

Asylum Press Almanac
and Compendium of intelligence
for 1879.

P4, Pp from 825 to the end.

1878.

$$\begin{array}{r} 944 \\ 825 \\ \hline 119 \end{array}$$

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A. Shanmuga Moodliar.....Manager.

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Office of the Registrar of Books—Old College, Madras.

V. Kristnama Chariar, Registrar.

Hours for registration, from 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

CIRCULAR MEMORANDUM, No. 12.

The Registrar of Books thinks it desirable to call the attention of District Registrars, Printers and Publishers to the following notification of the Government of India exempting certain publications from the provisions of Act XXV of 1867. Such publications should in no case be sent in for registration or received by the District Registrars for transmission to this office:—

NOTIFICATION.

By virtue of the power vested in the Governor-General in Council by Section 21 of Act XXV of 1867, entitled "An Act for the regulation of Printing Presses and Newspapers, for the preservation of copies of books printed in British India, for the registration of such books," His Excellency in Council is pleased to declare that the following publications are exempted from the provisions of the said Act:—

- 1.—Acts of the Legislative Council without notes or commentaries.
- 2.—Price lists and tradesmen's circulars.
- 3.—Catalogues of books and other articles, auctioneers' notices and advertisements.
- 4.—Play-bills, comprising advertisements of theatrical and musical entertainments.
- 5.—Decisions of courts of law without notes or commentaries.
- 6.—Petitions and appeals addressed to constitute authority under the provisions of law.
- 7.—Testimonials of private individuals or public officers.
- 8.—Annual reports of schools, banks, societies and firms.
- 9.—Almanacs and calendars.
- 10.—Labels affixed to articles of commerce.

HOME DEPARTMENT, PUBLIC, }
FORT WILLIAM, Dec. 1871. }(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY,
Secy. to Govt. of India.

2. By a recent ruling of the Madras Government, all Magazines, Reviews, Literary and Scientific Journals and similar periodical literature published in parts at fixed intervals, and intended to be continued for an indefinite time, should be registered for the future, in the same way as Books.

MADRAS,
Office of the Registrar of Books,
19th March 1872. }V. KRISTNAMA CHARIAR,
Registrar of Books.

NOTICE TO PRINTERS AND PUBLISHERS.

The Registrar of Books having noticed that Books and Pamphlets are not unfrequently printed with words on the Title-page intimating to the public that the copyright is "Registered" when in fact it is not registered, the attention of all Printers, Publishers and Proprietors is called to the following brief abstract of the Copyright Act (No. XX of 1847) so far as it affects them:—

In order to secure the proprietary right in any publication, a written application must be made to the Registrar in the subjoined form given in the Schedule to Act XX of 1847 (vide Section V):—

TO THE REGISTRAR OF BOOKS,

Madras.

SIR,—I have the honor to request that you will be so good as to cause any proprietorship of the copyright of work described in the annexed Schedule to be registered under Rule 6 of Section 20 of Act XXV of 1867, and I herewith forward the prescribed fee of two Rupees for the registry.

Madras,
DateI have, &c.,
A. B.

SCHEDULE.

Time of making the entry.	Title of Book.	Name of the Publisher and place of publication.	Name and place of abode of the Proprietor of the Copyright.	Date of first publication.

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Unless the copyright is secured thus formally the Author or Proprietor will have no copyright. Anybody else may publish the work with impunity and deprive him of his interest in his work, and no remedy can be had in a Court of law (Section XIV). If, on the other hand, copyright is registered, the fact will be admissible as *prima facie* evidence of title and the registered Proprietor can exercise the right to assign his interest or any portion of his interest in the book: (Section V).

Should any person print, or cause to be printed any book in which there subsists copyright without the consent in writing of the Proprietor entered as such in the Registry-book of this office, or have in his possession for sale or hire any book so unlawfully printed without such consent, such offender makes himself liable to a special action for damages (Section VII). And all printed copies of such work are forfeited to the copyright Proprietor: (Section XII).

The practice which now prevails of inserting such formula as "Copyright registered" or "Copyright reserved" on the Title-page of a book and then omitting intentionally or otherwise to register the same is highly objectionable. It amounts to a false statement, made with a view to deter others by misrepresentation from publishing the book. Apart from the utter worthlessness of such false statement, the party making it may probably render himself liable to prosecution for cheating under the Penal Code.

Under Section III of the Copyright Act, the Registry-book kept at this office is open to inspection at all reasonable times on payment at this office of eight Annas for every entry which any person may require to be searched for or inspected in the said book, and therefore such person can thus inspect it to satisfy himself whether the copyright has been registered or not, or he can obtain, if required, a copy of any entry in such book, certified under the Registrar's hand, on payment of Rupees 2; and such copies so certified are receivable in evidence in all Courts and in all summary proceedings, and are a *prima facie* proof of the proprietorship of copyright.

2. The Registrar of Books would now warn all concerned that hereafter there can be no excuse for any false statement made concerning copyright or for any infraction of the rules regarding the registration of books generally under Act XXV of 1867, on plea of ignorance; and that any omission to register a publication after the receipt of this notice will be presumed to be intentional, and all parties concerned are hereby warned against the consequences of such neglect.

Office of the Registrar of Books, Old College, }
MADRAS, 1st August, 1876. }

V. KRISTNAMA CHARIAR,
Registrar of Books.

SCHOOL BOOK AND VERNACULAR LITERATURE SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED A. D. 1830.

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The Society was established in the year 1830, with a view to the general diffusion of useful knowledge, by the supply of approved school books at the cheapest possible rates, and particularly for the purpose of furnishing such elementary works, both in the English and the Vernacular languages, for the use of schools as would tend to open the minds and improve the character of the natives. It has now extended its operations by helping to form a solid vernacular literature by means of translations and original works, and it issues a Monthly Magazine both in Tamil and in Telugu, named the *Javarimudai*. The Office and Depository are in the Old College, Nungambakum.

SCHOOL OF INDUSTRIAL ARTS.

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Mr. J. Fonseca, Asst. Drawing Master.
" W. Dowley, Foreman.
" W. Muns, Head-Clerk.

This School was established by Dr. A. Hunter on the 1st May, 1850, and was supported till March 1855, partly by fees from pupils by payments for Drawings, Engravings and work turned out in the School, aided by small contributions from the Public, and the proceeds of the worthy Doctor's private practice while Medical Officer in the first District.

In March, 1855, the School was taken up by Government.

DRAWING ACADEMY.

The course of instruction in the Drawing Department is as follows:

1st Stage (a).—Linear Geometry.

(b).—Mechanical drawing from measurement.

(c).—Linear Perspective.

(d).—Details of Architecture from Copies.

2nd Stage (e).—Free hand drawing from Examples in outline enlarged or reduced.

(f).—Free hand drawing of the human figures in outline from Copies.

3rd Stage (g).—Free hand drawing from Models in outline.

(h).—Free hand drawing from Models shaded in Sepia.

(i).—Chalk drawings of the same objects.

4th Stage (j).—Outline drawings from the "round" in pencil.

(k).—Outline drawings from the round in Chalk.

(l).—Chalk drawings of the whole human figures from casts.

(m).—Life drawings of the same draped figure.

5th Stage (n).—Painting in Monochrome in oil and water color.

(o).—Painting in colors, Oil and water color.

(p).—Time sketching in Monochrome.

(q).—Time sketching in colors.

NOTE 1.—Students studying for the Examinations for draughtsmen D. P. W. will not be expected to go beyond the 2nd Stage.

NOTE 2.—Students studying to be Lithographers or Surveying draughtsmen will not be expected to go beyond the 2nd Stage.

NOTE 3.—Students studying for wood drawing or copper plate engraving will have a supplementary course of instruction embracing all kinds of point work after completing the 4th Stage.

At the various stages of progress, Examinations will be held and Certificates of proficiency granted.

Certificates of the 1st degree denote that the student is qualified to the extent specified. Certificates of the 2nd degree denote that the Student is qualified to teach to the extent specified.

Students passing the whole of the tests will be entitled to receive a general Certificate.

Students studying for Certificates of proficiency will pay a fee of 8 annas per mensem in advance, their studies will be regulated by the Superintendent of the School.

Students studying at the Institution merely with the view of improving themselves will pay a fee of 5 Rupees per mensem in advance, they will not be required to pass through the regular course, they may receive instruction in any branch.

The regular course of instruction extends over two sessions, viz., from 1st July to 15th December, and from 15th January to 31st May.

Fees to be paid in advance.

HOURS OF STUDY.

Regular Course.

Drawing School.—Each morning except Government holidays, from 7 to 9 o'clock. Students in training the whole day.

INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENTS.

In the Industrial Department all kinds of Art Metal work—pottery glass-painting and decoration are taught.

MADRAS MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Surgeon Major M. C. FURNELL, M.D., F.R.C.S., Principal

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Professor of Surgery & Clinical Surgery	.. Surgeon Major W. R. Cockerill.
Professor of Midwifery	.. Surgeon Major W. H. Harris, M.D.
Professor of Chemistry	.. Surgeon Major H. King, M.B., B.S.
Professor of Anatomy	.. Surg. Major J. Kessell, M.B. & M.A.C.P.E.
Lecturer on Comparative Anatomy	.. Do. do.
Professor of Ophthalmic Medicine, Surgery and Physiology	.. Surgeon E. F. Brockman.
Professor of Pathology	.. Surgeon C. Sibthorpe.
Professor of Hygiene	.. Surgeon A. M. Branfoot, M.B., M.H.
Professor of Medical Jurisprudence	.. Honorary Surgeon R. Harvey, F.R.C.S.E.
Lecturer on Materia Medica	.. Surgeon Major L. C. Nannay.
Lecturer in Botany	.. Honorary Surgeon R. Wilkins, F.R.C.S.E.
Demonstrator of Anatomy and Curator of the Museum	.. Honorary Surgeon R. Wilkins, F.R.C.S.E.
Assistant to the Professor of Botany and Materia Medica	.. Honorary Surgeon R. Harvey, F.R.C.S.E.
Assistant to the Professor of Medicine	.. 1st Class Apothecary W. Karney.
Asst. to the Professor of Chemistry	.. 1st Class Apothecary W. Hamilton.
Native Assistant	.. 1st Class Hos. Asst. T. Cannosawmi Pillay.
Clerk	.. Mr. J. R. DeSilva.
Librarian	.. P. R. Narayanaswamy Modally.
Draughtsman	.. M. Mooneswamy Modally.

This Institution was established by the Right Honorable Sir FREDERICK ADAM, K. C. B., by a General Order of Government, dated 18th February, 1825, for the instruction in "Medicine and Surgery" of Europeans, Eurasians and Natives entering the Medical branch of the public service. The benefits of instruction have been since thrown open to the community at large. The Medical College has been recognised by the Royal Colleges of Surgeons of London, Dublin and Edinburgh, as one of the Colonial Schools of Medicine and Surgery. It is under the control of the Director of Public Instruction. A building has been appropriated solely to the objects of the Institution, the foundation stone of which was laid in December 1836. It was greatly enlarged and improved in 1867.

There is a separate building for practical Anatomy; there is also a Laboratory where practical Chemistry is taught.

A Museum has been formed, which in addition to morbid specimens, possesses numerous preparations, models, &c., for illustrating the different branches of the course of instruction. There is also a Museum of Botany and Materia Medica.

The Institution is supplied annually with a selection of Works on the several branches of Medical Science, for the purpose of forming a Library of Reference. There is also a Students' Library.

The Academical year extends from 1st October to 30th June inclusive, and is divided into a Winter Session of six, and Summer Session of three months. The annual examinations of the College are held in June.

The pupils in attendance at the College consist of—

1. Stipendiary and Private Students and Lane Scholars, who form the Senior Department of the College. The period of study for those qualifying for the M. B. & C. M. degree is five years and for those qualifying only for the L. M. degree four years.

2. Military and Civil Students, divided into three classes, who study for three years and qualify as Assistant Apothecaries. These form the Second Department.

3. Government Students, forming the Junior Department of the College, are divided into two classes. Their period of study extends over two years; they are designed for Hospital Assistants in Government employ.

A class of Lady Students has been formed. The pupils study for three years to qualify as medical practitioners.

The number of Students in attendance at the College, on 1st October, 1878, was

In the Senior Department	{ Government Students.....1	Qualifying for the M. B. and C. M. degree
	{ Lane Scholar.....1	
	{ Private Students.....6	
	{ Private Students.....31	Qualifying for the L. M. degree.

Do. 2nd do.	.. 86
Do. Junior do.	.. 52
Non-medical Students	.. 1

Total, 180

The annual examination of Students takes place in June, when certificates of qualification to the 2nd and Junior Departments are granted, and prizes are given to the most deserving students in the several classes.

The Senior classes of the 2nd and Junior Department students undergo a final examination by a Board of Examiners, and those found qualified receive certificates for employment in the public service.

There is one Lane Scholarship of Rupees 30 per mensem, tenable for five years.

The Johnstone Gold Medal of 40 Rupees value is given as a prize to the best qualified student of the Senior or Second Department.

The Blacklock Gold Medal is given to the best Clinical Student.

A Government of Gold Medal of 30 Rupees value is given to the best qualified student of the Junior Department.

The students of the Senior Department present themselves for the University Examinations and are subject to its Regulations for degrees in Medicine and Surgery.

Rules for admission into the Several Departments of the College.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.

7. Candidates who have passed the First Examination in Arts are admitted as Private Students to the Senior Department of the College, and educated on payment of certain fees, to qualify for Medical Degrees in the University of Madras.

8. Candidates who have not passed in Latin at the First Examination in Arts, are required to pass in that language up to the F. A. standard at the Preliminary Scientific Examination held at the close of their first year of study.

9. Students of this section of the Senior Department qualify for the M.B. and C.M. Degree of the Madras University.

10. *Lane Scholarship.*—An endowed scholarship, founded in the year 1848 in memory of the late Surgeon Lane, of the Madras Medical Service, is at the disposal of the Lane Scholarship Committee; and applications for particulars to be made to the Secretary of the Committee. The candidates for the Lane Scholarship must be Protestants, of certified moral character, and of decided religious principles. Satisfactory evidence of character and principles must accompany all applications for scholarships; and that the monthly stipend of the Lane Scholarship commences with Rupees 20 rising to Rupees 30, and Rupees 40 on passing the Preliminary Scientific and First Examinations for the degrees of M.B. and C.M.

11. The curriculum for this class is as follows:—

First Year.		Fourth Year.	
Winter.....	{ Anatomy. Chemistry. Botany.	Winter.....	{ Medicine. Pathology. Midwifery.
Summer...	{ Practical Chemistry. Do. Pharmacy.	Summer...	{ Clinical Medicine. Dissection & Operative Surgery. Diseases of Women and Children.
Second Year.		Medical Wards.	
Winter.....	{ Anatomy. Physiology. Materia Medica. Surgery. Clinical Surgery. Dissection.	Summer...	{ Organic Chemistry. Clinical Medicine. Medical Jurisprudence. Microscope.
Summer...	{ Clinical Surgery. Practical Pharmacy.	Fifth Year.	
Third Year.		Winter.....	{ Medicine. Ophthalmology. Clinical Medicine. Dissection & Operative Surgery. Clinical Ophthalmology.
Winter.....	{ Physiology. Surgery. Clinical Surgery. Dissection.	Summer...	{ Operative Surgery. Hygiene.
Summer...	{ Clinical Ophthalmology. Operative Minor Surgery. Comparative Anatomy. Microscope.	Medical Wards & Lying-in Hospital.	

12. Candidates who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras or other Universities are admitted as Private Students and educated on payment of certain fees to enable them to qualify for the L. M. and S. Degree of the Madras University.

13. Candidates above the age of sixteen years are eligible for admission.

14. The course of training at the Medical College for such students extends over four years, the first of which may be pro-collegiate (at any hospital or dispensary before being admitted into College.)

15. The curriculum for the class is as follows:—

First Year.		Third Year.	
(This may be pre-collegiate.)		Winter....	{ Anatomy. Physiology. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Dissection & Demonstrations. Practical Pharmacy. Minor Surgery.
Winter.....	{ Anatomy. Chemistry. Materia Medica. Physiology. Dissection and Demonstrations.	Summer...	{ Examination by the Assistants. Fourth Year.
Summer...	{ Do. Pharmacy. Examination by the Assistants.	Winter....	{ Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Midwifery. Ophthalmology. Dissection & Demonstrations. Medical Jurisprudence. Hygiene.
Second Year.		Summer...	{ Diseases of Women & Children. Operative and Minor Surgery.
Winter.....	{ Anatomy. Chemistry. Materia Medica. Physiology. Dissection and Demonstrations.	Surgical and Medical Wards.	
Summer...	{ Practical Chemistry. Do. Pharmacy. Examination by the Assistants.	General Hospital, Eye Infirmary and Lying-in Hospital.	

Government do not guarantee an appointment to students who qualify in this department.

Students of the Senior Department will be subject, while attending College and Hospital to the discipline as that laid down.

SECOND DEPARTMENT.

Rules for Admission of Candidates for the Grade of "Hospital Apprentices," Subordinate Medical Department for Military Service.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above eighteen years of age, and they must produce certificates of parentage and of age, with testimonials as to character and respectability. Also a certificate of vaccination and physical fitness for military service, signed by a Commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment. None but Europeans and Eurasians are admitted into this department.

2. The following is the standard of examination:—

a. A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in Dictation. Ten errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted,) will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective hand-writing.

Meaning of words and phrases in grammatical construction of sentences, and in Grammar generally.

b. A colloquial examination in one of the following vernaculars at their option:—Hindustani, Tamil, Telugu. Care will be taken to ascertain the facility possessed by each candidate of making himself understood in the vernacular which he has selected.

c. The leading facts of the Histories of England and of India.

d. General Geography, and Geography of India in particular.

e. The first 4 Rules of Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, and Proportion.

f. Algebra, including Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Simple Equations.

g. The first Book of Euclid.

3. Successful candidates will be designated Hospital Apprentices, and attached for two years, if the exigencies of the service permit, to such Military Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them on the following stipends:—

	Rs.
First year.....	15
Second year.....	20

Rations, or compensation of Rupees 10 in lieu, and free quarters, or house-rent at Rupees 74 per mensem, will also be given.

4. During their pre-collegiate course, Hospital Apprentices will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G. O. C. C., No. 112, of 29th August, 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions.

Third examination at the close of eighteen months.

Subjects.—The Pharmacopœia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Fourth examination at the close of the pre-collegiate course.

Subjects.—Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopœia, Minor Surgery, and Osteology, i. e., the names of all the bones in the body, and their most marked processes.

At this final examination Hospital Apprentices will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns," in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the second year of their pre-collegiate course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lists will be drafted into the Medical College on the following rates of College pay:—

	(Per Mensem)
Third-class Student.....	20
Second-Class do.	25
First-class do.	30

with rations and quarters, or house-rent 50 per cent. additional to that specified in paragraph 10.

5. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions prepared by the Principal, Medical College, under instructions from the Surgeon-General. Supervising officers will be guided by the instructions contained in paragraphs 8 and 9 in reference to the examinations and the written replies of candidates.

6. All Medical Offices under whom Hospital Apprentices are placed are enjoined to see that they are properly taught and exercised in all the duties pertaining to a Medical Subordinate.

7. Successful candidates will be attested under G. O. G., No. 170, of 29th April 1867.

It has been ruled by the Government of India that "Service in the grade of Hospital Apprentice, whether passed or unpassed, does not reckon towards pension."

CIVIL MEDICAL SUBORDINATE DEPARTMENT.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above eighteen years of age, and they must produce certificates of parentage and of age, with testimonials as to character and respectability. Also a certificate of vaccination and physical fitness for Government service, signed by a Commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment. Candidates of all nationalities are eligible for this department, and should, if possible, be Matriculated Students.

2. Should the number of matriculated applicants exceed fifteen, the whole will be subjected to a competitive examination in the English language, by printed papers prepared by the Surgeon-General in communication with the Educational Department, and the required fifteen will be selected according as they may be successful in passing that test—viz., in the meaning of words and phrases, in grammatical construction of sentences, and in Grammar generally.

3. If, on the other hand, the number of matriculated applicants be fewer than fifteen, the whole of the candidates, matriculated or otherwise, will be subjected to the following competitive examination, and the number needed will be taken from the top of the graded list prepared by the Educational Department in the order of merit:—

a. A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in Dictation. Ten errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted,) will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective handwriting.

Meaning of words and phrases in grammatical construction of sentences, and in Grammar generally.

b. A colloquial examination in one of the following vernaculars at their option:—Hindustani, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, and Malayalam. Care will be taken to ascertain the facility possessed by each candidate of making himself understood in the vernacular which he has selected.

c. The leading facts of the Histories of England and of India.

d. General Geography, and Geography of India in particular.

e. The first four rules of Arithmetic, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, and Proportion.

f. Algebra, including Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, and Simple Equations.

g. The first book of Euclid.

4. Successful candidates will be designated Civil Hospital Apprentices, and attached for one year if Matriculated Students, or for two years if otherwise, to such Military and Civil Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them, on a salary of Rupees 15 per mensem for the whole period.

5. During their pre-collegiate course, Civil Hospital Apprentices will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G. O. C. C., No. 112, of 29th August 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions.

Third examination at the close of eighteen months.

Subjects.—The Pharmacopœia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Fourth examination at the close of the pre-collegiate course.

Subjects.—Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopœia, Minor Surgery, and Osteology, i. e., the names of all the bones in the body, and their most marked processes.

At the final examination Civil Hospital Apprentices will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns," in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the last six months of their pre-collegiate course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lists will be drafted into the Medical College.

6. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions prepared by the Principal, Medical College, under instructions from the Surgeon-General. Supervising officers will be guided by the instructions contained in paragraphs 9 and 10 in reference to the examinations and the written replies of candidates.

7. The course of instruction at the Medical College will extend over three years, and College pay for the entire period will be Rupees 20 per mensem. On completion of the third year of study, an examination if found qualified for advancement, they will be promoted to the grade of Civil Apothecary, and receive the undermentioned salary, promotion from grade to grade being determined by periods of service until the establishment becomes more fully developed; after which restrictions will be made regarding the number of each grade, and promotions given only on the occurrence of vacancies. In any case promotion will be depended on passing successfully periodical examinations:—

	Charge	
	Pay.	Allowance.
	Rs.	Rs.
First 2 years.	 50	..
3 to 7 do.	 60	25
8 to 14 do.	 75	50
15 to 21 do.	 100	50
22 to 28 do.	 125	50
29 to 35 do.	 150	50

8. Civil Apothecaries will be eligible for leave and pension under the rules applicable to the Uncovenanted Civil Service.

9. Successful candidates will be bound by articles of agreement to serve Government for a period of seven years from date of receiving certificate of qualification from the Medical College.

The following is the curriculum for the Second Department:—

	First Year.	
Winter ...	Anatomy. Chemistry. Materia Medica. Examinations by the Assistants.	Hospital Attendance.
Summer ..	Practical Chemistry. Do. Pharmacy.	

Second Year.	
Winter ...	Anatomy. Physiology. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Dissections and Demonstrations. Examinations by the Assistants.
Summer ...	Practical Pharmacy. Minor Surgery.
Surgical and Medical Wards.	
Third Year.	
Winter ...	Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Midwifery. Ophthalmology. Dissection and Demonstrations. Medical Jurisprudence.
Summer ...	Hygiene. Diseases of Women and Children. Operative and Minor Surgery.
General Hospital, Eye Infirmary, and Lying-in-Hospital.	

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.

Rules for Admission of Candidates for the Grade of "Native Medical Pupils" for Military Employment.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above nineteen years of age, and they must produce testimonials as to character, and certificate of age, vaccination, and physical fitness for military service, signed by a Commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment. Preference will be given to the sons of Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

2. The following is the standard of examination:—

a. A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in Dictation. Twenty errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted), will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective hand-writing.

Candidates will also be examined in the meaning of words and phrases, in grammatical construction of sentences, and in Grammar generally.

Candidates will further be required to translate into English a short exercise in their own vernacular, and to translate into their own vernacular a short exercise in English.

b. The leading facts of the History of India.

c. The Geography of India.

d. The first four rules of Arithmetic, and Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

e. To read and write their own vernaculars with fluency and accuracy.

3. Successful candidates will be designated "Native Medical Pupils," and attached for two years, if the exigencies of the service permit, to such Military and Civil Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them on the following stipends:—

First year.	Rs. 7
Second year.	Rs. 8

Free quarters or Havildar's rate of hutting money (Rupees 4) will also be given.

4. During their pre-collegiate course, Native Medical Pupils will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G. O. C. C., No. 112, of 29th August, 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions.

Third examination at the close of eighteen months.

Subjects.—The Pharmacopoeia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Fourth examination at the close of the pre-collegiate course.

Subjects.—Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopoeia, Minor Surgery, reading of prescriptions, and the elements of Osteology.

At this final examination Native Medical Pupils will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns" in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the second year of their pre-collegiate

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course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lads will be drafted into the Medical College on the following rates of College pay:—

Second-class Student	Rs. 9
First-class do.	10

with free quarters, or hutting money as specified in paragraph 10.

5. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions prepared by the Principal, Medical College, under instructions from the Surgeon-General. Supervising Officers will be guided by the instructions contained in paragraphs 8 and 9 in reference to the examinations and the written replies of candidates.

6. All Medical Officers under whom Native Medical Pupils are placed are enjoined to see that they are properly taught and exercised in all the duties pertaining to a Medical Subordinate.

7. Successful candidates will be attested under G. O. G., No. 170, of 20th April, 1867.

8. It has been ruled by the Government of India that service in the grade of Native Medical Pupils, whether passed or unpassed, does not reckon towards pension.

CIVIL MEDICAL SUBORDINATE DEPARTMENT.

1. Candidates must not be below fifteen nor above nineteen years of age, and they must produce testimonials as to character, and certificate of age, vaccination, and physical fitness for Government service, signed by a commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian Establishment.

Candidates of all nationalities are eligible for this department.

2. The following is the standard of examination:—

a. A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length, selected from a standard English author, will be given as an exercise in Dictation. Twenty errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words, which will not be counted), will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned to defective handwriting.

Candidates will also be examined in the meaning of words and phrases, in grammatical construction of sentences, and in Grammar generally.

Candidates will further be required to translate into English a short exercise in their own vernacular, and to translate into their own vernacular a short exercise in English.

b. The leading facts of the History of India.

c. The Geography of India.

d. The first four rules of Arithmetic, and Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

e. To read and write their own vernaculars with fluency and accuracy.

3. Successful candidates will be designated "Civil Medical Pupils," and attached for two years, if the exigencies of the service permit, to such Military and Civil Hospitals as the Surgeon-General may appoint them, on Rupees 7 per mensem for the whole period.

4. During their pre-collegiate course, Civil Medical Pupils will be subject to the periodical examinations prescribed in G. O. C. C., No. 112, of 29th August, 1868, viz:—

First examination at the close of six months.

Subjects.—The sensible properties, names, uses, and doses of the more common medicines in the dispensary.

Second examination at the close of twelve months.

Subjects.—The whole subject of Practical Pharmacy and the reading of prescriptions.

Third examination at the close of eighteen months.

Subjects.—The Pharmacopoeia and the essentials of Minor Surgery.

Fourth examination at the close of the pre-collegiate course.

Subjects.—Practical Pharmacy, the Pharmacopoeia, Minor Surgery, reading of prescriptions, and the elements of Osteology.

At this final examination Civil Medical Pupils will further be required to give proof of their competence to make out correctly the usual Hospital "Returns" in the preparation of which they should be instructed during the second year of their pre-collegiate course. The results of these examinations will determine the order of merit, according to which lads will be drafted into the Medical College.

5. These examinations will be conducted at the several stations by written questions prepared by the Principal, Medical College, under instructions from the Surgeon-General. Supervising Officers will be guided by the instructions contained in paragraphs 8 and 9 in reference to the examinations and the written replies of candidates.

6. The course of instructions at the Medical College will extend over two years, and College pay for the entire period will be Rupees 9 per mensem. On completion of the

second year of study, on examination if found qualified for advancement, they will be promoted to the grade of Civil Hospital Assistant and receive the undermentioned salary, contingent on passing successfully periodical examinations:—

	Pay.	Charge.
	Rs.	Rs.
Under 7 years' service.....	20	10
8 to 14 do. do.	30	10
15 and Upwards.....	40	10

7. Civil Hospital Assistants will be eligible for leave and pension under the rules applicable to the Uncovenanted Civil Service.

8. Successful candidates will be bound by articles of agreement to serve Government for a period of seven years from date of receiving certificate of qualification from the Medical College.

The curriculum of study for the Junior Department is as follows:—

First Year.

Winter.....	Anatomy. Materia Medica. Examinations by the Assistants.	Attendance at the General Hospital during both Sessions.
Summer.....	Outlines of Physiology. Practical Pharmacy. Minor Surgery.	

Second Year.

Winter.....	Medicine. Clinical Medicine. Surgery. Clinical Surgery. Midwifery. Dissections. Examinations by the Assistants.	General Hospital, Eye Infirmary, and Lying-in-Hospital during both Sessions.
Summer.....	Hygiene. Minor Surgery by the Assistants. Examinations by the Assistants.	

Due notice will be given in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* when there are vacancies for the grades of Hospital Apprentice and Native Medical Pupils.

Candidates desirous of qualifying as Chemists and Druggists receive instruction at the Medical College in Materia Medica, Chemistry, Practical Chemistry, and Practical Pharmacy. The fee for each course is Rupees 10, and an additional fee of Rupees 25 is required to be paid for permission to be examined by a Committee of Medical Officers as to their fitness for the position.

Private Students of the Junior Department.

Students unconnected with the Medical Service are permitted to join the classes of the Junior Department of the College upon the following conditions, provided that their admission does not interfere with the working of the several classes:—

- That such students are, by their attainments, qualified to join the Junior Department.
- That they furnish satisfactory testimonials of good conduct.
- That their admission will in no way inconvenience the working of the classes to which they are admitted.
- That the students so admitted shall pay a fee in advance of Rupees 3 for each course of lectures, the fees being carried to the credit of Government.
- That such students shall submit generally to the discipline enforced in the Medical College.
- That if required to attend the practice of the General Hospital, the students shall pay of fee in advance of Rupees 10 per annum, the fees being placed at the credit of the hospital.

The lectures on Chemistry, Botany, Physiology, Medical Jurisprudence, and Hygiene are open to the Public. The fee is Rupees 10 for each course to all non-professional students.

Rules for Female Medical Education at the Madras Medical College.

Candidates desirous of qualifying for the University degrees of Madras will be required to attend the full curriculum of studies laid down for those degrees and to have passed the preliminary examinations enjoined by the University.

Candidates who are simply desirous of obtaining an amount of practical knowledge sufficient to enable them to practise the Medical profession are required to pass a preliminary examination as follows. *Fide G. O., No. 357, dated 28th October, 1875.*—

English.—A portion not exceeding thirty lines in length selected from a standard English author will be given as an exercise in dictation. Ten errors in spelling (exclusive of technical and other unusual words which will not be counted) will exclude the candidate from further competition. Bad marks will be assigned for defective handwriting.

Grammar and Composition as in the general paper for the Matriculation Examination.

History.—The leading facts of the Histories of England and India.

Geography.—General Geography and the Geography of India in particular.

Arithmetic.—The first four rules, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions and Proportion.

Successful Candidates will have to undergo one year's pre-collegiate training in order to acquire a knowledge of compounding, pharmacy, and bones. They will subsequently have to study three years in College, and the following is the curriculum at present laid down.

CURRICULUM.

FIRST YEAR.	
Winter.	Summer.
Chemistry and Anatomy. Materia Medica. Physiology.	Practical Pharmacy. Minor Surgery.
Summer.	THIRD YEAR.
Practical Pharmacy.	Winter.
SECOND YEAR.	Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Midwifery. Disease of the Eye and Dissections.
Winter.	Summer.
Anatomy. Medicine and Clinical Medicine. Surgery and Clinical Surgery. Physiology. Dissections.	Medical Jurisprudence. Hygiene. Diseases of Women and Children. Operation and Minor Surgery.

At the end of their third year's College course they will be examined by the College authorities, and if found qualified they will obtain a certificate.

MADRAS SCHOOL OF AGRICULTURE.

LECTURERS.

AGRICULTURE...	William R. Robertson, M.R.A.C., Superintendent, Government Farms.
VETERINARY...	George Western, M.R.C.V.S., Veterinary Surgeon to the Body Guard of His Grace the Governor.
CHEMISTRY...	W. Hamilton, Assistant Professor of Chemistry, Madras Medical College.
BOTANY...	R. Wilkins, F.R.C.S., Professor of Botany, Madras Medical College.
GEOLOGY...	—
FIELD EXPERIMENTS AND PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE }	Charles Benson, M.R.A.C., Superintendent, Saidpet Experimental Farm.

MASTERS.

ARITHMETIC AND BOOK-KEEPING.....	C. H. Tambo Pillay, F.A.
LAND SURVEYING AND MENSURATION.....	T. V. Seetharam Moodelly.

OBJECTS.

This institution is designed to afford instruction in the science of agriculture and in the practical application of sound principles in conducting the ordinary agriculture of this country.

THE FARM, &c.

The farm is conducted as an experimental farm; its area is about 280 acres, and it is well provided with suitable buildings.

In the farm workshops all kinds of agricultural implements and tools suited for use in India are manufactured and repaired.

The educational buildings needed will be erected on the farm; of these, a Chemical laboratory has already been built on an adjacent site.

In the adjacent village of Saidapet students can readily obtain board and lodging during their course of teaching; and a limited number of quarters have been provided on the Farm for such students as are willing to rent them.

An Agricultural Library and Museum is in course of formation, and a reading-room for the use of students has been provided.

A Veterinary Hospital will also be established when funds are forthcoming.

MANAGEMENT, &c.

The institution is attached to the Educational Department under the general control of the Director of Public Instruction, acting in communication with the Board of Revenue. The direct management of the institution is entrusted to the Superintendent of Government Farms, who conducts all correspondence regarding the institution; issues all notices, orders, &c. regarding the delivery of lectures and other matters connected with the routine of the institution; and maintains discipline amongst the students, who are in all things, subject to the orders he issues.

INSTRUCTION, &c.

The course of instruction extends over three years; there are two sessions in each year, a Summer Session and a Winter Session; the Summer Session begins each year on the 1st of April, and ends on the 30th of June; the Winter Session begins on the 1st of October, and ends on the 31st of March. Though, in the Winter Session, class-room and lecture-room instruction does not begin until the 1st of October, students are nevertheless expected to attend at Saidapet on the 1st of September, in order that they may witness and take part in the important field operations conducted at that season in connexion with the sowing of the cold weather-crops.

The instruction given in the institution, embraces a thorough study of agriculture and of such portions of Chemistry, Geology, Zoology, Botany, and the Veterinary Arts as bear on the theory and practice of agriculture. In addition to these special subjects, the following also receive attention:—Farm Book-keeping, land-surveying, mensuration, and drawing. The instruction is given by means of lectures, class-room discussions, and field classes.

During the portion of the day set apart for practical instruction in farming out of doors, every student is expected to take part in whatever work may be going forward on the farm; compliance with this regulation will be strictly enforced. Each student is expected to make himself acquainted with all the operations daily performed on the farm, and is required to keep a journal or diary of the same.

Instruction is conveyed in the English language, but the Masters will afford as much assistance as possible in explaining the lectures and instruction generally to students whose limited acquaintance with English may make it difficult for them to follow such instruction without explanation.

ADMISSION.

Europeans, Eurasians, and Natives of all classes and from any part of the country are eligible for admission into the institution when vacancies exist, on complying with the following conditions:—

Candidates who desire to avail themselves of stipendiary studentships or scholarships must be between sixteen and twenty-four years of age, and must produce with their application for admission the following certificates:—

- (a.) Certificate of age.
- (b.) Do. of character.
- (c.) Do. of physical fitness.*

For the present no fee will be charged except in the case of students who enter only for instruction in special subjects; strict conformity with all the rules of the institution will be enforced.

Students must provide themselves with all necessary text books, stationary, &c.

Students who have passed the Matriculation or General Text Examinations will be

* Should state that the candidate has been vaccinated.

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eligible for admission without undergoing any further examination, provided they produce the certificates needed, and comply with the other conditions laid down. When there is a greater number of these candidates than there are vacancies to fill, a selection will be made of the most promising, at the discretion of the Superintendent.

When there are more vacancies to fill than there are candidates qualified, as stated in the preceding paragraph, the entrance examination will be as follows:—

English.—Ability to write correctly and legibly from dictation and express themselves with reasonable correctness and intelligence in a letter or in a report.

Arithmetic.—The first four simple and compound rules, vulgar and decimal fractions.

Vernacular.—Tamil or Telugu (in the case of Europeans and Eurasians only); ability to translate into English easy sentences from an elementary vernacular prose work commonly used in schools.

History.—The leading facts of the Histories of India and England.

Geography.—The Outline of Geography generally and the Geography of India in particular.

The date of future entrance examinations will be duly notified in the *Port St. George Gazette*.

STIPENDIARY STUDENTSHIPS.

Of the students who have at the close of the first Session been most successful—— will be selected to fill stipendiary Studentships established by Government, to which will be attached a monthly salary of Rupees 12-8-0 in the latter half of the first year, Rupees 15 per mensem in the second year, and Rupees 17-8-0 per mensem in the third year, under the following conditions:—

No stipend will be increased unless the holder obtains half of the total marks given and one-third of the marks allotted to each subject in each Session. The stipend will be liable to be forfeited in part or in whole for continued disobedience to orders or neglect of duty, and no person who holds a stipendiary studentship will continue to hold it if found to be unfit to undergo further training from incapacity or want of interest. Stipends cannot be held for more than two and a half years, and cannot be retained unless the recipient pass for the higher grade within twelve months.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

—— scholarships, each of the value of Rupees 10 per mensem, and tenable for two years under certain conditions, will be given to the—— students who, at the end of the first year of training, secure the largest number of marks, and who, in other respects, have given satisfaction. These scholarships are held under the same general conditions as are applicable to stipendiary studentships.

AGRICULTURAL CERTIFICATE.

At the conclusion of the course of training, each student who is found to possess the necessary knowledge, and whose conduct has been satisfactory, will be entitled to a certificate, certifying to his qualifications as an agriculturist.

SCHOOL-TEACHERS AND OTHERS.

Arrangements will be made under which young men, who are studying in Madras to qualify themselves as school-teachers, will be permitted to attend one or more courses of lectures and to undergo a partial training in practical agriculture at the institution, with a view to teaching this subject in middle-class and elementary schools under their charge.

GENERAL.

Land owners and others may enter students at the institution under the same rules and regulations as Government Stipendiary Students, provided the stipends are paid regularly one month in advance to the Superintendent, Government Farms, by whom these stipends will be disbursed under the rules prescribed.

Persons of any age above sixteen who possess a fair knowledge of English may enter the institution to study any special subject or subjects taught therein. They will be required to pay a fee of Rupees 2 per mensem during the time their names are entered in the register of the institution.

CURRICULUM OF STUDY.

First Year.	Second Year.
Agriculture—Elementary.	Agriculture—Crops and Stock.
Chemistry—Inorganic.	Geology—Elementary.
Veterinary—Animal Physiology and Anatomy.	Chemistry—Organic.
Botany—Vegetable Physiology.	Veterinary—Therapeutics and Materia Medica.
Land-Surveying and Mensuration.	Botany—General.
	Land-Surveying and Mensuration.

Third Year.
Agriculture.
Geology—Agricultural.
Chemistry—Agricultural.
Veterinary—Pathology.
Botany—Agricultural and Horticultural.
Mechanics, Farm Book-keeping, &c.

Text-Books used in the Agricultural College.

Subject.	Title and Author's Name.
AGRICULTURE	... Agricultural Class Book, by W. B. Robertson, M.A.C.
CHEMISTRY	... Lessons in Elementary Chemistry, by Professor Roscoe, B.A., F.R.S.
Do.	... Laboratory Guide, by Professor Church, M.A. [F.R.S.]
VETERINARY	... Physiology of the Animals of the Farm, by Professor Hodges, M.D.
BOTANY	... First Book of Indian Botany, by Professor Oliver, F.R.S., F.L.S.
ZOOLOGY	... Rudiments of Zoology, by R. Chambers, LL.D.
LAND SURVEYING AND MENSURATION.	... Principles of Geometry and Mensuration, by Thomas Tate.
DRAWING	... First and Second Book of Drawing by Chambers.
BOOK-KEEPING	... Manual of Book-keeping, by J. Constable, M.A.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE.

Principal.—Lieut.-Colonel H. T. Rogers, B. E.

MASTERS.

Mathematics	...Mr. J. Bradshaw, Acting Inspector of Schools, 1st Division.
Do. and Civil Engineering	...Mr. Cames.
Surveying, Drawing and Estimating	...Mr. McAleese and Mr. Hyde.
Special Surveying Class	...Mr. J. B. Hennessy.
Special Drawing Class	...Mr. Hamilton.
Inspector in Bricklaying	...P. Nadasmoony Moodally.
Tamil Munsifi	...P. Rajagopal Mudaliyar.
Telugu do.	...M. Lukshmanarajah.
Head Clerk and Accountant	...Y. Balasundra Mudaliyar.
Librarian	...Mr. Hyde.
Assistant Clerk and Librarian	...V. Colundavalu Moodaliyar.

The Civil Engineering College consists of a

(I.) First Department; (II.) Second Department; (III.) Special Department; (IV.) Officers' Surveying Class.

FIRST DEPARTMENT.

MILITARY DIVISION.—Officers of H. M.'s British and Indian Armies.

CIVIL DIVISION.—Civilians, (European and Native) being Undergraduates of the Madras or other Indian University.

Rules of Admission.

(Based on Government Notification, 28th March, 1862, and 15th December, 1869.)

MILITARY DIVISION.—I. Candidates for admission to this Department must be European Commissioned Officers of the Army below the rank of Field Officer.

II. They must be qualified by acquaintance with their Military duties and by having passed the Examination in the Native languages; and they will be required to undergo an entrance Examination in Arithmetic (the whole); Algebra (as far as Simple Equations); Euclid (first three books.)

III. Applications from Officers should be addressed (through their Commanding Officers) to the Principal of the College, who after satisfying himself that the Candidates are fully qualified under paras. 1 and 2 and are likely to profit by the course of study, will forward the application for the approval of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

IV. Admissions to this Department will usually take place at the opening of the Session in January in each year, the preparatory Entrance Examination being held in the month of December preceding.

V. Officers who obtain permission to study at the College will be considered "absent on duty" and will be so reported in the Regimental Returns.

VI. The number of Officers in this Department is limited to five.

VII. The Principal of the College may at any time recommend to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that an Officer may be remanded to his Regiment.

CIVIL DIVISION.—Civil candidates must be over 16 years of age and must produce satisfactory testimony of good character and health. No entrance examination is required, the production by a candidate of his First Arts Certificate in addition to the above-mentioned certificates of age, health, and character will entitle him to admission if there be a vacancy.

II. The number of Civil students in the first Department is at present limited to ten.

i. All students (Military and Civil) will be required to pay a Monthly Fee of sixteen Rupees and to provide themselves with the Text Books in use, also with a case of Drawing Instruments, Color Boxes, &c.

ii. Students are non-resident.

iii. The course of study usually extends over two sessions, and those students who qualify will receive certificates as Assistant Engineers.

iv. The course of instruction is also regulated to meet the requirements of the Madras University for the degree of B. C. E. (Bachelor in Civil Engineering.)

v. The Government do not guarantee appointments to passed students of the First Department.

SECOND DEPARTMENT.

Military Division.....European N. C. Officers and Soldiers.

Civil do.Civilians, European and Native.

MILITARY DIVISION.

Rules for Admission.

(Based on G. O., No. 1237, dated 14th May, 1872.)

I. There are 10 Stipendiary Studentships in this Department, open to Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers of European Regiments.

II. Candidates for these must

(a.) Be less than twenty-five years of age.

(b.) Have uniformly conducted themselves to the satisfaction of their Commanding Officers in the discharge of their duties as N. C. Officers and Privates.

(c) Be thoroughly trustworthy and well conducted men, who can be relied on to superintend Native workmen efficiently and to treat them in a becoming manner.

III. Applications from Commanding Officers for the examination of such men as they may recommend for Stipendiary Military Studentships should reach the Principal not later than March of each year and should be accompanied by the following documents, viz:—

(a.) Extracts from Regimental Courts Martial and Defaulter Books, from date of entering the service.

(b.) Extracts from Company Defaulter Book for the preceding two years.

(c.) Certificates of sound health and unimpaired constitution, from a Medical Officer.

N. B.—When forwarding applications it should be distinctly stated whether the candidate is married.

IV. The subjects of examination for admission are as follows:—

ENGLISH.—Dictation and Grammar.

ARITHMETIC.—The whole.

V. This examination will be held on or about the 15th April of each year, and the successful candidates who stand highest in the list up to the authorised number will be selected for admission and will proceed to Bangalore, where they will remain one year for the purpose of acquiring a knowledge of the Vernacular previous to their joining the College.

VI. Stipendiary Students will be allowed the same pay, ration and clothing as when serving with their respective Regiments, and in addition a stipend of ten Rupees a month.

VII. Their position will be strictly that of Probationers. They will continue to be borne on the strength of their respective Regiments, and such of them as prove not to be qualified either in respect of character or attainments will be sent back to their Regiments. On the other hand those who prove every way fit, will be appointed Overseers in the Department of Public Works, or to such other situations as may be considered proper.

VIII. Whilst at College they will wear the undress uniform of their rank and Regiment and be under the command of the Principal, or in his absence, of the Officer sitting for him.

IX. They are exempt from payment of College Fees, and are supplied with the Text Books in use and Drawing Instruments, Color Box, &c., gratis.

X. They reside in Barracks and Quarters adjoining the College.

CIVIL DIVISION.

1. The admission of students takes place at the commencement of the session on the first Monday of August, each year.

2. Candidates for admission not being matriculated students must pass an entrance examination, the subjects for which are, English, Grammar and Dictation, Arithmetic, the whole.

3. This examination will be held on or about the 15th April of each year at the College and in all the District Engineers' Offices, except Presidency and Chingleput, and applications for it should be addressed to the Principal, C. E. College by the 15th March preceding. Due notice will be given every year in the Fort Saint George Gazette of the particulars regarding the examination.

4. The names of the candidates selected for admission will be published in the Fort Saint George Gazette, and they will have to join the College on the opening of the session in August following.

5. Matriculated students will be admitted without examination on the production of their University certificates but applications must be sent in time for registration.

6. All candidates for admission must be under 22 years of age, and must produce with their applications certificates regarding conduct, age, (Baptism instead in the case of Christians) health, and freedom from liability to small-pox.

7. The course of study extends over 2 years.

8. Scholarships of Rs. 15 each tenable for one year from 1st August will be awarded to the five students of the second year, who have most distinguished themselves during their first year of study, and they will be exempt from the payment of fees.

9. All students must pay a monthly fee of Rs. 3 and provide themselves with the necessary books, instruments, &c.

10. The course of study at the College occupies two sessions, and those who are properly qualified receive certificates as Taluk Overseers, or Supervisors, Madras Public Works Department.

THE FRANCIS COTTON WALKER SCHOLARSHIP.

In the 2nd Department a Scholarship of the value of 15 Rupees per mensem, (tenable for two years) has been founded by an Officer of the Royal Engineers under the following conditions:—

I. Candidates being natives of Malabar, Canara and the Neilgherry Hills, are eligible for the Scholarship, provided that they are between 18 and 25 years of age and can pass the Civil Engineering College Vernacular Test in Malayalam or Canarese in addition to the usual Entrance Examination as specified above for Civil candidates.

II. These Examinations will be conducted by means of papers furnished by the Principal of the College.

III. Applications for examination (duly supported by certificates of age, character and physical fitness as required by the College Rules for 2nd Department,) should be forwarded to the Principal on or before the 15th March.

IV. If more than one candidate be eligible, the preference to be given to a Protestant Christian, failing such to a Roman Catholic and finally to a Hindu or Mussulam candidate.

V. The selected candidate will be exempted from payment of College Fees while under instruction.

VI. Any scholar whose conduct in progress is unsatisfactory, will be liable to be deprived of his scholarship, in whole or in part.

VII. The selected candidate should join the College at the commencement of the session on the 1st Monday of August immediately following his examination, and will receive the scholarship monthly while resident under training.

VIII. He will be required to purchase the Text Books and the Drawing Instruments, &c., in use in the 2nd Department.

SPECIAL DEPARTMENT.

EUROPEAN AND NATIVE FOR DRAWING, ESTIMATING AND SURVEYING.

1. The rules of admission to this Department are the same as those of the 2nd Department. The Entrance Examination comprises:—

ENGLISH.—Ability to write correctly and legibly from Dictation, with a competent knowledge of Grammar.

ARITHMETIC.—The Four Simple and Compound Rules, Reduction, Vulgar and Decimal Fractions.

2. Successful Students receive certificates of qualification as Surveyors or Draftsmen and Estimators, of the 1st, 2nd, or 3rd class according to merit.

3. Scholarships of Rs. 8 tenable for one year from 1st August will be awarded to students of the 2nd year who distinguish themselves during the first year of their study, five in the Surveying and five in the drawing classes.

4. Scholarships are liable to withdrawal for misconduct or want of application.

OFFICERS' SURVEYING CLASS.

This class was established by G. O., No., 4127, dated 1st December, 1862, under the following conditions:—

I. The class is open to all Officers of H. M.'s British and Indian Armies below the rank of Field Officers, with the restriction that not more than two Officers of the same Regiment attend the class at the same time.

II. Applications from candidates should be addressed to the Adjutant General of the Army, and nominations will be made by His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief who, in communication with the Principal will determine the number of Officers to be admitted.

III. The class will be formed on 1st January and 1st August of each year (provided there be not less than 10 candidates) and the course of study will occupy about 5 months.

IV. Each Officer will be required to pay a monthly Fee of 16 Rupees and to furnish himself with the Text Book in Surveying and all necessary instruments, color boxes, &c.

V. Officers permitted to join this class will be considered "absent on duty" and will be so reported in the Regimental Returns.

RULES FOR EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.

1. Grants-in-aid of schools, and other educational institutions, will be made with the special object of extending and improving the secular education of the people, and will be given impartially to all schools (so far as the funds at the disposal of Government may admit) which impart a sound secular education upon the conditions hereafter specified. Except in the case of schools aided on the "payment for results" system, it will be essential to the consideration of applications for aid, that the schools, on behalf of which they are preferred, shall be under the management of one or more persons, who in the capacity of Proprietors, Trustees, or Members of a Committee elected by the Society, or Association, by which the schools may have been established, will be prepared to undertake the general superintendence of the schools and to be answerable for their permanence for some given time.

2. Every application for a grant must be accompanied by a declaration that the applicant, or applicants, are prepared to subject the Institution, on behalf of which the application is made, together with its current accounts, list of establishment, time table, scheme of studies and registers of attendance, to the inspection of a Government Inspector, such inspection and examination relating only to the general management and to the secular instruction and having no reference to any religious instruction which may be imparted.

3. Except in the case of Normal Schools for training teachers, and of female schools, grants will be restricted to those schools, in which a monthly schooling fee, of an amount to be approved by the Director of Public Instruction, and which in general is not to fall below one Anna, is paid by at least three-fourths of the pupils.

[It is not permissible for a teacher to draw a salary grant in one school and at the same time to serve as a Master in another which receives a grant upon the system of payment for results.]—*Order of Government, 2nd December, 1868, No. 410.*

4. It will be opened to Managers of schools, who desire to obtain grants on the results of periodical examinations of the pupils, to submit their schools to examination according to the standards described in Schedule A, appended to this Notification, and to obtain grants at the rates provided for in Schedule B.

5. In other cases, the grants will be made only for specific purposes, and not in the form of contributions in aid of the general expenses of a school; and it will be essential to the payment of the grants of the proportion which under the following rules, the Managers are required to contribute for the purpose for which the grants may have been sanctioned, shall have been duly paid. Subject to the conditions prescribed in these rules, a grant, not exceeding in amount the sum contributed by the Managers of a school, will be given in aid of the salary of each Schoolmaster, or Schoolmistress, who may have obtained a certificate of qualification from the Director of Public Instruction. A grant, not exceeding one-half of the sum contributed by the Managers of the school, will be given in aid of the salary of each Schoolmaster or Schoolmistress, in regard to whom the Managers may satisfy the Director of Public Instruction, either by the report of a Government Inspector of Schools, or by such other means as the Director of Public Instruction may consider sufficient that the said teacher is fairly qualified to perform the duties which are entrusted, or which it may be proposed to entrust, to him or her; provided that, in such cases, the amount of the grant to be given shall bear a due proportion to the amounts sanctioned to the following rules for teachers holding certificate, and that the exact amount to be assigned in each case shall be determined by the Director of Public Instruction.

6. The following are the specific objects for which, and the conditions upon which, grants will ordinarily be given:—

- 1st.—The payment, in part, of the salaries of Schoolmasters and Mistresses.
- 2nd.—The payment of Normal, and certain other scholarships.
- 3rd.—The provision of books of reference, maps, &c., and, in some cases, of school books.
- 4th.—The establishment and maintenance of school libraries and public libraries.
- 5th.—The erection, purchase, enlargement, or repair of school buildings.
- 6th.—The provision of school furniture.

7. The test to be passed by teachers to entitle them to certificates, shall be of a three-fold character—the first, relating to general education; the second, to theoretical knowledge of school management; and the third to teaching power, as practically exemplified by teaching a class in the presence of an Inspector of schools.

Grants to Schoolmasters.—8. The certificates to be awarded to Schoolmasters will be of five grades, and as regards the general education test candidates for certificates of the

first three grade, will be required to have passed one of the Madras University Examinations according to the grade of certificate which the candidate may seek to obtain, viz:—

For the 1st grade, the examination for the degree of B. A.

For the 2nd grade, the first examination in Arts.

For the 3rd grade, the Matriculation examination.

9. The general education tests for the 4th and 5th grades of Schoolmasters will be those specified in Schedule C.

10. A certificate of the 1st grade will render the holder eligible to such grant, not exceeding the amount contributed by the Managers of the school in which he is employed, as the Director of Public Instruction, with the sanction of Government, may determine, due regard being had to the amount of funds available for expenditure on grants-in-aid. Certificates of the other grades will render the holders eligible to the following grants, provided that the amount of the grant shall not exceed the amount contributed by the managers of the school, and that it shall be competent to the Director of Public Instruction to assign a grant lower than the maximum, with reference to the manner in which the candidate may have acquitted himself in the certificate examination.

A certificate of the 2nd grade to a monthly grant not exceeding Rupees.....75

Do. of the 3rd grade do. do.50

Do. of the 4th grade do. do.25

Do. of the 5th grade do. do.10

[A Fundit holding a certificate of the 5th grade will be eligible to a half salary grant of Rupees 15 per mensem when employed in teaching students of the 1st Arts Class, and to a half salary grant of Rupees 25 per mensem when engaged in instructing those who are preparing for the B. A. degree].—*Order of Government, 29th April, 1868, No. 138.*

Ordinarily, the maximum grant will not be assigned to a teacher on being first employed in that capacity.

11. In the case of Masters employed in schools intended mainly for European or East Indian pupils, the examination for certificates of the 4th and 5th grades may be conducted in English, and in such cases the language test for the 5th grade shall be that which is prescribed in the Schedule as the English test for the 4th grade.

12. Graduates of Universities, in Europe, America and Australia, and of other Indian Universities, and holders of certificates granted by the Councils of Education in England or Ireland will be placed in such grades as, in the judgment of the Director of Public Instruction, their attainments and other qualifications may render appropriate.

Grants to Schoolmistresses.—13. Certificates for Schoolmistresses will be of three grades.

A certificate of the first grade will render the holder eligible to such grant not exceeding the amount contributed by the Managers of the school in which she is employed, as the Director of Public Instruction, with the sanction of Government, may determine, due regard being had to the amount of funds available for expenditure on grants-in-aid. Certificates of the other grades will render the holders eligible to the following grants, provided that the amount of the grant shall not exceed the amount contributed by the Managers of the school, and that it shall be competent to the Director of Public Instruction to assign a grant lower than the maximum, with reference to the manner in which the candidate may have acquitted herself in the certificate examination.

A certificate of the 2nd grade, to a monthly grant not exceeding Rupees....25

Do. of the 3rd grade do. do.10

Schoolmistresses holding certificates from the Councils of Education in England or Ireland, will be placed in the 1st grade, and will be assigned such grants as the Director of Public Instruction may deem proper.

14. The general education tests for all grades of schoolmistresses will be those specified in Schedule D.

[Generally a teacher will not be eligible for a grant unless he or she spends at least four hours per diem in secular class-teaching or examining.—*Order of Government, 29th March 1865, No. 38.*]

15. The examination of Schoolmasters, candidates for certificates of the first three grades in the theory of school management, and the examination of all other candidates in all their subjects, will be held once a year in July, or at such other time as may be hereafter appointed.

16. All grants-in-aid of the salaries of Schoolmasters and Mistresses will be paid monthly. Their continuance will depend in each case upon the Annual Report of the Inspector of the Division, that the school or class under the Master's or Mistress's charge has been satisfactorily conducted during the previous year.

17. Grants made to elementary schools on the results of periodical examinations of the pupils, as provided for in Schedules A and B, will be paid annually, half-yearly or quarterly, as the Director of Public Instruction may decide in communication with the Managers of the school, provided that the amount to be given for a single year shall not exceed the rates entered in Schedule B.

18. Scholarship grants will be issued to well organized Normal schools conducted by certificated teachers; each application will be disposed of on its merits.

19. Besides the scholarship-grants abovementioned, a certain number of scholarships will be given each year upon the results of the University Matriculation Examination. These will be tenable for three years, under conditions to be laid down by the Director of Public Instruction, at such colleges or schools as may be so organized as to allow of the holders being educated up to the standard of the B. A. Examination.

20. Grants for the provision of books of reference, maps, &c., for schools, will be made on the following terms:—

In the case of a school in which the Head Master, or one of the Assistant Masters, may hold a certificate of the 1st grade, at the rate of 10 Annas per head of the average attendance during the preceding quarter.

In the case of a school in which the Head Master, or one of the Assistant Masters, may hold a certificate of the 2nd or 3rd grade, at the rate of 8 Annas per head of the average attendance during the preceding quarter.

In the case of a school in which the Head Master, or one of the Assistant Masters, may hold a certificate of the 4th or 5th grade, at the rate of 6 Annas per head of the average attendance during the preceding quarter.

(d) Grants for the provision of books of reference, maps, &c., will be made in money. Applications for such grants must be accompanied by a list of the books required: and on the Director of Public Instruction satisfying himself of the propriety of complying with the application, prospective sanction will be given for the issue of the grant, which will be paid on the Government Inspector reporting that the articles have been procured and are ready for use.

21. A grant for the provision of school books will be issued to *head, fee pauper* schools at a rate not exceeding 8 Annas a head upon the average attendance of the preceding three months, the Managers of the schools contributing in every case an equal amount. After the expiration of three years, a renewal grant will be issued upon the same terms.

22. Grants will be made in aid of schools and public libraries, to such extent as may seem fitting in each case, and subject to the condition that an equal sum shall be contributed by the Managers.

23. Grants will be made towards the erection, purchase, repair or enlargement of a school-building on the following conditions:—

1st.—That in each case an equal sum shall be contributed by the Managers of the school for the same purpose.

2nd.—That satisfactory evidence shall be adduced of the necessity for the erection, purchase, repair or enlargement, in aid of which the grant is sought.

3rd.—That the amount applied for shall not exceed what may be considered reasonable, taking into account the Budget provision for the year, the importance of the school, and any previous grants which may have been issued to the Managers of the Institution.

4th.—That the application (which should be submitted before the commencement of the undertaking) shall be accompanied by a plan and estimate of the cost of the building proposed to be erected, purchased or enlarged. The plan and estimate to be retained in the Director's Office.

5th.—That previous to the disbursement of the grant, it shall be certified by the Inspector of the Division, or other responsible Officer who may have been deputed to examine the building, that the work has been proceeded with, as provided for in the plan and estimate previously sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction. Also, that, before disbursement, the Managers of the school shall declare that they have funds on hand sufficient, when supplemented by the grant, to clear off all the debts incurred in the execution of the work.

(a)—A grant will be made to every school favorably reported on by the Inspector at rates not exceeding those noted in the margin provided that a sum equal to the amount of the grant be contributed for the same purpose by the Managers of the school.

(b)—No further application for a grant of books of reference, maps, &c., will be complied with for a period of five years from the date of the previous grant.

(c)—After the lapse of 5 years from the date of the last grant, a renewal grant will be made at rates not exceeding those noted above and with the proviso already laid down.

6th.—That in the event of any building, towards the erection, purchase, or enlargement of which a grant may have been made by Government, being diverted, prior to the lapse of twenty years from the date of issue of the grant, to other than educational purposes, the Manager at the time of the diversion shall refund to Government such portion of the grant allowed them as shall be determined by Arbitrators, who, in making their award, shall take into consideration the length of time the building has been used as a school-house and its consequent deterioration; but in the event of such Managers failing to make such refund, then they shall sell the building to Government at a valuation to be determined by Arbitrators, who, in making their award, shall deduct from the price such portion of the grant as may seem equitable, regard being had to the length of time the building has been used as a school-house and its consequent deterioration.

7th.—That the Arbitrators referred to in the last preceding rule shall be three in number, one of whom shall be nominated by Government, another by the Managers of the school, and the third by the two Arbitrators so appointed; and, in case of the Arbitrators differing in opinion, the award of the majority shall be binding and conclusive on all parties.

24. Grants for the provision of school furniture will be made once in five years, on condition that the Managers of the school shall contribute in equal sum for the same purpose, and that, in the event of the school being permanently closed within five years from the date on which the grant may have been made, the Government shall be at liberty to purchase the furniture, towards the supply of which the grant was given at a valuation to be determined, as in the case of school buildings, by Arbitrators, credit being taken in each case for the amount of the grant, allowing for depreciation due to wear and tear. All applications for grants must be accompanied by a list of the furniture required. A furniture grant will be paid on the Director of Public Instruction being satisfied that furniture to the full amount proposed to be expended, including both local contributions and the Government grant, has been made up and placed in the School.

25. Application for grants-in-aid of Industrial Schools, for the rent of school houses, the wages of school servants, the contingent charges of schools, school prizes, and for other purposes not provided for in this Notification, will be disposed of on their merits, each case being determined, as far as possible, by the analogy of the foregoing rules.

SCHEDULE C.

Writing Tests for Schoolmasters' Certificates.

Grades.	Subjects of Examination and Text Books recommended.	REMARKS.
4th Grade.	<i>English</i>.—2nd and 3rd Books of Lessons, Madras School Book Society Selections in Poetry No. I, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Grammar (in Elementary knowledge.) <i>Tamil</i>.—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Panchatantra. Pope's Poetical Anthology. Mannul (by Savandramayagam Pillai), Verbs and Syntax. Pope's 2nd Grammar. <i>Telugu</i>.—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Nith Chendrika. Nala Charitra. Venkiah's Grammar. Chinniah Suri's Grammar—Chapters on Karaka and Samasa. <i>Canarese, Malayalam and Urdu</i>, in accordance with the Tamil and Telugu as far as practicable. <i>Arithmetic</i>.—Colenso's generally, omitting Duodecimials, Cube Root and Stocks. Also the chief Indian weights and measures. <i>Geometry</i>.—Euclid, Book I. <i>History</i>.—Morris' History of India (generally.) Brief Sketches of Europe, published by the Director of Public Instruction.	The examination in the non-language subjects will be in general conducted in the Vernaculars. The Moral Class Book substituted for the 3rd Book of Lessons. For the 4th grade the Tamil Text Books will be as follows:— Poetical Anthology No. II, (in the Press.) Third Book of Lessons. Panchatantrum, Books I and II.

Writing Tests for Schoolmasters' Certificates—continued.

Grades.	Subjects of Examination and Text Books recommended.	REMARKS.
	<i>Geography.</i>—The Manual, published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society, Asia, and India in particular; generally notions regarding the world; and the outlines of Europe. <i>Method.</i>—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints. N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, or spelling will cause a candidate to be rejected. For lesser deficiencies in these respects deductions will be made from the marks which would otherwise be assigned to the answers.	Nannul (Savun-dranayagam Pillay) Pope's Second Grammar.
5th Grade.	<i>Tamil.</i>—2nd and 3rd Readers, published by the Director of Public Instruction; Panchatantra, Part I, Pope's Catechism of Grammar. <i>Telugu.</i>—2nd and 3rd Readers, published by the Director of Public Instruction; Panchatantra, Part I, Sheshaya's Grammar. <i>Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya</i> in accordance with Tamil and Telugu. <i>Arithmetic.</i>—Four Simple and Compound Rules, with the principal Indian weights and measures. <i>History.</i>—Brief sketches of Asia, published by the Director of Public Instruction. <i>Geography.</i>—India in general, with the Madras Presidency in particular; general notions of the world, and outlines of Asia. N. B.—Fair proficiency in hand-writing, making of figures, and spelling will be required.	

SCHEDULE D.

Writing Tests for Schoolmistresses' Certificates.

1st Grade.	<i>English</i>—Selections in English Poetry, No. 2, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Selections in English Prose, No. 2, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Grammar as in Sullivan or McLeod. <i>Tamil.</i>—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Pope's Poetical Anthology. Pope's 2nd Grammar. <i>Telugu.</i>—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Vemana's Selections. Yankiah's Grammar. <i>Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya</i>, to agree with Tamil and Telugu as far as practicable. <i>History.</i>—Morris' India and England. <i>Geography.</i>—Manual, published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society. <i>Arithmetic.</i>—Colenso's, but omitting Compound Proportion, Duodecimals, Cube Root & Stocks. <i>Method.</i>—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints. <i>Needle-work.</i>—Ability to cut out and make up a shirt or jacket. N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, or spelling will cause a candidate to be rejected. For lesser deficiencies in these respects deductions will be made from the marks which would otherwise be assigned to the answers.
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Writing Tests for Schoolmistresses' Certificates—continued.

Grades.	Subjects of Examination and Text Books recommended.	REMARKS.
2nd Grade.	<i>English.</i>—2nd Book of Lessons, Madras School Book Society. Moral Class Book. Selections in Poetry, No. 1, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Grammar (elementary knowledge.) <i>Tamil.</i>—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Pope's Poetical Anthology. Catechism of Grammar. <i>Telugu.</i>—3rd Book of Lessons, published by the Director of Public Instruction. Vemana's Selections. Sheshaya's Grammar. <i>Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya</i>, to agree with Tamil and Telugu as nearly as practicable. <i>History.</i>—Brief Sketches of Europe and Asia, published by the Director of Public Instruction. <i>Geography.</i>—Manual, published by the Christian Vernacular Education Society. Europe and Asia generally; India in particular. <i>Arithmetic.</i>—Colenso's, including Vulgar Fractions and Simple Proportions, but omitting Decimals, as well as what is not required for 1st grade. <i>Method.</i>—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints. <i>Work.</i>—Ability to work up a shirt or jacket which has been cut out. N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, &c., as above.	
3rd Grade.	<i>Tamil.</i>—1st and 2nd Readers, published by the Director of Public Instruction. <i>Telugu.</i>—Do. do. do. So in other languages. <i>Geography.</i>—India, Outlines of Asia and general notions of the World. <i>Arithmetic.</i>—Four Simple and Compound Rules. <i>Work.</i>—Ability to hem neatly. N. B.—Fair proficiency in hand-writing, making of figures and spelling will be required.	

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, October 18th, 1877.

NOTIFICATION.

The following Revised Rules for Results Grants will supersede the special Regulations and Schedules published in the Notification of the 3rd December 1877 and hitherto appended to the Educational Grant-in-Aid Rules.

2. Examinations will be held and payments of grants will be made under the new Rules from and after the 1st April 1878. Every Manager who desires to have his school examined for a result grant in the year 1878-79 must forward before the 31st December 1877 the application prescribed in Rule 1 to the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality in which the school is situated. Lists of the schools selected for examination and of the dates fixed for such examinations will be published in the District Gazettes before the 31st March 1878, and any prospective reductions in the scale of grants, whether general or affecting particular schools, will be notified at the same time under Rules 3, 4, and 28.

3. During the remainder of the current official year examinations will be held and grants issued under the Rules which have been hitherto in force.

RULES FOR RESULTS GRANTS.

N.B.—Not applicable to schools on the combined system.

I. SELECTION OF SCHOOLS.

1. Every Manager who desires to have his school examined for a grant under the results system shall forward before the 31st December an application, in the subjoined Form A, to the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality in which the school is situated.

2. Every such application shall be referred to the Deputy Inspector, who shall, as soon as possible after the 1st January, embody the substance of all the applications referred to him in a tabular statement, and shall submit the same to the Inspector of the Division with a covering letter in which he shall briefly state any facts which he may consider it desirable to communicate regarding the respective claims to aid of the several schools applying for grants, and shall also name the date on which he proposes to examine each school.

3. A copy of this letter and list shall be furnished by the Inspector of the Division with his own opinion to the Local Fund Board or Municipality, who shall determine what schools shall be eligible for results grants payable from Local or Municipal Funds during the ensuing official year. A list of such schools and of the dates fixed for their examination shall be published in the District Gazette before the 31st March, and no other schools shall be examined for results grants payable from Local or Municipal Funds without special orders. When a school has been placed on a Local Fund or Municipal list it shall be considered eligible for a grant from Provincial Funds for the fourth standard in the event of its being able to earn one.

4. Such portions of the list and reports as relate to schools applying for results grants payable from Provincial Funds only shall be forwarded by the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality with his own opinion to the Director of Public Instruction, who shall decide what schools shall be eligible for results grants payable from Provincial Funds only during the ensuing official year. The names of such schools and the dates fixed for their examination shall be published by the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality in the District Gazette, and no other schools shall be examined for results grants payable from Provincial Funds only without special orders.

5. In the selection of schools to be aided the amount of funds available and the educational wants of the special neighbourhood and of the Circle or Municipality itself will be taken into consideration.

6. An appeal shall lie to Government from any order passed by the President of a Local Fund Board or Municipality, or by the Director of Public Instruction refusing to declare a school eligible for results grants. The omission from the published list of any school for which an application (A) has been submitted, within the prescribed time, shall be deemed equivalent to an order of refusal.

II. CONDITIONS OF AID.

7. No school shall be deemed eligible for a results grant if it contains classes working beyond the fourth standard.

8. A school receiving aid under the salary-grant system cannot claim assistance in the same official year under the payment-for-results system, and similarly a result school cannot be aided under the salary grant system.

9. A school cannot receive aid under the salary-grant system for one portion of the school and under the result-grant system for another.

10. Amongst schools otherwise equally eligible a preference will be given to those in which school fees are levied and trustworthy returns of such fees are submitted.

11. All schools receiving aid under the system of payment for results shall furnish such returns and statements as may from time to time be prescribed.

12. Regular registers of admissions, attendance, and fee collections shall be kept and shall be submitted for inspection when demanded.

13. The attendance registers must be marked every time that the school meets.

14. The village or house-name of the pupils must be written in full in all the registers, and when there are two pupils of the same name the father's name must be added. No entries are to be made in pencil, to be inked over afterwards. There must be no blanks or erasures. If any error has been made it must be corrected by a foot-note. And in every case the register produced must be the original register, and not a fair copy.

15. Every register must have the pages numbered before any entries are made in it.

III. EXAMINATIONS.

16. A school shall be examined for a results grant once a year.

17. Local Fund Boards and Municipal Boards are invited to depute one or more members to be present at such examination. In villages the head of the village and other local village officials are invited in like manner to attend and should be present at such examination.

18. The subjects of examination under the several standards are specified in Schedule B.

19. To be eligible for examination a pupil must have attended the school for at least ninety days during the six working months preceding the examination. Attendance for not less than three hours will suffice to allow a day to count.

20. Only such pupils as have been actually studying within the standards throughout the six working months preceding the inspection shall be eligible for examination.

21. A pupil presented under the first or second standard will not receive any grant unless he or she passes in at least two of heads 1, 2, or 3 of the standard. A pupil presented under the third or fourth standard will not receive any grant unless he or she passes in at least three heads, two of which must be 1, 2, or 3.

22. A pupil is not to be presented for examination under any standard who has already received a grant for that standard.

23. To pass in any head a pupil must secure one-half the marks assigned to that head. Forty per cent may, however, be accepted if the deficiency under one head is compensated by an equivalent proficiency under another.

24. When it is evident that some of the results attained at examination are due to some other school in the town or village, no grant shall be passed for those results, and the ground on which it is proposed to withhold it shall be reported for approval to the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality, if the grant is one payable from Local or Municipal Funds, or to the Inspector of the division, if the grant is one payable from Provincial Funds.

25. Any falsification of the registers, any misrepresentation regarding the fees and attendance, any deception in the presentation of pupils, and any other fraud or irregularity, shall be similarly reported after the completion of the examination, and the Countersigning Officer will have the power to withhold the grant in such cases and to take any ulterior measures which the occasion may appear to him to demand.

26. As soon as possible after the conclusion of the examination the Inspecting Officer shall furnish the Manager with a statement giving the names of the pupils passed, the standards under which they were examined, and the marks which they obtained under each head.

IV. PAYMENT OF GRANTS.

27. The maximum scale of grants claimable under these Rules is shown in Schedule C. Rates less than maximum rates may be given to any school when a smaller proportion of aid is evidently sufficient.

28. All prospective reductions in the scale of grants, whether general or affecting particular schools, shall be notified in the District Gazette, when the list of schools to be aided is published.

29. The Inspecting Officer shall as soon as possible after the examination of a school furnish the Manager with a certifying memorandum in duplicate, or, if necessary, with two certifying memoranda in duplicate, showing the number of pupils examined and passed under each standard, and the grant claimable in consequence either at maximum rates or at the reduced rates noted in the District Gazette.

30. If the grant is payable from Local or Municipal Funds, the certifying memorandum shall be submitted to the President of the Local Fund Board or Municipality, on whose countersignature the grant therein specified shall be paid by the Treasury Officer of the Circle or the proper Municipal Officer.

31. If the grant is payable from Provincial Funds the certifying memorandum shall be submitted to the Inspector of Division, on whose countersignature the grant therein specified shall be paid by the Treasury Officer.

32. The duplicate copy of every certifying memorandum shall be forwarded, with an endorsement showing the amount paid thereon, to the Inspector of the Division for transmission to the Director of Public Instruction.

33. All results grants earned by boys under the first, second, and third standards shall be payable from Local and Municipal Funds. All other results grants shall be payable from Provincial Funds.

34. If, owing to any miscalculation, the funds available for the payment of results grants run short of the amount required, all unpaid claims due for the past year shall be discharged before any sums are paid for grants earned during the current year.

A.

FORM OF APPLICATION.

Locality.			Description of School.	Responsible Manager.	Names of Masters and Nature of Examinations passed by them.	Average Number of Pupils during the last three Months.	Average Expenditure during the last three Months.	Rates of Fees levied in each Class and Average Monthly Fee Collections during the last three Months.	Probable Number of Pupils that will be presented for Examination under each head of each Standard, and Languages in which they will be presented.	Remarks.
Circle or Municipality.	Taluk.	Town or Village.								

I, the responsible Manager of the above school, promise to comply with all the provisions of the Grant-in-Aid Rules, in case of my receiving a grant according to the system of payment for results.

(Date)

Signature of Manager.

B.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION.

Maximum of Marks.	Heads.	Tests.
FIRST (LOWEST) STANDARD.		
4	1st Head (Reading).	(a) To read correctly a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the first part of the First Book of Lessons.
4	.....	(b) To answer very simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the first part of the First Book of Lessons, or of an equivalent portion, previously prepared, in any approved book of equal difficulty. Manuscript or cadjan books may be brought up instead of printed books.
8		
3	2nd Head (Writing).	(a) To transcribe in large hand on a slate, board, or cadjan, a short sentence from the reading book in use.
3	.....	(b) To write from dictation short words out of the reading book in use.
6		
10	3rd Head (Arithmetic).	Notation and Numeration to four places of figures. Multiplication table to 4 times 16. Simple addition of numbers of four figures in five lines. Compound addition restricted to Indian money. English figures must be used in this as well as in the higher standards.
14	4th Head (Poetry).	(a) To recite a few lines of very easy poetry or moral aphorisms. Twenty lines to be brought up.
14	.....	(b) To answer very simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or aphorisms brought up.
2		<i>Extra Subject for Girls.</i>
10	13th Head (Needlework).	Hemming on calico or coarse cloth.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued).

Maximum of Marks.	Heads.	Tests.
SECOND STANDARD.		
4	1st Head (Reading).	(a) To read correctly a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second part of the First Book of Lessons.
6	.....	(b) To answer simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the second part of the First Book of Lessons or of an equivalent portion, previously prepared, in any approved book of equal difficulty. Manuscript or cadjan books may be brought up instead of printed books.
10		
4	2nd Head (Writing).	(a) To transcribe in round hand on a slate, board, or cadjan, a sentence from the reading book in use.
6	.....	(b) To write from dictation short sentences out of any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the second part of the first book of lessons.
10		
16	3rd Head (Arithmetic).	Notation and Numeration to seven places of figures. Multiplication table to 12 times 16. Four simple rules. Four compound rules restricted to Indian money.
2	4th Head (Poetry).	(a) To recite a few lines of very easy poetry or moral aphorisms. Fifty lines to be brought up, not including any brought up under the first standard.
4	.....	(b) To answer simple questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or moral aphorisms brought up.
6		<i>Extra Subject for Girls.</i>
16	13 Head (Needlework).	Hemming, top-sewing, and felling on fine cloth.
THIRD STANDARD.		
Vernacular.		
4	1st Head (Reading).	(a) To read with ease and correctness a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second Book of Lessons, and also from a plainly-written manuscript.
10	.....	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion, previously prepared, of the Second Book of Lessons, or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Sixty pages to be brought up.
14		
4	2nd Head (Writing).	(a) To transcribe in small hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use.
6	.....	(b) To write from dictation a passage out of any book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second Book of Lessons.
10		
22	3rd Head (Arithmetic).	Easy questions in the compound rules and reduction, restricted in Anglo-Vernacular Schools to the ordinary weight, measure, and money tables published by the Director of Public Instruction, and in Vernacular Schools to the Indian weight, measure, and money tables published by the Director of Public Instruction. Easy mental arithmetic, restricted to the simple rules.
3	4th Head (Poetry).	(a) To recite a few lines of easy poetry or moral aphorisms. One hundred lines to be brought up, not including any brought up under the first or second standard.
5	.....	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or moral aphorisms brought up.
8		

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued.)

Maximum of Marks.	Heads.	Tests.
10	5th Head (Grammar).	To answer questions on etymology, as contained in any approved elementary grammar with parsing and easy applications of the rules to the reading book.
6	6th Head (Geography).	To point out on a map the districts, chief towns and principal rivers and mountains of the Madras Presidency, and to have such a knowledge of the geography of the district in which the school is situated as may be acquired from "A Short Account of the Madras Presidency" or any similar book.
8	7th Head (Reading).	(a) To read a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the First Book of Reading of the Madras School Book Society.
14	.....	(b) To construe a passage from the First Book of Reading or any approved book of equal length and difficulty previously prepared.
22	.....	.....
5	8th Head (Writing).	(a) To submit a full copy-book in large hand, each page to be dated.
5	.....	(b) To write from dictation words from the English reading book in use.
10	.....	.....
<i>Alternative Vernacular Subjects.</i>		
32	10th Head (History).	The leading facts of the History of India to the fall of Seringapatam in 1799, as contained in any approved Elementary History, with such a knowledge of General and Indian Geography as may be necessary for an intelligent study of the subject.
<i>Extra Subject for Girls.</i>		
22	13th Head (Needlework).	Gathering, back-stitching, working buttonholes and darning on calico, generally such work as is on the sleeve of a somewhat coarse shirt, or a native man's jacket.
FOURTH STANDARD.		
<i>Vernacular.</i>		
6	1st Head (Reading).	(a) To read with ease and correctness a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Third Book of Lessons, and also from any ordinary manuscript.
16	.....	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the lessons comprised in a portion previously prepared of the Third Book of Lessons, or any approved reading book of equal difficulty. Fifty pages to be brought up.
22	.....	.....
3	2nd Head (Writing).	(a) To transcribe in running hand on paper a sentence from the reading book in use.
7	.....	(b) To write from dictation a passage out of any book, not previously studied equal in difficulty to the Third Book of Lessons.
10	.....	.....
22	3rd Head (Arithmetic).	Miscellaneous questions in the compound rules and reduction, easy questions in vulgar fractions, mental arithmetic applied to hazaar transactions. In Vernacular Schools the questions will bear exclusively on the Indian tables published by the Director of Public Instruction, including the native multiplication table of integers and fractions marked A, and the table used in native bazaars marked B.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION—(continued.)

Maximum of Marks.	Heads.	Tests.
3	4th Head (Poetry).	(a) To recite a few lines from any approved book of poetry or moral aphorisms equal in difficulty to the Poetical Anthology, No. I. Two hundred lines to be brought up not including any brought up under the previous standards.
7	.....	(b) To answer questions on the meaning and subject-matter of the poetry or moral aphorisms brought up.
10	.....	.....
16	5th Head (Grammar).	To answer questions in any approved elementary grammar with parsing and application of the rules to the reading book.
16	6th Head (Geography).	An elementary knowledge of the Geography of Asia, as contained in Duncan's Introduction to the Geography of the World, Part I, or any approved Geographical Primer.
<i>English.</i>		
8	7th Head (Reading).	(a) To read a few lines from any approved book, not previously studied, equal in difficulty to the Second Book of Reading of the Madras School Book Society.
24	.....	(b) To construe a passage from the Second Book of Reading or any approved book of equal length and difficulty, previously prepared.
32	.....	.....
4	8th Head (Writing).	(a) To submit a full copy-book in round hand, each page to be signed and dated by the pupil.
6	.....	(b) To write from dictation sentences from the English reading book in use.
10	.....	.....
11	9th Head (Grammar).	(a) Simple questions on etymology with parsing and easy applications of the rules to the reading book.
11	.....	(b) Oral translation of very easy sentences into English.
22	.....	.....
<i>Alternative Vernacular Subjects.</i>		
32	10th Head (History).	The leading facts of the History of India from the fall of Seringapatam in 1799 to the abolition of the East India Company's political power in 1858, as contained in any approved elementary history, with such a knowledge of General and Indian Geography as may be necessary for an intelligent study of the subject.
32	11th Head (Hygiene).	W. B. Dhanakoti Raju's Elements of Hygiene or any approved book containing easy lessons on the preservation of health.
32	12th Head (Agriculture).	Robertson's Agricultural Class Book or any other approved book.
<i>Extra Subject for Girls.</i>		
HIGHER TEST.		
33	13th Head (Needlework).	(a) Cutting out and working on fine cloth a finely-made European shirt. Such portion as can be completed within the time available.
Or		
LOWER TEST.		
32	.....	(b) Cutting out and working on fine cloth a native man's jacket, or a native woman's jacket and petticoat, finely made. Such work as can be completed within the time available.

Ootacamund, July 23, 1878.

1. The following revised Schedule C will be substituted for the Schedule C appended to the new rules for results grants published in the Notification of the 18th October 1877.

2. The difference between the amount due under the original and revised Schedules will be paid on account of all examinations held since the 31st March 1878 in Girls' Schools and purely Vernacular Mahomedan Schools.

C.

MAXIMUM GRANTS to PUPILS passed under the several Standards.

SCALE I.

STANDARDS.	Vernacular.						Alternative Subjects.						Extra.
							English or Extra Language.		Vernacular.				Subject for Girls.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	Poetry.	Grammar.	Geography.	Reading.	Writing.	Grammar.	History.	Hygiene.	Agriculture.	Total.
I ..	0 12 0	0 1 0	0 0 4	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 8 1 0
II ..	1 0 1	0 1 0	0 0 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	4 0 1 8
III ..	1 4 1	0 2 0	0 0 12 1	0 0 8 2	0 1 0	..	3 0	..	..	..	..	..	9 8 2 0
IV ..	2 0 1	0 2 0	0 1 0 1	0 1 8 3	0 1 8 1	0 3 0 3	0 18 0	..	..	..	..	..	3-0 or 4-0

SCALE II.

STANDARDS.	Vernacular.						Alternative Subjects.						Extra.
							English or Extra Language.		Vernacular.				Subject for Girls.
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	
	Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	Poetry.	Grammar.	Geography.	Reading.	Writing.	Grammar.	History.	Hygiene.	Agriculture.	Total.
I ..	0 8 0	0 0 10 0	0 0 8	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	1 11 0 10
II ..	0 10 0	0 0 10 1	0 0 6	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	2 10 1 0
III ..	0 14 0	0 1 0	0 0 8 0	0 0 10 0	0 1 6 0	0 10 0	2 0	..	..	..	..	..	6 6 1 6
IV ..	1 6 0	0 10 0	0 0 10 1	0 1 6 2	0 0 10 1	0 2 0 2	0 10 10	..	..	..	..	..	3-0 or 2-6

(a) Scale I applies only to Girls' Schools and to purely Vernacular Mahomedan Schools and will remain in force for five years from the 1st April 1878. Under this scale Mahomedan pupils cannot bring up English, or any second language, or History, Hygiene, or Agriculture. They may bring up either Hindustani or a Hindu language as their vernacular. English-speaking girls may bring up the English language as their vernacular and one of the vernaculars of the Presidency as an extra language, or they may substitute the tenth head for the seventh and eighth heads under the third standard, and the tenth and eleventh heads for the seventh, eighth, and ninth heads under the fourth standard. A girl must pass under two of these eleven heads to be eligible for a grant for

needle-work. Under the fourth standard the higher test for needle-work carries the higher grant. The grants to girls under heads 1 to 11 will be 75 per cent. higher than those named in the scale.

(b) Scale II applies to all other schools, and will also apply from the 1st April 1880 to schools which now come under Scale I. Under this scale English-speaking children may bring up the English language as their vernacular and one of the vernaculars of the Presidency as an extra language. Mussulman children are permitted to bring up Hindustani as their vernacular with a Hindu language or Persian, or English as their extra language, or a Hindu language as their vernacular with Hindustani, Persian, or English as their extra language. In the third standard the tenth head may be substituted for the seventh and eighth heads. In the fourth standard any two of the heads 10th, 11th, and 12th may be substituted in Boys' Schools for the three heads 7th, 8th, and 9th. In Girls' Schools only heads 10th and 11th may be so substituted. A girl must pass under two of these eleven heads to be eligible for a grant for needle-work. Under the fourth standard the higher test for needle-work carries the higher grant. The grants to girls under heads 1 to 11 will be 75 per cent. higher than those named in the scale.

D. F. CARMICHAEL.

Chief Secretary.

BISHOP CORRIE'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

ESTABLISHED 1826.

COMMITTEE.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras—President.

The Ven'ble the Archdeacon.

The Hon'ble Sir W. Robinson, K.C.S.I.

W. Burns, Esq.

The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman.

C. G. Coarao, Esq., M.D.

Rev O. H. Deane.

T. E. Franck, Esq.

Rev. M. G. Goldsmith.

Rev. E. Sell, Secretary.

Rev. A. H. Arden, Treasurer.

HEAD MASTER—Rev. Augustus William Atkinson, M.A.

ASSISTANT MASTERS.

Mr. H. B. Bernard.

" G. A. H. Hankins.

" A. J. Tins.

Mr. S. J. Menard.

" H. Jaxar.

" H. Wilkinson.

PUPIL TEACHER AND TUTOR—Mr. Abraham Alkino.

TERMS.

Upper School..

..Rs. 4 per mensem.

Middle School..

..Rs. 4 per mensem.

Primary School..

..Rs. 3 or 2 per mensem.

SCHOLARSHIPS.—There are twelve Scholarships attached to the School.

Per mensem.			Per mensem.		
1 Maitland Scholarship*.....	Rs. 7		2 Tucker Scholarships, Junior	Rs. 9½	
1 Do. do. ".....	6		2 Do. do. Senior	13	
2 Corrie Scholarships, Junior	10		1 Corrie Native Scholarships	7	
2 Do. do. Senior	20 or 15		1 Do. do.	10	

There is also a Fund called the Woolley Fund, by which thirty boys of respectable parentage but unable to pay the fee, are admitted free, and provided with books.

* The Maitland Scholarships are really worth 11 and 10 Rs. per mensem respectively, as the school fees are remitted to the boys holding them.

Bishop Corrie's Grammar School, the oldest purely Educational Institution in Madras, received its present designation in 1837 as a tribute to the memory of the late Bishop Corrie. It is the only Church of England School of its class for the education of Europeans and East Indians in the Town of Madras.

DOVETON PROTESTANT COLLEGE,

OPENED 1ST MARCH 1855.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT 1878-79.

Rev. W. Stephenson, M.A.
Rev. C. Cooper, M.A.
J. G. Ferrand, Esq.
J. T. Grestorex, Esq.

Rev. A. Walker.
C. Hall, Esq.
J. Gray, Esq.
A. Smith, Esq.

D. Grant, Esq.
Rev. H. Bower, D.D.
Rev. E. Sell, M.A.
The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman.

Rev. E. Sell, *Secretary*.J. T. Grestorex, Esq., *Financial Secretary*.Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co., *Treasurers*.

The object of this Institution is to afford a thoroughly liberal and Christian education. The generous bequest of the late Captain Doveton, united with the funds formerly collected for a Protestant College, and considerable grants-in-aid from Government has enabled the Committee to make arrangement for the efficient carrying out of the object they profess.

The Collegiate Department was re-opened in February 1866. The curriculum embraces the subjects specified by the Syndicate for the F. A. and B. A. Examinations of the University, together with Theology.

The School Department comprises 6 classes, the standard of the 6th being that of the Matriculation Examination in the University, while that of the lower school is Elementary. Latin is taught from Class II upwards, and Mathematics from Class III upwards. The curriculum has been rearranged during the past year, so that the teaching is distributed among masters of subjects instead of masters of classes as formerly. Drawing is introduced as an extra and optional subject; with an extra fee of 8 annas for pupils in Classes I, II, III, and of one rupee for pupils in higher classes. The aim has been to assimilate the school more to the English system.

The following is the present Educational staff of the Institution:—

JOHN COOKE ESQ., M.A., PRINCIPAL.

COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

Professor of Mathematics and Natural Science.—J. Cooke, Esq., M.A.

Professor of Classics and Philosophy.—J. A. V. Bindon, Esq., M.A.

Professor of English and Logic.—W. L. Bower, Esq., B.A.

SCHOOL DEPARTMENT.

Classical Master.—H. C. Cooney, Esq., B.A.

English Master.—B. A. Thompson, Esq., B.A.

Mathematical Master.—G. Tate, Esq., B.A.

Assistant English Master.—S. P. D'Silva, Esq., (B.A.)

Arithmetic and English Assistant Master.—E. R. Pedreira, Esq.

Writing and Drawing Master.—G. Ignatio, Esq.

The Terms are as under:—

In the Lower School.....	8 Rupees per mensem.
In the Upper School { Lower Division.....	4 " "
{ Higher do.	6 " "
In the Collegiate Department.....	5 " "

N. B.—All fees are payable in advance, by the 15th of the month.

For the benefit of parents residing in the Mofussil and others, a boarding establishment is maintained under the immediate supervision of the Principal at the following rates:—

For BOARDERS.—College Department, Rs. 35 exclusive of school fees.

School Department, 30 Rs. per mensem, exclusive of school fees.

Where two or more boys are from the same family, 25 Rupees irrespective of age, is the charge for each boy.

For DAY BOARDERS.—8 Rupees exclusive of school fees.

Books, Stationery and Medicine will be supplied and charged for at prime cost.

All particulars may be obtained by application to the Principal, Doveton College, Vepery.

The following is the new form of the Scholarship Rules as proposed by the Sub-Committee of August 1871 and amended and adopted by the General Committee, November 9th, 1871.

SCHOLARSHIP RULES.

The Committee of the Doveton Protestant College with the view of encouraging and aiding students to prepare for and to join the degree of Bachelor of Arts in the University of Madras, resolve to confer scholarships on pupils who have passed the entrance examination of the University and who shall promise to pursue their studies for four years thereafter in the Doveton College.

The following are the Rules, in accordance with which the scholarships shall be given and held.

1. That four scholarships shall be given each year to the students who are commencing their collegiate course, and that each of these scholarships shall be tenable for four years under the rules hereinafter laid down.

2. That two of the scholarships shall be given to Christian pupils who have matriculated from the Doveton Institution according to the order in which they may have passed the University Matriculation Examination provided they also attain to a certain fixed standard in scriptural knowledge, and produce satisfactory evidence of moral character.

