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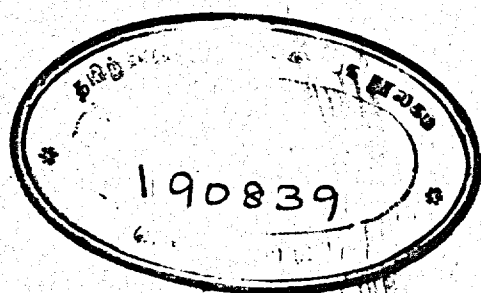
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ALTERATIONS WHILE PRINTING.

Page 52, CIVIL—Civil Service List.—omit J. W. Cherry.

Page 215, CIVIL—Uncovenanted Civil Service Regulations.—Omit Tabular Statement Appendix A, and read as follows:—

APPENDIX A.

[Revised forms of Registers of Application for Superannuation Pension and for Gratuities are published in the *Fort St. George Gazette* of 19th October 1866, pages 573 to 575. They are not printed here, as copies of the forms for use are obtainable from the Superintendent of Stationery.—*Notification, Gazette, just quoted.*]

Page 240, CIVIL—Sea Customs.—for J. W. Cherry, Esq., Collector, read R. A. Dalryell, Esq., Acting

Page 340, JUDICIAL—Officers of the Court—for Colonel J. Impett, Sheriff, read H. D. E. Dalrymple, Esq., Acting, 1866.

Page 413, COMMERCIAL—Bank of Madras—read as follows:—

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

POPHAM'S BROADWAY.—Opened 1st July 1843.

Capital 56,25,000 Rupees.

The Hon'ble John Young.—*President.*

DIRECTORS NOMINATED BY THE GOVERNMENT.

The Hon'ble C. Pelly. | F. Lushington, Esq. | Colonel J. Carpendale.

ELECTED BY THE PROPRIETORS.

Hon. A. F. Brown, | T. H. Allan, Esq | W. B. Liddell, Esq.
R. C. Walker, Esq. | W. Scott, Esq. |

Page 410, COMMERCIAL—Bankers and Agents—omit the name of H. Hicks, Esq., the Firm of Messrs. Dymes & Co.

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SUMMARY.

EUROPEAN.

WHEN the year 1866 opened, England was in a state of great prosperity. At a dinner given at Stroud, Mr. Horsman said, and said truly, "We are standing to-night in a position of peace and prosperity, which, I think, we all of us feel to be perfectly unexampled. I remember no time, through a long public life, in which the commercial classes in England were so prosperous as now. I remember no time when our legislation was so sound, when our laws were better administered, when our people were more loyal, when our institutions were more popular, and when all classes in England, from the highest to the lowest, were more linked together in one great bond of brotherhood." Then as always there were clouds upon the bright sky, which appeared likely to produce considerable disturbance in the minds of the people. Lord Palmerston was just dead and there was no one equally popular and skilful to succeed him. The cattle-plague seemed likely to destroy our foremost article of food and at the same time ruin a large proportion of the English farmers. The Fenian conspiracy was rapidly spreading in Ireland although a number of its leaders had recently been condemned to imprisonment. In the Church, the reprehensible proceedings of the ritualists bid fair to produce division where of all things unity is most necessary. Under the good hand of God, none of these things have been permitted seriously to detract from the public good, and the year now completed has been on the whole as prosperous as any on record.

Not so, however, in other countries. America, just emerged from one of the most terrible contests on record, had lost the chief who had directed the efforts of the nation; and in January 1866, had for its President, Andrew Johnson, who had been Vice President with Abraham Lincoln. The nation had found that the cessation of war had but opened a way to disputes of the most serious character, and each month of the year has but witnessed fresh steps in the path of separation, which now seem likely to end in a renewal of Civil War. Spain was in the throes of revolution—General Prim being at the head of those in arms against the Government. Between the latter nation and Chili war was raging, which had been commenced by Spain without provocation, and carried on without honor. Austria and Prussia still held the fruits of their piracy against Denmark, and in dividing the prey, were rapidly approaching a dreadful war with each other.

When January opened, all England was crying out for an enquiry into the recent lamentable events in Jamaica, and in the first week of the year, Sir Henry Storks and Messrs. Gurney and Maule were appointed a commission to report upon the whole matter. They had but just started, when all Europe was startled by the news of the wreck of the Steam Ship "London" on her voyage to Australia. Out of 239 persons on board, only 19 were saved. Every heart was touched by the manner in which the passengers met their fate. Bishop Woolley and the Rev. Mr. Draper showed how Christian men should act in times of danger, and went down with the ship while calmly striving to comfort their fellow-sufferers. Other disasters happened on the same occasion. Nothing, however, was more talked of than some extraordinary sensational papers which appeared in the *Pall Mall Gazette*, under the title of "A Night in a Workhouse," relating the experience of a gentleman who disguised himself as a tramp and obtained a night's lodging in the "casual" ward. The abominations which were thus brought to light were so shocking that every one would gladly have disbelieved them had they ever been contradicted. A large amount of good in the way of reform resulted from what we must regard as a very courageous enterprise, and one of the very best things that has been done by the press in these latter days.

On the 1st February, the new Parliament met, when Mr. Denison was again made speaker. Messrs. Mill, Hughes and Fawcett were among the most noteworthy of the new members. The cattle-plague and the welfare of Ireland were the chief subjects of discussion. Earl Russell was at the head of the ministry, from which Sir Charles Wood had just retired to be made Lord Halifax. He was succeeded by Lord DeGrey. One of the first acts of Parliament was to suspend the Habeas Corpus Act in Ireland. This measure passed through both houses and received the assent of the Queen in one evening. It was immediately followed by the arrest in Ireland of large numbers of the Fenian leaders, and, for the time, prevented a rebellion in Ireland. A few days afterwards there was a revolution in the Danubian principalities. There was a ministerial crisis at Bucharest, and on the same day a large body of troops surrounded the palace of Prince Couza, and forced him to abdicate. Upon this his abdication was proclaimed, and the Count of Flanders (brother to the present King of the Belgians) was declared Hospodar of Roumania. He, however, would not accept of the proffered dignity, and considerable delay followed until a prince of the Prussian Royal family was elected. He still occupies this slippery throne, and has just been confirmed by the Sultan.

On the 12th March, Mr. Gladstone brought in a new Reform Bill. He propounded the ministerial scheme with all that clearness of statement for which he is so remarkable; but he never rose into enthusiasm, and people who expected to hear a great oratorical display were disappointed when he sat down after speaking for two hours and a half. The main features of the bill, which were thus sketched by Mr. Gladstone were the extension of the county franchise to occupants at 14l. per annum, and of the borough franchise to 7l. renters. There was no proposal for the re-distribution of seats, but a sort of promise that it should be considered another time. A great debate followed, in which the speeches of Messrs. Horsman, Lowe and Bright recalled the days of Burke, Pitt and Sheridan. "Mr. Bright's speech was admirable, not because it was forcible or convincing, but because it was so extremely witty, novel, and captivating. The suggestion that Mr Horsman had entered into a political Cave of Adullam, whither he invited every one that was distressed and every one that was discontented; the discovery that Mr. Lowe and Mr. Horsman had resolved to make a party of two; the comparison of them to a hairy terrier, as to which no one can say which is the head and which is the tail; the disposal of Mr. Lowe's and Mr. Marsh's Australian parallels by the remark that they seemed to take a Botany Bay view of their countrymen; and the picture of Mr. Lowe taking, like a polypus on a rock, his color from the hundred and seventy villagers and seven working-men of Calne, were flights of Parliamentary humour that have seldom been surpassed."

Meanwhile, the quarrel between Austria and Prussia increased in bitterness. Prussia accused Austria of making vast military preparations, and Austria in reply made the same charge against Prussia and Italy, who appeared to be making arrangements for a united attack upon Austria. On the other side of the Atlantic, the quarrel between the President and Congress of the United States became more and more violent. The Congress desired to crown their victory in war by the adoption of such measures as should remove the evils which had caused it, by giving the negro inhabitants equal liberty to that possessed by the whites. The President, on the other hand, deserting the party which had raised him to power, thought it of first importance to conciliate the white inhabitants of the south. As it seemed impossible to reconcile such diverse wishes, and as neither party would give way, the Congress has repeatedly passed bills which the President vetoed as frequently, only to be passed again over his veto. A conspicuous example of this happened in the early part of April in connection with the Civil Rights Bill, which was made law in spite of the President's veto.

On the 7th May, the Government measure for the re-distribution of seats was introduced by Mr. Gladstone. No boroughs were to be disfranchised; 41 seats were obtained by grouping together small boroughs, and 8 by depriving boroughs of one member. Of these seats, 26 were to be given to the English counties, 5 to the large towns, 11 to new constituencies, and 7 to Scotland. A motion made by

Lord Stanley, in committee that the franchise clauses should be postponed till the re-distribution had been arranged, was defeated by 257 to 260. Another motion made by Mr. Walpole to raise the proposed county qualification from 14l. to 20l. was defeated by 297 to 283, little progress was made in committee. A motion by Mr. Hunt that rating, and not rental, should be the basis of the 14l. county franchise, was defeated by a majority of only seven, in a full house. The discussion continued till the 18th June, when Government was defeated upon an amendment, moved by Lord Dunkellin, that the franchise should be based upon the rateable instead of the rental value of dwellings. The ministry then resigned, and after some delay, the Earl of Derby became prime minister, assisted by a conservative cabinet.

On the 10th May, Overend Gurney and Co., suspended payment with liabilities to the amount of £12,000,000. This event commenced a financial panic more intense and continuous than any other on record. Many banks and great firms were brought down within the next few days. So rapid was the course of the panic, that the Bank Charter Act was suspended on the evening of the 11th June, although the panic did not commence till the morning of the 10th. In one day, the Bank of England reserve was diminished by one-half. The injurious effects of this financial crisis have not yet passed.

On the last day of May, a small force of Fenians, under a Colonel O'Neil, crossed the Niagara river, near Buffalo, and proceeded to a spot called Fort Erie, in the hope, as it seems, of receiving reinforcements with which to undertake more important operations. The danger was immediately met, and with equal promptitude, by both the Canadian and the United States' authorities. United States' troops were at once ordered to the frontier, and no less a person than General Grant himself appeared at Buffalo to insure the vigorous exercise of the federal authority. Canadian volunteers, supported by regular troops, at once moved to the front, and came into collision with the Fenian force. They were at first repulsed, and a few volunteers were killed. The Canadians, however, soon received assistance, while reinforcements were effectually prevented from reaching the Fenians by the Federal picket-boats. The Fenians were forced to evacuate Fort Erie on the third morning. They left 32 men in the place on picket duty, who were captured by the Canadians, and the remainder, to the number of 400, were captured by the Federal boats and retained as prisoners. Since that period, the Fenian conspiracy appears to have declined in importance, although the head-centre, Stevens, promised to his supporters that rebellion should commence in Ireland before 1867.

On the 24th June, Prussia and Italy commenced the war against Austria, by invading its territory. That every day a terrible battle was fought at Custozza near Villafranca, between the Austrians and the Italians. The latter retreated when the battle was in their own hands, thus lost the victory. Every day produced several conflicts between the Austrians and Prussians, in which the former were almost always successful. The Austrians retreated to Koniggratz. On the 3d July, but ten days after the commencement of the war, the Prussian armies under Prince Frederick Charles and the Crown Prince attacked the Austrians under General Benedek near Koniggratz, and after eight hours' fighting, routed them with great loss. Upwards of 20,000 prisoners were taken. On the 5th July, the *Moniteur* announced that Austria had ceded Venetia to the Emperor of the French, and accepted his mediation for a peace between the belligerents. After a somewhat lengthened discussion, Austria submitted to the demands of Prussia and signed a very humiliating treaty, by which the German federation was divided into North and South Confederations. The former of these was to be entirely under the control of Prussia, which annexed Hanover and a large number of other states, and compelled the remainder to become mere tributaries. Italy acquired Venetia from Austria, and, with the exception of the States of the Church, is now under one constitutional sovereign, Victor Emmanuel.

While this terrible war and the negotiations which followed it were being carried on, there was arising in England an agitation concerning the Reform

question. Mr. Bright took to the stump (to use an American phrase) and has continued to the present time doing his best to persuade the ignorant mob that if they ruled the state, the country would be more prosperous than when, as now, the educated and intelligent guide its councils. The first result was an attempt to hold a monster meeting in Hyde Park in defiance of the authorities. Serious riots ensued. An immense mob of the lowest orders overpowered the police, tore down the railings of the park, wantonly destroyed the ornamental planting, burnt down many of the finest trees, and otherwise did what they could to show the benefits to be derived from mob government. Similar meetings have been held in many parts of the United Kingdom. Hitherto the foolish violence of the speakers and their ill-concealed threats of seizing the results of the thrift and industry of the better classes for division among those whose want of sobriety, economy or skill have kept them poor, have been chiefly instrumental in thwarting their own objects by inspiring well-grounded suspicion of their fitness for government.

Four days after this meeting, the telegraph cable was successfully laid across the Atlantic. As soon as the telegraphic communication was completed, the following message, which took precedence of all others, was transmitted through the Atlantic cable from the Queen to the President of the United States:—

"The Queen congratulates the President on the successful completion of an undertaking which she hopes may serve as an additional bond of union between the United States and England."

The President replied as follows:—

"July 30, 11.30 A.M."

"The President of the United States acknowledges with profound gratification the receipt of Her Majesty's despatch, and cordially reciprocates the hope that the cable that now unites the eastern and western hemispheres may serve to strengthen and perpetuate peace and amity between the Government of England and the Republic of the United States."

This message was telegraphed from Newfoundland at 3.51 P.M. on the 30th July, and was delivered to Her Majesty at Osborne at 5 P.M. The following telegram was also forwarded by the Earl of Carnarvon to Viscount Monck, Ottawa, Canada:—"I am commanded by the Queen to convey to the Governor-General of her North American Provinces Her Majesty's congratulations on the completion of the Atlantic telegraph, and the strengthening thereby of the unity of the British empire. Her Majesty includes her ancient colony of Newfoundland in these congratulations to all her faithful subjects." Soon after the completion of this great work, the Great Eastern and her consorts made a persevering attempt to recover the previous year's cable, then lying at the bottom of the Atlantic. After many failures, success crowned their efforts. The old cable was lifted, the portion still in the hold of the Great Eastern was spliced on to it, and the whole was relaid in the most perfect manner, and the Ocean is now spanned by two of the most perfect instruments ever devised by civilized nations for promoting the unity of mankind. It is fervently to be hoped that under the blessing of the good God who has placed such wonderful powers at the disposal of his creatures, "peace on earth and good-will toward men," may be the rule rather than the exception it has hitherto been.

As if to witness against the gross neglect of all sanitary laws which has been habitual where the poor have congregated in large numbers, a virulent outburst of Cholera visited London and many other parts of the country in the end of July. Fixing upon the crowded districts in the east of London, it carried off increasing numbers every week until, in the first week of August, upwards of 1,400 persons died from Cholera alone. This outbreak was the signal for most gratifying efforts to relieve those left destitute, and furnish every means of mitigating the evils of the disease in those who had been attacked by it. Upwards of £11,000 was subscribed in one week. Cholera hospitals and refuges for orphans and widows were speedily opened and rapidly filled. House to house visitation and other equally

energetic measures for the prevention of the disease, were adopted in all the infected districts. From the middle of August the intensity of the epidemic gradually declined, but occasional cases still occur. The epidemic afforded one of the most conclusive instances of the intimate connection between cholera and sanitary neglect. The mortality was almost entirely confined to the district supplied with the water of one particular company, and there is no doubt that thousands of valuable lives were lost, as a direct consequence of drinking impure water.

In the middle of August, Governor Eyre returned from Jamaica. This was the signal for the commencement of an agitation, having for its object his execution for murder. There is no doubt, after the report of the commission of enquiry, that some of Mr. Eyre's acts were not in conformity with law. It is, however, equally certain, that it was entirely owing to the energy, and largely to the extra-legal energy, of Mr. Eyre, that the rebellion was so soon subdued. Had it continued, i. e., had Mr. Eyre's measures been less prompt, those who now most loudly condemn him, would have been foremost in reprobating his timid adherence to regulations not intended for such occasions. An extract from Mr. Eyre's farewell speech at Jamaica will show clearly both his deeds and their reward. "I now retire," he said, "into private life, dismissed from the public service after nearly a lifetime spent in it; but I have at least the consolation of feeling that there has been nothing in my conduct to merit it, nothing to occasion self-reproach, nothing to regret. On the contrary, I carry with me into my retirement, the proud consciousness that at all times, and under all circumstances, I have endeavoured, to the best of my ability, to do my duty as a servant of the crown, faithfully, fearlessly and irrespective of personal considerations. With such convictions, deeply as my removal from the public service must necessarily affect my future and the interests of those most dear to me, I can submit to the forfeiture of position, to the sacrifice of twenty-five years' career in the public service, or to any personal indignity entailed, counting my individual losses as utterly insignificant when so largely counterbalanced by the undeniable fact that the very acts which have led to my dismissal have saved a noble colony from anarchy and ruin." It need only be said, in concluding this matter, that the gallant Neill and a host of other worthy co-peers in the Indian mutiny, received the highest honor for the very deeds for which Mr. Eyre is now being hounded to the scaffold.

Great uneasiness was now excited throughout Europe by the news that the Emperor Napoleon had demanded from Prussia the cession of certain portions of its territory which had formerly belonged to France. This demand was promptly refused by Prussia—a decision which, to every one's great surprise, the emperor at once accepted. His declaration at the same time that he had entertained no intention of appropriating any portion of Belgian territory, greatly calmed public feeling. No less surprise had previously been expressed at the Emperor's submission to the demand of the Government of the United States that he should abstain from all further interference with the affairs of Mexico. He had some sort of right to interfere, while the United States had none, and yet he gave way to a rude demand. As a natural consequence of this, he refused to accede to the wishes of the empress of Mexico, who had been sent by her husband to request increased assistance. Gaining nothing by her utmost efforts and grievously disappointed, her reason gave way and she remains to the present time suffering the greatest evil that can afflict any person. The arrival on September 6th in the Downs, off Deal, of three of the five clipper ships engaged in the great ocean race from China created much interest in England.

The ships engaged in the contest were the *Ariel*, commanded by Captain Keay; the *Fiery Cross*, Captain Robinson; the *Taeping*, Captain Kinnon; the *Taitung*, Captain Nutsford; and the *Serica*, Captain Innes. The *Ariel* and *Taeping* arrived in the Downs at eight o'clock, and the *Serica* passed Deal at one o'clock P.M. The distance, 14,060 miles, was run in 99 days, and it would appear that the *Ariel* and the *Taeping* ran almost neck-and-neck the whole passage, the *Serica* following close in the wake. The time taken in last year's race was—*Fiery Cross*, 109 days; the *Serica*, 110 days; the *Taeping*, 115 days; the *Taeping* was in dock at 9.47 P.M., while the *Ariel* arrived at 10.15 P.M., and

the *Serica* at 11.30 P.M. This almost simultaneous completion by three vessels of an ocean passage of more than three months is one of the most singular incidents of modern navigation. The first of them receives 10s. per ton extra, the bills of lading of each being worded 'with 10s. per ton extra if first sailing vessel in dock with new teas from Foochow.'

Early in September, an insurrection broke out in the Island of Candia, which bid fair at first to be successful. Similar risings in Epirus and the Lebanon occurred at the same time, and it appeared at first as if the great Eastern question would be revived with all its attendant consequences to the peace of Europe. The western powers, however, refused to assist the rebels. Left to their own resources, they succumbed to the superior power of Turkey and Egypt, and the year closes with the announcement of the restoration of peace in the disturbed districts.

Meanwhile, in the United States, both parties employed every means to carry the elections for congress in the various States. President Johnson committed the fatal error of condescending to travel through the country, lecturing and speaking everywhere for the avowed purpose of raising popular feeling against his opponents. The natural result of a series of intemperate speeches from one whose position should have guaranteed reticence and dignified conduct, was that although his partisans were generally sufficiently numerous to form large and enthusiastic audiences, the mass of the nation were more than ever convinced of his unfitness for his high post. When the election took place, almost every state was carried by the radicals, and two-thirds of the new congress in both houses are pledged to oppose his policy and to adopt efficient measures for the genuine enfranchisement of the negro population.

Several important events occurred in the month of September. Before the union of Venetia with Italy had been consummated, there was a serious insurrection in Sicily. Palermo was for a few days in the hands of the insurgents, but on the arrival of the Italian troops the rising was speedily suppressed. About the same time, the Prussian army was entering Berlin in triumph amidst the most enthusiastic applause from the inhabitants. In Russia an attempt was made to assassinate the Czar at the very time that the empire appeared to be rejoicing at the betrothal of the Czarewitch to the Princess Dagmar, sister of the Princess of Wales. In France and indeed throughout Europe, great uneasiness was felt in consequence of sinister reports concerning the health of the Emperor Napoleon. So much appears to depend upon the life of this one man that few things so calamitous as the death of the Emperor at this crisis could appear possible. September wept itself out. The historians of this *mensis miserabilis* informs us that rain fell in England every day from the 1st to the 27th of September, and amounted in the aggregate to upwards of 64 inches. "On the 5th and 6th," it is added, "in various parts of the Midland Counties meadows were submerged, and all the low-lying lands were visited by disastrous floods; grain crops were destroyed, and in Leicestershire the turnpike-roads in several places were laid under water. At Plymouth such rainfall had not occurred for half a century as that which descended during the week ending the 8th, when the ancient and picturesque bridge across the Plym, and other structures were swept away. In Cornwall the low lands presented the appearance of a lake, and great damage had been sustained. At Malton the fall was so great as to obstruct the drains, convert the streets into rivers, and submerge the basements of several houses. The aggregate rainfall of the month was upwards of 4 inches above the average; and England's miseries were not confined to this excess of moisture, for, especially in the early part of the month, there were tempestuous winds, which strewed the coast with wrecks, and swept down the standing crops, and did infinite damage of every conceivable kind."

In the first week of October, the social science congress held its annual session at Manchester. Lord Brougham did not take this year the Presidentship of the entire Association, but was content with the Chairmanship of a section. Lord Shaftesbury took the collective responsibility, but the veteran Brougham was still the hero of the meeting. The proceedings were of more than common interest. There was among other discussions, an exciting controversy on the subject of infanticide in England. The frequency of this crime in England caused great

attention to be given to the subject; and, among others, a lady, described as Dr. Mary Walker—an American diploma-holder, made a speech on the subject, in which she demanded that punishment should descend also on the father of the murdered infant. Another matter to which considerable attention was given is the international copyright question, on which Mr. Anthony Trollope delivered a very elaborate and exhaustive essay. He proved incontestably that it would be to the advantage both of England and America to have an arrangement, which would allow the writers of both countries to profit, to the fullest extent, by the produce of their brains.

The holding of the Church Congress at York drew fresh attention to the spread of ritualistic practices in the Church of England. In the second year of the reign of Edward VI the Roman liturgy was abolished in the country, and the Reformed Prayer Book very similar to that now in use, was ordered to be adopted in all the churches. When the prayer book was finally revised after the accession of Charles II, it was ordered "that such ornaments of the church and of the ministers thereof, at all times of their Ministration, shall be retained and be in use, as were in this Church of England, by the authority of Parliament, in the second year of the reign of King Edward VI." Of course, referring to the form introduced by King Edward and not to that abolished by him. Not dreaming that any persons calling themselves members of the church would be so dishonest as wilfully to mistake their meaning Parliament and Convocation thought, the above definition sufficient, and no honorable man could think otherwise. Not scrupling to avail themselves of slight verbal ambiguity, the ritualists now openly perform the Roman ceremony in use before the reformation, containing as it does the very thing against which the church to which they profess to belong is a living protest. It is hard to see what influence upon the Church will be exerted by two such opposing parties as those of the ritualists both doing their best to disturb the peace of their common mother.

The visit of a thousand English volunteers to the Belgian Tir National, was the occasion of a most gratifying outburst of friendly feeling on the part of the Belgians. Although the English competitors obtained all the most valuable prizes, their stay on the Continent was one series of entertainments, in which nothing was wanting to ensure the comfort or gratify the feelings of the volunteers. The King himself took part in the rejoicings, entertaining the Lord Mayor and some of the officers in his own palace and doing everything in his power to do honor to his visitors.

On the 21st October, the last symptom of the Austro-Prussian war ceased with the signature of a peace between Prussia and Saxony. Of course, the weaker state has gone to the wall. Saxony has submitted to necessity, and the King henceforth wears his crown as a vassal, enters the North German Confederation and is to send members to the North German Parliament. The country Saxony will be governed, not from Dresden, but from Berlin. Her independence will be purely nominal. Questions of peace or war will be settled without her, and the only share she will be permitted to take in them will be to furnish contingents, and pay expenses. As a foretaste of what is to come, the Prussians continue to occupy the country until the Saxon army shall have been reorganized on the Prussian model, and its national character totally obliterated. As a matter of form, the King will retain all his state shadows, but, practically, his ministers will be appointed and dismissed by the King of Prussia. On the same day, the votes were taken in Venetia as to whether or not the people desired union with Italy. Out of that vast population only sixty-nine voted against the union. At last, and it is to be hoped for ever, Venetia has satisfied its hitherto vain longings for freedom and Italy.

Seven days previously, on the night of the 14th of October and morning of the 15th, a terrible fire occurred in Quebec. It began in a grocer's shop and the wind, which blew strongly from the east, and the delay in getting out the fire brigade and procuring a supply of water, gave the fire great headway. The entire district for a distance of a mile, was destroyed by the fire. Seventeen churches and convents and 2,000 houses were destroyed, and 20,000 people are

rendered homeless. The aggregate damage done is estimated at from 2,500,000 dollars to 3,000,000 dollars. Four persons were killed and several injured. The conflagration ceased at five o'clock in the afternoon, nothing being left in the burnt district to feed the flames. At the same period the news arrived of the terrible hurricane at Nassau, New Providence, on the 1st and 2nd of October. H. M.'s gunboat *Nimble* was literally "blown out of the water" on to the shore of the harbour. Of the shipping in port during the hurricane 93 vessels and boats were destroyed, 97 seriously damaged, and 41 slightly injured. In Nassau there were 517 dwelling houses destroyed and 609 damaged, five places of worship destroyed and three damaged, 17 warehouses destroyed, one theatre destroyed, and 1,034 persons rendered homeless. In the out islands, from Abaco to Mayaguana, the destruction of property was severe in proportion, and a number of lives were lost by shipwreck and otherwise.

The year closes with the announcement that the Master of the Rolls, Lord Romilly, has given judgment against the authorities of the Colonial Bishops' Fund concerning Bishop Colenso, whose salary they had stopped upon the previous decision of the Privy Council. The Bishop will, therefore, be supported by the funds of the Church, while devoting all his powers to the overthrow of the essential principles on which the church is founded. Every honorable man must hope that the time will soon come, when the Church of England shall possess regulations sufficiently authoritative to ensure on the one hand that the Bible shall be the basis of the doctrines preached in its pulpits; and on the other, that its ceremonial shall not be overloaded with childish and meretricious forms based upon the grossest superstition.

INDIAN.

THE year 1866 opened in India rather inauspiciously. Afghanistan was in the throes that preceded the civil war that has torn that unhappy country throughout the year. The war in Bhootan was over, but the disgrace that had so often attended our operations there was not yet at an end; as in spite of a treaty, and the payment to them that looked very much like tribute from us, the guns captured by the Bhootanese were not yet restored, and it seemed likely that war would be recommenced to enable us to recover trophies that we could ill afford to leave in the hands of barbarous neighbours. Then, too, Sir Charles Wood was seriously ill in consequence of a fall from his horse while hunting, and all Indian imperial business was at a stand-still. The commercial classes were discontented at the monstrous incapacity of the Telegraph department and the equally monstrous increase in the charges that marked the new year. The army too was in disgrace. The new irregular system that left but four European officers to a whole regiment of native soldiers, had but too often resulted in the conversion of the regiments into disorganized mobs, not only incapable of hurting anybody else, but altogether unable to take care of themselves.

The second week in January was remarkable for a small imitation of the great Austro-Prussian war. Within a week war was declared, its operations were conducted and peace made with one of the mountain tribes to the west of the Punjab. With a vivid remembrance of the Umbeyla campaign, so large a force was collected under General Dunsford that the mountaineers submitted at once and thus we were preserved from another disastrous petty war. India was the more gratified at this since there was published at the same time the mortality bill of the Bhootan war. Out of the small force then engaged, no less than 2,175 officers and soldiers either died or were placed *hors-de-combat*, and even then it was with great difficulty that the missing guns were recovered.

A Commission was appointed by the Government of India, consisting of Sir W. Mansfield, President, and Messrs. Maine, Grey, Bullen, David Cowie, E. H. Lushington, George Dickson, W. Anderson, and H. G. Dunlop, to inquire into the operation of the note currency, and how far it is likely to prove adequate to the wants and suitable to the habits of the people, before an endeavour is made to introduce gold.

In the middle of February all India was gratified by the news that Sir Charles Wood had resigned and been duly laid to sleep as Viscount Halifax. After considerable delay, Earl de Grey was appointed to succeed him, assisted by that vigorous administrator, Mr. Stansfeld. Whether the new Secretary's measures would have gained the approval of the Indian public, is a matter of doubt; for before he could well understand his duties, the resignation of Lord Russell's ministry opened the way for the very energetic Indian secretary, Lord Cranborne, who has already done so much to remove the grievances and encourage the healthful progress of India. The same mail brought the news of the appointment of Lord Napier to the governorship of Madras. His lordship had filled many important stations under the British government with the greatest possible credit, and

brought with him the most advanced principles of modern policy. Every one will admit that, so far, he has more than justified the great expectations of those who appointed him.

For many years the Ganges Canal, the greatest modern achievement of engineering science had failed to confer the great benefits expected by its promoters. On the other hand, the Madras irrigation works had been more successful than even their designers had anticipated. In the beginning of the year, Captain Crofton proposed certain alterations in the Ganges Canal, to render it more efficient as an irrigation channel. The cost of the alterations was estimated at considerably more than fifty lacs. The Home government sanctioned Captain Crofton's scheme without consulting Sir Arthur Cotton, the most successful of the Madras engineers. The latter immediately protested against Captain Crofton's scheme as being unsuitable. The Secretary of State then appointed a committee of engineers to consider both projects. After long discussion in a manner which Sir Arthur thought unfair, Captain Crofton's scheme was adopted and is now about to be carried out.

Meanwhile, disturbances took place in Afghanistan. The Ameer treacherously seized and imprisoned Afzul-Khan, his chief rival. Upon this Azim-Khan, another brother, took up arms against Shere Ali. A desperate struggle then ensued. After many indecisive battles, Azim Khan obtained possession of Cabool, when Shere Ali fled to Candahar. After some time he was compelled to release Afzul-Khan who immediately ruled as Ameer in Cabool. His government, however, was very tyrannical and a re-action set in, in favor of Shere Ali. At present the latter is marching upon Cabool, and we may soon expect to hear of a battle being fought, which shall finally decide the conflict. How it will end, nobody can tell.

In the end of March, Sir William Denison left Madras after spending five pleasant years as governor. His reputation was not increased by his rule in Madras. The most marked event in his career was that of his being acting Governor-General for a few weeks. In that time, however, he did real good by insisting, against the wishes of his council, on prosecuting the Umbeyla war. The arrival of Lord Napier introduced an altogether different regime. Before three months had elapsed he had made himself practically acquainted with the condition of the presidency more than his predecessors had done in as many years. His Lordship's presence gave an impetus to public business of every kind. More will have to be said on this subject further on.

Nine years ago, petitions signed by 25,000 Bengal Hindus, were presented to government, praying for the abolition of polygamy in Bengal. In March last, a similar petition with 21,000 signatures, among which were the most eminent men of Bengal, praying that government would emancipate the females of Bengal from the pains, cruelties and attendant crimes of the debasing custom of polygamy was presented to Sir Cecil Beadon. This movement was entirely spontaneous and proves that, though silently, a great influence for good had been working among the native population. There can be no doubt that this is but one proof out of many, that though converts be comparatively few, great success has attended mission efforts in this country. Another proof of this was seen in the public feeling in support of the Convert Marriage bill which passed the supreme council in the end of March. Although strongly opposed by many of the chaplains, the whole mission body was greatly relieved by the passing of the bill.

In the same week, Mr. Massey made his financial statement for the year 1865-66. The whole revenue of the year, based on facts up to the close of December, and on estimates to the end of April next was £47,041,540 and the expenditure was £47,377,487.

The estimated balance sheet of 1866-67 reveals, for the first time since Mr. Laing's great surplus year of 1862-63, a falling-off in the revenue, due to the premature surrender of the Income-tax. It is fixed at £46,752,800 and the expendi-

ture at £46,825,600, showing an expected deficit of £72,800. Mr. Massey devoted the greater part of his statement to a detailed review of the gradual growth of our revenue and expenditure. The account stood thus:—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.	Deficit.
1861-62 Actual.	£43,829,472	£43,980,100	£150,628
1864-65 Actual.	45,652,897	45,846,417	193,520
1866-67 Estimate.	46,752,800	46,825,600	72,800

While the revenue has grown in the five years from 1861-62, £2,923,328, the expenditure has increased £2,845,500.

In April, the reports of the commissions appointed to enquire into the grievances of the Indian army and the imperial medical staff, reached this country. In both the existence of great evils was admitted and remedies pointed out. In both cases government refused to carry out the recommendations of the commissions. Had not the Whig ministry fallen, the Indian services would have continued in a state of chronic disaffection. Lord Cranborne's energetic measures have at once admitted, that for all these years the Home government has been mulishly obstinate—doggedly refusing the most simple justice to its own officers, and that the insubordinate action of the army for several years past was based upon right.

In the same month came the first warnings of the Orissa famine. The failure of the usual rains dried up the resources of the country, and gradually the conviction came upon the Europeans of the district that a most terrible famine was at hand. The Bengal government, however, persistently refused to acknowledge that anything unusual existed. The reports of the missionaries and officials were systematically burked, so that the outside public had no idea of the state of the district until the people were dying by thousands from pure famine. Even then Sir Cecil Beadon denied the necessity for a public subscription to help the dying millions of Orissa, and the collections were actually stopped until the policy of government became apparent; when, in defiance of the Lieutenant Governor and his Council, the subscription was energetically renewed; and it is only owing to these charitable efforts that anything was done to save those who were left to perish by their government. Meanwhile, the famine spread into Behar, Ganjam, Tirhoot, Krishnagur, and all the neighbouring provinces. It was then discovered that all this while there was in the hands of Government a sum of £40,000 remaining from the last famine subscription, of which had been available from the very first for the relief of the sufferers. A portion of this was reluctantly given and was expended in the purchase of rice to be shipped to Balasore and Cuttack. Meanwhile, the monsoon had come on, and it was found impossible to land a large portion of the food sent. A few weeks afterwards a great inundation added to the afflictions of the district, and destroyed the last hope of the poor ryots. Lord Napier now thought it his duty to visit so much of the famine district as lay within the Madras presidency. The minute in which Lord Napier described what he saw was the first complete description of the famine region. Although by far the larger portion of the suffering country lay within his jurisdiction, Sir Cecil Beadon reposed at Darjeeling till the splendours of the Agra durbars enticed him to fresh pleasures and renewed relaxations. The cry of Orissa had now reached England. Lord Cranborne, with his usual promptitude, ordered the Bengal government to advance all the money that might be required. Several meetings were held at the Mansion House, to organize if necessary, an English subscription. Lord Cranborne's measures, however, were so prompt and efficient, that such a step was thought unnecessary. The famine still continues, but the relief houses everywhere opened are now keeping alive the

remainder of the population. It is calculated that upwards of a million souls have perished through famine alone; and it will be years before the province recovers from the crushing blow it has received. Recently, Messrs. Campbell and Pampier and Colonel Morten have been appointed to examine into the causes of the famine and the measures adopted for the relief of the people.

Contemporaneously with the outbreak of the famine, occurred the financial panic in London. For some time India appear unhurt, but June opened with the failure of the Agra and Masterman's Bank. This was quickly followed by the closing of almost every bank and financial company connected with India. The merchant princes of Bombay rapidly followed, and a vast mercantile revolution took place. For the time Bombay was completely crushed, and Calcutta was not much better off. Shares of every kind became almost worthless, and Scrip formerly valued at many millions of pounds sterling was not worth so many pice. The effects of these disasters were felt throughout India, and the hard-earned savings of thousands were swept away at a stroke. The commerce of this country has not yet recovered its old position.

As if to add disgrace to loss, the Commander-in-Chief, Sir William Mansfield, made himself now the hero of proceedings almost unparalleled—and the Mansfield-Jervis case has been the scandal of the year. The details of this case are so well known, and are in themselves so petty when not outrageously tyrannical, that it is altogether unnecessary to describe them here. In the end of April Captain Jervis was charged with theft—in May, a court of enquiry was held—in June, a court-martial was summoned—through July and August its proceedings were conducted—on the 29th August, the verdict of the court was forwarded to the Commander-in-Chief—after long consideration the decision of the court was returned to it for revision—the court adhered to their former decision—finally their recommendation was set aside and Captain Jervis dismissed the service. The matter was then referred Home, and it is now reported, though as yet without official sanction, that Sir William Mansfield is to be recalled and Captain Jervis re-instated in the service.

The month of June was marked by an attempt by the Bishop of Calcutta to open a friendly intercourse between the Europeans and the natives. The palace was the scene of a very successful conversation, in which some eighty native and English gentlemen met each other on the footing of social kindness. There was no attempt to lecture or patronize on the one side, nor any suspicion of patronage on the other. The Bishop and the missionaries chatted with orthodox brahmins and moulvees on the events of the day, the High Court judges discussed cake and champagne with vakeels, English ladies smiled on educated baboos from Benares and Lucknow as well as Calcutta, who were not yet so far advanced as to bring their wives with them; and several native Christian gentlemen—one with his wife—completed the collection of creeds and classes. Music, pictures and other works of art lent a grace to the whole. If others would but follow in the steps of Bishop Cotton, the hiatus that now exist between the ruling and the ruled classes, so much to the detriment of both, would be soon filled up; with a corresponding benefit that can hardly be exaggerated. The necessity of such action was forcibly shown by an incident that happened a few miles from Calcutta. A high-caste student in the mission school, of sufficient intelligence to have gained an university scholarship, became convinced of the truth of Christianity. After long consideration he resolved to join the native Church at that place. With a view to baptism he took refuge in the mission house, where his father and friends had a long interview with him. Defeated in their attempts to shake his faith, they returned towards midnight with an armed band and carried off the youth. The native minister claimed the protection of the police, and some of the chief agents in the outrage were imprisoned, but the lad was never recovered. This is but one example of the many difficulties that obstruct the progress of mission work. The wonder is that so much progress has been made rather than so little.

The hot season of 1866 in Madras was marked by an unusually high temper-

ature. Commencing with March the heat increased to almost an unprecedented degree. The failure of the usual petty monsoon added to the distress. Poverty and heat combined produced a very virulent outbreak of cholera, which raged very largely among the better class. An unusually large number of Europeans were carried off. It cannot but be remembered that these periodic epidemics are but the result of past, and warnings against future, neglect of those simple sanitary laws which the Creator has ordained for the well-being and happiness of the world. Many a poor family belonging to the soldiers who so freely shed their blood during the mutiny for our protection, fell before the dread scourge simply through the atrocious neglect of the military authorities. For nine long years the Kirwee prize money had been kept back from those who lay in poverty, easy victims to the cholera for want of the comforts which their share of the prize-money would have easily provided. It was not till August that it was finally decided as to whom the money should be given. After £60,000 had been thrown to the lawyers it was decided by Dr. Lushington that the actual captors, Whitlock's column, should receive the whole except the portion awarded to the commander-in-chief. Up to the end of the year nothing more has been heard of the distribution; and it is probable that many months will yet elapse before the poor soldiers receive what has been so long due to them.

September opened with the news of a rebellion in Burmah. Two of the princes of the royal family made a sudden attack upon the palace, murdered their uncle, the heir apparent to the throne, two of their own brothers and some of the ministers. They got possession of the king's only steamer, then at Mandalay, and came down the river; stopping about forty miles from the British frontier. From the towns on the banks of the river they made forced exactions, and where refused they burnt them down. But the officials who were in charge either withdrew into the interior, or fled to British territory. Captain Sladen, the British resident, and other European residents, all of whom were in the precincts of the King of Burmah's palace at the time of the outbreak, had a very narrow escape from having their heads chopped off whilst nominally under the king's protection. Not being sufficiently supported, the rebel princes were unable to follow up their first success. The people held aloof and soon the king's party gained the upper-hand. The princes then fled to the British territory, and the rebellion came to a sudden end. A curious contrast to this sudden outbreak was the feeling excited in the mind of scientific men by the news that Mr. Medlicott had discovered a valuable coal field in Assam. It had been long known that coal existed, but Mr. Medlicott describes the capabilities of the coal fields of Upper Assam in terms unusually sanguine for a professional geologist. Within a length of two hundred feet, he observed "three thick beds of good sound coal." He remarks that these deposits offer a nearer approach to the type of regular coal measures than any yet known in India, an opinion which seems to contradict the supposition that they are geologically of the same nummulitic series as the Punjab and Sindh lignites. The supply these deposits promise is declared to be "practically unlimited." The beds extend eastward to an unknown distance, and as they occur near our frontier probably stretch into Burmah and Munacapore. The third part of this district at which coal is found is Jaipoor, which from the position of the deposits, has great geographical advantages. In the dry season, direct and level roads can be made to the pit's mouth; in the rains even steamers can approach within a short distance, and boats at all times of the year. If this opening be properly followed up, there seems no limit to the prosperity that may fall to the lot of India.

The bazaars of the North-West Provinces were now full of alarming reports, concerning the progress of Russia in Central Asia. Under various pretexts quarrels had been picked with every Khan whose dominions barred the way for fresh progress, and in this month the news arrived of the capture of Taschkend and the seizure of half the territory of Bokhara. The Russian frontier is now not more than 500 miles from our own. During the last ten years, Russia has advanced more than half the distance from the Sea of Aral to Peshawur; and there seems no reason to doubt that before another ten years has elapsed the whole of Central Asia will be under Russian control. As it is certain that the Russian government is far

superior to any previously existing in Tartary, and equally certain that no serious attack can be made upon India from that side, the advance of Russia should only be a source of gratification, rather than dismay. A far different subject agitated the native mind in southern India. The long continued drought had at once destroyed all pasture and decreased the supply of food. Great discontent followed the rise of prices. The papers teemed with absurd letters calling upon government to fix the price of food, and the Governor himself, in a moment of forgetfulness, countenanced the idea that prices ought to be reduced below the rates fixed by the inexorable law of supply and demand. It cannot, therefore, be surprising that the lower classes should have similar ideas. Food riots were the natural consequence, and for some days, Madras was in the power of the mob. Such an example could not but be imitated, and almost every town in the Presidency was the scene of similar riots. The certain result of the theory that prices may arbitrarily be changed was of course experienced in Madras, and for two days nothing could be bought and the population starved. The energetic measures of government gradually restored confidence, and it is to be hoped that bitter experience will, for the future, prevent any further exhibition of the folly of interfering with prices. The recent very abundant rains encourage the hope of an equally abundant harvest.

The first week of October will be long remembered, because of the untimely death by drowning of Bishop Cotton of Calcutta. The Bishop had just returned to Kooshtea from an educational tour in Assam, and after consecrating the new cemetery at that place, was returning on board the Government yacht when he fell off the plank connecting it with the shore. He was never seen again, and every attempt to recover the body, has been in vain. As the character of the deceased prelate is discussed at considerable length on p. 146 of the appendix, it will not be necessary to remark any further here, than that he was eminently qualified for the position he held, and in the course of the eight years he spent in India did much that will remain to carry down the remembrance of the earnestness, the patient perseverance and solid good sense which marked his career. It was unfortunate that so great a disaster should be so soon followed by the great durbar at Agra. For ten days, this ancient city saw grander ceremonies and more imposing scenes than India had yet beheld. The three chief events were the Review, the Star of India Durbar and the General Durbar. The review, most fitly preceded the durbars. His Excellency Sir William Mansfield commanded in person, and Sir John Lawrence was attended by a brilliant staff and followed by a host of spectators on horseback, on elephants and in carriages. All the troops in camp, to the number of 7,500, were on the ground. After their Excellencies had slowly passed along the line of this imposing force, they took up their position in front of the centre street of the Viceroy's camp, where in rapid succession each battery, troop and company marched past. Then commenced a sham-fight on the largest scale, declared by military critics to be of the most successful character ever witnessed in India. Soon the dust and smoke obscured the infantry, whose evolutions were very rapid. The artillery were especially active both in playing upon the enemy, and repulsing attacks on the guns; but while their part of the action was the most imposing, the most interesting part of the whole spectacle was the successive cavalry charges.

The Star of India Investiture, on Friday for the first time combined the knightly mediæval ceremonial of Christendom with the jewelled splendour and fantastic picturesqueness of an Indian durbar. The long tent was opened out to its widest extent, English cavalry lined the street leading to it, and a company of the rifles acted as guard of honor at its entrance. The throne and dais in the centre were covered with rich cloth of gold. On the left sat all the knights of the order, with their attendants and those who were about to be invested. Almost as far as the eye can reach these deep lines of nobles, stretch to right and left. Their splendid costumes present a blaze of jewellery and cloth of silver and gold such as no nobility in any country could display, from which the eye turns with relief

to the military and political uniforms of the English officers interspersed among them. At some distance in front of the throne the members of council, secretaries, Judges, and high civil officers are accommodated. A splendid unity is given to the whole scene by two lines of English ladies raised on platforms behind to right and left. The trumpets sound, and amid the din of a royal salute the Grand Master gathering up his ample mantle walks up to the throne, preceded by his aides-de-camp and followed by his military and private secretaries. All the forms of royalty are observed, till at last the assembly is seated.

On Monday the 19th, at 2 p. m., His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General received in Public Durbar the Princes, Chiefs, Nobles and Native Gentlemen assembled at Agra. The Civil and Military Officers of the Government attended. The Maharaja Scindia of Gwalior, and the Maharaja of Jeypore were attended by nine of their attendant Sirdars. The Koodsea Begum and 8 Sirdars accompanied the Begum of Bhopal. The other "independent" Chiefs of Rajpootana and Central India were allowed 8 attendum Sirdars. When all were assembled, His Excellency entered the Durbar, accompanied by the Secretaries and the Officers of the Personal and General Staff. A royal salute was fired, the Troops presented arms and the Band played "God Save the Queen." The Maharajas and the other Native Chiefs and Gentlemen were then introduced by the Foreign Secretary or Under-Secretary one by one to His Excellency. Scindia and Jeypore presented no Nuzzurs, but all others offered a Nuzzur of one Gold Mohur which the Viceroy touched. These single coin merely symbolised the Nuzzur of larger amount to be realised hereafter by the Foreign Office, according to the usual scale. Similarly the Khilluts, which the Viceroy proceeded to confer upon each person presented, were not all given in public Durbar. With a view to save time and prevent confusion, the Khilluts of Independent Chiefs only were publicly displayed. After the display of Khilluts, the Viceroy and Governor-General delivered an address to the assembled Princes and Chiefs. Utter and Pawn were then to be distributed by the Viceroy himself to Scindia, Jeypore and Bhopal, by the Foreign Secretary to all persons whose names are entered in the Order of Precedence, and by the Under-Secretary to all other Native Gentlemen present.

The Viceroy then left the Durbar under a Royal salute, accompanied by the Lieutenant-Governors, the Commander-in-Chief and the Personal Staff. The Princes and Chiefs were conducted to their elephants or carriages in order of their rank, beginning with Scindia downwards, by the Foreign Secretary, the Under-Secretary and the Political Officers. British Officers attending the Durbar did not leave their seats till the Begum of Bhopal had mounted her Sowaree. The Native gentlemen generally remain seated till the Rajah of Chuterpore left the Durbar Tent.

The same month of November was marked by the quiet announcement of a Public Works Loan. Though utterly overwhelmed by the splendours at Agra, we believe that this modest advertisement is but the commencement of an entire change in the policy of Government, concerning Public Works. These have hitherto been always paid for out of revenue, and consequently India has groaned under the burden of breached tanks, ruinous channels and a general break down of the irrigation system. It is now proposed to pay for all remunerative works out of capital, that is by loans. It is to be hoped, that the time will soon come when every Collector and Commissioner throughout India, shall be held responsible, if any tank or channel in his district be out of order.

December came with the news that Sir Bartle Frere was appointed to the Indian Council at Home, and Mr. Seymour Fitzgerald succeeded him in Bombay. Like Lord Napier he brings with him proved ability, great European experience, and considerable reputation for energy and common sense. Those who have followed his English career, expect from him a most successful Indian career.

Throughout the whole year Christianity has been making steady progress especially in Burmah, the Punjaub and the Southern Districts of Madras. Beyond the actual converts there is abundant evidence that a vast moral revolution is taking place in India. The Brahmo-Somaj is an attempt to graft Christian morality upon Hindu life without accepting Christian revelation. Its success is the very best possible proof of the effects of Christian influence, and we cannot but look upon it as a most important co-laborer with Christianity. Everywhere the Natives admit that Hinduism is decaying, and that in time Christianity will become universal. Whether this idea be correct or not, its reception is evidence that already mission labor has had a vast influence upon the native mind, and we cannot better close our retrospect than by the expression of the hope that the time will soon come when England shall have no cause to be ashamed of the influence she has exerted upon India.

PART I.—CALENDAR.

AN EPHEMERIS FOR THE YEAR 1867,

ADAPTED TO THE MERIDIAN OF MADRAS.

Longitude of MADRAS OBSERVATORY.....	5 20 57.8=80	14	19	East of Greenwich.
Latitude do.		13	54	8 North.
Longitude of the Light House.....	5 21 7.5=80	16	52	East.*
Latitude do.		13	5	9 North.
Deviation of the Compass.....		0	59	2 East of true North.
Dip of the North Pole of Needle.....		7	43	54
Longitude of TREVANDRUM OBSERVATORY.....	5 7 59.0=76	59	45	East of Greenwich.
Latitude do.		8	30	32 North.
Deviation of the Compass.....		0	42	19 East of true North.
Dip of the South Pole of Needle.....	approximately.	2	30	0
Longitude of COLABA OBSERVATORY.....	72 49	48	48	East of Greenwich.
do.	or 72 48	48	45	East.†
Latitude do.		18	53	30 North.
Longitude of Bombay Light House.....	72 48			8 East.
do. Cathedral.....	72 49			24 East.
do. Flag Staff.....	72 49			40 East.
Longitude of CALCUTTA.....	88 30			0 East of Greenwich.
Latitude do.		22	35	0 North.
Longitude of Diamond Harbour.....	88 12			18 East.
Latitude do.		22	11	15 North.
Longitude of Silver Tree.....	88 10			0 East.
Latitude do.		21	58	0 North.
Longitude of Cowcolly Light.....	87 57			30 East.
Latitude do.		21	50	30 North.
Longitude of Saugor Light.....	88 3			0 East.
Latitude do.		21	37	0 North.
Longitude of MAULMAIN TOWN.....	97 38			0 East of Greenwich.
Latitude do.		16	30	0 North.
Longitude of Kyalkmai Pagoda.....	97 32			0 East.
Latitude do.		16	3	0 North.
Longitude of RANGOON RIVER, Elephant Pagoda.....	96 23			45 East.
Latitude do.		16	28	0 North.
Longitude of RANGOON TOWN.....	96 13			0 East.
Latitude do.		16	49	0 North.
Variation.....	approximately.	2	48	East of true North.
High water on full and change.....	7° 34'.			Rise and fall of Tide..... 3 feet.

* Lieutenant Sweeny, Indian Navy, when surveying the coast, in the month of October 1860, determined the position of the Light House to be 80° 16' 47" East Longitude, and 13° 5' 20" North Latitude.

† The former is dependent on the Longitude of the Madras Observatory which is 5h. 20m. 57.3s. as determined by the late T. G. Taylor, Esq., F.R.A.S. & F.R.S.; and the latter on the difference of Longitude as determined by the Great Trigonometrical Survey.

THE CALENDAR FOR THE YEAR 1867,
BEING THE THIRD YEAR AFTER BISSEXTILE OR LEAP YEAR.

PRINCIPAL ARTICLES OF THE CALENDAR.

Lunar Cycle or Golden Number.....	6
Epact.....	25
Solar Cycle.....	28
Dominical Letter.....	F
Roman Indiction.....	10
Julian Period.....	6550

The Solar Cycle, or Cycle of the Sun, is a period of 28 years, after which all the Dominical Letters return in the same order as they did during the 28 years before. The first year of the Christian Era was the 10th of this Cycle.

The Lunar Cycle, or Cycle of the Moon, commonly called the Golden Number, and sometimes the Metonic Cycle, (from Meton, an Athenian, who invented it about 432 years before the birth of Christ,) is a revolution of 19 years, in which time the conjunctions, oppositions, and other aspects of the Moon are within an hour and a half of being the same as they were on the same days of the months 19 years before. The prime, or Golden Number, is the number of years elapsed in this Cycle. Before the birth of Christ, two years of this Cycle had elapsed.

The Roman Indiction is a period of 15 years, used by the Romans for the time of taxing their provinces. Three years of one of these Cycles had elapsed before the birth of Christ.

The Julian Period contains 7980 years, and arises from multiplying together 28, 19, and 15, being the Cycles of the Sun, Moon, and Indiction. This was contrived by Joseph-Juste Scaliger in 1583, for Chronological purposes, and is assumed as a fixed era in calculations by all Astronomers and Chronologers throughout the Christian world. Its beginning is placed 710 years before the usual date of the creation of the world, or 4714 before the commencement of the Christian Era.

FIXED AND MOVEABLE FESTIVALS, ANNIVERSARIES, &c.

Epiphany.....Jan. 6	Birth of Princess Helena.....May 25
Marriage of Queen Victoria.....Feb. 10	Egation Sunday.....May 26
Septuagesima Sunday.....Feb. 17	Ascension Day—Holy Thursday.....May 30
St. David.....Mar. 1	Pentecost—Whit Sunday.....June 9
Quinquagesima—Shrove Sunday.....Mar. 3	Trinity Sunday.....June 16
Ash Wednesday.....Mar. 6	Corpus Christi.....June 20
Quadragesima—1st Sunday in Lent.....Mar. 10	Accession of Queen Victoria.....June 20
St. Patrick.....Mar. 17	Proclamation of Queen Victoria.....June 21
Birth of Princess Louisa.....Mar. 18	St. John Baptist—Midsummer Day.....June 24
Annunciation—Lady Day.....Mar. 25	Coronation of Queen Victoria.....June 28
Birth of Prince Leopold.....Apr. 7	Birth of Prince Alfred.....Aug. 6
Palm Sunday.....Apr. 14	St. Michael—Michaelmas Day.....Sep. 29
Birth of Princess Beatrice.....Apr. 14	Queen's proclamation assuming the
Good Friday.....Apr. 19	Govt. of India from the E. I. C.....Nov. 3
Easter Sunday.....Apr. 21	Birth of Prince of Wales.....Nov. 9
St. George.....Apr. 23	Birth of Princess Royal.....Nov. 21
Birth of Princess Alice.....Apr. 25	St. Andrew.....Nov. 30
Low Sunday.....Apr. 28	1st Sunday in Advent.....Dec. 1
Birth of Prince Arthur.....May 1	St. Thomas.....Dec. 21
Birth of Queen Victoria.....May 24	Christmas Day.....Dec. 25

The year 5628 of the Jewish Era commences on September 30, 1867.

Ramadan (Month of Abstinence observed by the Turks) commences on January 7, and December 27, 1867.

The year 1284 of the Mohammedan Era commences on May 5, 1867.

The year 1043 of the Malabar Era, commences on August 15, 1867.

The year 1790 of the Hindu Era, commences on April 12, 1867.

The year 1274 of the Hindu Bengallee Ballasanna Era, commences on April 12, 1867.

The year 1229 of the Burmese Era, commences on April 12, 1867.

YEAR	Days.	Hrs.	Min.	Sec.
The Anomalistic Year is.....	365	6	13	49.3
A Sidereal Year is.....	365	6	9	10.7
A Common, or Tropical Year, as it is sometimes called, is.....	365	5	48	49.7
Secular Decrement.....	0	0	0	0.593
A Lunar Year is.....	354	8	48	34.44

TIME.	Days.	Hrs.	Min.	Sec.
A Solar (average) Day is.....	24	0	0	
A Sidereal Day is.....	23	56	4.09	
A Lunar (average) Day is.....	24	50	28.32	
An (average) Tidal Day is.....	24	48	0	

A Lunar Sidereal Month is.....	27	7	43	11.5
A Lunar Synodic Month is.....	29	12	44	2.87
A Lunar Tropical Month is.....	27	7	43	4.7
A Lunar Anomalistic Month is.....	27	13	18	37.4
A Lunar Nodal Month is.....	27	5	5	36

Earth in Aphelion, July 3rd..... 1h. 56m. A. M.

Mean Obliquity of the Ecliptic, 1st January 1867.....	23	27	23.74
Mean Annual Diminution.....	0	0	0.476
Precession of the Equinoxes for the year 1867.....	0	0	30.2563
Do. do. do. for 1 day.....	0	0	0.1376
Sun's Semi-diameter at the Earth's mean distance.....	0	16	1.82
Sun's Equatorial Horizontal Parallax.....	0	0	8.5776
Moon's Inclination to the Ecliptic.....	5	8	47.9
Moon's Equatorial Horizontal Parallax.....	0	57	2.325
Moon's Mean Semi-diameter.....	0	15	31.7
Moon's Eccentricity.....	0.0548112		
Moon's Distance from the Earth in radii.....	60.67		

ADJUSTMENT OF THE CALENDAR.

Julius Caesar was the first to attempt to adjust the length of the year with any degree of accuracy, and fixed it at 365 days, 6 hours; introducing a day every fourth year, (called Leap Year,) which accordingly consists of 366 days, while the three others have only 365 days each.

From him it was called the Julian Year, and it continued in general use till the year of 1582, when Pope Gregory XIII, undertook to rectify the error, which then existed between the Julian Year of 365½ days and the Solar Year of 365.24222013 days. At that time the difference amounted to ten days. He accordingly commanded the ten days between the 4th and 15th October in that year to be struck out, so that the fifth day was called the 15th. This alteration has been introduced throughout Europe, except in Russia and by the Greek church, and the year was afterwards called the Gregorian Year, or New Style.

In England the method of reckoning after the New Style was not admitted into the Calendar till the year 1752, when the error amounted to nearly 11 days, which were taken from the month of September, by calling the 3rd of that month the 14th, and it was settled by Act of Parliament (24 Geo. II., 1751) that the years 1800, 1900, 2100, 2200, 2300, and every hundredth year of our Lord which shall happen in time to come, shall be computed as each consisting of 365 days only, excepting every fourth hundredth year, whereof the year 2000 should be the first.

By the same Act of Parliament, the Legal beginning of the year was changed from the 25th of March to the 1st of January, so that the succeeding months of January, February, and March, up to the 24th day, which, by the Old Style, would have been reckoned part of the year 1752, were accounted as the three first months of 1753, which is the reason we sometimes meet with such a date as—

March 15th, 1774-75,
that is, according to the Old Style it is 1774, according to the New 1775.

ASTRONOMICAL COMMENCEMENT OF THE FOUR SEASONS IN 1867.

MEAN TIME AT MADRAS.

Spring.....	March.....	21d.	7h.	7m.	A.M.
Summer.....	June.....	22	3	40	A.M.
Autumn.....	September.....	23	6	3	P.M.
Winter.....	December.....	22	0	7	P.M.

Meteorologically, there are only three seasons in India.

PRINCIPAL ELEMENTS OF THE SOLAR SYSTEM.

Planets, &c.	Mean distance from the Sun.	Sidereal Revolution in days.	Diameter in Miles.	Mass (denominator of fraction, the Sun being 1).	Density.	Time of Rotation.
Mercury.....	0.387098	87.96926	3,089	4805751	29.4	h. m. s.
Venus.....	0.723332	224.70080	7,895	401839	09.23	23 21 21
The Earth.....	1	365.25637	7,926	359551	10.00	23 56 4
Mars.....	1.523691	686.97964	4,070	2680337	09.48	24 37 22
Jupiter.....	5.202798	4332.58482	92,164	1048	02.38	9 55 26
Saturn.....	9.538152	10759.21983	75,070	8502	01.38	10 29 17
Uranus.....	19.18273	30686.82056	36,216	24605	01.80	9 30 ?
Neptune.....	30.03627	60126.722	33,610	14446	02.22	unknown.
The Sun.....			888,646	1	02.52	607 48 0
The Moon.....	1	27.32166	2,153	359551×88	05.66	655 43 6

DAYS OF THE WEEK.

(ENGLISH, TAMIL, MAHOMEDAN, JEWISH, AND BURMESE.)

English.	Tamil.	Mahomedan.	Jewish.	Burmese.
Sunday.....	Nayar.....	Etwar.....	Yomreeshon...	Ta-nen-ga-nway.
Monday.....	Tingal.....	Peer.....	Yomshane...	Ta-nen-la.
Tuesday.....	Shevay.....	Mungul.....	Yomshaleeshe.	En-ga.
Wednesday.....	Budhun.....	Bhood.....	Yomrabeeshe.	Bood-da-hoo.
Thursday.....	Vyazham.....	Jummahraut.....	Yomumeeshe.	Kya-tua-pa-day.
Friday.....	Velli.....	Jumha.....	Yomsheshe.	Thouk-kya.
Saturday.....	Sani.....	Sunnychar.....	Yomshabat.....	Tsa-nay.

MONTHS.

(ENGLISH, TAMIL, MAHOMEDAN, JEWISH, AND BURMESE.)

English.	Tamil.	Mahomedan.	Jewish.	Burmese.
January.....	Tai.....	Mohurram.....	Teeshree.....	Pyathau.
February.....	Masi.....	Suffer.....	Hayswan.....	Tabaudway.
March.....	Punguni.....	Rabbeeulaval.....	Keesler.....	Taboung.
April.....	Chittai.....	Rebbeulakar.....	Tabeth.....	Tagoo.
May.....	Valkausi.....	Jumadiulaval.....	Sabat.....	Katsong.
June.....	Auni.....	Jamadiulakar.....	Addar.....	Ngayong.
July.....	Audi.....	Rajub.....	Nessan.....	Wahitso.
August.....	Auvani.....	Shaban.....	Eyar.....	Wahgoung.
September.....	Parattasi.....	Ramzan.....	Shewan.....	Tanthalen.
October.....	Arpasi.....	Shaval.....	Tummu.....	Tadcenkyoot.
November.....	Kartigai.....	Zilkad.....	Abb.....	Tatsoungmong.
December.....	Margali.....	Zilhuz.....	Ellen.....	Natdau.

CALENDAR.]

JANUARY, 1867.

5

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
● New Moon.....	6	5	51 Morning.
☾ First Quarter.....	13	9	55 Afternoon.
☾ Full Moon.....	20	0	57 Afternoon.
☾ Last Quarter.....	27	8	8 Afternoon.
☾ Apogee.....	3	1	— Morning.
☾ Perigee.....	18	7	— Afternoon.
☾ Apogee.....	30	5	— Afternoon.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After
				h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	Tues	19	CIRCUMCISION.....	6 27	5 41	2 23	8 21	2 21
2	Wed	20	Calcutta taken 1757.....	6 27	5 42	3 12	9 7	3 4
3	Thur	21		6 27	5 43	4 0	9 53	3 47
4	Fri	22	Irawadi forced by the British 1852.....	6 27	5 43	4 48	10 40	4 33
5	Sat	23	Capture of Gorakpur 1858.....	6 27	5 43	5 35	After	5 21
6	SUN	24	EPHANY.....	6 28	5 44	6 22	0 16	6 10
7	Mon	25	Plough Monday. Cabul Massacre 1842.....	6 28	5 44	7 7	1 4	7 0
8	Tues	26		6 29	5 45	7 53	1 52	7 50
9	Wed	27		6 29	5 45	8 37	2 39	8 40
10	Thur	28		6 29	5 46	9 20	3 26	9 30
11	Fri	29	Capture of Trincomallee 1705.....	6 29	5 47	10 2	4 13	10 22
12	Sat	1		6 30	5 48	10 45	5 1	11 15
13	SUN	2	1st SUNDAY after EPIPHANY. Battle of	6 30	5 48	After	5 50	Morn
14	Mon	3	[Chillianwalla 1849	6 30	5 48	0 17	6 42	0 9
15	Tues	4		6 30	5 49	1 7	7 36	1 5
16	Wed	5		6 30	5 50	2 2	8 34	2 3
17	Thur	6		6 30	5 50	3 1	9 33	3 5
18	Fri	7	Capture of Bhurtore 1826.....	6 31	5 51	4 3	10 35	4 5
19	Sat	8	Capture of Aden 1839.....	6 31	5 51	5 4	11 36	5 7
20	SUN	9	2nd SUNDAY after EPIPHANY. Battle of	6 31	5 51	6 6	Morn	6 8
21	Mon	10	[Goojerat 1850	6 31	5 52	7 7	0 35	7 6
22	Tues	11		6 31	5 53	8 3	1 31	7 58
23	Wed	12	Awah captured 1858.....	6 31	5 53	8 57	2 24	8 47
24	Thur	13	Mutiny at Barrackpore & Berhampore 1857	6 31	5 53	9 51	3 13	9 32
25	Fri	14	Pacification of Oude 1859.....	6 31	5 54	10 41	4 1	10 14
26	Sat	15	Singapore taken 1819.....	6 31	5 55	11 30	4 47	10 55
27	SUN	16	3rd SUNDAY after EPIPHANY.....	6 31	5 55	Morn	5 32	After
28	Mon	17	Battle of Aliwal 1846.....	6 31	5 55	0 18	6 17	0 18
29	Tues	18		6 30	5 56	1 6	7 2	1 0
30	Wed	19		6 30	5 56	1 54	7 48	1 43
31	Thur	20	Vellore mutiny 1807.....	6 30	5 57	2 43	8 35	2 28

PHENOMENA.

January	h.	m.			
1	3	41	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Saturn	1 58 S.
3	10	59	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Venus	0 4 S.
4	7	28	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....	Moona	4 8 N.
8	5	3	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Jupiter	4 25 S.
11	3	38	Morn.—Mars in opposition with Sun.		
11	7	21	After.—Venus in Perihelion.		
18	10	10	After.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus.....	Moon	5 19 S.
19	6	3	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Mars	8 57 N.
29	2	53	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Saturn	2 14 S.
31	11	33	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....	Venus	0 29 S.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
● New Moon	4	11	37 Afternoon.
☾ First Quarter	12	7	1 Morning.
○ Full Moon	19	1	2 Morning.
☾ Last Quarter	26	4	53 Afternoon.
☾ Perigee	15	3	— Afternoon.
☾ Apogee	27	1	— Afternoon.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After
				h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	Fri	21	Slavery partially abd. in Ceylon 1813.....	6 30	5 58	3 30	9 23	3 16
2	Sat	22	Military Male Orphan Asylum opened 1789 [in Ava 1853]	6 30	5 58	4 18	10 11	4 4
3	SUN	23	4th SUNDAY after EPIPHANY. Revolution	6 29	5 59	5 5	10 59	4 53
4	Mon	24	Battle of Gwalior 1804, and Ningpo 1819...	6 29	5 59	5 51	After	5 42
5	Tues	25	.....	6 29	5 59	6 33	0 35	6 34
6	Wed	26	Guadalope surrendered 1810	6 29	5 59	7 17	1 23	7 27
7	Thur	27	Annexation of Oude 1856.....	6 29	5 59	8 1	2 11	8 19
8	Fri	28	Indo-Eur. Telegraph, via Persia & Turkey.	6 28	6 0	8 45	2 50	9 11
9	Sat	29	Treaty of Calcutta 1757 .....[opened 1856]	6 28	6 0	9 29	3 48	10 5
10	SUN	30	5th SUNDAY after EPIPHANY. MARRIAGE	6 28	6 0	10 16	4 39	11 0
11	Mon	1	[OF QUEEN VICTORIA.	6 28	6 1	11 4	5 31	11 56
12	Tues	2	.....	6 28	6 2	After	6 26	Morn
13	Wed	3	Madras Medical College established 1835..	6 27	6 2	0 52	7 23	0 55
14	Thur	4	British crossed the Indus 1839	6 26	6 2	1 50	8 21	1 54
15	Fri	5	Treaty of Lahore 1846.....	6 26	6 2	2 50	9 20	2 52
16	Sat	6	Peace with Burmah 1826.....	6 26	6 2	3 52	10 19	3 51
17	SUN	7	SEPTUAGESIMA. Battle of Meeanee (Scinde)	6 25	6 3	4 52	11 15	4 48
18	Mon	8	[1843]	6 25	6 3	5 47	Morn	5 40
19	Tues	9	Surrender of Hyderabad in Scinde 1843...	6 25	6 3	6 43	0 9	6 32
20	Wed	10	Battle of Goojerat 1849.....	6 24	6 4	7 37	1 1	7 22
21	Thur	11	Lahore taken 1846	6 24	6 4	8 29	1 50	8 6
22	Fri	12	Peace with Tippoo Saib 1792.....	6 24	6 4	9 20	2 38	8 49
23	Sat	13	.....	6 23	6 5	10 9	3 24	9 31
24	SUN	14	SEXAGESIMA St. Matthias.....	6 23	6 5	10 59	4 10	10 13
25	Mon	15	.....	6 22	6 5	11 47	4 56	10 56
26	Tues	16	.....	6 21	6 5	Morn	5 42	After
27	Wed	17	Insurrection in China commenced 1851 ...	6 21	6 5	0 35	6 28	0 22
28	Thur	18	Nepalese defeated 1816.....	6 21	6 5	1 23	7 15	1 8

PHENOMENA.

	h.	m.	
February 3	11	21	After.—Jupiter in conjunction with Sun.
4	3	47	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury
5	0	22	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....
7	2	24	After.—Jupiter in conjunction with Mercury
11	10	4	After.—Mercury in superior conjunction with Sun.
13	3	47	Morn.—Saturn in quadrature with Sun.
15	5	16	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus
15	5	5	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....
19	0	48	Morn.—Mars stationary.
21	8	7	Morn.—Venus at greatest western elongation 46° 44'.
25	0	52	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
● New Moon	6	2	59 Afternoon.
☾ First Quarter	13	2	8 Afternoon.
○ Full Moon.....	20	2	16 Afternoon.
☾ Last Quarter	28	1	7 Afternoon.
☾ Perigee	13	4	— Morning.
☾ Apogee	27	9	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After
				h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	Fri	19	Saint David .....[English 1815]	6 20	6 6	2 10	8 3	1 56
2	Sat	20	Sovereignty of Ceylon assumed by the	6 19	6 6	2 57	8 51	2 45
3	SUN	21	QUINQUAGESIMA	6 19	6 6	3 44	9 39	3 34
4	Mon	22	.....	6 18	6 6	4 31	10 28	4 24
5	Tues	23	[1729]	6 18	6 6	5 15	After	5 15
6	Wed	24	Ash Wednesday. Peace of Seringapatam	6 17	6 6	5 57	0 5	6 10
7	Thur	25	Siege of Bangalore 1791.....	6 16	6 6	6 41	0 54	7 5
8	Fri	26	Siege of Lucknow 1858	6 16	6 6	7 27	1 44	7 59
9	Sat	27	Treaty of Lahore 1846.....	6 15	6 7	8 13	2 35	8 55
10	SUN	28	1st SUNDAY in LENT. PRINCE OF WALES	6 14	6 7	9 1	3 27	9 51
11	Mon	29	[married 1863]	6 14	6 7	9 53	4 22	10 50
12	Tues	30	.....	6 13	6 7	10 47	5 18	11 48
13	Wed	1	.....	6 13	6 7	After	6 15	Morn
14	Thur	2	The Sikh Army surrendered 1849.....	6 12	6 7	0 43	7 13	0 46
15	Fri	3	.....	6 11	6 7	1 43	8 10	1 44
16	Sat	4	.....	6 11	6 7	2 42	9 6	2 39
17	SUN	5	2nd SUNDAY in LENT. Saint Patrick.....	6 10	6 8	3 39	9 59	3 32
18	Mon	6	Princess LOUISA CAROLINE ALBERTA b. 1840	6 9	6 8	4 35	10 51	4 21
19	Tues	7	.....	6 9	6 8	5 25	11 40	5 9
20	Wed	8	Bangalore taken 1791.....	6 8	6 8	6 17	Morn	5 56
21	Thur	9	.....	6 7	6 8	7 9	0 28	6 41
22	Fri	10	.....	6 7	6 8	8 0	1 15	7 24
23	Sat	11	Chandernagore taken 1757.....	6 6	6 8	8 49	2 2	8 6
24	SUN	12	3rd SUNDAY in LENT. Battle of Hyderabad	6 5	6 8	9 38	2 48	8 49
25	Mon	13	Annunciation Lady Day.....[Scinde] 1813	6 4	6 8	10 27	3 34	9 32
26	Tues	14	.....	6 4	6 8	11 16	4 21	10 16
27	Wed	15	Defeat of Tippoo Saib 1799. Lord Napier	6 4	6 8	Morn	5 8	11 1
28	Thur	16	[arrived 1866]	6 3	6 8	0 3	5 55	After
29	Fri	17	Annexation of the Punjab 1849	6 2	6 8	0 50	6 43	0 56
30	Sat	18	Fall of Asseerghur 1819.....	6 1	6 8	1 37	7 31	1 25
31	SUN	19	4th SUNDAY in LENT. Madras Troops em-	6 0	6 8	2 22	8 18	2 13

PHENOMENA.

	h.	m.	
March 2	4	57	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....
4	1	56	After.—Saturn stationary.
4	8	50	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter
5	—	—	—Sun eclipsed, invisible at Madras.
7	11	32	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....
10	3	9	Morn.—Mercury at greatest eastern elongation 18° 13'.
13	7	10	Morn.—Uranus stationary.
14	10	45	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus
15	4	58	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars
17	3	38	Morn.—Mercury stationary.
20	—	—	—Moon eclipsed, invisible at Madras.
21	7	7	Morn.—Sun enters Aries, Spring commences.
24	8	45	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....
25	6	13	After.—Uranus in quadrature with Sun.
27	3	50	Morn.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with Sun.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
● New Moon	5	3	25 Morning.
☾ First Quarter	11	8	30 Afternoon.
○ Full Moon	19	4	27 Morning.
☾ Last Quarter	27	7	22 Morning.
☾ Perigee	8	6	— Morning.
☾ Apogee	24	3	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON				
				THE SUN		Rises Culm Sets				
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After		
1	Mon	20	Expedition against Ahwaz 1857.....	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.		
2	Tues	21	.....	5 59	6 9	3 51	9 54	3 55		
3	Wed	22	.....	5 59	6 9	4 36	10 43	4 48		
4	Thur	23	.....	5 58	6 9	5 21	After	5 43		
5	Fri	24	Martaban taken 1852	5 57	6 9	6 5	0 25	6 41		
6	Sat	25	Battle of Coorg 1834	5 57	6 9	6 55	1 19	7 41		
7	SUN	26	5th SUNDAY in LENT. Birth of PRINCE	5 56	6 9	7 45	2 14	8 41		
8	Mon	27	 [LEOPOLD 1853	5 55	6 9	8 40	3 11	9 41		
9	Tues	28	.....	5 55	6 9	9 39	4 10	10 41		
10	Wed	29	.....	5 54	6 9	10 37	5 8	11 39		
11	Thur	30	The great Barce Doab Canal opened 1859...	5 53	6 9	After	6 6	Morn		
12	Fri	1	.....	5 53	6 9	0 37	7 2	0 36		
13	Sat	2	.....	5 52	6 9	1 34	7 55	1 29		
14	SUN	3	6th SUNDAY in LENT. Palm Sunday. Birth	5 51	6 9	2 29	8 46	2 18		
15	Mon	4	 [of PRINCESS BEATRICE 1857	5 51	6 9	3 23	9 35	3 5		
16	Tues	5	.....	5 51	6 9	4 15	10 23	3 50		
17	Wed	6	.....	5 50	6 9	5 11	9 4	4 33		
18	Thur	7	Tantia Topce executed at Sepri 1859.....	5 49	6 9	5 51	11 55	5 15		
19	Fri	8	GOOD FRIDAY. Banda defeated 1858.....	5 49	6 10	6 41	Morn	5 59		
20	Sat	9	Easter Eve.....	5 48	6 10	7 31	0 41	6 43		
21	SUN	10	EASTER SUNDAY. Occupation of Khanda-	5 48	6 10	8 20	1 28	7 27		
22	Mon	11	 [har 1839	5 48	6 10	9 9	2 14	8 10		
23	Tues	12	Saint George.....	5 47	6 10	9 56	3 2	8 56		
24	Wed	13	Great Fire at Surat 1837	5 46	6 10	10 43	4 36	9 42		
25	Thur	14	Saint Mark. BIRTH OF PRINCESS ALICE 1843	5 46	9 10	11 30	4 36	10 29		
26	Fri	15	.....	5 45	6 11	Morn	5 23	After		
27	Sat	16	Surrender of Kumaon 1815	5 45	6 11	0 16	6 10	0 4		
28	SUN	17	LOW SUNDAY. 1st SUNDAY after EASTER...	5 44	6 11	1 0	6 57	0 53		
29	Mon	18	.....	5 43	6 11	1 45	7 45	1 44		
30	Tues	19	.....	5 43	6 11	2 27	8 32	2 35		

PHENOMENA.

	h.	m.		°
April 1	1 55	Morn.	Venus in conjunction with Jupiter	Venus 0 43 N.
1	5 15	After.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Jupiter 3 10 S.
1	6 28	After.	Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus 2 27 S.
4	0 40	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon 1 55 S.
8	2 17	After.	Mercury stationary.	
10	4 51	After.	Moon in conjunction with Uranus	Moon 5 26 S.
12	2 56	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars 6 53 N.
16	4 51	Morn.	Mars in quadrature with Sun.	
21	1 56	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn 2 4 S.
24	0 27	Morn.	Mercury at greatest western elongation 27° 6'.	
29	11 44	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Jupiter 2 42 S.
30	1 10	Morn.	Saturn in opposition with Sun.	

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
● New Moon	4	1	1 Afternoon.
☾ First Quarter	11	3	25 Morning.
○ Full Moon.....	18	7	13 Afternoon.
☾ Last Quarter.....	26	10	43 Afternoon.
☾ Perigee	6	4	— Morning.
☾ Apogee	21	4	— Afternoon.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON				
				THE SUN		Rises Culm Sets				
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After		
1	Wed	20	PRINCE ARTHUR born 1850	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.		
2	Thur	21	.....	5 43	6 11	3 12	9 21	3 28		
3	Fri	22	Mutiny at Lucknow 1857	5 42	6 12	3 58	10 11	4 22		
4	Sat	23	Seringapatam taken & Tippe killed 1799...	5 42	6 12	4 45	11 4	5 20		
5	SUN	24	2nd SUNDAY after EASTER	5 42	6 12	6 27	0 58	7 27		
6	Mon	25	.....	5 41	6 13	7 27	1 58	8 29		
7	Tues	26	.....	5 40	6 13	8 27	2 58	9 29		
8	Wed	27	Installation of Shah Soojah 1839	5 40	6 13	9 28	3 58	10 29		
9	Thur	28	.....	5 39	6 13	10 30	4 56	11 24		
10	Fri	29	Rangoon captured 1824.....	5 39	6 13	After	5 52	Morn		
11	Sat	30	Mutiny at Delhi 1857.....	5 39	6 13	0 26	6 44	0 16		
12	SUN	31	8d SUNDAY after EASTER	5 39	6 13	1 20	7 33	1 4		
13	Mon	1	.....	5 38	6 14	2 12	8 21	1 49		
14	Tues	2	.....	5 38	6 14	3 2	9 7	2 32		
15	Wed	3	.....	5 38	6 14	3 51	9 52	3 14		
16	Thur	4	 [and Calcutta 1854	5 38	6 14	4 40	10 38	3 55		
17	Fri	5	First Telegraph message between Bombay	5 37	6 15	5 29	11 24	4 38		
18	Sat	6	Free Church of Scotland opened 1843	5 37	6 15	6 15	Morn	5 21		
19	SUN	7	4th SUNDAY after EASTER. Bassein taken	5 37	6 15	7 4	0 10	6 5		
20	Mon	8	First Meeting of Legislative Council of	5 37	6 15	7 51	0 57	6 51		
21	Tues	9	 [India 1854	5 37	6 16	8 40	1 44	7 37		
22	Wed	10	.....	5 37	6 16	9 27	2 32	8 25		
23	Thur	11	Kertch taken 1855	5 36	6 16	10 13	3 19	9 11		
24	Fri	12	QUEEN VICTORIA born 1819	5 36	6 17	10 57	4 6	9 59		
25	Sat	13	PRINCESS HELENA born 1846. Sir J. G. Le	5 36	6 17	11 40	4 52	10 46		
			[Marchant arrived 1865.							
26	SUN	14	ROGATION SUNDAY.....	5 36	6 18	Morn	5 38	After		
27	Mon	15	.....	5 36	6 18	0 22	6 24	0 24		
28	Tues	16	.....	5 36	6 18	1 5	7 11	1 15		
29	Wed	17	.....	5 36	6 18	1 49	7 59	2 7		
30	Thur	18	ASCENSION DAY	5 36	6 18	2 35	8 50	3 3		
31	Fri	19	Shajehanpore massacre 1857.....	5 36	6 18	3 22	9 43	4 1		

PHENOMENA.

	h.	m.		°
May 1	6 7	After.	Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus 0 40 S.
2	4 23	After.	Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon 0 54 N.
8	1 32	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Uranus	Moon 5 16 S.
10	7 15	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars 5 31 N.
18	4 49	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn 1 56 S.
27	2 24	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Jupiter 2 17 S.
28	4 9	Morn.	Jupiter in quadrature with Sun.	
31	2 47	After.	Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus 2 4 N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.	
● New Moon	2	8	33	Afternoon.
☾ First Quarter	9	11	58	Morning.
○ Full Moon.....	17	10	16	Morning.
☾ Last Quarter.....	25	10	49	Morning.
☾ Perigee	3	11	—	Morning.
☾ Apogee	17	9	—	Afternoon.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets	Morn	Morn	After
				h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	Sat	20	1st Turf of C. I. Railway turned 1856.....	5 36	6 19	4 13	10 39	5 3
2	SUN	21	SUNDAY after ASCENSION DAY	5 36	6 20	5 10	After	6 7
3	Mon	22	Mutiny at Necmuh 1857	5 36	6 20	6 8	0 41	7 12
4	Tues	23	.....	5 36	6 20	7 11	1 43	8 16
5	Wed	24	.....	5 36	6 20	8 15	2 44	9 15
6	Thur	25	Calcutta partially lighted with gas 1857 ...	5 36	6 21	9 18	3 43	10 10
7	Fri	26	.....	5 36	6 21	10 18	4 38	11 1
8	Sat	27	A. M. Chapel at Royapooram opened 1813.	5 36	6 21	After	5 30	11 48
9	SUN	28	WHIT SUNDAY. 1st turf of the M. Railway	5 36	6 21	0 8	6 19	Morn
10	Mon	29	Mutiny of 1st Oude Infy. 1857.....[cut 1853	5 36	6 22	1 0	7 6	0 33
11	Tues	30	 [Cawnpore 1857	5 36	6 22	1 48	7 51	1 15
12	Wed	31	Massacre of the Futtighur fugitives at	5 36	6 22	2 38	8 37	1 56
13	Thur	1	1st Cavalry Hyd. Contingent mutinied at	5 37	6 23	3 26	9 22	2 38
14	Fri	2	 [Aurangabad 1857	5 37	6 23	4 14	10 8	3 20
15	Sat	3	.....	5 37	6 23	5 2	10 54	4 3
16	SUN	4	TRINITY SUNDAY. Capture of Woosung 1842	5 37	6 23	5 49	11 41	4 47
17	Mon	5	Battle of Ajmere 1818.....	5 37	6 23	6 36	Morn	5 33
18	Tues	6	.....	5 38	6 24	7 24	0 28	6 20
19	Wed	7	 [VICTORIA 1837	5 38	6 24	8 10	1 16	7 8
20	Thur	8	Corpus Christi. Accession of QUEEN	5 38	6 24	8 56	2 3	7 56
21	Fri	9	Proclamation of QUEEN VICTORIA	5 38	6 24	9 38	2 50	8 44
22	Sat	10	.....	5 39	6 25	10 21	3 35	9 31
23	SUN	11	1st SUNDAY after TRINITY.....	5 39	6 25	11 3	4 21	10 20
24	Mon	12	Saint John the Baptist. MIDSUMMER.....	5 39	6 25	11 45	5 7	11 9
25	Tues	13	.....	5 39	6 25	Morn	5 53	After
26	Wed	14	.....	5 39	6 25	0 28	6 41	0 52
27	Thur	15	Cawnpore Massacre 1858	5 40	6 26	1 13	7 31	1 47
28	Fri	16	Coronation of QUEEN VICTORIA	5 40	6 26	2 1	8 24	2 45
29	Sat	17	Saint Peter.....	5 40	6 26	2 53	9 20	3 45
30	SUN	18	2nd SUNDAY after TRINITY. Peace pro-	5 40	6 26	3 49	10 20	4 49

PHENOMENA.

June	h.	m.	
1	0	16	Morn.—Mercury in superior conjunction with Sun.
2	11	26	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....Moon
4	1	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus
7	3	45	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars
14	5	57	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Uranus.....Mercury
14	7	1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn
22	3	40	Morn.—Sun enters Cancer; Summer commences
23	11	46	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter
27	8	36	After.—Jupiter stationary.
30	11	11	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus.....Venus

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.	
● New Moon	2	3	9	Morning.
☾ First Quarter	8	10	52	Afternoon.
○ Full Moon.....	17	1	17	Morning.
☾ Last Quarter.....	24	7	53	Afternoon.
● New Moon.....	31	10	4	Morning.
☾ Perigee	1	8	—	Afternoon.
☾ Apogee	15	1	—	Morning.
☾ Perigee	30	5	—	Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets	Morn	—	After
				h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
1	Mon	19	Siege of Lucknow by Rebels 1857	5 40	6 26	4 50	After	5 51
2	Tues	20	Visitation of Blessed Virgin Mary	5 41	6 27	5 54	0 25	6 57
3	Wed	21	.....	5 41	6 27	6 59	1 27	7 57
4	Thur	22	Sir H. Lawrence died 1857	5 41	6 27	8 2	2 25	8 51
5	Fri	23	Capture of Ghizni 1839	5 41	6 27	9 3	3 21	9 42
6	Sat	24	Old Midsummer day	5 42	6 27	9 59	4 12	10 28
7	SUN	25	3rd SUNDAY after TRINITY. 14th Bengal	5 42	6 27	10 54	5 2	11 13
8	Mon	26	 [N. I. disarmed 1857	5 43	6 27	After	5 49	11 55
9	Tues	27	.....	5 43	6 27	0 35	6 35	Morn
10	Wed	28	.....	5 43	6 27	1 23	7 20	0 37
11	Thur	29	.....	5 43	6 27	2 11	8 6	1 19
12	Fri	30	Rajah of Nargoond hung 1858.....	5 43	6 27	2 59	8 52	2 2
13	Sat	31	Allies evacuated Crimea 1856	5 44	6 27	3 46	9 38	2 46
14	SUN	32	4th SUNDAY after TRINITY	5 44	6 27	4 34	10 26	3 31
15	Mon	1	Madras Horticultural Socy. established 1835	5 45	6 27	5 20	11 13	4 18
16	Tues	2	.....	5 45	6 27	6 7	Morn	5 6
17	Wed	3	.....	5 45	6 27	6 53	0 0	5 53
18	Thur	4	.....	5 45	6 27	7 38	0 47	6 41
19	Fri	5	Defeat of the Nana by Genl. Havelock 1857	5 46	6 26	8 21	1 54	7 29
20	Sat	6	.....	5 46	6 26	9 2	2 20	8 18
21	SUN	7	5th SUNDAY after TRINITY. [Kangfoo 1842	5 46	6 26	9 44	3 5	9 6
22	Mon	8	Indian Income Tax Act passed 1860	5 46	6 26	10 26	3 51	9 56
23	Tues	9	.....	5 46	6 26	11 10	4 57	10 46
24	Wed	10	 [Petit Jury 1828	5 47	6 25	11 55	5 25	After
25	Thur	11	St. James. Natives of India first sat on the	5 47	6 25	Morn	6 15	0 33
26	Fri	12	Madras Lying-in-Hospital opened 1844.....	5 47	6 25	0 44	7 9	1 32
27	Sat	13	.....	5 47	6 25	1 36	8 5	2 32
28	SUN	14	6th SUNDAY after TRINITY.....	5 48	6 24	2 33	9 4	3 34
29	Mon	15	First School for native girls founded at	5 48	6 24	3 33	10 6	4 38
30	Tues	16	 [Calcutta 1849	5 48	6 24	4 35	After	5 40
31	Wed	17	Assam annexed 1829	5 48	6 24	5 42	0 8	6 37

PHENOMENA.

July	h.	m.	
1	5	6	Morn.—Uranus in conjunction with Sun.
2	2	23	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus
4	0	45	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury
6	3	17	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars
6	1	47	After.—Mercury at greatest eastern elongation 26° 11'.
11	10	45	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn
19	5	27	After.—Mercury stationary.
20	3	49	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter
21	7	12	Morn.—Venus in conjunction with Uranus.....Venus
23	3	27	Morn.—Saturn stationary.
29	3	25	After.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus
29	8	19	After.—Saturn in quadrature with Sun.
30	8	48	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus
31	5	7	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury

PHASES OF THE MOON.

d.	h.	m.
First Quarter	7	0 30 Afternoon.
Full Moon.....	15	3 58 Afternoon.
Last Quarter.....	23	2 43 Morning.
New Moon.....	29	6 26 Afternoon.

Apogee	11	11	— Morning.
Perigee	27	7	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets			
1	Thur	18	Lammas Day. The India Income Tax Act	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Fri	19	 [in force 1860]	5 48	6 24	6 44	1 5	7 29
3	Sat	20	Mahratta war commenced 1803	5 49	6 23	7 44	2 0	8 19
				5 49	6 23	8 41	2 52	9 6
4	Sun	21	7th SUNDAY after TRINITY	5 49	6 23	9 35	3 41	9 50
5	Mon	22	Chusan captured 1840	5 50	6 22	10 27	4 29	10 33
6	Tues	23	PRINCE ALFRED born 1844	5 50	6 22	11 17	5 15	11 15
7	Wed	24	Cabul taken 1839	5 50	6 22	After 6	2 11	59
8	Thur	25	Great flood at Baroda 1857	5 50	6 21	0 55	6 48	Morn
9	Fri	26	Powder Magazine at Delhi exploded 1853	5 50	6 20	1 43	7 35	0 43
10	Sat	27	Saint Lawrence. Scindia defeated 1803	5 50	6 20	2 30	8 22	1 28
11	Sun	28	8th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Ahmednuggur	5 50	6 20	3 16	9 9	2 14
12	Mon	29	 [surrendered 1803]	5 51	6 19	4 3	9 56	3 2
13	Tues	30	Sir Colin Campbell arrived in Calcutta 1857	5 51	6 19	4 49	10 44	3 49
14	Wed	31		5 51	6 19	5 36	11 31	4 38
15	Thur	1		5 51	6 18	6 19	Morn	5 26
16	Fri	2	Battle of the Thernaya 1835	5 51	6 17	7 2	0 17	6 14
17	Sat	3	Battle of Rohilla 1808	5 51	6 17	7 44	1 3	7 3
18	Sun	4	9th SUNDAY after TRINITY.	5 51	6 17	8 27	1 49	7 52
19	Mon	5	Mutiny at Ferozepore 1857	5 52	6 16	9 9	2 36	8 43
20	Tues	6		5 52	6 15	9 53	3 23	9 33
21	Wed	7	The Taku Forts of China captured 1860	5 52	6 15	10 42	4 12	10 29
22	Thur	8	Treaty of Peace with China 1842	5 52	6 14	11 30	5 4	After
23	Fri	9	Government Central Museum instituted 51	5 52	6 14	Morn	5 57	0 22
24	Sat	10	Inauguration of General Neill's statue 1841	5 52	6 13	0 24	6 54	1 23
25	Sun	11	10th SUNDAY after TRINITY. High Court	5 52	6 12	1 21	7 52	2 23
26	Mon	12	Trincomallie taken 1797	5 52	6 12	2 21	8 52	3 23
27	Tues	13	 [opened 1852]	5 52	6 11	3 21	9 51	4 22
28	Wed	14		5 52	6 10	4 22	10 49	5 18
29	Thur	15	Saint John the Baptist be-headed	5 52	6 10	5 22	After 6	10
30	Fri	16		5 52	6 9	6 25	0 38	6 56
31	Sat	17		5 52	6 8	7 20	1 29	7 40

PHENOMENA.

August	3	h. m.	37 Morn.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with Sun.			
	7	5	25 After.—Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars	0 21	S.
	7	5	43 After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn	2 34	S.
	10	5	38 After.—Mercury in conjunction with Venus	Mercury	4 36	S.
	13	1	44 Morn.—Mercury stationary.			
	16	4	28 After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Jupiter	2 20	S.
	21	2	41 After.—Mercury at greatest western elongation 18° 26'.			
	26	2	26 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus	Moon	5 1	S.
	26	0	46 After.—Jupiter in opposition with Sun.			
	28	3	54 After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon	3 16	S.
	29	6	51 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus	2 51	N.
	29	—	— — — — — Sun eclipsed, invisible at Madras.			

PHASES OF THE MOON.

d.	h.	m.
First Quarter	6	4 52 Morning.
Full Moon.....	14	5 54 Morning.
Last Quarter.....	21	8 30 Morning.
New Moon.....	28	5 3 Morning.

Apogee	8	3	— Morning.
Perigee	23	11	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises	Sets			
1	Sun	18	11th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Govt. of India	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.	h. m.
2	Mon	19	 [transferred to the Crown 1858]	5 52	6 8	8 14	2 19	8 26
3	Tues	20		5 52	6 7	9 6	3 7	9 10
4	Wed	21	Fort of Allyghur taken 1803	5 52	6 6	9 57	3 54	9 53
5	Thur	22	Storming of Highur and Allahabad 1803	5 52	6 6	10 47	4 41	10 37
6	Fri	23	Recapture of Ghuznee 1842	5 52	6 5	0 24	5 29	11 23
7	Sat	24		5 52	6 4	1 11	6 16	Morn
			[Blessed Virgin Mary]					
8	Sun	25	12th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Nativity of	5 52	6 4	1 58	7 51	0 55
9	Mon	26	Native Army of Bengal reorganised 1859	5 52	6 3	2 44	8 38	1 44
10	Tues	27		5 52	6 2	3 28	9 25	2 32
11	Wed	28	Battle of Delhi 1803	5 52	6 1	4 12	10 12	3 21
12	Thur	29	Cabul re-taken 1842	5 52	6 0	4 54	10 58	4 11
13	Fri	30	Defeat of Akhbar Khan at Tezeen 1842	5 52	6 0	5 41	11 45	5 0
14	Sat	31	Storming of Delhi commenced 1857	5 52	5 59	6 24	Morn	5 49
15	Sun	1	13th SUNDAY after TRINITY. The Indian	5 52	5 58	7 7	0 32	6 38
16	Mon	2	 [Press freed 1835]	5 52	5 58	7 52	1 20	7 31
17	Tues	3		5 52	5 57	8 39	2 9	8 24
18	Wed	4	Java conquered by English 1811	5 52	5 56	9 28	3 0	9 19
19	Thur	5	Treaty of Chunar signed 1781	5 52	5 56	10 21	3 54	10 18
20	Fri	6	Delhi re-taken 1857	5 52	5 55	11 15	4 49	After
21	Sat	7	Saint Matthew	5 52	5 54	Morn	5 46	0 16
22	Sun	8	14th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Siege of Mool-	5 52	5 53	0 13	6 44	1 15
23	Mon	9	 [tan raised 1848]	5 52	5 53	1 11	7 42	2 13
24	Tues	10		5 52	5 52	2 10	8 38	3 8
25	Wed	11		5 53	5 51	3 9	9 33	3 59
26	Thur	12		5 53	5 50	4 6	10 27	4 50
27	Fri	13		5 53	5 50	5 3	After 5	5 36
28	Sat	14		5 53	5 49	6 1	0 8	6 19
			[and all Angels]					
29	Sun	15	15th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Saint Michael	5 53	5 48	6 54	0 57	7 2
30	Mon	16	1st line of Railway projected by In. T. Com.	5 53	5 48	7 46	1 45	7 46
			[opd. between Arcunum & Conjeveram 1866]					

PHENOMENA.

September	1	h. m.	10 6 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars	2 24	S.
	4	4	18 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn	2 43	S.
	11	2	23 Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Venus	Mercury	0 24	N.
	12	5	14 After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter	Jupiter	2 42	S.
	14	—	— — — — — Moon eclipsed, visible at Madras.			
	15	3	9 After.—Mercury in superior conjunction with Sun.			
	22	10	33 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus	Moon	4 59	S.
	24	6	3 After.—Sun enters Libra. Autumn commences.			
	25	8	38 After.—Venus in superior conjunction with Sun.			
	28	5	49 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus	0 34	S.
	28	10	40 After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon	2 31	N.
	30	5	31 Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars	4 7	S.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

☾ First Quarter	5	11	33 Afternoon.
○ Full Moon.....	13	6	45 Afternoon.
☾ Last Quarter.....	20	2	38 Afternoon.
● New Moon	27	6	24 Afternoon.

☾ Apogee	5	10	— Afternoon.
☾ Perigee	18	8	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises, Sets	Morn	After	After	
1	Tues	17		h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m.				
2	Wed	18		5 53 5 47 8 37 2 33 8 31				
3	Thur	19		5 53 5 47 9 26 3 20 9 15				
4	Fri	20	Day of Humiliation throughout India 1857	5 53 5 46 10 15 4 8 10 2				
5	Sat	21	Terrific Storm at Calcutta 1864	5 53 5 45 11 3 4 56 10 49				
6	Sun	22		5 53 5 45 After 5 43 11 36				
7	Mon	23	16th SUNDAY after TRINITY.	5 53 5 44 0 32 6 31 Morn				
8	Tues	24		5 53 5 43 1 22 7 18 0 24				
9	Wed	25		5 53 5 43 2 6 8 4 1 13				
10	Thur	26	Changhae captured 1841	5 53 5 42 2 49 8 51 2 1				
11	Fri	27	Conclusion of the Affghan war 1842	5 53 5 41 3 31 9 37 2 51				
12	Sat	28		5 53 5 41 4 13 10 24 3 41				
13	Sun	29	17th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Ningpo taken	5 53 5 40 4 57 11 12 4 33				
14	Mon	30	Cuttack taken 1803 [1841]	5 53 5 39 5 46 Morn 5 25				
15	Tues	31		5 54 5 39 6 32 0 2 6 18				
16	Wed	1		5 54 5 38 7 22 0 53 7 12				
17	Thur	2	Agra taken 1803	5 54 5 38 8 14 1 47 8 10				
18	Fri	3	Saint Luke	5 54 5 38 9 10 2 43 9 10				
19	Sat	4		5 54 5 37 10 7 3 41 10 11				
20	Sun	5	18th SUNDAY after TRINITY	5 54 5 36 11 6 4 39 After				
21	Mon	6	Siege of Asseerghur 1803	5 55 5 36 Morn 5 37 0 9				
22	Tues	7		5 55 5 35 0 5 6 34 1 4				
23	Wed	8	Munro's Statue erected in Madras 1840	5 55 5 35 1 2 7 28 1 56				
24	Thur	9		5 55 5 34 1 59 8 21 2 45				
25	Fri	10	Rajah of Tanjore surrendered his power 1799	5 55 5 33 2 54 9 11 3 31				
26	Sat	11		5 55 5 33 3 47 10 0 4 15				
27	Sun	12	19th SUNDAY after TRINITY	5 56 5 32 4 41 10 49 5 0				
28	Mon	13	Saint Simon and Saint Jude	5 56 5 32 5 32 After 5 42				
29	Tues	14		5 56 5 32 6 27 0 24 6 25				
30	Wed	15	Martaban taken 1824	5 57 5 31 7 17 1 12 7 8				
31	Thur	16		5 57 5 31 8 56 2 48 8 41				

PHENOMENA.

October	h. m.				
1	5 31	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....	Saturn	2 56	S.
6	8 4	After.—Uranus in quadrature with Sun.			
9	9 18	After.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Jupiter	2 49	S.
19	4 28	After.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus	Moon	4 51	S.
19	4 30	After.—Uranus stationary.			
20	4 6	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Mars	Mercury	1 56	S.
24	7 38	After.—Jupiter stationary.			
28	9 1	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus	4 0	S.
29	3 59	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars.....	Mars	5 14	S.
29	7 43	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn	3 0	S.
29	2 36	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon	7 51	N.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.	
☾ First Quarter	4	7	48	Afternoon.
○ Full Moon.....	12	6	30	Morning.
☾ Last Quarter	18	10	27	Afternoon.
● New Moon	26	10	32	Morning.

☾ Apogee	2	7	—	Afternoon.
☾ Perigee	14	2	—	Afternoon.
☾ Apogee	30	1	—	Afternoon.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME		THE MOON		
				THE SUN		Rises	Culm	Sets
				Rises, Sets	Morn	After	After	
1	Fri	17	[upwards of 10,000 lives lost	h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m.				
2	Sat	18	All Saints. Cyclone at Masulipatam 1864—	5 58 5 30 9 43 3 36 9 29				
3	Sun	19	All Souls. Insurrection at Cabul 1841	5 58 5 30 10 31 4 24 10 17				
4	Mon	20	20th SUNDAY after TRINITY. Khelat taken	5 58 5 30 11 17 5 11 11 5				
5	Tues	21	[possession of by the British 1840	5 58 5 30 After 5 57 11 53				
6	Wed	22		5 59 5 29 0 43 6 43 Morn				
7	Thur	23		5 59 5 29 1 24 7 28 0 42				
8	Fri	24	Destruction of Cabul 1841..... [1841	5 59 5 29 2 6 8 14 1 30				
9	Sat	25	ALBERT EDWARD, Prince of Wales born	6 0 5 28 2 48 9 1 2 20				
10	Sun	26		6 0 5 28 3 32 9 50 3 12				
11	Mon	27	21st SUNDAY after TRINITY	6 0 5 28 4 18 10 41 4 6				
12	Tues	28	Saint Martin. Treaty with the Nizam 1766	6 1 5 27 5 11 11 34 5 2				
13	Wed	29		6 1 5 27 6 3 Morn 5 57				
14	Thur	30	Capture of Khelat 1839	6 1 5 27 7 0 0 31 6 57				
15	Fri	1	Robileand and the Deob ceded 1801	6 2 5 27 7 57 1 30 7 9 2				
16	Sat	2	Christ Church Trevandrum consecrated 1859	6 2 5 27 8 58 2 30 9 2				
17	Sun	3	Garrison at Lucknow relieved 1857.....	6 3 5 27 9 59 3 30 10 3				
18	Mon	4	22nd SUNDAY after TRINITY. St. Paul's	6 3 5 27 10 58 4 29 11 0				
19	Tues	5	[Church, Vepery, consecrated 1858	6 3 5 27 11 55 5 25 After				
20	Wed	6		6 4 5 27 Morn 6 18 0 43				
21	Thur	7		6 5 5 27 0 50 7 9 1 30				
22	Fri	8	PRINCESS ROYAL born 1840	6 5 5 27 1 44 7 58 2 15				
23	Sat	9	Repulse of Rannuggur 1843.....	6 5 5 27 2 36 8 45 2 57				
24	Sun	10	Old Martinmas day.....	6 6 5 27 3 28 9 32 3 39				
25	Mon	11	23d SUNDAY after TRINITY. Lord Clyde de-	6 7 5 27 4 18 10 19 4 22				
26	Tues	12	[feated Mutineers at Fattyghur 1858	6 7 5 27 5 9 11 6 5 5				
27	Wed	13		6 7 5 27 5 59 After 5 50				
28	Thur	14	Battle of Seetabuldee 1817	6 8 5 28 6 50 0 42 6 36				
29	Fri	15	Gwalior Contingent routed 1857.....	6 9 5 28 7 38 1 30 7 22				
30	Sat	16		6 9 5 28 8 26 2 18 8 10				
			Saint Andrew	6 10 5 28 9 12 3 5 8 58				

PHENOMENA.

November	h. m.				
1	2 50	Morn.—Mercury at greatest eastern elongation 23° 26'.			
1	8 24	Morn.—Mars in conjunction with Saturn	Mars	2 18	S.
6	5 52	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....	Jupiter	2 35	S.
7	6 43	After.—Venus in conjunction with Saturn.....	Venus	1 49	S.
11	11 50	After.—Mercury stationary.			
15	5 6	Morn.—Venus in conjunction with Mars	Venus	0 18	N.
15	10 20	After.—Moon in conjunction with Uranus.....	Moon	4 41	S.
16	1 56	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Venus.....	Mercury	1 6	S.
16	9 31	Morn.—Mercury in conjunction with Mars	Mercury	0 44	S.
19	5 3	After.—Saturn in conjunction with Sun.			
21	11 40	After.—Jupiter in quadrature with Sun.			
22	6 40	Morn.—Mercury in inferior conjunction with Sun.			
25	4 30	After.—Moon in conjunction with Mercury	Moon	3 10	N.
25	9 24	After.—Moon in conjunction with Saturn	Saturn	3 4	S.
27	5 31	Morn.—Moon in conjunction with Mars	Mars	5 37	S.
27	7 46	After.—Moon in conjunction with Venus	Venus	5 37	S.

PHASES OF THE MOON.

	d.	h.	m.
First Quarter	4	3	42 Afternoon.
Full Moon	11	5	31 Afternoon.
Last Quarter	18	8	55 Morning.
New Moon	26	5	0 Morning.

Perigee	12	7	— Afternoon.
Apogee	28	1	— Morning.

Day of Month.	Day of Week.	Tamil day of Month.	REMARKABLE DAYS, &c.	MEAN TIME	THE MOON
				Rises Sets	Rises Culm Sets
1	SUN	17	ADVENT SUNDAY. Capture of Punalla and	h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m.	h. m. h. m. h. m. h. m.
2	Mon	18	End of Nepalese war 1815	6 10 5 28 9 56 3 52 9 47	6 10 5 28 9 56 3 52 9 47
3	Tues	19	...	6 10 5 28 10 38 4 27 10 33	6 10 5 28 10 38 4 27 10 33
4	Wed	20	...	6 11 5 28 11 20 5 22 11 23	6 11 5 28 11 20 5 22 11 23
5	Thur	21	Suttee abolished 1829	6 12 5 28 After 6 7 Morn	6 12 5 28 After 6 7 Morn
6	Fri	22	Defeat of the Burmese near Prome 1825 ...	6 13 5 29 0 42 6 52 0 11	6 13 5 29 0 42 6 52 0 11
7	Sat	23	Madras Court of Small Causes established	6 13 5 29 1 23 7 38 1 0	6 13 5 29 1 23 7 38 1 0
			Battle of Rangoon 1824	6 13 5 29 2 7 8 27 1 51	6 13 5 29 2 7 8 27 1 51
8	SUN	24	2nd SUNDAY in ADVENT. Earthquake at	6 14 5 30 2 53 9 18 2 45	6 14 5 30 2 53 9 18 2 45
9	Mon	25	2d Battle of Nagpore 1817....[Bombay 1854	6 14 5 30 3 44 10 13 3 41	6 14 5 30 3 44 10 13 3 41
10	Tues	26	...	6 15 5 31 4 39 11 11 4 40	6 15 5 31 4 39 11 11 4 40
11	Wed	27	Annexation of Nagpore 1853	6 16 5 31 5 40 Morn 5 42	6 16 5 31 5 40 Morn 5 42
12	Thur	28	Treaty with Nizam concluded 1822	6 17 5 31 6 41 0 12 6 44	6 17 5 31 6 41 0 12 6 44
13	Fri	29	...	6 17 5 31 7 44 1 14 7 47	6 17 5 31 7 44 1 14 7 47
14	Sat	1	Prince ALBERT died 1861	6 18 5 32 8 47 2 16 8 49	6 18 5 32 8 47 2 16 8 49
15	SUN	2	3rd SUNDAY in ADVENT	6 18 5 32 9 47 3 16 9 47	6 18 5 32 9 47 3 16 9 47
16	Mon	3	Battle of Nagpore 1817	6 19 5 33 10 44 4 12 10 39	6 19 5 33 10 44 4 12 10 39
17	Tues	4	...	6 19 5 33 11 40 5 After	6 19 5 33 11 40 5 After
18	Wed	5	Battle of Moodkee 1845	6 20 5 34 Morn 5 56 0 15	6 20 5 34 Morn 5 56 0 15
19	Thur	6	...	6 20 5 34 0 33 6 44 0 58	6 20 5 34 0 33 6 44 0 58
20	Fri	7	Annexation of Pegu 1852	6 21 5 35 1 25 7 31 1 40	6 21 5 35 1 25 7 31 1 40
21	Sat	8	Saint Thomas	6 21 5 35 2 15 8 17 2 21	6 21 5 35 2 15 8 17 2 21
22	SUN	9	4th SUNDAY in ADVENT. Battle of Feroze-	6 22 5 36 3 6 9 4 3 4	6 22 5 36 3 6 9 4 3 4
23	Mon	10	Assassination of Sir W. H. Macnaghten 1841	6 22 5 36 3 56 9 51 3 48	6 22 5 36 3 56 9 51 3 48
24	Tues	11	...	6 23 5 37 4 44 10 38 4 33	6 23 5 37 4 44 10 38 4 33
25	Wed	12	CHRISTMAS DAY	6 23 5 37 5 33 After 5 20	6 23 5 37 5 33 After 5 20
26	Thur	13	Saint Stephen	6 24 5 38 6 23 0 14 6 6	6 24 5 38 6 23 0 14 6 6
27	Fri	14	Saint John	6 24 5 38 7 8 1 1 6 53	6 24 5 38 7 8 1 1 6 53
28	Sat	15	Innocent's Day	6 25 5 39 7 53 1 48 7 42	6 25 5 39 7 53 1 48 7 42
29	SUN	16	SUNDAY after CHRISTMAS DAY	6 25 5 39 8 37 2 34 8 30	6 25 5 39 8 37 2 34 8 30
30	Mon	17	Nagpore taken 1817	6 26 5 40 9 19 3 19 9 18	6 26 5 40 9 19 3 19 9 18
31	Tues	18	The year closes	6 26 5 41 9 59 4 3 10 5	6 26 5 41 9 59 4 3 10 5

PHENOMENA.

December	h.	m.	
3	6 15	After.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....Jupiter 2 0 S.
10	4 54	Morn.	Mercury at greatest western elongation 20° 53'.
12	5 54	After.	Mercury in conjunction with Saturn.....Mercury 0 9 N.
13	6 5	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Uranus.....Moon 4 34 S.
22	0 7	After.	Sun enters Capricornus, Winter commences.
23	9 44	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Saturn.....Saturn 3 11 S.
24	3 5	After.	Moon in conjunction with Mercury.....Moon 4 31 N.
26	9 28	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Mars.....Mars 5 15 S.
28	10 10	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Venus.....Venus 4 42 S.
31	9 13	Morn.	Moon in conjunction with Jupiter.....Jupiter 1 18 S.

TABLE SHOWING THE EQUATION OF TIME, FOR THE YEAR 1867, FOR THE MERIDIAN OF MADRAS.

DATE.	JANUARY.	FEBRUARY.	MARCH.	APRIL.	MAY.	JUNE.	JULY.	AUGUST.	SEPTEMBER.	OCTOBER.	NOVEMBER.	DECEMBER.
1867.												
1	+ 3 37 35	+ 13 48 13	+ 12 30 37	+ 8 48 30	+ 2 57 14	- 2 32 89	+ 3 24 08	+ 6 6 200	- 0 16 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
2	+ 4 33 33	+ 13 56 03	+ 12 27 50	+ 8 40 30	+ 3 4 62	- 2 28 85	+ 3 35 78	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
3	+ 5 1 54	+ 14 3 12	+ 12 15 15	+ 8 30 34	+ 3 11 54	- 2 14 40	+ 3 47 20	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
4	+ 5 28 84	+ 14 9 40	+ 12 2 32	+ 8 21 58	+ 3 17 30	- 2 4 58	+ 3 58 34	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
5	+ 5 55 31	+ 14 16 51	+ 11 49 05	+ 8 13 31	+ 3 23 72	- 2 54 41	+ 4 9 16	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
6	+ 6 22 16	+ 14 23 31	+ 11 35 31	+ 8 5 31	+ 3 29 57	- 2 54 41	+ 4 10 61	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
7	+ 6 48 09	+ 14 30 04	+ 11 21 19	+ 7 57 31	+ 3 36 31	- 2 54 41	+ 4 11 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
8	+ 7 13 49	+ 14 36 31	+ 11 6 33	+ 7 49 13	+ 3 43 11	- 2 54 41	+ 4 12 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
9	+ 7 38 33	+ 14 42 54	+ 10 51 08	+ 7 40 43	+ 3 49 44	- 2 54 41	+ 4 13 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
10	+ 8 2 58	+ 14 49 04	+ 10 36 37	+ 7 31 48	+ 3 56 11	- 2 54 41	+ 4 14 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
11	+ 8 26 21	+ 14 55 04	+ 10 20 39	+ 7 22 57	+ 4 02 38	- 2 54 41	+ 4 15 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
12	+ 8 49 23	+ 15 0 04	+ 10 4 08	+ 7 13 57	+ 4 09 05	- 2 54 41	+ 4 16 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
13	+ 9 11 00	+ 15 0 04	+ 9 46 35	+ 7 04 57	+ 4 15 31	- 2 54 41	+ 4 17 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
14	+ 9 33 30	+ 15 0 04	+ 9 31 72	+ 6 55 57	+ 4 24 44	- 2 54 41	+ 4 18 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
15	+ 9 54 31	+ 15 0 04	+ 9 14 79	+ 6 46 57	+ 4 33 57	- 2 54 41	+ 4 19 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
16	+ 10 14 02	+ 15 0 04	+ 8 57 01	+ 6 37 57	+ 4 43 10	- 2 54 41	+ 4 20 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
17	+ 10 32 21	+ 15 0 04	+ 8 40 18	+ 6 28 57	+ 4 52 23	- 2 54 41	+ 4 21 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
18	+ 10 50 06	+ 15 0 04	+ 8 22 53	+ 6 19 57	+ 5 01 32	- 2 54 41	+ 4 22 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
19	+ 11 7 11	+ 15 0 04	+ 8 5 47	+ 6 10 57	+ 5 10 41	- 2 54 41	+ 4 23 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
20	+ 11 11 16	+ 15 0 04	+ 7 48 7	+ 6 01 57	+ 5 19 50	- 2 54 41	+ 4 24 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
21	+ 11 38 54	+ 15 0 04	+ 7 28 57	+ 5 52 57	+ 5 29 00	- 2 54 41	+ 4 25 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
22	+ 12 5 13	+ 15 0 04	+ 7 10 31	+ 5 43 57	+ 5 38 10	- 2 54 41	+ 4 26 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
23	+ 12 10 06	+ 15 0 04	+ 6 51 57	+ 5 34 57	+ 5 47 20	- 2 54 41	+ 4 27 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
24	+ 12 16 00	+ 15 0 04	+ 6 33 56	+ 5 25 57	+ 5 56 30	- 2 54 41	+ 4 28 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
25	+ 12 30 29	+ 15 0 04	+ 6 15 11	+ 5 16 57	+ 6 05 40	- 2 54 41	+ 4 29 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
26	+ 12 43 78	+ 15 0 04	+ 5 56 16	+ 5 07 57	+ 6 14 50	- 2 54 41	+ 4 30 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
27	+ 12 56 49	+ 15 0 04	+ 5 38 16	+ 4 58 57	+ 6 24 00	- 2 54 41	+ 4 31 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
28	+ 13 8 41	+ 15 0 04	+ 5 19 70	+ 4 49 57	+ 6 33 10	- 2 54 41	+ 4 32 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
29	+ 13 15 55	+ 15 0 04	+ 5 0 128	+ 4 40 57	+ 6 42 20	- 2 54 41	+ 4 33 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
30	+ 13 29 89	+ 15 0 04	+ 4 42 90	+ 4 31 57	+ 6 51 30	- 2 54 41	+ 4 34 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74
31	+ 13 39 42	+ 15 0 04	+ 4 24 01	+ 4 22 57	+ 7 00 40	- 2 54 41	+ 4 35 14	+ 6 5 5806	- 0 35 25	- 10 28 77	- 16 16 81	- 10 57 74

RISING, SETTING, AND CULMINATING OF THE FIVE PRINCIPAL
 PLANETS AT MADRAS.

1867.		MERCURY.		VENUS.		MARS.		JUPITER.		SATURN.	
		Rises.	Culm.	Rises.	Culm.	Rises.	Culm.	Sets.	Culm.	Rises.	Culm.
		Morn.	Morn.	Morn.	Morn.	After.	Morn.	After.	After.	Morn.	Morn.
		<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>	<i>h. m.</i>
Jan.....	1	4 51	10 30	4 20	10 3	6 43	1 8	7 36	1 55	2 51	8 36
	9	5 7	10 44	3 54	9 37	5 57	0 23	7 13	1 31	2 22	8 7
	17	5 26	11 3	3 36	9 19	Sets M.	After.	6 49	1 7	1 54	7 38
	25	5 48	11 25	3 26	9 8	5 16	10 49	6 26	0 43	1 25	7 9
Feb.....	2	6 9	11 49	3 21	9 3	4 35	10 8	6 3	0 19	0 55	6 39
	10	Sets A.	After.	3 20	9 1	3 58	9 31	Rises M.	Morn.	0 25	6 9
	18	6 27	0 37	3 21	9 2	3 25	8 58	5 47	11 32	Rises A.	5 39
	26	6 56	1 0	3 24	9 5	2 55	8 28	5 22	11 7	11 24	5 8
March.	6	7 16	1 14	3 27	9 9	2 27	8 1	4 57	10 43	10 52	4 36
	14	7 13	1 7	3 30	9 14	2 3	7 37	4 33	10 19	10 21	4 5
	22	6 37	0 31	3 32	9 18	1 40	7 15	4 7	9 54	9 49	3 33
	30	Rises M.	Morn.	3 35	9 23	1 20	6 55	3 42	9 29	9 16	3 0
April....	7	4 55	10 55	3 36	9 27	1 0	6 36	3 16	9 4	8 42	2 27
	15	4 31	10 30	3 38	9 31	0 41	6 18	2 49	8 38	8 9	1 54
	23	4 21	10 21	3 38	9 35	0 23	6 1	2 23	8 12	7 35	1 20
May....	1	4 20	10 23	3 38	9 38	0 6	5 45	1 57	7 46	7 1	0 46
	9	4 27	10 34	3 39	9 42	Sets A.	5 30	1 29	7 19	6 28	0 13
	17	4 41	10 54	3 39	9 46	11 34	5 15	1 2	6 52	Sets M.	After.
	25	5 6	11 24	3 40	9 50	11 17	5 0	0 33	6 23	4 46	11 1
June....	2	Sets A.	After.	3 42	9 55	11 1	4 45	0 4	5 55	4 13	10 27
	10	7 13	0 48	3 45	10 1	10 45	4 31	Rises A.	5 25	2 40	9 54
	18	7 47	1 23	3 51	10 9	10 30	4 17	11 4	4 55	3 6	9 20
	26	8 7	1 46	3 57	10 17	10 14	4 8	10 33	4 24	2 34	8 48
July....	4	8 12	1 54	4 5	10 27	9 58	3 49	10 1	8 52	2 1	8 15
	12	8 2	1 48	4 15	10 38	9 49	3 35	9 29	3 20	1 29	7 43
	20	7 36	1 24	4 25	10 48	9 27	3 21	8 57	2 47	0 57	7 11
	28	6 52	0 41	4 37	10 59	9 12	3 8	8 23	2 18	0 26	6 40
August	5	Rises M.	Morn.	4 48	11 9	8 56	2 54	7 49	1 39	Sets A.	6 9
	13	4 49	11 4	5 1	11 19	8 41	2 41	7 14	1 4	11 24	5 38
	21	4 33	10 50	5 11	11 27	8 26	2 28	6 39	0 28	10 54	5 8
	29	4 48	11 3	5 22	11 35	8 11	2 15	Sets M.	After.	10 23	4 38
Sept....	6	5 18	11 29	5 32	11 41	7 57	2 3	5 1	11 13	9 54	4 9
	14	Sets A.	11 55	5 41	11 47	7 43	1 51	4 26	10 38	9 25	3 40
	22	6 14	After.	5 50	11 52	7 29	1 39	3 51	10 8	8 56	3 11
	30	6 25	0 32	5 59	11 57	7 16	1 28	3 17	9 29	8 27	2 42
Octr ...	8	6 34	0 46	Sets A.	After.	7 4	1 18	2 43	8 56	7 53	2 14
	16	6 43	0 59	5 59	0 8	6 53	1 8	2 10	8 23	7 30	1 46
	24	6 50	1 10	6 1	0 14	6 42	0 59	1 38	7 51	7 2	1 18
Nov....	1	6 53	1 16	6 6	0 22	6 32	0 51	1 7	7 20	6 34	0 50
	9	6 45	1 9	6 12	0 31	6 23	0 43	0 37	6 50	6 6	0 23
	17	6 8	0 29	6 20	0 41	6 15	0 36	0 8	6 20	Rises M.	Morn.
	25	Rises M.	Morn.	6 29	0 52	6 6	0 29	Sets A.	5 52	5 44	11 27
Dec.....	3	4 49	10 34	6 40	1 4	6 0	0 23	11 12	5 24	5 17	11 0
	11	4 44	10 27	6 53	1 17	5 54	0 18	10 45	4 56	4 49	10 32
	19	4 56	10 36	7 6	1 29	5 49	0 13	10 19	4 30	4 22	10 4
	27	5 16	10 53	7 18	1 40	5 44	0 8	9 53	4 3	3 55	9 37
1868.											
Jan .	4	5 38	11 14	7 31	1 50	5 40	0 3	9 27	3 27	3 26	9 8

ECLIPSES OF JUPITER'S SATELLITES VISIBLE AT MADRAS.

1867.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellite	Phenomenon.	1867.	Madras Mean Time.	Satellite	Phenomenon.
	<i>h. m. s.</i>				<i>h. m. s.</i>		
Jan... 6	6 12 23.1 After.	II.	Reap.	Aug. 14	11 55 50.1 After.	II.	Disap.
				" 15	10 38 30.9 "	I.	"
				" 22	2 30 44.2 Morn.	II.	"
				" 23	0 33 27.1 "	I.	"
				" 24	7 2 15.8 After.	I.	"
				" 30	4 43 59.2 Morn.	I.	Reap.
				" 31	11 12 49.0 After.	I.	"
The Satellites of Jupiter are invisible from January 13th until March 1st, Jupiter being too near to the Sun.							
	<i>h. m. s.</i>			Sept. 1	9 9 37.6 After.	II.	Reap.
Mar. 13	4 49 34.7 Morn.	I.	Disap.	" 1	10 30 53.4 "	III.	"
				" 8	1 7 58.8 Morn.	I.	"
April 5	4 59 40.3 Morn.	I.	Disap.	" 8	11 44 37.8 After.	II.	"
" 16	4 0 18.4 "	II.	"	" 9	2 31 59.1 Morn.	III.	"
" 21	3 15 40.0 "	I.	"	" 9	7 36 42.8 After.	I.	"
" 28	5 9 26.1 "	I.	"	" 15	3 3 15.2 Morn.	I.	"
				" 16	2 19 48.0 "	II.	"
May 3	2 27 28.9 Morn.	III.	Reap.	" 16	3 24 51.1 "	IV.	Disap.
" 5	1 55 1.3 "	IV.	Disap.	" 16	9 32 1.0 After.	I.	Reap.
" 10	2 54 9.4 "	III.	"	" 23	11 27 25.4 "	I.	"
" 14	3 25 28.6 "	I.	"	" 26	6 12 54.3 "	II.	"
" 18	3 40 43.7 "	II.	"	Oct. 1	1 22 55.0 Morn.	I.	Reap.
" 21	5 19 16.3 "	I.	"	" 2	7 51 51.0 After.	I.	"
" 30	1 41 31.4 "	I.	"	" 2	9 40 22.7 "	IV.	Disap.
				" 3	1 59 14.4 Morn.	IV.	Reap.
June 6	3 35 23.9 Morn.	I.	Disap.	" 3	8 48 31.3 After.	II.	"
" 12	0 43 36.2 "	II.	"	" 7	6 36 45.3 "	III.	"
" 13	5 29 19.4 "	I.	"	" 9	9 47 25.9 "	I.	"
" 14	11 57 51.0 After.	I.	"	" 10	11 24 19.3 "	II.	"
" 15	2 26 11.6 Morn.	III.	Reap.	" 14	7 12 58.4 "	III.	Disap.
" 19	3 18 24.3 "	II.	Disap.	" 14	10 38 54.6 "	III.	Reap.
" 22	1 51 51.2 "	I.	"	" 16	11 43 4.5 "	I.	"
" 22	2 53 59.7 "	III.	"	" 18	2 0 18.2 Morn.	II.	"
" 29	3 45 55.5 "	I.	"	" 18	6 11 57.3 After.	I.	"
				" 19	8 10 40.6 "	IV.	"
July 6	9 45 6.2 After.	II.	Disap.	" 21	11 15 7.4 "	III.	Disap.
" 8	0 8 34.0 Morn.	I.	"	" 25	8 7 38.9 "	I.	Reap.
" 11	2 33 28.0 "	IV.	"	" 28	5 54 38.3 "	II.	"
" 14	0 19 43.5 "	II.	"	Nov. 1	10 3 22.1 After.		Reap.
" 15	2 2 50.4 "	I.	"	" 4	8 31 5.1 "		"
" 21	2 54 20.6 "	II.	"	" 8	11 59 5.9 "		"
" 22	3 57 13.3 "	I.	"	" 10	6 28 5.2 "	I.	"
" 23	10 25 53.6 After.	I.	"	" 11	11 7 42.5 "	II.	"
" 27	8 41 51.8 "	IV.	"	" 17	8 23 48.1 "	I.	"
" 27	10 56 21.9 "	III.	"	" 19	6 46 36.8 "	III.	"
" 28	1 18 22.6 Morn.	IV.	Reap.	" 24	10 19 29.6 "	I.	"
" 28	5 28 59.2 "	II.	Disap.	" 26	7 25 58.7 "	III.	Disap.
" 31	0 20 25.0 "	I.	"	" 26	10 48 18.7 "	III.	Reap.
				" 29	5 39 50.7 "	II.	"
Aug. 4	2 56 48.2 Morn.	III.	Disap.	Dec. 3	6 41 0.4 After.	I.	Reap.
" 7	2 15 3.9 "	I.	"	" 6	8 16 59.3 "	II.	"
" 7	9 21 1.9 After.	II.	"	" 10	8 39 36.4 "	I.	"
" 8	8 43 42.5 "	I.	"	" 25	8 58 33.2 "	IV.	"
" 14	4 9 50.4 Morn.	I.	"	" 26	6 59 29.6 "	I.	"
				" 31	5 28 16.7 "	II.	"

ASTEROIDS OR TELESCOPIC PLANETS BETWEEN MARS AND JUPITER.

Number.	Name.	Discoverer.	Place and Date of Discovery.	Revolution in days.
1	Ceres	Piazzi	Palermo 1801 Jan. 1	1681
2	Pallas	Olbers	Bremen 1802 Mar. 28	1684
3	Juno	Harding	Lilienthal 1804 Sep. 1	1592
4	Vesta	Olbers	Bremen 1807 March 29	1326
5	Astræa	Hencke	Driesen 1845 Dec. 8	1511
6	Hebe	Hencke	Driesen 1847 July 1	1380
7	Iris	Hind	London 1847 Aug. 13	1346
8	Flora	Hind	London 1847 Oct. 18	1193
9	Metis	Graham	Sligo 1848 April 25	1347
10	Hygeia	DeGasparis	Naples 1849 April 12	2041
11	Parthenope	DeGasparis	Naples 1850 May 11	1402
12	Victoria	Hind	London 1850 Sep. 13	1301
13	Egeria	DeGasparis	Naples 1850 Nov. 2	1511
14	Irene	Hind	London 1851 May 19	1518
15	Eunomia	DeGasparis	Naples 1851 July 29	1571
16	Psyche	DeGasparis	Naples 1852 March 17	1825
17	Thetis	Luther	Bilk 1852 April 17	1420
18	Melpomene	Hind	London 1852 June 24	1271
19	Fortuna	Hind	London 1852 Aug. 22	1393
20	Massilia	DeGasparis	Naples 1852 Sep. 19	1366
21	Lutetia	Goldschmidt	Paris 1852 Nov. 15	1388
22	Calliope	Hind	London 1852 Nov. 16	1813
23	Thalia	Hind	London 1852 Dec. 15	1554
24	Themis	DeGasparis	Naples 1853 April 5	2034
25	Phocæa	Chacornac	Marseilles 1853 April 7	1859
26	Proserpine	Luther	Bilk 1853 May 5	1581
27	Euterpe	Hind	London 1853 Nov. 8	1314
28	Bellona	Luther	Bilk 1854 March 1	1689
29	Amphitrite	Marth	London 1854 March 1	1492
30	Urania	Hind	London 1854 July 22	1329
31	Euphrosyne	Ferguson	Washington 1854 Sep. 1	2048
32	Pomona	Goldschmidt	Paris 1854 Oct. 26	1520
33	Polyhymnia	Chacornac	Paris 1854 Oct. 28	1773
34	Circe	Chacornac	Paris 1855 April 6	1610
35	Leucothea	Luther	Bilk 1855 April 19	1800
36	Atalanta	Goldschmidt	Paris 1855 Oct. 5	1666
37	Fides	Luther	Bilk 1855 Oct. 5	1569
38	Leda	Chacornac	Paris 1856 Jan. 12	1657
39	Lætitia	Chacornac	Paris 1856 Feb. 8	1685
40	Harmonia	Goldschmidt	Paris 1856 March 31	1247
41	Daphne	Goldschmidt	Paris 1856 May 22	1435
42	Isis	Pogson	Oxford 1856 May 23	1392
43	Ariadne	Pogson	Oxford 1857 April 15	1195
44	Nysa	Goldschmidt	Paris 1857 May 27	1379
45	Eugenia	Goldschmidt	Paris 1857 June 27	1640
46	Hestia	Pogson	Oxford 1857 Aug. 16	1470
47	Aglaja	Luther	Bilk 1857 Sep. 15	1788
48	Doris	Goldschmidt	Paris 1857 Sep. 19	1998
49	Pales	Goldschmidt	Paris 1857 Sep. 19	1980
50	Virginia	Ferguson	Washington 1857 Oct. 4	1577

ASTEROIDS OR TELESCOPIC PLANETS &C.—continued.

Number.	Name.	Discoverer.	Place and Date of Discovery.	Revolution in days.
51	Nemausa	Laurent	Marseilles 1858 Jan. 22	1330
52	Europa	Goldschmidt	Paris 1858 Feb. 6	1994
53	Calypso	Luther	Bilk 1858 April 4	1543
54	Alexandra	Goldschmidt	Paris 1858 Sep. 10	1627
55	Pandora	Searle	Albany 1858 Sep. 10	1675
56	Melete	Goldschmidt	Paris 1857 Sep. 9	1531
57	Mnemosyne	Luther	Bilk 1859 Sep. 22	2049
58	Concordia	Luther	Bilk 1860 March 24	1619
59	Olympia	Chacornac	Paris 1860 Sep. 12	1633
60	Echo	Ferguson	Washington 1860 Sep. 14	1362
61	Danaë	Goldschmidt	Paris 1860 Sep. 19	1874
62	Erato	Forster and Lesser	Berlin 1860 Sep. 14	2037
63	Ausonia	DeGasparis	Naples 1861 Feb. 10	1355
64	Angelina	Tempel	Marseilles 1861 March 4	1601
65	Maximiliana	Tempel	Marseilles 1861 March 8	2343
66	Maia	Tuttle	Cambridge, U. S. 1861 April 9	1579
67	Asia	Pogson	Madras 1861 April 17	1371
68	Leto	Luther	Bilk 1861 April 29	1688
69	Hesperia	Schiaparelli	Milan 1861 April 29	1782
70	Panopea	Goldschmidt	Paris 1861 May 5	1594
71	Niobe	Luther	Bilk 1861 Aug. 13	1671
72	Feronia	Peters	Clinton, U. S. 1862 Feb. 20	1148
73	Clytie	Tuttle	Cambridge, U. S. 1862 April 17	1590
74	Galatea	Tempel	Marseilles 1862 Aug. 29	1510
75	Eurydice	Peters	Clinton, U. S. 1862 Sep. 22	1594
76	Freia	D'Arrest	Copenhagen 1862 Oct. 21	2276
77	Frigga	Peters	Clinton, U. S. 1862 Nov. 12	1792
78	Diana	Luther	Bilk 1863 March 15	1555
79	Eurynome	Watson	Ann Arbor 1863 Sep. 14	1400
80	Sappho	Pogson	Madras 1864 May 3	1271
81	Terpsichore	Tempel	Marseilles 1864 Sep. 30	1758
82	Alcmæna	Luther	Bilk 1864 Nov. 27	1670
83	Beatrice	DeGasparis	Naples 1865 April 26	1382
84	Clio	Luther	Bilk 1865 Aug. 25	1317
85	Io	Peters	Clinton, U. S. 1865 Sep. 19	1579
86	Semele	Tietjen	Berlin 1866 Jan. 4	1985
87	Sylvia	Pogson	Madras 1866 May 17	Unkn.
88	Thisbe	Peters	Clinton, U. S. 1866 June 20	1674

PLANETARY PHENOMENA.

MERCURY will be a morning star during January, and the months of April, May, August, and December; an evening star, from the middle of February till the end of March, from the early part of June to the latter part of July, and from the middle of September to the middle of November. He will arrive at his superior conjunction with the Sun on February 11th, June 1st, and September 15th; at his inferior conjunction on March 27th, August 3rd, and November 22nd; at his greatest eastern elongation on March 10th, July 6th, and November 1st, and at his greatest western elongation on April 24th, August 21st, and December 10th. He will be stationary on March 17th, April 8th, July 19th,

August 13th, and November 11th. When in superior conjunction, that is when the Sun is exactly between the Earth and Mercury, the latter appears perfectly round but very small, not more than 5" in diameter; but when in the opposite portion of his orbit or near his inferior conjunction he presents the form of a slender and brilliant crescent, nearly 12" in diameter.

VENUS (the largest of the inferior planets) will be a morning star from January to August inclusive, and an evening star from the latter part of October to the end of December. She will arrive at her greatest western elongation on February 21st, and at her superior conjunction with the Sun on September 25th. Her telescopic appearance at the commencement of the year will be that of a slender crescent 51" in diameter. During February she will acquire the figure of a half Moon, about 30" in diameter, and will be visible to the naked eye during the day, while the Sun shines, provided her positions are known. From March she will diminish slowly, both in brilliancy and size, until her superior conjunction on September 25th, when she will appear perfectly round and about 10" in apparent diameter. At the end of December she will be seen gibbous.

MARS, with his fiery reddish hue, will be conspicuously seen in the East at the commencement of the year. He will be in opposition to the Sun on January 11th, and will be seen nearly all night during the month from the above date. He will be stationary on February 19th, and in quadrature with the Sun on April 16th. He will be an evening star from June to the end of October. At the time of opposition, on January 11th, his apparent diameter will be 17", and he will afterwards diminish both in intensity of light and in apparent size. At the end of October the Planet will be a little more than 4" in diameter.

JUPITER, with his magnificent pure white light, will be an evening star during January and December, and a morning star from the 1st of March to the end of April. He will be in quadrature with the Sun on May 28th, and November 21st, and stationary on June 27th, and October 24th. His interesting belts and the phenomena of his four satellites are well worthy of examination. His least apparent diameter will be under 35", when near conjunction on February 3rd; his greatest will be 50", when in opposition on August 26th.

The eclipses of Jupiter's satellites best observable in India are given in a table on page 21, in Madras Mean Time. Between conjunction and opposition, i. e., from the 3rd February to the 26th August, the eclipses will occur on the western side of the planet, but in the other portions of the year to the east of the primary. When both the disappearance and re-appearance of a satellite are given, it must be remembered the phenomena take place on the same side of the planet, but the re-appearance always to the east of the spot at which the satellites vanished. Any good pocket telescope, if steadily supported, will render the satellites visible and their eclipses observable.

SATURN, with his pale brightness, will be a morning star during the early part of January and December, and an evening star from the latter part of August to the end of October. He will be in quadrature with the Sun on February 13th, and July 29th, and stationary on March 4th, and July 23rd. He will be in opposition to the Sun on April 30th, and in conjunction on November 19th. His greatest apparent diameter will be 18" on April 30th.

SATURN is attended by eight satellites, five of which may be readily seen with any good telescope, but the remaining three require the best instrument yet constructed to render them discernible.

URANUS and **NEPTUNE** are both readily visible with a mere pocket glass, when their positions are well known, though they are not distinguishable from the fixed stars, except with superior instruments charged with high magnifying powers. Uranus will be stationary on March 13th, and October 19th, and in quadrature on March 25th, and October 6th. He will be in conjunction with the Sun on July 1st, and in opposition on December 31st, as a star of the sixth magnitude, the faintest visible without telescopic aid in the absence of moonlight, in Right Ascension 5h. 47m. and North Declination 23° 24'. His apparent diameter is usually about 4". Neptune, never more than 2½" in diameter, and only of about the eighth magnitude as compared with the fixed stars, will be in opposition on October 8th in Right Ascension 0h. 53m., and North Declination 3° 52'.

THE MINOR PLANETS between Mars and Jupiter, are now eighty-eight in number, eighty-four of which have been discovered within the last 21 years. The only one ever visible to the unaided sight is Vesta, which, under certain conditions, for a brief time when near opposition, acquires a brilliancy equal to stars of the fifth magnitude. A complete historical table of the minor planets will be found on pages 22 and 23.

CHRISTIAN FESTIVALS AND FASTS.

JANUARY.

1.—**CIRCUMCISION**.—This festival was originally called the Octave of Christmas, and the first mention found of it is in the year 487. It was instituted by the Church to commemorate the ceremony under the Jewish law to which Christ submitted, on the eighth day of the nativity.

6.—**EPIPHANY**.—The word EPIPHANY signifies appearance or apparition. This festival appears to have been first observed as a separate feast, in the year 813. From the circumstance of its being twelve days after Christmas, it is vulgarly called "Twelfth-day."

7.—**PLUGH MONDAY**.—Is the first Monday after the Epiphany, and received this appellation from its having been fixed upon as the period when the early English returned to the duties of agriculture, after the festivities of Christmas.

FEBRUARY.

1.—**PURIFICATION**.—This day is kept in the Romish Church as a solemn festival, in memory of the purification of the Virgin Mary. The festival was originally called **CANDLEMAS DAY**, as well as the Day of Purification. The practice of lighting the churches has been discontinued in England since the second year of Edward VI. In the Romish Church all its attendant ceremonies are still retained.

17.—**SEPTUAGESIMA SUNDAY**.—Is a Sunday dependent upon Lent, as that season is upon Easter. It is to be considered as the preparation for the fast of Lent. Its observance was instituted by Pope Gregory the Great. The name of the first Sunday in Lent having been distinguished by the appellation of Quadragesima, and the three weeks preceding having been appropriated to the gradual introduction of the Lent Fast, the three Sundays of these weeks were called by names significant of their situation: and reckoning by "decades" (tenths), the Sunday preceding Quadragesima received its present title of Quinquagesima, the second Sexagesima, and the third Septuagesima.

MARCH.

1.—**ST. DAVID'S DAY**.—St. David, the patron saint of Welshmen, was Archbishop of Menevy. He was a man of considerable learning, and was reputed to possess the power of performing miracles. He died in 544, and was buried in the Church of St. Andrew, but his remains were afterwards removed to Glastonbury Abbey. On this day, Welshmen wear a leek in their hats, a practice supposed to have originated from their countrymen, in a great battle with the Saxons fought adjacent to a leek-field, having adopted that vegetable as a military mark of distinction, by which they might distinguish each other from the enemy during the battle.

5.—**SHROVE TUESDAY**.—After the people had made the confession required at this season by the discipline of the Romish Church, they were permitted to indulge in festive amusements although not allowed to partake of any repast beyond the usual substitutes for flesh; and hence arose the custom, yet preserved of eating pancakes and fritters at Shrovetide.

6.—**ASH-WEDNESDAY**.—The early Christians did not commence their Lent until the Sunday now called the first in Lent. Pope Felix III., in the year 487, first added the four days preceding the old Lent Sunday to complete the number of fasting days to forty. Gregory the Great introduced the sprinkling of ashes on the first of the four additional days, which give it the names of **DIS CINERUM**, or Ash-Wednesday. At the Reformation this practice was abolished.

10.—**QUADRAGESIMA, OR FIRST SUNDAY IN LENT**.—Ercombert, King of Kent, first appointed the fast of Lent in England, in the year 641. Succeeding generations marked the distinctions between the various foods. We find flesh to have been early prohibited during Lent, though Henry VIII. published a proclamation in 1543, allowing the use of white meats, which continued in force until by proclamations of James I. in 1619, and 1625 and by Charles I. in 1627 and 1631, flesh was again wholly forbidden.

13, 15 and 16.—**EMBER DAYS**.—After the first Sunday in Lent, the Wednesday, Friday, and Saturday are Ember-days, and the week in which they occur, Ember-weeks. On Ember-days our forefathers ate no bread but what was baked in a simple and primitive fashion under hot ashes; hence the name. The other Ember-days of the year are the Wednesdays, Fridays and Saturdays, after the feast of Pentecost, Holyrood Day, (Sept. 14,) and St. Lucia's Day (Dec. 15.)

17.—**ST. PATRICK'S DAY.**—A grand festival of the Church of Rome, and on which Irishmen consider it their duty to make themselves as happy as a Welshman does on the 1st of March. The Irish venerate St. Patrick as the introducer of Christianity into Ireland. He was a Scotchman by birth. The shamrock, (*Trifolium repens*) a species of three-leaved grass, is generally worn by the Irish on this day. The favor thus bestowed upon it is said to have arisen from the saint having used it as an instrument for explaining the doctrine of the Trinity.

25.—**THE ANNUNCIATION OF OUR LADY.**—This day is more familiarly known in England as Lady-day. It is kept as a festival in the Romish Church in commemoration of the Incarnation of Christ. In England it is one of the quarter-days on which rent and other dues become payable. The other quarter days are Midsummer-day, (June 24), Michaelmas-day, (September 29) and Christmas-day (Dec. 25).

31.—**MID-LENT SUNDAY.**—This day received its appellation because it is the middle Sunday between Quadragesima and Easter Sunday. It is by some called the "Mothering Sunday,"—term expressive of the ancient usage of visiting the Mother or Cathedral Churches, of the several dioceses, when voluntary offerings made which are now called Easter offerings.

APRIL.

14.—**PALM SUNDAY.**—Palm Sunday is the Sunday preceding Easter, or the last Sunday in Lent. The festival commemorates our Saviour's triumphal entry into Jerusalem, when branches of palms were spread before him.

19.—**GOOD FRIDAY.**—This day is held as a solemn fast, in remembrance of the Crucifixion. Its appellation of Good appears to be peculiar to the Church of England. Our Saxon forefathers termed it "Long Friday," from the length of the offices and fastings on that day.

21.—**EASTER SUNDAY.**—Is a movable festival, held in commemoration of the Resurrection, and being the most important and most ancient in observance, it governs the whole of the other movable feasts throughout the year. Nearly the whole of the movable feasts and holidays of the Church are determined by Easter-day, which is itself movable, according to the following canonical regulation ordained by the Council of Nice (A.D. 325); viz., Easter Sunday always falls upon the first Sunday after the first full moon after the 21st day of March. If the first full moon happens on a Sunday, then the following Sunday is Easter-Sunday. The moon on which Easter depends is called the Paschal moon, and the full moon is defined to be the 14th day of the moon, that is, 13 days after the preceding day of new moon. The first of the movable feasts in the year dependent on Easter is Septuagesima Sunday, and it takes its place nine Sundays before Easter.

23.—**SAINT GEORGE.**—Edward III., at the Battle of Calais, in the year 1349, joined to England's then supposed principal guardian St. Edward the Confessor, the name of St. George, both of whom he earnestly invoked to aid his arms. The next year the Order of the Garter was established, dedicated to St. George; and the saint himself has, from that period, been considered as patron of England.

28.—**LOW SUNDAY.**—So termed from the Church Service being somewhat abridged or lowered from that of the preceding Sunday.

MAY.

1.—**MAY-DAY.** It has been celebrated from the earliest ages, as a kind of nature's birthday: and notwithstanding the havoc which the march of knowledge has made with the customs of our forefathers, it is probable that in rural districts May-day will long continue its hold upon human affection. May-day can hardly be said to be known in great cities.

26.—**ROGATION SUNDAY.**—Rogation Sunday received and retains its title from the Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday immediately following it, which are called ROGATION DAYS, derived from the Latin "rogare," to beseech. The early Christians appropriated extraordinary prayers and supplications for those three days as a preparation for the devout observance of our Saviour's Ascension on the day next succeeded to them, denominated "Holy Thursday," or Ascension Day. The whole week in which these days happen is styled Rogation-week, and in some parts it is still known by the other names of Crop-week, Grass-week, and Gang or Procession-week. The perambulations of parishes are made in this week.

30.—**ASCENSION-DAY, OR HOLY-THURSDAY.**—Is the day on which the Church celebrates the Ascension of our Saviour,—the fortieth day after his Resurrection from the dead.

JUNE.

9.—**PENTECOST, OR WHIT-SUNDAY.**—The seventh Sunday after Easter-day. It was on the feast of Pentecost (a great feast of the Jews), that the Holy Ghost miraculously descended on the Apostles. This and the two following days comprise Whitsuntide; and in many parts of England it is a time for hiring servants. It is named WHIT, is signifying "White" Sunday, because on this day the catechumens appeared in the ancient Church in white garments.

16.—**TRINITY SUNDAY.**—Trinity Sunday is a festival observed by the Latin and Protestant Church on the Sunday next following Pentecost, or Whitsuntide,—of which, originally, it was merely an octave.

20.—**CORPUS CHRISTI.**—A festival of the Romish Church, held on the Thursday after Trinity Sunday. It celebrates, as the name indicates, the doctrine of the transubstantiation, and is observed in Catholic countries with considerable ceremony.

24.—**ST. JOHN THE BAPTIST.**—The Nativity of St. John the Baptist: a holiday of the Church of England. Eve of St. John, variously called Midsummer Eve, was formerly a time of high observance amongst the English, as it still is in Catholic countries. There was a custom of holding vigil in the Church porch.

AUGUST.

1.—**LAMMAS DAY, CALLED THE GULF OF AUGUST.**—It is now only remarkable as a day of term for some purposes. It was probably one of the great festival days of our heathen ancestors, and occurs exactly three months after another of them—Beltane or May-day. Lammas seems to have been held as a day of thanksgiving for the new fruits of the earth.

SEPTEMBER.

29.—**MICHAELMAS-DAY.**—A festival of the Romish and English Churches, established 487, in honor of St. Michael and all the holy angels. St. Michael is singled out for peculiar mention as being the chief or the angels or archangels. It is an ancient and extensively prevalent custom to have a goose for dinner on Michaelmas-day, which seems to have arisen simply from the goose being at its best immediately after it has had the range of the reaped harvest fields.

NOVEMBER.

1.—**ALL SAINTS.**—All Saints, or All-Hallows, is a day of general commemoration of all those saints and martyrs in honor of whom, individually, no particular day has been expressly assigned.

11.—**ST. MARTIN'S DAY, OR MARTINMAS.**—Popularly this is one of the most remarkable days of the year, especially in Scotland, where Whitsuntide and Martinmas are the two great terms for leases and engagements of servants, the latter being that at which the occupation of farms usually commences. Martin is said to have been born in Lower Hungary, about 316, and to have originally been a soldier. When, as often happens, a few fine days occur about this time of the year, they are called St. Martin's summer. Formerly this was also a quarterly term-day in England.

30.—**ST. ANDREW'S DAY.**—St. Andrew was one of the Apostles. His history, as related by the Catholic writers, represents him as martyred in the year 66, at Patras in Greece, upon a cross of the form of the letter X, which accordingly is still recognised as St. Andrew's Cross.

DECEMBER.

1.—**ADVENT** [literally "the coming"].—A term applied from an early period of ecclesiastical history to the four weeks preceding Christmas, which was observed with penance and devotion in reference to the approaching birth of Christ. There are four Sundays in Advent, the first of which is always the nearest Sunday to St. Andrew's Day (November 30.).

25.—**CHRISTMAS-DAY.**—Observed as the nativity of our Lord. In England, Christmas-day is kept by the Church as a solemn festival, and is distinguished by the complete cessation of business—an honor paid to no other day besides Sunday and Good Friday. In many country places the celebration of Christmas begins the latter part of the previous day—Christmas Eve.

THE SUN AND THE PRINCIPAL PLANETS.

The Sun—"the light that rules by day"—is upwards of 887,000 miles in diameter, and 2,646,000 miles in circumference, and its bulk is 1,400,000 times greater than the Earth. It turns round upon its axis in about 25 days, 7 hours, 48 minutes.

Mercury, the nearest planet to the Sun, sweeps round the solar globe in 88 of our days, and travels at the enormous rate of more than 100,000 miles an hour. Its diameter is 2,950 miles, and its bulk 1-16th that of the Earth. The light and heat received from the Sun is about seven times greater than that received on the Earth.

Venus, the nearest planet to the earth, is the brightest star in the heavens. It accomplishes its revolution in 224 days, 16 hours, or about 7½ months. Its diameter is about 7,800 miles, and its bulk is about 9-10ths that of the Earth. It changes its phases, like the Moon, according to its positions with respect to the Sun and Earth.

The *Earth*, our home, is the third member of the planetary system in order from the Sun.

Mars, is easily distinguished by its ruddy appearance. It revolves round the Sun in about 687 days. Its diameter is 4,500 miles, and its bulk 4-10ths that of the Earth. The light and heat received from the Sun is not quite half that received on the Earth.

Vesta performs its revolution round the Sun in 1,325 days, 17 hours. *Juno* has a diameter of 79 miles, and its revolution occupies 1,592 days. The diameter of *Ceres* is 163 miles, while it performs its revolution round the Sun in 1,664 days. *Pallas* is 670 miles in diameter, and revolves round the solar orb in 1,685 days.

Jupiter is the largest planet of the system, having a diameter of 88,000 miles, and being 1,330 times larger, and 338 times heavier than the Earth. It revolves round the sun in 4,331 days, 15 hours, and turns upon its axis in 9 hours, 56 minutes. The light and heat which it receives from the Sun is about 1-27th of that received on the Earth. Jupiter has four satellites or accompanying moons.

Uranus, though 80 times larger than the Earth, is scarcely to be distinguished by the naked eye. It has a diameter of 36,000 miles, and is 1,800,000,000 of miles from the Sun, around which it performs its revolution in 84 years, travelling at the rate of 16,000 miles an hour. The proportion of light and heat received from the Sun is 324 less than that enjoyed by the Earth. It has six satellites.

Neptune has a diameter of 35,000 miles, and is 100 times larger than our globe. It performs its revolution in 60,900 days, travelling at the rate of 12,750 miles per hour.

SHOOTING STARS.

Of shooting stars, there is an average of from five to seven visible every hour on a clear night. They are stray visitants in contradistinction to the prodigious swarms of November and August, which accurate observation, during twenty-five years, has decided to be regularly returning phenomena. They are more numerous during the latter half of the year, when the earth is passing from summer to winter, from aphelion to perihelion. The same increase of number in the last six months of the year is observable in the appearance of fire-balls and aerolites. Now, by what theory can we account for this uniform return of meteors in each year? The theory generally accepted is, that there is a ring or annulus of small bodies revolving with planetary velocity about the sun; that the bodies in question are distributed very unevenly in the ring, there being a small section of the ring where the bodies are numerous, with a few stragglers scattered along the rest of its circuit; that the earth passes through the ring every year, and each year in a new place; and that it passes through that part of the ring in which the planets are most numerous once in about 33 years. When the bodies composing this assumed ring, come within the limits of our atmosphere, they are rendered visible to us as shooting-stars or fire-balls. Professor Newton and Mr. A. Herschel have concluded independently that shooting-stars commence at 70 miles and disappear at 50 miles above the surface of the earth. The velocity of their passage is 38·7 miles, or 40 miles per second.

PUBLIC HOLIDAYS.

The annexed table shows the several holidays to be allowed to particular Sects of Hindus in each District in addition to the general holidays of seven days at Christmas, three at Easter, and one on the Queen's Birthday. No class of servants are to have more than ten special holidays throughout the year. All public Offices throughout the country must be closed on Sundays, and public Officers are prohibited from assuming charge of their offices on that day. Provision for the despatch of emergent business during holidays, must be made by all Heads of Departments.

DISTRICT.	SAIVA.	VAISHNAVA.	SHAKTA.	SMARTHA.	JAIN.	BUDHIST.	CHRISTIAN.	MUSLIM.	OTHERS.	TOTAL.
MADRAS.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
MALABAR.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
CANARA.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
SALEM.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
COIMBATORE.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
TRICHINOPOLY.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
TANJORE.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
SOUTH ARKAT.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
NORTH ARKAT.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
KERKOL.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
BELLARY.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
CUDDAPAH.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
NELLORE.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
KISTNA.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
GODAVERY.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
TAN.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
VIZAGAPATA.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
GANTYAN.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
HOLIDAYS.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Savanapuram (to those wearing thread).	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Shivaratri or New Year.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Radachayam or Car feast.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Ananta Vratam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Vinayaka Chaturdhi.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Varalochini Vratam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Dasara.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Sivaratri.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Dolochayam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Striramanavami.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Krishnashtami.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Dinavali or Narakeshachaturdasi.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Mahalia Amavasi.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Pongal or Macrasankramanam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Southern Solstice.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Valentia Yeasdas.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tirunachaturam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Narasimhajayanti.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Adinattamperukku.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Adinattam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Adinattam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tirukirtigai.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tiruculanam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Grand festival at Angkor.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Avantimam.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Alvar Tirunngari feast.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Arjuna Vishu.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Nagapanchami.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tulam Amavasi.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tel and Ani Amavasi.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tiruvallikeni or Calatipet.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7
Tulvatur and Mallapur feast.	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7

Holidays for Lunar and Solar eclipses may be allowed whenever absolutely necessary.

GARDENING CALENDAR.

(Extracted with the permission of the Publisher, from JAFFREY'S Hand-Book of Gardening.)

KITCHEN GARDEN.

JANUARY.—As the weather during the month will generally be clear and dry, attention to watering is required, if possible water in the morning otherwise late in the evening, never water vegetables during the heat of the day. The sowing of European vegetables may now be discontinued, as in the majority of cases seed sown during this month will prove to be labor needlessly expended, they will not come to maturity, or scarcely to a state fit for consumption. Last month may be considered as drawing to a close all successful operations in regard to European vegetable sowing, with the exception of a few salads, which be sown in beds, shaded and hand-watered, with attention they will produce small crops. During the first and second week is a good time to sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, gourds and such like. Nepaul spinach should be sown and planted for a supply during the hot months. Attend to keeping the soil hoed amongst growing crops, eradicating weeds to prevent their seeding, which they now do freely, continue to earth up celery, choosing a dry day for directions as to *earthing*. See No. 3, page 38. Plant cuttings of the cabbage tribe in beds if rooted they will give a good supply of sprouts during the hot months. Sow country vegetables if required, remove all decaying vegetables to the compost heap. Look to the graft mangoes, continue every two or three days to deepen the incision till the branch is cut through. If any are entirely removed they may be planted without delay, taking care to support them against damage from high winds.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The flowers during this month should be in great perfection. The main operations consist in keeping everything clean and in perfect order, using the knife amongst shrubs, &c., where required. Attend to the young shoots of creepers so that they may be properly trained, cut back all plants that may be growing over the edges of the beds or walks, this should be done neatly so that the use of the knife may not be discovered, nothing looks worse than plants abruptly cut round the hedge of flower beds. Such cuttings of shrubs and roses, as are rooted should be planted out in beds, well watered, and shaded for a few days. Attend to plants in pots, roses in flower-bud will be improved by frequent watering with liquid manure, it will increase the size of the flowers. Shade tender plants from the midday sun, keep a supply of water exposed to the sun during the day, for watering potted plants in the evening. Attend to clipping hedges, keeping the walks and grass in proper trim.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally clear, rain seldom falls, dews are plentiful, vegetables are abundant towards the end of the month. Fruit, such as oranges, pomegranates, guavas, plantains, &c., are to be had.

BANGALORE.

In this month most of the culinary vegetables are in great perfection. Grapes, apples, pine apples, country raspberry, and also a few strawberries and peaches are in season. Such apple trees as have finished bearing may now be pruned, although it would be better to delay it until the ensuing month. Sow seeds of such vegetables as peas, radish, spinach, &c., that do not require more than three months to come to perfection. This is a good month for altering or making a garden, laying walks, &c. Open the roots of vine trees, if the wood is well repined.

This is the best month for planting cuttings of sugar-cane.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

FEBRUARY.—As the Horticulture exhibition is generally held during the early part of the month, attend to the schedule of prizes if you intend to compete, preserve such articles as may be required by marking them with stakes; in forwarding articles for competition pay marked attention to what is required, avoid sending vegetables of any kind in flower pots. In the garden little is required beyond the directions of last month, a few salads may be sown, country radishes, cucumbers and gourds may still be sown. Keep the garden clear from decayed leaves; vegetables during this month, especially the cabbage tribe, give out a most disagreeable odour if left decaying. See that arrangements are made to keep up a supply of such country vegetables as may be required. Watering will invariably be requisite throughout the month, plant out (if on hand) cuttings of the cabbage tribe. Attend to collecting manure for next season.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this, little more can be done than attending to watering and cleanliness, let plants in pots intended for exhibition, be protected from the midday sun if possible. During the course of the month, remove and put in pots a good supply of verbenas and such like, to preserve them during the hot season. Attend to plants in pots, frequently stirring up the soil on the surface. If worms are troublesome, a little clear lime water used occasionally will remove them.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear and calm, dew every morning, rain seldom occurs if ever; vegetables and flowers, in most seasons are plentiful; fruit, such as sapodillas, mangoes, oranges, custard apples, &c., are to be had.

BANGALORE.

In this month, country raspberries, figs, pomagranates, pine apples, peaches, grapes and strawberries may be had in great abundance and perfection. A few apples remain. Very few vegetables can be sown with advantage this month. Open the roots of peaches and apples, and prune apple trees. As the mango will be in flower, spread, if requisite, some manure round the roots of the trees, slightly stirring the soil.

Sow peaches, the stones should be broken, else the seeds will take some months to germinate.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

MARCH.—As the cultivation of European vegetables will no longer give any degree of satisfaction equivalent to the expense incurred, it is not necessary to presume that by giving directions, success will be the reward of carrying them out. The heat is too great to develop seeds of northern climes, indeed it is mere chance to succeed in germinating and growing tropical seeds. Attention to the culture of such varieties of country vegetables as may be required is all that is requisite in cultivation, though the latter may be purchased in the market much cheaper than they can be grown in private gardens. All vacant spaces in the garden should now be dug, and thrown up in ridges (this is applicable to heavy soils) so as to expose the soil to influence of the sun during the hot weather. Where the soil is light let it be dug over level, collect manure without delay, if composed of heating materials it will require to be watered and turned over frequently, be sure this matter is not overlooked, attend to watering lately planted mango trees, untying the ligatures round the grafted parts, support the stems securely against high winds, store yams in sand or dry soil.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during this month, pay attention to cleanliness, watering shrubs, roses, &c., such beds as are empty should be neatly dug over; look to the roots of dahlias, let them be stored in pots of sand, or the pots they were grown in if the soil is dried they must be kept dry, gloxinias, achimenes, and bulbs, require the same treatment, plants growing in pots should be placed if possible to receive the morning sun and shaded during midday.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is clear, hot, and very unpleasant, from the prevailing southerly winds, slight dew frequently. No rain falls during the whole course of the month; European vegetables are very scarce, dear, and bad in general; country vegetables plentiful, such as brinjals, radishes, greens, &c. Fruit none, with the exception of indifferent plantains.

BANGALORE.

During this month the roots of apple trees should be opened, if not already done by those who approve of that system, and very strong manure should be applied. Strawberries, grapes, raspberries and peaches are in season. The ground should be forked about the roots of vines. Plant tuberose roots. Beet root and celery are in perfection. As the winds and hot air of this month are very injurious to vegetation, as few seeds as possible should be sown.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

APRIL.—This month might be passed over in silence, as little or nothing can be done unless digging up any portions of the garden not attended to last month, this should not be neglected any longer. Cucumbers, gourds and melons may be sown during the month, they require protection from the sun until established. Attend to fruiting pines, if the crowns appear to grow too large let the hearts be taken out neatly, remove all suckers from the bottom of the fruit, after the fruit has swelled a good size, water should be sparingly applied as it tends to injure the flavour.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The directions of last month are suitable to this, little more can be done than keeping the garden clean and free of weeds, towards the end of the month look well to the support of young trees, creepers, &c., as gales may be expected early in May. Prepare soil for

plants in pots without delay; directions for compost, see No. 3; look over dahlia roots, &c., in case they are being injured by vermin. Roses in pots should not be excited at present, or they will be weakened.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last, wind changeable from S. to E. and W., dew is seldom seen. A few slight showers of rain sometimes occur; European vegetables are very scarce, native vegetables plentiful. Fruit, such as grapes, pine-apples, and some of the orange tribe are to be had. Plantains are plentiful.

BANGALORE.

Sow all flower seeds to come to perfection in July and August. They will be refreshed by the early rains called the mango showers; and there is generally rain in Mysore during June. Sow every kind of vegetable seed. Plant potatoes. Dahlia seeds should be sown in this month, in situations protected from the burning winds.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

MAY.—During the month the land wind commences, much difficulty will be experienced in cultivating any but the common varieties of country vegetables, dig over any vacant spaces of ground no matter how roughly; prepare manure; repair and build water channels when required; make and repair roads and walks.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Now is a good time to put walks in good order and make others where required. If composts for seeds and plants in pots are not preparing, delay no longer, as they will be required in July. Wash all empty flower pots and order supplies of new ones, use every endeavour to put down the unsightly pots in general use—it can be done.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is unpleasantly hot from the prevailing land winds, in most seasons a few slight showers of rain fall, seldom other than country vegetables are to be had, with the exception of cabbage sprouts, which are hard and tough; mangoes and pine-apples are plentiful and cheap; flowers are scarce.

BANGALORE.

Repeat the sowing of last month, or may be deferred till this month. Transplant the seeds of vegetables sown last month, and prepare the beds for the final transplanting of knol-khol, cabbage, and cauliflower, watering the soil richly. Sow some cotton seed.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

JUNE.—Although rain frequently occurs during the month, it is scarcely desirable to recommend the sowing of European vegetables. It is more requisite to push forward any new work that may be required, dig over and trench all vacant and new ground that may be taken in for cultivation. Be careful that a good supply of manure is on hand.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Preparing pits for planting trees and ornamental shrubs may be proceeded with, likewise the filling up of all hollows on the lawns where water accumulates during monsoon. Making new flower gardens where required, they should be proceeded with at once, it will save time when the gardeners are required for more active operations in July and August. Repair walks, and make new ones, see that they are broad and level enough for two persons to walk abreast upon them, there is no necessity to raise them up like ridges in the centre, if they are slightly convex to throw off the water, it is sufficient.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is similar to that of last; showers are more frequent; European vegetables are rarely to be had. Fruit is plentiful.

BANGALORE.

The directions for this month are very similar in many respects to those given for May and April, in order to have the flowers and vegetables later in the season. Mangoes are in great perfection, and pine-apples abundant; jack fruit in season. The natives plough their ground and sow the earth-nut. This is the best month for sowing seeds from England, &c., provided they arrive in the two or three preceding months, but in general it is advisable to sow them as soon as they are unpacked. The fields for hay should be scratched by the native plough and manured. Cuttings and suckers of chrysanthemums, if taken off and planted in small pots, will flower in September.

Roses often suffer much more from the attacks of the rosebeetle during this month. They should be sought for at night with the aid of a lantern, and white one boy holds the light, another picks off the insects and throws them into a chatty of water. Immense numbers can be killed in a short time in this way. The old roots of the dahlia should be planted in large pots of sand covered with some fermenting vegetable matter, to induce them to send out shoots.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

JULY.—Everything should be prepared during the present month for sowing seeds in August. If the weather is at all favorable sow a small quantity of celery and parsley for early plants. Peas may be sown towards the latter part of the month, though with but slight chance of success in the general run of seasons, during the last week the levelling of the soil thrown up in ridges may be proceeded with. The manure heap should be in a fit condition for use.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Little can be done during the month further than preparation for the ensuing seed time, let composts be in a perfect state for use before the end of the month. Make up grass edgings with turf. Do not prune roses unless they show signs of growth, this can be easily discovered by the swelling and bursting of the buds, if they show such signs prune and manure, though waiting till the following month, would be more judicious. Take care not to be carried into too active operations by a good shower of rain. Look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias and achimenes, they may have commenced to grow, retard them as much as possible, but bring them to the light, as dahlias are very impatient, their roots should be divided towards the end of the month into as many divisions as possible with a sharp knife, having a shoot upon each division.

Remarks.—The rains of the S. W. Monsoon commence during this month in slight showers, the sky is very cloudy; rain is frequent in most seasons. Fruit and vegetables are scarce.

BANGALORE.

Pine-apples and apples are in season. Mangoes still continue till towards the end of the month; young plants should then be grafted, and the trees pruned as soon as they have done bearing, as that is the only time when it can be done with impunity. Cuttings of all trees and shrubs should be put in this month, as well as slips of artichokes, which as soon as they have established themselves should be cut down close to the ground. The natives generally sow the raggy and cholom, and prepare the ground for rice, and plant cuttings of sugar-cane. Flower and vegetable seeds may still be sown, and in regular seasons the cabbage tribe of the first and second sowings should be finally transplanted. The first crop of hay is cut this month. Sow mango seeds for a supply of stocks for next year's grafting. The dahlias sown last month will require transplanting, and the shoots should be separated from the old roots. The seed (dahlias) should now be turned out of the pots into the open ground in a sandy well-manured soil. A species of white grub attacks the roots of flower plants, more especially the scarlet geranium. The only mode of destroying these insects is by uprooting the plants that show any signs of drooping and removing the grub. Experiments in the cultivation of wheat may be attempted this month.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

AUGUST.—As imported seeds should now be on hand, let a first sowing be put in pots or boxes without delay. If the weather is favorable, successive sowings may be put in during the whole course of the month. Care must be taken that the soil is in a proper moist condition as described in No. 1, page 8. Guard against the ravages of red ants; be sparing of water to imported seeds until they germinate. A first sowing of peas and French beans may be put in, likewise carrots, beet, parsley and radishes, choose a dry day, sow celery in boxes or pots in rich soil mixed with well-decayed manure, and a small quantity of powdered lime. The reason celery is so apt to run to seed, arises from inattention to keep up a constant luxuriance by the aid of good manure, celery should never receive a check; of country vegetables, sow brinjals, gourds, cucumbers, roselles, greens, spinach, beans, chillies, snake gourds, &c., plant yams and Jerusalem artichokes. Attend to top-dressing asparagus beds, make a fresh bed of water-cresses in a shady spot near a well or tank where they can be easily supplied with water twice a day. Put in suckers of pine-apples; prepare stock of mangoes for grafting. Let the garden soil be levelled, well-manured and dug over; make sure the manure is well looked after and mixed with lime and ashes before using.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Sow seeds of everything that can be had most suitable for the climate, be careful how small seeds are sown and watered, read directions in No. 1, look to the roots of dahlias, gloxinias, &c., they should be set a-growing in good soil. If no plan has definitely fixed upon to secure a good supply of flowers, now is the time to look to it, there is no time to spare; propagate verbenas by layers, sow holyhocks, phloxes, petunias, balsams, &c., increase your stock of chrysanthemums, by division, or fresh supplies, let the flower garden be well-dug and manured, dig and manure round the roots of shrubs on lawns, &c. Let a shaded piece of ground be prepared in which to put cuttings of roses, shrubs, &c., prepare pits for planting trees and shrubs, make them large and deep. Pits in the soil of Madras or any where should not be less than 2½ feet in diameter and depth. Too much care cannot

be taken of seedlings, lest they get drawn during the dull days that prevail, expose them to the light and air as much as possible. Top-dress all plants in pots not intended to be reported with fresh soil and manure, report and top-dress roses in pots. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings.

Remarks.—It were unnecessary to write these instructions if those for whom they are written do not carry them out during the course of this month. As success can only be looked for by close attention, next month will be of less avail to have plants sufficiently strong to produce an early crop or to stand the heavy rains, and whatever complaints may have to be made anent the failure of vegetables and the display of flowers, in January and February, it can be ascribed to no other cause than neglecting to conduct operations at the right season and in a proper manner. The native gardeners are not so much to blame as they in general go by the instructions they receive.

Rain is frequent during this month; country vegetables are plentiful; fruit and European vegetables are very scarce.

BANGALORE.

Apples still continue; young trees should now be grafted, and cuttings put down. Oranges, loquats, and alligator pears in season. Insects are excessively numerous and destructive. The orange tribe should be budded and inarched, and propagated by gotties. Plant beds with early strawberries. Still sow a few vegetable and flower seeds. Continue grafting mangoes. Transplant cotton. Propagate carnations and pinks by layers. Begin collecting seeds of early flowering annuals. Dahlias are in perfection. The natives sow different kinds of gram in this and in the following month. Stake the dahlias put into the ground last month.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

SEPTEMBER.—This is a proper time to sow a succession of peas, french beans and spinach, they may be put in every week during the month, continue to sow vegetables of all kinds. Onions and Leeks in light rich soil in beds, protected from the rains by mats tied over moveable bamboo framework. Attend to the seedlings sown last month, some of which will be ready for transplanting. Knol-khol and cabbage, if any were sown early in July, will be ready for final transplanting in the garden, in beds or rows, let them be lifted carefully, disturb the roots as little as possible. Encourage the growth of celery by slight waterings of liquid manure, look after insects, a slight sprinkling of lime over and under the leaves will arrest their ravages, if not used let them be picked off with the hand every morning. Lime will in no wise injure the tenderest vegetation if slaked and cool. Native vegetables sown at the beginning of last month will be fit for planting out. Commence to graft mangoes, make preparations such as digging trenches, &c., to prevent the garden being flooded during the monsoon near at hand. Manure pine-apples, remove the suckers and put them into root.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Petunias, holyhocks, phloxes, &c. &c., sown last month should during this be fit for planting out, choosing a dull damp day. Continue to sow balsams, holyhocks, and all showy annuals, not neglecting mignonette. Balsam seed from Hyderabad is generally good, and from the cultivators there removing the lateral branches, they have acquired a peculiar upright habit, show about one foot of blossom in a column when well grown. Attend to cleanliness and keeping the soil in flower bed open by hoeing (*the idea of seeing a Gardener sitting in a flower bed digging it up with a piece of bamboo is absurd.*) Prune roses if hitherto neglected, layer bud and put in cuttings of roses and such shrubs, trees and creepers as may be required. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs, where layering is required, attend to the instructions given in No. 2, page 16, put in pipings of carnations, picotees in boxes, filled with fine sand mixed with red earth. Let all creepers be neatly tied to the posts or trellises upon which they are trained, prune where required, prune and keep in proper form shrubs, &c., attend to cutting hedges and filling up gaps, casuarina hedges neatly trimmed would be much neater round flower gardens than unsightly bamboo trellises, it is astonishing they are not more generally planted, as they combine neatness with economy, are easily raised if the seed is not too deeply covered with soil.

BANGALORE.

Alligator pears and loquats still continue. Guavas in plenty. Sow orange seed and alligator pear stones. Young potatoes in season. The American cotton sow early in full pod. Plant Cape bulbs, either in the ground, or in very deep pots well drained. The turnips and cabbages are much infested by a small dark caterpillar, which may be destroyed by sprinkling the plants with powdered lime. The rice begins to flower. Put down cuttings of geraniums, roses, violets, heartsease, &c. Flowers are in great perfection. As most of the peach trees will have lost their leaves, the roots should be opened and exposed for four days, and then strongly manured. The principal crop of hay is cut this month.

Strip off leaves, and bare and prune the roots of apples trees, dressing the roots at the same time with sheep or other manure.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

OCTOBER.—Transplant all vegetable plants, large enough into beds or drills where they are to grow. Trenches should be ready to receive celery plants, shade if the weather is clear, look after tomatoes, onions, leeks, carrots and beet-root, let them be thinned out to proper distances from each other, the thinnings may be planted if required. Continue to sow a few varieties of vegetable seeds. Peas may be sown every week, let the drills in which they are sown be raised above the surface level; continue to sow a succession of French beans. Keep up a supply of salads, such as lettuce, endive, mustard, water-cress, &c., Finish early in the month preparations for planting out vegetables, do not trust till wanted as the soil may not be workable from rain. Let everything about the garden be neat and clean, eradicate weeds on their first appearance. If the weather during the month should prove dry, peas and the cabbage tribe will suffer much. A supply of water will be requisite to prevent the crops sustaining a check which would prove very detrimental. When water is applied let it be in the morning, very early, if possible, when it is cool, frequent hoeing up the soil amongst the crops will require to be looked too. If activity is not displayed during the early part of this month in forwarding operations, there is but little chance of success for the season. Take particular care the crops are not planted on the same piece of ground they were last year; alternate them yearly if possible. Graft mangoes, and plant pine-apples.

FLOWER GARDEN.

The operations of last month are applicable to this. Look after dahlias in pots, stake them and water occasionally with liquid manure. Plant out verbenas, heliotropes and all other bedding plants. Keep up a supply of balsams, cockscombs, mignonette, &c. Plant trees and shrubs, attend to training and pruning creepers. This is a good time to get roses, fuschias, violets, &c., from the Hills of Bangalore. Take advantage of dry days to cut grass, straighten and trim the edges of walks and beds. Give everything a neat and clean appearance. Protect all newly planted trees from wind. The best plan is use three tarred ropes for each plant, fix them to the stems, round which should be tied a piece of canvass to prevent the friction of the ropes from injuring the bark, tie the ropes tight to three pegs firmly driven into the ground at the proper distance from the plants. This is costlier than stakes but more permanent, and will protect the plants till properly rooted.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is generally wet, and stormy, more especially during the latter part of it. Vegetables and fruits still continue scarce.

BANGALORE.

Vegetables are in great perfection. Sour sop and guaras also are now in season. The main beds for strawberries should be planted. Vines will begin to flower early in the month; the borders should be dug, and well manured. Dahlias will begin to fall in this month. As soon as the leaves begin to wither, they should be taken up with the soil that adheres to them, and kept in a dry place. As soon as they have been sufficiently dried, they should be packed in boxes of sand till the time for planting arrives. The double tube roses should be similarly treated.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

NOVEMBER.—Few European vegetables will come to perfection if not fit to plant out during this month. Attend to transplanting seedlings, peas and French beans may be sown every week or ten days, the main crop must be looked for from seed sown this month as peas sown in December seldom succeed. Sow a small quantity of cabbage, knol-khol, cauliflower, tomatoes, &c., likewise a few salads. Cauliflower sown during the first week of the month if they are well attended to, flowers may be had during February. Attend to transplanting onions and leeks. Thin out turnips and carrots to proper distances from each other. Plant celery in trenches, look after all details, such as cleanliness, digging trenches to carry off the heavy rains, put in cuttings of cabbage sprouts for use during the hot season. Graft mangoes, put in cuttings of figs and vines. Plant onion bulbs for salad.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Continue to transplant seedlings into pots or boxes. Plant out annuals, verbenas, holyhocks, phloxes and ipomeas, if strong enough. Sow any flower seeds remaining on hand. Sow seeds of trees and shrubs. Prepare early in the month stations for ornamental creepers, and plant without delay. Attend to training creepers and pruning where required. Prune and manure garden roses and put in cuttings. In pruning cut the old branches down to three or four eyes from the bottom. Topdress all plants in pot not requiring repotting, protect tender plants from heavy rains, activity is required during this month to obtain a good supply of flowers during the three following months. The finer varieties of roses in pots should be repotted if necessary, they require a heavy soil mixed with well decayed cowdung. Support all plants requiring it from the high winds.

Remarks.—The weather during this month is in general boisterous, with heavy rains, the N. E. Monsoon continues with great violence. Vegetables and flowers continue scarce.

BANGALORE.

Apples begin to ripen towards the end of this month. Custard apples in plenty. This is the last month in which the generality of vegetables can be sown with advantage. Sow the casuarina and other tree seeds. This is a good month to lay in a stock of manure and prepare composts for the next year. The larger kinds of perennial water flowers should be taken up and reduced in size and re-planted. This is a good month to plant potatoes, sweet potatoes, melons, cucumbers, and most vegetable seeds. The raggy crop is cut during this month.

KITCHEN GARDEN.

DECEMBER.—Continue to plant out and transplant into boxes all vegetable plants on hand during the first week. Attend to thinning turnips and carrots. Plant celery in trenches and earth up such as may require it. Keep the soil amongst the growing crops hoed, and eradicate weeds on their first appearance. Branch lettuce and endive by tying up the leaves. Thin out the branches of tomatoes. Look sharp after insects amongst cabbage and cauliflower. Use ~~shaded~~ lime freely on all crops attacked: it will prove a beneficial check. During the month sow cucumbers, vegetable marrow, country vegetables for greens, &c. Early planted vegetables will be fit for use towards the end of the month. French beans and salads should be in abundance. Attend to staking peas, beans, &c. Continue to make up a manure heap for the ensuing season; let nothing be lost in the shape of vegetable matter. The main work of the month is attention to growing crops; look to early grafted mangoes; make incisions gradually on the branches above the grafts.

FLOWER GARDEN.

Plant out the remaining stock of annuals; sow a few holyhocks, amaranthus, &c. A last sowing of balsams may be put in. Sow convolvuluses of all kinds. Petunias for flowering during the hot months. Attend to dahlias and encourage them by frequent watering of liquid manure. Keep the flower beds and walks clean and neat; water and roll the walks towards the latter part of the month, it will give them a neat appearance, at the same time they will be more comfortable to walk upon.

Remarks.—The weather during the first two weeks is similar to last month, generally clearing up towards the latter end. Fogs are frequent; flowers continue scarce with the exception of roses; vegetables are scarce; country greens, &c., are to be had in abundance; fruit, such as oranges, guavas and plantains are plentiful.

BANGALORE.

Apples are in plenty, and peaches may be had towards the end of the month. Rose apples also are abundant. All vegetables in season. A good month for sowing melon and cucumber seeds, as well as peas, radish and spinach; but very few other vegetable seeds. Most of the exotic plants will have ceased flowering; the beds should therefore be dug up and manured with a soil composed of $\frac{2}{3}$ vegetable and $\frac{1}{3}$ well-decayed animal manure. Turn out and examine dahlia roots. Prune roses.

ECLIPSES OF THE SUN AND MOON.

IN THE YEAR 1867,

THERE WILL BE

TWO ECLIPSES OF THE SUN AND TWO OF THE MOON.

I.—An Annular Eclipse of the SUN, March 6th, invisible at Madras. This Eclipse will be partially visible in England. Begins at Greenwich at 17 m. after 8 morning and ends at 52m. after 10.

II.—A Partial Eclipse of the MOON, March 20th, invisible at Madras. Mean Time of opposition 1h. 49m. 28s 2 r. M.

III.—A Total Eclipse of the SUN, August 29th, invisible at Madras; but visible in South America, South Atlantic Ocean and the Cape of Good Hope.

IV.—A Partial Eclipse of the MOON, September 14th, visible at Madras, and the Phases are as follows:—

	h. m.	
First contact with the Shadow.....	4 18 Morn.	} Mean Time at Madras.
Middle of the Eclipse.....	5 47 "	
Moon sets partially Eclipsed at Madras....	5 49 "	
Last contact with the Shadow.....	7 16 "	

Magnitude of the Eclipse (Moon's diameter = 1) 0.693.

THE NEW MOON CEREMONIALS OF THE HINDUS WILL DURING 1867 BE OBSERVED AT MADRAS ON THE FOLLOWING DAYS:—

English Date 1867.	Weeks.	Months.	Tamil Months.	Tamil Date.	New Moon.
5	Saturday.	January.....	Marcaly.....	23	Amavasia.
4	Monday..	February.....	Thi.....	24	"
6	Wednesd.	March.....	Masi.....	24	"
4	Thursday	April.....	Pangooni.....	23	"
3	Friday....	May.....	Chithri.....	22	"
2	Sunday...	June.....	Vyasi.....	21	"
1	Monday...	July.....	Auni.....	19	"
30	Tuesday..	July.....	Audi.....	16	"
29	Thursday	August.....	Auvani.....	15	"
27	Friday....	September....	Perattasi.....	13	General leave.
27	Sunday...	October.....	Aipisi.....	12	Amavasia.
25	Monday..	November....	Karthigi.....	11	"
25	Wednesd.	December.....	Marcaly.....	12	"

PRINCIPAL HINDU AND-MOHAMMEDAN FESTIVALS.

Pongal	Jan. 12	Akhari Chahâr Shambha	July 3
Tai Amâvâsya	Feb. 4	Barawafât	July 4
'Id Ramazân	Feb. 7	Gyârahwin	Aug. 2
Makiradi Serrai (at Trivatoor)	Feb. 17	Avani Avittam Sukrathî Thustam	Aug. 15
Mahâ Siva Râtri	Mar. 4	Sri Jayanti	Aug. 23
Mailapûr Rathôtsavam	Mar. 17	Vinâyaka Chavittor Pilliyâr Chavutti	Sep. 2
Mailapûr Aruvathimûvar	Mar. 18	Avani Mûlam	Sep. 7
Telugu New Year's Day	Apr. 5	Mahâlâya Amâvâsya	Sep. 27
Tamil New Year's Day	Apr. 12	Sarasvati Pûja or Ayudha Pûja	Oct. 6
Bakar 'Id	Apr. 16	Dipâvali	Oct. 25
Muharram	May 6	Skanda Shasthi	Nov. 2
Garudôtsavam (at Conjeveram)	May 18	'Id Rajab	Nor. 25
Rathôtsavam (at Conjeveram)	May 22	Kârtika Dipam	Dec. 9
Têrah Têzi	June 5	Shab-i-barât	Dec. 11
Ani Amâvâsya	July 1		

HOLIDAYS ALLOWED IN GOVERNMENT OFFICES.

In their Notification, dated 28th March 1862, published on page 505 of the *Fort Saint George Gazette* of the same date, the Government direct that no Holidays be granted at any of their Offices which are not entered in the following list. But this does not interfere with the holiday on the last Saturday in the month, granted in some Offices:—

GENERAL.		VAISHNAVYA SECT.	
Christmas with New Year's Day ...	8 days.	Triplacane Feast in April	1 day.
Easter	4 "	Sri Jayanti	1 "
Queen's Birth-day	1 day.		
CHRISTIANS.		SAIVA SECT.	
Ash Wednesday	1 "	Mahâ Siva Râtri	1 "
Ascension Day	1 "		
ROMAN CATHOLICS.		TELUGU.	
Corpus Christi Day	1 "	New Year's Day	1 "
HINDUS.		TAMIL.	
Pongal	2 days.	New Year's Day	1 "
Mahâlâya Amâvâsya	1 day.		
Dasara Feast (Ayudha Pûja)	1 "	WEAVING THREAD.	
Dipâvali Feast	1 "	Avani Avittam	1 "
Lunar Eclipse*	1 "		
Solar do.	1 "	MOHAMMEDANS.	
Mukkôti Ekâdasi or Vaikuntha	1 "	Bakar 'Id	2 days.
Ekâdasi	1 "	Muharram	4 "
		Shab-i-Barât	1 day.
		'Id Ramazân	2 days.

* When between 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

TAMIL, MALAYALAM, TELUGU, AND MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR,
FOR THE YEAR 1867.

Corresponding with Hindu Era of Wickramajit 1924-25.
Whereof the Maroo 1925th year will commence on the 5th of April, and the Guzaratta Decca Conquan year on the 28th of October.

Hindu Era of Salivahan 1789-90.
Whereof the 1790th year will commence on the 5th of April in the Carnatic Telinga.

Malabar and Malayalam Provinces 1042-43 of the Column Aundoo.
Whereof the 1043rd year will commence on the 15th of August.

Parsee Era Yezdeza 1236-37.
Whereof the Saharasayee 1237th year will commence on the 12th of April and Chuneegur 1237th year on the 2nd of August.

Mohammedan Era Hegira 1283-84.
Whereof the 1284th year will commence on the 5th May, the Fusly year 1276-77.
Whereof the 1277th will commence on the 1st of July, the year 5627-28th of the Jewish Era.
5628th year commence on the 28th of September.

Bengalee Bullasanua Era 1273-74.
1274th year commence in the Bengal Provinces on the 12th of April.

TABLE SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING MONTHS AND DAYS OF
ENGLISH, TAMIL, MALAYALAM, TELUGU, AND MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR FOR 1867.

JANUARY.	Margal and Til. Dhanu	Mitharam and Pushyam	Shaban and Kumbham	FEBRUARY.	Til and Mitharam and Mitharam	Pushyam and Mitharam	Kumbham and Shamshat	MARCH.	Mitharam and Kumbham and Mitharam	Shamshat and Mitharam	APRIL.	Pushyam and Mitharam	Shamshat and Mitharam	MAY.	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Zi Kaddah and Mitharam	JUNE.	Zi Haddah and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam and Mitharam	Chitharam 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TABLE SHOWING THE CORRESPONDING MONTHS AND DAYS OF
ENGLISH, TAMIL, MALAYALAM, TELUGU, AND MOHAMMEDAN CALENDAR FOR 1867.

JULY.	Ant and Adl. Karkkittam.	Jeeatham and Aashadham.	Safar and Rabi. ul awwal.	AUGUST.	Adi and Aavni. Karkkittam and Sargam.	Grāyānam and Sargam.	Bhādrapadam. Rabi ul awwal.	SEPTEMBER.	Avani and Pura. Kanni. Bhādrapadam and Kanni.	Bhādrapadam and Aavayam.	Jumād ul Awwal and Jumād us-Sani.	OCTOBER.	Purāṣai & Arpaṣai. Kanni and Tulam.	Aavayam and Karthikam.	Jumād us-Sani and Rabi.	NOVEMBER.	Arpaṣai & Karthikam. Tulam and Vriśchikam.	Karthikam and Mārgasirāma.	Rabi and Shabān.	DECEMBER.	Karthikam and Mar. Gall. Vriśchikam and Dhannu.	Mārgasirāma and Rabi.	Shabān and Mārgasirāma.	
1	1	14	23	1	18	8	1	1	18	3	2	1	17	4	2	1	17	17	6	1	1	17	6	4
2	2	15	24	2	19	9	2	2	19	4	3	2	18	5	3	2	18	18	7	2	2	18	7	5
3	3	16	25	3	20	10	3	3	20	5	4	3	19	6	4	3	19	19	8	3	3	19	8	6
4	4	17	26	4	21	11	4	4	21	6	5	4	20	7	5	4	20	20	9	4	4	20	9	7
5	5	18	27	5	22	12	5	5	22	7	6	5	21	8	6	5	21	21	10	5	5	21	10	8
6	6	19	28	6	23	13	6	6	23	8	7	6	22	9	7	6	22	22	11	6	6	22	11	9
7	7	20	29	7	24	14	7	7	24	9	8	7	23	10	8	7	23	23	12	7	7	23	12	10
8	8	21	30	8	25	15	8	8	25	10	9	8	24	11	9	8	24	24	13	8	8	24	13	11
9	9	22		9	26	16	9	9	26	11	10	9	25	12	10	9	25	25	14	9	9	25	14	12
10	10	23	1	10	27	17	10	10	27	12	11	10	26	13	11	10	26	26	15	10	10	26	15	13
11	11	24	2	11	28	18	11	11	28	13	12	11	27	14	12	11	27	27	16	11	11	27	16	14
12	12	25	3	12	29	19	12	12	29	14	13	12	28	15	13	12	28	28	17	12	12	28	17	15
13	13	26	4	13	30	20	13	13	30	15	14	13	29	16	14	13	29	29	18	13	13	29	18	16
14	14	27	5	14		21	14	14		16	15	14		17	15	14		30	19	14	14		19	17
15	15	28	6	15		22	15	15		17	16	15		18	16	15			20	15	15		20	18
16	16	29	7	16		23	16	16		18	17	16		19	17	16			21	16	16		21	19
17	17	30	8	17		24	17	17		19	18	17		20	18	17			22	17	17		22	20
18	18		9	18		25	18	18		20	19	18		21	19	18			23	18	18		23	21
19	19		10	19		26	19	19		21	20	19		22	20	19			24	19	19		24	22
20	20		11	20		27	20	20		22	21	20		23	21	20			25	20	20		25	23
21	21		12	21		28	21	21		23	22	21		24	22	21			26	21	21		26	24
22	22		13	22		29	22	22		24	23	22		25	23	22			27	22	22		27	25
23	23		14	23		30	23	23		25	24	23		26	24	23			28	23	23		28	26
24	24		15	24			24	24		26	25	24		27	25	24			29	24	24		29	27
25	25		16	25			25	25		27	26	25		28	26	25			30	25	25		30	28
26	26		17	26			26	26		28	27	26		29	27	26				26	26			29
27	27		18	27			27	27		29	28	27		30	28	27			1	26	27		1	30
28	28		19	28			28	28		30	29	28			29	28			2	27	28		2	
29	29		20	29			29	29			30	29			30	29			3	28	29		3	
30	30		21	30			30	30				30				30			4	29	30		4	
31	31		22	31								31							5	30			5	

PART II.—CIVIL.

PUBLIC OFFICES AT THE PRESIDENCY.

Accountant General's Office.

Charles and James' Street, Fort.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

F. Lushington, Esq., M. C. S.	Accountant General.
R. W. Lodwick, Esq., Bombay C. S.	Deputy Accountant General, (absent.)
W. J. Raynor, Esq.	Acting do.
W. J. Raynor, Esq.	1st Assistant do.
J. Mackey, Esq.	Acting 1st do.
J. Fade, Esq.	2d Assistant do.—(abs. on other duty.)
G. W. Macleod, Esq.	Acting do. do.
W. Donald, Esq.	Examiner of Claims.
J. G. Hewson, Esq.	Controller Money Order Office.
J. Mackey, Esq.	Chief Assistant.
D. Kissin Sing	Actg. do.

Adjutant General's Office.

Fort.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Colonel J. M. Primrose	Adjutant General.
Major E. A. B. Travers	Deputy do.—Offg.
Lieut. Colonel T. C. Longercroft	Assistant do.—Offg.
Lieut. Colonel A. T. Cadell	Assistant do. of Artillery.
Captain H. A. T. Nepean	Deputy do.—Offg.
Mr. R. P. Ives	Uncovenanted Assistant.
Conductor T. Taylor	Manager.

Advocate General's Office.

High Court Buildings, North Beach.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Hon'ble J. D. Mayne	Acting Advocate General.
Mr. Gaudoin	Manager.

Army Clothing Agency Office.

Moorat's Garden, 130, Mount Road.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel A. C. Silver	Supt. and Agent for Army Clothing.
Mr. J. C. Wilkinson	Head Assistant.

Barrack Master, Presidency.

Office, Fort St. George.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Colonel W. K. Worster, R. A.	Barrack Mr. & Supt. of Govt. Buildings.
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Brigade Major's Office.

Hanover Square, Fort.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major C. S. Elliot	Brigade Major.
Mr. H. Fox	Manager.

Board of Examiners.

Office, College Hall, Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

Hon'ble H. D. Phillips.....	President.
Hon'ble C. Pelly.....	Member.
T. Clarke, Esq.....	do.
Col. R. S. Wilson.....	do.
Major T. G. M. Lane.....	do.
Lieutenant W. F. Wright.....	do.
J. Garrett, Esq.....	do.
L. Garthwaite, Esq.....	do.
H. S. Thomas, Esq.....	do.
R. A. Dalyell, Esq.....	Secretary.
Mr. A. Dique.....	Manager.

CENTRAL COMMITTEE FOR EXAMINATION OF ASSISTANTS.

Hon'ble H. D. Phillips.....	President.
Hon'ble C. Pelly.....	Member.
T. Clarke, Esq.....	do.
W. Hudleston, Esq.....	do.
P. P. Hutchins, Esq.....	do.
H. S. Thomas, Esq.....	do.
R. A. Dalyell, Esq.....	Secretary.

COMMISSIONER FOR THE U. C. S. AND SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATIONS.

Hon'ble C. Pelly.....	Commissioner.
J. Grose, Esq.....	Secretary.
Mr. J. H. Aubert.....	Manager.

Board of Revenue.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Sir T. Pycroft, K.C.S.I.....	President.
Hon'ble C. Pelly.....	Member.
H. A. Brett, Esq.....	do.
T. Clarke, Esq.....	do.
W. Hudleston, Esq.....	Secretary.
R. A. Dalyell, Esq.....	Sub-Secretary.—(On other duty.)
Mr. W. M. Scharlieb.....	1st Uncovenanted Assistant, (on leave.)
" J. T. Mayne.....	Acting do.
" H. M. C. Kelly.....	2d do.
" T. Haughton.....	Registrar.
" F. D. Gager.....	Dy. do.
S. Jeyaram Chettyar.....	Head Sheristadar.

Camp Equipage Depot.

Office next to St. Mary's Burial Ground.—Hours of business, 7½ A. M. to 4 P. M.

J. Rowland.....	Deputy Assistant Commissary.
Patrick Parker.....	Sub-Conductor.

Central Museum.

Pantheon Road, Egmore.—Open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M.

Captain J. Mitchell.....	Superintendent.
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Commissioner of Police.

Office, Pantheon Road.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major C. S. Hearn.....	Commissioner and Magistrate of Police.
T. Ramachendra Row, Esq.....	Deputy do.
W. J. Ansell, Esq.....	do.
Mr. G. H. Aubry.....	Clerk of the Peace.
C. Buckthavachaloo Naidoo.....	Manager.

Commissary General's Office.

Back of Sea Custom House.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel E. E. Miller.....	Commissary General.
Lieut. Colonel J. London.....	Deputy do.
Captain H. P. Hawkes.....	Depy. Asst. do.

EXECUTIVE COMMISSARIAT OFFICE.

Madras.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major C. W. S. Young.....	Assistant Commissary General.
Lieut. G. W. Cole.....	Sub do.—Acting.
B. Streenevassa Iyer.....	Manager.

STOREKEEPER GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Captain B. F. Heysham.....	Storekeeper General.
M. Ramasawmy Moodelliar.....	Manager.

Commissariat Audit Office.

Back of Small Cause Court.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major T. Gillilan (Eur.).....	Auditor of Commissariat Accounts.
Lieut. Colonel E. T. Fasken.....	Acting do.
D. Gooroomoortiah Braminy.....	Book-keeper and Manager.

Controller of Public Works Account.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Captain J. Fischer, R. E.....	Controller.
Lieutenant D. H. Traill, R. E.....	Deputy Controller.
Mr. W. A. Hart.....	Chief Accountant and Head Assistant.

Conservator of Forests.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M.D.....	Conservator, (on other duty.)
Captain H. R. Beddome.....	Depy. do.—Acting Conservator.
A. Cundasawmy Moodelliar.....	Asst. do., in charge of Office.

Consulting Engineer's Office, (Irrigation.)

Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Captain J. Mullins, R. E.....	Consulting Engineer.
Madava Gopaul.....	Manager.

Consulting Engineer's Office, (Railways.)

Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel J. C. Anderson, R. E.....	Consulting Engineer.
Captain J. G. Lindsay, R. E.....	Depy. Consulting Engineer, (Europe.)
Captain H. N. D. Prendergast, R. E.....	Acting do.
Mr. G. Hamnett.....	Uncovenanted Assistant.

Court of Small Causes.

2d Line Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

T. M. Busted, Esq.....	1st Judge.
G. E. Cower, Esq.....	Judge, (Eur.)
G. V. Runganada Sastry, Esq.....	do.
J. Maskell, Esq., B. L.....	do., Acting.
Daniel Shaw, Esq.....	Chief Clerk.
Messrs. R. P. Carr & Co.....	Brokers and Appraisers.

Director of Revenue Settlement.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

R. E. Master, Esq.....Officiating Director.
 Mr. J. Howell.....1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
 Mr. W. P. Williams.....Manager.

REVENUE SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel F. J. B. Priestley.....Superintendent.
 Mr. W. Starr.....Office Assistant.

Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals.

Office, Mowbray Road.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

H. W. Porteous, Esq.....Depy. Insp. Genl. of Hospitals.
 Mr. J. Fernandez.....Manager.

Ecclesiastical Registrar.

Office, Bangalore.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Rev. R. Murphy, L.L.D.....Registrar.
 Mr. J. R. D'Mello.....Manager.

Educational Department.

Office, College Hall, Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

E. B. Powell, Esq., c.s.i.....Director of Public Instruction.
 Mr. D. S. White.....Uncovenanted Assistant.
 Mr. C. Harvey.....Manager.

Executive Engineer, Presidency.

Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Captain J. Goddard, R. E.....Executive Engineer.

General Registrar of Assurances.

Office, Mount Road.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major R. M. Macdonald.....Registrar General.
 J. G. Ferrand, Esq.....District Registrar.

Government Office.

Cornwallis Square, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

POLITICAL AND PUBLIC, &C., DEPARTMENTS.

Hon'ble A. J. Arbuthnot.....Chief Secretary.
 C. G. Walker, Esq.....Under do.—(Eur.)
 F. Brandt, Esq.....Acting do.
 Rama Iyengar.....1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
 Mr. T. G. Breithaupt.....2d do. do.
 „ J. W. Lyons.....3d do. do.
 „ R. Upshon.....Registrar.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

J. D. Mayne, Esq.....Assistant Secretary.
 P. O'Sullivan, Esq.....Acting do.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

J. D. Sim, Esq.....Secretary.
 J. Grose, Esq.....Under-Secretary.
 S. Vejayaraghavalu Chetty.....1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
 Mr. L. C. D'Cruiz.....2d do. do.
 B. Gopalaiya.....Registrar.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

Major General H. Marshall.....Secretary.
 Colonel R. Hamilton.....Deputy Secretary.
 Mr. F. J. James.....1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
 „ G. A. Lafontaine.....2d do. do.
 „ J. L. Fonceca.....Registrar.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

Colonel C. A. Orr, R. E.....Secretary.
 Major J. H. M. S. Stewart.....Under-Secretary.
 Mr. S. Brock.....1st Uncovenanted Asst. and Registrar.
 „ J. Mills.....2d do.
 „ D. D'Vaz.....3d do.
 Sashachellum Naidu.....Deputy Registrar.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING PRESS.

Hours of business, 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.

J. Grose, Esq.....Supervisor.
 Mr. Henry Smith.....Superintendent, (Eur.)
 „ Henry Morgan.....Depy. do.—Acting Superintendent.

GOVERNMENT LITHOGRAPHIC PRESS.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 10½ P. M. to 5 P. M.

Mr. J. Dumphy.....Superintendent and Manager.

PUBLIC WORKS STORES AND WORKSHOPS.

F. L. Moncrief, Esq.....Covenanted Civil Engr.—General Supt.
 of Stores and Workshops.
 Mr. F. Doderet, Esq.....Mathematical Instrument Maker.
 „ James Gray.....Storekeeper.

Government Agent and Paymaster of Carnatic Stipends.

Office, Chepauk.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel R. S. Wilson, Staff Corps...Government Agent and Paymaster.
 Meer Mohib Ally Khan.....Assistant do.
 Mr. J. B. Creardo.....Moonshee.

Government Central Book Depot.

Office, College Hall, Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Major J. Michael.....Acting Curator.

High Court of Judicature.

Office, North Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Sir Colley Harman Scotland, Kt.....Chief Justice, (Eur.)
 Sir Adam Bittleston, Kt.....Puisne Justice, Acting Chief Justice.
 Hon'ble W. Holloway.....Judge.
 „ L. C. Innes.....do.
 „ C. Collett.....do.
 „ G. H. Ellis.....do.—Acting.
 A. M. Ritchie, Esq.....Registrar, (Original side.)
 P. P. Hutchins, Esq.....Registrar, (Appellate side.)
 T. Wilkins, Esq.....Deputy Registrar.
 H. D. E. Dalrymple, Esq.....Sheriff.
 Mr. W. A. P. Begbie.....Manager.

Inspector General, Madras Police.

Office, Masonic Temple, South Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 W. Robinson, Esq., c.s.r. Inspector General.
 Captain M. W. Carr. Assistant do.

Judge Advocate General of the Army.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel H. Prichard. Judge Advocate General of the Army.
 Mr. G. Steevens. Uncovenanted Assistant.

Military Finance Department.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 11½ A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel T. McGoun. Controller of Military Finance.
 Lieut. Col. C. H. Drury. Military Accountant.
 Major J. W. Rideout. Examiner Pay Department.
 Lieut. Colonel E. T. Fasken. Examr. Ord. Accts. (on other duty.)
 Lieut. Colonel A. Stewart. Acting do.
 Surgeon Major G. Mackay, M.D. Examiner Medical Department, (Eur.)
 „ Acting do.
 Major J. G. Touch. Personal Assistant to Controller.
 Mr. T. E. Greenfield. Asst. Examiner Pay Department.
 „ E. Flynn. Head Clerk.

Mint.

Office, Yellabannassur Street, Black Town.—Hours of business, 7½ A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel J. Carpendale, R. E. Mint Master.
 Mr. T. E. Scriven. Manager.

ASSAY OFFICE.

Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 G. J. Shaw, Esq., M.D., Bombay M. S. Assay Master, (Eur.)
 H. E. Busted, Esq., M.D. Depy. do.—Acting Assay Master.
 P. F. Bellew, Esq. Ag. Asst. do.
 Mr. J. Duarte. Head Accountant and Manager.

Municipal Commissioner's Office.

Errabauloo Chetty Street, Black Town.—Hours of business, 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Lieut. Colonel J. Temple. President.
 B. Cardozo, Esq. Member.
 S. Jesudasan Pillay. do.
 J. G. Coleman, Esq. Non-Official Member.
 Janay Jehan Khan Bahadur. do.
 C. Parthasarathy Naidoo. do.
 G. R. Leggatt, Esq. Civil Engineer.
 Mr. N. Bazely. Acting Collector and Assessor.
 Mr. S. Sairs. Acting Manager.

Observatory—Nungumbaukum.

N. R. Pogson, Esq. F.R.A.S. Astronomer.
 C. Ragoonatha Chetty. 1st Assistant.

Ordnance Department.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel G. W. Y. Simpson. Insp. Genl. of Ordnance & Magazines.
 Colonel J. L. Barrow. Deputy do. do.
 Mr. J. B. Cardozo. Uncovenanted Assistant.
 „ E. Lambert. Manager.

GRAND ARSENAL.

Office, Fort St. George.—Hours of business, 8 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Capt. (Lieut. Colonel) R. Cadell. Commissary of Ordnance, 1st Class.
 Lieutenant P. Sanderson. do. do. 3d do.
 Mr. G. W. M. Taylor. Manager.

SUPERINTENDENT OF STATIONERY.

Office, Grand Arsenal, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Capt. (Lieut. Colonel) R. Cadell. Commissary of Ord., Superintendent.
 Mr. James Wynne. Manager.

GUN CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Vepery, Naval Hospital Road.—Hours of business, 7½ A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Lieut. Colonel T. H. Campbell, R. A. Superintendent, (Eur.)
 Lieut. Colonel C. H. Hutchinson, R. A. Actg. do.
 Lieutenant I. Curren. Assistant Commissary.

GUN POWDER MANUFACTORY.

Vyservally.—Hours of business, 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.
 Colonel G. Rowlandson, R. A. Superintendent.
 Conductor H. Briggs. Supervisor.

Pay Department.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel W. P. Macdonald. Military Paymaster, (on leave.)
 Captain Walter Douglas. Actg. do.
 Mr. W. S. W. Puzold. Manager.

People's Park.

New Town.—Open from 5 A. M. to 9 P. M.
 Colonel J. Carpendale. Secretary.
 Conductor D. Riordan. Superintendent.

Principal Inspector General Medical Department.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 James Shaw, Esq. Principal Inspector General.
 W. R. Cornish, Esq. Secretary to do.
 Mr. Robert D'Sylva. Manager.

Quarter Master General's Office.

Hanover Square, Fort.—Hours of business 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Colonel Crawford Cooke. Quarter Master Genl. of the Army (Offg.)
 Major Arthur Drury. Deputy do. do.
 Major B. M. Deane. Assistant do. do.
 Mr. P. D'Silva. Manager.

Savings' Bank.

Office, Bank of Madras, Broadway.—Business transacted daily 10 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Hon'ble W. R. Arbuthnot. President, (Eur.)
 J. McIver, Esq. Secretary and Treasurer.
 T. E. Franck, Esq. Depy. do.

Staff Officer and Superintendent of Details.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 10½ A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Lieut. Colonel G. Baldock. Staff Officer and Supt. of Details.

Sanitary Commission.

Office,—Nungumbaum.

Hon'ble R. S. Ellis, c.n.....Commissioner.
 Surgeon H. B. Montgomery, M. D.....Secretary to Commissioner.
 Mr. T. C. D'Rozario.....Manager.

Sea Custom House.

Office, Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 4 P. M.

J. H. Blair, Esq.....Collector, (on duty.)
 R. A. Dalyell, Esq.....Acting Collector.
 Mr. E. S. Atkinson.....Deputy do.
 " G. B. Shaw, Esq.....Appraiser.
 " W. E. Fox.....Manager.

Superintendent of Marine.

Office, Sea Custom House, Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

J. J. Franklin, Esq.....Superintendent of Marine.
 H. D. E. Dalrymple, Esq.....Master Attendant.
 J. B. Crowther, Esq.....Deputy do.
 W. H. Bartlett, Esq.....Assistant do.
 T. E. Marshall, Esq.....do. do.
 Mr. J. David.....Manager.

Superintending Engineer, 4th Division.

Office, Nungumbaukum.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Colonel A. J. M. Boileau, R. E.....Superintending Engineer.
 Mr. S. Francis.....Head Accountant and Manager.

Superintendent of Stamps.

Office, 1st Line Beach.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Lieut. Colonel J. Temple.....Superintendent.
 Mr. J. Luxa.....Assistant.

Superintendent of Family Payments and Pensions.

Office, Fort.—Hours of business, 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

Captain H. C. Roberts.....Superintendent, (Eur.)
 Major J. Michael, Staff Corps.....Acting do.
 Mr. F. Borgonha.....Manager.

Translators to Government.

Lieut. Colonel R. S. Wilson, Staff Corps...Persian and Hindoostani.
 Lieut. W. F. Wright, Staff Corps.....Tamil.
 J. Garrett, Esq.....Canarese.
 L. Garthwaite, Esq.....Malayalum.
 Major T. G. M. Lane, Staff Corps.....Telugu.

LIST OF
 HER MAJESTY'S INDIAN COVENANTED SERVANTS
 ON THE MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT,
 CORRECTED TO THE 31st OCTOBER 1866.

COUNCIL OF FORT SAINT GEORGE.

GOVERNOR AND PRESIDENT IN COUNCIL.

THE RIGHT HON'BLE FRANCIS BARON NAPIER, K.T.,

Appointed Governor of the Presidency of Madras, 2d February 1866; took his seat
 27th March 1866.

HIS EXCELLENCY LIEUT. GENL. SIR JOHN GASPARD LEMARCHANT, K.C.B., G.C.M.G.,
 Commander-in-Chief and Second in Council, took his seat 25th May 1865.

THE HON'BLE SIR THOMAS PYCROFT, K.C.S.I.,

Third in Council, took his seat 29th October 1862.

THE HON'BLE HENRY DOMINIC PHILLIPS,

Fourth in Council, took his seat 16th December 1864.

FIRST CLASS OF 35 YEARS' STANDING.**THOMAS PYCROFT.**

1828. Second assistant to the principal Collector, South Arcot, 1st November 1831. Acting assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge, Chingleput, 21st September 1832. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 12th October 1832. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 6th September 1833. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 24th January 1837. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 14th February 1837. On Furlough to Europe for 3 years, 1st November 1839. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 7th February 1843. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 6th May 1843. Deputy Collector, Madras, 25th July 1843. Assistant Judge, Calicut, 7th January 1845. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 24th January 1845. Acting Tamil Translator to Government, 22nd April 1845. Acting Secretary to Government in the Revenue and Judicial Departments, 25th January 1850. Secretary to Government in the Revenue and Judicial Departments, 18th February 1850. Chief Secretary to Government, 19th February 1855. On private affairs for six months to Europe, 9th May 1857. Additional Member of the Council of Fort St. George, for making Laws and Regulations, 22nd January 1862. Provisional Member of Council, 21st March 1862. Member of Council, from 29th October 1862.—34 years, 3 months, 1 day. *Retired 1867.*

HENRY DOMINIC PHILLIPS.

1829. Acting second assistant to the principal Collr. and Mag., Nellore, 21th Feb. 1832. Acting Head asst. to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 3d Apr. 1835. Register to the Zillah Court, Nellore, 29th December 1835. Acting assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge, Guntoor, 1st March 1836. Junior deputy Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 24th January 1837. Officiating Senior deputy Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 2d August 1837. Acting assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge, Salem, 12th September 1837. Acting assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge, Madura, 29th September 1837. Assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge, Madura, 23d January 1838. Acting second assistant to the Accountant General,

1st May 1838. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 1st June 1838. Acting deputy Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 21st August 1838. Assistant Judge and Joint criminal Judge of the Auxillary Court, Trichinopoly, and acting Senior deputy Register to the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 22d January 1839. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 19th March 1839. Acting Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 28th December 1842. Sub Judge, Combaconum, and Acting Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 15th August 1843. Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 26th March 1844. Sub Judge, Madura, 1st December 1846. Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George at Kurnool and Bunganapilly, 6th July 1847. Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 8th February 1850. Proceeded to England, 10th November 1853. Without employ, 26th October 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, and Resident and Commissioner, Tanjore, 6th and 16th January 1857. Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 20th January 1857. Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 29th October 1857. Collector and Magistrate, and Resident and Commissioner, Tanjore, 27th April 1858. Puisne Judge of the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 31st December 1858. President of the Board of Examiners, 11th January 1859. Commissioner for the Settlement of the affairs of the late Tanjore Raj, 29th November 1859. Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, 15th August 1862. Provisional Member of Council, 28th June 1864. Member of Council, 16th December 1864.—33 years, 2 months, 6 days.

CHARLES PELLY.

1830. Second assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 28th September 1832. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 21st March 1834. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 14th July 1835. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 28th February 1837, and 26th January 1838. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 14th August 1838. Acting Judge and criminal Judge, Bellary, 17th August 1841. Europe, furlough, 21th December 1841. Without employ, 5th February 1848. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 15th August 1848. Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 20th August 1850. Member of the Board of Revenue, 15th April 1859. Member and acting President of the Board of Examiners, 20th May 1859. Government Director of the Bank of Madras, 28th March 1862. Acting President of the Income Tax Commission, 10th February 1863. Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examination, 24th November 1863.—31 years, 8 months, 6 days.

SECOND CLASS OF 20 YEARS' STANDING.

HARRY AUGUSTUS BRETT.

1831. Doing duty as assistant in the Chief Secretary's Office, 28th September 1832. Assistant to the principal Collector, Madura, 16th August 1833. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 31st October 1834. Acting Register of the Zillah Court of Salem, 15th April 1836. Acting Register of the Provincial Court, Centre Division, 9th August 1836. Register of the Provincial Court, Centre Division, 3d March 1837. Register of the Zillah Court of Bellary, 26th July 1839. Acting head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 20th August 1839. Acting head Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 1st October 1839. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 8th September 1840. Acting head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 15th September 1840. Acting head Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 2d December 1840. Head Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 2d November 1841. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 25th February 1842. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 17th November 1843. In charge of the Sub Court of Salem, 16th January 1844. Europe furlough, 14th February 1846. Without employ, 25th February 1849. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 15th May 1849. Acting Sub Judge, Chittoor, 12th June 1849. Sub Judge, Chittoor, 6th July 1849. Acting Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 16th January 1852. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 23d August 1853. Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 11th November 1853. On Medical Certificate to Europe from 16th Nov. 1858 to 23d April 1860. Member of the Board of Revenue, 21st March 1862. President and Commissioner for the Presidency Town of Madras, for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of the Income Tax Acts for the year 1862-63, 5th August 1862. Special Commissioner of the Income Tax Commission, 1st October 1862. President of the Income Tax Commission for 1865-66, 1st August 1865.—30 years, 10 months, 8 days.

THOMAS CLARKE.

1833. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 6th October 1835. Acting head assistant to the Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 9th April 1838. Head assistant to the Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 1st June 1838. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 9th October 1838. Acting Senior deputy Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 9th April 1839. Acting Tamil Translator to Government, 24th January 1840. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 19th March 1840. Acting Deputy Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 20th April 1840. Senior deputy Register of the Sudr and Foudjaree Adalut, 11th January 1842. Acting Tamil Translator to Government, 28th January 1845. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 9th March 1847. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 14th November 1848. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 1st May 1849. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnerelly, 18th June 1851. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 1st April 1853. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 3d April 1855. Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 25th September 1855. On Medical Certificate to Europe from 11th October 1856 to 12th September 1858. Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 22d October 1858. Member of the Board of Revenue, 28th February 1860. Member of the Board of Examiners and of the Central Committee for the Examination of Assistants, 10th February 1863.—31 years, 2 months, 20 days.

HENRY DAVID COOK.

1835. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 12th November 1836. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 1st Feb. 1839. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 27th Oct. 1840. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 19th September 1843. Acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 9th April 1847. Europe, furlough, 5th February 1848. Without employ, 31st December 1850. Acting Sub Judge, Calicut, 24th January 1851. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 4th February 1851. Sub Judge, Calicut, 25th November 1851. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 27th February 1855. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 28th September 1855. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Calicut, 19th February 1856. Civil and Session Judge, Calicut, 28th April 1857. Civil and Session Judge, Coimbatore, 3d July 1866.—27 years, 11 months, 10 days.

CHARLES WILLIAM READE.

