allowance on the scale below, will be made to widows to the port of embarkation or place of residence in India, as the case may be. In certain exceptional instances, where the rates will not meet the expenses of the journey, the Committee assembled under Rules 9 and 10 should record in their Proceedings the actual cost of the journey, and the amount they recommended for incidental expenses; each case so specially recommended will be dealt with on its own merits, and the Committee of General Management reserve to themselves the power of rejecting any proposed deviation from the ordinary course, and will also, if the expenses of any journey appear to have been over-estimated, reduce the same to any limit which may appear to them fair and reasonable.

Annas 8 per mile for Dik travelling.

" 8 " Palkee ditto.

" 3 " Railway.

Children above 10 years to be calculated as a full fare; below that age, a half fare.

Rule 23rd.—The same amount of sea passage money shall be allowed to all widows without reference to the rank of the deceased husband, and the passage money of a widow shall be.....Rs. 1,500

For each child above 12 years of age..... 500

For each child under 12 years of age..... 300

But this allowance is not claimable unless the widow and children embark within two years from the decease of the husband, and provided also she continues in a state of widowhood.

Rule 24th.—The following shall be the scale of award for all widows to defray the expenses of their journey in England to their homes, the amount to be paid to them by the Honorary Secretary as laid down in Rule 12, at the rate of 2s. per Rupee.

For every widow per mile.....	s. d.	0 6
For every child above 12 years of age.....	0 6	0 6
For every child under 12 years of age.....	0 3	0 3

When the journey can be accomplished by Railway.

For every widow..... 1 0

For every child above 12 years of age..... 1 0

For every child under 12 years of age..... 0 6

When the journey cannot be performed by Railway or for any portion of it, that cannot be so performed.

Rule 25th.—Any claims on the Fund will however be paid in full, only in the case of officers who have joined the Fund for three full months. In the event of a subscriber dying within that period, the case will be specially considered by the Committee of General Management at Simla.

Rule 26th.—On the submission by a widow, of a certificate by a Medical Officer, that she is prevented by the ill health of herself or her children from leaving India within the three months for which maintenance allowance is in the first instance granted, or that the state of her health is such as to prevent her traveling with safety during the hot or rainy seasons, between the 1st April and 15th October, the General Committee, if the three months are extended, may sanction an additional grant to the extent of two months' detention allowance on the scale sanctioned in Rule 21, proportionate to the interval which will elapse before the journey can be commenced, but in no case shall a widow receive more than five months' maintenance allowance in the aggregate from the Fund.

Rule 27th.—In Madras and Bombay, the period at which journeys can be undertaken, and the grant of awards are to be specially considered by the Sub-Committees on the principles above declared.

Rule 28th.—Any lady intending to reside in the East Indies shall be allowed to draw travelling allowance to the place of intended residence, under Rule 22, and four months' maintenance allowance, as per scale in Rule 21, in full of all demands on the Fund.

Rule 29th.—On and from the date of these rules any officer of Her Majesty's British Forces, joining the Queen's Military Widows' Fund and eventually entering the Staff Corps, cannot continue as a subscriber after date of entering that corps permanently, though this ruling will not affect officers of the Staff Corps who are present borne on the list of subscribers.

APPENDIX.

THE QUEEN'S MILITARY WIDOWS' FUND.

Report and Award of _____ Committee.

(in the case may be)

FIDUCIARY.

(MADRAS.)

Heard the case of Mrs. _____ "being the widow of _____

of _____ died at _____, leaving also _____

The Committee deem the family or widow (as the case may be) eligible to the provisions of this Fund, and recommend that they (or she) shall receive travelling and maintenance allowance as follows, viz:—

Maintenance allowance under Rule 21.....	Rs.
Travelling allowance under Rule 22.....	Rs.
Tamboo Money to widow under Rule 23.....	Rs.
Ditto.....	Rs.
Ditto.....	Rs.

Total Rs.

Signed by _____ President.

Members.

"Enter Christian and Surname."

MADRAS MILITARY FUND.

INSTITUTED 1st APRIL, 1863.—TRANSFERRED TO GOVT. 10th SEPTEMBER, 1866.

OFFICE—ST. JOHN'S GATE STREET, FORT.

Hours of business from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.

W. MACRAE, Esq., M.B., M.C., M.A., Surgeon-Major, Offg. Examiner, Fund Accounts.

JOHN LEONARD, Esq., Fund Assistant.

THE MADRAS MILITARY FUND was established in 1863—and the declared objects of the Institution were to provide for the families of Subscribers after their decease with an adequate maintenance, and to assist Officers of the Army, (unprovided with aid by the Regulations of the Service) in the event of their proceeding to European Sick Certificate.

The following Tables show the Rates of Subscriptions and Donations payable by Living Members of the Fund according to their various grades:—

TABLE A.
Table of Donation for the different Classes to be paid in India or in Europe at £ 100 per Rupee 875.

Description according to Regimental Rank.	Bachelors and Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.			Bachelors and Widowers.			Donation for Daughters.		
	Rate per month.			Rate per month.			Rate per month.			Rate per month.		
	Rs.	S.	D.	Rs.	S.	D.	Rs.	S.	D.	Rs.	S.	D.
Colonels and Lieutenants.	200	0	0	100	0	0	100	0	0	200	0	0
Major Generals.	300	0	0	150	0	0	150	0	0	300	0	0
Colonels.	150	0	0	75	0	0	75	0	0	150	0	0
Lieutenants.	100	0	0	50	0	0	50	0	0	100	0	0
Captains.	75	0	0	37	6	0	37	6	0	75	0	0
Major and Asst. Chaplains.	100	0	0	50	0	0	50	0	0	100	0	0
standing 16 years.	75	0	0	37	6	0	37	6	0	75	0	0
Major and Asst. Chaplains.	100	0	0	50	0	0	50	0	0	100	0	0
of 10 years' standing.	75	0	0	37	6	0	37	6	0	75	0	0
of 15 years' standing.	50	0	0	25	0	0	25	0	0	50	0	0
Lieut. Colonels.	50	0	0	25	0	0	25	0	0	50	0	0
Colonels.	25	0	0	12	6	0	12	6	0	25	0	0

N.B.—Marriage Donations when the Husband's age exceeds that of his Wife by more than eight years, will be regulated by a Disparity Scale which became a rule from the 1st March 1844.

N.B.—The Donation on Marriage is always double the Total Entrance Donation paid by a Subscriber as Bachelor, and upon his entering each Class after Marriage, he pays a Donation on promotion double the amount of the Donation of an unmarried Subscriber of his own Class.

All Donations (required from Officers) are to be paid by twenty-five regular and equal monthly instalments unless adjusted at once or by earlier payments.

Lieutenant Colonels of the Madras Staff Corps can subscribe as Colonels on completing the qualifying service of 32 years. Application should be made to the Examiner, Military Fund Accounts, within 3 months of completing the required service.

Donation on promotion by Widowers with offspring is payable as unmarried—Vide Despatch, dated India Office, 21st June, 1857, No. 218.

TABLE B.

Table of Monthly Subscriptions for the different Classes.

Class.	Description according to Regimental Rank.	IN INDIA.						IN EUROPE.					
		Unmarried and Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.			Unmarried and Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.		
		Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.	Rs.	A.	P.
1	Colonel	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	0	10	0	0
2	Lieutenant-Colonel	8	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0	8	0	0
3	Major, Chaplain of 10 years' standing and Asst. Chaplain of 15 years' standing	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0
4	Captains and Asst. Chaplains under 10 years' standing	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0	4	0	0
5	Lieutenants	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
6	Cornets, 2nd Lieutenant and Ensigns	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0

In addition to the above, a monthly subscription of 1 Rupee or 2s. 6d. is to be paid for each son under 21 years of age, and for each daughter until marriage or death, during the life of the father. Subscriptions for daughters for whom the Donation of Rupees 200 may not have been paid, to cease after the age of 21 years. Subscribers are consequently required to report to the Secretary dates of birth and decease of all children.

Subscribers in receipt of Indian Pay and Allowances, are required to subscribe at the Indian rates.—(Vide Minutes, 5th March 1860.)

Officers proceeding to sea, the Colonies, on Sick Certificate, under the Regulations of 1854, shall be liable to Indian rate of subscription only for the first six months of leave, during which they draw Indian pay. (Vide Minutes, 15th November 1860.)

Those proceeding under the Regulations of 1858, pay Europe rate of subscription from date of embarkation.

In all cases subscriptions to the Fund are payable in advance.

Donations fall due from date of promotion and payable by the regulated instalments from the month succeeding that in which a Subscriber is promoted.

Discount of 50 per cent. is allowed on all Donations that may be paid up within thirty days from the date it is incurred.

Marriages must be reported by a Subscriber giving the date of the occurrence, with dates of his own and wife's birth and Christian names of the latter.

Births of children should be reported as they occur—and to secure to daughters continuance of Annuity until marriage or death, a Subscriber is required within ten days from date of birth to notify his intention to pay the Donation of 200 Rupees to secure the advantage; or will have to pay the amount agreeably to Table II, according to the age of the child.

Subscription of one Rupee a month is payable for all children from the 1st of the month succeeding birth—and ceases from the month succeeding decease—which occurrence should be reported.

Personal Expenditure.—A Subscriber of whatever rank proceeding to Europe on sick certificate, is entitled to Rupees 100 for his equipment; if married, in addition thereto, Rupees 200 for wife, and Rupees 100 for each child accompanying him.

Passage Money.—A Subscriber of the rank of a Captain proceeding to Europe is entitled to passage money Rupees 1250 minus the regulated deductions, viz., 1 per cent. on account of Losses, Insurance.

Subscribers on return to India if not provided with a passage by Government, are entitled to the following amounts subject to the regulated deductions:—

To a Captain Rs. 110 To a Subaltern Rs. 95

Captains of Artillery, Engineers and Infantry and all Bahadurs, are allowed Income Allowances for a period of 24 years for their families as follows:—

For wife, per annum Rs. 20 0 0

For each child, per annum Rs. 10 0 0

In no case is such allowance for a whole family to exceed Rs. 45 15 0

Retired married Subscribers are only entitled to Annuities to their families.

Annuities are paid to Widows of Subscribers and their Children as per following Table:—

TABLE E.

Table showing the amount of Pensions to Widows during their Widowhood and to Children of such Class and Condition.

Class.	Description of Annuities, the Widows according to the Regimental Rank of their Husbands, the Children according to their age, and the Parents they have lost.	PENSIONS PAYABLE BY THE MILITARY FUND PER ANNUM.					
		In India.		In England.			
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s.	d.	
Widow.							
1	a Colonel	2,061	7 3	335	18	9	
2	Lieutenant-Colonel	1,826	9 0	208	15	0	
3	(Major and Chaplain of 10 years' standing Major and Asst. Chaplain of 15 years' standing. }	1,588	10 9	181	11	3	
4	Captains and Asst. Chaplains under 15 years' standing.	1,197	10 6	136	17	6	
5	Lieutenant	894	2 3	102	3	9	
6	Cornet, 2nd Lieutenant and Ensign	715	5 0	81	15	0	
CHILDREN HAVING LOST ONE PARENT.							
1	Under 6 years of age	175	0 0	20	0	0	
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age	262	8 0	30	0	0	
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys, and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid.	330	0 0	40	0	0	
CHILDREN HAVING LOST BOTH PARENTS.							
1	Under 6 years of age	262	8 0	30	0	0	
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age	393	12 0	45	0	0	
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid	225	0 0	60	0	0	

TABLE showing the increased rate of Pension payable to Widows by the Madras Military Fund.

Vide Despatch from Her Majesty's Government, dated India Office, 7th June 1867, published in G. O., 30th August 1867.

Class.	Widow.	In India per Annum.		In Europe per Annum.		
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s.	d.
		Rs.	A. P.	£	s.	d.
1	Of a Colonel	2,223	9 9	251	16	3
2	Lieutenant-Colonel	1,972	11 0	225	9	0
3	Major and Chaplain of 10 years' standing and Assistant Chaplain of 15 years' standing	1,715	12 3	196	1	9
4	Captain and Asst. Chaplain under 15 years' standing	1,293	7 6	147	16	6
5	Lieutenant	965	10 9	110	7	3
6	Cornet, 2nd Lieutenant and Ensign	772	8 3	88	6	9

N.B.—An increase of 8 per cent. has been authorised to Widows' Pension from 7th June 1867.—(Vide G. O., published in Fort Saint George Gazette, 30th August 1867.)

N.B.—Girls for whom the Donation laid down in Article 11 may have been paid, will be entitled to a continuance of their Annuity until marriage or death, according to their condition in regard to parents: this Regulation applies only to those girls born subsequent to the 15th October, 1822, all those born prior to that period are entitled to the same privilege without payment of Donation.

Provided that nothing contained herein or in any other part of these Rules of the Institution, shall be considered to entitle to the benefits of it, any widow who may have been legally divorced or separated from her husband, for adultery, or who at the period of her husband's demise may have quitted his protection, and be living in a state of notorious adultery, though not divorced or separated from him by law, or who subsequently to her husband's decease may be living in a notorious state of incontinence.

The concluding portion of the above note commencing with "may be living in a notorious state of incontinence," is applicable to all female Annuitants, unmarried as well as married.—(Vide Minutes, dated 20th December, 1850.)

Declarations by Annuitants should be signed in the presence of either the Minister of the Parish, the Church Warden, the Justice of the Peace, or one Retired or other Civil Military Officer of the Service.

Every widow benefitting by the Military Fund is entitled to Passage Money only once, whether to Europe or such place as she may desire to fix her residence in accordance to the following scale:—

To Europe or America from India.	To India from Europe or America.
Widow of Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel and Major.....	Rupees 1,500
of Captain and Subaltern.....	" 1,200
To the Cape of Good Hope from India.	
To Europe from Cape of Good Hope or other places, 1 of the above rates.	
To children of deceased subscribers issuable once, without reference to the place to which they are proceeding from India.	
To an Orphan having lost his or her Father.....	Rupees 250
To each additional Orphan up to the number of 4.....	" 250
To 4 or more children (maximum).....	" 1,000
To an Orphan having lost both parents.....	" 700
To 2 Orphans do. do.	" 1,200
To 3 or more Orphans do. do.	" 1,500

ART. 58. Loans are granted by the Fund to Subscribers in India who have been eight years and upwards in the Fund, under the following Rules and restrictions:—

1st. To a Subscriber proceeding from India to Europe (or America) on sick certificate, and not receiving a passage, or passage money, from Government nor from the Fund—a loan of the amount of passage money, fixed in the following Table—and, under similar circumstances, equipment allowance in like manner—to be repaid, with interest, in full, in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from time of his return to India.

2nd. To a Subscriber paying as married, on proceeding on sick certificate, for his wife, and for each child accompanying him, a loan of the amount of passage money and equipment allowance, as fixed in the following Table reduced under Rule 4—to be repaid, with interest, in full besides any loan granted for his own passage, &c., in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from the time of his return to India; or if still a Subaltern, from the time of his becoming a Regimental Captain, whichever he may prefer.

3rd. To a Subscriber paying as married, requiring to send his wife and children, or either of them, from India to Europe, or elsewhere—or to bring them out to join him in India—a loan of the amount of passage money for each person so proceeding, as fixed in the following Table, and Rules—to be repaid with interest in full, in 25 monthly instalments, commencing from the pay next received after the loan.

Table of Passage Money and Equipment Allowance.

Borrowing Subscriber's Rank.	PASSAGE MONEY.			EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCE.	
	To a Subscriber proceeding to Europe.	To Wife or Adult Child of a Subscriber proceeding from Europe (or America).	To Infant Child of a Subscriber proceeding from Europe (or America).	To each Adult to Europe.	To each Infant to Europe.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Field Officer or Chaplain.....	1,500	2,600	600	250	150
Captain or Lieut. Chaplain.....	1,400	1,400	600	200	100
Subaltern.....	1,200	1,200	600	200	700

The term Adult means each person above 15 years of age.

The term Infant means each person under 15 years of age.

4th. When two or more persons of the same family are proceeding together, full Passage money is allowed only to one person, and to each other person only half; viz., a Captain with his wife, and one child, are proceeding together to Europe: he could only be allowed a Passage Money of Rupees 1,400 + 700 + 300 and 400 Rupees. This reduction equally applies if the Subscriber receives his full Passage Money from Government or from the Fund.

6th. When proceeding from, or to, India, to or from any other part of the world than Europe or America, two-thirds Passage Money only is allowed.

6th. The following limits are fixed for the various ranks of Subscribers, beyond which no Loan can be granted under any circumstances, viz.:—

Field Officers and Chaplains.....	Rupees 5,000
Captains and Assistant Chaplains.....	" 1,000
Subalterns.....	" 2,500

7th. The rate of interest on all Loans is fixed at 9 per cent. per annum, or 12 Annas per month for each 100 Rupees; this must in all cases be regularly paid up, whether in Europe, India, or elsewhere, as the Subscriber draws his pay until the principal is repaid.

8th. Repayment of principal must be made in the prescribed number of monthly instalments, of equal amount (besides interest), commencing from the time prescribed by Rule, and continued regularly each successive month until the whole is repaid.

9th. Should the Subscriber die while in debt to the Fund on account of any Loan, the amount so due and its interest shall in the first place be recoverable from the claims of his widow or children, as prescribed for Minors in Article 40.

10th. In addition to the recoveries to be made whenever practicable, from the Annuities to families of deceased Subscribers, who die in debt to the Fund on account of Loan, a levy of 1 per cent. will be made, on the issue of all personal benefits to Subscribers, to meet every loss that may result from dispensing with Securities when Loans are taken.

11th. No fresh Loan can be granted to any Subscriber while any former Loan, or any part of such, remains unrepaid.

12th. No Loan is allowable to any Subscriber while absent from India; nor to any Subscriber of less than 8 years' standing in the Fund.

13th. In applying for a Loan the Subscriber must forward his Declaration on honor, signed in the presence of two attesting Officers or Gentlemen, specifying distinctly the purpose for which it is required and engaging to refund immediately the whole, or any part, of the Loan which may not be appropriated to such purpose.

14th. Previous to receiving the amount of a Loan the Subscriber must furnish to the Secretary his personal Bond and irrevocable order on the Paymaster, signed in the presence of two attesting Officers, or Gentlemen; irrevocably engaging to repay it as prescribed by these Rules, and authorizing the recovery of the instalments, interest, &c., by stoppages from his pay abstracts.

ART. 59. Whenever interest is chargeable under the regulations on sums receivable or payable by the Fund, it is to be calculated at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, unless otherwise specially provided for in the Regulations.

THE INDIAN SERVICE FAMILY PENSION FUND,

INSTITUTED 1ST JANUARY, 1878.

OFFICE—IN THE PREMISES, ST. THOMAS GATE STREET, PORT.

Hours of business from 11 A.M. to 4 P.M.

W. MACRAE, Esq., M.B., M.C., M.A., Surgeon-Major, Offg. Examiner I. S. P. F. Accounts.

JOHN LEONARD, Esq., Head Assistant.

The above Fund was established with the view that Officers of the Indian Staff Corps, Officers of the Indian Medical Department, and Chaplains on the Indian Establishment, not being Subscribers to the late Military and Medical Funds may secure suitable provision for their Widows and Orphans.

Per Annum.	Class of Husband at death.				
	I.	II.	III.	IV.	V.
Amount of Pension to Widow in Europe.....	£ 160	£ 130	£ 100	£ 70	£ 40
In India.....	Rs. 1,669	Rs. 1,356	Rs. 1,043	Rs. 733	Rs. 417

TABLE II.—Pensions to Children of all Classes alike.

	From birth till age of 6 years.	From age of 6 to age of 12.	From age of 12 to age of 21.	To Females only from age of 21 to date of marriage or for life.
In Europe.....	£ 10	£ 20	£ 50	£ 45
In India.....	Rs. 140	Rs. 203	Rs. 313	Rs. 469

TABLE III.—Donations.

Class of Contributors.	On marriage or re-marriage.		On promotion to higher class.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
Class I.....	Rs. 4,000	332	332	72
" II.....	2,000	193	375	88
" III.....	1,000	96	250	24
" IV.....	500	43	125	13
" V.....	250	21	62	6

N. B.—If the age of husband exceeds that of wife by 10 years or more, the donation on marriage will be increased for disparity of ages.

TABLE V.—Donation payable for Children by All Contributors.

	In India.	In Europe.
For a Son.....	Rs. 150	25
For a Daughter.....	75	12

TABLE VI.—Monthly Contribution by Officers according to Class.

Class of Contributors.	By each married Officer.		Officers unmarried and widowers.	
	In India.	In Europe.	In India.	In Europe.
Class I.....	Rs. 25	2 10 0	25	2 10 0
" II.....	10	0 0 0	10	0 15 4
" III.....	5	1 10 0	5	0 11 6
" IV.....	2 10 0	1 0 0	2 10 0	0 6 6
" V.....	10	0 10 0	10	0 3 19

TABLE VII.—Monthly Contribution payable for Children.

	In India.	In Europe.
For a Son.....	Rs. 1 0 0	2 2 0
For a Daughter.....	0 6 0	0 5 0

No. 804 of 1876.

The following General Order by the Government of India, is republished:—
 Enactment, 19th July, 1875, No. 720.—With reference to G. O., No. 1315,* dated the 28th December, 1873, the following letter from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, received on this date, is published for general information:—

* Madras G. O., 29th July, 1875, No. 597.

FINANCIAL; MILITARY FUND, No. 323; INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, 27th JUNE, 1875.
 To His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India in Council.

My Lord,

1.—The case of an officer exchanging into the Staff Corps from the British Army not having been provided for in the regulations of the Indian service family pension fund, a reference was made to Major-General Hamington on the subject, and it appears from a calculation made by that officer that the ordinary donations for wives and sons will be sufficient to provide for the pensions allowed by the rules, but that the extra donations specified in the table in the margin must be added in the case of daughters according to their age at the date of their admission to the fund.

2. Extra donations for daughters must accordingly be paid by an officer who has exchanged into the Staff Corps since the 1st January, 1873, and the table in question could be added to the regulations of the fund from the date of the receipt of this despatch.

I have, &c.,

(Signed) SALISBURY.

APOTHECARIES' FUND,

ESTABLISHED IN FEBRUARY 1831.

TRUSTEES.

Mr. D. H. Gray,

Mr. S. Hall,

Mr. H. Hawkes,

Mr. R. Donaldson,

Mr. W. Karmey,

Mr. H. M. Judge,

Secretary.—Surgeon (Hon.) P. Harvey.

Treasurers.—Bank of Madras.

This Institution was established with the sanction of Government for the benefit of the Widows and Children of Apothecaries and Assistant Apothecaries in the Medical Service of the Madras Presidency.

It is imperative on every Subordinate Medical Officer, (except Mahomedans and Hindus) advanced to the grade of Assistant Apothecary to become a Subscriber to this Fund, so to continue as long as he may be in the effective service of Government. Pensions from this Department may maintain their connection with the Fund after retirement, and are subject to the same Rules and Regulations as for effective members.

DONATION PAYABLE.

	Married.	Unmarried.
Apothecary, or 1st Class Subscriber.....	Rs. 450	350
2nd Class Apothecary, or 2nd do.....	337 1/2	287 1/2
Assistant Apothecary, or 3rd do.....	225	195

RATES OF PENSION TO WIDOWS.

	Rs.	per mensem.
Widow of Apothecary.....	21 0 0	
" 2nd Class Apothecary.....	15 12 0	
" Assistant Apothecary.....	10 8 0	
Fatherless children.....	2 8 0	
Orphans.....	5 4 0	

These pensions are paid monthly.

MONTHLY SUBSCRIPTIONS.

	Married.	Unmarried.
Apothecary, or 1st Class Subscriber.....	Rs. 7 8 0	4 11 0
2nd Class Apothecary, or 2nd do.....	5 10 0	3 9 6
Assistant Apothecary, or 3rd do.....	3 12 0	1 11 0
Management.....	0 6 0	0 6 0

CHILDREN'S BRANCH.

Contribution.....	50 0 0
Donation for every child born.....	20 0 0
Subscription monthly for each child.....	0 14 0
AMOUNT OF MINIMUM FEE EACH GRADE TO ENTITLE THE WIDOW TO FULL PENSION	
Apothecary.....	Rs. 1,500
2nd Apothecary.....	1,125
Assistant Apothecary.....	750

N. B.—Further information may be obtained in the Rules and Regulations.

Instituted 1st March, 1837.

INSTITUTED 1st MARCH, 1837.
Transferred to Government on 1st September, 1870.
Office—MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT, FORT.

Hours of business from 11 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Surgeon-Major William Macnair, M.B., M.D., M.A., Examiner, Medical Fund Accounts.

P. NALLAPENNA, VMT. *Manager.*

THE OBJECTS OF THE FUND ARE

1. To afford to the Senior Officers of the Medical Establishment, retiring from the service, Annuities for life.
2. To afford assistance to the Widows and legitimate Children of Medical Officers, by the granting of pensions until death or re-marriage in the case of Widows; until 21 years of age, or death, or marriage in the case of daughters; and until 18 or 21 years of age in the case of sons.
3. To assist for a period not exceeding 3 years, Medical officers proceeding to Europe on sick certificate.

MOUNT SOLDIERS' WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

OPEN TO EUROPEANS AND THEIR DESCENDANTS, CIVIL AND MILITARY.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT

PRESIDENT.—Captain D. Lissenburg, Barrack Master.

JUNE 1963

Mr. C. Hall, Accountant-General's Office.
Lieut. J. Cochrane, Ordnance Dept.
Surgeon R. Harvey, Professor, Medical
College.
Apothecary S. Hall, Medical Deptt.
Sub-Conductor G. Blazey, Gaze Carriage
Factory.

Mr. P. Stazher, Sea Customs.
Mr. H. P. Doll, Government Office.
Sergeant Major G. Hartley.
Conductor J. Spence.
Conductor K. Spencer.
Mr. G. Crook.

Mr. John J. Clutterton, Secretary, 4. Vespery High Road.

Mr. J. Ross, Treasurer, 19, Maddox Street, Vauxhall.

Teachers.—Captain D. Linschultz, C. Hall, Esquire, Stephen A. Mervoy.

This Fund was established in 1863, for the benefit, primarily, of the Widows and Orphans of the Warrant and Subordinate ranks of the Army, but is open to all classes of Europeans and their descendants, Civil and Military.

The Capital amounts to Rupees 14,000. The Government Securities are lodged in the Bank of Madras in the joint names of Captain D. Liebenberg, C. Hall, Esquire, and Surgeon B. Harvey.

The following is a brief abstract of the Rules of the Fund:—

WIDOWS' BRANCH.														CHILDREN'S BRANCH.													
Class.	Married	Widowers and Orphans.	Monthly Subscription.	Donations when any of list does not exceed that of wife by more than 5 years.	Monthly Pensions.		Amount of payments re- quired to secure the Maxi- mum pension. See col. 5.	Amount of payments re- quired to secure the Mini- mum pension. See col. 6.	Pension when age of Subscriber is under 40 years of age.	Donations to cease at the age of 19 for boys, and for girls at the age of 21 years.	Monthly Subscription less.	Monthly Pension.	Remarks.														
					Maximum Pension.	Minimum Pension.																					
1st	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.															
2nd	3 43 2	60	15 0	12 8	720	330	24	2 0	7 8																		
3rd	3 02 3	43	12 0	10 0	576	240	12	1 8	6 10																		
4th	3 12 14	36	9 0	7 8	432	180	12	1 0	3 12																		
5th	2 51 2	24	6 0	5 0	288	120	9	0 12	2 13																		
6th	1 14 10	18	4 8	3 12	216	90	6	0 9	1 14																		
7th	1 00 10	12	3 0	2 8	144	60	3	0 4	0 16																		

The donations shown in columns 4 and 9 may be paid at once or by monthly instalments.

When the sums required to secure the Maximum or Minimum pension in the Widows' Branch shown in columns 7 and 8 are paid on joining the initial donations above referred to are not demanded as that amount is included in the amount required to secure the Maximum and Minimum pensions.

Increased payments in one sum are required from persons joining the Funds after the age of 40, and no person can be admitted or transferred to a higher class after the age of 55 years; delay in joining after being admitted by the Committee necessitates a fresh medical certificate being submitted. Subscriptions in the Children's Branch commence from the date of application to subscribe for the child, and continue until the age at which pensions terminate. Transfers from a lower to a higher class are permitted (on production of the prescribed medical certificate) on payment in one sum of difference (on donation and of subscription according to age. Subscribers to the Children's Branch must also belong to the Widows' Branch.

The pension in the Children's Branch is secured as soon as entrance donation is paid in full. In the Widows' Branch Maximum and Minimum pensions are respectively secured when the total payments in that branch amount to the sums specified in the foregoing table, see columns 7 and 8, irrespective of that paid for admission after 40 years of age. Subscribers are allowed at any time, on furnishing a medical certificate in the prescribed form, to pay in one sum, or by such instalments as they may find convenient, the difference required to entitle their Widows to immediate pension.

Pensioners may reside at any station or in any country they choose. Widows remarry-
 ing, lose pension during coverture, but revert to the Fund on again becoming Widows.
 They also receive a portion of a second pension if the second husband also had been a
 subscriber at the time of his death. Pension is forfeited by incontinence. No pension
 is paid to Widows and Orphans of Subscribers who die with six months' subscription in
 arrears, and Subscribers' names are struck off the books when twelve months in arrears.
 Subscriptions due for a period exceeding three months are not received unless accompanied
 by a Medical Certificate, and a sum equal to the amount due as a penalty.
 Further particulars if required may be had

Further particulars if required may be had on application to the undersigned. One Anna postage stamp must accompany the application.

Madras.

4, Vepery High Road,
1st Sept. 1860.

JOHN J. CHATTERTON,
Secretary.

N.B.—The Treasurer resides at 19, Maddox Street, Vepery, Madras, to whom all remittances must be made.

TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
	His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.	RS. A. P. 5,833 5 4	Future incumbents, Rs. 5,500.
1	Adjutant General.....		} Consolidated. With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Deputy Adjutant General.....	2,200 0 0	
1	Assistant do.	800 0 0	
	ADJUTANT-DE-CAMP.	600 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
2	To the Governor.....		
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	300 0 0	
2	To the Commander-in-Chief.....	150 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank. With pay and batta of rank. With Staff Corps pay of rank. With pay and batta of rank.
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	250 0 0	
	AVANT-POST.	150 0 0	
1	Assistant Adjutant General.....		} With pay & allowances of rank.
	BRIGADE STAFF.	500 0 0	
4	Brigadiers General, 1st Class.....		
2	Do. 2nd ".....	1,400 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
5	Deputy Asst. Adjutant Genl. of Districts.....	1,200 0 0	
1	Brigade Major, Fort St. George.....	400 0 0	
4	Depty. Assistants Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	} Consolidated. With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	DIVISIONAL STAFF.	400 0 0	
3	General Officers.....		
3	Aides-de-Camp to do.	3,500 0 0	} Consolidated. With Staff Corps pay of rank.
3	Assistants Adjutant General.....	250 0 0	
3	Assistants Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	
	CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.	500 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Superintendent of Army Clothing.....		
		700 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.

TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES—continued.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
	COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.		
1	Commissionary General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Commissionary General.....	800 0 0	
3	Asst. Commissioners General, 1st Class.....	800 0 0	
2	Do. do. 2nd ".....	600 0 0	
2	Deputy Assistants do. 1st ".....	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
2	Do. do. 2nd ".....	400 0 0	
2	Sub-Assistants do. 1st ".....	300 0 0	
2	Do. do. 2nd ".....	200 0 0	
3	Do. do. 3rd ".....	150 0 0	
	CARTILSON.		
1	Staff Officer & Superintendent of Details, Fort St. George.....	250 0 0	Including Horse allowance with Staff Corps pay of rank.
	INSTRUCTORS OF MUSEKETRY.		
1	Asst. Adjutant General (for Musketry)....	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Deputy Asst. Adj. Genl. (for do).....	200 0 0	
9	Musketry Instructors (English).....	150 0 0	With Regimental pay and allowances of rank, including Horse allowance.
	JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.		
1	Judge Advocate General.....	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Judge Advocates.....	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.		
1	Insp. General of Ordnance & Magazines.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Insp. Genl. of do. do.....	800 0 0	
2	Commissioners of Ordnance, 1st Class.....	500 0 0	With Regimental pay and allowances of rank.
1	Do. do. 2nd ".....	400 0 0	
1	Do. do. 3rd ".....	250 0 0	
1	Deputy Commissionary of Ordnance.....	200 0 0	With Warrant pay of grade.
1	Assistant Commissionary of Ordnance.....	150 0 0	
6	Deputy Asst. do. do.....	120 0 0	
1	Superintendent of Gunpowder Factory.....	600 0 0	With Regimental pay and allowances of grade.
1	Do. Gun Carriage do. do.....	600 0 0	
1	Assistant Superintendent..... Es. 150 to	200 0 0	
	QUARTER MASTER GENERAL'S DEPT.		
1	Quarter Master General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Quarter Master General.....	800 0 0	
3	Assistant Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
4	Deputy Asst. Quarter Master General.....	400 0 0	
1	Bar rack Master, Assistant Commissionary..	120 0 0	With Warrant pay of grade.
	SACRISTANAT TO GOVT. MILITARY DEPT.		
1	Secretary.....	2,500 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Military Secretary to His Excy. the Govt.	1,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Do. to the Commander-in-Chief.....	1,000 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Interpreter to do. do.....	120 0 0	Drawn by one of the Aides-de- Camp, includes Moonance al- lowance.
	MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.		
14	Controller of Military Accounts.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
15	Asst. to the Contr. of Mil. Accts (Unrecd.)	300 0 0	to 400.
17	Officer in charge of the Account Branch Controller's Office.....	500 0 0	
15	Examiner of Commissariat Accounts.....	900 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
17	Do. Pay Department.....	800 0 0	
17	Do. Ordnance Accounts.....	500 0 0	
15	Assistant Examiner, Pay Dept. (Unrecd.)	400 to 500 0 0	
14	Examiner of Medical and Fund Accounts.....	400 0 0	
14	Supt. of Family Payments and Pensions.....	600 0 0	
15	Do. of Army Schools.....	300 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
11	Secretary and Examiner in Hindustani.....	100 0 0	
14	Agent for Remounts at Coimbatore.....	700 0 0	

† There is now no fixed salaries for Officers holding these appointments. All Officers in the Finance Department receive the pay of the grade they hold without reference to the appointments in which they may be serving.—See G. O. C., No. 144, dated 9th March 1878.

Staff officers at the Presidency not in receipt of Consolidated Salaries are entitled to House-rent as follows:—

Colonels.....	Ra.	125	Captains.....	Ra.	75
Major.....	"	109	Lieutenants.....	"	19

NEW ORGANIZATION—CAVALRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	Rs. 750	Third Squadron Officer.....	Rs. 180
Second in Command Squa-		Adjutant.....	200
dron Commander.....	300	Squadron Officer.....	150
Second Squadron Officer.....	210		

Form.—The Second in Command and squadron officers will also each draw Rupees 10 per mensem for payment of their respective Squadrons and for the repair of Arms and Accoutrements.

The Adjutant will also draw Rupees 50, Office allowance.

The Squadron Subaltern, who will perform any duties that may be assigned to him, such as would devolve upon a Quartermaster, &c., will draw also Rupees 30 per mensem, for writer and stationery.

Commandants are to maintain three chargers, all other officers two only.

NEW ORGANIZATION--INFANTRY REGIMENTS--STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	600	Adjutant.....	Rs. 200
Second in Command and		Quarter Master.....	150
Wing Commander.....	270	Wing Officer.....	100
Wing Commander.....	230		

Note.—The two Wing Officers will each draw Rupees 85 per mensem, or Rupees 20 per Company, for the payment and repair of Arms and Accoutrements of Companies of their respective Wings.

Contingent allowance increased from Rupees 80 to Rupees 85 only to those Regiments that are armed with Enfield Rifles.—P. 5, 25th April, 1872, No. 1,378.

The Adjutant will also draw Euros 50, Office allowance.

All Infantry Officers are to maintain in one charge.

REGIMENTAL PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

COMBATANT OFFICERS.

Rank.	Horse Artillery and Cavalry.			Royal Artillery.			Royal Engineers.			Infantry.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Colonel and Colonel Comdt.	1,358	7	0	1,265	5	0	1,265	5	0	1,265	5	0
Lieutenant-Colonel.....	1,037	0	0	1,002	4	0	1,002	4	0	1,002	4	0
Major.....	809	6	4	759	3	0	759	3	0	759	3	0
Captain.....	473	0	4	417	7	8	433	10	8	415	6	0
Lieutenant after 3 years.....	395	4	0	255	12	0	255	12	0	255	10	0
Lieutenant.....	250	10	4	213	5	0	213	5	0	.....	.....	.....
Sub-Lieutenant.....	250	10	4	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	202	12	5

Rank.	Horse Artillery.	Royal Artillery.	Cavalry.	Infantry.
QUARTER MASTER.*	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Above 25 years' service.....	360 1 9	335 12 2	360 1 9	335 12 2
15 " ".....	341 13 7	317 8 0	341 13 7	317 8 0
10 " ".....	335 12 3	309 6 2	323 9 5	299 3 9
Under 10 " ".....	327 10 4	291 1 11	299 3 10	271 11 3
RIDING MASTER.				
Above 15 years' service.....	.....	.....	341 13 7	+
10 " ".....	.....	.....	323 9 5	+
Under 10 " ".....	.....	.....	305 5 2	+

and 26. ¹ ² ³ ⁴ ⁵ ⁶ ⁷ ⁸ ⁹ ¹⁰ ¹¹ ¹² ¹³ ¹⁴ ¹⁵ ¹⁶ ¹⁷ ¹⁸ ¹⁹ ²⁰ ²¹ ²² ²³ ²⁴ ²⁵ ²⁶ ²⁷ ²⁸ ²⁹ ³⁰ ³¹ ³² ³³ ³⁴ ³⁵ ³⁶ ³⁷ ³⁸ ³⁹ ⁴⁰ ⁴¹ ⁴² ⁴³ ⁴⁴ ⁴⁵ ⁴⁶ ⁴⁷ ⁴⁸ ⁴⁹ ⁵⁰ ⁵¹ ⁵² ⁵³ ⁵⁴ ⁵⁵ ⁵⁶ ⁵⁷ ⁵⁸ ⁵⁹ ⁶⁰ ⁶¹ ⁶² ⁶³ ⁶⁴ ⁶⁵ ⁶⁶ ⁶⁷ ⁶⁸ ⁶⁹ ⁷⁰ ⁷¹ ⁷² ⁷³ ⁷⁴ ⁷⁵ ⁷⁶ ⁷⁷ ⁷⁸ ⁷⁹ ⁸⁰ ⁸¹ ⁸² ⁸³ ⁸⁴ ⁸⁵ ⁸⁶ ⁸⁷ ⁸⁸ ⁸⁹ ⁹⁰ ⁹¹ ⁹² ⁹³ ⁹⁴ ⁹⁵ ⁹⁶ ⁹⁷ ⁹⁸ ⁹⁹ ¹⁰⁰ ¹⁰¹ ¹⁰² ¹⁰³ ¹⁰⁴ ¹⁰⁵ ¹⁰⁶ ¹⁰⁷ ¹⁰⁸ ¹⁰⁹ ¹¹⁰ ¹¹¹ ¹¹² ¹¹³ ¹¹⁴ ¹¹⁵ ¹¹⁶ ¹¹⁷ ¹¹⁸ ¹¹⁹ ¹²⁰ ¹²¹ ¹²² ¹²³ ¹²⁴ ¹²⁵ ¹²⁶ ¹²⁷ ¹²⁸ ¹²⁹ ¹³⁰ ¹³¹ ¹³² ¹³³ ¹³⁴ ¹³⁵ ¹³⁶ ¹³⁷ ¹³⁸ ¹³⁹ ¹⁴⁰ ¹⁴¹ ¹⁴² ¹⁴³ ¹⁴⁴ ¹⁴⁵ ¹⁴⁶ ¹⁴⁷ ¹⁴⁸ ¹⁴⁹ ¹⁵⁰ ¹⁵¹ ¹⁵² ¹⁵³ ¹⁵⁴ ¹⁵⁵ ¹⁵⁶ ¹⁵⁷ ¹⁵⁸ ¹⁵⁹ ¹⁶⁰ ¹⁶¹ ¹⁶² ¹⁶³ ¹⁶⁴ ¹⁶⁵ ¹⁶⁶ ¹⁶⁷ ¹⁶⁸ ¹⁶⁹ ¹⁷⁰ ¹⁷¹ ¹⁷² ¹⁷³ ¹⁷⁴ ¹⁷⁵ ¹⁷⁶ ¹⁷⁷ ¹⁷⁸ ¹⁷⁹ ¹⁸⁰ ¹⁸¹ ¹⁸² ¹⁸³ ¹⁸⁴ ¹⁸⁵ ¹⁸⁶ ¹⁸⁷ ¹⁸⁸ ¹⁸⁹ ¹⁹⁰ ¹⁹¹ ¹⁹² ¹⁹³ ¹⁹⁴ ¹⁹⁵ ¹⁹⁶ ¹⁹⁷ ¹⁹⁸ ¹⁹⁹ ²⁰⁰ ²⁰¹ ²⁰² ²⁰³ ²⁰⁴ ²⁰⁵ ²⁰⁶ ²⁰⁷ ²⁰⁸ ²⁰⁹ ²¹⁰ ²¹¹ ²¹² ²¹³ ²¹⁴ ²¹⁵ ²¹⁶ ²¹⁷ ²¹⁸ ²¹⁹ ²²⁰ ²²¹ ²²² ²²³ ²²⁴ ²²⁵ ²²⁶ ²²⁷ ²²⁸ ²²⁹ ²³⁰ ²³¹ ²³² ²³³ ²³⁴ ²³⁵ ²³⁶ ²³⁷ ²³⁸ ²³⁹ ²⁴⁰ ²⁴¹ ²⁴² ²⁴³ ²⁴⁴ ²⁴⁵ ²⁴⁶ ²⁴⁷ ²⁴⁸ ²⁴⁹ ²⁵⁰ ²⁵¹ ²⁵² ²⁵³ ²⁵⁴ ²⁵⁵ ²⁵⁶ ²⁵⁷ ²⁵⁸ ²⁵⁹ ²⁶⁰ ²⁶¹ ²⁶² ²⁶³ ²⁶⁴ ²⁶⁵ ²⁶⁶ ²⁶⁷ ²⁶⁸ ²⁶⁹ ²⁷⁰ ²⁷¹ ²⁷² ²⁷³ ²⁷⁴ ²⁷⁵ ²⁷⁶ ²⁷⁷ ²⁷⁸ ²⁷⁹ ²⁸⁰ ²⁸¹ ²⁸² ²⁸³ ²⁸⁴ ²⁸⁵ ²⁸⁶ ²⁸⁷ ²⁸⁸ ²⁸⁹ ²⁹⁰ ²⁹¹ ²⁹² ²⁹³ ²⁹⁴ ²⁹⁵ ²⁹⁶ ²⁹⁷ ²⁹⁸ ²⁹⁹ ³⁰⁰ ³⁰¹ ³⁰² ³⁰³ ³⁰⁴ ³⁰⁵ ³⁰⁶ ³⁰⁷ ³⁰⁸ ³⁰⁹ ³¹⁰ ³¹¹ ³¹² ³¹³ ³¹⁴ ³¹⁵ ³¹⁶ ³¹⁷ ³¹⁸ ³¹⁹ ³²⁰ ³²¹ ³²² ³²³ ³²⁴ ³²⁵ ³²⁶ ³²⁷ ³²⁸ ³²⁹ ³³⁰ ³³¹ ³³² ³³³ ³³⁴ ³³⁵ ³³⁶ ³³⁷ ³³⁸ ³³⁹ ³⁴⁰ ³⁴¹ ³⁴² ³⁴³ ³⁴⁴ ³⁴⁵ ³⁴⁶ ³⁴⁷ ³⁴⁸ ³⁴⁹ ³⁵⁰ ³⁵¹ ³⁵² ³⁵³ ³⁵⁴ ³⁵⁵ ³⁵⁶ ³⁵⁷ ³⁵⁸ ³⁵⁹ ³⁶⁰ ³⁶¹ ³⁶² ³⁶³ ³⁶⁴ ³⁶⁵ ³⁶⁶ ³⁶⁷ ³⁶⁸ ³⁶⁹ ³⁷⁰ ³⁷¹ ³⁷² ³⁷³ ³⁷⁴ ³⁷⁵ ³⁷⁶ ³⁷⁷ ³⁷⁸ ³⁷⁹ ³⁸⁰ ³⁸¹ ³⁸² ³⁸³ ³⁸⁴ ³⁸⁵ ³⁸⁶ ³⁸⁷ ³⁸⁸ ³⁸⁹ ³⁹⁰ ³⁹¹ ³⁹² ³⁹³ ³⁹⁴ ³⁹⁵ ³⁹⁶ ³⁹⁷ ³⁹⁸ ³⁹⁹ ⁴⁰⁰ ⁴⁰¹ ⁴⁰² ⁴⁰³ ⁴⁰⁴ ⁴⁰⁵ ⁴⁰⁶ ⁴⁰⁷ ⁴⁰⁸ ⁴⁰⁹ ⁴¹⁰ ⁴¹¹ ⁴¹² ⁴¹³ ⁴¹⁴ ⁴¹⁵ ⁴¹⁶ ⁴¹⁷ ⁴¹⁸ ⁴¹⁹ ⁴²⁰ ⁴²¹ ⁴²² ⁴²³ ⁴²⁴ ⁴²⁵ ⁴²⁶ ⁴²⁷ ⁴²⁸ ⁴²⁹ ⁴³⁰ ⁴³¹ ⁴³² ⁴³³ ⁴³⁴ ⁴³⁵ ⁴³⁶ ⁴³⁷ ⁴³⁸ ⁴³⁹ ⁴⁴⁰ ⁴⁴¹ ⁴⁴² ⁴⁴³ ⁴⁴⁴ ⁴⁴⁵ ⁴⁴⁶ ⁴⁴⁷ ⁴⁴⁸ ⁴⁴⁹ ⁴⁵⁰ ⁴⁵¹ ⁴⁵² ⁴⁵³ ⁴⁵⁴ ⁴⁵⁵ ⁴⁵⁶ ⁴⁵⁷ ⁴⁵⁸ ⁴⁵⁹ ⁴⁶⁰ ⁴⁶¹ ⁴⁶² ⁴⁶³ ⁴⁶⁴ ⁴⁶⁵ ⁴⁶⁶

after: "Fide n^o 66, dated 3rd March 1868, page 42, Rupees 18-4-2 per mensem
62 yrs service in addition to the rate after 15 years' service.
G., 3rd September 1878.

PAY MASTERS—PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

G. O. G. No. 929 of 26th November 1873.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 9th November 1873, is republished, with reference to G. O. G. No. 553 of 1866, No. 497 of 1868, and No. 563 of 1876.

ARMY PAY DEPARTMENT.

No. 1085.—In modification of G. O. Orders No. 763 of 1838, No. 439 of 1848, and No. 1086 of 1876, the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council is pleased to lay down the following rules regulating the rank, pay and Indian allowances of Paymasters of the Army Pay Department serving in India:—

Army Pay Department.	Pay and Indian allowances exclusive of horse allowance per mensem.
Paymaster on appointment	Rs. A. P. 476 4 0
After five years' service as such	506 11 0
After ten years' service as such	537 2 0

Staff Paymasters of 1st and 2nd class, appointed by the Staff Paymaster on appointment, attached to regiments serving in India, shall be paid as follows:—
After five years' service as such, Rs. A. P. 530 8 0
After ten years' service as such, Rs. A. P. 560 15 0

When attached to Cavalry regiments, horse allowance, in addition to the above rates, shall be granted to Paymasters at Rupees 90, and to Staff Paymasters at Rupees 20 per mensem.

The present rate of office allowance, viz., Rupees 78-10-3 and Rupees 65-5-3 per mensem for Infantry and Cavalry regiments, respectively, will be continued for all Paymasters and Staff Paymasters.

2. Regimental Paymasters who may not be appointed to the Army Pay Department will continue in all respects under present regulations.

3. The ranks of the officers of the Army Pay Department are as follows:—

Staff Paymaster Paymaster

Their honorary rank is that of Major and Captain, respectively, and carries with it all precedence and advantages attaching to the military rank with which it corresponds. Leave of absence may, when the public service permits, be granted to officers of the Army Pay Department attached to regiments, under the general regulations for privilege and temporary leave, and laid down for officers of British regiments serving in India, on the conditions:—

- That no military inconvenience be caused thereby.
- That the officer shall have rendered all the accounts due from him.
- That the officer before proceeding on leave shall produce the concurrence of the Controller of Military Accounts, and have handed over his accounts and cash balance in an accurate and satisfactory condition in every respect to the officer who is to perform his duties during his absence.
- That he shall have made arrangements satisfactory to the Commanding Officer for the performance of his duties during his absence.

5. In the event of an officer of the Army Pay Department attached to a regiment being absent on sick leave, either in India or to Europe, or proceeding on the same, or being suspended from duty, or placed under arrest, or in the event of his post becoming vacant by death or otherwise, it shall be competent for the Officer Commanding the Regiment, with the approval of the Commander-in-Chief and under instructions from the Adjutant-General, to appoint a Committee of Paymastership to carry on the duties of the Pay Office. Such Committee shall consist of three officers of the regiment, other than the Adjutant or Quarter-master, and the pay of the Committee shall be Rupees 5 a day. The circumstances necessitating the appointment of a Committee shall be immediately reported for the information of Government.

6. It will be competent to a Committee of Paymastership to delegate to one of their number the duty of signing documents on their behalf, but it is to be clearly understood that the members of a Committee are jointly and severally responsible for all its acts.

7. Regimental Paymasters appointed to the Army Pay Department retain all advantages as regards increase of pay for length of service, and the grant of honorary rank while serving, and on retirement, to which they may have been entitled under previous orders.

8. All service as Regimental Paymaster at the rate of 22s. 6d. a day will, on promotion to the rank of Staff Paymaster, count towards increase of pay in that rank.

9. This order is applicable to the three Presidencies, and will have effect from the 1st April 1873.

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Under G. O. G. No. 261 of 1861.	Rs. A. P.	Grade.
Surgeon-Major, above 25 years' service	1,039 2 0	As Captain.
Do. do. 25	1,005 9 7	As Captain.
Do. do. 15	825 11 5	As Captain.
Do. under 15	739 3 0	As Captain.

Surgeon above 10 years' service	Rs. A. P. 451 14 5	Old Rate.
Do. do. 6	433 10 2	As Lieutenant in branch
Do. do. 5	835 12 2	in which serving.
Do. under 5	817 8 0	

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT—PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

No. 806.—The following General Order by the Government of India, dated 31st October 1879, is republished:—

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

No. 1031.—In substitution of G. O. G. No. 534 of the 32nd May 1865, the Right Honourable the Governor-General in Council is pleased, with the sanction of Her Majesty's Government, to notify the following revised scale of pay and allowances for Veterinary Surgeons of Her Majesty's British and Indian Forces serving in India:—

Rank.	Relative Rank	Pay and Indian allowances per mensem.	English pay per diem.
Principal Veterinary Surgeon in India	Lieutenant-Colonel	Rs. A. P. 1,183 2 0	£ s. d. 1 5 0
After 25 years' service	Do.	1,207 7 7	1 7 0
Do. 30	Do.	1,244 0 0	1 10 0
Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon	Major, but junior of the rank, except for choice of quarters.	1,000 15 0	1 5 0
After 25 years' service	Do.	1,025 4 7	1 7 0
Do. 30	Do.	1,061 13 0	1 10 0
Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class	Captain	578 6 10	0 16 0
After 5 years' service as such	Do.	692 12 6	0 18 0
Do. 10	Do.	627 2 0	1 0 0
Do. 15	Do.	631 7 7	1 2 0
Do. 30	Do.	675 13 2	1 4 0
Veterinary Surgeon under 5 years' service	Lieutenant	377 8 9	0 10 0
After 5 years' service	Do.	401 13 7	0 12 0
Do. 20	Do.	432 4 7	0 14 6

The following sums under the head of Tentage are included in the above rates of Regimental Pay and Allowances:—

Colonel and Colonel Commandant	Rs. A. P. 200 0 0
Lieutenant-Colonel, Surgeon-Major	150 0 0
Major, Junior Lieut.-Colonel of Royal Artillery and Engineers, Surgeon	120 0 0
Captain, 2nd Captain, Paymaster, Asst. Surgeon of 5 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class	75 0 0
Lieutenant, Quarter-Master, Asst. Surgeon, under 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, Riding Master, Cornet, Junior Lieutenant, Ensign	50 0 0

HORSE ALLOWANCE.

For each authorized Charger.....Rupees 30

Number of Horses authorized for each rank.

Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry	Field Officer, Paymaster after 10 years' service, Captain, 2nd Captain, Paymaster, Surgeon-Major, Surgeons, above 6 years' service	4
	Subalterns, Surgeons under 6 years' service, Riding Master, Quarter Master	3
Field Brigades, Field Brigade Batteries, Heavy Field Batteries and Siege Train Batteries	Field Officer	2
	Major and Captain	1
	Subalterns, Quarter Master	1
Garrison Brigades, Infantry	Field Officer and Paymaster after 10 yrs' service, Officers of whatever rank commanding a Brigade or Regiment, Quarter Master when marching, Officers of Junior rank acting as Field Officers during absence of the Field Officers, under circumstances which involve a forfeiture of Horse allowance	1
Infantry		

Adjutants of Garrison Brigades, and of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, draw the allowance for one Horse in the established Staff Allowance of their appointments. When the Adjutancy of a Horse or Field Brigade is held temporarily by a Subaltern Officer, the allowance for one additional Horse is passed.

REGIMENTAL COMMAND AND STAFF ALLOWANCES.		RS.
Officers in actual command of a Brigade of Artillery or Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry.		400
Do. of a Battery of Royal Artillery or Company of Infantry.		30
Do. of a Troop of Cavalry (Regimental Arm, &c.).		20

Arms of Service.	Staff.			Horse.			Office.			Total.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Royal Horse Artillery.....	92	7	0				50	0	0	182	7	0
Field Artillery.....	122	0	0				105	0	0	227	0	0
Garrison Artillery.....	122	0	0	30	0	0	105	0	0	257	0	0
Cavalry.....	92	7	0	30	0	0	90	0	0	212	7	0
Infantry.....	122	0	0	30	0	0	105	0	0	257	0	0

PARTICULARS.		RS.	A.	P.
Office Allowance, Cavalry.....		65	5	6
Do. Infantry.....		75	12	8
Quartermaster's Allowance.....				
Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry.....		85	0	0
Stationary Horse Allowance for each Regiment of Cavalry.....		34	4	7
Interpreter of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry including Rupees 10 for Stationary.....		70	3	0
Chief Instructor of Artillery, Horse and Field Brigade.....		120	0	0
Chief Instructor of Gunnery, Garrison Brigade.....		150	0	0
Regimental Instructor of Musketry (including Horse Allowance).....		150	0	0
Do. for Stationary (annual).....		20	0	0
Assistant Instructor of Musketry (temporary) (including Horse Allowance).....		100	0	0
Surgeon in Medical charge of a Brigade or Regiment.....		150	0	0
Mess Allowance for a Regiment.....		250	0	0
Do. for a Battery of Artillery.....		40	0	0
Do. for a detached Troop or Company.....		20	0	0
Each garrison and Cavalry Regiment in which feeding is bought for the garrison, &c., yearly.....		20	0	0
Road allowance, Cavalry and Infantry.....		65	10	8

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT.		Trained Schoolmasters.		G. O. No. 217.	
	Staff Pay.	Per 25 days.	Per 25 days.	Per 25 days.	Per 31 days.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1st Class.....	55 10 1	40 4 7	33 3 2	22 11 9	29 15 4
2nd do.....	37 4 4	29 11 5	22 3 3	14 11 1	17 2 11
3rd do.....	22 13 1	16 12 3	13 14 4	8 10 5	10 6 6
4th or Assistant Schoolmaster.....	22 5 9	11 11 5	22 7 10	23 4 3	24 0 8

G. O. No. 217, August, 1873, No. 217.
The following General Order by the Government of India is re-published :-
Sd/-, 13th August, 1873, No. 850.
With the concurrence of the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to notify that it has been decided to adopt in this country, with some modifications, the War Office Regulations of 1871, for the supervision, management, and discipline of British Army Schools. The following arrangements have accordingly been sanctioned :-
I.—Superintendents.