3. That two remaining scholarships shall be given to Christian pupils coming from other Institutions on the same terms, provided such pupils hold higher places at the University Matriculation Examination than Doveton students excluding those holding scholarships.

4. That the Scholarships shall be Rupees 10 each per mensem during the first and second years of the College course, and Rs. 20 or 15 per mensem during the third and fourth years of the said course according as the holder shall be placed in the First or Second Class at the First Examination in Arts.

5. That should the holder of a scholarship fail to pass the First Examination in Arts at the end of his second year, the scholarship held by him shall lapse; should such holder of a scholarship, however, pass the First Examination in Arts from the Doveton College in a subsequent year, the Committee may at their discretion grant him a scholarship during the third and fourth year of his course.

6. That unauthorized absence, continued absence for three months from whatever cause or misconduct shall involve forfeiture of scholarship, and that a scholarship thus forfeited shall be available for other students in the same year of the course according to the principles laid down in these Rules.

7. That scholarships not conferred by the Doveton Protestant College shall be held on such conditions as may be prescribed by their founders, subject, however, to the provisions laid down in these Rules.

8. That the scholarships shall cease or be liable to diminution, if the state of the funds render such a course necessary, and that these Rules may be altered by the Committee on sufficient grounds.

9. That the Committee reserves to itself the right of withholding one or more of the scholarships if it deems fit.

DOVETON GIRLS' SCHOOL,

In connection with the Doveton Protestant College, is situated in Vepery Square.

Head Mistress.....Miss Keely.

Second Mistress.....Miss Anderson.

First Teacher.....Miss Klyne.

Second Teacher.....Miss A. Williams.

Third Teacher.....Miss A. Williams.

Fourth Teacher.....Miss Staggs.

Music, Piano.....Mrs. Baldrey.

French.....Do.

TERMS.

(For English only.)

Upper School	Rs. 4 per mensem.	Extra.	
Middle do.	" 3 do.	French.....	Rs. 2 per mensem.
Lower do.	" 2 do.	Music.....	" 5 do.

Young ladies whose Education has been carried on at home or at other schools, join the classes for accomplishments on the following :-

TERMS.

Music (Piano).....	Rs. 7-8-0 per mensem.
French.....	" 8-0-0 do.

N.B.—All who hold a Doveton Certificate will be received on the school terms.

There is a Boarding Establishment attached to this branch of Institution, under the immediate superintendence of the Head Mistress.

CHRIST CHURCH DISTRICT SCHOOLS,

MALE AND FEMALE—INSTITUTED A. D. 1843.

President and Superintendent—The Incumbent of Christ Church.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

THE SELECT VESTRY OF CHRIST CHURCH.

Head Master.....	Mr. Kearney.	Head Mistress of Poor School	Miss Simmonds.
" Mistress.....	Miss Evers.		

EMMANUEL CHURCH SCHOOL.

COMMITTEE.

Rev. C. H. Deane, M.A., President.	Mr. W. J. G. Walton,
Mr. J. J. D'Nezario,	" J. Wilcox,
" C. R. Daily.	" S. B. Wiltshire, Secretary.
" G. H. Smith	

MIXED SCHOOL.

Miss Fanny Hart.....	Head Mistress.
" Bazely.....	Assistants.
" Brown.....	
" Wiltshire.....	

VEPERY DISTRICT PAROCHIAL SCHOOLS.

NEW TOWN BOYS' SCHOOL.	NEW TOWN GIRLS' SCHOOL.
Head Master.—Mr. S. W. Upshon.	Head Mistress.—Mrs. Wayne.
2nd " — " Watkinson.	2nd " — Miss C. Shandley.
	3rd " — Mrs. Slator.

New Town Reading Room and Library.

Open daily from 6 to 8 P. M.

Secy. and Treasurer—Mr. G. R. Trotter. | Librarian—Mr. S. W. Upshon.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Rev. A. C. Taylor, M. A., Chaplain of Vepery.—President.

Rev. W. G. Hubbard.	Mr. Robert Johnson.
Col. E. W. Childers.	" M. Staggs.
E. F. Brockman Esq.	" C. E. Axellby.
J. H. Tarrant Esq.	" G. Trotter, Secretary and Treasurer.
W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.	" S. W. Upshon, Librarian.
Mr. C. S. Trotter.	

PARCHERRY SCHOOL, NORTH BLACK TOWN.

84, PORTUGUESE CHURCH STREET,

Opened under the direction of the Reverend C. R. Drury, 5th September 1860, and always to be under the direction of the Chaplain of North Black Town.

COMMITTEE.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop—President.

The Venerable the Archdeacon—Vice-President.

Hon'ble J. G. Coleman,

J. D. Rozario, Esq.

J. Harris, Esq.,

Rev. W. M. Babington, B.A. Secretary.

Number of children at present on the roll..... 79

Average do. who receive daily a meal of curry and rice 47 1

Attendance—daily average..... 63

The object of this School is to impart to the children of the destitute poor of the District, such an education as will enable them to obtain some post to earn their livelihood, viz.:—Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, Geography and instruction in Needle-work. Scriptural Instruction—Holy Bible and Church Catechism.

N.B.—The monthly expenditure is about Rs. 165, and the School is entirely dependent upon voluntary subscriptions.

Mr. C. Vieyra, Head Master.

Philbert, Teacher.

Mrs. A. Jackson, Schoolmistress and Supdt.

Miss Rodrigues, Assistant Teacher.

Donations and monthly subscriptions are earnestly solicited.—They can be made by "Stamps"—and even from one Anna upwards, will be thankfully acknowledged.

"Let off" clothes, or a piece of "check" or other cloth, will be very thankfully received, and acknowledged by the Secretary.

HARRIS HIGH SCHOOL, ROYAPETTAH.

This School was founded in the year 1861 for the exclusive purpose of educating Mussulman boys.

The Honorable Sybella Harris left a legacy to the Church Missionary Society, to found a School in memory of her father, the famous General Harris.

The School is under Government inspection, and receives a grant-in-aid. The standard of education is that of the Entrance Examination to the Madras University. Daily instruction is given in Holy Scripture.

PRINCIPAL.—Rev. E. Sell, assisted by competent Teachers and Moonshies. The Hindustani, Persian, Arabic and Tamil languages are taught.

MISSIONARY SEMINARY.

SULLIVAN'S GARDENS, ROYAPETTAH.

Rev. Dr. Strachan, Principal.

Rev. C. E. Kennet, Theological Lecturer. | Mr. Cranshaw, M.A., Tutor.

The object of this Seminary is to train and prepare young men of piety and due mental fitness, for Missionary employment as Catechists or Ministers.

Several exhibitions are attached to the Seminary, for Europeans, East Indians and Natives.

Other Students, but only such as propose to devote themselves to Missionary work, are admissible on payment, the amount in each case to be determined by the Committee.

The Seminary was opened on the 1st June 1848 at Sullivan's Gardens, Royapettah, and is now under the charge of the Rev. Dr. Strachan, Principal.

Applications for admission, accompanied by testimonials signed by competent parties, must be made to the Acting Principal.

S. P. G. HIGH SCHOOL, VEPERY.

The High School, in connection with the S. P. G., was opened on 1st February, 1864, in the block of buildings near St. Matthias' Church, formerly known as the Vepery Grammar School, and subsequently as the Government Normal School.

J. T. Margoshis, Esq., F.R.C.S., *Principal*. | A. V. Panchanatha Iyer, B.A., *Assistant*, and twelve other Native Masters, with Tamil and Telugu Moonshes.

The great object of the School is to give a sound education, based upon Christian principles. Each boy is instructed daily in the Bible. The School receives Government aid, and most of the Masters are connected with the Madras University, for the requirements of which, the instruction given is adapted.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY AND DAY SCHOOL,

No. 2, Armenian Street.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

Principal—Rev. J. Brouwer.

The Schools are conducted by the Brothers of St. Patrick, assisted by the following lay-teachers:—

MASTERS.

Mr. P. O'Connor.
" C. B. O'Connor.
" C. Nicholas.

Mr. W. Brown.
" D. Aurokiasawmy Pillay.

The system of Education in this Seminary embraces the full classical course adapted to those who are destined for the learned professions.

It also comprises Tamil and Telugu with French, English, and other European Languages, History, Geography, Writing, Arithmetic, Mathematics, Natural Philosophy, Rhetoric and Logic.

For Boarders 25 Rupees per month—payable quarterly in advance.

For Day Boarders 10 Rupees per month, and for Day Scholars, 2 Rupees.

ST. MARY'S SEMINARY FOR YOUNG LADIES,

McLEAN STREET,

Conducted by the Ladies of the Presentation Convent.

The system of Education in this Seminary embraces Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, History, Geography, French, Plain and Fancy Needlework, Embroidery, Drawing and Painting; also Vocal and Instrumental Music.

TERMS.

For Boarders.....	Rupees 20 per month.
" Day Boarders.....	" 7 do.
" " Scholars, First School.....	" 6 do.
" " Do. Second ".....	" 2 do.

EXTRA CHARGES.

Music.....	Rupees 5 per month.
French.....	" 5 do.
Drawing.....	" 5 do.
Embroidery and Ornamental work.....	" 5 do.

DAVIDSON STREET BOYS' SCHOOL, BLACK TOWN,

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1814.

Committee of Management.

Rev. S. W. Organe, *President*,
Mr. J. W. Thompson,
Lieut. J. Cochran,

Mr. H. M. Lewis, *Secretary & Treasurer*,
Mr. J. M. Lewis,
Mr. J. Dixon,

Mr. B. Chester, *Ex. Hd. Mr.* | Mr. W. Thomas... *3rd Mr.* | Mr. J. W. Spink... *5th Master*.
" J. Cochran... *2nd* " | " J. Chester... *4th* " |

Rates.

Entrance Fee.	Tuition Fee.	Entrance Fee.	Tuition Fee.
RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
Sixth Class..... 2 0	2 8	Third Class..... 1 0	1 8
Fifth "..... 2 0	2 0	Second "..... 1 0	1 4
Fourth,,..... 2 0	1 12	First "..... 1 0	1 0

DAVIDSON STREET GIRLS' SCHOOL, BLACK TOWN,

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1814.—RE-ESTABLISHED A. D. 1868.

Committee of Management.

Rev. S. W. Organe..... *President*.
Mr. H. M. Lewis..... *Secretary & Treasurer*.

Mrs. Cochran.....	Mrs. Dixon.....	Mrs. Gordon.....	Mrs. Norris.....
Miss M. Gordon.....	Head Mistress.	Miss P. Lamoury.....	4th Mistress.
" J. Gordon.....	2nd "	" E. Grove.....	5th "
" A. Allan.....	3rd "	" S. Johnston.....	6th "
Entrance Fee.	Tuition Fee.	Entrance Fee.	Tuition Fee.
RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
Sixth Class..... 2 0	2 0	Second Class..... 1 0	1 4
Fifth "..... 2 0	2 0	First "..... 1 0	1 0
Fourth,,..... 2 0	1 12		
Third "..... 1 0	1 8		

The object of these Institutions is to give a sound education, based on Christian principles, to European and East Indian children of Black Town. The Schools receive Government aid. The Masters are connected with the Madras University, and the Mistresses hold Teachers' Certificates. There are 100 boys and 160 girls attending these schools. The Standard of Education in the Boys' School is up to that of the University preparatory Matriculation Examination, while the girls are yearly trained up to the 1st Grade Teachers' Certificate Examinations.

BLACK TOWN WESLEYAN TELUGU SCHOOL.

A Telugu Girls' School numbering upwards of 62 scholars are taught in the Paroherry. Others of a similar kind are established at Teyoor and Ponneri. All these are supported entirely by the Mission.

BLACK TOWN WESLEYAN ENGLISH GIRLS' DAY SCHOOL,

ESTABLISHED A. D. 1860.

Committee of Management.

The Pastor of the Church..... *President*. | Capt. D. Lissenburg..... *Treasurer*.
Mr. J. B. Barton..... *Hony. Secy.*

COMMITTEES, 12 MEMBERS.

Miss M. Spencer.....	Head Mistress.	Miss Gordon.....	4th Mistress.
Mrs. Pedro.....	2nd "	" Mineaud.....	5th "
Miss Hudson.....	3rd "		

This School now contains over 100 scholars. Since February, 1874, the Committee have secured the service of Miss Spencer—a first grade Certificated Mistress. All the Teachers hold certificates. It is the aim of the Committee to give the children attending this school a sound and practical English Education. The girls are yearly sent up to the Teachers' Certificate Examinations.

WESLEYAN ANGLO-VERNAICULAR INSTITUTION, ROYAPETTAH.

About 350 youths are now taught in this school which was founded in 1850, with the object of giving a superior Christian education to Hindus of all castes. It is managed by a European Missionary, who devotes the greater part of each day to its interests. The Bible is taught an hour daily in all the classes that can read it, and the elementary truths of Christianity are conveyed, through the medium of the Vernacular languages, to the minds of the younger pupils. The standard of secular instruction is equal to the requirement of the Matriculation Examination. More than fifty of the students have already matriculated from this Institution, besides several others who have passed the F. A. and B. A. Degrees respectively.

WESLEYAN GIRLS' BOARDING SCHOOL.

This School was established in 1848. It is under the superintendence of the European Missionaries. It contains at present sixteen day scholars and forty Boarders, who are fed, and clothed and educated chiefly at the expense of the Mission, with the aid of local contributions. The girls are nearly all taught English as a language, but their lessons are mostly given in Tamil; special attention is paid to needle-work and to instruction in the domestic life. An experienced Matron, Mrs. Franklin, lives on the premises.

WESLEYAN CASTE GIRLS' SCHOOLS.

Three Caste Hindu Girls' Schools are supported by the Mission. One in Royapettah, the other two in North and South Triplicane. These schools number one hundred and eighty scholars. The languages taught are Tamil, Telugu and English. These schools are partly supported by Government Grants-in-aid.

FREE CHURCH MISSION INSTITUTION AND MADRAS CHRISTIAN COLLEGE.

This well-known Institution, founded in 1837, is the oldest of the Schools and Colleges intended specially for natives. Its distinctive character is that it combines religious with secular education. There are about 1,000 pupils on the roll, of whom about 200 are students in the College Department.

PRINCIPAL.—The Rev. William Miller, M. A.

PROFESSORS.

Rev. William Miller, M. A.	Rev. G. Cooper, M. A.	G. Michie Smith, Esq., B.Sc.
Rev. G. M. Rae, M. A.	Rev. G. Patterson.	Rev. A. Alexander, M. A.

ASSISTANT PROFESSORS.

S. Rangiah Chetty, B. A.	C. Subbaramaiah, M. A.
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In the School department about 30 Teachers are employed.

THE HOBART MAHOMEDAN GIRLS' SCHOOL.

ROYAPETTAH—MADRAS.

REPORT FOR 1877-78.

The Lady Mary Grenville, *Patroness*.
H. H. the Princess of Tanjore, *Vice-Patroness*.
The Lady Hobart, *President* (in Europe).
Mrs. D. F. Carmichael, *Acting President*.

Mrs. G. G. Arbuthnot.	Mrs. Probyn.
Mrs. Grigg.	Mrs. Rideout.
Mrs. E. M. Macdonald.	Mrs. Tarrant.
Hon'ble D. F. Carmichael.	Lieut.-Col. F. H. Tyrrell.
Colonel R. M. Macdonald.	

Ahmed Moideen Khan Bahadoor.
Hon'ble Mir Humayoon Jah Bahadoor.
Dr. Moodeen Sherriff Khan Bahadoor.
Major E. Hobart, *Hon. Treasurer*.
Mrs. Firth, *Hon. Secretary*.

In January 1876 a Committee under the Presidentship of Lady Hobart, discussed the question of the education of Mahomedan girls, and proposed to encourage it by promoting the establishment of Schools, where the girls will be taught their own language, needlework of every description, and other industrial occupations.

The School has, by desire of the Members of the Committee, been called "The Hobart School" in memory of the warm interest taken in this movement by the late Lord Hobart, and the active assistance and sympathy given by Lady Hobart, the President of the Committee. Lady Hobart has presented the School with a donation of Rs. 10,000, to be invested for its support, and has been asked to continue her interest as Honorary President whilst in England.

In December 1875 the School was visited by H. H. the Princess of Tanjore. The Committee are much encouraged by the warm interest taken by Her Highness in the Institution and by her liberality in assigning the interest of Rs. 7,000 towards the support of the School.

The accommodation of the School House proving insufficient for the increasing number of children; that had been admitted from time to time, another building was engaged on the 30th November, 1875.

There are now 160 names on the books and an average daily attendance of 130. The Staff employed to instruct them is: one Head School Mistress (an Englishwoman), one East Indian, five Mahomedan school teachers: and one Mahomedan work teacher.

The Committee especially have in view the promotion of such industrial work as will enable the children when they have grown up to earn a livelihood. They particularly wish to have them taught all kinds of Indian needlework, as the girls make sufficient progress in plain sewing, knitting, &c.

The progress made by these children is most interesting, not only in the more immediate objects of the School, but in habits of order, cleanliness, and tidiness.

The Committee take this opportunity of expressing their best thanks to those European and Mahomedan ladies and gentlemen, who have given their kind interest and substantial support towards the advancement of this experimental undertaking.

THE MADRAS CIVIL ORPHAN ASYLUMS,

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, the Venerable the Archdeacon, and the Clergy of the Church of England throughout the Diocese,
and

ST. MARY'S CHURCH CHARITY SCHOOL.

Amalgamated 15th January, 1872, under G. O., 20th August 1871, No. 252.

DIRECTORS FOR 1877.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras—*President*.

The Garrison Chaplain, The Hon'ble D. F. Carmichael, The Venerable the Archdeacon.	} <i>Vice-Presidents</i> .
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EX-OFFICIO DIRECTORS.

The Garrison Chaplain.	The Surgeon of the District.
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GOVERNMENT DIRECTORS.

The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman.	W. Donald, Esq.
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ELECTED DIRECTORS.

Rev. A. C. Taylor.	Mr. H. Rust.
Mr. J. Hutton.	" R. P. Campbell.
" J. F. Greatorex.	" J. Gray.
Captain C. T. P. Luxmore.	" G. Jeremiah.
Dr. C. G. Conran.	" J. J. D'Rosario, <i>Treasurer</i> .
Mr. G. Hamnett.	" L. C. Probyn.
" C. Hall, <i>Secretary</i> .	" C. Stolberg.
" J. Sturrock.	Dr. H. King.

DIRECTRESSES.

Lady President.—Lady Caroline Grenville.

Lady Vice-President.—Miss Gell.

Mrs. Carmichael.	Miss Kinlock.
" Rowland.	Mrs. Rideout.
" E. Branson.	" Jeremiah.
" Furnell.	" King.
" Probyn.	" Patch.
" Donald, <i>Secretary</i> .	" Harris.

EX-OFFICIO DIRECTRESS, Mrs. Thomas.

TRUSTEES.—Mr. C. Hall and Dr. C. G. Conran.

MILITARY FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM, MADRAS.

POONAMALLEE ROAD. INSTITUTED A. D. 1786.

His Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos.—President.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

The Hon'ble the Chief Justice. The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop.
His Excy. the Commander-in-Chief. The Hon'ble W. Hudleston.

GOVERNORS.

Major Gen. Raikes, C.B. Major Ross Thompson, R.E.,
The Venerable Archdeacon Drury. Colonel Poord, R.E.,
Colonel Farewell. Surg. Genl. G. Smith, M.D.
W. Donald, Esq. Colonel Rideout.
Brigadier General H. O'Connell. Hon'ble J. Kerman.
J. W. Handley, Esq. H. S. Thomas, Esq., C. S.

DIRECTRESSES.—The Lady Mary Grenville, Patroness.

VICE-PATRONESSES.—Lady Chamberlain.

Miss Gell. Mrs. Probyn. Mrs. Fortune.
Mrs. Carmichael. " Rideout. " Furnell.
" Strachan. " Cochrane. " Strange.
" Handley. " Cornish. " Poord.

James Short, Esq.—Secretary.

Mrs. E. Rose, Superintendent. Mrs. J. Boyle, Matron.
Miss Agnes McVae, 1st Asst. Mistress. Rev. P. Percival, Chaplain.
" A. Turton 2nd do. T. K. Rogers, Esq., M.D., Surgeon.
" Rose, 3rd do. Mr. W. Hankin, Resident Apothecary.
" 4th do. G. Narsingaiah Chetty, Secy's Clerk.

UNION MIXED SCHOOL, AT JOHN PEREIRA'S.

Boys' School, established 1st June, 1836—Girls' School, established 1st January, 1840.
United into a Mixed School, June 1875.

PATRON.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

VICE-PATRON.—Rev. C. H. Deane, M.A., Chaplain of South Black Town.

DIRECTORS 1875.

PRESIDENT.—Reverend A. H. Arden, M.A., Incumbent of " Trinity Chapel."
The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman, Vice-President.

Mr. R. Davey. Mr. G. Norton.
Rev. J. Bilderbeck. " S. J. Saire.
" M. G. Goldsmith, B.A. " J. L. O'Hara.
Mr. A. Holmes. " J. H. Taylor, Honorary Director.
" D. T. O'Keefe.

Rev. A. H. Arden, Acting Secretary.

STAFF.

Head Mistress—Miss E. McArthur,
2nd " " C. Court,
3rd " " R. Harvey.

THE GORDON REFUGE.

ST. THOMAS, MADRAS.

COMMITTEE.

The Lady Anna Grenville President.
Mrs. Douglas Fox. Mrs. Hankin. Mrs. Strachan,
" Carmichael. Miss Gell. Miss Morphet. " Furnell.
" Evans. Mrs. Grigg. Mrs. Shaw-Stewart. " Symonds.
Mrs. Firth.....Honorary Secretary. Rev. Dr. Strachan.....Honorary Treasurer.

The design of this Institution is to afford a refuge for such destitute orphan girls of European descent, as are not eligible for either the Military or the Civil Female Orphan Asylums. As such, it is one, the Committee plead, well deserving of public support.

The number of children now in the "Refuge" is 65.

The utmost economy is observed in the management of the Institution, consistent with due regard to the proper feeding and care of the children. The cost of maintaining each child, inclusive of superintendence, food and clothing, is about Rs. 8-8 a month.

The girls of "The Refuge" do neat plain and Fancy works. The Secretary will be happy to receive orders.

MADRAS INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

POPHAM'S BROADWAY, BLACK TOWN.

COMMITTEE, 1875-79.

President.—The Lord Bishop of Madras. Vice-President.—Col. T. S. Hawks.

The Ven'ble Arishdn. Drury. C. R. Trotter, Esq., Treasr. W. Digby, Esq.
Rev. H. A. Williams. R. Hill, Esq. C. E. Phipps, Esq.
" C. H. Deane, Ex. Officio. Rev. Aug. W. Atkinson. G. Hamnett, Esq.
" W. M. S. Babington, J. D'Rosario, Esq. B. Lavery, Esq.
Honorary Secretary. Rev. W. Scott. A. M. Hooper, Esq., Financial Secretary.

Honorary Secretary.—Rev. W. M. Babington. Honorary Treasurer.—C. R. Trotter, Esq.
Bankers.—Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.

STAFF.

Mr. C. DeWaltz, General Superintendent.
" T. Browne, Schoolmaster and Clerk.
" W. Gordon, Carpenter Instructor.

The condition of the poorer classes of Europeans and East Indians, residing in Black Town and the neighbouring suburbs, is admitted to be most deplorable. This distress is occasioned by their inability to earn a livelihood. Those who are most seriously affected are the old and the infirm who are physically unable to labor, and the young who have not the necessary skill to compete with others in the labour market. The former perhaps fall more legitimately for relief on the Friend-in-Need Society, and arrangements are being made, it is believed, to meet the evil so far as funds will permit. But the young require help of a special nature; they require to be taught how to earn an honest livelihood. The Education given in the several Charitable Institutions of this City, fits them only for Writers and Accountants; a section of the labour market which is already supplied to overflowing, and which will as far as the experience of the past can be depended upon be taken up entirely by the Natives of the country who can work equally well and at lower rates of remuneration. Other portions therefore of the labour market must be tried. To meet this great difficulty, an Industrial School has been established for the poorer classes of Europeans and East Indians in Black Town. The extent of the operations are at present limited, confined to one or two of the principal industrial trades, Repairs, varnishing, &c., of carriages, house painting, carpentry, work in leather, book-binding, Type founding, Blacksmith's work, Turning &c., but will be extended as funds permit.

The School was opened on the 2nd November, 1874; at present there are 60 boys borne on its Rolls, many have obtained employments as Carpenters, Blacksmiths, Artificers, &c. &c., since the school opened.

Contributions in aid of the Industrial School will be most thankfully received by the Secretary, Rev. W. M. Babington, and will be duly acknowledged.

PATCHEAPPAN'S EDUCATIONAL CHARITIES.

PATRON.—The Hon'ble H. S. Cunningham.

P. Sommoosenthram Chettyar, President. P. Vasodaya Mudaliar,
P. Veeraperumai Pillay. W. S. Venkataramanjooleo Naidu,
The Hon'ble V. Ramlingar, C.B., S. Appasawmy Chettyar,
S. Soondrabashiem Naidu, Secretary.

PATCHEAPPAN'S HIGH SCHOOL.

Established in January 1842, School House, Esplanade, opened 29th March, 1850.

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

D. M. Cruickshank, Esq., M.A., Principal.
C. Gopalakista Modalliar, B.A., Assistant Principal.

S. Streenevassiah, .. Master.	T. Seethapathy Naicker, .. Master.
K. P. Visvaradiah, B.A., .. do.	D. Kristiah, .. do.
E. Soobramanea Iyer .. do.	G. C. V. Sreenivasas Chetty .. do.
Mr. G. R. Joseph, .. do.	T. Narsingha Chetty .. do.
P. B. Shadagopa Chetty, B.A. .. do.	M. Venkataraya Chetty, B.A. .. do.
G. Soobramania Aiyer, B.A. .. do.	P. Chellum Naidu, .. Writing Master.
A. T. Nagaswami Sastry .. do.	P. Sanjeeviah, .. Principal's Clerk.
C. Venkata Chetty, .. do.	

VERNACULAR DEPARTMENT.

Tamil.	1st Tutor.	Telugu.	1st Tutor.
A. Soobroya Pillay, .. 2nd do.	D. Venkatasoobah Sastry .. 1st Tutor.		
E. Annasawmy Mudaliar .. 3rd do.	V. Soobramania Sastry .. 2nd do.		
M. Moosogama Modalliar .. do.			

Sanscrit.
V. Ramanooja Charry 1st Tutor | M. Kistna Sastry ..2nd Tutor.

Patcheappah's Branch School at Conjeeveram.

Established in the year 1846.

English Department.

P. V. Ramasawmy Raja, B.A. Head Master. P. Vijayaragavacharry ..Tutor.
T. Soobramanya Iyer ..Tutor. V. Vadachella Vathayar .. do.
G. Kistnasawmy Iyah .. do. S. Kistnasawmy Iyer .. do.
O. Rajah Row .. do. P. S. Sreenivasappa Charry ..Writer.

Vernacular Department.

V. Ganapathy Pillay ..Tamil Tutor. | S. Venkataswara Sastry ..Telugu Tutor.

Patcheappah's Branch School at Chedumbaram.

Established in the year 1850.

English Department.

S. Kistnanna Charry, B.A. ..Head Master. C. Rama Row, ..Tutor.
K. Soobramanya Iyer, B.A. ..Tutor. K. Sawmy Iyengar, .. do.
C. V. Soobiah, .. do. V. Ramalinga Pillay, .. do.
K. Venkataswara Iyer .. do. V. Ramachandra Naidu, ..Writer.

Vernacular Department.

C. Vamadaiva Pundarum, ..Tamil Tutor. | V. U. Rangasawmy Iyengar, Sanscrit Tutor.
Jainulabdeen, Gymnastic Instructor.

Govindoo Naidu's Primary School.

Established in May, 1855, Black Town, Anderson's Street, Nos. 1-31, 2-31 & 3-31.

English Department.

T. R. Ramanatha Iyer, B.A., Principal and Head Master.

N. Davarajooloo Naidu, Assistant Master. V. Neelagunta Row, ..Tutor.
Y. Soobramiah, ..Tutor. R. Ramachandra Ayer, .. do.
M. K. Kistnanna Charry, .. do. P. Kistnanna Charry, .. do.
C. Sadasiviah, .. do. P. Ramasawmy Ayer, .. do.
M. Nageswara Iyer, .. do. S. Prasanna Mudalar, .. do.
K. Annadurai Iyer, .. do.

P. Ragava Charry, ..Clerk.

Vernacular Department.

Tamil. K. Singaraveloo Moodelliar, ..1st Tutor. T. Singa Charu, ..1st Tutor.
C. Loganatha do, ..2nd do. S. Theunargiah, ..2nd do.
A. Ragava Charry, ..3rd do. O. Alvariah, ..3rd do.
P. Kistnasawmy Moodelliar, ..4th do. N. Embariah, ..4th do.

C. Sreenivasappa Pillay's Vernacular Girls School.

Established in 1865, Black Town, Somaswamikal Mathaliar's Street.

Mrs. J. MacFarlane, Superintendent and Stitching Mistress.

Telugu Department.

Tamil Department.

T. Vakkolabarana Iyah ..Head Master. V. Venkataswara Iyah ..Head Master.
P. Rangiah, ..2nd do. A. Sreenivasappa, ..2nd do.
S. Nuvamalwariah, ..3rd do. T. Theosamah Charry, ..3rd do.
M. Ramiah, ..4th do. A. Rajoo Mathaliar, ..4th do.

Number of Pupils in Patcheappah's High School ..550

Do. in Govinda Naidu's Primary School ..400

Do. in Patcheappah's Branch School at Conjeeveram ..300

Do. do. do. at Chedumbaram ..300

Do. in Sreenivasappa Pillay's Girls School ..200

N. B. Govinda Naidu's Primary School is no other than the Junior Department of Patcheappah's High School, formed into a separate Institution.

Admission into the above Schools twice a year, in the months of January and June.

Pannabala Pillay's Sanscrit School at Chedumbaram.

Iyah Sastry.

PART X.—MISCELLANEOUS.

MADRAS LITERARY SOCIETY AND AUXILIARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PATRONS.

His Grace the Governor. | H. E. the Rajah Tondiman, Bahadur.
His Highness the Maharajah of Travancore.

PRESIDENT.

The Honorable Sir W. Morgan, Knight.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras. | The Honorable Sir W. Robinson, K.C.S.I.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

Col. R. M. Macdonald, Chairman. | D. E. W. Leighton, Esq.
G. Bidie, Esq., M.B. | G. Oppert, Esq., Ph. D.
W. R. Cornish, Esq., M.P. | Col. J. Shaw-Stewart, R. E.
William Digby, Esq. | J. C. Shaw, Esq.
David Duncan, Esq., M.A. | G. Smith, Esq., M.D.

H. King, Esq., A.M., M.B., Honorary Secretary.

M. R. Ry. T. Ramakrishna Pillai, B.A., Librarian.

M. R. Ry. M. Coopoonathum Pillai, Assistant Librarian.

A good Library containing upwards of 17,000 Volumes, to which new works are added as published, is now open to the public.

TERMS.—Quarterly subscription, Rupees 10; Entrance Donation, Rupees 10; payable by all permanent residents in Madras, except Officers in Garrison and Clergymen. For further particulars apply to the Honorary Secretary, Old College, Nungambakum.

The Society receives monthly supplies of new books, including every work of note published at home.

Gentlemen wishing to join the Society should intimate their wish to the Secretary and forward a recommendation signed by one member, when their names will be enrolled and Catalogues furnished to them.

FORM OF RECOMMENDATION.

"I recommend Mr. _____ to be a Member of the Madras Literary Society and Auxiliary of the Royal Asiatic Society.

A new Member admitted in the 1st month of the Quarter pays the whole subscription—in the second month, two-thirds—and in the third month, one-third of the subscription for the current Quarter.

Members absent from the Presidency on duty or otherwise are exempted from subscription.

Any person whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 700 may be admitted as a subscriber on the recommendation of a Member. A quarterly subscription of Rs. 3 entitles a subscriber to two sets of stock books of Rs. 4-8-0 or three sets, and of Rs. 6 to four sets.

Extract from the Proceedings of a Meeting of the Managing Committee held on the 10th April, 1875.

Resolved with reference to the proceedings of the last Annual General Meeting that the following rules be passed for regulating the admission of subscribers on 8 annas per mensem.

Rules.

1. The use of the stock books in the Library shall be open on the following conditions to persons, who are not Members of the Society.

2. Any person, whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 250, may be admitted as a subscriber at the recommendation and on the responsibility of a Member.

3. The subscription shall be 8 annas per annum, and may be paid either monthly or quarterly.

4. No subscriber shall be allowed to have more than one work at a time. If the work is a novel, it shall be supplied complete. If it is not a novel, not more than two volumes shall be taken out.

5. Books may be kept for the following periods exclusive of the day of delivery.

Octavo volumes..10 days. | Quarto volumes..20 days. | Folio volumes..30 days.

6. Any detention of a book beyond the prescribed period will render a subscriber liable, at the discretion of the Committee, to a fine not exceeding one anna a day.

7. Any subscriber returning a book in a damaged state, or failing to return it within three months, may be called on to pay the amount required to complete or renew the work, which amount shall be determined by the Committee.

8. Every subscriber will be furnished with a book, which must be presented or sent with every remittance, every book returned and every order for fresh books. The amount of the remittance and the title of the book required will be filled in by the subscriber. The date on which any remittance was received or any book was either issued or returned will be filled in by the Librarian.

9. In the event of any subscriber failing to pay his subscription, or any sum due by him on account of fines or on account of books lost or damaged, his name shall be removed from the list and the Member introducing him shall be held responsible for the amount due.

10. In the event of a Member who has introduced any subscribers leaving India, he shall be required to transfer his responsibility to any other Member or Members, who may be willing to accept the same. In the event of no such arrangement being made, the names of the persons introduced by him shall be erased from the list of subscribers.

11. Every Member introducing a subscriber shall be required to sign a recommendation in the following form on a printed copy of the Rules.

I recommend Mr. _____ as a subscriber living at _____ under the Rules passed on the 10th April, 1873, and I accept the responsibility imposed on me by those Rules.

Rules framed and approved by the Managing Committee under a resolution passed at the Annual General Meeting held on the 12th March, 1874.

1. The use of the Stock books in the Library shall be open on the following conditions to persons who are not Members of the Society.

2. Any person, whose monthly income does not exceed Rs. 700, may be admitted as a Subscriber on the recommendation of a Member in the following form:—

I recommend Mr. _____ as a Subscriber to the Madras Literary Society and Auxiliary of the Royal Asiatic Society.

3. A quarterly subscription of Rs. 3 shall entitle a Subscriber to two sets of Stock books, of Rs. 4-8-0 to three sets and of Rs. 6 to four sets.

4. Rules X, XV and XXI, prescribed for Members shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to Subscribers.

Rules for the admission of Subscribers at up-country Stations to the Madras Literary Society.

1st. That the Station is on a line of Railway.

2nd. That there is a Club of not less than five Gentlemen resident at the Station who desire to be Members of the Society.

3rd. That no new books are sent up-country until they have been circulated to all Members residing in Madras, who have applied for them.

4th. That the Secretary is satisfied as to the arrangements for transmitting books to and from Madras.

5th. That the expense of carriage is borne by the Station Club.

6th. That *Mutatis Mutandis* and with the above exceptions, the Rules of the Society are in force with respect to books sent up-country.

12. The Society formerly published a journal. This was discontinued in 1866, but it has been resolved to resuscitate it.

THE PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 21ST APRIL, 1864.

PATRONS.

His Grace the Governor of Madras,
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief,

The Lord Bishop of Madras.

PRESIDENT—Hon'ble William Hudleston.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.—Colonel Weldon and D. F. Carmichael, Esq., C. S.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

Madame Anna Bishop Schultz,
T. Davenport Chatterton, Esq.,
C. D. Madigan, Esq., Mus. Doc.

Signor Giacinto Marras,
G. Lambert, Esq.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Doctor Brockman.
J. H. Spring Branson, Esq.
R. F. Chisholm, Esq.
Colonel Chamier.

Dr. Cornish.
H. Cornish, Esq.
The Hon. Louis Fortes.
H. B. Grigg, Esq.

G. Handley, Esq.
D. E. W. Leighton, Esq.
Wm. Morgan, Esq.
W. D. St. Leger, Esq.

DIRECTOR OF MUSIC—W. D. St. Leger, Esq.

HONORARY SECRETARY—W. B. Gilmore, Esq.

HONORARY TREASURER—G. S. Chambers, Esq.

RULES.

I. The "MADRAS PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY" is established with the following objects:—

1st.—The practice of sacred and secular music, both vocal and instrumental.

2nd.—The gradual development of a musical taste amongst all classes of the community.

3rd.—To afford to all lovers of music an additional means of social recreation and amusement.

II. The Society shall consist of:

Patrons; a President; 2 Vice-Presidents; a Committee of Management; a Director of Music; a Secretary; a Treasurer; Performing Members; Non-Performing Members; Honorary Members.

AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF MADRAS.

ESTABLISHED 15TH JULY, 1885.

PATRON.

His Grace the Duke of Buckingham and Chandos.

VICE-PATRON.

CHAIRMAN.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

Ainslie, C. A., Esq.,
Bidie, G., Esq., M.R., F.L.S.
Cadell, Col. R., C.B.
Coleman, Hon. J. G.,
Kernan, The Hon. Mr. Justice,
Lewis, Lieut. R.
Munsie, W. W., Esq.,

Raikes, General, C.B.,
Searle, Colonel A. T.,
Sullivan, H. E., Esq.,
Starrock, J., Esq.,
Thomas, H. S., Esq., F.L.S.
Joseph Stevenson, Esq., Hon. Secy.

Messrs. Binny and Co., Treasurers.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

H. H. The Maha Raja of Travancore, C.C.S.I.
General Ferrier,
Sir Joseph Hooker, K.C.B., M.D., F.R.S.,
Sir Walter Elliot, C.C.S.I.,

C. Dale, Esq.,
Surg-Major Alex. Hunter, M.D.,
Colonel C. A. Denison,
Surg-Major J. Shortt, M.D., F.L.S.

EXTRAORDINARY MEMBERS.

H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M.D., F.L.S.,
Messrs. Binny and Co., *Treasurers*.
The Hon'ble J. D. Siva, C.S.I.,

Col. E. Benson, F.L.S.
Surgeon-Major G. Bidie, M.B., F.L.S.

The existence of this Society is owing in great part to the exertions of the late Dr. Wight, formerly a Surgeon in the Madras Army, and whose valuable contributions to Botanical Science have gained for him a widely-spread and well-earned celebrity.

The gardens are situated opposite to the chief entrance to the Cathedral, and an additional piece of ground on the east of the Cathedral was purchased in the year 1856-57.

The garden occupies a space of about 7 acres, which were originally granted by the local Government. Part is laid out as a landscape garden and much increased of late in space, with the additions of a number of new and rare plants, especially in tropical palms and Australian trees; the whole forming a splendid collection, gathered from various parts of the world, and is constantly being increased by exchanges and purchases. It is open at all times to the public, and forms a healthful place of recreation, for the inhabitants of Madras.

A nursery for seedlings and cuttings of useful and ornamental trees, is maintained to meet the requirements of the Members who are supplied from it gratis. European vegetable and flower seeds are also similarly distributed; but all these advantages are open to the general public on payment.

Most of the plants are labelled with their botanical names and the natural order to which they belong. The number each holds in the Catalogue is also given, so that those who may wish to obtain the botanical history of the plant, can do so immediately by referring to the page of the Treasury of Botany given in the Catalogue.

There is also a Botanical Library attached, to which access can be had by Subscribers.

The general affairs of the Society are managed by the Committee who meet on the 1st Wednesday in each month, and compile annually, in the month of March, a Report of the year's Proceedings which is submitted to a General Meeting of the Subscribers at large. The Proceedings of each Meeting of the Committee are also published and distributed to Members.

Persons of all nations are eligible as Members of the Society, and have a voice in the annual election of the Committee and Office-bearers.

The rate of subscription is 7 Rupees a quarter; no entrance fee being demanded, and the subscription being allowed to lapse, temporarily, should a Member be absent from India.

Up-country Subscribers are entitled to all the advantages of Members, which it is possible to place at their disposal.

An annual show is held in February, when a large number of prizes are awarded for flowers, fruits, vegetables, and several articles of importance in connection with botanical science. The Society has also made arrangements to award prizes for tea, coffee, &c.

Lists of the prizes to be distributed, and all information may be obtained on application to the Honorary Secretary, by whom lists of Members, Rules of the Society, &c., will be supplied gratis.

TRIPLICANE LITERARY SOCIETY.

6, THOLASING PERUMAL STREET, TRIPLICANE, MADRAS.

This Association was established nearly 30 years ago, and in 1874 when no traces of it remained excepting the names of the educated young men, residents of Triplicane, reorganized it. The Presidency was offered to Mr. P. Greenovasa Rao, Judge of the Court of Small Causes, who kindly accepted it, while Messrs. T. Ramachandra Rao, Deputy Commissioner of Police, and J. Lakshminikanta Rao, Native Assistant Revenue Settlement, kindly consented to be Vice Presidents.

The object of the Association is the mental, moral and physical improvement of all connected with. This object is attained by the institution of a Reading Room, by essay, debate and lecture meetings, and by Badminton and Cricket Clubs.

Persons who are desirous of joining it, can become members with the sanction of the Executive Committee on the payment of Re. 1 or more as donation and Rs. 8 or more as monthly subscriptions.

The last annual report shows that the strength of the Association is about 70, that the Local Government and the India Government send to it all reports and other publications, that nearly twenty different Newspapers and Magazines are accessible to the members, and that on the whole the Society is in a very flourishing condition.

The following is the list of Office-bearers for 1878-79 as elected in the last annual meeting.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

President.

P. Sreenivasa Rao, Esq.

Vice Presidents.

T. Ramachandra Rao, Esq.
J. Lakshminikanta Rao, Esq.
V. Jagannadham Pantulu, Esq.

Members.

All the Members of the Association.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

President.

T. M. Bhuvaniah, Esq.

Members.

T. Narain Rao, B.A.	D. Kasava Rao Pant, Esq.
S. Doraiswamy Iyengar, B.A., B.L.	T. T. Rangachari, B.A.
T. Ramachandra Rao, B.A., B.L.	M. Veeraraghavachari, B.A.
A. Raghavendra Rao, Esq.	V. M. Parthasarathy Iyengar, B.A.
M. D. Gopalachari, B.A.	M. Subba Rao, B.A.
P. V. Rangachari, B.A., B.L.	G. Subramaniam, B.A.

Secretary.

T. Ramachandra Rao, B.A., B.L.

MADRAS CLUB.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

PRESIDENT.—Colonel T. Weldon.

VICE-PRESIDENT.—Surgeon-Major C. Cooper, M.D.

MEMBERS.

Mr. H. R. P. Carter,	Colonel J. H. M. Shaw-Stewart,
Mr. T. Weir,	Major J. M. C. Galloway,
Mr. J. A. Boyson,	Major E. C. P. Pigott,
Mr. R. J. Melville,	Major C. C. Sargeant,
Mr. M. Gould,	Major A. Balmer,
Major C. J. Smith,	Colonel G. R. F. Bardin,
Colonel J. Michael, C.S.I.	Mr. T. M. Buxted,
Colonel B. Cadell, C.R.	Surgeon-Major W. R. Cornish,
Colonel G. A. Arbuthnot,	Colonel C. Scott Elliot,
Mr. A. V. D. Best,	Mr. C. A. Galton,
Col. S. H. E. Chemier,	Mr. H. W. Bliss,
Colonel T. J. M. Hog,	Mr. C. L. O'Brien,

Mr. W. T. Hamilton Holmes, *Secretary*.

COSMOPOLITAN CLUB, MOORA'S ROAD, NUNGUNBAURUM.

PATRONS.

His Grace the Most Noble Richard Plantagenet Campbell Temple Nugent Brydges Chandos Grenville, Duke of Buckingham and Chandos, Earl Temple, Viscount and Baron Cobham, Earl Nugent, Lord Kinloss, a Member of the Most Honorable Privy Council, the Most Noble the Governor of Madras.

His Highness Sri Padmanabha Dasa Vanchi Balarama Varma Bulasekhara Kireetapati Manni Sultan Maharaj Rajah Rama Rajah Bahadur Shamshir Jang, K. S., C. S. I., *Maharajah of Travancore*.

His Highness Prince Zahir-ul-Daula Azim Jah Umdat-ul-Umara, Siraj-ul-Umara, Madar-ul-Mulk, Umdat-ul-Mulk Azim-ul-Daula, Asad-ul-Daula Al-Ingiliz Muhammad Badullah Khan Bahadur Firat Jang, C. S. I., Sipah Salar, *Prince of Arcot*.

PRESIDENT.

VICE-PRESIDENT.

The Hon'ble L. C. Innes.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

M.R.Ry. P. Sreenivasa Row,	The Hon'ble T. Muttusamy Iyer,
M.R.Ry. P. Ranganadhram Mudelliar,	The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur,
M.R.Ry. A. Ramasubrahmanya Iyer,	B. K. Puckle, Esq.,
J. Sturrock, Esq.,	The Hon'ble V. Ramalingam, C. S. I.
M.R.Ry. A. L. Venkataramana Pantulu,	M.R.Ry. K. Ramasawmy Shastriar,
M.R.Ry. W. T. Venkataramanujulu Naiduguru,	M.R.Ry. P. Somasundaram Chettiar,
M.R.Ry. P. Ananda Charriar,	M.R.Ry. C. W. Tamotharam Pillay,
M.R.Ry. S. Appasamy Chettigara,	Lieut. Colonel F. E. Tyrrell,
M.R.Ry. P. Chentel Row Pantulu,	M.R.Ry. Y. Venkataramiah Shastri,
M.R.Ry. V. Krishnama Charriar,	M.R.Ry. P. Vijayarangam Mudelliar,
M.R.Ry. C. Kalhanasundaram Chettiar,	M.R.Ry. Venkatesh Chettigara.
Colonel R. M. Macdonald,	

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

The Hon'ble Mir Humayun Jah Bahadur,	Colonel R. M. Macdonald,
The Hon'ble V. Ramalingam, C. S. I.	M.R.Ry. P. Somasundaram Chettiar,
The Hon'ble T. Muttusamy Iyer,	M.R.Ry. V. Krishnama Charriar.

J. Sturrock, Esq., *Acting Honorary Secretary and Treasurer.*

The objects of the Club are :-

- (1) To afford greater facilities than at present exist for intercourse of an interesting and useful kind between Native and European Gentlemen in Madras.
- (2) To provide a good Reading room, where the current literature of the day may be found, and a really good Library be gradually collected.
- (3) To afford opportunities for occasional lectures, discussions, readings, &c., whenever opportunity offered, or it appeared desirable to collect opinions on any particular topic.
- (4) To supply a place where Gentlemen, residents in the Mofussil, visiting Madras, may meet their friends, make appointments, &c.
- (5) To supply means for introducing European visitors to Madras to the principal residents, and thus affording them some insight into native society.

The entrance Fee is Rs. 25; the Annual Subscription for Residents in Madras, Rs. 25, for non-residents, Rs. 12, payable quarterly.

It is hoped that those who view the establishment of the Club with favor, will be disposed to assist it by donations, either of money or books. The formation of a good Library must depend mainly on the degree of support thus afforded, and the Committee earnestly hope that aid may be generously accorded.

The Club was opened on the 6th of October 1873.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL MUSEUM,

PANTHERON ROAD.

Established on the 14th August, 1861, by the Madras Government.

G. Bidie, Esq., M.A., Superintendent.
C. Anthecassavoloo Naidu, Curator.

Mr. W. F. Diquè, Assistant Curator.
A. S. Duraiswamy Pillay, Head Taxidermist.

This is a Museum of Natural History. Raw products used in the arts and manufactures; specimens of Manufactures, Implements and Machinery, Ethnography, Antiquities, &c. The Natural History section is the most extensive and embraces a small number of Mammals, and extensive collections of Birds, Reptiles, Fish, Shells, Insects, Crustacea, &c. There is also an extensive Herbarium and very large collection of mineralogical and geological specimens. The Museum is intended chiefly to illustrate the natural history natural resources and manufactures of British India, and the manners, customs, and antiquities of its inhabitants. There is also a very interesting collection of Gold, Silver and Copper Coins, which can be seen by personal application to the Superintendent or Curator. As the collections in the various sections are yet far from complete, specimens for any of them will be very acceptable, and the Superintendent will be glad to enter into arrangements with contributors or collectors which will prove advantageous to both parties. Attached to the Museum there is a general Library and Reading Room, in which any visitor may consult books daily from 8 1/2 a.m. to 5 p.m. There is also a scientific library containing books of reference on the various subjects of Natural History; and any one wishing to consult such works may obtain permission to do so by applying to the Superintendent who will grant a ticket of admission.

The Museum is open gratuitously to the Public daily, Sundays excepted, from 8 1/2 a.m. to 5 p.m. The Popular Lectures at the Institution are also free to the Public.

PEOPLE'S PARK, INSTITUTED IN 1869.

CUSTODIANS—MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

Mr. James Hay Ellis, Superintendent.

We owe the People's Park to Sir Charles Trevelyan. It is not at all improbable that the idea of some such place suggested itself to many a man in power before his day. It would be singular indeed if Europeans should, for a hundred years, have seen a large native town growing up on the site of a small village—a vast population massing together with lungs to be fed with fresh air and limbs to be allured to exercise and health—without sometimes thinking it possible that the "village greens," "commons," and "parks" of his native land might perhaps be re-produced with advantage within reach of Black Town. The monotony of Indian life, and the lack of sympathy between the classes of Indian society, may be regarded as the causes why such an idea, if suggested, was never carried into execution. While the "upper ten thousand" could have their drive along the Beach and round the Island, it mattered little to them that the "masses" (unfriendly phrase) who could not drive, or were to be stimulated to recreation, had no place convenient for health, exercise and amusement.

But then Sir Charles Trevelyan was a man not given to routine; and somewhat wide in his sympathy. So the idea of the people's want suggesting itself to him and he having the power as well as the will—the people got their Park. Thousands who know nothing of the step that cost him a Governorship, will hold his name in memory by the People's Park.

But when Sir Charles was recalled, the scheme was in a most elementary state. The plan was on paper; but never adopted. Little else was done, and little else would have been done if the inheritance of Sir Charles Trevelyan's dignity had not also inherited his sympathy with the people. We owe it to the various gentlemen who have been entrusted with the execution of the scheme, that the "plan" was not thrown into the official waste paper basket, and the idea, recorded as one of Sir Charles' amiable follies. It is in unison with Sir William Denison's career, previous to his arrival in this country that he should have shown a hearty approval of an undertaking so intimately connected with the health and pleasure of the middle class population.

There can be no doubt that the Park has been a success. Any one may convince himself of that by a visit morning or evening. The place has already fixed its character as a popular resort, and it is certain that it will be so in a much greater degree when the attractions of the ground are fully developed. It is pleasing to see that the native population appreciate the pleasure provided for them, and when the sternness of social life amongst them is relaxed, we may expect to see not only the Ramasawmies, but the Lutchmies of Black Town taking their ease in the fretted shade of well-grown trees.

But we must suspend any further remarks, and lay before our readers a brief description of the Park.

The gate adjacent to the Hospital Bridge is the main entrance. The trees are planted in avenues and groups. Twelve lakes of various dimensions and shades are completed; and various other things have been achieved: but we cannot do better than print the following description (though brief) of the park, kindly furnished by the Superintendent, which will convey a clear idea of the Park.

In the North-west angle of the Park is a Serpentine lake with two large raised islands one at each end. One of these is 30 feet above the water, and is well calculated for a large basin, from which the cascades might hereafter be made to fall over the sides. The second or Victoria lake, with a central island, is situated almost midway between the band-stand and the northern end of the Park. The island is approached by one bridge of ornamental design, measuring 200 x 44 feet. The third is a small lake on the west side, elliptical in shape, and contains good drinking water for cattle. The fourth is a small lake close to the Aviary. The fifth a similar one. The sixth is a semi-lunar lake near the band-stand, with a gravel walk around it. The seventh is a medium lake, between the band-stand and the Superintendent's house. The eighth is an irregularly shaped lake, with a central island and two small rustic bridges on each side of the main road, and trees of various sorts have been planted. The ninth is a large lake on the west side of the main road. The tenth is a medium lake west of the last-mentioned. The eleventh is a medium lake, with a central island at the south end.

There are two masonry basins, one elliptical, measuring 170 feet x 73 feet, and 4 ft. in depth, formed of solid masonry with brick-on-edged foundation and central fountain; the latter, of ornamental design, galvanized. This has recently been surrounded by an iron fence and converted into a public bath, the floor of one-half of it has been raised so as to give a depth of about 4 feet adapted for the use of boys—the other half has an uniform depth of 5 to 6 feet. It is supplied with Red Hills lake-water from the public main road, and good dressing rooms have been built round it for the bathers. The roads of the Park, embracing 54 miles, are complete.

The Zoological collection in the Park consist of the following specimens:—

2 Lions, 1 Lioness, 3 large Tigers, 1 Black Panther, 2 Spotted Panthers, 2 Cheetahs, 2 large Hyenas, 1 Rhinoceros, 1 Elephant, 2 Porcupines, 5 Black Swans, 1 Opossum, 2 Emus, 2 Black Bears, 1 Rattail, 12 Spotted Deer, 15 Monkeys of different species, Guinea Pigs, and a variety of Rabbits.

The Aviary contains a great variety of handsome Ornithological specimens, too numerous to detail here.

The area of the Park is 58 cawnies or 116 English acres.

List of Wild Animals.

2 large Cheetahs,	1 Sarna Crane,	3 Cockatoos,
2 Spotted Panthers,	2 Emus,	A number of Parrots and
1 Black Panther,	1 Rhinoceros,	Birds of various tribes,
3 Tigers,	2 Antelopes,	1 Opossum,
2 large Lions,	2 Pelicans,	1 Rattail,
1 young Lioness,	14 Deers,	1 Russian Monkey,
2 Hyenas,	16 Monkeys,	1 Rangoon Deer,
2 Porcupines,	5 Black Swans,	1 Adjutant,
2 Bears,	A large number of Pigeons,	1 Abyssinian Monkey,
2 Jackals,	2 pairs of Maltese Pigeons,	

People's Park Rules.

1. The Park shall be opened daily for carriages between 5 a.m. and 8 p.m., after which hour, the gates will be closed and no person will be permitted to remain in the Park, except by special permission.
2. Visitors riding or driving on the foot-paths, or walking on the cultivated grass, will be punished.
3. Omnibuses, carts, shigrams, coolies with loads or baskets, carriage or packally bullocks will not be allowed to enter.
4. Visitors are warned not to irritate or annoy the animals in any way whatever.
5. All animals found staying in the Park will be impounded.
6. Visitors are requested to observe the rules for the regulation of carriages on band evenings, so as to prevent confusion and irregularity.
7. No dogs admitted.
8. Smoking within the band-stand enclosure is strictly prohibited. Parties breaking these rules will be punished.

Rules to be observed by carriages and other wheeled Vehicles entering the circle round the band-stand on nights on which a band plays.

1. All carriages must, on entering the circle, turn to their right.
2. One by one row of carriages will be allowed to stand on the inside next the circle.

3. A sufficient space must be left clear for carriages to circulate on the outside of the inner row of carriages.

4. All other carriages must draw up on the outside of the road (open space).

5. No carriage will be permitted to draw up opposite any of the entrances to the circle outside the space kept clear for the circulation of moving carriages.

THE NAPIER PARK.

Superintendent.

Madras owes so much to the administration of Lord Napier that it is very fitting that some permanent and palpable token of the public approbation of his labors should remain in our midst, at once to stimulate succeeding Governors to walk in Lord Napier's steps, and to remind generations to come of how much the sick, the suffering and the poor must always owe to one who has initiated so great improvements in all our public charities that their effect must long continue—blessing those who are too weak or poor to help themselves. The Napier Park is such a memorial. Its very position is most fitting. Standing midway between Government House and one of the most squalid quarters of Madras, its beneficent influence with rest upon both. Its site had been for scores of years a pestiferous swamp, covered for months in each year by salt and stagnant water, the overflow of the filthy Cooum. Within was a wretched porcherry, notorious for its liability to epidemic disease, that spread from thence throughout the city. To partially remedy the evil, the Municipality made it a depot for street sweepings, so that in time its level might be raised sufficiently to ensure its being free from water. This while amending one evil created another—placing on the borders of a dense population masses of putrescent matter that could not but be very injurious to both the water and air of the locality. This grew to be such an evil that the Sanitary Commissioner at last put a stop to the discharge of sweepings on the land. It was, however, impossible to build on such a spot and the whole remained a useless "dismal swamp."

At present all is changed. The level has been raised by material dug from ornamental tanks. Trees of useful and beautiful kinds have been planted, and are rapidly growing to their full height. Roads and side-paths have been laid out, and in the midst a Band stand will probably be erected. Parks are things of slow growth, and it must be years before this can be worthy of the name it bears, but it is hoped that before Lord Napier leaves our shores, the whole of the area will be ready for the public—a boon that cannot but greatly influence for good the whole population of Chintadrepettah and Nursingpore.

The Park contains an area of about 18 cawnies. A great part of this was formerly the property of Government, but was generously given to the town on condition that the Municipality purchased the rest from the native owners. For this purpose the Municipality has expended several thousand rupees, and the total cost previous to the public opening will not be less than twenty thousand rupees. The river face of the Park has already been protected by a simple elegant fence palmyra and lakshite, while a new road divides the northern side from Chintadrepettah. The design and laying out the park are the work of Mr. Standish Lee, the Municipal Engineer, who deserves great credit not only for this but also for the economical but yet effectual manner in which the whole work has been performed.

As a last gift, Lord Napier has provided the whole of the funds required for erecting on the west side of the Park a handsome building for a girls' school in the Indian fashion. The cost will not be less than 6,000 Rupees. It is intended to be a purely national girls' school and to lead on through carefully gained experience to some mode of teaching which will embody the best western systems while not departing from Hindu customs any more than may be necessary. It is greatly to be hoped the scheme will prove a benefit to the public while the school shall ornament the Park.

MADRAS MEMORIAL HALL.

The Madras Memorial Hall was erected by public subscription as a Memorial of the goodness and forbearance of Almighty God in sparing this Presidency from partaking of the Sepoy Mutiny which devastated the sister Presidency of Bengal in the year 1857. It is governed by a Committee of Gentlemen representing the various religious bodies in Madras.

Fundamental Rules for the management of the Madras Memorial Hall.

RULE I. That the Memorial Hall be vested in the Lord Bishop of Madras for the time being as a Corporation Sole to be held by him on behalf of the Subscribers, under conditions to be specified in a formal Deed of Trust, such Deed to be drawn up under the direction of the Committee of Management in communication with the Lord Bishop.

II. That a Committee of Management be formed, consisting of representatives of the following Societies, such representatives being nominated by their respective Madras Committees:—

Bible Society, 2.
Religious Book and Tract Society, 2.
Society for the Prop. of the Gospel, 2.
Church Missionary Society, 2.
Christian Knowledge Society, 2.
Colonial & Continental Ch. Society, 2.

London Missionary Society, 1.
Wesleyan Mission Society, 1.
Amer. Mission Society, not represented.
Free Church Mission Society, 1.
Church of Scotland Board of Missions, 1.
Christian Ver. Education Society.

III. That the following Societies, in consideration of their having contributed to the building, shall be entitled to nominate two representatives each in the Committee of Management, the other Societies nominating one each.

Bible Society,
Religious Book and Tract Society,
The Society for Prop. of the Gospel.

Church Missionary Society,
Christian Knowledge Society,
Colonial Church Society.

IV. That on a vacancy occurring in the Committee of Management, by the death, resignation, or departure from Madras for a period exceeding six months, of any Delegate, or from any other cause, and in the event of the Society of which he is the representative failing, within three months after the receipt of a notice from the Secretary of the Committee of Management, signifying the occurrence of such vacancy, to nominate another in his place, the Trustee of the Hall shall be empowered to fill up the vacancy by appointing a Delegate from the Committee of the Society in which the vacancy has occurred, or, in the event of all the Members of that Committee refusing to serve, from the Committee of any of the other Societies named in Article No. II.

V. That the action and constitution of the Committee of Management shall not be impeded or vitiated by the neglect or refusal of any of the said Societies to nominate a Delegate or Delegates.

VI. That in the event of the Committee of Management having from any cause become extinct, it shall be the duty of the Trustee of the Building to call on the several Committees referred to in Article No. II, to supply the vacancies, and in case of their refusal to do so, to adopt the course laid down at the close of Article No. IV.

VII. That in the event of all the Committees refusing to delegate any Members of their body, and no Members of the several Committees named being found willing to serve on the Committee of Management, then it shall be lawful for the Trustee to allow the building to be used in the manner and for the purposes laid down in Articles Nos. VIII, IX and X, and to discharge all the other duties devolving on the Committee of Management as laid down in these Rules, and in the Trust Deed, until another Committee can be formed in accordance with Article II.

VIII. That the Hall shall be available for the Public Meetings of the Religious Societies named in Article No. II, and of such other Religious Societies as the Committee of Management shall approve.

IX. That all Societies or parties obtaining the use of the Hall shall pay a Fee of Rs. 50 for each occasion of such occupation, except in the case of its use for several days consecutively by the same Society or party, in which case the Fee shall be Rs. 25 per diem. But it shall be competent for the Committee of Management from time to time to modify this Rule, and to determine what rate of fees shall be paid generally, or by any Society or party specially, provided however the Rule shall not be altered unless two-thirds of the Members of the Committee concur in the change.

X. That subject to the approval of the Committee of Management in each case, the Hall shall be available for Religious, Educational, Charitable and Scientific purposes, and for such other objects not being included under the above terms, as may be pronounced by the Committee of Management to be not inconsistent with the design of its erection, viz., to the glory of God, and as a memorial of His goodness in exempting this Presidency from the Mutiny of 1857. Provided nevertheless that it be distinctly understood, that among the objects left to the discretion of the Committee of Management are not included balls, concerts, theatrical exhibitions and such like entertainments as have the character of mere worldly amusements.

XI. That the Committee of Management shall be authorized to receive the sums obtained on account of the Hall, and to apply them in defraying the expenses incurred on account of servants, accommodation, repairs, &c.

XII. That the Committee of Management shall publish in the *Fort St. George Gazette* every year a statement of money received and expended on account of the Hall.

XIII. That the Committee of Management shall appoint one of their number to be their Secretary and shall also appoint a Treasurer, and that 6 Members shall form a quorum.

XIV. That these Rules shall be regarded as *Fundamental*, and that therefore it shall not be competent, at any time, to the Committee of Management, or to the Trustee or to any other person, to introduce any alteration or addition in them inconsistent with their spirit, principle or scope.

Rev. S. W. ORGANE, Secretary.

MADRAS TOTAL ABSTINENCE SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN FEBRUARY, 1868.

PRESIDENT—Rev. H. F. Doll.

SECRETARY—Mr. J. J. Chatterton.

TREASURER—Mr. J. HERRON.

COMMITTEE.

Mr. G. Herron,
" G. Pragnell,
" J. Whitby,

Mr. W. H. Haller,
" J. Chapman,
" W. A. Doll and others.

N. B.—The Secretary of the Madras Total Abstinence Society may be seen at his residence, 22, Chapel Street, Pursewallum, between the hours of 6 and 8 a.m., or 6 and 7 p.m.

PRAYER AND READING HALL, NEW TOWN.

(Foundation laid 22nd October 1866, and opened 12th October 1867.)

COMMITTEE.

Mr. Robert D'Sylva,
" Surgeon Major Robert Hutton,
" James Saastian,

Mr. William Thomas,
" George Trutwein,
" Joseph Robert Fewkes, Secretary.

The above Hall was built by voluntary contributions, and for a four-fold object, namely 1st, for Weekly Prayers Meetings; 2nd, for Lectures; 3rd, as a Reading Room; and 4th, for Tamil preaching on the Sabbath and week days.

It has a Library of about 1,000 Volumes of Religious and Miscellaneous Literature. A Ragged Sunday School consisting of 200 children is held in this Hall, where they are taught the vital truths of the gospel, and a plain meal of curry and rice is given before dismissing them. A few suits of new clothes are given away to these children monthly by the ladies of the New Town Baptist Church Dorcas Society.

A Sunday School for heathen children is also held in the Hall, where, about 40 of them are taught to love and serve the true God. A Catechist is employed for preaching to the heathen. Services for the heathen are held in this Hall every Friday and Sunday Evening.

A dinner is given in this place once every month to about 50 of the deserving poor, many of whom are local pensioners of the Friend-in-Need Society.

Monthly subscriptions towards the Ragged Sunday School are earnestly solicited.

The smallest sum will be thankfully acknowledged. Cast-off clothing, or a piece of check, or other cloth, will be very thankfully received and acknowledged by the Secretary.

J. R. FEWKES.

MADRAS MAHOMMEDAN PUBLIC LIBRARY.

PATRONS.

The Most Noble Richard Plantagenet Campbell, Duke of Buckingham and Chandos,
" Counsellor of the Empress," &c., &c., &c., Governor of Madras.
H. H. Prince Zabeer-ud-Dawlah Assem Jah Bahadoor, &c., &c., &c., Prince of Arcot.

LIFE PRESIDENT—Surgeon General E. G. Balfour, &c., &c., &c.

VICE-PRESIDENT—The Honorable Mir Humayun Jah Bahadoor.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

CHAIRMAN—Ibrut Jung Bahadoor.

MEMBERS.

Rev. E. Sell,
Anver-ud-din-Khan Bahadoor,

Hafiz Ali Mughur Sahib,
Mohamed Yusuf Sahib and six other Members.

HONORARY SECRETARY—Abdul Ghani Khan Bahadoor.

This Library was established in the year 1860, in accordance with a proposal made by E. G. Balfour, Esq., and by means of the liberal assistance of the Government of Madras, the late Nabob of the Carnatic and the Mahomedan community generally.

The Library contains about 2,000 books in the Arabic, English, Turkish, Persian, Hindustani and other languages. The entrance fee is one rupee and the annual subscription three rupees. There are at present about 40 subscribers. Subscribers can take away, in accordance with the rules, any book; and non-subscribers can go to the Library and there read books with the consent of the Secretary.

The Catalogue of Books, Annual Reports, Rules and any other information can be obtained from the Honorary Secretary.

FRIEND-IN-NEED SOCIETY.

This Society was originally founded in 1807, and re-modelled in 1813 by the Reverend Marmaduke Thompson. Its object is to relieve the poor and destitute of the European and East Indian community of whatever religious denomination, and of both sexes, who from old age, natural infirmity, or the ordinary misfortunes of life are reduced to distress or necessity. Pensions are allotted to the aged and infirm who are physically incapable of work, and those who are able-bodied are employed at the Workshops. Every case referred to the Society for relief is investigated into strictly with all the advantages of local knowledge and inquiry.

Committee.

Hon'ble L. C. Innes.....President. Major M. A. Rowlandson....Financial Secy.
Ven. Archdeacon C. R. Drury, M.A. Vice do. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co...Treasurers.
W. H. Moore, Esq.....Secretary.

Local Committee.

SAINT THOME.

Rev. Dr. J. M. Strachan. Mr. St. J. P. Rieley, Pay-
F. Rowlandson, Esq. master.
Rev. E. M. Angello. A. Champion, Esq.
M. Jordan, Esq.

MOUNT ROAD.

Colonel J. Michael, C.S.I. Mr. G. D. Passanha, Pay-
Major C. J. Smith, R.E. master.
H. S. Thomas, Esq. Dr. H. King.
William Digby, Esq.
W. H. Moore, Esq.

ESMORE.

Major A. Balmier. Mr. J. Gray.
Captain W. H. Coaker, R.E. " E. C. W. Scowen, Pay-
J. W. Abuthnot, Esq. master.
Rev. A. Walker. Rev. G. M. Cobban.
J. J. L. Ratton, Esq., M.D.
M.C.

VERKEY.

J. Sturrock, Esq. Mr. C. R. Trotter.
Rev. A. C. Taylor. " W. Thomas.
" H. Hennessy. " F. Barr, Paymaster.
" J. Shaw. " B. Lavery.

JOHN PENNELL'S.

Rev. A. H. Arden. Mr. S. Vaughan, Paymaster
Lieut. T. Fairfax. Condr. F. Henderson.

BLACK TOWN.

Rev. A. W. Atkinson, M.A. Mr. P. D'Silva.
" O. H. Doane. " M. A. Johannes, Pay-
Very Rev. J. Colgan. " G. R. Dally. master.
" S. B. Wiltshire.

PARCHEERY.

Rev. W. M. Babington. Mr. J. L. Pinto.
" T. D. Doyle. " F. E. D'Lima.
" J. Burton, Paymaster.

BOYAPPOORAM.

Hon. J. G. Coleman. Mr. J. Sansman, Paymaster.
A. M. Hooper, Esq. Mr. V. S. Passanha.

Men's Workshop Committee.

Captain W. H. Coaker, R.E.....President.
Major C. J. Smith, R.E. W. Walker, Esq.
F. Rowlandson, Esq., L.L.B. " James Gray, Secretary.
Mr. A. Hume, Superintendent.

Women's Workshop.

LADIES' COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Branson. " Frank. Mrs. Arthur Taylor,
Miss Lawson. " Probyn. Henry Cornish,
Mrs. Smith. " Rideout. " Donald,
Mrs. Western. Mrs. Cornish, Treasurer.
Mrs. Farnell, Secretary.
Mrs. Ashton, Superintendent.

MONEGAR CHOULTRY.

DIRECTORS FOR 1879.

The Hon. W. Hudleston, Hon. Mir Humayoon Jah
C. G. Master, Esq. Bahadur,
W. W. Munroe, Esq. Hon. J. G. Coleman,
C. A. Abadie, Esq. Deputy Surgeon-General of
C. V. Cuniah Chetty, Hospitals, Presidency and
M. I. Kistnaswamy Moodally, Northern Districts.
P. S. Ramaswamy Moodally, District Engr., Presidency,
W. Digby, Esq. Commissioner of Police,
Abdul Ghani Khan Bahadur, R. P. Campbell, Esq.,
V. Kistnaswamy Chetty, T. Ramachandra Row,
Hon. V. Ramiengar, C.S.I., B. Somasundaram Chetty,
Hon. Goday Narain Gaja- P. T. Ramanjooloo Naidoo,
pathi Rau. C. V. Iyaswamy Moodally, Surgeon, 1st District, Presi-
dency.

The MONEGAR CHOULTRY is an Institution which affords shelter, food and raiment to the Native poor, lame, halt and blind of Madras, without reference to caste. It was founded in the year 1806, and why named as above cannot now be ascertained. The Institution is supported by public contributions aided largely by the Government. The management is placed under the supervision of a Committee selected annually by Government, from amongst the European and Native gentlemen of Madras.

In its early days, large contributions were made by Lord William Bentinck, Colonel Martin, Mr. D'Monte and Polliam Annachellum Chetty. The nature of the Institution having been explained to His Highness the Nabob of the Carnatic, he munificently agreed to subscribe 800 Pagodas a year, which sum is still continued.

In 1868, Sir Stafford Northcote kindly remitted a sum of money through Lord Napier to be distributed amongst the Charitable Institutions at Madras. His Lordship kindly sent the sum of 1,000 Rupees to the Directors. Two wards, Male and Female, have been furnished with bedding for 35 Patients, and are called "NORTHCOTE SURGICAL AND MEDICAL WARDS."

The late Doctor Wyllie, C.B., of the Madras Medical Establishment, bequeathed the sum of 18,025 Rupees for the poor of this Institution.

Lord Napier has kindly furnished bedding for 11 Patients, which is called the "NAPIER WARD." His Lordship, with the late Honorable R. ELLIS, has also undertaken liberally to build a School-room which is now completed to educate the Foundlings, the children of the Paupers in the Institution, and the poorer children in and about the neighbourhood.

The Honorable Gajapathi Rau has kindly contributed 1,000 Rupees, which was applied for furnishing a Ward for 8 Patients, and which Ward has been designated as that of the family of "STREE GODATS." This contribution is in addition to 400 Rupees annually granted by this charitable Native gentleman.

The Maharajah of Vizianagram has also lately very liberally placed the sum of 10,000 Rupees at the disposal of the Directors for the erection of a Ward, for Bed-ridden Paupers. The Ward is now completed and will contain about 20 Beds and designated after the name of the Maharajah.

The Zemindar of Kalahustury very kindly sent a donation of 2,000 Rupees after visiting the Institution, as indicative of his satisfaction and good-will towards the charity.

The new buildings in the Choultry are now completed, viz., 8 blocks; 2 blocks are to contain 25 Paupers each, and the other 30 Paupers. The improvements are now complete.

The Choultry is undergoing great improvements. The old Alms House has been pulled down, and three new buildings in separate blocks have been completed.

The block to accommodate 25 Paupers is already finished. The Native Infirmary attached to the Choultry has also undergone great improvements. Several of the old buildings were removed, and three new blocks have been erected. Two other blocks have been built by Government on the north-west of the Infirmary, for the reception and treatment of contagious diseases. By the above improvements and additions, the Infirmary can now accommodate 100 Patients, and the Contagious Wards 20. The Native Infirmary is undergoing further improvements. Mr. D. Sassoon of Bombay has kindly, through Lord Napier, given 4,000 Rs. for the Institution, out of the sum it is proposed to build an Operating-room and Surgery over the present Surgery. This building is now completed.

In the year 1867, the Vencatagerry Rajah built a Choultry to the east of the Monegar,

which cost about 9,400 Rs., in which 70 Pipers are fed daily and clothed, besides 180 outdoor poor receive 2 slocks of Raw-rice per diem. The Rajah contributes annually Rs. 5,000 to meet the expenses of this branch of his charity. The Rajah has forwarded to the Directors the sum of one lac, the interest of which is to support this Institution.

The Executive Committee of the Choultry is composed of the following Gentlemen:—

H. S. Thomas, Esq., *President*.
The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman, *Secy. & Treas.*
T. Ramachandra Row.

W. Digby, Esq.,
P. Somasecondrum Chetty.
Mahomed Yusuf Saib.

And the 2 Visitors for the month, and the Surgeon, 1st District, Members.

J. SAUSMAN, *Superintendent*.

MAGDALEN ASYLUM.

Fundamental Rules.

I. The object of this Institution is to afford a refuge and means of moral recovery to such unfortunate females of European and East Indian parentage, as, having strayed from the paths of virtue, are desirous of leading a new life.

II. All persons subscribing not less than 1 Rupee per month shall be members of this Institution, and all donors of 50 Rupees or upwards in one year shall be Life Members.

III. The Lord Bishop of Madras shall be President of the Institution, and shall be asked to nominate a Chaplain, who shall be responsible for the religious instruction of the inmates.

IV. The Subscribers shall elect at the annual meeting a Vice-President and a Treasurer who, with the Chaplain, shall form a Board for the general management of the Institution.

V. The Board of Management shall appoint a Committee of Ladies, of which the Chaplain shall be ex-officio President to superintend all the internal arrangements of the Institution, who shall appoint such officers and servants as they may deem necessary.

Board of Management.

President—The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Vice-President—The Ven. Archbishop C. B. Drury.

Chaplain and Secretary—Incumbent of Christ Church.

Treasurers—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.

Ladies' Committee.

PRESIDENT—Mrs. Carnalcham.

Mrs. Dallas.
" Probyn.
" Pigott.
" Milne Row.

Mrs. Strachan.
" Sturrock.
" Firth, *Actg. Lady Secy.*

EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

R. J. Melville, Esq., *Protector*.
Dr. R. D. Thompson, *Medical Inspector of Emigrants*.

MAURITIUS AGENCY.

Dr. C. G. Corran, *Agent and Medical Officer*.
George Hope Ross, Esq., *Agent, Natal Agency*.

PORT-CHERRY.

Major S. W. B. Sherman, M. S. C., *British Consular Agent and Protector*.

KAROL.

Captain E. Fischer, M. S. C., *British Consular Agent and Protector*.

THE MADRAS LUNATIC ASYLUM.

The new Lunatic Asylum at Locock's Gardens, Kilpauk, provides accommodation for over 300 inmates of all classes. At present there are vacancies for about 80.

The staff of the Lunatic Asylum consists of,

L. C. Naimy, *Superintendent in charge*.
Mr. J. Hardaker, *Resident Apothecary*.
Mr. S. C. White, *1st Class Asst. Apothecary*.
K. Anna Chetty, *Steward*.
P. Parthasarathy Naidoo, *Assistant Steward*.
S. Andamanna Iyer, *Writer*.
D. A. Bruce, *Head European Attendant*.
T. P. Morris, *do.*
Mrs. L. Hannon, *Matron*.
Mr. Muriel, *1st Class Warder*.
J. Barryman, *do.*

and a numerous staff of male and female native attendants and servants.

Refer to Lunacy Act XXXVI of 1863, or to the "Rules" for management and superintendence of Lunatic Asylums, for information as to the mode of seeking admission for persons afflicted with insanity into the Lunatic Asylum.

BIDEN HOME FOR SAILORS.

NORTH BEACH, ROYAPOORAM—ESTABLISHED MAY 1838.

PATRON.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

COMMITTEE.

Capt. J. H. Taylor, R.N., J. C. Shaw, Esq., Lt.-Col. J. H. M. S. Stewart.
Hon. J. G. Coleman, C. A. Ainslie, Esq., James W. Arbuthnot, Esq.

Secretary—T. E. Marshall, Esq.

Treasurer—C. A. Ainslie, Esq.

Superintendent—John Hunter.

The object of the Home is to afford a comfortable temporary place of abode for Seamen and also for Soldiers and their families, travelling from up-country to Madras, and to preserve them from the temptations common to sea-ports and large cities.

Charges per diem are, RS. A. P.

Board and Lodging in Special Quarters, 2 8 0

Board and Lodging in Officers' Quarters, 2 0 0

Board to Seamen when permanently Lodged, 0 12 0

Destitute Seamen are admitted and provided with Board and Lodging free of all charges on their producing a Certificate from the Master Attendant, certifying that they are fit objects of charity.

A good Library and Reading Room are open to the inmates of the Institution.

GOVERNMENT WORKHOUSE, ROYAPOORAM.

PRESIDENT.—Major A. Balmer.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE.

Rev. W. M. Babbington,
E. Barclay, Esq.Surgeon R. D. Thompson,
Captain HodgsonA. M. Saunders, Esq.,
Captain Taylor.

W. G. Litchfield—Governor.

The Institution known as the European Strangers' Home ceased to exist when the Government Workhouse was established under Act XXI of 1863, now Act IX of 1874. The existing Rules of the present Establishment are published in the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of 9th March, 1871.

THE MADRAS WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1ST MARCH, 1834.

Vested Capital in Government Securities on 31st December, 1877, Rs. 12,90,821

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. Cardozo, Esq.,
J. T. Grestorex, Esq.,
B. Lavery, Esq.,
C. Hall, Esq.,T. E. Marshall, Esq.,
T. G. Clark, Esq.,
G. W. M. Taylor, Esq.,
T. Haughton, Esq.,Captain C. H. Rowland,
S. D. Simpson, Esq.,
Dr. C. G. Conran,
R. P. Campbell, Esq.

TRUSTEES.

J. G. Ferrand, Esq.,

M. Perry, Esq.,

G. Norton, Esq.

BANKERS.—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.

SECRETARY & TREASURER.—J. DUNNING, Esq.

The object of this Association is to make provisions for Widows and Orphans by means of small monthly payments.

Its chief characteristics are:—Mutual assurance—members may reside in any part of the world without involving an increased rate of subscription—members have a vote in framing new or altering old Rules, and in all matters affecting the interests of the Fund—claims paid immediately on proof of death—6 months' grace allowed in paying subscriptions—Funds invested in Government Securities only, in the joint names of the Trustees.

The Fund has worked successfully for the last 44 years. It has hitherto contributed more than thirteen lakhs of Rupees towards the support of Widows and Orphans. It has two branches of operation, the Widows' and the Children's.

For further particulars, copies of the Rules, Forms of Application, &c., apply to

J. DUNNING,

Secretary and Treasurer,

Madrass Widows and Orphans' Fund.

MASONIC BODIES.

Masonic Lodges.—Several Lodges were not received at the time of going to Press though the papers for correction were sent out some two months ago.

DISTRICT GRAND LODGE OF ANCIENT FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS
OF THE PRESIDENCY OF MADRAS.

FEDERATE OF RELIGIOUS TEASURAR.

R W Bro John Miller, Barrister-at-Law, D G M

Wor Bro A W O Saunders, No. 150, Dy D G M

Members.

W Bro S. Hodgson, No. 568.....	D G S W	W Bro C. Tule, No. 272.....	D G J D
" J W Hayes, No. 1043.....	D G J W	" Captain R. W. O'Grady, No. 165.....	D G S of W
" The Rev. J. B. Sayers, L.L.D., No. 150.....	D G C	" H. K. Bernard, No. 273.....	D G D of Cer.
" The Hon'ble J. G. Coleman, Nos. 150, and 273.....	D G Trus. (elected).	" Captain G. E. Weston, No. 1466.....	D G Asst. de.
" J W Handley, No. 150.....	D G E	" H. Harvey, No. 1198.....	D G S B
" J T Grestorex, No. 273.....	D G Sy.	" A Clampton, No. 273.....	D G O
" Major G. U. Knox, No. 928.....	D G S D	" W. A. Symonds, No. 360.....	D G P
		" Brother J L Dang.....	D G T (elected.)

Lodges under jurisdiction of the D G L of Madras.

Perfect Unanimity.....	No. 150,	Madras, W Bro The Rev. J. J. B. Sayers, W M
Reck.....	260,	Trichinopoly, W Bro W A Symonds, W M
Universal Charity.....	273,	Madras, W Bro J F Flood, W M
St. John.....	434,	Secunderabad, W Bro A H E Campbell, W M
Good Will.....	465,	Bilery, W Bro A Chas. Bennett, W M
St. Andrew.....	500,	Kamptee, W Bro A Curtis, W M
Mount.....	928,	St. Thomas' Mount, W Bro D R King, W M
Bangalore.....	1,043,	Bangalore, W Bro F Pratt, W M
Western Star.....	1,049,	Cannanore, W Bro F Gadsden, W M
Anchor of Hope.....	1,093,	Wellington, W Bro C E F Verene, W M
Pitt Macdonald.....	1,198,	Madras, W Bro E Grant, W M
Faith, Hope and Charity.....	1,225,	Outacumund, W Bro L O W Russell, W M
Mayo.....	1,406,	Trincomcherry, W Bro G E Weston, W M
Deccan.....	1,444,	Chuddeghant, W Bro H Bower, W M

Lodge Universal Charity—No. 273.

Regular Meeting—Third Friday.

Resident Members.

W Bro C F Roanle.....	W M	Bro R K Shortland.....	S Sdt	Bro J Miller.....	Mem
" J F Flood.....	J F M	" T Nutall.....	J Sdt	" R B Lowe.....	"
" W Hamilton.....	F M	" R S Johnson.....	Org	" W Bantock.....	"
" H B Bernard.....	J F M	" H Boon.....	J G	" R Hollingsworth.....	"
" J T Grestorex.....	F M	" R Brown.....	P S W	" W Chitts.....	"
" J J Franklin.....	P M & Tr	" C Kintje.....	P S W	" J Wicken.....	"
" W P Carson.....	P M	" R Shortland.....	P S W	" H J Thompson.....	"
" J Gray.....	P M	" A Doyle.....	P J W	" W A Freter.....	"
" C Stollberg.....	S W	" J A Douglas.....	P J W	" Harnesjee Soorahjee.....	"
" A Holmes.....	S W	" H M Upshon.....	Mez	" K Murensen.....	"
" F T J Cassidy.....	Scty	" A Johnson.....	"	" M Abbas Salam.....	"
" C J H Ellis.....	S D	" W Green.....	"	" N Gabriel.....	Tyler
" J R Upshon.....	J D				

Non-Resident Members.

Bro T Clarke.....	Mem	Bro R Ramsbottom.....	Mem	Bro R A Franklin.....	Mem
" A Lea-Hair.....	"	" J Hooper.....	"	" C Krishnaswamy Moodly.....	"
" C H King.....	"	" J E Bealjour.....	"	" J W Franklin.....	"
" J Corley.....	"	" J Dique.....	"	" D Wood.....	"

Honorary Members.

W Bro A W O Saunders.....	F M	W Bro J G Colman.....	F M	W Bro C W Pearce.....	F M
	& Dy D G M				

Lodge St. Andrews, No. 500, E. C.—Kamptee.

Regular Meetings—Every Second and Fourth Wednesday in the month.

Wor Bro James Thayer..... W M	Bro P Murphy..... S D
" Captain A Curlews..... J P M	" V Jenkins..... D
" Lieut-Col. S Hodgson..... P M	" C Fort..... G
" A Scott..... P M	" W Howes..... Tyler
Bro W Ames..... S W	" W Foster..... Steward
" G M Douglas..... J W	" D. F. Lane..... Organist
" E Bryant..... Treasurer & Secretary	" A Rendle..... D Ceremonies

Members.

Bro Lt. Col. W A Cheke	Bro W Cooper, P. S. W.	Bro W H Gale
" J Flint	" P Cowasjee	" C Hembles
" D Vicary, P S W	" P Dadabhey	" E Williams
" A Smith	" V Brooke	" E Passworth Secy
" J Robertson	" K D L Kirkwood	

Wor Bro F Laville of 1122, Honorary Member.

Lodge Mount, No. 926.—Saint Thomas' Mount.

Day of Meeting—The Friday before the last Saturday in the month.

W Bro Carson..... W M	Bro Blewitt.....	Bro Moay.....
" Conliffe..... P M	" Bonter.....	" Moore.....
" Rawlins..... "	" Dempster.....	" Madely.....
" Knox..... "	" Duncan.....	" Rose.....
" Clark..... "	" Evans.....	" Smith.....
" Northistle..... "	" Golding.....	" Southam.....
Bro McClintock..... S W	" Gepp.....	" Tyrrell.....
" McIntegart..... J W	" Green.....	" Williams.....
" Stone..... Secy. & Treasr.	" Harties.....	" Chatlerton.....
" Keron..... S D	" Holmes.....	" Clay.....
" Finch..... J D	" Hord.....	" Higgins.....
" Fisher..... J G	" Jenkins.....	" Hannay.....
" Williamson..... Tyler	" Monaghan.....	

Anchor of Hope Lodge, No. 1093—Wellington.

W Bro C Smith..... W M	Bro N Smith..... J W	Bro J H Uytell..... M M
" C E P Vernade..... P M	" C Moore..... J D	" J W Carroll..... "
" J W Hyan..... P M	" C H Chemsion, Sec. & Treasr.	" J Egan..... "
" C Watts..... "	" Edou..... Tyler	" Theo. Schmid..... "
" J C Mercer..... "	" Reed, G. Smith..... M M	" J H Pagen..... "
" W E Schmidt..... "	" W Scabington..... "	" C J Kent..... "
" P Kloss..... "	" H Tufa..... "	" E Reader..... "
Bro A W L Vernade..... S W	" J G Vernade..... "	" J C B Craster..... "

Days of Meeting, Saturday immediately before full moon, at 7 P.M.

Rock Lodge, No. 260 C. E.—Trichinopoly.

Regular Meetings—Third Friday in the month.

Officers.

W Bro J E Lallywhite..... W M	Bro A Jones..... J D	Bro O Wallace..... Mem
" J W Northistle..... P M	" W Barton..... I G	" W Harrison..... "
" W A Symonds..... P W	" J Walford..... Tyler	" T Narayanaswamy..... "
Bro C J Littlewood Offg. S W	" C J Fowler..... Mem	" Nardoo..... "
" J Lannon, Offg. J W	" J G Combes..... "	" C Kite..... "
" G A Williams..... Treasr	" S Winfred Pilay..... "	" P Webster..... "
" J J Elder..... Secy	" T Domaswamy Pilay..... "	" W Harris..... "
" P Subbayer..... S D	" W Clarke..... "	" J Perkins..... "

Lodge "Deccan," No. 1444, E. C.—Chudderghat.

"Memento Mori."

Wor Bro C B Dunlop, W M

Past Masters and Officers.—1878-79.

Wor Bro H F Bower..... J P M	Bro G E Walker..... S W	Bro M Mahomed' Saleh
" F S Hudson, P D G	Bro B H L Johnson..... J W	" Khan..... S D
" a D C P M	W Bro Colin H S John-	" M Mahomed Ali
" M H Wilkinson,	" ston, Sen P M P D	" Khan Shoostry..... J D
" D G D C P M	" G P D G S of W Secy	" Mahomed Yassen
" A H E Campbell, P M	Bro G F H Heenan..... Treasr	" Khan..... J G
" F S Llewellyn..... P M		" J P Martin..... Tyler

Members.

Bro J Cameron..... Mem	Bro H A Krohn..... Mem	Bro E M Dawes..... Mem
" A M Walter..... "	" W H Daroux..... "	" E C Johnston..... "
" C J Brandt..... "	" Ahmed Abdalla..... "	" Agah Nasic Sha..... "
" C Partridge..... "	" J H Taylor..... "	" Syed Assud Oollah..... "
" G Palmer..... P J W	" W Edwards..... "	" W R J S Graham..... "
" H Derry..... Mem	" C Briant..... "	" J E Grimley..... "
" W W Marrett..... "	" G Neale..... "	" A Bonner..... "
" C Bonneville..... "	" G Budgen..... "	" J Greig..... "
" C E Marrett..... "	" Meer Essack Ali..... "	" G W Hillier..... "
" D Gauntlett..... "	" Ameer-ood-deen Khan..... "	" J Huggins..... "

Regular Meetings 1st Friday in every month.

MARK LODGE.

Rough Ashlar, Kamptee.

Wor Bro Lieut-Col S Hodgson..... W M	Bro Scott..... J O
" Major Holloway..... J P M	" Dadabhey..... S D
Bro Vicary..... J W	" Farquhar..... J D
" Thayer..... J W Secy & Treasr	" Robertson..... J G
" W Cooper..... M O	" E Howes..... Tyler
" Ames..... S O	

R. A. Chapter "Chudderghat," No. 159, S. C.

M E Com M H Wilkinson..... P Z	Ex Com M Mahomed Ali Khan..... S N
" B H L Johnston..... P H	" J E Grimley..... 1st Sojr
" M Mahomed Saleh Khan..... P J	" M Ali Mahomed Khan..... 2nd Sojr
" Colin R S Johnston, P P Z P P G B	" G Neale..... 3rd Sojr
" B W I—D G S B Madras S F & Treasr	Com J P Martin..... Outer Janitor

Members.

M E Com P S Hudson 1st P P Z	Com M Mehdy Khan..... Mem	Com G E Walker..... Mem
" H F Bower..... Mem	" A M Walter..... "	" H A Krohn..... "
Com W R J S Graham..... "	" M Ex Com C B Dunlop..... P P Z	" M Mahomed Ali Khan..... "
" H T Maskell..... Mem	" Com J H Taylor..... "	" Mahomed Yassen Khan..... "
" W W Marrett..... "	" C J Brandt..... "	" E G Lynn..... "
" C E Marrett..... "	" W H Daroux..... "	" A W Forbes..... "
M E Com G F H Heenan, P P J	" Syed Hoossein..... "	" Ameer-ood-deen Khan..... "
Com C Briant..... Mem	" M E Com H Hynes..... P P H	

Honorary Members.

M E Com H Morland, Prov. Gd. P Z and Prov. Gd. Sept., S R A M, Western India.
" G B Thomson, Prov. Gd. S E. W. L.
" W Collins, P P Z, 431, E G.

Mark and Ex. Lodgers attached—Meetings fourth Friday in every month.

R. A. Chapter of St. John, No. 273.

Ex Comp W Hamilton.....Z	Comp J A Douglas.... Mem	Comp R Shortland.....Mem
" R Harvey.....H	" C Stolberg....."	" M Percy....."
" W. Carson.....J	" J C Lyster....."	" R B Lowe....."
" R H Cunliffe.....P E	" C Eduljee....."	" A Johnson....."
" H B Bernard....."	" S Jesudasan Pillay....."	" J Digne....."
" J T Grentorex....."	" A Kistnamah....."	" L A McClintock....."
" H T Shaw....."	" Charry....."	" W Chittis....."
" J J Franklin....."	" E T J Cassidy....."	" J Cobbe....."
Comp P Thorpe.....P S	" W Green....."	" G V Chinna....."
" C J H Ellis.....S E	" P C Kanasawani....."	" Chumby Pillay....."
" M Punchbatera....."	" Iyer....."	" R S Johnson....."
" Moodilly S N....."	" C Lutchmipathy....."	Ex Comp J F Flood.....P J
" C F Rouds.....P F S	" Naidoo....."	Comp B Parsons.....Mem
" A Holmes....."	" H Boon....."	" J Miller....."