1835. Under the principal Collector of Canara, 15th July 1836. Doing duty as an assistant under the principal Collector of Canara, 2d May 1837. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate of Canara, 9th Jan. 1838. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate of Canara, 7th May 1839. Acting Register to the Zillah Court, Chittoor, 19th September 1839. Register to the Zillah Court of Bellary, 12th February 1841. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate of Canara, 2d March 1841. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate of Canara, 22d June 1841. Acting Register to the Zillah Court of Canara, 9th August 1842. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Canara, 17th February 1846. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Canara, 2d February 1847. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Canara, 6th July 1847. Europe, furlough, 26th December 1848. Without employ, 28th January 1852. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, 14th May 1852. Sub Judge, Salem, 22d February 1853. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 8th January 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, 24th March 1857. Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 21st July 1857. Without employ, 24th September 1859. On private affairs to England for 6 months, from 27th October 1859. Without employ. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Madras, from 11th November 1861. Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, from 3d March 1862.—27 years, 4 months, 3 days.

ROBERT ROLLAND COTTON.

1836. Under the principal Collector of Tanjore, 14th March 1838. Doing duty as assistant under the principal Collector of Tanjore, 4th January 1839. Doing duty as assistant under the Collector of Trichinopoly, 5th February 1839. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnerelly, 21st October 1839. Register of the Zillah Court of Cuddapah, 22d February 1840. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 23d February 1841. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 15th August 1843. Extra assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 16th July 1844. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 14th January 1845. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Combaconum, 14th March 1845. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 4th July 1845. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 20th November 1849. Head

assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 5th Feb. 1850. Sub Judge, Salem, 13th June 1851. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 29th July 1851, and 18th May 1852. England, furlough, 27th February 1853. Without employ, 29th February 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 18th March 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Guntoor, 21st July 1857. Sub Judge, Bellary, and acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 1st May 1858. Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 24th June 1859. On sick leave to Europe, from 6th March 1864 to 10th October 1865.—25 years, 8 months, 10 days.

GORDON SULLIVAN FORBES.

1833. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 26th July 1839. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntoor, 28th April 1840. Register of the Zillah Court of Combaconum, 15th October 1841. Extra assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 15th August 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 10th September 1844. Acting assistant Judge of the Zillah of Mangalore, 30th January 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 17th February 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 2d February 1847. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 6th July 1847. Europe, furlough, 13th February 1849. Without employ, 29th March 1852. Acting Deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 30th March 1852. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 28th September 1852. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 15th October 1852. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 29th August 1854. Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 3d July 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 4th September 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 20th November 1855. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 2d February 1856. On Medical Certificate to Europe for 15 months, 27th September 1856. Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 5th July 1858. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th October 1864 to 9th January 1866.—24 years, 2 months, 26 days.

FRANKLYN LUSHINGTON.

1833. Under the principal Collector, Malabar, 1st February 1839. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 7th January 1849. Acting 2d assistant to the Accountant General, 5th January 1841. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 27th January 1842. Europe, 14th January 1843. Without employ, 30th November 1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 12th December 1845. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 12th May 1846. Acting Senior deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 6th April 1847. Senior deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 1st May 1849. Acting Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 2d March 1852. Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 1st July 1852. Civil Auditor and Superintendent of Stamps, 30th April 1855. Accountant, Northwest Provinces, 24th April 1859. Accountant to the Government of Bengal, 9th September 1859. Officiating Deputy Accountant General, Madras, 12th May 1860. Officiating deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Madras, 5th September 1861. Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Madras, 1st May 1863. Absent on sick leave, from 14th May 1862 to 24th May 1864.—24 years, 1 month, 10 days.

RICHARD GWATKIN CLARKE.

1839. Acting head assistant to the Register of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 28th April 1840. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 23d February 1841. Acting Cashier to the Government Bank, and Assistant to the Sub Treasurer, 31st August 1841. Head assistant to the Register of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 11th January 1842. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 12th April 1842. Deputy Secretary to Government, 4th March 1845. Private Secretary to the Governor, 23d February 1848. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 24th June 1851. Acting Sub Judge, Bellary, 7th October 1851. Sub Judge, Bellary, 23d December 1851. Without employ, 26th October 1857. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, 30th November 1857. Subordinate Judge, Combaconum, 25th June 1858. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 27th July 1858. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Trichinopoly, 1st October 1858. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Combaconum, 27th April 1860. Civil and Session Judge, Tranquebar, 19th July 1860. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th May 1861 to 2d June 1863.—22 years, 4 months, 27 days.

JOHN WILLIAM CHERRY.

1839. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 15th December 1840. Assistant to the Chief Secretary to Government, 1st October 1841. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 4th March 1842. Acting 2d

assistant to the Accountant General, 8th November 1842. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 27th January 1843. Commissioner for drawing Government Lotteries, 25th June 1844. Head assistant to the Accountant General, 16th November 1847. Europe, furlough, 15th September 1849. Without employ, 27th February 1853. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 22d March 1853. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 3d September 1853. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 11th October 1853. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 28th September 1855. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 10th May 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 6th January 1857. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 24th March 1857. Sub Judge, Salem, 21st July 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Colmbatore, 26th March 1858. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 5th March 1859. Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 22d August 1859. On sick leave to Europe, from 14th November 1859 to 10th November 1861. Civil and Session Judge of Ootacamund, 21st March 1865. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th October 1864 to 28th October 1865.—21 years, 8 months, 25 days.

GEORGE HENRY ELLIS.

1839. Assistant to the Chief Secretary to Government, 20th July 1831. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 1st October 1841. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 11th March 1842. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 20th Feb. 1843. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 26th March 1844. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 16th March 1847. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 15th May 1849. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 4th January 1850. Europe, furlough, 26th April 1851. Without employ, 5th April 1854. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 2d May 1854. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 6th June 1854. Sub Judge, Mangalore, 27th June 1854. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Combaconum, 12th July 1854. Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 30th April 1855. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, 24th July 1857. Civil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, 5th March 1859. Acting Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Madras, 2d October 1866.—24 years, 2 months, 7 days.

EDWARD GEORGE ROBERT FANE.

1839. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th November 1840. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 16th August 1842. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 21st March 1843. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 25th July 1845. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 27th November 1846. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 28th May 1850. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 18th February 1851. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 19th September 1851. England, 10th May 1855. Without employ, from 8th November 1858. Acting Post Master General, Madras, 3d January and 9th June 1859. Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 7th October 1859. Twenty-four months' sick leave, from 14th May 1862. Collector and Magistrate of the Madras District, from 23d May 1864. Acting Member of the Board of Revenue, 3d July and 10th August 1866.—22 years, 7 months, 25 days.

VERE HENRY LEVINGE.

1839. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 20th July 1841. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 9th November 1841. Acting Register to the Zillah Court of Madura, 27th January 1842. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 21st March 1843. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 2d April 1844. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 10th September 1844. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 2d December 1845. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 4th February 1851. Europe, furlough, 8th August 1851. Without employ, 11th August 1854. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 29th August 1854. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th October 1854. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, 26th August 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, 17th October 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th December 1858. Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 3d December 1859. Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 28th February 1860.—23 years, 7 months, 29 days.

ALEXANDER WILLIAM PHILLIPS.

1839. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 20th July 1841. Acting Register of the Zillah Court of Combaconum, 19th April 1842. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 12th September 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 24th January 1845. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Chittoor, 1st April 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 15th July 1845. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 19th June 1846. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 30th October 1846. Europe, furlough, 14th February 1850. Without employ, 9th September 1853. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 8th November 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 27th January 1854. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 23d January 1855. Sub Judge, Madura, 28th January 1855. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 19th February 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, 3d November 1857. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, 9th June 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 1st December 1859. Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, 17th May 1861. On sick leave, from 16th June 1862 to 15th October 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Ootacamund, 16th December 1864. On three months' special leave, from 3d July to 2d October 1866.—23 years, 9 months, 20 days.

HENRY NEWILL.

1810. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 20th July 1851. Acting Register to the Zillah Court of Cuddapah, 11th April 1842. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 20th February 1843. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 7th January 1845. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 10th September 1850. Europe, furlough, 8th March 1851. Assistant to the Commissioner for the Northern Circars, 14th February 1854. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 9th October 1855. Director of Revenue Settlements, 21st July 1857. On sick leave from 15th March 1862 to 3d January 1864. Collector and Magistrate, Godavery District, 28th April 1863. Acting Resident at Travancore and Cochin, 15th April 1864. Resident of Travancore and Cochin, 10th March 1865.—23 years, 5 months, 24 days.

GEORGE NOBLE TAYLOR.

1810. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 3d August 1841. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 4th March 1842. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Ganjam, 9th September 1842. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 18th March 1843 and 3d January 1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 1st April 1845. Europe, 13th October 1845. Without employ, 1st January 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, and acting Secretary to the College and University Boards, 12th February 1849. Assistant to the Collector of Land Customs, Madras, 27th March 1849. Secretary to the College Board and Madras University, 20th January 1851. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 18th February 1851. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 1st July 1851. Acting deputy Secretary to Government and Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 8th January 1856. Europe, furlough, for 6 months, 19th August 1856. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, 31st March 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 15th April 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 1st September 1857. Inam Commissioner of the Madras Presidency, 16th November 1858. Services temporarily placed at the disposal of the Government of India, 17th April 1863. Resident of Travancore and Cochin, 9th February 1864. Provisional Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, 7th June 1864. Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, 10th March 1865.—23 years, 25 days.

JAMES FRASER.

1810. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 20th July 1841. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 3d December 1841. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 4th June 1842. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 11th April 1843. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 4th July 1843. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Ganjam, 18th November 1845, 8th January 1850, 11th March 1853 and 25th August 1854. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Masulipatam, 17th November 1854. Acting Collector and Joint Magistrate, Masulipatam, 25th September 1855. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 11th April 1856. On Medical Certificate to

Europe, for 15 months, 14th February 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 4th March 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, 3d December 1859. Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 28th February 1860. Three months' sick leave from 24th October 1861. Acting Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 1st February 1862. Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, but to continue to act at North Arcot, 28th April 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate of the Godavery District, from 28th May 1864. Collector and Magistrate of the Godavery District, 10th March 1865.—25 years, 1 month, 14 days.

JAMES DOUGLAS ROBINSON.

1810. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 14th October 1842. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 27th February 1844. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 25th March 1845. Head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 7th August 1846. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Madura, 20th April 1847. Europe, furlough, 21st February 1848. Without employ, 14th February 1852. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 2d March 1852. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 15th October 1852. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 2d November 1852. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Mangalore, 2d June 1854. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 27th June 1854. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 10th May 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 28th April 1857. On special duty in connection with the disturbances in the frontier of the Canara District, Extract Minutes Consultation, 12th March 1858, No. 333, Judicial Department. Acting Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 23d May 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, 28th February 1860. Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 29th June 1861. On sick leave from 15th February 1862 to 8th December 1863. On special leave, from 16th July 1864 to 13th July 1865.—21 years, 4 months, 3 days.

WILLIAM MOLLE CADELL.

1810. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 20th July 1841. Acting Register of the Zillah Court, Canara, 15th July 1842. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 14th October 1842. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 3d January 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 18th March 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 21st July 1846. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 18th September 1846. Europe, furlough, 5th February 1847. Without employ, 31st January 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, and acting head assistant of that District, 22d February 1850. Europe, 10th May 1850. Without employ, 12th December 1851. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 6th January 1852. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 8th February 1853. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 15th April 1853. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 20th December 1853. Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor at Tanjore, 31st December 1858. On sick leave, from 1st March 1862 to 27th May 1863. Collector and Magistrate of South Canara, 17th March 1865.—21 years, 14 days.

WILLIAM HODGSON.

1810. Under the principal Collector of Malabar, 2d April 1841. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 18th April 1843. Europe, 20th February 1844. Without employ, 3d March 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 21st March 1848. Europe, 10th July 1848. Without employ, 25th July 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 26th August 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 18th May 1852. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 14th August 1852. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 15th February 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 11th July 1854. Acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 22d May 1855. England, 25th September 1855. Without employ, 30th October 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 2d December 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 25th March 1858. Sub Judge, Bellary, 11th January 1859. Sub Judge, Salem, 22d August 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chittoor, 22d March 1861. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 26th July 1861. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 13th June 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, from 1st October 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nellore, 16th February 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 12th August 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Guntur, 10th January 1865.—17 years, 7 months, 4 days.

HON'BLE DAVID ARBUTHNOTT.

1841. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 23d January 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 15th April 1845. Acting head

assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 24th October 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 5th May 1846. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 16th March 1847. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 7th March 1848. Acting Sub Judge, Bellary, 24th January 1849, 11th September 1849, 29th March 1850 and 17th December 1850. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 3d November 1854. Collector and Magistrate of the District of Kurnool, 10th June 1858. On Medical Certificate to England for twenty-one months, 25th February 1860. Returned to the Presidency, 9th February 1862, and assumed charge of the Office of Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, on 5th March 1862. Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 28th March 1862.—24 years, 4 months, 15 days.

ANDREW WEDDERBURN.

1811. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 4th July 1843. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 15th May 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 30th October 1846. Europe, 14th February 1847. Without employ, 4th January 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 8th February 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 11th July 1848. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 5th February 1850. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 25th March 1851. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 23d September 1851. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 23d August 1853. Europe, on furlough, 14th February 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 28th February 1860. Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, from 14th April to 25th June 1861. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, from 6th April 1863. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th February 1864 to 22d June 1865. Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 10th January 1865. Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, from 21st June 1866.—20 years, 4 months, 25 days.

JAMES LAW LUSHINGTON.

1841. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 23d January 1843. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 28th May 1844. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 23d September 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 19th June 1846. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 29th January 1847. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 3d December 1847. Acting head assistant to the Accountant General, 22d September 1848. Canarese Translator to Government, and head assistant to the Accountant General, 2d July 1850. Acting First assistant to the Accountant General, 16th December 1854. First assistant to the Accountant General, 1st August 1856. Acting Sub Treasurer, Secretary to the Savings Bank, Member of the Mint Committee and Director of the Incorporated Bank of Madras, 12th September 1856. Acting Civil Auditor and Superintendent of Stamps, 25th May 1858. Acting Civil Auditor and Superintendent of Stamps, 15th February 1859. Civil Auditor, 21st April 1859. Accountant, North Western Provinces, 1859. On Medical Certificate to England for twenty-seven months, from 12th April 1861. Returned, 8th January 1863. Acting Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Madras, from 10th January 1863. Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Bengal, and Officiating Auditor General and Accountant General to the Government of India, from 1st May 1863. Acting Deputy Auditor and Accountant General, Madras, from 4th January to 25th May 1864. Accountant General, Bombay, 27th February 1865.—24 years, 1 month, 12 days.

ALEXANDER JOHN ARBUTHNOT.

1842. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 6th June 1843. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 27th February 1844. Head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Adalat, 18th March 1845. Officiating Secretary to the College Board and Madras University, 27th October 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 25th January 1848. Acting Malayalam Translator to Government, 11th July 1848. Malayalam Translator to Government, 27th March 1849. Acting Secretary to the College and University Boards, 4th March 1851. Secretary to the College and University Boards, 1st July 1851. Acting Deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Adalat, 2d March 1852. Deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Adalat, 1st July 1852. Acting Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Adalat, 20th May 1853. Member and Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 24th July 1854. Director of Public Instruction, 13th March 1855. Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examination, 3d May 1861. Acting Chief Secretary to Government, from 1st May 1862. Fellow of the University of Madras.

23d May 1862. Chief Secretary to Government, 29th October 1862. Additional Member of the Council of Fort Saint George for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, 18th November 1864.—24 years, 1 month, 10 days.

JAMES WILLIAM BALLANTINE DYKES.

1842. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 2d April 1844. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 16th March 1847. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 12th June 1849. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Madura, 17th March 1851. Acting Sub Judge of the Zillah of Chittoor, 16th January 1852. On furlough to England, 14th August 1852. Without employ, 10th February 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 24th March 1857. Sub Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 21st July 1857. Without employ, 29th September 1857. On special duty in Rajahmundry and Masulipatam, Extract Mins. Consultation, 19th March 1858, No. 359, Revenue Department. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 14th September 1858. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 16th November 1858. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Gunttoor, 3d May 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavari, 3d December 1859. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 17th October 1859. Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 17th April 1860.—19 years, 9 months, 7 days.

EDWARD WHEELER BIRD.

1842. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 4th July 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 22d April 1845. Europe, 10th July 1846. Without employ, 2d May 1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 11th May 1847. Officiating Government Agent at Chepauk and Paymaster of Carnatic Stipends, 10th August 1847. Acting head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudaree Adawlut, 25th January 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 18th July 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 22d April 1850. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 31st July 1851. Acting assistant Judge, Combaconum, 6th September 1853. Assistant Judge, Combaconum, 13th December 1853. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Combaconum, 30th October 1856. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 6th January 1857. Sub Judge, Ootacamund, 1st May 1858. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Coimbatore, 22d August 1859. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Negapatam, from 1st June 1861. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Negapatam, from 1st June 1861 to 20th March 1863. Civil and Session Judge of Tanjore, from 25th March 1863.—On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe from 28th March 1866.—23 years, 6 months, 19 days.

JAMES DUNCAN SIM.

1842. Acting head assistant to the Register of the Sudr and Foudaree Adawlut, 30th May 1843. Europe, 23d September 1844. Without employ, 1st January 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 9th January 1849. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 21st September 1849. Acting Deputy Secretary to Government, 18th February 1850. Acting Deputy Secretary under the Chief Secretary to Government, 24th June 1851. Deputy Secretary under the Chief Secretary to Government, 23d December 1851. Acting Telugu Translator to Government, 29th April 1853. Telugu Translator to Government, 1st May 1854. Member of the Board of Examiners, 24th July 1854. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 1st December 1854. Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 19th February 1855. Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 9th September 1856. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 5th July 1858. Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, 14th November 1860. Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, from 1st May 1861. On special leave to Europe, from 14th May to 28th November 1865.—19 years, 3 months, 17 days.

WILLIAM ROBINSON, C.S.I.

1842. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 10th October 1843. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 9th April 1847. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 25th January 1848. Officiating Sub Judge, Calicut, 16th January 1849. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 21st October 1851. Acting Sub Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 23d June 1852. On furlough to England, 13th November 1852. Without employ, 2d December 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 4th July 1856. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 8th January 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 9th September 1856. Inspector General of Police for the Madras Presidency, 18th May 1858.—21 years, 21 days.

PATRICK GRANT.

1842. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 18th January 1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 22d April 1845. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 7th August 1846. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 23d March 1852. England, 11th October 1853. Without employ, 17th December 1856. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 6th January 1857. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 29th September 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 18th May 1858. Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 9th April 1859. Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, from 3d May 1862.—20 years, 11 months, 3 days.

GEORGE THORNHILL.

1842. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 2d April 1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 24th September 1844. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 6th May 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 5th September 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 30th October 1846. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 11th May 1847. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 9th January 1852. On furlough to England, 21st May 1853. Without employ, 13th November 1856. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 2d December 1856. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 31st March 1857. Acting Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 24th September 1859. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 13th December 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Masulipatam, 27th April 1860. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 23rd August 1860. Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, from 27th December 1861. On sick leave, from 14th September 1862 to 10th December 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Ganjam, 25th July 1865.—19 years, 10 months, 4 days.

MORETON JOHN WALHOUSE.

1843. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 2d April 1844. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 22d December 1846. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 4th May 1847. Acting head assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 25th September 1849. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 19th July 1851. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 2d March 1852. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 1st April 1853. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 18th July 1854. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 1st May 1855. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Calicut, 6th November 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Honore, 4th January 1856. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 18th August 1861. On furlough to Europe for three years, from 29th April 1859, 23d February 1859. Returned to the Presidency, 12th April 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Tanjore, from 1st May 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, from 17th February 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 10th April 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, from 12th January 1864. On special leave from 7th to 22d July 1864.—20 years, 5 months, 7 days.

ÆNEAS RANALD McDONELL.

1843. Europe, 8th October 1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 23d January 1846. Acting head assistant to the Accountant General, 3d November 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 9th April 1847. Assistant and acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 11th May 1847. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 1st May 1849. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 18th May 1852 and 16th July 1852. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 11th July 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 28th February 1854. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 29th August 1854. Sub Judge, Cuddapah, 13th March 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 3d July 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 20th November 1855. Acting Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 9th April 1859. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Combaconum, 17th October 1859. Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 17th April 1860. Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, from 1st January 1862 to 13th December 1861. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th February to 28th November 1863. Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 30th April 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 29th September 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Madura, from 11th January to 4th April 1864. Acting Col-

lector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, from 20th April 1864. Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 10th March 1865. Civil and Session Judge, Trichinopoly, 30th January 1866.—20 years, 8 months, 19 days.

CHARLES FREDERIC CHAMIER.

1843. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 25th October 1844. Acting head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, and acting Secretary to the Madras University and College Board, 29th June 1847. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 5th October 1847. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 22d January 1850. Assistant and acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 7th October 1851. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 18th May 1852. Acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 28th November 1852 and 12th July 1854. Officiating special assistant to the Collector, Madras, 6th February 1855. Deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 13th March 1855. Tamil Translator to Government, 12th June 1855. Acting Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 24th July 1857. Register Appellate side of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, 5th March 1859. Fifteen months' sick leave to Europe, from 14th April 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Salem, 21st March 1865.—22 years, 2 months, 13 days.

LEWIS CHARLES INNES.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 2d January 1846. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 22d June 1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 10th December 1847. Europe, furlough, 10th July 1849. Without employ, 14th June 1852. Assistant and acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 29th January 1852. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 15th April 1853. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 20th December 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 5th December 1855. Sub Judge, Combaconum, 12th February 1856. Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, 3d June 1858. Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, from 28th March 1862. Civil and Session Judge, Coimbatore, 29th September 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Ootacamund, 13th October 1863. Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, 21st March 1865.—19 years, 3 months, 17 days.

FREDERICK SAMUEL CHILD.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 7th April 1846. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 23d March 1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 27th March 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 23d October 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 15th April 1851. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 29th July 1851. Without employ, 1st December 1852. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 20th December 1852. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 19th February 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 3d April 1855. On furlough to England, 14th October 1855. Without employ, 26th October 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 3d November 1857. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 18th May 1858. On furlough to Europe for the unexpired portion of the three years' furlough obtained on the 14th October 1853, 12th April 1859. Twelve months' sick leave in extension, 29th September 1859 and 22d March 1861. Returned to the Presidency, 25th October 1861. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of South Arcot, from 24th to 27th January 1862, and Sub Collector from the date following. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Guntur, from 7th April 1862, and Civil Judge of Guntur, from 14th April 1862. Civil and Session Judge of Cuddapah, from 16th June 1862. Civil and Session Judge of Tinnevely, 5th September 1865.—17 years, 7 months, 11 days.

JAMES INNES MINCHIN.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 8th July 1845. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 16th March 1847. Acting special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 17th February 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 4th January 1850. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 25th April 1851. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 8th February 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Cuddapah, 8th April 1854. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 25th July 1854. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 15th February 1856. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Masulipatam, 20th July 1859. Officiating Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 27th April 1860 and 7th March 1862. Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 21st March 1862. On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe, from 15th April 1866.—22 years, 9 months, 16 days.

AUGUSTUS WILLIAM SULLIVAN.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 4th April 1845. Acting Second assistant to the Accountant General, 13th September 1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 22d December 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 2d February 1847 and 12th June 1849. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 18th February 1850. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 6th September 1853. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 4th March 1856. Officiating Collector, Madras, 26th August 1859. Without employ, 16th April 1860. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 15th March 1861. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, from 31st July 1861. Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, from 27th March 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tellicherry, from 26th May 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Tellicherry, 9th June 1863.—22 years, 4 months, 8 days.

HENRY GEORGE SMITH.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 7th April 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 26th November 1850. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 7th October 1851. Acting assistant Judge, Combaconum, 7th December 1852. England, 11th August 1851. Without employ, 12th October 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 20th October 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 18th May 1858. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 9th April 1859. Acting Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, from 26th June 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, from 6th April 1863. Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, but to continue to act as Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 8th September 1863. Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, but to continue to act as Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 29th July 1864. Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 10th January 1865.—19 years, 20 days.

CLARENCE ARMSTRONG ROBERTS.

1844. Student at the College, permitted to prosecute his studies under the Collector of Salem, 11th July 1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 11th May 1847. Acting assistant to the Accountant General, 22d September 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 15th May 1849. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 2d July 1850. Secretary to the Mint Committee, 7th May 1852. Acting head assistant to the Accountant General and acting Canarese Translator to Government, 15th April 1853. Member of the Board of Examiners, 24th July 1854. Acting First assistant to the Accountant General, 12th September 1854. Europe, 14th January 1855. Without employ, 24th January 1858. Secretary to the Mint Committee, 20th March 1858. Acting First assistant to the Accountant General, 21st May 1858. Acting Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 17th August 1858. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th December 1858. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 9th April 1859. Offg. Post Master General, 25th October 1859. On Medical Certificate to England for twenty-one months, from 16th April 1861, 12th April 1861. Returned 8th December 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, from 5th January 1863. Acting Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, from 27th July 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chittoor, from 18th September 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Chittoor, 29th September 1863.—18 years, 1 month, 28 days.

ROBERT STAUNTON ELLIS, C.B.

1844. Under the principal Collector, Coimbatore, 18th March 1846. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 24th November 1846. Europe, furlough, 14th October 1848. Without employ, 28th September 1851. Assistant to the Collector of Land Customs, Madras, 7th October 1851. Head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adawlut, 1st July 1852. Acting deputy Register of the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adawlut, 8th November 1853. Deputy Commissioner of the 2d Class, Nagpore Commission, 15th September 1854. On Medical Certificate to Europe for twenty-one months, from 9th May 1858. Officiating Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 7th March 1860. Sub Collector, Madras, and Joint Magistrate, Chingleput, 27th April 1860. Special Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 31st August 1860 and 27th August 1861. Acting Superintendent of Stamps, from 6th March 1862. Acting deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, from 21st June 1862. Member and Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 5th August 1862. Services placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of India from date of quitting Madras, 16th September 1862. Additional Member of the Council of the Governor General, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, from 25th October 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate of the Madras District, from 18th March 1863. Collector and Magistrate of the

Madras District, from 14th May 1863. Employed on special duty in connection with his appointment as a Member of the Governor General's Council, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, G. O., 24th September 1863. President of the Sanitary Commission, 18th March 1864. On special leave to Europe, from 9th May 1865 to 5th May 1866.—17 years, 6 months, 5 days.

EDWRAD BROMLEY FOORD.

1844. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 7th April 1846. Acting Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 18th February 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 15th March 1853. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Ganjam, 17th November 1854. Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 22d March 1856. Europe, 27th November 1856. Acting Subordinate Judge, Chittoor, 29th November 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 17th April 1860. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, 19th April 1861. On Medical Certificate, India, for six months, from 24th June 1861. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, from 10th April 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Kistna, from 15th September 1862 to 27th December 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Chicacole, 11th January 1864. Acting Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor at Ganjam, 13th September 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 10th January 1865. Civil and Session Judge of Berhampore, 13th October 1865.—18 years, 10 months, 6 days.

CHARLES COLLETT.

1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 7th April 1846. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 5th March 1847. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 13th May 1851. Acting Sub Judge, Calicut, 19th February 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 14th April 1855. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 8th August 1856. On Furlough to Europe, 29th July 1856. Without employ, 12th October 1857. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 20th October 1857. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 24th November 1857. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 25th June 1858. On Furlough to Europe, for the unexpired portion of the three years' furlough obtained on the 2d July 1856, March 1859, permitted to add to his furlough a period of two months and six days on account of the time occupied in his passage to and from India, 19th April 1861. Officiating Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 7th May 1861. Member of the Central Committee at Madras for the London Exhibition of 1862, 14th June 1861. Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 27th August 1861. Sub Judge, Calicut, 30th August 1861. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chittoor, from 3d January 1862. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, but to continue to act as Civil Judge of Chittoor, 10th June 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, from 1st May 1863. Civil and Session Judge, Vizagapatam, from 10th July 1863. Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, from 8th February 1866.—18 years, 4 months, 20 days.

GEORGE ALEXANDER BALLARD.

1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 9th November 1847. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 22d August 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras, 14th January 1853. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 6th September 1853. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George, in Vizagapatam, 17th November 1854. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras, 24th April 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Masulipatam, 25th September 1855. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, 28th September 1855. On furlough to Europe for three years, 26th December 1855. Without employ, 8th November 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Chittoor, 2d December 1857. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 25th June 1858. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 16th November 1858. On furlough for the unexpired portion of the three years obtained by him on the 26th December 1855, 31st January 1860, three months in addition to furlough, on account of the time occupied in the passage to and from India, 9th August 1860. Returned to the Presidency, 26th December 1861. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, from 18th February 1862. Sub Collector of Madras, but to continue to act as Collector of Tanjore, 3d April 1862. Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, from 2d May 1862.—17 years, 9 months, 1 day.

ROBERT EDWARD MASTER.

1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 21st July 1846. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 25th May 1849. Acting

head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 9th October 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 25th June 1850. Acting Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 29th October 1850, 15th August 1851 and 1st April 1853. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 8th November 1851. Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 20th March 1855. On furlough to Europe, 15th March 1856. Without employ, 8th November 1857. Acting 2d assistant to the Accountant General, 8th December 1857. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 16th March 1858. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Godavery District without prejudice to his appointment of Deputy Director Revenue Settlement, February 1861. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Godavery District, and to officiate as Deputy Director Revenue Settlement, March 1861. Acting Director Revenue Settlement, April 1861. Officiating Director Revenue Settlement, 14th March 1862.—19 years, 5 months, 19 days.

WILLIAM HUDLESTON.

1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 13th July 1847. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 21st May 1852. Acting head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adalat, 21st March 1854. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 30th May 1854. Head assistant and acting deputy Register to the Court of Sudr Adalat, 26th September 1854. Acting deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, 1st December 1854. Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, 19th February 1855. Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 27th March 1855. On furlough to Europe, 29th January 1856. Without employ, 26th October 1857. Acting Deputy Secretary to Government in the Revenue and Public Works Departments, 8th December 1857. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 21st May 1858. Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 5th July 1858. Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 22d August 1859 and 30th November 1850. Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 5th April 1851. Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, from 12th May to 29th November 1865. Acting Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, from 2d June to 21st July 1866.—19 years, 6 months, 2 days.

WILLIAM SMITH NESBITT.

1845. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 11th February 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 15th July 1851. On Medical Certificate to England, 14th August 1851. Without employ, 10th June 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Cuddapah, 7th July 1857. Acting deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 21st July 1858. Acting Subordinate Judge, Chittoor, 3d December 1858. Acting Sub Judge, Ootacamund, 22d August 1859. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 29th November 1859. Acting Sub Judge, Ootacamund, 1st February 1861. Sub Judge, Ooty, from 1st May 1862. Out of employ, 1st October 1863. On furlough to Europe, from 1st February 1866.—15 years, 2 months, 4 days.

JOHN HUNTER BLAIR.

1845. Under the principal Collector of Coimbatore, 17th April 1846. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras, 9th November 1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th March 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 4th February 1851. England, 13th January 1852. Without employ, 25th December 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 14th January 1853. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 15th March 1853. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 20th December 1853. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 14th December 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Masulipatam, 29th April 1856. Acting Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 30th September 1856. Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 2d December 1856. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Masulipatam, 11th January 1859. On furlough to Europe, from 10th May 1859 to 7th November 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, from 2d February 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, from 26th February 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, but acting Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 8th September 1863. Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 18th March 1864. Member of the Income Tax Commission, for 1865-66, 1st August 1865. On special duty at Calcutta, G. O., 9th August 1866.—16 years, 4 months, 18 days.

THIRD CLASS OF 12 YEARS' STANDING.

GEORGE LEE MORRIS.

1847. Under the Collector of Malabar, 4th February 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 30th April 1850. Acting special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 23d March 1852. Acting special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 13th January 1854. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 30th January 1855. Officiating special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 9th April 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 6th November 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 22d April 1856. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 20th September 1856. On Medical Certificate to Europe for twenty-four months, from 30th September 1857. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, 18th May 1858. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 31st December 1858. Acting Collector, Tanjore, from 24th April 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, from 7th July 1863. Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Tanjore, 17th March 1865. On special leave from 15th March to 8th September 1866.—17 years, 5 months, 10 days.

CHARLES RAYMOND PELL.

1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 7th November 1848. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 17th December 1850 and 27th January 1852. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 5th December 1854. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 19th February 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 13th March 1855. Acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 24th April 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 9th September 1856. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Vizagapatam, 31st March 1857. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent, but acting principal assistant, Vizagapatam, 25th May 1858. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 16th March 1859. Sub Judge, Chicacole, 3d May 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Masulipatam, 23d August 1860. Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Cuddalore, but to act as Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, 9th June 1863. Special leave, from 16th September 1863 to 9th March 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madras, 15th March 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Nellore, 10th May 1865.—18 years, 3 months, 29 days.

JOHN ROBERT KINDERSLEY.

1847. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 24th July 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 20th May 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 23d January 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 22d June 1852. On Medical Certificate to England, 3d August 1852. Without employ, 27th January 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 6th February 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 9th March 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, but acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 24th July 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 10th May 1856. Assistant Judge, Mangalore, 14th February 1857. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 9th October 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Bellary, 30th July 1858. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Ganjam, 22d August 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, 4th November 1859. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Bellary, 7th June 1860. On furlough to Europe, from 5th January 1861 to 7th January 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 12th January 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Rajahmundry, 10th March 1865. Civil and Session Judge, Bellary, 13th October 1865. Officiating Judicial Commissioner of Mysore, 14th September 1866.—13 years, 4 months, 12 days.

JOHN GEORGE THOMPSON.

1848. Assistant to the principal Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 30th July 1850. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 1st April 1853. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 18th July 1854. Inspector of Schools, 24th July 1855. Acting Sub Judge, Mangalore, 30th January 1857. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 14th February 1857. Sub Judge, Mangalore, 5th March 1859. On furlough to Europe, from 28th October 1859 to 7th December 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tel-

licherry, from 8th January 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, from 21st April 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 29th September 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 1st March 1864. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Tellicherry, 26th July 1864. Civil and Session Judge of Cuddapah, but to act as Civil and Session Judge of Chingleput, 5th September 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Vizagapatam, 16th March 1866. Civil and Session Judge of Vizagapatam, 47th April 1866.—15 years, 3 months, 20 days.

WILLIAM HOLLOWAY.

1848. Student at the College, 6th January 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 4th February 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 28th September 1852. Acting deputy Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adalat, 20th May 1853. Acting head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adalat, 8th November 1853. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 14th March 1854. Acting Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 23d January 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 3d April 1855. Acting Sub Judge, Calicut, 14th April 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 10th May 1856. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 20th September 1856. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 23d December 1856. Sub Judge, Calicut, 28th April 1857. Secretary to the Commission for enquiring into the present system of Judicature in the Madras Presidency, 9th June 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tellicherry, 17th November 1859. Civil and Session Judge, Tellicherry, 30th August 1861. Acting Puisne Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, from 16th April 1863. Judge of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, 5th May 1863.—17 years, 9 months, 26 days.

WILLIAM THOMAS BLAIR.

1848. Assistant Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 24th July 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 19th November 1849. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 28th October 1850. Acting Sub Judge, Cuddapah, 2d April 1852. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 31st August 1853. Acting Sub Judge, Cuddapah, 4th January 1856. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 14th February 1857. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 30th September 1858 to 25th September 1860. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 17th April 1860. Acting Inam Commissioner, from 14th May to 6th September 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Chittoor, from 9th January 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Rajahmundry, but to continue to act as Inam Commissioner at Madras, 22d April 1863. To be Civil and Session Judge of Rajahmundry, but to continue to act as Inam Commissioner, 13th October 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Coimbatore, from 6th to 18th November 1865. To be Civil and Session Judge of Cuddapah, but to continue to act as Inam Commissioner, 17th April 1866.—17 years, 7 months.

HENRY MUNRO SHOWERS GRÆME.

1848. Student at the College, 3d March 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 7th January 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 14th October 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 26th September 1854. Acting Sub Judge, Salem, 19th August 1856. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 25th September 1856. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 31st March 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 6th May 1857. On furlough to England, from 19th May 1859 to 20th February 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, from 14th March 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, from 9th May to 8th August 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Kistna District, 6th October 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 15th December 1863. On sick leave to Europe, from 22d July 1864.—13 years, 7 months, 16 days.

HENRY MORRIS.

1848. Student at the College, 5th December 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 19th March 1850. Acting Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 2d January 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 2d February 1856. Inspector of Schools, 31st July 1856. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 31st March 1857. Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 8th December 1857. On Furlough to

Europe, from 14th March 1859 to 24th October 1862. Acting Judge of the Small Cause Court at Chittoor, from 19th January 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, from 3d February 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate of the Godavery District, from 14th May 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 16th February 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Nellore, 8th March 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chicacole, 13th September 1864. Acting Joint Magistrate of Nellore, 10th January 1865. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Ganjam, but to act as Civil and Session Judge of Berhampore, 7th March 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 7th December 1865. Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, 17th April 1866.—14 years, 3 months, 16 days.

GEORGE BANBURY.

1848. Student at the College, 2d January 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 30th July 1850. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 11th July 1853, and 7th March 1854. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 13th March 1854. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 10th May 1856. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 16th March 1858. On furlough to Europe, from 14th April 1859 to 4th August 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, from 1st September 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, of North Arcot, from 10th January 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Cuddalore, from 19th February 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Madras District, from 8th May 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate of the Madras District, from 1st October 1863. Acting Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 5th August 1864. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, from 31st January to 30th June 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 23d July 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Rajahmundry, 13th October 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 27th October 1865. Acting Sub Secretary, Board of Revenue, 4th November 1865. Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 7th February 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 5th March 1866.—14 years, 6 months, 9 days.

CHARLES NORMAN POCHIN.

1848. Student at the College, 5th December 1848. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 9th July 1850. Officiating head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foujdaree Adalat, 13th March 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 31st December 1852. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 5th December 1854. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 9th February 1856. Acting additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 5th May 1857. Additional Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Canara, 15th April 1859. Acting Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 16th December 1859. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 14th March 1860. Subordinate Judge, Mangalore, 19th July 1860. Officiating Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 7th December 1860. On furlough, from 13th April 1861 to 24th May 1864. Out of employ, 25th May 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, 10th June 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tanjore, but to continue to act as Collector of Salem, 10th January 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Madura, from 29th April 1865. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, but to act as Civil and Session Judge of Madura, 7th July 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 23rd February 1866. Civil and Session Judge, Calicut, 24th July 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 4th September 1866.—14 years, 9 months, 14 days.

ROBERT BLAIR SWINTON.

1849. Student at the College, 12th June 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 22d July 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 3d April 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 23d October 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 26th August 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 20th September 1856. On Medical Certificate to England, from 14th February 1857 to 23d Jan. 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 2d February 1858. Acting Subordinate Judge, Cuddapah, 7th December 1858. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 21st December 1858. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 9th April 1859. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 2d July 1859. Acting Sub Judge, Ootacamund, 10th August 1859. Subordinate Judge, Mangalore, 22d July 1859. Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore, 19th July 1860. Judge of the Court of Small Causes

Tanjore, from 1st July 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tanjore, from 13th February 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Negapatam, from 26th March 1863. On furlough to Europe, from 28th January 1864.—14 years, 7 months, 19 days.

JAMES WILKINSON BREEKS.

1849. Student at the College, 3d December 1849. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 27th July 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 5th July 1853. Acting Third assistant to the Accountant General, 27th March 1855. Third assistant and acting Second assistant to the Accountant General, 28th January 1856. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 1st August 1856. Acting First assistant to the Accountant General, 13th September 1856 and 31st March 1857. Canarese Translator to Government, 31st March 1857. Civil Auditor for the Punjab, 30th August 1858. Second assistant to the Accountant General, 16th November 1858. Officiating Sub Judge, Madura, 9th June 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 19th July 1859. Acting Subordinate Judge, Bellary, 8th November 1859. On furlough to Europe, from 16th December 1859 to 25d April 1861. Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, 23d April 1861. Special leave, from 15th April to 27th October 1863. Re-appointed Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, from 28th October 1863. Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Combaconum, but to continue to act as Private Secretary to His Excellency the Governor, 21st October 1864. On sick leave to Europe, from 13th November 1864.—14 years, 4 months, 4 days.

THOMAS ALEXANDER NICHOLAS CHASE.

1850. Student at the College, 2d April 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 14th October 1851. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 30th January 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 20th March 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 3d April 1855. Acting Sub Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 4th March 1859. Head assistant and acting Sub Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 3d December 1859. On furlough to Europe, from 14th April 1860 to 11th April 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery, from 22d April 1862. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Kistna District, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Godavery District, 11th August 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Rajahmundry, from 3d October 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery, from 1st February 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery District, 13th January 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 25th July 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddapah, 28th February 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 30th May 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, Nellore, 7th August 1866.—14 years, 7 months, 1 day.

LOUIS FORBES.

1850. Student at the College, 31st December 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 13th May 1853. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 4th May 1854. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 25th July 1854. Acting head assistant to the Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 3d April 1855. Acting Assistant Judge, Combaconum, 1st April 1856. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 1st August 1856. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 30th September 1856. Acting additional Sub Collector, Bellary, 25th June 1858. Acting Deputy Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 21st December 1858. Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, and Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 28th March 1859. On furlough from 16th April 1861 to 8th December 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, 21st February 1865. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Bellary, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, 10th January 1865. To be Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, 3d July 1866. Civil and Session Judge of Nundial, from 14th October 1866.—12 years, 3 months, 8 days.

ROBERT ANSTRUTHER DALYELL.

1850. Student at the College, 31st December 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 18th January 1853. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 21st February 1855 to 27th March 1859. Without employ, 28th March 1859. Assistant Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 5th April 1859. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, but acting Sub Collector, South Arcot, 5th August 1859. Principal assistant to the Collector and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, but to act as Sub Collector, South Arcot, 17th April 1860.

Acting Subordinate Judge, Chicacole, 14th September 1860. Officiating Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 15th February 1861. Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 19th April 1861. Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 27th August 1861. Official Member of the Income Tax Commission, 14th November 1860. On special leave from 14th May to 7th November 1862. Member of the Income Tax Commission, for 1864-65, 20th September 1864. Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, from 2d February to 2d May 1865, and from 13th May 1865. Officiating President of the Income Tax Commission, 25th May 1865. Acting Secretary Board of Examiners, 3d November 1865. Secretary Board of Examiners, 23d January 1866. Acting Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 2d June 1866. Acting Inam Commissioner, 2d October 1866.—11 years, 8 months, 26 days.

HENRY EDWARD SULLIVAN.

1850. Student at the College, 20th December 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 6th April 1852. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 19th February 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 13th March 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 24th July 1855. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 20th September 1856. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 24th July 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 19th August 1858. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 15th March 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, 13th April 1859. On Medical Certificate, from 27th February 1861 to 25th January 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, from 9th March 1863. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Tellicherry, from 7th August 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, from 31st August 1863. Sub Collector, Coimbatore, 29th September 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Salem, 11th October 1864. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 2d April 1866. To be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Cuddalore, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 28th August 1866. To be Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 14th September 1866.—14 years, 11 months, 15 days.

JOHN RENNIE COCKERELL.

1850. Student at the College, 1st December 1850. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 6th April 1852. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 24th April 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 28th September 1855. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 25th February 1856. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 20th Sept. 1856. Acting Sub Judge, Madura, 17th March 1857. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 31st March 1857. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 23d May 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 13th December 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, South Arcot, 19th July 1860. Officiating Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 25th January 1861. On furlough, from 29th March 1861 to 29th December 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, from 19th January to 31st May 1865. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna District, 13th January 1865. Acting District Registrar of Assurances at Chingleput, 17th January 1865. Acting Collector of Sea Customs at Madras, from 1st June to 2d August 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 4th August 1865. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, 4th November 1865. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, 30th January 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 9th July 1866.—12 years, 1 month, 28 days.

DAVID FREEMANTLE CARMICHAEL.

1851. Student at the College, 2d March 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 18th November 1851. Acting head assistant and Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 13th June 1854. Head assistant and Register to the Court of Sudr and Foudjaree Adalat, 19th February 1855. On Medical Certificate to England, from 28th March 1855 to 25th October 1856. Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, and Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 28th October 1856. Private Secretary to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, 28th March 1859 and 8th June 1860. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 24th June 1860 to 25th November 1861. Acting Sub Judge, Chicacole, from 19th December 1861. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent, Ganjam, but to continue to act as Sub Judge, Chicacole, 10th January 1862. Acting Collector and Magistrate and Agent, Vizagapatam, from 17th April 1862. Collector and Magistrate and Agent, Vizagapatam, 24th July 1863.—13 years, 7 months, 29 days.

EDWARD CROFT GREENWAY THOMAS.

1851. Student at the College, 29th December 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 1st April 1853. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 24th July 1855. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 10th May 1856. Acting Sub Judge, Calicut, 22d October 1858. Acting Sub Judge, Calicut, 20th May 1859. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement for the Wynad Taluk in Malabar, 19th August 1859. On Medical Certificate, from 6th June to 31st October 1860. Acting Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement with the Salem party, 5th November 1860. On furlough to Europe, from 12th October 1862 to 23d July 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, of Malabar, but to act as Civil and Session Judge of Cuddapah, 5th September 1865. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 22d December 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, 3d July 1866. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, 2d October 1866.—12 years, 20 days.

RICHARD KAYE PUCKLE.

1851. Student at the College, 29th December 1851. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 1st April 1853. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 7th September 1855. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 10th May 1856. Acting assistant to the Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George at Vizagapatam, 31st March 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 5th May 1857. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 20th March 1858. Acting Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 5th March 1859. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 9th April 1859. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 13th November 1860 to 3d February 1862. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 17th February 1862. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 11th April 1862. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, Tinnevely, 31st July 1862. Deputy Director Revenue Settlement, Salem, 27th February 1863. Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 24th April 1866.—14 years, 7 months, 12 days.

JOHN HENRY MASTER.

1852. Student at the College, 26th May 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 1st April 1853. Assistant Commissioner, 3d Class, Nagpore Commission, 15th September 1854. Assistant Commissioner, 2d Class, 4th April 1856. Officiating deputy Commissioner, Chindwara, 6th April 1858. In charge of the District of Raepore, 24th January 1859. Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class, 12th November 1859. Officiating deputy Commissioner of Chindwara, 21st December 1859. Deputy Commissioner, 3d Class, at Chindwara, 16th November 1860. Deputy Commissioner, 2d Class, Blundara, 24th January 1862. On furlough to Europe, from 14th April 1864.—11 years, 10 months, 19 days.

ROBERT DAVIDSON.

1852. Student at the College, 29th March 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 5th July 1853. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 29th August 1854. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 17th November 1854. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 30th September 1856. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 31st March 1857 to 5th January 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 25th May 1858. Acting Sub Judge, Rajahmundry, 11th January 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 9th April 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, from 16th January 1859. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George, Vizagapatam, 17th October 1859. Officiating Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George, Ganjam, 25th January 1860. Subordinate Judge, Cuddapah, 17th April 1860. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddapah, 1st February 1861. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Chittoor, 10th June 1862. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, 1st July 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Madura, from 18th July 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, from 17th September 1863. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Bellary, from 20th August 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tanjore, 27th February 1866.—13 years, 9 months, 27 days.

GEORGE VANSAGNEW.

1852. Student at the College, 26th March 1852. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 20th January 1854. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tri-

chinopoly, 19th February 1856. Acting special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 20th September 1856. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 23d December 1856. Acting Sub Judge, Combaconum, 28th January 1859. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George at Vizagapatam, 23d May 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 17th October 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery, 3d December 1859. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery, 17th April 1860. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 29th March 1861 to 26th March 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 5th April 1861. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, from 11th May 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 8th September 1863. On special leave to Europe, from 14th June to 19th November 1864. Acting Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 4th September 1866. Out of employ, October 1866.—13 years, 1 month, 23 days.

FREDERICK BERESFORD MOLONY.

1853. Student at the College, 25d April 1854. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 27th March 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 4th March 1856. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 24th February 1857. On Medical Certificate to England, from 16th December 1857 to 10th December 1858. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Cuddapah, 21st December 1858. Without employ, from 6th April 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Cuddapah, 15th November 1861. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Kistna, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Cuddapah, 11th March 1862. Sub Collector, Cuddapah, 28th March 1862. On furlough, for three years to Europe, from 14th February 1865.—10 years, 9 months, 23 days.

JOHN DALRYMPLE GOLDINGHAM.

1853. Student at the College, 8th September 1853. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 13th March 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 4th January 1856. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 5th May 1857. Officiating Sub Judge, Bellary, 26th March 1858. Officiating Sub Judge, Madura, 19th July 1861. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 25th January 1861. Sub Judge, Madura, 17th May 1861. Officiating Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, 12th July 1861. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, 1st October 1861. On special leave to Europe, from 14th June to 7th December 1862. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, 10th July 1862. On furlough for three years to Europe, from 14th August 1865.—11 years, 11 months, 5 days.

CHARLES THOMAS LONGLEY.

1853. Student at the College, 2d December 1853. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 17th July 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 4th March 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, of Salem, January 1858. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 25th June 1858. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 15th September 1858 to 21st August 1860. Officiating Sub Judge, Chicacole, 23d August 1860. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George, Vizagapatam, 5th October 1860. Principal assistant at Vizagapatam, 17th May 1861. Acting Collector and Magistrate at Ganjam, from 20th October 1862. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Chittoor, from 28th January 1864.—11 years, 28 days.

CHARLES GILBERT MASTER.

1853. Student at the College, 31st May 1854. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 31st July 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntoor, 10th May 1856. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 3d December 1859. Under-Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, 12th December 1859. Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 31st August 1860. Officiating Secretary, Board of Examiners, 12th April 1861. Secretary Board of Examiners, 19th April 1861. Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 27th August 1861. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 17th April 1862. Commissioner for the Assessment of Income Tax, 5th August 1862 and for 1864-65, 20th September 1864. Acting Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 17th February and 12th May 1865.—11 years, 10 months, 15 days.

EDWARD FREDERICK ELLIOT.

1854. Student at the College, 26th January 1854. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 17th July 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 5th September 1855. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 10th May 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 5th May 1857. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 15th April 1859. Acting Subordinate Judge, Chittoor, 22d August 1859. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Bellary, 13th December 1859. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, 21st December 1859. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, 4th December 1860. Sub Collector of Nellore, but to continue to act as Sub Collector of Madras, 21st March 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Nellore, from 20th September 1862. On furlough to Europe, from 6th March 1864.—10 years, 1 month, 10 days.

FOURTH CLASS OF 8 YEARS' STANDING.

HENRY SULLIVAN THOMAS.

1855. Student at the College, 26th June 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cauara, 3d March 1857. On Medical Certificate to the Neilgherry Hills, from 9th October 1858 to 19th July 1859. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 30th June 1859. Acting head Assistant, Madura, 10th August 1860. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 3d May 1861. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 12th July 1861. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, but to act as Sub Collector of Madras, 17th April 1862. Acting Sub Collector of Salem, from 13th June 1862 and from 2d April 1863. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 8th September 1863. Acting Collector of Sea Customs, Madras, 10th July 1866. Member of the Board of Examiners, 7th September 1866. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Ootacamund, 28th September 1866.—11 years, 4 months, 5 days.

JOHN ALEXANDER CORRIE BOSWELL.

1855. Student at the College, 28th April 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 6th May 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 20th September 1856. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort Saint George in Vizagapatam, 15th June 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 19th August 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 15th February 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 4th April 1859. Officiating Subordinate Judge, Coimbatore, 13th December 1859. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 28th January 1860 to 4th October 1863. Out of employ. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor, Vizagapatam, from 1st February 1864. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, but to continue to act as principal assistant, Vizagapatam, 8th March 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Nellore, but to continue to act as principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Vizagapatam, 7th March 1865. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Vizagapatam, 7th January 1866.—8 years, 9 months, 25 days.

WILLIAM DOWDESWELL HORSLEY.

1855. Student at the College, 27th January 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, 11th November 1856. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery, 3d December 1859. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery, 7th March 1860. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, but to continue to act as head assistant at Godavery, 11th March 1862. Head assistant of Kurnool, but to continue to act as head assistant at Godavery, 28th March 1862. Acting Sub Collector, Kistna, 11th April 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Kistna District, 2d May 1862. Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of the Kistna District, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Magistrate of that District, 12th December 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Godavery District, 6th October 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, from 31st December 1862. On special leave, from 16th March to 6th July 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magis-

trate of Cuddapah, 10th January 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddapah, from 18th June to 10th August 1866. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Cuddapah, from 10th October 1866.—11 years, 9 months, 5 days.

GEORGE ROBINSON SHARPE.

1855. Student at the College, 15th November 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 20th May 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 13th January 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 16th June 1857. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 9th April 1859. Acting Subordinate Judge, Calicut, 19th August 1859. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Tellicherry, from 1st July 1862. On special leave to Europe, from 14th April to 19th October 1864. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Calicut, 25th July 1866.—10 years, 5 months, 18 days.

FRANCIS MARTIN KINDERSLEY.

1855. Student at the College, 2d December 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 13th January 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 15th March 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 15th March 1860. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tinnevely, 29th December 1860. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Tinnevely, from 19th September 1863. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Tanjore, from 30th January 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tanjore, but to continue to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Coimbatore, 7th July 1865. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Coimbatore, 24th July 1866.—10 years, 10 months, 30 days.

FRANCIS CULLING CARR.

1855. Student at the College, 29th December 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 6th January 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 18th June 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 13th April 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 22d August 1859. Officiating Subordinate Judge, Salem, 30th December 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Salem, 17th August 1860. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 30th April 1861. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, from 4th July 1862. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, 10th January 1863. On furlough for three years to Europe, 21st August 1866.—10 years, 10 months, 3 days.

ATHOLL MacGREGOR.

1855. Student at the College, 29th December 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 3d March 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 9th April 1859. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 19th August 1860. Acting Sub Collector, Malabar, from 1st January 1861. On furlough to Europe, from 28th March 1863 to 21st Nov. 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 10th January 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 15th January 1865. Sub Collector of Nellore, but to continue to act as Sub Collector of Tinnevely, 22d December 1865. Principal assistant Collector and Agent, Ganjam, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 16th April 1866. Sub Collector, Tinnevely, 24th July 1866. Acting Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 25th September 1866.—9 years, 2 months, 5 days.

JOHN WILLIAM REID.

1855. Student at the College, 30th October 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 8th July 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 24th October 1856. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 27th August 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Rajahmundry, and acting Subordinate Judge, Cuddapah, 9th April 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery, 3d December 1859. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, 18th April 1860. Acting Sub Collector, Bellary, 2d September 1861, 13th May and 15th August 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Bellary, 21st April 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, but to continue to act as Collector, Bellary, 1st March 1864. Sub Collector, Kistna, but to continue to act as Sub Collector of Bellary, 30th January 1866. On three years' furlough to Europe from 30th April 1866.—10 years, 6 months, 1 day.

WILLIAM SOUTHEY WHITESIDE.

1855. Student at the College, 29th December 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 3d March 1857. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 7th September 1858. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 9th April 1859. Officiating Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 25th May 1860. Officiating Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, 7th June 1861. Sub Collector of South Arcot, but to continue to act as Deputy Secretary to Government, 17th April 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, from 17th June 1862. On special leave, from 7th April to 8th August 1864. Acting Judge, Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, 28th August 1866. Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, 14th October 1866.—10 years, 10 months, 3 days.

RICHARD WELLESLEY BARLOW.

1855. Student at the College, 11th September 1855. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Guntur, 13th January 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 20th February 1858. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 25th July 1858 to 18th Sep. 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 5th October 1860. Officiating head assistant, Nellore, 3d May 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 2d November 1861. Head assistant to the Collector, North Arcot, 21st March 1862. Acting Sub Collector, North Arcot, from 13th May 1862, 25th February and 4th May 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, from 30th January 1864. On special leave, from 30th May to 28th November 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of North Arcot, 22d November 1864. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of North Arcot, 13th October 1865.—10 years, 11 months, 25 days.

WILLIAM HOBART KERR.

1856. Student at the College, 27th November 1856. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 24th December 1857. Acting Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 11th February 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 7th March 1860. Head assistant, Tanjore, 11th January 1861. Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, 12th February 1861. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 15th June 1861 to 2d June 1863. Superintendent of Coorg, 26th August 1864. On special leave to Europe, from 15th March to 14th September 1865. Superintendent of Coorg, 27th October 1865. On twelve months and twelve days' sick leave to Europe, from 5th March 1866.—7 years, 8 months, 19 days.

CHARLES GEORGE PLUMER.

1856. Student at the College, 15th March 1856. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 21st April 1857. Acting head assistant Collector, Tinnevely, 28th September 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Chingleput, 1st March 1859. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 14th November 1859 to 9th December 1861. Acting head assistant, Tanjore, from 20th January 1862. Assistant to the Collector of Madura, but to continue to act as head assistant at Tanjore, 24th December 1861. Head assistant to the Collector of Salem, but to continue to act as head assistant at Tanjore, 18th February 1862. Acting Sub Collector, Tanjore, from 25th April 1862. Head assistant to the Collector of Malabar, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Tanjore, 16th September 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, but to continue to act as Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Tanjore, 21st April 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Tanjore, 26th January 1864. Acting Judge, Small Cause Court, Vellore, 27th February 1866. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, but to continue to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Vellore, 3d March 1866. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Kistna, but to continue to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Vellore, 17th April 1866.—9 years, 6 months, 21 days.

HONBLE JAMES CHISHOLME St. CLAIR.

1856. Student at the College, 15th March 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 7th April 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 6th August 1859. Head assistant, Bellary, 25th January 1861. Acting Sub Collector, Coimbatore, from 30th June 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 15th September 1861. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Nellore, 17th April 1866.—9 years, 7 months, 17 days.

OCTAVIUS BUTLER IRVINE.

1856. Student at the College, 29th March 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 15th June 1858. Officiating head assistant, Coimbatore, 30th April 1861. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 13th December 1861. On sick leave to Europe, from 28th June 1862 to 27th December 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 3d February 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 17th February 1865. Head assistant Collector, North Arcot, but to continue to act as head assistant Collector, South Arcot, 7th February 1866. Head assistant Collector, South Arcot, 15th April 1866. Acting Sub Collector, South Arcot, 1st June 1866. Sub Collector, Bellary, but to continue to act as Sub Collector of South Arcot, 3d July 1866. Acting Sub Collector, South Arcot, 31st August 1866. Sub Collector, South Arcot, 1st October 1866.—8 years, 1 month, 3 days.

ROBERTSON JOHN MELVILLE.

1856. Student at the College, 29th January 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 30th March 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Masulipatam, 4th March 1859. Assistant and acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 3d December 1859. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, 10th June 1862. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Chittoor, from 7th July 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, but to continue to act as Judge of the Small Cause Court at Chittoor, 12th December 1862. Acting Judge of the Small Cause Court, Chittoor, from 23d January to 23d April 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery, from 21st May 1863. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Chittoor, from 28th September 1863. Officiating Director of Revenue Settlement, 7th January 1864. Principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent, Ganjam, but to continue to act as Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 24th July 1866.—9 years, 9 months, 3 days.

ARTHUR ROBERT HUTCHINS.

1857. Student at the College, 13th December 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 31st August 1858. On Medical Certificate to England, from 13th October 1859 to 26th January 1861. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 12th July 1861. Acting head assistant, Tanjore, from 6th September 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, but to continue to act as Head assistant of Tanjore, 26th January 1864. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, from 29th February to 21st March 1864. Acting head assistant, Tanjore, 15th March 1864. Acting Sub Collector, South Arcot, from 7th April to 14th June 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madura, from 22d June 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of the Kistna District, from 15th March 1865. Acting Sub Collector, Tanjore, 27th February 1866. Head assistant to the Collector and Joint Magistrate of South Arcot, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Tanjore, 3d July 1866. Sub Collector, Tanjore, 24th July 1866.—8 years, 7 months, 5 days.

JOHN HENRY GARSTIN.

1857. Student at the College, 1st December 1857. On private affairs to Calcutta for six months, 29th January 1859. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 29th July 1859. Officiating head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 7th March 1860. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 10th August 1860. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, from 7th March to 11th August 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Malabar, from 20th August 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, but to continue to act as Sub Collector of that District, 1st March and 16th December 1864. Head assistant, Coimbatore, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Malabar, 22d December 1865. Acting Sub Collector, Malabar, 3d January 1866. Private Secretary to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, 27th March 1866.—8 years, 11 months.

WILLIAM McQUIHAE.

1857. Student at the College, 4th December 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 31st August 1858. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 6th August 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 25th January 1861. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 28th March 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Coimbatore, 11th October 1864. Acting Sub Collector, Coimbatore, 6th January 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Salem, 27th February 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Coimbatore, 27th March 1866. Acting Sub Secretary, Board of Revenue, 1st June 1866. Sub Collector, Coimbatore, 28th August 1866.—8 years, 11 months.

JOHN ROBERT ARBUTHNOTT.

1857. Student at the College, 13th December 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 6th May 1862. Officiating head assistant, Kurnool, 12th February 1861. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 23d May 1862. Acting Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, from 29th August to 17th September 1863. On furlough to Europe, from 15th March 1865 to 23d July 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Malabar, 31st July 1866. Head assistant Collector, Tinnevely, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Malabar, 31st August 1866. Sub Collector, Bellary, but to continue to act as Sub Collector, Malabar, 14th September 1866. Sub Collector, Madura, 9th October 1866.—7 years, 6 months, 10 days.

GEORGE DOWNTON LEMAN.

1857. Student at the College, 1st December 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 11th January 1859. On Medical Certificate for three months, 1st February 1861. Officiating head assistant, North Arcot, 12th April 1861. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 28th September 1861 to 27th March 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 7th May 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, from 19th Jan. to 8th April 1864. Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor in Ganjam, from 9th May 1864. Acting principal assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent at Ganjam, 7th March 1865.—8 years, 2 months.

ALEXANDER M'CALLUM WEBSTER.

1857. Student at the College, 26th December 1857. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 1st February 1859. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 15th December 1859. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 7th March 1860. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Canara, 10th August 1860. Head assistant of South Canara, from 15th May 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, 26th May and 1st August 1865. On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe, from 1st February 1866.—8 years, 10 months, 6 days.

EDMUND FORSTER WEBSTER, (*Barrister at Law.*)

1857. Student at the College, 24th January 1858. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 6th May 1859. Head assistant, Tanjore, 15th February 1861. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 14th July 1861 to 14th June 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 10th February 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, from 5th July 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 6th December 1864. Head assistant of the Kistna District, but to continue to act as head assistant of Cuddapah, 10th January 1865. Head assistant of Kurnool, but to continue to act as head assistant of Cuddapah, 14th February 1865. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Bellary, 21st February 1865. Acting Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 4th April 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 6th June 1865. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Godavery District, 23d June 1865.—6 years, 10 months, 6 days.

JOHN CHILD HANNYNGTON.

1857. Student at the College, 8th November 1857. On leave to Bengal for six months, from 9th April 1859. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 28th September 1859. Officiating head assistant, Malabar, 12th February 1861. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, but to continue to act as head assistant of Malabar, 31st March 1863. Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 20th October 1863. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Tellicherry, 24th July 1866.—8 years, 11 months, 23 days.

PHILLIP PERCIVAL HUTCHINS.

1858. Student at the College, 27th February 1858. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 29th July 1859. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 10th August 1860. Acting Deputy Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, from 14th May 1862. Acting Deputy Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, from 7th November 1862. Acting Secretary to the Board of Examiners, from 4th May 1863. Acting Deputy Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, 3d June 1863. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Chittoor, from 2d September to 28th September 1863. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, from 7th October 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, and acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, from 20th January to 12th April 1864. Acting Registrar on the Appellate side of the High Court, from 12th April 1864. Registrar on the Appellate side of the High Court, 28th March 1865.—8 years, 8 months, 2 days.

WILLIAM FREDERICK HATHAWAY.

1858. Student at the College, 20th June 1858. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 6th August 1859. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 7th March 1860. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 16th September 1862. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras, from 12th April to 23d May 1864. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, North Arcot, from 30th May 1864. On furlough to Europe, from 15th July 1865.—7 years, 23 days.

FIFTH CLASS OF 4 YEARS' STANDING.

CHARLES GRANT WALKER, B.A.

1860. Student at the College, from 25th October 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 21st May 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, from 10th July 1862. Under-Secretary to Government under the Chief Secretary, 1st July 1864. Acting head assistant of Malabar, 3d November 1864. Secretary to the Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examination, 18th February 1865. On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe from 15th April 1866.—6 years, 7 days.

ARTHUR COKE BURNELL.

1860. Student at the College, from 7th October 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, from 16th November 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 8th March 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 18th October 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 16th December 1864. Head assistant Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, but to continue to act as head assistant at Malabar, 13th October 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 22d December 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 3d January 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, 3d July 1866.—6 years, 25 days.

JAMES GROSE, B.A.

1860. Student at the College, from 7th October 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 12th July 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, from 9th May 1862. Acting Under-Secretary to Government in the Revenue Department, from 24th February 1863. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, but to continue to act as Under-Secretary to Government, 21st March 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, but to continue to act as Under-Secretary to Government, 11th April 1865. Acting Under-Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, from 13th May 1865. Under-Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, 14th April 1866.—6 years, 25 days.

WILLIAM WILSON, M.A.

1860. Student at the College, from 25th October 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 12th July 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 27th September 1862. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna, 21st March 1865. Deputy Director Revenue Settlement, for a period of six months, 20th December 1865. Acting Sub Collector, Kistna District, 10th April 1866.—6 years, 7 days.

WILLIAM SHRUBSOLE FOSTER, B.A.

1860. Student at the College, from 10th December 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, from 28th November 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 8th March 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 8th March 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 18th October 1864. Head assistant of Tanjore, but to continue to act as head assistant at Coimbatore, 7th July 1865. Head assistant Collector, Coimbatore, 3d January 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Bellary, 20th March and 9th October 1866.—4 years, 10 months, 22 days.

JOSEPH EVANS ARMSTRONG, B.A.

1860. Student at the College, from 12th November 1860. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 12th July 1861. Acting head assistant to the Collector

and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 21st August 1862. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, from 9th March 1863. On twenty-one months' sick leave to Europe, from 4th March 1863.—5 years, 3 months, 22 days.

JAMES HENRY NELSON, M.A.

1861. Student at the College, from 25th January 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, from 29th March 1863. Acting head assistant, Madura, 29th September 1863. Acting head assistant, Madura, 10th February 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, but to continue to act as head assistant at Madura, 16th June 1865. Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Madura, 7th July 1865. Acting head assistant, Madura, 14th November 1865. Acting Judge, Court of Small Causes, Madura, 23d February 1866. Head assistant Collector of Trichinopoly, but to continue to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, 16th April 1866.—4 years, 9 months, 7 days.

PHILIP LYDDON ROBERTS.

1862. Student at the College, 8th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, from 20th August 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 4th May 1865. Acting head assistant Collector, Cuddapah, 16th January 1866. Head assistant, Kurnool, but to continue to act as Head assistant, Cuddapah, 20th March 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Cuddapah, 3d July 1866. Head assistant Collector, Cuddapah, 31st August 1866. Acting Sub Collector, Cuddapah, 9th October 1866.—3 years, 10 months, 24 days.

JAMES BURN PENNINGTON, B.L.

1862. Student at the College, 26th November 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, from 11th May 1863. Acting head assistant, Nellore, 8th March 1864. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, but to continue to act as head assistant, Nellore, 10th April 1866. Head assistant, Nellore, 31st August 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, of Tinnevely, 9th October 1866.—3 years, 11 months, 5 days.

FRANCIS HENRY WOODROFFE, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, 14th January 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras, from 2d May 1863. Acting Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor at Vizagapatam, from 24th April 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent of Vizagapatam, 16th December 1864. On twenty-one months' sick leave to Europe, from 15th March 1865.—3 years, 10 months, 5 days.

JAMES HOPE, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 7th November 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, from 19th May 1863. Services placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kalladghee, 2d December 1864. Third assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, but to continue to act as Second assistant Collector and Magistrate of Kalladghee, 31st January 1866. Second assistant Collector and Magistrate of Kalladghee, 3d April 1866. Acting First assistant Collector and Magistrate of Dharwar, 4th May 1866.—3 years, 11 months, 24 days.

JOHN READ DANIEL.

1862. Student at the College, from 27th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, from 1st June 1863. Services placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Canara, 25th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Dharwar, 21st December 1864. Supernumerary 3d assistant at Dharwar, 25th January 1865. Acting assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Dharwar, 21st November 1865. Assistant Judge and Sessions Judge of Dharwar, 3d April 1866.—3 years, 10 months, 5 days.

HENRY JOHN STOKES, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 8th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Salem, 9th October 1863. Services placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay. Supernumerary 3d assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Belgaum, 9th September 1865. Acting Second assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Dharwar, 28th February 1866. Second Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Surat, but to continue to act as second assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Dharwar, 3d April 1866. Acting Second assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Belgaum, 14th September 1866.—3 years, 7 months, 24 days.

FRANCIS BRANDT.

1862. Student at the College, from 7th October 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of the Kistna District, from 8th June 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 18th October 1864. Acting special assistant, Cuddapah, from 1st November 1864. Acting head assistant, Kurnool, from 1st March 1865. Acting Under-Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, from 19th April 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 23d June 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, but to continue to act as head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 17th April 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Coimbatore, 1st June 1866. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 24th July 1866. Acting Under-Secretary to Government in the Departments under the Chief Secretary, 11th September 1866.—4 years, 25 days.

WILLIAM LOGAN.

1862. Student at the College, from 26th November 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, from 19th August 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, from 7th September 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 18th October 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 3d January 1866. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 10th April 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Malabar, 3d July 1866 and 9th October 1866.—3 years, 11 months, 5 days.

JAMES WILLIAM BEST, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 8th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 19th April 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 30th June 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 7th July 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 23d February 1866. On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe, from 11th July 1866.—3 years, 10 months, 24 days.

FRANCIS RAWDON HASTINGS SHARP.

1862. Student at the College, from 27th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 20th October 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 2d March 1865.—3 years, 10 months, 5 days.

JOHN FREDERICK PRICE.

1862. Student at the College, from 25th October 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 9th October 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 18th October 1864. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 17th April 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Salem, 10th July 1866.—4 years, 7 days.

EDWARD STORR, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 8th January 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras, 12th August 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 11th April 1865. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, and acting Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 24th July 1866.—3 years, 9 months, 24 days.

WILLIAM SAMUEL LILLY, LL.B.

1862. Student at the College, from 14th January 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 9th October 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 18th October 1864. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, 24th July 1866.—3 years, 9 months, 18 days.

WILLIAM HORATIO COMYN.

1862. Student at the College, 8th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, from 4th September 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 22d March 1864. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, but to continue to act as Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 21th July 1866. Acting Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Tanjore, 23d October 1866.—3 years, 10 months, 24 days.

JEREMIAH GARNETT HORSFALL, B.L.

1862. Student at the College, from 26th November 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery, 9th August 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 12th January 1866. Acting Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent in Ganjam, 10th April 1866—3 years, 11 months, 5 days.

HENRY SEWELL, B.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 20th November 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 9th October 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 20th December 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 14th March 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 26th May 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Canara, 23d January 1866.—3 years, 11 months, 5 days.

ALEXANDER CRUICKSHANK, M.A.

1862. Student at the College, from 8th December 1862. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 9th October 1863.—3 years, 10 months, 24 days.

HUNTLY PRYSE GORDON.

1862. Student at the College, from 8th January 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, from 8th August 1863. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 20th March 1866. Acting special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 24th July 1866. Head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, but to continue to act as Special assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 14th September 1866.—3 years, 9 months, 24 days.

BOYD HORSBRUGH.

1862. Student at the College, from 14th January 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Vizagapatam, 22d January 1864. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 3d August 1866.—3 years, 9 months, 18 days.

SIXTH CLASS UNDER 4 YEARS' STANDING.

ANDREW JOHN STUART.

1863. Student at the College, from 27th October 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, but to act as Assistant Superintendent of Police in that District, 25th October 1864. Acting Senior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent in Ganjam, 25th July 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 10th April 1866.—3 years, 5 days.

HENRY EDWARD STOKES, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. On sick leave to Europe, from 13th November 1864 to 6th February 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 13th February 1866.—2 years, 7 months, 4 days.

HENRY WILLIAM BLISS, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 10th December 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 25th July 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 1st June 1866 and 18th Sept. 1866.—2 years, 10 months, 22 days.

JOSEPH CHARLES HUGHESDON.

1863. Student at the College, 9th December 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 7th March 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 18th May 1866. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 1st June 1866.—2 years, 10 months, 23 days.

GEORGE SMITH, M.A.

1863. Student at the College, 10th November 1863. On Medical Certificate to Europe, from 3d June 1865.—2 years, 6 months, 24 days.

JAMES FREDERICK SNAITH, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 28th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 14th February 1865.—2 years, 11 months, 3 days.

WILLIAM HENRY GLENNY.

1863. Student at the College, 28th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 16th May 1865.—2 years, 11 months, 3 days.

HENRY NEWMAN.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kistna District, 5th September 1865.—2 years, 9 months, 28 days.

JOHN KELSALL.

1863. Student at the College, 27th October 1863. Second Class Assistant Superintendent of Police, Coimbatore, 21st February 1865. Acting Probationary assistant Superintendent of Police, First Class, Bellary, 11th April 1865. Probationary assistant Superintendent of Police, First Class, Bellary, 2d March 1866.—3 years, 5 days.

JOHN WALLACE.

1863. Student at the College, 7th October 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 8th August 1865.—3 years, 25 days.

CHARLES STEWART CROLE.

1863. Student at the College, 9th December 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 11th April 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 3d July 1866.—2 years, 10 months, 23 days.

SAMUEL TRANT MCCARTHY.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Kurnool, 27th October 1865. On sick leave to Bangalore, from 26th July to 18th September 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Bellary, 31st July 1866.—2 years, 9 months, 28 days.

HARRY ST. AUBYN GOODRICH.

1863. Student at the College, 7th October 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Ganjam, 7th July 1865. Acting Junior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent in Ganjam, 23d March 1866. Junior assistant to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent in Ganjam, 18th September 1866.—3 years, 25 days.

HERBERT WIGRAM, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 28th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 11th April 1865. Acting District Registrar of Assurances of, Chingleput District, 21st November 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery District, 13th April 1866.—2 years, 11 months, 3 days.

JOHN CAMERON, M.A.

1863. Student at the College, 10th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 11th April 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 3d July and 9th October 1866.—2 years, 11 months, 21 days.

JAMES DUNNING BAKER GRIBBLE.

1863. Student at the College, 5th January 1864. Assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Class, Salem, 21st February 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 10th November 1865. Acting assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Class, Vizagapatam, 13th July 1866. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 27th July 1866.—2 years, 9 months, 27 days.

GEORGE ARTHUR PARKER.

1863. Student at the College, 9th December 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 9th May 1865.—2 years, 10 months, 23 days.

FRANCIS HENRY WILKINSON.

1862. Student at the College, 10th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Coimbatore, 3d February 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 10th July 1866.—2 years, 11 months, 21 days.

WILLIAM FRANCIS GRAHAME, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. On sick leave to Europe, from 14th January 1865 to 6th April 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery District, 16th October 1866.—2 years, 7 months, 4 days.

ALLEN LINDSAY LISTER.

1863. Student at the College, 28th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 27th October 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, 13th April 1866.—2 years, 11 months, 3 days.

GEORGE DUNCAN IRVINE.

1863. Student at the College, 27th October 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 2d May 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 18th May 1866.—3 years, 5 days.

CHARLES WILLIAM WALL MARTIN.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Nellore, 5th September 1865. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 27th July 1866.—2 years, 9 months, 28 days.

GEORGE McWATTERS, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 4th January 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Trichinopoly, 7th November 1865. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 24th July 1866.—2 years, 9 months, 28 days.

NORTON AYLMER ROUPELL, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 4th February 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Canara, 5th September 1865.—2 years, 8 months, 24 days.

JOHN BROWNRIGG SPEDDING, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 10th December 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 8th August 1865.—2 years, 10 months, 22 days.

CHARLES ARTHUR GALTON, B.A.

1863. Student at the College, 10th November 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tanjore, 1st August 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Canara, 18th May 1866. Acting head assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 26th October 1866.—2 years, 11 months, 21 days.

CHARLES JOHN CROSTHWAITE.

1863. Student at the College, 27th October 1863. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Tinnevely, 2d May 1865.—3 years, 5 days.

WILLIAM ALEXANDER HAPPELL.

1864. Student at the College, 25th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Godavery District, 7th November 1865.—1 year, 11 months, 6 days.

JOHN STURROCK.

1864. Student at the College, 20th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Canara, 23d January 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 11 days.

DAVID BUICK, B.A.

1864. Student at the College, 25th October 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 27th October 1865.—2 years, 7 days.

HENRY GRIBBLE TURNER.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Vizagapatam, 13th April 1866. Acting assistant Superintendent of Police, Second Class, Vizagapatam, 13th July 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

CHARLES AUGUSTUS BIRD.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November, 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tanjore, 18th May 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

LORNE AUGUSTUS CAMPBELL.

1864. Student at the College, 30th December 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 13th April 1866.—1 year, 10 months, 2 days.

HENRY WILLIAM WELLESLEY.

1864. Student at the College, 20th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 13th April 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 11 days.

HENRY BIDEWELL GRIGG, B.A.

1864. Student at the College, 8th January 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Ganjam, 13th April 1866.—1 year, 9 months, 24 days.

THOMAS VONDONOP HARDINGE, B.A.

1864. Student at the College, 25th October 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Bellary, 7th November 1865.—2 years, 7 days.

WARE PLUMPTRE AUSTIN.

1864. Student at the College, 28th December 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 13th April 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 16th October 1866.—1 year, 10 months, 4 days.

HERBERT FREDERICK CLOGSTOUN.

1864. Student at the College, 25th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 17th January 1866. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 27th July 1866. On Sick leave from 1st August to 31st October 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 6 days.

GEORGE KENNAWAY CHAMBERLAIN.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 15th April 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

CHARLES JEFFREY KNOX.

1864. Student at the College, 28th February 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 13th April 1866.—1 year, 8 months, 1 day.

JOHN LEE WARNER.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 13th April 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 20th April 1866. Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, St. Thomas' Mount, 21st September 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

LEONARD ROBERT BURROWS, B.A.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madura, 7th November 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Madura, 7th November 1865.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

EDWARD TURNER.

1864. Student at the College, 20th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 13th April 1866. On two months' sick leave to Bangalore, from 26th July to 20th September 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 11 days.

ROBERT RICE, B.A.

1864. Student at the College, 23rd December 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 12th January 1866. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, South Arcot, 6th April 1866.—1 year, 10 months, 4 days.

EDWARD NOEL OVERBURY.

1864. Student at the College, 25th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 7th November 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Malabar, 7th November 1865. Acting assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 27th July 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 6 days.

FRANCIS EDWARD HALL.

1864. Student at the College, 7th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, North Arcot, 7th November 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of South Arcot, 7th November 1865.—1 year, 11 months, 24 days.

EDWARD GIBSON.

1864. Student at the College, 25th November 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Cuddapah, 23d January 1866.—1 year, 11 months, 6 days.

ARTHUR JOHNSTON BREEKS ATKINSON.

1864. Student at the College, 13th October 1864. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate, Madras District, 6th March 1866.—2 years, 19 days.

JOSEPH BIRDSALL JONES.

1865. Student at the College, 14th February 1866.—8 months, 15 days.

ARUNDELL TAGG, B.A.

1865. Student at the College, 18th November 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 24th July 1866.—11 months, 13 days.

WILLIAM JOSEPH HENRY LEFANU.

1865. Student at the College, 28th October 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 16th October 1866.—1 year, 4 days.

EDWIN LANGFORD PEARSE.

1865. Student at the College, 6th November 1865. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Vizagapatam, 16th October 1866.—11 months, 25 day.

CHARLES DONALD MACLEAN, B.A.

1865. Student at the College, 19th December 1865. Acting Inspector of Schools, Second Division, 9th October 1866.—10 months, 13 days.

THE

Civil Service List,

CORRECTED

TO THE

31ST DECEMBER 1866.

COUNCIL OF FORT SAINT GEORGE.

The Right Honorable FRANCIS BARON NAPIER, K. T. Governor and President in Council—took his seat 27th March 1866.
 Lieutenant General SIR JOHN GASPARD LE MARCHANT, K.C.B., G.C.M.G. Commander-in-Chief and Second in Council—took his seat 25th May 1865.
 1 The Honorable Sir THOMAS PYCROFT, K.C.S.I. Third in Council—took his seat 29th October 1862.
 2 The Honorable HENRY DOMINIO PHILLIPS Fourth in Council—took his seat 16th December 1864.

COUNCIL FOR MAKING LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

The Right Honorable FRANCIS, BARON NAPIER, K.T. President.
 Official Members.

	Date of Appointment.
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief, Sir JOHN GASPARD LE MARCHANT, K.C.B., G.C.M.G.	1865.
1 The Honorable Sir THOMAS PYCROFT, K.C.S.I.	25th May 1865.
2 " HENRY DOMINIO PHILLIPS 16th December 1864.	1862.
25 " CHARLES PELLY 30th January 1866.	1864.
41 " ALEXANDER JOHN ARBUTHNOT 16th November 1866.	1866.
" ROBERT STAUNTON ELLIS, C. B. 16th do.	1866.
" JOHN DAWSON MAYNE 7th March 1866.	1866.

Non-Official Members.

The Honorable ALEXANDER FORRESTER BROWN	17th November 1865.
" JOHN YOUNG	8th May 1866.
" SIR SHAH-UL-OMRAH BAHADOOR, K.C.S.I.	17th do. 1865.
" GAJALA LUTCHMENARU CHETTIARU, C.S.I.	30th January 1866.

SECRETARIAT.

25 ALEXANDER JOHN ARBUTHNOT	Chief Secretary.
102 CHARLES GRANT WALKER	Under Secretary to the Departments under the Chief Secretary (absent.)
115 FRANCIS BRANT	Acting do.
JOHN DAWSON MAYNE	Assistant Secretary Legislative Department (on duty.)
PATRICK O'SULLIVAN	Acting do.
28 JAMES DUNCAN SIM	Secretary, Revenue Department.
104 JAMES GROSE	Under Secretary do.
Major General HUBERT MARSHALL	Secretary to Government, Military Department.
Colonel RICHARD HAMILTON	Deputy Secretary do.
Colonel CHARLES ALEXANDER ORR, R. E.	Secretary, Public Works Department.
Major JOHN HERON MAXWELL-SHAW STEWART, R. E.	Under Secretary do.
93 JOHN HENRY GAUSTIN	Private Secretary to the Right Honorable the Governor

LIST OF HER MAJESTY'S COVENANTED CIVIL SERVANTS ON THE MADRAS ESTABLISHMENT,

Corrected up to the 31st December 1866.

The Rank of Civil Servants commences from the date of arrival at Madras of the first Civil Servant appointed in Europe, of the same season of which they are Civil Servants; and, being thus determined, all Civil Servants belong, during the first four years, to Class VI;—from the fifth to the end of the eighth year, to Class V;—from the ninth to the end of the twelfth year, to Class IV;—from the thirteenth to the end of the twentieth year, to Class III;—from the twenty-first to the end of the thirty-fifth year, to Class II;—and from and after the thirty-fifth year, to Class I.

The letters A, B, C, D, prefixed to the names denote respectively that the parties have not passed either of the two Standards of Qualification; that the first or lower Standard has been passed; that the Servant is entitled to Purlough, and that he cannot take Special leave.

M prefixed to a name denotes that the Servant though not having passed by the 2nd Standard, nor holding an appointment superior to that of Assistant is invested permanently with the full powers of a Magistrate.

Column 2, Capitals distinguish high proficiency. Column 7, Absence shown in italics counts as Residence to the extent of one year.

FIRST CLASS OF 35 YEARS' STANDING.

Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment	Com-mencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
Per. Tam.	Sir Thomas Pycroft, K.C.S.I.	1828	28 Apr. 29	11 Aug. 29	13 Feb. 40 to 4 Feb. 43	Y. M. D. 31 5 1	16 May 61	R. A. P. 5,333 6 4	Member of Council and President of the Board of Revenue, 29th Oct. 1862.—MADRAS.
Per. Tel.	Henry Dominic Phillips.....	1829	22 Apr. 30	17 Sep. 30	18 Nov. 53 to 25 Oct. 56	31 4 6	3 July 65	5,333 6 4	Member of Council, 10th Dec. 1864—President of the Board of Examiners, 11th January 1869.—MADRAS.

FIRST CLASS OF 35 YEARS' STANDING.—(Continued.)

No.	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Season of Appointment	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence on 31st Dec. 1865.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.
3	Tel. Sans.	Charles Pelly.....	1830	6 July 31	14 Jan. 32	24 Dec. 44 to 4 Feb. 48	Y. M. D. 31 10 6	25 July 66	RS. A. P. 4,000 0 0	Member of the Board of Revenue, 15th April 1859.—Member of the Board of Examiners, 20th Jan. 1860.—Addl. Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations, 30th Jan. 1865.—Director of the Bank of Madras, 28th March 1862.—Commissioner for the Unconquered C. S. Examinations, 21st Nov. 1863.—Permitted to retire on the 15th January 1867 G. O., 12th Nov. 1866, No. 3065, Rev. Dept.—One month's privilege leave, 11th Dec. 1866.—MADRAS.
SECOND CLASS OF 20 YEARS' STANDING.										
4	Tam. Hin.	Harry Augustus Brett.....	1831	4 Jan. 32	5 July 32	14 Feb. 46 to 24 Feb. 49 16 Nov. 58 to 23 April 60	31 0 8	2 June 52	3,408 5 4	Member of the Bd. of Rev., 21st March 1862.—MADRAS.
5	Taxi. } Tel. Hin. }	Thomas Clarke.....	1833	15 Jan. 34	8 Sep. 34	11 Oct. 56 to 12 Sep. 58	31 4 20	11 July 54	3,016 10 8	Member of the Board of Rev. 28th Feb. 1860.—Member of the Board of Examiners & of the Central Committee for the Examination of Assis., 10th Feb. 1863.—MADRAS.
6	Taxi. Hin.	Henry David Cook.....	1835	26 June 35	28 Dec. 35	5 Feb. 48 to 30 Dec. 50	28 1 10	28 Dec. 55	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Coimbatore, 3rd July 1866.—COIMBATORE.
7	Tam. Hin.	Charles William Reade.....	.....	26 June 35	26 May 36	26 Dec. 48 to 27 Jan. 52	27 6 3	"	2,420 13 4	Colr. & Mag., South Arcot, 4th Feb. 1862.—CUDDALORE.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—2D CLASS.											87
8	Tam. Hin.	Robert Holland Cotton.....	1836	18 Jan. 37	14 July 37	27 Feb. 53 to 28 Feb. 56 6 Mar. 64 to 10 Oct. 65	22 Feb. 57	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Madras, 24th June 1859.—MADRAS.		
9	Tel. Hin.	Gordon Sullivan Forbes.....	1838	22 June 38	13 Dec. 38	14 Feb. 49 to 28 Mar. 52 27 Sep. 56 to 23 Jan. 58 28 Oct. 64 to 9th Jan. 66.	2 Aug. 58	2,937 8 0	Colr. & Magr. and Agent to the Govr. of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 5th July 1858.—CHETTENORE.		
10	Tam. Hin.	Franklyn Lushington.....	.....	22 June	11 Nov. 38	1 Feb. 48 to 29 Nov. 45 14 May 62 to 24 May 64	"	3,000 0 0	Accountant General, Madras, 1st May 1863.—Director of the Incorporated Bank of Madras, 26th May 1864.—MADRAS.		
1	Tel. Tam.	Richard Gwatkin Clarke.....	1839	3 Jan. 39	1 Aug. 39	30 Dec. 54 to 25 Oct. 57 28 May 61 to 2 June 63	1 Aug. 59	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Tranquebar, 19th July 1860.—TRANQUEBAR.		
2	Tel. Hin.	George Henry Ellis.....	.....	9 Jan. 39	29 Aug. 39	9 Apr. 51 to 4 Apr. 54 24 4 7	"	8,750 0 0	Civil and Session Judge of Cuddalore, 5th March 1859.—Actg. Judge of the High Court of Judicature, Madras, 20 October 1866.—MADRAS.		
3	Tel. Hin.	Edward George Robert Fane.....	.....	9 Jan. 39	29 Aug. 39	10 May 55 to 7 Nov. 58 14 May 62 to 22 May 64	"	2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of the Madras Dist., 18th March 1864.—Two months' Privilege leave from 6th Nov. 1865.—MADRAS.		
4	Tam. Hin.	Vere Henry Lovings.....	.....	7 Aug. 39	28 Feb. 40	8 Aug. 51 to 10 Aug. 54 23 9 29	"	2,420 13 4	Colr. & Mag. of Madras, 28th Feb. 1860.—Three months' Privilege leave from 7th Jan. 1867, 4th Dec. 1865.—MADRAS.		
5	Tam. Hin.	Alexander William Phillips.....	.....	7 Aug. 39	19 Jan. 40	14 Feb. 50 to 8 Sep. 52 16 June 62 to 15 Oct. 63	"	2,000 0 0	Civil and Session Judge of Ootacamund, 4th Dec. 1865.—OOTACAMUND.		
6	TEL. HIN.	Henry Newill.....	1840	15 Jan. 40	1 Aug. 40	8 Mar. 51 to 22 Feb. 54 15 Mar. 62 to 3 Jan. 64	17 July 60	2,800 0 0	Resident in Travancore and Cochin, 10th March 1865.—THEVANDRUM.		
7	TEL. HIN.	George Noble Taylor.....		15 Jan. 40	17 July 40	13 Oct. 45 to 1 Jan. 49 23 2 25	"	6,665 10 8	Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, 10th Mar. 1865.—SIMLA.		

SECOND CLASS OF 20 YEARS' STANDING.—(Continued.)

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COVENANTED SERVANTS—2D CLASS.

PART II.

No.	Language.	Names.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence on date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.
18	Tel. Can.	James Fraser.....	.....	15 Jan. 40	13 Aug. 40	14 Feb. 57 to 20 Dec. 58 21 Oct. 61 to 23 Jan. 62	Y. M. D. 25 3 14	Rs. A. P. 60 2,420 13 4	Collr. and Mag. of the Godavery District, 10th March 1865.
CD 19	Tel. Can.	James Douglas Robinson.....	.....	15 Jan. 40	15 Sep. 40	21 Feb. 48 to 13 Feb. 52 15 Feb. 62 to 8 Dec. 63	21 6 3	2,420 13 4	Collector and Mag. of North Arcot, 21st June 1861.—CHITTOOR.
G 20	Tel. Tam.	William Molle Cadell.....	.....	31 July 40	24 Dec. 40	5 Feb. 47 to 30 Jan. 50 10 May 50 to 11 Dec. 51 1 Mar. 62 to 27 May 63	21 2 14	2,420 13 4	Collector & Magistrate of South Canara, 17th March 1865.—MANGALORE.
GD 21	Tel. Hin.	William Hodgson.....	.....	31 July 40	16 Jan. 41	20 Feb. 44 to 2 Mar. 48 10 July 48 to 21 July 51 15 Sep. 55 to 29 Oct. 57	17 9 4	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Guntoor, 10th January 1865.—GUNTTOOR.
22	Tel. Can.	Honorable David Arbuthnot	1811	20 Jan. 41	7 July 41	28 Feb. 60 to 8 Feb. 62	24 6 15	2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 21st March 1862.—SALEM.
23	Tel. Hin.	Andrew Wedderburn.....	.....	28 July 41	2 Apr. 42	14 Feb. 47 to 3 Jan. 48 14 Feb. 57 to 7 Feb. 60 28 Feb. 61 to 22 June 65	20 6 25	2,420 13 4	Collr. and Magistrate of Bellary, 24th April 1866.—BELLARY.
24	Tel. Can.	James Law Lushington.....	.....	28 July 41	24 Dec. 41	12 Apr. 61 to 7 Jan. 63	24 3 12	3,000 0 0	Accountant General, Bombay, 27th Feb 1865.—Gazette of India.—BOMBAY.
G 25	Tel. Hin. } Mal.	Alexander John Arbuthnot.	1842	1 Feb. 42	21 Sep. 42	.....	24 3 10	4,166 10 8	Chief Secy. to Govt. 29th Oct. 1862.— Additional Member of the Council of Fort St. George for making Laws and Regulations, 18th Nov. 1864.— Provisional Member of Council, 27th Nov. 1866.—MADRAS.
26	Tel. Hin.	James Wm. Ballantine Dykes.....		1 Feb. 42	28 July 42	14 Aug. 52 to 9 Feb. 57	19 11 7	2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of Nellore, 17th April 1860.

CIVIL.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—2D CLASS.

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No.	Language.	Names.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence on date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.
27	Tel. Hin. } Tam.	Edward Wheeler Bird.....	.....	1 Feb. 42	19 June 42	10 July 46 to 1 May 47 28 March 66.	19 June 62	833 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Tanjore, 17th April 1862 and 17th Mar. 1863.—Fy- teen months sick leave to Europe, 27th February 1866.
28	Tel. Hin.	James Duncan Sim.....	.....	1 Feb. 42	21 Sep. 42	23 Sep. 44 to 31 Dec. 48 14 May 65 to 28 Nov. 65	3,333 5 4	3,333 5 4	Secretary to Government in the Revenue Dept., 5th April 1861.—MADRAS.
29	Tel. Hin.	William Robinson, C.S.I.....	.....	1 Feb. 42	21 Sep. 42	13 Nov. 52 to 1 Dec. 55	21 2 21	2,500 0 0	Inspector of Mad. Police, 18th May 1858.—MADRAS.
30	Tel. Hin.	Patrick Grant.....	.....	1 Feb. 42	21 Sep. 42	11 Oct. 53 to 16 Dec. 56	21 1 3	2,420 13 4	Collector and Mag. of Coimbatore, 17th April 1862.—COIMBATORE.—Three months, privilege leave from 9th Oct. 1866.
31	Tel. Tam.	George Thornhill.....	.....	27 July 42	7 Apr. 43	21 May 53 to 12 Nov. 56 14 Sep. 62 to 10 Dec. 63	20 0 4	2,420 13 4	Collr. & Mag. of Nistna District, 10th Jan. 1862
32	Tel. Tam.	Moreton John Walhouse.....	1843	30 Dec. 42	11 June 43	29 Apr. 59 to 11 Apr. 62	20 7 7	11 June 63	Civil and Session Judge, Mangalore, 11th Dec. 1863.—MANGALORE.
33	Tel. Tam.	Aeneas Ranald McDonnell.....	.....	5 July 43	19 Nov. 43	11 Oct. 41 to 2 Jan. 46 28 Feb. to 27 Nov. 63.	21 10 19	2,333 5 4	Civil Session Judge of Trichinopoly, 30th January 1866.—TRICHINOPOLY.
34	Tel. Tam.	Charles Frederic Chamier.....	.....	21 July 43	23 Dec. 43	14 Apr. 61 to 9 Dec. 65	22 4 13	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Salem, 21st March 1865.—SALEM.
35	Tel. Tam.	Lewis Charles Innes.....	1844	16 Feb. 44	10 Aug. 44	10 July 49 to 13 June 52	19 5 17	14 Feb. 61	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, 21st March 1865.—MADRAS.
36	Tel. Tam.	Frederick Samuel Child.....	.....	28 Feb. 44	18 Sep. 44	14 Oct. 55 to 25 Oct. 57 6 May 59 to 21 Oct. 61	17 9 11	2,333 5 4	Civil & Session Judge of Tinnevely, 29th Aug. & 5th Sep. 1865.—TINNEVELLY.
37	Tel. Tam.	James Innes Minchin.....	.....	28 Dec. 48	14 Feb. 49	15 Apr. 66	22 11 16	833 5 4	Collector & Magistrate of Kurnool, 21st March 1862.—Fifteen months sick leave to Europe, 27th Mar. 1866.
38	Tel. Tam.	Augustus William Sullivan.....	.....	14 Feb. 44	23 June 44	.....	22 6 8	2,533 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Tellicherry, 9th June 1863.—JELICHERRY.

SECOND CLASS OF 20 YEARS' STANDING.—(Continued.)

COVENANTED SERVANTS—2D CLASS.

[PART II.]

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
39	Tel. Tam.	Henry George Smith.....	.....	28 Feb. 41	10 Aug. 44	11 Aug. 54 to 11 Oct. 57	19 2 20	14 Feb. 64	RS. A. P. 2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of Cuddapah, 10th January 1865.—CUDDAPAH.
40	Tel. Tam. } CAN.	Clarence Armstrong Roberts.....	.....	31 July 44	29 Dec. 44	11 Jan. 55 to 23 Jan. 58 16 Apr. 61 to 7 Dec. 62	18 3 28	"	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Chittoor, 29th September 1863.—CHITTOOR.
41	Tel. Tam.	Robert Staunton Ellis, C. N.....	.....	31 July 44	17 Nov. 44	14 Oct. 48 to 25 Sep. 51 9 May 58 to 6 Nov. 59 9 MAY 65, to 5 MAY 66	17 8 5	"	3,000 0 0	Sanitary Commissioner, 10th April 1866.—Additional Member of the Council of Fort St. George, for making Laws and Regulations, 18th Nov. 1864.—MADRAS.
42	Tel. Tam.	Edward Bromley Poord.....	.....	31 July 44	29 Dec. 44	27 Nov. 56 to 23 Nov. 59 24 June 61 to 10 April 62	19 0 6	"	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Berhampore, 13th Oct. 1865.—BERHAMPORE.
43	Tel. Tam.	Charles Collett.....	1845	19 Feb. 45	30 Apr. 45	27 Sep. 56 to 11 Oct. 57 28 Mar. 59 to 22 Apr. 61 5 Jan. 63 to 30 April 63	18 6 20	30 Apr. 65	3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, 10th April 1866.—MADRAS.
44	Tel. Tam. } CAN.	George Alexander Ballard.....	.....	25 Feb. 45	1 Aug. 45	28 Dec. 55 to 7 Nov. 57 9 May 60 to 25th Dec. 6	17 11 1	"	2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate, Malabar, 17th April 1862.—CALCUTTA.
45	Tel. Tam.	Robert Edward Master.....	.....	25 Feb. 45	18 Sep. 45	15 Mar. 56 to 7 Nov. 57	10 7 19	"	2,420 13 4	Officiating Director of Revenue Settlement, 7th February 1862.—MADRAS.
46	Tel. Tam.	William Hudleston.....	.....	25 Feb. 45	0 Sep. 45	29 Jan. 56 to 20 Sep. 57	19 8 2	"	2,000 0 0	Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 5th April 1861.—MADRAS.
47	Tel. Tam. } CAN.	William Smith Nesbitt.....	.....	6 Aug. 45	31 Jan. 46	14 Aug. 52 to 9 June 57 1st Feb. 66.	15 2 4	"	416 10 8	Two years <i>juris</i> to Eur., 16th Jan. 1866.
48	Tel. Tam.	John Hunter Blair.....		6 Aug. 45	8 Jan. 46	14 Jan. 52 to 24 Dec. 62 10 May 59 to 7 Nov. 62	16 6 18	"	2,333 5 4	Collr. of Sea Customs, 18th March 1864.—On special duty at Calcutta, C. O. 9th August 1866, No. 2,009, Revenue Department.

CIVIL.]

COVENANTED SERVANTS—3D CLASS.

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No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
49	Tel. Tam. } CAN.	George Lee Morris.....	1847	21 July 47	4 Jan. 48	30 Sep. 57 to 21 Aug. 59 15 Mar. 66 to 8 Sep. 66	2 May 59	2 May 59	2,420 13 4 250 0 0	Collector and Magistrate, and Agent at Tanjore, 17th March 1865.
50	Tel. Tam.	Charles Raymond Pelly.....	.....	21 July 47	30 Oct. 47	10 June 55 to 18 Aug. 66 16 Sep. 63 to 9 Mar. 64	"	"	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Nellore, 10th January 1863.—NELLORE.
51	Tel. Tam.	John Robert Kindersley.....	.....	21 July 47	22 Dec. 47	3 Aug. 52 to 26 Jan. 55 5 Jan. 61 to 7 Jan. 64	"	"	2,333 5 4 550 0 0	Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 13th October 1865.—Served placed temporarily at the disposal of the Govt. of India, in the Foreign Dept., 81st Aug. 1866.—Offg. Judicial Comr. of Mysore, 14th Sept. 1866.
52	Tel. Tam. } LIN.	John George Thompson.....	1848	26 Jan. 48	31 May 48	28 Oct. 59 to 7 Dec. 62	3 Mar. 60	3 Mar. 60	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge, Vizianapatam, 17th April 1866.—VIZIANAPATAM.
53	Tel. Tam. } LIN.	William Holloway.....	.....	21 Jan. 48	6 Jan. 49	.....	"	"	3,750 0 0	Judge of the High Court of Judicature, 5th May 1863.—MADRAS.
54	Tel. Tam.	William Thomas Blair.....	.....	14 Jan. 48	5 Apr. 48	30 Sep. 58 to 25 Sep. 60	17 9 0	"	2,500 0 0	To be Civil and Session Judge of Chingleput, but to continue to act as Inam Commissioner, 4th Dec. 1866.—MADRAS.
55	Tel. Tam.	Henry Munro Showers Greame.....	.....	13 Jan. 48	3 Mar. 48	19 May 59 to 20 Feb. 63 22 July 64	"	"	416 10 8	Thirty-three months' sick leave to Europe, 19th July 1864 and 4th May and 16th November 1866.
56	Tel. Tam.	Henry Morris.....	.....	19 July 48	4 Dec. 48	14 Mar. 59 to 24 Oct. 62	14 5 16	"	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge of Rajahmundry, 17th April 1866.—RAJAHMUNDRI.
57	Tel. Tam.	George Banbury.....	.....	19 July 48	1 Jan. 49	14 Apr. 59 to 4 Aug. 62	14 8 9	"	2,420 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of Trichinopoly, 30th January 1866.
58	Tel. Tam.	Charles Norman Pochin.....	.....	19 July 48	4 Dec. 48	13 Apr. 61 to 24 May 64	14 11 14	"	2,333 5 4 87 8 0	Civil and Session Judge of Calicut 24th July 1866.—Acting Collr. and Magistrate of Kurnool, 4th Sept. 1866.
59	Tel. Tam. } LIN.	Robert Blair Swinton.....	1849	24 Jan. 49	8 June 49	14 Feb. 57 to 23 Jan. 58 28 Jan. 64.	8 June 61	8 June 61	416 10 8	On furlough for 3 years to Eur., 8th Dec. 1863.

THIRD CLASS OF 12 YEARS' STANDING.—(Continued.)

92

COVENANTED SERVANTS—3D CLASS.

PART II,

No.	Lingual Tal. Can.	NAME.	Season of Appointment	Com- mencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual Resi- dence on 31st Dec.	Salary and Allow- ances.	APPOINTMENTS— STATIONS.
60	Tel. Tam. } Can.	James Wilkinson Brecks.....	.....	15 Aug. 49	3 Dec. 49	29 Mar. 60 to 22 Apr. 61 15 Apr. 63 to 26 Oct. 63 13 Nov. 64.	Y. M. D. 14 4 4	RS. A. R. 416 10 8	Five months Sick Leave to Europe, 8th Nov. 1861.—An extension for 12 months, 6th March and 24th August 1866.
61	Tel. Tam.	Thomas Alexander Nicholls Chase.....	1850	2 Jan. 50	2 Apr. 50	14 Apr. 60 to 11 Apr. 62	14 9 1	2 Apr. 62	Sub Collector and Joint Mag. of the Godavery District, 13th Jan. 1863.—
62	Tel. Tam. } Can.	Louis Forbes.....	.....	14 Aug. 50	31 Dec. 50	16 Apr. 61 to 8 Dec. 64.	12 4 8	2,333 5 4	Civil and Session Judge, Nundial, 14th September 1866.—NUNDIAL.
63	Tel. Tam. } Can.	Robert Anstruther Dalryell.....	.....	14 Aug. 50	31 Dec. 50	21 Feb. 65 to 27 Mar. 69	11 10 26	1,500 0 0 300 0 0 433 5 4	Sub Secretary to the Board of Revenue, 19th April 1861.—Secretary to the Board of Examiners, 23rd Jan. 1866. —Ag. Collr. of Sea Customs, Madras, 4th Oct. 1866.—MADRAS.
64	Tel. Tam. } Can.	Henry Edward Sullivan.....	.....	14 Aug. 50	20 Dec. 50	27 Feb. 61 to 25 Jan. 63	15 1 15	2,333 5 4	To be Civil and Session Judge of Cud- daph, but to continue to act as Civil and Session Judge of Bellary, 4th October 1866.
65	Tel. Tam.	John Renzie Cockerell.....	.....	14 Aug. 50	1 Dec. 50	29 Mar. 61 to 29 Dec. 64	12 3 28	1,166 10 8 433 5 4 87 8 0	Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate, Madras District, 30th January 1866. —Ag. Collr. and Mag. of the Madras District, 3d July 1866.—SYDAPET.
66	Tel. Tam.	David Freeman Carmichael	1851	31 Dec. 50	2 Mar. 51	28 Mar. 55 to 25 Oct. 56 24 June 60 to 25 Nov. 61	13 9 29	2 Mar. 63	Collector and Magistrate and Agent, Vizagapatam, 24th July 1863.—VIZAG- APATAM.

CIVIL.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—3D CLASS.

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67	Tel. Tam.	Edward Croft Greenway Thomas.....		17 Sep. 51	29 Dec. 51	12 Oct. 62 to 23 July 63 6 June to 31 Oct. 60	12 2 20	"	1,400 0 0 433 5 4	Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madras, but to continue to act as Ci- vil and Session Judge, Cuddalore, 14th Dec. 1866.—CUDDALORE.
68	Tel. Tam. } Hin.	Richard Kaye Puckle.....	.....	17 Sep. 51	29 Dec. 51	13 Nov. 60 to 3 Feb. 62	14 9 12	"	2,320 13 4	Collector and Magistrate of Tinnevely, 24th April 1866.—PALAMCOTTAH.
69	Tel. Tam. } Hin.	John Henry Master.....	1852	14 Jan. 52	26 May 52	14 April 64	11 10 19	29 Mar. 64	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Eur., 19th Dec. 1865.
70	Tel. Tam.	Robert Davidson.....	.....	14 Jan. 52	29 Mar. 52	31 Mar. 57 to 5 Jan. 59	13 11 27	"	1,400 0 0 433 5 4	Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Vellore, from 1st July 1862.—Actg. Civil and Session Judge, Tanjore, 27th February 1866.—TANJOUR.
D 71	Tel. Tam.	George Vans Agnew.....	.....	14 Jan. 52	29 Mar. 52	29 Mar. 61 to 26 Mar. 63 14 June 64 to 19 Nov. 64	13 3 28	"	1,254 2 8	Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Tanjore, 4th October 1866.
72	Tel. Tam.	Frederick Heresford Molony.	1853	27 July 53	28 Apr. 54	16 Dec. 57 to 10 Dec. 58 14 Feb. 65	10 9 23	8 Sep. 65	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Europe, 10th January 1866.
73	Tel. Tam.	John Dalrymple Goldingham	.....	27 July 53	8 Sept. 53	14 Aug. 66	11 11 5	"	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Europe, 8th May 1866.
74	Tel. Tam.	Charles Thomas Longley.....	.....	27 July 53	2 Dec. 53	15 Sep. 58 to 21 Aug. 60 7 Jan. 66.	11 0 28	"	416 10 8	Furlough for 2 years to Europe, 19th Dec. 1866.
75	Tel. Tam.	Charles Gilbert Master.....	1854	30 Dec. 53	31 May 54	15 April 66	11 10 16	26 Jan. 66	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Europe, 23rd Feb. 1866.
76	Tel. Tam.	Edward Frederick Elliott.....	.....	15 Dec. 53	26 Jan. 54	6 Mar. 64	10 1 10	"	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Europe, 5th February 1861.

FOURTH CLASS OF 8 YEARS' STANDING.

94

COVENANTED SERVANTS—4TH CLASS.

[PART II.]

No.	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
77	Tel. Tam.	Henry Sullivan Thomas.....	1855	15 Dec. 54	26 June 55	19 Oct. 58 to 20 July 59	T. D. M. 11 6 5	27 Jan. 63	Rs. A. P. 1,166 10 8 433 5 4	Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. Salem, 8th September 1863.—Acting Civil and Session Judge, Chingleput, 4th Dec. 1865.—CHINGLEPUT.
78	Tel. Tam. } Hin. }	John Alex. Corrie Boswell.....	.....	21 Dec. 54	28 Apr. 55	28 Jan. 60 to 4 Oct. 63	8 11 25	"	1,254 2 8	Prin. Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. and Agent at Vizagapatnam, 22d Dec. 1865.—NUNSRATAM.
79	Tel. Tam.	William Dowdeswell Horeley.....	.....	15 Dec. 54	27 Jan. 55	.....	11 11 5	"	1,166 10 8 433 5 4	Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Cuddapah, 10th Jan. 1865.—Acting Civil and Session Judge of Cuddapah, 25th September 1866.—CUDDAPAH.
80	Tel. Tam. } Can. }	George Robinson Sharpe.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	15 Nov. 55	14 April to 11 Oct. 64	10 7 18	"	1,400 0 0 433 5 4	Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Tellicherry, 10th June 1862.—Actg. Civil and Session Judge of Calicut, 24th July 1866.—CALICUT.
81	Tel. Tam.	Francis Martin Kindersley.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	2 Dec. 55	.....	11 0 80	"	1,400 0 0	Judge of the Court of Small Causes. Combaconum, 24th July 1866.—COMBACONUM.
82	Tel. Tam.	Francis Culling Carr.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	20 Dec. 55	7 Sep. 66	10 8 9	"	416 10 8	Three years' Furlough to Europe, 21st August 1866.
83	Tel. Tam. } Can. }	Atholl MacGregor.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	29 Dec. 55	28 Mar. 63 to 24 Nov. 64	9 4 3	"	1,166 10 8 433 5 4 87 8 0	Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Tinnevely, 24th July 1866.—Actg. Collector & Mag. of Colmbatore, 25th September 1866.—COLMBATORE.
84	Tel. Tam. } Hin. }	John William Reid.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	30 Oct. 55	30 April 66	10 6 1	"	416 10 8	Furlough for 3 years to Europe, 23rd Feb. 1866.

CIVIL.		COVENANTED SERVANTS—4TH CLASS.										95
D 85	Tel. Tam.	William Southey Whiteside.....	.....	1 Aug. 55	29 Dec. 55	.....	.....	11 0 3	"	1,400 0 0	Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Cuddalore, 14th September 1866.—CUDDALORE.	
D 86	Tel. Tam.	Richard Wellesley Barlow.....	.....	6 July 55	11 Sept. 55	25 July 58 to 18 Sep. 60	10 1 25	"	1,254 2 8	Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of North Arcot, 13th October 1865.—VELLORE.		
D 87	Tel. Tam. } Mal. }	William Hobart Kerr.....	1866	23 Jan. 56	27 Nov. 56	15 June 61 to 2 June 63 15 March to 14 Sep. 63 5 March 66.	7 9 19	15 Mar. 64	416 10 8	Twelve months and 12 days' sick leave to Eur., 10th April 1866.		
88	Tel. Tam.	Charles George Plumer.....	.....	19 Dec. 55	15 Mar. 56	14 Nov. 59 to 9 Dec. 61	9 8 21	"	1,166 10 8 233 5 4	Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Kistna District Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Vellore, 17th April 1866.—VELLORE.		
89	Tel. Tam. } Can. }	Honorable James Chisholme St. Clair.....	.....	14 Jan. 57	15 Mar. 57	.....	9 9 17	"	1,254 2 8	Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Nellore, 17th April 1866.—RAMAPATNAM.		
90	Tel. Tam.	Octavius Dwyer Irvine.....	.....	26 Dec. 56	29 Mar. 57	28 June 62 to 27 Dec. 64	8 3 3	"	1,254 2 8	Sub Collector and Joint Mag. of South Arcot, 14th Sept. 1866.—VINDACHIELEUM.		
91	Tel. Tam.	Robertson John Melville.....	.....	18 Dec. 56	29 Jan. 57	.....	9 11 3	"	1,267 8 0	To be Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Malabar, but to continue to officiate as Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement, 14th Dec. 1866.—KUNNOOL.		
92	Tel. Tam.	Arthur Robert Hutchins.....	1857	18 July 57	13 Dec. 57	14 Oct. 59 to 26 Jan. 61 21 Oct. 66	8 6 28	8 Nov. 65	416 10 8	Furlough for one year to Europe, 28th September 1866.		
93	Tam. Tel. Hin.	John Henry Garstin.....	.....	1 July 57	1 Dec. 57	.....	9 1 0	"	1,500 0 0	Private Secretary to the Right Hon'ble the Governor, 27th March 1866.—MADRAS.		
94	Tam. Tel.	William McQuhae.....		21 July 57	1 Dec. 57		9 1 0	"	1,254 2 8	Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Colmbatore, 28th August 1866.—CAROOR.		

FOURTH CLASS OF 8 YEARS' STANDING.-(continued.)

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COVENANTED SERVANTS—4TH CLASS.											PART II.
No.	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence in Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.	
95	Tam. Tel.	John Robert Arbuthnot.....	.....	5 Aug. 57	13 Dec. 57	15 Mar. 65 to 14 Mar. 66 15 Mar. 66 to 23 July 66	7 8 10	8 Nov. 65	RS. A. P. 1,254 2 8	Sub. Collr. and Joint Mag. of Madura, 9th October 1866.—DINDIGUL.	
96	Tam. Tel.	George Downton Leman.....	.....	5 Aug. 57	1 Dec. 57	10 Jan. 61 to 9 Apr. 61 28 Sep. 61 to 26 Mar. 63	8 4 0	"	1,254 2 8	Principal Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate and Agent to the Governor of Fort St. George in Ganjam, 14th Dec. 1866.—CHITACOLE.	
97	Tam. Tel.	Alexander McCallum Webster.....	.....	5 Aug. 57	26 Dec. 57	1 Feb. 1866	9 0 6	"	416 10 8	Id. Asst. Collr. & Mag. of South Canara, 17th April 1862.—Fifteen months Sick leave to Europe, 19th January 1866.	
98	Tam. Tel.	Edmund Forster Webster..... (Barrister at Law.)	.....	5 Aug. 57	24 Jan. 58	14 July 61 to 14 June 64	7 0 6	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Id. Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Godavery Dist. 24th July 1866.—Ag. Sub. Collr. and Joint Mag. of the Godavery Dist., 23d June 1865.—NAUSAPUR.	
99	Tam. Tel.	John Child Hannington.....	.....	20 July 57	8 Nov. 57	.....	9 1 23	"	768 5 4 280 0 0	Special Asst. to the Collector and Mag. of Coimbatore, 20th October 1865.—Acting Judge of the Court of Small Causes at Tellicherry, 24th July 1866.—TELLICHERRY.	
100	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Philip Percival Hutchins.....	1858	30 Dec. 57	27 Feb. 58	.....	8 10 2	27 Feb. 66	1,600 0 0	Registrar, High Court, Appellate side, 28th March 1865.—MADRAS.	
101	Tel. Tam. Can.	William Frederick Hathaway.....		18 Dec. 57	20 June 58	15 July 65 to 14 July 66 15 July to 24 Nov. 1866	7 1 20	"	810 5 4	Id. Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 14th December 1866.	

CIVIL.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—5TH CLASS.

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FIFTH CLASS OF 4 YEARS' STANDING.											
102	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Charles Grant Walker..... B. A., Oxford.	1860	10 Aug. 60	25 Oct. 60	15 April 66		6 2 7	7 Oct. 64	525 0 0	Under Secretary to Government in the Depts. under the Chief Secretary, 1st July 1864.—Fifteen months sick leave to Europe, 29th Mar. 1866.
103	Tel. Tam. Mal.	Arthur Coke Burnell.....	.....	10 Aug. 60	7 Oct. 60	.....	.....	6 2 25	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Tanjore, 3rd Jan. 1866. —Ag. Sub. Collr. and Joint Magis- trate Madras Dist., 3d July 1866.— CHINGLEPUT.
104	Tel. Tam. Can.	James Grose..... M. A., Cambridge.	.....	10 Aug. 60	7 Oct. 60	.....	.....	6 2 25	"	1,000 0 0 100 0 0	Under Secy. to Government, Revenue Dept., 17th April 1866.—Secy. to the Commissioner U. C. S. Examination —MADRAS.
105	Tam. Tel. Hin.	William Wilson..... M. A., Aberdeen.	.....	10 Aug. 60	25 Oct. 60	.....	.....	6 2 7	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of the Kistna District, 21st Mar. 1865. —Actg. Sub. Collr. and Joint Mag., Kistna, 10th April 1866.—GUNTUR.
106	Tam. Tel.	William Shrubsole Foster..... B. A., Cambridge.	.....	10 Aug. 60	10 Dec. 60	.....	.....	6 0 22	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Assistant to the Collr. and Mag. of Coimbatore, 3rd Jan. 1866.—Actg. Sub. Collr. and Joint Mag. of Bellary, 9th Oct. 1866.—ANANTAPUR.
107	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Joseph Evans Armstrong..... B. A., Cambridge.	.....	10 Aug. 60	12 Nov. 60	4 March 65	.....	5 3 22	"	208 5 4	Twenty-one months sick leave to Europe, 17th Feb. 1865, and 3rd July 1866.
108	TAM. TEL.	James Henry Nelson..... M. A., Cambridge.	1861	16 Aug. 61	25 Jan. 62			4 11 7	7 Oct. 65	768 5 4 280 0 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Madura, but to continue to act as Judge of the Court of Small Causes, Madura, 14th Dec. 1866.—MADRAS.

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FIFTH CLASS OF 4 YEARS' STANDING.—(Continued.)

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COVENANTED SERVANTS—5TH CLASS.

PART II,

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual Residence to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
M 109	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Philip Lyddon Roberts.....	1862	20 Aug. 62	8 Dec. 62		Y. M. D. 4 0 24	7 Oct. 66	Rs. A. P. 768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Gudlupah, 31st August 1866.—Actg. Sub Collector and Joint Magistrate of Do., 9th Oct. 1866.—MUDNESFALLY.
M 110	Tel. Tam. Hin.	James Burn Pennington. B. A., Cambridge.		30 Sep. 62	26 Nov. 62		4 1 5	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Nellore, 31st Aug. 1866.—Actg. Sub Collr. and Joint Magistrate of Tinnevely, 9th Oct. 1866.—SHEKSHADAVY.
M 111	Tel. Tam.	Francis Henry Woodroffe..... B. A., Queen's University, Ireland.		6 Oct. 62	14 Jan. 63	15th March 65	3 3 1		208 5 4	Twenty-one months sick leave to Eur., 10th Feb. 1865, and 3rd July 1866.
M 112	Tam. Tel. Can.	James Hope..... B. A., Edinburgh.		1 Oct. 62	7 Nov. 62		4 1 24	"	572 3 6	Services placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bombay—21st Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Kalladghee, 3d April 1866. Acting 2nd Asst. Collr. and Mag. of Dharwar, 27th Nov. 1866.
M 113	Tam. Tel. Can.	John Read Daniel.....		14 Aug. 62	27 Dec. 62		4 0 5	"	700 0 0	Services placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bombay, 25th Jan. 1865.—Asst. Judge and Sessions Judge of Dharwar, 3d April 1866.
M 114	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Henry John Stokes..... B. A., Dublin.		21 Aug. 62	8 Dec. 62	24 May 65 to 23 Aug. 66	3 9 24	"	572 3 6	Services placed at the disposal of the Govt. of Bombay.—Second Asst. to the Collector and Mag. of Surat, 3d April 1866.—Actg. second Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Belgium, 14th Sept. 1866.

CIVIL.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—5TH CLASS.

99

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual Residence to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
M 115	Tel. Tam. Hin.	Francis Brandt.....		1 Sep. 62	7 Oct. 62		4 2 25	"	708 5 4 210 0 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Salem, 24th July 1866.—Ag. Under Secy. to Govt. in the Dept. under the Chief Secy., 11th Sept. 1866.
M 116	Tel. Tam. Mal.	William Logan.....		16 Aug. 62	26 Nov. 62		4 1 5	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Malabar, 10th Apr. 1866.—Acting Sub Collr. and Joint Mag. of Malabar, 9th Oct. 1866.—Tritunipoly.
M 117	Tam. Tel. Mal.	James William Bost..... B. A., Cambridge.		21 Aug. 62	8 Dec. 62	11 July 1866	4 0 24	"	416 10 8	Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Madras, 30th June 1865.—On fifteen months' sick leave to Europe, 17th July 1866.
M 118	Tam. Tel. Hin.	Francis Rawdon Hastings..... Sharp.		15 Aug. 62	27 Dec. 62		4 0 5	"	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Trichinopoly, 20th Oct. 1863.—Acting Head Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Kurnool, 2d March 1865.—CANNARA.
M 119	Tel. Tam. Hin.	John Frederick Price.....		14 Aug. 62	23 Oct. 62		4 2 7	"	768 5 4 233 5 4 87 8 0	Head Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of North Arcot, 17th Apr. 1866.—Actg. Sub. Collr. and Joint Mag. of Salem, 10th July 1866.—OSSOR.
M 120	Tam. Tel. Can.	Edward Storr..... B. A., Oxford.		22 Aug. 62	8 Jan. 63		3 11 24	"	810 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of South Arcot, 24th July 1866.—Three months' privilege leave, 19th Oct. 1866.
M 121	Tam. Tel. Can.	William Samuel Lilly..... B. A., Cambridge.		4 Oct. 62	14 Jan. 63		3 11 18	"	810 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collector and Mag. of Bellary, 24th July 1866.—HOSVERT.
M 122	Tam. Tel. Can.	William Horatio Comyn.....		19 Aug. 62	8 Dec. 62		4 0 24	"	810 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collector & Mag. of Trichinopoly, 14th December 1866.
M 123	Tam. Tel. Hin.	Jeremiah Garnett Horsfall..... B. L., Cambridge.		29 Aug. 62	26 Nov. 62		4 1 5	"	810 5 4	Senior Assistant to the Collector and Mag. and Agent in Ganjam, 14th December 1866.—BENHAMPORE.

FIFTH CLASS OF 4 YEARS' STANDING.—continued.

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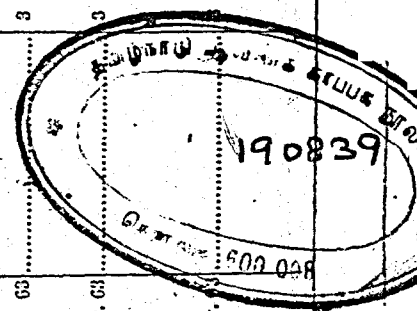
COVENANTED SERVANTS—6TH CLASS.

PART II.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence.	Actual residence.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
M 124	Tel. Tam.	Henry Sewell. B. A., Oxford.	.....	28 Aug. 63	26 Nov. 62	.....	.....	.....	7 Oct. 66.	IN. A. P. 602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collector and Mag. of South Canara, 14th March 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to do., 23rd January 1866.—CUNDAPPOOR.
A 125	Tel. Tam.	Alexander Cruickshank. M. A., Aberdeen.	.....	4 Sep. 63	8 Dec. 62	.....	.....	.....	"	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Cuddapah, 9th October 1863.—CUDDAPAH.
126	Tel. Tam.	Huntly Pryse Gordon.....	.....	8 Oct. 63	8 Jan. 63	.....	.....	.....	"	810 5 4	Head Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Tinnevely.—Actg. Specia. Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Coimbatore, 14th Sep. 1866.—AG. Joint Mag. Ootacamund, 13th Oct. 1866.—OOTACAMUND.
M 127	Tel. Tam.	Boyd Horsburgh.....	.....	25 Aug. 63	14 Jan. 63	.....	.....	.....	"	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Vizagapatam, 22d Jan. 1864.—Acting Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Tinnevely, 3rd Aug. 1865.—TUTICORIN.
M 128	Tel. Tam.	Andrew John Stuart.....	.....	31 Aug. 63	27 Oct. 63	.....	.....	.....	7 Oct. 63	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of North Arcot, 26th Oct. 1864.—Acting Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Kistna, 10th April 1865.—BEZWADA.
B 129	Tel. Tam.	Henry Edward Stokes..... B. A., Dublin.	.....	31 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	13 Nov. 64 to 6 Feb. 66	.....	.....	"	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collector and Magistrate of Salem, 13th February 1866.—Acting Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Nellore, 4th December 1866.
130	Tel. Tam.	Henry William Bliss..... B. A., Oxford.	.....	31 Aug. 63	10 Dec. 63	.....	.....	.....	"	602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Salem, 25th July 1865.—AG. Hd. Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Salem, 18th Sept. 1866.—TIRUPATORE.
131	Tel. Tam.	Joseph Charles Hughesdon.....	.....	20 Aug. 63	9 Dec. 63	.....	.....	.....	"	427 0 0 200 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of South Arcot, 18th May 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Arcot, 1st June 1866.—TIRUVANANTHAPURAM.

SIXTH CLASS UNDER 4 YEARS' STANDING.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence.	Actual residence.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
A 132	Tam.	George Smith. M. A., Aberdeen.	.....	13 Aug. 63	10 Nov. 63	3d June 65	.....	.....	2 7 24	350 0 0	Student.—Europe on M. C., 15 months, under S. of S. Despatch, dated 16th Oct. 1865, No. 29, M. G. 20th Nov. 1865, No. 1, 195, Pub., Extension of 6 months on M. C., 24th August 1866.
B 133	Tam Tel.	James Frederick Smith. B. A., Cambridge.	.....	31 Aug. 63	28 Nov. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 1 3	427 0 0 200 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of North Arcot, 14th Feb. 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Cuddapah, 4th Dec. 1866.
A 134	Tel. Tam.	William Henry Clenny.....	.....	31 Aug. 63	28 Nov. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 1 3	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of the Kistna District, 16th May 1865.—MASULIPATAM.
A 135	Tel. Tam.	Henry Newman.....	.....	17 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	.....	.....	.....	2 11 28	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Kistna, 5th Sep. 1865.—MASULIPATAM.
B 136	Tel. Tam.	John Kelsall.....	.....	6 Aug. 63	27 Oct. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 2 5	500 0 0	Proby. Asst. Supt. of Police, 1st Class, Bellary, 2d March 1866.—ANANTAPUR.
A 137	Tam. Tel.	John Wallace.....	.....	26 Aug. 63	7 Oct. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 2 25	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Tinnevely, 8th August 1865.—TINNEVELLY.
138	Tam. Tel.	Charles Stewart Crole.....	.....	31 Aug. 63	9 Dec. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 0 23	602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Madurai, 11th April 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. Tanjore, 5th July 1866.—MAYAVARAM.
A 139	Tel. Tam.	Samuel Trant McCarthy.....	.....	31 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	26 July to 18 Sep. 1866.	.....	.....	2 11 28	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Bellary, 31st July 1866.—BELLARY.
M 140	Tel. Tam.	Harry St Aubyn Goodrich.....	.....	15 Aug. 63	7 Oct. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 2 25	427 0 0	Assistant—Junior Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. & Agent at Ganjam, 18th Sept. 1866.
141	Tel. Tam. Tel.	Herbert Wigram..... B. A., Oxford.	.....	31 Aug. 63	28 Nov. 63	.....	.....	.....	3 1 3	602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of the Madras District, 11th April 1865.—Acting Head Assistant to the Collr. and Mag. Godavery, 13th April 1866.—RAJAHMUNDRI.
B 142	Tel. Tam.	John Cameron..... M. A., Aberdeen.		21 Aug. 63	10 Nov. 63				1 21	427 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Malabar, 11th April 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Malabar, 9th Oct. 1866.—PACHAULI.



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SIXTH CLASS UNDER 4 YEARS' STANDING.—(continued.)

No.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence on 31st Dec.	Y. M. D. Service up to	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	APPOINTMENTS—STATIONS.
A 143	Tel. Tam.	James Dunning Baker Gribble.	.....	10 Aug. 63	5 Jan. 64	.....	.....	2 11 27	7 Oct. 63	Rs. A. P. 427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Trichinopoly, 10th November 1865.—TRICHINOPOLY.
B 144	Tel. Tam.	George Arthur Parker.	.....	31 Aug. 63	9 Dec. 63	.....	.....	3 0 23	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Tanjore, 9th May 1865.—COIMBATUR.
145	Tel. Tam.	Francis Henry Wilkinson.	.....	18 Aug. 63	10 Nov. 63	.....	.....	3 1 21	"	602 0 0 200 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate of Coimbatore, 3d Feb. 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of North Arcot, 10th July 1866.—KANNIYER.
A 146	Tel. Tam.	William Francis Grahame. B. A., Dublin.	.....	31 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	14 Jan. 65 to 6 April 66	2 9 4	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Godavery District, 16th Oct. 1865.
B 147	Tel. Tam.	Allen Lindsay Lister.	.....	25 Aug. 63	28 Nov. 63	.....	3 1 3	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Ganjam, 13th April 1865.—CHITTOOR.
A 148	Tel. Tam. Can.	George Duncan Irvine.	.....	6 Aug. 63	27 Oct. 63	.....	3 2 5	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Salem, 18th May 1866.—SALAM.
A 149	Tel. Tam.	Charles William Wall Martin.	.....	31 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	.....	2 11 28	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Nellore, 5th Sep. 1865.—One month's Privilege Leave, 6th Nov. 1866.—NELLORE.
B 150	Tel. Tam.	George McWaters. B. A., Belfast.	.....	31 Aug. 63	4 Jan. 64	.....	2 11 28	"	"	602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Trichinopoly, 7th Nov. 1865.—Actg. Head Asst. to the Collector and Mag. of Madurai, 21st July 1866.—KANNIYER.
A 151	Tel. Tam. Can.	Norton Aylmer Roupell. B. A., Cambridge.	.....	31 Aug. 63	6 Feb. 64	.....	2 10 24	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Canara, 5th Sep. 1865.—MANGALORE.
B 152	Tam. Tel. Can.	John Brownrigg Spedding. B. A., Queen's University, Ireland.	.....	31 Aug. 63	10 Dec. 63	.....	3 0 22	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of North Arcot, 8th Aug. 1865.—CHITTOOR.

A 153	Tel. Tam. Can.	Charles Arthur Galton. B. A., Oxford.	.....	18 Aug. 63	10 Nov. 63	.....	3 1 21	"	"	602 0 0 200 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Canara, 18th May 1866.—Actg. Hd. Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Coimbatore, 26th Oct. 1866.
A 154	Tel. Tam. Can.	Charles John Crosthwaite.	.....	31 Aug. 63	27 Oct. 63	.....	3 2 6	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Tinnevely, 2d May 1865.—TINNEVELLY.
A 155	Tel. Tam.	William Alexander Happell.	1864	22 Aug. 64	25 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 6	13 Oct. 64	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. Godavery District, 7th Nov. 1865.—COONNADA.
B 156	Tel. Tam.	John Starrock.	.....	28 Sep. 64	20 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 11	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Canara, 23rd Jan. 1866.—MANGALORE.
B 157	Tam. Tel.	David Buick. B. A., Queen's College, Belfast.	.....	6 Aug. 64	25 Oct. 64	.....	2 2 7	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. Bellary, 27th Oct. 1865.—BELLARY.
A 158	Tel. Tam.	Henry Gribble Turner.	.....	30 July 64	7 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 24	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collr. & Mag. of Vizianagaram, 13th April 1866.—Acting Supt. of Police, Jeypore, 4th Dec. 1866.
159	Tel. Tam.	Charles Augustus Bird.	.....	30 July 64	7 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 24	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Tanjore, 18th May 1866.—TANJORE.
160	Tam. Tel.	Lorne Augustus Campbell.	.....	3 Aug. 64	30 Dec. 64	.....	2 0 2	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Coimbatore, 13th April 1866.—COIMBATORE.
161	Tel. Tam.	Henry William Wellesley.	.....	17 Aug. 64	20 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 11	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Madurai, 13th April 1866.—MADURAI.
162	Tel. Tam.	Henry Bidwell Grigg. B. A., Queen's College, Oxford.	.....	29 Sep. 64	8 Jan. 65	.....	1 11 24	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Ganjam, 13th Apr. 1866.—CHITTOOR.
163	Tam. Tel.	Thomas von Donop Hardinge. B. A., Trinity College, Dublin.	.....	5 Sep. 64	25 Oct. 64	.....	2 2 7	"	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Bellary, 7th Nov. 1865.—ASANTARONE.
164	Tel. Tam.	Ware Plumtre Austin.		2 Aug. 64	28 Dec. 64		2 0 4	"	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Coimbatore, 16th October 1866.—COIMBATORE.

SIXTH CLASS UNDER 4 YEARS' STANDING.—(continued.)

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COVENANTED SERVANTS—6TH CLASS.

PART II.

No.	Lingual Attainments.	Names.	Season of Appointment.	Commencement of Service.	Date of Arrival.	Non-Residence.	Actual residence up to 31st Dec.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary and Allowances.	Appointments—Stations.
A 165	Tel. Tam.	Herbert Frederick Clogston	.....	30 July 64	25 Nov. 64	.....	Y. M. D. 2 1 6	13 Oct. 64	Rs. A. P. 427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Nellore. 23rd January 1865.—NELLORE.
A 166	Tel. Tam.	George Kennaway Chamberlain	.....	16 Sep. 64	7 Nov. 64	1 Aug. to 31 Oct. 1866.	2 1 24	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Nuhur, 18th April 1866.—CALICUT.
A 167	Tam. Tel.	Charles Jeffrey Knox	.....	30 July 64	28 Feb. 65	.....	1 10 1	"	427 0 0	Assistant to the Collector and Mag. of Nellore, 13th April 1866.—NELLORE.
B 168	Tel. Tam.	John Leo Warner	.....	30 July 64	7 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 24	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of the Madras Dist., 17th & 20th Apr. 1865.—MADRAS.
A 169	Tel. Tam. Can.	Leonard Robert Burrows B. A., Cambridge.	.....	8 Aug. 64	7 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 24	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Madura, 7th Nov. 1865.—PAUNDEN.
A 170	Tel. Tam.	Edward Turner	.....	30 July 64	20 Nov. 64	26 July 1865, to 20 Sep. 66	2 1 11	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Kurnool, 13th April 1866.—KURNOL.
A 171	Tam. Tel. Hin.	Robert Rico B.A., Trinity College, Dublin.	.....	30 July 64	28 Dec. 64	.....	2 0 4	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Arcot, 6th April 1866.—CUDDALORE.
A 172	Tel. Tam.	Edward Noel Overbury	.....	4 Aug. 64	25 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 6	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Malabar, 7th Nov. 1865.—One month's Privilege leave, 23rd Nov. 1865.
A 173	Tel. Tam.	Francis Edward Hall	.....	16 Aug. 64	7 Nov. 64	.....	2 1 24	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of South Arcot, 7th Nov. 1865.—CUDDALORE.

COVENANTED SERVANTS—6TH CLASS.										CIVIL.
A 174	Tel. Tam.	Edward Gibson	.....	30 July 64	25 Nov. 64	.....	2 2 6	.....	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Cuddalore, 23d Jan. 1866.—Offg. Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of North Arcot, 27th July 1866.
A 175	Tel. Tam.	Arthur Johnston Brecks Atkinson	.....	8 Aug. 64	13 Oct. 64	.....	2 2 19	.....	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of the Madras District, 6th March 1866.—MADRAS.
A 176	Tel. Tam.	Joseph Birdsall Jones	1865	1 Aug. 65	14 Feb. 66	.....	0 10 15	28 Oct. 65	400 0 0	Passed Student.—Studying for honors.—OOTACAMUND.
A 177	Tel. Tam.	Arundel Tagg B. A., London.	.....	25 July 65	18 Nov. 65	.....	1 1 13	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of North Arcot, 24th July 1866.—CURROON.
A 178	Tel. Tam.	Wm. Joseph Henry LeFanu	.....	29 July 65	28 Oct. 65	.....	1 2 4	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Trichinopoly, 16th Oct. 1866.—TRICHINOPOLY.
A 179	Tel. Tam.	Edwin Langford Pearce	.....	11 Aug. 65	6 Nov. 65	.....	1 1 25	"	427 0 0	Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Vizagapatam, 16th Oct. 1866.—VIZAGAPATAM.
A 180	Tam. Tel.	Charles Donald Maclean Mus. Doc. B. A., Exeter College, Oxford.		29 July 65	19 Dec. 65		1 0 13	"	400 0 0 200 0 0	Acting Inspector of Schools, Second Divn., 9th October 1866.—BELLARY.

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Sir Colley Harman Scotland, *Kt.*, Chief Justice, (absent.)
 Sir Adam Bittleston, *Kt.*—Acting Chief Justice...
 12 George Henry Ellis, Acting..... } Judges.
 35 Lewis Charles Innes..... }
 43 Charles Collett..... }
 53 William Holloway..... }
 100 P. P. Hutchins..... Registrar.

Civil and Session Judges.

BELLARY.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 51 J. R. Kindersley. (on duty.)
 Acting..... 64 H. E. Sullivan.
 BERTHAMPORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 42 E. B. Foord.
 CALICUT.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 53 C. N. Pochin (on duty.)
 Acting do..... 80 G. R. Sharpe.
 CHINGLEPUT.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 55 W. T. Blair, (on duty.)
 Acting do..... 77 H. S. Thomas
 CHITTOOR.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 40 C. A. Roberts.
 COIMBATORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 6 H. D. Cook.
 CUDDALORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 12 G. H. Ellis (on duty.)
 Acting do..... 67 E. C. G. Thomas.
 CUDDAPAH.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 64 H. E. Sullivan, (on duty.)
 Acting do..... 79 W. D. Horsley.
 GUNTOOR.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 21 W. Hodgson.
 MADURA.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 8 R. R. Cotton.
 MANGALORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 32 M. J. Walhouse.
 NELLORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 50 C. R. Pelly.
 NUNDIAL.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 62 L. Forbes.
 OOTACAMUND.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 15 A. W. Phillips.
 RAJAHMUNDRI.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 56 H. Morris.
 SALEM.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 34 C. F. Chamier.
 TANJORE.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 27 E. W. Bird, (absent.)
 Acting do..... 70 R. Davidson.
 TELLICHERRY.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 35 A. W. Sullivan.
 TINNEVELLY.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 36 F. S. Child.
 TRANQUEBAR.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 11 R. G. Clarke.
 TRICHINOPOLY.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 33 A. R. McDonell.
 VIZAGAPATAM.
 Civil and Session Judge..... 52 J. G. Thompson,

COMBACONUM.
 Judge..... 81 F. M. Kindersley.
 CUDDALORE.
 Judge..... 85 W. S. Whiteside.
 MADRAS.
 First Judge..... Thomas Mortimer Bastedo.
 Judge..... George Evelyn Cower, (absent.)
 Acting Judge..... John Maskell.
 Judge..... Calamoor Veeravully Ranganada Shastri, (absent.)
 MADURA.
 Judge..... 67 E. C. G. Thomas, (on duty.)
 Acting..... 108 J. H. Nelson.
 MASULIPATAM.
 Judge..... James Wilkins.
 NEGAPATAM.
 Judge..... Maurice Cross.
 TELLICHERRY.
 Judge..... 80 G. R. Sharpe, (on duty.)
 Acting..... 99 J. C. Haunington.
 VELLORE.
 Judge..... 70 R. Davidson, (on duty.)
 Acting..... 88 C. G. Plumer.

Special Appointments.

Accountant General..... 10 F. Lushington.
 Deputy Accountant General..... R. W. Lodwick, Bom. C. S., (absent.)
 Inspector General of Police..... 29 W. Robinson.
 Resident in Travancore and Cochin..... 16 H. Newill.
 Assistant do..... Captain Woulfe Hay.
 Collector of Sea Customs..... 48 J. H. Blair, (on duty.)
 Acting do..... 63 R. A. Dalyell.
 Offg. Director of Revenue Settlement..... 45 R. E. Master.
 Offg. Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement..... 91 R. J. Melville.
 Sanitary Commissioner..... 41 R. S. Ellis, C. M.
 Proby. Asst. Supt. of Police, 1st Class, Bellary 136 J. Kelsall.
 Ag. Supt. of Police, Jeypore..... 158 H. G. Turner.
 Actg. Inam Commissioner..... 54 W. T. Blair.
 Inspector General of Jails..... Lieut. Col. W. J. Wilson.
 Acting Inspector of Schools, 2d Division..... 180 C. D. Maclean.

Employed in other Presidencies.

Member of the Council of the Governor
 General of India..... 17 G. N. Taylor.
 Accountant General, Bombay..... 24 J. L. Lushington.
 On special duty, Calcutta..... 48 J. H. Blair.
 Offg. Judicial Commr. of Mysore..... 51 J. R. Kindersley.
 2d Assistant to the Collector and Magistrate
 of Kalladghee, Bombay Presidency.—Actg.
 2d Asst. to the Collr. & Mag. of Dharwar. 112 J. Hope, B. A.
 Asst. Judge and Sessions Judge of Dharwar,
 Bombay Presidency..... 113 J. R. Daniel.
 2nd Asst. to the Collr. and Mag. of Surat.—
 Acting do. do. Belgaum,
 Bombay Presidency..... 114 H. J. Stokes.

Members.....	3 Charles Pelly, (absent.)
	4 Harry Augustus Brett.
	5 Thomas Clarke.
Secretary.....	46 William Hudleston.
Sub Secretary.....	63 Robert Anstruther Dalryell, (on duty.)

Collectors and Magistrates, &c.

BELLARY.

Collector and Magistrate.....	23 A. Wedderburn.
Sub Collector.....	
Acting Sub Collector.....	106 W. S. Foster.
Head Assistant.....	121 W. S. Lilly.
Assistant.....	139 S. T. McCarthy.
Assistant.....	157 D. Buick.
Assistant.....	163 T. vonD. Hardinge.

COIMBATORE.

Collector and Magistrate.....	30 P. Grant. (absent.)
Acting Collector and Magistrate.....	83 A. MacGregor.
Sub Collector.....	94 William McQuhae.
Special Assistant.....	99 J. C. Hannington, (on duty.)
Acting Special Assistant.....	126 H. P. Gordon.
Head Assistant.....	106 W. S. Foster, (on duty.)
Acting Head Assistant.....	153 C. A. Galton.
Assistant.....	145 E. H. Wilkinson, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	160 L. A. Campbell.
Assistant.....	164 W. P. Austin.

CUDDAPAH.

Collector and Magistrate.....	39 H. G. Smith.
Sub Collector.....	79 W. D. Horsley (on duty.)
Head Assistant—Acting Sub Collector.....	109 P. L. Roberts.
Acting Head Assistant.....	133 J. F. Snaith.
Assistant.....	125 A. Cruickshank.
Assistant.....	174 E. Gibson, (on duty.)

GANJAM.

Collector and Magistrate, and Agent.....	9 G. S. Forbes.
Principal Assistant.....	96 G. D. Leman.
Senior Assistant.....	123 J. G. Horsfall.
Assistant—Junior Assistant.....	140 H. St. A. Goodrich.
Assistant.....	147 A. L. Lister.
Assistant.....	162 H. B. Grigg.

GODAVARI.

Collector and Magistrate.....	18 J. Fraser.
Sub Collector.....	61 T. A. N. Chase.
Head Assistant—Acting Sub Collector.....	98 E. F. Webster.
Acting Head Assistant.....	141 H. Wigram.
Assistant.....	146 W. F. Grahame.
Assistant.....	155 W. A. Happell.

KISTNA.

Collector and Magistrate.....	31 G. Thornhill.
Sub Collector.....	83 C. G. Plumer, (on duty.)
Head Assistant—Acting Sub Collector.....	105 W. Wilson.
Acting Head Assistant.....	123 A. J. Stuart.
Assistant.....	134 W. H. Glenny.
Assistant.....	135 H. Newman.

KURNOOL.

Collector and Magistrate.....	37 J. I. Minchin, (absent.)
Acting Collector and Magistrate.....	58 C. N. Pochin.
Head Assistant.....	101 W. F. Hathaway.
Acting Head Assistant.....	118 E. R. H. Sharp.
Assistant.....	170 E. Turner.

Collectors and Magistrates, &c.

MADRAS.

Collector and Magistrate.....	13 E. G. R. Fane, (absent.)
Sub Collector—Actg. Collector & Magistrate.....	65 J. R. Cockerell.
Actg. Sub Collector.....	103 A. C. Burnell.
Assistant.....	141 H. Wigram.
Assistant.....	168 J. Lee Warner, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	175 A. J. B. Atkinson.

MADURA.

Collector and Magistrate.....	14 V. H. Levinge.
Sub Collector.....	95 J. R. Arbuthnott.
Head Assistant.....	108 J. H. Nelson, (on duty.)
Acting Head Assistant.....	150 G. McWatters.
Assistant.....	117 J. W. Best, (absent.)
Assistant.....	138 C. S. Crole, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	161 H. W. Wellesley.
Assistant.....	169 L. R. Burrows.

MALABAR.

Collector and Magistrate.....	44 G. A. Ballard.
Sub Collector.....	91 R. J. Melville, (on duty.)
Head Assistant—Acting Sub Collector.....	116 W. Logan.
Assistant—Actg. Head Asst.....	142 J. Cameron.
Assistant.....	166 G. K. Chamberlain.
Assistant.....	172 E. N. Overbury, (absent.)

NELLORE.

Collector and Magistrate.....	26 J. W. B. Dykes.
Sub Collector.....	89 J. C. St. Clair.
Head Assistant.....	110 J. B. Pennington. (on duty.)
Acting do.....	130 H. E. Stokes.
Assistant.....	149 C. W. W. Martin, (absent.)
Assistant.....	165 H. F. Clogstoun.
Assistant.....	167 C. J. Knox.

NORTH ARCOT.

Collector and Magistrate.....	19 J. D. Robinson.
Sub Collector.....	86 R. W. Barlow.
Head Assistant.....	119 J. F. Price, (on duty.)
Acting Head Assistant.....	145 F. H. Wilkinson.
Assistant.....	128 A. J. Stuart, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	133 J. F. Snaith, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	152 J. B. Spedding.
Assistant—Acting.....	174 E. Gibson.
Assistant.....	177 A. Tagg.

SALEM.

Collector and Magistrate.....	22 Hon. D. Arbuthnott.
Sub Collector.....	77 H. S. Thomas, (on duty.)
Acting Sub Collector.....	119 J. F. Price.
Head Assistant.....	115 F. Brandt, (on duty.)
Assistant.—Actg. Head Asst.....	130 H. W. Bliss.
Assistant.....	129 H. E. Stokes, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	148 G. D. Irvine.

SOUTH ARCOT.

Collector and Magistrate.....	7 C. W. Reade.
Sub Collector.....	90 O. B. Irvine.
Head Assistant.....	120 E. Storr, (absent.)
Assistant—Acting Head Assistant.....	131 J. C. Hughesdon.
Assistant.....	171 R. Rice.
Assistant.....	173 F. E. Hall.

SOUTH CANARA.

Collector and Magistrate.....	20 W. M. Cadell.
Head Assistant.....	97 A. McC. Webster, (absent.)
Assistant—Acting Head Assistant.....	124 H. Sewell.
Assistant.....	151 N. A. Ronpell.
Assistant.....	153 C. A. Galton, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	156 J. Sturrock.

TANJORE.

Collector and Magistrate and Agent	49 G. L. Morris.
Sub Collector.....	72 G. Vans Agnew.
Head Assistant.....	103 A. C. Burnell, (on duty.)
Acting Head Assistant.....	138 C. S. Crole.
Assistant.....	144 G. A. Parker.
Assistant.....	159 C. A. Bird.

TINNEVELLY.

Collector and Magistrate.....	68 R. K. Puckle.
Sub Collector.....	83 A. MacGregor, (on duty.)
Acting Sub Collector.....	110 J. B. Pennington.
Head Assistant.....	126 H. P. Gordon, (on duty.)
Acting Head Assistant.....	127 B. Horsbrugh.
Assistant.....	137 J. Wallace.
Assistant.....	154 C. J. Crosthwaite.

TRICHINOPOLY.

Collector and Magistrate.....	57 G. Banbury.
Head Assistant.....	122 W. H. Comyn.
Assistant.....	118 F. R. H. Sharp.
Assistant.....	143 J. D. B. Gribble.
Assistant.....	150 G. McWatters, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	178 W. J. H. LeFanu.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Collector and Magistrate and Agent.....	66 D. F. Carinichael.
Principal Assistant.....	78 J. A. C. Boswell.
Senior Assistant.....	Capt. H. L. Grove, M. S. C.
Junior Assistant.....	Lieut. J. M. Smith, M.S.C. (3 mths' Privilege leave.)
Assistant.....	127 B. Horsbrugh, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	158 H. G. Turner, (on duty.)
Assistant.....	179 E. L. Pearse.

CIVIL.]

SERVANTS RETIRED ON ANNUITIES.

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On Sick Leave in Europe retaining their Appointments.

117 Best, J. W.	37 Minchin, J. I.	97 Webster, A. McC.
27 Bird, E. W.	102 Walker, C. G.	

On Sick leave in Europe forfeiting their Appointments.

107 Armstrong, J. E.	55 Grame, H. M. S.	111 Woodroffe, F. H.
63 Brecks, J. W.	87 Kerr, W. H.	

Student on Sick Leave to Europe.

132 Smith, G.

On Furlough.

82 Carr, F. C.	74 Longley, C. T.	47 Nesbitt, W. S.
76 Elliott, E. F.	75 Master, C. G.	84 Reid, J. W.
73 Goldingham, J. D.	69 Master, J. H.	59 Swinton, R. B.
92 Hutchins, A. R.	72 Molony, F. B.	

On Privilege leave.

83 Fane, E. G. R.	149 Pelly, S. C.	120 Storr, E.
20 Grant, P.	172 Overbury, E. M.	

Retired on Annuities.

1857 Anderson, Findlay	1850 Drury, George Dominico	1852 Morris, Henry
1839 Anstey, J. T.	1847 Eden, Robert	1861 Murray, Mackenzie
1859 Anstruther, Thomas Andrew	1858 Elliott, Daniel	1842 Ogilvie, George Macartney
1846 Ashton, William	1860 Elliot, Walter	1849 Ogilvie, William Cecil
1844 Babington, B. G.	1865 Elliot, William	1855 Onslow, Arthur Pooley
1849 Babington, William Henry	1860 Elton, F. B.	1861 Onslow, Thomas
1838 Baskerville, (late Vivcash) H.	1864 Fisher, William	1859 Parker, Robert Dean
1859 Baynes, Charles Robert	1862 Forbes, Henry	1846 Paternoster, John
1862 Bayley, William Henry	1854 Forsyth, William Alexander	1823 Piele, J. H.
1862 Beauchamp, George Thomas	1851 Freese, Arthur	1855 Porter, Robert Tindal
1865 Birch, Sylvester Douglas	1866 Freere, Hatley.	1858 Prendergast, Thomas
1851 Bird, George	1861 Glass, Edward Binny	1863 Purvis, Arthur
1859 Bird, Charles James	1865 Goldie, J. H.	1866 Ratcliffe, John
1860 Bird, John	1860 Goldingham, J.	1855 Robertson, Andrew
1857 Bishop, John Fitzsimmons	1861 Goodwyn, Thomas William	1866 Rohde, John
1847 Blair, Henry Martin	1844 Grant, R.	1859 Roupell, Thomas Boone
1830 Blair, W. T.	1830 Hadlow, George John	1849 Scott, J. C.
1851 Blane, Thomas Law	1862 Hall, Arthur	1859 Scott, Septimus
1861 Bourdillon, James Dewar	1835 Hamilton, T.	1863 Shubrick, Charles John
1854 Brown, Charles Philip	1866 Harris, Thos. Inglis Parish	1865 Silver, James
1852 Bruce, Alexander Fairlie	1866 Harris, Geo., Anstruther	1844 Sinclair, A.
1837 Casamajor, James A.	1832 Hill, David	1836 Smalley, Edward
1848 Chamier, Henry	1860 Hooper, George Stanley	1856 Smith, E.
1863 Chatfield, Rowland Winsley	1844 Nutt, J.	1858 Smollett, Patrick Boyle
1846 Clementson, Frederick Fenby	1856 Inglis, Wm. Arthur David	1835 Stokes, John
1828 Clarke, R.	1862 Irvine, Patrick	1856 Stokes, Hudleston
1844 Clerk, Robert	1862 Knox, William	1865 Story, Edmund
1843 Clive, Robert Herbert	1865 Knox, Thomas John	1863 Strange, Thomas Lumsden
1862 Copleston, Francis	1857 Lascelles, Francis	1856 Thomas, John Fryer
1862 Cotton, Joseph John	1847 Lewin, Frederick Mortimer	1862 Thomas, Edward Brown
1850 Cockburn, Montagu Dundas	1848 Lewin, Malcolm	1852 Thompson, Edward Penton
1836 Combe, H.	1825 Lushington, S. R.	1849 Turnbull, John George
1862 Conway, Thomas Barlow A.	1850 Maclean, A.	1860 Underwood, William E.
1843 Cotton, Charles Robert	1839 McDonell, Aeneas R.	1863 Ward, Samuel Nevil
1853 Crawford, Stewart	1841 Macleod, John MacPherson	1818 Waters, George Jenkin
1862 Crozier, F. H.	1862 Maltby, Francis Newcombe	1844 Wheatley, Thomas Randall
1863 Cunliffe, E. W.	1864 Maltby, Edward	1862 Whittingham, Charles
1839 Dalzell, J. A.	1859 Mathison, Archibald Stirling	1862 Williamson, Robert H.
1853 Douglas, William	1851 Mellor, Abel	1865 Wood, Henry
1862 Dowdeswell, W.	1862 Molle, William Macquarie	1834 Woodcock, E. Humphrey
	1858 Montgomery, Sir H. C. Bart.	

Retired on Minor Annuity.

1864 Ames, C. H.	1863 Chase, M. C.	1864 Sim, W. C.	1866 Hodgson, A. P.
1865 Arbuthnot, W. H.	1865 Nisbet, W.	1865 Pannecote, B.	

Casualty reported during the Quarter.

John William Cherry.

List of Deputy Collectors and Magistrates.

Number.	NAMES.	Total Service.	Season of Appt.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary.	District.	Duty.	Station, &c.	REMARKS.
FIRST CLASS.									
1	W. E. Jellicoe	5	1859	5 March 1859	Rs. 700	Vizagapatam	Treasury	Vizagapatam	Also in charge of Paper Currency Dept.
2	P. Royappa Puntoloo	40	1859	21 June 1862	600	Cuddapah	General duties...	Chintakunta	...
3	Alexander Smith	21	1859	21 June 1862	600	Madras District.	Salt Department	Madras	...
4	A. Sushaya Sastri	16	1859	5 July 1861	600	Tanjore	Treasury	Tanjore	...
5	C. Canara	35	1859	6 Dec. 1861	600	Madras	General duties...	Vilupdiangady	...
6	Herbert Richardson	4	1860	23 May 1863	600	Malabar	Do.	Manantody	...
SECOND CLASS.									
1	S. R. Locke	9	1859	25 March 1859	500	Tinnevely.	Treasury	Cockatocolum	...
2	V. Rungaswamy Aiyengar	29	1859	24 June 1862	500	Madras District.	General duties...	Madras	...
3	W. E. Underwood	6	1859	24 do	500	Madras	Do.	Madras	...
4	W. E. Wright	0	1859	24 do	500	South Arcot	Do.	Tricolore	...
5	B. C. Leggett	6	1861	24 do	500	Salen	Do.	Nannal	...
6	R. Raghunatha Rau	10	1859	1 Nov. 1861	600	Trichinopoly	Treasury	Trichinopoly	...
7	D. V. Narasinga Rau	17	1859	6 Dec. 1861	500	Ganjam	Salt Department	Chitacole	Also in charge of Paper Currency Dept.
8	E. G. Bickets	10	1861	23 May 1865	500	Tanjore	Do.	Negapatam	...
9	B. Kuppu Rau	30	1859	1 Aug. 1865	500	Coimbatore	Treasury	Coimbatore	...
10	J. A. Marjoribanks	24	1861	13 March 1866	500	Kistna	Salt Department	Nizampatam	...
11	C. Rungacharloo	39	1861	13 do	600	Malabar	Treasury	Calicut	Also in charge of Paper Currency Dept.
12	J. F. Fernandez	39	1861	14 Dec. 1866	500	South Canara	Treasury	Mangalore	...
THIRD CLASS.									
1	R. H. Lyons	20	1859	25 March 1859	350	Ganjam	Treasury	Chatterpore	...
2	A. Ramchandra Rau	15	1859	29 Nov. 1861	350	Tanjore	General duties...	Manamangoodi	...
3	T. Durumtoya Mudali	12	1859	2 June 1863	350	Kistna	Treasury	Manulipatam	...
4	Ram Rau	27	1859	6 Dec. 1861	350	Madras	Salt Department	Ilamud	...
5	P. Chenttal Rau	13	1861	21 March 1865	350	Godavery	General duties...	Ellero	...
6	V. Venkatachellum	29	1861	11 April 1865	350	Kistna	Do.	Vanukondah	...
7	Muhammed Yusuf Sahib	20	1860	16 June 1865	350	Trichinopoly	General duties...	Keelapaloro	...
8	P. Varada Chari	10	1865	1 Aug. 1865	350	South Arcot	Treasury	Cuddalore	...
9	T. G. Ward	32	1859	9 Sept. 1859	350	Cuddapah	Do.	Adoni	...
10	P. Aiyala Nayudu	22	1859	13 March 1866	350	Bellary	General duties...	Nellore	...
11	T. Pritchard	4	1865	13 do	350	Nellore	Salt Department	Cocanada	...
12	K. Jagannadum	15	1859	14 Dec. 1866	350	Godavery	Treasury	...	...

LIST OF DEPUTY COLLECTORS AND MAGISTRATES.

Number.	NAMES.	Total Service.	Season of Appt.	Date of promotion to present grade.	Salary.	District.	Duty.	Station, &c.	REMARKS.
1	P. Seelingiri Rau	14	1859	29 July 1859	Rs. 250	Madras	Treasury	Madras	...
2	H. A. Blake	21	1859	9 Sep. 1859	250	Bellary	Do.	Bellary	...
3	T. Venkat Rau	21	1860	16 March 1860	250	Tinnevely	General duties...	Kovilputty	...
4	D. Timappa	28	1860	16 do	250	Kurnool	Do.	Kollakonla	...
5	M. Duvvasikhamani Pillai	24	1860	23 June 1865	250	Madras	Treasury	Saidapett	Acting 3rd Class, vice Chensal Rao.
6	John Ball	18	1860	5 April 1860	250	South Canara	Salt Department	Mangalore	...
7	C. Ramaiya	8	1862	24 do	250	Tinnevely	Salt Department	Tuticorin	...
8	C. Panaiya	30	1861	17 April 1863	250	Godavery	Do.	Cocanada	...
9	P. A. Cole	1	1863	6 Dec. 1861	250	Coimbatore	General duties...	Erode	On sick leave to 10th January 1867.
10	W. F. Hewetson	21	1860	11 April 1865	250	Malabar	Do.	Calicut	In charge of Zemindary tracts.
11	A. Tolasinga Mudali	21	1860	23 May 1865	250	Nellore	General duties...	Naidoopeeth	Employed in the Inam Commission.
12	T. Krishna Rau	12	1860	16 June 1865	250	Coimbatore	Do.	...	In charge of Zemindary tracts.
13	A. Strinivasa Rau	12	1860	21 Nov. 1865	250	Tanjore	Do.	Tanjore	Temporarily.
14	A. Narayana Rau	12	1860	21 do	250	North Arcot	Treasury	Nagerry	Employed in the Settlement Dept.
15	J. W. Johnston	12	1865	11 April 1865	250	Salen	Treasury	Salem	Ag. for Dairiesigamani Pillai.
16	A. M. MacGregor	...	1865	13 do	250	Godavery	Treasury	Ilalunmundry	Ag. for Mr. Symonds
17	V. Comaraswamy Mudali	...	1865	13 do	250	Kurnool	Treasury	Kurnool	Acting for Mr. MacGregor.
18	W. A. Symonds	...	1865	13 do	250	South Arcot	Salt Department	Chittoor	...
19	C. Sundarasamy Mudali	6	1865	15 March 1866	250	North Arcot	Treasury	Kurnool	...
20	E. Macleeson	...	1865	14 Dec. 1866	250	Kurnool	General Duties...	Coimbatore	...
	<i>do.</i>	...	1865	23 June 1865	250	Coimbatore	General duties...	Cuddalore	...
	<i>do.</i>	...	1865	1 Aug. 1865	250	South Arcot	Salt Department	Nagerry	...
	<i>do.</i>	...	1865	1 do	250	North Arcot	General duties...	Nellore	...
	<i>do.</i>	...	1865	13 March 1866	250	Nellore	Treasury	...	...

The letter M. prefixed to the names denotes that the parties are invested with the full Powers of a Magistrate.

Special Appointments.

E. S. Atkinson, Deputy Collector of Sen Customs, Madras.
B. Gopalaiya, Special Deputy Collector for giving over land to the Irrigation Company.—Acting on other duty.

LIST OF DISTRICT REGISTRARS,
Under Act XX of 1866, for the Registration of Assurances.

Names of Districts.	Limits of Districts.	Stations of District Registrars.	District Registrars.
1 Ganjam.....	Conterminous with the Collectorate and Agency of Ganjam	Chatterpore..	Mr. R. H. Lyons, Dy. Col.
2 Vizagapatam	Do. do. of Vizagapatam.....	Vizagapatam.	Mr. W.E. Jellicoe, Dy. Col.
3 Godavery.....	Do. with the Collrte. of Godavery	Coconada.....	K. Jugganadham, Dy. Col.
4 Kistna.....	Do. do. of Kistna.....	Masulipatam.	T. Dharmaraya Moodelly, Deputy Collector.
5 Nellore.....	Do. do. of Nellore.....	Nellore.....	C. Sribaliah, Deputy Col.
6 Cuddapah.....	Do. do. of Cuddapah.....	Cuddapah.....	Mr. T. G. Ward, Dy. Col.
7 Kurnool.....	Do. do. of Kurnool.....	Kurnool.....	V. Comarasawmy Moodelliar, Deputy Collector.
8 Bellary.....	Do. do. of Bellary.....	Bellary.....	Mr. B. A. Blake, Dy. Col.
9 Madras.....	Conterminous with the limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the High Court of Judicature of Madras	Madras.....	Mr. John George Ferrand.
10 Chingleput.....	Conterminous with the Collectorate of Madras, with the exception of that portion which is under the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the High Court of Madras	Saidapett.....	Mr. S. R. Locke, Dy. Col.
11 North Arcot.....	Do. with the Collrte. of N. Arcot	Chittoor.....	C. Condasawmy, Dy. Col.
12 South Arcot.....	Do. do. of South Arcot.....	Cuddalore.....	K. Varadachary, Dy. Col.
13 Tanjore.....	Do. Zillah of Tanjore.....	Tanjore.....	A. Seshiah, Actg. Dy. Col.
14 Tranquebar.....	Do. do. of Tranquebar.....	Tranquebar.....	Major Edward Stevenson.
15 Tinnevely.....	Do. Collectorate of Tinnevely.	Tinnevely....	T. Venkata Rau, Dy. Col.
16 Madura.....	Do. do. of Madura.....	Madura.....	P. Seshagiri Rau, Dy. Col.
17 Trichinopoly.....	Do. do. of Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly.	R. Raghunatda Rau, Dy. Collector.
18 Salem.....	Do. do. of Salem.....	Salem.....	W. Johnston, Dy. Col.
19 Coimbatore.....	Do. do. of Coimbatore.....	Coimbatore...	B. Kuppa Rau, Dy. Col.
20 South Canara.....	Do. do. of South Canara.....	Mangalore.....	Mr. J. F. Fernandez, Dy. Collector.
21 Tellicherry.....	Do. Zillah of Tellicherry.....	Tellicherry....	Mr. Francis Paul Pereira, Principal Sudr. Ameen.
22 Calicut.....	Do. do. of Calicut.....	Calicut.....	C. Rungacharlu, Dy. Col.
23 Ootacamund.....	Do. with the Neilgherry Taluk	Ootacamund..	J. Ramiah Naidu, Tahildar.

PRINCIPAL SUDDER AMEENS.

Corrected to 15th December 1866.

	Rs.
P. Srinnivasa Rao, Temporary.....	Bellary..... 500
K. Krishna Menon, Acting.....	Calicut..... 500
Mr. John D'Silva, Acting.....	Cochin..... 500
S. Marcar.....	Cuddapah..... 500
G. Mootoosawmy Chetty.....	Madura..... 500
Streenevassa Row.....	Mangalore..... 500
T. Mootoosawmy Iyer.....	Mangalore..... 500
V. Soondra Naidoo.....	Tranquebar..... 500
S. Vencatadry Naidoo.....	Rajahmundry..... 500
A. P. Streenerass.....	Tinnevely..... 500
Mr. F. P. Pereira.....	Tellicherry..... 500
T. Kristnasamiah.....	Tanjore..... 500
C. Lukshmaiya Naidoo.....	Salem..... 500

DISTRICT MOONSIFFS.

BELLARY.

T. R. A. Thumba Chetty, Offg.....	3rd Grade.....	Purghee.....	200
S. N. Cunterarasharry.....	3rd do.....	Culleandroog.....	200
P. Soobba Row.....	3rd do.....	Gooty.....	200
Mr. H. V. Platcher.....	3rd do.....	Bellary.....	200
D. Yagapah.....	3rd do.....	Naraindaverkary.....	200

BERHAMPORE.

V. Seethapathy Row.....	1st Grade.....	Aska.....	300
S. Kanakachellum.....	2nd do.....	Chicacole.....	250
Imam Oodeen Sheriff.....	3rd do.....	Berhampore.....	200
Goda Dasaya.....	3rd do.....	Teekaly.....	200

CALICUT.

M. Parthasarady Pillay.....	2nd Grade.....	Nedoonganand.....	250
Mr. J. M. D'Rozario.....	3rd do.....	Calicut.....	200
Chembil Krishna Menon.....	3rd do.....	Chowghaut.....	200
Vacant.....	3rd do.....	Ernaad.....	200
Mr. M. LaBouchardur.....	3rd do.....	Palghaut.....	200
Palakrooshy Kanju Menon.....	3rd do.....	Shernaad.....	200
Syed Vullu Ahmed Sahib.....	3rd do.....	Kootnaad.....	200
Chinguchelvittil Chungara Nair.....	3rd do.....	Betutnaad.....	200
K. Odenan Numbiar.....	3rd do.....	Puttamby.....	200
Kousuth Kunju Menon, Ag.....	3rd do.....	Temulpoorum.....	200
Mr. Peter Netto.....	3rd do.....	Angengo.....	30

CHINGLEPUT.

C. Veerasamy Pillay.....	2nd Grade.....	Conjeveram.....	250
T. Chellapa Naick.....	3rd do.....	Tripassoor.....	200
S. Narrasimloo Naidoo.....	3rd do.....	Carangoody.....	200

CHITTOOR.

V. Cothundarama Naidoo.....	2nd Grade.....	Chittoor.....	250
Mahomed Gouse Saib.....	3rd do.....	Vellore.....	200
W. Ramasawmy Iyer.....	3rd do.....	Cholungur.....	200
C. Stripaty Row.....	3rd do. Offg.....	Triputy.....	200
V. Rungasamy Iyengar.....	3rd do.....	Trivuttoo.....	200
A. Turoovengada Pillay.....	3rd do. Offg.....	Palmanar.....	200

CUDDAPAH.

	Rs.
Ameer Oodden Sheriff.....3rd Grade.....	Doovoor..... 200
V. Chinna Sisha Charlu.....3rd do.....	Nundialumpett..... 200
M. Vencataroya Sastry.....3rd do.....	Goorumcondah..... 200
V. Vencata Gopaul Row.....3rd do.....	Cuddapah..... 200
P. Saimi Aiyar.....3rd do.....	Cudree..... 200
Joty Vencata Row.....3rd do.....	Tungatoor..... 200
K. Narayana Row.....3rd do.....	Royachooty..... 200

COIMBATORE.

T. V. Ponnosamy Pillay.....1st Grade.....	Erode..... 300
J. D. Bashacarlo Naidoo.....3rd do.....	Coimbatore..... 200
Vaidhiswaraiya.....3rd do.....	Oodamulcottah..... 200
Mr. Jeremiah Moses.....3rd do.....	Caroor..... 200
B. Pasupaty Mudeliar.....3rd do.....	Collegal..... 200

CUDDALORE.

T. Appiah Chetty.....3rd Grade.....	Cuddalore..... 200
C. Ramasamier.....3rd do.....	Yelloppoorum..... 200
Mr. P. M. Pedroza.....3rd do.....	Chellumberam..... 200
C. Ramachendrarayar.....3rd do.....	Virdachellam..... 200

GUNTOOR.

M. Narsinga Row.....3rd Grade.....	Baupulla..... 200
M. Rutna Sabaputty.....3rd do. Ag.....	Carumpoody..... 200
Abdool Iyash Goolam Mahomed	
Yahiya Nakoozee.....3rd do. Addl.....	Guntoor..... 200
Moulavee Mahomed Abdool	
Allum Saib.....3rd do. Tempy.....	Masulipatam..... 200
P. Venkataramanapah Naidoo.....3rd do.....	Bezovada..... 200

MADURA.

Syed Mustafa Sahib.....3rd Grade.....	Madura..... 200
S. M. Nurasimhulu Nayudu.....3rd do.....	Shevagangah..... 200
T. Kunakasabay Mudaly.....3rd do. Offg.....	Paramagoody..... 200
Adiappa Chetty.....3rd do.....	Dindigul..... 200
B. Sreenivasa Murthy Aiyengar.....3rd do. Offg.....	Palny Hills..... 200

MANGALORE.

Timmappaya.....2nd Grade.....	Bekul..... 250
Mr. F. Saldanha.....2nd do.....	Pootoor..... 250
Timmappa.....2nd do.....	Karikul..... 250
Mr. J. G. Coelho.....3rd do.....	Mangalore..... 200
O. Ramapah.....3rd do.....	Moolky..... 200
Kalianapuram Subarawn.....3rd do.....	Oodipy..... 200
Mangui-shya.....3rd do.....	Barkoor..... 200
Mr. A. J. Coelho.....3rd do.....	Buntwall..... 200
T. Subbana Charry.....3rd do.....	Cundapoor..... 200

NELLORE.

Mr. J. Smith.....1st Grade.....	Nellore..... 300
Y. Gopaula Kristniah.....3rd do.....	Ongole..... 200
G. Narasimha Charry.....3rd do.....	Goodoor..... 200

NUNDIAL.

P. Vencatasamy Naidoo.....2nd Grade.....	Cumbum..... 250
B. Gireayapah.....3rd do.....	Kurnool..... 200
V. Kanakalya Naidoo.....3rd do.....	Nundial..... 200

RAJAHMUNDRY.

D. Sannasy Rauze.....1st Grade.....	Ellore..... 300
Saminany Rungiah Naidoo.....1st do.....	Rajahmundry..... 300
Nayob Saib.....3rd do.....	Narsapur..... 200
C. Vencatachellum.....3rd do.....	Peddapur..... 200
V. Kamarauze.....3rd do.....	Amalapore..... 200
Mr. G. Wells.....3rd do. Ag.....	Coconada..... 200

SALEM.

	Rs.
Mr. John White.....1st Grade.....	Triputtoor..... 300
Mr. J. H. Shunker.....3rd do.....	Salcm..... 200
Adesevem Pillay.....3rd do.....	Namcul..... 200
P. M. Poonosamy Pillay.....2nd do.....	Kristnagherry..... 250
T. Ganapaty Iyar.....3rd do.....	Oosoor..... 200

TELLICHERRY.

Mr. J. J. D'Rozario.....1st Grade.....	Tellicherry..... 300
Illatavilil Kunjoo Ramen Nair.....1st do.....	Buddoogherry..... 200
Mr. D. D'Cruz.....3rd do.....	Cary..... 300
Subbarow.....3rd do.....	Chavacherry..... 200
Mr. V. P. D'Rozario.....3rd do.....	Pynaad..... 200

TINNEVELLY.

Mahomed Madar Sahab.....2nd Grade.....	Nelliambalum..... 250
T. Mahalingaya.....3rd do. Offg.....	Brummadasen..... 200
C. Allagberryamy Naidoo.....3rd do.....	Needoomundalum..... 200
Arnachiella Iyer.....3rd do.....	Streevycoondum..... 200

TANJORE.

Annoosamy Moodelly.....1st Grade.....	Tanjore..... 300
Ramasami Iyer.....1st do.....	Trivady..... 300
Vasudava Row.....3rd do.....	Puttoocottah..... 200
S. Ragavaiyangar.....3rd do. Tempy.....	Paupanasem..... 200
S. Annagherry Moodelly.....3rd do.....	Manargoody..... 200
Venkatachella Iyer.....3rd do.....	Valunganam..... 200
V. Jeyaram Row.....1st do. Ag.....	Combaconum..... 200

TRANQUEBAR.

Soondarapier.....2nd Grade.....	Trivalore..... 250
A. Subbaiya.....3rd do.....	Negapatam..... 200
Mr. T. Misquita.....3rd do.....	Tranquebar..... 200
S. Vathanayagum Pillay.....3rd do.....	Mayaveram..... 200
Mr. T. Ballard.....3rd do.....	Sheally..... 200
M. Rangaiyangar.....3rd do.....	Tretorypoondy..... 200

TRICHINOPOLY.

Apparayangar.....3rd Grade.....	Perumbalur..... 200
S. Rajahgopaula Naiker.....3rd do.....	Trichinopoly..... 200
Syed Goolam Russool Saib.....3rd do. Additional.....	Trichinopoly..... 200

VIZAGAPATAM.

G. Ramanjooloo Naidoo.....1st Grade.....	Bimlipatam..... 300
Chinnam Vencatarathnum.....3rd do.....	Royaveram..... 200
B. Ghantaya Sastry.....3rd do.....	Rajam..... 200
C. Poorooshottum Iya.....3rd do.....	Vizagapatam..... 200
Maderala Jogaya Puntooloo.....3rd do.....	Vizianagaram..... 200
Konduparty Jugganathadasu	
Puntooloo.....3rd do.....	Parvatipur..... 200

LIST OF TAHSILDARS.

Corrected to 10th December 1866.

Districts and Taluks.	Names of Tahsildars.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
GANJAM.			
Chicacole.....	Mr. J. J. Thompson	175	1 October 1861
Gumsur.....	G. Balaramaiya	150	1 May 1862
Berhampur.....	K. Timmiah.....	200	1 March 1862
VIZAGAPATAM.			
Golconda.....	N. Narrain Row.....	150	1 May 1865
Sarvasiddi.....	Pandurangi Narasanna	150	1 May 1865
GODAVERY.			
Rajabundry.....	P. Venkata Rangachari.....	175	18 November 1865
Amalpuram.....	A. Ramanna.....	200	13 November 1865
Ramachendrapuram.....	K. Seshaiya.....	250	29 April 1862
Ellore.....	P. Viakatanarsimha Rau.....	150	13 January 1865
Narsapuram.....	D. Venkanna.....	225	1 February 1862
Peddauram.....	P. Atchutaramaiya.....	150	13 November 1865
Yernagudem.....	Mahommad Rahim Uddin.....	150	20 November 1864
Tanaku.....	K. Yettrazulu.....	200	12 August 1864
Oondy.....	A. Sundarraz.....	175	9 August 1864
KISTNA.			
Baupatla.....	V. Venkut Row.....	225	14 September 1863
Repalli.....	T. Ramaiya.....	250	20 March 1862
Bundur.....	Mr. P. Tims.....	175	1 March 1862
Guntoor.....	V. Seshaiya.....	225	14 September 1863
Bezavada.....	A. Venkataratnam.....	150	15 February 1864
Nandigama.....	T. Venkatachellum.....	150	1 October 1862
Rajapettah.....	P. Latchenannarayanappen.....	200	6 August 1863
Krosur.....	M. Venkatreddi Naidu.....	175	28 August 1865
Palnau.....	K. Annajee Row.....	200	31 August 1865
Vinnaconda.....	S. Kistna Rau.....	150	28 August 1865
Gudivada.....	R. Nagabhashanam Naidu.....	200	1 February 1865
NELLORE.			
Nellore.....	Kanchi Subba Row.....	225	1 July 1864
Gudur.....	P. Venkatakrishnama Naidu.....	175	6 May 1861
Rapara.....	C. Bashika Charyalu, (Actg.).....	150	13 August 1866
Atmakuru.....	Kanchi Balaji Rau, n.a.....	175	18 July 1864
Kavali.....	K. Arumugam Mudali—Proficient.....	175	16 February 1866
Udayagiri.....	P. T. Raghava Charri.....	150	16 February 1866
Ongole.....	Nayapati Kristna Rau.....	200	1 November 1860
Kundukuru.....	Kasukhela Raguhpati Rau.....	200	16 November 1860
Kanigiri.....	Vaidula Hanumaji Row.....	150	1 May 1863
CUDDAPAH.			
Badvel.....	M. Raghavendra Row.....	150	10 September 1866
Pulivendula.....	M. Narasinga Rau.....	175	1 May 1865
Sidhavattum.....	P. Rama Rau.....	150	1 April 1866
Pallampett.....	D. Venkoba Rau.....	200	23 April 1867
Cuddapah.....	Bhikamsing Hazari.....	225	19 December 1862
Rayachoty.....	R. Raghavendra Rau.....	175	18 July 1859
Kadri.....	K. Venkatachellapati Naidu.....	175	5 June 1862
Voilpaud.....	C. Seshagiri Row, (Actg.).....	175	27 July 1865
Madanapalli.....	N. Appa Raz.....	175	1 July 1859
Jammalamadugu.....	P. Narayana Rau.....	200	14 January 1866
Poddatur.....	C. Venkatakrishniah.....	175	18 April 1866
BELLARY.			
Bellary.....	Mr. J. G. Firth.....	225	18 March 1863
Hospett.....	V. Doraswami Iyer.....	175	30 September 1865
Huvihudgalli.....	M. Venkatachalapathy Naidu.....	150	6 October 1864
Gutti.....	K. Nursinga Row.....	200	11 May 1863
Tadpatri.....	S. Venkat Rau.....	200	8 November 1864
Anantapur.....	C. Raghava Row.....	175	18 December 1865
Pengonda.....	P. Shama Row.....	150	18 December 1865
Hindupur.....	M. Rungiah Naidu.....	150	18 December 1865
Kudligi.....	M. Tiruvengadiya.....	175	29 September 1865

LIST OF TAHSILDARS.—Continued.

Districts and Taluks.	Names of Tahsildars.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
BELLARY.			
Harpanhully.....	N. Parthasarady.....	150	9 February 1865
Alur.....	Vacant.....		
Adoni.....	R. Hanumuntu Rau.....	200	6 June 1863
Raidroog.....	Y. Hanoomunt Row.....	175	20 July 1866
Dhamavarum.....	K. Sashagiri Row.....	200	15 October 1864
Madaksira.....	D. Rama Rau.....	150	15 July 1862
KURNOOL.			
Sirwell.....	C. Vencataragava Rau.....	150	12 June 1865
Nundacotkoor.....	Ramachendra Rau.....	175	1 March 1859
Koilkootla.....	P. Kistna Rau.....	225	16 August 1859
Ramalcota.....	Narain Row.....	200	9 August 1866
Markapoor.....	Kistna Row, (Doing duty in Putti- condah taluk for six months.).....	150	15 May 1866
Nundial.....	J. Venkatasooblah.....	200	17 October 1861
Cumbun.....	K. Kristna Rau.....	150	14 November 1864
Patticonda.....	N. Gopala Kristnama Chetty, (Do- ing duty in Markapur taluk for six months.).....	175	15 May 1866
MADRAS.			
Madurantakum.....	Senkara Row.....	225	5 June 1866
Conjeveram.....	M. Sawmy Naidu.....	200	16 September 1860
Saidapet.....	Sundara Rau.....	175	5 September 1863
Trivalore.....	Nazamodin Sahib.....	175	21 May 1863
Chingleput.....	Viraragava Iyengar.....	150	28 November 1863
Ponneri.....	Kuppu Rau.....	150	22 July 1862
Madras.....	P. Sambusiva Mudali.....	150	1 May 1865
NORTH ARCOT.			
Chittoor.....	Ramiengar.....	175	29 November 1866
Chendragherri.....	Vacant.....		
Palmanair.....	Syed Esnack.....	150	1 September 1860
Vellore.....	C. Pillai Muttu Pillai, (Actg.).....	175	7 December 1864
Wallajah.....	V. Lutchmiah Naidu.....	250	11 October 1858
Gudiatum.....	C. Narasimha Chary.....	175	1 September 1860
Arcot.....	Ganasagara Rau.....	225	15 October 1864
Poloor.....	S. Janardana Naidu, (Actg.).....	150	30 July 1865
Wandiwash.....	K. Kristna.....	200	5 August 1865
SOUTH ARCOT.			
Tindevanum.....	C. Strinivasa Aiyengar.....	225	1 November 1864
Villapuram.....	Devanayaga Naidu.....	225	December 1864
Chidamburum.....	M. Colandavalu Pillai.....	250	3 August 1866
Tirunamalai.....	Venkatrama Iyer.....	150	1 May 1865
Vridachellum.....	Vencatasooblah.....	175	24 October 1865
Ellavanasir.....	Appaswamy Mudali.....	200	December 1864
Onlakurchi.....	Syed Meer Saib.....	175	7 September 1857
Cuddalore.....	Vacant.....	200	
TANJORE.			
Tanjore.....	Virasami Naidu.....	250	16 September 1863
Negapatam.....	Venkatrayalu Naidu.....	250	20 August 1862
Nannilum.....	Chinnakristna Naidu.....	250	22 March 1865
Combaconum.....	M. Sivaguru Pillai.....	250	1 January 1860
Mayaveram.....	Vythina Iyer, (Actg.).....	225	5 June 1866
Trirapundi.....	Vacant.....	225	
Shealli.....	Viraragava Iyengar, (Actg.).....	150	5 June 1866
Pallukotal.....	Iyasawmy Sastri.....	175	1 October 1865
Mannargudi.....	Kuppusawmy Iyer.....	200	11 March 1865
TRICHINOPOLY.			
Trichinopoly.....	T. Pattabhirama Pillay.....	250	26 June 1865
Kulitalay.....	Tambusami Pillay.....	200	19 May 1862
Museri.....	Setu Rau.....	225	26 June 1865
Udayarpollium.....	Khader Saib.....	150	25 December 1860
Perambalur.....	Venkasawmy Naidu.....	175	10 June 1865
MADURA.			
Tiroomungalum.....	Venkata Row.....	200	19 October 1861
Madura.....	Somusundrum Mudali.....	225	1 September 1861
Meylore.....	Ramaiya.....	200	26 October 1860

LIST OF TAHSILDARS.—Continued.

Districts and Taluks.	Names of Tahsildars.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
MADURA.			
Dindigul.....	M. Ramasawmy Iyer.....	175	13 February 1861
Percacolum.....	Govinda Rau.....	150	1 September 1861
Palni.....	Mr. G. Burby.....	150	13 November 1861
TINNEVELLY.			
Ambasamudrum.....	Hurriam.....	225	20 November 1861
Tenkarai.....	Narayana Row, (Actg.).....	250	1 December 1862
Nangunary.....	Allagari Naidu.....	200	9 June 1862
Ottapidaram.....	Ramachandra Iyer.....	150	24 March 1862
Sattur.....	Vacant.....	150	
Streevelliputtur.....	Govindu Naidu.....	200	23 October 1865
Tenkase.....	Jagannada Rau.....	175	24 March 1864
Shenkernanai.....	Cassinada Pillai.....	200	24 October 1865
Tinnevelly.....	A. Vaikuntam Iyengar.....	225	21 March 1866
COIMBATORE.			
Coimbatore.....	Govinda Rajulu Naidu.....	200	5 August 1865
Sattiamungalum.....	D. Pedda Naidu.....	200	25 April 1864
Palladam.....	P. Kristna Rau.....	225	21 July 1860
Polachy.....	C. Vencatramianah.....	175	5 December 1866
Perindoray.....	T. Annajee Rau.....	225	19 September 1860
Bowany.....	T. Strinivassa Iyengar.....	150	25 April 1864
Darapooram.....	S. Belegheri Rau.....	200	22 December 1860
Oodomalacottai.....	P. Bowany Senkara Rau.....	175	1 October 1860
Caroor.....	K. Vencatramianah.....	175	22 December 1860
Neilgherry.....	J. Ramiah Naidu.....	225	2 February 1866
Koilegal.....	M. Ramachandra Rau.....	150	19 September 1860
SALEM.			
Salem.....	Ramasawmy Iyer.....	250	1 December 1860
Namacul.....	P. Soorapiah.....	225	23 November 1866
Ahtur.....	Kuppusawmi Naidu.....	200	27 June 1866
Usur.....	P. T. Rajagopala Charry.....	200	27 June 1866
Shervaroy Hills.....	Vacant.....	150	
Darmapury.....	Mr. H. D. M. Jones, (Actg.).....	175	27 June 1866
Tripatur.....	Sundarayer.....	200	1 November 1860
Kistnaghiri.....	Seshagiri Rau.....	150	1 March 1864
Tinchengode.....	Mr. J. M. Manual.....	225	1 January 1862
Ootungiri.....	Strinevassa Iyengar.....	150	15 October 1864
SOUTH CANARA.			
Mangalore.....	Ramappa.....	200	1 February 1863
Cassergode.....	T. Subba Row.....	225	1 April 1865
Upinangadi.....	Annaji Row.....	175	3 April 1865
Udipi.....	G. Narayana Row.....	225	5 December 1862
Cundapur.....	M. Lakshuman Row.....	200	27 March 1865
MALABAR.			
Calicut.....	Churia Ramen.....	175	21 May 1861
Palghat.....	K. Kristna Menon.....	200	16 November 1861
Cochin.....	Mr. M. A. Platel.....	150	10 November 1865
Cherikul.....	P. Kristna Putter.....	175	13 September 1862
Ponduany.....	Remakin.....	225	1 May 1861
Kurembenad.....	M. K. Ramen Valdier.....	200	1 May 1861
Ernaad.....	P. Ramen Marar.....	200	1 June 1864
Valuvanad.....	M. Ramuni Paniker.....	200	1 June 1864
Wynaad.....	Paramashura Pillay, (Actg.).....	200	24 September 1866
Koteyam.....	C. Karemakra Menon.....	175	24 June 1864

LIST OF HOOZOR AND SUB-COLLECTORS' SERISHTADARS.

Districts.	Names of Serishtadars.	Salary	Date of Appointment.
		Rs.	
Ganjam.....	T. Sivaramaia.....	250	1st May 1860
	Kanta Rau.....	150	1st July 1859
Vizagapatam.....	Mr. John William McMurray, (Acting Treasury Depr Collr.).....	250	1st May 1860
	N. Ramadoss, (Acting).....	150	
Godavery.....	B. Bungarayya.....	250	18th June 1863
	K. Subba Row.....	150	3d Feb. 1866
Kistna.....	D. Purasshattamaya.....	250	25th May 1860
	C. Kistna Rau.....	150	24th Sep. 1863
Nellore.....	Roju Girdi Venkatakrishnarau, B.A.....	250	16th Aug. 1864
	Madakasara Raja Rau.....	150	12th May 1863
Cuddapah.....	E. Simhadri Rau.....	250	19th April 1861
	H. Kristna Rau.....	150	1st May 1861
Bellary.....	M. Murugesem Mudali.....	250	23d Jan. 1864
	Sivaramappa.....	150	21st May 1862
Kurnool.....	Chowdappa.....	250	1st Aug. 1859
Madras.....	A. Kistnama Charri.....	250	4th Mar. 1863
	Mr. M. Jordan.....	150	1st Nov. 1861
North Arcot.....	C. Purshottama Rau.....	250	20th Aug. 1862
	T. Chitambalum Mudali.....	150	2d Aug. 1865
South Arcot.....	C. Kristnaiya.....	250	1st Aug. 1860
	A. Kanakasabai Mudali.....	150	9th Dec. 1864
Tanjore.....	T. Venkasawmi Row.....	250	1st Aug. 1863
	Suryamurti Pillay.....	150	1st Jan. 1861
Trichinopoly.....	Setu Rau.....	250	1st May 1860
Madura.....	Venkatasawmi Naidu.....	250	21st Nov. 1863
	Subbaiya.....	150	15th Feb. 1861
Tinnevelly.....	V. Vurda Charry.....	250	30th April 1866
	Virabhadra Pillay.....	175	1st Aug. 1860
Coimbatore.....	L. Narayana Rau.....	250	1st July 1860
	P. Venkatramanaiya.....	150	19th Sep. 1860
Salem.....	David Paul Pillay.....	250	1st Dec. 1860
	C. Tanikachalam Mudali.....	150	13th Oct. 1862
South Canara.....	Ruddrappa.....	250	1st June 1860
Malabar.....	Upot Kannam.....	250	15th Sep. 1866
	N. Shangara Marar.....	150	23d July 1863

LIST OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF SEA CUSTOMS.

Districts.	Names of Ports.	Names of Superintendents.	Salary. Rs.	Date of Appointment.
Ganjam	Munsirkota.....	Mr. W. Waters.....	130	15 Oct. 1866
	Ganjam.....	Mr. J. E. Leonhard.....	115	Do.
	Calingapatam.....	Mr. J. Lloyd.....	100	1 Aug. 1862
Vizagapatam...	Bimlipatam.....	Madirala Sandara Rai.....	100	Do.
	Vizagapatam.....	Grundl Venkatapati.....	85	Do.
Godavery.....	Coconada	K. Venkata Raz.....	100	18 Mar. 1863
	Coringa.....	B. Raja Rau.....	70	Do.
Kistna.....	Mungapudi.....	Mr. P. Creswell.....	85	1 Feb. 1862
Nellore.....	Kottapatnam & } Itamukala..... }	Lalpetta Srinivasulu Nayudu	70	15 Sep. 1865
South Arcot...	Cuddalore.....	Mr. J. E. Vanderlowen.....	100	5 Dec. 1858 & 1 April 1862
	Port Novo.....	Ghoolam Hyder Saib.....	50	25 April 1864
Tanjore.....	Negapatam.....	Mr. Thomas Moran.....	100	1 March 1864
	Tranquebar.....	* Manikam Pillai	80	17 Nov. 1866
	Mootoopettah.....	Mr. G. V. Nelson.....	50	17 Nov. 1866
	Trimulvassal.....	Devasoodamani Pillay.....	50	25 April 1863
Madura.....	Paumben.....	Mr. A. Burby.....	65	1 June 1859
Tinnevely.....	Tuticorin.....	Subramanya Pillay.....	100	9 Aug. 1862
South Canara.	Mangalore	* Sadat Khan	100	1 Aug. 1862
	Candapoor.....	Mr. H. A. Craig.....	50	Do.
Malabar.....	Calicut.....	Mr. J. R. Rodrigues.....	100	1 Aug. 1862
	Cochin.....	Mr. B. Frank.....	100	Do.
	Cannanore.....	Mr. J. H. Gerard.....	70	Do.
	Tellicherry.....	Mr. M. Nelson.....	70	Do.
	Burdagberry.....	K. Ramayen.....	50	Do.
	Ponani.....	Mr. J. E. D'Rozario.....	50	Do.

* Conservators of the Port also.

STATEMENT SHOWING THE NUMBER OF VILLAGES, AREA, POPULATION, AND REVENUE OF EACH OF THE NEW TALUQS IN THE SEVERAL DISTRICTS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Districts	New Taluqs.	Kasbahs.	No. of Vil- lages.	Area.	Pop. as per census in Fasli 1271.	Revenue for Fasli, 1274
Ganjam.	Gumsur	Rasselcondah.....	624	1,031	1,22,817	1,59,939
	Barampur.....	Barampur	442	574	2,15,430	2,93,389
	Chicacole.....	Chicacole.....	234	336	2,47,794	2,09,735
	Total...		1,500	1,941	4,86,041	6,63,113
Vizaga- patam.	Golcondah.....	Narsipatam	294	642	57,867	63,863
	Survasiddy.....	Yellamanchilly	71	200	50,824	1,14,037
	Total...		365	842	1,08,691	1,77,900
Godavery.	Narsapoor.....	Narsapoor	135	450	1,52,805	4,18,370
	Undi.....	Undi.....	148	416	80,156	3,06,590
	Tanuku	Tanuku	180	366	1,44,039	5,32,161
	Amalapur.....	Amalapur.....	167	437	1,76,851	5,07,446
	Ramchendrapoor..	Ramchendrapoor..	163	507	1,79,519	8,19,430
	Elur.....	Elur.....	246	729	1,14,106	1,86,773
	Yernagudiam	Yernagudiam	201	1,249	1,26,240	1,92,001
	Rajahmundry.....	Rajahmundry	468	2,058	96,757	1,56,956
	Peddapoor.....	Peddapore.....	214	506	100,820	2,26,352
	Total...		1,922	6,718	1,171,313	3,339,084
Kistna.	Repalle	Repalle.....	175	503	1,41,128	4,34,491
	Bapetla.....	Bapetla.....	103	603	1,18,399	4,38,921
	Guntoor	Guntoor	145	451	1,04,988	3,28,434
	Rajapet.....	Rajapet.....	151	597	92,557	2,98,602
	Krosur	Krosur.....	190	551	73,049	3,38,914
	Vinnakondah.....	Vinnakondah	109	446	48,505	1,06,675
	Palnad.....	Gurajalee	155	1,012	95,515	2,85,805
	Bundur.....	Bandar	173	590	1,03,217	40,785
	Gudivada	Gurrajah	271	481	76,663	2,39,957
	Bejvada	Bejvada	389	1,175	40,743	1,16,563
	Nandigama	Nandigama.....	193	551	72,948	1,52,424
	Total...		2,054	6,960	2,67,712	27,81,571
Nellore.	Gudur	Gudur.....	119	422	61,197	3,40,298
	Rapur	Rapur.....	166	553	41,011	1,13,539
	Nellore.....	Nellore.....	176	488	1,37,005	4,20,155
	Atmakur	Atmakur	129	489	68,036	2,28,916
	Udayaghiri.....	Udayaghiri	81	389	37,889	68,377
	Kavali.....	Kavali.....	71	357	40,594	1,40,745
	Kundukur.....	Kundukur.....	220	603	82,251	2,34,413
	Ongole	Ongole	187	532	1,19,828	2,83,318
	Kanighiri.....	Kanighiri.....	101	304	45,092	49,347
	Total...		1,200	4,137	6,32,883	18,43,108
Cuddapah.	Jammelamadoogoo	Jammelamadoogoo	185	740	91,058	2,24,443
	Podatur	Podatur.....	89	505	80,086	2,13,149
	Budwail	Budwail.....	144	743	72,826	1,44,344
	Cuddapah.....	Cuddapah	165	695	1,27,973	2,60,491
	Sidhout.....	Sidhout.....	82	655	57,019	1,40,553
	Pullampet.....	Pullampet	144	985	1,04,561	2,18,347
	Pulivendla.....	Pulivendla.....	114	881	91,789	1,73,953
	Cadri.....	Cadri.....	128	1,093	91,248	1,39,269
	Rayachoti	Rayachoti	116	1,121	1,17,421	1,45,466
	Voilpaud	Voilpaud	115	750	1,11,066	1,70,417
	Madinapulli	Madinapulli	117	1,004	1,05,057	1,66,283
	Total...		1,349	9,177	10,50,104	20,14,720

Districts.	New Taluqs.	Kasbahs.	No. of Villages.	Area.	Pop. as per census taken in Fasli 1271.	Revenue for Fasli 1274
Bellary.	Bellary.....	Bellary.....	179	985	1,23,358	2,67,495
	Adoni.....	Adoni.....	204	805	1,28,852	2,36,895
	Tadpatri.....	Tadpatri.....	97	772	93,103	1,93,534
	Alur.....	Alur.....	106	677	65,899	2,68,686
	Guti.....	Guti.....	155	1,014	1,06,823	2,10,758
	Hospett.....	Hospett.....	146	540	78,572	1,63,424
	Dharmavaram.....	Dharmavarum.....	196	1,226	89,058	1,48,789
	Anantapur.....	Anantapur.....	128	789	77,135	1,42,106
	Hindupur.....	Hindupur.....	112	481	66,733	1,17,085
	Huvinhadgali.....	Havinhadgali.....	163	623	69,075	1,34,664
	Pennakonda.....	Pennakonda.....	115	654	68,518	1,09,622
	Kudligi.....	Kudligi.....	384	864	71,911	1,06,079
	Maddaksira.....	Maddaksira.....	159	439	61,557	1,05,153
	Rayadurg.....	Rayadurg.....	156	890	67,201	1,21,153
	Harpenhalli.....	Harpenhalli.....	240	592	53,418	1,05,628
Total...			2,540	11,351	12,21,223	24,31,071
Kurnool.	Pettikonda.....	Pettikonda.....	197	1,071	1,36,099	1,92,443
	Ravalkota.....	Ravalkota.....	147	810	1,14,171	1,77,193
	Nandikotur.....	Nandikotur.....	153	1,322	75,674	2,12,970
	Nandial.....	Nandial.....	97	862	84,398	2,16,714
	Kovilaguntla.....	Kovilaguntla.....	98	582	88,112	2,17,475
	Servill.....	Servill.....	108	527	58,027	1,79,407
	Kambam.....	Kambam.....	174	1,048	98,473	1,54,280
	Markapur.....	Markapur.....	230	1,248	70,814	88,530
Total...			1,204	7,470	7,25,768	14,58,962
Madras.	Chingleput.....	Chingleput.....	444	470	90,173	2,19,485
	Conjeevaram.....	Conjeevaram.....	462	500	1,29,921	3,35,864
	Madurantacum.....	Madurantacum.....	563	650	1,35,265	3,41,289
	Tiruvellloor.....	Tiruvellloor.....	337	585	1,16,497	2,59,579
	Sydapet.....	Sydapet.....	350	355	1,19,314	2,20,699
	Ponnari.....	Ponnari.....	303	540	84,220	1,93,837
	Madras.....	Madras.....	21	21	7,20,000	85,689
Total...			2,480	3,131	13,95,390	16,56,642
North Arcot.	Chendrageri.....	Chendrageri.....	231	317	75,468	78,950
	Chittur.....	Chittur.....	481	574	1,41,254	1,84,606
	Palmanair.....	Palmanair.....	564	487	50,983	67,854
	Wallajahpetta.....	Wallajahpetta.....	308	512	1,79,076	3,09,262
	Guriattum.....	Guriattum.....	274	442	1,24,240	2,02,533
	Vellore.....	Vellore.....	192	268	1,42,259	1,77,951
	Polur.....	Polur.....	226	317	86,336	1,39,689
	Vandivash.....	Vandivash.....	424	412	1,17,643	2,90,684
	Arcot.....	Arcot.....	354	394	1,26,271	2,58,765
Total...			3,054	3,723	10,43,530	17,10,304
South Arcot.	Tindivanam.....	Tindivanam.....	550	746	1,50,330	4,02,681
	Tirunamalli.....	Tirunamalli.....	483	945	94,122	1,90,728
	Villapuram.....	Villapuram.....	380	557	1,66,023	4,47,992
	Cuddalore.....	Cuddalore.....	248	398	1,97,892	3,50,179
	Yellavanasur.....	Yellavanasur.....	326	453	1,14,677	3,06,021
	Kallakurchi.....	Kallakurchi.....	317	552	1,11,715	2,81,750
	Virudachellum.....	Virudachellum.....	304	514	1,20,026	3,21,489
	Chittambaram.....	Chittambaram.....	493	351	1,37,617	6,07,528
Total...			3,101	4,516	10,92,407	29,08,378

Districts.	New Taluqs.	Kasbahs.	No. of Villages.	Area.	Pop. as per census taken in Fasli 1271	Revenue for Fasli 1274
Tanjore.	Tanjore.....	Tanjore.....	647	635	2,88,409	6,10,165
	Kambakonum.....	Kambakonum.....	1,015	339	2,99,617	7,54,851
	Mayaveram.....	Mayaveram.....	766	275	1,99,559	5,62,500
	Shiyali.....	Shiyali.....	413	169	95,164	2,56,728
	Nunnilum.....	Nunnilum.....	848	293	1,79,467	7,08,406
	Negapatam.....	Negapatam.....	614	245	1,63,713	4,03,908
	Tritherpundi.....	Tritherpundi.....	371	537	1,23,002	3,09,724
	Manargudi.....	Manargudi.....	539	297	1,38,187	4,05,561
	Puttucotta.....	Puttucotta.....	1,119	946	1,65,022	1,90,170
Total...			6,332	3,736	16,52,170	39,42,013
Trichinopoly.	Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly.....	438	511	3,09,543	4,14,508
	Musari.....	Musari.....	233	743	1,86,590	2,97,309
	Kullutali.....	Kullutali.....	248	451	1,75,253	2,00,025
	Perambalur.....	Perambalur.....	248	693	1,25,336	2,25,515
	Wudiarpollem.....	Jeyenkondasholoveram.....	498	699	1,45,578	1,75,730
Total...			1,670	3,097	9,39,400	13,13,087
Madura.	Tirumangalam.....	Tirumangalam.....	258	618	1,89,413	3,49,683
	Melur.....	Melur.....	239	618	1,38,776	2,71,340
	Madura.....	Madura.....	248	361	1,58,252	2,16,721
	Dindigul.....	Dindigul.....	213	1,091	2,52,377	3,14,775
	Perikulam.....	Perikulam.....	83	1,213	1,62,959	2,40,020
	Palni.....	Palni.....	131	931	1,48,388	2,31,328
Total...			1,222	4,882	10,50,165	16,23,872
Tinnevely.	Ambasamudram.....	Ambasamudram.....	137	471	1,36,714	3,69,853
	Tinnevely.....	Tinnevely.....	264	296	1,63,378	3,47,412
	Tenkarai.....	Tenkarai.....	167	459	2,04,175	3,90,046
	Nanganeri.....	Nanganeri.....	234	652	1,41,956	3,13,872
	Tenkasi.....	Tenkasi.....	66	139	99,812	1,48,117
	Strivalliputtur.....	Strivalliputtur.....	153	443	1,37,811	2,20,597
	Sankaranainarcovil.....	Sankaranainarcovil.....	44	508	1,44,213	1,10,863
	Sattur.....	Sattur.....	100	360	1,33,222	1,52,910
	Ottapadarum.....	Ottapadarum.....	86	481	2,08,940	1,13,370
Total...			1,251	3,809	13,07,221	21,67,040
Coimbatore.	Perundurai.....	Perundurai.....	210	693	1,59,503	3,66,058
	Pelladam.....	Pelladam.....	194	815	1,77,163	3,32,358
	Coimbatore.....	Coimbatore.....	279	623	1,63,464	2,83,434
	Sattiamangalam.....	Sattiamangalam.....	248	1,000	1,21,261	3,15,620
	Dharapuram.....	Dharapuram.....	83	847	1,43,551	2,85,567
	Karur.....	Karur.....	91	590	1,17,398	2,36,990
	Pallachi.....	Pallachi.....	164	700	97,032	2,01,823
	Udumalapettai.....	Udumalapettai.....	94	518	87,008	1,83,903
	Kollaigal.....	Kollaigal.....	49	1,400	52,289	91,769
	Bhavani.....	Bhavani.....	68	800	58,401	98,252
	Nilgiri.....	Nilgiri.....	14	426	39,050	27,194
	Ootacamund.....	Ootacamund.....	14	426	39,050	27,194
Total...			1,594	8,417	12,15,920	24,24,968
Salem.	Salem.....	Salem.....	220	993	8,00,539	4,56,917
	Attur.....	Attur.....	136	797	1,19,290	2,09,084
	Namakkal.....	Namakkal.....	205	743	2,06,249	3,63,046
	Trichengode.....	Trichengode.....	139	632	1,93,106	3,54,415
	Tripatur.....	Tripatur.....	449	818	1,36,655	1,52,980
	Uttengiri.....	Uttengiri.....	568	803	1,16,871	1,25,719
	Darampuri.....	Darampuri.....	735	798	1,41,666	1,67,878
	Krishnagiri.....	Krishnagiri.....	607	657	1,22,131	1,48,500
	Oosoor.....	Oosoor.....	955	1,370	1,56,714	1,99,819
Total...			4,014	7,617	14,93,221	21,67,574

Districts.	New Taluqs.	Kasbahs.	No. of Villages.	Area.	Pop. as per census taken in Fasli 1271.	Revenue for Fasli 1294
South Canara.	Kundapur	Kundapur	190	525	96,642	2,40,030
	Udipi	Udipi	259	890	1,93,050	3,77,323
	Mangalur	Mangalur	309	717	2,06,845	3,60,493
	Kassargode	Kassargode	242	1,024	1,91,950	2,45,936
	Upinangadi	Upinangadi	278	1,047	99,555	1,62,730
	Total...		1,278	4,203	7,88,042	13,86,512
Malabar.	Cherical	Pullikannu	44	651	1,76,121	1,94,031
	Kottiyam	Kattaparamba	28	487	1,15,291	96,261
	Kurumbraled	Payoli	63	581	2,05,595	2,26,493
	Calicut	Chevayur	35	270	1,33,253	1,17,008
	Ernad	Monjeri	50	821	2,06,185	2,30,690
	Ponany	Ponany	74	426	3,03,586	3,16,557
	Palghat	Palghat	57	695	2,59,335	3,01,732
	Walawanad	Augadipuram	66	1,161	2,36,074	2,58,307
	Wynad	Manantoddi	16	1,160	48,777	96,133
	Cochin	Cochin	1	3	16,279	18,393
	Total...		434	6,256	17,00,496	18,55,605

COLLECTIONS OF REVENUE OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

For Fasli 1275, from 1st July 1865 to 30th June 1866.

DISTRICTS.		Land Revenue.	Sundry Sources.	Total.
		Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
1	Ganjam	9,73,683	15,73,707	25,47,595
2	Vizagapatam	13,36,309	5,56,024	18,92,333
3	Godavery	42,50,776	7,46,407	49,97,183
4	Kistna	33,39,481	10,19,936	43,59,417
5	Nellore	21,71,523	12,18,240	33,89,763
6	Cuddapah	20,15,114	2,82,841	22,97,955
7	Bellary	22,14,535	6,71,114	28,85,650
8	Kurnool	14,57,063	3,19,512	17,76,575
9	Madras	15,97,487	35,57,160	51,54,647
10	do. Town	"	13,61,770	13,61,770
11	North Arcot	23,30,372	3,99,383	27,38,755
12	South Arcot	26,82,883	9,54,659	36,37,547
13	Tanjore	39,98,605	21,56,259	61,54,864
14	Trichinopoly	13,79,992	2,03,265	15,83,257
15	Madura	19,51,359	10,13,612	29,64,962
16	Tinnevely	25,01,873	9,97,119	34,98,992
17	Coimbatore	25,22,446	3,93,333	29,15,799
18	Salem	21,39,816	3,45,766	24,85,582
19	South Canara	13,98,090	9,05,896	23,03,986
20	Malabar	18,34,667	15,34,032	33,68,699
Total...		4,21,05,476	2,02,10,055	6,23,15,541
Forest Revenue		2,52,594		
Alkary		41,70,229		
Income Tax		2,94,285		
Sea Customs		19,45,455		
Land Customs		1,23,981		
Salt		1,02,74,290		
Stamps		31,49,221		
Total...		20,210,055		

GOVERNMENT LOANS.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1824-25.

Opened 13th September 1824, and closed 19th May 1825. Interest payable quarterly in cash, or, to Proprietors *bona fide* resident in Europe, at their option, in cash, or by Bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors, at the exchange of 1s. 11d. per Sicca Rupee, and payable 12 months after date. The outstanding balance of the Notes of this Loan may be transferred to the Four per cent. Loan of 1st May 1865.

SECOND FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1828-29.

Opened on the 3rd July 1828. Interest payable quarterly, in cash only, and not in Bills on the Honorable the Court of Directors. The balance of this Loan may be transferred to the Four per cent. Loan of 1st May 1865.

THIRD FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1832-33.

PROMISSORY NOTES, DATED 1st May 1832.

Opened 7th June 1831, and closed 16th September 1835. Interest payable half-yearly, and in India only at the Fort Saint George and Bombay Treasuries at the exchange of 106½ per 100 Sicca Rupees, and to *bona fide* residents in Europe, at 1s. 11d. per Sicca Rupee. The balance may be transferred to the Four per cent. Loan of 1st May 1865.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1835-36.

Opened 16th September 1835, and closed 15th May 1841. Interest is payable half-yearly, on the 31st March and 30th September in cash, and to *bona fide* residents in Europe, at 1s. 10d. per Government Rupee.

FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1842-43.

This Loan was opened on the 4th January 1843, and is comprised of Cash Subscriptions and Transfers from the Five per cent. Loans of 1825-26 and 1829-30. Interest is payable on the 1st February and 1st August. The other conditions of this Loan are the same as those of the Four per cent. Loan of 1835-36.

TRANSFER FOUR PER CENT. LOAN OF 1854-55.

Opened on the 28th October 1853, and is comprised of transfers from the Five per cent. Loan, dated 30th June 1841. Interest is payable on the 30th June and 31st December. The Loan is re-payable after expiration of three months' notice in the Calcutta Gazette.

FOUR PER CENT. TRANSFER LOAN.

Opened on the 22nd January 1853, and comprised of transfers from the Five per cent. Transfer Loan. Interest payable in India and to residents in Europe, at 2s. 1d. per Sicca Rupee.

THREE-AND-A-HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1854.

This Loan was opened on the 28th October 1853, and closed on the 30th August 1856. Interest is payable on the 28th February and 31st August. It is re-payable after three months' notice of payment given in the Calcutta Gazette.

FIVE PER CENT. LOAN, CALLED "THE PUBLIC WORKS LOAN OF 1854-55."

This Loan was opened on the 12th March 1855. Interest is payable on the 31st March and 30th September.

FOUR-AND-A-HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 1856.

Opened 30th August 1856, and closed 16th January 1857. Interest is payable on the 28th February and 31st August.

FIVE PER CENT. LOAN OF 1857.

Opened 16th January 1857. Interest is payable on the 28th February and 31st August.

FIVE-AND-A-HALF PER CENT. LOAN OF 31st MAY 1859.

Opened 1st May 1859. Interest is payable on the 31st May and 30th November. The Loan is closed.

FOUR PER CENT. TRANSFER LOAN OF 1st MAY 1865.

Opened 19th November 1864 and to be kept open till further notice, for the transfer of Notes of Four per cent. Loans of 1824-25, of 1828-29, and of the 1st May 1832, and also Stock Receipts of the Four per cent. Sicca Book Debt. Interest payable on 1st May and 1st November.

INAM COMMISSION.

W. T. BLAIR, Esq., Inam Commissioner.
OFFICE.—REVENUE BOARD OFFICE, CHEPAUK.
Hours of business, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

THE MADRAS INAM COMMISSION was organized in the official year 1859-60. The main object of the Commission is to effect a satisfactory settlement of an enormous mass of property which has hitherto remained in a state of precariousness and uncertainty, to elicit order out of confusion, and thus to substitute contentment for vexation in the minds of a large and important portion of the population.

2. This object is proposed to be attained by an investigation into the original titles of Inamdars conducted on the following principles :—

3. Proved possession of an Inam for 50 years is to constitute valid title. In the case of personal grants, whether hereditary or conditional, an option is allowed to the holders to convert their terminable tenures into permanent freeholds, upon reasonable terms, in commutation of the reversionary rights of Government in the Inams. These terms are the immediate and permanent charge of an annual quit-rent of one-eighth of the full assessment, in the case of Inamdars having heirs competent to continue the family, of one-fourth when there are only terminable heirs, and a half when the incumbent is without heirs altogether.

4. The enfranchisement of the tenure is compulsory on alienees; but the terms of commutation, in their case, are the same as those offered to the descendants of the original grantee.

5. The Inamdars are further allowed to absolve themselves at any time, from the quit-rent thus stipulated for, by the payment once for all of twenty times its amount.

6. Inams of more recent standing than 50 years are also recognized and admitted to a compromise. The terms of the compromise are the immediate imposition of a quit-rent on the Inam equal to a quarter, half, or two-thirds of its full assessment according to length of possession and other circumstances attending the grant.

7. The resumption of an Inam is totally disclaimed; except when it has been satisfactorily proved that the Inam was obtained through fraud.

8. Inams held for religious and charitable objects are confirmed tax free, if old, and continued so long as the conditions are fulfilled.

9. On the validity of an Inam being established on the foregoing principles, a Title Deed is issued to the Inamdars specifying the terms of his future tenure, which is to secure him and his successors from any further scrutiny by Government, regarding the origin of the Inam.

10. Inam held for Police service, now no longer required, are also confirmed subject to a quit-rent not exceeding half of the assessment according to the nature of the service of which the holders are relieved. The quit-rent accruing from this source is intended to meet the cost of the new Village Police.

11. The system of adjudication based as it is on principles of liberality and justice, is not only highly acceptable to the great body of Inamdars concerned, but has also been practically found most admirably adapted to accomplish the great object held in view. It at once realizes all the Interest which the Government fairly possesses in the Inam tenures, while it secures to the Inamdar an indefeasible right in his property, which he never before possessed, and which now enables him to transmit it without interference to his posterity.

12. The results of the settlement are already before the public in the several published reports of the Commissioner, and in the general administration Report of the past official year.

13. The settlement has met with no opposition. The enquiry has nearly been brought to a close in all the Districts of the Presidency.

14. The number of claims decided by the Deputy Collectors from the commencement of the undertaking to the end of July last is 3,46,946, exclusive of Village Service Inams. The number of cases already reviewed and confirmed by the Commission is 3,82,222, comprising an extent of 65,17,324 acres assessed at Rupees 96,34,149, and already charged with a Jodi of Rupees 9,37,648. The permanent annual addition made to the Revenue of Government in the shape of quit-rent is Rupees 14,23,393. The personal grants enfranchised from which the additional quit-rent is mostly derivable, bear an estimated value of Rupees 55,24,298, upon which quit-rent charged exclusive of the Jodi already paid is Rupees 8,13,626. The number of personal grants confirmed on the present restricted tenure owing to the unwillingness of the holders to enfranchise them is only 6,837.

15. During the progress of the settlement in the several Districts abovementioned, various special and exceptional tenures and long pending questions of importance came under the consideration of the Commissioner; and the result has been that several existing taxes arbitrarily imposed by the former Governments have been abolished, and a uniform rate substituted in their stead, conformably to the rules of enfranchisement. The effect of this will be, that while the future quit-rent then substituted will be double the amount of the cesses abolished, its pressure upon the Inamdars will not on the whole be felt so heavily owing to the alleviating circumstances attending the present settlement which secures to the holders of Inam property a perfect security of title.

16. Similarly all the measures either carried through or initiated by the Commission up to the present time have for their object the recognition and confirmation of existing rights and the enhancement of the value of Inam land hitherto greatly depreciated by the conditions attached to its tenure.