- The Superintendent of Army Schools in each Presidency will be a commissioned officer, with the relative rank of Captain, if he shall not already have attained that rank.
- * Vide G. O. No. 216 and 251, dated 13th and 20th July, 1863, pages 203 and 205.

- The Superintendents will be appointed by the Government of India, those in Madras and Bombay on the recommendation of the Local Governments.
- The Superintendents will, in addition to performing the duties laid down in the Army School Regulations, receive and submit tenders for school materials, and prepare and submit the annual budget-estimates.
- In the Bengal Presidency, there will be an Assistant Superintendent of Army Schools to be appointed by the Government of India. He will rank with a Sub-Inspector, and receive the same pay and army rank. His duties will be those of a Sub-Inspector, Superintending in his office.
- In the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, the Superintendent will receive any assistance required from the Sub-Inspector in whose district the headquarters of the Superintendent is situated.
- The Bengal Presidency will be divided into three districts, the Madras and Bombay Presidencies into two districts each. To each district a Sub-Inspector will be appointed by the Field Marshal Commanding-in-Chief.
- The Superintendents will be allowed a moderate office establishment, the amount to be fixed with reference to the requirements of each Presidency.

II.—Pay of Officers.		RS.
Superintendent of Army Schools, Bengal, on appointment, per mensem.....		500
After 5 years.....		600
After 10 ".....		750
Superintendent of Army Schools, Madras and Bombay, on appointment.....		450
After 5 years.....		550
After 10 ".....		650
Sub-Inspectors.....		150
Pay per mensem.....		150
Staff, for 5 years.....		120
After ditto.....		150

III.—Scale of Pay of Subordinates.
The pay of schoolmasters, acting schoolmasters, and soldier-assistants will be as follows:—

RANK.	FOR A MONTH OF							
	25 DAYS.		25 DAYS.		30 DAYS.		31 DAYS.	
	On Appointment.	After two years' service in rank of Sergeant and Corporal.	On Appointment.	After two years' service in rank of Sergeant and Corporal.	On Appointment.	After two years' service in rank of Sergeant and Corporal.	On Appointment.	After two years' service in rank of Sergeant and Corporal.
TRAINED SCHOOL MASTERS.*	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
On appointment.....	58 7 10	69 15 8	63 9 3	63 2 6	62 10 8	63 5 4	61 12 1	67 8 2
After 3 years' service (including the additional pay given after two years' service in the rank.)	57 2 10	69 10 8	63 3 6	61 12 9	61 4 2	63 14 10	63 4 10	69 0 11
Do. 6 do. do.....	63 7 1	..	70 14 3	..	73 5 4	..	75 12 5	..
Do. 7 do. do.....	67 2 1	..	69 8 6	..	71 11 10	..	71 5 2	..
Do. 8 do. do.....	71 14 7	..	78 9 11	..	81 5 4	..	84 0 9	..
Do. 9 do. do.....	74 9 7	..	77 4 2	..	79 14 10	..	82 9 6	..
Do. 10 do. do.....	83 5 1	..	83 5 5	..	83 5 4	..	82 5 6	..
Do. 11 do. do.....	82 1 1	..	84 15 11	..	87 14 10	..	82 13 0	..
Do. 12 do. do.....	90 13 6	..	91 1 5	..	97 5 4	..	100 0 3	..
Do. 13 do. do.....	95 8 6	..	92 11 8	..	95 14 10	..	99 2 0	..
Do. 14 do. do.....	98 5 0	..	101 13 2	..	105 5 4	..	103 13 6	..
Do. 15 do. do.....	97 0 0	..	100 7 5	..	103 14 10	..	107 0 3	..
Do. 16 do. do.....	103 12 6	..	109 8 11	..	112 5 4	..	117 1 9	..
Do. 17 do. do.....	104 7 6	..	108 3 2	..	111 14 10	..	115 10 6	..

- The periodical increase will be granted only from the date of completion of the required service, after receipt of the order of the Home authorities upon the recommendation of the Director-General of Military Education.
- Schoolmasters appointed prior to 25th May, 1863, who may have elected to remain under the regulations in force prior to that date, will continue to receive pay under those regulations.

* See G. O. No. 600, dated 4th October 1876.

12. *Those who may still be serving as 2nd-class schoolmasters will in future be granted an increase of six annas a day to their pay on completion of 18 years' service as schoolmasters:—

Rates of Staff salaries Schoolmasters†	RS. A. P.
On appointment.....	18 0 0
After 1 year's service.....	21 0 0
" 2 " ".....	24 0 0
" 3 " ".....	27 0 0
" 4 " ".....	30 0 0
" 5 " ".....	33 0 0
" 6 " ".....	36 0 0

13. The above scale will not affect the claims of present incumbents who may be drawing the higher aggregate pay sanctioned by G. O. No. 216(2) of 6th March, 1870.

14. Schoolmasters arriving from England will not draw Staff pay until they enter upon the duties of their situation.

15. Schoolmasters absent on leave, excepting during the authorized vacations, will not be entitled to Staff pay.

16. Schoolmasters in India will be entitled to a gratuity of ₹5 in lieu of furlough, provided the re-engagement does not take place after the receipt at the station of the orders for his return home. In such cases furlough will be granted as soon after the arrival of the regiment in the United Kingdom as circumstances will admit. But if the schoolmaster is transferred to a regiment remaining in India, the gratuity of ₹5 will be allowed.

17. If re-engaging while under orders to proceed to another foreign station, he will be allowed a gratuity of ₹1-1-0.

18. A schoolmaster sentenced to dismissal will be sent by the first opportunity to England, where the sentence will be carried into effect by his discharge. In the meantime he will receive full pay as schoolmaster, but without staff allowances from the date of his release from confinement, and the issue of rations to his wife and children will be continued while he is in India. He will be amenable to military discipline, but will not be required to perform any duty.

Acting Schoolmasters.

The following pay will be passed to acting schoolmasters:—	RS. A. P.
When the number of adults does not exceed 50.....	15 0 0
on the school books during Exceeds 50.....	18 0 0
the month 100.....	22 8 0

The above applies to Convalescent Depôts and detached half battalions.

Schoolmaster of a detachment.

19. The following pay will be passed to the schoolmaster of a detachment:—

When the number of adults	Per mensem	RS. A. P.
attending is under 25	For broken periods, five annas per day.	10 0 0
When the number is 25 and over	Per mensem	15 0 0
	For broken periods, eight annas per day.	

This rule applies to single batteries of artillery when so quartered that the adults and children cannot attend a school for which a trained schoolmaster is sanctioned.

Soldier Assistants.

The following pay will be passed to soldier assistants:—	RS. A. P.
To the senior assistant, per mensem.....	10 0 0
Or for broken periods, 5 annas per day.	
To the remaining assistants, per mensem.....	6 0 0
Or for broken periods, 3 annas per day.	

The number of assistants shall be calculated according to the average attendance of the previous month, and they may be appointed in the proportion of one to every 25 pupils attending the adult and grown children's schools. The above applies to all schools for which a schoolmaster or acting schoolmaster is sanctioned, but when there is only one assistant in a Convalescent Depôt, Battery, or detachment, the lower rate (Rs. 6) is to be drawn.

22. The pay of schoolmistresses, pupil teachers, or assistant schoolmistresses and monitresses, is as follows:—

Schoolmistress.....	1st class, per mensem.....	2nd " ".....	3rd " ".....	RS. A. P.
				45 0 0
				37 8 0
				30 0 0

* See G. O. G. G., No. 358(2) of 3rd April, 1873.

† See G. O. G. G., No. 195(2) of 9th October, 1872.

(a) Madras G. O. G. G., No. 106, dated 16th April, 1873.

(b) Madras G. O. G. G., No. 254, dated 18th October, 1872.

Pupil teacher or assistant schoolmistress.....	1st year, per mensem.....	2nd " ".....	3rd " ".....	4th " ".....	5th " and afterwards.....	1st year, per mensem.....	2nd " and afterwards.....	RS. A. P.
								6 0 0
								7 8 0
								10 0 0
								12 8 0
								15 0 0
								1 0 0
								5 0 0

23. The pay of an acting schoolmistress to a regiment is Rupees 15 per mensem. This applies to Convalescent Depôts (declared permanent) and detached half battalions.

24. The pay of acting schoolmistresses to detachments is as follows:—

I. When there are twelve girls and infants attending, or 6 girls of age to receive instruction in needlework, Rs. 6 per mensem.

II. When the numbers reach 16 or 19, respectively, Rs. 10 per mensem.

25. The above applies to detached batteries when so quartered that the adults and children cannot attend a school for which a trained schoolmistress is sanctioned.

26. A monitress may be appointed when the number of children attending the infant and industrial school exceeds 20. For more than 40 children a pupil teacher or assistant schoolmistress may be appointed in addition to the monitress, or two additional monitresses, if no pupil teacher or assistant schoolmistress is available, and for every increase of 20, an additional monitress or pupil teacher alternately.

IV.—Leave and Passage of Schoolmistresses.

27. Free passage to Europe are granted to trained army schoolmistresses on duty in India who may be declared by the medical board to be in such a state of ill-health that a return to Europe is absolutely necessary for their recovery; but in all cases when it may be practicable, a change of residence in India should be tried in the first instance. Any army schoolmistress sent on medical certificate to a station in India is allowed her travelling expenses at the authorized rate.

28. Schoolmistresses absent from their duties on account of certified ill-health will be allowed full pay for a period not exceeding three months, and during that period the salary of an acting schoolmistress will be passed to the person performing the duties of the absent schoolmistress. This rule is applicable to those acting schoolmistresses whom, under the operation of General Order, No. 139† of 1871, it is not intended to relieve.

29. Should a schoolmistress, who may have been granted sick leave for three months, be recommended for an extension, the case will be reported for the orders of the Commander-in-Chief, in each Presidency.

30. During the extended leave, a schoolmistress will receive half her pay.

31. The whole period of absence will not be permitted to exceed six months, after which she will be placed on the unemployed list, from which date her pay will cease.

V.—Payment for Tuition.

32.—The following classes are admitted to regimental schools free:—
Non-commissioned officers and men of the British army, children and orphans of the regimental garrison, or departmental officers, of warrant officers, of non-commissioned officers and soldiers, including staff sergeants and drummers of European, percentage attached to native regiments and Government departments, of warders of Military prisons, and of pensioners. Children such as above, not belonging to a regiment or artillery brigade quartered in the station where they are residing, will be admitted to any military school on application to the officer commanding.

33. The children of European and Eurasian residents at the station may be admitted to regimental schools at the discretion of the officer commanding, on payment of Rs. 2-8 monthly for each child.

34. Broken periods of a month will be paid for at the rate of two annas for each day's attendance.

VI.—Hospital Stoppages.

35. The hospital stoppages in India will be three annas for a schoolmaster, and two annas for a schoolmistress.

VII.—Medical Treatment.

36. In all cases the children of army schoolmistresses are entitled to medical treatment in military hospitals.

VIII.—Bedding and Rations.

37. All schoolmistresses, whether they are the wives of schoolmasters or soldiers, serving in India or not, shall be on the same footing as G. O. G. G., No. 1,305 of 27th December, 1872, of regard to bedding and rations for themselves and half rations for their children. Pupil teachers will be allowed half rations.

IX.—Infant and Industrial Schools.

38. A grant of one rupee twelve annas will be made annually for each child not under four years of age, attending an industrial school. The grant to be reckoned on the average

* See General Order by the Commander-in-Chief, No. 87 of 24th March, 1873.
† Madras G. O. G. G., No. 83, dated 12th May, 1873.

attendance during the preceding year, and to be expended in the purchase of materials for instruction.

X.—Allowances.

39. Sub-Inspectors will, when travelling on duty, ordinarily be provided with a free passage warrant for themselves, servant and baggage, as granted to officers of relative rank, and will be entitled to a detention allowance of Rupees 5 a day when detained on duty in station. When not provided with conveyance at the public expense, they will be entitled to draw wages a mile when travelling by road, and three annas a mile by rail.

40. Schoolmasters, when travelling on duty without troops, to join their regiments, or to visit detachment schools, will be granted one rupee twelve annas daily in addition to the actual and necessary expenses of travelling by railway or by road, and this amount will be paid for the period during which the Indian staff allowance is not drawn.

41. Schoolmasters and schoolmistresses in India are entitled to the conveyance of the following weights of baggage:—

	SCHOOLMASTERS.		SCHOOLMISTRESSES.	
	Mounds.	Sectrs.	Mounds.	Sectrs.
When moving with troops.....	4	8	4	8
Married, moving without troops, is accompanied by his wife.....	14	.....	.....	.....
Married, moving without troops, if not accompanied.....	3	16	.....	.....
Married schoolmistresses moving without troops.....	.....	.....	8	16
Unmarried, moving without troops.....	6	24	5	24

42. A schoolmaster transferred from one station to another with or without troops, will be allowed the actual expense for conveyance of his wife (not being a trained schoolmistress) and family, in cases in which a free passage warrant has not been given, the cost not to exceed 2 annas per mile by road, and 3 pice by rail.

43. On all practicable occasions it will be the duty of schoolmasters to apply to the station authorities for free passage warrants before incurring expense on account of travelling.

XI.—Quarters.

44. Schoolmasters serving in India are entitled to quarters and tents, as allowed to non-commissioned officers of their relative ranks. When not provided with quarters or tents, an allowance of Rupees 15 per mensem will be given in lieu. If provided with quarters of a decidedly inferior description, they will be entitled, as compensation, to the difference between the amount of rent fixed for them and the value of the quarters assigned. The amount of compensation to be decided in the case of commissioned officers.

A schoolmistress, not being the wife of a trained schoolmaster attached to the same corps, is allowed quarters or compensation on the same footing as a schoolmaster.

XII.—Regulations for Army Schools.

45. Further instructions regarding the discipline of schools, their arrangements, the supply, custody and management of school property, and the appointment, promotion, privileges, &c., of officers and staff, will be issued under the orders of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The consolidated monthly rates of pay will be:—

Senior Apothecary.....	Rupees 400
Apothecary (1st Class).....	200
Apothecary (2nd Class).....	150
Assistant (1st Class).....	120
Apothecary (2nd Class).....	75
Passed Hospital Apprentice.....	50
Hospital Apprentice, 1st year.....	18
Do. 2nd year.....	20
Do. when in College, 1st year.....	20
Do. 2nd year.....	25
Do. 3rd year.....	30

One-fourth of the above salaries to be forfeited during absence, whether on general leave or medical certificate.

When on Regimental pay correspondence all public duties will be supplied with free quarters, or compensation in lieu, with an increase of the Presidency Town of 60 per cent., when marching with Camp Equipage.

In addition to the ordinary rates of pay, an allowance of Rupees 30 per mensem will be granted to all the Medical Warrant Officers when marching in the field.

A similar amount will be granted, as a staff or employed allowance, to those grades when senior with or in subordinate medical charge of the Hospital of British Regiment or detachment of British Troops, or of a Factory of Artillery, or Depot or Sanitarium, or when attached to a General Hospital or Medical Store, &c.

The monthly pay of this branch will also be consolidated, and on the following scale:—

	For those qualified in the English language.	For those not qualified in the English language.
1st Class Hospital Assistants of above 14 years' service.....	Rs. 60	Rs. 40
2nd do. do. of 'do. 7 do.....	40	30
3rd do. do. of under 7 do.....	25	20
Native Medical pupil, 1st year.....	7	5
Do. 2nd do.....	8	6
Do. in College or Medical School, 1st year.....	9	7
Do. do. 2nd do.....	10	8
Passed Medical pupils.....	16	12

The foregoing allowance to medical pupils includes ration money.

Hospital Assistants will draw as field batta—those of the 1st class Rupees 10, and the rest Rupees 5 per mensem, when marching in the field or in foreign service. When on general or sick leave, they will forfeit one-fourth of their salaries.

FORN WILLIAMS, the 22nd January, 1869.

No. 69 of 1863.—His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has the satisfaction to notify that Her Majesty's Government have sanctioned a revised and enhanced scale of pay and allowances, Staff and Furlough pay, retiring for the several warrant grades in Her Majesty's Indian Army.

2. The following are the rates which will have effect from the 1st instant:—

PAY AND ALLOWANCES AND STAFF PAY.

3. All Warrant Officers will receive a monthly net "warrant pay" according to rank which, with a monthly sum as "warrant allowances" intended as a full equivalent for batta, tentage and house-rent will together constitute the monthly "warrant pay and allowances."

4. When in effective employ in the Ordnance, Commissariat, or any Department where no other special departmental Staff or consolidated salary is allowed, they will receive in addition to the warrant pay and allowances a warrant Staff pay according to grade.

5. When a Warrant Officer is out of employ owing to no fault or seeking on his part, or if he resigns his appointment with the full approval of Government, he will, whilst so unemployed, be entitled to his "warrant pay and allowances."

6. When put out of employ for misconduct or incapacity, or if he resigns his appointment without, in the opinion of Government, sufficient grounds for so doing, he will only be entitled to his net "warrant pay." In particular cases, however, he may be allowed, as a maximum, the invalid scale of pay of his rank, but only with the special sanction of Government.

7. The following are the monthly rates of pay and allowances for the several grades:—

GRADES.	Net or Warrant Pay.	Indian Warrant Allowances.	Total Warrant Pay and Allowances.	Staff Pay when effective, and not receiving departmental Staff or consolidated Pay.	Total receipts when in effective employ.
Deputy Commissary.....	Rs. 120	Rs. 180	Rs. 300	Rs. 200	Rs. 500
Assistant Commissary.....	75	150	225	150	375
Deputy Asst. Commissary.....	60	120	180	120	300
Conductor.....	60	50	110	60	170
Sub-Conductor.....	40	40	80	45	125

8. For broken periods the daily pay and allowances will be calculated at one-thirtieth of the monthly pay.

9. The extra Staff allowance of Rupees 60 and Rupees 30 to permanent Conductors of the 1st and 2nd class, will continue to be paid as heretofore in the Ordnance Department.

10. Warrant Officers in receipt of the effective Staff pay, when on leave, be subject to reduction on the same principle as that applied to Commissioned Officers.

FORFEITURE AND INVALID PAY, RETIRED AND WOUND PENSIONS.

11. The annual furlough pay and retired pensions will be the same according to grades, and will be payable in British Currency. The invalid pay can only be drawn in India.

The wound pensions will be those laid down in Government General Order, No. 577 of 22nd May, 1857.

date of embarkation, be allowed the full retiring pension of their rank, whilst those invalidated after having served half the periods in question will be restricted from date of embarkation to four-fifths of the retiring pension of their rank, as prescribed in G.O., No. 549* of 1863, for Warrant Officers invalided whilst on leave in England.

II.—Warrant officers invalided in India before they have served half the periods prescribed will only be allowed the invalid pension of the grades next below their own, and will, if desirous of returning to England, be entitled from date of embarkation to four-fifths of the retiring pensions of those grades.

General Order by His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India in Council in the Military Department.
Fort Warren, the 17th April, 1860.

No. 103 of 1860.—The Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India has decided that all Warrant Officers, after twenty-one years' service, who are not entitled to the advantages of the grade on account of insufficient service in the Department, shall be allowed the pension of the rank next below that of Sub-Conductor, viz., that of Sergeant-Major, being (2) two shillings and (3) six pence per diem, or (4) forty-five pounds (12) twelve shillings and (6) six pence per annum, provided that the last five years of service shall have been in a rank superior to that of Sergeant.

The rates of pension of those Warrant Officers whose unfitness for active service may be caused by their own conduct or habits, will be those laid down in G.O., No. 593,* dated 7th June 1870.

III.—Warrant Officers retiring (and invalided) in England or India with insufficient service to enable them to retire on the pension of their grade, will be dealt with under the provisions of G.O., No. 596 of 1860, a copy of which is marginally transcribed for facility of reference.

IV.—Warrant Officers proceeding to England after being pensioned in India will be provided with the passage money of their rank or free passage under existing rules; but it must be distinctly understood that those who proceed to England after being invalided will have no claim to be re-admitted to the invalid or Indian pension of their rank in the event of their returning to India.

MEDICAL DISTRICTS AT THE PRESIDENCY.

Notifications.—*Public Dept.*, dated 4th June, 1867.—Consequent upon recent changes in the Medical Department, and the abolition of the appointment of Garrison Surgeon at the Presidency (the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the following shall be the limits of the several Medical Districts at the Presidency; and that the dependent duties of the District Surgeons shall henceforward be as herein detailed):—

1st District.

D. R. THORNTON, Esq., M.D., C.M., Surgeon-Major.—Pay Rs. 1,550.

Duties.

Dependent duties of District Surgeon.

All places lying north of the General Hospital, and of the Northern Dispensary, and situated within Municipal limits, are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Native Infirmary, Leprosy Hospital and Black Town Dispensary; in Medical charge of the District Jail and Foundling Hospital; and of Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers residing in Black Town.

2nd District.

J. SMITH Esq., Surgeon-Major.—Pay Rs. 650.

All places within Municipal limits, lying north of the Poonamallee Road, and west of Cochrane's Canal are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Hospital for women and children and in medical charge of the Establishments of the Gun Powder and Gun Carriage Factories, and Military Female Orphan Asylum.

3rd District.

S. B. HAYES, Esq., Surgeon-Major.—Pay Rs. 550.

All places within Municipal limits, and lying between the Poonamallee and Mount Road, are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Penitentiary and Civil Orphan Asylum and Body Guard.

4th District.

A. PORTER, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.S., M.B., Surgeon-Major.—Pay Rs. 950.

All places within Municipal limits, south of the Mount Road and the houses north of the Adyar, are included in this District.

Surgeon to the Triphennie Dispensary and the Club.

Lunatic Asylum.—Surgeon A. H. LEAPINGWELL, Superintendent.—Pay Rs. 1,050.

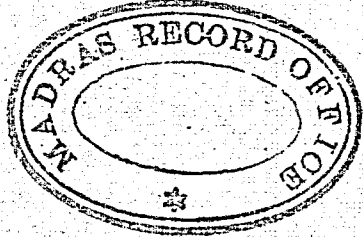
* *Madras G.O.*, 4th February, 1868, 2544.
2nd June, 1870, No. 193.

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BRITISH MEDICAL SERVICE.

RANK AND NAMES	DATE OF ARMY RANK	CORPS.	REMARKS
SURGEON GENERAL			
<i>Relative Rank, Major General.</i>			
Sir A. D. HOME, VC, K.C.B.	12 July 1870	1870	Surgeon General H. M.'s Forces, Madras.
DEPUTY SURGEONS GENERAL			
<i>Relative Rank, Colonel.</i>			
C. D. MADDEN	28 June 1870	H. M.'s Forces, Mysore Division & Central Districts.	
W. S. MURRAY	24 June 77	do	Central and Northern Districts.
SURGEONS MAJOR			
<i>Ranking with Lieutenant Colonels, but Junior of that Rank except for choice of Quarters.</i>			
<i>N.B.—The first dates here stated are those of the Commissions as Surgeon, the second those from which the Officers have the relative rank of Lieut. Colonel.</i>			
W. STEWART, M.D.	8 July 62	A. M. D.	In medical charge R. A. Secunderabad and attached to C/B R. H. A.
A. D. GILLARD, M.D.	16 Oct. 00	do	In medical charge Depot Wellington.
C. E. COCKBURN, M.D.	8 Jan. 64	do	In medl. charge 2/16th Regiment Cannanore.
IS. W. L. FARMER	3 Mar. 75	do	In Med. charge 2-24 Regt. Secunderabad.
J. LANDALE, M.D.	6 May 08	do	In medical charge 13th Lancers, Secunderabad.
A. W. CHITEN	10 Jan. 72	do	In medical charge 14th Hussars, Bangalore.
	15 Sep. 87		
	31 Aug. 72		
	28 Sep. 77		
<i>N.B.—The first dates here stated are those of promotion to Surgeon Major, the second, those from which the Officers have the relative rank of Lieut. Colonel.</i>			
W. A. GARDINER	1 April 73	do	Doing duty Depot Wellington.
M. E. WHITE	22 Sep. 78	do	Medl. charge 77th Regt. R. A. and European Details, Fort St. George.
J. WALLACE	1 April 73	do	Medl. charge 13th Foot, Kamptee.
	10 Nov. 78		
<i>Ranking with Majors.</i>			
<i>N.B.—The dates here stated are those of promotion to be Surgeons.</i>			
LS: R. WATERS, M.D.	24 Nov. 1869	A. M. D.	In medl. charge 80th Ft., Rangoon.

RANK AND NAMES.	DATE OF ARMY RANK.	LOCAL RANK.	CORPS.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR.—(Continued.)				
N. B.—The dates stated are those of their Commission as Surgeon Major.				
S. A. C. Gayer.....	12 Feb. 1875	11 Oct. 1871	A. M. D.	England M. C.
LS. H. C. Guinness.....	12 Mar.	11 do	do	In medical charge R. A., St. Thomas' Mount, temporarily.
Alexander Long.....	13 May		do	Temporarily transferred to Bengal Presidency.
H. J. Jadowski, M.B.....	16 Sep.		do	In medical charge 1-21st Foot, Secunderabad.
F. Pent.....	1 Nov.		do	In medl. charge 43d Foot, Thayetmyo.
F. B. Grant, M.D.....	20 do		do	In medl. charge R. A. Rangoon.
T. H. Welch.....	19 Mar.	70 1 April 73	do	In medical charge Female Hospital, Bangalore.
A. E. Nicholson.....	23 April		do	England M. C.
W. G. Ross, M.B.....	23 do		do	Temporarily transferred to Bengal Presidency.
J. M. Waters.....	23 do		do	Medl. charge Depot, Poonamallee.
H. W. Cammish, M.D.....	23 do		do	D. d. R. A. Secunderabad.
LS. Alex. Turner, M.D.....	23 do		do	D. d. 12th Lancers, Secunderabad.
A. J. Fleming, M.D.....	23 do		do	In Medical charge R. A. Bangalore, attached to B. H. R. E. A.
T. S. Barrow, M.D.....	23 do		do	In medical charge R. A., Kamptee.
M. Cozan.....	23 do		do	Temporarily transferred to Bombay.
C. P. Churchill, M.B.....	23 do		do	In medical charge 67th Foot, Bangalore.
F. Johnson, M.B.....	23 do		do	In medical charge, Head Qrs., 44th Foot, Thayetmyo.
T. Oughton.....	23 Aug.		do	England, M. C.
W. W. Tomlinson.....	20 Sep.		do	In medl. charge 2-13th Ft., Kamptee.
LS. J. M. McLean, M.D.....	30 Sept.		do	England P. A. till 31st Mar. 1881.
A. J. Hughes, M.D.....	30 do		do	D. d. 48th Regt., Secunderabad.
LS. J. Candy, M. D.....	30 do		do	In medical charge Wing 43rd Foot, Tengbo.
LS. J. Matygin.....	30 do		do	England M. C. till 15th Feb. 1881.
C. Healy.....	30 do		do	In medical charge of British Troops, Bellary.
H. Jagger, M.B.....	1 do		do	In medl. charge R. A., Thayetmyo.
J. A. Rahilly.....	31 Mar.	70	do	Temporarily transferred to Bombay.
LS. R. M. Bradford.....	1 Oct.		do	D. d. 21st Fusiliers Secunderabad.
H. B. White.....	1 do		do	Temporarily transferred to Bombay.
			do	Being duty R. A., Bangalore.
SURGEONS				
Ranking with Captains.				
A. Kirwan.....	31 Mar. 1863	A. M. D.		D. d. R. A., St. Thomas' Mount attached to 1st R. A.
W. J. Fawcett, M.B.....	1 Apr.	71	do	D. d. 14th Hussars, Bangalore.
W. C. Grant, M.B.....	30 Sep.	72	do	Medical charge British Troops, Madras.
A. L. Browne, M.B.....	30 Mar.	72	do	D. d. 77th (D. C. O.) Regiment.
LS. C. C. H. Smyth, M.B.....	31 do	74	do	D. d. 44th Foot, Thayetmyo.
LS. R. H. Gardner, M.B.....	30 Sep.	75	do	In medical charge Det. 2-16th Foot Calicut.
LS. G. H. LeMort.....	31 Mar.	75	do	D. d. Mysore Division and Ceded Districts.
LS. W. L. Chester, M.B.....	31 do		do	D. d. Centre and Northern Districts.
LS. H. W. M. James.....	30 Sep.		do	Medical charge R. A., Tournay, including Mountain Battery.
K. D. L. Kirkwood.....	30 do		do	D. d. 77th (D. C. O.) Regiment, Rangoon.

RANK AND NAMES.	DATE OF ARMY RANK.	CORPS.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS.—(Continued.)			
Ranking with Captains.			
LS. E. A. Roche.....	4 Feb. 1877	A. M. D.	Temporarily transferred to Bombay.
G. Laffan, M. D.....	4 do	do	Temporarily transferred to Bengal Presidency.
LS. U. J. Bourke.....	4 do	do	In medl. charge Detachment 2-16th Foot, Mallapuram.
LS. J. Brodie, M. D.....	4 do	do	D. d. 67th Foot.
F. G. L. Eagar.....	4 do	do	D. d. 2-13th Regt., Kamptee.
LS. Fra. H. S. Murphy, M.D.....	5 Aug.	do	D. d. 2-13th Foot, Kamptee.
LS. R. T. Beaumish, M.D.....	3 Feb. 78	do	D. d. 67th Regiment, Bangalore.
LS. A. C. J. R. Lundy, M.B.....	3 do	do	D. d. 42nd & 41th Regiments Tayrangoon.
LS. Jas. Anderson, M. B.....	3 do	do	D. d. 14th Hussars, Bangalore.
James Pedlow, M.D.....	3 do	do	Temporarily transferred to Bengal.
Jules I. Routh.....	3 do	do	Medical charge Det., 89th Regt., Port Blair.
J. Murren, M. D.....	3 do	do	D. d. British Troops, Bellary.—Attached to O/8th R. A.
LS. H. J. McLaughlin, M.D.....	3 do	do	D. d. 2-16th Foot, Cannanore.
LS. Allan A. Lytle.....	3 do	do	Temporarily transferred to Bengal.
LS. W. L. Lane, M.B.....	4 Aug.	do	D. d. Depot, Poonamallee.
Robert O. Cusack.....	6 Mar.	80	D. d. 2-24th Regiment, Secunderabad.
Ernest F. Smith.....	6 do	do	D. d. 43rd Foot, Thayetmyo.
W. D. A. Cowen.....	6 do	do	D. d. R. A., Bangalore.—Attached to 1-3rd R. A.
			
BRITISH VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.			
STAFF VETERINARY SURGEON.			
| ..... | ..... | Inspecting Veterinary Surgeon.			
VETERINARY SURGEON.			
1st Class.			
LS. W. S. Adams.....	21 Apr. 1877		Remount Depot, Oosoor.
VETERINARY SURGEONS.			
F. W. Going.....	3 June 1863		Royal Artillery, Bangalore.
G. Durrant.....	2 Dec.		Services at disposal of the Govt. of Bombay.
LS. T. Jonathan Syn.....	22 Mar.	71	D. d. Battery B Brigade R. H. A., Kandahar.
J. H. Cox.....	24 July	72	4th (P. W. O.) Light Cavalry, Bellary.
HS. G. J. R. Raymond.....	24 do		1st Light Cavalry, Field Service, Jacobabad.
M. Anderson.....	23 June	75	Royal Artillery, Secunderabad.
J. Mills.....	23 June	75	D. d. Detachment 4th L. C., Secunderabad.
Frederick Smith.....	9 Dec.	76	D. d. 12th Lancers.
Daniel C. Pallin.....	21 Apr.	77	14th Hussars, Bangalore.
LS. Wm. D. Gunn.....	13 July	78	Royal Artillery, Saint Thomas' Mount.
S. W. J. Slattery.....	13 July		England, M. C.
R. H. Ringe.....	5 Oct.		2nd L. C., Kamptee.
G. H. Fenton.....	5 Oct.		3rd L. C., Saugor.
F. W. Forsdyke.....	24 May	79	
Fredk. J. Short.....	24 Jan.	80	Bellary.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

STAFF.

Sir "A. D. HOME, V.C., K.C.B.,—Surgeon General H. M.'s Forces, Madras.

Secretary and Statistical Officer to the Surgeon General.

Surgeon Major GEORGE BIDIE, M.B.,—I. M. D.—Appointed 23rd March 1880.

Deputy Surgeons General (6).

2 British—4 Indian.

John Wilson, I. M. D. 12 May 78—Southern District & Malabar & Canara.
 *C. D. Madden, A. M. D. 23 June 78—Mysore Division and Ceded Districts.
 Henry Robert Oswald, M. B., I. M. D. 15 Aug. 76—Hyd. Subsidiary Force & Hyd. Contgt.
 W. S. Murray, M. B., A. M. D. 26 June 77—Centre and Northern Districts.
 *Colvin Smith, M.D., F. M. D. 5 Aug. 79—Nagpore Force and Central India Regts.
 J. Marcus Joseph, I. M. D., M.D., LL.D., F.R.C.S. & M.B.C.P.L., 16th May 1880, British Burmah Div.

Garrison Surgeons.

Surgeon Major William Perri, I. M. D. 20 Sep. 1879—Bangalore.

Fort Surgeon.

Surgeon Major James Keess, M.D., M.B.C.P.L., I. M. D., 7 May 1867—Fort St. George.

Assistant Garrison Surgeon.

Surgeon Major William Farquhar, M.D., I. M. D., 9 April 1864—Bangalore.

Standing Medical Committee.

Military Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency under the control of the Surgeon General, H. M.'s Forces, for the purpose of examining Military Officers and Subordinates applying for leave on Medical Certificate, for compensation for Wounds, final Examination for Wound Pension, &c.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

Deputy Surgeon General.....W. S. Murray, M. B.

Members—All Executive Medical Officers in Military Employ at the Presidency.

The Committee meet at the Board Room in the Office of the Surgeon General, Fort, every Monday at 6 1/2 A.M.

INDIAN MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

WILLIAM ROBERT CURNISH, F.R.C.S., C.I.E.—Surgeon General with the Government of Madras.

Secretary to the Surgeon General.

Surgeon ARTHUR JAMES STURMER, Appointed 13th April 1892.

Principal Medical Storekeeper.

Surgeon Major C. Cooper, M. B. 1st November 1878.—Eur. P. A. 1 year 4 months & 4 days from
 Surgeon Major R. E. Pearce.....21st May 1883.—Offy. [12th June 1880]

Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.

Surgeon Major MICHAEL CUDMORE FURNELL, M.D., F.R.C.S.

Medical Staff at the Presidency.

RANK AND NAMES.	Date of Appointment.	REMARKS.
Surgeon Major W. H. Harris, M.D.	26 Sept. 1865	Superintendent of the Lying-in Hospital.—Eur.
do. M. C. Furnell, M.D., F.R.C.S.	6 April 60	Sanitary Commissioner, Madras. [M.C.]
do. H. King, M.B., A.M.	23 April 60	Physician, General Hospital.
do. J. Keess, M.D., M.B.C.P.L.	7 May 67	Fort Surgeon, Fort St. George, with Port and Marine duties.
do. R. W. Cockerill.	11 Nov. 70	Surgeon of the General Hospital.
do. A. Porter, M. D., F. R. C. S. I.	19 Dec. 76	Surgeon 4th District, including "Club."
do. S. B. Hunt.	19 Dec. 76	Surgeon 3rd District, including "Body Guard."
do. E. F. Brockman.	1 Mar. 75	Ophthalmic Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.
do. W. Macrae, M.B. M.C., M.A.	15 Oct. 60	Examiner Medical and Fund Accounts Madras.
do. W. S. Fox.	16 Nov. 60	Surgeon 2nd District.
do. D. R. Thompson, M.D., C.I.E.	1 Mar. 75	Surgeon 1st District & Medl. Insp. of Emigrants.
Surgeon W. Price, M.D.	23 Mar. 75	Ag. Dy. Sanitary Comm. & Insp. of Vaccination.
do. C. Sibthorpe.	23 Mar. 75	Resident Surgeon, Genl. Hospital.—Eur. P. A.
do. J. A. Laing, M.D.	15 Feb. 78	Insp. of Vaccination and Dy. Sanitary Comm.—Europe (M. C.)
do. A. M. Branfoot, M.B.	1 June 75	Actg. Superintendent of the Lying-in-Hospital.
do. C. J. McNally, M.D.	27 June 79	Ag. Asst. Physician, General Hospital & Professor of Hygiene.
do. W. R. Browne, M.D.	23 Nov. 80	Acting Resident Surgeon, General Hospital.
do. A. H. Leapingwell.	10 Oct. 79	Superintendent, Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
do. T. K. Rogers, M.B., F.R.C.S.	11 July 75	Chemical Examiner.

Medical College.

COLLEGE COUNCIL.

Surgeon Major HENRY KING, M.B., A.M.,—23rd April 1880—Principal.	
Surg. Major W. H. Harris, M.D.—Eur. M. C.	PROFESSORS.
do. J. Keess, M.D., M.B.C.P.L.	
do. R. W. Cockerill.	
do. E. F. Brockman.	
Surgeon C. Sibthorpe.—Europe P. A.	Hony. Surg. R. HARVEY, F.R.C.S.E. & F.C.S.

DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE.....	Surgeon Major H. KING, M.B., A.M.	23 April 1880
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY AND CLINICAL SURGERY.....	Surgeon Major R. W. Cockerill.	11 Nov. 76
PROFESSOR OF MATERIA MEDICA AND PHARMACY.....	Surgeon A. M. Branfoot, M.B.—On other duty.	
PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFERY.....	Surgeon C. J. McNally, M.D.—Acting.	
PROF. OF OPHTHALMIC SURGERY AND PHYSIOLOGY.....	Surgeon Maj. W. H. Harris, M.D.—Eur. M.C.	23 Sept. 65
PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.....	Surgeon A. M. Branfoot, M.D.—Acting.	
PROFESSOR OF ANATOMY.....	Surgeon Major E. F. Brockman.	1 Mar. 75
PROFESSOR OF BOTANY.....	Surgeon T. K. Rogers, M.B., F.R.C.S.	11 July 79
PROFESSOR OF PATHOLOGY.....	Surgeon Major J. Keess, M.D. & M.B.C.P.L.	3 May 67
PROFESSOR OF HYGIENE.....	Surgeon C. Sibthorpe.—Europe P. A.	23 Mar. 75
PROFESSOR OF MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.....	Surgeon W. R. Browne, M.D.—Acting.	
ASST. TO THE PROF. OF BOTANY & MATERIA MEDICA.....	Surgeon A. M. Branfoot, M.D.—On other duty	17 April 77
DEMONSTRATOR OF ANATOMY AND CREATOR OF THE MUSEUM.....	Surgeon C. J. McNally, M.D.—Acting.	
ASSISTANT TO THE.....	Hony. Surg. R. HARVEY, F.R.C.S.E. & F.C.S.	14 July 74
ASSISTANT TO THE.....	Hony. Surg. R. HARVEY, F.R.C.S.E. & F.C.S.	11 April 76
NATIVE ASSISTANT.....	Hony. Surgeon R. WILKINS, F.R.C.S.	8 Feb. 56
LIBRARIAN.....	Hony. Surgeon W. HAMILTON.	11 April 76
	Hony. Surgeon W. HARVEY.	23 Feb. 68
	1st Class Hosp. Asst. T. CUNNODASAWMY.	24 July 66
	P. R. NAHRAINSAWMY MOODELY.	12 Dec. 62

The Civil Standing Medical Committee at the Presidency under the control of the Surgeon General with the Government of Madras, for the purpose of examining Civil Officers and others applying for leave on Medical Certificate and Candidates for admission to the Service as Uncovenanted Medical Officers or for duty on Ship board, and for performing such other duties as may be confided to it by the Surgeon-General.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

The Senior Civil Medical Officer at the Presidency.

Members of the Committee available two at a time.

Surg. Major W. H. Harris, M.D.—Eur. M. C.	Surgeon Major A. Porter, M. D.	Surgeon A. M. Branfoot, M.D.
Do. C. COOPER, M. D.—Eur. P. A.	Do. S. B. HUNT.	Do. C. J. McNally, M.D.
Do. H. KING, M.B., A.M.	Do. E. F. BROCKMAN.	Do. W. R. Browne, M.D.
Do. W. COCKERILL.	Do. W. S. FOX.	Do. A. H. LEAPINGWELL.
Do. R. E. PEARSH.	Do. D. R. THOMPSON, M. D., C.I.E.	Do. T. K. ROGERS.

The Civil Standing Medical Committee meet at the General Hospital every Saturday at 9 A.M.

Season of Appt.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Furl's Regls.	REMARKS.
SURGEON GENERAL 1. Relative rank, <i>Major General</i> .				
A 1854	William Robert Cornish, F.R.C.S.	5 Apr. 1850	63	Surgeon Genl. with the Govt. of Madras. C. I. E.
DEPUTY SURGEONS GENERAL 4. Relative rank, <i>Colonel</i> .				
A 1850	John Wilson†	12 May 1876	63	Southern District & Malabar and Canara.
A	Henry Robert Oswald, M.D.	15 Aug. 79	63	Hyd. Subsidiary Force and Hyd. Contgt.
A 1851	*Colvin Smith, M.D.	5 Aug. 79	63	Nagpore Force & Central India Regiments.
H 1852	Joseph Marcus Joseph, M.D., LL.D., F.R.C.P.S. & M.R.C.P.L.	16 May 80	54	British Burmah Division.
†Dress full consolidated pay from the 1st February to the 15th March 1879 whilst officiating as Deputy Surgeon General, a period counting towards the 5 years tenure of appointment.				
SURGEONS MAJOR. Relative rank, <i>Junior Lieutenant-Colonel except for choice of Quarters</i> .				
A 1852	Edw. Somerset Cleveland, M.D.	20 Nov. 1872	63	D. d. H. S. Force and Hyd. Contgt., and in Medical charge of the duties detailed in P. M. G., No. 3260, dated 19th Sept. 1864.
A 1853	William Henry Harris, M.D.	13 Feb. 73	63	Superintendent Lying-in-Hospital and Professor of Midwifery in the Medical College.— <i>Europe M. C. 1 year, from 11th July 1879.—Extension of 6 mos., G. O., 26th June 1880.</i>
A	*William Henry Rean, M.D.	14 May 83	63	N. I. Depot & E. A. V. Company Palaveram.
S	*Alfred Sanderson, M.D., M.A.	20 Oct. 54	63	<i>Europe M. C. 20 months.</i>
A	Clarence Cooper, M.D., F.R.C.S.	20 Nov. 68	63	Principal Medical Storekeeper.— <i>Eur. P. A. 1 year 1 month & 4 days, from 12th June 1880.</i>
A 1854	Samuel Jardine Wyndowe, M.D.	24 March 74	63	Residency Surgeon at Hyderabad.
A	Ardern Hulme Beaman	30 June 68	63	37th N. I.— <i>Europe (M. C.) 2 years from</i>
N. B.—The first dates here stated are those of the Commissions as Surgeons, the second those from which the Officers have the relative rank of Lieut.-Colonel.				
A 1854	George Stewart Watson Ogg, M.D., M.A.	12 Sep. 63	63	Zillah Surgeon Coimbatore.— <i>Europe M. C. 2 years G. O. 10th Jan. 1880.</i>
A	Donald Coleman McAllum, M.D.	20 Dec. 66	63	Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Tinnevely.— <i>Europe M. C. 2 years, G. O., 23th May 1880.</i>
A 1855	*William Pearl	24 Jan. 67	63	Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.
A	*Edmund Eyre Lloyd	24 Jan. 67	63	Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Tanjore.
A	*Michael Culmore Furnell, M.D., F.R.C.S.	7 Feb. 67	63	Sanitary Commissioner, Madras.
A	*George Alexander Burn, M.A. & M.D.	30 May 67	63	4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.
A	Robert Dempster	4 Aug. 67	63	D. d. Saint Thomas' Mount.
A	John Houston, M.D.	4 Aug. 67	63	Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.
A	*Henry Elmsley Busteed, M.D.	4 Aug. 67	63	Assay Master, Calcutta Mint.

Season of Appointment	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	Furl's Regls.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR—continued.				
A 1855	Henry Crocker, M.D.	4 Aug. 67	63	In medical charge 4th Infy., Hyd. Contingent.
A	*Hunter Adam	4 Aug. 67	54	10th N. I.
A	*William Henry Morgan	4 Aug. 67	63	Civil Surgeon Cochin.
A 1856	Henry King, M.B. & A.M.	11 Jan. 68	63	Principal & Professor of Medicine in the Medical College, & Physician of the General Hospital.
A	*Benjamin Williamson, M.D.	30 Jan. 63	63	2nd Cavalry Hyd. Contg.
A	George Bidie, M.D.	20 Feb. 63	63	Secretary and Statistical Officer to the Surgeon General H. M.'s Forces—Supt. Government Central Museum, Madras.
A	*John Henderson, M.D.	20 Feb. 63	63	Superintendent of the Central Jail at Bangalore.
A	Charles Thick Eves	20 Feb. 63	63	6th Infantry Hyd. Contg.
A	David William Trimnell	20 Feb. 63	54	Civil Surgeon, Ryeport.
A	Charles Abdy Andrews	25 Apr. 63	63	20th Native Infantry.
A	John McNeale Donnelly, M.D.	3 Jul. 63	63	1st Light Cavalry.— <i>Europe M. C. 2 years, from 19th June 1860.</i>
A	James Keess, M.D. & M.R.C.P.L.	4 Aug. 63	63	Fort Surg., Fort St. George, with Port & Marine duties—Medl. Inspector of Seamen at Madras, Professor of Anatomy in the Medl. College, and Offg. Health Officer, Madras.
A	*Robert William Cockerill	4 Aug. 63	54	Surgeon of the General Hospital and Professor of Surgery, &c., Medical College.
A	*Charles Robertson, M.D.	4 Aug. 63	63	Zillah Surg. & Supt. of Jail, Cuddalore.
A 1857	James Ross, M.D.	20 Jan. 69	63	In Medical charge Sappers and Miners.
A	*Wm. Fredk. de Fabbeck, M.D.	20 Jan. 69	63	Civil Surgeon, Moulvaan.
A	*George Edward Whitton, M.D. & M.A.	20 Jan. 69	63	Acting Civil Surgeon, Coimbatore.
A	Thomas Beaumont, M.D.	20 Jan. 69	54	Residency Surgeon, Indore.
A	William Pierce Kelly	9 June 69	63	Inspector General of Jails, British Burmah.
A 1859	Henry John Beach	27 Jan. 70	63	Civil Surgeon, Cocanada.— <i>Europe M. C. 2 years, from 25th April 1879.</i>
A	William Farquhar, M.D.	28 May 70	63	Asst. Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.
A	John Law, M.D.	28 May 70	63	Supt. of the Central Jail at Nagpore.— <i>Eur. (M. C.) 2 years from</i>
A	Walter Fry	29 June 70	63	Zillah Surgeon & Supdt. of Jail, Berhampore.— <i>Europe M. C. 2 years, from 8th August 1860.</i>
A	William John Busteed, M.D.	23 July 70	63	13th N. I.— <i>Europe M. C., 2 years from 11th July 1879.</i>
A	James McDonald Houston, M.D.	23 July 70	63	Physician to His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.
A	Wm. Howland Roberts, M.D.	23 July 70	63	Civil Surgeon, Calicut.
A	John Murray, M.D.	23 July 70	63	Furl's 1 year and 36 days G. O., 25th May 1880.
A 1859	*John Bilderbeck	10 Feb. 71	63	36th Native Infantry.
A	*Robert Edmund Pearse	10 Feb. 71	63	Zillah Surgeon, Salem.—Offg. Principal Medical Storekeeper, Madras.
A	George Dalziel Riddell	10 Feb. 71	63	1st Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent.
A	*Eneas McLeod Ross	10 Feb. 71	54	Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Nellore.
A	Benjamin Thomas Suffrein	27 July 71	63	2nd Light Cavalry.

Season of Appointment.	Names.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	For Regt.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS MAJOR—concluded.				
1850	Joseph Francis Barter	27 July 71	54	Supt. of Vaccination and Inspector General of Dispensaries, Central Provinces.
"	Hugh Griffith	27 July 71	38	Civil Surgeon, Rangoon.
1860	Charles Robert George Parker	20 Jan. 72	78	Civil Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Masulipatam.
Relative rank, Major.				
N. B.—The dates here stated are those of the Commissions of Surgeons.				
LS. 1835	Alex. Porter, M.D., F.R.C.S.I.	31 Mar. 77	68	Surgeon 4th District including "Club."
LS. 1	Samuel Bradshaw Hunt	31 do.	68	Surgeon 3rd District, including "Body Guard."
LS. 1	William Smyth Fox	31 do.	64	Surgeon 2nd District.
LS. 1	David John McCarthy, M.D.	31 do.	65	33rd N. I.
*LS. 1	James Byers Thomas, M.D.	2 Oct.	68	Zillah Surgeon, Trichinopoly.
LS. 1	James Atkinson West Spencer	28 Jan. 78	68	Europe M. C. 8 months from 17th Nov. 1879—Extension of 6 months, G. O., 28th July 1880.
LS. 1	Lewis Charles Nanner	31 Mar.	54	Medl. Officer, Coonoor, with charge of Kotagerry
LS. 1	Charles Edwin McVittie, F.R.C.	31 do.	65	3rd Cavalry, Hyderabad Contingent.
LS. 1	Daniel Frederick Bateman	20 July	68	31st L. I.—Europe M. C. 2 years, from 28th Oct.
LS. 1	Edward Forster Brockman	1 Oct.	65	Ophthalmic Surgeon, General Hospital and Professor of Ophthalmic Surgery & Physiology.
LS. 1	*James Forbes Sargent	1 do.	68	5th Infantry, Hyderabad Contingent.
LS. 1	*Henry Hyde	1 do.	54	Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Tellicherry.
LS. 1	John William Strong	1 do.	68	34th N. I. and Civil Surgeon, Saur.
LS. 1	William Macrae, M.D., M.C.S.I.	1 April.	78	Examiner Medical and Fund Accounts, Madras.
LS. C.	Terence Joseph McGowan	1 do.	54	Civil Surgeon, Ashtagram Division, Mysore.
HS. 1	James Hutton Ritchie, M.D.	1 do.	68	9th N. I.
LS. 1	James Smith	1 do.	68	Medical Officer, Ootacamund.
LS. 1	Arthur Luke Hackett	1 do.	68	Civil Surgeon and Supt. of the Jail Bellary.
HS. 1	Henry James Hazlett	1 do.	68	30th N. I.—Acting Zillah Surgeon Salem.
LS. 1	Daniel Robert Thompson, M.D.	1 do.	54	Surgeon 1st Dist. and Medl. Insp. of Emigrants.
LS. 1	Robt. Vincent Power, M.D.	1 do.	68	41st N. I.
LS. 1	Alexander McClurg, M.D.	1 do.	68	39th N. I.
LS. 1	*James Joseph Louis Bittion, M.D. and M.C.	20 Sep.	68	Zillah Surgeon & Supt. of Jail, Chittoor—Europe M. C. 1 year 8 months, from 14th Feb. 1880.
LS. 1	Edward Alfred Trimnell	30 do.	54	Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Chingleput.
LS. 1	*Charles Albert Harvey	30 do.	68	Europe M. C. 8 months from 23rd April 1880—Extension of 9 months, G. O., 13th December 1880.
LS. 1868	Patrick Richard Martin, M.D.	1 Apr. 1869	68	14th N. I.
LS. 1	Joseph Patrick McDermott	1 do.	68	15th N. I.
LS. 1	Alfred Eugenius Dalguais	1 do.	68	7th N. I.
HS. 1	Presc. Nath Mookerjee	1 do.	68	32nd N. I.—Europe M. C. 2 years, G. O. 7th July 1880.
LS. 1	John Francis Fitzpatrick, M.D.	1 do.	68	Zillah Surgeon Nellore—Europe M. C. 18 months from 25th August 1880.
LS. 1	Henry Mervyn Gray Archdall	1 do.	68	24th N. I.
LS. 1	Frederick Henry Blenkinsop	1 Oct.	68	15th N. I.
SURGEONS.				
Relative rank, Captain.				
HS. 1860	William Price, M.D.	1 Apr. 1860	65	Medical Officer Ootacamund—Actg. Deputy Sanitary Commissioner and Insp. of Vaccinations.
LS. HS. 1	Samuel Matthias Tyrrell, F.R.C.	1 do.	68	Zillah Surgeon Rajahmundry.
LS. 1	William Hope Roalib, F.R.C.	1 do.	68	2nd N. I.
LS. 1	Joseph Backhouse	1 do.	68	26th N. I.