THE UNITED RELIGIOUS AND MILITARY ORDERS OF THE TEMPLE,
AND OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM, PALESTINE, RHODES AND MALTA

Held at the Masonic Hall, Vepery.

E. C. Sir Knt: H. B. Bernard *Preceptor*.

P. E. C. Sir Knt J. T. Grentorex
P. E. C. Sir Knt C. W. Pearce
Sir Knt Hon'ble J. G. Coleman
" Col. E. H. Cunliffe
" J. J. Franklin
" W. Hamilton

Sir Knt. E. Atkinson
" H. Browne
" J. F. Flood
" A. Holmes
" E. T. J. Cassidy
" H. T. Shaw.

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PART XI.—MOFUSSIL DIRECTORY.

BANGALORE.

GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE AND COORG.

His Highness Chamarajendra Woodiar Bahadur, Maharajah of Mysore.
J. D. Gordon, C.S.I., B. C. S., Chief Commissioner.
J. D. Sandford, M.A., Barrister-at-Law, B. C. S., Judicial Commissioner.
Major Tredway Clarke, Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.
T. R. A. Thunboochetty, Asst. Secy. to the Chief Commr. of Mysore and Coorg.
Major R. C. Stewart, Military Assistant to the Chief Commissioner.
J. Houston, Surgeon to the Chief Commissioner.
H. Hudson, Deputy Accountant General.
Major General Elmherst, Commanding Mysore Division.
Colonel T. Dyer, Assistant Adjutant General.
Colonel H. A. Elliott, Assistant Quarter Master General.
Lieut.-Colonel G. P. B. Sherard, Deputy Judge Advocate.
W. A. Porter, M.A., Tutor to H. H. the Maharajah, Mysore.

JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

The highest Court of the Province is that of the *Judicial Commissioner*, whose decisions are, as a rule, final, open only to revision in special cases by the Governor General of India in Council. No sentence of death can be carried into execution unless confirmed by the Judicial Commissioner.

J. D. Sandford, Esq., M.A., Barrister-at-Law B. C. S., Judicial Commissioner.
Scindia Hamajee Row, Esq., Manager.
Madava Row, Esq., Head Sheristadar.
J. Rozario, Esq., Head Clerk.

The Court is held in the Public Offices, and sits every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M. The Court sits by appointment on other days. Sundays and Holidays excepted.

Nundidrug Commissioner's Court.

The Commissioner of Division has the Civil and Criminal powers of a Civil and Sessions Judge. An appeal lies from his decision to the Judicial Commissioner.

Colonel J. L. Pearce, Commissioner.

Mr. Varadiengar.....Revenue Sheristadar.
" Lutchminaraswami.....Judicial do.
R. H. James, Esq.,.....Manager.

Deputy Commissioners' Court, Bangalore.

L. Ricketts, Esq.,.....Deputy Commissioner, (on other duty.)
Mr. Valayutha Pillay.....Revenue Sheristadar.
" Sreenivasa Rao.....Judicial do.

Judicial Assistant's Court.

J. Lacey, Esq., B.L.,.....Judicial Assistant Commissioner.
Mr. C. Heerojee Rao.....Sheristadar.

Munsiff's Court.

B. Thirumalachari, Esq., B.L.,.....Munsiff

COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

Holden under the Mofussil Small Cause Court Act XI of 1865.

Jurisdiction up to 1,000 Rupees, within the local limits of the Cantonment.

Lieut.-Col. Lindsay.....	Judge and 3rd Class Deputy Commissioner.
Mr. W. Jennings.....	Registrar, with power to dispose of Suits up to 20 Rupees.
V. Subapathy Moodelliar.....	Cashier.
R. Ramanaiah.....	Manager and Examiner.
G. Varadana.....	Interpreter.

COURT HOUSE—NEW OFFICES.

The Court sits daily, Sundays and holidays excepted.

The Office of the Registrar is opened daily from 10 A.M. to 4 P.M., Sundays and holidays excepted.

No money is received into Court, nor paid out, before 12 and after 3 P.M.

The Mofussil Small Cause Court Act XI of 1865 and the Court Fees Act VII of 1870, have been extended to the Mysore Province by an order of the Governor-General.

POLICE ESTABLISHMENT.

POLICE SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, BRIGADE ROAD, CANTONMENT OF BANGALORE.

E. Hewston, Esq.....	Assistant Superintendent of Police.
K. Ramachandra Rao.....	Manager.

Mr. G. Norris.....	Acting Chief Inspector	B I Division.
" T. G. O'Connell.....	Inspector	B II Division.
" C. Wood.....	Inspector	B III Division.
" M. Mellor.....	Inspector	C Division.

CHIEF CONSTABLES.

Mr. R. E. Shaw.....	B I Division.	Mr. T. Kirk.....	B II Division.
" J. Quigly.....	do.	" J. Gray.....	do.
" T. O'Leary.....	do.	" W. Cochrane.....	B III Division.
" T. Ross.....	do.	" E. Webster.....	do.
" J. T. Dore.....	do.	" H. Seddon.....	do.
" D. H. Ballard.....	B II Division.	" G. Haslam.....	C Division.

MAGISTERIAL DEPARTMENT.

BANGALORE TOWN AND CANTONMENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, BRIGADE ROAD.

Col. C. A. Benson.....	Mag. 1st Class.	M. Rajarathna Moodelliar.....	3rd Clerk.
M. Thamochara Moodelliar.....	Manager.	A. D. Madhavayya Modir.....	Interpreter, Ag.
A. Ponnambala Moodelliar.....	2nd Clerk and Record-keeper.		

BANGALORE CANTONMENT MAGISTRATE'S COURT, BROADWAY ROAD.

Mr. E. Pearce.....	Sadr Ameen and 2nd Class Magistrate.	T. Soubhramoneya Pillay.....	Head Clerk
		Kazava Row.....	Head Goonasta

BANGALORE TOWN SUB-MAGISTRATE'S COURT, PRITHVI BANGALORE.

B. Garoda Chetty.....	Amildar and 2nd Class Magistrate.
Gopal Row, Postdar and 3rd Class Magistrate, (on other duty)	
Hemad Ally, do.....	do.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSION.

CANTONMENT OF BANGALORE.

Dr. J. H. Orr, C. B.—President.

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS.

The Deputy Surg. Genl. of Hospals, I. M. D., Mysore Division.
The Assistant Qt. Mr. General, Mysore Division.
The Executive Engineer, Nundydroog Division.
The Superintendent of Police.
The District Engineer.
The Sadr Ameen.

Lieutenant M. Gaynor.....	Exec. Engr., pending application for pension.
Mr. E. Haldwell.....	do Not joined.
Mr. George Gibson.....	Offg. Executive Engr.
Mr. James Manley.....	Assessor and Collector of Municipal Taxes.
Mr. R. T. Harrison.....	Sanitary Inspector.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS, 1ST DIVISION, ULSOOR.

Mr. P. Rajoo Moodelliar.....	Mr. V. Sadasiva Moodelliar.
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2ND DIVISION, SHOLAY.

Mr. A. Veerasamy Moodelliar.

3RD DIVISION, ARAB LINES AND FORT.

Mr. Abdul Hussain Saib.

4TH DIVISION, GENERAL BAZAAR.

Mr. Abdul Khudus Kadri Khajoo Saib.....	Mr. A. R. Subapathy Moodelliar.
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5TH DIVISION, BLACKPULLEY.

Mr. B. Ramalingam.....	Mr. T. T. Leonard.
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6TH DIVISION, HIGH GROUND.

Vacant.

SALARIES OF THE PRESIDENT AND OFFICERS OF THE BANGALORE CANTONMENT MUNICIPALITY.

	RS.	A.	P.		RS.
President	465	10	8	Assessor & Collr. Municipal Taxes ..	290
Executive Engineer ..	250	0	0	Sanitary Inspector.. .. .	100

MUNICIPAL COMMISSION.

TOWN OF BANGALORE.

Dr. J. H. Orr, C.B.—President.

EX-OFFICIO MEMBERS.

The Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.
The Executive Engineer, Nundydroog Division.
The Commissary of Ordnance.
The Surgeon to the Mysore Commission.
The Amildar of Bangalore.

MUNICIPAL OFFICERS.

Mr. E. Haldwell.....	Executive Engineer—Not joined.
Mr. George Gibson.....	Officiating Executive Engineer.
Mr. P. Swamy Deas Pillay.....	Assessor and Collector.
Mr. J. Van Ingen.....	Sanitary Inspector.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS, 1ST DIVISION, BALAPETE.

Mr. B. Murty Gangiah.....	Mr. A. S. Raghavachar.
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2ND DIVISION MANAVURTHPETE.

Mr. A. Srinovossachar.....	Mr. Khoeze Abed Jaffer Saib.
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3RD DIVISION, ULSOOR PETE.

Mr. V. P. Madhava Rao, B.A.....	Mr. C. Mutasawmy Naidoo.
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SALARIES OF THE PRESIDENT AND OFFICERS OF THE BANGALORE TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

	RS.	A.	P.		RS.
President	238	5	4	Assessor & Collr. Municipal Taxes ..	65
Executive Engineer ..	50	0	0	Sanitary Inspector.. .. .	50

LIST OF SALARIES OF OFFICERS OF THE MYSORE AND COORG COMMISSIONS.

	RS.	A.	P.		RS.	A.	P.
Chief Commissioner.....	5,500	0	0	Deputy Supt., Revenue Survey...	895	0	0
Judicial do.....	2,168	10	8	Assistants, 735, 695, 560, 480 and 300	0	0	0
Commissioners.....	2,500	0	0	Inspector-General of Registration	200	0	0
Deputy do. 1st Class.....	1,666	10	8	Channel Supt. (Mysore).....	300	0	0
Do. do. 2nd	1,333	5	4	Dir. of Public Instruction 900 to 1050	0	0	0
Do. do. 3rd	1,166	10	8	Insp. of Schools, 350 to 500 & 500 to 700	0	0	0
Do. do. 4th	1,000	0	0	Deputy do.	150	0	0
Assistant Commissioners.....	800	0	0	Conservator of Forests.....	1,000	0	0
1st Class.....	700	0	0	Deputy Conservator of Forests.....	500	0	0
2nd	600	0	0	Assistant do.	450	0	0
3rd	500	0	0	Do. do.	350	0	0
4th	500	0	0	Sub-Asst. do.	150	0	0

COORG.

Judges of Small Cause Court.	1,000	0	0	Superintendent	1,200	0	0
Judge.....	400	0	0	Asst. do. 1st Class.....	600	0	0
Magistrate.....	1,000	0	0	Do. do.	300	0	0
Commissioner and Town Magistrate	600	0	0	Survey Department.			
Asst. Superintendent of Police	1,500	0	0	Superintendent's allowance.....	250	0	0
Supt. of Inam Settlements.....	1,500	0	0	Do. salary.....	520	13	0
Commissioner, Survey and Settlement Department.....	1,287	8	6	Forest Department.			
Inam Commissioner's Allowance.....	200	0	0	Assistant Conservator.....	250	0	0
Supt., Revenue Survey Dept.	1,229	1	6				

UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.

In the General, Revenue and Judicial Departments of the Mysore Administrations, drawing Rs. 100 to 500 per mensem.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary
Mr. T. Thimboo Chetty.	Asst. Secretary	Chief Commr.'s Office.	Bangalore.	850
D. Satho Rao	Treasury Duckhee	Treasury Office	do.	600
Mr. J. F. Pereira	Head Assistant	Chief Commr.'s Office	do.	600
" J. P. Garrett	Supt. and Compiler.	Government Press	do.	600
" T. B. Clarke	Chief Assistant	Dy. Acct. Genl's Office.	do.	450
" C. Waters, M.A.	Print., Central College.	Educational	do.	700
" J. G. North	Manager	Commr.'s Office, Asta-gram Division	Mysore	250
" C. Robbins	Manager	Record C.E. Commr.'s Office	Bangalore	350
" E. Marston, M.A.	Inspector, II Circle	Educational	Shimoga	425
Mr. W. Jennings	Registrar	Small Cause Court	Bangalore	300
Sandha Hanaja Rao	Manager	Judicial Commr.'s Office	do.	340
Mr. W. Kodis	Confidential Clerk to the Chief Commissioner.	Chief Commr.'s Office.	do.	300
" G. W. Haldwell	Superintendent	Channel Conservancy	do.	300
Rev. G. Richter	Inspector of Schools.	Educational	Marsara	500
B. Venkatchariar	Civil Duckhee	Sewer and Barr	do.	400
M. Amrathalingam M.L.	Asst. Duckhee	Postal Department	do.	400
E. Rajagalingam	Manager	Team Supt.'s Office	do.	250
C. Vyned Row	Head Clerk and Tika	do. do. do.	do.	150
" do. do.	Head Examiner	do. do. do.	do.	100
Mr. J. W. Knight	English Head Asst.	Military Asst.'s Office	do.	100
E. Naraina Chit	Interpreter do.	do. do. do.	do.	100
Mr. Baylis	Inspector of Police	Police	Bangalore	250
Mr. E. H. James	Manager	Commr.'s Office, Nundi-droog Division	Bangalore	250
Mr. W. J. Lincoln	do.	Commissioner's Office, Nuggur Division	Shimoga	250
A. Krishna	Head Accountant	Treasury, Chief Commr.'s	do.	200
Mr. J. Cameron	Superintendent	Lat Bagh	Bangalore	185

Uncovenanted Servants—(continued.)

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary
Mr. Horsmanji Bhabha	Vice-Principal	Central College	Bangalore	850
M.A. Mr. C. H. Candy M.A.	Principal	Rajaji's School	Mysore	250
Mr. Aruthmott, B.A.	Head Master	District School	Hassan	150
Mr. Venkatesh Iyer	Deputy Inspector		Bangalore	150
Mr. J. K. Gow	Supt. of Stores	Military Asst.'s Office.	Bangalore	200
" E. Pereira	Sudr. Ameen and 2nd class Magistrate	Cant. Sub-Mag.'s Court.	do	200
Lutchmenanappah	Judicial Sheristadar	Commissioner's Office, Nunddroog Divn.	do	200
Vardalengar	Revenue Sheristadar	Do. do.	do	200
V. Lynam	Engineering College.	Educational	do	550
M. Soobrow	Revenue Sheristadar	Commr.'s Office, Asta-gram Division	Mysore	200
Dava Rajia	Judicial Sheristadar	Do. do.	do	200
Ramchander Rao	Revenue do.	Commr.'s Office, Nuggur Division	Shimoga	200
Ramasamiengar	Judicial Sheristadar & Govt. Prosecutor		do	250
Mr. H. Ragles	Manager, Audit Dept.	Dy. Acct. Genl's Office.	Bangalore	175
" C. Cassim	Head Clerk	Chief Commr.'s Office.	do	175
" J. Gibson	Darogah	Channel Conservancy Dept., Astagram Divn.	Mysore	175
" C. Cross	Jailor	Central Jail	Bangalore	150
" Nepous Smith	Govt. Prosecutor	Commr.'s Office, Nundi-droog Division	do	150
B. Garoodachary	Treasurer	Do. do.	do	150
Annesawmy Nynar	do.	District Treasury	Mysore	150
Mr. Coleman	Head Master	Nuggur Divn., Ednetl.	Chitaldroog	200
" W. Green	Jailor	Marsara	Coorg	150
" Clapham	Head Master	Educational	Tumkur	200
Mathunda Appavoo	Head Sheristadar	Supt.'s Office	Coorg	150
Mr. A. B. Bide	Asst. Confidential Clerk	Chief Commr.'s Office.	do	175
" Reynolds	do.	Do.	do	150
" Greater	Assistant Master	Educational, Marsara	Coorg	150
B. Rungish	Manager	Government Press	Bangalore	150
Mr. J. D'Vaz	do.	Supt.'s Office	Coorg	130
" G. H. Gardiner	Head Clerk	Deputy Supt.'s Office, Bangalore District	do	140
" T. B. D'Vaz	do.	Mysore District Office.	Mysore	140
" W. F. Hay	do.	Shimoga District Office.	Shimoga	140
" C. Leonard, B.A.	Principal High School	Shimoga	do	250
V. Ramanooja Ayengar	Depy. Manager, Audit Department	Dy. Acct. Genl's Office.	do	125
Mr. J. Rozario	Head Writer	Judl. Commr.'s Office.	do	100
Vasodava Rao	Deputy Accountant	Treasury, Chief Commr.'s	do	130
Mr. J. J. Noronha	Head Clerk	Military Asst.'s Office.	do	120
" Baylis	Inspector	Bangalore Police	do	250
" J. W. Blake	Head Clerk	Commr.'s Office, Nundi-droog Division	do	120
" J. W. Barnes	do.	Commr.'s Office, Asta-gram Division	Mysore	120
" Birch	Head Master	Educational	Kolar	150
" J. R. Barrow	Examiner, Acct. Dept.	Dy. Acct. Genl's Office.	Bangalore	125
Mr. F. Reynolds	Head Clerk	Kolar Deputy Commr.'s Office	Kolar	100
" C. M. D'Souza	Head Clerk	Commissioner's Office, Nuggur Division	Shimoga	120
B. Ramasawmy Ayengar	Head Accountant	Superintendent's Office.	Coorg	110
L. Ram Row	Head Moonshie	Chief Commr.'s Office	do	200
V. Gajrajoo Moodelliar	Deposit Checker	Do. do.	do	100
		Dy. Acct. Genl's Office.	do	100

Unconvenanted Servants—(continued)

Names.	Designation of Office.	Department.	District.	Salary.
Banaswamy Chetty	Translator	Judl. Commr.'s Office.	Coorg	105
Mr. G. Ferris	Inspector	Bangalore Police	do	120
N. Page	Head Translator	Chief Commr.'s Office.	do	150
T. Valayoodan Pillay	Head Accountant	Nandyang do.	Bangalore	100
Lutchmun Row	Do.	Do. Asagram Du.	Mysore	100
Kurmaswami	Court Prosecutor	Do. do.	do	100
Mr. Bird	Jailor	Asagram Division	do	100
Ramachander Row	Accountant	Commissioner's Office.	do	100
Venketramiah	Asst. Master, Hg. School	Nugger Division	Shimoga	100
Mr. Tata	Jailor	Nugger Division	Bangalore	100
Venketram	Treasurer	Deputy Supt.'s Office	Shimoga	100
Sham Rao	Revenue Sheristadar	Do. Bangalore Dist.	Bangalore	100
Srinivas Rao	Judicial do.	Bangalore District	do	100
Mr. Thompson	Head Clerk	Deputy Commr.'s Office.	Toomkoor	100
" A. Stewart	Inspector	Town Police.	Mysore	200
Ragavender Rao	Revenue Sheristadar	Deputy Commr.'s Office.	Toomkoor	100
O. Kistappa	Judicial do.	Do. do.	Coar	100
Swatidia Iyengar	Revenue do.	Do. do.	do	100
Mr. H. Lames	Head Clerk	Hassan District Office.	Hassan	100
Lutchmana Rao	Judicial Sheristadar	Do. do.	Mysore	100
E. C. Sivayyanam Pillay	Revenue do.	Mysore District Office.	do	100
Mr. F. H. Wolk	Surveyor	Do. do.	Toomkoor	100
Narasimengar	Revenue Sheristadar	Shimoga District Office.	Shimoga	100
Gopal Iyengar	Judicial do.	Do. do.	do	100
Trinawamy Moodie	Surveyor	Do. do.	do	100
Is. Blakie	Head Clerk	Cuddoor District Office.	Cuddoor	100
Rampersad Tiwary	Revenue Sheristadar	Do. do.	do	100
J. Bastian	Judicial Sheristadar	Cuddoor Dist. Office	Cuddoor	100
Venkat Vardasagar	District Surveyor	Chitaldroog Dist. Office	do	100
Ternada Chetty	Revenue Sheristadar	Do. do.	do	100
Mr. J. King	Judicial do.	Do. do.	do	100
F. Thunapa	Deregal. No. 3 Circle.	Charnel Conservancy	Mysore	100
Fr. Sastagari Row, Ag.	Dept. Asagram Du.	Superintendent's Office.	Coorg	100
B. Ramaswami Iyengar	Manager	Heqr. Genl.'s Office	Bangalore	100
J. T. Webster	Judicial Sheristadar	Toomkoor Dist. Office.	Toomkoor	100
	District	Chief Commr. Office	Bangalore	100

LIST OF GENTLEMEN ENROLLED AND ADMITTED IN THE JUDICIAL COMMISSIONER'S COURT AS PLEADERS IN THE COURTS OF MYSORE AND COORG.

Mr. G. Nelson Smith	M. Srinivas Rao	N. Soobramanyam
E. Ananthasayoo Bana	Mr. J. W. Hayes, Senior	R. Balaji Rao
Naraina Shastri	Govind Rao	Mr. James Carr
Mr. P. B. Gordon	Mitha Ram Rao	Mr. J. Shaw
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S. Hanajee Rao	G. Ranganath Rao	Mr. J. Lacy, B.L.
Mr. J. E. L. Mayer	S. Venkatasubramanyam	C. Venkatakrishna Moodelliar
H. Krishna Rao	C. Rathnavel Moodelliar	P. Venkatarayala Naidoo
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Mr. J. A. Lazaro	S. C. Ramaswamy Iyer	S. Devraj Iyer, B.L.
C. Venkatasubbia Swamyam	Mr. W. Ghaur	T. Narahad Rao, B.L.
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Mr. J. Madhavan	Mr. E. Baeday	" W. Hickey
Mr. J. O. Wright	Ramaswamy Iyer	" A. Champion

* Does not practice.

LIST OF PLEADERS IN MYSORE AND COORG.

Basheela Tharico	K. Ramaswamy Iyer, B.A.	E. Venkataranniah
Mr. John Evans, E.C.	Mr. W. DeSouza	T. M. V. Govindaswamy Iyer
Franciscus, Adv. of the	P. Muroogasa Mudaliar	Mr. Robert A Phillips
Sep. Court of Ceylon.	A. Ramanja Chari	" T. G. Clarke
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Henry Gardner Atkinson	Mahamed Ali*	E. S. Soobrayar
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E. T. Sathadandun Pillay*	B. Ternuda Chari*	G. S. Venkataranniah
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C. Raja Row	"	W. Rajava Mudaliar
Mr. J. C. S. Lawrence, B.A., B.L.*	Mr. F. J. Symonds	H. Mann Row
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A. Krishnaswamy Iyengar*	Mr. A. J. Boyton	Mr. P. F. Grant
Mr. P. Sambiah	P. Sargachary	S. Balgiri Iyengar
C. Meenatchia, Bar-at-Law.	E. Seondarann Iyer	T. Sreenivasa Iyengar
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* Does not practice.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH MISSION.

ESTABLISHED IN 1817.

The present Church was built by the Rev. G. Trevor, and consecrated on the 21st March, 1840.

An increase in the Tamil congregation having necessitated the enlargement of the Church in 1844, a Church was added with a Vestry, and the Church greatly improved and beautified through the exertions of the late Honorary Secretary, the Rev. S. T. Pattigrew, by whom also the very perfect organ was built.

The Mission premises, which are close to the Church, contain a residence for the Native Pastor, as well as School-rooms for boys and girls. The present Pastor, the Rev. G. Lannus, was appointed in August 1870. He is assisted by 3 Catechists; and there are also 4 Schoolmasters and a Schoolmistress attached to the Mission. The former contains about 66 boys and the latter 54 girls. A Girls' Boarding School has been established in connection with the Mission, 37, and is supported entirely by voluntary subscriptions.

The number of Christians in connection with the Mission in Bangalore is 650. During the past year the beautiful Church of St. Paul's has been enlarged to meet the requirements of an increasing congregation.

The salary of the Native Pastor in charge of the Mission is provided by the Venerable Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, and the rest of the expenses of the Mission are met by local subscriptions and donations.

Subscriptions and donations will be thankfully received by the following Members of the Committee:—

- Rev. Dr. Fozz.
- J. Smithwhite, Chaplain of St. Mark's Church, Honorary Secretary.
- G. ENGLAGE, Chaplain of Holy Trinity Church.
- T. Foulkes, Chaplain of St. John's Church.
- G. TAZAR, S. P. G., Missionary.
- Dr. J. STRACHAN, M. D., Secretary, S. P. G., Mysore.

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B. L. Rice, Esq.,	Director of Public Instruction.....	Rs. 1,050
C. Waters, Esq., M.A.	Principal, Central College.....	750
R. G. Hodgeon, Esq.,	Inspector of Schools, 1st Circle.....	750
E. Marsden, Esq., B.A.	Do. 2nd do.....	500

BISHOP COTTON SCHOOLS AND COLLEGE, BANGALORE.

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The Institution is divided into

I.—COLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

VI. Form: B. A. Students.

V. " F. A. "

II.—UPPER BOYS' SCHOOL.

V.—Form: Matriculation.

IV. " Preparatory Matriculation.

III.—LOWER BOYS' SCHOOL.

III. Form:

II. " }

I. Beginners. }

Each Form has two removes.

The course of instruction pursued in the College and Grammar School, is brought into unison with the requirements of the Madras University for the Matriculation, First in Arts and B. A. Examinations, for which Pupils are presented at Bangalore. Boys are specially prepared for English Examinations.

IV.—GIRLS' SCHOOL.

VI. Form:	College Class, Upper.
V. " "	" " Lower.
IV. Form:	As in the boys' with a few necessary exceptions.
III. " "	" " "
II. Form:	In these very young boys are also admitted.
I. " "	" " "

In the Girls' School, sewing, knitting, &c., are regularly taught.

FEE'S.

College Department.....	Rs. 10 0 0
For the Matriculation Classes, per mensem.....	7 0 0
Lower Schools.....	5 0 0
Greek, Sanskrit or Tamil.....	10 0 0

BOARDERS.

For each Boarder (exclusive of Tuition and extras), per mensem.....	Rs. 35 0 0
Washing and mending.....	2 0 0
Ordinary Medical attendance.....	1 0 0
Entrance Fee.....	10 0 0

School Fees and Boarding Charges are to be paid in advance, not later than the 15th of each month.

French, Drawing, Music and Dancing are taught when required.

Every Pupil must bring Sheets, Blankets, Pillow-cases, Towels and a Chest of Drawers.

No deduction can be made for occasional or contingent absences.

A full month's notice is required in all cases before the removal of a pupil.

These Rules apply to Boarding charges equally with School Fees.

Boarders live with the Warden, and Head Mistress, respectively.

All applications for admission are to be made to the Rev. the Warden, who will furnish all information required, and receive all communications relating to the management of the Schools.

ST. ANDREW'S SCHOOL,
(Church Compound.)

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" A. Ricketts 3rd do.	Arulass Pillay, Tamil Moonabee.
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The School consists of a Senior and a Junior Department.

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

The Boarders reside with Mr. and Mrs. Thompson, and the greatest attention is paid to the moral training and personal comforts of the boys.

Each Boarder is expected to bring his own Box or Chest of Drawers, Mattress, two Pillows and Bed-linen, Basin and Stand, Fork and Spoon.

A Medical man has been engaged by the year to attend on the Boarders.

TERMS.

These will vary according to a boy's position in the School.
 Boarders, 35 Rs. a month for all ages—when more than one of the same family are boarders, an arrangement with the Head Master will not be objected to.

A charge of 1 Rupee for Washing, and 1 Rupee for Medical attendance per mensem, will be made in addition to the usual Monthly Fee.

No Entrance Fee.

DAY PUPILS.

Matriculation Class.....	6 Rs. each.	Third Class.....	3 Rs. each.
Preparatory Class.....	6 " "	Fourth Class.....	3 " "
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BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT FOR SCHOOL CHILDREN,

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For further particulars apply to Mr. Gaunt, Printer, Bangalore.

BRANCH BANK OF MADRAS.

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CURRENT ACCOUNTS.

The Bank allows no interest, and makes no charge, provided the daily average balance amounts to Rupees 200.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

In sums not less than 100 for which interest for 6 months at 3 per cent. per annum.
 Do. do. do. 12 do. 3 1/2 do.
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BANGALORE BANK LIMITED.

OPENED 1st October, 1861.

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The business of the Bank consists in granting Loans, Discounting Bills, granting orders on all the Presidency Towns and on England, and in drawing the pay of Civil and Military orders.

BANGALORE HINDU FAMILY PENSION FUND.

ESTABLISHED NOVEMBER 1881, FOR THE BENEFIT OF HINDUS.

CAPITAL (2nd SEPTEMBER 1878) Rupees 85,984-10-9 invested in Government and other Securities.

Number of Subscribers, 540.

Number of Incumbents, 180.

Pensions payable monthly, 3 to 30 Rupees. Monthly Subscriptions from $\frac{1}{2}$ to 5 Rupees.

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OUT-STATION DIRECTOR.

MADRAS—C. Vardanajulo Naidoo.

N.B.—Any information regarding the Fund may be obtained from the Secretary. Copies of Rules and blank Forms of applications can be had from the Secretary of the Institution at Bangalore. All applications must be accompanied with one anna postage label for the transmission of the printed Rules, &c.

T. SASHACHELLUM PILLAY,

Secretary, H. P. F. Office.

THE BANGALORE SPECTATOR.

With which is incorporated the *Bangalore Herald*,
A Tri-weekly Journal of News, Politics and Literature.

Published every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Office, at No. 10, SOUTH PARKER.

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Rev. Thos. Foulkes

Rev. S. E. Symonds.

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The objects of the Society are the relief of the deserving poor of all classes and the suppression of mendicancy; the means employed are the admission into the Asylum of homeless paupers, and the allotment of Monthly allowances to those who, on account of family ties or other sufficient causes, are unable to reside in the Asylum; the suitable employment of the deserving and necessitous, the personal investigation of all cases referred to the Society for relief, and the detection and exposure of imposture.

THE LAL BAGH.

THE MYSORE GOVERNMENT GARDEN, commonly known as the LAL BAGH, (from the Hindustani, signifying red or ruby and garden) is under the direction of a Superintendent who is responsible to the Commissioner. The present Superintendent is Mr. J. CAMERON. The garden is situated about two miles south-east of the centre of the Cantonment, and covers an area of about 56 acres of ground, which slopes gently from the southern boundary, where there is a tank communicating with water channels which are led through most of the garden. The greater portion of the ground is very tastefully laid out in ornamental lawns and terraced flower gardens with green houses, aviary, and cages for Lions, Tigers and Cheetahs, &c. The Menagerie has now been enclosed and enlarged; a Picnic House built; the large Terrace completed, and upon which it is contemplated to build an Exhibition house. The Deer Park is situated at the East end of the gardens and greatly adds to the curiosity of the garden. Fruits and Vegetables are cultivated and acclimatized to a greater extent than hitherto. The garden is open from 6 A. M. till dusk. Carriages and horses are expected to enter by the left-hand entrance gate, and return by the one on the right, keeping to the main drive which encloses the garden. Furious driving is strictly prohibited. Visitors are not permitted to pick flowers or fruits; and are expected not to bring dogs to the garden, as they do much injury to the plants and seed beds. Plants and seeds may be purchased at the garden. A detailed catalogue of the stock on sale, showing the prices, can be obtained from the Superintendent on application.

A large ornamental Fernery has been built adjoining the rockery in which the collection of Ferns will be arranged geographically.

The plants in the gardens are being permanently named for the information of visitors. And an economic garden in which the official and medicinal plants will be brought together and grouped according to their natural orders is being formed near the Menagerie.

The number of visitors that entered the garden gates during the official year 1877-78, were Pedestrians 109,804, Equestrians 2,113, Carriages 1,741.

FLOWER-FESTIVAL SHOWS.—Since the Mysore Agri-Horticultural Society has been dissolved, the half-yearly shows which are held in the gardens in the months of July and January, are conducted and managed by the Director of out-gardens, (Colonel J. L. Pearce) and the Superintendent, assisted by a temporary Committee of Jurors.

BELLARY PROTESTANT ORPHAN ASYLUM,

For destitute Children of European descent.

SUPPORTED BY VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS AND GOVERNMENT GRANT.

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<i>Head Master—</i> Mr. Norris,	<i>2nd Master—</i> Mr. Jelly,	

For many years this Institution has been instrumental in providing for large numbers of destitute and orphan children, who would else undoubtedly have fallen into vice and dissipation. Twenty-six children are clothed, fed, and so far educated as to fit them for gaining their own livelihood when they grow up.

Subscriptions are earnestly solicited and will be thankfully acknowledged by the Secretary and Treasurer.

COCHIN.

We are indebted to the Dewan of Cochin for the following information.

His Highness Rama Varma, Knight Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Rajah of Cochin, born 15th May, 1845, ascended the Musam, 28th March, 1864.

British Residency.

At the Court of H. H. the Rajah.
HEAD QUARTERS WERE AT COCHIN, BOLONGNEY.

British Resident, A. McGregor, Esq., M.C.S., on furlough to Europe.
J. G. Montgomery, Esq., M.C.S., Esq. British Resident.

Asst. Resident, Major Woodroffe, M.C.S., on furlough to Europe. Capt. B. A. Farnham, Esq., Asst. Resident.

Residence Surgeon, Surg.-Maj. Walter Fry, on furlough to Europe. Surgeon S. D. Doherty, Acting.

Hospital Assistant, Silimmon Sherif.

Resident's Office.

Manager, Mr. T. Swayze.
Senior Clerk, Mr. A. Leliva.
Assistant, Mr. E. O'Leary.

Treasury.

Officer in charge, The Assistant Resident, *ex-officio*.
Treasurer, Padmanabha Mudaliar.

Officers of H. H. the Rajah's Palace.

Treasurers.

Srinivasaiah, E. Ramer Menon.
Police Khewadar, M. Ramayya Pillai.
Palayam Muthayya Kanyakar, Govind Iyer.
Do. Sankar, M. Ramayya Menon.
Teetaram Writer, P. Ramakrishna Menon.
Thiruvithampalath Menon, K. Krishna Menon.
Physician ordinary, Surgeon Major D. H.

Doyle, M.D., F.R.C.S. (Civil Surgeon, British Cochin,) on furlough to Europe.
Surgeon Major D. H. Morgan, Acting.
Sub-Assistant Surgeon D. Gunther.
Tutor to the Princess, Mr. Robert White.
Assistant, T. Narayana Iyer.
Astronomer, A. Achutha Warrier.
Assistant, E. Achuta Menon.

Amma's Temple's Palace.

Deon Supt., M. Chockery Parthasar.

Muzar Chockery, Ernacollum.

The affairs of the State are regulated by Dewan and P. Chockery Menon, P. Magistrate, Esq.

Shankar, A. Achutha Warrier.
Dewan, A. Achutha Warrier.
Wala Surgeon, P. Krishna Menon.
Head Revenue, E. Achutha Warrier.
Commercial Supt. and P. Chockery Menon.
Jambhoni Head Gunasta, M. Shunga Menon.

Police Head Gunasta, M. Achutha Menon.
Devasan and Quarry Department, Head Gunasta, M. Narayana Menon.
Stamp Department, Head Gunasta, Narayana Menon.
Chowkey Gunasta, V. C. Ammury Menon.
Extra Revenue of Deeds Gunasta, D. Govinda Menon.
Shankar, P. Achutha Menon.

Huzar Registration Department.

Registrar, A. Shungoony Marathi Nair.
Deputy Registrar, T. C. Chockery Menon.
Head Gunasta, M. Shankar Pillay.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Cash-keeper, C. Ittanyarai Parthasar.
Sampatti, Kunhiattu Menon.

TOLLEGE DEPARTMENT.

Secretary, Mr. Francis Hase.
Manager, Mr. Joachim E. Augustus.
Accountant, Mr. P. A. Stevenson.
Head Writer, Mr. J. M. A. Guizelard.

Division Cutcherry, Trichoor.

Dewan Panchar and Magistrate, A. Sankar, Esq., B.A.
Sheristadar, E. Rama Warrier.

Nair Brigade.

Subedar, T. Achutha Menon, Acting.
(Detachments at Trippeenthara, Ernacollum, Trichoor, &c.)

The Native Artillery consists of 17 men and are stationed at Ernacollum, and are employed in processions on State occasions, firing salute guns, &c.

The Infantry in 4 companies consists only of 22 men, and are all Hindu Nairs.

Educational Department.

His Highness the Maha Rajah's High School, originally the Free School of Ernacollum established in 1845 is now in a large building.

The standard of the Institution is the First Examination in Arts of the University of Madras.

Director of Education, and Head Master, Mr. A. F. Seely, M.A.—Cambridge.

District Schools.

District, *Names of Head Masters.*
Cochin, (Muttancherry), P. Neelanda Patil.

Mulundapuram, (Erinjilakuday), G. Ananda Narayanan.

Trichoor, S. Sivarama Pillay.
Thalappilly, (Kunnaecollum) Tharian, Hd. Master.

Chittoor, T. K. Sreenivasa Rao.

Note.—There is also one Hebrew School in Jew-town (Cochin) and a Sanskrit School at Trichoor.

Paper Printing Press, Ernacollum.

Printers, Mr. Ramasami Reddy.
Head Printer, Cochin Mathai.

Government Publications.

Bi-monthly.—The Cochin Government Gazette (English and Malayalam).

Annual.—1. The Malayalam Calendar.
2. The Administration Report (English).

Forest Department.

Conservator of Forests, (Head Quarters, Trichoor), Mr. J. H. Stevenson.

Assistant Conservator, Mr. J. C. Kohlhoff.
Muzardutha, Vaidyan Pillay.

Note.—There are two Timber Depots belonging to the Sarkar, one at Ernacollum and the other at Ponnay.

Cardamom Hills.

Superintendent, Mr. J. Kohlhoff.

There are thirteen Coffee Estates now in process on the Nelliampattay Coffee Hills

in the Chittoor District. An enterprising firm has been lately started in England for the further exploration of the forests and planting Coffee under the style of the Nelliampattay Coffee Company.

Teak Plantations.

Mr. R. P. Bennet, Superintendent.

Marine Department.

The Sarkar Port of Narakal, a little to the north of Cochin—affords good shelter for vessels even in bad weather and hence the large number of vessels that load and unload here. There is also another Port, Malipparam, close by.

Clerk in charge of the Port, Mr. J. C. Carlos.

Meteorological.

Rainfall Register is taken at Ernacollum.

Public Works Department.

Chief Engineer, (Head Quarters, Trichoor,) Mr. H. W. Hudson.

Supervisor, S. Division, Mr. H. A. D'Mello.

do. W. Division, Mr. P. V. Cheekoo.

do. E. Division, Mr. C. W. Lafrmann.

Chief Engineer's Office, Manager, Mr. H. E. Augustus.

Medical Department.

Medical officer to the Cochin Government, Surgeon Major D. H. Morgan, Acting.

Civil Surgeon, British Cochin.

Civil and Jail Hospital, Ernacollum; Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Mr. D. Gunther.

Assistants, Mr. E. P. Gunther.

J. Chandy.

Civil and Jail Hospital, Trichoor; Apothecary, J. Chandy.

Vaccination Department.

General Superintendent—Medical Officer to the Cochin Government, *ex-officio*.

The staff of Vaccinators consists of nine persons employed in the following localities:—Cananor, Ernacollum, Cochin, Trichoor, Mungundapuram, Yenamakal, Thalappilly, Chalakkaru and Chittoor.

Private Printing Press.

The Keralamattam Press, at Muttancherry. (Native Cochin), Proprietor, Devaji Bhenuji.

Tahsildars' Cutcheries.

District, *Tahsildar and Police Officer (Sub-Magistrate).*

Kanayanoor, E. Kunhi Krishna Marar. (Ernacollum)

Cochin, P. Ramayya Menon.

Mukundapuram, V. Madhavan Kanyakar. (Erinjilakuday)

Trichoor, Venkatakrisna Iyer.

Thalappilly, P. Rama Menon. (Wadakkancherry)

Chittoor, K. Krishna Menon.

Oranganoor, P. Shungoony Menon.

(a) Summary. V. L. Narasimha Iyer,
(Police Ameen.)
District. *Sampatti (a) or Sub-Police
Officer.*

Kanayannoor. P. Ramas Eyyattam.
(Ernacollum.)
Cochin. P. Kunja Krishna Menon.
Mudunadapuram. P. Ramas Menon.
(Erinjalkudam.)
Trichoor. P. Kaddoo Menon.
Thalappilly. A. Damodaran Namboory.
(Wadakkancherry.)
Chittoor. Gurumoorthy Iyer.

(a.) These officers are like Taluk Sheristadars
in the Madras Government and exercise
Tahsildar's powers during the absence of
any of Tahsildar at Head Quarters is the
responsible officer for revenue accounts,
&c., has power also to dispose on such
Police cases as are for that purpose trans-
ferred to him by the Tahsildar.
There is also a Sub-Police officer called Out-
wal, in each District.

Judicial Department.

APPEAL COURT OF COCHIN, ERNACOLLUM.
First Judge, V. Subramanya Pillay, B.A.
Second Judge, Mr. F. Locke, Bar-at-Law.
Third Judge, A. Subbaraya Iyer, B.A., B.L.
Magistrate, Mr. John Augustus.
Sikkar Valuel, Mr. Padmanabha Pillay.
Translator, T. K. Parameswara Pillay.
Nasir, A. Kitta Menon.
Record-keeper, T. Karuppanna Pillay.
Head Gurnast, C. Manava Row.
Cash-keeper, Kumara Pillay.

Plunders.

(Authorized to Sued in the Lower Zillah
Courts also.)

Arentha Krishnaswami.
Mr. W. S. Ganta, Bar-
rister-at-Law.
Mr. A. G. Govea, Bar-
rister-at-Law.
Gangadhar Shastri.
Mr. C. W. Harley.
H. Krishna Menon.
K. Krishna Rao.
Subordinate to this the highest tribunal of
the land are

I.—ANGLO-INDIAN ZILLAH COURT.

ERNACOLLUM.

First Judge, Mr. G. H. Gunther.
Second Judge, T. C. Poonen, B.A., Barrister-
at-Law.
Sikkar Valuel, M. Krishna Menon.
Muswanti.
Record-keeper, Subbarao.
Translator, Narayana Iyer.

Plunders.

Gowda Menon, V.
Kupayen Moothacha.
Krishna Menon, V.
Krishna Iyer, C.
Krishna Iyer, R.
Krishna Iyer, V.
Nana Iyer, B.

Rama Picharoti, T.
Ramaswami Iyer.
Srinivas Menon, N.
Subba Iyer, L.
Subbaraya Iyer, P.
Yacob Shab, S.

II.—ZILLAH COURT, TRICHOOR.

1st Judge, C. Tiruvankata Chari, B.A., B.L.
2nd Judge,
Sikkar Valuel, Ganapati Iyer.
Muswanti, Someshwara Iyer.
Record-keeper,
Translator, Narayana Iyengar.
Head Gurnast, Subrahmanya Iyer.

Plunders.

Ganapati Iyer.
Goribada Menon, K.
Gopal Menon, C.
Karunakara Menon, P.
Krishna Menon, E.
Krishna Iyer, A.
Raman Menon, M.

Rama Menon, N.
Sreenivasa Iyer.
Sreenivasa Iyengar.
Venkittaramayan.
Vythinga Iyer.
Vythi Menon, C.

On Special Duty.

In connection with the settlement of bound-
ary disputes with Travancore on behalf of
Cochin are,
Deena Picharoti, A. Sankariah, B.A.
Assistant, (Ernacollum), Appala Iyer.

JAILS AT ERNACOLLUM AND TRICHOOR.

Official Jailers, 1. The Criminal Court
Judge of each station.
2. The Medical Officer of the Cochin
Government.
3. The 2nd Judge of the Appeal Court.

Dettupereh Stations.

Houses for Brahmins where male are
provided (erotic).
Trippoonthirak, Ernacollum, Cochin, Pal-
lipuram, Cranganore, Karuppadanay, Er-
injalkudam, Chalakudy, Trichoor, Wad-
kanthacherry, Kakkad, Puthickand, Meenaji,
Pachupuram.

District Registrar's Office.

Cochin, P. Kuttanay Menon.
Ernacollum, G. Abraham.
Makendapuram, G. Venkata Rao.
Trichoor, M. Narayana Menon.
Thalappilly, P. Parameswara Iyer.
Chittoor, Chandra Shakhara Iyer.

Patent Hydraulic Press.

At Muttancherry, Proprietors, Banian Mor-
chunas.

Church Missionary Society.

Malayalam Mission Department.

English Clergymen stationed at the fol-
lowing stations in His Highness' State.
Trichoor. Kunnankulam.

British Institutions.

Subsidiary Detachments of British Native
Infantry are stationed at Ernacollum and
Trichoor.

Post Offices.

At Ernacollum and Trichoor.

Family Pension and Pensioner's Establishment.

Trichoor Agent.
Officers Commanding Detachments.

The Malabar Native Trading Company,
Cochin.

Public Libraries.

Supported by the Public and by a Grant-in-
aid from the Cochin Government.

Public Library & Reading Room, Ernacollum.

MANAGING COMMITTEE OF OFFICERS FOR
THE YEAR.

Members.

FIRST CLASS.

Messrs T. Shungoonny Menon, A. F. Sealy,
G. H. Gunther, C. Subbaraya Iyer, R. V.
Venkata Row, T. C. Poonen, S. Locke.

SECOND CLASS.

Messrs. H. D'Mello, Appathora Iyer,
Anjeppa Chettiar, T. Rama Peisharoti, John
Augustus, B. P. Gunther, C. W. Harley,
T. Paramaswara Pillai, N. Cooparam,
K. Narayana Menon, A. Sankaran Mahachar,
Achutha Menon, R. LaBouchardiere, Baker
Pann.

THIRD CLASS.

Mr. A. Carvalho.

Public Library and Reading Room,
Trichoor.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

President, A. Sankariah, B.A.
Secretary & Treasurer, V. Sankara Menon.

Special Magistrate of the First Class and
Justices of the Peace authorized to try
European British subjects committing
offences in the State of Cochin.—Mr. S.
Locke, Bar-at-Law.
Mr. J. H. Stevenson.
The British Resident of Cochin and Tra-
vancore, *Ex-officio.*

Travellers' Bungalow Stations.

Karuppadanay, Karivannoor, Trichoor,
Pattikand, Kakkad, Wadkanthacherry, Shora-
noor, Collinjampara, Ernacollum.

Unjel Stations.

(NATIVE POST OFFICES.)

Ernacollum, Trippoonthirak, Cochin, Cran-
ganore, Erinjalkudam, Trichoor, Wad-
kanthacherry, Nemmanay, Chittoor.

Rajah's Scholarship.

Under date 25th July, 1878, His Highness the
Maha Rajah of Cochin has entered into an
agreement with the University of Madras
according to the terms of which, His High-
ness has, desirous of promoting the ad-
vancement of sound learning and educa-
tion amongst his subjects, invested the
sum of Rupees 5,000, in the said Univer-
sity's name, the interest on which accruing
is to be given as scholarship to a native of
Cochin, to be awarded by the Syndicate of
the Madras University to one who passes
creditably in the Matriculation, First Ex-
amination in Arts.
Education in the profession of Medicine
or Civil Engineering.

HYDERABAD

Is the capital of the Nizam's territories and the present seat of Government. It is
situated within 6 miles from the Fort of Golconda, its distance from Calcutta is about
902 miles, from Madras 460, and from Bombay 470 miles. The Nizam's country viz., that
part under the sole management of His Highness' Government contains an area of about
80,000 square miles. No census has been taken of the population, but it is generally com-
puted at ten millions. It is bounded by Bezar on the north, the Madras Presidency on
the south, Bombay on the west, and the Central Provinces on the east. The population of
the city of Hyderabad is supposed to be about (four) 4 hundred thousand. The city is
approached by numerous bridges, gates and posterns, it being surrounded by a stone wall,
which, however, is in a weak and ruined state. Great improvements are, however, being
effected in the city, by widening the streets in several parts, and sanitary arrangements are
being slowly introduced under the present enlightened minister, Sir Salar Jung, G.C.S.I.

The Hill Fort of Golconda was anciently the seat of its Government, and in the Fort
as well as near it are the far-famed Tombs of Golconda, a series of splendid mansoleums
built in oriental style over the departed Sovereigns and Princes of the Hyderabad dynasty.
The Tombs are greatly admired for their extent and beauty.

The Nizam's Government.

The last Ruler, His Highness Afzal ud daula Bahadur, G.C.S.I., was the seventh Nizam
of the Deccan, who was the descendant in succession of the celebrated Asaf Jah Nizam-
ul-Mulk, the "First Nizam," or founder of the Hyderabad Dynasty since the 17th
century. Asaf Jah Nizam-ul-Mulk died in 1748.

The late Afzal-ud-Daula, the seventh Nizam or Nawab of Hyderabad, departed this life in February 1869, after a reign of twelve years, and has been succeeded by a son, who is a minor.

The infant Prince was placed on the Hyderabad Masnad on the 1st March 1869 as H. H. Nawab Mir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur shortly after the demise of the late Nizam, Afzal-ud-Daula. During the minority of the present Prince, Mir Mahbub Ali Khan Bahadur, two officers have been appointed to conduct the affairs of the Hyderabad Government.

Nawab Mooktar-ul-Moolk Sir Salar Jung Bahadoor, C.E.S.I., Prime Minister.

Nawab, "Shamsul Oomrah" Amir-i-Kabir Bahadoor Co-administrator.

The re-constitution of the Government of the Nizam, during the minority of the present Prince, is one proof of the Minister's administrative ability and sound judgment, for which advantages this country will be indebted, and the benefit thereof will be fully appreciated in due course of time.

The undermentioned four Noblemen are selected to superintend the departments of the City Public Service:—

JUDICIAL.

Minister of Adawlut, or Justice—Nawab Bashir-ud-Daula Bahadur; Maulvi Mustak Husain, Secretary.

FINANCIAL.

Minister of Malguzari, Revenue and Finance, Nawab Makarum-ud-Daula Bahadur, Ratanji Jamsaji Dastur, Secretary.

CRIMINAL.

Minister of Kotwalior Police, Nawab Shamsir Jung Bahadur, Capt. Lokin, Secretary.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Department of Public Works, Medical and Sanitation of the City, Nawab Shaab Jung Bahadoor, Superintendent; Sader-ool-Islam Khan, Assistant.

Nawab Mooktar-ool-Moolk, Sir Salar Jung Bahadoor, C.E.S.I., Dewan or Prime Minister.

Nawab Shamsul Oomrah Ameer-i-Kuher, Bahadoor Commandant of Household Troops.

Sadrul Mihams or Ministers of Departments.

Nawab Bashir-ool-Dowlah Bahadoor, Secretary.

" Mookram-ool-Dowlah Bahadoor.

" Shamsir Jung Bahadoor.

" Shaab Jung Bahadoor.

Rajah Narindarpersaud Peishcar.

" Raya Royen Bahadoor, Keeper of Records, North and East Districts.

" Inderjish Bahadoor, Keeper of Records, South and West Districts.

Fouzdaree Adawlut, or Civil Court of Justice, Bushooruth Dowlah, Chief Commissioner; Maulvie Moideen Khan, Chief Judge.

Dewanee Adawlut, or Small Cause Court—Moulvie Mahamed Siddik, Judge.

Outwalde, City of Hyderabad or Police Magistrate—Shamsir Jung Bahadoor, Chief Commissioner—Jaffer Ali Khan Zoravuzung, Magistrate—Captain Lacan, Assistant Superintendent.

Maulgozarree or Revenue Board—Nawab Mukram-ud-Dowlah Bahadoor—Mr. Abdul Kader, Sheristadar—Mr. Sheik Homed Hoosain.

Stamp Office—Major H. Roche, Superintendent; Mr. H. G. Jones, Assistant Superintendent; Mr. L. R. Gabriel, Printer.

Lithographic Press—"Peteian Jarceda," or Government Gazette—Mirza Mahomed Khazeen Aga Jan, Superintendent.

Madrasah Darool-oom, or Nizam's College of Education.

Comprises four Vernacular Departments as follows:—

ENGLISH DEPARTMENT.

Mr. P. G. Schaffer, Principal.
Head Master.

Mr. Francis Joseph, Nazir.

ARABIC DEPARTMENT.

Moulvie Syed Vajayuddeen Ahmed, Principal. Moulvie syoth Khan, Head Master.
PRISTIAN DEPT.—Moulvie Ziauddeen. TELUGOO DEPT.—Eama Row, Head Master.
Head Master. MARHATTA DEPT.—Nattroyer Row, do.

Nizam's Engineering College.

H. M. Wilkinson, Esq., Principal.

Hyderabad Museum.

Is located in the Baradaaree of His Excellency Sir Salar Jung, C.E.S.I.
Aga Abdoolkheef Khan, President. Abdoolbasuth Khan, Secretary.
Aga Moosa Khan, Vice-President. G. J. Swamy Dossen, Curator.

The Residency House at Chudderghant.

is a lofty and spacious mansion situated on the bank of the river Moosae, and is built after the model of the Government House at Calcutta. It is enclosed with a high wall and protected with gun-bastions at the entrance gates, surrounded with Office buildings and a large garden. Chudderghant is becoming a very wealthy place, and contains a great number of extensive bazaars. It is a Civil station, where reside the servants of Government employed in the Residency Offices, as also a great number of Officers belonging to the Reformed Troops of H. H. the Nizam, and employees of the Native Government. The Officer Commanding the Resident's Escort performs similar duties to those of a Cantonment Judge and Magistrate, under the orders of the Resident, and in matters connected with the sanitary improvement of the place, is assisted by a Municipal Committee, the members of which are selected from the most influential residents of the station. Within the past few years great improvements and additions have taken place in the appearance of Chudderghant. New buildings having been erected, bridges built, roads improved, and finally a beautiful People's Park is under formation under the superintendence of an Officer of the Nizam's P. W. Department.

Chudderghant contains

The Residency Mansion and Garden.
St. George's Church and Schools.
Methodist Episcopal Church.
Outwall's Choultry, (with clock-tower).
Post Office, (with recent additions and alterations.)
Anglo-Vernacular School (with Tower clock).
Police Office, Resident's Court, Judicial Department.
Medical School and Dispensary.
Government Telegraph Office.

Branch Bank of Bengal.
Public Rooms, Library and Reading Rooms combined in one building.
College of "All Saints" (Catholic).
Church of St. Thomas (do.)
Christ's Church (for Protestant Native Christians).
Theatre Royal (supported by Chudderghant community).
Civil Engineering College, Nizam's Government.

The Hyderabad Residency in the Decan.

Colonel Sir R. J. Meade, K.E.S.I., Resident.
Major C. B. Euan Smith, C.S.I., First Assistant Resident.
Major G. H. Trevor, Secy. for Berar to H. D.
Lieut.-Colonel Hastings Fraser, Military Secretary and Auditor of Military Accounts, Hyderabad Contingent.

Major A. H. E. Campbell, Comdt. Resident's Escort.
Surgeon-Major S. J. Wyndowe, M.D., Residency Surgeon and Supt. of Medical School.
Mr. J. Mackey, Deputy Accountant General (at Belaram).
Mr. C. Prayere, Extra Assistant Commissioner and Superintendent of Residency Civil Offices and Superintendent of Stamps, Hyderabad Assigned Districts.

The Resident at Hyderabad exercises both Administrative and Political functions, Administrative in respect to the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, commonly called the Berars, Political in regard to that portion of the Hyderabad country administered by the Native Government. The principal towns in the Berars commercially considered are Oomraote and Khamgaon. Some twenty miles from Ellichpur are the Chikalda hills, 3,777 feet above the sea level.

The following are the Districts in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts, with a total population of 2,231,585 souls:—

Amraoti,
Ellichpur,

Wan,
Akola,

Buldana,
Bassim.

There are one Revenue Commissioner and one Judicial Commissioner who are subordinate only to the Resident. There are six Deputy Commissioners, fifteen Assistant Commissioners, and eight Extra Assistant Commissioners.

There are Small Cause Courts at Amraoti, Akola and Khamgaon.

Hyderabad Telegraph Office, Bangalore Division.

H. E. Thompson, Esq., Superintendent. Mr. J. W. Duthy, Assistant Superintendent.
Mr. W. Small, Telegraph Master, in charge of Telegraph Office.

Post Office at the Residency.

E. M. Dawes, Esq., Inspecting Post Master.

Mr. G. E. Walker, Post Master.

*Branch Bank of Bengal.*Mr. D. Fraser, Agent, Bank of Bengal and in charge of H. M.'s Treasury.
Mr. H. K. Gordon, Accountant.*Saint George's Church.*

This new Church was opened in April 1867. It is a commodious, handsome, Gothic building, and was erected under the patronage of the Resident Sir George and Lady Yule, with contributions from all the Members of the Chuddahghat community, each subscribing one month's salary towards the completion of the building.

The Rev. H. FitzPatrick, Chaplain.

S. George's Grammar School.

Is patronized by the Resident at where European and Eurasian youths are educated in English. This school is supported by fees paid by the Parents of the children.

*Boys' Department.*Mr. W. A. Home, B. A., Head Master.
H. Bower, Ass.*Girls' Department.*Mrs. E. Williams, Head Mistress.
Miss Edwards, Assistant do.*Residency Dispensary and Medical School for Native Students.*

The above-mentioned Medical School was established in 1846, and is patronized by the Resident and His Excellency Sir Salar Jung, the Minister. Annually public examinations are held and *Diplomas* granted to advance Students when duly qualified, who are afterwards appointed to Medical duties in the Nizam's Local Civil Districts and to the Hyderabad Contingent Force.

Surg-Major S. J. Wyndowe, M. D., Suptl.	Sub-Assistant Surgeon E. Mayberry, Dispensary Assistant, with two Native Medical Assistants.
Mr. B. Johnston, Assistant.	

Anglo-Vernacular School.

In January 1866 an Anglo-Vernacular School for native youths was built and established by Captain Hastings Fraser's efforts when Superintendent of Police.

The Managing Committee consists of one European President and seven native Members, one Treasurer and one Honorary Secretary, as follows:—

President.—Major G. H. Trevor, Secy. for Berar to H. D.

MEMBERS.

P. Somasundran Moodelliar | C. DePenning, Hon. Secy.

Treasurer.—Pudumsee Nainsee, Banker.

Native Protestant Schools for Boys and Girls.

Mr. ——— Schoolmaster.

Christ's Church.

(For Protestant Native Christians.)

This Church was erected in 1868, during the incumbency of Sir George Yule, who was much interested in the work, and who added largely to the liberal contributions of the European and East Indian community residing at the Station, by whom the work was completed.

Resident's Civil Office.

FINANCIAL AND ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. B. Hughes, Head Accountant.

Mr. E. Schaeffer, Accountant.

CORRESPONDENCE DEPARTMENT.

Mr. T. Cunliffe, Head Clerk, with 17 Clerks.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr. V. Sadasoo Pant, Clerk of the Court.

Mr. Kishan Row, Mahatta Karoon.

PERSIAN DEPARTMENT.

Mahomed Amersooden, Sheristadar.

Syed Mahomed, Head Persian Moonshien.

PRINTING DEPARTMENT.

Mr. J. S. Edwards, Superintendent.

Mr. C. Mayne, Dy. Supt.

MONEY ORDER DEPARTMENT.

Ganapathy Moodelliar, Clerk.

Military Secretary's Office.

Mr. C. B. DePenning, Head Clerk. | Mr. C. L. Prayago, Clerk.

Mr. Sreenewada Rao, Clerk, Audit Department.

SECUNDERABAD.

This is an extensive Military Cantonment divided into several portions for the location of the various troops composing the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force. Vast improvements and additions have recently been made in its general appearance by several new buildings, good roads, &c.

SECUNDERABAD CONTAINS—

St. John's Church.
Brigade Ophanage and English School.
Public Rooms, Victoria Theatre, Library and Reading Room, all combined in one building.
Masonic Lodge, (St. John, No. 434.)
Travellers' Public Bungalow.
Post Office near the Travellers' Bungalow.
Band Stand.
Bible and Book Depot.
Tamil Mission Chapel.
Mission School for Native Christian children.
Strangers' Home for destitute Europeans.
Workshop for European and East Indian Women, under the superintendence of a Committee of Ladies.
Outwall Police Choultry with a Guard of Native Infantry.

Grand Police Nakah or Tannah, with a clock tower attached to it.
Anglo-Vernacular School, (for Native youths.)
Parsee Merchants' Shops (Cassell & Co.)
Parsee Agiary, (Fire Temple.)
Parsee Tower of Silence (Burial Mount.)
Grand Auction Sale Rooms (Nussanjee & Co., Eduljee and Co., A. Bonner, and Co. Proprietors.)
Milliner's Depot, (J. Hales & Co.)
Ice Depot, (Simpson & Co.)
Photographic Depot (Thoy and Co.)
Crescent Printing Press, for Newspapers.
Undertakers' Establishments.
Catholic Cathedral.
Catholic Orphanage and Nunnery.

Rev. R. J. Brandon, D.D., Chaplain of St. John's Church, Secunderabad.
Rev. C. Archibald, Church of Scotland, Chaplain of Secunderabad.

Military Cantonment at Secunderabad.

Five miles north of the Residency is the Head-quarters Station of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.

Troops composing the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force are as follows:—

1 Battery of European Horse Artillery.	1 Regiment of Native Cavalry.
3 Batteries of European Foot Artillery.	2 Companies of Native Sappers & Miners.
1 Regt. of European Cav. (12th Lancers.)	4 Regiments of Native Infantry.
2 Regiments of H. M.'s European Foot.	

Staff.

Major Genl. A. W. Macintyre, C.B., Comdg.	W. H. Bean, M.D., Deputy Surgeon Genl. of Hospitals, Indian Medical Department.
Lieut. Jones, Aide-de-Camp.	Major Ashton Mayne, Cant., Mag.
Major Beulby, Asst. Adjutant Genl.	Lt. Col. L. F. C. Thomas, Commissary of Ordnance.
Col. R. H. Bolton, Asst. Qr. Mr. Genl.	
Col. E. H. Power, (Barrister-at-Law), Depy. Judge Advocate.	

Livery and Coach Establishments.

Nib and Coach Building Establishment—Rookmajee, Proprietor.
Coach-hire and Repairing Establishments—Rookmajee.
Omibus and Livery Stables—O. P. Cama, Parsee Proprietor.

Secunderabad Workshop for European and East Indian Women.

The above useful Institution was recently established at the recommendation of Mrs. Saunders, and is conducted under the superintendence of a Committee of Ladies.

Executive Engineer's Department, Secunderabad.

Capt. L. F. Bollen, Executive Engineer, Trimulgherry Construction Division.
Capt. Fox, M. E., Executive Engineer.
Higgin's Esq., Assistant Engineer, Secunderabad.

Post Office, Secunderabad.

E. M. Dawes, Esq., Inspg. Postmaster. | L. Fernandez, Postmaster.

TRIMULGHERRY.

At Trimulgherry are the Barracks of the European Regiments of the Subsidiary Force as also of the Horse Artillery. Nearly all the Troops have been removed from Secunderabad and Balgumpett to the new and stately buildings erected at Trimulgherry. At Trimulgherry is also an entrenched fort, which contains all the Barracks and principal buildings of the two Regiments of European Infantry, affording accommodation if need be for four thousand people. It is surrounded by a stone ditch and earthen parapets flanked by five batteries. Besides there are an Arsenal (removed from Secunderabad), two Magazines, Commissariat Store Houses, a Bakery, and a good supply of water. The Head Quarters of the 12th (Prince of Wales' Lancers) have been removed into the splendid buildings that have been erected at north Trimulgherry. North Trimulgherry is

S. E. of the Bolarum Residency, and immediately behind Byam's Cenotaph, this will give the reader, who knows anything of this locality, some idea, of what the Station of Trimulgherry now is. Several Officers' Quarters are nearly finished to the East of and in line with the Bolarum Residency, and within a short distance of it.

There is a Church also at Trimulgherry, which answers the convenience of British Europeans at that Station.

Rev. Wynne, M.A., Church of England, Chaplain of Trimulgherry.

BOLARUM.

Is 12 miles north of the Residency, a Military Station for troops of the Hyderabad Contingent. The Protestant Church at this place is a neat Gothic structure, erected by public subscription in 1845. The Rev. C. H. Pelly is the Chaplain of Bolarum. There are also two Catholic Chapels, (Irish and Goa), a Post Office and an English school for children of both sexes of Europeans and East Indians. A People's garden has also been beautifully laid out, and is a great ornament to the Station. The Band of the Infantry Regiment plays in the garden once a week. Owing to the proximity of Bolarum to north Trimulgherry, the Troops (Lancers) are marched to the Bolarum Church for Divine worship. The Church is about to be enlarged to provide sufficient accommodation for the Lancers.

The following Civil Offices are located at Bolarum:—

Superintending Engineer's Office, Bolarum.

Colonel F. Alexander, Supg. Engr., P. W. Dept., and Secy. to the Resident. | T. Hamilton, Asst. to Supg. Engr.
Mr. J. White, Head Clerk.

Controller of Public Works Accounts.

Mr. R. A. Butterfield, Head Accountant. | Price Phillips, Esq., Controller.

Deputy Accountant General's Office, Bolarum.

J. Mackey, Esq., Dy. Accountant General. | Mr. R. A. Flanagan, Supt. Book Dep.
Mr. P. Stracey, Chief Assistant.

Money Order Department, Berar Circle.

J. Mackey, Esq., Controller, Money Order Office.

Police Office.

Captain H. S. Stewart, Police Superintendent.

AURUNGABAD.

about 300 miles from the Residency, is a Military Station occupied by Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent.

An English Church.
A Post Office.
A Travellers' Bungalow.
A Police Office.
A Mess House.

An Arsenal for Military Stores.
An Anglo-Vernacular School.
A T. C. Mission School.
A Shop for the sale of English Goods.

ELlichPUR.

(in Berar), about 340 miles north of the Residency, is a Military Station for Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent. Anciently it was a very important and prosperous City, held in Jagheer by the celebrated Nabob Namdar Khan, deceased.

NEAR JAULNAH a Native Christian Mission Settlement with a Church and other requisite and useful buildings, viz., wells, a manse, two school-houses for boys and girls, an hospital and industrial shed, were established under the able, zealous and indefatigable superintendence of the Rev. Narrain Sheshadri, a Missionary of the Free Church of Scotland from Bombay.

Ecclesiastical.

The Hyderabad Assigned Districts, form a separate Ecclesiastical charge in connection with the Sec of Madras. The Head Quarters are at Amraoti; Rev. H. Haden, Additional Clergy Society, Chaplain of Berar.

There are Churches at
Amraoti, opened in October 1871.
Akola, do. do.
Ellichpur and Hingoli, opened in 1874.

The Out-stations of the Chaplaincy are—

Akola, Chikulda, Yotmal, Buldana,
Ellichpur, Khangaon, Bassim, Hingoli.

There is a Mission connected with the Church Missionary Society at Buldana. The Deputy Commissioners of most of the Districts are Ex-officio Marriage Registrars.

HIS HIGHNESS THE NIZAM'S REGULAR AND CITY TROOPS.

His Excellency the Nawab Mookteer Ool-Mook Sir Salab Jung, Bahadoor, C.C.S.I., the Prime Minister.

General Staff.

Major P. Gough, Military Secretary. | Bunseel, Sheristadar.
Lieut. G. Badgen, Off. Assistant do. | Isree Persaud, do.
Girdary Persaud, Sheristadar.

Brigade Staff.

Major R. Nevill, Commander. | Lieut. T. Davis, Riding Master.
Do. E. D. J. McCarthy, Supt. of Clothing. | Do. T. Cateua, Quarter Master.
Senior Surg. J. Bayley, In charge of Hosps. | Do. T. Bayley, Staff Adjutant.
Capt. L. S. McCarthy, Chief of the Staff. | Asst. Surg. R. Hutton, Medl. Storekeeper.
Sergeant B. Lawder, Staff Surgeon.

His Highness the Nizam's Artillery, Hyderabad.

2 Horse and 1 Bullock Battery.

Capt. Comdt. G. Schaeffer, Commanding. | Lieut. Madoo Rao.
Do. B. Ogilvie, Comdg. No. 2, H. Battery. | Do. J. W. Greig.
Lieut. Meer Jaffer Ali, do 3, B. do. | Sub-Lieut. G. Lee.
Do. E. Dupratt, Adjutant. | Surgeon J. E. Charnett.
Do. J. Harris, Comdg. Det. at Shorapore.

African Cavalry Guard, Hyderabad.

Capt. Comdg. H. Bayley. | Lieut. G. N. Green.
Lieut. Syed Abco Taleb. | Asst. Surg. J. Martin.
Do. G. H. Farrell, Adjutant.

1st Hyderabad Lancers, Hyderabad.

Capt. Syed Ahmed, Commanding. | Lieut. G. M. Farrell.
Lieut. Meer Reassuth Hossain, 2d in Comd. | Sub-Lieut. Ahmed Ooola Khan.
Do. C. Green, Adjutant. | Asst. Surg. J. Farrington.

2nd Wanganthy Lancers, Mukul.

Capt. Mahomed Mirza, Commanding. | Lieut. Abdul Bozzak.
Lieut. W. Barnett, 2d in Comd. | Sub-Lieut. Mahomed Khan.
Do. C. King, Adjutant. | Asst. Surg. Mirza Ruscof Ali.

3rd Lancers, Hyderabad.

Capt. E. Long, Commanding. | Lieut. Meer Karim Ali.
Lieut. Meer Keorban Ali, 2d in Comd. | Sub-Lieut. Syed Mahmood.
Do. J. O. Butler, Adjutant.

1st Regiment Light Infantry, Hyderabad.

Capt. P. K. Fallon, Commanding. | Lieut. Harry Co. Field.
Lieut. P. E. Allix, 2d in Command. | Sub-Lieut. Dhyeom Ali Mirza.
Do. W. Boardman, Adjutant. | Asst. Surg. D. Keess.

2nd Infantry, Hyderabad.

Capt. J. E. Boardman, Commanding. | Lieut. Mahomed Bakie.
Lieut. J. E. B. O'Brien, 2d in Command. | Sub-Lieut. T. Ogilvie.
Do. V. E. Dupratt, Adjutant. | Asst. Surg. J. A. Moore.

3rd Infantry, Shorapore.

Capt. W. H. Fallon, Commanding. | Lt. U. L. Stephenson, Doing duty as Adjt.
Lieut. R. H. Hartle, 2d in Command. | with Left Wing, 4th Infy., at Dearraee.
Do. Syed Ebrahim. | Lieut. C. R. Bombario.
Asst. Surg. Mirza Saffar Ali.

City Troops—4th Infantry, or Rajah Palku, Hyderabad.

Capt. L. Finglas, Commanding. | Lieut. E. Wabab, Adjutant.
Lieut. J. De Costa, 2d in Com.—Comg. Left Wing at Dharrasee. | Do. Mahomed Idrees.
Surgeon W. Mayberry.

5th Infantry, or Cuspal Regiment, Hyderabad.

Lieut. J. H. E. Allix, Commanding. | Lieut. J. Yotag, Adjutant.

6th Regiment, or Inaruth Palku, Hyderabad.

Capt. M. J. C. Griffin, Commanding. | Lieut. Mahomed Shumsoonoon Ali.
Lieut. E. A. Gomez, 2d in Command. | Asst. Surg. D. V. Giuchino.
Do. Mahomed Furreed, Adjutant.

Cadets attached to the Regular and City Troops in the Service of His Highness the Nizam
Rannarain, 6th Infantry. | Syed Idrees, 1st Lancers.
Nowrojee Byramjee, A. C. Guards.

MANGALORE.

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District Engineer, Major H. Smalley, R. E.
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Sub Engineer, V. M. Fernandez.
Supervisor, J. M. D'Mello.

Barrister-at-Law.

Eyre B. Powell.

Military.

34th Regt. N. I., Commandant Col. Marsack.
Surgeon Major R. Dempster.

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Shett Prohlu, Fladji Abu Bakr Beary, A.
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Meteorological Observer.

B. H. Williams, M.D.

District Registrar of Assurances.

B. C. Leggatt, Esq., Deputy Collector.

Publications.

Bi-Monthly—The South Canara Gazette
(English and Canarese)
Monthly—The Kerahapakari (Malayalam.)
Do. The Kraitsa Sahitapatra (Canarese.)
Annual—(Vernacular) at the Basal Mission
Press—The Malayalam Almanac, and the
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Dy. Collector in charge of Salt and Customs
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Huzar Treasurer, G. May.

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Sub-Judge, K. Krishna Menon.

Mangalore District Munsiff, A. Venkata-

mana Rao
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NELLORE.

Public Buildings, &c.

Collector's Office.....	Kachari Square.
District and Session Court.....	Trunk Road.
Police Office.....	Kachari Square.
District Engineer's Office.....	Trunk Road.
Jail.....	Fort.
Public Works Stores.....	Kistnapatnam Road.
Church.....	Trunk Road.
Travellers' Bungalow.....	Do.
Civil Dispensary.....	Durgamut.
Branch Dispensary.....	Kachari Square.
Municipal Office.....	Fort.
Reading Room.....	Do.
Christ Church School.....	Church Compound.
District Press.....	Kachari Square.
Post Office.....	Fort.
Telegraph Office.....	Do.
Free Church Mission Hall & School	Mulapett.
Hindu Anglo-Vernacular School....	Kistnapatnam Road
Lying-in-Hospital.....	Kachari Square.

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OOTACAMUND NILGIRI LIBRARY,

ESTABLISHED 1859.

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During the past year, the Nilgiri Library has been duly Registered under the Government of India Act XXI of 1860, and a certificate to that effect has been obtained from the Registrar of Madras.

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The Library is well provided with Standard Works in every department of literature and science.

The most useful and popular Books of the day in every subject are procured upon publication.

The Books are in good order, are much circulated, and are increasing in number. One-fifth of the Books are often out in the hands of subscribers at the same time. At the end of last March, they totalled 8,707 volumes; 572 volumes were added during the past year, of these 26 were presented to the Institution.

READING ROOM.

A Reading Room is part of the Institution, in it are 36 Newspapers and 25 Magazines and Periodicals, or 61 in all both European and Indian; there is above a Letter-box for the convenience of Subscribers to post their letters.

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Members are those who pay a Donation, an Annual Subscription wherever resident, and a Local Monthly subscription from the 1st of each month during residence within local limits. There are now 112 Members on the books of the Institution.

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The affairs of the Institution are managed by a Committee composed of a President and twelve Members, one of whom the Government of Madras appoints.

An Annual General Meeting of the Members of the Institution is held in the first week of July of each year, for the election by Members' ballot of the President and eleven Committee-men for the ensuing year. Not less than thirty Members can at any time call a General Meeting of Members by giving fourteen days' notice.

All Members pay an Entrance Donation of Rs. 10, an Annual Subscription of Rs. 12, and a Local monthly Subscriptions of Rs. 2½. Admission tickets are priced 5½, and Rs. 6 for a single monthly ticket respectively; persons who have paid a donation under the old rules to pay Rs. 3½, all others Rs. 6.

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The objects contemplated in the Establishment of this Institution are two-fold—first, to do honor to the memory of a great and good man, the late Sir Henry M. Lawrence, K.C.B.; second, "to benefit the children of the European soldiery, by providing for them a refuge, both from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate and the demoralizing influence of a Barrack life."

The amalgamation of the Madras Military Male Orphan Asylum with the Ootacamund Lawrence Asylum was effected in September 1871, on the completion of the new Buildings at Lovedale.

The number at present on the rolls are, boys 330 and girls 60.

The salubrity of the situation (which surpasses that of some of the healthiest public schools in England) is shown by the diminished percentage of sick in Hospital, and the robust appearance and healthy appetite of the children.

Although the Institution may be said to have been adopted by the State, it is not perhaps so generally known that Government has never contemplated doing more than furnishing it with a liberal *Grant-in-aid*. Contributions are earnestly requested that the benefit of the Asylum may be more widely extended to a class which has one of the strongest claims on British Subjects in India. Four years' annual subscription of Rupees 50, or a donation of Rupees 300, gives a title to nominate a child.

The boys receive such a training as will fit them for usefulness hereafter in various lines of life, whilst the girls are employed in such occupations as will tend to qualify them to become useful wives and mothers, should they be spared. The clothing and most of the indoor work in both branches is done by the children, and native servants are dispensed with as much as possible.

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Dore Cunnoo Pillay	2nd do.	do.
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[We are indebted to the Dewan of Travancore for the following information.]

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In charge,

Mint.

Superintendent, T. V. Sooba Row.

Unjel or Sircar Post.

Superintendent, Nanoo Sastri.

Elephant Department.

Superintendent, T. Amjee Row.

Sirkar Vakeel Department.

Head Vakeel, S. Padmanabha Iyen, M.A.

Magistrates.

Dewan Peishcar and Magistrate, Northern division, P. Shangoony Menon.

Do. do. do., Quilon do., T. Rama Row.

Ag. Dy. do. do. do., Trevandrum do., C. Puteheappa Naicker.

Do. do. do., Southern do., S. Shungara Soobier.

Town Magistrate, Alleppy, Hugh Crawford.

Magistrate, Cardamom Hills, C. B. Verneda, pro tem.

Conservator of Forests and Magistrate, Conrad R. Verneda.

W. T. Cosby, Magistrate, Central and Southern Coffee Districts.

*Tahsildars.**Southern Division.*

Tahsildar and Sub-Magistrate of Thovalay,
Peravampuzha Pillay, B.A.

Do. do. Augusteeswaram, P. Soobramony Pillay, Acting.

Do. do. Eraneel, Hurri Row.

Do. do. Culeolum, Soondravaloo Moodalliar.

Do. do. Kashava Pillay, Irrigation Department.

Trevandrum Division.

Tahsildar and Sub Magistrate,
Trevandrum, Theroovikramen Thumby, Ag.

Trevandrum, Varatha Iyen, 2nd.

Neryyattimaray, Letchumana Iyen.

Nedovengud, Govinda Pillay.

Suremghel, Krishna Pillay.

Quilon Division.

Tahsildar and Sub Magistrate,

Quilon, Sathavageswaradayan, B.A.

Cottaracaray, Kashava Pillay.

Puthanapoorum, Chockalingum Pillay.

Shencottah, Runga Row.

Kunattoor, Pulpanabha Pillay.

Mauvickaray, Ramachundra Iyen.

Chenganoor, Kurisharaputra Pillay.

Thiroovellah, Ramaswamy Iyen.

Karamagapally, Letchmyapatti Iyen.

Kartigapully, Soorianaraina Iyen.

Umbalapalay, Neelacunda Pillay.

Shertally or Northern Division.

Tahsildar and Sub Magistrate,

Vycome, Enayy Pillay.

Shertally, Naraina Pillay.

Ettoomanoor, Sooba Iyen.

Cottayam, Moothukrishna Naidoo.

Aulengaud, Shenbacarama Pillay, Acting.

Chingacherry, Kamen Pillay.

Meenachel, Ramaswamy Iyen, Ag.

Moratoopalay, Iyeppen Pillay.

Thodooopalay, Kashava Pillay.

Paravoor, Vythanatha Iyen.

Kunstoonaud, Mathaven Pillay, Acting.

Sub-Magistrates.—Southern Division.

Salt Sheristadar and Sub-Magistrate, Sree-
neevasa Row.

Sub-Magistrate, Irrigation Department,
Nanjendaud, Sumtha Meah Vulli Meah,

Do. Kotar, Mathaven Pillay.

Do. Aramboly, Soobaraya Pillay.

Do. Killyoor, Pulpanaba Pillay.

Do. Thiroovettar, Pulpanaba Pillay.

Do. Colachel, Ponampalam Pillay, Ag.

Master Attendant and Sub Magistrate for
enforcing Boat Rules, Colachel, Yagapa
Pillay.

Trevandrum Division.

Town Sub-Magistrate, Trevandrum, Pulpa-
naba Naidoo.

Sub-Magistrate, Parachalay, Pulpanaba
Pillay

Do. Poovar, Marthanda Pillay, Ag.

Do. Neyyom, Govinda Pillay, Ag.

Do. Kalacootum, Govinda Pillay, Ag.

Do. Nadayarah, Rama Row, Clerk, Eng-
lish Office, doing the duties of Sub-Magis-
trate, Nadayarah.

*Quilon Division.**Town Sub-Magistrate.*

Quilon, P. White

Paravoor, Pulpanaba Iyen

Kolathoorpoley, Pulpanaba Pillay

Cayencolum, Pulpanaba Pillay

Pathanemthetah, Narayana Pillay

Poolineconoo, Govinda Pillay

*Northern Division.**Town Sub-Magistrate.*

Alwaye, A. J. Daveigas.

Ariyad, Lakshmana Iyen, Acting.

Arceecooty, Kashava Pillay

Peravam, Krishna Pillay

Koomaragom, Soobramanya Pillay

Canjerapully, Ramen Pandalay.

Monumbem, Mathaven Pillay

Valayaden Pillay, Peermade.

Town of Alleppy, Sub Magistrate, J. Rice.

Master, English District School, Shereen-
guli, doing the duties of Sub Magistrate

Alleppy.

Sub Magistrate, Central & Southern Coffee
Districts, A. Cochookrishna Pillay

*Judicial Department.**Sudder Court, Trevandrum.*

1st Judge, T. Chellappa Pillay, B.A. & B.L.

2nd do., W. E. Ormsby, M.A., I.L.D., Bar-
rister-at-Law, (on leave).

P. D. Shaw, B.L., Acting.

3rd do., T. Vedadrissada Moodahar

4th do., T. Krishna Iyen.

Pundit, Ramaswamy Shastri

Ag. Registrar, M. Chockalingum Pillay, B.A.

do. Manager, C. S. Maragathavaloo Mdr., Ag.

Sheristadar, T. Harihara Soobien Moodalliar

Melethoo, N. Ramakrishna Pillay.

Hd. Sircar Vakeel, S. Padmanatha Iyen, M.A.

*Licensed Pleaders attached to the
Sudder Court.*

William Sydenham Gantz, Barrister-at-Law.

Alfred G. Gover, Do.

S. R. Locke, Do.

W. VanSmeren, Do.

And 73 other Pleaders.

District or Zillah Courts, Trevandrum.

1st Judge, M. K. Pulpanaba Pillay, B.A., Ag.

2nd do., C. Singaravaloq Moodalliar

Additional Judge, T. F. Lloyd

Sircar Vakeel, N. Koveony Nedooogady.

Licensed Pleaders, 33.

PUDMANABAPOORUM.

1st Judge, C. G. Gressaux, Acting

2nd do., A. Govinda Pillay, B.A. & B.L.

Sircar Vakeel, Ramen Pillay.

Licensed Pleaders, 18.

QUILON.

1st Judge, R. Ragnada Row, B.A.

2nd do., T. Laitonals, Acting

Adol. Judge, K. Krishna Pillay

Sircar Vakeel, S. Vythanatha Iyen

Licensed Pleaders, 82

ALLEPPY.

1st Judge, G. S. Arianayagam Pillay, B.A.

2nd do. V. Venkata Row, Ag. [& B.L., Ag.

3rd do. Ramen Menone

Additional Judge, M. C. Neelacunda Pillay.

Sircar Vakeel, Soondra Iyen

Licensed Pleaders, 42.

PARAVOOR.

Judge, T. B. Narayana Pillay, Acting.

Sircar Vakeel, Marthanda Pillay.

Licensed Pleaders, 21.

Moonseiff's Courts

Vadashary, Pulpanabapoorum, Parachalay,

Trevandrum, Perapencode, Quilon, Kotta-

racaray, Thiroovellah, Shencottah, Ari-

paud, Vycome, Yetmanoor, Ambalapalay,

Mootoopalay, Paravoor, Krishnapoorum,

Alleppy.

Additional Moonseiff's Courts.

Nagereoil, Parachalay, Trevandrum, Krish-

napoorum, Alleppy, Yetmanoor, Paravoor

Observatory, Trevandrum.

In charge, Cocheravay Pillay

Assistant, Pulpanaba Pillay

Museum.

Honorary Secy., J. Sperschneider, M.D.

Writer, J. T. Murray

Public Gardens.

Honorary Secy., J. Sperschneider, M.D.

Head Gardener, ———

Durbar Physician.

J. M. Houston, M.D., (M. Med. Est.)

Vaccine Department.

Supt., S. Pulney Andy, M.D., (M. Med. Est.)

Head Vaccinator, Gopala Pillay.

The Vaccination Department is under the

orders of the Durbar Physician.

*General and Maternity Hospitals,
Trevandrum.*

The Physician to H. H. Maha Rajah, Supt.

S. B. Sawyer, Sub-Assst. Surgeon.

Mrs. M. Morrison, (Midwifery diploma,

Madras), Matron.

Charity Hospital.

Supt., J. M. Houston, M.D., (M. Med. Est.)

Apothecary in charge, A. Narayana Row.

Lunatic Asylum.

Supt., J. M. Houston, M.D., (M. Med. Est.)

Apothecary in charge, J. L. Gomez.

Jail Hospital.

Supt., J. M. Houston, M.D., (M. Med. Est.)

In charge, L. Bello, Sub Assistant Surgeon.

14 Out-station Hospitals

Travancore Medical Establishment.

Durbar Physician, J. M. Houston, M.D., (M.

Medical Establishment)

S. Pulney Andy, M.D., (M. M. Est.) Asst.

Surgeon.

Sub Assistant Surgeons.

L. Bello, Ramaswamy Raojo, H. W. Martin,

T. L. Anderson, T. Ramaswamy Pillay,

Veerappa Pillay, and S. B. Sawyer, 3 Apo-

thecaries, 14 first Class Assistant Apothec-

aries, 10 third Class Assistant Apothec-

aries, 1 Medical Pupil, 10 Medical Students.

Medical Stores Trevandrum.

In charge L. Bello, Sub-Assistant Surgeon

Travancore Medical School.

Ex-officio Principal, The Durbar Physician.

Lecturers—J. Sperschneider, M.D., J. M.

Houston, Anatomy—Practice of Medicine

—Physiology—Midwifery—Materia Medica

—Forensic Medicine—Surgery—Vaccina-

tion—Clinical Medicine and Surgery—

Practical Pharmacy.

Garden, Mary Ville, (Peermade.)

J. D. Munro, Superintendent of Cardamom

Hills, in charge.

Book Depot, Trevandrum.

Superintendent, M. Paramaswaram Pillay

Central Jail, Trevandrum.

In Medical charge, The Physician to H. H.

the Maha Rajah.

Superintendent, C. Krishna Iyen

Cardamom Hills

Acting Supt. and Mag. O. H. Bensley, B.A.

Forest Department

Conservator of Forests and Magistrate,

C. R. Vernede.

Assistant Conservators J. S. Vernede, M.

Thomas

Superintendents of Police

Alleppy, Hugh Crawford, Mag., (on leave.)

J. Rohde, Acting.

Quilon, P. White, Sub-Magistrate

Alwaye, A. D. Veigas, do.

Trevandrum, Pulpanaba Naidoo, Acting

Commercial Agent, Hugh Crawford (on leave)

J. Rohde, Acting

Sheristadar, Streeneevassa Row

Head Clerk, P. P. Van Ross

Sircar Printing Press

Superintendent, C. Bain

Head Printer, Vythanatha Pillay

Master Attendants

Alleppy, Hugh Crawford, (on leave)

J. Rohde, Acting.

Quilon, P. White, Assistant

Colachel, Yagappa Pillay, Ag.

Customs Department.

Customs Master, Alleppy, Hugh Crawford,

(on leave)

J. Rohde, Acting

Superintendent of Customs,

Alleppy Range, Rajaakama Iyen, B.A.

Arceecooty Range, Narayana Iyengar

Aurienkavoo Range, Siva Soobramanya Pillay

Quilon Range, Pitchoo Iyen

Colachel Range, Sooba Row, Ag.

Aramboly Range, M. Soobaraya Pillay

Revenue-Survey Department.

Surveyor, J. Arkle
Assistant Surveyor, J. James
Detail Surveyor, J. James, Junior

Educational Department.

H. H. the Maha Rajah's College, Trevandrum

College Department.

Principal, John Boss, B.A.
Assistant Masters, S. R. Sheppard, B.A., Vellayanunda Moodalhar, B.A., K. Vasudara Row, P. Thanoo Pillay, B.A., (Temp.)

High School.

Assistant, K. Koonsoony Menon, B.A.
Do. C. Luke
Do. F. Palpo Pillay
Do. S. Ramalinga Iyen, B.A.
Mahayalam Moonsee, Soobramony Iyen
Tamil do. S. V. Harihar Iyen

Preparatory School.

Nagen Thunby, 1 Assistant Master and 9 Monitors

Law Class.

Professor W. E. Ormsby, M.A., LL.D., B.L., (on leave)
P. D. Shaw, B.L., Acting

Girls' School.

Lady Supt., Miss A. C. Donnelly

District English Schools.

Superintendent,
Alleppy, N. Sacha Iyen, Head Master
Kottar, J. Purby, do.
Quilon, J. Brown, do.
Thiruvallur, S. Vivanada Iyen, do., Acting
Eraneel, Pulpambs Iyen, Actg. Head Master
Shencottah, Ganapathy Iyen, Head Master
Cayencolum, M. Mathew, do.
Mauvalicaray, K. Seetharama Iyen, do.
Chungamacherry, J. Daniel, do.
Thiruvallur, K. Shungara Pundala, do.
Sherenignee, K. Narain Row, do., Ag.
Attungal, Ananthasayana Iyen, do.
Paroor, W. R. Landsbeck, do.
Kottaracurry, Venkatarama Iyen, do., Ag.
Poothapamudy, Bhujanga Row, do.
Coolitbony, Appatharay Iyen, do.
Colachel, K. Valoo Pillay, do.
Alwaye, V. Shungra Pillay, do.
Special School, Mauvalicaray, V. Krishna Iyen, Master.

Vernacular Schools.

Director, Neelakunda Pillay
Inspectors, Rama Row, Southern Range
Anandanasayana Iyen, Northern Range
Inspector of Grants-in-aid Schools, Coonjookrishna Pillay
Besides these there are 13 Deputy Inspectors.
Central Vernacular School, Chalay, Head Master, Krishna Pillay, B.A.
Karamany Girls' School, Vencadanara Iyen, Head Master
Fort do., Ganapathy Iyen, do.
Socheendram, Pulpambs Iyen, do.
Kottar, Seethayana Iyen, do.
Do., Tamil, Sivarama Pillay, do.
Eraneel, Ravara Iyen, do.

Kalculum Girls' Hurrihar Iyen, do.
Thiruvettanur, Parashoorana Iyen, do.
Velavencode, Shungasayana Iyen, do.
Neyyattangaray, Narayana Pillay, do.
Nedooovengaud, Mahalinga Sastri, do.
Cottammaray, Venkadeswara Iyen, do.
Quilon, Narayana Iyen, do.
Do. Girls' Hurrihar Iyen, do.
Caroonagapully, Janarthana Iyen, do.
Kartigapully, Govinda Warior, do.
Mauvalicaray, Shungoo Warior, do.
Chengamoor, Ananthan Pillay, do.
Thiruvallur, Soobramony Iyen, do.
Umbalapolay, Krishnan Oony, do.
Shertallay, Narayana Iyen, do.
Vycome, Atchootha Warior, do.
Cottayam, Palpo Iyen, do.
Chungamacherry, Soobramony Iyen, do.
Paroor, Vencadeswara Iyen, do.
Kunnattoor, Boothalingam Iyen, do.
Grant-in-aid Schools, Trevandrum 20
Poverty Schools 194

Newspapers.

The "Travancore Government Gazette," in English and Malayalam, published every Tuesday
"Travancore Times," published tri-monthly at Nagercoil

*British Indian Steam Navigation Company (Limited.)**Colachel Agency.*

Agent—James Grant

Alleppey Agency.

Andrew Irvine & Co.

Christian Missions in Travancore.

1. London Missionary Society
2. Church Missionary Society
3. Vicariate Apostolic of Malabar
4. Do. do. of Quilon
5. Bishopric of Cochin
6. Archbishopric ad honorem of Cranganore
7. Metropolitan See of Malabar

On Special duty.

Commissioner on behalf of Travancore for settling the boundary between Travancore and the Districts of Madura and Coimbatore, Superintendent and Magistrate, Cardamom Hills.

Commissioner on behalf of Travancore for settling the boundary between Travancore and the British Province of Tinnevely
Commissioner on behalf of the Travancore Sircar for settling boundary disputes between it and the Cochin Sircar

Commissioner, Theravien Pillay.
Sheristadar, P. Madaven Pillay.