17. An important question taken up and settled by the Commission, is the enfranchisement of the Village Service Inams at 5-8th of their Assessment in the Ceded Districts and Kurnool, the object being to provide, with the proceeds thereof, for the certain and ready remuneration in money of the Village Revenue and Police Establishments. These Inams have hitherto been diverted from their proper object having been all along considered as private property and enjoyed in numerous shares by all the members of a family, some of whom only were the actual office-holders. The consequence of this was that the service was most inefficiently performed. With a view to put a stop to this state of things and to provide for the efficient performance of the Village service, the Village Establishments are now being revised under the rules laid down by Government, their remuneration being fixed at rates determined according to the circumstances of each Village and paid from the proceeds of the enfranchisement of the Service Inams. This reform has been generally carried out with success in the Districts above named.

18. Under Regulation IV of 1831 and other restrictive Enactments, Inam lands were exempted from the jurisdiction of the Civil Tribunals except under the sanction of Government previously obtained. But this restriction has now been withdrawn, since the Inams have been enfranchised and placed in the same position as other descriptions of landed property, and Acts IV of 1862 and IV of 1866 (Madras) has been accordingly passed, declaring all such Inams exempt from the operation of the above restrictive Enactments, and amenable to Courts for debts and other liabilities as other Ryotwar lands without the interference of Government.

ESTABLISHMENT.

Names.	Designation of Office.	Salary.
		Rupees.
W. T. Blair, Esq.	Offg. Inam Commissioner.	2,500
A. Krishnaswami Aiyer, B.A.	Acting Manager	200
V. Suraiya	Head Examiner	75
P. Narayanaswami Naydu	Examiner of Fair Registers	60
D. Srinivasa Rau	do.	60
T. P. Viraswami Mudaliar	do.	60
Baru Venkat Rau	do.	60
Mirza Abdul Khadir Sahib	do.	60
M. Lakshmikanta Rau	do.	60
V. Tiravengada Mudaliyar	do.	60
C. Sundaram Mudaliyar	do.	60
A. Ramanna Pantulu	do.	60
V. Narayanaswami Mudaliyar	do.	60
V. Venkatagopala Rau	do.	60
C. Chengalvaraya Mudaliyar	do.	60
V. M. Ramaiyengar	do.	60
H. Srinivasa Rau	do.	60
C. Parthasaradhi Aiyengar	do.	60
T. R. Malhari Rau	do.	60
A. Kuppanaiyengar	do.	60
A. Bhima Rau	do.	60
T. Jogaiya	do.	60
H. Venkat Rau	do.	60
D. Hanumanta Rau	do.	60
B. Venkanna Pantulu	do.	60
S. Krishnama Charlu	Record-keeper	60
OFFICE OF THE SPECIAL ASSISTANT.		
P. Chentsal Rau	Actg. Special Assistant	600
other appointments		136
DEPUTY COLLECTORS ATTACHED TO THE COMMISSION.		
T. Krishna Rau	{ Actg. 3rd class Depy. Collector and Assistant to the Inam Commissioner. }	350
Establishment		116
C. Parthasaradhi Aiyengar	Acting 4th class Dy. Collector.	250
Establishment		116

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

INDIA.

Financial Secretary..... E. H. Lushington, Esq.
Comptroller General of Accounts..... R. P. Harrison, Esq.

FINANCIAL SECRETARIAT.

First Assistant to Financial Secretary..... Class II... R. H. Hollingberry, Esq.
Second Do. do. Officiating..... " III... J. E. Cooke, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " IV... Onslow, Esq.
Do. " V... Madhub Chunder Chatterjee.
Do. " V... D. Teagiah.

COMPTROLLER GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Deputy Comptroller General of Accounts..... Class I... T. Peachey, Esq.
Inspector of Local Account Offices..... " I... S. W. Wyatt, Esq.
Assistant Comptroller General of Accounts..... " III... W. E. Gordon, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " IV... E. Rule, Esq., leave.
Do. " IV... E. Gay, Esq.
Do. " IV... Shama Churn Dey.
Do. " V... Hurryhur Mookerjee.
Do. " V... Koylas Chunder Bose.
Do. " V... A. C. Foster, Esq.
Do. " IV... Khettar Mohun Chatterjee.

BENGAL.

Accountant General..... Class I... H. D. Sandeman, Esq.
Deputy Accountant General..... " III... W. Clark, Esq.
Examiner of Claims..... " IV... R. C. Tulloh, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " V... T. Trevor, Esq.
Do. " V... G. W. Macleod, Esq., dep.
Do. Officiating..... " V... J. Taylor, Esq.
Do. " V... H. Ronaldson, Esq.

MADRAS.

Accountant General..... Class I... F. Lushington, Esq.
Deputy Accountant General..... " I... R. W. Lodwick, Esq., leave.
Do. do. Officiating..... " II... W. J. Raynor, Esq. [duty.
First Assistant Accountant General..... " III... W. J. Raynor, Esq., dep.
Do. do. Officiating..... " V... J. Mackay, Esq.
Second Assistant Accountant General..... " IV... J. Ede, Esq., dep.
Do. do. Officiating..... " V... G. W. Macleod, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " V... J. Mackay, Esq., dep.
Do. Officiating..... " V... H. A. Moraes, Esq.
Examiner of Claims..... " V... W. Donald, Esq.

BOMBAY.

Accountant General..... Class I... J. L. Lushington, Esq., leave.
Deputy Accountant General..... " I... C. E. Chapman, Esq.
First Assistant Accountant General..... " III... J. Christie, Esq.
Second do. " IV... A. L. Hynes, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " V... R. W. Mathews, Esq.
Examiner of Claims..... " V... Pandurang Gonoba.

NORTH WEST PROVINCES.

Accountant General..... Class I... F. F. Harrison, Esq., leave.
Do. do. Officiating..... " II... W. Waterfield, Esq.
Deputy Accountant General..... " II... W. Waterfield, Esq., dep.
Do. do. Officiating..... " IV... J. Ede, Esq.
First Assistant Accountant General..... " IV... W. W. Crawford, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " V... A. Anthony, Esq.
Do. " V... W. G. Bagley, Esq.

PUNJAB.

Accountant General..... Class II... L. C. Probyn, Esq.
Deputy Accountant General..... " II... R. Taylor, Esq., leave
Do. do. Officiating..... " III... R. A. Fink, Esq.
Junior Assistant..... " V... J. G. Gilliland, Esq.

BRITISH BURMAH.

Accountant General.....Class I...H. A. Mangles, Esq.
Junior Assistant....." V...C. R. Kiernardor, Esq.

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Deputy Accountant General...Class III...T. W. Biss, Esq.

HYDERABAD.

Deputy Accountant General.....Class V...E. S. Byrne, Esq.

GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

Colonel D. G. Robinson, R. E., (Europe), Director General of Telegraphs in India (Calcutta.)

Colonel T. G. Glover, R. E., Offg. Director General of Telegraphs in India, (Calcutta.)

Major R. Murray, R. E., Deputy Director General of Telegraphs in India, (Calcutta.)

MADRAS DIVISION.

HEAD QUARTERS, MADRAS.

J. T. Blissett, Esq., Superintendent.

LINES.

1ST SUB-DIVISION,

From Hyderabad to Masulipatam, via Bezwarah,
C. Duffin, Esq., 3rd Assistant Superintendent.

From Bezwarah to Ongole.

Mr. G. S. Baldry, 2nd Inspector.

2ND SUB-DIVISION,

From Ongole to Negapatam.

G. J. R. Leeson, Esq., 3rd Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. H. Laville, and } 2nd Inspectors.
Mr. T. Priddle, }

3RD SUB-DIVISION,

From Negapatam to Paumben.

H. J. Hervey, Esq., 3rd Assistant Superintendent.

Mr. J. A. Shortt, 1st Inspector.

OFFICES.

Bezwarah.....	M. Vanoogopaul.....	Telegraph Master.
Masulipatam.....	J. W. Ashworth.....	do.
Ongole.....	W. M. Williams.....	do.
Nellore.....	C. Coorasooloo.....	do.
Madras.....	J. C. Douglas, Esq.....	3rd Asst. Superintendent.
Mount.....	W. D. Regel.....	Telegraph Master.
Pondicherry.....	T. Harber.....	do.
Cuddalore.....	W. S. Roberts.....	do.
Karicul.....	A. Doorasawmy.....	do.
Negapatam.....	V. Inchooram.....	do.
Puttoocottah.....	A. S. Penagapawny.....	do.
Paumben.....	T. C. Burgess.....	do.

LIST OF GOVERNMENT TELEGRAPH OFFICES IN INDIA AND CEYLON.

N. B.—The names of Offices about to be opened consequent on extension of Lines, have the letter N placed against them; and those of Offices occasionally opened for the convenience of the heads of local Governments are printed in Italics.

NAMES OF OFFICES.	NAMES OF OFFICES.	NAMES OF OFFICES.	NAMES OF OFFICES.
BENGAL CIRCLE.	12 Moradabad	13 Mount (St. Thos')	4 Keamaree
1 Agra	13 <i>Murree</i>	14 Mysore	5 Kotree
2 Allahabad	14 Mussoorie	15 Negapatam	6 Kurrachee
3 Atcheepore	15 <i>Nyneetul</i>	16 Ootacamund	7 Kusmore
(River Hooghly)	16 Peshawur	17 Paumben	8 Nuggur Parker
4 Barrackpore	17 Roorkee	18 Pondicherry	9 Shikarpore
5 Benares	18 Rajunpore	19 Pudocottah*	10 Sukkur
6 Burdwan	19 Rawul Pindee	20 Quilon*	11 Taroosha
7 Burhee	20 Shajehanpore	21 Tellicherry	
N 8 Cachar	21 Simla	22 Palamcottah*	CENTRAL INDIA CIRCLE.
9 Calcutta	22 Umballa	23 Trevandrum*	1 Chanda
10 Cawnpore	23 Umritsur	24 Tuticorin	N 2 Damagodium
11 Darjeeling		25 Vellore	3 Hyderabad (Decan.)
12 Diamond Harbour (Riv. Hooghly)	BOMBAY CIRCLE.		4 Kurnool
13 Futtighur	1 Ahmedabad	EAST COAST CIRCLE.	5 Jubbulpore
14 Fyzabad	2 Ahmednuggur	1 Balsore	6 Mirzapore
N 15 Goalparah	3 Baroda	2 Berhampore	7 Nagpore
N 16 Gowhatty	4 Belgaum	3 Bezwarrah	8 Seonce
17 Hooghly Point	5 Bombay	4 Bimlipatam	9 Sironcha
(River Hooghly)	6 Broach	5 Calingapatam	10 Warrungul
18 Kedgerree (River Hooghly)	7 Bulsar	6 Chicacole	
19 Kookrahatty	8 Deesa	7 Coconada	DACCA CIRCLE.
(River Hooghly)	9 <i>Dapoorte</i>	8 Cuttack	1 Akyab
20 Lucknow	10 Dharwar	9 Dowlaishwaram	2 Chittagong
21 Mud Point	11 Goa	10 Masulipatam	3 Comilla
(River Hooghly)	N 12 Honawur	11 Midnapore	4 Dacca
22 Patna	13 Kolapore	12 Neelapilly	5 Furreedpore
23 Peer Pointee	14 <i>Matheran</i>	13 Nellore	6 Jessore
24 Purneah	15 <i>Mahablesghur</i>	14 Ongole	7 Ramoo
25 Raneegunge	16 Mhow	15 Vizagapatam	
26 Sahibunge	17 Margao	16 Vizianagram	PEGU CIRCLE.
27 Saugor Island	18 <i>Parcell</i>		1 Aeng
(River Hooghly)	19 Poona	INDORE CIRCLE.	2 Henzada
N 28 Sylhet	20 Sedasheghur (or Carwar)	1 Ajmere	3 Maulmein
	21 Sattara	2 Beora	4 Padoung
	22 Surat	3 Bhurtpore	5 Prome
	23 Vingorla	4 Dhoolia	6 Rangoon
		5 Gwalior	7 Shoaheen
PUNJAB CIRCLE.		6 Indore	8 Sittang
1 Allyghur	MADRAS CIRCLE.	7 Jeypore	9 Thyetmyo
2 Attock	1 Allepi*	8 Khull	10 Tounghoo
3 Barreilly	2 Bangalore	9 Maligaum	11 Tounghoop
4 Dehra Ghazee Khan	3 Bellary	10 Nassick	
5 Dehra Ismail Khan	4 Beypore*	N 11 Neemuch	
6 Delhi	5 Calicut	N 12 Nusseerabad	CEYLON CIRCLE.
7 Hurdwar	6 Cannanore	13 Rutlam	1 Colombo
8 Jullunder	7 Cochin	14 Seepree	2 Galle
9 Lahore	8 Cuddalore*		3 Kandy
10 Meerut	9 Karikal*	SCIND CIRCLE.	4 Mannar
11 Mooltan	10 Madras	1 Budeena	5 Trincomallee.
	N 11 Mangalore	2 Hyderabad	
	12 Mercara	3 Jacobabad	

The Stations marked thus* are closed at night, i. e., between 8 A. M. and 6 P. M.

RULES:

The following revised Rules for the transmission of messages on the Lines of this Department, will come into operation on the 15th January 1866:—

1. Messages are received at all hours day and night, with the exception of Sunday, Christmas day, New year's day, the Queen's birth day, and Good Friday, when the Offices will be closed between the hours of 8 and 16 (or 4 P. M.)

2. Messages tendered for transmission on ordinary days between 13 h. (or 6 P. M.) and 6 h. of the following day, and between 6 h. and 8 h., and 16 h. and 13 h., (or 4 P. M. and 6 P. M.) and the abovenamed holidays, will be charged double the ordinary rate.

3. In assimilation to the practice in force on European Lines, messages will be charged for by groups and half groups. A group will consist of 20 words, and half a group of any number not exceeding 10.

4. A message, however short and not exceeding 20 words, will be charged for as one group. Above 20 words and not exceeding 30, as a group and a half. Above 30 words and not exceeding 40, as two groups, and so on.

5. With the exception of the prefixes "From" and "To," and the name of the Station from which despatched, every word in the address and body of the message will be charged for.

6. The number of groups being ascertained, the cost of the message will be calculated according to the following scale:—

Scale of charges for a group of 20 words.

Not exceeding	100 Miles, Rs.	0	8	0
Above 100 and not exceeding 200	"	1	0	0
" 200 " " 400	"	1	8	0
" 400 " " 800	"	2	0	0
" 800 " " 1,200	"	3	0	0
" 1,200 " " 1,600	"	4	0	0
" 1,600 " " 2,000	"	5	0	0

and so on, adding one Rupee for every 400 miles, or fraction of 400 miles. Half the above rates will be charged for every 10 words or fraction of 10 words after the first group.

7. The distances between Stations, measured on the shortest route by which it is possible to telegraph by a Government wire, will be found in the Tariff Book, which may be obtained at any Government Telegraph Office, price 3 Rupees per copy.

8. Peon hire has been abolished, and in lieu thereof a fixed Booking Fee of 8 annas is to be levied on every message irrespective of its length, the distance it has to travel, or the hour it is tendered for transmission. This fee is to cover the expense of registering the message at the Booking Station, and of the Peon who delivers it. Should a message be sent partly by the Government and partly by Private Lines, the Booking Fee will be paid once only for each system of Lines.

9. Peons will deliver messages free to any place not exceeding five miles from the Telegraph Office. Beyond this distance messages will be sent either by Post registered, the fee being prepaid, or by such other means as the sender may arrange and prepay for at the Booking Station. Any additional words that may be necessary to explain the mode of delivery of a message, when its destination is more than five miles beyond the nearest Telegraph Office, will be considered as part of the message and charged for accordingly.

10. Two Rupees in addition to the above scale will be charged for every group of 20 words sent to or from any Station in Ceylon, and a half rate, viz., 1 Rupee, for every additional 10 or fraction of words in excess of 20.

11. These rates do not apply to Indo-European messages, which for the present will remain unaltered.

12. The day, hour, and minute of receipt of a message into a Telegraph Office for transmission is, in every instance, added by the Department, forming the concluding words of the text of the message, and is telegraphed free of charge. Senders may, however, date their messages if they think fit, but the sender's date, if inserted, will be charged for, and, in view to avoid confusion, will, if given at the end, be transferred to the beginning of the text of the message.

13. The accuracy of messages is not guaranteed, and the sender and receiver have to accept all risk arising from errors and delays.

14. Senders of messages are advised to write their messages in an unmistakable and distinct hand, and to use the shortest and most familiar words they can select. The more intelligible the message is, the greater is the probability of its being transmitted correctly.

15. The accurate transmission of messages is rendered much more certain by their being repeated back from each repeating Station. This repetition is charged for at half price extra, and is advised in all messages of great importance.

16. The errors which chiefly occur are in the numerals, such as sixteen, sixty—thirteen, thirty, owing to the sound and first three or four letters being similar. To obviate this, it is recommended that in all financial or money messages the sum be given in two forms, halving or doubling the amount, thus, "Pay to my order Rs. 500 or half 1,000." When this is done, an error is of very rare occurrence.

17. Messages in cypher are transmitted at the ordinary charge; they must be either in ordinary English words of concealed meaning or numbers written in full, as in a Cheque.

Figures are telegraphed as if written in full, as in a Cheque, and charged for according to the number of words; thus, "Rupees fifteen hundred and sixty-four" count as six words.

18. Should a message in cypher be tendered for transmission simultaneously with a message in ordinary language, the latter will take precedence of the former.

19. All messages must be in the English language, except those for or from Europe by the Indo-European Telegraph, which may be in French or other European language in the Roman character.

20. The name and signature of the sender must be written on the face of every message.

21. When a message is delivered wholly or partially in an unintelligible state, a refund of the cost of the portion rendered useless will be made to the sender if application be made within three months of the date of despatch, provided the message has not been transmitted beyond the limits of India, its dependencies on Ceylon, and within six months in the case of messages for countries beyond India, as China, Australia, Egypt, and Europe. Such refunds will be made irrespective of whether the message has been paid for at repetition price or not; but no refund will be given for any error in an unreported message arising from wrong figures being given, unless the precaution advised in No. 16 of these Rules shall have been adopted. Refunds on account of messages which have not reached their destination will be made subject to the above limits as respects time, as will also refunds for unjustifiable delay of messages. By unjustifiable delay is meant that arising from neglect in the Offices. When a message is detained by an interruption on any section of the Line, and is sent on by next post to the nearest Telegraph Station, the time occupied by the post is not allowed to count as delay in the Telegraph Department. When a message occupies in transit more than two-thirds of the time it could have been sent by post in, a refund in full will be accorded.

22. Complaints regarding missing or inaccurate messages should be addressed to the Complaint Office, Calcutta. An exact copy of the message in question, and the receipt of the despatching Office, should in all cases accompany the complaint.

23. Private messages shall be despatched in the order of their receipt in the Telegraph Office. Should two or more messages be tendered simultaneously, the shortest shall have precedence, without reference to its relative importance.

24. No message or messages of more than 200 words in all can be sent at one time by any private individual or firm, and no second message by the same individual or firm till after the lapse of three hours, unless the Line be free and not required by any one else.

25. When two or more Lines extend between any two places, messages will be sent by the direct Line. Senders cannot choose the Line, but they may send by two or three Lines on the payment of double or triple price.

26. Messages are sent "bearing" from seaports when received by Mail Steamers or other vessels for despatch, but no message, whether paid or bearing, will be received for transmission from any vessel until her name has been made known. Bearing messages will not be delivered to the addressee till payment has been obtained.

* The accidental omission of the word *Nor* causing in many cases the total change of the intended meaning of a message, this word is always signalled, in slow time, twice over by the sender, and once back by the receiver, at each Station. The same precaution is taken in signalling the words *our* and *your*.

27. In cases of extreme pressure of business, Telegraph Masters may refuse to receive for despatch any messages beyond the number which experience shows may be cleared off within the day. The messages in such cases are not to be received and kept for despatch the following day, but must be returned so as to prevent accumulation.

28. In case of interruptions on any Line, Telegraph Masters have the power to refuse the receipt of messages for transmission.

29. When an interruption occurs, notice to that effect is to be posted conspicuously at the entrance of each Office, and communicated to the Press for public information.

30. In every such case, all persons tendering messages for places beyond the interrupted section, are to be informed of the interruption, advised not to leave the message, and acquainted that a refund will not be made in case of delay from this cause.

31. The sender of a message may prepay the charge for a reply, which must be limited to the number of words so prepaid for, and must be sent within three days of receipt of the message, or the right of sending a reply "paid bearing" will lapse. Should the sender not receive a reply within 14 days, the Telegraph Master will refund to him, on demand and receipt, the deposit made for such reply.

32. Telegraph Masters are authorized to refuse to transmit a message which may be of a decidedly objectionable character. Should the character of the message be disputed, the matter may be referred to a Secretary to Government if the dispute occur at the seat of a Government, or to the chief Civil Officer if at a provincial Station.

33. To secure secrecy as much as possible, all persons, including Officers of the Telegraph Department not actually on duty, are strictly prohibited from entering the Signal Room. The only exception to this rule is for senders of messages, who may be allowed to see their messages despatched, if they attend the Office at the time of their turn for transmission.

34. Violation of secrecy on the part of any person in the Department will be punished by dismissal from office, forfeiture of arrears of pay, and a declaration in the Official Gazette of the incapacity of the delinquent to serve the Government in any official capacity. It is a violation of secrecy to mention the fact that any message has been received or despatched by any particular person or firm.

35. Service messages from all public functionaries must be paid for in cash prior to despatch, the rates being the same for distance and number of words as those charged to private individuals.*

36. Service messages have no right of precedence, and take their turn of despatch with private messages, except in cases of pressing public emergency and importance, when priority may be claimed on special grounds.

37. The sums paid by public functionaries for the despatch of messages will be recovered from Government by the senders, in their own Departments, by contingent bills countersigned as usual.

38. On certain emergent occasions of great importance, the public functionaries named below have the power of "clearing the Line," that is, of suspending the receipt and despatch of all other messages till the one for which the Line is cleared has passed on:—

The Governor-General of India.

The Governors of Madras, Bombay, and Ceylon.

Commanders-in-Chief, India, Madras, and Bombay.

Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, North-Western Provinces and Punjab.

Secretaries to the Government of India.

Secretaries to the Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab.

Chief Commissioners of Oude, the Central Provinces and British Burmah.

Commissioner of Scind.

Director-General of Telegraphs in India.

The Resident at Hyderabad (Deccan.)

The messages so sent are, however, to be paid for in cash as in ordinary.

* The only exceptions to this rule are enumerated in special printed instructions issued to each Office.

39. No unpaid messages, except those specified in Departmental Regulations, shall on any account whatever be transmitted. A violation of this rule will subject the Signaller or Telegraph Master of the Station the message is sent from, to dismissal from the public service.

D. G. ROBINSON, Lieut. Col., R. E.,

CALCUTTA,
1st of January 1866.

Dir. Genl. of Tels. in India.

SCALE OF CHARGES FOR A GROUP OF 20 WORDS AND UPWARDS, INCLUDING
BOOKING FEE OF 8 ANNAS.

No. of words.		Up to and including 100 miles.	Over 100 and not exceeding 200 miles.	Over 200 and not exceeding 400 miles.	Over 400 and not exceeding 800 miles.	Over 800 and not exceeding 1,200 miles.	Over 1,200 and not exceeding 1,600 miles.	Over 1,600 and not exceeding 2,000 miles.
Over	Not exceeding.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.	RS. A.
	20	1 ...	1 8	2 ...	2 8	3 8	4 8	5 8
20	30	1 4	2 ...	2 12	3 8	5 ...	6 8	8 ...
30	40	1 8	2 8	3 8	4 8	6 8	8 8	10 8
40	50	1 12	3 ...	4 4	5 8	8 ...	10 8	13 ...
50	60	2 ...	3 8	5 ...	6 8	9 8	12 8	15 8
60	70	2 4	4 ...	5 12	7 8	11 ...	14 8	18 ...
70	80	2 8	4 8	6 8	8 8	12 8	16 8	20 8
80	90	2 12	5 ...	7 4	9 8	14 ...	18 8	23 ...
90	100	3 ...	5 8	8 ...	10 8	15 8	20 8	25 8
100	110	3 4	6 ...	8 12	11 8	17 ...	22 8	28 ...
110	120	3 8	6 8	9 8	12 8	18 8	24 8	30 8
120	130	3 12	7 ...	10 4	13 8	20 ...	26 8	33 ...
130	140	4 ...	7 8	11 ...	14 8	21 8	28 8	35 8
140	150	4 4	8 ...	11 12	15 8	23 ...	30 8	38 ...
150	160	4 8	8 8	12 8	16 8	24 8	32 8	40 8
160	170	4 12	9 ...	13 4	17 8	26 ...	34 8	43 ...
170	180	5 ...	9 8	14 ...	18 8	27 8	36 8	45 8
180	190	5 4	10 ...	14 12	19 8	29 ...	38 8	48 ...
190	200	5 8	10 8	15 8	20 8	30 8	40 8	50 8

INDO-EUROPEAN TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

RULES FOR THE ACCEPTANCE, TRANSMISSION AND GENERAL TREATMENT
OF MESSAGES.

I. Messages are accepted for all destinations, in the English, French and German languages. All messages must, however, be written in the Roman character.

II. If there is no telegraph station at the place to which a message is addressed, or if the sender desires that it shall not be transmitted by telegraph as far as the office nearest to its place of destination, the message will be forwarded by post, expressed or estafette, from the station indicated by the sender.

When the terminal station receives no instructions as to the mode of further despatch, it will employ the post.

The expenses of transport beyond the telegraph lines must be prepaid in accordance with the following uniform rates:—

1.—Post: 8 Annas for all destinations in Europe, and 1 Rupee for any other part of the world. These rates will be applicable to messages to be sent *poste restante*.

2.—Express: 1 Rupee 4 Annas. This mode of transport will only be admitted within a radius of 9½ miles of the office.

3.—Express or estafette beyond 9½ miles: payment to be deposited at the rate of 1 Rupee 8 annas per 6 miles. In default of estafette, the terminal station will employ the quickest means at its command.

III. When messages can be transmitted by several routes, the charges will be calculated in accordance with the least costly, unless the sender expressly chooses another.

If an office knows, when a message is presented, that the least costly route, or the one selected by the sender, is not available owing to any derangement, interruption, or accumulation of work, the sender should be advised of it and left free to choose another, paying the corresponding tariff.

The transmission of a message by an unusual route, or by one not chosen by the sender, will give no claim to a return of the charges.

IV. If the sender wishes to prepay a reply he can do so, and limit at his option the number of words it is to contain. He must write the following notice as part of his message,

"Reply words, paid."

If the reply is sent, within the number of words specified, it will contain the return notice,

"Reply to your No....."

This will be added by the office from which it is transmitted, and not be charged for.

The reply must be presented for transmission within seven days of the date of the first message. If it is offered after that time, or if it contains more words than the number specified, it will be treated as a fresh message, and charged for. The amount deposited for its prepayment will in this case be returned.

V. The address of every message must indicate the receiver, and his residence, in such a manner as to place it beyond a doubt. The sender will support the consequences of giving an inexact or incomplete address. Nor will he be able afterwards to remedy it except by forwarding a new message and paying for it.

VI. A message can be addressed to several persons. For the copies to be delivered by the same office, a charge will be made, in addition to the price of the first message, of 6 annas for each supplementary copy.

When a message is intended to go to several stations, a separate rate will be charged to each.

VII. The sender may comprise in his message a request for it to be collated, or for its receipt to be acknowledged by the terminal station, or by the receiver.

The charge for the collation will be equal to the charge for the message. The charge for the acknowledgment of reception will be according to the number of words specified by the sender.

VIII. The original of the message to be transmitted must be legibly written: the words employed and the manner of expression must be clear and intelligible.

It can contain neither combinations of words, unusual constructions, abbreviations, or secret figures.

It may, however, contain figures relating to the rate of exchange or commerce, subject to the restrictions which each Government over whose lines it passes judges necessary to prevent abuse.

The address must be written at the commencement, followed when necessary by instructions for forwarding beyond the terminal telegraph station, or by any other instructions the sender wishes to transmit. The body of the message must then follow, and lastly the signature, (and its legalization when necessary.)

IX. The following Rules will be observed in order to apply the tariff to the number of words:—

1.—All that the sender writes to be transmitted, enters in the number of words. Every word of not more than seven syllables is counted as one: in longer words the excess is counted as an extra word.

2.—Every compound word written as one word, is counted as one, if it does not contain more than seven syllables. If the parts are written separately they count for so many words, even though they are connected by hyphens.

3.—Every alphabetical character or figure standing by itself, every word or particle followed by an apostrophe, is counted as a word. The signs of punctuation, full stops, apostrophes, hyphens, inverted commas, and parentheses are not counted. An underline is counted as two words. All signs that the apparatus must express by words are counted for as many words as are employed to express them.

4.—In commercial or private messages, a group of five or fewer figures is counted as one word. A group containing more than five, and less than ten figures, is counted as two words, and so on. Apostrophes, strokes, or bars of division mixed with figures, are counted as figures; thus the group 57145 counts as one word, 361472 as two words, 13½ as one word, 47'32 as one word, and 317½ as two words. But the shilling stroke terminating figures, is counted as a word; thus, 25/ would be two words. Numbers written in words are counted for as many words as are employed to express them, within the limits of the 1st para. of this article.

5.—In Government messages, written wholly or partly in cypher, all figures, letters, and signs of punctuation, used as cyphers, are to be added together, and their sum divided by three, the quotient (plus one for the remainder if there is any) added to the number of words in the message, will give the whole amount of words chargeable.

6.—In counting the words, the address, the signature, instructions respecting transport beyond the terminal telegraph station, the legalization of the signature, and the words "reply paid for.....words," are all comprised.

7.—Proper names of persons, towns, places, streets, boulevards, &c., titles, Christian names, particles, and qualifications, are counted for as many words as are employed to express them.

8.—Words, numbers, or signs added by the office, in the interest of the service, are not charged for. The date, hour, and minute of the deposit of the message, and the name of the place from which it starts, are transmitted to the receiver. These notices are not charged for, unless the sender also writes them himself on his message.

X. If, when a message is tendered for transmission, or after it has been accepted, it is known that it cannot be forwarded without serious delay, the sender should be advised of it. He can then withdraw his message and the full charge made for it will be returned to him.

XI. Any message, before transmission has commenced, can be withdrawn by the sender, or his representative, upon the return of the receipt. In such case, the charge made will be refunded, less a deduction of 6 annas.

If the transmission has commenced, it can be stopped, but the message cannot be withdrawn. The non-delivery of a message already transmitted can also be requested, if there is still time to effect it. The identity of the sender, or his representative, must be undoubted.

The request not to deliver a message already transmitted, must be made by means of a new message from the sender to the terminal station. This telegram will be charged for, and the charge for the first message will not be returned.

XII. When a message cannot be delivered, the sending station will be advised of it by telegraph (Service), and the sender will be informed of it.

If the receiver is unknown, the address will be posted at the receiving station. The message will be destroyed at the end of six weeks if the receiver does not present himself to claim it. The late claiming of it will not be notified to the sending station by any official message.

XIII. Any private message, the contents of which are contrary to law or decency, or which appears inadmissible with regard to public security, may be refused by the original sending station, or by the terminal station.

The central administrations of each State on the through Indo-European Line, have the power to stop the transmission of any despatch which appears to them to be calculated to produce any danger.

If the refusal takes place after it has been accepted, the sender will be informed of it without delay.

Telegraph offices have no control to exercise over the contents of Government despatches.

XIV. The tariff is for messages containing from 1 to 20 words.

A message containing from 21 to 30 words, is charged for at one rate and a half.

A message from 31 to 40 words, at two rates, and so on.

All charges must be prepaid by the sender. They are the same whether a message is tendered for transmission by day or night, on Sundays or Holidays. They include, for all messages East of Kurrachee, the price of repetition over the Indian lines.

XV. Complaints respecting non-delivery, delay, or inaccurate transmission, should be addressed to the Traffic Manager at Kurrachee. Each complaint respecting non-delivery should be accompanied by the office receipt for its payment; and by the receiver's copy, in the case of delay or of inaccurate transmission. The office receipts and copies are required, because, if the complaints have to be referred to foreign administrations, proof of irregularity is required before they will be investigated.

TARIFF TO THE UNITED KINGDOM FOR MESSAGES OF 20 WORDS, INCLUDING NAMES AND ADDRESSES.

TO	FROM			
	Kurrachee.	Any other Station in India (not East of Calcutta.)	Stations East of Calcutta.	Galle and Stations in Ceylon.
	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.	R. A.
LONDON.....	45 4	50 0	52 0	53 8
Any other place in the United Kingdom at which there is a Telegraph Station	45 13	50 9	52 9	54 1

MADRAS MINT.

VELLABANASAR STREET, BLACK TOWN.

Colonel J. Cappendale, Royal Engineers...Mint Master, and Commissioner of Issue of Paper Currency.....rs. 2,000

Subordinate Officers of the Mint.

Mr. T. E. Scriven.....Hd. Acct. and Manager Mint and Paper Stamping Dept. 300
 " A. G. Peterson.....Deputy do. 140
 " A. Bowie.....Supt. of Machinery and Foreman of the Works.....250

Assay Office.

George James Shriv. Esq., M. D., Assay Master (Europe).....1,500
 H. E. Busted, Esq., M. D., Actg. Assay Master.....606-10
 P. F. Bellew, Esq., Actg. Asst. Assay Master.....

Subordinate Office of the Assay Office.

Mr. J. Dunne.....Head Accountant and Manager.....200

Departments.

Mr. J. E. Price.....Treasurer and Bullion-keeper.....200
 " J. Diarte.....Supt. of melting and refining room.....200
 " M. Christian.....do. of laminating, cutting and assorting room.....180
 " G. A. Schwanke.....do. of milling, cleaning and stamping room.....140
 " J. C. D'Silva.....do. of copper melting and laminating room.....140
 " J. Schwanke.....do. of Artificers.....100
 " ".....do. of die cutting room.....100
 " J. W. Bowie.....Storekeeper.....100
 " R. Tindale.....Superintendent of Mint Gate.....100

Mint Foundry.

Mr. A. Bowie, acting in charge of Foundry.....50

Regulations for the Purchase of Bullion.

The following are the Regulations by which Gold and Silver are purchased by the Mint Master:—

Sealed Tenders of Gold and Silver, specifying the weight and description of the Bullion tendered, will be received daily, Sundays and Holidays excepted, from 10 till 4 o'clock at the Mint; the tenders to be addressed to the Mint Master.

All private Bullion tendered to the Mint for coinage shall be weighed in the presence of the Mint Master or his Deputy, and the owner or his agent, as notified in the written tender, the Mint Master granting a receipt for the weight of the Bullion. It shall then be melted in the presence of the owner or his agent, and again weighed in his presence and that of the Mint Master or an Assistant in his confidence, the musters for Assay being previously taken in the presence of the Mint Master, or his Deputy, under the direction of the Assay Master or his Deputy, who, upon giving an acknowledgment for the weight of the samples and duplicates, shall remove them for Assay, and after that has been completed, issue his certificate of the quality and value upon the weight of the parcel given in the Mint Master's receipt, which shall be filed in the Assay Office, when exchanged with the owner of the Bullion for the Certificate, due advice of which Certificate is to be furnished to the Bank of Madras.

These Certificates will be payable on demand at the Bank, in accordance with Clause 2 of Section IX, of Act XIX of 1861, at the rate of 979 Rupees per 1,000 Tolahs of Standard Silver fit for coinage, but any person who prefer applying at the Mint for notes in exchange for Coin or Bullion may apply there instead of at the Bank, provided they apply for not less than Rupees 2,000 at a time. They will in such case receive the Notes at the Office of the Commissioner at the Bank one clear working day after their applications.

A charge of one per cent. will be levied as Seigniorage on all Gold tendered for coinage,* and a charge for refining will be added on all Bullion below certain standards, agreeably to the following scale:—

* The Assay Master is at liberty to levy the usual fees on the Assay of all private Bullion brought to him for that purpose, and appropriate the same to his own use, agreeably to the usage of the Mints of Calcutta and Bombay.

Charges for Refining Under Standard Silver.

Assay Dwts.	Refining charge per cent.	Assay Dwts.	Refining charge per cent.	Assay Dwts.	Refining charge per cent.	Assay Dwts.	Refining charge per cent.
0½ W.	0.02	6½ W.	0.25	12½ W.	0.50	18½ W.	0.74
1 W.	0.04	7 W.	0.28	13 W.	0.52	19 W.	0.76
1½ W.	0.06	7½ W.	0.30	13½ W.	0.54	19½ W.	0.78
2 W.	0.08	8 W.	0.32	14 W.	0.56	20 W.	0.80
2½ W.	0.10	8½ W.	0.34	14½ W.	0.58	20½ W.	0.82
3 W.	0.12	9 W.	0.36	15 W.	0.60	21 W.	0.84
3½ W.	0.14	9½ W.	0.38	15½ W.	0.62	21½ W.	0.86
4 W.	0.16	10 W.	0.40	16 W.	0.64	22 W.	0.88
4½ W.	0.18	10½ W.	0.42	16½ W.	0.66	22½ W.	0.90
5 W.	0.20	11 W.	0.44	17 W.	0.68	23 W.	0.92
5½ W.	0.22	11½ W.	0.46	17½ W.	0.70	23½ W.	0.94
6 W.	0.24	12 W.	0.48	18 W.	0.72	24 W.	0.96

Charges for Refining Under Standard Gold.

Car. Gars.	Car. Gars.	Car. Gars.	Car. Gars.
From 0 0½ W. to 1 1 W.	½ per cent.	From 3 5½ W. to 5 0 W.	2 per cent.
From 1 1 W. to 2 2 W.	1 per cent.	From 5 0½ W. to 4 2 W.	2½ per cent.
From 2 2½ W. to 3 3 W.	1½ per cent.		

Parties bringing Bullion to the Mint for coinage shall be at liberty to withdraw the same within two days of the Assay report being made, if dissatisfied with the valuation, but on payment of fees for Assay, viz., four Rupees for each sample of gold, and two Rupees for each of Silver, together with the actual charges of melting the same, or they may be allowed a re-trial; but if the second Assay give the same result, they shall become liable to double fees upon withdrawing their Bullion, otherwise only to the authorized fees for the extra Assay. Gold shall be returned as a matter of right to all parties who may deliver in gold to the Mint for coinage.

All Bullion which may be found brittle will be returned, unless an additional charge of 1½ per cent. be paid.

Under Act XIII of 1862 to provide for a new silver and copper coinage for India, the new Rupee exhibits as it obverse a well executed likeness of Her Majesty, wearing the Imperial Crown and a rich Indian robe over the shoulders. Around the neck are shown several strings of pearls. The simple legend "Victoria Queen" completes the design. The reverse consists of a scroll pattern passing round the entire circumference of the Coin and enclosing the words "One Rupee, India" and the date "1862." The half rupee, quarter rupee, and two anna pieces, are reduced *fac similes* of the rupee, both as regards their obverse and reverse, their respective values being imprinted upon them.

The obverse of the largest Coin of the copper currency, the half anna, is identical with that of the Rupee. Its reverse is a little different. A continuous wreath runs in an undulating form round the circumference, but it is of a simpler and less ornamental character. The value of the Coin and the word "India" figure with the date, in the centre. The subordinate denomination of the copper series are copies, in design, of the half anna. The slight difference observable in the wreaths of the reverse faces of the silver and the copper series, has been made solely with a view to prevent the chances of the latter being tampered with by use of the electro-type or other means, and passed for silver.

The present power of the Mint is capable of giving a daily out-turn of 300,000 pieces of silver and copper in eight working hours or an average of 80,000,000, 8 crore pieces annually. The value fluctuates according to the amount of Bullion received.

At the Mint foundry cast iron works of every description are made for the Ordnance and Engineer Departments, as for as well Private Establishments and Shipping.

FOREST DEPARTMENT.

CENTRAL OFFICE—CHEPAUK.—Hours of business, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M. D.	Conservator of Forests.
Captain R. H. Beddome	1st Class Deputy Conservator of Forests.
A. Candasawmy Mudaliar	Deputy Conservator of Forests.—In charge of Central Office at the Presidency.
A. Appavu Pillai	Head Clerk.

Deputy Conservators.

Major H. R. Morgan	In charge of Mudumallai, Sigoor and Sattiamugnalum Nilgiris, Australian Plantations, Blowanny and Collegal Forests.
Lieutenant H. M. Gosling	In charge of Annamallai, Bolumpetty and Chennat Nair Forests.
Do. C. J. Walker	In charge of Salem and South Arcot Forests.
Do. W. Fullerton	In charge of Wynad Forests.

Assistant Conservators.

Mr. E. Thompson	In charge of South Canara Forests.
Mr. J. Ferguson	In charge of Nellamboor Teak Plantations.
Mr. H. H. Yarde	In charge of Cuddapah and North Arcot, Vellur and Polar Forests.
Mr. T. Sheffield	In charge of Kurnool Forests.

Overseers in independent Charge.

Mr. T. N. Turnbull	In charge of Madura Forests.
Mr. T. G. F. Maccally	In charge of Gumsur and Suradah Forests.
Mr. Power	Golcondah Hill Forests.

Overseers under Range Officers.

Mr. W. Taylor.....	Neigherry Sholas.	Mahomed Ally Saib, Hd. Overseer, Salem.
Mr. M. Newman.....	Wellington.	Mr. Hudson..... do.
Mr. Grant.....	Bhowanny.	P. Rungiah Naidu..... South Arcot.
Mr. T. Spring.....	Collegal.	Appavoo Moodelly..... Sigur and Sattiamungalum.
Iyasawmy Naidu.....	Mudumallai.	
Mr. J. Brougham Head Overseer, Annamallai.		Mr. F. D'Sena..... Kurnool.
Muttusawmy Pillay, Actg. do.		Mr. H. Wilson.....
Mr. Thistlewaite, Acting do. North Arcot.		Mr. J. Goudie..... } South Canara.
Mr. Lloyd Chenat and Bolunipetty.		Mr. M. Thomas..... }

The Conservancy Establishments for the planting and preservation of Forests in Canara, Coimbatore, Malabar, Salem, Madura, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Nilgiris, Wynad, North Arcot, South Arcot, Ganjam and Vizagapatam Districts are now formed into one Department for one entire Presidency. An extensive Teak Plantation exist on the banks of the Nelambur River in Malabar. Periodical sales of Timber by auction take place on account of Government. Means have been taken to stop the destruction of Forests by fire and stray cattle. Nurseries have also been established.

General Instructions to the Forest Officers.

1. To keep a Diary of work done.
2. To obtain a complete knowledge of the quantity and quality of Timber in each Forest of the District, and to prepare a Forest Chart according to a fixed scale, indicating as far as possible the number and size of the more valuable Forest Trees within their respective ranges.
3. To prevent any kind of depredation or damage being committed in the Forests, to aid in which the Civil authorities will give every support in their power. It will be the duty of the Assistants also to make circuits of the Government Forests, and to prevent private individuals cutting or damaging trees of any description in them, and to complain to the nearest Police Official against all who violate the order, to be dealt with according to the offence.
4. To improve the Forests by clearing, planting, and by unremitting attention to young trees. To see that Teak and other fine timber is carefully seasoned, and to take care that no trees are felled except under the orders of the Forest Department, and when felled that the timber is properly protected. If Forests are being worked by contract to watch against injury to seedlings and undersized trees, also to see that trees are cut near the root (always within two feet) and to guard against wastage of timber from any cause whatever.
5. To present Monthly Returns and Half-yearly Statements of the work done.
6. To supply Tabular Statements of the quantity and description of the seasoned and green timber contained in their respective Districts. Personally to pay the Establishment, and to take every care of the health of the employees. Also to report every instance of neglect on the part of their Subordinates.
7. To give details of all sales effected whether by notifications or otherwise.
8. To transmit to the Central Office, as opportunity offers, any new or remarkable production of the Forests.
9. The services of the Assistants belong entirely to Government, and they are strictly prohibited from engaging in private transaction of any kind whatever.

H. F. C. CLEGHORN, Conservator of Forests.

MADRAS CIVIL FUND.

OFFICE—CHIEFPAUR.—Hours of business from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.
 Hon. C. Pelly, } Trustees of the Civil Fund. { Hon. C. Collett,
 T. Clarke, Esq., } R. A. Dalyell, Esq.,
 J. D. Sim, Esq., }

The Chief Secretary..... } Trustees Ex-Officio.
 The Accountant General..... }
 Hon. C. Pelly, } Managers of the Civil { Hon. C. Collett.
 T. Clarke, Esq., } Service Annuity Fund. { R. A. Dalyell, Esq.,
 J. D. Sim, Esq., }
 The Chief Secretary..... } Managers Ex-Officio.
 The Accountant General..... }
 W. Hudleston, Esq..... } Secretary.
 Messrs. Coutts and Co.—Agents in England.

Committee of Retired Members in England.

R. Clarke, Esq.,	Sir H. C. Montgomery, Bart.	J. F. Thomas, Esq.,
D. Hill, Esq.,	T. L. Blanc, Esq.,	W. H. Bayley, Esq.,
R. Clerk, Esq.,	D. Elliott, Esq.,	

Half-yearly General Meetings are held in the months of January and July of each year, on a day to be fixed by the Trustees and notified in the Official Gazette.

Under the old Rules of the Civil Fund, Subscriptions at 2½ per cent. are payable by all Members of the Covenanted Civil Service on their allowances for a period of 16 years, and a Donation of £30 is payable at option on the birth of a daughter to secure to her the benefits of the Subsidiary Rules after the age of 19.

The Pensions granted to Widows under the old Rules of the Civil Fund, are continued till re-marriage or death, and are revived on second Widowhood.

The daughters of deceased Members for whom the benefits of the Subsidiary Rules have been secured, are allowed pensions till marriage or death, but those for whom the above benefits have not been secured, are granted pensions up to the age of 19 only or till marriage, if married at an earlier age when in either case a Donation of £300 is paid to them or to their guardians. But if such daughters are proved to be in indigent circumstances, then, instead of the Donation, a pension of £50 per annum is allowed to them after the age of 19 till marriage or death.

Pensions to sons are granted up to the age of 19, when a Donation of £390 is paid to them or to their guardians, but if such sons are proved to labor under mental or bodily infirmity, then, instead of the Donation, a pension of £50 per annum is granted to them till recovery.

The whole amount of pensions allowed under these Rules to each family (Widows and Children) is reducible by any private income in excess of £45 private income—which amount is allowed for the benefit of the whole family of a deceased subscriber. The individual pension is reducible by the individual share of the private income in excess of £45 equally divided between the whole family.

Under the Rules of the Provident Branch of the Civil Fund, lately adopted by the Service, the following Subscriptions and Donations are payable by subscribers to this branch.

Subscriptions at 2½ per cent. on the allowances of subscribers for 16 years as before, and at the same rate for the whole further term of service, in the cases of married men and widowers with families; but at one per cent. after 16 years for the whole further period of service, in the cases of Bachelors and Widowers without families.

On each marriage and by each married man entering the service, a

Donation of.....	Rupees	1,500	0	0
On birth of each daughter, a Donation of.....	"	500	0	0
On birth of each son, a Donation of.....	"	250	0	0

The Annuities granted to Widows under these Rules, are reduced to one-half on re-marriage and continued at that rate during second marriage and until death; but if the second husband happen to be a subscriber to this branch, then the widow on second widowhood reverts to the full Annuity.

The Annuities to daughters of deceased Members are continued till marriage or death, and a Donation of £300 is paid to them on marriage.

The Annuities to sons are continued up to the age of 21, when a Donation of £300 is paid; but if such son is proved to labor under mental or bodily infirmity, then instead of the Donation and without reference to age, an Annuity of £125 is granted until recovery.

The Annuities granted from this branch of the Fund to the families of deceased Subscribers, are not affected by any amount of private income they may possess or inherit.

PRECEDENCE IN THE EAST INDIES.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 22nd August 1862, No. 336.—The following Notification by the Government of India is published in General Orders:—

FORT WILLIAM, Home Department, the 29th July 1862, No. 3,780. NOTIFICATION.—The following Warrant under Her Majesty's Sign Manual, in supersession of the Table of Precedence for India, prescribed in January 1855, and notified in the *Calcutta Gazette* of the 2nd of May following, is published for general information:—

VICTORIA R.

VICTORIA, by the Grace of God, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Queen, Defender of the Faith.

To all to whom these presents shall come Greeting, Whereas it hath been represented unto us, that it is advisable to regulate the Rank and Precedence of Persons holding appointments in the East Indies.

In order to fix the same, and prevent all disputes, We do hereby declare that it is Our Will and Pleasure that the following Table be observed with respect to the Rank and Precedence of the Persons hereafter-named, viz:—

The Governor-General and Viceroy, or Governor-General and Viceroy for the time being.

The Governor of Bengal. The Governor of Madras. The Governor of Bombay. The Governor of Agra.

The Governor of any Presidency which may be hereafter formed in India.

The President of the Council of the Governor-General of India.

The Lieutenant-Governors of any of the Presidencies or Provinces in India, according to priority of appointment.

The Chief Justice, Bengal. The Bishop of Calcutta. The Chief Justice, Madras. The Bishop of Madras. The Chief Justice, Bombay. The Bishop of Bombay. The Chief Justice, N. W. Provinces.

The Commander-in-Chief in India, when also a Member of the Council of the Governor-General of India.

Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor-General of India, according to priority of appointment.

Ordinary Members of Council, Bengal, according to priority of appointment.

The Commander-in-Chief at Madras, when also a Member of Council.

Ordinary Members of Council at Madras, according to priority of appointment.

The Commander-in-Chief at Bombay, when also a Member of Council.

Ordinary Members of Council at Bombay, according to priority of appointment.

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Calcutta, according to priority of appointment.

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Madras, according to priority of appointment.

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay, according to priority of appointment.

The Puisne Judges of the High Court of Judicature at North Western Provinces, according to priority of appointment.

The Governor of the Straits Settlements.

The Commander-in-Chief in India.

The Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces.

The Commanders-in-Chief of the Army at the several Presidencies (not being Commander-in-Chief in India) according to relative rank in their respective services.

The Commander-in-Chief of the Indian Navy.

Members appointed to the Council of the Governor-General of India, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment, except in the case of Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence.

Members of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment, except in the case of Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence.

Members of Council at Madras, appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment, except in the case of Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence.

Members of Council at Bombay, appointed for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations, according to priority of appointment, except in the case of Members who may, on other grounds, be entitled to special precedence.

Naval and Military Officers above the rank of Major General.

Civilians, with reference to their Rank and Precedence, to be divided into six Classes.

Civilians of thirty-five years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class I, and from date of entering such Class to rank with

Major-Generals, according to date of Commission.

Civilians of twenty years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class II, and from date of entering such Class to rank with

Colonels according to date of Commission.

Archdeacons of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay.

Civilians of twelve years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class III, and from date of entering such Class to rank with

Lieutenant Colonels according to date of Commission.

Civilians of eight years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class IV, and from date of entering such Class to rank with

Majors according to date of Commission.

Civilians of four years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class V, and from date of entering such Class to rank with

Captains according to date of Commission.

Civilians under four years' standing from date of rank assigned to them on their arrival to form Class VI, and to rank with

Subalterns according to date of Commission.

Advocates-General (not being Members of Council, for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations) to rank with the First Class of Civil Servants.

Administrators-General to rank with the Second Class of Civil Servants.

Chaplains to rank with Civilians of Fourth Class and Majors.

Assistant Chaplains to rank with Civilians of the Fifth Class and Captains.

All Officers not mentioned in the above Table, whose rank is regulated by comparison with rank in the Army, to have the same rank with reference to Civil Servants as is enjoyed by Military Officers of equal grades.

All other persons who may not be mentioned in this Table to take rank according to general usage, which is to be explained and determined by the Governor-General in Council in case any question shall arise.

Nothing in the foregoing rules to disturb the existing practice relating to precedence at Native Courts, or on occasions of intercourse with Natives; and the Governor-General in Council to be empowered to make rules for such occasions in case any dispute shall arise.

All Ladies to take place according to the rank assigned to their respective Husbands, with the exception of wives of Peers, and Ladies having precedence in England, independently of their Husbands, and who are not in rank below the Daughters of Barons.

Such Ladies to take place according to their several ranks, with reference to such precedence in England, immediately after the wives of Members of Council at the Presidencies in India.

Given at our Court, at Balmoral, this twenty-first day of May, in the year of Our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-fifth year of Our Reign.

By Her Majesty's Command.

(Signed) CHARLES WOOD.

(Signed) E. C. BAYLEY, Secy. to the Govt. of India.

(Signed) H. MARSHALL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

SCALE OF CIVIL ALLOWANCES.

	Monthly.	RS.	A.	P.		Monthly.	RS.	A.	P.
Governor...	10,666	10	8		District Registrar.....	500	0	0	
Chief Justice.	5,000	0	0		Registrar H. Ct. Appellate Side	1,600	0	0	
Bishop	2,133	5	4		Deputy do.....	700	0	0	
Member of Council...	5,333	5	4		Advocate General	2,187	8	0	
Puisne Judges... ..	3,750 & 4,166	10	8		Solicitor... ..	1,225	0	0	
Chief Secretary to Government	4,166	10	0		Administrator General	600	0	0	
Under do.	1,050	0	0		Government Pleader... ..	500	0	0	
Secy. to Govt. in the Rev. Dept.	3,333	5	4		Registrar H. Ct. Original Side	2,000	0	0	
Under-Secy. to do.	1,000	0	0		Assistant do.	300	0	0	
Secretary Public Works Dept.	2,250	0	0		Reporter... ..	400	0	0	
Under-Secy. to do.	1,200	0	0		Sheriff... ..	920	0	0	
Depy. Secy. Legislative Dept...	1,000	0	0		Clerk of the Crown and Crown				
Private Secy. to the Governor..	1,500	0	0		Prosecutor... ..	1,000	0	0	
Accountant General... ..	3,000	0	0		Deputy do.	175	0	0	
Deputy Accountant General ..	2,500	0	0		Judge's Clerk... ..	550	0	0	
1st Asst. to do.	1,000	0	0		Commissioner & Taxing Officer	935	5	4	
2d do. to do.	600	0	0		Coroner	350	0	0	
Examiner of Claims	600	0	0		Chief Clerk, Insolvent Court...	218	4	0	
Controller Money Order Office...	400	0	0		Judge, Court of Small Causes.	2,000	0	0	
Secy. to the Comr. U.C.S. Examn.	100	0	0		Do. do... 700, 1,000 & 1,400	0	0	0	
Mint Master and Comr. of Is-					Chief Clerk do... ..	650	0	0	
sue Paper Currency... ..	2,000	0	0		Asst. do. and Cashier	250	0	0	
Astronomer... ..	672	13	1		Insp. Genl. of Madras Police.	2,500	0	0	
Assay Master... ..	1,500	0	0		Assistant to do.	800	0	0	
Asst. do.	606	10	0		Deputy Inspector General ...	1,000	0	0	
Resident of Travancore	2,800	0	0		Supt. of Police	700 & 800	0	0	
Asst. do.	600 & 1,000	0	0		Asst. do. { 1st Class, 500, 400 & 300	0	0	0	
Consulting Engr. for Railways.	2,000	0	0		{ 2d do.	150	0	0	
Deputy to do.	600	0	0		Inspector General of Jails ...	2,043	5	4	
Con. Engr. I. and C. Company	1,000	0	0		Supt. of Cen. Jails	600 & 800	0	0	
Government Agent, Chempauk.	525	0	0		Commissioner of Police	1,500	0	0	
Secretary Board of Examiners	300	0	0		Deputy do. do.	500	0	0	
Trans- { Tamil, Telugu & Per-					Mag. of Police	800, 1,000 & 1,200	0	0	
slation { sian each	300	0	0		Joint do.	700	0	0	
lators. { Canarese & Malayala-					Cantonment Magistrate...	700	0	0	
lum each	250	0	0		Civil and Session Judge ...	2,333	5	4	
Superintendent of Cen. Museum.	300	0	0		Principal Sudder Ameen... ..	500	0	0	
Supt. Govt. Chinchona Plantn.	400	0	0		District { 1st, 2d & 3d				
Reg. of Diocese & Archdeaconry	213	4	5		Moonsiffs. { Classes, 200, 250 & 300	0	0	0	
Marriage Registrar... ..	50	0	0		Senior Member Board of Rev...	4,000	0	0	
Senior Chaplain... ..	700	0	0		Member	3,408	5	4	
Jr. Chaplain, with Rs. 75 house rent					Do.	3,016	10	8	
when doing duty at the Presy.	500	0	0		Secretary	2,000	0	0	
Post Master General... ..	2,333	5	4		Sub. do.	1,500	0	0	
Inspecting Post Master... ..	700	0	0		Inam Commissioner	2,500	0	0	
Post Master, Madras... ..	700	0	0		Special Asst. to do.	600	0	0	
Director of Public Instruction	2,000	0	0		Depy. Collector of Sea Customs	700	0	0	
Principal Presidency College	500	0	0		Appraiser	500	0	0	
Professor of English Literature	600	0	0		Dy. Collrs. 1st, 2d, 3d & 4th				
Do. History... ..	500	0	0		Classes... .. 250, 350, 500 & 600	0	0	0	
Do. Moral Philosophy ...	500	0	0		Director of Revenue Settlement	2,420	13	4	
Do. Mathematics.	500	0	0		Depy. do.	1,287	8	0	
Do. Ver. Literature... ..	400	0	0		Asst. do.	600	0	0	
Do. Law... ..	300	0	0		Asst. do. 1st & 2d Classes 325 & 425	0	0	0	
Chemical Examiner... ..	200	0	0		Proby. Asst. Rev. Settlement	200	0	0	
Professor of Chemistry... ..	300	0	0		Supt. of Rev. Survey... ..	1,000	0	0	
Registrar Madras University..	300	0	0		Depy. do.	575 & 750	0	0	
Principal Medical College ...	400	0	0		Asst. do. 1st & 2d Classes, and				
Do. Normal School	600	0	0		Proby. 200, 325 & 425	0	0	0	
Do. Civil Engr. College.	600	0	0		Superintendent of Stamps ...	1,000	0	0	
Inspector of Schools... ..	1,000	0	0		Do. of Stationary... ..	100	0	0	
Do.	700 & 800	0	0		Conservator of Forests... ..	1,000	0	0	
Depy. Do.	350	0	0		Depy. Do.	500 & 700	0	0	
Head Master Provincial School	500	0	0		Asst. 1st, 2d & 3d Classes, 200, 300, 400	0	0	0	
District Engineer	600 & 700	0	0		Sub-Assistant Conservator ...	150	0	0	
1st Asst. do.	300	0	0		Paper Currency Asst. Commr.	600	0	0	
2d Asst. do.	150	0	0		Collector of Ganjam	2,850	0	0	
Registrar Genl. of Assurances	1,500	0	0		Collector of Tanjore... ..	2,583	5	4	

Monthly.	RS.	A.	P.	Monthly.	RS.	A.	P.
Superintendent Mounted Police	200	0	0	Superintendent of Pearl Banks...	300	0	0
Collector of Tanjore	2,583	5	4	Supt. of Mercantile Marine	250	0	0
Collector	2,333	5	4	Cochin and Canna-	350	0	0
Sub and Special Assistant	1,166	10	8	nada... each			
Head and Senior Assistant	733	5	4	Bimlipatam, Masu-			
Do.	558	5	4	lipatam, Tuticorin			
Assistant Collector	350	0	0	& Calicut... each	200	0	0
Junior Civil Servants...	250, 300 & 350	0	0	Negapatam & Vi-			
Superintendent of Marine	1,000	0	0	zagapatam, each	125	0	0
Master Attendant, and				Head Pilot and Conservator	130	0	0
Shipping Master, Madras	1,500	0	0	Protector of Emigrants...	250	0	0
Depr. do. and Shipping Mr.	700	0	0	Consular Agent, Pondicherry	350	0	0
1st Asst. to do.	300	0	0	Do. Karikal	250	0	0
Pier Master...	350	0	0	Do. Yanam	250	0	0
Supt. of Diving Bell	150	0	0	Do. Mahé...	100	0	0

Table of Batta and Mileage allowed to Uncovenanted Servants.

	Batta.	Mileage.
	RS. A. P. per mensem.	RS. A. P. per mile.
Special Assistant to the Inam Commissioner...	100 0 0	0 4 0
Judges of Small Cause Court...	4 0 0	0 8 0
Deputy Collectors attached to Inam Commission...	3 0 0	0 4 0
First and Second Class Deputy Collectors	3 0 0	
Third and Fourth Class do.	2 0 0	
Servants below 8 Rupees per diem	0 1 0	
Do. above 8 " and below 15 Rupees	0 2 0	
Do. 15 " " 25 " "	0 4 0	
Do. 25 " " 50 " "	0 8 0	
Do. 50 " " 100 " "	0 12 0	
Do. 100 " " 150 " "	1 0 0	
Do. 150 " " 200 " "	1 4 0	
Do. 200 " " 250 " "	1 8 0	
Do. 250 " and upwards (as a Deputy Collector)	3 0 0	
Peons and Daloyets	0 1 0	
Duffadars and Moochies	0 2 0	
Servants on the Est. of Inam Commissioner		
Do. do. of Dy. Collectors attached to do.	Those receiv-	
Do. do. of Director of Rev. Settlement	ing 40 Rs.	3-10th salary.
Do. do. of Revenue Survey.	& upwards	0 4 0
Do. do. of the Insp. Genl. of Mof. Police.	Do. less than	
Do. do. of Consulting Engr. Railway	that sum...	0 2 0
Do. do. of Cong. Engr. Irrig. & Works.		
Servants of Small Cause Court drawing Rs. 20 and upwards.	3-10th salary.	0 4 0
Those less than that sum...	Do.	0 2 0
Head Moochies and Moochies	0 2 0	0 0 0
Peons and Sweepers	0 1 0	0 0 0
Servants holding executive appointments proceeding to join their stations:-		
When travelling by Land in the ordinary way		0 4 0
Do. by Railroad...		0 1 6
Do. by Sea...		
	* Actual and reasonable passage money in case of a private vessel, or a free passage on a Government vessel.	
Servants holding ministerial appointments of a salary of 50 Rupees and above:-		
When travelling on duty by Railroad...	2nd Class fare, and the difference, if any in excess between it and the daily batta that would otherwise have been drawn.	
Do. of a salary less than 50 Rupees	3rd Class fare and batta.	
Do. by sea	As for executive officers.	
Peons, &c., proceeding by Railroad...	Boat side fare.	

* Deputy Collectors are allowed a cabin passage.

STAMP DUTIES.

OFFICE, BEACH.

Licent.-Col. J. TEMPLE, Supdt. of Stamps. | Mr. J. LUXA, Assistant.

DUTIES PAYABLE ON DEEDS AND OTHER INSTRUMENTS.

Act X of 1862 provides the Stamp Duties that have to be paid on Deeds, Instruments and Writings, and Law Papers. Below is given a list of the former ordinarily and generally executed with the amount of the Stamp to be impressed on each as contained in Schedules A and B of the Act.

The Stamp must be impressed on the paper itself, except in the case of the transfer of shares of any Banking Corporation or Joint Stock Company, (which by any law applicable to such Corporation can be effected by simple endorsement, or which are effected under Section XVIII, Act XIX of 1857. *Vide Notification by Government of India, No. 3,668, dated 2nd December 1861*) or under Act X of 1866, *vide Notification by Government of India, No. 1,144, dated 23rd June 1866*—of Receipts, Shop Bills, Foreign Bills of Exchange, and applications to Collectors of Customs. In these cases adhesive Stamps, which should be obliterated in such a manner as to show that they had been used, may be employed.

If a Deed, Instrument or other Writing be not stamped or insufficiently stamped, it is invalid as creating, transferring, or extinguishing any right or obligation; but when executed inadvertently, without intention to evade the Stamp duty or otherwise to defraud Government on paper not bearing a proper Stamp, such deed, &c., may be admitted in evidence before a Civil Court or duly stamped by the Collector of Stamps on payment of the prescribed Stamp duty and a penalty graduated according to the time that has elapsed.

Drafts or orders for payment of money on demand drawn without Stamp may be stamped by an adhesive Stamp by the person receiving them; but this does not relieve the drawer from the penalty incurred for issuing them unstamped.

The value of the Stamp affixed to receipts is to be paid by the person granting them under a penalty in case of refusal not exceeding 100 Rupees, and so also is the expense of providing Stamps for Bills of Exchange, Bonds, &c., to be met by the person drawing or making them.

Appeals from the Collectors of Stamps lie to the Board of Revenue.

SCHEDULE A.

1. AGREEMENT, or any Minute or Memorandum of an Agreement, not being of the nature of a Bond or other Obligation for the payment of money, or of a Conveyance, or of a Deed of Mortgage, Gift, or Dower, and not being otherwise provided for in this Schedule, whether the same be only evidence of a contract or obligatory upon the parties.....

PROPER STAMPS.

1 Rupee.

NOTE.—If two or more letters are offered in evidence to prove an Agreement between the parties who shall have written such letters, it will be sufficient if any one of such letters be stamped as an Agreement.

If the Agreement, or Minute or Memorandum be of the nature of a Bond or other Obligation for the payment of money or of a Conveyance, or of a Deed of Mortgage, Gift, or Dower.

The same Stamp as prescribed by this Schedule for such Instrument.

2. Agreement for an annual or periodical payment, not otherwise charged for in this Schedule.

The same Stamp as for a Bond for the amount of ten years' payment, or of sum total secured if less.

3. Agreement, or Minute or Memorandum for a lease or of the terms and conditions on which any land, house, or other real property is let, held, or occupied.

The same Stamp as for a lease for the same property on the same terms and conditions.

Provided that any lease afterwards made of the same land, house, or other real property in pursuance of such Agreement, Minute or Memorandum, shall be chargeable with a Stamp duty of 8 Annas only, to be denoted by a Stamp, which shall be impressed on such lease by the Collector of Stamp Revenue of the District upon the production of the Agreement, Minute, or Memorandum bearing the proper Stamp, and not otherwise.

4. Agreement to cultivate, manufacture, produce, provide, or deliver any article in consideration of advance made—

PROPER STAMPS.

		RS.	A.
If the amount advanced do not exceed	50 Rupees.....	0	1
If it exceed 50 Rupees but do not exceed	100 ".....	0	2
If it exceed 100 Rupees but do not exceed	200 ".....	0	4
If it exceed 200 Rupees but do not exceed	500 ".....	0	8
If it exceed 500 Rupees.....		1	0

5. Agreement or Contract, or any Minute or Memorandum of an agreement, made for or relating to the sale or purchase of any Security of the Government of India, Railway Scrip, Share in any Joint Stock Company, or Bill of Exchange to the amount or value of 100 Rupees or upwards.

1 Anna.

EXEMPTIONS.

Agreement or Contract, or any Minute or Memorandum of an Agreement, made for or relating to the sale or purchase of any Security of the Government of India, Railway Scrip, Share in any Joint Stock Company, or Bill of Exchange, if not of the amount or value of 100 Rupees.

Agreement or Contract, or any Minute or Memorandum of an Agreement, made for or relating to the sale of any goods or merchandize.

6. Agreement for the hire of a Steamer for tugging a vessel, if for a single trip within the limits of the Port.....
Beyond the limits of the Port.....

8 Annas.

1 Rupee.

7. Agreement for service or personal employment by the month or for any longer period—

If the amount of monthly salary or wages secured by such Agreement do not exceed in value 5 Rupees.....

1 Anna.

If the amount so secured exceed 5 Rupees but do not exceed 20 Rupees.....

4 Annas.

If the amount so secured exceed 20 Rupees but do not exceed 50 Rupees.....

8 Annas.

If any other case.....

1 Rupee.

EXEMPTION.

Agreement for service or personal employment for any period less than a month.

8. Affidavit or solemn declaration not made for the immediate purpose of being filed, read, or used in any Court of Justice, per sheet.....

1 Rupee.

9. Assignment, if not of the nature specified under the Head of Conveyance or Settlement, nor specially exempted—

In any case where the Assignment is of any interest secured by an original Deed, Instrument or Writing on a Stamp of a value less than 8 Rupees.....

The same Stamp as the original Deed.

In any other case.....

8 Rupees.

EXEMPTION.

Transfer by mere endorsement of a *Bill of Exchange*, *Promissory Note*, or other negotiable Instrument: or of a *Bill of Lading*, and transfer by Assignment of a Policy of Insurance.

10. Bill of Exchange, Letter of Credit, Draft, Cheque, Promissory Note, Hoondee or other Order or Obligation for the payment of Money not being a Bond, Instrument, or Writing bearing the attestation of one or more witnesses—

If payable on demand and bearing the date on which it is made, and if the sum payable exceed twenty Rupees.....

1 Anna.

		If drawn singly.	If drawn in a set of two, each to be stamped.	If drawn in a set of three, each to be stamped.			
		RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
If payable at sight or at any period not exceeding one year after date or sight—							
When not exceeding.....	100 Rs.....	0	1	0	1	0	1
When exceeding 100 and not exceeding	250 ".....	0	3	0	2	0	1
" 250 ".....	500 ".....	0	6	0	3	0	2
" 500 ".....	1,000 ".....	0	12	0	6	0	4
" 1,000 ".....	2,500 ".....	1	8	0	12	0	8
" 2,500 ".....	5,000 ".....	3	0	1	8	1	0
" 5,000 ".....	10,000 ".....	6	0	3	0	2	0
" 10,000 ".....	20,000 ".....	12	0	6	0	4	0
" 20,000 ".....	30,000 ".....	18	0	9	0	6	0

And for every further 10,000 Rupees or for any part of every further 10,000 Rupees, if drawn singly, 6 Rupees in addition; if drawn in a set of two, each to be stamped 3 Rupees in addition; if drawn in a set of three, each to be stamped 2 Rupees in addition.

If bearing no date, the same Stamp as if payable at sight, unless any date or period of payment be specified, in which case the same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond of the same amount.

If drawn in a set of more than three, each of the set in excess of three to be stamped as required for each one of a set drawn in a set of three.

If not drawn singly, each of the set shall state that it is drawn in a set of two or three, and shall denote on the face thereof that it is the first, second, or third of the set as the case may be.

N. B.—Where in a set of marginal Credit Bills of Exchange one is received before the rest it may be stamped, on payment of the Stamp due for the whole, with the correct Stamp as one of the set, and a receipt given for the value of the Stamps to be impressed on the others of the set when received without further charge.—*Fort St. George Gazette*, 9th February 1864, page 253.

Bills of Exchange drawn on stamped paper of full rate in Mysore are exempt from the further payment of duty as Foreign Bills when negotiated in British India, and similarly Bills drawn on stamped paper in British India are exempt in Mysore—(Notification of the Government of India, No. 1,028, dated 26th June 1865.)

The value for Stamp duty of Bills in Foreign money including English to be calculated at the price paid—vide *Financial letter*, No. 1,862, dated 10th August 1866.

Blank Bills must show whether they form sets of two or three.—*Proceedings of Board of Revenue, dated 31st May 1864.*

If payable at a period exceeding one year after date or sight.....

11. Bill of Lading of or for any goods to be exported.

N. B.—Bills of Lading, which 'guarantee against risks' to be treated as Policies of Insurance.—*Fort Saint George Gazette*, 9th February 1864, page 233.

Parcels' Tickets for Goods by sea to be stamped as Bills of Lading.—*Proceedings of Board of Revenue*, No. 3,861, dated 22nd June 1864.

BILL OF SALE.—See Conveyance and Mortgage.

12. Bond or other Obligation for the payment either absolutely or conditionally of any definite or certain sum of money, not otherwise charged for or expressly exempted from the payment of Stamp Duty in this Schedule--

If any sum not exceeding..... Rupees			25	.....	0	2
Above	25	Rs. and not exceeding	50	.....	0	4
"	50	"	100	.....	1	0
"	100	"	200	.....	2	0
"	200	"	300	.....	4	0
"	300	"	500	.....	5	0
"	500	"	700	.....	6	0
"	700	"	1,000	.....	10	0
"	1,000	"	2,000	.....	15	0
"	2,000	"	3,000	.....	25	0
"	3,000	"	5,000	.....	35	0
"	5,000	"	10,000	.....	60	0
"	10,000	"	20,000	.....	100	0
"	20,000	"	40,000	.....	125	0
"	40,000	"	60,000	.....	150	0
"	60,000	"	80,000	.....	200	0
"	80,000	"	1,00,000	.....	100	0
And for every further part of.....			1,00,000	.....	100	0
And for every further.....			1,00,000	.....	200	0

13. Bond or Agreement for a Loan made upon the deposit of Title Deeds or a Note or other Security of the Government of India, Share or Debenture of any Railway or Joint Stock Company, Bill of Lading, Warrant for Goods deposited in a Bonded or other Warehouse, or Assignment of any Goods, with or without a deposit of the Acceptance or Promissory Note of the borrower. Provided that no such Agreement is drawn in the form of a Bond or a Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note, or in any such way as would render it a negotiable Instrument passing by endorsement, for whatever amount, in case the period of such loan shall not exceed one month.

PROPER STAMPS.

If such loan is for a period exceeding 1 month & not exceeding 2 months... 2 Rupees.
If such loan is for a period exceeding 2 months & not exceeding 3 months... 4 "

If such loan is for a period exceeding three months..... { The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond of the same amount.

14. Bond or other Obligation concerning respondentia and bottomry..... { The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond for the like amount.

15. Bond or other Obligation given as security for the transfer of any Government Security or Stock of any public Company, or for the delivery or accounting for any matter or thing capable of being valued. { The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond for the payment of the amount engaged to be paid or accounted for, or of the value of the thing to be delivered or transferred.

16. Bond or other Obligation for an annual or any periodical payment, not being interest upon any principal sum secured by the Bond or other Obligation, whether for a fixed or for an indefinite period. { The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond for the payment of a sum equal to ten times the yearly payment, or of the total sum secured, if less.

17. Bond or other Obligation when the amount of the money to be secured is not specified..... { An optional Stamp—See Sec. XXVII of the Act.

When the amount is limited to a certain sum..... { The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond for the payment of such limited sum.

18. Bond or other Obligation for the due execution of an office or work, and any other Bond not otherwise specially provided for or expressly exempted from the payment of Stamp Duty by this Schedule. { An optional Stamp—See Sec. XXVII of the Act.

19. Bond or other Obligation taken as collateral security with some Deed or Instrument executed on the Stamp prescribed for a Conveyance or Money Bond, or as security for the performance of any other Contract, Covenant or Agreement not being for the payment of money, the transfer of property, or the satisfaction of any pecuniary demand..... { The same Stamp as the Deed, Instrument, Contract, Covenant, or Agreement, if of value not exceeding 8 Rupees; otherwise a Stamp of 8 Rupees.

The following rates of Stamp Duty are charged on Customs, Bonds, viz:— RS. A.

If the Penalty of the Bond do not exceed..... Rupees	25	0	2
If above Rupees	25 not exceeding.....	50	0 4
" " 50	100	0	8
" " 100	200	1	0
" " 200	300	2	0
" " 300	500	4	0
" " 500		5	0

(Vide Notification of Government of India, No. 1285, dated 11th June 1865.)

Bonds executed to the Emigration Agent must cover the amount of the penalty.—Fort Saint George Gazette, 19th September 1862, Supplement.

Guarantees require to be stamped as Bonds.—Fort Saint George Gazette, 19th September 1862, 9th February 1864.

Guarantees for due adjustment of public claims or demands by Public Officers are free.—Fort Saint George Gazette, 19th September 1862, Supplement.

20. Certificate, that is to say, a document denoting or intended to denote the right or title of the holder thereof, or any person, to any Share or Shares or Scrip in any Joint Stock or other Company, or proposed or intended Company; or any Certificate declaring or entitling the holder thereof, or any person, to be or become the proprietor of a Share or Shares or Scrip of or in any such Company.—One Anna.

21. Charter-party or any Agreement or Contract for the Charter or hiring of any sea-going ship or vessel.—2 Rupees.

22. Composition Deed, or other Instrument of Composition between a debtor and his creditor.—8 Rupees.

23. Conveyance or Deed or Instrument of any kind or description whatsoever, executed for the sale or transfer for a consideration, of any land, tenement, rent, annuity, or other property, real or personal, movable or immovable, or of any right, title, or claim to or upon, or interest in any land, house, rent, annuity, or other property, that is to say, for or in respect of the principal or only Deed, Instrument, or Writing whereby the property sold shall be conveyed to, or otherwise vested in, the purchaser, or to some other person by his direction—

PROPER STAMPS.

When the purchase or consideration money therein expressed or denoted shall not exceed 100 Rupees.....		RS.
Above	100 and not exceeding.....	200
"	200	400
"	400	800
"	800	1,200
"	1,200	2,000
"	2,000	3,000
"	3,000	4,000
"	4,000	5,000
"	5,000	7,500
"	7,500	10,000
"	10,000	20,000
"	20,000	40,000
"	40,000	60,000
"	60,000	80,000
"	80,000	1,00,000
And for every further.....	50,000	200
Or part thereof.....		100

24. Conveyance when the consideration is an Annuity..... { The same Stamp as for a Conveyance when the purchase money is equal to ten times the annuity.

25. Conveyance of any kind whatever not otherwise charged, if the value of the property conveyed or if the consideration for the Conveyance be stated or appear on the face of the Conveyance. { The same Duty as would be charged if a consideration in money equal to such value were expressed in the Conveyance as the consideration thereof.

If no value appear on the face of the Conveyance.....

26. Conveyance or transfer of a share of a Banking Corporation or Joint Stock Company, whether by Deed or Endorsement, when the market value of the Share transferred does not exceed 100 Rupees, per share..... 4 Annas.

When it exceeds 100 Rupees and does not exceed 200 Rupees..... 8 "

When it exceeds 200 Rupees and does not exceed 300 Rupees..... 12 "

When it exceeds 300 Rupees and does not exceed 400 Rupees..... 1 Rupee.

And for every 100 Rupees a further Duty of 4 Annas, and for the Conveyance or transfer of any quarter or half of any such share, a corresponding rate of duty.

EXEMPTION.

All transfers of subscription to any of the Government Loans, or other Government Securities.

27. CO-PARTNERSHIP.—Deed or other Instrument of..... 8 Rupees.

28. COPY.—Copy or Extract of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing attested or certified to be a true copy or extract, and furnished for the purpose of being given in evidence in any Civil or Revenue proceeding or made for the security or use of any person being a party to, or taking any benefit or interest immediately under such Deed, Instrument, or Writing..... { The same Duty as the original when such Duty does not exceed 8 Annas.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 8 Annas, but do not exceed 10 Rupees..... 1 Rupee.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 10 Rupees, but do not exceed 50 Rupees..... 2 Rupees.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 50 Rupees..... 5 "

NOTE.—Every copy bearing the proper Stamp which shall at any time be offered in evidence shall be deemed to have been made for that purpose.

PROPER STAMPS.

29. Where such copy may be made for the security or use of any person not being a party to, or taking any benefit or interest immediately under the Deed, Instrument, or Writing, per sheet.....

8 Annas.

30. Copy, attested or certified to be a true copy or made for the purpose of being given in evidence in any Civil or Revenue proceeding, of any Will, Testament, or Codicil, or of any Probate or Probate copy of any Will or Codicil, or of any Letter of Administration, or of any Confirmation of any Testament, Testamentary, or Dative, or of any part thereof respectively.....

1 Rupee.

31. Copy, or Extract of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing, annexed to any Deed, Instrument, or Writing.....

The same Stamp as the Deed, Instrument, or Writing from which the copy or extract is made, if of value not exceeding 8 Annas; otherwise 8 Annas per sheet.

32. Copy, authenticated or certified, of any Record, Letter, Account Statement, Report, or other Writing, furnished to any individual from any Government Office, per sheet.....

8 Annas.

All Copies of Baptismal, Burial or Marriage Certificates, furnished by the Bishop's Ecclesiastical Registrar and copies of Marriage Certificates under Act V of 1852, or Act V of 1865—require a Stamp of 8 Annas.—*Vide Notification, No. 3,333, dated 7th December 1865, and Financial Letter, No. 309, dated 4th May 1866.*

For copies of Judicial or Revenue Papers given from Courts of Justice, Revenue Offices, &c.....

See Schedule D.

EXEMPTION.

Copy of any Paper which any public Officer is required to make or furnish, for which a Stamp is not specially required by this Schedule.

33. Counterpart of a lease.....

The same Stamp as for such lease.

EXEMPTION.

Counterpart of a lease executed by a ryot or other actual cultivator of the soil, provided that no fine or premium be paid as part of the same transaction.

(For Madras, also Mysore and Coorg, vide Notification, No. 91, dated 20th April 1866.) Counterpart of a lease executed between landlord and tenant relative to lands in the Presidency of Madras, subject to the payment of Revenue to Government.

A counterpart of a lease includes a kubulet and the like.

34. COVENANT.—Any separate Deed of Covenant made on the sale or Mortgage of any immovable property or of any right or interest therein (the same not being a Deed chargeable with *ad valorem* Duty under the head of Conveyance in this Schedule) for the Conveyance, Assignment, Surrender, or Release of such property, right, or interest, or for the title to or quiet enjoyment, freedom from incumbrance, or further assurance of such property, right, or interest, or otherwise by way of indemnity in respect of the same, or for the production of the Title Deeds, or Muniment of Title relating thereto, or for all or any of those purposes.....

10 Rupees.

35. Deed of Gift or Dower whether to take effect on the instant, or at a future period, determinate or indeterminate.....

The same Stamp as for a Conveyance.

36. Deed of any kind not otherwise charged or expressly exempted from Stamp Duty by this Schedule.....

1 Rupee.

37. Duplicate, or counterpart of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing of any description whatever chargeable with duty under this Act not otherwise charged for or expressly exempted from Stamp Duty under this Schedule.....

The same Duty as the original when such Duty does not exceed 8 Annas.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 8 Annas, but do not exceed 10 Rupees.....

1 Rupee.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 10 Rupees, but do not exceed 50 Rupees.....

2 Rupees.

If the Duty chargeable on the original exceed 50 Rupees,

5 "

Provided that such duplicate or counterpart Stamp shall be affixed by the Collector of Stamp Revenue of the District upon the production of the original Deed bearing its proper Stamp and not otherwise.

38. EXCHANGE.—Any Deed, Instrument, or Writing whereby any real property shall be conveyed or surrendered in exchange for other property.....

The same Stamp as for a Conveyance.

PROPER STAMPS.

39. LEASE.—Any lease made in perpetuity, or for a term of years, or period determinable with one or more lives, or otherwise contingent, in consideration of a sum of money paid in the way of premium, fine, or the like, if without rent.....

The same Stamp as for a Conveyance or Deed of Sale for a sum of the amount of such consideration.

40. Any lease of any land, house or other real property at a rent, without any payment of any sum of money, by way of fine or premium—

Where the rent calculated for a whole year shall not exceed in value 24 Rupees.....

Exceeding 24 Rupees, but not exceeding	50 Rupees
50	100
100	250
250	500
500	1,000
1,000	2,000
2,000	4,000
4,000	6,000
6,000	10,000
10,000	25,000
25,000	50,000

and for every additional 25,000 or for any part of every additional 25,000 Rupees.....

When the Lease is for a period not exceeding one year.

When the Lease is for a period exceeding one year.

RS.	A.	RS.	A.
0	4	0	8
0	8	0	12
0	12	1	0
1	0	2	0
2	0	4	0
4	0	8	0
8	0	16	0
16	0	32	0
24	0	48	0
40	0	80	0
100	0	200	0
200	0	400	0

41. Any lease of any land, house, or other real property at a rent for an indefinite term, and without any payment of any sum of money by way of fine or premium.

The same Stamp as for a lease for a period exceeding one year.

42. Any lease of any land, house, or other real property, stipulating for a rent, granted in consideration of a fine or premium.

A Stamp of value equal to the joint value of the Stamps for a Conveyance in consideration of the fine and a lease for the rent.

EXEMPTIONS.

Any lease executed by a ryot or other actual cultivator, provided that no fine or premium be paid as part of the same transaction.

(For Madras, also Mysore and Coorg, vide Notification, No. 91, dated 20th April 1866.)

Every lease or other engagement executed between landlord and tenant, relative to land, in the Presidency of Madras, subject to the payment of Revenue to Government.

43. Letter or Power of Attorney, not being of the kinds provided for in Schedule B.....

4 Rupees.

If the Letter or Power of Attorney be for the performance of one act only, and the value of the property to be dealt with be expressed in the Letter or Power of Attorney and do not exceed 500 Rupees.....

1 Rupee.

44. Warrant of Attorney to confess Judgment or Cognovit, unless taken as collateral security for the payment of any sum of money secured by another Instrument stamped with an *ad valorem* Stamp under this Act.

The same Stamp as for a Bond.

If given for securing any sum of money exceeding 500 Rupees, for which the person giving the same shall then be in actual custody under an arrest on mesne process or in execution.

4 Rupees.

If given as such collateral security as above mentioned.....

5 "

45. Letter of License from a Creditor to his Debtor.....

10 "

46. MORTGAGE.—Any Deed of Mortgage or Conditional Sale, Assignment, Pledge, or Hypothecation, or any Acknowledgment in the nature of a Mortgage, Conditional Sale, Pledge or Hypothecation of or in respect of any immovable property with or without possession given, or of any personal property without possession given intended as a security for money due or to be lent thereupon; also any Deed or Contract accompanied with a deposit of Title Deeds to any property where the same may be made as security for payment of money due or lent at the time.....

The same Stamp as for a Bond for the payment of the amount due or lent.

PROPER STAMPS.

47. Deed of Mortgage or Conditional Sale, Assignment, Pledge, or Hypothecation, or any acknowledgment in the nature of a Mortgage, Conditional Sale, Assignment, Pledge, or Hypothecation, given for a loan or advance made on the deposit of any personal property. } The same Stamp as for a Promissory Note.
48. Deed of Mortgage or Conditional Sale, Assignment, Pledge, or Hypothecation, with or without possession given of any immovable property or of any right, title, or interest therein intended as security for the transfer of a Government Security, or for the payment of an Annuity for a fixed period, or for the delivery at a future date of any matter or thing capable of being valued... } The same Stamp as for a Bond for the payment of the total amount assured, or for the *bond fide* value.
49. Deed of Mortgage or Conditional Sale, Assignment, Pledge, or Hypothecation with or without possession given of any immovable property, or of any right, title, or interest therein given for the security of an Annuity for an indefinite period, such as a Life Annuity... } The same Stamp as for ten times the annual payment.
- Where it may be stipulated that the amount secured by such Mortgage shall not exceed a certain sum... } The same Stamp as for a Deed of Mortgage of such limited sum.
- Where the total amount secured by the Mortgage is unlimited... } An optional Stamp—See Sec. XXVII of the Act.
50. Deed of Mortgage where a Bond shall have been already taken for the amount secured, or where from any other cause the Mortgage shall act merely as collateral security, to some other transaction in which an Instrument requiring a Stamp has been executed. } The same Stamp as for the Bond or other Instrument, if of value not exceeding 8 Rupees, otherwise a Stamp of 8 Rupees.
- NOTE.—Where there are more Deeds than one required to execute the Mortgage in the manner desired by the parties, then for every other Deed than the principal Deeds; provided the original Deed has been duly stamped. } The same Stamp as for the principal Deed if of value not exceeding 8 Rupees, otherwise a Stamp of 8 Rupees.

EXEMPTION.

Letter of Hypothecation accompanying a Bill of Exchange.

51. MORTGAGED PROPERTY.—Re-conveyance of... } The same Stamp as for an Assignment.
52. MORTGAGED PROPERTY.—Release of an equity of redemption of... } The same Stamp as for a Conveyance.
53. NOTARIAL ACT.—Any Notarial Act whatsoever not otherwise charged in the Schedule... } 2 Rupees
54. Partition by private agreement or made by a public Officer of an estate or property, real or personal, or in the nature of separation of brotherhood, as amongst Hindus, for each sharer's copy of the Deed of Partition.
- | Rupees in value... | rs. | A. |
|---|-----|----|
| When the sharer's portion does not exceed one hundred | 0 | 8 |
| Exceeding 100 Rupees and not exceeding 200 Rupees | 1 | 0 |
| " 200 " " 400 " | 2 | 0 |
| " 400 " " 600 " | 4 | 0 |
| " 600 " " 800 " | 6 | 0 |
| " 800 " " 1,000 " | 8 | 0 |
| And for every additional four hundred Rupees, or part thereof | 2 | 0 |

When the subject of the partition, consisting either wholly or in part of other property than money, and money not being part of such subject is paid, or agreed to be paid for the purpose of compensating any difference from just proportion in the partition actually made of that subject.

A Stamp of value equal to the joint value of the Stamp which would have been required had the subject of partition been actually divided with the just proportion and of the Stamp for a Conveyance or Deed of Sale for a sum equal to the amount so paid or agreed to be paid, for the purpose of compensating the difference therefrom.

55. Policy of Insurance, or other Instrument, by whatever name the same shall be called, whereby an Insurance shall be made upon any life or upon any event depending upon any life or against loss or damage by fire upon any building or property, not of the description mentioned in Article 56—

PROPER STAMPS.

- For every sum of one thousand Rupees and also for each and every fractional part of one thousand Rupees... } 8 Annas.
56. Policy of Insurance of any ship, vessel, sloop, lighter boat, or the like, or of any goods or property on board, or upon the freight of any ship, vessel, sloop, lighter boat, or the like, or upon any other interest relating thereto, or upon any voyage where the premium shall not exceed two per centum on the sum insured.
- | | If executed singly. | If executed in sets of two, each to be stamped. |
|--|---------------------|---|
| If the whole sum insured shall not exceed one thousand Rupees... | 8 Annas. | 4 Annas. |
| If the sum insured exceed one thousand Rupees, for every one thousand Rupees eight annas if executed singly; and if executed in a set of two, four annas for each number. | | |
| Where the premium shall exceed two per cent. on the sum insured, if the whole sum shall not exceed one thousand Rupees... | 1 Rupee. | 8 Annas. |
| If the sum insured exceed one thousand Rupees, for every one thousand Rupees and also for any fractional part of one thousand Rupees whereof the same shall consist, one Rupee if executed singly; and if executed in a set of two, eight annas for each number. | | |
| If drawn in a set of more than two, each of the set in excess of two to be stamped as required for each one of a set drawn in a set of two. | | |
- NOTE.—A letter of cover or engagement to issue a policy of Insurance does not require a Stamp. Provided that, unless such letter or engagement bear the full Stamp prescribed for a Policy of Insurance, no money shall be paid or payable upon it, nor shall it be filed, exhibited, or recorded in any Court in India otherwise than to compel the delivery of a Policy on the prescribed Stamp.
- PROMISSORY NOTE.—See Bill of Exchange.
57. Promissory Note for the payment of any sum by instalments, or for the payment of several sums at different dates, so that the whole of the money to be paid shall be definite and certain... } The same Stamp as for a Bond for the payment of the whole amount.
58. Protest of any Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note for any sum of money... } 2 Rupees.
59. Protest of any Commander or Master of a vessel... } 2 "
60. Protest, Notice of intention of—of any Commander or Master of a vessel... } 8 Annas.
61. Receipt or discharge given for the payment of money or in acquittal of a debt paid in money or otherwise, when the sum received, discharged, or acquitted, exceeds 20 Rupees } 1 Anna.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.

Letter sent by post acknowledging the arrival of a Currency or Promissory Note, Bill of Exchange, on any security for money.

Receipt or discharge for the rent of land paying Revenue to Government, granted to any ryot or other actual cultivator for the rent of land cultivated by him.

Receipt or discharge written upon any Promissory Note, Bill of Exchange, Draft, or Order for the payment of money, duly stamped.

Receipt or discharge written upon or contained in a Mortgage Deed or other Security or in a Deed of Conveyance, Settlement, Personal Bond, or other Instrument duly stamped acknowledging the receipt of the consideration money therein expressed, or the receipt of any principal money, interest, or annuity thereby charged.

Receipt given for money deposited in any Bank, or in the hands of any Banker to be accounted for, whether with interest or not, provided the same be not expressed to be received of or by the hands of any other than the person to whom the same is to be accounted for. Provided always that this exemption shall not extend to a receipt or acknowledgment for any sum paid or deposited for or upon a letter of any allotment of a share, in respect of a call upon any scrip or share of, or in any Joint Stock or other Company, or proposed or intended Company, which last mentioned receipt or acknowledgment, by whomsoever given, shall be liable to the Duty charged upon a receipt.

62. Release to an Executor or Trustee from his trust... } 10 Rupees.

63. Schedule annexed or referred to in any Agreement, Lease, Bond, Deed, or other Instrument, per sheet... } 8 Annas.

[PART II,

PROPER STAMPS.
The same Stamp as prescribed by Article 12 for a Bond for the payment of the amount of value settled or agreed to be settled; or in cases in which the value shall be determinate, an optional Stamp—See Section XXVII of the Act.

66. Warrant.—Bonded Warehouse... .. 8 Annas.

Any Deed, Instrument, or Writing of any kind made or executed by or on behalf of the Government, by any Government Board, Commission, Court, Officer or Agent.

Renunciation of land executed by a ryot or other actual cultivator of the land to his landlord.

Will, Testament, and the like, together with a Deed merely declaratory of trust or appointment or otherwise, in execution of powers, or pursuant to any previous Settlement, Deed, or Will.

Notz.--(a) Any Deed, Instrument, or Writing required by the foregoing Schedule to be stamped, may be written on one or more Stamps, if the value of the Stamps used amount to the value required by the Schedule.

(b) When of several Deeds, Instruments, or Writings, a doubt shall arise which is the principal, it shall be lawful for the parties to determine for themselves which shall be so deemed. In any case, however, where there are more Deeds than one, every other Deed than the principal requires the same Stamp as the principal Deed, if of value not exceeding eight Rupees. (which shall be the maximum Stamp for collateral Deeds), and every such collateral Deed shall specify by its contents which other is the principal Deed by which the conveyance has been affected, certifying that it is executed on the proper Stamp.

Referred to in Section XXX of the Act, containing the Specification of Duties chargeable on Law Papers.

PROPER STAMPS.

1. Application presented to the Collector of Customs at any Presidency Town, and application presented to the Municipal Commissioners, or to any Magistrate, or Justice of the Peace, under Act XIV of 1856, *(for the Conserrancy and Improvement of the Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, and the several Stations of the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca).*..... 1 Anna.

2. Bail or Security Bond, or other Obligation, whether of specified amount or with a penalty of a specific sum of money, or of indefinite amount, when taken by or by order of any Court of Justice, or by any Revenue Authority..... 8 Annas.

EXEMPTION.
Bail Bonds in Criminal cases, Recognizances to prosecute or give evidence, and personal recognizances for appearance or otherwise.

3. Certificate granted under Act XXVII of 1860 (for facilitating the collection of debts on successions, and for the security of parties paying debts to the representatives of deceased persons) if the debt or other property in respect to which the certificate is granted is sworn, not to exceed 500 Rupees..... 4 Rupees.

the certificate is granted is shown, not to exceed 500 Rupees.....	2	"
If exceeding 500 Rupees, but not exceeding 1,000 Rupees.....	8	"
And for every additional 1,000 Rupees or any part of every additional 1,000 Rupees.....	4	"

Rupees. The party to whom such Certificate is granted, or his heir or representative, shall after the expiration of twelve months from the date of such Certificate, and thereafter whenever the Court which granted such Certificate shall require him so to do, file a statement of all moneys recovered or realized by him under such Certificate, and if the moneys so recovered or realized shall exceed the amount of the debts or other property as

sworn to by the person to whom such Certificate is granted, the Court may cancel the Certificate and order such person to take out a fresh Certificate on the Stamp prescribed by this Article for such enhanced amount. In default of furnishing such statement within the time allowed, the Court may cancel the Certificate.

4. Copy of decree if passed in any Court below the Sudder Court or in any Revenue Court in any suit in which the value of the claim amounts to fifty Rupees, or in any regular appeal..... 1 Rupee.

.....	1 Rupee.
If passed in the Sudder Court in any suit or appeal.....	4 Rupees.

5. Copy of a Judgment or Order not being a decree if passed by a Court below the Sudder Court or in any Revenue Court 8 Annas.

If passed by the Sudder Court..... 1 Rupee.

If the Judgment be translated into any other language, application for a copy of the translation may be made on unstamped paper, and a copy of the translation may be given in addition to or in place of the copy of the Judgment, and shall bear the same Stamp.

Copy of any Judgment, Decree, or Order, if passed otherwise than on appeal in any Court below the Sudder Court in any suit, or in relation to any suit, or in any Revenue Court, in which the value of the claim does not amount to fifty Rupees when such copy is taken out of the Court making the same.

6. Copy of any Revenue or Judicial Proceeding or Order not provided for in Article 5 or falling under the exemption to that Article, or Copy of any Account/ Statement, Report, or the like, taken out of any Civil or Criminal Court or any Revenue Court or Office, for use or reference, or when left on Proceedings in place of the original withdrawn, per sheet..... 8 Annas.

7. Copy of any Deed, Instrument, or Writing stamped in accordance with Schedule A annexed to this Act when left on Proceedings in place of the original withdrawn. { The same Stamp as the original when such Stamp does not exceed 8 Annas; otherwise a Stamp of 8 Annas per sheet.

Copy of any such Deed, Instrument, or Writing when the original does not require a Stamp under the said Schedule A.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION.—See Probate.

8. Mooktarnamah, Wakalutnamah, and other power, filed or presented for the conduct of any case in any Court of Justice, or before any Revenue Authority, or before the Revenue Authorities—

When presented to the Sadler Court..... 2 Rupees.
When presented to the Board of Revenue or other Chief Controlling Revenue

When presented to a Commissioner of Revenue, or to a Commissioner of Customs not being the Chief of the District, or to a Collector of Customs, 2 Rupees.

Customs, not being the Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.....	1 Rupee.
When presented to any Court, Civil or Criminal, other than the Sudder Court, or to any Collector or other Revenue Officer.....	8 Annas.

EXEMPTIONS.

Moaktarnamalis executed by an Officer or Soldier of the Army.

No Stamp is required where Counsel is admitted in any case by any Criminal Court to appear on behalf of a prisoner without a written Mooktaruzmah.

9. Petition of appeal not being from an Order rejecting a plaint, or from a Decree or Order having by any law the force of a decree; and petition or application presented to any Civil Court shall be written upon Stamp Paper of the following value, namely :—

When presented to the Sudder Court..... 2 Rupees.

When presented to the Sadder Court.....	2 Rupees.
When presented to any Court below the Sadder Court.....	8 Annas.

SPECIAL RULE FOR BENGAL, ALSO FOR MYSORE AND COORG.—*Vide Notification, No. 91, dated 20th April 1866.*

10. Petition of Appeal to the Board of Revenue or other Chief Controlling Revenue Authority..... 2 Rupees.

Any other petition or application to the Board of Revenue or other Chief Controlling Revenue Authority.....	1 Rupee.
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Petition or application not falling within any of the other provisions, or of the exemptions of this Schedule presented to any other Criminal Court, or to any other Revenue Office. 8 Annas.

GENERAL EXEMPTIONS.

Petition or application presented to any Moonsiff's Court, or to any Cantonment Joint Magistrate sitting as a Court of Civil Judicature, under Act III of 1859 (for conferring Civil Jurisdiction in certain cases upon Cantonment Joint Magistrates, and for constituting those Officers Registers of Deeds,) or to any Court of Small Causes constituted under Act XLII of 1860 (for the establishment of Courts of Small Causes beyond the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Courts of Judicature established by Royal Charter) in relation to any suit or case of an amount of value less than fifty Rupees, or to a Collector or Deputy Collector in relation to any suit or case of the same amount or value tried under Act X of 1859 (to amend the law relating to the recovery of Rent in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal.)

Application for the summons of a witness or other person to attend either to give evidence or to produce a document, or in respect of the production or filing of any exhibit.

Petition of appeal presented to a Magistrate against the Chowkcedary Assessment.

Communication made to a Magistrate in regard to Police matters not intended for record.

Petition to a Collector or Officer making a settlement, relating to matters connected with the assessment of lands, the ascertainment of rights, or to any other matter affecting the settlement of the Government Revenue on land, if presented, pending the formation of such settlement.

Petition to a Board or Commissioner of Revenue relating to the same.

Petition, application, charge or information respecting any crime or offence. Petition from any prisoner, convict, or other person in duress, or under restraint of the Court or its Officers.

EXEMPTION FOR THE PRESIDENCIES OF MADRAS AND BOMBAY.

No petition or application to the Revenue Authorities need be presented on Stamp Paper, except as prescribed in the Special Rule given at the close of this Schedule with respect to suits cognizable by Collectors in the Presidency of Bombay.

11. **PLAINT OR APPEAL.**—Petition of, in suits and appeals not otherwise provided for, instituted in any Civil Court not within the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Courts established by Royal Charter, for the recovery of any sum of money, or to obtain possession of any interest, matter, or thing—

PROPER STAMPS.

		Rupees.	
If the amount or value of the property claimed does not exceed	16 Rs.	1	
Above	16 Rupees and not exceeding	32	2
"	32	64	4
"	64	150	8
"	150	300	16
"	300	800	32
"	800	1,000	50
"	1,000	3,000	100
"	3,000	5,000	150
"	5,000	10,000	250
"	10,000	15,000	350
"	15,000	25,000	500
"	25,000	50,000	700
"	50,000	1,00,000	1,000
"	1,00,000		2,000

If the suit be instituted in a Military Court of Requests, or in the Court of a Cantonment Joint Magistrate under Act III of 1859, or in Courts of Small Causes, established under Section 7, Madras Act No. I of 1866, vide Notification No. 1,390, dated 22d March 1866, and the amount or value claimed do not exceed 8 Rupees. 4 Annas.

If it exceed 8 Rupees but do not exceed 16 Rupees. 8 "

If it exceed 16 Rupees but do not exceed 32 Rupees. 1 Rupee.

If it exceed 32 Rupees. The same Stamp as for a suit in any other Court.

In suits for possession instituted under Section XV, Act XIV of 1859. A Stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed in the foregoing scale.

NOTE.—(a.) In suits for lands paying Revenue to Government, not situate within the Presidencies of Madras and Bombay, if forming one entire Mehul, or a specific portion thereof with a defined jumma subject to revision, the value shall be assumed at the amount of the annual jumma payable to Government on account of the Mehul or portion thereof as aforesaid; and where the land has been assessed in perpetuity, at three times the amount of the annual jumma.

(b.) Within the Presidency of Madras, in suits for land paying Revenue to Government, the value of the property shall be assumed at the amount of the annual aggregate

produce of the land computed as payable by the dependent Talookdars, Under-Farmers, and Ryots, on account, of the year in which the suit may be preferred.

(c.) Within the Presidency of Bombay, in suits for land paying Revenue to Government, the value of the property sued for shall be calculated at the amount of the annual assessment.

(d.) In suits for lands exempt from the payment of Revenue, the value shall be calculated at eighteen times the aggregate annual rent payable by the Ryots or other Under-tenants of the land.

(e.) In suits instituted for houses, gardens, and other things of value, real or personal, not of the descriptions above specified; as well as for any interest in land paying Revenue to Government or for any other right or thing not capable of valuation under the above rules, the amount shall be computed according to the estimated selling price, or when no such estimate can be made, at the sum at which the plaintiff shall estimate the value of his suit; and suits for damages or compensation for injury sustained, and the like, shall be valued at the amount claimed by plaintiff.

(f.) If an appeal or plaint, which shall have been rejected by the Lower Court on any of the grounds mentioned in the Code of Civil Procedure shall be ordered to be received, or if a suit shall be remanded in appeal for a second decision by the Lower Court, the Appellate Court shall grant to the Appellant a Certificate, authorizing him to receive back from the Collector the full amount of Stamp Duty paid on the petition of appeal.

SPECIAL RULE FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF BENGAL.

(g.) In suits instituted in the Courts of Collectors and Deputy Collectors under Act X of 1859, for the recovery of arrears of Government Revenue or rent of land paying Revenue to Government or of money in the hands of an Agent of such land, the statement of claim shall be written on paper bearing a Stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed for suits instituted in the Civil Courts, and in all other suits instituted in the Courts of Collectors and Deputy Collectors under the said Act relating to lands paying Revenue to Government, the statement of claim shall be written on paper bearing a Stamp of the value of 8 annas.

PROPER STAMPS.

12. Probate or Letters of Administration granted by any Court, or Certificate granted under Regulation VIII, 1827, of the Bombay Code (to provide for the formal recognition of Heirs, Executors and Administrators, and for the appointment of Administrators and Managers of property by the Courts) or under Act XL of 1858, (for making better provision for the care of the persons and property of Minors in the Presidency of Fort William in Bengal)..... 4 Rupees.

The following Stamps are prescribed by Act X of 1855 (Indian Succession Act) which is applicable to Wills and Intestates, dated after 1st January 1866, but not to Hindoos, Mahomedans or Buddhists.

Petition for Probate or for letters of Administration, where the value of the Estate exceeds Rs. 500.....	10 0 0 Rupees.
Do. do. where the value of the Estate is less than Rs. 500.....	1 0 0 Rupee.
Probate or letters of Administration.....	3 0 0 Rupees.
Covert.....	4 0 0
Citation.....	1 0 0 Rupee.
All Petitions, others than those abovementioned.....	1 0 0
Inventory.....	1 0 0
Administration Bond.....	8 0 0 Rupees.

13. Razeenamah, Rufanamah, Soolunamah, or the like, that is to say:—

Any written application whereby, or according whereunto, a suit pending in a Court of Civil Judicature shall be adjusted, or be capable of adjustment, without an award of the presiding Judge or other Officer. To be charged as in Petitions where Petitions are required to bear a Stamp.

SPECIAL RULE FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF BOMBAY.

Suits cognizable before Collectors under the operation of Chapter VIII, Regulation XVII, 1827, of the Bombay Code (for the territories subordinate to Bombay, prescribing Rules for the assessment and realization of the Land Revenue, defining the relative rights in the land and its produce of the Government and the subject, of the superior holder and the tenant; vesting the Collector with judicial powers in cases regarding land, and its rent and produce, and declaring the circumstances under which exemption from the payment of Land Revenue is to be enjoyed), as modified by Act XVI of 1838, shall be subject to the same rules in regard to Stamps as are in force for the Courts of Civil Judicature.

GENERAL RULE.—If the subject matter of any plaint, written statement, petition, or copy of a Decree or Order cannot be conveniently comprised within one Stamp Paper of the value prescribed by this Schedule, one or more additional pieces of paper may be used bearing a Stamp of the value required for Petitions. This Rule does not apply to copies of judgments; any additional piece of paper required for such copies do not require to be stamped.

REGISTRATION OF ASSURANCES.

The registration of Assurances is conducted under Act XX, 1866, entitled "The Indian Registration Act, 1866."

Compulsory registration.—The registration of the following instruments is compulsory:—

- (1.) Instruments of gift of immovable property.
 - (2.) Instruments (other than an instrument of gift), which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent, of the value of one hundred Rupees and upwards, to or in immovable property.
 - (3.) Instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title, or interest.
 - (4.) Leases of immovable property for any term exceeding one year.
- Composition-deeds and any instruments relating to shares in a Joint Stock Company, notwithstanding that the assets of such Company shall consist in whole or in part of immovable property, and endorsements upon, or transfer of, any Debenture issued by any such Company, are, however, exempted from registration.

Optional registration.—The following documents MAY be registered, if the parties wish:—

- (1.) Instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value less than one hundred Rupees, to or in immovable property.
- (2.) Instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title, or interest.
- (3.) Leases of immovable property for any term not exceeding one year, and the puttals and muchilkas referred to in Section 2.
- (4.) Awards relating to immovable property.
- (5.) Instruments which purport or operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish any right, title, or interest, to or in movable property.
- (6.) Wills or authorities to adopt a son.
- (7.) Acknowledgments, agreements, appointments, articles of partnership, assignments, awards, bills of exchange, bills of sale, bonds, composition-deeds, conditions of sale, contracts, covenants, grants, instruments of dissolutions of partnership, instruments of partition, powers of attorney, promissory notes, releases, settlements, writings of divorce, and all other documents not hereinbefore mentioned.

Language of Instruments.—If the document presented for registration be in a language which the registering Officer does not understand, and which is not commonly used in the district, he shall refuse to register it unless accompanied by a true translation into a language commonly used in the District and also by a true copy. For this purpose, the following languages are recognized as the languages in which documents can be registered without translation of copy, in the offices mentioned below:—

ENGLISH.—In the office of the Registrar General, and of all Registrars.

TELUGU.—In the offices of the Registrars and Sub-Registrars of the Districts of Ganjam, Vizagapatam, Godavery, Krishna, Nellore, Cuddapah, Kurnool, Bellary, and in the office of the Registrar General and of the Registrars of Madras, North Arcot and Salem.

TAMIL.—In the offices of the Registrars and Sub-Registrars of the Districts of Madras, Chingleput, South Arcot, Tanjore, Tranquebar, Tinnevely, Madurai, Trichinopoly and Coimbatore, and in the office of the Registrar General.

CANARESE.—In the offices of the Registrars and Sub-Registrars of South Canara, and in that of the Registrar General.

MALAYALUM.—In the offices of the Registrars and Sub-Registrars of Calicut and Tellicherry, and in the office of the Registrar General.

HINDUSTANI.—In the offices of the Registrar General, of the Registrars of Madras and Kurnool, and of the Sub-Registrars of Kurnool, Arcot, Vellore and Trichinopoly.

URIYA.—In the offices of the Registrar of Ganjam, and of the Sub-Registrars of Goomsur, Surada, Aska, Porohottapur, Ganjam, Berhampore, Tickully, Purlakimedy, Munsoorcottah, Gunupur, Royagodda and Jeypore.

Instruments written in the undermentioned languages must in every case be accompanied by a translation and copy in whatever office presented for registration; otherwise they will not be accepted:—

Arabic; Persian; Sanscrit; Bengalee; Mahratta; Guzerattee; Scindee; Punjabee; all European languages except English.

Interlineations, Erasures, &c.—It is discretionary with the registering Officer to refuse to accept for registration any document in which any interlineation, blank, erasure, or alteration shall appear, unless the persons executing the document shall attest with their signatures or initials such interlineation, blank, erasure, or alteration; and when he does register it, it shall be his duty, when so doing, to make a note in the register, of such interlineation, blank, erasure, or alteration.

No instrument relating to immovable property will be accepted for registration unless it contains a description of such property sufficient to identify the same. Houses in towns must be described as situate on the north or other side of the street or road (mentioning it) to which they front, and by their existing and former occupancies, and by their numbers, if the houses in such street or road are numbered. Other houses and lands must also be described by their name, if any, and as being in the territorial division in which they are situate and by their superficial contents, the roads and other properties on which they abut, and their occupancies, and also, whenever it is practicable, by reference to a Government map or survey. No document containing a map or plan of any property comprised therein will be accepted for registration unless it be accompanied by a true copy of the map or plan, or, in case such property shall be situate in several sub-districts, by such number of true copies of the map or plan as shall be equal to the number of such sub-districts, and, in case the property shall be also situate in several districts, by such further number of true copies of the map or plan as shall be equal to the number of such districts.

Time of registration.—All documents, the registration of which is compulsory, should be presented within four months from the date of its execution. When there are several persons executing it at different times, the instrument may be presented for registration and re-registration within four months from the date of each execution.

Instruments, the registration of which is optional, should be presented for that purpose to the proper Officer within two months from the date of its execution. When there are several persons executing it at different times, the document may be presented for registration and re-registration within two months from the date of each execution. The date of execution of a document means the day on which it purports to have been executed. If any instrument shall, owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, not have been presented for registration till after the expiration of the time above observed, the Registrar, in any case where the delay in presentation shall not exceed four months, shall direct that, on payment, as a penalty, of a sum not exceeding twenty times the amount of the proper registration fee, such instrument be accepted for registration. Wills or authority to adopt a son may at any time be registered or deposited.

Place of registration.—Every instrument must be presented for registration in the office of a Sub-Registrar within whose sub-district the whole or some portion of the property to which such instrument relates is situate, except instruments enumerated in paragraphs 5, 6 and 7 of Optional Registration, which may be presented for registration in the office of the Registrar in whose district the instrument was executed, or in the office of any Sub-Registrar under the local Government at which all the persons executing and claiming under the instrument shall desire the same to be registered.

In ordinary cases, the registration or deposit of documents shall be made only at the public office of the Officer whose duty it shall be to register the same: but any such Officer may, on special cause being shown, attend at the residence of any person intending to register any document, or of any person desiring to deposit a Will or authority to adopt a son, and register or accept for registration or deposit such document, Will, or authority. Every Sub-Registrar so attending shall, within twenty-four hours, report to the Registrar, to whom he is subordinate, the fact of the attendance, and his reason therefor.

Who to present for registration.—Every document to be registered shall be presented at the proper registration office by some person executing or claiming under the same, or by the representative or assign of such person, or by the agent of such person, representative, or assign, duly authorized by power of attorney executed and authenticated in manner hereinafter mentioned.

The powers of attorney next hereinafter mentioned shall alone be recognized, that is to say—

(a.) If the principal, at the time of executing the power of attorney, resides in any part of British India in which this Act operates, a power of attorney executed before, and authenticated by, the Registrar or Sub-Registrar within whose district or sub-district the principal resides.

(b.) If the principal, at the time aforesaid, resides in any other part of British India, a power of attorney executed before, and authenticated by, the Judge of the District Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the principal resides.

(c.) If the principal, at the time aforesaid, does not reside in British India, a power of attorney executed before and authenticated by a Notary Public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-Consul, or Representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India.

Any power of attorney abovementioned may be proved by the production of it without further proof, when it purports, on the face of it, to have been executed before, and authenticated by, the person or Court hereinbefore mentioned in that behalf.

Persons who, by reason of bodily infirmity, are unable, without risk or serious inconvenience, to attend as below mentioned, and persons who are in jail under civil or criminal process, and persons exempt by law from personal appearance in Court, not required to attend at the office of the Registrar or Sub-Registrar, or in the Court of the Judge, for the purpose of executing any power of attorney as is mentioned above (a) and (b), in every such case the Registrar, or Sub-Registrar, or Judge (as the case may be) if satisfied that the power of attorney has been voluntarily executed by the person purporting to be the principal, may attest the same without requiring his personal attendance at his office or Court. To obtain evidence as to the voluntary nature of the execution, the Registrar, or Sub-Registrar, or Judge, may either himself go to the house of the person purporting to be the principal, or to the jail in which he is confined, and examine him, or issue a Commission for the examination of such person.

The testator, or any person claiming as executor or otherwise under a Will, may present to any Registrar, for registration, such Will, and the donor or donee of any authority to adopt, or the adoptive son, may present to any Registrar, for registration, such authority. Any person entitled to present for registration any such Will, or authority may, either personally or by a duly authorized agent, present to a Registrar such Will or authority open, and any testator or donor of such authority may either personally, or by duly authorized agent, deposit with any Registrar the Will or authority in a sealed cover, superscribed with the name of the depositor and the nature of the document.

Enquiry before registration.—No document shall be registered under the Registration Act unless the persons executing such document, or their representatives, assigns, or agents, authorized as aforesaid, appear before the registering Officer, who shall thereupon enquire whether or not such document was executed by the persons by whom it purports to have been executed, and, in the case of any person appearing as a representative, assign, or agent, satisfy himself of the right of such person so to appear.

If all the persons executing the document appear personally before the registering Officer, and are personally known to him, or if he be otherwise satisfied that they are the persons they represent themselves to be, and if they all admit the execution of the document; or, in the case of any person appearing by a representative, assign, or agent, if such representative, assign, or agent shall admit the execution; or, if the person executing the document shall be dead, and his representative, assign or agent shall not appear before the registering Officer, or shall refuse to admit the fact of execution, but such Officer shall nevertheless be satisfied of the fact of execution, the registering Officer shall register the document.

The registering Officer may, in order to satisfy himself that the persons appearing before him are the persons they represent themselves to be, or for any other purpose contemplated by the Registration Act, examine any one, whether summoned or not, present in his office.

Effect of registration and non-registration.—All instruments duly registered under this Act, and relating to any movable or immovable property, shall take effect against any oral agreement or declaration relating to the same property.

No instrument required to be registered shall be received in evidence in any civil proceeding in any Court, or shall be acted on by any public servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or shall affect any property comprised therein, unless it shall have been registered in accordance with the provisions of the Registration Act.

Every instrument of the kinds the registration of which is optional, shall, if duly registered, take effect, as regards the property comprised therein, against every unregistered instrument relating to the same property, whether such other instrument be of the same nature as the registered instrument, or not.

Whenever the obligor and obligee of an obligation shall agree that, in the event of the obligation not being duly satisfied, the amount secured thereby may be recovered in a summary way, and shall, at the time of registering the said obligation, apply to the Registering Officer to record the said agreement, the Registering Officer, after making such enquiries as he may think proper, shall record such agreement at the foot of the endorsement and certificate, and such record shall be signed by him and by the obligor, and shall be copied into the Register Book No. 1 or No. 6, as the case may be, and shall be *prima facie* evidence of the said agreement.

Table of Fees.

(Gazette Supplement, 24th April 1866.)

RS. A. P.

For registering every document not containing more than 300 words, and of which the value does not exceed Rupees 100.	1	0	0
For registering every document of which the value is above Rupees 100, and does not exceed Rupees 1,000	2	0	0
For registering every document of which the value is above Rupees 1,000, and not exceeding Rupees 5,000	3	0	0
For each additional Rupees 1,000 or part thereof	0	8	0
For special registration under Section 52, besides the usual fee an extra fee of the same amount.			
For every search.....	1	0	0
For making or granting copies of reasons, entries, or documents, before, on, or after registration, or for entering the contents of a sealed cover in the register of Wills, Codicils, and Instruments giving authority to adopt a son.	4 Annas for every 100 words or for any portion of 100 words.		
For attesting a special power of attorney.....	0	8	0
Do general do	1	0	0
For the registration and safe custody of any sealed envelope purporting to contain a Will, Codicil, or authority to adopt a son.....	5	0	0
For the withdrawal of a sealed cover.....	2	0	0
For filling a translation.....	1	0	0
For the issue of a commission, or for attending at a private residence.	Rupees 10, with travelling allowances at the rates hereinafter mentioned.		

In the event of the services of a female being required on either of the occasions mentioned in the preceding clause, a further fee of 5 Rupees.

If a document, of which the value does not exceed Rupees 100, contains more than 300 words, the additional words shall be charged for at the rate prescribed for certified copies.

If a document tendered for registration has one or more schedules appended to it, such schedule or schedules shall be charged for at the rate prescribed for certified copies, according to the aggregate number of words contained in the schedule or schedules.

All copies of registered documents, endorsements, and certificates required for transmission from one office to another under the provisions of Sections 72, 73, 74, and 78, shall be prepared at the expense of the parties applying for registration, in conformity with the rate prescribed for certified copies.

Whenever a duplicate or counterpart of a document may be registered at the same time as the original document, the registration of such duplicate or counterpart shall be charged for at the rate prescribed for certified copies.

The value, in the case of leases for periods less than five years, without fine or premium, shall be the aggregate amount of rent payable for the whole term of lease.

The value in the case of other leases for a term of years without fine or premium, or in which no period is specified, shall be calculated at five years' rental.

When a fine is payable with or without a rent stipulated, the value shall be the aggregate of the fine and of the rent value (if any) calculated as in the foregoing Rule.

The value in the case of documents in which no value is expressed, or in which it is not fully expressed, shall be the maximum amount which the stamp borne by the document shall suffice to cover.

In all cases not provided for by special rule, and in which the value cannot be determined from the stamp, the fee on registration shall be 5 Rupees for each document.

The fees for serving summonses and for the remuneration of witnesses shall be regulated according to the scale in force in the principal Court of Original Civil Jurisdiction in the same district or sub-district.

Registrars shall be allowed travelling allowance at the rate of 4 annas a mile, and Sub-Registrars at the rate of 2 annas a mile, for proceeding to, and returning from, any private residence.

In the event, however, of the Registering Officer being a Covenanted or Commissioned Officer, the travelling allowance shall be calculated at the rate of 8 annas a mile.

Any person deputed by a Registrar or Sub-Registrar to take an examination at a private residence, shall be allowed travelling allowance at the rate of 2 annas a mile.

There shall be an extra fee of 10 Rupees for every registration by the Registrar General under Section 31; and of five Rupees for every registration by a Registrar under Section 32.

The cost of the registration of every Memorandum forwarded by a Civil Court under, Section 41 shall be calculated at the rate prescribed for certified copies according to the number of offices in which the Memorandum may have to be entered and the number of copies which may have to be prepared for transmission from one office to another under the provisions of Section 75.

The cost of the registration of every Memorandum forwarded by a Civil Court under Section 42 shall be calculated at the rate of 1 Rupee for every Registry and Sub-Registry Office in which the Memorandum may have to be filled and indexed, with the addition of fees at the rate prescribed for certified copies for every Registration Office in which a copy of the Memorandum may have to be prepared for transmission to some other office under the provisions of Section 75.

RULES REGARDING THE PAYMENT OF LOST OR MUTILATED GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES.

[Notification, Gazette, 21st August 1866, No. 233.]

1. Notes which have become slightly mutilated will be readily paid to *bond fide* holders upon a written statement as to the circumstances of mutilation, and upon an Indemnity (in the form annexed, marked No. 1) being signed by a Banker or some known responsible person.

2. Applications will be received for the payment of notes which have been seriously mutilated or wholly lost or destroyed, provided they can be identified by the number and date; but they will be subject to a strict investigation, and will be paid only on the authority of the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta, or of the Commissioner at Madras or Bombay, at whose Head Circle the note may be payable.

3. The title of the applicant to the note is important, and will vest, in the absence of anything to the contrary, in the last holder of the entire note. If a note has been divided, and part lost in transmission between two persons, the one who had never possessed the whole note would not be regarded as the owner, unless he declared that value or credit had been given for the note to its full amount. Cases may frequently arise when the half of a note, which has been divided by some dishonest person for the purpose of obtaining value upon each half, may pass into the hands of an innocent holder for value given. His redress would, in that case, be against his correspondent, and only in an exceptional instance would the Currency Department entertain his application for payment.

4. The declarations will be prepared by the Currency Department, free of charge, upon Forms numbered 2 and 3—that of the claimant being always made upon Form No. 2 containing the property clause.

5. The Bond of Indemnity will also be prepared by the Currency Department upon Form numbered 4, free of expense to the applicant, except the Government stamp. It will not in any case be taken for a less consideration than Rupees 100: and in cases where the amount of notes is above Rupees 50, the Bond will be taken in double the amount.

6. So far as the declaration and security are concerned, all cases will be submitted to precisely the same form, but a difference will be observed in the period at which payment will be made. The most numerous cases will probably be those in which a note has been divided for safety, and one part is lost. In these and in all cases where a portion of the note remains, from which it can be identified, a period of two months only from the loss will be required to elapse. In cases of entire notes, when total destruction can be clearly proved, a period of twelve months must elapse; but when it is stated that a note has merely been "lost," this period will be extended to five years.

7. Exception is necessary in the case of notes for Rupees 1,000 and upwards, which may be only stated to be "lost." In such case, after the lapse of a year or two, the amount will be invested in Government Securities in the names of the Head Commissioner,

of Paper Currency and the Comptroller General of Accounts, and the dividends will be paid over to the loser. At the time of making this investment, an agreement must be entered into by the claimant with the Currency Department, upon Form numbered 5. If, at the end of twenty years from the date of the loss, the notes be still outstanding, the Government Securities will then be sold, and the proceeds paid to the loser upon his giving security with two sureties, as in the cases before mentioned.

8. Intimation of the loss, destruction, or mutilation of a note or portion of note, must be sent to the office where the note is payable, thus—

If it be a Calcutta Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

If a Madras Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras; and the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras.

If a Bombay Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Commissioner of Paper Currency, Bombay; and the Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Bombay.

If an Allahabad Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Allahabad; and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

If a Lahore Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Lahore; and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

If a Nagpore Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Nagpore; and Head Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calcutta.

If a Calicut Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Calicut; Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras; and Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras.

If a Trichinopoly Circle Note, notice should be sent to the Deputy Commissioner of Paper Currency, Trichinopoly; Commissioner of Paper Currency, Madras; and Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras.

9. The person making the statement respecting a lost or destroyed note, or portion of note, will be required to advertise its loss (free of charge) thrice at least, in the Official Gazette of the Presidency or place where or within which the note is payable, and once in the *Gazette of India*.

10. Throughout these Rules, the expression "lost note" includes a stolen note, and the expression "destroyed note" includes a note lost under such circumstances as render its recovery physically impossible.

Form No. 1.

WHEREAS I, the undersigned _____, have applied, to the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency (or Commissioner of Madras or Bombay as the case may be), for payment of the amount of the annexed Note, No. _____ dated _____ of which the particulars are given below, in consequence of the same being mutilated and having received payment thereof, I do hereby agree to save harmless and keep indemnified the Secretary of State for India in Council from and against all claims and demands which shall or may be made upon him and the Currency Department by any other person or persons for payment of the said Note, and of and from all expenses which shall or may be incurred by the said Secretary of State for India in Council in defending any suit at law or in equity that shall or may be commenced against him to recover or enforce payment of the said Note whatsoever.

Dated _____ day of _____ 186—. Witness _____

Signed, sealed, &c.

Form No. 2.

I, A B, of _____ do state that on or about the _____ 186—, I sent by post from the above place, contained in a letter and addressed to C D, a Currency Note the particulars of which are at the foot hereof, which, as I am informed and believe, he has not received of, and have since learnt that the [Note] was ["lost" or "destroyed"] by:—

And I the said declarant _____ do further state that, at the time I so despatched the said [Note] I was the lawful holder thereof, and that I have never received any consideration or value for the same myself, nor hath any other person or persons for my use or benefit, as I know or verily believe.

Signed, sealed, &c.

Particulars of Currency Note of the Government of India of the Calcutta
Circle of Issue, referred to in the above Bond.

Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.	Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.
+			

† N. B.—The serial letter and number or the date of the Note must be given, besides the consecutive number, thus $\frac{A}{11}$ 00000, or 00000, dated 13th July 1861.

Form No. 3.

I, C D, of _____ do state that on or about the _____
186—, as I am informed and believe A B, _____

* Half of _____ of _____ sent by the Post therefrom, contained in a letter addressed to me as above, a Government Currency Note,* particulars of which are at the foot hereof which I have not received.

Signed, sealed, &c.

Particulars of Currency Note of the Government of India of the Calcutta
Circle of Issue, referred to in the above Bond.

Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.	Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.
+			

† N. B.—The serial letter and number or the date of the Note must be given, besides the consecutive number, thus $\frac{A}{11}$ 00000, or 00000, dated 13th July 1861.

Form No. 4.

Know all men by these presents, that We, A B,* of _____
C D, of _____ are held and firmly bound unto the Secretary of State for India in Council, in the sum of Rupees _____

Ra. 100 or double the amount of the Note or Notes, whichever is the larger sum

of lawful money of British India, to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council, his certain attorney, successors, and assigns, for which payment to be made we bind ourselves, our heirs, and representatives jointly, and every two of us bind ourselves, our heirs, and representatives, jointly, and each of us binds himself, his heirs, and representatives severally, firmly by these presents, dated the _____ day of _____ 186—.

Whereas the said A B has represented to the said Secretary of State in Council that he was the lawful holder of the Government Currency Note, the particulars of which are at the foot hereof, and that the said

Note _____ has been (lost) and that* years have elapsed since he the said A B _____ made a statement of such (loss) † under the Rules in that behalf, and where-

as the said Note has not been presented for payment in the interim, and the said A B having applied to the _____

Head Commissioner of the Department of Issue of Paper Currency for the Circle at Calcutta _____ to give cash for said Note, the said †

Head Commissioner has on the said representation, directed payment of the amount of the said Note to be made through the Currency Exchange Department of the _____

Circle at _____ on condition of the said A B _____

and two sufficient sureties executing such Bond as above-written. Now the condition of the above-written Bond is such that if the above bounden A B, C D, and E F, some or one of them, their or his heirs or representatives, as shall and do at all times hereafter on

demand, pay or cause to be paid to the Head Commissioner of the Department of Paper Currency for the Circle of Issue at Calcutta, the amount of the said Note in case

the said Secretary of State in Council is obliged by the decree of a Court of competent

jurisdiction to pay the same to any other person or persons, or body corporate whomsoever or in case any servant of the Government of India shall receive in payment or pay the said Note by surprise or oversight, and shall, and do, on demand, pay to the said Secretary of State in Council or his attorney-at-law, the costs as between party and party, and attorney and client, of any action or suit which may be brought against the said Secretary of State, on or in respect of the said Note or so much of such costs as shall not be paid to or recovered by the said Secretary of State by or from the plaintiff or plaintiffs in such action or suit, and which action or suit may be defended or not in the discretion of the legal advisers of the said Secretary of State, and in such manner as they shall think fit. And if the said A B, C D, and E F, some or one of them, their or his heirs or representatives, shall, at all times hereafter, on demand, save, defend, and indemnify the said Secretary of State in Council, his successors, and assigns, of, from, and against all, and all manner of costs, charges, losses, damages, and expenses whatsoever which shall, or may, at any time hereafter happen or be occasioned to the said Secretary of State in Council, his successors, or assigns, in or on account of the said Note, or for on account of any matter, cause, or thing connected therewith, then the above-written Bond shall be void; otherwise to be in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed, and delivered in the presence of us, by _____
Do. do. do. do.
Do. do. do. do.

Particulars of Currency Note of the Government of India of the _____ Circle
of Issue, referred to in the above Bond.

Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.	Number of Note.	Value of Note.	Number of Note.	Value of Note.

† N. B.—The serial letter and number or the date of the Note must be given besides the consecutive number, thus $\frac{A}{11}$ 00000, or 00000, dated 13th July 1861.

Form No. 5.

An Agreement made the _____ day of _____ between the Secretary of State for India in Council of the first part, and A B of _____

of the second part; Whereas it has been represented to the said Secretary of State in Council by the said A B _____ that a Government

Currency Note, the particulars of which are at the foot hereof, has been lost, and that two years have elapsed since the said A B _____ made a statement

according to the Rules in that behalf of such loss, and whereas the said Secretary of State in Council, upon the application of the said A B, and inasmuch as the value of the

said Note exceeded Rupees one thousand, invested the amount of the said Note in the purchase of the Government Promissory Notes commonly called Company's Paper in the

joint names of the Head Commissioner of Paper Currency and Comptroller General of Accounts for the time being, which are specified at the foot hereof, and whereas the said

purchase is hereby declared to be in full satisfaction of the claim of the said A B on the said Secretary of State in Council in respect of the said Note, and it is agreed that the

said Government Securities so purchased are to be retained by the said Secretary of State in Council as an Indemnity Fund, and subject thereto to be held by him in trust for the

said A B, and in consideration thereof the said A B has agreed to indemnify the said Secretary of State in Council in manner hereinafter mentioned. Now the said A B _____

doth hereby for himself, his heirs, executors, and administrators, covenant and agree to, and with, the said Secretary of State for India in Council, his successors, and assigns, in manner following: That is to say, that he, the said A B _____

his executors or administrators, shall, and will, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, save, defend, keep harmless and indemnified, the said

Secretary of State in Council and his successors, assigns or servants, and every one of them, from and against all claims, demands, actions, suits, or other proceedings to be made, claimed, brought, or prosecuted in respect or on account of the said

Note, whether altered or not altered, or of the money payable by virtue of the same or any or either of them, or on account of the said Secretary of State in Council, his servants and Agents detaining the said Note when produced by the holder thereof, and

from all monies, costs, loss, charges, damages and expenses in respect thereof or occasioned thereby at law or in equity, and that it shall be lawful for the said Secretary of State in Council to defend any such action, suit or proceeding, or to pay without suit, as in the discretion of his legal advisers shall seem proper, and further that if the said Secretary of State in Council, his successors, or assigns or servants, or any of them, shall at any time or times hereafter, either in pursuance of the discretion of the Secretary of State in Council for the time being, or his Officers or servants, or by surprise, oversight, or otherwise take in, receive, or allow the said Note as money, or shall pay off the same, or pay any sum or sums of money thereupon, or pay any costs or expenses incurred in relation to any claim to the said note or to the monies payable by virtue thereof. Then and in such case the said A B, his executors, or administrators shall immediately pay or cause to be paid to the said Secretary of State in Council, or his successors or assigns, all such money, costs, losses, charges, damages and expenses so allowed, paid, expended, sustained, or incurred, together with interest for the same respectively after the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, to be computed from the time or respective times of allowing, paying, expending, sustaining, or incurring the same respectively without any deduction or abatement whatsoever, and for the further indemnity of the said Secretary of State in Council it is hereby agreed and declared by and between the said parties hereto, that the said Secretary of State in Council and his successors shall stand possessed of and interested in the said Government Promissory Notes upon the trusts following, that is to say, upon trust from time to time and at all times hereafter if the said Secretary of State in Council shall think proper so to do to raise by sale of the said Government Promissory Notes or a competent part thereof such sum or sums of money as shall be sufficient to pay and satisfy to the said Secretary of State in Council, and his successors, or his or any of his servants, or the executors or administrators of such servants, all such monies, costs, losses, charges, damages, expenses and interest at the said Secretary of State in Council, or his successors, or his or any of his servants, or the executors or administrators of any such servants shall be entitled to claim or demand of, and from the said A B, in pursuance of the agreement hereinbefore contained, and to pay, retain, and apply the sum or sums of money so to be levied and raised, or a sufficient part thereof, accordingly and subject to the trusts aforesaid, the said Secretary of State in Council and successors shall stand possessed of and interested in the said Government Promissory Notes, and the interest and annual produce thereof in trust for the said A B

his executors, administrators, or assigns, and it is hereby declared to be the true intent and meaning of these presents that it shall and may be lawful for the said Secretary of State in Council to retain the said Government Promissory Notes for the term of twenty years from the making of the said Statement of loss, and that the provisions hereby made shall be accepted and taken by the said A B in full satisfaction and discharge for all claims and demands upon the said Secretary of State in Council, for or in respect of the said Note, and further that it shall be lawful for the said Secretary of State in Council, and his successors and assigns, to sue for and recover the amount of any loss, costs, or damages which the said Secretary of State in Council, his successors or assigns, or servants or any of them may sustain in relation to any of the said Notes without any obligation on the part of the Secretary of State in Council, or his successors, first to resort to the said Government Promissory Notes for raising the amount of such loss, costs, or damages.

In witness whereof, the said parties to these presents have hereunto set their respective hands and seals, the day and year first above written.

Signed and sealed, &c.

Particulars of Currency Note of the Government of India of the—

Circle of Issue, referred to in the above Bond.

Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.	Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.	Series or date and number of Note.	Value of Note.
†					

† N. B.—The serial letter and number of the Note must be given, besides the consecutive number, thus, $\frac{A}{11}$ 00000, or 00000, dated 13th July 1861.

CIVIL SERVICE REGULATIONS.

RULES FOR THE GRANT OF LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR REGULATING DEDUCTIONS FROM SALARIES AND DEPUTATION ALLOWANCES; AND FOR LIMITING THE PERIOD OF SERVICE OF COVENANTED CIVIL SERVANTS.

Application through what channel to be submitted, and what to specify, &c.

APPLICATIONS for leave of absence from Civilians, Chaplains, or Military or Medical Officers in Civil employ, are to be forwarded by Heads of Departments in every case, in original, to the Examiner of Claims, who will submit the application to Government with a report as to the eligibility or otherwise of the applicant to the leave solicited. If the application be from a Military man in Civil employ for leave to Europe, it has to be transmitted through the Commander-in-Chief. Under this arrangement *no separate letter to Government is necessary*. Any opinion or recommendation of Heads of Departments should be *superscribed on the application itself*. On the leave being granted, it will be notified in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*. If the applicant be declared ineligible to the leave, or the Government declining to grant it, a copy of the order of Government will be furnished to the Head of the Department for communication to the applicant.—*Notification, Gazette, 14th January 1862*.

Applications for leave of absence should specify the particular Section of the Absentee Rules under which the indulgence is solicited, and the destination to which the applicant purposes to proceed.—*Notification, 23rd March 1835*. And all Officers holding appointments directly under the Supreme Government, to whatever Presidency they may belong, must, in making application for preparatory leave, declare from what port it is their intention to embark, and whether they desire to obtain a Furlough on private affairs, or on Medical Certificate, or with a view of ultimate retirement from the service of Government. A copy of such application will be communicated in due course to the local Government, in order to provide against any Furlough being granted other than that contemplated. In cases, in which Medical Certificates may be produced, setting forth the urgent necessity of *immediate embarkation*, the Local Government shall be at liberty to use its discretion in granting permission for such embarkation. But the term, for which leave is taken, and the conditions on which it is taken, must be understood to rest ultimately with the Government of India, and shall not depend on the Local Government.—*Notification, 5th October 1855*.

In order to obtain the prescribed Furlough Certificate from the Secretary to Government in the Public Department, Civil Servants must previously submit to that authority a Certificate from the Trustees of the Civil Fund, that they will receive no allowance from that Fund during their absence; and also a Certificate from the Accountant General of there being no public demands against them.—*Notification, 27th December 1836*.

Applications for permission to proceed to Europe, whether under a Furlough Regulation or otherwise, should invariably be accompanied by a Certificate from the Accountant General, that there are no public demands against the applicant.—*Notification, 3rd September 1850*.

Civil Servants applying for permission to resign the Service, are invariably to submit with their applications a Certificate from the Accountant General of there being no public demands against them.—*Notification, 23rd March 1855*.

Extension of leave or return to duty while in England.

Civil Servants are to join the establishment to which they belong at the expiration of the term for which leave may have been granted, unless they shall have obtained an extension of it three months before the expiration of the said leave.

[Extensions of leave will not be granted by the Home Authorities except in cases of sickness certified to their satisfaction, or in cases in which it shall be proved that a further residence in Europe is indispensably necessary.

When under any such circumstances a Civil Servant obtains an extension of leave to a given period, he must at the expiration thereof apply for and obtain permission, either to return to his duty, or to reside a further time in Europe, failing in which, he will be liable to be struck off the List of Civil Servants.

The Act of the 33d, Geo. III, Chap. 52, Sec. 70, as it respects Civil Servants applies only to cases of sickness, or inevitable accident or infirmity, and no Civil Servant is considered eligible to return to the Service after five years' absence, under that enactment who has failed to obtain agreeably to the foregoing Regulations an extension of leave under the circumstances referred to in the Act.—*Court's Despatch, 4th September 1840, and 25th April, No. 31 of 1856.*

Every Covenanted Civil Servant is to forward to the India Office, immediately on arrival in England, Certificates stating the exact nature of his leave, the date of the departure of the vessel in which he embarked for Europe, and whether his absentee allowance is to be drawn in that country or not, and the substantive appointment held by him.—*Despatch dated 15th March 1860, No. 17, and Notification, Gazette, 6th September 1862.*—For Form, vide page 152.

When a Member of the Covenanted Service is permitted by the Home Authorities to return to duty by a particular vessel, it is equivalent to granting him an extension of leave until the arrival of that vessel in India.—*Notification, 19th December 1862.*

Cancelment of leave—return to duty.

The resumption of the duties of office at a date previous to that which leave of absence extends, virtually cancels the unexpired portion of leave and renders unnecessary special application for such leave being cancelled.—*Notification, 28th September 1847.*

But in case of absence on Medical Certificate or on Private Affairs for any protracted period, when the absentee may desire to resume charge of his office at any time earlier than one month prior to the termination of his leave, he should obtain the permission of Government to do so forwarding with his application in case of sick leave, a certificate from a Medical Officer stating that he has sufficiently recovered to be able to return to duty.—*Notification, 28th March 1851.*

In cases where it is not intended to take advantage of leave obtained, special application for cancelling such leave is requisite and should be made to Government.—*Notification, 28th September 1847.*

ABSENTEE RULES, &c.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, FORT WILLIAM, 16th December 1864, No. 3,980.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct the publication of the following Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India and of its enclosure :—*From H. M.'s Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council (Financial), No. 262, dated 7th November 1864.*

SIR,—I have received your Financial letter of the 23rd of March last, No. 47, forwarding papers containing the opinions of the Members of your Government and of the Local Governments, on the subject of the Rules for the grant of leave of absence and furlough to Members of the Covenanted Civil Service, and I proceed to convey to you the decision of Her Majesty's Government on the subject, after a careful consideration of the arguments put forward in the several letters and minutes which accompanied your letter.

2. In Rule 1, it is laid down that when a Civil Servant, on taking his furlough, has declared whether it is for one, one and a half, two, or three years, "the term cannot afterwards be altered." This rule may be modified as follows, "and the term can only be altered with the permission of the Local Government."

3. It was not the intention of Her Majesty's Government that preparatory leave should be withheld from an Officer when about to take his furlough, and the following rule may, therefore, be inserted after Rule 2: "For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, and between the end of reckoning absence on furlough and re-arrival at station, the absentee shall be allowed special leave, calculated at the rate of one day for every 10 miles to be travelled, except when railways or steam-boats are available, when one day for every 100 miles only will be allowed (for the time actually occupied in the voyage when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of 100 miles a day), with seven days at the port of embarkation, provided that a period of three months shall in no case be exceeded, and that the time claimed shall have been spent *bona fide* in progress between the place of departure and the place of destination, and during that period the absentee will be entitled to draw a moiety of his allowance."

4. Rule 5 provides for the grant of leave of absence "to any place in India or the seas adjacent" for one month in each calendar year, without deduction from the emoluments of

the Civil Servant taking such leave. The intention of the rule, as laid down in Section XII of the old Furlough Rules, was to provide for every Officer having a vacation in the course of each year, but as it might occasionally happen that a Civil Servant would not be able to obtain leave of absence without detriment to the public service, and as it was desirable that in such a case he should not be placed in a worse position in consequence of the faithful discharge of his duties, the privilege was granted of accumulating this leave to a maximum of three months in three years. It was not intended that, by accumulating three months, and adding to that time an additional month without pay, which was named (with the view, as Mr. Harington rightly expresses it, "to guard against accidents or unexpected detentions,") as the maximum period in excess of the leave within which an Officer must rejoin his appointment, he should be enabled to visit England, while retaining his office and full allowances. For such purposes, full provision is made in the Rules for furlough and for leave on urgent private affairs. Her Majesty's Government, however, will not object to omit the words "any place in India or the seas adjacent," thereby leaving it optional to the Civil Servants to spend their privilege leave where they please.

5. As regards Rule 7, the interpretation placed upon it by the Government of the North-West Provinces is correct. The wording appears to be sufficiently explicit. When an "accumulation" of short leave is due to a Civil Servant, and only "a portion" thereof is taken, he may, with the permission of the Government, take the remainder at a subsequent time. A rule respecting the "accumulation" of leave could not be intended merely to refer to the division of "one month" into instalments.

6. In Rule 8, after the words "on his return to duty," the following clause may be inserted, "For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning this leave and between the end of reckoning this leave and re-arrival at station, special leave may be granted in the same manner as is authorized with regard to furlough."

7. Her Majesty's Government do not think it advisable that the leave of absence on urgent private affairs, with retention of office, should be granted more than once, or that it should count as residence in India, and they must decline to alter Rule 8 in this respect.

8. As regards the leave on medical certificate, it is very objectionable that Civil Servants should be absent from India for long periods retaining their appointments, the duties of which cannot, in all cases, be carried on with the same efficiency by Officers who are only temporarily officiating for the absentees. As, however, it may frequently be of a great advantage to a Civil Servant that he should be enabled to be absent from India for a second hot season, Her Majesty's Government will grant to an Officer, on the production of the necessary medical certificates, extensions of his leave, with retention of office and half salary, to a maximum of twenty months from its original commencement, provided that the total period of absence with allowances shall not exceed three years in all, of which not more than two years and a half shall be on half salary, with retention of office. Sections XI and XII have been altered accordingly.

9. It must be understood that the new Rules do not repeal those hitherto in force for regulating deputation allowances, and for limiting the period of service.

10. The modifications in the rules which are authorized in this Despatch will render necessary an alteration in the numbers of the sections of the new Rules, and I therefore forward a corrected copy of the Regulations, which I request your Government to publish and bring into operation with as little delay as possible.

CIVIL SERVICE FURLOUGH AND ABSENTEE RULES.

The following Rules relative to the absence of Civil Servants on furlough and sick leave are substituted for those hitherto in force :—

Leave of absence with pay will in future be only of three kinds, viz. :—

Furlough.

Leave on private affairs : viz., short leave (sometimes called privilege leave), or special leave for six months.

Leave on medical certificate.

CHAPTER I.

Furlough.

1. Furlough will be granted for a period of three years during the whole term of Service. Civil Servants will have the option of taking the three years at one time, after an

actual residence in India of ten years, or of dividing the furlough into three periods of one year each, which may be taken after successive intervals of not less than seven years' residence, or into two periods, which may either be of one and two years, or of one year and a half, respectively, provided that no furlough exceeding one year be taken until after the completion of ten years' residence in India, and that an interval of not less than seven years' residence shall occur between the first and second periods. In every case, it is imperative that a Civil Servant, when taking his furlough, shall declare whether it is for one, one and a half, two or three years, and the term can only be altered with the permission of the Local Government. Civil Servants taking furlough will vacate their offices. These grants of furlough are subject to the condition that in no case shall a greater number of servants be absent from India on furlough at one time than 10 per cent. of the number on the list of each Presidency, and that, in granting furloughs, the preference shall be given, first, to servants producing medical certificates, in the form prescribed in the Appendix to these Rules, that a visit to Europe is indispensably necessary for the restoration of health, and then to servants in their order of seniority, according to the rank assigned to them on the graduation list of the service. Civil Servants who produce medical certificates in support of applications for furlough, and who are admitted preferentially thereto, are subject to all the conditions applicable to furlough. (a)

2. The furlough allowance granted during the periods specified will be at the rate of £500 per annum, and it will not on any grounds whatever be continued for more than three years.

3. For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, and between the end of reckoning absence on furlough and re-arrival at station, the absentee shall be allowed special leave calculated at the rate of one day for every ten miles to be travelled, except when Railways or steam-boats are available, when one day for every 100 miles only will be allowed (for the time actually occupied in the voyage, when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of 100 miles a day,) with seven days at the port of embarkation, provided that a period of three months shall in no case be exceeded and that the time claimed shall have been spent *bona fide* in progress between the place of departure and the place of destination.

This Rule is applicable also to Covenanted Officers transferred from one Station to another.—(Order of Government of India, 16th March 1865, No. 1313, Financial.)

4. Civil Servants who have taken leave of absence on medical certificate, being at the time eligible to a three years' furlough, cannot be admitted to furlough, except in cases of illness, duly certified, until they have served four years from their last return to duty, and, if not eligible to a three years' furlough when the leave was taken, until they have served two years from their last return to duty, with the same exception as to certified illness. This rule will not apply to leave on medical certificate taken for a period not exceeding three months.

5. An absentee who may obtain leave in continuation of furlough will not be entitled to any allowance during the extension. (b)

CHAPTER II.

Leave on Private Affairs.

6. The Government may grant to Civil Servants leave of absence for one month in each calendar year, without deduction from the salaries and emoluments drawn by such servants; such leave, however, will only be granted when the Government is satisfied that no inconvenience will arise from the departure of the Officer seeking it. No second leave can be granted under this rule until the completion of 11 months from the expiration of the last leave, if taken at one time, or from the date of return from any sick leave, or until the completion of six months from the expiration of the last instalment of a leave, if it has been divided. Servants not availing themselves of the indulgence in any one year, may obtain, under the like conditions, leave for two successive months, to commence at or after

(a) A service of three months is not required after privilege leave for the grant of furlough or previous to retirement.—*Fort. St. George Gazette*, p. 384, and 12th Sept. 1865.

Officers returning from furlough allowed preparatory leave under Section 3 from the date they obtain appointments.

During the interval between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on furlough, the absentee will be entitled to draw a moiety of his allowances; and from the date of his return from furlough to the date of assuming charge of a permanent appointment he will draw the subsistence allowance of his rank.

Two or three months' sick leave will not operate in any way in postponing the grant of furlough.

(b) When an Officer on leave in England is permitted by the Home Government to return to duty by a particular vessel, this permission, if necessary, will be held equivalent to an extension of leave until the arrival in India of the vessel on which the Officer is permitted to return.—*Order of Govt.*, 21st Oct. 1864, No. 518, *Finl.*

the expiration of 22 months from the expiration of their former leave; and, if two years elapse without enjoyment of the privilege, leave for three months may, in like manner, be granted at the expiration of 33 months from the termination of the last preceding leave; but no leave shall be granted under this rule for any period exceeding three months. If an Officer shall not return at the expiration of the period of leave granted him under this rule, he shall forfeit all pay and allowances during the time of his remaining so absent without leave, and if he shall so continue absent for more than one week beyond the term granted his office shall become vacant. (a)

7. Civil Servants absent from their stations under medical certificate cannot be admitted to leave under this rule in continuation of their sick leave; and if, while absent under this rule, they be granted extended leave under medical certificate, they shall be considered liable to the rules applicable to leave on medical certificate for the whole period of their absence.

8. As a general rule, when leave is granted under Section 6, such leave will be in one period only, whether for a whole month or less, and not in detached portions to complete one month; but, as an exception to this rule, it shall be discretionary with the several local Governments, where good cause is shown for the indulgence, and if it is attended with no public inconvenience, to sanction leave of absence under this rule to such parties as may not have occasion to apply for the whole at once, in two instalments only, which are not to exceed in the aggregate one month within the calendar year. Civil Servants to whom an accumulation of short leave may be due, and who may take a portion thereof, may, at the discretion of the several Local Governments, be allowed to take the remainder at a subsequent time. (b)

9. In cases of very urgent private affairs, when leave can be granted without detriment to the public interests, the Government, on being satisfied of the urgency alleged, may grant special leave of absence for six months on private affairs, provided, however, that for the period of such absence the absentee shall draw no more than half his salary. The leave granted under this section will be computed, if taken in India, from the date of the absentee quitting his station to the date of his return thereto; and if taken to Europe or beyond Indian limits, from the date of the sailing of the vessel

* "Nearest" is intended to have reference not only to distance, but to time occupied in travelling. station and the commencement of reckoning this leave, and between the end of reckoning this leave and re-arrival at station, special leave may be granted in the same manner as is authorized with regard to furlough (see Section 3). (c) No portion of the half salary will be allowed to be drawn, until the absentee shall have returned to his duty. After an absence of six months, any office held by the absentee will become vacant. If this leave be extended on medical certificate, the whole period of absence will be subject to the rules applicable to leave on medical certificate. No second leave can be granted under this rule. (d)

CHAPTER III.

Leave of Absence on Medical Certificate.

10. Leave of absence on medical certificate from any Office or Station can only be granted by the Government under which the applicant is employed. Every application for leave must be made publicly through the regular channel, in the Department to which the applicant may belong, and a certificate, countersigned according to the form contained in the Appendix to these Rules, must accompany the application.

11. Upon application duly made, the Government may grant leave of absence on medical certificate to a Civil Servant for any period not exceeding 15 months, without

(a) Officers whose leave expires after the commencement of general holidays must report their return to station or duty at the expiration of such leave and are not allowed to remain absent until Officers are re-opened after the close of the holidays.—*Order of Govt.*, of India, 30th Jan. 1866, No. 378, *Finl.*

(b) When only one instalment of privilege leave is taken in the calendar year, a month's leave may be obtained in the succeeding year after the lapse of six months from date of return to duty from previous leave.

When an Officer entitled to three months is absent for one month only he may again be allowed three months' leave after he has served 11 months from date of last return to duty.—*Gazette*, 16th October 1865, page 530.

Officers who obtain privilege leave under the rules of the Civil Department may carry forward to the privilege leave of a future year such portion of the one month's privilege leave of the previous year as may not have been taken.—*Gazette*, 18th June 1866, page 1692.

(c) The half salary during preparatory leave is not to be passed until the Officer's return to duty.—*Order of Government of India*, 26th April 1865, No. 2,153, *Finl.*

(d) Civilians who have taken leave under Section XIV of the Rules of 1855 can obtain one more leave under this Section, provided six years have elapsed since return to duty from that leave.

restriction as to the place to which he may resort. During such period, the absentee will be allowed to retain his office, and to draw a moiety of his salary, provided that such moiety shall not exceed Rs. 10,000 (£1,000) per annum, which is to be the maximum drawn as absentee allowance. In cases in which the emoluments of the absentee's office shall not exceed Rs. 5,000 (£500) per annum, no deduction therefrom shall be made for the period of 15 months, nor shall any such deduction be made in other cases as would reduce the absentee's allowance below Rs. 5,000 (£500) per annum. In cases in which the salary shall be less than £500 per annum, the full salary shall be allowed. (a)

12. In the event of the absentee being compelled by the state of his health to apply for an extension of the leave so granted, his application must be supported by a certificate in the form prescribed in the Appendix to these Rules. Upon applications so made, extensions of leave may be granted for any period not exceeding six months at one time; and, until the total period of absence shall have exceeded 20 months, the absentee may retain his office and half salary within the limits above specified. After 20 months' absence his office will be vacated; but he will be permitted to draw a sick absentee allowance of £500 per annum if he be above 10 years' standing, and of £250 per annum if not above 10 years' standing. After an absence of three years, all allowances will cease.

13. The period for which a Civil Servant will be granted leave of absence on medical certificate, with allowance, is limited to three years (with the exception of the additional leave hereafter provided for by Sections 15 and 16) during the whole of his service. In the event of his returning to his duty, within three years, and being, at any time after the expiration of two years from the date of his return, compelled again to apply to be absent on medical certificate, he may be granted leave for 15 months, if so much of his three years shall remain unexpired, or for such shorter time as would complete the three years. And he will be allowed for any such period to retain his office and half salary; and extensions of this leave may be granted in the same manner as is authorized by Section 12; provided, however, that in no case shall the absentee retain office and half salary for more than twenty months at one time, or for more than two years and a half during the whole period of service.

14. Leave of absence on medical certificate, with allowances, can only be granted in one or two periods, excepting only the additional leave sanctioned by Section 15.

15. Civil Servants who may have been absent for three years on medical certificate with allowances before the publication of these Rules, and who may be compelled by ill-health, after completing 15 years' total service, to apply for further leave of absence, may be permitted on special grounds to obtain it, but their absence will involve loss of office and salary; the Government of India and subordinate Governments will, however, exercise a discretionary power to grant to them an allowance not exceeding Rupees 5,000 or £500 per annum, for any period not exceeding 12 months.

16. Civil Servants who may have taken sick leave under the Rules of May 17th, 1843, which involved loss of appointment, will not be thereby debarred from taking leave again under Sections 11 and 12 of these Rules.

17. The period of absence granted under this Chapter will be computed, if the absentee shall proceed to a sanitarium within the Presidency, from the date of his arrival thereat to the date of his quitting the sanitarium; if to any place beyond the Presidency, but within the Continent of India, from the date of his leaving the frontier of his own Presidency to the date of his return thereto; and if he shall proceed to sea, from the date of the sailing of the vessel on which he may have embarked from any port in India, which is not more distant* from his station than the principal port of his own Presidency, to the date of his arrival at any port within the Presidency to which he belongs, or at any other port which is not more distant from his station than the principal port of his own Presidency.

* Vide Note to Section 9. Presidency, to the date of his arrival at any port within the Presidency to which he belongs, or at any other port which is not more distant from his station than the principal port of his own Presidency.

18. For the interval elapsing between departure from station and the commencement of reckoning absence on sick leave, or between the end of reckoning absence on sick leave and re-arrival at station, the absentee shall be allowed special leave, calculated in the same manner as is authorized with regard to furlough (See Section 3), and during that period he will be entitled to draw the same salary as is allowed by Section 11.

19. Furlough to the extent of three years will count as service, and absence on medical certificate to the extent of one year will reckon as service and residence in India, in qualifying for an annuity, the period of 25 years' service and 22 years' residence being detained.

Members of Council and Judges of the High Court.

20. These Rules are not applicable to ordinary Members of Council, to whom, under Section 26 of Acts XXIV & XXV Vic., cap. 67, leave of absence may be granted under

(a) A Civilian taking a short leave of absence on Medical Certificate, say two or three months, will not affect his title to further leave of the same kind except inasmuch as it would form a part of the three years' sick leave to which he is limited during the whole period of his service.—Order of Government of India, 28th February 1865, No. 1,126, *Finl.*

medical certificate for a period not exceeding six months with half salary, which is only payable on return to duty. Nor do they apply to Judges of the High Court, for whom special rules have been framed.

Military Officers.

21. Military Officers employed in the Civil Department will be subject to the Military Furlough Regulations. (a)

[Military Officers employed in Departments under the Military Department of Government will be under the Military Rules, in respect to Privilege leave. (b.) Officers employed in the Political, Public, Judicial and Revenue Departments come under the Civil Rules except those Officers serving in the few Native Corps, not under the Military Department, who remain under the Military Rules. The Rules apply equally to Medical Officers.—Gazette, dated 10th October 1865, page 532.]

Appendix.

The medical certificate to be furnished by an applicant for furlough or sick leave, shall be in the following Form:—

I, A. B., Surgeon, at, or of _____ do hereby certify that C. D., of the Civil Service, is in a bad state of health, and I solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my judgment, a change of air is essentially necessary to his recovery, and do therefore recommend that he may be permitted to proceed to sea [or to such place as the Surgeon may think proper, expressing it in the certificate.]

The following form shall be observed by the principal Medical authority at the nearest principal station, in countersigning the Surgeon's certificate:—

We [or I] do hereby certify that, according to the best of our [or my] professional judgment, after careful personal examination of the case, we [or I] consider the state of health of C. D. to be such as to render leave of absence for a period of _____ absolutely necessary for his recovery.

If the applicant for an extension of leave on medical certificate be residing within 20 miles of London, a certificate in the second of the above forms must be produced from the Examining Physician attached to the India Office. If residing beyond that distance from London, certificates in the same form must be produced from two Medical practitioners.

The rules will come into effect from this date.

CHAPTER V.

OF THE RULES, DATED 8TH JUNE 1855.

Rules for joining Stations.

Section XX. There shall be allowed to Officers appointed to any new Office the period of one month, two months, or three months for joining accordingly as the distance may not exceed 300 or 600 miles, or be in excess of the last mentioned distance. Officers not joining their station within the said periods, respectively, shall forfeit their salary for the time delayed in excess of the above periods, and if such excess shall exceed one month, the office shall be vacated, unless otherwise specially ordered by Government. (c)

[For the portion of the journey traversable by Railway, one hundred miles a day are allowed; for that by Steamer, one hundred miles a day, or the time actually occupied in the voyage when, by accident, the duration of the voyage exceeds the time calculated at the rate of one hundred miles a day.—Not. of Govt. of India, 30th March 1861, No. 65.—In addition a fortnight's leave for preparation is allowed.—Pro. of Govt. of India, 10th June 1861, No. 185.]

[Section 3 of the Absentee Rules of December 1861 is also applicable to Covenanted Officers transferred from one station to another.]

Section XXI. Upon the first appointment of any Civil Servant who shall be reported qualified for public service by the Examiners appointed by the Government, to any Civil station, there shall be allowed for travelling expenses to the station, as allowance at the rate of 8 Annas per mile, by the direct Post Road, according to the Polymetrical Table of the Post Office, the bill for which allowance will be passed by the Audit Department,

(a) Military Officers in Civil employ are entitled to privilege leave under the Rules for Covenanted Civil Servants.—Gazette, 21st February 1865, page 376.

(b) Military Officers entitled to accumulated privilege leave under the Covenanted Civil Rules, can divide that leave into two periods under the Rules applicable to Covenanted Civil Servants.

(c) Sundays to be excluded from the time allowed for travelling, but not allowed at the port of embarkation in paras 3, 9 and 18 of the Covenanted Civil Service Absentee Rules.—Order of Govt. of India, 18th October 1855, No. 2,952—Gazette, 3d Nov. 1855, p. 667.

after the Officer shall have joined the station: if required in advance, an order of the Government shall be necessary.

Section XXVI. The salary of office will be payable from the date only of the Officer joining, but in case of Junior Civil Servants, the salary of Assistants will be payable from the date of their being reported qualified for the public service, unless forfeited under the preceding Rule, through delay in joining the station to which they may be appointed.

Section XXVII. In case of a change of office, when an Officer is appointed to a higher situation, he shall not draw the higher salary until he joins. For the period occupied in travelling, the Rule No. XX regulating the time and distance for joining Stations, shall be applicable, and the Officer will, for the periods allowed in that Rule respectively, draw out of the salary of the office he is about to join, a sum equal to that of his previous situation.

CHAPTER VI.

Rules for Deputation Allowance.

Section XXVIII. The sum of Rupees 52,200 per annum having been fixed under the orders of the Court of Directors, as the maximum salary

NOTE.--This Rule will equally apply in case of a Political Resident taking a leave of one, two, or three months, for which in other cases he would suffer no deduction. The excess above the maximum monthly salary will in that case be enjoyed by the person in charge.

of Civil office for the Officers of Government under the situation of Member of Council, Civil Servants who may draw larger allowances than this annual sum, as a consolidated personal and sumptuary allowance, in consideration of the necessary expenses of their position, will, in all cases of absence, be treated in respect to deductions as drawing only the allowance thus limited, and the excess above the monthly salary yielded by that annual sum shall remain as a local addition to the usual Deputation Allowance to be drawn by the Officer performing

the duties, to meet the necessary expenses of his position; provided however, that in the cases of Civil Servants appointed to offices of the description referred to subsequent to 24 June 1854, the sum of Rupees 50,000 shall be held to be the maximum salary, under the Government Resolution, No. 363 of that date.

Section XXIX. Deputation Allowances shall be granted to Civil Servants temporarily performing the duties of an office according to the following rates, and subject to the limitations and conditions hereinafter laid down:--

To Civil Servants not holding any substantive appointment, at the rate of 50 per cent. on the monthly salary of the appointment officiated in, such Deputation Allowance being in addition to the subsistence allowance of their respective ranks.

To Civil Servants holding an office of inferior emolument, when officiating in an office of superior emolument at the rate of 20 per cent. upon the monthly salary of the appointment officiated in, in all cases in which the salary of such appointment shall not exceed Rupees 2,000 per mensem, and in respect to all appointments of which the salary shall be more than Rupees 2,000 per mensem, at the rate of 20 per cent. upon Rupees 2,000, and of 10 per cent. on the amount in which the monthly salary may exceed Rupees 2,000, provided however that no lower rate of Deputation Allowance shall be given than Rupees 200 per mensem.

The Deputation Allowance shall in all cases be in addition to the salary of the substantive appointment held by the Officer on Deputation.

The above rates are granted provisionally subject to future revision.

In Punjab, Nagpore, and other places, where appointments are by classes, the amount of Deputation Allowances, payable at the above rates, will be calculated, not upon the salary of the individual Officer holding the substantive appointment in which the Officer deputed may be temporarily officiating, but on the average rate of salary attached to the particular class to which the appointment may belong.

A Civil Servant acting for another shall have no claim to Commission of Fees, where any such sources of emolument exist. These shall be regarded as forming part of the income of the Officer to be relieved, subject to the prescribed deductions.

A Civil Servant acting in an appointment, the salary of which is to be reduced on the retirement of the present incumbent, will draw Deputation Allowance on the reduced salary.

An Officer officiating in more than one appointment will be entitled to Deputation Allowance, regulated by the aggregate amount of the salary of the offices.

An Officer appointed permanently to a higher situation, but prevented from joining his appointment by an order of Government, and detained to officiate in a situation of still higher emolument than the one to which he has been permanently appointed, will be entitled to a Deputation Allowance in addition to a higher salary to which he has been promoted.

Section XXXI. No Civil Servant, temporarily officiating for another, shall draw an amount larger than the entire emoluments of the office in which he is officiating, and if the amount of the Deputation Allowance, according to the prescribed scale added to the permanent emoluments of the officiating servant, would exceed the emoluments of the office in which he is temporarily acting, the excess shall not be drawn. But this provision shall not apply to the case of any Officer deputed for special reasons to act in an office of inferior emolument to his own. In cases where an Officer holding two appointments, on being deputed to officiate for another, shall be relieved only from one, he shall receive no Deputation Allowance, unless the emoluments of the office in which he is deputed to act exceed the united emoluments of his permanent appointments, and in that case the Deputation Allowance shall be limited to the difference.

Section XXXII. No Subordinate Officer acting for his principal or for any other person holding a superior appointment in the same office or establishment, at the same station, shall be entitled to any Deputation Allowance until after the expiration of one month, and then the allowance is not to be drawn in arrear. But a servant previously out of employment, or who may be deputed to act from a different station shall be entitled to Deputation Allowance from the date at which he may enter upon the discharge of the duties to which he has been temporarily appointed.

Section XXXIII. Civil Servants, if deputed to act at a distance from the stations where they are employed, or if ordered by Government on special duty, shall be permitted to draw travelling allowances at the rate sanctioned in the case of a first appointment.

CHAPTER VII.

Rules for limiting the period of Service.

Section XXXIV. After thirty-five years' service (a) no Civil Servant shall be appointed to any new office, nor be permitted to retain an office which he has held for a period of five years and upwards, except in special cases, which are to be referred for the decision of the Home Government. This Rule will be applicable to every Civil Servant appointed to office after its promulgation, and to the case of every other Civil Servant to whom it relates at the close of five years from the 25th August 1854.

CHAPTER VIII.

Rules for the grant of leave of absence to Law Officers.

Section XXXV. The Indian Law Officers may obtain sick leave and short leave on private affairs under the conditions prescribed in the case of Civil Servants, both as respects the period of absence and the limitation of allowances during such absence. Leave will, however, only be granted at the convenience of the Government, and no additional expense will on any consideration be incurred by the Government on account thereof (b).

If any Law Officer shall quit his duty, save on leave under Medical Certificate, or on short leave on private affairs, he will be considered to have vacated his appointment.

RETIRING ANNUITIES TO CIVILIANS AND PENSIONS TO THEIR WIDOWS AND ORPHANS.

Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, to His Excellency the Right Honorable the Governor-General of India in Council.

INDIA OFFICE,
LONDON, 25th November 1862.

Financial.
No. 133.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

MR. LORD.—1. The Memorials from the Covenanted Civil Servants of the several Governments in India, on the subject of their retiring annuities, and of the pensions of their widows and orphans, together with your Financial Letter, dated the 7th March 1862, No. 40, the Financial Letter from Madras, dated the 8th February 1862, No. 2, the Public

(a) Except in special cases, the period of Service is to be taken to commence from the date of the arrival of the servant in India.—*Notification, Gazette, 28th March 1863.*

(b) This Section has been made applicable to the Administrator General.—*Court's Despatch, No. 9 of 1855.*

Letter from Bombay, dated the 12th April 1862, No. 13, and the several Minutes of Members of the respective Governments in India, in reference thereto, have been considered by me in Council.

2. It does not appear to be necessary to give a detailed reply to the observations of your Government, or to the requests contained in the several Memorials, as the result of the consideration by Her Majesty's Government of those observations and Memorials will be apparent from the decision which I have now to communicate.

3. In regard to the period of service which is, in future, to be required as a qualification for an annuity, Her Majesty's Government see no reason for altering the period of twenty-five years' service, and twenty-two years' residence (including one year's sick leave, if such has been taken, as at present); but they cannot allow any future special leave of absence from India on private affairs to count as residence.

4. No sufficient ground appears to have been assigned for increasing or altering the amount of the full annuity, which must therefore remain at £1,000, or of the amount of the percentage of deduction from salaries, which will continue at 4 per cent., the amount of subscriptions to accumulate, as at present, at 6 per cent. interest.

5. Her Majesty's Government are of opinion that there is ground for making some alteration in the terms on which annuities are granted, and they have decided that a Civil Servant, who has completed the prescribed period of service and residence, shall be granted by Government an annuity of £600, and that he shall have the option of taking in addition an annuity of the amount, not exceeding £400, which his accumulated subscriptions, with interest, will purchase, according to the Table now in force, or of adding to his subscriptions such a sum as will purchase an annuity of any amount which, added to the £600, granted by Government, will not exceed the full annuity of £1,000. They have also decided that annuities, without limitation as to number, may be granted on application, at any time, to Covenanted Civil Servants who may have completed the prescribed periods of service and residence, and whose resignations of the Service have been accepted; and that those Civil Servants who have obtained annuities since the Memorials were sent in, be admitted from this date to the benefit of the arrangement now sanctioned.

6. It must be clearly understood that, in the event of the death of a subscriber, his accumulated subscriptions will lapse, and that no refund of subscriptions can, under any circumstances, be allowed.

7. Her Majesty's Government are also disposed to make some provisions for Covenanted Civil Servants who, having devoted a proportion of their lives, and energies, and especially those years during which men qualify for a profession, to the service of Government, are deprived of the fruits of their labor by sickness, which may compel them to resign the Service before they have become entitled to an annuity. In any such cases, when clearly proved by Medical Certificate, the following pensions may be granted:—

If under 5 years' service, a grant of.....£100.
Of 5 years' service and under 10, an annuity of £150.
Of 10 years' service and under 15, an annuity of £250.
Of 15 years' service and under 20, an annuity of £350.
Of 20 years' service and under 25, an annuity of £450.

8. Her Majesty's Government are willing to sanction the payment of all the annuities quarterly, and to the date of decease, with the same option as to payment in India or England as at present.

9. These changes will inevitably derange the calculations on which the Civil Service Annuity Funds were constituted. It is, therefore, important to consider whether any advantage could attend retaining Boards of Managers and the machinery of the Funds. Practically, all that will be required under the changes now sanctioned will be, an account showing the amount deducted from the salary of each Civil Servant, and the interest thereon, and for that object the maintenance of the Funds does not appear to be necessary.

10. Before giving final orders on this point, however, Her Majesty's Government are desirous of being furnished with your opinion as to the expediency of closing the Funds.

11. It only remains for me to convey to you the decision of Her Majesty's Government as to the Bengal Civil Fund; the Madras Civil Fund, Charity Branch; the Bombay Civil Fund, Provident Branch.

12. There appears to be no ground for making any change in the management of these Funds, which will, consequently, as heretofore, remain with the subscribers. In regard to the assistance from the State, Her Majesty's Government have no intention of withdrawing the aid which has been hitherto granted, and they see no reason for increas-

ing it. If the subscribers prefer it, there would apparently be no objection to granting, in lieu of the present indirect aids, an annual sum equal to the average of the donations during the past five years, the future interest on the balance of the Funds being in that case fixed at 5 per cent., and the remittance of the sums required by the Funds in England being made at the same rate of exchange as that fixed annually for the adjustment of transactions with the British Exchequer.

13. These changes may severally be brought into immediate operation, and a copy of this Despatch will be forwarded to the Governments of Madras and Bombay respectively, for the information and guidance of those Governments.—Published in Gazette, 6th January 1863, page 17.

FURLOUGH AND ABSENTEE RULES FOR CHAPLAINS.

I. Chaplains may be allowed leave of the following kinds:—

Leave on Medical Certificate.	Privilege Leave.
Furlough on Private Affairs.	Preparatory Leave.
Short Leave on Private Affairs.	

Leave on Medical Certificate.

II. Leave on medical certificate is given by the Government under which the applicant may be serving, on application through the Archdeacon, through whom the medical certificate is forwarded to Government.

III. Applications for leave, or extension of leave, on medical certificate, must be supported by the two certificates noted in the margin, the second of which must be countersigned as follows:—

1. A statement of the applicant's case from his medical adviser, distinctly specifying, from personal observation, the nature of the disease, its symptoms, causes, and duration, and the necessity for temporary removal, or in cases where extension of leave is applied for, the reasons for such extension.

II. A certificate in the form given in Appendix A, from the Official Surgeon of the district or town in which the applicant is employed or temporarily residing, or, if there be no Official Surgeon, by a medical practitioner.

a.—When the applicant is not at a Presidency town, and is applying for leave or extension of leave in India,—by the Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals of the Division in which he is employed, or temporarily residing.

b.—When the applicant is at a Presidency town, or is applying for leave or extension of leave out of India,—by the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department. To this end, a Chaplain who may have come on preparatory leave to the Presidency, will, prior to appearing before the Medical Board at the Presidency, submit the statement and medical certificate, on which he obtained preparatory leave, to a Presidency Surgeon, in view to his receiving a certificate from him, recommending his case to the Board.

c.—When the applicant is in England, and residing within 20 miles of London,—by the Medical Board attached to the India Office.

d.—When the applicant is in England, but residing at a distance of more than 20 miles from London,—by a second Medical Practitioner.

e.—When the applicant is elsewhere than in England or India,—by the chief medical authority of the colony or country whither he may have proceeded.

The certificate and countersignature must, like the first statement, be given after a careful personal investigation; and any omission, either of the countersignature or of the personal investigation, must be satisfactorily explained.

IV. Leave on medical certificate in or beyond India, to one not permanently unfit for further service, will be given, without question, as often as the necessity for it may be established by submission of the prescribed certificates.

V. The period for which leave on medical certificate is given, is as follows:—

a.—In India;—a continuous period not exceeding one year.

b.—Beyond India;—eighteen months, subject to extension, with allowances, up to a period not exceeding altogether three years, on a renewal of the medical certificate.

VI. The pay or allowances during such leave are as follows:—

a.—In India;—full salary of rank, subject to a deduction of one-third for the whole term of regulated absence, provided that the deduction shall not reduce the allowance below Rupees 500 a month.

b.—Beyond India;—for first six months,—£600 per annum, and, (if the absentee be an Archdeacon, but not otherwise) such portion of the salary of his office, not exceeding one-half, as may not be required for the payment of a *locum tenens*, and as may be granted to the absentee without extra expense to Government. For the remaining period,—£191-12-6, or £127-15-0 per annum according as the absentee has, or has not, completed seven years' residence in India.

VII. Leave on medical certificate will be reckoned as follows:—

a.—In India;—from the date of the absentee's departure from his station or from any earlier date of his successor's taking charge, to the date of return to station.

b.—Beyond India;—from the date of departure from India of the vessel on which the absentee embarks, to the date of his arrival at the principal port of his own Presidency—from which latter date he will be regarded as on duty.

VIII. A Chaplain proceeding on leave beyond India on medical certificate, will be allowed an advance of three months' absentee pay, and no recovery will be made on account of this advance, should the absentee die before it is liquidated.

IX. A Chaplain proceeding to England on leave should be furnished by the Accountant General with a certificate in the form given in Appendix B, for submission to the India Office on his arrival in London.

Furlough on Private Affairs.

X. Furlough on private affairs is granted by the Government of India in the Home Department (on application as before through the Archdeacon and through the local Government or Administration in the Bengal Presidency, under whom the Chaplain may be serving,) and by the Governments of Madras and Bombay.

XI. A Chaplain wishing for an extension of one of the authorized portions of furlough while in England, must send his application to the Government of India, Home Department.

XII. Application for furlough on private affairs must be supported by proof of residence for the period prescribed in para. XIV, and of presence on duty for a continuous period of three months from the date of return from the last absence on privilege leave.

XIII. Grants of furlough on private affairs are subject to the exigencies of the public service. If a Chaplain prefers taking his furlough in India, he may do so.

XIV. The periods for which furlough is granted are as follows:—

a.—Undivided—a continuous term of three years, but not before completion of ten years' residence in India;—or,

b.—Divided into two periods, whether of eighteen months each, or of two years and one year, respectively. The first instalment of such divided furlough may be taken after a residence of seven years, and the second instalment of a residence of ^(eight)_(ten) years, from date of return from last instalment by Chaplains appointed ^(before)_(on or after) the 11th January 1854. One year is the shortest term of furlough that can be taken by a Chaplain.

XV. The pay during furlough is £191-12-6 per annum.

XVI. Leave on furlough will be reckoned as in para. VII.

XVII. A Chaplain on furlough may be allowed an advance of six months' furlough pay on the same terms as in para. VIII.

XVIII. A Chaplain proceeding to England on furlough should get the form mentioned in para. IX.

Short leave on Private Affairs.

XIX. Short leave on private affairs is granted by the Government under whom the applicant may be serving, the application being made as before through the Archdeacon.

XX. On application for temporary leave, timely notice must be given to the chief civil and military authorities at the station, in order that, if there be any cogent reasons against the absence of the Chaplain, they may be submitted to the Government.

XXI. Short leave on private affairs will be granted on sufficient cause being shown, provided that the applicant's services can be spared, and that six years have elapsed since his last return from such leave.

XXII. Short leave on private affairs in India only is granted for a period not to exceed six months on each occasion.

XXIII. During such leave, the pay is £191-12-6 per annum, or £127-15-0 per annum, according as the absentee has, or has not, completed seven years' residence in India; also half of the difference between such annual sum and the full pay of rank.

XXIV. Leave in India on private affairs will be reckoned as in para VII, clause a.

Privilege Leave.

XXV. Privilege leave is granted by the Bishop, or in his absence, by the Commissary of the Diocese; the grant being reported to the Local or Supreme Government under whom the applicant is employed, for publication in the *Official Gazette*.

XXVI. Applications for privilege leave must be accompanied by proof of continuance on duty, till application, for the periods prescribed in the next paragraph.

XXVII. The periods for which privilege leave may be granted are one, two, and three months, after Chaplains have been on actual duty for continuous periods of five, ten, and fifteen months respectively, from date of first arrival in India, or since return from last leave of any description. The period is admissible in addition to, but after the time allowed for visiting an out-station (i. e., after the duties of that station have been duly performed), and also in addition to time allowed for proceeding from one station to another on change of station.

XXVIII. The pay during privilege leave is the full salary, that is, without forfeiture of allowances, unless the Chaplain should exceed the term of his privilege leave, in which case the circumstances under which he overstayed it should be fully reported, when, if the Government be satisfied that the original leave was not exceeded through carelessness, or wilful negligence, or from any circumstances involving culpability, leave for the period in excess will be granted in orders, and the Chaplain will not, under these circumstances, be subjected to any forfeiture of allowances for the term of the original leave; but for the period in excess, he will be restricted to the same pay as during short leave on private affairs. When, however, grounds are wanting, why the original leave should not be invalidated, general leave will either be granted for the *entire period* of the Chaplain's absence (so as to reduce him, for such period, to the pay for short leave on private affairs), or will be refused altogether, in which latter case, the Chaplain will be looked upon as *absent without leave* from the date of his *quitting* to that of his *return* to his post.

XXIX. Privilege leave is reckoned as in para. VII, clause a.

XXX. Pay for the period of privilege leave will not be issued before return to duty.

Preparatory Leave.

XXXI. Preparatory leave is preparatory to leave beyond India on medical certificate, furlough to Europe on private affairs, or retirement from the service. It is granted by the Government under which the applicant may be serving, on application through the Archdeacon.

XXXII. The period for which preparatory leave is granted is as follows:—

a.—If the Chaplain be stationed at the port of embarkation, seven days.

b.—If he be not stationed at the port of embarkation, seven days; and, in addition thereto, one day, (exclusive of Sundays) for every ten miles of the distance between his station and the port of embarkation, except when railways or steam boats are available, when one day for every one hundred miles of the distance traversed by railway or steam boat will be allowed, or the time actually occupied in the voyage, when its duration exceeds the time calculated at the rate of one hundred miles a day.

XXXIII. The pay during preparatory leave is as follows:—Half salary of rank, and—when the preparatory leave is granted in connection with leave on medical certificate, but not otherwise—any further sum which may be required to make up the half salary to £500 per annum.

XXXIV. Preparatory leave will be reckoned from the date of the absentee's departure from his station (or from any earlier date of his successor's taking over charge), to the date of his subsequent departure from the principal port of his Presidency, or from any port not more distant from his station.

XXXV. Pay for the period of preparatory leave will be issued on the Chaplain's arrival at the port where the preparatory leave terminates.

Joining Time.

XXXVI. The period of joining time will be governed by the rule laid down for the calculation of preparatory leave in clause b of Section XXXII. When an Officer is transferred from one station to another during absence on leave, he will, unless there be special orders to the contrary, be allowed joining time in addition to the period of his leave, and the time will be calculated according to the distance either from his old to his new station, or from the place where he receives the orders transferring him to his new station, whichever may be nearest to his new station.

Miscellaneous.

XXXVII. The period of three years to which the grant of pay to a Chaplain absent on furlough is confined, is an absolute limit. Should he exceed that term and obtain one or more extensions of furlough up to the maximum of five years, pay will not be given for any period in excess of the three years.

XXXVIII. The foregoing rules confer no right on a Chaplain to return from leave to the particular station which he may have quitted, every Officer being liable to be moved from one station to another whenever the Government think it expedient.

XXXIX. Periods of absence on privilege leave, preparatory leave, and leave to the Presidency not exceeding six months, for the purpose of undergoing examination in the Oriental languages by the test prescribed for Military Officers, will be counted as service and residence, the last mentioned absence being regarded as on duty.

XL. Absence on leave of other denominations to the extent of three years, and absence in India on leave taken before the 25th August 1864, will be counted as service only.

XLI. Absence without leave, or for a period in excess of authorized leave, will entail forfeiture of allowances for the term of unauthorized absence.

XLII. Chaplains are to report to the local Accountant General, the date of their joining a station and of their leaving it, and (in the Bengal Presidency) to the Secretary to the Government of India, Home Department, or in the other Presidencies, to the Secretaries to Governments of Madras and Bombay—the date the pilot leaves the vessel on which they may be quitting their Presidency by Sea.

XLIII. With the exceptions noted in paras. VIII, XVII, XXX and XXXV, a Chaplain on leave may be allowed pay month by month, as it falls due.

XLIV. Absentee pay issued in India at a rate which is expressed in sterling money, will be converted into Indian currency at two shillings to the Government Rupee.

XLV. No Officer is allowed to visit Cashmere without the sanction of the Punjab Government; and all applications to visit that territory are invariably to contain a report that the applicant has received and perused the rules for the guidance of Officers travelling in the territories of the Maharajah, and that he pledges himself to abide strictly by them, and will on no account whatever, or under any circumstances, interfere with the Natives, except through the legitimate authorities of the district.

XLVI. A Chaplain will report the dates of his proceeding on and returning from leave, to the Local Government under which he may be serving, except when he is a Chaplain on the Bengal Establishment proceeding on, or returning from furlough, in which case the report will be made to the Government of India, in the Home Department. Failing such report, the leave will be calculated from the date of the Government Order granting it.—*Notification of Govt. of India, 15th July 1865, No. 1,381.*

APPENDIX A.

Form of Medical Certificate to be submitted in support of applications for Sick Leave.

I do hereby certify that, according to the best of my professional judgment, after careful examination of his case, I consider the state of health _____ to be such as to render leave of absence to _____ absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) for his recovery.

APPENDIX B.

Form of Certificate to be given by Accountants General to Absentees proceeding on Leave or Furlough to Europe.

Name of Absentee Itala.	Total period of residence and service in India.	Period of leave already taken on former occasions, with the exception of the privilege and preparatory leave.		Full salary of rank.	Nature and period of leave.	Date of intended departure of vessel on which the absentee will embark.	Portion of salary passed in advance in Calcutta.	Rate of absentee pay to be drawn in England or India.	Date from which the first payment is to commence.
		In India.	Out of India.						
									From the date of the Pilot quitting the vessel as certified on the reverse.

* The Certificate in the reverse will be given in the following form:—

This is to certify that _____ is a passenger on board the _____ proceeding to _____ and left by me at Sea this day.

SANDHEADS,
186 . }

Pilot.

DESPATCH FROM THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA—FINANCIAL—INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, 17th February 1865, No. 32.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

SIR,—I have considered in Council your Ecclesiastical letter dated the 8th December last, No. 13, in which you recommend for favorable consideration the proposition of the Bishop of Calcutta that Chaplains who may retire prior to the occurrence of a vacancy in the Senior Chaplaincies, and who would consequently only receive a pension of £292 per annum, may be admitted to the increased pension of £365 as soon as a vacancy occurs, which would render pensions of that amount available.

2. On a reconsideration of the whole question, and the inconvenience shown to be likely to arise from not limiting the period of Chaplain's service, Her Majesty's Government are of opinion that, instead of acceding to the proposition now submitted, it would be better, for the interests of the service, that the following Rules should be published in substitution of those sanctioned in my Financial Despatch of the 30th July last, No. 186, to take effect from the 15th October last, the date of the publication of that Despatch in India:—

I.—A Chaplain retiring after completing the full period of service, as prescribed by Government Regulations, shall receive a pension of £365 per annum. This Rule to come into operation in each Presidency as soon as either of the two Senior Chaplaincies in that Presidency is vacant.

II.—Every Chaplain shall be compelled to retire after 25 years from the date of the commencement of his service in India, unless specially retained in the service by the Secretary of State for India in Council, on the recommendation of the Governor-General in Council or Governor in Council of his Presidency. This Rule to come into operation in three years.

III.—During the next three years, the second Chaplain may succeed to the Senior Chaplaincy, and the third to the second Chaplaincy; but if either of them accepts that

advantage, he thereby forfeits his claim to the increased pension. After three years there shall be no more appointments to the two Senior Chaplaincies, but the incumbents then existing, if any, may retain them, unless they fall under the operation of Rule II. The incumbents now existing, in order to entitle themselves to the increased pension, must resign before the end of three years.

IV.—The lower rates of pension payable to Chaplains compelled by ill health to retire after a shorter period of service, shall remain as at present.

DESPATCH FROM THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA, FINANCIAL—INDIA OFFICE, LONDON, 8th July 1865, No. 167.

TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE RIGHT HON'BLE THE GOVERNOR-GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL.

SIR,—I have considered in Council your Ecclesiastical letters dated the 5th and 10th April 1865, Nos. 2 and 4, requesting information on certain questions which have arisen in connection with the Rules for the retirement of Chaplains, laid down in my Financial Despatch of the 17th February 1865, No. 32.

2. In regard to the first point, as to the interpretation to be placed on the words "must resign," in Rule II, Her Majesty's Government intended "resignation of the service," and they cannot allow "resignation of the superior allowances" to be regarded as a fulfilment of the condition prescribed in the Rule in question.

3. With respect to the second point on which a decision is requested, Her Majesty's Government concur with you in thinking that there would be hardship in refusing the increased pension to a Senior Chaplain on retirement, in the event of the third Chaplain in the list electing to accept the promotion in lieu of the increased pension, as provided in Rule III, and will therefore allow the increased pension to be granted on the retirement within the prescribed period of one of the Senior Chaplains, even although a permanent vacancy may not thereby be caused.

SECURITY AND EMPLOYMENT OF AGENTS DURING ABSENCE.

Security from Civil Servants and Military Officers holding Civil appointments on leave under Medical Certificate, or on private affairs, retaining their appointments, shall not be taken. Security shall be taken in cases of furlough or of resignation of the Service as heretofore.—*Notification, Gazette, 20th February 1866.*

Every party who may be desirous of employing an Agent or Agents to draw his salary from the public Treasury during his absence from the Presidency, will be required to furnish such Agent or Agents with a Power of Attorney, which Power of Attorney will so long as it may require to be acted upon, be lodged with the Department through which payment is made. The Agent or Agents who may be authorized to draw the salary of an Absentee will be required to produce security for the refund of any sum which may eventually be found to have been overdrawn.

Forms of Powers of Attorney and Bonds of Indemnity prepared by the Government Solicitor, may be obtained on payment at the *Fort St. George Gazette Press*.—*Notification, 9th May 1844.*

No Absentee allowance will be issued in Europe to any Civil Servant who shall omit to transmit the following Certificate to the India Office.—*Despatch of Secretary of State, 16th March 1861, No. 219, 31st July 1862, No. 46.*

Name, Service and Designation of the party obtaining leave.	Salary of substantive appointment held by the Officer.	Nature and period of the leave.	Date of intended departure of Vessel from Madras.	Portion of salary passed in advance at Madras.	Rate of allowance to be drawn in England or not.	Date from which the first payment is to commence.
					In England.	
					In Madras.	

MADRAS,

Civil Paymaster.

DEPUTATION ALLOWANCE TO ACTING OFFICERS IN THE FINANCE AND POLICE DEPARTMENTS.

The present Rules regarding Deputation allowances to Officers of Police having been found to be unsuitable, His Honor the President in Council resolves that Resolution, Nos. 62SG and 20G, dated September 30th, 1862, January 3rd, 1863, be rescinded.

His Honor in Council is also pleased to determine that, in accordance with the principle of the Order No. 3,390, dated July 25th, 1863, in the Financial Department, there shall be one uniform rate of acting allowances for Covenanted and Uncovenanted Officers of Police, and that no acting allowances shall be granted to Officers of Police officiating for other Officers in another grade of the same class as their own.

The following Rules are accordingly promulgated for general information and guidance:—

Rule I.—An Officer of Police officiating for another Officer in the same class, will not receive Deputation allowance.

Rule II.—An Officer of Police officiating for another Officer of Police in a higher class than his own will draw the full salary of his own office, and an allowance at the rate of 20 per cent. on the mean between the maximum and the minimum salary of the class in which he officiates, provided his total allowances do not exceed the minimum salary of such higher class.

Rule III.—An Officer of Police officiating at the same station for an Officer of a higher class than his own, will not be entitled to any Deputation allowance during the first month he may thus officiate according to the Covenanted Civil Service Rules.

Rule IV.—Any Officer holding a substantive appointment in another Department of the Government Service and officiating for an Officer of Police, will draw salary and acting allowances at the rates prescribed in Rule II.

Rule V.—Any person not holding a substantive appointment in the Public Service, and officiating for an Officer of Police, will receive at the rate of 50 per cent. on the mean between the maximum and the minimum salary of the class to which he is appointed.

The 7th August 1863.

The following Resolution, No. 3,390 of 25th July 1863, will be substituted for that bearing the same number and date which was published in the *Calcutta Gazette*, dated 1st August 1863, page 2190:—

No. 3,390, the 25th July 1863.

Read again the Financial Resolution No. 6G, dated the 27th August 1862, sanctioning a classification of the appointments in the General Department of Account in substitution of the arrangement introduced by Financial Resolution, No. 54, dated the 13th May 1862.

RESOLUTION.—The Hon'ble the President in Council observes that, under the Financial Resolution of the 13th May 1862, Covenanted Officers who entered the General Department of Account before that date are allowed to retain their privileges, and therefore when such Covenanted Officers are appointed to act for other Covenanted Officers in the Department, they are entitled to draw Deputation allowances on the same terms as those allowed to Covenanted Officers in other branches of the Service.

But this Rule cannot be held to apply to Covenanted Officers entering the Financial Department after that date, nor does it seem proper to preserve a separate Rule for calculating the acting allowances of Uncovenanted Officers in the Department, as by the Resolution abovementioned all distinction between the Covenanted and Uncovenanted Service was abolished.

In considering what would be a suitable standard to introduce under these circumstances, His Honor in Council observes that, as the acting allowance Rules of the Covenanted Service are based upon a simple consistent principle, they may with advantage be taken as the basis of the Rules which shall be applicable to all the Officers of the Financial Department other than those specially noticed in the 1st paragraph.

His Honor in Council desires accordingly that the following Rules be observed in future.

1st.—No Officer will receive any Deputation allowance for officiating for another Officer in the same class as himself.

2nd.—An Officer appointed to officiate for another Officer in a higher class than his own will draw, irrespective of any saving from the salary of the appointment in which he officiates, the full salary of his own appointment, with an additional allowance at the rate of 20 per cent. on the mean between the minimum and maximum salary of the class in which he officiates, provided the total allowance to be so drawn shall not exceed the minimum salary of such higher class.

3rd.—When the Officer thus appointed to act is in the receipt of the maximum salary of his own class, he will receive no additional allowance on his first appointment to act, inasmuch as the maximum salary of any class is always the same as the minimum of that immediately above it; but he will be eligible, whilst officiating, to the yearly increase of salary allowed to those permanently appointed to the higher class.

4th.—An Officer officiating at the same station for an Officer of a higher class than his own, will not be entitled to any Deputation allowance during the first month he may thus officiate according to the Covenanted Civil Service Rules.

5th.—Any person holding a substantive appointment in another Department of the Government Service, and officiating for an Officer of the Financial Department, will draw salary and acting allowances at the rates prescribed in Rule 2.

6th.—Any person not holding a substantive appointment in the public service, and officiating in the Financial Department, will receive at the rate of 50 per cent. on the mean between the maximum and the minimum salary of the class to which he is appointed.

Officer acting in an appointment shall receive more than one-half of the Staff salary attached thereto until he shall have acted six months in it, counting from the date of his joining the appointment. At the expiration of this period he will be allowed the full Staff salary in all cases, if it be available, but not otherwise.

"2.—This order applies to all cases including those of Officers officiating for Staff Officers absent on Furlough, under Rules 9 and 13 of Government General Order, No. 1,150, dated 17th November 1854; but it is not to affect the allowances in their present appointments of those to whom, under any rule or practice heretofore in force, full Staff salary is now actually passed.—Notification of Govt. of India, 10th August 1863, No. 3,655.

REVISED RULES RELATING TO FURLOUGH AND LEAVE OF ABSENCE FOR JUDGES OF THE HIGH COURT.

Fort St. George, the 14th April 1863.

Furloughs.

1. A Furlough for the period of one year, with an allowance of £1,000, payable by quarterly payments, shall be allowed to the Chief Justice and to each Puisne Judge of the High Court, after seven years' actual service as Chief Justice, or Chief Justice and Judge, or Judge of the said Court.

2. The Furlough granted under these Rules to a Judge selected from the Covenanted Civil Service shall be exclusive of the Furlough to which such Judge is entitled under the Rules applicable to Furloughs allowed to members of such Service.

3. If a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted Civil Service, who has not taken his Furlough under the Rules applicable to his branch of the Service, before his appointment to the High Court, shall take such Furlough within one year after the expiration of his Furlough under these Rules, the Furlough taken by him as Judge of the High Court shall be reckoned as so much time of his Furlough under the Rules applicable to the Covenanted Service, and the amount drawn by him shall be adjusted, with reference to such Rules, by deductions from the allowances payable to him as a Civil Servant on Furlough.

4. A Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, during his absence on Furlough, shall retain his office; but such Furlough shall not be reckoned as actual service in calculating the period of service entitling the Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, to a pension.

5. Leave may be granted by the Governor-General in Council to the Chief Justice, or any Puisne Judge of the High Court who may not be a member of the Covenanted Civil Service, under Medical Certificate, once during the term of his service, either for a period of six months on half salary, payable on return and resumption of his duties, or for a period of fifteen months on an allowance of £1,000 per annum. Such Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, during his absence, shall retain his office; but if his absence shall, under any circumstances, exceed fifteen months, his office shall be vacated.

6. If any Judge of the High Court who has taken leave of absence, under the foregoing Rule, for a period of six months, shall desire to extend his absence beyond such period he shall be permitted to do so under due Medical Certificate, his allowance for the entire period of absence being calculated at the rate of £1,000 per annum.

7. Leave of absence, under Medical Certificate, to Judges of the High Court who are members of the Covenanted Civil Service, will be regulated by the Rules "for sick leave" applicable to the Civil Service generally.

8. No more than six months of the leave granted under Medical Certificate shall be reckoned as actual service in calculating the period of service entitling the Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, to a pension.

9. Short leave on private affairs may be granted to the Judges of the High Court, under Sections 6, 7 and 8 of the Covenanted Civil Service Rules of December 1864.

Retiring Pensions.

1. A Chief Justice, after an actual service of 12 years as Judge of the High Court, of which at least six shall have been in the office of Chief Justice, shall receive a pension not exceeding £1,500 per annum.

2. A Puisne Judge on the same terms as to length of service, shall receive a pension not exceeding £1,200 per annum.

3. A Chief Justice, or Puisne Judge, compelled to retire, on Medical Certificate, after seven years' actual service, shall receive a pension not exceeding one-half the amount of pension allowed for the full period of service.

4. In the event of a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted or Uncovenanted Services, receiving a pension under these rules, he will not be entitled to any pension or retiring allowance under the rules applicable to Covenanted and Uncovenanted servants respectively.

5. When a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted or Uncovenanted branches of the Civil Service, is permitted to retire before completing the full period of service entitling him to the pension of a Judge of that Court, he shall, on retiring, receive such a pension as he would be entitled to under the rules applicable to Covenanted and Uncovenanted servants respectively, reckoning the period during which he shall have served as Judge of a High Court towards his time for such pension.

6. Provided, however, that if a Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted and Uncovenanted branches of the Civil Service, shall be compelled to retire on Medical Certificate, after seven years' actual service, he shall be allowed the option, of taking his pension or retiring allowance either under these rules, or under the rules applicable to the service to which he belongs.

7. A Judge of the High Court, selected from the Covenanted Civil Service, shall be required to continue his subscriptions to the Civil Service Annuity and Provident Funds.

For the purpose of defraying the expenses of equipment and voyage from England, there shall be allowed to a Chief Justice the sum of £1,000, to a Puisne Judge £800. But such allowance shall not be made to any person appointed to the office of Chief Justice or Puisne Judge, who, having been in India, may be at the time of his said appointment in the United Kingdom, with the intention of returning to India.

The foregoing rules will not apply to the Judges who have been transferred to the High Court from the Supreme Court, who will be however at liberty to avail themselves of the privileges as to furlough, if they assent to the periods of service prescribed by the rules, to qualify for the pension of a Judge of the High Court. Nor will the rules respecting salaries affect those Judges of the late Sudder Court who are at present in receipt of higher allowances than Rupees forty-five thousand per annum.

Leave of Absence.

All the Officers and servants of the High Court at the three Presidencies, Covenanted or Uncovenanted, who claim the privilege of being pensioned by the State, are subject to the general Leave of Absence Rules applicable to either branch of service.

The power of granting leave, under the general Regulations hereby ordered for adoption, to the Officers and servants of the Court, appointed by the Court and entitled to pension, vests in the Judges of the High Courts, subject in every case to the report of the Examiner of Claims that the applicant is entitled to leave. If the Examiner of Claims should report against the application, and the Court should take a different view from that recorded by the Examiner of Claims a reference to the arbitration of Government is necessary.—Proceedings of Govt. of India, 6th April 1863, No. 2,252.

PUBLIC OFFICERS INTERDICTED FROM PECUNIARY DEALINGS WITH NATIVES RESIDING WITHIN THEIR JURISDICTION.

With reference to the Notification dated the 25th July 1854, No. 3,200, "absolutely prohibiting the Officers of Government, of whatever rank or class, from selling or being concerned in the sale of property of any amount or description to Native Princes and Chiefs, or to their relatives or Ministers, or to any Native gentlemen of rank or opulence, residing under the protection of the British Government," the Governor-General in Council

is pleased to notify that the Notification in question was not intended to apply in its full strictness to any but Political Officers, and Officers discharging Political as well as ordinary Civil functions, whether employed directly under the Government of India, or under any of the Local Governments, and that in regard to all other Officers, the Order of the 31st October 1821 is to be considered as still in force.

But His Lordship in Council is strongly impressed with a sense of the necessity for discouraging as much as possible pecuniary dealings of every description between Public Officers and Natives under the authority of residing within their jurisdiction, or in their vicinity, and the permission of Government will never be given to any transaction of the kind if it should appear to afford even a plausible ground for suspicion of improper motives on the part either of the buyer or seller.—*Notification, Gazette, 7th March 1856.*

FORT ST. GEORGE, 6th January 1863.—The following letter from J. W. S. Wylie, Esquire, Under-Secretary to the Government of India, Financial Department, to the Officiating Civil Paymaster, Punjab, Fort William, Council Chamber, the 6th December 1862, is published for general information:—

(Financial Department.)

SIR,—In reply to your letter, No. 786, dated 6th ultimo, I am directed to inform you that under the circumstances stated in the Punjab Government's letter of the 1st idem, His Excellency the Governor-General in Council has been pleased to direct that the present wording of the Certificate required to enable an Officer to draw a travelling, or tentage allowance, whilst actually employed in tents at a distance from his station shall be changed to the effect that the Officer "was absent from his station on public duty, and *bona fide* entitled to the tentage charged in his bill."

FORT ST. GEORGE, 6th February 1863.—The following letter from the Secretary to the Government of India, in the Financial Department, No. 1389G, dated the 6th ultimo, to the address of the Officiating Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces, is re-published for the general observance of the directions contained therein:—

SIR,—Your Assistant Secretary's letter, No. 1324, dated the 22nd October last, to the address of the Government of India, in the Home Department, having been transferred to this Department for disposal, I am directed to inform you in reply that His Excellency the Governor-General in Council is pleased to sanction the gratuities proposed to be given to the Police Burkendazes of the Saugor and Jubbulpore Divisions, who have been discharged in consequence of the reductions recently effected in the Establishments belonging to the Central Provinces.

2. I am instructed to take the opportunity to point out that in recommending the grant of gratuities in cases like the present, the local Officers should be careful to satisfy themselves of the correctness of the rates of pay and the periods of service shown in the statements, and to certify that they have done so at the foot of the statements.

3. The necessity for such a Certificate and care will be obvious when it is remembered that the Civil Paymasters are not generally possessed of the means of reporting upon such cases, and that this Department has no means of readily detecting any errors in the data on which the proposals of the local Government are based.

POSSESSION OF LANDED PROPERTY IN INDIA BY THE PUBLIC SERVANTS OF THE STATE.

1. *Extract from the Secretary of State's Despatch, No. 22, dated the 10th August 1861.*

1. I have had under my consideration in Council your Excellency's letters dated the 25th, 26th, and 31st October 1860, (Nos. 37, 38 and 39,) and 8th March (No. 5) 1861, on the subject of the possession of landed property in India by the public servants of the State.

4. I have carefully considered in Council the entire subject, and I am now prepared on the part of Her Majesty's Government to lay down the following Rules for your future guidance. I should premise that these Rules refer only to the acquisition or possession of lands intended to be applied to agricultural purposes, and are not to be construed to include lands occupied merely by buildings for residence and their usual appurtenances.

5. Officers of the Covenanted Civil Service are at liberty to acquire and possess lands anywhere out of the Presidency to which they are attached, but are absolutely precluded from holding lands within their own Presidency. Thus, an Officer of the Bengal Civil

Service may hold lands in Madras or Bombay, but cannot be permitted to hold lands in any part of the Bengal Presidency, notwithstanding that, at the time of their acquisition, he may himself be actually employed in a different Lieutenant-Governorship from that in which the lands may happen to be situated.

6. Regimental Military Officers may hold lands in any part of India, with the distinct understanding however, that a Military Officer possessing land will be disqualified for temporary employment in any Civil capacity in the District within which his land is situated; but Military Officers who are placed in permanent employment in the Civil administration must, like the Officers of the Covenanted Service, be prevented from holding land in the Presidency to any part of which they may be sent.

7. No restrictions are to be placed on the possession or acquisition of lands by Uncovenanted Officers of any description, whether of European, Indo-British or Native descent, beyond those now in force.

8. Officers of all classes (including candidates for office) must, however, be required to make a declaration of the fact of their being in possession of, or of their having acquired landed property, stating the District within which it is situated, with such other particulars as you may consider necessary, of which registers should be kept at the seat of Government of each Presidency or Lieutenant-Governorship. Although Uncovenanted Officers are not to be precluded from holding land, it may, nevertheless, be inexpedient that appointments which necessarily confer a considerable amount of power and influence on their occupants, such as those of Sudder Ameen, Deputy Collector, and Tahsildar, should be filled by persons holding landed property within their jurisdiction; and it is right that the several Governments should always have at hand the information necessary to guide their judgment in selecting individuals for such offices.

9. It will, moreover, be incumbent on the several Local Governments to take care that no Officer who may be in possession of landed property in India or elsewhere, to whatever class of the Service he may belong, shall apply any portion of the time and attention which ought to be devoted to his public duties, whether Civil or Military to the management of that property, and that longer or more frequent leaves of absence are not to be permitted on that account.

2. *Secretary of State's Despatch, No. 29, dated 30th November 1861.*

With reference to the letter from your Excellency in Council, dated the 1st October last, (No. 16,) which has been considered by me in Council, I have resolved to accede to your recommendation for a modification of the terms of my Despatch of the 10th August last, (No. 22,) so far as to permit Officers of the Bengal Civil Service, attached to the Lower Provinces, to acquire and hold land in the Upper Provinces including the Punjab and Oude. Similarly, Officers attached to the Upper Provinces may be permitted to acquire and hold lands in the Lower Provinces of Bengal. It will of course be understood that such Officers possessing lands in either Division are absolutely precluded from employment under the Local Government of the Division in which their lands are situated.

REVISED RULES FOR THE EXAMINATION OF ASSISTANTS IN THE CIVIL SERVICE.

Promulgated originally with Government Notification, dated 26th May 1851, and modified by G. O. 8th November 1861, No. 1,276, Public Department.

I. *Half-yearly Examination of Assistants.*—Half-yearly Examinations of Assistants, liable under these Rules to examination, shall be held each year, at such Central stations as may be fixed by the Central Committee.

II. *Two qualifying Standards.*—At these half-yearly examinations, there shall be two standards of qualification, according to the one or the other of which the Assistants shall be examined. An Assistant must be examined and found qualified according to the first

standard before he will be permitted to present himself for the second standard, and before he will be considered qualified to be appointed to act as Head Assistant. An Assistant who has been found, at some previous examination, qualified according to the first* standard, must be found qualified according to the second standard, before he will be considered by Government eligible for the permanent appointment of Head Assistant, and before he will be permitted to draw the increased allowance of 50 Pagodas per mensem.

G. O., 8th November 1861, No. 1,276, P. D.
*Note.—An Assistant must pass by the first, before coming up for the second standard.

E. M. C., No. 218, dated 23rd February 1857.

III.—*Effect of passing by each Standard.*—An Assistant who has passed according to the first standard will be invested with the powers of a Subordinate Magistrate of the 1st Class, and may be entrusted with a Division of a District. He may also be appointed to act as Head Assistant. An Assistant who has passed according to the second standard will be invested with the full powers of a Magistrate, and may, if the Government see fit, be permitted to draw the increased allowance of 50 Pagodas per mensem, although he may not have served six years.

IV. *Promotion of Assistants.*—The Government will promote to Head Assistantships no Assistant who shall not have been examined under these Rules and found qualified according to the second standard. All Assistants will be promoted, under ordinary circumstances, in the order of their passing the examination now prescribed according to the second standard of qualification.

V. *What Assistants are to be examined.*—All Assistants who have not passed according to the first standard of qualification fixed by the present Rules, and who have been more than six months* at their stations as Assistants shall be subjected to half-yearly examination. All Assistants who have passed according to that standard, but have not passed according to the second standard, and who have been more than two years at their stations as Assistants, shall be subjected to half-yearly examination. All other Assistants, who have not passed according to the second standard of qualification, may be examined at any half-yearly examination, with the special permission of the Collectors of their Districts, previously obtained. Assistants examined under these Rules will draw the usual travelling allowance to and from their respective stations, when the station, at which the Divisional Committee meet, is beyond the limits of their own Districts. (a) They shall moreover be entitled, when called upon to attend for Examination within their own Districts but at a distance from their Head Quarters, to draw, the extra tent allowance, which the Rules in force assign to them when moving about on duty. Members of Divisional Committees, being Revenue Officers, shall, in like manner, be allowed to draw extra tentage whenever their services may be required in such capacity, at a distance from their Head Quarters.

* And may come up for examination, although they have not been six months at their stations.

E. M. C., No. 1,376, dated 14th November 1856.

G. O., 17th September 1860, No. 1,379, and G. O., 18th April 1866, No. 390.

† G. O., 22nd March 1861, No. 358, P. D.

VI. *Central Examination Committee.*—The Government will constitute a Committee to be called the Central Examination Committee, by whose instructions the Local Committees shall be guided, and with whom they shall correspond on all matters connected with these, half-yearly examinations. The Central Examination Committee will consist of one Senior Civilian, who shall be President thereof, and of one Member of the Board of Revenue both nominated by Government; also the Registrar of the High Court, Appellate side, the Secretary to the Board of Revenue, and such other Members as the Government, from time to time, may appoint. A Secretary to the Committee will be nominated by Government.

† With the consent of the Chief Justice.
‡ He is always the Secretary to the Board of Examiners, vide Section II, Notification P. 820 of Gazette for 1851, requiring the Board to perform, in addition to their other duties, those of a Central Committee for the examination of Assistants previous to their promotion.

VII. *Duty of the Central Examination Committee.*—It shall be the duty of the Central Examination Committee, to fix on every occasion the half-yearly examination days, which shall be the same for every Local Committee station. It shall be the duty of the same Committee to prepare beforehand, for each examination, sets of questions to be put to the Assistants under examination, a sufficient number of copies of each of which sets shall be forwarded to each Local Committee, in a sealed packet, not to be opened until the moment of examination. The Central Examination Committee, from time to time, shall lay down such Rules as may appear to them best, for the guidance of the Divisional Committees, in order to insure a fair and uniform method of fixing the degree of attainment upon each point of examination which the several Assistants examined may reach.

VIII. *Divisional Examination Committees.*—At the several stations where the examination is to be held, a Committee consisting of Public Officers to be called the Divisional Examination Committee, shall, on each occasion, be constituted by the Central Committee, and the Judge of the station, if not absent on leave, shall be a Member.

(a.) Travelling allowance will only be passed on one occasion for each standard of examination.

IX. *Duty of the Divisional Examination Committees, and Reports of the Examinations.*—The examinations shall be conducted by the Divisional Examination Committees, who, after due deliberation in respect of each Assistant examined, will record the result, stating their opinion* as to whether the standard of qualification has been attained or not; which result, in case of difference of opinion, will be determined by a majority, and shall deliver the record to the President. The President shall transmit the record to the Central Examination Committee with his own Report, wherein he shall state his agreement or disagreement with the Divisional Committee in each case.

* The Divisional Committees are relieved from the duty of assigning marks to the answers to the Revenue and Judicial Question Papers. Ex. Pro. Board of Examiners, dated 22nd January 1858, para. 2.

The President will be responsible for the fairness, impartiality, and proper strictness of the examination. The written answers of the Assistants, and the other papers written by them either in the Vernaculars or in English, shall be forwarded with the record.

† No Assistant shall be passed under either the first or second standard who is not fully qualified in every respect according to the standard under which he was examined.
E. M. C., No. 22, dated 8th January 1857.

X. *Principal object of the first Standard.*—The principal object of the first standard of examination shall be to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the Assistant in the Vernacular language of his District. For this purpose at least three papers which he has never seen before, taken from Official Records, very much at hazard, and written by different persons in a plain running hand, must be read aloud by the Assistant correctly, and without great difficulty; and after being read aloud, their contents must be correctly explained by him in English. An English judgment or other Official paper, to be furnished by the Central Committee, must be translated by him into the Vernacular, without assistance. The translation must be substantially correct in meaning, and intelligible to a Native; tolerably correct in grammar and spelling, and free from any very bad errors of idiom. He must dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation, into the Vernacular, of an English report, or other Official paper, also to be furnished by the Central Committee, whereof the translation will be written down exactly as dictated. The dictated paper must be in like manner be intelligible and substantially correct. He must then be tested in conversation with two or three Natives, in such manner, and to such extent, as shall suffice to satisfy the Committee as to the degree of his power of understanding Natives of different classes, and of making himself understood by them—such conversation or colloquial examination to be confined to the ordinary duties and business of a Court or Cutcherry, and not to embrace abstruse or peculiar subjects. An Assistant must pass successfully through every step of this branch of the examination, in order to qualify according to the first standard.

Order from Government of India, No. 463, communicated in E. M. C., No. 542, dated 8th April 1859.

XI. *Second object of the first Standard.*—The next object of the first standard of qualification shall be to test the Assistant's general acquaintance with the leading principles of the systems of Revenue administration and Criminal Justice, and especially with so much of the Laws and Rules of Procedure as it is necessary for an Officer to know, in order to exercise properly the highest functions of an Assistant to a Collector and Magistrate. For this purpose a set of questions on Revenue and Magisterial subjects and on the Law of Evidence shall be furnished by the Central Committee. These questions should be so framed as not to involve points of difficulty or rare occurrence; and to show rather the possession, or the want, of a general and intelligent acquaintance with the subjects of examination and the fundamental laws applicable thereto, than a knowledge of a string of points of detail and dates of orders, which may be soon learned for the occasion, and are generally as soon forgotten again. These questions must be all answered without book. The Assistant should also be examined generally as to his knowledge of Cutcherry Accounts—both the English Accounts kept at the Huzur, and the Native Accounts, Taluk and Village—of the Hoosunnamah of his District, and of its past revenue history as to be learnt from the records.

G. O., 4th October 1862, No. 1,177, P. D.

XII. *The third object of the first Standard.*—The next object of the first standard of examination shall be to test the power which the Assistant may have acquired to deal with conflicting arguments and evidence, in actual cases. For this purpose two decided cases, with the final proceeding in each withdrawn, which the Assistant has never before seen, one from the Collector's, and one from the Magistrate's Office, of the nature of cases coming before Assistants exercising the highest functions of an Assistant to a Collector and Magistrate, shall be given to the Assistant. The papers may be read over to him by a Native Officer, and the explanation of any difficult word or phrase may be asked for and given in the Vernacular, the circumstance being in each case noted. The Assistant may now refer to all his books, and may take his notes as the case is read over. At the conclusion of each case he must write in English a brief but precise description of it, and a decision upon the questions at issue, with a sufficient statement of the grounds on which it is founded.

XIII. *Fourth object of the first Standard.*—The last object of the first standard of examination shall be to ascertain how the Assistant has been employed, and how he has done his duty at his station. For this purpose the Collector and Magistrate under whom he has been employed, shall furnish the Committee with a report upon these points. It shall be the duty of such Officers, to make over to their Assistants, from time to time, cases for report. The reports shall be written in English on one side of a sheet of paper; and after the case is decided the Officer who decides it shall note on the other side of the sheet his remarks upon the report. These reports, with the notes thereon, shall be submitted to the Divisional Examination Committee. Such Officers shall also require their Assistants to make English Minutes of the cases given to them for decision, which Minutes also shall be submitted to the same Committee. But these reports and Minutes need not be sent up to the Central Examination Committee. The opinion formed of them by the Divisional Committee, however, shall be entered in the record submitted to the Central Committee.

XIV. *Second Standard.*—The second standard of examination shall be similar in its nature to the first, but more difficult in degree. In the Vernacular portion of it, the reading of a common office running hand must be tolerably performed; the papers selected as tests should be of a more difficult description of office papers, the translation, dictation, and conversation should be fluent, generally correct, and readily intelligible; and the Assistant should be tested in his power of explaining himself clearly, and with sufficient propriety, in the Vernacular, in an argument or topic of some difficulty, such as may occur in official business. In this examination it will be necessary for the Assistant to pass in two Vernacular languages, of which one shall be the language of the District in which the Assistant is stationed at the time of the examination, and the other any one of the languages, including Hindustani, prevailing in the Madras territories, which the Assistant may prefer. Provided that ordinarily, and except on special grounds, no Assistant shall be promoted in any District in the Vernacular of which he has not passed. The test described in this rule shall be strictly enforced in respect of the language of the District in which the Assistant is stationed at the time of examination, but will be relaxed in respect of the second language, and in respect of any other language which an Assistant must pass before he can be promoted in any District in which it prevails. Ability to write the language will not be required, but only a fair colloquial acquaintance with it on the part of the Examinee, and power to translate correctly an official paper read to him, to dictate orders in the language, and read ordinary urzecs. The questions of law and practice should be selected from the whole field of the duties of a Magistrate and Collector; but they shall be arranged in two classes, one class comprehending important and leading points, in answering which no books shall be allowed; and the other class comprehending less general and less common points, in answering which the assistance of books shall be allowed. No guides, digests, or summaries, however, shall be permitted to be used, the Assistant being confined to the original laws, Circular Orders, and constructions. The object of this class of questions is to test the Assistant's knowledge of where readily to find the law or practice on the less common points that arise in business. In preparing these questions, nice and difficult points should be avoided; the object being not to evoke subtlety or ingenuity, but only to ascertain whether the acquisitions and capacity of the person examined are adequate to enable him to perform, fitly, the important functions of an Indian Magistrate and Collector, or not. The trial cases should be selected from those possessing enough of complexity to test the Assistant's ability to master all ordinary difficulties, and especially to test his power of minute attention to, and just appreciation of evidence.