Season of Appointment.	Names.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	For Regt.	REMARKS.
SURGEONS—concluded.				
Relative rank, Captains—continued.				
LS. 1860	David Sir	1 Oct. 1860	68	Superintendent Central Jail, Moulmein.
LS. 1	John Newchair, M.D.	1 do.	68	Bombay.
LS. 1	Edward 1st	1 do.	68	25th N. I.—Offg. 4th (P. W. O.) L. C.
LS. 1	W. Joseph Lawcett, F.R.C.S.I.	1 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, Cannanore.
LS. 1	Thos. Ch. Hastings, M.D., M.Ch.	1 do.	68	17th N. I.
LS. 1	Henry Charles Howell Spencer	1 do.	68	16th N. I.
LS. 1870	Charles George Hall	1 Apr.	70	Resident Surgeon, General Hospital—and Professor of Pathology.—Europe (P. A.) 20 months from
LS. 1	James A. Anderson Laing, M.D.	1 do.	68	Inspector of Vaccination and Deputy Sanitary Commissioner.—Europe (M. C.) 6 months, from 18th Sep. 1869.
LS. 1	Henry D. Arthur	1 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, Vellore.
LS. 1872	David Cook, M.D.	30 Mar. 72	68	Asst. Physician General Hospital and Professor of Materia Medica and Pharmacy, and of Hygiene—Medical Officer, Madras Infantry Volunteers, Actg. Supt. Lying-in-Hospital and Professor of Midwifery.
*H.P.	Christo pher John McNally, M.D.	30 do.	75	3rd L. I.—Actg. Asst. Physician Genl. Hospital and Professor of Materia Medica, Pharmacy and Hygiene.
LS. 1	William Edward Johnson, M.D.	30 do.	68	19th N. I.
LS. 1	George Locker Dobie	30 do.	68	4th (P. W. O.) L. C.—Offg. 1st L. C.—on Service.
HS. 1	Andrew Frederick Bavan	30 do.	68	24th N. I.
LS. 1	Francis Dobson, M.D.	30 do.	68	Zillah Surgeon & Supt. of Jail, Mangalore.—Eur. M. C. 2 years, from 28th March 1875—Extension of 9 months, G. O. 1st Dec. 1878, & 22d July 1880.
LS. 1	Charles L. Little, M.D.	30 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, Amroote—Offg. Sanitary Commr. Insp. Genl. of Dispensaries and Supt. of Vaccination in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts.
LS. 1	Thomas Mayne	30 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, Nimar, Central Provinces.—Eur. P. A. 2 years, from
LS. 1	John Creighton Lawrenson	30 do.	68	21st N. I.
LS. 1	Augustus Levinge	1 Oct.	68	11th N. I.
LS. 1	Napoleon Rogers	1 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, & Supt. of Jail, Vizagapatam.
LS. 1	Lionel B. Harrison	1 do.	68	1st N. I.
LS. 1	Daniel Henry Cullimore, M.D.	1 do.	68	Eur. M. C. 20 months, G. O. 5th Nov. 1879 and 7th May and 18th Nov. 1880.
LS. 1	H. Phaul	1 do.	68	Residence Surgeon, Travancore.
LS. 1873	William Esmond White	1 Apr.	73	3rd Int. Hyd. Contg.—Actg. Resident Surgeon, Genl. Hospital & Professor of Pathology Med. College.
LS. 1	Mark Robinson	1 do.	68	40th N. I.
LS. 1	James Henry Leapingwell	1 do.	68	Supt. Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
LS. 1	Haylett Pott Dill, M.D.	1 do.	68	4th N. I.
LS. 1	Thos. Jallison, M.D.	30 Sep.	68	22nd N. I.
LS. 1874	Henry James Hackett Wilkins	30 do.	68	6th N. I.
LS. 1	artin Leckler, M.D.	31 Mar.	74	Civil Surgeon Hoshungabad Central Provinces and Offg. Supt. Central Jail, Nagpore.
LS. 1	John Hugh Benson, M.D.	31 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, Nagar Division, Mysore.
LS. 1	Walter master, M.D.	31 do.	68	Zillah Surg. and Supt. of the Jail, Madras.
LS. 1	William Owen King, M.D.	31 do.	68	Civil Surgeon, and Supt. of Jail, Kurnool.
LS. 1	Thomas O'Hara	30 Sep.	68	3rd L. C.
LS. 1	Hume, M.D.	30 do.	75	Civil Surgeon, Alola
Relative Rank, Lieutenant.				
HS. 1875	George I. Tucker Thomas	31 Mar. 75	68	12th N. I.—Ag. Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Tanjore.
LS. 1	Arthur James Sturmer	31 do.	68	Secy. to the Surg. Genl. with the Government of Madras.
LS. 1	Benjamin Archibald Harvey Williams	31 do.	68	34th L. I.—Eur. (M.C.) 1 year, from 18th Sep. 1880.
LS. 1	ald Adams, M.D.	31 do.	75	Medl. Officer of the Political Agencies at Kota and Jaura Patun Rajpootana, & in charge of Deoli.—Europe (M. C.) 6 months from 1st Aug. 1880.
LS. 1	Edward Ferrand	30 Sep.	68	Head Qrs. Wing 35th N. I., Banda.
LS. HS. 1	Francis Hookins Pedroza, A.M.	30 do.	68	23rd N. I.

Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSION.	For.	Remarks.
SURGEONS—concluded.				
Relative rank, Lieutenant.				
H.S. 1876	John Maitland, M.B., M.C.	31 Mar. 1876	25th N. I.—Ag. Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of Jail, Tranquebar.	
LS.	George Lemon Walker, M.B.	31 do	75 Ag. Civil Surgeon, Cocanada.	
LS.	Joseph Hunter, M.B.	31 do	75 d.d. 37th Grenadiers.	Agent.
LS.	Charles Lethbridge Swaine, M.B.	31 do	75 2d Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, L. I.	
LS.	Maurice Henry Smith	31 do	75 Nagpore Force.—Attached 3rd Cannanore.—Actg.	
LS.	William Alexander Lee	30 Sep.	75 Attached Wing 34th N. I., at Civil Surgeon, Cannanore.	Jail, Mangalore.
LS.	Montague Stokes Eyre M.B., M.C.	30 do	75 Actg. Civil Surg. and Supt. of	
LS. 1877	Thomas King Rogers M.B., M.C., & L.R.C.P.L.	31 Mar.	75 Chemical Examiner and Professor of Chemistry, Medical College.	
LS. H.S.	Henry Augustus Filmer Neiler, M.B., M.C.	31 do	75 12th N. I.	
LS.	Donald Elcum	31 do	75 Bombay.	
H.S.	Nityananda Chatterjee	31 do	75 British Burmah Division.	
LS.	Charles Henry Bennett, M.B.	1 Oct.	75 Attached 13th N. I.	
LS.	William Henry Thornhill, M.B.	1 do	75 Attached 25th N. I., Vellore.	
LS.	Maneckjee Eduljee Reporter	1 do	75 Attached Wing 3rd N. I.	Jail, Chittoor.
LS. 1878	Thomas Henry Pope, M.B., M.C.	30 Mar.	75 Ag. Zillah Surgeon and Supt. of	
LS.	Robert Pemberton	30 do	75 British Burmah Division.	
LS.	Damodar Purshotam Warlikar	30 do	75 Attached 25th N. I., Secunderabad.	
LS.	James Joseph Moran, M.B.	30 do	75 d. d. Hyd. Subdr. Force Secunderabad.	
LS.	Ferdinand Clarence Smith	30 do	75 British Burmah Division.	Berhamপুর.
H.S.	William Adair Quayle, M.B.	30 do	75 Ag. Zillah Surg. and Supt. Jail, d. d. 1st L. C. on Service.	1880.
LS.	Henry Armstrong	30 do	75 Europe (V. C.) from 21st July	
LS.	Clement Mallins, M.B.	30 Sep.	75 Attached 27th N. I. Morar.	
LS.	Edulji Manekji Damla	30 do	75 d. d. 29th N. I.	
LS.	Richard Maurice Allen	30 do	75 d. d. 1st N. I.	
LS.	Herbert St. Clare Carruthers	30 do	75 Attached Wing 7th N. I. Sumburgh in Medl. charge	
LS. 1879	William Frederick Thomas	31 Mar.	75 Attached 25th N. I., Nowgong Agency.	
LS.	Henry Geo. Luther Wortabet, M.B.	31 do	75 of the Burdwan Political Districts.	
LS.	Edulji Palanji Frenchman	31 do	75 d. d. Centre and Northern Districts.	
LS.	Richard James	31 do	75 d. d. Baso Hospital, Rajahmundry.	
LS.	Sarkies Carrapiet Sarkies	31 do	75 d. d. Bellary.	
LS.	David Stuart Erskine Bain	31 do	75 d. d. 40th N. I.	Bar & Canara
LS. 1880	James Carl Marsden	31 Oct.	75 d. d. Southern Division & Malabar.	
LS.	Francis Casement Reeves	31 do	75 Bombay.	
LS.	John Leopold Pornder	31 do	75 d. d. Mysore Division.	
LS.	John Hoey	31 do	75 d. d. British Burmah Division.	d. d. 29th N. I.
LS.	Arthur Gabriel Collington	31 do	75 d. d. Centre & Northern Districts.	
LS.	Donald Frederick Gynott	31 Mar.	80 d. d. General Hospital.	
LS.	Ruston Hormesji Cama	31 do	75 d. d. Eye Infirmary.	
LS.	Winthrop Benjamin Browning	31 do	75 d. d. Lying-in Hospital.	Govt. of Bombay.
LS.	Cecil Henderson	31 do	75 Services at the disposal of the Govt.	
LS.	Framji Ruttonji Divecha	31 do	75 d. d. 1st District.	
LS.	Alexander Peers Adams	31 do	75 d. d. General Hospital, Madras.	
LS.	Crosadalle Miller Thompson	31 do	75 d. d. British Burmah Division.	districts.
LS.	Cubitt Tindall Rundle, M.B.	31 do	75 d. d. Centre and Northern Districts.	
LS.	James William Evans	31 do	75 d. d. Centre and Northern Districts.	
LS.	John Leonard	31 do	75 d. d. Centre and Northern Districts.	

VETERINARY DEPARTMENT.

NAMES.	Date of Commission.	Corps or Stations and Departments.	Remarks.
INSPECTING VETERINARY SURGEON.			
Frederick George Shaw	23 Feb. 1878	On special duty—Vid. dated 8th May 1879.	P. M. G. 2460
VETERINARY SURGEON.—1st Class.			
LS. *George Western	25 Apr. 1857	Body Guard, 54	

MILITARY.]

GOVERNMENT LYING-IN HOSPITAL.

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GOVERNMENT LYING-IN HOSPITAL.

Near St. Andrew's Church, Egmore—Opened 29th July 1844.

Surgeon-Major W. H. Harris, M.D. Superintendent.—Europe.—Pay Rs. 1,250.
 Surgeon A. M. Brancher, M.D. Acting Superintendent.—Pay Rs. 150.
 Mr. S. E. Falconer. 1st Class Asst. Apothecary—Resident Apothecary.
 Mr. V. J. Staggs. 1st Class Asst. Apothecary—Junior Apothecary.
 C. Montogomery, No. 223. 1st Class Hospital Assistant.
 Mrs. M. Spain. Matron.
 Mrs. M. Emanuel. Assistant Matron.
 E. Suvisham Muttu. Writer and Steward.

Europeans, Indo-Britons and Native Women of all castes are admitted into Hospital, and dieled during their stay at the Institution. Native women while awaiting confinement receive a money allowance of two annas per diem, in lieu of diet.
 Scale of Charges sanctioned for Civil patients who may avail themselves of the benefit of this Institution.

With salaries or means under 25 Rupees per mensem—Free.

Per diem.	With from 25 to 49 Rs. per mensem	Per diem.	With from 150 to 199 Rs. per mensem
Do. 50 to 99	0 4 0	Do. 200 to 299	2 0 0
Do. 100 to 149	0 8 0	Do. 300 to 499	3 0 0
	0 12 0	Do. 500 and upwards	5 0 0

Warrant Officers and Non-Commissioned Officers not performing Regimental duty are charged Civil rates for their wives and families.—G. O. G. C. 26th September 1873, No. 1224.
 Except in the case of the families of Government servants, ten days' payment to be made in advance on admission, and repeated every tenth day.
 Out-patients are seen every morning between 7 and 9 o'clock.

There is no establishment at this Institution for procuring Wet Nurses. When assistance is required in procuring Amahs, a sum of 2 rupees should be sent with the application to cover cost of cooly and carriage hire.

A class, consisting of a limited number of European and East Indian female pupils for instruction in practical Midwifery, exists at this Institution by permission of Government. European and East Indian Candidates are required to pass through a course of training in Sick Nursing at other Hospitals previous to entry at this Institution. At the end of six months, they will be examined when qualified, receive a Nurse Certificate.

The Midwifery pupils are resident in Hospital and are allowed to remain under instruction for a period not exceeding nine months, when, if found by examination competent to practice as Midwives, they are presented with a Diploma.

Pupils receive an allowance of 15 Rupees per mensem as ration money for a period of 6 months only in the Sick Nurse Class, and for 6 months only in the Midwifery Class.

Candidates should furnish, with a written application for admission as a pupil, testimonials of character, and state her age, condition, residence, previous experience in nursing, &c., and whether European or East Indian.

A class also exists for training Native pupils in Midwifery. Women of the Barber caste are preferred.

Rules for the entertainment and instruction of Midwifery Pupils at the Lying-in Hospital.

The following regulations will apply whenever candidates may be admitted, under special circumstances, to the class of Midwifery Pupils at the Lying-in Hospital, who have not passed through a preliminary course of training and passed the prescribed examination for Sick Nurses:—

I. The period of residence in hospital shall not be less than 12 months or more than 15 months. If a pupil be unable to qualify both as a Sick Nurse and as a Midwife at the end of that time, she will be liable to dismissal as incompetent to qualify. The first six months of residence will, as a rule, be devoted by pupils to the study and practice of Sick Nursing, and the remainder of the time to the study and practice of Midwifery.

II. Candidates should, if married or widows, be not less than 20 or more than 35 years of age, and if single, not under 25 years of age.

III. Candidates must apply for admission to the Superintendent of the Lying-in Hospital on Wednesdays or Fridays, or by letter, and information must be given on the following points:—

Condition.—Whether married, widowed, or single.
 Age, &c.—Date of Birth, where born, and present address.
 Race.—Whether European, Eurasian, or Native.
 State of health.—Age of youngest child, if any.

IV. European and Eurasian Candidates must possess the following qualifications:—
 a. Ability to read fluently and explain the meaning of a passage of not less than twenty lines in any standard work.
 b. Ability to write to dictation a passage of not less than fifteen lines from any standard work.

- c. Ability to converse freely and describe any common object or occurrence.
 c. Testimonials of moral character and respectability.

V. The names of candidates who pass a fair examination and are otherwise eligible, will be recorded in a register at the Lying-in Hospital, from which selections will be made, for entertainment as pupils, from time to time, as vacancies occur.

More than three errors will be held to disqualify a candidate for three months, but at the end of that time she may again be examined.

VI. The examination of candidates at Madras will be conducted at the Lying-in Hospital, and up-country by the Senior Medical Officer of the Station. In the latter case the dictation paper, with report on the other subjects of examination, on her appearance and intelligence, and on the probability of her being able to qualify as a Midwife, will be sent to the Superintendent of the Lying-in Hospital for registration.

VII. A Candidate cannot be entertained as a Midwifery pupil while pregnant or suckling, but her name may be registered for admission to the class at a future time. No child is permitted to reside in the quarters of the Midwifery Pupils.

VIII. Midwifery Pupils on first joining the class are entitled to "travelling batta" at the rate of one anna per mile from any station within the Madras Presidency at which they may have been residing, and "return batta" at the same rate after passing the prescribed examinations.

IX. The Pupils will reside in the hospital compound, and will occupy furnished quarters.

X. The entire control of the Pupils is vested in the Superintendent. Disobedience of orders, or of the rules of the institution, and misconduct of any kind will be punished according to the gravity of the offence by extra duty, suspension, or dismissal.

XI. When it appears to the Superintendent that a Pupil after a fair trial is not likely to qualify as an efficient Midwife, she will be allowed the option of resigning.

W. H. HARRIS, M. D.,

Superintendent, Lying-in Hospital.

List of Midwives residing at MADRAS who have received Certificates of Qualification at the Government Lying-in Hospital.

NAME.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. J. Duran	East Indian	Black Town, Centre Street.
J. A. Jansen	do.	Matron, Lock Hospital, Black Town.
M. Duran (a)	do.	Pursewankum, Mooragah Moodally Street.
E. M. Early (b)	do.	Black Town, Old Jail Street.
A. Collier	do.	Do. Jones' Street.
E. Lacey	do.	New Town.
M. A. Heston	do.	New Town, Centre Street.
Louisa Sewell	do.	Chintadripettah, Barracks Road.
A. M. McClean	do.	Vepery, Maddox Street.
E. J. Shaw	do.	Stranger's Road, New Town.
A. Startup	do.	Park Town.
H. E. McEllan	do.	Vepery, near Foster's.
E. Henis (d)	do.	Friend-in-Need Societies' Premises.
E. Martin	do.	New Town.
M. Spain	European	Matron, Lying-in Hospital, Madras.
L. Silva (e)	East Indian	New Town, 3rd Street, No. 21.
E. Seales	do.	Do. Westcottian Street, No. 6.
E. Robertson	do.	Park Town, Church Street.
E. E. Daly	do.	Do.
T. A. Bussell	do.	Care of Gantz Brothers, Mount Road.
S. Allen	do.	Park Town, Colanday Street.
J. G. Schuman	do.	Do.
J. M. Ford	do.	Royapattah, Cathedral Alma House.
C. Pope (f)	do.	Perambore.
DeFontaine (g)	do.	Chintadripett.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Atkin; (b) Formerly Mrs. Dean; (c) Formerly Mrs. Yora;
 (d) Formerly Mrs. Thompson; (e) Formerly Mrs. Gibbons; (f) Formerly Mrs. Lupprian;
 (g) Formerly Mrs. Freeman.

† Possesses a Certificate of Qualification as a Sick Nurse.

List of Midwives residing at MADRAS who have received Certificates of Qualification at the Government Lying-in Hospital.—Continued.

NAME.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. J. A. Prager†	European	Maddox Street, No. 5, Vepery.
A. Vaughan	East Indian	Park Town.
M. Atkinson	European	Vepery Hospital.—Sick.
Thoyee (1)	Native	Teynampett.
Mrs. G. Dixon	East Indian	Park Town.
Lovell (2)	do.	Black Town, Phillips' Street, No. 3.
L. A. Telfie	do.	Park Town, School Street.
E. Smith	do.	Pursewankum, High Road.
K. Judge (3)	do.	Vepery, Maddox Street.
E. Shandley	do.	New Town, 1st Street.
M. A. Harris	do.	Ordinance Lines, Black Town.
A. Woodcock	do.	Black Town.
Roshun Bee (2)	Mahomedan	Tripticane.
Chelrum (1)	Native	Mackay's Gardens.
Mrs. L. Stracey (c)	East Indian	Chintadripettah, Tannah Street.
Hereford	do.	Black Town.
G. Casburn	do.	Chintadripettah, River Road.
Miss C. Chordely	do.	Black Town.
Mrs. E. Dawson	European	Condy Cherty Street, Black Town.
C. A. Hodges	East Indian	General Patter's Road, Royapattah.
J. D. Richards	do.	Black Town, Fowl Monger's Street, No. 71.
Amaroye (5)	Native	Do. Barber's Street.
Miss J. Deunthley	European	At Mrs. Spatz's, Lying-in Hospital.
Mrs. L. Deffries	East Indian	Black Town, Barber's Street.
M. Emanuel	do.	Asst. Matron, Lying-in Hospital, Madras.
L. McKendie	European	Black Town, Francis Joseph Street.
E. Nurse	East Indian	Chintadripettah, Tannah Street.
Kenderson	European	New Town, 3rd Street, No. 18.
M. Meyers	do.	Black Town.
Bienckharet	East Indian	Vepery Church Compound.
Mary David (17)	Native	Pursewankum, Menoo Street, No. 9.
Socumidis (18)	do.	Pursewankum.
Miss R. Vanderholt	East Indian	General Hospital.
Mrs. E. Kelly	European	In charge Royapuram Lying-in Hospital.
H. Pettlers	do.	Sembadcas Street, Black Town.
E. Wilson	East Indian	New Town, 3rd Street.
F. Berdigan	European	Seonkarama Street, Black Town.
A. O'Neill	East Indian	Kutcherry Road, Mylapore.
E. Jordan	European	Pursewankum, Tannah Street.
M. Michael	East Indian	Poodoopett.
S. Pope	do.	Baker's Street, Black Town.
Comma (32)	Native	Royapett.
Pamvalhee (33)	do.	Nursingapuram.
Miss F. Stricker	East Indian	Friend-in-Need Socy. Prem., Poonamallee Road.
Thoyee (36)	Native	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. E. Chappian	East Indian	Mowbray's Road, Royapett, No. 39.
Thoyee (4)	Native	Chintadripettah.
Mrs. L. E. Watkins	East Indian	Black Town.
M. A. Martinson	do.	General Hospital.
E. Holman	do.	New Town.
H. R. Hamilton	do.	Do.
A. Chapman	European	Naval Hospital Road, Egmore.
C. R. D'Mellow	East Indian	New Town.
Thoyee	Barber	Royapuram Lying-in Hospital.
Mrs. E. Montgomery	East Indian	Nursingapuram.
A. Westropp	European	New Town.
C. M. Burghall	East Indian	Mount Road, Higgins and Co.
E. Crooks	do.	Fort Saint George.
L. Collins	European	Chepauk.
E. Holmes	East Indian	Royapuram.

(a) Formerly Mrs. White; (b) Formerly Miss Sands; (c) Formerly Mrs. Atkinson.

* Possesses a Certificate of Qualification as a Sick Nurse.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Provinces who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. C. Yates (a).....	East Indian	New Fort: Pand, Ebnulla, Bombay.
" E. Carzon.....	do.	Natal.
" A. Groom.....	do.	St. John's Hill, Bangalore.
" H. Hargreaves (b).....	do.	Bangalore.
" M. Hennessy.....	do.	Trinulgherry, Secunderabad.
" M. G. Moss.....	do.	Lying-in Hospital, Madurai.
" P. Burke.....	do.	Bangalore.
" A. Ours.....	do.	Cochin.
" E. Gilmore.....	do.	H. M's 89th Foot
" E. Strugnell.....	European	Singapore.
" M. Stiggs.....	do.	Mysore.
" Leah Sewell.....	East Indian	Royal Artillery, Trinulgherry.
" H. Leonard.....	do.	Richmond Town, Bangalore.
" S. Thompson.....	do.	Civil Dispensary, Cuddalore.
" M. Sherwood.....	do.	Lakeside Cottage, Ootacamund.
" A. Wilson.....	do.	Singapore.
" M. Torpey.....	European	Bangalore.
" R. Paul.....	East Indian	Ajmere.
" E. J. Hughes.....	do.	Bangalore.
" E. Foreman.....	do.	Hyderabad.
" H. Fox.....	do.	Rangoon.
" S. M. Lams.....	do.	Rangoon.
" M. Trapp (c).....	do.	Coimbatore.
" E. Rhye.....	European	Calcutta.
" A. Rhye.....	Native	Dindigul Civil Dispensary.
Mrs. E. H. King.....	European	Old Town, Cuddalore.
" E. Gibson.....	East Indian	Eduljee's Cottage, Ootacamund.
" A. McMahon.....	do.	Mercara, Coorg.
" M. Arnold.....	do.	St. John's Hill, Bangalore.
" Ellen Doyle.....	do.	Assensole District, Bengal.
" E. Clifford.....	do.	Bangalore, Dickenson's Road, No. 4.
" C. Robertson.....	do.	Rangoon Lunatic Asylum.
" J. Rozario.....	do.	Rangoon.
" J. Paulsen.....	do.	H. M's 13th Lancers.
" M. Reynolds.....	do.	H. M's 15th Regiment, S. F.
" M. A. Gerling.....	European	Vizagapatam.
" Chellam.....	Native	Dindigul Civil Dispensary.
" Mary Anne.....	do.	Salem.
Mrs. M. Hartigan.....	East Indian	Palamcottah.
" S. Eural.....	do.	Ootacamund, Ruva Cottage.
" C. Thompson.....	European	H. M's 2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" Agnes Clarke.....	East Indian	Rejmanndry.
" M. C. Dargan.....	European	Rangoon Medical Hall, Pytch Square.
" P. Newland.....	East Indian	H. M's 2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" F. McCarthy.....	do.	H. Battery, 20th Brigade, R. A.
" C. Smith.....	do.	Palaveram E. A. V. Co. Hospital.
" M. Antonio (d).....	do.	Madurai.
" Brown (e).....	do.	New Town, Vellore.
" Robeiro.....	do.	Convent Street, No. 5, Trichinopoly.
" M. Perry.....	do.	2-21st Fusiliers, Europe.
" A. Colman.....	do.	Richmond Town, Bangalore.
" C. Phelan.....	do.	Coaty.
" V. J. Jeremiah.....	do.	Wynnad.
" E. Robison.....	do.	Rangoon Medical Hall, Pytch Square.
" J. Kay.....	do.	Kazaptee.
" S. McIntyre.....	do.	Matron, Civil Dispensary, Nellore.
" J. A. Lyster (f).....	do.	Maharajah's Hospital, Vizagapatam.
" M. Armstrong.....	do.	Convent Street, Trichinopoly.
" A. Waes.....	do.	Bangalore.
Mary Anne Bennett (g).....	Native	Chinglepat.
Mrs. J. Marun.....	East Indian	Calcutta.
" M. Barfels.....	European	Bangalore.
" M. Morrison.....	do.	Matron, Lying-in Hospital, Travandrum.

(a) Formerly Mrs. Pooney; (b) Formerly Mrs. Gosiger; (c) Formerly Mrs. Chittabera; (d) Formerly Mrs. Robertson; (e) Formerly Mrs. Schultz; (f) Formerly Mrs. Falloon.

† Possesses a Certificate of Qualification as Sick Nurse.

List of Midwives residing in the MOFUSSIL and other Provinces who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying-in Hospital—Continued.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. H. McKenzie.....	East Indian	Royal Artillery, Secunderabad.
" M. A. Morrison.....	do.	Bangalore, Royal Artillery.
Miss Blackwell.....	European	Cochin.
Louisa Hart (g).....	Native	Cocanada Lying-in Hospital.
Mrs. C. E. Nugent.....	European	Cannanore.
" M. Murphy.....	East Indian	Raneepet Civil Dispensary.
" S. Lilley.....	do.	Poona.
Rusool Bee (7).....	Mahomedan	Coimbatore Civil Dispensary.
Zyna Bee (8).....	do.	Laccadive Isles.
Buthamah (10).....	Native	Vizagapatam.
Murrah (11).....	do.	Cuddalore.
Mrs. J. Aberstein.....	do.	Secunderabad.
" A. Perrett.....	do.	Vizagapatam.
" M. A. Power.....	do.	Bangalore.
Valoor Maha Lutchmee (12).....	do.	Masulipatam.
Kakane (13).....	do.	do.
Mrs. E. E. McIntyre.....	East Indian	Cannanore.
" M. A. Smith.....	do.	Bangalore, Royal Artillery.
" J. A. Conway.....	do.	Trinulgherry, Royal Artillery.
" M. Brown.....	do.	Bellary.
" M. J. Slater.....	do.	Cannanore.
Miss C. Sullivan.....	do.	Vizagapatam.
Mrs. M. A. Hall (7).....	do.	Bangalore.
" M. Love.....	do.	Matron, Vellore Dispensary.
Miss E. Seaby.....	do.	Civil Dispensary, Cuddalore.
Catherine.....	Native Christian	Cuddalore.
Gorindoo (19).....	Native	Cheddambur Dispensary.
Elizabeth (21).....	do.	Dispensary, Chinglepat.
Mrs. M. A. Travers (6).....	East Indian	Bombay.
" E. Fellows (c).....	do.	Cuddalore.
" A. P. Mackay.....	do.	Trevandrum.
Marum Bee (23).....	Mahomedan	Civil Dispensary, Secunderabad.
Veramah (23).....	Native	Masulipatam.
Vearamah (24).....	do.	do.
Mrs. A. Brown.....	East Indian	Vellore.
" E. M. Broster.....	do.	Mercara.
Kitty (25).....	Native	Paulghat.
Mrs. E. Morton.....	European	Bangalore.
" S. Cleary.....	East Indian	Bellary.
Rungamah (26).....	Native	Vizagapatam.
Mrs. H. Inglis.....	East Indian	Secunderabad.
" S. Warner.....	do.	Bellary.
" A. L. Babbethwaite (d).....	do.	Bangalore.
" C. Hamilton.....	European	67th Regiment, Bangalore.
" E. Semerville.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
" O. D'Castro.....	do.	do.
Amahloo (27).....	Native	Dindigul.
Allamloo (28).....	do.	Salem, Civil Dispensary.
Ammahee (29).....	do.	Trichinopoly.
Chinnamah (30).....	do.	Rangoon.
Unkamah (31).....	do.	Vizagapatam.
Mrs. J. Collins.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
Mrs. J. E. Conway.....	do.	Cocanada.
" A. A. James (e).....	do.	Bangalore.
" J. E. Clarke.....	do.	Assensole, Bengal.
" E. Lawrence.....	European	Bombay.
" E. McMullen.....	East Indian	Bangalore.
" M. White.....	do.	Bangalore.
Gorindoo (34).....	Native	Cheddambur, Civil Dispensary.
Mrs. L. A. Court.....	East Indian	Rangoon.
" C. P. Drake.....	do.	do.
" M. E. Taylor.....	do.	Bangalore.
" G. V. Spooner.....	do.	Cochin.
" P. M. Cowley.....	European	Bangalore.

(g) Formerly Mrs. Breeden. (h) Formerly Mrs. Pimento. (i) Formerly Mrs. Snell.

(d) Formerly Mrs. Sproules. (e) Formerly Mrs. Hannigan.

List of Nurses residing in the Mofussil and other Presidencies who have received Certificates of Qualification from the Government Lying in Hospital.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. E. Kerwick.....	East Indian ..	St. Thomas' Mount.
" G. Faulkner.....	European ..	Bangalore.
" S. Stewart.....	do.	Wellington.
Scopoo Lawhman.....	Hindoo ..	Guntoor.
Dharanacoti.....	Native Christian	Calicut.
Christiana.....	do.	Coonoor.
Mrs. C. A D'Roze.....	East Indian ..	Bangalore.
Soobemah.....	Barber ..	Rajamundry.
Mutheal.....	do.	Salem Civil Dispensary.
Allanaleo.....	do.	do.
Mrs. H. Butler.....	European ..	St. Thomas' Mount.
Lutheace.....	Hindoo ..	Guntoor.
Tholas.....	Barber ..	Bellary Civil Dispensary.
Elizabeth.....	Native Christian	Guntoor.
Mrs. H. Luck.....	do.	Secunderabad.
" G. Saife.....	European ..	Agga.
" E. Ganche.....	East Indian ..	Palavaram.
" S. Talbot.....	do.	Bombay.

List of Nurses who have received certificates of qualification as Sick Nurses, but who are not qualified to practice as Midwives.

NAMES.	RACE.	RESIDENCE.
Mrs. F. Jackson.....	East Indian ..	Secunderabad.
" H. Long.....	European ..	Pursewankam.
" C. Lockyer.....	East Indian ..	School of Arts Compound.
" Costrell.....	do.	Black Town.
" E. Smith.....	do.	Chingleput.
" E. Fernandez.....	do.	St. Thomas' Mount.
" C. Fenderinden.....	do.	Pondicherry.
" S. Wright.....	do.	Chintadrapettah.

European Diplomat Nurse.

Mrs. Catherine Cleary, No. 4, Condy Chetty Street, Black Town.

VACCINE DEPARTMENT—MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

The Staff of the Vaccine Department comprises:
 1 Inspector of Vaccination, 89 Deputy Inspectors, 305 Probationary
 and 20 Sanitary Comm. 178 First Class Vaccinators, 26 Peons.
 1 Personal Assistant, Do. 300 Second Class do.
 Municipalities—52 1st Class Vaccinators, 29 2nd Class Vaccinators and 5 Probationary
 Vaccinators.

The distribution of the above Staff is as follows:

Districts.	Deputy Inspectors.	First Class Vaccinators.	Second Class Vaccinators.	Probationary Vaccinators.	Peons.
Ganjam.....	2	10	13	2	1
Vizagapatam.....	2	16	20	7	2
Godavery.....	3	13	18	5	2
Kistna.....	2	10	16	4	2
Nellore.....	2	6	16	8	2
Chingleput.....	1	6	7	2	1
Madras.....	1	4	12	6	2
North Arcot.....	2	13	13	6	2
South Arcot.....	2	8	12	1	1
Trichinopoly.....	1	5	15	4	2
Tanjore.....	2	9	21	3	1
Madura.....	2	19	29	6	1
Tinnevely.....	2	9	19	13	2
Cuddayah.....	2	11	20	7	1
Kurnool.....	1	4	7	2	2
Bellary.....	3	9	15	2	2
Salem.....	2	9	22	11	2

Districts.	Deputy Inspectors.	First Class Vaccinators.	Second Class Vaccinators.	Probationary Vaccinators.	Peons.
Coimbatore.....	2	4	11	19	2
Malabar.....	2	4	10	8	2
South Canara.....	2	5	7	6	2
Jeppore Hill Tracts.....	1	.....	12	.....	.....
Hill Tracts of Coimbatore.....	1	.....	6	.....	.....

In addition, Coimbatore and Coonoor have 1 first class Vaccinator each, and Pulney Hills and Annamalai Divi Islands, 1 Hospital Assistant, each to work as a Vaccinator.

In the Military Cantonnments of Bangalore and Secunderabad, 1 first and 1 second class Vaccinator each, and at Kumbakon, 1 second class Vaccinator is employed.

Vaccine Depot, Madras—Main Road, Chintadrapettah.

2nd Class Vaccinator—Ragoonathalingh.

1 Peon.

This Institution is open daily, Sunday excepted, from 6 to 10 A.M., to vaccinate all who may wish to attend. Money to the value of quarter Anna is issued as bounty to the poor subjects.

Deputy Inspectors of the Unconquered Service.

- 1.—C. Soobaroja Chetty, Personal Assistant to the Inspector of Vaccination, and Deputy Sanitary Commissioner, Madras Presidency.
- 2.—K. Vurtharajulu, Madras Municipality.
- 3.—C. Arumugam Chetti, Chingleput District.
- 4.—Mr. James Waywood, Chittoor Circle, } North Arcot District.
- 5.—Mr. A. L. Daily, Vellore Circle, }
- 6.—Mr. A. Stewart, Cuddalore Circle, }
- 7.—Perayath Canner, Virudachellam Circle, } South Arcot District.
- 8.—D. Ramasawmy, Tanjore Circle, }
- 9.—Moortaza Hussain, Negapatam Circle, } Tanjore District.
- 10.—Ponnen Canner, Trichinopoly District.
- 11.—G. Rangasawmy, Madara Circle, }
- 12.—C. V. Baliah Naidu, Dindigul Circle, } Madura District.
- 13.—W. P. Chackrapany, Tinnevely Circle, }
- 14.—V. Duraimalingum, Sernandavi Circle, } Tinnevely District.
- 15.—Meer Mazzerully, Cuddayah Circle, }
- 16.—P. Sawmydoss Mudali, Madanapully Circle, } Cuddayah District.
- 17.—C. Poonosawmy Pillai, Kurnool District.
- 18.—P. Kotlingum, Bellary Circle, }
- 19.—T. M. Veerappa Pillay, Pennacandah Circle, } Bellary District.
- 20.—A. Henrius, Chooty Circle, }
- 21.—M. Narainah, Salem Circle, } Salem District.
- 22.—Mashood Alludin, Oosoor Circle, }
- 23.—Syed Abdul Aziz, North Coimbatore Circle, } Coimbatore District.
- 24.—Moonesawmy, South Coimbatore Circle, }
- 25.—A. Krishna Nair, Calicut Circle, } Malabar District.
- 26.—M. Ruthrotheen, Tellicherry Circle, }
- 27.—Tarachund, No. I, Vaccine Circle, }
- 28.—P. Chandoo, No. II, Do. } South Canara District.
- 29.—C. N. Ramasawmy, Nellore Circle, }
- 30.—M. Basker, Row, Ongole Circle, } Nellore District.
- 31.—D. Bouganish, Masulipatam Circle, }
- 32.—T. Balakrishna Naidu, Guntoor Circle, } Kistna District.
- 33.—K. Parthasarathi, Coconada Circle, }
- 34.—D. Visvanatham, Eilora Circle, } Godavery District.
- 35.—N. V. Soderoyudon, Vizagapatam, Range, }
- 36.—C. Theerovengada Mudali, Vizianagaram Range, } Vizagapatam District.
- 37.—A. Ramasawmy, Hill Tracts, Vizagapatam District.
- 38.—T. Poonosawmy Pillai, Chittoor Circle, }
- 39.—C. Rangasawmy Pillai, Chicacole Circle, } Ganjam District.
- 40.—T. Theerovengadam Pillai, Hill Tracts, Ganjam District.

THE INDIAN CONTAGIOUS DISEASES' OFFICE.

(Under Act XIV of 1903.)

Offg. Health Officer and Superintendent Lock Hospital—Surgeon-Major J. Keess, M.D.

Supervision and Managing Clerk—V. Rajagopal Rao.

Head Office—Fort St. George.
Branch do—Lock Hospital.Branch Office—High Road, Vepery.
Do. —Triplicane.

3 Native Inspectors and 12 Gomastahs.

Offg. Superintendent Lock Hospital—Surgeon-Major J. Keess, M.D.

Registered Lock Hospital—Popham's
Broadway.Apothecary—Mr. S. Hall, Examiner.
Matron—Miss Mackay.

MADRAS GENERAL HOSPITAL.

Surg. Maj. H. King, M.D., Physician and Sr. Med. Officer.—Pay Rs. 1,600.

Surg. Maj. P. W. Cockrill, Surg.—Rs. 1,376.

Mr. J. Anderson, Head Steward.

Surg. C. Sibthorpe, Esq., Surg.—Rs. 500.

Mr. D. Jeyadass, 1st Asst. Steward.

Surg. A. M. Brantford, M.D., Asst. Physician.

Mrs. M. Anderson, Head Nurse.

(See other side.)

Surg. C. J. McKelly, M.D., Acting.—Rs. 725.

Sergeant-Major W. Ellery, Hospital Scribe.

Apoth. C. St. J. Lawrence, Senior Apoth.

Y. Tiruvengada Moodelliar, Hospital Writer.

GOVERNMENT EYE INFIRMARY.

BURNALL'S ROAD, VEPERY.—OPENED 1819.

Superintendent—Surg. Maj. H. F. Brockman, F.R.C.S.

Assistant Apothecary—Mr. R. E. M. Judge.

Writer and Steward—C. Chandrasekhar Moodelliar.

The Institution comprises the Hospital and Dispensary, the former consisting of five separate wards for in-patients and the latter for applicants seeking out-door relief. Patients of both sexes, admitted into Hospital of all classes irrespective of caste or creed, and are fed and clothed free of expense except in the cases of those whose salary or means exceed 25 Rupees a month.

Scale of charges for Civil Patients dwelling over 25 Rupees per mensem.

From 25 to 49 Rupees per mensem.	Per diem.	From 50 to 99 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 100 to 149 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 150 to 199 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 200 to 249 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 250 to 299 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 300 to 349 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 350 to 399 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 400 to 449 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 450 to 499 Ru. per mensem.	Per diem.	From 500 and upwards.	Per diem.
0 4 0		0 8 0		0 12 0		0 16 0		0 20 0		0 24 0		0 28 0		0 32 0		0 36 0		0 40 0		0 44 0	

The payment of a week's Hospital Stoppages according to the above scale, is made compulsory on all Civil patients admitted into Hospital.

The Hospital affords accommodation for 64 beds.

The practice of the Eye Infirmary is open to all members of the profession including native practitioners. Operations are performed every Saturday at 7 a.m., excepting in cases demanding immediate interference.

Dispensary.—Out-patients are attended to by the Surgeon in charge, and his Assistant between the hour of seven and nine every morning.

Unconvicted servants of Government whose salaries are under Rupees 60 per mensem will be entitled to the gratuitous supply of medicines when they apply for treatment as out-patients.

2. Persons not in Government employ whose salary or income is believed to exceed Rupees 30 per mensem will not be supplied with medicines gratuitously, but persons whose incomes are smaller may be under treatment as out-patients.

3. All other applicants applying for treatment as out-patients will receive advice gratuitously, but not medicines. They will be furnished with prescriptions to be made up by a druggist at their own expense; it being understood that in cases of undoubted urgency, the medical officer is at liberty to relax the foregoing restrictions.

PART V.—JUDICIAL.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon. Sir CHARLES A. TURNER, Kt., C.L.E.—sworn in 7th Feby. 1879—Pay Rs. 5,000.

JUDGES.

The Hon'ble L. C. JONES.—Pay Rs. 3,750.

The Hon'ble T. Muttuswami Aiyar, B.L.,
C.L.E., Acting.—Pay Rs. 3,750.

(On leave, Europe.)
L. Forbes, Acting do.
J. Kernan, Q. C. do.
J. R. Kindersley, do.

Officers of the Court.

Appellate Side.

H. Wigram, Esq., Esq., Registrar, (on duty) J. W. Handley, Esq., Govt. Pleader.
Lewis Melvern, Esq., Esq., Acting Registrar A. P. W. Begbie, Esq., Manager.
Pay Rs. 1,276-10-8.
Walter Morgan, Esq., Dy. Reg.—Rs. 700.

Original Side.

Appointed.

The Hon'ble P. O'Sullivan, Advocate-General—Pay Rs. 2,302-8-0	1877
H. J. Tarrant, Esq., Clerk of the Crown and Crown Prosecutor—Rs. 800	1872
E. Barclay, Esq., Government Solicitor, (on leave)	1876
W. Morgan, Esq., Acting—Pay Rs. 612-9-0	1879
C. E. Chapman, Esq., B.C.S., Accountant General, (on leave)	1873
A. Cotterell Tupp, Esq., B.C.S., Acting—Pay Rs. 2,000	1879
M. Gould, Esq., Administrator General—Pay Rs. 300	1878
J. M. C. Mills, Esq., Reporter—Pay Rs. 400	1866
J. Stevenson, Esq., Registrar—Pay Rs. 1,500	1878
B. Brooks, Esq., Assistant Registrar—Pay including Personal Allowance	1871
Mr. Basil Jervis, Sheriff of Madras—Pay Rs. 60	1871
Henry Stanborough, Esq., Coroner (on leave)—Pay Rs. 350 with Car.	1871
Allowance of Rs. 80	1872
E. J. Norton, Esq., Acting Coroner	1880
G. A. Murray, Esq., Clerk to the Judges (on leave, Europe)—Pay Rs. 650	1861
T. C. Clarke, Esq., Acting	1861
C. Kristnaswamy Iyer, Chief Interpreter in Tamil and Telugu	1861
C. S. Brogan Aiyar, Deputy Interpreter in Tamil and Telugu	1871
Syed Shamsul Saib, Persian and Hindustani Interpreter	1862

Commissioner for the Examination of Witnesses in England.

Edward Frederick Burton, Esq., 25, Chancery Lane, London.

Commissioners for taking acknowledged grants by married women in England of deeds relating to property in India.

Edward Frederick Burton, Esq., 25, Chancery Lane, London.
Joceline Frederick Watkins, Esq., 44, Parliament Street, Westminster.
John Lenton Pulling, Esq., 3, Adelaide Place, London Bridge, and Blackheath, Kent.
John Neubitt Mallison, Esq., 11, Austin Friars, London.
Alfred Atkinson Pollock, Esq., 65, Lincoln's Inn Fields, London.

Barristers.

Admitted.	Admitted.
J. H. A. Branson, Esq., (Calcutta) ..1862	W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.* ..1866
J. H. S. Branson, Esq. ..1863	J. W. B. Money, Esq.† ..1867
The Hon'ble P. O'Sullivan ..1864	J. H. Joseph, Esq.* ..1867
T. M. Busteed, Esq.* ..1864	E. H. Power, Esq.* ..1867
J. M. C. Mills, Esq. ..1865	J. W. Handley, Esq. ..1867
R. M. A. Branson, Esq., (Bombay) ..1865	A. G. Gover, Esq.† ..1867

* Does not practise.

† Does not practise in Madras.

HARRISTERS—continued.

Admitted.		Admitted.	
M. Gould, Esq.	..1867	A. E. Pelt, Esq.†	..1874
G. P. Johnston, Esq.	..1867	Robert Wilson, Esq.†	..1874
J. M. Mashell, Esq.†	..1868	E. B. Mitchell, Esq.	..1874
A. Green, Esq.†	..1868	R. Thomson, Esq.†	..1874
G. E. BerreGale, Esq.†	..1868	H. A. Brits, Esq.†	..1874
William S. Gantz, Esq.†	..1868	C. Schapell, Esq.	..1874
W. H. Mashell, Esq.†	..1869	S. A. Locke, Esq.†	..1874
W. H. Craig, Esq. (Europe)	..1869	Thamias Walker, Esq.†	..1875
E. B. Powell, Esq.	..1869	P. Venkateswaramma Naidu†	..1875
R. Fisher, Esq.†	..1869	H. G. Wedderburn, Esq.	..1875
J. W. Hayes, Esq.†	..1870	Mazumdar Subramanyam.	..1876
J. H. Nelson, Esq.†	..1871	C. Meenckaya†	..1876
C. P. Latimer, Esq.†	..1871	J. H. Lampar, Esq.†	..1877
S. R. F. C. Langdon, Esq.†	..1872	J. J. Cossie Gentry, Esq.†	..1877
W. J. H. McFarra, Esq.†	..1872	G. S. Ouchterlony, Esq.†	..1877
H. J. Tarrant, Esq.	..1872	H. R. Johnson, Esq.	..1877
R. C. Miller, Esq.†	..1872	G. W. Clarke, Esq., L.D., F.R.S., &c.†	..1878
T. C. Poorman, Esq.†	..1872	F. H. Lancelles, Esq.	..1878
W. E. T. Clarke, Esq.†	..1872	R. Normandy, Esq.	..1878
H. K. Shepherd, Esq.	..1872	T. S. Wilkins, Esq.†	..1878
W. B. Ormsby, Esq.†	..1873	C. Waddy, Esq.	..1878
W. F. Hooper, Esq.†	..1873	E. J. Norton, Esq.	..1878
G. G. B. VanSanten, Esq.†	..1873	S. Devanajayar	..1879
C. E. Lawrence, Esq.†	..1873	B. S. Steenhouse	..1880
P. D. Shaw, Esq.†	..1873	J. L. Pelt, Esq.	..1880
J. C. Pritchard, Esq.†	..1883		

Attorneys:

Admitted.		Admitted.	
P. B. Gordon.....	1851	F. Rowlandson, B.A., F.R.S.....	1879
B. Brock.....	1855	A. C. Abrahams.....	1878
E. E. Branson.....	1855	C. J. Padua.....	1875
G. C. Clarke.....	1861	J. T. Morgan.....	1875
F. G. F. Branson.....	1855	M. H. Danaher.....	1875
J. E. S. May.....	1855	D. D. Miller (Rajahmundry and Coconada).....	1875
E. Barclay.....	1855	A. T. H.	1875
H. E. Tucker.....	1867	R. G. G.	1876
S. H. Chapman and Co., C. Soobramoney Iyah Gann	1867	P. H. Woolley.....	1877
James Carr.....	1857	E. C. Hayen.....	1877
Philip S. L. G. A. Murray.....	1868	E. Therozengilastawmy Pillay.....	1877
J. Stockenrath.....	1869	C. Sadasiva Row.....	1878
A. Champoux.....	1869	S. Bright Aiyangar.....	1878
W. H. D. Branson.....	1871	E. W. Williams.....	1878
William Morgan.....	1871	Alfred Thompson.....	1878
Charles William Wilson.....	1871	L. Gordon.....	1878
F. J. S. Gordon.....	1873	T. W. Linn.....	1879
A. S. Cowdell, (Oceana up to 3).....	1872	E. G. Wright.....	1879
D. Grant.....	1872	E. M. Pedrosa.....	1880

ARTICLED CLEANS

UNDER MR. D. GRANT	
Mr. F. Richardson.....	Admitted 1872
Mr. J. Shest, Junior.....	Admitted 1877
Mr. O. A. Alagistrachary Admitted 1875.	

Under Messrs. E. BARRETT and MORRIS.
Mr. B. M. BIGWOOD.....Admitted 1873 | Mr. F. S. LEVY.....Admitted 1877

Under Mr. T. ROWLANDSON, B.A., M.B.
S. T. Krishnamma Charzy.....Admitted 1973.

T. S. Krishnier Admitted 1879 | D. Krishnier Admitted 1879

Under: Mr. James Carr.
Sports Charity Subbini Charity. Admited 1879.

Under Mr. A. Thompson.
M. N. Appadorn Mulayyar..... Admitted 1879.

* Does not practise. * Does not practise in Madras.

LIST OF REGISTERED PLEADERS IN THE HIGH COURT OF
JUDICATURE, MADRAS. (APPELLATE SIDE).

Advocates and Attorneys, the same as on the Original Side.

Vol. 4.

2. B. Gordon, Esq., R. Venkataswamy, P. Rangaiya Naik Chari, S. Parthasarathy Mudaliar, B. L.	Transjohar Durassami Aiyar, R. Venkataswamy, P. M. Jaques Pillay, P. C. Anantha Chari, A. Gopala Aiyangar, P. S. Chinnaiyappa Iyer, C. V. Sundaram Sastry, S. R. Ramasul Reddy, S. Duraimaiyay Aiyangar, Salem Eumasswamy Mudaliar, S. Seshachari, V. Subbaya, Sci Anantha Subrahmanya Sarmah, K. Kalyanasundaram Aiyar, S. Venkata Subbaraya, C. Desika Chetty, A. Narayanasami Aiyar, M. Gopala Row, Thakka Gurupethi Krishna Menon, A. Subba Row, T. Venkataswamy, S. Gopala Chari, S. Devarajayyar, C. R. Ratabhramier, W. Gopala Chetty,	V. Krishna Aiyar, S. Bhadrachari, A. Lakshmi Narayana, A. Soderayala Reddiar, N. H. Narayana Iyer, T. V. Rangachariyer, A. Ramaya Pujia, M. A. Thirumala Chetty, C. G. Kuppuswami Aiyar, N. P. Viswanatha Iyer, B. Sadayaga Chetty, C. Sankara Nair, M. Muduga Bangera, V. Rangappa, A. R. Venkataraman, S. A. Annaduraiyasa Aiyar, M. S. Narayanasamy Iyer, P. S. Narayana Iyer, C. Chellaya Pillai, T. T. Ranga Chariar, M.A. Parthasarathy Aiyar, gar, C. N. Nanniah Chetty, Andrew Thompson Ar, bross, Esq., T. S. Sundaram Iyer, T. Subbarow.
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SUBORDINATE JUDGES.

Salary Rupees 500.

M. Cross, Esq.		Canacorum.
K. R. Krishna Menon.		Canara (South).
T. V. Ponnuswami Pillai.	.....	Cocanada—on duty.
B. Varadava Row.	.....	Negapatam.
A. Krishnaaswami Rao, Ag.	.....	Cocanada.
Kannachella Aiyar.	.....	Tanjore (South).
K. Sankaran Menon.	.....	Malabar (South)—on duty.
C. Ramachandra Aiyar, Ag.	.....	do.
Venkata Gopal Rao Pantulu.	.....	Bellary.
Mr. V. P. D'Almeida.	.....	Malabar (North).
Andipathi Chetty.	.....	Cuddalore.
T. Gnanapathy Aiyar.	.....	Madure.
A. L. Venkata Ramana Pantulu, M.A., B.L.	.....	do.
H. Sathyanarayana.	.....	Cochin.
P. Tirumal Row Gurni, Ag.	.....	Tinnevely.

DISTRICT MUNSIFES

1st Grade 300—2nd Grade 250—3rd Grade 200 Runners.

ALCOY-NORTH

G. Parashothaman	1st Grade	Tripathy
T. Chennappa	2nd Grade	Arni
M. Venkatarani	3rd Grade	Shollegur.
N. Swaminanda Aiyar		Vellore
T. Swami Rao		Palanganthi

ARCOT-SOUTH

C. Venkoba Chetty.....	1st Grade.	Cuddalore.
Appalaiaiyar.....	2nd Grade.	Chidambaram
G. Ramaswamy Aiyar.....		Vilupuram.
V. Madhavai Row.....	3rd Grade.	Virdastellera.

DELEARY

Mr. H. V. Platcher.....	1st Grade.....	Geety.
D. Yerappa Garu.....	2nd Grade.....	Adoni.
Syed Mustapha Sahib.....	.....	Pemukonda.
M. Jayaram Row.....	3rd Grade.....	Narenindevyer.
Mr. A. E. Elliot.....	.....	herry.
		Bellary.

CANADA - SOUTH

Mangrueshaia	.....	Buntwall.
Kallianapuram Subba Row	...	Parker.
L. Ramachendraya	.....	Mullai

* Does not practise. † Does not practise in England.

3rd Grade.	
V. Narraiah Row	Mangalore.
A. Venkatarajana Pai	Kendavur
Mr. J. Lobo	Pettur.
K. Krishna Rao	Tidip.
Mr. J. P. Fernando	Bekal.
CHINGLEPUT.	
1st Grade.	
A. J. Mangalam Pillai	Chingleput.
2nd Grade.	
V. Sundararamaiah	Trivellore.
A. Narayanaswamy Naidu	Poornimallee.
COIMBATORE.	
1st Grade.	
C. Vaithiswaraya	Coimbatore.
2nd Grade.	
T. Subbana Chetty	Collegal.
T. Ramasamy Aiyangar	Karur.
3rd Grade.	
S. Parthasarathy Aiyangar	Uttarampattin.
P. Karunaswamy Aiyar	Erode.
CUDDAPAH.	
2nd Grade.	
K. Rangamannar Aiyangar	Prodattoor.
K. Lakshminna Row	Nundalore.
V. Subramania Sastri	Vollpud.
T. R. Mahari Row	Cudde.
S. Doraisamy Iyengar	Budvill.
C. Srinivasa Sastri	Cuddapah.
GANDY.	
2nd Grade.	
Chinnam Venkatarajana	Tekkaly.
3rd Grade.	
C. Rangayya	Berhampore.
A. Lakshmi Narasimham	Chinnole on duty.
A. Rama Rao	Aska (on duty).
Immaneni Lakshmi Narayana	Aska.
Row Naidoo, Acting.	Takkali.
G. Jagannatha Rao Pantulu,	Aska.
Acting.	
GODAVERY.	
1st Grade.	
Govindaraja Ramachandra Row	
Pantulu	Comnadi.
Kurumadalli Venkateshulam	
Pantulu Gern	Narasapur.
2nd Grade.	
B. Pasupathy Mudaliyar	Rajahmundry.
3rd Grade.	
M. Nagabhusanani	Amalapur.
M. B. Sundara Rao Gern	Pelapoor (on duty).
3rd Grade.	
C. Egnaraja Sastri, Acting.	Do.
V. Srinivasa Row	Killore.
N. Nagarajoo Naidu	Tamaku.
KISETA.	
2nd Grade.	
Moolavee Mohamed Abdul	
Alim Sahib	Pozwala.
Singaram Subbaroy	Pangarla.
Vadamanaty Bhatia	Guntur.
3rd Grade.	
V. Appalarajusimbarat	Karimpady.
M. Ramaiah	Masulipatnam.
KURNOOL.	
3rd Grade.	
P. Aiyavaiyer	Nardhal.
S. Akarishigari Naidu	Cumbure.
T. Ramachandra Row	Kurnool.
MADURAI.	
1st Grade.	
K. Krishnaswamy Row	Madura (on duty).
2nd Grade.	
Venkata Rangaiyar, Acting.	Madura.
3rd Grade.	
S. Krishnasamy Iyer	Shevenganga.
P. S. Gurumuthy Aiyar	Dindigul.
G. Karasimulu Naidu	Trumengalam.
P. Krishnaswamy Chetty, Ag.	Parumakudi.
Dorajaja Pillay, Acting.	Upper Palney.
MALABAR-NORTH.	
1st Grade.	
E. R. Krishnuch	Tidicherry.