Public Works Department.

Chief Engineer, W. C. Barton, M.I.C.E. (Bombay P. W. D. Estabt.)

Chief Engineer's Office, Trevandrum.

Manager, C. R. Mitchell
Correspondence Clerk, J. W. Romgardt
Translator and Cash-keeper, A. C. Soobramony Pillay
Storekeeper, D. Govind Singh
Head Draughtsman, J. Jackson

Executive Establishment.

1st Asst. Engineer, A. H. Jacob, B.A.
2nd do. do. S. Horsley
3rd do. do. G. M. D'Albedyhill
Supervisor, D. McNab
Ag. Do. J. Whitbread
Do.
Assistant, P. Davasigamony Pillay, Acting
Do. H. M. Crawford
Do. J. Sinclair
Overseer, T. J. Chinnaswamy Naidoo
Do. T. A. Wood.
Do. A. G. King with 20, 1st and 2nd Class Assistant Overseers and Sub-Overseers

Superannuery Establishment.

Supt. of Tunnels, Warkally, N. Dollamore

British Government Institutions.

Christ Church, Trevandrum, Rev. W. Scott, B.A.
Military Family Payment and Pension Establishment at Trevandrum and Quilon
Post Offices at Trevandrum, Nagercoil, Quilon, Alleppy, Cottayam, Shertally and Colachel, Ashambo and Peernade
Electric Telegraph Offices at Trevandrum, Quilon, Alleppy and Nagercoil
Sub-Magistrates, Anjengo, Swaminatha Iyen, Tangacherry, G. Laporte
Moonsiff, Anjengo, Swaminatha Iyen

LIST OF HOUSES IN OOTACAMUND.

Alexandra House	.. Yusuf Sait	Dean Cottage	.. Mr Catley
Alta Chambers	.. Mr L F Chapman	DeLisle Cottage	.. " Hammett
Alta Villa	.. Mrs Schnarre	Devonshire House	.. " G Higgins
Apple Cottage	.. Mr D Eduljee	Eathorne	.. Mrs Schmid
Armory House	.. Mr T C Allamby	Eckford Cottage	.. " Dowker
Arthur Cottage	.. Mrs Wright	Eduljee Cottage	.. Eduljee Sait
Audry House	.. Mr J Rose	Elizabeth Cottage	.. Mr T C Allamby
Baile House	.. " H B Grigg	Ellen Cottage	.. Mrs Eckersall
Balfour Cottage	.. " Dickens	Elkhill House	.. Major Martin
Balfour Lodge	.. Do.	Elkhill Cottage	.. Framjee Nesser-wanjee
Bellevue (1)	.. Mrs Macdonald	Erin Cottage	.. Mr Higginbotham
Bellevue (2)	.. " Wilson	Ethel Cottage	.. " J Hillier
Belmont (1)	.. Messrs Seanes & Co	Farm Lodge	.. Mrs Morgan
Belmont (2)	.. Mrs Johnston	Farrington House	.. Mr H B Dawson
Birdwood	.. Rev G U Pope	Fernhill	.. Maharajah of Mysore
Bishopdown	.. Mr R Allon	Gable Cottage	.. Colonel S P Scott
Blackwood Cottage (1)	.. " Alex Wright	Garden Cottage	.. Mr Antonio
Blackwood Cottage (2)	.. Moosa Sait	Gayton Park	.. " G Ouchterlony
Blackwood House	.. Colonel S P Scott	Glenburn	.. " E J DeMeder
Bombay Castle	.. Framjee Nesser-wanjee	Glencoe	.. Rev J B Sayers
Bombay House	.. Mr Vaningen	Glendower Hall	.. Mr W E Smith
Bransleyhurst	.. " Cowdell	Glenrock	.. Mrs W G McIvor
Brin-rhos Cottage	.. R Catholic Convent	Glenwood	.. Mr Flanagan
Barford Hall	.. Chappany Pillay	Glynn Villa	.. Mrs Bendish
Burnfoot	.. Mr Cowar	Grace Cottage	.. Mr Ed Ardthoon
Burnside	.. " J W Ryan	Grassmere	.. " G A R Dawson
Burton Cottage	.. Rev G Hodgson	Greenfield Cottage	.. Mrs C Syk
Cabin Cottage	.. Mr Higgins	Greenwood	.. Colonel S P Scott
Candel Cottage	.. Meanjee Sait	Harper Cottage	.. Mr Hammett
Cedars	.. Mr Jer Ryan	Harrington Lodge	.. " Col Michael
Charing-cross Cottage	.. " W Williams	Harrow Lodge	.. " E J DeMeder
Charing-cross Villa	.. Do.	Harrow-on-the-hill	.. " Cunliffe
Cheerful Cottage	.. Mrs C Solway	Hautville	.. " J Ouchterlony
Church Cottage	.. Ed. Arsthoon	Hendrick House	.. Framjee Nesser-wanjee
Church House	.. Church Trustees	Highland Cottage	.. Mr J C Misquith
Chinchona Villa	.. Mr Philip Smith	Hillside (1)	.. " Cunliffe
Claremont	.. Mrs Leggatt	Hillside (2)	.. Mrs Rae
Clarendon Hall	.. Madras Carrying Co	Hillside Cottage	.. Mr R Rialy
Club House	.. Club Committee	Hillview	.. Mrs MacAlpin
Cluny	.. Mrs Lecot	Hiram-in-the-east	.. " Atkins
Commanding View	.. Mr Andrew	Hiram-in-the-west	.. Do.
Commercial Hall	.. Messrs Eagan & Sons	Hopeful Cottage	.. Esoff Sait
Cotissa	.. Mrs Hodson	Hope Lodge	.. Sidie Sait
Craigmore	.. Mr W B Liddell	Hope Villa	.. Mrs Higgins
Cranley Cottage	.. " Penn	Ivybank	.. " W G McIvor
Crews Hall	.. Messrs Orr & Barton	Ivy Cottage	.. " Brown
Cypress Villa	.. Mr Haydon	Kaity Lodge	.. Mr H B Grigg
Daisy Cottage	.. M Escoph Sait		
Dalebrook	.. Mahomed Hoosain		

LIST OF HOUSES IN OOTACAMUND.

Kelso Cottage	.. Col G W Russell	Roadside	.. Meenjee Sait
Kelso House	.. Do.	Rocklands	.. Mr T Onslow
Kelso Villa	.. Mrs VanSomerem	Rosebank	.. Mrs Darling
Kempetow	.. Mr Cunliffe	Rosemount	.. Mr J Ouchterlony
Kilburn	.. Do.	Rosewood	.. Mrs H R Dawson
Knox Cottage	.. Mr J Higgins	St. Ann's	.. Mr Cunliffe
Koondah Cottage	.. Mrs Barclay	St. Stephen's	.. Alex Wright
Lakeside	.. Mr Higgins	Salmon House	.. Mrs Poulson
Lakeside House	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee	Saling Cottage	.. Mr S Coombes
Lambsknove	.. Mrs Darling	Sandrock	.. Mrs McAlpin
Landsknove Cottage	.. Mr Sinclair	Shamrock Villa	.. Mr G Higgins
Larkhill	.. Col Shaw Stewart	Shedden Hall	.. J Miller
Leslie Cottage	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee	Shedden House	.. Do.
Library Cottage	.. Mr J O Knop	Shoreham	.. Mrs Dawes
Lionel House	.. Mrs H R Dawson	Snipe Cottage	.. Mr C R Dawson
Little Shoreham	.. Capt Griffin	Snowdon	.. Genetal Morgan
Llangollen	.. Mr A Frand	Southwick	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee
Lochend	.. J W Minchin	Stonehouse	.. Government
Longwood	.. Hussien Bava	Stonehouse Cottage	.. Col Salmon
Lovedale Cottage	.. Mr Liddell	Stover Cottage	.. Mr T G Davis
Lower Norwood	.. Government	Streamside Cottage	.. J G Hereford
Lower Stellenburg	.. Rev J B Sayers	Summer Cottage	.. F Fletcher
Lowry Cottage	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee	Sunningdale	.. Government
Lupin Cottage	.. Mr J Higgins	Sunnyside	.. Mr Kinsley
Lushington Hall	.. Mrs W G McIvor	Templeton Lodge	.. Major West
Melrose Cottage	.. Mr Honeywell	Towers Cottage	.. Koolsonbeebee
Mill House	.. Mr Minchin	Tudor Hall	.. Genl Baker
Montacute	.. Mr W E Schmidt	Union (Hotel)	.. Mrs Sylv
Montauban	.. Mrs Ettiene	Uppa Cottage	.. Mrs DeSilva
Mount Rosa	.. Rae	Upper Norwood	.. Government
Mount Stuart	.. Genl Madden	Upper Stellenburg	.. Mr J Morgan
Mowbray Cottage	.. Col Wilson	Walpole House	.. H R Dawson
Music Depot	.. Mr J C Misquith	Walsham Cottage	.. Hubbard
Music Hall	.. Do.	Walthamstow	.. Mr Grant
Neptune Castle	.. Mr J Higgins	Warley Lodge	.. Mrs Dawes
Norfolk House	.. G Short & Co	Westbury House	.. H R Dawson
Norview	.. Mr Taylor	Westbury Villa	.. Do.
Oakend	.. Mrs Woodhouse	West Cottage (1)	.. Mr Cunliffe
Oaklands	.. Capt Mitchell	West Cottage (2)	.. Moosa Sait
Old Catchery	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee	Westdown Cottage	.. Mr Newman
Old Library	.. Do.	Westend	.. Capt Godfrey
Ooty Cottage	.. Do.	Westlake	.. Sir W Arbuthnot
Ottley Hall	.. Mrs W G McIvor	Whiphurst	.. R Catholic Convent
Oxton House	.. Mr T G Davis	Whitmore	.. Mr Cunliffe
Parsonage	.. J Higgins	Woodburn (1)	.. Cunliffe
Pepbrook	.. Franjee Nesser-wanjee	Woodbourne (2)	.. W M Scharlieb
Perry Cottage	.. Mrs McAlpin	Woodcock Cottage	.. Col Hadfield
Philharmonic Hall	.. Mr J C Misquith	Woodcock Hall	.. Do.
Plantation House	.. R Allon	Woodcock House	.. Do.
Primrose House	.. Sidden	Woodcock Lodge	.. Do.
Prospect House (1)	.. Hodges	Woodcot	.. Mrs Hodgson
Prospect House (2)	.. Mrs Eekersall	Woodend	.. Simpson
Rielly Cottage	.. Mr Rielly	Woodlands	.. Jagirdar of Arnee
Retreat	.. Muddanah	Woodside	.. Mrs Watson
		Woodstock	.. Genl Woods
		Wood Villa	.. Mrs Simpson
		Woodville Cottage	.. Poulson

LIST OF HOUSES IN COONOR.

Mount Pleasant	.. J Hunter	Alma	.. General Jones
Stane's Old Store	.. Do.	Inkerman	.. Do.
Bridge-end House	.. Do.	Gray's Hotel	.. Mrs Gray
Prospect Lodge	.. Do.	Bellvue	.. Do.
Hatherly	.. T Stanes	Blackheath	.. Do.
Fern Hill	.. Do.	Tea Hill House	.. Mr L Rielly
Fern Wood	.. Do.	Clone Cottage	.. Do.
Elkhall House	.. J Mills	AnnLore Cottage	.. Do.
Belacava	.. General Jones	Tipperary Lodge	.. Do.

LIST OF HOUSES IN COONOR.

Brooklands	.. W Lee Kerb	Tecoma Cottage	.. Miller
Springdale	.. J H Aspinwall	Bomarsund	.. Meenjee Sait
Fairlight	.. J T Murray	Myrtle Cottage	.. Mrs Miller
Stillbook	.. Do.	Arnold Cottage	.. S Bates
Bon Accord	.. Do.	Glenview Hotel	.. J Davidson
Daisy Bank	.. Mrs Mary Darling	Hillside	.. T W Hill
Rose Hall	.. Do.	Charlie Hope	.. T W Hill
Hope Ville	.. Do.	Glaixdale Cottage	.. Col Benson
Courtenay Cottage	.. Mrs M B Darling, Senior	Carolina Cottage	.. Col Salmon
Clifton House	.. Mrs Cardoza	Boncon Cottage	.. Mrs Addis
Peach Cottage	.. Col Dalyell	Harewood	.. Mr J Deschamps
Kingston	.. F Walsh	Glenview Cottage	.. L Garthwaite
Ashley Works	.. Groves Wait & Co	Springhead Cottage	.. E Hall
Brookview	.. F A Groves	Ellenhope	.. Mrs Webster
Minstead Lodge	.. Col Salmon	Ellendale	.. Mrs Webster
Runnymede	.. Meenjee Sait	Ellenhill	.. Do.
Finland Cottage	.. Do.	McIver Villa	.. Mrs McIver
Coonor Lodge	.. Mrs C Hayne	Rue Cottage	.. J Rue
Hillgrove Hotel	.. Mrs Holmes	Nos. 27 & 28, Mt Road	.. T Honeywell
Belmont	.. Trustees Kaity Mission	Streamside	.. F Antony
Church Hill House	.. Basel Mission	Woodhouselee	.. C E P Vernede and Mrs Ewart
Holmwood	.. Col Dalyell	New Cottage, Nos 1 & 2, T Stanes	.. M Hill
Millford Lodge	.. J H Aspinwall	Sylvan Cottage	.. R Woolley
Hampton Cottage	.. Mrs Hawksworth	Wyoming House	.. American Mission

LIST OF PERMANENT RESIDENTS IN ERCAUD.

Names of Houses.	Residents.	Owners.
Shamrock Castle	.. Captain & Mrs Markham	.. Captain Markham.
The Parsonage	.. Occupied by the Off. Clergy-man	.. Public Property.
The Retreat	.. Dr. & Mrs. John Shortt	.. Dr. Shortt.
Beattie's House	.. Deputy Tahsildar Mr. & Mrs. McBride	.. Government.
The Grange	.. Mr. Frager, Superintendent of the Estate	.. Late Lecot & Co., under management of Arbuthnot & Co.
Balmadies	.. Mr. W. E. Gilbert, Superintendent	.. Mrs. Daly.
Stammore	.. Mr. Lovett, Superintendent	.. Mr. L. Lemesle.
Tony Ville	.. Mrs. Daly and family	.. Captain E. H. Short.
Bellevue	.. Mr. & Mrs. L. Lemesle, the Misses Lemesle	.. Mrs. Beresford Short.
Stone Acres	.. Mrs. E. H. Short	.. Mr. J. Sée.
Dovedall	.. Mrs. Beresford Short, Mrs. Oliver	.. The Misses Mayers, under management of Messrs. Stanes and Co.
Joseph's Ville	.. Mr. J., & Mrs. & Miss. Sée	.. Mr. Priatla.
Tipperary	.. The Misses Mayers	.. Mr. C. Rahn.
Ferahill	.. Mr. Crichton, Superintendent	.. Mr. J. Campbell.
Carlton House	.. Mr. C. Rahn and Mr. F. Lecot	.. Mrs. A. Cammiade.
Swiss View	.. Mr. & Mr. J. Campbell	.. Mr. Dixon Carter.
Cammiade's House	.. Mrs. A. Cammiade	.. Mrs. Brown.
Ferndell	.. Mr. & Mrs. Dixon Carter	.. Mrs. Brown.
Stoke Ville	.. Mr. Owen	.. Mrs. Brown.
Brown's House	.. Mrs. Brown, Mr. & Mrs. Stephens	.. Mrs. Leckler.
Vine Cottage	.. Mr. W. T. Leckler, Mrs. & Miss Leckler	.. Catholic Mission.
Roman Catholic Parsonage	.. Revd. Father Godet	.. Mrs. Foulkes.
Fischer's Bungalow	.. Mr. Brown, Civil Apothecary	

LIST OF PERMANENT RESIDENTS IN ERCAUD.

Names of Houses.	Residents.	Owners.
<i>Green Hills.</i>		
Bear's Cave	Mr. & Mrs. R. Viscardi	Mr. R. Viscardi.
Green Braes	Mr. & Mrs. J. F. Hunter	Major Hunter.
	Mr. & Mrs. Hurlock & Mr. C. Secé	Mr. Hurlock.
High Fields	Mrs. Reid	Mrs. Reid.
Jordan Valley	Mr. C. Grant	Mr. C. Grant.
Mount Pleasant	Mr. & Mrs. Gaitskill	Mr. Gaitskill.
Craigmore	Mr. C. Leckler	Mr. Leckler.
Brooklyn		
<i>Nugalore.</i>		
Hopville	Mr. & Mrs. Inarene	Captain E. H. Short.
Glen Peak	Mr. & Mrs. McMahon	Mr. McMahon.
Woodlands	Captain E. H. Short & Sons, Mr. & Mrs. T. Short	Captain E. H. Short.
Louisiana	Mr. & Mrs. C. A. Cammiade	Mr. Cammiade.
Belvedere Villa	Mr. Perreux	Mr. Perreux.
Lurara	Mr. Freeman	Mr. Ricketts.

Houses generally Let in Ercaud.

Names.	Present occupants chiefly visitors.	Owners.
Grassy Banks	Mrs. Stevens	Mr. McMahon.
Sunny Meade	Colonel Searle, Misses Searle, Chamier and King	do.
Ivy Cottage	Mr. & Mrs. R. B. Foote	Rev. Mr. Percival.
Elizabethian Cottage	Mr. & Mrs. E. H. Doveton	Mr. J. McFarlane.
Lake View House	Vacant	Mr. T. McFarlane.
Pyramid House	do.	J. H. Doveton, Esq.
Pyramid Cottage	do.	do.
Fairlawns Hotel	Mr. Leighton, Mr. Stanborough	Mrs. L. Lister.
Belle Vue Bungalow	Vacant	Mr. L. Lemesle.
Melrose House	do.	Mrs. R. Leckler.
Melrose Bungalow	Mr. & Mrs. Nicholson	do.
Rockdell	Vacant	Bishop Fennelly.
Atlicur Lodge	Dr. & Mrs. Ratton	Dr. Ratton.
Charing Cross Bungalow	Vacant	Mr. Kalun.
Kelvedon Lodge	Major Gubbins	Mr. Stephens.
Lovely Spot	Mr. & Mrs. John Bradshaw	Mr. Kalun.
Fischers House (Retreat)	Never let (Reserved)	Mrs. Foulkes.
Glendower	Vacant	do.
Basel Mission Bungalow	Mrs. Wanske, Miss Halkier	Lutheran Mission.
Silistria	Vacant	Late Lecot & Co's, under management of Arbuthnot & Co.

Public Offices, &c., in Ercaud.

Post Office.	Catcherry, Sub-Magistrates.
Library.	Public Bungalow for Travellers.
Protestant Church.	Chutrum for natives.
Roman Catholic Chapel.	Police Station and Lines.
Lutheran Mission Chapel.	Badminton Ground, Lawn Tennis Court,
London Mission Chapel.	and Croquet Ground.

ERCAUD COFFEE ESTATES—(SHEVAROYS).

Estate.	Proprietors or Leases.	Agents.	Resident owners or Assistants Superintendents.	Acreage.	
				Total.	Cultivated.
Verand				1057	350
Lewis					80
Mondeempury				494	40
Catoxand				120	70
Vannurpady				953	35
Kolimgampady				1094	90
Goondoor				435	36
Baileymund				112	60
Woodlands				181	668
Hopville				811	155
Brooklands				600	310
Moondichett					
Josipis					
Tonyville					
The Retreat.					
Uttur					
Tippary					
High Fields.					
Balmadies					
Ercaud					
Hermings					
Silistria					
Stannore					
Green Braes.					
Kurdoor					
Moolvay					
Pallipaddy					
Brooklyn					
Lugewood					
Melrose					
Blackrock					

Estate.	Proprietors or Lessees.	Agents.	Resident owners or Assistant Superintendents.	Acreage.	
				Total.	Cultivated.
Jordan Valley	Mr. Reid.	Stanes and Co.	Proprietor.	150	80
Louisa	Messrs. Cammide.	Do.	Mr. C. A. Cammide.	345	70
Mount Pleasant	Mr. C. Grant.	Stanes and Co.	Proprietor.	45	20
Maryland	Mr. E. Viscardi.	Binny and Co.	Do.	495	85
Frankville	Do.	Do.	Do.	68	25
Belvedere	Mr. Pelley.	Stanes and Co.	Do.	130	80
Ferrill	Mr. O. D. P. Frank.	Do.	Mr. O. D. P. Frank.	180	73
Koodreponthaw	Mr. J. F. A. McFarlane.	Stanes and Co.	Proprietor.	77	57
Franklyn	Do.	Do.	Do.	45	25
Ercaud Estate	J. M. McFarlane.	Do.	Do.	61	15
Freeman's	J. Freeman.	Stanes and Co.	D. Lutchmah Naidu.	63	30
Golden Valley	J. Holroyd Doveton, Esq.	Do.	Proprietor.	35	15
Joachim's	Mr. J. J. Stephens.	Stanes and Co.	Do.	82	20
Chelva	Mr. C. Rahim.	Do.	Do.	70	15
Claremont	Mrs. J. Oliver.	Do.	Do.	80	15
Glenrock and Mary Anne	Rev. P. Percival.	Do.	Proprietress.	30	6
Lake Estate	Mrs. B. B. B. B. B.	Do.	A Native.	40	20
Petham	Annebellum Avelbury.	Stanes and Co.	Proprietor.	82	30
John's	D. Solomon.	Do.	Do.	41	15
Solomon's	J. Manacum.	Do.	Do.	123	65
Manacum's	Mr. J. Campbell.	Do.	Do.	130	80
Swiss View	Mr. J. Gaiskill.	Do.	Do.	140	70
Craigmore	Mr. L. Bicketts.	Do.	Mr. L. Freeman.	60	50
Larri	Mr. J. A. Doveton.	Do.	Proprietor.	50	40
Casades	Mr. Dixon Carter.	Do.	Do.	216	75
Ferndell	Mr. L. Lentesle.	Do.	Do.	115	25
Belle Vue	Mr. C. F. McMahon.	Do.	Do.	32	15
Glenpeak	Mr. H. F. Gilly.	Do.	Do.	123	50
Honey Peck	Mr. R. Hunter, Junior.	Do.	Do.	275	25
Parade	Mr. E. E. E.	Do.	Mr. Quarme.	30	20
Scottish	Coffee Loan Company.	Do.			
John's Estate	Mr. Casey.	Do.			

THE SHEVAROY HILLS

Are situated in the Salem Collectorate between 78°20 East longitude and 11°50 North Latitude, and is reported to comprise 100 square miles. The highest point is about 5,000 feet above the level of the sea. Ercaud is the chief European settlement containing a Protestant Church, Roman Catholic Chapel, Post Office, Library and Reading Room, Hotel, Civil Dispensary, Traveller's Bungalow, Chattram for native Travellers, Cutcherry, Police lines, &c. There is a resident Deputy Tahsildar. It is 14 miles distant from Salem, and 12 miles from the Shevaroy Hill Station. It has two ghats or approaches; one on the southern side communicating with the Town of Salem, and the Salem Railway station, and the other leading to the Shevaroy Hill Station. These ghats are not practicable for wheeled carriages, supplies being brought up by coolies or pack bullocks. A market or bazaar is held once a week on a Wednesday whence supplies can be purchased. Bread, mutton, and beef are brought for sale to the door. There is a small European shop where English Provisions, Wines, Spirits, Beer, &c., is procurable.

In addition to the Civil Dispensary under the care of a Civil Apothecary, a Retired Medical Officer conducts private practice.

Whilst Ercaud is the chief and only Post Station, it forms the centre from whence radiate within a circumference of 10 miles, the various Coffee plantations.

Coffee is the chief product whilst most of the English fruits and vegetables, and all the English flowers are successfully raised. Tea and cinchona are grown in experimental patches on some estates. The various gum trees (Eucalyptus) and firs are also met with. Many beautiful views of the low country are to be seen from most of the houses. Green Hills or the Shevaroyan forms the highest point. There are many villages scattered about various parts of the Hills in small groups consisting of from 20 to 100 conical shaped huts inhabited by a tribe of natives called Malayallies. Labour is cheap and abundant, independent of the Malayallies coolies from Salem come and work on the estates, men at one Rupee a week, women at 10 annas, and children from 6 to 8 annas a week. These Hills get the benefit of both the S. W. and N. E. monsoons. There is a decent carriage road in and about Ercaud; and good bridle paths leading to the various plantations and to most of the villages. The house accommodation for Europeans is yearly on the increased and large number of visitors resort thither to enjoy its quiet, lovely scenery, and beautiful climate. The season lasts from April to October; but at all times of the year, a few visitors or health-seekers are to be met with. The permanent residents are chiefly planters. The climate is healthy; but from imprudence and careless exposure and fatigue, visitors are liable to take fever, as well as natives and servants from the plains who from exposure to rain, and neglecting to change their clothes, they suffer much from fever, and from recklessly eating unripe fruit they get dysentery. Ercaud is about 220 miles distance from Madras by rail and may be reached within 12 hours when proper arrangements are made for ascending the Ghat. It is about the same distance from Belpore, 97 miles from Coimbatore and 126 from Trichinopoly.

Most of the waste lands on these Hills now not private property is covered with forest trees, and applications for such blocks as a rule, are not granted. The only land now available is in the Salem Nad of the Shevaroy Hills which it is possible to secure under the waste land rules.

THE PULNEY MOUNTAINS

Are situated in the Madras District of Southern India, between 10° and 10° 16' North latitudes, and 77° 55 East longitude and connected to the Western Ghats by an isthmus or ridge of hills about 8 miles in width, being otherwise isolated. Bounded on the North by Coimbatore and Trichinopoly districts whilst those of Madras and Tanjore lie to the East. Kodakudal being the name of the plateau, in and about which the Europeans reside. It is 7,000 feet above the sea level, the annual rainfall is about 60 inches. There are only four permanent residents, twenty houses, three in course of building, and eighteen sites selected for building purposes.

The native village consists of over 100 houses belonging chiefly to emigrants from the plains, and they comprise chiefly servants of the European residents, visitors, and others. The South India Railway now runs to within 40 miles of these Hills.

The Railway Station is *Annamalakum* from whence tansits are procurable to Periacolum where there is a nice bungalow. The bridle path may be taken, or the carriage road from Davadannaputti which is only finished to the extent of 15 miles.

The Public Buildings are the American Mission Chapel and School house, a Roman Catholic Chapel, a Government Post Office, and a Municipal Dispensary. The season for visiting these Hills being the months of March, April, and May. The American residents and the officials of the Madras district are the chief whilst a few from the other districts resort to these Hills. All supplies have to be procured from the large cash station of Periacolum at the foot of the Hills, and all European supplies from Madras.

There are no coffee, tea, or cinchona plantation on the upper Pulneys. They exist in the lower Pulneys which is malarious, the head quarters of coffee is Perior, the distance between Perior and Kodakanal is a ride of 11 hours. There are numerous small coffee estates on the *Siru malai* Hills, Dindigul Taluk, and also in the Periakulam Taluk of the Madura District ranging from 5 to 40 acres each, chiefly held by ryots.

List of Houses and Permanent Residents at Kadakanal, Pulney Hills.

Survey Number.	Houses.	Residents.	Owners.	Houses generally Let.
1	Building Site.	.. None	.. Captain Guthrie	
2	Do. do.	.. do.	.. Major Drury	
3	Levinge's Bungalow	.. V. H. Levinge, Esq.	.. V. H. Levinge, Esq.	.. Never Let.
4	Roman Catholic Mission Bungalow	.. None	.. Roman Catholic Mission	.. Never Let.
5	Remnad Bungalow	.. do.	.. Dr. Gamack	.. To be Let.
6	Christian Brethren Mission Bungalow	.. do.	.. Christian Brethren Mission	.. Never Let.
7	Church Mission Society Bungalow	.. do.	.. Church Mission Society	.. To be Let.
8	French's Bungalow	.. do.	.. John French, Esq.	.. do.
9	Building Site	.. do.	.. American Mission	.. To be Let.
10	Prospect Villa	.. do.	.. T. J. Reidy, Esq.	.. In course of construction
11	American Nunnery	.. do.	.. American Mission	.. To be Let.
12	East House	.. do.	.. do.	.. do.
13	West House	.. do.	.. do.	.. do.
14	Central House	.. do.	.. do.	.. do.
15	Noye's Bungalow	.. The Rev. T. Noyes	.. The Rev. J. Noyes	.. Never Let.
16	Marden's Bungalow	.. J. Marden, Esq.	.. J. Marden, Esq.	.. do.
17	Building Site	.. None	.. D. McNair	.. In course of building.
18	Scott's Bungalow	.. do.	.. J. M. Scott, Esq.	.. For Sale.
19	Lake House	.. do.	.. R. R. Meadows	.. For Sale.
20	Tapp's Bungalow	.. J. E. Tapp	.. J. E. Tapp	.. Never Let.
21	York's Bungalow	.. None	.. W. Yorke, Esq.	.. For Sale.
22	Building Site	.. do.	.. J. E. Tapp	.. do.
23	do. do.	.. do.	.. T. J. Reidy, Esq.	.. do.
24	do. do.	.. do.	.. W. Yorke, Esq.	.. do.
25	do. do.	.. do.	.. J. E. Tapp	.. do.
26	do. do.	.. do.	.. American Mission	.. do.
27	Fischer's Bungalow	.. do.	.. R. Fischer, Esq.	.. For Sale.
28	Building Site	.. do.	.. Roman Catholic Mission	.. do.
29	do. do.	.. do.	.. do. do.	.. do.
30	Gompertz' Bungalow	.. do.	.. H. Gompertz, Esq.	.. In course of construction
31	Building Site	.. do.	.. Captain Gordon	.. do.
32	do. do.	.. do.	.. J. D. Goldingham, Esq.	.. do.
33	do. do.	.. do.	.. R. Davidson, Esq.	.. do.
34	Colonel Law's House	.. do.	.. Colonel Law	.. For Sale.
35	Nutshell	.. do.	.. A. E. Pale, Esq.	.. To be Let.
36	Building Site	.. do.	.. Colonel Moberly	.. do.
37	do. do.	.. do.	.. J. French, Esq.	.. do.
38	Shembaganon Bungalow	.. do.	.. W. McQuhae, Esq.	.. For Sale.
39	Mitchell's Bungalow	.. do.	.. Colonel Mitchell	.. do.

PEERMADE HILLS, TRAVANCORE.

Names of Estates.	Acce- age.	Acreage under cultivation.	Tea.	Coffee.	Proprietors.	Managers.	Agents.
Ashley Estate	212	207	..	..	J. D. Munro	H. T. Clarke	Aspinwall and Co.
Bison Valley	141-66	130-60	..	..	J. D. Munro and R. Baker	..	Do.
Blairquhan	287	161	..	..	J. Hunter Blair	..	Do.
Bon Amie	380	56-66 being felled	..	..	F. W. Orr	..	Do.
Brighton	225	101	..	..	G. R. Orr	..	Do.
Chathachannan	503-22	206	..	..	H. T. Clarke and Aspinwall & Co.	..	Do.
Chentara	503-22	206	..	..	A. Spittler	..	Do.
Fairfield	239	44	..	..	R. N. and H. T. Clarke	..	Do.
Ghat	238	150	..	..	F. G. Richardson	..	Do.
Glenmary	253	100	..	..	J. Burrows	..	Do.
Grashy	200	50 opened	..	..	H. Crawford	..	Do.
Hill-end	371-86	321	..	..	Peermade Coffee Coy., Limited	..	Do.
Hope	553	200	..	..	H. Crawford	..	Do.
Mary Anne	150	65	..	..	C. Joseph	..	Do.
Maryland	275	36	..	..	H. and G. Egan	..	Do.
Munan Creek	200	69	..	..	E. H. Sargent	..	Do.
Newland	200	69	..	..	R. N. and H. T. Clarke	..	Do.
Oposocolum	264	100	..	..	M. R. D'Quadros	..	Do.
Palkhaud	271	103	..	..	F. M. Parker	..	Do.
Pennahurst	70	40	..	..	General D. H. Stevenson, J. H. Aspinwall, H. Crawford and J. R. Oughterson.	..	Do.
Pervandanom	222	150	..	..	Ragnathia Row	..	Do.
Pulpara	750	315	..	..	H. N. Egan	..	Do.
Stagbrook	129	70	..	..	Rev. H. Baker	..	Do.
Twyford	123	73	..	..	J. D. Munro and J. Burrows	..	Do.
Upper Ghaut	81-06	72	..	..	H. N. Egan	..	Do.
Virginia	561	330	..	..	J. V. D'Quadros	..	Do.
Warblade	..	..	..	..	General D. H. Stevenson, J. H. Aspinwall, H. Crawford and J. R. Oughterson.	..	Do.
Wasupinghy	..	..	..	..	..	..	Do.
Westerton	..	..	..	..	..	..	Do.
Woodlands	..	..	..	..	..	..	Do.
Westbedag	..	..	..	..	..	..	Do.

MOFUSSIL TRADE LIST.

BANGALORE.

Auctioneers, Merchants, &c.

Abraham & Co.	South Parade
Ross & Co.	do
J Porter & Co.	Brigade Road
J Bryan	St. John's Road
T H Phaure	St. John's Hill
H Rueben	St. John's Road

Bankers.

W Fitzgerald	Agent, Madras Bank
N R Bain	Ag't, Bangalore Bank
Mysore Bank	Pettah.

Bakers and Confectioners.

T Leonard	South Parade
Tomroy Chetty	Near Railway crossing
Veeraswamy	New Market
Maduram & Co.	St. John's Hill

Boarding Establishment.

W W Gaunt	Church Street
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Book Binder.

W W Gaunt	2, Brigade Road
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Book Sellers.

W W Gaunt	2, Brigade Road
J Faulkner	Book Depository

Boot and Shoe-Makers.

Eagan and Sons	Residency Road
W W Gaunt	2, Brigade Road
Kenny and Co.	Choolay
W King	do
Todd	Cavalry Road

Carrying Agents.

L D Silva & Son	Richmond Road
Ross and Co.	South Parade
Mysore Carrying Co.	Brigade Road

Chemists and Druggists.

Riggs and Co.	Brigade Road
O'Hara and Co.	Residency Road
Cruikshanks & Barrow	St. John's Road
R Watcham	New Market Road

Civil and Military Tailors.

Werner, Jacob & Co.	Residency Road
Mootoswamy	Mysore Hill
T E White	South Parade
J Williamson	Haines' Road

Coach Builders.

Gow and Co.	Richmond Road
T Launder, (also Undertaker),	Haines' Road
J O'Bryan	Cockburn Road

Engravers, Sculptors and Painters.

S Mullenoux	St. John's Road
A Marlam	Cavalry Road

Hotels.

Cathcart	High Ground
The Cribbon, Mr. Brown,	Cribbon Road
The Bowring	Dickinson's Road

Livery Stable-keepers.

The Bangalore Comm. Stables,	Cross Road
E H Smaller and Co.	Brigade Road
G Farmer	Brigade Road

Soda Water Manufactory.

R Stephenson	South Parade
Porter & Co.	Brigade Road
O'Hara & Co.	Residency Road.

General Shopkeepers.

Abbey Chetty & Co.	Cavalry Road
Abdool Khader & Co.	Commercial Street
Aroot Narrainswamy Modly & Co.	Cav. Rd.
V. Ruthna Chetty	Church Rd., John's Hill
V. Gungathara Chetty & Co.	Coml. Street
Coopoo Chy. & Sons	Commercial Street
Cooposwamy & Co.	St. John's Hill
Jaun Mahomed	Residency Road
N Narrain Chy. & Co.	Cavalry Road
S B Jam Mahomed & Sons.	Do.
Soobrey Chetty	Commercial Street
Veraswamy Chy. & Co.	Do.
V. Singaravallu Chy. & Co.	Do.

Midwives residing at Bangalore.

Mrs. H Leonard	Richmond Town
" Bourke	Hospital Road
" M A Andrews	Haines' Road
" C R Jelly	St. John's Hill
" M Neave	Residency Road
" Collins	Richmond Town
" Schultz	Dickinson's Road

Milliners and Dress-makers.

Mrs. Williamson	Haines' Road
Mrs. Dewy	Residency Road
H Jones & Co	South Parade

Photographers.

Orr and Barton	South Parade
J Issiah & Son	Brigade Road
H Van Igan	South Parade

Printing Presses.

Albion, Mr. Gaunt, Proprietor	
Government, Mr. Garrett, Superintendent.	
Roman Catholic	
Spectator, Mr. Leonard	
Examiner, J W Hayes	

Veterinarians.

W Farmer	Rest House Lane
R Siddons	Residency Road

Victoria Iron Works.

S G Wallace	Proprietor
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Watch and Clock-makers, Jewellers, &c.

Orr and Barton	South Parade
Barnes	Brigade Road
A Marlam	Cavalry Road
S K Narrain Row & Co.	Do.

BEYPORE.

General Agents.

Andrew & Co. (Branches at Allepey and Calicut), Merchants & Coffee Curers, Agents for the British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited), George W. Wheatley & Co. (of London) and The Positive Government Security Life Assurance Company, Receiving and Forwarding Agents.	
Stanes & Co. (Partners, R. Stanes & J. B. Keith) Merchants & Coffee Curers.	

Telegraph Department.

The Government and Madras Railway Company	Telegraphs amalgamated.
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Hotel.

(Above Railway Station.)	
Proprietor—P. Canren.	

BIMLIPATAM.

Messrs. Stuart Hall and Co.—Partners, Stuart Hall (Europe), J. M. Bryce (Cocanada)—Assistant, Alister McNab (Bimlipatam)—Agents B. I. S. N. Co.'s Line, Universal Marine Insurance Corp'y.

A. Macnab, Vice-President, Municipal Commission.

Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.—Agent, J. W. Arbuthnot (Eur.), Acting Agent, Mr. Elsworth.

Messrs. Simson Brothers—Partners, A. T. Simson, E. C. Simson, L. Simson and C. W. Simson—Agent in Bimlipatam, E. Pernon.

Messrs. Minchin and Co.—Partner, C. N. Minchin—Agents Commercial Union Assurance Company, London and Lancashire Life Assurance Company & Positive Life Assurance Company—Agents for Abkarry Renters in Vizagapatam District.

Messrs. Ripley & Co.—Partner, G. Ripley.

Messrs. Perreux Freres—Partners, A. Perreux and E. Perreux.

Guyot and Co.—Partner, Albert Guyot.

Bank of Madras.

A. C. Irwin, Agent, (Eur.) Acting Agent John Best.

Apothecary in charge of Hospital.

Mr. E. Gillson, Asst. Apothecary, 1st Class.

Master Attendant.

Captain R. Minto.

CALICUT.

Merchants and General Agents.

Andrew & Co.—Branches at Beypore & Allepey—Partners, Donald Andrew & Alfred Wilkinson Goslin—R. Morrison and W. McCumpha, Assistants, Agents for Lloyds, the British India Steam Navigation Company (Ltd.), Positive Government Life Assurance Company, and Messrs. G. W. Wheatley and Co. of London.

(Basel) Mercantile Mission Branch.

T. Elsaesser, Agent—T. Ostermeyer, Assistant, General Warehousemen for European and Country goods, Oilman stores, Stationery, Piece Goods, Haberdashery, Leather, Tin and Brass Goods—Cutlery, Crockery, Glassware and Toys—Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Candles, Soaps, Oils and Paints, Books, &c.—Sole Agents for the Arabaku Titing Works, Mission Carpentering Establishment.

Hinde & Co.—Partners, A. E. Hinde & T. J. Ferguson; Assistant, D. Ferguson.

Maneckji, D. & Co.—Agents for The Oriental Government Security Life Assurance Company, (Limited).

Paffy & Co.—Agent, J. B. Burnett.

Peirce, Leslie & Co.—Branches at Cochin and Tellicherry—Partners, R. H. Peirce,

and D. S. Gillison—Assistants, W. Cottrell and R. S. Anderson—Agents for the Moyer Coffee Company (Limited), Commercial Union Assurance Company, Home and Colonial Marine Insurance Company (Limited).

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Pudukudi.
Savakali Ramasami Pillai, from Palamcottah
to Pudukudi.
Parasam Punalakaran, from Palamcottah to
Pudukudi.

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C. Koothanayna Pillai, Municipal Comr. in
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P. Viraraghaviah, Hazur Sheristadar.
G. V. Chinnaiah Pillai, Tahsildar.
Inspector of Schools, 5th Division.
Deputy Inspector of Schools.
Range Officer, D. P. W.
Shanmuga Kumarasami Mudaliar.
Muttia Pillai
Kistna Rao.
Muttasami Aiyar.
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Samicannou and Co.
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Rocom Coopi Chetty.
Saddassivom Manica Moodelly.
Tadavram Fernanda Chetty.
C. Nacayanetty.
Mouton Ratina Chetty.
M. Veyabooty Chetty.
Ramalinga Sababadi Chetty.

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Savaza.
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Mr Bandesach. | Mr. Francine.
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Bohler, Ship Chandler | Madame Bulliard.
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Forge, Grosse Chaudronnerie and fonderie
de Cuivre, Reparations aux Navires, &c.
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J. Brito.

Farrier.—Morganddie.

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Lt. Col. D. W. Williams, offg. for Col. W.
H. A. Butler, 2nd in Command.
Major C. C. Hewerton, Offg. for Major F.
Obbard, Wing Officer, Commanding
Detachment at Trichoor.
Captain H. A. A. Prior, Acting Adjutant.
Sub-Lieut. W. G. Maxwell, Ag. Quarter-
Master.
J. Backhouse, Surgeon, in Medical charge.

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Eduljee and Co. do
A Bonner and Co. do
Nuswanjee and Co, Secunderabad
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Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Cursetjee and Co | J Killen, Bolaram
Eduljee and Co | Hajee Curreen & Co
Nuswanjee and Co, | J. Dorabjee and Co.
Deccan Hall. | A Bonner and Co.

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C. Cama and Co., Secunderabad, branch
Trimulgherry.
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Alla Ruca Ebrahim and Co
Fazajee Sorabjee, Government Auctioneer,
Secunderabad
A Bonner and Co., Secunderabad
Cursetjee and Co., do
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Cursetjee and Co., Secunderabad
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Denshajee Roostunjee, Chuddergaut
Eduljee and Co., Secunderabad
Hajee Kurreen and Co, Secunderabad.
Nuswanjee and Co, Secunderabad, Branch,
Trimulgherry
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Deccan Times Press.

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Waldegrave, W W (for Bible and Book
Depot (Secunderabad), Shaik Omer.

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Viapoor, Chudderghaut
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R F Thoy, Secunderabad

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Deccan Times Press, Secunderabad
Ram Reddy and Co, Albion Press, Secunderabad
Empress of India Press, Secunderabad

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Thorpe and Co., Secunderabad
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Pestonjee Nomrojee, Secunderabad
Gonzalves, J. Secunderabad
Morris, T, Chudderghaut
Robinson, C. do
Simpson, J, Brothers, Secunderabad
Thoy, R. F. do
Moothusawmy Pillay, Secunderabad
Pianist, &c.—Zscherpel, J. E, Chudderghaut
British Hotel, by Bazenjee Furdonjee.

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Deccan Times Bi-Weekly

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Mrs. Hennessey.
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Mrs. Hills.
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T. Coottyamoo.
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D. St. Patrick Swyny.
T. F. Vanspall.

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Kristina Sheney.
Rangay Chetty.

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Ardeser Merwanger.
Olieth Mainally.
Ponambeth Coonhadum.
Olieth Coonhadum.
Ponambeth Mainally.
Chabanniam.

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Vidiarthy Sandanau.—Proprietor, K. K. Manen.

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Francis D'Cruz.
Thomas D'Cruz.
Thomas Rozario.

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J. P. Pereira.
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V. Monteiro.
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Abdool Kader.

Cart Contractors.

Mazoly Cheery Cunden.
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Proprietor—T. B. Armuga Moodelliar & Co.

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Wythilingum Assary } Worriore
Rithnam Assary }

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K. Singham Iyengar, (Govt. Pleader)
Sooba Iyer, B.A.
Mr. G. A. Salsbury
Kristnamachary
R. Cooposawmy Iyengar
Cooposamy Iyer
Puncannatha Iyer

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B. Muttusamy Moodelliar
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Major Smalley, *Vice-President*
D. Pariyasamy Modelliar
P. Vencatasamy Naidoo
T. Puttabheran Pillai
T. S. Sawmy Pillai
Aseervathum Pillai
Vencatass Towker
Lutchmeenaraina Iyer
Syed Mahomed Khan Saib
A. Pachyappa Moodelliar
Dr. Hoharah

Street Ringum Municipal Commissioners.

H. Sewell, Esq., *President*
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Soap Merchants.

Appasannoo Chetty, | Sinnapa Chetty.
Rungiah Naik, | Virapadiachy

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C. Chinnasawmy Naidoo. - Rayaloo Naidoo.

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C. B. Dowden & Co. - J. E. Allen (one of the Proprietors) is now conducting business; Asst. T. Allen; G. Oates, Engineer.

Darley, Butler & Co. - p. pro. E. H. Skrine; Assistant J. Crow; Engineer, W. G. Smith

C. J. Barber. - has bought the premises of Parry & Co., and is conducting business himself. Asst. B. C. Crowe.

F. Adderley. - Sole Proprietor. Engineer, A. B. Cammins.

Tinnevely Press Company (Limited). - Manager, L. Kuhn; Engineer, W. J. Hindhaugh.

British Indian Steam Navigation Company (Limited). - Acting Agents: Darley, Butler and Co.

Bank of Madras - Tuticoria Branch - J. McDougall, Acting Agent; Gopalasamy Naidoo, Cashier.

Shopkeepers.

Edward Thomas & Co., (This is to separate very shortly and is to be Thomas & Co., Edward & Co., as before); B. Fernando & Co.

Hotel keeper.

Victoria Hotel, Proprietor V. Letchminen.

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President. - The Collector of Tinnevely;
Vice-President. - The Sub-Collector of Tinnevely; Commissioners, G. A. Phipps, E. H. Skrine, D. C. Leary, J. J. Talivan, More; M. L. Motha; P. Pachaspernam Chetty; B. Sadagopa Naidoo; A. Vathannayan Chetty.

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J. E. Winckler

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Vizagapatam-Port.

Mr. T. D. Perriman, Commission and General Agent - Auctioneer, Tuner and Repairer of Pianos.

Mr. J. D. Shirreeve, Wine Merchant.

Mr. G. Hodson do.

James David, Hotel keeper.

Mrs. Howill, Indian Condiments.

Wine Merchant and General Agent.

Mr. J. M. Brown.

PART XII.—APPENDIX.**ACTS**

PASSED BY THE

GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL,

APPLICABLE TO THE THREE PRESIDENCIES.

—: 0 :—

1877.

ACT XVIII.

THE SALT ACT, 1877.

PASSED 27TH DECEMBER, 1877.

An Act to amend the law relating to Salt.

Preamble.

For the purpose of amending the law relating to Salt; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

*Short title.**PRELIMINARY.*

1. This Act may be called "The Salt Act, 1877;"

Commencement.

And it shall come into force on the twenty-eighth day of December 1877.

Repeal of enactments.

2. The Acts specified in the Schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same Schedule.

"Maund" defined.

3. In this Act "maund" means a maund of 82½ lbs. avoirdupois weight.

*GENERAL.**Duty on salt imported by sea.*

4. The Indian Tariff Act, 1875, Schedule A, No. 49, shall be amended as follows, that is to say:—

(a) in column three, for the figures and word "3,200 talahs," the figures and words "82½ lbs. avoirdupois" shall be substituted; and

(b) in column 5, for the numbers "1" and "13," the numbers "2" and "8" respectively shall be substituted.

BOMBAY AND MADRAS.

5. On all salt imported by land into any of the territories administered by the Governor of Bombay in Council, or the Governor of Port St. George in Council, a customs-duty shall be levied at the rate at which customs-duty is for the time being levied on salt imported into the same territory by sea.

BOMBAY.

6. On all salt manufactured in any of the territories administered by the Governor of Bombay in Council, an excise-duty shall be levied at the rate at which customs-duty is for the time being levied on salt imported into the same territory by sea.

MADRAS.

Madras Act VI of 1871 amended.

7. For Section 11 of the Madras Salt Excise Act, 1871, the following shall be substituted:—

"11. On all salt manufactured in any district, or part of a district, to which this Act may be extended, an excise-duty shall be levied at the rate at which customs-duty is for the time being levied on salt imported into the said presidency by sea, and shall be paid under such orders as the Board of Revenue from time to time make in this behalf:

"Provided that no such duty shall be leviable until the salt is about to be removed from the place of storage, and that no salt shall be so removed without a permit authorizing its removal from store; and such permit shall specify the quantity to be removed and the excise-duty levied or due thereon."

8. The Government of Fort St. George shall from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, fix as part of the price of every maund of salt sold under its orders within any local area, such sum or sums as it may deem sufficient to cover the cost of importation, purchase, manufacture, storage, transport, sale and wastage.

Sum to be imposed to cover cost of salt.

9. The said Government may from time to time vary such sum or sums for any description of salt, or for any local area, with reference to all or any of the following considerations, (namely):—

- (a) the place in which the salt is sold;
- (b) the quantity of the salt sold in any transaction;
- (c) any other circumstances affecting its sale.

10. The price to be paid to the said Government in any local area mentioned in any notification under Section eight or Section nine shall, for every maund of salt sold in such area, be equal to the customs-duty for the time being leviable on a maund of salt imported by sea into the Presidency of Fort St. George, together with the sum or sums fixed under the said sections.

The sums under Section eight shall be taken, until altered for any local area by notification under Section eight or Section nine, to be the following, namely: in the districts of Malabar and South Canara, for home-made salt, five Annas per maund, and for imported salt, eight Annas per maund, and in all other districts of the Presidency of Fort St. George, three Annas per maund.

ORISSA.

11. In modification of Bengal Act No. VII of 1864, Section 9, a duty shall be paid on salt manufactured at any place in the Division of Orissa by persons licensed under that Act, at such rate, not exceeding three Rupees, four Annas, as the Governor-General in Council may from time to time fix for such place.

THE SCHEDULE.

Number and Year.	Subject.	Extent of Repeal.
VI of 1844	Transit duties: Salt	Section 43.
XXIV of 1869	Salt in Madras and Bombay	So much as has not been repealed.
X of 1874	Salt in Ganjam and Orissa	So much as has not been repealed.
XV of 1874	Laws' Local extent	So far as it relates to Act XXIV of 1869.
XI of 1875	Salt in Madras	The whole.

ACT XIX.

PASSED 28TH DECEMBER, 1877.

An Act to enable certain District Judges to suspend and remove certain ministerial officers, and for other purposes.

WHEREAS it is expedient to empower the District Judges of the Lower and the North-Western Provinces of the Presidency of Fort William, and the District Judges of the Presidency of Fort Saint George to suspend and remove ministerial officers of the Courts of Subordinate Judges, Munsifs and District Munsifs; and whereas it is also expedient to provide in the Presidency of Fort Saint George for the transfer of ministerial officers from one Court to another; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Amendment of Act No. VI of 1871. 1. After the second paragraph of Section 36 of the Bengal Civil Courts Act, 1871, the following paragraph shall be inserted (that is to say):—

"The District Judge, within whose jurisdiction such Court is situate, may, by order, suspend or remove any such ministerial officer."

Amendment of Act III of 1873, Section 23. 2. For Section 23 of the Madras Civil Courts Act, 1873, the following shall be substituted (that is to say):—

"23. The ministerial officers of the Courts of the Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs shall be appointed by such Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs, respectively, subject to the approval or confirmation of the District Judge within whose jurisdiction such Courts are situate, and may be suspended or removed from office either by the said District Judge or (subject to his approval or confirmation) by such Subordinate Judges and District Munsifs respectively."

Addition after Section 24 of Act III of 1873. 3. After Section 24 of the same Act, the following section shall be inserted:—

"24A. The Local Government may, at the instance of the District Judge, transfer from any Court, except the High Court, to any other Court, except the High Court, all or any of the ministerial officers of the Court of such Judge, or of any Subordinate Judge or District Munsif under his control."

"The District Judge may transfer all or any of the ministerial officers of any Court under his control to any other such Court."

1878.

ACT I.

PASSED 9TH JANUARY, 1878.

THE OPIUM ACT, 1878.

An Act to amend the Law relating to Opium.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to opium; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Local extent.

It shall extend to such local areas as the Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, from time to time direct:

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The Opium Act, 1878."

Commencement.

And it shall come into force in each of such areas on such day as the Governor-General in Council in like manner directs in this behalf.

2. The enactments mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the said schedule:

And in Acts No. XI of 1849, No. XXI of 1856, and No. X of 1871, and in Bengal Act No. II of 1876, the words "intoxicating drugs" (wherever they occur) shall not include opium.

The reference made to Bombay Regulations XXI of 1827 and XX of 1830 in Act No. VII of 1836 shall be read as if made to the corresponding sections of this Act.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

"Opium" includes also poppy-heads, preparations or admixtures of opium, and intoxicating drugs prepared from the poppy:

"Magistrate" means, in the Presidency towns, a Presidency Magistrate, and elsewhere a Magistrate of the first class or (when specially empowered by the local Government to try cases under this Act) a Magistrate of the second class:

"Import" means to bring into the territories administered by any local Government from sea, or from foreign territory, or from a territory administered by any other local Government:

"Export" means to take out of the territories administered by any local Government to sea, or to any foreign territory, or to any territory administered by another local Government:

"Transport" means to remove from one place to another within the territories administered by the same local Government.

4. Except as permitted by this Act, or by any other enactment relating to opium for the time being in force, or by rules framed under this Act or under any such enactment, no one shall—

- (a) cultivate the poppy;
- (b) manufacture opium;
- (c) possess opium;
- (d) transport opium;
- (e) import or export opium; or
- (f) sell opium.

5. The local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may, from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act, to permit absolutely or subject to the payment of duty or to any other conditions and to regulate within the whole or any specified part of the territories administered by such Government, all or any of the following matters:—

- (a) the cultivation of the poppy;
- (b) the manufacture of opium;
- (c) the possession of opium;
- (d) the transport of opium;
- (e) the importation or exportation of opium; and
- (f) the sale of opium, and the form of duties leviable on the sale of opium by retail:

Provided that no duty shall be levied under any such rule on any opium imported and on which a duty is imposed by or under the law relating to sea customs for the time being in force or under Section six.

6. The Governor-General in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the Gazette of India, impose such duty as he thinks fit on opium or on any kind of opium imported by land into British India or into any specified part thereof, and may alter or abolish any duty so imposed.

7. The Governor-General in Council may, by order notified in the Gazette of India,

- (a) authorize any local Government to establish warehouses for opium legally imported into, or intended to be exported from, the territories administered by such local Government, and

(b) cancel any such order.

So long as such order remains in force, the local Government may, by notification published in the official Gazette,

(c) declare any place to be a warehouse for all or any opium legally imported, whether before or after the payment of any duty leviable thereon, into the territories administered by such Government, or into any specified part thereof, or intended to be exported thence, and

(d) cancel any such declaration.

An order under Clause (b) shall cancel all previous declarations under Clause (c) of this section relating to places in the territories to which such order refers.

So long as such declaration remains in force, the owner of all such opium shall be bound to deposit it in such warehouse.

8. The local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may, from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act to regulate the safe custody of opium warehoused under Section seven; the levy of fees for such warehousing; the removal of such opium for sale or exportation; and the manner in which it shall be disposed of, if any duty or fees leviable on it be not paid within twelve months from the date of warehousing the same.

Penalty for illegal cultivation of poppy, &c.

9. Any person who, in contravention of this Act, or of rules made and notified under Section five or Section eight,
- (a) cultivates the poppy, or
- (b) manufactures opium, or
- (c) possesses opium, or
- (d) transports opium, or
- (e) imports or exports opium, or
- (f) sells opium, or
- (g) omits to warehouse opium or removes or does any act in respect of warehoused opium,

and any person who otherwise contravenes any such rule, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished for each such offence with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine which may extend to one thousand Rupees, or with both;

and, where a fine is imposed, the convicting Magistrate shall direct the offender to be imprisoned in default of payment of the fine for a term which may extend to six months, and such imprisonment shall be in excess of any other imprisonment to which he may have been sentenced.

10. In prosecutions under Section nine, it shall be presumed, until the contrary is proved, that all opium for which the accused person is unable to account satisfactorily is opium in respect of which he has committed an offence under this Act.

Confiscation of opium.

11. In any case in which an offence under Section nine has been committed—
- (a) the poppy so cultivated;
- (b) the opium in respect of which any offence under the same section has been committed;
- (c) where, in the case of an offence under Clause (d) or (e) of the same section, the offender is transporting, importing, or exporting any opium exceeding the quantity (if any) which he is permitted to transport, import, or export, as the case may be, the whole of the opium which he is transporting, importing, or exporting;
- (d) where, in the case of an offence under Clause (f) of the same section, the offender has in his possession any opium other than the opium in respect of which the offence has been committed, the whole of such other opium

shall be liable to confiscation.

The vessels, packages, and coverings in which any opium liable to confiscation under this section is found, and the other contents (if any) of the vessel or package in which such opium may be concealed, and the animals and conveyances used in carrying it, shall likewise be liable to confiscation.

12. When the offender is convicted, or when the person charged with an offence in respect of any opium is acquitted, but the Magistrate decides that the opium is liable to confiscation, such confiscation may be ordered by the Magistrate.

Whenever confiscation is authorised by this Act, the officer ordering it may give the owner of the thing liable to be confiscated an option to pay, in lieu of confiscation, such fine as the officer thinks fit.

When an offence against this Act has been committed, but the offender is not known or cannot be found, or when opium not in the possession of any person cannot be satisfactorily accounted for, the case shall be inquired into and determined by the Collector of the District or Deputy Commissioner, or by any other officer authorised by the local Government in this behalf, either personally or in right of his office, who may order such confiscation: Provided that no such order shall be made until the expiration of one month from the date of seizing the things intended to be confiscated or without hearing the persons (if any) claiming any right thereto and the evidence (if any) which they produce in support of their claims.

Power to make rules, regarding

disposal of things confiscated

and rewards.

13. The local Government may, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, from time to time, by notification in the local Gazette, make rules consistent with this Act to regulate—

(a) the disposal of all things confiscated under this Act; and

(b) the rewards to be paid to officers and informers out of the proceeds of fines and confiscations under this Act.

14. Any officer of any of the departments of Excise, Police, Customs, Salt, Opium, or Revenue, superior in rank to a peon or constable, who may in right of his office be authorised by the local Government in this behalf, and who has reason to believe, from personal knowledge or from information given by any person and taken down in writing, that opium liable to confiscation under this Act is manufactured, kept, or concealed in any building, vessel, or enclosed place, may, between sunrise and sunset,

(a) enter into any such building, vessel, or place;

(b) in case of resistance, break open any door and remove any other obstacle to such entry;

(c) seize such opium and all materials used in the manufacture thereof, and any other thing which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under Section eleven or any other law for the time being in force relating to opium, and

(d) detain and search, and if he think proper arrest, any person whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of any offence relating to such opium under this or any other law for the time being in force.

Power to seize opium in open places.

(a) seize, in any open place or in transit, any opium or other thing which he has reason to believe to be liable to confiscation under Section eleven or any other law for the time being in force relating to opium,

(b) detain and search any person whom he has reason to believe to be guilty of any offence against this or any other such law, and, if such person has opium in his possession, arrest him and any other persons in his company.

Power to detain, search, and arrest.

Searches how made.

15. Any officer of any of the said departments may, upon notice given or request made, be legally bound to assist each other in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

Vexatious entries, searches, seizures and arrests.

16. All searches under Section fourteen or Section fifteen shall be made in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

17. The officers of the several departments mentioned in Section fourteen shall, upon notice given or request made, be legally bound to assist each other in carrying out the provisions of this Act.

18. Any officer of any of the said departments who, without reasonable ground of suspicion, enters or searches, or causes to be entered or searched, any building, vessel, or place, or vexatiously and unnecessarily seizes the property of any person on the pretence of seizing or searching for any opium or other thing liable to confiscation under this Act, or vexatiously and unnecessarily detains, searches, or arrests any person, shall for every such offence be punished with fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

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19. The Collector of the District, Deputy Commissioner, or other officer authorised by the local Government in this behalf, either personally or in right of his office, or a Magistrate, may issue his warrant for the arrest of any person whom he has reason to believe to have committed an offence relating to opium, or for the search, whether by day or night, of any building, or vessel, or place in which he has reason to believe opium liable to confiscation to be kept or concealed.

All warrants issued under this section shall be executed in accordance with the provisions of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

20. Every person arrested, and being seized, under Section fourteen or Section fifteen, shall be forwarded without delay to the officer in charge of the nearest Police-station; and every person arrested and thing seized under Section nineteen shall be forwarded without delay to the officer by whom the warrant was issued.

Disposal of person arrested or thing seized.

Every officer to whom any person or thing is forwarded under this section shall, with all convenient despatch, take such measures as may be necessary for the disposal according to law of such person or thing.

21. Whenever any officer makes any arrest or seizure under this Act, he shall within forty-eight hours next after such arrest or seizure make a full report of all the particulars of such arrest or seizure to his immediate official superior.

22. In the case of alleged illegal cultivation of the poppy, the crop shall not be removed, but shall, pending the disposal of the case, be attached by an officer superior in rank to a peon or constable, who may in right of his office be authorised by the local Government in this behalf; and such officer shall require the cultivator to give bail in a reasonable amount (to be fixed by such officer) for his appearance before the Magistrate by whom the case is to be disposed of, and such cultivator shall not be arrested unless within a reasonable time he fails to give such bail:

Provided that, wherever Act No. XIII of 1857 (*An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the cultivation of the Poppy and the manufacture of Opium in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal*), or any part thereof, is in force, nothing in this section shall apply to such cultivation.

Recovery of arrears of fees, duties, &c.

23. Any arrear of any fee or duty imposed under this Act or any rule made hereunder,

and any arrear due from any farmer of opium-revenue, may be recovered from the person primarily liable to pay the same to the Government or from his surety (if any) as if it were an arrear of land-revenue.

24. When any amount is due to a farmer of opium-revenue from his licensee, in respect of a license, such farmer may make an application to the Collector of the District, Deputy Commissioner, or other officer authorised by the local Government in this behalf, praying such officer to recover such amount on behalf of the applicant; and on receiving such application, such Collector, Deputy Commissioner, or other officer may in his discretion recover such amount as if it were an arrear of land-revenue, and shall pay any amount so recovered to the applicant:

Farmer may apply to Collector or other officer to recover amount due to him by licensee.

Provided that the execution of any process issued by such Collector, Deputy Collector, or other officer for the recovery of such amount, shall be stayed if the licensee institutes a suit in the Civil Court to try the demand of the farmer and furnishes security to the satisfaction of such officer for the payment of the amount which such Court may adjudge to be due from him to such farmer:

Provided also that nothing contained in this section or done thereunder shall affect the right of any farmer of opium-revenue to recover by suit in the Civil Court or otherwise any amount due to him from such licensee.

25. When any person in compliance with any rule made hereunder gives a bond for the performance of any duty or act, such duty or act shall be deemed to be a public duty or an act in which the public are interested, as the case may be, within the meaning of the Indian Contract Act, 1872, Section 74, and upon breach of the condition of such bond by him, the whole sum named therein as the amount to be paid in case of such breach may be recovered from him as if it were an arrear of land-revenue.

Recovery of penalties due under bond.

SCHEDULE.

ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

Number and Year.	Subject.	Extent of Repeal.
Act XI of 1849	Abkari Revenue of Calcutta	In Section 5 the word "opium." In Section 6, the word "opium," and the last thirty-one words. In Section 15, from and including the words "except in the case," to the end of the section. In Section 39, from and including the words "except opium" down to and including the words "each seer;" and the words "or in the case of opium as aforesaid, a reward of one Rupee eight Annas for each seer."
Act III of 1852 Act XXI of 1856	Spirituous liquors, Bombay Bengal Abkari Act.	Section 10, so far as it relates to opium. In Section 28, the word "opium." Sections 34, 51, 52, 53, and 87. In Section 35, the words "or opium." In Section 49, the words "except opium." Section 59, so far as it relates to opium. In Section 75, the words "except opium" and from and including the words "opium seized," down to the end. In Section 76, from and including the words "except opium," down to and including the words "each seer;" and from and including the words "or in," down to and including the words "each seer." In paragraph 8 of Section 90, the words "and opium."
Act XIII of 1857	Cultivation of the poppy and manufacture of opium.	Section 2.
Act X of 1871	The Northern India Excise Act.	In paragraph 5 of Section 3, the word "opium." Sections 18, 65, 66, 67, and 87. In Section 19, the words "or opium." Section 46, so far as it relates to opium. Section 46, paragraph 3, from and including the words "as well as," down to and including the words "dealings in opium." In Section 63, the words "except opium." In Section 78, the words "except opium," and paragraph 2. In Section 79, from and including the words "except opium," down to and including the words "each seer," and from and including the words "or in," down to and including the words "each seer."
Act IV of 1872 Act XXVI of 1872	The Punjab Laws Act Punjab Opium Law Amendment.	Section 49. The whole Act.
Act VI of 1873 Act XVI of 1875 Act XXIII of 1876	Transshipment of goods The Indian Tariff Act To amend the law relating to Opium.	Section 7. Section 9. The whole Act.
Act VI of 1877	For postponing the day on which the Opium Act, 1876, is to come into force.	The whole Act.

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ACT OF THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL IN COUNCIL.

No. and Year.	Subject.	Extent of Repeal.
Act II of 1876	To amend Act XI of 1849, Act XXI of 1856, and Act IV (B. C.) of 1866.	In Section 3, in the section substituted for Section 33 of Act XI of 1849, the words "except opium," and from and including the words "confiscated opium" down to and including the words "general order." In Section 3, in the section substituted for Section 34 of Act XI of 1849, the words "except in the case of opium," and from and including the words "and in the case of opium" down to and including the words "similarly distributed." In Section 10, in the section substituted for Section 75 of Act XXI of 1856, the words "except opium," and from and including the words "confiscated opium" down to and including the words "general order." In Section 10, in the section substituted for Section 76 of Act XXI of 1856, the words "except in the case of opium," and from and including the words "and in the case of opium" down to and including the words "similarly distributed."

BOMBAY REGULATIONS.

No. and Year.	Subject.	Extent of Repeal.
Bombay Regulation XXI of 1827.	Duty on opium...	The preamble, from and including the words "with the combined," down to and including the words "the prohibited."
Bombay Regulation XX of 1830.	Malwa opium...	Chapters I, II, III, and IV. So much as has not been repealed.

ACT VI.

THE INDIAN TREASURE-TROVE ACT, 1878.

PASSED 13TH FEBRUARY, 1878.

An Act to amend the Law relating to Treasure-Trove.

Preamble.	WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to treasure-trove; It is hereby enacted as follows:— <i>Provisionary.</i>
Short title.	1. This Act may be called "The Indian Treasure-Trove Act, 1878."
Extent.	It extends to the whole of British India;
Commencement.	And it shall come into force at once.
Repeal of enactments.	2. The enactments specified in the schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent mentioned in the third column of the same schedule.

Interpretation-clause. 3. In this Act—
 "Treasure" means anything of any value hidden in the soil, or in anything affixed thereto;
 "Collector" means (1) any revenue officer in independent charge of a district, and (2) any officer appointed by the Local Government to perform the functions of a Collector under this Act.
 When any person is entitled, under any reservation in an instrument of transfer of any land or thing affixed thereto, to treasure in such land or thing, he shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the owner of such land or thing.

Procedure on finding Treasure.

Notice by finder of treasure. 4. Whenever any treasure exceeding in amount or value ten rupees is found, the finder shall, as soon as practicable, give to the Collector notice in writing—

- (a) of the nature and amount or approximate value of such treasure;
- (b) of the place in which it was found;
- (c) of the date of the finding;

and either deposit the treasure in the nearest Government Treasury, or give the Collector such security as the Collector thinks fit, to produce the treasure at such time and place as he may from time to time require.

Notification requiring claimants to appear. 5. On receiving a notice under Section four, the Collector shall, after making such enquiry (if any) as he thinks fit, take the following steps (namely):—

- (a) he shall publish a notification in such manner as the Local Government from time to time prescribes in this behalf, to the effect that, on a certain date (mentioning it), certain treasure (mentioning its nature, amount, and approximate value) was found in a certain place (mentioning it); and requiring all persons claiming the treasure, or any part thereof, to appear personally or by agent before the Collector on a day and at a place therein mentioned, such day not being earlier than four months, or later than six months, after the date of the publication of such notification;
- (b) when the place in which the treasure appears to the Collector to have been found was at the date of the finding in the possession of some person other than the finder, the Collector shall also serve on such person a special notice in writing to the same effect.

Forfeiture of right on failure to appear. 6. Any person having any right to such treasure or any part thereof, as owner of the place in which it was found, or otherwise, and not appearing as required by the notification issued under Section five, shall forfeit such right.

Matters to be enquired into and determined by the Collector. 7. On the day notified under Section five, the Collector shall cause the treasure to be produced before him, and shall enquire as to and determine—

- (a) the person by whom, the place in which, and the circumstances under which, such treasure was found; and
- (b) as far as is possible the person by whom, and the circumstances under which, such treasure was hidden.

Time to be allowed for suit by person claiming the treasure. 8. If, upon an enquiry made under Section seven, the Collector sees reason to believe that the treasure was hidden within one hundred years before the date of the finding, by a person appearing as required by the said notification and claiming such treasure, or by some other person under whom such person claims, the Collector shall make an order adjourning the hearing of the case for such period as he deems sufficient, to allow of a suit being instituted in the Civil Court by the claimant to establish his right.

When treasure may be declared ownerless. 9. If upon such enquiry the Collector sees no reason to believe that the treasure was so hidden; or

if, where a period is fixed under Section eight, no suit is instituted as aforesaid within such period to the knowledge of the Collector; or

if such suit is instituted within such period, and the plaintiff's claim is finally rejected:

the Collector may declare the treasure to be ownerless.

Appeal against such declaration. Any person aggrieved by a declaration made under this section may appeal against the same within two months from the date thereof to the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.

Subject to such appeal, every such declaration shall be final and conclusive.

10. When a declaration has been made in respect of any treasure under Section nine, proceedings subsequent to such declaration shall, in accordance with the provisions hereinafter contained, either be delivered to the finder thereof, or be divided between him and the owner of the place in which it has been found in manner hereinafter provided.

11. When a declaration has been made in respect of any treasure as aforesaid, and no person other than the finder of such treasure has appeared as required by the notification published under Section five and claimed a share of the treasure as owner of the place in which it has been found, the Collector shall deliver such treasure to the finder thereof.

12. When a declaration has been made as aforesaid in respect of any treasure, and only one person other than the finder of such treasure has so appeared and claimed, and the claim of such person is not disputed by the finder, the Collector shall proceed to divide the treasure between the finder and the person so claiming according to the following rule (namely):—

If the finder and the person so claiming have not entered into any agreement then in force as to the disposal of the treasure, three-fourths of the treasure shall be allotted to such finder and the residue to such person. If such finder and such person have entered into any such agreement, the treasure shall be disposed of in accordance therewith:

Provided that the Collector may in any case, if he thinks fit, instead of dividing any treasure as directed by this section,

- (a) allot to either party the whole or more than his share of such treasure, or such party paying to the Collector for the other party such sum of money as the Collector may fix as the equivalent of the share of such other party, or of the excess so allotted, as the case may be; or
- (b) sell such treasure or any portion thereof by public auction and divide the sale proceeds between the parties according to the rule hereinbefore prescribed:

Provided also, that when the Collector has by his declaration under Section nine rejected any claim made under this Act by any person other than the said finder or person claiming as owner of the place in which the treasure was found, such division shall not be made until after the expiration of two months without an appeal having been presented under Section nine by the person whose claim has been so rejected, or, when an appeal has been so presented, after such appeal has been dismissed.

When the Collector has made a division under this section, he shall deliver to the parties the portions of such treasure, or the money in lieu thereof, to which they are respectively entitled under such division.

13. When a declaration has been made as aforesaid in respect of any treasure, and two or more persons have appeared as aforesaid and each of them claimed as owner of the place where such treasure was found, or the right of any person who has so appeared and claimed is disputed by the finder of such treasure, the Collector shall retain such treasure and shall make an order staying his proceedings with a view to the matter being enquired into and determined by a Civil Court.

14. Any person who has so appeared and claimed may, within one month from the date of such order, institute a suit in the Civil Court to obtain a decree declaring his right; and in every such suit the finder of the treasure and all persons disputing such claim before the Collector shall be made defendants.

15. If any such suit is instituted and the plaintiff's claim is finally established therein, the Collector shall, subject to the provisions of Section twelve, divide the treasure between him and the finder.

If no such suit is instituted as aforesaid, or if the claims of the plaintiffs in all such suits are finally rejected, the Collector shall deliver the treasure to the finder.

16. The Collector may, at any time after making a declaration under Section nine, and before delivering or dividing the treasure as hereinbefore provided, declare by writing under his hand his intention to acquire on behalf of the Government the treasure, or any specified portion thereof, by payment to the persons entitled thereto of a sum equal to the value of the materials of such treasure or portion, together with one-fifth of such value, and may place such sum in deposit in his treasury to the credit of such persons; and thereupon such treasure or portion shall be deemed to be the property of Government, and the money so deposited shall be dealt with, as far as may be, as if it were such treasure or portion.

Decision of Collector final, and no suit to lie against him for acts done *bona fide*.

Collector to exercise powers of Civil Court.

Power to make rules.

Such rules shall, on being published in the local Gazette, have the force of law.

20. If the finder of any treasure fails to give the notice, or does not either make the deposit or give the security required by Section four, or alters or attempts to alter such treasure so as to conceal its identity, the share of such treasure, or the money in lieu thereof to which he would otherwise be entitled, shall vest in Her Majesty,

and he shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one year, or with fine, or with both.

21. If the owner of the place in which any treasure is found abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, any offence under Section twenty, the share of such treasure, or the money in lieu thereof to which he would otherwise be entitled, shall vest in Her Majesty,

and he shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

SCHEDULE.

Number and Date of Enactments.	Title or Subject.	Extent of Repeal.
Bengal Regulation V of 1817.	A Regulation for declaring the rights of Government and of individuals with respect to hidden treasure, and for prescribing the rules to be observed on the discovery of such treasure.	The whole.
Madras Regulation XI of 1832.	A Regulation for declaring the rights of Government and of individuals with respect to hidden treasure, and for prescribing the rules to be observed on discovery of such treasure.	The whole.
Act XII of 1833 Act IV of 1872	.. Hidden Treasure (Madras) .. An Act for declaring which of certain rules, laws and regulations have the force of law in the Panjab, and for other purposes.	The whole. So far as regards Bengal Regulation V of 1817.
Act XV of 1874	.. Laws' Local Extent	The second schedule, so far as regards Madras Regulation XI of 1832 and Act XII of 1833. The fourth schedule, so far as regards Bengal Regulation V of 1817.
Act XVII of 1875	.. An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Courts in British Burma, and for other purposes.	So far as regards Bengal Regulation V of 1817.
Act XX of 1875	.. An Act to declare and amend the law in force in the Central Provinces.	Ditto.
Act XVIII of 1876	.. Oudh Laws Act	Ditto.

ACT VII. [Not applicable to Madras.]

ACT VIII. SEA CUSTOMS ACT, 1878.

PASSED 8TH MARCH, 1878.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to the Levy of Sea Customs-duties.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the levy of Sea Customs-duties; It is enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I. PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

Local extent.

Commencement.

Repeal of enactments.

References to enactments, repealed.

All appointments, rules, declarations, exemptions and delegations made, powers conferred, terms and conditions prescribed, values, fees, rates, and periods fixed, and notifications, instructions, directions, prohibitions, passes and licenses issued, under any Act hereby repealed shall, if the same are in force at the time this Act comes into force, be deemed to have been respectively made, conferred, prescribed, fixed and issued under this Act, in so far as they are consistent herewith.

Interpretation.

"Chief Customs Authority."

"Chief Customs-Officer."

(c) "Customs-collector" includes every officer of Customs for the time being in separate charge of a Custom-house, or duly authorized to perform all, or any special, duties of an officer so in charge:

"Customs-port."

"Foreign Port."

"Vessel."

(g) "Coasting vessel" denotes any vessel proceeding from one Customs-port to another Customs-port, whether touching at any intermediate Foreign Port or not: or proceeding from or to a Customs-port to or from a place declared to be a port under Section 12:

"Master."

"Warehousing port."

"Warehouse."

1. This Act may be called "The Sea Customs Act, 1878." It extends to the whole of British India, and shall come into force on the first day of April 1878.

2. The Acts mentioned in the first schedule hereto annexed are repealed to the extent specified therein. All references to any of the said Acts, in Acts passed subsequently thereto, shall be read as if made to the corresponding provisions of this Act.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) "Chief Customs-Authority" denotes the person authorized to exercise, subject to the Local Government, the chief control in matters relating to Sea-customs in any place in which this Act operates:

(b) "Chief Customs-Officer" denotes the Chief Executive Officer of Sea-customs for any Port to which this Act applies:

(c) "Customs-collector" includes every officer of Customs for the time being in separate charge of a Custom-house, or duly authorized to perform all, or any special, duties of an officer so in charge:

(d) "Customs-port" means any place except Aden declared under Section 11 to be a Port for the shipment and landing of goods:

(e) "Foreign Port" means Aden and any place beyond the limits of British India:

(f) "Vessel" includes anything made for the conveyance by water of human beings or property:

(g) "Coasting vessel" denotes any vessel proceeding from one Customs-port to another Customs-port, whether touching at any intermediate Foreign Port or not: or proceeding from or to a Customs-port to or from a place declared to be a port under Section 12:

(h) "Master" when used in relation to any vessel means any person, except a Pilot or Harbour Master, having command or charge of such vessel:

(i) "Warehousing port" means any Customs-port declared under Section 14 to be a warehousing port:

(j) "Warehouse" denotes any place appointed or licensed under Section 15 or Section 16.

Proviso.

21. Except as otherwise expressly provided by any law for the time being in force, goods whereof any article liable to duty under this Act forms a part or ingredient shall be chargeable with the full duty which would be payable on such goods if they were entirely composed of such article, or if composed of more than one article liable to duty then with the full duty which would be payable on such goods if they were entirely composed of the article charged with the highest rate of duty.

22. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, fix, for the purpose of levying duties, tariff-values of any goods exported or imported by sea on which Customs-duties are by law imposed, and alter any such values fixed by any Tariff Act for the time being in force.

23. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, exempt any goods imported into, or exported from, British India, or into or from any specified port therein, from the whole or any part of the Customs-duties leviable on such goods.

Power to authorize, in special cases, exemption from duty.

The Local Government may, by special order in each case, exempt from the payment of duty, under circumstances of an exceptional nature, to be stated in such order, any goods on which Customs-duties are leviable.

24. The Customs-collector may, subject to any general rules relating to the landing and shipping of passengers' baggage and the passing of the same through the Custom-house, which may be made under Section 75, pass free of duty any baggage in actual use, and for this purpose may determine, subject to any such rules, whether any goods shall be treated as baggage in actual use, or as goods subject to duty.

25. If goods produced or manufactured in British India be imported into any Customs-port from any foreign port, such goods shall be liable to all the duties, conditions and restrictions (if any) to which goods of the like kind and value not so produced or manufactured are liable on the first importation thereof.

Provided that, if such importation takes place within three years after the exportation of such goods, and it is proved to the satisfaction of the Customs-collector that the property in such goods has continued in the person by whom, or on whose account, they were exported, the goods may be admitted without payment of duty.

Proviso.

26. Any goods produced or manufactured in British India which have been exported therefrom, and on the exportation of which any drawback of excise has been received shall, on being imported into any Customs-port, be subjected, unless the Chief Customs-Authority in any particular case otherwise directs by special order, to payment of excise duty, at the rate to which goods of the like kind and quality are liable at such port.

27. All goods derelict, jetsam, flotsam and wreck, brought or coming into any place in British India shall be subject to the same duties, if any, to which goods of the like kind are for the time being subject on importation at any Customs-port and shall in other respects be dealt with as if they were imported from a foreign port, unless it be shown to the satisfaction of the Customs-collector that such goods are the produce or manufacture of any place, from which they are entitled to be admitted duty-free.

28. Provisions and stores produced or manufactured in British India, required for use on board of any vessel proceeding to any foreign port, may be shipped free of duty, whether of customs or excise, in such quantities as the Customs-collector determines with reference to the tonnage of the vessel, the numbers of the crew and passengers, and the length of the voyage on which the vessel is about to depart.

Country provisions and stores may be shipped free of duty.

Provided that no rum shall be so shipped on any vessel going on a voyage of less than thirty days' probable duration.

29. On the importation into, or exportation from, any Customs-port of any goods, whether liable to duty or not, the owner of such goods shall, in his bill-of-entry or shipping-bill, as the case may be, state the real value, quantity, and description of such goods to the best of his knowledge and belief, and shall subscribe a declaration of the truth of such statement at the foot of such bill.

Owner to declare real value, &c., of goods in bill-of-entry or shipping bill.

shall, in his bill-of-entry or shipping-bill, as the case may be, state the real value, quantity, and description of such goods to the best of his knowledge and belief, and shall subscribe a declaration of the truth of such statement at the foot of such bill.

In case of doubt, the Customs-collector may require any such owner or any other person in possession of any invoice, broker's note, policy of insurance or other document, whereby the real value, quantity, or description of any such goods can be ascertained, to produce the same, and to furnish any information relating to such value, quantity, or description which it is in his power to furnish. And thereupon such person shall produce such document and furnish such information:

Provided that, if the owner makes and subscribes a declaration before the Customs-collector to the effect that he is unable, from want of full information, to state the real value or contents of any case, package or parcel of goods, then the Customs-collector shall permit him, previous to the entry thereof (1), to open such case, package or parcel, and examine the contents in presence of an officer of Customs, or (2), to deposit such case, package or parcel in a public warehouse appointed under Section 15 without warehousing the same, pending the production of such information.

30. For the purposes of this Act the real value shall be deemed to be—

(a) the wholesale cash-price, less trade-discount, for which goods of the like kind and quality are sold, or are capable of being sold, at the time and place of importation or exportation as the case may be, without any abatement or deduction whatever, except (in the case of goods imported) of the amount of the duties payable on the importation thereof; or,

(b) where such price is not ascertainable, the cost at which goods of the like kind and quality could be delivered at such place without any abatement or deduction except as aforesaid.

31. Goods chargeable with duty upon the value thereof, but for which a specific value is not fixed by law for the purpose of levying duties thereon, shall, without unnecessary delay, be examined by an officer of Customs. If it appears that the real value of such goods is correctly stated in the bill-of-entry or shipping-bill, the goods shall be assessed in accordance therewith.

32. If it appears that such goods are properly chargeable with a higher rate or amount of duty than that to which they would be subject according to the value thereof as stated in the bill-of-entry or shipping-bill, such officer may detain such goods.

Procedure where such goods are under-valued by owner.

In every such case the detaining officer shall forthwith give notice in writing to the owner of the goods of their detention, and of the value thereof as estimated by him; and the Customs-collector shall, within two clear working days after such detention, or within such reasonable period as may with the consent of the parties be arranged, determine either to deliver such goods on payment of duty charged according to the entry of such owner, or to retain the same for the use of Government.

If the goods be retained for the use of Government, the Customs-collector shall cause the full amount stated in the bill as their real value to be paid to the owner in full satisfaction for such goods, in the same manner as if they had been transferred by ordinary sale, and shall, after due notice in the local official Gazette, or some local newspaper and without unnecessary delay, cause them to be put up to public auction in wholesale lots for cash on delivery.

If the Customs-collector deems the highest offer made at such sale to be inadequate, he may either adjourn the sale to some other day, to be notified as aforesaid, or buy in the goods, and without unnecessary delay dispose of them for the benefit of Government.

If the proceeds arising from such sale exceed the sum paid to the owner, together with (in the case of goods imported) the duty to which the goods are liable and all charges incurred by Government in connection with them, a portion not exceeding one-half of the surplus shall, at the discretion of the Chief Officer of Customs, be payable to the officer who detected the under-valuation of the goods.

Nothing in this section shall prevent the Chief Officer of Customs, when he has reason to believe that any such under-valuation was solely the result of accident or error, from permitting the owner of the goods, on his application for that purpose, to amend such entry, on payment of such increased rate of duties on the excess of the amended over the original valuation, or on such other terms as the Chief Officer of Customs may determine.

33. If, on the first examination of any such goods under Section 31, the owner thereof states in writing that such goods are, in consequence of damage sustained before delivery of the bill-of-entry, of value less than that stated in such bill, the Customs-collector, on being satisfied of the fact, may allow abatement of duty accordingly.

Abatement allowed on damaged goods.

Reduced duty how determined.

The reduced duty to be levied on such goods may be ascertained by either of the following methods, at the option of the owner:—

- (a) the real value of such goods may be fixed on appraisement by an officer of Customs and the duty may be assessed on the value so fixed; or
- (b) the goods may, after due notice in the local official Gazette or some local newspaper, be sold by public auction at such time (within thirty days from the date of delivery of the bill-of-entry), and at such place, as the Customs-collector appoints; and the duty may be assessed on the gross amount realized by such sale, without any abatement or deduction, except (in the case of goods imported) of so much as represents the duties payable on the importation thereof.

34. When any goods the value of which has been fixed by law for the purpose of levy, deterioration of tariff-valued goods. Any duties thereon, have, before delivery of the bill-of-entry, deteriorated to the extent of more than one-tenth of their value, the duty on such goods shall if the owner thereof so desires be assessed *ad valorem*.

The real value of such goods shall be ascertained as provided in Section 33, and the duty shall be assessed thereon.

No abatement when duty is levied on quantity.

35. No abatement of duty on account of damage shall be allowed on wines, spirit or beer, or on any other articles on which duties are levied on quantity and not on value.

Restriction on amendment of bill-of-entry or shipping-bill.

36. Except as provided in Section 34, no amendment of a bill-of-entry or shipping-bill relating to goods assessed for duty on the declared value, quantity, or description thereof shall be allowed after such goods have been removed from the Custom-house.

37. The rate of duty and the alteration of import duty or tariff valuation.

37. The rate of duty and the tariff valuation (if any) applicable to any goods imported shall be the rate and valuation in force on the date on which the bill-of-entry therefor is delivered to the Customs-collector under Section 35.

Provided that when such rate or valuation has been raised after the grant of port-clearance at the port of shipment, the rate and valuation applicable to such goods shall be the rate and valuation in force on the date of such grant.

Provided also that if such goods are warehoused and re-assessed under Section 115 of this Act, the rate and valuation applicable thereto shall be the rate and valuation in force at the time when application is made to clear such goods for home consumption.

Explanation.—A bill-of-entry shall for the purposes of this section be deemed to be delivered when it is first presented to the proper officer of Customs.

Alteration of export duty or tariff valuation.

38. The rate of duty and tariff valuation (if any) applicable to any goods exported shall be the rate and valuation in force when a shipping-bill of such goods is delivered under Section 137.

Payment of duties short-levied or erroneously refunded.

39. When Customs duties or charges have been short-levied through inadvertence, error, collusion or misconstruction on the part of the officers of Customs, or through misstatement as to real value, quantity, or description on the part of the owner,

or when any such duty or charge after having been levied, has been owing to any such cause erroneously refunded,

the person chargeable with the duty or charge so short-levied, or to whom such refund has erroneously been made, shall pay the deficiency or repay the amount paid to him in excess, on demand being made within three months from the date of the first assessment or making of the refund;

and the Customs-collector may refuse to pass any goods belonging to such person until the said deficiency or excess be paid or repaid.

40. No Customs duties or charges which have been paid, and of which repayment, wholly or in part, is claimed in consequence of the same having been paid through inadvertence, error or misconstruction, shall be returned, unless such claim is made within three months from the date of such payment.

41. The Customs-collector may, if he thinks fit, instead of requiring payment of Customs duties and charges due from any mercantile firm or public body, at the time such duties and charges are payable under this Act, keep with such firm or body an account current of such duties and charges. Such account

shall be settled at intervals not exceeding one month, and such firm or body shall make a deposit or furnish security sufficient in the opinion of the Customs-collector to cover the amount which may at any time be due from them in respect of such duties and charges.

CHAPTER VI.

DRAWBACK.

42. When any goods, capable of being easily identified, which have been imported by sea into any Customs-port from any Foreign Port, and upon which duties of Customs have been paid on importation, are re-exported by sea from such Customs-port to any Foreign Port, or as provisions or stores for use on board a ship proceeding to a Foreign Port, seven eighths of such duties shall, except as otherwise hereinafter provided, be repaid as drawback:

Provided that, in every such case, the goods be identified to the satisfaction of the Customs-collector at such Customs-port, and that the export be made within two years from the date of importation, as shown by the records of the Custom-house, or within such extended term as the Chief Customs-Authority, on sufficient cause being shown, in any case determines.

Conditions for grant of drawback. 43. When any goods having been charged with import-duty at one Customs-port and thence exported to another, are re-exported by sea as aforesaid, drawback shall be allowed on such goods as if they had been so re-exported from the former port:

Drawback on goods exported to Customs-port and thence to Foreign Port. Provided that, in every such case, the goods be identified to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the Custom-house at the Port of final exportation, and that such final exportation be made within three years from the date on which they were first imported into British India.

44. A drawback of the whole of the Customs-duties shall be allowed on wine and spirit intended for the consumption of any officer of Her Majesty's Navy, on Board of any of Her Majesty's ships in actual service, unless such wine and spirit have been warehoused without payment of duty on the first entry thereof.

The quantity of wine and spirit on which drawback may be so allowed in any one year for the use of such officers shall not exceed the quantities hereinafter allowed for each such officer respectively; that is to say:—

	Gals.
For every Admiral.....	1,200
Vice-Admiral.....	1,000
Rear-Admiral.....	800
Captain of first and second rate.....	600
Captain of third, fourth and fifth rate.....	400
Captain of an inferior rate.....	200
Lieutenant or other Commanding Officer, Marine-officer, Master, Purser or Surgeon.....	100

45. Every person clearing and claiming drawback for wine or spirit, as provided in Section 44, shall state in the shipping bill the name of the officer for whose use such wine or spirit is intended, and of the ship in which he serves, as well as the place and date of the last supply for which drawback was allowed.

All such wine and spirit shall be delivered into the charge of the proper officers of Customs at the Port of shipment, to be shipped under their care; and when the officer commanding the ship has certified the receipt of such wine and spirit into his charge, and any such officer of Customs has certified the shipment, this drawback shall be paid to the person entitled to receive the same.

46. The Customs-collector may permit the transfer of any such wine or spirit from one Naval officer to another Naval officer on board of the same, or of any other such vessel, as part of his authorized quantity; or may permit the transshipment of any such wine or spirit from one vessel to another for the use of the same Naval officer;

or the re-landing and warehousing of any such wine or spirit for future re-shipment. The Customs-collector may also receive back the duties for any such wine or spirit, and allow the same to be cleared for home consumption.

47. Provisions and stores for the use of Her Majesty's Navy or of any officer thereof which are subject to duty may, in like manner, be transferred, transhipped or re-landed and warehoused, free of duty; and where duties have been paid on any such provisions or stores required for shipment, drawback of such duties, whether of customs or excise, shall be allowed on receipt of an application in writing from the officer commanding the ship for which they are intended, or from some other officer duly authorized to make such application.

48. The provisions of Sections 44, 45, 46 and 47 as to officers of Her Majesty's Navy apply also to officers of Her Majesty's Indian Marine and Marine survey on board of any of the ships of such Marine or Survey proceeding to any port out of India, and the rules prescribed by Section 47 as to provisions and stores for the use of Her Majesty's Navy apply also to provisions and stores for the use of such Marine or Survey.

Power to declare what goods are identifiable. 49. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*,

(a) declare what goods shall, for the purpose of this chapter, be deemed to be capable of being easily identified; and
(b) prohibit the payment of drawback upon the re-exportation of goods to any specified Foreign Port in India.

When no drawback allowed. 50. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, no drawback shall be allowed

- (a) upon goods not included in the export manifest, or
- (b) where the goods to be exported are of less value than the amount of drawback claimed, or
- (c) where the claim is for drawback amounting, in respect of any single shipment, to less than five rupees, and the Customs-collector thinks fit to reject it, or
- (d) on salt, salted fish, or opium.

Time to claim drawback. 51. No drawback shall be allowed unless the claim to receive such drawback be made and established at the time of re-export.