XV. *Object of the second Standard.*—It shall be the object to make this second standard such that a man who has passed a College examination, being of ordinary understanding and capability, who fairly applies himself with proper diligence to his business, and makes it his daily object to familiarize himself with the languages of the country, may pass it after two or three years of Mofussil experience.

UNCOVENANTED SERVICE REGULATIONS.

AGE OF ADMISSION INTO THE SERVICE.

FORT SAINT GEORGE, November 28, 1856.—The following Notification by the Government of India is re-published for general information.

FORT WILLIAM, FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, the 29th October 1856, No. 49.—NOTIFICATION.—With reference to instructions received from the Hon'ble the Court of Directors, the Right Hon'ble the Governor-General in Council is pleased to resolve that no person is to be admitted into the service of Government as a Writer or Clerk, at an earlier age than 16 years.

By order of the Governor in Council.

(Signed) T. PROCTOR, Chief Secretary.

EXAMINATION RULES.

I.—GENERAL TEST.

NOTIFICATION.—Fort St. George 26th April 1861.—His Excellency the Governor in Council deeming it expedient that the Regulations now in force for testing the qualifications of candidates for employment in the Uncovenanted Civil Service of this Presidency, should be so far altered as to allow of persons who have been admitted into the public service, on the ground of their having passed an elementary examination in those branches of knowledge which usually form the basis of a general education, being promoted without passing any further literary test; and that the University Examinations should be more closely and more obviously connected with those prescribed for the public service; and also that more effective provision should be made for testing the professional qualifications of candidates for employment in particular offices or departments,—directs that the following Regulations shall be substituted for those contained in the Notification dated the 4th March 1858:

I. No person (not being a graduate or a matriculated student of the University of Madras, or a passed candidate according to one or other of the tests laid down in the above Notification,) who had not been employed in the public service on or before the 1st January 1859, and has not been continuously employed ever since,* shall be appointed to any situation the salary of which may exceed Rupees 25, without having passed a satisfactory examination in the following subjects:—

1. *Hand-writing*, including the ability to copy rapidly and in a good clear hand a manuscript or lithographed paper.
2. *Orthography*, to include writing from dictation.
3. *Composition and Grammar*, including ability to write a simple letter in good grammatical language; to correct a passage written in an ungrammatical style; and to answer questions on grammar.
4. *Arithmetic*, the first four rules, simple and compound, with ability to apply the rules in practical cases. [The vernacular paper on this subject is to be executed in English figures. No marks will be given for answers executed in vernacular figures.—Notification, Gazette, 27th February 1866, page 330.]
5. *Geography*, including the elements of General Geography and a somewhat more accurate knowledge of the Geography of India.
6. *History*, including a knowledge of the leading facts of the History of India.

II. For the purposes of these examinations, the Uncovenanted Civil Service shall be divided into three branches—English, Vernacular, and Anglo-Vernacular—the first of which shall include all appointments the duties of which are conducted entirely in the English language; the second, all appointments the duties of which are conducted entirely in the vernacular language; and the third, all appointments requiring a knowledge both of English and of a vernacular language.

* The employment herein referred to must have been in permanent appointments, the salary of which exceeds Rupees 10 per mensem. For exceptions to this Rule, see page 12.

III. Candidates for employment in the English branch shall be required to execute the test in hand-writing, orthography, and composition, in the English language; and candidates for employment in the Vernacular branch shall be required to execute the same test in the vernacular language of the District in which they seek employment.

IV. It shall be optional with candidates to perform the test in Arithmetic, Geography, and History, either in English or in a vernacular language, at their discretion.

V. Candidates for appointments in the Anglo-Vernacular branch must pass the test in hand-writing, orthography, and composition, both in English and in the vernacular language of the District in which they seek employment. They may pass these tests either at the same examination, or at two different examinations, as they may think proper.

VI. The foregoing test shall not apply to persons who have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University, except that it shall be necessary for such persons, if candidates for employment either in the Vernacular or in the Anglo-Vernacular branch of the service, and if the second language in which they have passed the University Examination be not the Vernacular of the District in which they seek employment, to pass in such language the test laid down in Rule I.

VII. The examinations shall be held annually, both at Madras and in the Provinces, at the same time and place as the University Matriculation Examinations,* and in the lists of passed candidates, which shall not be published until after the close of the University Degree Examinations, the candidates shall be ranked in the following classes:—

- 1st.—Graduates of the University of Madras in the Faculty of Arts.
- 2nd.—Matriculated students of the University of Madras.
- 3rd.—Passed candidates examined according to the Service Test.

VIII. The candidates entered in each class shall be ranked in the order of proficiency in a register prepared in the annexed form (Appendix A.)†

XI. The examinations provided for in the foregoing rules shall be conducted by means of printed papers. They shall be open to all comers, whose age may exceed 18 years, on presenting an application prepared in the prescribed form, and paying a fee of Rupees [Five.]

XII. The general direction of the system of examination provided for in these rules shall be entrusted to an Officer, who shall be styled "Commissioner for the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examinations." It will be his duty to appoint Examiners, to nominate Officers to superintend the examinations in the Provinces, and to determine on the reports of the Examiners what candidates shall be registered as eligible for employment in the public service, or for particular offices and departments. The functions of the Examiners will be confined to preparing the questions under the instructions of the Commissioners, and examining and reporting on the answers.

XIII. It is to be distinctly understood that the Government do not undertake to provide appointments for all persons who may pass the prescribed examinations under these rules. Appointments will, as before, be regulated by the requirements of the public service, and will be made by the same authorities as heretofore. It is likewise to be understood that it will still, as before, be open to Government, and with their sanction, to the controlling Courts and Boards, whenever they may see necessary to prescribe the period of service, which must be passed in one grade of appointment before promotion to a higher grade altogether irrespective of these rules.

Certain classes admissible without examination.

NOTIFICATION.—Fort St. George, May 6, 1859.—The following Proceedings of the Madras Government, in the Public Department, dated 2nd May 1859, No. 680, are published for general information:—

The — enquires whether the three undermentioned classes of public servants are required to pass the Uncovenanted Civil Service Examination before they can be re-employed in the service of Government.

I.—Persons not now in the service, but who were so formerly, resigned their appointments, and now seek re-employment.

II.—Persons who have lost their posts from the reduction of establishments.

* This is no longer the case, the time for holding the University examinations has been altered.

† Not printed in this Almanac, as not necessary for general information.—Ed.

III.—Persons who have been dismissed from the service, but whose re-employment has, on appeal, been either sanctioned or ordered by the Board or Government.

2. The Government reply that persons of the first of the above classes are not eligible to re-employment, unless they pass the examination.

3. In respect to parties of the second class, no general rule can be laid down. Such cases should be referred by heads of offices, from time to time, for the orders of Government, as they occur. It is to be observed, however, that none are to be submitted unless the previous service of the party on the regular (not hungamy or temporary) establishment, amount to at least five years, or unless his conduct has been good.

4. Cases falling under the third class are also to be referred, on the occasion arising, for the decision of Government.

5. The above are to be taken in supersession of all previous orders on the subject.

Temporary Appointments.

Men who have not passed the examination may be employed as substitutes for periods not exceeding one month. When the period may be longer, and when there may be a difficulty in procuring a passed candidate, the case should be reported for the orders of Government.—Notification, Fort St. George Gazette, 26th March 1857.

RULES FOR THE SPECIAL TEST EXAMINATION.

NOTIFICATION.—Fort St. George, January 3, 1866.

His Excellency the Governor in Council directs the publication of the following Rules for examination in the Special Tests prescribed as qualifications for certain Offices in the Public Service.

These Rules supersede all previous Rules on the same subject and come into operation from this day.

List of Tests.

I. Judicial Test—Civil.

II. Do. do.—Criminal.

III. Revenue Test—General.

IV. Do. do.—Salt Department.

V. Revenue Test—Sea Customs.

VI. Account Test.

VII. Translation Test.

VIII. Precise-writing Test.

SCHEDULE SHOWING THE NATURE OF THE TESTS AND THE DESIGNATION OF THE OFFICES FOR WHICH THEY ARE PRESCRIBED.

I.—A.—Judicial Test—Civil—Higher Grade.

Offices.

1. Principal Sudder Ameen.

2. District Moonsiff.

3. Pleader in Civil and Session Courts, Principal Sudder Ameen's Courts, and Provincial Courts of Small Causes.

Nature of Test.

a. Code of Civil Procedure.

b. Rules of Practice (Civil).

c. Sawyer's Manual of the Law of Contracts.

d. Collett's Manual of the Law of Torts and Measure of Damages.

e. Strang's Manual of Hindu Law, and first Volume of Strang's Hindu Law.

f. Sadagopa Charlu's Manual of Mahomedan Law.

g. Goldsmith's "Doctrine and Practice of Equity," Pages 55 to 249 and 267 to 301.

Remarks.

1. The examination will be conducted in English, unless for special reasons any candidate is permitted, by order of Government, to pass in the Vernacular.

2. When both the Civil and Criminal Judicial tests are taken up at the same time, there will be only one paper in the Law of Evidence.

I.—B.—Judicial Test—Civil—Lower Grade.

Offices.

1. Sheristadar in the High Court (Appellate Side), Civil and Session Courts,

Principal Sudder Ameen's Courts.

Nature of Test.

- b. Code of Civil Procedure.
- c. Rules of Practice (Civil).
- d. Limitation Act.
- i. Stamp Act.
- j. Kindersley's Manual of the Law of Evidence.

Remarks.

1. Vide Remarks 1 and 2 under I. A.

II.—A.—Judicial Test—Criminal—Higher Grade.*Offices.*

1. Principal Sudder Ameen.
2. District Moonsiff.
3. Pleader in Civil and Session Courts, Principal Sudder Ameens' Courts, and Provincial Courts of Small Causes.
4. Deputy Magistrate.
5. Subordinate Magistrate of the First Class.

Nature of Test.

- a. Norton's Law of Evidence.
- k. Mayne's Indian Penal Code.
- l. Code of Criminal Procedure.
- m. Rules of Practice (Criminal).

Remarks.

The examination will be conducted in English, unless for special reasons any candidate is permitted, by order of Government, to pass in a Vernacular.

II.—B.—Judicial Test—Criminal—Lower Grade.*Offices.*

1. Subordinate Magistrate of the 2nd Class.
2. Sheristadar in the High Court (Appellate Side), Civil and Session Courts, and Principal Sudder Ameens' Court.

Nature of Test.

- j. Kindersley's Manual of the Law of Evidence.
- k. Indian Penal Code.
- l. Criminal Procedure Code.
- m. Rules of Practice (Criminal).

Remarks.

1. The papers set in the examination for this grade will be of an easier description than those set on the same subjects in the examination for the higher grade.
2. The examination will be conducted in English, except in the case of persons continuously in the public service since 1st January 1859, who will be permitted to be examined in a Vernacular. This exception does not extend to Sheristadars who must pass in English.

III.—A.—Revenue Test—General—Higher Grade.*Offices.*

1. Deputy Collector.
2. Uncovenanted Assistant in the Office of the Board of Revenue.
3. Sheristadar to the Board of Revenue.

Nature of Test.

- n. Regulations and Acts applicable to the various branches of the Revenue.
- o. Circular Orders of the Board of Revenue.
- p. Manual of Taluk and Village Accounts.
- q. Rules of the Stamp Department.

Remarks.

The examination will be in English, except in the case of candidates permitted, by a special order of Government, to pass in a Vernacular.

III.—B.—Revenue Test—General—Lower Grade.*Offices.*

1. Huzur Sheristadar.
2. Tahsildar.
3. Deputy Tahsildar.
4. Taluk Sheristadar.

Nature of Test.

- n. Regulations and Acts applicable to the various branches of Revenue.
- o. Circular Orders of the Board of Revenue.
- p. Manual of Taluk and Village Accounts.

Remarks.

1. The papers set for this grade will be easier than those set for the higher grade, and will refer only to those portions of the Regulations, Circular Orders, &c., a knowledge of which is requisite in the offices specified in Column 1.
2. The examination will be conducted in English except in the case of persons continuously in the public service since 1st January 1859, who will be permitted to be examined in a Vernacular.

IV.—Revenue Test—Salt Department.*Office.*

Superintendent of a Salt Division.

Nature of Test.

- r. The Salt Laws.
- s. Salt Manual.

Remarks.

1. There is no lower grade in this examination.
2. The examination will be in English, except in the case of any candidate who is allowed, by special order of Government, to pass in a Vernacular.
3. This Test may be taken up alone, or with Test V, but not in conjunction with any other test.
4. Examinations in this Test will be held at the same time as the Annual Examination referred to in General Rule 4, but only when occasion may require, and will be open only to persons, qualified under General Rule 4, who may produce certificates from the Collectors of the Districts in which they seek employment, recommending them for examination.

V.—Revenue Test—Sea Customs' Department.*Office.*

Superintendent of Sea Customs.

Nature of Test.

- t. The Law relative to the collection of Sea Customs, and the Conservancy of Ports.
- u. The Sea Customs Manual.

Remarks.

1. There is no lower grade in this examination.
2. The examination will be in English, except in the case of candidates allowed to pass in the Vernacular, by special order of Government.
3. This Test may be taken up alone, or with Test IV, but not in conjunction with any other test.
4. Examinations in this Test will be held at the same time as the Annual Examination referred to in General Rule 4, but only when occasion may require, and will be open only to persons, qualified under General Rule 4, who may produce certificates from the Collectors of the Districts in which they seek employment, recommending them for examination.

VI.—Account Test.*Offices.*

1. Accountant in the Accountant General's Office.
2. Accountant in the Board's Office.
3. Accountant in the English Departments of Collectors' Offices, drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards.

Nature of Test.

- v. Book-keeping by single and double Entry.
- w. Huzur Manual.
- x. Taluk Manual.
- y. Village Manual.
- z. Budget Manual.

Remarks.

1. The portions of the Manuals which relate to accounts only will form the subject of examination.
2. The examination will be in English, except in the case of candidates permitted to pass in a Vernacular, by special order of Government.
3. The Budget Manual is a subject of examination for Accountants in the Accountant General's Office only, and they will not be examined in the other Manuals.
4. This test cannot be taken up with any other Test.
5. The Examination in this Test will be held at the same time as the Annual Examination referred to in General Rule 4, but only when occasion may require, and will be

open only to persons, qualified under General Rule 4, who may produce certificates from the Heads of the Departments in which they seek employment, recommending them for examination.

VII.—A.—Translation Test—Higher Grade.

Offices.

Translator in the High Court, Civil and Session Courts, and Office of Board of Revenue.

Nature of Test.

Ability to translate an ordinary official paper, and also one of greater difficulty from the Vernacular into English, and *vice versa*.

Interpretation, *et cetera*.

Remarks.

1. Accuracy and rapidity of translation will be required in the higher grade.
2. A separate certificate of proficiency will be given for each of the following Vernaculars in which the candidate may pass:—

1.—Telugu.	3.—Hindustani.	5.—Canarese.
2.—Tamil.	4.—Maharatta.	6.—Malayalam.

3. Candidates must obtain certificates in the particular language, or languages, required in the offices for which they are applying, or intend to apply.

4. In sending in applications for examination, candidates must specify the languages in which they desire to obtain certificates.

5. This Test cannot be taken up with any other Test.

6. Examinations in this Test will be held from time to time under instructions from the Commissioner. Applications for examination must be accompanied by certificates from the Heads of Departments in which employment is sought, recommending the applicants for examination.

VII.—B.—Translation Test—Lower Grade.

Offices.

1. Principal Sudder Ameen.
2. District Moonsiff.
3. Translator in Collector's Office.
4. Deputy Collector and Magistrate.
5. All the offices designated under I.A., I.B., II.A., II.B., III.B., IV., and V., and Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper, or Clerk in the Correspondence Department of any Court other than the High Court, drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards, in case the candidate has not passed in the Vernacular language of the District in which he seeks employment in (a) an Examination of the Madras or other University or (b) the General Test Examination.

Nature of Test.

Ability to translate an ordinary official paper from the Vernacular into English, and *vice versa*.

Remarks.

1. Vide VII A. Remarks 2, 3 and 4, which are also applicable to this grade.
2. Bachelors of Arts of the Madras University whose optional language in the B. A. degree examination was the Vernacular of the district in which they seek employment may be appointed to any post named in column 1 without undergoing examination in this Test.

VIII.—A.—Precis-Writing—Higher Grade.

Offices.

1. Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper, Clerk in the Correspondence Department of the Offices of Government and the Board of Revenue, and in all the Courts drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards.
2. Manager, Record-keeper, Examiner of Correspondence, and Clerks in receipt of Rupees 50 and upwards in the High Court, Appellate Side.
3. Any office for which passing in Test I, II, III and VI, is required.

Nature of Test.

Writing a precis of a set of official papers.

Remarks.

This examination will be conducted in English.

VIII.—B.—Precis-Writing—Lower Grade.

Offices.

1. Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper, Clerk in the Correspondence Department of the Offices of Government and the Board of Revenue, and in all the Courts drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards.
2. Manager, Record-keeper, Examiner of Correspondence, and Clerks in receipt of Rupees 50 and upwards in the High Court, Appellate Side.
3. Any office for which passing in Test I, II, III and VI, is required.

Nature of Test.

Writing a precis of a set of official papers.

Remarks.

This examination will be in the Vernacular, and will be confined to the cases of those persons who, having been continuously in the public service since 1st January 1859, may apply for examination in the Vernacular, and of those who have been permitted by Special Order of Government to pass I, II, III, or IV in the Vernacular. All persons not coming within these descriptions, must pass the higher test.

GENERAL RULES.

1. Candidates will be permitted to take up at the same examination any or all of Tests I, II, III, and VIII. Separate certificates will be granted for each Test successfully passed, and no candidate will be required to pass in the same Test twice.

2. Candidates will not be permitted to apply for examination in both the lower and the higher standard of any Test; but any candidate who has applied for examination in the higher standard of any Test, and has passed a creditable examination, but failed to secure the minimum of marks necessary for success, may, with the Commissioner's permission, be considered as having passed for the lower standard.

3. Candidates will not, under any circumstances whatever, be permitted to come up for examination in a part only of the subjects prescribed for a Test.

4. There will be an annual examination in Tests I, II, III, VIII, and the lower grade of Test VII, open to all servants who have been continuously in the permanent employ of Government since the 1st January 1859, to regular Pleaders of any Court, who have been continuously employed as such since the 1st January 1859, to graduates and matriculated members of an Indian University, and to men who have passed the General Test Examination, on production of a vaccination certificate, and payment of the prescribed fees.

5. Graduates in Law of an Indian University may be appointed to any of the posts specified under I.A., II.A., II.B., without passing those Tests; but if they are candidates for the posts specified under I.B., that test must be passed. The exemption here given extends only to the tests named, and not to any other tests which may be prescribed for the same posts.

6. The "Police Test" will comprise the subjects given in the Schedule under the heading II. B, Judicial Test, Criminal, Lower grade, and a paper in Departmental subjects. Candidates who have complied with the Rules in all respects will receive a certificate under Rule I, of having passed II.B.

7. Europeans, Eurasians and other persons appointed to the office of Deputy Collector and Magistrate in Districts, the language of which is not their Vernacular, besides passing the Lower translation test VII.B, will be required within one year from the date of their appointment to pass a colloquial test in the principal Vernacular language of their District, similar to that prescribed for the examinations of Covenanted Assistants according to the 2nd or higher standard.

X. *Principal object of the first standard.*—The principal object of the first standard of examination shall be to test the proficiency, for practical purposes, of the Assistant in the Vernacular language of his District. For this purpose at least three papers which he has never seen before, taken from official Records, very much at hazard, and written by different persons in a plain running hand, must be read aloud by the Assistant correctly, and without great difficulty; and after being read aloud, their contents must be correctly explained by him in English. He must dictate off-hand, with some fluency, the translation, into the Vernacular, of an English Report, or other official paper, also to be furnished by the Central Committee, whereof the translation will be written down exactly as dictated. The dictated paper must in like manner be intelligible and substantially correct. He must then be tested in conversation with two or three Natives, in such manner, and to such extent, as shall suffice to satisfy the Committee as to the degree of his power of understanding Natives of different

classes, and of making himself understood by them—such conversation or colloquial examination to be confined to the ordinary duties and business of a Court or Cutcherry, and not to embrace abstruse or peculiar subjects.

XIV. *Second standard.*—The second standard of examination shall be similar in its nature to the first, but more difficult in degree. In the Vernacular portion of it, the reading of a common Office running hand must be tolerably performed; the papers selected as tests should be of a more difficult description of office papers, the translation, dictation, and conversation should be fluent, generally correct, and readily intelligible; and the Assistant should be tested in his power of explaining himself clearly, and with sufficient propriety, in the Vernacular, in an argument or topic of some difficulty, such as may occur in official business.

SCHEDULE showing the designation of Offices, and the Corresponding Tests and Fees.

OFFICE.	I.		II.		III.		IV.		V.		VI.		VII.		VIII.	
	Judicial Test— Civil.		Judicial Test— Criminal.		Revenue Test— General.		Revenue Test—Salt Department.		Revenue Test—Sea Customs.		Account Test.		Translation Test.		Precis writing Test.	
	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.
Principal Sudder Ameen, District Moonsiff, Pleader.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Deputy Collector and Magistrate.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Subordinate Magistrate of 1st Class.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Uncovenanted Assistant in the Office of the Board of Revenue.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheristadar to the Board of Revenue.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Superintendent of Salt.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Superintendent of Sea Customs.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Accountant in the Accountant Genl's Office.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Accountant in the Board's Office.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Accountant in the English Department of Collectors' Offices, drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Translator in the Courts and Office of the Board of Revenue.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Registrar, Deputy Registrar, Examiner, Record-keeper, Clerk in the Correspondence Department of the Offices of Government and the Board of Revenue, and in all the Courts drawing salaries of Rupees 50 and upwards.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Manager, Record-keeper, Examiner of Correspondence, and Clerks in receipt of Rupees 50 and upwards in the High Court, Appellate Side.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sheristadar in the High Court, Appellate Side, Civil and Session Court, and Principal Sudder Ameen's Court.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Huzur Sheristadar.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tahsildar and 2d Class Sub-Magistrate.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Taluk Sheristadar & 2d Class Sub-Magistrate.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2d Class Sub-Magistrate and Deputy Tahsildar.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2d Class Sub-Magistrate.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Appointments in the Government Office and the Courts, for which no Special Test but VIII is prescribed, of which the salaries are Rupees 50 and upwards.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Translators in Collectors' Offices.....	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

NOTE.—The fee for a single test will be Rupees 4, that for two or three tests, Rupees 7, and that for four tests, Rupees 10.

REVENUE SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT.

Candidates for appointment as Assistant Directors of Revenue Settlement are required to pass the following Vernacular test :—

I. Reading, translating, and explaining grammatically—

In Telegu, the first 50 stories of Morris' Selections.

In Tamil, the whole of Kathamanjiri.

In Canarese, the first 50 stories of Aesop's Fables.

In Malayalam, the first 50 stories of the Selections.

II. Translating, in writing, from the vernacular into English a paper of ordinary difficulty, specially prepared by the Board of Examiners at Madras, so as to test the Officer's knowledge of vernacular accounts and of technical words and phrases in common use in the Revenue Settlement Department.

III. Translating, in writing, from English, into vernacular, a short paper of ordinary difficulty prepared at Madras.

IV. Reading and translating *riid voce* to the Examiners, a vernacular letter or urzee (which shall be selected by the Local Committee and sent for the Board's inspection), written in an ordinary style, and such as a Revenue Settlement Officer is liable to receive in the course of duty.

V. Conversation with a native upon ordinary topics, such as to satisfy the Examiners that the Officer is able to understand correctly, and to express himself intelligibly, on all the usual matters which form the subject of communication between a Revenue Settlement Officer and his subordinates, and also with the people of the District.—*Proceedings of Government, 9th March 1861, No. 548.*

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

For Admission into the Civil Engineering College.

FIRST DEPARTMENT.—The course of instruction is regulated to fit Officers of the Army, and other gentlemen, for the position of Assistant Engineer in the Department of Public Works, and, for the Degree of B.C.E. (Bachelor of Civil Engineering) in the University of Madras. Candidates for admission must be Commissioned Officers of the Army below the rank of Field Officer, or must have passed the Matriculation Examination of the Madras University. Officers who are candidates for admission must be qualified by acquaintance with their Military duties, and by having passed the examination in one of the native languages for charge of a company, and they will be required to undergo an entrance examination in the whole of Arithmetic, the first three books of Euclid, and Algebra as far as Simple Equations. Civil candidates must be over 16 years of age, and must produce satisfactory testimonial of character.

All students will be required to pay a monthly fee of 16 Rupees, and to provide themselves with the text books in use, and with a case of drawing instruments and color box.

Applications from Officers should be addressed through Commanding Officers of Regiments to the Principal of the College; who, after satisfying himself that the candidates are fully qualified and are likely to profit by the course of study, will forward the application for the approval of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

The Principal of the College may at any time recommend to His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief that an Officer may be remanded to his Regiment.

Officers who obtain permission to study at the College will be considered "absent on duty," and will be so reported in the Regimental Returns.

It is to be distinctly understood that the Government do not in any way promise or guarantee employment as Assistant Engineers or in any other capacity to gentlemen who may pass the examination prescribed for Assistant Engineer, or who may take Degrees in the University of Madras.—*Notification, 28th March 1862.*

SECOND DEPARTMENT.—The following are the admission tests in this Department:—

- (a) *English*.—Ability to write correctly and legibly from dictation, and to compose a letter on a given subject with tolerable clearness and intelligence. Also to have a competent knowledge of Grammar.
- (b) *Vernacular*.—In the case of Europeans and East Indians, ability to translate into English easy sentences.
- (c) *Arithmetic*.—The four Simple and Compound Rules, Reduction, Vulgar Fractions and Decimal Fractions.
- (d) *History*.—The leading facts of the Histories of India and England.
- (e) *Geography*.—The Outlines of Geography generally, and the Geography of India in particular.

The examinations will be conducted by means of printed papers.

Candidates must be above 17, and not more than 25 years of age, and it will be necessary for them, when registering their names, to furnish satisfactory certificates of age, of character, and of physical fitness for the Public Works Department. The medical certificate should state that the candidate has been vaccinated. Europeans and East Indians must also state the vernacular language in which they elect to be examined.

The examinees will be ranked according to the merits of their papers, and the vacancies existing in the College will be filled by them in the order of their proficiency.

All students will be required to pay a monthly fee of 3 Rupees, and to purchase the text-books and drawing instruments, &c., prescribed for their respective classes.—*Notification, Gazette, 6th April 1866.*

STIPENDIARY MILITARY STUDENTS are selected from the European Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates of Her Majesty's Forces in the Madras Establishment. They will be allowed the same pay, rations, and clothing as when serving with their respective Regiments, and, in addition, 10 Rupees a month. Their position will be strictly that of Probationers. They will continue to be borne on the strength of their respective Regiments: and such of them as prove not to be qualified, either in respect of character or attainments, will be sent back to their Regiments; those who prove every way fit, will be appointed Overseers in the Department of Public Works, or to such other situations as may be considered proper.

Candidates for Stipendiary Studentships must—

- 1st.—Be less than 25 years of age.
- 2nd.—Have uniformly conducted themselves to the satisfaction of their Commanding Officers in the discharge of their duty as Privates and Non-Commissioned Officers.
- 3rd.—Be thoroughly trustworthy, well-conducted men, who can be relied upon to superintend native workmen efficiently, and to treat them in a becoming manner.
- 4th.—Be able to write English correctly and legibly from dictation, and to express themselves with reasonable correctness and intelligence in a letter or report.
- 5th.—Be familiar with the four first Rules of Arithmetic, and with Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, and be able to keep accounts.
- 6th.—Be either acquainted with one of the vernacular languages of India, or have shown such aptitude and intelligence as furnishes a reasonable presumption that they would acquire a native language if the necessary facilities were given.

Commanding Officers are requested to furnish full particulars to the Principal of the Engineering College at the Presidency, under each of the above heads, of such Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates belonging to their respective Corps, as they can confidently recommend for Stipendiary Studentships in the Madras Civil Engineering College.—*Government Order, 6th May 1859, No. 175.*

Admissions to the College will usually take place at the opening of the Session on the 1st of August in each year, the preparatory entrance examination being held in the month of May preceding. The places at which the entrance examination will be held, and the dates, are notified annually in the *Gazette*.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

For Admission into the Medical College.

SENIOR DEPARTMENT.—This department has been organized for the instruction of young men desiring to qualify for a degree in Medicine in the University of Madras or elsewhere, or for the appointment of Civil Sub-Assistant Surgeon. Admission is restricted to matriculated Students and Graduates in Arts of the Madras or other recognized University.—*Notification, 5th April 1862.*

There are five stipendiary scholarships attached to this department. For particulars, see *Notification*, dated 7th April 1862, published in *Fort St. George Gazette* of the 8th idem, page 557, and see also *Notification, Gazette*, 11th May 1866, page 795.

SECOND DEPARTMENT.—The tests required to be passed by candidates for admission in this Department, are—

- (a) *English*—including a competent knowledge of English Grammar and ability to explain the structure and meaning of an easy passage selected from a standard prose author, and to write to dictation in a good hand and with correctness of spelling.
- (b) *Arithmetic*—comprehending the four simple and compound rules.
- (c) *Geography*—the elements of General Geography, and a somewhat more accurate knowledge of the Geography of India.

Candidates must have attained the age of 15, and must not have exceeded the age of 18 years, calculated to the first day of the month after that on which the examination takes place.

Each candidate must produce certificates of parentage and date of birth, and satisfactory testimonials of character.

Candidates whose certificates may be considered satisfactory will be examined by a Board of Medical Officers as to their physical fitness for Military service.

The names of such candidates as may be pronounced eligible for admission to examination will be forwarded immediately to the Principal of the Medical College.

The examination will be held on the 1st and 2nd July, and will be conducted by means of printed papers.—*Notification, Gazette, 26th April 1862.*

SUBORDINATE DEPARTMENT.—Candidates must not be below 15, nor above 18 years of age, and they must produce certificates of parentage and of age, with testimonials as to character and respectability. Also a certificate of physical fitness for Military service, signed by a commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian establishment.

The following is the standard of examination:—

- (a) *In English*—a fair knowledge of which is required, to be tested by writing to dictation, and by an examination in Grammar generally.
- (b) *In Arithmetic*—acquaintance with simple arithmetic, and with Vulgar and Decimal Fractions, will be required.
- (c) *In Vernaculars*—candidates are expected to possess a fair colloquial acquaintance with Hindustani, Tamil, or Telugu.

Candidates will be ranked according to their attainments, as determined by the valuation affixed to their papers, and attached for two years, if the exigencies of the service permit, to such hospitals as they may specify in their applications; but they will be required, before being drafted into the Second Department of the Medical College, to pass a second examination, intended to test their knowledge of hospital duties, of the preparation and doses of medicines, &c. This examination will determine the order of merit according to which lads will be drafted into the Medical College on the following rates of College pay:—

3rd Class Student, Medical College.....	Rs. 12	per mensem.
2nd do. do.	16	do.
1st do. do.	20	do.
Passed Medical Apprentice.....	30	do.

Successful candidates in the Subordinate Department will be attached for a period not exceeding two years to Civil or Military Hospitals at stations where the parents may reside, or to which they may desire the lads to be transferred, on the following stipends:—

First year	Rs. 8
Second do.....	10

—*Notification, Gazette, 28th August 1866, page 279.*

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT.—Paid Medical Pupils are drafted into this Department after the period of probation, on passing an examination to test their knowledge of English, of hospital duties, and of the preparation and doses of medicines, &c.

The rates of pay while attending Medical College, are—

First year Rs. 7 per mensem.
Second do „ 10 do.

PAID MEDICAL PUPILS.—Candidates must not be below 15, nor above 19 years of age, and they must produce testimonials as to character, and certificate of physical fitness for Military service, signed by a commissioned Medical Officer of the British or of the Indian establishment. Preference will be given to the sons of Native Commissioned and Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers.

Candidates will be required to undergo an examination in the following subjects:—

- (a) *In English*—a fair knowledge of which is required, to be tested by writing to dictation, and meaning of words.
- (b) *In Arithmetic*—an acquaintance with the four Simple and Compound Rules, and Rule of Three.
- (c) *In Vernacular*.—reading and writing in one at least of the following, viz., Hindustani, Tamil, and Telugu.

Successful candidates will be attached to hospitals, and placed as “Paid Medical Pupils,” upon the following rates of pay:—

First year Rs. 5 per mensem.
Second do „ 6 do.

Lads, on admission, will be attested agreeably to G. O. G., No. 152, dated 19th April 1859.—*Notification, Gazette, 22d June 1866, page 2123.*

VOLUNTEERS IN PUBLIC OFFICES.

NOTIFICATION, August 31, 1859.—The following Proceedings of the Madras Government in the Revenue Department, dated 20th August 1859, No. 1,123, is published for the information and guidance of subordinate offices:—

In their Order of 13th March 1848, No. 268, Revenue Department, the Government directed that the employment of Volunteers in the public offices at the Presidency should be restricted to the narrowest possible limits, and the Court of Sudder Udalt have recently, in their Circular, dated 11th June 1859, prohibited the employment of such persons in the Courts.

2. The Honorable the Governor in Council now resolves to extend the Rule of March 1848 to the Collectors' offices also, if the aid of “Volunteers” cannot be altogether dispensed with there, as has been done in the Judicial Department. There cannot be the same need of such unpaid Assistants now that there was some years ago, since the Collectorate Presses have so much reduced the copying work in Collectors' offices.

3. Collectors will be instructed very strictly to limit the number of Volunteers employed either in their own offices or in those of their subordinates. None should be allowed but such as are registered after enquiry as to qualification and character; and none should hereafter be so registered who have not passed the Uncovenanted Service Examination.

4. Volunteers admitted into the Offices at the Presidency also will be so only in accordance with the preceding Rule.

RULES FOR REGULATING LEAVE OF ABSENCE TO UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.

(Published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*, 30th May 1864, p. 863.)

These Rules are applicable to all Officers of the Uncovenanted Civil Service receiving salaries of not less than Rupees 100 a month, whether they receive their appointments direct from Government or from Heads of Offices and Departments.

The following are the kinds of leave allowed:—

- I. Leave on Medical Certificate.
- II. Leave on Private Affairs and Furlough.
- III. Privilege Leave.
- IV. Preparatory or Additional Leave.

GENERAL RULES.

1. All applications for leave must be made publicly, through the regular channel, in the Department to which the applicant belongs.

2. Officers appointed by Government can obtain privilege leave from the Heads of their respective Departments—when the latter are duly authorized to exercise this power—but in other cases leave must be granted by the Government.(a)

3. Officers appointed by Heads of Offices and Departments can obtain any leave under these Rules without reference to Government; but the Authorities granting such leave must furnish to the Civil or Military Audit Office which passes the Pay Bill of their Establishment, a Monthly Return of the leave granted by them according to the form given in Appendix A.

4. Absence without leave will involve loss of salary, and render the absentee liable to loss of appointment.(b)

5. No leave of absence shall have retrospective effect, except in case of severe illness, to be attested by a Medical Certificate in the prescribed Form:—

6. Applications for leave on Medical Certificate must be accompanied by a statement from the applicant's Medical attendant distinctly stating, from personal observation, the nature of the disease, its symptoms, causes and duration, and by a Certificate(c) from the Chief Medical Officer of the Station or District, or, if at a Presidency Town, from a Presidency or other Official Surgeon, certifying, after careful personal investigation, the necessity for temporary absence, and the period for which absence is, to the best of his judgment, absolutely requisite for restoration to health. If the requisite leave be for a longer period than six months, the certificate must be countersigned by the Superintending Surgeon of the Division in which the applicant may be employed. In cases of leave beyond sea, the Certificate must be also submitted, with the statement of the case, for the countersignature of the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department.

7. An application for extension of leave must, if the applicant be in India, be accompanied by a Certificate to a like effect from his Medical Officer Attendant, together with a statement showing sufficient reason for the extension solicited, and such Certificate must be countersigned by the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, or by the Superintending Surgeon of the Division in which the applicant may be residing. If the applicant shall have proceeded beyond the Territories under the Government of India, he must furnish a Certificate and Statement to the required effect from a Surgeon or Physician at the place of his temporary residence by whom he has been attended; such attendance, and the period of it, to be stated, and the Certificate to be countersigned, after personal examination, by the examining Physician of the India Office, if the absentee is in England—or by the Principal Medical Authority of the Colony or country to which the absentee may have proceeded.

8. If any of the above particulars be neglected, or the omission of any one of them unsatisfactorily explained, the leave will be refused.

(a) In their Proceedings of the 17th October 1861, No. 506, the Madras Government resolved “to vest the Court of Sudder Adawlut, the Board of Revenue, and the Chief Engineer, Public Works Department, with the power to grant privilege leave to the full extent to all Officers subordinate to them under the grades noted in the margin, a previous reference, however, being made to Government when it is necessary to appoint an Officer to act for the absentee. Applications for such leave should be submitted to the abovementioned authorities through the prescribed channel, and be settled by them after reference to the Audit Office.

2. The controlling authorities named in the margin are also vested with power to grant leave similarly to all Officers subordinate to them, subject to the same provisions.

3. Notifications of the grant of privilege leave by the several authorities will be forwarded direct to the Superintendent of the Government Press, to be published in the *Fort St. George Gazette*.

(b) G. O. G. 13th January 1866, No. 19, *Gazette*, page 107.—Soldier-Clerks may be mulcted of their pay and allowance as clerks (leaving to them only military pay and batta), for the days of their unauthorized absence.

(c) In the form given in Appendix B.

9. Leave on Private Affairs, and Furlough, will be granted by Government or by authorized Officers, on sufficient cause being shown, and when the concession of the indulgence may in no way interfere with the interest of the Public Service.

10. When an Officer on leave in England is permitted by the Home Government to return to duty by a particular vessel, this permission, if necessary, will be held equivalent to an extension of leave until the arrival in India of the vessel on which the Officer is permitted to return.

11. Leave on Medical Certificate, with allowances, must in no case exceed three years in all, and not more than two years may be taken at one time. Subject to these restrictions, leave within Indian limits, may be granted, with allowances, on Medical Certificate, as often as sufficient cause is shown; but beyond Indian limits, such leave cannot be granted more than twice during the whole period of service.

12. Leave on private affairs and furlough, with retention of office, may be granted as follows:—

1st.—Leave on private affairs—for six months in one period, which leave may be repeated after intervals of six years.

[The first leave for six months is not due until the completion of six years' service. The six months' leave cannot be taken in instalments.—Notification, Gazette, 6th September 1865.]

2nd.—Or a Furlough—for one year after ten years' service, and a second furlough also for one year, after eighteen years' service in India—such absence being limited to two years during the whole period of service.

[The ten years' service to qualify an Uncovenanted Servant for a year's furlough commences from date of entitlement, without regard to any leave afterwards obtained.]

Two years' furlough is not obtainable after eighteen years' service.]

[Furlough cannot be granted in continuation of sick leave.—Government Proceedings, 2nd July 1866, No. 250, Financial Department.]

13. On taking leave under the preceding Rule, for the first time, an Officer must decide whether he will apply for leave on private affairs, or for furlough, and having once exercised his option and obtained leave accordingly, he will not, during the remainder of his service, be eligible to the other description of leave.

14. Furlough, and leave on private affairs, taken in India, will reckon from the date of leaving office to the date of return thereto. Furlough and leave on private affairs, taken beyond India, will reckon from the sailing of the vessel on which the Officer embarks to the date of his return to India.

15. Furlough, or leave on private affairs, cannot be taken in continuation of privilege leave.

16. Privilege leave, (a) when it can be granted without injury to the public service, and without additional expense to the State, may be allowed for not more than one month in each Calendar year—to be taken either in one period or in not more than two instalments. This leave is not allowed to accumulate, and will, therefore, lapse if not taken within the year.

17. Privilege leave for one month in each Calendar year may be allowed to Officers who have not been absent on leave for eleven months immediately preceding; unless they took their last privilege leave in two instalments, in which case the indulgence will not be available until eleven months after the expiration of the first instalment, and six months after expiration of the second instalment of the previous year's privilege leave.

[When only one instalment of privilege leave is taken in the Calendar year, privilege leave may be obtained in the ensuing year after an interval of six months from the date of return from the previous leave.—Govt. of India Order, 28th January 1865, No. 485; Board of Revenue Standing Circular, No. 24 of 1865.]

[Servants not availing themselves of the indulgence in any one year may obtain under the like conditions, leave for two successive months, to commence at or after the expiration of 22 months from the expiration of their former leave; and if two years elapse without the enjoyment of the privilege leave for three months may in like manner be granted at the expiration of 33 months from the termination of the last preceding leave, but no leave shall be granted under the rule for any period exceeding three months.—Notification, Gazette, 5th January 1866, page 18.]

[There is no objection on public grounds to Officers who obtain privilege leave under the Rules of the Civil Department being permitted to carry forward to the privilege leave

(a) The mere fact of the presentation of a medical certificate is no bar to the grant of privilege instead of sick leave.—Gazette, 11th May 1860, page 1850.

of a future year such portion of the one month's privilege leave of the previous year as may not have been taken.—Notification, Gazette, 19th June 1866, page 1092.]

18. Preparatory or additional leave, is allowed to Officers proceeding to or from a Sanitarium on medical certificate, or to or from the port of embarkation from India to Europe on private affairs furlough, or medical certificate, and is limited to such period as the authority granting leave may think sufficient. Officers proceeding from Presidency towns on sick leave beyond Sea will be allowed fourteen days for preparation.

[An Officer who has been recalled to duty when absent on privilege leave may be permitted to take the balance of his interrupted leave at any future period within the same or the following year.]—Govt. of India Order, 29th Nov. 1864, No. 3531; Board of Revenue Standing Circular, No. 5, 1865.

19. Officers retiring from the service on Pension will be allowed fourteen days' leave on half pay—provided the indulgence can be given without detriment or extra expense to the Public Service.

[This leave is confined to only those employed in Office Establishments and not to Gazetted Officers.]

[It is left to Heads of Offices, subject to the orders of the local Government, to grant, at their discretion, casual leave of absence from office in cases of sickness, death of near relatives, &c., on condition that the local Government shall see that the discretionary power to be placed in the Heads of Offices is not abused. Such casual absences from office are not to be reported to the Civil Auditor, but systematically entered in a book to be kept in each office, and when an application for privilege leave is received, the leave should be granted or refused with some reference to the entries in this book.—Pro. of Supreme Government, 28th Sept. 1858, Fin. Dept., No. 5,670.—Fort Saint George Gazette, 18th Nov. 1858.]

Absentee Pay.

20. Absentee pay, if at half salary, shall in no case exceed 6,000 Rupees, or £600 per annum—or if at one-fourth salary, shall not exceed £300 per annum. Within these limitations, Absentee pay will be given as follows:—

I. To an Officer absent on sick leave in or out of India—half salary for the first fifteen months of each period of absence, (or—if the leave be taken in short periods in India,—for the first thirty months taken from time to time, provided that half salary be not drawn for more than fifteen months at any one time), and one-fourth salary during the remainder of his absence on allowances.

[This allowance may be drawn during absence and is not required to be refunded in case the absentee resigning his appointment without returning to duty.]

II. To an Officer on leave on private affairs—one-half of his salary for a period not exceeding six months of continuous absence, and for any further period of preparatory leave which may be granted to him. But if an Officer, absent on private affairs, obtain an extension of leave on Medical Certificate, he will be subject for the whole period of his absence to the Rules for sick leave.

III. To an Officer proceeding on furlough whose salary does not exceed 200 Rs. per month—one-half of his salary: Provided, however, that it shall not exceed 800 Rs. or £80 per annum. If the absentee's salary shall be above 200 Rs., and not exceeding Rs. 400 per month, he may be granted an allowance of Rs. 1,300 or £ 130

Do.	400	do.	do.	700	do.	...	2,000	or	200
Do.	700	do.	do.	1,200	do.	...	3,000	or	300
Do.	1,200	do.	do.	.....	do.	...	4,000	or	400

IV. To an Officer on preparatory leave—one-half salary before commencement of other leave, and, on return from leave—one-half, or one-fourth salary, or furlough pay, according to the rate of allowance he may be then drawing.

V. To an Officer on privilege leave—full pay.

21. An Officer who overstays privilege leave by not more than one month will forfeit pay for the period in excess; but if he exceed his leave by more than one month his office will become vacant. An Officer on privilege leave who may resign the service, or who may obtain sick leave without first rejoining, will, in the former case forfeit, his salary for the period of privilege leave, and in the latter case be subject to the Rules for sick leave for the whole period of his absence.

Rules for joining Office.

22. Time allowed for joining an appointment will be fixed by the Authority conferring the appointment.

23. An Officer entering the service of the Government is not entitled to any salary before joining his appointment; but when transferred from one appointment to another, of equal or higher value, he will draw so much of the salary of his new office as may be equal to that of his former appointment.

[Advancement to a higher class during privilege leave, does not bar payment of the higher salary from date of advancement if the promotion does not involve any increase or change of duties or responsibilities.—*Proceedings of Government of India, 29th July 1863; Proceedings of Madras Government, 29th August 1863, No. 552.*]

[Arrival on a Sunday entitles the relieving Officer to the salary of his appointment for that day, but on other days it is necessary in order to enable the relieving Officer to draw the current day's allowance, that he should take charge of the duties of the office before noon.—*Notification of Government of India, 26th March 1862, No. 49; Gazette, 15th April 1862, page 594.*]

[For the portion of the journey traversable by railway, 100 miles a day are allowed; for the portion traversable by steamer, 100 miles a day or the time actually occupied in the voyage, when by accident the duration of the voyage exceeds the time calculated at the rate of 100 miles a day.—*Notification of Government of India, 30th March 1861, No. 65; Gazette, 14th May 1862, page 675.*]

Payments of Absentee Allowances.

24. Officers absent on privilege leave cannot draw pay until their return to duty.

25. Officers proceeding to England on furlough, or on private affairs, or on Medical Certificate, must obtain Certificates from the Civil Paymaster—in the Form given below—for submission to the India Office on their arrival in London:—

Name, Service and Designation of the party obtaining leave.	Sick leave, if any, taken on previous occasions.	Salary of Substantive Office.	Nature and period of the leave.	Date of intended departure of vessel from Calcutta or other Port.	Rate of allowance to be drawn in England or not.	Date from which the first payment is to commence.
					In England.	
					In Calcutta.	

26. But if they desire to draw their allowances through their Agents in India, the latter must execute a guarantee to refund over-payments. When Officers remain in India, and draw their allowances themselves, and attach to their Bills, Life Certificates attested by a Deputy Magistrate, or a Covenanted District Officer, they will not be required to furnish any security.

Deputation Allowance.

[UNDER RULES OF 28TH FEBRUARY 1856, No. 340.]

XIV. A person officiating temporarily in any situation, will draw so much of the salary of such situation, as may equal the sum deducted on account of absence from the real incumbent, and the substantive allowances of every Officer temporarily acting in a situation of superior emolument, will be subject to deduction at the same rate; but no additional expense is on any account to be incurred by the absence of any Officer on leave.

[When Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, officiate for Uncovenanted Officers, and when Uncovenanted Officers act for Covenanted Officers, Civil or Military, the deputation allowances in such cases will be regulated according to the principle laid down in Chapter VI, Sections 25, 26 and 27 of the Covenanted Civil Absentee Rules, it being understood, however, that Section 27 shall not apply to Ministerial Officers acting for Covenanted Officers, who are entitled to acting allowance from the date they commence to officiate, and not after the expiration of one month, as in the case of other Uncovenanted Officers of superior grade.]

[When an Officer of the Uncovenanted Service acts for another of the same service, or when a Military Officer acts for another Military Officer, he shall be governed by the rules of the respective services to which he belongs.—*Notification, Government of India, 9th May 1865, No. 633; Fort Saint George Gazette, 27th idem, page 1074.*]

[When an Officer officiates in another appointment, continuing at the same time to discharge the duties of his own post, he is permitted to draw the full salary of his substantive, and a moiety of the acting appointment.—*Resolution of Government of India, 16th March 1860; Gazette, 17th April 1860, page 843.*]

[The deductions are invariably to be made in accordance with these rules from the salaries of all absentees, whether they are in receipts of 100 Rupees or less, except when special directions are issued by heads of offices to make larger deductions, which may be necessary in cases of Officers whose duties cannot be otherwise provided for without extra expense to Government.—*Proceedings of Government of India, 9th November 1857, No. 4,696; and Proceedings of Madras Government, 30th idem, No. 647.*]

APPENDIX A.

(Revised Statement circulated by Accountant General, 25th November 1865.)

STATEMENT OF LEAVE other than casual granted to, or enjoyed by, ministerial officers drawing more than Rupees 10 per mensem, on the establishment of—
in the month of—

Name.	Office.	Pay.	Nature of leave granted.				Allowance without leave.	Number of days absent in month.	Deductions.		Name of substitute (if any.)	Allowance of substitute.	Net saving.	REMARKS.
			Sick—Sec. XI (XX. 1.)	Private affairs—Sec. XII. 1. (XX. 2.)	Furlough—Sec. XII. 2. (XX. 3.)	Privilege—Secs. XVI, XVII, (XX. 5.)			Rate.	Amount.				
A. B.	C. D.	....	{2ms., 4th May 2ms., 4th July 2ms., 4th Sept.}	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	..	30	Half.	....	E. F.	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
G. H.	....	....	....	.. ..	1m., 16th Sep.	.. ..	..	15	To be paid on return.	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..
K. L.	....	....	....	.. ..	1m., 16th Aug.	.. ..	..	15	None.	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..	.. ..

APPENDIX B.

The certificate from an official Surgeon to an applicant for sick leave shall be given in the following form:—

"I, A. B., Surgeon at (or of) ——— do hereby certify that E. F., (here enter designation of office) is in a bad state of health; and I solemnly and sincerely declare that, according to the best of my judgment, a change of air is essentially necessary to his recovery, and that the circumstances of his case are such as to render leave of absence for the period of ——— absolutely necessary (or highly desirable)."

The following form shall be observed by the Superintending Surgeon and the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department in countersigning the certificate:—

"I do hereby certify that, according to the best of my professional judgment, after careful consideration of his case, I believe the state of health of E. F. to be such as to render leave of absence for a period of ——— absolutely necessary (or highly desirable) for his recovery."

Leaves and Allowances to Servants receiving less than 100 Rupees.

The above Rules for the grant of leave of absence to Uncovenanted Servants may be applied in their spirit to servants drawing less than 100 Rupees a month, it being understood that, in regulating the grant of absentee allowance to an amount not exceeding that authorized by the Rules, a sufficient sum will be reserved for the provision in each case of an efficient substitute for the absentee.

[This class of servants can obtain other than privilege leave in excess of the periods prescribed for servants on Rupees 100 and upwards, as such leave will not be allowed to count for pension.—*Government of India Order, 28th March 1865, No. 1,665; Board of Revenue Circular, No. 34 of 1865.*]

[In all such cases, leave may be granted without the special orders of Government, and the interval of six years, in the case of special leave, need not be observed.]

[But in this case the absentee allowance must not exceed the amount authorized by the Rules for the grant of special leave, and that a sufficient sum is reserved in each case for the provision of an efficient substitute.—*Government Order, 19th June 1865, No. 304, Financial Department.*]

Leave to Peons.

Peons are allowed to draw half-pay for a period not exceeding 6 months, when sick in hospital.—*Government Proceedings, 18th October 1865, No. 487.*

The indulgence of leave on half-pay, on medical certificate, is to be restricted to those receiving medical aid from a hospital or a dispensary, or as in-door or out-door patients, i. e., to those sick at the stations where they are serving; the indulgence of half-pay during sick leave to their homes not having been contemplated by the Government of India.—*Revenue Board Standing Order, No. 5, 1866.*

Subsistence Allowance during suspension pending inquiry into conduct.

I. Subsistence to an Uncovenanted Servant, who is suspended pending an inquiry into his conduct, should be limited, before the result of the inquiry is known, to one-fourth of his salary, unless he be an European on pay exceeding Rupees 25, in which case the subsistence is to be allowed at one-fourth of salary, to an amount not less than Rupees 25 monthly.

II. Should the Officer be re-instated, he may, at the discretion of the Local Government, or of the head of the department to whom the Local Government may delegate such authority, be allowed full salary, if he shall have been fully acquitted; or a portion of his salary, if the result of the inquiry should be censure or admonition; but where censure or admonition is awarded, the subsistence allowance during suspension must be so adjusted as not to involve additional charge.

III. When the payment which the Local Government may adjudge, for the period of suspension to an Officer who is re-instated, involves additional expense, it must be separately provided for.

IV. An Officer whose suspension is followed by dismissal will not be allowed more than the subsistence which may be admissible to him under Rule I, for the period that he was suspended.

V. The time passed under suspension, pending inquiry, is taken into account as service towards pension, in cases of re-instatement; where suspension has been adjudged as a penalty, the period is disallowed.—*Notification, Gazette, 10th October 1865, page 530.*

Dismissal of Uncovenanted Servants.

1. In the Resolution of the Most Noble the Governor-General in Council forwarded with Mr. Under-Secretary Couper's Letter of the 24th February last, the local Governments are directed "to issue the necessary orders for the establishment of a rule to prevent the arbitrary dismissal of Uncovenanted Servants, based on the suggestions of the Honorable Court."

2. The Right Honorable the Governor in Council considers a rule of this nature highly desirable; for, so long as the Uncovenanted Servant can be dismissed without full enquiry and proof of misconduct, at the will of his superior, his tenure of office is so uncertain that it leads almost necessarily to the habit of looking at office as temporary, and the temptation therefore is to make the most of it whilst it is held.

3. This power of arbitrary dismissal also confirms in the whole body of the native servants the habit of servile dependents on a superior, which strikes at the root of all independence and manliness of character.

4. The Governor in Council resolves, therefore, in compliance with the orders of the Government of India, to lay down for the guidance of the heads of all offices in the Revenue, Judicial, Military and Public branches of the service, the following general principles by which the dismissal of Uncovenanted Servants should in future be regulated.

5. Persons appointed to permanent situations in any department shall not be dismissed, but for fraud and dishonesty, continued and wilful negligence, offences involving moral disgrace, and proved incompetency.

6. As, under the present rules for the Revenue and Judicial Departments, fines exceeding 10 Rupees cannot be inflicted without the sanction of the Board of Revenue and the Court of Sudder Adawlut respectively, it is simply consistent to provide the same control over the dismissals of persons receiving upwards of 10 Rupees—but it will be sufficient to require returns to be made of such dismissals, specifying the cause of dismissals as falling within one or other of the heads in the above category, and to provide that no dismissal shall be final until the expiration of three months from the date on which the return shall be transmitted, giving the party a right of appeal at any time within that period. It should be understood that dismissal not appealed from, nor objected to, by the controlling Board upon their own review of the returns, are to be taken as confirmed.

7. The rule should be more definite than it is in the Judicial Department as to what servants may be dismissed without the previous consent of the controlling authority. In the Revenue Department, Tahsildars cannot be dismissed without previous sanction—and this rule ought to be extended to some other responsible situations—such as Taluk Serishtadars, Peishcar, Huzur Head Gomastah, and the like. A similar rule should be applied to protect Officers of the same grades in the Judicial Department.

8. The Governor in Council considers it but just and proper that greater protection should be given to old servants, and with this view he directs that the previous sanction of the controlling authority should be indispensable to the dismissal of any servant of 15 years' standing receiving a certain salary, say 25 Rupees a month—but the amount will be determined on the report of, or according to, the opinion of the Court of Sudder Adawlut and Board of Revenue, who will confer together and report on this point.

9. In every case, the specific grounds upon which it is proposed to dismiss any servant should be reduced to writing and furnished to him, and the answer or defence or explanation of the party taken in writing, and the final decision of the superior recorded in writing. It will not be absolutely necessary for every head of charge to be formally proved by evidence, but where a specific fraudulent act is charged, of course it should be so proved in the presence of the party accused and subject to his cross-examination, and so with other specific acts susceptible of proof by the evidence of witnesses upon which accusations within the category are built—but the charges will often be matter of inference from circumstances not capable of formal proof, but not less leading to a moral conviction. The rule, therefore, on this head, ought not to be rigorous.

10. As connected with this subject, the Governor in Council takes the opportunity of declaring the practice of Officers introducing their own dependents or followers from other Districts into high and responsible trusts under them in a new office, thus superseding the old servants of the office, to be very objectionable; and he accordingly resolves that this source of arbitrary removal be at once checked. With regard to the highest offices in the Revenue Department, they are subject to the confirmation of the Board of Revenue, and it will be the duty of the Board to prevent the appointment of a follower of the Collector without good and sufficient reason being assigned, contrary to the declared sense of Government on the subject. The appointment of Deputy Serishtadar should also be made subject to the confirmation of the Board; but it will be sufficient when an Officer of that grade is appointed, that the appointment shall be reported to the Board with a statement of his previous services, that the Board may interfere if the appointment shall appear objectionable on the ground of the declaration of Government.

11. This course should also be followed in regard to the appointment of the Serishtadars and other principal Ministerial Officers of the Judicial Courts.

12. With regard to offices which are subject to no controlling authority, the Government will directly exercise the same measure of control as is proposed to be exercised by the Sudder Court and the Board of Revenue respectively, in regard to the heads of offices subordinate to them.

13. The Court of Sudder Adawlut and the Board of Revenue, as well as other controlling authorities, will accordingly prepare and submit subsidiary rules for giving effect to the foregoing views and orders of Government.

14. The Government of India require the transmission to them of a half-yearly list of dismissals (with the cause briefly set forth) of Uncovenanted Servants holding office with a salary above 10 Rupees per mensem. To enable this Government, therefore, implicitly to obey those orders, heads of all offices in the Revenue, Judicial, Military and Public branches of the service, must consider it their very special duty to furnish the Government regularly with the required half-yearly Returns—and those Officers who have hitherto neglected to obey the orders of this Government on the subject, dated 18th November 1851, No. 1,664, will immediately submit their Returns for the entire year of 1853. With these Returns and those already received for that year, a General Return will be prepared in this office to be laid before the Government of India.—*Extract Minutes of Consultation, 5th May 1854, Public Department, No. 421.*

SUPERANNUATION ALLOWANCES AND PENSIONS TO UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS.

(Published in Fort Saint George Gazette, 3rd May 1864, No. 865.)

1. These Rules are applicable to all Officers of the Uncovenanted Civil Service in the receipt of more than ten Rupees a month on a permanent Establishment, with the following exceptions:—

(a.) Jemadars, Sowars, Peons, Lascars, Boatmen, Smiths, Artificers, and all those engaged in any handicraft, Labourers, and other inferior servants.

(b.) Officers whose whole time is not devoted to the duties of their offices.

(c.) Officers not paid from the General Revenues of the State, whose eligibility to pension may not be provided for by an Order issued expressly for the particular case by the Government of India, and approved by the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State.

(d.) Officers for whom other Pension Rules or separate Superannuation Funds are provided.

[An Uncovenanted Servant will not be allowed to take his pension under the Rules of 1831, if he has at any time availed himself of the benefits conferred by the Leave Regulations of 1864.]

[Judicial and Educational Officers come under this clause. In the case of these Officers the Rules of 1831 apply.—See Fort St. George Gazette, page 441, dated 15th May 1851.]

Applications for Pension.

2. Applications* for pension must be submitted in a letter to Government by the Head of the Office or Department in which the applicant may be employed, who shall certify whether the character, conduct, and past service of the applicant are such as to entitle him to the favorable consideration of Government.

3. Every application shall be accompanied by a Register prepared according to form A in the Appendix. In cases of other than a Good Service Pension, every application shall be accompanied by a medical certificate, stating the applicant's incapacity for further service, with the cause thereof, and whether it has been induced by irregular or intemperate habits.

4. Applicants for a Superannuation Allowance must be examined by the Principal Inspector-General of the Medical Department, if serving at the Presidency, or by a Military Invaliding Committee, if serving elsewhere within a moderate distance of a Station at which a Military Invaliding Committee is periodically assembled. It is optional, however, with the Local Government, to accept the certificate of a single Medical Officer, or to convene a Special Invaliding Committee at a convenient Civil Station, if the applicant be serving at an inconvenient distance from a Station where a Military Invaliding Committee can be assembled.

[In granting certificates, Medical Officers should state the period, if any, during which the applicant's case has been under treatment or observation. In cases where the certificate is sought by reason of old age, infirmity, or other incapacitating circumstances in which medical treatment is manifestly superfluous, a certificate to that effect should be given, which should nevertheless show the opinion of the Medical Officer as to the alleged incapacity. It will then devolve on the head of the department in which the applicant is serving, to state whether or not he is really so incapacitated as to necessitate his removal from the service of Government, and, if so, whether his conduct and length of service render him deserving of indulgent consideration.—Government Proceedings, 14th June 1866, No. 224, Pension Department.]

* Applications should be prepared in strict conformity with the Rules. All necessary information should be contained in the register itself, so as to obviate the frequent after-references which result in inconvenience, and cause delays which cannot be felt oppressive by the applicants for pension. It is the duty of District Officers to convince themselves of the truth of the facts stated, and to see that the applications are admissible under the Rules. The Governor in Council desires to impress on heads of offices two points in particular in connection with applications for pension, which are at present too frequently disregarded.

1st.—When a public servant applies for permission to retire on a pension, the head of the office in which he is serving should explain to him the several steps to be taken by him for the purpose of obtaining his pension, and his Pension Register should be at once drawn out and forwarded with the requisite papers to the proper quarter. In preparing this document, care should be taken that all the information for which space is given in the forms is correctly furnished. The requisite information in regard to the age, height, distinguishing marks, &c., of the candidates, is often omitted.

2nd.—No public servant should on any account be retained on the effective establishment after he has been duly declared by a competent medical authority to be unfit for further service, but immediate steps should be taken towards providing him with his pension.—Notification, 11th April 1866, page 703.

[In the case of servants drawing Rupees 50 per mensem and upwards, the certificate shall be countersigned by the Deputy Inspector-General of the Division, or by a Committee consisting of not less than two European Medical Officers, after personal examination of the applicant.—Ibid.]

[An Uncovenanted Servant will not be allowed to take his pension under the Rules of 1831, if he has at any time availed himself of the benefits conferred by the Leave Regulations of 1864.]

5. Good Service and Superannuation allowances on retirement, sanctioned under these Rules by the Local Governments, will be reported to the Government of India in Quarterly Returns in the form given in Appendix B.

Allowances on Retirement.

6. On production by an applicant of such medical certificates as shall satisfy the Government under which he may be serving of his incapacity to serve longer in India, he may be allowed—

I. Under fifteen years' service, a gratuity not exceeding twelve months' salary.

[No service can be counted which has not been passed in grades qualifying for pension; and the gratuity should, except in special cases, be proportioned to the length of the service counted, one month's pay being the maximum amount given for each year's service. When the gratuity is awarded under the old rules, the service counted may have been partly passed in grades which do not qualify for pension, but in that case the maximum gratuity will be six months' pay.—Government Proceedings, 14th April 1866, No. 113, Pension Department.]

• II. After fifteen years' service, one-third of his average salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) during the previous five years, provided that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding the sum of Rupees 3,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, nor of Rupees 2,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.

• III. After twenty-five years' service, one-half of his average salary, (and of his personal allowance, if any,) during the previous five years, provided, however, that in no case shall a pension be granted exceeding Rupees 5,000 per annum, whatever the amount of salary, not exceeding Rupees 4,000 per annum, if the salary shall not exceed Rupees 12,000 per annum.

7. After thirty years' service or upwards a pension may be granted, without production of medical certificate, of the same amount, and subject to the same limitation as that sanctioned for twenty-five years' service on medical certificate. This pension—as the reward of faithful, efficient discharge of duty for thirty years—is termed a Good Service Pension.

[Cases of Officers acting in offices which are absolutely vacant, and in which they are eventually confirmed or which are subsequently abolished, should be treated in the computation of their allowances for pension by giving retrospective effect to such confirmation from the date of assumption of the duties of the office.—Government of India Order, 26th November 1864, No. 3,469; Revenue Board Standing Circular, No. X, 1865.]

[Acting allowances are not reckoned in the average salary on which pension is computed.]

[Pension is computed upon the full pay of the substantive appointment held by an Uncovenanted Servant during the five years preceding his retirement, notwithstanding that his periods of absence during those five years are excluded from the calculation of the period qualifying for pension. But the period of absence on private affairs on leave without pay must be thrown out from the monthly average of the five years' pay upon which pension is computed.—Notification, Gazette, 30th August 1866, page 294.]

8. Pensions of the full amount authorized in paragraphs 5 and 6 are to be granted only as the reward of approved service. In any case in which an Uncovenanted Servant, without having incurred the penalty of removal from Government employ, shall, nevertheless, in the opinion of the Government under which he has been serving, not be entitled to the full amount of pension, the Local Government will make such a reduction in the amount of pension as it shall consider just.

9. The foregoing rates of pension and gratuity are applicable also, without the production of a medical certificate of unfitness for service, to Officers discharged on reduction of Establishment.

Service towards Pension.

10. Dismissal for misconduct entails forfeiture of the benefit of past service.

11. Service as a substitute does not count towards pension.

12. Periods of service before the age of 22, or of absence on other than privilege leave and preparatory leave, shall not count towards pension. Nor shall preparatory leave be

* Clauses II and III will not affect the operation of the orders of the 19th March 1864.

allowed to count as service if it is granted in addition to leave on medical certificate to an Officer who has enjoyed leave of the latter description on two previous occasions.

[Service reckons from the first day of the twenty-third year.]

13. The whole of the service, in virtue of which pension is claimed, must have been passed in an eligible grade, and on a permanent Establishment; but claims barred by this Rule will be especially considered if the promotion from an ineligible grade was bestowed as a reward for meritorious service or for good conduct.

14. The period of service must be continuous; but in case of the abolition of the office held by an Officer, and his being subsequently employed by Government, his first period of service is to be taken into account.

Gratuities.

15. When an Officer is discharged with a gratuity under these Rules on reduction of Establishment, the gratuity will not be given to him in one sum, but in monthly instalments of a month's pay until the full amount is paid. Should he be re-employed before or after the period for which gratuity is allowed, he will have the option of refunding the gratuity and recovering his former service, or of forfeiting that service by retaining the gratuity. In the latter case, any balance of gratuity remaining undrawn at the date of his re-employment may be paid to him.—(See Note under para. 6, I.)

[An accurate statement of all the leave other than privilege and preparatory leaves obtained by the applicant during the whole period of his service, should be submitted by the Head of the Department with his application.—*Proceedings of Government of India, 25th August 1863; Gazette, 22d September, page 540.*]

[In recommending the grant of gratuities in cases of Police Burkundazes discharged in consequence of reductions of establishments, the local Officers should be careful to satisfy themselves of the correctness of the rates of pay and the periods of service shown in the Statements, and to certify that they have done so at the foot of the Statements.—*Notification, Fort St. George Gazette, 6th February 1863, page 201.*]

RULES APPLICABLE TO PERSONS BELONGING TO GRADES WHICH DO NOT QUALIFY FOR PENSION.

[An individual who has served less than 5 years has no claim to gratuity. A gratuity of three months' pay is allowed to one who has served 5 and less than 10 years; 4 months' pay for one who has served 10 and less than 15 years; 5 months' pay for one who has served 15 and less than 20 years; and 6 months' pay for one who has served 20 and upwards.—*Notification, Government of India, 6th June 1862, No. 3,999.*]

[The Government of India have ruled, 30th September 1858, No. 2,183, that servants on 10 Rupees a month and under should receive gratuities in about the same proportion as has been provided for persons on salaries in excess* of 10 Rupees and less than 25 Rupees a month, that is, that the gratuities shall be calculated at 5 months' pay.]

* See Clause 3, Section II. of the Rules dated 13th November 1867, No. 4,912 A.

Payment of Pension.

16. Payment of pension will commence from the date on which the applicant ceases to be borne on the Establishment, or from that of his application, whichever may be the later date.

17. No pension shall be payable in arrear, for a period exceeding six months, without the express sanction of Government obtained through the Civil Paymaster,—unless the cause of the suspension of payment shall have been the neglect, order, or act of some public Officer, and beyond the control of the Pensioner, when the Civil Paymaster, on a reference being made to him, shall exercise his discretion in passing arrears for payment, or submit a representation of the case for the information and orders of Government, as he shall consider proper.

18. An Officer shall, on retirement, have the option of drawing his pension either in India or from the Home Treasury. After exercising his option on retirement, he may, at a subsequent period, change the place of payment from England to India, or vice versa. This change can, however, be allowed but once. The payments in England will be made at the rate of exchange which is annually fixed in communication with the Lords of the Treasury for the adjustment of transactions between the British and Indian Exchequers. (See *Despatch of the Secretary of State, dated 24th November 1863, published after B in the Gazette, from which these Rules were taken.*)

† This rule has prospective effect: and in all other cases, one break of not more than twelve months is allowed.—*Despatch of Secretary of State, 24th November 1863, No. 208.*

APPENDIX A. REGISTER of an Application for a Superannuation Pension from the Establishment of by Government, under date the

Name of the person by whom the pension is applied for, with the name of his father.		Number on the Establishment.		Indelible marks and other signs or natural defects.		Size.		Age of applicant at the time of application.		Religion, caste or tribe.		Province.		Where residing.		Present employment.		Total period of Service.		Applicant's service continuous or not.		How long unemployed, and under what circumstances.		Date of application to Government.		Average salary or authorized allowances per mensem, for the five years preceding the date of application.		Rupees.		Annas.		Salary or authorized allowances per mensem at the time of application.		Abstract of the grounds of application.		Remarks by the Head of Office.		Proposed amount of pension per mensem.		Rupees.		Annas.		Treasury at which the party, if pensioned, wishes to draw his pension.		Orders of Government.	
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N. B.—Should the head of the office be unable, from his personal or official knowledge, to supply the whole of the specific information which the Register should contain, he shall call upon the individual concerned to furnish a written statement (to be verified by his oath or solemn declaration, if required) on the points on which information may be defective. In filling up the Register, the head of the department will state, after inspecting the Establishment roll, whether the service of the applicant has been continuous; and if not, for how long he was unemployed, and under what circumstances.

APPENDIX B.

STATEMENT of Pensions sanctioned by the Government of _____ in the _____
Department during the _____ Quarter or _____.

Number	Name of Recipient.	Designation and place of employment.	Character.	Period counted as service.			Average monthly salary during the last five years of service.	Amount of monthly pension granted.	Date from which the pension is to take effect.	Remarks or Explanations.
				Years.	Months.	Days.				
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		

PECUNIARY TRANSACTIONS.

NOTIFICATION.—1. Several recent cases having forced on the notice of Government the necessity of prescribing some rule, in regard to the pecuniary transactions of superior Officers in the Uncovenanted Service, the Government resolve to notify to all such Officers in positions of trust and responsibility, that they are absolutely prohibited from entering into any money or other dealings whatever with persons resident within their official range, and liable to be brought into any official relations with them, if such transactions are of a nature to place the Government Officer under an obligation to the private individual, incompatible with perfect freedom and independence of official action.

2. The Government do not think it necessary or expedient to attempt to define all the transactions to which this prohibition will apply. It will clearly include all gifts of value, loans, credit, advances, supply of articles or accommodation at unduly low rates or for insufficient consideration, and sales of property for inordinate prices; and while it is evident that no honest man will find any difficulty in applying the rule to his individual case, the Government will not be induced, by any unworthy plea of non-violation of the letter of the rule, to pass unpunished any disregard of its spirit.

3. They will visit such cases with their severest displeasure.

4. This rule will apply in the Revenue Department to all Deputy Collectors, District and Sub-Division Sheristadars, Tahsildars, Salt Superintendents, Taluk Sheristadars, Sub-Magistrates, Forest Range Officers, and all Government servants in corresponding positions of responsibility and trust.

POSTAL DEPARTMENT.

H. B. RIDDELL, Esq. Director General of the Post Offices in India.

Bengal.

C. K. DOVE, Esq. Postmaster General.

Calcutta.

H. MCGOWN, Esq. Postmaster.

Punjab and Scinde.

H. H. HOGG, Esq. Postmaster General.

Bombay.

E. IMPEY, Esq. Postmaster General.

C. A. STUART, Esq. Postmaster.

North West Provinces.

G. W. BATTYE, Esq. Postmaster General.

Tenasserim Provinces.

H. N. P. GRANT, Esq. Chief Inspector of Post Offices, British Burmah.

GENERAL POST OFFICE, MADRAS.

Colonel A. C. PEARS, Postmaster General | T. GARRETT, Esq. Postmaster.

SUBURBAN POST OFFICES.

Number.	Name of Postal District.	Suburbs included in each District.	Localities of Letter boxes attached to each Suburban Post Office.
1	Royapooram.....	Royapooram, Cassimode, Coorookoopett, Washerman's pettah and Tondiarpett.	Beach, Parcherry, Washerman's pettah.
2	Perambore.....	Perambore, Vaysarpady, Coshapett, Choolay, Narriampollem and Veeranathotum.	Perambore Railway Station. Coshapett.
3	Egmore.....	Egmore, New Town, Pursewalkum, Periametta, Poonamallee Road, Poodoopett, Pantheon Road, Chetput and Kilpauk.	Periamettoc, Vepery, Flower's Garden.
4	Teynampett.....	Mackey's Garden, Nungumbakum, Thousand Lights, Teynampett and Holmes' Garden.	Amenjicarry, Nungumbakum.
5	Mylapore.....	Saint Thomé, Mylapore, Coshapett, Luz, Adyar, Mowbray Road, Alwarpett, Elliot's Gardens and its neighbourhood.	Mowbray Tannah, Brodie Castle.
6	Royapettah.....	Royapettah, Kistnampett, Meersubpett, Club and Hotels, in its neighbourhood.	Club, Kistnampett.
7	Mount Road.....	Camp Equipage Depôt, Body Guard lines, Mount Road, from Government House to General Neill's Statue, Triplicane, Chepauk Palace, Teroovetesvarampett, Chetty Baug, Chintadrepett and Narsingapooram.	Chepauk Palace, Triplicane Tannah.
8	Fort Saint George.....	Receiving House.	
9	Sydapett.....	Do.	
10	Vepery.....	Do.	

INSPECTING POSTMASTERS.

1st or Chicacole	Division.....	G. Teagaroy Chetty.
2nd or Masulipatam	do.	J. Honner, Esq.
3rd or Secunderabad	do.	J. D'Costa, Esq.
4th or Hyderabad	do.	J. E. Kellie, Esq.
5th or Bellary	do.	E. W. Cumberland, Esq., Acting.
6th or Calicut	do.	M. Percy, Esq.
7th or Bangalore	do.	T. Rhenius, Esq.
8th or Ootacamund	do.	J. Hodges, Esq.
9th or Arcot	do.	W. J. Cosby, Esq.
10th or St. Thos' Mt.	do.	T. H. Bradley, Esq.
11th or Madura	do.	R. Soobiah Garoo.
12th or Palamcottah	do.	W. Gregory, Esq.

POSTMASTERS.

Bangalore.....	Mr. D. Oliver.
Bellary.....	„ W. H. Ricka.
Calicut.....	„ J. C. Shakespear.
Cannanore.....	„ J. B. Alvares.
Chicacole.....	J. Ramdoss Naidoo.
Cochin.....	Mr. B. G. A. Boosch.
Cuddalore.....	S. Caroonambara Pillay.
Cuddapah.....	V. Veerasawmy Moodelly.
Hyderabad.....	Mr. R. A. Johnson, Ag.
Kurnool.....	N. Vurdarajooloo Naidoo.
Madura.....	P. T. Rajahrao Pillay.
Mangalore.....	Mr. G. Cross.
Masulipatam.....	„ J. C. Paterson.
Mount.....	„ J. C. Johnston.
Nellore.....	Jany Ally.
Ootacamund.....	Mr. M. Kinsley.
Pondicherry.....	„ T. DeFries.
Palamcottah.....	B. Garoorajah.
Rajahmundry.....	J. Fernandez.
Salem.....	Gunnajee Row.
Secunderabad.....	M. Vencatasawmy Naidoo, Acting.
Trevandrum.....	T. Chinnasawmy Naik.
Trichinopoly.....	Mr. A. H. Teixeira.
Tanjore.....	P. Moothosawmy Pillay.
Vellore.....	V. Mootosawmy Pillay.
Vizagapatam.....	.....

LIST OF POST OFFICES IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Distinguishing No. of Office.	Name of Office.	Name of District in which situated.	Name of Inspectoral Division.	Distinguishing No. of Office.	Name of Office.	Name of District in which situated.	Name of Inspectoral Division.
60	Aska.....	Ganjam	1st or Chicacole Division.	20	Anantapore.....	Bellary	5th or Bellary Dn.
61	Berhampore.....	Do.		18	Bellary.....	Do.	
81	Bimlipatam.....	Vizagapatam		19	Bellary, Brucepettah, R. H.....	Do.	
59	Chicacole.....	Ganjam		33	Cuddapah.....	Cuddapah	
62	Calingapatam.....	Do.		21	Gootty.....	Bellary	
63	Chittorpoore.....	Do.		22	Muddenpully Ex.....	Cuddapah	
64	Gopaulpoore.....	Do.			Ramundroog.....	Bellary	
65	Kemedy.....	Do.		158	Beypore.....	Malabar	6th or Calicut Division.
70	Nursapatam.....	Vizagapatam		86	Calicut.....	Do.	
67	Poondy.....	Ganjam		85	Cannanore.....	Do.	
83	Palcondah.....	Do.	2nd or Masulipatam Division.	24	Mangalore.....	South Canara	
66	Russelcondah.....	Do.		87	Manantoddy.....	Malabar	
80	Vizagapatam.....	Vizagapatam		155	Maliapoorum.....	Do.	
84	Vizianagrum.....	Do.		88	Paulghaut.....	Do.	
31	Waltair.....	Do.		89	Ponnany.....	Do.	
	Ganjam Ex.....	Ganjam			Puttamby.....	Do.	
69	Bezoarah.....	Kistna			Shoranore.....	Do.	
74	Cocanada.....	Godavery			Tellicherry.....	Do.	
75	Dowlaiswaram.....	Do.	3rd or Secunderabad Division.	90	Vythery.....	Do.	7th or Bangalore Division.
	Dummagudiem Ex.....	Do.		160			
71	Ellore.....	Do.		10	Bangalore.....	Mysore	
35	Guntoor.....	Kistna		11	Bangalore Bazaar, R. H.....	Do.	
76	Nelapully.....	Godavery		12	Bangalore Fort, R. H.....	Do.	
77	Juggempettah.....	Do.		100	Darumpoory.....	Salem	
162	Juggiapett.....	Kistna		30	Hurryhur.....	Mysore	
68	Masulipatam.....	Do.		101	Kistnagherry.....	Salem	
78	Nursapore.....	Godavery		15	Mysore.....	Mysore	
73	Rajahmundry.....	Do.	4th or Hyderabad Divn.	32	Mercara.....	Do.	8th or Ootacamund Division.
79	Samulcottah.....	Do.		102	Nomeull.....	Salem	
82	Toony.....	Do.		103	Oosoor.....	Do.	
36	Ventapollem.....	Kistna		104	Royacottah, R. H.....	Do.	
42	Bassim.....	N. Hyderabad		98	Salem.....	Do.	
43	Bolarum.....	Do.		25	Sooroomungalum.....	Do.	
44	Bowenpully, R. H.....	Do.		105	Tripatore.....	Do.	
45	Gungakhair.....	Do.		163	Vaniembady.....	Do.	
46	Hingooly.....	Do.		157	Yercaud.....	Do.	
54	Hominabad.....	Do.	5th or Bellary Dn.		Veerajanderpett Ex.....	Mysore	8th or Ootacamund Division.
27	Manwath.....	Do.		95	Coonoor.....	Coimbatore	
58	Sedashpett.....	Do.		91	Coimbatore.....	Do.	
48	Mominabad.....	Do.		140	Covilpatty.....	Trichinopoly	
29	Mulligaum.....	Do.		93	Errode.....	Coimbatore	
53	Neermull.....	Do.		97	Kotergherry.....	Do.	
58	Oomurgah, R. H.....	Do.		159	Mettapollam.....	Do.	
56	Secunderabad.....	Do.		94	Ootacamund.....	Do.	
57	Secunderabad R. H.....	Do.		26	Pothanoor.....	Do.	
	Trimulgherry, SPO.....	Do.			E. Offices.....		
34	Cumbum.....	Kurnool	6th or Calicut Division.		Pullachy.....	Do.	8th or Ootacamund Division.
41	Hydrabad.....	S. Hyderabad			Ootoomulcottah.....	Do.	
23	Kurnool.....	Kurnool			Darampuram.....	Do.	
47	Lingasogoor.....	S. Hyderabad			Teroopoor.....	Do.	
49	Janumpett.....	Do.		92	Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly	
50	Mucktul.....	Do.		153	Trichinopoly Fort, R. H.....	Do.	
52	Narrainpett.....	Do.		154	Wellington.....	Coimbatore	
72	Nackricull, R. H.....	Do.					
156	Nundial.....	Kurnool					
55	Raichore.....	S. Hyderabad					
51	Warrapully, R. H.....	Do.					

LIST OF POST OFFICES IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY—continued.

Distinguishing No. of Office.	Name of Office.	Name of District in which situated.	Name of Inspectoral Division.	Distinguishing No. of Office.	Name of Office.	Name of District in which situated.	Name of Inspectoral Division.
124	Arcot	North Arcot	9th or Arcot Division.	145	Calimere Point	Tanjore	11th or Madura Division.
125	Arnee	Do.		146	Combaconum	Do.	
	Arconum	Do.		141	Dindigul	Madura	
106	Cuddalore	South Arcot		147	Karrical	Tanjore	
	Cautpaudy Experimental	North Arcot		148	Mayaveram	Do.	
	Cuddalore, Old Town, R. H.	South Arcot		139	Madura	Madura	
126	Chittoor	North Arcot		149	Nagore	Tanjore	
127	Kircumbady	Do.		150	Negapatam	Do.	
103	Oolundoorpett.	South Arcot		142	Paumben	Madura	
109	Porto Novo	Do.		151	Shcally	Tanjore	
128	Palmanair	North Arcot		144	Tanjore	Do.	
111	Pondicherry	South Arcot		152	Tranquebar	Do.	
110	Tindevanum	Do.		143	Ramnad	Madura	
123	Vellore	North Arcot	10th or Saint Thomas' Mount.		Pulney Ex.	Do.	12th or Palamcottah Dn.
	Chellumberam Experimental	South Arcot		131	Alleppy	Travancore	
113	Chingleput	Madras		130	Cochin	Do.	
114	Conjeveram	Do.		132	Nagercoil	Do.	
115	Madranicum	Do.		135	Palamcottah	Tinnevely	
37	Nellore	Nellore		133	Quilon	Travancore	
38	Naidoopett	Do.		137	Tuticorin	Tinnevely	
39	Ongole	Do.		136	Tinnevely, R. H.	Do.	
116	Palaveram	Madras		134	Trevandrum	Travancore	
117	Poodoovail	Do.		138	Virdoopetty	Tinnevely	
118	Poonamallee	Do.			Trichoor	Malabar	
119	Pulicat	Do.		1	Madras	Madras	
40	Ramapatam	Nellore	10th or Saint Thomas' Mount.	2	Royapooram Suburban Post Office	Do.	12th or Palamcottah Dn.
112	Saint Thomas' Mount	Madras		3	Perambore do ...	Do.	
120	Sadras	Do.		4	Egmore do ...	Do.	
121	Trivellore	Do.		5	Teynampett do ...	Do.	
122	Wallajabad	Do.		6	Saint Thomé do ...	Do.	
				7	Mylapoor do ...	Do.	
				8	Roypettah do ...	Do.	
				9	Mount Rd. or Narsingapooram do ..	Do.	
					Fort St. George RH	Do.	
					Vepery R. H.	Do.	
				165	Sydapett, R. H.	Do.	

POSTAL RULES.

The management of the Post Office and the Regulations of Postage duties are provided for by Act No. XVII of 1854.

Post Offices are not maintained at every Station or village, but only at places of importance where the correspondence is such that the postage derivable from it is likely to cover the expense. Letters directed to Stations or villages where Post Offices do not exist are only sent to the nearest Post Office with a view to their delivery, IF SENT OR CALLED for by the addressee.

TIME OF CLOSING PACKETS.—At the Presidency, Letters and Newspapers are received daily for despatch until 6 P. M., and Banghy parcels, except on Sundays, from 7 to 8 A. M. and from Noon to 5 P. M., after which hours respectively they will be received for despatch

by the North, North-western and Southern lines till 7 P. M., on payment of an extra postage of 8 Annas on each cover. Letters received after the closing of the packets forwarded by Railway are marked as "Too late" and transmitted by the next first opportunity. The hours for closing the packets at the General Post Office on the several Inland lines are given below :—

ROUTES.	Letter Mail.	After Letter Mail.	Banghy Mail.	Remarks.
* Western	3-15 P. M.	4-15 P. M.	2-30 P. M.	
* North Western	3-15 "	4-15 "	2-30 "	
† Southern or Trichinopoly Line	5 A. M.		5 "	
† Southern Coast Line	6 P. M.		5 "	
† Salem and Ootacamund Lines	3-15 P. M.	4-15 P. M.	5 & 2-30 P. M.	
† Cuddapah and Kurnool do ...	5 A. M.		5 "	
† Poodoovail and Pulicat	6 P. M.		5 "	

A Packet is made up daily for Bangalore at 5 A. M. for despatch by the 7 A. M. Train, consisting of letters and papers for that Station.

Packets for the following places are closed at 3-15 P. M., and after packet at 4-15 P. M. for despatch by the 5 P. M. Train.

Ahmedabad, Ahmednuggur, Arcot, Arnee, Asseerghur, Aurangabad, Bangalore, Baroda, Bassein, Beejapore, Belgaum, Bhooj, Bhopawur, Bhownuggur, Bombay, Broach, Candeish, Catagul, Chittoor, Colaba, Coompta, Damaun, Danoor, Deesa, Dharwar, Dooliah, Frazerpett, French Rocks, Goa, Guzerat, Honore, Hoonsoor, Hurryhur, Hursole, Jaulnah, Kaira, Keerpooy, Khandalla, Kirkee, Kolapore, Kotree, Kulladghee, Kurrachee, Mahableshwar, Malligaum, Malwan, Mangalore, Mercara, Mhow, Mundesir, Mysore, Nassick, Oosoor, Padigaum, Palmanair, Panwell, Poonah, Punderpoor, Poonamallee, Rutnagherry, Scinde, Seringapatam, Sedashegur, Sheemogah, Shikarpoor, Sholapoor, Sirree, Sukkur, Surat, Tanna, Toomkoor, Trepatoor, Vellore, Vingorla, and places in the North Western Provinces.

Newspapers from the several Presses in Madras intended for despatch by the 5 P. M. Train should be posted at the General Post Office at 3-15 P. M.

The Banghy Mail for the above stations is closed at 2-30 P. M.

Packets for the undermentioned Stations are closed at 5 A. M. for despatch by the Train leaving Madras at 7 A. M.

Trichinopoly Line.—Covilputty, Ceylon, for places in Dindigul, Madura, Negapatam, Nagore, Point Calimere, Paumben, Palamcottah, Ramnad, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Tuticorin, Virdoopetty.

South West Line.—Allepy, Arcot, Beypore, Calicut, Cannanore, Cautpaudy, Cochin, Coimbatore, Coonoor, Daranpoory, Errode, Kistnagherry, Kotegherry, Malliapooram, Manantoddy, Mettoopoliem, Namcul, Ootacamund, Paulghaut, Ponnany, Poonamallee, Pothanoor, Puttamby, Quilon, Salem, Shoranoor, Sooramungalum, Tellicherry, Trevandrum, Trivellore, Vaniembady, Vellore, Vythery, Wellington, Yercaud.

Cuddapah, (Hyderabad,) and Northern Lines.—Anantapoor, Arconum, Aska, Bellary, Bimlipatam, Bassein, Bezoarah, Berhampore, Bolarum, Cocanada, Chitterpore, Calingapatam, Cuddapah, Cumbum, Chicacole, Dumagudiem, Dowlaishwaram, Ellore, Guntoor, Gopulpore, Gooty, Gungakhair, Hyderabad, Hingooly, Hominabad, Ingeram, Juggiapett, Juggumpettah, Kurumbady, Kennedy, Kurnool, Lingasogoor, Masulipatam, Moosapett, Muctul, Mominabad, Naidoopett, Nellore, Nursapoor, Nursapatam, Nundial, Narrainpett, Neermul, Ongole, Palcondah, Poondy, Ramandroog, Ramapatam, Rajahmundry, Russelcondah, Raichore, Samulcottah, Secunderabad, Toonee, Trimulgherry, Ventapollam, Vizianagrum, Vizagapatam, Waltair, including letters for all places in Bengal, Burma, Tenasserim Provinces and Straits Settlements.

Newspapers from the different Presses at Madras for despatch to the above Stations, should be posted by 4-45 A. M.

A morning mail is made up at the General Post Office at 5 A. M. daily for Tripassore, Arcot, Vellore, Trivellore and Poonamallee, for despatch by the Train which leaves Madras at 7 A. M.

A special mail is despatched to St. Thomas' Mount and Palaveram at 10 A. M. daily.

Letters, Newspapers and Parcels are received until 7 P. M., on payment of a fee of 8 Annas on each (both the postage and the late letter fees on such articles being prepaid in Stamps.)

Covers posted at the Suburban Post Offices up to 6 p. m., and at the Pillar Boxes up to the third time they are served, for the above-mentioned places, will be in time for despatch by this Train.

The Banghy Mail for the foregoing Stations will as at present be closed at 5 p. m. the previous day.

Letters, &c., for the Coast on the Southern Line, will continue to be received till 6 p. m. for despatch by Mail Cart.

The following are the Post Office Stations on the Southern Coast :—

Chingleput, Conjeveram, Cuddalore, Combaconum, Karrical, Madranticum, Mayavaram, Oolundoorpett, Palaveram, Pondicherry, Porto Novo, Sadras, Sheally, Saint Thomas Mount, Tindivanam, Tranquebar, Wallajahbad.

The following Table shows the hours up to which Letters and Newspapers posted at the Suburban Post Offices and Pillar-boxes subsidiary to each will be in time for the above Mails.

For Stations on the Southern Coast Line, Pulicat and Poodoovail, for which places the mails are closed in the evening as also mails for Stations on the Trichinopoly, South West, Cuddapah, Hyderabad and Northern Lines, which are despatched by the 7 A. M. Train.				For Stations on the Western Line, the Mails for which places are despatched by the 5 P. M. Train.			
Suburban Post Offices.	Latest hour for posting.	Pillar Boxes.	Latest hour for posting.	Suburban Post Offices.	Latest hour for posting.	Pillar Boxes.	Latest hour for posting.
Royapooram..	6 P. M.	Beach, Parcherry, Washermen's petta.	3-10 P. M.	Royapooram..	10-55 A. M.	Beach, Parcherry, Washermen's petta.	10-10 A. M.
Perambore....	6	Railway Station, Perambore, Koshapett.	3-20	Perambore....	11-15	Railway Station, Perambore, Koshapett.	10-20
Egmore.....	6	Periamoottoo Tannah, Vepery Police, Pursewaukum Tannah, Begambagh.	3-30	Egmore.....	11-25	Periamoottoo Tannah, Vepery Police, Pursewaukum Tannah, Begambagh.	10-30
Teynampett..	6	Nungumbaukum, Mackay's Garden	3-40	Teynampett..	11-40	Nungumbaukum, Mackay's Garden	10-40
Mylapore.....	6	Mowbray Tannah, Brodie Castle.	3-50	Mylapore.....	11-25	Mowbray Tannah, Brodie Castle.	10-50
Royapettah...	6	Club, Kistnampettah.	3-30	Royapettah...	11-15	Club, Kistnampettah.	10-30
Mount Road...	6	Chepauk Palace, Triplicane Tannah.	3-20	Mount Road...	11-5	Chepauk Palace, Triplicane Tannah.	10-20
Sydapett, R.H.	4	.....	...	Sydapett, R.H.	11	.....	...
Fort Saint George.....	6	.....	...	Fort Saint George.....	10-55	.....	...

The following Table shows the hours at which the Letter Boxes of the Suburban Post Office and the Pillar Boxes subsidiary to them are served and parcels received to meet each Cart and also the hours at which the Carts pass through, and the delivery takes place at each Suburban Post Office.

SUBURBAN POST OFFICES.

	Hour at which Pillar Boxes attached to each Suburban Post Office will be served.	Hour up to which letters, &c., will be received by each Suburban Post Office for despatch by each Cart.	Hour at which 1st Cart will pass each Suburban Post Office.	Hour at which delivery will begin at each Suburban Post Office.	Hour at which 2nd Cart will pass each Suburban Post Office.*	Hour at which Banghy Cart will pass each Suburban Post Office.*
Madras Post Office.	—	—	6 A. M. 11 A. M. 4 P. M.	—	—	2 P. M.
Royapooram.....	5-10 A. M. 10-10 A. M. 3-10 P. M.	5-55 A. M. 10-55 A. M. 3-55 P. M.	6-10 A. M. 11-10 A. M. 4-10 P. M.	7-47 A. M. 0-47 P. M. 5-47 P. M.	—	2-45 P. M.
Perambore.....	5-20 A. M. 10-20 A. M. 3-20 P. M.	6-15 A. M. 11-15 A. M. 4-15 P. M.	6-30 A. M. 11-30 A. M. 4-30 P. M.	7-25 A. M. 0-25 P. M. 5-25 P. M.	—	2-45 P. M.
Egmore.....	5-30 A. M. 10-30 A. M. 3-30 P. M.	6-27 A. M. 11-27 A. M. 4-27 P. M.	6-42 A. M. 11-42 A. M. 4-42 P. M.	7-12 A. M. 0-12 P. M. 5-12 P. M.	—	3 P. M.
Teynampett.....	5-40 A. M. 10-40 A. M. 3-40 P. M.	6-40 A. M. 11-40 A. M. 4-40 P. M.	6-55 A. M. 11-55 A. M. 4-55 P. M.	7 A. M. 12 Noon. 5 P. M.	—	3-15 P. M.
Mylapore.....	5-50 A. M. 10-50 A. M. 3-50 P. M.	6-25 A. M. 11-25 A. M. 4-25 P. M.	6-40 A. M. 11-40 A. M. 4-40 P. M.	7-10 A. M. 0-10 P. M. 5-10 P. M.	—	3-35 P. M.
Royapettah.....	5-30 A. M. 10-30 A. M. 3-30 P. M.	6-15 A. M. 11-15 A. M. 4-15 P. M.	6-30 A. M. 11-30 A. M. 4-30 P. M.	7-20 A. M. 0-20 P. M. 5-20 P. M.	—	3-50 P. M.
Mount Road.....	5-20 A. M. 10-20 A. M. 3-20 P. M.	6-5 A. M. 11-5 A. M. 4-5 P. M.	6-20 A. M. 11-20 A. M. 4-20 P. M.	7-30 P. M. 0-30 P. M. 5-30 P. M.	—	4-5 P. M.

At the *Provincial* Post Offices, Letters and Newspapers are received until the hour at which they have to be got ready for despatch whether during the night or day. The hours however generally are for letters until 5 p.m. and from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m. for Banghy Parcels.

Late Letters and Parcels whether posted at a Presidency or Provincial Post Office, must be prepaid by stamps so as to include both the ordinary postage and the late letter fee.

HOURS OF DELIVERY.—At Madras there are three deliveries daily, except Sundays, at 6 A. M., 11 A. M. and 4 P. M.—at these hours the Peons attached to the General Post Office quit the place and two Mail carts are despatched one Northward and the other Southward, containing letters and papers for delivery through the Suburban Post Offices. On Sundays there is only one delivery, viz., at 11 A. M. To payers of a fee of Rupees 12 per annum a *window ticket* is furnished for delivery at the Post Office of all letters, &c., arriving by the overland mails, &c., to their address.

Banghy Parcels, &c., for delivery through the Suburban Post Office are despatched twice daily at 9 A. M. and 2 P. M. to those Offices.

* Covers brought by these carts will be delivered by next delivery after their receipt.

In the *Provinces* the hours of delivery at each Station depend on the time of the arrival of the mails there. In commercial towns should an important mail arrive after 6 P. M., it may be opened and letters delivered to persons who may send for them.

INLAND POSTAGE.—(1.) Letters. The postage on letters prepaid is disbursed by stamps which are recommended to be attached at the upper right-hand corner of the letter on the side on which the address is written. The rates of postage are, for letters not exceeding in weight $\frac{1}{2}$ tolah, half anna; $\frac{1}{2}$ tolah, one anna; 1 tolah, two annas; $1\frac{1}{2}$ tolahs, three annas; 2 tolahs, four annas; and for every $\frac{1}{2}$ tolah in weight above 1 tolah, one additional anna. On letters sent bearing, double postage is payable; and on those underpaid a charge is made equal to twice the difference between the value of the stamp put on and the regulated amount of postage payable. No letters exceeding 12 tolahs in weight can be transmitted by the letter post on a line of road where there is a Banghy dāk, nor can a letter of less weight than 12 tolahs be sent as a Banghy parcel, on a line where the Banghy and Letter Mails are conveyed in the same carriage. Letters posted for delivery through the *Mysore Auchay*, i. e., the separate Post Office of the Mysore Government, must be prepaid—if not, they will be returned to the senders through the Dead Letter Office, except in the case of re-directed letters and unpaid imported letters. Letters, &c., damaged or bearing the appearance of having been opened and re-closed, or otherwise improperly dealt with, will not be received for transmission, unless the writer or sender thereof attest with his full signature that they were posted in that state. Letters cannot be re-called except with permission of Government. Those posted for despatch to any place to which a post communication has not been established by Government, must be prepaid according to the above rates: if they be not they will be dealt with as unclaimed letters. Letters on private affairs addressed to Government must be prepaid, and those having stamps, but obliterated, will be treated as unpaid. Forward or re-directed letters are charged with a single rate of postage in addition to that paid, or due on them, the postage on letters, &c., rejected unopened by the addressee, if unpaid, is recoverable from the senders. Unclaimed letters, packets and parcels, i. e., those which for any reason cannot be delivered to the addressee, are returned through the Dead Letter Office; but if the senders cannot be traced, they remain unclaimed for a year, they are destroyed, and the valuables, &c., found in them are made over to Government.

REGISTRATION.—Letters, Newspapers and Book packets are registered on the payment of a fee of 4 As. in stamps when a receipt is granted, this enables the postal department to trace the letter, and it is very advisable that letters, &c., when they are of any importance be registered, as this will enable the parties to ascertain the fate of them.

CEYLON POST.—Letters sent from India by post whether by land or by Sea to any part of Ceylon are liable to the undermentioned rates of postage, which must be prepaid, otherwise they will be returned to the sender through the Dead Letter Office.

	RS.	A.	P.
For a letter not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	2	0
Do. exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz.	0	4	0
Do. do. 1 oz. do. $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0	6	0
Do. do. $1\frac{1}{2}$ oz. do. 2 oz.	0	8	0

and so on, adding 2 As. or 3d. for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction of $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.

The above rates will only prepay a letter from the station of despatch to that of original address.

Newspapers, Books and Parcels are forwarded by dāk at the Indian rates, but this franks them only up to the limits of India. Book-packages exceeding 3 lbs. or 120 tolahs, will not be received.

(2.) Newspapers, &c.—The postage on Newspapers, Pamphlets or other printed or engraved papers and proof sheets put up in short covers, each by itself, and conveyed by the letter post packet, is, for every packet not exceeding in weight 10 tolahs one anna, and for every additional 10 tolahs or fractions thereof, one anna more. The packet must be prepaid in full by stamps. The name and address of the person to whom the parcel is forwarded and the name and address of the sender are alone to be written or printed on it. If there be any other words or marks on it or any thing enclosed therein, the packet will be treated as a letter. Newspapers, &c., may be recalled. A packet of Newspapers cannot be sent as a Banghy parcel on lines where there are both Letter and Banghy mails, nor at Book Post rates unless prepaid. Pre-payment is compulsory on all newspapers, books and parcels posted for delivery through the *Mysore Government* Post Office, except in the case of (1) re-directed parcels, &c., charged with forward bearing postage, and (2) unpaid imported papers, &c.

(3). **Banghy Postage** is charged according to the following scale on parcels sent by the Banghy dāk, provided "several letters" are not enclosed in them. The rate is the same whether the parcel be prepaid or not. If posted for delivery through *Mysore Government* Post Office, pre-payment is compulsory, except as described in the preceding paragraph.

FOR DISTANCES.	IF NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT.							
	20 tolahs.		50 tolahs.		100 tolahs.		200 tolahs.	
	RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.	RS.	A.
Not exceeding 300 Miles.	0	4	0	8	0	12	1	8
Not exceeding 600	0	8	1	0	1	8	3	0
Not exceeding 900	0	12	1	8	2	4	4	8
Not exceeding 1,200	1	0	2	0	3	0	6	0
Exceeding 1,200	1	4	2	8	3	12	7	8

Each Banghy parcel must not exceed three feet in length or one foot in breadth and depth, or 600 tolahs in weight. Parcels for Bombay and stations in the N. W. Province must not exceed 18 inches in length or 9 inches in breadth or depth. The Officer in charge of the Post Office has discretionary power to receive or not a parcel exceeding this weight for transmission on a line where there are no foot-runners, but no parcel exceeding 2000 tolahs in weight can be transmitted under any circumstances whatever. It must be securely packed in cloth, wax-cloth or tin, and bear distinct impression of some device, not that of current coin, fixed at intervals not exceeding 3 inches along the line of sewing. No parcel will be forwarded to Ceylon exceeding 3 lbs. or 120 tolahs in weight or to any places to which a post communication has not been established by Government, unless Ship and Inland Banghy postage be prepaid in full. A Custom House Pass must accompany parcels addressed to any Foreign Port. Banghy parcels and Book-post articles cannot be transmitted by private steamers and sailing vessels. They may be sent as goods through the Custom House or otherwise as the sender wishes.

Private Parcels for stations lying on the line of Railway are not received for despatch by post; they are as follows:—

Madras, Amoor, Vaniembady, Trivalore, Cautpauddy, Tripatore, Sooramungalum, Erode, Tripoor or Avenashy, Pothanore, Puttamby, Bypore and Bangalore.

Where there is no Banghy dāk established on any line of road, parcels, certified under the full signature and address of the sender, above 12 tolahs in weight but not exceeding 40 tolahs, and not containing any letter or other written communication, Newspaper, or other printed or engraved paper, will be received and transmitted by the Letter Post at Banghy rates.

(4). **Book Post.**—Packets, made up in wax-cloth and open at both ends, consisting of Books, Publications or works of Literature or Art, either printed or in manuscript, Newspapers, &c., may be forwarded, if prepaid, by Book-post, i. e., Banghy dāk, at the rate of one anna for every 10 tolahs, but they must not exceed 120 tolahs in weight. Books are charged as if posted afresh when re-directed. A fee of 4 annas is charged when a book is registered. When the packets are within 12 tolahs in weight they are invariably sent with the Letter Mails. If therefore it is desired to secure the despatch of the packet "Per Book-post," should not be superscribed thereon.

SHIP POSTAGE.—(1). Letters forwarded and received by private sailing vessels are subject, in addition to the ordinary inland postage to a charge of one anna Bounty money

without reference to weight. Unpaid letters received from any place not under the Indian Government are liable to single rates of postage on delivery, but if re-posted by an agent, they are, if unpaid, liable to double rates of postage. When sent beyond H. M.'s Indian territories, the inland postage must be prepaid, if not paid or insufficiently paid, such letters &c., are treated as unchained. Ship and inland postage will be levied on letters when delivered at the Presidency Town or sent to the interior, inland postage only will be levied on Newspaper. Letters sent to and from the United Kingdom via Southampton are charged when not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz., 4 annas; 1 oz., 8 annas and so on, adding 8 annas for every oz. or fraction thereof. Newspapers not exceeding 4 ozs., are charged 1 anna and 4 pice. The payment of postage on Letters is optional, but on Newspapers, compulsory.

(2). *Baggy Parcels* received from seaward are charged at the rate of 2 annas for 20 tolahs; 4 annas for 40 tolahs; 8 annas for 100 tolahs, and so on adding 8 annas for every additional 100 tolahs or fraction thereof, and when transmitted to or from the interior, inland postage according to the scale laid down in para. 3 is also levied. When they exceed 2000 tolahs they are made over to the Collector of Customs for publication in his list of unchained packages.

GOVERNMENT STEAMERS.—*Letters, Parcels, &c.*, transmitted by this opportunity, are liable to Indian rates of postage, but when sent to places beyond H. M.'s Indian territories, they must be prepaid. No parcel exceeding 600 tolahs in weight can be forwarded.

HER MAJESTY'S MAIL.—(1) *Letters.* (a.) The payment of postage on Letters to the United Kingdom, Malta, Gibraltar, Calcutta, Ceylon, Bombay, Aden, Malacca, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Re-union and Cape of Good Hope, is optional; but on those to Azores, Cape de Verd Isles, Madeira and Portugal through the United Kingdom, Australian Colonies, China (except Hong-Kong,) Manilla, Batavia, Java, Mauritius, or any place not a British colony, compulsory. In the former case so far as the United Kingdom is concerned, unpaid or insufficiently paid letters will be forwarded, charged with a fine of 4 annas in addition to the ordinary postage; in the latter, they will be returned to the sender through the Dead-Letter Office. Unpaid letters sent to, and paid letters received from Ceylon, Hong-Kong, Malta, Gibraltar, Azores, Cape de Verd Isles, Madeira, Portugal, Cape Natal and Spain, from and for the Mofussil, or in the Presidency Town, are subject to inland postage.

TABLE.

CIVIL.]

POSTAL RULES.

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The following table gives the rates of postage on letters to the United Kingdom, America, &c. They include inland postage except in the case of those noted above.

Letters.	United Kingdom.		United States.		West Indies. (British.)		Belgium.		Ionian Islands.		Foreign Europe and the Ionian Islands.		* Turkey and Syria.		* Egypt and the Medi- terranean.		Papal States.		Italy.		Indian Ports.	
	Via South- ampton.	Via Marsell- tes.	Via South- ampton.	Via Marsell- tes.	Via South- ampton.	Via Marsell- tes.	Via South- ampton.	Via Marsell- tes.	Via South- ampton.	Via Marsell- tes.	Via South- ampton.	Via Alexan- dria and Trieste.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	Via Alexan- dria.	
Not exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0. 4 0	0. 6 8	0. 9 4	0. 12 0	0. 11 4	0. 14 0	0. 5 4	0. 8 0	0. 10 0	0. 12 8	0. 8 0	0. 8 0	0. 11 40	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	
Do. $\frac{1}{2}$ oz.	0. 8 0	0. 13 4	1. 2 8	1. 8 0	1. 6 8	1. 12 0	0. 5 4	0. 8 0	0. 10 0	0. 12 8	0. 8 0	0. 8 0	0. 11 40	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	
Do. 1 oz.	0. 8 0	0. 13 4	1. 2 8	1. 8 0	1. 6 8	1. 12 0	0. 5 4	0. 8 0	0. 10 0	0. 12 8	0. 8 0	0. 8 0	0. 11 40	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	0. 14 0	
And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 13 annas and 4 pice for every additional oz. or frac- tion thereof.																						
And so on, adding 1-2-8 for every ad- ditional oz. or fraction thereof. If sent registered a postage of 15 annas for $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. and fee of 8 annas must be prepaid.																						
And so on, adding 1-8 for every ad- ditional oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 1-6-8 for every oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 5 annas and 4 pice for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or frac- tion thereof.																						
And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 1 Rupee and 4 annas for every additional oz. or frac- tion thereof.																						
And so on, adding 1-6-8 for every additional oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 1 Rupee for every additional oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 12 Annas and 8 pice for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or frac- tion thereof.																						
And so on, adding 6 annas for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 3 annas for every additional $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. or fraction thereof.																						
And so on, adding 8 annas for every additional oz. or fraction thereof.																						

* Steam postage compulsory.

The rates of Steam postage on letters between India and Australia, the Cape of Good Hope, Natal, Ascension or Mauritius, will be eight annas per half ounce.

(b.) The following are the rates of postage on letters forwarded by the English route to the undermentioned Colonies and Foreign Countries, calculated on a letter not exceeding half an ounce in weight sent via Southampton; if sent via Marseilles an addition of annas 2-8 has to be made on every half ounce for the French transit rate. The pre-payment of the postage to the Countries marked* is compulsory.

RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
*Africa, W. C. of.... 0 7 4	Hamburg..... 0 7 4	Prussia..... 0 7 4
Antivari..... 0 9 4	Hanover..... 0 7 4	Reuss..... 0 7 4
*Ascension..... 0 11 4	*Hayti..... 0 11 4	Russia..... 0 10 0
Austria..... 0 7 4	Heligoland..... 0 8 8	St. Helena..... 0 11 4
Belgium..... 0 5 4	Hesse..... 0 7 4	St. Croix..... 0 11 4
Belgrade..... 0 7 4	Holland..... 0 5 4	*St. Eustatius..... 0 11 4
Belzie, Honduras..... 0 11 4	Homburg Hesse..... 0 7 4	*St. Martins..... 0 11 4
Bermuda..... 0 11 4	Hohenzollern..... 0 7 4	St. Thomas..... 0 11 4
*Bolivia..... 1 3 4	Honduras..... 0 11 4	*Sandwich Islands..... 0 11 4
Botuschony and Plojeshte..... 0 8 0	Ionian Islands..... 0 10 0	Siera Leone..... 0 7 4
*Brazil..... 0 11 4	Lagos..... 0 7 4	Saxe Altenburg..... 0 7 4
Bremen..... 0 7 4	Liberia..... 0 7 4	Saxe C. Gotha..... 0 7 4
Brunswick..... 0 7 4	Larnaca..... 0 10 8	Saxe Meiningen..... 0 7 4
*Buenos Ayres..... 0 11 4	Lauenburg..... 0 8 0	Saxe Weimar..... 0 7 4
*California..... 0 9 4	Lippe Detmold..... 0 7 4	Saxony..... 0 7 4
Cape of Good Hope..... 0 11 4	Lubeck..... 0 7 4	Shaumburg Lippe..... 0 7 4
Canea..... 0 10 8	*Martinique..... 0 11 4	Schwartzburg Ru-
Canada..... 0 7 4	Mecklenburg..... 0 7 4	doldstadt..... 0 7 4
Canary Islands, ½ oz. 0 7 4	*Mexico..... 0 11 4	Schwartzburg Son-
*Chili..... 1 3 4	*Monte Video..... 0 11 4	derhausen..... 0 7 4
*Costa Rica..... 0 11 4	Nassau (Ger.)..... 0 7 4	Seres..... 0 10 8
*Cuba..... 0 11 4	Natal..... 0 11 4	*Surinam..... 0 11 4
*Curacao..... 0 11 4	*New Grenada..... 0 11 4	Sweden..... 0 7 4
Denmark..... 0 6 0	Norway..... 0 8 8	Tchesme..... 0 10 8
*Ecuador..... 1 3 4	New Brunswick..... 0 7 4	Tenedos..... 0 10 8
Eissnach..... 0 7 4	New Foundland..... 0 7 4	Turkey (Europe)
Faulkland Islands..... 0 7 4	Nicaragua..... 0 11 4	except the places
Frankfort..... 0 7 4	Novo Scotia..... 0 7 4	specified..... 0 9 4
Gambia..... 0 7 4	Oldenburgh..... 0 7 4	United States..... 0 9 4
Gold Coast..... 0 7 4	*Oregon..... 0 9 4	*Venezuela..... 0 11 4
*Grey Town..... 0 11 4	*Peru..... 1 3 4	W. I. (British)..... 0 11 4
*Guadeloupe..... 0 11 4	Poland..... 0 10 0	W. I. (Danish)..... 0 7 4
*Guatemala..... 0 11 4	*Porto Rico..... 0 11 4	
	Prince Edward Is.... 0 7 4	

(c.) Letters forwarded by the French and British Mail Steamers to France or Algeria and other Foreign Countries, are charged as follow. The payment of postage is optional except when sent to the places marked* when it must be paid in advance. Letters intended for despatch by this route should have the words *via France* written on them. Letters posted in France if sent unpaid, are charged with double French postage on delivery in India, i.e., annas 8-8 for every ½ ounce.

TABLE.

Destinations.	Limit to which Letters may be paid.	Not exceed- ing ½ oz.	Above ½ oz. and not ex- ceeding ¾ oz.	Above ¾ oz. and not ex- ceeding 1 oz.	Above 1 oz. and not ex- ceeding 1 ½ oz.
FRANCE OR ALGERIA.	Destination.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
		0 5 4	0 10 8	1 0 0	1 5 4
FOREIGN COUNTRIES <i>via</i> FRANCE					
* Spain.....	Through France...	0 6 0	0 12 0	1 2 0	1 8 0
* Portugal.....					
Luxemburg.....					
Baden.....					
The Netherlands.....					
Belgium.....					
Rhenish Prussia.....					
Bavaria.....					
Württemberg.....					
German States, viz:—Hohen-					
zollern, Birkenfeld, Hesse,					
Homburg, Lippe, Detmold,					
Schwartzburg Rudolstadt,	Destination.....	0 6 8	0 13 4	1 4 0	1 10 8
Reuss, Nassau, Saxe Coburg					
Gotha, Saxe Meiningen, Hild-					
burghausen, Hesse Electoral,					
Hesse Darmstadt, Saxe Wei-					
mar, Eisenach, Frankfort-on					
the-Main, Hamburg, Bremen					
and Lubeck.....					
Switzerland.....					
Italy.....					
Prussia (the Rhenish Provin-					
ces excepted).....					
Hanover.....					
Saxony.....					
Mecklenburgh-Schwerin.....	Destination.....	0 8 0	1 0 0	1 8 0	2 0 0
Mecklenburgh-Sterlitz.....					
Brunswick.....					
Oldenburgh (the Principality					
of Berkenfeld excepted).....					
Anhalt.....					
Austrian Dominions and Bel-					
grade.....	Destination.....	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	2 2 8
Denmark.....					
Papal States.....					
* Servia (Belgrade excepted)...	Extreme frontier	0 8 8	1 1 4	1 10 0	2 2 8
* Montenegro.....	of Austria.....				
Moldavia.....					
Wallachia.....					
Turkey in Europe (the places					
at which France maintains					
Post Offices expected) <i>via</i>	Destination.....	0 12 8	1 9 4	2 6 0	3 2 8
Austria.....					
Sweden.....					
Norway.....					
Poland.....					
Russia.....					
Any Foreign Country beyond	Port of disem-				
Sea to which letters may be	barkation.....	0 7 4	0 14 8	1 6 0	1 13 4
despatched from a Port in					
France by private Ship.....					

(d) *The Express Postage*, on letters sent via Bombay, must be paid, in stamps, and is levied at the following rates in addition to the steam postage:—

	RS.	A.	P.
On every letter not exceeding ½ oz. in weight	1	0	0
On every letter exceeding ½ oz. and not exceeding 1 oz. in weight....	2	0	0
On every letter exceeding 1 oz. and not exceeding 1½ oz. in weight....	3	0	0
On every letter exceeding 1½ oz. and not exceeding 2 oz. in weight..	4	0	0

Each letter must be superscribed, "Express via Bombay."

The Express Postage on Newspapers is 1 Rupee per copy, not exceeding 4 oz. in weight in addition to the ordinary steam postage.

The letter must be handed to a clerk in the Post Office and not dropped in the letter box as ordinary letters.

(2.) *Newspapers and Prices Current.*—(a) The rates of Postage chargeable on Newspapers and Prices Current sent by Her Majesty's Mail are given in the annexed table. No more than one paper can be put under one cover. Newspapers to all places, except to and via France must be prepaid with steam postage. Those insufficiently paid to the United Kingdom via Southampton, but upon which a single rate of 8 pice has been paid, will be forwarded charged with the deficient postage and a fine of 8 pice. Those to all places, except the United Kingdom, must be prepaid with Inland postage when posted in the Mofussil or in the Presidency Town. Those addressed to British North America, via the United States, must be prepaid with additional charge of 8 pice besides Inland Postage. Those sent or received through Great Britain to or from Peru, Chilli, Bolivia, Ecuador, the Sandwich Islands, California or any Colony, addressed via Panama, are liable to a transit charge of 1 anna and 4 pice, which postage may be paid either on despatch or delivery, in addition to Inland Postage.

Stations and Routes.	NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT					
	2 oz.	4 oz.	6 oz.	8 oz.	10 oz.	12 oz.
United Kingdom,	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.	R. A. P.
Via Southampton.....	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 8	0 2 8
Marseilles.....	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
United States,						
Via Southampton.....	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 8	0 2 8
Marseilles.....	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
West Indies,						
Via Southampton.....	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 8	0 2 8
Marseilles.....	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
Belgium,						
Via Southampton.....	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 8	0 2 8
Marseilles.....	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 4 0	0 4 0	0 6 0	0 6 0
Foreign Europe and the						
Ionian Islands,						
Via Alexandria and Trieste	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0	0 2 8	0 2 8
Turkey and Syria	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 3 4	0 3 4	0 6 0	0 6 0
Via Alexandria.....						
Egypt and the Mediterranean	0 0 8	0 0 8	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0
Papal States.....	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 5 4	0 6 0
Italy, via Alexandria.....	Steam postage cannot be prepaid. Those posted in the Mofussil and in the Presidency Town must be prepaid with Inland Postage.					
Indian Ports and the Colonies.	0 0 8	0 0 8	0 1 4	0 1 4	0 2 0	0 2 0

Book-Post.—The maximum weight allowed for a parcel sent for despatch by Book-post is 3 lbs., and dimensions 2 feet in length, width or depth. The packet may contain any number of separate Books or other publications, Prints or Maps and any quantity of paper, Parchment or Vellum (to the exclusion however of letters whether sealed or open) and the Books, or other Publications, Prints, Maps, &c. may be either printed, written, or plain or any mixture of the three. Further, all legitimate binding, mounting or covering of a Book Publication &c., or of a portion thereof will be allowed whether such binding, &c., be loose or attached as also Rollers in the case of Prints or Maps, Markers, whether of paper or otherwise, in the case of Books: and in short whatever is necessary for the safe transmission of literary, artistic matter or usually appertains thereto. The postage should be paid in full by means of postage stamps affixed outside the packet or its cover. If insufficiently paid and provided as a single rate at least is paid,

the parcel will be forwarded charged with the deficient postage, together with an additional rate: but if the postage stamps affixed do not equal in value a single book-rate, the packet will be forwarded charged with letter-rate of postage. The following table shows the places to which *alone* there is a Book-post and the rates charged:

Book Parcels	United Kingdom.		West Indies.			Indian Ports and the Colonies.
	Via South- ampton.	Via Mar- seilles.	Via Southampton.			
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS. A. P.
Not exceeding ½ oz.	0 2 8	0 4 0	0	4	0	0 2 0
Do. ¾ do	0 5 4	0 8 0	0	8	0	0 4 0
Do. 1 lb 0 do	0 10 8	1 0 0	1	0	0	0 8 0
Do. 1 lb 8 do	1 0 0	1 8 0	1	8	0	0 12 0
Do. 2 lb 0 do	1 5 4	2 0 0	2	0	0	1 0 0
And so on, adding two rates for every additional half pound or fraction thereof.		And so on, adding two rates for every additional half pound or fraction thereof.			And so on, adding two rates for every additional half pound or fraction thereof.	
		Inland postage must be prepaid whether posted in the Presidency Town or in the Interior.				

Suggestions to the Public, &c.

By careful attention to the following suggestions, much facility will be given to the Post Office in the discharge of its daily duties, and greater security afforded to the Public.

1st. Post all letters, &c., as early as practicable, especially when sent in large numbers.

2nd. Make the address legible and complete.

3rd. See that every Letter, Newspaper, or other packet sent by post is securely folded and sealed—and when prepaid, see that there is no possibility of the removal of the stamp by dishonest servants.

4th. Never trust your servants with money to purchase Stamps for the purpose of affixing them to the letters, &c.

5th. Never send money or any other article of value through the post, and where necessity obliges the transmission of important documents, it would be as well to do in a registered letter. Any person who sends such documents in an unregistered letter, not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation, every one through whose hands his letter passes.

6th. When complaint is made of Letters or Newspapers lost, miscarried or delayed, furnish information as precise as possible regarding all the facts of the case, and enclose whatever documents may throw light upon it. The day and hour, at which the Letter or Newspaper was posted, as well as the office at which, and the person by whom this was done, should always be stated; and when possible, the cover, or wrapper, in an entire state should be sent, in order that the place of delay may be ascertained by an examination of the Stamps.

7th. See that every Letter contains the full address of the writer, in order to ensure the return of the letter of the person to whom it is directed cannot be found.

8th. To obviate the necessity of opening unclaimed letters, parties would do well to write their names in full with places of residence on the cover of letters.

To make the address legible and complete, the last word in the address of every letter,

* A. B. Tripasore. &c., should be the name of the town to which the letter is sent, and if it be not a Post Town, the nearest one should be added,* and if there be more than one Town of that name, or if the Post Town be not well known, the name of the District should also be added.† Letters posted in one part of India and intended for another part, as for example, letters posted in Madras and intended for Loodiana and Cuttack, should have the name of the Presidency to which they are sent added to the other part of the address.‡

† The name of the suburb of the Town and number of the house too, if in a street, is a great assistance. It must not be supposed that because a letter will eventually reach its destination, without this information, the omission is not a cause of hesitation and delay in the process of sorting for delivery; and when such small delays occur again and again, they tend greatly to retard the general distribution.

POSTAL NOTICE.

Her Majesty's Postmaster General having intimated that a Postal Convention has been concluded with Prussia, Bremen and Hamburg, the public are hereby informed that the following rates of postage (British and Foreign combined), will be collected upon letters forwarded through the United Kingdom to Germany, and to certain countries, the correspondence of which passess through Germany. The postage on these letters may be paid in advance, or it may be paid on delivery, at the option of the Senders. All unpaid letters will be liable to an increased charge on delivery.

Destination.	Not exceeding 2 ounces.		Above 2 ounces and not exceeding 4 ounces.		Above 4 ounces and not exceeding 8 ounces.		Every additional ounce.	
	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.	RS.	A. P.
Prussia								
Austria... ..								
Saxony... ..								
Hanover... ..								
Brunswick... ..								
Mecklenburg-Schwerin								
Mecklenburg-Strelitz								
Oldenburg								
Hamburg... ..								
Bremen... ..	0	7	4		0	14	8	
Lubeck								
Places in the Postal District of Tour and Taxis; viz., Frankfort-on-the-Maine, Grand Duchy of Hesse, Hesse, (Electoral) Hesse Hamburg, Schaumburg Lippe, Lippe-Detmold, Nassau, Renss, Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, Saxe-Meiningen, Saxe-Weimar-Eisenach, Hohenzollern, Schwartzburg-Rudolstadt, and Swartzburg-Sonderhausen								
Heligoland	0	8	8		1	1	4	
Denmark, for every 2 ounces... ..	0	6	0		0	12	0	
Norway, do. 2 ounces... ..	0	8	8		1	1	4	
Sweden, do. 2 ounces... ..	0	7	4		0	14	8	
Ionian Islands	0	10	0		1	4	0	
Russia and Poland... ..	0	10	0		1	4	0	
Lauenburg	0	8	0		1	0	0	
Places in Turkey, Moldavia, Wallachia, Servia, and the Levant, in which Austria maintains Post Offices;								
Belgrade	0	7	4		0	14	8	
Botuschany and Plojeshte... ..	0	8	0		1	0	0	
Antivari, Bakau, Berlad, Bucharest, Durazza, Fookschan, Jassy, Piatra, Roman, Tekutsch and Valona... ..	0	9	4		1	2	8	
Adrianople, Bourgas, Caifa, Candia, Canea, Cavalla, Chio (Tehesme) Kustendjie, Larnaka, Retimo, Seres, Tchernavoda, and Tenedos... ..	0	10	8		1	5	4	
Janina	0	11	4		1	6	8	
Mostar	0	9	4		1	2	8	
Philippopel Pevsa, Rutchuk, and Sofia... ..	0	10	0		1	4	0	

2. The French transit rate of two Annas and 8 pice per half ounce must be collected, in addition, upon all letters sent to the United Kingdom via Marseilles.

3. Letters addressed to any of the countries enumerated above may be registered, if the parties desire it, in which case the postage must be paid in advance; but a Registration fee of 8 Annas (which is inclusive of a Foreign Registration fee of 4 Annas), will be levied in addition to the postage. On registered letters for Russia and Poland a further Registration fee of Annas 2-8 per 2 ounces, in addition, will be levied.

4. The following rates of postage will be collected on Newspapers and printed papers of every kind that may be forwarded to Germany and to the undermentioned States through Germany. If posted at a Mofussil Station, or Presidency, Inland Indian postage, in addition, will be levied:—

Destination.	Not exceeding 2 ounces in weight.	Exceeding 2 ozs. and not exceeding 4 ounces.	Exceeding 4 ozs. and not exceeding 8 ounces.	Exceeding 8 ozs. and not exceeding 1 lb.	Exceeding 1 lb. and not exceeding 1½ lb.	Every succeeding 8 ounces.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
German States						
Denmark... ..						
Norway						
Sweden	0	2	0	0	4	0
Russia... ..						
Poland						
Heligoland... ..						

5. The following conditions are to be observed in sending printed papers:—
 1st. Every packet must be sent without a cover, or with a cover open at the ends or sides.
 2nd. There must be no enclosure except Newspapers or other printed papers.
 3rd. There must be no other writing or marks upon the Newspapers or printed papers than the name and address of the person to whom they are sent nor anything upon the cover, but such name and address, the printed title of the paper, and the printed name and address of the Publisher or the Vendor who sends them.
 4th. No packet must exceed 2 feet in length, width or depth, or three pounds in weight.

List showing the Countries to which the Indian rates of Postage are payable on Letters and Papers received or sent by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers.

Unpaid Letters despatched to and paid Letters received from	Newspapers received and despatched.
Galle.	Galle.
Hong-Kong.	Hong-Kong.
Cape of Good Hope.	Cape of Good Hope.
Port Elizabeth.	Port Elizabeth.
Natal.	Natal.
St. Helena.	St. Helena.
Malta.	Malta.
Gibraltar.	Gibraltar.
Azores.	Azores.
Cape de Verd Island.	Cape de Verd Island.
Madeira.	Madeira.
Portugal.	Portugal.
Mauritius—Postage compulsory.	Mauritius.
The Australian Colonies do.	The Australian Colonies.
	Calcutta.
	Singapore.
	Penang.
	Aden.
	France.
	Foreign countries, via France.
	British Colonies and Foreign countries, via the United Kingdom.
	Alexandria.
	Suez.
	Italy.
	French Post Offices in Alexandria.
	Foreign Europe, via Trieste.

N. B.—Indian rates of postage are not charged on letters received or sent by Her Majesty's Mail Steamers addressed to the following places:—

United Kingdom.
 British Colonies and Foreign countries, via the United Kingdom.
 France and Foreign countries, via France.
 Alexandria, Suez, and other places in Egypt.
 Foreign countries, via Trieste.
 Italy.
 Calcutta, Barmah, Singapore, Penang, Malacca, Aden, Bombay and Kurrachee.

SCHEDULE OF BANGHY POSTAGE TO THE UNDERMENTIONED STATIONS FROM MADRAS—(continued.)

Names of Post Office Stations.	Distance	IF NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT.				Names of Post Office Stations.	Distance	IF NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT.				Names of Post Office Stations.	Distance	IF NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT.			
		20 Tola.	50 Tola.	100 Tola.	For every addl. 100 up to 600 Tola.			20 Tola.	50 Tola.	100 Tola.	For every addl. 100 up to 600 Tola.			20 Tola.	50 Tola.	100 Tola.	For every addl. 100 up to 600 Tola.
Indurra.....	1114	1	0	0	0	Kalka.....	2110	1	0	0	0	Kunlun.....	1013	1	0	0	0
Indore.....	975	1	0	0	0	Kamptee.....	722	1	0	0	0	Kurnar.....	610	1	0	0	0
Indrapur.....	935	1	0	0	0	Kanjia.....	1702	1	0	0	0	Kurachee.....	1906	1	0	0	0
Indrapur or Coringa.....	412	0	0	0	0	Kanpur.....	1156	1	0	0	0	Kurnal.....	1477	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur.....	1001	1	0	0	0	Karachi.....	773	1	0	0	0	Kurnool.....	289	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1095	1	0	0	0	Katol.....	173	1	0	0	0	Kusowlee.....	734	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	651	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1053	1	0	0	0	Kutub.....	1582	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1231	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1652	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1815	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1881	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1906	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1840	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1156	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1852	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1293	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1114	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1156	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1295	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1163	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1069	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	931	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1368	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1111	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1144	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1093	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1969	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	840	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1823	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1114	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1711	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1141	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	670	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1340	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	52	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1747	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	570	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1069	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1181	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1192	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1051	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1529	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	984	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	879	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	502	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1501	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1181	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	398	0	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	2263	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1640	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	325	0	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	2070	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1081	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1321	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1371	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	1022	1	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1081	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0
Jabalpur or Jhansi.....	453	0	0	0	0	Katol or Katol.....	1168	1	0	0	0	Kutub or Kutub.....	1527	1	0	0	0

CIVIL.		SCHEDULE OF BANGHY POSTAGE.															237
Meerut.....	1405	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Nowhatta in Jasoore.....	1141	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1144	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Nellore.....	111	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1066	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Nepaul (or Katman.....)	1470	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	855	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Nol.....	2698	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	961	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Nol.....	1363	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	994	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore.....	1020	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1124	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1691	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1302	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	732	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1154	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1310	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	651	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1102	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1134	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1114	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1347	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1441	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1324	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	436	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1781	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	877	0	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	349	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1255	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1389	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1128	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1441	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1438	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1111	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1188	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1505	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1200	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1678	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1300	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1009	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	858	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1301	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1120	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1302	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1069	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1303	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1267	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1304	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1204	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1305	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1301	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1306	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1307	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1308	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1309	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1310	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1311	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1312	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1313	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1314	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1315	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1316	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1317	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1318	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1319	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1320	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1321	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1322	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1323	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1324	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1325	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1326	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1327	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1328	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1329	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1330	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1331	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1332	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1333	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1334	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1335	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1336	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1337	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1338	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1339	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1340	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1341	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1342	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1343	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1344	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1345	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1346	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1347	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1348	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1349	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1350	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1351	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1352	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1353	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1354	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1355	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1356	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1357	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1358	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1359	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1360	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1361	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1362	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1363	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1364	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1365	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1366	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1367	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1368	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1369	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1370	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1371	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1372	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1373	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	Noorpoore (Aman.....)	1374	1	0	0	0	0	0
Meerut or Meerut.....	1245</																

POSTING BEARERS FOR TRAVELLERS.

FORT SAINT GEORGE, October 23, 1863.

The following *Revised* Notification is published for general information.

NOTIFICATION.

FORT SAINT GEORGE, October 9, 1863.

The undermentioned Officers will be entrusted with the duty of posting bearers for Travellers in the Madras Presidency from and after the 1st November 1863 :—

At the Presidency and in the Madras District...

In the District of Bellary

Do. Coimbatore

Do. Cuddapah

Do. Ganjam

Do. Godavari

Do. Kistna

Do. Kurnool

Do. Madura

Do. Malabar

Do. Nellore

Do. Salem

Do. South Arcot

Do. South Canara

Do. Tanjore

Do. Tinnevely

Do. Trichinopoly

Do. Vizagapatam

Deputy Collectors.

Bangalore Cantonment Superintendent of Police.

Mysore Province.

In the District of Bangalore

Do. Colar

Do. Toomkoor

Do. Mysore

Do. Hassan

Do. Shimoga

Do. Cudoor

Do. Chittuldroog

Deputy Superintendents.

Coorg Superintendent.

His Highness the Nizam's Territories Superintendent of Police, Residency Bazaars.

By Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council,

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, *Chief Secretary.*

SEA CUSTOM HOUSE RULES.

OFFICE, NORTH BEACH.

Open for the transaction of business every day, (Sundays excepted) from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

	R.S.	A.	P.
J. H. BLAIR, Esq., Collector, (on duty).....	2,533	5	4
J. W. CHERRY, Esq., Acting do.			
E. S. ATKINSON, Esq., Deputy Collector.....	700	0	0
Mr. G. B. SHAW, Appraiser.....	500	0	0
Mr. W. E. FOX, Head Manager.....	225	0	0

RULES AND FORMS FOR THE ENTRY AND PASSING OF GOODS THROUGH THE SEA CUSTOM HOUSE OF MADRAS.

Imports.

APPLICATIONS.—All applications to the Custom House, except Import and Export Passes, must be on stamped paper.

ARMS AND AMMUNITION.—A License is required for the importation of Arms and Ammunition. No License required for ordinary Fowling Pieces and gun-powder for sporting purposes imported by private persons in reasonable quantities for their own use.

The Collector may, however, detain such articles if he think proper pending a reference to Government.

BAGGAGE.—Passengers' Baggage may be landed at any time under the following Rules:—

All Baggage except such as arrives from any British Port in India is to be brought to the Custom House. Articles liable to duty must be cleared only during office hours.

Baggage must be *actually* examined. At the discretion of the Collector or Deputy, list of contents and declaration of value will be received, but only during office hours.

Prohibited or dutiable goods concealed among apparel, &c., or found after a declaration from the owner that he possesses nothing liable to duty, shall be confiscated together with the other contents of the package in which they are found, and the owner shall also be liable to fine.

Passengers will be permitted to clear duty free new Wearing Apparel and Millinery brought out for *personal use*.

A Military Officer in addition to his uniform and accoutrements will be allowed to clear free of duty a Gun or Rifle, a pair of Pistols and a case of Saddlery, if *accompanying the owner*.

Orders for Baggage Superintendent as to Baggage of Passengers by Steamers.

1. For the accommodation of Passengers by Steamers, the Baggage Superintendent and Assistants will be in attendance at the Custom House on the arrival of the Steamer at any hour between sunrise and sunset, to clear at once all Baggage not liable to duty.

2. The Baggage Superintendent shall pass only Baggage not liable to duty, after actual examination of each box or package.

3. On a Passenger's Baggage being brought to the Custom House he shall be furnished with the usual printed notice, and must enter on the back the particulars therein required, signing the same.

Articles liable to duty and closed-up cases shall only be passed during office hours, when the Baggage Superintendent will at once show the dutiable articles to the Appraiser, who shall satisfy himself as to the valuation, after which the "Notice" paper is to be sent to the Collector or Deputy, that the duty may be levied. If the Baggage contains nothing dutiable, the Baggage Superintendent shall sign it "Examined, nothing-dutiable." Any Package containing articles not liable to duty and which a Passenger may wish to take away with him at once, must be opened and submitted to *actual* examination.

4. The Baggage Superintendent must certify at the foot of the list signed by each Passenger what packages he has passed, and what articles or cases have been detained for duty. These lists are to be transmitted without delay to the Collector or Deputy.

5. The Baggage Superintendent is to be assisted on the arrival of each Steamer by a Tide Waiter, Duffadar and two Peons. Any inconvenience arising to Passengers from non-attendance of these Officers, shall be severely noticed.

6. The object of the above Rules is to enable Passengers landing out of office hours to clear and remove at once as much of their baggage as possible; any Passenger, who may prefer doing so, is at liberty to leave his baggage or any part of it at the Custom House, and clear it afterwards during office hours.

COASTING STEAMERS.

Rules for the entry and clearance of Coasting Steamers in the Madras Presidency, which may have obtained the General Pass permitted by Section 156 of Act VI of 1863.

I. The General Pass shall be signed by the Collector of Customs only, and shall be for each Steamer, and in the form herewith annexed.

It shall remain in charge of the Commander or other competent Officer on board the vessel concerned, and be shown whenever demanded by any Custom House Officer.

It shall be for a period not exceeding one year, and shall be renewable on application made to the Collector of Customs accordingly.

II. When the Steamer carries goods for free ports only, an export general manifest before port clearance will be dispensed with, but the local agents must put in the export manifest in duplicate within two days after the Steamer leaves port.

III. Before a Steamer for free or other ports sails, she must obtain port-clearance from the Custom House, the port-clearance must be applied for by the Commander or Agents in proper time, and must be sent on board before the Steamer leaves port.

IV. When a coasting Steamer sails for a Foreign, and therefore dutiable port only, export manifest must be given in by the Commander or Agents before sailing, in the manner prescribed by Section 151 of Act VI of 1863.

V. When a coasting Steamer sails for both dutiable and free ports, an export manifest must be given in before port-clearance is granted, for any goods which may be on board for the dutiable port or ports; a separate manifest of the goods for free ports can be given in the manner prescribed by Section 2.

VI. On arrival at free ports on the coast, the Commanders of Steamers or Agents must, along with the cargo to be landed at such port, send a list in detail according to annexed form for the use of the Custom House Officer at the same. The Custom House Officer will receive this document, and *without* comparing it with the goods, shall forthwith grant port-clearance to the vessel; without such list being put in, port-clearance will not be granted.

VII. Subsequently, and as soon as possible, the Custom House Officer will compare the list with the goods, and deliver them to the Consignees or Agents on application, obtaining the Steamer Agent's delivery order where necessary.

VIII. When a coasting Steamer arrives at a British port on the Coast from Foreign port on the coast, a detailed Import manifest of the goods for delivery at such British port from the Foreign port need not be separately put in, but the list described in Section 6 must specify in detail the goods to be landed from such Foreign port with the name of the port of export, the Custom House Officer will deliver the goods upon payment of duty where duty is leviable, and will frame his Trade Returns from the import application preferred according to the standard Form No. III.

IX. When goods bonded for duty are imported at one free port from another free port, intimation of the same must immediately on arrival be made by the Commander or Agents to the Custom House Officer at the port of Import.

X. The export manifests for free goods mentioned in Section 2 will be despatched upon receipt by post, from the port of original export to the port of destination. On arrival there the Custom House Officer will compare it with the list given in by the Commander as per Section 6, and if the two correspond, he will record the documents. Should any material discrepancy, such as the absence of goods, be apparent, he will forward the list given in as per Section 6 to the Collector of Customs at the Presidency who, after communicating with the Agents there, will dispose of the matter as may be necessary, and return the list to the port of destination. The Custom House Officer will prepare his

Registers and Trade Returns from the export general manifest received by him by post so far as these are applicable, or from tariff and market values as may be usual.

XI. Goods and Passengers arriving by coasting Steamers may be landed under the above provisions at any hour day or night, and on Sundays or holidays.

XII. The Agents at the various ports on the coast shall pay port dues, and enter the vessel inwards and outwards. A Steamer may commence discharge of cargo immediately the anchor is dropped at each port, and at the coast ports the Agent may send off boats to receive cargo before entry.

XIII. Applications may be made by the Agents or private individuals at the coast-ports to export goods previous to the arrival of a Steamer, and Passes will be granted accordingly.

XIV. All dutiable goods must be brought to the Custom House. The Steamer Conicopolies will land the goods, and bring them into the Steamer godown in the Custom House, where they will be compared with the manifests.

XV. Export boat notes will be granted; but not import boat notes.

XVI. Free goods may be passed from the beach by the Agents' Conicopolies, the Custom House Returns being compiled from the manifests and applications.

XVII. Such Agents of Steam Navigation Companies, or owners as may desire a general Pass upon the above terms, must lodge with the Collector of Customs a deposit in cash of, say Rupees one thousand, (more or less according to the number of vessels of the same Company obtaining a general Pass,) out of which sum the Collector of Customs shall have a general authority from them to credit to Government at his discretion, any duties short levied, and such penalties as he may see reason to inflict for contravention of any of the preceding rules, or for erroneous manifest lists, or other documents being put in by Agents or Commanders of Steamers; appeal to Government being open to the parties should they consider themselves aggrieved by the Collector's proceedings in any case.

XVIII. The Collector of Customs has authority to revoke the general Pass for negligence, or other causes on the part of Agents or Commanders, as prescribed by Section 156 of Act VI of 1863.

LIST of Cargo per Steamer ——— discharged at the Port of ——— on the ——— 186—.

Marks, number and kind of Packages.	Description of Goods when known.	To whom addressed or consigned.	Remarks.
B. B. and F.	10 Bales.	Silk Goods.	Messrs. Burjorjee Byramjee.
	15 Cases.	Wine, Sherry.	A. Campbell, Esq.
Total...	25		
None.	100 Bags.	Linsced.	Keshon Laljee.
A. F. & Co.	50 Pieces.	Timber.	W. Nicol & Co.
Total...	150		
	50 Boxes.	Wine.	Manockjee Linjee.
L. M.	10 Bags.	Rice.	Unknown.
Total...	60		
Grand Total...	235		

And so on as the case may be.

Dated ———.

(Signed) A. B.,
Commander, Steam Ship ———.

CONFISCATION.—With reference to the expression "liable to confiscation" used in the Custom Act. The adjudicating Officer shall have no discretionary power, and must adjudge confiscation, if the facts are made out to his satisfaction.

DETENTION OF GOODS.—Bill of Lading must be delivered up to the Collector, Sea Customs or Deputy Collector by the person applying to clear goods, except in special cases upon cause shown to the satisfaction of the Collector.

If two persons claim the same goods, the Customs Officers shall not deliver to or without the consent of the other, or without an order of Court.

Bill of Lading for Goods to be exported must bear a four Anna stamp.

Parcel Tickets must also bear a four Anna Stamp.

ENTRY OF MERCHANDIZE.—Parties applying to pass goods entered in the General Manifest, must do so agreeably to the following Form:—

Form of Permit.

To the Collector of Customs.

Sir,—Please permit to pass the undermentioned Goods imported per Ship ——— Commander ———, from ——— under ——— Colours, viz.

Marks and Numbers.	Number and nature of Packages.	Sorts of Goods.	Quantity.	No. of yards.	Weight.	Place of Production or Manufacture.	Rates.	Market value.	Tariff value.	Rate of Duty.	Amount of Duty.
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——— do hereby declare that the contents and value are truly stated.
Madras, ——— 18—. (Signature.)

Note.—The total value whether "Market" or "Tariff" weight and quantity, must be written in words as well as figures.

A Bill will be furnished for the amount of Duty paid.

After 3½ o'clock afternoon, no Cash can be received or Bills of Duties settled. Parties therefore who are desirous of clearing goods or private packages, are recommended to apply early in the day for the same. This rule is necessary to enable the accounts of the day to be closed in the evening, which could not be done were Duty received until a late hour.

CLEARANCE OF GOODS.—After duties have been paid or a deposit made for the payment of duty, persons are required to make application to pass the goods in the following Form:—

Form of Import Pass Application.

To the Collector of Customs.

Sir,—Please permit to be passed inwards the following Goods:—

Marks and Numbers.	Description of Packages.	Description of Goods.	Quantity or Weight.	On what Vessel Imported.	From what place Imported.	REMARKS.
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Madras, ——— 18—. (Signature.)

All Pass Notes must bear the signature of the person to whom the Goods belong or are consigned. No other signature on documents for entering or clearing Goods through the Custom House is recognized, except when duly authorized.

All Pass Notes for every description of Goods imported or exported must be signed either by the Collector or Deputy Collector; no other signature shall authorise the Gatekeepers or other Custom House Officers to pass Goods.

FEES LEVIED AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—For duplicate of any Certificate, Port-clearance or other necessary documents (original having been lost.) Rupees five each.

For supplemental Manifest to supply inadvertent omissions in the original and second Port-clearance, Rupees five each.

A fee of one Rupee is charged for granting certificates.

N. B.—The Collector is not bound to furnish duplicates of any document, but is satisfied that no fraud has been committed or is intended, he may grant them.

FREE GOODS.—The following are the articles which are allowed to be imported duty free:—1. Agricultural implements; 2. Army clothing, if imported by the Clothing Agent on proof being given that the articles are *bona fide* clothing for the men of Her Majesty's Service; 3. Articles *bona fide* for the use of the Government School of Arts; 4. Articles for Regimental Clubs or Workshops, and articles intended to promote the health, comfort, recreation and amusement of the Soldiers. Previous sanction of Government to be obtained before ordering the goods. 5. Articles imported for the service of Government, and certified as such by the Head of the Department; 6. Baggage consisting of personal apparel brought by a Passenger and Cabin furniture, all in use; 7. Books; 8. Bricks; 9. Bullion and Coin; 10. Chalk; 11. Coal; 12. Coke; 13. Cotton wool; 14. Firewood; 15. Flax; 16. Fruits, fresh; 17. Geological specimens, and specimens of Natural History and curiosities; 18. Goods for the use of Her Majesty's Government in Ceylon; 19. Grain and Pulse; 20. Guano and manures of all kinds; 21. Hemp; 22. Hides and skins, raw; 23. Horses and other living animals; 24. Ice; 25. Jute; 26. Machinery used exclusively for agriculture, navigation, mining or manufacture or Railway, and materials forming necessary component parts of such machinery; 27. Machines, &c., for the use of the Porto Novo Iron Foundry; 28. Maps; 29. Marine stores which have been in use, viz:—Old Anchors, Cables, Kentledge, Rigging, Sails, Masts and Yards, and all portions of wrecks; 30. Military and other Regulation uniforms and accoutrements when imported for private use by persons in the Public Service. For a Military Officer only, a Rifle or Gun, a pair of Pistols and a case of Saddlery if accompanying the owner; 31. Military stores including all articles the property of Government or of the Regiments of Her Majesty's Service, but not including Mess Stores or the property of Officers individually or collectively; 32. Music; 33. Paper; 34. Patent fuel; 35. Precious stones and Pearls; 36. Presentation Plate, articles of ornament and show not being for purposes of ordinary use presented by public bodies in recognition of Public Services, free on special order; 37. Prints; 38. Provisions and stores for the use of Her Majesty's Navy; 39. Regimental Mess Plate, on the declaration of the Commanding Officer of the Corps that it has been in use twelve months previous to the time of importation; 40. Religious vestments *bona fide* the property of a Clerical functionary and imported by himself for his own use in the performance of religious duties; 41. Scientific instruments imported by a professional gentleman in the service of Government for personal use and scientific research; 42. Seeds when imported by any Public Society for gratuitous distribution; 43. Stores; 44. Stores for the Government garden at Ootacamund; 45. Stores for the Military Male and Female Orphan Asylums; 46. Surgical instruments imported by Government Surgeons for the public service; 47. Wines and stores for the use of the Officers of Her Majesty's Navy.—Vide Sections 144 to 148, Act VI of 1863; 48. Wool; 49. Works of Art.

GODOWN RENT AT THE MADRAS CUSTOM HOUSE.

- RULE 1.**—Goods shall be allowed to remain for a week in the Custom House free of charge.
- 2.**—After that period single rates shall be charged for seven days.
- 3.**—Treble rates shall be charged after a fortnight.
- 4.**—The day of landing and that of removal to be reckoned as one day; Sunday and holidays are not reckoned in the rent free-terms. When delay is caused by the inability of the Custom House Officers to examine and pass the goods, such delay is not to be reckoned.

The object in charging Godown rent is to induce parties to clear their goods with despatch, and to prevent the yard from being needlessly encumbered.

Rates for Godown Rent.

	Per month.		Per month.
	RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.
Beer, whole pipes, butt or puncheon.....	0 12 0	Indigo, per chest.....	0 6 0
Do. half pipe or hogshead.....	0 6 0	Opium.....	0 6 0
Do. quarter pipe.....	0 3 0	Cotton, Hemp, Jute and Safflower, per bale of 300 lbs.....	0 4 0
Large casks containing glass or earthenware.....	1 0 0	Sugar, Rice and seeds, per 100 bazar maunds.....	2 8 0
Tierce do. do. or provisions.....	0 12 0	Cutch, per 100 bazar maunds.....	2 0 0
Large Crates, 12 dozen bottles.....	0 6 0	Shell lac and lac dye, per chest.....	0 4 0
Small do., '6 or 8 dozen more or less.....	0 4 0	Vermillion, per box.....	0 2 0
Wines, butt or pipe.....	2 0 0	Arsenic do.....	0 3 0
Do. half pipe or hogshead.....	1 0 0	Brass leaf, per box.....	0 2 0
Do. quarter pipe.....	0 8 0	China paper, per case.....	0 2 0
Do. chests above 12 dozen size do. do. of 12 dozen or above 6 dozen.....	0 8 0	Chinn cases of Nankin, Cassia, Camphor, Silk, Aniseed, &c., per case.....	0 3 0
Do. do. of 6 do. or 3 do.....	0 3 0	Ginger or Turmeric, per 100 bazar maunds.....	3 0 0
Do. quarter chest or 3 dozen.....	0 2 0	Beetlenut, per bazar maund.....	0 0 6
Do. all boxes under 3 dozen and above 1 dozen.....	0 1 0	Cloves do. do.....	0 1 0
Spirits, per pipe.....	2 0 0	Coffee, Pepper, Cardamum, Cumminseed, Aniseed, in bags or bales, per bazar maund.....	0 1 0
Do. hogshead.....	1 0 0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles per hogshead.....	0 8 0
Do. in bottle/case of 1 dozen.....	0 1 0	Do. do. do. do. per tierce.....	0 4 0
Do. above 1 and under 3 dozen.....	0 1 6	Sugar-candy, per tub.....	0 0 6
Do. 3 dozen.....	0 2 0	Tea, per whole chest.....	0 2 0
Do. above 3 and under 6 dozen.....	0 3 0	Do. per smaller box.....	0 1 0
Do. 6 dozen.....	0 4 0	Paint, per keg of 56 lbs.....	0 0 6
Do. for every dozen in excess of 6 dozen size.....	0 0 9	Salmon Herrings, or other fishes, per keg.....	0 0 6
British piece goods, per case above 12 dozen.....	0 8 0	Turpentine, Linseed, or other vegetable oil, per jar.....	0 2 0
Do. do. per case of 12 dozen or above 6 dozen.....	0 6 0	All cordage, per cwt.....	0 1 0
Do. do. do. do. 6 or do. 3 do.....	0 3 0	Rosin or Dammer, per bazar maund.....	0 1 0
Do. do. do. 3 do. or less.....	0 2 0	Tobacco, unmanufactured, per 1 maund bale.....	0 2 0
Do. do. per bale of size of bale of Twist of 4 to 500 lbs.....	0 6 0	Gunnies, per large bale.....	0 8 0
Do. do. per bale of smaller size.....	0 4 0	Do. per smaller bale.....	0 6 0
Twist of all sorts, per bale of 4 or 500 lbs.....	0 6 0	Cow Hides, per large bale.....	0 12 0
Do. do. do. of smaller size.....	0 4 0	Do. do. per smaller bale.....	0 8 0
Metals, per bazar maund.....	0 0 6	Goat skins, per bale.....	0 8 0
Canvas, per bale.....	0 3 0	Quick-silver, per bazar maund.....	0 2 0
Silk, per bale.....	0 6 0	Tin plates, per box.....	0 0 6
Silk piece goods, per case.....	0 6 0	Bricks, per 1,000.....	1 0 0

UNCLAIMED GOODS.—Goods not cleared within two months from the date of landing will be sold by public auction, after due notice in the Official Gazette. The proceeds will be applied to the payment of duty and other charges and the surplus (if any) paid to the owner on application within one year from the date of sale.

RE-LANDED GOODS.—Goods re-landed must be reported upon and identified as being the same that have previously passed the Custom House for exportation. No re-landed Goods shall be passed into Town or entered for re-exportation on board another vessel, until the original entry in the Export Register has been duly checked and cancelled to the extent of the quantity re-landed.

A regular application in the form of Pass Note shall be made in all cases of Goods re-landed either for passing them into Town or for re-exporting them from the Custom House.

UNMANIFESTED GOODS.—Goods landed in excess of those entered in the Manifest or not corresponding with the particulars therein shown, will be charged double or treble duty. Any special case in which the Collector may consider the Goods liable to confiscation, shall be reported to the Board of Revenue for orders.

Exports.

EXPORT CARGO.—No outward bound vessel is allowed to receive cargo on board until application be made at the Custom House, and an order signed by the Collector or Deputy, be granted for the purpose. Such application shall specify the name, tonnage and nation of the vessel, the name of the Master, and of every Port for which Cargo is to be shipped. If goods are shipped prior to grant, the Master is liable to a penalty not exceeding 1,000 Rupees.

Form of Permit for Shipping of Cargo.

To _____
You are permitted to export on the _____ under your command, the undermentioned articles.
Collector of Sea Customs

Date.	Description of Articles.
	Sundry Goods and Passengers' Baggage.

N. B.—This Permit will serve as an authority to grant you boats.

All goods for exportation must be entered for that purpose at the Custom House. The date on which the goods were entered outwards at the Customs is the date of exportation in the event of any charge being made in the rates of duty or in any fixed valuation. Shippers of export goods are required to deliver a full and true specification thereof, according to the following form:—

Parties will be allowed to produce Invoices in support of the quantities and weight of goods as entered in the Export Permit, and also of the value where such is not contained in the Tariff subject to the liabilities contained in Sections 26 to 23, Act VI of 1863.

Form of Export Permit.

Section 123, Act VI of 1863.

The class to which the Goods to be exported belong, to be entered in the Form.*

1. Warehouse or drawback goods.
2. Foreign goods not for drawback.
3. Goods exported under special rule of restriction.
4. Country goods subject to duty.
5. Country goods not subject to duty.

Ships' name.	Whether British or Foreign, if Foreign, the Country.	Master's name.	Port or place of destination.	Marks and numbers.	Number and nature of packages.	Sorts of Goods.	Quantity.	No. of yards.	Weight.	Place of manufacture or produce.	Rates.	Market value.	Tariff value.	Rate of duty.	Amount of duty.

Madras, _____ 18 .

— do hereby declare that the contents and value are truly stated.

(Signature.)

NOTE.—The total value, weight and quantity must be written in words as well as figures.

The tare of packages should be written on each by the Exporter or entered in the Permit where the duty on Goods is chargeable by weight. Goods to be exported free must be entered in a separate application, as also Goods for drawback; and no Goods liable to duty should be mixed with either of the former kinds.

A Pass will be required to be taken for Export Goods as for Goods imported.

Form of Export Pass.

Marks and numbers.	Description of Packages.	Description of Goods.	Quantity or weight.	On what Vessel exported.	To what place exported.	Remarks.

Madras, _____ 18 .

(Signature.)

DRAWBACK—LAND.—Drawback on goods exported by land to Pondicherry shall be allowed under the following rules:—

1st.—The articles must be re-exported in the original packages in which they are imported, or if re-packing be necessary, this must be done under Custom's supervision.

2nd.—The goods must be passed through the Custom House for Drawback in the same manner as if they were to be re-exported by sea.

LAND CERTIFICATES.—Goods having paid Import duty may be exported free by land under the following certificate:—

CERTIFICATE.

Sea Custom House,
Madras, _____ 18—

This is to certify that _____ is about to export by land the under-mentioned goods imported by sea at Madras, and that all demands on account of Import duty have been complied with.

Collector Sea Customs.

To whom consigned and to what place.	Number and description of packages.	Stores of Goods.	Quantity or Weight.	Amount.	Date of duty.	Amount of duty.
				RS. A. P.		RS. A. P.

FREE GOODS.—The following are the articles which are allowed to be exported duty free:—1, Books; 2, Bullion and Coin; 3, Cinnamon; 4, Coals; 5, Coffee; 6, Cotton Wool; 7, Flax; 8, Goods for the use of Her Majesty's Ceylon Government; 9, Hemp; 10, Hides, raw; 11, Horses and other living animals; 12, Iron; 13, Jute; 14, Maps; 15, Precious stones and Pearls; 16, Prints; 17, Raw silk and silk chussum; 18, Ram under certain conditions; 19, Salt—having paid the price fixed to be paid on salt declared for exportation to ports or places not being subordinate to the Presidency of Fort Saint George; 20, Skins, (raw); 21, Spirits; 22, Sugar; 23, Tea; 24, Teak Timber; 25, Tobacco and all preparations thereof; 26, Wool; 27, Works of Art.

Miscellaneous Provisions.

AGENTS.—The clerk, servant or known Agent of a mercantile office may transact business and receive monies for his employer, if a member of the Firm identifies him before the Officer in charge of the Custom House, and empowers him to do so agreeably to the following Form:—

To

The Collector of Sea Customs,

Madras.

Sir,

(We or I) hereby authorize you to pay to _____ all drawbacks, refunds and other monies which may be due to (us or me) from the Madras Custom House, for which he shall produce receipts purporting to be (our or my) receipts.

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

The Madras, }
of ——— 186 . }

This document must bear a one anna Stamp, and is required only from mercantile firms and persons engaged in Trade, who have frequent transactions with the Custom House, and not from private individuals who are expected to transact their business personally or to give a special order for each occasion.

Section 217, Act VI of 1863. Any person making an unauthorized declaration of value is liable to a penalty not exceeding Rupees 1,000.

BAND INSTRUMENTS.—For the use of a Regiment are exempt from Customs duty.—*Fort St. George Gazette, 3rd November 1863, page 797.*

FRENCH GOVERNMENT.—Consignments for the use of the French Government Officers, from one French Settlement in India to another, are allowed to pass free through the British Custom Houses at the Ports, under certificate and seals.—*Board's Circular Order, No. 4392, 8th July 1862.*

HOLIDAYS AT THE CUSTOM HOUSE.—In addition to Her Majesty's Birthday, Christmas and New Year's days, those days on which the Madras Bank and the Merchants close their Offices, as notified by their Advertisements in the Government Gazette, are considered complete Holidays at the Custom House.—*Government Order, 14th February 1863.*

STORES IMPORTED BY GOVERNMENT are landed duty free, but when articles are purchased by Government in this Country after duty has been paid on them, the price should be paid including the duty.—*Government Order, 26th August 1854, No. 1,557.*

RULES FOR GODOWN RENT FOR GOODS LEFT IN CUSTOM HOUSES AT THE SEVERAL OUT-PORTS.

1. Goods will be allowed to remain in the Custom House free of charge for three days only.
2. After that period single rates on each package for four days.
3. After that, treble rates.
4. The day of landing and that of removal to be reckoned as one day—Sunday and holidays are not reckoned in the rent free terms. When the delay is caused by the inability of the Custom House Officers to examine and pass the goods, such delay is not to be reckoned.

N. B.—The foregoing Rules do not apply to personal effects until the fifteenth day after their deposit in the Custom House.

Rates of Wharfage.

	Per month. RS. A. P.				Per month. RS. A. P.		
Beer, whole pipes, butt, or puncheon.....	0	12	0	Spirits, hogshead.....	1	0	0
Do. half pipe, or hogshead.....	0	6	0	Do. in bottle case of 1 dozen...	0	1	6
Do. quarter pipe.....	0	3	0	Do. above 1 and 3 dozens.....	0	1	6
Large casks containing glass or earthenware.....	1	0	0	Do. 3 dozens.....	0	2	0
Tierce do. do. or provisions...	0	12	0	Do. above 3 and under 6 dozens.	0	3	0
Large crates, 12 dozen bottles....	0	6	0	Do. 6 dozens.....	0	4	0
Small do. 6 or 8 dozens more or less.....	0	4	0	Do. for every dozen in excess of 6 dozen size.....	0	0	9
Wines, butt or pipe.....	2	0	0	British Piece Goods, per case above 12 dozens.....	0	8	0
Do. half pipe or hogshead.....	1	0	0	Do. do. per case of 12 dozens, or above 6 dozens.....	0	6	0
Do. quarter pipe.....	0	8	0	Do. do. do. 6 do. or do. 3 do.	0	3	0
Do. chests above 12 dozen size.....	0	8	0	Do. do. do. 3 do. or less.....	0	2	0
Do. do. of 12 dozens or above 6 dozens.....	0	6	0	Do. do. per bale of size of bale of twist of 4 to 500 lbs.....	0	6	0
Do. do. of 6 do. or 3 do....	0	3	0	Do. do. per bale of smaller size.	0	4	0
Do. quarter chest, or 3 dozens.....	0	2	0	Twist of all sorts, per bale of 4 or 500 lbs.....	0	6	0
Do. all boxes under 3 dozens and above 1 dozen.....	0	1	0	Do. do. do. of smaller size....	0	4	0
Do. one dozen boxes.....	0	0	9	Metals, per bazaar maund.....	0	0	6
Spirits, per pipe.....	2	0	0	Sugar, spices, or any other similar articles, per hogshead.....	0	8	0
Canvas, per bale.....	0	3	0	Do. do. do. do. per tierce..	0	4	0
Silk, do.....	0	6	0	Sugarcandy, per tub.....	0	0	6
Do. Piece Goods, per case.....	0	6	0	Tea, per whole chest.....	0	2	0
Indigo, per chest.....	0	6	0	Do. do. smaller box.....	0	1	0
Opium.....	0	6	0	Paint, per keg of 56 lbs.....	0	0	6
Cotton, hemp, jute and safflower, per bale of 300 lbs.....	0	4	0	Salmon, herrings, or other fish, per keg.....	0	0	6
Sugar, rice and seeds, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	2	8	0	Turpentine, linseed, or other vegetable oil, per jar.....	0	2	0
Cutch, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	2	0	0	All cordage, per cwt.....	0	1	0
Shell lac and lac dye, per chest...	0	4	0	Rosin or dammer, per bazaar maund.....	0	1	0
Vermillion, per box.....	0	2	0	Tobacco, unmanufactured, per 1 maund bale...	0	2	0
Arsenic do.....	0	3	0	Gunnies, per large bale.....	0	8	0
Brass leaf, per box.....	0	2	0	Do. do. smaller do.....	0	6	0
China paper, per case.....	0	2	0	Cow hides, per large bale.....	0	12	0
Do. cases of nankin, cassia, camphor, silk, aniseed, &c., per case.....	0	3	0	Do. do. smaller do.....	0	8	0
Ginger or turmeric, per 100 bazaar maunds.....	3	0	0	Goat skins, per bale.....	0	8	0
Betel-nut, per bazaar maund.....	0	0	6	Quick-silver, per bazaar maund...	0	2	0
Cloves do. do.....	0	1	0	Tin plates, per box.....	0	0	6
Coffee, pepper, cardamom, cumminseed, aniseed, in bags or bales, per bazaar maund.....	0	1	0	Bricks, per 1,000.....	1	0	3

IMPORT TARIFF.

NOTE.—A revision of the Tariff has been ordered by the Government of India, and a Committee has been appointed for that purpose.

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|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 1.—Alphabetical Items. | 6.—Gums. |
| 2.—Metals. | 7.—Oils. |
| 3.—Provisions. | 8.—Seeds. |
| 4.—Hides, Skins, and Leather. | 9.—Twist. |
| 5.—Ivory. | 10.—Piece Goods, Cotton, Grey, &c. |

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)			1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)		
		Per RS. A.			Per RS. A.
1	Acid, Nitric, Aquafortis.....	lb. 0 4	25	Brooms, Coconut and Date, hundred	0 8
2	" Sulphuric.....	" 0 3	26	Burroo, Muscat, Native pens, bundle of 100	1 0
3	Ackroot, Walnuts.....	1,000 1 0	27	Burgund or Goolpista.....	cwt. 25 0
4	Akurkurra or Pellitory.....	cwt. 25 0	28	Buzarbutoo Nuts.....	" 4 0
5	Alkali, country, (Sajcekhur).....	" 1 8	1	Cables, Coir, Tarred.....	" 10 0
6	Almonds, with Shell.....	" 10 0	2	Cajoo Kernels.....	" 5 8
7	Aloes, black.....	" 8 0	3	" Nuts (see Seeds)	"
8	" Socotra.....	" 20 0	4	Camphor, Bhimsing (Barras), lb.	50 0
9	Aloe wood.....	lb. 3 0	5	" Crude in powder.....	cwt. 35 0
10	Alum, China.....	cwt. 3 4	6	" Refined Cake.....	" 50 0
11	" Cutch and Sind.....	" 6 0	7	Candles, Wax, Spermaceti and Composition.....	lb. 0 8
12	Aniba Huldee.....	" 4 0	8	Canes, Malacca.....	dozen 1 0
13	Ambosce, dried Mangoes.....	" 3 0	9	Canvas, Country Cotton.....	cwt. 35 0
14	Amulsara, Crystallized Sulphur.....	" 15 0	10	" Europe, Sail, not exceeding 40 yards.....	bolt 15 0
15	Aniseed, Star.....	" 30 0	11	Cardamums.....	cwt. 140 0
16	Antimony, Sulphuret of (Soor-mah).....	" 15 0	12	Cardamums, Bastard.....	" 25 0
17	Arsenic, of all colors.....	" 25 0	13	" Oil (see Oils).	"
18	" White and China Munsceel.....	" 14 0	14	" Seeds (see Seeds).	"
19	Assafoetida (Hing).....	" 50 0	15	Cask Butts, Pipes and Punctoons, complete or in packs, each	6 0
20	" coarse (Hingra).....	" 10 0	16	" Hogsheds, complete or in packs.....	each 4 0
21	Atary, Persian.....	" 15 0	17	" Water, of all sizes.....	" 4 0
22	Azmood, common.....	" 4 0	18	" Staves, Pipe, Butt, and Punctoon, hundred	6 0
1	Bale Lashing of 17 Fathoms, each.....	0 14	19	" Barrel and Hogshedd.....	4 0
2	Bangles, Glass, China, gilt, 100 pairs	8 0	20	Cassia Buds, Nagkesur, China, lb.	0 8
3	" " not gilt.....	" 4 0	21	" Lignea.....	cwt. 35 0
4	Bark, Quercitron.....	cwt. 14 0	22	" Oil (see Oil).	"
5	Beads, China.....	" 30 0	23	Catgut, Country and Persian, 1,000 strings	10 0
6	" Common.....	" 28 0	24	Canth, Cutchor Catechu, black, cwt.	9 8
7	" Glass, white and colored, ad volarem	"	25	" " white.....	"
8	" Ruby, of all sizes.....	lb. 1 0	26	Chancks, large Shells for Camose, hundred	10 0
9	" Seed.....	" 0 12	27	" " white, dead.....	" 6 4
10	" small Scarlet and Red.....	" 0 12	28	" " live.....	" 5 0
11	Betlenut in husk.....	thousand 1 0	29	Chilles, dried.....	cwt. 3 8
12	" White Shevardhum, cwt.	15 0	30	China Root.....	" 0 8
13	" all other kinds.....	" 4 8	31	Chuzam.....	" 60 0
14	Biche-de-mer, Sea Slug or Tripang.....	" 12 0	32	Cinnamon, Ceylon.....	"
15	Bidmiskh.....	carboy 2 0	33	" Oil, Ceylon (see Oils).	14 0
16	Blacking, quarts.....	dozen 5 0	34	Cloves.....	" 8 0
17	" small.....	" 2 8	35	" in seeds, Nurlarung.....	" 8 0
18	Bottles Sodawater, Glass, hundred	7 0	36	" refuse or stalks.....	lb. 1 12
19	" Wine, pints, British.....	" 6 8	37	Cochineal.....	thousand 25 0
20	" quarts, British.....	" 7 0	38	Coconuts.....	thousand 25 0
21	Bore, Aromatic Wood.....	cwt. 5 0			
22	Brimstone, Flour, not Medicinal.....	" 6 0			
23	" Roll, refined.....	" 5 8			
24	" rough.....	" 4 0			

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)			1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)		
		Per RS. A.			Per RS. A.
39	Cocoon Kernel (Copra).....	cwt. 8 0	6	Fish Sozille and singly, small, cwt.	6 0
40	" Shells, rough Hooka Bottoms.....	thousand 12 0	7	Flints, Gun and Pistol.....	thousand 4 0
41	Cocum.....	cwt. 3 8	1	Galangal, China.....	cwt. 10 0
42	" Oil (see Oils)	"	2	" other places.....	" 3 8
43	Coffee, Persian Gulf and Red Sea, cwt.	30 0	3	Gallnuts, Country.....	" 2 0
44	" other places.....	" 20 0	4	" Persian.....	" 30 0
45	" refuse.....	" 7 0	5	Gamboge Wood.....	" 16 0
46	Coir Rope, Maldiva, Laccadive, and Ceylon.....	cwt. 10 0	6	Garlic.....	" 3 0
47	Coir Yarn of all kinds.....	" 9 0	7	Genda Sing (see Rhinoceros Horns)	"
48	Columba Root.....	" 4 0	8	Glass, broken.....	cwt. 5 0
49	Copperas, green.....	" 2 8	9	" China, of all colors, 133½ lb.	40 0
50	Coral Beads, false (Moorzan) corge of 2,000 beads	0 6	10	" Crown colored suppl. 100 feet.	40 0
51	Cordage, Hemp, Europe.....	cwt. 15 0	11	" of sizes.....	" 7 0
52	" Manilla.....	" 15 0	12	" Phials, common, China gilt and plain.....	thousand 5 0
53	Corks, English and other kinds, gross	1 0	13	" Plate, not Silvered.....	foot 0 10
54	" French and Spanish.....	" 1 8	14	Glue, Europe and China.....	cwt. 28 0
55	Cornelians, Dole, Necklace, plain, of all kinds, corge of 2,000 beads	6 0	15	" other kinds.....	" 12 0
56	" " cut, gross.....	20 0	16	Goggles, China Plate, common 100.	25 0
57	" Gool and Nimgool, hundred	5 0	17	Gold Leaf, Europe.....	100 leaves 4 0
58	" Nagina.....	thousand 4 0	18	Gowla, in husk and without husk, cwt.	25 0
59	" Tusby, cut, corge of 2,000 beads	15 0	19	Gouzaban.....	" 5 0
60	" " plain.....	" 5 0	20	Grease and Tallow.....	" 20 0
61	Corrosive Sublimate (Ruscupoor) lb.	1 8	21	Gunpowder, common & blasting, lb	0 5
62	Cotton Rope.....	cwt. 20 0	22	" country.....	" 0 4
63	" Sewing Thread.....	lb. 0 12	23	" Sporting.....	" 1 0
64	" in reels, not exceeding 100 yards* gross reels	2 4	1	Honey, Mocha.....	cwt. 30 0
65	" Goa and Country cwt.	28 0	2	Horns, buffalo.....	" 8 0
66	Cowdas, Mozambique and Zanzibar.....	hundred 1 8	3	" Rhinoceros.....	" 45 0
67	" from other places.....	" 0 8	4	" Stag of Deer.....	" 12 0
68	Cowries, Bazar, common.....	cwt. 5 0	5	Horse Hair.....	lb. 0 8
69	" Maldiva.....	" 17 0	1	Jagree Sugar-cane.....	cwt. 4 0
70	" Sunkley.....	" 40 0	2	" other sorts.....	" 3 8
71	" Yellow, superior quality.....	" 12 0	3	Jatamassy, Spikenard.....	" 16 0
72	Cubebs.....	" 45 0	1	Lamp Black.....	" 11 0
73	Cubsha drug.....	" 30 0	2	Lard.....	" 50 0
74	Cuppas, Mat bags.....	hundred 8 0	3	Lemon Juice.....	Impl. gallon 1 0
75	Currants, Europe.....	cwt. 35 0	4	Lignum Vita.....	cwt. 4 0
76	" Persian.....	" 12 0	5	Liquorice Juice.....	lb. 0 12
1	Dammer.....	" 5 0	6	" Root.....	cwt. 6 0
2	Dates, Dry, in bags.....	" 3 0	1	Mace.....	lb. 0 7
3	" Wet, in bags.....	" 2 8	2	" false.....	cwt. 6 0
4	" in pots.....	" 5 0	3	Madder or Munjeet.....	" 10 0
5	Deal, or Pine Planks and Boards, superficial square foot and one inch thickness, 1,000 feet.....	55 0	4	Mahogany, in logs, per superficial square foot of one inch thickness.	0 3
6	Dhowna Worm-wood.....	cwt. 4 0	5	Mamerran, a China Drug.....	lb. 2 0
1	Ebony.....	" 1 4	6	Mats, Floor-matting, China of all sorts.....	hundred 50 0
2	Esburch, or Isparuck.....	" 7 0	7	Moostley.....	cwt. 10 0
1	Felt, Sheathing, 40x32 in piece	0 4	8	Mother of Pearl Shells.....	" 0 8
2	Figs, Europe.....	cwt. 42 0	9	Musk.....	per oz. (avoirdupois) 12 8
3	" Persian, dried.....	" 6 0	10	" in pod.....	" 5 0
4	Fireworks, China, box of 133½ lb.	20 8	1	Nuckla, cleaned.....	cwt. 40 0
5	Fish Maws.....	cwt. 50 0	2	Nutmegs.....	lb. 0 8

* Exceeding this length to be charged in proportion.

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)			1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.—(continued.)		
	Per rs. A.			Per rs. A.	
1	Paints of sorts.....cwt.	12 0	15	Silk, Raw, Mathow.....lb.	1 4
2	Panchopant, or White Horse-bound.....	7 0	16	" " other kinds of China " "	5 0
3	Paper, China, colored flowered and plain.....1,000 sheets	8 0	17	" " Persian.....	3 0
4	" " flowered and partially gilt.....1,000 sheets	15 0	18	" " Punjum & Cutchra " "	1 2
5	" " gilt, Bellisia.....	2 0	19	" " Siam.....	2 8
6	" " half.....	1 0	20	" " Sewing Thread, China.....	6 0
7	" " Lappa.....	20 0	21	Silver-ware, plain.....toia	1 4
8	" " wholly and entirely gilt, flowered & plain 1,000 sheets	25 0	22	Slush, Fat.....barrel	14 0
9	" " writing.....	22 0	23	Soap, bar.....lb.	0 11
10	Patent Fuel.....ton.	13 0	24	" " cake.....	0 8
11	Pearls, false, Bajerla.....lakh	5 0	25	" " ".....doz.	1 0
12	" " Boria.....thousand	1 0	26	Soap Stone, Sunkjeeroo.....cwt.	3 8
13	" " Jouria.....lakh	8 0	27	Soorunjun, Arabian Drug.....	10 0
14	" " Nathia.....thousand	0 6	28	Storax, liquid (Sillarus or Rose Malloes).....	40 0
15	" " Tachca.....	0 12	29	Suet.....	35 0
16	" " Wattanah.....lakh	10 0	30	Sugar Candy, China.....	15 0
17	Pepper, black.....cwt.	16 0	31	" " Loaf.....	23 0
18	" " long.....	16 0	32	" " Soft.....	12 0
19	" " white.....	25 0	33	Syrup, Ginger, China, in quart bottles.....doz.	12 0
20	Pimento, or Allspice.....	55 0	1	Tar, American.....barrel.	12 0
21	Pistachio Nuts.....	14 0	2	" " Coal.....	6 0
22	Pitch, American, Barrel* not exceeding.....336 lbs.	10 0	3	" " Swedish and Archangel.....	14 0
23	" " Coal.....	5 0	4	" " Tea.....lb.	0 10
24	" " Europe.....	10 0	5	Tortoise Shell.....	7 0
25	Preserves, China, candied fruits lb.	0 8	6	" " Nuck.....	1 0
26	" " in boxes of 6 small Jars.....per box	7 0	7	Tuggur Wood.....cwt.	3 8
27	Prunes, Bussorah.....cwt.	12 0	8	Turneric.....	5 0
28	" " foreign, Europe.....lb.	0 8	9	Twine, Europe, Sail.....lb.	0 6
29	Prussian Blue, China.....	0 8	1	Umbrellas, China, Paper Ket-tisals.....100	40 0
30	" " Europe.....	1 8	2	" " Cotton, Cane ribs.....each	0 8
1	Raisins, Persian Gulf and Red Sea.....cwt.	7 0	3	" " Steel ribs.....	0 12
2	" " Monocka, Persian Gulf and Red Sea.....	7 0	1	Verdigris.....cwt.	80 0
3	" " Muscatel or Bloom.....lb.	0 8	2	Vermillion, Canton, box of 90 bds.....	100 0
4	Rattans.....cwt.	6 0	3	" " Macao.....	40 0
5	Red Lead.....lb.	13 0	4	Vinegar, in bottles, country, Impl. gal.	0 8
6	Rhubarb.....lb.	0 8	5	" " in wood.....	0 12
7	Rose flowers, dried.....cwt.	10 0	6	Vitriol, Blue, Moortooth.....cwt.	27 0
8	Rose-water in Carboys.....each	3 0	1	Wax.....	50 0
1	Saffron, Europe.....lb.	15 0	White Lead.....	12 0	
2	" " in cakes or lumps.....	5 0	2.—METALS.		
3	Sanchal or Black Medicinal Salt.....cwt.	5 0	1	Bird Shot.....cwt.	15 0
4	Sandal Wood.....	20 0	2	Brass Beads, Googree, China, 1,000	0 12
5	" " Bastard.....	2 0	3	" " Leaf, China.....lb.	0 12
6	Sapan Wood and Root.....	4 0	4	" " Old.....cwt.	40 0
7	Sarsaparilla.....lb.	1 0	5	" " Sheets, rolls, very thin " "	80 0
8	Scaling Wax, Europe.....	0 8	1	China Cash.....	30 0
9	Seltzer Water.....doz.	3 0	2	" " White Copper ware.....lb.	1 10
10	Senna Leaves.....cwt.	6 0	3	Copper, Australian.....cwt.	55 0
11	Shark Fins.....	20 0	4	" " Bolt.....	60 0
12	Shemby Bark, Cassela.....	2 8	5	" " Braziers.....	60 0
13	Silk, Floss.....lb.	6 0	6	" " Japan.....	55 0
14	" " Raw Charon & Cochlin China.....	3 0	7	" " Nails and Composi-tion Nails.....	52 0
			8	" " Old.....	50 0
			9	" " Pigs and Slabs, foreign.....	50 0

* If half barrels, not exceeding 168 lbs., are imported, the Tariff value is only to be one-half of the value entered for a barrel.

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
2.—METALS.—(continued.)			3.—PROVISIONS.—(continued.)		
	Per rs. A.			Per rs. A.	
10	Copper Sheet, Sheathing & Plate.....cwt.	55 0	6	Biscuits, fine, Cabin.....cwt.	14 0
11	" " Tiles, Ingots, Cakes and Bricks.....	55 0	7	Butter.....	56 0
1	Iron Anchors and Anchors with Wooden Stocks.....	12 0	1	Cheese.....lb.	0 10
2	" " Cables.....	7 0	2	Chocolate.....	0 8
3	" " Flat, Square & Bolt including Scotch.....ton	90 0	3	Cocoa, prepared.....	0 8
4	" " Hoop, Plate and Sheet.....	115 0	1	Fish, Salted.....cwt.	2 0
5	" " Kettle.....	15 0	2	Flour, American† barrel not exceeding 200 lbs.	25 0
6	" " Nails.....cwt.	10 0	3	" " Australian.....cwt.	15 0
7	" " Nail Rod.....ton	95 0	4	" " Cape.....	25 0
8	" " Old.....cwt.	2 8	5	" " in sacks of 200 lbs. each	25 0
9	" " Pig.....ton	40 0	1	Ghee.....cwt.	25 0
10	" " Rice Bowls.....set of 10	3 4	1	Hams.....lb.	0 8
11	" " ".....set of 6	1 10	2	" " in Canisters.....	0 9
12	" " Rigging & other Chains, cwt.	10 0	1	Maccaroni.....	0 4
13	" " Rivets.....	11 0	1	Sago.....cwt.	7 0
14	" " Rod, Round, British, under half inch diameter.....ton	110 0	2	Salted Tongues.....keg of 6	10 0
15	" " Swedish, flat and square.....	140 0	1	Vermicelli.....lb.	0 4
1	Lametta, double Reels.....corg	4 8	4.—HIDES, SKINS AND LEATHER.		
2	" " single.....	2 4	1	Border Hides, prepared each	30 0
3	Lead, Pig.....cwt.	11 0	1	Calf Skins for Boots.....doz.	40 0
4	" " Pipes.....	13 8	2	Chamois Skins.....	4 0
5	" " Sheets.....	12 0	1	Enamelled Hides for Carriage Hoods.....each	25 0
6	" " Tin Sheet, for Tea Canisters.....	30 0	1	Goat Skins, prepared.....doz.	27 0
1	Mock Gold Leaf, corg of 20 books	5 0	1	Hog Skins, for saddles.....	125 0
1	Orsidue, foreign Europe, lb.	1 4	2	Horse Hides.....each	30 0
1	Patent Metal, old.....cwt.	38 0	1	Morocco Skins, American, doz.	20 0
2	" " Sheathing.....	48 0	2	" " Imitation or Roan " "	20 0
1	Quicksilver.....lb.	1 0	3	" " Real.....	48 0
1	Spelter Nails.....cwt.	17 8	1	Pump Leather.....lb.	0 12
2	" " Plate and other shapes " "	11 0	1	Rein Hides and Backs, brown and black.....each	30 0
3	" " Sheet, or Zinc Sheathing.....	15 0	2	Rhinoceros' Leather.....cwt.	30 0
4	Steel Blistered.....	10 0	1	Sole and Harness Hides and Butts.....lb.	0 12
5	" " British.....	10 0	1	Tanned Buffalo, Country, corg	50 0
6	" " Cast.....	27 8	2	" " Cow " "	35 0
7	" " Spring.....	12 0	5.—IVORY.		
8	" " Swedish.....	12 0	1	Elephants' Grinders.....cwt.	16 0
1	Tin Block.....	50 0	2	" " Teeth, weighing 20 lbs. and upwards.....cwt.	300 0
2	" " Plate* box not exceeding 225 plates.....	14 0	3	" " " 10 lbs. and not exceeding 20 lbs. cwt.	225 0
1	Wire, Brass.....lb.	0 10	4	" " " under 10 lbs. " "	125 0
2	" " Common Iron, Nos. 1 to 40, cwt.	10 0	1	Sea Cow or Moye Teeth, 3 lbs. and upwards.....cwt.	225 0
3	" " Copper.....lb.	0 10	2	" " " under 3 lbs. " "	75 0
3.—PROVISIONS.			6.—GUMS.		
1	Bacon in Canisters.....lb.	0 9	1	Gum Ammoniac.....cwt.	10 0
2	" " Jowl and Checks.....	0 9	2	" " Arabic.....	10 0
3	Beef and Pork †tierce {Beef " 60 0 " " 50 0 " " 40 0 " " 34 0		3	" " Refuse or Cannee " "	4 0
4	" " Barrell {Beef " 40 0 " " 34 0		4	" " Bamboo, Vanslochun, lb.	0 5
5	Biscuits, coarse, Sailor.....cwt.	7 0	5	" " B'delium, common Gum, cwt.	3 8
			6	" " Benjamin.....	25 0

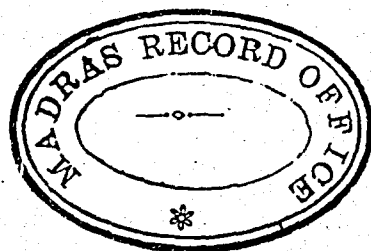
* If half boxes not exceeding 112 plates, are imported, the Tariff value is only to be one-half of the value entered for a box.

† Tierce not to exceed 336 lbs., Barrel 224 lbs.

‡ If half barrels, not exceeding 100 lbs., are imported, the Tariff value is only to be one-half of the value entered for a barrel.

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
6.—Gums—(continued.)			8.—SEEDS—(continued.)		
	Per rs. a.			Per. rs. a. p.	
7	Gum Bysabole, coarse, Myrrh, cwt.	12 0	7	Seed, Castor..... cwt.	4 0 0
8	" Copal..... "	65 0	8	" Chimel..... "	7 0 0
9	" Refuse or Cunnee..... "	15 0	9	" Cummin..... "	10 0 0
13	" Frankincense, or Olibanum..... "	7 0	10	" Black..... "	5 0 0
11	" Gambier (or Kino)..... "	8 0	11	" Esubgool..... "	4 0 0
12	" Gamboge..... lb.	0 8	12	" Linseed..... "	4 2 0
13	" Heeraducan, Dragon's blood..... "	1 0	13	" Mathee..... "	4 0 0
14	" Mastic, Mustakey, Turkey..... "	8 0	14	" Sawjeerah..... "	20 0 0
15	" " other sorts cwt.	20 0	15	" Surseed and Mustard..... "	4 2 0
16	" Myrrh..... "	22 0	16	" Tookmeria..... "	5 0 0
17	" Persian, False..... "	3 0	BRITISH AND FOREIGN PIECE GOODS, COTTON, BLEACHED AND GREY, viz., Bleached.		
18	" Rosin..... "	5 0	1	Brocades, spotted or striped Shirtings, not exceeding 36 inches wide..... yard.	0 3 0
7.—OILS.			Grey.		
1	Oil, Cardamum..... lb.	10 0	2	Shirtings, Madapollams and Printers..... lb.	1 0 0
2	" Cassia..... "	4 0	3	Long Cloths and Jeans..... "	0 14 0
3	" Castor, Cold-drawn, doz. pts.	6 0	4	Domestic Sheetings, Drills, and T Cloth..... lb.	0 12 0
4	" Cinnamon, Ceylon..... lb.	10 0	10.—TWIST.		
5	" Cocoonut..... cwt.	14 0	1	Mule, Nos. 16 to 24..... lb.	0 13 9
6	" Cocum..... "	10 0	2	" " 28 to 32..... "	0 14 9
7	" Cod Liver..... dozen quarts..... "	24 0	3	" " 38 to 42..... "	1 0 3
8	" Earth..... cwt.	10 0	4	" " 48 to 52..... "	1 1 9
9	" Grass..... lb.	1 8	5	" " 60..... "	1 3 0
10	" Kyanputie..... quart bottle..... "	2 4	6	" " 70..... "	1 4 0
11	" Linseed, Country..... cwt.	12 0	7	" " 80..... "	1 5 3
12	" " Europe, Impl. gallon..... "	1 12	8	" " 90..... "	1 6 3
13	" Naphtha..... cwt.	27 0	9	" " 100..... "	1 7 6
14	" Nutmeg..... lb.	30 0	10	" " 100 to 150..... "	1 12 9
15	" Otto of Roses..... ounce..... "	15 0	11	" " 160 to 200..... "	2 1 3
16	" " other sorts..... "	15 0	1	Water, No. 20..... "	0 14 0
17	" Sandalwood..... lb.	7 0	2	" " 30..... "	0 15 3
18	" Sorrel..... cwt.	14 0	3	" " 40..... "	1 1 3
19	" Teel..... "	11 0	4	" " 50..... "	1 3 3
20	" Turpentine..... Impl. gallon..... "	1 12	5	Turkey red Twist, all kinds, other colors..... "	*1 9 0
21	" Whale and Fish..... cwt.	10 0	6	Twist, Orange, Red, and other colors..... "	*1 4 0
22	" Wood..... "	12 0	8.—SEEDS.		
1	Seed, Anchuchuck..... cwt.	10 0	1	Seed, Anchuchuck..... cwt.	10 0
2	" Anise, Europe..... "	28 0	2	" Anise, Europe..... "	28 0
3	" Assalia..... "	5 0	3	" Assalia..... "	5 0
4	" Badana or Quince Seed..... "	40 0	4	" Badana or Quince Seed..... "	40 0
5	" Cajoo..... "	2 0	5	" Cajoo..... "	2 0
6	" Cardamum..... "	70 0	6	" Cardamum..... "	70 0

* Duty to be charged on the Grey weight of the colored Yarn; when not ascertainable, the actual wharf or invoice weight to be taken.



EXPORT TARIFF.

EXPORT TARIFF.

1.—Alphabetical Items.			5.—Gunnies.		
2.—Oils.			6.—Piece Goods, Silk.		
3.—Hides, Skins, and Leathers.			7.—Piece Goods, Cotton.		
4.—Oil Seeds, &c.					
No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS.			1.—ALPHABETICAL ITEMS—(continued.)		
	Per. rs. a.			Per. rs. a.	
1	Ajwan Korisan..... cwt.	3 0	1	Hooka Bottoms, Cocoonut, prepared..... hundred	5 6
2	" or Sorage..... "	4 0	2	Horns, Buffalo..... cwt.	8 0
3	Aloe Wood..... lb.	3 3	3	" Cow..... "	6 0
4	Arrowroot, common..... "	20 0	4	" Deer and Stag..... "	10 0
5	" in canisters..... }	20 0	5	" Tips..... "	10 0
6	Aniseed (see Oil Seeds.)..... "	1 0	1	Jute Rope..... "	6 0
1	Bale Lashings, of 17 Fathoms each..... "	0 14	1	Lac Button..... "	40 0
2	Bangles, glass, broken..... cwt.	3 0	2	" Dye..... "	42 0
3	" " country..... "	15 0	3	Lac Seed..... "	30 0
4	" Lac thousand..... "	5 0	4	" Shell..... "	42 0
5	Bedenut in husk..... "	1 0	5	" Stick..... "	21 0
6	Biscuits, Brown..... cwt.	7 0	6	Lard, Hog's..... "	25 0
7	" White, cabin..... "	14 0	1	Moortooth or Vitriol, Blue..... "	27 0
8	Blankets, country..... corge.	12 0	2	Musk..... oz.	12 0
9	" Patna..... "	16 0	3	" in pods..... "	5 0
10	Bodar..... cwt.	22 0	4	Mustard Seed (see Oil Seeds.)..... "	
11	Bones, Animal..... "	1 8	5	Myrabolams country (Galnuts.)..... cwt.	2 0
12	Borax..... "	20 0	6	Myrawood..... "	7 0
13	Bran..... "	1 8	1	Nux Vomica..... "	2 0
14	Brass and composition Ware..... "	48 0	1	Omlah..... "	2 0
15	Brooms, cocoonut & date, hundred bundle of 100..... "	0 8	1	Papudkhar (Sub-Carbonate of Soda)..... cwt.	2 0
16	Burroo, Country (Native Pens)..... "	0 8	2	Patchuck Koot or Ooplat..... "	14 0
17	Butter..... cwt.	33 0	3	Peplamool or long pepper root..... "	22 0
1	Cables, Coir, Tarred..... "	10 0	4	Pepper, Black..... "	16 0
2	Caleejera, or Black Cummin seed (see Oil Seeds.)..... "		5	" Long..... "	25 0
3	Canvass, Hemp, or Cotton, mixed..... bolt.	7 8	1	Rags..... "	3 0
4	Caoutchouc, India Rubber..... cwt.	20 0	2	Red Wood..... "	3 0
5	Cardamums large..... "	25 0	1	Safflower, Bengal..... "	42 0
6	Cassia..... "	5 0	2	" Ghaty and Guzeratte..... "	15 0
7	Canth, Cutch, or Catechu of all kinds..... cwt.	9 8	3	Sajec Matee or Crude Soda..... "	2 0
8	Cheeratah..... "	5 0	4	Salammoniac..... "	22 0
9	Chillies, dried..... "	6 0	5	Sandalwood Shavings, Malabar..... "	7 0
10	Cinnabar or Vermillion..... lb.	2 0	6	Spanwood..... "	4 0
11	Coals..... ton.	10 0	7	Sindoor or Red Lead (country)..... "	11 0
12	Cocoonut..... thousand.	25 0	8	Soap in Balls..... "	8 0
13	Copper ware..... cwt.	70 0	9	Suet..... "	35 0
14	Coriander Seed (see Oil Seeds.)..... "		1	Talc, Bengal..... "	14 0
15	Cotton Twist, Country..... lb.	0 7	2	" Ghaty..... "	8 0
16	Cow Tails (black)..... cwt.	95 0	3	Tallow Candles..... "	20 0
17	" (white)..... "	150 0	4	" and Grease..... "	16 0
18	Cowries..... "	14 0	5	Tamarind with seed..... "	1 8
19	Cummin Seed (see Oil Seeds.)..... "		6	" without seed..... "	3 8
1	Elephants' Teeth or Tusks above 20 lbs..... cwt.	300 0	7	Taploca..... "	52 0
2	" " above 10 lbs. and not exceeding 20 lbs..... cwt.	225 0	8	Tincal..... "	18 0
3	" " under 10 lbs..... "	125 0	9	Tin, Refined, Country, Kalnee..... "	50 0
1	Fish Maws..... "	50 0	10	Turmeric..... "	3 0
2	Flour..... "	10 0	11	Twine, Hemp..... "	18 0
3	Soojee..... "	11 0	12	" Jute..... "	7 0
1	Ghee..... "	25 0	1	Varnish, Country..... gallon.	2 0
2	Ginger, dry (rough)..... "	6 0	1	Wachnac (Aconite Root)..... cwt.	30 0
3	" (scraped)..... "	10 0	2	Wax..... "	55 0
4	Gam, Babool..... "	7 0	3	" Black or inferior..... "	40 0
			4	" Candles..... "	60 0
			5	" Composition do..... "	60 0

No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.	No.	NAMES OF ARTICLES.	Tariff Valuation.
2.—OILS.			5.—GUNNIES, &c.		
	Per rs. A.			Per rs. A.	
1	Oil, Azma.....	lb. 4 0	1	Cheekum.....	100 12 0
2	" Bhoysing.....	cwt. 12 0	1	Doffally.....	100 16 0
3	" Cassia, common, Country.....	lb. 1 4	1	Fatia.....	100 10 0
4	" Castor.....	cwt. 12 0	1	Gunny Cloth Bags.....	100 20 0
5	" Chumbalee.....	lb. 1 0	2	" of 20 yards and.....	86
6	" Coconut.....	cwt. 14 0	3	" inches wide and under.....	piece, 2 4
7	" Croton.....	lb. 3 0	3	" of 30 yards, above.....	86
8	" Curdey.....	cwt. 8 0	1	Jail Gunny Bags.....	piece, 3 4
9	" Dhoopel.....	" 25 0	1	Kanchoonay.....	piece, 8 0
10	" Grass.....	lb. 1 8	1	Motabariah.....	piece, 12 0
11	" Linseed.....	cwt. 12 0	1	Other Gunny Bags not exceeding in length 29 in. breadth 29 inches.....	100 12 0
12	" Mustard.....	" 12 0			
13	" Oondy.....	" 8 0			
14	" Poppy.....	" 12 0			
15	" Sursee or Surrus.....	" 12 0			
16	" Teel.....	" 12 0			

3.—HIDES, SKINS AND LEATHERS.

1	Buffaloe, Country, Tanned.....	corg 50 0
1	Cow.....	" 35 0
1	Goat and Sheep Skins, Tanned.....	" 8 0
1	Lamb Skins, Tanned.....	" 5 0

4.—OIL SEEDS, &c.

1	Aniseed, Country.....	cwt. 5 0
1	Caleejeera or Black Cuminin Seed.....	" 3 0
2	Castor Seed (Erundee).....	" 4 2
3	Coriander Seed.....	" 4 0
4	Cuminin Seed.....	" 10 0
1	Linseed.....	" 4 0
1	Mathee Seed.....	" 2 8
2	Mustard Seed.....	" 4 2
1	Poppy Seed.....	" 4 2
1	Rape or Sursee Seed.....	" 4 2
1	Teel, Jingeely and Sessamum Seed.....	" 4 2

6.—PIECE GOODS, SILK.*

1	Bandanahs, Choppas, per piece of 7 handkerchiefs.....	corg 115 0
1	Korahs, 14 by 2.....	" 115 0
2	" 13 by 1-14.....	" 80 0
3	" 12 by 1-12.....	" 55 0
4	" 10 by 1-6.....	" 35 0
2	" Trusser.....	" 80 0
1	Moomee Chop- { Per piece of 7 hand-kerchiefs.....	115 0
2	" 13 by 1-14.....	" 80 0
3	" 12 by 1-12.....	" 55 0
4	" 10 by 1-6.....	" 35 0

7.—PIECE GOODS, COTTON.

1	Baftahs.....	corg 26 0
1	Gurrah.....	" 16 0
1	Kharwah.....	" 15 0
1	Mamoodie.....	" 32 0
2	Mirzapoor Chintz.....	" 11 0
1	Patna do.....	" 25 0
1	Shans.....	" 40 0
1	Tanjeb, Oude.....	" 26 0

By order,

A. D. ROBERTSON,

Acting Secretary to Government.

* N. B.—Silk Piece Goods exceeding in dimensions those specified to be assessed proportionately.

NOTE.—For further particulars regarding Customs Regulations, vide "Sea Custom House Manual," compiled by Mr. W. E. Fox, which may be had at the Custom House, and Government Gazette Office, price Rupees 3-8-0 per copy. Government have sanctioned this Work to be adopted as a Text Book for the examination of Sea Custom Superintendents.

NOTIFICATION.—It is hereby notified that from and after the 1st January 1866, all persons transacting business at the Custom House at Madras, or at any of the out-ports will be required to provide for their own use, the several forms noted below, which have hitherto been supplied to them at Government expense. The forms should be printed either on English or French Foolscap paper.

- Form A. Application for a License for Private Warehouse.
 " B. Do. to Warehouse Goods.
 " C. Bond for Import duty.
 " D. Application to remove Goods from Warehouse.
 " G. Coasting Pass, Import Manifest, Export Manifest, Import Boat Notes, Export Boat Notes.

R. A. DALYELL, Acting Secretary,
Board of Revenue.

THE MADRAS REVENUE SETTLEMENT AND SURVEY DEPARTMENTS.

I. Settlement Branch.

CENTRAL OFFICE.

R. E. Master, Esq.....Officiating Director of Revenue Settlement.
 Mr. J. Howell.....1st Uncovenanted Assistant.
2nd Do. do. do.
 Mr. W. P. Williams.....Manager.

Godavery Party.

.....Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.
 P. Vana Row.....Uncovenanted Native Asst. in charge of the Office.

Kistna Party.

W. Wilson, Esq.....Acting Sub Collector on special duty (in charge)

Kurnool and Cuddapah Party.

R. J. Melville, Esq.....Officiating Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.
 J. H. M. Cox, Esq.....Assistant Director of Revenue Settlement.
 Captain C. J. Stuart.....Do. do. do.
 R. V. Mayer, Esq.....Do. do. do. (leave).
 Y. Sunkara Row.....Uncovenanted Native Assistant

Salem Party.

.....Deputy Director of Revenue Settlement.
 Seshiengar.....Supervisor in charge of the Office.
 T. Venkata Charri.....Uncord. Native Asst. employed under Collr. of Tinnevely.

Nominal Roll of the Revenue Survey Department, arranged according to Districts.—Central Office.

Rank and Names.	Appointment.	Remarks.
Lieut. Col. F. J. B. Priestley.....	Staff Corps.	
Mr. W. Starr.....	Supt. Revenue Survey.....	
K. S. Kavarachary.....	1st Asst. Rev. Survey Office.	
Mr. D. Sinclair.....	Manager.	
P. Thambiappa Naik.....	Head Draughtsman.	
M. Davarajooloo Moodelly.....	Asst. Draughtsman.	

Coimbatore and Salem Districts, No. 1 Party.

Major W. H. Hessey.....	Staff Corps.	Depy. Supt. Revenue Survey.....	In charge of Neilgherry Survey and Demarcation.
W. Beaumont, Esq.....		Depy. Supt. Revenue Survey.....	In charge.
Lieutenant C. D. Baynes.....	Staff Corps.	1st Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
Mr. J. Ross.....		Sub Assistant.	
Lieut. W. H. A. Franklyne.....		Prob. Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey.....	
Mr. T. Fraser.....		Sub Assistant.	
Iyasaamy Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.	Employed on the Neilgherry Hills.
C. Rangachary.....		Head Surveyor.	
C. Streenevass Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.	
Anantha Naidoo.....		Head Surveyor.	
Chinnasawmy Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.	
Nagasawmy Iyer.....		Acting Head Surveyor.	
M. Appasawmy Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.	
S. Maduranigam Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.	
Mohedeen Sahib.....		Head Surveyor.	
M. Vitul Row.....		Head Surveyor.	
M. Joseph Pillay.....		Manager.....	
		Head Draughtsman.	

Nominal Roll of the Revenue Survey Department, arranged according to Districts.—continued.
Kurnool District, No. 2 Party.

Rank and Names.	Appointments.	Remarks.
W. Beaumont, Esq.....	Depty. Supt. Revenue Survey..	In charge of No. 1 Coimbatore and Salem Surr. Party.
J. H. Wright, Esq.....	1st Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	In charge of No. 2 Party.
H. Gompertz, Esq.....	1st Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	1st Asst. on probation, doing duty with Branch Office, Guntoor.
T. A. Tomlinson, Esq.....	2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
Mr. H. Hollingsworth.....	Sub Assistant.	
Mr. S. Johnson.....	Head Surveyor.	
Mr. R. L. Scott.....	Head Surveyor.	
Mr. T. A. Wood.....	Head Surveyor.	
H. Venkataratnam.....	Head Surveyor.	
Mr. Clarke.....	Acting Head Surveyor.	
Mr. A. Corry.....	Head Surveyor.	
G. Venkatasamy Naidoo.....	Acting Head Surveyor.	
Mr. J. Thomson.....	Head Surveyor.	
Mr. J. C. Wilshaw.....	Acting Head Surveyor.	
M. Lakshminarasimhapuntoloo.....	Acting Manager.	
K. Venkatasiah.....	Head Computer.	
D. Basavalingom.....	Head Draughtsman.	
C. Narayanasamy Naidoo.....	Asst. Draughtsman.	

Cuddapah District, No. 3 Party.

Lieut. Colonel W. Crew.....	Staff Corps.	Depty. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
H. Gompertz, Esq.....		1st Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	In temporary charge at Guntoor.
Captain H. St. M. Wyndham.....		1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	On sick leave to Europe for 20 months from 17th July 1866.
H. O. Dunsford, Esq.....		2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	Europe private affairs for 9 months.
J. J. Tomlinson, Esq.....		2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
Mr. H. Vaughan.....		Acting Sub Assistant.	
Mr. J. Webb.....		Head Surveyor.	
M. Kistnasawmy Naidoo.....		Head Surveyor.	
Mr. J. Donne.....		Acting Head Surveyor.	
A. Streepathy Naidoo.....		Ag. Manager.	
P. Narasimha Row.....		Asst. Computer.	

Kistna District, Branch from No. 3 Party.

H. Gompertz, Esq.....	1st Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	On probation. In temporary charge
S. Reddaya.....	Head Surveyor.	
K. Venkatarasus.....	Head Computer.	
M. Vanugopaul, Naidoo.....	Head Draughtsman.	

Tinnevely District, No. 4 Party.

Major W. Barber.....	33d N. I.	Depty. Supt. Revenue Survey.
Lieutenant R. M. Clerk.....		2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.
Lieutenant H. O. Graham.....	Staff Corps.	2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.
Mr. H. P. Patton.....		Sub Assistant.
Mr. J. Cooper.....		Head Surveyor.
Mr. R. McLutichinson.....		Head Surveyor.
Mr. P. Curran.....		Head Surveyor.
Canacasaba Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.
Samu Pillay.....		Head Surveyor.
Cupusamy Moodelly.....		Head Surveyor.
Mr. G. C. D. McIntyre.....		Head Surveyor.
Mr. H. J. Bullock.....		Acting Head Surveyor.
H. Gurusamy Iyah.....		Acting Manager.
M. Appavoo Pillay.....		Head Draughtsman.

Nellore District, No. 5 Party.

F. C. Puckle, Esq.....	Depty. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
Lieutenant A. O. H. Clay.....	2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	Doing duty in the Madras District.
Mr. G. Middleton.....	Sub Assistant.	
G. Subbramaneyah.....	Head Surveyor.	
V. Ramachandra Row.....	Head Surveyor.	
S. Vasudava Row.....	Head Surveyor.	
S. Seenevasa Row.....	Acting Head Surveyor.	
C. Lakshminarasayanappah.....	Manager.	
M. Joseph Pillay.....	Head Draughtsman.....	Doing duty with No. 1 Party.
Varadarsajooloo Naidoo.....	Actg. Head Draughtsman.	

Nominal Roll of the Revenue Survey Department, arranged according to Districts.—continued.

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointments.	Remarks.
Ganjam District.		
H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq.....	1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	In charge of Demarcation and Survey of Government Talooks.
B. W. Puckle, Esq.....	2d Asst. Supt. Revenue Survey.	
Ramakistnamah.....	Inspector of Boundaries	
S. Krishnamma Charlu.....	Deputy Inspector.	

Madras District.

Lieutenant J. G. Cloete.....	Staff Corps.	1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	In charge of Demarcation.
Captain J. F. T. Sherman.....		2d Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	Doing duty in Madras Demarcation.
H. B. Addis, Esq.....		2d Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	Employed in Demarcation.
M. Kistnah.....		Inspector of Boundaries.	
Lutchmana Row.....		Do.	
A. Mattupullay.....		Deputy Inspector.	
K. Veeraswamy Iyer.....		Do.	

Province of Coorg, under the Commissioner for the Affairs of Coorg.

Lieutenant W. Freeth.....	Royal Art.	2d Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	In charge of Coffee Estate Survey.
Mr. E. Liepenstein.....		Head Surveyor.....	On leave, private affairs.
M. Madiah.....		Head Surveyor.	
M. Mahomed Hussain.....		Acting Head Surveyor.	
W. Moothaiah.....		Acting Head Surveyor.	

**Ganjam District, Purla Kimmedy Survey.
(Under the Court of Wards.)**

H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq.....	1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Survey....	In charge of Purla Kimedy Estate Survey.
Mr. T. Quinless.....		Acting Sub Assistant.
V. Arumura Moodelly.....		Head Surveyor.
Mr. H. J. Madeira.....		Actg. Head Draughtsman.
B. Appalanursiah.....		Head Writer and Computer.

Revenue Survey Charges.

Divisions.	District comprised in each Division.	Head Quarters.	Names and Rank of Officers in charge.	Date of present Appt.	Remarks.
No. 1 Survey Party.	Salem & Coimbatore.....	Coimbatore.....	W. Beaumont, Esq., Deputy Supt.....	9 Feb. 1863	
No. 2 Survey Party.	Kurnool.....	Kurnool.....	J. H. Wright, Esq., Actg. Deputy Supt.....	7 Mar. 65	
No. 3 Survey Party.	Kistnah and Cuddapah..		Lieut. Col. W. Crew, Deputy Supt.....	15 Aug. 58	
No. 4 Survey Party.	Tinnevely ..	Palamcottah....	Major W. Barber, Depy. Supt.....	1 Oct. 61	
No. 5 Survey Party.	Nellore.....	Nellore.....	F. C. Puckle, Esq., Depy. Supt.....	3 July 60	
Purla Kimedy Sur. Coorg Coffee Estate Survey.....	Ganjam.....	Chicacole.....	H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq.....	27 July 1866	Under Court of Wards.
	Coorg.....	Mercara.....	Lieut. W. Freeth, 2d Asst. Supt.....	1 Oct. 65	Under Commissioner for affairs of Coorg.
No. 6 Survey Party.	Ganjam.....	Chicacole.....	H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq., 1st Asst. Supt.....	23 Feb. 66	
No. 1 Demarcation Party.	Madras.....	Saint Thomas Mount.....	Lieut. J. G. Cloete, 1st Asst. Supt. Rev. Sur.	1 Jan. 66	
No. 2 Demarcation Party..	Ganjam.....	Chicacole.....	H. O. C. Cardozo, Esq.....	23 Feb. 66	

Gradation List of the Revenue Survey Establishment of the Madras Presidency.

Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Regiment.	Date of first Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment.	District or other duty on which now Employed.	REMARKS.
II	Lieut. Colonel F. J. B. Priestley.....	Staff Corps.....	22 Feb. 1853	13 Aug. 1857	Superintendent Revenue Survey..	
II P t	Major W. H. Hessey.....	Staff Corps.....	3 Nov. 1854	19 Mar. 1858	No. 1 Party, Salem and Coimbatore	
II	Lieut. Colonel W. Crawe.....	do.	18 Aug. 1858	15 Aug. 1858	No. 3 Party, Kistna & Cuddapah.	
te	F. C. Puckle, Esq.....	Unconvenanted.	19 Mar. 1858	3 July 1860	No. 5 Party, Nellore.	
S	Major W. Barber.....	33rd N. I.....	21 June 1861	1 Oct. 1861	No. 4 Party, Tinnevely.	
t	W. Beaumont, Esq.....	Unconvenanted.	21 May 1859	9 Feb. 1863	No. 2 Party, Kurnool.....	In charge of No. 1 Party, Salem and Coimbatore.
1st Assistant Superintendents.						
te	J. H. Wright, Esq.....	Unconvenanted.	21 May 1858	1 Feb. 1860	No. 2 Party, Kurnool.....	In charge of No. 2 Party, Kurnool.
te	H. O. U. Carrozo, Esq.....	do.	23 Feb. 1859	14 June 1861	Ganjam District.....	In charge of Demarcation and Survey of Government Talooks.
S	Captain H. St. M. Wynch.....	31st L. I.....	23 Aug. 1860	28 June 1863	Cuddapah.....	On sick leave to Europe for 20 months.
ST	Lieutenant J. G. Gicete.....	Staff Corps.....	22 June 1863	1 Jan. 1865	Madras District.....	In charge of Demarcation.
HT (on Rev.)	Lieutenant C. D. Baynes.....	do.	18 June 1861	27 Jan. 1865	No. 1 Party, Salem and Coimbatore.	
te	H. Gompertz, Esq.....	Unconvenanted.	12 Aug. 1859	14 Sep. 1863	No. 2 Party, Kurnool.....	1st Assistant on probation. In temp. charge Branch Office, Guntoor.
2nd Assistant Superintendents.						
te	H. O. Dunford, Esq.....	Unconvenanted.	19 Jan. 1859	19 Jan. 1859	No. 3 Party, Kistna.....	Europe Private affairs for 9 months.
te	T. A. Tomlinson, Esq.....	45th N. I.....	12 Aug. 1859	31 Aug. 1860	No. 2 Party, Kurnool.	
te	Lieutenant A. O. H. Gray.....	Unconvenanted.	7 May 1863	19 June 1863	Ganjam Survey.	
te	B. W. Puckle, Esq.....	Royal Artillery	1 Oct. 1864	19 June 1863	Province of Coorg.....	In charge of Coorg Coorg Kista Survey.
te	Lieutenant W. Freeth.....	Unconvenanted.	3 May 1863	3 May 1864	No. 3 Party, Kistna and Cuddapah.	Employed in Demarcation.
te	J. J. Tomlinson.....	General List ..	17 May 1863	20 July 1863	No. 4 Party, Tinnevely.	Doing duty in Madras District.
te	H. B. Addis.....	Staff Corps.....	23 Aug. 1863	20 July 1863	No. 4 Party, Tinnevely.	
te	Captain J. P. T. Graham.....	Staff Corps.....	23 Aug. 1863	20 July 1863	No. 4 Party, Tinnevely.	
te	Lieutenant H. O. Graham.....	Staff Corps.....	23 Aug. 1863	20 July 1863	No. 4 Party, Tinnevely.	

GRADATION LIST OF THE ENGINEER ESTABLISHMENTS OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Passed in Surveying and Civil Engineering.	Lingual Attainments.	NAMES.	Regiment.	Date of first Appointment to the Dept.	Date of present Appointment.	District or other duty on which now employed.	REMARKS.
te	te	Ort, C. A.....	Royal Engrs.....	21 June 1833	1 Sep. 1853	Secretary to Govt. J. P. W.	
te	te	Stewart, J. H. M. Shaw Bt. Major.....	do.	12 Jan. 1854	do.	Under Secy. to Govt.	
te	te	Fischer, J. F.....	do.	17 Jan. 1851	27 Sep. 1861	Controller of P. W. Accts.	
		Trail, D. H.....	do.	7 Feb. 1861	23 Feb. 66	Dy. Contr. P. W. Accts.	
		Moncrieff, F. L.....	Covenanted.....	6 Mar. 1855	7 Oct. 1863	Presidency.....	(Genl. Supt. of Stores and Workshops.
			CIVIL Engrs.....				
te	te	Holbein, A. J. M.....	Royal Engrs.....	19 June 1819	1 May 1863	4th Division Madras.	
te	te	Walker, G. W.....	do.	21 Jan. 1815	1 do.	17th do. Coimbatore.	
te	te	Forde, E. A.....	do.	13 Oct. 1816	1 do.	5th do. Coimbatore.	
te	te	Byres, J. G.....	do.	3 Jan. 1851	31 Aug. 1861	1st do. Dowlaishwarum	Leave for 6 months, on S. C. to Hills.
te	te	Wilkinson, C. V.....	do.	13 Oct. 1816	27 Sep. 1861	8th do. Madras.....	Leave for 20 months on S. C. to Europe.
te	te	Moherty, A. S.....	do.	25 July 1816	23 Oct. 1861	2d do. Madras.....	
te	te	Wisscom, G. V.....	do.	9 July 1854	17 Mar. 1863	2d do. Madras.....	
te	te	Oakes, R. B.....	do.	18 July 1856	21 Nov. 1863	2d do. Tanjore.	
te	te	Moberly, F. J.....	do.	19 Oct. 1817	31 July 1860	1st do. Dowlaishwarum	Acting, vice Captain Ryves.
First Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.							
II te	te t	Prendergast, H. L.....	do.	27 Nov. 1857	17 Nov. 1863	Presidency.....	Acting as Supr. Engr. 8th Division, vice Lieut. Col. Wilkinson, 21st Nov. 1863.
te t	te t	Goddard, J.....	do.	10 Feb. 1847	7 June 1864	Presidency.	
te t	te t	Stoddard, J. F.....	Staff Corps.....	2 Aug. 1863	9 Sep.	Golavary.....	On leave for 20 months on S. C.
te t	te t	Payne, G. M.....	Staff Corps.....	29 July 1853	20 Sept. 1863	Madras.	Supernumerary.
te t	te t	R. F. Chisholm.....	do.	29 Apr. 1859	10 Apr. 1864	Presidency.....	
Second Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.							
te	te	Tulloch, H.....	Royal Engrs.....	26 Feb. 1850	23 June 1863	Madras.	
te	te	Fraser, W.....	Civil Engrs.....	6 Mar. 1855	26 Sept. 1863	Coimbatore.	
te	te	Farewell, W. T. F.....	Staff Corps.....	7 Oct. 1863	do.	Tinnevely.	Leave for 20 months on S. C.
te	te	Paxton, L.....	Staff Corps.....	6 Jan. 1864	do.	Golavary.	
te	te	Beckley, T.....	Royal Engrs.....	13 Mar. 1856	do.	Madras.....	On privilege leave for 3 months.
te	te	Rogers, H. T.....	do.	6 Jan. 1863	do.	Madras.....	