2nd Grade.	
Mr. D. D'Cruz	Chavacherry.
Mr. Braz D. Rosario	Pynad.
3rd Grade.	
A. Chettu Nambar	Cavey.
C. V. Gopalan Nair	Elavagala.
MALABAR-SOUTH.	
2nd Grade.	
T. Kunhi Ramen Nair	Calicut.
Chennai Krishna Menon	Coughnatt.
Chingacherry Nair Kutnad.	
S. Subramani Aiyar	Ernad.
3rd Grade.	
V. Bagge	Shernad.
R. Mahan Menon	Angadipuram.
Oparat Chanda Menon	Palghat.
U. A. Chetan Nair	Belthand.
N. Sarvathama Row	Nedunganad.
Perumapullai Govinda Menon	Vyazh.
B. Camaren Nair	Temelproca.
P. Eresha Menon	Arzanga.
NELLORE.	
3rd Grade.	
C. Seethaiah	Ongola.
B. Veeraswami	Neduru.
P. Krishnaswamy Chetty	Kavali (on duty).
A. Rama Rao, Acting.	do.
SALEM.	
2nd Grade.	
Mr. T. Misquith	Tidipattin.
3rd Grade.	
S. Ramaswamy Mudaliyar	Dharmpuri.
N. Muthuram Pillay	Ossoor.
P. Dorasamy Iyer	Salem.
M. Mathiaswamy Aiyar	Kozhik.
TANJORE-NORTH.	
1st Grade.	
T. Kanagasabai Mudali	Trivellore.
2nd Grade.	
H. Srinivasa Row	Mayavaram.
A. Sany Aiyar	Negipattam.
M. A. Hirunala Chetty	Shally.
P. Ramaswamy Pillai	Trivellore.
K. Krishnaswamy Aiyar	Trivellore.
C. Ranga Row Acting.	Do.
TANJORE-SOUTH.	
2nd Grade.	
A. Anagraham Pillay	Pattocotta.
S. A. Krishna Row	Valangattam.
3rd Grade.	
P. A. Devanathan Mudaliyar	Trivady.
S. Subbair	Trivady.
H. Krishna Row	Manargoody.
T. Doraswamy Pillay (Addl.)	Tanjore (on leave).
W. Gopalachari, Ag.	do.
Ramaswamy Mudali	Combacorum.
TINNEVELLY.	
2nd Grade.	
T. Ardinarraina Chetty	Ambasamudram.
V. Srinivasa Chetty	Tuticorin.
G. Ramaswamy Pillay	Tinnevely.
K. Ramachandrayar	Strivakuntham.
T. Ramaswamy Aiyar	Strivakuntham.
TRICHINOPOLY.	
3rd Grade.	
C. Sury Aiyar	Trichinopoly.
A. Chendraya	Kallitand.
S. Ramaswamy Mudaliyar	Aredore.
VIZAGAPATAM.	
2nd Grade.	
C. Venkata Row Sahib	Vizianagaram.
Era Subbarajudu	Rayavaram.
C. Simbachellam Pantulu	Vizagapatam (on leave).
3rd Grade.	
M. B. Sundara Rao, Acting.	Do.
T. A. Krishnaswamy Aiyar	Razam (on duty).
O. Sivarathakrishna Row	Parvathipuram.
V. Lakshmi Narasimulu Pan-	
tulu	Bimalipatam.

PLEADERS PRACTISING IN THE MOFUSSIL COURTS.

ARCOT, NORTH.

District and Sessions Court.

Subramanya Sastri, P. Venkataraju Naidu (not practising), N. Subramanyam, B.A. and B.L., M. Sundarar, V. Venkayya, Mr. H. Browne, C. Ramachandra Row Sahib, B.L., Mr. J. Evers, B.L. (not practising), Iyasami Iyer, B.A. and B.L., T. S. Narasinga Row, Mahomed Ghose Sahib, Mr. H. C. Goodrich (not practising), W. Sivaramayya, C. Subramaniya Reddy, A. Kuppaya, W. Ragava Mudaliar.

Sholingur District Munsiff's Court.

Bashyamayengar, C. Gopalaya, C. Ragupathi Row, N. Venkat Row, J. Subba Row, M. Arnachella Sastri, P. Aravada Narayana, M. Ramachandra Sastri, K. Seshadri Iyengar, K. Narasimha Chari, E. Subbaroyapillai, Menaswami Chetty, S. Venkatarajaya, L. Kuppasamaya, R. Gopalakrishna, T. Somasundara Pillai, V. A. Subbaramaya, P. S. Seshachari, C. Subbaya Naidu, T. V. Ragavachari, M. Panchanada Iyer, W. Murugesu Mudaliar, P. R. Narasimhachari, C. Seshayya, M. Ramasamier.

Triptiy District Munsiff's Court.

O. Anna Sastri, E. Ramayya, V. Venkata Chari, K. Chenchal Row, V. Krishnama Chari, V. Rungachari, P. Sama Row, C. Sundara Chari, N. Rungachari, A. Narasim, E. Venkatarasamier, P. Narasimamier, F. Krishnamaya, C. Madva Row, C. Narasimhachari, P. Ananthu Chari, T. Srinivasa Chari.

Arnee District Munsiff's Court.

Varada Chari, N. Sudrasina Chari, B. Ragava Chari, Srinivasa Varada Chari, Vuthandi Pillai, Muttava Pillai, K. Krishna Pillai, V. Balasundara Pillai, A. Vythyanada Iyer, V. Parasuramayyer, V. Subba Row, Viswanada Sastri, Seshagiri Row, C. Rajagopala Naidu, P. Seetharamaya, Syed Mohidin Hussain Sahib, C. Kannaya, Mowlavi Syed Abdul Kadar Sahib, Sathyavijaya Row, C. Balakrishna Mudali, A. Veerasami Naidu, P. Narasimha Chari.

Palmanair District Munsiff's Court.

C. Venkata Chari, P. Ramaya, A. Venkatarajaya, E. Adaya, A. Ananda Row, D. Venkata Row, P. Sreedhamer Sahib, E. Nunjaya Chetty, P. Kotaya, K. Ramaswamy Reddy, G. Subba Row, T. Venkata Row, C. Rangachari Row, P. Narasimay Naidu.

Vellore District Munsiff's Court.

Arunachelaya, P. Krishna Row, Vinasami Nayudu, K. Manisamiyaya, V. Manisami Pillai, Ramaswami Reddy, Tiruvengada Chari, Kotayya, Vijayaragava Chari, G. Krishna Pillai, M. Venkata Subba Sastri, V. Ramanuja Chari, P. Ananta Chari, A. Anaji Row, A. Margasahayam Iyer, C. Madava Row, K. Venkatachari, S. Nagaswaraya, C. Lakshmana Row, C. Raja Row, C. Narasimha Chari, C. Rungnatha Row, C. Seshagiri Row, A. Subbaramier, T. Somasundaram Pillai.

ARCOT, SOUTH.

District and Subordinate Judges' Court.

C. S. Srinivasa Rao, N. Matha Pennuthumbi Pillai, M. Kumarasami Pillai, K. Subba Row, P. T. Parthasarathi Iyengar, B. Ramalinga Iyer, Gopala Chari, O. Radhakrishnaiah, B. Krishniah, B.L., Vilvanadaiyer, P. Tiruvengada Chari, S. Dorasami Aiyar, P. Sama Row, P. Krishna Rao, N. Ramasami Aiyar, E. W. Wilkins, Esq. (Attorney), D. Shatakopa Nayudu, A. Subbarajulu Reddy, P. A. B.L., Chellia Pillai, B.A. and B.L., A. Srinivasa Aiyangar, T. Venkatasamy Naidu.

Sub-Court, Small Cause Side only.

M. Krishnalingam, T. Chidambara Pillai, M. Veeraragava Iyengar, C. Ramasami Aiyar, D. Ramanuja Naidu, C. Gopala Row, B. Gopala Chari.

Munsiff's Court of Cuddalore.

N. Jatathara Iyer, V. Shannuga Pillai, N. Ragava Chari, V. G. Savurikutti Pillai, T. Arunachudier, T. Venkatachari, D. Ramanuja Naidu, Tirumalai Rao, N. A. Amidasami Chetty, P. Ramasami Aiyar, D. Sama Row, T. Krishnasami Aiyar, Venkata Subbair, Vira Pillai, P. Ragavendra Row, C. Gopal Rao, B. Gopala Chari, Rama Row, Chidambara Pillai, Viranagava Aiyengar, Karishmayangar, Krishnaiyer, Gurumurti Aiyar.

Munsiff's Court of Virudachalam.

Seobajee Iyer, Puthmanaba Iyer, Sivapada Mudaliyar, Muthusami Iyer, Soma Row, Subramania Iyer, N. Krishnalingam, N. Srinivasa, Raghava Chari, Saminadler, Srinivasa Chariyar.

Munsiff's Court of Vilappuram.

Annasami Madali, A. Venkatasubbiah, C. Seetharaman, T. Venkatasubbiah, Parameswara Iyer, Venkata Chariar, O. Venkataratnam, Ranga Chariar, Rangasami Aiyangar, S. Sita-ratnam, Ragunada Chari, Annaji Rao, Balakrishna Reddy, Subramania Madali, Balakrishnalingam.

Munsiff's Court of Chidambaram.

Sivaraman, P. T. Ramanuja Iyengar, C. Arunachala Iyer, Kupasami Iyer, Krishna Iyer, Chakravarti Iyengar, Appasami Aiyar, V. Ramanuja Aiyangar, V. Desiga Chari, Atul-kadir Sahib, T. Desiga Chari, M. Ramesami Aiyar, Venkatarayan, S. Ramesami Aiyangar, Seebaiyengar, M. V. Ramaiya, T. Ramesami Aiyangar.

BRIHADDAR.**District and Sessions Court.**

* D. Bhima Rao, M. Vasudeva Naidu, *B. Raghavendra Rao, M. Subba Rao, D. Rama-chandra Rao, *Arcot Kuppara, C. Bhimsam Rao, P. C. Anantachari, B.A. & B.L., *H. Ramesh Rao, P. Rama Rao, B.A., T. C. Vedachalam Mudaliar, K. Itunga Rao, *T. Venkoba Rao, *V. Tirumala Rao, *L. Venkataratnam, *D. D. Viswanatha Rao, B.A. & B.L., *T. Venkatasawmi Naidu, *M. Rama Rao, B.A., K. Venkata Rao, *Makaria, V. Subba Rao Naidu, B.A., *Madureddi Venkataratnam Naidu, B.A., V. Ranga Rao, B.A. and B.L., Mr. Alfred F. Elliot.

Goody District Munsiff's Court.

J. Yellapala, Nages Row, Seshagerry Row, T. Chaudappa, Ampaji Rao, S. Bhujanga Rao, J. Srinivasa Rao, R. Seshayya, P. Hannunakata Row, V. R. Chakravarti, D. Raghavender Row, D. Krishnarow, A. Narain Row, *D. Krishna Chari.

BERHAMPORE.**District and Sessions Court, Ganjam.**

Mr. E. S. Wilkins (Barister-at-Law), Jayanti Kamesam Pantulu, B.A. (High Court Vakil), Maulavi Mahomed Hussain Sahib, Gundanna Venkataratnam, Pantulu, Lingam Laksh-maji Pantulu, *Digumarti Venkata Ramayya Pantulu (Public Prosecutor), Lingam Venkataraya Pantulu, Potapragada Lakshmi Narasimha Row Pantulu, Gade Jagannatha Rao Pantulu, Mr. C. B. Shaw, Munda Chinnaaswamy Achary, M. Viswanatha Aiyar, B.A., Pu-dipoddi Venkanna Pantulu, Pakala Gopal Rao Pantulu, B.A., Digumarti Gopal Rao Pan-tulu, Nalhi Ramamurti Pantulu, Ambatipudi Appayya Sastry.

District Munsiff's Court.**Aska.**

Krishna Prohorzo, Ghattu Srinanulu Pantulu, Southi Suryanarayana Bhotia, Lingam Raghavulu Pantulu, Kurada Virazu Pantulu, Chintakindi Appayya Pantulu, Bachu Na-rasimhaswamy Pantulu, William Mahanty.

Berhampore.

Chitravenu Venkaya Pantulu, Baidyanath Mahapatra, Karavi Rama Sastri, Somaya-zula Subbarow Pantulu, Jayanti Krishnayya Pantulu, Parankusam Sundaram Pantulu, Gade Venkata Rangayya Pantulu, Sriyada Chinnu Subbarow Pantulu, Sasuria Surya-narayana Sastri, Jayanti Venkateshchalam Pantulu, Vempari Acharya Nayudu.

Chicacole.

Mahidhara Lakshmi Narayana Sastri, Alankaram Krishnayya Sastri, Barra Senkara Sastri, Mangalagiri Subbayya Sastri, Zandhyala Sambayya Pantulu, Satuhuri Sri Ven-kateswara Acharyar, Digumarti Gopal Row Pantulu, Ambatipudi Appayya Sastri, Govinda Narasimulu Bhakta, Mr. J. J. Thompson, Mallamalinga Jagannatha Ramaiya, Bulusu Jagannatham Pantulu.

Telkhal.

Gadaparti Venkata Sastri, Annapantula Ramayya Pantulu, *Garimalla Jagannadhasi Pantulu, Mantula Venkata Narayana Sastri, Kalabari Venkata Sitaramayya Pantulu, Ambatipudi Appayya Sastri, Satuhuri Sri Venkateswara Acharyar, Bonta Sambasivarow Pantulu, Mr. F. G. M. Pascal, Mr. J. J. Thompson, Jayanti Venkateshchalam Pantulu.

* Not practising.

CANARA SOUTH.**District and Subordinate Judges' Courts.**

Babeo Row, Peter Vas, M. Ramachandraya, K. Manjunathaya, N. Shivarow, G. Venkat-row, M. Ramappa, P. Subbarow, K. Narayana, N. Subbarow (Practices in the Udipi Munsiff's Court), K. Ramarow, Subbarow Sastry, H. Krishnarao, K. Shamarao, B. Luxa-maya, K. Santaya, H. Ramarao (Practices in the Mysore Territory), P. Parameshwara, S. Brito, M. Ramarao, L. M. Coelho, M. S. Gonsalves, J. B. Noronha, M. Subrao, K. Ramappa, U. Subrao, L. Lobo, P. Raghavendrarao, T. Bhavanikan, D. Ramappa, M. Gopal Rao, C. An-andran (practices in Bekal Munsiff's Court), A. Subba Rao, S. Ramarao, P. C. Resario, Ramaya Panja, R. S. Noronha, M. Paragheyya, M. Shivarow, G. Santappa (practices in Puttur District Munsiff's Court), N. Manjunathaya.

Bekal.

Venkatagiri, S. Timmapaya, Shenkar Nannappa, Annappaya, K. Manjunathaya, K. Keshava Rao, Narayana, K. Surappa, Balappa, Krishnaji, B. Mangachraya, Dathaya, Anan-taya, Ramanathaya, Ramayya, M. Subaya, Gopal Krishnaya, S. Narappa, U. Luxa-manarow.

Mangalore.

Manjunatha Naika, S. Annappa, Devappaya, Timmapaya, M. Dasappaya, Venkappaya, K. Santaya, N. Manjunathaya, S. Venkataratnam, Mangeshaya, M. Ramana, R. Venkat-ratnam, P. Ramappa, N. Ramana, N. Andran, Subbaraya, K. Krishnaya, K. Narappa, U. Venkateshaya, Diogo Silva, Charles Pachico, Adige Srinivasarao, H. Ramakrishnaya, M. Rambhatta, A. Rangappaya, P. Subbarao, K. Raghunathaya, H. Manjunathaya, T. Govinda-row, P. Laxminarappa, Mahomed Usman, Peter Dmello.

Bilki.

Vasudevaya, Vasudeva Komli, J. Venkatraya, K. Seshagiriappa, Sinappayya, Man-geshan, Gopalkrishnaya, Krishnaya, Subaya, Vittaya.

Udipi.

C. Venkataratnam, M. Subbarao, K. Laxmanaya, M. Ramaya, B. Ramappaya, N. Sha-marao, Ramachandra Acharya, A. Manjunathaya, A. Krishnaya, G. Narappa, T. Venkat-ratnam, L. Kornelio, H. Narayana Rao, Govinda Hegade, K. Manjunathaya, M. Annappa, T. Laxminarow, D. Souza.

Marur.

N. Subrao, Krishnaya, B. Venkataratnam, Madva Rao, Subaya, G. Manjunathaya, N. Manjunathaya, N. Subrao, M. Parameshwara, B. Annappaya, L. Bhavanirao.

Kandapur.

G. Mangeshaya, T. Manjunathaya, B. Manjunathaya, K. Krishnaya, T. Narayana, D. Narayana, B. Shenkaraya, Shakti, G. Manjunathaya, N. Ramappa, Venkat-ratnam, K. Subbarao, D. Subbarao, H. Manjunathaya and H. C. Machado.

Mantwal.

Mangeshaya, Annappaya, P. Subbarao, G. Krishnaya, U. Rama Rao, Venkataratnam, Ahmad Hazi, A. Raghavendra Rao, Senkappaya, N. Devappa.

Puttur.

B. Lakshmana Pai, Annappaya, S. Raghunathaya, S. Venkataratnam, B. Narappa, A. J. Raju, D. Lakshmi Narappa, B. Mangesh Rao, Mohanaya, C. Lakshmana Rao, B. Venkatrow, M. Rangappa, S. Narayana Rao.

CHINGLEPUT.**District Court.**

K. Krishna Row, Venkataratnam, Tistovallu Iyengar, Mr. H. Browne, K. Govinda Chari (Public Prosecutor), V. Varada Pantulu, M. Kuppusamy Naidoo, M. Varada Chariar, Syed Kiyasodda Sahib, P. T. Srinivasa Iyengar, P. Venkataratnam Naidoo, Syed Shamsuddeen Sahib, Durmanda Mudaliar, P. Tharukaruna Pillai, S. Sessa Chariar, Mr. W. M. Howatson, A. Ramesh Chariyar, T. S. Narasinga Row, Mr. E. W. Shaw, Mr. Henry S. Mathew Reneontre, T. N. Krishnada Chariyar, S. Appadurai Iyer, T. M. Govin-dasaniya, C. A. Varada Chariar, S. R. Ramakrishna, P. V. Subbarayalu Naidu, Mr. William Hickey, Pingala Soma Row, Sadhu Srinivasa Chariar, Tranquebar Venkataratnam Chetty, M. Y. Ramanuja Chariar, C. G. Venkatesh, T. C. Vathachella Mudaliar, W. Raghava Mudaliar, S. N. C. Nuroo Chariar Deochathur, R. Sivasankara Chariar, Chakravathy Ramanuja Chariar, Kulavai Appadurai Iyer, S. Teruvengata Chariar.

District Munsiff's Court.

Esor Shrinivasa Iyengar, K. Shreenivasa Iyengar, S. Krishnengar, Syed Abdulla Sahib, U. Kothandarama Naidoo, C. Vedachela Madaliar, M. Appala Chariar, P. Annasamy Iyer, K. Anantaramanier, G. Narayanaswamy Naidoo, Shreenivasa Row, Ramamija Ayangar, Ragava Madaliar, T. Arogiya Madaliar, C. N. Chokkalinga Madaliar, S. Srinivasa Chariar, M. Ramasami Madali, C. P. Ramiahagar, A. Venkata Chariar, Catancolat-toor Rajagopal Chariar.

Trivellore.

Shreenivasa Iyengar, Parthasarady Iyengar, Chinna Madaliar, Rama Iyer, T. Varada Pillai, Veerasamy Madaliar, Apudese Mahomed Apan Sahib, T. Chinnaasamy Madaliar, K. Jagannatha Naidoo, K. Ramaswamy Naidoo, Sheshadri Iyengar, Veyasa Row, Ramasamy Naidoo, Aroonachella Pillai, Narasimhooleo Naidoo, K. Varada Pillai, Sheshadri Iyengar, Soondara Madaliar, Bashikar Ayangar, Venogopal Iyengar, Iyengar Pillai, Srinivasa Iyer, P. Alagasingum Naidoo, C. Venkataranga Chariar, Nulappa Ranga Chariar, P. S. Sastri Chariar, S. Subba Row, D. Bashyam Chetty, B.A., P. V. Ramahuja Chariar, Gayathie Krishnasami Iyah, C. Ramachandra Sastriar.

Poonamallee.

Venkatkrishna Pillai, T. Tiruvengada Pillai, P. Raghava Chariar, Kothandarama Pillai, P. Jagannatha Pillai, Subbapathi Madaliar, Syed Makkum Sahib, Soobramaniya Iyer, Subba Iyer, T. Srinivasa Chariar, Srinivasaswami Ayangar, N. M. Ragava Chariar, Merlyer Syed Abdul Kader Sahib, S. Bashyam Ayangar, Mr. R. D. P. Nicholas, (to plead on the Small Cause side only), C. Rajagopal Naidoo, Madura Selvia Chettiar, Annanga Nellore Krishnasami Iyer.

COIMBATORE.**District and Sessions Court.**

Venkatkrishna, Subramania Iyer, Mahomed Cudertullah Sali, Therumalier, Venkataramanier, M. Veerasubrah, Moses Gnanaburnam Pillai, V. Cuppusami, Sundrasastriar, Sunkara Soobhler, Vedanaigum Pillai, C. Streerunga Chariar, Cuppusawmy Sastriar, C. Venkataramanier, Mr. J. G. Hereford, Mr. W. McWilliams, Mahomed Hussain Sahib, C. Latchumi Narasimhal, Shaunagum Pillai, R. Kuppusami Iyengar, V. Subbasami Iyer, E. S. Appayadurai Iyer, Krishnama Chari, K. Dakshinamurthy Iyer, N. Ramaswami Iyer, M. R. Saminatha Iyer, S. Ramakrishna, C. Ranga Chariar, Mr. H. Tripp, N. Annaswamy Row, Mr. E. Sidney Smith, M. Soobhiah, E. S. Ramasathier, Theroovengadam Iyengar.

District Munsiff's Court, (Coimbatore.)

Puthilingam Pillai, Kristinier, Samier, Kanakasabai Pillai, Raja Gopala Naiker, Thummanier, S. Sathier, Iyengany Moodelly, A. Jagannada Pillai, Gopalaswamy Naidu, Venkataramanah, Venkataramanier, Streenevasiengar, Candaraswamy Moodelly, Ganapati Venkataramanier, G. Veeraswamy Pillai, Mr. H. Tripp, C. Kuppusami Iyer, T. Rangachariar, Veerasami Chetty, Latchiminarasiah, Latchuminarasimma Naik, Mahomed Assadulla Saib, K. Seshiengar.

Udamalpetai.

Latchuminarasimier, Latchuminarasimierengar, C. Kristinier, Vedamuni Pillai, Ramaswamy Pillai, Muniappa Pillai, Cooppaniengar, Narasimma Chariar, Cuppusamiah, Subramania Iyer, A. Venkatasubbiah, Veerasami, Sundrum Pillai, Selamier, Runga Row, Kristina Char, R. Subba Rao, K. A. Kristna Pillai, M. Anadulla Saib.

Erode.

Gopalier, Ramasamier, Venkataramanier, Vytheliugiar, Soobharamier, Sabapathy Pillai, Latchuminarasimier, Venkatagerry Iyer, Venkataramanier, Teruvumhalani Pillai, Govindier, C. Chandra Sekhara Pillai, Rama Sastri, Erode Samier, Viswanathier, C. Krishnier, Tiruvengadam Iyengar, Gopalaswami Naidu, Cooppaniengar.

Karur.

Soondramier, Sathier, Latchuminarasimianul Naidu, Ragavier, C. Cuppusami, Chinna-swamy Pillai, Anantha Subbiah, Subharama Sastri, T. P. Idmanabiah, Tirumala Thatha Chari, Sreenivasengar, Azumchelliah, C. Krishnier, Venkataramier, C. S. Ramasamier, C. Venkata Row.

Collegal.

Subbarow, Latchuminarasier, Streenevasiengar, Venkataramiah, Gnanasamiab, Subbiah, Ramier, Konery Row, Venkataramanier and Venkataramanier.

CUDDAPAH.**District and Sessions Courts.**

C. Sabapathy Iyah (Barrister-at-Law and Advocate of the Madras High Court), N. Bash-lachari, A. Curniah, Mr. M. W. Elliot (Public Prosecutor), N. G. Gopala Iyer, B.A., B. Thathachari, T. Venkata Row, V. Terumala Row*, S. Streenevas Chari, R. Sreenivasa Row.

* Not practising.

District Munsiff's Courts.**Cuddapah.**

A. Anniah, M. Goorooravaz, N. Sheshiah, K. Soorappa, K. Soobha Row*, V. Soobhannah, K. Venkata Subbiah, S. Veerasami Iyer, S. Coopoorow and Y. Nagaya.

Voilgaud.

N. Aroonachellamiah, G. Annaji Row, V. Raghavendra Row, R. Ramiah, M. Singarachari, R. Sathiah, K. Viswathathi Row, G. Veerasamiah, L. Venkata Subbiah, K. Venkataramasappah.

Budwail.

V. Balakrishnaiah, C. Narasaramiah, M. Narasimha Row, K. Venkata Ramiah, M. Venkat Row, C. Venkataramiah, M. Venkatakrishnaiah Row and E. Sama Row.

Mundaloro.

A. Kristiniah, N. Moortya, K. Srinivasa Row, A. Subba Row, J. Venkatasubbiah, C. Anantha Chariar.

Prodatoor.

A. Appanachari, A. Ramachari, N. Seethiah, C. Soondrachari, G. Sreenivasa Row, C. Rangachari, B. Venkatachari, K. Venkata Row, T. Venkata Rangachari, V. Venkatachari, D. Sathya Row, C. Seshia, K. Seshia, A. Venkata Row.

Kadiri.

S. Dadvaderam, T. Kristiniah, S. Kristnamachari*, J. Kristna Row, Venkataramanappa K. Vasanta Reddy, K. Viswanath Row.

GODAVERY.**District and Sessions Court.**

Saripalli Gopalakrishnamma, Aduri Buchi, Venkappa, Kanukolanu Lakshminarayana, Tsallapalli Hanumanulu, Elhara Sahib, Mahammad Ali Sahib, Gulam Ali Khan Sahib, Kommu Ramalingasastri, Challaipalli Bapayya, Vepa Lakshminarasimham*, K. Venkataratnam Naidu*, Mr. J. E. Anderson, C. Yeganna Sastri (Vakil), C. Sitaramayya, D. Kesavaramaswami*, Saminemi Seshachellam Naidoo*, Mr. Donald Miller (Attorney), Nrapati Subbarow Pantulu, B.A. and B.L., (Acting Government Vakil), Mr. M. D'Rozario, Potapragada Sricamula Krutiventi Perazai*, Nori Bhimanna, Madireddi Viraswami Naidu, Nanduri Ramachendrudu and Challaipalli Ramabrahmam, Velagati Lakshminikantam.

Subordinate Court, Cocanada.

Kakerla Venkat Narasimham, Balijepalli, Sankarasastri, Uzzarapu Umavari, Somina Venkaya, Kasturi Narayanaamurti, Tatavarti Seshayya, Gundam Venkataswami, Chitrapu Rajagopal Rao*, Serapally Subbasiva Rao*.

District Munsiff's Court, Rajahmundry.

Tatavarti Lingayya, Balijepalli Ramakrishnamma, Kotikakota Sircamulu, Manchalla Ramaswami*, Kotapalli Subhakadi alias Subbarayade, Chintapenta Venna, Dharanipragada Venkata Narasimham, Mantapragada Ramakoti, Govindarazulu Bha Sesa Rao, Hota Poda Vitabhadrayya, Nepalhi Ramabrahmam*, Jammalamadaka Subbarayudu*, Nagavarapu Ramamurti, Venuuri Venkatachalam, Lal Mahomed Sahib, Pasumarri Purnayya, Raitapalli Sircamulu, Somanchi Surayya, Damaraju Nagaraju, Yuppuluri Gangaraju, Azeezuddin, Gundavarapu Rama Murti, Neti Venkatasayajulu, Kaipa Palliya Sastri, Hota Subbarayudu, Mr. E. C. C. Ward.

District Munsiff's Court, Cocanada.

Kakarla Kanakarazu, Mahakutla Bapanna, Sattirazu Venkatramayya, Mamidala Jagannadha Rao, Vadreyu Jogayya, Valluri Sreerangasastri, Mullapudi Venkayya, Nadakuditi Seshachellam, Chitrapu Madhava Rao, Kunduri Murthirazu, Patri Srinivasulu Rao, Mahakutla Senayajulu, Jammalamadaka Subbarayuduguru, Kondepudi Kamarazagun and Hota Krishnaswamygar, additional.

Peddapore.

Venuganti Venkataramanarow Pantulu, Gadepalli Sangameswara Sastriaru, Machirazu Adinarayanappa, Panangipalli Jayaramanna, Puranam Venkatacharyulu, Vadreyu Ramanna, Potapragada Atchutaramaya, Pullabolla Bachayya, Venu Matanna, Virriyala Atchutaramaya, Subnivisu Srinivasarao Pantulu, Yuppuluri Lakshminarayana, Jayanti Virabhadrayya, Jayanti Gavarayya, Kuchimanchi Ramayya, Nittala Venkataramayya, Attala Linarazu, Imani Lingayya*, Ibrahim Shah Sahib, Chalakalapudi Venkatramayya, Garimella Nilayya Sastri, and Punganamala Ramachendrarow.

Nursapore.

Joshulu Sitaramaswami, Kandimalla Gopalakrishnamma, Kakarlammudi Subbarayadu, Kasaralada Gopalaram, Tatanki Venkataramangadu, Kuntumuri Nagabhooshanum, Tatavarti Ramachendrayya, Vangala Narasimhacharyulu, Achanta Narayanamurti, Bhattiprolu Venkatkrustarow, Kuchewanchy Venkatratnum, Josula Venkatanursiah, Sripati Gopal Row, Andagalapady Raghavarow, Erramille Venkatratnum, Mamillapalli Venkatanursincharlu, Potarazu Sitaramayya, Somunchi Gomanahawarudu, Auchunta Subbaroydu and Pratapa Subbaroydu.

Amalapore.

Idarapalli Venkatkrustnama, Machirazu Kutumbarayudu, Madireddi Nagesalingam, Ayyagiri Ramabhadradu, Maddali Venkatadri, Poduri Virraza, Valluri Konstabhushah.

* Not practising.

rau, Lolla Balakrinasastri, Kuchimanchi Parkasem, Kuchimanchi Bhavanisankaran, Yerramilli Subbarayudu, Akella Lakshminarayana Sastru, Vadlamani Lakshminarasimham, Peri Vissaya, Peri Narasimham, Mullapudi Kamaraju, Karra Jogaya, Ganti Ramachandrudu, Borra Venkataswamy, Gante Gopalakrishnamma, Kandamapati Subrahmanya Sastru, Peyyala Subba Rao, Mantha Surya Prakasam, Kurucheti Ramabrahmam and Iyyanki Venkata Ramanayya.

TANCU.

Panyamurtula Krishnamrao, Pinnaganti Narasimha Rao, Sarampudy Ramamurthy, Mulla-pudy Brahmaya, Krovvali Gannaya, Bhatapennurthi Subbarayudu, Vankamamidi Pul-layya, Chetapalli Venkanna, Mantravada Subbanadi Sastru, Arripala Brahmajee Rao, Gandikota Somayajulu, Mubakutla Somayajulu, Parimi Subbarow Naidu, Daddipati Venkatapattam, Nanduri Gopalachari, Koppaka Venkatramayya, Kunkolam Laksh-minnarayana, Saripalli Sambasivarow, Vamaraju Subbarayudu and Jeyala Ditchatulu.

TILLORE.

Kotaru Muttana, Pelluri Lakshminarasimham, Damuraju Venkatramayya, Rayapati Ven-katramayya, Attaluri Kotilugam, Turilapati Saschachellum, Eteswarapu Kalchepeswarasastri, Damuraju Lakshminarayana, Mahomed Sheriff Sahib, Pelluri Lakshmi Narasimham, Kotaru Rajanna, Kamarazugadla Subbarayudu, Chellapalli Ramayya, Munshi Mahomed Abdul Gaffoor Sahib, Tandirasa Venkata Neelayya and Vangala Veera Raghavachari.

MASULIPATAM.**District and Sessions Court.**

Singaraju Venkata Subbarayudu, B.L.* Toleti Purushottamayya, Vankamamidi Venkat-ramayya, Krutiventi Lakshminarayana, Kopalli Kotayya, Varanasi Suryanarayana, Rudrarapu Hanumantha Rao, Keitiventhi Perrazu, Yellapelli Janakiramayya, Kon-damudi Subbagirath, (practising at Nellore), Yamaarty Bellaya, Polam Razu Venkata Nar-simha Rao, Vetsa Venkata Ramamurthy, Mr. G. A. S. Galloway, V. Lakshminarasimham, Ch. Seshachellam, J. V. Subbarayudu, K. Krishna Rao, Syed Mohamud Ismael Sahib, K. Venkataratham Naidu, Saripalli Gopalakrishnamma, (practising at Rajahmundry), D. Kesava Ramaswamy, (practising at Cocanada), Mannava Krishnayya, (practising at Bapatla), Ch. Zegganua Sastri, (practising at Rajahmundry), and V. Venkatesh's Sarva-tomukha Yazulu.

NELLORE.**District Court.**

A. Venkayya, T. Lakshminarasu, Abdul Auda Sahib, K. Ragavachari, (Govt. Vakeel), K. Seshagiri Rao, J. Iyaparau, El. Ramaswamy Mudali, (Public Prosecutor), E. Venkatam-naya, (not practising in this Court), T. Narayanaswamy Chetty, B.A., Y. Ramiah, S. Seshad-retty, (not practising in this Court), P. Lakshminarasu and Kopparapu Rama Rao.

MADURA.**District and Sessions Court.**

Barristers-at-law.—Mr. R. Fischer, Mr. R. Thomson, Mr. A. E. Polo, Mr. J. Polo. *Attorney of H.C., Mr. C. Hayes.* *High Court Vakeels.*—S. Subramania Aiyar, V. Subramania Aiyar, R. Ramasubbaiyer, R. Venkatesa Aiyar, A. Narayanaswamy Aiyar, C. Desika Chary. *District Court Vakeels.*—Saminada Pillai, Muthusamy Aiyar, M. Venkatasubramanyam, Alagharisami Naik, Nagalingam Pillay, Syed Ghalam Ali Sahib, K. Dorasamy Aiyar, R. Srinivasa Aiyar, nar, Narasimham Aiyar, Ramasamy Sastry, Gurusamy Sastry, N. Subramania Aiyar, Vasudera Sastry, Valindalaiyer, Narayana Rao, Subramanyar, Anantaramanyar, Sen-Vasudera Sastry, Valindalaiyer, Venkatasubbaiyer, Mr. T. M. Scott, Mr. J. French, Asir-dram Aiyar, S. Valindalaiyer, Venkatasubbaiyer, Venkatasubbaiyer, Annaswamy Aiyar, R. Venkatesa-vadham Pillay, Nilakanta Sastry, Annaswamy Aiyar, S. Ramasubbaiyer, Alaga-maiyer, E. Mattasamy Aiyar, L. Subbaiyer, Nagama Naik, S. Ramasubbaiyer, Alaga-maiyer, L. Narasimham Chary, Mr. H. S. Hickey, Mr. C. H. D'Souza, S. Kesavaiyer, T. H. Seshaiyer, R. Subbaiyer, V. Kalingambai Pillay, N. Subhasamy Aiyar, Thirumalachari and Syed Tejadin Sahib.

MALABAR, NORTH.**District and Session and Subordinate Judges' Courts.**

Ellapally Gramam Rama Iyer (Government Vakeel), Koroth Ramsony, Kottiah Ramen Menon, Naranappurath Krishnan Nair, Rahamathullah, Kandath Krishnan Nair, Mr. J. Leonard Rosario, B.A. and B.L., Mr. J. P. Pereira, Addimariyana Aiyar, Sundaranyar, Manikoth Kellu Nambiar, Kathambelli Govinden Nambiar, Koroth Ramen, Mr. A. F. LeMerle, O. Kempan Nair, P. Komar Menon and Kiyana Imbichannu Nair.

SALEM.**District and Sessions Court.**

Appaswamy Pillay, Conaree Pandit, A. Dasasayagam Pillay (Government Pleader), C. Runge Rao, T. Venkatagiri Iyer, Mr. John Middleton, Mr. H. I. Gomes, Mahomed Mynoo-deen Sahib, Menachi Soondaram Pillay, Mr. J. Shrivies, Coopcooswamy Iyer, Krishnasw-my Iyer, Soobrayar, * Mahomed Pazulullah Sahib, * Mr. H. Browne, * B. Krishnair, A. Kup-piah, * O. Rajagopal Mudaliar, * S. Ragavengar, * V. Venkata Chariu, * B. Venkatesaiyer, E. Athmanatha Sastri and M. R. Saminathier.

TANJORE, SOUTH.**District and Sessions Court.**

N. Subramania Aiyar, B.A., K. Srinivasaiyengar, R. Mahadeva Rao, Abibulla Sahib,

* Not practising.

† Under suspension.

P. Sundramier, C. Ethiraja Pillai, R. Krishnasami Aiyengar, B.L., Govinda Rao, A. Nallampattu Pillai, Vasudera Sastru, M. Seshaiengar, C. Seshaiyengar, Seshaiyah, R. Supramier, M. Tiruvengatcharey, Mr. G. T. Oliver, C. S. Panchandalar, J. Sun-derappier, M. Padmanaba Mudaliar, A. Krishnair, V. R. Narayanasami Naidoo, M. Devendram Aier, S. Venkataramier, P. C. Krishnasami Aier, K. S. Krishnasami Aier, Puland Krishna Menon, Darasami Iyengar, Savundra Rajaiengar, R. Rangasami Naidu and Kuppusami Aier.

TINNEVELLY.**District and Sessions Court.**

A. K. Green, Esq. (Barrister-at-Law), Nellothumara Pillai, Syed Mahomed Ghose Sahib, Nagalingam Pillai, Vadivalagiamamba Pillai, Mutasami Iyer, A. Krishnasami Iyer, K. An-swasamy Iyer, Syed Abdul Rihman Sahib, T. N. Perumayyagum Pillai, M. Pondurunga-Ran, A. Sitarana Iyer, B.A. (Public Prosecutor), Krishna Iyengar, G. P. Saravandarayagam Pillai, B.A., B.L., (High Court Vakeel), M. R. Ramakrishnair, B.A., and B.L., V. Ramachandra Iyer, B.A., B.L., (High Court Vakeel), M. Appadurai Iyer, B.A., and B.L., S. Appasamy Pillay, Muthusamy Pillay, Kyalasani Pillay, Subbaswamy Iyer, S. Vythlinga Iyer, A. Srinivasa Aiyengar, Syed Irtizva Ali Sahib, Narayana Rao, Dala Srinivasa, (Barrister-at-Law), Narayanasami Iyer, B.A., B.L., (High Court Vakeel), Narasima Iyer, B.A., B.L., (High Court Vakeel), Mr. Thompson, (Barrister-at-law) and N. Kuppusamy Iyer.

Subordinate Judge's Court, Tinnevely.

Deivanayagum Pillai, Soondriappier, Kanthimathinatha Pillay, Permayayagam Pillay, Ragaswamy Iyer, Sunkaralingam Pillay, Syed Mahomed, Niyami Tullah Sahib. The above practice on the Small Cause side of the Subordinate Court, Tinnevely.

Munsif's Court, Tinnevely.

Chockalingum Pillai, Sunkaralingum Pillai, Namasiyayam Pillai, Syed Neemasathulla Sahib, T. Subramania Pillai, Swaminada Pillai, Renga Iyer, Arumugam Pillai, Ranga-swami Iyer, Subbarayasubba Iyer, K. Subramania Pillai, Swaminada Iyer, Venket Rao, Sravanaperumal Pillai, Thiru Ramaswami Mudali, Permayayagam Pillai, Venkatarana Iyer, Anantha Rama Iyer, Visvanatha Pillai, Vycentharana Pillai, Coopcoosamy Iyengar, K. Soobha Rao, Pethanayagam Pillay, Sivaramier, Kaminadinada Pillay and Syed Ma-homud Mustafa Sahib.

Strivilliguttur.

Subbaraya Pillai, Vedamdayappa Pillai, Satha Iyengar, Minatchisundaram Iyer, Subramania Sastry, Sonaji Iyer, Vengaraswami Iyengar, Sundararaja Iyengar, Shun-nuzam Pillai, Ramasetha Sastry, Narayana Iyer, Sundam Iyer, T. A. Narayanaswamy Sastry, T. M. Ramier, V. Soobha Rao, Sundaragaramier, Krishnaswamy Iyer, Chidambaram Pillay, Sree Veeraragava Thattachari, Veeraswamy Chetty, Veeraragava Perumal Iyer, Gopaliengar, S. Venkatarana Iyer, Samunda Pillai, Pichumani Iyer and T. Gopaliah.

Ambasamudram.

Sonaji Iyer, Vela Buhminada Pillai, Avathanivenkatasubba Iyer, Subba Iyer, Alaga-sundaram Pillai, Pakiam Pillai, Iyemperumal Pillai, M. Krishnaswami Iyer, Annathad Iyer, Subramania Iyer, Venkatesa Pillai, Krishna Dias, Ramakrishna Iyer, V. Swami-nada Sastry, Darmaraja Iyer, Veeravagoo Pillai, and Swaminakrishnair.

Striviguntam.

Subramania Pillai, T. A. Veda Vyasa Chariar, Hariharapetro Pillai, Sanharavadiyela Pillai, Subba Iyer, Anubhichappa Pillai, Rama Iyer, Vedamdayagam Pillai, Rengaswami Naidu, Thiravada Iyer, Parthasarathi Iyengar, Subbiah Mudaliar, Ramasubbier, Kasinada Pillai, Sambasiva Jester, T. N. Permayayagam Pillay, Saminatha Pillai, Peria Tiruvadi Pillai and K. Subbarayer.

Tuticorin.

Gopda Pillai, Alwarappa Pillai, Muthuswami Iyer, Soondamier, Anantha Chariar, Samunda Pillai, Sankaravelayudu Madalar, Kallapiran Pillai, M. Ramaswamy Mudaliar, Syed Azamuddin Sahib, Arumugam Pillai, Alaghammbia Pillai, Alagharicgar, Narayana-swamy Iyer, Gopaula Rajah, Audi Ayengar, Gopaulier, G. Ramasamy Iyer, Soondriappier, Sankaravagum Pillay and Mahomed Azamuddin Sahib.

TIRUCHINOPOLY.

J. Arivanadam Pillai, B.L., P. Subbiah, K. Subbiah, Soobharasa Sastry, Mahadeva Rao, * K. Ramachary, Suptharishi Sastry, Panchamthier, K. Singara Iyengar, Mahomed Esat Sahib, Lutchiminasami Iyal, N. Subramanya Iyer, B.A., P. Subbaiyer, B.A., S. Moses Pillai, * S. Srinagachari, * C. P. Latchumimathai Naidu (Barrister-at-law), Mr. G. A. Sathiyar, M. Srinivasa Rao, T. V. Coopcooswamy Iyer, R. Coopcoosamy Ayengar, T. Sundaram Aier, * S. Raghava Aiyengar, S. P. Subba Rao, * C. C. Ramaswami Aiyar, T. Pat-tabram Pillai, * S. Subbaiyer, * L. Krishnengar, * J. P. Srinivasulu Naidu, * N. G. Gopal-iyer, B.A., * R. Soondaram Iyer, * Syed Tajuddin Sahib, Narasingam Iyengar, * K. Dakshinamurthi Aiyar, * V. Vagun Aiyar, * E. Muthusami Aiyar, * T. Krishnamo Chari, * S. R. Krishnamachari, * V. Appigami Rao.

* (Not practising.)

VIZAGAPATAM.

District and Sessions Courts.

P Venkateswarama Naidu, Esq., (of Lincoln's Inn, Barrister-at-Law), P E Sice, Esq., (Acting District Munsiff Bimilipatam), L Lakshminji Pandit, D J Subbarayudu Pantulu, M Kodandaram Pantulu, V L Narasimham Pantulu, Mr P J Fox, V Sayanna Sastry, P Subbaraya Sastry, R L Narasimhulu Pantulu, V Venkayya Pantulu, B Ramodhaji Pantulu, E Venkataramayya Pantulu, B Gopalarayudu Pantulu, P Seshagiri Row Pantulu, V Krishnamurti Pantulu, B.A., S. Ramakrishna Ayya Pantulu, M Lakshminipati Pantulu, Mr. F G M Pascal, A Appayya Shastry.

TAHSILDARS.

Districts and Taluqs.	Head Quarters.	Tahsildars.	Pay.
			Rs.
ARCOT, NORTH.			
Chittoor	Chittoor	C. Srinivasa Mudali	175
Chandraghiri	Chandraghiri	V. Bhaskara Chari	150
Palmansir	Palmansir	S. Raghava Chari	150
Vellore	Vellore	K. Prakasa Naidu	175
Wallajahpet	Wallajahpet	V. Srinivasa Chari	250
Gudiatum	Gudiatum	N. Nanniah Chetty	115
Arco	Arco	C. Varada Rajulu Reddy	225
Polar	Polar	C. Ginnaji Rao	150
Wandavash	Wandavash	C. Venkatasubbayya	230
ARCOT, SOUTH.			
Tindivanam	Tindivanam	Mr. F. Dique	225
Villapuram	Villapuram	H. Venkoba Sub protam	250
Chikambaram	Chikambaram	S. Venkatasubbayya	150
Trinamalai	Trinamalai	Ghulam Kadir Sahib	200
Vidachellum	Vidachellum	C. Srinivasa Iyengar	200
Tricalore	Tricalore	T. Madrachellam Pillay	175
Kallakurichi	Kallakurichi	C. Venkata Ramayya	225
Cuddalore	Cuddalore		
BELLARY.			
Bellary	Bellary	Mr. J. G. Firth	225
Hospett	Hospett	A. Akimundam Mudali	175
Pennakonda	Pennakonda	S. Raghavendra Rao	150
Goety	Goety	B. Narasimha Chari	200
Tadpatri	Tadpatri	K. Narasimha Rao, under suspension	250
Anantapur	Anantapur	E. Seshagiri Rao, Acting	175
Hindipur	Hindipur	K. Seshagiri Rao, on dep.	175
Huvinahadgalli	Huvinahadgalli	P. Pomppathri Rao, Acting	150
Kudli	Kudli	D. Chinna Reddi, on dep.	150
Harpenbally	Harpenbally	A. D. Krishna Rao, Acting	175
Alur	Alur	R. Triyambaka Rao	150
Adoni	Adoni	S. Appu Rao	150
Raidroog	Raidroog	K. Venkoba Rao	175
Darnavaram	Darnavaram	P. Nursimooloo Naidoo	200
Madaksira	Madaksira	C. Raghava Rao	175
		P. Annaji Rao	200
		A. Kasava Rao, under suspension	110
		R. Gorinda Rao, Acting	150
		P. Pomppathri Rao, on dep.	150
		D. Chinna Reddi, Acting	150
CANARA, SOUTH.			
Mangalore	Mangalore	J. L. Saldanha	200
Kassergode	Kassergode	Kabad Rama Rao	225
Uppanagadi	Uppanagadi	Mr. J. M. Coelho	175
Udipi	Udipi	N. Brito	225
Kondapur	Kondapur	K. Ganappayya	150
CHINGLEPUT.			
Madurantakum	Madurantakum	N. Krishna Aiyengar	225
Conjeveram	Conjeveram	P. Sathapathy Naidu	200
Saidapet	Saidapet	S. Srinivasa Rao	175
Tervellere	Tervellere	P. Ramaswami Aiyar	175
Chingleput	Chingleput	C. Raja Shastri, B.A.	150
Ponnary	Ponnary	P. Chidambara Rao	150
COIMBATORE.			
Erode	Erode	M. R. Venkataramanah	225
Coimbatore	Coimbatore	N. Srinivasa Rao, on dep.	200
		V. Mathia Sathapathy Mudali, sub-protam	200

Districts and Taluqs.	Head Quarters.	Tahsildars.	Pay.
			Rs.
Sattayamangalam	Sattayamangalam	Sooloor Sooblah	200
Palladam	Palladam	C. Seetharamiah	225
Poochay	Poochay	W. S. Parthasarathi Mudali	175
Bhowany	Bhowany	T. Rameshendra Rao	150
Darapooram	Darapooram	C. Venkatasubbayya	200
Odumalputta	Odumalputta	K. Venkatasubbayya	175
Caroor	Caroor	M. Muthukrishna Mudali	175
Collegal	Collegal	Venatas Iyengar	150
CUDDAPAH.			
Badvalli	Badvalli	D. V. Tiruvengada Chari	150
Pulivandala	Pulivandala	N. Krishna Rao	175
Siddhavattam	Siddhavattam	Angara Ramiah	150
Pallumpett	Pallumpett	Varanasi Venkoba Rao	200
Cuddapah	Cuddapah	R. Nagesa Rao	225
Royachote	Royachote	M. Raghavendra Rao	175
Khadi	Khadi	B. Dhond Rao	175
Vollpud	Vollpud	N. Ramana Rao	175
Madanapalli	Madanapalli	T. Rama Rao	175
Jummalnadgo	Jummalnadgo	Pular Subba Rao	200
Proddatur	Proddatur	B. Tirumala Rao	175
GANJAM.			
Chitacole	Chitacole	P. Jagannatha Rao, Naidu	175
Gumaur	Gumaur	B. Narasimhaswami Pantulu	150
Berhampore	Berhampore	N. Narayana Murthi Pantulu	200
GODAVERY.			
Rajahmundry	Rajahmundry	V. Venkayya Nayadu	175
Amalapuram	Amalapuram	R. Mangayya	200
Ramachendrapur	Ramachendrapur	Saiyad Ali Sahib	250
Ellore	Ellore	V. Subba Rao	175
Narsapur	Narsapur	S. Nanniah Mudali	225
Peddapuram	Peddapuram	A. Sundara Raj (under suspension)	150
Yernagudem	Yernagudem	N. Ferraz, Acting	120
Tanaku	Tanaku	D. Venkatasubbayya Rao Pantulu	150
Bhuvanagiri	Bhuvanagiri	A. Narasimha Rao	200
Bladachalam	Bladachalam	K. Venkata Narasimha	175
		S. Madhava Rao Nayadu	150
KISTNA.			
Repalli	Repalli	K. Venkatachalam Pantulu	200
Bandur	Bandur	Mr. J. Cresswell	175
Repalli	Repalli	R. Nagabhusan Naidu	225
Guntoor	Guntoor	K. Panchabhattam Pantulu	225
Bezwada	Bezwada	C. Venkateshchellam Pantulu	150
Nandigam	Nandigam	K. Ananda Rao Pantulu	150
Narsimhapeta	Narsimhapeta	V. Lakshminarayana Pantulu	200
Attampally	Attampally	K. Srinivasa	175
Pahar	Pahar	L. Venkata Krishna	200
Vinnacodah	Vinnacodah	K. Srinivasa, on dep.	150
Gudavada	Gudavada	P. Purushottam, Acting	200
		V. Ramana Pantulu	200
KURNOOL.			
Strwell	Strwell	K. Narasimham Nayadu	150
Nandicoth	Nandicoth	B. Subba Rao	175
Kolluntla	Kolluntla	Jaggurupady Venkatasubbiah	225
Madakottah	Madakottah	K. Seshagiri Rao	200
Markapur	Markapur	D. Srinivasa Rao	150
Nundal	Nundal	K. Krishna Rao	200
Cambum	Cambum	K. Satharayudu	150
Pattikondah	Pattikondah	C. Gura Rao	175
MADRAS.			
Madras	Madras	C. Ramayya	150
MADRASA.			
Telomangalam	Telomangalam	R. Anantaramier, B.A.	200
Madura	Madura	V. Parthasarathy Iyengar	225
Meer	Meer	C. Krishna Rao	175
Dindigul	Dindigul	V. Muthuram, B.A., on leave	200
		Devarganjur, Acting	..

Districts and Divisions.	Head Quarters.	Tahsildars.	Pay.
			RS.
Peracolum.	Peracolum.	M. Irulappa Pillai, on leave.	150
		S. Sundaram Aiyar, Acting.	150
Palay.	Palay.	K. Krishna Rao, on dep.	150
		T. Madhava Rao, Acting.	150
MALABAR.			
Calicut.	Chevayar.	T. Kunhamba, on dep.	175
		J. H. Gwynne, Acting.	175
Palghat.	Palghat.	N. Venkatapathy Naidu.	190
Cochin.	Cochin.	Mr. M. A. Pictet.	150
Cheral.	Cheral.	K. Amanath.	175
Ponany.	Ponany.	K. Sankar Menon.	225
Poyoli.	Poyoli.	G. Ramana.	200
Kannur.	Kannur.	K. Ramunni.	200
Ernad.	Ernad.	K. Prdel Kurup.	200
Walamad.	Walamad.	Mr. B. M. P. Cruz.	200
Wynaad.	Wynaad.	A. Annaswamy Iyer.	175
Kattiyam.	Kottapattinam.		
NELLORE.			
Nellore.	Nellore.	V. T. Doraswamy Moodelliar.	225
Gudur.	Gudur.	C. Rama Rao.	200
Rapur.	Rapur.	P. K. Jagannadum Chetti, on dep.	150
		K. Krishna Rao, Acting.	150
Atmakur.	Atmakur.	M. Appayya.	175
Kavali.	Kavali.	S. Srinivasa Ramja Rao.	175
Udayagiri.	Udayagiri.	D. Venkata Rao.	150
Onole.	Onole.	A. Kasava Rao.	200
Kundakur.	Kundakur.	K. Bhaskara Chari, on sick leave for 6 months.	175
		P. K. Jagannadum Chetti, Acting.	175
		S. Subba Rao, Acting.	150
Kanigiri.	Kanigiri.		
SALEM.			
Salem.	Salem.	P. Viraswami Mudali.	250
Namakkal.	Namakkal.	S. Venkatasubramanian Mudali, B.A.	225
Athur.	Athur.	C. Ananta Ramaiyar.	200
Osur.	Osur.	K. V. Lakshmana Rao.	175
Darnapary.	Darnapary.	S. Tiruvengada Chari, Ag.	200
Triptoor.	Triptoor.	C. Subba Rao, on leave.	175
		A. S. Prabhakaram Pillai, Acting.	150
Krishnagiri.	Krishnagiri.	C. Kuppalay.	225
Trichengode.	Trichengode.	V. Ramalingam.	150
Uttengiri.	Uttengiri.	A. Prabhakaram Pillai.	100
		C. Venkatasubramanian, Acting.	
TANJORE.			
Tanjore.	Tanjore.	M. Sami Rao.	250
Narasapattam.	Narasapattam.	R. C. Narayanaswami Nayadu.	250
Numbalur.	Numbalur.	Vaidyanathan Aiyar.	250
Cumbakonam.	Cumbakonam.	Aiyasami Sastri.	225
Mayavaram.	Mayavaram.	C. Sankaran Pillai.	225
Thiruvannamalai.	Thiruvannamalai.	Murugesam Pillai.	150
Shenai.	Shenai.	Rhenius Pillai.	175
Puttukottai.	Puttukottai.	Devanagayam Pillai.	250
Mahaargudi.	Mahaargudi.	A. Sami Aiyar.	
TINNEVELLY.			
Ambasamudram.	Ambasamudram.	C. Apandamarayana Aiyar.	225
Theunkaray.	Theunkaray.	D. Narayanaswamy Moodelliar.	200
Nangunary.	Nangunary.	C. Vengal Pillai, on dep.	200
		M. Krishnalyar, Acting.	150
Ottapadam.	Ottapadam.	S. Seshagiri Rao.	150
Sattor.	Sattor.	Nagavaiyar.	200
Streeveliputtor.	Streeveliputtor.	T. Saravananthi Pillai (suspended).	175
Thenkay.	Thenkay.	V. Singam Aiyagar.	200
Sunkaramooli.	Sunkaramooli.	N. Streeveliputtor Iyengar.	225
Tinnevely.	Tinnevely.	G. V. Chinathambi Pillai.	
TRICHINOPOLY.			
Trichinopoly.	Trichinopoly.	R. Venkatakrisna Rao.	250
Kullitallay.	Kullitallay.	S. Ramachandra Rao.	225
Muzeri.	Muzeri.	R. Kandaswamy Pillai.	200
Woollyapollam.	Woollyapollam.	T. Muthukannarasami Pillai.	175
Perambalur.	Perambalur.	A. C. Daniel Pillai.	
VIZAGAPATAM.			
Golsanda.	Narasapattam.	P. Parayya.	150
Ervasiddi.	Vellananchelli.	M. B. Venkayya Pantulu.	150

SUB-MAGISTRATES.