No such payment of drawback shall be made until the vessel carrying the goods has put out to sea, or unless payment be demanded within six months from the date of entry for shipment.

When payment made. 52. Every person, or his duly authorized agent, claiming drawback on any goods duly exported, shall make and subscribe a declaration that such goods have been actually exported, and have not been re-landed and are not intended to be re-landed at any Customs-port; and that such person was at the time of entry outwards and shipment, and continues to be, entitled to drawback thereon.

CHAPTER VII.

ARRIVAL AND DEPARTURE OF VESSELS.

Arrival and Entry of Vessel inwards.

Power to fix places beyond which inward-bound vessels are not to proceed until manifest delivered.

If, in any river or Port where

Delivery of manifest when vessel anchors below place so fixed.

54. If any vessel arrives at a place in which a place has not been so fixed, the Master of such vessel shall, within twenty-four hours after such vessel has anchored within the limits of the Port, deliver a manifest to the Pilot, officer of Customs or other person authorized to receive the same.

53. The Local Government may, by notification in the local official *Gazette*, fix a place in any river or Port, beyond which no vessel arriving shall pass until a manifest has been delivered to the Pilot, officer of Customs or other person duly authorized to receive the same.

wherein a place has been fixed by the Local Government under this section, the Master of any vessel arriving remains outside or below the place so fixed, such Master shall, nevertheless, within twenty-four hours after the vessel anchors, deliver a manifest to the Pilot, officer of Customs or other person authorized to receive the same.

54. If any vessel arrives at a place in which a place has not been so fixed, the Master of such vessel shall, within twenty-four hours after such vessel has anchored within the limits of the Port, deliver a manifest to the Pilot, officer of Customs or other person authorized to receive the same.

55. Every manifest shall be signed by the Master, shall specify all goods imported in such vessel, showing separately all goods (if any) intended to be landed, transhipped or taken on to another Port, and all ships' stores intended for consumption in Port or on the homeward voyage, and shall contain such further particulars, and be made out in such form, as the Chief Customs-Authority may from time to time direct.

The Customs-collector shall permit the Master to amend any obvious error in the manifest, or to supply any omission which in the opinion of such Collector results from accident or inadvertence, by furnishing an amended or supplementary manifest.

and may, if he thinks fit, levy thereon such fee as the Chief Customs-Authority from time to time directs.

Except as herein provided no import manifest shall be amended.

Duty of person receiving manifest. 56. The person receiving a manifest under Section 53 or 54 shall countersign the same and enter thereon such particulars as the Chief Customs-Authority from time to time directs in this behalf.

57. No vessel arriving in any Customs-port shall be allowed to break bulk until a manifest has been delivered as hereinbefore provided; nor until a copy of such manifest, together with an application for entry of such vessel inwards, has been presented by the Master to the Customs-collector, and an order has been given thereon for such entry.

58. The Master shall, if required so to do by the Customs-collector at the time of presenting such application, deliver to the Customs-collector the bill of lading or a copy thereof for every part of the cargo laden on board, and any port-clearance, cockpit or other paper granted in respect of such vessel at the place from which she is stated to have come, and shall answer all such questions relating to the vessel, cargo, crew and voyage as are put to him by such officer.

and answer questions.

The Customs-collector may, if any requisition or question made or put by him under this section is not complied with or answered, refuse to grant such application.

59. Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 57, the Customs-collector may grant, prior to receipt of the manifest, and to the entry inwards of the vessel, a special pass permitting bulk to be broken.

The granting of such pass shall be subject to such rules as may from time to time be made by the Chief Customs-Authority.

60. Notwithstanding anything contained in Section 53, 54, 57 or 58, the Customs-collector may accept from the ship's agent in lieu of the Master delivery of the manifest or of any other document required by those sections to be delivered by the Master.

Entry outwards, Port-clearance and Departure of Vessels.

61. No vessel shall take on board any part of her export-cargo, until a written application for entry of such vessel outwards subscribed by the Master of such vessel, has been made to the Customs-collector or before an order has been given thereon by such officer for such entry.

Every application made under this section shall specify the name, tonnage, and national character of the vessel, the name of the Master, and the name of every place for which cargo is to be shipped.

No vessel to depart without port-clearance.

No Pilot to take charge of vessel proceeding to sea without production of port-clearance.

Application for port-clearance.

62. No vessel, whether laden or in ballast, shall depart from any Customs-port until a port-clearance has been granted by the Customs-collector or other officer duly authorized to grant the same.

And no Pilot shall take charge of any vessel proceeding to sea, unless the Master of such vessel produces a port-clearance.

63. Every application for port-clearance shall be made by the Master at least twenty-four hours before the intended departure of the vessel.

OFFENCES AND PENALTIES—(Continued.)

Offences.	Section of this Act to which offence has reference.	Penalties.
the case may be) of such vessel.		
71.—If the Master of any coasting vessel refuses to bring any document to the Customs-collector when so required under Section 166,	166	such Master shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding two hundred rupees.
72.—If any person makes or signs, or uses, any declaration or document used in the transaction of any business relating to the Customs, knowing such declaration or document to be false in any particular; or counterfeits, falsifies, or fraudulently alters or destroys any such document, or any seal, signature, initials or other mark, made or impressed by any officer of Customs in the transaction of any business relating to the Customs; or being required under this Act to produce any document, refuses or neglects to produce such document; or being required under this Act to answer any question put to him by an officer of Customs, does not truly answer such question.	General.	such person shall, on conviction of any such offence before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.
73.—If any person on board of any vessel or boat in any Customs-port, or who has landed from any such vessel or boat, upon being asked by any such officer whether he has dutiable or prohibited goods about his person or in his possession, declares that he has not, and if any such goods are, after such denial, found about his person, or in his possession,	General.	such goods shall be liable to confiscation, and such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding three times the value of such goods.
74.—If any officer of Customs requires any person to be searched for dutiable or prohibited goods, or to be detained, without having reasonable ground to believe that he has such goods about his person, or has been guilty of an offence relating to the Customs,	169	such officer shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees.
75.—If any officer of Customs, or other person duly employ-	General.	such officer or person shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to

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OFFENCES AND PENALTIES—(Continued.)

Offences.	Section of this Act to which offence has reference.	Penalties.
ed for the prevention of smuggling, is guilty of a wilful breach of the provisions of this Act.		simple imprisonment for any term not exceeding two years, or to fine, or to both.
76.—If any officer of Customs, or other person duly employed for the prevention of smuggling, practises, or attempts to practise, any fraud for the purpose of injuring the Customs-revenue, or abets or connives at any such fraud, or any attempt to practise any such fraud.	General.	Do. do.
77.—If any Police-officer, whose duty it is, under Section 180, to send a written notice or cause goods to be conveyed to a Custom-house, neglects so to do.	180	such officer shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred rupees.
78.—If any person intentionally obstructs any officer of Customs or other person duly employed for the prevention of smuggling, in the exercise of any powers given under this Act to such officer or person.	General.	such person shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to imprisonment for any term not exceeding six months, or to a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees, or to both.
79.—If any officer of Customs except in the discharge in good faith of his duty as such officer, discloses any particulars learned by him in his official capacity in respect of any goods, or shows any samples delivered to him in such capacity, or if any officer of Customs except as permitted by this Act, parts with the possession of any samples delivered to him in his official capacity.	195	he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one thousand rupees.
80.—If any person, without the approval of the Customs-collector under Section 202, acts as an agent for the transaction of business as therein mentioned.	202	such person shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding five hundred rupees.

Nothing in the second column of the above schedule shall be deemed to have the force of law.

Packages and contents included in confiscation of goods. 168. The confiscation of any goods under this Act includes any package in which they are found, and all the other contents thereof.

Also conveyances and animals used in removal. Every vessel, cart or other means of conveyance, and every horse or other animal used in the removal of any goods liable to confiscation under this Act shall in like manner be liable to confiscation.

Tackle, &c., included in confiscation of vessels. The confiscation of any vessel under this Act includes her tackle, apparel and furniture.

CHAPTER XVII.

PROCEDURE RELATING TO OFFENCES, APPEALS, &c.

Power to search on reasonable suspicion.

169. Any officer of Customs duly employed in the prevention of smuggling may search any person on board of any vessel in any Port in British India, or any person who has landed from any vessel:

Provided that such officer has reason to believe that such person has dutiable or prohibited goods secreted about his person.

Persons may, before search, require to be taken before Magistrate or Customs-collector.

170. When any officer of Customs is about to search any person under the provisions of Section 169, such person may require the said officer to take him, previous to search, before the nearest Magistrate or Customs-collector.

If such requisition be made, the officer of Customs may detain the person making it until he can bring him before the nearest Magistrate or Customs-collector.

The Magistrate or Customs-collector before whom any person is so brought shall, if he see no reasonable ground for search, forthwith discharge such person; but if otherwise, shall direct that the search be made.

A female shall not be searched by any but a female.

Power to stop vessels, carts, &c., and search for goods on reasonable suspicion.

171. Any duly-empowered officer of Customs or other person duly employed for the prevention of smuggling, may stop and search for smuggled goods any vessel, cart or other means of conveyance; provided that he has reason to believe that smuggled goods are contained therein.

172. Any Magistrate may, on application by a Customs-collector, stating his belief that dutiable or prohibited goods are secreted in any place within the local limits of the jurisdiction of such Magistrate, issue a warrant to search for such goods.

Such warrant shall be executed in the same way, and shall have the same effect, as a search-warrant issued under the law relating to Criminal Procedure.

173. Any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has been guilty of an offence under this Act, may be arrested in any place, either upon land or water, by any officer of Customs or other person duly employed for the prevention of smuggling.

Persons reasonably suspected may be arrested.

Persons arrested to be taken to nearest Magistrate or Customs-collector.

174. Every person arrested on the ground that he has been guilty of an offence under this Act, shall forthwith be taken before the nearest Magistrate or Customs-collector.

175. When any such person is taken before a Magistrate, such Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, either commit to goal or order him to be kept in the custody of the Police for such time as is necessary to enable such Magistrate to communicate with the proper officers of Customs.

Persons taken before Magistrate may be detained or admitted to bail.

176. If any person liable to be arrested under this Act, is not arrested at the time of committing the offence for which he is so liable, or after arrest, makes his escape, he may at any time afterwards be arrested and taken before a Magistrate, to be dealt with as if he had been arrested at the time of committing such offence.

177. When any person employed on the crew of any of the ships of Her Majesty's Navy, Indian Marine, or Marine Survey is arrested under this Act, the arresting officer shall forthwith give notice thereof to the commanding officer of the ship, who shall thereupon place such person in security on board of such ship, until the arresting officer has obtained a warrant from a Magistrate for bringing up such person to be dealt with according to law.

Persons in Her Majesty's Navy, when arrested, to be secured on board until warrant procured.

178. Any thing liable to confiscation under this Act may be seized in any place, either upon land or water, by any officer of Customs or other person duly employed for the prevention of smuggling.

179. All things seized on the ground that they are liable to confiscation under this Act shall, as soon as conveniently may be, be delivered into the care of any Customs officer authorized to receive the same.

Things seized how dealt with.

If there be no such officer at hand, all such things shall be carried to and deposited at the Custom-house nearest to the place of seizure.

If there be no Custom-house within a convenient distance, such things shall be deposited at the nearest place appointed by the Chief Customs-Authority for the deposit of things so seized.

180. When any things liable to confiscation under this Act are seized by any Police-officer on suspicion that they have been stolen, he may carry them to any Police-station or Court at which a complaint connected with the stealing or receiving of such things has been made, or an enquiry connected with such stealing or receiving is in progress, and there detain such things until the dismissal of such complaint or the conclusion of such enquiry or of any trial thence resulting.

Procedure in respect of things seized on suspicion.

In every such case the Police-officer seizing the things shall send written notice of their seizure and detention to the nearest Custom-house; and immediately after the dismissal of the complaint or the conclusion of the enquiry or trial, he shall cause such things to be conveyed to, and deposited at, the nearest Custom-house, to be there proceeded against according to law.

181. When any thing is seized, or any person is arrested, under this Act, the officer or other person making such seizure or arrest shall, on demand of the person in charge of the thing so seized, or of the person so arrested, give him a statement in writing of the reason for such seizure or arrest.

182. In every case except the cases mentioned in Section 167, Nos. 25, 72 and 74 to 76 both inclusive, in which, under this Act, anything is liable to confiscation or to increased rates of duty; or any person is liable to a penalty,

such confiscation, increased rate of duty or penalty may be adjudged—

- (a) without limit, by a Deputy Commissioner or Deputy Collector of Customs, or a Customs-collector;
- (b) up to confiscation of goods not exceeding two hundred and fifty rupees in value, and imposition of penalty or increased duty not exceeding one hundred rupees by an Assistant Commissioner or Assistant Collector of Customs;
- (c) up to confiscation of goods not exceeding fifty rupees in value, and imposition of penalty or increased duty not exceeding ten rupees, by such other subordinate officers of Customs as the Local Government may, from time to time, empower in that behalf in virtue of their office:

Provided that the Local Government may, in the case of any officer performing the duties of a Customs-collector, limit his powers to those indicated in Clause (b) or in Clause (c) of this section, and may confer on any officer by name, or in virtue of his office, the powers indicated in Clauses (a), (b) or (c) of this section.

183. Whenever confiscation is authorized by this Act, the officer adjudging it shall give the owner of the goods an option to pay in lieu of confiscation such fine as the officer thinks fit.

On confiscation of vessel or goods, property to vest in Her Majesty.

184. When anything is confiscated under Section 182, such thing shall thereupon vest in Her Majesty.

The officer adjudging confiscation shall take and hold possession of the thing confiscated, and every officer of Police, on the requisition of such officer, shall assist him in taking and holding such possession.

185. If any vessel actually departs without a port-clearance, or after failing to bring-to when required at any station appointed under Section 17, the penalty to which the Master of such vessel is liable may be adjudged by the Chief Customs officer of any Customs-port to which such vessel proceeds, or in which she is, and in the case of Aden, by such officer as the Governor of Bombay in Council appoints in this behalf.

Levy of penalty for failure to bring-to.

A certificate of such departure or failure to bring-to when required, purporting to be

signed by the Chief Customs officer of the Port from which the vessel is stated to have so departed, shall be *prima facie* proof of the fact so certified.

Penalty under Act not to interfere with punishment under other law.

Offences not specially provided for how tried.

186. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by any decision or order passed by an officer of Customs under this Act may, within three months from the date of such decision or order, appeal therefrom to the Chief Customs-Authority, or, in such cases as the Local Government directs, to any officer of Customs not inferior in rank to a Customs-collector and empowered in that behalf by name or in virtue of his office by the Local Government.

Such authority or officer may thereupon make such further inquiry and pass such order as he thinks fit, confirming, altering or annulling the decision or order appealed against:

Provided that no such order in appeal shall have the effect of subjecting any person to any greater confiscation, penalty or rate of duty than has been adjudged against him in the original decision or order.

Every order passed in appeal under this section shall, subject to the power of revision conferred by Section 191, be final.

189. Where the decision or order appealed against relates to any duty or penalty leviable in respect of any goods, the owner of such goods, if desirous of appealing against such decision or order, shall, pending the appeal, deposit in the hands of the Customs-collector at the Port where the dispute arises the amount demanded by the officer passing such decision or order.

When delivery of such goods to the owner thereof is withheld merely by reason of such amount not being paid, the Customs-collector shall upon such deposit being made cause such goods to be delivered to such owner.

If upon any such appeal it is decided that the whole or any portion of such amount was not leviable in respect of such goods, the Customs-collector shall return such amount or portion (as the case may be) to the owner of such goods on demand by such owner.

190. If, upon consideration of the circumstances under which any penalty, increased rate of duty or confiscation has been adjudged under this Act by an officer of Customs, the Chief Customs-Authority is of opinion that such penalty, increased rate or confiscation ought to be remitted in whole or in part, or commuted, such Authority may remit the same or any portion thereof, or may, with the consent of the owner of any goods ordered to be confiscated, commute the order of confiscation to a penalty not exceeding the value of such goods.

191. The Local Government may on the application of any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act by any officer of Customs or Chief Customs-Authority, and from which no appeal lies, reverse or modify such decision or order.

192. When any fine, penalty or increased rate of duty is leviable under this Act, the goods in respect of which such fine, penalty or rate is leviable shall not be removed by the owner until such fine, penalty or rate is paid.

If any person has become liable to any such fine, penalty or rate in respect of any goods, the Customs-collector may detain any other goods belonging to such person passing through the Custom-house until such fine, penalty or rate is paid.

193. When a penalty or increased rate of duty is adjudged against any person under this Act by any officer of Customs, such officer, if such penalty or increased rate be not paid, may levy the same by sale of any goods of the said person which may be in his charge, or in the charge of any other officer of Customs.

Enforcement of payment of penalty.

When an officer of Customs who has adjudged a penalty or increased rate of duty against any person under this Act is unable to realize the unpaid amount thereof from such goods, such officer may notify in writing to any Magistrate within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such person or any goods belonging to him may be, the name and

186. The award of any confiscation, penalty or increased rate of duty under this Act by an officer of Customs shall not prevent the infliction of any punishment to which the person affected thereby is liable under any other law.

187. All offences against this Act, other than those cognizable under Section 182 by officers of Customs, may be tried summarily by a Magistrate.

188. Any person deeming himself aggrieved by any decision or order passed by an officer of Customs under this Act may, within three months from the date of such decision or order, appeal therefrom to the Chief Customs-Authority, or, in such cases as the Local Government directs, to any officer of Customs not inferior in rank to a Customs-collector and empowered in that behalf by name or in virtue of his office by the Local Government.

Such authority or officer may thereupon make such further inquiry and pass such order as he thinks fit, confirming, altering or annulling the decision or order appealed against:

Provided that no such order in appeal shall have the effect of subjecting any person to any greater confiscation, penalty or rate of duty than has been adjudged against him in the original decision or order.

Every order passed in appeal under this section shall, subject to the power of revision conferred by Section 191, be final.

189. Where the decision or order appealed against relates to any duty or penalty leviable in respect of any goods, the owner of such goods, if desirous of appealing against such decision or order, shall, pending the appeal, deposit in the hands of the Customs-collector at the Port where the dispute arises the amount demanded by the officer passing such decision or order.

When delivery of such goods to the owner thereof is withheld merely by reason of such amount not being paid, the Customs-collector shall upon such deposit being made cause such goods to be delivered to such owner.

If upon any such appeal it is decided that the whole or any portion of such amount was not leviable in respect of such goods, the Customs-collector shall return such amount or portion (as the case may be) to the owner of such goods on demand by such owner.

190. If, upon consideration of the circumstances under which any penalty, increased rate of duty or confiscation has been adjudged under this Act by an officer of Customs, the Chief Customs-Authority is of opinion that such penalty, increased rate or confiscation ought to be remitted in whole or in part, or commuted, such Authority may remit the same or any portion thereof, or may, with the consent of the owner of any goods ordered to be confiscated, commute the order of confiscation to a penalty not exceeding the value of such goods.

191. The Local Government may on the application of any person aggrieved by any decision or order passed under this Act by any officer of Customs or Chief Customs-Authority, and from which no appeal lies, reverse or modify such decision or order.

192. When any fine, penalty or increased rate of duty is leviable under this Act, the goods in respect of which such fine, penalty or rate is leviable shall not be removed by the owner until such fine, penalty or rate is paid.

If any person has become liable to any such fine, penalty or rate in respect of any goods, the Customs-collector may detain any other goods belonging to such person passing through the Custom-house until such fine, penalty or rate is paid.

193. When a penalty or increased rate of duty is adjudged against any person under this Act by any officer of Customs, such officer, if such penalty or increased rate be not paid, may levy the same by sale of any goods of the said person which may be in his charge, or in the charge of any other officer of Customs.

Enforcement of payment of penalty.

When an officer of Customs who has adjudged a penalty or increased rate of duty against any person under this Act is unable to realize the unpaid amount thereof from such goods, such officer may notify in writing to any Magistrate within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such person or any goods belonging to him may be, the name and

residence of the said person and the amount of penalty or increased rate of duty uncovered: and such Magistrate shall thereupon proceed to enforce payment of the said amount in like manner as if such penalty or increased rate had been a fine inflicted by himself.

CHAPTER XVIII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Power to open packages and examine goods.

194. Any officer of Customs may open any package, and examine any goods brought by sea to, or shipped or brought for shipment at, any Customs-port.

195. The Customs-collector may, on the entry or clearance of any goods, or at any time while such goods are being passed through the Custom-house, take samples of such goods, for examination or for ascertaining the value thereof on which duties are payable, or for any other necessary purpose.

Every such sample shall, if practicable, be at the option of the owner either restored to him, or sold and the proceeds accounted for to him.

196. The unshipping, carrying, shipping and landing of all goods, and the bringing of them to the proper place for examination or weighing, and the putting of them into and out of the scales, and the opening, unpacking, bulking, sorting, lotting, marking and numbering of goods, where such operations are necessary or permitted,

and the removing of goods to, and the placing of them in, the proper place of deposit, shall be performed by or at the expense of the owner of such goods.

197. No owner of goods shall be entitled to claim from any officer of Customs compensation for any loss or damage occurring to such goods at any time while they remain or are lawfully detained in any Custom-house, or on any Custom-house wharf, or under charge of any officer of Customs, unless it be proved that such loss or damage was occasioned by the neglect or wilful act of such officer of Customs.

198. No proceeding other than a suit shall be commenced against any person for anything purporting to be done in pursuance of this Act without giving to such person a month's previous notice in writing of the intended proceeding, and of the cause thereof; or

after the expiration of three months from the accrual of such cause.

199. The Chief Customs-Authority may from time to time fix the period after the expiration of which goods left on any Custom-house wharf, or other authorized landing-place or part of the Custom-house premises, shall be subject to payment of fees, and the amount of such fees.

200. A duplicate of any certificate, manifest, bill or other Custom-house document may, on payment of a fee not exceeding ten Rupees, be furnished, at the discretion of the Customs-collector, to any person applying for the same, if the Customs-collector is satisfied that no fraud has been committed or is intended by the applicant.

201. Except in the cases provided for by Sections 36, 55, 63 and 94, the Customs-collector may in his discretion, upon payment of one rupee, authorize any document, after it has been entered and recorded in the Custom-house, to be amended.

202. No person authorized to act as an agent for the transaction of any business relating to the entrance or clearance of any vessel, or the import or export of goods or baggage, shall so act in any Custom-house, unless such authorization is approved by the Customs-collector.

Such officer may require any person so authorized to give a bond with sufficient security, in any sum not exceeding five thousand rupees, for his faithful behaviour as regards the Custom-house regulations and officers.

Such officer may, in case of misbehaviour of the person so authorized, suspend or withdraw such approval, but an appeal against every such suspension or withdrawal shall lie to the Chief Customs-Authority, whose decision thereon shall be final.

Every appeal under this section shall be made within one month of the suspension or withdrawal.

203. When any person applies to any officer of Customs for permission to transact any specified business with him on behalf of any other person, such officer may require the applicant to produce a written authority from the person on whose behalf such business is to be transacted, and in default of the production of such authority may refuse such permission.

The clerk, servant, or agent, of any person or mercantile firm, may transact business generally at the Custom-house on behalf of such person or firm: Provided that the Customs-collector may refuse to recognize such clerk, servant or agent unless such person or a member of such firm identifies such clerk, servant or agent to the Customs-collector as empowered to transact such business, and deposits with the Customs-collector an authority in writing duly signed, authorizing such clerk, servant or agent to transact such business on behalf of such person or firm.

Rules to be notified. 204. All rules made under this Act shall be notified in the official Gazette, and shall thereupon have the force of law.

All such rules for the time being in force shall be collected, arranged and published at intervals not exceeding two years, and shall be sold to the public at a reasonable price.

Cancellation of notifications. 205. Any notification made by any authority under powers conferred by this Act, may be cancelled in like manner by the same authority.

206. If in any case relating to the removal of goods from a warehouse without payment of duty, the person offending be an officer of Customs not acting in execution of his duty, and be prosecuted to conviction by the owner of such goods, no duty shall be payable in respect of such goods. For any damage so occasioned by such officer, the Customs-collector shall, with the sanction of the Chief Customs-Authority, make due compensation to such owner.

Saving of Calcutta Port Commissioners' and Bombay Port Trust Acts. 207. Nothing in this Act shall affect any law for the time being in force relating to the Commissioners for making improvements in the Port of Calcutta or the Trustees of the Port of Bombay respectively.

SCHEDULE.

PART I.

ACTS OF THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Number and Year.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
XXI of 1858	.. An Act to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Abkari Revenue in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.	Section eight. Sections ten to fifteen, both inclusive, the last sentence of Section sixteen and the form of bond annexed to the Act.
VI of 1863	.. An Act to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the Administration of the Department of Sea Customs in India.	The whole.
X of 1863	.. An Act to amend the Consolidated Customs Act.	Do.
XVII of 1863	.. An Act to shorten the time for landing cargo.	Do.
XIV of 1871	.. An Act for further amendment of the Consolidated Customs Act.	Do.
VI of 1873	.. An Act to amend the law relating to the Transhipment of goods imported by steamer, and for other purposes.	Do.
XVI of 1875	.. An Act to amend the law relating to Customs Duties, and for other purposes.	Section five, six, seven, and twelve.

PART II.

FORMS.

A.

FORM OF BOND FOR IMPORT DUTY.

(See Section 92.)

BOND.

No.

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We, A. B.,

now of

; and C. D.,

of the same place, are jointly and severally bound to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of Government rupees to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council, for which payment we jointly and severally bind ourselves and our legal representatives.

(Date)

(Signed)

The above
having applied to the
officer in charge of the Custom-house at
for and obtained permission to lodge in the warehouse
period of the following goods, that is to say—
imported by sea from on board of the
ship and entered in the Custom-house Books
as No. of the Register of Goods imported by sea;

The condition of this Bond is, that;

If the or their legal representatives, shall observe all the rules prescribed in The Sea Customs Act, 1875, to be observed by owners of goods warehoused, and by persons obtaining permission to warehouse goods under the provisions thereof;

And if the said or their legal representatives, shall pay to the officer in charge of the Custom-house at the Port of all dues, whether Customs-duties, warehouse-dues, rent or other lawful charges which shall be demandable on the said goods, or on account of penalties incurred in respect to them, within from the date of this Bond, or within such further time as the Chief Customs-Authority of shall allow in that behalf, together with interest on every such sum at the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date of demand thereof being made in writing by the said officer in charge of the Custom-house;

And if, within the term so fixed or enlarged, the said goods, or any portion thereof, having been removed from the said warehouse for home-consumption or re-exportation by sea, the full amount of all Customs-duties, warehouse-dues, rent and other lawful charges, penalties and interest demandable as aforesaid shall have been first paid on the whole of the said goods;

This obligation shall be void.

Otherwise, and on breach or failure in the performance of any part of this condition, the same shall be in full force.

(Date)

(Signed) ()

B.

FORM OF BONDED WAREHOUSE WARRANT.

(See Section 96.)

I do hereby certify that have deposited in the Warehouse of the undermentioned goods, which goods, the engage on demand, after payment of rent and incidental charges and Government dues or customs chargeable thereon, to deliver to the said or their assigns, or to the holder of this warrant to whom it may be transferred by endorsement.

C.

FORM OF BOND FOR THE REMOVAL OF SPIRIT FROM A LICENSED DISTILLERY.

(See Sections 144 and 152).

We, _____, are jointly and severally bound to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of Government rupees _____ to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council, for which payment we jointly and severally bind ourselves and our legal representatives;

dated this _____ day of _____ 18____
(Signed)

The above bounden _____ being indebted to Her Majesty's Secretary of State for India in Council in the sum of Government rupees _____ being the amount of duty payable at the rate of rupees _____ per imperial gallon London proof, for _____ gallons of _____ (or for _____ dozens of bottles or _____ gallons of proof spirit used in the preparation of _____ annexed schedule) manufactured at _____ which the said _____ have been allowed to remove thence for exportation by sea, subject to the provisions of The Sea Customs Act, 1878, without having paid such duty.

The condition of this obligation is, that if the above bounden or their legal representatives, shall, at the expiration of four calendar months from the date of this obligation, pay or cause to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council duty at the rate of _____ rupee per imperial gallon of proof spirit for all or any portion of the abovementioned _____ which shall not have been then exported by sea to a foreign port, subject to the aforesaid provisions (of which exportation, if any, due proof shall be given), or passed for local consumption on payment of duty, then this bond shall be void; otherwise the same shall remain in full force.

Signed in the presence of

Place _____
Date _____

If the Bond be for Cordials and other Liquors under Section 152, add—
SCHEDULE.

Description of Cordials and Liquors.	Quantity in Bottles or Gallons.	Quantity of Proof Spirit.
1	2	3

ACT IX.

PASSED 14TH MARCH, 1878.

ORIENTAL LANGUAGES.

An Act for the better control of Publications in Oriental Languages.

WHEREAS certain publications in oriental languages printed or circulated in British India have of late contained matter likely to excite disaffection to the Government established by law in British India, or antipathy between persons of different races, castes, religions, or sects in British India, or have been used as means of intimidation or extortion:

And whereas such publications are read by and disseminated amongst large numbers of ignorant and unintelligent persons, and are thus likely to have an influence which they otherwise would not possess; and whereas it is accordingly necessary for the

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maintenance of the public tranquillity and for the security of Her Majesty's subjects and others to confer on the executive Government power to control the printing and circulation of such publications: It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This section and Sections eleven to sixteen both inclusive apply to the whole of British India; the other sections of this Act apply only to those parts of British India to which they may from time to time be extended by the Governor-General in Council by a notification in the *Gazette of India*.

Local extent.

Interpretation-clause.

2. In this Act—

"Newspaper" means any periodical work containing public news, or comments on public news, printed wholly or partially in any oriental language; and includes two or more copies of a newspaper bearing the same name, whether published on the same day or on different days, and also includes any series of newspapers, whether printed on one day or different days, or with one name or with different names; and

"Print," &c.

"Print," "printed" and "printer" apply not only to printing, but also to lithography, engraving, and photography.

3. Any Magistrate of a District or Commissioner of Police in a Presidency town, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction any newspaper is printed or published, may, with the previous sanction and publisher of newspaper of the Local Government and subject to the provisions of Section five, call upon the printer and publisher of such newspaper to enter into a joint and several bond, or

when the printer and publisher of such newspaper are the same person, call upon such person to enter into a bond, binding themselves or himself, as the case may be, in such sum as the Local Government thinks fit, not to—

(a) print or publish in such newspaper any words, signs, or visible representations, likely to excite disaffection to the Government established by law in British India or antipathy between any persons of different races, castes, religions, or sects in British India; or

(b) use or attempt to use such newspaper

for the purpose of putting any person in fear or causing annoyance to him and thereby inducing him to deliver to any person any property or valuable security, or anything signed or sealed which may be converted into a valuable security, or to give any gratification to any person, or

for the purpose of holding out any threat of injury to a public servant, or to any person in whom they or he believe or believes that public servant to be interested, and thereby inducing that public servant to do any act, or to forbear or delay to do any act, connected with the exercise of his public functions.

EXPLANATION.—"Valuable security," "gratification," and "public servant" are used in this section in the senses in which they are respectively used in the Indian Penal Code.

4. When any bond is executed under Section three, the said Magistrate or Commissioner may further require the obligor or obligors of the same to deposit the amount thereof in money or the equivalent thereof in securities of the Government of India;

and the money or securities so deposited shall, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, remain so deposited until fifteen days after the person or persons depositing the same has or have made and subscribed a declaration under Act No. XXV of 1867, Section eight.

When such person or persons has or have subscribed such a declaration, and fifteen days have elapsed from the date of subscribing the same, he or they may apply to the said Magistrate or Commissioner for the restoration of the said money or securities, and thereupon such money or securities shall, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, be restored to such person or persons.

5. When any publisher or printer is called upon by a Magistrate or Commissioner of Police to execute a bond under this Act in respect of any

No bond or deposit to be required when undertaking is given under this section. No newspaper, the publisher of such newspaper may deliver to such Magistrate or Commissioner an undertaking in writing to the effect that no words, signs, or visible representations shall, during the year next following the date of such undertaking, be printed or published in such newspaper which have not previously been submitted to such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, by name or in virtue of his office, or which on being so submitted have been objected to by such officer.

When such undertaking has been so delivered, no such bond or deposit shall be required from the publisher or printer of such newspaper during the said year.

6. Whenever it appears to the Local Government that any newspaper printed or published in the territories under its administration, contains any words, signs, or visible representations of the nature described in Section three, Clause (a), or that any such newspaper has been used or attempted to be used for any purpose described in the same section, Clause (b), such Local Government may cause a notice in the form in the schedule hereto annexed, or to the like effect, to be published in the local official Gazette.

7. A true copy of such notice shall be fixed on some conspicuous part of the premises described in the declaration made in respect of the newspaper under the said Act No. XXV of 1867, Section five, and the copy so fixed shall be deemed to have been duly served on the printer and publisher of such paper.

8. If after the publication of such notice and the service thereof, the newspaper in respect of which it has been issued contains any words, signs, or visible representations of the nature described in Section three, Clause (a), or is used, or attempted to be used, for any purpose described in the same section, Clause (b),

all printing presses, engines, machinery, types, lithographic stones, paper, and other implements, utensils, plant, and materials used or employed, or intended to be used or employed, in or for the purpose of printing or publishing such newspaper, or found in or about any premises where such newspaper is printed or published, and

all copies of such newspaper wherever found, and

any money or securities which the printer or publisher of such newspaper may have deposited under the provisions of Section three, shall be liable to be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Provided that the publisher of any newspaper may, on the publication of a notice in respect thereof under Section six, and before anything has become liable to forfeiture under this section in respect of such newspaper, deliver to the Magistrate of the District or to the Commissioner of Police in a Presidency town, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such newspaper is published, an undertaking in writing of the nature specified in Section five, and, if such Magistrate or Commissioner accepts such undertaking, nothing shall become liable to forfeiture under this section between the date on which such undertaking is so accepted and the end of the period for which it is given.

9. Whenever it appears to the Local Government that any money or security deposited under this Act in respect of any newspaper is liable to be forfeited under Section eight, such Local Government may, by a notification in the local official Gazette, declare such money or security to be forfeited;

And whenever it appears to the Local Government that any implements, utensils, plant or materials used or employed or intended to be used or employed in or for the purpose of printing or publishing any newspaper, or which is or are in or about any premises where such newspaper is printed or published, or any copies of any newspaper, is or are liable to be forfeited under that section,

the Local Government may declare such implements, utensils, plant, materials or copies to be forfeited, and may by warrant issued by its authority under the hand of any Magistrate, empower any person to seize and take away such implements, utensils, plant, materials, and copies wherever found, and to enter upon any premises

- (a) where the newspaper specified in such warrant is printed or published, or
- (b) where any such implements, utensils, plant, or materials may be or may be reasonably suspected to be, or
- (c) where any copy of such newspaper is sold, distributed, published, or publicly exhibited, or reasonably suspected to be sold, distributed, published, or publicly exhibited, or kept for sale, distribution, publication, or public exhibition, or reasonably suspected to be so kept,

and search for such implements, utensils, plant, materials, and copies.

Every warrant issued under this section, so far as relates to a search, shall be executed in manner provided for the execution of search-warrants under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force.

Books, &c., printed in British India, and containing matter, or used for purpose described in Section 3.

10. When any book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document printed wholly or partially in any oriental language in British India contains any words, signs, or visible representations which are of the nature described in Section three, Clause (a),

or when any such book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document has been used or attempted to be used for any purpose described in the same section, Clause (b), all printing presses, engines, machinery, types, lithographic stones, paper, and other implements, utensils, plant, and materials used or employed in or for the purpose of printing or publishing such book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document, are found in or about any premises where the same is printed or published, and all copies of such book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet or other document, shall be liable to be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Whenever it appears to the Local Government that anything is liable to be forfeited under this section, the Local Government may declare such thing to be forfeited and may direct any Magistrate to issue a warrant in respect of the same, and thereupon such thing may be searched for, seized, and taken away in manner provided by Section nine.

The Local Government may, upon good cause shown, cancel any forfeiture under this section.

11. When any newspaper printed elsewhere than in British India contains any words, signs, or visible representations of the nature described in Section three, Clause (a), or is used or attempted to be used for any purpose described in the same section, Clause (b), all copies of such newspaper, brought into British India, shall be liable to be forfeited to Her Majesty.

12. Whenever it appears to the Local Government that any copies of any newspaper in any of the territories under its administration are liable to be forfeited under Section eleven, such Local Government may declare all copies of such newspaper wherever found to be forfeited and may by warrant issued by its authority under the hand of any Magistrate, empower any person to seize and take away all copies of such newspaper wherever found, and to enter upon any premises where any copy of such newspaper is sold, distributed, published, or publicly exhibited, or reasonably suspected to be sold, distributed, published, or publicly exhibited, or kept for sale, distribution, publication, or public exhibition, or reasonably suspected to be so kept; and search for all copies of such newspaper.

Every warrant issued under this section shall, so far as relates to a search, be executed in manner provided for the execution of search-warrants under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force.

13. Any person feeling aggrieved by the issue of any notification under Section nine or by any declaration made or anything done in the execution of a warrant issued under that section, or under Section ten or Section twelve, may, within three months from the date of the notification or declaration or the doing of the thing complained of (as the case may be), appeal to the Governor-General in Council; and the Governor-General in Council shall take such appeal into consideration, and the order passed by him thereon shall be final and conclusive.

14. The Governor-General in Council may, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, direct that any newspapers printed at any place beyond the limits of British India, or any books, pamphlets, placards, broadsheets, or other documents printed wholly or partially in any oriental language at any such place, shall not be brought into, or circulated, distributed, or publicly exhibited, or sold, or kept for circulation, distribution, public exhibition, or sale, in British India.

Whoever, in contravention of any direction under this section, brings any such newspaper, book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document into British India, or circulates, distributes, publishes, exhibits, or sells the same, or keeps the same for circulation, distribution, exhibition, or sale, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both;

and all copies of such newspaper, book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document found in British India shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

Whenever it appears to any Magistrate of a District or to any Commissioner of Police in a Presidency town that anything within the local limits of his jurisdiction is forfeited under this section, he may issue a warrant to search for and seize the same, and such warrant shall be executed in manner provided for the execution of search-warrants under the law relating to criminal procedure for the time being in force.

15. When any declaration has been made under Section nine, Section ten, or Section twelve, in respect of any newspaper, book, pamphlet, placard, broadsheet, or other document, or any notification has been issued in respect of the same under Section fourteen, any officer of the Postal Department empowered in this behalf by the Governor-General in Council, by name or in virtue of his office, may search or cause search to be made for any copies of the same in the custody of that Department, and shall deliver all such copies found to such officer as the Governor-General in Council may appoint in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office.

16. Every notification and declaration of forfeiture purporting to be issued or made under this Act shall, as against all persons, be conclusive evidence that the forfeiture therein referred to has taken place; and no proceeding purporting to be taken under this Act, or in execution of a warrant issued under this Act, shall be called in question by any Court of civil or criminal jurisdiction; and no Civil or Criminal proceeding shall be instituted against any person for anything purporting to be done under this Act or in execution of any such warrant, or for the recovery of any property purporting to be seized under this Act.

17. Any publisher or printer of a newspaper required to execute a bond or make a deposit under Section three or Section four, and publishing or printing such newspaper without having complied with such requisition, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

18. When any publisher of a newspaper has given an undertaking under Section five or Section eight, and during the period for which such undertaking is given, any words, signs, or visible representations which have not been submitted to the officer appointed under Section five, or which on being so submitted have been objected to by him, are printed or published in such newspaper, such publisher and the printer of such newspaper shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

19. Any portion of this Act which has been extended to any part of British India under Section one shall cease to be in force in such part whenever the Governor-General in Council, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, so directs, but may be again extended to such part by a like notification.

20. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Act.

SCHEDULE.

FORM OF NOTICE UNDER SECTION 6.

Whereas a certain newspaper (*state name of newspaper*) contains words, signs, or visible representations (*as the case may be*) of the nature described in Section 3, Clause (a), of Act No. IX of 1878 (*or is used for a purpose mentioned in Section 3 of Act No. IX of 1878, Clause (b), or Whereas an attempt has been made to use a certain newspaper (state name of newspaper) for a purpose, &c.*)

This is to give notice to all whom it may concern, and to give all such persons warning, according to the provisions of Section 6 of the said Act No. IX of 1878.

This day of 187 A. B.

Secretary to { the Government of
the Chief Commissioner of

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

1. The main object of this Bill is to place newspapers which are published in the vernacular languages of India under better control, and to furnish the Government with more effective means than are provided by the existing law, of punishing and repressing seditious writings which are calculated to produce disaffection towards the Government in the minds of the ignorant and unenlightened masses. Another object is to prevent unscrupulous native editors using their papers as a means of intimidation or extortion.

2. As regards the latter of these objects, it is enough to state that the Government is informed on reliable authority that certain vernacular papers have from time to time been used as a means of intimidating, and extorting money from, our feudatories and native employes. As regards the former and more important object, a fuller statement of the reasons which have led to the introduction of this Bill seems desirable.

3. That a section of the vernacular Press has of late years assumed an attitude of fixed hostility to the Government; that it does not confine itself to criticising particular measures or the acts of individual officers on their merits, but attacks the very existence of British rule in India; and that the evil has been steadily growing and has now attained a magnitude which calls for the application of some strong means of repression, are facts patent to all who read the native papers.

4. The necessity for immediate action has been pressed on the Government of India from many quarters; and those most competent to form an opinion on such a point have advised that the existing law does not furnish a sufficient remedy, and that fresh legislation is accordingly necessary.

5. The only question has been as to the form which such legislation should assume, or, to speak more precisely, whether the object in view could be attained by any mere amendment of the general criminal law, or whether some measure of a special nature is required.

The Government of India have come to the conclusion that a special measure is necessary, and they have been led to this conclusion chiefly by two considerations:

6. In the first place, the object in view is simply to repress an evil which is altogether of a special and limited nature, and for the existence of which a small and strictly defined class of persons is answerable. It is not in any way necessary for that object to expand the general law relating to State offences, or to render that law more stringent. To do so would be to inflict an unmerited hardship on a large number of Her Majesty's subjects.

7. Secondly (and this seems to put the necessity of a special law, as distinguished from any mere amendment of the general law, beyond a doubt), the ordinary criminal law confines itself to imposing penalties for offences already committed, whereas the particular offence to be dealt with here is of such a nature that it is not enough that it should be punished when committed. Its commission must be *prevented*, and this can be done only under a special procedure devised expressly for that purpose.

8. The Bill now introduced is restricted in its operation to publications in oriental languages. Its chief provisions will take effect only in those parts of British India to which they may be specially extended by the Governor-General in Council, and will cease to have effect in those parts whenever the Governor-General in Council so directs.

9. The system of check it establishes in the case of newspapers in oriental languages published in British India is as follows:

First.—The Magistrate may, with the previous sanction of the Local Government, require the printer or publisher of any such newspaper to enter into a bond binding himself not to print or publish in such newspaper anything likely to excite feelings of disaffection to the Government or antipathy between persons of different races, castes, religions or sects, and not to use such paper for purposes of extortion. The Magistrate may further require the amount of this bond to be deposited in money or securities.

Secondly.—If any newspaper (whether a bond has been taken in respect of it or not) at any time contains any matter of the description just mentioned, or is used for purposes of extortion, the Local Government may warn such newspaper by a notification in the *Gazette*, and if, in spite of such warning, the offence is repeated, the Local Government may then issue its warrant to seize the plant, &c., of such newspaper, and when any deposit has been made may declare such deposit forfeited.

Thirdly.—As the provisions regarding the deposit of security and the forfeiture of the deposit would, perhaps, be found to press unduly on some of the less wealthy newspaper proprietors, clauses have been inserted enabling the publisher of a newspaper to take his paper out of the operation of this portion of the Act for such time as he pleases by undertaking to submit his proofs to an officer appointed by the Government before publication, and to publish nothing which such officer objects to.

Any publisher may, if he chooses, do this at the time when he is called upon to deposit security; and if he does so, no security can be demanded from him.

Again, if he does not choose to avail himself of this provision at that stage, he may subsequently, in the event of a warning being issued against him, offer such an undertaking, and if the Magistrate accepts it, the proceedings are at an end.

10. As regards books, pamphlets, &c., printed in British India, containing matter of the description above referred to or used for purposes of extortion, the Bill gives the Local Government a power to seize them and the presses at which they are printed.

11. Newspapers and books published out of British India but circulated in British India remain. And in regard to them the Bill provides—

first, that if they contain matter of the nature already referred to or are used for purposes of extortion, the Local Government may seize them; and
secondly, that the Governor-General in Council may prohibit their importation altogether.

12. The only other points calling for special notice are that an appeal is given to the Governor-General in Council against anything done by a Local Government or any inferior authority; that declarations of forfeitures and other proceedings under the Act are made final and conclusive, subject only to such appeal; and that penalties are provided for printing or publishing a newspaper without executing a bond or making a deposit after such bond or deposit has been required, and for breach of an undertaking to submit proofs to a Government officer.

ACT XI.

PASSED 15TH MARCH, 1878.

THE INDIAN ARMS ACT, 1878.

An Act to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores.

Preamble. Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to arms, ammunition and military stores; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

I.—Preliminary.

Short title. 1. This Act may be called "The Indian Arms Act, 1878;"
Local extent. and it extends to the whole of British India.
Savings. But nothing herein contained shall apply to—

- (a) arms, ammunition or military stores on board any sea-going vessel and forming part of her ordinary armament or equipment, or
- (b) the manufacture, conversion, sale, import, export, transport, bearing or possession of arms, ammunition or military stores by order of the Government, or by a public servant or a volunteer enrolled under the Indian Volunteers Act, 1869, in the course of his duty as such public servant or volunteer.

Commencement. 2. This Act shall come into force on such day as the Governor-General in Council by notification in the *Gazette of India* appoints.

Repeal of enactments. 3. On and from that day the enactments mentioned in the first schedule hereto annexed shall be repealed to the extent specified in the third column of the said schedule. But all authorities and permissions given, licenses and exemptions granted, orders

and appointments made, notifications published, and rules, conditions, and forms prescribed under any enactment hereby repealed shall be deemed to be respectively given, granted, made, published and prescribed under this Act.

And all such authorities, permissions, licenses and exemptions shall, except as otherwise provided by this Act, continue in force for the periods for which they may have been given or granted respectively, or, where no such period is expressly fixed, for one year from the date on which this Act comes into force, and shall then cease to have effect.

Interpretation-clause. 4. In this Act unless there be something repugnant to the subject or context—

"Cannon" includes also all howitzers, mortars, wall pieces, mitrailleuses and other ordnance and machine-guns, all parts of the same, and all carriages, platforms and appliances for mounting, transporting and serving the same;

"Arms" includes fire-arms, bayonets, swords, daggers, spears, spear-heads and bows and arrows, also cannon and parts of arms, and machinery for manufacturing arms;

"Ammunition" includes also all articles specially designed for torpedo service and submarine mining, rockets, gun-cotton, dynamite, lithofractor and other explosive or

fulminating material, gunflints, gunwads, percussion caps, fuses, and friction tubes, all parts of ammunition and all machinery for manufacturing ammunition, but does not include lead, sulphur or saltpetre:

"Military stores" in any section of this Act as applied to any part of British India means any military stores to which the Governor-General in Council may from time to time by notification in the *Gazette of India* specially extend such section in such part, and includes also all lead, sulphur, saltpetre and other material to which the Governor-General in Council may from time to time so extend such section.

"License" means a license granted under this Act, and "licensed" means holding such license:

II.—Manufacture, Conversion and Sale.

5. No person shall manufacture, convert, or sell, or
Unlicensed manufacture, keep, offer to expose for sale, any arms, ammunition or conversion and sale prohibited military stores except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

Nothing herein contained shall prevent any person from selling any arms or ammunition which he lawfully possesses for his own private use to any person who is not by any enactment for the time being in force prohibited from possessing the same; but every person so selling arms or ammunition to any person other than a person entitled to possess the same by reason of an exemption under Section twenty-seven of this Act shall, without unnecessary delay, give to the Magistrate of the District or to the officer in charge of the nearest police-station notice of the sale and of the purchaser's name and address.

III.—Import, Export and Transport.

6. No person shall bring or take by sea or by land into or out of British India any arms, ammunition or military stores except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted by such license.
Unlicensed importation and exportation prohibited.

Nothing in the first clause of this section extends to arms (other than cannon) or ammunition imported or exported in reasonable quantities for his own private use by any person lawfully entitled to possess such arms or ammunition; but the Collector of Customs or any other officer empowered by the Local Government in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office may at any time detain such arms or ammunition until he receives the orders of the Local Government thereon.

Explanation.—Arms, ammunition and military stores taken from one part of British India to another by sea or across intervening territory not being part of British India are taken out of and brought into British India within the meaning of this section.

7. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Sea-customs Act, 1878, no arms, ammunition or military stores shall be deposited in any warehouse licensed under Section 16 of that Act without the sanction of the Local Government.
Sanction of Local Government required to warehouseing of arms, &c.

8. In lieu of the duties imposed by the Indian Tariff Act, 1875, upon the articles mentioned in the second schedule hereto annexed when imported by sea, there shall be levied and collected, in every part of British India, upon the same articles the duties specified in the same schedule.
Levy of duties on arms, &c., imported by sea.

Provided that no duty in excess of ten per cent. *ad valorem* shall be levied upon any of the said articles imported in reasonable quantity for his own private use by any person lawfully entitled to possess the same:

Provided also that when any articles which have been otherwise imported and upon which duty has been levied or is leviable under this section are purchased retail from the importer by a person lawfully entitled as aforesaid, in reasonable quantity for his own private use, the importer may apply to the Customs-collector for a refund or remission (as the case may be) of so much of the duty thereon as is in excess of ten per cent. *ad valorem*; and if such collector is satisfied as to the identity of the articles, and that such importer is in other respects entitled to such refund or remission, he shall grant the same accordingly.

9. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time by notification in the *Gazette of India* direct that duties not exceeding those specified in the second schedule hereto annexed shall be levied upon any articles mentioned in that schedule and brought by land into any part of British India, and may in like manner cancel any such notification.

Power to impose duty on import by land.

10. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time by notification in the *Gazette of India*—

(a) regulate or prohibit the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or military stores over the whole of British India or any part thereof, either altogether or except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license, and

(b) cancel any such notification.

Transshipment of arms. *Explanation.*—Arms, ammunition or military stores transported at a port in British India are transported within the meaning of this section.

11. The Local Government with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council may, at any places along the boundary line between British India and Foreign territory and at such distance within such line as it deems expedient, establish searching posts at which all vessels, carts and baggage animals and all boxes, bales and packages in transit may be stopped and searched for arms, ammunition and military stores by any officer empowered by such Government in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office.

12. When any person is found carrying or conveying any arms, ammunition or military stores, whether covered by a license or not, in such manner or under such circumstances as to afford just grounds of suspicion that the same are being carried by him with intent to use them, or that the same may be used, for any unlawful purpose, any person may without warrant apprehend him and take such arms, ammunition or military stores from him.

Procedure where arrest made by person not a Magistrate or a Police-officer. Any person so apprehended and any arms, ammunition or military stores so taken by a person not being a Magistrate or Police-officer shall be delivered over as soon as possible to a Police-officer.

All persons apprehended by, or delivered to, a Police-officer and all arms and ammunition seized by or delivered to any such officer under this section shall be taken without unnecessary delay before a Magistrate.

IV.—Going armed and possessing arms, &c.

13. No person shall go armed with any arms except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted thereby.

Any person so going armed without a license or in contravention of its provisions may be disarmed by any Magistrate, Police-officer or other person empowered by the Local Government in this behalf by name or by virtue of his office.

14. No person shall have in his possession or under his control any cannon or fire-arms, or any ammunition or military stores except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby. During the three months next following the date on which this Act comes into force nothing in the former part of this section shall apply to the possession by any person of any fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in any place to which Section 32, Clause 2, of Act No. XXXI of 1860 does not apply at such date.

Any person having within the said period of three months any fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in his possession in any such place may, and any person having at the expiry of the same period any fire-arms, ammunition or military stores in his possession in any such place without a license shall, deposit the same with the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

If the owner of anything deposited under this section does not within the year next following the date on which this Act comes into force, obtain a license authorizing him to possess such thing and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

15. In any place to which Section 32, Clause 2 of Act No. XXXI of 1860, applies at the time this Act comes into force or to which the Local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General in Council, may by notification in the local official Gazette specially extend this section, no person shall have in his possession any arms of any description except under a license and in the manner and to the extent permitted thereby.

16. Any person possessing arms, ammunition or military stores, the possession whereof by him has, in consequence of the cancellation or expiry of a license or by the issue of a notification under Section fifteen become unlawful, shall deposit the same without unnecessary delay with the officer in charge of the nearest police-station.

If the owner of any thing deposited under this section does not within three years from the date on which such thing is so deposited produce a license authorizing him to possess the same and apply for delivery of the same, such thing shall be forfeited to Her Majesty.

V.—Licenses.

17. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, make rules to determine the officers by whom, the form in which, and the terms and conditions on and subject to which, any license shall be granted; and may by such rules among other matters—

- fix the period for which such license shall continue in force;
- fix a fee payable by stamp or otherwise in respect of any such license granted in a place to which Section 32, Clause 2 of Act No. XXXI of 1860 applies at the time this Act comes into force, or in respect of any such license other than a license for possession granted in any other place;
- direct that the holder of any such license other than a license for possession shall keep a record or account in such form as the Local Government may prescribe of anything done under such license, and exhibit such record or account when called upon by an officer of Government to do so;
- empower any officer of Government to enter and inspect any premises in which arms, ammunition or military stores are manufactured or kept by any person holding a license of the description referred to in Section five or Section six;
- direct that any such person shall exhibit the entire stock of arms, ammunition and military stores in his possession or under his control to any officer of Government so empowered, and
- require the person holding any license or acting under any license to produce the same, and to produce or account for the arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the same when called upon by an officer of Government so to do.

Cancelling and suspension of license. 18. Any license may be cancelled or suspended—

- by the officer by whom the same was granted, or by any authority to which he may be subordinate, or by any Magistrate of a District or Commissioner of Police in a presidency town, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the holder of such license may be, when, for reasons to be recorded in writing, such officer, authority, Magistrate or Commissioner deems it necessary for the security of the public peace to cancel or suspend such license; or
- by any Judge or Magistrate before whom the holder of such license is convicted of an offence against this Act, or against the rules made under this Act; and

the Local Government may at its discretion by a notification in the local official Gazette cancel or suspend all or any licenses throughout the whole or any portion of the territories under its administration.

VI.—Penalties.

For breach of Sections 5, 6, 10, 13 to 17. 19. Whoever commits any of the following offences (namely):—

- manufactures, converts or sells, or keeps, offers or exposes for sale, any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section five;

- (b) fails to give notice as required by the same section;
- (c) imports or exports any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section six;
- (d) transports any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of a regulation or prohibition issued under Section ten;
- (e) goes armed in contravention of the provisions of Section thirteen;
- (f) has in his possession or under his control any arms, ammunition or military stores in contravention of the provisions of Section fourteen or Section fifteen;
- (g) intentionally makes any false entry in a record or account which by a rule made under Section seventeen, Clause (c), he is required to keep;
- (h) intentionally fails to exhibit anything which by a rule made under Section seventeen, Clause (c), he is required to exhibit; or
- (i) fails to deposit arms, ammunition or military stores, as required by Section fourteen or Section sixteen;

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

20. Whoever does any act mentioned in Clause (a), (c), (d) or (f) of Section nineteen, in such manner as to indicate an intention that such act may not be known to any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or to any person employed upon a railway or to the servant of any public carrier,

and whoever, on any search being made under Section twenty-five, conceals or attempts to conceal any arms, ammunition or military stores,

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

21. Whoever, in violation of a condition subject to which a license has been granted, does or omits to do any act shall, when the doing or omitting to do such act is not punishable under Section nineteen or Section twenty, be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

For knowingly purchasing arms, &c., from unlicensed person.

For delivering arms, &c., to person not authorized to possess them.

shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees, or with both.

22. Any person violating any rule made under this Act, and for the violation of which no penalty is provided by this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

23. When any person is convicted of an offence punishable under this Act committed by him in respect of any arms, ammunition or military stores, it shall be in the discretion of the convicting Court or Magistrate further to direct that the whole or any portion of such arms, ammunition or military stores, and any vessel, cart or baggage animal used to convey the same, and any box, package or bale in which the same may have been concealed, together with the other contents of such box, package or bale, shall be confiscated.

Power to confiscate.

VII.—Miscellaneous.

25. Whenever any Magistrate has reason to believe that any person residing within the local limits of his jurisdiction has in his possession any arms, ammunition or military stores for any unlawful purpose,

or that such person cannot be left in the possession of any such arms, ammunition or military stores without danger to the public peace,

such Magistrate, having first recorded the grounds of his belief, may cause a search to be made of the house or premises occupied by such person, or in which such Magistrate has reason to believe such arms, ammunition or military stores are or is to be found, and may seize and detain the same, although covered by a license, in safe custody for such time as he thinks necessary.

The search in such case shall be conducted by, or in the presence of, a Magistrate, or by or in the presence of some officer, specially empowered in this behalf by name or in virtue of his office by the Local Government.

26. The Local Government may at any time order or cause to be seized any arms, ammunition or military stores in the possession of any person, notwithstanding that such person is licensed to possess the same, and may detain the same for such time as it thinks necessary for the public safety.

27. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time by notification published in the *Gazette of India*—

(a) exempt any person by name or in virtue of his office or any class of persons or exclude any description of arms or ammunition or withdraw any part of British India, from the operation of any prohibition or direction contained in this Act; and

(b) cancel any such notification and again subject the persons or things or the part of British India comprised therein to the operation of such prohibition or direction.

28. Every person aware of the commission of any offence punishable under this Act, shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information to the nearest Police-officer or Magistrate, and

every person employed upon any railway or by any public carrier shall, in the absence of reasonable excuse, the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person, give information to the nearest Police-officer regarding any box, package or bale in transit which he may have reason to suspect contains arms, ammunition or military stores in respect of which an offence against this Act has been or is being committed.

29. Where an offence punishable under Section nineteen, Clause (f), has been committed within three months from the date on which this Act comes into force in any province, district or place to which Section 32, Clause 2, of Act XXXI of 1860 applies at such date, or where such an offence has been committed in any part of British India not being such a district, province or place, no proceedings shall be instituted against any person in respect of such offence without the previous sanction of the Magistrate of the district or in a Presidency town of the Commissioner of Police.

30. Where a search is to be made under the Code of Criminal Procedure or the Presidency Magistrates Act 1877 in the course of any proceedings instituted in respect of an offence punishable under Section nineteen, Clause (f), such search shall, notwithstanding anything contained in the said Code or Act, be made in the presence of some officer specially appointed by name or in virtue of his office by the Local Government in this behalf, and not otherwise.

31. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other law for any act or omission which constitutes an offence against this Act or the rules made under it, or from being liable under such other law to any higher punishment or penalty than that provided by this Act: Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

Operation of other laws not barred.

Act: Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

32. The Local Government may from time to time by notification in the local official Gazette direct a census to be taken of all fire-arms in any local area, and empower any person by name or in virtue of his office to take such census.

On the issue of any such notification, all persons possessing any such arms in such area shall furnish to the person so empowered such information as he may require in reference thereto, and shall produce such arms to him if he so requires.

Any person refusing or neglecting to produce any such arms when so required, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to one month, or with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, or with both.

33. No proceeding other than a suit shall be commenced against any person for anything done in pursuance of this Act, without having given him at least one month's previous notice in writing of the intended proceeding and of the cause thereof, nor after the expiration of three months from the accrual of such cause.

Notice and limitation of proceedings.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Number and Year.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
XVIII of 1841.	An Act for consolidating and amending the enactments concerning the exportation of Military Stores.	So much as has not been repealed.
XXX of 1854.	An Act to provide for the levy of Duties of Customs in the Arrakan, Pegu, Martaban and Tenasserim Provinces.	In the preamble the words "and that the exportation of munitions of war from any of these Provinces into Foreign States should be prohibited." Section 11.
XXXI of 1860.	An Act relating to the manufacture, importation and sale of Arms and Ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases.	So much as has not been repealed.
VI of 1866.	An Act to continue Act No. XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation and sale of Arms and Ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases), and for other purposes.	The whole.
III of 1873.	The Sonthal Parganas Settlement Regulation.	So much of the schedule as relates to Act XXXI of 1860 and Act VI of 1866.
IX of 1874.	The Arrakan Hills District Laws Regulation, 1874.	So much of the schedule as relates to Act XVIII of 1841.
XV of 1874.	An Act for declaring the local extent of certain Enactments, and for other purposes.	So much of the first schedule as relates to Act XVIII of 1841.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

(See Section 2.)

	RS.	A.
(1.) Fire-arms other than pistols, for each ..	50	0
(2.) Barrels for the same, whether single or double, for each ..	30	0
(3.) Pistols for each ..	15	0
(4.) Barrels for the same, whether single or double, for each ..	10	0
(5.) Springs used for fire-arms, for each ..	8	0
(6.) Gun-stocks, sights, blocks and rollers, for each ..	5	0
(7.) Revolver-breeches, for each cartridge which they will carry ..	2	8
(8.) Extractors, nippers, heel-plates, pins, screws, tangs, bolts, thumb-pieces, triggers, trigger-guards, hammers, pistons, plates, and all other parts of a fire-arm not herein otherwise provided for, and all tools used for cleaning or putting together or loading the same, for each ..	1	8
(9.) Machines for making or loading or closing cartridges, for each ..	10	0
(10.) Machines for capping cartridges, for each ..	2	8

Exception.—Articles falling under the 5th, 6th, 8th, 9th, or 10th head of this schedule when they appertain to a fire-arm falling under the 1st or 3rd head and are fitted into the same case with such fire-arm.

ACT XIII.

PASSED 29TH MARCH, 1878.

An Act to provide for the recovery in British India of Wages due to, and expenses incurred in respect of, certain Seamen and Apprentices, and to amend the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1875, and the Indian Ports Act, 1875.

WHEREAS by the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, Section 213, and by the Merchant Shipping Act Amendment Act, 1856, Section 16, it is enacted that the Board of Trade may, in manner therein mentioned, and in the name of Her Majesty, sue for and recover the wages due to, and expenses incurred in respect of, the distressed seamen and apprentices in the said sections mentioned; And whereas it is expedient to empower such persons as the Governor-General in Council may think fit to sue for and recover in British India, in the name of the Secretary of State for India in Council, such wages and expenses, when the same are charged upon any ship, or recoverable from any master, owner or other person, found in British India;

And whereas it is also expedient to amend the Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1875, and the Indian Ports Act, 1875, in manner hereinafter appearing;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. The Governor-General in Council may from time to time, by notification in the *Gazette of India*, authorize, either generally or specially, such persons as he thinks fit to sue for and recover, in manner in the Merchant Shipping Act, 1854, Section 213, provided, any wages or expenses recoverable under the said sections of the said Acts in cases where such wages and expenses are, under the same sections, a charge upon any ship, or recoverable from any master, owner or other person, within the jurisdiction of any Court in British India.

Every person so authorized shall be entitled to sue and recover accordingly in any such Court, and shall be deemed to be a person filling a public office within the meaning of the Indian Evidence Act, 1873, Section 57, Clause 7.

Suits, &c., to be instituted. 2. All suits and proceedings under Section one shall be instituted and carried on in the name of the Secretary of State for India in Council.

3. In sections 6, 7, 9 and 17 of the said Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1875, the word "misconduct," shall be deemed to include, besides drunkenness, tyranny and other similar misconduct, any wrongful act or default causing the loss or abandonment of, or serious damage to, any ship, or loss of life.

4. Notwithstanding anything contained in Section one hundred and fourteen of Act No. 1 of 1859 (for the amendment of the law relating to Merchant Seamen), or in Section twenty-eight of the said Indian Merchant Shipping Act, 1875, the word "ship" in Section three, and the word "ships" in Section five, of the latter Act, shall be deemed to include all ships except ships belonging to, or in the service of, Her Majesty or belonging to any foreign Prince or State.

Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to give power to cancel or suspend any certificate granted by the Board of Trade and held by the master, mate or engineer of any ship belonging to the subject of any foreign Prince or State.

Amendment of Chapter V of Act XII of 1875. 5. For Chapter V of the Indian Ports Act, 1875, the following shall be substituted (namely):—

"CHAPTER V.—Of Salvage in Ports.

"43. If any anchors, wreck, stores or other property be recovered by any officer employed by the local Government for that purpose, from the surface, bed or shore of any port subject to this Act, the local Government shall be entitled to receive a reasonable sum for salvage, having regard to the place of recovery.

"If any such property is so recovered by any other person not entitled thereto nor authorized by the person so entitled to recover the same, he shall, without unnecessary delay, deliver the same to the Conservator, or to such other officer as the local Government may appoint in this behalf, and shall be entitled to receive a reasonable sum as aforesaid in respect of the same.

Register to be kept of property recovered. "A register shall be kept of all property so recovered, in such manner and at such place as the local Government may direct.

"It shall contain a description of such property, and of the times and places where the same has been recovered;

"and it shall be open to public inspection at reasonable office hours, except on Sundays and such holidays as the local Government may direct.

"Nothing in this section shall authorize any person to creep or sweep for any property in contravention of Section forty, or entitle any person to salvage in respect of any property recovered by so creeping or sweeping.

Penalty for omitting to deliver up property. "Any person omitting to deliver any property as required by this section shall be punished with imprisonment which may extend to six months, or with fine which may extend to one thousand Rupees, or with both.

Property recovered may, in certain cases, be sold. "44. If the property recovered under the last preceding section, or by a Conservator acting under Section fifteen, is unclaimed,

"or if the person claiming the same fails to pay the amount due to the local Government, or to the finder of such property, in respect thereof,

"such property may be sold by public auction, if of a perishable nature, forthwith; and if not of a perishable nature, at any period not less than six months after the recovery thereof;

"and on the realization of the proceeds, the amount due to the local Government, or to the finder of such property, for salvage, or for the expenses incurred under Section fifteen, shall be deducted therefrom, and credited to the local Government, or paid to such finder, as the case may be, and the balance shall be paid to the person entitled to the property recovered, or, if no such person appear and claim the same, shall be held in deposit for payment, without interest, to any person thereafter establishing his right to the same:

"Provided that he makes his claim within one year from the date of the sale."

ACT XVI.

PASSED 16TH OCTOBER, 1878.

An Act to amend Act No. IX of 1878 (for the better control of Publications in Oriental Languages).

WHEREAS by Act No. IX of 1878 (for the better control of Publications in Oriental Languages),

Preamble.

Section five, it is enacted that when any publisher or printer is called upon by a Magistrate or Commissioner of Police to execute a bond under that Act in respect of any newspaper, the publisher of such newspaper may deliver to such Magistrate or Commissioner an undertaking in writing to the effect that no words, signs, or visible representations shall, during the year next following the date of such undertaking, be printed or published in such newspaper which have not previously been submitted to such officer as the Local Government may appoint in this behalf, by name or in virtue of his office, or which on being so submitted have been objected to by such officer, and that when such undertaking has been so delivered, no such bond and no such deposit as is mentioned in Section four of the said Act shall be required from the publisher or printer of such newspaper during the said year;

And whereas by the last paragraph of Section eight of the same Act it is provided that the publisher of any newspaper may, on the publication of a notice in respect thereof under Section six of the said Act, and before anything has become liable to forfeiture under the said Section eight in respect of such newspaper, deliver to the Magistrate of the District, or to the Commissioner of Police in a Presidency Town, within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such newspaper is published, an undertaking as aforesaid, and, if such Magistrate or Commissioner accepts such undertaking, nothing shall become liable to forfeiture as aforesaid between the date on which such undertaking is so accepted and the end of the period for which it is given;

And whereas by the same Act, Section eighteen, it is enacted that when any publisher of a newspaper has given any undertaking as aforesaid, and during the period for which such undertaking is given, any words, signs or visible representations which have not been submitted to the officer appointed as aforesaid, or which on being so submitted have been objected to by him, are printed or published in such newspaper, such publisher and the printer of such newspaper shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both;

And whereas it is expedient to repeal the enactments and proviso hereinbefore recited and the reference in Section three of the said Act to the said Section five; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Repeal of Act IX of 1878. Sections 6 and 18, and parts of Sections 3 and 8.

1. The following portions of the said Act are repealed (that is to say): Sections five and eighteen, the last paragraph of Section eight, and in Section three, the words "and subject to the provisions of Section five."

MADRAS.

ACT I,

THE MADRAS LOCAL FUNDS ACT.

PASSED 28TH FEBRUARY, 1878.

An Act to make further provision for the levy of funds in the District of Malabar under Act IV of 1871.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the levy of funds in the District of Malabar under Act IV of 1871; it is hereby enacted as follows:—

Interpretation-clause.

1. In Section 1 of Act IV of 1871 the definition of "land-holder" shall be read as follows:—

"The term 'land-holder' shall include all persons holding under a sanad-i-milkiyat-i-istimrar, all other Zemindars, Poligars, Shrestriyamdars, Jagirdars, Inamdars, and all owners of land in the District of Malabar, and all persons farming the land revenue under Government; also all holders of land under Raiyatwar Settlement, or in any way subject to the payment of land revenue direct to Government, and all other registered holders of land in proprietary right."

2. The application of Clause 1, Section 38, and of Sections 47, 49, and 50 of Act IV of 1871, is hereby declared legal as respects all past calculations and collections of the local rate on land in the District of Malabar.

3. The following proviso shall be added at the end of Clause 1, Section 36, of the said Act:—

"Provided that in any circle in the District of Malabar to which this Act shall have been applied, the Government may raise the said rate or cess to any amount not exceeding two Annas in the Rupee on the annual rent-value of such land."

4. Clause 1, Section 38, of the said Act shall be read as follows:—

"In the case of all lands held direct from the Government under a Raiyatwari Settlement, and also in the case of land situated in the District of Malabar on whatever tenure held, the assessment payable to Government for the land, together with any water-rate which may be payable for its irrigation, shall be taken to be the annual rent-value of such lands."

5. Section 40 of the said Act shall be read as follows:—

"It shall be lawful for the Collector, with the sanction of the Board of Revenue, to require every land-holder, other than owners of land in the District of Malabar and holders of land under Raiyatwari tenure, to furnish him with a list of his lands whether occupied by tenants or by himself, specifying in each case the annual rent-value of the lands so occupied."

6. This Act shall be read with, and taken as part of, Act IV of 1871.

ACT II, THE EARTH-SALT ACT, 1878.

PASSED 9TH MARCH, 1878.

An Act to make further provision for the prevention of fraudulent practices in connection with the Revenue from Salt.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make further provision for the protection of the salt revenue in the Presidency of Fort St. George; It is enacted as follows:—

1. This Act shall be called "The Earth-Salt Act, 1878," and shall come into force in every district or part of a district within the Presidency of Fort St. George, to which it may be applied by notification of the Governor in Council published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

2. In this Act—

Interpretation.

(a.) "Salt-earth" means earth naturally impregnated with salt.
(b.) "Earth-salt" means salt manufactured from salt-earth.

3. In every district or place within the Presidency of Fort St. George to which this Act shall be applied, every person

Making, &c., earth-salt with intent to defraud public revenue or possessing salt-earth to make earth-salt to be deemed an offence under Regulation I of 1805.

who shall, with intent to defraud the public revenue, make, purchase, obtain, possess, sell or weigh any earth-salt, or who shall have in his possession any salt-earth for the purpose, or with the intention, of making or manufacturing the same into earth-salt,

shall be deemed to have committed an offence under Section 18, Regulation I of 1806, and, on conviction before a Magistrate, shall be liable to punishment as provided in the said section and in Act No. XVII of 1840.

Act to be read as part of Regulation I of 1805 and Act XVII of 1840.

4. This Act shall be read with and taken to be part of Regulation I of 1805 and Act No. XVII of 1840.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Fort St. George, March 21, 1878.

Ganjam.
Vikagipatam.
Godavery.
Kistna.
Nellore.
Chingleput.
Madras.

South Arcot.
Tanjore.
Madras.
Tinnevely.
Malabar.
Canara.

With reference to Section 5 of Madras Act I of 1867 and Section I of the Earth-Salt Act II of 1878, His Grace the Governor in Council hereby directs that the latter Act shall come into operation in the marginally-noted Districts of the Madras Presidency from and after this date.

ACT III, THE MADRAS LICENSE ACT, 1878.

PASSED 11TH APRIL, 1878.

An Act for Licensing Trades, Dealings, and Industries in the Presidency of Madras.

WHEREAS, in order to provide means for defraying the public expenditure from time to time incurred and to be incurred for the relief and prevention of famine in British India, it is necessary to increase the provincial revenue; and it is therefore expedient that persons carrying on trades, dealings and industries in the Presidency of Madras shall be required to take out licenses and pay for the same; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title.

Local extent.

Commencement.

2. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to affect the tax on arts, professions, trades and callings imposed for municipal purposes by the Madras Municipal Act, 1867, and the Towns Improvement Act, 1871, or other corresponding laws on the subject for the time being in force.

Saving of the Madras Municipal Acts.

3. Nothing in this Act shall be deemed to apply to persons earning their livelihood solely by agriculture, or to any cultivator of land as such in respect of the sale of the produce of his land, when he shall not keep a shop or stall for the sale of such produce, or to any receiver of rent in kind in respect of the sale of produce received as such rent.

Act not to apply to cultivators of land, or landlords receiving rent in kind.

"Collector" defined.

4. In this Act "Collector" means the chief officer in charge of the revenue administration of a district.

Licenses.

5. Every person who, on or after the first day of April 1878, carries on (whether on behalf of himself or any other person) any trade, dealing or industry, and whose annual net earnings or profits exceed two hundred Rupees, shall apply for and take out a license, and shall pay for the same the annual fee mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed as payable by persons of the class to which he belongs.

6. Every license under this Act shall be granted by the Collector of the district in which the person requiring such license carries on his trade, dealing or industry: provided that, if such person carries on such trade, dealing or industry in more than one district, the license shall be granted by the Collector of the district in which his principal place of business is situate; but the classification shall be determined by the annual net earnings or profits of such person in every district.

Board of Revenue to declare licensee's principal place of business. The Board of Revenue shall have power to declare in cases of doubt what shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be such principal place of business.

Who to sign license. Every such license shall be signed by the Collector granting it, or by such officer as he may appoint in this behalf.

Particulars to be specified in the license. 7. Every such license shall specify—

- (a) the date of the grant thereof;
- (b) the name, father's name, caste and trade, dealing or industry of the licensee;
- (c) the class under which he is charged;
- (d) the fee payable and paid for the license;
- (e) the term for which the license shall remain in force; and
- (f) the place or places where the licensee intends to carry on his trade, dealing or industry during such term,

and shall be received in evidence as *prima facie* proof of all matters contained therein.

8. Every such license shall have effect and continue in force from the day of the date thereof till the first day of January next after the date of the grant thereof, notwithstanding that the licensee may have changed his place of business.

9. Every person to whom any such license has been granted, and who desires to continue to carry on his trade, dealing or industry after the expiration of such license, shall apply for and take out a fresh license for that purpose, for the following year, to expire on the day appointed in the last preceding section, and shall renew the same from year to year so long as he desires to continue to carry on such trade, dealing or industry.

List of Persons to be licensed.

10. As soon as may be after the first day of April 1878 and the first day of January in every subsequent year, the Collector shall prepare a list of persons to be licensed under this Act in his district. Such list shall state—

- (a) the trade, dealing or industry of each of the persons therein named;
- (b) the class under which he is charged; and
- (c) the fee to be paid for his license.

Such list shall be in the English language; but a copy or translation thereof in the language of the district, shall be filed in the office of the Collector, and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times without any payment.

11. The Collector shall, from time to time, determine under which of the classes mentioned in the said schedule every person who shall apply for a license and to whom a license may be granted by him as aforesaid shall be charged, and may from time to time amend the said list.

The list, or such part or parts thereof as the Collector directs, shall be published in the language of the district in the principal bazars and cutcherries or some other public place or building in every village, town, or city concerned.

A notification shall at the same time and place be published setting forth the schedule to this Act, and directing that every person falling under any of the classes specified in the schedule shall apply for and take out a license and pay the amount specified in the said list, in the year 1878 within sixty days of such publication, and in each succeeding year before the first day of March, or at such other periods as the Governor in Council may determine.

The notification shall also direct that every person falling under any of the classes specified in the schedule, whether he is mentioned in the said list or not, shall apply for and take out a license and pay the amount payable by persons of the class under which he is liable to be charged within sixty days, or before the first day of March, or as the Governor in Council may determine, as hereinbefore provided.

12. The Collector may, by a notice in writing, require the occupier of any house, manufactory or shop, to forward to him a statement in writing, signed by such occupier, of the names of all persons residing in such house, or working in such manufactory or shop, at the date of the notice and of their respective trades, dealings or industries.

Hearing of Objections.

13. Any person mentioned in the list referred to in Sections ten and eleven and objecting to the class under which he is charged may, within thirty days after such publication, or within such further time as the Collector may in each case think fit, apply by petition to the Collector in order to establish his right to have his name transferred to another class or altogether removed from the list.

Person not mentioned in list, but charged on application, may object to classification. Any person who is not mentioned in the said list, but who has applied for a license and objects to the classification under which it is proposed to charge him, may, within thirty days from the date on which his classification is determined, apply by petition to the Collector to alter his classification.

14. The Collector shall fix a day for the hearing of the petition, and, on the day so fixed, or on such subsequent day as he may from time to time direct, shall hear the same and pass such order thereon as he thinks fit, and shall forthwith furnish the petitioner with a certified copy thereof.

Provided that if, in the judgment of the Collector, the petitioner is able to show that the fee which has been charged exceeds two per centum upon his annual net earnings or profits, such excess shall, for the purpose of Section thirteen, be deemed a valid objection, to which the Collector shall be bound to give effect.

15. The Collector may, for the purposes of any proceeding under Section fourteen, exercise any of the powers conferred by the Code of Civil Procedure on a Civil Court for the trial of suits.

Provided that the Collector shall not, in the course of any such proceeding, call for any evidence, except at the instance of the petitioner, or in order to ascertain the correctness of facts alleged by him.

Appeals.

16. Subject to the provisions of Madras Regulation VII of 1828, any person dissatisfied with an order made under Section fourteen of this Act may, within thirty days from the date thereof, present a petition of appeal to the Board of Revenue, whose decision upon such appeal shall be final.

Provided always that if such order is the order of an officer subordinate to the Collector of the District, the person dissatisfied therewith shall, within fifteen days from the date thereof, make an immediate application for relief to the Collector of the District.

Provided also that no appeal to the Board of Revenue shall be entertained unless the fee charged by the Collector shall have been first paid.

Every petition presented under this section shall be accompanied by a copy of the petition to the Collector, and a copy of his order thereon.

Remissions, Penalties, and Recoveries.

17. The Collector may in his discretion remit the whole or any part of the fee payable under this Act by any person who has carried on his trade, dealing or industry for a portion of the year only.

Provided that no such remission shall be made by the Collector in the case of any person who has carried on his trade, dealing or industry for six consecutive months during the year.

18. In the case of any firm, or undivided Hindu family jointly carrying on business, chargeable under this Act, payment in respect of the business of the firm or family by any one of the partners in such firm or by one of the members of such family shall, for the purposes of this Act, be considered payment by such firm or family.

19. If, after expiry of the period mentioned in the notification published under Section eleven for payment of the amount specified or referred to therein, any person, liable under Section five to take out a license (whether mentioned in the said list or not), carries on his trade, dealing or industry

without having taken out a license as required by this Act,

or without having given notice in writing to the Collector specifying his trade, dealing or industry, place of business and his annual net earnings or profits and applied for a license,

he shall be liable, by order of the Collector, to pay a fine not exceeding thrice the fee payable by him in respect of such license, as adjudged by the Collector, and in addition to the fee so payable for such license.

On payment of such fee and fine, the Collector shall grant him a license.

20. All sums due under the last preceding section and all fees payable under this Act may be recovered in the same manner as arrears of land revenue.

But no fees or other sums due under this Act shall be recoverable by any process whatever after the expiry of three months from the last day of the year in respect of which they are payable.

21. Every person holding a license under this Act shall produce and show such license when required so to do by an officer generally or specially empowered in writing by the Collector to make such requisition.

If such person shall, without reasonable excuse, neglect or refuse to do so, he shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

22. But no person shall be proceeded against for neglect or refusal to produce such license except at the instance of the Collector.

Trustees, Guardians, &c.

23. The Court of Wards and Receivers and Managers appointed by any Court in British India shall be chargeable under this Act in respect of any trade, dealing or industry of which the income is officially in their possession or under their control.

24. When any trustee, guardian, administrator, curator, committee, or agent is charged under this Act in such capacity, or when the Court of Wards, or any Receiver, or Manager appointed by any Court is charged under this Act, every such person or Court so charged may, from time to time, out of the money coming to his or its possession as such trustee, guardian, administrator, curator, committee or agent, or as such Court of Wards, Receiver, or Manager, retain so much as is sufficient to pay the fee charged.

Every such person or Court is hereby indemnified for every retention and payment made in pursuance of this Act.

Municipalities.

25. The Collector of the district may require any Municipality to furnish, within a period to be specified under the orders of the Governor in Council, returns showing the names and numbers of persons chargeable under this Act resident within the limits of such Municipality, together with the class under which they are so chargeable and the fees payable by them respectively.

If the Municipality fails within the period prescribed to make such returns, or if it make such returns but the Collector has reason to doubt their accuracy, he may at any time cause a return showing the names, numbers, and classes aforesaid to be prepared in such manner as may be prescribed by the Governor in Council.

25. When the return mentioned in Section twenty-four has been furnished or prepared, notice to Municipalities to pay fees chargeable under this Act.

Any Municipality may appropriate any part of its revenues to the payment of the sum leviable from it under this section, or raise such further sums in addition to its existing revenue as may be needful for such payment: provided that such further sums be raised only in accordance with this Act and with the Act under which such Municipality is constituted.

President of Municipality to exercise powers of Collectors.

For the purposes of this section the President of any Municipal Commission may exercise all the powers of a Collector under this Act.

Municipality entitled to remuneration.

Every Municipality shall be entitled to such reasonable remuneration as may be determined by the Governor in Council for the performance of the duties imposed by this Act.

Miscellaneous.

26. The net amount of all fees and penalties paid or recovered under this Act, after deducting the expenses of collection, shall be carried to the credit of the Government of Port St. George.

The amount so credited shall be applied in such manner as the Governor-General in Council thinks fit for the purpose of defraying expenditure incurred or to be incurred for the relief and prevention of famine in the territories administered by the Government of Port St. George, or, if the Governor-General in Council so directs, in any other part of British India.

27. All or any of the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this Act on a Collector may, subject to the orders of the Collector, be exercised and performed by a Sub-Collector, Head Assistant Collector, or by an Assistant or Deputy Collector, or by a Tahsildar or by such other officer as the Governor in Council may from time to time appoint in this behalf.

28. The Governor in Council may, from time to time—

- (a) exempt any local area, or any persons or class of persons from the operation of this Act, and cancel such exemption;
- (b) make rules consistent with this Act
 - (1) for regulating the time and manner of collecting the fees charged under this Act;
 - (2) for providing in any case or class of cases for serving notices on persons charged under this Act; and
 - (3) generally for the guidance of officers in matters connected with the enforcement of this Act.

THE SCHEDULE.

(SEE SECTION 5.)

Tax on Trades, Dealings and Industries.

	Yearly.
<i>Class I.</i>	RS.
Persons whose annual net earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 40,000 and upwards	800
<i>Class II.</i>	
Persons whose annual net earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 35,000, or more than Rupees 35,000 and less than Rupees 40,000	700

	Yearly.
<i>Class III.</i>	Rs.
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 30,000, or more than Rupees 30,000 and less than Rupees 35,000 ..	600
<i>Class IV.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 25,000, or more than Rupees 25,000 and less than Rupees 30,000 ..	500
<i>Class V.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 20,000, or more than Rupees 20,000 and less than Rupees 25,000 ..	400
<i>Class VI.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 15,000, or more than Rupees 15,000 and less than Rupees 20,000 ..	300
<i>Class VII.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 10,000, or more than Rupees 10,000 and less than Rupees 15,000 ..	200
<i>Class VIII.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 5,000, or more than Rupees 5,000 and less than Rupees 10,000 ..	100
<i>Class IX.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 2,500, or more than Rupees 2,500 and less than Rupees 5,000 ..	50
<i>Class X.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 1,250, or more than Rupees 1,250 and less than Rupees 2,500 ..	25
<i>Class XI.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be Rupees 500, or more than Rupees 500 and less than Rupees 1,250 ..	10
<i>Class XII.</i>	
Persons whose annual nett earnings or profits shall be adjudged to be more than Rupees 200 and less than Rupees 500 ..	4

ACT IV,

THE CANAL AND FERRY FUND ACT.

PASSED 26TH APRIL, 1878.

An Act to amend Madras Act I of 1870.

1. From and after the passing of this Act, Section 29 of Madras Act I of 1870 shall be read as follows:—

Credit of Collections to Canal and Ferry Fund. "29. All rents, license fees, tolls and fines collected and levied under this Act shall be paid into the Public Treasury, and carried to the credit of a fund to be entitled 'The Canal and Ferry Fund.'

"Such fund, after payment of all salaries payable and expenses incurred and all claims for compensation payable under this Act, shall be applied to the construction, improvement, repair, maintenance and extension of the channels and ferries to which the provisions of this Act may be applied, and of such bridges, roads, and approaches leading thereto and being in the same district, within which the rents, license fees, tolls and fines were collected and levied, as the Government may from time to time direct."

ACT V,
THE CITY OF MADRAS MUNICIPAL ACT, 1878.

PASSED 6TH JULY, 1878.

An Act to provide for the better management of the Municipal Affairs
of the City of Madras.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to the Municipal affairs of the City of Madras; It is enacted as follows:—

PART I.

PRELIMINARY.

Short title.

1. This Act may be called "The City of Madras Municipal Act, 1878."

2. Acts IX of 1867 and V of 1871 of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council are hereby repealed, except as to so much thereof as repeals any former Act and as to any tax, rate, rent or other payment assessed or payable, or penalty incurred, or mortgage of rates, taxes, rents or income effected, or money due, or proceedings commenced before this Act comes into operation.

Acts repealed.

Provided that when any person shall have paid any tax under Madras Act IX of 1867 before the coming into operation of this Act for the year 1878, such person shall not be required to pay for such year more than the difference between the amount so paid and the amount of tax of the same description imposed by this Act.

Proviso as to tax paid under repealed Act.

Interpretation.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context:—

Gender.

(a.) Words importing the masculine gender shall be taken to include females.

Number.

(b.) Words in the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.

"Person."

(c.) "Person" shall include any company or association, or body of individuals, whether incorporated or not.

"Year" and "Month."

(d.) "Year" and "Month" shall respectively mean a year and month reckoned according to the British Calendar.

(e.) "Half-year" or "Half-yearly" means the period commencing from the first day of January and ending on the thirtieth day of June, or from the first day of July and ending on the thirty-first day of December.

(f.) "The City of Madras"

"City of Madras."

means such area as is declared by the Governor in Council by notification under Section four to be the City of Madras. Till such notification is made the existing limits of the City shall continue.

"The City."

(g.) "The City" means the City of Madras as defined in the last preceding paragraph.

"Division."

(h.) "Division" means one of the divisions specified in Section five.

"The President."

(i.) "The President" means the officer appointed under Section thirty-four.

"Vice-President."

(j.) "Vice-President" means one of the officers appointed under Section thirty-seven.

"The Commissioners."

(k.) "The Commissioners" means "the Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras," as described in Section six, in their corporate capacity.

Official and Non-official Commissioners.	(l.) The President and Vice-Presidents are hereafter styled "Official Commissioners;" the other Commissioners, "Non-official Commissioners."
(m.) "The late Commissioners."	"The late Commissioners" means the Municipal Commissioners nominated under Act IX 1867 or Act V of 1871 of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council.
(n.) "Magistrate."	"Magistrate" means a Magistrate appointed for the Town of Madras under "The Presidency Magistrates' Act, 1877," or any law for the time being in force relating to the Courts of Presidency Magistrates.
(o.) "Street."	"Street" means any road, street, square, court, alley or passage, whether a thoroughfare or not, over which the public have a right of way, together with the land (not being private property), whether covered or not by any pavement, verandah or other erection which lies between the roadway and the main wall of any house adjacent thereto, and also the roadway over any public bridge or causeway.
(p.) "Public street."	"Public street" means any street which now is a public street or may hereafter be declared to be a public street in manner hereinafter provided.
"Building."	(q.) "Building" means any house, hut, shed, or roofed enclosure, whether used for the purpose of a human habitation or otherwise.
"Horse."	(r.) "Horse" includes pony.
(s.) "Nuisance."	(s.) "Nuisance" means any act, omission or thing occasioning or likely to occasion injury, annoyance, offence, harm, danger, or damage to the sense of sight, smell, or hearing, or which is, or is likely to be, dangerous or injurious to health or property.
"Salary."	(t.) "Salary" means pay and acting pay, or payment by way of commission, but not allowances for house-rent, carriage hire, or travelling expenses.
(u.) "Owner."	(u.) "Owner" includes the person for the time being receiving or entitled to receive the rent or profits of the property, or in charge of the animal or thing, in connection with which the word is used, whether on his own account or as agent or trustee for another person.
"Retail."	(v.) "Retail," as applied to a dealer in wine, spirits and beer, means the sale by any such dealer of a quantity not exceeding two Imperial gallons at one time.
"Notice."	(w.) "Notice" means a written, printed or lithographed notice.
"Municipal Fund."	(x.) "The Municipal Fund" means the moneys specified in Section fifty-nine.
"Municipal Office."	(y.) "The Municipal Office" means the office specified in Section sixty-two.
"Standing Committee."	(z.) "Standing Committee" means the Committee specified in Section sixty-seven.
Residence.	(aa.) A person is said to "reside" in any dwelling in which he uses sometimes a sleeping apartment, although he does not use it uninterruptedly or has elsewhere a dwelling where he has and sometimes uses another such apartment. A person does not cease to "reside" in a dwelling where he has such an apartment merely because he is absent from it, if there is the liberty of returning at any time and no abandonment of the intention to return at pleasure.
"Budget."	(bb.) "Budget" means the Budget specified in Section eighty-five.
"Section."	(cc.) "Section" means a section of this Act.
"Schedule."	(dd.) "Schedule" means a schedule to this Act.

PART II.

MUNICIPAL CONSTITUTION.

4. The Governor in Council may from time to time by notification in the <i>Fort St. George Gazette</i> declare what, for the purposes of this Act, shall be the area and limits of the City of Madras, and may at any time, by a like notification, alter such area and limits.	Governor in Council, may declare limits of City.
5. The Governor in Council may, for the purposes of this Act, by a notification in the <i>Fort St. George Gazette</i> , divide the City of Madras into divisions.	Municipal divisions of the City.
Until such notification is made, the divisions existing at the coming into operation of this Act shall continue to be in force.	
The Governor in Council may from time to time, by like notification, alter the number of limits of such divisions.	Alteration of limits.
6. The Municipal affairs of the City shall be administered by a President, two Vice-Presidents and thirty-two persons.	Municipal Commissioners.
Such thirty-two persons shall be nominated and elected in manner hereinafter provided, but the President and Vice-Presidents shall be Commissioners <i>ex-officio</i> . Such President, Vice-Presidents and persons shall be styled "The Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras," and shall by such name be a body corporate, and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and power to acquire, hold and sell property, and may by such name sue and be sued.	
Provided that nothing done under this Act shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only that the number of Commissioners may be less than thirty-five at any time.	Proviso.
Until such Commissioners are nominated and elected and such nominations and elections are notified by the Governor in Council in the <i>Fort St. George Gazette</i> , the existing Municipal Commissioners, together with the President and Vice-Presidents to be appointed under this Act, shall be deemed to be the Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras for all the purposes of this Act.	Existing Commissioners to be Commissioners until nominations and elections are notified.
And the Governor in Council may appoint any person or persons for supplying any vacancy or vacancies amongst such existing Commissioners until such nominations and elections are made and notified as aforesaid.	Power to fill up vacancies among existing Commissioners.
7. In order to be qualified to be elected a Commissioner, a person must—	Qualification for election as Commissioner.
(a) be of the male sex,	
(b) have completed his twenty-fifth year,	
(c) be acquainted with the English language,	
(d) be resident in the City of Madras or within two miles of the limits thereof, and must	
(e) have paid for the year preceding that in which the election takes place, taxes due under this or any previous Act, in respect of such year, to the aggregate amount of not less than one hundred Rupees.	
When an undivided Hindu family has paid the taxes mentioned in Clause (e), any one member thereof, having the other qualifications required, shall be eligible to be elected a Commissioner.	
No officer or servant of the Municipality shall be qualified to be a Commissioner so long as he remains in the employ of the Municipality, except the President and Vice-Presidents as hereinbefore provided.	
Sixteen Commissioners to be nominated by Government.	8. Of the thirty-two non-official Commissioners, sixteen shall be nominated by the Governor in Council.
Such a Commissioner need not be a resident in his division.	A Commissioner nominated under this section need not be a resident in the division for which he is nominated.