Superintending Engineers.

First Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.

Second Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.

Post in Surveying and Civil Engng.	Original Attain- ments.	NAMES.	Regiments.	Date of first Appoint- ment to the Depart- ment.	Date of present Ap- pointment.	District or other duty on which now employed	REMARKS.	
S & C E	If te	Palmer, J. G.	Staff Corps	10 Feb. 1854	1 May 1865	Trichinopoly.	Leave for 20 months on S. C.	
S & C E	te	Beatty, J.	2d Captain	12 Mar. 1855	26 Sept.	Vizagapatam.		
	T	Hurington, W. S.	Unconvenanted.	27 Jan. 1855	do.	South Arcot.		
	te	Sage, G. S.	Unconvenanted.	1884.	do.	Godavery.		
	te h	Hunter, J. N.	Civil Engineer.	21 Apr. 1856	do.	Godavery.		
	th	Shoberly, F. J.	Royal Engrs.	13 Mar. 1858	21 Nov. 1865	Kurnool.	Actg. as Supr. Engr. 1st Division, vice Capt. Ryves, 31st July 1866.	
		Benn J.	Lieut. Col.	do.	2 Oct. 1866	Presidency.		
Third Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.								
S & C E	te	Smith, R.	Unconvenanted.	21 Apr. 1854	1 May 1866	Nellore.		
S & C E	te	Rundall, J. W.	Unconvenanted.	2 Aug. 1855	do.	Godavery.		
	te	Lawford, A.	Unconvenanted.	18 July 1855	do.	Trichinopoly.		
	te	Hasted, J. O.	Royal Engrs.	30 Jan. 1856	do.	Banore.		
	t	Smith, C. J.	do.	12 Jan. 1858	7 Nov. 1865	Kistmah.		
	t	Mead, H. R.	Royal Engrs.	12 July 1858	16 Jan. 1868	Tanjore.		
	te t	Darrah, J.	Royal Engrs.	19 Jan. 1868	29 May 1866	Tanjore.		
S.	te t	Sinallay, H.	do.	15 July 1857	10 July 1866	Godavery.	Temporarily doing duty at Vizagapatam.	
Fourth Grade Executive Engineers of Districts.								
S & C E	If te	Greenaway, T.	Lieut. Col.	18 Staff Corps.	23 Jan. 1856	1 May 1866	Trichinopoly.	Acting as Exec. Engr. - Vice Captain W. C. Palmer, Temporary.

First Grade Assistant Engineers of Districts.									
te	Vakelli, J.	2d Capt.	Royal Engrs.	9 Apr. 1858	9 Sep. 1864	Godavery.			
te	George, J.	Mr.	Uncovenanted.	22 Mar. 1859	1 May 1865	Bellary.			
t	Conington, W.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	13 Sep. 1861	26 Sep.	Minabar.			Actg. as Exce. Engr. vice Major Palmer.
t	Vilart, U. M.	Lieutenant.	do.	13 Sep. 1861		Kistnah.			do. vice Lieut. Col. Moberly.
t	Leggat, W. B.	Mr.	Uncovenanted.	1 Feb. 1855	7 Nov.	Madras.			do. vice Major Paxton.
t	Pennycuik, J.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	19 Aug. 1862	21 Nov.	Bangalore.			do. vice Captain Frendergast.
th	Thompson, R.	Lieutenant.	do.	17 Aug. 1863	16 Jan. 1866	South Canara.			
	Law, G. V.	Captain.	14th Regt. N.I.	10 Feb. 1854	27 Feb.	Colombatore.			
				10 Oct. 1854					
Ste	Hankin, F. G.	Captain.	Staff Corps	3 Apr. 1855	10 July 1866	Colombatore.			

Second Grade Assistant Engineers of Districts.									
te	Roberts, H.	Mr.	Covenanted.	20 Sep. 1859	1 May 1865	Tinnevely.			
te	Wilson, J. L.	Mr.	Covenanted.	20 Sep. 1859	do	Bellary.			Leave for 20 months on S. C. to Europe.
te	O'Hanigan, P. O.	Mr.	do.	24 Jan. 1862	do	Madura.			
te	Paynter, L. W.	Mr.	do.	20 Sep. 1859	do	Salern.			
th	Edgcombe, A. R.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	17 Dec. 1861	do	Cudlaph.			
t	Fennelfather, R. P.	Lieutenant.	do.	13 Jan. 1863	do	South Arcot.			
t	Norfor, R. E.	Mr.	Uncovenanted.	10 Jan. 1865	do	Colombatore.			
t	Smith, H. C.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	11 May 1858	8 Sep.	Kistnah.			
t	Smith, A. C.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	13 May 1861	10 Oct.	North Arcot.			
t	Breckman, R. E.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	8 Nov.	7 Nov.	Tanjore.			
t	Liversay, R. A.	Lieutenant.	do.	do	21 do	Madras.			
t	Goonchap, W. A.	Mr.	Uncovenanted.	30 May 1851	14 Jan. 1866	North Arcot.			
t	O'Shaughnessy, J.	Mr.	do.	23 Jan. 1853	27 Feb. 1866	Tanjore.			
t	Walch, G. T.	Mr.	do.	27 Feb. 1866	do	Bellary.			
t	Porter, W.	Asst. Comy.	Royal Engrs.	17 May 1850	28 June 1866	Minabar.			
t	Munwaring, J. N.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	6 Feb. 1866	do	Godavery.			
t	Conker, W. H.	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	13 Apr.	10 July 1866				
t	J. Hannan	Mr.	Covenanted.	30 Oct.	3 Oct.				

Supernumerary.									
te	Brosnahan, J.	Mr.	Covenanted.	6 Mar. 1855	23 Nov. 1860	Madras or Presidency.			
te	Biggers, J.	Mr.	do	6 do	.....	Cuddapah.			

Acting.									
te	Taylor, R. F.	Lieutenant.	31st Regt. L. I.	29 May 1860	29 May 1866	Colombatore.			
te	Roberts, K. D. F.	Mr.	do.	6 June	6 June	Colombatore.			vice Mr. W. Leggat
te	Hawkeworth, J. M.	Mr.	do	6 June	6 June	Tinnevely.			vice Lieutenant Viant.
te	J. F. Doward	Lieutenant.	Royal Engrs.	30 Nov.	30 Nov.	Colombatore.			vice Lieut. Pennycuik.

Divisions.	District comprised in each Division.	Head Quarters.	Names of the Superintending Engineers	Date of present Appointment.
First Division....	Ganjam..... Vizagapatam..... Godavery.....	Dowlaiswarum.	Lt. Col. F. J. Moberly, R. E.....Ag.	31 July 1886
Second Division..	Kistna..... Nellore.....	Masulipatam..	Lt. Col. G. V. Winscom, R. E.....	17 Mar. 1865
Third Division...	Cuddapah..... Bellary..... Kurnool.....	Bellary.....	Major A. S. Moberly, R. E.....	25 Oct. 1864
Fourth Division..	Presidency..... Madras..... North Arcot.....	Madras.....	Col. A. J. M. Bolleau, R. E.....	1 May 1863
Fifth Division....	South Arcot..... Salem..... Bangalore.....	Cuddalore.....	Lt. Col. E. A. Foord, R. E.....	1 May 1863
Sixth Division....	Tanjore..... Trichinopoly.....	Tanjore.....	Capt. R. F. Oakes, R. E.....	21 Nov. 1865
Seventh Division.	Coimbatore..... Malabar..... South Canara.....	Coimbatore....	Lieut. Col. G. W. Walker, R. E.....	5 May 1863
Eighth Division..	Madura..... Tinnevely.....	Madura.....	Captain H. L. Prendergast, R. E...Ag.	21 Nov. 1865

Nominal Roll of Officers composing the permanent strength of the Department of Public Works arranged according to Districts.

Ganjam.

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointment.	Remarks.
2d Captain J. Darrah.....Royal Engrs.	Exec. Engr. 4th Grade.	
Asst. Commy. H. Irving.....	Sub Engineer, 3d Grade	Leave on S. C. 12th October 1866.
Mr. T. D. Harris.....	do.	
Conductor J. Lever.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
T. Ramiah.....	do. 2d Grade.	Employed on Kimidy Estate works.
A. Ramiah.....	do. do.	
Mr. J. W. Ellis.....	Ag. do. do.	
V. Narayanasawmy.....	Overseer.	
Mr. R. Harris.....	do.	
P. Moonesawmy Naidoo.....	do.	
G. Paupiah.....	do.	

Vizagapatam.

2d Captain J. Beatty.....Royal Engrs.	3rd Grade Exec. Engr.	
Captain H. Smalley.....Royal Engrs.	4th do.	
Mr. J. W. Laskey.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
Mr. J. A. Hammett.....	do. 2d Grade.	
O. Ramanah.....	Overseer.	
Serjeant J. Cormac.....	do.	
P. W. Soobiah.....	do.	

Godavery.

Major J. F. Stoddard.....Staff Corps.	1st Grade Exec. Engr.	Leave on Sick Certificate for 20 months.
Captain T. Beckley.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.	
Mr. G. S. Sage.....	3rd Grade Exec. Engr.	
Mr. J. W. Randall.....	4th Grade Exec. Engr.	
Lieut. H. Smalley.....Royal Engrs.	4th Grade Exec. Engr.	Temp. doing duty at Vizagapatam.
Capt. J. Makgill.....do.	1st Grade Asst. Engr.	
Mr. J. Hannan.....Covenanted.	Assistant Engineer.	
V. Veeriah Gari Rai Bahadur.....	1st Grade Sub. Engineer.	
Mr. T. D. Harris.....	1st Grade Sub Engineer.	Temp. doing duty at Ganjam.
A. Ramiah.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
M. Padmanabudu.....	do.	
M. Rungiah Naidoo.....	do.	
K. Venketaratnam.....		
N. Kotia.....		
C. Bhaskarrau.....		
P. Ramana.....		
Mr. J. A. Hicken.....		
Mr. G. Bay.....	Overseers.	
C. Seetaramiah.....		
Private G. Munn.....		
C. Ramasawmy.....		
B. Ramiah.....		

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointment.	Remarks.
2d Capt. C. J. Smith.....Royal Engrs.	4th Grade Exec. Engr.	
Lieut. H. M. Vibart.....Royal Engrs.	1st Grade Asst. Engr.	
Lieut. A. C. Smith.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	
Lieut. W. H. Coaker.....Royal Engrs.	do.	
Conductor W. H. Butler.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
C. Sambiah Chetty.....	do.	
Mr. T. Franklin.....	do.	
Mr. D. Carlier.....		
C. Narayanasawmy.....		
Meershumshuddeen.....		
V. Moonesawmy Moodelly.....		
L. Sevaramiah.....		
M. Parthasarathy.....	Overseers.	
Mahamed Cossim.....		
P. Coniah.....		
G. Venkata Row.....		
C. Mahomed Kossim.....		
P. Sashia.....		
Gunner H. H. Appleby.....		

Nellore.

Mr. R. Smith.....	Exec. Engr. 4th Grade.	
Serjt. R. Hasler.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
Serjt. S. C. Plummer.....	do. do.	
Mr. J. Fox.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
T. Parthasarathi Mudali.....		
Sub Conductor J. Shilling.....		
S. Parthasarathy Naidoo.....		
Veerasawmy Mudali A.....		
Kudiah Naidoo.....	Overseers.	
H. Sambiah.....		
Mooregaseen Moodelly, N.....		
Ramiah Puntooloo.....		Ag. Temp.
Cooposawmy Rajoo.....		

Cuddapah.

Major J. G. Palmer.....Staff Corps.	3d Grade Exec. Engr.	Leave for 20 months on S. C.
Lieut. R. P. Pennefather.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	
Mr. J. Biggers.....Covenanted.	Covenanted Civil Engr.	Supernumerary.
Mr. W. H. Blucker.....	Sub. Engr. 3d Grade.	
Mr. G. W. Lewis.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
G. Venketasawmy Naidoo.....		
Serjeant F. Barnes.....		
Serjeant R. Skehan.....		
P. Mutoosawmy Moodelly.....		
P. Seshachellum.....	Overseers.	
Mr. J. W. Ellis.....		Ag. Supr. 2d Grade, doing duty in Ganjam.
P. Rungiah.....		
Mr. R. W. Thorpe.....		Temp.
Vydelingam Mudali, M.....		Temp.
Mr. J. D. R. Dighton.....		

Bellary.

Mr. J. George.....	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.	
Mr. J. L. Wilson.....Covenanted.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	Leave for 20 months on S. C.
Depy. Asst. Comy. W. Porter.....	Asst. Engr. 2d Grade.	
Mr. F. N. Hawkins.....	Sub Engr. 3d Grade.	
Depy. Asst. Comy. J. Gray.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.	On special duty in the Division.
Mr. G. A. Vardon.....	do. 2d do.	
Mr. F. Watkins.....	do. do.	
A. Soobaraya Moodelly.....		
D. Baupiah.....		
Serjeant Taylor.....		
Serjeant T. Mullins.....		
Mr. J. O'Leary.....		
Somasoodra Moodelly.....		
Veerasoodra Moodelly.....		
A. Kungasawmy Moodelly.....		
A. Vaidaraz Moodelly.....	Overseers.	
Velayada Moodelly.....		
Mr. J. L. Day.....		
Nanjundoppah.....		Temp.
Serjeant Howell.....		
Munesawmy Chetty.....		
Serjeant W. Barrett.....		
R. Yardachary.....		
Veerasagavaloo Iyer.....		
Appalachary.....		

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointment.	Remarks.
Captain J. N. Hunter.....Royal Engrs.	3d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. P. A. Bance.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	
Mr. G. A. Vardon.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	Temporarily doing duty at Bellary.
Mr. S. Howell.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	
Ordnance Artificer T. Skipp.....		
V. Kodandapanni.....		
Satwajee Row.....		
Patcha Saib.....		
Chinnacunnopillay.....	Overseers.	Tempy.
Aroomoogum Mudali.....		Tempy.
C. Moorogasen Moodelly.....		
S. Kondiah Naidoo.....		
Mr. J. E. Prout.....		

Presidency.

2d Capt. H. L. Prendergast.....Royal Engrs.	1st Grade Exec. Engr.....	Actg. as Supg. Engr. 8th Divn. vice Lieut. Col. Wilkieson, 21st Nov. 1865.
Capt. J. Goddard.....do.	1st Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. R. F. Chisholm.....	1st Grade Exec. Engr.....	Supernumerary.
Lieut. Col. J. Bean.....Royal Engrs.	3d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. J. Brosnahan.....	Assistant Engineer.....	Supernumerary.
Mr. P. Walsh.....	Sub Engineer 1st Grade.....	
R. Coomaraswamy Moodelly.....		
P. Annadoray Patten.....		
M. Goroosawmy Moodelly.....	Overseers.	
D. Daniell Pillay.....		
Mr. B. C. Dumphy.....		

Madras.

Mr. W. Fraser.....Covenanted.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Capt. H. T. Rogers.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. W. B. Leggatt.....	1st Grade Asst. Engr.....	Actg. as Exec. Engr. vice Major Paxton, 6th June 1866.
Mr. W. A. Goodchap.....	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Mr. S. Ottman.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	Ag. Sub Engineer 3d Grade, vice Asst. Comy. Irving.
Mr. O. H. Cowley.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	
Mr. J. Wakefield.....		
Corporal L. A. Sayce.....		
Annamalay Moodelly.....		
Narrain Auchary.....	Overseers.	
C. Strenevasulu Naidoo.....		
Mr. J. H. Stephens.....		
Sergeant W. C. West.....		
M. Aroomoogum Moodelly.....		
Rama Row.....		

North Arcot.

Lieut. R. R. E. Brockman.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Mr. J. O'Shughnessy.....	do. do.	
Condr. W. G. Bevan.....	Sub Engr. 2d Grade.....	
Ag. Conductor D. Booth.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	
Mr. R. H. Hayes.....	do. 2d Grade.....	
Syed Usuf.....	do. do.	
Moonesawmy Moodelly.....		
Appasawmy Pillai.....		
C. Aroonachella Moodelly.....		
Muttoosawmy Pillay.....	Overseers.	
Seetaram Naidoo.....		
Itana Row.....		In charge of East Coast Canal, Madras
Parthasarathy Naidoo.....		
Soobroya Pillay.....		Trial.
Mr. J. Maddox.....		Trial.

South Arcot.

Mr. W. S. Harrington.....	3d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. R. E. Norfor.....	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Asst. Comy. F. Graham.....	1st Grade Sub Engr.....	
Depr. Comy. M. Howard.....	Sub Engr. 2d Grade.....	
Velumailu Moodelly.....		
M. Manikum Mudali.....		
Sub Condr. J. King.....		
Mr. J. Thompson.....		
Sergeant J. Ellison.....	Overseers.	
Narayanasawmy Naidoo.....		
Coopooosawmy Mudali.....		
P. Kungasawmy Naidoo.....		
Private J. Lalor.....		

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointment.	Remarks.
Mr. L. W. Paynter.....	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Lieut. A. B. Edgcome.....Royal Engrs.	do	
T. Apparoo Moodelly.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	
T. Chockalingum Pillay.....		
Cuppannah Pillay.....		
Vencatashella Moodelly.....		
Strenavasulu Naidu.....	Overseers.	
Serjeant J. Nicholson.....		
Runga Row.....		
S. Kungasawmy Naidoo.....		
Corporal Richmond.....	Tempy.	
P. Venkoba Row.....		
Serjeant A. Milne.....		

Bangalore.

Captain H. Tulloch.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Lieut. J. Pennycuik.....Do.	1st Grade Asst. Engr.....	Ag. as Exec. Engr. vice Capt. H. L. Prendergast.
Subraya Auchary.....B.C.E.	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	
Aroonachella Moodelly.....	Overseer.	
Vaderalu Moodelly.....	Do.	

Tanjore.

Captain J. O. Hasted.....Royal Engrs.	4th Grade Exec. Engr.....	
2d Captain H. R. Mead.....Royal Engrs.	4th Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Mr. A. Lawford.....	4th Grade, Exec. Engr.....	Trichinopoly.
Lieut. R. A. Livesay.....Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Mr. G. T. Walch.....	2d Grade Asst. Engr.....	
Conductor W. F. Bateman.....	3d Grade Sub Engr.....	
Mr. W. H. Walton.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	
Serjeant C. Seton.....	do.	Special.
Mr. W. Donoghue.....	do.	Special.
Parthasarathy Iyengar.....	do.	
Sub Condr. T. Edmonds.....		
Appathoray Mudali.....		
C. Kistnasawmy Naidoo.....		
Mr. W. H. M. Wylie.....	Overseers.	
Serjeant J. Doheney.....		
Teroovengada Iyengar.....		
Ponniiah Mudali.....		
J. Padmanabadoo.....		Temporary.
D. Joseph Pillay.....		
Moonesawmy Moodelly.....		

Trichinopoly.

Mr. A. Lawford.....	4th Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Lieut. Col. T. Greenaway.....Staff Corps.	Ag. Exec. Engineer.....	Vice Captain Palmer.—Tempy.
Mr. J. H. Martin.....	Sub Engr. 2d Grade.....	
Conductor W. F. Bateman.....	3d Grade, Sub Engr.....	Tanjore.
Balasoondrum Moodelly.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	
Mr. W. Donoghue.....	Supervisor 2d Grade.....	On special duty Tanjore.
Sub Conductor L. Cahill.....		
Serjeant J. Kinsella.....		
Conductor J. Hadock.....	Overseers.	
Ponnusawmy Pillay.....		
Kristnasawmy Pillay.....		
Manikum Pillay.....		
Mr. J. Donoghue.....		Temporary.

Coimbatore.

Captain W. T. F. Farewell.....Staff Corps.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.....	
Lieut. Colonel F. J. Moberly.....	3d Grade Exec. Engr.....	Ag. as Sup. Eng. 1st Div. vice Cap. Ryves.
Captain G. V. Law.....14th Regt. N. I.	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.....	
Captain F. G. Hankin.....Staff Corps.	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.....	Empld. on the Lawrence Asylum works
Lieut. H. C. Smith.....Royal Engrs.	Asst. Engr. 2d Grade.....	
Lieut. R. F. Taylor.....41st Regt. N. I.	Actg. Asst. Engr.....	Ag. Asst. Engineer vice Mr. George.
Mr. K. D. P. Roberts.....	Actg. Asst. Engineer.....	Ag. Engr. vice Mr. W. B. Leggatt.
Lieut. J. F. Dorward.....Royal Engrs.	Actg. Asst. Engr.....	Vice Lieut. Pennycuik.
Serjt. G. E. Wiffin.....	Supervisor 1st Grade.....	
Serjt. T. Spurr.....		
Mr. N. Addykalam Pillay.....		
David Pillay.....		
Mr. R. Arbuthnot.....		
Mr. W. Baker.....		
Mr. J. Jackson.....		
Mr. P. Mahoney.....	Overseers.	
Serjeant R. Lennon.....		
Private W. Brever.....		
Thyrea Pillay.....		
Corporal C. Briant.....		
Private R. Bamfield.....		
Mr. P. Thomas.....		

RANK AND NAMES.	Appointment.	Remarks.
Lieutenant W. C. Couling, I. am. Royal Engrs.	1st Grade Asst. Engr.	Ag. Exec. Engr., vice Major Palmer.
Lieutenant J. Manwaring, Royal Engrs.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	
Depy. Commissary H. Bailey.	Sub Engineer 1st Grade.	
Sub Condr. T. Smithers.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
Serjeant K. F. Nordman.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
Vedoonootoo.		
Mr. F. J. Potter.		
Serjeant W. Dalby.		
Mr. R. Francis.		
Iyanarcooly.		
Sub Condr. J. McDonough.	Overseers.	
Mr. B. Stephens.		
Mr. P. Dorsey.		
Corporal A. Crowe.		
P. Moorogasem Pillay.		
Private H. Hyde.		
Mr. A. Johnson.		

South Canara.

Lieut. R. Thompson, Royal Engrs.	1st Grade Asst. Engr.	
Mr. V. M. Fernandez.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	
Serjt. J. Grime.	Supr. 2d Grade	
T. Itamappa.		
Mr. M. Rodrigues.		
Mr. J. M. D'Mello.	Overseers.	
Mr. J. H. Scott.		
Mr. P. Thomas.		
Mr. F. Cripps.		
Mr. J. Charlesworth.		

Madura.

Capt. G. M. Payne, Staff Corps.	1st Grade Exec. Engr.	
Mr. P. O. O'Ratigan, Covtd.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	
Mr. A. Colquhoun.	Sub. Engr. 3d Grade.	
Mr. J. P. Martin.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
Conductor D. Riordan.		Doing duty at the People's Park at the Presidency.
Velayudan Pillay.		
Muttoosawmy Pillay.	Overseers.	
Corporal J. B. Sanderson.		
Gopaul Pillay.		
Kistnasawmy Mudaliar.		Actg. vice Riordan.
Balakistna Mudali.		
Chockalingum Pillay.		Actg. Tempy.

Tinnevely.

Major I. Paxton, Staff Corps.	2d Grade Exec. Engr.	Leave for 20 months on S. C.
Mr. H. Roberts.	2d Grade Asst. Engr.	
J. M. Hawksworth.	Ag. Asst. Engr.	Vice Lieut. Vibart.
Mr. D. McNair.	Sub Engr. 3d Grade.	
Muneappah Pillay.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	Ag. Supvr. 1st Grade, vice Mr. Ottman.
Vyapury Pillay.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	
Ordnance Artificer T. Barnett.		
Mr. J. Fonseca.		
Serjeant J. C. Littlewood.		
T. Subramonien Pillay.	Overseers.	
Chinnasawmy Pillay.		
Ganapragasem Pillay.		
Kylasem Pillay.		
Ramasawmy Aisary.		
Corporal J. Hamilton.		
Jayasegamaay Moodelly.		
Soobramania Pillay.		Actg.

PART III.—MILITARY.

GENERAL STAFF OF THE ARMY
SERVING UNDER THE PRESIDENCY OF
FORT SAINT GEORGE.

His Excellency LIEUTENANT GENERAL Sir JOHN GASPARD LEMARCHANT,
K.C.B. & G.C.M.G., COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF—Assumed Command 25th May 1865.

Major General.	• EDWARD ARMSTRONG.	Southern Division.—On leave S.C.
Do.	THOMAS ARSHETON DEKE.	Pegu Division.
Do.	JOHN ROWLAND SMITH, C.B.	Centre Division.
Do.	WILLIAM COUPERUS MCLEOD.	Ceded Districts.
Do.	FREDERICK PAUL HAINES.	Mysore Division.

Colonel.	JAMES MAURICE PRIMROSE.	h.p. late 43rd Ft.	Adjutant General.
*Colonel.	*CRAWFORD COOKE.	Staff Corps.	Deputy Adjutant General.—On other duty.
Major.	*ERNEST AUGUSTUS BELFORD TRAYERS.	Staff Corps.	
Lieut. Col.	THOMAS CRAWFORD LONGCROFT.	Staff Corps.	Asst. Adjutant Genl.—Offg. Depy. Adjutant Genl.
Lieut. Col.	ALEXANDER TOD CADELL.	Royal Artillery.	Offg. Assistant Adjutant General.
Captain.	DAVID SHAW.	Staff Corps.	Assistant Adjutant General of Artillery.
Lieutenant.	HERBERT AUGUSTUS TIERNY NEPEAN.	40th Regt. N. I.	Deputy Assistant Adj. General.—On other duty.
Colonel.	*CRAWFORD COOKE.	Staff Corps.	Offg. Deputy Assistant Adjutant General.
Major.	ARTHUR DRURY.	Staff Corps.	Offg. Quarter Master General.
Major.	BONAR MILLETT DEANE.	19th Foot.	Deputy Quarter Master General.
Colonel.	HENRY PRITCHARD.	8th Regt. N. I.	Assistant Quarter Master General.
Lieut. Col.	Sir WILFORD BRETT, K.C.M.G.	h.p. Unattached	Judge Advocate General.
Major.	WILLIAM ANTHONY GIB.	Staff Corps.	Military Secretary to the Commander-in-Chief.
Lieutenant.	AUGUSTUS CROFT DOBREE.	16th Lancers.	Interpreter to the Commander-in-Chief.
Subadar.	MAHOMED HOOSSAIN, "SIR-DAR BAHADOOR".	4th Light Cav.	Aide-de-Camp to the Commander-in-Chief.

Deputy Inspector General of H. M.'s Hospitals.

JAMES GORDON INGLIS, M. D., C. B.

Governor of the Presidency of Fort St. George & its Dependencies.
His Excellency The Right Honourable FRANCIS Lord NAPIER, Baron
NAPIER, K.T.—Appointed 2d February 1866.—Arrived 27th March 1866.
Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor.

Rank.	NAMES.	Corps.	Date of Appointment.	REMARKS.
Mr.	JOHN HENRY GARSTIN.		27 Mar. 1866	Private Secretary.
Colonel.	CHARLES F. FORDICE, C.B.	Unattached.	27 do.	Military Secretary.
Captain.	FREDERICK HAREY HOPE.	1st Royals.	27 do.	Aide-de-Camp.
Captain.	CHARLES HENRY LAPRIMAUDAYE.	64th Foot.	27 do.	Aide-de-Camp.
Cornet.	ROBERT GRÈME ELPHINSTONE DALRYMPLE.	19th Hussars.	27 Nov.	Extra Aide-de-Camp.
Subadar Major.	VEERASAWMY, "SIRDAR BAHADOOR".	Sappers & Miners.	27 Mar.	Native Aide-de-Camp.

His Excellency the Governor's Body Guard.

Lieut. Col.	JOHN MURRAY MACGREGOR.	6th Regt. L. C.	12 Apr. 1861	Commandant.
Lieutenant.	CHARLES WALTER CAMPBELL.	Beugal Cavalry.	3 Apr. 1866	Adjutant.
Surgeon.	JOHN MILLER, M. D., F. R. C. S. E.	Medical Dept.	18 Sep. 1866	In Medical Charge.
	THOMAS PRITCHARD.		27 May 1863	Veterinary Surgeon.
	SHAIK ENOM.		1 May 1865	Subadar Major.

RANK.	NAMES.	Corps.	Date of Appointment to the present grade.	Date of first Appt. to the Department	REMARKS.
Colonel	James Maurice Primrose	[Foot. h.p. late 13rd Staff Corps]	10 Apr. 1863	.....	Adjutant General.
Colonel	*Crawford Cooke	Staff Corps	10 do	15 Nov. 1863	Depty. Adj. Genl.— <i>On other duty.</i>
Major	*Ernest Augustus Belford Travers	Staff Corps	10 do	29 Nov. 1863	Assistant Adjutant General.—Offg. Deputy Adjutant General.
Lieut. Col.	Thomas Crauford Longcroft	Staff Corps	28 Sep. 1866	11 Apr. 1862	Offg. Assistant Adjutant General.
Captain	David Shaw	Staff Corps	10 Apr. 1863	15 Jan. 1863	Depty. Asst. Adj. Genl.— <i>On other duty.</i>
Lieut.	Herbert Augustus Tierney Nepean.	Staff Corps	3 Oct. 1866	3 Oct. 1866	Offg. Dy. Asst. Adj. Genl.—Eur. S.C.
Lieut.	Henry Porteous	Staff Corps	.....	.....	Ag. Depty. Assistant Adj. General.
Lt. Col.	Alexander Tod Cadell	Royal Artillery.	1 Mar. 1863	.....	Assistant Adjutant General.

Quarter Master General's Department.

RANK.	NAMES.	Corps.	Date of Appointment to the present grade.	Date of first Appt. to the Department	REMARKS.
Colonel	*Crawford Cooke	Staff Corps.	28 Sept. 1866	28 Sep. 1866	Offg. Quarter Master General.
Major	Arthur Drury	Staff Corps	28 do	28 Aug. 1864	Deputy Quarter Master General.
Major	Bonar Millett Deane	19th Foot	28 do	28 Sep. 1866	Assistant Quarter Master General.

Judge Advocate General's Department.

RANK.	NAMES.	Corps.	Date of Appt. to the present grade.	Date of first Appt. to the Department	Divisions and Forces.
Colonel	JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL. Henry Pritchard	8th Regt.	14 May 1861	.....	.....
	DEPUTY JUDGE ADVOCATES GENERAL.			Date of Appt.	
Lt. Col.	Charles Campbell McCallum	Staff Corps	.....	18 Oct. 1853	Northern & Ceded Districts.
Lt. Col.	John White	Staff Corps	.....	21 do	Hyderabad Subsy. Force.—Eur. S.C.
Major	Edward Henry Power (Barrister at Law.)	Staff Corps	.....	16 Jan. 1855	Pegu Division.
Major	*Geo. Philip Brudenell Sherard	Staff Corps	.....	14 Aug. 1857	Mysore Division.
Lt. Col.	James Edmund Mayne	Staff Corps	.....	4 Dec. 1857	Centre Division & Straits District.
Major	Charles Harry Wilson	Staff Corps	.....	5 July 1859	Nagpore Force.
Lt. Col.	Francis Marshall	Staff Corps	.....	21 Jan. 62	Ceded Dist. Ag. Hyd. Suby. Force.
Lt. Col.	George Frederick Shakespear	Staff Corps	.....	25 June 1863	Southern Division.

† Previously in the Department from 18th June 1850 to 4th December 1857.
‡ Previously in the Department from 12th September 1851 to 25th November 1856.

Divisional Commanders, 6.

TWO OFFICERS BRITISH ARMY AND FOUR OFFICERS MADRAS ARMY.

RANK, NAMES AND CORPS.	When Appointed.	Date from which commenced drawing full allowances as Divisional Commanders.	Division to which attached.
Major General *Edward Armstrong. Infantry.	G. O. G. 23 Mar. 1862	11 May 1862	Southern Div.—Sea. Egypt or Europe S. C.
do. William Conperus McLeod. Infantry.	G. O. G. 21 Feb. 1863	2 June 1863	Ceded Districts.
do. Thomas Assheton Duke. Infantry.	G. O. G. 15 Apr. 1864	20 April 1864	Pegu Division.
do. Frederick Paul Haines.	G. O. G. 17 Jan. 1863	28 Mar. 1863	Mysore Division.
do. John Rowland Smyth, c.b.	G. O. G. 3 Mar. 1863	7 May 1863	Centre Division.
Colonel William Knox Babington. Infantry.	G. O. C. C. 9 Nov. 65	.....	Southern Div.—from 21st October 1866.

NAMES.	When appointed.	Date of Rank as Brigadier Genl.	Date from which commenced drawing allowances as Brigadiers.	Stations.
John Thornton Grant, c. b., 1st Batt. 18th Royal Irish.	G. O. G. 5 Feb. 63 G. O. G. 20 Feb. 63	8 October 1863	1 March 1863	Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
Richard Shubrick, N. I.	G. O. G. 24 Feb. 63 G. O. C. C. 28 Feb. 63	9 do	25 April 1863	Nagpore Force.
Robert Nicholas Faunce, N. I.	G. O. G. 3 Feb. 65 G. O. C. C. 8 Feb. 65	2 Feb. 1865	2 October 1865	Northern District.
George DeSausmarez, N. I.	G. O. G. 5 Sep. 65 G. O. C. C. 2 Sep. 65	5 Sep.	24 September 1865	Malabar and Canara.
William Fenwick, c. b., 2nd Batt. 10th Foot.	G. O. G. 28 Aug. 66 G. O. C. C. 4 Sep. 66	23 August 1866	.....	Thayet-myo.

Assistant Adjutants General of Divisions and Forces, 3.

Major	George Brown Roberts	Staff Corps	21 Mar. 1862	Nagpore Force.
Major	Charles Edward Taylor	35th N. I.	21 Mar. 1862	Southern Division.—Eur. S. C.
Lt. Col.	Charles Hayes Atty	Staff Corps	21 Mar. 1862	Ceded Districts.
Lt. Col.	Thomas Crauford Longcroft	Staff Corps	11 Apr. 1862	Pegu Division.— <i>On other duty.</i>
Major	Herbert Dawson Slade	1st K. D.Gs.	10 Apr. 1863	Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
Captain	George De la Poer Beresford	Staff Corps	6 Feb. 1866	Mysore Division.
Major	James Murray Grant	Staff Corps	.....	Southern Division.— <i>Acting</i> 21st Dec. 1865.
Captain	David Shaw	Staff Corps	.....	Pegu Division.— <i>Acting</i> 3rd October 1866.

Assistant Quarter Masters General of Divisions and Forces, 3.

Lt. Col.	*Sweedland Mainwaring	Staff Corps	11 Apr. 1863	Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
Lt. Col.	Thomas Peyton	Staff Corps	6 Dec. 1864	Pegu Division.
Major	Douglas Scott	Staff Corps	24 Oct. 1865	Nagpore Force.

Deputy Asst. Quarter Masters General of Divisions and Forces, 5.

Lt. Col.	William Cornwallis Phillips	Staff Corps	28 Feb. 1863	Centre Division.
Captain	William Handa	Staff Corps	24 July 1865	Southern Division.
Captain	Frederick William Dobree...	Staff Corps	23 July 1865	Northern District.—Europe S. C.
Lieut.	Robert Doveton Thorpe	Staff Corps	12 Sept. 1865	Ceded Districts.
Captain	William Robert Mesham	Staff Corps	24 Oct. 1865	Mysore Division.
Captain	Peter Lawrence Gordon	6th L. C.	.....	Northern District.— <i>Acting</i> 28th March 1866.

Aides-de-Camp to General Officers Commanding Divisions.

Major Augustus Frederick Williams. 9th N. I.	20 Apr. 1861	To Major General T. A. Duke
Lieut. Donald James Sim McLeod. Cav. Gt. Lst.	21 May 1861	To Major General W. C. McLeod.
Captain John Macgregor Kerr. 3rd L. C.	16 June 1861	To Major General F. P. Haines
Lt. Major Bowes Lennox Forster. Royal Art.	30 May 1863	To Major General J. R. Smyth, c. b.

Brigade Majors, 7.

Major	Robert Henry Bolton	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 1860	Bangalore.
do	Charles Scott Elliot	Staff Corps	31 Mar.	Fort Saint George and Centre Division.
do	Andrew Robert Clephane	Staff Corps	11 Apr. 1862	Thayet-myo.—Europe S. C.
Lt. Col.	Alexander Kennedy Clarke	Staff Corps	18 Feb. 1865	Northern District.
Major	Henry Ambrose Hare	Staff Corps	31 Mar. 1865	Bellary.—Europe S. C.
Captain	George Alexander Arbuthnot	5th L. C.	25 Nov. 1865	Malabar and Canara.
Major	William Masterman Williams	Staff Corps	4 Sep. 1866	Trichinopoly.
Captain	Evelyn Meadows Norie	Staff Corps	.....	Thayet-myo.— <i>Acting</i> 3rd April 1865.
Major	Charles William Dun	Staff Corps	.....	Bellary <i>Acting</i> 23rd May 1866.

POONAMALLEE.	Colonel John Blick Spurgin	102nd Foot.	Commandant, 29th Oct. 1866.—On other duty.
	Major Rowley Willes Hinxman	60th Rifles.	Acting Commandant.
	Captain Francis William Hamilton	21st Fusiliers	Adj. 23th Feb 1866. On leave P.A.
	Captain Alexis Read	14th N. I.	Acting Adjutant, 7th August 1866.
PALAVERAM.	Staff Surgeon Major Benjamin William Marlow M. D.		In Medical charge, 11th Dec. 1866.
	Major William Powell Stuart Smyth	Staff Corps.	Commandant—24th Feb. 1864.
	Lieut. Charles Campbell Hewetson	Staff Corps.	Adjutant and Quarter Master—11th April 1866.
			In Medical charge.

Convalescent Depots.

FIRST CLASS. WELLINGTON.	Lieut. Col. Henry Hearne Lacey	76th Foot.	Commandant.—28th Sept. 1866.
	Lieutenant Carey de Lancey Gostling	40th N. I.	Staff Officer, 21st June 1866.
	Staff Surg. Herbert Taylor Reade, V. C.	Medical Dept.	In Medical Charge, 28th June 1866.
	Major F. G. Hodgson	Staff Corps.	Attached.
	Captain W. H. L. Fuller	Staff Corps.	Attached.
	Captain R. C. Stewart	8th L. C.	Attached.
	Lieutenant R. T. Chapman	Genl. List.	Attached.
FIRST CLASS. RAMANDROOG.	Ensign F. E. Apthorp	108th Foot.	Attached.
	Captain John McDermid Allardice	76th Foot.	Commandant, 31st Aug. 1865.
	Lieutenant Alexander Clark-Kennedy	21st Fusiliers	Staff Officer, 6th Sept. 1866.
	Staff Asst. Surg. Richard Wm. Davies	Medical Dept.	In Medical charge, 9th Nov. 1866.

Station Staff Officers.

Major	FIRST CLASS—Rs. 150. Theodore Clayton Georges	Staff Corps	21 June 1865	Singapore.
	SECOND CLASS—Rs. 100.			
Lieut.	James Stonhouse	5th N. I.	9 Nov. 1866	Tonghoo.
Lieut.	William Charles Drummond	39th N. I.	27 June 1866	Vellore.—Tempy. Mount.
	THIRD CLASS—Rs. 50.			
Major	William Henry Robinson Godfrey	Staff Corps.	1 Jan. 1865	Penang.
Captain	James Keating Clibbey	Staff Corps.	.....	Vizianagram—Acting 3rd March 1866.
Lieut.	Arthur Theodore Woodhouse	Staff Corps.	1 Jan. 1865	Berhampore.
Lieut.	Elliott Armstrong Bruce	Staff Corps.	8 Sep. 1865	Cuttack.
Lieut.	Norman Donald Robertson	Staff Corps.	14 Mar. 1865	Samulcottah.
Lieut.	Charles Campbell Hewetson	Staff Corps.	2 May 1866	Palaveram.
Lieut.	Frederick Dormer Plowden	17th N. I.	24 May 1865	Quilon.
Lieut.	Alfred George Hutchins	Genl List	22 Sep. 1866	Palamecottah.
Captain	Christopher Hellyer Beddek	Staff Corps.	17 Jan. 1866	Mercara.
Lieut.	John Charles Mainwaring Russell	20th N. I.	.....	Hurryhur—Acting 7th March 1866.
Lieut.	Albert Willoughby Foord	Staff Corps.	.....	Calicut.
Lieut.	Edmund Faunce	Staff Corps.	.....	Mangalore.—Acting 18th Jan. 1865.
Lieut.	Henry Honeywood Hughes	Staff Corps.	13 Dec. 1865	Kurnool.
Lieut.	Hallett	Staff Corps.	.....	Cuddapah.
Lieut.	Henry Stephen Johnson	11th N. I.	.....	Hoosingabad.—Acting 7th July 1865.
Lieut.	John Alexander Richmond	Staff Corps.	1 Jan. 1865	Raipore.
		9th N. I.	10 Aug. 1864	Moulmein.

Staff Officer & Supt. of Details Fort St. George.

Lieut. Col. George Baldock, Staff Corps, 11th March 1865.

District Inspectors of Musketry.

1st DISTRICT.

Captain W. H. P. G. Bluett, H. M.'s 10th Foot.

Madras.	Trichinopoly.	Bellary.
Mount.	Wellington.	Mallapooram.
Arco.	Bangalore.	Cannanore.
Poonamallee.	Mysore.	

2d DISTRICT.

Captain Aubrey William Ogilvie Saunders, H. M.'s 21st Fusiliers.

Rangoon.	Thayat-myo.	Malacca.	Secunderabad.
Moulmein.	Singapore.	Waltair.	Jaulnah.
Tonghoo.	Penang.	Vizagapatam.	Kamptee.

RANK AND NAMES.	Corps.	Date of App. to the present grade.	REMARKS.
Colonel *Thomas McGoun	6th Regt.	16 Nov. 1860	Controller of Military Accounts.
Lieut. Col. Charles Harison Drury	Staff Corps	31 Jan. 1862	Military Accountant.
Major John Wood Rideout	Staff Corps	31 Jan. 1862	Examiner, Pay Department.
Lieut. Col. Thomas Gillilan	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 1862	Examiner of Commissariat, Clothing, and Stud Accounts.—Europe S. C.
Lieut. Col. Edward Thomas Fasken	Staff Corps	16 Nov. 1860	Examiner, Ordnance Accounts.—Actg. Examiner Commissariat, Clothing and Stud Accounts.
Lieut. Col. Alexander Stewart	Roy. Art.	29 May 1866	Acting Examiner, Ordnance Accounts.
Surg. Major George Mackay, M. D. L. R. C. P. E.	Medl. Dept.	20 Dec. 1865	Examiner of Medical Accounts.—Europe S. C.
			Offg. Examiner of Medical Accounts.
Major *John Gray Touch	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 1863 6 Feb. 1864	Compiler. Personal Assistant to the Controller.
Mr. Thomas Edward Greenfield		9 June 1865	Assistant Examiner, Pay Department.

Pay Department.

RANK AND NAMES.	CORPS.	Date of App. to the present grade.	Date of first App. to the Department	STATIONS.
PAYMASTERS.				
*Colonel Wm. Pitt Macdonald	Staff Corps	15 Oct. 1839	30 Oct. 1839	Presidency Circle.—Neltgherries, S. C.
Lt. Col. George William Russell	Staff Corps	22 Dec. 1848	22 Dec. 1848	Northern Circle.
Lt. Col. Alexander John Greenlaw	Staff Corps	24 June 1853	24 June 1853	Pegu Circle.
Lt. Col. Charles Phillip Taylor	Staff Corps	17 Apr. 1855	17 Apr. 1855	Mysore Circle.—Europe S. C.
Lt. Col. Alexander Robert Fraser	Staff Corps	19 July 1859	1 May 1855	Hyderabad Circle.
Major George Pringle	Staff Corps	.....	.....	Mysore Circle.—Acting 2nd June 1865.
Major James Hale Warden	Staff Corps	.....	.....	Nagpore Circle.—Acting 22nd June 1866.
Major Walter Douglas	Staff Corps	.....	.....	Presidency Circle.—Acting 22nd June 1866.

RANK AND NAMES.	CORPS.	Date of App. to the present grade.	Date of first App. to the Department	STATIONS.
COMMISSARY GENERAL (1)				
Lieut. Col. Edward Every Miller	Staff Corps	13 July 1866	10 Mar. 1838	Madras.
DEPUTY COMMISSARY GENERAL (1)				
Lieut. Col. John Loudon	Staff Corps	13 July 1866	30 Mar. 1847	Madras.
ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.				
FIRST CLASS 3.				
Major John Ponsonby Watts	Staff Corps	1 Jan. 1862	31 Dec. 1850	Bangalore.
Major Richard Alexander Moore	Staff Corps	4 Feb. 1863	3 June 1851	Kamptee.
Lieut.-Col. Robson Benson	Staff Corps	13 July 1866	14 Jan. 1853	Rangoon.
SECOND CLASS 2.				
Major George Andrew Walker	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 1864	14 Jan. 1853	Europe S. C.
Major Campbell William Shotton Young	Staff Corps	13 July 1866	24 June	Madras.
Major George Robert Frederick Bardin	Staff Corps	Ag. 1 Feb. 66	18 Oct. 1853	Secunderabad.
DX. ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.				
FIRST CLASS 3.				
Major George Joseph Stainton Tireman	Staff Corps	23 Dec. 1862	18 Apr. 1854	Europe S. C.
Captain Beauchamp Henry Whittingham Magrath	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 1864	18 Apr.	Hoonsoor.
Captain Henry Philip Hawkes	Staff Corps	Ag. 17 Oct. 65	22 Dec. 1854	Madras.—Administrative.
Major Archibald John Paterson Ewart	Staff Corps	Ag. 1 Feb. 66	16 Feb. 1855	Wellington.
SECOND CLASS 3.				
Major John Collins Macdonald	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 1864	17 Mar. 1857	Tonghoo.
Lieut. Col. John Elphinstone	Staff Corps	Ag. 28 Oct.	4 Aug. 1857	Singapore.
Captain George John Davies Heath	Staff Corps	Ag. 17 Oct. 65	27 Nov. 1857	Bellary.
SUB ASSISTANTS COMMISSARY GENERAL.				
FIRST CLASS 6.				
Captain Barrington Frederick Heysham	Staff Corps	21 June 1859	27 Nov. 1857	Madras.—Storekeeper General.
Captain Thomas Wolrich Stansfeld	Staff Corps	15 April 1859	8 Jan. 1859	Cannanore.
Captain John Dalrymple William Sewell	Staff Corps	11 May 1860	16 Nov.	Europe S. C.
Captain Henry Tristram O'Reilly	Staff Corps	2 Dec. 1859	16 do	Trichinopoly.
Major Reginald Quintin Mainwaring	Staff Corps	13 Dec.	30 do	Thayet-myo.
Captain John Campbell Gunning	Staff Corps	7 Oct. 1864	14 Jan. 1862	Europe S. C.
Lieutenant Arthur Frederick Laughton	Staff Corps	Ag. 1 Feb. 66	1 May 1863	Port Blair.
Captain George Shaw Butler Hewetson	Staff Corps	Ag. 10 July	5 June 1863	Rangoon.—Ordered to the Coast.
SECOND CLASS 3.				
Captain Emerie Streetfield Berkeley	Staff Corps	9 Aug. 1864	21 July	Masulipatam.
Captain Henry Charles Wright	Staff Corps	7 Mar. 1865	2 Feb. 1864	Kamptee.
Lieutenant George Wynne Cole	1st N. I.	Ag. 27 Feb. 66	.....	Madras.

RANK AND NAMES.	Date of first Appt.	Date of present Rank.	STATIONS, &c.
DEPUTY COMMISSARY 1.			
Captain *Charles David Magrath <i>gs</i>	22 Feb. 1842	16 Mar. 1865	Kamptee.
ASSISTANT COMMISSARY 1.			
Lieut. *Henry Wheldon <i>gs</i>	2 Sep. 1839	16 Mar. 1865	Penang.
DEPY. ASST. COMMISSARY 1.			
Lieut. *James Brown	7 Dec. 1848	16 Mar. 1865	Europe S. C. 3 years (O) 11th July 1865.
James Charles Brindley <i>gs</i>	7 Dec. 1848	Ag. 2 Aug.	Rangoon.
CONDUCTORS 9.			
James Smith <i>gs</i>	27 Aug. 1849	1 Oct. 1861	Trichinopoly.
James Sims <i>gs</i>	17 July 1850	4 June 1862	Madras.
John Wood <i>gs</i>	17 Dec.	2 Sep.	Cannanore.
*James Greatorex <i>gs</i>	6 Nov. 1852	26 Aug. 1863	Bangalore.
Thomas Beale <i>gs</i>	16 May 1854	1 Sep. 1865	Rangoon.—Madras & Bangalore S. C. 9th months from 18th Aug. 1866.
George Ewing <i>gs</i>	29 Aug.	10 Nov.	Wellington.—Bangalore & Sea Coast, S. C. till 31st October 1867.
John Ward <i>gs</i>	23 Oct.	15 Dec.	Bellary.
Charles Smith	23 Oct. 1854	1 Apr. 1866	Secunderabad.
William Giles <i>gs</i>	8 Jan. 1855	Ag. 29 Dec. 65	Singapore.
SUB-CONDUCTORS 10.			
Benjamin Prichard <i>gs</i>	8 Jan. 1855	25 Apr. 1863	Madras.
John Rishworth <i>gs</i>	8 Jan. 1855	26 Aug. 1863	Rangoon.
John Griffiths <i>gs</i>	22 Feb.	20 Feb. 1864	Secunderabad.
William Doig <i>gs</i>	16 Apr.	16 Mar. 1865	Madras.
Alexander Porter <i>gs</i>	12 Apr. 1856	15 Aug.	Cannanore.—Bangalore S. C. till 1st April 1867.
Robert Blofeld	15 Nov.	1 Sep.	Hoonsoor.
Henry Farley <i>gs</i>	29 Aug. 1857	10 Nov.	Moulmein.
John Thomas <i>gs</i>	23	15 Dec.	Masulipatam.
William Anderson <i>gs</i>	.....	1 Apr. 1866	Vizagapatam.
Robert Goudie <i>gs</i>	.....	Ag. 29 Dec. 65	Rangoon.

Remount Depot, Oossoor.

RANK AND NAME.	Date of first Appt.	Date of present Rank.	STATION, &c.
Conductor William Farmer	12 Apr. 1860	4 June 1862	Oossoor.
Sub Conductor John Peel	.....	4 Mar. 1863	Oossoor.

NAMES.	Date of Appt. to the present grade.	Date of first Appt. to the Dept.	STATIONS, &c.
INSPECTOR GENERAL OF ORDNANCE AND MAGAZINES.			
Colonel Geo. Wm. Young Simpson, (Royal Artillery)	16 Nov. 1860	22 Mar. 1859	Fort Saint George.
DEPUTY INSPECTOR GENERAL OF ORDNANCE AND MAGAZINES.			
- Colonel Joseph Lyon Barrow, (Royal Artillery)	19 Apr. 1864	9 Feb. 1847	Fort Saint George.
COMMISSARIES OF ORD- NANCE.			
FIRST CLASS, 2.			
Major Lancelot Francis Thomas, (Royal Artillery)	17 June 1864	24 Dec. 1861	Arsenal Secunderabad.
Lieut. Col. Robert Cadell (Royal Artillery)	29 Sep. 1865	29 Sep. 1865	Arsenal Fort St. George.
SECOND CLASS, 2.			
Major George Dangerfield (Royal Artillery)	17 June 1864	17 June 1864	Magazine, Nagpore.
Captain Eardley William Childers, (Royal Artillery)	9 May 1865	19 Apr. 1864	Magazine, Pegu Division.
THIRD CLASS, 3.			
2d Captain Francis Stafford Budd (Royal Artillery)	27 May 1864	27 May 1864	Europe S. C.
2d Captain Robert Callwell Smith (Royal Artillery.)	9 May 1865	9 Dec. 1864	Magazine, Bangalore.
Lieut. Percy Sanderson (Royal Artillery)	2 Oct. 1866	2 Oct. 1866	Arsenal Fort Saint George.
Major Robert Morton (Royal Artillery)	Ag 18 Oct. 66	.....	Saint Thomas' Mount.
DEPUTY COMMISSARIES, 2.			
Captain Thomas R. Ardagh (Veteran Establishment)	.....	2 Apr. 1864	In charge of Depôt at Singapore, and supervision over the Ordnance Establishments in the Straits.
* Captain James Tomlinson, (Veteran Establishment)	2 Feb. 1866	22 May 1827	In charge of Depôt, Vizagapatam.
ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES, 3.			
* Lieut. John Craig, (Veteran Establishment)	1 Oct. 1864	10 Dec. 1831	Pegu Division.
Lieut. John Thomas Gibson	4 Apr. 1865	1 Aug. 1832	In charge of the Depôt, Cannanore.
Lieut. John James Ward g s	24 Sep. 1866	.....	Arsenal, Fort St. George.
DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES, 6.			
Lieut. Isaac Curran, A. I. C. R. (Veteran Establishment)	{ 1 Sep. 55 } { 1 Dec. 61 }	23 Apr. 1847	Gun Carriage Manufactory.
Ensign * William Battinson	4 Apr. 1865	.....	Bullet Factory.
Ensign James Rowland	2 May 1865	.....	Camp Equipage Depôt.
Ensign Thomas Eagles	1 Sep. 1865	.....	In charge of the Depôt at Bellary.
Ensign * Edward Allmark	25 May 1866	.....	In charge of the Depôt at Trichinopoly.
William Stewart	24 Sep.	.....	Nagpore.

RANK.	NAMES.	Date of Rank.	STATIONS, &c.
CONDUCTORS 37. TROOP QR. MRS.			
Tr. Qr. Mr. Conductor	William Burton g s	8 Mar. 1854	Secunderabad.
do	Patrick Flanagan g s	25 Sept. 1857	Trichinopoly—Permanent.
do	Edmond Hennessy g s	4 Dec. 1857	Fort St. George—Permanent.
do	John Fox	6 Mar. 1859	Nagpore—Permanent.
do	* Walter Bourke g s	18 do	Europe S. C. 3 years 11th Dec. 1866, (21)
do	Wm. Edward Francke g s	5 May 1859	Cannanore.
do	* James Burke g s	18 do	Bangalore—Permanent.
do	Joseph Gibson g s	9 Nov. 1859	Fort Saint George.
do	Henry Briggs g s	3 Dec. 1859	Gun Powder Manufactory—Head Overseer.
Tr. Qr. Mr. Conductor	George Bacon g s	19 Aug. 1859	Bangalore.
do	Lewis Dunne g s	15 Nov. 1860	Fort St. George—Permanent.
Tr. Qr. Mr. Conductor	Charles Deasy	23 do	Fort St. George.
do	Edward Kilroy	31 Aug. 1861	Bangalore.—On leave S. C. till 11th Jan. 1867.
do	* Daniel Casey	20 July 1862	Pegu Division—Permanent, Thayetmyoo Depot.
do	William Power g s	1 Aug. 1862	Nagpore.
do	James McDermott g s	10 Nov. 1862	Singapore.
do	Thomas Harney g s	12 do	Fort Saint George.
do	Richard Spink g s	15 Dec. 1863	Pegu Division.—Permanent, Rangoon Arsenal.
do	* George Carter g s	17 Jan. 1863	Fort St. George.—Bangalore S. C. till 31st December 1866.
do	* Daniel Lissenburg g s	26 Apr. 1863	Camp Equipage Depôt—Permanent.
do	John Harvey g s	10 July 1863	Bullet Factory—Permanent.
do	* John Wolfe g s	14 Dec. 1863	St. Thomas' Mount—Permanent Laboratory.
do	John Hooper g s	1 Apr. 1864	Secunderabad—Permanent.
do	* James Crawley g s	1 July 1864	Fort St. George—Permanent.
do	* James Lyddy g s	1 do	Pegu Division.
do	Elias Mollan g s	1 Sep. 1864	Nagpore—Permanent.
do	John Bennett g s	16 do	Fort Saint George.
do	John Holland g s	23 do	Nagpore.—Doing duty Fort St. George.
do	Clement Berry	1 Oct. 1865	Pegu Division.
do	Joseph Costello g s	1 Jan. 1865	Vizagapatam.
do	John Seacard g s	4 April 1865	Cannanore—Vellore S. C. till 1st February 1867.
do	William Dargen g s	2 May 1865	Secunderabad.
do	John Cochran g s	23 do	Pegu Division—Permanent Tonghoo Depôt.
do	* Frederick Dady g s	1 Sep. 1865	Secunderabad—Permanent.
do	George Ramsbottom g s	12 do	Bangalore.
do	Joseph Williams g s	25 May 1866	Fort Saint George.
do	William Grogan g s	18 July 1866	Bellary.
do	George Bay g s	1 Aug. 1866	Fort St. George.
do	John Tate g s	24 Sep. 1866	Penang.—Permanent.
do	Joseph Barrnclough g s	12 Oct. 1866	Fort Saint George—Acting Permanent.
Ag. Condr.	William Hussey g s	12 Oct. 1866	Secunderabad.

NAMES.	Date of Rank.	STATIONS, &c.
SUB CONDUCTORS 32.		
Thomas Montgomery g s	1 Aug. 1862	Fort Saint George—Bangalore S. C. till 31st Dec. 1866.
James Yates g s	31 do	Fort St. George.
James Oldham g s	12 Nov.	Fort St. George.
William Nugent g s	14 Dec.	Fort St. George.
Samuel Hand g s	15 do	Bangalore.
Thomas Webster g s	17 Jan. 1863	Nagpore.
Thomas Wilson g s	26 April	Secunderabad.
Patrick Parker g s	10 July	Camp Equipage Depot.
William Colquhoun g s	17 do	Rangoon.
Martin Kelly g s	2 Feb. 1864	Fort St. George.
John Kelly g s	1 Apr.	Magazine Rangoon.—Doing duty Fort St. George.
John King g s	1 July	Cannanore.
Peter Sullivan g s	3 do	Depôt Mount for Instruction.—Doing duty Nagpore.
Joseph Slater g s	1 Sep.	Singapore.
Francis Clark g s	16 do	Secunderabad.
Thomas Mellor g s	23 do	Vizagapatam.
Robert McMorran g s	1 Oct.	Fort St. George.
John Debnam g s	19 do.	Fort St. George.
Joseph McCready g s	1 Jan. 1865	Fort St. George—Vizagapatam S. C. till 15th Oct. 1867.
Arthur Fleming g s	4 Apr.	Fort Saint George.
Michael Casey g s	2 May	Nagpore.
Alexander Allison g s	23 do.	Bangalore.
*John Wightman g s	1 Sep.	Fort St. George.
John Ford g s	12 do.	Fort St. George.
Patrick McLaren g s	1 May 1866	Fort St. George.
Charles Bernard White g s	25 do.	Depôt Mount.
James Dolan g s	25 June	Trichinopoly.
Henry McDermitt g s	18 July	Pegu Division.
Jacob Thornber g s	1 Aug.	Gun Powder Manufactory.—Sub Overseer.
Archibald McKinley	24 Sep.	Fort St. George.
Thomas Moore	12 Oct.	Fort Saint George.
Acting Henry Pridmore	12 Oct. 1866	Fort St. George.
do. Daniel Sullivan	29 do.	
ASSISTANT SUPERVISOR.		
Thomas Lee g s	22 August 1860	Bullet Factory.

Riding Masters.

NAMES.	Date of Rank.	Corps.
Joseph Hopson g s	21 March 1836	4th Regiment Light Cavalry.
Lieut. James Barry g s	2 Aug. 1847	23d Brigade Royal Artillery.
Lieut. George Butfoy g s	31 Aug. 1854	1st Regiment Light Cavalry.
John O'Connell g s	15 May 1857	3rd Regiment Light Cavalry.
Thomas Davis g s	15 Jan. 1858	Doing duty 4th Regiment Light Cavalry.
*Lawrence Collins g s	16 Aug. 1859	2d Regiment Light Cavalry.

SAPPERS AND MINERS.

Conductor..... | William Jackson..... | 18 Sep. 1863. |

GUN CARRIAGE MANUFACTORY.

Conductor	Sub-Conductor	Do.	DATE OF RANK.
Michael Duffy.....	John Robert Forsyth.....	Edward D'Lima.....	1 April 1863. 9 July 1862. 1 April 1863.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.

Conductor..... | Thomas Taylor, g s..... | 22 Feb. 1863. |

NAMES.	Date of Rank.	REMARKS.
DEPUTY COMMISSARIES.		
Captain Henry Bailey	30 Oct. 1864	1st Grade Sub Engineer.—Malabar.
Captain Michael Howard	20 April 1866	Second Grade Sub Engineer.—South Arcot.
ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES.		
Lieut. Henry Irving	11 Dec. 1864	(Supernumerary) 3d Grade Sub Engineer.—Ganjam District.—On leave S. C. till 1st March 1867.
Lieut. Frederick Graham	20 April 1866	1st Grade Sub Engr.—South Arcot.
DEPUTY ASSISTANT COMMISSARIES.		
Ensign William Porter g s	9 May 1863	(Supernumerary) Asst. Engr. Second Grade, Bellary.
Ensign John Gray	20 April 1866	1st Grade Supervisor—Bellary.
CONDUCTORS.		
William George Bevan	5 July 1861	Sub-Engineer, 2d Grade, North Arcot District.
William Frederick Bateman g s	11 Dec. 1862	Sub. Engineer 3rd Grade, Trichinopoly—Doing duty in Tanjore.
John Haddock g s	8 May 1863	Overseer—Trichinopoly.
Lawrence Cahill g s	17 do	Overseer in the Cantonment of Trichinopoly.
David Booth	22 July	Supervisor 1st Grade—North Arcot.
James Lever	30 Oct. 1864	Supervisor 1st Grade—Ganjam.
Edward Scully g s	24 March 1865	Overseer Mysore.
Denis Riordan	20 April	Overseer.—Madura.—Doing duty People's Park Presidency.
William Henry Butler	26 June	Supervisor 2d Grade—Kistnah.
SUB CONDUCTORS.		
Thomas Edmonds	22 Aug. 1861	Overseer—Tanjore.
James King	3 Oct.	Overseer South Arcot.
John Shilling	6 Dec. 1862	Overseer—Nellore.—On leave P. A., 2 months, 15th Sep. 1866.
John McDonough	8 May 1863	Overseer.—Malabar.
Thomas Smith	17 do	Supervisor 1st Grade—Malabar.
George Edward Wiffen	18 Aug. 1864	Supervisor 1st Grade—Coimbatore.
Francis Hudson	16 Dec.	Supervisor 1st Grade—Vizagapatam.
Robert Hasler	18 Jan. 1866	Supervisor 1st Grade—Nellore.

Government Secretariat Military Department.

Major Genl. Hubert Marshall..... Infantry..... 30th March 1860..... Secretary to Government.
Colonel Richard Hamilton..... Staff Corps..... 20th April 1860..... Deputy Secretary to Government.

Superintendent and Agent for Army Clothing.

Lieut. Col. Alexander Crombie Silver..... 25th Regt. N. I..... 10 October 1862.

Barrack Master Presidency.

Colonel William Kinnaird Worster..... Royal Artillery..... 17 Dec. 1839.

Superintendent of the Gun Powder Manufactory.

Colonel George Rowlandson..... Royal Artillery..... 11 Feb. 1859.

Superintendent of the Gun Carriage Manufactory.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Hay Campbell..... Royal Artillery..... 17 Feb. 1865.—Europe S. C.
do Charles Henry Hutchinson..... do..... 21 Nov. 1865.—Acting

Superintendent of Family Payments and Pensions.

Major Herbert Champion Roberts..... Staff Corps..... 21 Jan. 1859.—Europe S. C.
Major James Michael..... Staff Corps..... 12 May 1865.—Acting.—On other duty.
Major Alexander Davidson Clay..... Staff Corps..... 14 Sep. 1866.—Acting.

Agent for Remounts at Oossoor.

Lieut. Col. Thomas Thompson..... Staff Corps..... 20 Sep. 1859.

Staff of the Royal Artillery.

Lieutenant Colonel..... ALEXANDER TOD CADELL..... Asst. ADJT. GENERAL OF ARTILLERY
Brigadier General..... EDWARD BRICE, C. B..... INSPECTOR OF ROYAL ARTILLERY.
Captain..... EVERARD STEPNEY MILMAN..... BRIGADE MAJOR TO THE INSPECTOR.

"READY ATE READY"
Raised 2d July 1857.

No. of Company.	NAMES.	Ensign.	Lieutenant.	Captain.	Major.	REMARKS.
	COLONEL IN CHIEF.					
	The Right Honourable Francis Napier, Baron Napier, &c.					HONORARY.—13th Apr. 1866.
	LIEUTENANT COLONEL.					
	Charles Harrison Drury					COMMANDING.—1st Dec. 1861.
	MAJORS.					
	William Coult Boyton		14 July 1857	20 Apr. 1861		Seconded.
	Adam Annand Gordon		14 July	17 July		Seconded.
	Thomas Haughton		14 do.	2 Dec.		Seconded.
	George Proudfoot §		14 do.	2 Dec.		MILY. SECT. TO H. H. THE NIZAM. Seconded.
	William Barton Wright		21 Feb. 1859	3 Dec.		
	James George Coleman	29 Oct. 1858	25 Oct.	29 Apr. 1862		
	John Abberley Pinson	21 Feb. 1859	9 Mar. 1860	2 May 1865		
	CAPTAINS.					
6	Thomas Edward Greenfield	14 July 1857	1 Sept. 1857			
1	Herbert Engerson Church	14 July 1857	8 July 1861			
5	Leander Miller	2 Apr.	3 May 1862			
3	Frank deSouza	6 Nov. 1858	6 do			
4	John Miller	20 July 1860	29 Jan. 1861	27 Jan. 1863		
7	Frederick John James	20 Sep. 1861	3 Dec. 1863	8 Mar. 1864		
8	James McLeod Miller	20 Dec. 1861	16 Jan. 1863	27 June 1863		
2						
	LIEUTENANTS.					
6	John Thomas Greatorer	29 Dec. 1857	1 June 1859			
3	John William Johnstone	29 do	1 do			
7	Albert Crampton	1 June 1859	20 July 1860			
7	Charles Scott	6 Jan. 1860	2 Dec.			
4	John Jones	18 Nov. 1862	29 Jan. 1864			
5	George Edward Branson	16 Jan. 1863	5 Apr.			
5	James Henry Spring Branson	4 April	5 do			
6	James Henry Arthur Branson	4 do	5 do			
7	George Hope Ross	14 do	5 do			
3	Archibald deSouza	25 Aug	5 do			
2	Alfred Andrew Lowe	18 Aug. 1864	2 May 1865			
1						
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	ENSIGNS.					
6	Reddy Branson	16 Dec. 1864				Europe 18 months from 3d June 1865.
6	Thomas Alexander Doyle	18 July 1865				
4	Edmund Jules Lecot	29 May 1866				
5	Frederick Philip Augustus Gordon	8 June				
4	Frederick Lecot	2 Nov.				
2						
1						
2						
3						
7						
8						
	STAFF.					
	Lieut. ELPHINSTONE WATERS BECHIE, (Gen. List)	25 May 1864				Instructor of Musketry.
	Lieutenant WALTER FOLLETT WRIGHT, (Staff Corps.)	28 Apr. 1866				Adjutant.
	Capt. FREDERICK JOHN JAMES	27 Jan. 1863				Quarter Master.
	ROBERT SLATER MAIR, Esq., M.D. & F.R.C.S.E.	28 Jan. 1862				Surgeon.

UNIFORM—Dark Blue—FACINGS, Scarlet—LACE, Gold

Establishment.—1 Colonel-in-Chief, (Honorary) 1 Lieutenant Colonel, 2 Majors, 8 Captains, 24 Lieutenants, 8 Ensigns, 1 Rifle Instructor, 1 Adjutant, 1 Quarter Master, 1 Surgeon, 700 Non-Commissioned Officers and Volunteers divided into 8 Companies.

§ Supernumerary.

Her Majesty's British Army.

RANK AND NAMES.	Date of Rank.	REMARKS.
INSPECTOR GENERAL 1.		
DEPUTY INSPECTORS GENERAL 3.		
James Gordon Inglis, M. D., C. B.	1 May 1863	Bangalore.
STAFF SURGEON MAJOR 1.		
Benjamin William Marlow, M. D.	23 Oct. 1862	Depôt Poonamallee.
STAFF SURGEON.		
V. C. Herbert Taylor Reade	3 Nov. 1857	Attached to Wellington Sanitarium.
STAFF ASSISTANT SURGEONS.		
Henry Cole Peppin	9 Nov. 1857	Attached to Depôt Poonamallee.
Joseph Augustin FitzPatrick, M. D., M. C., L. R. Q. C. P. & F. R. C. S. I.	1 Apr. 1861	do C Battery 23rd Brigade.
Forbes Dick, M. D.	30 Sep. 1863	do No. 5 Battery, 23rd Brigade.
Robert Henry Bolton	30 do.	do C Battery, 20th Brigade.
John Middleton, M. D.	31 Mar. 1864	do 1st Royals.
Robert Hyde	31 do	do 19th Foot.
Thomas Moore Kirkwood	31 do	do 102nd Foot.
Algernon Newbegin Watts	31 do	do No. 1 Battery, 20th Brigade.
Richard William Davies	31 do	do Ramandroog.
George Francis Dooley	31 do	do 10th Foot.
Parker Smith, M. D.	30 Sep.	do No. 6 Battery 23rd Brigade.
Arthur Dunn	30 do	do On leave to Europe M. C.
Kennedy Macaw, M. D.	30 do	do On leave to Europe M. C.
James Bennett Kelly	30 do	do 76th Foot.
Samuel Flood	30 do	do 19th Foot.
William O'Byrne White	31 Mar. 1865	do Rangoon.
Arthur William Shedden, M. D.	31 do	do 103th Foot.
Robert Keith, M. D.	31 do	do 60th Rifles.
Edward Joseph Clarke	2 Oct.	do 21st Foot.
William Alexander, M. D.	2 do.	Not arrived.
Robert Whittington Lowe, M. D.	2 do.	Not arrived.

SANITARY COMMISSION.

SANITARY COMMISSIONER, MADRAS.

The Honorable Robert Staunton ELLIS, C. B.

SECRETARY.

Surgeon HOWARD BENJAMIN MONTGOMERY, A.B., M.C., M.D., F.R.C.S.I., & M.R.I.A.

MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT.

Her Majesty's Indian Army.

GENERAL STAFF.

Principal Inspector General Medical Department.

JAMES SHAW, F. R. C. S.—Appointed 10th August 1866.

Inspector General of Hospitals.

W. MACKENZIE, C. B., C. S. I., A. M. & M. D.—Appointed 10th August 1866.

Secretary to the Principal Inspector General.

Surgeon WILLIAM ROBERT CORNISH.—Appointed 20th March 1860.

Deputy Inspectors General of Hospitals.

John Emelius Mayer.....	1 Mar.	1863	Northern District.
Edward Green Balfour.....	23 Aug.	1863	Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
John Henry Orr, C. B., M. D.....	29 July	1864	Mysore Division.—Europe S. C.
John Andrew Reynolds.....	1 Aug.	1864	Southern Division.
Robert Henry Rennick.....	23 Feb.	1865	Nagpore Force.
William George Prichard, M. D.....	23 Feb.	1866	Pegu Division.
Joseph Myers Jackson.....	23 Feb.	1866	Ceded Districts.
Henry William Porteous.....	10 Aug.	1866	Presidency Division.
John Kennedy, M. D.....	Tempy.	11 Aug.	1866 Mysore Division.

Garrison Surgeons.

John Kennedy, M. D.....	11 Mar.	1863	Trichinopoly.—On other duty.
Moses Rogers.....	10 Nov.	1863	Bangalore.—On leave S. C.
Charles William Pickering.....	1 Aug.	1864	Cannanore.
John Borlase Stevens, F. R. C. S.....	15 Aug.	1866	Bellary.
John Miller, M. D., F. R. C. S. E.....	18 Sept.	1866	Fort St. George.
James Lancaster Ranking.....			Trichinopoly.—Acting 1st April 1865.
William Johnstone, M. D.....			Bangalore.—Acting 14th Dec. 1866.

Garrison Assistant Surgeons.

William Farquhar, M. D.....	8 Apr.	1864	Bangalore.
William Nathan Chipperfield.....	13 Oct.	1863	Fort St. George.—On other duty.
James Keess, M. D., M. R. C. P. L.....			Fort St. George.—Acting 1st Oct. 1866.

Medical Storekeeper.

Surgeon Francis Day.....Presidency.—26th March 1866.

Medical Staff at the Presidency.

RANK AND NAMES.	Date of Appointment.	REMARKS.
Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals Henry William Porteous.....	10 Aug. 1866	Presidency Division.
Surgeon Major Ambrose Blacklock.....	11 Apr. 1860	Offg. Examiner of Medical Accounts.
do. Charles Murray Duff, M. D.....	21 Nov. 1862	Physician of the General Hospital, & Professor of Medicine & Clinical Medicine.—Eur. S. C.
do. George Mackay.....	20 Dec. 1865	Surgeon 3d District, i. e., from Poonamallee Road, Southward as far as and on the Adyar, East of the Mount Road to the Mowbray Road & D'Monte's house; with charge of Male Asylum.
do. George Smith, M. D.....	24 Feb. 1863	Examiner of Accounts, Medical Dept.—Eur. S. C.
do. P. Gerald FitzGerald, M. D.....	8 Oct. 1866	Superintendent of the Eye Infirmary.
do. W. Judson vanSomeren, M. D.....	30 Jan. 1866	Principal Medical College.
Surgeon Colvin Smith, M. D.....	1 Oct. 1866	Surg. 4th Dist. i. e., all South of the Club; with charge of Triplicane Dispensary and Police.
do. John Liston Paul, M. D. & A. M.....	11 Apr. 1860	Surgeon 1st District, i. e. Black Town and Royapoorum; with charge of Jails, Native Infirmary, Leper Hospital and Emigration.
do. William Henry Harris, M. D.....	26 Sep. 1865	Surgeon 2d District, i. e. from Poonamallee Road and all to the North, not included in the 1st District.
do. S. J. Wyndowe, M. D.....	6 Oct. 1863	Surgeon of the General Hospital; Professor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
do. J. Short, M.D.F.L.S., & M.R.C.P.L.....	10 Dec. 1864	Supt. Lying-in-Hospital and Professor of Midwifery in the Medical College.
Asst. Surg. William Nathan Chipperfield.....	12 Oct. 1860	Professor of Chemistry and Chemical Examiner.
do. G. Bidie, M. B.....	25 Sep. 1865	General Superintendent of Vaccination.
do. H. E. Busted.....	17 Feb. 1865	Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.
do. James Keess, M. D., M. R. C. P. L.....	14 Mar. 1866	13 Oct. 1863 Garrison Asst. Surgeon, Fort St. George.
Hon. Surg. Samuel Mason.....	4 Feb. 1859	25 Aug. 1865 Ag. Physician of the Genl. Hosl. and Professor of Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
		25 Sep. 1865 Professor of Botany, Materia Medica and Therapeutics.
		17 Feb. 1865 Asst. Assay Master Madras Mint.
		14 Mar. 1866 Acting Assay Master.
		1 Oct. 1866 Ag. Garrison Asst. Surg. Fort St. George, and Prof. of Anatomy & Physiology in the Medical College.
		Resident Medical Officer and in medical charge of the Madras Lunatic Asylum.

Medical College.

COLLEGE COUNCIL.

Surgeon Major GEORGE SMITH, M. D.—9th October 1863.—Principal.

Surgeon Major A. BLACKLOCK, Eur. S. C.
 Surgeon Major G. SMITH, M. D.
 Surgeon J. L. PAUL, M. D., A. M.
 Surgeon W. H. HARRIS, M. D.

PROFESSORS

Surgeon S. J. WYNDOWE, M. D.
 Asst. Surg. W. N. CHIPPERFIELD.
 G. BIDIE, M. B.
 J. KEESS, M. D., M. R. C. P. L.—Ag.

DEPARTMENT OF INSTRUCTION.

PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.....	Surgeon S. J. WYNDOWE, M. D.....	6 Oct. 1863
PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE & CLINICAL MEDICINE.....	Surgeon Major A. BLACKLOCK.—Eur. S. C.....	11 Apr. 1860
PROFESSOR OF DISEASES OF THE EYE.....	Surgeon Major GEORGE SMITH, M. D.....	11 Mar. 1863
PROFESSOR OF SURGERY AND CLINICAL SURGERY.....	Surgeon J. L. PAUL, M.D., A. M.....	11 Apr. 1860
PROFESSOR OF MIDWIFERY.....	Surgeon W. H. HARRIS, M. D.....	26 Sep. 1865
PROFESSOR OF MEDICINE AND CLINICAL MEDICINE.....	Asst. Surg. W. N. CHIPPERFIELD.....	12 Oct. 1860
PROFESSOR OF ANATOMY AND PHYSIOLOGY.....	Asst. Surg. J. KEESS, M. D., M.R.C.P.L.—Actg.	1 Oct. 1866
PROFESSOR OF BOTANY, MATERIA MEDICA AND THERAPEUTICS.....	Asst. Surg. G. BIDIE, M.B.....	25 Sep. 1865
PROFESSOR OF MEDICAL JURISPRUDENCE.....	J. URQUHART, Esq., M. D.....	7 Nov. 1862
ASSISTANT TO THE PROFESSOR OF CHEMISTRY.....	Mr. Asst. Apoth. R. HARVEY.....	12 June 1862
ASSISTANT TO THE PROFESSOR OF BOTANY AND MATERIA MEDICA.....	Mr. 2d Apothecary J. J. WOOD.....	8 Aug. 1859
DEMONSTRATOR OF ANATOMY AND CURATOR OF THE MUSEUM.....	Mr. 2d Apothecary R. WILKINS.....	8 Feb. 1856
NATIVE ASSISTANT.....	2d Dresser T. CUNDASAWAY, No. 483.....	21 July 1866
LIBRARIAN.....	P. R. NARRAINASAWAY MOODELLY.....	12 Dec. 1862

STANDING MEDICAL COMMITTEE at the PRESIDENCY under the control of the PRINCIPAL INSPECTOR GENERAL MEDICAL DEPARTMENT, for the purpose of Examining Officers and others applying for leave on Medical Certificate, for compensation for Wounds, and final Examination for Wound Pension, and Candidates for admission to the Service as Uncovenanted Medical Officers or for duty on Ship board, and for performing such other duties as may be confided to it by the PRINCIPAL INSPECTOR GENERAL.

Ex-Officio President of the Committee.

Depy. Insp. Genl. H. W. PORTEOUS.

Members of the Committee available two at a time.

Surgeon Major A. BLACKLOCK.—Europe S. C.
 Surgeon Major C. M. DUFF, M. D.
 Surgeon Major GEORGE SMITH, M. D.
 Surgeon Major P. G. FITZGERALD, M. D., F. R. S.
 Surgeon Major W. J. VANSOMEREN, M.D.
 Surgeon J. L. PAUL, M. D. & A. M.
 Surgeon C. SMITH, M. D.
 Surgeon W. H. HARRIS, M. D.
 Surgeon S. J. WYNDOWE, M.D.
 Asst. Surgeon W. N. CHIPPERFIELD.
 Asst. Surgeon G. BIDIE, M. B.
 Asst. Surgeon J. KEESS, M. D., M. R. C. P. L.
 Hon. Surgeon S. MASON.—On leave S. C.

The Committee meet at the Office of the Principal Inspector General Medical Department, Fort Saint George every Saturday, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.

Number.	Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSIONS.		Furlough Regt.	REMARKS.
			Substantive	Army.		
PRINCIPAL INSPECTOR GENERAL.						
1	A 1834	James Shaw, F. R. C. S.	10 Aug. 1866	.....	N	
INSPECTORS GENERAL OF HOSPITALS 1.						
	A 1836	*Duncan Macpherson, M.D.	8 Jan. 1858	.....	N	Honorary Physician to Her Majesty, 6th September 1861.—Unemployed.—To reside in Mysore, Southern or Centre Divisions.
	1835	William Mackenzie, C.D., C.S.I., A.M. & M.D.	10 Aug. 1866	.....		
DEPUTY INSPECTORS GENERAL OF HOSPITALS 6.						
5	A 1833	John Emelius Mayer	1 Mar. 1863	.....	N	Northern District.
	1836	Edward Green Balfour	28 Aug.	.....	N	Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
	A 1837	*John Henry Orr, C.B., M.D.	29 July 1864	.....	N	Mysore Division.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 21st March 1865.
	A ..	*John Andrew Reynolds	1 Aug.	.....	O	Southern Division.
	A 1834	Robert Henry Rennie	28 Feb. 1865	.....	N	Nagpore Force.
	A 1837	William George Prichard, M.D.	28 Feb. 1866	.....	N	Pegu Division.
	A ..	*Joseph Myers Jackson	23 do	.....	.....	Ceded Districts.
10	A 1838	Henry William Porteous	10 Aug.	.....	.....	Presidency Division.
SURGEONS.						
25 YEARS SERVICE.						
	A 1834	Thomas Caverhill Jordon	29 Feb. 1852	SM 1 Oct. 58	O	At disposal of the Government of India.
	A 1835	John Kennedy, M.D.	29 Oct.	SM 1 do.	N	Garrison Surgeon Trichinopoly.—Temp. Depy. Insp. Genl. of Hospitals, Mysore Division.
	A ..	David Thomas Morton, F.R.C.S.	29 do	SM 1 do	N	In medical charge of the Settlement of Port Blair.
15	A ..	John Borlase Stevens, F.R.C.S.	1 Jan. 1855	SM 1 do	N	Garrison Surgeon Bellary.
	A ..	*Charles William Pickering	21 Feb.	SM 1 do	O	Garrison Surgeon Cannanore.
	A 1839	James Cecil Burton, M.D.	26 July	SM 14 May 59	N	Doing duty 13th Infantry.
	A 1838	Henry Smith, F. R. C. S.	12 Feb. 1856	SM 12 Sep.	N	Europe S.C. 21th April 65 & 14th Sept. 1866
	A ..	Edward Samuel Tribe	30 Mar.	SM 26 Oct.	N	Deputy Inspector General's Department Hyderabad Subsidiary Force, to have Medical charge of the duties detailed in the Proceedings of Government, Military Department, No. 3269, dated 16th September 1864.—Doing duty 28th Infantry.
20	A 1838	Charles Barclay	27 Apr.	SM 3 Dec. 59	O	Europe S. C. 20 months 16th March 1866.
	A ..	Moses Rogers	6 May	SM 3 Dec.	O	Garrison Surgeon Bangalore.—On leave S. C. till 31st May 1867.
	A ..	James Lancaster Ranking	18 Sep.	SM 6 do	..	Sappers and Miners.—Acting Garrison Surgeon, Trichinopoly.
	A 1840	James Peterkin, M. D., F.R.C.S.	12 Feb. 1857	SM 6 Jan. 60	O	Staff Surgeon, Rangoon.
	A ..	*William Johnston, M. D.	8 Aug.	SM 6 Jan.	N	Officiating Garrison Surgeon, Bangalore.
	A ..	Ambrose Blacklock	21 Dec.	SM 8 Feb.	N	Physician, General Hospital, and Professor of Medicine, and Clinical Medicine.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 22d August 1865.
25	A ..	*William Wilson Rawes	29 June 1853	SM 14 Apr.	N	4th Cavalry.—Europe S. C. 18 months 10th April 1866.
	A ..	*James Mackintosh	5 Aug.	SM 22 Dec.	O	Europe Furlo 25th May 1864, 6th January, 20th June, 12th December 1865 and 19th June 1866.
	A 1841	*William Hewitt Seton Burn, F. R. C. S.	5 May 1853	SM 17 Feb. 61	N	35th Infantry.
	A ..	Alexander Charles Macleod, M.D.	26 Oct.	SM 8 Mar.	N	Eur. S. C. 4th Apr. 1865, and 2nd Nov. 1866.
	A ..	L. R. C. P. L., M. R. C. P. L. and F. R. C. S.	30 Nov.	SM 3 Oct.	N	2d Cavalry.
30	A ..	Henry James Penny, F.R.C.S.	2 Jan. 1860	SM 4 Jan. 62	O	Surgeon 2d District.
	A ..	*Charles Murray Duff, M.D.	19 Feb.	SM 8 do	N	6th Infantry.
	A ..	Henry Young	1 Mar.	SM 30 do	N	9th Infantry.
	A 1842	Christopher Beadnell Craske	2 Sep.	SM 15 Feb.	O	Europe S. C. 3 years, 6th April 1866.

Number.	Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSIONS.		Furlough Regt.	REMARKS.
			Substantive	Army.		
SURGEONS.						
35	h 1842	James Kirk Patrick, M. D.	28 Dec. 1860	SM 30 Apr. 62	N	
	h ..	Hugh Francis Clarke Cleg- horn, M. D.	21 Feb. 1861	SM 10 Aug.	N	Conservator of Forests in the Madras Presi- dency.—Officiating Inspector General of Forests to the Government of India.
	h ..	Matthew Kane, M. A., M. D.	23 Feb.	SM 20 do	N	Acting Assay Master, Bombay.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 18th May 1866.
	h ..	*George Mackay, M. D. L. R. C. P. E.	1 Mar.	SM 28 Dec.	N	Examiner of Medical Accounts.—Europe S. C. 20 months 23d March 1866.
	h ..	Alexander Hunter, M. D.	29 Apr.	SM 2 Feb. 63	N	Superintendent of the School of Industrial Arts.
40	h 1843	Frederick Fletcher	15 June	SM 4 Apr.	N	Eur. pe S. C. 20 months, 20th April 1866.
	h 1844	James Hay Blackwell	13 Aug.	SM 27 Jan. 64	O	Europe S. C. 3 years, 6th May 1864.
	h ..	William Wentworth Heude, M. D.	30 Nov.	SM 25 Mar.	O	Europe furlo 3 years, 27th January 1865.
	h ..	William Williamson	26 Feb. 1862	SM 16 Apr.	O	36th Infantry.
	h ..	*George Smith, M. D.	4 Oct.	SM 3 Aug.	N	Principal of the Medical College, 9th Octo- ber 1863.—Superintendent Eye Infirmary, and Professor of Diseases of the Eye, 1st March 1863.
45	h 1845	Walter Alexander Leslie	31 do	SM 11 Feb. 65	O	Europe S. C. 3 years, 5th April 1864.
	h ..	Frederick Lewis Clementson	21 Nov.	SM 20 Aug.	N	11th Infantry.
	h ..	John Brett, M. D.	25 Dec.	SM 12 Sep.	O	Europe S. C. 3 years, 24th November 1865.
	h 1846	William Aitken, M. D.	31 Jan. 1863	SM 26 Jan. 66	N	Europe S. C. 20 months, 23d August 1865.
	h ..	*Patrick Gerald FitzGerald, M. D. F. R. C. S. I.	25 Feb.	SM 20 Mar.	..	Surgeon 4th District.
	H ..	Wm. Judson van Someren, M. D.	1 Mar.	SM 7 Apr.	N	Surgeon 1st District.—Medical Inspector of Emigrants.
50	H ..	James Boyd Fleming, M. D.	1 do	SM 17 do	N	1st Cavalry.
	h ..	Duncan Mackenzie	2 May.	SM 5 May	O	24th Infantry.
	h ..	George Baillie, M. D.	12 do	SM 19 do.	O	35th Infantry.
	h ..	Edward Dixon	14 May	SM 3d June	..	4th Cavalry.
15 YEARS SERVICE.						
	h 1848	Arthur Langford Trewman Cooke	28 Aug. 1863	.....	O	Sea and Australia S. C. 12 months, 5th January 1866.
55	h ..	*Lestock Wilson Stewart	5 Sep.	.....	O	22nd Infantry.
	h ..	John Robert Theobalds	11 Oct.	.....	N	1st Infantry.
	h ..	George Flower Triumell	23 Feb. 1864	.....	N	Eur. S. C. 18 months, 5th October 1866.
	h 1849	James Donaldson, M. D.	29 Feb.	.....	N	Medical Officer at Ootacamund.
	h ..	Charles James Rogers	15 June	.....	N	2nd Infantry.—Neilgherries S. C. till 25th April 1867.
60	h ..	*Edward John Waring	15 do	.....	..	Europe.—On Special duty.
	h ..	*George Whitaker Walter	15 do	.....	N	4th Infantry.
	h 1850	John Liston Paul, M. D. & A. M.	25 do	.....	..	Surgeon of the General Hospitals and Pro- fessor of Surgery and Clinical Surgery.
	h ..	John George Gibbs	15 do	.....	O	34th Infantry.
	h ..	Henry Rowley Donaldson	15 do	.....	..	Europe S. C. 20 months, 9th June 1865.
65	h ..	John Wilson	15 do	.....	N	
	h ..	John Miller, M. D., F. R. C. S. E.	15 do	.....	N	Garrison Surgeon, Fort St. George.
	h ..	Henry Robert Oswald, M. D.	15 do	.....	N	Surgeon of the Mysore Commission.
	h ..	*John Thomas Williams	15 do	.....	..	3d Cavalry.
	h 1851	Alexander Adam Renton, M. D.	1 July	.....	O	Officiating Durbar Surgeon at Mysore.
70	h ..	*John Anderson Cox, M. D.	29 do	.....	O	20th Infantry.
	h ..	*James Edward Dickinson	7 Oct.	.....	..	40th Infantry.
10 YEARS SERVICE.						
	h ..	*Colvin Smith, M. D.	13 Dec.	.....	O	Surgeon 2d District.
	h 1852	Edward D'Arcy Evezard	14 do	.....	N	3d Infantry.
75	h ..	*Francis Day	14 do	.....	N	Medical Storekeeper, Presidency.
	h ..	*Howard Benjamin Montgo- mery, A. B., M. C., M. D., F. R. C. S. I. & M. R. I. A.	14 do	.....	N	Secretary to the Sanitary Commissioner of Madras.
	H ..	Joseph Marcus Joseph, M. D. F. R. C. P. E. & M. R. C. P. L.	14 do	.....	N	
	h ..	Edw. Somerset Cleveland, M. D.	14 Dec. 1864	.....	O	21st Infantry.
	h ..	William Henry Harris, M. D.	13 Feb. 1865	.....	O	Superintendent Lying-in-Hospital and Pro- fessor of Midwifery in the Medical College

Number.	Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	DATE OF COMMISSIONS.		Furlough Regt.	REMARKS.
			Substantive	Army.		
SURGEONS.						
80	h	1852 William Henry Rean, M. D.	14 May 1865			25th Infantry.
	h	" Henry Thompson Shaw	10 Sep.			N Native Infantry Depot, and European Artillery Veteran Company Palaveram.
	S	" * Alfred Sanderson, M. D., M. A.	20 Oct.			N In Medical charge 1st Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.
	h	1853 Clarence Cooper, M. D.	20 Nov.			N 2nd Infantry.—Eur. S. C. 20 months, 9th October 1866.
	h	1854 James McDonald	14 Feb. 1866			N 37th Infantry.
	h	" Samuel Jardine Wyndowe, M.D.	24 Mar.			N Chemical Examiner, and Professor of Chemistry, Medical College.
85	h	" William Robert Cornish	1 Apr.			N Secretary to the Principal Inspector General Medical Department.
	h	" John Simm Morton, M. D.	10 June			N Eur. Furl. 14th Feb. 1865 and 2d Nov. 1866.
	h	" Arleth Hulme Beaman	10 do			N 33d Infantry.
	h	" John Pearson Nash, M. D.	20 do			N 13th Infantry.
	S	" Henry Critchley Brodrick, M.D.	2 Sep.			N In Medical charge 1st Regiment Central India Horse.
90	h	" L. R. C. F. E.				
	h	" George Stewart Watson Ogg	12 do			N Medical Officer at Coonoor, with charge of Kotagerry.
		" M. E. M. A.				
94	H Non fixed	" John Shortt, M. D., F. L. S. & M. R. C. P. L.	20 Sep.			N General Superintendent of Vaccination.

Number.	Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	Date of Commissions.	Furlough Regt.	REMARKS.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.					
10 YEARS SERVICE.					
1	h 1854	Donald Coleman McAllum, M.D.	30 Dec. 1854		N In Medical charge 5th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.
	h 1855	William Nathan Chipperfield	3 Jan. 1855		N Garrison Assistant Surgeon Fort St. George, 13th October 1862.—Professor of Anatomy and Physiology.—Acting Physician of the General Hospital and Professor of Medicine and Clinical Medicine.
	h "	William Pearl	24 do		N 27th Infantry.—And Acting Civil Surgeon, Cuddapah.
	h "	George Marr, A. M. & M. D.	24 do		N Civil Surgeon Moulmein.
5	h "	* William Doyle, M. D., F. R. C. S. I.	24 do		N 7th Regiment N. I.
	h "	Edmund Eyre Lloyd	24 do		N Zillah Surgeon, and Superintendent of Jail Nellore.
	h "	* Thomas Lowe	24 do		N Eur. S. C. 20 months, 4th Sept. 1866.
	h "	* Henry Webster	24 do		N Doing duty Deputy Inspector General's Department, Presidency Division.—Neilgherries S. C. till 31st December 1866.
10	h "	Michael Cudmore Funnell	7 Feb.		N Medical Officer at Ootacamund.
	h "	George Alexander Burn, M. A. & M. D.	20 May		
	h "	Thomas Croudace	4 Aug.		N In Medical charge 4th Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.
	h "	Henry Joseph Herschel Griesbach, M. D.	4 do		N Eur. Furl. 2 years, 4th Sept. 1866.
	h "	Robert Dempster	4 do		N 10th Infantry.
	h "	John Houston, M. D.	4 do		N 12th Infantry.—And in Civil Medical charge of Hosangabad.
	h "	Henry Elmsley Busteed, M. D.	4 do		N Assistant Civil Surgeon of Mysore.
	h "	Henry Crocker, M. D.	4 do		N Assistant Assay Master, Acting Assay Master, Madras Mint.
	h "	Richard Arnold	4 do		N In Medical charge 2d Cavalry 4th Infantry, 4th Company Artillery and Staff and Details Hyderabad Contingent.
	h "	Hunter Adam	4 do		N Europe S. C. 18th March 1865 & 27th Nov. 1866.
	h "	William Henry Morgan	4 do		N Europe S. C. 20 months, 11th May 1865.
					N 23d Infantry.

§ Brevet Surgeon, 20th July 1855

Number.	Season of Appointment.	NAMES.	Date of Commission.	Furlough Regt.	REMARKS.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.					
20	h 1856	Henry King, A. B. & M. B.	11 Jan. 1856		N Acting Zillah Surgeon, and Superintendent of Jail Mangalore.—Doing duty 14th Infantry.
	h "	Benjamin Williamson, M. B.	30 do		N In Medical charge of the 2d Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.
	h "	George Bidie, M. B.	20 Feb.		N Professor of Botany, Materia Medica and Therapeutics, Medical College.—Temp. Medical Storekeeper, Press.
	h "	John Groscoft Reed, M. D.	20 do		N In Medical charge 3d Cavalry Hyderabad Contingent.
25	h "	* John Henderson, M. D.	20 do		N Superintendent of the Central Jail at Bangalore.
	h "	Hamilton McEilheron Ross, M. D.	20 do		
	h "	Charles Thick Eves	20 do		N Physician to His Highness the Rajah of Travancore.
	h "	James Sadleir Ridings, M. D.	20 do		N Medical charge 6th Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.
	h "	James Joseph Helferman	20 do		N 5th Infantry.
	h "	David William Trinnell	20 do		N Eur. S. C. 10th July 1863, 7th Mar., 19th Sep. 1865, 26th Jan., 10th April, 18th May and 14th Sep. 1866.
30	h "	Charles Abdy Andrews	25 Apr.		N Civil Assistant Surgeon Narsingapore.
	h "	John McNeale Donnelly, M. D.	3 July 1856		N Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Vizagapatam.
	h "	James Keess, M. D. & M. R. C. P. L.	4 Aug.		N Superintendent of the Central Jail at Moulmein.
	h "	Robert Wilson, M. D.	4 do		N Acting Garrison Asst. Surgeon Fort St. George & Actg. Prof. of Anatomy & Physiology in the Med. College.
	h "	* Robert William Cockerill	4 do		N Doing duty 35th Infantry.—Acting Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Tinnevely.
35	h "	* Charles Robertson, M. D.	4 do		N Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Berhampore.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 13th February 1866.
	h "	William Charles Elliot, M. D.	4 do		N 5th Infantry.
	h "	Alexander Gamach, A. M. & M. D.	4 do		N 7th Infantry, and Temp. in Civil Medical charge of the Raepore District.
	h "	Jacob Wilkins, M. D.	4 do		N Medical Officer at Port Blair.
	h "	Thomas Gwynne Howell	12 Nov. 1856		N 29th Infantry.
40	h 1857	James Ross, M. B.	29 do		N Europe S. C. 20 months, 23d February 1866.
					N Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Tanjore.
6 YEARS SERVICE.					
	h 1857	Samuel Thomas Heard, M. D.	29 Jan. 1857		N In Medical charge Nuggur Division Mysore.
	h "	William Arnold Smith, M. D.	29 do		N Attached 2nd Infantry.
	h "	Wm. Fredk. deFabeck	29 do		N Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Chittoor.
	h "	George Edward Whitton, M. B. & B. A.	29 do		
45	h "	Thomas Beaumont, M. D.	29 do		N Civil Surgeon of Cochin.
	h "	William Pierce Kelly	9 June		N Residency Surgeon Indore.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 26th September 1865.
	h "	Wm. Richards Grylls, M. D.	4 Aug.		N Superintendent of the Central Jail at Rangoon.
	h "	James Thomas Joseph Doyle	10 Dec.		N In Medical charge of the Civil Station of Chindwarrah, Nagpore.—Officiating Superintendent of Vaccination, Central Provinces.
	h "	Henry John Beach	27 Jan. 1857		N In Medical charge 2nd Infantry Hyderabad Contingent.—Europe S. C. 24th January 1865 & 31st Aug. 1866.
50	h "	John Mussey Miller, M. D.	13 Apr.		N Europe S. C. 6th December 1864 and 18th May 1866.
	h "	William Farquhar, M. D.	28 May		N 30th Infantry.
	h "	John Law, M. D.	28 do		N Garrison Asst. Surg., Bangalore.
	h "	Geo. Hamilton Alexander, M. D.	28 do		N Civil Assistant Surgeon of Saugor.
	h "	Walter Fry	29 June		N 41st Infantry.
55	h "	William John Busteed	23 July		N Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Chingleput.
	h "	Wm. Farquhar Davis, M. D.	23 do		N Zillah Surgeon Coimbatore.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 9th July 1866.
	h "	* Samuel Rule, M. D.	23 do		N Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Madura.—On leave S. C. till 31st May 1867.
	h "	James McDonald Houston, M. D.	23 do		N In Medical charge Engineer's Establishment, Upper Godavery.
	h "	Wm. Howland Roberts, M. D.	23 do		N Zillah Surgeon and Temporary Superintendent of Jail, Salem.—Acting Zillah Surgeon of Coimbatore.
60	h "	John Murray, M. D.	23 do		N Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Tranquebar.—Europe S. C. 20 months, 16th February 1866.
	h 1859	John Bilderbeck	10 Feb. 1859		N Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Cuddalore.
	h "	Robert Edmund Pearse	10 do		N Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Calicut.
	h "	George Dalziel Riddell	10 do		N In Medical charge 3d Infantry Hyderabad Contingent, and Civil Establishment and Jail at Ellichpoor.
65	h "	Aneas McLeod Ross	10 do		N Residency Surgeon at Travancore.
	h "	Joseph Dougall	10 do		N Zillah Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Rajahmundry.
	h "	Benjamin Thomas Suffrein	27 July		N 26th Infantry.
	h "	Joseph Francis Barter	27 do		N Civil Assistant Surgeon, Scone District.
	h "	John FitzGerald	27 do		N Doing duty Detachments of Artillery and Native Infantry, Labuan.

Number	Season of Appointment	NAMES.	Date of Commissions.	Furlough Regis.	REMARKS.
ASSISTANT SURGEONS.					
70	A	1859 Andrew Fergusson, M. D.	27 do	N	Residency Assistant Surgeon at Singapore.
	A	" Hugh Griffith	27 do	N	32nd Infantry.
	A	1860 George Williamson, M. D.	20 Jan. 1860	N	19th Infantry.
	A	" Charles Robert George Parker	20 do	N	16th Infantry.
	A	" Daniel Kearney	20 do	N	Doing duty detachment Native Infantry at Sumbulpore.
	A	" Francis Oute Bigg Wither	25 do	N	Civil Surgeon and Superintendent of Jail, Guntoor.
75	A	1860 Frederick Duckworth, M. D.	1 Oct. 1860	N	Zillah Surgeon, Cuddapah.—Acting Civil Surgeon, and Superintendent of Jail Tranquebar.
UNDER 5 YEARS SERVICE					
	L.S.	1865 Alexander Porter, M. D.	31 Mar. 1865	..	In Medical charge of the Station and Jail of Akola.
	L.S.	" Thomas Edward French	31 do	..	Acting Zillah Surgeon, Masulipatam.
	L.S.	" Samuel Bradshaw Hunt	31 Mar. 1865	..	Doing duty Depy. Insp. Genl's Dept. Northern Div.
	L.S.	" William Smyth Fox	31 do	..	Doing duty Depy. Insp. Genl's Dept. Ceded Districts.
80		" David John M'Carthy, M. D.	31 do	..	Doing duty Depy. Insp. Genl's Dept. Ceded Districts.
		" James Atkinson West Spence	31 do	..	Tempy. in Civil Medical charge of Prom.
		" Albert M'Diarmid, M. D.	31 do	..	Doing duty Deputy Inspector General's Department, Nagpore Force.
	T.	" James Byers Thomas	2 Oct.	..	Attached 25th Infantry.
		1866 John MacPherson, M. D.	31 Mar. 1866	..	Doing duty Depy. Insp. Genl's Dept. Mysore Div.
85		" Lewis Charles Nauney	31 do	..	Doing duty General Hospital, Madras.
		" Patrick John Shannon, M. D.	31 do	..	Doing duty Deputy Insp. General's Dept. Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
		" Charles Edwin McVittie	31 do	..	Doing duty Deputy Insp. General's Dept. Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.
		" Cormac Michael Cullinan	31 do	..	Doing duty General Hospital, Madras.
		" Henry Charles Mayer	31 do	..	Doing duty Depy. Insp. General's Dept. Mysore Div.
90		" Frederick Martin Rickard	31 do	..	Deputy Inspector General's Dept. Mysore Division.
91		" Daniel Frederick Bateman	31 do	..	Doing duty under Staff Surgeon, Palaveram.

Number	NAMES.	Date of Commissions.	Corps or Stations and Departments.	Fur. Regis.	REMARKS.
INSPECTING VETERINARY SURGEON.					
1	A Edward Boghurst Dawson	25 May 1866	.....	O	Europe S. C. 20 months, 8th November 1864.
	A Rowland Hill Usherwood Hol- loway	Ag. 18 July	.....	O	
VETERINARY SURGEONS.					
15 YEARS SERVICE.					
	A Josiah Martin Cullimore	7 Aug. 1848	.....	O	Doing duty Royal Artillery, Nagpore Force—temporarily doing duty 1st Regiment L. C.—Bangalore & Nilgheerries S. C. till 30th Apr. 1861.
	A James Thacker	29 Apr. 1851	.....	N	Tempy. Employed under Govt.
5	A Thomas Pritchard Is	2 Oct. 1851	Body Guard	N	
10 YEARS SERVICE.					
5 YEARS SERVICE.					
	A Frederick George Shaw Is	6 Feb. 1857	Remount Depot. Oos- sior.	N	
7	A George Western Is	25 Apr.	4th L. C.	N	Europe S. C. 18 months, 16th November 1866.

No.	NAMES.	Date of Rank.	CORPS, STATIONS, &c.
HONORARY SURGEON.			
	Samuel Mason	14 June 1864	Resident Medical Officer in charge of the Lunatic Asylum.—Bangalore and Eastern Coast S. C. 1 year, 27th July 1866.
HONY. ASST. SURGEON.			
	George Haldwell	8 Aug. 1865	Garrison of Bangalore.
SUB-ASST. SURGEONS, THIRD CLASS, AND DEPUTY SUPTS. OF VAC- CINATION.			
1	Caleb St. John Lawrence	2 May 1865	No. 3 or Malabar Circle.
	Robert Donaldson	2 do	No. 5 or Tanjore Circle.
	William Osman	2 do	No. 4 or Madura Circle.
	Patrick Kingsley	2 do	No. 6 or North Arcot Circle.
5	William Karney	2 do	No. 2 or Coimbatore Circle.
	Thomas Ward	2 do	No. 9 or Cuddapah Circle.
	Joseph Sausman	2 do	No. 10 or Kistna Circle.
	Leonard Walter Linclon	27 Nov. 1866	No. 1 or Madras Circle.
	Easton Alfred Morris Tempy.	1 June	No. 11 or Godavery Circle.
10	Edwin Atkinson Tempy.	27 Nov.	No. 8 or Bellary Circle.
SENIOR APOTHECARIES 6			
1	George Haldwell	2 June 1832	Has the Local & Honorary Rank of Asst. Surgeon 8th Aug. 1865.
	Samuel Mason†	27 Aug. 1833	Has the Honorary Rank of Surgeon, with its relative Rank of Captain, and a special allowance of Rs. 150 per mensem.
	Mark Sterling†	7 Feb. 1840	Port and Marine Surgeon's Dept.—Bangalore and Eastern Coast S. C. till 25th February 1867.
6	*Gustin Wilson†	1 Nov. 1842	Garrison of Vizagapatam.—Secunderabad S. C. till 25th Feb. 1867.
	Bartholomew Wouters†	24 Feb. 1848	Under the Commissioner in Mysore.

† In receipt of the superior allowance authorized in G. O. G. 20th January 1846, No. 19.

No.	NAME.	Date of Rank.	CORPS, STATIONS, &c
APOTHECARIES 39.			
1	P. A. Amond Doutre	24 Sept.	Medical Stores, Secunderabad.
	P. A. Robert Thomson	15 Mar. 1850	Station, Kotagerry.
	P. A. Thomas King	24 Dec.	Under the Commissioner in Nagpore.
	P. A. Joseph North	25 July 1851	Garrison of Bellary.
5	P. A. *Peter McIntyre	9 May 1851	Medical Stores, Cannanore.
	P. A. William Barnes	22 May 1855	Mysore Commission.
	P. A. Samuel Jones	15 June	Garrison of Trichinopoly.
	P. A. *Robert Hutton	28 Nov.	Medical Stores, Presidency.
	P. A. *John Charlesworth	21 Oct. 1856	Dept. of Depy. Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Mysore Division.
10	P. A. George Wrightman	17 July	Under the Commissioner in Mysore.
	P. A. Abel Grove	27 Apr. 1858	Native Infirmary.
	P. A. George Macqueen	31 Dec.	(Cantonment of Kemptee.
	P. A. John Cunningham	29 Mar. 1859	Doing duty Government House.
	P. A. *John Tyrrell	27 July 1860	Penitentiary, Madras.—On leave P. A.
15	P. A. Thomas Bowyer Turnbull	23 May 1861	Eye Infirmary.
	P. A. Charles Doig	27 Sept.	Medical Stores, Rangoon.—Actg. Civil Surgeon Cocanada.
	P. A. Frederick Pearl	27 May 1862	General Hospital, Trimulgherry.
	P. A. George Pereira	8 Aug.	Doing duty Dept. of Depy. Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Hyderabad
			Subsidiary Force.
	P. A. Thomas Horrox	21 Dec.	Assistant Agent and Police Establishment, Russelcondah.
20	P. A. *Edmund White	17 Apr. 1863	Dept. of Depy. Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Mysore Division.—Sea Coast and Sea S. C. till 30th April 1867.
	P. A. Thomas Leonard	2 Dec.	Medical Stores, Vizagapatam.
	P. A. Samuel Newman	27 Jan. 1864	Doing duty Dept. of Depy. Insptr. Genl. of Hospls., Mysore Divn.
	P. A. John Gorman	8 Feb.	Lying-in-Hospital, Madras.
	P. A. William Leach	13 April	Dispensary, Fort St. George.
25	P. A. Wm. Keighly Kierulf	7 May	Department of Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Ceded Districts.
	P. A. Hen. Herbert Lynsdale	14 do	General Hospital, Presidency.
	P. A. Patrick John Finley	30 July	Dept. of Deputy Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Southern Division.—Doing duty at Convalescent Depot at Wellington.
	Daniel Gillespie	12 Oct. 59	Medical charge of Station Chicacole.
		15 do 64	
	P. A. Lazarus Leopold Dyce	22 Mar. 1863	Collector's Department, Bellary.
	P. A. Francis Meneaud	10 June	Depy. Insptr. General's Dept. Pegu Division.
30	P. A. *James Hargreaves	1 Nov.	Tempy. in Medical charge of Rajahmundry.
	P. A. *Samuel Brown Kemp	1 do	Deputy Insptr. General's Department, Pegu Division.
	P. A. *William Powell	27 Jan. 1866	Deputy Inspector General's Department, Southern Division.
	P. A. William Douglas Master	1 May	Depy. Insptr. Genl's. Dept. Northern District.
	P. A. *Daniel Henry Gray	1 do	Lunatic Asylum, Madras.
35	P. A. Henry Wale	15 June	Deputy Insptr. Genl's. Dept., Ceded Districts.
	P. A. Robert Fred. Stephenson	30 do	Collector's Establishment, Madras.
	P. A. *Francis Bormel Pereira	20 Aug. 1866	Mysore Commission.
38	P. A. John Middleton	29 do	Depy. Insptr. Genl's. Dept. Presidency.—Sunkrydroog P. A. till 4th February 1867.
	P. A. *John Asiaticus Hill Wabab	12 Oct.	Deputy Inspector General's Department Nagpore Force.
2d APOTHECARIES 30.			
1	P. S. A. Thomas Humphreys Carr	15 Aug. 1862	Dept. of Depy. Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Nagpore Force.—In Medical charge of Belaspore.
	P. A. John William McKenzie	20 June 1863	20th Brigade Royal Artillery.
	P. A. James Thomas	2 Dec.	D Brigade Royal Artillery.
5	P. A. Abraham Savil	27 Jan. 1864	H. M.'s 1st Royals.
	P. S. A. John Joseph Wood	8 Feb.	Assistant to the Professor of Botany and Materia Medica in the Medical College.
	P. S. A. Henry Hitchcock	9 Mar.	Royal Artillery Saint Thomas' Mount.
	P. S. A. Robert Donaldson	13 April	Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Third Class.
	P. S. A. Samuel Sausman	7 May	H. M.'s 3rd Battalion 60th Rifles.
10	P. S. A. Joseph O'Keefe	14 do	H. M.'s 16th Lancers.
	P. S. A. Henry Goldbier	26 do	H. M.'s 24th Foot.
	P. S. A. James Lears	4 June	Doing duty Collector and Agent's Establishment, Vizagapatam.
	P. A. John Bornshin	30 July	Depy. Insptr. Genl's. Dept. Mysore Division.—Doing duty Depot Poonamallee.
	P. A. George Anthony Trutwein	14 Oct.	
15	P. S. A. Samuel Hall	22 Mar. 1865	H. M.'s 21st Fusiliers.
	P. S. A. *Austin Ince	10 June	H. M.'s 18th Hussars.
	P. S. A. Michael Netscher	6 Sep.	Department of Deputy Insptr. Genl. of Hospitals, Presidency.—In Temporary Medical charge of Kurnool.
	P. A. *Laurence Carthy	1 Nov.	H. M.'s 19th Foot.
	P. S. A. David Stewart	1 do	H. M.'s 16th Foot.
20	P. S. A. George Bamford	27 Jan. 1866	Deputy Inspector General's Department Nagpore Force.
	P. S. A. George Nicholls	1 May	H. M.'s 16th Foot.
	P. S. A. Thomas Quinn	1 do	Bimlipatam.
	P. S. A. Robert Alex. Leonard	15 June	Collector's Establishment, Salem.
	P. S. A. Richard Wilkins	18 do	Demonstrator of Anatomy and Curator of the Museum at the Medical College.
25	P. S. A. Peter Anderson	29 July	Doing duty Jail and working party at Loredale, Neilgherries.
	*John Howard, M.D. & M. R.C.L.	20 Aug.	Medical charge of the Zillah of Berhampore.
	P. S. A. *Joseph Sausman	24 do	Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Third Class.
28	P. S. A. *William Thomas	12 Oct.	H. M.'s 102nd Foot.
	*John Edwin Ross	12 Oct. 1859	Depot Poonamallee.—On other duty.

† Has the Local Rank of 2nd Apothecary.—1st Aug. 1860.

* P. A. signifies Passed examination as Apothecary.

P. S. A. signifies Passed examination as Second Apothecary.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S ORDER REGARDING LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 1st September 1863, No. 306 of 1863.—The following Extract from a Military Despatch from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, is published:—

Despatch dated 31st July 1863, No. 109.—1. I have to inform you that the House of Lords has reversed the judgment of the Master of the Rolls, in the matter of Lord Clive's Fund, and has ruled that the contingency specified in the Deed constituting the Fund, in the event of which the sum of Sixty Rupees 500,000 should be returned to Lord Clive, or to his Executors, Administrators, or Assigns, has happened, by the passing of the Acts 21 and 22 Victoria, Cap. 106.

2. You will therefore, in future, admit all persons, who would have been entitled to pension from that Fund, to an equivalent rate of pension, without reference to the name of Lord Clive, upon production of the usual documents.

PENSIONS IN LIEU OF THOSE FORMERLY GRANTED FROM LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

These pensions are granted to Commissioned and Warrant Officers and Soldiers of the Indian Forces, superannuated or worn-out in the Service.

The following Commissioned and Warrant Officers are entitled to the half-pay of their respective ranks from the date of their debarkation in England, on their making affidavit that they do not possess property to the amount opposite to their respective rank:—

Colonel, or Member of the Medical Board.....	4,000
Lieutenant Colonel, or Superintending Surgeon.....	3,000
Major.....	2,500
Captain.....	2,000
Commissary of Ordnance.....	2,000
Surgeon.....	2,000
Lieutenant or Adjutant of Invalids with one Commission.....	1,000
Deputy Commissary of Ordnance.....	1,000
Assistant Surgeon, or Veterinary Surgeon.....	1,000
Ensign.....	750
Assistant Commissary of Ordnance, Deputy ditto, Conductor, Troop Quarter Master, and all other inferior Warrant Officers.....	750

All Commissioned, Staff, or other Officers are to have half the Ordinary Infantry pay they enjoyed whilst in the service, and Warrant Officers are to receive one-half of their retiring pensions, viz:—

	Per annum.	Per diem.
Colonel, Member of the Medical Board.....	£ 228 2 6	or 12s. 6d.
Lieutenant Colonel, or Superintending Surgeon.....	" 182 10 0	" 10 6
Major.....	" 136 17 6	" 7 6
Captain, Surgeon, or Commissary.....	" 91 5 0	" 5 0
Lieut., Asst. Surgeon, Vety. Surgeon, or Depy. Commissary.....	" 45 12 6	" 2 6
Cornet or Ensign.....	" 36 10 0	" 2 0
Assistant, or Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	" 37 1 4	" 2 0
Conductor of Ordnance, Riding Master or Troop Qr. Master.....	" 30 0 0	" 1 7
Sub-Conductor.....	" 22 16 3	" 1 3

Pensions to Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates are paid from the day of their debarkation in England, as follows:—

Serjeants of Artillery, 9d. per diem.—1s. to those who have lost a limb.

Privates of ditto 6d. ditto and 9d. to ditto

All other Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates receive 4 pence and 3 farthings.

Serjeants who have actually served 21 years in the Indian Forces, the last 8 as Serjeants, or who are distinguished for good conduct or disabled from wounds received on actual service, are allowed in any part of the British dominions in Europe *one shilling per diem* in addition to the regulated pension from this Fund. Serjeants wishing to reside in India after 21 years' service as above are allowed 30 Rupees per mensem.

Serjeants, Corporals or Privates of 14 years' actual service, discharged on account of debility rendering them unfit for Field Service, shall be allowed *inclusive* of the regulated pension from this Fund as follows:—

Serjeants per diem 1 shilling, Corporals and Privates per diem 9d., and Serjeants, Corporals, and Privates discharged at their own request after completing 21 years' service, shall be allowed *inclusive* of pension from this Fund, one shilling per diem.

If incapable, from wounds or injuries received on service, of discharging their duties, the following *per diem* pensions *inclusive* of the regulated pensions from this Fund, will be allowed whatever the rank or Corps of the Soldier, but not without a certificate of good conduct from the proper authorities.

	If totally unable to contribute to earn a livelihood.			If able to contribute something to earn a livelihood.		
	£	s.	d.	£	s.	d.
After 21 years' service	0	1	10	0	1	4
" 14 " "	0	1	6	0	1	0
Under 14 " "	0	1	3	0	0	9

The pensions to Commissioned, Warrant, Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers are payable half-yearly at the India Office, in London, without deduction, at Midsummer and Christmas; but if Non-Commissioned Officers and Soldiers receive their pensions in the country, (if they reside more than 25 miles from London by special leave,) a shilling will be charged on each payment for the person who pays them.

The pensions of Commissioned and Warrant Officers are payable as they fall due. Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates paid in advance, on their landing, for the broken period to the end of the first half-year, and afterwards half-yearly in advance.

Pensions to Widows.

The Widows of Commissioned and Warrant Officers of the Indian Forces are entitled to the following pensions, upon providing satisfactory evidence, that their husbands did not die possessed of property to the amount stated opposite to their respective ranks. The pensions continued during widowhood, but terminate *finally* on re-marriage, which cancels all claim to reversion to the pension previously drawn in right of their former deceased husbands. Should the second husband have been an European Officer, or Soldier, the Widow will be entitled to pension on his account.

TABLE of PENSIONS from this Fund to the Widows of Officers of every Branch of the Service calculated at the Europe rate of pay of Infantry.

	RS.	A.	P.	Amount of property precluding pension. £
To Widow of Colonel Regimentally, or Member of Medl. Board.....	93	2	10	4,000
" of Lieutenant Colonel or Superintending Surgeon.....	74	8	8	3,000
" of Major.....	55	14	6	2,500
" of Capt., Surgeon or Vety. Surg. under 20 years' service.....	37	4	4	2,000
" of Lieutenant, Assistant Surgeon or Vety. Surgeon.....	18	10	2	1,000
" of Cornet or Ensign.....	14	14	6	750
" of Adjutant of Invalids with one Commission.....	15	3	6	1,000
" of Commissary of Ordnance.....	37	4	4	2,000
" of Deputy ditto.....	18	10	2	1,000

	RS.	A.	P.	£
To Widow of Assistant or Deputy Assistant Commissary.....	15	2	1	750
" of Conductor, Riding Master or Troop Quarter Master.....	14	14	6	
" of Senior Apothecary	18	10	2	
" of Apothecary.....	14	14	6	
" of Sub-Conductor or 2d Apothecary.....	9	5	1	
" of Assistant Apothecary.....	6	4	0	

G. O. G. No. 337 of 1862.

G. O. G. No. 377 of 1862.—Under instructions from the Right Honorable the Secretary of State for India, His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to publish the following Form of declaration which is in future to be adopted by all Widows of Officers who are applicants for admission to the benefits of Lord Clive's Fund, and to notify that upon each occasion of the receipt of pension, the Pensioner admitted under such declaration will be required to state in a Form also given that she does not at the time possess or enjoy either directly or indirectly, property equivalent to the amount declared upon first admission to the benefits of the Fund.

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

I, _____ do

solemnly and sincerely declare that I am the Widow of _____ in Her Majesty's late _____ Service, and that I have not contracted marriage with any other person since the death of my aforesaid husband; and I further solemnly and sincerely declare that my said husband was not at the time of his death possessed of, or entitled to, either by himself, or by any person in trust for him, real and personal Estate to the amount in value together of _____

including any settlement that may have been made at the time of marriage; and that my said husband did not to my knowledge at any period in any way dispose of his Estate, or any part thereof, in order that I might be enabled to claim the regulated amount of Pension under G. O. G., No. 306, dated 1st September 1863, and I also declare that I do not myself possess or enjoy any property, or any such interest in any property, as either alone or together with the real and personal Estate of which my late husband died, seized or possessed, will amount to the aforesaid sum of _____

and I make this solemn declaration, conscientiously believing the same to be true, and by virtue of the provisions of an Act made and passed in the Session of Parliament of the Fifth and Sixth years of the Reign of His late Majesty King William the Fourth, intituled, "An Act to repeal An Act of the present Session of Parliament, intituled, an Act for the more effectual abolition of Oaths and Affirmations taken and made in various Departments of the State, and to substitute declarations in lieu thereof" and for the more entire suppression of voluntary and extra-judicial Oaths and Affidavits, and to make other provisions for the abolition of unnecessary Oaths."

Declared at _____
this _____ day of _____ 18____
Magistrate for the _____
of _____

LORD CLIVE'S FUND.

Certificate of Identity.

If the Widow receive her Pension personally at the East India House, this Certificate will not be required.

I hereby certify that _____ residing at _____

N. B.—The Minister is requested not to sign the Pension Papers of any Widow unless she appears before him in person.

Signature _____
Minister of the Parish of _____

Date _____

The Widow's Christian Names are to be inserted in full at the commencement of the Certificate and Declaration; but her signature to the latter to be in her usual manner of signing.

The Certificate and Declaration are to be executed on or after the 31st March,
30th June,
30th September,
31st December.

* The Claimant must not permit any person to sign for her.

Declared and subscribed before me this
day of 186

The Magistrate or Resident
Minister of the Established
Church to sign here, and state
the place for which he acts.
Magistrate for
Minister of
In the County of

DECLARATION.

I, _____
do solemnly and sincerely declare that I was the
lawful wife of _____
late a _____ in the Indian Army, and
that I have not contracted marriage with any other
person since the death of my aforesaid husband; and,
I further declare that I do not at the present time
possess or enjoy, either directly or indirectly, pro-
perty equivalent in value to the sum of £ _____
and I make this solemn declaration conscientiously
believing the same to be true.

* The Claimant }
to sign here. }

Residing at _____

Near the post Town of _____

County of _____

I do attest and declare that I verily believe the above Declaration to be genuine and authentic.

Estabt. No. _____ No. of Voucher _____ Attorney.

Received of the Secretary of State in Council of India on the _____ 186
the sum of _____ pounds _____ shillings and _____ pence, in payment of
the Pension due to me for the Quarter ending _____
Full amount of Pension £ _____

Income Tax _____

Penny Receipt
Stamp.

Net Sum payable.....£ _____

to be affixed
here.

Exmd. _____

(Signed) H. W. NORMAN, Lieut. Colonel,
Secretary to the Government of India.

QUEEN'S MILITARY FUND.

REGULATIONS OF A GENERAL MILITARY FUND, FOR THE BENEFIT OF WIDOWS
AND CHILDREN OF DECEASED OFFICERS IN HER MAJESTY'S SERVICE IN
INDIA, ESTABLISHED IN 1820.

Under the protection and countenance of the Most Noble the Marquis of Hastings,
Commander-in-Chief in India, the abovenamed Fund was estab-
lished in the year 1820, for the purpose of sending home in com-
fort and respectability, the Families of deceased Officers in Her
Majesty's service in India, who may have been left destitute: and of preventing the painful
and degrading practice of appealing to the public for subscriptions on such occasions: and
also of providing relief in such cases as may require it, until they can be conveniently
sent home.

His Excellency General Viscount Gough, G. C. B., Commander-in-Chief in India in the
year 1845, with reference to several cases, arising out of the death of Officers on the voyage

from India to England leaving their Widows and Children in circumstances of great distress,
and with advertence also, to the manifest justice of allowing all Widows and Children of
Officers, being subscribers to the Fund, who may die at the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauri-
tius, New South Wales, or Australia, the benefits of the Military Fund, directed the intro-
duction of Rules 21 and 22, after they had been proposed for the consideration of the whole
body of subscribers and carried by a large majority.

It having since been found advisable to make some alterations and additions to the
Rules and Regulations, in reference to the state of the Fund and the generally expressed
wish of the subscribers, His Excellency General Sir William Gomm, K. C. B., assembled
a special Board of Officers at Simla in June 1851, for this purpose, and directed the minute
of their Proceedings to be published and circulated for the consideration of the body of
subscribers serving in India, who almost unanimously agreed to the alterations proposed.

In the year 1856, a further modification of these Rules became necessary, and the
alterations, as approved by the body of subscribers in India, with but one or two excep-
tions, were embodied with the sanction of His Excellency General the Honorable G.
Anson, Commander-in-Chief in India, in the original code sanctioned by General Sir W.
M. Gomm, in December 1852.

RULES.

Rule 1st.—That the Committee of General Management shall be fixed at the Head
Quarters of the Army and consist of the following Officers being
General management. subscribers:—

The Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India, the Quarter Master General
of Her Majesty's Forces in India, the Inspector General of Her Majesty's Hospitals, the
Assistant Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India, the Military Secretary to the
Commander-in-Chief, the two Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Regiment quartered nearest
to Army Head Quarters, the Senior Captain and Senior Subaltern of Her Majesty's Regi-
ment quartered nearest to Army Head Quarters, the Paymaster of Her Majesty's Regiment
quartered nearest to Army Head Quarters, and that the Assistant Adjutant General of
Her Majesty's Forces in India act as Honorary Secretary.

Sub-Committee for special Class.

Rule 2nd.—That a Sub-Committee for enquiring into all special awards and circum-
stances connected with this Fund and acting under the General Committee shall be formed
at Madras and Bombay, composed as follows—such Officers being subscribers:—

The Commander-in-Chief, the Patron, the Senior Officers of Her Majesty's Army
at the Presidency, all Officers (H. M.'s service) of the General Staff, the two Senior Officers
of Her Majesty's Regiment stationed at the Presidency, the two Senior Subalterns of
ditto. And that the Major of Brigade, Queen's Troops, may be good enough to act as
Honorary Secretary.

Rule 3rd.—That every Officer shall pay monthly according
to his Rank, as specified below:—

STAFF.

	RS.
Commander-in-Chief.....	30
General Officers.....	20
Adjutant General, Quarter Master General, Inspector General of Hospitals, Military Secretary in Bengal.....	12
Deputy Adjutant General, Deputy Quarter Master General, Deputy Inspector General of Hospitals, Military Secretary, Madras and Bombay.....	10
Assistant Adjutant General, Assistant Quarter Master General.....	8
Major of Brigade and other Staff.....	6

REGIMENTAL.

	Married	Single.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Lieut-Colonel, (if Commanding Station or Corps, 2 Rs. extra).....	8 0 0	7 0 0
Major.....	7 0 0	5 0 0
Captain, Paymaster, Surgeon, Adjutant.....	5 0 0	3 0 0
Lieutenant, Assistant Surgeon, Quarter Master, Veterinary Surgeon.....	2 8 0	1 8 0
2nd Lieutenant, Cornet, Ensign.....	1 8 0	1 0 0

Rule 4th.—That the Paymasters of Corps shall be authorized and required to make
these deductions monthly, and shall remit the same quarterly to the Honorary Secretary
at Army Head Quarters.

Rule 5th.—All married Officers shall subscribe to the Fund within three months after
joining their Regiments or stations, and others within three months after their marriage;
any Officer neglecting so to do, shall at no future time be admitted as a subscriber, unless
by the sanction of the General Committee, always paying up arrears from the date of
joining or marriage, (as the case may) or if in India at the time, from the date of revision
of these Regulations, viz., 1st January 1853.

Rule 6th.—That in order to obviate the difficulties which would arise from the occa-
sional remote situations of Her Majesty's Corps serving under the several Presidencies,

the Most Noble the Governor General in Council was pleased to order and direct when the Fund was established, that Bills may be granted to the Paymasters of Her Majesty's Regiments by the Governments of Madras and Bombay, on the Government of Bengal payable at sight, to the Agent or Agents of the Queen's Military Fund, acting for the Committee of General Management, thereby avoiding commission, double Agency, and risks of exchange.

Grants. Rule 7th.—That all grants of assistance from this Fund shall be regulated and assigned by a Committee of subscribers, as herein declared.

Rule 8th.—That in order to ascertain the circumstances of any Widow or family who may become destitute by the death of any Regimental Officer, such Widow shall memorialize or represent the case of herself and family, through the Commanding Officer of the Corps the casualty occurred in, in order to its being brought to the consideration of a Committee, and the Commanding Officer shall, as far as his knowledge will enable him, state his opinion of any case so received.

Rule 9th.—That whenever there may be mixed Corps of Her Majesty's service, or more than one stationed together at the same time, every application for relief from this Fund shall be heard and decided on by a Station Committee, composed as equally as possible, of Officers from such Corps present, being subscribers to the Fund.

Committee. STATION COMMITTEE.
President.
A Field Officer (if practicable)
1 Captain or Surgeon, or Paymaster.
2 Lieutenants, or 1 Lieut. and 1 Quarter Master, 1 Ensign or Assistant Surgeon.

Rule 10th.—As it may often happen that Officers die while the Corps they belong to is stationed by itself, or remotely detached, it shall be in the power of every Commanding Officer of a Regiment so situated, to assemble a Committee of any five Officers being subscribers to hear and decide upon the case of any Widows and Children so become destitute, and seeking relief from this Fund. It shall also be competent for the Commander-in-Chief at either Presidency to assemble a Special Committee to report on the case of any Lady who may become a Widow, whilst the Regiment to which her husband belonged, shall be at another distant station, or on service, beyond Sea.

Rule 11th.—That such Station, Regimental or Special Committee as the case shall be, having duly examined into the circumstances of the party seeking relief, shall report their opinion on and recommend the amount to be granted whether for passage money or maintenance, strictly in conformity with the Regulations annexed. The opinion and recommendation of such Committees shall be forwarded to the Honorary Secretary, Army Head Quarters, by the Officer Commanding the Corps in which the casualty may have occurred, and the Paymaster of the Regiment under the above authority can at once advance to the Widow the amount of "Maintenance" awarded by the Committee, re-imbursing himself by a deduction from his next regimental remittance, or by drawing a Bill on the Secretary; the residue of the award to be adjusted by the Secretary under the sanction of the General Committee of Management.

Rule 12th.—The Sub-Committees at Madras and Bombay will in cases of special award in those Presidencies, on satisfying themselves with the accuracy of the statements laid before them, draw upon the Honorary Secretary at Army Head Quarters for the amount which may be awarded; but in the final adjustment of the accounts of such Sub-Committee, the General Committee will consider themselves bound to object to any sum, however trifling, which may be granted in excess of the Rules laid down.

Rule 13th.—The Sub-Committee will, on drawing for any sum on the Honorary Secretary in case of special awards, transmit the Report of the Station Committees as well as their own opinion and explanation of the award as a voucher, and they will afterwards, as soon as possible, transmit the proper Receipts and Certificates, showing that the money has been appropriated in the manner and for the purposes which it was awarded.

Rule 14th.—The object of this Fund being clearly confined to sending Home families of deceased Officers, and with a view of preventing those painful appeals for assistance to the Public, at once so humiliating to respectable individuals and the Queen's service in India, it is earnestly hoped that all ranks of Staff and Regimental Officers will support it.

Rule 15th.—But to prevent doubts and misconceptions which might possibly arise hereafter, it is distinctly declared, that no Widow continuing to reside in this country after the death of her husband, can expect any provision or pension for herself or children from the Fund further than is stated in the 7th Clause of the Schedule of Awards.

It is also declared that no Widow is entitled to passage money or allowance for travelling, unless she actually proceed to Sea or on her journey in the manner for which any allowance may have been drawn, and should she have received such allowance, she will be required to refund; and further, that no Widow, under any circumstances, shall be entitled to any assistance from this Fund, unless the application shall be made in the usual form within six months after the demise of her husband.

Rule 16th.—Orphan Children are eligible for the benefits of this Fund, but awards for them must be specially made by a Station or Sub-Committee and sanctioned by the Commander-in-Chief of the Presidency, who is requested to appoint some eligible person to take care of them, and provide a passage, &c., &c.

Rule 17th.—That the Honorary Secretary, acting for the Committee of General Management, shall furnish an Annual Account of the Receipts and Disbursements of this Fund, to the Adjutant General of Her Majesty's Forces in India; and that that Officer be applied for, to circulate the same amongst the subscribers, and the several Officers of Government at the three Presidencies.

Rule 18th.—That Commanding Officers of Her Majesty's Regiments be requested to pay particular attention in causing the regular quarterly remittances to be made to the Honorary Secretary of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund, acting for the Committee of General Management at Army Head Quarters, who is requested from time to time to apprise Commanding Officers whenever any Corps may fail in making such remittances.

Rule 19th.—That no General Rule or Regulation of this Fund shall be altered, except recommended by the General Committee and approved by a majority of the subscribers.

Rule 20th.—In taking the opinion of the Regimental and Staff Officers of Her Majesty's Forces in India, a very general wish was expressed and carried by a majority that all Widows of subscribers should have their passage to England, &c. &c., defrayed. As an Officer ceases to be a subscriber on leaving India, all claims on the Fund must in like manner cease from the same period; but an Officer going to Sea for the benefit of his health, being entitled to his Company's allowance, will be considered as a subscriber during his absence.

Rule 21st.—That all Widows of Officers, who were subscribers to the Fund, shall be entitled to the amount granted to Widows and Children for passage money to England, if their husbands die on their passage to England or during their absence on sick certificate, at the Cape of Good Hope, the Mauritius, New South Wales, or Australia.

Rule 22nd.—That no special grants in cases of great distress (not provided for in the Regulations of the Fund) shall be passed by the General Committee without the sanction of the majority of subscribers; which sanction is to be declared in the General Abstract of Accounts, published annually for the information of subscribers.

RULES FOR AWARDS TO BE PAID TO THE WIDOWS AND CHILDREN OF OFFICERS FROM THE GENERAL FUND FOR HER MAJESTY'S SERVICE.

Rule 1st.—The same amount of Passage Money shall be allowed to all Widows without reference to the rank of the deceased husband, and the passage of a Widow shall be..... Rupees 1,500
For each Child above 12 years of age..... " 500
For each Child under 12 years of age..... " 300

But this allowance is not claimable unless the Widow and Children embark within twelve months from the decease of the husband or father.

Rule 2nd.—The following shall be the scale of award for all Widows to defray the expenses of their journey in England, the amount to be paid to them in Bills at sight, if procurable, or in cash at the current rate of exchange, viz:—

For every Widow, per mile.....	s. d.	} When the journey can be accomplished by Railway.
For every Child above 12 years of age.....	0 6	
For every Child under 12 years of age.....	0 3	

For every Widow.....	s. d.	(When the journey cannot be performed by Railway, or for any portion of it that cannot be so performed.)
For every Child above 12 years of age.....	1 0	
For every Child under 12 years of age.....	0 6	

Rule 3rd.—An Officer dying at any one of the three Presidencies, or within fourteen days' march of the same, his Widow will be entitled to the allowance, as shown in the following scale, for two months from date of decease of her husband, provided she does not embark within thirty days of such decease, in which case maintenance for one month only will be granted: should it however be certified by a Medical Officer that she is unable from the illness of herself, or any of her Children to proceed to sea within the said period of two months, the allowance may be extended to such period as may be deemed necessary by the Medical Officer, not exceeding four months in the whole.

Maintenance per Month.

	RS.	A.	P.
Scale A. { To the Widow of a Field Officer.....	600	0	0
{ Of a Captain, Paymaster, Surgeon, Adjutant.....	400	0	0
{ Of a Subaltern, Assistant Surgeon, Quarter Master, Veterinary Surgeon.....	300	0	0

Rule 4th.—Subsistence to enable the Widow to reach the final port of embarkation to be granted to those whose husbands may die at a greater distance from the Presidencies, as laid down in Rule 3, at the following rate:—

Scale B. { Peshawur.....	5 months.
{ Rawul Pindee.....	4 "
{ Wuzerabad and Sealkote.....	3 1/2 "
{ Lahore, Jullander, Ferozepore, Umballa and Hill Stations.....	3 "
{ Meerut and Agra.....	2 1/2 "
{ Cawnpore.....	2 "
{ Gazeepore and Dinapore.....	1 month.
{ Rangoon and Moulmein.....	1 "
{ Other stations in Pegu.....	1 1/2 months.
MADRAS.	
{ Bangalore.....	1 month.
{ Bellary.....	1 1/2 months.
{ Cannanore.....	2 "
{ Kamptee.....	3 "
{ Masulipatam.....	1 1/2 "
{ Ootacamund.....	1 1/2 "
{ Secunderabad.....	2 "
{ Trichinopoly.....	1 month.
BOMBAY.	
{ Poona and Kurrachee.....	7 days.
{ Hyderabad.....	1 month.
{ Deesa.....	2 months.
{ Belgaum.....	1 month.

But as the nature of the climate does not admit of persons travelling at all seasons of the year, the Local Committee shall decide, subject to the approval of the General Committee, the period at which the journey can be undertaken.

If it cannot be commenced between 1st October and 1st April following, the Widow shall receive subsistence according to Scale A, for four months additional.

Unless it is shown by Medical Certificate, or other satisfactory document, that she is from ill health unable to travel, the Local Committee shall then recommend for the approval of the General Committee such further grant, as it may think necessary.

Rule 5th.—In Madras and Bombay, the period at which journeys can be undertaken, and the scale of journeys, are to be specially considered by the Sub-Committee.

Rule 6th.—Every Widow receiving subsistence under Rule 4th shall be entitled to receive one month's additional allowance according to Scale A, over and above the time allowed for her journey to the Presidency, unless it be shown by Medical Certificate that she is from ill health, after reaching the Presidency, unable to embark, when the usual monthly subsistence allowance will be sanctioned for the period necessary for her recovery, not however, extending beyond four months, inclusive of the one month for which additional allowance is already provided.

Rule 7th.—Any Lady intending to reside in the East Indies, shall be allowed to draw for the number of months' march required to proceed to the place of intended residence, under the restrictions, &c., laid down for those proceeding to England, and three months' subsistence allowance as per scale given in Rule 3, in addition, in full of all demands on the Fund.

APPENDIX.

(Forms.)

THE QUEEN'S MILITARY FUND.

REPORT and AWARD of _____ Committee, [as the case may be.]
PRESENT.—Lieutenant Colonel or Major.

Mrs. and Children. Amount of Grant—Rs. { Mem- } bers. { }
Heard the case of Mrs. _____ being the Widow of _____ of _____ died at _____ having also _____ Children.
The Committee deem the family, or Widow (as the case may be) eligible to the provisions of this Fund, and recommend that they (or she) shall receive maintenance from _____ to _____ under Regulation 4th, being _____ months at _____ per month.
Ditto Ditto under Regulation 3rd _____ months at per ditto.
Maintenance under Regulation _____ months at ditto.
Passage Money to the Widow _____
Travelling expenses from London to _____
Total Govt. Rupees. _____
(Signed by) _____ President.

Form of Drafts to be used by Sub-Committees.

Maintenance. To the Secretary of the Queen's Military Widows' Fund.
Sir,—At _____ days after sight, please to pay to _____ or order, the sum of Govt. Rupees _____ being amount of maintenance allowance granted to Mrs. _____ by us, as per our Report and Proceedings of this date.
_____ Sub-Committee.
Passage Money and Travelling Allowance. Sir,—At _____ days after sight, please to pay the Brigade Major, Captain A. B. or order, the sum of Rupees _____ being amount of Passage Money and Travelling Allowance granted to Mrs. _____ by us, as per our Report and Proceedings of this date.
_____ Sub-Committee.
NOTE.—This Draft to be accompanied by a Certificate of the Passage being actually engaged, and name of the Ship specified.

MADRAS MILITARY FUND,

INSTITUTED 1ST APRIL 1808.

Transferred to Government, 10th September 1866.

OFFICE—PREMISES LATELY OCCUPIED BY THE ASST. ADJT. GENL. ROYAL ARTILLERY.

Hours of business from 11 A. M. to 3 P. M.

Captain John Obbard—Secretary.—On sick leave.

Lieut. Col. A. Ritherdon—In charge of Military Fund on behalf of Government.

Mr. John LeOnard—Office Manager.

THE MADRAS MILITARY FUND was established in 1808—and the declared objects of the Institution were to provide for the families of Subscribers after their decease with an adequate maintenance, and to assist Officers of the Army, (unprovided with aid by the Regulations of the service) in the event of their proceeding to Europe on Sick Certificate. The following Tables show the rates of Subscriptions and Donations payable by living Members of the Fund according to their various grades:—

TABLE A.
Table of Donation for the different Classes to be paid in India or in Europe at £100 per Rupees 875.

Description according to Regimental Rank.	Bachelors and Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.			Bachelors and Widowers.			Donation for Daughters.		
	Rate per Month.			Total Donation of each class.			Rate per Month.			In India.		
	Rs.	£ s. d.	in what period payable.	Rs.	£ s. d.	entering each class.	Rs.	£ s. d.	in what period payable.	Rs.	£ s. d.	in what period payable.
6 Cornets, 2d Lieutenants and Ensigns.....	300	34 5 9	0 16 0	300	34 5 9	300	34 5 9	0 16 0	600	68 11 6	24 2 14 11	6
5 Lieutenants.....	200	22 17 2	2 25 8	500	57 2 11	400	45 13 16	1 16 0	1,000	114 6 9 25	40 4 11 6	6
4 Captains.....	250	28 11 5	5 25 10	750	85 14 4	500	57 2 10 25	2 5 8	1,500	171 8 7 25	60 6 17 2	2
3 Majors & Chaplains standing 15 years.....	750	85 14 4	4 25 30	750	85 14 4	750	85 14 4	4 25 30	750	85 14 4	7 12 23	9
2 Lieut-Colonels.....	300	34 5 9	8 20 15	1,050	120 0 0	600	68 11 6	2 30 8	2,100	240 0 0 25	84 9 12 0	0
1 Colonels.....	100	45 14 3	3 20 20	1,450	165 11 8	800	91 8 7 20	4 11 5	2,900	331 8 7 25	116 13 5 2	2
	550	62 17 2	2 10 53	2,000	228 11 5	1,100	125 13 3 10	12 11 5	5,400	571 2 10 25	160 18 5 9	2

N. B.—Marriage Donations when the Husband's age exceeds that of his Wife by more than eight years, will be regulated by a Disparity Scale, which became a rule from the 1st March 1814.

N. B.—The Donation on Marriage is always double the Total Entrance Donation paid by a Subscriber as Bachelor, and upon his entering each Class after Marriage, he pays a Donation on promotion double the amount of the Donation of an unmarried Subscriber of his own Class.

All Donations required from Officers subscribing according to length of service, are to be paid by twenty-five regular and equal monthly instalments unless adjusted at once or by earlier payments.

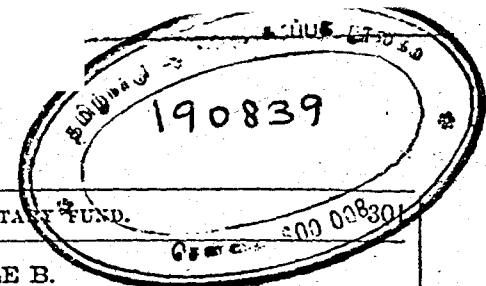


TABLE B.

Table of Monthly Subscription for the different Classes.

Class.	Description according to Regimental Rank.	IF IN INDIA.						IF IN EUROPE.					
		Unmarried & Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.			Unmarried and Widowers without Offspring.			Married and Widowers with Offspring.		
		Rs.	£ s. d.	P. R. A. P.	Rs.	£ s. d.	P. R. A. P.	Rs.	£ s. d.	P. R. A. P.	Rs.	£ s. d.	P. R. A. P.
1	Colonels.....	42	8 10 63	18	3 10 15	0 1 5	0 16 6	6 6 1 17	6				
2	Lieutenant-Colonels.....	27	3 24 0	12	9 8 12	0 1 0	0 13 2	0 1 10	0				
3	{ Majors, Chaplains of 10 years' standing, and Assistant Chaplains of 15 years' standing.....	21	0 10 31	9 3 7	0 0 0	0 16 0	0 10 8	0 1 4	0				
4	{ Captains and Assistant Chaplains under 15 years' standing.....	12	4 7 18	6 11 4	5 6 0	10 6 6	14 3 0	15 9					
5	Lieutenants.....	7	6 8 11	2 0 2	13 6 0	6 6 4	4 3 0	9 9					
6	Cornets, 2d Lieutenants & Ensigns.....	5	15 3 8	14 11 2	4 9 0	5 3 3	7 1 0	7 11					

In addition to the above, a monthly subscription of 1 Rupee or 2s. 3d. is to be paid for each son under 21 years of age, and for each daughter until marriage or death, during the life of the Father. Subscription for daughters for whom the Donation of Rupees 232 may not have been duly paid, to cease after the age of 21 years. Subscribers are consequently required to report to the Secretary dates of birth and decease of all children.

Subscribers in receipt of Indian Pay and Allowances, are required to subscribe at the Indian rates. (Vide Minutes, 6th March 1856.)

Officers proceeding to Sea, the Cape or the Colonies, on sick certificate, under the Regulations of 1851, shall be liable to Indian rate of subscription only for the first six months of leave, during which they draw Indian Pay. (Vide Minutes, 15th November 1860.)

In all cases subscriptions to the Fund are payable in advance.

Donations fall due from date of promotion and payable by the regulated instalments from the month succeeding that in which a Subscriber is promoted.

Discount of 10 per cent. is allowed on all Donations that may be paid up within thirty days from the date it is incurred.

Marriages must be reported by a subscriber giving the date of the occurrence, with dates of his own and wife's birth and Christian names of the latter.

Births of children should be reported as they occur—and to secure to daughters continuance of Annuity until marriage or death, a subscriber is required within ten days from date of birth to notify his intention to pay the Donation of 232 Rupees to secure the advantage; or will have to pay the amount agreeably to Table II, according to the age of the child.

Subscription of one Rupee a month is payable for all children from the 1st of the month succeeding birth—and ceases from the month succeeding decease—which occurrence should be reported.

Personal Benefits.—A Subscriber of whatever rank proceeding to Europe on sick certificate, is entitled to Rupees 200 for his equipment; if married, in addition thereto, Rupees 200 for wife, and Rupees 100 for each child accompanying him.

Passage Money.—A Subscriber of the rank of a Captain proceeding to Europe is entitled to passage money Rupees 1,400 minus the regulated deductions—viz., 1 per cent. on account of Loans, Insurance, &c., in the event of his minimum not being paid, one-fourth of the passage, Rupees 350.

Subscribers on return to India if not provided with a passage by Government, are entitled to the following amounts subject to the regulated deductions:—

To a Captain.....£110 | To a Subaltern.....£95
Income Allowance is issuable to Subscribers for a period of 2½ years, commencing from date of arrival in England and continuing so long as they may remain on sick certificate there.

To a Cornet, per annum.....£ 41 3 9
" a Lieutenant "....." 21 7 6

172,490
1167

Captains of Artillery, Engineers or Infantry and all Subalterns, are allowed Income allowance for their families as follows:—

For Wife, per annum.....	£ 20 0 0
„ each Child, per annum.....	„ 10 0 0
In no case is such allowance for a whole family to exceed.....	„ 48 15 0

Retired married subscribers are only entitled to Annuities to their families.

Annuities are paid to Widows of Subscribers and their Children as per following Table:—

TABLE E.

Tables showing the amount of Pensions to Widows during their Widowhood, and to Children of each Class and Condition.

Class.	Description of Annuities, the Widows according to the Regimental Rank of their Husbands, the Children according to their age, and the Parents they have lost.	PENSIONS PAYABLE BY THE MILITARY FUND PER ANNUM.					
		In India.			In England.		
		RS.	A.	P.	£	s.	d.
WIDOWS.							
1	Of a Colonel.....	2,064	7	3	235	18	9
2	Lieutenant-Colonel.....	1,826	9	0	208	15	0
3	{ Majors and Chaplains of 10 years' standing..... }	1,588	10	9	181	11	3
4	{ Majors and Asst. Chaplains of 15 years' standing..... }						
5	Captains and Asst. Chaplains under 15 years' standing.....	1,197	10	6	136	17	6
6	Lieutenant.....	894	2	3	102	3	9
6	Cornet, 2nd Lieutenant, and Ensign.....	715	5	0	81	15	0
CHILDREN HAVING LOST ONE PARENT.							
1	Under 6 years of age.....	175	0	0	20	0	0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age.....	262	8	0	30	0	0
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys, and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid.....	350	0	0	40	0	0
CHILDREN HAVING LOST BOTH PARENTS.							
1	Under 6 years of age.....	262	8	0	30	0	0
2	Between 6 and 12 years of age.....	393	12	0	45	0	0
3	Above 12 until 21 for Boys, and for Girls for whom the Donation may not have been paid.....	225	0	0	60	0	0

N. B.—Girls for whom the Donation laid down in Article 11 may have been paid, will be entitled to a continuance of their Annuity until marriage or death, according to their condition in regard to parents: this Regulation applies only to those girls born subsequent to the 15th October 1822, all those born prior to that period are entitled to the same privilege without payment of Donation.

Provided that nothing contained herein, or in any other part of these Rules of the Institution, shall be considered to entitle to the benefits of it, any Widow who may have been legally divorced or separated from her husband for adultery, or who at the period of her husband's demise may have quitted his protection, and be living in a state of *notorious adultery*, though not divorced or separated from him by Law, or who subsequently to her husband's decease may be living in a notorious state of incontinence.

The concluding portion of the above note commencing with "may be living in a notorious state of incontinence" is applicable to all female Annuitants, unmarried as well as married. (*Vide Minutes, dated 20th December 1860.*)

Declarations by Annuitants should be signed in the presence of either the Minister of the Parish, one Church Warden, one Justice of the Peace, or one Retired or other Civil or Military Officer of the service.

Every Widow benefitting by the Military Fund is entitled to Passage Money only once, whether to Europe or such place as she may desire to fix her residence in accordance to the following scale:—

To Europe or America from India.
To India from Europe or America.

Widow of Colonel, Lieutenant-Colonel and Major..... Rupees 1,500
" Captain and Subaltern..... " 1,200

To the Cape of Good Hope from India.

To Europe from Cape of Good Hope or other places; of above rates.

To children of deceased subscribers issuable once, without reference to the place to which they are proceeding from India.

To an Orphan having lost his or her Father.....	Rupees 250
To each additional Orphan up to the number of 4.....	" 250
To 4 or more children (maximum).....	" 1,000
To an Orphan having lost both parents.....	" 700
2 Orphans do do.....	" 1,200
3 or more Orphans do do.....	" 1,500

In all cases where the minimum of a subscriber is not paid, the regulated deductions will be made from all benefits derived from it.

Loans.—Subscribers who have been eight years and upwards on the Fund and not entitled to personal benefits on proceeding to Europe, can obtain loans from the Fund at 9 per cent. per annum, payable after their return to India by twenty-five instalments, Interest being payable in Europe while on sick leave.

Subscribers desirous of bringing out their families to India or sending them to Europe can also obtain loans for passage money only, which will be payable in India by twenty-five instalments with Interest at 9 per cent. per annum, as fixed in the following Table:—

Table of Passage Money and Equipment Allowance.

Borrowing Subscriber's Rank.	PASSAGE MONEY.			EQUIPMENT ALLOWANCE.	
	To a Subscriber proceeding to Europe.	To Wife or Adult Child of a Subscriber to or from Europe (or America.)	To Infant Child of a Subscriber to or from Europe (or America.)	To each Adult to Europe.	To each Infant to Europe.
	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.	Rupees.
Field Officer or Chaplain.....	1,500	1,500	600	200	100
Captain or Asst. Chaplain.....	1,400	1,400	600	200	100
Subaltern.....	1,200	1,200	600	200	100

MADRAS MEDICAL FUND.

(ESTABLISHED IN 1807.)

OFFICE—PRINCIPAL INSPECTOR, GENERAL'S OFFICE, FORT.

Dy. Insp. Genl. H. W. Porteous, }
Surgeon Major G. Smith, M. D., } *Trustees for* { Surgeon S. J. Wyndowe, M. D.,
Surg. Maj. W. J. vanSomeren, M.D., } *the time being.* { Asst. Surgeon W. N. Chipperfield,
Surgeon J. L. Paul, M. D., } " { " G. Bidie, M. B.

Surgeon W. R. Cornish, *Secretary.*

Agents in England.—Messrs. Alexander, Fletcher and Co., 10, King's Arms Yard, Moorgate Street, London.

THE OBJECTS OF THE FUND ARE:

1. To afford to the Senior Officers of the Medical Establishment, retiring from the service, Annuities for life.

2. To afford assistance to the Widows and legitimate Children of Medical Officers, by the granting of Pensions until death or re-marriage in case of Widows; until 21 years of age or death, or marriage in case of daughters; and until 18 or 21 years of age for sons.

[All Pensions which on account of the marriage or re-marriage of the payee, are again available should Widowhood occur.]

3. And to assist Medical Officers, who are obliged to go to Europe in consequence of ill health.

MADRAS APOTHECARIES' FUND.

ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY 1831.

TRUSTEES.

Mr. Apoth. R. Hufston,	Mr. Apoth. T. B. Turnbull,	Mr. Apoth. H. H. Lynsdale,
" " A. Grove,	" " W. Leach,	" 2d " J. J. Wood.
" " J. Tyrrell,		

Secretary.—Apothecary J. Gorman, Lying-in-Hospital.

Treasurers.—Bank of Madras.

This Institution was established with the sanction of Government for the benefit of the Widows and Children of Apothecaries, 2nd Apothecaries and Assistant Apothecaries in the Medical Service of the Madras Presidency.

It is imperative on every Subordinate Medical Officer, (except Mahomedans and Hindus) advanced to the grade of Assistant Apothecary to become a Subscriber to this Fund, and so to continue as long as he may be in the service of Government. Pensioners from this Department may maintain their connection with the Fund after retirement, and are subject to the same Rules and Regulations as effective members.

Donations payable.

	Married.	Unmarried.
Apothecary ...	Rs. 450	380
2d Apothecary ...	337½	257½
Asst. Apoth.	225	195

Monthly Subscription.

	Married.	Unmarried.
Apothecary ...	Rs. 5	3½
2d Apothecary ...	3½	2½
Asst. Apoth.	2½	1½

Rates of Pension to Widows.

Widow of Apothecary ..	Rs. 23 per men
" 2d Apothecary ...	21 "
" Asst. Apoth. ...	14 "

Payable quarterly in May, August, November and February.

Amount of Minimum for each grade to entitle the Widow to full Pension.

Apothecary ...	Rs. 1,500
2d Apothecary ...	1,125
Asst. Apothecary...	750

Widows' Branch.

Children's Branch.

Amount of Capital on 30th April 1865...Rs. 2,30,295 9 1

30,940 10 6

N. B.—Further information may be obtained in the Rules and Regulations.

DUTIES OF DISTRICT SURGEONS, PRESIDENCY.

The Medical duties of the Presidency are distributed according to the following arrangement:—

	Dependent Duties.
1st District.	Jails, Native Infirmary, Leper Hospital and Emigration duties.
Black Town and Royapooram.....	
2nd District.	Vepery Dispensary, Female Asylum, Powder Mills and Gun Carriage Manufactory, Lunatic Asylum.
Poonamallee Road and all the North not included in the 1st District.....	
3rd District.	
From the South of the Poonamallee Road to the Mowbray Road and as far as D'Monte's Houses on the Adyar.....	Male Asylum.
4th District.	
Triplicane, St. Thomé, and all South of the Club.—	Triplicane Dispensary and Police.
Garrison Surgeon.....	Chintadrepettah Dispensary, Club House and Body Guard.
Superintendent Eye Infirmary.....	Eye Infirmary.
	Port and Marine Department, Warrant and Non-Commissioned Officers belonging to the Garrison of Fort Saint George, and residing in Black Town.
Garrison Assistant Surgeon.....	
Superintendent of the Lying-in-Hospital and Dispensary.....	Penitentiary.

2. The Garrison Surgeon is not required to attend on the Staff, and all Officers will obtain Medical aid from the Surgeon of the District in which they may be residing.

3. When an Officer of the Presidency Medical Staff is granted leave of absence and another Officer of the Presidency Medical Staff is appointed to act for him in addition to his other duties, the latter draws in addition to his permanent salary, the moiety of the Staff allowance forfeited by the former; but such arrangement shall not extend beyond six months from the date when the absentee proceeded on leave. Should an Officer of the Presidency Medical Staff be detached from the Presidency on duty with the Honorable the Governor or the Commander-in-Chief, whereby the whole or a moiety of his Staff salary becomes available, a similar arrangement may be made.

4. The salary of the Principal of the Medical College is Rupees 400 per mensem, which is payable in addition to his salary as an Officer of the Presidency Medical Staff. He is also required to be Professor of one subject in the College, for the same 400 Rupees. The seven Professors of the Medical College draw, if holding another appointment, Rupees 150, otherwise Rupees 300 per mensem. These salaries, as also the allowances of the Assistant Professors, &c., attached to the Medical College, are paid in the Civil Department.

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES TO WITNESSES, &c.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 11th November 1864, No. 436 of 1864.—The following Extract from General Orders by the Government of India, is re-published:—

Simla, the 29th September 1864, No. 793 of 1864.—His Excellency the Governor General in Council is pleased to authorize the following rates of Travelling allowances, &c., to witnesses not in the Military service of Government, who may be required by the Deputy Judge Advocate General or Officer conducting the trial, to attend a Court Martial.

Europeans and Eurasians are to be divided into three classes, according to their respective stations in life, the classification being made by the Magistrate through whom the parties are summoned:—

I.—Travelling allowance:—

1st Class..... 8 Annas per mile.

2nd do..... } Actual travelling expenses as 2nd or

3rd do..... } 3rd Class Passengers.

From the usual residence of the witness, to the station where the Court Martial is to be held, and back.

II.—Boarding expenses:—

1st Class..... 5 Rupees per day.

2nd do..... 2 ditto.

3rd do..... 1 ditto.

To be reckoned from date of arrival at the station to the day following that in which the witness's evidence is concluded, and his attendance is no longer required; and also for the number of days occupied in the journey to the station, and the same number of days returning.

III.—Carriage hire for each day the witness may be required to attend the Court:—

1st Class..... 2 Rupees per diem.

2nd do..... 1 ditto.

3rd do..... Nil.

2. The Certificate of attendance at the trial, of detention and period occupied in the journey, which must also show the class of the witness, is to be signed by the President of the Court Martial, and is to be supplied to the witness, on his application, by the Deputy Judge Advocate General or Officer conducting the trial.

3. The charges on the above accounts are to be drawn in bills, which are to be presented by the parties concerned to the Paymaster of the Circle for payment.

4. All classes of Native witnesses, not in the Military service of Government, are to be paid the *bona fide* travelling charge and necessary Boarding expenses, both by the way and during their detention where the trial is held, according to their stations in life, of which due information is to be given to the Deputy Judge Advocate General or Officer conducting the trial, by the Magistrate by whom they are summoned.

5. The charges on this account are to be drawn by the Deputy Judge Advocate General, and will be paid by the Paymaster of the Circle.

6. The above rules will apply also to witnesses required to attend Courts of Enquiry and other Military Courts.

(Signed) H. MARSHALL, Colonel,
Secretary to Government.

MOUNT SOLDIERS' WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

PRESIDENT.

Lieutenant J. Lancaster, Madras Invalid Establishment.

MEMBERS.

Mr. J. Mills, Uncovenanted Assistant, Department Public Works.

Mr. N. B. Lamoury, Serjeant, Fort School.

Mr. C. Hall, Accountant General's Office.

Lieutenant I. Curran, Gun Carriage Manufactory.

Assistant Supervisor Thomas Lee, Ordnance Department.

Pensioned Conductor E. P. Evans, Ordnance Department.

Sub-Conductor H. Pridmore, Ordnance Department.

Mr. P. Walsh, Sub-Engineer, Department Public Works.

Conductor W. Bourke, Ordnance Department.

E. Hennessy do.

Mr. J. Clark, Stationery Office,—Secretary.

Mr. W. Pike, Garrison Band,—Treasurer.

This Fund was established in 1830, for the benefit, primarily, of the Widows and Orphans of the Warrant and Subordinate ranks of the Army, but is open to all classes of European and their descendants, Civil as well as Military.

The accumulated Capital now amounting to Rupees 1,18,000, is invested in Government Securities which are lodged in the Bank of Madras in the joint names of Colonel J. L. Barrow, Deputy Inspector General of Ordnance; Lieutenant I. Curran, Gun Carriage Manufactory; and Mr. W. Pike. During the last ten years the amount paid in Pensions has exceeded Rupees 72,500.

The following is a brief abstract of the Rules of the Fund :—

WIDOWS' BRANCH.										CHILDREN'S BRANCH.		Monthly Pensions for all.
Class.	Donation when the age of Husband does not exceed that of Wife by more than 10 years.	Monthly Subscriptions.		Monthly Pensions.	Amount of payments required to secure full Pension to Widow.	Amount of payments required to secure a reduced Pension of 5-6ths of the full amount.	Pensions to cease at the age of 18, and for girls at the age of 21 years.					
		Married.	Widowers and Bachelors.				Donation.	Monthly Subscription.				
1st	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.			
2d	60 0 0.	5 0 0	2 8 0	30 0 0	450 0 0	300 0 0	24 0 0	2 0 0	10 0 0			
3rd	48 0 0	4 0 0	2 0 0	24 0 0	360 0 0	200 0 0	18 0 0	1 8 0	7 8 0			
4th	36 0 0	3 0 0	1 8 0	18 0 0	270 0 0	180 0 0	12 0 0	1 0 0	5 0 0			
5th	24 0 0	2 0 0	1 0 0	12 0 0	180 0 0	120 0 0	9 0 0	0 12 0	3 12 0			
6th	18 0 0	1 8 0	0 12 0	9 0 0	135 0 0	90 0 0	6 0 0	0 8 0	2 8 0			
6th	12 0 0	1 0 0	0 8 0	6 0 0	90 0 0	60 0 0	3 0 0	0 4 0	1 4 0			

Entrance Donations in both branches, may be paid at once or by twelve equal monthly instalments.

Increased payments on entrance are required in one sum in the Widows' Branch after the age of 40, and no person can be admitted or transferred to a higher class above the age of 55 years; delay in joining after being admitted by the Committee necessitates a fresh medical certificate being submitted. Subscriptions in the Children's Branch commence from the date of application to subscribe for the child, and continue until the age at which pensions terminate. Transfers from a lower to a higher class are permitted (on production of the prescribed medical certificate) on payment in one sum of difference of donation and of subscription according to age. Subscribers to the Children's Branch must also belong to the Widows' Branch.

The pension in the Children's Branch is secured as soon as entrance donation is paid in full. In the Widows' Branch full and reduced pensions are respectively secured when the total payments in that branch amount to the sums specified in the foregoing table, irrespective of that paid for admission after 40 years of age. Subscribers are allowed at any time, on furnishing a medical certificate in the prescribed form, to pay in one sum, or by such instalments as they may find convenient, the difference required to entitle their Widows to immediate pension.

Pensioners may reside at any station or in any country they choose. Widows marry, lose pension during coverture, but revert to the Fund on again becoming Widows. They also receive a portion of a second pension if the second husband also had been a subscriber at the time of his death. Pension is forfeited by incontinence. No pension is paid to families of subscribers who die with six months' subscription in arrears, and subscribers' names are struck off the books when twelve months in arrears. Subscriptions due for a period exceeding six months are not received unless accompanied by a medical certificate.

The Regulations at length may be had on application to the Treasurer :—price 4 annas :—from out-stations, 5 annas must be remitted to cover postage.

JAMES CLARK, Secretary.

TAYLOR'S FUND.

(ESTABLISHED 1ST JULY 1849.)

For the benefit of the Widows and Orphans of European Pensioners of Her Majesty's British and Indian Services, being residents within the Presidency of Madras, and not entitled to Lord Clive's Fund

(The Rev. H. Taylor, B. C. L., Chaplain, [retired] of the H. E. I. Co.'s Service, Founder.)

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

The Staff Officer and Supt. of Details Fort St. George.
The Brigade Major, Fort St. George.
The Staff Surgeon of Poonamallee.

The Commandant of Poonamallee.
The Rev. the Chaplain do.
The Adjutant do.

Major T. H. Stoddard, Secretary and Treasurer.

CORRESPONDING MEMBERS.

The Brigade Major, Bangalore.
The Rev. the Chaplain, Cannanore.

The Station Staff Officer, Vellore.
Ditto Cuddalore.

RULES.

1. This Fund is designated 'Taylor's Fund' to perpetuate the name of its Reverend Founder, and its object is to afford relief to the Widows and legitimate offspring of European Pensioners.

II. The Capital by which this Fund is to be supported, has been derived from the liberal contributions of the Public, and is invested in Government Securities in the names of three of the Committee.

III. The interest of this Capital together with subscriptions, to be applied to the proposed object, and after discharging such claims, all surplus in the hands of the Treasurer will be half-yearly added to the Capital in even hundreds, together with the entrance donations of subscribers, and all contributions received from private individuals or other sources.

IV. To entitle a Widow to the benefits of this Fund, her husband must have paid his entrance donation, which has been fixed at 12 Rupees.

V. The monthly subscription is eight Annas, to be paid quarterly in advance.

VI. Subscribers, who are twelve months in arrears, will be struck off the Books, if their subscriptions are not *immediately* paid upon demand, and any subscriber dying with a half-year's subscription due to the Fund, will deprive his Widow of all claim on the Fund; if the amount due is less than this period, the same will be deducted from the Widow's Pension.

VII. The monthly pension to a Widow will be 3½ Rupees, and 1 Rupee for each child, under or above the age at which they can be admitted into the Government Asylums, when the pension shall cease, except however, those cases in which the Guardians or Friends of children of different persuasions shall wish to educate them at schools attached to their own respective Churches, when on the Directors being satisfied that the education of the Orphans is being so conducted, the pensions shall continue. The maximum payment, however, is never to be in excess of the Widow's Pension, and all such Pensions to cease at the age of 14.

VIII. The Committee will at once remove from the Pension List, any Widows known to be living a life of incontinence, or guilty of other notorious misconduct.

IX. The children's allowance will be continued in the event of the mother again marrying, but on her death their cases to be specially considered.

X. Marriages considered by the Committee as death-bed marriages, will altogether exclude the Widow from Pension.

XI. To prevent abuse of this Charity, no claims to Pension will be admitted where the husband may have been more than thirty years older than the claimant, and any attempt to deceive the Committee in regard to children, will involve the immediate expulsion of a subscriber or of a Widow on the Fund.

XII. Pensioners married, who do not join this Fund within a period of twelve months from date of transfer to the Pension Establishment, and Pensioners unmarried who do not join within six months from date of marriage, will not be admitted subscribers on this Fund.

XIII. In the event of a Pensioner subscriber to the Fund finally leaving India with his family, and thus disconnecting himself with the Fund, the whole amount of his payments to the Fund shall be refunded to him. In the event of a Pensioner subscriber to the Fund quitting India, leaving his family in the country and making arrangements for the regular payment of his quarterly subscriptions, they will be eligible to the benefits of the institution in the event of his death.

XIV. The Secretary shall keep a Register of subscribers, their wives and children; it is therefore incumbent on subscribers to report their marriages, and the births and deaths of children, in default of which their families will be liable to a forfeiture of benefits, for this Register must be the Committee's guide in regulating claims to pension.

XV. Should the subscriptions any interest of Capital fall short of the demand for payment of Pensions, it will be in the power of the Committee to direct a proportionate deduction from Pensions; in like manner should the prosperous state of the Funds justify an increase in Pensions, it shall be competent to the Committee to direct the same to the extent of Rupees 5 in lieu of 3½ with the same limit for children.

XVI. The affairs of this Fund shall be conducted by a Committee to meet Quarterly, three of whom shall be sufficient to act in the name and behalf of the whole, save that no Rule shall be altered until submitted individually for consideration, and be confirmed at the next Quarterly Meeting.

SALUTES

TABLE OF SALUTES TO EUROPEAN FUNCTIONARIES APPLICABLE TO THE TERRITORIES UNDER THE AUTHORITY OF THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

	Guns.
Viceroy and Governor-General of India—By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas, and in being fallen in with, by or visiting, any of Her Majesty's Ships within those limits	21
Ambassadors—By Her Majesty's Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories, and also on visiting, embarking on board of, or disembarking from, any of Her Majesty's Ships within the Indian Seas	19
Governors of Presidencies.....	By the Forts and Batteries within the Indian Territories and Seas, and by Her Majesty's Ships within those limits, each....
The President of the Council of India.....	
Governor-General of the Portuguese Settlement in India.....	
Governor of Pondicherry.....	17
Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies—The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere.....	17
Lieutenant-Governors of Provinces in India—The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere.....	15
Commanders-in-Chief—According to Military Rank, with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (the same within Indian Territories and Seas)	
Commander-in-Chief of Her Majesty's Naval Forces—According to Naval Rank with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (the same within Indian Territories and Seas.)	
Provincial Commander-in-Chief—According to Military Rank, with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (within his own Presidency only.)	
Generals and Admirals, or their Flags—The same within Indian Territories and Seas...	15
Members of Council—Forts and Batteries, and Her Majesty's Ships within their respective Presidencies.....	15
Commander-in-Chief, Indian Navy—According to Naval Rank, with two Guns more than specified below, in the scale for Rank (the same within Indian Territories and Seas.)	
Plenipotentiaries and Envoys—The same within the precincts of the Territories to which he is accredited.....	15
Lieutenant-Governors of Her Majesty's Colonies—The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere.....	15
Vice Admirals and Lieutenant-Generals or their Flags—The same within Indian Territories and Seas	13
Agents to the Governor-Generals,—The same within Indian Territories and Seas, or within jurisdiction only, or when on duty elsewhere.....	13
Residents.....	The same within jurisdiction, or when on duty elsewhere, each.....
Chief Commissioners of Provinces & Commissioners.....	
Rear Admirals and Major Generals or their Flags—The same within Indian Territories and Seas.....	11
Political Agents and Charges d'Affairs—Forts, Batteries, and Her Majesty's Ships within the precincts of the Territories to which he is accredited.....	11
Commodores of the First Class and Brigadier Generals—The same within limits of Command.....	9
The Portuguese Governor of Damaun—The same within Indian Territories and Seas...	9
The Governor of Dew.....	9
Her Majesty's Ships not carrying Broad Pendant (return salute only).....	7
Any other Ship—Gun for Gun.	
Officers inferior to Brigadier Generals, who command Divisions of the Army, District Field Forces on or beyond the British Frontier or Garrisons with a permanent Staff, to receive in Bengal, Madras and Bombay, a Salute and Honors of the next Superior Army Rank from their own Garrison Forces, &c.—This is applicable to India only.	

Note.—The Viceroy and Governor-General of India to have power, in cases in which he may deem it expedient to authorise Salutes, to issue such Local Regulations for the guidance of the authorities in Indian limits with respect to Civil or Military Officers holding Positions or Commands not included in the above Table.

TABLE OF SALUTES ON ANNIVERSARIES OR SPECIAL OCCASION.

ANNIVERSARIES.		Guns.
The Queen's Birth-day.....	} To be fired at all Stations where there are guns, each.....	21
The Accession and the Coronation of the reigning Sovereign.....		
The Prince Consort's Birth-day.....		
SPECIAL OCCASIONS.		
Births of Children of the reigning Sovereign.....	} At the Presidencies only, each.....	21
ANNIVERSARIES.		
Victories of the British Arms.....		
Reading of all Proclamations.....		
FUNERAL HONORS.		
Minute Guns to be fired at the Funerals of Crowned Heads, and at the Funerals of Functionaries who were entitled to Salutes; the same number of Minute Guns only to be fired as they were entitled to as Salutes, when living.		
Minute Guns equal in number to the years of the decease not to be fired on any occasion, unless by the special order of the Governor-General in Council.		
Noon-day Guns to be fired at all large Military Stations.		

TABLE OF SALUTES TO NATIVE SOVEREIGNS AND CHIEFS.

NAME.	No. of Guns.	NAME.	No. of Guns.
Maharajah Dulcep Sing.....	21	The Chief of Doongurpore.....	15
The Guicowar.....	21	" Banawarra.....	15
Nizam of Hyderabad.....	21	" Serohi.....	15
Maharajah of Mysore.....	21	Her Highness the Qudsia Begum of Bhopal (Bhoodshahnee).....	15
Rajah of Nepal.....	21	The Chief of the Kotah.....	13
Amcer of Cabul.....	21	Rajah of Kijjah.....	13
Maharajah Holkar.....	19	Maharajah of Benares.....	13
Scindia.....	19	Rajah of Tipperah.....	13
Her Highness the Nawab Begum of Bhopal.....	19	" Koonch Behar.....	13
His Highness Tace Sahiba of Indore.....	19	Nawab of Rampore.....	13
Maharajah of Jummoo.....	19	" Jorah.....	13
The Khan of Khelat.....	19	Chief of Rutlam.....	11
Nawab Nizam of Moorsheadabad.....	19	" Sillawah.....	11
Nizam's Minister.....	17	" Seera Mhow.....	11
Rajah of Cochin.....	17	" Oorcha.....	11
" Travancore.....	17	" Durtiah.....	11
Maharajah of Maywar (Oodeypore).....	17	" Sumpthur.....	11
Maharajah of Jeypore.....	17	Rajah of Nabba.....	11
" of Marwar (Joudpore).....	17	" Jheend.....	11
Jung Bahadoor, Minister of Nepal.....	17	" Kuppoothullah.....	11
The Nawab of Bhawalpore.....	17	" Naaghar.....	11
Maharajah of Puttiala.....	17	" Sookeet.....	11
Rajah of Kolapore.....	17	" Mandec.....	11
Rao of Cutch.....	17	" Chamba.....	11
Chief of Bicanier.....	17	" Furredkote.....	11
" Boondce.....	17	" Bussahir.....	11
Rajah of Bhurtpore.....	17	Chief of Chikharce.....	11
Nawab of Tonk.....	17	" Penanah.....	11
Chief of Kerowlee.....	17	" Bijawur.....	11
" Rewah.....	17	" Chatterpore.....	11
Maharajah of Dholpore.....	15	Nawab of Bahonee.....	9
Chief of Dhar.....	15	" Chief of Burwanee.....	9
" Dewas.....	15	" Ali Rajpore.....	9
" Kishengurh.....	15	Native Chiefs at Aden.....	9 to 12
" Jessulmere.....	15	The Nawab of Majair Kotela.....	9
" Jhallawar.....	15	Sir Dessae of Sawnut Warce.....	9
" Ulwar.....	15	Bebee of Cannanore.....	7
" Pertabgurh.....	15	Rajah of Sirmoor.....	7
		" Khalloor or Belespoor.....	7

TABLE OF STAFF APPOINTMENTS AND SALARIES.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
		RS. A. P.	
	His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.....	5,833 5 4	
	ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT.		
1	Adjutant General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Adjutant General.....	860 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Assistant do. do.....	600 0 0	
1	Depy. Asst. do. do.....	500 0 0	
	AIDES-DE-CAMP.		
2	To the Governor.....	300 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	50 0 0	With pay and batta of rank.
2	To the Commander-in-Chief.....	250 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	To do. (Native Officer).....	50 0 0	With pay and batta of rank.
1	To General Officers of Divisions.....	250 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	ARTILLERY.		
1	Inspector with the rank of Brigr. General.....	1,070 0 0	} With pay and allowances of rank.
1	Brigade Major to the Inspector.....	354 0 0	
1	Assistant Adjutant General.....	500 0 0	
	BRIGADE STAFF.		
3	Brigadiers General, 1st class.....	1,400 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
2	Brigadiers General, 2nd class.....	1,200 0 0	
6	Brigade Majors.....	400 0 0	
1	Do. do. Fort St. George.....	500 0 0	
	DIVISIONAL STAFF.		
5	General Officers.....	3,500 0 0	Consolidated.
5	Aides-de-Camp to do.....	250 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
6	Assistants Adjutant General.....	500 0 0	
	CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.		
1	Superintendent of Army Clothing.....	700 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	COMMISSARIAT DEPARTMENT.		
1	Commissary General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Commissary General.....	900 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
3	Asst. Commissaries General, 1st class.....	800 0 0	
2	Do. do. 2nd ".....	600 0 0	
3	Depy. Assts. Commy. Genl. 1st ".....	500 0 0	
3	Do. do. 2nd ".....	400 0 0	
6	Sub-Asst. do. 1st ".....	300 0 0	
3	Do. do. 2nd ".....	200 0 0	
	GARRISON.		
1	Staff Officer & Supt. of Details, Fort St. George.	310 0 0	Including Horse allowance with Staff Corps pay of rank
	INSPECTORS OF MUSKETRY.		
1	Chief Inspector of Musketry.....	400 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	District Inspector of Musketry.....	300 0 0	
	Musketry Instructors (Regimental).....	150 0 0	With Regimental pay and allowances of rank.
	JUDGE ADVOCATE GENL'S DEPARTMENT.		
1	Judge Advocate General.....	2,000 0 0	Consolidated.
7	Deputy Judge Advocates General of Division.	500 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank
	MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.		
1	Principal Inspector General.....	2,700 0 0	} Consolidated.
1	Inspector General of Hospitals.....	2,500 0 0	
8	Deputy Inspectors General of Hospitals.....	1,800 0 0	
1	Secy. to the Principal Inspector General.....	700 0 0	With pay and allowances of rank.
1	Surgeon to the Presidency Genl. Hospital.....	1,000 0 0	
1	Physician.....	1,000 0 0	
1	Garrison Assistant Surgeon.....	700 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Do. do. do. Bangalore.....	165 0 0	With pay and allowances.
1	Principal Medical Storekeeper.....	1,000 0 0	Consolidated.
3	Medical Storekeeper.....	120 0 0	With pay and allowances of rank.

* These are the Staff salaries attached to the appointments; but when the Officer's pay is in excess, it is drawn instead.

No.	Appointments.	Staff Salary.	Remarks.
	ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.	RS. A. P.	
1	Inspector General of Ordnance and Magazines.	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Depy. Inspr. General do.	800 0 0	
2	Commissaries of Ordnance, 1st class.....	500 0 0	
2	Do. do. 2nd „	400 0 0	} With Regimental pay and allowances of rank.
3	Do. do. 3rd „	250 0 0	
2	Deputy Commissaries of Ordnance.....	250 0 0	
3	Assistant Commissaries of Ordnance.....	200 0 0	
6	Depy. Asst. do.	120 0 0	
1	Agent for Gun Powder.....	800 0 0	}
1	Agent for Gun Carriage.....	800 0 0	
	PAY DEPARTMENT.		
1	Presidency Paymaster.....	700 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
5	Divisional Paymasters.....	600 0 0	
	QUARTER MASTER GEN'L'S DEPARTMENT.		
1	Quarter Master General.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Deputy Quarter Master General.....	800 0 0	
1	Assistant Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
3	Assistants Quarter Master General.....	500 0 0	
5	Depy. Assis. Quarter Master General	400 0 0	
1	Barrack Master, 1st class.....	*156 2 10	With pay and allowances of rank.
	SECRETARIAT TO GOVERNMENT MILITARY DEPARTMENT.		* With Rupees 185 for charge of Civil Buildings.
1	Secretary.....	2,500 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Under-Secretary.....	800 0 0	With Staff Corps pay of rank.
	CONTROLLER OF MILITARY FINANCE.		
1	Controller of Military Accounts.....	2,200 0 0	Consolidated.
1	Asst. to the Controller of Military Accounts, (Uncovenanted).....	300 0 0	
1	Military Accountant.....	1,000 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Examiner, Pay Department.....	800 0 0	
1	Examiner, Commissariat Accounts	900 0 0	
1	Do. Ordnance Accounts.....	500 0 0	
1	Asst. to Examiner Pay Dept., (Uncovenanted)	500 0 0	} With Staff Corps pay of rank.
1	Compiler of Military Accounts.....	400 0 0	

Staff Officers at the Presidency not in the receipt of Consolidated Salaries are entitled to House rent as follows:—

Colonels.....Rs. 125 | Majors.....Rs. 100 | Captains.....Rs. 75 | Lieutenants.....Rs. 40

NEW ORGANIZATION—CAVALRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	Rs. 700	Third Squadron Officer.....	Rs. 180
Second in Command Squadron Of- cer.....	300	Adjutant.....	250
Second Squadron Officer.....	210	Doing Duty Officer.....	150

NOTE.—The second in Command and Squadron Officers will also each draw Rupees 40 per mensem, for payment of their respective Squadrons and for the repair of Arms and Accoutrements.

The Adjutant will also draw Rupees 50. Office Allowance.

The Doing Duty Officer, who will perform any duties that may be assigned to him, such as would devolve upon a Quarter Master, &c., will draw also Rupees 50 per mensem, for writer and stationery.

Commandants are to maintain three chargers, all other Officers two only.

NEW ORGANIZATION—INFANTRY REGIMENTS—STAFF SALARIES.

Commandant.....	Rs. 600	Adjutant.....	Rs. 200
Second in Command and Wing Officer ..	" 270	Quarter Master.....	" 150
Wing Officer.....	" 230	Doing Duty Officer.....	" 100

NOTE.—The two Wing Officers will each draw also Rupees 80 per mensem, or Rupees 20 per Company, for the payment and repair of Arms and Accoutrements of Companies of their respective Wings.

The Adjutant will also draw Rupees 50. Office Allowance.

All Infantry Officers are to maintain one charger.

TABLES OF PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

REGIMENTAL PAY AND ALLOWANCES.

COMBATANT OFFICERS.

Rank.	Horse Artillery, and Cavalry.	Royal Artillery.	Royal Engineers.	Infantry.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Colonel and Colonel Commandant ...	1,358 7 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0	1,265 5 0
Lieutenant Colonel.....	1,037 0 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0	1,002 4 0
Major and Lieutenant Colonel on Major's Pay.....	809 6 4	759 3 0	759 3 0	759 3 0
Captain.....	473 0 4	433 10 0	433 10 0	415 6 0
2nd Captain.....	473 0 4	417 7 8	433 10 0	.....
Lieutenant.....	305 4 0	265 12 0	265 12 0	256 10 0
Junior Lieutenant.....	250 10 4	213 5 0	213 5 0	.....
Coronet.....	250 10 4	.....	.....	.....
Ensign.....	.....	.....	.....	202 12 5
	Horse Artillery.	Royal Artillery.	Cavalry.	Infantry.
Quarter Master. { Above 15 years' service...	341 13 7	317 8 0	341 13 7	317 8 0
" { " 10 "	333 11 9	309 6 2	323 9 5	299 3 9
" { Under 10 "	327 10 4	291 1 11	299 3 10	274 14 3
Pay Master. { Above 20 " .....	.....	.....	.....	567 9 0
" { " 15 " .....	.....	.....	.....	537 2 0
" { " 10 " .....	.....	.....	.....	506 11 0
" { " 5 " .....	.....	.....	.....	476 4 0
" { Under 5 " .....	.....	.....	.....	445 13 0
" { After 15 " .....	.....	.....	.....	374 10 4
Riding Master. { " 10 " .....	.....	.....	.....	352 4 7
" { " 2 " .....	.....	.....	.....	329 14 9
" { Under 2 " .....	.....	.....	.....	287 7 9

MEDICAL OFFICERS.

Under G. O. C. No. 261 of 1864.		RS.	A.	P.	Old rate.
Surgeon Major, above 25 years' service.....		1,093	2	0	As Captain in branch in which serving.
Ditto " 20 ".....		1,056	9	7	
Surgeon " 15 ".....		825	11	5	
Ditto " 12 ".....		789	3	0	As Lieutenant in branch in which serving.
Assistant Surgeon " 10 ".....		451	14	5	
Ditto " 6 ".....		433	10	2	
Ditto " 5 ".....		335	12	2	
Ditto under " 5 ".....		317	8	0	

VETERINARY SURGEONS.

			RS.	A.	P.
Veterinary Surgeon, 1st class, above 25 years' service.....			627	2	0
Ditto	"	20	590	9	7
Ditto	"	15	572	5	5
Ditto	"	10	560	2	7
Ditto	"	5	535	12	11
Ditto	"	15	426	3	2
Ditto	"	10	414	0	4
Ditto	"	5	395	12	3
Ditto	under	5	377	8	0

The following sums under the head of Tentage are included in the above rates of Regimental Pay and Allowances:—

	RS.	A.	P.
Colonel and Colonel Commandant.....	200	0	0
Lieutenant Colonel, Surgeon Major.....	150	0	0
Major, Junior Lieutenant Colonel of Royal Artillery and Engineers, Surgeon.....	120	0	0
Captain, 2nd Captain, Pay Master, Assistant Surgeon of 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, 1st Class.....	75	0	0
Lieutenant, Quarter Master, Assistant Surgeon under 6 years' service, Veterinary Surgeon, Riding Master, Cornet, Junior Lieutenant, Ensign.....	50	0	0

HORSE ALLOWANCE.

FOR EACH AUTHORIZED CHARGER.....	30	0	0
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Number of Horses authorized for each rank.

Royal Horse Artillery and Cavalry.	Field Officer.....	4
	Captain, 2nd Captain, Pay Master, Surgeon Major, Surgeon, Assistant Surgeon above 6 years' service.....	3
	Subalterns, Assistant Surgeon under 6 years' service, Riding Master, Quarter Master.....	2
Field Brigades, Field Brigade Batteries, Heavy Field Batteries, and Siege Train Batteries.	Field Officer.....	1
	Captain and 2nd Captain.....	2
	Subalterns, Quarter Master.....	1
Garrison Brigades, Infantry.	Field Officer.....	1
	Officers of whatever rank Commanding a Brigade or Regiment, Quarter Master when Marching.....	1
Infantry.	Officers of Junior rank acting as Field Officers during absence of the Field Officers, under circumstances which involve a forfeiture of Horse Allowance.....	1

Adjutants of Garrison Brigades, and of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry, draw the allowance for one Horse in the established Staff Allowance of their appointments. When the Adjutantcy of a Horse or Field Brigade is held temporarily by a Subaltern Officer, the allowance for one additional Horse is passed.

REGIMENTAL, COMMAND AND STAFF ALLOWANCES.

	RS.
Officers in actual Command of a Brigade of Artillery.....	400
or Regiment of Cavalry and Infantry.....	250
Ditto of a Heavy Field Battery.....	30
Ditto of a Battery of Royal Artillery or Company of Infantry.....	30
Ditto of a Troop of Cavalry (Repair of Arms, &c.).....	75

ADJUTANT.

Arms of Service.	Staff.	Horse.	Office.	TOTAL.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Royal Horse Artillery.....	92 7 0		90 0 0	182 7 0
Field Artillery.....	122 0 0		105 0 0	227 0 0
Garrison Artillery.....	122 0 0	30 0 0	105 0 0	257 0 0
Cavalry.....	92 7 0	30 0 0	85 0 0	207 7 0
Infantry.....	122 0 0	30 0 0	85 0 0	237 7 0

REGIMENTAL, COMMAND AND STAFF ALLOWANCES.—Continued.

PAY MASTER.	RS.	A.	P.
Office Allowance, Cavalry.....	65	5	4
ditto. Infantry.....	73	10	8
QUARTER MASTER.			
Artillery, Cavalry and Infantry.....	85	0	0
Riding Horse Allowance for each Regiment of Cavalry.....	40	0	0
Interpreter of Regiments of Cavalry and Infantry.....	70	0	0
Officer Instructor of Gunnery.....	150	0	0
Regimental Instructor of Musketry (including allowance for Horse).....	150	0	0
Ditto for Stationery.....	20	0	0
Assistant Instructor of Musketry (temporary).....	100	0	0
Surgeon Majors and Surgeons drawing old rate of Pay.....	300	0	0
Head Money per 100 Men for ditto.....	25	0	0
Assistant Surgeon in Medical charge of a Brigade or Regiment.....	150	0	0
Mess Allowance for a Regiment.....	150	0	0
Ditto for a Battery of Artillery.....	40	0	0
Ditto for each detached Troop or Company.....	20	0	0

PAY.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, RANK AND FILE.

	For 23 days.	For 29 days.	For 50 days.	For 31 days.
HORSE ARTILLERY.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Serjeant Major.....	56 4 7	58 4 9	60 4 11	62 5 1
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	49 6 10	51 3 1	52 15 4	54 11 7
Orderly-room Clerk and Serjeant Assistant Instructor of Gunnery.....	50 4 7	52 1 4	53 14 0	55 10 9
Hospital Serjeant after 7 years' service.....	43 6 11	44 15 8	46 8 6	48 1 4
Armourer Serjeant, Trumpet Major, and Hospital Serjeant, on appointment.....	36 9 2	37 14 0	39 2 11	40 7 10
Staff Serjeant.....	49 6 10	51 3 1	52 15 4	54 11 7
Serjeant.....	36 9 2	37 14 0	39 2 11	40 7 10
Farrier.....	42 0 0	43 8 0	45 0 0	46 8 0
Corporal.....	27 6 10	28 6 6	29 6 2	30 5 11
Bombardier and 1st Trumpeter.....	25 2 3	26 0 8	26 15 0	27 13 5
Shoeing Smith.....	26 9 2	27 8 4	28 7 6	29 6 8
Collar Maker and Wheeler.....	23 11 5	24 9 0	25 6 6	26 4 1
Gunner and 2nd Trumpeter.....	15 2 3	15 10 11	16 3 7	16 12 3
Driver.....	12 13 9	13 5 1	13 12 5	14 3 9
ROYAL ARTILLERY.				
Serjeant Major.....	54 0 0	55 14 10	57 13 9	59 12 7
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	47 2 3	48 13 3	50 8 2	52 3 1
Orderly-room Clerk and Serjeant Assistant Instructor of Gunnery.....	48 0 0	49 11 5	51 6 10	53 2 3
Hospital Serjeant after 7 years' service.....	41 2 4	42 9 10	44 1 4	45 8 10
Armourer Serjeant, Trumpet Major, and Hospital Serjeant, on appointment.....	34 4 7	35 8 2	36 11 9	37 15 4
Staff Serjeant.....	47 2 3	48 13 3	50 8 2	52 3 1
Serjeant.....	34 4 7	35 8 2	36 11 9	37 15 4
Farrier.....	39 11 5	41 2 1	42 8 10	43 15 6

PAY.—Continued.

NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS, RANK AND FILE.—Continued.

	For 28 days.	For 29 days.	For 30 days.	For 31 days.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
ROYAL ARTILLERY.				
Corporal.....	25 2 3	26 0 8	26 15 0	27 13 5
Bombardier and 1st Trumpeter.....	22 13 9	23 10 9	24 7 10	25 4 11
Shoeing Smith.....	24 4 7	25 2 5	26 0 4	26 14 2
Collar Maker and Wheeler.....	21 6 10	22 3 1	22 15 4	23 11 7
Gunner, Driver and 2nd Trumpeter.....	12 13 9	13 5 1	13 12 5	14 3 9
CAVALRY.				
Serjeant Major and Serjeant Band Master.....	48 4 3	49 13 8	51 7 0	53 0 4
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	42 7 0	43 15 3	45 7 6	46 15 9
Farrier Major.....	45 11 5	47 5 6	48 15 8	50 9 10
Hospital Serjeant after 7 years' service.....	38 4 10	39 9 7	40 14 3	42 2 11
Ditto under ditto	31 7 1	32 8 0	33 8 9	34 9 6
Trained Armourer Serjeant.....	70 0 0	72 8 0	75 0 0	77 8 0
Serjeant Instructor of Musketry, (see Infantry.)				
Pay Master Serjeant and Orderly-room Clerk after 3 years' service.....	33 11 9	34 13 11	36 0 0	37 2 0
Ditto on appointment; also Saddler Serjeant, Trumpet Major, Serjeant Cook, Serjeant Master Tailor, Serjeant Instructor of Fencing.....	26 14 0	27 12 3	28 10 4	29 8 6
Troop Serjeant Major.....	39 14 6	41 4 9	42 10 10	44 1 0
Farrier.....	29 11 5	30 12 5	31 13 5	32 14 4
Shoeing Smith or Farrier qualified as a Shoeing Smith only.....	21 11 5	22 7 10	23 4 3	24 0 8
Serjeant.....	26 14 0	27 12 3	28 10 4	29 8 6
Trumpeter appointed before 1st September 1850.....	17 12 7	18 5 8	18 14 10	19 7 11
Ditto after ditto	15 8 0	15 15 10	16 7 8	16 15 5
Corporal.....	17 12 0	18 5 5	18 14 10	19 8 3
Private.....	13 4 11	13 11 11	14 2 11	14 9 11
Boy.....	5 11 5	5 14 9	6 2 0	6 5 3
INFANTRY.				
Serjeant Major.....	46 3 5	47 8 11	48 14 4	50 3 10
Serjeant Band Master.....	43 14 10	45 3 0	46 7 2	47 11 4
Quarter Master Serjeant.....	38 14 4	39 12 1	40 9 10	41 7 8
Serjeant Instructor of Musketry, 2nd Class.....	36 11 10	38 0 5	39 4 11	40 9 6
Ditto ditto 3rd Class.....	25 5 0	26 3 0	27 1 0	27 15 1
Trained Armourer Serjeant.....	70 0 0	72 8 0	75 0 0	77 8 0
Hospital Serjeant after 7 years' service.....	36 11 10	38 0 5	39 4 11	40 9 6
Ditto on appointment; Pay Master Serjeant and Orderly-room Clerk after 3 years' service.....	29 14 2	30 14 9	31 15 5	33 0 1
Pay Master Serjeant; Orderly-room Clerk on appointment, Drum or Bugle Major, Serjeant Cook and Serjeant Master Tailor.....	23 0 5	23 13 2	24 9 10	25 6 7
Color Serjeant.....	29 14 2	30 14 9	31 15 5	33 0 1
Serjeant.....	23 0 5	23 13 2	24 9 10	25 6 7
Corporal.....	14 11 3	15 3 5	15 11 8	16 3 10
Drummer, Bugler, Fifer, appointed before 1st September 1850.....	13 1 10	13 8 10	13 15 10	14 6 10
Ditto after ditto	12 4 1	12 10 8	13 1 2	13 7 8
Private.....	10 13 7	11 3 9	11 10 0	12 0 2
Boy—(see Cavalry.)				

EXTRA OR STAFF PAY.

BATTERIES OF ARTILLERY.	RS.	A.	P.
Cattle Serjeant Heavy Battery.....	20	0	0
Acting Conductor of Stores on Field Service only.....	15	0	0
Rough Rider.....	7	8	0
Hospital Serjeant.....	7	0	0
Pay Serjeant.....	7	0	0
Pay Serjeant and Savings' Bank Clerk.....	7	0	0
Savings' Bank Clerk.....	5	0	0

CAVALRY.

Allowance for Rough Riders per Regiment.....	18	10	0
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CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

Serjeant Cook.....	7	8	0
Drill Serjeant.....	14	0	0
Drill Corporal.....	7	0	0
Pay Serjeant.....	7	0	0
Serjeant Assistant Instructor of Musketry.....	7	7	3
Station Butcher.....	17	8	0
Camp Colorman on the March at 5 Annas per diem.....	0	0	0
Savings' Bank Clerk—			
If the depositors are under 100.....	8	0	0
If 100 and under 150.....	10	0	0
If 150 and under 200.....	15	0	0
If 200 and upwards.....	20	0	0

EDUCATIONAL ESTABLISHMENT.

TRAINED SCHOOL MASTER.

	Staff Pay.	For 28 days.	For 29 days.	For 30 days.	For 31 days.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
1st Class	59 10 1	90 4 7	93 8 2	96 11 9	99 13 4
2nd Class.....	37 4 4	69 11 5	72 3 3	74 11 1	77 2 11
3rd Class	29 13 1	49 2 3	50 14 4	52 10 5	54 6 6
4th or Assistant School Master	22 5 9	21 11 5	22 7 10	23 4 3	24 0 8

SCHOOL MASTER SERJEANT.

CAVALRY.															
After ten years' service.....	20	0	0	33	11	9	34	13	11	36	0	0	37	2	0
Under ditto				26	14	0	27	12	3	28	10	4	29	8	6
INFANTRY.															
After ten years' service.....	20	0	0	29	14	2	30	14	9	31	15	5	33	0	1
Under ditto				23	0	5	23	13	2	24	9	10	25	6	7
Trained School Mistress, 1st Class.....										Per Mensem...			40	0	0
Ditto ditto 2nd										"			30	0	0
Ditto ditto 3rd										"			25	0	0
Untrained School Mistress.....										"			14	11	1
Assistant School Master										"			10	0	0
Soldier Assistant										"			6	0	0
Pupil Teacher, £4 per annum.....										"			0	0	0
Moonshee.....										"			30	0	0
Ditto for instructing Hindoostani School.....										"			10	0	0

BATTERIES OF ARTILLERY.

	RS.	A.	P.
Assistant School Master, if above 25 pupils.....	15	0	0
Ditto if under ditto	10	0	0
School Mistress, if above 15 children in School or 10 qualified to learn sewing.....	10	0	0
Ditto if under ditto or 6 ditto ditto.....	6	0	0

SUBORDINATE MEDICAL AND FIXED HOSPITAL ESTABLISHMENT.

RANK.	Pay.	Full Batta.	Tenage.	TOTAL.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Apothecary.....	50 0 0	60 14 0	35 0 0	145 14 0
2nd Apothecary.....	30 7 0	60 14 0	35 0 0	126 5 0
Assistant Apothecary.....	25 0 0	30 0 0	15 0 0	70 0 0
Medical Apprentice, Passed.....	30 0 0			
Do. Senior.....	20 0 0			
Do. Junior.....	16 0 0			
2nd Dresser.....	24 8 0	4 11 9		
Native Writer.....	35 0 0	Batta		
Writer (Soldier).....	10 0 0	when		
Nurse, European.....	10 0 0	marching.		
Nurse, Native.....	0 0 0			

Head Purveyor	
Asst. do	
Tailor	
Cook.....	
Cook's Mate.....	
Cooly Maistry	
Ward Cooly	
Cooly for Leeching.....	
Head Sweeper	
Sweeper	
Cooly Woman	
Water Woman.....	
Washerman.....	
Puckally.....	
Bheestie.....	
Toty.....	

Station Rates.

NATIVE ARTIFICERS AND FOLLOWERS.

	Pay.	Batta when marching.
	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Puckally	10 11 10	1 8 0
Bheestie.....	7 0 0	1 8 0

Common to all Arms of the Service.

CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

Chowdry	11 6 0	1 8 0
Peon.....	6 0 0	1 8 0

CAVALRY AND ARTILLERY.

Jemadar Syce.....	8 12 0	1 8 0
Syce.....	5 4 0	1 8 0
Grass-Cutter	4 0 0	1 8 0
Grass-Cutter Jorawallah	8 0 0	0 0 0

ARTILLERY.

Tindal.....	7 8 0	3 0 0
Store Lascar.....	6 0 0	2 0 0
Bullock Driver.....	5 12 0	0 0 0
Maistry Smith	12 0 0	3 0 0
Fireman	10 0 0	2 0 0
Fileman.....	10 0 0	2 0 0
Ditto.....	8 7 0	2 0 0
Hammerman.....	7 0 0	2 0 0
Maistry Carpenter.....	14 0 0	3 0 0
Carpenter	10 0 0	2 0 0
Moochee	7 0 0	2 0 0
Chowdry	11 0 0	0 0 0
Mutsuddie.....	5 0 0	0 0 0
Weighman	3 0 0	0 0 0

HEAVY FIELD BATTERIES.

	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.
Jemadar Driver.....	17 0 0	1 8 0
Sirdar Driver.....	12 0 0	1 8 0
Driver, 1st Class.....	8 8 0	
Do. 2d do.....	7 8 0	1 8 0
Do. 3d do.....	6 8 0	
Jemadar Mahout.....	16 0 0	
Mahout.....	9 0 0	
Coolie.....	6 0 0	

CONSERVANCY ESTABLISHMENT.

Maistry Lamp-lighter.....	
Lamp-lighter.....	
Maistry Toty.....	
Toty.....	
Sweeper.....	
Lascar.....	
Barrack Cooly.....	
Water Woman.....	
Sweeper do.....	
Scavenger Carts with Bullocks and Driver, complete.....	

Station Rates.

CONTRACT ALLOWANCES.

	Rate per mensem.
	RS. A. P.
Repair of Arms, per Battery.....	30 0 0
Ditto per Company.....	20 0 0
Ditto Gun Carriage and Waggons.....	15 0 0
Ditto Spare Waggons, Forge Carts, Store Carts, Spare Howitzer } Carriages, Store Limber Waggons, or Hospital Carts... }	5 0 0
Allowance for shoeing Horses and stable Gear.....	2 0 0
Ditto repair of Harness Horse Battery.....	2 0 0
Ditto ditto Field Battery.....	1 8 0
Ditto ditto Saddles.....	1 0 0
Ditto Gram pots for Horse and Field Batteries.....	20 0 0
Ditto ditto for Heavy Battery.....	1 0 0
Ditto Cavassons for Horse and Field Batteries.....	5 0 0
Ditto Petty Stores for Horse Batteries.....	2 12 0
Ditto ditto for Field and other Batteries.....	0 12 0
Ditto Butts and Targets } Cavalry and Infantry	4 0 0
Ditto Petty Stores }	1 8 0

FAMILY ALLOWANCE.

European Woman.....	8 0 0
East Indian ditto.....	6 8 0
Child.....	2 8 0

GOOD CONDUCT PAY.

Service.	Per diem.	28 days.	29 days.	30 days.	31 days.
	D. RS. A. P.				
After 3 years' service	1 = 0 0 7 4 1	1 2 3	1 2 11	1 3 7	1 4 3
Ditto 8 ditto	2 = 0 1 3 3 3	2 4 7	2 5 11	2 7 2	2 8 6
Ditto 13 ditto	3 = 0 1 11 1 3	3 6 10	3 8 10	3 10 9	3 12 9
Ditto 18 ditto	4 = 0 2 7 1 7	4 9 2	4 11 9	4 14 4	5 1 0
Ditto 23 ditto	5 = 0 3 3 1 3	5 11 5	5 14 8	6 1 11	6 5 2
Ditto 28 ditto	6 = 0 3 11 1 9	6 13 8	7 1 7	7 5 6	7 9 5

HUTTING MONEY.

	Full hutting money.	Half hutting money.
	RS.	RS. A.
Farriers, Drivers, Mahouts.....	3	1 8
Permanent Native Establishment.....	2	1 0

WORKING PAY.

ARTILLERY, CAVALRY AND INFANTRY.

Non-Commissioned Officers as Observers, one to every 20 men.....	} 1r. or 8 annas a day.
Non-Commissioned Officers or Privates as Artificers....	
Privates, as Laborers.....	1s. 3d. or 10 annas a day.
	9d. or 6 annas a day.
Men of Horse Artillery, 2d. per diem less than the above.	
Compensation for wear and tear of Clothing and Boots to Soldiers employed in throwing up Field Works in Camps of Instruction, 4d. or 2 annas 8 pie a day.	

BOUNTY MONEY.

	Horse Artillery.	Royal Artillery.	Cavalry.	Infantry.
Bounty money on enlistment (including Kit).....	85 0 4	74 5 2	102 4 7	68 7 10
Bounty money on re-engagement..	133 10 1	129 11 5	134 5 10	118 7 2

ARTILLERY¹ DIVISION.

Artillery Command of a Division or District not being the Head Quarters of a Brigade and consisting of 3 Batteries and more.....	300	0	0
Ditto ditto 2 Batteries.....	200	0	0
Station Command, consisting of two or more Batteries not of the same Brigade.....	200	0	0
Adjutant of a Division :—			

Staff.....	91	5	0	
Office.....	60	0	0	
Horse	30	0	0	
	<u>181</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>0</u>	

Adjutant of a Station:—

Staff.....	60	0	0	
Office.....	30	0	0	
	<u>90</u>	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	

Also Horse allowance of Rupees 30 if not already in receipt of Horse allowance

To Adjutants of Brigades performing the duties of Divisions and Districts	20	0	0
Serjeant Major..... { if of the rank of Staff Serjeant.....	7	7	3
Quarter Master Serjeant..... { if of a lower rank	14	14	6
School Moonshce..... { If the number of pupils be 15 or more.....	30	0	0
Ditto..... { If the number of pupils averages 10.....	20	0	0

RATION MONEY.

Full allowance, <i>per mensem</i>	10	0	0
In addition to rations on special occasion, <i>per diem</i>	0	4	0

PRIZES FOR GARDENING.

Each Regiment or Division of Artillery equal to a Brigade :—			
1 Prize of	25	0	0
1 "	20	0	0

Each Wing or Division of Artillery equal to a Demi-Brigade, cantoned separately:—

1 Prize of 20 0 0
Each Battery, Troop or Company:—

1	Prize of	15	0	0
1	"	10	0	0
1	"	5	0	0

PRIZES FOR REGIMENTAL WORKSHOPS.

	RS.	A.	P.
For each 1st Class Workman a prize of.....	15	0	0
" " 2nd " "	8	0	0
The aggregate of prizes, exclusive of bonuses for the instruction of Apprentices, for a Regiment of Cavalry or Infantry.....	150	0	0
Ditto for a Battery of Artillery or a Convalescent Depôt	50	0	0
Bonus to a Soldier for imparting to an Apprentice a thorough knowledge of any trade not previously known.....	25	0	0
Ditto for partial instruction, a proportionate sum. The number of bonuses not to exceed two in a Battery, or eight in a Regiment.			

PRIZES AT ANNUAL WORKSHOP EXHIBITIONS.

Money prizes for a Regiment.....	150	0	0
Ditto for a Battery.....	50	0	0
The total outlay for prizes and other charges not to exceed Rupees 6,000 at each Exhibition.			

CLOTHING.

Annual allowances to Serjeant Master Tailor.....	440	0	0
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FORT ST. GEORGE, 2nd November 1866.

No. 405 of 1866.—The following Extract from General Orders by the Government of India is re-published:—

SIMLA, the 17th Octobnr 1866.

No. 875 of 1866.—In modification of General Orders by the President in Council, No. 308 of 1855,* and No. 246 of 1860,† His Excellency the Governor General in Council directs that, as regards trained Army School Masters under the new Regulations of 1863, their pay will be regulated by the Royal Warrant of 3rd February 1866, which grants to—

Trained School Masters on appointment, three shillings daily, increasing by six pence a day for every two years' service as School Master, until it shall reach a maximum of six shillings and six per diem.

* Such periodical increase to be granted only on the recommendation of the Council of Military Education.

Each year's service as Assistant or 4th Class School Master, under former Regulations, to reckon as six months towards the increase of pay.

Under these rules the pay of trained School Masters—five pence per diem being deducted for rations—will, according to their standing, be passed at the following monthly rates, for any month, exclusive of staff pay:—

*At the exchange of two shillings
and a half penny per Rupee.*

										RS. A. P.		
Trained School Masters on appointment...										38	8	3
After 2 years' service										45	15	5
" 4	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	5	9
" 6	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	14	0
" 8	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	5	3
" 10	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	75	12	6
" 12	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	83	3	10
" 14	"	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	11	1

The periodical increase will not be allowed until sanction is notified from the Home Authorities, but will then be granted with retrospective effect from the date of completion of the required service.

School Masters appointed prior to 25th May 1863, who may have elected to remain under the old Regulations in existence prior to that date, will continue to receive the scale of pay laid down in General Order by the President in Council, No. 246 of 6th March 1860.

* Madras G. O. G. 23rd March 1855, No. 82.

† " " 20th " 1860, " 111.

PART IV.—MARINE.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

OFFICE—Sea Custom House, North Beach.—Hours of Business, from 11 A. M. to 5 P. M.

	Salary.	Rs.
J. J. Franklin, Esq.....	Superintendent of Marine.....	1,000
T. E. Marshall, Esq.....	Asst. Master Attendant and Asst. to Supt. of Marine.....	300
H. D. Elphinstone Dalrymple, Esq.....	Master Attendant.....	1,500
J. B. Crowther, Esq.....	Deputy Master Attendant.....	700
W. H. Bartlett, Esq.....	Asst. Master Attendant & Pier Master.....	350

OUT-PORTS.

	Salary.	Rs.
Captain Heywood Thompson.....	Coringa and Cocanada.....	350
" F. M. Gilhaue.....	Calicut.....	200
" H. Grant.....	Negapatam.....	200
" J. Castor.....	Cochin.....	350
" G. H. Phipps.....	Tuticorin.....	200
" W. L. Pascal.....	Vizagapatam.....	200
" J. W. Maiden.....	Masulipatam.....	200
" J. H. Graves.....	Bimilipatam.....	200
Mr. T. Moren.....	Tranquebar.....	30
" T. Nelson.....	Tellicherry.....	30
" J. Rozario.....	Cannanore.....	30
" W. Fisher.....	Mangalore.....	30
" J. S. Vanderlowen.....	Cuddalore.....	30
" J. P. Lloyd.....	Calingapatam.....	30
" J. Leonhard.....	Munsoorcottah.....	30
" —Waters.....	Ganjam.....	30
Captain J. Daviot, Govt. Head Pilot and Conservator.....	Paumben.....	150
Mr. Lefrenas, Government Pilot.....	Cochin.....	—

Board of Examiners in Navigation and Seamanship.

H. D. Elphinstone Dalrymple, Esq.....	Ex-Officio President.
J. B. Crowther, Esq.....	Examiner.

MADRAS SCREW PILE PIER.

This important work has been completed by Mr. Frederick Johnson, Civil Engineer, of North Street, Westminster, London, pursuant to the terms of a Contract entered into between the Council of India, and himself, under date the 9th of November 1858.

The dimensions of the structure are as follows:—

Extreme length, from high water-mark 1,000 feet.

Breadth throughout, 40 feet. Beside its main body, the Pier has a cross or T-shaped head, 160 feet long by 40 broad. The work is constructed of Mitchell's Patent Screw Piles, of solid wrought Iron, respectively 6 inches and 8 inches in diameter, placed in rows of four abreast, and at distances of 10 feet between the centre of each row.

These piles are screwed down into the sand, to the depths undermentioned, that is to say—the first 25 rows, 11 feet; the second 25 rows, 13 feet, and all the remainder 15 feet.

* Marine Storekeeper, Superintendent Mercantile Marine Office, Registrar of Shipping, and Conservator of the Port.

The whole structure is securely tied together by transverse T braces of wrought Iron, and by longitudinal tension rods of the same material.

Round the Pier Head, and at a distance within it of 200 feet on each side of the main structure, the Iron Piles are protected by fender piles of timber placed at short intervals, and secured to the Iron Screw Piles by strong wrought Iron Bands. The timber used in the work, is principally well creosoted Baltic timber, but the planking of the platform is of teakwood; a space of one inch being allowed between the several planks, which measures six inches by four. The level of the platform is 15 feet above high water-mark throughout.

Four lines of railway are laid down along the main Pier, with the necessary Turntables, &c., and the rest of the space available fitted up for the service of foot passengers.

The Pier Head is furnished with six fixed cranes, varying in their lifting power from 3 to 10 tons, and 8 movable cranes of 30 hundred weight each are placed on the railways, traversing from point to point as necessity arises.

It is proposed to dispense with the Screw Moorings provided for in the Contract, and in lieu of them to put down Bridle Moorings with one arm Anchors.

The total cost of the works, as agreed on in Mr. Johnson's original Contract, was £103,616, but a second Contract was subsequently entered into for the extension of the structure shoreward a length of 80 feet, at an extra charge of £1,332.

ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MADRAS PIER.

	RS.	A.	P.
Assistant to Master Attendant and Acting Pier Master.....	350	0	0
Deputy Pier Master.....	150	0	0
3 Quarter Masters, at 45 Rupees each.....	135	0	0
1 Do. do.....	35	0	0
1 Writer.....	17	8	0
4 Money-takers, at 17½ Rupees each.....	70	0	0
Tindal.....	20	0	0
Do.....	14	0	0
Fitter.....	14	0	0
Blacksmith.....	16	0	0
12 Lascars, at 12 Rupees each.....	144	0	0
2 Duffadars, at 10 Rupees each.....	20	0	0
12 Peons, at 7 Rupees each.....	84	0	0
2 Sweepers, at 7 Rupees each.....	14	0	0
	1,084	8	0

TOLLS ON GOODS AND PASSENGERS PASSING OVER THE MADRAS PIER.

NOTIFICATION.—FORT ST. GEORGE, December 20th, 1864.—The following Tolls will be levied under the provisions of Section 2 of Act V of 1863, on goods and passengers passing over the Madras Pier on and after the 1st January 1865:—

Ordinary Weights.

	RS.	A.	P.
On every cargo boat of export or import, goods, or baggage.....	0	8	0

Heavy Weights.

Steam boiler.....	15	0	0
Machinery in pieces or any article of ½ ton or upwards..... per ton...	2	8	0
4-wheeled carriage.....	3	8	0
2 do. do.....	2	0	0
Small pony do.....	3	8	0
Piano forte.....	0	1	0
Dogs, sheep and other small animals..... each...	0	1	0

Passengers.

Each passenger landing or embarking including personal baggage taken in boat with him.....	0	4	0
--	---	---	---

Captains of ships, and others connected with ships, and servants land- ing or embarking.....	Rs. A. P.
Ship's market boats taking provisions at the Pier.....	0 2 0
All goods landed, which are subject to duty, will be discharged into the Custom House.	0 4 0

All goods landed, which are free from duty, will be discharged at the inner end of the Pier, from whence parties must make arrangements for their further removal.
By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, *Chief Secretary.*

AN ACT TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE MADRAS PIER; TO REGULATE THE TRAFFIC; AND TO PROVIDE FOR THE LEVYING OF TOLLS UPON THE SAME.

WHEREAS it is expedient to make Rules and Regulations for the purpose of preserving order upon the Madras Pier, and for preventing damage thereto, and to provide for the levying of Tolls upon the same: It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Tolls at such rates as Government may from time to time fix, to be levied on all persons, &c., using the Madras Pier.

I. Tolls according to such rates as shall from time to time be settled or approved by the Governor of Madras in Council, shall be levied upon all Persons, Carts, Carriages, Merchandize, Baggage and other articles; and upon all Cattle and other animals landed at or shipped from or otherwise making use of the said Pier.

II. The said rates of Tolls, when so settled or approved as aforesaid shall, one week at least before the same shall take effect, be published in the Government Gazette, and shall also be legibly painted in the English, Tamil and Telugu languages, on boards exhibited in a conspicuous place at the entrance of the said Pier, and also at the Pier Head.

III. A Toll-keeper shall be appointed with an Establishment (all and every of whom shall wear a distinguishing badge), whose duty it shall be to take the lawful Tolls, settled or approved and published as aforesaid, to pay the same into such Treasury, and keep such accounts as Government may from time to time prescribe.

IV. Every person, other than the persons appointed to collect the Tolls under this Act, who shall levy or demand any Toll upon the said Pier, and also every person who shall unlawfully and extortionately demand or take any other or higher Toll than the lawful Toll, or under color of this Act seize or sell any property, knowing such seizure and sale to be unlawful, or in any manner unlawfully extort money or any valuable thing from any person under color of this Act, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of cheating, and shall be liable to such punishment as is prescribed for that offence by the Indian Penal Code.