Districts and Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
		RS.
ARCOT, NORTH.		
Teroorati Town.	A. Krishna Row.	70
Narayanaswami.	A. H. Jaya Row.	100
Kalastri.	V. Narayanaswami Mudaliar.	100
Madanpattinam.	H. Hanuman Singh.	70
Teroorati.	M. Balakrishna Rao.	100
Vellore.	Said Kadir Badshah Sahib.	70
Paranur.	C. Varadarajulu Naidu, B.A.	100
Kungundi.	V. Srinivasa Chari, B.A.	100
Venkatagirikottah.	W. Seshiah.	70
Arnee.	C. V. Mathava Rao.	70
ARCOT, SOUTH.		
Mannargudi.	Kaundar Bakh Sahib.	70
Tocanagberry.	A. Sreenivasa Row.	70
Vallur.	H. Venkoba Row.	70
Tatagudi.	N. Jeeyappa Iyengar.	70
Chengam.	P. Govindaraju Iyengar.	70
Trivady.	K. Lutchmanna Row.	70
Oobandepet.	P. Ramachari.	70
Miskannur.	Sreenivasa Row.	70
	M. Ramachandra Row.	70
BELLARY.		
Singur.	K. Vijayaragavooloo Naidu.	100
Ramanur.	P. Venkata Row.	70
Kannur.	S. Ramasubramanian Row.	70
Chiravandam.	H. Venkoba Row.	70
Venganoor.	S. Venkoba Row.	70
Kovilchery.	T. Sooba Row.	70
Kallandree.	A. Omerkhan.	70
Bakkapattinam.	K. Sama Row, Ag.	50
	D. Srinivasa Row.	70
CANARA, SOUTH.		
Mangalore.	Mavil Rama.	100
Nantur.	Mr. M. A. Siqueira.	70
Nelstwar.	G. Sooba Row.	70
Udupi.	D. Mahomed Ali Sahib.	70
Uppanagudi.	C. S. M. Alfred.	70
CHINGLEPUT.		
Coggeram.	T. Somasundara Mudali.	100
Strickland.	V. V. Rangachariar, B.A.	70
Satlavadu.	P. Sivaramiah.	70
Ponnamallam.	P. J. Jagannada Lala.	70
Uttaramerur.	A. K. Varadachari.	70
COIMBATORE.		
Coimbatore Town.	B. Vaidh Aiyar.	70
Mettapalli.	Said Russul Sahib.	70
Talavady.	K. Krishna Row.	70
Perindurai.	B. Ramakrishnaiah.	70
Avanasy.	K. Rishia Rao.	70
Kangayam.	G. Rameswami.	70
Aravacherry.	M. Seshachellu Naidu.	70
CUDDAPAH.		
Chidaval.	V. Lakshmasi Rao.	70
Cuddapah.	A. Srinivasa Chari.	100
Camalapur.	S. Narasinga Rao.	70
Pelala.	T. Srinivasa Rao.	70
GANJAM.		
Perakemedi.	K. Parayya.	100
Trevali.	P. Suryanarayana Pantulu.	100
Ichhapore.	C. V. Narasinga Rao Pantulu.	100
Purushottapur.	P. Suryanarayana Rao Pantulu.	100
Aska.	P. Murthi Rao Pantulu.	100
Narasapur.	G. Hanumayya Pantulu.	100
Golan.	G. Narasimha Row.	70
Son.	G. Jagannada Dasu.	70
Sura.	C. Prakasa Row Pantulu.	50
Erilap.	C. Srinivasa Row, Pantulu.	100
		70

Districts and Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
GODAVERY.		
Banschenrapuram.....	S. Narasimha	70
Amalapuram.....	K. Saranamayya Mudaliar	70
Narasapuram.....	P. Lakshmanarayana	70
Tanuku.....	K. Sanjiva Rao	100
Rajamahendravaram.....	T. Venkatarayanna	70
Padmapuram.....	S. L. Narasimharau	70
Ellore.....	V. Venkateswami Iyer	100
Yerragadda.....	M. Venkama	100
Cacana.....	K. Venkatasubba Rao	100
Pithapuram.....	K. Perera	100
Cacana Town.....	K. Raghavachari	70
Kottapetta.....	G. Duragaprada Rao	70
KISTNA.		
Vissuntrapatam.....	A. Narayana Rao	100
Nuzvid.....	A. Brahmanayya Pantulu	100
Tenali.....	G. Nageswami Rao	70
Ponnur.....	D. Narasimhan	70
Mungelgeri.....	V. Nagabhayana Row	70
Timurghode.....	M. Lakshminarayana Row	70
Kykalur.....	C. Pattabhinayaya	70
Aravindula.....	P. Narasimhulu Nayudu	70
Jugurupetta.....	V. Venkatarayanna	70
Guntur.....	P. Viraswami Naidu	100
Machilipatnam Town Magistrate		
KURNOOL.		
Peapally.....	T. Krishnamma Mudaliar	70
Kurnool.....	H. St. M. Kencentre	70
Atmakur.....	A. Kuppaswami Mudaliar	70
Cali.....	D. Subba Row	70
Omk.....	H. Heema Row	70
MALTAH.		
Tammasabondho.....	W. D. Rames	250
Udayagiri.....	Mirabul	150
Bananaigotta.....	Baidanayya Mudaliar	250
MADURA.		
Madura Town.....	V. Sundaia Pillai	100
Oodhupatty.....	C. Viswanada Row	70
Trichy.....	M. Sathavier	100
Madakavattur.....	V. Subbayya	70
Raman.....	Chirupada Mudali	100
Tiruvadanai.....	Sowrinamayana Iengar	70
Shervanur.....	T. Krishna Rao	100
Tirappattur.....	K. Narayana Iyer	100
Nelakottai.....	P. Thevarayya Iyer	70
Vedasandur.....	Pichayyer	70
Chinnamangudi.....	H. Muthuswami Aiyar	100
Kodakavil Hills.....	E. Doraisa Pillai	100
MALABAR.		
Channarayana.....	Appayya Pillai	100
Taliparamba.....	M. R. Kelappa	70
Kochi.....	S. Appathana Pathur	70
Quilandy.....	K. Govindan	70
Chattam.....	P. Gopal Menon	70
Tiruvananthapuram.....	A. Chathan	70
Cheruvu.....	K. Eaman	70
Cheruvu.....	P. S. Narayana Iyer	70
Cheruvu.....	K. Saminatha Aiyar	70
Alathur.....	P. Krishna Menon	125
Vythiri.....	J. H. Boyer	70
Arattur.....	P. Erosha Menon	70
Tangacherry.....	Mr. G. LaPorte	70
NEILGHERY.		
Chinnor.....	T. Montecary Pillai	70
NELLORE.		
Nellore Town.....	M. Parthasarathy Naidu	70
Aluru.....	M. Narasimha Rao	70
Adilanki.....	K. Appanna	100
Vengalacheri.....	V. Venkatarayanna	100
Palar.....	V. Venkata Narasimha Rao	100
Padali.....	Nandagire Venkata Sankarji Row	60
Darsi.....	A. Appayya, Acting	70
Kota.....	P. Narayana Row	70

Districts and Divisions.	Names.	Pay.
SALEM.		
Shervaroy Hills.....	Mr. C. H. MacBride	150
Salon Town.....	C. Manicka Moodelliar	90
Parangudi.....	V. Arumachellayar	70
Senkorey Droog.....	C. Venkateswami	70
Tharamangalam.....	H. Srinivasa Chariu	70
Vaniyambadi.....	S. Venkatarayana Iyer	70
Deakancotta.....	N. Gopinatha Iyer	70
Rasipur.....	C. Krishnaswamy Moodelliar	70
Ponnaguram.....	V. Venkataswami Nayadu	70
Harc.....	A. Ramaswami Iyer	70
TANJORE.		
Tanjore.....	K. Seshier	100
Vellur.....	Kallanayana Iyer	70
Combeconum.....	A. Rajaratnam Pillai	100
Aduthurai.....	Chinnasami Aiyar	70
Kodiyall.....	Vallaba Iyer	70
Negapattam.....	T. Narayanaswami	70
Trivalur.....	Narasimhulu Nayadu	100
Tranquebar.....	Narayanaswami Iyer	70
Vedaraniem.....	Mahomed Ali Hazari	70
Nedamangalam.....	P. Srinivasulu Naidu	70
Aruthangudi.....	Jaganna Pillai	70
Trivadi.....	I Raja Row	70
TINNEVELLY.		
Palamedu.....	Mathayya Pillai	100
Kalathur.....	Desai Chari	100
Villathur.....	Venkatarama Chari	70
Tuticorin.....	Parthasarathy Iyengar (On deputation)	100
Kator.....	Sankaraiyer, Acting	100
Viduthal.....	Koja Hussain Sahib	70
Wattay.....	S. Krishna Rao	70
Radapuram.....	A. P. Lakshmana Pillai	70
	R. M. Ambalavanna Pillai	70
TRICHINGOPOLY.		
Trichinopoly Town.....	T. Venkat Row	100
Ludgody.....	S. Ramachandra Row	100
Tortore.....	T. Ramaswami Iyengar	100
Manparay.....	S. Narayanaswami Naidu	70
Kilapalar.....	M. Sreenivasa Chariar	70
VIZAGAPATAM.		
Palcondah.....	D. Sreenivasa Row Pantulu	70
Ankapipli.....	B. Venkatarayana Nuru	70
Veeravilli.....	C. Vinaruz Pantulu	70
Vizagapatam.....	M. Jagannadua Row	100
Srinivasa Pantulu.....	O. Srinivasa Row Pantulu	100
Dimlipatam.....	V. Sivasankara Rao	100
Vizagapatam.....	C. Rayanayakulu Nayadu	100
Guzaratnagar.....	D. Janakiramswami Pantulu	100
Satur.....	K. P. Kamara	70
Bobbili.....	B. Ramaswami	100
Chirapipilli.....	H. Narayana Murthi	100
Parvathipur.....	K. V. Krishna Rao	70
Grampuz.....	H. Tirupati Raz	100
Paragaddu.....	V. Venkataswami Naidu	100
Kotapad.....	M. Prabhara	100
Mulkagheri.....	D. Jagann	100
Koray.....	G. Venkataratnam	100

HUZUR AND SUB-COLLECTORS' SERISHTADARS.

District.	Serishtadar.	Pay.
Arcoot, North.....	V. Sreenivasa Chari	250
Arcoot, South.....	M. Nanniah Satty	150
Belary.....	A. Krishnaswamy Iyer	250
Cannara, South.....	A. Kanagasabai Mudaliar	150
	V. Sivaramappa	250
	D. Krishna Row	150
	Venkappah Punjah	150

District.	Serishtadar.	Pay.
		Rs.
Chingleput.....	T. Ramachandra Rao, B.E.....	250
	C. V. Gopalachari, B.A.....	150
Coimbatore.....	N. Srinivasa Rao.....	250
	R. Soobroy Iyer.....	150
Cuddapah.....	K. Venkatasubrahmanyam.....	250
	R. Teperuma Chetty.....	150
Ganjam.....	W. Venkatappayya.....	250
	J. Venkatarani.....	150
Godavery.....	P. Pundarikakshudu.....	250
	D. Veerabhadrayya, Acting.....	150
Kistna.....	T. Ragavachariyulu.....	250
	P. Javahararam Puntulu.....	150
Kurnool.....	C. Seshamudra Sastry.....	250
	M. Indappa Pillai, Acting.....	150
Madras.....	L. A. Sanyal Iyer.....	250
	T. Raghunatha.....	150
Malabar.....	P. Ramu Aiyar.....	200
	T. G. Davis.....	150
Neelgherry.....	V. T. Doraswami Mudr., Acting.....	250
	A. Venkata Subba Rao, Acting.....	150
Nellore.....	David Paul Pillay.....	250
	C. Baboo Moodelkar.....	150
Salem.....	Gopala Krishna Pillay.....	250
	Devanarayana Pillay.....	150
Tanjore.....	P. Veeraraghavulu.....	250
	M. Krishnan, Acting.....	150
Tinnevely.....	T. Puttabhatram Pillay.....	250
	D. Jagannatha Rao, Puntulu.....	150
Trichinopoly.....	D. Srinivasa Rao Puntulu.....	150
Vizagapatam.....		120

Rules providing for the qualification and admission of persons to be admitted Advocates, Vakeels and Attorneys-at-Law of the High Court of Judicature at Madras.

Advocates.—1. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by any of the following Rules, shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled an Advocate of the High Court at Madras.

2. Any person called to the degree of Barrister-at-law in England or Ireland or being a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

3. The degree of Masters of Laws of the University of Madras and a certificate of having subsequently to the attaining of such degree, studied for eighteen months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, while regularly practising in the said Court, as also of good character and conduct; such certificate to be signed by the Advocate with whom the applicant shall have studied.

4. Any person being an Advocate duly admitted and on the roll of Advocates of the High Court at Calcutta or Bombay, and producing the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment, together with a certificate of character or letter of recommendation from a Judge of the High Court of which the applicant is an Advocate, or from the Advocate General of the same Presidency.

Vakeels.—5. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by any of the following Rules, shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled a Vakeel of the High Court; but subject in the case of an applicant under the second rule, to his passing such an examination in matters of practice as the Court may prescribe: Provided that it shall be necessary in every case to give two months' notice of the intended application for admission by publication in the Gazette, and by affixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court House.

6. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Madras and certificate of having subsequently to the attaining of such degree, studied for six months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, or a Vakeel entitled as such to practice on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court; and for a further period of six months in the office of an Attorney of the said Court; or certificate of having studied for twelve months either with an Advocate, or Vakeel entitled to practice as aforesaid, or in the office of an Attorney while the said Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney was regularly practising in the said Court, as also in either case a certificate of good character and conduct. Such certificate or certificates to be signed by the Advocate, Vakeel and Attorney with whom or in whose office the applicant shall have studied.

7. Any person producing the proper certificate or certificates of his having kept six terms, at one of the Inns of Court in London, and of regular attendance on the course of Law lectures whilst keeping such terms, as also of his having passed one of the examinations

provided for students; together with a certificate of subsequent study for nine months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, or a Vakeel entitled as such to practice on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court, or in the office of an Attorney of the said Court, while the said Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney was regularly practising in the said Court, and of good character and conduct: such last-mentioned certificate to be signed by the Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney with whom, or in whose office the applicant shall have studied.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—8. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by any of the following Rules, shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled an Attorney-at-Law of the High Court at Madras; but subject in the case of an applicant for admission under Rules 10, 11, and 14, to his passing such examination as to his professional competency as the High Court shall direct: Provided that it shall be necessary in every case to give two months' notice of the intended application for admission, by publication in the Gazette and by fixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court House.

9. Admission and enrolment as an Attorney or Solicitor in one of Her Majesty's Courts at Westminster or Dublin with the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment; as also a certificate of good character and ability signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship in England or Ireland.

10. Matriculation at any of the Indian Universities, and service as Articled Clerk to an Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in India for four years, while the said Attorney was regularly practising in one of the said Courts, with a certificate of good character and ability signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship; subject to examination as above provided in Rule 8.

11. Service for the period of seven years as Registrar or Assistant Registrar on the Original side of the High Court at Madras, or as a Judge's Clerk; or the same period of service in any two of the said offices: subject to examination as above provided in Rule 8.

12. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of any Indian University, and service as Articled Clerk to an Attorney of any of the High Courts of Judicature in India for two years, subsequently to the attaining of such degree, while the said Attorney was regularly practising in one of the said Courts, or for five years either as Registrar or Assistant Registrar on the Original side of the High Court at Madras, or as Judge's Clerk or in any two of such offices; with a certificate in the former case of good character and conduct, signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship.

13. Any person being an Attorney duly admitted and on the roll of Attorneys of the High Court at Calcutta or Bombay, and producing the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment; as also a certificate of good character and conduct, signed by a Judge of the High Court, or the Advocate General or two of the leading Advocates in practice in the High Court of which the applicant is an Attorney.

14. Any person who was with the privity and consent of the late Supreme Court, under service as an Articled Clerk to an Attorney of the said Court, on the 15th August, 1862; after he shall have served the full period of five years for which he was articled: subject to his passing an examination as above provided in Rule 8.

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND, Chief Justice.

" W. HOLLOWAY, }
" L. C. INNES, } Judges.
" C. COLLETT. }

20th April, 1870.

Office and Duties of Official Trustees of Madras.

It is hereby notified that the following Rules have been made by the Honorable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, under the power given by Act No. XVII of 1864, entitled "An Act to constitute an office of Official Trustee."

[General Rules for the guidance and Government of the office and duties of Official Trustee of Madras.]

I. The Official Trustee appointed under Act XVII of 1864, shall forthwith give security for the due execution of his office, in the sum of Rupees 50,000 in one or other of the modes following, viz. by the joint and several bond or bonds of himself and two or more approved sureties in the sum of Rupees 50,000; or by the deposit of Government securities for that amount; or partly by the deposit of Government securities and partly by the bond or bonds of himself and two or more approved sureties. Every such bond shall be entered into with Chief Justice for the time being by his name or office, and his successors in the said Office, or the Judge who shall at any time be performing the duties of Chief Justice.

II. The like security shall be given by every person who may be appointed to officiate in the absence of an Official Trustee under Section 7 of the Act.

III. The Official Trustee shall, with due diligence, cause all capital moneys and trust funds received by or vesting in him to be invested by Government securities, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or provided by the deed or will creating the trust.

IV. Whenever owing to doubts or disputes as to the person or persons beneficially entitled, or for any other cause, there shall remain in the hands of the Official Trustee a cash balance of Rupees 500 belonging to any trust estate, he shall without delay invest the same in Government securities.

V. The Official Trustee shall procure all Government and other securities which may be issued or given to him on account of any trust estate, and every transfer of the same, whether by endorsement or otherwise, to be made in his name of office.

VI. The Official Trustee shall not at any time retain in his keeping a larger sum in cash than Rupees 500. All sums received by him shall from time to time be lodged in the Bank of Madras to credit of a separate and distinct account to be kept by him as Official Trustee with the said Bank and shall be drawn against when necessary in his name of Office.

VII. All Government Securities and Bank, Railway, or other Shares coming into the possession of the Official Trustee shall forthwith be lodged by him in his name of office as Official Trustee with the Bank of Madras and there kept for safe custody, except when it may be necessary for the Official Trustee to retain such securities or shares for a temporary purpose.

VIII. The Official Trustee shall make remittances on account of persons in Europe to the Treasury at the India Office by Government Bills at the rate of exchange settled for the repayment of advances made in India.

IX. The Official Trustee shall keep the following books of accounts:—

1. A Day Book in which every transaction shall be entered as it occurs.
2. A Receipt Book containing skeleton forms of receipts with counterfoils numbered consecutively in print. These forms shall be used for all receipts given for cash and Government or other securities.
3. A Cash Book to be balanced monthly.
4. A Ledger which shall contain a separate account with each trust estate, showing a detailed debt and credit of items, and also an account with the Bank of Madras. The dates of receipts and payments and the number of the voucher for each payment, as well as the amounts of Government and other securities and of the cash transactions, shall appear in separate columns, and each account in the Ledger shall be balanced on the 31st of December in every year.
5. A Commission Book showing the sums received and invested on account of each trust estate with the amount of commission payable to the Official Trustee.
6. A Book containing entries of all payments made by the Official Trustee, to the Bank of Madras on account of sums remitted through the India Office to persons resident in Europe.
7. A book in which shall be entered a copy of all accounts delivered from the Office of the Official Trustee.
8. A book in which shall be entered the particulars of all Government Securities, Bank Shares and other securities deposited in the Bank of Madras or forwarded for renewal, or which may be in the possession of the Official Trustee.

X. Any person seeking to inspect the books and accounts of the Official Trustee, or to inspect and make copies or extracts of his annual schedule filed in the High Court, must apply for an order of the Chief Justice through the Judge's Clerk, and such application shall be by a short petition, stating the particular trust estate in which the applicant is interested; the nature of his interest; and the ground upon which he seeks the application.

XI. The foregoing Rules, excepting Rules I and II, shall apply to the Official Trustee appointed under Act XVII of 1843, in the execution of the trusts confided in him.
January 9th, 1865.

C. H. SCOTLAND.

TABLE OF FEES TO BE TAKEN BY THE SHERIFF

In the High Court of Judicature at Madras.

The Sixteenth day of February 1876.

It is ordered, with the sanction and approval of His Grace the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, that from the first day of March 1876 the fees specified in the Schedule hereto and no other fees shall be demanded and received by the Sheriff of Madras.

Schedule.

	RS.	A.	P.
1. On every Citation or Summons either to a party or a witness, for each person to whom the Citation or Summons is directed.	2	0	0
2. On every notice for each person to whom the notice is directed.	2	0	0
3. On every warrant of arrest.	5	0	0
4. On every process issued for attachment or the process for sale.	5	0	0
5. On every warrant of attachment of moveable or immovable property, according to the value of the suit if applied for before Judgment, or the amount decreed in respect of which execution is sought:—			
If the value or amount does not exceed Rupees 1,000	10	0	0
Exceeds Rupees 1,000, but does not exceed Rupees 2,500	12	0	0
" 2,500, " " 5,000	15	0	0
" 5,000, " " 10,000	20	0	0
" 10,000, " " "	25	0	0

8. On every warrant or order for delivery of possession of property, moveable or immovable:—

If no attachment has taken place The fee for attachment of the property.

If attachment has taken place—

	RS.	A.	P.
For moveable property	2	0	0
For immovable property when it consists of single parcel	5	0	0
For the like, where there are several parcels situated in different places, for each parcel	3	0	0
7. On every warrant of sale of moveable property	2	0	0
8. On every warrant of sale of immovable property	5	0	0
9. For every certificate other than the return to a Summons or other process	1	0	0
10. For copies of all papers from the Sheriff's Office, per folio	0	5	0
11. On every application for a search in the Sheriff's Office	1	0	0
12. On every Injunction or Order not otherwise provided for	5	0	0
13. For detention of any person in custody before commitment by order of the Court or a Judge, each day	2	0	0

14. For keeping possession of moveable or immovable property, the necessary expenses actually incurred in keeping such possession, the amount in cases of dispute to be settled by the Taxing Officer.

N.B.—(1.) If the process and attachment for sale are issued simultaneously, the proper fee for the former process only is to be charged.

(2.) The fee for the detention of any person in custody together with the expenses of maintenance or other extra expenses, to be assessed by the Taxing Officer in case of dispute, shall be paid to the Sheriff by the person in custody.

(3.) In addition to the above fees the Sheriff shall be entitled to be paid all necessary expenses incurred by him incidental to the sale of any property, and the necessary postage actually paid by him for the transmission of summonses or other documents by post, the amount of such payments in case of dispute to be settled by the Taxing Officer.

Fees to be taken by Attorneys and Proctors.

	RS.	A.
For every authority or appointment to appear and act including attendances when not more than two parties sign the same.	8	0
For the like where signed by more than two parties, an additional fee of	3	8
For letter before suit or other ordinary letter.	2	0
For every other necessary letter, if long and special, discretionary.		
For drawing and subscribing every plaint, drawing every verified declaration, affidavit, and written statement, claim, petition, or application, or other proceeding in the Court not otherwise provided for, and for every amendment of the same when the written matter does not exceed one folio.	2	0
For every additional folio.	1	0
For receiving instructions for every plaint, claim, or agreement under Sec. 328.	10	0
For the like in special or difficult cases, discretionary.		
For attendance before Officer of Court to furnish security on plaint or other proceeding.	1	4
For the like before a Judge or Officer of Court, if surties or witness examined.	4	0
For every engrossment or fair copy for filing, per folio.	0	12
For every other copy when required, and not otherwise provided for, per folio.	0	8
For every necessary attendance before a Judge on ordinary matters, or at the Offices of the Court.	1	4
For the like before a Judge on special matters.	3	8
For attendance in Court on common or unopposed motions or applications by Council.	7	0
For the like on special motions.		
For attendances in Court on the hearing of suit set down for final disposal, each day.	10	0
For attendance before Judge on settlement of issues if suit then finally disposed of.	10	0
For the like on criminal trials or hearing of suits, intestate, testamentary, or matrimonial, each day.	10	8
For attendance on the Grand Jury, including attendance on swearing the witnesses.	5	0
For attendance each day the suit is in the paper of the day and not called on.	5	0
For receiving instructions at the Attorney's Office not otherwise provided for.	5	0
For the like in special difficult cases, discretionary.		

	RS.	A.
For attendance on client at the client's house or elsewhere, out of the Attorney's Office at the client's request.....	10	8
For attendance at Judge's house on urgent occasions.....	15	0
For every necessary attendance upon the client not otherwise provided for.....	3	8
For the like if beyond the hour, the further fee of.....	3	8
For drawing claim to property attached either before or after judgment, not exceeding half a folio.....	1	0
When it exceeds half a folio and does not exceed one folio.....	2	0
For every additional folio.....	1	0
For short notice, including copy and service when within the Black Town and Fort.....	2	8
For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort.....	1	0
For long or special notices including the same, discretionary.....	1	4
For every other service within two miles of the Black Town and Fort.....	1	0
For every additional mile beyond the Black Town and Fort.....	1	0
For drawing agreement on compromise, adjustment, or satisfaction of suit, not exceeding one folio.....	2	0
For every additional folio.....	1	0
For drawing notices to produce any document, writing, or other thing, not exceeding one folio.....	1	8
The like, if not exceeding three folios.....	2	8
The like, when more than three folios.....	4	0
For drawing issues of law or fact stated by agreement of parties in a suit and the agreement thereon not exceeding one folio.....	2	0
For every additional folio.....	1	0
For attendance before Commissioners for examination of witnesses or for local investigations or investigation of adjustment of accounts or before arbitrators, for each hour.....	7	0
For the like, if Counsel in attendance, for every hour.....	3	8
For the like attendance, if beyond the local jurisdiction of the Court, a reasonable allowance in addition for travelling and other expenses.....	3	8
For preparing papers and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for brief.....	0	12
In extraordinary cases, or where many witnesses or documents, discretionary.....	0	8
For drawing brief, per folio.....	0	8
For fair copy of brief, per folio.....	2	0
For drawing and engrossing conveyance to be signed by Judge after decree, not exceeding one folio.....	1	0
For every additional folio.....	3	8
For drawing endorsement of negotiable instrument to be signed by Judge after decree, and for obtaining signature thereto, including attendances.....	3	8
For attending Sheriff or other Officer of the Court to receive money or Bank Notes on behalf of execution-creditor, and giving receipt for the same.....	3	0
For preparing written authority to apply for order of reference including attendances.....	2	0
For drawing and engrossing agreement for reference to arbitration not exceeding one folio.....	1	0
For every additional folio.....	2	8
For drawing and engrossing agreement raising questions of law or fact for decision, not exceeding one folio.....	1	0
For every additional folio.....	5	0
For every necessary attendance at the Accountant General's Office, or the Government Treasury at the Bank of Madras.....	3	8
For every affidavit of service including attendances.....	0	12
For copies of all papers requiring service not otherwise provided for, per folio.....	3	8
For special instructions to Council to move.....	1	0
For every bill of costs, including copy and service, per folio.....		

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND,
 " A. BITTLESTON,
 " T. L. STRANGE,
 " H. D. PHILLIPS,
 " H. FRIERE.

August 22nd, 1862.

The above Table of Fees to be taken by the Officers and Attorneys and Proctors of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council according to the provisions of Section 19, Act XX. of 1862 of the Government of India.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT, Chief Secretary.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.—Office dated July 18, 1874.

The following revised Table of Fees to be demanded and received by the officers of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, in suits and proceedings on the Original Side of the

High Court (including appeals), having received the sanction of His Excellency the Governor in Council, is published for general information:—

Fees to be taken in the High Court of Judicature at Madras
 Original Civil Jurisdiction. Admiralty and Vice-Admiralty Jurisdiction,
 (limited to proceedings in personam.)
 Registrar.

	RS.	A.
1. Admission of Barrister, Attorney, or Pleader.....	10	0
2. Presentation of Plaint or of Agreement under Section 223 of Act VIII of 1859.....	30	0
3. Summons to defendant (each, or to give evidence or produce documents).....	2	0
4. Every document or exhibit filed in Court or attached to an affidavit used in Court or before a Judge or produced with the plaint or written statement or used in evidence.....	2	0
Note.—Not to be charged twice in the same suit. Vouchers should be treated as forming part of the bill to which they relate and charged for as one document.		
5. Every application to the Court or to a Judge before or after decree.....	5	0
6. Every order thereon issued from the Registrar's Office.....	5	0
7. Every warrant or arrest or attachment and every writ or process in execution of, or to enforce a decree or order.....	5	0
8. Writing depositions of witnesses, per folio.....	5	0
9. Copy of any document, per folio.....	0	8
10. Search for any document (for every hour or part of an hour).....	0	6
11. Commission to examine witnesses, or other commission.....	2	0
12. Hearing.—For the day of.....	6	0
13. Production by an Officer of the Court at the hearing of a suit of the records in another suit.....	10	0
14. Every report or certificate of Judge or Officer of the Court.....	20	0
15. Every other certificate.....	1	0
16. Amending proceedings under order of Court, per folio.....	5	0
16. Decrees.—Every final decree below Rupees 1,500.....	1	0
below 2,500.....	8	0
5,000.....	10	0
beyond 5,000.....	12	0
(Suits and Appeals) Every other decree.....	16	0
Dismissal of suit.....	20	0
Set-off and balance awarded to defendant (upon amount of balance), the same as in decree for plaintiff.....	16	0
17. Exemplification of decree or other document, in addition to the folio and other charges.....	5	0
18. Enquiry into sufficiency of security, for every hour or part of an hour.....	10	0
Note.—Not to be charged to officers of Court required to give security, or to administrators.....	2	8
19. Every sale conducted by an Officer of the Court (except the Sheriff) 10 per cent. on the first 1,000, and 2½ per cent. on the purchase money after the first 1,000.		
20. Appeals.—On presentation of Memorandum of Appeal—		
In suits for debt, damages, or recoverable property where the amount to which the appeal relates does not exceed Rs. 1,500.....	16	0
2,500.....	24	0
5,000.....	32	0
Beyond 5,000.....	50	0
In all other cases.....	50	0
21. For every attendance out of the Court-house as Commissioner, in addition to all other fees, if within the limits of Madras.....	10	0
22. For every mile beyond those limits.....	2	0
23. For interpreting affidavits and other proceedings not exceeding 8 folios.....	1	0
For every additional folio.....	0	8
This fee is to be accounted for to Government except: (1) when the duty is performed under a Commission, or (2) when it is necessary that it should be and is performed out of the Court-house or Office of the Interpreter.		
24. For interpreting before an Officer of the Court or a Commissioner in the case of viva voce examination, or witnesses reduced into writing, per folio.....	0	8
25. For attendance on the business of suitors out of the Court-house, if within the Black Town and Fort.....	10	0
(To be retained by the Interpreter.)		
26. For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort, each way.....	1	0
(To be retained by the Interpreter.)		

	PER. A.	S.
27. Translation, per folio..... Fees to be charged on number of folios contained in original document.	0	8
<i>Taxing Officer.</i>		
28. For every certificate by Taxing Officer.....	1	0
29. For taxation of Bill of Costs exceeding 300 rupees.....	10	0
30. Not exceeding 300 rupees.....	5	0
31. If the taxation occupies more than an hour, for every additional hour or part of an hour.....	10	0
(The stamps payable in respect of taxation to be affixed on the allocation or certificate of the Taxing Officer.)		
<i>Accountant-General.</i>		
32. Upon all monies paid into Court with the privilege of the Accountant-General, 1 per cent. and upon all interest accruing thereon, 2 1/2 per cent.	5	0
33. For entering and countersigning decrees or order, or for the payment of money.	30	0
34. For making and entering every certificate to be annexed to such decree or order.....	3	0
35. For every search where no certificate is required.....	5	0
36. For every certificate of funds in Court.....	5	0

Note.—1. No commission is to be charged upon monies paid into Court by the Official Trustee.
2. No fee except commission, is to be charged when the amount in Court does not exceed Rs. 400, or in respect of payments made to suitors periodically.
By order of the Right Honourable D. E. CARMICHAEL, Acting Chief Secretary.

Fees to be taken by the Clerk of the Crown, subject in case of Prisoners and Defendants, to be remitted by the Court.

It is ordered that the following Rule be read and passed as a Rule of the High Court, to take effect from the 7th day of February, 1875:—
The Fees of the Court to be taken in place of the Fees now chargeable by the Clerk of the Crown shall be those set forth in the Schedule hereto, subject in case of Prisoners and Defendants, to be remitted by the Court.

W. MORGAN, *Chief Justice.*
W. HOLLOWAY,
L. C. INNES, } *Judges.*
JAB. KERNAN,
J. R. KINDRESLEY.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE, MADRAS.
12th February, 1875.

Schedule.

1. For filing notice of motion or application, and every other proceeding requiring to be filed.....	2	0	0
2. For every Rule or Order of Court, including drawing, attendance before Judge, intimating, filing, &c.....	10	0	0
3. For every Certificate.....	1	0	0
4. For Office Copies of all papers other than depositions for the use of Prisoners under Section 5 of Act XIII of 1855 (per folio of 90 words).....	0	6	0
5. For copies of depositions under Section 5 of Act XIII of 1855 (per folio of 90 words).....	0	1	0
6. For recognizances, each person.....	2	8	0
7. For every search (each hour or part of an hour).....	2	0	0
8. For every writ of Habeas Corpus, Mandamus or Certiorari, Attachment or Bench Warrant.....	5	0	0
9. For every Writ of Subpoena, each witness (each prisoner to be allowed Subpoena for four persons free of charge).....	2	0	0
10. For every commission for the examination of witnesses, or for taking Affidavits.....	6	0	0
11. For taking down the examination of witnesses, under Mandamus, Commission, or upon interrogatories, including engrossment (per folio of 90 words).....	1	0	0
12. For reading and marking each exhibit at the examination of witnesses under a Mandamus or Commission.....	1	0	0
13. For Judge's certificate of return to writ of Mandamus.....	5	0	0
14. For Clerk of the Crown's do. to do.....	7	0	0
15. For returning and rebinding proceedings for contempt.....	5	0	0
16. For attending out of the Court-house on business incidental to the Office of Clerk of the Crown.....	17	8	0
(To be retained by the Clerk of the Crown.)			
17. For every attendance in Court, other than on the Crown Side, to produce papers, &c.....	1	0	0

(All fees not especially provided for herein to be the same as those charged for similar proceedings on the Original Civil Jurisdiction Side of the Court.)

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

Chief Clerk..... J. STEVENSON, Esq., B.A. Appointed 1878.
Official Assignee..... BENJAMIN BROOKS, Esq. " 1855.
Rules and Orders of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras.

OTTO CURIEL, 22ND DECEMBER, 1848.

The Rules and Orders now in force for regulating the Proceedings of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be, and the same are, hereby repealed on and after the 1st day of January 1849; and the following Rules and Orders are hereby made for regulating the Proceedings of the said Court on and after the 1st day of January 1849.

I.—All Summons, Precepts, Rules, Orders and other Process to be issued by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras shall be prepared, made out, and signed by the Principal Officer of the said Court, who shall be called the Chief Clerk; and all Petitions, Affidavits, and other Proceedings shall be filed by the said Chief Clerk of Record. The Office of the said Chief Clerk shall be open every Monday and Thursday between the hours of ten in the forenoon and four in the afternoon, and on such other days and at such hours as the Court shall hereafter direct; and the Office of the Official Assignee shall be open every day (Sundays and Public Holidays excepted) from twelve till two.

II.—In every case the Attorney shall personally, and not by his Clerk or any other Person except the retainer of a Prisoner, and the Prisoner shall sign the retainer, and at the same time the Attorney shall sign his acceptance thereof: Provided that in case of the illness of such Attorney or of his absence from Madras such retainer may be received and accepted for him by some other Attorney of the Court personally, the cause thereof being stated in such acceptance.

III.—The Attorney of every Prisoner, and all opposing Creditors whose costs are ordered to be paid by the Insolvent or out of the Insolvent's estate, and all other Persons requiring their Bills of Costs to be taxed, shall cause their respective Bills to be taxed by the Master of the Supreme Court.

IV.—No Attorney shall directly or indirectly employ the Gaoler, Deputy Gaoler, or any Prisoner, or other Person confined or residing within the said Gaol, as Clerk or Agent to solicit retainers or to transact any business whatever relating to proceedings in the said Court touching the relief or discharge of any Prisoner, and no Attorney shall continue to practice in the said Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors whilst he shall himself be a Prisoner.

V.—In all cases there shall be filed with the Petition a Certificate from the Gaoler of the day or days and cause of detainer against the Prisoner.

VI.—The Chief Clerk, upon the filing in his Office of the Schedule of the debts and effects of any Insolvent Debtor in custody, shall forthwith cause a copy of such parts thereof as contain the particulars of the Insolvent's estate and effects and of the debts stated to be owing to him to be made out and delivered to the Official Assignee.

VII.—Notice of the filing of every Petition and Schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency, where an adjudication has been pronounced, and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency, and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee—Per Ord. Cur., 9th September, 1853—shall be given to Creditors and Persons claiming to be Creditors, whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the Schedule, in the following manner:—

In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors and also upon the Attorney of every detaining Creditor suing by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order of the appointment of the day for hearing—Per Ord. Cur., 9th September 1853—unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct. All Affidavits of the service of such notices as are required by Rule VII, shall be prepared and left with Chief Clerk one week before the day of hearing—Ord. Cur., 24th March, 1849.

VIII.—Where a vesting order of the estate of a Prisoner has been made on the Petition of a Creditor, notice thereof, together with an order to file a Schedule, shall forthwith be given to each Prisoner by service of a copy of the same, and delivery to the Gaoler shall be deemed good service of such notice and order upon the Prisoner in such case.

IX.—The appearance at the hearing of any Creditor or other Person entitled to notice shall be deemed a waiver by him, her, or them, of such notice when there shall have been none, or of any defect or irregularity in the form or service thereof, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

X.—The proof of notices published in the *Gazette* of the Presidency shall be by the production of the said *Gazette* without other proof, and the proof of other notices shall be

ordinarily by Affidavit unless the Court shall think fit to call for viva voce testimony, in which case the deposition of the witness shall be taken in writing by the Chief Clerk of the Court.

XI.—No Creditor shall be allowed at the hearing to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have served the Prisoner with notice of his intention to oppose him, stating in such notice the specific grounds of his opposition three clear days before the day of hearing, and also shall have left a like notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk before the day of hearing: Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.—*For Ord. Chancery 9th September, 1853.*

XII.—At the hearing, the examination of the Prisoner by the Court shall be taken down in writing by the Chief Clerk, and shall be signed by the Prisoner and filed in Court.

XIII.—In all cases of opposition to the discharge of an Insolvent, where the Insolvent's Petition shall be dismissed, the Court shall, if it think fit, order the costs of the opposing Creditor or Creditors to be paid by the Insolvent.

XIV.—The Official Assignee shall be entitled to five per cent. Commission on the principal sum forming the proceeds of each estate distributable as dividends; and if such Commission shall not produce by the time the sum required for that purpose out of the interest of the Government Securities in which his collections are invested.—*Ord. Chancery 4th May, 1849. —Ord. Chancery 5th October, 1856.* This rule now stands as originally printed and passed on 22nd December, 1848.

XV.—The Official Assignee, and every person who shall hereafter be appointed to that office previously to his admission there, shall give good and sufficient security by Bond to the Chief Justice for the payment of such sum of money as the Court shall direct, with two or more able sureties to be approved by the Master; which Bond shall be conditioned for his duly accounting for and administering all estates committed to his charge as Official Assignee, and the same shall be deposited with and kept by the Accountant-General, subject to the order of the Court.

XVI.—The Official Assignee shall proceed with all diligence to collect and get in the estate and effects of insolvent persons committed to his charge, and shall pay, and deposit the same in the Honorable Company's Treasury with the privacy of the Accountant-General, retaining in his hands from time to time such sums only as may be necessary for the purposes: Provided nevertheless that the Official Assignee shall at no time retain in his hands a larger sum than Two Thousand Rupees on the whole without the order of the Court.

XVII.—Whenever it shall become necessary for the Official Assignee to obtain by Money, Bonds, or other Securities out of the Honorable Company's Treasury for the purpose of distributing the same amongst the creditors entitled thereto, the mode of obtaining such Money, Bonds and Securities shall be by order of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, signed by the Chief Clerk, and countersigned by one of the Judges, for the payment and delivery of the said Money, Bonds and Securities to the Official Assignee, which order shall be by him presented to the Accountant-General and Treasurer in the same manner as any order of the Supreme Court of Madras for the payment out of the Treasury of Money, Effects, or Securities of the orders of the Supreme Court under order of the said Court.

XVIII.—The Official Assignee shall enter into a book to be kept by him for that purpose separate and distinct accounts of each estate under his charge and of all such sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities for Money, Goods, Effects, and Things as shall come to his hands or to the hands of any person employed by him, or in trust for him as such Official Assignee, and likewise of all payments made by him for and on account of the said estates, specifying the date of such receipts and payments respectively.

XIX.—The Official Assignee shall twice in every year, that is, on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July, or on the 1st day after those days on which the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be sitting, exhibit and deliver in open Court a true and perfect Schedule of all sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities received on account of each estate remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereout during the preceding half-year, and the balances and all of all estates wherein dividends shall have been ordered to be paid and shall have been paid or into persons entitled to the same during the preceding half-year, specifying the amount of each dividend; which Schedule shall, on and after the 1st day of January, 1849, be in the form following:—

Part 1st.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule.

Part 2nd.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge prior to such last-mentioned period, on account of which he shall have received any Money, Bonds, or other Securities subsequently to such last-mentioned period.

Part 3rd.—Containing all estates wherein dividends shall have been paid over to the parties entitled thereto since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule, specifying the amount paid and the amount remaining unpaid.

XX.—Previous to the Official Assignee exhibiting and delivering in open Court his Schedule in pursuance of the preceding Rule, he shall lay the same, together with the accounts of each estate and the Vouchers relating thereto, before the Master, in order that such Schedule may be examined and the several Vouchers compared with the accounts of the estates therein described.

XXI.—In all cases where the Courts shall direct that the estate and effects of any Insolvent shall be received by the Official Assignee and any Special Assignee or Assignees, jointly, all Moneys, Jewels, and Securities for Money belonging to each estate shall within seven days after the receipt thereof be paid or delivered and be kept in deposit in the Bank of Madras; and no part thereof shall be withdrawn therefrom but upon the order in writing of all such Assignees, or of any two of them, of whom the Official Assignee shall be one.

XXII.—The Chief Clerk shall, immediately after the hearing of any Insolvent upon his Petition, and after adjudication of the Court thereon, deliver over to the Official Assignee the Schedule of the Insolvent, which shall be thereafter kept in the Office of the Official Assignee. Provided that, if the Schedule be required by the Chief Clerk for any temporary purpose, it shall be delivered out to him as often as may be necessary, and shall be restored to the custody of the Official Assignee as soon as such purpose has been fulfilled.

(Signed) EDWARD J. GAMBIER.

W. W. BURTON

Additional Rules for regulating the Proceedings in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras, made and passed by the Supreme Court of Judicature there and read in Court on the 9th day of September, 1853.

That henceforth the following Rule be substituted for Rule VII:—

Notice of the filing of every Petition and Schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency where an adjudication has been pronounced and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee shall be given to Creditors and Persons claiming to be Creditors whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the Schedule in the following manner:—In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such Creditors or persons claiming to be Creditors and also upon the Attorney of any detaining Creditor using by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette* which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order or of the appointment of the day for hearing, unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct.

Provido to be added to Rule. Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.

XXIII.—That every Insolvent shall file with his Schedule a general Balance Sheet of his receipts and expenditure, which account shall in no case commence later than twelve calendar months before the filing of the Schedule. But if at any time subsequent to the date of the earliest debt in the Schedule any property shall have gone from the Insolvent by sale, assignment, mortgage, distress, execution, or by any means other than the ordinary course of trade or living, the account shall commence so as to include all such transactions, and every Insolvent shall also state in the said general Balance Sheet the cause of his present insolvency and the amount of debts, if any, still due by him under any prior insolvency.

XXIV.—That no dividend shall be reserved for any disputed claim or debt that shall not have been substantiated before or at the sitting of the Court at which the dividend shall be declared, unless the Court shall direct such reservation to be made.

XXV.—That the Court in its discretion, and if it thinks fit to award any costs, may do so against, or to any Assignee, any Insolvent finally discharged, any Petitioner for revocation of adjudication, any Creditor or any person interested in an Insolvent estate applying opposing, or appearing on any application, and either out of the estate or out of the private moneys of any such Person or Party, and may direct to what amount, how, when and in what manner, and by whom the same shall be paid, recovered, or retained.

XXVI.—That the Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to the Supreme Court or to the Insolvent Court to permit him to proceed in Equity or at Law, or in the Ecclesiastical, or Admiralty Jurisdiction, or to defend any suit or action, or take or defend any proceedings without the payment of any fees of office to the Officers of the Supreme Court or Insolvent Court in respect of any demand, claim, or right against or belonging to any Insolvent estate, wherein no assets have been received, and wherein there are no assets expected or recoverable except such as shall be the subject of such suit or action: Provided always that such fees shall be a primary charge on and payable out of the assets recovered therein.

TABLE OF FEES.—From and after this date the folio in the Table of Fees shall be deemed to consist of 90 words instead of 72, and all charges by the folio shall be made at the rate of 5 Annas per folio instead of 8 Annas as heretofore.

The Table of Fees of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

The Folio in this Table shall be deemed to consist of 90 words, and four figures shall be calculated as equal to one word.

	Attorneys.	RS.	A.
1 For Retainer	...	1	4
2 For every necessary Letter	...	1	2

	RS.	A.
3. For every attendance in Prison or in Client's house, or elsewhere out of their own Office, at the Client's request	3	8
4. If necessarily detained beyond an hour, for each additional hour	3	8
5. For every attendance at their own Offices	1	12
6. For every attendance on the Chief Clerk or Official Assigned or other Officer at their Offices in the Court House on matters of course	1	0
7. For attending Court on motions	2	0
8. For attending Court on hearing	5	0
9. For attending in Court each day the case is in the paper and not called on	3	8
10. For attending Master to tax Costs, each hour	1	8
11. For attending any Officer of the Court on matters referred to him, for every hour	3	8
12. For every necessary attendance not otherwise provided for	1	8
13. For drawing every Petition, Schedule, and every other proceeding, matter, or thing not otherwise provided for, the first folio	1	0
14. For every other folio	0	8
15. For engrossment or fair copy, per folio	0	8
16. For notices including copy and service within the Black Town and Fort	1	0
17. For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	0	8
18. For all copies not otherwise provided for, per folio	0	8
19. For perusing papers preparatory to hearing and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for Brief, subject to be increased in extraordinary cases	2	0
20. For short instructions to Council to move	0	12
21. For special instructions to do	3	0
22. For drawing Brief, each Brief sheet of 5 folios	2	0
23. For fair copy of do. each sheet	0	8
24. For every other matter not hereinbefore specified, the same fees as in small causes on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.		

1. For executing every Attachment and other Process which may issue to him	0	8
2. For returning same	0	8
3. For every search in his Office	0	8
4. For every certificate	0	8

Master and Taking Officer.

1. For passing and certifying the Official Assignee's half-yearly Schedule, each Estate where One Hundred Rupees or more shall have been received or disbursed	5	0
2. For every Voucher or Exhibit in passing such Schedule	0	4
3. For every hour employed in the investigation of matters referred to him by the Court	5	0
4. For less than an hour	3	8
5. For every Report or Certificate on matters referred to him, not exceeding 10 folios	5	0
6. For every folio exceeding 10	0	8
7. For taxing Bill of Costs and for every other matter not hereinbefore specified and required to be done by the Master, the same fees as on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.		

TABLE OF FEES.

INSOLVENTS' COURT.

It is ordered that the following Rule be read and passed as a Rule of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors to take effect from the 15th day of February, 1875.

Instead of the fees now payable to the Chief Clerk, Sender and Interpreters, there shall be paid in respect of each document specified in the Schedule hereto the fee indicated by the said Schedule as the proper fee for such document.

High Court, Madras,	W. MOLEMAN, Chief Justice.	
12th February, 1875.	W. HOLLOWAY,	
	L. C. LINES,	Judges.
	JAS. KERNAN,	
	J. R. KIDDERLEY,	

Schedule.

	RS.	A.
1. Petition for the benefit of the Act	15	0
2. Every other document which requires to be filed, except affidavits of service and notices of opposition	1	0
3. Summons and other process, for each person summoned	2	0
4. Rule or Order of Court, except vesting orders and orders to bring up Insolvent from Gaol	5	0

	RS.	A.
5. Certificate granted by the Chief Clerk	1	0
6. Application for a search not exceeding one hour	2	0
For every other hour, or part of an hour	2	0
7. Notice of opposition left at the Office of the Chief Clerk	2	0
8. Application for the attendance of the Chief Clerk before the High Court or a Judge in Chambers with papers from his Office by order of the Court or a Judge or at the request of any party	1	0
9. Affidavit of Service	2	0
10. Copies of all papers, per folio	0	6
11. Commission to examine witnesses or other commission	6	0
12. Examination of an Insolvent or witness reduced into writing at the requisition of a party interested, not exceeding three folios	1	8
For every other folio	0	8
13. Application for the attendance of an Interpreter at the Gaol	3	8
The other fees for interpreting and translating to be the same as in the High Court.		
The folio to consist of ninety words and four figures to be calculated as equal to one word.		

MADRAS COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

(Established under the provisions of Act IX of 1850—31st December, 1850.)

(Extended under Act XXVI of 1861.)

Vide Supplement to the Gazette of 26th October, 1852, No. 2,530, page 1.

Court House, Second Line North Beach.

Court sits daily except on Sundays and authorized holidays.

The Clerk's Office is open every day, except Sundays and holidays.

from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M.

T. M. Busteed, Esq., Barrister-at-Law First Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,000.

T. Muttusawmy Iyer, Esq., B.A. Judge.—On other duty.

P. Sreenivasa Row, Esq. Do. —Pay Rs. 1,000.

G. Muthusawmy Chettiar, Esq. Acting Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,000.

J. M. Maskell, Esq., Barrister-at-Law Offg. Judge.—Pay Rs. 500.

Officers of the Court.

J. M. Maskell, Esq., B.A.	Clerk of the Court.
P. Runganada Moodelliar,	Assistant Clerk.
T. M. Runga Chariar, a. A.	Chief Interpreter.—(On other duty.)
K. E. Kistnamah Chariar,	Acting Chief Interpreter.
Sultan Mohideen Saib,	Persian and Hindustani Interpreter.
P. Annasawmy Pillay,	Interpreter.
Rungasawmy Aiyangar,	Acting First Judge's Clerk.
C. Manselamony Moodelliar,	Judge's Clerk.
D. Dairasagamonny Moodelliar,	Do.
V. Subbarama Aiyar,	Do.
N. Neelakanta Pillay,	Do.
P. Calastree Naides,	Manager.
K. Nadanony Naides,	Treasurer.
Mr. S. Haslewood,	Bailiff and Sworn Broker and Appraiser.
Mr. C. Carnegy,	Do.
Mr. M. Moony,	Do.
Mr. G. S. Steers,	Court and Deposit-keeper and Crier.
Mr. A. Bruce,	Keeper of Civil Debtor's Jail.

Sections of the Civil Procedure Code Act X of 1877, applicable to the Madras Court of small causes, Sections 3, 25, 86, 223, 225, 256 and Chapter XXXIX.

Sections of the Civil Procedure Code extended to the Court under Notifications, vide Fort St. George of 7th May 1873, p. 8, and 6th May 1873, page 636.

Sections—13—14—61—117—118—120—160 to 162—177—192—203 para. 3 only—209—210 para. 2 only—216 to 222 both inclusive, 223 to 229 both inclusive, 231—232—233—234—239 to 249 both inclusive—241—246—248—249—252—253—256 except so far as relates to immoveable property, 257 to 272 both inclusive—273 so far as relates to decrees for moveable property, 275 to 282 both inclusive so far as relates to moveable property, 283 and 284 so far as relates to moveable property, 285—292—293 so far as relates to rule under Section 297, 291 to 303 both inclusive, 312—341 except the 2nd Clause, 345 except the clauses (e) and (f), 346 and Sections 51 and 52 or the purpose of Section 316 only, 347 except the part which refers to creditors other than the decree holder and except the clause relating to the publication of the application, 349—350 and 351 except the parts

which refers to creditors other than the decree holder and except the parts referring to the appointment of a Receiver, 361 to 372 both inclusive, 373 and 374, 383 to 391 both inclusive, 392 and 393—394 and 395—397 to 400 both inclusive, 411—412 and 413—418 to 490 both inclusive—645 and 651.

SCHEDULE OF FEES UNDER ACT IX OF 1850.			SCHEDULE OF FEES UNDER ACT XXVI OF 1864.		
Sums not above	Every Summons or Subpoena.	Warrant.	Sums not above	Every Summons or Subpoena.	Warrant.
Rs. 10	Rs. 2	0 2	Rs. 500	Rs. 2	0 0
20	0 4	0 4	700	2 8	7 0
50	0 8	0 8	800	2 12	8 0
100	1 0	1 0	900	3 0	9 0
200	1 4	2 0	1,000	3 4	10 0
300	1 8	3 0			
400	1 12	4 0			
500	2 0	5 0			

SCALE OF FEES TO BE LEVIED IN DISTRAINTS FOR HOUSE RENT UNDER ACT I OF 1875.