Sixteen Commissioners to be elected.

9. The other sixteen non-official Commissioners shall be elected for the several divisions of the City by voters qualified as follows:—

Qualification of voters.

In order to be a qualified voter under this section, a person must

- (a) be of the male sex;
- (b) have completed his twenty-first year;
- (c) reside within the division for the Commissioner of which he votes, and have paid for the year preceding that in which he votes, taxes under this or any previous Act due in respect of such year to the aggregate amount of not less than Rupees twenty-five; or
- (d) have paid for the year preceding that in which he votes, house-tax to an amount not less than twenty-five Rupees in respect of immovable property belonging to him situate in such division; or
- (e) have been, for the six months immediately preceding, the occupier of a house in the division for which he desires to vote at a monthly rental of not less than twenty-five Rupees.

A person owning immovable property in more divisions than one may vote in each division in which he possesses the necessary qualification.

10. Every election under the last preceding section shall be by ballot, and shall be held at such times and places as the Governor in Council by a notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette* directs.

The first election under this Act shall take place within four months after the coming into operation thereof.

Government may make rules for election.

11. The Governor in Council may from time to time make rules for the conduct of such elections, and may from time to time alter or cancel such rules.

Expenses of election to be defrayed from Municipal Fund.

12. All expenses of such elections, which under such rules are sanctioned by the Governor in Council, shall be defrayed from the Municipal Fund.

13. No Commissioner shall be elected unless at least twenty votes are given in his favor; but in such case the Governor in Council may nominate a Commissioner for the division for which the election was held, and the Commissioner so nominated shall have all the same powers as if he had been elected.

Distribution of Commissioners.

14. Subject to the provisions of Section thirteen, there shall at all times be one elected Commissioner for each division.

The Governor in Council shall by notification prescribe the manner in which the other elected Commissioners shall be distributed among the divisions.

If the Governor in Council shall at any time by notification alter the number of divisions, he shall at the same time prescribe the future distribution of such other Commissioners.

15. Any company registered under the "Indian Companies" Act, 1866, or any Act of Parliament, which has, for the year preceding that in which an election takes place, paid taxes due in respect of such year under this or any previous Act to the aggregate amount of not less than twenty-five Rupees, shall be entitled to one vote in the division in which the registered office or other place of business of such company is situated. Such vote may be given by the Secretary of the company or some other person duly authorized in that behalf.

16. If any person is elected a Commissioner for more divisions than one, he shall within five days of the date of such election notify to the President the division for which he chooses to serve, or in default of such notice the President shall forthwith declare the division for which such person shall serve.

Such person shall thereupon be held to be elected for the division which he so chooses, or which the President so declares; and thereupon the voters of the other division or divisions, in which the said person has been elected a Commissioner, shall forthwith proceed to elect another Commissioner in the manner provided by this Act.

17. Where an equality of votes is found to exist between any two or more candidates at any election under this Act, and the addition of a vote would entitle one of such candidates to be elected a Commissioner, the President may give such additional vote, and the candidate to whom such additional vote has been given shall thereupon be held to be elected a Commissioner.

18. Whoever, being qualified to vote or claiming to be qualified to vote at any election under this Act, accepts or obtains, or agrees to accept or attempts to obtain, for himself or for any other person, any gratification whatever, as a motive or reward for giving or forbearing to give his vote in any such election, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees for every such offence, and shall for ever be disqualified from voting at any such election and from being elected a Commissioner.

19. Lists of the persons qualified to be elected and to vote, as provided by Sections seven and nine, shall within three months after this Act comes into operation be prepared, printed and published by the President.

There shall be one such list for each division.

Such publication shall be made by affixing the lists in some conspicuous place in or near the Municipal office and in each division.

Such lists shall not be deemed conclusive as to the qualifications of persons to be elected or to vote, and shall from time to time be open to revision by the President.

Publication to be notified in Official Gazette and newspapers.

20. The President shall give notice of such publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in one or more of the Local newspapers, and the said lists shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times of the day for fifteen days after the date of the publication of such notice.

Lists open to inspection.

Copies to be supplied at cost price.

Copies of such lists shall be supplied to the public at the Municipal office at cost price.

Any person qualified to be elected or to vote, whose name is omitted from the list of the division for which he is qualified to be elected or to vote, may within one month from the date of such publication, apply personally or by notice in writing to the President to insert his name therein; and in the event of the President refusing or omitting to do so within eight days from the receipt of such application, such person may apply to a Magistrate for an order to have his name inserted in such list, and thereupon the provisions of Sections twenty-three and twenty-four shall apply.

21. The President shall, in the first month of every year, revise the said lists, for the purpose of removing therefrom the name of any person not entitled to be entered therein or adding the name of any qualified person.

22. Any person qualified to be elected or to vote, whose name is omitted from the list of the division for which he is qualified to be elected or to vote, may at such time apply personally or by notice in writing to the President to insert his name therein, and, in case of the President refusing or omitting to do so within eight days from the receipt of such requisition, may apply to a Magistrate for an order to have his name inserted in such list.

23. Such Magistrate shall, after inquiry, make such order as to the insertion or omission of the name of the applicant and as to the payment of the costs of the inquiry as he thinks just; and such order, if it directs the insertion of the name of the applicant in such list, shall be forthwith obeyed by the President.

No appeal from Magistrate's order.

24. No appeal shall lie from an order made by such Magistrate under the last preceding section.

Nomination of Commissioner for division in which no one has been elected.

25. Whenever there is no elected Commissioner in a division, the Governor in Council may nominate a Commissioner to hold office for such division until the election for it has taken place.

26. Every non-official Commissioner shall, except as provided in Sections twenty-seven and thirty, hold office for a term of three years from the date of his nomination or election. At the expiration of such term he shall cease to be a Commissioner, but shall be eligible to be again nominated or elected Commissioner for a further term of three years.

27. No person shall be qualified to be, or continue to be a non-official Commissioner who has been sentenced to imprisonment for any offence, or is, or becomes bankrupt or insolvent, or who is interested, otherwise than as a shareholder in a Joint-Stock Company, in any contract or work made with, or done for the Commissioners; nor, unless the Commissioners otherwise decide, shall any person continue to be a Commissioner who fails to attend three consecutive general meetings.

28. Any non-official Commissioner so sentenced, or being or becoming bankrupt or insolvent, or interested, or failing to attend, shall, *ipso facto*, cease to be a Commissioner; but in the last case the Commissioners may, in their discretion, restore him to his office at the next General Meeting after the failure to attend.

29. Any non-official Commissioner who is concerned or interested, otherwise than as a shareholder in a Joint-Stock Company, in any contract or work made with or done for the Commissioners, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

30. A non-official Commissioner may at any time resign office by a written notice to the President.

31. In case of the death, disqualification or resignation of a non-official Commissioner, a substitute shall be forthwith nominated or elected in like manner as the Commissioner so dying, becoming disqualified or resigning was originally nominated or elected.

The President shall immediately notify the fact of a vacancy to the Governor in Council, and, if the vacancy be of an elected Commissioner, shall take the necessary steps for holding an election.

32. Every suit, prosecution, appeal or other proceeding commenced or carried on either by or against the late Commissioners previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall continue and take effect in the same manner in all respects as it would have continued and taken effect in relation to the late Commissioners or any of them if this Act had not been passed.

All decrees and orders made, all rates, taxes, rents, tolls, or other payments due, and all fines and penalties incurred, previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall be enforced, levied, recovered and proceeded for, and all executive proceedings, commenced previously to the coming into operation of this Act, shall be continued, proceeded with and completed in like manner as if this Act had not been passed, the Commissioners under this Act being, in reference to the matters aforesaid, in all respects substituted for the late and all former Municipal Commissioners.

MUNICIPAL PURPOSES.

33. The purposes on which the Commissioners are authorized to expend funds are the following, viz:—

(a.) Public Safety.

Lighting public streets, places and buildings; extinction of fires; the control, supervision and removal of dangerous places, buildings, trades and practices; the regulation of traffic; and the prevention and removal of obstructions in public streets or places.

(b.) Public Health.

1. Construction, repair and maintenance of hospitals and dispensaries; vaccination; training of medical practitioners and subordinates; training and supervision of vaccinators; registration of births and deaths; taking a census; and other measures of a like nature.

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2. Construction, maintenance, supervision and control of public markets and slaughter-houses; latrines, privies, urinals; drains, sewers, drainage-works; sewage farms; tramways and other works for the removal of sewage; water-works, drinking fountains, tanks and wells; parks and gardens; the acquisition of land necessary for any of these purposes; reclamation of unhealthy localities; and other sanitary measures of a like nature.

3. Cleansing and watering of streets and sewers; scavenging; removal of excessive or noxious vegetation; and generally the abatement of all nuisances.

Regulation of offensive trades, burial-grounds, &c.

4. Regulation and control of offensive or dangerous trades, of unhealthy buildings or localities, burial and burning grounds; and removal of, and providing sites for, burial and burning grounds.

(c.) Elementary Instruction.

Poor schools.

1. Construction and repair of school-houses for the poor.

2. Elementary instruction of the poor.

(d.) Public Convenience.

1. Construction, maintenance and alteration of streets, bridges, causeways, culverts and the like; regulation of buildings; removal of undue projections; naming streets and numbering houses; and planting trees in public streets and places.

Buildings.

2. Construction, purchase and maintenance of all buildings required in order to give effect to the purposes of this Act.

Survey.

3. Survey of houses and lands.

(e.) General.

Public safety, &c.

All matters necessary for or conducive to public safety, health or convenience.

MUNICIPAL EXECUTIVE OFFICERS.

The President and Vice-Presidents.

Appointment by Government of President.

34. The Governor in Council shall from time to time appoint a proper person to be the President of the Municipal Commission.

Executive power to vest in President assisted by Vice-Presidents.

The entire executive power and responsibility for the purposes of this Act shall be vested in such President, assisted by two officers who shall be styled Vice-Presidents.

Executive acts to be done by President or one of the Vice-Presidents.

All executive acts which are hereinafter directed to be done by the Commissioners, shall, unless the contrary intention appears from the context, be done by the President or such one of the Vice-Presidents as the President directs.

35. The President may be removed from office by the Governor in Council at his discretion, and shall be so removed if his removal be recommended by a resolution in favor of which not less than three-fourths of the Commissioners present at a Special General Meeting have voted; provided that such majority consists of not less than one-half of the entire number of Commissioners for the time being.

Removal of President.

36. The President shall receive such salary out of the Municipal Fund as is from time to time fixed by the Governor in Council. Such salary shall not be less than eighteen hundred Rupees or more than two thousand five hundred Rupees per annum.

Salary of the President.

President not have other occupation.

The President shall devote his whole time and attention to the duties of his office. He shall not hold any other appointment, temporary or permanent, nor follow any other occupation, nor be a Director of any Company.

The provisions of the last preceding paragraph do not apply to any person appointed to act as President during the absence of the permanent holder of the office for any period not exceeding three months.

Exception. Any Civil or Military Officer in the service of Government may hold the office of President so long as such officer does not fill any other appointment than that specified in this section.

37. The Governor in Council shall from time to time appoint two persons to be officers of the Municipality and to be styled Vice-Presidents of the Municipal Commission, one of whom shall be an Engineer.

Appointment of Vice-Presidents. The Vice-Presidents shall receive respectively such salaries out of the Municipal Fund as are from time to time fixed by the Governor in Council. Each such salary shall be not less than five hundred Rupees and not more than one thousand Rupees per mensem.

38. A Vice-President may be removed from office by the Governor in Council at his discretion, and shall be so removed if his removal be recommended by a resolution in favor of which not less than three-fourths of the Commissioners present at a Special General Meeting of the Commissioners have voted; provided that such majority consists of not less than one-half of the entire number of Commissioners for the time being.

A Vice-President shall devote the whole of his time and attention to the duties of his office and shall not hold any other appointment, temporary or permanent, nor follow any other occupation, nor be a Director of any Company.

Vice-Presidents not to have any other occupation. The provisions of the last preceding paragraph do not apply to any person appointed to act as Vice-President during the absence of the permanent holder of the office for any period not exceeding three months.

Exception. Any Civil or Military Officer in the service of Government may hold the office of Vice-President so long as such officer does not fill any other appointment than that specified in this section.

Duties of the Vice-Presidents. 39. The Vice-Presidents shall assist the President in the duties of his office.

One Vice-President shall be ordinarily in charge of the assessment and collection of the taxes and tolls leviable, and the payments on account of Municipal lands to be made, under this Act.

The other Vice-President shall be ordinarily in charge of all Municipal public works and the conservancy and sanitation of the City.

40. The President shall assign to each Vice-President the duties which he is to perform. In case of a difference of opinion on any matter between the President and either or both of the Vice-Presidents, the opinion of the President shall prevail; but in the event of his differing from both of the Vice-Presidents, he shall record the grounds of his opinion.

41. In the event of any epidemic or any unusual mortality prevailing within the City, it shall be competent for the Governor in Council to appoint a Special Sanitary Officer for the purpose of investigating the causes of such epidemic or mortality and advising the Commissioners and the Governor in Council as to the measures to be taken for the removal or abatement of such epidemic or mortality.

When Special Sanitary Officer may be appointed. 42. The appointment of a Special Sanitary Officer may be made from time to time for such period not exceeding twelve months as the Governor in Council may deem necessary.

For what period Sanitary Officer may be appointed. Such Officer shall receive such salary as the Governor in Council may fix, but the Commissioners shall not be bound to pay more than Rupees five hundred per mensem on account of such salary.

Salary of Sanitary Officer.

43. Such officer shall, during his employment, have all the powers of entry and inspection given to the President or other officer of the Commissioners by Sections two hundred and twenty-four, two hundred and seventy, three hundred and thirteen, three hundred and fifty-four, four hundred and five, and four hundred and twenty-seven.

Appointment of Subordinate Officers and Servants.

44. The President may from time to time appoint all such officers, other than those mentioned in Sections thirty-seven and forty-one, as the President to appoint and Commissioners think necessary for the purposes of this Act, and may from time to time remove any such officer and appoint another in his place, and may out of the Municipal Fund pay such salary not exceeding four hundred Rupees per mensem to each of the said officers as the Commissioners think fit.

Appeal. Any person removed from any office to which he has been appointed under this section, the monthly salary of which amounts to or exceeds twenty-five Rupees, may within one month from the date of such removal appeal to the Standing Committee.

Leave of Absence.

Grant of leave of absence to President and Vice-Presidents. 45. The Governor in Council may, upon the recommendation of the Commissioners, grant such leave of absence to the President or Vice-Presidents as he thinks fit.

Whenever such leave of absence is granted, the Governor in Council shall appoint some person to act in the place of the absent officer, or make such arrangements for the carrying on the duties of such officer during his absence as to the Governor in Council seems proper.

Appointment of acting officer. 46. The Governor in Council shall have power to direct the payment, out of the Municipal Fund, of such salary as he thinks fit to the officer on leave and to the person so appointed to act in his place.

Salary of absent and acting officers. Provided that the aggregate sums paid to such officer and person shall not in any case exceed the amount of the maximum salary which under this Act may be paid to the permanent holder of the office.

President to grant leave to, and make arrangements for, subordinate officers and servants. 47. The President may grant such leave of absence to subordinate officers and servants of the Municipality as he thinks fit.

He shall in such case make due provision for the performance of the duties of the officer or servant so absent, and he shall direct the payment of such salary as he thinks proper to such officer and servant on leave and to the person appointed to perform his duties.

Provided that the aggregate amount of the salaries paid to such officer or servant and to such person shall not in any case exceed the maximum salary which may under this Act be paid to the permanent holder of the office.

Pensions.

48. The Governor in Council shall prescribe rules for the grant of retiring pensions or gratuities to officers and servants appointed under this Act and to any officer or servant of the late Commissioners whose office is abolished by this Act and who is not appointed to any office created under this Act, or to any office under the Government, the salary of which is not less than that of the office so abolished.

The Commissioners shall, subject to such rules, pay such pensions and gratuities out of the Municipal Fund.

Contracts.

49. The President may, on behalf of the Commissioners, make such contracts as are necessary for carrying into execution any work or duty authorized in a Budget previously sanctioned, to the extent of the sum provided for the said work or duty in such Budget.

The President may make contracts for works provided for in the Budget.

Mode of executing contracts. 50. Every such contract shall be reduced to writing and signed by the President, or on his behalf by one of the Vice-Presidents.

Contract what to specify. Every such contract shall specify

- (1) the work or duty to be done,
- (2) the materials to be furnished,
- (3) the price to be paid for such work, duty or materials,
- (4) the time or times within which the work or duty is to be done or the materials are to be furnished, and
- (5) the penalty imposed in case of the breach of the contract.

Contracts exceeding 1,000 Rupees to be sealed. If the amount of any such contract exceeds one thousand Rupees, it shall be sealed with the Common Seal of the Commissioners.

Certain contracts not to be made without consent of Standing Committee. 51. The President shall not make, on behalf of the Commissioners,

any contract for a work, service or duty, or portion of a work, service or duty, the cost of which, as estimated in the Budget, exceeds Rupees two thousand,

or any contract enduring for a longer period than the time elapsing between the making of such contract and the end of the Budget year,

without the previous consent of the Standing Committee.

52. The Common Seal of the Commissioners, with the words "Municipal Commissioners, Madras," engraven thereon in legible characters in the English language, shall be in the custody of the President, and shall not be affixed to any instrument on behalf of the Commissioners except in the presence of the President, or, in his absence, of one of the Vice-Presidents authorized by him in that behalf and two members of the Standing Committee, who shall sign their names to such instrument in token of their presence.

Contracts to be reported to Standing Committee. 53. Every contract made by the President on behalf of the Commissioners shall be reported to the Standing Committee within fifteen days after it is made.

Tenders to be called for in case of contracts of Rs. 2,000 or more. 54. Before entering into any contract which involves an expenditure of two thousand Rupees or upwards for the execution of any work or duty or for the supply of materials or for any other thing necessary for the purposes of this Act, the President shall call for tenders by advertisement.

Such advertisement shall state the place and time at which the tenders will be opened, and such time shall be at least seven clear days after the publication of the advertisement in two at least of the daily English newspapers, and in two at least of the Vernacular newspapers circulating in Madras.

General.

Officers and servants not to be interested in contracts. 55. No President, Vice-President or other officer or servant appointed under this Act shall be in any wise concerned or interested in any contract or work made with or executed for the Commissioners.

If any President, Vice-President, officer or servant be so concerned or interested, he shall be incapable of holding any office or employment under this Act, and shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

But no person, being a shareholder of any Joint-Stock Company, shall be liable to the provisions of the last preceding paragraph merely by reason of any contract between such Company and the Commissioners, or of any work executed by such Company for the Commissioners.

Exception.

56. Every Municipal officer and servant of every description paid out of the Municipal Fund, every contractor or agent to whom the collection of any tax or toll, or payment on account of Municipal lands, is entrusted by or on behalf of the Commissioners, and every servant or other person employed by such contractor or agent for the collection of such tax, toll or payment, shall be held to be a public servant within the meaning of Section twenty-one of the Indian Penal Code.

Former offices to be abolished. 57. All officers of the Municipality of Madras created under any former Act, or by the late or any former Commissioners, shall be abolished from and after the date on which this Act comes into operation.

Provided that any persons may be re-appointed to such offices, or may be appointed to any other offices, by the President, or by the Governor in Council respectively, as provided by this Act.

MUNICIPAL PROPERTY AND FUND.

58. All property, moveable or immovable, and all interest therein, whether vested, contingent or in remainder, which is at the date of the coming into operation of this Act vested in or held in trust for the late Commissioners, with all rights which are at such date enjoyed by the late Commissioners, shall, on the coming into operation of this Act, be vested in the Commissioners and their successors.

All persons who at the said date owe any money to the late Commissioners or to any person on their behalf, shall pay the same to the Commissioners; and all moneys which at such date are due and owing by or recoverable from the late Commissioners, shall be recoverable from the Commissioners.

All contracts and securities made before the coming into operation of this Act with, or in favor of, or by or for the late Commissioners or any previous Municipal Commissioners for the town of Madras, or any of them, or any person on behalf of the late Commissioners or any previous Municipal Commissioners, and all rights of action, arising out of contract or otherwise, shall take effect and may be proceeded on and enforced, as far as circumstances will admit, in favor of, by, against, or with reference to the Commissioners in such manner as the same would have taken effect and might have been proceeded on an enforced in favor of, by, against, or with reference to the late Commissioners, or any of them, if this Act had not been passed.

59. All moneys received by the Commissioners by virtue of this or any other Act, and all penalties levied by them, and all moneys which are assigned by the Governor in Council for the purposes of this Act, shall constitute a Fund which shall be called the Municipal Fund of Madras, and shall, together with all property which becomes vested in the Commissioners, be under the direction and control of the Commissioners in the manner hereinafter provided, subject to the provisions of Section sixty-five.

60. All moneys received by the Commissioners in respect of the Municipal Fund and all penalties levied by them shall be lodged with the Bank of Madras or such other Bank as is hereafter selected by the Commissioners with the sanction of the Governor in Council, and shall be credited to an account entitled "The Municipal Fund."

Where the Fund shall be lodged. All expenses to be paid by the President on behalf of the Commissioners under this Act shall be discharged out of the Municipal Fund.

Expenses under Act to be paid out of the Fund. All orders or cheques against the said Fund shall be signed by the President, or, in the absence of the President, by one of the Vice-Presidents specially authorized by the President in that behalf during such absence; and the said Bank may pay all orders or cheques against the said Fund which are so signed.

PART III.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

Powers and duties of Commissioners. 61. The following are among the powers and duties of the Commissioners:—

Passing of Budgets.

(a.) To deal with the Budget or Supplemental Budgets in the manner specified in Sections eighty-seven and eighty-nine.

(b.) To consider recommendations from the Standing Committee, to reduce or increase the amount of expenditure under any head of the estimate, or to transfer the moneys assigned under one head of expenditure in the estimate to another head in the manner provided in Section ninety.

Provided that when a Budget or Supplemental Budget has been approved by the Governor in Council, no alteration of any kind shall be made therein without his previous sanction.

(c.) To consider, approve or disapprove the Annual Administration Report specified in Section ninety-one and append such observations thereto as they think fit prior to its submission to the Governor in Council.

(d.) To adopt, modify or reject proposals for creating any new Municipal office, the monthly salary of which does not exceed four hundred Rupees.

Raising of Loans.

(e.) To sanction the raising of loans for works required for the purposes of this Act.

(f.) To express an opinion on orders or references coming from the Governor in Council.

Passing of periodical statements.

(g.) To consider the periodical statements of receipts and disbursements specified in Section sixty-nine, and progress reports of work done, and pass such resolutions thereon as they think fit.

(h.) To call the attention of the President to any neglect in the execution of Municipal work, to any waste of Municipal property, to the wants of any locality as noticed personally by any Commissioner or made known to him by the inhabitants, and to suggest any improvements which appear desirable.

General questions.

(i.) To bring forward general questions, connected with the Municipal Funds or any new measures relating to purposes authorized by this Act.

(j.) To sanction the appropriation of Municipal land, or the acquisition of land for any purpose not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Bye-laws.

(k.) To make, repeal, alter or amend bye-laws for the purposes of this Act.

62. The Commissioners shall provide an office within the City for the transaction of business. Such office shall be styled the Municipal Office.

There shall be kept there during all hours of business a box for the reception of complaint petitions, and a book for the registry of such petitions and of the orders which the Commissioners pass thereon after enquiry and report by the proper officer.

Box for petitions.

63. The Commissioners shall provide proper places for keeping carts, bullocks, implements, materials and all other things incidental to the purposes of this Act.

64. If at any time it appears to the Governor in Council that the Commissioners are omitting to fulfil any duty imposed upon them by this Act, connected with the cleansing and drainage of the City or other conservancy or sanitary work, he shall give notice in the *Fort St. George Gazette* that, unless the Commissioners do, within seven days, show cause to his satisfaction against such appointment, he will appoint a special officer to inquire and report to him the facts of the case and to recommend what steps such officer thinks necessary for the purpose of fulfilling such duty or carrying out such work.

Inquiry to be public.

Such inquiry shall be conducted, as far as may be practicable, on the spot and in an open manner.

On the receipt of the officer's report the Governor in Council shall determine what duty or work shall be done or executed, and may make an order requiring the Commissioners within a time to be specified in such order to fulfil such duty, or carry out such work, and to raise the funds necessary for such duty or work from some one or more of the taxes provided by this Act or by means of a loan.

65. If the Commissioners fail within such time to comply with such order, the Governor in Council may direct the President or appoint any other person to fulfil such duty, or carry out such work, and may fix the remuneration to be paid to such person, and may direct that such remuneration and the cost of such thing or work shall be defrayed out of the Municipal Fund, and that, if necessary, any one or more of the taxes provided by this Act shall be levied, or increased so as not to exceed the maximum provided by this Act for such tax or taxes.

or may direct a loan to be raised on the security of the Municipal Fund.

Amount and terms of loan to be notified.

Loan to be a charge on Municipal Fund.

66. The Governor in Council may, in addition to such levying or increasing of taxes or in lieu thereof, direct a loan to be raised on the security of the Municipal Fund for the purpose of fulfilling such duty, or carrying out such work.

In such case the Governor in Council shall notify by publication in the *Fort St. George Gazette* the amount and the terms of the loan.

Any loan raised in pursuance of such notification shall be a charge upon the Municipal Fund and property in like manner as if it had been duly contracted by the Commissioners.

STANDING COMMITTEE.

67. The Commissioners shall at their first General Meeting in each year elect by ballot five of their number, who, with the President and the two Vice-Presidents, shall form a Standing Committee, and shall in like manner fill up all vacancies occurring during the year.

MEETINGS OF THE COMMISSIONERS.

General Meetings.

68. There shall be six General Meetings of the Commissioners in every year for the transaction of business. The General Meetings shall be held at the Municipal Office in the months of February, April, June, August, October, and December, or as soon after as seems expedient to the President.

Notice of Meetings and business.

The President shall cause notice of every such Meeting and of the business to be transacted at it to be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in one or more of the local daily newspapers at least seven days before the Meeting.

President to submit statement of receipts and disbursements and progress report.

69. At each of such Meetings the President shall submit to the Commissioners a statement of receipts and disbursements on account of the Municipal Fund from the close of the previous year up to the close of the month preceding that in which the meeting takes place, and also a progress report of work done brought up to the same date.

Such statement, report, &c., to be sent to Government and published in Gazette.

Such statement and progress report, together with the minutes of the Proceedings of the Meeting, shall be forwarded forthwith to the Governor in Council, and shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

Special Meetings.

70. The President may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall upon a written requisition signed by any ten Commissioners, call a Special Meeting of the Commissioners to be held at the Municipal Office.

No such Meeting shall be held unless at least seven days' notice, specifying the time of such Meeting and the purpose for which it is to be held, has been given by written or printed notice to be addressed by the President to each of the Commissioners and by advertisement in one or more of the local daily newspapers.

Conduct of business.

71. No business shall be brought before or transacted at any Meeting, General or Special, other than the business specified in the notices given under Sections sixty-eight and seventy, unless notice has been given by the Commissioner who intends to bring any other business forward.

Such notice shall be in writing: it shall specify the resolution which such Commissioner intends to move; and it shall be left at the Municipal Office three clear days before such Meeting.

The President shall cause every such notice to be served, through the post or otherwise, upon each Commissioner and published in two or more of the local daily newspapers.

72. All acts authorized to be done by the Commissioners and all questions authorized to be decided by them shall, save as provided in Section thirty-four, be done and decided by a majority of the Commissioners present and voting at a General or Special Meeting.

73. The President shall preside at every Meeting, General or Special, of the Commissioners and shall have a casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

In the absence of the President, the Commissioners present at a Meeting shall choose some one of their number to preside, who shall for that Meeting have all the powers of the President and shall have a casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

74. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting or adjourned Meeting unless a quorum of Commissioners be present; that is to say, unless at least seven Commissioners be present at a General Meeting, and unless at least fifteen Commissioners be present at a Special Meeting.

If at any Meeting there is not a sufficient number of Commissioners present to form a quorum, the President shall adjourn the Meeting to such date, not more than fifteen days after the date of the adjourned Meeting, as he thinks fit; and the business which would have been brought before the Meeting so adjourned, if there had been a quorum present, shall be brought before and disposed of by the Meeting to which it is adjourned.

Business to be disposed of at adjourned Meeting.

75. The President of a Meeting, General or Special, at which a quorum of the Commissioners are present, may, with the consent of the Meeting, adjourn the Meeting from time to time; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned Meeting other than the business left unfinished at the Meeting from which such adjournment took place.

76. Minutes of the Proceedings of all Meetings of the Commissioners shall be drawn up and fairly entered in a book to be kept for that purpose, and shall be signed by the President after each Meeting, and shall at all reasonable times be open at the Municipal Office to the inspection, without charge, of any Commissioner, and to the inspection of any other person on payment of a fee of eight Annas.

Committees.

77. The Commissioners may from time to time appoint from among their own number such Committees consisting of such number of persons as they think fit, for the purpose of inquiring into and reporting upon any matter connected with the purposes of this Act.

The proceedings of every such Committee shall be recorded in writing and be submitted to the Commissioners.

POWERS AND DUTIES OF STANDING COMMITTEE.

78. The Standing Committee shall have access to all the accounts of the Municipality, and the President shall furnish forthwith any explanation which is called for by the Standing Committee as to the receipts and disbursements of the Municipal Fund.

79. The Standing Committee shall conduct a monthly audit of the Municipal receipts and disbursements, and shall prepare monthly an abstract of such receipts and disbursements for the preceding month.

Such abstract shall be certified by the signature of at least two non-official members of the Standing Committee.

80. The Standing Committee shall see to the due appropriation of the Budget grants with reference to the progress report of work done;

shall hear appeals as provided in Sections forty-four, three hundred and twenty-two, three hundred and thirty, and three hundred and thirty-four;

shall dispose of all applications for pensions and gratuities;

shall consider contracts and compositions as provided in Sections fifty-one, fifty-three, one hundred and forty-six, one hundred and fifty-seven, and one hundred and seventy-nine, respectively;

shall assist the President in acquiring and disposing of lands and buildings; and shall attend to such other duties as are in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

81. The Standing Committee may appoint two or more of themselves as a Sub-Committee and may delegate to such Sub-Committee all or any of the powers vested in the Standing Committee by this Act.

The Standing Committee may make rules for the regulation of its proceedings. Such rules shall be of no validity until they have been approved by the Commissioners at a General Meeting and have received the sanction of the Governor in Council.

MEETINGS OF STANDING COMMITTEE.

82. The Standing Committee shall meet for the despatch of business once at least in every month at the Municipal Office and at such time as is appointed by the President.

The President shall preside over all Meetings at which he is present, and all questions which come before any Meeting for decision shall be decided by a majority of the members present and voting at such Meeting, and in all cases of equality of votes the President shall have a casting vote. In case of the absence of the President at a Meeting, the members present shall choose one of themselves to preside, who shall for that Meeting have all the powers of the President.

83. No business shall be transacted at any Meeting of the Standing Committee unless there are at least five members present.

84. The President may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon receiving a requisition signed by any three members of the Standing Committee, call a Special Meeting of the Standing Committee to be held within three days from the time of his receiving such requisition.

Every such requisition shall state the purpose for which such Meeting is required, and the President, in calling such Meeting, shall specify the purpose for which it is called.

85. At a Meeting of the Standing Committee to be held in the month of August in every year, the President shall lay before the Standing Committee an estimate of the proposed expenditure of the Municipality for the year commencing on the first day of January then next succeeding, in such detail and form as the Standing Committee from time to time direct.

Such estimate shall be accompanied by the proposals of the Director of Public Instruction and the Surgeon-General, Indian Medical Department, in respect to the expenditure required during the coming year for the elementary education of the poor, and for hospitals, dispensaries, medical education, and vaccination.

The Standing Committee shall proceed to consider such estimate, and may approve, reject or alter all or any of the items entered therein or add any item thereto: provided that no rejection, alteration or addition be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Municipal Budget.

Budget of expenditure and income and of taxes to be prepared,

- (a) an estimate of the available Municipal income,
- (b) an estimate of expenditure as approved by them, and
- (c) proposals as to the amount of taxes necessary to be levied or loans to be raised for the purpose of meeting such expenditure in the next ensuing year of Municipal taxation.

and to be published and circulated.

Budget to be laid before Commissioners.

87. It shall be in the discretion of the Commissioners to pass Budget, or refer it back for consideration, or reject any items.

88. The Budget, after being passed by the Commissioners, shall be submitted by the President to the Governor in Council not later than the first week in December; and the Governor in Council may pass, reject or modify all or any of the items entered in such Budget, or add thereto any item: provided that no such modification, rejection or addition be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or involve the raising of a loan.

The Commissioners shall abide by the Budget as approved by the Governor in Council.

89. The President may at any time prepare a Supplemental Budget, and, after having obtained for it the approval of the Standing Committee, may lay it before the Commissioners: and if the Commissioners pass it, the President may submit it to the Governor in Council, who may deal with it in the manner provided in the last preceding section.

Every Supplemental Budget shall be printed and published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and circulated to the Commissioners at least seven days prior to the Meeting of the Commissioners before which it is laid.

90. The Commissioners may, on the recommendation of the Standing Committee, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, in case of necessity during the year, reduce or increase the expenditure under any head of the Budget or Supplemental Budget, or, on and with such recommendation and sanction, may transfer the moneys assigned under one head of expenditure to another head.

Provided that no such reduction, increase or transfer is inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, and that the total amount of expenditure sanctioned by the estimate passed by the Commissioners and approved by the Governor in Council shall not be exceeded.

91. The President shall, as soon after the first day of January in each year as may be, prepare a detailed report of his administration during the previous year, with a statement showing the nature and amount of receipts and disbursements on account of the Municipal Fund during that year.

Such report and statement shall be submitted to the Commissioners not later than the thirtieth day of April, and shall be examined by them and approved or disapproved not later than the thirtieth day of June in each year.

Report to be submitted to Government and copies kept for sale.

Such Administration Report, with any resolutions that may have been passed thereon by the Commissioners, shall forthwith be submitted to the Governor in Council, and copies thereof shall be kept for sale at the Municipal office.

Lists of Tax-payers.

92. The President shall prepare and keep separate lists of the persons and property liable to the several taxes payable under this Act, not being in the nature of tolls.

93. Such lists shall be open at all reasonable times to the inspection of any tax-payer on payment of a fee of two Annas.

Audit of Accounts.

94. The Governor in Council shall nominate on or before the thirty-first day of December in every year, two persons to be Auditors of the Municipal Accounts, who shall maintain and keep a continuous audit of the said accounts during the year following.

95. For the purposes of any audit and examination of accounts under this Act, the Auditors may, by summons in writing, require the production before them of all books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, and all other documents and papers which they may deem necessary, and may require any person holding or accountable for any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents, or papers, to appear before them at any such audit and examination or adjournment thereof, and to make and sign a declaration with respect to the same.

96. If any such person neglect or refuse to produce any such books, deeds, contracts, accounts, vouchers, documents or papers, or to make or sign such declaration, he shall be liable for every neglect or refusal to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding seventy Rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after he has been convicted of such offence.

97. The Auditors shall submit a report of their audit to the Commissioners and a duplicate of such report to the Governor in Council on or before the fifteenth day of January and the fifteenth day of July in every year, for the six months ending the thirty-first day of December and the thirtieth day of June, respectively.

98. Such Auditors may receive out of the Municipal Fund such remuneration as the Commissioners determine with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

Municipal Statisticians.

99. The Governor in Council may at all times call for such statistics connected with the working, income and expenditure of the Municipality as he deems fit; and the President and Commissioners shall forthwith comply with such requisition.

PART IV.

TAXES, TOLLS AND PAYMENTS FOR OCCUPATION OF LANDS.

100. The taxes and tolls to be levied, and payments for occupation of lands to be made, under this Act, shall be as follows:—

1. Tax on Arts, Professions, Trades and Callings (not being a military profession or calling), and on offices and appointments.

2. Tax on the salaries of persons exempted from payment of tax under No. 1.
3. Tax on Houses, Buildings, and Lands.
4. Payments for occupation of lands vested in the Commissioners.
5. Water Tax.
6. Lighting Tax.
7. Tax on Vehicles on Springs, and Animals.
8. Tax on Carts and other Vehicles without Springs.
9. Tolls on Vehicles, and Animals entering the Municipal limits.
10. Tax upon places used for the sale of spirituous and intoxicating Liquors.

Commissioners may raise funds from any of above sources.

*May exempt persons unable to pay.

101. The Commissioners may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, raise the funds required for the purposes of this Act from all, or any one or more of the above sources, as they think fit.

102. The Commissioners may exempt, in whole or in part, from the payment of any tax under this Act, any person who has, in their opinion, become unable to pay the same.

Tax on Arts, Professions, Trades and Callings.

103. If the Commissioners determine to levy a tax on Arts, Professions, Trades and Callings (not being a Military profession or calling), and on offices or appointments, every person who within the City exercises any of the Arts, Professions, Trades or Callings, or holds any office or appointed specified in Schedule A, shall pay in respect thereof the sum specified in the said schedule as payable by persons of the class in which such person is placed.

President to decide class. 104. The President shall decide in which of the said classes such person ought to be placed.

The President may from time to time revise such classification.

Any person dissatisfied with any classification or revision may complain to the President, who shall deal with the complaint as an application for revision in the manner provided by Section one hundred and eighty-nine.

105. The sum payable under Section one hundred and three shall be paid in two equal moieties, one for each half of the year: the moiety payable in respect of each half of the year shall be payable after the person liable to pay it has, for sixty days reckoned consecutively or from time to time in such half-year, exercised such trade, art, profession or calling, or held any such office or appointment.

Provided that for the purpose of this section, the first half-year of the year 1878 may be reckoned from the first day of January 1878.

106. If in any half-year any person exercises any such art, profession, trade or calling, or holds any such office or appointment for sixty days without paying the sum due in respect of such half-year, the President may, so soon as he is informed thereof, serve upon such person, or forward to him through the post, a registered notice that if within fifteen days from the date of such service or posting, as the case may be, such payment be not made, such person will be prosecuted for such default.

On default, President to prosecute before Magistrate. If such person omits to make such payment, together with the costs of service, the President may, at the expiration of the said fifteen days, prosecute the person so in default before a Magistrate.

107. If the Magistrate finds that such person is so liable and that such default has been made and that such notice has been duly served or sent by post, he may inflict a fine on such person not exceeding twice the amount of the tax found to be due.

Fine, tax and costs to be levied. Such fine, together with the sum so payable and the costs of such prosecution, shall be levied as provided in Section four hundred and twenty-five.

108. The President shall give every person making a payment under Section one hundred and three a receipt for the same, signed by the President, or some officer duly authorized by him in that behalf.

Such receipt shall specify the date of the grant thereof, the name of the person to whom the receipt is granted, the art, profession, trade, calling, office or appointment, in respect of which the payment has been made, the period for which it has been made and the sum paid in respect thereof.

Every member of a firm or undivided Hindu family to be separately liable.

109. Every member of a firm or partnership, or of an undivided Hindu family, shall be personally and separately liable to the tax leviable under Section one hundred and three.

110. A person who carries on more arts, professions, trades or callings, or holds more offices or appointments than one, and comes under more than one of the designations or classes mentioned in Schedule A, shall be chargeable under such one of such designations or classes as will render him liable to the highest amount of tax.

Not liable for half-yearly tax if art, &c., not exercised for sixty days. 111. No person shall be liable to tax under Section one hundred and three in respect of any half-year in which he has not for sixty days exercised his art, profession, trade or calling, or held his office or appointment.

112. The President may, by a notice in writing, from time to time require every landlord or occupier of a building or of any land to forward to him, within a specified time, a list in writing, signed by him, of the names of all persons occupying such building or land and of their respective arts, professions, trades, callings, offices or appointments.

113. The President may in like manner require every employer, or head or Secretary of an office, whether public or private, or of a firm or company, to forward to him, within a specified time, a list in writing, signed by such employer, head or Secretary, of the names of all persons employed by him, or in such office, firm or company, together with a statement of the respective salaries or incomes of such persons; and also to furnish such particulars relative to any Joint-Stock Company of which such employer, head or Secretary may be the Agent, as may from time to time be required by the President for the purposes of this Act.

Any landlord, or occupier of a building or of any land, or any employer or head or Secretary of an office, firm or company, who fails to forward such list within the specified time when required to do so under this or the last preceding section, or who furnishes a list containing false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

Tax on Salaries of Persons exempted from Payment under Schedule A.

114. If the Commissioner shall determine to levy a tax on salaries, every person within the City who is in receipt of any salary exceeding Rupees five hundred per annum, shall be liable to pay a tax to be determined by the Commissioners, but not to exceed one-half per cent. upon such salary.

Saving of persons liable to tax on professions, trades, &c. Provided that no person who is liable to pay a tax on arts, professions, trades, callings, offices or appointments under Section one hundred and three, shall be liable to pay a tax under this section.

President to determine what persons are chargeable under the last preceding section and the amount of tax to be paid by such persons. 115. The President shall from time to time determine what persons are chargeable under the last preceding section and the amount of tax to be paid by such persons.

The President may from time to time revise such amount. Any person dissatisfied with such determination or revision may complain to the President, who shall deal with the complaint as an application for revision under Section one hundred and eighty-nine.

Complaint against President's decision.

116. All sums payable under Section one hundred and fourteen shall be paid in two equal moieties, one for each half of the year; the moiety payable in respect of each half of the year shall be payable after the person liable to pay it has, for sixty days reckoned consecutively, or from time to time, in such half-year, been in receipt of any salary.

Provided that for the purpose of this section, the first half-year of the year 1878 may be reckoned from the first day of January 1878.

117. Every person liable to pay tax under Section one hundred and fourteen shall, when required by the President by notice in writing, deliver a statement signed by such person of the amount of salary in respect whereof he is chargeable, together with a declaration of the truth of such statement.

Penalty for failing to furnish, or making false, returns. Every person failing without sufficient cause to prepare and deliver any statement required by this section, or making a false statement, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees one hundred.

118. The provisions of Sections one hundred and six, one hundred and seven, one hundred and eight, one hundred and eleven, one hundred and twelve and one hundred and thirteen, shall be held to apply to the assessment, collection and payment of all sums payable under Section one hundred and fourteen.

Tax on Houses, Buildings, and Lands.

Tax on houses, buildings, and lands. 119. The Commissioners may impose an annual tax upon all houses, buildings and lands, excepting light-houses, public piers, wharves, jetties and all other works connected with the Harbour of Madras, all places of public worship, and all burial and burning-grounds.

Exceptions.

Not to exceed 10 per cent.

Tax on lands having no buildings or occupied by native huts. 120. The President may, in lieu of such tax, levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building, or occupied by native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual tax not exceeding four Rupees for every ground of such lands.

Tax payable in half-yearly instalments.

The moiety for each half-year shall be payable within fifteen days after the commencement of such half-year.

Provided that the tax payable for the first half-year of the year 1878 shall be payable fifteen days after the coming into operation of this Act.

Property of less value than 14 Rupees a year to be exempted. 122. The President shall exempt from tax under Section one hundred and nineteen any house, building or land, the annual value whereof is less than fourteen Rupees, if it be the owner's sole property liable to tax under this Act.

Annual value of houses, buildings, and lands how to be ascertained. 123. The gross annual rent at which a house, building or land might reasonably be expected to let from month to month or from year to year, shall, for the purposes of assessment under this Act, be deemed to be the annual value of such house, building or land.

Value not to include machinery. The value of a house, building, or land so estimated, shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein or thereon.

124. The annual value at which property liable to tax under Section one hundred and nineteen is to be assessed, or the amount of tax to be paid in respect of property liable under Section one hundred and twenty, shall be fixed by the President, or by an officer appointed by him, subject to the appeal hereinafter provided.

Annual assessment to be entered in a book. 125. Such annual assessment shall be entered in a book or books to be kept at the Municipal office.

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Particulars to be shown in book. Such books shall show in distinct columns the name of the owner of the property;

the name of the occupier;

the designation of the property sufficient to identify it;

the name of the division and street, if any, in which it is situated; and

the amount of the tax assessed thereon.

Present assessment to be taken as made under this Act. 126. The annual assessment of property as set forth in the books of the existing Commissioners at the date of the coming into operation of this Act shall be entered in a book or books kept at the Municipal Office, and shall be taken to have been made under this Act, until the Commissioners have caused a new assessment to be made.

127. When the name of the owner or occupier is not known, it shall be sufficient to designate him in the said books, and also in any notice or other proceeding under this Act, as the "owner" or the "occupier" of the property on which the tax is assessed, without further description.

128. When the valuation and measurement and assessment of any division or part of a division have been completed, the President shall, by advertisement in the *Port St. George Gazette* and in one or more of the daily local English newspapers, and in one or more local vernacular newspapers, and by placards posted up in conspicuous places throughout such division, give notice that such valuation and measurement and assessment have been completed.

Persons to be allowed to inspect assessment books. 129. The person in whose custody such books are shall permit at all reasonable times,

every person being the owner or occupier of property included in the valuation and measurement and assessment, or the agent of such owner or occupier, to inspect the books and to make extracts therefrom without payment of any fee;

and every person, not being such owner or occupier, to inspect and make extracts in like manner on payment of a fee of one Rupee on each visit.

130. The President shall, at the time and in the manner mentioned in Section one hundred and twenty-eight, give public notice of a day, not being less than fifteen days from the publication of such notice, when he will proceed to revise the said valuation and measurement and assessment; and in all cases in which any property is for the first time assessed, or in which the assessment of any property is increased, he shall give special notice thereof to the owner or occupier of such property.

If assessment increased, notice to state grounds. Such special notice shall, in the case of an increased assessment, state the grounds of the increase.

Complaints against such valuation, &c., to be in writing. All complaints against any valuation or measurement, and assessment shall be made to the President by application in writing left at the office of the Commissioners three days before the day fixed in the said notice for the revising of the said valuation or measurement and assessment, and shall be dealt with as an application for revision in the manner provided in Section one hundred and eighty-nine.

How to be dealt with.

131. Whenever the valuation, measurement and assessment have been completed, the alterations and amendments, if any, made in the said books shall be authenticated by the seal of the Commissioners; and the President shall certify that no valid objection has been made to the valuations, measurements and assessments in the said books entered, except in the cases in which alterations and amendments have been made as shown therein; and thereupon, and subject to such alterations and amendments as have been made or are afterwards lawfully made, the tax so assessed shall be deemed to be the tax for the year for which the assessment is made.

Tax assessed to be deemed the tax for the year.

Amendment of assessment books. 132. The President may, at any time, amend the said books,

by inserting therein the name of any person or any property liable to tax;

by striking out the name of any person or property not liable to the tax; or

by increasing or reducing the amount of the tax.

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No person's name or property shall be inserted or increase of assessment made under the provisions of this section, unless notice of such intended insertion or increase has been served on such person, or on the owner or occupier of the property, to which the same relates, not less than fifteen days previous to a day to be specified in such notice as the day upon which such assessment or increase will be proceeded with for revision by the President.

Any such person or owner or occupier may object to such assessment or increase.

Objections to be in writing. Such objection shall be in writing addressed to the President and left at the Municipal Office three days before the day specified in the said notice, and shall be dealt with in the manner provided by Section one hundred and eight-nine.

133. When any building has been vacant for thirty consecutive days in any half-year, the President shall remit so much, not exceeding one moiety of the tax due for that half-year, as is proportionate to the number of days during which such building has been vacant, if the owner of such building, or his agent, has given to the President notice in writing that such building is vacant.

The period in respect of which the remission is made shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice to the President; and every such notice shall expire with the half-year during which it is so delivered, and shall have no effect thereafter.

134. When any building is built, rebuilt or enlarged, the owner shall give notice thereof in writing to the President within fifteen days from the date of completion of such building, rebuilding or enlargement, or from the date of occupation of such building, whichever date happens first.

Penalty. The owner of any such building who omits to give such notice shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

135. When any building is demolished, the owner thereof shall give notice in writing to the President within fifteen days from the date of completion of such demolition; and until such notice is given, such owner shall be liable, at the discretion of the President, to payment of all taxes which would have been leviable had such building not been demolished.

136. The Commissioners shall not be bound to prepare new assessment books every year, but may adopt the valuation, measurement and assessment contained in the books for the last preceding year, with such alterations and amendments as they deem necessary.

But public notice of such valuation, measurement and assessment shall be given annually in the manner prescribed in section one hundred and twenty-eight, and the provisions of that and the four following sections shall be applicable to the said valuation, measurement and assessment, and to the book or books in which they are contained.

Payment for occupation of Municipal Lands.

137. Whenever any land belonging to the Commissioners is occupied by persons whose occupation has not commenced with the permission of the President, such money payment as the President may from time to time determine may be required and levied from such persons in respect of such occupation.

Payment for unauthorised occupation of lands. All sums payable under this Section may be collected and recovered in the manner provided by this Act for the collection and recovery of taxes; provided that upon non-payment of such sums on presentation or service of a bill for the same, the goods and chattels of the defaulter found upon the land shall be liable to distress and sale in such manner as may from time to time be determined by the President.

138. The President may from time to time let, on lease for a term not exceeding three years, any such land, or any portion thereof, on such terms and conditions as he may deem proper, with liberty to the lessee to exercise all or any of the powers conferred upon the President by this section.

Water-tax.

139. To enable the Commissioners to provide for the maintenance, repairs, extension, improvement and other incidental expenses of water-works heretofore provided or hereafter to be provided, together with interest on any loan heretofore contracted for the construction of such works or which may be hereafter specially contracted for the purposes aforesaid, the Commissioners may impose an annual tax upon all houses, buildings and lands, except those exempted under Section one hundred and nineteen and as hereinafter provided, at such rate not exceeding four per centum upon the annual value thereof as appears to the Commissioners sufficient for the purpose.

Power to exempt any division or part thereof from water-tax.

Provided that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *First St. George Gazette*, exempt any division or part of a division from the payment of the water-tax, and may also from time to time remove such exemption.

Tax to be assessed and payable like House and Land-tax.

140. Such tax shall be assessed and be payable in the same manner, at the same times and shall be subject to the same conditions as the tax on houses, buildings and lands.

Landed property of less value than 24 Rupees a year exempt from water-tax.

Provided that any house, building or land the annual whereof is less than twenty-four Rupees, if it be the owner's sole property liable to tax under this section, shall be exempt from the payment of water-tax.

Persons, paying water-tax entitled to supply of water for domestic use.

141. Every person paying such tax shall be entitled to have, free of further charge in respect thereof, a supply of water from the pipes of the Commissioners for the domestic use of himself and his household.

President may arrange for supply of water for domestic purposes.

142. The President may, on application by the owner or occupier of any building, arrange with him for the supply of water to such building for domestic purposes in such quantities as the President deems reasonable.

He may limit the same.

The President may at any time, for sufficient reason, limit the amount of water to be so supplied whenever he considers it necessary.

The works necessary for such supply and all future repairs or alterations of such works shall in every case be conducted by the President, or under his orders, and the expense thereof shall be defrayed by such owner or occupier, and the same may be recovered as if it were a tax payable under this Act; but no extra tax shall be payable in respect of such supply.

143. A supply of water for domestic purposes shall not include a supply of water for horses or for washing vehicles where such horses or vehicles are kept for sale or hire, or a supply for any trade, manufacture or business, or for fountains or swimming-baths, or for any ornamental or mechanical purpose, or for purposes of irrigation.

144. In addition to the tax leviable under Section one hundred and thirty-nine and the expenses to be defrayed under Section one hundred and forty-two, the President may contract with any person to supply water for other than domestic purposes in such quantities, on such terms, and subject to such conditions as to the limit of the supply as seem fit to the President.

Sums due recoverable as tax under Act.

145. All sums due on account of any water supplied under the last preceding section shall be recoverable as if they were taxes payable under this Act.

Contracts subject to sanction of Standing Committee.

146. All contracts made under Section one hundred and forty-four shall be subject to the sanction of the Standing Committee.

147. The President, or any person authorized in that behalf by him, may, at any time between eight of the clock in the morning and five of the clock in the evening, by giving one hour's notice to the occupier of any building or premises supplied with water

Power to enter premises.

under Section one hundred and forty-two or Section one hundred and forty-four, enter such building or premises, in order to examine the condition of the pipe, works and fittings, and to ascertain if there be any waste or misuse of such water.

If the President or such other person at any such time is without reasonable cause refused admittance into such building or premises for the purpose aforesaid, or is prevented without reasonable cause from making such examination, or if necessary to prevent waste of water pending repair, the President may stop the supply of water to such building or premises.

Penalty for waste or misuse of water. 148. The owner or occupier of any building or land, in which water supplied under this Act is wasted or misused from negligence or other circumstances under the control of the said owner or occupier, or used for any purpose other than those agreed on, or in whose house or land the pipes, works and fittings for the supply of water are found to be out of repair to such an extent as to cause waste of water, and who, having knowledge thereof, omits to give reasonable notice thereof to the President,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees, for every such neglect, misuse, breach or omission.

149. If any person supplied with water neglects to pay the water-tax at any time when it is due, the President may stop the water from flowing into the premises in respect of which such tax is payable, by cutting off the pipe to such premises or by such other means as the President thinks fit, and may recover the reasonable expense of cutting off the water from such premises in like manner as if it were a tax leviable under this Act.

150. All taxes and moneys received or recovered in respect of the supply of water or the execution of works, and all fines imposed under Section one hundred and forty-eight shall in the first place be applied by the Commissioners to defraying the expense of making and maintaining the said water-works, to paying the interest of money borrowed for the said water-works, and to paying debts incurred in connection therewith or for some other purpose connected with the supply of water.

Lighting-tax.

151. To enable the Commissioners to provide for lighting the streets of the City, the Commissioners may, with the approval of the Governor in Council, levy upon the owners or occupiers of all buildings and lands an annual tax not exceeding 2 per cent. of the annual value thereof.

Provided that the Governor in Council may, from time to time, by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, exempt any division or part of a division from the payment of the lighting-tax, and may also from time to time remove such exemption.

Tax to be assessed and payable like house and land-tax. 152. Such tax shall be assessed and be payable in the same manner and be subject to the same conditions and exemptions as hereinbefore provided in respect of houses, buildings and lands.

Provided that any building or land, the annual value whereof is less than twenty-four Rupees, if it be the owner's sole property, liable to tax under this section, shall be exempt from the payment of lighting-tax.

Buildings &c., in the Fort exempt. 153. Buildings and land situate in Fort St. George, if and so long as the said Fort shall be included within the Municipal limits shall be exempt from the lighting-tax.

Account of lighting-tax to be kept separately. 154. The President shall keep an account of all moneys received and expended in connection with the lighting-tax distinct from any other account to be kept under this Act.

Tax on Vehicles on Springs, and Animals.

155. A tax at a rate not exceeding the rates specified in Schedule B may be imposed on the vehicles and animals mentioned therein kept within the City, or let out for hire or used within the City.

Such tax shall be payable half-yearly for each half of the year: the amount payable for each half of the year shall be payable by any person in whose possession or custody or control any such vehicle or animal may be found, so soon as it has been for thirty days kept or let out for hire or used within the City.

Not liable if in possession for less than thirty days in half-year. But no person shall be liable under this section for any vehicle or animal which has been in his possession for less than thirty days in any half-year.

Exemptions.

156. The tax payable under the preceding section shall not be imposed on:

- (a.) Gun carriages, Ordnance carts or wagons, Cavalry horses or any vehicle or animal belonging to the Government;
- (b.) Vehicles and animals belonging to the Commissioners;
- (c.) Vehicles and horses belonging to Officers doing regimental duty in the City, not exceeding one vehicle and two horses for each such officer;
- (d.) Animals exempt from Municipal tax under Section 25 of "The Indian Volunteers' Act, 1869;"
- (e.) Vehicles and animals belonging to members of the Town Police, not exceeding one vehicle and two animals for each such member;
- (f.) Vehicles and animals kept solely for sale by builders and dealers; or vehicles and animals which have not during the half-year been used.

President may compound with Livery Stable-keepers and others.

157. The President may compound, for any period not exceeding one year, with Livery Stable-keepers and other persons keeping vehicles and animals for sale or hire, for a certain sum to be paid for such vehicles and animals in lieu of the taxes specified in Schedule B.

Composition subject to revision of Standing Committee.

Every such composition shall be subject to revision by the Standing Committee.

158. Every person keeping Vehicles kept for hire to be registered.

vehicles for the purpose of being let out for hire, by the day or trip, shall within one month after the coming into operation of this Act, and thenceforward in the month of January in every year, apply to the President to have the same registered.

President may refuse registration.

The President may refuse registration if in his opinion such vehicle is, from want of repair, dirt or any other cause, unfit to be used.

Every vehicle so registered shall bear a registration number of such description as the Commissioners direct: and all Police Officers shall seize and detain every such vehicle which they find not bearing a registration number.

Every person keeping a vehicle for hire not bearing such registration number shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, on payment whereof the vehicle shall, if detained be restored to the owner or person keeping the same.

Drivers and attendants to be licensed.

159. Every driver or attendant of any such vehicle shall be licensed free of charge by the Commissioner of Police in communication with the President.

Penalty.

Any driver or attendant of a hired vehicle driving or attending on such vehicle without such license shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

160. In order to enable the President to make the lists provided in Section ninety-two, the President or any officer authorized by him shall send to every person supposed to be liable to the payment of the tax payable under Section one hundred and fifty-five a form given in Schedule C or to the like effect, to be filled up with such information respecting the vehicles and animals kept by him as the President considers necessary for the assessment of the tax.

Forms to be filled up and returned.

161. Such form shall be filled up with such information in writing, and signed and dated, and returned within one week of its receipt to the Municipal Office by the person to whom it has been sent.

Whoever without sufficient cause omits duly to fill up, sign, date and return such form within one week from the receipt thereof, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees.

Whoever knowingly gives therein any incorrect return shall be liable to the penalty provided by Section 177 of the Indian Penal Code.

162. If any person to whom a form has been sent under Section one hundred and sixty omits within one week of its receipt to fill up, date, sign and return it to the Municipal Office, the President may send to such person a bill for the amount of tax to which such person is believed to be liable under Section one hundred and fifty-five; and the amount stated in such bill shall be recoverable from such person, subject to the appeal hereinafter provided.

The President may from time to time revise such bill.

163. The President or any person or persons duly authorized by him in writing for that purpose may at any time between five of the clock in the morning and seven of the clock in the evening enter and inspect any stable or coach-house, or any place wherein he or they have reason to believe that there is any vehicle or animal liable to tax under Section one hundred and fifty-five for which the tax has not been paid.

164. The President may summon any person whom he has reason to believe to be liable to such tax, or any servant of such person, and may examine such person or servant as to the number and description of the animals and vehicles in respect of which such person is liable to be taxed.

165. Whoever on being summoned under the preceding section fails, without lawful excuse, to appear in pursuance of the summons, shall be liable to the penalty provided by Section one hundred and seventy-four of the Indian Penal Code; and whoever hinders or obstructs the President, or any person or persons appointed by him as aforesaid, from entering or inspecting by Section one hundred and eighty-six of the said Code.

166. On receiving the amount of the tax payable for any vehicle or animal, the President, or some person duly authorized by him in that behalf, shall give to the person paying the same a license for such vehicle or animal for the period in respect of which the money has been received.

On payment of tax, President to give license.

Every person who has received such license shall, at all reasonable times during the said period, produce such license, when required to do so by the President or any person duly authorized in writing by him to demand its production.

Penalty.

Every person failing to comply with such requisition shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five Rupees.

167. Every owner or person having the charge of a vehicle or animal liable to tax under Section one hundred and fifty-five, who omits to obtain a license under the last preceding section, shall be fined the full amount of tax payable by him in respect of such vehicle or animal and such further sum not exceeding fifty Rupees as the Magistrate directs.

On payment of the said tax, fine and such costs as may be awarded, such owner or person shall receive a license for the vehicle or animal in respect of which he has been fined and for the period during which he has been found in default.

Provided that in every case where the form provided by Section one hundred and sixty has been omitted to be duly returned to the Municipal Office, the amount of the bill mentioned in Section one hundred and sixty-two shall be found as the amount of tax payable by such owner or person.

Every license granted under the provisions of Act IX of 1867 for any vehicle or animal for the half-year ending the 30th day of April 1878 before this Act comes into operation shall be taken to have been issued under Section one hundred and sixty-six of this Act and shall continue in force until the 30th day of June 1878.

Tax on Carts and other Vehicles without Springs.

168. Every cart and other wheeled vehicle without springs kept within the City shall be registered in the Municipal Office with the name and residence of the owner, and shall bear the number of such registration in such manner as the President directs.

This section shall not apply to gun carriages, ordnance carts or wagons, or other such property of Government; or conservancy carts or other such vehicles belonging to the Commissioners.

169. The registration of carts and other vehicles under the last preceding section shall be made and the numbers assigned half-yearly upon such days as the President notifies; and such tax as he fixes, not exceeding two Rupees, shall be paid for each registration.

170. Any person owning or becoming possessed, within the limits of the City, of any such cart or other vehicle which has not been registered for the then current half-year, shall, within fifteen days of so owning or becoming possessed, register the same; and the President shall grant a certificate of registration in every such case on payment of the tax for the current half-year.

But no person shall be liable under this section for any cart or other vehicle which has been owned by him or has been in his possession for less than fifteen days in any half-year.

171. The register of carts and other wheeled vehicles without springs shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times without charge.

172. Whoever owns or keeps any such cart or vehicle without having caused the same to be registered under Section one hundred and seventy,

or omits to affix and to keep affixed thereto the registration number prescribed in Section one hundred and sixty-eight,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees besides the tax payable in respect thereof.

The President or any officer duly authorized by him in that behalf may at any time seize and detain any such cart or vehicle (provided the same be not employed at the time of seizure in the conveyance of any passengers or goods); and all Police Officers are hereby required, on the application of the President or such other officer, to seize and detain such cart or vehicle.

173. If the person owning or keeping such cart or other vehicle is convicted under the last preceding section and ordered to pay a fine, on payment by him of such fine and the tax payable in respect thereof, together with such costs, if any, as may be awarded, the President shall grant a certificate of registration for the period in respect of which such payment has been made, and restore the cart or vehicle, if detained; or

if such fine, tax and costs are not paid; or

if the cart or vehicle seized be not claimed within ten days from the date of seizure,

such cart or vehicle may be sold by auction by order of the President, and the proceeds applied to the payment of the fine (if any), the registration tax, and the costs and charges incurred on account of the seizure, detention and sale; and the surplus (if any), if not claimed by the owner or the person keeping such cart or other vehicle within a further period of twenty days, shall be forfeited to the Commissioners.

Tolls on Vehicles and Animals entering Municipal limits.

174. Tolls at the rates mentioned in Schedule D may be levied upon the vehicles and animals specified therein entering the City.

The President may construct toll-bars and gates and gate-keepers' stations, and may place the collection of such tolls under the management of such Toll Collectors as may appear to him proper, or may farm out such tolls on such terms and subject to such conditions as he may deem fit, with liberty to the

farmers to exercise all or any of the powers conferred by this Act for the levy and collection of such tolls.

Exceptions.

This section shall not apply to vehicles, carts, or animals licensed or registered by the Commissioners.

175. The President may frame bye-laws for the guidance of such Toll Collectors; and all persons employed in the management and collection of such tolls shall be liable to the same responsibilities as would attach to them if employed in the collection of any tax under this Act.

Bye-laws for Toll Collectors.

No more than one payment in twenty-four hours.

176. No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded in respect of any vehicle, cart or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.

177. In case of non-payment of any such toll on demand, the officer appointed to collect it may seize any vehicle, cart or animal on which it is chargeable, or any of its appurtenances or any part of the load of such vehicle, cart or animal which is of sufficient value to defray the toll and detain the same.

If any such toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure, remains unpaid for forty-eight hours, from the time of seizure, the President may sell or cause to be sold the property seized for the payment of the toll and expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure, detention and sale.

Vehicle, &c., may be sold.

After seizure of the property as aforesaid the President shall forthwith issue a notice that after the expiration of two days, exclusive of Sunday, from the date of seizure, he will sell the property by auction at a place to be specified in such notice.

Notice of intended sale.

If, at any time before the sale has actually begun, the person whose property has been seized tenders to the President or other officer appointed by him the amount of all expenses incurred and of the toll payable by such person, the President shall forthwith release the property seized.

Sale may be stopped if payment tendered.

Sale proceeds to discharge toll and expenses.

If no such tender is made, the property may be sold, and the proceeds of such sale shall be employed in payment of such toll and the expenses incidental to the seizure, detention and sale.

If there be a surplus after such payment, the President shall on demand made within six months from the date of sale by the person entitled thereto, return it to such person. If no such demand be made, such surplus shall be forfeited to the Commissioners.

Surplus to be returned on demand.

178. No tolls shall be paid for the passage of Troops, Government stores, Government vehicles or animals or any other Government property, or by Military or Police Officers on duty, or for the passage of any person or property in their custody.

Troops, Government stores, Police, &c., exempt.

President may compound with persons living outside Municipal limits.

179. The President may compound with persons living outside the City for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly, in lieu of all tolls payable by them under the provisions of this Act.

Composition subject to revision of Standing Committee.

Every such composition shall be subject to revision by the Standing Committee.

The President shall issue licenses for the vehicles, carts or animals of such persons;

and while such licenses remain in force, such vehicles, carts and animals, shall be exempt from all tolls, as aforesaid, upon entering the City.

Licenses to be given.

180. In all cases of resistance to the lawful authority of the Toll Collectors, all Police Officers shall be bound to assist the Toll Collectors, when required; and, for that purpose, they shall have the same power which they have in the exercise of their ordinary police duties.

Police to assist Toll Collectors.

181. Every person who, not being authorized to collect tolls under this Act, demands or takes any such toll.

or unlawfully demands or takes any other or higher toll than the lawful toll, or, under color of this Act, seizes, detains or sells any property, knowing such seizure, detention or sale to be unlawful,

or in any manner extorts money or any valuable thing under color of this Act,

shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating or extortion, as the case may be, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for those offences respectively by the Indian Penal Code.

182. A table of the tolls authorized to be taken at any toll-gate or station, legibly written or painted in English words and figures and in the Tamil, Telugu, and Hindustani languages, shall be put in a conspicuous place near such gate or station.

Tax upon Places used for the Sale of Spirituous and Intoxicating Liquors.

183. Every retail dealer in spirituous and intoxicating liquors shall cause each separate place of business used by him in the city for the sale of such liquors to be registered annually in the Municipal Office, and shall pay for each such place of business such annual tax as is specified in Schedule E.

Provided that for the purpose of this section the year 1878 may be reckoned from the first day of January 1878.

President to determine classes.

184. The President shall determine under which of the classes mentioned in Schedule E every such place shall be assessed, and may from time to time revise such classification.

Complaint against classification or revision.

185. Every such dealer dissatisfied with such determination or revision may complain to the President, who shall deal with the complaint in the manner prescribed in Section one hundred and eighty-nine.

186. On payment of the tax levied under Section one hundred and eighty-three, a license shall be granted by the President or some person duly authorized by him in that behalf specifying the date of the grant thereof, the name of the person to whom, the period for which, and the place in respect whereof, the license is granted, and the sum paid for such license.

187. Whenever any such dealer uses any place for such sale in respect of which the tax assessed by the President under this Act has not been paid, the President may cause to be served or sent through post a registered notice that if within fifteen days from the date of such service or posting such tax is not paid, such dealer will be prosecuted before a Magistrate for non-payment of the tax.

Every such dealer who fails to pay the tax in pursuance of such notice shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine of not less than the amount of the tax and not more than three times the amount of such tax as the Magistrate may in his discretion determine.

Such fine, together with the costs of service of notice and such costs of the prosecution as the Magistrate may award, may be levied in manner provided by Section four hundred and twenty-five.

188. The Collector of Madras shall from time to time inform the President of the particulars contained in every license issued or renewed by him under any law in force for the time being relating to the sale by retail of spirituous and intoxicating liquors, in order to enable the President to assess the places to which such licenses relate.

APPLICATIONS FOR REVISION AND APPEALS.

189. All complaints against, or applications for, revision of any classification or tax, preferred under Sections one hundred and four, one hundred and fifteen, and one hundred and eighty-five; and all complaints against, and objections to, any valuation or measurement and assessment preferred under Sections one hundred and thirty and one hundred and thirty-two; and all complaints against any other tax or toll assessed or demanded by the Commissioners shall be heard and disposed of by the President.

By whom complaints, applications and objections to be heard.

In hearing and disposing of such complaints, applications or objections, the President shall be assisted by two Commissioners whom he shall summon, by preference, from the division in which the person assessed resides or carries on business, or the property assessed is situated, naming the day and hour at which their attendance is required; and the Commissioners so summoned shall be bound to attend, and shall each be entitled to a fee not exceeding ten Rupees for each day's attendance.

Decision to be that of the President. Provided always that the decision shall be the decision of the President.

It shall be lawful for the President to summon any person to attend and give evidence, and to produce any books, papers, accounts or documents at such hearing; and every person neglecting to obey such summons without lawful excuse shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

190. No complaint, application or objection under Section one hundred and eighty-nine shall be heard unless a petition of complaint or objection or an application has been first lodged in the Municipal Office.

(a) in the case of a tax under Section one hundred and three, one hundred and fourteen, or one hundred and eighty-three, within fifteen days from the date of the service or posting of the notice prescribed by Section one hundred and six or one hundred and eighty-seven, as the case may be;

(b) in the case of a tax levied under Section one hundred and nineteen or one hundred and twenty, within the time allowed by Section one hundred and thirty or one hundred and thirty-two for preferring complaints or objections; and

(c) in the case of any other tax or toll within seven days from the date of demand thereof.

Appeals from President as above to two Magistrates. 191. Appeals from decisions of the President passed under Section one hundred and eighty-nine shall be heard and determined by two Magistrates.

No appeal to the Magistrates shall lie unless the tax assessed or revised as aforesaid has been paid, and unless a petition of appeal is presented to them within fourteen days from the date of such decision of the President, and unless a notice in writing of intention to appeal to the Magistrates is given to the President within seven days from the date of such decision, such notice setting forth the grounds of appeal and the name, occupation and residence of the appellant and of his Attorney or Vakil, if any, with his place of residence or business.

Upon the hearing of such appeal no ground of appeal shall be relied upon which has not been set forth in the petition of appeal, except with the permission of the Magistrates.

192. The Magistrates may, if they think fit, in any case in which an appeal lies to them under this Act, state a case and refer it for the decision of the High Court; and they shall do so in every case involving a question of law if either the President or the appellant, within one week after the adjudication of the appeal, applies in writing to them to do so and deposits such sum as the Magistrates think necessary to defray the cost of such reference.

When case may be stated for decision of High Court.

High Court may pass order. 193. Where a case has been so referred, the High Court may pass such order thereupon as it thinks just.

A copy of the order of the High Court, under the seal of the Court, shall be transmitted to the Magistrates by whom the reference was made, who shall proceed to dispose of the case conformably to the said order, and may direct by whom the costs of the appeal and reference are to be paid.

If amount altered, revised or refunded, or refund made. 194. In the event of the amount of any tax being increased, decreased, or remitted, the President shall levy the amount of such increase or grant a refund accordingly.

195. The assessment, revision or demand of any tax or toll, when no complaint, application or objection is made as hereinbefore provided, and the adjudication of an appeal by the Magistrates under Section one hundred and ninety-one, shall be final.

Except as provided in Section two hundred and five, no action shall be maintained in any Court to recover money paid in respect of any tax, toll or fee assessed or levied, or any payment collected, under this Act, or to recover money or damages by reason of any assessment made, tax, or toll or fee levied, or any payment under this Act, provided that the provisions of this Act relating to the assessment and levy of taxes, tolls and fees, and to the collection of payments have been substantially complied with.

COLLECTION OF TAXES.

196. When any tax is due, the President shall, prior to enforcing the provisions of Sections one hundred and ninety-seven to two hundred and four inclusive, cause to be presented to or served upon the person liable to the payment thereof a bill or notice for the sum due.

Provided that in the case of a tax under Section one hundred and three, one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifty-five, or one hundred and eighty-three, the notice or bill given under Section one hundred and six, one hundred and sixty-two or one hundred and eighty-seven, respectively, shall be deemed a bill or notice requiring to be presented or served under this section.

Such bill or notice shall contain—

- (1) a statement of the period and a description of the occupation, property or thing for which the tax is charged;
- (2) a notice of the liability incurred in default of payment; and
- (3) if it be for any tax under Section one hundred and three, one hundred and fourteen, one hundred and fifty-five or one hundred and eighty-three, a notice of the time within which an application for revision of, or a complaint against, such tax may be preferred.

197. If such tax is not paid within fifteen days from the presentation or service of such bill or notice, the President shall cause to be served upon the person liable to pay the same a notice of demand in the form contained in Schedule F or to the like effect.

If such person does not, within seven days from the service of such notice of demand, pay the sum due, or show sufficient cause to the satisfaction of the President for non-payment of the same, such sum, with all costs, may be levied by distress and sale of the movable property of the defaulter; or if the defaulter be the occupier of any house, building or land, in respect of which a tax is due, by distress and sale of any property found in or on such house, building or land.

The warrant for distress and sale under this section may be in the form contained in Schedule G or to the like effect.

198. For every notice of demand under the last preceding section, a fee not exceeding eight Annas, the amount of which shall be in each case fixed by the President, shall be paid by the person upon whom it is served.

Such fee shall be added to the amount of the tax in respect of which the notice is served or given, and, if not duly paid, shall be levied in the same manner as such tax may be levied.

199. The officer charged with the execution of a warrant of distress under Section one hundred and ninety-seven shall make an inventory of the property seized under such warrant, and shall, at the same time, give a notice in writing in the form contained in Schedule H or to the like effect to the person in possession thereof at the time of the seizure, that the said property will be sold as therein mentioned.

200. The distress shall not be excessive; that is to say, the property distrained shall be as nearly as possible proportionate to the sum due by the defaulter, together with all expenses incidental to the warrant, distress, detention and sale.

201. If the warrant is not within the time mentioned therein discharged, or if the warrant is not suspended by the President, the property seized or a sufficient portion thereof shall be sold by public auction under the orders of the President, who shall apply the proceeds, or such part thereof as may be necessary, in payment of the sum due, together with all expenses incidental to the warrant, distress, detention and sale.
- The surplus, if any, shall be returned on demand, if made within twelve months from the day of sale but not otherwise, to the person in possession of the property at the time of the seizure. The surplus if not so demanded shall be forfeited to the Commissioners.
202. Fees shall be payable upon distrains under this Act, according to the rates set forth in the table of fees in Schedule J. Such fees shall not be held to include the cost of maintaining any livestock distrained under this Act.
- Fees on distrains.
- Property of defaulter, wherever found, may be distrained.
203. The property of a person in default under Section one hundred and ninety-seven may be distrained wherever the same may be found.
204. If the sum due on account of any tax from the owner of any house, building or land, remains unpaid, after notice of demand has been duly served, the President may demand the amount from the occupier for the time being of such house, building or land, and, on non-payment thereof, may recover the same by distress and sale of any property found on the premises.
- Tax due from owner may be recovered from occupier.
- Occupier may deduct same from his rent.
- In such case the occupier may deduct, from the next and following payments of his rent, the amount so paid by or recovered from him.
- Arrears beyond a year not to be so recovered.
- No arrear of tax which has been due to the Commissioners from the owner of any house, building or land for more than one year shall be so recovered from the occupier thereof.
205. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, or in case of failure to realize by distress the whole or any part of the sum due in respect of any tax or payment, together with the expenses of such distress, the Commissioners may sue any person or Company liable in respect of any such tax or payment due to the Commissioners, either during the current year in which such tax, expenses or payment is or are due, or at any subsequent period allowed by the law of limitation.
- Commissioners may sue.
- Or in case of non-payment of any tax imposed by Sections one hundred and nineteen, one hundred and twenty, one hundred and thirty-nine and one hundred and fifty-one within seven days from the date of the service of the notice of demand provided by Section one hundred and ninety-seven, the person bound to pay such tax and failing to pay the same shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine not exceeding twice the amount of the tax found to be due.
- Such fine together with any costs of the prosecution which may be awarded by the Magistrate shall be levied in the manner provided by Section four hundred and twenty-five.
- Recovery of arrears of taxes, &c. due at coming into operation of this Act.
- All arrears of taxes, or other payments due to the Commissioners at the time this Act comes into operation, may be recovered as though they had accrued under this Act.
206. Every bill, notice, schedule, form, President's summons, or notice of demand regarding any valuation, measurement, assessment, tax, payment or any money due in respect of the same, or under this Act may be presented to or served personally upon the person to whom the same is addressed, or sent by registered letter, or, if he cannot be found, may be left at his usual or last known place of abode or business, with some adult member of his family, servant, or agent or may be put upon some conspicuous part of his usual or last known place of abode or business, and shall thereby be deemed to have been duly presented or served.
- Service of bills, notices, &c.
- Provided that, if the place of abode or business of the owner of any house, building or land, in respect of which a tax is assessed or due be unknown, or if the owner of any such house, building or land be not resident within the limits of the City, every such bill, notice, schedule, form, President's summons, or notice of demand shall be
- Proviso.

deemed to be duly presented or served, if delivered to any adult occupier or put upon some conspicuous part of the house, building, or land in respect of which the tax is assessed or due.

207. No assessment and no charge or demand of a tax made under the authority of this Act shall be impeached or affected by reason of any mistake in the name, residence, place of business or occupation of any person liable to pay the tax, or in the description of any property or thing liable to the tax, or of any mistake in the amount of assessment or tax, or by reason of any clerical error, provided the directions of this Act be in substance and effect complied with; and no proceedings under this Act shall, for want of form, be quashed or set aside in any Court of Justice.

PART V.

MODE OF RAISING MONEY FOR WORKS OF A PERMANENT NATURE.

208. To enable the Commissioners to provide for the construction and maintenance of works of a permanent nature which may be undertaken under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, from time to time, borrow, by way of debenture or otherwise, any sum of money which they require for such works on the security of the taxes, and tolls imposed and levied, and payments collected, under this or any Act passed in that behalf, or of a portion of them, and at such rate of interest and upon such terms as to the time of repayment and otherwise, as the Governor in Council approves.
- Mortgage of taxes, tolls, &c.
209. Every debenture holder shall be entitled to receive a debenture bond in such form as may be agreed upon, and such bond shall be in the nature of personal estate of such holder.
- Debenture holder to receive bond.
- Such bonds shall be transferable by endorsement made on the bonds themselves under the hand of the holder or his agent duly authorised.
- Bonds transferable by endorsement.
- The endorsement shall specify the name of the person or persons to whom the transfer is made, and shall be made in the form set forth in Schedule K or to the like effect.
- Endorsement to specify name of transferee.
- No such transfer shall be effectual until the endorsement is registered in the office of the Commissioners; and it shall be the duty of the President to cause such registration to be made within a reasonable time after presentation.
- Transfer not effectual unless registered in Municipal Office.
210. The Commissioners may, at any time, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, raise, by the issue of new debentures, any money that may be required to pay any moneys for the time being due by them on any loan effected under this or any former Act.
- Payment of loan by new debentures.

PART VI.

GENERAL CONSERVANCY.—WATER-SUPPLY.

211. The Commissioners shall provide a supply of drinking-water within the City, and shall for that purpose cause such pipes to be laid, and such tanks, reservoirs or other works to be made as are necessary for the supply of wholesome water in the public streets of the City; and shall erect in such streets convenient stand-pipes, fountains, open reservoirs or pumps for the gratuitous use of the inhabitants of the City for domestic purposes.
- Such stand-pipes, fountains, reservoirs or pumps shall be so placed that there shall be one at a distance not exceeding one hundred and fifty yards from any house in any public street.
- Distance of stand-pipes, &c.
- It shall be the duty of the Commissioners to make adequate provision that such supply of water shall be continuous throughout the year, and that the water supplied may be at all times pure and fit for human consumption.
- Supply to be continuous.
212. The Commissioners shall make and maintain sufficient fences and boundaries on each side of any channel by which water is brought for the supply of the City.
- Commissioners to maintain fences on each side of supply channel.

213. Any person who trespasses upon land belonging to the Commissioners along which the water-supply channel is conducted, or the buildings or premises connected with the water-supply, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Penalty for trespassing on channel land, &c.
If any such person refuses to leave such land, buildings or premises, on being requested to do so by any officer or servant of the Commissioners, or by any other person authorized by the President, such person shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and may be immediately removed from such land or buildings or premises by such officer, servant or other person as aforesaid.

214. All public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, fountains, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps and other water-works (not being the property of Government), existing at the time of the coming into operation of this Act or afterwards made, laid or erected, and whether made, laid or erected at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all bridges, buildings, engines, works, materials and things connected therewith or appertaining thereto, and also any adjacent land (not being private property or the property of Government) appertaining to any such works, shall be vested in the Commissioners.

215. The President shall cause all existing public tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, aqueducts, conduits, tunnels, pipes, pumps, fountains, and other works used for the supply of water to be maintained and supplied with water;

or he may, with the consent of the Commissioners and the sanction of the Governor in Council, close any such works and substitute other such works, and may cause them to be maintained and supplied with water.

216. The President may from time to time, with the consent of the Commissioners and sanction of the Governor in Council, construct filtering tanks, aqueducts or other works for bringing wholesome water into the City, and may provide new tanks, reservoirs, cisterns, wells, fountains, stand-pipes and other such works for the use of the inhabitants.

217. Whenever the Governor in Council has sanctioned any scheme for laying pipes or constructing filtering tanks and aqueducts or other works for bringing wholesome water into the City, or making dams, sewers or drains to communicate with any public sewer, lake, stream, canal or water-course without the limits of the City, the Commissioners and their officers and servants may exercise, in the construction, maintenance and repair of such filtering tanks and works, dam, aqueduct, sewer or drain throughout the line of country in which such works are situated, or through which they are to run, all the powers which, by this Act, they may exercise within the City.

218. The Magistrate of any district through or in which any such filtering tank or work, pipe, aqueduct, dam, sewer or drain passes or is made, may exercise in respect thereof the like powers within the limits of his own district as may be exercised by a Magistrate under this Act in respect of any work executed by the Commissioners within the City.

219. The Commissioners, in laying down any pipes for the water-supply of the City, may, if they consider it necessary, carry such pipes through, across, or under any street or any place laid out or intended for a street, or under any building or through any cellar or vault or into, through, or under any enclosed or other land whatsoever.

The Commissioners shall, in every case in which they deal with private property under this section, give reasonable notice of their intention so to do to the owner of such property, and shall pay to him reasonable compensation for so dealing with the property.

If dispute arises as to the amount or apportionment of such compensation, it shall be settled in the manner provided in Section four hundred and fourteen.

220. Whoever breaks, injures, or causes damage to any pipe, fountain, reservoir or other work connected with the water supply, or without due authority opens any lock, cock, or pipe belonging to or under the management or control of the Commissioners, or constructed or maintained under this or any previous Act,

Damaging works.

or constructed or maintained under this or any previous Act,

Diverting water.

or unlawfully draws off, or takes water from any water-works belonging to the Commissioners or under their management or control,

shall, for every such offence, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding twenty Rupees for each day during which the offence is continued after written notice in that behalf.

Penalty.

221. The Commissioners shall set apart places within the City (not being the property of Government or private property), for the purpose of being used as bathing-places; and may also provide or set apart a sufficient number of convenient tanks for the inhabitants to bathe in and tanks or reservoirs or runs of water for washing animals or clothes.

222. If any person commits any trespass made punishable by fine by Section two hundred and thirteen and the name and address of such person is unknown, or there is reason to believe that he will abscond, such person may be dealt with under the provisions of Section ninety-three of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Fouling of Water.

223. Whoever being the owner, Superintendent, Agent, Manager or occupier of any gas works, or being engaged in the manufacture or supply of gas, or being the owner or occupier of any place where such manufacture or any other offensive trade or manufacture is carried on, does any act connected with the said business, whereby the water in any stream, tank, reservoir, well, cistern, aqueduct or other work belonging to the Commissioners is fouled, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees for every day on which the offence is continued after twenty-four hours' notice in writing from the President.

Penalty.

President may examine pipes.

224. The President, or any person duly authorized by him in that behalf, may, after twenty-four hours' notice in writing, lay open and examine any pipe or work belonging to any such person or under his management or control.

If, upon such examination, it appears that any such water has been fouled by anything proceeding from, or contained in the pipes or works examined, the expenses of such examination shall be paid by the person to whom such pipes or works belong, or under whose management or control they are.

If, upon such examination, it appears that such water has not been so fouled, then such expenses and all damages occasioned to any building, land, pipe or work by the examination shall be paid by the Commissioners.

225. Whoever, except as permitted by the Commissioners under Section two hundred and twenty-one, bathes in a tank or other place vested in the Commissioners,

or washes an animal or clothing in a place set apart for bathing;

or washes any cooking utensil, or wool, skins or other foul or offensive substance in a place set apart for washing animals or clothes or for bathing;

or puts therein any rubbish, filth or other offensive matter,

or causes or suffers to drain, or to be brought into any such place the water of a sink, sewer, drain, engine or boiler, or other offensive matter belonging to him or flowing from any building or from any ground belonging to, or occupied by him,

or does anything whatsoever whereby any such water is in any manner fouled,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Penalty.

CONSTRUCTION, PAVING, AND REPAIRING OF STREETS.

226. All public streets in the City (not being the property or kept under the control of the Government) existing at the time of the coming into operation of this Act, or which shall afterwards be made, and the pavements, stones and other materials thereof, and all erections, materials, implements and other things provided for such streets, and all trees growing thereon or by the side thereof, not being private property, shall vest in the Commissioners.

227. The Commissioners may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, lay out and make new streets, and may construct bridges and tunnels, and may turn, divert or close any public street, and may widen, lengthen, enlarge or otherwise improve any such street, making reasonable compensation to the owners and occupiers of any land, houses or buildings which are required for or affected by any such purposes.

228. In laying out or forming a street, or in turning, diverting, widening, lengthening, enlarging or otherwise improving a street, the Commissioners may, in addition to the land necessary for such street and the footways thereof, purchase also the land necessary for the buildings to form or otherwise improve the said street, and may sell or lease such land on such terms and subject to such conditions as to the class and description of buildings to be erected thereon, as they think fit.

229. The Commissioners may sell or lease any vacant ground, either by the side of a street or elsewhere, vested in them by this Act, for the purpose of being built upon, on such terms and subject to such conditions as to the class and description of buildings to be erected thereon as they think fit; or they may themselves erect buildings on any such land, and may lease the same on such terms as they think fit.

230. If any land be taken under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners shall make compensation to the owner or occupier of any adjoining land or building for any direct or immediate damage done thereto by the taking of such land.

231. The Commissioners may contract with the owner of any land or building for the purchase or lease thereof, for the purpose of laying out and making new streets or of widening, enlarging or otherwise improving a street, or for the construction of drainage works, the utilization of sewage or other purpose connected with the conservancy or general improvement of the City.

232. Whenever any street vested in the Commissioners is closed under the provisions of Section two hundred and twenty-seven of this Act, the Commissioners may sell the whole or such part thereof as they think fit.

233. The Commissioners shall from time to time cause the public streets to be maintained, repaired, metalled, flagged, provided with side channels and drains, and raised, lowered or otherwise improved, as is expedient for the public convenience.

The Commissioners may make and maintain foot-ways for the use of passengers in any street, and may place on the sides of such foot-ways such fences and posts as may be needed for the protection of foot-passengers.

NEW STREETS.

234. Every person intending to lay out and form a new street shall give notice thereof in writing to the President. Such notice shall be accompanied by plans and sections showing,

the intended level, direction and width of such street, the means of drainage, and the height and dimensions of the buildings to be erected on each side.

Subject to approval of President. If the President approves of such level, direction, width, means of drainage and height and dimensions, and if such intended new street appears to him to be expedient, he shall give a written license to lay out such street.

235. Whoever lays out or builds in or along any such street otherwise than in accordance with the particulars so approved shall be punished with fine which may extend to five hundred Rupees.

236. The President may, if he thinks fit, either cause the work to be stopped, or cause any such street laid out otherwise than in accordance with the particulars so approved, to be altered, or may cause any building erected otherwise than in accordance with the particulars so approved, or any building erected on the side of any street which has been laid out otherwise than in accordance with such particulars, to be altered or, if he thinks fit, demolished.

237. If no disapproval of the level, width, direction, drainage, height or dimensions proposed be signified by the President to the person giving such notice as aforesaid, within one month after the receipt by the President of such notice, then the intended street may be laid out, formed and made in accordance with the particulars specified in the notice and the accompanying plan and section.

238. If any street (not being a public street), or any part thereof is not levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channeled and drained to the satisfaction of the President, he may, by notice in writing to the owners or occupiers of the land or buildings fronting or abutting upon such street or part, require them to carry out, within a time to be specified in such notice, any work which, in the opinion of the President, ought to be carried out in such street or part.

If such work is not carried out within the time specified in the notice, the President may execute it, and the expenses incurred in so doing shall be paid by the owners or occupiers in default, according to the frontage of their respective lands or buildings and in such proportion as may be settled by the President.

In case of dispute, such amount and apportionment shall be settled and recovered in the manner provided by Sections four hundred and fourteen to four hundred and sixteen.

239. After such street has been so levelled, paved, metalled, flagged, channeled and drained, on the requisition of the President, or by the President as aforesaid at the expense of the owners or occupiers, such owners may require that it shall be declared a public street, to be, from time to time, repaired by the Commissioners.

LAYING OF GAS AND WATER PIPES.

240. All pipes for the conveyance of gas shall be laid at the greatest practicable distance from any water pipe, and shall not, except when it is necessary for the purpose of crossing, be laid at the distance of less than four feet at least from any such water pipe.

When it is unavoidably necessary to lay a gas pipe across any water pipe, or any water pipe across any gas pipe, such gas or water pipe shall be laid at the greatest practicable distance apart from each other, and shall, if they cross each other, form a right angle or as near thereto as the situation will admit.

Whenever any gas pipe or water pipe shall cross each other, the gas pipe shall be of such length that no joint of it shall be nearer to the water pipe than four feet at the least.

Whenever any gas pipe or water pipe shall cross each other, the gas pipe shall, for a distance of six feet on either side of such water pipe, be sufficiently bedded in with good sound clay or other fit material.

No gas or water pipe shall be laid in a drain or in the surface of an open gully.

241. If any gas or water pipe is laid in any respect contrary to the provisions of the last preceding section, the person ordering it to be laid, or to whom the laying of it has been entrusted, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees. The President may in such case cause such alteration to be made as he thinks necessary for the purposes of this Act, and the expenses thereof shall be paid by the person liable to such fine, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

242. If the President deems it necessary, for the purposes of this Act, to raise, sink or otherwise alter the position of any water pipe, gas pipe or other water-work or gas-work laid in any street, he may from time to time, by notice in writing, require the person to whom any such pipe or work belongs or under whose control it is, to cause such pipe or work to be raised,

sunk, or otherwise altered in position, within a reasonable time to be specified in the notice, in such manner as the President directs.

The expenses attending such raising, sinking or altering, and compensation for the damage done thereby to such pipe or work shall be paid by the Commissioners.

How disputes as to compensation to be settled.

If any dispute arise touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner provided in Section four hundred and fourteen.

243. If the person to whom any such pipe or work belongs, or under whose control it is, does not within the time specified carry out the work in such manner as the President requires, the President may cause such pipes or works to be raised, sunk, or altered, as he thinks fit.

244. Whoever injures, displaces, takes up or makes any alteration in the pavement, flags or other materials, or in the fences or posts of any public street, without the consent in writing of the President, or without other lawful authority, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Penalty for taking up pavements, &c., without leave.