V. Any person who shall evade payment of the lawful Toll, or who shall force his way into or upon the said Pier without paying the same, or who being upon the said Pier shall refuse to pay the same, or who shall force, or attempt to force his way off, or from, or out of the said Pier without paying such lawful Toll, or who shall assault or in any way obstruct any Toll-keeper or any of his Assistants in the execution of their duty under this Act, shall be punishable with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months, or with fine which may extend to Rupees 500, or with both.

VI. Any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously damage the said Pier or any of its appurtenances fixed or movable, shall be punishable under Section 426, or 427 of the Indian Penal Code, according to the amount of loss or damage caused by such mischief; that is, with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months, if the damage caused be not above the amount of fifty Rupees, or to two years, if the damage be of greater amount than fifty Rupees, or with fine or with both.

VII. Any person who shall unlawfully and maliciously cut, sever or unfasten, or who shall otherwise injure any rope, chain, or other fastening by which any boat, barge, or raft shall be made fast to the said Pier, or to any Buoy near the same, or who shall cut or send adrift any Buoy that shall be laid down near the said Pier, shall be punishable under Section 426 or 427 of the Indian Penal Code, ac-

ording to the amount of loss or damage caused by such mischief: that is with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to three months, if the damage caused be not above the amount of fifty Rupees, or to two years, if the damage be of greater amount than fifty Rupees, or with fine or with both.

VIII. It shall be lawful for the said Toll-keeper, or any of his Assistants to detain any merchandize, baggage or other articles, landed at, or to be shipped from the Pier, until the lawful Tolls are paid; and in the event of such payment being refused or withheld or delayed for the space of one week, if the owner or consignee of such goods be in Madras, (or otherwise for the space of one Calendar month) it shall be lawful for Government to sell or cause to be sold by public auction the said merchandize, baggage or other articles, and after paying all expenses attendant on such seizure, detention and sale, to hold the proceeds, (minus double the dues by way of a fine) at the disposal of the owner or consignee of the Goods.

IX. If any ship or vessel shall foul the Pier and thereby occasion damage thereto, the amount of such damage shall be ascertained forthwith, or as soon as conveniently may be, and upon the amount of such damage being proved before a Magistrate to his satisfaction, it shall be lawful for such Magistrate to make an order upon the Master or Owners of such ship or vessel for the payment of such amount, and if the same be not paid within 24 hours after demand upon, or notice of such order to the Owners or Agents, or to the Master or other Officer of such ship or vessel (or forthwith if the Magistrate shall so order), it shall be lawful for the Conservator of the Port of Madras to levy the amount thereof by distraining in manner hereinafter provided, or if necessary, by seizure and sale of such vessel.

X. If any vessel or the Master or Owners of any vessel shall become liable under the provisions of this Act to pay any sum of money either by way of fine or penalty, or for the purpose of making good any damage, and the same shall not be paid within 24 hours after demand or after notice of such liability, (or forthwith if the Magistrate before whom the complaint for the recovery of such fine, penalty or amount of damage shall be made shall so order,) then and in every such case it shall be lawful for the Conservator of the Port of Madras to distrain or cause to be distrained any goods or merchandize, to whomsoever the same may belong, on board such vessel, and any tackle, apparel or furniture belonging to such vessel, and to remove the same to some convenient place, leaving on board such vessel notice in writing of such distress, and of the cause thereof, and of the place of removal, and if such sum of money, together with the cost of such distress and removal, be not paid within three days after the seizure, exclusive of the day of seizure, the said Conservator may cause the goods, merchandize, tackle, apparel and furniture so seized to be sold, and out of the proceeds of such sale shall pay to Government the said sum which the said vessel or the Owners thereof were liable to pay under the provisions of this Act, together with the reasonable costs of such seizure, detention and sale, rendering to the Owner or Agent or Master or other person having the command of such vessel, the overplus, if any, on demand.

Government may lay rails across road between Pier and Custom House with gates.

XI. It shall be lawful for Government to lay rails or Tramways across the Beach road between the Pier and the Custom House, and to erect railings on each side of such Tramway, with gates to be closed for the protection of the public when Vans are proceeding along such Tramways.

XII. Any person who shall force his way through any of such gates when so closed as aforesaid, shall be deemed to have committed the offence of Criminal trespass, and shall be punishable under Section 417 of the Indian Penal Code; viz., with imprisonment of either description for a term which may extend to 3 months, or with fine which may extend to Rupees 500, or with both.

Police may remove all obstructions, &c., in or near approaches to Pier.

XIII. It shall be lawful for any Police Officer or Constable or Officer acting under the provisions of this Act, to remove summarily all obstructions, in or near the approaches to the Pier.

Governor in Council may pass bye-laws on any of following matters. Penalty for breach of such bye-laws.

XIV. It shall be lawful for the Governor of Madras in Council to pass bye-laws which shall be published in the Government Gazette for the enforcement of any of the following matters, and any person infringing the same shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding 25 Rupees, and in default of payment to imprisonment for a period not exceeding one Calendar month.

- 1st.—For regulating the approach of Boats, Barges and Rafts to the Pier, and for loading and unloading the same.
- 2nd.—For preventing damage to the Pier by boats lying alongside.
- 3rd.—For regulating the admission of Coolies to the Pier.
- 4th.—For the prevention of accidents from fires and lights on the Pier.
- 5th.—For regulating the Traffic along the Pier.
- 6th.—For fixing the hours at which the Pier shall be opened to the public, whether for goods or for passengers.
- 7th.—For all other purposes not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act.

Cognizance of offences. XV. All offences against the provisions of this Act shall be cognizable by any Magistrate of Police for the Town of Madras.

Interpretation clause. XVI. Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.

Words importing the masculine gender shall include females.

The word Toll-keeper shall include the Assistants of the Toll-keeper.

Date of operation of Act. XVII. This Act shall take effect from the first day of September 1863.

Short Title. XVIII. This Act may be cited for all purposes, as the Madras Pier Act, 1863.

BYE-LAWS.

NOTIFICATION.—MARINE DEPARTMENT, FORT ST. GEORGE, February 14, 1863

Under the provisions of Section XIV, (Madras) Act V of 1863, the Governor of Madras in Council has passed the following Bye-laws for observance on the Madras Pier:—

Bye-laws passed by the Government of Madras for observance on the Madras Pier, under authority of Section 14 of Act V of 1863.

1. No toll will be levied on persons using the Pier for recreation, but no one will be allowed to pass through the gates at the top of the ladders, either up or down, without paying toll.

2. Passengers when paying the toll are requested to demand a ticket, which may be at once destroyed, as after its issue it is no longer of value.

3. All Officers and others in the service of Government, proceeding over the Pier on duty, are exempt from toll.

4. The toll on goods is payable before they leave the Pier.

5. No idlers will be allowed on the Pier between 7 A. M. and 5 P. M., on week days. At other times the Pier will be open to visitors.

6. The working hours of the Pier shall be from 6 A. M., to 6 P. M., on week days, but no goods shall be sent from the Pier, except under emergency after 5 P. M.

7. No goods will be permitted to pass over the Pier on Sundays, except in case of great emergency.

8. All coolies employed on the Pier shall wear a distinctive badge, and all others will be turned off during working hours.

9. All boats and rafts shall be made fast to the buoys round the Pier wharfage, and none shall be allowed to lie alongside the Pier, except when loading or unloading.

10. The Pier Master is empowered to remove from alongside the Pier all boats or rafts, by cutting or casting off their painters if not removed when ordered.

11. Boat's crews must remain in their boats.

12. All smoking, and the use of any fire whatsoever, is strictly forbidden on the Pier.

Any infringement of the foregoing Bye-laws is punishable by fine of 25 Rupees, and, in default of payment, to imprisonment of one month.

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

REGISTERING PORTS AND OFFICERS UNDER THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

NOTIFICATION.—FORT SAINT GEORGE, December 7, 1855.—The undermentioned Ports are appointed Ports for the registry of British Shipping under the Provisions of Part II, Acts XVII and XVIII, Victoria Cap. 104. or "the Merchant Shipping Act of 1854," and the undermentioned Officers are appointed to be respectively Registrars of Shipping and Surveyors at those several ports, viz:—

Ports.	Registrar of Shipping.	Surveyors.
Madras.....	The Master Attendant.....	J.B. Crowther, Esq., Deputy Master Attendant.
Coringa.....	Collector of Rajahmundry, Head Asst. Collector of do.	Captain H. Thomson.

Cochin.....Mr. Captain J. Castor, Master Attendant at Cochin.

Ships not entitled to registry under the said Act, but entitled to registry under the Local Acts X of 1841, and XI of 1850, may as before be registered at the aforesaid Ports of Madras, Cochin or Coringa, by the Registering Officers above noted, or at the undermentioned Ports, viz:—

At Negapatam.....	By the Collector or Head Assistant Collector at Tanjore.
Calicut.....	Collector or Head Assistant Collector at Malabar.
Tellicherry.....	Do. do. do.
Mangalore.....	Do. do. do. Cannara.
Tuticorin.....	Do. do. do. Tinnevely.

All reports, returns and references connected with the registry of Shipping under Acts XVII and XVIII, Vic. Cap. 104. or the Acts X of 1841 and XI of 1850, will be made to the Government through the Registrar of Shipping at Madras, i. e., the Master Attendant.

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

T. PYCROFT, Chief Secretary.

PORTS FOR THE SHIPMENT AND LANDING OF GOODS.

NOTIFICATION.—FORT SAINT GEORGE, 7th September 1865.—Under Section 10, Act VI of 1863, His Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to declare the undermentioned places to be the only ports for the shipment and landing of goods in the Madras Presidency:—

Districts.	№	Names of Ports.	Districts.	№	Names of Ports.
GANJAM.....	1	Ganjam.	NELLORE	28	Tummalapenta.
	2	Munsurcottah.		29	Zuvallazina.
	3	Sonnapur.		30	Iskapa-i.
	4	Barwah.		31	Ponnaradi.
	5	Pudy.		32	Malpacz.
	6	Bapanapaudu.		33	Kristanapatam.
	7	Calingapatam.		34	Pamarac.
VIZAGAPATAM. {	8	Coconada.		35	Tupili.
	9	Bimlipatam.		36	Dugarazupatam.
	10	Vizagapatam.		37	Padi.
	11	Pudinadaku.	MADRAS.....	38	Ennort.
	12	Pentacottah.		39	Madras.
	13	Uppada.		40	Covelon.
GODAVERY..... {	14	Coconada.	SOUTH ARCOT ...	41	Mercanam.
	15	Coringa.		42	Cuddalore.
	16	Bendamarlunka.		43	Porto Novo.
	17	Nursapur.	TANJORE..... {	44	Condierpollium.
KISTNA..... {	18	Masulipatam.		45	Trimurassil.
	19	Kettapollem.		46	Trangusar.
	20	Nizampatam.		47	Nagore.
	21	Epoorpollium.		48	Negapazim.
	22	Motupalli.		49	Valangany.
	23	Kottaputnum.		50	Tapetozzi.
NEELLORE..... {	24	Itamukala.		51	Point Calimere.
	25	Pakala.		52	Mutturazai.
	26	Ramapatam.		53	Adrampatam.
	27	Chenniapalem.			

SHIPMENT AND LANDING OF GOODS, &c.—continued.

Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.	Districts.	No.	Names of Ports.
TANJORE.....	54	Cattumavala.	MALABAR.....	97	Molankadu.
	55	Ammapatam.		98	Calicut.
	56	Kottaputnam.		99	Pudiangadi.
	57	Gopalapatam.		100	Elatur.
	58	Sundrapondiaputnam.		101	Kapaat.
	59	Pasyputnam.		102	Quilandy.
	60	Damotharsaputnam.		103	Kolam.
MADURA.....	61	Tondy.		104	Cuddalore.
	62	Numbudalaz.		105	Trekodi.
	63	Puduputnam.		106	Kottakkal.
	64	Carungadu.		107	Vadakaral or Bada- [gherry.
	65	Terupalacoti.		108	Mutanguel.
	66	Daviputnam.		109	Chombay.
	67	Mudiaputnam.		110	Calai.
	68	Attengari.		111	Tellicherry.
	69	Pillamadum.		112	Talai.
	70	Pamban.		113	Darmapatam.
	71	Rannasweram.		114	Egaar.
	72	Mundapam.		115	Cannanore.
	73	Vedalai.		116	Pudiangadi.
	74	Morekayaputnam.		117	Balaipatam.
	75	Muttupettai.		118	Etticolum.
	76	Keelakurai.		119	Kavai.
	77	Vervaudi.		120	Katcacherry.
	78	Valenokum.		121	Bekal.
TINNEVELLY.....	79	Typpar.	SOUTH CANARA	122	Cassergode.
	80	Tulicorin.		123	Cumbala.
	81	Coilputam.		124	Munjeshier.
	82	Coolasagarputam.		125	Mungalore.
	83	Cochin.		126	Mulki.
	84	Attiprom.		127	Pudbidri.
MALABAR.....	85	Maddawyl.		128	Ermal.
	86	Kurkuye.		129	Uchil.
	87	Attakuye.		130	Caup.
	88	Chorighat.		131	Oodiaver.
	89	Velliangode.		132	Malpe.
	90	Ponnany.		133	Barcar or Hungarcutti.
	91	Kuttay.		134	Kondupur.
	92	Parony.		135	Naikencolla.
	93	Tanore.		136	Baindur.
	94	Parparangaz.		137	Sherur.
	95	Cadalundy.			
	96	Beyport.			

N. B.—Principal Ports at which there is a Superintendent or Assistant Superintendent are printed in italics. Subordinate Ports are printed in Roman type.

(By Order.)

W. HUDLESTON, Acting Secretary to Government.

PASSAGE RULES.

Fort St. George, 22nd August 1866.—No. 326 of 1866.—The following Extract from a Notification from the Gazette of India, is re-published:—

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT, No. 1,467, SIMLA, the 23rd July 1866.

Rules for the Grant of free passage by Sea to Civil Officers.

The Governor-General in Council is pleased to prescribe the following Rules for regulating the provision of free passage by Sea for Public Officers in Civil employ, in substitu-

tion of the rules contained in Financial Notification, dated 15th December 1863, No. 3,524,* published in the Gazette of India of the 30th December 1863, page 1318:—

Officers and other public servants on the permanent Establishment of a Department, will be allowed a free passage when proceeding on duty by Sea, in cases in which they would receive travelling allowance if proceeding on duty by land. Military Officers in Civil employ will, in addition, be allowed a free passage when, being employed at a station beyond Sea, they may be obliged to return to their Presidency in progress to Europe or to a Hill Station, on leave on medical certificate, also when they rejoin their station on return from that leave.

For every Covenanted Civil Servant, Military Officer in Civil employ and Uncovenanted Officer of higher rank than Clerk, who may thus be entitled to a free passage, the entire charge for a 1st class passage will be paid by Government, who will recover from such Officer either the full or a half rate of table-money for the number of days occupied in the passage, according as his salary may or may not exceed Rupees 600 a month.

The full rate of table-money shall be reckoned at 8 Rupees a day on vessels in which the cost of a free passage includes, but at 4 Rupees a day where it is exclusive of charge for wine, beer, spirits and soda-water.

For Public Servants messes at the Warrant Officers' or Engineers' table, viz., for Warrant Officers of every grade, European Non-Commissioned Officers attached to Departments or Public Offices, Subordinate Accountants, and Clerks of Departments or Public Offices, who are entitled to a free passage, and for the families of these classes, 2nd class accommodation, including generally a screened berth, will be provided; and the entire cost of the 2nd class passage, without any deduction from the passengers on account of table-money, will be borne by Government.

Passage for servants and luggage, within the limits prescribed by the rules of the Quarter-Master General's Department prevailing at the port of embarkation, will also be allowed and paid for by Government, in cases where a more liberal scale is not already authorized on special grounds.

PORT RULES FOR NARRAKEL.

Commanders of all vessels arriving at the Port of Narrakel are bound to produce the Ship's Register, Manifest of the cargo, and the last Port-clearance, to the Sea Customs authorities of the Sircar.

2. Port dues at the rate of two annas per ton shall be charged on all Sea-going vessels of the burden of twenty tons, and upwards, discharging or taking in cargo or passengers, at the Port of Narrakel. Such dues shall not be charged oftener than once in sixty days.

3. Vessels entering the Port of Narrakel and leaving it within the space of seven days, without discharging or taking in cargo or passengers, shall be exempt from payment of Port dues.

4. All vessels in the Roadstead of Narrakel shall, when at anchor between sun-set and sun-rise, have a good light hoisted at the star-board fore-yard arm.

5. No ballast is to be thrown overboard in the anchorage of Narrakel, or in less than in 8 fathoms water.

6. An infraction of any of the above Rules will render a Commander liable to a penalty of one hundred Rupees.

(Signed) T. SHUNGOONY MANONE,

Dewan of H. H. the Rajah of Cochin.

Huzoor Cutcherry, Ernacollum in Cochin, 26th August 1865.

PORT RULES FOR BEYPURE.

NOTIFICATION.—MARINE DEPARTMENT, Fort St. George, June 14, 1866.

The Governor of Fort St. George in Council, with the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, hereby declares the Port of Beypore, in the District of Malabar, to be subject to the provisions of Act XXII of 1835. The Master Attendant at Calicut will be Conservator of the Port.

2. The limits of the Port and the Port Rules sanctioned are as follows:—

* Madras G. O. G., 29th December 1865, No. 463.

Limits of the Port of Beypore.

To the North and South--the sea-shore within 50 yards of high water-mark spring tides from boundary pillars 1½ mile North and South of the river's mouth. To the West--the anchorage between two lines running West from the boundary pillars to 9 fathoms water. To the East--the banks of the river backwater creeks, and stands within 50 yards of high water-mark spring tides, and within a distance of 1½ mile from the river's mouth.

Rule 1. All vessels within the Port of Beypore shall be bound to take up such berth as may be appointed for them by the Conservator and shall change their berths or remove when required by such authority.

Rule 2. All vessels within the entrance of the backwater shall, if required by the Conservator, rig in their jib and driver booms, and strike their masts and yards.

Rule 3. All vessels within the entrance of the backwater shall remove any anchor or spar, or other substance projecting from her side, if required to do so by the Conservator.

Rule 4. All vessels taking in or discharging ballast, or any particular kind of cargo, within the Port of Beypore, shall take up such berth as the Conservator may direct.

Rule 5. A free channel shall be kept for ships moving up and down the backwater, and also free passages to piers, jetties, landing places, wharfs, quays, docks, and moorings, and all vessels shall be bound to move, when required by the Conservator, to clear such channels or passages.

Rule 6. All vessels within the port of Beypore shall anchor, moor and unmoor, when and where required by the Conservator.

Rule 7. All vessels within the entrance of the backwater shall be moored or warped from place to place, as required by the Conservator, and no vessel shall cast off a warp that has been made fast to her to assist a vessel in mooring, without being required to do so by the Conservator or Officer in charge of the vessel mooring.

Rule 8. The cargo boat rules published by Government, under date the 23rd April 1847, shall be in force at the port of Beypore.

Rule 9. No vessels within the limits of the port of Beypore shall boil any pitch or dammer on board, or shall draw off spirits by candles or other artificial lights.

Rule 10. All vessels in the roadstead of Beypore shall, when at anchor between sunset and sun-rise, have a good light hoisted at the star-board fore-yard arm, and all vessels under weigh at night, shall show a good light at the fore-royal, or upper foremast head, and when under weigh in tow of a Steamer, shall, in addition, show a light at each fore-yard arm; the Steamer showing the usual light prescribed by the Admiralty Regulations.

N. B.—An infraction of any of the above rules renders a Commander liable to a penalty of 100 Rupees, under Section 9 of Act XXII of 1855.

By Order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council.

J. D. SIM, Acting Chief Secretary.

BOAT AND CATTAMARAN REGULATIONS, &c

1. It is hereby notified that beneath the Master Attendant's Office on the Beach, is an Office, where Boats and Catamarans can be procured, and where Registers of all Licensed Boats, Catamarans, and their respective Owners and Crews are kept, and are open to public inspection, and in which copies of the Act No. IV of 1842, for the better management of the Boats and Catamarans, and for the amendment of certain Harbour Regulations, are suspended.

2. If a Boat or Catamaran is required for any extraordinary service to a Ship or Vessel, either at anchor or under weigh beyond the limits of the Port, then the amount of hire which may be demanded may be referred to the Master Attendant or his Deputy for adjustment. N. B.—For the purposes of the foregoing rule, a Ship at anchor in, or beyond 10 fathoms, and a Ship at any distance under sail beyond that depth of soundings in any line of bearing from the Master Attendant's Flag Staff shall be considered as without the limits of this Port.

3. In cases of great emergency, but night or by day, the Owners of Boats and Cattamarans kept for the purpose of being let out on hire, shall aid and assist the Master Attendant and his Deputy by every means in their power, and shall induce the Boatmen and Cattamaran-men to perform the service required, and when great personal risk shall have been incurred, or arduous services performed, and those on whose account such duties are undertaken, refuse to remunerate the Crew for the same, the Master Attendant will bring the merits of the case to the notice of Government.

4. The Boat and Cattamaran-men are not to be employed on board any Ship or Vessel in these roads: any wilful breach of this Regulation, will be considered desertion and neglect of duty, and will render the persons offending liable to the punishments provided for such desertion and neglect by Section XV of Act No. IV of 1842.

5. All Owners of Boats and Cattamarans, and all other persons, either belonging to any Ship or Vessel in the Madras Roads or to the Boats, or Cattamarans to be let on hire, are cautioned against the transhipment of any goods or passengers or ballast without first obtaining a Permit from the Collector of Sea Customs or his Deputy, any person or persons found guilty of any such transhipment being liable to the penalties provided in Section XXIII of the Marine Police Regulations.

6. All Owners of Boats and Cattamarans must make known to their respective Crews the full intent and purport of the several port signals, which, as occasion may require, will be displayed at the Master Attendant's Flag Staff, especially the recall signal for all Boats, and Cattamarans, which is a white pendant with a red ball; and when this signal is hoisted, all Boats and Cattamarans must immediately repair to the shore.

7. The Crews of Boats and Cattamarans kept for the purpose of being let on hire, shall not be changed or transferred from one Boat or Cattamaran to another, without the sanction of the Master Attendant.

8. The Accommodation Boats shall be kept in the same good order as heretofore, and are always to be provided each with an awning, and with seats and cushions, and in case they shall not, in the judgment of the Master Attendant, be kept in proper order, the Owners shall be deprived of their Licenses until the same shall be put in proper order for the reception of Passengers.

9. All Owners of Boats and Cattamarans are to make known to their respective Crews that the Officer or peon in charge of the Police or Revenue Boat, is authorized and empowered by Section XIX of Act No. IV of 1842, to stop, search, and detain any Boat and Cattamaran plying to and from the Ship and Vessels in the Roads, and that all Boatmen and Cattamaran-men who may impede or obstruct any Police Officer in the execution of his or their duty, will render themselves amenable to the penalties provided for in Section XIX of the above recited Act.

10. Should any difference or dispute arise between the Owner or Owners of Boats and Cattamarans let on hire, and any person or persons hiring the same, as to the amount of hire for services performed, the party or parties may refer the case for adjustment to the Master Attendant or his Deputy, in which case each party shall sign a paper agreeing to abide by the decision of the said Master Attendant or his Deputy, and such paper shall be retained in the Office of the said Master Attendant.

Maximum rate of Boat and Cattamaran hire.

ACCOMMODATION BOATS.

	R.	A.	P.
Ordinary Trip, South or North Roads... .. per trip....	3	8	0
Extra hire beyond 9 fathoms "	1	8	0
Foul weather Trip "	6	0	0
Transhipment... .. "	1	0	0

COMMON BOATS.

	South Road.			North Road.		
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
Ordinary trip per trip....	1	8	0	0	15	0
Ballast ditto... .. ditto...	1	10	0	1	0	0
Ballast, beyond 9 fathoms ditto...	2	10	0	2	0	0
Return trip ditto...	0	12	6	0	8	0
Return trip, beyond 9 fathoms ditto...	1	8	0	0	15	0
Water, ordinary trip ditto...	3	8	0	3	0	0
Water, beyond 9 fathoms... .. ditto...	4	3	0	3	2	6
Trip, beyond 9 fathoms... .. ditto...	2	12	0	2	2	0
Transhipment ditto...	0	15	0	0	15	0
Transhipment, beyond 9 fathoms ditto...	1	14	3	1	14	3
Foul, beyond 9 fathoms... .. ditto...	4	2	0	3	2	6

SMALL CATTAMARANS.			Rs.	A.	P.
Ordinary trip, South or North Roads...	per trip...		0	5	0
Foul Weather, or beyond 9 fathoms...	ditto		0	10	0
Cattamaran for rafting timber...	per day...		1	0	0

Modified rate.

LARGE CATTAMARAN HIRE.			Rs.	A.	P.
For the Cattamaran and Crew...			10	5	0
For extra hands...			5	10	0

CHARGES FOR DIVERS.

For making a Rope fast to any thing in or under 5 fathoms...			6	0	0
For ditto ditto ditto 6 do			8	0	0
For ditto ditto ditto 7 do			10	0	0
For ditto ditto ditto 8 do			12	0	0
For ditto ditto ditto 9 do			16	0	0
For ditto ditto ditto 10 do			24	0	0
Examining Ship's bottom drawing 22 feet water and upwards...			25	0	0
Ditto ditto 18 under 22			20	0	0
Ditto ditto 12 under 18			15	0	0
Ditto ditto under 12			12	8	0

TARPAULIN.

Per trip...			0	4	0
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WATER CASKS.

Per trip (4 casks)...			0	9	5
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EXTRA HIRE IN ADDITION TO THE REGULATED CHARGES FOR BOATS AND CATTAMARANS.

	Accommodation Boat.			Common Boat.			Cattamaran.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
South Road Trips between 6 and 8 P. M.	1	12	0	0	12	0	0	2	6
North Road ditto ditto ditto	1	12	0	0	7	6	0	2	6
South Road ditto ditto ditto 8 P. M. and 5 P. M.	3	8	0	1	8	0	0	5	0
North Road ditto ditto ditto	3	8	0	0	15	0	0	5	0
Boats or Cattamarans detained alongside for every three hours during the day or night.	3	8	0	1	8	0	0	5	0
Boats or Cattamarans employed between the Commissariat Granary and Parry and Co.'s Office.	0	14	0	0	6	0	0	1	3
Ditto between Parry and Co.'s and the Tunnel.	1	12	0	0	12	0	0	2	6
Ditto between the Tunnel and the Sea Gate.	2	5	0	1	0	0	0	3	4
Ditto between the Sea Gate and the Marine Villa.	4	10	8	2	0	0	0	6	8
Ditto between the Marine Villa and the Adyar.	7	0	0	3	0	0	0	10	0
Ditto North of Royapooram.	1	12	0	0	9	6	0	2	6
Ditto Trivatoor and Ennore.	10	8	0	3	9	0	0	15	0
Beyond the limits of the Anchorage.	1	8	0	1	8	0	0	5	0
Boats employed on Sundays.	1	8	0	0	9	0	0	2	0
To the back of the surf.	1	12	0	0	15	0	0	2	6
The Owners of every Boat detained on the Beach beyond three hours after she is hired is entitled to double hire.	3	8	0	1	8	0	0	5	0

N. B.—The ordinary period within which Boats and Cattamarans shall be let on hire, shall be between sunrise and sunset.

HIRE OF BATTU TO LASCARS AND ARTIFICERS EMPLOYED AFLOAT.

	RS. A. P.				RS. A. P.		
Tindal.	0	11	0	Carpenter and Caulker Maistries.	1	8	0
Lascars.	0	8	0	Carpenters and Caulkers.	1	0	0

CERTIFICATES TO BE FURNISHED TO COASTING STEAMERS.

Extract from Act XXI of 1858.—Section 21. Steam Vessels which may be intended to carry passengers on coasting voyages from or to any port or place whatsoever, within the said territories, shall before proceeding on such voyages be furnished with Certificates, to be granted in the manner hereinafter provided.

Section 22. Every such Certificate shall be granted at the discretion of an Officer authorized to grant the same by the local Government, and shall remain in force for the period therein specified, unless sooner revoked. The Officer so authorized shall not grant such Certificate or suffer the same to remain in force, unless he is satisfied by inspection or survey to be made at least twice in each year, at the expense of the Master or Owner, and upon payment of a fee not exceeding twenty Rupees, that such Steam Vessel is sea-worthy, and properly equipped with boats, and otherwise, and that the Engines and Machinery are in a fit state to enable her to proceed on her voyage. The Certificate shall state the limits (if any) within which the Vessel is to ply, and the number of Native passengers which the Vessel is permitted to carry: such number to be subject to such conditions and variations, according to the time of year, the nature of the voyage, and the cargo carried, as the case requires.

Section 23. The Owner or Master of any such Steam Vessel shall put up in a conspicuous part of the ship, so as to be visible to persons on board the same, a copy of the said Certificate, and shall cause it to be continued in such position so long as the Certificate remains in force, and in default, such Owner or Master shall for each offence be liable to a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

Section 24. If such Steam Vessel has on board thereof, any number of passengers which, having regard to the time of the year and other circumstances, is greater than the number allowed by the Certificate, the Owner or Master shall be liable to a fine not exceeding twenty Rupees for every passenger over and above the number allowed by the Certificate.

Section 25. If any such Steam Vessel shall proceed on any such voyage without such Certificate as aforesaid, the Owner or Master shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

Penalty for proceeding without Certificate.

STEAM VESSELS CARRYING NATIVE PASSENGERS BETWEEN PORTS IN INDIA AND TO CEYLON.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.—Fort St. George, August 15th, 1865.—His Excellency the Governor in Council hereby nominates the Masters Attendant at Madras, Tuticorin and Cochin, as the Officers to grant the Certificates required by Section 22 of Act XXI of 1858, to be furnished to Steam vessels carrying Native passengers between ports in India and to Ceylon.

2. The form of Certificate marked A is sanctioned, and may be continued in force after due examination and survey by any one of the three Officers abovementioned.

3. The Masters of such Steamers are to furnish to the abovenamed Officers, or at ports where there are none, to the Collectors or Superintendents of Sea Customs, a declaration of the quantity of water and provisions on board, in the form marked B, which shall likewise contain a statement of the number of passengers embarked. The vessel's Certificate is to be forwarded at the same time, and no port-clearance is to be granted until it shall have been ascertained by personal inspection, if considered necessary, that the proper provisions and water are on board, and that the number of passengers permitted to be carried has not been exceeded.

4. The complement of passengers to be carried shall not exceed the proportion of one passenger to every ton of burden, nor shall a Certificate be granted unless the Steamer has space on a deck or platform under hatches reserved for the accommodation of the passengers in the proportion of six superficial feet for every passenger, with not less than five feet clear between the upper deck and the lower deck and platform.

5. Provisions and water are to be laid in at the rate of one seer of rice and one gallon of water for each adult for every 129 miles of voyage to be accomplished.

6. All references and reports are to be made to the Superintendent of Marine.

A.
Certificate
of the _____ Steamer _____, of _____, permitted under Sections 21 and 22 of Act XXI of 1858 to carry _____ Native passengers between the ports hereunder named for the space of six months from the date hereof.

Name of the owner.
Residence.
Name of Master.
Number and description of crew.
When and where built.
Of wood or iron.
Tonnage, gross
Rig.
Screw or paddle.
Horse power.

Number of compartments.
When last repaired.
State of machinery.
State of hull.
How found in sails and stores.
Number and condition of boats.
Space assigned for passengers.
Limits of plying.
Given under my hand this day--of---18--

net.

B.

Statement of Passengers and Supplies on board the Steamer _____.

Number of passengers.

Water, gallons.

Rice, seers.

I hereby declare that the number of passengers embarked on the vessel under my command is correctly stated above, and that the supplies herein set down, are actually on board for their express use.

(Signature.)

By order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

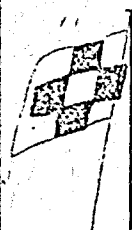
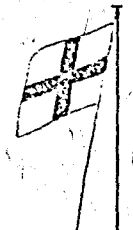
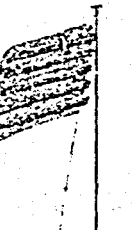
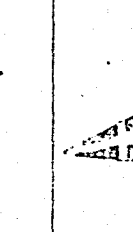
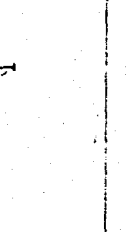
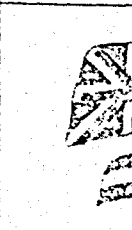
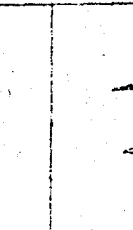
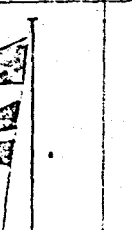
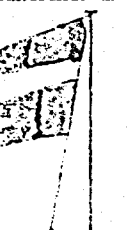
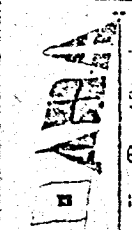
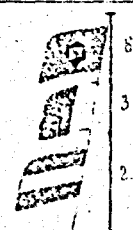
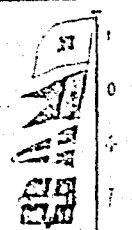
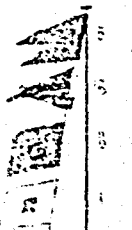
REVISED MAIL STEAMERS, &c., SIGNALS.

EXTRACT FROM GARRISON ORDERS BY THE RIGHT HONORABLE THE GOVERNOR.

The following revised Signals will be made hereafter from the Garrison Flag Staff to intimate the arrival of Mail Steamers, and the arrival of Overland News from Bombay, by the Electric Telegraph.

- 1.—No. 8 Flag, or Blue pierced White at the yard arm. } A Steamer in sight in the quarter indicated.
- 2.—The P. and O. S. N. Company's flag. Blue, White, Red and Yellow diagonally quartered, substituted at the yard arm for the above signal. } Indicates the approach of the expected Mail Steamer.
- 3.—P. and O. S. N. Co.'s Mail Steamer from Suez. } Two guns in quick succession.
- 4.—P. and O. S. N. Co.'s Mail Steamer from Calcutta. } One gun followed at an interval of half a minute by two guns in quick succession.
- 5.—Numeral flags corresponding with the hour at which the Mail will close, hoisted at the mast-head, above a long red pendant. } Indicates the hour at which the Mail will close P. M.
- 6.—Numeral flags corresponding with the hour at which the Mail will close, hoisted at the mast-head, under a long red pendant. } Indicates the hour at which the Mail will close A. M.
- 7.—The arrival of the Overland News from Bombay and Galle by Electric Telegraph. } One gun, and Telegraph flag hoisted at the Fort Flag-staff, for one hour.

MASTER ATTENDANT'S SIGNALS TO SHIPS &c.

			
High Surf	The weather is suspicious, prepare for running to Sea.	Out or Slip	Notice Master or Heads Boat hoisted at the top and every North
			
Recall for common Masula Boats.	Recall for Accommodation Boats. When any of these is required hoist it is hoisted under a black ball	Night Signal showing the approach of a ship of War.	
			
When a ship with Accommodation Boats is required, the number of Boats required is hoisted under the Union Jack.	When a ship with common Boats is required, the number of Boats required is hoisted under the Union Jack.	When a ship with common Boats is required, the number of Boats required is hoisted under the Union Jack.	When a ship with common Boats is required, the number of Boats required is hoisted under the Union Jack.
EXTRACT FROM PART V OF MARRYAT'S CODE.			
			
There is danger.	Barometer indicates bad weather.	Send me about.	There is too much sail to land.

The above Signals will be hauled down exactly at the time notified, and the P. and O. S. N. Company's Flag hoisted at the mast-head, to indicate that the Mail is closed, which will be kept flying until the Steamer gets under-way.

N. B.—Occasions may occur when it will be necessary for a time to haul down the above Signals and hoist the Union Jack, as when Salutes are fired, &c. &c., after which the Mail Signals will be re-hoisted.

(A true Extract.)

THOMAS THOMPSON, *Town Major.*

His Excellency the Governor in Council directs that in future the following Signal Guns shall be fired on the occasion of the arrival of the French Mail Steamer.

From Suez, 2 Guns at an interval of half a minute.

From Calcutta, 3 Guns at an interval of half a minute.

HOME DEPARTMENT, SIMLA, the 2d October 1863.

NOTIFICATION.—Her Majesty the Queen has been pleased to direct that a Flag should be provided for the use of His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor General. The design of the Flag which has received Her Majesty's approval, is the Union Jack, having in its centre the Star of India, surmounted by the Royal Crown.

All subjects of the British Government, Troops in the service of the British Crown and Troops and subjects of Native Chiefs in India, are required to pay the same marks of respect to the Viceroy's Flag when unfurled as are shown to the Royal Flag.

The P. and O. S. Steamer Signals on entering the Port of Madras, are as follows:—

DAY.—From Suez, the Company's Flag at the Fore.

From Calcutta, do. do. Main.

NIGHT.—From Suez, to fire one Gun and send up two rockets.

From Calcutta, do. and turn two blue lights.

ENGLISH MEN OF WAR STATIONED IN CHINA AND THE EAST INDIES.

The figures within the parenthesis () denote the number of Guns at which the vessels are rated, and the abbreviations, st. Steamer; sc. st., Screw Steamer; rev., ves. Revenue

Vessel; p. ves., Paddle Vessel; g. b., Gun Boat.

UNION JACK TO BE HOISTED OVER THE NUMBER.

CHINA STATION.		
4 Acorn (hos. sh. Shanghai)	1302 Salamis, (p. disp. ves.)	1326 Weasel, (st. gun boat.)
1378 Adventure, (st. troop sh.)	617 Scylla, (21, st. cor.)	1375 Woodcock, (,, ,, ,,)
1379 Algerine, (1, st. ves.)	625 Serpent, (1, sc. st.)	
940 Argus, (6, p. sloop.)	923 Simoom (st. tr. ship.)	EAST INDIA STATION.
837 Barossa, (21, st. cor.)	1392 Slaney, (1, st. ves.)	326 Highflyer, (21, st. cor.)
59 Basilisk, (6 p. sloop.)	1032 Banterer	1237 Himalaya, (6, st. troop sh.)
158 Conqueror, (78, st. sh.)	84 Bouncer, (st. gun boat.)	
1063 Cormorant, (4, st. ves.)	1043 Bustard, (,, ,, ,,)	806 Lyra, (9, st. sloop.)
167 Coromandel, (5, p. ves.)	1345 Clown, (,, ,, ,,)	903 Octavia, Commodore's ship, (39, st. frigate.)
857 Encounter, (14, st. cor.)	1058 Cockchafer, (,, ,, ,,)	1435 Orestes, (21, st. cor.)
1235 Hesper, (4, iron st. s. sh.)	201 Dove, (,, ,, ,,)	1473 Orontes, (2, st. troop sp.)
350 Icarus, (3, st. sloop.)	1348 Drake, (,, ,, ,,)	1263 Pantaloon, (11, st. sloop.)
1387 Leven, (1, st. ves.)	862 Firm, (,, ,, ,,)	506 Penguin, (5, st. ves.)
417 Manila, (iron st. ves.)	267 Flamer, (,, ,, ,,)	564 Rapid, (11, st. sloop.)
1260 Osprey, (4, st. ves.)	1086 Forester, (,, ,, ,,)	624 Seringapatam, (receiving ship.)
498 Pearl, (21, st. cor.)	1098 Grasshopper, (,, ,, ,,)	
907 Pelorus, (21, st. cor.)	1206 Hardy, (,, ,, ,,)	687 Tamar, (2, st. troop sh.)
1439 Perseus, (17, st. sloop.)	1208 Haughty, (,, ,, ,,)	724 Urgent, (4, st. troop sh.)
537 Princess Charlotte, (12, receiving ship.)	809 Havoc, (,, ,, ,,)	985 Valour, (16, p. frigate.)
810 Princess Royal, flag ship (73, st. sh.)	362 Insolent, (,, ,, ,,)	742 Vigilant, (4, st. ves.)
548 Race Horse, (4, st. ves.)	1358 Janus, (,, ,, ,,)	753 Wasp, (13, st. sloop.)
1456 Rattler, (17, st. sloop.)	1359 Kestrel, (,, ,, ,,)	Crocodile (st. iron tr. sh.)
914 Rifleman, (5, sur. ves.)	487 Opposum, (,, ,, ,,)	Euphrates, (,, ,, ,,)
	637 Snap, (,, ,, ,,)	Jumna, (,, ,, ,,)
	638 Starling, (,, ,, ,,)	Malabar, (,, ,, ,,)
	1296 Staunch, (,, ,, ,,)	Serapis, (,, ,, ,,)
	1372 Watchful, (,, ,, ,,)	

MERCHANT VESSELS CONNECTED WITH THE EAST INDIES.

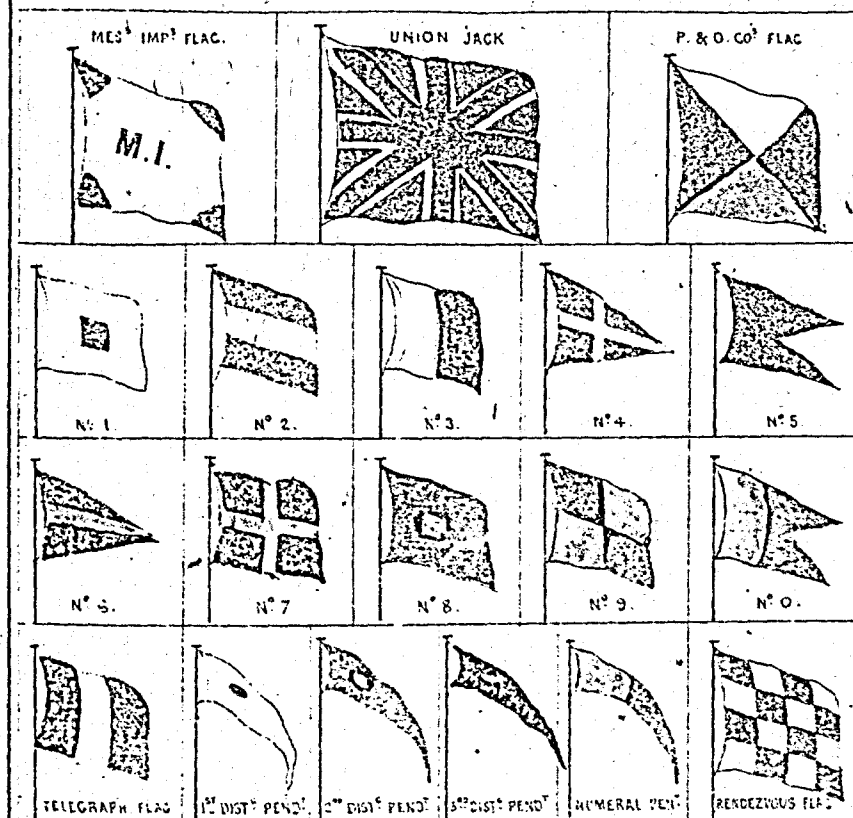
EXTRACTED FROM PART III OF MARRYAT'S CODE.

First Distinguishing Pendant to be hoisted over the number or at some other Mast Head.

2 Aberton	857 Belvidera	1890 Cicero	3187 Eleutheria
12 Abeona	859 Belvidere	1902 Circassian	3197 Eliza
16 Aberfoyle	864 Benares	1927 City of Durham	3198 Ann
31 Achilles, st.	867 Bengal, st.	1928 of Edinburgh	3267 Elizabeth
47 Adam Clark	869 Merchant	1940 of London	3463 Elphinstone
49 Adamant	908 Bertha	1947 of Poonah	3490 Emerald Isle
56 Adelaide	961 Birmingham	1958 Clara	3507 Emily
59 Adeline	971 Black Prince	1967 Clarene	3519 Emperor
62 Aden	984 Bland	1970 Clarendon	3524 Empress
98 Aeneas	987 Blenheim	1987 Cleadon	3529 Enchantress
109 Affiance	1049 Bolton	2034 Clifton	3542 Eudymion
127 Agamemnon	1052 Bombay	2048 Clyde	3572 Enterprize, st.
138 Agnes	1056 Bon Accord	2075 Coldstream	3597 Erin, st.
149 Agra	1062 Bonne Marie	2081 Collingwood	3612 Eskdale
168 Akbar	1078 Bosphorus, st.	2085 Columbo	3624 Essex
192 Albion	1089 Boyne	2105 Columbus	3670 Euphemus
203 Alcyon	1098 Bramin	2130 Comet	3671 Euphrates
209 Alert	1249 Bride	2135 Commerce	3679 Euterpe
210 Alexander	1258 Brightman	2159 Conqueror	3681 Evadne
215 Alexdr. Baring	1276 Britannia	2163 Conrad	3685 Evelina
243 Alfred	1279 British Empire	2167 Conservative	3701 Eweretta
247 Alice	1287 British Merchant	2178 Constantine	3720 Express
259 Aliquis	1289 Monarch	2314 Corea	3746 Fairlie
265 Alliance	1368 Buccleugh	2349 Cornubia	3752 Faith
268 Alligator	1369 Bucephalus	2356 Cornwall	3754 Faithful
271 Alma	1372 Buckingham	2357 Coromandel	3756 Falcon
290 Ambassador	1390 Burlington	2359 Coronet	3761 Falmouth
293 Amelia	1397 Bussorah Mer.	2385 Countess of	3764 Fame
297 America	1432 Calcutta, st.	Durham	3781 Fanny
308 Amity	1438 Caledonia	2407 Courier	3796 Fanny and Jane
348 Andromache	1458 Calypso	2467 Crusader	3795 Fatima
349 Andromeda	1459 Cambria	2471 Culdee	3814 Felicity
364 Ann	1460 Cambrian	2473 Culloden	3815 Felix
387 Martin	1462 Cambridge	2475 Cumberland	3829 Fergusson
436 Anna Maria	1485 Camperdown	2479 Cumbrian	3857 Fifeshire
450 Robertson	1490 Canada	2514 Dalhousie	3891 Fitzroy
468 Anne Mary	1496 Canong	2560 Danube	3912 Flora
481 Antelope	1498 Canova	2578 Dartmouth	3924 Flowers of Ugie
514 Appleton	1503 Canton, st.	2589 David Clark	3948 Formosa, st.
549 Arethusa	1506 Cape Packet	2634 Delhi	3956 Fortescue
562 Argos	1520 Captain Cook	2650 Denmark	4012 Frances
567 Argyle	1539 Carl	2687 Devenport	4027 Francis
621 Asia	1569 Carnatic	2689 Devonshire	4032 Spaight
625 Assam	1578 Caroline	2697 Diadem	4163 Galetta
632 Astrea	1628 Castle Eden	2703 Diana	4182 Ganges
634 Atalanta	1684 Cecilia	2741 Dolphin	4206 Gazelle
641 Athens	1689 Celerity	2769 Dorothy	4278 George
643 Athlone	1703 Ceres	2810 Dream	4283 Bentinck
650 Atlas	1709 Cestrian	2863 Duke of Argyll	4286 Canning
658 Auckland	1723 Ceylon	2870 of Buccleugh	4357 IV
674 Augusta	1725 Challenger	2879 of Lancaster	4385 Gilbert Manro
693 Aurora	1734 Chance	2901 of Wellington	4389 Gilmoro
701 Australia	1738 Chanticleer	2943 Durham	4397 Gironde
705 Ava	1742 Chas. Dumergue	2953 Eagle	4512 Glenmor
710 Avoca	1764 Charles Kerr	2974 Earl of Hard-	4523 Glencoe
715 Ayrshire	1785 Charlotte Ann	wicke	4527 Glenelg
739 Baltic, st.	1803 Chatham	3049 East Lothian	4567 Gloucester
784 Barretto Junior	1836 Cheviot	3057 Echo	4590 Golconda
793 Batavia	1840 Chieftain	3067 Eddystone	4591 Golden Fleecce
845 Belle Alliance	1850 China	3068 Eden	4598 Gondola
849 Belleisle	1872 Chris. Columbus	3079 Edith	4619 Gosforth

MARRYAT'S CODE OF SIGNALS.

FLAGS AND PENDANTS FOR MERCHANT VESSELS.



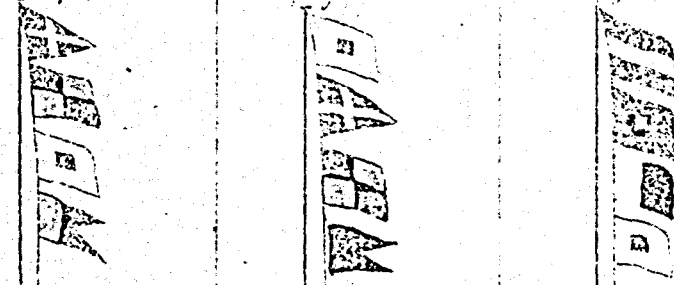
First Distinguishing Pendant hoisted singly is affirmative
Second Distinguishing Pendant hoisted singly is negative
Removal of pendant hoisted singly is answering pendant

N.B. French flag is the same as the British flag but with a white cross and a white saltire.

EXTRACT FROM PART V OF MARRYAT'S CODE.

The usual Questions asked our Ships are as follows:

What ship is that? What is your name? What is your business?



N.B. The flag is hoisted in the foremast when the ship is under way and in the mainmast when the ship is at anchor. The flag is hoisted in the foremast when the ship is under way and in the mainmast when the ship is at anchor.

4687 Granville	6497 Juliana	8256 Maurijius	9436 Pearl
4690 Gratitude	6539 Kate	8265 Mayflower	9437 Pearl, st.
4691 Great Britain	6574 Kent	8295 Medusa, st.	9451 Pedestrian
4765 Gunga	6713 Kingston	8256 Medway	9463 Pekin, st.
4793 Gipsy	6745 La Belle Alliance	8324 Memphis	9478 Penang
4801 Haddassah	6781 Lady Ann	8349 Mercury	9507 Peera, st.
4805 Halifax	6793 Clark	8371 Meteor	9532 Persian
4825 Hampden	6804 Douglas	8396 Michigan	9541 Pestonjee Bomanjee
4826 Hampshire	6817 Flora	8405 Middlesex	
4832 Hannah	6837 Kennaway	8425 Minerva	9615 Pilgrim
4853 Hanover	6849 Maenaghten	8469 Moira	9618 Pilot
4862 Harbinger, st.	6932 Lalla Rookh	8491 Monarch	9638 Planet
4901 Harriet	6945 Lancashire	8506 Monro	9641 Plantagenet
4928 Harvest Home		8525 Moore	9650 Pleiades
4931 Hashemy		8527 Morayshire	9682 Pollock
5049 Hellespont, st.	6978 Larkins	8534 Morning Star	9701 Pomona
5064 Helvellyn	6983 Latona	8561 Mount Stuart	9721 Portsmouth
5078 Henrietta	7035 Leander	Elphinstone	9740 Premier
5124 Henry Smith	7102 Letitia	8607 Mysore	9754 Primrose
5163 Hercules	7206 Liverpool	8621 Nancy	9801 Prince of Wales
5169 Herefordshire	7253 Lord Auckland	8639 Napoleon	9814 Princess Royal
5180 Hero	7283 Durham	8671 Navarino	9842 Prepotis, st.
5182 Hero of Malown	7296 Hungerford	8691 Elora	9852 Protector
5207 Hibernia	7302 Lowther	8692 Negotiator	9857 Providence
5216 Highlander	7304 Lynedoch	8706 Neptune	9873 Psyche
5241 Hindostan, st.	7305 Melbourne	8720 Neva	09 Cecilia
5283 Honduras	7314 of the Isles	8750 New Grove	016 Golden South
5290 Hooghly	7316 Palmerston	8760 New Leven	017 Knight Companion
5318 Hotspur	7361 Louisa	8914 Newcastle	
5361 Humbolt	7381 Munro	8946 Nile	029 John Duthie
5369 Hunter	7410 Lowther	8952 Nimrod	039 Boats
5398 Icenl	7412 Castle	8271 Nonpareil	056 Cambridgeshire
5407 Idas	7423 Lucie	9017 Norfolk	057 Ironsides
5437 Indemnity	7516 Madagascar	9026 Norma, st.	076 Fathool Carrim
5461 India, st.	7524 Madras, st.	9037 North Star	081 Allemannia
5469 Indus	7586 Maidstone	9042 Northam, st.	083 Eulalia
5486 Ino	7590 Maingay	9045 Northumberland	096 Compter
5490 Intrepid	7591 Maitland	9047 Northumbrian	0123 Abraham Lincoln
5634 Isabella	7592 Majestic	9056 Nottingham	0134 Kt. of Snowdown
5640 Blyth	7594 Malabar	9068 Nymph	0165 Albert Victor.
5680 Isadore	7598 Malcolm	9078 Oberon	0172 Channel Light
5694 Ivanhoe	7603 Malta, st.	9083 Ocean	0173 Rohilla
5782 James Gibson	7620 Mangalore	9087 Octavia	0194 Andaman
5842 Jane	7635 Margaret Con-	9167 Ophelia	0231 Edith Bamfield
5860 Blain	nell	9178 Orator	0254 Woosung
5927 Janet	7825 Margaretha	9186 Orestes	0281 Cape Clear
5928 Boyd	7890 Maria Matilda	9204 Orient	0324 Coimbatore
5970 Jason	7923 Mariner	9208 Orion	0364 Guisepepe
5971 Jasper	7925 Marinus	9210 Orissa	0367 Theta
5972 Java	7926 Marion	9237 Orontes	0398 Iolar
6017 Jeannette	7940 Marlborough	9245 Orwell	0428 Taranaki
6031 Jenny Jones	7962 Mars	9280 Owen Glendower	0456 Kearsage
6038 Jessamine	8026 Mary Ann	9342 Palmyra	0487 Berar
6157 John Calvin	8036 Mary & Arabella	9351 Pantaloon	0532 Rockwood
6230 Line	8042 Mary Anne	9352 Panther	0547 Live Oak
6250 O'Gaunt	8127 Mary Lord	9361 Paragon	0578 British Envoy
6274 Porter	8150 Mary Ridley	9378 Pursee	0638 Gladiateur
6285 Scott	8156 Mary Scott	9384 Pasha	0642 Life Brigade
6493 Julia	8213 Marys	9407 Patriot	0815 Mongolia

EXTRACTED FROM PART III OF MARRYAT'S CODE.

Second Distinguishing Pendant, to be hoisted over the number, or at some other Mast Head.

3 Pyrenees	45 Rajasthan	130 Renown
12 Queen	70 Rebecca Jane	136 Repulse
21 of the South	79 Recovery	142 Resolute
31 Raby Castle	91 Reform	146 Resource
32 Race Horse	97 Regina	206 Richmond
35 Rachel	120 Reliance	218 Rob Roy

284 Robert Kerr
295 Raikes
301 Small
350 Rockliffe
394 Rosella
425 Roxburg Castle
425 Royal Bride
436 George
452 Saxo
453 Sovereign
461 William
467 Ruby
568 Saladin
569 Salamanca
582 Salsette, st.
631 Sanderson
650 Sarah
790 Scaleby Castle
782 Scotland
729 Scotsman
738 Sea Horse
740 Sea Nymph
765 Seringapatam
768 Sesostris
782 Severn
791 Shannon
819 Siam
839 Singapore, st.
849 Sir Chas. Forbes, st.
906 Robert Peel
970 Sons of Commerce.
980 Sophie
1026 Southampton
1045 Speculator
1203 Stag
1239 Star
1247 Statesman
1306 Stratheden
1307 Strathfeldsaye
1309 Strathmore
1325 Success
1340 Sultan
1345 Sultana
1347 Sunbeam
1364 Surrey
1429 Sydney
1439 Sylph
1486 Tanjore
1497 Tarquin
1498 Tartar
1502 Tartar, st.
1523 Teazer
1542 Tennessee
1578 Thames
1584 Themis
1596 Theresa
1604 Thetis
1640 Thomas Coutts
1658 Henry
1683 Lowry
1723 Wood
1765 Tiger
1820 Tom Bowlin
1842 Toronto
1845 Tory
1863 Trafalgar
1876 Trent
1940 True Briton
1987 Tynemouth
2049 Undine

2054 Unicorn
2076 Urgent
2089 Uxbridge
2103 Valetta
2160 Venilia
2179 Vernon
2301 Victoria
2305 Victory
2354 Viscount Lambton
2356 Viscount Melbourne
2357 Visitor
2396 Vraw Dorothea
2457 Walmer Castle
2467 Wanderer
2493 Warrior
2497 Warwick
2518 Waterloo
2561 Wellington
2587 Westminster
2653 William
2701 Fulcher
2703 Gales
2740 Jardine
2749 Lockerby
2756 Miles
2760 Money
2783 Prowse
2854 and Jane
2906 Winchester
2910 Windsor
2961 Worcester
3012 York
3086 Zulijka
3059 Zemindar
3064 Zenobia
3154 John Bibby
3162 Oriental, st.
3164 Agincourt
3167 Euxine
3179 Parsec Merchant
3180 Bangalore
3184 Candahar
3189 Acastus
3194 Asiatic
3216 Chusan, st.
3218 Thomas Arbutnot
3250 Samarang
3285 Agitator
3410 Cataract
3428 Nabob
3461 Rory O'More
3465 Sir Charles Napier
3497 British Sovereign
3504 Belle Creole
3524 Nepal
3560 Hyderabad
3564 Malacca
3576 Queen of England
3591 Lady Mary Wood, st.
3605 Ellenborough
3607 Vellore
3610 Oriental Queen
3629 Athenian
3654 Albert Edward
3680 Ottoman
3704 Warren Hastings
3709 Lady Milton
3715 Duke of Portland
3721 Royal Albert
3723 Mary Russel

3741 Templar
3794 The Duke
3805 Duke of Roxburgh
3807 Indian Queen
3817 Duke of Cornwall
3852 Fatty Salam
3854 Fort William
3856 Good Success
3857 Jamsetjee Jherjeeboy
3860 Lowjee Family
3862 Mayaram Dayaram
3865 Sulimany
3895 Berenice, st.
4018 Pacha, st.
4029 Gloriana
4052 Mystery
4276 Robert Clive
4278 James Hall
4302 Alverton
4307 Scindian
4308 John Edward
4329 Fire Queen, st.
4360 Fleetwood
4382 Royal Alice
4386 Arabia
4389 Henry Winch
4390 Wellesley
4521 Anglesea
4536 Tudor
4538 Nemesis, st.
4570 Precursor, st.
4571 Panama
4578 British Princess
4605 Seraphine
4608 Golden Eagle
4613 Sir George Sermour
4673 Henry Pottinger
4681 Ann Falcon
4693 Edmundsbury
4695 Poitiers
4697 Sir Robert Sale
4703 Lisimone
4706 Kallibokka
4730 Gen. Sir William Nott
4731 Sir Robert Seppings
4732 Cockburn
4750 Standford
4793 Sea King
4807 Dalhousie
4832 Mary Woods
4839 Mahomet Ally
4875 Berhampore
4879 Ostrich
4890 Washington Irving
4905 Simlah
4938 Princess Alice
4950 Zarah
4953 Saxon
4970 Barham
5012 Palmerston
5018 Sarah Sands
5024 Lady Macdonald
5031 Davenport
5038 Harry Lorrequer
5042 Manon
5043 Cashmere
5072 Pottinger, st.
5087 Reginald Heber
5089 Glen Helen
5091 Loodianah

5091 Benj. Buck Greeno
5097 Anne Cropper
5098 Lady Valiant
5106 Mary Graham
5107 Jane Green
5103 Haddington, st.
5109 Ripon, st.
5126 Walter Morrice
5133 Lochnagar
5142 Grasmere
5187 Isabella Hercus
5196 Nusser
5237 Nerbudda
5246 Nizam
5247 Uricly Hill
5269 Queen of the East
5278 Ramillies
5296 Julindur
5301 Sutlej
5304 Hydaspes, st.
5312 Emperor of China
5321 Lucknow
5367 Geelong
5370 Jenny Lind
5378 Acacia
5396 Punch
5471 Amathia
5476 Sir Edward Parry
5481 Contest
5489 Sir Thomas Gresham
5490 Highland Mary
5498 Labuan
5603 James Lumsden
5623 Forfarshire
5637 Punjab
5748 Mary Spencer
5782 Lady Jocelyn, st.
5786 Polka
5789 Sailor Prince
5803 Kerclaw
5823 Antagonist
5831 Schah Jehan
5840 Huntress
5872 John Ritson
5892 Santipore
5893 Lord Elgin
2897 Tasman
5902 Leopard
5908 Panic
5910 Minden
5913 Vesta
5928 Aliwal
5932 Helen Wallace
5987 Robina Mitchell
6085 Earl of Auckland
6091 Mary Shepherd
6098 Lord Geo. Bentinck
6123 Rance
6128 Edward Marquard
6145 Alex. John Kerr
6189 Guy Mannering
6209 Virgilia
6213 Countess of Zetland
6231 Bentinck, st.
6243 Couranto
6251 Havering
6254 John Melhuish
6274 Travancore
6293 Ascendant
6294 Moulton

6297 Lady Elgin
6308 Woodbine
6310 Hastings
6370 Anglia
6379 Norman Morison
6419 Rajah of Sarawak
6427 Dudbrook
6451 Blackwall
6472 Oliver Cromwell
6507 Saint-Hilda
6528 City of Calcutta
5196 Nusser
6780 Talavera
6815 Alfred the Great
6824 Jane Ewing
6825 Lady Franklin
9829 Hempsyke
6840 Viscount Hardinge
6842 Phoebe Durbar
6843 Rodney
6854 Trimountain
6872 Investigator
6875 Damblat
6879 Leocadie and Anna
6918 Peerless
6927 Jalawar
6912 Excelsior
6952 Queen of Sheba
6983 Thornhill
7025 Albermarle
7041 Mary Harrison
7046 Koh-i-noor
7062 Stornoway
7081 Prince Arthur, st.
7091 Thomas Campbell
7092 Mitchell
7098 Lady Gough
7130 Lord Gough
7152 Monarchy
7162 Melanie
7194 Alipore
7209 Duchess of Lancaster
7236 Mary Henzell [land
7243 Duke of Northumber-
7253 David Malcolm
7264 Kossuth
7302 Typhoon
7306 Hornet
7309 Robert Barber
7314 Dominion
7315 Fleur-de-Lis
7318 Cossipore
7341 Monsoon
7360 Bejjapore
7384 Chalmers
7412 Canterbury
7419 Thebes
7436 Tubal Cain
7453 Shanghai, st.
7456 Houghton
7516 Chandernagore
7519 Vimaira
7523 Maori
7560 Afghan
7580 Kedgeroe
7586 Refuge
7601 Lormont
7603 Henry Chapman
7951 Alice Thompson
7680 Celestial

7685 Early Bird
7801 Belle Gabrielle
7819 Countess of Seafield
7824 Governor Higginson, st.
7846 Thomas Hamlin
7905 Eleanor Doelison
7906 Ophir
7910 Wild Flower
7980 Simoom
8016 Monteagle
8019 F. C. Clarke
8043 Hersilia
8072 Queen of the Wave
8095 Indianna, st.
8156 Glendower
8206 Southern Cross
8209 Ballarat
8215 Shelburne
8257 Golden City
8260 Le Moise
8264 Electricity
8269 Anna Forster
8302 Getie
8312 Merchantman
8356 Ebba Brahe
8409 Victor Amedie
8437 Cameo
8459 Martaban
8497 Evangeline
8509 Rangoon
8519 Mary Ann and James
8523 Catherine Pemberton
8609 Earl of Shaftesbury
8613 Star of the East
8617 Jules
8635 Euroclydon
8672 Burmah
8739 Gold-finder
8756 Melpomene
8901 Red Gauntlet
8920 Polar Star
8936 Wm. the Conqueror
8953 Winterthur
9026 Volta
9038 Hurkaru
9067 Hugomont
9071 Truro
9075 Avalanche
9103 Lord Harris
9105 Aurifera
9128 Queen of Ava
9148 Caprice
9183 Golden Age
9184 Fulwood
9215 Rose Ellis
9216 Bury, St. Edmunds
9217 Radnagore
9238 Fatty Allum
9247 Antipodes
9251 Jean Bart
9260 Utopia
9312 Belisama
9326 British Lion
9347 Eastern City
9351 Balnaguith
9361 Sirocco
9364 Ellen Bates
9368 Eena
9417 Henry Moore
9450 Red Jacket

9458 Norwood	9846 L'Imperatrice Eugenie	0346 Sir Bartle Frere
9476 Dunsandle	01 Sostrene	0348 Jane Kilgour
9478 John Masterman	03 Charles et Juliette	0379 Sainte-Croix
9537 Edendale	019 Tennyson	0392 T. A. Gibb
9538 Her Majesty	021 Trevelyan	0413 Capra
9567 Merrington	052 British Prince	0461 Negapatam
9580 Anna Kimball	031 Henry Handley	0462 Michael Angelo
9586 Constitution	097 Gaulois	0483 Channel Light
9608 Echunga	098 Lord Marmion	0519 Tirzah
9624 War Cloud	0123 Sydney Daercs	0529 Bellatrix
9642 Bankside	0148 Compta	0583 Golden Land
9653 Donna Anna	0152 Krishna	0592 British Viceroy
9657 Simla	0158 Rushing Water	0625 Nellie Townshend
9673 Celeste	0159 Jessie Gilbert	0627 Actoca
9705 Pius IX	0218 Clementine Alice	0748 Annie Gray
9708 Calliope	0247 Wallaroo	0793 St. Oswin
9746 Nor-Wester	0249 Celestial Queen	0827 Carmarthenshire
9753 Empress of the Sea	0317 Anne Dymes	0896 Sovereign of India
9785 Admiral Napier	0318 City of Melbourne	0931 Benton
9832 Kurrajong	0324 Moorhill	

EXTRACTED FROM PART IV OF MARRYAT'S UNIVERSAL CODE.

Third Distinguishing Pendant, a red Pendant with a white ball.

To be hoisted over the number, or at some other Mast Head.

6 Virginia, st.	174 Old Hickory	296 Earl of Elgin
7 James Montgomery	175 Western Empire	297 Royal Family
8 Lady Westmorland	178 Caroline Read	312 Coringa
9 Champion of the Seas	180 Canaan	319 Royal Princess
12 Evening Star	185 Gold Digger	325 Candia
18 Abdul Medjid	186 Royal Stuart	328 British Maid
19 Wave Queen	187 Stree Rajah Rajeswaree	341 Britain's Queen
21 Edwin Forrest	189 Osmond	342 Melancthon
25 Robert Peel	193 Star Queen	406 Commodore Perry
32 Empress Eugenie	194 Harriet Hermitage	408 Moulin
36 Ellen Hood	195 Earl of Sefton	427 Balaklava
37 Foreman	197 Macduff	438 Cochran
40 Prince of the Seas	198 Allen Gardiner	450 Black Boy
41 Parisian	201 William Owens	469 West Derby
47 City of Philadelphia	203 Avery	473 Blanche Moore
48 Claro	210 Robert M. Sloman	475 Robert Morrison
49 Colinsburgh	213 Henberry	501 Inkerman
54 City of Madras	215 James Carthy	533 Fiery Cross
56 Isle of Thanet	217 Arthur White	541 Sir Ralph Abercromby
57 Saxon King	219 Ahi	546 New Era
59 James Fernie	230 Samuel Stoddart	549 Ann Banfield
69 Derry Castle	231 George Marshall	561 Grand Trianon
72 Anna Lange	234 Lady Wharcliffe	564 Paget
76 Ida Zeigler	237 Shen-Shah	589 Suzanne
79 Lady Grey	238 President Turner	593 Emma Jane
84 Ocean Express	240 Governor Macdonald	649 The Kildare
35 Joseph Fletcher	241 Lieutenant Bellot	651 Giscours
94 Harvest Queen	243 Colgrain	658 Armenian
106 Governor	245 Brother Jonathan	709 Coleroon
109 Napoleon III	246 Trebizond	712 Coringa
134 Suez	247 Thessalia	726 Queen of the North
136 Wynaud	250 Kate Carnie	752 General Godwin
138 Gundreda	251 Zouaves	754 Cape of Good Hope
142 Blue Jacket	256 Royal Blue Jacket	760 Lord Cardigan
145 Ville de Metz	267 Whirlwind	768 Bridgewater
148 J. Bradshaw	268 Nubia	794 Cocanada
149 Jessie Macfarlan	269 George Lee	860 Edward Thornhill
150 Edgar P. Stringer	270 Admiral Baudin	874 British Flag
153 Forget-me-not	276 Shuttle	879 Young Mechanic
156 Come-on	278 5th of May	890 Aletheia
157 Gazetteer	280 William Stanley	892 City of Dublin
162 Clive	286 Howden	893 Lobelia
163 Gazella	290 Annie Wilson	897 Thomas B. Wales
161 Thornton	291 Jane Grey	905 Amherst
173 Mary Crocker		

916 Sarah Palmer	2314 Kirkham	4597 Lady Inglis
917 Colorado	2316 Sir Isaac Newton	4608 Missouri
926 Luther	2345 Western Ocean	4620 Rajmahal
930 Cadichonne	2351 Jeanne	4639 Pole Star
934 Ocean Pearl	2355 Uncas	4651 Etheldreda
935 War Eagle	2304 J. P. Wheeler	4659 Southern Belle
938 Henry Metcalf	2330 Moshesh	4672 Le Scindo
941 Turon	2378 Duke of Malakoff	4678 Egeria
946 Forerunner	3024 Daylight	4689 Ganonoque
974 Christopher Newton	3041 Glen Isla	4738 Leopold
1023 Ardbeg	3042 Star of the North	4812 Thallatta
1038 Light of the Age	3056 Blue Rock	4821 Anglo-Indian
1052 Woodcote	3064 William Tell	4826 Isabella Ridley
1056 Royal Arthur	3089 Eagle Speed	4831 Highland Chief
1063 Comorin	3149 Atmosphere	4859 Giovanni
1239 Glewaln	3164 Sugar	4871 Fairlight
1275 Viscount Canning	3174 Lady Clarendon	4876 J. G. Richardson
1328 City of Delhi	3185 Ann Adamson	4950 Prince Fred. William
1329 of Tanjore	3245 Jacques Suerin	5024 Cospatrick
1376 Nadir	3269 United Service	5028 Leviathan
1384 Eleanore	3270 Shakespere	5036 Sourisquois
1408 Dutchman	3290 Verona	5048 Eunomia
1450 Godavery	3417 Bailly de Suffren	5089 Queen of India
1475 King Arthur	3426 Thracian	5098 Lise
1498 Mahratta	3428 Lady Rawlinson	5123 Richard Busted
1503 Lady Raglan	3429 Crocodile	5130 Sir John Lawrence
1598 Hippolyta	3471 Flying Cloud	5134 General Neil
1708 Brave Lourmel	3501 Game Cock	5140 City of Lucknow
1728 Charles Cooper	3507 Kooria Moorria	5143 Empress of India
1738 Birchgrove	3541 City of Canton	5146 Sara Armitage
1740 Robert and Alexander	3549 Ganjam	5162 Bavaria
1769 Amos Lawrence	3594 Tyburnia	5172 La Belle Virginie
1782 East Indian	3619 Duke of Rothesay	5179 Rajah of Cochin
1786 Maldon	3690 Ocean Star	5180 Sunrise
1790 Adela	3695 Matilda Atheling	5236 Lord Clyde
1827 Alphington	3698 Clara Novello	5264 Gallant Neil
1835 Arracan, st.	3715 James Kennedy	5268 Mayotte
1836 Indomitable	3716 Anne Vernon	5269 Lady Denison
1845 Jean Goujon	3745 Mary Rogerson	5270 Chillingham
1849 Reaumur	3872 Jeune Adele	5273 Ocean Ranger
1860 Sea Rover	3890 Bushire	5274 Crest of the Ocean
1893 Anne Cropton	3914 Leopold Cateaux	5284 City of New Castle
1923 Peveril of the Peak	3950 Alexandria	5289 Royal Rose
1930 Melicete	4021 Metaris	5310 Japanese
1968 Jacques Cœur	4056 City of Pekin	5312 Sweden
1972 Corriemulzie	4061 Frossacks	5329 Dashing Wave
1974 Alaya	4065 Cyclops	5367 Sir Wm. Peel
2018 The Bride	4071 Eastern Empire	5368 Cloud
2037 Laughing Water	4081 Wolverene	5372 Telegram
2054 Daguerre	4093 Silver Star	5378 Maid of the Sea
2074 Alnwick Castle	4135 Eliza Mary	5410 Behar
2076 Procyonata	4158 Isabella C. Jones	5418 Havelock
2079 Sydenham	4190 Hannah Nicholson	5423 Webfoot
2086 Earl of Mar and Kelly	4203 Rose of England	5426 Frank Flint
2103 Scrutari	4209 Malvern	5436 Star King
2135 St. Jean	4237 Genil	5438 Ocean Home
2168 Copenhagen	4253 Young America	5478 Ghazeeopore
2198 Nourmahal	4263 Troas	5479 Venetian
2301 Maggie Miller	4276 Messina	5481 Ocean King
2308 Sir James Brooke	4286 Alpaca	5487 Lady Melville
2396 Hawatha	4297 Eastern Star	5496 Yorick
2407 Stuart Wortley	4359 General Havelock	5602 Dragon
2416 Mntlah	4367 Sir John Burgoyne	5608 Lady Havelock
2504 Angela Bardett Coutts	4370 Boldon Lawn	5628 City of Nankin
2530 Ethereal	4371 Look-out	5639 Lincolnshire
2594 Helvetia	4375 Northern Chief	5640 Henry Buck
2596 Cornwallis	4508 Admiral Lyons	5641 Jack Frost
2639 Francis Banfield	4567 Novateur	5647 Sir J. Mandeville
2745 Maurice and Reunion	4573 Xanthippe	5678 Accerrington
2785 Sir. Geo. F. Seymour	4596 Holmesdale	5680 Lillie

5693 Nazareth	6712 Auguste Durin	9475 Rathfern
5712 Astronomer	6749 Punjab	9480 Nagpore
5713 Geologist	6812 Early Lawn	9561 Le Dupuy de Sôme
5721 Light Brigade	6820 Jessie Brown	9570 Donna Maria
5734 White Sea	6897 Eliza Blanche	9610 Henri IV
5739 White Jacket	6934 Scorestry	9612 Lloyd Rayner
5746 Loretto	7061 Kenmore	9617 Weidenhielm
5761 Leaping Water	7124 Glenfaeh	9630 Albert the Good
5782 Sea Lion	7128 Beautiful Star	9632 Imperatrice
5784 Ocean Ranger	7142 J. S. Wamora	9634 Donna
5802 Akhera	7184 Tirsah	9635 Cambodge
5809 West Wind	7314 Oleander	9637 Alpheo
5813 Christopher Hall	7321 Queen of Australia	9638 Erymanthe
5824 Burman	7369 Pasithea	9640 Hydaspes
5826 Equinox	7389 Abo	9671 Meinara
5817 Revenue	7412 Adrienne	9716 Eaglet
5860 Gazell	7458 Dunphrie Castle	9748 John Rennie
5862 Impetus	7538 Solferino	9756 Naval Reserve
5864 Pride of the West	7591 Celuta	9804 Star of China
5869 Le Philaneme	7605 Annie Camrie	9874 Asie Mineure
5879 Sir George Grey	7809 Taurean	01 Romania
5893 Lafayete	7820 Mary Fry	013 Mareab
5901 Selina Jane	7825 Lincoln	014 Radama 2nd
5904 Angel	7934 Selim	015 John Fairburn
5921 Patmos	8034 Hortense Busantoy	038 Loyola
5932 Holyhead	8063 Fatty Salam	042 Jaffna
5943 Mamelon	8145 The Lori Warden	048 Duke of Newcastle
5972 Ocean Mail	8195 Charter Oak	051 Jeddo
5978 Decide	8209 Channaril	057 Clymnestra
5987 East	8216 Governor General	063 Glen Rosa
6018 Sir William Pulteney	8237 Admiral Protet	078 Amersham
6024 Woodpecker	8239 Clan Alpine	089 Anevoca
6032 Guayaquil	8263 Euryome	093 Lincelles
6034 Flora McIvor	8317 Mercara	097 Busheer
6039 Nankin	8349 Glenlee	098 Star of the Mercey
6042 Ruthven	8367 Duncairn	0127 Ahuriri
6043 Cephalonia	8372 Castlemaine	0128 General Outram
6047 Guipuzcoado	8432 Bavelaw	0129 Beaumaris Castle
6048 Spanker	8519 Mary Nicholson	0136 Lady Dufferin
6051 Our Queen	8527 Mercurio	0139 Star of Scotia
6058 Western Chief	8529 Botanist	0142 North East
6087 Sam Slick	8570 Princess of Wales	0143 Channel Queen
6091 Osborne Howes	8576 Amber Witch	0154 Cannanore
6097 Guipuzcoano	8579 Porchester	0162 Arzilla
6102 Marquis of Argyle	8617 Hammermith	0165 Robert Seddon
6104 Villa Eugenie	8639 Annie Dzhie	0167 Annie Frost
6120 Albert and Victor	8651 Earl of Southesk	0176 Spirit of the Sea
6125 Ionian	8670 Balmacarra	0178 John Lidgett
6132 Angelo	8742 Robinson Crusoe	0192 Queen of Trumps
6134 Chas. Davenport	8790 Esmok	0195 King of Trumps
6139 King Otho	8914 Maritsburgh	0196 Lady Palmerston
6204 Pace	8917 Cossipore	0197 Peyberland
6205 Glengarnock	8933 British Crown	0215 Tugela
6210 Sarawak	8971 Bentuthar	0218 Princess Beatrice
6219 Grampus	9072 Tapagerr	0219 John Brewster
6238 City of Nantes	9074 Turkey	0231 Palawan
6241 George West	9075 Teak	0243 Jane Cargill
6250 Cameronian	9170 Star of Ceylon	0253 Sir Henry Havelock
6253 Lothian	9174 Dagmar	0254 Hampton Court
6259 Kurrachee	9205 Eastward Ho	0285 John Allan
6263 Admiral Brommy	9213 Martha Bernie	0295 Baroda
6287 Kate Prince	9235 Fairy Rock	0296 Sanspareil
6293 Wildeman	9240 Queen of Ceylon	0297 William Ritson
6291 C. B. Hazeltine	9326 Baringa	0325 Codabux
6392 General Caulfield	9385 James Seddon	0342 Olive Mount
6395 Victoria Bridge	9405 Radama	0346 Spirit of the Storm
6402 John Vanner	9406 Wallasea	0352 Queen of the Age
6452 Belgravia	9420 John Bellamy	0356 Western Belle
6490 Green Jacket	9437 Lissie Scott	0374 Beranger
6594 Garibaldi	9460 Northern Belle	0381 Dilkhoosh

0385 Eastern Belle	0691 Moss Rose	0861 Rajpoot
0398 Michael Scott	0694 Catherine Scott	0869 Pelotas
0432 Eastham	0713 Stormy Petrel	0915 Allahabad
0435 Raddypool	0723 Star of Albion	0927 Forest Rights
0467 Guiseppe	0729 Limouzin	0934 Bhima
0472 River Clyde	0731 Dunbar Castle	0935 Mula
0489 Fire Queen	0742 Alaya	0936 Koina
0527 Alumbagh	0745 Daybreak	0945 Charles Wood
0548 Lady Emily Peel	0748 Lady Darling	0956 Royal Minstrel
0571 Elizabeth Gibb	0759 City of Berlin	0961 Kingdom O'Fife
0589 Nada	0768 Eulalia	0962 Chefoo
0615 Salfon	0786 Helenslee	0968 Kenilworth Castle
0627 Jessie Scott	0798 Glenlora	0971 Aurundel Castle
0629 Howrah	0823 Cristobal	0975 Glenforth
0638 Mount Pleasant	0832 Mofussilite	0981 Ethiopian
0654 Forest Flower	0835 Albyn's Isle	0986 Star of Devon
0672 Admiral Fitzroy		

BRITISH MERCHANT VESSELS.

OFFICIAL NUMBERS, &c.

BRITISH ENSIGN to be hoisted at some other Mast Head.

42 Spirit of the North	8197 Oporto	23539 James Hay
46 Lord John Russell, s. s.	8415 Fridget	23643 Aletheia
82 Sir Robert Peel, s. s.	8513 Lord Gough	23934 Genevieve
92 City of Rotterdam, s. s.	8647 Vasco da Gama, s. s.	23937 Centipede
158 City of London, s. s.	9745 Voyageur	24068 Linda
167 Englishman	10517 Lanchester	24169 Proserpine
199 Earl of Auckland, s. s.	10568 Hippolyta	24226 Sea Nymph
219 Harlingen, s. s.	11960 Jane Strong	24338 Evangeline
1142 Zouave	12321 Parraca	24381 Mignon
1143 Nymph	12351 Ariadne	24574 City of Peterborough
1173 Cynthia	12355 Dennis Hill	24575 Brothers
1343 Drydens	12361 Flavio Gioia	24576 Philo
1973 Mimosa	13846 Cape of Good Hope, s. s.	24850 Phantom
1999 Bijou	13849 Indiana, s. s.	24976 Edmundsbury
2065 Acastus	13964 Golden Fleecce, s. s.	24993 Zuma
2093 London	14767 Ziska	25108 Jason, s. s.
2176 Agility	14927 T. D. Marshall	25121 Queen of the South s. s.
2303 Alice Thompson	15032 Kate	25134 Hydaspes, s. s.
2305 Ocean	15348 Robert and Alexander	25146 Propontis, s. s.
2393 Valleyfield	15790 Duke of Rothesay	25154 Bosphorus, s. s.
2496 Fidus	16469 James	25194 Kalodyne
3156 Ignez de Castro, s. s.	17052 Hylton Grove	25269 Feliza
3347 Martha	17088 Royal Diadem	25670 Senator
3705 Hortensia	18564 Contest	25716 Eagle
3905 Sedulous	18677 Finella	25921 Margaret Deane
4096 Janet Mitchell	19380 Mary Rogerson	25942 Bonita
4275 Sutton Bridge	19534 Mazenthien	25961 Contest
4284 Bellona	20220 Alexandria	25979 Veturia
4290 Palmyra	20798 De Brus	25987 Esther
4578 York	21327 Meirions Bride	25996 William Parker
4994 Chile	21668 Xanthippe	26060 Admittance
5472 Tweed	22026 Mary Miller	26307 Nimrod
5549 Celendine	21600 Sir William Peel	26483 Harbinger, s. s.
5812 John Mitchell	22181 Anglo-Indian	26578 Orator
5854 Volumnia	22383 Alfred	26635 Hastings
6050 David Harrison	22833 Chance	26698 Earl of Eglinton
6903 Vision	22852 Lusitania	27087 Alexander Edmond
7017 Lady Fitzherbert	22865 Sabrina	27602 Lettice Catherine
7020 Maha Rance	22997 Fairy	27792 Euphrosyne
7034 Antilla	23061 Sir Robert Seppings	29964 Dumfries
7010 Sebastian Cabot	23093 Ann Mitchell	33362 Margaret Blais
7052 Pantaloon	23128 Mary Ann	35505 Boanerges
7085 Minden	23355 Hebe	37441 America
7088 John Dalton	23415 Baretto Junior	40101 Sarah
7505 Onward	23450 Rattler	10118 Hyndeford
7520 Adam Carr	23490 John Edward	41422 Lawrence Nairne
7887 Calcutta, s. s.		

PART V.—JUDICIAL.

JUDICIAL ESTABLISHMENT.

The Hon. Sir C. H. SCOTLAND, *Knight*—Chief Justice—Sworn in 24th May 1861, (Eur.)
 The Hon. Sir ADAM BITTLESTON, *Knight*—Puisne Justice—Acting Chief Justice—Sworn
 in 26th July 1858.

The Hon. W. Holloway, } Judges. { The Hon. C. Collett,
 " L. C. Innes, " G. H. Ellis, Acting.

OFFICERS OF THE COURT.

Appellate Side.

P. P. Hutchins, Esq., c. s., Registrar. | C. Dale, Esq., Government Pleader.
 T. Wilkins, Esq., Unconvd., Dy. do | A. P. W. Begbie, Esq., Manager.

Original Side.

Appointed.	Appointed.
Hon. J. B. Norton, Adv. Genl. (Eur.).....1863	J. Urquhart, Esq., Coroner.....1854
J. D. Mayne, Esq., Acting do.....1862	Col. T. D. T. Dyer, Deputy Coroner.....1866
J. R. Boyson, Esq., Govt. Solr. (Eur.).....1857	G. A. Murray, Esq., Sworn Clerk to the
H. J. Brockman, Esq., Acting do. ...	Judges.....1861
F. Lushington, Esq., Acct. General.....1863	T. Kristnasawmy Iyer, Chief Interpreter
J. Miller, Esq., Administrator General.....1862	in Tamil and Telugu.....1861
P. O'Sullivan, Esq.,—Acting Clerk of the	P. Parthasarathy, Dy. Inter., Tam.&Tel.1861
Crown and Govt. Prosecutor.....1866	Sred Shabally, Per. and Hin. Inter.....1862
J. M. C. Mills, Esq., Acting Reporter.....1866	Mr. S. J. Johannes, Inter. in Armenian.....1853
A. M. Ritchie, Esq., Registrar.....1861	Mr. R. C. Regel, Inter. in Dutch.....1828
B. Brooks, Esq., Asst. Registrar.....1851	Mr. S. B. Fernandez, Intr. in Malayalam.1864
Col. J. Impett, Sheriff of Madras.....1861	

Barristers.

Admitted.	Admitted.
Hon. J. B. Norton, (Eur.).....1843	J. Miller, Esq.....1864
A. M. Ritchie, Esq*.....1849	T. M. Busted, Esq*.....1864
C. Dale, Esq*.....1857	J. M. C. Mills, Esq.....1863
J. D. Mayne, Esq.....1857	R. M. A. Branson, Esq.....1863
J. W. Branson, Esq., (Eur.).....1855	W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.....1866
P. O'Sullivan, Esq.....1861	

Attornies and Proctors.

Admitted.	Admitted.
Messrs. J. R. Boyson (Eur.).....1810	Messrs. H. G. Prichard.....1861
G. E. Cower* (Eur.).....1849	C. N. Aldritt.....1863
A. M. Ritchie, (Eur.).....1849	G. P. Johnstone, (Eur.).....1863
P. E. Gordon.....1851	T. C. Clarke.....1864
W. Waddell.....1852	A. Orr.....1864
J. Shaw.....1857	F. G. R. Branson, (Eur.).....1865
B. Brooks.....1858	J. E. L. Mayer.....1865
G. E. Branson.....1858	U. M. Ansell.....1865
H. J. Brockman.....1859	E. Barclay.....1865

ARTICLED CLERKS UNDER MESSRS. BOYSON, BROCKMAN AND PRICHARD.

A. W. D'Souza.....admitted 1861 | Mr. Atkinson.....admitted 1865
 Mr. W. Grant....." 1864

UNDER MESSRS. SHAW AND ALDRITT.

J. Carr.....admitted 1861 | C. Soobramaneya Iyer.....admitted 1861

* Does not practice.

LIST OF REGISTERED PLEADERS IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE
(MADRAS APPELLATE SIDE.)

Advocates.

Honorable John Bruce Norton (Eur.) | P. O'Sullivan, Esq.
 Clement Dale, Esq. | Thomas M. Busted, Esq.
 John D. Mayne, Esq. | J. M. C. Mills, Esq.
 John Miller, Esq. | R. M. A. Branson, Esq.
 W. M. Scharlieb, Esq.

Attornies-at-Law.

J. R. Boyson, Esq. (Eur.) | C. N. Aldritt, Esq.
 A. M. Ritchie, Esq., (Eur.) | W. Waddell, Esq.
 G. E. Branson, Esq. | A. Orr, Esq.
 P. B. Gordon, Esq. | J. E. L. Mayer, Esq.
 H. J. Brockman, Esq. | U. M. Ansell, Esq.
 J. Shaw, Esq. | E. Barclay, Esq.
 H. G. Prichard, Esq.

Vakeels.

J. R. Boyson, Esq. (Eur.) | V. Rajagopala Charlu, B.L.
 Alex. M. Ritchie, Esq., (Eur.) | W. Waddell, Esq.
 P. B. Gordon, Esq. | J. Miller, Esq.
 Hon. J. R. Norton, (Advo. Genl., Eur.) | G. E. Branson, Esq.
 J. D. Mayne, Esq., (Ag. Advocate Genl.) | H. J. Brockman, Esq.
 Karunakara Menavan. | H. G. Prichard, Esq.
 J. Maskell, Esq., B.L., (Ag. Judge S.C.Ct.) | S. Parthasarathy Aiyangar, B.L.
 V. Ranga Chariyar. | C. Venkatapathy Rao, B.L.
 T. Srinivasa Chariyar, B.L. | P. Subrayalu Chetty
 W. Sloan, Esq. | P. D. Shaw, Esq.
 P. Rungtaya Naidu.

RULES PROVIDING FOR THE QUALIFICATION AND ADMISSION OF PERSONS TO BE
ADMITTED ADVOCATES, VAKEELS, AND ATTORNIES-AT-LAW OF THE HIGH
COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

ADVOCATES.—1. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by either of the four following Rules, (numbered 2, 3, 4 and 5,) shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled an Advocate of the High Court at Madras.

2. Any person called to the decree of Barrister-at-Law in England or Ireland; or being a Member of the Faculty of Advocates in Scotland.

3. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Madras and a certificate of having subsequently to the attaining of such degree, studied for eighteen months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, as also of good character and conduct; such certificate to be signed by the Advocate with whom the applicant shall have studied.

4. The degree of Master of Laws of the University of Madras and a certificate signed by the Registrars on the Original and Appellate sides of the High Court, of regular attendance upon the sittings of the Court, in accordance with such Rules as the Judges may in that behalf prescribe for two years; as also a certificate of good character and conduct signed by two Advocates of the Court.

5. Any person being an Advocate duly admitted and on the roll of Advocates of the High Court at Calcutta or Bombay, and producing the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment; together with a certificate of character or letter of recommendation from a Judge of the High Court of which the applicant is an Advocate, or from the Advocate General of the same Presidency.

VAKEELS.—6. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by either of the three following Rules, (numbered 7, 8 and 9,) shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled a Vakeel of the High Court at Madras; but subject in the case of an applicant under Rule 8, to his passing such an examination in matters of practice as the Court may prescribe. Provided that it shall be necessary in every case to give two months' notice of the intended application for admission by publication in the Gazette, and by affixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court House.

7. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Madras and certificates of having, subsequently to the attaining of such degree, studied for six months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras, or a Vakeel entitled as such to practice on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court; and for a further period of six months in the office of an Attorney of the said Court: or a certificate of having studied for twelve months either with an Advocate or Vakeel entitled to practise as aforesaid, or in the office of an Attorney; as also in either case a certificate of good character and conduct. Such certificate or certificates to be signed by the Advocate, Vakeel and Attorney with whom, or in whose office the applicant shall have studied.

8. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of the University of Madras, and a certificate signed by the Registrars on the Original and Appellate sides of the High Court, of regular attendance upon the sittings of the Court, in accordance with such Rules as the Judges may in that behalf prescribe, for two years subsequently to the time of attaining such degree:—as also a certificate of good character and conduct signed by two Advocates or an Advocate and a Vakeel.

9. Any person producing the proper certificate or certificates of his having kept six terms, at one of the Inns of Court in London, and of regular attendance on the course of Law lectures whilst keeping such terms, as also of his having passed one of the examinations provided for students; together with a certificate of subsequent study for nine months with an Advocate of the High Court at Madras or a Vakeel entitled as such to practise on both the Original and Appellate sides of the said Court, or in the office of an Attorney of the said Court, and of good character and conduct: such last mentioned certificate to be signed by the Advocate, Vakeel or Attorney with whom, or in whose office the applicant shall have studied.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.—10. Any person possessing the qualifications and producing the certificate or certificates required by either of the following Rules, (numbered 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16,) shall be qualified to apply to be admitted and enrolled an Attorney-at-Law of the High Court at Madras: but subject in the case of an applicant for admission under Rules 12, 13 and 16, to his passing such examination as to his professional competency as the High Court shall direct. Provided that it shall be necessary in every case to give two months' notice of the intended application for admission, by publication in the Gazette, and by affixing a copy of the same on the notice-board at the Court House.

11. Admission and enrolment as an Attorney or Solicitor in one of Her Majesty's Courts at Westminster or Dublin with the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment: as also a certificate of good character and ability signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship in England or Ireland.

12. Matriculation at any of the Indian Universities, and service as Articled Clerk to an Attorney of either of the High Courts of Judicature in India for four years, with a certificate of good character and ability signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship: subject to examination as above provided in Rule 10.

13. Service for the period of seven years as Registrar or Assistant Registrar on the Original side of the High Court at Madras, or as Judge's Clerk; or the same period of service in any two of the said offices: subject to examination as above provided in Rule 10.

14. The degree of Bachelor of Laws of any Indian University, and service as Articled Clerk to an Attorney of either of the High Courts of Judicature in India for two years, subsequently to the attaining of such degree; or for five years either as Registrar or Assistant Registrar on the Original side of the High Court at Madras, or as Judge's Clerk, or in any two of such offices; with a certificate in the former case of good character and conduct signed by the Master or Masters with whom the applicant shall have served his Clerkship.

15. Any person being an Attorney duly admitted and on the roll of Attornies of the High Court at Calcutta or Bombay, and producing the proper certificate of such admission and enrolment; as also a certificate of good character and conduct signed by a Judge of the High Court, or the Advocate General or two of the leading Advocates in practice in the High Court of which the applicant is an Attorney.

16. Any person who was, with the privity and consent of the late Supreme Court, under service as an Articled Clerk to an Attorney of the said Court, on the 15th August 1862; after he shall have served the full period of five years for which he was articled: subject to his passing an examination as above provided in Rule 10.

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND,
(") A. BITTLESTON,
(") H. D. PHILLIPS,
(") H. FRERE,
(") W. HOLLOWAY.

1st October 1863.

TABLE OF FEES TO BE TAKEN BY THE OFFICERS AND ATTORNIES AND PROCTORS OF HER MAJESTY'S HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

It is ordered, with the sanction and approval of His Excellency the Governor in Council of Fort Saint George, that the fees set forth in the following table, and no other fees, shall be demanded and received by the Officers and Attornies and Proctors of the High Court of Judicature at Madras in suits and proceedings before the High Court in the exercise of its ordinary original jurisdiction and on appeals from its ordinary original civil jurisdiction. Provided that the said table of fees shall not be taken to apply to proceedings pending in the Master's Office or to Admiralty proceedings or Notaries' fees, or to the office of the Ecclesiastical Registrar, and that until otherwise provided the fees to be received in the Master's Office and in Admiralty proceedings and for Notarial business and by the Ecclesiastical Registrar, shall continue to be regulated by the table of fees in operation in the late Supreme Court.

It is further ordered with the like sanction and approval that the folio mentioned in the said table of fees shall throughout be taken to consist of eighty-one words, and that four figures shall be calculated as equal to one word, and that in all suits in which the value of the matter in dispute does not exceed Rupees five hundred, no more than one-half of the fees in the said table shall be demanded or received.

The Fees to be taken by Registrar.

	RS.	A.
Upon swearing in any Officer of the Court ...	6	0
Upon swearing in Advocate ...	6	0
Upon swearing in Attorney ...	5	0
On presentation and examination of plaint ...	2	0
For examining, filing and registering every plaint ...	2	8
For filing each document delivered with plaint ...	0	8
For examining and comparing every copy of document with original, if not exceeding two folios ...	1	0
For every other folio ...	0	8
For receiving and filing the description of any document or documents to be produced by defendant ...	0	8
For marking each original document returned ...	0	4
For preparing and issuing every summons to appear and answer the plaint whether for settlement of issues or final disposal ...	1	4
For filing appointment of Agent to receive the same ...	0	8
For preparing and issuing every second or subsequent summons to appear, &c. ...	0	8
For filing summons with return thereon ...	0	4
For entering appearance of defendant ...	1	0
For forwarding summons or letter by post to defendant's address, including attendance and in addition to postage ...	1	4
For preparing letter in lieu of summons ...	1	4
For preparing and issuing every notice to persons to be made parties ...	1	4
For transmitting summons or notice to another Court including attendance and in addition to postage ...	1	8
For preparing and issuing every warrant of arrest ...	3	0
For custody of money deposited in lieu of bail or paid into Court ...	2	per cent.
For every commitment not otherwise provided for ...	1	0
For taking security for costs on presentation of plaint or to fulfil any decree or any other security by order of Court or a Judge ...	1	4
Preparing and issuing every order or warrant of attachment ...	3	0
For the like to furnish security ...	2	0
For preparing and issuing order or warrant of possession under Section 91 ...	2	0
For preparing and issuing any injunction or order in the nature of an injunction ...	4	0
For every rule or order of Court not exceeding two folios ...	2	0
For every other folio ...	1	0
For entering every rule or order of the Court per folio ...	0	8
For recording withdrawal of the plaintiff from the suit ...	1	0
For recording every adjustment of suit ...	1	8
For entering Representative of a deceased party ...	1	0
For receiving, filing, and delivering to the Sheriff or other Officer notice to produce ...	0	12
For recording dismissal of suit ...	0	8
For filing every written authority to appear whether to an Attorney or a recognized Agent or to a co-plaintiff or to a co-defendant ...	1	0

For filing every written authority by Officer or Soldier to commence and conduct suit or defence	1 0
For receiving and filing declaration in writing on non-appearance in person	0 8
For receiving and recording written statement of parties at first hearing	1 0
For receiving and recording additional written statements	0 8
For entering rejection of written statement and returning same with endorsement	1 0
For reducing into writing and recording the examination of any party as witness in Court not exceeding two folios	2 0
For every additional folio	1 0
For duplicates of such examination when required, per folio	0 8
For endorsing and filing every exhibit or document admitted in evidence... ..	0 8
For reading and marking every such exhibit or document	1 0
For recording rejection of exhibits and the grounds of rejection... ..	0 8
For certified copies of exhibits returned by order of Court, per folio	0 12
For copies of all papers	0 8
For delivering out and taking receipt for exhibits, for each exhibit	0 4
For recording issues of law or fact in each suit	1 4
For recording issues agreed upon by the parties and the agreement for the same ..	1 4
For issuing every summons to give evidence or produce documents—if the number of names inserted therein does not exceed two	1 4
For every additional name... ..	0 4
For filing same when returned with endorsement thereon	0 4
For transmitting summons to another Court for service on defendant as witness... ..	0 12
For issuing proclamation to compel attendance to give evidence or produce documents	1 4
For every order or warrant to enforce the attendance of a party as a witness	1 4
For preparing and issuing every commission for taking evidence of absent witness or for local enquiry or investigation of accounts... ..	4 0
For recording the return thereto or report thereon	1 8
For every judgment pronounced on final disposal of suit	4 0
For drawing up and engrossing every decree, per folio	1 0
For minuting and entering every decree... ..	0 12
For every certified copy of the decree or other proceedings, per folio	0 12
For recording every adjustment of a decree	1 4
For entering every note of application for execution... ..	1 0
For every notice for execution after a year or enforcement of decree against heir or representative	2 0
For preparing and issuing every writ, warrant, or order for the execution of a decree	5 0
For summons to party obstructing execution of decree	1 4
For filing same returned with endorsement thereon	0 4
For commitment of the party so obstructing... ..	1 4
For numbering and registering claim to land or other immovable property after execution issued	1 8
For numbering and registering application of party disposed of land or other immovable property in execution of a decree	1 8
For every decision, order, or decree upon such last-mentioned claim or application. ..	3 0
Order for sale or payment over of property attached when separately issued	2 0
For preparing and recording appointment of Manager... ..	3 0
For preparing and issuing order for withdrawal of attachment... ..	1 4
For receiving and recording claims to any property attached either before or after judgment	1 8
For preparing and issuing order confirming or setting aside sale	2 0
For preparing and issuing any writ or order respecting the delivery or transfer of property sold in execution	2 0
For preparing and issuing certificate of purchase... ..	2 0
For filing application for discharge from arrest in execution	0 8
Or from confinement under decree	1 0
For preparing certificate that satisfaction of decree has not been obtained	0 8
For transmitting same together with copy of decree and of order for execution... ..	1 0
On presentation of petition to sue in forma pauperis	0 8
For every order of reference... ..	2 0
For numbering and registering application to file agreement of reference... ..	0 8
For filing every agreement of reference... ..	0 8
For receiving and filing every award and proceedings connected therewith... ..	1 0

For numbering and registering application to file award... ..	RS. A. 0 8
For filing, numbering, and registering any agreement raising questions of law or fact... ..	1 8
For receiving and filing application for review of judgment... ..	1 0
For noting the application when granted... ..	0 8
For applying for records of any public Office or Court... ..	1 4
For every search in his Office each year	1 0
For every certificate not otherwise provided for, and not exceeding two folios	1 4
For every other folio... ..	0 8
For every Habeas Corpus... ..	3 0
For entering suit for final disposal	1 4
For calling on every suit for trial or argument set down for final disposal... ..	1 4
For attending with records or proceedings elsewhere than before the Court or a Judge	3 8
If out of the Court House	17 8
For filing and entering petition of appeal and every security on appeal... ..	3 8
For minuting allowance... ..	1 0
For drawing Judge's certificate of amount in dispute in appeal cases, and attending Judges with appeal papers... ..	4 0
For reducing into writing the examination of witnesses under a Mandamus or commission, if not exceeding two folios	2 0
For every additional folio... ..	1 0
For duplicates of such examinations when required, per folio... ..	0 8
For drawing Judge's certificate of return to Mandamus or commission from England when required, and attending Judges with same... ..	8 0
For every writ, precept, or other process not specially provided for... ..	3 0
For every oath administered in Court or as a Commissioner... ..	1 4
For filing every petition, affidavit, and verified declaration not specially provided for... ..	1 0
For filing every exhibit annexed to a petition, affidavit, or verified declaration	0 4
For amending plaint or any other proceedings when the amendments do not exceed one folio... ..	1 0
For every other folio	0 12
For filing and entering every cognovit and warrant of Attorney to confess judgment	1 8
For entering Judgment thereon	1 0

Fees to be taken by the Clerk of the Crown, subject in case Prisoners and Defendants, be remitted by the Court.

For every attendance before a Judge at the instance of a party	2 0
For minuting any motion	1 4
For a certificate	1 4
For filing every Judge's order, information, indictment in misdemeanor, affidavit, or other proceeding required to be filed	1 0
For drawing an order of Court	2 8
For office copies of all papers, other than depositions for the use of prisoners, per folio	0 12
For copies of depositions under Act XXII of 1839, per folio	0 2
For every recognizance, each person	2 8
For every appearance	1 4
For swearing in any Judicial or Ministerial Officer... ..	5 0
For attendance on striking a special Jury	10 0
For every search in his office	1 0
For issuing every Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, Certiorari, Attachment, Bench, Warrant and Commission to take Affidavits.	5 0
For every commitment, including filing when necessary... ..	2 8
For every witness sworn in private prosecutions	1 4
For every Subpoena for witnesses	1 4
For every rule to plead, reply, or return a writ	2 0
For signing every information granted by the Court	5 0
For issuing a Subpoena to answer information, &c.	2 8
For taking down the examinations of witnesses under a Mandamus, including engrossment, per folio... ..	1 0
For duplicate of such examinations, per folio... ..	0 12
For reading and marking each exhibit at the examination under a Mandamus	1 0

	RS. A.
For drawing Judge's certificate of return to a writ of Mandamus, where such certificate is required	5 0
For drawing Clerk of the Crown's certificate of like return, where such certificate is required	7 0
For every examination on interrogatories	10 0
For enrolling interrogatories and answers, per folio	1 0
For the report	10 0
For minuting and recording every acknowledgment of contempt	5 0
For attending out of the Court House on business incidental to his office	17 5

Fees to be taken by the Sheriff.

For serving every summons either to a party or a witness, for each person served...	1 4
For serving any notice, if required	1 4
For the actual execution of every writ, warrant, citation or other mandatory process not otherwise provided for	2 4
For every commitment charging defendant in custody or execution, or for discharging defendant out of custody	1 4
For return of every summons, writ, warrant, citation, or other process	1 0
For every certificate on partial return	0 12
For every other certificate	1 0
For every special return	2 0
For bringing into Court negotiable securities or other property	1 0
For every search in Sheriff's Office	1 0
For pondage on every debt levied not exceeding one thousand Rupees	5 per cent.
And on every further	2½ do.
For executing every writ or order for delivery of immovable property in execution where premises consist of a single parcel	5 0
For the like, where premises are situated in different places, for each parcel	3 5
For executing process or other matters beyond the Fort and Black Town of Madras in addition, per mile	1 0
For keeping possession of movable property, for every twenty-four hours	2 0
[Storing and expense of removal when necessary, to be paid in addition.]	
For executing every warrant or order for the attachment of property	2 4
Upon all sales by auction or of negotiable instruments or shares through a broker, the necessary expenses incidental to the mode of sale to be assessed by the Taxing Officer	
For executing every warrant or order for delivery of property to purchaser	3 5
For every advertisement besides the cost of insertion	2 5
For Bailiffs on actual arrest of the person	1 0
For detention of defendant in custody before commitment by order of Court or Judge, each day	2 0
Expenses of maintenance or other extra expenses to be assessed by the Taxing Officer.	
For forwarding any proceeding by letter, when required, in addition to other fees and postage	2 4
For copies of all papers from the Sheriff's Office, per folio	0 5

Fees to be taken by Judge's Clerk attending the sittings of a single Judge, and as a Commissioner.

For preparing and issuing every Judge's summons (inclusive of the Judge's signature)	2 0
For preparing and issuing every Judge's order or fiat (inclusive of the Judge's signature)	2 5
For obtaining Judge's signature to original summons to appear and answer plaint	1 4
For the like to every copy of same for service	0 12
For the like in all other cases when required	1 4
For every affidavit shown or every oath administered before a Judge or as Commissioner	1 4
For security or bail taken or justified before a Judge including the swearing of the sureties or witnesses	2 5
For every certificate	1 4
For every necessary attendance on the business of the suitors in Court or at the Offices of the Court	1 4

For the like as Clerk out of the Court House at the request of a party or his Attorney, an additional fee of	7 0
For every attendance out of the Court House as Commissioner in addition to all other fees, if within the limits of Madras	10 0
For every mile beyond those limits	2 0
For copies of proceedings if required, per folio	0 5

Fees to be taken for the Seal of the Court.

For the seal of the Court to every summons, writ, warrant, rule order, or other proceeding requiring the same, and not otherwise provided for	1 5
For the like to every injunction, decree, or order, in the nature of a decree or money order	2 5
For the like to every commission or order of reference	2 0
For the like to every writ of Habeas Corpus, Mandamus, or other extraordinary writ	2 5
For the like to probates or letters of administration	2 0
For the like on appeals to Her Majesty in Council	14 0
For the like to returns to writs of Mandamus, or Commissions from England	14 0
For the like to certificates and papers to be sent to England	7 0
For the like to certificates and papers sent to Mofussil Courts	3 5

Fees to be taken by the Interpreters.

For interpreting short or ordinary affidavits	1 4
For interpreting all other proceedings or any document, exhibit, or paper required to be interpreted, per folio	0 5
For interpreting before an Officer of the Court in the case of <i>rird roce</i> examinations reduced into writing, per folio	0 5
For interpreting every oath	1 0
For translation of papers, per folio	1 12
For attendance on the business of the suitors out of Court House, if within the Black Town and Fort, an additional fee of	5 0
For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort, an additional fee of	1 0
For the attendance of the swearing Moollah or swearing Brahmin with the Interpreters out of Court House	1 0
For all necessary copies, per folio	0 5

Fees to be taken by Attornies and Proctors.

For every authority or appointment to appear and act including attendances when not more than two parties sign the same	8 0
For the like where signed by more than two parties, an additional fee of	3 5
For letter before suit or other ordinary letter	2 0
For every other necessary letter, if long and special, discretionary.	
For drawing and subscribing every plaint, drawing every verified declaration, affidavit, and written statement, claim, petition, or application, or other proceeding in the Court not otherwise provided for, and for every amendment of the same when the written matter does not exceed one folio	2 0
For every additional folio	1 0
For receiving instructions for every plaint, claim, or agreement, under Section 323	10 0
For the like in special or difficult cases, discretionary.	
For attendance before Officer of Court to furnish security on plaint or other proceeding	1 4
For the like before a Judge or Officer of Court, if sureties or witness examined	4 0
For every engrossment or fair copy for filing, per folio	0 12
For every other copy when required, and not otherwise provided for, per folio	0 5
For every necessary attendance before a Judge on ordinary matters, or at the Offices of the Court	1 4
For the like before a Judge on special matters	3 5
For attendance in Court on common or unopposed motions or applications by Counsel	3 5
For the like on special motions	7 0
For attendance in Court on the hearing of suit set down for final disposal, each day	10 0
For attendance before Judge on settlement of issues if suit then finally disposed of	10 0
For the like on criminal trials or hearing of suits, intestate, testamentary, or matrimonial, each day	10 5
For attendance on the Grand Jury, including attendance on swearing the witnesses	5 0
For attendance each day the suit is in the paper of the day and not called on	5 0
For receiving instructions at the Attorney's Office not otherwise provided for	3 0

	RS.	A.
For the like in special or difficult cases, discretionary.		
For attendance on client at the client's house or elsewhere, out of the Attorney's Office, at the client's request	10	8
For attendance at Judge's house, on urgent occasions	15	0
For every necessary attendance upon the client not otherwise provided for ...	3	8
For the like if beyond the hour, the further fee of	3	8
For drawing claims to property attached either before or after judgment, not exceeding half a folio	1	0
When it exceeds half a folio and does not exceed one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For short notice, including copy and service when within the Black Town and Fort	2	8
For every mile beyond the Black Town and Fort	1	0
For long or special notices, including the same, discretionary.		
For every other service within two miles of the Black Town and Fort ...	1	4
For every additional mile beyond the Black Town and Fort ...	1	0
For drawing agreement on compromise, adjustment, or satisfaction of suit, not exceeding one folio...	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing notices to produce any document, writing, or other thing, not exceeding one folio	1	8
The like, if not exceeding three folios	2	8
The like, when more than three folios	4	0
For drawing issues of law or fact stated by agreement of parties in a suit and the agreement thereon not exceeding one folio ...	2	0
For every additional folio...	1	0
For attendance before Commissioners for examination of witnesses or for local investigations or investigation or adjustment of accounts or before arbitrators for each hour	7	0
For the like, if Counsel in attendance, for every hour	3	8
For the like attendance, if beyond the local jurisdiction of the Court, a reasonable allowance in addition for travelling and other expenses.		
For perusing papers and examining witnesses, &c., as instructions for brief ...	3	8
In extraordinary cases, or where many witnesses or documents, discretionary.		
For drawing brief, per folio	0	12
For fair copy of brief, per folio	0	8
For drawing and engrossing conveyance to be signed by Judge after decree, not exceeding one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing endorsement of negotiable instrument to be signed by Judge after decree, and for obtaining signature thereto, including attendances	3	8
For attending Sheriff or other Officer of the Court to receive money or Bank Notes on behalf of execution creditor, and giving receipt for the same ...	3	8
For preparing written authority to apply for order of reference including attendances	3	0
For drawing and engrossing agreement for reference to arbitration not exceeding one folio	2	0
For every additional folio	1	0
For drawing and engrossing agreement raising questions of law or fact for decision, not exceeding one folio	2	8
For every additional folio	1	0
For every necessary attendance at the Accountant General's Office, or the Government Treasury at the Bank of Madras.....	5	0
For every affidavit of service, including attendance	3	8
For copies of all papers requiring service not otherwise provided for, per folio ...	0	12
For special instructions to Counsel to move.....	3	8
For every bill of costs, including copy and service, per folio	1	0

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND,

(") A. BITTLESTON,

August 22nd, 1862.

(Signed) T. L. STRANGE,

(") H. D. PHILLIPS,

(") H. FRERE.

The above Table of Fees to be taken by the Officers and Attorneys and Proctors of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, has been sanctioned by the Governor in Council according to the provisions of Section 10, Act XX of 1862 of the Government of India.

(Signed) T. PYCROFT, Chief Secretary.

OFFICE AND DUTIES OF OFFICIAL TRUSTEE OF MADRAS.

It is hereby notified that the following Rules have been made by the Honorable the Chief Justice of Her Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Madras, under the power given by Act No. XVII of 1864, entitled "An Act to constitute an office of Official Trustee."

[General rules for the guidance and government of the office and duties of Official Trustee of Madras.]

I. The Official Trustee appointed under Act XVII of 1864, shall forthwith give security for the due execution of his office, in the sum of Rupees 50,000 in one or other of the modes following, viz., by the joint and several bond or bonds of himself and two or more approved sureties in the sum of Rupees 50,000; or by the deposit of Government securities for that amount; or partly by the deposit of Government securities and partly by the bond or bonds of himself and two or more approved sureties. Every such bond shall be entered into with the Chief Justice for the time being by his name of office, and his successors in the said office, or the Judge who shall at any time be performing the duties of Chief Justice.

II. The like security shall be given by every person who may be appointed to officiate in the absence of the Official Trustee under Section 7 of the Act.

III. The Official Trustee shall, with due diligence, cause all capital monies and trust funds received by or vesting in him to be invested in Government securities, unless otherwise ordered by the Court or provided by the deed or will creating the trust.

IV. Whenever, owing to doubts or disputes as to the person or persons beneficially entitled, or for any other cause, there shall remain in the hands of the Official Trustee a cash balance of Rupees 500 belonging to any trust estate, he shall without delay invest the same in Government securities.

V. The Official Trustee shall procure all Government and other securities which may be issued or given to him on account of any trust estate and every transfer of the same, whether by endorsement or otherwise, to be made in his name of office.

VI. The Official Trustee shall not at any time retain in his keeping a larger sum in cash than Rupees 300. All sums received by him shall from time to time be lodged in the Bank of Madras to credit of a separate and distinct account to be kept by him as Official Trustee with the said Bank and shall be drawn against when necessary in his name of office.

VII. All Government securities and Bank, Railway, or other shares coming into the possession of the Official Trustee shall forthwith be lodged by him in his name of office as Official Trustee with the Bank of Madras and there kept for safe custody; except when it may be necessary for the Official Trustee to retain such securities or shares for a temporary purpose.

VIII. The Official Trustee shall make remittances on account of persons in Europe to the Treasury at the India Office by Government Bills at the rate of exchange settled for the re-payment of advances made in India.

IX. The Official Trustee shall keep the following books of account:—

1. A Day book in which every transaction shall be entered as it occurs.
2. A Receipt book containing skeleton forms of receipts with counterfoils numbered consecutively in print. These forms shall be used for all receipts given for cash and Government or other securities.
3. A Cash book to be balanced monthly.
4. A Ledger which shall contain a separate account with each trust estate showing a detailed debit and credit of items, and also an account with the Bank of Madras. The dates of receipts and payments and the number of the voucher for each payment, as well as the amounts of Government and other securities and of the cash transactions, shall appear in separate columns, and each account in the Ledger shall be balanced on the 31st of December in every year.
5. A Commission book showing the sums received and invested on account of each trust estate with the amount of commission payable to the Official Trustee.

6. A book containing entries of all payments made by the Official Trustee to the Bank of Madras on account of sums remitted through the India Office to persons resident in Europe.
7. A book in which shall be entered a copy of all accounts delivered from the office of the Official Trustee.
8. A book in which shall be entered the particulars of all Government securities, Bank shares and other securities deposited in the Bank of Madras or forwarded for renewal, or which may be in the possession of the Official Trustee.

X. Any person seeking to inspect the books and accounts of the Official Trustee, or to inspect and make copies or extracts of his annual schedules filed in the High Court, must apply for an order of the Chief Justice through the Judge's Clerk, and such application shall be by a short petition stating the particular trust estate in which the applicant is interested; the nature of his interest; and the ground upon which he makes the application.

XI. The foregoing rules, excepting Rules I and II shall apply to the Official Trustee appointed under Act XVII of 1843, in the execution of the trusts continuing vested in him.

C. H. SCOTLAND.

January 9th, 1865.

NEW JURY RULES IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT MADRAS.

It is ordered that from and after the first day of January 1866, the following shall be the Rules in force in the High Court respecting the summoning, empanelling, qualification, and service of Jurors within the local limits of the Courts ordinary original Jurisdiction.

Qualification. 1. Except as hereinafter provided, the following persons shall be qualified and liable to serve as Jurors.

1st. All persons whose names are on the present list of Jurors.

2ndly. All male persons who are resident householders within the limits of Madras and occupy a house or tenement of the monthly value of 30 Rs., or of the annual value of 300 Rs., or whose property or interest in lands, tenements, or goods, would be worth the sum of 3,000 Rupees after the payment of their just debts.

3rdly. All other male persons above the age of 21 resident within the limits of Madras, whose character and education render them in the judgment of the Clerk of the Crown, fit persons to serve as Jurors.

Disqualifications. II. The following persons shall be incapable of serving as Jurors:—

1st. All persons under the age of 21 years.

2ndly. All persons who hold any office or employment in or under the said High Court or under any Officer thereof.

3rdly. All persons executing any duties of Police or entrusted with any Police functions.

4thly. All persons who have been convicted of any offence against the State, or of any fraudulent or infamous offence, or of any other offence which, in the judgment of the Clerk of the Crown, renders them unfit to serve as Jurors.

5thly. All persons who are afflicted with any infirmity of body or mind, sufficient to incapacitate them from serving as Jurors.

6thly. All persons who are unable to understand the English language.

7thly. All persons who by habit or religious vows have relinquished all care of worldly affairs.

III. The following persons are exempted from the liability to serve on Juries; namely, the Governor and all the Peers; the Members of the Executive and Legislative Councils; the Chief Secretary and other Secretaries to Government; the Accountant General, the Deputy Accountant General and the Examiner of Claims for the time being; the Judges of the Court of Small Causes; the Coroner; the Secretary to the Board of Revenue; the Secretary to the Bank of Madras; the Manager of the Board of Revenue; the Appraiser and Head Manager of the Sea Customs Office; the

Uncovenanted First Assistant and the Registrar in each Department of the Government Secretariat; the Manager and the Head Clerk of the Adjutant General's Office; the Principal Accountant and the Registrar of the Military Auditor General's Office; the Manager of the Army Clothing Agent's Office; the head Accountant and the Manager of the Current Department of the Commissary General's Office; the Manager of the Postmaster General's Office; the 2nd Uncovenanted Assistant, the Head Auditor and Accountant and the Manager in the Office of the Controller of P. W. Accounts; all persons in Her Majesty's Naval or Military Service; all persons employed in the Pilot Service; all Clergymen, and all such Dissenting Ministers as are actually attached to or employed in any public place of Religious worship, and who follow no other secular employment but that of teaching; all Bramins, Moollahs and other Hindus and Mahomedans actually officiating as Priests in their respective Religions; all Advocates, Vakeels, and Attornies of the High Court; Physicians, Surgeons, and Apothecaries actually practising as such; all persons above 60 years of age, and all persons exempted by Government from personal appearance in the High Court under Sec. 22 of Act 8 of 1859, or any other similar enactment.

IV. The Sheriff shall, before the 20th day of February in each year, prepare and submit to the Clerk of the Crown a full and accurate list, in alphabetical order, of all persons appearing to him after due enquiry to be qualified and liable under the foregoing rules to serve as Jurors, and such list shall contain in separate columns opposite to each person's name, his proper style, addition, or calling, his place of residence, the country of his birth, his religious profession, and his qualification to serve on Juries: and such list shall be signed by the Sheriff, and a copy of the same forthwith affixed to some conspicuous part of the Court House.

V. On receiving such list from the Sheriff, it shall be the duty of the Clerk of the Crown to examine the same, and to make any additions, corrections, or alterations therein, that may (after further enquiry if need be) appear to be necessary or proper; and before the 1st day of April in each year finally to settle the same as the general list of Jurors according to the best of his judgment and discretion, and sign the same.

VI. The said general list of Jurors having been so prepared and finally settled and signed, it shall be the further duty of the Clerk of the Crown, before the 15th day of April in each year, to take therefrom the names of such persons as he may think fit (regard being had to their property, character, and education,) and to enter the said names in the Special Jurors' list, as directed by Section 15 of Act 13 of 1865: Provided that it shall not be necessary to keep the names in the Special Jurors' list at the maximum number of 200.

VII. Any person whose name is improperly inserted or omitted, or who is wrongly or defectively described in the list of Jurors may, on or before the 15th of March in each year, apply to the Clerk of the Crown to correct the said list by striking out or adding his name or otherwise amending the same.

VIII. The Clerk of the Crown shall cause the said lists to be fairly and truly copied in a Book, and on or before the 1st day of June shall deliver a copy thereof signed by him to the Sheriff, and the said Book so prepared in each year as aforesaid shall from the 1st day of June for twelve months next ensuing be deemed and taken to contain true lists of all persons qualified and liable to serve on Special and Common Juries in the High Court, and the High Court hereby enquires of all Justices of the Peace, and Constables, and other Officers employed in the conservation of the Peace, and of all persons having in their keeping or profession any public Books, Assessment, or Registry, that for the purpose of enabling the Clerk of the Crown and Sheriff to prepare the aforementioned lists, they be aiding and assisting unto them.

IX. Of the seventy-two Common Jurors summoned by the Sheriff for each Sessions, one-third at least must be of that class of persons usually designated in the Statutes relating to India, by the term "British Subjects," and one-third at least must be of the class of Natives, and of the 36 Special Jurors so summoned, one-third at least must be of the said Class of "British Subjects." Every summons to Jurors shall be served ten clear days before the 1st day of Sessions.

X. The name of each Common Juror summoned to serve at any Criminal Sessions of the High Court, with the place of his abode and addition, shall be written on a distinct piece of parchment or card, such pieces of parchment or card, being all as nearly as may be of the same size; and the said pieces of parchment or card shall according to the prac-

tice hitherto in force in the said Court be kept in three boxes, one box containing the names of all Jurors of the said class of "British Subjects," a second box containing the names of the all Jurors of the class of East Indians, and the third box containing the names of the Native Jurors; and in drawing the said pieces of parchment from the said boxes for the purpose of forming a Common Jury for the trial of any case (or cases,) the Clerk of the Crown shall follow the practice heretofore adopted in the said Court, so that when practicable the Jury for the trial of each case shall consist of three "British Subjects," six East Indians and three Natives.

XI. In like manner the name of each Special Juror summoned to serve at any Criminal Sessions of the High Court, with the place of his abode and addition, shall be written on a distinct piece of parchment or card; but the said pieces of parchment of card shall be put together in one box; from which the Clerk of the Crown shall draw out as many as may be necessary one after another for the purpose of forming a Special Jury for the trial of any case, provided that, when practicable, there shall be at least three Natives on each Special Jury.

XII. When it shall appear to the Court or any Judge thereof proper and necessary that some of the Jurors who are to try any case should have a view of the place in question, in every such case the Court or a Judge may order a Rule to be drawn up containing the terms usual in England, and also requiring, if such Court or Judge shall so think fit, the party applying for the view to deposit in the hands of the Sheriff a sum of money to be named in the Rule for payment of the expenses of the view, and directing a writ to issue by which the Sheriff shall be commanded to have six or more of the Jurors named in such writ or in the Panel thereto annexed (who shall be mutually consented to by the parties, or, if they cannot agree, shall be nominated by the Sheriff) at the place in question, some convenient time before the trial, who then and there shall have the place in question shown to them by two persons in the said writ named, to be appointed by the Court or Judge, and the Sheriff shall by a special return upon the same certify that the view hath been had according to the Command of the same, and shall specify the names of the viewers; and these men who shall have had the view, or such of them as shall appear upon the Jury to try the case, shall be first sworn, and so many only shall be added to the viewers who shall appear, as shall after all defaulters and challenges allowed, make up the full Jury of twelve.

XIII. There shall be no award that any of the by-standers be sworn upon the Jury in any case, except it be by consent of the Advocate General or Crown Prosecutor, and the person or persons charged; provided also that in the case of a Special Jury the talesmen shall be taken from the list of Common Jurors summoned to serve at the same Sessions.

XIV. At each Sessions, the Clerk of the Crown shall make a minute of the name of those who shall serve at such Sessions, and immediately after shall give a copy of the same to the Under-Sheriff, and no Juror who has served shall be summoned again within twelve months unless for want of other Jurors.

XV. All those who shall be lawfully summoned to serve on Juries, and shall refuse or neglect to attend, shall be punished by fine or imprisonment as for a contempt, unless it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Court that the name of the person ought to be erased from the list of Jurors, or that the Juror had some sufficient excuse for non-attendance.

(Signed) C. H. SCOTLAND,
(") A. BITTLESTON,
(") H. FRERE,
(") Wm. HOLLOWAY,
(") L. C. INNES.

(A True Copy.)

(Signed) P. O'SULLIVAN,

Acting Clerk of the Crown.

MADRAS COURT OF SMALL CAUSES.

(Established under the provisions of Act IX of 1850—6th December 1850.)
(Extended under Act XXVI of 1865.)

Vide Supplement to the Gazette of 26th October 1852, No. 2,530, page 1.

COURT HOUSE, SECOND LINE, NORTH BEACH.

Court sits daily except on Sundays and authorized holidays.

The Chief Clerk's Office is open every day, except Sundays and holidays,
from 10 A. M. to 4 P. M.

T. M. Busteed, Esq.....First Judge.
G. E. Cowe, Esq.....Judge. *Europe S. L.*
C. V. Runganadha Shastry, Esq.....do.
J. Maskell, Esq.....Acting do.

Officers of the Court.

Daniel Shaw, Esq.....Chief Clerk.
K. Vadachella Moodelliar.....Assistant Clerk and Cashier.
P. Runganada Moodelliar.....Chief Interpreter.
Syed Goolam Ally Saib.....Persian do.
P. Calastree Naidoo.....Manager.
T. Vencatasawmy Naidoo.....First Judge's Clerk.
K. Nadamooney Naidoo.....Judge's Clerk.
P. Pushpam Moodelly.....Assistant do.
A. Doorasawmy Moodelly.....do. do.
P. C. Annasawmy Pillay.....do. do.
N. Neelacunda Pillay.....Translator.
M. Sabapathy Moodelly.....Record-keeper.
Messrs. R. P. Carr and Co.....Brokers and Appraisers.
Mr. H. Allen.....European Bailiff.
„ J. W. Jansen.....do.
„ M. Matthews.....do.
„ A. Howorth.....Court-keeper and Crier.
„ J. Berryman.....Keeper of the Gaol.

SCHEDULE OF FEES UNDER ACT IX OF 1850. SCHEDULE OF FEES UNDER ACT XXVI OF 1864.

Sums not above.	Every Summons or Subpoena.	Warrant.	Sums not above.	Every Summons or Subpoena.	Warrant.
Rupees.	Rupees Annas.	Rupees Annas.	Rupees	Rupees Annas.	Rupees Annas.
10	0 2	0 2	600	2 4	6 0
20	0 4	0 4	700	2 8	7 0
50	0 8	0 8	800	2 12	8 0
100	1 0	1 0	900	3 0	9 0
200	1 4	2 0	1,000	3 4	10 0
300	1 8	3 0			
400	1 12	4 0			
500	2 0	5 0			

INSOLVENT DEBTORS' COURT.

Chief Clerk... Arthur M. Ritchie, Esq. Appointed 1863.
 Official Assignee... Benjamin Brooks, Esq. do 1856.

RULES AND ORDERS OF THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS'
 AT MADRAS.

ORDO CURIAE, 22ND DECEMBER 1848.

The Rules and Orders now in force for regulating the proceedings of the Court, for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, shall be and the same are hereby repealed on and after the 1st day of January 1849, and the following Rules and Orders are hereby made for regulating the proceedings of the said Court on and after the 1st day of January 1849.

I. All Summons, Precepts, Rules, Orders and other Process to be issued by the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors at Madras, shall be prepared, made out and signed by the principal Officer of the said Court, who shall be called the Chief Clerk—and all Petitions, Affidavits, and other proceedings shall be filed by the said Chief Clerk of Record. The Office of the said Chief Clerk shall be opened every Monday and Thursday between the hours of 10 in the forenoon, and 4 in the afternoon, and on such other days and at such hours as the Court shall hereafter direct; and the Office of the Official Assignee shall be opened every day (Sundays and Public Holidays excepted) from 12 till 2.

II. In every case the Attorney shall personally, and not by his Clerk or any other person except the retainer of a Prisoner, and the Prisoner shall sign the retainer, and at same time the Attorney shall sign his acceptance thereof. Provided that in case of the illness of such Attorney or his absence from Madras, such retainer may be received and accepted for him by some other Attorney of the Court personally, the cause thereof being stated in such acceptance.

III. The Attorney of every Prisoner, and all opposing Creditors whose Costs are ordered to be paid by the Insolvent or out of the Insolvent's Estate, and all other persons requiring their Bills of Costs to be taxed, shall cause their respective bills to be taxed by the Master of the High Court.

IV. No Attorney shall directly or indirectly employ the Gaoler, Deputy Gaoler, or any Prisoner, or other person confined or residing within the said Gaol, as Clerk or Agent to solicit retainers—or to transact any business whatever relating to proceedings in the said Court touching the relief or discharge of any Prisoner, and no Attorney shall continue to practice in the said Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors whilst he shall himself be a Prisoner.

V. In all cases there shall be filed with the Petition a Certificate from the Gaoler, of the day or days and cause or causes of detainer against the Prisoner.

VI. The Chief Clerk upon the filing in his Office of the Schedule of Debts and Effects of any Insolvent Debtor in custody, shall forthwith cause a copy of such parts thereof as contain the particulars of the Insolvent's Estate and Effects and of the Debts stated to be owing to him, to be made out, and delivered to the Official Assignee.

VII. Notice of the filing of every Petition and Schedule and of every adjudication of an Act of Insolvency where an adjudication has been pronounced and of the time and place appointed for the hearing of the matters of the Insolvency, and that an order has been made by the Court for vesting the Estate and Effects of such Insolvent in the Official Assignee, shall be given to Creditors, and persons claiming to be Creditors, whether such Debts are admitted or disputed in the Schedule in the following manner:—

In cases where the Creditors or persons claiming to be Creditors are resident within the local limits of Madras, such notice shall be served personally upon such Creditors or persons claiming to be Creditors and also upon the Attorney of any detaining Creditor suing by Attorney twenty-one days at least before the day of hearing. In cases where the Creditors or persons claiming to be Creditors reside beyond those limits in any part of the Territories of the East India Company, such notice shall be sent by the ordinary post. And in all cases notice to the like effect shall be published in two successive numbers of the *Fort St. George Gazette*, which shall be published next after the making of the vesting order, or of the appointment of the day for hearing—unless in any case the Court shall otherwise direct. All Affidavits of the service of such Notices as are required by Rule VII, shall be prepared and left with the Chief Clerk one week before the day of hearing.

VIII. Where a vesting order of the Estate of a Prisoner has been made on the Petition of a Creditor, notice thereof, together with an order to file a Schedule shall forthwith be given to such prisoner by service of a copy of the same: and delivery to the Gaoler shall be deemed good service of such notice and order upon the prisoner in such case.

IX. The appearance at the hearing of any Creditor or other person entitled to notice shall be deemed a waiver by him, her, or them of such notice when there shall have been none, of any defect or irregularity in the form of service thereof, unless the Court shall otherwise direct.

X. The Proof of Notices published in the *Gazette* of the Presidency shall be by the production of the said *Gazette* without other proof, and the proof of other Notices shall be ordinarily by affidavit unless the Court shall think fit to call for *vide roce* testimony, in which case the deposition of the witness shall be taken in writing by the Chief Clerk of the Court.

XI. No Creditor shall be allowed at the hearing, to oppose the discharge of a Prisoner unless he shall have served the prisoner with notice of his intention to oppose him, stating in such notice the specific grounds of his opposition, three clear days before the day of hearing, and also shall have left a like notice at the Office of the Chief Clerk, before the day of hearing. Provided always that the Court in its discretion may allow other grounds of opposition to be gone into.

XII. At the hearing, the examination of the Prisoner by the Court shall be taken down in writing by the Chief Clerk, and shall be signed by the prisoner and filed in Court.

XIII. In all cases of opposition to the discharge of an Insolvent where the Insolvent's Petition shall be dismissed, the Court shall, if it think fit, order the costs of the opposing Creditor or Creditors to be paid by the Insolvent.

XIV. The Official Assignee shall be entitled to five per cent. commission on the principal sum forming the proceeds of each Estate distributable as dividends; and if such commission shall not produce Rupees two hundred in any one month, his remuneration shall be made up to this amount by taking the sum required for that purpose out of the Interest of the Government Securities in which his collections are invested.

XV. The Official Assignee, and every person who shall hereafter be appointed to that office previously to his admission thereto, shall give good and sufficient security by Bond to the Chief Justice for the payment of such sum of money as the Court shall direct with two or more able sureties to be approved by the Master; which Bond shall be conditioned for his duty accounting for and administering all Estates committed to his charge as Official Assignee, and the same shall be deposited with and kept by the Accountant General subject to the order of the Court.

XVI. The Official Assignee shall proceed with all diligence to collect and get in the Estate and Effects of Insolvent persons, committed to his charge, and shall pay in or deposit the same in the Hon'ble Company's Treasury with the privy of the Accountant General, retaining in his hands from time to time such sums only as may be necessary for immediate purposes, provided nevertheless that the Official Assignee shall at no time retain in his hands a larger sum than two thousand Rupees in the whole without the order of the Court.

XVII. Whenever it shall become necessary for the Official Assignee to obtain any Money, Bonds, or other Securities out of the Hon'ble Company's Treasury, for the purpose of distributing the same amongst the creditors entitled thereto, the mode of obtaining such Money, Bonds and Securities, shall be by order of the Court for the relief of Insolvent Debtors, signed by Chief Clerk, and countersigned by one of the Judges, for the payment and delivery of the said Money, Bonds and Securities to the Official Assignee, which Order shall be by him presented to the Accountant General and Treasurer in the same manner as any order of the High Court of Madras for the payment out of the Treasury of Money, Effects or Securities of the suitors of the High Court under order of the said Court.

XVIII. The Official Assignee shall enter into a Book to be kept by him for that purpose separate and distinct accounts of each Estate under his charge, and of all such sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities for money, goods, effects and things as shall come to his hands or to the hands of any persons employed by him, or in trust for him as such Official Assignee, and likewise of all payments made by him, for and on account of the said Estates, specifying the dates of such receipts and payments respectively.

XIX. The Official Assignee shall twice in every year, that is, on the first day of January and the first day of July, or on the first day after those days on which the Court for relief of Insolvent Debtors shall be sitting, exhibit and deliver in open Court a true and perfect Schedule of all sums of Money, Bonds and other Securities received on

account of each Estate remaining under his charge together with the payments made thereout during the preceding half-year, and the balance; and also of all Estates wherein dividends shall have been ordered to be paid and shall have been paid over to persons entitled to the same during the preceding half-year, specifying the amount of such dividends; which Schedule shall on and after the 1st day of January 1849 be in the form following:—

Part 1. Containing the particulars of all Estates committed to his charge since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule.

Part 2. Containing the particulars of all Estates committed to his charge prior to such last mentioned period, on account of which he shall have received any Money, Bonds or other Securities subsequently to such last mentioned period.

Part 3. Containing all Estates wherein dividends shall have been paid over to the parties entitled thereto since the period of exhibiting his last preceding Schedule, specifying the amount paid, and the amount remaining unpaid.

XX. Previous to the Official Assignee exhibiting and delivering in open Court his Schedule in pursuance of the preceding Rule, he shall lay the same, together with the accounts of each Estate and the Vouchers relating thereto, before the Master, in order that such Schedule may be examined and the several Vouchers compared with the accounts of the Estates therein described.

XXI. In all cases where the Court shall direct that the Estate and Effects of any Insolvent shall be received by the Official Assignee and any special Assignee or Assignees jointly, all monies, jewels and securities for money belonging to each Estate shall within seven days after the receipt thereof be paid or delivered and be kept in deposit in the Bank of Madras, and no part thereof shall be withdrawn therefrom, but upon the Order in writing of all such Assignees, or of any two of them of whom the Official Assignee shall be one.

XXII. The Chief Clerk, shall immediately after the hearing of any Insolvent upon his Petition, and after the adjudication of the Court thereon, deliver over to the Official Assignee the Schedule of the Insolvent, which shall be thereafter kept in the office of the Official Assignee. Provided that, if the Schedule be required by the Chief Clerk for any temporary purpose, it shall be delivered out to him as often as may be necessary, and shall be restored to the custody of the Official Assignee so soon as such purpose has been fulfilled.

XXIII. That every Insolvent shall file with his Schedule a general balance sheet of his receipts and expenditure, which accounts shall in no case commence later than twelve Calendar months before the filing of the Schedule. But if at any time subsequent to the date of the earliest debt in the Schedule any property shall have gone from the Insolvent by Sale, Assignment, Mortgage, Distress, Execution, or by any means other than the ordinary course of trade or living, the account shall commence so as to include all such transactions; and every Insolvent shall also state in the said general balance sheet the cause of his present Insolvency and the amount of debts if any still due by him under any prior Insolvency.

XXIV. That no dividend shall be reserved for any disputed claim or debt, that shall not have been substantiated before or at the sitting of the Court, at which the dividend shall be declared, unless the Court shall direct such reservation to be made.

XXV. That the Court in its discretion and if it thinks fit to award any costs may do so against, or to any Assignee, any Insolvent finally discharged, any Petitioner for Revocation of Adjudication, any Creditor or any person interested in an Insolvent Estate applying, opposing, or appearing on any application and either out of the Estate or out of the private monies of any such person or party and may direct to what amount, how, when and in what manner, and by whom the same shall be paid, recovered or retained.

XXVI. That the Official Assignee shall be at liberty to apply to the High Court or to the Insolvent Court to permit him to proceed in Equity or at law or in the Ecclesiastical or Admiralty jurisdiction or to defend any suit or action or take or defend any proceedings without the payment of any fees of office to the officers of the High Court or Insolvent Court, in respect of any demand, claim, or right against or belonging to any Insolvent Estate, wherein no assets have been received, and wherein there are no assets expected or recoverable except such as shall be the subject of such suit or action. Provided always that such fees shall be a primary charge on and payable out of the assets recovered therein.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

GOVERNED BY THE MADRAS MUNICIPAL ACT, No. IX of 1865.

OFFICE—No. 22, ERRAR BAULOO CHETTY STREET, BLACK TOWN.

Commissioners.

Lieut. Col. J. Temple, President.	} Paid.	J. G. Coleman, Esq.	} Honorary.
B. Cardozo, Esq.		Janay Jehan Khan Bahadoor, Esq.	
S. Jesudasan Pillay, Esq.		C. Parthasarady Naidoogaru, Esq.	

Officers.

G. R. Leggett, Esq., Civil Engineer.	
N. Bazley, Esq., Acting Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes.	
Mr. Samuel Sayers, Officiating Manager.	
Mr. J. Tavagnan,	} House Rates, Distraining Officers.
" J. Walker,	
" J. C. Doggett,	
" F. D'Rozario,	
	} Inspectors of Vehicles and Animals.

TAX ON ARTS, PROFESSIONS, TRADES AND CALLINGS.

	CLASS I.	Yearly Rs.
Every Joint Stock Company whose capital exceeds 10 lakhs.	...	200
" " " is above 2 and under 10 lakhs	...	100
" " " is 2 lakhs or under	...	50

CLASS II.

Every person holding a Civil appointment under Government, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other Public Company or Trading Firm, whose salary amounts to Rupees 300 a month or upwards. Every Merchant, Banker, Sowcar, Wholesale Trader, Commission Agent. Every Practising Barrister, Attorney at Law, Proctor, Notary Public, Pleader of the High Court. Every Practising Surgeon, Physician, Dentist, Architect, Civil Engineer. Every owner or farmer of a private or public market. Every owner of a Printing Press, of a Screw Press, or Presses for Cotton, Jute, Oil, Hides or other materials, of a Coffee-cleaning Establishment, Saw Mill, and every Auctioneer. Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper, Manufacturer, Artisan or Trader, the gross rental of whose shop or place of business is estimated at 500 Rupees a year or upwards.—Rupees 50.

CLASS III.

Every person holding a Civil appointment under Government, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other Public Company or Trading Firm, whose salary amounts to Rupees 400 a month and is less than Rupees 800 a month. Every Practising Licentiate of Medicine, Apothecary and Veterinary Surgeon. Every keeper of a Spirit Shop, Punch House, or Billiard Room, or Wholesale Produce Depot. Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding House-keeper, Shop-keeper or Retail-dealer, Manufacturer, Artisan or Trader, the gross rental of whose shop or place of business is estimated at more than 100 Rupees, but less than 500 Rupees a year. Every Pleader and Practising Vakeel, not included in Class II. Every Broker, or other person employed in the transfer or purchase of Imports or Exports, or in the sale of Government Securities, Shares and Bills of Exchange, or in procuring freight.—Rupees 25.

CLASS IV.

Every person holding a Civil appointment under Government, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other Public Company or Trading Firm, whose salary amounts to Rupees 100 a month and is less than Rupees 400 a month. Every Hotel-keeper, Boarding and Lodging House-keeper, Shop-keeper, or Retail-dealer, Manufacturer, Artisan or Trader, not included in Class II or Class III. Every keeper of a permanent Stall at a Public Market. Every Native Doctor not included in any other Class. Every Pawnbroker and every Trader, Artisan or Merchant having a shop or place of business, not included in Class III.—Rupees 12.

CLASS V.

Every person holding a Civil appointment under Government, or in the service of any Joint Stock or other Public Company or Trading Firm, whose salary amounts to Rupees 50 a month and is less than Rupees 100 a month. Every Retail dealer, Manufacturer, Artisan, Trader or keeper of a shop not included in any other Class, or Money Changer. Every Pedlar, Hawker, or Itinerant dealer.—Rupees 4.

These taxes are payable in two equal half-yearly instalments, of which the first shall be payable on or before the 1st of June, and the second on or before the 1st December in each year. The Municipal Commissioners shall determine under which of the classes mentioned above every person liable to be taxed shall be assessed. A person who carries on several kinds of business, and may come under more than one of the designations, shall be chargeable only under one of such designations, at the discretion of the Municipal Commissioners. On or about the first day of May in every year, the Municipal Commissioners shall prepare a list of the persons to be taxed for the ensuing year; which list shall state the profession, trade, or calling of each of the persons therein named, the class under which he is assessed, and the sum payable by him; and such list shall be filed in the office of the said Municipal Commissioners, and shall be open to public inspection at all reasonable times.

Taxes on Carriages, Horses and other Animals.

	Half-yearly.
R. A.	
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by two horses.....	9 0
For every 4-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by one horse, or pony or a pair of ponies under thirteen hands.....	4 8
For every 2-wheeled carriage on springs drawn by a horse, or pony, mule or bullocks.....	3 0
For every horse.....	4 8
For every pony under thirteen hands, or mule.....	1 8
For every elephant.....	12 0
For every camel.....	6 0
For every pony under eleven hands.....	0 8
Every bullock.....	0 8
Every male buffalo.....	0 8
Every ass.....	0 4
Every dog.....	0 4

Carts and other wheeled vehicles, without springs, kept within the town, have to be registered in the office of the Municipal Commissioners, with the name and residence of the owner, and the number of such registration, if affixed to them. The registration is made and numbers assigned half-yearly upon such days as the Commissioner shall notify, and such fee as they shall fix, not exceeding 2 Rupees, shall be paid for each registration. Any person becoming possessed of an unregistered cart, &c., shall, within fifteen days, register the same and pay the fee for the current half-year. When any registered cart or other vehicles is transferred within any half-year, it shall be registered anew in the name of the person to whom it has been transferred, and a fee not exceeding 4 Annas shall be paid for every such registration.

Officers doing regimental duty at the Presidency are allowed to keep a horse and a carriage free from tax. Vehicles kept for sale and not used for any other purpose, if the property of, and kept by, *bond fide* dealers in such vehicles, are likewise exempt.

The owner of every carriage, horse, &c., shall, on or before the 1st day of May and the 1st day of November in each year, send to the office of the Commissioners a statement in writing signed by him, containing a description of the vehicles and animals liable to the tax, for which he desires to take out a license, and, at the same time, pay to the Municipal Commissioners the half-yearly taxes payable by him, on which a license for each of the vehicles and animals for the period in respect of which the money is received will be given him, which he shall produce when called upon to do so by the Commissioners or any person duly authorized in writing by them to demand its production.

Any person becoming possessed of a carriage or animal within thirty days of becoming so possessed, must send to the office of the Municipal Commissioners a similar statement, together with the full amount payable for the then current half-year. No person shall be liable to be taxed for any carriage or animal which shall have been in his possession for thirty days only, or any less period in any half-year.

All carriages kept for the purpose of being let out for hire by the day or trip shall, under a penalty for omission, bear a registration number in such manner as the Municipal Commissioners shall direct. The Commissioners, at their discretion, may compound for any period not exceeding one year with livery stable-keepers and other persons keeping carriages or animals aforesaid for hire, for a certain sum to be paid for the carriages or animals so kept by such persons, in lieu of the taxes above specified. And if any person, having so compounded, shall refuse to pay the sum compounded for on the demand of the Commissioners, he will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding three times the amount so payable.

Tolls payable for Carriages and other Vehicles, and for Animals entering the Town.

	RS.	A.	P.
On every 4 wheeled-carriage on springs..... each	0	4	0
" do. 2 do. do. on do..... "	0	2	0
" do. hackery or cart drawn by men, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses or mules, laden..... "	0	2	0
" do. do. not laden..... "	0	1	0
" do. buffalo or bullock, laden..... "	0	0	6
" do. horse, laden, or ridden..... "	0	1	0
" do. horse not laden, or ridden..... "	0	0	6
" do. pony or ass, laden or ridden..... "	0	0	6
" do. elephant..... "	0	8	0
" do. camel..... "	0	1	0

Tolls are not payable by carriages, carts, and animals licensed or registered by the Commissioners: and no more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for and in respect of any carriage, cart, or animal, in any one period of twenty-four hours, counted from midnight to midnight. In case of non-payment of any toll on demand, the officers appointed to collect the same may seize any carriage or animal on which it is chargeable, or any part of its burden, of sufficient value to defray the toll, and if any toll, together with the cost arising from such seizure, remains undischarged for forty-eight hours, the Municipal Commissioners may sell the property seized for discharge of the toll, and all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure and sale. Any balance that may remain shall be returned, on demand, if made within six months, but not otherwise, to the owner of the property.

House Assessment.

A rate of 7½ per cent, on the annual value of houses, buildings, and lands, shall be levied: but it shall be at the option of the Commissioners, in lieu of such rate, to levy upon any lands unappropriated to any building or premises, or upon any native huts with their appurtenances, a fixed annual rate, not exceeding 4 Rupees, for every ground occupied by them, respectively. Any rate levied shall be due and payable by the owners of the said houses, buildings, lands and huts, respectively, from and after the end of the first quarter of the year. The Commissioners may exempt from assessment any house, building, or land, the annual value whereof is less than 14 Rupees, if the same be the sole rateable property of the owner. Houses, buildings and lands situate in Fort Saint George, and buildings ordinarily used as places of public worship, shall not be liable to any rate. When any house shall have been vacant for sixty consecutive days during any year, the Commissioners shall remit so much, not exceeding one-half of the rate of that year, as may be proportionate to the number of days the said house may have remained unoccupied; provided that the owner of such house, or his agent, shall have given to the Commissioners notice in writing of the vacancy thereof, and that the amount of rate to be remitted shall be calculated from the date of the delivery of such notice.

The estimated gross annual rent at which houses, buildings and lands, liable to the rates or rates imposed under this Act upon houses, buildings and lands, according to the annual value thereof, might reasonably be expected to let from year to year, shall, for the purposes, of the rates leviable under this Act, be held and deemed to be the annual value of such houses, buildings and lands. The value of a house or building so estimated shall not include the value of any machinery contained therein.

The annual value at which lands, houses, buildings, or huts, with their appurtenances, are to be assessed, or the area on which they are to be rated under this Act, shall be fixed by the Commissioners; and such lands, houses, buildings and huts, with their appurtenances, shall be assessed or rated upon the value or the area so fixed, and, for such

purpose the Commissioners may divide the town into such and so many districts as they may think fit, and may proceed to make a separate valuation or measurement, district by district.

The annual value assessed, or the area fixed by the Commissioners as hereinbefore provided, shall be entered in a book to be kept at the office of the Commissioners, wherein shall also be written in distinct columns the name of the owner of the property; or if the occupier, and not the owner, is the person liable to pay the rate, the name of the occupier, designation of the property, either by name or number sufficient to identify the same, together with the name of the street or district in which such property is situate, and the amount of the rate assessed or fixed thereon.

Appeals.

Appeals against any rate or tax assessed or demanded by the Commissioners shall be heard and determined by two Magistrates; but no such appeal shall be heard unless the amount of the rate or tax has been deposited with the Commissioners; and no appeal against a rate assessed by the Commissioners shall be heard, unless complaint has been previously made to the Commissioners: provided that such Magistrates may, if they shall think fit, state a case for the opinion of the High Court. Every such appeal shall be commenced within thirty days after the accrual of the cause of complaint; which shall, in respect of any rate, be deemed to accrue on the date of the certificate of the Commissioners in the assessment book, or, in case of any subsequent amendment of the said book, upon the receipt, by the person aggrieved, of notice of such amendments; and in respect of any tax, the cause of complaint shall be deemed to have accrued from the date upon which such tax has been fixed.

The assessment by the Commissioners of any rate or tax, when no appeal therefrom is made, and the adjudication of any appeal, shall be final and conclusive.

Fees for Licenses, Registrations, &c.

(Payable to the Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Madras under the provisions of Section 183 of the Madras Municipal Act No. IX of 1865, approved of by Government under date the 6th December 1865.)

	Sections.	Fees.		
		From RS. A.	To RS.	
For temporary erections on streets, on occasions of private festivals and ceremonies.	95	5 0	50	According to size and period of duration.
" putting up verandahs, &c., in front of houses and over streets.	110	10 0	100	For a term of five years.
" Livery or Hack stable.		10 0	50	Per annum.
" Cart stand.		2 0	...	Per ground, per annum.
" Cattle shed or yard for public resort.		2 0	...	Do. do.
" Keeping more than 20 sheep or goats.	118	5 0	20	According to extent of ground occupied.
" Do. do. 10 horned cattle.		1 0	...	Per head for all above 10.
" Do. do. 10 pigs.	119	0 8	...	Do. do.
" hoards, scaffolding, or fences set up on public streets.	158	0 4	...	Per diem per square.
" deposit of materials or earth on any public streets.	160	0 4	...	Do. do.
" making a hole in public street.		0 4	...	Do. do.
" every slaughter house or market.	162	0 50	100	Per annum.
" registering offensive and dangerous trades.	163	5 0	50	Do. }
" newly opening offensive and dangerous trades.	160	10 6	100	Do. } According to nature of trade.

LIST OF PENALTIES FOR OFFENCES AGAINST THE PROVISIONS OF THE MADRAS MUNICIPAL ACT NO. IX OF 1865.

Offences.	Penalty.	Section of the Act.
Officers, &c., taking unauthorized fees.....	Five Thousand Rupees or imprisonment of either description for three years or both.	12—C.II
For refusing to produce a license taken out for vehicles and animals, kept within the Town, when called upon to do so by the Commissioners or their Officers.	Five Rupees.....	24
Keeping a carriage, &c., without taking a license for the same.	Twenty Rupees.....	25
Failing to affix the registration number to a carriage kept for the purpose of being let out for hire.	Ten Rupees.....	26
Refusing to pay the sum compounded for Carriages, &c., by Livery Stable-keepers and others.	Three times the amount payable.	27
Failing to appear in pursuance of the summons of the Commissioners, and hindering or obstructing them, or their Officers, from or in entering or inspecting any stable, coach-house or place, &c.	One hundred Rupees.....	30
For not registering a cart or other vehicle not on springs, or failing to affix thereto the registration number.	Ten Rupees.....	34
For illegal collection of tolls.....	The same punishment prescribed for cheating and extortion under the Indian Penal Code.	41
Failing to furnish the Commissioners with the Returns of the measurements and of the rent, or annual value of any house, building or land, or knowingly making a false or incorrect return, or hindering, obstructing or preventing any Commissioners or any person appointed by them from entering or inspecting or measuring any such house, building or land.	Two hundred Rupees.....	57
Depositing dirt on streets except in Dust boxes if provided.	Ten Rupees for each offence...	87
Depositing dirt on streets except at hours fixed by the Commissioners.	Ten Rupees for each offence...	88
Allowing sewerage to flow on streets, or offensive matter to flow from any sewer or privy into a surface drain.	Ten Rupees for each offence...	89
Removal of night soil except at such hours and by such route as may be fixed by the Commissioners, or in an open cart or receptacle.	Twenty Rupees for each offence...	90
Obstructing or encroaching on any street or over any drain, sewer, or aqueduct.	One hundred Rupees.....	95
Taking up or displacing any pavement, flags or other materials or the fences or posts of any street.	Fifty Rupees.....	96
Laying out new streets without the approval of the Commissioners.	Five hundred Rupees.....	97
Destroying, pulling down or defacing any street Board.	Twenty Rupees.....	103
Destroying, pulling down or defacing the number of a House.	Twenty Rupees.....	104
For neglecting to put up and keep in good condition proper troughs and pipes for catching and conveying water from the roof and other parts of a house or building.	Ten Rupees for every day, in default.]	107
For not removing a new projection, encroachment or obstruction against, or in front of any house, after 15 days' notice.	Two hundred Rupees.....	108

Offences.	Penalty.	Section of the Act.
For making an external roof, Verandah, Pandal or wall of any hut or building of grass, leaves, mats or such inflammable materials, or suffering such roof or wall to remain after the Act comes into operation.	Ten Rupees for every day such shall continue.	111
For keeping dirt, dung, ashes, night soil or other offensive matter in any house or ground for more than 24 hours.	Fifty Rupees for each offence and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	115
For allowing any house, building or land to be in a filthy state or overgrown with noisome vegetation.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	116
For not trimming hedges and trees overhanging the road after eight days' notice.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	117
For keeping within the Town any Livery or hack stable, cart or cattle stand, or more than twenty sheep or goats or ten horned cattle without a license.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	118
For keeping any pig except within a pig sty or keeping more than ten pigs without the permission of the Commissioners.	Ten Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees five for every day the offence is continued.	119
For making any unauthorized drain into any public drain or sewer.	Two hundred Rupees	124
For failing to give notice in writing to the Commissioners before beginning to build or re-build a house within the Town and to accompany such notice with a plan showing the levels.	Fifty Rupees	129
For throwing dirt, ashes, or night soil into any sewer or drain.	Fifty Rupees for each offence.	133
For failing to provide a latrine for the use of servants of a house standing on and surrounded by land of an area exceeding eight grounds.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	134
For keeping a public necessary without a license, or or if licensed, suffering the same to be in filthy or noxious state.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	135
For neglecting to enclose and roof a private privy...	Ten Rupees for every day in default.	136
For making or altering drains, privies, or cesspools contrary to the orders of the Commissioners.	Fifty Rupees	138
In case of Tenants preventing Owners from carrying into effect the provisions of this Act.	Fifty Rupees for every day ...	145
Fouling the water of any stream, tank, cistern, &c. belong to the Commissioners, by bathing, washing any animal, or cloth, or skin or leather, or utensil, or other foul or offensive thing, or throwing any rubbish or filth, or allowing any drains to flow into the same.	Fifty Rupees for each offence.	148
Fouling water in any stream, tank, aqueduct, &c. belonging to the Commissioners by offensive trades	One thousand Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees five hundred for every day the offence is continued.	149
Injuring water works or diverting water therefrom or any stream.	One hundred Rupees	150
For not putting up hoards or fences in front of buildings about to be repaired, taken down or re-built, when any street, or footway will be obstructed and for not keeping the same lighted at night.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	158
For taking down, altering or removing any of the bars, chains, or posts, or extinguishing any light put up by order of the Commissioners during the construction or repair of any street, sewer, or drain.	Fifty Rupees	159

Offences.	Penalty.	Section of the Act.
For depositing building materials or making a hole in any street, without the permission of the Commissioners or when permitted, for not lighting the same at night.	Fifty Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees ten for every day the offence is continued.	160
For failing to repair, protect or enclose a dangerous building, tank, well or hole after 24 hours' notice.	Fifty Rupees for each offence, and a further penalty of Rupees ten for each day of delay.	161
For using a slaughter house or newly using a market without a license.	Two hundred Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees fifty for every day the offence is continued.	162
For not keeping a market or slaughter house in a clean and wholesome state and not causing the same to be properly floored and drained.	Fifty Rupees for every day in default.	164
For slaughtering, cutting up or skinning for the purpose of sale any sheep, goat, or pig or any cattle except at a licensed slaughter house.	Twenty Rupees for each animal.	165
For keeping unwholesome meat, fish, vegetable, fruits, &c., in any market, building, &c.	One hundred Rupees	167
For not registering places used for offensive and dangerous trades within three months from the 1st November 1865.	One hundred Rupees	168
For using a place newly for any such trade without a license.	Five hundred Rupees and a further penalty of Rupees fifty for every day.	169
For burying or burning a corpse in or on any ground not registered as a burial or burning ground.	One hundred Rupees	170
For opening or using a new burial or burning ground without a license.	Five hundred Rupees	171
For using a burial or burning ground after it has been suppressed by order of Commissioners with the sanction of Government.	Two hundred Rupees	172
For obstructing the Commissioners or their servants in their duty.	Two hundred Rupees or two months' imprisonment.	176

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

The attention of the public is called to the following Sections of the Madras Municipal Act, No. IX of 1865 :-

Section 168.—The owner or occupier of every place within the Town, used at the time this Act comes into operation for any of the following purposes, namely, for melting tallow, or for boiling offal or blood, or as a soap, camphor, or oil, boiling house, or as an oil-mill or press, or as a dyeing-house or yard, or as a tannery, or as a brick pottery, or lime kiln, or as a paper manufactory, or as any other manufactory or place of business from which any offensive or unwholesome smell arises, or as a yard or depot for hay, straw, wood, or coal, or other fuel, shall, within three months after this Act comes into operation, register the same at the Office of the Commissioners in a book to be kept by them for that purpose, and whoever after the expiration of the said three months and after eight days' notice from the Commissioners, uses any such place without the same being registered, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees for every day during which the offence is continued.

Section 170.—The Commissioners may, if they think fit, cause a survey and measurement to be made of every burial ground and every place used as such; and every such place, and every burning ground, existing at the time this Act comes into operation, shall, within one month after this Act shall have come into operation, be registered by the owner or the person having the control thereof, or, if there be no owner or person authorized to control the same, by order of the Commissioners, in a book to be kept by them for that purpose; and whoever, after the expiration of the said time knowingly buries or burns, or causes, procures, or suffers to be buried or burned, any corpse in or on any ground not so registered as burial or burning ground, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

J. TEMPLE,
President of the Municipal Commission.

Madras, 5th November 1865.

TRAVELLING ALLOWANCES TO WITNESSES, &c.

To Prosecutors and Witnesses attending Criminal Trials at the High Court of Original Jurisdiction in Public Prosecutions.

NOTIFICATION.—FORT SAINT GEORGE, 7th September 1863.—The following Revised Rules, passed this day by the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council, are published for general information:—

Rules for regulating the payment of Travelling allowances, &c., to Prosecutors and Witnesses attending Criminal Trials at the High Court of Original Jurisdiction in Public Prosecutions.

All disbursements on this account are to be made by the Commissioner of Police, Madras, to whom all Prosecutors and Witnesses are, on arrival at Madras, to report themselves.

Europeans and East Indians are to be divided into three classes. Care should be taken by Mofussil Magistrates despatching such persons that they are correctly classified according to their respective stations in life, and that the Commissioner of Police is duly informed of the same.

The following rates are to be paid on account of expenses of this nature for persons coming to Madras and returning:—

Travelling expenses.

1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
If by Dawk,	8 annas per mile.	
" by Steamer (including mess.)	Actual expenses of 1st Class passage.	Bond fide expenses of 2nd and 3rd Class passengers.
" by Rail.		

Boarding expenses in Madras.

5 Rs. per diem.	3 Rs. per diem.	1½ Rs. per diem.
Conveyance hire for the days of actual attendance at the High Court.		
2½ Rs. per diem.	1 Rupee per diem.	Nil.
Dawk Bungalow and Hotel expenses by the way, when travelling by Dawk or by Rail.		
4 Rs. per diem.	2 Rs. per diem.	1 Rupee per diem.

Natives are to be divided into three classes. The 1st class to receive 2 Rupees, and the 2nd class 1 Rupee per diem for Boarding expenses, besides their bond fide travelling charges and conveyance-hire for the day of attendance at Court at 1 Rupee per diem. The 3rd class to receive at the rate of 10 Rupees per mensem, inclusive of all expenses. The Magistrates despatching Native Witnesses, will inform the Commissioner of Police of the classes to which they belong.

Whenever practicable, Prosecutors and Witnesses should travel by Rail or Steamer.

The Boarding allowances at Madras will cease as soon after the Trial as the means of quitting the Presidency become available. The Commissioner of Police will see that this Rule is adhered to.

Mofussil Magistrates will make reasonable advances to persons desiring it to enable them to reach Madras. Intimation of such advances must be immediately made to the Commissioner of Police, who is to refund the amount to the Officer making the advance.

The Magistrates of the District from which Prosecutors and Witnesses are despatched will report to the Commissioner of Police the date of their departure, and will instruct them to report themselves to that Officer on their arrival at Madras. Their departure should be timed with reference to the date of the Sessions, which is always duly notified in the Fort St. George Gazette.

Commissioned Officers, Covenanted and Uncovenanted Servants of the higher grade when in receipt of full Pay or Batta will not be entitled to Boarding expenses.

(By order of the Governor in Council)

(Signed) A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

POLICE ESTABLISHMENT.

COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, PANTHEON ROAD.

Major C. S. Hearn, Commr. of Police and Magistrate for the Town of Madras.
 T. Ramachendra Row, Esq. } Deputy Commissioners of Police and Justices of the Peace.
 J. Ansell, Esq. }
 Mr. G. H. Aubry Clerk of the Peace.
 T. V. Ramachendra Row Interpreter.
 C. Buckthavachaloo Naidoo Manager.
 Mr. E. Owen Superintendent of the Penitentiary.
 " A. Cooper Deputy do.
 " W. J. Hunter Acting Keeper of the Justice's Jail.
 " W. J. Hodges Keeper of the Lock-up House, Royapettah Police Court.
 " W. Harding Keeper of the Lock-up House, Vepery Police Court.
 " H. Ralph Superintendent of the General Market.

INSPECTORS.

Mr. Walter Elliott 1st Division.	S. T. M. Soobaroyaloo Naidoo 7th Div.
" P. Lupprian 2d do.	Mr. J. H. Wheeler, Commissioner's Office.
" S. E. Taylor 3d do.	" W. J. Hunter, Actg., Town Police Court.
" A. J. Ashton 4th do.	" W. Harding, Vepery Police Court.
" J. C. Burghall 5th do.	" W. Hodges, Royapettah Police Court.
" J. McNamara 6th do.	

CONSTABLES.

Mr. W. Middleton 1st Division.	Mr. D. Ballantyne 5th Division.
" R. J. Harrison, Ag. 1st do.	" T. Crosbie 6th do.
" C. Carmody 2d do.	" G. Veale 6th do.
" C. Selkirk 2d do.	" W. Brown 7th do.
" F. Mantel 3d do.	" J. W. Paterson 7th do.
" J. E. C. Boosch, Ag. 3d do.	" W. Titnuss, Commissioner's Office.
" C. Radford 4th do.	" V. Ramasawmy Iyah, do.

MOUNTED BRANCH POLICE FORCE.

Lieutenant J. Markham, Superintendent. | Mr. W. Ryan, Inspector.

CONSTABLES.

Mr. H. Montgomery, Mr. J. Newman, Mr. S. Dawkins, and Mr. C. Chitty.

SUB-CONSTABLES.

Mr. J. Clegg, Mr. J. Boyle, Mr. D. Kirk, and Mr. J. Gear.

MARINE POLICE.

Mr. P. J. Price, Superintendent. | Mr. David Wheeler, Inspector.
 Mr. A. Bergin, Acting Constable.

MAGISTERIAL DEPARTMENT.

First District—Town Police Court.

T. G. Clarke, Esq., Magistrate of Police. | M. Veerasawmy Iyer, Interpreter.
 R. P. Campbell, Esq., Magistrate of Police. | Vadachellum Moodelly, do.

Second District—Vepery Police Court.

S. R. Dawes, Esq. Actg. Magistrate of Police. | T. Ragava Charry, Interpreter.

Third District—Royapettah Police Court.

Lieut. Col. H. Colbeck, Magistrate. | R. Subarayula Aiyar, Interpreter.

For Magisterial purposes it is divided into three Districts:—

The 1st District consists of the 1st, 2nd, and 7th Police Divisions.

The 2d District of the 5th and 6th Divisions.

The 3d District of the 3d and 4th Divisions.

The Reports are heard daily at 11 A. M., at the Office of the Commissioner of Police and Town Police Court.

The Magistrate takes his seat on the bench at 11 A. M., at each Police Court.

Summons may be obtained at each Court (in cases of emergency) at any hour during day, but in ordinary cases between 11 A. M. and 3 P. M. (Sundays and holidays excepted.)

The Commissioner of Police is accessible at his office at all times during the day and night.

The Magistrates of Police are accessible from 11 A. M. till 5 P. M., daily, at their respective Courts; but at all times (in cases of emergency) at their private houses.

The Penitentiary, the Justices' Jail and Lock-up Houses are in charge of the Commissioner of Police.

All religious and other processions are regulated and controlled by the Commissioner of Police.

All correspondence on matters connected with the Executive Police, must be addressed to the Commissioner.

All correspondence on Magisterial subjects should be addressed to the Magistrates.

All complaints against Police Officers are to be preferred to the Commissioner of Police.

The Police is divided into seven Divisions, with an Inspector at the head of each.

1st Division—Black Town and Fort St. George—bounded on the East by the Sea, North by the Town Wall, South by the Cooum River to the Great Drain, West by Popham's Broadway.

2d Division—Bounded on the East by Popham's Broadway and its continuation to the Cooum River, North by the Town Wall, South by the Cooum River to its junction with Cochrane's Canal, West by Cochrane's Canal.

3rd Division—Triplicane, Poodoopakum and the Island—bounded on the East by the Sea, West by the Mount Road, North by the Cooum River, South by the Road leading from the Mount Road at the house called Nuxsh, to the Sea close to the Ice House.

4th Division—Saint Thomé, Royapet, Meersaibpet, Kistnampet, and Thanampet—bounded on the East by the Sea, North by the road leading from the Mount Road direct to the Ice House, South by the River Adyar, West by the Mount Road.

5th Division—Chintadrepet, Egmore, Comelesweram Covil, Narsingapooram, Nungumbaukum and Chetput—bounded on the East by the Cooum River, West by the bund of the Nungumbaukum Tank, South-East by the Mount Road from the Bund of the Tank to the Government House Bridge, North by the Poonamallee Road from the Boundary to the General Hospital Bridge.

6th Division—Pariamettoo, Vepery, Pursewaukum, Choolay, Kilpauk, Perambore, and Veerapady—bounded on the South by the Poonamallee Road from the boundary to the General Hospital Bridge, East by Cochrane's Canal commencing at the General Hospital Bridge, North by the Nullah bounding the limits of Madras, West by the line marking the jurisdiction of the High Court.

7th Division—Tondiarpett and Royapooram—bounded on the East by the Sea, South by the Town Wall, West by Cochrane's Canal including a triangular piece beyond the Canal, North by the limits of the High Court.

Within the Madras Police Limits, there were 300 Toddy shops, 53 Putta Arrack shops, 48 Colombo Arrack shops, 75 Hotels, Taverns and Punch, in which Wine and Beer, and in some Wine, Beer and Spirits are sold. Ten Eating, Boarding and lodging Houses in which Wine and Beer are not sold. Fourteen Houses for smoking Chundoo and eating Mudduth, and 4 Houses for selling Bojah.

LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION GRANTED IN FAVOR OF THE ADMINISTRATOR GENERAL OF MADRAS IN 1865.

No.	Names.	Rank.	C. or P. of Residence.	Date of Administration.
	Anderson, Richard.....	Commander.....		21 November 1865.
	Bell, Francis.....	Mr.....		22 do. "
	Campbell, Dugald.....	Ast. Surgeon.....	Madras Medical Estab-	
			lishment.....	9 December "
	Dean, George Wm.....	Conductor.....	Ordnance Department.	21 do. "
	Fallowfield, William.....	Esquire.....		25 November "
	Goldie.....	Lieutenant.....	52d Regt. M. N. I.....	19 December "
	Gregory, Wm. Hill.....	do.....	Civil Engineer, Irriga-	
			tion and Canal Com.	19 do. "
	Green, John.....	Mr.....		2 do. "
	McLeod, Sarah.....	Mrs.....		21 do. "
	Margum Vencatchella Chetty.....		Merchant, Madras.....	31 November "
	Ramasawmy, Addapully do.....	do.....	do.....	22 do. "
	Somerville, Jno. James Captain.....		26th Regt. M. N. I.....	25 do. "
	Smith, Thomas.....	Serjeant Major.....	4th Regt. Hyderabad	
			Contingent.....	9 December "
	Silver, J. Leigh More.....	Lieutenant.....	34th Regt. L. I.....	19 do. "
	Taylor, Robert.....	Mr.....		21 October "
	Young, Geo. Adam.....	Lieutenant.....	52d Regt. M. N. I.....	25 November "

ADMINISTRATION TO ESTATES, 1866.

Estates.	Date of Advertisement.	Executors, &c.
Bruere, Esq., James Graham Sadlier.....	15 January 1866.	A. Mackenzie, Esq.
Miller, Esq., Boyd.....	24 " "	P. Montgomerie, Esq., and M. Sprot, Esq.
Gamble, Serjt., Royal Arty., D. Baptiste.....	24 " "	Mrs. J. M. Gamble.
Blair, Esq., John.....	25 " "	Messrs. T. G. & G. Dickson Esq.
Adshead, Esq., James Hare.....	30 " "	C. J. Adshead, Esq.
Cunningham, Qr. Master, Arty., Patrick.....	31 " "	R. C. Henchy, Esq.
Young, Esq., Christopher.....	1 February "	John Wells, Esq.
Dean, Qr. Master Serjeant, George.....		
Fraser, Esq., Robert Cherry.....		
Embley, Esq., Robert Martin.....	12 " "	J. Miller, Esq., Admr.
Dawson, Esq., James Alexander.....		
Honey, Mrs., Mary Ann.....		
White, Mr. John.....		
Kyte, Serjeant Stephen.....		
McLeod, Mrs. Sarah.....	12 " "	J. Miller, Esq., Admr.
Spiers, Serjeant James.....		

Dates.	Date of Advertisement.	Executors, &c.
Smith, Esq., Henry Basil Haddon.	17 February 1866.	Messrs. Binny and Co.
Guerre, Esq., Louis Maurice.....	27 " "	Leon Guerre, Esq.
Steele, Esq., Lionel Uniacke.....	3 " "	P. O'Sullivan, Esq.
McCance, Mr. George Scott	3 " "	P. O'Sullivan, Esq.
VanIngen, Esq., Francis Richard.....	22 " "	Mrs. J. H. VanIngen.
Corbett, Mr. George Frederick.....	12 April " "	Mrs. E. Corbett.
Davis, Esq., William Done.	30 " "	Mrs. M. S. Davis.
McKennie, Esq., John Findley.....	7 May " "	Messrs. Parry and Co.
Bowyer, Lieutenant George Henry 1st King's Dragoon Guards.....		
Wright, Major Joseph Henry, Madras Staff Corps.	8 " "	J. Miller, Esq., Admr.
Pemberton, Mr. William, Madras Rail- way Company		
Taylor, Esq., Robert, of Kurnool.....		
Dent, Mrs. Emily Jane.....	8 " "	Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.
Halberg, Mr. Paul Isaac—Stable-keeper...	5 " "	Mrs. M. J. Halberg.
MacDuff, Major General John.....	23 " "	C. Simpson, Esq.
Stonehouse, Sir Timothy Vansittart.....	17 " "	Mrs. D. M. D. Stonehouse.
James, Capt. T. Reid, 32nd Regt. M. N. I.	2 June " "	A. Mackenzie, Esq.
Peet, Rev. Joseph.	13 " "	A. Mackenzie, Esq.
Porter, Conductor William.....	16 " "	Mr. William Thomas.
Cockburn, Esq., George Forbes.....	11 July " "	A. Mackenzie, Esq.
Morton, Surgeon John.....	23 " "	T. H. Allan, Esq.
Macfarlane, Rev. James Ruthven.....	20 " "	G. C. Finlay, Esq.
Gladstone, Mr. Walter.....	7 August " "	Mr. T. R. Richmond.
Sargent, Lieutenant General Henry.....	15 " "	T. H. Allan, Esq.
Court, Mr. John Henry.....	15 " "	Mr J. H. Court and Mr. A. W. Saalfelt.
Connell, Mr. Thomas, Madras Arty.....		
Miller, Captain Thomas H. Lindsay....		
Kohlhoff, Esq., William Daniel.....		
Gilbanks, Mr. William Henry.....	16 " "	J. Miller, Esq., Admr.
Cox, Capt. Richard, 88th Regt. M. N. I.		
Newell, Esq., Thomas.....		
Gordon, Lieut. F. D., 26th Regt. M. N. I.		
Stoddard, Esq., William.....		
Broomhall, Mr. Charles.....	31 " "	Mr. J. Higginbotham and Mr. W. P. Shaw.
Mackenzie, Esq., Alister.....		
Broadbent, Mr. John.....	10 September "	J. Miller, Esq., Admr.
Linton, Esq., Henry		
Brewster, Esq., David.....		
Gordon, Esq., George.....	25 October "	Mr. G. Hume, & G. B. Hume.
Sherman, Esq., John William.....	7 November "	C. G. Plumer, Esq.
Dewsnap, Honorary Asst. Surgeon, George	8 " "	Mr. J. H. Dennison and Mr. G. Wells.
Stephens, Esq., Judith.....	8 " "	J. Arathoon, Esq.
Renaux, Esq., Etienne Henry.....		
McGregor, Esq., S. M.	13 " "	J. Miller, Esq.
Guerrieri, Signor Onoretts.....		
Hathaway, Esq., Arthur.....	12 " "	A. Purvis, Esq. and E Maltby, Esq.
Berry, H.....	27 " "	Mrs. M. L. T. Berry.
Grant, W. Revd.....	11 December 1866	J. M. Whitclow.
Hart, A. A., Mrs.....	12 " "	W. Hart.

LIST OF THE JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE PRESIDENCY OF MADRAS
INCLUDING THOSE FOR THE TOWN OF MADRAS ENDING 21ST NOVEMBER 1866,

Those marked thus * are for the Town of Madras.

The names of Gentlemen who have gone home for good, and those who have retired are omitted from this List.

NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.
Agnew, George Vans	*Cotton, Robert Rolland	Horsfall, Jerimiah Garnett
Allardyce, James	Cruickshank, Alexander	Huddleston, Robert Horace
*Ansell, James	*Cross, Maurice	Hughesdon, Joseph Charles
*Arbuthnot, Hon'ble A. John	*Cullin, Edward	*Hudleston, William
Arbuthnot, Honorable David		Hutchins, Arthur Robert
Armstrong, Edward	Dale, Clement	Hunter, Richard
Armstrong, Joseph Evans	*Dalrymple, H.D. Elphinstone	*Hyder Jung Bahadur
	D'Silva, John	
*Babington, Daniel	Davidson, Robert	Innes, Lewis Charles
Ballard, George Alexander	Davies, Charles William	Irvine, Octavius Butler
Banbury, George	*Davies, Samuel Richard	
Barlow, Richard Wellesley	Dykes, J. W. Ballantine	Johnstone, George Nassau
Bell, James Gilbarne		Jones, Richard Godfrey
Bird, Edward Wheeler	Elliott, Edward Frederick	
Blair, John Hunter	Ellis, Honorable G. Henry	Kennedy, A. Kennedy Clarke
Blair, William Thomas	Ellis, Hon'ble R. Staunton	Kindersley, John Robert
Bliss, Henry William	Ewart, A. John Peterson	Kindersley, Francis Martin
Bloomfield, A. F. Fenton		
Bloomfield, Charles George	Fane, Edward G. Robert	Lavie, Robert Comyn
Boswell, J. Alexander Corrie	Fisher, George Frederick	Laughton, Daniel Wilson
Boyson, John Robert	Fitzgerald, James	Leggatt, Brooke Cunliffe
Brandt, Francis	Forde, Edward Bromley	Leggatt, William
Brett, Henry Augustus	Forbes, Gordon Sullivan	Leman, George Downton
Brecks, James Wilkinson	Foster, William Shrubsole	Leringe, Vere Henry
Brine, John Jones	Fraser, James	Lilly, William Samuel
Brown, F. C.		Logan, William
Brown, Robert	Galton, Charles Arthur	Longley, Charles Thomas
Burnell, Arthur Coke	Garstin, John Henry	Lushington, Franklin
Bullock, Robert	Goldingham, John Dalrymple	Lushington, James Law
Rushby, John Thornhill	Gooden, Joseph	
	Gordon, William Cosmo	MacGregor, Atholl
Cadell, William Mollie	Grant, Patrick	Macdonald, William Pitt
Cadell, William	Grant, Christian Disandt	Macleod, William Sim
Campbell, Honorable R. Orr	Gracie, H. Munro Showers	Mackenzie, K. James Lock
*Campbell, Richard Powney	Grose, James	Magrath, B. H. Wittingham
*Campbell, William Rose	Gordon, Huntly Pryse	Marsack, Augustus Becher
Cardozo, Benjamin	Grant, Francis William	*Michael, James
Carmichael, D. Freemantle	Graves, Henry Leslie	Marshall, R. Collyer Andree
Castor, John	Graves, John H.	*Maskell, John
Chamier, Charles Frederick	*Gunning, Charles George	Master, Robert Edward
Chase, Thomas A. Nicholas	*Gunning, John	Mayne, C. Thomas Otway
Child, Frederick Samuel		McDonald, Eneas Ranald
Clarke, Richard Gwatkin	Hankin, Frederick	McQuhae, William
Clarke, Thomas	Hannington, John Child	Melville, Robertson John
*Clark, Thomas George	Hathaway, William Frederick	Meppen, Robert William
Clementson, Charles Doxat	Hawkes, Henry Phillip	Miller, Edward Every
Comyn, William Horatio	*Hay, Wolfe	Menzies, Hugh Christian
Cockerell, John Rennie	*Hewetson, Charles Campbell	Minchin, James Innes
Colbeck, Henry	Hearn, Charles Shuckburgh	Molesworth, H. Thomas
Collett, Charles	Holloway, William	Moloney, Frederick Beresford
Cole, P. A.	Hooper, George Stanley	Morgan, Osborne
Cooke, Henry David	Horden, C.	Morris, George Lee
Corderoy, John Graham	Horsburgh, Boyd	*Morris, Henry
*Corbett, Richard John	Horsley, William Dowdeswell	*Mottet, Henry Edward

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE FOR THE PRESIDENCY, &c., Continued.

NAMES.	NAMES.	NAMES.
Nasser, Ul Moolk Nisbet, William Smith Newill, Henry Norton, Edward Nugent Norton, John Bruce Owen, William George Pascal, William Larkins Pelly, Charles Pelly, Charles Raymond Pennington, James Burn Phillips, Alexander William *Phillips, Henry Dominic Plumer, Charles George Pochin, Charles Norman *Power, Henry Price, John Frederick Pritchard, Henry Puckle, Richard Kaye Pycroft, Sir Thomas, K.C.S.I. *Ramachendra Row, Tanjore Reade, Charles William Reid, John William Richards, Charles James	Richardson, Herbert Ritherdon, Augustus Roberts, Clarence Armstrong Roberts, Philip Lyddon Robinson, James Douglas Robinson, William Sim, James Duncan Smith, Charles St. Clair, James Chishome Stokes, Hindleston Storr, Edward Stuart, Andrew John Stubbs, James William Sullivan, Augustus William Sullivan, Henry Edward Swinton, Robert Blair Syme, William Szyepanski, H. C. Anthony Taylor, George Noble Taylor, Ralph Newfrulle Taylor, M Thomas, Henry Sullivan Thompson, John George Thomson, Heywood	Thornhill, Anthony Robert Thornhill, George Temple, John Tweedie, William Vernede, John Scrip Underwood, W. Elphinstone Walkhouse, Moreton John Walker, Charles Grant Watts, John Pousonby Webb, Edward A. Henry Webster, A. McCullum Webster, Edmund Forster Wedderburn, Andrew Wilkins, James Whiteside, William Southey Wilkinson, Francis Henry Wilson, William Wigram, Herbert *Wilson, William John Young, Francis Yule, Sir George Udny, C. B. & K. C. S. I.

P. O'SULLIVAN,
Acting Clerk of the Crown.

CROWN OFFICE, MADRAS,
27th November 1866.

OFFICERS EMPLOYED IN THE MADRAS POLICE.

W. ROBINSON, Esq., C. S. I., Civil Service.—INSPECTOR GENERAL OF POLICE.—Appointed 18th May 1853.
CAPTAIN M. W. CARR, Staff Corps, Assistant Inspector General of Police.—Appointed 1st May 1860.

Districts.	Ranges.	Lingual Attainments, &c.	Rank and Names.	Year of appl. to the Army.	Regiment.	Rank in the Police.	Date of appt. to the Police.	Actual performance of Police duty.	Period passed on leave since entering the Police.	Where stationed or Remarks.
Ganjam, Vizagapatam Jeypore, Gouavary, Krishna,	Northern Range.	a	Capt. R. A. W. C. Stuart	1850	17th N. I. ...	Depy. Insp. General.	7 June 1861	4	7 19 0	On leave.—Europe, S. C. for 20 months, 27th February 1866.
Nellore, Cuddapah, Bellary, Kurnool, Madrass, North Arcot,	Central Range.	SSurv.C.Eng.	Capt. T. B. E. Tennant	1851	Staff Corps.	Depy. Insp. General.	6 July 1858	6	7 28 1	Doing duty in Northern Range, Vizagapatam.
South Arcot, Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madrass, Tinnevely,	Southern Range.	S	Major G. Hearne	1844	Staff Corps	Depy. Insp. General	6 July 1858	7	1 6 1	Trichinopoly.
Coimbatore, Salem, South Canara South Malabar North Malabar	Western Range.	II Surv.	Capt. W. S. Drever	1847	Staff Corps.	Depy. Insp. General	30 June 1859	6	1 16 1	Coimbatore.

OFFICERS EMPLOYED IN THE MADRAS POLICE, Continued.

District.	Alphabetical Attendants.	Rank and Name.	Rank and Name.	Rank in the Police.	Date of appointment to the Police.	Actual per- centage of Police duty.	Police leave allowed.	Where stationed or remarks.
Ganjam.....	S t A A	Lieutenant A. M. Iyer..... Lieutenant W. J. McKenna..... Lieut W. H. St. A. Wilson.....	1886 Staff Corps.. 1889 11th N. I.. 1889 Genl. List...	Probationary Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Superintendent.. Prob. Assistant Supt. 1st Class...	2 Dec. 1862 11 May 1866 9 June 1865	2 4 1 0 7 13 1 8 8	Y. M. D. 8 27	Chatterpore. Ruescondah. Kimdely.
Vizagapatnam	H t	Captain S. Galbraith.....	1848 Staff Corps..	Probationary Superintendent.....	25 Apr. 1862	3 11 8	0 7 14	On leave—Europe S. C. for 20 months. 24th May 1866. Vizagapatnam.
	S t H t & Surv.	Captain W. M. Frazer..... Captain R. H. Cunliffe.....	1852 25th N. I.. 1851 Staff Corps..	Acting Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class..	13 Sep. 1861 11 Mar. 1863	3 3 21 1 10 19	1 9 21 1 10 19	
	S A	Lieutenant F. R. Trevor..... Lieutenant H. R. Ogilvie.....	1837 2d N. I.. 1859 Genl. List...	Probationary Asst. Supt. 2d Class.. Acting Assistant Supt. 1st Class...	2 May 1865 17 Apr. 1866	1 7 21 0 8 1	.....	Narasipatam.—Acting 1st Class Assistant. Harvadpore.
Jeypore.....	S Tel. Yam.	Major J. B. Knecker..... Lt. G. Turner, Esq.....	1842 Staff Corps.. Civil Service.	Probationary Superintendent..... Acting Superintendent.....	10 June 1864 13 July 1866	2 5 0 0 5 0	.....	Jeypore.
Godavary.....	S t S	Captain W. Robertson..... Lieutenant T. K. Guthrie.....	1852 Staff Corps.. 1855 Staff Corps..	Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class..	7 June 1861 2 Dec. 1862	3 0 8 2 6 29	1 9 11 1 6 0	Kajahmundry.
	t	P. M. Jones, Esq.....	.....	Probationary Asst. Supt. 2d Class..	12 Jan. 1864	5 0 13	.....	Nursapore.—Acting 1st Class Assistant.
Krishna.....	S t S t S t	Lieutenant W. H. Hoskins..... Captain W. M. Frazer..... Lieutenant R. G. Briggs.....	1858 49th N. I.. 1852 24th N. I.. 1859 Genl. List...	Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.. Assistant Supt. 1st Class.....	14 Apr. 1863 13 Sept. 1861 17 May 1864	3 7 29 3 3 21 2 1 1	 1 9 21	Masulipatam Acting Superintendent Vizagapatnam. Guntoor.
Nellore.....	S A	Lieutenant Cosmo Gordon..... Lieutenant R. G. Briggs..... Lieutenant D. Henning.....	1856 Staff Corps.. 1852 Genl. List.. 1862 Genl. List...	Probationary Superintendent..... Assistant Supt. 1st Class..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 2d Class..	7 June 1861 17 May 1864 1 Sept. 1865	3 0 4 2 1 1 1 3 23	1 9 2	Nellore. Doing duty in Krishna. Ongole.—Acting 1st Class Assistant.
Cuddapah.....	H t S t S	Lieutenant H. W. H. Cox..... Lieutenant G. Christie..... Lieutenant W. O. Foord.....	1857 Staff Corps.. 1858 Staff Corps.. 1857 Staff Corps..	Superintendent..... Assistant Superintendent 1st Class.. Acting Assistant Supt. 2d Class..	1 Mar. 1861 7 July 1863 9 Mar. 1866	5 8 22 2 11 22 0 7 7	 4 9	Cuddapah. Maddurapully. Cuddapah.
Belary.....	H Tel.	Captain F. J. Hicks..... John Keenan Esq.....	1854 Staff Corps.. Civil Service.	Probationary Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.. Acting Assistant Supt. 2d Class..	1 Mar. 1861 21 Feb. 1865 14 Aug. 1866	0 8 27 1 9 29 0 4 12	..... ..... .....	Belary. Aunnapoor. Belary.
Kurnool.....	S t	Captain H. S. Robinson.....	1851 Staff Corps..	Probationary Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	5 10 21	0 9 10	On leave—Europe B. C. for 20 months. 15th April 1866.
	H S	Captain J. B. Reid..... Lieutenant H. Porteous.....	1852 Staff Corps.. 1859 Staff Corps..	Acting Superintendent..... Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class..	19 July 1861 16 June 1863	2 2 18 2 2 17	2 1 27 1 3 8	Kurnool. Cumbum.

† Passed the Law test prescribed for Officers of Police.

Madras.....	a ft	Captain H. D. Cloete.....	1850 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	5	10/21	0	8	1	On leave—Europe S. C. for 20 months, 30th April 1860.
	II et	Captain R. Beatty.....	1856 10th N. I.	Acting Superintendent.....	22 July 1864	2	4/23	.....	.....	.....	St. Thomas' Mount.
North Arcot..	S et	Lieutenant C. L. Hinchmore.....	1856 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	21 June 1861	5	5/4	.....	.....	.....	Chittoor.
	S et	Lieutenant F. Kilgour.....	1857 52d N. I.	Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.	10 May 1861	2	7/12	.....	.....	.....	Police duty in South Arcot.
	S S	Lieutenant H. B. Court.....	1855 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Asst. Supt. 2d Class.	20 June 1865	1	5/12	.....	.....	.....	Vellore—Acting 1st Class Assistant.
South Arcot..	II Surr C. Eng. II	Captain W. O. Swanton.....	1845 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	6 July 1859	7	4/18	1	1	8	Cuddalore.
		Captain J. B. Reid.....	1852 Staff Corps.....	Prob. Asst. Supt. 1st Class.....	19 July 1861	3	2/18	2	1	27	Acting Supt. Kurnool.
	S et	Lieutenant F. Kilgour.....	1857 52d N. I.	Officiating Asst. Supt. 1st Class.....	10 May 1861	2	7/12	.....	.....	.....	Tinneverum.
		Lieutenant A. G. Huteout.....	1857 late 43d N. I.	Probationary Asst. Supt. 2d Class.	21 Nov. 1863	0	3/4	0	9	21	On leave—Europe S. C. for 20 months.
Banore.....	II S	Lieutenant A. T. Rolland.....	1856 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Superintendent.....	2 Dec. 1862	4	0/10	0	0	8	Tanjore.
	S	Lieutenant C. H. Frohman.....	1859 Genl. List.....	Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.	17 May 1864	2	0/16	.....	.....	.....	Negapatam.
Trichinopoly..	II	Major C. E. Bates.....	1845 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Superintendent.....	24 Mar. 1860	4	10/24	1	9	13	Trichinopoly.
Madura.....	S et	Lieutenant E. A. Campbell.....	1856 11th N. I.	Probationary Superintendent.....	{26 July 1860 4 June 1861	4	5/2	1	7	23	Madura.
	S	Lieutenant R. G. Jenkins.....	1857 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.	16 June 1861	3	5/11	.....	.....	.....	Acting Superintendent South Canara.
	S et	Lieutenant H. W. Blair.....	1857 Staff Corps.....	Assistant Superintendent 2d Class.	11 Apr. 1865	1	8/7	.....	.....	.....	Hannad, Acting 1st Class Assistant.
Tinnevely....	S et	Lieutenant C. A. Porteous.....	1857 27th N. I.	Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	6	7/2	0	0	28	Tinnevely.
	S et	Lieutenant W. H. Hodges.....	1856 1st N. I.	Assistant Superintendent 1st Class.	16 June 1863	3	4/23	.....	.....	.....	Colliatty.
Colombatore ..	S et	Captain A. Balmer.....	1854 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	6	5/11	0	0	0	Colombatore.
	II	Lieutenant T. H. B. Young.....	1858 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.	7 July 1863	2	7/21	0	9	28	On leave—Europe S. C. for 20 months, 15th March 1866.
	S	Lieutenant L. W. Haksted.....	1856 Staff Corps.....	Acting Assistant Supt. 1st Class.....	16 Jan. 1866	0	9/19	.....	.....	.....	Erode.
Salcm.....	S to e Surv. S	Captain E. L. Hankin.....	1847 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	4	10/20	1	8	10	Salcm.
		Captain E. J. Storey.....	1859 late 66th Ft	Probationary Asst. Supt. 1st Class.	14 Apr. 1863	3	3/16	0	4	6	Triplicare.
South Canara	S	Captain J. F. Ballie.....	1848 Staff Corps.....	Probationary Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	5	3/0	1	5	0	On leave—Europe S. C. for 20 months.
		Lieutenant H. G. Jenkins.....	1857 Staff Corps.....	Acting Superintendent.....	16 June 1863	3	5/11	.....	.....	.....	Mangalore.
South Malabar	II mm. †	Captain A. M. Davies.....	1846 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	22 Aug. 1862	4	3/12	.....	.....	.....	Calicut.
	II mm. †	Lieutenant F. Hole.....	1860 Staff Corps.....	Assistant Superintendent 1st Class.	9 Oct. 1863	3	2/18	.....	.....	.....	Pailghaut.
N. Malabar..	II Mm.	Captain C. G. Blomfield.....	1849 Staff Corps.....	Superintendent.....	1 May 1860	6	8/0	.....	.....	.....	Tellicherry.

↑ Passed the Law test prescribed for Officers of Police.

CONDITIONS OF ENTERING THE POLICE SERVICE.

I. Each Police Officer shall produce satisfactory Testimonials of character and previous conduct.

II. Each Police Officer shall devote his whole time to the Police service alone. He shall not take part in any trade or calling whatever, unless expressly permitted; and he shall faithfully and honestly use his best abilities to fulfil all his duty as a Police Officer.

III. He shall conform himself implicitly to all rules which shall from time to time be made for the regulation and good order of the service; and cultivate a proper regard for its honor and respectability.

IV. He shall submit to discipline, observe subordination, and promptly obey all lawful orders which he may receive from persons in authority over him.

V. He shall serve and reside wherever he may be directed.

VI. He shall appear at all times in such Police Dress and Accoutrement, as shall from time to time be ordered to be worn by each respective rank of the service, shall always be neat and clean in his appearance, and shall provide himself with the Dress, &c., or otherwise as ordered.

VII. He shall allow such reduction from his pay and allowances as may be required for Superannuation Fund, Clothing, Lodging and the like, under the rules of the service.

VIII. He shall promptly discharge such debts as the District Superintendent shall direct to be paid.

IX. He shall not withdraw from the service without distinct permission, or until the expiration of two months after giving warning of his intention to do so.

X. He shall not on any occasion, or under any pretext whatever directly or indirectly take or receive any present, gratuity or fee from any person whatsoever, without the express permission of the District Superintendent.

XI. He shall act with respect and deference towards all official authorities of the Country; and with forbearance, kindness and civility towards persons of all ranks. He shall observe a respectable and peaceful line of private conduct and avoid all partizanship.

XII. Each Police Officer may be required to resign the service, and is liable to immediate dismissal for unfitness, negligence and misconduct, by order of the Chief Commissioner; and he may be suspended, be fined or otherwise punished for minor offences at the discretion of the District Superintendent.

XIII. Leave, with retention of any part of his pay cannot be claimed as of right by any Police Officer; but will be granted, when it can be done without inconvenience to the Public service.

XIV. Every article of Dress or Appointment, Lodgings, &c., which may have been supplied to a Police Officer at public cost will be immediately delivered up, or vacated, when he may cease to belong to the Police Force, or may have been suspended.

XV. If any of such articles or appointments, or hut, or the like, have, in the opinion of the District Superintendent, been improperly used or damaged, a deduction from any pay due to the party shall be made sufficient to make good the damage, or supply a new article.

XVI. Every Police Officer who shall be dismissed shall forfeit the whole of the pay due to him at the time of dismissal.

MADRAS,
22nd July 1859. }

W. ROBINSON,
Chief Commissioner, Madras Police.

PART VI.—POLITICAL.

HYDERABAD IN THE DECCAN

Is the capital city of the Nizam's territories, and the seat of its Government. Its distance from Calcutta is 962, from Madras 400, and from Bombay 470 miles.

The Golcondah Hill Fort was formerly the seat of its Government.

The celebrated Tombs of Golcondah, are the grand and impressive sight of splendid Mausoleums built in oriental style, over the departed ancient princes, and rulers of the Hyderabad dynasty.

The Nizam's Government.

His Highness Asoph Jah Moozaffer-ool-Moomalik Nizam-ood-dowlah Nawab Meer Tahmyet Ali Khan Bahdoor Futeh Jung, Knight of the "Order of Star of India," Soubar or Ruler of the Deccan.

His Highness's personal or family name is Afzool-ood-dowlah Bahdoor.

Chief Officers of State.

His Excellency Nawab Mooktiar-ool-Moolk Shooja-ood-Dowlah Salar Jung Bahdoor, K. C. S. I., Prime Minister.

His Excellency Nawab Oomdut-ool-Moolk Ameer-i-Kubbeer Bahdoor—Commander of the Household Troops.

Rajah Raye-Royen Bahdoor—Keeper of Records, North and East divisions.

Rajali Inderjeet Bahdoor—Keeper of Records, South and West divisions.

Fouzdaree Adawlut—Judge Moulvee Nusroolla Khan.

Dewanee Adawlut—Judge Ubdool Halcein.

Police Magistrate, or Cutwall of City, Hyderabad.

Jafer Alli Khan, Zorawur Jung.

The Residency House.

1. Is a lofty and spacious mansion, situated on the bank of the river Moosee, and is built after the model of the Government House at Calcutta. It is enclosed with a high wall and protected with gun bastions at the entrance gates, surrounded with office buildings and garden.

2. Since 1860 a new bridge and grand bazar called the "Afzoolah-Bridge" in honor of the present Nizam, is built over the river leading to the city of Hyderabad, in a south-west direction.

3. Since 1831 a second bridge was built over the same river leading from the Residency to the city of Hyderabad in a south-east direction.

At the Residency.

Sir George U. Yule, K. C. S. I., C. B., (Bengal Civil Service.) Her Majesty's British Resident at the Court of H. H. the Nizam.
Colonel S. C. Briggs, (M. S. C.) Military Secretary.
Lieut. Colonel A. R. Thornhill, (M. S. C.) First Assistant (Europe).
Major J. W. Stubbs, (M. S. C.) Offg. First Assistant.
Captain Hastings Fraser, (M. S. C.) Second Assistant, (Europe).
Lieutenant W. Tweedie Second do. (on other duty.)
Captain A. H. E. Campbell Offg. 2d do. & Comg. Resident's Escort.
Assistant Surgeon J. McL. Pemberton, M.D., Bengal Medical Establishment. Residency Surgeon.
Mr. G. A. Boswell, (Unconv. Extra Assistant) Manager, Resident's Office, (Europe S. C.)
Mr. H. C. Fowler, (Offg. do. do.) Offg. Manager.

Government Electric Telegraph Office.

W. K. D. Bignell, Esq. Superintendent.
 Mr. E. F. Faulkner Asst. Superintendent, Nagpore Division.
 Mr. C. F. Van Ingen Do. do. do.

Officiating Post Master.

Mr. R. A. Johnson.

Posting Bearers' Department for Travellers.

Conducted by the Superintendent of Residency Bazaars.

Superintendent of Roads and Travellers' Bungalows.

G. W. Marrett, Esq., Civil Engineer.

George's Church.

Since November 1865 a new and commodious Gothic Church has been built under the patronage of the Resident, Sir George and Lady Yule, and Gentlemen composing the Residency Staff, assisted by the voluntary contributions of all the members of the E. I. community, each giving a month's pay towards the building.

The Reverend C. W. S. Tauntou, Chaplain of Secunderabad, officiates twice during the week.

Residency School—(formerly Christ Church.)

Under the patronage of the Resident, whereat European and East Indian youths are educated. This English school is supported by the subscription of its members.

YOUTHS' DEPARTMENT.

Mr. W. J. Edwards, English Head School Master.

Mr. S. Schaeffer Second Master.

GIRLS' DEPARTMENT.

Mrs. G. E. Edwards Head Mistress,
 Miss E. DePenning Asst. do.

Native Department for Boys and Girls.

J. P. Martin, Native School Master.

Since January 1866, an Anglo-Vernacular School for Native Youths has been built and established under the patronage of Captain Hastings Fraser, Superintendent of Police. A large Tower Clock also is attached.

Residency Dispensary and Medical School for Native Students.

Assistant Surgeon J. McL. Pemberton, M. D. Superintendent.
 Sub-Assistant Surgeon J. Bayley Assistant of Dispensary.
 Doctor B. Johnson Asst. to Supt. of Medical School.

Residency Library and Reading Room.

Under the patronage of the gentlemen and community, and is supported by the subscription of its members.

Committee of Management.

Mr. J. Bayley Secretary. | Mr. P. J. Charles Treasurer.

HYDERABAD RESIDENCY OFFICES.

Resident's Office.

General Correspondence Department.

Mr. C. Praycro Head Clerk.
 " G. C. Price Clerk.
 " J. B. Hughes " "
 " Parthasarthy Record-keeper.
 " S. DeCosta Clerk.
 " E. Schaeffer " "
 " C. Venketrow " "

Treasury Department.

Mr. H. C. Fowler Manager.
 " T. Cunniah Head Accountant.
 " Gopinath Venkajee Asst. do.
 " W. Drummond do.
 " E. Hudson Clerk.
 " C. Gungadrampillay " "
 " R. Mackay " "
 " Sreerani " "
 " Fackrodeen Hyder Treasurer.
 " Ramrow Mootsuddy.

Persian Moonshee Department.

Mahomed Ameen-oodeen Serishtadar.
 Mirza Akram Beg Persian Moonshee.
 Goolam Mahomed " "
 Fyzooodeen Mahratta " "
 Kishen Row " "

Printing Department.

Mr. C. R. Starr Foreman.
 " J. V. Cherriman Head Printer.

Military Secretary's Office.

Mr. G. A. Chamarett Head Clerk.
 " J. DePenning Clerk.
 " E. B. DePenning " "
 " C. Praycro " "
 " Meer Ameer Ally Persian Moonshee.

H. H. the Nizam's Reformed Troops of the City of Hyderabad.

GENERAL STAFF.

Major G. Proudfoot Military Secretary to His Excellency Nawab Nookteer-ool-Moolk, Salar Jung Bahadoor, K. C. S. I.
 Major H. Rocks Commander of Reformed Troops.
 Lieutenant J. O'Byrne Aide-de-Camp to the Commander.
 Mr. J. Bayley Senior Assistant Surgeon.
 Bunsee Rajah Girdarepersaud Serishtadar of Staff, African Body Guard, Artillery Batteries, W. Lancers & Infy. Regts.
 Mr. Shunker Rao Serishtadar of Hyderabad Lancers.
 Moonshee Cawder Hoossain Persian Translator.

TROOPS.

H. H. the Nizam's African Body Guard.

Captain Ragoonath Commanding.
 Lieut. Syed Ali Raza "
 Asst. Surgeon James Pollett Medical charge.
 Quarter Master "

1st Regiment Hyderabad Lancers.

Capt. Ahmed-bin-Abdoolah Commanding.
 Lieut. A. B. Burge 2d in Command.
 Lieut. Syed Ahmed "
 Lieut. Mirza Mahomed "

2nd Regiment Wuzpartee Lancers.

Captain Samuel Ogilvie Commanding.
 Captain D. Young 2d in Command.
 Lieutenant R. Lacan Adjutant.
 Asst. Surgeon James Pollett Medical charge.

Native Artillery Golundauze, consisting of two Batteries.

Captain Thomas M. Walker Commanding.
 Lieut. George Schaeffer 2d in Command.
 Lieut. John A. Boardman Adjutant.
 Lieut. E. Marrett "
 Asst. Surgeon J. E. Chamaret Medical charge.
 J. Howell Quarter Master.

1st Regiment Light Infantry at Hyderabad, furnishes a Detachment to Dharaseo.

Captain W. R. Round Commanding.
 Lieut. P. K. Fallon 2d in Command.
 —Comdg. Decht. Dharaseo.
 Lieut. R. S. Bird Adjutant.
 Lieut. G. H. Smith Doing duty.
 Asst. Surgeon W. Sellers Medical charge.

Military Cantonment at Secunderabad.

Five miles north of the Residency, is the head quarter station of the Hyderabad Subsidiary Force.

Brigadier Genl. J. T. Grant, C.B., Commanding.
 Major H. D. Slade, Asst. Adjutant General.
 Lieut. Col. J. White, Deputy Judge Advocate General—Europe.
 Lieut. Col. F. Mardall, Offg. Judge Advocate General.
 Lieut. Col. S. Mainwaring, Asst. Qr. Mr. Genl.
 Lieut. Col. A. R. Fraser, Paymaster.
 E. G. Balfour, Esq., Offg. Inspector Genl. of Hospitals, in charge Med. Dept. H. C.
 Surgeon Major E. S. Tribe, Staff Surgeon.
 Major R. G. Jones, Superintendent of Police.
 Surgeon Major E. S. Tribe, Supt. Medical Store.
 Major L. F. C. Thomas, Comy. of Ordnance.

At Trimulgherry, the new Barracks for a Regiment of Europeans, are built midway between Secunderabad and Bolarum. They are splendid and commodious buildings. A Church also is purposely built there to answer the convenience of British Soldiers at that place, and one of the Joint Chaplains of Secunderabad officiate there weekly.

St. John's Church at Secunderabad.

The Reverends G. English, G. Warlow and C. W. S. Taunton—Joint Chaplains.

Secunderabad contains

- A Bible and Book Depôt.
- A Tamil Mission Chapel, whereof the Reverend A. Taylor, is Missionary in charge.
- A School for the children of Native Christians.
- A Cantonment English School and Orphanage.
- An Anglo-Vernacular School for Native youths.
- A Masonic Lodge.
- A Travellers' Public Bungalow.
- A Grand Arsenal for Military and Ordnance Stores.
- The Victoria Theatre, Public Room, Library and Reading Room, (all three combined under one building.)
- A Printing Press, the proprietor is Mr. R. Hudson.
- A Roman Catholic Cathedral, in charge of Bishop —
- An ancient Roman Catholic Chapel, in charge of a Goa Priest.
- Three Livery Coach Establishments.
- A Dentist's Room; a Parsee Fire Temple.
- A Nib and Coach Building Establishment.
- Mail Cart Horse Establishment of the Postal Department.
- A Bullock, Nib and Cart Transit Department, Somasoondrum Moodelliar and Co., Agents.
- Custom House Department, P. Condasawmy Moodelliar, Agent.
- Ice Depôt.

Executive Engineer's Department, Secunderabad.

- Captain G. Sweetenham.....Executive Engineer.
- Lieutenant A. T. Fraser.....Assistant do.
- Mr. T. Vencatachellum Pillay.....Head Accountant.
- " T. Rajenderrow Pillay.....Head Clerk.

Post Office at Secunderabad near Travellers' Bungalow.

- Mr. J. DeCosta.....Inspecting Post Master, 3rd Div., Secunderabad.
- " J. E. Kellie.....do. 4th " Hyderabad.
-Post Master.

1. Aurungabad, about 300 miles from the Residency, is the Head Quarter Military Station for Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent. Brigadier General J. Lumsden, c. n., and Lieut. Col. Hoseason, the Brigade Major, reside here. A Post Office, and Post Master, Mr. George Hudson.

There is a Protestant Church at Aurungabad, wherein the Government Chaplain, Rev. R. P. Little, officiating. (transferred from Jauluah.)

2. Bolarum is twelve miles north of the Residency. A Military station for the Troops of the Hyderabad Contingent.

The Protestant Church at Bolarum is a neat gothic structure, and was erected by public subscription in the year 1845. The Government Chaplains at Secunderabad officiate therein weekly.

There are also two Roman Catholic Chapels (Irish and Goa.) A Post Office, and Mr. H. Taylor, Postmaster.

Superintending Engineer and Secretary to Resident P. W. Department, Hyderabad at Bolarum.

- Captain G. Price.....Supp. Engr. & Secy. to Resident, Hyderabad.
- Mr. J. White.....Head Clerk.
- " O. Chelvum.....Clerk.
- " T. Crowe....."
- " W. Dudley....."
- " T. Thoy.....Head Draughtsman.
- " C. E. W. Deprazer.....Clerk.
- " S. W. A. Murray....."
- " C. Pandoorung Pillay....."
- " T. Curpunnah Pillay.....Head Estimator.

Deputy Accountant General's Office, Hyderabad.

- E. S. Byrne, Esq.....Deputy Accountant General.
- Mr. J. Rose.....Superintendent and Head Assistant.
- " P. Stracey.....Superintendent Treasury Account Branch.
- " R. A. Flanagan.....Head Book-keeper.
- " W. Hughes.....Assistant Treasury Account Branch.
- " S. Marchant.....Acting Auditor.
- " C. A. Robson.....Assistant Book-keeper.
- " M. Rajagopaul Moodelliar.....Compiler.
- " T. Casavarow Naidoo.....Assistant Auditor.

Controller of Public Works Department, Hyderabad.

- D. Nuttall, Esq.....Controller and Examiner Public Works Dept.
- Mr. R. T. Albert.....Head Accountant.
- " J. Francis.....Second Assistant.
- " J. G. Seymore.....Registrar.
- " A. Cunnapah Moodelliar.....Clerk.
- " C. Ramasawmy....."
- " A. Parthasarthy....."

Hyderabad Commission.

Assigned Districts in Berar, about 300 miles North of Hyderabad,
Under the orders of Sir George U. Yule, K. C. S. I., c. n., British Resident at Hyderabad
(Bengal Civil Service.)

Commissioner.

- Captain W. Cadell.....Commissioner.—(Europe.)
- Major W. Nembhard.....Offg. Commissioner.

Oomrowtee District.

- Captain J. G. Bell.....Deputy Commissioner.
- Lieutenant H. C. A. Szepanski.....Assistant do.
- Lieutenant K. J. L. Mackenzie.....do.
- Lieutenant J. Fitzgerald.....do.
- Captain H. C. Menzies.....do. —(Europe.)
- Mr. C. Horden.....do.
- Captain A. Farrer.....do.
- Lieutenant C. A. Bayley.....do.
- Mr. J. Seetaram Rao.....Extra Assistant Commissioner.
- " Bapojee Rungnath.....do.
- " Dinshajee Soorahjee.....do.

Akolah District.

- J. G. Cordery, Esq.....Deputy Commissioner—On leave.
- Captain J. T. Bushby.....Asst. Commissioner, Actg. Depy. Comsr.
- Lieutenant P. W. Powlett.....do. —(Europe.)
- Captain D. W. Laughton.....do.
- Lieutenant J. E. Alexander.....do.
- Lieutenant R. H. Salkeld.....Offg. do.
- Mr. H. B. Knowleys.....do.
- " J. H. Burns.....Extra Asst. Commissioner—India, on leave
- " Ruttonjee Jamasjee.....do.
- " Atmaram Bhecajee.....do.
- Assistant Surgeon A. Porter, M. D.....Medical charge of Akola and Jail.
- R. S. Sinclair, Esq., LL. D.....Director of Public Instruction & Principal of Berar School.

Woon District

- Lieutenant R. Hudleston.....Deputy Commissioner.
- Lieutenant R. Bullock.....Asst. do.
- Mr. C. A. W. Davies.....Extra Asst. do.

Mehkur District.

- Captain J. Allardyce.....Deputy Commissioner.
- Captain C. T. O. Mayne.....Assistant do.
- Mr. Bymanjee Jamasjee.....Extra Asst. do.

Berar Police Department.

Lieut. Colonel J. W. Younghusband.....Inspector General of Police—(Europe.)
 Captain A. W. Millett, (District Supt.).....Offg. do.

District Superintendents of Police.

Lieutenant C. T. Lane.....Oomrowtee District.
 Mr. F. W. Grant.....Akolah District.
 " H. W. Bowen.....do.
 " F. Wright.....Woon District.
 " R. N. Cumberlege.....Mehkur District.

Medical Assistants.

Attached to the Civil Department.

Mr. E. F. Joachim.....Sub Assistant Surgeon at Akolah.
 " J. A. Bingar.....do. at Oomrowtee.
 " P. Chamarett.....Assistant Apothecary at Yeothmal.
 " R. A. Manasse.....do. at —

Officers employed under Nawab Salar Jung, Prime Minister.

G. Marrett, Esq.	Mr. H. Ogilvie.
H. Bowen, Esq.	" S. Hudson.
P. Charles, Esq.	" H. Long.
— Schafter, Esq.	" Peacock.
Mr. Carey.	" DePrazer.
" Stonchouse.	" A. Torrick.
" J. Ogilvie.	" Robinson.

POLITICAL.] UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS MYSORE COMMISSION.

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LIST OF UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS IN THE
MYSORE COMMISSION.

Mr. J. F. Pereira.....	Manager, Commissioner's Office.....	450	1st January	1866
" E. VanIngen.....	Do. Judl. Commissioner's Office.....	400	1st August	1864
" T. B. Clarke.....	Chief Assistant to Auditor and Acct.....	400	1st April	1865
" Joseph Lacey.....	Chief Clerk, Small Cause Court.....	300	1st December	1862
" P. Garrett.....	Superintendent, Government Press.....	300	1st September	1863
" W. J. Boyton.....	Confidential Clerk to the Commissr.....	300	1st May	1864
" G. Robins.....	Manager, Record Dept., Comr's Office.....	300	1st January	1865
" G. S. Dobbie.....	Channel Superintendent, Mysore.....	300	7th January	1865
" T. Haines.....	Manager, Nundidroog Division Office.....	250	1st December	1862
" T. E. Woodcock.....	Do. Ashtagram do. do.....	250	1st December	1862
" W. J. Lincoln.....	Do. Nugur do. do.....	250	25th July	1866
" J. A. Gow.....	Superintendent, Military Stores.....			
" J. McPherson.....	Head Writer, Commissioner's Office.....	165	1st January	1866
" J. Seppings.....	Inspector, Cantonment Police.....	150	15th May	1862
" A. B. Bride.....	On special duty, Commissr's Office.....	150	1st September	1864
" W. Hutson.....	Jailor, Central Jail.....	150	1st September	1864
" Lawrence.....	Govt. Prosr., Nundidroog Supt. Court.....	150	1st June	1865
" B. J. Woutersz.....	Clerk, Commissioner's Office.....	150	6th November	1866
" J. F. Abrew.....	Head Writer, Shemoga District.....	140	1st December	1862
" J. Denehy.....	Do Bangalore do. do.....	140	1st August	1863
" J. G. North.....	Do Mysore do. do.....	140	15th December	1864
" J. A. Boyton.....	Sub-Auditor, Commissioner's Office.....	125	1st April	1865
" G. Gardiner.....	Head Writer, Nundidroog Division.....	120	1st December	1862
" M. Vanderlowen.....	Do. Coorg do. do.....	120	1st August	1864
" T. W. Barnes.....	Do. Astagram do. do.....	120	1st October	1864
" C. M. D'Louza.....	Do. Nuggur do. do.....	120	27th June	1866
" E. Pereira.....	Head Translator, Judl. Comr's Office.....	120	1st November	1866
" H. Ball.....	Head Accountant, Coorg.....	110	22nd August	1864
" C. Cassim.....	Head Writer, Judl. Comr's Office.....	100	1st January	1864
" Blakie.....	Head Acct., Nundidroog Division.....	100	1st December	1862
" J. F. Lees.....	Jailor, Shemoga.....	100	1st January	1863
" C. Cress.....	Jailor, Mysore.....	100	1st December	1862
" F. Brown.....	Depy. Jailor, Central Jail, Bangalore.....	100	1st January	1863
" J. Rozario.....	Head Writer, Toomkoor.....	100	1st September	1864
" W. F. Hay.....	Do. Cuddoor ..	100	1st July	1864
" J. Middlecoat.....	Adjuster, Acct. Branch, Comsr's Office.....	100	1st April	1865
" G. Anderson.....	Channel Darogah, 2nd Circle, Mysore.....	100	17th August	1866
" E. C. Shrieves.....	Head Writer, Hassan Division.....	100	1st April	1865
" D. Saithoo Rao.....	Treasury Buckshee.....	500	16th September	1863
Syed Eshock.....	Bar Anchee Buckshee.....	350		
S. Venkatachariar.....	Serishtadar, Judl. Comr's Office.....	300	1st May	1863
B. Venkatachariar.....	Sowar Serishtadar.....	250		
Vacant.....	Residency Serishtadar	250		
A. Appasawmy Pillay.....	Naib Treasury Buckshee	250	18th January	1864
A. Narrainsawmy Modr.....	Furyad Buckshee.....	250	1st September	1866
M. Amoorthalingum Modr.....	Head Accountant Treasury.....	225	1st May	1863
Kiver Vencut Roa.....	Manager, Duffter Department.....	200	1st April	1860
B. Srenevas Ayengar.....	Judicial Serishtadar, Nundidroog.....	200	1st December	1862
L. Venket Nursiah.....	Revenue do. Astagram.....	200	1st December	1862
N. Trimala Chariar.....	Judicial do. do.....	200	1st May	1863
V. N. Nursimiengar.....	Revenue do. Nuggur.....	200	29th January	1864
B. Anoomuntha Rao.....	Do. Nundidroog.....	200	1st April	1864
T. Bala Krishnah.....	Judicial do. Nuggur.....	200	21st March	1864
T. Soondara Moodelliar.....	Manager, Audit Department.....	175	25th April	1864
O. Nana Rao.....	Head Moonshee, Comsr's Office.....	150	1st April	1860
Mathunda Appachoo.....	Head Serishtadar, Coorg. ..	150	6th February	1862
Govinda Chariar.....	Treasurer, Nundidroog.....	150	1st December	1862
Singapha.....	Do. Nuggur.....	150	1st December	1862
Kristniengar.....	Naib Serishtadar, Judl. Comsr's Office.....	150	9th July	1863
A. Appa Pillay.....	Treasurer Astagram.....	150	1st January	1864

UNCOVENANTED SERVANTS, MYSORE COMMISSION,—Continued.