Sums sued for	Affidavit and warrant to distrain.	Order to sell.	Commission.	Total.
Rs. 1 and under	Rs. 0 4 0	Rs. 0 5 0	Rs. 0 8 0	Rs. 1 4 0
5	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 0 0	2 0 0
10	0 8 0	0 8 0	1 5 0	2 8 0
15	0 8 0	1 0 0	2 0 0	3 8 0
20	0 12 0	1 0 0	2 5 0	4 4 0
25	1 0 0	1 0 0	3 0 0	5 0 0
30	1 0 0	1 0 0	3 5 0	5 8 0
35	1 0 0	1 8 0	4 0 0	6 8 0
40	1 4 0	2 0 0	4 8 0	7 12 0
45	1 8 0	2 0 0	5 0 0	8 8 0
50	2 0 0	2 0 0	6 0 0	10 0 0
55	2 8 0	2 8 0	6 8 0	11 8 0
60	3 0 0	3 0 0	7 0 0	13 0 0
Upwards of Rs. 100	3 0 0	3 0 0	7 per centum.	

The above scale is intended to include all expenses, except in suits where the tenant disputes the landlord's claim, and witnesses have to be subpoenaed, in which case each subpoena for sums under Rs. 40 must be paid for at four annas each, and twelve annas above that amount; and also where peons were kept in charge of property distrained, four annas per day must be paid per man.

The following scale of allowances to witnesses attending the Court was sanctioned by the Judges under Section 160 of the C. P. Code on 9th May 1879.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	4th Class.
Europeans, East Indians and Natives.....	Rs. 1 8 0	Rs. 0 12 0	Rs. 0 6 0	Rs. 0 3 0

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

Chief Clerk.....J. STEVENSON, Esq., B.A.....Appointed 1878.
 Official Assignee.....FREDERICK ROWLANDSON, Esq.....1880.
Rules and Orders of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras.

ORDO CURIE, 22ND DECEMBER, 1818.

The Rules and Orders now in force for regulating the Proceedings of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be, and the same are, hereby repealed on and after the 1st day of January 1849; and the following Rules and Orders are hereby made for regulating the Proceedings of the said Court on and after the 1st day of January 1849.

I.—All Summonses, Precepts, Rules, Orders and other Process to be issued by the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras shall be prepared, made out, and signed by the Principal Officer of the said Court, who shall be called the Chief Clerk; and all Petitions, Affidavits, and other Proceedings shall be filed by the said Chief Clerk of Record. The Office of the said Chief Clerk shall be open every Monday and Thursday between the hours of ten in the forenoon and four in the afternoon, and on such other days and at such hours as the Court shall hereafter direct; and the Office of the Official Assignee shall be open every day (Sundays and Public Holidays excepted) from twelve till two.

II.—In every case the Attorney shall personally, and not by his Clerk or any other Person accept the retainer of a Prisoner, and the Prisoner shall sign the retainer, and at the same time the Attorney shall sign his acceptance thereof: Provided that in case of the illness of such Attorney or of his absence from Madras such retainer may be received and accepted for him by some other Attorney of the Court personally, the cause thereof being stated in such acceptance.

III.—The Attorney of every Prisoner, and all opposing Creditors whose costs are ordered to be paid by the Insolvent or out of the Insolvent's estate, and all other Persons requiring their Bills of Costs to be taxed, shall cause the respective Bills to be taxed by the Master of the Supreme Court.

IV.—No Attorney shall directly or indirectly employ the Gaoler, Deputy Gaoler, or any Prisoner, or other Person confined or residing within the said Gaol, as Clerk or Agent to solicit retainers or to transact any business whatever relating to proceedings in the said Court touching the relief or discharge of any Prisoner, and no Attorney shall continue to practice in the said Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors whilst he shall himself be a Prisoner.

V.—In all cases there shall be filed with the Petition a Certificate from the Gaoler of the day or days and cause or causes of detainer against the Prisoner.

VI.—The Chief Clerk, upon the filing in his Office of the Schedule of the debts and effects of any Insolvent Debtor in custody, shall forthwith cause a copy of such parts thereof as contain the particulars of the Insolvent's estate and effects and of the debts stated to be owing to him to be made out and delivered to the Official Assignee.

VII.—Notice of the filing of every Petition and Schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency, where an adjudication has been pronounced, and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency, and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee—Per Ord. Cur., 9th September, 1853—shall be given to Creditors and Persons claiming to be Creditors, whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the Schedule, in the following manner:—

In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors and also upon the Attorney of every detaining Creditor suing by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order of the appointment of the day for hearing.—Per Ord. Cur., 9th September 1853—unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct. All Affidavits of the service of such notices as are required by Rule VII, shall be prepared and left with Chief Clerk one week before the day of hearing.—Ord. Cur., 24th March, 1819.

VIII.—Where a vesting order of the estate of a Prisoner has been made on the Petition of a Creditor, notice thereof, together with an order to file a Schedule, shall forthwith be given to such Prisoner by service of a copy of the same, and delivery to the Gaoler shall be deemed good service of such notice and order upon the Prisoner in such case.

IX.—The appearance at the hearing of any Creditor or other Person entitled to notice shall be deemed a waiver by him, her, or them, of such notice when there shall have been none, or of any defect or irregularity in the form or service thereof, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

X.—The proof of notices published in the *Gazette* of the Presidency shall be by the production of the said *Gazette* without other proof, and the proof of other notices shall be

ordinarily by Affidavit unless the Court shall think fit to call for viva voce testimony, in which case the deposition of the witness shall be taken in writing by the Chief Clerk of the Court.

XI.—No Creditor shall be allowed at the hearing to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner, unless he shall have served the Prisoner with notice of his intention to oppose him, stating in such notice the specific grounds of his opposition, three clear days before the day of hearing, and also shall have left a like notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk before the day of hearing: Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.—*Per Ord. Cur.*, 9th September, 1853.

XII.—At the hearing, the examination of the Prisoner by the Court shall be taken down in writing by the Chief Clerk, and shall be signed by the Prisoner and filed in Court.

XIII.—In all cases of opposition to the discharge of an Insolvent, where the Insolvent's Petition shall be dismissed, the Court shall, if it think fit, order the costs of the opposing Creditor or Creditors to be paid by the Insolvent.

XIV.—The Official Assignee shall be entitled to five per cent. Commission on the principal sum forming the proceeds of each estate distributable as dividends; and if such Commission shall not produce Rupees Two Hundred in any one month, his remuneration shall be made up to this amount by taking the sum required for that purpose out of the interest of the Government Securities in which his collections are invested.—*Ord. Cur.*, 4th May, 1859.

—*Ord. Cur.*, 3rd October, 1855. This rule now stands as originally printed, and passed on 22nd December, 1848.

XV.—The Official Assignee, and every person who shall hereafter be appointed to that office previously to his admission thereto, shall give good and sufficient security by Bond to the Chief Justice for the payment of such sum of money as the Court shall direct, with two or more able sureties to be approved by the Master; which Bond shall be conditioned for his duly accounting for and administering all estates committed to his charge as Official Assignee, and the same shall be deposited with and kept by the Accountant-General, subject to the order of the Court.

XVI.—The Official Assignee shall proceed with all diligence to collect and get in the estate and effects of insolvent persons committed to his charge, and shall pay in or deposit the same in the Honorable Company's Treasury with the privacy of the Accountant-General, retaining in his hands from time to time such sums only as may be necessary for immediate purposes: Provided nevertheless that the Official Assignee shall at no time retain in his hands a larger sum than Two Thousand Rupees on the whole without the order of the Court.

XVII.—Whenever it shall become necessary for the Official Assignee to obtain any Money, Bonds, or other Securities out of the Honorable Company's Treasury for the purpose of distributing the same amongst the creditors entitled thereto, the mode of obtaining such Money, Bonds and Securities shall be by order of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, signed by the Chief Clerk, and countersigned by one of the Judges, for the payment and delivery of the said Money, Bonds and Securities to the Official Assignee, which order shall be by him presented to the Accountant-General and Treasurer in the same manner as any order of the Supreme Court of Madras for the payment out of the Treasury of Money, Effects, or Securities of the suitors of the Supreme Court under order of the said Court.

XVIII.—The Official Assignee shall enter into a book to be kept by him for that purpose separate and distinct accounts of each estate under his charge and of all such sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities for Money, Goods, Effects, and Things as shall come to his hands, or to the hands of any person employed by him, or in trust for him as such Official Assignee, and likewise of all payments made by him for and on account of the said estates, specifying the dates of such receipts and payments respectively.

XIX.—The Official Assignee shall twice in every year, that is, on the 1st day of January and the 1st day of July, or on the 1st day after those days on which the Court for Relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be sitting, exhibit and deliver in open Court a true and perfect Schedule of all sums of Money, Bonds, and other Securities received on account of each estate remaining under his charge, together with the payments made thereon during the preceding half-year, and the balances; and also of all estates wherein dividends shall have been ordered to be paid and shall have been paid over to parties entitled to the same during the preceding half-year, specifying the amount of such dividends; which Schedule shall, on and after the 1st day of January 1859, be in the form following:—

Part 1st.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule.

Part 2nd.—Containing the particulars of all estates committed to his charge prior to such last-mentioned period, on account of which he shall have received any Money, Bonds, or other Securities subsequently to such last-mentioned period.

Part 3rd.—Containing all estates wherein dividends shall have been paid over to the parties entitled thereto since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule, specifying the amount paid and the amount remaining unpaid.

XX.—Previous to the Official Assignee exhibiting and delivering in open Court his Schedule in pursuance of the preceding Rule, he shall lay the same, together with the accounts of each estate and the Vouchers relating thereto, before the Master, in order that such Schedule may be examined and the several Vouchers compared with the accounts of the estates therein described.

XXI.—In all cases where the Courts shall direct that the estate and effects of any Insolvent shall be received by the Official Assignee, and any Special Assignee or Assignees, jointly, all Moneys, Jewels, and Securities for Money belonging to each estate shall within seven days after the receipt thereof be paid or delivered and be kept in deposit in the Bank of Madras; and no part thereof shall be withdrawn therefrom but upon the order in writing of all such Assignees, or of any two of them, of whom the Official Assignee shall be one.

XXII.—The Chief Clerk shall, immediately after the hearing of any Insolvent upon his Petition, and after adjudication of the Court thereon, deliver over to the Official Assignee the Schedule of the Insolvent, which shall be thereafter kept in the Office of the Official Assignee. Provided that, if the Schedule be required by the Chief Clerk for any temporary purpose, it shall be delivered out to him as often as may be necessary, and shall be restored to the custody of the Official Assignee as soon as such purpose has been fulfilled.

(Signed) EDWARD J. GAMBIER,
() W. W. BURTON.

Additional Rules for regulating the Proceedings in the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras, made and passed by the Supreme Court of Judicature there and read in Court on the 9th day of September, 1859.

That henceforth the following Rules be substituted for Rule VII:—

Notice of the filing of every Petition and Schedule and of every adjudication of an act of Insolvency where an adjudication has been pronounced and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the estate and effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee shall be given to Creditors and Persons claiming to be Creditors whether such debts are admitted or disputed in the Schedule in the following manner. In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such Creditors or persons claiming to be Creditors and also upon the Attorney of any detaining Creditor or Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the Creditors or Persons claiming to be Creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette* which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order or of the appointment of the day for hearing, unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct.

Provided to be added to Rule—Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.

XXIII.—That every Insolvent shall file with his Schedule a general Balance Sheet of his receipts and expenditure, which account shall in no case commence later than twelve Calendar months before the filing of the Schedule. But if at any time subsequent to the date of the earliest debt in the Schedule any property shall have gone from the Insolvent by sale, assignment, mortgage, distress, execution, or by any means other than the ordinary course of trade or living, the account shall commence so as to include all such transactions, and every Insolvent shall also state in the said general Balance Sheet the cause of his present insolvency and the amount of debts, if any, still due by him under any prior insolvency.

XXIV.—That no dividend shall be reserved for any disputed claim or debt that shall not have been substantiated before or at the sitting of the Court at which the dividend shall be declared, unless the Court shall direct such reservation to be made.

XXV.—That the Court in its discretion, and if it thinks fit to award any costs, may do so against, or to any Assignee, any Insolvent finally discharged, any Petitioner for revocation of adjudication, any Creditor or any person interested in an Insolvent estate applying opposing, or appearing on any application, and either out of the estate or out of the private moneys of any such Person or Party, and may direct to what amount, how, when and in what manner, and by whom the same shall be paid, recovered, or retained.

XXVI.—That the Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to the Supreme Court or to the Insolvent Court to permit him to proceed in Equity or at Law, or in the Ecclesiastical, or Admiralty Jurisdiction, or to defend any suit or action, or take or defend any proceedings without the payment of any fees of office to the Officers of the Supreme Court or Insolvent Court in respect of any demand, claim, or right against or belonging to any Insolvent estate, wherein no assets have been received, and wherein there are no assets expected or recoverable except such as shall be the subject of such suit or action: Provided always that such fees shall be a primary charge on and payable out of the assets recovered therein.

TABLE OF FEES.—From and after this date the folio in the Table of Fees shall be deemed to consist of 90 words instead of 72, and all charges by the folio shall be made at the rate of 5 Annas per folio instead of 8 Annas as heretofore.

The Table of Fees of the Court for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors.

The Folio in this Table shall be deemed to consist of 90 words, and four figures shall be calculated as equal to one word.

	Attorneys.	RS. A.
1 For Retainer	...	1 4
2 For every necessary Letter	...	1 2

	RS.	A.
3. For every attendance in Prison or in Client's house, or elsewhere, out of their own Office, at the Client's request	3	8
4. If necessarily detained beyond an hour, for each additional hour	3	8
5. For every attendance at their own Offices	1	12
6. For every attendance on the Chief Clerk or Official Assignee or other Officer at their Offices in the Court House on matters of course	1	0
7. For attending Court on motions	2	0
8. For attending Court on hearing	5	0
9. For attending in Court each day the case is in the paper and not called on	3	8
10. For attending Master to lay Costs, each hour	1	8
11. For attending any Officer of the Court on matters referred to him, for every hour	3	8
12. For every necessary attendance not otherwise provided for	1	8
13. For drawing every Petition, Schedule, and every other proceeding, matter, or thing, not otherwise provided for, the first folio	1	0
14. For every other folio	0	8
15. For engrossment or fair copy, per folio	0	8
16. For notices including copy and service within the Black Town and Fort	1	0
17. For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	0	8
18. For all copies not otherwise provided for, per folio	0	8
19. For perusing papers preparatory to hearing and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for Brief, subject to be increased in extraordinary cases	2	0
20. For short instructions to Counsel to move	0	12
21. For special instructions to do	3	0
22. For drawing Brief, each Brief sheet of 5 folios	2	0
23. For fair copy of do., each sheet		
24. For every other matter not heretofore specified, the same fees as in small causes on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.		

Sheriff.

1. For executing every Attachment and other Process which may issue to him	0	8
2. For returning same	0	8
3. For every search in his Office	0	8
4. For every certificate		

Master and Taxing Officer.

1. For passing and certifying the Official Assignee's half-yearly Schedule, each Estate where One Hundred Rupees or more shall have been received or disbursed	5	0
2. For every Voucher or Exhibit in passing such Schedule	0	4
3. For every hour employed in the investigation of matters referred to him by the Court	5	0
4. For less than an hour	3	8
5. For every Report or Certificate on matters referred to him, not exceeding 10 folios	5	0
6. For every folio exceeding 10	0	8
7. For taxing Bill of Costs and for every other matter not heretofore specified and required to be done by the Master, the same fees as on the Plea side of the Supreme Court.		

TABLE OF FEES.

INSOLVENTS' COURT.

It is ordered that the following Rule be read and passed as a Rule of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors to take effect from the 12th day of February, 1875.

Instead of the fees now payable to the Chief Clerk, Sealer and Interpreters, there shall be paid in respect of each document specified in the Schedule hereto the fee indicated by the said Schedule as the proper fee for such document.

High Court, MADRAS.	W. MORGAN, Chief Justice.	
12th February, 1875.	W. HOLLOWAY,	
	L. C. INNES,	
	JAS. KERNAN,	
	J. R. KENDERSTLEY,	Judges.

Schedule.

	RS.	A.
1. Petition for the benefit of the Act	15	0
2. Every other document which requires to be filed, except affidavits of service and notices of opposition	1	0
3. Summons and other process, for each person summoned	2	0
4. Rule or Order of Court, except testing orders and orders to bring up Insolvent from Gaol	5	0

	RS.	A.
5. Certificate granted by the Chief Clerk	1	0
6. Application for a search not exceeding one hour	2	0
For every other hour, or part of an hour	2	0
7. Notice of opposition laid at the Office of the Chief Clerk	2	0
8. Application for the attendance of the Chief Clerk before the High Court or a Judge in Chambers with papers from his Office by order of the Court or a Judge or at the request of any party	1	0
9. Affidavit of Service	3	0
10. Copies of all papers, per folio	0	6
11. Commission to examine witnesses or other commission	6	6
12. Examination of an Insolvent or witness reduced into writing at the requisition of a party, attested, not exceeding three folios	1	6
For every other folio	0	3
13. Application for the attendance of an Interpreter at the Court	3	4

The other fees for interpreting and translating to be the same as in the High Court.

The fee to be paid of ninety words and four figures to be calculated as equal to one word.

MADRAS COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

(Established under the provisions of Act IX of 1850—6th December, 1850.)

(Extended under Act XXVII of 1861.)

And Supplement to the Gazette of 26th October, 1852, No. 2,580, page 1.

Court House, Second Lane North Bazaar.

Court sits daily except on Sundays and authorized holidays.

The Clerk's Office is open every day, except Sundays and holidays.

from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

T. M. Busted, Esq., Barrister-at-Law	First Judge.—Pay Rs. 2,000.
T. Muthuswami Iyer, Esq., B. L.	Judge.—On other duty.
P. Sreenivasan Row, Esq.,	Do. —Pay Rs. 1,000.
G. Muthuswami Chettiar, Esq.,	Acting Judge.—Pay Rs. 1,000.
J. M. Maskell, Esq., Barrister-at-Law	Offg. Judge.—Pay Rs. 600.

Officers of the Court.

J. M. Maskell, Esq., B. L.	Clerk of the Court.
P. Ranganatha Moodelliar	Assistant Clerk.
T. M. Ranga Chariar, B. L.	Chief Interpreter.—(On other duty.)
R. E. Kistnasah Chariar	Acting Chief Interpreter.
Saltan Mohideen Sahi	Persian and Hindustani Interpreter.
P. Annaswamy Pillay	Interpreter.
Rangaswamy Aringar	Acting First Judge's Clerk.
C. Mareschammy Moodelliar	Judge's Clerk.
D. Duivandramoney Moodelliar	Do.
V. Subbaraya Aiyar	Do.
N. Neelakanta Pillay	Do.
P. Chettyr Naidoo	Manager.
K. Naidoo, Naidoo	Treasurer.
Mr. S. Haslewood	Deputy and Sworn Broker and Appraiser.
Mr. C. Carmody	Do.
Mr. M. Hoony	Do.
Mr. G. S. Steers	Court and Deposit-keeper and Crier.
Mr. A. Bruce	Keeper of Civil Debtor's Jail.

Sections of the Civil Procedure Code Act X of 1877, applicable to the Madras Court of small causes, Sections 2, 25, 66, 223, 225, 336 and Chapter XXXIX.

Sections of the Civil Procedure Code extended to the Court under Notifications, vide Part St. George of 7th May 1873, p. 8, and 6th May 1873, page 335.

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Officers employed in the Madras Police—Continued.

Districts.	Rank and Name.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Date of appt. to the Police.	Actual performance of duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Ganjam	Major A. M. Lys	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	2 Dec. 1872	9 21	3 10 13	On furl. for 2 years.
	H. T. Rose, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	31 Aug. 73	63	1 11 23	Acting Supt. Chatterpore. [May 1880.
	W. D. Ashlie, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	10 Aug. 73	4 8 7	0 7 15	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	J. Meredith, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	25 Oct. 73	79	1 1 21	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	H. G. Young, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Superintendent	21 Apr. 73	74	0 0 0	On furl. for 2 years.
Vizagapatam	Major C. J. B. Harrison	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	3 Feb. 73	67	0 0 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	A. F. Agat, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	3 Feb. 73	77	3 10 15	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	H. W. Lushington, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	15 June 73	75	2 6 15	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	H. G. Armstrong, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	4 July 73	78	4 4 21	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	L. G. Armstrong, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	4 Mar. 73	75	4 2 18	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
	C. H. Parry, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	4 Mar. 73	75	4 2 18	On 2 years' sick leave to Europe from 15th
Jessore	Major J. S. Blaxland	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	14 Aug. 73	69	6 10 11	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	S. P. C. Scott, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. 3d Grade	12 Nov. 73	77	3 1 8	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
Godavery	Major C. A. Porteous	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	1 May 73	69	4 24	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	T. T. Millett, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	12 May 73	77	3 1 8	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
Kistna	Major W. H. Hoskins	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	14 Apr. 73	69	4 24	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	J. Y. Fullerton, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	24 May 73	70	1 8	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	R. Parvett, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	1 Mar. 73	69	1 0 0	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
Nellare	W. J. A. Sullivan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	29 Jan. 73	69	11 10	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	M. A. Worsop, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	4 Jan. 73	70	4 11 26	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
Kurnool	Lieut. Col. F. J. Hicks	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	1 Mar. 73	61	15 4 14	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	G. T. Egan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	23 Feb. 73	69	10 4 0	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	Major W. H. St. A. Wilson	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	25 Oct. 73	61	11 26	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	Capt. C. E. L. Eastall	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	25 Nov. 73	61	11 26	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	J. F. Sullivan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	12 July 73	72	5 7 16	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th
	J. F. Sullivan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	21 May 73	72	2 6 29	On furl. for 2 years, on M. C. from 20th

† Passed the Law test prescribed for Officers of Police.

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Districts.	Rank and Name.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Date of appt. to the Police.	Actual performance of duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Delhary	Major G. Chrystie	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	7 July 1863	15	4 21	On furl. for 2 years.
	L. G. Arbuthnot, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	4 Mar. 73	75	4 0 15	On special duty at Vizagapatam.
	P. W. Taylor, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	4 Feb. 73	75	2 0 23	On special duty at Vizagapatam.
Cuddapah	Lieut. Col. W. M. Fraser	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	13 Sep. 73	61	15 4 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	G. T. Egan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	23 Feb. 73	69	10 4 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	C. E. Smith, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	21 Mar. 73	89	0 8 23	On furl. for 2 years.
North Arcot	Major H. W. H. Cox	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	1 Mar. 73	61	15 4 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	Major C. J. T. Whitlock	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	18 Jan. 73	67	8 6 26	On furl. for 2 years.
	W. J. A. Sullivan, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	26 Jan. 73	69	11 10 4	On furl. for 2 years.
	A. P. Agat, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	6 Feb. 73	77	3 10 15	On furl. for 2 years.
Chingleput	Lieut. Col. R. H. Cunliffe	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	11 Mar. 73	63	15 4 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	Major R. G. Jenkins	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	10 June 73	67	5 11	On furl. for 2 years.
	T. E. Thomas, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	3 July 73	68	11 10 10	On furl. for 2 years.
	J. H. Stoddard, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	20 June 73	76	4 7 8	On furl. for 2 years.
Tanjore	Major A. T. Rolland	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	2 Dec. 73	62	15 0 3	On furl. for 2 years.
	G. A. S. Thompson, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	29 Jan. 73	78	2 8 6	On furl. for 2 years.
Trichinopoly	Major H. S. Court	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	20 June 73	65	11 6 15	On furl. for 2 years.
	Major F. Kilgour	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	10 May 73	61	13 10 5	On furl. for 2 years.
	Captain G. R. Hodgson	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	9 March 73	69	11 9 26	On furl. for 2 years.
	W. W. Goodrich, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt. of Police	3 Apr. 73	69	10 7 21	On furl. for 2 years.
	P. G. Clerk, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	11 Jan. 73	76	4 11 20	On furl. for 2 years.
Tinnevely	Major H. E. Cunningham	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	17 Nov. 73	61	11 2 4	On furl. for 2 years.
	Major C. J. T. Whitlock	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	18 Jan. 73	67	8 6 26	On furl. for 2 years.
	H. E. Sweet, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	2 May 73	76	4 7 29	On furl. for 2 years.
Salem	Major W. J. Rickance	1555 Staff Corps	2nd Grade	11 May 73	66	11 0 6	On furl. for 2 years.
	E. S. Stevenson, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	12 Jan. 73	5 11 11	0 0 0	On furl. for 2 years.
	O. R. Jones, Esq.	Unconvd	Asst. Supt.	22 Apr. 73	70	1 8 3	On furl. for 2 years.

† Passed the Law test prescribed for Officers of Police.

Firemen employed in the Memphis Police--Continued.

Districts.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appl. to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Date of appl. to the Police.	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.	
Coimbatore	H. m. m. + S. f. f.	Colonel A. M. Davies	1848 Staff Corps	Staff. 1st Grade.	32 Aug.	62 18	3 15	0	0	Act. Dy. Insp. r. Cl. of Police, Southern Range.
	f. f.	Major H. W. Blair	1847 Staff Corps	Staff. of Police. 3d Grade.	11 Apr.	65 13	6 17	1 11	16	Comptroller.
	f. f.	J. E. A. Boyd, Esq.	Unrecd.	Asst. Superintendent	2 Nov.	63 11	1 24	0	0	Acting Supt. of Police, South Canara.
	f. f.	R. S. Stevenson, Esq.	Unrecd.	Asst. Superintendent	9 June	74	5 11	0	0	Broderick.
Malabar	H. m. m. + S. f. m. m. + f. f. m. m. + m. m. + f.	Major F. Hobbs	1860 Staff Corps	Staff. of Police. 2d Grade.	9 Oct.	63 13	2 17	1 10	0	Calicut.
		Captain G. R. Hodgson	1862 Bomb. S. C.	Asst. Superintendent	8 Mar.	63 11	9 26	0	0	Acting Superintendent Madras.
		R. T. Bagshaw, Esq.	Unrecd.	Asst. Supt.	16 May	76	3 1 23	1 5	3	On leave for 20 months from 27th July 79.
		R. T. Bagshaw, Esq.	Unrecd.	Asst. Supt., Sub-provident.	14 Mar.	76	4 6 16	0	0	Namamooty.
		R. D. Robinson, Esq.	Unrecd.	Acting Asst. Supt.	7 May	78	2 7 14	0	0	Paikangal.
	R. Miller, Esq.	Unrecd.	Acting Assistant Supt.	27 May	79	1 6 12	0	0	Tellicherry.	
South Canara	f. f.	J. E. A. Boyd, Esq.	Unrecd.	Acting Supt. of Police. Acting 3rd Grade	3 Nov.	63 11	1 24	0	0	Bangalore.

Passed the Law test prescribed for Officers of Police

Condition on entering the Police Service.

I. Each Police Officer shall produce satisfactory Testimonials of Character and previous conduct.

The Each Police Officer shall devote his whole time to the Police service alone. He shall not be taken in any trade or calling whatever, unless expressly permitted; and he shall faithfully and honestly use his best abilities to fulfill all his duty as a Police Officer.

He is bound and obligated to himself implicitly to all rules which shall from time to time be made for the regulation and good order of the service; and cultivate a proper regard for its honor and respectability.

IV. He shall submit to discipline, observe subordination, and promptly obey all lawful orders which he may receive from persons in authority over him.

Y. I shall serve and reside wherever he may be directed.

NI. He shall appear at all times in such Police Dress and Accoutrement, as shall from time to time be ordered to be worn by each respective rank of the service, and always be neat and clean in his appearance, and shall provide himself with the Dress, &c., or otherwise as ordered.

VII. The small allow such reduction from his pay and allowances as may be required for habitation, food, clothing, Lodging, and the like, under the rules of the service.

to be paid by the District Superintendent shall direct

; EX. He shall not withdraw from the service without distance permission, or until the expiration of two months after giving warning of his intention to do so.

X. Blackhall taken any occasion, or under any pretext whatever, directly or indirectly take or receive any present, gratuity or fee from any person whatsoever, without the express permission of the District Superintendent.

XI. He shall act with respect and deference towards all official authorities of the country, and with forbearance, kindness and civility towards persons of all ranks. He shall observe a respectable and peaceful line of private conduct and avoid all partizan ship.

• XIII. Each Police Officer may be required to resign the service, and is liable to immediate dismissal for unfitness, negligence and misconduct, by order of the Chief Commissioner; and may be suspended, be fined or otherwise punished for minor offences at the discretion of the District Superintendent.

XIII. Leave, with retention of any part of his pay cannot be claimed as of right by any Police Officer; but will be granted, when it can be done without inconvenience to the Public Service.

XIV. Every Article of Dress or Appointment, Lodgings, &c., which may have been supplied to a Police Officer at public cost will be immediately delivered up or vacated, when he may come to belong to this Police Force, or may have been suspended.

XV. If and of such articles, or appointments, or hat, or the like, have, in the opinion of the District Superintendent, been improperly used or damaged, a deduction from any pay due to the party shall be made sufficient to make good the damage, or supply a new article.

XVI. Every Police Officer who shall be dismissed, shall forfeit the whole of the pay due to him at the time of dismissal.

MADRAS,
22nd July 1859

W. ROBINSON,
Chief Commissioner Madras Police.

JAIL DEPARTMENT.

Inspector General of Jails.—Colonel T. B. E. TERRY.

Manager.—Mr. H. J. De Munn.

Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge of the Central and District Jails.

Description.	Names of the Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge.
<i>Central Jails.</i>	
Rajamahendry.....	Major J. McD. Smith, Superintendent. Surgeon S. M. Tyrrell, R.N.R., in Medical charge.
Vellore.....	Major W. H. MacLeod, Superintendent. Surgeon H. D. Cook, R.N.R., in Medical charge.
Salem.....	J. W. Johnston, Esq., Superintendent. Surgeon Major R. E. Pearce, (On other duty.) Surgeon H. J. Hazlett, in Medical charge.
Trichinopoly.....	W. W. Goodrich, Esq., Acting Superintendent. Surgeon Major J. B. Thomas, L.N.R.M., in Medical charge. G. D. Grimes, Esq., Superintendent.
Cannanore.....	Surgeon W. J. Hastings, R.N.R., in Medical charge (on 6 months privilege leave.) Surgeon W. A. Lee, Acting.

Description of Jails.	Name of the Superintendents and Medical Officers in charge.
Coinabators.....	H. B. Grimes, Esq., Superintendent. Surg.-Maj. G. S. W. Ogg, M.A., M.B., in med. charge, (on leave). Surg.-Maj. G. E. Whitton, M.B., M.A., in medical charge.
Penitentiary, Madras.....	W. A. Symonds, Esq., Superintendent. Surgeon Major S. B. Hunt, in Medical charge.
<i>District Jails.</i>	
Russellcoudah Hill Jail.....	C. F. MacCartie, Esq., C. S., Special Asst. Ganjam, Supt. Apothecary T. Evans, in medical charge.
Berhampore.....	Surgeon Major Walter Fry, Superintendent, (on furlough). Surgeon W. A. Quayle, M.B., Acting Superintendent.
Parvathipere Hill Jail.....	G. W. Fawcett, Esq., C. S., Senior Asst., Vizagapatnam, Supt.
Vizagapatnam.....	Surgeon A. K. Rogers Harrison, Supt.—Lunatic Asylum.
Bajamandry.....	Major J. McD. Smith, S. C., Superintendent. Surgeon S. M. Tyrrell, M.B., M.A., in Medical charge.
Guntur.....	Hony. Surgeon P. Anderson, Superintendent.
Nellore.....	Surgeon Major Eneas McLeod Ross, Superintendent.
Kurnool.....	Surgeon W. G. King, Superintendent.
Bellary.....	Surgeon A. L. Hackett, Superintendent.
Cuddapah.....	M. Ayyaswamy Pillay, Civil Surgeon, Superintendent.
Chittoor.....	Surgeon T. H. Pope, M.B., M.A., Acting Superintendent.
Guntur.....	A. Pinto, Esq., Superintendent.
Chingleput.....	Surgeon Major R. Dempster, in medical charge.
Cuddalore.....	Surgeon Major E. A. Trimmell, Superintendent.
Tanjore.....	Surgeon Major O. Robertson, M.B., Superintendent.
Trichinopoly.....	Surgeon J. Maitland, M.B., Superintendent. Surgeon Major E. E. Lloyd, Superintendent. W. W. Goodrich, Esq., Acting Superintendent.
Madara.....	Surgeon Major J. B. Thomas, M.B., M.A., in medical charge.
Tinnevely.....	Surgeon J. Lancaster, Superintendent. Surgeon Major G. D. MacAlister, M.B., Supt., (on furlough). Surgeon G. T. Thomas, Acting Superintendent.
Cochin.....	M. A. Platen, Esq., Superintendent.
Calicut.....	Surgeon M. H. Smith, in medical charge.
Tellicherry.....	Surgeon Major W. H. Roberts, M.B., Supt.—Lunatic Asylum.
Mangalore.....	Surgeon E. Hyde, Superintendent.
Palghat Fort Jail.....	Surgeon A. P. Dobson, (on leave).
Coinabators.....	Surgeon M. S. Byze, M.B., Acting Superintendent. J. Tyrrell, Esq., Acting Superintendent.
Ootacamund.....	H. B. Grimes, Esq., Superintendent. Surgeon Major G. S. W. Ogg, M.A., M.B., in Medical charge, (on leave). Surgeon Major G. E. Whitton, M.B., in medical charge.
Do. European Prison.....	Colonel C. D. Clementson, (Joint Magistrate), Supt. Surgeon Major J. Smith, in medical charge.
Grand Jail for Insolvent Debtors, Madras.....	Colonel C. D. Clementson, (Joint Magistrate), Supt. Surgeon Major J. Smith, in medical charge. W. A. Symonds, Esq., Superintendent. Surg.-Maj. D. B. Thompson, M.B., M.A., in medical charge.

POLICE OF THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

Commissioner's Office, PARKER ROAD.

Colonel W. S. Dwyer.....	Comdr. of Police and Mag.—On 2 years furlough.
Colonel W. O. Swanton.....	Acting Commissioner of Police.
Captain D. Hemming.....	Depty. Comdr. of Police and Justice of the Peace.
T. Ramachandran Row, Esq.....	Assistant Comdr. of Police and Justice of the Peace.
C. Bucknatchaloo Naidoo.....	Manager.
T. Mahmud Abdul Hyeasain Saib.....	Cash Keeper.
Mr. R. P. Stuart.....	Keeper of the Justices' Jail.
" E. Copestake.....	Keeper of the Lock-up House, Egmore Police Court.
<i>Inspectors.</i>	
Mr. E. M. Upshon.....	A Division.
" F. W. Fitzpatrick.....	B do.
" W. Timms.....	C do.
" J. C. Eaton.....	D do.
" W. Green.....	E do.
" M. Abdoo Saikam.....	F do.
Mr. J. McNamara.....	G Division.
" T. Crockett.....	H Division.
" W. Brown.....	I Division.
" R. P. Starns.....	Town Police Court.
" E. Copestake.....	Egmore Police Court.

SERJEANTS.	
Mr. J. Slater.....	A Division.
" T. Rajagopal.....	do.
" S. Koppolett.....	do.
" G. Hubert.....	do.
" T. G. Underwood.....	do.
" E. Briggs.....	do.
" H. Ballantyne.....	do.
" F. G. Marshall.....	B do.
" J. Cooke.....	do.
" A. W. Dale.....	C do.
" G. Ashe.....	do.
" E. G. Richter.....	do.
" W. Power.....	do.
" C. Seaman.....	do.
Mr. G. Dymond.....	D Division.
" J. Martel.....	do.
" H. McCoy.....	do.
" R. O. Mason.....	E do.
" E. A. Mitchell.....	do.
" W. M. Fitzgerald.....	F do.
" S. J. De Fontaine.....	do.
" H. J. D. Calder.....	G do.
" W. L. L. Everard.....	do.
" T. De Cruz.....	do.
" G. F. Speechly.....	do.
" J. Hince.....	do.
" H. E. Miller.....	H do.

MARINE POLICE.

Mr. H. Harrington, Superintendent. | Mr. T. Wayne, Inspector.
J. Sizemore, Sergeant.

MAGISTERIAL DEPARTMENT.

Lieut.-Col. T. Weldon, Chief Magistrate for the Town of Madras.
Southern (or 2nd) Division—Presidency Magistrate's Court, Egmore.
Lt. Col. T. Weldon, Chief Magistrate. | Veerabudra Iyer, Interpreter.
Mr. Anwaruddin Saib, Presy. Magistrate. | C. Chelvapilla Naidu, do.
Mr. J. Monk, Chief Clerk.
Northern (or 1st) Division—Presidency Magistrate's Court, Black Town.
W. M. Schazlieb, Esq., M.B., Presy. Mag. | Subramania Sastri, Interpreter.
Ponnaswamy Pillay, do. | Annaswamy Moodelly, do.
Mr. White, Chief Clerk.

For Magisterial purposes the Town of Madras is divided into two Districts:—
The 1st District consists of the B, C and H Police Divisions.
The 2nd District of the D, E, F and G Police Divisions.
The Reports are heard daily at 11 a. m. at the Office of the Commissioner of Police and Town Police Court.
The Commissioner of Police is accessible at his Office at all times during the day and night, in cases of emergency.
The Penitentiary, and Her Majesty's Debtors' Jail, are in charge of the Superintendent of Prisons, Mr. W. A. Symonds. The Justices' Jail and Lock-up Houses in charge of the Commissioner of Police.
All religious and other processions are regulated and controlled by the Commissioner of Police.
All correspondence on matters connected with the Executive Police, must be addressed to the Commissioner of Police.
All complaints against Police Officers are to be preferred to the Commissioner of Police.

The Police is divided into Seven Divisions, with an Inspector at the head of each.
Under the Provisions of Section 10 of Act VIII of 1867, the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council does hereby constitute the two undermentioned Districts to be Police Districts, within the town of Madras, from the first day of August, 1868, in supersession of the Districts constituted by the Notification by the Right Honorable the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council, dated 15th February, 1837:—
1. District.—The 1st District shall comprise the Black Town of Madras, the villages of Rayagopalram, Washermanpettah and Tondiarpettah, and all other villages, hamlets and places within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court at Madras, which are to the north of the River of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's High Court at Madras, including Cochrane's Canal a small triangular piece of ground on the north-western side of Cochrane's Canal forming part of the village of Cordongoor, the Wallajah Bridge, and so much of the Cooum River as is within the boundaries hereinafter defined, Cochrane's Canal Basin, Bridge up to the Ootary or Sawyer's Bridge, and from thence west by the Cooum road to the boundary of the said local limits, and such District is bounded as follows:—

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

List of Justices of the Peace for the Presidency of Madras including those for the Town of Madras.

NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.
Andrew, J.	Glenny, W H	Longley, C T	Spencer, E E
Arundel, A T	Goldingham, J D	Lys, A M	St. Clair, Hon J C
Atkinson, A J B	Goodrich, H St. A	MacCartie, Chas. F	Stokes, G
Atkinson, J. N.	Gordon, H P	MacGregor, A	Stokes, H E
Austin, W P	Grady, W F	McIvor, L	Stokes, H J
Baker, T H	Gribble, J D B	Mackenzie, G T	Stuart, A E C
Barlow, E W	Grigg, H B	Macleod, W S	Stuart, A J
Bartlett, W H	Grose, J	Macleod, C D	Sturrock, J
Benson, R S	Hamrick, M	Majoribanks, J A	Sullivan, H E
Best, J W	Hamilton, F W	Martin, C W W	Swanston, W O
Bird, C A	Hammatt, F H	McCarthy, S T	Tate, W J
Blair, H W	Harvington, J C	McWaters, G	Taylor, A L
Bliss, H W	Rappell, W A	Martindale, A H T	Taylor, J B
Brandt, F	Hardings, T Von D	Master, O G	Tennant, T B E
Brodie, V A	Heam, C S	Michael, J	Thomas, H S
Bulck, D	Hebert, F H	Minto, R	Thomson, James
Burnell, A C	Kenning, D	Moore, L	Thompson, A
Burrows, L R	Hicks, T J	Moore, P W	Thornburn, W M
Campbell, L A	Higgins, A W B	Mourasay, C H	Tremenhere, J H A
Carmichael, Hon. D F	Kodgson, G R	Murray, G A	Turner, H G
Carr-Gomara, F C	Hole, F	Nelson, J H	Turner, E
Clemenson, C D	Holmes, W C	Nicholson, F A	Underwood, W G
Clogston, H F	Hopet, J	O'Farrell, H H	Wallace, J
Cole, P A	Holtsburgh, B	Overbury, E N	Webster, E F
Comyn, W H	Horsfall, J G	Parker, G A	Weir, C J
Court, H S	Horsfall, T M	Pennington, J B	Weir, T
Cox, A F	Hersley, W D	Phipps, G A	Weir, M R
Croft, C S	Huddleston, Hon. W	Plumer, C G	Weldon, T
Cross, M	Hugheson, J C	Plunkett, C E	Welsh, W H
Crosthwaite, G J	Hutchins, P P	Power, E H	Whitcliffe, W S
Cruickshank, A	Innes, Hon. L C	Price, J F	Whitlock, C J T
Cumming, G L R	Irvine, G D	Pritchard, T	Wigram, H
Daniel, J B	Johnson, E G	Puckie, R K	Woodroffe, F H
Davidson, R	Jones, O R	Ramachandra Rao, T	Wilkinson, F H
Davies, J A	Joseph, E G	Rees, J D	Wilson, W
Dennison, J H	Kelsall, J	Reid, J W	Willock, W A
Dwyer, W S	Kindersley, Hon. J R	Rice, E	Winterbotham, H M
Duznargue, J W F	Knox, G J	Richardson, Capt. H	Wright, W E
Farnor, H E	Knox, H T	Ross, H T	Wynne, S H
Fawcett, G W	Kong, C	Rowland, C H	
Fisher, G S	Lellan, E S	Russel, S	
Foster, W S	Leggatt, B C	Savell, H	
Gahan, R K	Lee-Wanner, J	Savell, E	Aspinwall, J H
Galton, C A	Lo-Fan, W J H	Savell, E J	Black, W N
Gargala, J H	Lorann, G D	Sheffield, W R	Branton, George
Gibson, E	Lister, A L	Sird, H A	Grieve, J
Gibson, Fred. E	Loche, S R	Smith, J F	Holmes, W T
Gilham, F M	Logan, W	Spedding, J B	Ongterson, J R
			Sparrows, C B

PART VI.—MARINE.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Office.—SEA CUSTOM HOUSE, NORTH BEACH.—Hours of business, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

	SALARY.
J. H. Taylor, Esq., Lieut., R.N.R. Master Attendant and Registrar of Shipping	1,500
T. E. Marshall, Esq. * Deputy Master Attendant	700
W. H. Bartlett, Esq. 1st Assistant Master Attendant	650
C. H. Rowland, Esq. 2nd do. do.	550

OUT-PORTS.

Masters Attendant.	
Mr. F. M. Gilham	Coringa and Cocanada ..
" H. Richardson	Calicut and Beypore ..
" J. H. Dennison	Negapatam and Nagore ..
" R. K. Gahan	Cochin ..
" G. H. Phipps	Tuticorin ..
" W. A. Jarvis	Vizagapatam ..
" J. R. Winckler	Masulipatam ..
" A. Minto	Bimlipatam ..
" A. L. Taylor	Gopulpore ..
" T. H. Baker	Pattinam ..
" G. W. Weeks	Mangalore ..

Conservators.	
Mr. W. A. Rouse	Tranquebar ..
C. Raj. Rutna Pillay	Tellicherry ..
Mr. J. Boyer	Cannanore ..
S. Seevoji Row	Cuddalore ..
G. S. Gouge	Port Novo ..
Captain W. Farley	Calicut ..
Mr. J. Brown	Calicut ..
Ramesawmy Puttur	Calicut ..
Mr. E. Rodrigues	Calicut ..
O. Ramunni	Calicut ..
Mr. C. Mayer, Senior Govt. Pilot	Cochin...3-5th share of pilotage fee.
" E. Pinto, Junior do.	

Board of Examiners in Navigation and Seamanship.
J. H. Taylor, Esq., Lieut., R.N.R. Ex-Officio President.
T. E. Marshall, Esq. Examiner.

Port Surgeons.
The Medical Officer at the undermentioned ports are appointed Port Surgeons to grant Bills of Health to vessels bound for the Mauritius, viz—
Madras.—The Port and Marine Surgeon.
Ganjam.—The Apothecary, Chatterpore.
Vizagapatam.—The Regimental Surgeon.
Masulipatam.—The Civil Surgeon.
Cocanada.—The Apothecary in charge.
Cuddalore.—The Civil Surgeon.
Tranquebar.—The Civil Surgeon.
Negapatam.—The Apothecary in charge.
Calicut.—The Regimental Surgeon.
Cochin.—The Civil Surgeon.
Calicut.—The Civil Surgeon.
Tellicherry.—The Civil Surgeon.
Cannanore.—The Garrison Surgeon.
Mangalore.—The Senior Medical Officer.

Superintendents of Sea Customs.

Districts.	Ports.	Superintendents.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
Arcot, South.....	Cuddalore.....	O. Kristnarow, Actg.....	Rs. 70	22 November 1875
	Do.	Ramasami Aiyer, Actg.....	70	1876
	Port Novo.....	Kistnasami Aiyer, (on leave).....	50	13 April 1872
Canara, South....	Do.	Mr. G. S. Gouge, Acting.....	100	1 August 1882
	Mangalore.....	Sadat Khan.....	50	25 March 1873

* Marine Storekeeper, Superintendent Mercantile Marine Office and Conservator of the Port.

Superintendents of Sea Customs.—(Continued.)

Districts.	Ports.	Superintendents.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
			RS.	
Ganjam	Ganjam	Mr. M. Brown	115	2 November 1868
	Gopaulpore	Capt. A. B. Taylor		1 February 1876
	Calingapatnam	Mr. W. S. Farley	100	26 April 1872
Godavery	Cocanada	K. Venkat Suba Row	100	8 April 1873
	Coringa	S. Lingamoorthi	70	11 December 1875
	Narsapur	V. Rathangapam Rao	50	31 November 1876
Masulipatam	Kistna River Port	Mr. John Creswell	110	1 October 1866
Madura	Pamban	Mr. J. A. Barby	100	1 June 1859
	Calicut	K. Ramayan	100	8 March 1872
	Cochin	Mr. Barboza	100	1 August 1871
Malabar	Cannanore	J. T. D'Rezario	70	1 January 1872
	Tellicherry	Rajarathnam Pillay	70	1 February 1875
	Palaghat	Mr. E. Rodrigues	50	2 March 1872
Nellore	Ponnani	T. Barboza	50	8 August 1873
	Kodli	O. Ramoony	50	25 February 1872
	Kottapattam and Itanukula	Ongole Venkatramiah	70	10 November 1876
Tanjore	Negapatam	Mr. T. S. Rouse	100	22 April 1876
	Tranquebar	W. A. Rouse	80	22 April 1876
	Moozupettah	Lachmanasami Naidu	50	25 May 1872
Tinnevely	Prinivilassai	T. S. Madhava Rao	50	1 June 1876
	Tuticorin	Rangasami Moodley	100	1 September 1874
	Bimlipatam	M. Sandra Rau Pantulu	100	1 August 1862
Vizagapatam	Vizagapatam	Grandi Venkatapati	85	1 August 1864
	Pentacotta	N. Lakshmiapermalu	50	2 January 1872

Madras Screw Pile Pier.

This important work has been completed by Mr. Frederick Johnson, Civil Engineer of North Street, Westminster, London, pursuant to the terms of a Contract entered into between the Council of India and himself, under date the 9th November 1858.

The dimensions of the structure are as follows:—

Extreme length, from high water-mark, 1,000 feet.

Breadth throughout, 40 feet. Besides its main body, the Pier has a cross of T-shaped head, 100 feet long by 40 broad. This work is constructed of Mitchell's Patent Screw Piles, of solid wrought iron, respectively 6 inches and 8 inches in diameter, placed in rows of four abreast, and at distances of 10 feet between the centre of each row.

These Piles are screwed down into the sand to the depths undermentioned, that is to say—the first 25 rows, 11 feet; the second 25 rows, 13 feet; and all the remainder, 15 feet.

The whole structure is securely tied together by transverse T-braces of wrought iron, and by longitudinal tension rods of the same material.

Commencing at the inner part side of the Pier Head and continued 200 feet on each side of the main structure, the iron Piles are protected by fender piles of timber placed at short intervals, and secured to the Iron Screw Piles by strong wrought Iron bands.

Originally the platform was composed of beams of creosoted Baltic Timber covered with teak planks, six inches broad by four inches thick, with spaces between the planks. This has now been replaced by beams of teak covered with mango planks, three inches thick, placed close together and the seams caulked in the same manner as the deck of a Ship.

Four lines of railway are laid down along the main Pier, with the necessary Turntables, &c., and the rest of the space available fitted up for the service of foot-passengers.

The Pier Head is furnished with six fixed cranes, varying in their lifting power from 3 to 10 tons, and 8 moveable cranes of 20 hundred weight each are placed on the railways traversing from point to point as necessity arises.

It is proposed to dispense with the Screw Moorings provided for in the Contract, and in lieu of them to put down Bridle Moorings with or e-arm Anchors.

The total cost of the works, as agreed on in Mr. Johnson's Original Contract, was £1,03,616, but a second Contract was subsequently entered into for the extension of the structure shoreward a length of 50 feet, at an extra charge of £4,332.

The Pier was damaged in the Cyclone in May 1872 by a native vessel drifting through it, in the same place as was damaged on a former occasion by the *St. Bernard*.

Establishment of the Madras Pier.

Pier Master	Rs. 225	8 Peons	Rs. 61
2 Clerks, at Rs. 25-8 and 17-8	43	2 Sweepers	14
1 Traffic Overseer	60	1 Sergeant	25
2 Asst. do.	38	1 Asst. do.	12
4 Conicopolies	44	1st Assistant Master Attendant	60
2 Money-takers	35		
1 Tindal	14		
3 Lascars	21		
2 Duffadars	21		
		Rupees	744

Tolls on Goods and Passengers passing over the Madras Pier.

Octacommund, June 9, 1875.—The following Tolls will be levied, under the provisions of Section 2 of Act V of 1865, on Goods and Passengers passing over the Madras Pier on and after the 1st July 1875:—

REVISED SCALE OF PIER TOLLS.

Ordinary Weights.	RS. A.	Horse	RS. A.
On every Masula boat of export or import goods or baggage	0 8	Pony	5 0
Heavy Weights.		Cow	2 8
Steam boiler	15 0	Calf	2 0
Machinery in pieces, per ton	2 8	Race Boat	1 0
Other articles of 1 ton or upwards, and not specified below, per ton	1 8	Jelly do.	2 8
Four-wheeled carriage	8 8	Pier Carriages up or down	0 12
1st do.	2 0	Pianoforte	0 8
		Dogs, sheep, and other small animals, each	8 8
			0 1

Passengers.

Each passenger landing or embarking, including personal baggage taken in boat with him	0 2 0
Ships' market boats taking provisions at the Pier	0 4 0
All goods passing over the Pier on Sundays and after 6 p.m. will be subjected to double rates.	

All goods landed which are subject to duty will be discharged into the Custom House. All goods landed which are free from duty will be discharged at the inner end of the Pier, from whence parties must make arrangements for their immediate removal.

(By Order of the Governor in Council.)

D. F. CHAMBERLAIN, *Offy. Chief Secretary.*

Ports for the Shipment and Landing of Goods.

Memorandum.—FORT ST. GEORGE, September 7, 1865.—Under Section 10, Act VI of 1863, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the undermentioned places to be only ports for the shipment and landing of Goods in the Madras Presidency.

Districts.	No.	Name of Ports.	Districts.	No.	Name of Ports.
GANJAM	1	Ganjam.	NELLORE	26	Gangadipoliam.
	2	Musurcottah.		27	Moruteta.
	3	Soupar.		28	Kottapattam.
	4	Barwah.		29	Itanukula.
	5	Poondu.		30	Pakala.
	6	Bapanaupadu.		31	Kanuparthi.
	7	Calingapatam.		32	Ramapatam.
	8	Gopaulpore.		33	Chennampaliam.
VIZAGAPATAM	9	Cocanada.		34	Tammilapenta.
	10	Bimlipatam.		35	Zuvaladinne.
	11	Vizagapatam.		36	Iskypalli.
	12	Pudimadaka.		37	Pennapudi.
	13	Pentacottah.		38	Maipadu.
	14	Uppada.		39	Kistnapatanam.
	15	Cocanada.		40	Pamenjda.
	16	Coringa.		41	Tupilli.
GODAVERY	17	Bendamuriludra.		42	Dagarapattam.
	18	Narsapur.		43	Pudi.
	19	Masulipatam.	MADRAS	44	Ennore.
	20	Mettapallicam.		45	Madras.
	21	Nizampatam.		46	Cuddery.
	22	Epoorpolicam.		47	Mercanam.
	23	Motapalli.		48	Cuddalore.
	24	Nagayalunka.		49	Porto Novo.
	25	Penamudi.		50	
KISTNA			ARCOT, SOUTH		

Parts for the Shipment and Landing of Goods—(continued.)

Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.	Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.
TANJORE.....	50	Candempolliam.	S. CANARA	99	Parony.
	51	Trinacavasi.		100	Tanore.
	52	Krishnajiapatam.		101	Parparangady.
	53	Tranquebar.		102	Cadalundy.
	54	Nagore.		103	Beypore.
	55	Negapatam.		104	Molunkadu.
	56	Valangay.		105	Colicut.
	57	Toporai.		106	Pudiangadi.
	58	Point Calniere.		107	Elattr.
	59	Kattupattai.		108	Kapatt.
	60	Adirapattam.		109	Chidandy.
	61	Caturuvadi.		110	Kasina.
	62	Annapattam.		111	Chidliere.
	63	Kottapattam.		112	Trechodi.
	64	Gopalapattam.		113	Kottakkal.
	65	Sundrapondiapattam.		114	Vadakkal, or Bada-
	66	Pasypattam.		115	Mattanguel. [ghoisy.
	67	Damotharampattam.		116	Chembay.
	68	Pondy.		117	Chal.
	69	Nambudalay.		118	Tellicherry.
MADURA.....	70	Pudupattam.		119	Talal.
	71	Carungadu.		120	Darampattam.
	72	Terupolacudi.		121	Kasir.
	73	Duripattam.		122	Cannanore.
	74	Mudiapattam.		123	Pudiangadi.
	75	Attangudi.		124	Dalipattam.
	76	Pullapattam.		125	Etticolum.
	77	Paumbur.		126	Kavel.
	78	Ramaswaram.		127	Katecherri.
	79	Mundapum.		128	Belal.
TINNEVELLY.....	80	Vedain.		129	Connygoda.
	81	Morakayapattam.		130	Udipi.
	82	Muttupattai.		131	Cumla.
	83	Kedakur.		132	Vemjeshwer.
	84	Yerrandi.		133	Mangalore.
	85	Valenokum.		134	Mulla.
	86	Pypore.		135	Pududri.
	87	Tidicorin.		136	Erual.
	88	Colicut.		137	Uchil.
	89	Colicuturupattam.		138	Camp.
MALABAR.....	90	Cochin.		139	Oodisaver.
	91	Attiprom.		140	Malpe.
	92	Mudaliwayl.		141	Barcar or Hungercull.
	93	Kirkaye.		142	Kondapur.
	94	Attakaye.		143	Nattencottan.
	95	Cherthala.		144	Dindur.
	96	Vellankode.		145	Sherur.
	97	Pennary.			
	98	Kutty.			