245. When the pavement or surface of any street, or when any sewer or drain, is opened or broken up by the Commissioners, their officers or servants, they shall, with all convenient speed, complete the works on account of which such pavement or surface has been broken up, and fill in the ground and make good the pavement and surface and the sewer or drain so opened or broken up, and carry away the rubbish occasioned thereby, and shall, in the meantime, cause the place where such pavement or surface has been so opened or broken up, to be fenced and guarded and sufficiently lighted during the night.

DRAINAGE SYSTEM.

Commissioners to maintain a system of drainage.

246. The Commissioners shall provide and maintain a sufficient system of drainage throughout the City.

For this purpose all sewers, drains, drainage works, tunnels and culverts, in, alongside or under the streets, existing at the time of the coming into operation of this Act, or afterwards made, and whether made at the cost of the Commissioners or otherwise, and all works, materials, and things appertaining thereto, shall be vested in the Commissioners.

Sewers, drains, &c., vested in the Commissioners.

247. Whenever it is expedient to conduct any drain, sewer or other work in connection with the drainage system of Madras across a line of railway, the Commissioners may require the owners of such railway or their representatives, subject to the approval of the Governor in Council and at the cost of the Commissioners, to raise or lower the level of such line of railway as may be necessary for the purpose.

248. The Commissioners in making sewers or other drainage works may, if needful, carry any sewer or drainage work through, across or under any street, garden or other place, or into or under any building, cellar or vault.

Whenever it is necessary to carry a sewer or other drainage work through, across or under any private property, the President shall give notice to the owner or occupier of such property, and the Commissioners shall pay reasonable compensation for any injury done to such property by any such sewer or drainage work.

If any dispute arises touching the amount or apportionment of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner provided in Section four hundred and fourteen.

249. The Commissioners shall maintain and, from time to time, repair and, as they see fit, enlarge, alter, arch over or otherwise improve all or any of the sewers and drainage works vested in them by this Act; and may discontinue, close up, or destroy such of them as they deem unnecessary.

Commissioners to maintain, repair, alter, or close sewers.

If, by reason of anything done under this section, any person is deprived of the lawful use of any sewer or drain, the Commissioners shall, at their expense, provide for him the means of drainage into some public sewer, tidal river, or other place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers.

Cleaning and emptying sewers.

250. The Commissioners shall cause the sewers and drains belonging to them to be so constructed and maintained as not to be a nuisance or injurious to health, and to be properly cleared, cleansed and emptied.

Constructing of pumping works, &c.

The Commissioners may construct such reservoirs, sluices, pumping engines and other works as they deem necessary for the purpose of flushing and cleansing any sewer or drainage work.

251. The Commissioners may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, cause any sewers and drains to communicate with, and be emptied into, any fit place, so that a nuisance shall not thereby be created, or cause the refuse from such sewers and drains to be conveyed by proper means to a convenient site for its deposit.

Refuse may be sold for agricultural or other purposes.

The Commissioners may employ or sell such refuse for agricultural or other purposes as they deem expedient, but so that the same shall not become a nuisance.

Penalty for making unauthorized drains into public sewers,

252. Whoever, without the written consent of the President, makes any drain into any sewer or drain vested in the Commissioners by this Act,

or for obstructing.

or stops up, diverts, obstructs or in any way interferes with any public drain or sewer, whether the same passes through public or private ground,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees for every such offence.

President may cause such drain to be demolished, &c.

The President may cause such drain or obstruction to be demolished, altered, or otherwise dealt with as he thinks fit.

All the expenses incurred thereby shall be paid by the person who made such drain or obstruction, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

Expense to be paid by owner.

253. No building shall be newly erected over any sewer or drain vested in the Commissioners by this Act without the written consent of the President.

If any building be so erected, the President may cause such building to be pulled down or otherwise dealt with as he thinks fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected such building, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

President may pull down and recover expenses.

down or otherwise dealt with as he thinks fit; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the person who erected such building, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

BUILDING REGULATIONS.

Buildings, Sheds, &c.

Buildings may be set forward for improving line of streets.

254. The President may, upon such terms as he thinks fit, allow any building to be set forward for improving the line of any public street in which such building is situated.

255. When any building, or any part thereof, which projects beyond the regular line of a public street or beyond the front of the buildings on either side thereof, has been taken down in order to be rebuilt or altered, the President may require such building or part to be set back to the line of the street or of the adjoining buildings.

Buildings projecting beyond line of street to be set back.

The Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to the owner of any such building for any damage which he may thereby sustain; and if any dispute arises as to the amount of such compensation, it shall be settled in the manner provided in Sections four hundred and fourteen to four hundred and sixteen.

256. The external roofs, verandahs, pandals and walls of buildings erected or renewed after the coming into operation of this Act, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats or other such inflammable materials in such places and in such manner as may be dangerous to adjacent buildings.

256. The external roofs, verandahs, pandals and walls of buildings erected or renewed after the coming into operation of this Act, shall not be made of grass, leaves, mats or other such inflammable materials in such places and in such manner as may be dangerous to adjacent buildings.

The owner of any building which at the time this Act comes into operation has an external roof, verandah, pandal or wall made of any such material, shall not suffer such roof, verandah, pandal or wall to remain after the coming into operation of this Act unless with the consent of the President.

Whoever makes any external roof, verandah, pandal or wall of such materials, unless with the consent in writing of the President, or suffers any roof, verandah, pandal, or wall made of such materials to continue contrary to the provisions herein contained, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees and to a further fine of ten Rupees for every day on which the offence is continued.

257. Whoever intends to erect or restore a building shall, before beginning so to erect or restore, give notice in writing of his intention to the President.

Such notice shall be accompanied by

(1) a plan showing the size and dimensions of the building and the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor are intended to be laid, and

(2) a statement of the means of ventilation and drainage and the privies which it is intended to provide for the building.

258. The President shall, within one month after receiving such notice, signify his approval or disapproval of such plan and statement.

If he deems the ventilation insufficient, or disapproves of the drainage or the levels of the lowest floor or foundation, or of the situation or sufficiency of the privies, he shall communicate his views to the person proposing to erect or restore the building and, if necessary, specify other levels, privies and means of ventilation or drainage, which it shall be the duty of such person to adopt.

259. If such building be begun or made without sending such notice and plan, or at levels different from those fixed by the President, or in any other respect contrary to the provisions of this Act, the President may, if necessary, cause such building to be altered or demolished as the case may require.

The expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the person failing to comply with the provisions aforesaid, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

260. If the President does not signify his approval or disapproval in writing within one month after receiving such notice, such person may proceed with his building according to the plan submitted.

261. The President may at any time interfere to put a stop to the erection or restoration of any building if he thinks that the work in progress is dangerous to human life.

262. No person shall build or allow to be built a range or block of huts or sheds, or add any hut or shed to any range or block already existing, without giving one month's previous notice in writing to the President.

The President may, with the consent of the Standing Committee, refuse to grant permission, or may require such huts or sheds to be built so that they may stand in regular lines, with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines, of such width as he thinks proper for ventilation and to facilitate scavenging, and with such number of privies and with such means of drainage as he thinks necessary, and at such a level as will admit of such drainage, and with a basement or plinth at least two feet above the level of the nearest public street or road.

263. If any such huts or sheds be built without such notice being given to the President, or otherwise than as required by the President, the President may give notice to the owner thereof or of the ground upon which the same are built or being built, by

affixing a notice to some conspicuous part of some one of such huts or sheds, to take down and remove the same within one month, or to affect such alterations as the President may deem necessary.

If such huts or sheds be not taken down, removed, or altered within one month according to such notice, the owner of the same, or of the land upon which the same are built or being built, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding five Rupees for every day until the said huts or sheds are completely removed or altered.

The President may, in any such case, if he thinks fit, cause the huts or sheds referred to in such notice to be taken down, removed or altered; and the expense incurred in doing so shall be paid by the owner thereof or of the ground upon which the same is built, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

264. If any building within a reasonable distance of a public sewer or drain fit for use, or of some place at which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers or drains, be, at any time, not drained to the satisfaction of the President by a sufficient drain or pipe communicating with some sewer or other place as aforesaid, the President may, if the owner of such building neglects to do so within fifteen days after notice, construct or lay from such building a covered or open drain or pipe, of such materials, of such size, at such level, and with such fall, as the President shall think necessary for the draining of such building.

The expenses thereby incurred, if not paid by the owner, shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

265. No building shall be hereafter erected upon a lower level than will allow of the drainage of such building being led into some public sewer or drain or into some place into which the Commissioners are empowered to empty their sewers.

266. The owners or occupiers of lands or buildings skirting public streets or roads shall construct, alter, and maintain culverts of such sufficient plan, size and material as the President may in writing direct, over the side channels or ditches at the entrances to their land or buildings.

If they neglect to do so within fifteen days after notice, the President may cause the same to be done; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the said owners or occupiers, and be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

267. If any building, erected or rebuilt after the coming into operation of this Act, shall have any such public sewer, drain or place as is mentioned in Section two hundred and sixty-four existing within one hundred feet thereof, the owner shall be liable to be ordered to make a drain leading thereunto from the site of such building, and sufficient for its drainage, of such materials, of such size, at such level and with such fall as the President shall in writing direct.

If such owner neglect to do so within a reasonable time, the President may cause the same to be done; and the expenses thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

268. Every person who constructs a drain, privy, or cesspool without the consent in writing, or contrary to the directions of the President, or constructs, rebuilds, or unstops any drain, privy, or cesspool which has been ordered by the President to be demolished or stopped up, or not to be made, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

The President may in any such case cause any such drain, privy or cesspool to be demolished or altered as he thinks fit.

The expense thereof shall be paid by the person by whom such drain, privy or cesspool was improperly constructed, rebuilt or unstopped, and shall be recovered from him as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

269. All branch drains, as well within as without the lands or buildings to which they belong, and all private latrines, privies and cesspools within the City shall be under the survey and control of the Commissioners, and shall be altered, repaired and kept in proper order at the costs and charges of the owners of the lands and buildings to which the same belong, or for the use of which they are constructed or continued.

If the owner of any land or building to which any such latrine, drain, privy, or cesspool belongs, neglects, during eight days after notice in writing for that purpose, to alter, repair and put the same in good order, in the manner required by the President, the President may cause such latrine, drain, privy or cesspool to be altered, repaired and put in good order; and the expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the owner, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

270. The President or any officer appointed by him for that purpose may inspect any such latrine, drain, privy or cesspool, and, for that purpose, at any time between sunrise and sunset, after twelve hours' notice in writing to the occupier of the premises to which such drain, privy or cesspool is attached, may enter upon any lands and buildings with such assistants and workmen as are necessary, and cause the ground to be opened where he thinks fit, doing as little damage as may be.

If, upon such inspection, it appears that such latrine, drain, privy or cesspool is not in good order, or that it has been constructed after the coming into operation of this Act or after the passing of the former Municipal Acts and contrary to the provisions thereof, the expense of such inspection shall be paid by the person to whom such latrine, drain, privy, or cesspool belongs, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

If such latrine, drain, privy, or cesspool be found to be in proper order and not to have been constructed contrary to the provisions of this Act or any former Municipal Act, the President or officer as aforesaid shall cause the ground to be closed and made good as soon as may be; and the expenses of opening, closing and making good such latrine, drain, privy, or cesspool shall, in that case, be defrayed by the Commissioners.

Nothing in this section, or elsewhere in this Act, shall authorize an entry into the zenanas or private apartments appropriated to the females of Hindoo and Mussulman families for the purpose of such inspection, until a reasonable time has been allowed for such inmates to retire.

271. The owner of every building in any public street shall, within fifteen days after notice from the President, put up, and shall thenceforth maintain, proper troughs and pipes for catching and carrying the water from the roof and other parts of such building, and for discharging the same in such manner as the President may allow.

In default of compliance with such notice within fifteen days from the service thereof, the owner or occupier shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day that he so makes default.

Latrines and Privies.

272. The owner or occupier of every building, to which land of an area exceeding eight gromas is attached, shall provide a sufficient latrine in a convenient place within such area for the use of the servants and persons employed in or about such building, and shall keep the same in a clean and proper manner.

Such latrine shall be sufficiently shut out and screened from the view of persons passing by or residing in the neighbourhood.

Every owner or occupier who fails to comply with, or commits any breach of, the provisions of this section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each day of default or breach after conviction.

273. Any person employing workmen or laborers exceeding twenty in number, who fails to provide and maintain for them in proper order latrines and urinals to be approved by the President in such number as he may consider necessary, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction during which such offence is continued.

274. Every owner or manager of a market shall, within fourteen days after receipt of notice from the President, provide latrines and urinals of such description and in such a position as is approved by the President, and in such number as the President thinks necessary.

In default of so doing, every such owner or manager aforesaid shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day until such notice is complied with.

Projections and Obstructions.

275. All doors, gates, bars and ground-floor windows put up after the coming into operation of this Act, which open upon any public street, shall be made so as not to open outwards.

If any such door, gate, bar, or window be made so as to open outwards on any such street, the owner or occupier of the premises to which the same is attached shall, within eight days after service of notice from the President to that effect, cause the same to be altered so as not to open outwards.

In case such owner or occupier neglects so to do, the President may make such alteration; and the expenses thereof shall be paid by the owner or occupier, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

276. In any door, gate, bar, or ground-floor window put up before the coming into operation of this Act is hung or placed so as to open outwards upon any public street, the President, upon default made after notice given as in the last preceding section mentioned, may alter the same, so that no part thereof shall open outwards.

The expense of such alteration shall be paid by the owner or occupier and be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

277. The President may cause any projection, encroachment, or obstruction made against or in front of any building or land in any public street, before the coming into operation of this Act, to be removed or altered as he thinks fit.

The President shall give notice of such intended removal or alteration to the owner or occupier of the building or land against or in front of which such projection, encroachment or obstruction has been made thirty days before such alteration or removal is begun.

If such projection, encroachment, or obstruction shall have been lawfully made, the Commissioners shall make reasonable compensation to every person who suffers damage by such removal or alteration; and if any dispute arises as to the amount of such compensation, the same shall be settled in the manner provided in Section four hundred and fourteen.

278. The President may give notice in writing to the owner or occupier of any building or land to remove or alter within a specified reasonable time any projection, encroachment or obstruction which, after the coming into operation of this Act, is made against or in front of such building or land.

Such owner or occupier shall, within the time specified in such notice, remove such projection, encroachment or obstruction, or alter the same in such manner as shall have been directed by the President, and in default thereof shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

279. The President may in such case remove or alter such projection, encroachment, or obstruction; and the expense of such removal or alteration shall be recoverable from the owner or occupier so making default in the manner provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

When such expense has been paid by the occupier, he may, except in cases in which such projections, encroachments or obstructions were made by him, deduct the expense of such removal or alteration from the rent payable by him to the owner of the building.

280. The President may in his discretion give permission in writing to the owners or occupiers of buildings or lands in public streets, to put up verandahs, balconies, sunshades, weather-frames, and the like, to project over the pavs and pavements in front of the same or over the street, to an extent not exceeding five feet from the line or frontage.

Such permission shall in no case be granted if the projection is likely to cause public inconvenience.

281. Whoever builds any wall, or makes any fence, or other obstruction or encroachment in any public street or in or over any open drain, sewer or aqueduct along the side of any such street otherwise than as provided in the last preceding section, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

The President shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment; and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person erecting the same, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

Permissibility of temporary erections on occasions of festivals, &c.

Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prevent the President, with the concurrence of the Commissioner of Police, from allowing any temporary erections in a public street on occasions of festivals and ceremonies.

282. Every person intending to build or take down any building, or to alter or repair the outward part of any building where any street or foot-way is likely to be obstructed or rendered inconvenient by means of such work, shall, before beginning the same, obtain a license in writing from the President so to do, and shall cause sufficient hoards or fences to be put up, in order to separate the building where such works are being carried on, from the street or foot-way, and shall maintain such hoard or fences in good condition, to the satisfaction of the President, during such time as the public safety or convenience requires, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

283. Every such person, who contravenes any of the provisions of the last preceding section, or who does not within eight days from the service of notice from the President remove any hoard or fences put up by him or on his order, when directed to do so by the President, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day while the offence is continued after conviction.

284. The President shall, during the construction or repair of any street, drain or other premises vested in the Commissioners, take proper precaution for guarding against accidents, by shoring up and protecting the adjoining houses, and shall cause such bars, chains or posts to be fixed across or in any street in which any such work is going on as he deems necessary in order to prevent the passage of vehicles or animals and avert danger.

To be lighted and guarded at night.

The President shall cause every such drain, street or other work, during the construction or repair thereof, to be sufficiently lighted and guarded during the night.

285. Whoever takes down, alters or removes, any such bar, chain or post, or extinguishes any such light, without the authority of the President, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Building materials not to be deposited in streets, nor hole made.

When such permission is granted, such person shall, at his own expense, cause such materials or holes to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed. If permitted, to be fenced and lighted at night.

287. Whoever deposits materials or makes a hole, without such permission, or fails to fence or enclose and light such materials or hole, or does not remove such materials or fill up such hole, when the permission has been withdrawn, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day while the offence is continued after conviction.

286. No person shall deposit any building materials, or make a hole in any street, without the permission of the President.

When such permission is granted, such person shall, at his own expense, cause such materials or holes to be sufficiently fenced and enclosed, until the materials are removed or the hole is filled up or otherwise made secure, and shall cause the same to be sufficiently lighted during the night.

Names of Streets.

288. The President shall, from time to time, cause to be put up or painted in English and one Vernacular language on a conspicuous part of some building, wall or place, at or near each end, corner or entrance of every street, the name by which such street is to be known.

Whoever destroys, pulls down, damages or defaces any such name, or puts up any name different from that put up by order of the President, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Numbers on Houses.

289. The President may, from time to time, fix a number in a conspicuous place on the outer door or side of any building, or at the entrance of the enclosure thereof fronting the street.

Whoever destroys, pulls down, damages or defaces any such number shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Ruinous or Deserted Buildings and Dangerous Places.

290. If any building or wall or anything affixed thereon, or attached thereto, is deemed by the President to be in a ruinous state or likely to fall or to be in any way dangerous to the inhabitants of such building, or to the neighbouring buildings, or the occupiers thereof or to passengers, he shall immediately cause such building, wall or thing to be fenced in such manner as he deems necessary for the public safety.

He shall cause notice in writing to be given to the owner if he be known and resident within the City, and to the occupier, if any, of the premises to which such building or wall belongs, requiring such owner or occupier within a specified reasonable time to take down, secure, or repair such building, wall or thing, as the case may be.

291. If such owner or occupier do not begin to repair, take down, or secure the same within three days after service of such notice and complete such work within the period so specified, the President may cause all or so much of the building, wall or thing, as he thinks necessary, to be taken down, secured or otherwise repaired, using, if and as he thinks fit, the materials of the said building or wall and the thing so fixed or attached for such repairs.

Expenses to be borne by owner.

All the expenses so incurred shall be recoverable from the owner or occupier in the manner provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

292. If any building, wall or thing, or any part thereof, be pulled down by virtue of the powers aforesaid, the President may sell the materials thereof, or so much of the same as shall be taken down, and apply the proceeds of such sale towards payment of the expenses incurred, and shall pay any overplus arising

from such sale to the owner of such building, wall or thing, if it be demanded within twelve months from the date of sale; otherwise the same shall be forfeited to the Commissioners.

The Commissioners shall, notwithstanding such sale, have the same remedies for compelling the payment of any balance of the said expenses which remains due after the application of the proceeds of such sale as they have under this Act for compelling the payment of the whole of the said expenses.

299. If any building or land, by reason of abandonment, disuse, disputed ownership, or other cause, remains untenanted and thereby becomes a resort of idle and disorderly persons, or, in the opinion of the President, in any manner becomes a nuisance, the President, after due inquiry, may cause notice in writing to be given to the owner, or to the person claiming to be the owner, if he be known and resident within the Municipal limits, and shall also cause such notice to be put on the door or some conspicuous part of the building or land, requiring the persons concerned therein, whoever they may be, to secure, enclose, clear or cleanse the same.

If such notice be not complied with within eight days from the date of the service thereof, the President shall cause the necessary work to be executed; and all expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered as if it were a tax to be collected under this Act.

294. If any building, tank, well, or hole, or other place, whether on public or private ground, is, for want of sufficient repair, protection or enclosure, dangerous to the public health or safety, the President may, by notice in writing, require the owner or occupier of the land on which such building, tank, well or hole is, to cause the same to be repaired, protected or enclosed, so as to prevent danger therefrom.

If such owner or occupier refuses or neglects to comply with such requisition within twenty-four hours after service of such notice, or fails to complete the work with due diligence, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence, and a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each day of delay after conviction.

The President may cause the said premises to be repaired, protected, or enclosed and do all necessary acts for all or any of the purposes aforesaid as he thinks fit; and the expenses incurred thereby shall be recovered from the defaulter as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

President may repair, &c., at owner's expense.

Provisional Works.

295. The Commissioners, in executing any works directed or authorized by this Act to be made, shall provide and make, at the expense of the Municipal Fund, a sufficient number of convenient ways, watercourses, drains, and channels, in the place of such as may be interrupted, injured or rendered useless, by reason of or during the execution of such works.

Settlement of compensation. In case of any difference arising between the Commissioners and the persons affected thereby, such difference shall be settled in the manner provided in Section four hundred and fourteen.

GENERAL SANITARY REGULATIONS.

296. The President shall cause the streets and footways to be regularly swept and cleansed, and the dust, dirt, ashes, rubbish and filth, of every sort found thereon to be collected and removed.

297. The President shall provide suitable and sufficient means for the removal of night-soil, dust, dirt, ashes, garden, stable and kitchen refuse, animal matter and every species of filth and rubbish from the houses and streets of the City.

298. The President shall provide suitable and sufficient receptacles for the deposit of the matters mentioned in the last preceding section, and shall give notice by public notification of such provision.

Whoever after such notice deposits or causes the deposit of any of the said matters in any street or on the pavement or verandah of any house, or on any ground between the house and the street, or on any public quay, jetty or landing-place, or on any part of a river bank, whether above or below high-water mark, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

299. The President shall cause a sufficient number of dust-boxes or other convenient receptacles for the temporary deposit of any of the said matters to be provided in convenient places, and may require by public notification all occupiers of houses to cause any of the said matters to be deposited daily or otherwise periodically in such receptacles.

Every person who, after such receptacles have been provided in sufficient numbers and after such requisition, deposits or causes to be deposited any such matter otherwise than as directed in such notification, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

300. The President may, by notice, call upon all occupiers of houses to provide, within a period to be specified in the notice, moveable receptacles of a kind to be specified in the notice, for the temporary deposit in their houses of solid and liquid filth.

301. After the expiration of such period, the President may provide such a receptacle for any occupier who has failed to comply with the directions of the notice, and may recover the cost of such receptacle from such occupier as if it were a tax to be collected under this Act.

302. The President may by notification appoint the hour or hours not later than seven of the clock in the morning at which every occupier shall cause such receptacle to be in readiness for removal of its contents by the Municipal servants.

303. Every occupier who after such notice fails to have the filth of his house collected in such receptacle and ready for such removal, shall be liable to a fine of not more than ten Rupees for each offence.

304. Every occupier of a building or land, who keeps or allows to be kept for more than twenty-four hours, or otherwise than in a proper receptacle, any night-soil, rubbish or other offensive matter in such building or upon the roof thereof or in any out-building, yard, pavement or verandah attached to or belonging to such building, or on such land,

or neglects to employ proper means to remove the filth from such receptacle and to cleanse the same, in the manner directed by the President,

or fails to comply with any requisition of the President as to the construction, repair, paving or cleansing of any latrine in his house or belonging thereto,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence and an additional fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence continues.

305. Every owner or occupier who allows the water of any sink, drain or privy, or the drainage from any stable or place, or any other offensive liquid matter belonging to him or being on his land or in his house or in any house or land occupied by him, to run down on to or be put upon any street or into any drain in or alongside of any street, except in such a manner as shall prevent any avoidable nuisance from any such liquid or offensive matter soaking into the walls or ground at the side of the said drain, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees for each offence.

306. All rubbish, sewage, filth and other matters collected by the orders of the President under this Act shall be the property of the Commissioners, and may be sold or disposed of by them as they think proper, and the proceeds thereof shall form part of the Municipal Fund.

807. The President may, from time to time, fix the hours between midnight and eight of the clock in the morning within which and the streets along which only it shall be lawful to remove any night-soil or other offensive matter.

When the President has fixed such hours and given public notice thereof, whoever removes or causes to be removed along any street any such offensive matter at any time, except within the hours so fixed, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees for each offence.

308. Whoever, in the removal of night-soil or other offensive matter, uses any cart or receptacle not having a covering proper for preventing the escape of the contents thereof or of the stench therefrom,

or does not carefully sweep and clean every place in which any such offensive matter has been dropped or spilled,

Carts, &c., to be properly covered.

or slops or spills any such offensive matter in the removal thereof,

Slops, &c., to be carefully swept away,

or places or sets down in any public place any vessel containing such offensive matter,

Carts, &c., to be driven or taken through appointed routes.

Penalty.

309. Whoever puts, or causes to be put, any earth, dirt, ashes, garden, kitchen or stable refuse, broken glass, earthenware, rubbish or night-soil into any sewer or drain belonging to the Commissioners or into any drain communicating therewith, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

Exception.

This section shall not apply to any sewer or drain which the President by public notification declares to be intended for the reception of night-soil.

Public Latrines.

310. The President shall provide in proper places, so as not to create a nuisance, a sufficient number of public latrines and urinals, and shall cause the same to be kept in proper order and to be daily cleansed.

311. The President may from time to time license, for any period not exceeding one year, such latrines for public use as he thinks proper.

Whoever keeps any public latrine without such license, or, having a license for a public latrine, suffers the same to be in a filthy state,

or neglects to employ such means for cleaning the same as he is directed by the President to employ,

Penalty for not having license, or for neglect.

Unwholesome Houses or Lands.

312. Every owner or occupier of any building or land, who suffers the same to be in a filthy, ruinous or unwholesome state, or overgrown with noxious vegetation, for more than eight days after notice to remove the same, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

If the owner of any such building or land be not known or not residing within the limits of the City, and if there be no occupier, the President may cause the work necessary for the removal of the nuisance to be executed; and all expenses thereby incurred shall be recovered from such owner as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

313. The President, or any person generally or specially authorized by him in writing in this behalf, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, on giving six hours' notice to the occupier of any building, enter into and inspect such building, and may, by an order in writing addressed to the occupier, direct all or any part to be internally and externally limewashed or otherwise cleansed in the manner and within a period to be specified in the order.

If the owner or occupier of such building neglects so to do in such manner and within such period, the President may cause the necessary work to be done; and the expense incurred shall be paid by the owner or occupier and shall be recovered as if it were a tax to be collected under this Act.

If the building to be inspected is an apartment in the actual occupancy of a woman who, according to the customs of the country, does not appear in public, the President or such person as aforesaid shall, previous to entering such building, give notice to such woman that she is at liberty to withdraw and shall allow a reasonable time for her to withdraw and afford her every reasonable facility for withdrawing.

Removal of Buildings.

314. Whenever the President considers that any block of buildings in the City is, by reason of the manner in which such buildings are crowded together, or of the want of drainage or ventilation, and the impracticability of cleansing, attended with risk of disease to the inhabitants of the neighbourhood, he may cause a notice to be fixed to some conspicuous part of such block, requiring the owners or occupiers thereof, or, at the option of the President, the owner of the land on which such buildings are erected, within a reasonable time to be specified in such notice, to execute such works or take such action as the President deems necessary for the prevention of such risk.

If such owners or occupiers neglect to execute such works or take such action within the time specified, the President may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, cause such works to be executed or such action to be taken in respect of such buildings, and may if necessary cause such buildings or any of them to be pulled down.

In cases where under this section a building is pulled down, the Commissioners shall make to the owner or occupier thereof a reasonable compensation to be ascertained in case of dispute in the manner prescribed in Section four hundred and fourteen.

Overcrowded Houses.

315. Whenever the President considers that any building is so overcrowded as to be, or likely to become, dangerous or prejudicial to the health of the inhabitants, the President shall cause proceedings to be taken before a Magistrate to abate such overcrowding, and the Magistrate shall thereupon make such order as he thinks fit.

Any person permitting such overcrowding after the date of such order shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees for each day after such date during which such overcrowding continues.

Filling up of Stagnant Places.

316. It shall be the duty of the President to cleanse, fill up or drain all wells or receptacles of stagnant water (not being private property), which appear to him likely to prove injurious to the health of the neighbourhood.

Provided that it shall not be lawful to fill up any tanks or wells except with clean soil, gravel or sand.

317. The President may inspect and may require, by notice in writing, the owner of any private tank or well to cleanse, fence, repair or fill up, if on inspection it appears likely to be dangerous, or prove injurious to the health of the neighbourhood.

Or he may, by a like notice, require the owner or occupier of any land or premises to drain off, or otherwise remove, any stagnant water from such land or premises or from any tank or well attached thereto, if he considers that such tank or well of such water is injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood.

Such notice may specify the mode in which such cleansing, filling up, repairing, fencing or drainage, or each of such works is to be effected and the time within which specified portions thereof must be done.

Order may specify mode in which work to be done.

318. If such owner or occupier neglects to comply with such requisition, or fails without reasonable cause to get any such specified portion done within the time prescribed, the President, his officers and workmen, may enter such premises and do all necessary acts for any of the purposes aforesaid as he thinks fit.

The expense incurred thereby shall be paid by the owner or occupier of such premises so making default, and shall be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

Watering Streets.

Streets to be watered and necessary engines, &c., to be provided.

319. The Commissioners, so far as is requisite for the public convenience, shall cause the streets to be watered, and for that purpose may provide such works and engines as they think necessary.

Fences and Hedges.

320. The President may give notice in writing to the owner, if known and within the City, and also to the occupier of any land or premises, to maintain and repair sufficient fences for, or trim the hedges of such land or premises, so that they may not exceed the height of seven feet from the level of the adjoining roadway; and to trim all trees which, by overhanging any public road or street, obstruct the passage or cause damage thereto.

If such notice is not complied with within a reasonable time to be specified in the notice, such owner or occupier shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for neglect.

In any such case the President shall cause the necessary fencing to be made or repaired or the hedges or trees to be trimmed in accordance with the notice, and may recover the expense incurred from the defaulter as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

President may make fences, or trim hedges, and recover expense.

Fishing.

321. The President may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, prohibit fishing in the Cooum or any river or estuary within Municipal limits whenever he considers that such fishing is likely to be dangerous to the public health.

Whoever fishes in any such water after such prohibition, shall be liable, on conviction, to the penalty prescribed by Section one hundred and eighty-eight of the Indian Penal Code.

Penalty.

OFFENSIVE AND DANGEROUS TRADES.

322. The owner or occupier of every place used for any of the following purposes, viz., for melting tallow or sulphur, or for boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags, or for washing or drying wool or hair, or as a soap-house, dyeing-house or yard, camphor or oil boiling-house, oil-mill or press, tannery, brick, pottery or lime-kiln, sago manufactory, distillery or other manufactory, or place for storing hides, fish, horns, skins, from which either offensive or unwholesome smells arise, gunpowder manufactory, manufactory of fireworks, place of storing explosive or combustible materials, or of any place which is used for any purposes which are calculated to be dangerous to life, health or property, shall within three months

after the coming into operation of this Act, and once in the first quarter of every year thereafter, apply to the President for a license for the use of such place for any of the purposes aforesaid.

The President may, as he in his discretion thinks fit, grant or refuse, and may at any time cancel or suspend such license. Every order refusing, cancelling or suspending such license shall be in writing, and shall state the grounds on which it proceeds.

President may grant or refuse license.

Appeal to Standing Committee.

There shall be an appeal from any such order of refusal, cancellation or suspension, to the Standing Committee within one month from the date thereof.

Government places exempted.

Provided that this section shall not apply to any of the above-mentioned places in the occupation or under the control of Government.

323. Whoever, without such license, or after a license has been refused, cancelled or suspended by the President, uses any place for any of the purposes, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after conviction during which the offence is continued.

Provided, however, that no person shall be liable to be punished under this clause in respect of the period between application for a license and the decision of the President thereon.

324. If in the case of a place which was registered under Section one hundred and ninety-one of Madras Act IX of 1867, the President refuses or revokes a license, the person applying for the license shall be entitled to such reasonable compensation for the loss inflicted on him by such refusal or revocation as the Standing Committee think just.

If he is dissatisfied with the decision of the Standing Committee, he may within one month from the date of such decision appeal therefrom to a Bench of two Magistrates, whose decision thereupon shall be final.

Appeal from decision of Standing Committee.

Licensing of Stables and other Places.

325. The owner or occupier of any of the following places, viz., livery or hack stable, horse lines, veterinary infirmary, cart-stand, cattle-shed, or yard for public resort in which twenty sheep or goats or ten horned cattle are kept or allowed to be together, shall, within three months from the coming into operation of this Act and once in the first month of every year thereafter, apply to the President for a license for the use of such place for any of the purposes aforesaid.

The President may, as he in his discretion thinks fit, grant or refuse, and may at any time cancel or suspend such license. Every order refusing, cancelling or suspending such license shall be in writing and shall state the grounds on which it proceeds.

Whoever, after the expiration of the period specified in this section, and without such license, or after a license has been refused, cancelled or suspended by the President, uses any place for any of the said purposes shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for using place without license.

Government places exempted.

Provided that this section shall not apply to any of the above-mentioned places in the occupation or under the control of the Government.

Swine-keeping.

326. Whoever keeps any swine, in or near any street, so as in the opinion of the President to be a nuisance, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding ten Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding five Rupees for every day after conviction for such offence during which the offence is continued.

Stray pigs may be destroyed.

327. Pigs found straying may be summarily destroyed by order of the President without giving rise to any action for damages.

Timber Depôts.

328. Every occupier of every separate place or portion of any place for the sale or for the storage (for other than private use) of wood, firewood, hay, grass, straw or coal, shall, within three months from the coming into operation of this Act, and once in the first month of every year thereafter, apply to the President for a license for the same.

Occupiers to apply for license for timber, fire-wood, and hay depôts.

Every application for such license shall contain a statement showing the measurements of the place or portion of a place for which the same is required.

Application to state measurement of place.

The President may, as he in his discretion thinks fit, grant, or refuse, and may at any time cancel or suspend, such license.

President may grant or refuse.

Every order refusing, cancelling or suspending such license shall be in writing and shall state the grounds on which it proceeds.

Government places exempted.

Provided that this section shall not apply to any such place in the occupation or under the control of the Government.

329. Whoever, after the expiration of the period specified in the last preceding section, without such license, or after a license has been refused, cancelled or suspended by the President, uses any place for any of the said purposes, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding ten Rupees for every day after conviction during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for using place without license.

Occupier may apply for reconsideration in case of refusal, &c.

Appeal.

330. The owners or occupiers of places within the City mentioned in Sections three hundred and twenty-five and three hundred and twenty-eight, dissatisfied with the order of the President refusing, cancelling or suspending their licenses, may appeal from such order to the Standing Committee within one month from the date thereof.

331. If the President has reason to believe that any offence is being committed in any place against the provisions of Sections three hundred and twenty-two, three hundred and twenty-five, three hundred and twenty-six, and three hundred and twenty-eight, or against any bye-law made for the inspection and control of places used for any of the purposes mentioned in Sections three hundred and twenty-two, three hundred and twenty-five, three hundred and twenty-six, and three hundred and twenty-eight, he may enter into, or cause his officers or servants under his written authority to enter into any such place for the purpose of inspection, without notice, and at any hour, and without being liable to any action or other proceeding in respect of any damage which may be necessarily caused by such entry, or by any necessary force in effecting the same.

President may inspect trades and places.

Commissioners to provide slaughter-houses.

Slaughter-houses.

332. The Commissioners shall provide a sufficient number of places for the purpose of being used as slaughter-houses.

333. No place in the City shall be used as a slaughter-house or for the slaughtering of any animal intended for food, or for selling the flesh thereof, unless a license for such use thereof has been previously obtained from the President.

Slaughter-houses to be licensed.

The President may in his discretion grant such license subject to such rules as to supervision and inspection or conditions as he thinks proper, or he may refuse, suspend, or cancel such license.

President may grant or withhold licenses.

Every order refusing, cancelling or suspending such license shall be in writing and shall state the grounds on which it proceeds.

Whoever, without such license, or after a license has been refused, cancelled or suspended, uses any place for any of the said purposes, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and to a further fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day after conviction during which the offence is continued.

Penalty for using place without license.

The President may allow the slaughtering of any animal in such place or places as he thinks fit on occasions of festivals and ceremonies or as a special measure.

Government places exempted.

Provided that this section shall not apply to any such place in the occupation or under the control of the Government.

334. The owners or occupiers of places which have been used, previous to the coming into operation of this Act, as slaughter-houses, or for the slaughtering of any animal intended for food, or for selling the flesh thereof, dissatisfied with the order of the President refusing, cancelling or suspending their licenses, may appeal from such order to the Standing Committee within one month from the date thereof.

Owner, &c., if dissatisfied, may apply for reconsideration.

Appeal.

Penalty for slaughtering except at a slaughter-house or drying skins so as to cause nuisance.

335. Whoever slaughters, cuts up or skins any cattle, sheep, goat, or pig, at any place within the City other than in a licensed slaughter-house or place, or whoever dries any skin in such a manner as to cause a nuisance, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees for each animal or skin.

336. If the President or his officer or his subordinates has or have reason to believe that any animals are being slaughtered, or the flesh thereof sold in any places other than such as are licensed for those purposes, the President may enter into or cause his servants or agents duly authorized in writing to enter into any such places for the purposes of inspection without notice and at any hour, and without being liable to any action or other proceedings in respect of any damages which may be necessarily caused by such entry, or by any necessary force used for the purpose of effecting the same.

When search without notice may be made.

Penalty for feeding animal with night-soil, &c.

337. Whoever shall feed, or permit to be fed, any animal with night-soil, dung, or stable refuse, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

PUBLIC MARKETS.

What to be deemed public markets.

338. All markets which are constructed, repaired and maintained out of the Municipal Fund, shall be deemed to be public markets.

339. The Commissioners may from time to time, if they think fit, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, provide places within the City for the purpose of being used as public markets, and the Commissioners may charge such rents, tolls and fees as to them may seem fit for the use of, or right to expose goods for sale in, such markets, and for the use of shops, stalls, sheds, pens and standings therein.

340. All such rents, tolls and fees shall be recoverable by the Commissioners from the persons liable to pay the same as if the amounts payable in respect thereof were taxes due under this Act.

341. The Commissioners may from time to time, if they think fit, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, acquire land by purchase, lease or otherwise, in order to provide places within the City for the purpose of being used as public markets.

They may, for the like purpose and with the like sanction, purchase or take on lease any land now used within such limits as a market, upon such terms or subject to such conditions as they may consider necessary.

They may appropriate land vested in them; and may set out the whole or such parts thereof as they may think necessary for the purposes of such markets.

They may thereupon from time to time build and maintain such markets and such shops, stalls, sheds, pens and other buildings or conveniences for the use of the persons frequenting such markets, and for the weighing and measuring goods sold in such markets and on such land as aforesaid or on other land purchased for that purpose, as they may think necessary.

may appropriate land vested in them;

may build stalls, &c.;

may make roads and approaches;

They may make and maintain all such roads and approaches thereto as they may think necessary.

and may make additional bye-laws.

They may from time to time, with the like sanction, in addition to the bye-laws provided in Part VIII make such bye-laws as they may think fit for all or any of the following purposes:—

- (a) for regulating the control and use of such markets, and the buildings, shops, sheds, stalls, pens, and standings therein, and for preventing nuisances or obstructions therein, or in the immediate approaches thereto;
- (b) for providing standard weights, scales and measures, and preventing the use therein of false or defective weights, scales, or measures;
- (c) for preventing the sale, or exposure for sale therein, of unwholesome meat, fish, or provisions;
- (d) for the establishment and publication of a price-current, and for prescribing the mode of sale of articles, whether by measure, weight, tale, or piece;
- (e) for keeping such markets in a cleanly and proper state, and for removing filth and refuse therefrom.

342. The Commissioners may expel from any such market any person who, or whose servants, may be convicted of disobeying any bye-law made under the last preceding section, and may prevent such person, by himself or his servants, further carrying on any trade or business in such market, or occupying any stall, shop or other place therein, and may determine any lease or tenure which such person may have in any such stall, shop or other place.

343. The Commissioners may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, sell or at their own discretion let to tenants on lease or otherwise, on such terms as they may think fit, any such market or any part thereof, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

344. The Commissioners may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, close any such market or any part thereof, or sell, or let out to tenants on lease or otherwise, any land heretofore used as a public market, or any part thereof, on such terms as they may think fit, and may do all things necessary for carrying the provisions of this section into effect.

345. The Commissioners may, out of the Municipal Fund and out of the moneys borrowed under the provisions of this Act, and out of moneys derived from the rents of buildings, stalls, shops, sheds, pens, or standings in any markets, and from any tolls or fees realized from any market, expend such sums of money as they may think necessary for the construction, maintenance, and keeping of such market in repair, and for any other purpose or purposes which the Commissioners may deem necessary for establishing or carrying on the same or which they may consider conducive thereto.

346. Every person who, without the permission of the President, sells or exposes for sale any article within a public market shall be punished with fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for such offence.

PRIVATE MARKETS.

347. No new private market for the sale, or exposure for sale, of animals or articles intended for human food shall, except with the sanction of the Commissioners, be established within the City after the coming into operation of this Act.

348. Every person who, without such sanction, opens such market after the coming into operation of this Act, shall be punished with fine which may amount to five hundred Rupees, and shall be also liable to a further fine of one hundred Rupees for every day during which he keeps open such market.

Penalty for opening market without sanction.

Every person who having reason to believe that such market has not been sanctioned, sells or exposes for sale in such market any animal or article, shall be punished with fine which may amount to fifty Rupees and to a further fine which may amount to twenty Rupees for every day after conviction during which he sells or exposes for sale therein any animal or articles.

Notice of sanction to be posted.

The Commissioners shall cause a notice of the sanction to be affixed in English and in the Vernacular languages in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to every sanctioned market.

Owner to apply for license yearly.

349. The owner of every such market shall in the month of January in each year apply to the President for a license to keep open such market.

Every person who, without such license, keeps open such market, shall be punished with a fine which may amount to five hundred Rupees, and shall also be liable to a further fine of one hundred Rupees for every day during which he keeps open such unlicensed market after conviction.

350. Every owner of a market which is in existence at the coming into operation of this Act shall, within thirty days from the coming into operation of this Act, and thenceforward in the month of January in each succeeding year, apply to the President for a license to keep open such market.

Application for license to keep existing market open.

It shall be in the discretion of the President, with the concurrence of the Standing Committee, to grant or refuse such license: and he shall refuse it if the market is, by position, construction or arrangement, unfit in his opinion for the purpose of a market and calculated to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood.

The Commissioners shall cause a notice of such refusal to be affixed in English and in the Vernacular languages in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to such market.

Provided that no such market shall be suppressed without the sanction of the Commissioners.

351. Every person who without a license, or after a refusal of a license as provided in the last preceding section, keeps open such market shall be punished with fine which may amount to five hundred Rupees, and shall be also liable to a further fine of one hundred Rupees for every day after conviction during which he keeps open such market.

Every person who, having knowledge of such refusal, sells or exposes for sale in such market any animal or article, shall be punished with fine which may amount to fifty Rupees, and to a further fine of twenty Rupees for every day after conviction during which he sells or exposes for sale therein any animal or animals or articles.

Markets to be properly drained, &c.

352. Every owner, farmer, or occupier of any market or place for the sale of any animal or vegetable food or drink within the City, shall

- (1) construct such drains and cess-pits therein as the President directs;
- (2) cause such market or place to be roofed and paved with such materials and in such manner, and provided with such latrines and urinals, of such description and in such position and number, as the President directs;
- (3) provide for such supply of water to such market or place as the President directs; and
- (4) make such alterations in the stalls, passages, shops, doors, or other parts of the said market or place as the President directs.

If such owner, farmer, or occupier, after notice in writing given to him by the President directing him to carry out within a period to be specified in the notice any of the measures provided in the last preceding paragraph, fails to carry out such measure within the period so specified and in the manner directed in the notice, he shall be punished with fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which he so fails; and the President shall forthwith, on such default, direct such market or place to be closed.

353. Any owner, farmer, occupier, agent, or manager in charge of any market, or of any shop, stall, shed or other place therein, who keeps the same so that it is a nuisance, or who does not cause anything that is a nuisance to be at once removed to a place to be notified by the President, or who obstructs any person appointed by the President for that purpose in entering and inspecting any such premises at any reasonable time, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees for each offence.

354. The President, or any person appointed by him in writing for that purpose, may at all reasonable times enter into and inspect any place used for the sale, either wholesale or by retail, or for the storing, of articles of food or drink of man intended for sale or wherein such articles may be detained, and may examine any such articles which are therein.

Such articles if unwholesome may be detained. If it appears to the President or such person that any such articles are unfit for food or drink of man, he may detain the same.

If it appears to a Magistrate upon sufficient evidence that such articles are unfit for food or drink of man, he shall order the same to be destroyed, or so disposed of as to prevent their being exposed for sale or used for food or drink of man.

The owner thereof, or the person in whose possession the same is found, shall be liable to be convicted of an offence under Section two hundred and seventy-three of the Indian Penal Code.

If the Magistrate considers that the articles so detained were fit for the food or drink of man, he may make an order upon the Commissioners to return such articles, or such portion thereof as may be in good condition, to the owner, or to the person in whose possession such articles were found, and to pay to him such reasonable amount as the Magistrate considers will compensate such owner or person for any loss or depreciation that may have been caused by such detention.

NUISANCES.

Application of Sections five hundred and eighteen to five hundred and twenty-nine of Criminal Procedure Code to the City. Sections five hundred and eighteen to five hundred and twenty-nine of the Code of Criminal Procedure are hereby extended to the City; and the words "Magistrate of the district," "Magistrate of a Division of a District," "Magistrate specially empowered," and "Magistrate of the first class" as used in the said sections shall denote a Magistrate as defined in this Act.

BURIAL AND BURNING-GROUNDS.

356. Every owner or person having the control of any place used at the date of the coming into operation of this Act as a burial-ground or burning-ground of the dead shall, within three months from such date, apply to the President to have such place registered.

Such application shall be accompanied by a plan of the place to be registered, setting forth distinctly its boundaries and extent, and shall state the name of the community interested therein, the names of the attendants and the system of management adopted therein, and such further particulars as the President may require.

If dissatisfied, President may return plan and refuse registration. The President may, if he is dissatisfied with such statement or the arrangements mentioned in such application, refuse or postpone registration until his objections have been removed.

If no owner, President may register. If it appears to the President that there is no owner or person having the control of any such place, the President shall assume such control and direct it to be registered.

A Registry Book to be kept. A book shall be kept at the Municipal Office in which the places registered under the two preceding sections shall be recorded, and plans of such places shall be filed in the office.

Notice of registration to be posted. Notice of the registration shall be affixed in English and in the vernacular languages in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to such places.

Annual publication of lists. The President shall annually publish in the *Fort St. George Gazette* a list of the burial and burning-places registered under this Act.

359. Whoever, after the expiration of six months from the coming into operation of this Act, knowingly buries or burns, or causes or suffers to be buried or burnt, any corpse in or on any ground not so registered, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

No burial or burning-ground to be opened without license. No new burial-ground or burning-ground, whether public or private, shall be opened, formed or used after the coming into operation of this Act unless a license has been first obtained from the President.

Application for license to be accompanied by plan. Every application for such license shall be accompanied by a plan and statement of particulars as required by Section three hundred and fifty-six.

President may refuse application until proper plan is submitted. The President may, if he is dissatisfied with such plan, or statement of particulars, refuse to entertain or postpone the application, until his objections are removed.

May grant or refuse license. The President may, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, grant or refuse any such license.

A book to be kept and plans filed. A book shall be kept at the Municipal office in which places licensed under the last proceedings section shall be recorded, and plans of such places shall be filed in the office.

Grant of license to be posted. Notice of the grant of license shall be affixed in English and in the vernacular languages in some conspicuous place at or near the entrance to such places.

362. Whoever buries or burns or causes or suffers to be buried or burnt any corpse in any vault, grave, burial or burning-ground or other place, private or public, opened, used, or formed, contrary to the provisions of Section three hundred and sixty shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Notice to be given to President of burials, &c. 363. The person having control of a burial-ground or burning-ground shall give information to any person appointed by the President in that behalf of all burials and burnings which take place in or on such ground.

Penalty for refusing information. Any such person who neglects or refuses to give such information shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

No vault or grave to be made in a church or place of worship. 364. No vault or grave shall be made, nor shall any corpse be buried within the walls of or underneath any such or other place of public worship after the coming into operation of this Act.

Exception in favor of existing vaults. Provided that in the case of an existing vault, the President may, subject to the orders of the Governor in Council, authorize the burial in it of near relatives of the family to whom such vault belongs.

Penalty for contravening section. Any person who contravenes this section shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

365. If the President is satisfied that any registered or licensed burial or burning-ground is in such a state as to be or to be likely to become dangerous to the health of persons living in the neighbourhood thereof,

and that another convenient place duly authorized for burial or burning, as the case may be, has been provided for the persons who would ordinarily make use of such place,

he may, with the concurrence of the Standing Committee and with the previous sanction of the Governor in Council, issue a notice that it shall not be lawful, after a period to be named in such notice not less than two months, to bury or burn any corpse in or on such first-mentioned burial or burning ground.

Every such notice shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, and a translation thereof in the Vernacular languages chiefly in use in the locality shall be affixed conspicuously on some part of such ground.

Penalty for burying, &c., or burns or causes or permits to be buried or burnt any corpse contrary to the terms of the notice, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

367. Whoever buries or causes to be buried any corpse or part of a corpse in a grave whether dug, or constructed of masonry, or otherwise in such manner that the surface of the coffin, or the surface of the body where no coffin is used, is at a less depth than five feet from the surface of the ground;

Distance between graves. or builds, or digs, or causes to be built or dug any grave in any burial-ground at a less distance than two feet from the margin of any other existing grave;

Re-opening graves. or, without the sanction in writing of the President or an order in writing of the Coroner or a Magistrate, re-opens a grave already occupied;

or brings, or conveys, or causes to be brought, or conveyed a corpse or part thereof to any burning-ground, and does not cause the burning of the same to commence within six hours after its arrival at such burning-ground;

Cremation. or, when burning, or causing to be burnt a corpse or part of a corpse in any burning-ground, permits the same or any part thereof to remain without being completely reduced to ashes;

Cloths, &c., to be burned. or permits the cloths or other articles connected with the burning of such corpse to remain at or near such ground without being completely reduced to ashes;

Corpse to be decently covered. or carries a corpse or part of a corpse through any street not decently covered;

Leaving corpse on highway. or, while carrying a corpse or part of a corpse within the City, leaves the same in or near any street, for any purpose whatever;

Removal of corpse kept for dissection. or removes otherwise than in a closed receptacle any corpse or part of a corpse kept or used for the purpose of dissection;

Penalty. shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

368. The Commissioners shall, from time to time, out of the Municipal Fund, with the sanction of the Governor in Council, provide a sufficient number of convenient and fitting places for burial or burning grounds, either within or without the limits of the City, and may acquire land for this purpose.

369. Whenever the Commissioners have provided any such place beyond the City, all the provisions of this Act and all bye-laws framed under this Act for the management of such places within the City shall apply to such place; and all offences against such provisions or bye-laws shall be cognizable by the Magistrates of the City as if such place were within the City.

Burial-grounds, &c., outside City to be governed by Act and bye-laws. The President shall cause the limits of such place to be duly notified in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and plans thereof to be lodged with the several Magistrates of the City.

Whenever a burial or burning ground has been provided beyond the City, notice thereof shall be affixed in English and in the Vernacular languages in some conspicuous position at or near the entrance to such place.

PART VII.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

370. The Commissioners shall keep in their offices a register of all births and deaths in the City, and for this purpose they shall divide the City into such districts as they think fit, and for every such district they shall appoint a person to be Registrar of Births and Deaths within such district.

371. Every Registrar shall reside at some conveniently central place within the district of which he is Registrar, and shall cause his name, with the addition of Registrar of Births and Deaths for the district for which he is so appointed, in English and in the Vernacular languages, to be placed in some conspicuous place on or near the outer door of his dwelling-house.

List of Registrars and their residence to be published. The Commissioners shall cause to be printed and published a list containing the name and place of abode of every Registrar of Births and Deaths in the City.

372. The Commissioners shall cause to be prepared and printed a sufficient number of Register Books for making entries of all births and deaths which take place in the City, according to the forms prescribed in Schedules L and M; and the pages of such book shall be numbered progressively from the beginning to the end.

373. Every Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and of every death which happens in his district after the coming into operation of this Act, and shall register, as soon as conveniently may be after the event, without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered, according to the forms in the said Schedules L and M respectively, touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the book.

374. The father or mother of every child born in the City, or, in the case of the death, illness, absence or inability of the father and mother, some person who was present at, or in attendance during, the birth, shall, within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the birth of such child.

375. Some one of the persons present at the death, or in attendance during the last illness, of every person dying in the City, or in case of the death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the house or building, or if the occupier be the person who has died, some person living in the house or building in which such death has happened, shall forthwith give information to the Registrar of the District, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

Information of death to be given. Where persons die in Hospital, Medical Officer in charge to send notice to Commissioners.

376. In the case of persons being born or dying in any hospital, it shall be the duty of the Medical Officer in charge forthwith to send a notice in writing to the Commissioners, of the occurrence of any birth or death in the hospital under his charge.

Such notice shall be in the form prescribed in Schedule L in the case of a birth, and in the form prescribed in Schedule M in the case of a death.

377. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the City, shall, whenever required, furnish to the Registrar, or to any person authorized by him, such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

378. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the four last preceding sections, who neglects or refuses to give such information, or who gives false information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees.

Penalty for neglect.

379. Every person who has given the information contained in any register of births or deaths under this Act, shall sign in the register his name, description and place of abode, and if he cannot write, shall put his mark in the register to his name, description and place of abode.

In the case of a person being born or dying in any hospital, the registration of the birth or death shall be deemed to be completed by the entry in the Register of the written notice received from the Medical Officer in charge of the said hospital, prescribed in Section three hundred and seventy-six, without the signature of the Medical Officer to the entry in such Register.

380. If it shall seem expedient to the Commissioners, they may give to any person giving information of any birth or death as provided in the preceding sections such sum not exceeding four Annas as they may think fit.

Small sum may be given to informer.

TAKING OF A CENSUS.

381. An enumeration shall be made, at such time and in such manner as shall be directed from time to time by the Commissioners, with the sanction or by the direction of the Governor in Council, of the persons who at the time of making such enumeration shall be within the City.

Enumeration of inhabitants.

One clear month previous to such enumeration being commenced, notice of the intention to make the same, with the date or dates upon or within which it is intended to be made and all other necessary particulars, shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in such English and Vernacular newspapers in Madras as to the President seem fit.

Notice to be given.

382. The Commissioners shall superintend the taking of such enumeration, and shall appoint such Enumerators, and make such arrangements generally as may seem to them necessary for the purpose of such enumeration.

Commissioners to superintend the enumeration.

Expenses to be borne by Municipality. All expenses incurred in respect of such enumeration shall be defrayed out of the Municipal Fund.

383. Every Enumerator or other person appointed for this purpose by the Commissioners shall leave at each place of residence within his district, four days at least before the time appointed for the collection of the completed Returns or Census, a blank Schedule or Return, to be of such form and containing such particulars as the Governor in Council approves, to be filled up and signed by the owner, tenant or principal occupants of the said place of residence.

Delivery of Schedules and Returns.

384. Any person wilfully neglecting or refusing correctly to fill up and affix his signature or mark to any such Schedule or Return so left at his place of residence, or who wilfully neglects or refuses to return the same to the Enumerator or other such person when called upon so to do, or to furnish the necessary information to such Enumerator or person to fill up the same for him if he do not know how to write, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and may also be detained in custody until he correctly fills up and signs, or affixes his mark to the said Schedule or Return.

Such Enumerator or person shall, if required, fill up all Schedules or Returns for those who are unable to write.

385. If any Enumerator or other subordinate officer employed in the collection of such Schedules or Returns, find any such Schedule or Return defective or in any respect improperly filled in, he shall return the same to the person by whom it was made or signed, together with a written or printed notice requiring that the same be duly filled in or amended within a specified period not less than twenty-four nor more than forty-eight hours.

Defective Returns to be amended.

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If such person fails so to fill in or amend any such Schedule or Return, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees, and may also be detained in custody until he correctly fills in or amends the said Schedule or Return.

Penalty for default.

386. Every Military or Naval Officer in command of Military or Naval men or of a vessel-of-war, every Master of a Merchant vessel and Tindal of a vessel or boat, every person in charge of a Lunatic Asylum, Hospital or Prison, or of any public or private charitable scholastic or institution, every keeper of an Hotel or Lodging house, shall, if required by the President, act as an Enumerator for the purpose of taking account of persons under his command or charge, or abiding in his house, on the night immediately preceding the day to be appointed for the making of such enumeration.

Every person so required to act as an Enumerator shall conform to all instructions in writing which may be issued to him by the Commissioners in that behalf; and shall, in case of his refusal or neglect so to do, be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

To conform to instructions of Commissioners.

387. Every person refusing to give information required under this Act to such Enumerators shall be liable to the punishment prescribed for refusing or omitting to give information to a public servant under the Indian Penal Code.

Penalty for refusing information to Enumerators.

388. The Commissioners shall obtain, in such manner as appears to them best adapted for the purpose and as is sanctioned by the Governor in Council, returns of the particulars required by this Act with respect to all houseless persons and all persons who, during the said night preceding the day to be appointed for the making of such enumeration, were on out-door night duty, or for any other reasons were not abiding in any house of which account is to be taken by the Enumerators.

Returns of houseless persons.

PART VIII.

POWER TO MAKE BYE-LAWS.

Commissioners empowered to make bye-laws. 389. The Commissioners may from time to time make bye-laws, not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, to provide for—

- (a) The regulation of meetings of the Commissioners;
- (b) The form in which all estimates, budgets, statements and returns incidental to the business of the Municipality shall be drawn up;
- (c) The form in which Municipal accounts shall be kept;
- (d) The due performance of their several duties by all officers and servants of the Commissioners;
- (e) The use of all public tanks, wells and other places or works for water-supply of every description, public bathing, washing and the like, under Sections two hundred and fourteen, two hundred and fifteen, and two hundred and twenty-one;
- (f) The regulation of buildings in the matters directed by Sections two hundred and fifty-four to two hundred and ninety-five of this Act;
- (g) The inspection of every place within the City, used for any of the purposes mentioned in Sections three hundred and twenty-two to three hundred and thirty-one of this Act, and for the management and conduct of such business, whether the same be newly established or not;
- (h) The control and supervision of all butchers carrying on business within the City or at an authorized Municipal slaughter-house, and for the inspection and regulation of all slaughter-houses or places used for the keeping, selling, or slaughtering of animals, or the flesh thereof, within or for the City, and for the management and conduct of the business therein or thereat, and for keeping the same in a cleanly and proper state, as provided in Sections three hundred and thirty-two to three hundred and fifty-four;
- (i) The inspection of all markets and shops, and of all places in the last preceding clauses mentioned, and for the management and conduct of the business therein, and for keeping the same in a cleanly and proper state;

- (j) The regulation of all matters connected with the good order of all places for the disposal of the dead as provided in Sections three hundred and fifty-six to three hundred and sixty-nine, the employment and dismissal of servants, and the control and management of establishments connected therewith; due regard being had to the religious usages of the several classes of the community;
- (k) Ensuring, by such forms and regulations as may be deemed requisite, the carrying out of the provisions of this Act regarding registration of births and deaths and taking a census, as provided in Sections three hundred and seventy to three hundred and eighty-eight;
- (l) Generally for carrying out the several purposes of this Act;

and from time to time alter, amend or cancel any bye-law or all of such bye-laws and substitute another or others therefor not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Bye-laws to be confirmed by Government. 390. No bye-law, or alteration, amendment or cancellation of, or substitution for, any bye-law, shall have effect until the same is confirmed by the Governor in Council.

391. No bye-law, or alteration, amendment or cancellation, of or substitution for any bye-law, shall be confirmed until the same has been published at least four times in the English, Tamil, Telugu, and Hindustani languages in the *Fort St. George Gazette* and in two at least of the local daily newspapers, nor till the space of one month has elapsed since the date of the first publication, during which period a copy of such proposed bye-law shall be kept at the Municipal Office.

Inspection of copy of bye-laws. All persons may, at any time between eleven of the clock in the morning and five of the clock in the afternoon, on any day, excepting Sundays and holidays, inspect such copy without fee.

392. Such bye-laws, when confirmed, shall be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* in the English, Tamil, Telugu, and Hindustani languages, and copies thereof shall be printed and placed on boards, which shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the Municipal office.

Existing bye-laws to continue in force. 393. All bye-laws which are in force at the coming into operation of this Act, not inconsistent with any of its provisions, shall continue to be in force until superseded.

Eye-laws to be published in January of every year. 394. The President shall in the month of January of each year publish a complete copy of all existing bye-laws in English and in the Vernacular languages in use in the City.

Copies to be available for sale at cost price. Such copies shall be available for sale to the public at the Municipal office at cost price.

PART IX.

GENERAL PROVISIONS FOR CARRYING OUT THE PURPOSES OF THE ACT.

395. The Commissioners shall publish short particulars of the several offences for which any fine is imposed by this Act, or by any bye-laws made under this Act, or in force at the time this Act comes into operation, and of the amount of every such fine, and shall cause such particulars in the English, Tamil, Telugu, and Hindustani languages to be printed or placed on boards which shall be hung up in each conspicuous place as the President thinks fit, provided that not less than one such board shall be hung up in each division.

The President shall also cause printed copies of such particulars to be distributed for general circulation.

396. When any license, sanction or registration is granted under the provisions of Sections one hundred and fifty-eight, one hundred and seventy, two hundred and nine, two hundred and eighty-two, three hundred and eleven, three hundred and twenty-two, three hundred and twenty-five, three hundred and twenty-eight, three hundred and thirty-three, three hundred and forty-seven, three hundred and forty-nine, three hundred and fifty, three hundred and fifty-six, and three hundred and sixty of this Act, a fee may be charged for such license, sanction or registration: the rates of the fees to be so charged shall be from time to time fixed by the Commissioners with the sanction of the Governor in Council.

397. When permission or license is given for the temporary occupation of any ground belonging to the Commissioners, the President may charge rent for such ground according to the time the occupation continues, at such rates as are from time to time fixed by him.

Service of notice on owners and occupiers of buildings and lands. 398. Where any notice is required by this Act to be given to the owner or occupier of any building or land, such notice addressed to the owner or occupier, as the case may require, may be served on the occupier of such building or land.

If such occupier cannot be found, the notice may be left with some adult member of his family or servant, or if the notice cannot be so served, or if there be no occupier, it may be affixed to some conspicuous part of such building or land. It shall not be necessary in any such notice to name the occupier or the owner.

If the owner and his residence are known and such owner is residing within the Municipal limits, the President shall cause every notice, required to be given to the owner of any building or land, to be served on such owner or left with some adult member of his family or servant.

If the owner is not resident within such limits and his address is known, the President shall, in addition to serving a notice upon the occupier, send a notice by post by registered letter addressed to the residence of such owner.

A notice so sent shall be held to be duly served.

399. In every case in which the expression "owner or occupier" is used in this Act, it is the intention, except in cases in which the occupier enters into an express contract for himself with the Commissioners, or in which the occupier as such incurs a liability, fine or penalty under this Act, that the notice shall be served, or the demand made on, or action taken against the owner in the first instance, and that the notice shall be served on the demand made on, or action taken against the occupier only when the owner cannot be found or is not resident within Municipal limits.

If occupier pays, entitled to recover from owner. If any rent, tax, or sum leviable from the owner is recovered from the occupier, such occupier may reimburse himself by deducting the same from the rent payable by him to the owner.

400. Whenever any work is required to be executed under the provisions of this Act by the owner or occupier of any building or land, and after due notice to such owner or occupier default is made in the execution of such work within the time prescribed in such notice, the President may cause such work to be executed, whether any fine is or is not provided for such default; and the President shall not be bound to prosecute such owner or occupier before causing such work to be executed.

The expense thereby incurred shall be paid by the person by whom such work ought to have been executed, and may be recovered as provided in Section four hundred and thirteen.

401. If the defaulter be the owner of the building or land, the President may, by way of additional remedy, whether any action or proceeding has been brought or taken against any such owner or not, require the payment of all or any part of the expenses payable by the owner for the time being from the person who then or at any time thereafter occupies the building or land under such owner.

In default of payment of such expenses by such occupier on demand, the same may, subject to the provisions of the next following section, be levied by distress of the goods and chattels of such occupier.

Occupier may deduct payment from his rent. Every such occupier may deduct, from the rent payable by him to the owner, so much as is so paid by, or recovered from him, in respect of any such expenses.

402. But no occupier of any building or land shall be liable to pay a larger amount in respect of expenses payable under this Act by the owner thereof than the amount of rent due by him for such building or land at the time of the demand made upon him, or which, at any time after such demand, becomes payable by him, unless he neglect, or refuse, upon application made to him for that purpose by the President, truly to disclose the amount of rent payable, and the name and address of the person to whom such rent is payable.

The burden of proof, that the sum demanded of any such occupier is greater than the rent due by him at the time of such demand or which has since become due, shall be upon such occupier.

The provisions of the last preceding section and of the first clause of this section shall not be taken to affect any contract made between any such owner or occupier respecting the payment of the expenses of any such works as aforesaid: but no such contract shall affect the liability of the occupier as described in these sections.

403. Whenever default is made by the owner of any building or land in the execution of any work required by the President to be executed, the occupier of any such building or land may cause such work to be executed; and the expenses thereof shall be paid to him by the owner, or the amount may be deducted by the occupier from the rent from time to time becoming due from him to such owner.

404. If the occupier of any building or land prevent the owner thereof from carrying into effect in respect of such building or land any of the provisions of this Act, after notice of his intention so to do has been given by the owner to such occupier, the President, upon proof thereof, may give an order in writing, requiring such occupier to permit the owner to execute all such works with respect to such building or land as may be necessary for carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.

If, after the expiration of eight days from the date of the service of such order, such occupier continue to refuse to permit such owner to execute such works, such occupier shall, for every day during which he so continues to refuse, be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Every such owner, during the continuance of such refusal, shall be discharged from any fine, or penalty to which he might otherwise have become liable by reason of default in executing such work.

405. The Commissioners may, for the purposes of this Act, by themselves or their officers, between sunrise and sunset, enter into and upon any unoccupied building or land, either for the purpose of making any survey or inspection which they are entitled to make, or for the purpose of executing any work authorized by this Act to be executed by them, without being liable to any legal proceedings or molestation whatsoever on account of such entry or of any thing done in any part of such building or land in pursuance of this Act.

Except in cases in which this Act expressly provides otherwise, the Commissioners or their officers shall not enter upon any building or land which is occupied at the time, unless either (1) the occupier consents or (2) the Commissioners have given to the occupier twenty-four hours' notice of their intention of so entering.

406. The Commissioners or their officers or servants may enter upon the land of any person adjoining to or being within the distance of twenty yards of any works authorized by this Act, for the purpose of depositing upon such land any soil, gravel, sand, lime, brick, stone, or other materials, or for any other purposes connected with the carrying on of such works, without making any previous payment, tender, or deposit.

The Commissioners shall cause as little damage as may be in the exercise of the powers hereby granted to them, and shall make compensation for such temporary occupation of, or temporary damage to, the said land to the owner and occupier thereof from time to time and as often as any such temporary occupation is taken or such temporary damage is done, and shall make compensation to the owner also for the permanent injury (if any) to such land.

Before the Commissioners make any such temporary use of land adjoining or lying near to any such work, they shall give seven days' notice of their intention to the owner and occupier of such land, and shall, if required by any such owner or occupier to do so, mark off by sufficient fences so much of the land as is required to be used as aforesaid from the other land adjoining thereto.

407. Whoever obstructs or molests the Commissioners, or any person employed by them, or any person with whom they have contracted under the provisions of this Act, in the performance of their duty, or in the doing of any thing which they or he are or is respectively empowered or required to do by virtue of this Act,

or removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction incidental to the execution of any work authorized by this Act,

shall be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

408. Whoever removes, destroys, defaces or otherwise obliterates any notice put up or exhibited by the Commissioners, or under their orders, shall be punished on conviction with a fine, which may extend to one hundred Rupees.

409. No action shall be brought against the Commissioners, or any of their officers, or any person acting on their behalf or under their direction, for any thing done or intended to be done, under or in pursuance of the powers of this Act, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing has been left at the Municipal Office or at the place of abode of such person not later than six months from the date on which the cause of action arose. Such notice shall state explicitly the cause of action and the name and place of abode of the intended plaintiff and of his attorney or agent in the cause, and shall be signed by the intended plaintiff or his attorney or agent.

410. Upon the trial of any such action, the plaintiff shall not be permitted to go into evidence of any cause of action, except what stated in the notice so delivered, and unless such notice be proved the Court shall find for the defendant.

411. If any person to whom any such notice of action is given tenders sufficient amends to the plaintiff, or his attorney or agent, before action is brought, such plaintiff shall not recover in any such action when brought.

If no such tender is made, the defendant in such action may, by leave of the Court in which such action is pending, at any time before issue joined, pay into Court such sum of money as he thinks fit, and thereupon such proceedings shall be had as in other cases where defendants are allowed to pay money into Court.

412. The Commissioners may make compensation out of the Municipal Fund, to all persons sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in the Commissioners, their officers or servants under and by virtue of this Act.

413. All costs, damages, compensation, charges, expenses and other sums which are by this Act directed to be paid to the Commissioners, are recoverable in the manner hereinbefore provided for the collection of taxes.

414. In all cases where any costs, damages, compensation, charges or expenses are, or is, by this Act, directed to be paid, the amount or apportionment of the same shall, in case of dispute, be ascertained and determined by two Magistrates.

415. In any case referred to two Magistrates under the provisions of the last preceding section, the said Magistrates shall, on the application of either party, summon the other party to appear before them at a time and place to be named in such summons.

Every such summons shall be served by delivering the original or a copy thereof to the person summoned, or by leaving the same at his usual or last known place of abode with some adult member of his family or servant.

Upon the appearance of the parties, or, in the absence of any of them, upon proof of due service of the summons, such Magistrates may hear and determine such question, and, for that purpose, may examine such parties or any of them and their witnesses on oath or affirmation.

In every such inquiry the said Magistrates shall determine the amount of the costs thereof and shall direct by which of the parties they shall be paid.

416. If the amount of damages, expenses, compensation and costs ascertained in the manner described in the last preceding section be not paid by the party liable to pay the same within seven days after demand, such amount may be recovered, under a warrant of one of the said Magistrates, by distress and sale of the goods of such party.

The balance, if any, of the proceeds of such sale, after satisfying such amount and the costs of the distress and sale, shall be returned, on demand, if made within twelve months to the party whose goods have been distrained; otherwise the same shall be forfeited to the Commissioners.

417. No distress or sale under this Act shall be deemed unlawful, nor shall any party making the same be deemed a trespasser on account of any error, defect or want of form in the bill, notice, schedule, form, summons, notice of demand, warrant of distress, inventory, or other proceeding relating thereto; nor shall such party be deemed a trespasser *ab initio* on account of any irregularity afterwards committed by him.

Special damage actionable. Every person aggrieved by such irregularity may recover satisfaction for any special damage sustained by him.

418. Instead of proceeding by distress and sale, and in case of failure to realize by distress and sale the whole or any part of any expenses, charges or damages awarded under the provisions of this Act, the Commissioners may sue the person liable to pay the same.

419. When there is any hindrance to the acquisition by purchase of any land or building required for the purposes of this Act, the Governor in Council, upon the representation of the Commissioners, may declare that the land or building is needed for a public purpose, and may order proceedings for determining, compensation to be paid to the parties interested, according to the law for the time being in force for the acquisition of land for public purposes.

Government may vest such land or building in Commissioners. The Governor in Council may vest such land or building in the Commissioners on their paying the compensation awarded.

420. The Commissioners may with the sanction of the Governor in Council sell any lands or buildings or other property vested in them by virtue of this Act or acquired by them for the purposes thereof.

President may direct prosecutions for nuisances, or for enforcing penalty. 421. The President may direct prosecutions for any public nuisance, and may order proceedings to be taken for the enforcement of any fine provided by this Act.

If judgment be given against the defendant, the Magistrate may award the Commissioners their full costs; but, on failure to obtain a conviction, the expenses of such prosecution or other proceeding and any costs awarded to the defendant by the Magistrate shall be paid out of the Municipal Fund.

Saving of right to prosecute for nuisance. Nothing in this section shall be held to hinder any person from prosecuting any other person for any nuisance.

Non-liability if complaint be not made within three months after cause. 422. No person shall be liable to any fine or penalty under this Act for any offence made cognizable before a Magistrate, unless the complaint respecting such offence shall have been made before a Magistrate within three months next after the date on which the cause of complaint arose.

423. If through any act, neglect or default, on account whereof any person has incurred any fine under this Act, or any damage to the property of the Commissioners has been caused by such person, he shall be liable to compensate the Commissioners for such damage, as well as to pay such fine. And the amount of such compensation shall, in case of dispute, be awarded by the Magistrate by whom the party incurring such fine has been convicted.

How to be recovered. The amount so awarded may be recovered in the manner provided in Section four hundred and twenty-five.

Prosecution before Magistrate. 424. Every prosecution under this Act may, except where it is otherwise expressly provided, be instituted before a Magistrate of the City of Madras.

425. Every fine imposed under this Act or any bye-law made in pursuance thereof, may be recovered by a summary proceeding before a Magistrate, upon complaint made by or on behalf of the Commissioners or any person aggrieved by the act or omission in respect of which such fine has been incurred.

In default of payment of such fine together with such costs as may be awarded, the same may be levied under the warrant of a Magistrate, with all such powers of distress or sale as are vested in him by any law in force.

Penalty leviable by distress. In case of non-payment of such fine and costs, the Magistrate, if it shall appear to him that no sufficient distress can be had within the City wherewith to levy such fine and costs, may refrain from issuing such warrant of distress; and in such case, or if such warrant shall have been issued and upon the return thereof such insufficiency as aforesaid shall be made to appear to the Magistrate, he may sentence the offender to undergo either simple or rigorous imprisonment for any term not exceeding two months.

Magistrate may imprison for default. 426. The Magistrate by whom any fine is imposed by virtue of this Act may award any portion, not being more than one-half thereof, to the informer, and shall order the remainder—or, if he make no award to the informer, the whole of such fine or penalty—to be paid to the Commissioners, to be by them applied to the purposes of this Act.

How fines and penalties are to be applied. 427. The Commissioners, or any person appointed by them for that purpose, may at any time between sunrise and sunset, enter and inspect any place which is liable to taxation, registration or inspection, or which requires to be licensed under this Act, or in respect of which they are authorized to do any act or to give any order, or in which they have reason to believe that there is any animal or article which is liable to taxation, registration or inspection.

Power to inspect places, articles, or animals. 428. The President may summon the owner or occupier of such place, or the owner of such article or animal, or the agent or servant of such owner or occupier, and examine him, or require him to make a return in writing, in respect of any matter relating to such place, article or animal upon which they may require information for the purposes of this Act.

Power to examine and take information. 429. Any person who neglects to appear on such summons, or refuses to answer such questions or to make such return, or who wilfully furnishes false information, shall be liable to be convicted under Sections one hundred and seventy-four and one hundred and seventy-seven of the Indian Penal Code.

Penalty for refusing information. Any person who obstructs or molests the Commissioners, or the person appointed by them, in entering or inspecting such premises or in obtaining such information, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

430. Nothing in this Act shall be construed to render lawful any act or omission on the part of any person which is, or but for this Act would be, deemed to be a nuisance, or to exempt any person guilty of a nuisance from prosecution or action in respect thereof.

Act not to affect nuisances at common law. 431. It shall be the duty of all Police officers to give immediate information to the Commissioners or to their officers of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of this Act, or the bye-laws made in pursuance thereof, and to help them in giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

Police officers to report offences to Commissioners.

432. It shall be the duty of all Police officers to give immediate information to the Commissioners or to their officers of any offence committed contrary to the provisions of this Act, or the bye-laws made in pursuance thereof, and to help them in giving effect to the provisions of this Act.

432. Any police officer may arrest any person committing in his view any offence against any of the provisions of this Act, if the name and address of such person be unknown to him, and if such person decline to give his name and address, or if the Police officer shall have reason to doubt the accuracy of such name and address if given; and such person may be detained at the station house until his name and address shall be correctly ascertained.

433. Any person aggrieved by the failure of the President or the Commissioners to carry out any work or perform any duty which he or they is or are bound to carry out or perform under this Act, may bring an action against the Commissioners: and if the Court find that such work or duty is incumbent on the President or the Commissioners under this Act, it may direct the immediate performance of such duty or the execution of such work, or make such other order as to the Court may seem fit.

SCHEDULE A (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 103.)

TAX ON ARTS, PROFESSIONS, TRADES, AND CALLINGS.

Class I.

Yearly.
Rs.

- (A.)—Joint-Stock Companies and other Companies carrying on any trade or business having gain for its object, or as Benefit Societies, and the capital of which exceeds 20 lakhs of Rupees 500
- (B.)—Joint-Stock Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which exceeds 10 lakhs, but does not exceed 20 lakhs of Rupees 350
- All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity upon a salary of Rupees 5,000 a month or upwards 250
- (C.)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 5, but does not exceed 10 lakhs of Rupees 200
- (D.)—Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Division (A) of this class, the capital of which is more than 3, but does not exceed 5 lakhs of Rupees. 150
- Provided that any Company described in Division (A), (B), (C), or (D) of this class the head office or a branch or principal office of which shall not be in Madras, and which shall show that its gross income received in or from Madras shall not in the year immediately preceding the year of taxation have exceeded the sum of

Rupees 25,000, shall pay only Rupees 250	
" 15,000, " " 150	
" 5,000, " " 50;	

and that if any such Company shall show that such gross income has not exceeded Rupees 2,500, such Company shall be exempt from taxation.

Provided also that whenever a Joint-Stock Company has an office, agent, or firm to represent it for the purpose of carrying on business in the City, such office, agent, or firm shall be liable for the taxes payable under this Schedule.

All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 3,000 a month and is less than 5,000 Rupees.

Merchants, Bankers, Sowcars, Contractors, Ship or Boatowners, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gumastahs, or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident.

Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers.

Keepers of any Warehouse or Produce Depot.

Dubashes, Brokers, or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight.

Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels.

Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers.

Owners or Farmers of Markets, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers.

Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Jute, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning Establishment, Mill or other industry.

Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above.

150

Class II.

Yearly.
Rs.

Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 2, but does not exceed 3 lakhs of Rupees—subject to the provisos hereinbefore provided for Companies by this Schedule.

All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 2,000 a month and is less than Rupees 3,000.

Merchants, Bankers, Sowcars, Contractors, Ship or Boatowners, Traders, Auctioneers, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gumastahs or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident, not assessed under Class I.

Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers, not assessed under Class I.

Keepers of any Warehouse or Produce Depot, not assessed under Class I.

Dubashes, Brokers, or other persons employed in the transfer, sale or purchase of Imports and Exports, or in the transfer, sale or purchase of Securities, Shares, or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I.

Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels, not assessed under Class I.

Practising Physicians, Surgeons, Dentists, Architects, Civil Engineers, not assessed under Class I.

Owners or Farmers of Markets, Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers, not assessed under Class I.

Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiates of Medicine, Apothecaries.

Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Jute, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning or other Establishment, Mill or other industry, not assessed under Class I.

Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above, and not assessed under Class I.

100

Class III.

Companies of any of the descriptions mentioned in Class I, the capital of which is more than 1 lakh, but does not exceed 2 lakhs of Rupees—subject to the provisos hereinbefore provided for Companies by this Schedule.

All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 1,000 a month and is less than Rupees 2,000.

Merchants, Commission Agents or any Agents, Gumastahs or Servants in charge of the business of the aforesaid persons when the principals are non-resident, not assessed under Class I or Class II.

Dubashes, Brokers or other persons employed in the transfer sale or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale, transfer or purchase of Securities, Shares or Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight, not assessed under Class I or Class II.

Editors or Proprietors of Newspapers, not assessed under Class I or Class II.

Hotel-keepers, Lodging or Boarding House-keepers, Shop-keepers, Owners of any Printing Press, or Press for Cotton, Hides or other materials, of any Coffee-cleaning or other Establishment, Mill or other industry, not assessed under Class II.

Professional Artists, Artizans, Manufacturers, Painters, Photographers, Actors, Musicians, Dancers, Horse-dealers, and Dealers of every description not specified above, and not assessed under Class I or Class II.

Practising Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law, Proctors, Notaries Public, Pleaders or Vakeels, not assessed under Class I or Class II.

Veterinary Surgeons, Builders, Land or Marine Surveyors, Practising Licentiates of Medicine, Apothecaries, not assessed under Class II.

Hakims, Vydians or other such Native Medical Practitioners.

50

Class IV.

All Companies not hereinbefore provided for—subject to the provisions provided for Companies by this Schedule.

All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 750 a month and is less than Rupees 1,000.

All other persons described in, but not assessed under Class III.

25

	Yearly. RS.
<i>Class V.</i>	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 500 a month and is less than Rupees 750.	15
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed under that Class or Class IV.	
<i>Class VI.</i>	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 200 a month and is less than Rupees 500.	8
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed in that Class, or in Class IV or Class V.	
<i>Class VII.</i>	
All persons holding any office or appointment, public or private (not being a military office or appointment), or employed in any capacity, whose salary amounts to Rupees 100 a month and is less than Rupees 200.	3
All other persons described in Class III, but not assessed in that Class, or Class IV, or Class V, or Class VI.	

SCHEDULE B (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 155).

VEHICLES ON SPRINGS AND ANIMALS LIABLE TO TAXATION, WITH THE RATES OF TAXATION.

	Half-yearly. RS. A. P.
For every 4-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by two horses	10 0 0
For every 4-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by one horse, or a pair of horses under thirteen hands or by bulls or bullocks	5 0 0
For every 2-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by a horse, mule, bull or bullocks	3 0 0
For every horse over thirteen hands	5 0 0
For every horse of or under thirteen hands, or mule	1 8 0
For every horse of or under eleven hands	0 8 0
Every bullock or bull	0 8 0
Every male buffalo	0 8 0
Every ass	0 4 0
Every dog	0 8 0

SCHEDULE C (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 160).

To the President of the Municipal Commission for the City of Madras.

FORM OF APPLICATION FOR LICENSE FOR VEHICLES AND ANIMALS.

I hereby certify that I have in my possession the Animals and Vehicles set forth in the list given hereunder and no others liable to tax under Schedule B of Madras Act of 1878 for the half year ending the day of 18 ..

No. Tax for the half-year.

(Description of Vehicles and Animals).	RS. A. P.
Four-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by two horses	
Four-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by one horse or pair of horses under thirteen hands or by bulls or bullocks	
Two-wheeled vehicle on springs drawn by a horse, mule, bulls or bullocks	
Horse over thirteen hands	
Horse of or under thirteen hands or mule	
Horse of or under eleven hands	
Bullock or bull	
Male buffalo	
Ass	
Dog	
Date	Signature

Residence.

SCHEDULE D (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 174).

TOLLS PAYABLE ON ENTERING MUNICIPAL LIMITS.

	RS. A. P.
On every four-wheeled vehicle on springs	0 4 0
" do. two- do. do. on do.	0 2 0
" do. hackery or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules, laden	0 2 0
" do. do. not laden	0 1 0
" do. buffalo, bull, or bullock, laden	0 0 6
" do. horse over thirteen hands, laden or ridden	0 1 0
" do. horse over thirteen hands, not laden or ridden	0 0 6
" do. horse of or under thirteen hands, or ass, laden or ridden	0 0 6
" do. elephant	0 8 0
" do. camel	0 1 0

SCHEDULE E (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 183).

TAX ON LIQUOR SHOPS.

	Yearly. RS.
<i>Class I.</i>	
Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits.	
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowle, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 7 gallons and upwards for each shop per diem.	75
<i>Class II.</i>	
Shops for the sale of Wines, Beer, or Spirits, which the Municipal Commissioners shall have determined not to assess under Class I.	
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowle, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 5 gallons and less than 7 gallons for each shop per diem.	50
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector of Madras as 1st-class Toddy shops.	
<i>Class III.</i>	
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowle, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 3 gallons and for less than 5 gallons for each shop per diem.	25
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector as 2nd-class Toddy shops.	
<i>Class IV.</i>	
Pattai and Colombo Arrack Shops whose Dowle, as granted by the Collector of Madras, is for 3 gallons and under for each shop per diem.	12
Shops for the sale of Toddy rated by the Collector as 3rd-class Toddy shops.	

SCHEDULE F (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 197).

NOTICE OF DEMAND.

To
Take notice that the Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras demand from you the sum of due from* (you) as owner (or occupier) (here describe the property or thing upon which the rate or tax is imposed) for the 187 .. and that, if the sum due, together with for this notice, is not paid into the office of the said Commissioners or if sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum is not shown to the Commissioners within seven days from the service of this notice, a warrant of distress will be issued for the recovery of the same with costs.

(L. S.)

Date

(Signature or Stamp of the President of the Municipal Commission.)

* In the case of a demand under Section 204 state that the notice of demand has been served upon the owner and that the sum due remains unpaid.

SCHEDULE G (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 197).

DISTRESS WARRANT.

To (Here insert the name of the officer charged with the execution of the Warrant.)

Whereas of has not paid or shown sufficient cause for the non-payment of the sum of Rupees due for the taxes mentioned in the margin for the 187, although the said sum has been duly demanded in writing from the said and seven days have elapsed since the service of the notice of demand: This is to command you to distrain the goods and chattels of the said (or, as the case may be, any goods and chattels found on the premises referred to) to the amount of the said sum of Rupees, together with for notice fee and for warrant fee, making together, and such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress; and if within seven days next after such distress, the said sum shall not be paid, together with such further sum as may be sufficient to defray the charges of taking and keeping such distress, to sell the said goods and chattels; and having paid and deducted out of the proceeds of the sale the said sum of Rupees and the charges of taking, keeping, and selling such distress, to return the surplus, if any, on demand to the person whom you shall find in possession of the said goods and chattels. If sufficient distress cannot be found of the goods and chattels of the said you are to certify the same to me together with this Warrant.

(L. S.)

Date

(Signature or Stamp of the President of the Municipal Commission).

SCHEDULE H (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 199).

FORM OF INVENTORY AND NOTICE.

(State particulars of Goods seized.)

Take notice that I have this day seized the goods and chattels specified in the above inventory for the sum of Rupees due for the taxes mentioned in the margin for the 187; and that, unless you pay into the office of the said Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras the amount due, together with costs of this distress, within seven days from the day of the date of this notice, the goods and chattels will be sold on the day of 18, at the Municipal Office.

(Signature of the officer executing the Warrant of Distress.)

Date

SCHEDULE J (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 202).

TABLE OF FEES PAYABLE ON DISTRAINTS UNDER THIS ACT.

Sum distrained for.		Fees.		
		Rs.	A.	P.
Under 5 Rupees..	..	0	4	0
5 and under 10 Rupees..	..	0	8	0
10 .. 15 ..	..	0	12	0
15 .. 20 ..	..	1	0	0
20 .. 25 ..	..	1	4	0
25 .. 30 ..	..	1	8	0
30 .. 35 ..	..	1	12	0
35 .. 40 ..	..	2	0	0
40 .. 45 ..	..	2	4	0
45 .. 50 ..	..	2	8	0
50 .. 60 ..	..	3	0	0
60 .. 80 ..	..	3	12	0
80 .. 100 ..	..	4	8	0
Above 100 ..	..	5	0	0

The above charge includes all expenses, except when ponds are kept in charge of property distrained, in which case four Annas must be paid daily for each man.

SCHEDULE K (REFERRED TO IN SECTION 206).

FORM OF ENDORSEMENT OF DEBENTURE BONDS.

I, A. B., of do hereby transfer to C. D., of the debenture bond issued by the Municipal Commissioners of the City of Madras to the amount of Rupees and standing in my name, to hold unto the said C. D., his Executors, Administrators, Representatives or Assigns, subject to the conditions on which I hold the same at the time of the execution thereof.

Dated the day of

SCHEDULE L (REFERRED TO IN SECTIONS 372, 373 AND 376).

18 BIRTHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When Born.	Nationality or Caste.	Name, if any.	Sex.	Name of Father.	Profession of Father.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

SCHEDULE M (REFERRED TO IN SECTIONS 372, 373 AND 376).

18 DEATHS IN THE DISTRICT OF

No.	When Died.	Nationality or Caste.	Name.	Sex.	Age.	Profession.	Cause of Death.	Residence at time of Death.	Residence previous to last illness.	Signature, Description, and Residence of Informant.	When registered.	Signature of Registrar.

NOTE.—In reporting the birth or death of a Hindoo, mention the particular Sub-division of Caste. Let Christians be separated into those of pure European parentage, those of mixed blood, viz., Indo-Europeans; and those of pure Asiatic parentage, viz., Native Christians. Let Negro Africans or Soudas be reported as such, and not as Mussulmans.

This report, when filled in, to be delivered to the District Registrar of Births and Deaths.

ACT VI.

PASSED 27TH AUGUST, 1878.

An Act to make provision for investing with certain powers the Commissioner of Salt Revenue in the Madras Presidency.

WHEREAS it has been found expedient to vest the administration of Salt Manufacture and Revenue in an Officer style the Commissioner of Salt Revenue, Madras Presidency; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. It shall be lawful for the Commissioner of Salt Revenue, Madras Presidency, to perform, execute, or exercise all or any of the duties or powers which were assigned to the General Agent for Salt or the Collector, or which may now be lawfully performed or exercised by the Collector, relating to the administration of Salt Manufacture and Revenue, by or under Regulation II of 1803, Regulation I of 1855, and Act VI of 1871 (Madras), notwithstanding the repeal of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1803.

Provided that the said Commissioner may from time to time, with the sanction of the Governor or of the Fort St. George Council, signified by notification in the *Fort St. George Gazette*,

Commissioner may, with sanction of Government, authorize subordinate officers to exercise such powers.

(a) authorize any officer subordinate to him to exercise and perform all or any of the powers and duties conferred and imposed by this section upon the said Commissioner, and

(b) vary, modify, or annul such authorization.

2. It shall be lawful for the Governor of Fort St. George in Council from time to time, by notification published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, to withdraw from Collectors all or any of the powers conferred upon them by the said Regulations and Act relating to the administration of Salt Manufacture and Revenue, and to modify or cancel such withdrawal by like notification.

ACT VII,

PASSED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1878.

An Act to provide for the payment, from Municipal Funds, of a portion of the cost of the Police Force employed in the City of Madras and in all Municipal Towns within the Presidency of Fort St. George.

WHEREAS it is expedient that a portion of the cost of the Police employed in the City of Madras, and in every town brought under the operation of "The Towns Improvement Act, 1871 (Madras)," shall be defrayed from Municipal Funds; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. This Act shall come into force on the first day of April 1879.

2. Section 2 of Madras Act No. V of 1871 is hereby repealed.

3. The Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras shall annually set apart, and pay to the Government in equal monthly instalments, out of the funds raised under "The Madras Municipal Act, 1867," at any other corresponding law for the time being in force, such sum not exceeding fifty per centum of the total cost of the Police Force, other than the Marine Police, employed by Government in the said City, as may be annually fixed by the Government.

4. In every town in which "The Towns Improvement Act, 1871 (Madras)," or any other corresponding law for the time being in force, is in operation, the Municipal Commissioners for such town shall annually set apart, and pay to the Government in equal monthly instalments, out of the funds raised under the said Act or law, such sum not exceeding seventy-five per centum of the total cost of the Police Force employed in such town as may be annually fixed by the Government.

5. All sums payable under this Act shall be paid by the Municipal Commissioners for such city or town as aforesaid at such times and to such persons as the Government may from time to time direct.

6. The Commissioner of Police for the City of Madras shall, on or before the first day of August in each year, furnish to the Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras a statement of all sums received and expended by him in the past official year in respect of the Police Force, other than the Marine Police, employed in the said City, and a statement or estimate showing the probable expenditure to be incurred in the ensuing official year in respect of the said Police Force.