Aldool Khader.	Sudr Ameen, Bangalore	150	1st May	1866
Vendatavurdiengar.	Mooneeb Asham Department	135	1st April	1860
P. Verasawmy Naidoo.	Deputy Writer, Comr.'s Office	130	1st January	1866
A. L. Dhurmaroya	Modr. Asst. Clerk and Cashier, Small Cause Court.	125	1st January	1863
C. Manachiga.	Public Prosecutor, Nuggur.	125	11th August	1865
V. Gajarajoo Moodelliar.	Depy. Acct., Treasury Acct.'s Branch, Commissioner's Office.	120	1st April	1860
Rajah Rao.	Treasury Serishtadar.	120	1st April	1860
A. Vasoodava Moodr.	Head Writer, Military Asst.'s Office.	120		
S. Balakistnamah Naidoo.	Record Keeper, Comr.'s Office.	110	1st January	1866
G. Soobiah	Sayer Mooktasure do.	100	1st April	1860
Kistna Singh.	Head Moonshree Dufter.	100	25th April	1860
M. Kistnasawmy Naidoo.	Clerk, Commissioner's Office.	100	26th February	1861
Moorthi Rao	Revenue Sheristadar Colar.	100	8th November	1862
P. Thimmapah.	Treasurer Coorg.	100	24th October	1861
M. Gunnas Singh.	Accountant, Ashtagram.	100	1st December	1862
H. Krishnapah.	Revenue Serishtadar, Mysore.	100	do.	1862
Soobramaniah.	Judicial do. Bangalore	100	do.	1862
Rungasawmy Pillay.	Revenue do. Toomkoor.	100	do.	1862
Gopaul Kristnia.	Judicial do. Hassan.	100	do.	1862
Burmayah.	Revenue do. Shimogah.	100	do.	1862
Chelviengar.	Judicial do. Chittledroog.	100	do.	1862
Sashagerry Rao	Revenue do. do.	100	do.	1862
A. Narrianswamy Modr.	Translator, Faryad Department.	100	1st January	1863
P. Venket Ramiah.	Revenue Sheristadar, Hassan.	100	1st May	1863
Venkataramanah.	Head Gomista, Treasury.	100	1st June	1863
Teroomah Rao.	Judicial Sheristadar, Mysore.	100	1st July	1863
T. Sreeneyras Pillay.	Translator Dufter.	100	7th July	1863
T. Kristna Raj.	Head Writer, Colar.	100	1st June	1865
Khader Mohadeen.	Judicial Sheristadar, Cuddoor.	100	24th November	1865
Vencatanarainappah.	Revenue do. do.	100	1st February	1864
Venkut Rao.	Judicial do. Toomkoor.	100	25th September	1864
Shaik Dowd.	Sur Ameen, Mysore.	100		
C. Sooba Rao.	Accountant, Nuggur.	100	30th June	1865
B. Sham Rao.	Revenue Sheristadar, Bangalore.	100	21st October	1865
Tirmul Rao	Judicial do. Colar.	100	1st July	1865
Sashachellum Moodr.	District Surveyor, Cuddoor.	100	9th June	1866
Shamienga.	Treasury, Shimogah.	100	1st October	1866
Shreenevasiengar.	Judicial Sheristadar, Shimogah.	100	1st October	1866

RANK.	NAMES.	Regiment or Department.	Date of Appointment to the Commission.	Rank in the Commission.	Where employed or Remarks.
	L. B. Bowring, Esquire.	Ben. Civil Ser.	11 Mar. 1862	Commr. of Mysore & Coorg	Or 15 months' sick leave to Europe.
	C. B. Saunders, Esq., c.n.	Ben. Civil Ser.	6 Dec. 1860	Judicial Comr. of Mysore.	Offg. Commissioner of Mysore and Coorg.
Captain.	A. C. Hay.	M. Staff Corps.	17 Nov. 1854	Secy. for Mysore & Coorg.	Head Qrs. Bangalore.
Major.	E. B. Ramsay.	M. Staff Corps.	14 Nov. 1848 reappd. 10th Oct. 1857.		
	J. R. Kindersley, Esq.	M. Civil Ser.	16 Sep. 1866	Military Assistant.	do.
	H. Hudson, Esquire.	Uncovd. Service	9 Jan. 1863	Offg. Judicial Comr. of Mysore and Coorg.	do.
	L. Ricketts, Esquire.	Uncovd. Service	22 Feb. 1861	Deputy Accountant General.	do.
Major.	R. Renton.	M. Staff Corps.	13 May 1864	1st Judge Small Cause Court	Bangalore Cantonment.
				Magistrate for the Town of Mysore in addition to his duties of Comdt. of the Maharajah's Troops.	On 20 months' sick leave to Europe.
Captain.	G. Briggs.	M. Staff Corps.	31 Jan. 1866	Officiating.	Mysore.
Captain.	T. Weldon.	42d M. N. I.	29 Aug. 1866	Supt. of Police for the Dist. and Cantonment of Bangalore.	
Lieut. Col.	R. S. Dobbs.	M. Staff Corps.	8 May 1834	Superintendent.	Nundidroog Division.
Major.	J. L. Pearse.	M. Staff Corps.	1 Feb. 1850	do.	Ashtagram
Major.	C. Elliot, c. n.	M. Staff Corps.	6 Sep. 1851 reappd. 3d Nov. 1862.	do.	Nugur do.
Lieut. Col.	T. Clerk.	M. Staff Corps.	Tempy. 11th Feb. 43, confirmed 5th May 1846.	Inam Commission.	
Major.	H. M. Elliott.	M. Staff Corps.	14 Nov. 1848	1st Class Deputy Supt.	Inam Commr. for the Province of Mysore.
Captain.	J. A. Campbell.	M. Staff Corps.	20 May 1856	1st do. do.	Shimoga District.
Major.	T. M. McHutchin.	M. Staff Corps.	8 Sep. 1855	2d Class do.	Bangalore District.—On 20 months' Sick leave to Europe.
Major.	J. Puckle.	M. Staff Corps.	1 Mar. 1860	2d do.	Mysore District.
Captain.	T. G. Clarke.	M. Staff Corps.	2 Oct. 1857	2d do.	Cantonment Magistrate of Bangalore.
Major.	A. J. Bruce.	M. Staff Corps.	17 Nov. 1854	3d Class do.	Hassan District.
Captain.	W. Hill.	M. Staff Corps.	1 July 1859	do.	Colar District.—Officiating Dy. Supt. Toomkoor District.
Captain.	C. J. Pearse.	M. Staff Corps.	1 Mar. 1860	3d do. do.	Chituldroog District.—Offg. Deputy Supt. Bangalore District.
	B. Krishna Ayengar, Esq.	Mysore Service.	3 Nov. 1862	3d do. do.	Depy. Supt. Cuddoor.—On 20 months' Sick leave to Europe.
Major.	J. J. Hamilton.	Ben. do do	22 Feb. 1861	1st do. Asst.	Colar District.
Captain.	T. Acton.	Ben. do do	3 Nov. 1862	2d do. do	Under Supt. Nundidroog Division.
Captain.	H. G. Thomson.	Mad. do do	12 Dec. 1862	do. do do	On 20 months' Sick leave to Europe.
Captain.	H. E. Mottet.	Mad. do do	8 Apr. 1861	do. do do	Under Supt. Ashtagram District.
Lieutenant.	F. H. T. G. Cumming.	22d Bom N. I.	3 Nov. 1862	do. do do	Under the Supt. Ashtagram Division.
Captain.	E. F. H. Armstrong.	11th Regt. M. N. I.	28 Feb. 1862	do. do do	do. Nugur Division.
Captain.	A. G. D. Logan.	37th Regt. M. N. I.	12 Dec. 1862	3d do. do	—Offg. Depy. Supt. of the Chituldroog Dist.
Captain.	A. W. C. Lindsay.	30th do do	12 Dec. 1862	do. do do	Under the Supt. of the Nundidroog Division.
Lieutenant.	E. P. Maltby.	Genl. List Infy.	25 Jan. 1864	do. do do	do Nugur Div.
Captain.	C. A. Benson.	45th M. N. I.	9 June 1864	do. do do	do Nugur Div. Offg. Depy. Supt. Cuddoor Dist.
Lieutenant.	E. Shaw.	M. Staff Corps.	14 June 1864	do. do do	Europe S. C.
Lieutenant.	C. S. Blair.	18th M. N. I.	24 Aug. 1861	do. do do	Under the Superintendent Nundidroog Div.
Lieutenant.	E. S. Ludlow.	23th M. N. I.	14 Sep. 1864	do. do do	Under the Supt. Ashtagram Division.
Lieutenant.	H. F. De Lousada.	M. Staff Corps.	2 Apr. 1866	Probationary Assistant.	Under the Supt. Nugur.
Lieut.	J. S. F. Mackenzie.	M. Royal Arty.		do. do do	Under the Supt. of the Ashtagram Division.
					Under the Supt. of the Nundidroog Division.

Divisions and Districts.

NUNDIDROOG DIVISION.

Head Quarters, Bangalore.

Supt. Lt. Col. R. S. Dobbs.

Medical Officer.

Surgeon H. R. Oswald, M. D.
Sub Assistant Conservator of
Forests J. H. Hunter, Esq.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Head Quarters Bangalore.

COLAR DISTRICT.

Head Qrs., Colar.

TOOMKOOR DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Toomkoor.

ASHTAGRAM DIVISION.

Head Quarters, Mysore.

Supt. Major J. L. Pearce, in
charge Palace duties.
Mag. for the Town of Mysore
Major R. Renton.—On 20 months'
sick leave to Europe.
Captain G. Briggs, Offg.Durbur Surgeon.
Surgeon A. A. Renton, Offg.
Civil Asst. Surg. J. Houston, M.D.
1st Assistant Conservator of
Forests R. C. Dobbs, Esq.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Mysore.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Hassan.

NUGUR DIVISION.

Head Quarters, Shimoga.

Supt. Major C. Elliot, C.B.

Medical Officer.

Asst. Surg. S. T. Heard, M. D.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Shimoga.

CUDDOOR DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Chikmagalur.

CHITLUDROOG DISTRICT.

Head Quarters, Chitludroog.

COORG.

Head Quarters, Mercara.

SURVEY DEPARTMENT.

Survey and Settlement Commissioner, Lieutenant Colonel W. C. Anderson.

Deputy Superintendent Revenue Survey Lieutenant J. P. Grant.

Assistant Superintendent do. Lieutenant J. W. M. Anderson.

Do. do. R. H. Light, Esq.

Do. do. Lieutenant F. W. Major.

Do. do. Lieutenant J. Rutherford.

Do. do. E. Butcher, Esq.

Do. do. Lieutenant M. F. Coussmaker.

Deputy Supt. Capt. J. A. Campbell—On 20
months' sick leave to Europe.
Deputy Supt. Capt. W. Hill, Offg.
Major J. J. Hamilton.
Assistant Captain E. F. H. Armstrong.
Lieutenant J. S. F. Mackenzie.
Lieutenant J. T. McGoun.
Native Asst. Poorna Venkut Rao, Esq.
Do. Aroonachellum Midr., Esq.
Do. V. Krishnaswamy Midr., Esq.
—On duty in the Chitludroog District.Deputy Supt. Major A. J. Bruce—Offg. Deputy
Supt. Toomkoor District.
Deputy Supt. Krishna Ayengar, Esq.—Offg.
Native Asst. Krishnaswami Ayengar, Esq.Deputy Supt. Major A. J. Bruce—Offg.
Assistant Captain C. A. Benson.
Native Asst. Syed Ameer Ahmed, Esq.Deputy Supt. Major T. M. McHutchin.
Assistant Captain H. G. Thomson.
Assistant Captain H. E. Mottet.
Assistant Lieut. H. F. De Lousada.
do. Lt. E. S. Lindlow.—Europe S. C.
Native Asst. Somasundur Rao, Esq.
Do. Subbaputty Moodelliar, Esq.Deputy Supt. Capt. T. G. Clarke.
Assistant Lieut. E. Shaw.
Native Asst. Krishna Rao, Esq.
Do. Shunmogavallu Pillay, Esq.Deputy Supt. Major H. M. Elliott.
Asst. Captain T. Acton.—On 20 months'
sick leave to Europe.
Asst. Lieut. F. H. T. G. Cumming.—Offg.
Deputy Supt. of the Chitludroog District.
Assistant Captain A. G. D. Logan.
Asst. Lieut. E. P. Matthy.—Europe S. C.
Asst. Lieut. G. S. Blair.
Native Assistant Venkut Rao, Esq.
Do. Srinivas Ayengar, Esq.Deputy Supt. Captain C. J. Pearce.—On 20
months' sick leave to Europe.
Capt. A. W. C. Lindsay.—Officiating
Native Assistant Venkut Soobia, Esq.Deputy Supt. Captain W. Hill—Offg.
Dy. Supt. Bangalore District.
Asst. Lieut. F. H. T. G. Cumming.—Offg.
Native Asst. Nursima Ayengar, Esq.Supt. Captain R. A. Cole.
Native Assistant Chuppadu Soobiah, Esq.

Distribution Return of the Establishment of the Public Works Department in Mysore as it stood on the 30th Nov. 1866. 391

NAMES	Appointment.	Station.	Date of Appointment to present Situation.	REMARKS.
CENTRAL OFFICE, HEAD QUARTERS, BANGALORE.				
Major R. H. Sankey, R. E.	Chief Engineer.	Bangalore.	15 Aug. 1866	Chief Engineer.
Captain W. Chrystie, R. E.	Offg. Asst. Chief Engr.	do	27 July 1866	
Mr. W. Eccles.	Manager.	do	12 July 1861	
CONTROLLER'S OFFICE, HEAD QUARTERS, BANGALORE.				
Lt. Col. F. N. Smith, M. S. C.	Contrl. 3d Class 1st Grade.	Bangalore.	1 Oct. 1865	
Mr. B. Lacey.	Accountant 3d Grade.	do	1 May 1863	
A. Gooorooswamy Moodely.	do 4th do.	do	13 July 1865	
Mr. E. Lacey.	do 4th do.	do	22 Nov. 1865	
Mr. T. H. Boyton.	do 4th do.	do	30 Oct. 1866	Probationary.
BANGALORE DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, BANGALORE.				
R. C. Dobbs, Esq.	Executive Engr. 3d Grade.	Bangalore.	1 Nov. 1862	
H. Riggs, Esq.	Asst. Engineer 1st Grade.	do	1 May 1866	Offg. Exec. Engr. Toomkoor Division.
Mr. J. Kemp.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	do	1 Oct. 1865	
Mr. G. Thomson.	do 2d Grade.	do	1 Oct. 1866	
Mr. M. H. Gaynor.	Accountant 4th Grade.	do	5 Feb. 1866	
COLAR DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, COLAR.				
O. H. Clark, Esq.	Exec. Engr. 4th Grade.	Colar.	7 Aug. 1860	
A. B. Gatherer, Esq.	Asst. Engr. 2d Grade.	do	4 Oct. 1865	On spl. duty Mysore Divn.
Serjeant J. Hill.	Overseer 1st Grade.	Chickaballapoor.	1 Apr. 1865	
Mr. J. Woodhouse.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Colar.	6 Oct. 1863	
HASSAN DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, HASSAN.				
Capt. W. H. Campbell, M.S.C.	Exec. Engr. 2d Grade.	Hassan.	1 Nov. 1864	Europe P. A.
Lieut. S. C. Clarke, R. E.	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.	do	1 Oct. 1865	Offg. Exec. Engineer.
W. Edwards, Esq.	Asst. Engr. 2d Grade.	do	1 May 1866	
Mr. E. Haldwell.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	Sucklaspoor.	1 Apr. 1865	
Serjt. W. Lennox.	Overseer 1st Grade.	Chenroyapatam	1 Aug. 1863	[vara Ancient Works.
Serjeant J. Brown.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	do	1 Apr. 1866	Empld. on the Sreramada.
C. Teeromal Row.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Hassan.	10 Feb. 1866	Probationary.
MYSORE DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, MYSORE.				
Capt. W. R. Johnson, M.S.C.	Exec. Engr. 1st Grade.	Mysore.	1 Nov. 1864	In charge of the Bridge Works. Hurrhur.
Lieut. C. Bowen, R. E.	Asst. Engineer, 1st Grade.	do	8 July 1864	Offg. Exec. Engineer.
Mr. J. Page.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	do	1 Nov. 1866	Europe, S. C.
Conductor E. Scully.	Overseer 1st Grade.	Hoonsoor.	3 Mar. 1865	
Mr. D. O'Dogherty.	do 3d do	Muddoor.	1 July 1865	
B. Paupiah Naidoo.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Mysore.	13 Jan. 1866	Probationary.
SHEMOGAH DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, SHEMOGAH.				
Capt. W. H. G. Palmer, M.S.C.	Exec. Engr. 3d Grade.	Shemogah.	1 Apr. 1866	
R. S. Dobbs, Esq.	Asst. Engineer, 1st Grade.	Chennagaherry.	1 Oct. 1865	
Mr. L. M. Morrell.	Overseer 3d Grade.	Shemogah.	1 Aug. 1865	
Mr. R. Watcham.	Accountant 3d Grade.	Shemogah.	1 Oct. 1866	
TOOMKOOR DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, TOOMKOOR.				
Major D. J. P. Campbell, M.S.C.	Exec. Engr. 3d Grade.	Toomkoor.	1 Apr. 1866	On leave S. C.
Mr. T. Tod.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	Chittledroog.	1 Apr. 1865	
Serjeant J. S. Robinson.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	Nittoor.	1 July 1859	
Mr. W. McCracken.	Accountant 3d Grade.	Toomkoor.	1 May 1864	
CHITLUDROOG DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS CHITLUDROOG.				
Lieut. G. H. L. Pole, R. E.	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.	Chittledroog.	1 Apr. 1866	Offg. Executive Engineer.
Mr. A. Price.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	Chittledroog.	1 Apr. 1866	
Serjt. R. Green.	Overseer 1st Grade.	do	1 Apr. 1865	
Mr. J. D. Legge.	do do.	Heerur.	1 Dec. 1866	
Mr. A. Grant, B.C.E.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Chittledroog.	16 Nov. 1866	
CUDDOOR DIVISION, HEAD QUARTERS, CHICKMUGLOOR.				
R. McKennie, Esq.	Asst. Engr. 1st Grade.	Chickmugloor.	1 Apr. 1865	Offg. Exec. Engineer
W. B. Traill, Esq.	Asst. Engr. 2d Grade.	do	1 Oct. 1866	
Serjt. J. Keenan.	Overseer 1st Grade.	do	1 Apr. 1865	
Mr. J. E. Rodgers.	Overseer 2d Grade.	do	20 July 1864	
Mr. H. Buchan.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Chickmugloor.	1 Nov. 1864	
COORG DIVISION HEAD QUARTERS, MERCARA.				
A. Stoddard, Esq.	Exec. Engr. 4th Grade.	Mercara.	1 Apr. 1865	
Mr. R. Hunter.	Asst. Engr. 3d Grade.	do	29 Oct. 1866	
Serjt. J. Fitzgibbon.	Supervisor 2d Grade.	do	1 Apr. 1866	
Mr. E. W. Godfrey.	Overseer 2d Grade.	do	30 Oct. 1866	
Mr. R. Scudwall.	Overseer 2d Grade.	Veerajendrapett.	8 Nov. 1866	
Mr. M. Dunhill.	Accountant 4th Grade.	Mercara.	20 Mar. 1866	
Supernumerary.				
Sub Condr. M. Gaynor.	Supervisor 1st Grade.	Bangalore.	2 July 1859	Services temply. placed at the disposal of the Municipal Board, Bangalore.

1st Regiment.....	Head Quarters at Shimoga.
2d do.	do. Toomkoor.
3d do.	do. Colar.
4th do.	do. Mysore.

5th Regiment.....	Head Quarters at Chituldroog.
6th do.	do. Bangalore.
7th do.	do. Hassan.

Establishment of each Regiment.—1 Regimentdar, 6 Ressaldars, 1 Surzufferdar, 6 Zufferdars, 30 Jemadars, 1 Surpalsicar, 6 Paishcars, 2 Trumpeters, 1 Dhunka, 1 Standard Bearer, 1 Veterinarian, 1 Orderly, 4 Line Men, 300 Troopers and 5 Stallions.

Infantry.

1st Regiment.....	Head Quarters at Toomkoor.
2d do.	do. Mysore.
3d Regiment.....	Head Quarters Bangalore.
4th do.	Head Quarters at Shemogah.

Establishment of each Regiment.—1 Commandant or Commanding Officer, 1 Ressaldar or 2nd in Command, 1 Adjutant, 10 Subadars, 10 Jemadars, 1 Havildar Major, 70 Havildars, 20 Drummers and Fifers, 500 Privates, 1 Vakeel, 5 Writers, 1 Native Doctor, 1 Native Dresser, 10 Puckallies, 10 Washermen, 1 Orderly, 1 Armourer, 1 Smith, 1 Carpenter, 1 Chuckler, 4 Lascars.

ARMY RANK.

Major E. B. Ramsay, Staff Corps, Superintendent Mysore Horse, and Military Asst. to the Commissione

Nair Brigade.

Consisting of 2 Battalions of Infantry, and a Detachment of Artillery.

HEAD QUARTERS AT TREVANDRUM.

Detachments at Alleppy, Purravoor, Quilon, Pulpanavorum, Nagercoil, Soosheerum and Cardamom Hills.

	When appointed.	
Lieut. Col. Heber Drury, Staff Corps.....	18 Apr. 1862	Commanding Brigade and Trevandrum.
Captain J. C. Hay, Staff Corps.....	29 Jan. 1862	Comdg. 1st Bn. and Adjutant, Staff Officer of Station, & in charge of the Band and Pensioners—Eur. S. C. for 20 months.
Captain A. Drury, Staff Corps.....	26 Mar. 1866	Acting Do. do.
Captain A. A. Davidson, Staff Corps.....	1 Aug. 1862	Comdg. 2nd Battalion and Artillery, Adjutant and Quarter Master.—Leave on M. C. for 4 months.
Medical Officer J. Sperschnider, M. D.....	23 July 1851	In Medical charge.

Establishment of each Battalion of Infantry.—8 Subadars, 8 Jemadars, 1 Sergeant Major, 1 Havildar Major, 30 Havildars, 40 Naigues, 532 Privates, 1 Accountant, 8 Company Writers, 1 Puckally, 1 Dresser, and for both Battalions, 64 Band, Drummers, Fifers and Buglers, 1 Interpreter, 1 English Writer, 5 Malayalam Writers, Native Paymaster, 1 Store Superintendent, 1 Tailor, 5 Artificers, 1 Chuckler, and 1 Toly.

Establishment of the Detachment of Artillery.—1 Jemadar, 2 Havildars, 2 Naigues, and 25 Privates.

Residency of Travancore and Cochin.

.....	H. Newill, Esquire.	Mad. Civil Serv.	British Resident.
Captain.....	W. Hay.	Staff Corps.	Commandant Resident's Escort and Asst. Resident.
Asst. Surgeon.....	E. M. Ross. ....	.....	Residency Surgeon.
Asst. Surgeon.....	H. McE. Ross, M. D.	Madras Estab.	Physician to H. H. the Rajah of Travancore.
Mr.....	J. A. Pereira.	Unconvenanted.	Manager Resident's Office.

MILITARY ESTABLISHMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE RAJAH OF TRAVANCORE.

Lieut. Col.....	H. Drury.	M. Staff Corps.	Commanding Nair Brigade and Trevandrum.
Captain.....	J. C. Hay, (Local).	do.	Comdg. 1st Bat., Adj., Staff Officer and in charge of the Band and Pensioners—Eur. S. C. for 20 months.
Captain.....	A. Drury.	do.	Acting Do. do.
Captain.....	A. A. Davidson, A.C.L. (Local).	do.	Commanding 2nd Battalion and Artillery, Adjutant and Quarter Master.—Leave on M. C. for 4 months.
Doctor.	J. Sperschnider, M.D.	Local.	In Medical Charge.

DEPARTMENT PUBLIC WORKS.

W. C. Barton, Esq. | Bombay Establishment | Civil Engineer of Travancore.

Consist of Nagpore, Jubbulpore, Nerbudda and Chutteesgurh Divisions, and Upper Godavery District.

NAGPORE DIVISION.	JUBBULPORE DIVISION.	NERBUDDA DIVISION.	CHUTTEESGURH DIVISION.
Nagpore Chandah Bhandarah Wurdah	Jubbulpore Mundlah Seonee Saugor Dumoh	Baitool Hoshungabad Chindwarrah Narsingpore Nimar	Raepore Belaspore Sumbulpore
Districts.	Districts.	Districts.	Districts.

Upper Godavery District and Bustar. Head Quarters, Sironcha.

Rank.	NAMES.	Corps.	REMARKS.
	R. Temple, Esq., C.S.I.....	Ben. C. S.	Chief Commissioner.
	J. S. Campbell, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Judicial Commissioner.—6 months private affairs leave to England, from 14th Nov. 1866.
	C. E. Bernard, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Secretary to Chief Commissioner.
	F. R. S. Wylie, Esq.....	Bom. C. S.	Assistant do.—Europe, M. C. 20 months, from 24th July 1865.
Lieutenant	A. Bloomfield.....	Ben. S. C.	Officiating Assistant Secretary.
	J. H. R. Carnac, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Cotton Comr. for the Central Provs. and Berars.
	W. Biss, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Deputy Accountant General.
	R. T. Abbott, Esq., M.D.....	Ben. Army.	Inspector of Jails and Dispensaries.
	Asst. Surg. J. Brake.....	Ben. Army.	Supt. of Vaccination.
	Dr. W. R. Grylls.....	Mad. Army.	Officiating Superintendent of Vaccination.
Lieutenant	R. D. Nuthall, Esq.....	Ben. Army.	Superintendent of Elephant Khedda, Belaspore.
	J. Johnstone.....	Ben. Army.	Assistant do.
	G. W. Cline, Esq., L.L.D.....	Uncovd.	Asst. to Dy. Comr. of Issue of Paper Currency.

COMMISSIONERS OF DIVISION.

Lieut. Col.	James Knox Spence.....	Ben. S. C.	Jubbulpore Division.
Major.....	R. E. Egerton, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Nagpore Division.—Offg. Judicial Comr., C. P.
Lieut. Col.	Hector Mackenzie.....	Ben. S. C.	Nerbudda Division.
	James George Balmain.....	Mad. I. A.	Chutteesgurh Division.

DEPUTY COMMS. OF DISTRICTS.

Major.....	W. Nembhard.....	Ben. S. C.	Offg. Comr. Hyderabad Assigned Districts.
Lieut. Col.	A. C. Lyall, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Hoshungabad Dist.—Offg. Comr. Nagpore Divn.
do	John Norman Hector Maclean.....	Mad. S. C.	Saugor do.
do	Raymond Torin Snow.....	Mad. S. C.	Raepore District.—Europe M. C. 20 months from 30th May 1865.
Captain	W. M. Low, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Nagpore District.
Lieut. Col.	Alexander Bulstrode Cumberlege.....	Mad. S. C.	Sumbulpore District.
do	William Hindley Crichton, C.B.....	Mad. S. C.	Balaspore District.—Offg. Hoshungabad.
do	Julius Bentall Denny.....	Ben. S. C.	Seonee District.
Captain	Frederick Arthur Fenton.....	Mad. S. C.	Baitool District.—Offg. at Raepore.
	W. B. Jones, Esq.....	Ben. C. S.	Wurdah District.
Captain	Charles Hean Lucie Smith.....	Mad. S. C.	Chandah District.
Major	T. F. Waddington.....	Ben. S. C.	Mundlah do.—Offg. Narsingpore.
Captain	C. Lamont Robertson Glasford.....	Bom. S. C.	Upper Godavery District.
do	W. B. Thomson.....	Ben. S. C.	Dumoh—Offg. Settlement Officer, Seonee and Mundla.—3 months privilege leave from 21st August 1866.
Captain	H. F. Newmarch.....	Ben. S. C.	Bhandarah District.
Major	Charles Baldwin.....	Ben. S. C.	Narsingpore District.—Eur. M. C. 20 months.
do	John Ashburner.....	Bom. S. C.	Chindwarrah District.
Captain	George Augustus Alves Warner.....	Mad. S. C.	Nimar.—Europe M. C. from 19th February 1866.
do	E. R. H. Twyford.....	Mad. S. C.	Offg. Deputy Commissioner Baitool.

ASSISTANT COMMISSIONERS.

Lieutenant	M. P. Ricketts.....	Ben. S. C.	Jubbulpore District.—Offg. Deputy Comr.
Captain	Charles Halyburton Grace.....	Mad. S. C.	Nimar District.—Offg. Deputy Commissioner.
	J. W. Chisholm, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Offg. Deputy Commissioner, Belaspore.
	H. Read, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Offg. Deputy Commissioner Dumoh.
Captain	A. G. W. Harris, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Saugor.
	J. L. Loch.....	Late 2d E.	
Lieutenant	H. C. E. Ward.....	Ben. Cavy.	Nimar.
Captain	T. Wakefield.....	Ben. S. C.	Jubbulpore.—Offg. Deputy Comr., Mundla.
Lieutenant	M. M. Bowie.....	Mad. S. C.	Raepore.
Captain	Charles Vincent Gordon.....	Royal Arty.	Sumbulpore.
		Mad. S. C.	Saugor.—Europe M. C. 20 months, from 25th June 1865.
Lieutenant	H. J. MacGeorge, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Seonee.—Eur. M. C. 15 months, from 5th May 1866.
	Charles Henry Plowden.....	19th M.N.I.	Wurdah District.—Europe M. C. 20 months, from 27th March 1865.
Lieutenant	James Ducat.....	Bom. S. C.	Offg. Asst. Settlement Officer, Raepore.—Eur. M. C. 20 months, from 9th June 1865.
Lieutenant	W. S. Brooke.....	Ben. S. C.	Offg. Asst. Settlement Officer, Chanda.
	J. H. Beldy, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Hoshungabad.
Lieutenant	H. E. Wrottesley, Esq.....	Uncovd.	Dumoh.
Captain	J. Forsyth.....	Ben. S. C.	Seonee.—Settlement Officer, Nimar.
Lieutenant	H. I. Lizard.....	Mad. S. C.	Raepore.
do	T. H. B. Brooke.....	Mad. S. C.	Hoshungabad.
do	J. W. MacDougall.....	Mad. S. C.	Nagpore.
do	J. A. Temple.....	GL List Infy.	Saugor.—Offg. Cantonment Mag. Saugor.
do	R. M. B. Thomas.....	Late 65th N.I.	Seonee.
do	A. Bloomfield.....	Ben. S. C.	Offg. Asst. Secy. to Chief Commissioner.

Rank.	NAMES.	Corps.	REMARKS.
ASST. COMMISSIONERS.—continued.			
Lieutenant	J. W. Tawney, Esq.	Ben. C. S.	Nursingpore.—2 months privilege leave.
do	W. Vertue, Esq.	29th M. N. I.	Jubbulpore.
do	G. C. Sartorius.	Bom. Arty.	Nagpore.
do	T. A. Scott.	Ben. S. C.	Nimar.
do	G. J. Nicholls, Esq.	Ben. C. S.	Nagpore.
Captain	J. W. Neill, Esq.	do.	Registrar, Judicial Comr's Court, C. P.
Lieutenant	R. R. Woodhouse.	Bom. Infy.	Raepore.—M. C. to Europe, 12 months.
Lieutenant	E. A. Pemberton.	Ben. Infy.	Jubbulpore.
Lieutenant	T. Drysdale, Esq.	Uncovd.	Wurdah.
Lieutenant	W. L. Noverre.	Late H. M.	1st Fusrs. Chanda.
Lieutenant	G. C. H. Miller.	do.	Nagpore.
EXTRA ASST. COMMISSIONERS.			
	F. St. C. Williams, Esq.	Uncovd.	Nimar.
	Moonshie Seo Pershad.	do.	Raepore.—Furlough, 12 months from 1st Feb. 1866.
	Azezooddeen.	do.	Saugor.—3 months priv. leave from 1st Oct. 1866.
	W. Manton, Esq.	do.	Nagpore.
	D. A. Cameron, Esq.	do.	Bhundara.
	T. L. Crawley, Esq.	do.	Raepore.
	Gopal Rao.	do.	Chanda.
	Ashfaq Hussein.	do.	Hoshungabad.
	Rai Jankee Pershad.	do.	Baitool.
	Tajooddeen Hossein.	do.	Nursingpore.
	Haroo Nabin Kristo Bose.	do.	Saugor.
	A. Collins, Esq.	do.	Upper Godavery District.
	Alee Hussein Khan.	do.	Jubbulpore.
	Beresser Dutt.	do.	Belaspore.
	Buktawur Singh.	do.	Dumoh.
	H. E. M. Impey, Esq.	do.	Chindwarah.
	R. Hamilton, Esq.	do.	Hoshungabad.—Offg. District Supt. of Police.
	S. Hennessy, Esq.	do.	Jubbulpore.
	Mahomed Zainoolabdeen Khan.	do.	Nimar.
	W. A. Nedham, Esq.	do.	Saugor.—Offg. tempy. Assistant District Supt. of Police.
	Shaik Mahomed Boodeen.	do.	Bhundara.
	H. Denny, Esq.	do.	Mundla.
	J. Lloyd, Esq.	do.	Wurdah.
	W. MacGeorge, Esq.	do.	Hoshungabad.—Officiating.
	F. Prior, Esq.	do.	Seonee.—Officiating.
	Goopershad.	do.	Sumbulpore.—Officiating.
SMALL CAUSE COURT.			
Major	F. L. Magniac.	Mad. S. C.	Judge, Nagpore.
	F. MacNaghten, Esq.	Bom. C. S.	Judge, Jubbulpore.
EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.			
Major	P. Dods.	Bom. S. C.	Director Public Instruction.
Lieutenant	C. Browning, Esq. M.A.	Uncovd.	Inspector of Schools, Southern Circle.
	G. H. Trevor.	M. R. Arty.	Inspector of Schools, Northern Circle.
	G. Wiggins, Esq.	Uncovd.	Inspector of Schools, Eastern Circle.
FOREST DEPARTMENT.			
Major	George Falconer Pearson.	Mad. S. C.	Conservator.
Lieutenant	William Douglas.	33d M. N. I.	Asst. do.—Northern Division, Jubbulpore.
Lieutenant	J. C. Doveton.	1st M. N. I.	Asst. Conservator of Forests, Fuchmurri Division, Baitool.
Lieutenant	W. Jacob, Esq.	Uncovd.	do. Eastern Division, Raepore.
	H. A. Plowden.	51st B. N. I.	Assistant Conservator of Forests.—20 months' M. C. to England, from 11th July 1866.
Captain	F. H. C. Cox, Esq.	Uncovd.	Asst. Conservator, Western Dn. Hoshungabad.
	H. C. T. Jarrett, V. C.	do.	Offg. Southern Divn., Chanda.
	W. Breton, Esq.	do.	Offg. Central Divn. Seonee.
CIVIL SURGEONS, &c.			
	Surgeon S. C. Townsend.	B. Army.	Nagpore.
	Dr. W. Rice.	B. Army.	Jubbulpore.
	Asst. Surg. D. W. Trimnell.	Mad. Army.	Nursingpore.
	Dr. W. R. Grylls.	Mad. Army.	Chindwarra.—Officiating Supt. of Vaccination.
	Asst. Surg. J. F. Barter.	Mad. Army.	Seonee.
	Asst. Surg. P. Cullen.	Mad. Army.	Wurdah.—Europe M. C. 18 months. G. O. G. 4th May 1866.
	Asst. Surg. G. Y. Hunter.	do.	Raepore.—Europe M. C. 18 months, from 10th November 1865.
	Asst. Surg. J. Reid.	B. Army.	Baitool.
	Asst. Surg. H. A. Kidd.	Ben. Army.	Mundlah.
	Dr. J. Law.	Mad. Army.	Saugor.
	Asst. Surg. H. F. McGrath.	Ben. Army.	Bhundara.
	Asst. Surg. L. D. Spencer.	Ben. Army.	Nimar.
	Asst. Surg. K. Dempster.	1st M. N. I.	Hoshungabad.
	Dr. W. C. Elliot.	7th M. N. I.	Raepore.
	Mr. G. Law, Hony. Asst. Surg.	Ben. Army.	Dumoh.
	Mr. Thomas King, Apothecary.	Mad. Army.	Belaspore.—also powers of Sub-Magistrate.
	Mr. T. H. Carr, 2d Apothecary.	Mad. Army.	Sumbulpore.
	Mr. J. E. Harrison, Apothecary.	Ben. Army.	Sumbulpore.

Rank.	NAMES.	Corps.	REMARKS.
	Mr. J. C. Ellis, Apothecary.	Ben. Army	Baitool.
	Mr. M. Craggs, Asst. Apothecary.	Mad. Army	In temporary Medical charge, Chanda.
	Mr. G. Bamford, 2d Apothecary.	Mad. Army	In temporary Medical charge, Wurdah.
CUSTOMS DEPARTMENT.			
	G. M. Jones, Esquire.	Uncovd.	Collector, Saugor.
	C. Douglas, Esquire.	do.	Collector, Hoshungabad.
	T. A. Martin, Esq.	do.	Collector, Kowtah.—On priv. leave for 3 months.
	H. Ives, Esquire.	do.	Collector, Chutteesghur.
SETTLEMENT DEPARTMENT.			
	J. H. Morris, Esquire.	Ben. C. S.	Settlement Commissioner.
	W. Ramsay, Esquire.	Ben. C. S.	Settlement Officer, Baitool and Chindwarah.
	C. Grant, Esquire.	Ben. C. S.	do. do. Jubbulpore.—Europe, 1 year's furlough.
Captain	J. F. R. Hewitt, Esq.	Ben. C. S.	Settlement Officer, Raepore.
	A. J. Lawrence, Esq.	Ben. C. S.	Settlement Officer, Bhundara.
	W. B. Thomson.	Ben. S. C.	Officiating Settlement Officer Seonee and Mundla.—3 months' privilege leave from 21st Aug. 1866.
Lieutenant	J. Forsyth.	do.	Settlement Officer Nimar.
	A. H. Ross, Esquire.	Uncovd.	do. do. Nagpore.
	H. Read, Esq.	Uncovd.	In charge Dumoh Settlement.
	A. M. Russell, Esq.	do.	Assistant do. In charge Nursingpore and Hoshungabad.
Lieutenant	J. Ducat.	Bom. S. C.	Assistant do. Raepore.—Europe, S. C. 20 months, from 9th June 1866.
do.	W. S. Brooke.	do.	Assistant do. Chanda.
	D. Sinclair, Esq.	Uncovd.	Assistant do. Raepore.
	Sooklall Sing.	do.	Deputy Collector.—Jubbulpore.
	Oulad Hoosein.	do.	do. do. Dumoh.
	Fuzlool Kadir.	do.	do. do. Nimar.
	Ahmad Hoosein.	do.	do. do. Saugor.
	Shreenath Bose.	do.	do. do. Belaspore.
	Abdool Rubeen.	do.	do. do. Seonee.
	Sooltan Ally.	do.	do. do. Chindwarah.
	Ram Dial.	do.	do. do. Chanda.
	M. B. Thul Sing.	do.	do. do. Nagpore.
REVENUE SURVEY DEPARTMENT.			
Captain	J. Seonee.	Ben. R. A.	Rev. Sur. Saugor or 3d Dn.—On duty at the Presy.
Captain	E. D. Richard Oakes.	Ben. S. C.	Revenue Surveyor, Jubbulpore or 1st Divn.
Captain	J. Macdonald.	Ben. S. C.	Revenue Surveyor, Chanda or 4th Divn.
	R. B. Smart, Esq.	do.	Rev. Surveyor Nagpore or 2d Dn.—(Not joined.)
Lieutenant	W. H. Wilkins.	do.	Asst. Revenue Surveyor Jubbulpore Division.
Lieutenant	J. Henry Willoughby Osborne.	Late 4th	do.
Captain	H. C. B. Tanner.	Ben. N. I.	Assistant do. In charge Saugor Divn.
		Bom. R. A.	Asst. Revenue Sur. Chanda.—Europe, furlough 20 months from 14th Mar. 1866.
CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES.			
Captain	E. M. Playfair.	M. R. Arty.	Kamptee.
Major	H. T. Bartlett.	Ben. S. C.	Saugor.—2 months priv. leave from 13th Nov. 1866.
Major	S. C. D. Ryder.	Ben. S. C.	Jubbulpore.
POLICE DEPARTMENT.			
Lieut. Col.	Henry Duncan Taylor.	Mad. S. C.	Inspector General.
Lieut. Col.	George Gill Moxon.	Ben. S. C.	1st Class District Superintendent, Jubbulpore.
Captain	F. G. Stewart.	Bom. S. C.	do. do. Raepore.
Captain	William James Morris.	4th M. L. C.	3d Class District Superintendent, Saugor.
Lieutenant	Ennis Richard Henry Twyford.	Mad. S. C.	do. do. Offg. Deputy Comr. Baitool.
Major	F. A. Dickens.	31st B. N. I.	do. do. Nagpore.
Major	Robert John Baker.	Mad. S. C.	do. do. Sumbulpore.—Med. leave to Neilgherries till 31st Dec. 1866.
Captain	H. Fraser.	3d M. L. C.	do. do. Bhundara.
Captain	Stanley Sutherland Sutherland.	Ben. S. C.	do. do. Dumoh.—On twelve months' private affairs leave to Europe from Jan. 1866.
Captain	J. J. Higgins, Esq.	Uncovd.	do. do. Belaspore.
	Charles S. Blackwood Walton.	Mad. S. C.	do. do. Hoshungabad.
Captain	J. M. Berrill, Esq.	Uncovd.	do. do. Chindwarah.
	J. D. Vallance.	Mad. S. C.	do. do. Chanda.
	J. C. Duff, Esq.	Uncovd.	do. do. Wurdah.—Europe, M. C. 18 months from 26th April 1866.
Captain	T. E. Vandergucht.	Ben. S. C.	5th Class District Superintendent, Baitool.
Captain	H. V. Matthias.	do.	5th Class District Superintendent, Nimar.
Lieutenant	H. A. Hammond.	26th M. N. I.	5th Class District Supt.—Europe, M. C. 20 months, from 6th January 1866.
Lieutenant	M. P. Hanks, Esq.	Uncovd.	5th Class Dist. Supt. Dumoh.
	R. W. E. Burrows.	do.	5th Class District Superintendent, Seonee.
	Debee Pershad.	do.	1st Class Asst. Dist. Supt., Saugor.—On special duty.
Lieutenant	W. R. Baillie, Esq.	do.	1st Class Asst. Dist. Supt. Jubbulpore.
	H. Martin.	do.	2d Class Asst. District Supt. Nursingpore.—Offg. District Superintendent.
Lieutenant	C. F. Anderson, Esq.	Uncovd.	3d Class Asst. Dist. Supt. Offg. Dist. Supt. Mundla.
Lieutenant	J. B. Taylor.	do.	Offg. Dist. Supt. Upper Godavery District.
	O. M. Bradshaw.	do.	Officiating District Superintendent, Sumbulpore.
	R. Hamilton.	Uncovd.	Officiating District Superintendent, Wurdah.
	W. A. Nedham.	Uncovd.	Officiating tempy. as Asst. Dist. Supt., Saugor.
	C. C. Jervoise, Esq.	Uncovd.	Offg. Asst. Dist. Supt. Nagpore.
	A. Marriott, Esq.	Uncovd.	do. do. Jubbulpore.

**Uncovenanted Servants,
Receiving Rupees 100 and upwards.**

Names.	Office or Occupation.	Salary.	Names.	Office or Occupation.	Salary.
Bailey, J.	Commissioner's Office.	360	Laville, F. J.	Judicial Comr's Office.	200
Barclay, G.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	500	Lawlor, M.	Printing Press, C. C. Office.	125
Bunmully, C. Chowdry.	Judl. Commissioner's Office.	260	Miles, W.	Controller of Accts. Office.	160
Butterfield, G. P.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	100	McBride, J. J.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	250
Butterfield, R. A.	Controller of Accts. Office.	250	McGrath, J. H.	Do.	100
Butterfield, A. J.	Chief Engineer's Office.	150	Nuttall, J.	Do.	150
Byramjee Dossabhoj.	Depy. Commissioner's Office.	100	Pasley, G. W.	Police Insp. Genl's. Office.	200
Carter, S. G.	Chief Engineer's Office.	150	Price, G.	Inspector of Police.	150
Carpenter, G.	Controller of Accts. Office.	350	Reybaz, E.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	100
Chambers, E.	Clerk, Small Cause Court.	150	Ricks, C.	Controller of Accts. Office.	160
Collins, A.	Chief Engineer's Office.	150	Ricks, J.	Do.	210
DeLang, J. R.	Depy. Commissioner's Office.	200	Sebastian, J. R.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	125
Dent, J. D.	Inspector of Jails Office.	150	Slaney, G. R.	Do.	125
D'Silva, J.	Judicial Comr.'s Office.	100	Syed Noor.	Do.	250
Godfrey, W. P.	Controller Acct's Office.	100	Turner, G. F.	Do.	200
Jones, T. E. S.	Supt. Print. Press, C.C. Office.	300	Watson, H.	Do.	100
Jackson, C. W.	Chief Engineer's Office.	300	Wilson, H.	Do.	350
Judionath Ghose.	Chief Engineer's Office.	200	Wood, S.	Acct. Exec. Engr.'s Office.	110
Keenan, T.	Commissioner's Office.	150	Yates, T. E.	Chief Commissioner's Office.	100

NAMES.	Corps.	Date of Appointment to present grade	Date of first Appointment.	Total Service in Dept	Yrs. Ms.	REMARKS.
Colonel W. Maxwell.	R. Arty.	23 Feb. 1865	5 May 1845	21	7	Chief Engineer and Secretary to Chief Commissioner, P. W. D.
Captain F. T. Haig.	Roy. Engr.	May 1863	May 1847	19	6	Supg. Engineer 2d Grade.
Captain C. J. Mead.	M. S. C.	Mar. 1866	Dec. 1852	13	11	Offg. Supg. Engr. Nagpore Circle.
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS,						
1ST GRADE.						
Major A. Allen.	B. S. C.	1 Nov. 1850	17 June 1845	19	5	Supt. of Works, Jubbulpore Circle. —1 months' priv. leave from 10th Nov. 1852.
Captain A. G. Priestley.	B. S. C.	Nov. 1864	May 1855	11	7	Nerbudda Division.
Captain C. J. Mead.	B. S. C.	Nov. 1863	Dec. 1852	13	11	Asst. to Chief Engineer and Asst. Secy. to Chief Comr. and Offg. Supg. Engineer, Nagpore Circle. 2d Divn., Great Northern Road.
Mr. J. S. Heyman.	Uncovd.	April 1866	2 Dec. 1854	11	11	
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS,						
2ND GRADE.						
M. J. W. O'Donnell.	Uncovd.	1 Oct. 1865	Nov. 1860	5	11	1st Divn., Great Northern Road.
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS,						
3RD GRADE.						
Mr. S. G. Hanna.	Uncovd.	1 April 1865	4 Oct. 1854	12	1	Irrigation Division.
Captain H. R. Faber.	Roy. Engr.	27 Oct. 1865	13 Oct. 1857	9	1	Saugor do.
Captain H. G. Puckle.	M. S. C.	Oct. 1865	19 Feb. 1860	6	9	On Sick leave.
EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS,						
4TH GRADE.						
Major T. J. H. Keyes.	M. N. I.	15 April 1865	21 May 1859	7	6	Exec. Engineer, Nagpore Division.
Lieut. P. Montgomerie.	Roy. Engr.	1 Nov. 1864	Feb. 1860	6	9	Eastern Road Division—(On leave.)
Lieut. W. M. Roberts.	Roy. Engr.	1 April 1865	Dec. 1860	5	11	Upper Godavary Division.
Mr. R. Tyndall.	Uncovd.	1 April 1865	July 1859	7	4	Southern Road Division.
Mr. T. Vanstavern.	Uncovd.	1 April 1865	14 Mar. 1857	9	8	Upper Godavary Division.
Lieut. R. F. Angelo.	B. N. I.	1 Oct. 1865	17 Dec. 1859	6	11	Nimar Division.
Mr. E. DeGrouilliers.	Uncovd.	April 1866	May 1860	6	6	Upper Godavary Divn.—Offg. Supt. Transport and Supply Dept.
Mr. H. Bell.	Civ. Engr.	April 1866	July 1862	4	4	Eastern Road Division.
Mr. F. J. Johnston.	Uncovd.	April 1866	July 1861	5	4	Kanpotee Division.
Mr. F. L. O'Callaghan.	Uncovd.	1 April 1866	July 1862	4	4	Kanhan Bridge Division.
Mr. H. H. Rhind.	Uncovd.	April 1866	July 1862	4	4	Upper Godavary Division.
ASST. ENGINEERS,						
1ST GRADE.						
Mr. F. Fitzjames.	Uncovd.	Jan. 1866	Jan. 1866	0	10	Saugor Divn.
Mr. A. R. Mosely.	Uncovd.	24 Dec. 1863	24 Dec. 1861	6	11	Nagpore Division.—Leave to Eur.
Mr. J. M. Span.	Uncovd.	12 April 1865	12 April 1865	1	7	Dist. Engr. Nagpore Local Works.
Lieut. H. W. Clarke.	Roy. Engr.	1 Oct. 1865	22 May 1863	3	6	On leave.
Lieut. C. E. Shepherd.	Genl. List	1 April 1866	26 Sep. 1864	2	2	Southern Road Division.
ASST. ENGINEERS,						
2ND GRADE.						
Lieut. F. M. Harvey.	Roy. Engr.	10 April 1864	10 April 1864	2	7	1st Divn. G. N. Road—(On leave.)
Baboo Radhica Narain Ghose.	Uncovd.	20 Mar. 1862	19 May 1859	7	6	2d Divn. Great Northern Road.
Mr. R. C. Anderson.	Uncovd.	Oct. 1865	23 June 1864	2	5	Irrigation Division.
Mr. E. T. Gwyther.	Uncovd.	April 1866	April 1866	0	7	Nimar Division.
Mr. W. Scott.	Uncovd.	29 June 1866	June 1863	3	5	Southern Road Division.

British Burmah.

CONSISTS OF PEGU, TENASSERIM AND ARAKAN DIVISIONS.

PEGU DIVISION.

Districts.
 { Rangoon.
 { Promie.
 { Bassein.
 { Myan-Oung.
 { Yangon.

TENASSERIM DIVISION.

Districts.
 { Amherst.
 { Shwegyeen.
 { Tavoy.
 { Mergui.

ARAKAN DIVISION.

Districts.
 { Akyab.
 { Rumree.
 { Sandoway.

Also the Penal Settlement of Port Blair.

Rank.	Names.	Corps.	Appointment.	Salary.	Station.	Remarks.
Colonel.	A. P. Playre, C.B.	B. S. C.	Chief Commissioner.	4,166 10	8 Rangoon.	
Major.	H. N. Davies.	B. S. C.	Secretary to do.	1,500 0	0	
Captain.	C. P. Hildebrand	10th B. N. I.	Dy. Commr. 4th grade Offg. do.	1,100 0	0 Rangoon.	Eur. M. C. for 20 months, from 22d Jan. 1866.
Captain.	G. E. Fryer.	Madras S. C.	Asst. Secretary to do.	700 0	do.	Offg. Secretary.
	W. H. Clarke, Esq., Lt. Col.	Unconvd.	Recorder.	1,556 10	5 do.	
Captain.	H. T. Duncan.	do.	Inspector General of Police.	1,656 10	8 Maulmain.	
Lieutenant.	M. Furlong.	Madras S. C.	Personal Assistant.	1,800 0	0 Rangoon.	
	C. Planck, Esq.	do.	Inspector General of Prisons.	400 0	0 do.	
	H. A. Mangles, Esq.	B. Med. Estb.	Inspector General of Prisons.	1,000 0	0 do.	
	C. R. Kiermiller, Esq.	Bengal C. S.	Accountant General.	2,500 0	0 do.	
	E. B. Shaden.	Unconvd.	Chief Asst. to do.	500 0	0 do.	
Captain.	E. B. Shaden.	Madras S. C.	Agent to the Chief Commissioner.	1,500 0	0 Mandalay.	
Commissioners of Divisions.						
Lieut. Col.	G. Verner.	B. S. C.	Commissioner of Arakan.	2,500 0	0 Akyab.	
Colonel.	A. Fyche.	do.	Do. of Tenasserim.	...	...	
Lieut. Col.	D. Brown.	21st M. N. I.	Dy. Do. 1st grade Offg. do.	2,200 0	0 Maulmain.	Eur. S. C. for 20 months, from 30th May 1865.
Major.	H. D. Arding.	M. S. C.	Commissioner of Pegu.	...	...	
Lieut. Col.	J. F. J. Stevenson.	do.	Dy. Do. 2d grade Offg. do.	1,900 0	0 Rangoon.	Eur. S. C. for 20 months.
Depy. Commissioners.						
Lieut. Col.	G. Faithfull.	B. S. C.	Depy. Commr. 1st grade.	1,500 0	0 Maulmain.	
Major.	R. W. Ripley.	do.	Do. 2d do.	1,200 0	0 Promie.	
do.	E. J. Spilsbury.	do.	Do. do.	1,200 0	0 Akyab.	
Captain.	M. B. S. Lloyd.	M. S. C.	Depy. Commr. 3d grade.	1,000 0	0 Yangon.	Ex-officio Collector of Customs.

POLITICAL.]

BRITISH BURMAH.

Rank.	Names.	Corps.	Appointment.	Salary.	Station.	Remarks.
Lieut. Col.	E. M. Ryan.	B. S. C.	Do. Magt. of Rangoon.	1,000 0	0 Rangoon.	Ex-officio Collector of Customs.
Colonel.	T. Shepherd, Esq.	Unconvd.	Depy. Commr. 3d grade.	1,000 0	0 Mergui.	Europe H. C.
Captain.	H. W. Baddy, Esq.	do.	Do. do.	1,000 0	0 Bassein.	Europe S. C.
do.	H. A. Browne.	10th B. N. I.	Depy. Commr. 4th grade Offg. do.	1,000 0	0 Shwegyeen.	Magistrate.
Captain.	W. P. Harrison.	do.	Do. do.	800 0	0 Myan-Oung.	Magistrate.
do.	R. J. Fallon, Esq.	Unconvd.	Depy. Commr. 4th grade Offg. do.	1,000 0	0 Maulmain.	Europe S. C.
Captain.	A. G. Duff.	36th M. N. I.	Do. do. 4th do. Offg. do.	800 0	0 Akyab.	Magistrate.
do.	C. W. Street.	M. S. C.	Asst. Commr. 1st grade Offg. D. C.	800 0	0 Kyauk Phyo.	Ex-officio Collector of Customs.
Lieutenant.	W. C. Plant.	4th M. N. I.	Do. do. 4th grade.	800 0	0 Sandoway.	Ex-officio Collector of Customs.
Captain.	J. K. Macrae.	Unconvd.	Asst. Commr. 1st grade Offg. Depy.	800 0	0 Sandoway.	On Settlement duty, Amherst district.
Captain.	W. W. Pemberton.	37th M. N. I.	Do. do.	800 0	0 Sandoway.	Supt. of Hill tracts Northern Arakan.
Asst. Commissioners.						
	J. Freney, Esq.	Unconvd.	Asst. Commr. 1st grade.	700 0	0	Cantonment Magistrate.
	W. Davis, Esq.	do.	Asst. Commr. 2d grade.	600 0	0 Thayetmye.	
Lieutenant.	W. De C. Ireland, Esq.	do.	Asst. Commr. 2d grade.	600 0	0 Rangoon.	
Captain.	G. A. Storer.	52d M. N. I.	Do. do.	700 0	0 Huzunda.	
Lieutenant.	W. Munro.	M. S. C.	Do. do.	600 0	0 Thetone.	
Lieutenant.	W. G. Hughes.	52d M. N. I.	Do. do.	600 0	0 Maulmain.	
Lieutenant.	G. E. Barr, Esq.	Unconvd.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Sittang.	
do.	H. R. Spearman.	Bengal S. C.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Rangoon.	
	C. O. L. Prendergast.	Unconvd.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Bassein.	
Lieutenant.	C. F. Lansdale, Esq.	Unconvd.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Akyab.	
Lieutenant.	J. Hind, Esq.	do.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Yangon.	On Revenue duty.
Lieutenant.	R. St. A. St. John.	H. M. 60th Rls.	Do. do.	500 0	0	Europe M. C.
Lieutenant.	C. D. C. Lloyd, Esq.	Unconvd.	Do. do.	500 0	0	On leave.
Lieutenant.	G. A. Gover.	M. R. A.	Adtl. Asst. Commr. 3d grade.	500 0	0	
	C. J. Smith Forbes, Esq.	Unconvd.	Do. do.	500 0	0 Kankareit.	
Extra Asst. Commrs.						
	T. W. Hunt, Esq.	Unconvd.	Extra Asst. Commr. 1st Class 1st grade	400 0	0 Mungtoo.	
	Meung Oon.	do.	Do. do.	400 0	0 Twantay.	
	R. McLeod, Esq.	do.	Do. do.	400 0	0 Rangoon.	
	Moong Na Gau.	do.	Do. do.	400 0	0 Mergyeen.	
	E. Richardson, Esq.	do.	Do. do.	400 0	0 Promie.	
	Moong Kyau Doon.	do.	Do. do. 2d grade.	350 0	0 Myan-Oung.	
	R. Perreau Esq.	do.	Do. do.	350 0	0 Akyab.	
	Pha Too Tway.	do.	Do. do.	350 0	0 Kaladan.	
	Moong Bruu.	do.	Do. do.	350 0	0 Sittang.	
	Moong Shwe Bo.	do.	Do. do.	350 0	0 Pantana.	
Collector of Customs.	R. S. Edwards, Esq.	Unconvd.	Collector of Customs.	1,000 0	0 Rangoon.	

Rank.	Names.	Corps	Appointment.	Salary.	Station.	Remarks.
.....	W. Twenlow, Esq.	Unconvd.	Collector of Customs	500	0 Maulmain.	
.....	C. J. Brown, Esq.	do	Do.	500	0 Akyab.	
.....	G. F. Wells, Esq.	do	Do.	200	0 Bassein.	
.....	Master Attendants.					
.....	H. Lewis, Esq.	Unconvd.	Master Attendant.	650	0 Rangoon.	
.....	W. Porter, Esq.	do	Do.	400	0 Akyab.	
.....	G. F. Wells, Esq.	do	Do.	300	0 Bassein.	
.....	A. J. Dodd, Esq.	do	Do.	300	0 Maulmain.	
.....	Civil Surgeons.					
.....	A. J. Cowie.	Ben. Estab.	Civil Surgeon.	710	0 Rangoon.	Europe, S. C. 2nd Jan, 1893, for 2 years.
.....	G. E. Marr, M. D.	Med. do	Do.	680	0 Maulmain.	
.....	J. H. Leach, M. D.	Ben. do	Do.	600	0 Akyab.	
.....	J. P. Community	Unconvd.	Do.	...	0 Bassein.	
.....	A. C. Nisbet.	do	Do.	380	0 Kyauk Phyo.	
.....	A. Thomas.	do	Do.	350	0 Sandoway.	
.....	C. E. Pyster.	do	Do.	300	0 Mergui.	
.....	W. Abbey.	Unconvd.	Do.	430	0 Myan Oung.	
.....	G. J. Paul.	do	Do.	150	0 Prome.	
.....	B. F. Suffren.	Med. Estab.	Do.	430	0 Shwegyeen.	
.....	Apothecary G. G. Cooper.	Bengal do.	Do.	350	0 Rangoon.	
.....	Jail Department.					
.....	Dr. W. P. Kelly.	M. M. Estab.	Supt. Central Jail	780	0 Rangoon.	
.....	Dr. J. McN. Donnelly.	do.	Do.	780	0 Maulmain.	
.....	Dr. J. H. Lees.	Ben. Estab.	Supt. 1st Class District Jail	100	0 Akyab.	Civil Surgeon of Akyab.
.....	Dr. A. C. Nisbet.	Unconvd.	Do. 2d do.	100	0 Bassein.	Civil Surgeon of Bassein.
.....	Police.					
Captain.	J. Duval.	30th M. N. I.	Superintendent 1st grade	900	0 Martaban.	On duty at Prome.
do.	T. C. Hamilton.	B. S. C.	do.	900	0 Maulmain.	
do.	P. B. Doyle, Esq.	Unconvd.	do.	800	0 Rangoon.	
do.	C. A. Munro.	B. S. C.	do.	800	0 Akyab.	
Lieutenant	T. Lowndes.	M. S. C.	do.	700	0 Port Blair.	
Captain	J. C. Middleton.	do	do.	700	0 Prome.	
Lieutenant	W. G. Grove.	32d M. N. I.	do.	600	0 Myan Oung.	
Major	A. Cook.	M. S. C.	do.	600	0 Bassein.	
Lieutenant	C. G. H. Coole.	do.	do.	600	0 Tavoy.	
Lieutenant	R. Houghton.	do.	do.	500	0 Tongoo.	
Lieutenant	J. H. Lawrence, Esq.	do.	do.	500	0 Mergui.	
do.	R. F. Litchfield.	3d M. N. I.	do.	500	0 Sando way.	On duty at Prome.
do.	M. C. Poole.	5th M. N. I.	Assistant Supt.	500	0 Sando way.	Eur. S. C. 15 months.

Rank.	Names.	Corps	Appointment.	Salary.	Station.	Remarks.
.....	W. H. Pattison, Esq.	Unconvd.	do.	400	0 Maulmain.	
.....	B. H. Davidson, Esq.	Unconvd.	Asst. Supt.	400	0 Thayetmyo.	
.....	G. D. Anderson, Esq.	do.	Offg. 5th grade.	500	0 Ramree.	
Lieutenant	Q. S. A. Jamieson.	22d M. N. I.	Asst. Supt.	400	0 Akyab.	
do.	L. B. Bancro.	47th do.	Offg. Asst. Supt.	400	0 Thayetmyo.	
.....	C. Gay, Esq.	Unconvd.	do.	430	0 Maulmain.	
.....	J. Reid, Esq.	do.	do.	400	0 Rangoon.	
.....	Educational.					
.....	G. Hough, Esq.	Unconvd.	Director of Public Instruction.	1,000	0 Rangoon.	
.....	Ecclesiastical.					
.....	Rev. A. Garstin.	Ben. Estab.	Senior Chaplain.	800	0 Thayetmyo.	
.....	Rev. C. Parish, B. A.	do.	do.	800	0 Maulmain.	
.....	Rev. H. W. Crofton, B. A.	do.	do.	800	0 Rangoon.	
.....	Rev. J. Clough, M. A.	do.	Junior Chaplain.	500	0 Tongoo.	
.....	Public Works Department.					
Major.	W. S. Oliphant.	R. E.	Offg. Chief Engr. and Secretary to the Chief Commr. P. W. D.	1,343 10	0 Rangoon.	
Captain.	J. M. Williams.	Mad. Fusil.	Exec. Engr. 2d grade and Offg. Asst. Secy. to do.	793 10	0 do.	
.....	C. W. Hope, Esq., C. E.	Unconvd.	Exec. Engr. 4th grade.	500	0 do.	
.....	H. Prince, Esq., C. E.	do.	Do. 1st do.	900	0 do.	
Lieutenant	W. P. Tomkins.	R. E.	Asst. Engr. 1st grade.	445 12	0 do.	
.....	E. W. Clementson, Esq.	Unconvd.	do.	400	0 do.	
.....	J. D. Derry, Esq., C. E.	do	do.	400	0 do.	
.....	W. Culchett, Esq., C. E.	do	Executive Engineer 4th grade.	500	0 Rangoon.	
Major.	R. C. Barington.	M. S. C.	Exec. Engr. 3d grade.	1,040 14	0 Akyab.	
Major.	G. H. Harding, Esq.	Unconvd.	Controller of P. W. Accounts.	750	0 Rangoon.	
.....	G. T. Hilliard.	M. S. C.	Exec. Engr. 2d grade.	1,140 14	0 Maulmain.	
.....	E. V. Vernon, C. E.	Unconvd.	Asst. Engr. 1st grade.	874 1	0 Thayetmyo.	Europe, M. C.
Captain.	J. L. Twynam.	B. S. C.	Exec. Engr. 2d grade.	750	0 Tongoo.	
do.	H. Z. Larrabi.	do.	Exec. Engr. 3d grade.	500	0 Prome.	
.....	R. Gordon, Esq., C. E.	Unconvd.	Offg. Exec. Engr. 4th grade.	700	0 Myan Oung Em-bankments.	Local Rank.
.....	J. Feunessy, Esq.	do.	Exec. Engr. 2d grade.	300	0 do.	
.....	J. M. Algie, Esq., C. E.	do.	Asst. Engr. 2d grade.	500	0 Bassein.	
.....	J. James, Esq.	do.	Exec. Engr. 4th grade.	793 10	0 Rangoon.	Europe S. C.
Major.	J. F. Tennant.	R. E.	Exec. Engr. 2d grade.	600	0 Rangoon.	
.....	J. B. Doyle, Esq., C. E.	Unconvd.	Exec. Engr. 3d grade.	300	0 Akyab.	
.....	W. Dunn, Esq., C. E.	Unconvd.	Asst. Engr. 2d grade.	300	0 Akyab.	



Rank.	Nunes.	Corps.	Appointment.	Salary.	Stations.	Remarks.
	Public Works Dept. (Continued)					
Lieutenant	F. C. Marshall, Esq., C. E.	M. R. F.	Exec. Engr. 3d grade.	600	Port Blair	
	W. G. Cumming, Esq.	Uncovd.	Offg. Exec. Engr. 4th grade.	495 12	do.	
Captain	J. F. Pope, Esq., C. E.	M. S. C.	Asst. Engr. 2d grade.	300	do.	
	F. T. Pollok		Exec. Engr. 4th grade.	674 1	Cocos	
	Forest Department.					
	H. Leeds, Esq.	Uncovd.	Conservator.	1,000	Rangoon	
Lieutenant	J. Barker, Esq.	do.	Depy. do.	300	do.	Europe S. C.
	W. J. Seaton	M. S. C.	do.	570	Maulmain	
	J. Adamson, Esq.	Uncovd.	Asst. do.	250	Nyodwin	
	J. U. Elsner, Esq.	do.	do.	330	Trome	
	J. Slyn, Esq.	do.	do.	400	Kudoe Station	
Lieutenant	W. C. Graham, Esq.	do.	Offg. Depy. Conservator.	410	Situng	Eur., M. C.
	W. Stenhouse		Offg. do.	...		
	Pegu Topographical Survey.					
Lieutenant	H. A. Ingre	R. F.	Asst. 4th apt.	500	Rangoon	On special duty as Commr. Shan and Tasserim boundary Settlement.
	Geological Survey.					
	W. Theobald, Esq., Jr.	Uncovd.	In charge.	850	Rangoon	
	Government Pleaders.					
	D. Macleod, Esq.	Uncovd.	Govt. Pleader.	400	Rangoon	Officiating for Maulmain.
	Port Blair.			300	Maulmain	
Major	B. Ford	M. S. C.	Superintendent.	1,250		
Captain	Hon'ble H. Fraser	do.	Asst. Supt.	300		
	D. Norton, Esq., M.D. F.R.C.S.	M. Med. Estb.	Senior Medical Officer	1,250		
	A. Gamuch, Esq., M. D.	do.	Junior do.	525		Staff pay.

PART VII.—COMMERCIAL.

BANKS IN MADRAS.

THE BANK OF MADRAS.

POPHAM'S BROADWAY.—Opened 1st July 1843.

Capital 350,25000 Rupees.

The Hon'ble John Young.—President.

Directors Nominated by the Government.

The Hon'ble C. Pelly. | F. Lushington, Esq. |

Elected by the Proprietors.

Hon. A. F. Brown, | T. H. Allan, Esq. |
R. C. Walker, Esq. | W. Scott, Esq. |

J. McIver, Esq., Secretary and Treasurer.	W. T. Holmes, Esq., Asst. Accountant.
T. E. Franck, Esq., Dy. do. & Chief Acct.	Mr. Sykes Wright, do.
Alex. Riach, Esq., Accountant.	Mr. John Fletcher, Bond Dept.
S. S. Young, Esq., Deputy Accountant.	Mr. T. Hedger, Correspondence Dept.

BRANCH BANKS.

T. Gebbie, Esq.	Inspector of Branches.	R. Wilson, Esq., Asst. to the Ins. of Branches.
W. Fitzgerald, Esq.	Agent	Mr. W. L. D. O'Grady Accountant.
A. Berry, Esq.	Agent	Mr. H. A. Crewe Accountant.
J. L. Duffield, Esq.	Agent	Mr. T. MacLennan Accountant.
H. H. Franck, Esq.	Agent	Mr. D. Noble Accountant.
A. Gray, Esq.	Acting Agent	Mr. E. B. Dawson Acting Accountant.
C. E. Mirus, Esq.	Agent	Mr. J. Best Accountant.
R. Darling, Esq.	Agent	Mr. G. Madden Accountant.

RULES.

Accounts Current.

- 1.—No account opened for a less sum than 200 Rupees.
- 2.—The Bank makes no charge and allows no Interest.
- 3.—No account allowed to be overdrawn.

- 4.—Bank Bills and Hoonadies are sent out for acceptance and for payment in Madras, the notarial step being taken in case of non-acceptance or of non-payment.
- 5.—The Bank collects Drafts, Cheques, &c., payable in Madras.
- 6.—Bills, Notes, &c., (not being at sight or on demand) intended for realization by the Bank, should be sent in at least one day before the due date.

Fixed Deposits.

The Bank allows Interest on Fixed Deposits, renewable at due dates.

For 3 months, at 3 per cent. per annum.

" 6 " at 4 " "

" 12 " at 5 " "

Cash Credits and Loan on Deposit of Government Securities.

- 1.—No Cash Credit granted for a less sum than 2,000 Rupees.
 - 2.—No Cash Credit account to be overdrawn.
 - 3.—No loan granted for a less sum than 350 Rupees, and no payment of less amount than 200 Rupees received to account of a Loan.
 - 4.—In instances of parties liquidating Loans before they attain maturity, the minimum period of Interest to be charged shall be 15 days on Loans for 3,000 Rupees and under—and 10 days on Loans for sums exceeding 3,000 Rupees.
 - 5.—No Credit or Loans to be for more than three months.
- The Bank furnishes Pass Books and Stamped Cheques,—the latter at the expenses of Constituents.

No Cheques for sums under 20 Rupees will be paid, except for the balance of an account, or in satisfaction of the Bank's claims.

It is particularly requested that parties will refrain from making entries in their Pass Books,—all such entries will be made by the Bank, on the Books being sent in to be written up.

Loans on Deposit of Goods.

- 1.—No Loans on Deposit of Goods will be granted for a less sum than 2,000 Rupees; nor will any sum less than that amount be received in part payment of a Loan.
- 2.—In instances of parties liquidating Loans before they attain maturity, the minimum period of Interest to be charged shall be 15 days on Loans for 3,000 Rupees and under—and 10 days on Loans for sums exceeding 3,000 Rupees.
- 3.—Applications to release Deposits shall be made before 2 p. m.
- 4.—Goods to be subject to the customary charge of Godown Rent.

Agency.

The Bank receives for safe custody, Government Securities, Bank and Railway Stock, &c.; purchases and disposes of the same, and realizes and remits the Dividends, Interest, and Proceeds of Sale, as Constituents may direct, on the following terms of Commission:—

- 1.—On receiving charge of Securities or Shares..... Nil.
- 2.—On realizing Interest and Dividends, and paying them to order, or crediting in account..... ½ per cent.
- 3.—On buying or selling Government Securities and Bank Stock, or subscribing to an open Government..... ½ "
- 4.—On the return of Government and other Securities on the principal sum..... ½ "
- 5.—On realizing Interest on Securities deposited on Loan Account..... ½ "
- 6.—On procuring the enforcement of Securities held for safe custody..... Nil.
- 7.—On the renewal of Securities held on Loan and Cash Credit Account. Nil.
- 8.—On the realization of Interest, or the Sale of Securities,—when the Proceeds are remitted in the Bank's Bills..... Nil.

On Remittances.

In the Bank's Bill drawn on the Bank of England at the current rates of Exchange, or in the Bank's Bills Post. No Commission.

Post Bills.

Issued (in triplicate if required,) free of charge, payable on demand.

Transfers of Shares and Stock.

- 1.—Shares are transferable by endorsement of the Proprietor on the Certificate, such endorsement specifying the name of the party to whom the transfer is to be made.—Consolidated Stock transferable by Deed of Transfer.
 - 2.—Transfers must be registered at the Bank, and the Registry noted by the proper Officer before they are effectual.
 - 3.—Powers of Attorney empowering a Firm to receive Dividends, and Transfer Bank Stock, must specify the name of each individual partner, and may authorize any or all of them to act.
 - 4.—Powers of Attorney, if signed in Great Britain, or in any place where stamps are rendered necessary by law, must be executed on stamped paper.
- Power Powers of Attorney, Transfer and other Forms may be had on application at the Bank.

JOHN McIVER, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK.

BANK OF MADRAS—POPHAM'S BROADWAY.—Open daily from 10 A. M. to 3 P. M.

J. McIVER, Esq.—Secretary and Treasurer, Bank of Madras, Ex-officio Secretary.

RULES.

1. The Secretary is authorized to certify by his signature all Deposits and Withdrawals.
2. The Bank opens for the transaction of business at 10 A. M. and closes at 3 P. M. for receipts and payments every day. Holidays excepted.
3. Every Depositor or withdrawer is expected to transact business in person. In the cases of individuals unable to attend at the Office, the Secretary will exercise his discretion in regard to payments of Deposits to parties authorized by such absentees to receive the same.
4. No money will be received or kept in Deposit except in the name of the actual Depositor, who should attend at the Bank in person on making the first Deposit to give his, or her name and other particulars in his or her own hand-writing in a book kept for that purpose.
5. No sums less than one Rupee, or more than 2,500, can be lodged. All Deposits will be regularly entered in a book at the time they are made and issued to the owner. This book is to be brought to the Bank whenever any sum is Deposited or withdrawn. The account thus kept will be closed on the 30th April of every year and the balance of interest due at that period will be paid to the Depositor upon his, or her receipt being duly taken in the Pass Book, or carried to account thenceforward to accumulate at compound yearly interest until it shall amount to 2,500 Rupees; when no further Deposits will be received: but interest will be added to the Deposit till it shall amount to 3,000 Rupees, after which no further Interest will be allowed.
6. Interest at 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed on Deposits until further notice. Interest will be calculated on a Deposit from the first day of the month succeeding that in which it shall be received that up to the last day of the month preceding, that in which it shall be withdrawn. No interest will be allowed for broken periods, nor calculated on fractional parts of a Rupee.
7. No person or persons to Deposit money for the benefit of any other person or persons, except Parents on behalf of, and on account of their Children being minors. If such Deposits are made in the Children's names they cannot be withdrawn during the minority of the Children, nor without an authority from them after they have come of age. No trust will be allowed to appear on any Deposit. Provided however that the Rule shall not be construed to prohibit individuals resident out of Madras, or Females who according to the manners and customs of the country do not usually appear in public from making their Deposits in their own names by the hands of other persons as agents on their behalf.

8. Depositors will be at liberty at any time to withdraw any sums or portions of sums deposited by them receiving interest calculated up to the end of the month preceding that in which the withdrawal is made: but no person will be permitted to Deposit or withdraw money more than once during the month. An exception will however be allowed in cases in which good and sufficient reasons may be assigned.

9. Receipts for sums withdrawn exceeding 20 Rupees should bear a stamp of one anna in conformity with the Provision of Act X of 1862.

10. In case of the death of a Depositor, the sum at his credit will be paid to his, or her Executors, or Assignees, or in case of no will, according to the law on this head.

11. All Pass books of Depositors both at the Presidency and in the Mofussil should be sent to this Office at the end of every official year, (i. e. 30th April) for the purpose of adjusting the interest.

12. Money tendered for Deposit by married women in their individual names will not be received without an authority from their husbands in the subjoined form executed on a Stamped paper of the value of one Rupee agreeably to instructions from the Government Solicitor. A copy of this form may be had on application at the Bank of Madras.

FORM.

To

THE SECRETARY AND TREASURER

BANK OF MADRAS,

GOVERNMENT SAVINGS' BANK DEPARTMENT.

Sir,

I hereby authorize my wife _____ to open an account in her own name with the Government Savings' Bank at Madras and, at her pleasure and without any further or other authority from me, to pay money from time to time to the credit of such account, and to withdraw money from time to time from such account, and for her so doing and for your permitting her, thus to operate upon, and with such account, this shall be to the Bank of Madras and the Government of Madras a sufficient authority and Indemnity.

I, am Sir,

Your most obedient Servant,

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ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER, 30TH AUGUST 1851.)

Paid up Capital £1,500,000.—Reserve Fund £444,000.

RULES OF BUSINESS OBSERVED AT THE MADRAS AGENCY,
PONDICHERY AND NEGAPATAM SUB-AGENCIES.

EXCHANGE.

The Corporation grants Drafts on London from demand to six months' sight, on Paris at three days' sight, and Drafts on Scotland and Ireland on demand; also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, Syria, the Continent of Europe, New South Wales, and the Cape of Good Hope.

N. B.—No Draft at six months' sight is granted for sums under £50. Sums of £1 and not exceeding £20, are only drawn for on demand, and sums under £1 remitted by advice.

DRAFTS are also granted on Bombay, Kurrachee, Calcutta, Ceylon, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Singapore, Mauritius, Melbourne and Sydney, at the exchange of the day.

The Corporation purchases or collects Bills payable in Europe, or in any of the last mentioned places.

The Corporation also discounts or makes advances on Private Bills and Notes payable in Madras, bearing at least two approved names unconnected in general partnership, and not having longer to run than four months; or bearing only one name if accompanied by the deposit of adequate collateral security, viz.:

1st.—Government Paper or Bullion.

2nd.—Goods not of a perishable nature.

3rd.—Bills of Lading (with Policy of Insurance) of Goods actually shipped for importation into Madras.

4th.—Shares in the Bank of Madras.

The rates of Interest and Discount may be ascertained on application at the Office.

DEPOSIT.

The Corporation receives Deposits on the following terms:—

1st.—No deposit account opened for a less sum than Rs. 200; and no sum less than Rs. 100 to be withdrawn at a time, unless for remittance. The Corporation furnish blank Drafts and Pass Books, and it is particularly requested that parties will refrain from making entries in their Pass Books.

2nd.—Drafts or Orders on which any erasures or alterations have been made, will not be paid.

3rd.—Cheques post-dated, i. e., bearing a date subsequent to the date of presentation, will not be paid.

4th.—The Corporation collect Drafts, Cheques, &c., payable in Madras, but all Bills intended for realization are required to be sent in at least one day before the due date. In case of dishonored Bills the Corporation do not take the notarial step.

5th.—Deposits re-payable on demand are balanced half-yearly, viz., on 30th June and 31st December.

6th.—Interest is allowed on demand Deposits at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balances when these do not fall below Rs. 1,000 and do not exceed Rs. 50,000. If the balances fall below Rs. 1,000, no Interest will be allowed. No Commission is charged on receipts or disbursements.

On Deposits re-payable at	3 months' notice.....	3 per cent.
On do. do. at	3 do. (In one sum)	3 do.
On do. do. at	6 do. (")	4 do.
On do. do. at	12 do. (")	5 do.

N. B.—Notice may be given at the time of depositing, or at any subsequent time, and it will be dispensed with when the money is required to pay for the Corporation's Drafts on London or elsewhere.

REMITTANCE.

Family and other remittances are made free of charge, for Constituents at current rates of exchange. It is requested that all communications may be addressed, and Bills and Hoondies made payable to "The Agent of the Oriental Bank Corporation, Madras;" also that applicants for Drafts will give in full the Christian names and addresses of the payees (to whom if desired, the Drafts will be forwarded direct.) Drafts on London payable on demand are drawn on the Bank of England.

COMMISSION.

The Corporation charges a Commission of $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. (and postages) on collection of Foreign Bills, and $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. for procuring Bills on Provincial Treasuries.

No charge is made by the Corporation for receiving Government Paper and other Securities into safe custody, nor for drawing Interest and Dividends to be lodged to the credit of Constituents' accounts, or on remittances; $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent. is charged on the amount of Securities given out of custody, and on their purchase and sale (except when the proceeds are remitted in the Drafts of the Corporation) Encasement of Government Paper is procured for Constituents without charge.

HOURS OF BUSINESS.—From ten till three, (on Saturdays from ten till one) o'clock.

P. STEVENS, Acting Agent.

CHARTERED MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LONDON AND CHINA.

(INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.)

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, 65, OLD BROAD STREET, E. C.

Paid up Capital £750,000—with power to increase to £1,500,000.

Reserve Fund £250,000.

COURT OF DIRECTORS 1866-67.

GEORGE GARDEN NICOL, Chairman.

Donald Larnach, Esq.

George May, Esq.

Sir Frederick James Halliday, K.C.B.

James Murry Robertson, Esq.

Ellis James Gilman, Esq.

David Trail Robertson, Esq., (Chief
Manager) Ex-Officio.

LONDON BANKERS.

BANK OF ENGLAND AND LONDON JOINT STOCK BANK.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. CLARKE, SON AND RAWLINS.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. Coleman, Turquand Youngs and Co., Public Accountants.

J. Smith Esq., (of Messrs. W. Nicol and Co., Bombay).

James Joseph Mackenzie Esq., (late of the Firm of Messrs. Dent and Co., China.)

MADRAS AGENCY.

138, ARMENIAN STREET.

RULES AND TERMS OF BUSINESS.

EXCHANGE.

Drafts are granted on London from demand to four months' sight, and on Scotland and Ireland on demand only; also Circular Notes negotiable in Egypt, the Continent of Europe, and Australian Colonies.

Drafts are also granted on Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama and Mauritius at the exchange of the day.

Bills payable in Europe or in Bombay, Calcutta, Ceylon, Penang, Singapore, Hong-Kong, Shanghai, Yokohama, Mauritius and the Australian Colonies are purchased or collected.

Discounts or advances are made on Private Bills and Notes payable in Madras bearing at least two approved names; unconnected in general partnership, and not having longer to run than four months; or bearing only one name, if accompanied by the deposit of adequate collateral security, viz.:

1st.—Government Paper or Bullion.

2nd.—Goods not of a perishable nature.

3rd.—Bills of Lading, (with Policy of Insurance) of Goods actually shipped for importation into Madras.

The rates of Interest and Discount may be ascertained on application at the Office.

DEPOSIT.

No deposit to be for less than Rupees 500, and except for remittance in the Bank's Drafts, no sum below Rupees 100 can be withdrawn.

Orders must be drawn out on the forms of Cheques supplied by the Bank, otherwise they will be refused payment, and Cheques on which any erasure or alteration has been made will not be paid unless the erasure or alteration be verified by the drawer's signature in full.

Payment will be refused on Cheques drawn in excess of the Balance at credit.

Pass Books ought to be sent to the Bank at least once a month to be written up and compared, and on their Pass Books being returned, Constituents are requested carefully to examine the entries, and point out at once any error that may be discovered, otherwise the

delivery of the Pass Books will be considered as a settlement of account with the Bank up to the date of the last entry. Constituents are also requested to refrain from making entries in their Pass Books.

The Bank collects on account of Constituents, Drafts, Cheques, &c., payable in Madras, but Bills for realization ought to be sent in at least one day before due date. Cheques on other Banks sent in on Saturday after 12 o'clock, and on other days after 2 o'clock, will be credited to account the following day.

All accounts balanced half-yearly, viz. : on the 30th June and 31st December.

Interest is allowed on deposits payable on demand in sums of Rupees 100 and upwards, at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the monthly minimum balances, provided the balance has never fallen below Rupees 1,000 during the half year. And until further notice,

On Deposits at 3 months' notice, for which receipts including Interest will be given..... 4 per cent. per annum.

Do.	at 6	do.	do.	5	do.	do.
Do.	at 12	do.	do.	6	do.	do.

REMITTANCE.

Remittances are made to Europe by Draft, free of charge, at the current rate of exchange for the convenience of non-residents in Madras on receiving the equivalent value. Arrangements may also be made for the periodical payment to families at home, by quarterly or half-yearly instalments, of sums deposited or secured by Government Paper lodged at this Office.

RATES OF COMMISSION.

Government Paper and other securities are received for safe custody, and interest and dividends on same are collected as they fall due on the following terms:—

If to be remitted through the Bank..... Without charge.

If to be paid in India a Commission will be charged of..... ½ per cent.

On returning Government Paper or Share Certificates out of safe custody or if sold, on paying proceeds of such sale in India, a Commission will be charged of ½ do.

On the sale of Government Paper or other Stock, the proceeds of which are to be remitted through the Bank. No charge.

On investments in Government Paper or other Stock, the purchase money and Interest on which are remitted through the Bank. No charge.

The necessary registry of Indian Government Loan Notes is effected so as to obtain payment of the Interest in England.

W. K. NICHOLSON, Agent.

THE LAND MORTGAGE BANK OF INDIA, (CREDIT FONCIER INDIEN) LIMITED.

Capital, £2,000,000 in 100,000 Shares of 20 each—Paid up, £400,000.

DIRECTORS.

H. Nelson, Esq., Chairman.

P. Northall Laurie, Esq., Depy. Chairman.

Major-General G. Balfour, C. B.

H. L. Bischoffsheim, Esq.

John C. Bowring, Esq.

W. S. FitzWilliam, Esq.

Sir John P. Grant, K.C.B.

William Mackinnon, Esq.

Mons. Alphonse Pinard.

Jervoise Smith, Esq.

Henry Worms, Esq.

MADRAS AGENCY.

BANKERS.—The Bank of Madras.

STANDING COUNSEL.—Hon'ble J. D. Mayne.

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Shaw and Alldritt.

TRUSTEES. { Hon'ble A. F. Brown.
J. Shaw, Esq.

CHIEF AGENTS.—Messrs. Parry and Co.

SUB-AGENTS.—FOR OOTACAMUND AND WYNAAD.—Messrs. Vertue, Minchin and Co.

The Agents in Madras are authorized to treat with persons requiring Loans on the security of Land or Household Property.

BANKERS AND AGENTS IN MADRAS.

ARBUTHNOT AND CO.—Bentinck's Buildings, North Beach.—PARTNERS: William Reiersen Arbuthnot, (*Eur.*) John Young, William Arbuthnot, Alexander Mackenzie, and Patrick Macfadyen. (*Eur.*)

AGENTS FOR

Madras Equitable Assurance Society.	Fairfield Coffee Company, (Limited.)
Marine Fire and Life Depts. of the London Assurance Corporation of London.	The Mysore Administration.
Carnatic Coffee Company, (Limited.)	The Government of Travancore.
The Government of Ceylon.	Indian Tramway Company, (Limited.)
Mysore Coffee Company, (Limited.)	Alexandra Cotton Screw Press Company.
East India and London Shipping Company, (Limited)—Canton, (Marine) Insurance Company.	

APPASAWMY PILLAY, P. AND CO.—McLean Street, Black Town.—PARTNERS: P. Veerapermall Pillay, P. Teroovengadathan Pillay, and P. Rajahgopaul Pillay.

BAINBRIDGE, BYARD, GAIR AND CO.—Bentinck's Buildings, North Beach.—PARTNERS: Alfred John Byard, (*Eur.*) Thomas Gair, (*Eur.*) and Thomas Henry Allan.

AGENTS FOR

Universal Life Assurance Society.	Liverpool Underwriter's Association.
Phoenix Fire Assurance Company.	Albert Insurance Company, Marine Department.
Guardian Fire Assurance Company.	

BINNY AND CO.—Armenian Street.—PARTNERS: Robert Orr Campbell, (*Eur.*) William Scott, Charles Alexander Ainslie, and Clement Simpson.—*Assistants*—Dorning Rasbotham, Stewart R. Turnbull and David A. Hume.

AGENTS FOR

The Aska Sugar Factories.	The Home and Colonial Assurance Company of London, (Limited) Marine Dept.
The British India Steam Navigation Company (Limited.)	The Netherlands India Sea & Fire Insurance Company of Batavia.
The Austrian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Co.	The Universal Marine Insurance Company of London, (Limited.)
The Victoria Press Co., of Madras (Limited.)	The Alliance Fire Assurance Company of London.
The Munjunhulla Coffee Company (Limited.)	The Standard Life Assurance Company of Edinburgh.
The Oundle Coffee Company, (Limited.)	The Albert Life Assurance Company.
The Cauvery Coffee Company, (Limited.)	The Reliance & East of England Life Assurance Company of London.
The Chartered Bank of India, Australia and China.	
The National Bank of India, (Limited.)	
The Manchester Cotton Supply Association.	
The Credit Foncier of Mauritius.	
The Triton Marine Assurance Co. of Calcutta.	

CAMMIADE, MARTIN AND CO.—No. 9, McLean Street.—PARTNERS: Aimé Cammiade, Auguste Amand St. Martin, and Gilbert Henry Cammiade.

AGENTS FOR—"Lloyd's" London.

DYMES AND CO.—Rutter's Buildings, North Beach.—PARTNERS: Daniel D. Dymes (*in Europe*) and H. Hicks.

AGENTS FOR

Eastern Insurance Company of Bombay.	Batavia Sea and Fire Insurance Company
Western Insurance Company of Bombay.	North China Insurance Company.
Hercules Insurance Company Marine Department.	Commercial Union Fire Assurance Compy.
Liverpool, London and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Company.	Commercial Union Assurance Company, Marine Department.
	Lancashire Insurance Company.

T. J. DYMES, CARTWRIGHT AND CO.—North Beach.—PARTNERS: Thomas Jamieson Dymes and Francis Machell Cartwright.

AGENTS FOR

Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company ("Limited") and Northern Assurance Co.
FOWLIE AND CO.—2nd Line Beach.—PARTNERS: John Coutts Fowlie, (*London*); Sylvester Trant Richmond, (*Ceylon*); and Robert Welsh Paterson.

GAHAN, EATON AND CO.—Balfour's Building, North Beach.—PARTNERS: George Gahan and George Frederick Gahan.

Branch Firm at, Coringa.

LECOT AND CO.—Armenian Street.—PARTNERS: Edward Lecot, Percy Bloomfield Patton Gough, Louis Lemesle and H. Martine.

AGENTS FOR

The Comptoir d'Escompte de Paris.	The English and Scottish Marine Insurance Company of London.
European Assurance Society of London.	
Messageries Imperiales Steamers.	

MAXWELL AND CO.—Second Line Beach.—PARTNERS: Robert Maxwell (*Eur.*), William Burnet and John Maxwell.

AGENTS FOR

The Eastern Exchange Bank, (Limited.)	The British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company, (Limited.)
Queen Fire Insurance Company.	
London and Provincial Marine Insur. Com.	

MCDOWELL AND CO.—Second Line Beach.—James George Coleman.

OAKES AND CO.—Broadway.—PARTNERS: William T. S. Oakes (*Eur.*) and James Oakes.

AGENTS FOR—The Royal Insurance Company, Life and Fire, London and Liverpool.

PARRY AND CO.—North Beach.—PARTNERS: Joseph Gooldeen, (*Eur.*) William Hamilton Crake, (*Eur.*) Alexander Forrester Brown and John Charles Loch.

AGENTS FOR

The Eagle and Albion Life Assurance Company of London.	The Sun Fire Office of London.
The Church of England Life Assurance and Trust and Annuity Institution of London.	The East Indian Iron Company.
The Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance of London.	The London Chartered Bank of Australia.
Ocean Marine Insurance Company.	The Bombay Insurance Society.
Secretaries and Treasurers of the Madras Ice Company, "Limited."	The Ocean Marine Insurance Company of Bombay.
H. M. Dockyard, Trincomallee.	The Land Mortgage Bank of India—Credit Foncier Indien ("Limited.")
	Secretaries and Treasurers of the Southern India Coffee Company, (Limited.)

RAY AND CO.—10, McLean Street.—Clarence Edwin Ray.

SHAND C. AND CO.—Madras and Ceylon.—PARTNERS: Charles Shand, (*London*); Alexander Shand, (*Liverpool*); Ralph Abram Robinson, (*London*); Robert Chillingworth Walker and Thomas Helmer, (*Madras*).

AGENTS FOR

The Mercantile Fire Insurance Company, and Elphinstone (Marine) Insurance Company of Bombay. National Provincial Marine Insurance Company, and Albion Marine Insurance Company, Asiatic Banking Corporation, Lloyd's Agent at Galle.

SIDDEO CHETTY, G. AND CO.—Armenian Street.—PARTNERS: The Honorable G. Lutchmenaraju Chetty Gauroo, C.S.I., and G. Narasimmooleo Chetty.

STILLWELL, E. S. AND CO.—9, 2d Line Beach, and 25, Barbican City, London.—PARTNERS: Edward Swift Stillwell, (*Europe*), and John Binny Chalmers.

WALKER AND CO.—37, Second Line Beach.—PARTNERS: George Walker (*Europe*), William Byam Liddell (Madras), William Walker Munsie, (Madras.)

MADRAS CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

The Hon'ble A. F. Brown—*Chairman.*The Hon'ble John Young—*Vice-Chairman.*

C. A. Ainslie, Esq. (Eur.)	E. D. Estill, Esq.	J. McIver, Esq.
W. R. Arbuthnot, Esq. (Eur.)	E. George, Esq.	A. Mackenzie, Esq.
W. Arbuthnot, Esq.	P. Gough, Esq. (Eur.)	P. Macfayden, Esq.
T. H. Allan, Esq.	T. Helmer, Esq.	H. Martine, Esq.
A. J. Byard, Esq. (Eur.)	H. Hicks, Esq. (Eur.)	W. K. Nicholson, Esq.
W. Birks, Esq.	H. Kerakoose, Esq. (Eur.)	R. W. Paterson, Esq.
W. Burnet, Esq.	E. Lecot, Esq.	C. Parthasarathy Naïdoo.
R. O. Campbell, Esq. (Eur.)	L. Lemesle, Esq.	R. A. Robinson, Esq. (Eur.)
W. H. Crake, Esq. (Eur.)	W. B. Liddell, Esq.	Muncherjee Ruttonjee, Esq.
A. Cammaide, Esq.	J. C. Loch, Esq.	W. Scott, Esq.
F. M. Cartwright, Esq.	R. Maxwell, Esq. (Eur.)	C. Simpson, Esq.
D. D. Dymes, Esq. (Eur.)	John Maxwell, Esq.	R. C. Walker, Esq.
T. J. Dymes, Esq.	W. W. Munsie, Esq.	
F. DeSouza, Esq.	A. McIver, Esq.	

Messrs. BINNY & Co.—*Treasurers.* | HENRY CORNISH, Esq., *Acting Secretary.*

RULES AND REGULATIONS OF THE CHAMBER.

1st. That the Madras Chamber of Commerce is formed with a view to watch over and protect the interests of Trade: to receive and collect information on all matters of Mercantile interest, bearing upon the removal of grievances and the promotion of the common good; to communicate with authorities and with individual parties thereupon; to receive references on matters of custom or usage in doubt or dispute, deciding on the same and recording the decision made for future reference; and to form by that and other means a code of practice, whereby the transactions of business by all engaged in it may be simplified and facilitated.

2nd. That all Merchants, and other persons engaged in the general Trade of Madras, be eligible as Members.

3rd. That after the first General Meeting all Members be elected by ballot at the Quarterly General Meeting, having been first proposed by one Member and seconded by another; previous notice to be given by entry in a Ballot book to be kept for the purpose. A majority of two-thirds requisite for election.

4th. The voting of proxy be not allowed, nor by parties whose subscriptions shall be in arrears.

5th. That the power of expulsion be reserved to the Chamber, to be decided by ballot by a majority at a General Meeting.

6th. That the executive duties of the Chamber shall be conducted by the Chairman who shall be annually elected, and that all matters of importance be referred for the decision of the general body of Subscribers who shall be called together as often as is necessary by the Chairman, but not less frequently than once a month.

7th. The Chairman on all occasions to have a casting vote in addition to his own as a Member of the Chamber.

8th. That in the event of the Chair becoming vacant in the course of the year, a Special Meeting shall be called to elect a Member to fill it for the remainder of the term, who shall be eligible for re-election at the General Meeting in December.

9th. That every Member on election shall pay an entrance fee of Rupees 100. That in the case of the Manager or Agent of a Bank becoming a Member of the Chamber and quitting his post within one year, his successor in the situation shall be eligible to become a Member, on ballot, without the payment of the usual entrance donation, provided always the first said Agent or Manager shall have become a Member of the Chamber within two months of his arrival in Madras.

10th. That the subscription be fixed at Rupees 7 per mensem, payable quarterly in advance from the commencement of the present year (1860.) Absentees in Europe to pay no subscription.

11th. That if any Member allow his subscription to the Chamber to fall into arrears for more than one quarter without sufficient reason, his name shall be expunged from the list.

12th. That the Funds be paid as realized into the Government Bank, and that when exceeding one thousand Rupees they be invested in Government paper.

13th. That the ordinary expenditure be at the discretion of the Chairman. Extraordinary be made by him with the sanction of the Committee.

14th. That Quarterly Meetings be held on the second Monday of March, June, September and December of each year, to ballot for candidates, and that at such Meetings the correspondence of the Chamber shall be laid on the table.

15th. That at the Meeting in December the Treasurer's Account be submitted, and that a majority of the said Meetings be competent to amend, alter, revoke, or introduce Rules for the Regulation of the Chamber; such majority to consist of not less than one-half of the Members at the time resident in Madras. It shall be competent, however, to the Quarterly General Meetings to exercise, when necessary, the functions devolved specially on the Annual Meeting by this Rule, but one month's previous notice to be given of the matter to be proposed.

16th. That Special General Meetings may be convened on the requisition of any eight Members of the Chamber, at which such business may be transacted as may come within the authority of the Annual General Meeting. One month's previous notice, however, to be given of the matter to be proposed.

17th. That at the Annual General Meeting of the Chamber, a Judicial Committee of not less than seven Members (of whom three shall be a quorum,) be elected to consider and dispose of all cases in dispute referred for the opinion of the Chamber.

18th. That a fee of 15 Rupees shall accompany all references to the Chamber.

19th. That the Chairman shall provide a room for the accommodation of the Chamber.

20th. That all parties subscribing to the Chamber shall affix their signatures to the Rules in a book to be kept for that purpose.

THE BRUNTON'S PATENT PRESS COMPANY, MADRAS, (Limited.)

Capital—Three Lacs of Rupees with power to increase
In 600 Shares of Rupees 500 each.

DIRECTORS.

J. R. Boyson, Esq.—*Chairman.*

Alexander McIver, Esq.

W. Burnet, Esq., (of Messrs. Maxwell
and Co.)

J. F. Moir, Esq.

E. D. Estill, Esq., (of Messrs. C. J.
Robinson and Co.)

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Boyson, Brockman and Prichard.

BANKERS.—Oriental Bank Corporation.

AUDITORS.—R. Bell, Esq.

SECRETARIES AND TREASURERS.—C. J. Robinson and Co.

ICE HOUSE.

SOUTH AND SECOND LINE BEACH.

Mr. A. H. SHAW, Agent in charge.

The building is opened for the distribution of Ice daily, from dawn till sunset, excepting Sundays, when it is closed at eight A. M.

The following is the rate at present charged, viz:—

1 anna per lb., for cash.

N. B.—A branch house has been established at No. 16, Second Line Beach, where Ice may be obtained during the same hours and at the same rate as at the Main Depot.

INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Madras Equitable Assurance Society. Marine Fire and Life Departments of the London Assurance Corporation of London. Canton Marine Assurance Company.	AGENTS, &c. Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.
Universal Life Assurance Company. Phoenix Fire Assurance Company. Guardian Fire Assurance Company. Albert Insurance Company, Marine Department. Liverpool Underwriter's Association.	Messrs. Bainbridge, Byard, Gair & Co.
Triton Marine Insurance Company of Calcutta. Home and Colonial Assurance Company of London, (Limited) Marine Department. Netherlands India, Sea and Fire Insurance Company of London, (Limited). Universal Marine Insurance Company of London, (Limited). Alliance Fire Assurance Company of London. Standard Life Assurance Company of Edinburgh. Albert Life Assurance Company. Reliance and East of England Life Assurance Company of London.	Messrs. Binny and Co.
Eastern Assurance Company of Bombay. Western Assurance Company of Bombay. Hercules Insurance Company, Marine Department. Liverpool, London and Globe Fire and Life Insurance Company. Batavia Sea and Fire Insurance Company. North China Insurance Company. Commercial Union Fire Assurance Company. Commercial Union Assurance Co., Marine Department. Lancashire Insurance Company.	Messrs. Dymex and Co.
Bombay and Bengal Steam Ship Company, (Limited). Northern Assurance Company.	Messrs. T. J. Dymes, Cartwright and Co.
European Assurance Society of London. English and Scottish Marine Insurance Company of London.	Messrs. Lecot and Co.
Queen Fire Insurance Company. London and Provincial Marine Insurance Company. British and Foreign Marine Insurance Company, (Limited).	Messrs. Maxwell & Co.
Royal Insurance Company, Life and Fire, London and Liverpool.	Messrs. Oakes and Co.
Eagle and Albion Life Assurance Company of London. Church of England Life Assurance and Trust and Annuity Institution of London. Corporation of the Royal Exchange Assurance of London. Ocean Marine Insurance Company. Sun Fire Office of London. Bombay Insurance Company. Ocean Marine Insurance Company of Bombay.	Messrs. Parry and Co.
Mercantile Fire Insurance Company. Elphinstone (Marine) Insurance Company of Bombay. National Provincial Marine Insurance Company. Albion Marine Insurance Company.	Messrs. Shand and Co.

MADRAS IRRIGATION AND CANAL COMPANY.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

James Thompson, Esq., *Chairman*.

EX-OFFICIO DIRECTOR.

(Appointed by Secretary of State for India.)

William Thomas Thornton, Esq.

DIRECTORS.

The Hon'ble Philip Pleydell Bouverie, M.P. | Lieut. Colonel William Campbell Onslow.
Lieutenant Colonel John Grimes. | General Sir George Pollock, G.C.B., K.S.I., &c.

AUDITORS.—Jas. Bonar, Esq., (Messrs. Small & Co., Old Jewry,) T. Q. Finnis, Esq., Aldermn.

BANKERS.—Messrs. Ransom, Bouverie & Co., Pall Mall, East.

SOLICITOR.—John Mackrell, Esq.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.—Colonel John Thomas Smith, F.R.S., (late Madras Engineers.)

SECRETARY.—John Westwood, Esq.

OFFICES.—Nos. 8 & 9, Queen Street Place, Southward Bridge, London, E.C.

INDIAN ESTABLISHMENT.

AGENT'S DEPARTMENT.—Francis Hartwell Henslowe, Agent and Manager.
C. A. Badham, Genl. Storekeeper and Chief Accountant—J. Jordan, Chief Clerk.

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT.

J. Herbert Latham, Provincial Chief Engineer.

C. B. Knorpp, Officer in charge of Central Office.

DIVISIONAL EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS.

G. Gordon, Bellary. | H. C. Cotton, Hindry. | F. East, Nellore.

ASSISTANT EXECUTIVE ENGINEERS.

W. J. Lowe, | C. H. Wilks, | A. B. Bradbury.
C. B. Knorpp, | H. F. Crawford,

BANKERS.—Bank of Madras.

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Boyson, Brockman and Prichard.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.—Captain J. Mullins, Royal Engineers.

HEAD OFFICE.—Armenian Street.

THE MADRAS COTTON-CLEANING COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

REGISTERED UNDER ACT XIX OF 1857.

Capital, Rupees 250,000 in 250 Shares of Rupees 1,000 each.

Payment on allotment, Rupees 150 per Share.

DIRECTORS.

R. C. Walker, Esq. Messrs. C. Shand & Co.
C. Simpson, Esq. " Biny & Co.
F. de Souza, Esq. " de Souza & Co.
P. Somascondrum Chetty, and C. V. Ragavah Chetty.

BANKERS.—The Chartered Mercantile Bank of India, London and China.

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Boyson, Brockman and Prichard.

AUDITOR.—C. L. O'Brien, Esq., Secretary Albert Life Assurance Co.

HONORARY SECRETARY.—R. C. Walker, Esq., of C. Shand and Co.

Temporary Office.—No. 1, Messrs. Shand & Co.'s, 1st Line Beach.

Chief Engineer and Manager at Palladium Works, J. Horsfall, Esq.

The Company buy Cotton on commission and press or half press it as may be desired.
Terms are ascertainable by reference to the Hon. Secretary or to the Agent at Palladium.

MADRAS ADVERTISING AND PRINTING COMPANY, (Limited.)

Capital—Rupees 60,000 in 600 Shares of Rupees 100 each.

Secretary, Mr. George Hope Ross. | Supt. Branch Printing Office, Mr. C. DeCruiz.

Offices of the Company—150, Popham House, Black Town, & Branch, Mount Road.

N. B.—At this Office the *Athenum* and *Daily News* and the *Fortnightly Greenland Summary* are published.

MADRAS BUILDING SOCIETY.

Parent Fund established 1st March 1860 and closed on the 31st October 1863.

Branch Fund established 1st May 1864.

PRESIDENT—J. B. Cardozo, Esq.

SECRETARY—Mr. J. A. Smith | TREASURER—Mr. G. S. Casmier.

DIRECTORS.

Mr. J. B. Cardozo,	Mr. J. A. Smith,	Mr. J. W. Brunton,	Mr. G. Kilman,
" C. Hall,	" R. J. Newbigging,	" N. Bazely, Junior,	" W. D. Paton
" L. Brito,	" G. S. Casmier,	" J. Gray,	" J. D'Castar.

TRUSTEES—Mr. G. S. Casmier and Mr. J. B. Cardozo.

AUDITORS—Mr. L. C. D'Cruiz and L. P. Rogé.

SURVEYING MEMBERS—Mr. D. Horgan and Mr. T. A. Doyle.

(in addition to those of the Parent Fund.)

The main object of the Society is to enable Subscribers to become Proprietors of Landed Property according to each Subscriber's interest in the Society, viz.: a Subscriber of 5 Rupees a month to a house of the value of 500 Rupees; a Subscriber of Rupees 10 a month to a house valued Rupees 1,000; and so on in proportion to the extent of his interest in the Society which is not to exceed 60 Rupees—80 Rupees being allowed as interest for every 420 Rupees paid by each Subscriber in the term of seven years.

ASTAGRAM SUGAR WORKS COMPANY.

J. W. Hayes, Esq.	Managing Proprietor.
J. Mergler, Esq.	Proprietor and Joint Manager.
Y. Mullapali Chetty.	Proprietor.
Mr. H. G. Laurence.	Head Accountant.
Mr. W. Wardrope.	Mechanical Engineer.
Mr. R. A. Stewart.	Head Overseer.
Mr. J. Cannicut.	Sugar Refiner.

The Factory of the above Company is situated at Palhully, near Seringapatam. In connection with the Sugar Factory is the Government Distillery, where the purest Rum is manufactured. The prices of Sugar, from 1st January to 30th June 1867, will be as follow:—

P	or 1st sort, per maund of 25 lbs.....	Rupees. 7½
N	or 2nd do. do. do.	7
KX	or 3rd do. do. do.	6½

On all quantities of not less than 100 maunds purchased, a discount of 20 per cent. will be made. In every case, Cash remittances will have to be made.

SOLE AGENCIES FOR SELLING SUGAR.

Madras.....	Messrs. Oakes and Co.	Ootacamund.....	Mr. W. E. Schmidt.
Bangalore	Messrs. Mergler and Co.	Mysore.....	Mysore Warehouse Co.
Bellary.....	Tondroy Chetty and Co.	Palhully.....	Mr. R. A. Stewart.

INDIAN CARRYING COMPANY, (LIMITED.)
ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE CONVEYANCE OF PASSENGERS, GOODS, PARCELS, &c.
D. W. AUCHTERLONT, Esq.—AGENT.

RATES FOR CONVEYANCE OF PASSENGERS.

TO OR FROM	TRANSIT.				Ghaut + Phicton.		Mail Cart.	Common Cart.	One Passenger only.					Coolies, each.	
	1 Passenger		2 Passengers		With 3 relays of Bullocks.	For one Passenger.			For two Passengers.	II. or P. with Saddle for Lady or Gentleman.	Palanquin.	Tonjon.	Munchiel.		Chairs.
	One seat in Horse Car- riage with relays.	Pair of Bullocks with relays.	Horse Carriage with relays.	Pair of Bullocks with relays.											
Bangalore and Mysore...	0 0 20	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 25	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 12	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Bangalore and Bellary ...	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Channarayana and Mettapollium ...	0 0 12	0 0 00	0 0 20	0 0 15	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Mettapollium and Kullur...	3 00 30	0 0 00	0 0 50	0 0 40	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Mettapollium and Coonoor ...	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 25	0 0 18	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 10	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Coonoor and Ootacamund...	13 00 00	0 0 18	0 0 12	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Salem Railway Station and Foot of Ghaut ...	4 00 28	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 28	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Salem and Trichinopoly, 2-wheeled ...	0 0 26	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Beypoor and Calicut ...	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Salem Railway Station and Town...	4 00 20	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 38	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Channarayana Station and Town...	3 00 18	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 20	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		
Trichinopoly and Madurai...	0 0 20	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 20	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00	0 0 00		

Each Passenger travelling by Bullock Transit will be allowed 40lbs. of luggage; but no luggage allowed for servants. Passengers can only be booked at intermediate Stations, when the Company's Conveyances are not engaged by parties travelling on Through Tickets.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

P. and O. Steamer Signals on entering the Port of Madras.

DAY.—From Suez, the Company's Flag at the Fore.

From Calcutta do do. Main.

NIGHT.—From Suez—To fire one gun and send up two rockets.

From Calcutta do do. and burn two blue lights.

STEAM FLEET.

Between Southampton and Alexandria, and Marseilles and Alexandria.

Tonnage. H. P.	Tonnage. H. P.
Ceylon.....R. W. Evans.....2020.....450	Pera.....G. J. Babot.....2014.....450
China.....N. Roskell.....2010.....400	Poonah.....W. Curling.....2152.....500
Delta (Pad.).....J. R. Kellock.....1618.....400	Ripon (Pad.).....J. M. Rogers.....1908.....450
Exsine (Pad.).....1165.....400	Surat.....T. Jamieson.....2596.....500
Massilia (Pad.) A. M. Lockie.....1640.....400	Syria (Pad.).....W. C. Angove.....1932.....450
Nyanza (Pad.) J. Weeks.....1988.....450	Tanjore.....G. S. Brooks.....1971.....400

Between Suez and Calcutta.

Bengal.....W. W. Fentiman.....2185.....465	Nemesis.....S. A. Ward (Ag.) 2018.....600
Candia.....W. Woolcott.....1982.....450	Nubia.....J. D. Gabv.....2095.....450
Golconda.....H. B. Greaves.....1909.....400	Simla.....J. S. Castle.....2440.....630
Mongolia.....N. Stewart.....2729.....500	

Between Bombay and Suez, and between Bombay and China.

Avoca.....J. S. Joyner.....1284.....250	Nippon.....A. Penke (Ag) .....790.....140
Baroda.....N. W. Haselwood.....1873.....400	Norna.....W. B. Hall.....969.....230
Behar.....W. Blake.....1603.....300	Northam.....C. A. White.....1330.....400
Benares.....E. P. G. Browne.....1491.....400	Orissa.....E. Curling.....1646.....300
Carratic.....D. Remondson.....1776.....400	Ottawa.....C. H. Eastley.....1274.....200
Delhi.....H. W. King.....1898.....400	Rangoon.....W. McCulloch.....1776.....400
Enicu.....1538.....300	Salsette.....A. Parish.....1491.....400
Geelong.....A. H. Johnson (Ag.) 1584.....250	Sultan.....J. Laing.....1124.....210
Malacca.....A. E. Barlow (Ag.) 1683.....300	Sunda.....W. D. Anderson (Ag) 1700.....300
Malta.....G. Hyde.....1912.....500	

NAMES OF THE COMPANY'S AGENTS.

At Home.

SOUTHAMPTON, James Davidson, Superintendent.

LIVERPOOL, Fletcher and Parr, 23, Castle-street.

Abroad.

Adelaide.....Elder, Smith, & Co.	Madras.....Alexander Melver.
Aden.....J. B. Caldwell (Acting.)	Malta.....T. H. Tronson.
Alexandria.....W. H. Roberts.	Marseilles.....R. Gower & Co.
Amoy.....Tait & Co.	Mauritius.....Ireland, Fraser and Co.
Batavia.....MacLaine, Watson, & Co.	Melbourne.....F. R. Kendall.
Bombay.....G. F. Henry.	Paris.....Pritchard & Monneron.
Cadiz.....A. D. Zulucta.	Penang.....Brown & Co.
Cairo.....R. Air.	Reunion.....Dor, Freres & Co.
Calcutta.....J. Paterson.	Rotterdam.....Ittmann & Son.
Ceylon (Galle).....F. Bayley.	Seychelles.....J. H. Brooks.
Foo-Choo.....Augustus Heard & Co.	Shanghai.....E. Warden.
Gibraltar.....W. H. Smith.	Singapore.....S. J. G. Jellicoe.
Hong Kong.....W. R. Dalziel (Acting).	Suez.....G. West, H. B. M. Consul.
King Geo.'s Sound.....W. C. Clifton.	Swatow.....Bradley & Co.
Lisbon.....	Sidney.....H. Moore.
Lyons.....Arles Dufour & Co.	Yokohama.....Aspinall, Cornes & Co.

PASSAGE MONEY ON P. AND O. S. NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMERS.

Via Point de Galle.																		
	Southampton.	Gibraltar.	Marseilles.	Malta.	Suez.	Aden.	Seychelles.	Mauritius.	King George's Sound.	Melbourne.	Sydney.	Point de Galle.	Bombay.	Penang.	Singapore.	Hong-Kong.	Shanghai.	Calcutta.
GENERAL RATES.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.	RS.
Lady or Gentleman	900	850	850	800	700	400	650	700	400	500	500	100	250	300	400	610	840	140
RESERVED ACCOMMODATION RATES.																		
Cabin for two.....	2,300	2,200	2,200	2,000	1,800	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	100	250	300	400	610	840	140
Cabin for one.....	1,800	1,700	1,700	1,600	1,400	800	800	800	800	800	800	100	250	300	400	610	840	140
CHILDREN.																		
Three and under ten years of age, each.....	450	425	425	400	350	200	350	350	200	250	250	50	125	150	200	320	420	70
Under three years (if with parent) Free.....	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..	..
Should more than one Child under three years of age be conveyed, one-quarter of First Class Rates will be charged for each child, exclusive of the one taken free.																		
SERVANTS.																		
European	530	500	500	480	400	230	400	450	250	300	300	60	145	175	200	320	420	80
Native	265	250	250	210	*200	*115	*200	*225	*125	*150	*150	*30	*73	*88	*100	*160	*210	*40
NATIVES.																		
First Class (exclusive of Victualling)	..	..	..	..	525	300	488	525	300	375	375	75	188	225	300	480	630	105
Deck (do. do.)	300	284	284	267	231	131	217	231	131	167	167	34	184	100	134	214	280	47

CONDITIONS, REGULATIONS, AND GENERAL INFORMATION.

Passengers.

The Company's Rates of Passage Money are for the sea passage only. They include Stewards' Fees, Table, Wines, &c., for First-class Passengers. Bedding, Linen, and all requisite Cabin Furniture are provided in the Steamers at the Company's expense, together with the attendance of experienced male and female servants.

Railway tickets for the journey through Egypt are issued by the Agents of the Company on behalf of the Egyptian Government at the following rates, viz. :—

For First-class Passengers...£ 4 10 0 | For Second-class Passengers...£ 2 5 0

Children above 3 and under 10 years, half fare.

Or it is optional with the Passengers to pay the Company for the sea passage only, and to pay their own transit through Egypt upon arrival at Alexandria or Suez, as the case may be.

Servants soliciting gratuities will be dismissed from the Company's service.

Half the amount of passage money, when the passage exceeds £20, is required to be paid on securing passage, and the balance a fortnight before embarkation.

Passengers not embarking after engaging passage, to forfeit the deposit of half the amount of passage money.

In case, however, of a Passenger being unavoidably prevented from availing himself of a passage at the period for which it is taken, a transfer of the passage can be effected to a subsequent Steamer, on sufficient notice being given, without forfeiture of any portion of the deposit paid, and accommodation will be allotted as similar as circumstances will permit.

In remitting a sum of money to the Company on account of passage, if by Cheque it is recommended, for the sake of security, to write across the Cheque the name of the Company's Bankers, "*Messrs Williams, Deacon and Co.*;" if by Order, Letter of Credit, or otherwise, it should be in favor of the "*Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation Company.*"

Passengers must comply with the regulations established on board the Steamers for general comfort and safety.

No Berth or Cabin is to be occupied by a Passenger without application to the Agent on shore, or to the Purser on board. It is to be understood that a Passenger occupying a Cabin of two or more Berths, on the departure of the Vessel (unless he shall have paid an additional sum for its exclusive occupation,) is not to object to the vacant Berth or Berths being filled up at the intermediate Ports, if required.

Passengers will have to defray their own expenses for Hotels, in the event of any detention.

The Steamers employed eastward of Suez do not possess Second-class accommodation, with the exception of a few Berths for the servants of First-class Passengers. Persons who are admitted on board these Steamers as Second-class Passengers must therefore understand that the Company do not guarantee them Cabins or Berths, and that they must accept such accommodation in this respect as circumstances may enable the Company to provide for them.

Railway Trains from the Waterloo Bridge Station, to Southampton, in the morning, at 6.15 (Parl) 8, 9.15 (mail), 11 o'clock (Express.) Afternoon, 1.10, 3.10 (Express,) 4.10 and 5.10 o'clock, Evening, 9 o'clock—mail. Sunday Trains, morning, at 9.15, and 10.15. Afternoon, 5 o'clock. Evening, 30 minutes past 8 o'clock—mail. Passengers should be at the Station at least a quarter of an hour before the Trains start.

NOTE.—The Passage Tickets are granted by the Company, subject to certain conditions and Regulations, which are endorsed thereon; and before the tickets can be made available the Passengers must subscribe to the conditions, by affixing their Signatures thereto.

Baggage.

The attention of Passengers by the Company's Steamers is respectfully requested to the undermentioned Regulations in reference to Baggage: much trouble and loss are occasionally caused by their neglect or non-observance. These Regulations are equally important to Passengers performing the land-journey between Alexandria and Suez, for the Egyptian Transit Administration will not accept any responsibility unless they be strictly complied with.

All Baggage should be packed in Leather Portmanteaux or Trunks, marked with the owner's name and Port of destination in Paint, in full, and fastened securely with case locks, padlocks and leather straps being liable to damage or removal. The Transit Administration will not be responsible for the safe conveyance of deal cases, band-boxes, carpet bags, or other unsuitable and insecure packages. Canvas covers to packages of Baggage are not recommended, as they are frequently removed, and lead to the loss of the packages.

Packages containing Jewellery, Plate, or other valuables, must be specially booked and Freight paid thereon.

Packages, containing Parcels, Specie or Merchandise, are liable to seizure and confiscation in Egypt, and to detention for Freight by the Agents of the Company.

First-class Passengers are allowed on board 336 lbs. of personal Baggage free of Freight, and children (over three and under ten years) and servants 168 lbs. each.

A Passenger taking a reserved Cabin will be entitled to take in the Steamers, free of Freight, 4½ cwt.; and a married couple, paying for reserved accommodation, will be entitled to take 9 cwt.

The charge for conveyance of extra Baggage, should there be room in the Vessel, will be at the rate of 10s. per cwt. between Southampton, Gibraltar, Marseilles, Malta, or Alexandria; £1 per cwt. between Suez, India, China, the Mauritius and Australia, with 10s. per cwt. for Transit expenses through Egypt.

Passengers passing through Egypt will be charged by the Transit Administration 10s. per cwt. for conveyance of Baggage through, should it exceed, for First-class Passengers, 336 lbs. each; for Second-class Passengers, 168 lbs.; children (over three and under ten years) half the above weights. This amount is collected on board the Company's Steamers for the convenience of Passengers.

The Company cannot engage to take any excess of Baggage over the regulated allowance, unless shipped at Southampton on the day before sailing.

All Baggage must be shipped not later than noon on the day previous to sailing, except Carpet Bags or Hat Boxes.

The insurance of Baggage can be effected on very moderate terms.

Passengers embarking at Marseilles for India, China, the Mauritius and Australia, can have 336 lbs. of their Baggage conveyed by the Steamer from Southampton free of charge; all in excess of that weight will be charged for at the rates mentioned above.

Passengers embarking at Marseilles for Malta and Alexandria, can also have their Baggage conveyed by the Steamer from Southampton at the rate of 10s. per cwt.

Passengers outwards, proceeding via Trieste, and joining the Steamers of the Peninsular and Oriental Company at Suez, and Passengers homewards who have been conveyed to Suez in the Peninsular and Oriental Company's Steamers, can ship their Baggage by the Company's vessels from Southampton to Suez, and vice versa, subject to the following charge, payable in advance :—

For the regulated allowance of 3 cwt., 20s. per cwt.	Inclusive of the charge for transport made by the Transit Administration of Egypt.
For any excess over 3 cwt., 30s. per cwt.	

Caution to Passengers.—Goods of a Dangerous Nature.

The Company will not receive on board of their vessels any goods of a dangerous or damaging nature. If any such goods be shipped without notice, the Shippers will not only be liable to the penalties imposed by Statute, but also for all damages sustained in consequence of such shipment. (See Extract from the Merchant Shipping Act, at page 14.)

N. B.—The Baggage of Passengers proceeding via Trieste must be shipped at Southampton so as to ensure its arrival at Alexandria a week in advance of the Passengers to whom it may belong. Non-compliance with this regulation is likely to involve loss or detention of the Baggage in Egypt.

Passengers requiring information respecting their Baggage during the voyage, can obtain it by application to the Officer in charge.

Passengers who may miss any package of Baggage on arrival at their destination are recommended to apply, without delay, to the Company's Agent, giving full particulars, in writing, when application will at once be made to missing Baggage Depôts at Bombay or Southampton.

Baggage can be occasionally had up from the Baggage-room during the passage by application to the Officer in charge.

No Trunks or Boxes allowed in the Saloon or Cabins, but only small Portmanteaux or Carpet Bags.

NOTICE.—All Parties are requested to take notice that the Company do not hold themselves liable for detention or delay of Passengers arising from accident or from extraordinary or unavoidable circumstances or from circumstances arising out of or connected with the employment of the Company's vessels in Her Majesty's Mail Service, and that the Company do not hold themselves liable for damage to or loss or detention of Passengers or for any consequences arising from the restrictions of quarantine wheresoever imposed. In all cases in which the Company's Steamers may be placed in quarantine, First-class Passengers will be charged Ten Shillings, and Second-class Passengers Five Shillings per diem for their maintenance on board during the detention of the Ship.

C. W. HOWELL, Secretary.

FRENCH MAIL STEAM-SHIPS.

COMPAGNIE DES SERVICES MARITIMES DES MESSAGERIES IMPERIALES.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO INDIA, CHINA, REUNION AND MAURITIUS.

OFFICES.

Paris..... 28, Rue Notre-Dame-des-Victoires.
Marseilles..... 16, Rue Canebiere.
Bordeaux..... 36, Quai de Bagalan.

London... Messrs. B. W. and H. Horne, 4, Moorgate-street, Lothbury, E. C.
Liverpool..... G. H. Fletcher and Co., 15, the Albany.
Rotterdam..... Smith and Co.
Zurich..... Compagnie Nord-Est des Chemins de fer Suisses.
Cadix..... Ant. et L. Sicre.
Lyons Cause, 7, Place des Terreaux.
Saint Etienne..... H. Aguilon et Co.
Bayonne Jean Cazenave.
Cette..... Caffarelli et Darolles.

INDIA, CHINA, REUNION AND MAURITIUS LINES' AGENTS.

Suez..... Messrs. Ernest De Rieux.
Aden Andre Conil.
Point-de-Galle.... Hildevert Auber.
Colombo..... Wilson Ritchie and Co.
Pondicherry..... De Lautrec.
Madras E. Locot.
Calcutta..... F. Lamouroux.

STEAM FLEET OF THE MESSAGERIES IMPERIALES.

INDIA, CHINA, REUNION AND MAURITIUS LINES.

	H. POWER.		H. POWER.
Tigre	screw. 500	La Bourdonnais	screw. 250
Imperatrice	— 500	Meinam	— 250
Donnai.	— 500	Hydaspe.....	— 240
Cambodge.....	— 500	Emirne.....	— 200
Alphée.....	— 400	Mozambique.....	— 200
Erymanthe.....	— 400		

Information for the use of Passengers.

INDIA AND CHINA LINES.—The Company's Steamers leave Marseilles on the 19th of every month at 2 P. M., and after staying a few hours at Messina, arrive at Alexandria, generally, on the 25th, the official date being early on the 26th.

See Regulations for the Transit through Egypt.

At Suez one of the Company's Steamers will receive passengers, and, as the passage up to the Mediterranean and the Transit may permit, will leave on the 26th or 27th, touching at Aden en route, and arrive at Point-de-Galle on the 11th or 13th of the following month, according to the departure from Suez, the length of the month, or the weather.

At Point-de-Galle another Steamer belonging to the Company will await passengers for India, and sail a few hours after the arrival of the Steamer from Suez, calling at Pondicherry and Madras en route to Calcutta.

The Steamer arriving from Suez will continue the voyage to Singapore arriving there on the 18th to 20th; Saigon, 21st to 23rd; and Hong-Kong, Port of destination, on the 26th to 28th.

The Transit through Egypt is uniformly arranged for the Outward and for the Homeward journey.

One of the Company's Steamers will await the Homeward passengers at Alexandria and leave there on the 27th to 29th arriving at Marseilles, after touching at Messina, on the 3rd to 5th of the month.

Rates of Passage Money in £ Sterling.

To	Suez.	Aden.	Point de Galle	Pondicherry.	Madras.	Calcutta.
From	A single Berth Cabin.	A single Berth Cabin.	A single Berth Cabin.	A single Berth Cabin.	A single Berth Cabin.	A single Berth Cabin.
Marseilles	110	85	50	160	105	78
Messina	102	83	46	152	99	74
Suez...	60	45	30	130	63	48
Aden....	70	45	35	80	50	35
Point de Galle.	20	13	10	20	13	10
Pondicherry ...	4	3	2	28	18	14
Madras...	28	18	14			
Calcutta...						

The Tariff-rates of passage-money apply in every case to one Berth in a Cabin.

NOTICE.

Passage-money is payable in the currency of the country from which passengers embark. Special Tariffs, converted to suit each locality, are deposited in the respective Offices of the Company.

For further particulars apply to E. Lecot, Esq., Agent.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED.)

AGENTS OF THE COMPANY.

Akyab.....Messrs. Bullock Broths. & Co.	Kurrachee....Messrs. Fleming & Co.
Beyppore.....Messrs. James Andrew & Co.	Madras, ... Messrs. Binny & Co.
Bimlipatam...Messrs. Hyslop & Co.	Malacca Messrs. W. Newbrunner & Co.
Bombay Messrs. W. Nicol & Co.	Mangalore....Messrs. R. Dawson & Co.
Bunder Abbas, Mr. C. H. McGill,	Masulipatam, Messrs. Maiden & Co.
Bushire, Mr. John Reid.	Moonsorcottah, Mr. F. J. V. Minchin.
Bussorah.....Mr. W. P. Johnston.	Moulmein....Messrs. Gardner, Brook & Co.
Calicut.....Messrs. James Andrew & Co.	Muscat.....Mr. C. H. McGill.
Cannanore.....Herjee M. & Sons.	Narrakal.....Messrs. Scott Brothers & Co.
Chittagong...Messrs. Bullock Broths. & Co.	Negapatam...Messrs. Oliver & Co.
Cochin Messrs. Scott Brothers & Co.	Penang Messrs. Lorrain Gillespie & Co.
Cocanada Bowden Brothers & Co.	Rangoon.... Messrs. Bulloch, Brothers & Co.
Colombo, Messrs. A. & B. Scott & Co.	Rutnagherry.....
False Point	Carwar.....Mr. H. Maxwell.
Galle Mr. E. T. Delaney.	Singapore.... Messrs. Hamilton, Gray & Co.
Ganjam.....Mr. F. J. V. Minchin.	Tuticorin....Dr. Reid.
Goa.....Messrs. A. Gomes & Co.	Vingorla
Gaudel.....	Vizagapatam, Messrs. Hyslop & Co.

RATES OF PASSAGE BETWEEN MADRAS AND BOMBAY.

Ports.	Cabin.			Qr. Deck.			Deck.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Madras to Pondicherry	25	0	0	17	8	0	5	0	0
" to Negapatam... ..	40	0	0	25	0	0	8	0	0
" to Galle.	85	0	0	60	0	0	15	0	0
" to Colombo	90	0	0	60	0	0	16	0	0
" to Tuticorin... ..	100	0	0	70	0	0	20	0	0
" to Cochin and Narrakal	140	0	0	100	0	0	25	0	0
" to Calicut and Beyppore	150	0	0	100	0	0	30	0	0
" to Cannanore... ..	160	0	0	110	0	0	30	0	0
" to Mangalore	170	0	0	115	0	0	30	0	0
" to Carwar.	190	0	0	125	0	0	35	0	0
" to Goa... ..	210	0	0	140	0	0	40	0	0
" to Vingorla	215	0	0	140	0	0	40	0	0
" to Rutnagherry... ..	225	0	0	150	0	0	42	0	0
" to Bombay	250	0	0	160	0	0	45	0	0
" to Gopalpoor	110	0	0	75	0	0	20	0	0
" to Masulipatam... ..	60	0	0	45	0	0	10	0	0
" to Coconada	70	0	0	50	0	0	12	0	0
" to Vizagapatam... ..	80	0	0	60	0	0	15	0	0
" to Bimlipatam... ..	80	0	0	60	0	0	15	0	0
" to Gopalpoor	110	0	0	75	0	0	20	0	0
" to Calcutta.....	120	0	0	85	0	0	25	8	0
" to Rangoon	130	0	0	90	0	0	27	0	0
Masulipatam to Vizagapatam... ..	50	0	0	35	0	0	7	8	0
" to Calcutta... ..	120	0	0	85	0	0	25	0	0
" to Rangoon ... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Coconada to Vizagapatam	30	0	0	20	0	0	6	0	0
" to Bimlipatam	30	0	0	20	0	0	6	0	0
" to Calcutta	100	0	0	80	0	0	22	8	0
" to Rangoon... ..	110	0	0	80	0	0	24	4	0
Vizagapatam to Calcutta	100	0	0	75	0	0	20	0	0
" to Rangoon... ..	105	0	0	75	0	0	23	0	0
Bimlipatam to Calcutta	100	0	0	75	0	0	20	0	0

Rates for Cattle.

	Under 500 miles.	Under 1,000 miles.	Under 2,000 miles.
Horses.....per head	Rs. 50	Rs. 80	Rs. 120
Ponies.....	" 40	" 60	" 80
Bullocks	" 20	" 30	" 50
Dogs, Sheep and Goats	" 5	" 7-8	" 10.

Monthly Line between Madras and Rangoon.

Leaves Madras on the 3rd of every month; arrives at Masulipatam on the 4th; Cocanada 6th; Vizagapatam and Bimlipatam 7th; and at Rangoon on or about the 12th or 13th. Leaves Rangoon on her return to Madras on or about the 18th or 19th, arriving at Bimlipatam and Vizagapatam 23rd or 24th; Cocanada 25th; Masulipatam 26th, and Madras 27th.

Bi-Monthly Line to Bombay, touching at intermediate Ports.

Leaves Calcutta on 15th and 1st of each month. Do. Bimlipatam about 18th and 4th, Vizagapatam 18th and 4th, Cocanada 19th and 5th, Masulipatam 20th and 6th, Madras 24th and 10th, Negapatam 25th & 11th, Colombo 28th and 14th, Tuticorin 29th and 15th, Cochin 30th and 16th, Calicut 1st and 17th, Cannanore 2nd and 18th, Mangalore 3rd & 19th. Carwar 3rd & 9th. Arrives at Bombay 5th and 20th.

Leaves Bombay on 15th & 1st of each month. Do. Carwar about 17th and 3d, Mangalore 18th and 4th, Cannanore 19th and 5th, Calicut 19th and 5th, Cochin 20th and 6th, Tuticorin 21st & 7th, Colombo 23rd & 9th, Negapatam 26th and 12th, Madras 29th & 15th, Masulipatam 30th & 16th, Cocanada 1st and 17th, Vizagapatam 2nd and 18th, Bimlipatam 2nd and 18th. Arrives at Calcutta 5th and 21st.

CONDITIONS, REGULATIONS, AND GENERAL INFORMATION.

Freight.

All packages shipped on board the Company's Steamers must be well packed: have a distinctive mark in English, and the Port of destination also inscribed on each in English.

Although the Company's Steamers for the most part trade to free Ports, all packages shipped on board must be accompanied by a registered Custom House Pass. Non-compliance with this regulation will submit shippers to detention in having their goods put on board, till a Pass from the Custom House is obtained.

Freight on all packages must be pre-paid at Port of shipment.

The Company reserves to itself the power to charge by weight, measurement, or value and is not accountable for damage arising from insufficiency of address or packing; or for damage, leakage, or breakage to re-exported goods.

For general facility, the Company reserves to itself power to land cargo at Port of delivery into a receiving vessel or stores charging Consignees thereof, according to scales of rates to be seen at the offices of the Agents of the Company.

The Company does not guarantee that the Steamers shall have room at Ports of transshipment, not that there shall be no delay there; nor is it answerable for delay in the forwarding of cargo, nor for the risk thereof.

The correct contents of all packages must be stated in Bills of Lading. Packages containing Gunpowder, Sulphuric Acid, or any other material which might give rise to accident, are strictly prohibited from being shipped on board the Steamers of the Company.

Packages weighing more than 3 cwt. (excepting bales and boxes of manufactured goods) are only carried at advanced rates of freight and by special agreement.

When, owing to bad weather or other causes, the goods cannot be safely landed at their destination within the time stipulated for stoppage at such Port in the Company's Mail contract with Government, the Company reserves to itself the right to convey them to the next Port on the voyage or to the final Port of call, to be returned thence by one of the Company's Steamers having space, at the Company's expense and merchant's risk; and the Consignee cannot claim indemnity for such delay nor the consequences thereof.

A written declaration of the contents and value of goods is required by the Company, and must be delivered by the shipper to the Company's Agents with the Bill of Lading. A wrong description of contents or false declaration of value shall release the Company from all responsibility in case of loss, seizure or detention, and the goods shall be charged double freight on the real value, which freight shall be paid previous to delivery.

Bills of Lading must be presented and delivered up, cancelled before delivery of goods can be granted.

Goods landed on Rangoon wharf and stored there to be at Consignee's risk and expense as regards fire, dacoity, vermin and otherwise; and store rent will be charged after twenty-four hours at the rate of four annas a package, and thereafter at a weekly rate of two annas for each package. The risk of fire will be covered on application to the Agents.

The Company will not be liable for any single package of cargo beyond the value of five hundred Rupees, unless additional freight at half specie rates has been paid on value above five hundred Rupees, and in all cases where claims are made, proof of loss must be furnished.

Specie will not be landed by the Company. It can only be delivered on presentation of Bills of Lading on board, and will be carried on at Consignee's risk, if delivery is not taken during the Steamers' stay in Port.

The charge for the conveyance of horses includes passage for a syce in attendance on each horse and space for fodder, which must be provided by the owner.

Carriages are conveyed by special agreement.

Single packages and parcels not exceeding two feet in measurement are charged Rupees 2-8 under 1,000 miles; above that distance, Rupees 5.

Goods must be alongside at least twenty-four hours before the advertised hour of departure, and shippers are requested to see that their receipts for same are in order before leaving the vessel.

Bills of Lading are only signed, written on the Company's own forms, to be had of the Agents at the several Ports.

Passage.

The rate of cabin passage money includes Table, but not Wines or Liquors, which are provided on board and charged as per scale in possession of the Steward. Bedding, linen and all requisite cabin furniture are provided in the Steamers at the Company's expense.

The full amount of passage money is payable on accommodation being secured. Parties failing to embark after securing accommodation, to have half the passage money returned.

Each cabin passenger is allowed 3 cwt. of personal baggage. Any quantity in excess will be charged for at the rate of Rupees 60 a ton under 1,000 miles, and Rupees 120 a ton over that distance.

Return Tickets available to return by the subsequent Steamer to that for which they are issued are granted to cabin passengers only, at a reduction of one-fifth on the return passage money. Passengers holding Return Tickets and travelling on board the Steamers after this period, will be charged on board with a fifth part of the return passage money, if not previously paid on shore to an Agent of the Company.

No berth can be occupied by any passenger without application to the Agents on shore or the Steward on board.

Passengers' servants must be paid for as Deck passengers, if occupying Deck accommodation, or otherwise according to accommodation occupied or engaged. Servants being Deck passengers must not sleep in the saloon, nor enter the saloon or cabins except when on actual duty.

The rate of passage for Deck passengers does not include diet, but they can be dieted on board as per scale in possession of the Steward.

Quarter-deck Passengers mess at the cabin table, but have no berths. Should they avail themselves of any berths which may be disengaged, or make use of the cabins or saloon, they will be charged on board as cabin passengers.

Quarter-deck and Deck passengers are allowed space for a bed, which must be rolled up during the day, and a box or portmanteau of 5 cubic feet.

Note.—Quarter Deck passages are granted to gentlemen only; and to them only during the North-east monsoon.

One child under three years of age, if with the parent, free. When more than one, each child additional will be charged one-quarter fare. Children above three and under ten years, half fare. Children are not allowed in cabin unless accompanied by an adult cabin passenger.

European servants in cabin, full fare. Intermediate passage, messing with Officers, half of cabin fare.

Passengers who have not paid passage money on shore to the Agents, will be charged 10 per cent. over the ordinary fare when paying on board.

Passages paid for at Singapore or Penang in Dollars, will be charged at the exchange of 222 Rupees per 100 Dollars.

Packages containing jewellery, plate or other valuables, must be specially booked, and freight paid thereon.

Passengers are strictly prohibited carrying Gunpowder, Sulphuric Acid, or any other material which might occasion accident on board the Steamers.

Passengers must comply with the Regulations established on Board for the general comfort and safety.

All persons are requested to take notice that the Company does not hold itself liable for detention or delay to passengers arising from accident or from circumstances in connection with the carrying of Her Majesty's Mails, or for loss, damage, or detention of baggage.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE AND Co.,

Managing Agents, British India Steam Navigation Company, "Limited."

MADRAS TRADE ASSOCIATION.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION.

Messrs. McDowell and Co.	P. Chuckeray Chetty.	Messrs. Deschamps and Co.
" P. Orr and Sons.	Messrs. Oakes and Co.	Mr. J. Higginbotham.
" R. P. Carr and Co.	" Simpson and Co.	P. Valoo Moodelliar.
" LeFebour and Co.	" Gantz Brothers.	Mr. C. Grant.
" Durrant and Spencer.	" Todd and Co.	Messrs. Leggett & Broomhall
" Graves, Cookson & Co.	" Fox and Co.	" Taylor and Co.
Mr. J. G. Garrett.	" D'Rozario and Co.	

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Mr. J. Oakes, Chairman. | Mr. P. Orr, Vice-Chairman. | Mr. J. M. Wilson, Secy.

MEMBERS.

Mr. J. G. Coleman,	Mr. W. Jefferey,	Mr. J. Higginbotham,
" R. Orr,	" R. P. Carr,	" C. Durrant,
" J. Deschamps,	" J. W. Gantz,	" J. Leggett.
" J. D'Rozario,		

SOLICITORS.—Messrs. Boyson, Brockman, and Prichard.

THE MADRAS RAILWAY COMPANY.

Board of Directors.

James Walker, Esq., *Chairman.* | J. A. Arbuthnot, Esq., *Deputy Chairman.*
EX-OFFICIO DIRECTOR APPOINTED BY THE SECRETARY OF STATE FOR INDIA IN COUNCIL.

Juland Danvers, Esq.

Lieut. Col. M. C. Chase, Alexander McKenzie, Esq.,	Lieut. Col. D. Montgomerie, George Norton, Esq.
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Julian Byrne, Esq., *Secretary.*

AUDITORS.

Colonel J. T. Smith,
James Thompson, Esq.
BANKERS.

BANKERS.

The Union Bank of London.

SOLICITORS.

Messrs. Freshfields and Newman.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

John Hawkshaw, Esq., F. R. S.
Office—33, New Broad Street, E. C.

Main or S. W. Line.

The Main Line has been opened throughout to Beypore, a distance of 406½ miles.

The trains commenced to run from one side of the Peninsula to the other, on the 12th Mar 1862.

Bangalore Branch.

It leaves the Main Line at Jollarett, 132 miles from Madras. The length of this Line is 84½ miles, and opened for Traffic on the 1st August 1864.

Salt Coteau Branch.

This Branch leaves the Main Line between Madras and Perambore, and runs to the extensive Salt Depôts opposite the People's Park, a distance of one and a half mile.

N. W. Line Railway.

This Line leaves the Main Line at Arconum, 42 miles from Madras. A distance of 154 miles from the junction station at Arconum to Moodanoor, has been opened for traffic.

Indian Executive.

R. B. Elwin.....	Agent and Manager.—(Europe.)
W. F. Hooper.....	Assistant to do.
W. G. Smart.....	Chief Engineer.—(Actg. Agent and Manager.)
J. A. Pinson.....	Acting do., on Permanent Way.
B. Anderson.....	Do. to do. on Construction.
T. H. Goings.....	On special duty.
H. Brady, Esq.....	Engr. in charge of the Madras Terminal Works.
G. K. Winter.....	Telegraph Engineer.
J. W. Bradley.....	Engineering Accountant.
F. Church.....	Chief Auditor.
A. K. Thomson.....	Chief Accountant.
W. B. Wright.....	Locomotive Superintendent.
W. J. Collinson.....	Assistant to do.
R. Woolley.....	Locomotive Accountant.
H. E. Church.....	Traffic Manager.
G. Dartnell.....	Assistant to do. at Madras.
R. D. Carter.....	do. do. at Beypore.
W. F. Hugo.....	do. do. at Salem.
S. Williams.....	do. do. at Cuddapah.
R. Runganath Row.....	Native Assistant to do. at Madras.
R. Allon.....	General Storekeeper.
J. Andrews.....	Store Auditor.
J. F. Peele.....	Cashier, on Furlough.
C. Bartoli.....	Acting Cashier.
J. R. Anderson.....	Assistant to do.
W. J. vanSomeren, M.D.....	Consulting Physician.
J. Harris.....	Apothecary.

Salaries of the Principal Officers of the Madras Railway Company.

	Rs.	A.	P.
Agent and Manager	1,818	3	0
Assistant to do... ..	454	9	0
Chief Engineer	1,818	3	0
Deputy do. on Permanent Way... ..	954	9	0
Do. do. on Construction... ..	954	9	0
Do. in charge of the Madras Terminal Works.	409	1	5
Telegraph Engineer	409	1	5
Engineering Accountant... ..	590	14	6
Consulting Physician	210	0	0
Chief Accountant	590	14	6
Chief Auditor	909	1	0
Locomotive Superintendent	1,090	14	7
Assistant to do.	454	9	0
Senior Assistant... ..	300	0	0
Traffic Manager	909	1	0
Assistant to do... ..	681	13	0
2nd Assistant to do	350	0	0
3rd do. to do	272	11	8
4th do. to do	272	11	8
Native Asst. to do	272	0	0
General Storekeeper	681	13	0
Store Auditor	250	0	0
Cashier, Acting	363	10	2
Asst. to do.	130	0	0
District Engineer { 1st class.	772	11	8
{ 2nd class	590	14	6
{ 3rd class.	409	1	5
{ 4th class	272	11	8
Sub-Assistant Engineers... ..	300	0	0
Foreman in Locomotive Department.. ...	200	0	0
Engine Drivers... ..	150	0	0
	350	0	0
	300	0	0
	218	2	11
	196	5	10
	174	8	9
	150	0	0

ALLOWANCES.—Fixed tentage to Chief Engineer, 105 Rupees per mensem; when on duty or from Head Quarters, 5 Rupees per diem.

Do. to Deputy Chief Engineers, 105 Rupees per mensem ; when on duty or from Head Quarters, 5 Rupees per diem to the Deputy on Construction.

Do. do. to District Engineers, 75 Rupees per mensem; when on duty or from Head Quarters, 3 Rupees per diem.

The other principal Officers when required on duty from Head Quarters, draw Batta at 5 Rupees per diem.

NOTICE.

The Madras Railway Company hereby give public notice, that under the provisions of Act No. III of 1865, entitled "An Act relating to the rights and liabilities of Common Carriers," they will not be responsible for loss of, or damage to, the undermentioned Goods, unless the value of such Goods shall have been declared to the said Company, at the time of booking, and an increased charge of 2½ pies per Maund per mile, shall have been paid.

"Cloths and tissues embroidered with the precious metals, or of which such metals form part.

"Articles of ivory, ebony or sandal wood."

Madras Railway,
Agent and Manager's Office,
16th March 1865.

ROBERT B. ELWIN,
Agent and Manager.

MADRAS RAILWAY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH DEPARTMENT.

The Madras Railway Company forward Telegraph messages for the public on the following conditions, viz. :-

1st.—That the wires are not occupied by messages relating to the Company's service.

2nd.—That the Company are not held responsible for the accuracy of the message, or for any delay in its transmission or delivery, from whatever cause it may arise.

No stranger can be admitted *behind* the counter of the Telegraph office, except by special order from an officer of the Company.

In cases of extreme pressure of business, Signallers in charge of Offices may *refuse* to receive for despatch any messages beyond the number which experience shows may be cleared off within the day. The messages in such cases are not to be received and kept for despatch the *following* day, but must be *returned*, so as to prevent accumulation.

In cases of interruption on any line, Signallers in charge of offices have the power to refuse the receipt of messages for transmission to stations, communication with which is interrupted.

In every such case, all persons tendering messages for places beyond the interrupted section are to be informed of the interruption, advised not to leave the message, and acquainted that a refund will not be made in case of delay from this cause.

No message can be forwarded by the Railway Telegraph unless it bears the names and addresses of the sender and addressee.

No message can be received *without* the signature of the sender.

No message of more than 50 words in all can be sent at one time by any individual or firm, and no *second* message till after the lapse of one hour, unless the line be free and not required by any one else.

Messages consisting of 16 words and under are charged 1 Rupee; messages of more than 16 words, one Anna for every additional word.

The names of sender and addressee are charged in the address. Initials count each as one word, and it is recommended that the Christian name should always be spelt in full. Compound names, such as McNaughten, O'Donnell, DeSalia, Von Meyern, St. Clair, count as one word, provided the prefix be no more than one syllable.

In the address of a message, the words From, To, Mr., Messrs. and Co., and all ordinary prefix designations, such as Captain, Lieut-Colonel, Sir, Lord, Baboo, Rajah, Nawaub, are passed free, provided the designation be no more than two words, as Major-General, Lieut.-Colonel.

Affix designations are charged for word by word. Thus "Bangalore, from Mr. Brown, to Calcutta, to Lieut.-Colonel Smith, Commanding Sixtieth Rifles," the words in Italics are charged, the others are sent free. Affix designations, such as Esq., Chetty, Naidoo, Iyer, &c., are charged for.

The names of towns, from, and to, if Telegraph stations, are also sent free; but are charged for if not Telegraph stations. Names of quarters, or streets, or numbers of houses, must be paid for. Numbers to be charged for as words.

Messages addressed to large cities, such as Calcutta, Madras and Bombay, should always have the residence of the addressee specified by street and number, and messages to such names as Smith, Jones, Brown, &c., should have the Christian name or profession of the addressee to prevent mis-delivery.

Dates are optional, but if given, are charged for word by word.

In the body of a message, every word is charged for; stops, inverted commas, and notes of interrogation are sent free.

Messages will be delivered free within two miles from the Telegraph station. Beyond 2 miles, a charge of one Anna per mile will be made, unless otherwise ordered, the minimum charge being, in any case, 4 Annas.

District Engineering Staff, South West Line, including B. B. L.

Name of Divisions.	Length of Division.	Name of Engineers.
1st Division.....	132 miles.	Mr. C. D. Roberts.
2nd do.	144 1/2 "	" M. A. Taylor.
3rd do.	109 1/2 "	" H. R. P. Carter.
4th do.	104 1/2 "	" A. T. Wilkinson.
District 1 to part of District 6		
NORTH WEST LINE.		Mr. L. Roberts.
1st Division—Arcanum to Cuddapah.....		" W. A. Wall.
2nd Division—Cuddapah to Moondanoor.....		" H. C. West.
		" F. C. Ballimore.
		" G. Hardings.
		" do.
		" John S. Whitlock.
		" G. Scott.
		" do.
		" W. Boulton.
		" E. Johnston, M.I.C.E.
		" C. Sanderson.
		" W. R. Robinson.

Engineers not in immediate charge of Districts.

E. W. Stoney.. District 9, Sec. II., N. W. L.	T. M. R. Jones.....for Girder Bridges.
G. F. Hill.....N. W. L. Survey.	T. D. Patterson.

Stations on the South West Line.

Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
0 Madras	122 1/2 Yanembaddy	301 1/2 Coimbatore
3 1/2 Perambore	132 Jollarpett	308 Muddikurru
13 Avady	136 1/2 Tripattor	323 Conjeevode
18 Tinnalore	151 1/2 Samulputty	332 Paulghaut
26 Trivellore	166 Morapoor	337 1/2 Purley
59 1/2 Cudumbathoor	180 1/2 Mallapuram	347 Luckady
56 1/2 Chinnamapett	192 1/2 Shevaroy Hills	351 1/2 Wootapollium
42 1/2 Arcanum Junction	206 1/2 Salem	359 1/2 Shoranoor
56 Sholingur	219 1/2 McDonald's Choultry.	366 1/2 Puttambay
63 1/2 Arcot	230 1/2 Sunkerry Droog	378 1/2 Coottipuram
73 Tiruvellum	243 Erode	387 1/2 Tiroor
80 1/2 Vellore	252 1/2 Perunduray	392 1/2 Tanoor
95 1/2 Goriattun	266 1/2 Wutkalle	398 1/2 Perpangady
106 1/2 Mailputty	275 Avanashy Road	406 1/2 Beypoor
112 1/2 Amboor	286 Somanore	

Stations on the Bangalore Road.

Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
132 Jollarpett	175 1/2 Colar Road	217 Bangalore
154 Coopum	192 Malloor	

Stations opened for Traffic on the North West Line.

Miles.	Miles.	Miles.
0 Arcanum Junction	41 1/2 Tripetty	104 Wontimettah
8 Tirutany	67 Coodoor	119 Cuddapah
17 1/2 Naggery	79 Reddipully	134 Comalapoora
62 1/2 Puttoor	87 Rajanipett	143 Yerrangoontah
35 1/2 Poody	94 Nudaloor.	151 Moondanoor

- 1856—1st July.—Railway opened to Arcot, 65 miles.
One passenger train each way, daily.
One goods train daily, Sundays excepted, going eastward and westward on alternate days.
- 1856—17th December.—One goods train eastward and westward daily, Sundays excepted.
17th December.—Alteration in times of starting the train from Arcot, viz., 5-30 A. M. to 6-30 P. M.
- 1857—7th May.—Railway extension to Vellore 16 miles, making 81 miles open.
30th November.—Commenced running mixed trains one each way daily.
- 1858—19th May.—Railway extended to Goriattum, 15 miles, making 96 miles open.
1st July.—New goods and parcels rates and 2nd class Passengers' fares came into operation, the latter from 9 to 6 Pie per mile; alteration in the classification of goods from 3rd to 4th classes.
- 1859—1st August.—Passengers, fares reduced. 1st class from 1 Anna & Pie to 1 Anna per mile. 3rd class from 4 Pie to 2 Pie per mile.
1st December.—New goods rates came into operation, reduction in the rates as also in the classes from 4th to 3rd classes.
1st December.—Cudumbathoor and Tiruvellum Stations opened to the Public this day.
- 1860—1st January.—Charges for horses, carriages and dogs reduced.
1st January.—Return Tickets introduced from Madras to Trivellore, only during the New Moon Festivals.
16th January.—Line extended to Amboor, a distance of 17 miles, making 113 miles open.
1st February.—Line extended to Vainembady, a distance of 10 miles, making 123 miles open; also a reduction in the rates for Passengers' Luggage, from 4 to 2 Pie per maund per mile.
1st February.—Mixed Trains discontinued.
23d May.—Line extended to Trippatore, a distance of 14 miles, making 137 miles open.
- 1861—1st January.—Mixed trains introduced again.
1st February.—Line extended to Salem, a distance of 70 miles, making 207 miles open.
21st February.—Arconum Junction Station open to the Public this day.
4th March.—North-west Line open for traffic, from Arconum to Naggery, 17 miles.
12th March.—South-west Line, Western Division, open for traffic, from Beypoor to Tiroor, 19 miles.
1st May.—Tiroor to Cootipooram, 9 miles, making 28 miles open.
15th September.—Passengers' fares reduced. 1st class from 1 Anna to 8 Pie, 2nd class from 6 to 4 Pie. New goods rates came into operation.
23rd September.—South-west Line, Western Division, extension from Cootipooram to Puttamby, 12 miles, making 40 miles open for traffic.
1st December.—South-west Line open for traffic from Salem to Sunkerrydroog, 23 miles, making 230 miles.
8th December.—North-west Line open for traffic, Naggery to Pootoor 9 miles, making 26 miles open.
- 1862—14th April.—South-west Line open from Puttamby to Coimbatore.
12th May.—South-west Line open for traffic, throughout, from coast to coast.
15th September.—North-west Line opened to Tripetty, distant from Arconum Junction, 43 miles.
- 1863—1st February.—Passengers' fares increased. 1st class from 8 Pie to 1 Anna. 2nd class from 4 to 5 Pie per mile.
12th October.—Shervaroy Hills, open for traffic.
- 1864—1st August.—From Jollarett to Bangalore, 85 miles, open for traffic.
1st October.—North-west Line, extension from Tripetty to Reddipully, 38 miles.
- 1865—1st September.— Do. do. from Reddipully to Cuddapah.
1866—1st August.— Do. do. from Cuddapah to Moodanoor.

MADRAS RAILWAY FARE TABLES

RATES FOR PASSENGERS, PALANQUINS AND DOGS

FROM MADRAS TO													
STATIONS.		1ST CLASS.		2ND CLASS.		3RD CLASS.		PALANQUINS.		DOGS.			
		Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Each.	Each.	Each.	Each.		
S. W. 7.	Pennambore	0 6 0	0 7 4	0 2 6	0 2 4	0 1 0	0 1 0	...	...	...	...		
	Avady	1 3 6	1 7 10	0 6 6	0 7 7	0 3 0	0 3 0	...	...	...	...		
	Tinnalore	1 11 0	2 1 0	0 9 0	0 10 6	0 4 6	0 4 6	...	...	...	...		
	Trivellore	2 7 0	2 15 8	0 3 0	0 15 2	0 6 6	0 6 6	...	...	...	0 4		
	Cudalathoor	2 13 0	3 7 0	0 15 6	1 1 6	0 7 6	0 7 6	...	...	...	...		
	Cainamangott.	3 8 0	4 2 0	1 2 0	1 5 0	0 9 0	0 9 0	...	...	...	...		
	Arcotam Junction.	4 0 6	4 14 10	1 5 6	1 9 1	0 10 9	0 10 9	2 11	0 4	...	...		
	Hirutany.	4 12 6	...	1 9 6	...	0 12 9	...	...	...	...	0 8		
	Daggery	5 19 0	...	1 14 0	...	0 13 0	...	3 12	0 8	...	...		
	Pudoor	6 9 0	...	2 3 0	...	1 1 6	...	...	...	...	...		
	Hirupatty	7 5 0	...	2 7 0	...	1 3 6	...	...	...	...	...		
	Cosoor	7 14 0	...	2 10 0	...	1 5 0	...	5 4	0 8	...	...		
	Reddipally	8 5 6	...	3 6 6	...	1 11 3	...	...	...	...	...		
	Palampatty	11 3 0	...	3 13 0	...	1 14 6	...	7 10	0 12	...	...		
	S. W. 8.	Sundaloor	12 13 6	...	4 4 6	...	2 0 6	...	...	...	...	...	
Wontimettah.		13 12 6	...	4 9 6	...	2 4 9	...	9 3	0 12	...	...		
Cuddapah		15 3 0	...	5 19 0	...	2 8 6	...	10 2	1 0	...	...		
Madappuram		16 8 0	...	5 8 0	...	2 12 0	...	11 0	1 0	...	...		
Terranagootla		17 7 0	...	6 13 0	...	2 14 6	...	11 11	1 0	...	...		
Medanoor		18 6 0	...	6 2 0	...	3 1 0	...	12 4	1 0	...	...		
Sholinghur.		5 4 0	6 5 8	1 12 0	2 0 8	0 14 0	...	...	...	...	...		
Arrot.		6 1 6	7 2	2 0 6	2 5 11	1 0 3	...	4 1	...	...	...		
Therutthum.		6 13 6	8 5 10	2 4 6	2 10 7	1 2 3	...	...	...	...	0 4		
Chore.		7 9 6	9 4	2 8 6	2 15 3	1 3 4	...	5 1	...	...	...		
Conjattum.		9 0 11	0 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	1 8 6	...	6 0	...	...	...		
Malpatty		9 15 0	12 2 4	3 5 0	3 13 10	1 10 0	...	...	...	...	...		
Amboor		10 9 12	15 2	3 8 6	4 1 11	1 12 3	...	...	...	...	...		
Vaniyeshetty		11 9 6	14 1 6	3 13 6	4 7 9	1 14 9	...	7 11	0 12	...	...		
Jellary.		12 6 15	2 0	4 2 0	4 13 0	2 1 0	...	8 4	0 12	...	...		
S. W. 9.	Coppan	14 7 11	10 4	4 13 0	5 9 1	2 6 6	...	9 10	1 8	...	...		
	Cholur Road.	16 8 20	2 8	5 8 0	6 6 5	2 12 11	...	11	1 8	...	...		
	Malloor.	18 0 22	0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	3 0 0	...	12 0	0 8	...	...		
	Malpally.	20 5 6	24 13 10	6 12 6	7 14 7	3 6 3	...	13 9	1 0	...	...		
S. W. 10.	Bangalore.	22 13 6	15 11	2 4 6	4 15 11	2 2 3	...	8 9	0 12	...	...		
	Mangalore.	24 4 6	...	4 12 0	5 8 8	2 6 0	...	...	...	...	...		
	Mulpet.	25 3 0	9 0	5 3 0	6 0 10	2 9 6	...	...	...	...	...		
	Mulpetam.	26 14 20	10 0	5 10 0	6 9 0	2 13 0	...	...	...	...	...		
	Shervaray Hills.	18 0 22	0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	3 0 0	...	12 0	1 0	...	...		
	Salem.	22 6 23 11	6	6 7 6	7 8 9	3 3 9	...	12 15	1 4	...	...		
	Sherry Brook.	21 12 6	...	7 3 6	...	3 9 9	...	...	...	...	...		
	Enche.	22 12 6	...	7 9 6	...	3 12 9	...	15 3	1 4	...	...		
	Arambaly Road.	22 12 6	...	8 9 6	...	4 4 9	...	17 3	1 8	...	...		
	Sankarathope.	23 12 6	...	8 15 0	...	4 7 6	...	...	...	...	...		
	Cudalathoor.	29 5 0	32 10	0 9 7	0 10 8	3 3	...	6 19 14	1 12	...	...		

STATIONS.		1ST CLASS.		2ND CLASS.		3RD CLASS.		PALANQUINS.		DOGS.
		Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Encli.	Each.	
Madras	25 5 0	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A. P.	RS. A.	RS. A.	1
Perambore	24 5 0	0	32 10 0	0	10 5 3	4 11 13	4 10 9	18 14	1	1
Avady	22 1 6	0	0	0	0	4 8 3	4 7 0	14 14	1	1
Tinnalore	26 10 0	0	0	0	0	4 7 0	4 7 0	14 14	1	1
Trivellore	25 14 0	0	0	0	0	4 5 0	4 5 0	14 14	1	1
Arcotum Junction	24 6 0	0	0	0	0	4 10 0	4 10 0	12 4	1	1
Arcot	22 3 6	0	0	0	0	3 11 3	3 11 3	14 13	1	1
Veilore	23 13 0	0	0	0	0	3 7 6	3 7 6	13 11	1	1
Goriatnam	19 5 0	0	0	0	0	3 3 6	3 3 6	14 14	1	1
Amboor	17 11 6	0	0	0	0	2 15 3	2 15 3	14 14	1	1
Vaunibaddy	16 12 6	0	0	0	0	2 12 9	2 12 9	11 3	1	1
Jollarepett	15 13 0	0	0	0	0	2 10 6	2 10 6	10 10	1	1
B. D. L.	Coopum	13 0 0	0	0	0	3 0 0	3 0 0	14 14	1	1
Colar Road	20 1 0	0	0	0	0	3 5 6	3 5 6	14 14	1	1
Malloor	21 9 0	0	0	0	0	3 9 6	3 9 6	14 14	1	1
Caljoady	21 9 0	0	0	0	0	3 9 6	3 9 6	14 14	1	1
Bangalore	23 13 0	0	0	0	0	3 15 6	3 15 6	15 14	1	1
Triptatour	15 7 6	0	0	0	0	2 9 3	2 9 3	10 5	1	1
Sanniputti	14 2 6	0	0	0	0	2 5 9	2 5 9	10 5	1	1
Morapoor	12 12 0	0	0	0	0	2 2 0	2 2 0	10 5	1	1
Mullapooram	11 7 0	0	0	0	0	1 14 6	1 14 6	10 5	1	1
Shervary Hills	10 5 0	0	0	0	0	1 11 6	1 11 6	6 14	0	1
Salem	8 14 6	0	0	0	0	1 7 9	1 7 9	5 15	0	1
McDonald's Choultry	7 11 0	0	0	0	0	1 4 6	1 4 6	4 7	0	1
Sunkery Droog	6 10 6	0	0	0	0	1 1 9	1 1 9	4 7	0	1
Erode	5 8 6	0	0	0	0	0 11 9	0 11 9	3 11	0	1
Perunduray	4 11 6	0	0	0	0	0 12 6	0 12 6	2 0	0	1
Wutkalkee	3 6 0	0	0	0	0	0 9 0	0 9 0	2 0	0	1
Avenashy Road	2 8 6	0	0	0	0	0 6 9	0 6 9	2 0	0	1
Somanoor	1 3 0	0	0	0	0	0 4 0	0 4 0	2 0	0	1
Muddikurry	0 9 0	0	0	0	0	0 1 6	0 1 6	2 0	0	1
Confeyoda	2 1 0	0	0	0	0	0 5 6	0 5 6	2 0	0	1
Panglaht	2 13 0	0	0	0	0	0 7 6	0 7 6	2 0	0	1
Purley	3 6 0	0	0	0	0	0 9 0	0 9 0	2 0	0	1
Luckady	4 3 6	0	0	0	0	0 11 3	0 11 3	2 0	0	1
Wootapollunna	4 11 0	0	0	0	0	0 12 6	0 12 6	3 2	0	1
Shoranoor	5 7 0	0	0	0	0	0 14 6	0 14 6	3 10	0	1
Puttanmy	6 1 6	0	0	0	0	1 0 3	1 0 3	3 10	0	1</

FROM JOILARPETT TO																		
STATIONS.		1ST CLASS.			2ND CLASS.			3RD CLASS.			PASSENGER CLASS.		DOGS.					
		Day.	Night.		Day.	Night.		Day.	Night.		Perk.	Each.						
		RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.		
	Madras	12	6	0	15	2	0	4	2	0	4	13	0	2	1	0	0	
	Pembore	12	6	0	15	2	0	4	2	0	4	13	0	2	0	0	0	
	Arady	11	2	6	13	10	2	3	11	6	4	5	5	1	7	7	0	
	Tinnalore	10	11	0	13	1	0	3	9	0	4	2	6	1	12	6	0	
	Trivlore	9	15	0	12	4	3	5	6	3	13	10	1	10	6	0	0	
	Cudumbathoor	9	16	0	11	13	10	3	3	6	3	12	1	1	9	9	0	
	Chinnampett	9	0	0	11	0	0	3	0	0	3	8	0	1	1	0	0	
	Arconum Junction	8	1	0	10	5	6	2	13	0	3	4	6	1	1	6	0	
N.W.L. Tirutany		9	1	6	.....	.....	.....	3	0	6	.....	.....	.....	1	5	6	1	
N.W.L. Tirupatty		12	4	6	.....	.....	.....	4	1	6	.....	.....	.....	2	9	9	3	
Shellinghur		7	2	0	8	11	4	2	6	0	2	12	4	1	1	0	0	
Arcof		6	4	6	7	10	18	2	1	6	2	7	1	1	0	2	0	
Thervadellum		5	8	6	6	12	2	1	13	6	2	5	5	0	14	9	0	
Vellore		4	14	0	5	15	4	1	10	0	1	14	4	6	13	2	0	
Gouriattna		3	7	6	4	3	10	1	2	5	1	5	7	0	9	2	0	
Mailputty		2	8	6	3	1	6	0	13	6	0	15	9	0	6	9	0	
Amboor		1	12	6	2	2	10	0	9	6	0	11	1	0	4	9	0	
Yanambady		0	13	6	1	0	6	0	4	6	0	5	3	0	2	3	0	
Joilarpett		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	0	
Coomm		2	1	0	2	8	4	0	11	0	0	12	10	0	5	6	0	
Colar Road		4	2	0	2	0	8	1	6	0	1	9	8	0	11	0	0	
Malloor		5	13	0	1	14	0	1	14	0	2	2	0	0	15	0	0	
Caljody		6	13	6	3	5	10	2	4	6	2	10	7	1	2	3	0	
Bangalore		7	15	6	9	11	10	2	10	6	3	1	7	1	5	3	0	
Tripator		0	7	6	0	9	2	0	2	6	0	2	11	0	1	3	0	
Sannulputty		1	14	6	2	4	8	0	10	0	0	11	8	0	5	0	0	
Morapur		3	3	6	3	14	4	1	1	0	1	5	10	0	8	6	0	
Mallapuram		4	8	0	5	8	8	0	1	8	0	1	12	0	12	0	0	
Shervaray Hills		5	10	0	6	14	0	1	14	0	2	3	0	0	15	0	0	
Saem		7	0	6	3	9	6	2	6	2	11	9	1	2	3	4	0	
Sunkery Droog		9	4	6	.....	.....	.....	3	1	6	.....	.....	.....	1	8	2	6	
Erode		10	6	6	.....	.....	.....	3	7	6	.....	.....	.....	1	11	3	0	
Avenashy Road		13	6	6				4	13	0				2	3	2	0	
Somanoor		14	7	0										2	6	6	0	
Coimbatore		15	15	0				5	5	0				2	10	6	0	

FROM MOODANOR TO																	
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FROM SALEM TO														Dogs
STATIONS.	1ST CLASS.		2ND CLASS.		3RD CLASS.		PALANQUINS.						Dogs	
	Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Day.	Night.	Each.	Each.	Each.	Each.	Each.	Each.	Dogs	
Madras	12	6	23	11	6	7	3	9	3	3	9	12	15	1
Perambalur	13	6	23	11	6	6	7	3	9	3	3	0	0	0
Avadi	18	3	22	3	8	6	1	1	2	3	0	0	0	0
Tinnamcree	17	11	22	14	6	6	14	3	2	15	3	0	0	0
Trivellore	16	15	20	11	10	5	10	6	9	7	2	13	5	1
Chidambaram	16	11	20	6	4	5	9	0	6	7	10	2	6	0
Chinnampett	16	0	19	2	6	5	3	6	9	2	10	9	0	0
Arconam Junction	13	6	18	12	8	5	2	6	15	8	2	9	10	4
Tirunary	15	4	16	1	0	5	6	9	0	2	11	0	12	1
Nagargy	17	1	16	1	0	5	11	0	0	2	13	9	11	6
Pattoor	17	14	16	1	0	5	15	0	0	2	15	9	0	0
Poody	18	13	16	1	0	6	4	0	0	3	2	6	0	0
Tripattur	19	5	16	1	0	6	7	0	0	3	3	6	12	14
Oranthur	21	10	16	1	0	7	3	6	0	3	3	9	9	0
R. S. Pattur	22	14	16	1	0	7	10	0	0	3	13	0	15	4
Chinnampett	23	10	16	1	0	7	14	0	0	3	15	6	0	0
Nundam	24	4	16	1	0	8	1	6	0	4	0	3	0	0
Wundam	25	3	16	1	0	8	6	0	0	4	3	16	13	1
Cuddalore	26	8	16	1	0	8	13	6	0	4	6	9	17	11
Sholingur	14	7	17	4	10	4	11	6	8	1	3	5	9	0
Arcon	15	3	16	4	4	4	7	0	5	2	10	2	3	6
Thiruvellam	12	9	16	5	8	4	3	0	4	14	2	11	6	0
Vellore	11	16	18	8	10	3	15	0	4	10	1	15	8	7
Goornam	10	6	18	11	6	3	12	0	9	11	1	11	9	6
Mailpattur	9	2	11	11	0	3	11	6	3	11	6	1	9	6
Amboor	8	13	10	12	4	2	15	0	3	6	10	1	7	6
Vaniarbadly	7	14	9	10	6	2	10	0	3	1	0	1	5	0
Julliarpet	7	0	8	9	6	3	5	0	2	11	9	1	2	9
Coompan	9	1	11	1	10	3	0	0	2	8	7	1	4	11
Colar Road	11	1	13	8	4	3	1	0	4	10	1	13	6	7
Malloor	13	10	15	7	6	4	3	6	1	14	9	2	1	8
Calicut	14	14	18	2	6	4	15	6	5	12	9	2	7	9
Bangalore	14	14	18	2	6	4	15	6	5	12	9	2	7	9
Tripattur	6	9	8	0	4	2	3	0	2	8	10	1	6	4
Samaluttu	5	4	6	6	8	1	12	0	2	0	8	0	14	0
Morapoor	3	13	4	11	2	1	6	7	11	0	10	3	0	0
Mullapuram	2	8	3	1	1	0	13	6	0	15	0	0	6	9
Servaroor Hills	1	6	1	1	1	0	0	7	6	0	4	9	0	0
McDonald's Choultry	1	3	0	6	6	0	0	6	0	0	3	13	0	0
Sunkery Dargah	2	4	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	2	0
Erode	3	7	0	1	2	6	0	0	0	0	7	2	5	0
Perranduray	4	5	0	1	7	0	0	0	0	0	11	6	0	0
Wadially	5	10	0	1	14	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0
Washahy Road	6	6	0	2	2	6	0	0	0	0	1	0	4	4
Somanur	8	6	0	3	7	6	0	0	0	0	1	3	5	15
Colmarstore	9	16	0	2	15	6	0	0	0	0	1	3	9	0
Mudikuray	9	7	0	3	2	6	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0
Conjucode	10	13	0	3	10	6	0	0	0	0	13	3	0	0
Palghat	11	13	0	3	15	0	0	0	0	0	15	6	7	14
Purur	12	4	0	4	1	6	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0

FROM MADRAS TO

STATIONS.		HORSES.						CARRIAGES.								
		One Horse.		If one Property				Four Wheel.		Two Wheel.						
				Two Horses		Three Horses										
		P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.					
Arcanum Junction		4	0	6	0	9	8	1	0	6	11	6	4	0	6	
N.W.L.	Tirupatty	7	14	0	11	13	0	15	12	0	13	2	0	7	14	0
	Cuddapah	15	3	0	23	12	6	30	6	23	5	0	15	3	0	0
	Moodanoor	18	6	0	17	9	0	36	12	30	19	0	18	6	0	0
Arrot		6	1	0	9	2	3	12	3	6	10	2	6	6	1	6
Vellore		7	9	0	11	6	3	15	3	6	12	10	6	7	9	6
Goriatnam		9	0	0	13	8	0	19	0	0	13	0	0	9	0	0
Jollarett		12	6	0	18	9	0	24	12	0	29	10	0	1	6	0
B. B. L.	Colar Road	16	8	0	24	12	0	33	0	27	5	0	16	8	0	0
	Mallor	18	0	0	27	0	0	36	0	30	0	0	18	0	0	0
	Bangalore	20	5	0	30	8	3	40	11	0	33	11	6	20	5	6
Tripstoor		12	13	0	19	4	0	25	11	0	31	6	6	12	13	6
Mullapuram		16	14	0	25	5	0	33	12	0						
Salen		19	6	0	29	1	8	34	13	0	32	5	6	19	6	6
Erode		22	12	0	35	6	9	45	9	0	37	15	6	22	12	6
Avenashy Road		25	12	0	38	10	9	51	9	0	42	13	0	25	12	6
Cumbatore		23	5	0	42	7	3	55	10	0	47	2	0	23	5	0
Palahant		31	0	0	46	11	0	62	0	0	54	14	0	31	0	0
Wootapollun		33	0	0	48	8	0	66	0	0	53	0	0	33	0	0
Shoranoor		12	12	0	20	10	0	28	8	0	36	4	0	12	12	0
Thoor		36	6	0	54	9	0	72	12	0	60	10	0	36	6	0
Reepoor		28	2	0	47	3	9	63	5	0	53	9	6	28	2	0

FROM JOLLARETT TO

STATIONS.		HORSES.						CARRIAGES.								
		One Horse.		If one Property				Four Wheel.		Two Wheel.						
				Two Horses		Three Horses										
		P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.	P.S.	A. P.					
Madras		12	6	0	18	9	0	24	12	0	29	10	0	12	6	0
Arcanum Junction		8	7	0	13	9	0	16	14	0	14	1	0	8	7	0
N.W.L.	Tirupatty	12	4	0	18	6	9	24	9	0	20	7	6	12	4	0
	Cuddapah	19	8	0	29	4	0	33	0	27	8	0	19	8	0	0
Arrot		6	4	0	6	9	0	12	9	0	10	3	0	6	4	0
Vellore		14	0	0	7	5	0	9	12	0	8	0	0	14	0	0
Goriatnam		9	7	6	5	3	6	15	0	5	12	6	3	7	6	0
Vanlembadhy		3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0
B. B. L.	Colar Road	4	2	0	6	3	0	8	4	0	6	14	0	4	2	0
	Mallor	8	10	0	8	7	0	11	4	0	9	6	0	8	10	0
	Bangalore	7	15	6	11	15	3	15	15	0	13	4	6	7	15	6
Tripstoor		3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	5	0	0	3	0	0
Shervary Hills		5	10	0	8	7	0	11	4	0	9	6	0	5	10	0
Salen		7	0	6	10	8	9	14	1	0	11	11	6	7	0	6
Erode		10	2	6	15	9	9	20	13	0	12	5	6	10	6	6
Avenashy Road		13	5	6	20	1	2	26	12	0	22	3	6	13	5	6
Cumbatore		15	15	0	23	16	6	31	14	0	25	9	0	15	15	0
		13	5	0	23	16	6	31	14	0	25	9	0	13	5	0

STATIONS.		HORSES.						CARRIAGES.								
		One Horse.	If one Property.				Four Wheel.	Two Wheel.								
			Two Horses.	Three Horses.	Four Horses.	Five Horses.										
		S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.			
Madras		12	3	0	22	12	6	50	4	0	35	5	0	15	3	0
Arconum Junction		11	2	6	16	11	9	22	5	0	19	9	6	11	2	6
N.W.L.	Tirumay	10	6	4	15	9	2	30	13	9	17	5	6	10	6	6
	Nagany	9	9	0	14	5	6	10	2	6	15	15	0	9	9	0
	Tirupatty	7	5	6	10	15	14	10	0	12	3	0	7	5	0	0
	Tripattin	3	12	0	5	10	0	7	8	6	4	0	3	12	0	0
	Moodanoor	3	4	6	14	9	6	2	0	5	7	6	3	4	6	0
Arcon.		13	5	0	6	19	15	26	10	0	32	3	0	12	5	0
Vellore		14	11	6	22	1	3	29	7	0	24	8	6	11	11	6
Jollarpett		19	8	0	29	4	0	39	0	0	32	8	0	19	8	0
B. B. L.	Bangalore.	27	7	6	41	3	3	34	15	0	15	12	6	27	7	6
Tripattoor		12	15	6	29	13	3	29	15	0	13	4	6	19	15	6
Shervay Hills		25	3	6	37	13	5	50	7	0	42	0	6	25	3	6
Salem		3	5	6	23	12	5	3	1	0	44	3	6	26	8	6
Erude		30	0	0	45	0	0	60	0	0	50	0	0	30	0	0
Erude		22	14	6	43	5	6	65	13	0	54	12	6	32	14	6
Coimbatore Road		25	7	6	33	2	6	20	14	0	50	1	0	35	7	6
Palghat.		34	5	6	31	8	3	36	11	0	63	14	5	32	5	6
Shoranoor		10	14	6	61	5	0	81	12	0	64	2	0	10	14	0
Tiroor		43	8	0	65	4	0	87	0	0	72	8	0	43	8	0
Respur		45	4	6	67	14	9	90	9	0	75	7	6	45	4	6

		FROM COIMBATORE TO														
		S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.	S.	A.	P.			
Madras		28	5	0	42	7	6	56	10	0	47	3	0	28	5	0
Arconum Junction		24	6	0	26	9	0	44	12	0	40	10	0	24	6	0
N.W.L.	Cuddapah	25	7	0	51	2	6	20	14	0	50	1	0	35	7	0
	Moodanoor	28	11	6	58	11	3	77	7	0	61	8	0	38	11	6
Arcon.		22	3	6	33	5	3	31	7	0	37	0	6	22	3	6
Vellore		20	13	0	31	3	6	41	10	0	34	11	0	20	13	0
Vandembady		16	12	6	25	2	9	23	9	0	27	15	0	16	12	6
Jollarpett		18	15	6	23	14	6	31	14	0	26	9	0	18	15	6
B. B. L.	Bangalore	23	13	0	35	11	6	47	10	0	49	11	0	23	13	0
Tripattoor		7	15	6	27	3	3	30	15	0	25	12	6	7	15	6
Salem		3	6	4	23	5	2	17	13	0	11	13	6	8	14	6
Erude		5	8	0	4	4	2	11	1	0	2	3	8	5	8	6
Erude		3	0	0	3	12	9	5	1	0	5	0	3	0	0	0
Palghat		3	0	0	4	3	6	5	10	0	5	0	3	0	0	0
Wootapallium		4	11	0	7	0	6	9	5	0	7	13	0	4	11	0
Shoranoor		5	7	0	8	2	4	10	14	0	9	1	0	5	7	0
Tiroor		8	1	6	11	1	6	16	2	0	13	7	6	8	1	6

RATES FOR HORSES AND CARRIAGES

FROM BEYPOOR TO

Salem	1	12	0	.....	6	4	0	.....	3	2	0	12	8	1	0
Hickson's Country	1	8	6	.....	5	13	6	.....	2	14	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Sunbury Drug	2	5	5	.....	5	8	0	.....	2	12	0	11	0	1	0
Keeler	1	5	4	.....	5	5	1	.....	2	8	9	10	3	1	0
Hymersbury	1	8	7	.....	4	13	0	.....	2	6	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Wetkalee	1	3	7	.....	4	6	0	.....	2	3	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Avonahy Road	1	3	7	.....	4	2	0	.....	2	1	0	3	4	0	12
Semantic	1	1	5	.....	3	12	6	.....	1	14	3	.....	.....	.....	.....
Chathamere	1	1	5	.....	3	4	0	.....	1	10	3	6	2	0	12
Wu Shikury	1	3	4	.....	3	1	6	.....	1	8	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Good Trade	1	7	1	.....	2	0	6	.....	1	4	9	.....	.....	.....	.....
Paul Grant	1	6	13	.....	2	5	0	.....	1	2	6	4	10	0	4
Parley	1	6	7	.....	2	2	6	.....	1	1	1	.....	.....	.....	.....
Luckely	1	1	6	.....	1	11	6	.....	0	15	0	.....	.....	0	4
Wroctapottum	1	1	6	.....	1	1	6	.....	0	13	9	3	7	0	8
Sharalure	1	3	2	.....	1	1	6	.....	0	11	3	2	15	0	8
Pultamby	1	4	5	.....	1	1	7	.....	0	10	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Scitiporum	1	2	1	.....	1	4	0	.....	0	1	0	.....	.....	.....	.....
Georg	1	2	10	.....	0	14	0	.....	0	9	2	0	.....	0	9
Tacoo	1	1	2	.....	0	9	6	.....	0	3	6	.....	.....	.....	.....
Perrangado	1	1	3	.....	0	4	0	.....	0	2	1	.....	.....	.....	.....

[illegible]

Perambore	17	2	6	5	11	6	2	1	1	0
Avayur	16	11	0	5	9	0	0	2	3	0
Thunmore	16	11	0	5	9	0	0	2	3	0
Trivellore	15	10	6	5	8	0	0	2	0	0
Cuddimbathoor	15	10	6	5	3	6	0	2	3	0
Chinnampett	15	0	6	4	12	0	0	2	8	0
Arconum Junction	14	5	6	5	0	0	0	2	4	0
Tirunany	13	11	0	4	4	0	0	2	1	0
Nagavay	12	12	0	3	15	6	0	2	1	0
Puduroor	11	14	6	3	15	6	0	2	1	0
Boosly	11	1	0	3	11	0	0	1	1	0
Tirupatty	10	8	0	3	8	0	0	1	1	0
Cuddoor	8	2	6	2	11	6	0	1	2	0
Reddypally	6	15	6	2	3	0	0	1	2	0
Tanjampett	6	3	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	0
Nundalore	5	8	6	1	13	6	0	0	4	0
Wontimittahy	4	2	0	1	8	6	0	0	1	0
Cuddapah	3	2	6	1	8	6	0	0	0	0
Tamalspore	3	14	0	0	10	0	0	0	5	0
Yerragondala	0	15	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	6
Sholinghur	15	10	6	5	3	6	0	2	3	0
Arcoot	16	8	0	5	8	0	0	2	1	0
Theruvellum	17	4	0	5	12	0	0	2	1	0
Vellore	17	14	6	5	15	6	0	2	15	0

[illegible]

Baypoor	25	12	6	3	9	5	1	0	0	4	7	15	6	25	1	6
Moolanour	22	12	6	3	2	9	4	5	2	0	5	7	15	6	22	12
FROM BANGALORE TO																
Mad. J. J.	20	5	6	3	8	3	4	0	11	0	3	2	11	6	20	5
Arcotum Junction	16	5	0	2	4	7	6	3	2	10	0	2	7	13	0	16
N.W.L. Cuddapah	27	7	6	4	3	3	5	4	15	0	4	5	12	6	27	0
Moolanour	30	10	6	4	3	5	2	6	1	5	0	5	1	4	30	10
Arcot	14	4	0	2	1	0	2	3	8	0	2	3	12	0	14	4
Vellore	12	12	6	1	9	2	0	2	5	8	0	2	5	4	0	12
Goodrattam	11	5	1	7	0	3	2	2	11	0	1	8	14	6	11	5
Jellarpett	7	15	6	1	1	5	15	5	1	5	0	13	4	0	7	15
B. N. L. Colar Road	3	13	6	5	12	3	7	11	0	6	6	6	3	13	6	3
Malloor	3	0	0	3	6	0	4	8	0	5	0	0	3	0	3	0
Tripattor	8	7	0	12	10	6	15	14	0	14	0	0	8	7	0	8
Shenaroy Hills	13	9	6	2	0	5	6	2	3	0	2	2	11	6	13	9
Salcm	14	14	6	2	5	3	3	3	2	13	0	13	6	14	14	6
Erode	18	6	0	3	7	9	0	3	13	0	3	9	10	0	18	6
Coimbatore	23	12	6	0	5	1	6	4	7	10	0	3	1	23	12	6
Palghat	26	11	6	4	0	1	3	5	3	7	0	4	4	8	26	11
Baypoor	33	16	6	5	9	7	6	7	5	6	5	1	6	33	16	6

FROM BEYPOOR TO															
Madras	31	2	6	57	3	5	7	8	0	63	9	0	34	2	6
Arconum Junction	31	2	0	1	3	0	3	4	0	6	11	0	34	2	6
N.W.L. Cuddapah	45	4	6	7	14	9	0	0	5	7	6	43	4	6	0
Modanour	49	7	8	12	11	0	36	15	0	0	13	6	15	7	6
Arcon	31	15	6	47	15	0	73	15	5	53	4	0	41	15	8
Vellore	50	9	15	13	6	61	2	0	50	15	0	70	9	0	0
Vaniambadi	25	10	0	19	15	0	51	4	0	18	8	0	26	10	0
Jollapett	25	12	6	39	10	9	51	9	0	12	15	6	28	12	6
B. B. L. Bangalore	52	10	6	50	7	0	67	5	0	66	1	6	53	10	8
Tripattur	25	5	0	17	15	6	50	10	0	42	3	0	25	8	0
Salem	14	12	0	28	2	0	37	8	0	31	4	0	18	12	0
Erskine	4	6	22	14	9	20	9	75	7	6	15	4	0	0	0
Avenary Road	12	6	0	18	9	0	24	12	0	20	10	0	12	6	0
Coimbatore	9	13	6	14	12	3	19	11	0	16	6	9	13	6	0
Palghat	6	13	0	10	6	0	13	14	0	11	2	0	6	18	0
Wootappallum	5	2	6	7	11	0	10	5	0	8	2	0	5	2	6
Shoranur	4	6	6	8	8	0	8	13	0	7	8	0	4	6	0
Thrur	3	0	0	3	0	0	5	2	0	3	0	0	3	0	0

MADRAS RAILWAY TIME TABLES.

SOUTH-WEST LINE TRAINS FROM MADRAS

To ARCONUM, VELLORE, SALEM, COIMBATORE, PALGHAT AND BEYPOOR.

Miles from Madras	STATIONS.	WEEK DAYS.						SUNDAYS.				REMARKS.
		Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st & 2d Class & Goods.			
	MADRAS.....Dep.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.			
31	Perambore.....	4 35	7 15	9 30	2 20	5 15	7 15	7 15	5 0			NOTE.—A black line thus denotes that the Train does not proceed further.
13	Avadi.....	5 3	7 39	10 30	2 55	6 0		7 39				
17	Tinnalore.....		7 55	10 49	3 13	6 15		7 55				
23	Trivellore.....	5 50	8 15	11 14	3 45	6 40	8 59	8 15	6 30			
29	Cudumbarthoor.....			11 31	3 58			8 24				
32	Chinnampett.....	6 40		12 0	4 20			8 31				
42	ARCONUM JUNCTION.....Arr.	7 5	8 50	12 30	4 45	7 45		8 50	7 30			
		P. M.	P. M.									
161	CUDDAPAH.....Arr.	4 45										
196	MOODANOR.....Arr.		6 0			A. M.						
	Do. depart. for East & West Trains.					7 50						
	ARCONUM JUNCTION.....Dep.		9 5	12 45	5 0	8 15	10 0	9 5	8 0			
55	Sholinghur.....			P. M.								
65	Arcof.....		10 5	2 15	5 45			9 40				
73	Theruvellam.....			2 50	6 55		11 29	10 5	9 25			
			10 40	3 20	7 30	10 30		10 40	10 15			
80	Vellore.....Dep.		10 55	60		10 35	12 30	10 55	10 35			
81	Veerinjepooram.....										Will stop by Signal to take up and set down Passengers.	
95	Gorintam.....		11 30	4 50		11 30	1 23	11 30				
105	Malputty.....			5 36				11 56				
112	Amboor.....		12 16	6 15		A. M.	7 33	12 16	A. M.			
122	Vanlembody.....		12 40	7 5		12 47		12 40	12 57			
			P. M.					P. M.				
132	JOLLARPETT JUNCTION.....Arr.		1 5	7 50		1 30	4 0		1 30			
			P. M.			A. M.		P. M.	A. M.			
	BANGALORE.....Arr.		6 30			7 0	12 0	6 30	7 0			
	Do. depart. for West Train.....		A. M.			P. M.		A. M.	P. M.			
			9 0			8 30	10 15	9 0	8 30			
		1st & 2d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.			
	JOLLARPETT JUNCTION.....Dep.		1 25			2 0	4 50	1 25	2 15		A—3d Class passengers are conveyed by A. M. Train, from and to Stations between Salem and Beyerpool.	
136	Tripattur.....		1 40			2 15	5 18	1 40	2 10			
151	Samulputty.....		2 15			2 45	6 10	2 15	3 0			
166	Morapoor.....		2 53			3 40	7 10	2 53	4 0			
166	Mullapooram.....		3 38			4 55	8 0	3 38	4 55			
192	Shervaroy Hills.....		4 5			5 48	8 43	4 5	5 48			
206	SALEM.....Arr.		4 40			6 30	9 30	4 40	6 30			
		P. M.				A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.			
206	SALEM.....Dep.		5 0			7 0	10 0	5 0	7 0			
218	McDonald's Choultry.....		5 35			7 35	10 40	5 35	7 35			
230	Sunkery Droog.....		6 12			8 25	11 50	6 12	8 25			
243	Erode.....		6 50			9 6	12 10	6 50	8 6			
252	Peranduray.....		7 25			9 46	12 50	7 25	9 46			
266	Wutkalce.....		8 7			10 31	1 45	8 7	10 31			
275	Avenashy Road.....		8 35			11 0	2 17	8 35	11 0			
286	Somanoor.....		9 6			11 33	3 3	9 6	11 33			
304	COIMBATORE.....Arr.	A. M.	9 50			12 20	4 0	9 50	12 20			
			7 45			1 0			1 0			
309	Muddikuray.....		8 5			1 20			1 20			
323	Conjeevode.....		8 55			2 10			2 10			
332	PALGHAT.....Arr.		9 20			2 35			2 35			
	Dep.		9 25			2 40			2 40			
332	Thiruvallur.....		9 43			2 58			2 58			
347	Luckady.....		10 13			3 23			3 23			
351	Wootapollum.....		10 30			3 45			3 45			
359	Shoranoor.....		10 58			4 10			4 10			
366	Puttamby.....		11 22			4 33			4 33			
374	Cootipooram.....		11 54			4 58			4 58			
381	Tiruvallur.....		12 20			5 26			5 26			
392	Tiruvallur.....		12 25			5 30			5 30			
392	Tiruvallur.....		12 42			5 47			5 47			
392	Tiruvallur.....		1 0			6 5			6 5			
392	Tiruvallur.....		1 25			6 39			6 30			

SOUTH-WEST LINE TRAINS TO MADRAS

From BEYPOOR, PALGHAT, COIMBATORE, SALEM, VELLORE AND ARCONUM.

Miles from Beypoor.	STATIONS.	WEEK DAYS.										SUNDAYS.				REMARKS.
		Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	1st Class & Goods.	2d Class & Goods.	3d Class & Goods.	Goods.	1st, 2d & 3d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	1st, 2d & 3d Class.	1st Class.	2d Class.	3d Class.	
			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	
8	BEYPOOR.....Dep.		7 15	12 20	1 15	7 15	12 20	1 15	7 15	12 20	1 15	7 15	12 20	1 15	7 15	
132	Perambore.....		7 45	1 0	1 45	7 45	1 0	1 45	7 45	1 0	1 45	7 45	1 0	1 45	7 45	
17	TANJOUR.....		8 2	1 15	2 0	8 2	1 15	2 0	8 2	1 15	2 0	8 2	1 15	2 0	8 2	
18	TIRUOR.....	Arr.	8 26	1 49	2 10	8 26	1 49	2 10	8 26	1 49	2 10	8 26	1 49	2 10	8 26	
28	COOTIPOORAM.....	Dep.	8 53	2 16	2 30	8 53	2 16	2 30	8 53	2 16	2 30	8 53	2 16	2 30	8 53	
39	PUTTAMBY.....		9 29	2 42	3 0	9 29	2 42	3 0	9 29	2 42	3 0	9 29	2 42	3 0	9 29	
46	SHORANUR.....		9 59	3 15	3 25	9 59	3 15	3 25	9 59	3 15	3 25	9 59	3 15	3 25	9 59	
54	VOOTAPOLIUM.....		10 30	3 45	3 55	10 30	3 45	3 55	10 30	3 45	3 55	10 30	3 45	3 55	10 30	
62	LUCKADY.....		10 47	4 2	4 10	10 47	4 2	4 10	10 47	4 2	4 10	10 47	4 2	4 10	10 47	
69	PURLEY.....		11 15	4 35	4 45	11 15	4 35	4 45	11 15	4 35	4 45	11 15	4 35	4 45	11 15	
74	PAIGHAUT.....	Arr.	11 35	4 55	5 0	11 35	4 55	5 0	11 35	4 55	5 0	11 35	4 55	5 0	11 35	
82	CONJECODE.....	Dep.	11 50	5 10	5 20	11 50	5 10	5 20	11 50	5 10	5 20	11 50	5 10	5 20	11 50	
98	MUDDIKURRY.....		12 20	5 35	5 45	12 20	5 35	5 45	12 20	5 35	5 45	12 20	5 35	5 45	12 20	
104	COIMBATORE.....	Arr.	1 0	6 0	6 10	1 0	6 0	6 10	1 0	6 0	6 10	1 0	6 0	6 10	1 0	
	COIMBATORE.....	Dep.	6 30	2 15	2 25	6 30	2 15	2 25	6 30	2 15	2 25	6 30	2 15	2 25	6 30	
120	SOMANUR.....		7 20	3 3	3 10	7 20	3 3	3 10	7 20	3 3	3 10	7 20	3 3	3 10	7 20	
131	AVENASHY ROAD.....		8 5	3 40	3 50	8 5	3 40	3 50	8 5	3 40	3 50	8 5	3 40	3 50	8 5	
139	MUTKALICE.....		8 40	4 5	4 15	8 40	4 5	4 15	8 40	4 5	4 15	8 40	4 5	4 15	8 40	
154	PERANDURAY.....	Arr.	9 30	4 48	4 55	9 30	4 48	4 55	9 30	4 48	4 55	9 30	4 48	4 55	9 30	
	PERANDURAY.....	Dep.	9 46	4 48	4 55	9 46	4 48	4 55	9 46	4 48	4 55	9 46	4 48	4 55	9 46	
163	ERODE.....		10 30	5 29	5 35	10 30	5 29	5 35	10 30	5 29	5 35	10 30	5 29	5 35	10 30	
175	SUNKERY DROOG.....		11 30	6 12	6 20	11 30	6 12	6 20	11 30	6 12	6 20	11 30	6 12	6 20	11 30	
186	MCDONALD'S CHOLTRY.....		12 12	6 45	6 55	12 12	6 45	6 55	12 12	6 45	6 55	12 12	6 45	6 55	12 12	
186	SALEM.....	Arr.	1 0	7 20	7 30	1 0	7 20	7 30	1 0	7 20	7 30	1 0	7 20	7 30	1 0	
			Goods.	1st & 2d Class.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	2d Class & Goods.	3d Class & Goods.	Goods.	1st & 2d Class.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	2d Class & Goods.	3d Class & Goods.	Goods.	1st & 2d Class.	1st, 2d & 3d Class & Goods.	
			P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	
	SALEM.....Dep.		1 30	8 0	8 10	8 20	1 30	8 0	8 10	8 20	1 30	8 0	8 10	8 20	1 30	
214	SHERVAROV HILLS.....		2 30	9 0	9 10	9 20	2 30	9 0	9 10	9 20	2 30	9 0	9 10	9 20	2 30	
226	MULLAPOORAM.....		3 33	10 0	10 10	10 20	3 33	10 0	10 10	10 20	3 33	10 0	10 10	10 20	3 33	
240	MORAPUR.....		4 26	11 0	11 10	11 20	4 26	11 0	11 10	11 20	4 26	11 0	11 10	11 20	4 26	
255	SAJUPUTTY.....		5 25	12 0	12 10	12 20	5 25	12 0	12 10	12 20	5 25	12 0	12 10	12 20	5 25	
269	TRIPATTUR.....		6 20	12 50	1 0	1 10	6 20	12 50	1 0	1 10	6 20	12 50	1 0	1 10	6 20	
274	JOLLARPETT JUNCTION.....	Arr.	6 40	1 5	1 15	1 25	6 40	1 5	1 15	1 25	6 40	1 5	1 15	1 25	6 40	
			A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
358	BANGALORE.....	Arr.	7 0	7 0	7 10	7 20	7 0	7 0	7 10	7 20	7 0	7 0	7 10	7 20	7 0	
	Do. departure for Madras.....		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.	
			10 15	8 30	8 40	8 50	10 15	8 30	8 40	8 50	10 15	8 30	8 40	8 50	10 15	
	JOLLARPETT JUNCTION.....	Dep.	8 30	1 30	1 40	1 50	8 30	1 30	1 40	1 50	8 30	1 30	1 40	1 50	8 30	
293	VANLEMBODY.....			2 0	2 10	2 20		2 0	2 10	2 20		2 0	2 10	2 20		
293	AMBOOR.....		10 3	2 33	2 43	2 53	10 3	2 33	2 43	2 53	10 3	2 33	2 43	2 53	10 3	
300	MAILPUTTY.....				3 1	3 11			3 1	3 11			3 1	3 11		
310	GOORINTAM.....		11 33		3 4	3 14			3 4	3 14			3 4	3 14		
317	VEERINJEEPPOORAM.....				3 4	3 14			3 4	3 14			3 4	3 14		
325	VELLORE.....	Arr.	12 15	4 12	4 22	4 32	12 15	4 12	4 22	4 32	12 15	4 12	4 22	4 32	12 15	
	VELLORE.....	Dep.	12 30	4 20	4 30	4 40	12 30	4 20	4 30	4 40	12 30	4 20	4 30	4 40	12 30	
333	THIRUVELLAM.....			5 10	5 20	5 30			5 10	5 20	5 30			5 10	5 30	
341	ARCOF.....		1 23	5 10	5 20	5 30	1 23	5 10	5 20	5 30	1 23	5 10	5 20	5 30	1 23	
341	SHOLINGHUR.....				5 23	5 33			5 23	5 33			5 23	5 33		
363	ARCONUM JUNCTION.....	Arr.	2 40	6 11	6 21	6 31	2 40	6 11	6 21	6 31	2 40	6 11	6 21	6 31	2 40	
				P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.	P. M.			P. M.	P. M.	
425	CUDDAPAH.....	Arr.			3 45	3 55			3 45	3 55			3 45	3 55		
617	MOODANOR.....				4 0	4 10			4 0	4 10			4 0	4 10		
	ARCONUM JUNCTION.....	Dep.	3 0	6 25	6 35	6 45	3 0	6 25	6 35	6 45	3 0	6 25	6 35	6 45	3 0	
370	CHINNAMPET.....				6 48	6 58			6 48	6 58			6 48	6 58		
376	CUDUMBARTHOOR.....			7 8	7 18	7 28			7 8	7 18	7 28			7 8	7 28	
380	TRIVELLORE.....		4	7 31	7 41	7 51	4	7 31	7 41	7 51	4	7 31	7 41	7 51	4	
383	TINNANORE.....			7 55	8 05	8 15			7 55	8 05	8 15			7 55	8 15	
	TINNANORE.....	Arr.		8 10	8 20	8 30			8 10	8 20	8 30			8 10	8 30	
393	AVADY.....	Dep.	5 35	8 55	9 05	9 15	5 35	8 55	9 05	9 15	5 35	8 55	9 05	9 15	5 35	
402	PERAMBORE.....	Arr.	8 0	9 0	9 10	9 20	8 0	9 0	9 10	9 20	8 0	9 0	9 10	9 20	8 0	
406	NADRAS.....				9 10	9 20			9 10	9 20			9 10	9 20		

Third Class Passengers are conveyed as under—

WESTWARDS.

From Madras to Avady, Trivellore, Arconum, Arcot and Vellore, by 7-0 A. M., 9-30 A. M., and 2 P. M. Trains.

From Madras to Gooriatum, Vaniembady and Jollarett, by 7-0 A. M. and 9-30 A. M. Trains.

From Madras to Arconum, North West Line Stations, Bangalore, and Stations between Tripatoor and Coimbatore, by the 7-0 A. M. Train.

From Madras to Arconum, North West Line Stations (as far as Tirupetty) and to Vellore by the 2 P. M. Train.

From Moodanoor and Stations on North West Line to Arconum, Arcot and Vellore, by the 7-50 A. M. Train.

From Tirupetty, Naggery and Tirutany to Arconum, Arcot and Vellore by the 6 A. M. Train from Tirupetty.

From Cuddapah to all Stations on the North West Line by the 5-30 A. M. Train.

From Bangalore and Stations on the Branch to Jollarett and Salem by the 9 A. M. Train from Bangalore.

From Salem to Erode, Avenashy Road, Coimbatore, Palghaut, Tirroor and Beypoor by the 7 A. M. Train from Salem.

From Moodanoor to Cuddapah by 6-30 P. M. Train.

EASTWARDS.

From Beypoor to Tirroor, Palghaut, Coimbatore, Avenashy Road, Erode and Salem by the 7-15 A. M. Train.

From Coimbatore to Tripatoor, Jollarett, Bangalore, Vellore, Arcot, Arconum, North West Line Stations (as far as Tirupetty) and Madras by the 4-45 A. M. Train from Coimbatore.

From Bangalore to Jollarett, Vellore, Arcot, Arconum, North West Line Stations (as far as Tirupetty) and Madras by the 9 A. M. Train.

From Jollarett to Vaniembaddy, Vellore, Arcot, Arconum, Trivellore and Madras by the 6 A. M. and 1-40 P. M. Trains.

From Vellore to Arcot, Arconum, North West Line Stations, Trivellore, Avady, Perambore and Madras by the 6-30 A. M. Train from Vellore.

From Arconum to Trivellore, Tinnanore and Madras by the 7-15 A. M. Train from Beypoor.

From Cuddapah to Moodanoor by the 5-30 A. M. Train.

Rules and Regulations for the Conveyance of Horses, Carriages and Dogs.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES must be at the Stations 45 minutes before the departure of the Train by which they are intended to be despatched, and when sent from any other Station than Madras, one day's previous notice should be given. They are conveyed only to and from the Stations shown in the Tables.

The Company do not undertake to forward them by any particular Train, nor do they hold themselves responsible for any injury occurring in loading or unloading.

The Company will not be responsible for any injury to Horses conveyed by Goods Train, whether arising from fear, sudden starting of the Train, or from any other cause. Owners will be required to signify on paper their assent to these conditions of carriage before a Horse is loaded.

GROOMS.—One Groom or Horse-keeper will be allowed to travel free with each Horse and in the same Vehicle.

DOGS.—Each Dog must be provided with a chain and muzzle, without which the Company will not be responsible for the safe conveyance. Special compartments are provided for Dogs, and under no consideration will they be allowed to accompany Passengers inside the Carriages.

Parcels Rates.

DISTANCES.	10 lbs. and under.		20 lbs. and above 10 lbs.		40 lbs. and above 20 lbs.		80 lbs. and above 40 lbs.		100 lbs. and above 80 lbs.		125 lbs. and above 100 lbs.		150 lbs. and above 125 lbs.		200 lbs. and above 150 lbs.		250 lbs. and above 200 lbs.	
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
50 Miles and under.....	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	12	0	0	14	0	0	20	0
100 do. do.	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	10	0	0	14	0	0	18	0	0	24	0
200 do. do.	0	10	0	0	12	0	0	16	0	0	20	0	0	24	0	0	32	0
300 do. do.	0	12	0	0	14	0	0	18	0	0	22	0	0	26	0	0	36	0
400 do. do.	0	14	0	0	16	0	0	20	0	0	24	0	0	28	0	0	40	0
500 do. do.	1	0	0	1	8	0	1	12	0	2	12	0	3	0	4	0	6	0

N. B.—Parcels weighing more than 250 lbs. will be charged for in proportion to the rate for 250 lbs.

ICE, FISH AND VEGETABLES.

N. B.—Each Package must be legibly addressed in English, and prepaid.

DISTANCES.	10 lbs. and under.		20 lbs. and above 10 lbs.		40 lbs. and above 20 lbs.		80 lbs. and above 40 lbs.		100 lbs. and above 80 lbs.		125 lbs. and above 100 lbs.		150 lbs. and above 125 lbs.		200 lbs. and above 150 lbs.		250 lbs. and above 200 lbs.	
	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.	R.	A.	P.
50 Miles and under.....	0	3	0	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	9	0	0	11	0	0	15	0
100 do. do.	0	4	0	0	6	0	0	8	0	0	12	0	0	15	0	0	20	0
200 do. do.	0	7	0	0	9	0	0	12	0	0	16	0	0	20	0	0	28	0
300 do. do.	0	9	0	0	12	0	0	16	0	0	20	0	0	24	0	0	32	0
400 do. do.	0	10	0	0	14	0	0	18	0	0	22	0	0	26	0	0	36	0
500 do. do.	0	12	0	0	16	0	0	20	0	0	24	0	0	28	0	0	40	0

Parcels weighing more than 250 lbs. will be charged for in proportion to the rates for 250 lbs.

Rules and Regulations.

Parcels will be conveyed at the above rates, but must be fully and plainly addressed in English. Parcels arriving in Madras will be handed over to the Company's Delivery Agents for delivery unless addressed "to be left until called for."

All Parcels must be delivered at the respective Stations 30 minutes before the departure of Trains by which they are to be forwarded, or they cannot be booked for that Train.

The Company will not be answerable in any case for loss of, or injury to Gold, Silver, Jewellery, Glass, China, Valuable Papers, Plated Goods, Pictures, Silks, Lace, Shawls, and such like valuable articles, unless the value and nature of such articles shall have been declared, and an increased charge for the safe conveyance accepted by an authorised servant of the Company: neither will they be responsible for loss of, or injury to, Parcels when insecurely packed, nor for loss or damage by leakage. Perishable Goods will only be conveyed at the Owner's risk and must be pre-paid.

GENERAL INFORMATION.

Madras Time is kept at all Stations. The times shown in this book are those at which the Trains are intended to arrive at, and depart from, the various Stations, but the Company do not guarantee these times being kept, nor do they hold themselves responsible for delays. Passengers, to insure being booked, should be at the Stations 10 minutes before the time named in the Table; the doors of the Booking Offices will be closed at the times mentioned, after which no person can be admitted. Passengers cannot be re-booked at Roadside Stations, to proceed by the Train in which they have arrived, except under special circumstances. Passengers are booked at intermediate Stations only on condition that there shall be room in the Carriages upon the arrival of the Train. Passengers are requested to examine their Tickets and change before leaving the Booking Office Counter, as mistakes cannot be afterwards recognised. Children under 3 years of age travel "free," but above that age are charged full fares. The Tickets given to Passengers on payment of their Fares will be required to be produced to the Company's servants or given up to them whenever demanded; any Passenger unable or

refusing to produce his Ticket is liable to be charged the fare from the Station whence the Train originally started. The Tickets are not transferable, and are only available on the day of issue. When Passengers leave the Train, the Tickets will be required to be given up.

Any person who shall attempt to defraud the Company by travelling or attempting to travel upon the Railway, without having previously paid his fare, or who shall in any other manner attempt to evade the payment hereof, is subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees Fifty.

Passengers desiring to travel from any Station on the Main Line to any Station on the Branches must change Carriages as under:—For Tirutany, Tiruputty, Cuddapah and Moodanoor, at Arcunum Junction. For Bangalore and Stations on that Branch, at Jolarpet Junction. Passengers wishing to avoid a change of Carriages at the Junction can engage Through Carriages at the following rates, by giving two days' notice:—1st Class Carriage on payment for 8 Tickets, 2nd Class Carriage on payment for 20 Tickets.

The 1st Class charge includes S, and the 2nd Class 20 Passengers. Any number in excess of 8 and 20 respectively, will be charged the ordinary Day or Night Fare.

Saloon 1st Class Carriages can be obtained on the same terms as 1st Class Through Carriages.

RESERVED COMPARTMENTS.—Families requiring First Class Reserved Compartments can obtain them on application, at reduced rates, on the following conditions:—By Day Trains.—For a Family not exceeding six in number on payment for 6 Tickets. By Night Trains.—For a Family not exceeding five in number on payment for 4 Tickets.

If by the Day and Night Trains respectively, a Family of more than 6 or 5 in number wish to travel in the same Compartment, each Passenger in excess of these numbers will be charged the Ordinary Fare.

RETURN TICKETS.—1st Class Return Tickets for the double journey, at 1½ fare of the Day Fare, will be issued at Madras and Perambore to the following Stations and vice versa, available for return on any day not exceeding ten days, inclusive of the day of issue, by either day or night Trains. Thus a Ticket issued on the 1st of the month, will be available for return on any day up to, and inclusive of, the 10th.—Bangalore, Rs. 26; Shervaroy Hills, Rs. 23; Salem, Rs. 24; and Coimbatore, Rs. 35. 1st Class Return Tickets are also issued at Vellore to Madras and Bangalore at the following fares available for the same period:—Vellore to Madras and back, Rs. 9-8; Vellore to Bangalore and back, Rs. 16. 1st Class Return Tickets can be procured at any other Stations than those mentioned above on payment of a charge of 2 Annas per mile, equivalent to 1½rd fare of that by Day Train.

The Company are prepared to issue, on application to the Traffic Manager, 1st Class Return Tickets at reduced rates to Cricket and Pleasure parties. The holders of 1st Class Return Tickets, available for return within ten days, are entitled to "Return." Conveyance by any Train leaving on the 10th day, although the Train may not be due to arrive at its destination until the 11th day.

Return Tickets will be issued from Madras to Trivellore and back, by Special Train only during the New Moon Festivals, available for two days during the monthly, and three days during the half-yearly Festivals, held in January and July of each year. 1st Class, Rs. 1-8; 2nd Class, Annas 12; 3rd Class, Annas 8.

Third Class Market Return Tickets are issued at the undermentioned Stations to Bangalore at the following fares available for Return by 8-30 p. m. Mail Train on the same day only. Each passenger is allowed to carry "Free of Charge" 40 lbs. of produce and will be charged for all in excess of 40 lbs. at the Goods rates:—

Cadjoody, Annas 4-6; Malloor, Annas 9; Colar Road, Rupee 1; Coopum, Rs. 1-8.

Note.—Holders of 3rd Class Market Tickets over-riding on the return journey will be charged 2nd Class night fare from Bangalore.

SPECIAL TRAINS may be had on application to the Traffic Manager, Madras, by giving thirty-six hours' previous notice.

LUGGAGE.—1st Class Passengers will be allowed free of charge, 82 lbs.; 2nd Class, 25 lbs.; and 3rd Class, 15 lbs. All baggage in excess of this weight will be charged at 2 Pies per maund per mile. All Luggage must be pre-paid at the Booking Station.

Act No. 18 of 1854, Clause 9.—"No such Railway Company shall in any case be answerable for loss or injury to any Passenger's Luggage, unless it shall have been booked and separately paid for."

No Luggage is allowed in the Carriages except small Packages which can be placed under the Seat occupied by the owner. Station Masters and Guards are required to remove all Packages which cannot be deposited under the Seat.

The Company will not be responsible for loss of, or injury to, any Gold, Silver, Jewellery, Securities and valuable papers, Plated Goods, Pictures, Silks, China, and

such like valuable articles, unless the same shall have been accepted by an authorised servant of the Company and an increased charge paid.

SMOKING in Carriages and on the Company's premises, is prohibited.

FEES.—The Company's servants are prohibited from receiving any gratuity under pain of dismissal.

COMPLAINTS may be communicated to H. E. CHURCH, Traffic Manager.

November 1st, 1866.

W. G. SMART,
Acting Agent and Manager.

GREAT SOUTHERN OF INDIA RAILWAY.

Office in London—2, Leadenhall Street, E. C.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Chairman—John Chapman, Esq., 124, Pall-Mall.

Juland Danvers, Esq., Ex-Officio Director, appointed by the

Secretary of State for India in Council.

Captain J. G. Johnston, late Madras Engrs.

G. Norton, Esq., late Adv. Genl., Madras.

C. E. Mangles, Esq.

T. B. Roupell, Esq., late M. C. S.

G. B. Bruce, Esq., M. I. C. E., Cons. Engr.

Henry W. Ntman, Esq., Secretary.

INDIAN ESTABLISHMENT.

HEAD OFFICE, NEGAPATAM.

W. S. Betts, Esq., Agent.

Frederic Lewis Dibblee, Esq., Chief Engineer.

C. E. Crighton, Esq., Resident Engineer and Locomotive Superintendent.

Alfred Stanton, Esq., Assistant Traffic Manager.

Objects of the Company.