N. B.—Principal Ports at which there is a Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent, are printed in italics. Subordinate Ports are printed in Roman type.
W. HULLSTON Acting Secretary to Government.

PORT DUES.

NOTIFICATION.—MARINE DEPARTMENT.—Fort St. George, October 2, 1887.—Under the provisions of Section 14 of Act VII of 1837, the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council hereby declares the Port Dues hereunder specified to be chargeable at the several ports named in the Schedules A and B of the said Act:—

Eastern Group.	Rates.	Eastern Group.	Rates.
Ganjam.....	Annas 2	Madrass.....	Annas 3
Munseercothall.....	" 2	Cuddalore.....	" 2
Calicutapattam.....	" 2	Porto Novo.....	" 2
Bijulipattam.....	" 2	Tranquebar.....	" 2
Vizagapatam.....	" 3	Negapatam and Nagore....	" 3
Cocanada and Coringa....	" 2	Tuticorin.....	" 3
Masulipattam.....	" 2		

Western Group.	Rates.	Western Group.	Rates.
Cochin.....	Annas 3	Cannanore.....	Annas 2
Calicut and Beypore.....	" 3	Mangalore.....	" 2
Tellicherry.....	" 2		

The ports of Negapatam and Nagore shall be treated as one and the same port; every vessel, in respect of which port dues shall have been charged and taken at one of the said two ports, being exempted from the charge on entering the other port.

By order of the Governor in Council,
A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

Scholarship Regulations sanctioned by the Governor in Council, for carrying out the Amended Boat Rules for September 1887.

The following Rules are generally applicable to all out-ports to which the Amended Boat Rules are, by the preceding Notification, extended, unless otherwise specially provided in the Subsidiary Rules for the Districts:

I. The following fees for surveying Boats under Section 2 of the Amended Rules:—

Boats or Canoes carrying 8 to 10 tons and upwards.....	Rs. A.	Boats or Canoes carrying 2 to 4 tons.....	Rs. A.
Do. do. 8 to 5 tons.....	5 0	Do. do. 1 to 2 tons.....	1 8
Do. do. 4 to 3 tons.....	4 0	Do. do. 1 ton.....	1 0
Do. do. 1 to 2 tons.....	3 0	Catamarans.....	0 8

II. No Boat shall, at any of the ports to which the Amended Rules are made applicable, be hired for any longer time in advance than one day, and every boat being on the beach unemployed for half an hour shall be considered to be discharged.

III. The double rates specified in the Notification published in the Fort Saint George Gazette of the 5th July 1881, page 43, shall be levied only on the days stated in the Notification issued by the Superintendent of Marine on the 14th March 1887, No. 993, viz:—

Christmas day,	Good Friday,	Prince of Wales' Birthday,
New Year's day,	Queen's Birthday,	All Sundays.

BOAT AND CATAMARAN REGULATIONS, &c.

1. It is hereby notified that beneath the Master Attendant's Office on the Beach, is an Office, where Boats and Catamarans can be procured, and where Registers of all Licensed Boats, Catamarans, and their respective Owners and Crews are kept, and are open to public inspection, and in which copies of the Act No. IV of 1842, for the better management of the Boats and Catamarans, and for the amendment of certain Harbour Regulations, are suspended.

2. If a Boat or Catamaran is required for any extraordinary service to a Ship or Vessel, either at anchor, or under weigh beyond the limits of the Port, then the amount of hire which may be demanded may be referred to the Master Attendant or his Deputy for adjustment. NOTE.—For the purpose of the foregoing rule, a Ship at anchor in, or beyond 10 fathoms, and a Ship at any distance under sail, beyond that depth of soundings in any line of bearing from the Master Attendant's Flag Staff shall be considered as without the limits of this Port.

3. In cases of great emergency, by night or by day, the owners of Boats and Catamarans kept for the purpose of being let out on hire, shall aid and assist the Master Attendant and his Deputy by every means in their power, and shall induce the Boatmen and Catamaran men to perform their service required, and when great personal risk shall have been incurred, or arduous services performed, and those on whose account such duties are undertaken, refuse to remunerate the Crew for the same, the Master Attendant will bring the merits of the case to the notice of Government.

4. The Boat and Catamaran men are not to be employed on board any Ship or Vessel in these roads; any wilful breach of this Regulation will be considered desertion and neglect of duty, and will render the person offending liable to the punishment provided for such desertion and neglect by Section XV of Act No. IV of 1842.

5. All owners of Boats and Catamarans, and all other persons, either belonging to any Ship or Vessel in the Madras Roads or to the Boats, or Catamarans to be let on hire, are cautioned against the shipment of any goods or passengers or ballast without first obtaining a Permit from the Collector of Sea Customs or his Deputy, any person or persons found guilty of any such transgression being liable to the penalties provided in Section XXIII of the Marine Police Regulations.

6. All owners of Boats and Catamarans must make known to their respective Crews, the full intent and purport of the several port signals, which, as occasionally may require, will be displayed at the Master Attendant's Flag Staff, especially the recall signal for all Boats and Catamarans, which is a white pennant with a red ball; and when this signal is hoisted, all Boats and Catamarans must immediately repair to the shore.

7. The Crews of Boats and Catamarans kept for the purpose of being let on hire, shall not be changed or transferred from one Boat or Catamaran to another, without the sanction of the Master Attendant.

8. The Accommodation Boats shall be kept in the same good order as heretofore, and are always to be provided each with an awning, and with seats and cushions, and in case they shall not, in the judgment of the Master Attendant, be kept in proper order, the Owners shall be deprived of their licenses until the same shall be put in proper order for the reception of Passengers.

9. All Owners of Boats and Catamarans are to make known to their respective Crews that the Officer or Peon in charge of the Police or Revenue Boat, is authorized and empowered by Section XIX of Act No. IV of 1812, to stop, search, and detain any Boat and Catamaran plying to and from the Ships and Vessels in the Roads, and that all Boatmen and Catamaran men who may impede or obstruct any Police Officer in the execution of his or their duty, will render themselves amenable to the penalties provided for in Section XIX of the above recited Act.

10. Should any difference or dispute arise between the Owner or Owners of Boats and Catamarans let on hire, and any person or persons hiring the same, as to the amount of hire for services performed, the party or parties may refer the case for adjustment to the Master Attendant or his Deputy, in which case each party shall sign a paper agreeing to abide by the decision of the said Master Attendant or his Deputy, and such paper shall be retained in the Office of the said Master Attendant.

SCHEDULE B.

MAXIMUM RATE OF BOAT AND CATAMARAN HIRE.

Accommodation Boats.		Rs. A. P.
Ordinary trip.....	3 8 8	0 0 0
Trip beyond 9 fathoms.....	5 0 0	1 0 0

Common Boats:		To vessels in 4 fathoms or upwards.	To native Craft under 4 fathoms.	Annas less if proceeding from the Pier.
		Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	
Ordinary trip.....	*	2 8	1 8	
Trip beyond 9 fathoms.....	*	3 8	1 8	
Transshipment.....	*	1 8	2 8	
Trip in strong current or foul weather.....	*	5 0	1 12	
Do. do. beyond 9 fathoms.....	*	2 12	1 12	
Ballast trip.....	*	3 12	2 8	
Do. beyond 9 fathoms.....	*	5 0	2 8	
Water trip (from the Beach).....	*	5 0		
Do. beyond 9 fathoms.....	*	5 0		

Large Pier Boats.		Rs. A. P.
Ordinary trip.....	additional	1 0 0
Trip beyond 9 fathoms.....		0 8 0
Transshipment.....		0 12 0
Trip in strong current or foul weather.....		1 8 0
Do. beyond 9 fathoms.....		2 4 0
Water trip.....		1 8 0
Do. beyond 9 fathoms.....		2 4 0
Water charges from Pier end.		
Hire of casks to contain 2 tons, 4 casks at 3 annas each.....		0 12 0
Water, 2 tons, at 8 annas per ton.....		1 0 0

Sundry Charges.		Rs. A. P.
Coolies employed for weighing.....	Hire of four casks to contain 500 lbs. A. P.	
anchors, each man.....	1 0 0	
For tarpaulin, each trip.....	0 4 0	
	gallons of water (2 tons) for one trip.....	0 0 5
	For filling do. at the water's edge.....	0 0 0

NOTE.—A Government charge of 2 Annas a ton for water is likewise levied.

Small Catamarans.		Rs. A. P.
Ordinary trip.....	one day	1 6 0
Trip in foul weather or beyond 9 fathoms.....		1 0 0

Large Catamarans.		Rs. A. P.
Large Catamaran hire, ordinary size, of 16 logs per trip.....		10 0 0
Do. Coolies per trip, for each man.....		0 8 0
Do. large size, of 22 logs, per trip.....		15 0 0
Do. Coolies per trip, for each man.....		0 8 0

The above rates apply to boats working to and from the Beach, between Clive's Battery and Parry and Co's Office.

* In abeyance in consequence of damage to the Pier.

Boat and Catamaran Hire.

Extra Hire.	Accommodation Boat.	Common Boat.	Catamaran.	Large Catamaran.
	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Trips between 6 and 8 p. m.	1 12	0 12	0 2 6	...
Do. do. 8 p. m. and 5 a. m.	3 8	1 8	0 5 0	...
Do. do. Parry and Co's and Marine Villa.....	1 8	1 8	0 5 0	...
Do. do. Marine Villa and Adyar.....	2 0	2 0	0 8 0	...
Do. North of Royapuram.....	1 8	1 8	0 5 0	...
For every hour, or portion of an hour, beyond the first, a Boat or Catamaran is detained alongside, or on shore, night or day.....	0 12	0 12	0 5 0	...
Detention for each hour.....	...	...	...	2 0 0
For the coolies for every hour, each man.....	...	...	...	0 2 0

Revised Rules for levy of Fees by Customs and Marine Officials working over-time and on Sundays and close Holidays, as per G. O., No. 493, dated August 29th, 1877.

1. Customs-house or Marine Officials who may be required to transact business out of office hours or on close holidays for the convenience of ship-owners, merchants and others shall be entitled to extra remuneration according to the following scale.

For all Officers in the Presidency from 6 to 7-30 A.M.; or 5 to 7 P.M. Madras time, half a day's pay. From 7 to 9-30 or till office hours A.M. and from 9 to 5 P.M. Madras time or later one day's pay.

On Sundays and close holidays two day's full pay; provided that the total amount of fee payable to any individual Officer shall in no case exceed Rupees 50 for work done upon any one day.

For Clerks, Conicopillars and Peons; one day's full pay for working out of office hours either morning or evening.

On Sundays and close holidays two day's full pay.

2. The following days shall be considered as close holidays within the meaning of these rules.

Christmas vacation, including Christmas and New Year's day 5 days.

Easter vacation, including Good Friday 4 "

Queen's Birthday 1 "

All Sundays.

3. During the Easter and Christmas vacations other than Christmas day, New Year's day, and Good Friday provision shall be made for the despatch of emergent business, viz., the passing of goods for shipment and into town on applications which have been passed through the office previously, and the passing of private packages, and the few goods urgently required by tradesmen on deposit, without extra remuneration.

4. The following establishments only should be employed, and charged for.

<i>Customs-house in the Mofussil.</i>		<i>Marine Department in the Mofussil.</i>	
1 Superintendent.		1 Master Attendant of the Port.	
1 Gumastah.		1 Clerk.	
1 Peon.		1 Peon.	
<i>At Madras.</i>		<i>At Madras.</i>	
1 The Depy. Collector of Sea Customs or other Superior Officer.		1 The Depy. Master Attendant or other Superior Officer.	
1 Clerk for clearance and entry of vessels.		1 Clerk.	
		1 Peon.	
<i>Import Department.</i>		<i>The whole Boat Establishment consisting of</i>	
1 Clerk.		1 Boat Overseer.	
1 Jemadar.		1 Depy. do.	
1 Duffadar.		1 Boat Maistry.	
4 Conicopillars.	} Double the number if more than one vessel is at work.	2 Conicopillars.	
5 Peons.		2 Peons.	

No charge whatever will be made for Government boats' crew, signallers, flag lascars and quarantine officers.

It will also be open to Agents, Captains and Merchants to obtain the aid of any additional officials upon payment of additional fees.

5. When one or more vessels enter or clear on the same day and ship or discharge cargo at the same time, and when one or more Merchants transact business at the same time the fees prescribed by these rules shall be divided between them in proportions.

6. No vessel shall be allowed to enter or clear, nor shall any Merchant be allowed to transact business out of Office hours or on Sundays and close holidays, unless a written requisition to that effect is first submitted by the Agent or Commander of such vessel and by the Merchant concerned. Such requisition shall specify the dates on which the services of the Establishment will be required otherwise it will not be attended to.

7. These rules will be applicable to all ports.

PASSAGE RULES.

Fort St. George, 22nd August 1866, No 926.—The following Extract from Notification from the *Gazette of India*, is re-published:—
FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, No. 1467, S.M.A., the 23rd July 1866.

Rules for the Grant of free passage by Sea to Civil Officers.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following rules for regulating the provision of free passage by Sea for Public Officers in Civil employ, in substitution of the Rules contained in Financial Notification, dated 16th December 1865, No. 3,524, published in the *Gazette of India* of the 20th December 1865, page 1348:—

Officers and other public Servants on the permanent Establishment of a Department will be allowed a free passage when proceeding on duty by sea, in cases in which they would receive travelling allowances if proceeding on duty by land. Military Officers in Civil employ will, in addition, be allowed a free passage when being employed at a station beyond Sea, they may be obliged to return to their Presidency in progress to Europe or to a Hill Station, on leave on Medical Certificate, also when they rejoin their station on return from that leave.

For every Covenanted Civil Servant, Military Officer in Civil employ and Uncovenanted Officer of higher rank than Clerk, who may thus be entitled to a free passage, the entire charge for a first class passage will be paid by Government, who will recover from such Officer either the full or half rate of table-money for the number of days occupied in the passage, according as his salary may or may not exceed Rupees 600 a month.

The full rate of table-money shall be reckoned at 8 Rupees a day on vessels in which the cost of a free passage includes, but at 4 Rupees a day where it is exclusive of charge for wine, beer, spirits and soda-water.

For Public Servants messes at the Warrant Officers' or Engineers' table, viz., for Warrant Officers of every grade, European Non-Commissioned Officers attached to Departments or Public Offices, Subordinate Accountants and Clerks of Departments of Public Offices, who are entitled to a free passage, and for the families of these classes, 2nd class accommodation, including generally a screened berth will be provided; and the entire cost of the second class passage, without any deduction from the passengers on account of table-money, will be borne by Government.

Passage for servants and luggage, within the limits prescribed by the rules of the Quarter-Master General's Department prevailing at the port of embarkation, will so be allowed and paid for by Government, in cases where a more liberal scale is already authorized on special grounds.

List of Ports for embarking and landing passengers under the Native Passengers Ships' Act No. VIII of 1876.

Districts.	Ports.	Officers.
Ganjam.....	Ganjam.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Gopalpur.....	Master Attendant.
	Calcuttapatam.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Burnah.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
Vizagapatam.....	Bhimapatam.....	Master Attendant.
	Vizagapatam.....	Do.
Godavary.....	Cocanada.....	Do.
	Narsapur.....	Superintendent of Sea Customs.
Kistna.....	Masulipatam.....	Master Attendant.
Madras.....	Madras.....	Deputy Master Attendant.
South Arcot.....	Madras.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Cuddalore.....	Do. do.
	Porto Novo.....	Do. do.
	Tranquebar.....	Do. do.
Tanjore.....	Negapatam.....	Master Attendant.
	Popothornai.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Mutpet.....	Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Adirampatam.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Pamban.....	Master Attendant.
Madura.....	Kilkarai.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Tondai.....	Do. do.
	Devirpatam.....	Do. do.
Tinnevely.....	Tatticorum.....	Master Attendant.
	Kollipatam.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Kulasekharapatam.....	Do. do.

* Madras G. O. G., 29th December 1865, No. 463.

List of Ports for embarking and landing passengers under the Native Passengers Ships' Act No. VIII of 1876.—Continued.

Districts.	Ports.	Officers.
Malabar.....	Cochin.....	Master Attendant.
	Ponani.....	Assistant Superintendent of Sea Customs.
	Calicut.....	Master Attendant.
	Tellicherry.....	Conservator of the Port.
	Cannanore.....	Do. do.
South Canara.....	Mangalore.....	Do. do.

MADRAS CYCLONE CODE.

SECTION I.—METEOROLOGICAL DEPARTMENT.

I. It will be the duty of the local Superintendents of the Meteorological Stations at Masulipatam, Negapatam and Trichinopoly, to telegraph promptly to the Government Astronomer and Meteorological Superintendent at Madras, in accordance with detailed instructions which have been issued by him to them, all abnormal barometrical, temperature, and wind variations, which may indicate the likelihood, approach, prevalence, or passing away of a Gale or Cyclone. Arrangements have been made for similar information being furnished from Tricomallee and Pondicherry.

II. On the first observation and during the continuance of "suspicious" or "dangerous" weather, the Government Astronomer will telegraph to his local Superintendents at all out-stations any observations, inquiries, directions, and warnings regarding the weather, which he may consider of possible utility. Orders have been given to ensure priority of despatch before all ordinary messages to his telegrams and their consequent replies.

III. Whenever the Astronomer shall have reason to apprehend the advent of a Gale or Cyclone he will at once by telegram or otherwise, communicate warning to the Master Attendant, and during the prevalence of such Gale or Cyclone he will continue to give such information regarding its varying phases as may be deemed by him to be of possible utility.

IV. As Cyclones after passing over Southern India from East to West have been known to be destructive to shipping on and beyond the West Coast, the Government Astronomer will communicate to the Master Attendant such information as may be by him obtainable regarding the inland direction and progress of any future Cyclone, in order that timely warning of the apprehended danger may, when possible, be given to the local authorities along that coast, and may by them be given to the shipping.

SECTION II.—MARINE DEPARTMENT.

I. The Marine Department will enforce, as far as possible, a strict observance of the Port Rules in regard to the anchorage and berthing of ships, &c. A copy of these Rules will as heretofore be given to every Master of a Vessel arriving in the roads. From the middle of April till June, and from the middle of September till January, each Commander will also be furnished with a copy of Circular marked A, appended to this Code, regarding the precautions to be taken at the periodical changes of the monsoons.

II. As on the occasions of wrecks at Madras, the establishment of communication, between the shore and stranded ships is, without the aid of rockets or other Artillery projectiles, sometimes practicable, two sets of life-saving apparatus, complete with hawsers, &c. (but without rockets), will be kept in charge of the Master Attendant, who will be responsible for their being in a constant state of readiness and efficiency, for their periodical inspection, and for his boats' crews being trained to their use.

III. The Master Attendants at the Out-ports on the Eastern Coast of this Presidency will despatch by telegraph to the Master Attendant at Madras prompt intimation of apprehended dangerous weather, and during the prevalence of such weather will continue, when practicable, to furnish information regarding its changes. Such information, when of an important character, as well as that which may be obtained by the Marine Department from ships or steamers, tending to establish the probable direction and progress of a Cyclone centre, will be promptly forwarded by the telegraph or otherwise by the Master Attendant to the Government Astronomer.

IV. Whenever the Master Attendant, or in his absence, the Senior Officer of the Marine Department present at Madras, shall have reason to apprehend the advent of dangerous weather, he will as hitherto direct the hoisting of "a white flag with a blue cross," signifying "the weather is suspicious. Prepare for running to sea." Information of this will be given to the Brigade Major and also to the Superintendent of the Marine Police, who will at once place himself, Serjeant, boats' crews, and Catamaran men under the orders of the Marine Department.

The following arrangements will also be made:—

1. All Officers of the Marine Department will be in attendance.
2. The Boat and Catamaran men belonging to the Marine Establishment will be assembled and held in readiness for immediate service.
3. The Marine life-saving apparatus will be run out by the boatmen, so as to be ready for use either independently or in co-operation with the Ordnance rocket parties.

4. The boats' crews for night service will be mustered before dark, and will remain in the lower verandah of the Marine Office.

5. The Pier Establishment will remain during the night at the Pier Office and will keep a good look-out along the Pier.

6. During the prevalence of "suspicious or dangerous weather," any important barometrical variations and any other information or advice that may be of possible utility will be, by signal or otherwise, communicated to the shipping by the Master Attendant.

7. If it is decided by the Master Attendant, or Senior Marine Officer present at Madras, that the shipping shall be ordered to sea, the "red flag with swallow tail," signifying "cut or slip," will be hoisted at the Marine Office. If the indication of the approach of the storm should occur after sunset, three good lights will be hoisted—one at the masthead, and one at each yardarm of the Master Attendant's flag staff. These signals will be repeated at the Fort, and intimation thereof will be sent to the Brigade Major, who will in either case order seven (not an uncertain number as heretofore) guns to be fired seawards with an interval of five minutes between each gun. It is, however, open to any Ship Commander to put to sea before the signal is made, should he deem such a course to be prudent with regard to his own ship; and the signal is, moreover, not to be considered an imperative order. Each Commander must know best the trim of his own ship, and must exercise his own judgment as to whether he ought to remain at his anchors or proceed to sea.

8. When from a change in the direction or increased violence of the wind, from observing that ships are beginning to drive, or from any other reason, the Master Attendant deems that imminent danger of actual wreck has arisen, he will intimate the fact to the Superintendent of Marine Police and to the Brigade Major, who will order "the wreck signal" to be fired. This signal will be two guns fired landwards in quick succession and twice repeated with an interval of three minutes between each pair of guns.

9. The Senior Officer of the Marine Department will keep his officers and men together, or will distribute them along the beach as occasion may require. He will also point out to the Ordnance rocket parties those ships which first require assistance; to the Senior Officer of the troops where and how the military working parties can be most usefully employed; and to the Senior Officer of Police where his men are likely to be most needed.

10. The officers of the Marine Department will wear their distinctive dress or uniform on wreck occasions.

11. The Master Attendant at Madras will telegraph to the Master Attendants at the other ports on the other coasts of Southern India such warnings and indications of the progress of Cyclones as may be of possible utility.

SECTION III.—POLICE.

1. On information from the Master Attendant through the Superintendent of Marine Police being received by the Commissioner of Police of the "suspicious weather" signal having been hoisted, the latter will telegraph to Vellore, Salem and Coimbatore, warning Police Officers to hold their respective reserves in readiness. On the receipt of a second telegram, each of these reserves will be despatched by first train to Madras, where orders as to their duties will be issued to them.

2. The Commissioner will also send intelligence to St. Thomas' Mount, where the Police reserve will be held in readiness and await further orders.

3. Information will be at once circulated by the Commissioner to Divisional Inspectors, by whom boats will be immediately expended and other duties so arranged as to enable them to collect at their respective central stations certain forces, which in all will amount to about 500 men.

4. The Marine Police boatmen on the "suspicious weather" signal being hoisted, will, with their Superintendent and European Sergeant, be at once placed under the orders of the Master Attendant.

5. On the Superintendent of Marine Police being informed by the Marine Authorities of imminent danger of wrecks occurring, or on hearing the wreck signal, he will promptly send intelligence to the Commissioner of Police, who will distribute marching orders to the Divisional parties. Unless special circumstances should require a change of arrangements, the F and G Divisions and reserve will assemble under the Reserve Inspector at the Commissioner's Office and await further orders. The B, H and C Divisions will be marched without delay to the Pier under the Deputy Commissioner. The D Division will be marched to the Beach near the Fort, and the E Division to the Ice House. Each party will be accompanied by two Sowars or mounted men.

6. Should the services of the Police not be at once required, the party at the Pier will be sheltered in the verandah of the Custom House; that at the Fort in the arcade of the Grand Arsenal; and that at the Ice House at the Inspector-General's Office.

7. The entire Police Force will be under the Commissioner, who will consult the Marine Officers on the spot as to where the services of his men are likely to be emergently required. The Commissioner will issue whatever detailed orders may be required.

8. The Police will be mainly restricted to their own proper duties, i.e., the maintenance of order, protecting personal or other property washed on shore; supervising the conveyance of the shipwrecked crews and passengers to the nearest shelter, and as

soon after as circumstances will permit to the Hospital, Bidden Home, or other places of refuge; bringing back the hammocks, doilies, and sick carts; guarding or removing the dead, &c. They are not to be employed in hauling ropes or recovering wreckage or cargo, save in emergent circumstances, where there are no or insufficient military or other working parties on the spot.

9. The Commissioner of Police will see that duties are so apportioned as to enable the men to be relieved from the reserves as frequently as circumstances may render requisite.

10. All officers and men will be in uniform.

SECTION IV.—TROOPS IN GARRISON.

1. The Ordnance Department will as hitherto have charge of and will work the Rocket and life-saving apparatus, but portions of the Garrison Battery will be instructed and occasionally exercised in its use under the orders of the Commissary of Ordnance in charge of the Grand Arsenal.

2. The two-day Marine Signals to the shipping, signifying "suspicious weather" (white flag with blue cross) and "cut or slip" (red flag with swallow tail), and the night signal of the approach of dangerous weather (three good lights, one at the mast head and one at each yardarm) will be repeated at the Fort flag-staff. On the first signal being hoisted the Brigade Major will warn the Ordnance, Medical, and Commissariat Departments of the fact, in order that all concerned may be held in readiness. On either of the last two signals being hoisted seven guns will be fired from the sea face of the Fort with an interval of five minutes between each gun. No further action will, however, be taken by the "Troops in Garrison" consequent on any of these signals.

3. In case of intimation being received from the Marine Department by the Brigade Major of imminent danger or of actual shipwreck, or in case of such danger or shipwreck being observed from the Fort, the "wreck signal" will be fired. It will be two guns fired in quick succession from St. George's Bastion, which will be twice repeated at intervals of three minutes.

4. When the "wreck signal" is rendered necessary, the Brigade Major will send intimation to the Troops in Garrison and to the Ordnance, Medical and Commissariat Departments; and the following arrangements will be carried out:—

1. Two mounted Non-Commissioned Officers and six Troopers of His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard will proceed to the Fort and place themselves under the order of the Brigade Major. They will be used as orderlies, as occasion may require, and when not actually wanted will be kept as much under shelter as convenient. Twelve additional men of the Body Guard will remain in their lines with their horses saddled in case their services as patrols may be needed to watch ships driving to points at some distance from the Fort, and to convey prompt intelligence of wreck or applications for aid along the extended line of beach to the Officers Commanding Troops and other authorities on the spot.

2. The Royal Artillery and British Regiment garrisoning the Fort will fall in, in fatigue dress, and working parties will be detailed and promptly despatched to the scene of action as required. Before, however, the working parties leave the Fort, inquiry will be made at the Arsenal as to whether any assistance in men from the Royal Artillery is required to supplement the Ordnance rocket parties; and application will, under the orders of the Officer Commanding Troops in Garrison, be made at the Arsenal for a supply of boat or firehooks, ropes of moderate length and thickness, grappling irons, &c., which will be under charge of the officers Commanding the working parties, and will be used in saving life and property from the surf. Lanterns will also be supplied should the wrecks take place at night.

3. Half of the Native Infantry Regiment at Royapooram will at once fall in, and accompanied by its Medical Officer with medicines and surgical appliances, will march to the beach in fatigue dress. The remaining Native Infantry in Garrison will be restricted to their respective lines and await further orders.

4. It is not anticipated that the Police will be unable of themselves to keep perfect order along the beach, and adequately to perform all their appropriate duties, and, therefore, the action of the troops may be directed towards saving life and property; but they will be ready to keep the ground or aid the Police in any way that may be required.

5. The Officers Commanding Troops, will, wherever possible, consult with the Officers of the Marine Department on the spot as to where and how the services of their men can be most usefully employed, and the advice of the Marine Officers will be met with marked attention.

6. Arrangements will be made for the relief, food, &c., of working parties by the Regiments and Departments concerned.

7. The Officer Commanding Troops in Garrison will make emergent requisition on the Officer in charge of the Camp Equipage Depot for such tents as may be required to shelter shipwrecked people.

8. Officers on wreck duty will be in uniform, and mounted Officers will have their horses with them.

SECTION V.—ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

1. The Commissary of Ordnance, Fort St. George, will be responsible that three sets of life-saving apparatus, with rockets, &c., complete, are at all times kept packed in carts ready for use in the arcade of the Grand Arsenal, and that the Warrant and Non-Com-

missioned Officers, &c., of the Department are instructed and periodically drilled to the practical use of the whole apparatus.

II. Inconvenience, danger, loss of life and much damage of property were sustained in the Cyclone of May 1872 by there being no available means of dragging from the sea the logs, pieces of wreck, bales of goods, &c., which were dashing to and fro, on the edge of the surf. There will, therefore, be held at all times in readiness by the Commissary of Ordnance a supply of boat and firehooks, grappling irons, and ropes of short lengths for issue as required to the Military working parties. Lanterns will also be kept ready for wreck night duties.

III. On the Commissary's receiving intelligence from the Brigade Major that the "suspicious weather" signal has been hoisted, he will make arrangements to have one rocket party of Europeans with a Detachment of Store Lascars in the Arsenal night and day till the danger passes off, or their services are required.

IV. On the "wreck signal" being fired, or on receiving intimation from the Brigade Major of imminent danger to the shipping, the Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers will be formed by the Commissary of Ordnance into rocket parties with Detachments of Store Lascars; and, as speedily as possible, one, two, or three of these parties (as may be required) will proceed to the point or points where their services are most urgently required. These points, and the ships to which aid is to be first given, will be decided on by the Commissary in consultation with the Marine Authorities on the spot, by whom he will be guided in the matter. If the rockets are used in the rescue of any ship's crew, the whole apparatus attached to the rocket cart will, under ordinary circumstances, be employed and be worked by the men of the Ordnance Department.

V. Two trollies drawn by mules, have been ordered on occasions of wreck to be placed at the disposal of the Commissary of Ordnance by the Commissariat Department. They are intended to be used for the conveyance of rocket apparatus, hawsers, &c., should any wreck or wrecks take place at a distance from the Fort, such as at St. Thome or the Adyar; but, should they not be required for this purpose, they may be employed under his orders for any other necessary use connected with wreck work.

VI. The Commissary of Ordnance will, in communication with the Officer Commanding the District, arrange for the instruction of Detachments of the Battery of Royal Artillery in the use of the rocket and life-saving apparatus.

VII. He will apply to the Brigade Major or Officer Commanding Royal Artillery, Fort, for any aid in men which he may emergently require in the case of a Cyclone.

VIII. When hawsers are necessarily left attached to wrecks, the Commissary of Ordnance or Senior Ordnance Officer will inform the Police of the fact.

IX. All Officers, Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers and Store Lascars will be in uniform on wreck occasions.

SECTION VI.—MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

I. On the "wreck signal" becoming necessary, the Brigade Major will send intimation of the fact to the Fort Surgeon and the Resident Assistant Surgeon at the General Hospital. The latter will warn the Surgeon and the Physician of the General Hospital, and similar warning will be given to the Superintendent of the Eye Infirmary at Vepery and to the Surgeon of the 1st District at Royapooram by the Officers Commanding the Regiments at these places.

II. On hearing the guns of the "wreck signal," or on receipt of intimation from the Brigade Major, these Medical Officers (except the Physician, taking with them a portion of their establishments and the medicines and surgical appliances, which have been detailed by their Departmental Head, will forthwith proceed to the beach, and in consultation with the Senior Marine and Military Officers on the spot, will distribute themselves to the various scenes of wreck or apprehended wreck, as occasion may require.

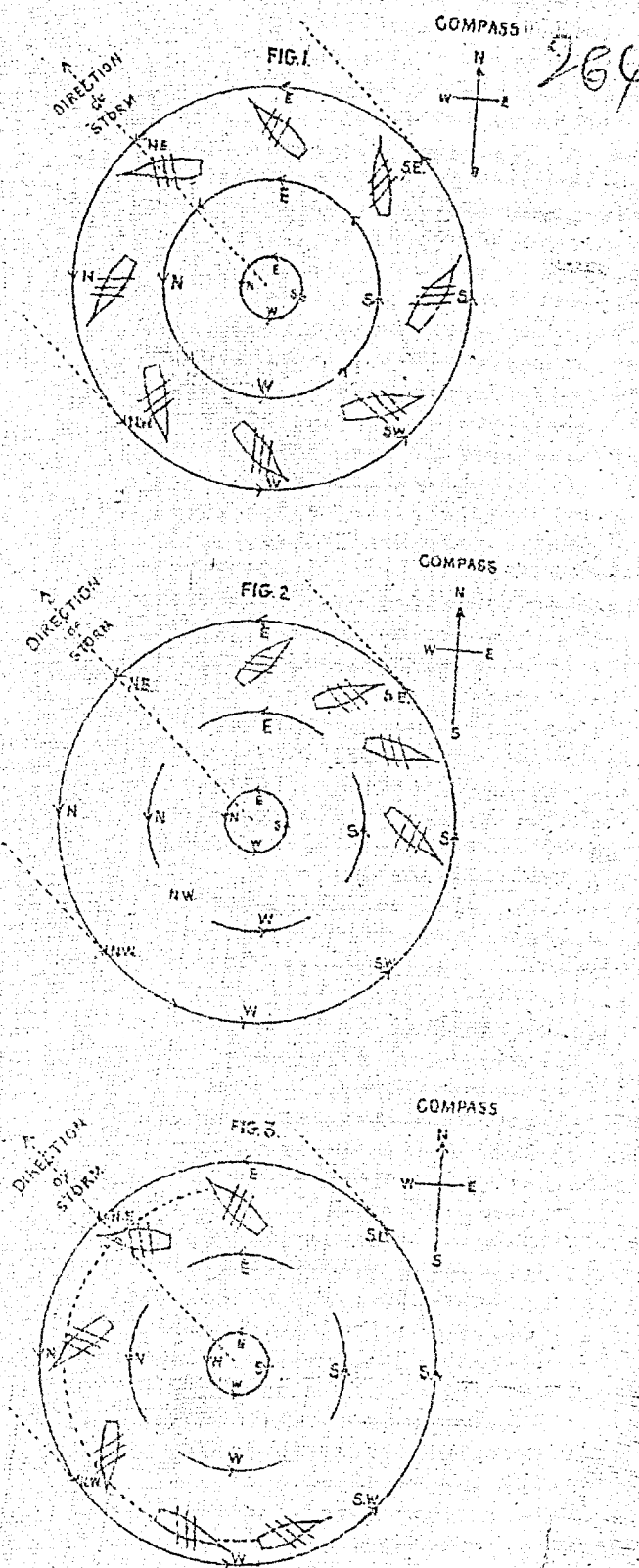
III. The Physician of the General Hospital will remain at the institution to receive and afford medical aid to all such as may be sent there from the beach for treatment.

SECTION VII.—COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.

I. On intimation being received from the Brigade Major of imminent danger to shipping, or on the "wreck signal" being heard, two trollies drawn by mules will immediately proceed under a Staff Sergeant to the Grand Arsenal and there await the orders of the Commissary of Ordnance.

II. Two other trollies, drawn by mules, each under care of a Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer, and each containing an assortment (which will always be held in readiness in waterproof covers) of Blankets, towels, flannel bonnets, flannel drawers, bisuits, brandy, water and cooking vessels, will be taken in the first place to the Marine Office, and thence, as directed by the Marine Officer, to the scenes of ship-wreck, where the contents will, if required, be issued and used for the relief of ship-wrecked persons under the orders of the directing Medical, Military or Marine Officers present. As many sets of bearers as are available with hammocks slung on poles will at the same time be sent to the beach and will be placed at the disposal of the said officers.

III. The Executive Commissariat Officer will also despatch a supply of draught bullocks with drivers to the Camp Bazaar Depot for sick carts, which, under the orders of the Warrant or Non-Commissioned Officer in charge will be taken to the beach as soon as the violence of the weather permits, and will also be placed at the disposal of the said officers.



SECTION VIII.—QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

The Quartermaster-General will give directions that the officer in charge of the Camp Equipage Depot will in cases of wreck promptly comply with emergent requisitions in writing from the Commissariat Department for munchedies, doolies, sick carts, &c., and with similar requisitions from the Officer Commanding Troops in Garrison for tents for the shelter of shipwrecked people.

A.
CIRCULAR.

Whether uncertain at present season, on necessity for being prepared, to stand to sea.

The periodical season of uncertain weather on this coast having now arrived, the undersigned would hereby earnestly caution all Commanders of Vessels in these Roads to keep their ships as much as possible prepared in every respect for standing to sea, at short notice, should the necessity arise for doing so.

1. Top-gallant masts, &c., with their rigging also, must be got on deck, flying jib-boom sent in, topsails and courses kept ready reefed, and everything on deck and below so arranged as to admit of being quickly secured on emergency. A good slip rope and buoy should be attached to the riding cable, and, as an additional precautionary measure, a stout warp also, to be used as a spring in canting the vessel if found necessary, on being required to put to sea.

2. A prudent distance from the shore in respect to anchorage must now be observed, as a vessel lying nearer in at the time of bad weather here is, from exposure to the heavy ground swell, necessarily far less able to ride easily and securely than one well out.

Caution as to proper anchorage.

3. Too much care cannot be paid in maintaining a perfectly clear berth, and Commanders should be mindful to keep their ships at as great a distance from each other as can conveniently be managed in order to avoid risks of collision by driving, or when slipping to stand to sea.

Great care to be taken in maintaining a clear berth.

4. Every attention in the way of observation and look out will be paid by this Department, and the usual warning and other signals promptly made, as need may call for. In order to prevent misapprehensions on the subject of signals, especial attention is requested to the circumstance that (during the prevalence of foul weather, however, only) when a private signal is intended to be made to a single vessel, besides hoisting her number in the first instance, No. 1 will be kept flying at the opposite yard arm. All other signals in which this said distinction is not made use of are to be considered as general, and obeyed accordingly.

5. It is very desirable that, during the prevalence of suspicious or threatening weather, Commanders should stay at nights on board their respective vessels, and also remain by them as much as possible until the uncertain period has been fairly passed over.

6. In the event of wreck occurring, the usual appliances as put forth by the Board of Trade are adopted here, but should it be observed the rocket apparatus is not at once forthcoming, a line should be immediately sent on shore from the vessel by some kind of buoy, or other handy means, to which the tail block and double line will be attached by those on shore, or signals made as to what other steps must be carried out.

Means of saving life in event of wreck.

7. In conclusion, Commanders are earnestly reminded that, as intimated in the Port Instructions, "Commanding Officers are not to wait the display of signals if they deem it prudent to put to sea," it being in no way whatever obligatory for them so to await directions from the shore for standing to sea.

Commanders are not on any account to await display of signal for putting to sea.

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MASTER ATTENDANT'S OFFICE,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Madras, 187.

(By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council)

ORTACAMUND, 8th October, 1872.

Deputy Master Attendant.

R. S. ELLIS, Chief Secretary.

A Compendium of the Law of Storms prepared for the Bay of Bengal.

The Cyclone in all its various forms, and in all portions of the globe subject to its visitation, must be denominated the most fearful and the most frequent enemy which the

For the use of Native vessels of all classes. The compendium is translated into Tamil, Telugu, and Urdu, and issued free of charge at the various ports of the Presidency.

mariner's perilous calling obliges him to encounter. But for this obstacle the Bay of Bengal would be very easy of navigation, for the very large amount of evidence brought to bear upon the subject goes far to prove that in this sea all violent storms are of a cyclonic nature, and move from eastward and westward. They are great revolving storms varying in expanse from forty or fifty to some hundreds of miles, blowing round and round a centre or vortex, but with an ever-varying force, now hulling into a strong breeze, and again swelling up into a blast of uncontrollable fury. The peculiar characteristic of their revolving action is that in each hemisphere the gyration invariably takes place in one direction contrary to the hands of a watch. In North Latitude from right to left; and in South Latitude from left to right. The knowledge of this law not only supplies the seamen with direct means of distinguishing them from common gales, but reveals to him the position of his vessel with respect to the vortex, and points out the way to escape from it. The following remarks and examples, though intended for the Bay of Bengal and Andaman Sea, will apply also to the open parts of the Arabian Sea. These storms take their rise a few degrees of latitude north of the Equator, and at the periods of greatest atmospheric disturbance, owing to the changes of monsoons. About April and May, and Oct. and Nov. though these dates are only approximate, and unusual weather at any time may be attributed to their neighbourhood, and suspected accordingly, they are accompanied with threatening aspect of the sky, together with greasy halos round the sun and moon; rolled and tufted forms of clouds, with lurid streams of light and extraordinary colors; a heavy bank of clouds forming an arch in the direction of the storm, varying currents of clouds in motion above, and dark banks on the horizon below, with darting forks and threads of pale lightning, lurid redness at sunrise and sunset; peculiar meaning in the winds, the frequent presence of weary land birds and insects; and last and best warning of all to those who possess it, the decline of that invaluable monitor the Barometer, doubly valuable here, because its usual state is one of almost perfect tranquility, broken only by a daily tide rising and falling about one-tenth of an inch, highest at 10 A.M. and P.M., and lowest at 4 A.M. and P.M.; whenever this action is suspended or interrupted, bad weather is never far off. The surface of the sea also exhibits signs of disquietude, becoming confused and uneasy, and crossed frequently by long swells from other than the quarter of the prevailing wind. Whenever any or all of these warnings are met with, the mariner should at once consider the almost certainty that exists of having to encounter a storm of the revolving nature we are treating of. His first duty is to find the centre of vortex, and its bearing from the ship. To do this he should note the direction of the wind, and with his face to it, tell of eight points to the right, if in the open sea, which we will first consider thus—with wind at N. the centre is E., with wind E. centre S., wind S. centre W., wind W. centre N., and so with intermediate points—wind N. E., storm S. E., wind S. E., storm S. W., wind S. W., storm N. W., wind N. W., storm N. E., &c.; when near land or in roadsteads, these bearings require modifying, as will be explained hereafter. Having determined the direction of the storm, the next consideration in his position with regard to it. All experience tends to show that they commence to southward between southward and eastward and eastward and cross the Bay in a curve, sometimes sharp, sometimes very extended nearly N. and S., but an average tract of from S. E. to N. W. will suit the purpose of illustration. The continuation of the voyage, and the direct course of the ship ceases at this period to be a primary object. All knowledge and seamanship should be directed to avoiding this enemy, and the saving of life and property. The accompanying diagrams will show better than any verbal description both the nature of the evil and the remedy to be adopted. The outside circle represents the shape of the storm; the arrows and letters the direction of the wind; the small circle the centre; the dotted line the path on which the storm is advancing; the compass points are also indicated.—See Figure 1.

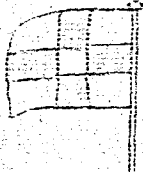
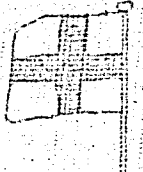
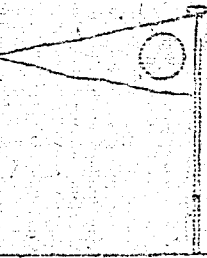
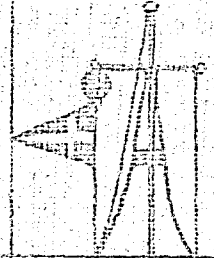
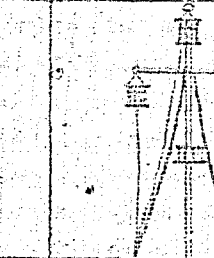
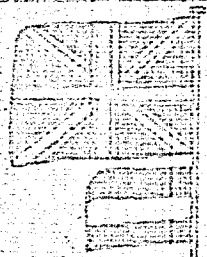
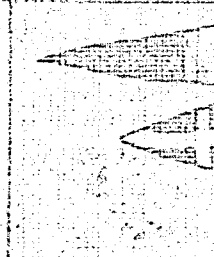
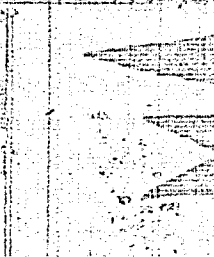
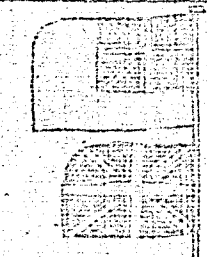
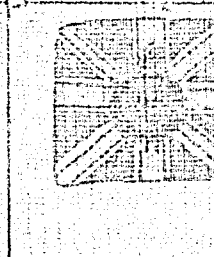
In this diagram all the ships are shown having the wind on starboard quarter so that if the storm was stationary sounding in that position would always ensure safety. It does in fact do so in all cases, except with the wind easterly, when great care and judgment are requisite, and the value of preliminary observations becomes apparent, the direction of the storm, whether northward or westward of the average track, being of vital importance.

A careful study of books of reference and of logs and facts drawn from extended experience justify the conclusion that the best course with the wind at E. or to the north of east is to run to the N. W., changing your course as the wind veers to the northward, keeping it on the starboard quarter until it reaches N. W., when if bound to the N. E. you can bring it right aft and sail round the storm until your course is reached, or continue your track if bound to southward; much depends, however, upon the direction of the storm as indicated by phenomena, and the veerings of the wind if any have taken place.—See Figure 2.

With the wind from E. to E. S. E., carry on as long as possible to N. N. E., N. E., making all possible casting, then heave to on starboard tack. With wind at S. E. to S. if bound to southward or westward, you will be standing straight into danger, make easting until weather improves, then lie to on starboard tack. With wind from S. round to N. W., you must be behind the storm, and should have no difficulty in keeping clear of it. In fact the only risk with common management and taking in time is wind from E. N. E. to S. E.—See Figure 3.

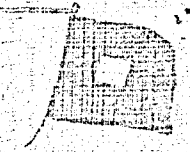
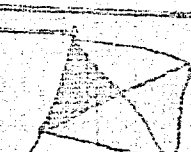
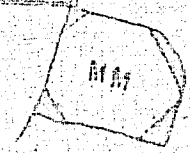
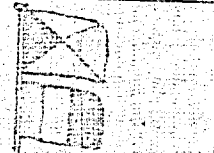
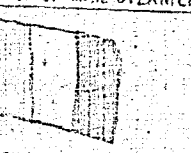
When it suits best to heave to choose the port tack. In the west side of the storm, and the starboard on the east side, for the wind in each will shift by the stern.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S SIGNALS TO SHIPS, &c.

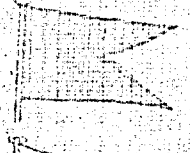
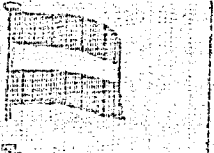
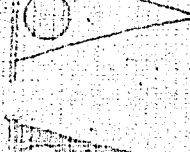
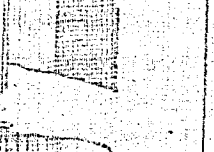
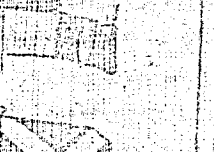
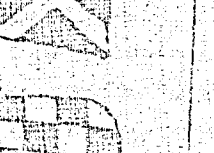
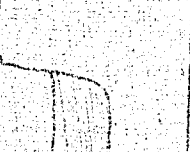
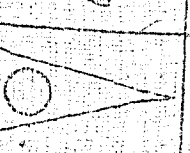
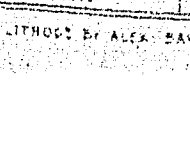
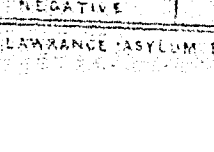
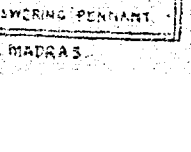
			
HIGH SURF	THE WEATHER IS SUSPICIOUS PREPARE FOR RUNNING TO SEA.	CUT ON SLIP	MONTHLY MUSTER FOR MASULAH BOATS HOISTED ON THE LAST DAY OF EVERY MONTH
			
RECALL FOR COMMON MASULAH BOATS	RECALL FOR ACCOMMODATION BOATS	WIND SIGNAL SHOWING THE APPROACH OF A GALE OF WIND	
WHEN A SHIP WANTS ACCOMMODATION BOATS, SHE HOISTS THE NUMBER SHE REQUIRES UNDER THE UNION JACK.	WHEN A SHIP WANTS COMMON BOATS, SHE HOISTS THE NUMBER SHE REQUIRES UNDER THE NUMERAL PENNANT.	THREE COLOURS, ONE AT THE MAST HEAD, ONE AT EACH YARD ARM OF THE MASTER ATTENDANT'S FLAG STAFF, AND AGAIN FIRED EVERY FIVE MINUTES FROM THE FORT.	
			
WHEN A SHIP WANTS ACCOMMODATION BOATS, SHE HOISTS THE NUMBER SHE REQUIRES UNDER THE UNION JACK.	WHEN A SHIP WANTS COMMON BOATS, SHE HOISTS THE NUMBER SHE REQUIRES UNDER THE NUMERAL PENNANT.	WHEN A SHIP WANTS NO MORE BOATS, SHE HOISTS NUMBER 0 UNDER THE NUMERAL PENNANT.	
			
POLICE WANTED ON BOARD	GOVERNOR GENERAL'S FLAG.	TO BE HOISTED ON BOARD A SHIP, WHEN A CONTAGIOUS DISEASE BREAKS OUT.	

LITHOED BY ALEX. SARREN, FOR LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS, MADRAS.

REVISED SIGNALS FOR MAIL STEAMERS, &c.

		
A STEAMER IN SIGHT	A SHIP IN SIGHT	APPROACH OF MAIL STEAMER
		
APPROACH OF FRENCH MAIL STEAMER	APPROACH OF PORTUGAL MAIL STEAMER BY GALLEY	ARRIVAL OF OVERLAND NEWS FROM MOSCOW BY GALLEY & TELEGRAPH

FLAGS OF THE COMMERCIAL CODE OF SIGNALS.

B		I		Q	
C		K		R	
D		L		S	
F		M		T	
G		N		V	
H		P		W	
					
ASSENT	NEGATIVE	ANSWERING PENNANT			

LITHOED BY ALEX. SARREN, FOR LAWRENCE ASYLUM PRESS, MADRAS.

The foregoing remarks apply to the open sea, if Bengal and Arabia, and the ships are supposed to have sea room. They comprise all that need be said to advise and encourage the mariner. But on the coasts of Coromandel and Orissa and Ceylon, when the storm approaches the land, a modification of its form takes place, to which it is necessary to draw attention. The bad weather always commences a point or so on either side of north, although the centre may be E. S. E., or even S. S. E. There seems also to be a retardation of the speed of the southern half, as if it was marking time, until the outer half wheeled round before the whole flings itself on the land. This proceeding allows the careful navigator time to run to the southward, and having secured a position of safety, return behind the storm to his anchorage, taking care not to overtake it. The shape of the land also favors this manœuvre, for even in Madras itself a run of a few hours to the southward gives room to let the ship off to the westward, or run down to Pondicherry. Standing out into the offing is merely exchanging one danger for another, and is directly opposed to the law of storm. Run at the earliest intimation of danger, without giving a thought to the distance it may take you from your port. Wind and current will hurry you down, and when on the safe side wind and current will bring you back before the state of the sea and surf allow business to be reconducted. You are losing nothing, and knowing that you are following the advice given with all the advantages of scientific knowledge, of experience, of the study of example and practice, and the aid of the best instruments and the Electric Telegraph. You can dismiss from your mind the great care of forming a judgment in such critical period, and give all attention to the ship, knowing that your conduct will meet with approval.

Pages might be filled of successful instances of this treatment, and the disaster following any other courses, but space will not permit, and it is requested to accept the facts as they stand, reserving the study to some leisure moments.

When compelled to lie in severe weather, when shifts of wind are dangerous, it would be well to keep ready a large stone anchor, like Chinese, stone being selected for cheapness, and the materials of a cutamaran, which being put overboard with say, twenty fathoms of cable will make a secure buoy, at which the ship may ride with her strong bows to wind and sea, and extra stays to her mast, the rudder being secured in midships, which is always one of the first things to suffer when used to keep the ship's head up. Then with hatchways well secured, the crew sheltered, and only the state of the well-requiring attention, a vessel will stand a great deal; and from the moment the first change you have been taught to expect occurs, a spirit of confidence will replace the doubt and despondence which add additional terror to the disturbance around. It is, however, very advisable not to navigate if possible during the bad-weather months. Any injury to a vessel will cause much greater detention, and involve direct expense, and no shipowner of common humanity or honesty will send a vessel to unload entirely or render herself so unseaworthy that the advent of one of these storms to be expected at any moment must ensure destruction to property and grievous loss of life.

MADRAS MARINE OFFICE,

11th September, 1874.

(Signed) J. H. TAYLOR.

Acting Master Attendant, Administrative Department.

Signals to be used when a Vessel is Sighted Having on Board the Governor of the Presidency.

When any vessel is sighted having on board the Governor of the Presidency, four guns will be fired, two guns in quick succession, and after an interval of half a minute two more guns also in quick succession. From the 1st of February to the 30th of September, during the prevalence of southerly winds, the signal guns will be repeated at St. Thomas' Mount in order that they may be heard at the Adyar and Nungumbaukum.

Any vessel having on board a Governor of this Presidency should fly the Governor's Jack at the foremast head while entering the port.

Mail Steamers, &c., Signals.

The following revised Signals will be made hereafter from the Garrison Flag Staff to intimate the arrival of Mail Steamers, and the arrival of Overland News from Bombay by the Electric Telegraph.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1.—Flag I, or Blue pierced White with White Pennant under the yard arm. | } A Steamer in sight in the quarter indicated. |
| 2.—A White Pennant at the yard arm. | |
| 3.—The P. and O. S. N. Company's flag, Blue, White, Red and Yellow, diagonally quartered, substituted at the yard arm for the above signal. | |
| 4.—P. & O. S. N. Company's Mail Steamer from Suez. | } Two guns in quick succession. |
| 5.—P. & O. S. N. Company's Mail Steamer from Calcutta. | |
| 6.—The French Mail Flag, Red White Centre and M. M. in black letters at the yard arm. | } One gun followed at an interval of half a minute by two guns in quick succession. |
| | |
| | } Indicates the approach of the French Mail Steamer. |
| | |

- 7.—French Mail Steamer from Suez ... Two guns at an interval of half a minute.
 8.—French Mail Steamer from Calcutta ... Three guns at an interval of half a minute.
 9.—Flags corresponding with the hour at which the Mail will close, hoisted at the mast-head. } Indicates the hours at which the Mail will close.
 10.—The arrival of the P. and O. Mail Steamer at Galle. } One gun, and the P. and O. Flag with Telegraph Flag under hoisted at the Flag Staff.
 11.—The arrival of the Overland News from Bombay & Galle by Electric Telegraph. } One gun, and Telegraph Flag hoisted at the Port Flag Staff, for one hour.
 The above signals will be hauled down exactly at the time notified, and the P. and O. S. N. Company's or French Mail Steamer Flag (as the case may be) hoisted at the mast-head, to indicate that the Mail is closed, which will be kept flying until the Steamer gets underweigh.

N.B.—Occasions may occur when it will be necessary for a time to haul down the above signals and hoist the Union Jack, as when salutes are fired, &c., &c., after which the Mail signals will be re-hoisted.

HOME DEPARTMENT, SIMLA, 2nd October, 1863.

NOTIFICATION.—Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to direct that a flag should be provided for the use of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General. The design of the Flag which has received Her Majesty's approval, is the Union Jack, having in its centre the Star of India, surmounted by the Royal Crown.

All subjects of the British Government, Troops in the service of the British Crown, and Troops and subjects of Native Chiefs in India, are required to pay the same marks of respect to the Viceroy's Flag when unfurled as are shown to the Royal Flag.