7. Every District Superintendent of Police shall, at such periods as the Governor in Council may from time to time direct, furnish to the Municipal Commissioners for every town in his district in which "The Towns Improvement Act, 1871 (Madras)," or any other corresponding law for the time being in force, is in operation, statements containing similar information to that mentioned in the preceding paragraph, in respect of the Police Force employed in every such town.

Commissioner of Police to furnish the Madras Municipalities annually with statements of sums received and expended, and of estimated probable expenditure, on account of the City Police.

District Superintendents of Police to furnish similar statements to Municipalities in respect of Police in towns.

ACT VIII,

PASSED 26TH SEPTEMBER, 1878.

An Act to prevent Thefts of Coffee.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make special provision to prevent thefts of coffee, and to repress and punish the offence of receiving or disposing of stolen coffee in the neighbourhood of Coffee Plantations or Estates; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short title. 1. This Act may be called "The Madras Coffee-stealing Prevention Act, 1878."

2. This Act shall take effect in such districts, divisions, or parts of districts, or within such localities or limits within the Presidency of Fort St. George, and from such date, as the Governor in Council may from time to time direct by notification published in the Official Gazette.

Commencement and local extent of Act. The Governor in Council may from time to time modify or cancel such direction by notification similarly published.

Power to modify or annul notification.

3. In this Act—

Interpretation.

Laborer.

Carrier.

Carrier.

Coffee-Estate.

Coffee.

Coffee not to be taken from laborer.

4. It shall not be lawful for any one to purchase, take in barter or exchange, or receive coffee from any person other than a laborer employed on a Coffee-Estate, unless the person so purchasing, taking in barter or exchange, or receiving such coffee shall immediately thereupon enter or cause to be entered in a book to be kept by him for that purpose a true record of such transaction, specifying—

(a) the name, residence and occupation of the person from whom such coffee was so purchased, taken in barter or exchange, or received;

(b) the date of the transaction; and

(c) the quantity and description of the coffee so purchased, taken in barter or exchange, or received.

5. Provided that this section shall not apply to coffee purchased, taken in barter or exchange, or received from any person other than a laborer employed on a Coffee-Estate, and intended *bona fide* for consumption in the house or on the premises of the person purchasing, taking in barter or exchange, or receiving the same as aforesaid.

6. All books required by Section five to be kept by persons purchasing coffee shall be produced upon the requisition of any Police Officer not below the rank of an officer in charge of a Police Station, generally or specially authorized by any Magistrate to require the production of such books.

7. It shall not be lawful for any one to purchase or take in barter or exchange coffee from any carrier, or for any carrier to sell or give in barter or exchange any coffee, unless the person so purchasing or taking in barter or exchange such coffee shall, besides making the entry required by Section five of this Act, also enter or cause to be entered in the book mentioned in the said Section five the marks (if any) on the bags or other packages in which such coffee may be contained, and unless the entries required by this section and by the said Section five be also correctly signed by such carrier in his own name, and attested by a Police Officer or the headman of the village within which the transaction takes place; for which attention no fee shall be chargeable.

Conditions under which coffee may be taken from a carrier.

Penalty for breach of Section 4, 5, 6 or 7.

Penalty in case of laborer being found in possession of green coffee for which he cannot account.

Coffee not to be carried without permission of owner or agent.

Permission to be in writing, &c.

- (a) the quantity of the coffee to be carried or removed;
- (b) the number, description and marks of the packages in which such coffee is secured;
- (c) the place or destination to which the coffee is to be carried or removed; and
- (d) the names of the consignor and consignee.

Penalty for breach of this section.

Hours of gathering or removing coffee.

Any person committing a breach of this provision.

Section 10 and this section not to apply to ordinary operations of curing.

12. If it shall appear that such gathering, moving, loading or unloading was for the purpose of committing a theft, the person or persons so engaged shall be liable to be charged with theft, or abetment of theft, and be proceeded against for such offence under the provisions of Sections three hundred and seventy-eight and three hundred and seventy-nine, or Sections one hundred and seven, one hundred and eight and one hundred and nine, of the Indian Penal Code, as the case may be.

13. It shall be at the discretion of the Magistrate, in the case of any persons, not being females, who shall be convicted of a second offence under Section nine of this Act, to substitute or add corporal punishment under the provisions of Act No. VI of 1894 (An Act to authorise the punishment of whipping in certain cases), or of any other law for the time being in force in that behalf, for or to the penalties provided by this Act.

Proviso.

Fines to be paid into public treasury.

Provided that the Magistrate trying any case under this Act may grant the whole or any portion of any fine levied therein as rewards to persons furnishing such information as may have led to the conviction of offenders under this Act.

8. Any person committing any breach of the provisions contained in Section four, five, six or seven of this Act shall be liable, on conviction by a Magistrate, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

9. Any cooly masonry or other labourer employed on a Coffee-Estate found with green gathered coffee in his possession, and failing to account satisfactorily for such possession, shall be liable, on conviction by a Magistrate, to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

10. No person shall carry or remove coffee from any Coffee-Estate, premises or place, or upon any road, highway or footway, without the express permission of the owner or of his authorized agent.

Such permission shall be in writing, dated and signed by the said owner or his authorized agent, and shall contain the following particulars:—

Any person committing any breach of the provisions of this section shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

11. No coffee shall be gathered, moved, loaded or unloaded on any Coffee-Estate between sunset and sunrise. Any person committing a breach of this provision, or abetting within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code such breach, shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Provided that nothing in Section ten or in this section shall apply to the ordinary operations of curing the crop on the estate, such as pulping or storing.

12. If it shall appear that such gathering, moving, loading or unloading was for the purpose of committing a theft, the person or persons so engaged shall be liable to be charged with theft, or abetment of theft, and be proceeded against for such offence under the provisions of Sections three hundred and seventy-eight and three hundred and seventy-nine, or Sections one hundred and seven, one hundred and eight and one hundred and nine, of the Indian Penal Code, as the case may be.

13. It shall be at the discretion of the Magistrate, in the case of any persons, not being females, who shall be convicted of a second offence under Section nine of this Act, to substitute or add corporal punishment under the provisions of Act No. VI of 1894 (An Act to authorise the punishment of whipping in certain cases), or of any other law for the time being in force in that behalf, for or to the penalties provided by this Act.

Provided that such substituted or additional punishment shall be awarded only in respect of the offence itself, and not as an alternative penalty for non-payment of fine.

14. All fines paid or levied under this Act shall be paid into the public treasury.

Provided that the Magistrate trying any case under this Act may grant the whole or any portion of any fine levied therein as rewards to persons furnishing such information as may have led to the conviction of offenders under this Act.

ARTICLES RECEIVED TOO LATE FOR INSERTION IN THEIR PROPER PLACES, &c

Uncovenanted Examination Rules, General Test.

No one can ordinarily be appointed to any situation in the public service of Government, the salary of which is Rs. 20 or more, unless he pass a satisfactory examination in the General Test subjects detailed in the Appendix. (Vide Mr. Maclean's New Standard Orders of the Board of Revenue, page 572). Persons exempt from this rule are matriculated students of an Indian University, with a proviso as mentioned in paragraph 13, below; graduates of an Indian University; passed Candidates according to one or other of the tests laid down in the Government Notification of 4th March, 1858; and persons who were employed in the public service on or before 1st January, 1859, and have been continuously employed in a permanent appointment, the salary of which has exceeded Rs. 10 per mensem ever since. Servants also displaced by revision of establishment, may be re-employed, if of five years' service, independent of the General Test Examination Rules.

1. Candidates for the General Test Examination must be not less than 15 years of age.

2. The General Test Examination will be held annually, and both in Madras and in the Provinces.

3. Candidates must send in their applications addressed to the Collectors of the districts in which they wish to be examined on printed forms, which may be obtained from all Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors. The forms of application must reach the Collectors on or before a fixed date, and under no circumstances will applications received after that date be accepted. For Travandrum and Cochin the applications should be sent to the Resident of Travancore; for Bangalore, to the Director of Public Instruction, Mysore; and for Secunderabad, to the Executive Commissioner, Secunderabad.

4. Candidates must pay to the officer from whom they obtain the form of application the prescribed fee, a receipt for which will be given separately, and also on the face of the form which is supplied to them. The fee must be paid in every case without exception, and will not be returned under any circumstances.

5. No application will be received unless it is accompanied by a certificate signed by a Medical Officer or Medical Subordinate of the following rank, showing that the candidate has been vaccinated or has had the small-pox.—Zillah Surgeon, Sub-Assistant and Native Surgeon, First and Second Apothecaries, Superintendent of Vaccination, or, failing any of the above, Hospital Assistant. In the case however of candidates who have produced certificates at any previous examination, no further voucher of this description will be necessary. Candidates will not be permitted to produce their vaccination certificates on the day of examination.

6. To facilitate reference, those candidates who have already passed for one branch, as hereafter specified, and wish to enter for another branch, should state in their applications the year in which they passed and the page, &c., of the Gazette containing their names.

7. No candidate will be admitted to the examination at any other place than that named in his application. The place so named should be the nearest examining station to the candidate's permanent place of residence.

8. The following are the fees which each candidate is required to pay for admission to the Examination:—for the English Branch, Rupees five; for the Vernacular Branch, Rupees five; for the Anglo-Vernacular Branch, Rupees seven; for Matriculation Students, Rupees two.

9. For the purposes of these examinations, the Uncovenanted Service is divided into three branches:—English, Vernacular, and Anglo-Vernacular. The appointments belonging to the first of these branches include all appointments, the duties of which are conducted entirely in the English language; those belonging to the second include all appointments, the duties of which are conducted entirely in the vernacular language; and those belonging to the third include all appointments requiring a knowledge both of English and of a vernacular language. A schedule has not been drawn up.

10. Candidates for employment in the English branch of the service are required to execute the test in the English language. Candidates for employment in the Vernacular branch are required to execute the test in the vernacular language of the district in which they seek employment. Candidates for appointments in the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the service must pass the History, Geography and Arithmetic tests in English, the test of hand-writing, orthography, and composition both in English and in the vernacular language of the district in which they seek employment. In the latter case they may

pass the English and Vernacular tests either at the same examination, or at two different examinations, as they prefer.

12. Candidates who have already passed for one of the branches of the service, and gone up again for examination for another branch, will not be required to take up History, Geography, and Arithmetic a second time.

13. In the case of persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University, and who wish to be employed in the Government Service without passing the General Test, it is provided that they must at any rate pass the test in Hand-writing and Orthography in English, as laid down in G. O., 3rd December, 1873, No. 402, Ed. Dept. Such persons will apply in a special form to be given them by Collectors.

14. Officials in the service of Government prior to 1st June, 1867, for whom a modification of the examination has been sanctioned by Government in their Order dated 23rd May, 1876, should apply to the Secretary to the Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations direct on a special form which will be supplied on application to that office. The fee for the modified test is Rupees 3, which should be remitted by a Money Order.

15. In all the papers executed in the examination-room in the vernacular the words must be written separately, a space being left before and after each word, and the writing must be plain.

16. The candidates entered in each class will be ranked in the order of proficiency in a register prepared in a prescribed form.

17. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government do not undertake to provide appointments for all persons who may pass the prescribed examinations under these or other rules. Appointments are regulated by the requirements of the public service, and are in the hands of the usual authorities. It is likewise to be understood that it is open to Government, and with their sanction to other controlling subordinate authorities, whenever they deem necessary to prescribe the period of service which must be passed in one grade of appointment before promotion to a higher grade, altogether irrespective of the examination rules.

For Saint George Gazette, dated 6th March, 1868, page 295; 7th August, 1860; Fort St. George Gazette, 24th April, 1861, page 687; 17th May, 1861; 15th June, 1862; Supplement to Fort Saint George Gazette, dated 21st November, 1862; Fort St. George Gazette, 10th June, 1863; 14th July, 1863; 25th November, 1863; Fort Saint George Gazette, 3rd January, 1865, page 3; Notification Gazette, 27th February, 1865, page 430; G. O., dated 14th March, 1866, No. 645; 21st April, 1866; G. O., dated 31st February, 1867, No. 51, Educational Department; 19th March, 1867; 11th September, 1872; G. O., 27th August, 1874, No. 236, Educational Department.

Uncovenanted Examination Rules, Special Tests.

No person can be appointed to any situation for which the Government have ruled that special qualifications are required, unless he pass the Special Test examination prescribed for that situation.

1. In the Appendix (Vide Mr. Maclean's New Standing Orders of the Board of Revenue, page 672) is given a schedule showing the names of the different tests, the offices to which each applies, and the particulars of the test examination; a second schedule showing the names of various offices, and the tests necessary for each; and a third schedule showing the fees payable under each test.

2. Persons will not be admitted to any of the Special Tests unless they have been employed continuously in the public service in a permanent appointment, the salary of which has exceeded Rupees 10 per annum, and other than that of peon or village servant since 1st January, 1859; or unless they have passed the General Test examination, not having been exempted from doing so by special order of Government; or unless they have passed the University Entrance examination. Special exemption from passing the General Test includes permission to appear for the Special Tests, unless such permission is specially withheld.

3. No person will be admitted to the Special Tests in English who has not passed either the English or the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the General Test. Persons already in the service of Government, and known by their superiors to be sufficiently conversant with English, may be exempted from this rule on a certificate from a Judge or Collector.

4. Every application for examination by a Special Test must be accompanied by a vaccination certificate signed by a Medical Officer or Medical Subordinate of the following rank showing that the candidate has been vaccinated or has had the small pox — Zillah Surgeon, Sub-Assistant and Native Surgeon, First and Second Apothecaries, Superintendent of Vaccination, or failing any of the above, Hospital Assistant. In the case, however, of candidates who produce such certificates at previous examinations, these certificates will be dispensed with under arrangements to be made from time to time by the Commissioner for the U. C. S. Examinations.

6. Candidates must send in applications on printed forms, to be obtained from Tahsildars and Treasury Deputy Collectors, so as to reach the Collectors of the Districts in which they desire to be examined on or before a certain fixed date, after which date no applications will be received. All applications must be prepared in the English language.

7. Candidates in the Police Department who may apply for examination in the judicial portion of the "Police Test" alone should submit their applications direct to the Superintendent of Police, and not to the Collector of the District in which they are employed.

8. Every application must be accompanied by the prescribed fee. The fee must be paid in every case without exception. Fees paid by candidates will not be returned to them or reserved for another examination.

9. Candidates will not be permitted to apply to be examined in both the lower and the higher standard of any Test at the same examination.

10. Candidates will not, under any circumstances, be permitted to come up for examination in a part only of the subjects prescribed for a Test.

11. Candidates will be permitted to take up at the same examination any or all of Tests I, II, VII-B, and VIII, on a single application. Separate certificates will be granted for each such Test successfully passed, and no candidate will be required to pass in the same Test twice.

12. Candidates will not be permitted to take up any of the Judicial Tests together with Test III in either Grade.

13. Candidates will not be allowed to appear for examination in Tests I-A, II-A, III-A, I-B, V, and VI in a vernacular language, unless specially permitted by an order of Government to do so.

14. Candidates taking up Test I-A may, if they have done sufficiently well, and if the Commissioner permits, be passed for Pleaders in District Munsiffs' Courts.

15. There will be an annual examination in Tests I, II, III, VIII, IX, X and the lower grade of Test VII open to all servants who have been continuously in the permanent employ of Government since the 1st January, 1859, or regular Pleaders of any court, who have been continuously employed as such since the 1st January, 1859, to graduates and matriculated members of an Indian University, and to men who have passed the General Test Examination, on production of a vaccination certificate, and payment of the prescribed fees. There will be an annual examination also on Tests IV, V, VI and the Higher Grade Test VII, but candidates in addition to being qualified to appear for these Tests as above must produce certificates (in the case of Tests IV and V from the Collectors of Districts; in the case of Tests VI and VII-A from the Heads of Departments in which employment is sought) recommending them for examination. Test VII-A will be also held from time (as occasion may require) under instructions from the Commissioner.

16. Graduates in Law of an Indian University may be appointed to any of the posts specified under I-A, II-A, II-B, without passing those Tests; but if they are candidates for the posts specified under I-B, that Test must be passed. The exemption here given extends only to the Tests named, and not to any other Tests which may be prescribed for the same posts.

17. Candidates for the Police Test mentioned in paragraph 6 must have previously passed in departmental subjects, and will pay a fee of Rupees 3.

18. Candidates for any of the Special Test Examinations will, except in cases where a higher minimum has already been fixed, be required to get at least one-fourth of the marks allotted to each paper in a Test, and half marks on the whole to secure a pass.

G. O., 10th March, 1871; G. O., 27th August, 1874, No. 236; G. O., 2nd September, 1874, Revenue.

Under the head of "Police of the Town of Madras," p. 601, for Major A. Balmer, Acting do., read Major F. J. Hicks, Acting do.

Under the head of Barristers, p. 560, add C. Waddy, Esq., admitted 1878, immediately after B. S. Wilkins, Esq.

Under the head of "Bankers and Agents in Madras," p. 550, add the following under Aspinwall and Co. —

BECOT and DUPUIS.—Second Line Beach.—Partners: A. Becot, (Eur.); J. Dupuis, (Eur.);—Representatives, J. Muller, (Australia); J. Hagmann, (Madras.)

Corresponding Firm.

Becot and Dupuis, Paris.
Becot and Dupuis, Melbourne.

Add also the following under the head of Gordon Woodroffe and Company as Agents for
The Yangtze Insurance Company.
The Bengal Coal Company.

Under the head of Faciollé and Company, page 657, omit
AGENTS FOR

V. Verespay, Paris.
F. Freinavesal and Sons, Cardiff.

Morgan Patent Plumbago Co., London.
Bunan and Bunzl Gablonz.

Under the head of District Grand Lodge of Ancient Free and Accepted Masons of the
Presidency of Madras, p. 889, substitute the following:—

Wor Bro A W O Saunders, No. 159, Dy D G M

Wor Bro J. W. Handley, No. 159, D G S W	Wor Bro Nepean Smith, No. 1,043, D G J D
G F Ramsey, No. 431, D G J W	CH S Johnston, No. 1,114, D G S of Works
The Rev. J J B Sayers, LL.D., No. 159, D G O	M H Wilkinson, No. 1,406, D G D of C
The Hon. J G Coleman, No. 159, D G Trea. (elected)	W Hamilton, No. 278, D G A D of C
W Grant, No. 159, D G R	W R Pratt, No. 1,049, D G S B
J T Grestorex, No. 278, D G S	A Champion, No. 159, D G O
Lieut-Col R H Cunliffe, No. 926, D G S D	W M Jack, No. 495, D G P
	Bro J L Dring, D G T (elected)

Lodges under jurisdiction of the D G L of Madras.

Perfect Unanimity, No. 159, Madras, W Bro The Rev. J J B Sayers, W M	
Rock, No. 200, Trichinopoly, W Bro J E Lillywhite, W M	
Universal Charity, No. 278, Madras, W Bro C F Rounds, W M	
St. John, No. 484, Secunderabad, W Bro G de Wilton, W M	
Good Will, No. 495, Bellary, W Bro J Temple, W M	
St. Andrew, No. 500, Kamptee, W Bro J Thayer, W M	
Mount, No. 926, St. Thomas' Mount, W Bro W P Carlton, W M	
Bangalore, No. 1,043, Bangalore, W Bro J H McHayes, W M	
Western Star, No. 1,049, Cannanore, W Bro S Hastings, W M	
Anchor of Hope, No. 1,093, Wellington, W Bro C Smith, W M	
Pitt-Macdonald, No. 1,195, Madras, W Bro G L Winch, W M	
Faith, Hope and Charity, No. 1,285, Ootacamund, W Bro Col G W Russell, W M	
Mayo, No. 1,406, Trimulgherry, W Bro D McCartney, W M	
Decan, No. 1,444, Chuddeghaut, W Bro H Bower, W M	
Southern Cross, No. —, Pallamcottah, W Bro T Adenoso, W M	

Insert also—

MARK MASONRY.

Provincial Grand Mark Lodge.

B W Bro Major A W O Saunders, P G M
W Bro G A Murray, Dy P G M
W Bro The Hon'ble J G Coleman, P Dy P G M

Wor Bro G F Ramsey, No. 81, P G S W	
Captain E G V Holloway, Rough Ashlar, No. 208, P G J W	
Nepean Smith, Hiram, No. 82, P G M O	
W Grant, Macdonald Ritchie, No. 160, P G S O	
J W Hayes, Hiram, No. 83, P G J O	
The Rev. J J B Sayers, LL.D., Macdonald Ritchie, No. 160, P G Chap.	
R B Bernard, St. Marks in the East, No. 61, P G Registrar	
J T Grestorex, Do, P G Secretary	
Lieut-Col R H Cunliffe, Do, P G S D	
Bro W Hamilton, Do, P G J D	
Wor Bro A H B Campbell, Keystones, No. 1, P G Insp. of Works	
W B Pratt, Hiram, No. 82, P G Dir. of C	
J Carr, Keystones, No. 81, P G A D of C	
J E Atkinson, Macdonald Ritchie, No. 160, P G S B	
Bro A Curteis, Rough Ashlar, No. 208, P G S D	
S Jendassan, Macdonald Ritchie, No. 160, P G O	
Wor Bro Symonds, Lewis, No. 159, P G I G	
Bro J Stevens, Macdonald Ritchie, No. 160, P G S	
C F Rounds, St. Marks in the East, No. 61, P G S	
D Vicary, Rough Ashlar, No. 208, P G S	

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

BIRTHS.

SONS.

ALSTON—Mrs. A. R., Mercara, April 20.	DAWSON—Mrs. E. B., Negapatam, Apr. 27.
ARBUTHNOT—Wife of Major A. E., Bowenpilly, Secunderabad, April 28.	DEAN—Mrs. E. C., Madras, June 5.
BENSON—Mrs. C., Madras, January 6.	DANIELL—Mrs. D., Bangalore, Sep. 8.
BOYD—Mrs. J. E., Mangalore, March 14.	DEANE—Mrs. A. H., Cocanada, Sep. 15.
BARLEY—Wife of Rev. A. F., Negapatam, May 4.	EVANS—Mrs. G. R., Mysore, July 15.
BURGE—Wife of Lt. Col. R. S., Waltair, June 23.	FOULKES—Wife of Rev. T., Bangalore, Jan. 25.
BOWER—Mrs. W. L., Madras, July 30.	FEWKES—Mrs. S. J., Madras, Aug. 22.
BLACK—Mrs. A., Madras, August 7.	GODFREY—Mrs. S. A., Tumkur, Jan. 6.
BARNES—Wife of Sub-Comdr. Ootacamund, August 8.	GARSTIN—Mrs. J. H., Madras, Jan. 17.
BADDELEY—Wife of Lt. W. L. C., R. N., Salem, Aug. 17, (still born).	GREEN—Mrs. T., Guntur, Feb. 12.
BEGGIE—Mrs. A. P. W., Madras, Dec. 8.	GILLAM—Mrs. A., Pothanore Junction, Feb. 28.
BRERETON—Wife of Capt. J. S., Madras, Dec. 11.	GARRETT—Mrs. J. P., Bangalore, Apr. 8.
COAKER—Wife of Captain. W. H. Roy, Engrs, Madras, Jan. 4.	GAUDART—Mrs. M., Karikal, May 15.
CARLIER—Mrs. D., Negapatam, Apr. 2.	GRAHAME—Mrs. W. P., Chicacole, May 16.
CLEUR—Mrs. F. X., Cannanore, May 16.	GOUBERT—Mrs. J., Calingapatam, Aug. 21.
COPCUTT—Mrs. C. A., Combaconum, June 29.	GALE—Wife of Lt. W. A., R. E., Bangalore, October 4.
COCKBURN—Mrs. D., Kotagerry, July 12.	GROVES—Mrs. H. S., Madras, October 8.
COX—Mrs. A. F., Coonoor, July 19.	HART—Mrs. H., Mangalore, Feb. 6.
COOLING—Wife of Rev. J., Madras, Aug. 30.	HUSON—Mrs. A., Bellary, Feb. 24.
CRUICKSHANK—Mrs. D. M., Madras, Aug. 30.	HOOPER—Mrs. A. M., Madras, April 17.
CAMPBELL—Wife of Capt. R. A., Ootacamund, Sept. 14.	HUTCHINSON—Wife of Rev. H. A., Coimbatore, April 21.
CONNINGHAM—Wife of Major H. E., Pallamcottah, October 13.	HANNAY—Wife of Capt. R., St. Thomas' Mount, April 28.
CLOETE—Wife of Lt. Col. J. G., Ootacamund, October 27.	HILL—Mrs. J., Negapatam, Aug. 29.
CORBAN—Wife of Rev. G. M., Madras, Nov. 7.	HODGSON—Wife of Capt. G. R., Madras, October 22.
CALDER—Mrs. D., Madras, Nov. 17.	HILL—Mrs. R., Madras, Nov. 4.
CONN—Mrs. J., Coringa, Nov. 18.	HAYES—Mrs. J. W., Bangalore, Dec. 10.
CONNOR—Mrs. T. W., Salem, Nov. 22.	KING—Mrs. W., Madras, April 17.
CAVENDISH—Mrs. A. C., Madras, Dec. 1.	KIDD—Wife of Rev. D. W., Poonamallee, October 21.
DAVIES—Mrs. J. A., Tuticorin, Feb. 14.	LAMB—Mrs. R., Wynad, Feb. 19.
	LAUGHTON—Wife of Major A. F., Bellary, June 25.
	LATHAM—Mrs. J. H., Kurnool, Nov. 9.
	McLAUGHLIN—Wife of Rev. W. T., Cannanore, April 10.
	MACPHERSON—Mrs. C. G. W., Ootacamund, April 18.

- METCALF—Mrs. E. P., Rajahmundry, April 28.
 MIDDLETON—Wife of Major F. B., Bellary, Aug. 16.
 MATHEWS—Mrs. W. A., Negapatam, Sep. 17.
 MOORE—Mrs. L., Trichinopoly, Sep. 24.
 MCWATERS—Mrs. G., Coimbatore, October 19.
 MEYNELL—Mrs. E., Coorg, October 22.
 MILLETT—Mrs. T. T., Rajahmundry, Dec. 3.
 McNAIR—Mrs. D., Tinnevely, Nov. 19.
 McBRIDE—Mrs. C. H., Vercaud, Dec. 10.
 NORRIS—Wife of Sub-Cond. W., Madras, Feb. 19.
 NIXON—Mrs. B. B., Cocanada, Sep. 5.
 O'FLYNN—Mrs. J., Madras, June 7.
 OGG—Wife of Surg. Major G. S. W., Coimbatore, Sep. 16.
 O'GEADY—Wife of Capt. R. W., Madras, October 10.
 POLE—Mrs. A. E., Madras, Jan. 10.
 PHAROAH—Mrs. W., Madras, Feb. 13.
 PORTER—Mrs. W. A., Combacum, March 2.
 PRENDERGAST—Wife of Col. H. N. D., V. C., Roy. Engrs., Bangalore, Mar. 15.
 PRITCHARD—Wife of Retired Veterinary Surgeon T., Coonoor, March 18.
 PENNY—Wife of Rev. F., B.A., LL.M., Madras, March 20.
 PENNINGTON—Mrs. J. B., Tinnevely, April 25.
 PAUL—Mrs. A., Cocanada, May 22.
 PLUMER—Mrs. C. G., Chittoor, Sep. 16.
 QUINN—Wife of Surg. T., Vizianagram, July 21.
 QUARME—Mrs. E. A., Yercaud, Dec. 10.
 ROBBINS—Mrs. C., Bangalore, Jan. 6.
 RICHARDSON—Mrs. F. G., Ghat Estate, Poor Mead, Feb. 1.
 ROWLANDSON—Wife of Lt. Col. W., Mangalore, March 21.
 ROBERTSON—Wife of Lt. Colonel W., Waltair, March 21.
 RICE—Mrs. L., Bangalore, May 1.
 RICKETS—Mrs. H. G., Madras, June 5.
 ROWLANDSON—Mrs. F., Madras, Sep. 9.
 RUNDALL—Mrs. J. W., Bellary, Oct. 1.
 RUMILLY—Wife of Lieut. F. J., B. B., Negapatam, October 1.
 RICHARDS—Wife of Rev. W. J., Coimbatore, October 5.
 ROSS—Mrs. G. H., Madras, Oct. 28.
 STIVEN—Mrs. J., Madras, March 14.
 SPEDDING—Mrs. J. B., Chicacole, July 12.
 SPALDING—Mrs. W. H., Palamcottah, Aug. 23.
 STEPHENSON—Mrs. R. F., Bangalore, Nov. 10.
 SHERMAN—Mrs. F., Kotagerry, Dec. 5.
 SCOTT—Wife of Rev. W., Trevandrum, Dec. 12.
 THOMPSON—Mrs. E., Madras, Feb. 14.
 TROTMAN—Wife of Rev. W. S., Neilgerry Hills, Aug. 7.
 THOMAS—Wife of Rev. J. D., Kodikanal, Sep. 10.
 VERNEDE—Mrs. A. W. L., Coonoor, Nov. 10.
 WEBSTER—Mrs. A. McC., Coonoor, Apr. 8.
 WAIT—Mrs. W. G., Coonoor, April 14.
 WINCKLER—Mrs. E., Waltair, Oct. 20.
 WYLLY—Wife of Lt. E. A. E., Nagpore, Nov. 2.
 WHITE—Mrs. J. W., Coimbatore, Nov. 27.

DAUGHTERS.

- AWDRY—Wife of Capt. A., Roy. Engrs. Coimbatore, July 6.
 ANTONIO—Mrs. C. M., Trichinopoly, July 11.
 ABBUTHNOT—Mrs. J. W., Madras, October 15.
 BARROW—Wife of Surg. H. J. W., Malapooram, Jan. 17.
 BUTLER—Wife of Capt. J. W. S., Madras, Feb. 14.
 BROWNE—Mrs. H., Madras, March 10.
 BOWIE—Mrs. W., Madras, May 27.
 BISHOP—Wife of Lt. Col. F. F. R., Bangalore, Aug. 2.
 BEECH—Wife of Surg. L., Bellary, Aug. 12.
 BERLIE—Mrs. H., Tinnevely, October 12.
 BEER—Mrs. C. H., Nuvapur, Oct. 23.
 BOWLBY—Wife of Capt. P. E., Secunderabad, Dec. 1.

- CAVENDISH—Mrs. A. C., Calicut, Jan. 2.
 COWIE—Wife of Capt. D., Bangalore, March 4.
 CAMERON—Mrs. J., Bangalore, Mar. 23.
 COLQUHOUN—Mrs. A. F., Madras, Aug. 2.
 CLERK—Mrs. L. S., Bangalore, Aug. 9.
 COCKBURN—Mrs. F., Kotagerry, Oct. 9.
 CHAPMAN—Mrs. J. S., Masulipatam, October 12.
 CLARKE—Wife of Major T., Bangalore, November 10.
 DENT—Mrs. J. W., Madras, April 23.
 DAKEYNE—Wife of Lieut. Colonel H. F., Bangalore, Dec. 11.
 FULTON—Wife of Col. G. A., Bangalore, June 15.
 FOWLER—Mrs. J., Bangalore, July 6.
 FOOTE—Mrs. R. B., Madras, July 15.
 FOX—Wife of Surg. Major W. S., Ootacamund, Aug. 18.
 FRANCK—Mrs. T., Madras, October 11.
 GATHERER—Mrs. A. B., Mysore, March 28.
 GUINNESS—Wife of Surg. Major, Bangalore, Sep. 22.
 GOMPERTZ—Wife of Lt. B. T. M., Vellore, Nov. 9.
 GROSE—Mrs. J., Nellore, Nov. 23.
 HEWETSON—Wife of Major C. C., Trichoor, Feb. 8.
 HARE—Mrs. A. J., Madras, Apr. 26.
 HALL—Mrs. E., Shimoga, May 16.
 HANNINGTON—Mrs. J. C., Trevandrum, September 30.
 HART—Mrs. C. E., Hoonoor, Sept. 21.
 HUNT—Mrs. J. A., Madras, October 8.
 HOUSTON—Mrs. A. C., Madras, Nov. 21.
 IGNATIO—Mrs. A. S. G., Tuticorin, October 9.
 JOHNSTON—Mrs. A. G., Madras, Mar. 9.
 JONES—Mrs. R., Madras, April 10.
 JACKSON—Mrs. W., Coonoor, Aug. 2.
 LEWIS—Wife of Lt. E., Ben. S. C., Madras, March 28.
 LEGGATE—Mrs. G. R., Chicacole, June 25.
 LOCKE—Mrs. S., Cochin, Aug. 14.
 LEONARD—Mrs. T. T., Bangalore, Sep. 16.
 MOORE—Mrs. W. H., Madras, Feb. 6.
 MARTIN—Mrs. G. K., Mercara, Feb. 8.
 MOORHEAD—Mrs. G. W., Madras, Mar. 2.
 McLEOD—Wife of Major W. S., Vellore, April 9.
 MILLS—Mrs. J. M. C., Madras, June 11.
 McMANUS—Mrs. J., Trimulgherry, Aug. 1.
 MILLER—Wife of Capt. W., Palamcottah, October 7.
 MOON—Mrs. C. S., Vythery, Sep. 8.
 MATHESON—Mrs. J., Madras, Oct. 17.
 MORGAN—Mrs. W., Dec. 17.
 NORMANDY—Mrs. F., Madras, Sep. 18.
 O'LEARY—Mrs. D., Tuticorin, Feb. 22.
 PAYNE—Mrs. J., Palamcottah, Feb. 8.
 PRICE—Wife of Capt. B. L., Bangalore, June 1 (Still-born).
 PENN—Mrs. A. T. W., Ootacamund, Sep. 16.
 RAE—Wife of Rev. G. M., M.A., Madras, Feb. 17.
 ROBINSON—Wife of Lt. Col., Madras, June 24.
 RASBOTHAM—Mrs. D., Madras, Sep. 7.
 ROWE—Wife of Rev. A., Waltair, Sep. 17.
 ROWLANDSON—Wife of Maj. G., Kampsee, October 22.
 RICKETTS—Mrs. L., Bangalore, Dec. 3.
 SHORTT—Wife of Retired Surg. Major, J. M.D., Erood, Feb. 23.
 SALISBURY—Mrs. G. A., Trichinopoly, Feb. 27.
 SMITH—Wife of Rev. C., Coonoor, April 4.
 SLATER—Wife of Rev. T. E., Bangalore, July 7.
 SCUDDER—Wife of Dr. H. M., Coonoor, July 29.
 SMITH—Mrs. R. P., Kurnool, July 30.
 SHUTE—Wife of Lt. G. E. R., Bangalore, July 30.
 STANES—Mrs. R., Coimbatore, Aug. 4.
 SMITH—Mrs. A. M., Bangalore, Oct. 11.
 STUART—Mrs. A. J., Coimbatore, Nov. 18.
 TURNBULL—Mrs. W. V., Mercara, Mar. 24.

TODD—Wife of Rev. A., Madras, Aug. 12.
 TURNER—Mrs. B., Kodikanal, April 19.
 WILKINSON—Mrs. A. T., Bellary, June 6.
 WALKER—Mrs. H. M., Trevandrum, July 10.
 WARNER—Wife of Capt. W. B., 1st L. C., Bellary, Aug. 3.
 WEST—Mrs. J., Madras, Sep. 15.
 WIGRAM—Mrs. H., Ootacamund, Nov. 15.
 WOOLRIDGE—Mrs. W. H., Madras, Dec. 7.

MARRIAGES.

BARROW—HALDWELL—At Bangalore, Mr. J. B. Barrow, to L. R., daughter of Hon. Surg. G. Haldwell, January 29.
 BOWLBY—JOPP—At Bellary, Capt. P. E. Bowlby, to A. H., fourth daughter of Lt. Col. J. Jopp, February 18.
 BAILLY—NAILER—At Poonamallee, Mr. J. F. T. Bailly, to C. H., eldest daughter of Rev. A. R. C. Nailer, May 20.
 BARKER—PRICE—At Bangalore, J. P. Barker, Esq., to E. M., daughter of E. S. Price, Esq., Sep. 24.
 BEST—ASPINWALL—At Coonoor, A. V. D. Best, Esq., to A. G., third daughter of J. H. Aspinwall, Esq., October 7.
 BURNS—FRANZ—At Coonoor, Mr. T. W. Burns, to G. T., youngest daughter of the late Mr. J. E. Franz, Oct. 29.
 BARTLEY—HARDAKER—At Madras, Mr. W. H. Bartley to L. J., daughter of Mr. Hardaker, Dec. 4.
 CAINE—MEADE—At Chudderghant, Major W. H. Caine, to A. S., eldest daughter of Col. Sir B. Meade, R.A.M., April 12.
 CRUICKSHANKS—SHORT—At Madras, Mr. E. G. Cruickshanks to L. A. V., eldest daughter of the late Apothecary H. P. Short, May 15.
 DOYLE—RODRIGUES—At Madras, Mr. J. A. M. Doyle, to J. E., eldest daughter of Mr. G. Rodrigues, Aug. 23.
 FORTUNE—KINLOCH—At St. George's Cathedral, J. Fortune, Esq., to J. C., daughter of the late J. Kinloch Esq., April 27.

FRENCH—SAMPSON—At Madras, Mr. H. T. French to E. A., widow of the late W. F. Gordon, June 27.
 FITZGERALD—GILL—At Adoni, Mr. T. C. Fitzgerald to S. A. Gill, July 17.
 GUEST—WESTWOOD—At Pethanore, Mr. J. A. Guest, to E. A. E., daughter of Mr. J. Westwood, February 27.
 GRANT—BIRD—At Madras, D. Grant, Esq., to K. E., third daughter of W. C. Bird, Esq., June 1.
 HAYES—HILLIER—At Madras, A. Hayes, Esq., m.a., to V. R., daughter of the late J. Hillier, Esq., Jr. of Bangalore, March 18.
 HEBBERT—DEMPSTER—At Mangalore, F. B. Hebbert, Esq., M. C. S., to R. F., eldest daughter of Surgeon Major R. Dempster, March 23.
 HAYES—GOOD—At Bangalore, R. F. Hayes Esq., to C. C., eldest daughter of Mr. E. J. Good, July 29.
 HADDOCK—LILLYWHITE—At Trichinopoly, J. A. Haddock, Esq., to L. E., daughter of Mr. J. E. Lillywhite, (no date.)
 JEFFRIES—SHANDLEY—At Madras, Mr. T. J. Jeffries, to L. M. Shandley, February 27.
 JANNEY—DEBEAUX—At Madras, Rev. L. R. Janney, M. A., to M., youngest daughter of the late J. L. DeBeaux, Dec. 10.
 KING—MOSS—At Madras, Mr. T. E. King to B. F. C. Moss, July 29.
 KITTO—ALCOCK—At Ranigat, E. J. Kitto, Esq., to E. M., second daughter of J. Alcock, Esq., Dec. 5.
 LYNCH—GIB—At St. George's Cathedral, Madras, Capt. A. H. C. Lynch, to E. A., second daughter of Col. W. A. Gib, February 13.
 LISSENBURG—MACFARLANE—At Madras, Mr. W. T. Lissenburg to E., eldest daughter of Mr. P. Macfarlane, July 3.
 LEAPINGWELL—HAWKS—At Bangalore, Surg. A. H. Leapingwell, to S. I., daughter of Col. T. S. Hawks, Nov. 6.
 LEFAUCHEUR—MINTO—At Bimlipatan, C. LeFaucheur, Esq., to E. J., daughter of Capt. R. Minto, Nov. 20.
 MARTIN—HEATH—Lieut. E. T. C. N. Martin, to P. M., eldest daughter of Col. G. J. Heath, April 17.
 MOCAT—MATHEWS—At Madras, Surg. Major G. B. Mocat, Esq., m.a., to F., fifth daughter of J. Mathews, Esq., May 9.

MORROGH—HAYWARD—At Madras, Major E. G. Morrogh to F. E. M., only daughter of H. W. Hayward, Esq., Dec. 4.
 POWER—BARNETT—At Cannanore, Lt. F. E. Power, to E. M., daughter of C. J. Barnett, Esq., March 12.
 PRENDERGAST—POLLOK—At St. George's Cathedral, H. G. Prendergast Esq., to A. C., eldest daughter of Lieut. Col. F. T. Pollok, March 29.
 PEREYRA—D'SOUZA—At St. Anthony's Church, St. Thome, Madras, H. A. Pereyra, Esq., to E. B. D'Souza, Nov. 27.
 RAINIER—MUNNIS—At Negapatam, Mr. H. Rainier, to F. H., daughter of the late Rev. R. M. Munnis, Aug. 11.
 RULE—WEST—At Ootacamund, E. Rule, Esq., to U. F., daughter of Major A. R. West, Nov. 28.
 SMITH—COCHRANE—At Madras, Mr. W. D. Smith, to A. R. A. Cochrane, April 24.
 SCAWEN—HENNESSY—At Madras, E. C. W. Scawen, Esq., to G. T., younger daughter of Capt. E. Hennessy, April 30.
 STONE—MARTIN—At St. Tho's Mount, Commr. Serjt. O. Stone, to Mrs. E. Martin, May 1.
 SHAW—SIMKINS—At Madras, P. D. Shaw, Esq., to A., only surviving daughter of the late A. P. Simkins, Esq., June 5.
 STRACEY—ATKINSON—At Madras, Mr. J. G. Stracey to Mrs. Letitia Atkinson, July 17.
 TYLDEN—TYDD—At Bangalore, Lieut. W. Tylden, B. A., to A. J. C., daughter of Surgeon Major B. Tydd, January 31.
 TELFER—CONWAY—At Mettappolliam, Mr. H. V. Telfer, to A. Conway, Aug. 7.
 TALBOT—LAWFORD—At Bellary, Lt. P. A. B. Talbot, to A. M. B., second daughter of Col. E. M. Lawford, Nov. 16.
 WEIR—KERNAN—At Madras, T. Weir, Esq., to A. M., eldest daughter of the Hon. Mr. Justice Kernan, April 29.
 WHEELER—MELBOSE—At Bangalore, Mr. H. L. Wheeler, to J. M., eldest daughter of the late T. Melrose, Esq., June 19.
 WESTROPE—DOYLE—At Madras, Mr. G. J. Westropp, to G. G., youngest daughter of the late Mr. J. Doyle, Aug. 13.
 WEST—FRAGER—At Bangalore, Mr. A. W. West, to E. H., eldest daughter of the late Mr. W. Frager, Sep. 9.

WALKER—MALTBY—At Chittoor, Surgeon, G. L. Walker, m.d., to M. M. B., daughter of the late H. W. Maltby, Dec. 7.
 WINN—GREENWOOD—At Madras, A. T. Winn, Esq., to A. M. A., youngest daughter of the late W. Greenwood, Esq., Dec. 14.
 YATES—RICHARDSON—At Bangalore, H. T. S. Yates, Esq., B. H. A., to S. O., daughter of the late Lieut. Colonel G. J. Richardson, October 19.

DEATHS.

ADAM—J., second daughter of Surgeon Major H. Madras, aged 18 years and 3 months, Aug. 29.
 ARBUTHNOT—Lieutenant D. Cumbum, aged 22 years, Sep. 5.
 ARATHOON—E., Esq., Bangalore, Oct. 31.
 BRADSTREET—V. A., daughter of Capt., Madras, aged 9 months, Jan. 2.
 BURGHALL—Mr. W. A. E., Madras, aged 83 years, Feb. 8.
 BLACKER—Mr. W. H., Madras, aged 55 years and 6 months, April 5.
 BOURGOIN—Mrs. G., Pondicherry, aged 20 years and 5 months, May 7.
 BALLARD—Mr. A. F., Madras, aged 25 years and 3 months, May 7.
 BOND—H. M., infant son of Mr. H. M., Kurnool, June 14.
 BREWER—J. L., wife of J., Esq., Hoonsoor, aged 31 years, July 23.
 BAKE—Mr. J. W., Coimbatore, aged 59 years and 3 months, July 30.
 BIRD—E. A., youngest daughter of Mr. W. C., Ootacamund, aged 23 years, Sep. 2.
 BOND—M. S., youngest daughter of Mr. J. H., Madras, aged 11 months and 18 days, Sep. 4.
 BICKLE—F. G., youngest child of G. Esq., Kodikanal, aged 7 years and 2 months, October 3.

- BAKER—Rev. H., Madras, aged 59 years, Nov. 19.
- CLEUB—R., Esq., Quilon, aged 63 years, 8 months and 25 days, Jan. 4.
- CAVENDISH—M. A., infant daughter of A. C., Esq., Calicut, Jan. 8.
- CONDON—Surgeon-Major E. H., M.D., Madras, Mar. 5.
- CLIFT—G. L. C., daughter of H. W., Esq., Hassan, Mysore, aged 3 years and 4 months, Mar. 8.
- CLIFT—E., infant daughter of H. W., Esq., Hassan, Mysore, aged 5 months, Mar. 16.
- CARNEGIE—M., infant daughter of Lieut.-Col. Palaveram, aged 1 month, Mar. 17.
- CARR—M. A., youngest child of Mr. R. P., Madras, aged 2 years and 9 months, April 5.
- COX—M. F., infant daughter of A. F., Esq., O. S., Coonoor, aged 9 months, April 15.
- CALDWELL—R. C., Esq., Madras, aged 33 years, May 4.
- COOMBS—Mr. W. R. M., Madras, aged 33 years, May 29.
- CABRAL—E. M., daughter of the late Mr. C. D., Madras, aged 6 years and 5 months, June 2.
- CASSIDY—Mrs. A., Madras, aged 62 years, 8 months and 21 days, June 4.
- COCK—J. P., infant and only son of J. H., Esq., Coimbatore, aged 9 months and 16 days, June 10.
- CROWE—J. W., Palamcottah, June 27.
- COELHO—Mrs. A. J., Mangalore, July 17.
- CLARIDGE—Mr. R., Puzosankun, aged 71 years, Aug. 10.
- CHATTERTON—T., Esq., Bangalore, aged 29 years, 8 months and 29 days, Aug. 19.
- CRICKSHANK—J. A., wife of D. M., Esq., Madras, Sep. 6.
- CAHILL—Mrs. H. A., Madras, aged 25 years, 7 months and 3 days, Nov. 17.
- CONLEY—M. C., wife of Mr. J., Madras, aged 34 years, 5 months and 15 days, Nov. 29.
- DODERET—C. F., son of F., Esq., Madras, aged 7 years, 3 months and 11 days, Jan. 9.
- DODERET—E. A. S., eldest daughter of F., Esq., Madras, aged 2 years and 2 months, Jan. 21.
- DEVILLAMILE—Mrs. H. A., Bangalore, aged 25 years, Mar. 16.
- DALY—H. R. W., Madras, aged 14 years and 9 months, Mar. 25.
- DOIG HONY—Retired Surgeon-Major C., Bangalore, aged 59 years, May 17.
- DIGBY—Mrs. E. A., wife of W., Esq., of Madras, Cambridge, England, aged 38 years, June 22.
- DEBEAUX—G. W., second son of the late Mr. J. L., Madras, aged 24 years, Sep. 9.
- DANIEL—R., infant son of D., Bangalore, aged 1 month and 10 days, Sept. 18.
- DARLING—J. L., Esq., Coonoor, Sep. 22.
- ELLINGTON—Rev. W., C. M. S., Bevarah, aged 41 years, June 18.
- EVANS—B. H., infant son of G. R., Esq., Mysore, aged 5 months, October 15.
- FENTON—C. W., eldest son of the late Major F. A., Madras, aged 23 years, Mar. 4.
- FARRELL—Surg. P. J., R.A., M.D., Coonoor, June 30.
- FELMTER—V., wife of Mr. W., Madras, aged 32 years, 10 months and 5 days, July 15.
- FENN—A. H., only son of Mr. J., Madras, aged 4 years, 10 months and 15 days, July 19.
- FULTON—L., youngest child of Colonel, Madras, aged 9 months and 18 days, Sep. 25.
- FENN—Rev. D. M.A., Madras, October 16.
- FINLAY—Col. G. C., Bangalore, Oct. 21.
- GRANT—Mr. J., Madras, aged 51 years, Feb. 2.
- GRAY—Mr. C., Coonoor, aged 60 years, Mar. 8.
- GRANT—Mrs. E., wife of C., Esq., Sheraroy Hills, aged 33 years, 1 month and 4 days, Mar. 4.
- GOUGH—G., son of Capt. P., Chudarghat, aged 3 years and 5 months, Mar. 13.
- GUTHRIE—Mrs. M., Madras, May 15.
- GARRATT—N. C. C., infant son of Mr. P., Bangalore, aged 2 months, June 6.
- GODFREY—Lieut.-Col. C. J., Madras, June 15.

- GAHAN—G., Esq., Madras, aged 75 years, 6 months and 15 days, June 20.
- GARRATT—Mrs. L., wife of W., Esq., of Bangalore, Madras, aged 52 years, Sep. 5.
- GRAHAM—W. G., Tranquebar, aged 30 years, September 30.
- GRANT—H. B., wife of Lieut.-Col. E. L., St. Thomas' Mount, Dec. 8.
- HARVEY—Lieut. J., Bellary, aged 63 years, Jan. 7.
- HODSON—C. M., only daughter of Mr. R. G., Hassan, aged 8 months and a half, Jan. 16.
- HOLROYD-DOVETON—Wife of Mr. J. A., Pondicherry, Feb. 17.
- HOPE—J. A., infant son of Mr. J., Chingleput, aged 8 months, Mar. 2.
- HUSON—F. A., infant son of A., Bellary, aged 6 months, Sep. 2.
- HOGG—E. J. P., infant son of Mr. J. R., Madras, aged 4 months and 26 days, Sep. 9.
- HUNTLEY—Mr. J. S. E., Madras, aged 46 years and 8 months, June 1.
- HAREIS—Mrs. I. D., Berhampore, June 12.
- HOWELL—Surgeon-Major I. G., Ootacamund, June 17.
- HUDLESTON—B. W., son of Major J., M.S.C., Erode, aged 6 years and 10 months, Sep. 10.
- HUTCHISON—H. R., Polachy, aged 5 months and 10 days, October 1.
- HUNTER—M. G., wife of Mr. J., Madras, Nov. 5.
- ISAACKE—M., wife of Lieut.-Col. M., Madras, Mar. 12.
- INNES—Mr. J. G., Cocanada, aged 24 years, May 11.
- JACKSON—Mr. W. G., Madras, aged 33 years, Feb. 3.
- JONES—J., Esq., Madras, aged 44 years, April 15.
- JONES—Mr. E., Madras, aged 74 years and 6 months, April 17.
- JOHNSON—C. B., youngest son of Lieut. Col. W. R., Bangalore, aged 17 years and 18 days, June 15.
- JOYES—W. B. W., Esq., Ootacamund, aged 50 years, July 12.
- JOSEPH—M. J., only son of Dr. J. M., Bangalore, aged 20 years, Aug. 24.
- JACOB—R. A., Madras, aged 2 years month and 17 days, October 1.
- JACK—Mr. D. M., Bangalore, October 20.
- JOSEPH—Wife of Mr. T. P. L., Madras, October 29.
- KNOP—Mrs. M. E., Ootacamund, aged 50 years and 4 months, May 3.
- KENNEDY—H., Esq., Madras, aged 67 years, Aug. 20.
- LAWRANCE—Wife of Mr. J. F., Madras, aged 26 years, Feb. 16.
- LAWFORD—G. C. M., third son of Col. E. M., Rajahmundry, aged 20 years, Mar. 21.
- LYNCH—H. E. B., son of Mr. I. C., Madras, aged 1 year, 4 months and 25 days, May 27.
- LEWIS—E., Esq., Madras, Dec. 6.
- MILLER—J., Esq., Barrister-at-Law, and Administrator General, Madras, aged 46 years, Mar. 2.
- MCDONALD—Mr. M. J., Calicut, aged 49 years, 1 month and 10 days, Mar. 12.
- MACFARLANE—Mrs. W. H., Bangalore, April 14.
- MANDEVILLE—A. J. M., Esq., Madras, aged 36 years, 2 months and 4 days, Sep. 4.
- MEPPEN—Mrs. E. C., Waltair, June 20.
- MADDEN—Mrs. M. E., wife of W. S., Esq., Coonoor, aged 22 years, July 31.
- MCLEOD—D. B., infant son of Capt. D. J. S., Bangalore, Sep. 23.
- MIDDLETON—F. C. B., eldest child of Major F. B., Bellary, aged 16 months, September 28.
- MACDONALD—Capt. J. M., Palaveram, October 23.
- NORTH—H. U. B., daughter of Mr. G., Mysore, aged 5 months and 23 days, Mar. 4.
- O'SHAUGHNESSY—M. G., infant son of Mr. J., Nellore, aged 11 months and 7 days, Mar. 23.
- OTTMANN—A. F., Esq., Madras, aged 70 years, April 22.

ORMSBY—E. J., infant daughter of Mr. W. E., Trevandrum, aged 8 months and 17 days, May 23.

OUCHTERLONY—G. A., Esq., Madras, aged 28 years, Sep. 13.

PERCIVAL—S. H., 3rd daughter of Rev. S., Negapatam, aged 13 years and 8 months, Jan. 6.

POLLOK—D. L., son of Lieut.-Col. Madras, aged 8 years and 8 months, April 14.

PERNON—Mrs. E., Pondicherry, aged 29 years, May 9.

PARKINSON—Mrs. E., Madras, aged 50 years, June 28.

PELLY—G. H. R., infant son of Rev. C. H., Bolarum, aged 7 months, July 23.

PEARSE—E. L., Esq., c.s., Negapatam, aged 35 years, Aug. 15.

POWER—Mrs. J. B., Bellary, aged 25 years, Sep. 6.

PEARSE—B. G., infant son of Major C., Mysore, aged 14 months, October 13.

PERCE—R. H., Esq., Calicut, aged 51 years, Nov. 28.

REYNOLDS—M. J., widow of the late G. A., Esq., Bangalore, aged 54 years, April 5.

RANSON—M. B., Calicut, aged 89 years and 6 months, May 31.

ROBINSON—E. M., child of Surg. M., Madras, aged 11½ months, Nov. 23.

SULLIVAN—Mr. M., Bangalore, aged 87 years, 3 months and 7 days, Jan. 4.

SHORTT—C. D., youngest child of Mr. E. H., Yercaud, aged 2 years and 9 months, April 27.

STUART—A. E., daughter of Mr. W., Madras, aged 9 years, 11 months and 17 days, May 21.

SCHOURY—Cond. J., Wenthmettah, aged 40 years, June 1.

SMITH—Mrs. E. C., widow of the late Capt. J., Bangalore, aged 72 years, June 7.

SIMMONS—E. M., infant daughter of Mr. G., Coonoor, aged 8 months and 3 days, July 16.

SHARKEY—A. A., widow of the late Rev. J. E., Masulipatam, aged 65 years, Sep. 21.

STOKES—Lieutenant W. E., Madras, Sep. 27.

SARGEANT—F. M., daughter of Major C. C., Madras, October 5.

SPALDING—J. W., infant son of Mr. W. H., Palamcottah, aged 1 month and 21 days, October 13.

TURTON—M., widow of the late R., Esq., Madras, aged 78 years, Jan. 9.

TRUTWEIN—S. J., wife of Mr. E., Tranquebar, aged 32 years and 5 months, Jan. 25.

TOMLINSON—J. J., Esq., Palghat, aged 74 years, May 12.

TAYLOR—Rev. W. M., Madras, aged 82 years, Aug. 22.

THEOPHILUS—E. C., infant daughter of the Rev. A., Madras, aged 10 months and 20 days, June 24.

WYCKOFF—E. B., only child of Rev. J. H., Vellore, aged 9 months and 9 days, May 23.

WILKINSON—L. M., infant daughter of Mr. A., Bellary, Aug. 8.

WARDEN—Col. J. H., Nagpur, aged 39 years, September 27.

ZSCHERPEL—Mr. A. F., Madras, aged 61 years, June 12.

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 Appayoo Pillay P., English Record-keeper, High Court, Poodoopookum.
 Arathoon, Augustus, Merchant, Nungambakum.
 Arathoon, Alfred, do. do.
 Arbutnot, Lieut.-Colonel G. A., Assistant Adjutant General Club Chambers.
 Arbutnot, J. W., Banker, Arbutnot and Co., Chapat.
 Arbutnot, Sir W. F., Banker, do. Club Chambers.
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 Carson, W. P., Manager Insp. Genl. of Ord. and Maga. Office, Ordnance Lines.
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Chisholm, R. F. F.R.I.B.A., Consulting Architect to Govt. Police Comr's Road, Egmore.
 Chisholm, Major W., Pension Paymaster, Madras.
 Church, Lieut. Col. T. Ross, Commandant, Volunteer Guards, Madras Club.
 Church, H. E., Traffic Manager, Madras Railway, Barber's Bridge, St. Thome.
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 Clark, G. F. F., Manager, Stationery Office, No. 70, Vepery Hospital Road.
 Clarke, Capt. S. C. R. Engls. Ex. Engrs. 3rd Grade.
 Clarke, W. E. L., Barrister-at-Law.
 Clarke, W. H., Head Clerk, Office of Inspector Genl. of Ord. and Maga. Ordnance Lines.
 Clephane, Colonel A. R., Deputy Assistant General, Egmore House, Egmore.
 Clerk, Lieutenant Colonel Godfrey, Military Secretary to H. E. the Commander-in-Chief, Nungumbakum High Road.
 Clerk, S. W., Dentist, Spur Tank, Egmore.
 Clyne, S., Dist. Traffic Supr. S. L. Railway, Egmore.
 Cline, G. W., L.D.S., F.R.C.S., &c., Barrister-at-Law. In charge Currency and Money Order Depts. Royapooram High Road.
 Cooke, Captain W. H., 2nd Deputy Consulting Engineer for Railways, Montleith's Road, Egmore.
 Cobban, Rev. J. McKenzie, Pastor, Wesleyan Church, 36, Poonamallee Road.
 Cochran, J., Deputy Assistant Commissary, Black Town.
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 Coleman, J. E., Acting Accountant Chartered Mercantile Bank, Teynampet.
 Collard, M., Chartered Mercantile Bank, Teynampet.
 Colgan, Very Rev. J., Vicar General, Roman Catholic Establishment, Armenian Street.
 Conley, J. Mechanical Engineer, Gun Carriage Factory, Vepery.
 Conran, Dr. C. G., Mauritius Emigration Agent, Perambore.
 Conway-Gordon, Major L., A.L.C.E., H.E., Examiner Public Works Accounts, St. Thome.
 Cook, J. M. A., Principal, Doveton College, Vepery.
 Cooke, Col. A. H., Off. Staff Officer and Supr. of Details, Fort St. George.
 Cooke, A. W., 2d Assistant, Military Department, Govt. Office, Egmore.
 Cooke, J. Serjt. A Reserve, Black Town.
 Cooke, John, Serjt. B Division, Jones' Street, No. 25, Black Town.
 Cooke, Captain W., Sub-Assistant Commissary General, Club.
 Cooling, Rev. James, M.A., Wesleyan Missionary, 6, Westcott Road, Royapettah.
 Coombes, J., Manager, Governor's Private Secretary's Office, Olmougers Street, Black Town.
 Cooney, H. C., B.A., Classical Master, Doveton College.
 Coopersake, E. Serjt. F Division, Chintadrepet.
 Cooper Surgeon Major C. M. D., F.R.C.S., Principal Medical Store-keeper, Club Chambers.
 Cornish, A., Reporter, *Athenaeum and Daily News*, Black Town.
 Cornish, H., Proprietor and Co-Editor, *Madras Mail*, No. 64, Teynampet.
 Cornish, Surgeon Major W. R., F.R.C.S., Sanitary Commissioner, Teynampet.
 Cowdage, Editor, Municipal Commissioner, 181, Mount Road.
 Craen, J. J., Foreman, *Madras Mail Press*, No. 29, Sembodoss Street, Black Town.
 Craik, James, Assistant Traffic Manager, Madras Railway, Central Station, Premises.
 Cramp, J., Chief Accountant, Madras Railway, Pantheon Road, Egmore.
 Crawford, W. I., Head Clerk, Inland Receipt Dept. G P O, Black Town.
 Croysdale, T., Merchant, Cathedral Villa, Mount Road.
 Cundawamy, Mondelhar, Asst. Forest Dept. Porsewalkum.
 Culbard, A. F., Asst. Gordon Woodroffe & Co., Nungumbakum.
 Cunnosawmy Pillay, T., Native Assistant, Medical College, New Town.
 Currie, G. M. D., L. B. C. F., and L. S. A., London, Surgeon and Private Practitioner, Clare House, Mundall's Road, Vepery, and 34, Popham's Broadway.

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 Dean, J. W. S., Reporter, *Madras Times*, Vepery.
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Rumiah, P.	878	Shaw, P. D.	660	Somasandrum Chettyar	
Ruppell, G. A.	658	Shaw & Winch	715	P.	459,562,871,875,886
Rust, H.	669	Shaw, W. P. F.	735	Soondrabashiem Naidu,	
Russell, A. S.	485,491	Shaw, W. C.	660	S.	871

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Spodding, J. B.	80,495,606	Sanjeeviah, T.	97	Tod & Co.	714
Speechley, J. M.	790	Swaine, C. L.	550	Todd, Rev. A.	797,798,818
Spence, R. E.	650	Swanson, W. O.	66,505,606	Todd, R. C.	541
Spence, J.	620		796	Tomlinson, J. J.	497,500
Spence, J. A. W.	543	Sweet, H. E.	506	Tomlinson, W. W.	542
Spencer, J. W. & Co	713,715	Swetnam, M.	550	Tomlinson, T. A.	497,500
Spencer, T. O. H.	549	Symonds, F. J.	566	Tonch, J. G.	817
Spencer, J. F.	789	Symonds, W. A.	66,603,889	Trail, J.	488,489
Spencer, R. E.	90,606	Symons, S. E.	801	Trevor, G. L.	658
Spiatt, T.	819	Symons, H. S.	637	Tremontiere, J. H. A.	91,636
Srinavasa Row, T.	553	Tamathoram Pillay, C. W.	878	Trend, J. B.	745,749,761,794
Srinavasa Row, P.	606,873	Tarrant, R. J.	63,559,560,741	Trent, F. C.	606,917
St. Clair, Hon. J. C.	76,006		788,794,864	Travithick, F. H.	688
St. Leger, W. D.	741,875	Tasker, E. T.	560,660	Trimnell, E. A.	649
St. Martin, R.	659	Tate, W. J.	606	Trimnell, D. W.	547
Staggs, M.	861	Tate, A. C.	606	Trotman, W. S.	745,748,761
Stamber, F.	529	Tate, C.	889		794
Stanhrough, H. 63,459,658,559		Tate, G.	632	Trotter and Co.	717
Stanton, A.	687	Taylor, G. W. M.	888	Trotter, C. S.	866
Starr, W.	60,486,496	Taylor, H. S.	495,498	Trotter, C. R.	571,584
Stevenson, J. 63,64,552,560		Taylor, J. H.	64,452,607,870	Trutwein, C.	519
	875		887,888	Trutwein, G.	583
Stephenson, W.	64,459,662	Taylor, W. E.	650	Papp, A. C.	60,94
Stephenson, J.	800	Taylor, T. A.	659	Turnbull & Co.	714
Stephenson, R.	743,797,801	Taylor, A. L.	606	Turnbull, S. R.	658,659
	818,819	Taylor, W.	765	Turner, A.	542
Stevens, P.	649	Taylor, A.	789	Turner, H. G.	63,64,407,606
Stevens, P.	796	Taylor, A. C. 741,745,749,761		Turner, E.	85,806
Stevenson, W. [F.]	642		788,789,794,804,868,884	Turton and Leggett	718
Stevenson, E. S.	597	Taylor & Co.	713,716	Tweddie, W.	600
Stevenson, W.	742,797,798	Teddy, J.	714	Twedy, J. H.	656
	818,819	Templer, J. H.	600	Tyrell, S. M.	549
Stewart, J. H. M. S. 61,63,70		Tennant, T. B. E.	64,600,606	Tyrell, F. H.	868,878
	481,487,875,877,887	Theobalds, J. R.	544,546	Unangst, E.	818
Stiven, J.	657	Theophilus, A.	765,818	Underwood, W. G.	89
Stoddard, J. H.	597	Thennarungah, S.	872	Unneydian, V.	800
Stokes, H. J.	73,606	Theromala Chetty, T.	872	Upson, J. R.	889
Stokes, H. E.	61,8,606	Theravengada Mudaliar, E.	459	Usher, C. J.	485,490
Stokes, G.	63,70,80,606	Theravengadaswami Pillay	360	Vadichella Vathiyar, V.	872
Stollery, C.	869,869,892		360	Vadichellurana Iyah, T.	872
Stone, J.	780	Theravengadaswami	360	Vadadava Pandaram, C.	872
Stonesher, E. H.	690	Thomas, J. B., Dr.	540,544	Vanderwart & Co.	716
Storey & Dunhill	715		545,548	Vandomeyer, G. G. B.	560
Strachan, J. M.	742,761,788	Thomas, J. D.	790	Vandomeyer, W. J.	544,545
	749,865,884	Thomas, H. S.	70,74,606,870		798,797,798
Strange, Lumbden	667,660		870,884,886	Vanes, J. A.	801
Strange, John	715	Thomas, G. T.	550	Vandaveta, T.	483,489
Strong, J. W.	548	Thomas, T. E.	597	Vasodava Mudaliar, P.	871
Srinavasa Chary, C. C. V.		Thomas, Wm.	743,888,894	Vaughan, S.	884
	871	Thomas, E. C. G.	73	Veeraraghavachary, M.	877
Srinavasaiah, S.	871	Thomson, J.	80,606	Veeraraghava Chary, M.	871
Srinavasaiah, A.	872	Thomson, R.	62,560	Veeraperumal Pillay, P.	871
Srinavasa, Ran, P. 62,877,886		Thompson, G. A. S.	597	Veenakum Nanienger	60
Stuart, A. J.	80,606	Thompson, R. A.	862	Venkataramanjoolee	
Stuart, C. J.	493	Thompson, J. G.	794	Naidoo, W. S.	871
Stuart, C. A.	407	Thompson, A.	90,95,100,180	Venkataramiah Garu, Y.	459
Sturmer, J. J.	550	Thompson, A.	92,560,606	Venkata Chary, C.	871
Starrock, J.	61,6,63,70,83	Thompson, E.	66,826	Venkata Chariyar, T.	495
	800,797,803,875,878,884	Thompson, D. K.	62,459,540	Venkatavara Sastry, S.	872
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Subba Rao, M.	877		707	Venkataramiah, P.	885
Subbaratnam, C.	868	Thompson, J.	866	Venkatarkistama Naidu,	
Subbaratnam Aiyar, C. T.	847	Thompson, J. W.	866	P.	660
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Subbaratnam, G.	877	Thornburn, W. M.	91	N.	459
Subram, B. T.	548	Thornhill, W. H.	530	Venataramanooja Iyan,	
Subrayachand, S.	486,490	Thornhill, A. R.	603	V.	872
Sullivan, W. J. A.	596,597	Thornhill, G.	606	Venatashella Chetty, P.	662
Sullivan, H. E.	61,73,636,873	Thorp, P.	963,892		886
Sullivan, J. F.	696	Tillard, G. H.	596,60	Venatasooboo Chettyar, G.	
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Wapshere, H. 917	Wilkinson, F. 860,817,819	Wynch, J. W. 745,747,764,794
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Walton, J. H. 800	Wilks, C. H. 683	Wynne, S. H. 90,506
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Ward, E. G. 676	Williams, H. A. 741,745,752	Yeomans, C. 817
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Warlick, D. P. 509	Williams, B. H. 530	Yorke, A. 683
Warlow, G. 745,748,761,794	Williams, C. 805	Young, B. H. 455,488
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Almanack Advertiser, JANUARY, 1879.

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East India, Army, Civil Service, and Colonial Agents and Bankers,
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SHIPPING AND SUPPLY DEPARTMENT, 65, CORNHILL, E. C.

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2. Orders for Goods should be accompanied by remittances for their approximate cost, and, when required to be executed on Credit, a satisfactory reference should be furnished.

3. Goods are charged at the prices at which the public may buy them in London, and with very few exceptions no commission is charged on their purchase, especially when funds are remitted with orders.

4. Subscriptions to Periodicals and Newspapers are payable in advance.

95
119
214

ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

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MADRAS AGENCY.

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The Corporation grant *Drafts* on *London* from demand to six months' sight, and on *Paris, Scotland and Ireland* on demand; also *Circular Notes* negotiable in *Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, the Australian Colonies, America and the Cape of Good Hope.*

N. B.—No *Drafts* at six months' sight are granted under £50. Sums under £20, are drawn on *demand only.*

DRAFTS are also granted on *Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hong-Kong, Mauritius, Melbourne, Port Elizabeth, (Algoa Bay), Cape Town, Shanghai, Singapore, Sydney, Yokohama,* and on the Corporation's correspondents in *New Zealand, South Australia and Tasmania* at the exchange of the day.

The Corporation purchase or collect *Bills* payable in *Europe*, or in any of the abovementioned places.

The Corporation discount *Private Bills* and *Notes*, payable in *Madras*, not having longer than 3 months to run, and bearing at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership; they also make advances on *Government Paper, Bullion, Bank of Madras Shares, and Bills of Lading* accompanied by *Invoices and Policies of Insurance.*

The rates of *Exchange, Interest and Discount* may be ascertained on application at the Office.

DEPOSITS.

The Corporation receive *Deposits* on the following terms:—

1st.—No deposit account opened for a less sum than *Rs. 500.* The Corporation furnish blank *Cheques and Pass Books*, and it is particularly requested that parties will refrain from making entries in their *Pass Books.*

2nd.—*Cheques or Orders* on which any erasures or alterations have been made, will not be paid.

3rd.—*Cheques* post-dated, i.e. bearing a date subsequent to the date of presentation will not be paid.

4th.—In the event of the word "Bearer" in *Cheques* being altered to "order" the Corporation will not hold themselves responsible in respect of the genuineness of the endorsements on *Cheques* so altered.

5th.—The Corporation collect *Drafts, Cheques, &c.,* payable in *Madras*, but all *Bills* intended for realization, are requested to be sent in at least one day before due date. *Cheques on other Banks received after 2 p. m. will not be sent out for collection until the following day, and on Saturday if received after 12 o'clock, they will not be cleared until the following Monday.*

In the case of dishonored *Bills* the Corporation do not take the notarial step except under special instructions.

6th.—On deposits repayable on demand no interest is allowed. No Commission is charged on receipts or disbursements.

7th.—When balance falls below *Rs. 500* during the half year a fee of *Rs. 10* will be charged. Accounts are balanced half-yearly, viz., 30th June and 31st December.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Interest is allowed on sums of *Rs. 500* and upwards, re-payable at 6 or 12 months' notice at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum.

N. B.—Notice is recorded by the Corporation at the time the money is deposited. No interest will be allowed after the term has expired, nor can the amount be withdrawn before due date, either for remittance or otherwise, without special permission.

REMITTANCE.

Family and other remittances are made free of charge, for *Constituents* at current rates of exchange. It is requested that all communications may be addressed, and *Bills and Liabilities* made payable to "The Oriental Bank Corporation," also that applicants for *Drafts* will give in full the *Christian names* and addresses of the payees, to whom if desired, the *Drafts* will be forwarded direct. In cases of applications for *Drafts* in favor of married ladies, their own *Christian names, not their husbands',* should be furnished. *Drafts* on *London* payable on demand are drawn on the Bank of England.

COMMISSION.

The Corporation take charge of *Government Paper and other Securities* and draw interest and Dividends on the following terms:—

If to be remitted through the Corporation Without charge.

On amount of interest drawn if credited to account or otherwise disposed of 1/4 per cent.

On delivery of Securities from safe custody 1/4 per cent. on the amount.

On purchase and sale of *Government and other Securities* 1/4 per cent.

On proceeds of Securities sold and remitted in the *Drafts* of the Corporation No charge.

On collection of Foreign bills of £100 and upwards 1/4 per cent.

On do. do. if below £100 1/2 per cent.

On do. of Inland Bills 1/4 per cent.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.—From ten till three, (on Saturdays from ten till one) o'clock.

MADRAS, 30th September, 1873.

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Agra Bank, Limited.

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The Right Hon. THE EARL OF CARNWATH.

W. DUNCAN, Esq.

JOSEPH GRAHAM, Esq.

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D.M. ARBUTHNOT.

ACCOUNTANT.

A. J. VERINI.

SOLICITORS.

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JACOB MOSES is prepared to render his kind Patrons and the public every possible satisfaction which he always did Ever since he established himself in Madras.

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The Table is well supplied, the Wines are of the very best description, the Rooms airy, and every attention paid to the comfort and convenience of residents.

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VICTORIA FAMILY HOTEL,

"Ameer Bagh" opposite to General Neil's Statue,
MOUNT ROAD.

This Hotel is one of the best established Hotels in the Presidency and is three-storied. It is airy and commodious, and fitted with every convenience to meet the requirements of single gentlemen and Families.

The Proprietor begs to return his sincere thanks to those gentlemen and ladies who kindly patronized his Hotel since its establishment and hopes to obtain a continuation of the same. It is under the direct management of the Proprietor and his terms are moderate.
Rooms available.

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COCANADA CIGARS.

VARIETY IS CHARMING.

C. W. EATON & CO.,
CIGAR MANUFACTURERS,
COCANADA,

BEG TO INFORM THE SECRETARY OF MESSES, AND THE
PUBLIC IN GENERAL,
THAT THEY

Have now ready for Sale the undermentioned
Cigars, finest Lanka Tobacco.

* Assorted (Eaton's)	Eaton's Opera.
Burmah Shape.	Do. Torpedo.
Babington No. 1 Size.	Half Hours.
Do. " 2 do.	Havannah No. 1 Size.
Cartado No. 1 Size (Manilla Shape)	Do. " 2 do.
Do. " 2 do. (de.)	Do. " 3 do.
Dindigul Shape.	Leisure Hour.
Dolly Varden No. 1 Size.	Office ...
Do. " 2 do.	Sedan No. 1 Size.
Eaton's 5 Minutes.	Do. " 2 do.

* Eaton's Assorted Cigars—100 in each box, containing a choice variety of 19 different shapes and sizes.

The above Cigars are manufactured by experienced workmen, from the best Tobacco procurable, and as such can be guaranteed.

They are fresh and of excellent flavor. In short any kind named above can be confidently recommended as being unequalled in Cocanada.

All orders will be promptly attended to and speedily executed.

C. W. EATON & CO.

THE MADRAS EQUITABLE ASSURANCE SOCIETY.

(SUCCESSOR TO THE MADRAS LAUDABLE SOCIETY, ESTABLISHED IN 1829).

Regulated by Act No. VI of 1869 of the Legislative Council of Fort St. George.

HEAD OFFICE IN MADRAS.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

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W. H. HARRIS, Esq., M.D.

Actuary.

A. H. BAILEY, Esq., of the London Assurance Corporation.

Agents in London.

Messrs. ARBUTHNOT, LATHAM & Co.

The Chief Characteristics of this Society are :—

Mutual Assurance.

Consequently there are no shareholders to be provided out of the premiums with a dividend.

Claims paid immediately upon a casualty being proved to the satisfaction of the Directors.

An official notice of death in any of Her Majesty's Government Gazettes is a sufficient proof of death.

Life Policies, (excepting those formerly issued at annually increasing rates of premium), when they have paid three years' premiums are saleable to the Society at rates specially prepared by the Society's Actuary in London.

For the convenience of policy-holders residing in Europe, an agency has been opened in London for the receipt of premiums at a fixed Exchange of Two Shillings per Rupee, and for payment of

620

death claims at the current Exchange on Madras. In the event of policies thus transferred to the London Register, becoming claims by death, Indian Probate or Letters of Administration are not required.

Renewal premiums are payable half-yearly on the 1st January and 1st July.

One calendar month's grace allowed for payment of renewal premiums.

Claims arising whilst renewal premiums are due are not invalidated provided the premium be paid within the month's grace.

Policies voided by non-payment of premium may be renewed at any time within twelve months upon production of satisfactory health certificates.

The funds of the Society not required for current purposes, must be invested in Securities of the Government of India, or in Securities, the interest of which is guaranteed by the Government of India, or by the Secretary of State for India in Council.

All such Securities must be held in the joint names of three of the Directors of the Society. The Directors must be residents at Madras, and are elected by the Members.

Quinquennial valuations of all the Society's assets and liabilities are made by the Actuary of an Assurance Office established in London having a duration of not less than twenty years.

The Surplus Funds which by every such valuation are found to be held by the Society, are divisible, at the discretion of the Directors, rateably with the premiums paid during the expired quinquennium amongst the holders of life policies subsisting on the last day of the period embraced by every such valuation, and are applicable to the reduction of premiums becoming payable during the ensuing quinquennium.

The valuation to 31st December 1875 was made by A. H. Bailey, Esq., of the London Assurance Corporation, his report shows that the Society had on that date a clear Surplus of Rs. 5,96,434.

Premiums payable during the quinquennium 1876--1880 on policies that were subsisting on the 31st December 1875, have been

reduced to the extent of sixty-five per cent. of the aggregate amount of premium paid on such policies during 1871—1875.

The following is an example of the effect of the reduction.
Policy No. — for 15,000 Rs., age next birthday 35 years, civil rate,
gross annual premium 46 Rs. per 1,000 Rs. Premiums paid thereon
from 1st January 1871 to 31st December 1875 3,450-0-0 Rs.

Sixty-five per cent. of which amount is 2,242-8-0 „

Divided by five for so many years of ensuing
quinquennium gives an annual reduction

during 1876—1880 of 448-8-0 „

Gross annual premium 690-0-0 „

Less, annual reduction as above stated 448-8-0 „

Net annual premium payable during 1876—1880 241-8-0 „

Or at the rate of 16-1-7 Rs. per 1,000 Rs. annually.

The current quinquennium commenced on the 1st January 1876. Reduced premiums on new Assurances came into force on the 1st January 1877.

The members of the Society consist of all persons who hold policies of assurance either on their own lives or on the lives of other parties, *for the duration of life.*

General meetings of members must be held annually.

Special general meetings may be summoned by the Directors or by twenty members.

An Annual audit of the Society's accounts is made by an Auditor elected by the members.

The Report of the Directors and of the Auditor, together with an abstract of the accounts for the previous years, are read at every annual general meeting.

Members holding policies for Rs. 1,000 or up to Rs. 10,000 have one vote, and an additional vote, not exceeding ten in all, for every additional Rupee 10,000.

The past experience of the Society leads the Directors to anticipate that the retention of the mutual principle, and the quinquennial distributions of Surpluses, will bring down the cost of assurance by this office, for life, to the lowest possible point.

Term policy-holders are not members, and are not entitled to share in the surplus funds of the Society.

Term policies are therefore issued at reduced, non-participating rates of premium.

Assurances may be granted on the lives of Europeans, East Indians or Eurasians, and Parsis.

No policy issued for a less sum than Rupees 500, or for a larger sum than Rupees 30,000, on any one life.

The Medical Examiner sees Applicants for Assurance at his residence, Pantheon Road, Egmore, on Wednesdays and Saturdays between 11 and 12 A. M.

For further particulars, copies of the Director's Reports containing Abstracts of the Society's Accounts, Forms of Proposals, &c., (which are sent free to any part of India,) apply to

ARBUTHNOT AND CO.,

Secretaries and Treasurers.

Depot for Polishing Granite Tombs.

Trotter and Co.,

UNDERTAKERS AND SCULPTORS,

Nº. 47, VEPERY HIGH ROAD,

OPPOSITE THE BAPTIST CHAPEL.

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QUARTERLY ARMY LIST**

WILL BE READY FOR DELIVERY

On or about 8th January, 1879.

APPLY TO

W. H. MOORE,

Superintendent.

By B. M. Royal  Kellers Patent.

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CHURCH OF ENGLAND ASSURANCE INSTITUTION.

ESTABLISHED 1840.

HEAD OFFICE—KING STREET, CHEAPSIDE, LONDON.

EMPOWERED BY SPECIAL ACT OF PARLIAMENT.

Capital—One Million.

"Short Term" and "Whole Life" Assurances are granted.

In addition to ordinary Assurances this Company issues Policies by which the sums assured are made payable to the Policy-holder himself on his attaining a specified age or to his representatives in the event of his previous death. By this means Officers and others may both provide for their families and secure *Retiring Provision* for themselves.

Also "Funct" Policies are granted which can never altogether lapse in consequence of the non-payment of Premiums.

"Clergy Rates" have been recently prepared to enable Clergymen and Ministers of all denominations to assure their Lives in this Institution upon more favorable terms than in any other Office.

Premiums may be paid annually, half-yearly, quarterly or monthly as desired.

Thirty days' grace are allowed for the payment of annual, half-yearly and quarterly premiums, and fifteen days for monthly premiums. The validity of the Policy will, in every case, be maintained by payment of the Premiums within the stipulated period, notwithstanding the death of the Assured may have occurred before such premiums shall have been received.

No extra rate is charged for sea-passages, and on arrival in Europe a reduction is made in the premium without the assured being required to pass any Medical examination.

Policies effected by parties on their own lives, and assigned as a bona fide security to others, will not be rendered void in the event of death by suicide, duelling, or the hands of justice. Claims will become payable within three months after satisfactory proof of death.

The Medical Officer, Dr. Thomas, sees applicants for Assurance at his residence, Egnore, on any day of the week between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Detailed Prospectuses with the names of the Trustees and Directors, Full Tables of Life Premiums, and the necessary Forms of Proposal, may be obtained on application to the following Agents:—

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Messrs. COLVIN, COWIE & Co., Calcutta.

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FOR MARINE, FIRE AND LIFE ASSURANCES.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, A.D. 1720.

OFFICE, No. 7, ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON, E. C.

EDWARD BUDD, Esq. Governor.
MARK WILKS COLLET, Esq. Sub-Governor.
WILLIAM BENNIE, Esq. Deputy Governor.

Total Funds on 31st Dec. 1877.....£3,050,351

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Policies in force for (exclusive of bonus additions).....5,345,543

Income—Premiums.....£178,431

Interest.....80,268

258,719

Accumulated premiums.....1,688,017

Further information may be obtained on application to

ARBUTHNOT AND CO., Agents.

S. AUGUSTIN.

BOOT, SHOE AND HARNESS MAKER

No. 5, 30, MOUNT ROAD

Established 1849.

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S. A. takes this opportunity to inform his constituents that he has made arrangements with his London Agents, and receives every quarter per Canal Steamers, a fresh Invoice of the best selected English materials, and has now on hand the following: Skins of various kinds, viz:—Glazed kid, grained calf and goat white bronze kid, waxed calf, Russet calf, Kid calf, Memel goat, Patent calf and Roan skins of various colors: Brown and White Boot Tops; Prunellas and Satin; Maxwell's Military Regulation Patent, Brass and Steel Spurs; Patent Spur Boxes; Steel Trower Chains; Plated Hunting and Light Steel Civilian and Ladies' invisible Spurs; Cricketing Spikes; Hob Nail; Silk Mohair, Porpoise skin and leather Boot Laces; Gent's Elastic Side Polished Boot Trees; Long Boot Trees of sizes for Regulation Riding Boots.

All orders he may be favoured with, will be carefully and punctually attended to, under his immediate superintendence, and trusts he will meet with the same liberal patronage that has been hitherto extended to him.

Price List, with directions of self-measurement for Boots and Shoes, will be forwarded free of postage, on application.

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WINE MERCHANTS, MADRAS.

THE MOST NOTED HOUSE

IN SOUTHERN INDIA.

FOR HIGH CLASS WINES.

SPARKLING WINES,

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Moselles,

Hocks,

Burgundies.

Sherries,

Ports,

Clarets, Red and White,

Burgundies, Red and White.

Pure Wines of the Rhine,

Hungarian Wines,

Brandies,

Irish Whiskies,

Scotch Whiskies,

Old Tom,

Hollands,

Rum,

Liqueurs,

All of the best and well-known brands.

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OILMAN'S STORES,

CONFECTIONERY,

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S. AND CO. only import from *Manufacturers of the highest repute* hence the almost

UNIVERSAL EXCLAMATION

THROUGHOUT THE PRESIDENCY

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Price Lists post free on application.

Messes, Clubs and Co-operative Societies having large and continuous dealings—will be liberally treated.

ESTABLISHED IN 1830.

C. LAZARUS & CO.,

INCORPORATED WITH

SHEARWOOD & CO.,

CABINET-MAKERS, UPHOLSTERERS,

BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS.

55, 59, 60, & 61, BENTINCK STREET, CALCUTTA.

By appointment to His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General of India AND TO,

H. R. H. THE DUKE OF EDINBURGH.

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C. LAZARUS & Co., as Manufacturers, would invite particular attention to their large stock of full-sized Billiard Tables. One of the chief desiderata in a Billiard Table is to secure such an arrangement as will admit of a Ball being struck so as to attain the highest speed without its jumping. This, it need scarcely be said, depends entirely upon the arrangement of the cushions. C. L. & Co., in mentioning this fact, would state that the subject has largely occupied their attention, and after repeated experiments and close consideration, they have discovered a principle in the manufacture of cushions which answers admirably the end desired. Since the manufacture of their cushions on this new principle, C. L. & Co. have received testimonials from some of the first Clubs in India speaking to the merits of the same. To secure *tricks with speed*, that is to say, the maximum of speed compatible with preventing the Ball jumping, is the object which C. L. & Co. have had in view, and which at length they have successfully attained. At the same time, the cushions, it should be stated, are quite as durable, or even more durable, under the new principle of making up, than under the old.

THE NEW PATENT ELECTRIC BILLIARD MARKER,

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AGENTS FOR

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Manufacturers of Crystal and Ormolu Chandeliers, Fountains, Wall Brackets, Table Lamps, Table Glass, Porcelain, Earthenware, etc., etc.

BY APPOINTMENT TO

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H. J. M. the Sultan of Turkey:

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From 1 to 200 lights, either of pure crystal or in colours to suit the tastes of purchasers.

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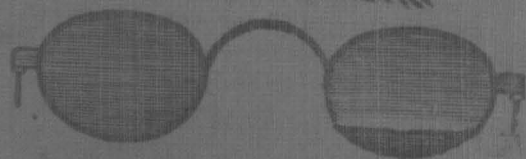
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METEOROLOGICAL, ASTRONOMICAL, AND SCIENTIFIC INSTRUMENT-MAKERS.
ESTABLISHED 1844.

Sight!!! For the young, middle-aged, and aged. Preservation, protection, relief, aid, and comfort afforded from glare, dust, wind, to impaired vision, and diseased eyes. Myopia, Presbyopia, Strabismus, Ophthalmia, Cataract, and Astigmatism.



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SOLOMONS AND CO.'S

Celebrated Pebble, and Swiss Crystal Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, and Tinted Crystal Eye-Preservers.

Of best colorless Brazil Pebbles; and colorless or tinted Swiss Crystals. Unrivalled for Brilliance and Cleanness; transmitting a cool, clear light, and preserving the Eye from heat and irritation.

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Steel Spectacles Pebbles	Rs. 10	8
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Steel Eye-preservers, wire rims, neutral tint, front crystals ..	" 10	8

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In order to avoid delay and inconvenience, the undersigned begs that Gentlemen when ordering W. O. Forms will always send them through the Pay Examiner, as per order from that Officer.

W. H. MOORE,

31st December, 1878.

Supt. L. A. Press.

MILITARY ACCOUNT DEPARTMENT.

CIRCULAR MEMORANDUM, No. 365.

"Government having directed that, in modification of the present method of supplying gratis War Office Forms and Books to British

P. G., No. 3,927, of 4th
December 1871.

Troops and to Departments, requisitions for such Forms, &c., be sent half-yearly to the Pay Examiner, the following rules, which have been adopted from the War Office instructions on the subject, will be observed:—

1. Requisitions for blank Forms and Books

are to be transmitted to the War Office Form, No. 679, attached. Office of the Pay Examiner half-yearly by the 1st June for the half-year ending 31st December, and 1st December for the period ending 30th June, in order that the necessary supplies of Forms may, if possible, be in the possession of Corps at the commencement of each ensuing half year."

(Signed) C. S. ELLIOT,

Ag. Pay Examiner.

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Do. do. Albert size do. do.
Do. do. Queen " do. do.

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Blue do. do. do. do.

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List of Madras Military Forms on Sale.

No.	Description	Quarter sheet Foolscap, 1 Page.
219	Allowance to Savings' Bank Clerks	Do. do. 1 do.
465	Certificate for a Member of a Court Martial	Do. do. 1 do.
466	Certificate for a Witness.	Do. do. 1 do.
488	Huts—Abstract of Hutting Money	Do. do. 1 do.
489	Huts—Hutting Roll	Do. do. 1 do.
96	Passports, Natives, Effective Troops	Do. do. 1 do.
597	Do. do. Pension establishment	Do. do. 1 do.
639	Return of Short Issue of Rations (Europeans)	Do. do. 1 do.
640	Register of Short Issues of Rations, Natives	Do. do. 1 do.
661	Return of Bibles, &c. in use with Corps	Do. do. 1 do.
706	Target Practice Register	Do. do. 1 do.
641	Reports of Arrivals and Departures of Guards	Do. do. 2 Pages.
123	Military Pensions	Do. do. 2 do.
78	Statement of Deductions, &c.	Half sheet do. 1 Page.
390	Band Statement of Debts and Assets	Do. do. 1 do.
406	Cells, Roll of Prisoners to be furnished on release	Do. do. 1 do.
402	" Time Tables	Do. do. 1 do.
404	" Label for Cell-door	Do. do. 1 do.
466	Furlough application for Indian Army.	Do. do. 1 do.
478	General Roll of Family Certificates	Do. do. 1 do.
482	Horses, Register of Horses selected	Do. do. 1 do.
483	Do. Proceedings of Casting Committee	Do. do. 1 do.
484	Do. do. Committee on a Horse	Do. do. 1 do.
485	Do. do. registered Charger	Do. do. 1 do.
486	Do. Report of Alterations and Casualties	Do. do. 1 do.
511	List of Necessaries in possession of a Man returning to the Coast	Do. do. 1 do.
518	List of Claims for investigation before Courts of Requests	Do. do. 1 do.
519	Memorandum of March	Do. do. 1 do.
520	Mass Statement of Debts and Assets	Do. do. 1 do.
576	Native Officers, Application for Pension	Do. do. 1 do.
577	Do. Medical Certificates to accompany the above	Do. do. 1 do.
582	Nominal Roll of a Detail returning to the Coast	Do. do. 1 do.
583	Do. of Men transferred	Do. do. 1 do.
588	Orders for Confirmation	Do. do. 1 do.
595	Parade State	Do. do. 1 do.
628	Recommendation Roll for Annuity and Medal	Do. do. 1 do.
629	Do. for Gratuity do.	Do. do. 1 do.
633	Berthing Parties, return of	Do. do. 1 do.
634	Recruits, report upon	Do. do. 1 do.
635	Do. Roll of Candidates for enlistment	Do. do. 1 do.
637	Return of Courts Martial inferior to General	Do. do. 1 do.
642	Report on European Non-commissioned Staff of Regiments	Do. do. 1 do.
646	Return of Men proposed to be discharged at the Annual Inspection (Native Troops)	Do. do. 1 do.
647	Do. do. do. other times (Nat. Troops)	Do. do. 1 do.
648	Do. do. do. on Medical grounds	Do. do. 1 do.
649	Return of transferred Boys proposed to be discharged	Do. do. 1 do.
654	Do. of Books of Regulations	Do. do. 1 do.
655	Do. of Troops on Boardship	Do. do. 1 do.
656	Do. of Men in Station Hospital	Do. do. 1 do.
663	Do. of Officers of H. M.'s British Service who have embarked for England	Do. do. 1 do.
674	Roll of Men recommended for exchange in transfer	Do. do. 1 do.
675	Do. do. for Unattached List	Do. do. 1 do.

Madras Military Forms.—Continued.

No.	Description	Half Sheet Foolscap.	1 Page.
189	Nominal List of men proposed	Do.	1 do.
688	Sanitary Returns of British Regiments in divisions	Do.	1 do.
690	Statement of Marriage Ceremony	Do.	1 do.
705	Target Practice Return of Squads Native Army	Do.	1 do.
853	Monthly return of Prisoners, &c., Form F	Do.	1 do.
475	Guard Report on Boardship	Do.	2 Pages.
436	Distribution of Duty State	Do.	2 do.
487	Notes, Proceedings of Committee to value	Do.	2 do.
581	Nominal Roll of Unattached List (N. L.)	Do.	2 do.
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694	Statement of Forage and Gram	Do.	2 do.
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638	Return of Native Followers of British Regiment	Do.	3 do.
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431	Do. in English and Telugoo	Do.	3 do.
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