The P. and O. Steamer signals on entering the Port of Madras, are as follows:—

DAY.—From Suez, the Company's Flag at the Fore.
 From Calcutta, do. do. Main.
 NIGHT.—From Suez, to Fire one Gun and send up two rockets.
 From Calcutta do. do. and burn two blue lights.

High water on full and change.....8³⁵

Rise and fall of Tide.....3 feet, 6 ordinary spring tides.

Madras Light House.

The Light House at Madras is immediately to the Northward of the wall of Fort St. George, and the light from it was first exhibited in January 1844. The light is elevated 128 feet above the mean level of the Sea, and may be seen from the deck of a Ship at the distance of 20 miles. The Light is of the "Flashing Description" and the duration of the Flashes to that of the Eclipses or Dark periods is in the ratio of 2 to 3, but as the nature of the motion is Reciprocating instead of Rotatory, the above ratio merely expresses the average proportion of the Light and Dark intervals which are themselves variable according to the position of the spectator. The rapidity of movement is so adjusted, that the duration of the Flashes will vary from 6' to 48", and that of the Eclipses from 0' to 7". The sums of the duration of Light and Darkness bearing however in every position the constant ratio of 2 to 3. From the South-Eastern extremity of the Pulicat Shoal the Light House bears S. 23° W. and is distant 13 miles, but no Ship or Vessel when hauling in from the Northward for the Madras Roadstead, should bring the Light to bear to the Southward of S. 28° W. or S. E. W. & W., unless her position is well ascertained. Commanders of Vessels are warned of the serious risk they incur by incautiously approaching the dangerous vicinity of the Pulicat Shoal, as hazy weather or other causes may obscure the Light,—true Soundings therefore and a vigilant look out are imperatively called for. The limits of the Madras Roadstead (in 8 or 9 fathoms) are comprised within the following bearings, viz., from the Northward the Light House will bear S. 56° W., and from the Southward N. 81° W. or from S. b. W. to W. & N.

The Light House at Madras is in Latitude 13° 5' 0" North.
 And in Longitude 80° 20' East of Greenwich.

The Dimensions of the Light House are as follows:—

From the ground to the vane.....	125 Feet.
Light above the ground.....	117 "
Do. Sea about.....	123 "
Diameter at base of column.....	16 "
At neck of do. below the capital.....	11 1/2 "
Height of Shaft column.....	84 "
Breadth of each corner buttress at the base not including cornice.....	16 1/2 "
Total breadth of the base including the buttress.....	55 "
Material, granite from Paluveram—cost in round numbers—Building.....	60,000 Rupees.
Lighting Apparatus, Reflectors and Lamps.....	15,000 "
	75,000 Rupees

PART VII.—COMMERCIAL.

Oriental Bank Corporation.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

Paid-up Capital, £1,500,000.

RULES OF BUSINESS OBSERVED AT THE MADRAS AGENCY.

HOURS OF BUSINESS—From 10 till 3, (on Saturdays, from 10 till 1 o'clock.)

P. STEVENS, Agent.
 For further particulars, see Advertisement at the end.

Agra Bank, (Limited.)

Capital—£1,000,000 (One Million Sterling) in 100,000 Shares of £10 each.

HEAD OFFICE—NICHOLAS LANE, LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E. C.
 MADRAS OFFICE—ESPLANADE.—HOURS OF BUSINESS—10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.
 F. T. ATKINS,
 Manager, Madras Branch.

Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, 65, OLD BROAD STREET, E. C.

Paid-up Capital, £750,000. Reserve Fund on 30th June, 1880—£50,000.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.—Bombay, Calcutta, Madras, Ceylon, Hongkong, Shanghai, Foochoo, Hankow, Yokohama, Penang, Singapore, Batavia, Sourabaya, Mauritius & Australia.

The Bank of Madras.

POPHAM'S BROADWAY—Opened 1st July, 1843.—Capital—Rs. 50,00,000.—Reserve Fund Rs. 7,25,000.

Board of Directors.

The Hon. P. MacFadyen, President of the Board.
 J. C. Shaw, Esq., of Messrs. Parry & Co., Vice-President.
 R. T. Tasker, Esq., of Messrs. Tasker and Wilson.
 The Honorable J. G. Coleman, Esq., of Messrs. Biny & Co.
 D. Rasbotham, Esq., of Messrs. Biny & Co.
 R. C. Walker, Esq.
 M. Gould, Esq., Administrator General.

Officers.

J. L. Duffield, Esq., Acting Secretary and Treasurer.
 A. C. Cavendish, Esq., Acting Deputy Secretary and Chief Accountant.
 A. Black, Esq., Accountant.
 H. R. Bell, Esq., Supdt., Agency Dept.
 W. Pharoah, Esq., Supdt., Correspondence Department.

Branches.

J. Matheson, Esq., Acting Inspcr. of Branches.

STATIONS.	AGENTS.	ACCOUNTANTS.
Bangalore.....	W. Fitzgerald, Esq.....	J. C. Rodgers, Esq.
Bellary.....	G. A. Breithaupt, Esq.....	
Berhampore.....	Thomas Parsons, Esq.....	
Bimlipatam.....	A. C. Irwin, Esq.....	W. E. Taylor, Esq.
Calicut.....	G. Madden, Esq.....	
Cocanada.....	R. Darling, Esq., Acting.....	J. E. Shaw, Esq.
Cochin.....	W. T. Holmes, Esq.....	W. G. Fitzgerald, Esq.
Colombo.....	D. Noble, Esq.....	J. W. Boys, Esq.
Guntoor.....	W. C. Shaw, Esq.....	G. D. Ker, Esq., (Sub).
Kandy.....	R. F. Spence, Esq.....	
Madras.....	E. B. Palmer.....	W. W. Kenny, Esq.
Patnam.....	E. B. Dawson, Esq.....	
Palamund.....	J. Franck, Esq.....	W. J. Evans, Esq., Actg.
Perambur.....	J. A. D. MacDougall, Esq.....	
Pondicherry.....	A. C. McIver, Esq.....	

Rules and Rates of Business.

Securities Current.

1. No account opened for a less sum than 200 Rupees.
2. No account allowed to be overdrawn.
3. The Bank allows no interest and makes no charge, provided the daily average balance amounts to Rupees 200.
4. The Bank collects Bills, Cheques, &c., payable in Madras, taking the usual notarial step in case of non-acceptance or non-payment.
5. Cheques payable by other Banks brought in at or after 1 p.m. (on Saturdays 12 o'clock noon) will not be sent for realization until the following morning, and Cheques paid in before that hour will be presented to the Drawees without delay, but the money may not be received in time to be drawn against the same day. Bills, Notes, &c., not payable on demand, intended for realization by the Bank, should be sent in one clear day before the due date.
6. The Bank furnishes Pass-Books and stamped Cheques,—the latter at the expense of Constituents.
7. It is particularly requested that constituents will refrain from making entries in their Pass-Book,—all entries will be made by the Bank on the books being sent in to be written up, which should be done at least once a month.
8. In the event of the word "Bearer" in Cheques being altered to "order," the Bank will not hold itself responsible in respect of the genuineness of the endorsements on Cheques so altered.
9. The Bank does not recognize Trusts.

Fixed Deposits.

10. The Bank allows interest on fixed Deposits at its Head Office and Branches, for 6 or 12 months, on terms which may be ascertained on application.
11. Interest will cease at the expiration of the term expressed in the body of the receipt.

Cash Credits.

12. Cash Credits are granted for sums of Rs. 2,000 and upwards, upon deposit of Government and other securities; particulars of which may be ascertained at the Bank on application.
13. Cash Credits are not granted for a longer period than three months.
14. A Commission of 4 per cent. is charged on the amount of credit granted.

Loans.

15. Loans, on demand, and for fixed periods, are granted for sums of Rs. 350 and upwards, upon deposit of Government and other securities.
16. No sum under 20 Rs. will be received to account of a Loan.
17. The minimum period of interest to be charged will be 7 days for Loans under 1,000 Rupees, and 3 days for Loans exceeding that amount.
18. Goods on which Loans are granted to be stored in the Bank's Godowns, and to be subject to the customary charges for godown rent and insurance.

Drafts.

Drafts are issued by the Bank on its Branches, and on the Bank of Bengal and Bombay and their Branches, at the current rates of exchange.

Post Bills.

Post Bills are issued, payable on demand, for sums of Rupees 100 and upwards, free of charge. A small fee is charged for bills under that amount.

Transfers of Shares and Stock.

1. Shares are transferable by endorsement of the Proprietors on the Certificates, such endorsement specifying the name of the party to whom the transfer is to be made and the amount of the consideration money.
2. Transfers must be registered at the Bank, and the registry noted by the proper Officer before they are effectual.
3. Powers of Attorney empowering a Firm to receive Dividends and transfer Bank Shares, must specify the name of each individual partner, and may authorize any or all of them to act.

Powers of Attorney and other forms may be had on application at the Bank.

Agency.

The Bank receives for safe custody Government securities, Bank and Railway stock, &c., purchases and disposes of the same and realizes and remits the dividends, interest, and proceeds of sale, as Constituents may direct, on the following terms of commission:—

1. On receiving charge of securities or shares... Nil.
2. On realizing interest and dividends, and paying them to order, or crediting in account... 1 per cent.
3. On buying or selling Government securities and Bank shares, or subscribing to an open Government loan... 1 "
4. On the return of Government and other securities, on the principal sum... 1 "
5. On realizing interest on securities deposited on Loan account... 1 "

6. On procuring the enforcement of securities held for safe custody... Nil.
7. On the renewal of securities held on Loan and Cash Credit account... Nil.
8. On the realization of interest, or the sale of securities,—when the proceeds are remitted in the Bank's bills... Nil.

Public Debt Department.

All applications for payment of interest, and enforcement, renewal, sub-division and consolidation of Government Securities are to be made to the Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank.

Government Savings' Bank.

Deposits are received in sums of not less than 1 Rupee and not exceeding Rupees 500 in any one year, or Rupees 2,500 in all. Interest allowed at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum.

The Bank has Branches at—

Bangalore.	Calicut.	Canton.	Ootacamund.
Bellary.	Coronada.	Kandy.	Tellicherry.
Berhampore.	Cochin.	Mangalore.	Tuticorin.
Birdipattam.	Colombia.	Negapatam.	

Hours of Business.

From 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
Applications for Loans and Cash Credits, or to close the same and release deposits, must be made before 2 p.m.
The Bank closes on Saturdays at 1 p.m.

By order of the Board of Directors.

T. E. FRANK.

Secretary and Treasurer.

Government Savings' Bank.

BANK OF MADRAS—POPHAM'S BROADWAY—Open daily from 10 a.m. to 3 p.m.
T. E. FRANK, Esq.—Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras, Ex-officio Secretary.

Savings' Bank Deposits—Revised Rules, 1874.

1. The duties connected with the Government Savings' Bank are conducted at the Bank of Madras, and the Secretary and Treasurer of that Institution is ex-officio Secretary to the Bank, and has immediate charge of its establishment, and is held responsible for the duties of the Bank being conducted in accordance with the orders which Government may from time to time issue.
2. The Bank opens daily (Sundays and general holidays excepted) for the transaction of business, from 10 o'clock a.m. till 3 p.m., except on Saturdays, when it is closed at 1 o'clock p.m.
3. With the exception of European Soldiers on the effective strength of the Army, for whom other provision has been made, all classes, including Native Soldiers, Non-effective Staff, Pensioners, Invalids, and the wives and children of Soldiers, may deposit their savings in the Bank, provided the amount of each deposit be not less than one rupee, or consist of fractions of a rupee, except when a draft on a Government Treasury is tendered; and no person will be allowed to deposit more than Rupees 500 in one year, or more than Rupees 2,500 in all. When the principal and interest at credit of any depositor shall amount to the latter sum, interest will cease, and no further deposit will be received.

A. G. C., No. 33, 13th Jan., 1874; G. O., No. 1020, 19th June, 1874.

4. Deposits tendered on account of security of Subordinate Officers of Government, will, however, be received up to Rupees 3,000 in one or more years, or in one sum, and deposits made in accounts opened with the sanction of Government on behalf of School, Dispensary and other Funds, may be received in excess of the limit of Rupees 500. In all other cases the prescribed limit should never be exceeded.

5. When security deposits are made by Government Subordinates or Contractors, the account will be opened in their own names, the Bank holding a letter of agreement in the form appended. The parties so depositing money with Government Officers must sign the letter of agreement, addressing it to the Secretary to the Government Savings' Bank or the Collector of the District, undertaking to express written sanction of the Government Officer, not to object to payment by the Bank to the Government Officer upon his claiming it, and not to make any claim for the deposit after such Officer shall have revoked the authority to him to receive it.

Persons residing in the Mofussil may effect the deposit and withdrawal of their funds either through the Civil, Muzoor, or Divisional Paymaster's Treasuries, but no funds are received from them direct at the Presidency Office.

A. G. C., No. 5, dated 25th April, 1874.

6. Persons residing in the Mofussil may effect the deposit and withdrawal of their funds either through the Civil, Muzoor, or Divisional Paymaster's Treasuries, but no funds are received from them direct at the Presidency Office.

7. Each depositor is furnished by the Bank with a "Pass-book," which book must be produced whenever a sum is deposited or withdrawn. Every sum paid or received is entered by the Bank in that Book. The Secretary of the Bank affixes his signature opposite to each deposit, and the depositor affixes his to each withdrawal.

8. The name, rank, profession, business, occupation or calling, and residence, of the depositor should be entered by the Bank in the Pass-books, and the signature or mark of the depositor must be written on the same page, or in the signature-book kept by the Bank.

9. Should a Pass-book be lost, another will be supplied by the Bank on the identity of the applicant, as the owner of the missing book, being satisfactorily established, and after the lapse of a month, a fee of one Rupee is charged for the new book.

10. Should a Pass-book be so defaced or torn as to render the entries therein illegible, it will be retained by the Bank, a new one supplied, and a Rupee charged for the same.

11. Depositors are permitted to deposit or withdraw at any time any sums or portions of sums deposited by them, but no person is permitted to deposit or withdraw money more than once during the month. An exception, however, is allowed in cases in which good and sufficient reasons are assigned.

12. As a general rule, the Bank refund money only to depositors in person; but when the depositor is a female, or prevented from attending at the Bank by unavoidable causes, the Secretary exercises his discretion in making payments on behalf of such persons to those duly authorised by them to receive the money by an order written as follows:—

Madras, _____ 18 ____

To

The Secretary to the

Government Savings' Bank.

Madras.

Please pay to _____ Rupees _____, and place the same to my debit.

Signature.

13. No money is received by the Bank on account of trusts, and no joint account can be opened. But a depositor can open two accounts, one for his security as a Public Servant, or Contractor, and the other for his own private savings. Ordinarily no one may open for himself or the members of his family more than one account, but a wife can open a separate account for the investment of her own savings notwithstanding the existence of one in the name of her husband. So also each member of a (Hindoo) family, whether divided or undivided, may be allowed to open an account for himself.

A. G. C., No. 41, 3rd March, 1874.

Do. No. 7, dated 5th May, 1874.

Do. No. 33 of 18th Jan. 1874.

Do. No. 14 of 6th July, 1874.

Do. No. 7 of 8th May, 1874.

A. G. C., No. 357, 1st Oct, 1867.

14. The surplus funds of an aided school, which the managers may put aside to accumulate for the eventual erection of School buildings, may be received in the Government Savings' Bank, to an amount not exceeding the limit allowed to private depositors, and on the understanding that two months' notice shall be given of the intention to withdraw such deposits.

15. Instead of inserting the individual names of Commissioners and Deputy Inspectors of Local Schools in the accounts opened in the Government Savings' Bank, accounts may be opened in their capacity as Commissioners and Deputy Inspectors thus:—

Commissioners and Deputy Inspectors of Schools for the line being an account of _____ school in _____ Taluk, _____ care being

A. G. C., No. 5357, 19th Jan., 1869.

Name of Village.

Name of Taluk.

16. Deposits can only be withdrawn by those at whose credit they stand in the books of the Bank. Persons depositing money on behalf of a minor, should be warned that such money cannot be withdrawn during the owner's minority, except by a legally appointed guardian. If it is desired that the minor shall be able to withdraw the money, he must deposit it himself. When a deposit is made on account of a minor, the age of the child must be communicated, that it may be recorded by the Bank.

A. G. C., No. 1026, 19th June, 1874.

17. On the death of a depositor, the balance of credit will be paid to the Executor or Assignee, but if a depositor dies, leaving a sum of money not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and if Probate of his Will or Letters of Administration of his Estate, or a certificate granted under Act No. XXVII of 1860, (for facilitating the collection of debts on occasions, and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons) is not produced, the amount in deposit may then be paid in accordance with Sections 4 and 6 of Act V of 1873, on a Bond of Indemnity, copy of which will be furnished by the Secretary to the Bank on application. Should, however, the depositor be in the Army or Navy, the balance will be paid in conformity with the rules in force to which he may have belonged.

18. If a depositor becomes insane, or otherwise incapable of managing his affairs, payments out of his deposits will be made from time to time to any proper person, or to a Committee, or Manager of the depositor's estate, under Section 12 of Act V of 1873.

19. Compound interest at 3½ per cent. per annum, or at such rate as may be authorized by Government, is allowed on deposits. No interest, however, is allowed for broken periods of a month, nor is it calculated on fractions of a rupee; but deposits during the first four working days of a month are dealt with as having been made in the preceding month, in regard to the interest due thereon.

A. G. C., No. 68, 3rd March, 1865.

20. All receipts given by Savings' Bank depositors for sums withdrawn exceeding Rupees 20, should bear a stamp of one anna.

21. The accounts are closed annually on the 31st of March, and the balance of interest at that date is paid to depositors or carried to account.

22. In addition to the General Audit which all Public Accounts undergo in the Office of the Accountant General, a particular audit of the Accounts of the Bank after the close of each year, is effected by one of the gazetted Assistants to the Accountant General.

23. An Annual Statement of the transactions of the Bank, showing also the balance at the close of the year, is submitted for the information of Government and for publication in the Government Gazette.

24. Officers in charge of Civil, Hoosoor, and Divisional Paymasters' Treasuries are authorized to supply Pass-books, and to receive and refund deposits on behalf of the Government Savings' Bank, under the foregoing Rules; but every new book must be sent to the Bank that it may be registered and indexed before being made over to the depositor.

25. Officers in charge of Civil Treasuries, and Divisional Paymasters, communicate to the Bank, according to prescribed forms, the amounts deposited in, and withdrawn from, their Treasuries monthly.

26. As soon after the close of the official year as possible, Officers in charge of Civil Treasuries and Paymasters collect and forward to the Bank the Pass-books belonging to the depositors resident in their District, that the entries therein may be checked with those in the books of the Bank, and the interest due in each case credited.

27. Should an account be overdrawn in consequence of a withdrawal not having been duly debited, or through an erroneous entry in a Pass-book, the loss will have to be made good by the Officer at whose Treasury the oversight or mistake occurred.

28. When a depositor requests that his account may be finally closed, his Pass-book is sent to the Bank for that purpose.

29. Wherever Government Treasury business is conducted by Branch Banks, deposits on account of Government Savings' Bank should be received at the Branch Banks under orders of the Collector, part payments therefrom being also made under his orders. In regard to entire withdrawals, the sanction of the Secretary of the Government Savings' Bank is necessary.

30. Pass-books to new depositors should be issued by the Branch Banks, and statements of deposits and withdrawals should be rendered to the Secretary Savings' Bank, by Collectors.

31. A statement of Military deposits on account of the Government Savings' Bank, is forwarded annually by the Accountant General to the Secretary to the Government Savings' Bank for verification.

Form referred to in para. 5.

The Secretary to the Government Savings' Bank.

Dated _____ the _____ 19 ____

Sir,

I have the honor to apprise you that I have authorized the

Here insert designation of Government Officer. Rupees _____

* to deposit the sum of _____ in the Savings' Bank as my security to Government, and that the same will not be payable to me until I shall produce to you the express written sanction of the _____ under whom I may be serving, for payment of the same. I have also agreed not to object to the payment by the Bank of this deposit to each _____ upon his claiming it, and not to make any claim for interest after such _____

shall have revoked the authority for the Savings' Bank to pay me the interest.

I have the honor to be,

Sir,

Your most obedient servant,

Signature of Depositor

Designation of do.

benevolent or other public Associations, or by public Officers, of money deposited with them *ex-officio*, as security for the discharge of any public duty or the fidelity of any public officer, or for the accomplishment of any public object.

III.—Subject to the provisions of these Rules, the Government of India guarantees the repayment of every deposit with interest.

IV.—Without the sanction of the Comptroller-General, no account will be opened for less than one rupee; and no person may deposit more than five thousand rupees, in all, between any 1st of April and the 31st March next following.

V.—Interest will not be allowed upon a smaller balance than 1½ rupee, or upon the excess in any balance over the highest multiple of 1½ rupee.

VI.—Interest will be allowed for each calendar month upon the minimum balance of the account between the close of the fourth day and the end of the month.

VII.—From the 1st January 1890, and further notice, interest will be allowed upon deposits at the rate of one pie a month for every 1½ rupee, which is equal to one anna for every Rupee 12, or one rupee for every Rupee 288, being at the rate of Rupees 4½ per centum per annum. Without the sanction of the Comptroller-General, no higher monthly interest will be allowed upon any balance than Rupees 17½.

VIII.—On the written request of any Depositor, his balance, or any part of it, will be invested by the Comptroller-General in his own name in trust for, and at the risk of, the Depositor at current market rates, in stock of any Loan which he may specify; if no particular loan is specified, then stock of one of the Four per Cent. Loans will be bought. And stock or notes of any Government Loan, to a moderate amount, may be received by the Comptroller-General from or on behalf of any Depositor and converted into stock. The stock thus bought will be held by the Comptroller-General on the Depositor's account, the interest thereon, less a commission of one-quarter per cent., being added to his deposit, on advice from the Comptroller-General, and entered in his Deposit Book, the first time that it is subsequently presented. Stock held on account of a Depositor will, on his written request, be sold, and the proceeds added to his Deposit, or, if he desires it, will be converted into notes and delivered to him. A commission of 1 per cent., besides the Bank's fees, will be charged upon such purchases, sales, and deliveries.

IX.—Every account will be made up on the 31st March, and the interest then due, calculated under these Rules, added to the balance upon which future interest will accrue. If an account is closed on any other date, interest due to the end of the preceding calendar month will be paid to the Depositor, but a Depositor who closes an account should not, ordinarily, be permitted immediately to re-open it, except on payment of a fine varying at the discretion of the Secretary from one to ten rupees.

X.—An account may be transferred free of charge to any other Government Savings Bank.

XI.—A Deposit Book will be supplied to each Depositor in which the Secretary, or, if the Savings' Bank is at a public treasury, the Treasury Officer, will acknowledge every deposit. The personal attendance of a Depositor is not required; but no deposit will be received or payment made without the Depositor's Deposit Book, and the Government will not be responsible for any deposit the receipt of which is not acknowledged in a Deposit Book. The interest due to date will be entered in each Deposit Book the first time that it is produced after the 31st March. The first Deposit Book will be supplied free of charge; but if a Deposit Book is lost or injured, or if a closed account is re-opened, one rupee will be charged for a new book.

XII.—A Depositor may not operate frequently upon his account as if it were an ordinary banking account, or open more than one account in his own name or in the name of any member of his family, or for his own benefit or the benefit of any member of his family. The Comptroller-General must take precautions to prevent any transgression of this Rule and, in particular, any employment of an account as an ordinary drawing account. This Rule is not meant to prevent any one from opening more than one *ex-officio* or public account.

XIII.—The Secretary may refuse to open any account or may close any account, for any sufficient reason, as, for example, because he thinks that the account is likely to be used or is being used contrary to the object with which Government Savings Banks are established, namely, the encouragement of saving. But every such refusal or closure, and the reasons for it, should be reported to the Comptroller-General.

XIV.—When the Secretary thinks it proper to close any account, he shall give notice, in writing, to the Depositor of such closure. After the date of such notice, no deposit shall be accepted on the account to be closed, and no interest shall be allowed upon the balance of the closed account after the end of the calendar month then current.

XV.—The Comptroller-General should report to the Governor-General in Council refusal to sanction an application under Rule IV or VII, with his reasons for such refusal.

XVI.—These Rules apply as well to accounts opened before as after their publication.

XVII.—The Governor-General in Council reserves the right to alter or add to Rules at any time.

XVIII.—A copy of The Government Savings' Banks Act, 1873, and of these Rules, shall be printed in each Deposit Book, and the signature, or, if he cannot write, mark of the Depositor, obtained to the annexed declaration before any deposit is accepted from him.

Declaration to be recorded in accordance with Rule XVIII.

I acknowledge that I have read these Rules (or, if he cannot read, that these Rules have been read to me.)

Dated

TABLE OF MONTHLY INTEREST.

Principal.	Monthly Interest.	Principal.	Monthly Interest.
RS.	PIES.	RS.	ANNAS.
15	1	54	3
16	2	72	4
17	3	90	5
18	4	108	6
19	5	126	7
20	6	144	8
21	7	162	9
22	8	180	10
23	9	198	11
24	10	216	12
25	11	234	13
	ANNAS.	252	14
18	1	270	15
19	2	288	One rupee

Ordered that this Resolution be communicated to the Comptroller-General who will, in due and needful supplementary instructions.

R. B. CHAPMAN,

Secy. to the Govt. of India.

For any further information regarding the Rules, reference should be made to the Secretary Government Savings' Bank.

Government Loans.

Interest when payable, &c.

THREE AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1853-54.

Opened 23rd October, 1853, and closed 30th August, 1855.—Interest payable on 29th February and 31st August.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1824-25.

Opened 18th September, 1824, and closed 19th May, 1825.—Interest payable quarterly in cash, and by bills on the Home Government at the exchange of 1s. 11d. per Sicca Rupee, or 1s. 10d. per Government Rupee, and payable 12 months after date. The notes of this Loan have nearly all been transferred to the Five per Cent. Loan of 1825-26, and Four per Cent. Transfer Loan of 1st May, 1865.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1828-29.

Opened 3rd July, 1828.—Interest payable quarterly in cash and by bills on the Home Government as in the case of the above loan. Notes of this Loan have nearly all been transferred as above.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1832-33.

Opened 7th June, 1831, and closed 16th September, 1835.—Interest payable half-yearly on 1st May and 1st November as in the above loans. Notes of this loan have partly been transferred to the Four per Cent. Loan of 1st May, 1835.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1835-36.

Opened 16th September, 1835, and closed 15th May, 1841.—Interest payable half-yearly on 1st March and 30th September as in the above loans.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1842-43.

Opened 14th January, 1843, and is comprised of cash subscriptions and transfers from the Five per Cent. Loans of 1825-26 and 1829-30.—Interest payable on 1st February and 1st August. The other conditions of this loan are the same as those of the Four per Cent. Loan of 1835-36. This loan is open for the consolidation of Notes of the several Four per Cent. Loans to Notes of a corresponding amount in it.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1854-55.

Opened 23rd October, 1853, and is comprised of transfers from the Five per Cent. Loan, and 30th June, 1841.—Interest payable on 30th June and 31st December.

FOUR PER CENT. BOOK DEBT LOAN OF 22ND APRIL 1851.

Opened 22nd January, 1853, and is comprised of transfers from the Five per Cent. Transfer Loan.

FOUR PER CENT. TRANSFER LOAN OF 1ST MAY, 1855.

Opened 19th November, 1861.—Interest payable on 1st May and 1st November. This Loan is open for the consolidation of Notes of the several Four per Cent. Loans into Notes of a corresponding amount in it.

REDUCED FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 15TH JANUARY 1870.

Comprises transfers from the Four per Cent. Transfer Loan of 1872 under the provisions of Clause 6, para. 3 of Financial Notification, dated 16th September 1871, No. 3206.—Interest payable half-yearly on 15th January and 15th July. No part of this Loan will be paid off before 15th January 1880.

FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 15TH JULY, 1870.

Opened under Financial Notification, dated 31st December, 1869, No. 3,452, and is comprised of transfers from the Five per Cent. P. W. Loan of 12th March, 1855, and Four and a Half per Cent. Loan of 28th February, 1857. Interest payable half-yearly on the 15th January and 15th July. Guaranteed not to be paid off before the 15th of July, 1885.

FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 4TH JULY, 1871.

Opened under Financial Notification, dated 1st May, 1871, No. 197, and is comprised of transfers from the Four and a Half per Cent. Debenture Loan of 1870. Interest payable half-yearly on the 4th January and 4th July, at the rate of Four and a Half per Cent. for 10 years and thenceforward at Four per Cent. No part of this Loan will be paid off before 4th July, 1881.

FOUR AND A HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 15TH SEPTEMBER, 1878.

Opened under Financial Notification, dated 27th July 1878. Interest payable half-yearly on 15th March and 15th September. No part of this Loan will be discharged before 15th September 1893.

TRANSFER LOAN OF 1879.

Comprises transfers from the 5½ per Cent. Loan of 31st May 1859, and cash subscriptions under Financial Notifications, dated 12th August 1878, 13th March 1879 and 14th May 1880. Notes in lieu of transfers from the 5½ per Cent. Loan were issued in two alternative forms, one portion entitled, "The Transfer Loan 1879. Four and half per Cent. Portion;" and the other "The Transfer Loan of 1879. Seven Shillings sterling per Cent. portion." Interest payable half-yearly on 15th March and 15th September. No part of this Loan will be paid off before 15th September 1883.

FIVE PER CENT. DEBENTURE LOAN OF 1887.

Opened under Financial Notification, No. 2,010, dated 11th April, 1887.—Interest payable half-yearly on the 1st June and 1st December. Principal to the extent of 60 lakhs repayable on the 1st June, 1892.

Lost Notes, obtaining of duplicates.

Loss of a Government Promissory Note is reported to the Comptroller General, Calcutta. It is then stopped in the Loan and Interest Books of the Public Debt Office, and the applicant for a duplicate note is required to advertise the loss in three successive issues of the *Gazette of India* as well as the *Government Gazette* of the Province where he resides. Should the note have been encashed for payment of interest at any other Treasury than Calcutta, the loser is required to give the necessary information to the Treasury concerned, and two years after the date of the last advertisement of loss he has to apply to the Public Debt Office for a Duplicate Note.

Should the Note alleged to be lost not be forthcoming, and the title of the claimant be fully proved, the owner and two sureties to be approved of by the Solicitor to Government are required to execute a bond of indemnity, and on the receipt of such bond of indemnity, the Controller General submits the case, with his opinion, for the order of the Government of India. In case, however, there be any doubt as to the title of the claimant, the case is in the first instance forwarded to the Advocate General.

As a general rule, duplicate Notes will not be issued until ten years after the last correct advertisement of loss, but meanwhile, interest will be paid on the lost Notes after the lapse of two years under a bond of indemnity.

Bankers and Agents in Madras.

ARBUTHNOT AND CO.—Dentinch's Buildings, North Beach.—PARTNERS: Alexander Mackenzie, Hon'ble Patrick Macfadyen, Sir William Wedderburn Arbuthnot, Bart. (Consul for Sweden and Norway), Esq., George Gough Arbuthnot, (Esq.), and James Woodgate Arbuthnot, (Esq.).—ASSISTANTS: J. W. Moterop, J. H. Peebles and Thomas Angus.

AGENTS FOR

The Government of Ceylon.	The Maritime Insurance Co., (Ld.) (Marine.)
The Government of Travancore.	The Thames & Mersey Insur. Co., (Ld.) do.
The Mysore Administration.	The London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.
The Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.	The British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company.
The Merchant Shipping Compy., (Limited.)	Campagne Lyonnaise d'Assur. Maritimes.
The National Guarantee and Suretyship Association, (Limited.)	The Colonial Sea and Fire Insurance Company.
The Madras Equitable Assurance Society.	Indian Electric Light Company, Limited.
The London Assurance Corporation (Marine, Fire and Life.)	Ooregum Gold Mining Compy., (Limited.)
The Azienda Assicuratrice Compy., (Marine.)	The Madras do. do.
The Alliance Marine Insurance Company.	Colar Gold Mining Company.
The Canton Insurance Office, (Marine.)	Devals-Moyer Company.
The China Traders' Insurance Co., (Ld.) do.	

BEST AND CO.—Armenian Street.—PARTNERS: A. V. Dunlop Best & John McLintock.—Assistant, C. Slater.

AGENTS FOR

Brunton's Patent Press Company Limited.	Mercantile Marine and Fire Insurance Co.
Universal Life Assurance Society.	of South Australia, Adelaide. [Glasgow.
Northern Assurance Company, Fire & Life.	Nobel's Explosives Company, Limited.
	Mysore Gold Mining Company, Limited.

BINNY AND CO.—Armenian Street.—PARTNERS: Charles Alexander Ainslie, Clement Simpson, J. A. Boyson, (Europe) and Dornier Rasbotham.—ASSISTANTS: George L. Chambers, William Lambert, and John Campbell.

AGENTS FOR

The Buckingham Mill Company, (Limited.)	The Swiss Lloyd Transport Insurance Company in Winterthur Switzerland.
The British India Steam Navigation Company, (Limited.)	The Universal Marine Insurance Company of London, (Limited.)
The Australian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company.	The Alliance Fire Assurance Company of London.
The Triton Marine Insurance Company of Calcutta.	The Phoenix Fire Assurance Company of London.
The Home and Colonial Marine Insurance Company of London, (Limited.)	The Standard Life Insurance Company of Edinburgh.
The Netherlands India Sea and Fire Insurance Company of Batavia.	The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Socy. of London.

BURNET AND CO.—North Beach.—PARTNER: William Burnet.

AGENTS FOR

The Queen Insurance Co., (Fire and Life.)	Union Marine Insurance Company, (Ld.)
CROYSDALE AND CO.—Second Line Beach.—SOLE PARTNER: T. Croysdale (Consular Agent for Italy).—Assistant G. W. Deane.	

AGENTS FOR

Messrs Henschell DuBoisson and Co., London.

DYMES AND CO.—Rutter's Building, North Beach.—PARTNER: Lumsden Strange (Consul for United States); J. R. Hunter, G. F. Harcourt, A. H. Deane, H. S. Symons, and R. J. Black, Assistant.

AGENTS FOR

North China Insurance Company.	Peermund Coffee Company, (Limited.)
Batavia Sea and Fire Insurance Company.	Imperial Fire Insurance Company.
Lancashire Insurance Company.	Samarang See and Fire Insurance Compy.
Achen-Leipziger Versicherungs-Action-Gesellschaft.	Bally Paper Mills Company, (Limited.)
	Calcutta.

FACIOLLE AND CO.—Popham's Broadway.—PARTNER: A. Faciolle.

AGENTS FOR

V. Versepuy, Paris.	Burian and Bunzl, Gablentz.
F. Premavest and Sons, Cardiff.	
GORDON WOODROFFE AND CO.—21, North Beach.—PARTNERS: G. W. P. Woodroffe (London), and George Jackson; ASSTS.: Andrew Young, James Peat, and H. Ormerod.	

MASSEY AND CO.—Napier Works, Madras.—PARTNER: A. S. Massey, Madras.

AGENTS FOR

Ransome, Sims and Head, Ipswich.
The Pulsometer Company, (Ltd.) London.
Wm. Edward & Sons, Wolverhampton.
General, Civil and Mechanical Engineers.

Silicate Paint Company, Charlton, Kent.
Thos. B. Jordan and Son, London.
Gresham and Craven, Manchester.

MAUDE, AND CO.—12, McLean Street.—PARTNERS: James Stiven, Madras.

MCDOWELL and Co.—Second Line Beach.—PARTNER: Ambrose Miller Hooper.—
Assistants: George Drury Coleman and George Adolphus Ruppell sign p. pro.

AGENTS FOR

Messrs. Baes and Co., Buron-on-Trent.
Messrs. Beyerman and Co., Bordeaux.
Deuman's Greek Wines.
Jameson's Irish Whisky.
Messrs. Evans, Lecher and Webb, London.
Messrs. Thurston and Company, London.
Messrs. Jakichs and Company, Pesth.
Messrs. P. Giesler and Company.
Messrs. Thomas Duncan and Sons, Bordeaux.
Agents for the Xerez Wine Company.
Dunville and Co.
Lemoines' Real Cognac.
Messrs. Hanks and Company, London.

Vine Growers' Association of Spain.
Vine Growers' Company of Bordeaux.
Vine Growers' Association of Cognac.
Bisquit DuBouche & Co., Cognac.
Jules Champion Reims.
Messrs. Geo. W. Whortley & Co., London.
Baron de Ceneccas, Madeira.
Messrs. Greenless Brothers, London.
Hungarian Wine Grower's Agency.
Erven Lucas Bels Amsterdam.
Mazgreger and Company, Mincing Lane, London.
L. Rose and Co.

OAKES AND CO.—Broadway.—PARTNERS: H. R. Dawson, William Heyland Oakes, (Europe), and George Simmons (Europe).

AGENTS FOR

South-East Wymad Estates and Gold Mining Co. (Limited.)

The Royal Insurance Company, Life and Fire, London and Liverpool.
Messrs. J. and C. White and Co., London.
Messrs. M. B. Foster and Sons, London.
Messrs. Flower and Son, Stratford-on-Avon.
Messrs. Currier and Adet, Bordeaux.
Messrs. W. Carson and Sons, London.
Messrs. Bryant and May, London.
Thorley's Cattle food, London.
"Peerless" double distilled Kerosine Oil.
Messrs. Pettit & Co., New York.
"Barclay & Perkins."
Spanish Port "Prioratos."
Messrs. F. C. Calvert and Co., Manchester.
Messrs. Jayne and Sons, New York.
Central Vineyard Proprietors (or Three Diggers) Brandy.

J. E. Pellisson & Co.'s Brandy, Cognac.
Messrs. Haviland and Co., Limoges.
Stuart and Mills, Stourbridge.
Dainhard & Co., Coblentz, Hockst Moselles.
Holman Liver and Stomach Ead Company.
Henri Nestle, Vevey Suisse.
P. Giesler and Co., London, Champagne.
J. Hennessy and Co., Bordeaux.
Egon Fruit Salt.
Vandenburgh & Co., Antwerp.
The Royal Lochnagar Whisky.
W. Morgan & Co., Adelaide, Australia.
Bangher Distillery Co.
Incomparable Ball Whiskey.
Morgan's Patent Phosphorus Crucibles.

PARRY AND CO.—North Beach.—PARTNERS: Alexander Forrester Brown, (Europe), J. C. Shaw, (Belgian Consul) and J. Fortuna.—Assistants: J. W. Griffiths, and W. Parry Crake.

AGENTS FOR

The Eagle Life Assurance Company.
The Church of England Life Assurance Institution.
The Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance.
H. M. Dockyard, Trincemallee.
The Sun Fire Office.
"The Ocean" Marine Insurance Company, London.
The "Anchor" Line of Steamers.

The Merchant's Marine Insurance Co. (Limited).
The Southern India Coffee Company (Limited).
The London Guarantee & Accident Co. (Limited).
The Southern India Alpha Gold Mining Company (Limited).
The Fire Insurance Association, (Limited).

T. A. TAYLOR AND CO.—10, Armenian Street.—PARTNER in Madras, T. Arthur Taylor.—Assistants: Edward Robinson, Charles Sowden.

WALKER AND CO.—37, Second Line Beach.—PARTNERS: George Walker (London), William Walker Munis (London), and William Walker, (Madras).—Assistant: J. L. Walker.

AGENTS FOR

North British and Mercantile Insurance Company (Fire and Life).

WILSON AND CO.—Bentley's Buildings, Beach.—PARTNERS: Henry Bill, (Madras), John Brooks Wright (Eur.), Stewart McCortson Turnbull (Madras), John Wilson (Eur.), John Alexander Anderson, and Thomas Steel Anderson, (Calcutta).—Assistants: D. E. W.

274 A
SPENCER AND CO., Mount Road.—PARTNERS: John William Spencer and Eugene Oakshott.

AGENTS FOR

Nathaniel Johnston and Sons, Bordeaux.
Mireau Dussarget and Co., Bordeaux.
Royer Guillet and Co., Cognac.
Otard Dupuy and Co., Cognac.
De Laage Fils and Co., do.
Louis Roederer, Reims.
Pommery and Greno, Reims.
Heidsieck and Co., Reims.
Perrier Jouet and Co., Epernay.
F. Giesler and Co., Avize.
Paul Ruinat and Co., Reims.
Adolphe Collin, Chalan Sur Marne.
Koch Lauteren and Co., Frankfurt.
Chr. Adt. Kupferberg and Co., Mayence on Rhine.
Meyer and Coblentz, Bingen on Rhine.
Cunningham and Co., London.

John Jameson and Sons, Dublin.
Bernard and Co., Leith.
Mears and Co., London.
C. & W. Stewart, Aberdeen.
Glencoe Whisky, Dundee.
Bullock Lade and Co., Glasgow.
Max Gregor and Co., London.
Huntley and Palmers, Reading.
Robt. Porter and Co., London.
Read Brothers, London.
Zoedone Company, (Limited), London.
The Adams and Westlake Manufacturing Company, Chicago.
Lalence and Grosjean Manufacturing Company, New York.
Paterson and Co., Smyrna.
Brand and Co., London.

Leighton, J. H. Tweedy, R. J. Shooter, E. J. Shelford, Jas. Fraser, J. Young, H. Carey, (Salem), J. McGregor, (Cuddapah) and C. N. Minchin, (Gopaulpore.)

AGENTS FOR

Lloyds, London.	London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.
Commercial Union Fire and Life Assurance Company.	London and Provincial Marine Insurance Company.
London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.	Liverpool Underwriters' Association.
Guardian Fire Assurance Company.	Glasgow do. do.

Societa Italia d'Assicurazione Maritime Fluviali P'Terrestri.

La Baloise Compagnie d'assurance contre les regnes de Transport Bal.

The Asiatic Steam Navigation Company (Limited.)

INSURANCE AND ASSURANCE COMPANIES.

CORRESPONDENTS IN MADRAS.

Madras Equitable Assurance Society.....	
London Assurance Corporation, (Marine, Fire and Life).....	
Ariental Assicuratrice Company, (Marine).....	
Alliance Marine Insurance Company, (do.).....	
Canton Insurance Office, (do.).....	
China Traders' Insurance Company, (Ld.) (do.).....	
Maritime Insurance Company, (Limited.) (do.).....	
Thames and Mersey Insurance Company, (Ld.) (do.).....	Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.
London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.....	
British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company.....	
Compagnie Lyonnaise d'Assurances Maritimes.....	
Colonial Sea and Fire Insurance Company.....	
Electric Light Company, (Limited).....	
Universal Life Assurance Society.....	
Northern Assurance Company, Fire and Life.....	
Mercantile Marine and Fire Insurance Comp., of South Australia, Adelaide.....	" Best & Co.
The Triton Marine Insurance Company of Calcutta.....	
The Home and Colonial Marine Insurance Company of London (Ld.).....	
The Netherlands India Sea and Fire Insurance Company of Batavia.....	
The Swiss Lloyd Transport Insurance Company of Winterthur Switzerland.....	" Binay & Co.
The Universal Marine Insurance Co., of London (Ld.).....	
The Alliance Life and Fire Assurance Co., of London.....	
The Phoenix Fire Insurance Company of London.....	
The Standard Life Assurance Company of Edinburgh.....	
The Reliance Mutual Life Assurance Society of London.....	
Queen Insurance Company, (Fire and Life).....	" Burnet & Co.
Union Marine Insurance Co., (Ld.).....	
North China Insurance Company.....	
Batavia Sea and Fire Insurance Company.....	
Lancashire Insurance Company.....	" Dymes & Co.
Imperial Fire Insurance Company.....	
Samarang Sea and Fire Insurance Company.....	
Royal Insurance Co., Life and Fire, London & Liverpool.....	" Oakes & Co.
The Eagle Life Assurance Company.....	
The Church of England Life Assurance Institution.....	
The Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance.....	
"The Ocean" Marine Insurance Company, London.....	" Parry & Co.
The Merchant's Marine Insurance Company (Limited).....	
The Fire Insurance Association, (Limited).....	
North British & Mercantile Insurance Co. (Fire & Life).....	" Walker & Co.
Commercial Union Fire and Life Assurance Company.....	
London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company.....	
Guardian Fire Assurance Company.....	" Wilson & Co.
London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company.....	
London and Provincial Marine Insurance Company.....	
The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Co. (Ld.) F. Rowlandson L.L.B.	
Acting Agent.	

MADRAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

(Established 29th September, 1836.)

C. Simpson, Esq., Chairman.

R. C. Walker, Esq., Vice-Chairman.

COMMITTEE—1880.

L. Strange, Esq.
J. C. Shaw, Esq.

H. Bill, Esq.
F. T. Atkins, Esq.

D. Rastotham, Esq.

C. A. Lawson, Esq., Secretary.

Messrs. Binny and Co., Treasurers.

Ainello, C. A., Esq.—Eur.
Arbuthnot, Sir W. W., Esq.—Eur.
Arbuthnot, G. G., Esq.—Eur.
Arbuthnot, J. W., Esq.—Eur.
Aspinwall, J. H., Esq.—Cochin.
Brown, A. E., Esq.—Eur.
Blakie, T., Esq.—Eur.
Boyd, J. R., Esq.—Eur.
Best, A. V. D., Esq.—Eur.
Boyson, J. A., Esq.—Eur.
DeClosets, H., Esq.

Crocydale, T., Esq.—Eur.
Fortune, J., Esq.—Eur.
Frank, T. E., Esq.—Eur.
Gordon, W., Esq.—Eur.
Grant, S. D., Esq.—Eur.
DeGuigné, A., Esq.—Eur.
Jackson, Geo., Esq.—Eur.
Kyd, J., Esq.—Eur.
Mackenzie, A. Esq.—Eur.
McIntosh, J., Esq.—Eur.
Miller, W. L., Esq.—Eur.

Munsie, W. W., Esq.—Eur.
Robillard, W. S., Esq.—Eur.
Saunders, A. M., Esq.—Eur.
Scott, W., Esq.—Eur.
The Honble P. Macfarlane.
Stevens, P., Esq.—Eur.
Taylor, T. A., Esq.—Eur.
Turball, S. R., Esq.—Eur.
Walker, W., Esq.—Eur.

Rules and Regulations of the Chamber.

1st. That the Madras Chamber of Commerce is formed with a view to watch over and protect the interests of Trade; to receive and collect information on all matters of Mercantile interest, bearing upon the removal of grievances and the promotion of the commerce; to communicate with authorities and with individual parties thereupon; to receive references on matters of custom or usage in doubt or dispute, deciding on the same and recording the decision made for future reference; and to form by that and other means a code of practice, whereby the transactions of business by all engaged in it may be simplified and facilitated.

2nd. That all merchants and other persons engaged in the general Trade of Madras be eligible as Members.

3rd. That persons desirous of joining the Chamber shall be proposed by one Member and seconded by another. Notice of the same shall be entered in the Docket Book and circulated among the Members, and the election shall be made by ballot at the first General Meeting of the Chamber held after the expiry of one month from the date of the notice, a majority of two-thirds of those voting at the Meeting being necessary for admission.

4th. That voting by proxy be not allowed, nor by parties whose subscriptions shall be in arrears.

5th. That the power of expulsion be reserved to the Chamber, to be decided by ballot by a majority at a General Meeting.

6th. That the executive duties of the Chamber shall be conducted by the Chairman with the assistance of the Committee, and that all matters of importance be referred for the decision of the general body of Subscribers, who shall be called together as often as is necessary by the Chairman, but not less frequently than once a month.

7th. That the Chairman shall on all occasions have a casting vote in addition to his own as a Member of the Chamber.

8th. That every member on election shall pay an entrance fee of Rupees 100.

9th. That the subscription be fixed at Rupees 100 per annum, payable quarterly in advance. Absentees in Europe to pay no subscription.

10th. That if any Member allow his subscription to the Chamber to fall into arrears for more than one quarter without sufficient reason, his name shall be expunged from the List.

11th. That the Funds be paid as realized into the Treasurers Bank, and that when exceeding one thousand Rupees they be invested in Government Paper.

12th. That the ordinary expenditure be at the discretion of the Chairman; and that extraordinary be made by him with the sanction of the Committee.

13th. That an Annual General Meeting be held on the second Monday of December, or as near thereto as convenient, at which the Treasurer's account shall be submitted, and the Chairman for the following year shall be elected; the retiring Chairman becoming Vice-Chairman. In case of the Chairman's re-election, a new Vice-Chairman shall be elected.

The Vice-Chairman shall conduct the duties of Chairman during the absence of the latter.

14th. That Special General Meetings may be convened on the requisition of the Chairman or of any three Members of the Chamber, not being Members of the same Firm—notice of the subject of discussion to be given in the requisition calling the Meeting.

15th. That at the Annual General Meeting of the Chamber, a Sub-Committee of not less than 7 Members, including the Chairman and Vice-Chairman, shall be elected to assist the Chairman in the disposal of the business of the Chamber. Two members of the same Firm may not be on the Committee.

16th. That a Fee of 15 Rupees shall accompany all references to the Chamber.

17th. That in the event of any Member of the Chamber taking the benefit of the Act for the Relief of Insolvent Debtors, he shall thereby cease to be a Member of the Chamber, but will be eligible for re-election without the repayment or the entrance donation.

General Rates of Agency and Commission.

As revised by the Chamber of Commerce, and recommended for general approval and adoption.

No.		Per cent.
1.	On the total amount of payments and receipts of an Account excepting sums on which a higher Commission has been previously charged, and sums paid for Bills of Exchange on England drawn by the Agent.....	Half.
2.	On purchasing or selling Bills of Exchange.....	One.
3.	On subscriptions to Government loans, purchasing, selling, transferring or exchanging Public Securities and Bank Shares.....	Quarter.
4.	On obtaining enforcement of Government Promissory Notes.....	One-eighth.
5.	On delivering up Public Securities or lodging them in any of the Public Offices.....	Quarter.
6.	On negotiating or renewing a loan or Cash credit at the Bank of Madras or elsewhere.....	Half.
7.	On receiving and delivering Private Commissions of Goods and Merchandise.....	Two and a half.
8.	On charge of House Property and collection of Rents.....	Five.
9.	On letters of Credit granted.....	One.
10.	On the management of Estates for Executors or Administrators, or on becoming Security for Administrators.....	Two and a half.
11.	On debts when process of law or Arbitration is necessary.....	do.
	If recovered by such means.....	Five.
12.	On Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c., dishonored.....	One.
13.	On overdue debts collected.....	Two and a half.
14.	On all sales or purchases of Goods.....	Five.
	With the following exceptions:—	
	On Houses, Lands and Ships.....	Two and a half.
	On Diamonds, Pearls and Jewellery.....	do.
	On Treasure and Bullion.....	One.
	On all Goods and Merchandise withdrawn, shipped or delivered to order.	
	On all other descriptions of property for sale, if withdrawn or otherwise disposed of by the owners.	Half Commission.
	On Goods transferred to Auction or Commission Salesmen.	
15.	On investing Proceeds of Sales in Goods.....	Two and a half.
16.	On guaranteeing Sales, Bills, Bonds, Contracts for Goods, or other Engagements.....	do.
17.	On Ship's Disbursements.....	do.
18.	On Ship's Disbursements, when no outward Commission on Freight or Passage money is earned.....	Five.
19.	On Chartering Ships or engaging Tonnage for other Parties.....	Two and a half.
20.	On the amount of Freight or Passage money earned by Ships, by Charter or otherwise, whether the same shall pass through the Agent's hands or not.....	Five.
21.	When the Commission of 2½ per cent. on the Inward Freight, paid at Home or in Madras, does not in the case of steamers via the Suez Canal exceed Rs. 100, then that sum shall be charged.	
22.	On effecting Insurance, whether on Lives or property.....	Half.
23.	On settling Insurance claims, losses and averages of all classes, whether on Lives or Property and on recoveries of returns of Premium.....	Two and a half.
24.	On negotiating Bottomry or Respondentia Bond.....	do.
25.	On attending the delivery of Contract Goods.....	Two.
26.	On receiving Passage Money by Ships entered inwards.....	One.
27.	On realizing Freights.....	Two and a half.
28.	On arranging and superintending the transshipment of Cargo, on the amount of Freight so re-engaged.....	Five.

- Per cent.
29. On the management of Vessels chartered elsewhere for the conveyance of Coolies or Troops, on amount of Passage Money..... Two and a half.
30. For acting in the capacity of Trustee, on the income of the Trust Fund..... do.
31. On landing and re-shipping Goods from any vessel in distress, or on landing and selling by auction damaged Goods from any such vessel, and acting as Agent for the Master on behalf of all concerned, on the declared value of all such Goods as may be re-shipped, and on the net proceeds of all such Goods as may be publicly sold. Two and a half.
32. That brokerage at the rate of $\frac{1}{2}$ (half) per cent. be an accepted charge on all freight.

[Additions adopted by the Chamber, 27th November 1876, and which came into force on the 1st January, 1877.]

When the freight is payable in sterling, the commission shall be calculated on the sterling amount at the following rates for Bank Bills, viz., at the rate for 6 months' sight Bank Bills, when the freight is by sailing ships, and at the rate for 3 months' sight Bank Bills when by steamers.

On ships leaving the Port in ballast, which have been consigned inward, upon the English net registered tonnage, 6 annas per ton.

On steamers leaving the Port in ballast, which have been consigned inward, upon the English net registered tonnage 8 annas per ton.

On ships leaving the Port in ballast, which have been consigned inwards and outwards, upon the English net registered tonnage, 12 annas per ton.

On steamers leaving the Port in ballast, which have been consigned inward and outward, upon the English net registered tonnage, Rs. 1 per ton.

When the amount on which commission is payable is stated in Rupees, the commission shall be calculated in that currency; and when in sterling at the rate provided for under the Rule which fixes the rate "on procuring freight."

With respect to a steamer or sailing vessel partially discharged, which does not return to this port for cargo on her homeward voyage, the rate shall be 8 annas a ton on every ton discharged, provided the total amount exceeds Rs. 100, failing which, Rs. 100 shall be charged.

The conversion into Indian currency of sterling freight payable in Madras shall, unless otherwise stipulated, be made at the rate for Bank Bills on London payable on demand; and the rate ruling at the close of a Mail, should be the rate applicable to such purpose during the subsequent week.

(Addition adopted by the Chamber, 25th September 1889, to come into force on the 1st January 1891.)

That brokerage on a forward contract shall be payable on the completion transaction.

IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.

INDIAN ESTABLISHMENT.

John H. Latham, Esq., Chief Engineer and Manager.

J. F. Maddox, Esq., Chief Acct. and Government Auditor.

EXECUTIVE ENGINEER.—C. H. Wilks, Esq.

ASSISTANT ENGINEERS.—J. O. Dunphy, Esq., A. L. Dunphy, Esq., (Boat construction.)

SUPERNUMERARY ACCT. ENGINEER.—T. Cunniffa Moodelly.

BANKERS—Bank of Madras and Agra Bank. SOLICITORS—Messrs. Barclay and Morgan.

HEAD OFFICE—RURPOOL.

MADRAS CARRYING COMPANY.

Application to be made for the booking of Passengers' Goods and Parcels to the Agencies.

Coonor, Mettapollium and No. 192, Mount Road, Madras.

J. BROWN, General Manager,
Ootacamund.

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