The object of this Company is to afford Railway communication to the important provinces of Southern India, lying to the south of the existing Madras Railway, including Tanjore, Trichinopoly, Madurai, Tinnevely, Coimbatore, Erode and Travancore, being the most populous and fertile districts in the Madras Presidency.

The operations of the Company for the present are confined to the construction of a line from Negapatam to the Erode station of the Madras Railway, a distance of 167 miles. Stations have been established on the line already opened for traffic at the following places:—

Stations.	Distance from Negapatam. Miles.	Stations.	Distance from Negapatam. Miles.	Stations.	Distance from Negapatam. Miles.
Negapatam.....	0	Ammapettah.....	36	Trichinopoly.....	82
Sickle.....	3	Salamungalum.....	39	Elamanoor.....	91
Keeralore.....	7	Tanjore.....	49	Kulithalay.....	103
Trivellore.....	14	Boodalore.....	59	Lalapetta.....	109
Kordachary.....	25	Cotterputty.....	68	Caroor.....	127
Needamungalum.....	30	Teroovembore.....	74		

The Electric Telegraph between Negapatam and Caroor has been opened to the Public.

Trains in each direction run daily. Sundays excepted, and passengers are conveyed at the following fares:—

1st Class.....	12 Pice per mile.
2nd ".....	8 " "
3rd ".....	4 " "

A uniform rate of 6 Pice per bulky load (1,000 lbs.) per mile, is charged for all goods not requiring special arrangements or accommodation for carriage.

Time and Fare Tables on and after 11th September 1864.

The times shown in these Tables are those at which the Trains are intended to depart from the various Stations, but the Company cannot guarantee these times being kept under all circumstances, nor do they hold themselves responsible for delay.

Passengers to insure being booked should be at the Stations ten minutes before the time mentioned in the following Tables. The Doors of the Booking Offices will be closed punctually at the hours mentioned after which no person can be admitted. Passengers cannot be re-booked at Roadside Stations to proceed by the Train in which they have arrived.

GREAT SOUTHERN OF INDIA RAILWAY.

WESTWARD TRAINS.

EASTWARD TRAINS.

Distance.	Stations.	Daily, Sundays excepted.			Fares from Negapatam.			Fares from Trichinopoly.		
		No. 2	No. 3	No. 4	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.
		A. M.	P. M.	F. M.	A. M.	P. M.	F. M.	A. M.	P. M.	F. M.
—	NEGAPATAM.....	0 45	2 0	0 45	—	—	—	—	—	—
3	Sickle.....	0 54	2 9	0 54	0 3	0 2	0 1	0 7	0 3	0 1
7	Keeralore.....	7 5	2 20	7 5	0 7	0 5	0 2	0 11	0 7	0 4
14	Trivellore.....	7 30	2 40	7 30	0 10	0 9	0 5	1 4	0 13	0 7
18	Kulikeri.....	7 45	2 52	7 45	1 2	0 12	0 6	1 14	1 4	0 10
25	Kordachary.....	8 5	3 13	8 5	1 4	1 1	0 8	2 8	1 11	0 13
30	Needamungalum.....	8 25	3 30	8 25	1 14	1 4	0 10	2 11	1 13	0 14
36	Ammapettah.....	8 45	3 48	8 45	2 4	1 8	0 12	3 1	2 1	1 0
39	Salamungalum.....	9 0	3 57	9 0	2 7	1 10	0 13	3 6	2 4	1 2
49	Tanjore.....	9 35	4 27	9 35	3 1	2 1	1 0	4 1	2 11	1 6
59	Boodalore.....	10 15	4 57	10 15	3 11	2 7	1 4	4 3	2 14	1 7
68	Cotterputty.....	10 40	5 26	10 40	4 4	2 13	1 7	4 8	3 0	1 8
74	Teroovembore.....	11 57	5 40	10 57	4 10	3 1	1 9	4 12	3 3	1 9
79	TRICHINOPOLY.....	12 1	6 0	11 16	4 15	3 5	1 10	4 15	3 5	1 10

Rates for Parcels, Passengers' Luggage, Horses, Carriages and Dogs.

Distance.	PARCELS WEIGHING AND UNDER							Passengers' Luggage.	Horses.	Carriages.	Dogs, each.
	7 lbs.	14 lbs.	28 lbs.	42 lbs.	56 lbs.	84 lbs.	112 lbs.				
15 miles & under	2	4	5	5	6	7	8	10	1		
25 do do ...	2	5	6	6	7	8	9	10	1		
50 do do ...	2	5	6	6	8	9	11	13	2		
Above 50 miles...	2	6	7	9	11	14	16	20	2		
	Annas.							2 Pies per Maund per mile.	One Horse 1 1/2 As. per mile. Two Horses 2 As. per mile. Three do. 3 "	1 1/2 As. per mile.	Under 50 miles 4 As. Above do. 8 "
									Lowest charge 2 1/2 Rs.		

PASSENGERS can be booked at intermediate Stations only on condition that there shall be room in the Carriages. The Tickets given to Passengers on payment of their fares will be required to be produced to the Company's servants or given up to them whenever demanded. Passengers unable or refusing to produce their tickets, are liable to be charged the fare from the most distant Station. The tickets are not transferable, and are only available on the day of issue. Any person who shall attempt to defraud the Company by travelling or attempting to travel upon the Railway, without having previously paid his fare, or who shall in any other manner attempt to evade the payment thereof, is subject to a penalty not exceeding Rupees Fifty.

CHILDREN under 3 years of age travel free, and above that age are charged full fares. PASSENGERS travelling in their own private Carriages will be charged Passenger's fare in addition to the charge made for the Vehicle.

PASSENGERS' LUGGAGE.—No free Luggage allowed except a small Carpet bag or package not exceeding 14 lbs. in weight; which can be placed under the seat of a Carriage and carried by the owner in his charge and at his risk; all other Luggage conveyed will be charged its actual weight at the published rates, no less charge being made than one Anna.

N.B.—Act No. 18 of 1854, Clause 9.—“No such Railway Company shall in any case be answerable for loss or injury to any Passenger's Luggage unless it shall have been booked and separately paid for.”

MERCHANDIZE.—All descriptions of goods with the exception of gunpowder, vitriol or other acids, and such like dangerous goods, and other articles requiring extra accommodation, can now be conveyed over the Railway at one rate, viz., 6 Pies per bandy load of 2 1/2 Candies (1,060 lbs.) per mile. The Company has appointed Seenevassa Iyengar and Co., as their Bandy Contractors, and this Firm is prepared to cart Traffic to and from the several Railway Stations and the surrounding villages at the rate of 1 Anna per bandy load per mile.

ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.—The Company's Telegraph Offices are open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M., and messages are received from the public between those hours for transmission to any place at which a Government, or Railway, signal station has been established.

SPECIAL ACCOMMODATION in the ordinary Trains may be had on application to the Traffic Manager, Negapatam, on twenty-four hours' notice being given.

PARCELS are received and booked at all Stations on the line. Parcels and packages under 56 lbs. weight each, are conveyed by Passengers' Trains exclusively at Parcel rates, and all Parcels weighing above 56 lbs. each are likewise forwarded by Passengers' Trains and charged at Parcel rates, if “Per Goods Train,” be not distinctly marked thereon.

N.B.—Parcels must be delivered at the Stations 30 minutes before the departure of the Trains.

HORSES AND CARRIAGES.—As Horse boxes and Carriage trucks are only kept at the principal Stations, notice should be given the day previous of such being required, and Carriages and Horses must be at the Stations 30 minutes before the time mentioned in these tables. Each Horse must be in charge of a Groom, who, with the Grass-cutter, will be conveyed free of charge.

Dogs must be provided with Chains and Muzzles, without which the Company will not be answerable for their safety. Dogs will be conveyed in a compartment of a Carriage provided for that purpose, and under no consideration will they be allowed to accompany Passengers inside the Carriages.

SMOKING in Carriages or on the Stations is prohibited under a penalty.

FEES.—The Company's servants are prohibited from receiving any gratuity under pain of dismissal.

COMPLAINTS.—It is requested that any irregularity may be immediately notified to the Agent and Traffic Manager, Negapatam.

W. S. BETTS,

Agent and Traffic Manager.

NEGAPATAM, 1st September 1864.

THE INDIAN TRAMWAY COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

FOR CONSTRUCTING CHEAP BRANCH LINES AS FEEDERS TO
THE GREAT TRUNK LINES OF RAILWAY IN INDIA.

Capital £1,000,000, in 200,000 Shares of £5 or Rs. 50 each.

First Issue—£250,000 in 50,000 Shares of £5 or Rs. 50 each.

Registered under the “Companies Act 1862,” 25 & 26 Vic., Chap. 89.

Secretaries and Agents.—Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.

Solicitors.—Messrs. Boyson, Brockman and Prichard.

Resident Engineer and Traffic Manager.—B. M. Holloway, Esq.

The object of this Company is the introduction of a system of Tramways in connection with and as feeders to the Railways throughout India.

The especial use and value of Tramways in India is to supplement the Railways, by providing a cheap means of communication between the trunk lines of Railways and the sources of traffic in the interior, and in connecting towns in districts through which the Railways do not pass.

The Government of India, as well as the shareholders of the various Railway Companies and the public generally, are fully alive to the necessity of these means of communication.

In their application to India there is nothing experimental or doubtful as regards their practicability and certain results.

Their introduction has frequently been recommended and urged in different parts of the country, and the want of them is now universally acknowledged.

The results of the opening of the Indian Railways have conclusively shown that the whole population will travel wherever the means are afforded and the cost is within their reach; and, while the Railway require to obtain from £20 to £35 per mile per week to pay 5 per cent., the Tramways will pay 10 per cent. upon a revenue of from £5 to 10 per mile per week.

The distinction between the Railway and the Tramway consists in the former being necessarily constructed at considerable cost, without which it could not be maintained under a heavy traffic; whereas the latter, being applied to tributary roads, where the traffic is comparatively moderate, will be completed at a cost not exceeding an average of £3,500 per mile, the Railways in India varying from £8,000 to £18,000 per mile.

The advantages of these Tramways will be two-fold:—first, in yielding large profits to this Company; and, secondly, in largely increasing the pecuniary returns of the Railways.

Their superiority over the ordinary roads is too well understood to require any further reference than to state that, varying with the levels obtained, the same power, whether of horses or bullocks, will transport from ten to twenty tons on a Tramway, when it would on average ordinary roads, be limited to from one to two tons.

The rapid construction of Tramways, with their comparatively short lengths, narrow gauge, light rails, and limited quantities of earth-work, brick-work, ballasting, &c., as compared with Railways, will enable the Company to earn a dividend upon their works within a very brief period after any section has been commenced.

The estimated returns based upon the data of the several lines proposed to be constructed, will yield a net profit of from 10 to 18 per cent.

The Directors have had several lines submitted to them upon which it has been suggested to make a commencement; and have selected the Arconum and Conjeveram Line as combining in an essential degree the desirability of cheap construction and a large traffic.

It is proposed to work the traffic with bullocks and a superior class of waggons, and the passenger traffic with carriages and horses, and, where practicable, with light engines of a form and description specially applicable to the purpose.

It may be observed that the 'Guicowar of Baroda' has constructed a Tramway from "Meagum to Dhubor, a distance of twenty miles."

The average cost, as above stated, of laying down a line, building stations, furnishing the necessary plant any stock, in keeping the line in working order for the first twelve months, with all other incidental expenses, both in India and in England, will not exceed £3,500 per mile.

The Tramways which the Company will be prepared to undertake, will be such as are necessary to be made for the development of the Railway Traffic, and the Madras Government will grant the following privileges:—

- 1st.—It will give the Land required free of all payment.
- 2nd.—It will exempt from payment of duty all materials and machinery that may be imported for the Company's works.
- 3rd.—It will guarantee the Company for a certain time against completing lines.
- 4th.—It will allow the Company to lay their rails upon existing roads, when these are wide enough to admit of Tramways without interfering with the ordinary traffic, and in cases in which Government proposes to construct a road, it will be prepared to transfer the constructing of such road to the Company, paying to the latter the amount estimated as the cost of the said road. It will also be prepared to grant to the Company when one of their lines of rail is laid upon a Government road, a proportion of the amount estimated for its annual maintenance.
- 5th.—The Government will not interfere with the arrangements of the Company until its profits exceed 15 per cent.
- 6th.—All payments from the Government will cease as soon as the profits amount to 5 per cent.
- 7th.—Government will give any information in its possession which may be calculated to aid the Company in carrying on its works.

The Company will allow its Shareholders interest on the amount of calls paid up at the rate of 5 per cent. per annum during the construction of the lines.

The Directors have sanctioned Shares to be taken in local lines as well as in the general undertakings of the Company, and they are prepared to receive the full amount of calls to the extent of Rupees 50 per Share and to allow interest on such as above stated.

The first line of the Company was opened for general Traffic between Arconum and Conjeveram on the 8th May 1865.

Forms of application for Shares and other information may be obtained at

MESSRS. ARBUTHNOT AND CO.

INDIAN TRAMWAY COMPANY, (LIMITED.)

TIME AND FARE TABLE,
From and after Tuesday the First of August 1865.

UP TRAINS FROM CONJEVERAM TO ARCONUM.																
Distances.	STATIONS.	DAILY TRAINS.						SUNDAY TRAINS.		RATES OF FARE.						
		1st, 2nd and 3rd Class and Goods.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class and Goods.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class and Goods.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	1st, 2nd and 3rd Class.	2nd Class.	Third Class.	Luggage per Mld.	Dogs, each.	Truck rates for Horses, Car., &c.	
		A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.	A. M. P. M.
	Arconum.....	9-15	5-15	9-15	5-15	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
9	Pulloor.....	9-55	5-55	9-55	5-55	0 4	6 3	0 3	4 4	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
11	Chengleroyen's Choultry.....	10-5	6-5	10-5	6-5	11 5	6 3	8 3	8 4	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
18 1/2	Little Conjeeveram.....	10-45	6-45	10-45	6-45	1 3	9 6	6 4	6 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0
	Arconum.....	Arr.		Arr.		3 9	6 6	4 4	4 4	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0	4 0

By Order,
B. M. HOLLOWAY, Resident Engr. & Traffic Manager.

ARCONUM, 22nd July 1865.

Table of the Equivalent values of 4, 5, and 5½ per Cent. Government or other Securities, and the Interest arising from such Investments.

4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.
50	62½	68½	8-000	66-4	83	91-3	6-024
50-182	62-727	69	7-971	66-657	83-333	91-667	6
50-4	63	69-3	7-937	66-519	83-636	92	5-978
50-909	63-636	70	7-857	67	83½	92½	5-970
51	63½	70½	7-813	67-2	84	92-4	5-952
51-2	64	70-4	7-813	67-636	84-545	93	5-914
51-613	64-516	70-968	7-75	68	85	93½	5-882
51-636	64-545	71	7-747	68-534	85-455	94	5-851
52	65	71½	7-692	68-8	86	94-6	5-814
52-364	65-455	72	7-639	69	86½	94½	5-797
52-3	66	72-6	7-576	69-091	86-364	95	5-790
53	66½	72½	7-547	69-555	86-956	95-652	5-75
53-091	66-364	73	7-534	69-6	87	95-7	5-747
53-333	66-667	73-333	7-5	69-513	87-273	96	5-729
53-6	67	73-7	7-463	70	87½	96½	5-714
53-909	67-273	74	7-432	70-4	88	96-8	5-682
54	67½	74½	7-407	70-545	88-182	97	5-660
54-4	68	74-8	7-353	71	88½	97½	5-634
54-515	68-182	75	7-333	71-2	89	97-9	5-618
55	68½	75½	7-272	71-273	89-091	98	5-612
55-172	68-966	75-862	7-25	72	90	99	5-556
55-2	69	75-9	7-216	72-727	90-909	100	5-5
55-273	69-091	76	7-237	72-8	91	100-1	5-495
56	70	77	7-143	73	91½	100½	5-479
56-727	70-909	78	7-051	73-455	91-818	101	5-445
56-8	71	78-1	7-012	73-6	92	1-012	5-435
57	71½	78½	7-017	74	92½	1-01½	5-405
57-143	71-429	78-571	7	74-182	92-727	102	5-392
57-455	71-818	79	6-962	74-4	93	102-3	5-376
57-6	72	79-2	6-944	74-9-9	93-636	103	5-340
58	72½	79½	6-897	75	93½	103½	5-333
58-182	72-727	80	6-875	75-2	94	103-4	5-319
48-4	73	80-3	6-849	75-636	94-545	104	5-288
58-909	73-636	81	6-790	76	95	104½	5-263
59	73½	81½	6-780	76-19	95-238	104-762	5-25
59-2	74	81-4	6-757	76-364	95-455	105	5-238
59-259	74-074	81-481	6-75	76-8	96	105-6	5-208
59-636	74-545	82	6-707	77	96½	105½	5-195
60	75-455	82½	6-667	77-091	96-364	106	5-188
60-364	75	83	6-627	77-6	97	106-7	5-155
60-8	76	83-6	6-579	77-818	97-273	107½	5-140
61	76½	83½	6-557	78	97½	107	5-128
61-091	76-364	84	6-548	78-4	98	107-8	5-102
61-538	76-923	84-615	6-6-5	78-545	98-182	108	5-093
61-6	77	84-7	6-494	79	98½	108½	5-063
61-818	77-273	85	6-471	79-2	99	108-9	5-051
62	77½	85½	6-452	79-273	99-091	109	5-046
62-4	78	85-8	6-410	80	100	110	5
62-545	78-182	86	6-395	80-727	100-909	111	4-955
63	78½	86½	6-319	80-8	101	111-1	4-950
63-2	79	86-9	6-329	81	101½	111½	4-938
63-273	79-091	87	6-322	81-455	101-818	112	4-911
64	80	88	6-25	81-6	102	112-2	4-902
64-727	80-909	89	6-179	82	102½	112½	4-878
64-8	81	89-1	6-173	82-182	102-727	113	4-867
65	81½	89½	6-154	82-4	103	113-3	4-854
65-455	81-818	90	6-111	82-909	103-636	114	4-824
65-6	82	90-2	6-098	83	103½	114½	4-819
66	82½	90½	6-061	83-2	104	114-4	4-808
66-182	82-727	91	6-044	83-636	104-545	115	4-781

COMMERCIAL.]

INTEREST TABLES.

4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.	4 per Cent.	5 per Cent.	5½ per Cent.	Interest on Capital.
84	105	115½	4-762	92	115	126½	4-348
84-211	105-263	115-89	4-75	92-364	115-455	127	4-330
84-364	105-455	116	4-741	92-8	116	127-6	4-310
84-8	106	116-6	4-717	93	116½	127½	4-301
85	106½	116½	4-706	93-091	116-364	128	4-297
85-091	106-364	117	4-701	93-6	117	128-7	4-274
85-6	107	117-7	4-673	93-818	117-273	129	4-263
85-818	107-273	118	4-661	94	117½	129½	4-254
86	107½	118½	4-651	94-118	117-647	129-412	4-25
86-4	108	118-8	4-630	94-4	118	129-8	4-237
86-545	108-182	119	4-622	94-545	118-182	130	4-231
87	108½	119½	4-598	95	118½	130½	4-211
87-2	109	119-9	4-587	95-2	119	130-9	4-202
87-273	109-091	120	4-583	95-273	119-091	131	4-193
88	110	121	4-545	96	120	132	4-167
88-727	110-909	122	4-508	96-727	120-909	133	4-135
88-8	111	122-1	4-505	96-8	121	133-1	4-132
88-889	111-111	122-223	4-5	97	121½	133½	4-124
89	111½	122½	4-494	97-455	121-818	134	4-104
89-455	111-818	123	4-471	97-6	122	134-2	4-093
89-6	112	123-2	4-464	98	122½	134½	4-082
90	112½	123½	4-444	98-182	122-727	135	4-074
90-182	112-727	124	4-436	98-4	123	135-3	4-065
90-4	113	124-3	4-425	98-909	123-636	136	4-044
90-909	113-636	125	4-4	99	123½	136½	4-040
91	113½	125½	4-396	99-2	124	136-4	4-032
91-2	114	125-4	4-386	99-636	124-545	137	4-015
91-636	114-545	126	4-365	100	125	137½	4

PROPORTIONAL PARTS.

R. 0-073	1-81	1	R. 0-24	3	33	R. 0-48	6	66	R. 0-654	818	9
0-18	1	11	2-291	364	4	0-5	625	6-8	0-7	875	963
0-1	125	133	0-3	375	413	0-509	637	7	0-72	9	99
0-146	182	2	0-32	4	44	0-56	7	77	0-727	909	100
0-16	2	22	0-564	455	5	0-582	727	8	0-8	1060	11
0-2	25	275	0-4	5	55	0-6	75	825	0-9	1125	1238
0-218	273	3	0-173	545	6	0-64	8	88			

USES OF THE PRECEDING TABLE.

1.—When Government 4 per Cent. Securities sell at 76, what are the equivalent values of the 5 and 5½ per cent. loans?

In the table opposite 76 in the first column are 95 the value of the 5 per cent. loan, and 104½ the value of the 5½ per cent. loan,—the interest in all the three cases being 5-263 or 55/19 per cent.

2.—At what price should I purchase 4 per cents. to obtain 5½ per cent. for my money?

In the fourth column opposite 5½ or 5-5 in the column for 4 per cent. stands 72-727 or 728/11 the price required.

3.—What would I gain, by selling out Rs. 10,000, 5 per cent. Government loans at 104 and purchasing 5½ per cent. at 112?

In the third column opposite 104 in the 2nd, is.....114-4.
112

Gain on Rs. 100 of Capital..... 2-4

And in the fourth column, opposite 112 in the 3rd, is 4-911 per cent.

" " " 104 " 2nd, 4-808 "

Difference, or gain per cent. per annum on capital.....0-103 " or fully 1/10 per cent. being Rs. 10 5a, on every Rs. 1,000 invested.

4.—To find the equivalent values of 4 and 5½ per cent. Securities when 5 per cents. are selling at 103½ or Rs. 103 6a.

Opposite 103 in the second column, are 82-4 and 113-3 in the 1st and 3rd, and among the "proportional parts" corresponding to 275 or 6a, in the 5 per cent. column are 0-3 R. in the 4 per cent. and 413 in the 5½ per cent. column.

Hence 82-4 + 3 = 82-7, the equivalent price of 4 per cent., and 113-3 + 413 = Rs. 113-713 or Rs. 113.11a. 5p. (by the table p. 73) the equivalent price of 5½ per cents.

Other uses of this Table will readily occur to brokers and others.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE MONTH.

Pr.	At 2 per cent.	At 2½ per cent.	At 3 per cent.	At 3½ per cent.	At 4 per cent.
Rs.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.
1,00,000	166 10 8	208 5 4	250 0 0	291 10 8	333 5 4
90,000	150 0 0	187 8 0	225 0 0	262 8 0	300 0 0
80,000	133 5 4	166 10 8	200 0 0	233 5 4	266 10 8
70,000	116 10 8	145 13 4	175 0 0	204 2 8	233 5 4
60,000	100 0 0	125 0 0	150 0 0	175 0 0	200 0 0
50,000	83 5 4	104 2 8	125 0 0	145 13 4	166 10 8
40,000	66 10 8	83 5 4	100 0 0	116 10 8	133 5 4
30,000	50 0 0	62 8 0	75 0 0	87 8 0	100 0 0
20,000	33 5 4	41 10 8	50 0 0	58 5 4	66 10 8
10,000	16 10 8	20 13 4	25 0 0	29 2 8	33 5 4
9,000	15 0 0	18 12 0	22 8 0	26 4 0	30 0 0
8,000	13 5 4	16 10 8	20 0 0	23 5 4	26 10 8
7,000	11 10 8	14 9 4	17 8 0	20 6 8	23 5 4
6,000	10 0 0	12 8 0	15 0 0	17 8 0	20 0 0
5,000	8 5 4	10 6 8	12 8 0	14 9 4	16 10 8
4,000	6 10 8	8 5 4	10 0 0	11 10 8	13 5 4
3,000	5 0 0	6 4 0	7 8 0	8 12 0	10 0 0
2,000	3 5 4	4 2 8	5 0 0	5 13 4	6 10 8
1,000	1 10 8	2 1 4	2 8 0	2 14 8	3 5 4
900	1 8 0	1 14 0	2 4 0	2 10 0	3 0 0
800	1 5 4	1 10 8	2 0 0	2 5 4	2 10 8
700	1 2 8	1 7 4	1 12 0	2 0 8	2 5 4
600	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	1 12 0	2 0 0
500	0 13 4	1 0 8	1 4 0	1 7 4	1 10 8
400	0 10 8	0 13 4	1 0 0	1 2 8	1 5 4
300	0 8 0	0 10 0	0 12 0	0 14 0	1 0 0
200	0 5 4	0 6 8	0 8 0	0 9 4	0 10 8
100	0 2 8	0 3 4	0 4 0	0 4 8	0 5 4
90	0 2 4	0 3 0	0 3 7	0 4 2	0 4 9
80	0 2 1	0 2 8	0 3 2	0 3 8	0 4 3
70	0 1 10	0 2 4	0 2 9	0 3 3	0 3 8
60	0 1 7	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 2 9	0 3 2
50	0 1 4	0 1 8	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 2 8
40	0 1 0	0 1 4	0 1 7	0 2 0	0 2 1
30	0 0 9	0 1 0	0 1 2	0 1 4	0 1 7
20	0 0 6	0 0 8	0 0 9	0 1 1	0 1 0
10	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 6
9	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 5
8	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 5
7	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 4
6	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3
5	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 3
4	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2
3	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 1
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
7	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* Annas.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE MONTH.—Continued.

Pr.	At 4½ per cent.	At 5 per cent.	At 5½ per cent.	At 6 per cent.	At 12 per cent.
Rs.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.	Rs. A. P. D.
1,00,000	375 0 0	415 10 8	458 5 4	500 0 0	1000 0 0
90,000	337 8 0	375 0 0	412 8 0	450 0 0	900 0 0
80,000	300 0 0	333 5 4	366 10 8	400 0 0	800 0 0
70,000	262 8 0	291 10 8	320 13 4	350 0 0	700 0 0
60,000	225 0 0	250 0 0	275 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0
50,000	187 8 0	208 5 4	229 2 8	250 0 0	500 0 0
40,000	150 0 0	166 10 8	183 5 4	200 0 0	400 0 0
30,000	112 8 0	125 0 0	137 8 0	150 0 0	300 0 0
20,000	75 0 0	83 5 4	91 10 8	100 0 0	200 0 0
10,000	37 8 0	41 10 8	45 13 4	50 0 0	100 0 0
9,000	33 12 0	37 8 0	41 4 0	45 0 0	90 0 0
8,000	30 0 0	33 5 4	36 10 8	40 0 0	80 0 0
7,000	26 4 0	29 2 8	32 1 4	35 0 0	70 0 0
6,000	22 8 0	25 0 0	27 8 0	30 0 0	60 0 0
5,000	18 12 0	20 13 4	22 14 8	25 0 0	50 0 0
4,000	15 0 0	16 10 8	18 5 4	20 0 0	40 0 0
3,000	11 4 0	12 8 0	13 12 0	15 0 0	30 0 0
2,000	7 8 0	8 5 4	9 2 8	10 0 0	20 0 0
1,000	3 12 0	4 2 8	4 9 4	5 0 0	10 0 0
900	3 6 0	3 12 0	4 2 0	4 8 0	9 0 0
800	3 0 0	3 5 4	3 10 8	4 0 0	8 0 0
700	2 10 0	2 14 8	3 3 4	3 8 0	7 0 0
600	2 4 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	6 0 0
500	1 14 0	2 1 4	2 4 8	2 8 0	5 0 0
400	1 8 0	1 10 8	1 13 4	2 0 0	4 0 0
300	1 2 0	1 4 0	1 6 0	1 8 0	3 0 0
200	0 12 0	0 13 4	0 14 8	1 0 0	2 0 0
100	0 6 0	0 6 8	0 7 4	0 8 0	1 0 0
90	0 5 4	0 6 0	0 6 7	0 7 2	0 14 4
80	0 4 9	0 5 4	0 5 10	0 6 4	0 12 9
70	0 4 2	0 4 8	0 5 1	0 5 7	0 11 2
60	0 3 7	0 4 0	0 4 4	0 4 9	0 9 7
50	0 3 0	0 3 4	0 3 8	0 4 0	0 8 0
40	0 2 4	0 2 8	0 2 11	0 3 2	0 6 4
30	0 1 9	0 2 0	0 2 2	0 2 4	0 4 9
20	0 1 2	0 1 4	0 1 5	0 1 7	0 3 2
10	0 0 7	0 0 8	0 0 8	0 0 9	0 1 7
9	0 0 6	0 0 7	0 0 7	0 0 8	0 1 5
8	0 0 5	0 0 6	0 0 6	0 0 7	0 1 3
7	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 6	0 1 1
6	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 11
5	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 9
4	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 7
3	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 5
2	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 3
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1
8	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
7	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
6	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
5	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* Annas.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE YEAR.

Pr.	At 2 per cent.	At 2½ per cent.	At 3 per cent.	At 3½ per cent.	At 4 per cent.
RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D
1,00,000	2000 0 0	2500 0 0	3000 0 0	3500 0 0	4000 0 0
90,000	1800 0 0	2250 0 0	2700 0 0	3150 0 0	3600 0 0
80,000	1600 0 0	2000 0 0	2400 0 0	2800 0 0	3200 0 0
70,000	1400 0 0	1750 0 0	2100 0 0	2450 0 0	2800 0 0
60,000	1200 0 0	1500 0 0	1800 0 0	2100 0 0	2400 0 0
50,000	1000 0 0	1250 0 0	1500 0 0	1750 0 0	2000 0 0
40,000	800 0 0	1000 0 0	1200 0 0	1400 0 0	1600 0 0
30,000	600 0 0	750 0 0	900 0 0	1050 0 0	1200 0 0
20,000	400 0 0	500 0 0	600 0 0	700 0 0	800 0 0
10,000	200 0 0	250 0 0	300 0 0	350 0 0	400 0 0
9,000	180 0 0	225 0 0	270 0 0	315 0 0	360 0 0
8,000	160 0 0	200 0 0	240 0 0	280 0 0	320 0 0
7,000	140 0 0	175 0 0	210 0 0	245 0 0	280 0 0
6,000	120 0 0	150 0 0	180 0 0	210 0 0	240 0 0
5,000	100 0 0	125 0 0	150 0 0	175 0 0	200 0 0
4,000	80 0 0	100 0 0	120 0 0	140 0 0	160 0 0
3,000	60 0 0	75 0 0	90 0 0	105 0 0	120 0 0
2,000	40 0 0	50 0 0	60 0 0	70 0 0	80 0 0
1,000	20 0 0	25 0 0	30 0 0	35 0 0	40 0 0
900	18 0 0	22 8 0	27 0 0	31 8 0	36 0 0
800	16 0 0	20 0 0	24 0 0	28 0 0	32 0 0
700	14 0 0	17 8 0	21 0 0	24 8 0	28 0 0
600	12 0 0	15 0 0	18 0 0	21 0 0	24 0 0
500	10 0 0	12 8 0	15 0 0	17 8 0	20 0 0
400	8 0 0	10 0 0	12 0 0	14 0 0	16 0 0
300	6 0 0	7 8 0	9 0 0	10 8 0	12 0 0
200	4 0 0	5 0 0	6 0 0	7 0 0	8 0 0
100	2 0 0	2 8 0	3 0 0	3 8 0	4 0 0
90	1 12 9	2 4 0	2 11 2	3 2 4	3 9 7
80	1 9 7	2 0 0	2 6 4	2 12 9	3 3 2
70	1 6 4	1 12 0	2 1 7	2 7 2	2 12 9
60	1 3 2	1 8 0	1 12 9	2 1 7	2 6 4
50	1 0 0	1 4 0	1 8 0	1 12 0	2 0 0
40	0 12 9	1 0 0	1 3 2	1 6 4	1 9 7
30	0 9 7	0 12 0	0 14 4	1 0 9	1 3 2
20	0 6 4	0 8 0	0 9 7	0 11 2	0 12 9
10	0 3 2	0 4 0	0 4 9	0 5 7	0 6 4
9	0 2 10	0 3 7	0 4 3	0 5 0	0 5 9
8	0 2 6	0 3 2	0 3 10	0 4 5	0 5 1
7	0 2 2	0 2 9	0 3 4	0 3 11	0 4 5
6	0 1 11	0 2 4	0 2 10	0 3 4	0 3 10
5	0 1 7	0 2 0	0 2 4	0 2 9	0 3 2
4	0 1 3	0 1 7	0 2 11	0 2 2	0 2 6
3	0 0 11	0 1 2	0 1 5	0 1 8	0 1 11
2	0 0 7	0 0 9	0 0 11	0 1 4	0 1 3
1	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 6	0 0 7
*8	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3
7	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2
6	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2
5	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
4	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1
3	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
2	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0

* Annas.

INTEREST TABLES.

FOR ONE YEAR.—Continued.

Pr.	At 4½ per cent.	At 5 per cent.	At 5½ per cent.	At 6 per cent.	At 12 per cent.
RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D	RS. A. P. D
1,00,000	4500 0 0	5000 0 0	5500 0 0	6000 0 0	12000 0 0
90,000	4050 0 0	4500 0 0	4950 0 0	5400 0 0	10800 0 0
80,000	3600 0 0	4000 0 0	4400 0 0	4800 0 0	9600 0 0
70,000	3150 0 0	3500 0 0	3850 0 0	4200 0 0	8400 0 0
60,000	2700 0 0	3000 0 0	3300 0 0	3600 0 0	7200 0 0
50,000	2250 0 0	2500 0 0	2750 0 0	3000 0 0	6000 0 0
40,000	1800 0 0	2000 0 0	2200 0 0	2400 0 0	4800 0 0
30,000	1350 0 0	1500 0 0	1650 0 0	1800 0 0	3600 0 0
20,000	900 0 0	1000 0 0	1100 0 0	1200 0 0	2400 0 0
10,000	450 0 0	500 0 0	550 0 0	600 0 0	1200 0 0
9,000	405 0 0	450 0 0	495 0 0	540 0 0	1080 0 0
8,000	360 0 0	400 0 0	440 0 0	480 0 0	960 0 0
7,000	315 0 0	350 0 0	385 0 0	420 0 0	840 0 0
6,000	270 0 0	300 0 0	330 0 0	360 0 0	720 0 0
5,000	225 0 0	250 0 0	275 0 0	300 0 0	600 0 0
4,000	180 0 0	200 0 0	220 0 0	240 0 0	480 0 0
3,000	135 0 0	150 0 0	165 0 0	180 0 0	360 0 0
2,000	90 0 0	100 0 0	110 0 0	120 0 0	240 0 0
1,000	45 0 0	50 0 0	55 0 0	60 0 0	120 0 0
900	40 8 0	45 0 0	49 8 0	54 0 0	108 0 0
800	36 0 0	40 0 0	44 0 0	48 0 0	96 0 0
700	31 8 0	35 0 0	38 8 0	42 0 0	84 0 0
600	27 0 0	30 0 0	33 0 0	36 0 0	72 0 0
500	22 8 0	25 0 0	27 8 0	30 0 0	60 0 0
400	18 0 0	20 0 0	22 0 0	24 0 0	48 0 0
300	13 8 0	15 0 0	16 8 0	18 0 0	36 0 0
200	9 0 0	10 0 0	11 0 0	12 0 0	24 0 0
100	4 8 0	5 0 0	5 8 0	6 0 0	12 0 0
90	4 0 9	4 8 0	4 15 2	5 6 4	10 12 9
80	3 9 7	4 0 0	4 6 4	4 12 9	9 9 7
70	3 2 4	3 8 0	3 13 7	4 3 2	8 6 4
60	2 11 2	3 0 0	3 4 9	3 9 7	7 3 2
50	2 4 0	2 8 0	2 12 0	3 0 0	6 0 0
40	1 12 9	2 0 0	2 3 2	2 6 4	4 12 9
30	1 5 7	1 8 0	1 10 4	1 12 9	3 9 7
20	0 14 4	1 0 0	1 1 7	1 3 2	2 6 4
10	0 7 2	0 8 0	0 8 9	0 9 7	1 3 2
9	0 6 5	0 7 2	0 7 11	0 8 7	1 1 3
8	0 5 9	0 6 4	0 7 0	0 7 8	0 15 4
7	0 5 0	0 5 7	0 6 1	0 6 8	0 13 5
6	0 4 3	0 4 9	0 5 3	0 5 9	0 11 6
5	0 3 7	0 4 0	0 4 4	0 4 9	0 9 7
4	0 2 10	0 3 2	0 3 6	0 3 10	0 7 8
3	0 2 1	0 2 4	0 2 7	0 2 11	0 5 9
2	0 1 5	0 1 7	0 1 9	0 2 11	0 3 10
1	0 0 8	0 0 9	0 0 10	0 0 11	0 1 11
*8	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 5	0 0 11
7	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 4	0 0 5	0 0 10
6	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 4	0 0 8
5	0 0 2	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 3	0 0 7
4	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 2	0 0 5
3	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 4
2	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 1	0 0 3
1	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 2

* Annas.

INCOME TABLES.

FOR ONE DAY.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.				Per month of 30 days.				Per month of 29 days.				Per month of 28 days.			
	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.
10,000	322	9	3	48	333	5	4		344	13	2	89	357	2	3	42
5,000	161	4	7	74	166	10	3		172	6	7	44	178	9	1	71
4,000	129	0	6	19	133	5	4		137	14	10	75	142	13	8	57
3,000	96	12	4	64	100	0	0		103	7	2	06	107	2	3	42
2,000	64	8	3	09	66	10	8		68	15	5	37	71	6	10	28
1,000	32	4	1	54	33	5	4		34	7	8	68	35	11	5	14
900	29	0	6	19	30	0	0		31	0	6	62	32	2	3	42
800	25	12	10	83	26	10	8		27	9	4	55	28	9	1	71
700	22	9	3	48	23	5	4		24	2	2	48	25	0	0	00
600	19	5	8	12	20	0	0		20	11	0	41	21	6	10	28
500	16	2	0	77	16	10	8		17	3	10	34	17	13	8	57
400	12	14	5	41	13	5	4		13	12	8	27	14	4	6	85
300	9	10	10	06	10	0	0		10	5	6	20	10	11	5	14
200	6	7	2	70	6	10	8		6	14	4	13	7	2	3	42
195	6	4	7	74	6	8	0		6	11	7	03	6	15	5	14
190	6	2	0	77	6	5	4		6	8	9	93	6	12	6	85
185	5	15	5	80	6	2	8		6	6	0	82	6	9	8	57
180	5	12	10	83	6	0	0		6	3	3	72	6	6	10	28
175	5	10	3	87	5	13	4		6	0	6	62	6	4	0	00
170	5	7	8	90	5	10	8		5	13	9	51	6	1	1	71
165	5	5	1	93	5	8	0		5	11	0	41	5	14	3	42
160	5	2	6	96	5	5	4		5	8	3	31	5	11	5	14
155	5	0	0	00	5	2	8		5	5	6	20	5	8	6	85
150	4	13	5	03	5	0	0		5	2	9	10	5	5	8	57
145	4	10	10	06	4	13	4		5	0	0	00	5	2	10	28
140	4	8	3	09	4	10	8		4	13	2	89	5	0	0	00
135	4	5	8	12	4	8	0		4	10	5	79	4	13	1	72
130	4	3	1	16	4	5	4		4	7	8	68	4	10	3	42
125	4	0	6	19	4	2	8		4	4	11	58	4	7	5	14
120	3	13	11	22	4	0	0		4	2	2	48	4	4	6	85
115	3	11	4	25	3	13	4		3	15	5	37	4	1	8	57
110	3	8	9	29	3	10	8		3	12	8	27	3	14	10	28
105	3	6	2	32	3	8	0		3	9	11	17	8	12	0	00
100	3	3	7	35	3	5	4		3	7	2	06	3	9	1	71
95	3	1	0	38	3	2	8		3	4	4	96	3	6	3	42
90	2	14	5	41	2	0	0		3	1	7	86	3	3	5	14
85	2	11	10	45	2	13	4		2	14	10	75	3	0	6	85
80	2	9	3	48	2	10	8		2	12	1	65	2	13	8	57
75	2	6	8	51	2	8	0		2	9	4	55	2	10	10	28
70	2	4	1	54	2	5	4		2	6	7	44	2	8	0	00
65	2	1	6	58	2	2	8		2	3	10	34	2	5	1	71
60	1	14	11	61	2	0	0		2	1	1	24	2	2	3	42
55	1	12	4	64	1	13	4		1	14	4	13	1	15	5	14
50	1	9	9	67	1	10	8		1	11	7	03	1	12	6	85
45	1	7	2	70	1	8	0		1	8	9	93	1	9	8	57
40	1	4	7	74	1	5	4		1	6	0	82	1	6	10	28
35	1	2	0	77	1	2	8		1	3	3	72	1	4	0	00
30	1	5	5	80	1	0	0		1	0	6	62	1	1	1	71
25	12	10	83		13	4			13	9		51	14	3		42
20	10	3	87		10	8			11	0		41	11	5		14
15	7	8	90		8	0			8	3		31	8	6		85
10	5	1	93		5	4			5	6		20	5	8		57
9	4	7	74		4	9			4	11		58	5	1		71
8	4	1	54		4	3			4	4		96	4	6		85
7	3	7	35		3	8			3	10		34	4	0		00
6	3	1	16		3	2			3	3		72	3	5		14
5	2	6	96		2	8			2	9		10	2	10		28
4	2	0	77		2	1			2	2		48	2	3		42
3	1	6	58		1	7			1	7		86	1	8		57
2	1	0	38		1	0			1	1		24	1	1		71
1	0	6	19		0	6			0	6		62	0	6		85
1	0	3	09		0	3			0	3		31	0	3		42

INCOME TABLES.

FOR TWENTY-EIGHT DAYS.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.				Per month of 30 days.				Per month of 29 days.				Per month of 28 days.			
	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.	RS.	A.	P.	D.
10,000	9,032	4	1	54	9,333	5	4		9,655	2	9	10	10,000	0	0	
5,000	4,516	2	0	77	4,666	10	8		4,827	9	4	55	5,000	0	0	
4,000	3,612	14	5	41	3,733	5	4		3,862	1	1	24	4,000	0	0	
3,000	2,709	10	10	06	2,800	0	0		2,896	8	9	92	3,000	0	0	
2,000	1,806	7	2	70	1,866	10	8		1,931	0	6	62	2,000	0	0	
1,000	903	3	7	35	933	5	4		965	8	3	30	1,000	0	0	
900	812	14	5	41	840	0	0		868	15	5	37	900	0	0	
800	722	9	3	48	746	10	8		772	6	7	44	800	0	0	
700	632	4	1	54	653	5	4		675	13	9	49	700	0	0	
600	541	14	11	61	560	0	0		579	4	11	58	600	0	0	
500	451	9	9	67	466	10	8		482	12	1	65	500	0	0	
400	361	4	7	74	373	5	4		386	3	3	72	400	0	0	
300	270	15	5	80	280	0	0		289	10	5	79	300	0	0	
200	180	10	3	86	186	10	8		193	1	7	86	200	0	0	
195	176	2	0	77	182	4	0		188	4	4	96	195	0	0	
190	171	9	9	67	177	5	4		183	7	2	06	190	0	0	
185	167	1	6	57	172	10	8		178	9	11	17	185	0	0	
180	162	9	3	48	168	0	0		173	12	8	27	180	0	0	
175	153	1	0	38	163	5	4		168	15	5	37	175	0	0	
170	153	8	9	28	158	10	8		164	2	2	48	170	0	0	
165	149	0	6	19	154	0	0		159	4	11	58	165	0	0	
160	144	8	3	09	149	5	4		154	7	8	68	160	0	0	
155	140	0	0	00	144	10	8		149	10	5	79	155	0	0	
150	135	7	8	90	140	0	0		144	13	2	89	150	0	0	
145	130	15	5	80	135	5	4		140	0	0	00	145	0	0	
140	126	7	2	70	130	10	8		135	2	9	10	140	0	0	
135	121	14	11	61	126	0	0		130	5	6	20	135	0	0	
130	117	6	8	51	121	5	4		125	8	3	30	130	0	0	
125	112	14	5	41	116	10	8		120	11	0	41	125	0	0	
120	108	6	2	32	112	0	0		115	13	9	51	120	0	0	
115	103	13	11	22	107	5	4		111	0	6	62	115	0	0	
110	99	5	8	12	102	10	8		106	3	3	72	110	0	0	
105	94	13	5	03	98	0	0		101	6	0	82	105	0	0	
100	90	5	1	93	93	5	4		96	8	9	92	100	0	0	
95	85	12	10	83	88	10	8		91	11	7	03	95	0	0	
90	81	4	7	74	84	0	0		86	14	4	13	90	0	0	
85	76	12	4	64	79	5	4		82	1	1	24	85	0	0	
80	72	4	1	54	74	10	8		77	3	10	34	80	0	0	
75	67	11	10	45	70	0	0		72	6	7	44	75	0	0	
70	63	3	7	35	65	5	4		67	9	4	55	70	0	0	
65	58	11	4	25	60	10	8		62	12	1	65	65	0	0	
60	54	3	1	16	56	0	0		57	14	10	75	60	0	0	
55	49	10	10	06	51	5	4		53	1	7	86	55	0	0	
50	45	2	6	96	46	10	8		48	4	4	96	50	0	0	
45	40	10	3	87	42	0	0		43	7	2	06	45	0	0	
40	36	2	0	77	37	5	4		38	9	11	17	40	0	0	
35	31	9	9	67	32	10	8		33	12	8	27	35	0	0	
30	27	1	6	58	28	0	0		28	15	5	37	30	0	0	
25	22	9	3	48	23	5	4		24	2	2	48	25	0	0	
20	18	1	0	38	18	10	8		19	4	11	58	20	0	0	
15	13	8	9	28	14	0	0		14	7	8	68	15	0	0	
10	9	0	6	19	9	5	4		9	10	5	79	10	0	0	
8	8	2	0	77	8	6	4	8	8	11	0	41	9	0	0	
7	7	3	7	35	7	7	5	6	7	11	7	03	8	0	0	
6	6	5	1	93	6	8	6	4	6	12	1	65	7	0	0	
5	5	6	8	51	5	9	7	2	5	12	8	27	6	0	0	
4	4	8	3	09	4	10	8	0	4	13	2	89	5	0	0	
3	3	9	9	67	3	11	8	8	3	13	9	51	4	0	0	
2	2	11	4	25	2	12	9	6	2	14	4	13	3	0	0	
1	1	12	10	83	1	13	10	4	1	14	10	75	2	0	0	
0	0	14	5	41	0	14	11	2	0	15	5	37	1	0	0	
0	0	7	2	70	0	7	5	6	0	7	8	68	0	8	0	

INCOME TABLES.

FOR TWENTY-NINE DAYS.

FOR THIRTY DAYS.

At Rs.	Per month of 31 days.	Per month of 30 days.	Per month of 29 days.	Per month of 31 days.	Per month of 30 days.
RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.	RS. A. P. D.
10,000	9,354 13 5 03	9,666 10 8	10,000 0 0	9,677 6 8 51	10,000 0 0
5,000	4,677 6 8 51	4,833 5 4	5,000 0 0	4,838 11 4 25	5,000 0 0
4,000	3,741 14 11 61	3,866 10 8	4,000 0 0	3,870 15 5 80	4,000 0 0
3,000	2,806 7 2 70	2,900 0 0	3,000 0 0	2,903 3 7 35	3,000 0 0
2,000	1,870 15 5 80	1,933 5 4	2,000 0 0	1,935 7 8 90	2,000 0 0
1,000	935 7 8 90	966 10 8	1,000 0 0	967 11 10 44	1,000 0 0
900	841 14 11 60	870 0 0	900 0 0	870 15 5 80	900 0 0
800	748 6 2 31	773 5 4	800 0 0	774 3 1 15	800 0 0
700	654 13 5 03	676 10 8	700 0 0	677 6 8 51	700 0 0
600	561 4 7 74	580 0 0	600 0 0	580 10 3 87	600 0 0
500	467 11 10 44	483 5 4	500 0 0	483 13 11 22	500 0 0
400	374 3 1 15	386 10 8	400 0 0	387 1 6 57	400 0 0
300	280 10 3 87	290 0 0	300 0 0	290 5 1 93	300 0 0
200	187 1 6 57	193 5 4	200 0 0	193 8 9 28	200 0 0
195	182 6 8 51	188 8 0	195 0 0	188 11 4 25	195 0 0
190	177 11 10 44	183 10 8	190 0 0	183 13 11 22	190 0 0
185	173 1 0 38	178 13 4	185 0 0	179 0 6 19	185 0 0
180	168 6 2 32	174 0 0	180 0 0	174 3 1 16	180 0 0
175	163 11 4 25	169 2 8	175 0 0	169 5 8 13	175 0 0
170	159 0 6 19	164 5 4	170 0 0	164 8 3 09	170 0 0
165	154 5 8 12	159 8 0	165 0 0	159 10 10 06	165 0 0
160	149 10 10 06	154 10 8	160 0 0	154 13 5 03	160 0 0
155	145 0 0 00	149 13 4	155 0 0	150 0 0 00	155 0 0
150	140 5 1 93	145 0 0	150 0 0	145 2 6 96	150 0 0
145	135 10 3 86	140 2 8	145 0 0	140 5 1 93	145 0 0
140	130 15 5 80	135 5 4	140 0 0	135 7 8 90	140 0 0
135	126 4 7 74	130 8 0	135 0 0	130 10 3 87	135 0 0
130	121 9 9 67	125 10 8	130 0 0	125 12 10 83	130 0 0
125	116 14 11 61	120 13 4	125 0 0	120 15 5 80	125 0 0
120	112 4 1 54	116 0 0	120 0 0	116 2 0 77	120 0 0
115	107 9 3 48	111 2 8	115 0 0	111 4 7 74	115 0 0
110	102 14 5 41	106 5 4	110 0 0	106 7 2 70	110 0 0
105	98 3 7 35	101 8 0	105 0 0	101 9 9 67	105 0 0
100	93 8 9 28	96 10 8	100 0 0	96 12 4 64	100 0 0
95	88 13 11 22	91 13 4	95 0 0	91 14 11 61	95 0 0
90	84 3 1 15	87 0 0	90 0 0	87 1 6 57	90 0 0
85	79 8 3 09	82 2 8	85 0 0	82 4 1 54	85 0 0
80	74 13 5 03	77 5 4	80 0 0	77 6 8 51	80 0 0
75	70 2 6 96	72 8 0	75 0 0	72 9 3 48	75 0 0
70	65 7 8 90	67 10 8	70 0 0	67 11 10 45	70 0 0
65	60 12 10 84	62 13 4	65 0 0	62 14 5 42	65 0 0
60	56 2 0 78	58 0 0	60 0 0	58 1 0 39	60 0 0
55	51 7 2 70	53 2 8	55 0 0	53 3 7 35	55 0 0
50	46 12 4 64	48 5 4	50 0 0	48 6 2 32	50 0 0
45	42 1 6 58	43 8 0	45 0 0	43 8 9 29	45 0 0
40	37 6 8 51	38 10 8	40 0 0	38 11 4 25	40 0 0
35	32 11 10 45	33 13 4	35 0 0	33 13 11 22	35 0 0
30	28 1 0 38	29 0 0	30 0 0	29 0 6 19	30 0 0
25	23 6 2 32	24 2 8	25 0 0	24 3 1 16	25 0 0
20	18 11 4 25	19 5 4	20 0 0	19 5 8 13	20 0 0
15	14 0 6 19	14 8 0	15 0 0	14 8 3 09	15 0 0
10	9 5 8 12	9 10 8	10 0 0	9 10 10 06	10 0 0
9	8 6 8 51	8 11 2 4	9 0 0	8 11 4 25	9 0 0
8	7 7 8 90	7 11 8 8	8 0 0	7 11 10 44	8 0 0
7	6 8 9 28	6 12 3 2	7 0 0	6 12 4 64	7 0 0
6	5 9 9 67	5 12 9 6	6 0 0	5 12 10 83	6 0 0
5	4 10 10 06	4 13 4 0	5 0 0	4 13 5 03	5 0 0
4	3 11 10 44	3 13 10 4	4 0 0	3 13 11 22	4 0 0
3	2 12 10 83	2 14 4 8	3 0 0	2 14 5 41	3 0 0
2	1 13 11 22	1 14 11 2	2 0 0	1 14 11 61	2 0 0
1	0 14 11 61	0 15 5 6	1 0 0	0 15 5 80	1 0 0
1/2	0 7 5 80	0 7 8 8	0 8 0	0 7 8 90	0 8 0

TRADE LIST.

Agents and Auctioneers.

Messrs. FACIOLLE AND Co.—4, MacLean Street, Black Town.—PARTNER: A. Faciolle.
ASSISTANTS: E. Faciolle, A. Plecquet and E. Guerre.

Agent for American Ships.

Shaw, A. H. Ice House, St. Thomé.

Agent to the Brunton Press Company.

DeSilva, Adrian 34, 2nd Line Beach.

Agents for Morison's Pills.

Home, Mrs. L. C. 34, Broadway.

Walter, A. 6, Beach.

Architects and Sculptors.

Bennett, J. and Co. 3, Kennett's Road, Egmore.

FitzGerald Brothers 8, Kennett's Road, Egmore.

Horgan and Co. Purswaukum.

Law, John 164, Mount Road.

Ostheider, Henry 33, do.

Pamby, J. Chintadrepettah.

Auctioneers and Commission Salesmen.

Andrews, Joseph 5, Mount Road

Balls, H. and Co. Broadway

Bowie, S. and Co. Do.

Britto, L. and Co. 3, Do.

Carr, R. P. and Co. 4, North Beach

DeSilva, F. A. and Co. 18, Errabaulloo Chetty Street

D'Rozario and Co. Beach

Durrant and Spencer 187, Mount Road

Franck and Co. 200, do.

Garrett, J. G. 2d Line Beach

Murray and Co. Do.

Oakes and Co. 9, Broadway

Rencontre and Co. Black Town

Williamson and Co. 5, North Beach

Bakers, Ice Confectioners, and Provisioners.

Durnford and Co. 192, Mount Road

Laybourn and Co. 12, Mount Road

Book Binders.

Asylum Press 166, Mount Road

Adelphi Press 175, do.

Foster Press 23, Rundall's Road, Vepery

Scottish Press 7, Broadway

Boot, Shoe, Saddle and Harness Makers.

Augustin, S. 1—30, Mount Road

Bernard, J. and Co. Stringer's Street

Brisson, Simon 57, Broadway

Browne, T. 353, Poonamallee Road

Castellanos and Son 167, Mount Road

Farley, J. R. 28, do.

Hobday, J. 159, Broadway

Lawrence, A. 30, Mount Road

L'Fleur, J. Black Town

Pyke, H. G. 32, Mount Road

Rozario, J. 10, Nungumbankum

Simpson and Co. 75, Mount Road

White, E. 162, do.

Williamson and Co. do.

Boat Owners, Shipping Agents and Merchants.

Bennett, J. and Co. North Beach
 Shaw and Co. 2d Line Beach

Booksellers and Stationers.

Burton, C. Black Town
 Gantz Brothers 175, Mount Road
 Grant, E. 22, do.
 Hawken, J. D. S, Broadway
 Higginbotham, J., Depôt for Miscel-
 laneous, Fancy Goods, &c. 165, Mount Road

Cabinet Makers.

Beaumont, R. and Co. 30, Mount Road
 Deschamps, J. and Co. 13, do.
 Maddox and Co. Egmores
 Shaw, W. P. 163, Mount Road

Cheroot Merchants.

DeLatre and Co. 198, Mount Road
 Harris and Co. Black Town
 Lazaro and Co. do.
 Pierce, J. 56, Broadway

Chemists and Druggists.

Barrie and Co. 2, Poonamallee Road and Mount Road
 DeBeaux and Co. 190, Esplanade
 LeFebour and Co. 160, Broadway
 Norton, G. and Co. 20, Mount Road
 Scott and Co. 23, Broadway
 West and Co. 167, do.

Clothiers and Out-fitters.

Fonseca and Co. 179, Mount Road
 Garratt, William 18, do.
 Moses, J. and Co. 156, do.
 White, E. 162, do.

Coach Builders.

Braden, J. Poonamallee Road
 Grant, C. Perambore
 Leggett and Son 169, Mount Road
 Simpson and Co. 15, do.
 Tod and Co. 153, do.

Dentists.

French, E. Nos. 21 and 22, Stringer's Street
 Clerk, S. W. Spur Tank, Egmores

Family Hotels.

Albion Black Town
 Ameer Baugh 153, Mount Road
 Bath House Opposite General Hospital
 Berlin Family Behind the Club
 Capper House South Beach, St. Thomé
 Clarendon Esplanade, Black Town
 Commercial 26 and 27, Errabuloo Chetty Street
 Denison Family Teynampet
 Elphinstone Mount Road
 Elphinstone (Branch) Egmores
 English Family, No. I Mount Road
 Do. No. II Wellington House, back of the Club
 Imperial 153, Mount Road
 Mount Road Family Mackay's Garden
 Royal Late Commander-in-Chief's House
 Union 160, Mount Road
 Victoria Near Royapettah Police

General Dealer.

Taylor, W. H. 31, Mount Road

Gunsmiths (Licensed.)

Braden, J. Poonamallee Road
 Jupe, F. J. 185, Mount Road

Hair Dresser.

Logan, Mrs. G. B. 160, Mount Road

Ice Depot Agent.

Shaw, A. H. 148, St. Thomé and 2d Line Beach

Jewellers, Silversmiths, Manufacturers of Military Appointments, Musical Instrument Tuners, and Watch and Clock Repairers.

Allan and Co. 170, Broadway
 Bonjour, A. 193, Mount Road
 Croom, J. Pursewaukum
 D'Alvez and Co. 15, Broadway
 Draper, W. Black Town
 Orr, P. and Sons. 8, Mount Road
 Rehelo, A. A. D. J. 26, do.
 Tate, H. 23, do.
 Tate, C. Vepery
 Zcherpel, A. Pursewaukum
 Vincent, T. E. and Co. 42, Broadway
 Williamson, A. L. 185, Mount Road

Lending Library.

Burton, C. Black Town
 Walter, T. E. do.

Lithographer.

Barren, A. 6, Rundall's Road, Vepery

Livery Stable-keepers.

Edwards, J. H. Perambore Road
 Evers, Peter Royapettah
 Foster, C., Junior 23, Rundall's Road, Vepery
 Goodchild and Co. Royapettah
 Johnson and Co. Near Madras Club
 Taylor and Co. 176, Mount Road
 Taylor, W. H. 31, do.
 Waller and Co. 17, do.

Manufacturer of Brown Paper and Ink.

Foster, C., Junior 23, Rundall's Road, Vepery

Manufacturer of Oils and Essences.

Gay and Co. Stringer's Street, Town

Milliners and Dress-makers.

Fox, Mrs. 161, Mount Road
 Kepling, Madame 20, do.
 Leggett, Mesdames and Co. 169, do.
 Lorenz, Madame 182, do.
 Oakes and Co. Broadway

Portrait and Landscape Painter.

Fonseca, J. J. 26, Mount Road

Photographers.

Nicholas Brothers 158, Mount Road
 West, J. 167, Broadway
 Williamson and Co. 185, Mount Road
 Thunsing Mount Road

Ship Chandlers and Marine Storekeepers.

Grant, Cyrus 12, North Beach
Jones and Co. 2d Line Beach

Surgeons and Private Practitioners.

Conran, G., M. D. Vepery
Urquhart, J., M. D. Poonamallee Road

Surveyors and Importers of Marine Stores.

Burton, H. (Marine Surveyor only).... North Beach
Shaw and Co. 2d Line Beach

Transit Agents and Proprietors.

Indian Carrying Company, (Limited) Mount Road and 2d Line Beach
Taylor and Co. 176, Mount Road

Undertakers.

Deweltz and Co. John Pereira's
Hill and Co. 136, Mount Road
Trotter and Co. 17, Vepery High Road, and 134, Mount Road.
opposite Thousand Lights
Regel and Co. 31, Broadway

Wine Merchants, &c.

Assey and Co. McLean Street, Black Town
Balls H. and Co. 153, Popham's Broadway
Boswell and Co. Royapooram
Bowie, S., and Co. 22, Broadway
Garrett, J. G. 2d Line Beach
Gotting and Co. 25, Broadway
McDowell and Co. 2d Line Beach
Taylor, W. H. 31, Mount Road

NATIVE TRADESMEN.

Alwar Chetty & Co. Shopkeepers 153, Broadway and Mount
Road
Appacooty Pillay, P. & Co. Do. Mount Road
Barracuth & Co. Coach-builder 193, do.
David & Co. Bakers, Ice Confectioners, &c. 195, do.
Fox & Co. Shop-keepers 16, Broadway
Gopaul Kistnamah Chetty, R.
and Co. Do. 173, do.
Govindoorajooloo Chetty & Co. Do. 175, do.
Krishnasawmi, C. V. Booksellers & Stationers 13, Armenian Street
Maselamoney Brothers Photographers 156, Broadway
Mooneapah, B. & Co. Booksellers & Stationers, &c. 140, Mount Road
Moonesawmy, P. Naidoo & Co. Shopkeepers 171, Opposite Market
Moonesawmy & Co. Book-binders Genl. Pater's Road
Moideen Saib & Co. Tailors and Habit-makers 178, Broadway
Narain Chetty, A. & Co. Shopkeepers 174, do.
Parthasarthy & Co. Do. 181, do.
Parthasarady, M. Chetty & Co. Do. 21, do.
Partharavy, M. Do. Evening Bazar Road
Rajaruthnum, V. D. Brothers. Do. Mint Street
Ramanjum Chetty, T. V. & Co. Do. 165, Broadway
Ramanjum Chetty, N. V. & Co. Do. 12, do.
Ramanjum Chetty & Co. Do. 185, do.
Ramasawmy Chetty, G. & Co. Do. Esplanade, Black Town
Ramasawmy Naidoo and Son. Do. 21, North Beach
Rassook Saib & Co. Tailors and Habit-makers 5, Broadway
Rungiah Chetty & Co. Coach-builders Poonamallee Road
Rungiah Chetty, C. & Co. Shopkeepers 11, do.
Rungiah & Co. Do. 4, do.
Sabapathy Moodelly, F. Baker, Ice Confectioner, &c. 185, Mount Road
Shadogapah, M. S. & Co. Shopkeepers 187, do.
Sasachellum, E. Chetty & Co. Do. 162, Broadway

Shaik Adam & Sons Tailors and Habit-makers 168, Broadway
Soobaroy, S. & Co. Coach-builders and Livery
Stable-keepers Rundall's Road, Vepery
Soondrum, P. Dentist Marshall's Road, Egmore
Syed Esack Livery Stable-keeper 193, Mount Road
Syed Hamed Coach-builder 183, do.
Thanagachella Moody, & Co. Coach-builder and Livery
Stable-keeper Egmore, near Kirk
Thapermal Chetty, R. & Co. Shopkeeper 2, Broadway
Vyapoory Maistry Coach-builder 19, Mount Road
Yellapah Moodelly, & Co. Export and Import Merchants
and General Merchants Sydenham Gardens, West of [Park]

PRINTING PRESSES.

Asylum, (Wm. Thomas, Superintendent) 166, Mount Road
Adelphi, (Gantz Brothers) 175, do.
Advertising and Printing Company Popham House
Asiatic, (P. Iyah Chetty) Linga Chetty Street No. 292.
Foster Press, (C. Foster, Proprietor) 23, Rundall's Road, Vepery
Government Gazette, (H. Morgan, Acting Supt.) Government Office, Fort
Hindu, (T. Sabapathy, Moodelliar, Agent) Armenian Street
Imperial Press, (C. Annasawmy Moodelly) Broadway
Price Current, (H. A. Pereyra) Sembodoss Street
Star Press, (C. Arokiasawmy Pillay) Errabauloo Chetty Street
United Scottish Press, (Graves, Cookson and Co.) Popham's Broadway
Vurthamanatharunghini, (P. Venkata Row)

PUBLICATIONS.

Weekly.

Observer—Every Thursday Gantz Brothers

Bi-Monthly.

Chamber of Commerce Price Current The Secretary
Price Current Dymes and Co.
Madras Price Current H. A. Pereyra
Overland Athenaeum and Daily News G. H. Ross
Overland Times Jas. D. Vincent

Monthly.

Church Missionary Record Gantz Brothers
Commercial Statements of Imports and Exports H. A. Pereyra
Journal of Education G. H. Ross
The Adelphi Press Army List Gantz Brothers
Indian Jurist do.

Quarterly.

Army and Civil Service Lists, published by Authority Wm. Thomas
Medical Journal Gantz Brothers

Annually.

Asylum Press Almanac Wm. Thomas
Calendar on Sheets do.
Do. do. and Pocket C. Foster
Do. do. Gantz Brothers
Illustrated Almanac C. Foster
People's Almanac Gantz Brothers
South India Almanac J. Tulloch

Newspapers.

Publishers, &c.

Madras Times—Daily, Sundays excepted J. D. Vincent
Tri-Weekly: Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning ..
Athenaeum and Daily News—Daily, Sundays excepted ..
Tri-Weekly: Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday morning ..
Standard—Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning
Fort St. George Gazette Tuesday & Friday evening
Vurthamanatharunghini, (Telugu)—10th, 20th, and 30th
of each month
Dhinavurtamauni (Tamil)—Saturday Rev. P. Percival.

LIST OF COFFEE ESTATES.

Name of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
COONOOOR.		
Bennuhullay...	J. Hunter	Rhuse
Billikul	Colonel Woodfall	Darling
Burley	Reverend Wait	Reverend Wait
Cartary	M. A. Facienne	M. A. Facienne
Hookey	A. Allon	A. Allon
Hoolikul	Chambers and Stainbanks	Stainbanks
Koobay	J. Haynes and Groves	Groves
Kootay-a-cumbay	Major Sweet	Ellis
Kullah Moodoo	Nungaparoo	Nungaparoo
Neerhully Coombay	J. Melvor	Stainbanks
Neer-humnee	Hodson and Sanderson	Unknown
Poorumbhoor	Captain Fuller	do
Pucka Choorah Mullah	Mullaly	T. Kay
KOTERGHERRY.		
Anniennu	C. E. G. Ekersall	C. E. Ekersall
Andoothuray	J. F. Fletcher	Wm. Bunnian
Annacuttee	F. A. Griffiths	E. Sherman
Balharra	Major Anytley	R. Ryall
Bygunnee, or the Willow Glen	J. H. and W. Evatt Strange	J. H. Strange
Echooray	M. D. and F. Cockburn	D'Cruze
Yerragand	Arbuthnot	F. Cockburn
Goodagul	M. D. and F. Cockburn	D'Cruze
Dodahulla	Colonel Cooper	Colonel Cooper
Howurray	A. L. Brown	H. Boyers
Knowladdah	D. Cockburn	D. Cockburn
Kookool or the Orange-valley	Bristow	W. C. Hayne
Kowlay, lower Estate	Franjee, Williams and R. Ryall	Albert Ryall
Kowtay	R. Ryall	R. Ryall
Kunouttee	F. Cockburn	D'Cruze
Neer Gundee or the Roo-kury	Captain Fuller	W. Erat Strange
Sailhara	Abboo Sait	Sheik Muctoo
Taltapollum	Colonel White, General Edge, Colonel Cooper and W. B. Wigan Esq.	F. Sherman
NORTH-WEST WYNAAD.		
Fairfield	Private Company	A. C. Mellier
Collissie	Macfarlane and Peebles	W. F. Macfarlane
Furlough	Ghaut Coffee Company	A. Higinbotham
Coondoor	P. H. Gordon	Owner
Karkerry	do	do
Langcliffe	H. Dawson	do
Mary Bagherry	Limjee Manockjee	T. B. Bissano, Agent
Oliout	H. Forman	James Boosey
Carticollum	do	do Agent
Minie Ha Ha	J. Macfarlane	G. Hubbard
Bushy Park	do	do
Mary	Carnatic Coffee Company	H. LeMesurier
Glenlee	A. H. Anderson	Owner
Paltery	J. Gordon	W. F. Macfarlane
Cherrya Moodu	do	do
Maka Mullah	do	do
Coonda Coon	J. A. Cameron	R. Wotherspoon
Alatur	do	do
Pew Dindimull	Frazer and Dunbar	T. R. Richmond
Do, Manantoddy	do	do
Do, Tyrenhelli	do	do
Huntly	J. Gordon	do
Ramsey	Pandoorung and Richmond	do
Nemone Mullah	J. Nicholson	J. B. Kibble

Name of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
NORTH-WEST WYNAAD—Contd.		
Koomben Mullah	L. O'Hallaran	Owner
Rasselas	F. E. Richmond	F. E. Richmond
Pandoorung	Richmond and Pandoorung	do
Richelieu	Rich	do
Dramerees	Thompson	do
Richville	Rich	do
Bon Espoir	Colonel Smyth	A. Higinbotham
Wynaad	do. and Cooke	do
Bon Accord	do.	do
Moodra Mullah	Bombay and Coast Coffee Company	W. H. S. Crawford, Agent
Vellura Mullah	Colonel Woolridge	Owner
Teddington Glen Bottom	Bombay and Coast Coffee Company	W. H. S. Crawford, Agent
Wyacoona	T. B. Bassano	J. M. Closson
Canooth	J. M. Closson	Owner
Pilley Cadoo	Madras Coffee Company	W. T. Hayne
Teta Mullah	Boyd and Company	J. Gordon, Agent
Ampoorna	Cama and Company	G. F. Brown
Raganath	do.	do
Kaliote	C. Puddicombe	Owner
Bramagerry	Madras Coffee Company	W. T. Hayne
Reading	H. Sigg	Owner
Jessie	Cream	do
Hill Dale	Charles Brown	do
Red Bank	do.	do
Clotilda	E. Fernandez	M. H. Afforne
Chappara Mullah	do.	C. A. Verede
Agampoornam	J. Mann	J. C. Closson
Canaten	do.	J. Bell
Sue Sunker	T. R. Richmond	Owner
SOUTH WYNAAD.		
Anaparah	T. J. Fergusson	Owner
Eagle	G. J. Glasson	A. Schlunk
Cullore	Leckie and Co.	G. L. Yonge
Annette	do.	A. J. Wildes
Charlotte	do.	C. S. Moon
Carta Munda	G. L. Yonge	Owner
Paila Coon	do.	do
Oola Quee	do.	do
Emily	A. Lopez	do
Victoria	do.	do
Virginia	do.	do
Ellembellary Peak	A. Hinde	do
Panorah Peak	T. H. Rossall	do
Erromaculah	do.	do
Perenda Methel	G. J. Glasson	T. Jones (Lesse)
Vytheri	do.	do
Pookoote	Robinson and Brown	H. W. Brown
Meypadie	Boosey and Rimington	A. H. Kenney
Adelaide	H. D. Cartwright	James Boosey
The Field	do.	J. Brown
Wallace	do.	J. Boosey
Coombatoor	W. Holland	Owner
Catherine	M. Vas	do
Aurora	do.	do
Coonambuttah	J. A. Turner	do
Chembattie	P. S. Punnett	Owner
Perendatye	Boyd and Co.	J. Gordon, Agent
Do.	do.	do
Perin Cholah	J. Gordon	do
Moleena	Boyd and Gordon	do
Woodlands	A. Griffin	J. Gordon, Agent
Mundah Mullah	W. Kennedy	Owner
Lackadie	A. Rimington	J. B. Buckham
Rimington, No. 1	M. Rimington	Owner

Name of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
SOUTH WYNAAD—Continued.		
Rimington, No. 2	M. Rimington	Owner
Faith	do	do
Charity	do	do
Thallapoyah	Miss Jones	F. Jones
Arra Mullah	Native Coffee Company	
Saint Mary	W. Carter	Owner
Culputty	Southern India Coffee Company	Vertue & Minchin
Caroline	do	L. S. Clerk
Chumbrani	do	Vertue & Minchin, Agents
Mootoo Mullah	do	do
Askern	J. Smith	S. Prager
Anda Tode	H. B. Winterbotham	Owner
Jane	A. C. Barnes	do
Lancaster	G. J. Glasson	J. Simon
Ballia Parrah	McCulloch	J. Smith
Emily	Chapman and Barrington	R. W. Barrington
Charlotte	Boyd and Co.	J. Cochrane
Tandiota	J. Nicholas	P. Batty
"Glen Mary"	Manderson and Day	do
Mersalliah	T. R. D'Cruz	D. D'Silva
Tanootha	Southern India Coffee Company	Thompson
Poothacooly	C. Wildes	Owner
Arnada Corp.	C. Young	J. Cochrane
Sleepy Hollow	Boyd and Co.	Owner
Adelaide	St. B. DeRozario	L. S. Clerk
Ernestine	Captain Perfume	Owner
Rosamund	D'Vas	Owner
SOUTH-EAST WYNAAD.		
Strathern	Moyar Coffee Company	C. Y. Reed, Agent.
Maryland	do	do
Hope	Alfred Wright	Fernandes
Wentworth	Schmidt, Fletcher and Wright	Alfred Wright.
Arat Parah	C. Godfrey	
Moyar Valley	Moyar Coffee Company	C. Y. Reed, Agent
Pencage	do	do
Thorapully	do	do
Beta Mund	J. Vigors	Owner
Coo Mullay	F. Hughes	Owner
Richmond	Adphus Wright	do
Mary Ann	Alfred Wright	do
The Grange	Major Watts	A. Wright
Sombre	Captain Godfrey	Owner.
Kulkuttah	A. Higgins	do.
Surrey	Abboo Sait and Co.	Owner
Harewood	J. F. Mackenzie	Owner
Kintail	do	do
Charambady	Maylor and others	Vertue & Minchin Agents
Mary Ellen	do	do
Vellangoor	Boyson and Gordon	J. Gordon Agent
Nundutty	J. Higginbotham	Owner
Naikany	Nelambore Rajah	Minchin and Vertue
Naiken Shola	Cox and Minchin	do Agents
Adelphi	Minchin Brothers	do do
Pailey Mullah	T. L. Browning	Owner
Unbillee Mullah	H. G. Sinclair	Owner
Bates Brother	Bates Brothers	T. Turner
Caroline	Alexd. Wright	Owner
Maramuttac	J. B. Burnett	do
Balcarras	A. Steedman	A. H. Steedman
Sheerdale	J. Miller and others	A. Lowe
Yella Mullah	Captain Godfrey	Owner

Names of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
SOUTH-EAST WYNAAD—Contd.		
Needle Rock	Abboo Sait and Co.	G. Banyan
Perseverance	Malabar, E. I. Coffee Company	A. Wright
Bernstein	Malcolm and Lasceron	E. W. Lasceron
Peria Chola	Robertson and Paull	Vertue & Minchin, Agent
Glen Vans	J. Vans Agnew	T. Murray
Seaforth	Hon'ble W. R. Arbuthnot	A. Griffin
Chembillee Mullah	L. D'Silva	Owner
Hamslade	J. W. Minchin	Peter Cherry
Hamsluck	do	do
Glenrock	J. Pirrie	H. Ryan
Kulliad	Moyar Coffee Company	C. Y. Reed, Agent
Helen	J. Ouchterlony	J. Tyndall
Gynd	do	
Sandy Hills	do	
Lauriston	do	
Suffolk	do	H. Coates
Balmadees	Rhode, Junior	
Rose Dell	H. and J. Ryan	H. V. Ryan
Rockwood	Schmidt, Ryan and Company	J. W. Ryan
Dingley Dell	Schmidt and Company	do
Hope	J. Ouchterlony	J. Tyndall
Oakley	do	S. Swan
Goodloor Mullah	do	H. Coates
Trevellyan	W. Williams	J. Williams
Clifford	Gall Smith and Wright	A. Wright
Iram	Wright and Wood	
Adeline	Alex. Wright	Owner
Aron Dale	Mrs. Atkins	E. Atkins
Lewellyn	do	Vertue & Minchin, Agents
NEILGHEERY PEAK VALLEY.		
Dandy Poya	C. Godfrey	C. Godfrey
Glenvans	Vans Agnew	Murray and Wright
Peria Chola	Robertson	
Seaforth	W. R. Arbuthnot	Griffin
Umballa Mullay	Sinclair	Sinclair
Yella Mullay	Captain Godfrey	C. Godfrey
NELLACOTTAM.		
Betta Mund	Vigors	Vigors
Do.	J. Gordon	Mitchell
Do.	Madtrana	A. Native
Do.	Porumballah	Porumballah
Mara Mootoo	Burnett	Burnett
NELLIALOM.		
Burstein	Lasceron and Malcolm	Lasceron
Rockwood	Ryan and others	J. W. Ryan
Nellialom	Hollis and Nunjaparow	Hollis
Needle Rock	Abboo Sait and Co.	Bunyan
Dingley Dell	Schmidt, Ryan and others	J. W. Ryan
Provident	Calicut East India Company	A. G. Frericks
Trevellyan	W. Williams	J. H. Williams
Limerick	Schmidt and Ryan	J. W. Ryan
DAVALLAH.		
Kintail	Mr. McKenzie	McKenzie
PUNDALOO.		
Caroline	Alexander Wright	Alexander Wright
Glen Rock	Pirie	Ryan, Junior
Hope	Malabar, East India Company	Fernandez
Richmond	Adolphus Wright	Adolphus Wright
Kingston	F. Fletcher	H. V. Ryan
Rose Dell	W. V. Ryan and others	do.

Names of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
CHERUMBADDY.		
Wentworth...	Schmidt, Fletcher and Wright	Venketramanah Naik
Mary Anne...	Alfred Wright	do
Iliram...	Alfred Wright and Wood	G. Bunyan
Clifford...	Mrs. Gall, Maj. Smith, & Alfred Wright	do
Lewellyn...	Maylor and others	E. T. Grollett
Mary Ellen...	Mr. W. Maylor	do
OUCHTERLONY VALLEY.		
Balmadies...	Rhode and others	Sevan and Norman
Goodloor Mullay...	J. Ouchterlony	Coates and Rungia
Gynd...	Ouchterlony and Campbell	Reid, Dumbleton & Shaw
Helen...	J. Ouchterlony	Tyndall, Budd & Vernall
Hope...	do	Tyndall and Adams
Lauriston...	Ouchterlony and others	Reid, Cowan & Dawes
Oakley...	J. Ouchterlony	Turnage
Sandy Hills...	do	Tyndall and Kemmins
Suffolk...	Ouchterlony and others	H. Coates
Barwood...	do	Tyndall and Prichard
SEEGORE.		
Glencairn...	Dawson and McIvor	G. A. R. Dawson
Seegore...	do	G. Dawson
Stauley...	do	G. A. R. Dawson
St. Annie...	Mr. J. Etienne	W. Jones
Three Brothers...	Richardson and Short	J. Green
Tippocaudoo...	Major Morgan	Butcher
do...	Groves	do
Westbury...	Dawson and Johnson	H. R. Dawson, Junior
CHINCHONA, COFFEE AND TEA ESTATES.		
KOTERGHERRY.		
Kodanand...	Rose and Findlay	C. Baker
Do...	F. R. Phillips	G. Catley
Kotergherry...	Miss Cockburn	Miss Cockburn
Do...	Curzen and Smith	C. C. Patmore

LIST OF COFFEE PLANTERS IN COORG.

Movern Lodge...	D. McPherson	Mendoza
Beauvoir Lodge...	Rev. A. Fennell	Mrs. Fennell
Knoll...	Major G. M. Martin	Chittianah
Muddenand...	Henry Mann	J. W. Finlayson
Kimmady Mallay...	Henry Mann and Co.	J. Brewer
Kuggulnaud...	do.	do.
Koorimulnaud...	do.	C. Grant
Coonner Mallay...	Henry Mann	do.
Magalamany Betta...	C. Grant and Co.	D. Halpin
Chalders...	A. Bain	W. Burnett
Pandy Mallay...	Henry Mann and Co.	W. G. Aspinall
Mercara...	A. C. Campbell	J. E. Taylor
Cuplaycaudoo...	J. Fowler	C. Waller
Helenhulley...	C. W. James	J. Milne
Glenmoor...	J. P. Hunt	E. Hamlin
Coomboocaudoo...	Messrs. Markham, Lacey & Jennings	W. Jennings
Cotaycaudoo...	E. Roberts	Moothoosawmy
Coorg Coffee Company...	Henry Mann and Co.	R. Hammond & F. Rylett
Fischer's...	W. U. Arbuthnot and Co.	J. D'Vaz
Poorvaathingcaudoo...	J. G. Marshall	Juggernauth
Closeburn...	Major Martin & Doctor Kirkpatrick	P. Pearson
Upper May Mallay...	Messrs. Lambert and Boyd	W. P. Hay
Kee Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co.	J. H. Young
Lower May Mallay...	D. Stewart	A. Stephen

Names of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
COORG.—Continued.		
Salop...	R. McLaurith	F. W. Young
Belatha Mallay...	Messrs. Lambert and Boyd	D. A. Brown
Bavathog Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co.	B. M. Kennedy
Pachindray Mallay...	do.	R. Gibbens
Aberdour...	J. Russell	J. Russell
Bubbooraudoo Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co.	Unknown
Clutha...	do.	A. McInnes
Halarinaad...	H. A. Mangles	F. Mangles
Glencoorg...	Carnatic Coffee Company	A. Mitchell
Fanny Vale...	Captain P. James	A. Kennedy
Loudon Valley...	Mrs. E. Wright	W. Wright
Belthay Mallay...	Rev. A. Fennell	S. D. Fennell
Lilferds...	W. V. Drummond	W. V. Drummond
Rock Ville...	W. Brown	W. Brown
Hegella Mallay...	Mrs. A. M. Fowler	J. Fowler
Clifton...	F. Brown	F. Brown
Alathungeaudoo...	Carnatic Coffee Company	W. A. B. Cullin
Kakoondah...	do.	W. Macdonald
Woodside...	do.	H. P. Minchin
Soontycoopum...	D. McPherson	J. McPherson
Pullaycaudoo...	Carnatic Coffee Company	H. P. Minchin
Yellapcaudoo...	J. McKenzie	J. McKenzie
Curria Mallay...	W. Rose	W. Rose
Cotaycaudoo...	F. Brown	F. Brown
Thotaycaudoo...	J. McKenzie	J. McKenzie
Baurycandoo...	Mrs. McKenzie	J. McKenzie
Rockcliffe...	J. Stewart	G. Matcher
Unmuthnaad...	Rev. Kondynia	J. Godfrey
Auchybeta...	do.	H. Hahn
Yemmagoondy...	Rev. Richter	Schmidt
Machiah...	W. W. Arbuthnot and Co.	J. W. Macdonald
Kembookoly...	Rev. Richter and Co.	A. Gomes
Thundadabetta...	Captain P. James	H. A. Craig
Polly Betta...	St. John Shaw	A. Benze
Engulgherrycaudoo...	Rev. Kondynia	Unknown
Wooderhully...	J. P. Hunt	J. Mann
Kuthlaycaudoo...	do.	W. Mann
Oaklands...	J. Gillebrand	J. Borebank
Jalakuntakoroo...	S. G. Tipping	S. G. Tipping
Musculboray...	Captain P. James and Co.	Unknown
Allathopoo...	J. P. Hunt	G. R. Evans
Thobuncooly...	do.	A. R. Alston
Purchaycaudoo...	do.	N. Denison
Igoonds...	Captain R. Taylor	R. S. Pelly
Cauvery...	Carnatic Coffee Company	A. Bouvard
Kootial...	Major Renton and Co.	Unknown
Cartton...	R. P. Carr	T. F. Vanspall
Glenora...	C. Grant and Co.	J. Woodward
Baganaad...	R. Hammond and J. Brewer	F. Jacques
Thovanaad...	J. W. Finlayson	Unknown
Perambaddy...	J. McKenzie	J. McKenzie
Athole...	J. W. Savage	J. W. Savage
Glenmorrisson...	J. Fowler	G. Waller
Burnside...	G. Anderson	G. Anderson
Glenurquhart...	A. Pollexfen and Fletcher	A. Pollexfen
Roseneath...	W. Rose	W. Rose
Cluny...	D. McPherson	H. P. Drummond
Beechland's...	J. Cummins	W. McDonaghue
Benlmond...	G. Ross	G. Ross
Titmutty...	J. Watson	J. Watson
Hoomalay...	Messrs. Faunce, Sherard & E. S. Lallow	E. Ludlow
Bagavathy...	Messrs. Denton and F. Green	A. Kenrick
Mercara...	Sir Barnes Peacock	Mendoza
Allacuttay...	H. A. Mangles and Co.	Ross
Buthicayrausee...	Major F. Gray	Unknown
Borkerray...	Captain R. Taylor	C. Whish and F. Grey
Titmutty...	J. W. Hayes	G. Watson

Names of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
CHERUMBADDY.		
Wentworth...	Schmidt, Fletcher and Wright...	Venketramanah Naik
Mary Anne...	Alfred Wright...	do
fifram...	Alfred Wright and Wood...	G. Bunyan
Clifford...	Mrs. Gall, Maj. Smith, & Alfred Wright	do
Lewellyn...	Maylor and others...	E. T. Grollett
Mary Ellen...	Mr. W. Maylor...	do
OUCHTERLONY VALLEY.		
Balmadies...	Rhode and others...	Sevan and Norman
Goodloor Mullay...	J. Ouchterlony...	Coates and Rungia
Gynd...	Ouchterlony and Campbell...	Reid, Dumbleton & Shaw
Helen...	J. Ouchterlony...	Tyndall, Budd & Vernal
Hope...	do	Tyndall and Adams
Lauriston...	Ouchterlony and others...	Reid, Cowan & Dawes
Oakley...	J. Ouchterlony...	Turnage
Sandy Hills...	do	Tyndall and Kemmins
Suffolk...	Ouchterlony and others...	H. Coates
Barwood...	do	Tyndall and Prichard
SEEGORE.		
Glencairn...	Dawson and McIvor...	G. A. R. Dawson
Seegore...	do	G. Dawson
Stanley...	do	G. A. R. Dawson
St. Annie...	Mr. J. Etienne...	W. Jones
Three Brothers...	Richardson and Short...	J. Green
Tippoccardoo...	Major Morgan...	Butcher
do...	Groves...	do
Westbury...	Dawson and Johnson...	H. R. Dawson, Junior
CHINCHONA, COFFEE AND TEA ESTATES.		
KOTERCHERRY.		
Kodanaud...	Rose and Findlay...	C. Baker
Do...	F. R. Phillips...	G. Catley
Kotercherry...	Miss Cockburn...	Miss Cockburn
Do...	Curzen and Smith...	C. C. Patmore

LIST OF COFFEE PLANTERS IN COORG.

Movern Lodge...	D. McPherson...	Mendoza
Beauvoir Lodge...	Rev. A. Fennell...	Mrs. Fennell
Knoll...	Major G. M. Martin...	Chittianah
Muddenaud...	Henry Mann...	J. W. Finlayson
Kimmady Mallay...	Henry Mann and Co...	J. Brewer
Kuggulnaud...	do...	do
Koormulnaud...	do...	C. Grant
Coonner Mallay...	Henry Mann...	do
Magalamany Betta...	C. Grant and Co...	D. Halpin
Chaiders...	A. Bain...	W. Burnett
Pandy Mallay...	Henry Mann and Co...	W. G. Aspinall
Mercara...	A. C. Campbell...	J. E. Taylor
Cuplaycaudoo...	J. Fowler...	C. Waller
Helenhulley...	C. W. James...	J. Milne
Glenmoor...	J. P. Hunt...	E. Hamlin
Coomboocaudoo...	Messrs. Markham, Lacey & Jennings...	W. Jennings
Cotaycaudoo...	E. Roberts...	Moothoosawmy
Coorg Coffee Company...	Henry Mann and Co...	R. Hammond & F. Rylett
Fischer's...	W. U. Arbuthnot and Co...	J. D'Vaz
Poorvaathingcaudoo...	J. G. Marshall...	Juggernaith
Cloeburn...	Major Martin & Doctor Kirkpatrick...	P. Pearson
Upper May Mallay...	Messrs. Lambert and Boyd...	W. P. Hay
Kee Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co...	J. H. Young
Lower May Mallay...	D. Stewart...	A. Stephen

Names of Estates.	Proprietors.	Managers.
COORG.—Continued.		
Salop...	R. McIlraith...	F. W. Young
Belatha Mallay...	Messrs. Lambert and Boyd...	D. A. Brown
Bavathoo Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co...	R. M. Kennedy
Pachindray Mallay...	do...	B. Gibbens
Aberdour...	J. Russell...	J. Russell
Bubbooracaudoo Mallay...	N. Duckworth and Co...	Unknown
Clutha...	do...	A. McInnes
Halarinaad...	H. A. Mangles...	F. Mangles
Glenceorg...	Carnatic Coffee Company...	A. Mitchell
Fanny Vale...	Captain P. James...	A. Kennedy
Loudon Valley...	Mrs. E. Wright...	W. Wright
Belthay Mallay...	Rev. A. Fennell...	S. D. Fennell
Lilferds...	W. V. Drummond...	W. V. Drummond
Rock Ville...	W. Brown...	W. Brown
Hegella Mallay...	Mrs. A. M. Fowler...	J. Fowler
Clifton...	F. Brown...	F. Brown
Alathungecaudoo...	Carnatic Coffee Company...	W. A. B. Cullin
Kakoondah...	do...	W. Macdonald
Woodside...	do...	H. P. Minchin
Soontycoopum...	D. McPherson...	J. McPherson
Pullaycaudoo...	Carnatic Coffee Company...	H. P. Minchin
Yellapcaudoo...	J. McKenzie...	J. McKenzie
Curria Mallay...	W. Rose...	W. Rose
Cotaycaudoo...	F. Brown...	F. Brown
Thotaycaudoo...	J. McKenzie...	J. McKenzie
Baurycaduo...	Mrs. McKenzie...	J. McKenzie
Rockcliffe...	J. Stewart...	G. Mather
Unmutinaad...	Rev. Kondynia...	J. Godfrey
Auchybetta...	do...	H. Hahn
Yemagoondy...	Rev. Richter...	Schmidt
Machiah...	W. W. Arbuthnot and Co...	J. W. Macdongall
Kembookoly...	Rev. Richter and Co...	A. Gomes
Thundadabetta...	Captain P. James...	H. A. Craig
Polly Betta...	St. John Shaw...	A. Benze
Engulgherrycaudoo...	Rev. Kondynia...	Unknown
Wooderhully...	J. P. Hunt...	J. Mann
Kuthlaycaudoo...	do...	W. Mann
Oaklands...	J. Gillebrand...	J. Borebank
Jalakuntakovo...	S. G. Tipping...	S. G. Tipping
Musculboray...	Captain P. James and Co...	Unknown
Allathopoo...	J. P. Hunt...	G. R. Evans
Thobuncooly...	do...	A. R. Alston
Purchaycaudoo...	do...	N. Denison
Igoonda...	Captain R. Taylor...	R. S. Pelly
Cauvery...	Carnatic Coffee Company...	A. Bouvard
Kootial...	Major Renton and Co...	Unknown
Cariton...	R. P. Carr...	T. F. Vanspall
Glenora...	C. Grant and Co...	J. Woodward
Baganaad...	R. Hammond and J. Brewer...	F. Jacques
Thovanaad...	J. W. Finlayson...	Unknown
Perambaddy...	J. McKenzie...	J. McKenzie
Athole...	J. W. Savage...	J. W. Savage
Glenmorrisson...	J. Fowler...	G. Waller
Burnside...	G. Anderson...	G. Anderson
Glenburghart...	A. Pollexfen and Fletcher...	A. Pollexfen
Roseneath...	W. Rose...	W. Rose
Cluny...	D. McPherson...	H. P. Drummond
Beechland's...	J. Cummins...	W. McDonaghue
Benlomond...	G. Ross...	G. Ross
Titmutty...	J. Watson...	J. Watson
Hoomalay...	Messrs. Faunce, Sherard & E.S. Ldlow...	E. Ludlow
Bagavathy...	Messrs. Denton and F. Green...	A. Kenrick
Mercara...	Sir Barnes Peacock...	Mendoza
Allacuttay...	H. A. Mangles and Co...	Ross
Buthicayrausee...	Major F. Gray...	Unknown
Borkerray...	Captain R. Taylor...	C. Whish and F. Grey
Titmutty...	J. W. Hayes...	G. Watson

MOFUSSIL TRADE LIST.

BANGALORE.

Branch of Madras Bank, Trinity Road.
H. H. Franck, Esq. Agent.
Bangalore Bank, South Parade.
N. R. Bain, Esq. Agent.
Auctioneers, General Salesmen and Agents.
Abraham & Co. Residency Road.
Nelson, Rose and Co. South Parade.
Furniture Sellers and Renters.
Birch & Co. Lancers' Lines.
Bryan, T. Cavalry Road.
Watch and Clock Makers, Jewellers, &c.
Orr & Barton. South Parade.
Luxa, C. H. do.
Coach Builders.
Gow & Co. Richmond Road.
Lander, T. Railway Terminus.
Gun Makers and Contractors.
Wallace & Son. Residency Road.
Milliner.
Madame Hickey. Residency Road.
Transit Agents.
Doutre, A. Brigade Road.
Livery Stable Keepers.
Lee, W. Ulsoor.
Scott & Co. Hospital Road.
Civil and Military Tailors.
Austin Mutusawmy & Co. General Bazaar.
Boot and Shoe Makers.
Eagan & Sons. Residency Road.
General Warehousemen.
Nagalinga Chetty & Co. Residency Road.
Sobroy Chetty & Co. Brigade Road.
Sabapathy Chetty & Co. do.
Kistnasawmy V. Moodelliar & Co. do.
Jann Mahomed & Co. Residency Road.
Comarasawmy & Sons. do.
Venkatasawmy N. Naik & Co. Brigade Rd.
Narainsawmy A. Moodelliar & Co. Gl. Bzr.
Coopoo Chetty M. & Sons. do.
Tippoo Saib & Co. do.
Veerasawmy Chetty B. & Co. do.
Abdul Cauder & Co. do.
Mysore Transit Agents.
Moonesawmy Chetty & Co. Richmond Road.
Confectioner.
Veerasawmy Butler. North Parade.
Tract and Book Society.
Faulkner, J. North Parade.
Chemists.
Riggs, C. J. Brigade Road.
LeFebour & Co. Residency Road.
Printing Presses.
Columbian. Mr. K. H. James, Proprietor.
Branch Scottish. Mr. Texter, Supt.
Wesleyan Mission. W. W. Gaunt, Supt.
Rom. Catholic. Rev. T. A. Chevalier, Mangr.
Government. Mr. P. Garratt, Supt.
Hotels.
Cathcart Hotel. High Ground.
The Cubbon. G. C. Brown, Cubbon Road.
The Bangalore Hotel. St. Mark's Road.
The George's, Mootosawmy Pillay. Promenade.
The Victoria, W. O'Bryan. Back of Hussar Barracks.
Bishop Cotton's School, South Parade.
J. Reynolds, Esq. Head Master.

St. Andrew's School, North Parade.

F. Plunkett, Esq. Head Master.
Mysore Museum, Post Office Road.
Dr. Oswald, M.D. Superintendent.

BIMLIPATAM.

Hyslop & Co.—Partners, A. Hyslop, Esq.
Bimlipatam; L. B. Wither, Esq., Cocanada,
Agents British India Steam Navigation
Company. London, Lloyd's Liverpool
Underwriters' Association. Triton Insurance
Company and Standard Assurance
Company.
Arbuthnot & Co.—Assistants, Messrs. Minchin
and Prendergast.
W. M. Coles.
J. Pernon & Co.—Partners, J. Pernon, Esq.,
Cocanada; E. Pernon, Esq., Bimlipatam;
Assistant, Mr. R. Pernon.
Perreux Freres.—Partners, A. Perreux,
Esq., and E. Perreux, Esq.
Simson Ranay & Co., Asst. E. C. Simson, Esq.
Ripley, and Voss.—Partners, G. Ripley, Esq.,
Bimlipatam; C. W. Voss, Esq., Gopaulpore.
Agents, Albert Assurance Company.
Bank of Madras.

A. Gray, Esq. Manager.
E. Dawson, Esq. Accountant.
Bimlipatam Lloyd's Surveyor.
Captain Graves. Master Attendant.
Shop keepers.
D'Rozario Brothers & Co.
Hotel.
Union Hotel. M. Padmanabodoo, Mangr.

CALICUT.

Merchants and Agents.
Andrew and Co. Jas. (also at Beypore.)
Barboza and D'Mello.
Pierce Leslie and Co.
Pannett, T. F.

Land, Law and General Agents.

Mr. Charles Home.

Coffee-curing Establishment.

Perrie, Jas. (General Merchant.)

Pierce Leslie and Co.

Wine Merchants.

Harjee, N. | Fernandez, F.
Importers of German and English Stoves.
Messrs. Schlunk Brothers.
M. Vas & Co., Merchants.

CANNANORE.

General Commission Agents and Merchants.
J. H. Gerard, Agent. "London and Oriental
Steam Transit Insurance Office." "British,
India and Colonial Trust and Agency
Corporation"—and Agent for Messrs. E.
Baudry & Co., Mahe and Tellichery, of
Messrs. Faurefreres of Bordeaux.
Heerjee M. & Sons, Agents B. I. S. N. Company,
and B. C. and R. S. N. Company.
Darrasha Hormusjee, late of Messrs. Gerard
& Co.'s
Hadjee Sajau Jaffer & Co.
Cassam Hadjee Jooma.
Hadjee Yarr Elias.
Raymanu Yarr Mahomed.
Poomanchy Coonjee Ahmed.

COMMERCIAL.]

MOFUSSIL TRADE LIST.

CANNANORE.—Continued.

General Commission Agents and Merchants.
Eddapageth Mamally.
Eddapageth Moosa Cooty.

Wine and Spirit Merchants.

Heerjee M. and Sons.
Darrasha Hormusjee.
Nusserwanjee Bomanjee.
Hormusjee Rustomjee.
Carry Cooty & Co.
Veeramulla Pillay & Co.

Native Bankers and Merchants.

Dwarkendoss Toolsedoss & Co.
Harrydoss Nanjee & Co.
Topen Darcey.
Sivjee Topen.
Cooverjee Hurrydoss.

Millinery Rooms.

C. Mayen Cooty & Co.
Moosa Cooty & Co.
Moideen Cooty & Co.

Furniture Rooms.

Olieth Poker.
Heerjee M. & Sons.
K. Assamar.
Moideen Cooty & Co.
Mayen Cooty & Co.

Cabinet Makers.

Meerwanjee Cowasjee.
F. D'Cruz.
K. Assamar.

Coach Builders.

J. H. Vanspall.
Meerwanjee Cowasjee.
F. D'Cruz.

Soda Water and Lemonade Manufactory.

Heerjee M. & Sons.
Khambhoy Jofferjee.

Hawkers.

Moideen Cooty, C.
Hydross.
Khambhoy Jofferjee.
Pully Cooty.
Murphy Moosa.
K. Assamar.

N. Abdoorayman Cooty.

Vakeels of the Court of Small Causes.

Poadden Ramen.
J. Viages.
Lowjee Kiloo.
Kristina Manon.
J. H. Vanspall. Government Auctioneer.
G. Schoch. Supt. German Mission Shop
and Weaving Establishment.
T. D'Cruz. Builder & Gl. Contractor.
Meerwanjee Cowasjee. Livery and Hack
Stable-keeper, and Transit Agent.
J. H. Vanspall. Livery and Hack Stable-
keeper, and Transit Agent.
Abdool Cawder. Horse-dealer and Hack
Stable-keeper.
D. Rozario. Civil and Military Outfitter.
V. Dias. do. do.
John. do. do.
Framjee Meerwanjee. Proprietor Refresh-
ment Rooms.
Poomanchy Coonjee Ahmed. Govt. Ration
Contractor.
Appow Pillay. Shroff and Stamp Vendor.
Cooty Ally. China Shop.
V. Dias. Undertaker.

L. Anthony. Boot, Shoe, Saddle and
Harness-maker.
Pinto. do. do.
James Igle. do. Cooper.
S. Igle. do.
H. Pinto. Government Cooper.
G. Horsfield. Watch, Clock and
Chronometer Repairer.
Mummy Cooty. Tobacconist.

Estate Agents.

Heerjee M. & Sons.
J. H. Gerard.
Darrasha Hormusjee.

COCANADA.

Branch of Madras Bank.

N. Duffield. Agent
T. McLennan. Accountant

Merchants and Agents.

Messrs. Ager & Co.
Messrs. J. Pernon & Co. Jugganaikpore
Messrs. Towle & Co. do.
Burmaster & Co. do.
Faciolle & Co. do.
Gandolphie, A.
Gandolphie, G.
Gibson, W.
Alcide, Vinay & Co. Cocanada
LaFaucheur & Co.
Simpson, F.
Remy, F.
Towle, R. H. D. Jugganaikpore
Painter and Dealer in Marine Stores.
Sargent, J. B. Jugganaikpore
Chemists and Druggist.
J. H. Waring, (Auctioneer and General
Commission Agent) Jugganaikpore.
J. Heiden. do.
D. Conwell. do.

Shop-keepers.

Messrs. Bouchey, Vonsolzen & Co. Jugga-
naikpore
do.
Vans Fabricius, R. do.
Hotels.
Mrs. Beemlin, Solferino Hotel, Jugganaikpore
J. Deffonce. Marine Hotel. do.

COCHIN.

Merchants and Agents.

W. Fitzgerald, Esq. Agent Bank of Madras
W. L. D. O'Grady Esq. Accountant
Messrs. Peirce Leslie & Co., (Alexander
Leslie, Esq.) Agent
Messrs. Pagel & Co.—T. E. Chatelier. Agent
Messrs. Dossabhoy Merwanjee & Co.
Messrs. A. DeCruz & Sons.
Messrs. Renaud, Peres & Fils.
Messrs. Volkart Brothers.
Cowasjee Eduljee, Esq.
Messrs. Scott Brothers & Co.
P. Markar, Esq.
D. Eppinger, Esq.

Cotton Presses.

George Brunton. Civil Engineer
Volkart Brothers.
Newspaper.
Western Star. Malabar Printing Compy.

CUDDAPAH.

General Agents.

Messrs. Elliott & Co.
Tradesmen and Shop keepers.
Messrs. Tumbec Paroomail Naidoo & Co.

KARIKAL.

Tradesmen and Agents.

Messrs. Hecquet & Co. (Partners, E. Hecquet and A. Bourgoins.)

Tradesmen and Agents.

Messrs. E. Hostein & Co. (Partners E. Hostein and S. Hostein.) Agents for the Compagnie General Transatlantique of Paris. Bombay Coast & River Steam Navigation Company.

MANGALORE.

Merchants and Agents.

Messrs. McMinn and Co., Agents for the British India Steam Navigation Company, "Limited"—Albert, Medical and Family Endowment Life Assurance Company, —London and Oriental Steam Transit Insurance Company "Limited." United Service Company, "Limited," & Munze-rabad Coffee Company "Limited." Messrs. A. J. Saldanha & Sons. W. M. Swan, Esq., Manager, Coorg Coffee Company's Establishment. Novrojee Bazonjee, Esq., Agent, Bombay Coast and River Steam Navigation Company, "Limited."

MYSORE.

Merchant and Agent.

Rochfort, W. C.

Shopkeeper.

Ramasawmy Chetty, B.

Barton Iron Works.

J. W. Hayes, Esq., Proprietor and Manager The finest Indian Malleable Iron is procurable at these works in short bars. Tools, such as Mamooties, Pickaxes, &c., made to order and design.

These works are situated in Palhully, near Seringapatam, contiguous to the Astagram Sugar Works.

Mysore Warehouse and General Agency Company

J. W. Hayes, Esq., Proprietor
Mr. J. Bigwood, Manager
Mr. W. Maxworth, Book-keeper
Mysore Building and Engineering Association.
Partners.

J. W. Hayes, Esq., Managing Proprietor
A. M. Hayes, Esq.,
J. H. McCally Hayes, Esq.,
Mr. F. P. Joyce, Sub-Engineer
Mr. W. Wardrope, Mechanical Engineer
Mr. A. Sullivan, Overseer
Mr. C. Baker, do.

NELLORE.

Shopkeepers and General Commission Agents and Wine Merchants.

Messrs. Ward & Co.

OOTACAMUND.

General Shop keepers.

Messrs. Framjee & Co.
" Abboo Sait & Co.
" Abdool Cauder & Co.
" Ghool Mahomed & Co.
" James Eagan & Sons,
" Mercer & Co.
" Abdool Hoossain & Co.
" Fakcer Mahomed & Co.
" Iyaloo Naidoo & Co.
Mr. J. W. Eagan.

Wine Godowns.

Mr. W. E. Schmidt.

Gun Maker and Armourer.

Mr. T. Allamby.

Stable-keepers.

Mr. C. Bill,
E. Smith & Co.

Tailors and Outfitters.

Monsieur Julien Etienne.

Mr. Crampton.

Milliners and Dress-makers.

Mesdames Camille & Co.

Mrs. Crampton.

Photographers.

Messrs. Nicholas Brothers.

Mr. Lyon.

Musicians.

Mr. J. C. Misquith,

Mr. H. W. Zscherpel.

Music Depôt.

Mr. J. C. Misquith.

Watch and Clock Repairers.

Mr. Yoder,

Mr. Coombes.

Chemists and Druggists.

Messrs. Mascutine, & Co.

Provisioners.

Mr. Hubbard.

Mr. Riely.

Mr. McCoy.

Planters' Agents.

Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Hallock.

Mrs. Hillier.

Estate Agents.

Vertue and Minchin.

House Agents.

Mrs. Brown.

Mrs. Hallock.

Mr. Williams.

Mr. Riely.

Major Smith.

Architect and Surveyor.

Mr. W. Williams.

Hotels.

Union Hotel, C. Sylk.

Bombay House, F. J. Dawes.

Woodside House, Do.

Woodcot, Major West

East End House, Mr. Wright

Indian Carrying Company.

Mr. W. Browne.

Printing Press.

The Albion Press, Messrs Framjee & Co.,

Proprietors.

Soda Water Manufacturers.

Messrs. Framjee & Co.

Undertaker.

Mr. C. Bill.

Auctioneers.

Mr. J. W. Eagan,

Messrs. Mercer & Co.

" Eagan & Sons.

" Abboo Sait & Co.

" Ghool Mahomed & Co.

" Mascutine & Co.

Pleaders in the Civil Court.

Mr. Kenrick.

Mr. Gooch.

Mr. Antonio.

Vencatramiah.

Syed Essoof.

OOTACAMUND.—Continued.

Branch of Madras Bank.

R. Darling, Esq., Agent.

Mr. Madden, Accountant.

Agent.

J. Hall, Esq.

Medical Practitioners.

Dr. Donaldson.

Dr. Furnell.

Astagram Sugar Depôt.

Mrs. Brown.

Billiard Rooms.

Messrs. Eagan and Sons.

PONDICHERRY.

Merchants and Agents.

Messrs. Amalric & Co.

DeBabick, A.

Deschambeaux & Co.

Erny, A.

Gallois Montbrun & Fils.

Poulain freres.

Lagesse, C.

Mottet, Pernon & Co.

Pagel & Co.

Poulain & Co.

Testa & Co.

Gongilour Gobaloo Chetty & Co.

Gongilour Senevassa Chetty.

Govinda Chetty & Co.

Sowrimoothoo Pillay

N. Punnappa Chetty & Co.

Ponna Nullathumby.

Thumby Cundasawmy & Co.

Shopkeepers.

Bolher, Ship Chandler.

Bulliard and E. Geruzet

Chatelier, A.

Chowricooty, B.

Claverie, P., Ship Chandler.

Dumoulin and Perrecaux.

Francine.

Hasseback.

Monnier, Mademoiselle.

Phaure, G.

Spinning Manufactories.

G. Tardivel & Co.

C. Poulain & Co.

A. Pagel.

SHEVAROY HILLS.

Hotel-keepers.

Fair Lawn Hotel, Mr. H. Spencer.

Mountain Home Hotel, Mrs. M. Reily.

Shop-keepers.

Mr. R. Thomas.

Sunderam Pillay.

SECUNDERABAD.

Branch of Bombay Bank.

J. S. Kary, Esq., Agent.

J. S. Burne, Esq., do.

H. Owen, Esq., Agent for Hyd. &

Secunderabad Branches.

Bunselaal Abecrunchund Rai Bahadoor.

Soobrow Cullapah.

Nursingrow Cullapah.

Kishenrow Cullapah.

Ramfoll Ragoonath Doss.

Kamjee Seetaram.

Boghiah Dongurse, in Secunderabad.

Auctioneers and Commission Salesmen.

Cursetjee & Co.

Nuswanjee & Co.

Haujee Currem & Co.

Mahomed Ismael & Co.

Eduljeel & Co.

Regal & Co., (Comm. Agents.)

Jehangeer Shapoorjee.

Hawkers.

Haujee Alty Homed.

Mahomed Sillamon.

Jaffir Homed.

Shaik Russool.

Shaik Abdoolah.

Rahimtoollah.

Noor Mahomed.

Shaik Audum.

Shaik Hoossain.

Darabjee.

Denshawjee Rustonjee, Chudderghaut.

Armanjee, do.

Iron Mongers.

Myboob Saib.

Abdul Nubbee.

Yacoub Saib.

Allabux.

Shaik Homed.

Wood Merchants.

Kishen Doss.

Pothia.

Tautiah.

Leather Merchants and Tanners.

Carthanina Mahomed.

Abdool Razah.

Livery Stable-keepers.

Ross & Co.

J. H. Taylor.

E. Sharkey.

G. Gilbert & Son.

J. Vanni.

Bullock Transit Agents.

Somasoondra Moodelly & Co.

Mahomed Ally.

Custom House.

P. Cundasawmy Moodelliar, Agent

Government Contractors.

Cundasawmy.

Myboob Saib.

Coach-builders.

G. Gilbert.

Rookmajee.

Raujennah.

Cabinet-makers.

Messrs. Thorpe & Co.

Surbiah.

Sastrooloo.

Causepathy.

Kotiah.

Bulramoodoo.

Undertakers.

Messrs. Thorpe & Co., (Licensed.)

Sculptors.

B. Westrap.

Francis.

Nursiah.

Engravers.

B. Westrap.

Photographers.

J. Pirte.

Shapjee Nuswanjee.

Portrait Painters.

J. D'Costa, Chudderghaut

SECUNDERABAD.—Continued.

Tailors and Habit-makers.

Sutwajee.
Lingupph Maistry.
Tippoo Saib.
Raujaram Maistry.
Gopiah Maistry.

Milliners and Dress-makers.

Mrs. Dunk.
" Cutler.

Watch and Clock-makers.

S. Simpson.
C. Robinson.
J. Gonzalves.
T. Morris.....Chudderghaut.
Malingum Pillay.

Jewellers.

S. Simpson.
M. Stonehouse.....Chudderghaut.
Surbiah.

Dentists.

J. Plyte.
T. Morris.....Chudderghaut.

Booksellers and Stationers.

W. W. Waldegrave, for Bible & Book Depôt.

Book-binders.

R. Hudson, of Columbian Press.

Electro-Platers and Gilders.

Nowrojee,
Lingupph and Co.

Soda Water Manufacturers.

Cursetjee and Co.
Haujee Curree and Co.
Pestonjee Jamssetjee Nurswanjee & Co.

Boot and Shoe-maker.

Juggonath.....Chudderghaut.

Confectioners.

Mordacai.
Govindoo.
Moottoosawmy.

Ice Depôt.

S. Simpson.....Proprietor.
Mannamuliah Naidoo....."

Columbian Press.

R. Hudson.....Proprietor.

TELLICHERRY.

Merchants and Agents.

Ed. Baudry and Co. Branch at Mahe (French Settlement.)
Bassano and Co. Agents, British Indian and Bombay Steam Navigation Companies (Limited.)
Chatelier, C.
Fernandez and Co., Agents, for all Steamer Company.

Wells, John, Agent.

Shopkeeper.

Fernandez, A. B.

Native Merchants and Bankers.

Hadjee Moosa Nathoo.
Deneran Purshotom.
Mooatoomporthie Coonhy Packey.
Vydeena Isaac.
Parshotomdass Dwarkadass.
Jub Hadjee Elias.

TRIVANDRUM.

Barton, Walthew C.—Engineer to Travancore Govt.

VIZAGAPATAM.

Messrs. Hyslop & Co.—Asst. Mr. J. London.—
Agents to the B. I. S. N. Company.—Standard Insurance Company, London—Lloyds, Liverpool Underwriters Association.
Messrs. Meppen & Co.....Commission and Auction Salesmen, Mercantile Agents and General Merchants.

Mr. J. D. Perriman.....Shopkeeper.
James David.....Hotel-keeper.
Francis David.....do.

WALTAIR.

Messrs. Meppen & Co.....Commission and Auction Salesmen, Mercantile Agents and General Merchants.

PART VIII.—ECCLESIASTICAL.

SEE OF MADRAS.

The Right Rev. FREDERICK GELL, D.D., Lord Bishop of Madras, Fellow of Christ's College, Cambridge—Consecrated at Lambeth, 29th June 1861, and installed 27th November 1861.

The Rev. EDWARD SKELTON GOODHART, B.A., Domestic Chaplain to the Lord Bishop.

The Venerable THOMAS DEALTRY, M.A., Archdeacon of Madras and Commissary—Instituted 28th November 1861—Inducted 1st December 1861.

The Rev. ROBERT MURPHY, LL.D., Registrar of the Diocese and Archdeaconry of Madras, and Secretary to the Lord Bishop of Madras, 22d June 1860.

Names	College, &c.	Date of arrival.	Stationed at
SENIOR CHAPLAINS—13.			
J. Griffiths, M.A.	Christ Church, Oxford	31 Aug. 1844	St. George's Cathedral.
J. Gorton, M.A.	Wadham College, Oxford	30 Aug. 1846	Fort St. George.
W. B. Otley, M.A.	Cains College, Cambridge	26 Nov.	Berhanpore.
C. D. Gibson, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Cambridge	3 Mar. 1849	Calicut, Acting.
R. Firth, M.A.	New College, Oxford	3 Dec. 1850	Wellington, Acting.
T. Dealtry, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Cambridge	31 Mar. 1851	Ootacamund.
R. Murphy, LL.D.	Trinity Coll., Dublin	2 Jan. 1853	Bangalore.
C. Rhenius.	C. M. College, Islington	31 May 1854	Coonoor.
J. T. D. Kidd, B.A.	St. John's Coll., Oxford	27 Jan. 1855	Tranquebar.
W. W. G. Cooper, M.A.	Magdalene Hall, Oxford	11 Apr.	Bangalore, Joint.
S. T. Pettigrew, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Cambridge	19 Oct.	do. do.
J. D. Ostrehan, B.A.	New Inn Hall, Oxford	4 Mar. 1856	Vizianagram.
H. P. James, B.A.		1 April	Berar.
T. A. C. Pratt, M.A.	St. Peter's Coll., Cambridge	25 do.	Kamptee.
R. P. Little, B.A.	Sydney Sus. Coll., Camb.	25 do.	Aurangabad.
JUNIOR CHAPLAINS—25.			
C. R. Drury, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Cambridge	11 April 1856	Mount and Palaveram.
J. J. B. Sayers, LL.D.	Trinity College, Dublin	11 Dec.	Vellore and Arcot.
B. O'M. Deane, B.A.	Trinity College, Dublin	28 Feb. 1857	Mercara.
J. McKee, B.A.	Trinity College, Dublin	28 do.	Trevandrum.
A. W. Pearson, M.A.	Pembroke Coll., Camb.	27 do. 1858	St. George's Cathedral.
O. Dene, B.A.	Sydney Sus. Coll., Camb.	27 Sep. 1860	Trichinopoly.
J. W. Wynch, M.A.	Sydney Sus. Coll., Camb.	14 Jan. 1861	Black Town, Jt.
G. English		20 Mar.	Mysore.
J. Murphy, LL.D.	Trinity College, Dublin	30 Aug.	Rajahmundry.
T. Foulkes	C. M. College	10 Dec.	Vepery, Joint Chaplain.
A. Taylor, M.A.	Trinity Coll., Cambridge	26 do.	Kamptee.
W. Leeming, M.A.	Christ Coll., Cambridge	6 Sep.	Vepery, Joint Chaplain.
W. S. Trotman	Exeter Coll., Oxford	9 May 1863	Cuddalore.
C. H. Deane, M.A.	Magdalene Coll., Oxford	22 July	Cannanore.
G. Warlow, B.A.	St. John's Coll., Cambridge	19 Dec.	Trimulcherry.
F. G. Lys, M.A.	St. John's Coll., Cambridge	28 do. 1864	Black Town, Jt.
E. S. Goodhart, B.A.	Trinity Coll., Cambridge	27 Aug. 1865	Domestic Chaplain.
C. W. S. Taunton, B.A.		1 Sep.	Secunderabad Acting Jt.
D. G. Clarke, B.A.	Jesus College, Oxford	6 Nov.	Poonamallee.
J. Tanner, M.A.	Magdalene Hall, Oxford	16 April 1866	Bellary.
W. M. S. Babington, B.A.	Clare College, Cambridge	24 May	Vizagapatam.
R. C. W. Raban, M.A.	Emmanuel Coll., Camb.	21 June	Secunderabad, Jt.
A. T. Bartlett	King's College, London	1 Sep.	Mangalore.
W. B. Powell	S. Bees	22 Sep.	Masulipatam.
H. Pope		6 Oct.	Black Town, Acting.

PRESIDENCY ECCLESIASTICAL GOVERNMENT DISTRICTS.

1. *The Cathedral District.*—St. George's, including St. Thomé for the present, Chetput, and all the houses from the South of the Coom to the Adyar river, exclusive of Chintadrepettah.

2. *The Fort.*—All within its walls.

3. *The Black Town,* as marked out by the common boundary of the Black Town, and including Royapooram, with the charge of Her Majesty's Gaol and the Leper Hospital.

4. *Vepery,* including the Villages of Perambore, Vasaravelly, Choolay, Vepery, Pursewaukum, Kilpauk, Egmore, Chintadrepettah and Poodoopettah; with the charge of the General Hospital.

The boundaries are as follows :—

To the East, Cochrane's Canal.

To the North and West, the boundary of the limits of the jurisdiction of the Supreme Court.

To the South, the Poonamallee Road, from the point where it meets the western boundary to the eastern side of the Spur Tank.

(The Ecclesiastical authorities, however, have appointed Districts of some of the other Churches taken from the above larger ones.)

ABSENTEE AND FURLOUGH RULES,

AS AFFECTING THE POSITION OF CHAPLAINS AND JUNIOR CHAPLAINS.

Vide Part II, Civil—Page 179.

RETIRING PENSIONS OF CHAPLAINS.

Despatch from the Right Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India; to His Excellency the Right Hon'ble the Governor General of India in Council, India Office, London, 8th July 1865, No. 167.

SIR,—I have considered in Council your Ecclesiastical letters dated the 5th and 10th April 1865, Nos. 2 and 4, requesting information on certain questions which have arisen in connection with the Rules for the retirement of Chaplains laid down in my Financial Despatch of the 17th February 1865, No. 32.

2. In regard to the first point as to the interpretation to be placed on the words "must resign" in Rule II, Her Majesty's Government intended "resignation of the service," and they cannot allow "resignation of the superior allowances" to be regarded as a fulfilment of the condition prescribed in the Rule in question.

3. With respect to the second point on which a decision is requested, Her Majesty's Government concur with you in thinking that there would be hardship in refusing the increased pension to a Senior Chaplain on retirement, in the event of the third Chaplain on the list electing to accept the promotion in lieu of the increased pension, as provided in Rule III, and will therefore allow the increased pension to be granted on the retirement within the prescribed period of one of the Senior Chaplains even although a permanent vacancy may not thereby be caused.

CONSISTORY COURT.

OPENED 27TH OCTOBER 1845.

The Archdeacon.....Commissary.
Rev. R. Murphy, LL.D.....Registrar.
William Francis Hyter.....Apparitor.

CHAPLAIN'S REGISTER OF HIS VISITS AND SERVICES IN HOSPITAL.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 31st October 1863, No. 87.—Government having directed that the following Rules are to be observed in every Military Hospital, they are published accordingly for general information.

I. A book shall be placed in every European Military Hospital to be entitled, "The Chaplain's Register of his visits and services in the Hospital."

II. This book is to be provided by the Chaplain, and each visit and service performed at the Hospital is to be entered in it.

III. It is to be kept for the information of the Bishop, and is to be open to the inspection of the Military and Hospital authorities.

IV. It is not to be removed from the Hospital, the Medical Officer in charge is to arrange for its safe custody and production when required by the Chaplain or for inspection.

CHAPLAINS' VISITS TO OUT-STATIONS.

Extract from Court's Despatch, 12th April 1842.

"In Section 27 of the Regulations respecting leave of absence and deputation and travelling allowances which we have recently approved, you will find a Rule on the subject of travelling allowances on joining a station, and when any change takes place except at the desire of the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain.

3. But to avoid inconvenience and guard against the possibility of misunderstanding, we think it desirable that for every circle of stations, the Lord Bishop should be requested to frame a plan determining the periods at which each place shall be visited by the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain officiating in such circle, which plan being approved by Government shall continue in force till varied by the same authority. As minute local information will be necessary to the successful formation of such plan, we can only offer a few suggestions on the subject. The frequency of Ecclesiastical visits should be governed in a great degree by the extent of the Christian population of the place to be visited. A place may contain not more than three or four members of the English Church, and though it might not be right to exclude those few persons from the benefit of Christian ordinances, it is obvious that in the present state of our Ecclesiastical Establishment such a place could not be visited frequently without injury to others of greater importance. An annual visit might in some cases be all that could reasonably be afforded; while to others, visits twice, three or four times a year might be expedient; and to others again, which might be more populous, it might be desirable that visits should be made once in six weeks, or once a month.

4. When a circle of Stations may, from the deficiency of our Establishment, or any other cause, be left without a resident Clergyman, we are of opinion that the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain of a neighbouring district should, as desired by the Lord Bishop, be appointed to visit the Station thus deprived of clerical services. In such cases the most convenient course will be for the Lord Bishop to bring the subject to the notice of Government, and submit a plan of visitation. Such plan being approved, the Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain who can most conveniently discharge the required duty should be specially appointed thereto, and thenceforward be entitled to draw travelling allowances in conformity with the provisions of the plan, and in accordance with our Financial Despatch of the 30th October 1839.

9. We should lament that the practice of visiting Stations at which no Clergyman is permanently resident should be discontinued, and it would be unjust to subject the Clergy to the expense attendant on such visits. Under these impressions we deem it proper to sanction the payment of such reasonable charges not exceeding those authorized in our Despatch of the 30th October 1839, before referred to: and we are encouraged in this view by the fact that although Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains when absent from their duty are subject to the same deductions as Civil Servants, no charge is incurred in providing for the duty of the absentee. The deductions may thus be regarded as a fund, meeting to a certain extent the extra charges incurred by occasional or provisional visits of the Clergy to Stations in which they do not reside."

The revised Plan, determining the Circle of Out-stations for the several Chaplaincies under this Presidency, is published for general information in lieu of the one sanctioned under date 19th October 1852.

Principal and Out-stations.	Miles distant from			Number of Chaplains required to each principal Station.	Remarks.
	Next principal Station.	Next subordinate Station.	Presidency.		
Cathedral.....	...	...	...	2	* This station is not now required to be visited by the Chaplain, as the amount that would be drawn if visited is paid to the Madras Diocesan Additional Clergy Society, on condition of its appointing one of its Clergymen to perform the clerical duties of the Station, E. M. C., 2nd November 1856, No. 364, Eccl. Dept., para. 5.
Chingleput.....	...	35	Once quarterly.		
Pulicat.....	62	27	Once quarterly in one trip.		
Nellore*.....	88	108			
Fort.....	...	...	...	1	
Black Town.....	...	...	...	2	
Vepery.....	...	...	...	2	
Poonamallee.....	...	12	...	1	
Tripasore.....	18	31	Once monthly.		
St. Thomas' Mount.....	...	8	As ordered by Govt., 23rd Oct. 1849, No. 277, Eccl. Dept.		
Palaveram.....	3	12		1	
Vellore.....	...	84	...	Opened 20th September 1856. * 12th September 1854, No. 232. † These Stations are not now required to be visited by the Chaplain, as separate provision has been made for the performance of the clerical duties at them, Vide Note to Nellore, E. M. C., 27th November 1855, No. 389, Eccl. Department.	
Chittoor.....	22	98	Once quarterly.		
Palmanair.....	...	...	Once annually.		1
Arcoot.....	...	70	...		1
Cuddalore.....	...	169	...		1
Pondicherry.....	12	97	Once monthly.*		
Porto Novo.....	20	32	Once quarterly.		
Salem†.....	118	118	Once in four months in one tour.		
Sheravoy Hills†.....	132	14			1
Trichinopoly.....	...	198	...		1
Trevandrum.....	42	467	Once monthly.		1
Quilon.....	...	459	...	1	
Ootacamund.....	...	332	...	1	
Neddiwatum.....	...	...	Once in three months.	* Opened 30th September 1856. * 25th April 1857, No. 185.	
Wellington (1) and Coonoor (2).....	...	1	...		1
	...	3			
Kotagherry.....	14	321	Once quarterly.		
Coimbatore.....	3537	...	Once quarterly in one trip.		1
	1 2	...			1
Paulghatcherry.....	6967	30	...		1
Cannanore.....	...	400	...		1
Tellicherry.....	13	413	Once in four months.		
Calicut*.....	...	418	...		1
Mallaporoani*.....	32	...	Once in six weeks.		1
Mercara.....	...	361	...	1	
Mangalore.....	84	429	Once in four months in one tour.	3	
Pootoor.....	53	31			
Hoonsoor.....	45	259	Once in six months.		
Frazerpett.....	18	27	When the Sappers and Miners are there quartered.		
Bangalore.....	...	208	...		
French Rocks.....	75	283	Once in two months in one tour.		
Mysore.....	85	16			
Osoor.....	24	109	...		
Remount Depot.....	27	4	Once in four months		
Royacottah.....	46	26	Once in one tour.		
Toomeoor.....	43	89	Once in six months in one tour.		
Hurryhur.....	170	127	380		

Principal and Out-stations.	Miles distant from			Number of Visits.	Number of Chaplains required to each principal Station.	Remarks.			
	Next principal Station.	Next subordinate Station.	Presidency.						
Bellary	...	...	316	...	1	* These Stations are not now required to be visited by the Chaplains, Vide Nellore E. M. C., 1st August 1855, No. 265, Eccl. Dept.			
Gooty*	52	...	264	Once in six months in					
Kurnool*	96	62	290	one tour.					
Ramanmully	33	130	349	Once quarterly.					
Secunderabad	...	...	391	...	3				
Residency	4	...	389	Every Sunday.					
Bolarum	5	4	406						
Warrangul	91	96	406		Half-yearly.				
Jaulnah	...	...	657	...	1				
Aurangabad	40	...	697	Once in two months.					
Mominabad	108	116	577	Once annually.					
Hingolee	94	92	596	Once annually.					
Kamplce	...	...	714	...	1				
Nagpore	10	...	701	Once in three weeks.	...	6th Jan. 1854, No. 12.			
Ellichpore	129	118	723	Once in six months.					
Hussingabad	175	125	873	Once in six months					
Seetabuldee	...	...	714	...	1				
Raeopore	179	...	883	Once in six months.	}	29th July 1856, No. 294.			
Chandah	103	282	630						
Chundwarrah	74	177	788	Once in four months.					
Rhundawarrah	36	110	750	Once in six weeks.					
Vizagapatam	...	...	491	...	1				
Walfair*	...	...	...	Four times in the month	...	* 9th April 1857, No. 162.			
Bimlipatam	19	...	510	Once in two months	}	25th Sep., 1856, No. 375.			
Vizianagram	39	25	513				in one tour.		
Chicacole	75	42	555						
Berhampore (1) and Chatterpore (2)	...	6	7	...	1				
Chatterpore	14	...	2	Once a month including a Sunday.					
Russelcondah	52	66	709	Once a quarter in one tour.	}	25th Sep. 1856, No. 357.			
Aska	24	27	681						
Ganjam	19	34	676						
Gopaulpore near Munsoorcottah	11	13	668	Once a quarter in one tour.					
Calingapatam	58	88	571						
Itchapore	16	70	641						
Rajahmundry	...	...	365	...			1		
Samulcottah	29	...	395	Once monthly in one tour.			}	26th June 1855, No. 205.	
Cocanada	39	10	405						
Coringa	51	11	416						
Dowlaiswaram	4	55	369	Thrice a month.					
Nursapore	43	47	359	Once quarterly.		31st July 1855, No. 257.			
Masulipatam	...	...	315	...	1				
Ellore	48	50	310	Once in three months.	}	22nd March 1864.			
Condipilly	54	31	282	Once in six months.					
Guntoor	63	65	251	Once quarterly.					
Ongole	129	...	185	Once in six months from Guntoor.					
Tranquebar	...	...	166	...	1				
Combaconum	36	...	181	Once in six months.					
Negapatam*	18	41	188	Twice a month.	...	* See G. O., 9th November 1863, No. 260.			
Palamecottah	...	...	377	...	1	6th July 1855, No. 257.			
Tuticorin	31	...	404	Once in four months.					
Courtallam	38	69	415	For two months, namely in July and August.					

By order of the Right Honorable the Governor in Council,
Fort St. George, 23rd May 1857.
E. MALTBY, Chief Secretary.

RULES FOR THE EXAMINATION OF CHAPLAINS.

NOTIFICATION.—*Fort St. George, 14th October 1862.*—With the view of encouraging the acquisition of the native languages by Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains on the Madras Establishment, either of the Church of England, or Established Church of Scotland, the Governor in Council has sanctioned the following Rules for the examination of Chaplains and Assistant Chaplains.

1. The languages from which Candidates shall be at liberty to select are the following:—

Sanscrit, Persian, Hindustani, Tamil, Telugu, Canarese, Malayalam.

2. The following Test books in the several languages have been prescribed:—

IN SANSKRIT.—1—Nalopakhyanam, edited by Monier Williams.

2—Selection from the Mahabharata, edited by Francis Johnson.

3—Hitopadesa. 4—Meghadutu.

IN PERSIAN.—1—Gulistan. 2—Bostan. 3—Anwar-oos-sohailee.

IN HINDUSTANI.—1—Chahar Durrish. 2—Gooli Buckawallie. 3—Ukhwanooos Suffa. 4—Gulistan.

IN CANARESE.—1—Esop's Fables. 2—The Third Book of Lessons [*For the present.*] Kathamangiri. 2—Punchatantra.—[*To be substituted when published.*]

IN TAMIL.—1—Pope's Prose Reading Book. 2—Third Book of Lessons.

IN TELUGU.—1—Punchatantra.— 2—Second Book of Lessons. 3—Third Book of Lessons. 4—Brown's Reader.

IN MALAYALUM.—1—Arbuthnot's Malayalam Selections. 2—Pilgrim's Progress, Part I, (edition published at Tellicherry.)

3. The Candidate will not be permitted to have access to any dictionary, or other book, or to receive any kind of assistance in the performance of his exercises, either written or oral.

4. The written exercises will consist of—

I. A paper not less than an ordinary Octavo printed page in length in the language in which Examination is held, to be translated into English.

II. A paper in English of the same length to be translated into the selected language in such a manner as to evince a decided familiarity with the language and some elegance of style.

III. A paper of short sentences in English to be rendered into the language in which the Examination is held accurately and idiomatically.

5. The Candidate will then be called upon to read fluently and translate correctly portions of any of the test books, and also a fairly written manuscript in the language selected, and when that is still a spoken language of the country, he shall further be required to carry on a conversation with the Examiners or with one or more natives in presence of the Examiners, on such subjects proposed by them, as are calculated to test his colloquial facility both as regards scholar-like expression and knowledge of the terms and phrases commonly used by the poorer and uneducated classes.

6. At the close of each Examination, under these Rules, the Examiners shall furnish the Board with a report prepared in the subjoined form, together with the written Translations, Exercises, Native letters, and the opinion of the Examiners on the matter in which the Candidate has passed the *viva voce* Examination.

7. Munshi allowance for six months, or one hundred and eighty Rupees will be allowed to every Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain who shall pass an Examination as Interpreter in any Native language.

8. When the Board of Examiners are of opinion that the Candidate has made creditable progress—evinced diligent attention to the study of the language for not less than six months—they are authorized to recommend him for the Munshi allowance, though they may not pass him as Interpreter.

9. Every Chaplain or Assistant Chaplain who may pass a satisfactory Examination in two of the languages abovementioned, provided that one of the two languages shall be either Hindustani, or one of the four principal Hindu languages spoken in this Presidency, shall receive an honorary reward of Rupees 1,000.

Form.

Report upon the Examination in the Hindustani language of the Reverend—
(Here enter Station and date.)

Written Exercises.

I. Hindustani into English of the "Hindustani Selections."	An ordinary octavo page.	Exercise attached marked A, Time occupied.
II. English into Hindustani, page in length from Orme's Hindustani, or as the case may be.	Extracts of an ordinary Wellington's despatches.	Exercise attached marked B, Time occupied.
III. English into Hindustani.	A paper of short sentences.	Exercise attached marked C, Time occupied.
IV. Hand-writing.		As shown in exercise B.
N.B.—The aggregate time allowed for the written exercises is not to exceed five hours.		

Viva Voce Examination.

V. Reading and translating portion of the "Hindustani Selections."	Read fluently, or as the case may be. Time occupied.
VI. Reading and translating written manuscripts in Hindustani, Urzees, Native letters, or as the case may be.	This was correctly done, or as the case may be. Time occupied.
VII. Pronunciation.	Good—requires improvement, or as the case may be.
VIII. Conversation with the Examiners or with two or more Natives.	Understood all that was addressed to him and replied in idiomatic and good language, or as the case may be. Time occupied.

Opinion of the Committee.

If at the Collage.	(Here enter details.)
If at an Out-Station.	(The opinion of the Committee on the Candidate's <i>viva voce</i> Examination.)

The foregoing form is equally applicable to Examinations in other languages mentioned in the Rules.

Published by order of the Governor in Council.

T. PYCROFT, *Chief Secretary.*

SPIRITUAL CHARGE OF TROOPS ON BOARDSHIP.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 11th June 1863, No. 141.

Read the following Despatch from the Right Honorable Sir C. WOOD, Bart., Secretary of State for India: to His Excellency the Honorable the Governor in Council, Fort St. George, dated India Office, London, 24th April 1863, No. 6.

I have resolved in Council that, whenever a Chaplain, about to return to his duty in India, may be willing to undertake the Spiritual charge of Troops on boardship, he may be permitted to do so, and that the Governments in India, on receiving from the Officer in command of the Troops on board, a statement testifying to the due discharge of his duties by such Chaplain, be empowered to pay to him the sum of one hundred Pounds (£100); it being clearly understood that the leave of absence of the Chaplain is not to be prolonged on this account, and that the time so spent on boardship is not to count as service in India.

2. The principle of this Rule is applicable to the case of Chaplains returning to this country from India; and you are accordingly authorized to permit any Chaplain on the regular establishment, who may be proceeding to England, to undertake the Spiritual charge of Troops and their families on the voyage to this country, on the understanding that on his arrival in this country, the sum of one hundred Pounds (£100) will be paid to him on the production of the requisite Certificate from the Commanding Officer of the Troops on board.

SURROGATES FOR GRANTING MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following Clergymen have been empowered to grant Marriage License under the Episcopal Seal in the Diocese of Madras.

The Venerable the Archdeacon—Commissary.

Rev. A. Fennell, B.A.	Rev. J. J. B. Sayers, LL.D.	Rev. A. R. Symonds, M.A.
" J. Griffiths, M.A.	" B. O'M. Deane, B.A.	" S. J. Compton.
" J. Gorton, M.A.	" W. Hickey.	" W. Leeming, M.A.
" C. D. Gibson, M.A.	" J. McKee, B.A.	" J. Tanner, M.A.
" T. Whitehouse, B.A.	" R. Murphy, LL.D.	" W. S. Trotman.
" R. Firth, M.A.	" J. Guest.	" C. H. Deane, M.A.
" G. U. Pope.	" G. English.	" J. M. Strachan.
" C. Rhenius.	" A. W. Pearson, M.A.	" G. Warlow, B.A.
" J. T. D. Kidd, B.A.	" J. F. Kearns.	" J. Earnshaw.
" S. T. Pettigrew, M.A.	" S. A. Godfrey.	" H. Bower.
" J. D. Ostrehan, B.A.	" J. S. Wilkinson.	" G. Y. Heyne.
" W. B. Ottley, M.A.	" O. Dene, B.A.	" F. G. Lys, M.A.
" R. P. Little, B.A.	" E. Sargent.	" C. W. S. Taunton, B.A.
" T. A. C. Pratt, M.A.	" J. E. Sharkey.	" W. M. S. Babington, B.A.
" W. W. G. Cooper, M.A.	" J. Murphy, LL.D.	" W. B. Powell.
" J. W. Wynch, M.A.	" A. T. Bartlett.	" H. Pope.
" R. C. W. Raban, M.A.	" T. Foulkes.	
" C. R. Drury, M.A.	" A. Taylor, M.A.	

Parties desirous of being married should apply direct to some Surrogate residing near them; but from places where there is no Surrogate, application should be made to the Registrar, who will procure a commission under the Episcopal Seal, authorizing some persons to administer the usual oath and grant the necessary license. None but a Clergyman of the Church of England can marry by virtue of an Episcopal license. Parties who cannot on account of distance obtain the services of a Clergyman to marry them, must state the fact, and apply to the Town Major, Fort Saint George, who will obtain the permission of the Right Honorable the Governor for their marriage, under which the Senior Judicial Officer of any station is authorized by Government to marry them.

In the case of a minor in H.M.'s or the Honorable Company's Services, the written consent of the Governor must be obtained previous to the publication of Banns, or the grant of a license.

Further information respecting marriages can be obtained on application to the Registrar of the Diocese (R. Murphy, LL.D.)

(REVISED) RULES RELATING TO BURIAL GROUNDS FOR THE DIOCESE OF MADRAS.

Fort Saint George, 29th October 1866.

I. The Chaplain of the station shall have the care of the General Cemetery. It shall be his duty to apply to the proper Officer, when the walls want repairing; to see that weeds, grass, or jungle be cleared away, and the remains of dilapidated tombs be removed, and that the Cemetery be kept in proper order.

In the absence of the Chaplain, the Lay Trustees shall have the care of the Cemetery.

N. B.—These rules apply in places where there is no Chaplain, to Ministers of the Additional Clergy Society, and to any other Clergymen who are appointed to the charge of English Congregations, and are in receipt of part of their salary from Government.

II. The Sexton or Lascar in charge of the Cemetery, shall be borne on the Church Establishment, and shall be paid by Government through the Chaplains, with whom the appointment and dismissal of this servant shall rest.

III. In every station, a portion of the Cemetery shall be set apart for the use of members of the Roman Catholic congregation. For the use of any body or bodies of Christians at such station, not being members of the Church of England, nor of the Church of Rome, another portion of the Cemetery shall be appropriated, should they desire it, for the sole use of such congregation, or for the joint use of such congregations. The portions thus set apart shall not be fenced or walled off, but simply divided by a pathway, from the rest of the Cemetery, and shall be added to, or reserved from, the

existing Cemetery, according as such Cemetery has, or has not, been consecrated according to the rites of the Church of England. The whole Cemetery thus divided shall be surrounded by a wall, and shall have but one gate of entrance. The entire Cemetery shall be under the care of the Chaplain, for the purposes specified in Rule I. The key shall be kept by the Sexton or Lascar acting under the Chaplain's directions, so that access to the ground may be had by those having a right thereto, easily and without delay.

IV. The Chaplain shall provide that one or more graves be kept ready for cases of sudden emergency; such graves shall be covered with planks or boards. No grave shall be less than six feet deep.

V. A scale of charges for ordinary masonry, graves, headstones, tombstones and tombs, to be submitted by the Undertakers at each station, and approved by the Chaplain and District Engineer, shall be affixed to the Cemetery gate, or to the wall of the Church Porch, or exhibited in some other suitable place.

VI. Inscriptions intended for monuments to be placed in that portion of the Cemetery devoted to the Church of England, and for tablets to be placed in Churches, shall be submitted to the Chaplain for approval; if not approved, such inscriptions shall not be allowed to be engraved on such monuments or tablets. But any party considering himself aggrieved by the Chaplain's decision may appeal to the Bishop.

VII. Stone or brick monuments shall not be placed over any but masonry graves; such monuments, unless built over masonry work, are liable to fall in during the rains. Brick monuments are to be discouraged, as they soon fall into decay in this climate.

VIII. The dimensions of no monument shall be allowed to exceed nine feet in length, and four and a half feet in width. In special cases, where more space is desired, a fee, calculated at the rate of Rupees 3 for every square foot, shall be charged by the Chaplain. The sum collected shall be placed to the credit of the Fund for improving the Burial Ground, and repairing the monuments in it and the Church.

IX. The Chaplain shall communicate with the friends of the deceased when a monument requires repair. Should a monument fall into a ruined condition, and no one be willing to undertake its restoration, the ruined monument shall be made level with the ground, and any slab it may have contained shall be placed over the grave.

X. Every reasonable effort shall be made by the Chaplain, not only to keep the Cemetery in decent order, but to preserve the sacred associations of the place, by suggesting appropriate designs for monuments, and by planting the ground with suitable trees. The money obtained by the sale of the grass, and the fees above mentioned, shall be laid out in the improvement of the Cemetery.

XI. The Cemetery shall be inspected once a year by the Chaplain, in company with the Executive Engineer, and a report made to the Archdeacon; such reports shall be recorded in the Ecclesiastical Record Book of the station, and also in the Engineer's Office.

XII. The Collector, or one of his Assistants, shall annually, or as occasion may require, visit all Cemeteries in his District, as well as those disused as those still in use, and shall make suggestions to the Clergymen or Lay Trustees in charge, and, if necessary, shall make a brief report to the Government or Archdeacon, regarding the condition of such Cemeteries.

XIII. Officers Commanding Regiments or Detachments shall cause a report to be made to the nearest Civil Officer of graves dug for Commissioned Officers, Non-Commissioned Officers, and Soldiers dying on the lines of march, in order that measures may be taken for the effectual protection and preservation of such graves.

XIV. At stations where there is no Chaplain or other Clergyman in the pay of Government, the Lay Trustees will perform all the duties assigned to the Chaplain by these rules, with the exception of the approval of the inscriptions, which are to be forwarded to the Chaplain of the station, or, during a vacancy, to the Archdeacon; such inscriptions shall not be engraved till the sanction of the Chaplain or Archdeacon is obtained. The Lay Trustees in stations where there is no Chaplain, shall place the key of the Cemetery at the disposal of the visiting Chaplain, on the occasion of that Minister's periodical visits to his out-stations. In the absence of a Clergyman of the Church of England, one of the Lay Trustees, or some Officer appointed by him, shall read the burial service at the interment of all persons entitled to burial according to the rites and ceremonies of the Church of England, and shall forward a return of the same, in duplicate, by the first post, one copy to the Registrar of the Diocese, Madras, and the other to be deposited in the Office of the Collector of the District. Forms can be obtained by application at the Office of the Diocesan Registrar, Bangalore.

CHURCHES AND CHAPELS.

The following P. W. D. Standing Order, No. 37 of 1865, regarding the expenditure of public money on Churches and Chapels in Military and Civil stations, is, we learn, to be considered applicable to the Madras Presidency:—

Churches and Chapels in Military and Civil Stations.

The following general principles and rules regarding the expenditure of public money on Churches and Chapels are published for general information, and must be strictly adhered to by local Governments and administrations in considering proposals for such works, and in according sanction to them:—

I.—In the case of purely Military stations, where there is no European population excepting the troops, such as the Hill Sanitaria at Dargahai or Subathoo, &c., applications for Protestant Churches will not, as a rule, be entertained by the Government, and a Regimental School-room or other large suitable building should be made available for divine worship.

II.—Where, however, a Military station is of a permanent character, and there is also a Civil European community, Protestant Churches are desirable, and will be constructed by the Government.

III.—Roman Catholic Chapels will be provided by the Government to the extent required for troops in those Military stations in which sanction is accorded to the erection of Protestant Churches.

IV.—The amount of the Government grant for a Protestant Church will, in no case, exceed such a sum as will suffice to provide a plain substantial building adapted to its special purposes and large enough to contain the whole congregation which may ordinarily be expected to attend together with such plain furniture as is essentially necessary for the proper performance of the service according to the ritual of the Church of England. It will rest with private individuals to furnish the means of imparting ecclesiastical features, and architectural decorations to the building, should they desire it, and also of supplying additional furniture, or furniture of a more costly description, and means of lighting.

V.—The same principles with regard to the extent of accommodation and amount of the Government grants will hold good in the case of Roman Catholic Chapels.

VI.—At the chief Civil station of a district, the Government will be ready to provide a small Protestant Church, on a scale commensurate with the probable congregation to be accommodated, whenever the community of the station is willing to bear a portion of the expense, the share taken by the Government being calculated on the principle above laid down, viz., that the Government will provide the cost of the solid and essential parts of the fabric, while it shall rest with the community to supply the means of giving to the building the special architectural character and the distinguishing features of ecclesiastical form, which it is desirable Churches should possess.

VII.—The following sums are fixed as sufficient to provide places of worship on the above principles for the various details of troops and for Civil stations. The scale of size for Military stations, and of expense for all Churches or Chapels, now laid down, are in no case to be exceeded without a reference to the Government of India, even though the proposed expenditure may be within the power of sanction, vested in the local Government or administration.

Military Stations.

DETAILS.	PROTESTANT.		ROMAN CATHOLIC.	
	Number of Sittings.	Amount.	Number of Sittings.	Amount.
		Rs.		Rs.
For each Regiment of European Infantry	700	20,000	300	9,000
For each Wing of European Infantry	350	10,000	150	5,000
For each Regiment of British Cavalry	400	12,000	200	7,000
For each Wing of British Cavalry	200	7,000	100	5,000
For each Field Battery of Artillery	150	5,000	50	3,500
For each Garrison Battery of Artillery	50	3,500	...	...

ECCLESIASTICAL.] CHAPLAINS' CLERKS' AND SEXTONS' FEES.

N. E.—As a rule, one Church and one Roman Catholic Chapel only will be provided at any station, the necessary accommodation and amount of grant being calculated on the above standard, and if the required number of sittings exceed 700, the addition to the grant will be Rupees 25 for each sitting above that number.

Civil Stations or Stations where there are only Native Troops.

NUMBER OF CONGREGATION.	PROTESTANT CHURCH.	
	Maximum Government Grant.	Minimum amount to be raised by private subscription.
	Rs.	Rs.
Probable congregation. ... 24	2,000	1,000
Do do ... 50	3,500	1,750
Do do ... 100	5,000	2,500
Do do ... 150	6,000	3,000
Do do ... 200	7,000	3,500
Do do ... 300	9,000	4,500
Do do ... 400	12,000	6,000
Do do ... 500	15,000	7,500
Do do ... 700	20,000	10,000

CHAPLAINS', CLERKS' AND SEXTONS' FEES.

Sanctioned by the Government, 27th August 1852.

	Chaplain's fee.			Clerk's fee.		
	RS.	A.	P.	RS.	A.	P.
Marriage by License	35	0	0	5	0	0
Do. by Banns	10	0	0	1	0	0
Funerals { 1st Class	15	0	0	3	0	0
2nd do	3	0	0	1	8	0

No fee for Registry of Baptisms.

When a plain palanquin or bier is used, similar to that employed in the General Hospital, no Chaplain's fee is to be charged for the funeral.

	RS.	A.	P.
To the Chaplains of the Districts jointly.			
For permission to build a monument in the burial ground of the District of St. George's and Vepery	52	8	0
For do. in St. Mary's burial ground (Rupees 17-8-0 of this sum being given to the funds of the Charity School)	70	0	0
For permission to make a vault of 12 feet wide by 7½ long	175	0	0
For permission to make a vault of 20 feet wide by 8½ long	350	0	0
For the erection of a monument or tablet within the Church by a faculty from the Bishop	175	0	0
Certificates of Baptisms, Marriages and Burials	2	8	0

Naval and Military Officers are exempt from Ecclesiastical fees except those claimable for Marriage licenses, for the erection of Mural Tablets and Tombs, and for Certificates of Marriages, Baptisms and Burials taken from Church Registers.

Attested Certificates of Marriages, Baptisms and Burials obtained from the Office of the Registrar of the Diocese, must be written on stamped paper of the value of 8 Annas, the expense of the stamp to be paid by the applicant in addition to the regulated fee.

SEXTON'S FEES.

	RS.	A.	P.
Digging a grave from 5 to 8 feet long and 6 feet deep	1	0	0
Do. under 5 feet long but 5 feet deep	0	8	0
Extra depth, per foot	0	8	0

CHURCHES AND CHAPELS IN MADRAS WITH THEIR RESPECTIVE OFFICE-BEARERS.

Church or Chapel.	When opd.	Where located.	Chaplain or Minister.	Trustees and Wardens.	Clerks, Deacons, &c.	Organist, &c.
CHURCH OF ENGLAND.						
St. George's Cathedral.....	1815	Mount Road, Tanampett.	Rev. J. Griffiths, M.A. Rev. A. W. Pearson, M.A.	Mal. J. W. Rideout, Sr. A. Hittleston, and Col. W. P. Macdonald	Mr. W. F. Hyter, Clerk. Mr. Jas. Dawson, Beadle.	Mr. J. T. Mayne.
St. Mary's.....	1690	Cornwallis' Square, Fort.	Rev. J. Gorton, M.A.	None.	Mr. H. Fox, Clerk. Mr. C. S. Trotter, Beadle.	Mr. F. J. Jupe.
Black Town Church.....	1804	Near the Grand Jail.....	Rev. F. G. Ley, M.A.	Messrs. J. G. Coleman & J. J. D'Roario.	Mr. C. S. Trotter, Beadle. Mr. C. Hall, Clerk.	Mr. D'Roza.
Emmanuel.....	1802	Black Town.....	Rev. J. W. Wynch, M.A.		Mr. C. Hall, Clerk. Beadle.	Mr. R. Johnson.
Church Mission.....	1820	Popham's Broadway.....	Rev. P. S. Royston, M.A.	Messrs. W. C. Doyton & J. G. Wood.	Mr. H. Haydn.	
Do. Native.....	1820	Do. do.	Rev. R. C. Macdonald, M.A.	Dr. S. Jesudasan.		D. Jesudasan Py.
St. Matthias.....	1826	Vepery.....	Rev. T. Foulkes.....	Mr. J. M. James and Mr. F. J. Wilson.	Mr. J. E. Ross, Clerk. Mr. S. Dring, Beadle.	Mr. A. Zscherpel.
Trinity Chapel.....	1831	John Pereira's.....	Rev. T. Bliss, M.A.	Mr. Jas. T. Morton.	Mr. J. Wylie, Beadle.	Mr. A. Johnson.
St. Thomas.....	1842	Saint Thomé.....	Rev. A. R. Symonds, M.A.	R. Clarke & P. Coultrup, Esqs.	Mr. J. S. Doggett, Clerk. Mr. A. Thomson.	Mr. J. Croom, Jr. Mr. E. Green.
Christ Church.....	1852	Mount Road.....	Rev. W. Welsh, M.A.			
St. Paul's (for Natives).....	1859	Hunter's Road, Vepery.....	Rev. H. Bower.....			
Church of Scotland.				<i>Elders, Deacons, Stewards.</i>		
St. Andrew's (Estab.).....	1821	Poonamallee Road.....	Rev. A. C. Bell, M.A. Rev. W. A. Liston.	J. Urquhart, Esq., Col. Williamson, Esq., Col. T. McGoun, W. T. F. Shaw, Esq., A. K. Thomson, Esq.,	Mr. Alfred Thomson, Clerk. Mr. J. MacCormick, Beadle.	Mr. R. Stephenson
Free Church.....	1862	Esplanade.....	Rev. W. Miller, M.A.	Dr. H. D. Paterson.		
London Mission.....	1812	Davidson's Street, Town.	Rev. G. Hall, M.A.	Mr. W. Pike & E. Gordon		
Do. (for Natives).....	1821	Pursevaikulam.....	Rev. A. Corbould.	Mr. H. G. Gignotham, Esq. & Mr. J. W. Jordan.		
Wesleyan.....	1822	Popham's Broadway.....	Rev. R. Stephenson, M.A.	Messrs. Geo. Stevens, T. Hedger and Wm. Thomas.		
Baptist.....	1847	Vepery High Road, New Town.	Rev. William Money.			

Churches, Chapels and other places of worship in Madras are numerous, and represent every phase of Christian faith. It is not practicable to give a complete list of every one of them. This statement embraces all necessary information that a stranger in Madras is likely to require. The time of service in almost all places of worship is 11 A. M. and 6 P. M., in the cold weather, and 7½ A. M. and 6½ P. M., in the warm weather.

LIST OF MARRIAGE REGISTRARS IN THE MADRAS PRESIDENCY.

Districts.	Names.	Official designation.	Date of ap- pointment.	Remarks.
1 Arcot, North.....	Mr. R. W. Barlow..	Sub-Collector.	18 Oct. 1864	Sr. Mar.
Do.	Mr. H. V. D'Roza..	Head Clerk in the En- lish Department....	Do.	[Regr.
2 Arcot, South.....	Mr. J. C. McCarthy.	Head Master, Zillah School.....	31 Jan. 1860	
3 Bellary.....	Mr. B. Blake.....	Deputy Collector	24 June 1856	
4 Canara, South....	Mr. J. F. Fernandez	Deputy Collector.....	19 July 1861	
5 Cochin.....	Mr. S. R. Dawes....	Princl. SudderAmeen.	6 Mar. 1866	
6 Coimbatore.....	Rev. S. Jones.....	London Mission Socy	30 do. 1860	
7 Cuddapah.....	Mr. T. G. Ward.....	Deputy Collector.....	3 Jan. 1861	
8 Ganjam District.	Mr. R. H. Lyons....	Deputy Collector.....	10 Mar. 1860	
9 Godavery Dist....	Mr. W. A. Happel.	Assistant Collector....	27 Apr. 1866	
10 Kistna.....				
11 Kurnool.....	Mr. R. W. Blake....	Translator on the Collector's Estab- lishment.....	27 July 1858	[Regr.
Do.	Rev. R. D. Johnston.	London Mission Socy.	6 Oct. 1863	Sr. Mar. Mar. Regr. at Nundial.
12 Madras.....	Mr. G. Hamnett....	Asst. Consulting Engr. for Railways Office..	23 Jan. 1866	
13 Madura.....	Mr. T. G. Graham .	Translator in the Col- lector's Office.....	12 Aug. 1864	
14 Malabar.....	Mr. W. F. Hewetson.	Deputy Collector.....	15 Feb. 1860	
15				
16 Nellore.....	M. J. D'Silva.....	Head Accountant on the Collector's Est....	6 Sep. 1861	
17 Salem.....	Mr. R. Martin.....	Head Clerk on the Col- lector's Estab.....	24 June 1864	
18 Tanjore.....	Mr. C. Mascurine...	Head Writer in the Civil Court.....	4 Oct. 1864	
19 Tinnevely.....	Mr. Wm. Hodson....	Acting Sub-Collector.	4 Nov. 1864	
20 Trichinopoly	Mr. J. Christinson.	Comr's Department..	13 Nov. 1866	
21 Tripasore.....	Mr. D. McIntyre....	2nd Apothecary in Medl charge of Tripasore.	11 May 1858	
22 Travancore.....	Mr. J. Bensley.....		20 Mar. 1866	
23 Vizagapatam.....	Mr. C. F. Watson..	English Accountant in the Collr's Office....	10 Oct. 1862	

MINISTERS LICENSED TO MARRY UNDER THE INDIAN
MARRIAGE ACT NO. V OF 1865.

Leipzig Evangelical Lutheran Mission.			
Rev. H. Cordes.....	Tranquebar	Rev. E. R. Baierlein.....	Cuddalore
" A. Bloomstrand, M.A.	do	" N. Nalathambi.....	Tanjore
" W. Stölin.....	Negapatam	" A. W. Samuel.....	Tranquebar
" C. F. Krenmer.....	Madras	" W. H. C. Herre.....	Yercaud
" R. Handmann.....	Trichinopoly	" Christian.....	Chellambaram
" J. M. N. Schwarz.....	Mayaveram	" Swen Ryden.....	Mayaveram
" C. A. Ouchterlony.....	Europe	" M. Packiam.....	do
" J. Doederlein.....	Tranquebar	" N. Swamidasen.....	Metupatti
" A. Nerling.....	Tanjore	" M. R. Njanendrum.....	Coimbatore
" A. Mayr.....	Coimbatore	" E. Schaeffer.....	Tranquebar
" Paulgaut, Ootacamund & Bangalore		" G. J. Metzger.....	Chingleput
" H. Schanz.....	Porcian	" A. M. Hermannsberg.....	Madras
" J. J. H. Wannske.....	Mayaveram	" A. F. Wolff.....	do

Basel Evangelical Mission.	
Rev. A. Buhner.....	Mangalore
" K. Kundinya.....	do
" F. Kittle.....	do
" K. Haulf.....	do
" A. Finckh.....	do
" G. Burkhardt.....	do
" J. Müller.....	do
" A. Manner.....	Mulky
" J. J. Brigel.....	do
" R. Hartmann.....	Udapy
" F. Traub.....	do
" G. Hanhart.....	Cannanore
" S. Gaudert.....	do
" C. Müller.....	Tellicherry
" L. Reinhardt.....	do
" H. Bergfeldt.....	do
" C. Aldinger.....	Chombala
" J. M. Firtz.....	Calicut
" T. Schaudire.....	do
" E. Diez.....	Paulghaut
" B. Graeter.....	Mangalore
" C. Moerike.....	Katty
" F. Metz.....	do
" F. Krauss.....	Dharwar
" A. Wenger.....	Neitgherries
" C. Roeck.....	S. Canara
" T. Knobloch.....	Malabar
" J. J. Buchmüller.....	do
" S. Walter.....	do
" W. H. C. Herrero.....	Yercaud & Sher- varoyas
" Paul Alexander.....	Malabar
Danish Lutheran Mission.	
Rev. C. Ochs.....	Puttambankum
" C. W. Gronning.....	Rajahmundry
American Baptist Missionary Union.	
Rev. F. A. Douglas.....	America
" L. Jewett.....	Nellore
Baptist Mission.	
Rev. W. Bailey.....	Berhampore
" W. Money.....	Madras
" W. Bowden, Sr.....	Nursapur
American Madura Mission.	
Rev. T. S. Burnell.....	Melur
" W. B. Capron.....	Mana, Madura
" J. E. Chandler.....	Tirumangalum
" E. Chester.....	Dindigul
" J. T. Noyes.....	Pulney
" J. Rendall.....	Madura
" W. Tracey.....	Pasumalie
" G. T. Washburn.....	Batalagunda
" C. T. White.....	Pulney
" H. Zilva.....	W. Karasakulam
" Yasadian.....	Maudapaspalie
" C. Williams.....	Keelamattoor
" E. Seymour.....	Periakulam
" A. Savarimootoo.....	Dindigul
" Christian.....	E. Karasakulam
" Vathanoyagum.....	Samiputti
" Vathanoyagum.....	Mallankinaroo

Evangelical Lutheran Mission of the United States of America.

Rev. A. Long, M.A.....Samulcottah

American Evangelical Lutheran Mission.

Rev. Elias Engbust.....Guntoor

" P. W. Gronning.....Europe

Free Church Mission.

Rev. P. Rajahgopul.....Madras

" W. Miller.....do

" W. Szevenson.....do

" A. Vazcataramiah.....Nellore

London Mission Society.

Rev. J. P. Ashton.....Madras

" G. Mabbs.....Nagerecoil

" A. Carbold.....Madras

" J. B. Coles.....Bellary

" Shadrach.....do

" J. W. Gordon.....Vizagapatam

" W. E. Morris.....Salem

" J. Dzhic.....Nagerecoil

" Maurice Phillips.....Tripatore

" Colin Campbell.....Bangalore

" D. Meadowcroft.....Madras

" E. Porter.....Cuddapah

" W. Dawson.....Vizianagrum

" G. Hall.....Madras

" T. H. Ham.....Pollachy

Wesleyan Mission.

Rev. H. Lisle.....Melattur

" G. Hoday.....Trivlore

" A. Burgess.....Madras

" W. O. Simpson.....do

" W. Ambrose.....do

" E. Gloria.....St. Thos. Mount

" R. Stephenson, B.A.....Madras

" G. Fryar.....Negapatam

" Somasundrum.....do

" W. E. Cockill.....St. Thos. Mount

" J. Sazael.....Negapatam

" J. Jones.....Trichinopoly

" A. Lorell.....Manargoody

" J. Dixon.....Trichinopoly

" F. Truman.....Caroor

" T. Peery.....do

" J. Hoday.....Madras

" P. J. Evers.....Manargoody

Protestant Reformed Dutch Church of North America.

Rev. W. W. Scudder.....Vellore

" E. C. Scudder.....do

" J. W. Scudder.....Chittoor

" J. Mayou.....Arnee

" J. Chamberlain, Jr.....Mudnapilly

" John Scudder.....Arcot

" Andrew Sawyer.....Sathambady

" S. D. Scudder.....Palmanair

S. P. G. F. P.

Rev. K. Yesudian.....Tinnevely

" S. Darel.....do

CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

Madras Corresponding Committee.

The Lord Bishop of Madras, *President*.The Reverend T. Bliss, B. A.,
T. Clarke, Esq.,
The Ven'ble T. Dealtry, M. A.,Lt. Col. E. J. Lawder,
The Hon'ble C. Pelly,
Colonel G. Rowlandson,G. Smith, Esq., M. D.,
Reverend W. Welsh, M.A.,Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co.....*Treasurers*.Reverend P. S. Royston, M. A.....*Secy. of Corresponding Committee*.

LIST OF CLERGYMEN

IN CONNECTION WITH THE CHURCH MISSIONARY AND THEIR AGENTS.

Names.	Stations.
MADRAS.	
Reverend P. S. Royston, M. A., Secretary ...	Madras.
" D. Fenn, M. A. ...	do.
" R. C. Macdonald, B. A. ...	do.
" W. Gordon, M. A. ...	do.
" W. T. Sathyanadhan ...	do.
" V. Sandhosham ...	do.
" H. Harley ...	Tanjore (on leave.)
TINNEVELLY.	
Reverend E. Sargent ...	Palamcottah.
" H. Dixon ...	do.
" V. Simcon ...	do.
" M. Periancygam ...	Alvarneri—Palamcottah.
" J. Thomas* ...	Menguanpuram. do.
" J. Davies Thomas ...	do do.
" S. Gnaramutu ...	do do.
" P. Arumanayagam ...	Asirvathapuram do.
" D. Viravagu ...	Sathankulam do.
" Jesudasan John ...	Kudatchapuram do.
" W. P. Schaffier ...	Suvisheshapuram do.
" M. Savariroyan ...	do do.
" A. Dibb ...	Dohnavur do.
" M. Devaprasatham ...	do do.
" J. D. Simmons ...	Pancivilci do.
" Isaac Abraham ...	do do.
" J. Witchurch ...	Pannikulam do.
" J. Nallathambi ...	do do.
" D. Gnanamutu ...	Nallur do.
" A. Samuel ...	do do.
" N. Honiss ...	do do.
" Antony James ...	Surrande do.
" R. H. Meadows, M. A. ...	Sivagasi—North Tinnevely.
" Joseph Cornelius ...	do do.
" M. Devappirasatham ...	do do.
" V. Devanayagam ...	do do.
TRAVANCORE.	
Reverend R. Collins, M. A. ...	Cottayam College, Cottayam.
" J. Wilson ...	Alleppic.
" R. H. Madax ...	Mavelikara—Quilon.
" A. Johnson ...	Trichoor—Shoranoor.
" J. M. Speechly, M. A. ...	Cambridge Nicholson Institution, Cottayam.
" G. Matthan ...	Tiruwella—Alleppic.
" Koshi Koshi ...	Olesha—Cottayam.
" H. Andrews ...	Tallum—Alleppic.
" Kollato Jacob ...	do do.
" H. Baker ...	Mundakayam—Alleppic.
" Oomen Mamen ...	Kunnankulam—Ponany.
" J. Chandu ...	Thallawaddi—Thiruwella.

LIST OF CLERGYMEN, CHURCH MISSIONARY SOCIETY,—continued.

Names.	Stations.	
TIRAVANCORE.—continued.		
Reverend J. Eapen	Mallapalli—Thiruvella.	
" J. Thuriel	Kannit—Mavelicara.	
" K. Kuruwella	Kodawalania—do.	
" Justus Jonas... ..	Mavelicara.	
" G. Curean... ..	Cochin.	
TELUGU MISSION.		
Reverend J. E. Sharkey	Masulipatam.	
" J. Sharp, M. A.	do.	
" Manchalla Ratnam	do.	
" Amala Bushanam	do.	
" F. W. N. Alexander	Ellore.	
" W. Elington	Bezoarah.	
" A. H. Arden, M.A.	Masulipatam.	
" C. Tanner	Darimadgudien—Upper Godavery.	
IN EUROPE, (S. C.)		
Rev. W. Gray, M.A.	Rev. T. Spratt.	Rev. T. Y. Darling.
" J. Bilderbeck.	" W. Clark.	

COLONIAL AND CONTINENTAL CHURCH SOCIETY.

PATRON.—Her Most Gracious Majesty the Queen.

VICE-PATRONS.—His Grace the Archbishop of Canterbury, and His Grace the Archbishop of York.

PRESIDENT.—The Most Honorable the Marquis of Cholmondeley.

MADRAS CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE

PRESIDENT.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.—Hon'ble C. Pelly and T. Clarke, Esq.

Brett, H. A., Esq.	Lawder, E. J., Lieut.-Col.	Wilson, J. M., Mr.
Drury, M.A., C. R., Rev.	Roberts, J. S., Esq.	Young, J., Esq.
Goodhart, B.A., E. S., Rev.	Royston, M.A., P. S., Rev.	
Hamilton, R., Colonel	Symonds, M.A., A. R. Rev.	

The Hon'ble W. R. Arbuthnot, *Treasurer*. | Rev. W. Welsh, M.A., *Secretary*.

The object of the Society is to assist the residents at the smaller stations, which are unprovided with the services of a Government Chaplain, in obtaining the privilege of the regular ministrations amongst them of a Clergyman of the Church of England. Half of the Minister's salary is paid by the Society, the other half is made up of the usual Government allowance of Rupees 100 per mensem, and the contributions of the residents, who also provide a house. There are several additional stations which the Society would gladly take up were its means greater.

LIST OF CLERGYMEN

IN CONNECTION WITH THE MADRAS CORRESPONDING COMMITTEE OF THE COLONIAL AND CONTINENTAL CHURCH SOCIETY.

Names.	Stations.
Reverend P. Webber	Bangalore.
" C. C. Shutic	Pulicat.
" J. S. Wilkinson, M.A.	Kurnool.
" A. W. Lees	Cochin.
"	Nellore—Vacant.
" W. Welsh, M.A.	Christ Church, Mount Road.
Mr. J. E. Nimmo	Scripture Reader, Vepery.

SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL
IN FOREIGN PARTS.

CHARTERED A.D. 1701.

Extended its operations to Madras in 1826.

MADRAS DIOCESAN COMMITTEE.

The Right Rev. the President,	Rev. C. R. Drury,	F. Lushington, Esq.
The Ven. the Vice-President,	Colonel E. T. Fasken,	Captain J. Mullins,
Rev. J. Bamforth,	Rev. J. Gorton,	Colonel G. W. Y. Simpson,
Captain M. W. Carr,	Colonel R. Hamilton,	J. D. Sim, Esq.
C. Dale, Esq.,	Captain H. P. Hawkes,	

Rev. A. R. Symonds, M.A., *Secretary*. | Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., *Treasurers*.

LIST OF CLERGYMEN

IN CONNECTION WITH THE INCORPORATED SOCIETY FOR THE PROPAGATION OF THE GOSPEL IN FOREIGN PARTS IN THE DIOCESE OF MADRAS.

Names.	Missions.	Post Town.
Rev. T. Brotherton	Nazareth.....	Palamcottah.
" A. Job	Christianagram.....	do
" Dr. R. Caldwell	Edeyengoody.....	do
" Samuel Daniel... ..	Rhadapuram	do
" G. S. Yesadian	Edeyengoody.....	do
" J. F. Kearns	Puthiamputhur.....	North Tinnevely.
" A. Masillamany	Puthukotie.....	do
" D. Vadammutoo	Sawyerpooram	Palamcottah.
" D. Gnanapragasam	do	do
" S. G. Coyle	Ramnad and Paumben ...	Ramnad and Paumben.
" J. D. Martyn	Cuddalore	Cuddalore.
" T. P. Adolphus	Trichinopoly.....	Trichinopoly.
" J. Ignatius	do	do
" C. S. Kohlhoff	Erungalore	do
" C. Innasi	do	do
" J. Sinnapen... ..	do	do
" J. Guest... ..	Tanjore	Tanjore.
" K. Vadanagum	do	do
" C. Hubbard	Canendagoody	do
" D. Adeikelam	Aneycadoo	do
" A. R. C. Nailer	Vediarpuram.....	do
" F. J. Leeper	Combaconum.....	Combaconum.
" J. Seller	Nangoor	Tranquebar.
" G. Heyne	Negapatam	Negapatam.
" D. Savarimootoo	Vepery	Madras.
" J. Eleazer	Bangalore	Bangalore.
" J. Clay	Mutialpad	Nundial.
" J. F. Spencer... ..	Kulsapad.....	Cuddapah.
" A. Taylor	Secunderabad.....	Secunderabad.
" T. Solomon	Egmore.....	Madras.
" B. David	St. Thome.....	do
" J. Stephenson	Vepery.....	do
" J. M. Strachan	Madras.....	do
" H. Bower... ..	Vepery.....	do
RETIRED MISSIONARIES.		
Rev. A. F. Cammerer	Cuddalore.....	Cuddalore.
" W. Hickey	Madura.....	Madura.
" W. Howell	Madras.....	Madras.

CLERGYMEN NOT IN CONNECTION WITH ANY SOCIETY.

Names.	Stations.	Remarks.
Rev. W. Taylor ...	Madras ...	
" C. Franklin ...	Bangalore ...	
" S. A. Godfrey ...	Mysore ...	
" S. W. Coultrup ...	Madras ...	
" A. Younker ...		
" P. Percival ...	Madras ...	Registrar of the University.
" T. Bliss ...	do ...	Head Master of Bp. Corrie's Gram. School.
" G. U. Pope, D.D. ...	Ootacamund ...	do. of the Ootacamund Grammar School.
" T. Whitehouse, M.A. ...	do ...	Principal of the Lawrence Asylum only.
" A. W. Stone ...	Madras ...	Chaplain M. F. O. Asylum.
" J. Bamforth ...	do ...	Head Master Doveton College, and Chaplain M. M. O. Asylum.
" C. E. Kennet ...	do ...	Secy. C. K. and School Book Societies.

ESTABLISHED CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

Chaplains.	Ort.	Appd.	Arrived.	In the service of
Rev. Stewart Wright, Senior Chaplain...	1855	1855	23rd Feb. 1859	Government
" Alexander Walker, Chaplain	1855	1859	23rd July 1859	do.
" Augustus Clifford Bell, M.A., Junior Chaplain...	1860	1859	8th March 1860	do.
" William A. Liston, do.	1866	1866	25th Nov. 1866	do.

MISSIONARIES.

Rev. George Anderson.....	1865	1865	Church of Scotland's Indian Mission Committee.
" Charles Cameron.....	1865	1865	
" Jacob David.....	1859	1859	
" Daniel Jacob.....	1865	1860	
" D. Comarappen.....		1865	

PLACES OF WORSHIP.

MADRAS:—I. St. Andrew's Church—Poonamallee Road (opened 1821.)

Times of Service: Sundays 11 A.M., and $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 P. M.—Wednesdays $\frac{1}{4}$ past 6 P. M.

Tamil Service on Sundays at $\frac{1}{2}$ past 8 A. M., and at the School house at $\frac{1}{4}$ past 4 P. M.

The Rev. A. C. Bell, M. A., Junior Chaplain.

The Rev. W. A. Liston, do.

KIRK SESSION.

MODERATOR.

The Chaplain or each of two Chaplains every alternate half-year.

ELDERS.

J. Urquhart, Esq., M. D.	Hon. Robert Orr Campbell,	W. T. Taylor, Esq.
Thomas Williamson, Esq.	James Donaldson, Esq., M. D.	W. P. F. Shaw, Esq.
Colonel T. McGoun	R. S. Mair, Esq., M. D.	A. K. Thomson, Esq.
Clerk...		Mr. Alfred Thomson.
Organist...		Mr. R. Stephenson.
Beadle...		Mr. J. MacCormick.
Scripture Reader...		Mr. J. Sausman.
Teacher of Boys' Charity School, Chintadrepett...		Mr. John Lionel.
Do. 'Girls' do.		Mrs. Turnbull.

II.—BANGALORE.

Service, Morning and Evening.

The Rev. Stewart Wright, Senior Chaplain.

III.—SECUNDERABAD.

Service, Morning and Evening.

The Rev. A. Walker, Chaplain.

IV.—Church of Scotland's Mission House, Beach—Service, Sundays at 8 A. M., and 3 P. M.

FEES FOR SACRED OFFICES.

For Marriage by License	Rs. 50 0 0
" " Banns published on one Sunday.....	" 12 0 0
" " " Banns on two Sundays.....	" 11 0 0
" " " Banns on three Sundays.....	" 10 0 0
For registering each Baptism	None.
For each Extract of Baptism, Marriage or Funeral, 1st class	Rs. 2 8 0
Do do do 2d class	" 1 0 0
Fees for Funerals in St. Andrew's Cemetery, 1st class.....	" 3 0 0
Do do do do 2d class.....	" 1 8 0

In all,

No fees are leviable from Non-Commissioned Officers and Privates in H. M.'s Naval or Military Services on account of Baptismal or Marriage Services performed by the Chaplains.

Parties desiring Baptism or Marriage should apply in the first instance to the Chaplain, but all information will be supplied, and also the Forms of Declaration by the Session Clerk.

Registers of Baptisms and Marriages are kept, and periodical Returns forwarded to Government, attested by the Senior Chaplain.

Under the sanction of the Honorable the Court of Directors of date 17th January 1844, the Chaplains may pay occasional visits to any Out-stations of the Presidency where a large number of Presbyterians may be residing.

The Regulations regarding the Rank, Furlough and Retiring Allowances, Leave of Absence, &c., are the same as those applicable to the Chaplains of the Church of England.

PRESBYTERY OF MADRAS.

Constituted by authority of the General Assembly of the Church of Scotland, February 1855.

PRESBYTERS.

Rev. Stewart Wright,	Rev. Augustus C. Bell, M. A.	Rev. Charles Cameron,
" Alexander Walker,	" Daniel Jacob,	" W. A. Liston,
" Jacob David,	" George Anderson,	

LAY ELDERS.—Elected half-yearly from each Kirk Session.

MODERATOR.—Each Clerical Member half-yearly in rotation.

CLERK.—Rev. A. C. Bell, M. A.

THE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND'S INDIAN MISSION.

MADRAS BRANCH COMMENCED 1837.

The Central Institution is in No. 3, North Beach, Black Town.

Superintendents.—Rev. George Anderson and Rev. Charles Cameron.

Head Master.....

Honorary Agent for the Ladies' Association.—The Rev. A. C. Bell, M. A.

Matron of the Orphanage.—Mrs. Ward.

Lady Superintendent of the Girls' School.—Miss Newland.

Teacher.....

Minister of the Poochoopett Native Church.—Rev. Jacob David—Ordained 1859.

Corresponding Secretary of the General Assembly's Foreign Mission for Madras.—The Rev. Archibald Watson, D. D., of St. Mary's Church, Dundee.

Licentiate.—Rev. D. Coomerappen.

Catechists.—Mr. Ponumbalum and Mr. P. Monicum.

A large Staff of Christian and Hindoo Teachers are also employed in the General Assembly's Department of the Mission.

Eight Teachers are engaged in the Girls' School.

I.—THE PREMISES IN BLACK TOWN are devoted chiefly to Christian Education, and contain a large Institution for the instruction of Native youths in the most important branches of religious and secular knowledge. The number of pupils in attendance on week days average about 300.

A large Sabbath-School is also held for purely Scriptural tuition. The Female Department comprehends a Girls' School, and an Orphanage in which there are at present 45 Boarders. It is under the charge of the Rev. A. C. Bell and a Committee of Ladies.

The same premises furnish accommodation for the Sabbath Services of the Black Town Native Church.

Divine Service is held twice every Lord's Day. The Congregation numbers about 40, of whom 15 are communicants.

II.—In addition to the Central Institution in Black Town, there are four Branch Stations, viz.—

POODOOPETT NATIVE CHURCH.—In the Chancel of St. Andrew's Church, a congregation of Native Christians numbering over 200 souls, of which above 119 are communicants, assemble every Sabbath.

VELLORE STATION.—The work of this Station is conducted by the Licentiate, Rev. D. Comarappen, assisted by 4 Teachers. The School has an attendance of about 100 boys.

SECUNDERABAD STATION, is under the charge of the Rev. David Jacob, an ordained Native Missionary, with a Catechist and Schoolmaster.

POODOOPETT and MACKAY'S GARDEN SCHOOLS.—These are attended by above 60 boys and 140 girls, who are instructed by Christian Teachers.

ST. ANDREW'S NATIVE CHURCH.

Reverend Jacob J. David, Pastor.

Mr. W. Rebeiro, } Boys' English Teachers.
Mr. J. Brown, }

Mr. Thomas, Reader.

Catherine, } Female Teachers.
Naomi, }

A. Massilamoney, Catechist.

HOURS OF SERVICE.

Sunday, 8 to 9½ A. M.
" 1 to 4½ P. M.

Sunday School, 3 to 4 P. M.
Monday, 6½ to 8 P. M.

KIRK SESSION.

Rev. Jacob J. David—MODERATOR.

Mr. William Samuel,
" Paul Manikum,
" John Massilamoney,

ELDERS.

Mr. C. Aaron, } ELDERS.
" J. Isaac, }

" Walter Samuel—DEACON.

WESLEYAN MISSIONARY SOCIETY.

I. MADRAS DISTRICT.—Madras, South, (Tamil) Revs. R. Stephenson, B.A., A. Burgess, Elias Gloria, Native Minister; Madras, North, (Tamil) W. O. Simpson and J. Hobday; —Minister English Church; St. Thomas' Mount, Rev. W. R. C. Cockill; Negapatam, T. Peers and S. Sommoosondrum, Native Minister; Manargoody, G. Fryar and Peter Evers; Trichinopoly and Warriore, J. Jones, H. Little and Joel Samuel, Native Minister; Trivalore, G. Hobday; Caroor, F. Truman and J. Dixon; R. Stephenson, B.A., Chairman of the District and General Superintendent.—II. MYSORE DISTRICT.—Bangalore, (Petta) Revs. T. Hodson, S. Dalzell, G. McCutchan, B.A., Educational Department; W. Walker and A. Samuel, Native Minister; Bangalore (Cantonment), J. H. Cummings, S. E. Symons, Tamil Department; A. Festiman, English Minister; Nathaniel, Native Minister; Mysore and Seringapatam, J. Hutcheon, M.A., and J. Hudson, B.A.; Toomkoor, H. J. Sykes; Goobee, J. Stephenson; Coonghul and Magadi, H. O'Sullivan; Shemoga, J. Greenwood; T. Hodson, Chairman of the District and General Superintendent.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

CONSTITUTED BY AUTHORITY OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND, IN OCTOBER 1843.

PRESBYTERS.

Rev. Alexander Blake, M. A., Europe,

Rev. John Macmillan, M. A.,

" William Miller, M. A.,

" P. Rajahgopaul,

" William Stevenson, M. A.,

" A. Venkataramiah.

D. H. Paterson, Esq., F.R.C.S.E., Ruling Elder.

PLACES OF WORSHIP.—I. The Free Church on the Esplanade, opposite the Light House; on Sunday, in English at 6½ P. M.; on Wednesday, in English at 6½ P. M.

II. The Free Church on the Esplanade; on Sunday, in Tamil at 11 A. M. In the Evangelistic Hall, Sunday, Tuesday, Wednesday and Thursday, in Tamil, at 1½ P. M.

III. Hall of the Free Church Mission Institution; on Sunday, at 10 A. M., in Tamil and English; and on Friday at ½ past 6 P. M.

During the past year (1864) the average weekly attendance at the Vernacular Services in Madras, Triplicane, Chingleput, Nellore and Wallajahbad and the adjacent villages, has been above 1,200, in addition to the pupils of the Schools whose number is about 2,200.

In 1858, the Rev. P. Rajahgopaul was regularly called and settled as Pastor over the Native Congregation in Madras.

EUROPEAN MISSIONARIES.

The Rev. A. Blake, M. A., ordained a Missionary to Madras in 1859, (Europe.)

" William Miller, M. A. do. do. in 1862.

" William Stevenson, M. A. do. do. in 1864.

" John Macmillan, M. A. do. do. in 1864.

Mr. D. H. Paterson, F. R. C. S. E., Surgeon and Medical Missy., appointed in 1856.

" W. Carslaw, M. D., Teacher, appointed in 1863.

Rev. G. J. Metzger, received as an Agent in 1863.

NATIVE MISSIONARIES.

The Rev. P. Rajahgopaul, ordained at Madras, 20th November 1851.

" A. Venkataramiah, do. do. 1851.

RULING ELDERS.

Mr. Thomas Eagles.

Dr. D. H. Paterson, F. R. C. S. E.

LICENSED PREACHER—Rev. R. M. Bauboo.

HEAD TEACHER—Mr. Joseph Hutton.

General Assembly's Institution and Schools of the Free Church of Scotland.

Commenced by the Rev. J. Anderson, in Black Town, 3rd April 1837.

Free General Assembly's Institution, Esplanade, Black Town, for Native Education and for raising up Native Teachers and Preachers, under the superintendence of Rev. W. Miller and Mr. W. Carslaw. The Mission in 1856 opened a new branch School in Black Town, under the superintendence of Mr. Hutton and the Missionaries; this School is now attended by upwards of 200 boys. Rev. G. J. Metzger has charge of the Station at Chingleput. His circle embraces many Villages which he regularly visits. Mr. Raguvulu is laboring in Conjeevaram and the Villages around. Mr. Appavoo at Wallajahbad, and Mr. Parthasardhy at Trivellore.

Five Branch Schools for males exist in connection with the Parent Institution. These are in Black Town, at Conjeevaram, Trivellore, Chingleput and Nellore. The average attendance at all these Schools during 1866 has been about 1,400 Hindus and Mahomedans, on a roll of about 1,600. The Hindu pupils are of all castes and classes, from the Brahmin to the Pariah, no distinction being made by the Missionaries.

The Female Institution for Convert and Boarding Girls is under the charge of Mrs. Anderson, assisted by Mrs. Chatterton and by Charlotte Govindurajuloo, who acts as Matron of the Institution. There are besides 8 Day Schools for Hindu and Mahomedan girls in connection with the Mission. These Schools contain about 600 pupils, making the entire number of pupils on the roll about 2,200.

The education given embraces a knowledge of the Scriptures and all the branches of an enlarged regular course of instruction. The essential character of the Central Institution, with its five Branch Schools for youths and ten for girls, is that of being Seminaries for teaching Christian knowledge. This is communicated through the medium of English, Tamil, Telugu and Hindustani; and instruction is also systematically given in these tongues, by competent Munshies.

The Free Church Mission employs upwards of 20 Christian Agents, Evangelists and Teachers. It also employs in its Schools 130 Teachers.

FREE CHURCH OF SCOTLAND.

The following Gentlemen compose the Financial Board.

Hon'ble R. O. Campbell.	C. A. Ainslie, Esq.
A. M. Simpson, Esq., (Corresponding Member at Nellore.)	G. Biddie, Esq., M. D.
W. W. Munsie, Esq.	William Scott, Esq.
C. M. Duff, Esq., M. D.	Rev. William Stevenson, M. A.
D. H. Paterson, Esq.	" John Macmillan, M. A.
H. A. Brett, Esq.	" A. Blake, (Europe)
Major J. G. Touch.	" W. Miller, M. A.
W. J. vanSomeren, Esq., M. D.	" P. Rajahgopaul.
	" A. Venkataramiah.

The Rev. William Miller..... Secretary.
Messrs. Binny and Co..... Treasurers.

"The Committees of Foreign Missions of the Free Church and of the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society, united in sending Mr. D. H. Paterson, Surgeon, as a Medical Missionary to co-operate with the Missionaries of the Free Church in Madras. In March 1857, he opened a Dispensary in Black Town with encouraging success. Last year it was attended by nearly 6,000 patients."

MEDICAL MISSION DISPENSARY, BLACK TOWN.

ESTABLISHED IN MADRAS IN 1856.

By the Committees of the Foreign Missions of the Free Church of Scotland and the Edinburgh Medical Missionary Society.

Office Bearers of the Edinburgh Committee.

President.—W. Brown, Esq.; F. R. C. S. E., F. R. C. S. E.

Vice-Presidents. { J. H. Balfour, Esq., M. D., Professor of Botany, Edinburgh University.
Rev. G. Cullen.

Treasurers.—Robert Omond, Esq., M.D. F.R.C.S.E., and Findlay Anderson, Esq., (late M.C.S.)

Secretary.—B. Bell, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.

LOCAL COMMITTEE.

C. A. Ainslie, Esq.	W. N. Chipperfield, Esq.	Rev. P. Rajahgopaul.
A. Blacklock, Esq. (Eur.)	H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M.D.	G. Smith, Esq., M.D.
H. A. Brett, Esq.	C. M. Duff, Esq., M.D.	Major J. G. Touch.
T. Clarke, Esq.	Rev. W. Miller.	W. J. vanSomeren, Esq., M.D.

Treasurers.—Messrs. Binny and Co.

Secretary.—D. H. Paterson, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.

Medical Missionary.—D. H. Paterson, Esq., F.R.C.S.E.

The patients in the Dispensary receive Medical treatment morning and evening at stated hours. There are Religious Services conducted on week days by Dr. Paterson and his Assistants, and on Sundays by the Reverend P. Rajahgopaul; average daily attendance 80. The people who receive assistance are of all castes and classes of the community. The number of patients treated during the year 1865-6 amounted to nearly 6,000.

AMERICAN BOARD OF MISSIONS.

Madura Mission, established 1834.

MADURA.—Revs. John Rendall, M.A., Secretary; N. L. Lord, M.D., Mission Physician; Batalagunda, Rev. G. T. Washburn, B.A.; Pulney Hills and Periacolum, Rev. J. T. Noyes, B.A.; Trimungalum, Revs. J. E. Chandler, James Herrick, B.A., (America); Melur, Rev. T. S. Burnell; Mandapasalie, Rev. H. S. Taylor, B.A., (America); Pasumalie, Rev. William Tracy, M.A.; Manamadura, Rev. W. B. Capron, M.A.; Dindigul, Rev. E. Chester; Pulney, Rev. C. T. White.

Arcot Mission of the Reformed Protestant Dutch Church of North America.

Rev. W. W. Scudder, M.A., Secy. & Treasurer, Vellore	Rev. J. Chamberlain, M.A., Mudnapilly
" J. Scudder, M.A., (in America)	" S. D. Scudder, M.A., M.D., Medical
" E. C. Scudder, M.A., Vellore	" Missionary, Arcot
" J. W. Scudder, M.A., M.D., Chittoor	" John Scudder, M.A., M.D., Arcot
" Joseph Mayou, M. A., Arnee	" A. Sayer, Native Pastor, Sattampady.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY,

INSTITUTED A. D. 1796.

This Society commenced operations in Southern India in 1805, and at present to supporting 34 Ordained Missionaries, about 700 Native Catechists and other Agents, in this Presidency. At the various stations there are about 25,000 Native professing Christians, and about 12,000 young people receiving a Scriptural education in Schools.

The following are the Stations occupied by the Society and the Missionaries at present laboring there:—

MADRAS MISSION commenced 1805—Rev. George Hall, B. A.; Rev. J. P. Ashton, M. A.; Rev. A. Corbold, Secretary; Rev. W. White, M. A.
Trippasore—H. Balam, Catechist.
Pulicat—J. Lazarus, Catechist; St. Thomas' Mount, W. S. David, Catechist.
Triplicon Mission commenced 1861—Rev. M. Phillips.
Salem Mission commenced 1827—Rev. W. E. Morris.
Coimbatore Mission commenced 1830—Rev. S. Jones.
Pullachi Mission commenced 1863—Rev. T. Haslam.
Erode Mission commenced 1861—Rev. S. Jones.
Bangalore Mission commenced 1809—Rev. Colin Campbell, B. A., Rev. Benjamin Rice, Rev. J. Sewell, Europe.
Belgaum Mission commenced 1820—Rev. William Beynon, Rev. E. Wareham, and Rev. A. Perajee.
Bellary Mission commenced 1810—Rev. J. Benjamin Coles, Rev. E. Lewis, and Rev. N. Shadrach, Native Pastor.
Cuddapah Mission commenced 1822—Rev. Edward Porter and Rev. W. E. Mawbey.
Nandial Mission commenced 1852—Rev. Richard D. Johnston and Rev. J. G. Hawker.
Vizagapatam Mission commenced 1806—Rev. James William Gordon and Rev. John Hay, M. A., and Rev. H. Gookey.
Tizianagram—Rev. William Dawson and Mr. C. Thomson, Assistant Missionary.
Chicacole—Rev. P. Jagannatham.
Nagercoil Mission commenced 1805, resumed 1817—Rev. G. Mabbs & Rev. J. Duthie.
James Town—Rev. J. F. Gannaway (Europe.) Rev. W. Lee.
Neyoor (South Travancore) Mission commenced as a distinct station from Nagercoil 1827—Rev. F. Baylis and Rev. John Lowe.
Parechelly Mission commenced 1827—Rev. G. O. Newport.
Trecandrum Mission commenced 1838—Rev. S. Mateer.
Quilon—Rev. F. Wilkinson.

London Missionary Society's Native English Institutions, Armenian Street, Black Town.

This Institution was established in 1851 for the purpose of training Preachers, Catechists and Teachers, to assist at the numerous stations occupied by the London Missionary Society in Southern India, and also to give a good Scriptural and general education to the Native youths of Madras.

The studies pursued in the highest class are those required for the Matriculation Examination at the Madras University. The studies in the other classes are arranged accordingly. Every boy in the school is instructed in the sacred Scriptures. The attendance is about 600. The upper classes pay a fee of 8 Annas, the middle classes 6 Annas, and the lowest 4 Annas.

There are also seven Branch Schools connected with the Institution situated in the immediate vicinity of Madras. The total number of pupils is thus about 1,000.

There is also a Native Church connected with the Institution, and its Services are held in the small Chapel in the adjoining street. A Service specially adapted to youth, is also held in the large hall of the Institution every Sunday morning.

A Theological class has been formed for the training of young Natives for the Ministry.

The following Missionaries are now connected with the Institution, (November 1864):—

Reverend George Hall, B. A.	Rev. S. Winfred, (Native Minister.)
Reverend W. White, M. A.	

In Madras, the Society has a Boarding School for girls, where 50 girls are clothed, fed and educated. There are also three Day Schools where there are upwards of 140 scholars; also a Girls' School at St. Thomas' Mount, containing 130 scholars. In connection with the Black Town Mission there are four schools for caste girls where upwards of 200 are receiving Christian Education.

BAPTIST ANGLO-INDIAN MISSION—MADRAS.

ESTABLISHED, SEPTEMBER 1847.

PASTOR.—Rev. W. Money—Arrived 19th September 1865.

DEACONS.—George Steevens, T. Hedger and William Thomas.

CHAPEL.—New Town.

Times of Service.

From October to February, Lord's day morning, $\frac{1}{2}$ past 10 o'clock.
 Do. do. Lord's day evening, 6 o'clock.
 From March to September, Lord's day morning, $\frac{1}{2}$ past 7 o'clock.
 Do. do. Lord's day evening, $\frac{1}{2}$ past 6 o'clock.
 Wednesday evening, $\frac{1}{4}$ past 6 o'clock.

The Mission was established in 1847 and has been supported by the members of the Church, in connection with the Mission, with the assistance of kind friends.

The Minister is supported by voluntary contributions; besides his Ministerial labours connected with the Church, he is engaged in house to house visitation, and when time permits, he itinerates, visiting and preaching to Soldiers and others at the Military stations near Madras.

There is a Sabbath-school in connection with the Church, in which about 80 children are regularly taught the vital truths of religion.

There is a neat, airy, commodious chapel, and Minister's house, eligibly situated in New Town, purchased by the Church and Congregation with the assistance of kind and generous friends in India and England.

THE DAY SCHOOL is now conducted in the Baptist Mission House, under the care of Mrs. MONEY.

AMERICAN BAPTIST MISSIONARY UNION, NELLORE.

NELLORE—Rev. L. Jewett, M. A.

ONGOLE—Rev. J. E. Clough, B. A.

Rev. F. A. Douglas, M. A., (America).

AMERICAN EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

COMMENCED IN 1842.

Guntur.—Commenced in 1842.—Missionary, Rev. E. Unangst, M. A. Congregation 1; Out-stations 8; Members 196; Communicants 80; Telugu Boys' Schools 10; Pupils 126; Telugu Girls' School 1; Pupils 25; Boarders 5 (4 girls and 1 boy); Total Schools 11; Pupils 156; Teachers 10 (9 males and 1 female); Catechist 1; Colporteur 1; Inquirers 50.

Palnand.—Commenced in 1849.—Congregations 7; Members 442; Communicants 150; Telugu Schools 7; Pupils 50, including some girls. Head Master of the Schools, Mr. R. E. Cully; Inquirers 69; supplied from Guntur by Rev. E. Unangst, M. A.

Rajahmundry.—Commenced in 1845 by the North German Missionary Society, and delivered over to the American Evangelical Lutheran Mission in 1851. Congregation 1; Out-stations 3; Members 93; Communicants 48; Telugu Schools 4; Pupils 58, including 12 girls, and 7 boarders (5 boys and 2 girls); Teachers 5 (4 males and 1 female); Catechist 1; Bible Colporteur 1 (Madras Auxiliary Bible Society); Inquirers 30. Supplied from Guntur by Rev. E. Unangst, M. A.

Samulcotta.—Commenced in 1859.—Congregation 1; Out-station 1; Members 30; Communicants 10 (5 East Indians and 5 Natives); School 1; Pupils 25, including some girls; Teacher 1; Colporteur 1 supplied from Guntur by Rev. E. Unangst, M. A.

The Foreign Missionary Society are making arrangements to send a re-inforcement of Missionaries to occupy the vacant stations as soon as practicable.

NARSAPUR BAPTIST MISSION.

Missionaries.—W. Bowden, Senior } Itinerating and local preaching.

" W. Heelis }

" J. W. Beer }

English Mission School, Nursapur.

This Mission was commenced in 1836, and has been supported by unsolicited contributions from Christian friends both in England and in this country.

The work of the Mission is chiefly confined to preaching the Gospel in the Vernacular (Telugu) excepting the English School conducted by Mr. Beer, and which now numbers 60 pupils.

There are two Vernacular Schools besides the Members of the Native Congregation, reside principally at Nursapur and Palcole.

* These stations became vacant by the death of Rev. A. Long, March 5th, 1866.

BANGALORE FREE COMMUNION BAPTIST CHURCH.

(FORMED 26TH NOVEMBER 1854.)

PASTOR—Edmund Marsden. | DEACON—

Place of Worship—near the Mysore Hall, Cavalry Road.

Times of Service.—Lord's day, 11 A.M. and 6 P.M.—Thursday, 6 P.M.

This Church was formed on the abovementioned date by the Rev. T. C. Page, (formerly of Madras) then temporarily residing at Bangalore. It enjoyed the pastoral superintendence of that esteemed servant of Christ for the first few months of its existence, but was for some time subsequently to his departure from the Station without a Minister. In June 1855, Mr. Marsden was provisionally brought to the place, and, on the earnest and unanimous invitation of the Church, consented, as a temporary measure, to take the oversight of it; but having, at the close of that year, determined on relinquishing secular pursuits, agreed to become its stated Pastor. On the 30th March 1856, the union between himself and the Church was publicly recognized, he having been previously set apart for the work of the Gospel Ministry at Madras. The Church consists at present (November 1866) of 50 members, (including Europeans, East Indians and Natives) but a considerable number are non-resident. Up to the 9th of June 1862, the Church was a Strict Communion one, but on that date, by a Resolution, passed quite unanimously, its Communion was opened to Christians generally, regardless of all denominational distinctions.

Besides watching over this little Christian Society, Mr. Marsden devotes a considerable portion of his time to evangelistic visitation among the residents of Bangalore, particularly the Military, of whom there is always a very large number at the Station. Last year there were in this way about 500 persons come into contact with, and pried and pressed with the Gospel offer, nearly three-fourths of whom had never previously been operated upon, and during the ten preceding years, about 5,000 persons. A very large proportion of these were Soldiers. Though not bearing the name, Mr. Marsden, to the fullest extent of his ability, is doing the work of a Town Missionary.

Mr. Marsden receives scarcely any pecuniary aid from the Church with which he is pastorally connected, the members being generally very poor; nor does he draw a salary from any Society, for he belongs to none; but is dependent (under God) for the principal part of his outward support upon the free-will offerings of his fellow Christians.

Looking to the Lord for help, the Church resolved, some time back to endeavour to obtain a more suitable place of worship than the room in which the services are at present held, which is very small and confined, is most undesirably situated, and has an exceedingly bad approach to it. A subscription for a convenient building, to hold about 150 persons, and to be denominated EBENEZER CHAPEL, was commenced, which amounts at this date (16th November 1866) to about Rupees 4,500. It is hoped that the Church will be in a position to begin building operations by, or before, the close of 1866. A considerably larger sum however is required to enable them to do so with comfort.

Further Contributions will be very thankfully received, either by the Rev. E. Marsden, or Mr. Thomas Owen, Saddler, Bangalore; or Mr. William Thomas, Asylum Press, Madras.

BASEL EVANGELICAL MISSION.

I. CANARA AND COORG.—Mangalore, Revs. H. A. Kaundinya, Itinerary Missionary; F. Kittle, Literary Department, Europe; H. Hauff, Europe; W. F. Schopp, expected from Europe; T. T. Brigel, in charge of the Congregation; G. Burkhardt and Graeter, in charge of the Seminary; F. Muller, Principal of the Middle School; Mr. F. Ziegler, Head Master of the English School. INDUSTRIAL DEPARTMENTS.—Mr. G. Pfeiderer, General Agent and Treasurer; Mr. C. Riehm, Bookshop do.; Mr. Müller, expected from Europe; Mr. G. Hebst and C. Stolz, Printing Establishment; Mr. T. Digel, Weaving Establishment; Mulky, Revs. Manner and F. Traub; Oodapp, Revs. R. Hartman and W. Stokes; Anandapur, Rev. O. Kauffmann; Mr. F. Halm.—II. SOUTHERN MAHARATTA COUNTRY.—Dharwar, Revs. H. Albrecht, Europe, F. Krauss and T. Costa; Hoobly, Revs. T. Huber and F. Mack; Betticherry, Revs. G. Wurth, W. Roth and C. Brunner; Guladagudda, Revs. G. Kies, (Europe) and F. F. Thumm.—III. Malabar.—Cannanore, Revs. G. Hanhart, P. A. Convert, S. Gündert and Mr. S. Schoch, Weaving Establishment; Tellicherry, Revs. C. Müller, L. Reinhardt and E. Bergfeld; Calicut, Revs. F. M. Fritz, T. Schafmüller and Mr. T. Lauffer, Carpenter Establishment; Chombala, Rev. C. Aldinger, Europe, and F. Knobloch; Calakall, Rev. J. Roock; Palghat, Revs. E. Dietz and Bachmiller. IV. NILGIRIS.—Katty, Revs. F. Metz, A. Wenger and A. Bühner.

LEIPZIG EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN MISSION.

Tranquebar (1706. 1811.)

Rev. H. Cordes, Senior, President of the Missionary Church Council; in charge of the Congregations and of a Girls' School. Rev. A. Blomstrand, M. A., Member of the M. C. Council, in charge of the Literary Department and of Manikraman; Rev. J. Doederlein, Director of the Seminary; Rev. E. Schaeffer, Head Master of the English-Tamil School in charge of Tirumenjanam; Rev. A. M. Samuel, Native Minister, in joint charge of the Tamil Congregation and of the Girls' School; Rev. Christian, Teacher in the Seminary; Mr. E. F. Hobusch, Superintendent of the Press and Treasurer, and in charge of a Work-school.

Porciar (1746. 1841.)

Rev. H. Schanz, in charge of the Congregations of Porciar and Pudenur and of a Boarding School for poor boys. Rev. Njanendiram, in joint charge.

Mayaveram (1823. 1844.)

Rev. J. M. N. Schwarz, Member of the M. C. Council, in charge of Mayaveram and Combaconum, also of a large Orphan School; Rev. H. Waunske, in joint charge of Mayaveram, and in special charge of Sheally; Rev. M. Pakiam, Native Minister, in joint charge of the same and of Combaconum.

Tirumenjanam and Manikraman 1848.—See Tranquebar.

Madras (1726. 1848.)

Rev. C. F. Kremmer, in charge of Madras and Sadras; Rev. W. Germann, in special charge of the English-Tamil School.

Puducottah (1848.)—See Tanjore.

Trichinopoly (1851.)

Rev. R. Handmann, in charge of the station; Rev. S. Swamidasen, Native Minister, in special charge of the Motupatti District.

Tanjore (1851.)

Rev. A. Nerling, in charge of Tanjore and Puducottah, also of an English-Tamil school; Rev. Nallatambi, Native Minister, in special charge of the Budalur District.

Cuddalore (1856) and *Chellambam* (1866.)

Rev. E. R. Baierlein, in charge of the station; Rev. A. F. Wolff, in charge of Chellambam, (Porto Novo.)

Combaconum (1856.)—See Mayaveram.

Coimbatore (1856.)

Rev. W. Herre, in charge of the Station of Yercaud.

Negapatam (1862.)

Rev. A. Mayr, in charge of the station.

On leave to Europe.—Rev. C. A. Ouchterlony.

ARMENIAN CHURCH OF SAINT MARY.

OPENED IN THE YEAR 1712, IN NO. 1, ARMENIAN STREET.

Reverend Cyril Thaddeus Ter Owen, Diocesan Minister.

CHURCH WARDENS.—G. M. Satoor, Esq., Joseph Marooth, Esq., and G. S. Macartoom, Esq.

Madras Armenian Orphans' Fund, established in the year 1783, No. 1, Armenian Street.

Governors.—G. M. Satoor, Esq., Joseph A. Marooth, Esq., and G. S. Macartoom, Esq.

Madras Armenian School, established in the year 1795, No. 1, Armenian Street.

Directors.—G. M. Satoor, Esq., Joseph A. Marooth, Esq., and G. S. Macartoom, Esq.

Armenian Cemetery.

The present Cemetery was built, and given to the Armenian Community by Government in the year 1862.

ROMAN CATHOLIC ESTABLISHMENTS.

BISHOPRIC OF ST. THOME.

The very Reverend B. F. Amarante, Vicar General and Episcopal Governor.

St. Thomé.—The Reverends D. G. C. D'Almeida, Acting Prior of the Cathedral; C. P. Martins, Vicar of Madre de Deos Church; M. A. Pinto; D. Rozario, Vicar of the Church at Luz; and D. G. C. D'Almeida, in charge of St. Domingo's and St. Rita's Churches.

Madras.—The Reverends J. T. Fernandez, Vicar of the Church of the Sacred Heart of Jesus at Poodoopett; D. C. D'Silva, Vicar of St. John's Church, Black Town; A. J. D'Cunha, Vicar of the Church of B. V. M. of Assumption, Big Pacherry; J. F. Fernandez, Vicar of the Church of B. V. M. of Refuge, Black Town; and J. B. Pinto, Vicar of St. Peter's Church, and in charge of St. Anthony's Church, Royapooram.

In the Environs of Madras.—The Reverends A. J. Peres, Vicar at the Church at Poonamallee; C. S. Pereira, Vicar of the Churches at St. Thomas' Mount and Palaveram; F. R. A. D'Souza, Vicar of the Church at Covelong; J. P. S. A. M. D'Costa, Vicar of the Church at Pulicat; and N. F. D'Mello, Vicar and Missionary at Cooum.

Out-Station.—The Reverends A. M. D'Souza, Vicar of the Church of Tranquebar; A. S. D'Andrade, Vicar of the Church at Negapatam, and F. N. J. Dias, Vicar of the Church at Velangany; J. A. Vas, Vicar of Munjacoopum; G. J. Dias, Vicar of Ayampetah; A. V. D. Attaide, Vicar of the Church at Connocoopum; J. Q. Pereira, Superior of the Tanjore Mission; and A. A. Carvalho, Superior, and J. C. Baretto, Assistant Superior of Trichinopoly, Missionary of Masulipatam, Peringhepoorum and Churches adjacent.

There are altogether 24 Missionaries in this Bishopric on this side of Ganges. There is one Orphanage at St. Thomé, which has 20 boys. There are also 18 Charity Schools without fees or Government Grants-in-aid; viz., 2 English, of which one is in Town, and one in Covelong; and 16 Tamil Schools, which have about 655 Scholars, and one Anglo-Vernacular School, designated the St. Francis Xavier's at St. Thomé, under the Government Grant-in-aid Rules, consisting of 120 boys, receiving instruction from 5 Teachers, of whom Mr. E. C. Fonceca is the Principal. There is at St. Thomé one Ecclesiastical Seminary, with 2 Masters for 7 Students.

The total number of Catholic population under the Bishopric on this side of the Ganges amount to 33,650. The number baptized for two years, viz., from 1862 to 1864, is 1,541, of which 1,469 were infants and 72 adults.

There is a Female Seminary at St. Thomé, consisting of about 20 children, under Mrs. D'Silva, the Governess.

ARMENIAN STREET.

MADRAS.—Right Rev. John Fennelly, D.D., Bishop; Very Rev. S. Fennelly, Rev. J. Colgan, Rev. G. J. Peacock, and Rev. W. Conley; Royapooram, Rev. F. Aloysius Nader; Vepery, Rev. L. de Conceicao; Saint Thomé, Rev. B. Sheridan; Mount, Rev. D. Forde; Palaveram and Chingleput, Rev. J. F. Lohan; Poonamallee, Rev. F. R. Ryan; Pannoor, Wallajabad, Kitcherry and Trippasore, Rev. F. J. O'Brien, Rev. Patrick McGreevy and Rev. F. Arochinader; Arcot and Chittoor, Rev. J. B. J. D'Souza; Guntur and Ongole, Rev. P. Kennedy; Nellore and Cuddapah, Rev. R. M. Barretto; Bellary, Rev. P. Doyle and Rev. E. Lee; Yaleroo (Post Town, Hundy Anantapore,) Rev. D. Hegarty.

HYDERABAD.—Secunderabad and Bolarum, Very Rev. Dr. J. M. Barbero, Rev. B. Fattori, Rev. A. Taghabue, Rev. F. Pozzi, Rev. C. Taghabue, Rev. L. Malberti and Rev. V. Biggi; Masulipatam, Rev. P. Macrotti.

VIZAGAPATAN.—Right Rev. T. M. Tissot, D.D., Bishop; Rev. J. Decompoix and Rev. F. Decompoix; Berhampore, Rev. F. Balmand; Souradah, Rev. J. M. Dupont and Rev. P. Richard; Yanam, Rev. J. M. Debornes; Berhampore, Rev. A. Delalex; Kamptee, Rev. J. Thevenet, Rev. J. Benistrand, Rev. F. Balmand, Rev. F. Mabboux, and Rev. J. L. Grillet.

Schools under the Patronage of the Vicar Apostolic of Madras.

Saint Mary's Seminary and Pay School, No. 2, Armenian Street.

TEACHERS.—Rev. William Conley, Mr. A. Dorosamy, Mr. H. Hennessy, Mr. C. Mitchell, Mr. Thomas Doyle, Mr. A. Vernon, Mr. F. Quinless, Mr. J. Evers, and Mr. S. D'Costa, (Tamil Teacher.) Pupils 205, including 91 Orphan Boys. One Rupee a month is charged against each Orphan Boy for education. The other School fees usually amount to 50 Rupees a month. The fund for the support of the Seminary yields Rupees 112-14-2 a

month. Salary of Mr. D'Costa, Rupees 24. The other Teachers are attached to the Mission and receive no salary. The total expenses of the school including Books, 500 Rupees a month.

Presentation Convent School, Melian Street.—There are 9 Nuns, of whom 7 are efficient in the schools. Pupils 222. School fees usually amount to 90 Rupees a month. There are 6 Boarders. In former years if there was any deficiency, it was supplied by the Vicar Apostolic. Four of the Nuns receive an Educational grant of 75 Rupees a month from Government.

Saint Francis Xavier's School, Black Town.—Teachers, Mr. P. E. D'Lima and J. E. Nicholas, the former receives from the Vicar Apostolic 50 Rupees a month, and the latter 50. Pupils 51. Some small fees amount to about 7 Rupees a month. Books supplied gratis amount to 20 Rupees a year.

Miss Watkins and Mrs. Cabral have a school in Seven Wells' Street. They get 35 Rupees a month from the Vicar Apostolic. Pupils 62. No fees. Books are supplied gratis to the amount of 10 Rupees a year or a little more.

Miss Galway keeps a School in Big Parberry. She has 56 children in attendance and receives from the Vicar Apostolic Rupees 20 a month.

Saint Francis Xavier's Tamil School.—Teacher, Royapen Iyer, salary 11 Rupees a month. Pupils 60.

Saint Francis Xavier's Female Tamil School.—Teacher. Salary 5 Rupees a month. Pupils 42.

Royapooram English School.—Teachers, Mr. T. McCally, Mr. S. Smith and Thumby Pillay. Salary respectively 50 Rupees, 30 Rupees and 15 Rupees. Pupils 132. Some small fees amount to about 18 Rupees a month. In addition to the Teachers' salaries, books are supplied gratis by the Vicar Apostolic to the amount of 30 Rupees a year.

Royapooram English Girls' School.—Teacher, Mrs. Smith; salary 20 Rupees a month. Pupils 25.

There are two Tamil Schools for Boys in Royapooram, attended respectively by 70 and 30 Pupils. The Teachers Xaviery Naden Moodelly and Royapen receive each 5 Rupees a month from the Vicar Apostolic.

There is a Tamil School at St. Roque's, near the Monegar Choultry. The Teacher, Marianun, receives 4 Rupees a month. Pupils 25.

New Town Vepery, English School.—Teacher, Mr. Quinlan; salary 50 Rupees; House rent 8 Rupees. Pupils 45.

New Town Female English School.—Teacher, Mrs. Saviel; salary and House rent 15 Rupees a month. Books supplied for both Schools may be estimated at 20 Rupees a year. Tamil Schools in Padoopettah and Mackay's Garden. Teachers' salary 5 and 3½ Rupees respectively. Pupils 35 and 25.

Kitchery English and Telugoo Schools.—Teachers, the Monks of the Immaculate Conception. Pupils 80.

There are also English and Tamil Schools at the Military Stations, St. Thomas' Mount, Palaveram, Poonamallee and Bellary, which are partly supported by the Vicar Apostolic and partly by local subscriptions. The Bellary School receives a grant-in-aid from Government.

MADRAS AUXILIARY ARMY SCRIPTURE READERS' SOCIETY.

COMMITTEE.

The Venerable Archdeacon Dealtry	Lieut.-Colonel George Selby, R. A.
The Hon'ble C. Pelly	Major J. G. Touch
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Reverend A. C. Bell, Scotch Chaplain	

Treasurers—Messrs. Arbuthnot & Co.

LIST OF SCRIPTURE READERS IN THE EMPLOY OF THE MADRAS AUXILIARY ARMY SCRIPTURE READERS' SOCIETY.

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" G. O'Brien Bangalore	" W. Hiscox Trichinopoly
" W. Wright Bangalore	" T. McGladhery Madras.

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Lieut. Col. H. Colbeck	Lt. Col. E. J. Lawder	Major J. G. Touch
Captain J. Goddard	Dr. D. H. Paterson	W. J. vanSomerem, Esq., M.D.

And all Ministers of the Gospel who aid the Society.

Secretaries and Treasurers.

Rev. George Hall, A.B.	Secretary.
W. J. vanSomerem, Esq.	Secy. to the Colporteur Dept.
Mr. R. Thomson	Assistant Secretary.
" G. S. D'Silva	Clerk.

Messrs. Dainbridge, Byard, Gair and Co.—*Treasurers.*

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Stations.	Secretaries.	Stations.	Secretaries.
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Bellary.....	" J. B. Coles	South Travencore.....	Rev. F. Baylis
Cochin.....	W. FitzGerald, Esq.	Tinnevely.....	" H. Dixon
Kurnool.....	Rev. J. S. Wilkinson	Trevandrum.....	Dr. Sperelmeider
Mangalore.....	F. Tragler, Esq.	Vizagapatam.....	Rev. J. W. Gordon.
Ootacamund.....	Rev. T. Whitehouse		

Depots.

Bezwarah.....	Rev. J. Ellington	Masulipatam.....	J. Thornton, Esq.
Cannanore.....	" S. G. Schoch	Salem.....	Rev. W. E. Morris
Cottayam.....	" R. Collins, M.A.	Trichinopoly.....	" J. Jones
Madura.....	" J. Rendall	Tanjore.....	" J. Guest

Tamil Revision Committee.

Rev. T. Brotherton,	Rev. F. Baylis,	Rev. F. Sargent,
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The General Funds shall be applicable to assist in the establishment of Vernacular Schools.

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In March 1855, the school was taken up by Government, and an Assistant, Mr. Archibald Cole, was sent from the Government School of Design in London, but has since died. The branches of instruction are drawing, wood and copper-plate engraving, modelling, casting in plaster of Paris, and the manufacture of building materials and pottery.

The number of pupils who have been under instruction in the different departments, has been upwards of 3,139, and of these a great number have obtained remunerative employ. A fee of 8 annas per month is charged for the artistic instructions. The pupils in the industrial department are paid for their labor.

The following gentlemen formed a Committee who brought the school to the notice of Government in July 1853:—J. D. Bourdillon, Esq., Rev. A. R. Symonds, Colonel J. T. Smith, Colonel F. C. Cotton, Colonel G. Balfour, Edward Elliot, Esq., and Edward Balfour, Esq.

Another Committee, consisting of the following gentlemen was appointed to report to Government the present condition of the school. Hon'ble E. Maltby, Chairman; Colonel J. Maitland, Dr. J. W. Mudge, W. S. Wright, Esq., Colonel W. K. Worster, Alwar Chetty, Colonel R. Hamilton, Mr. J. Deschamps, C. V. Conniah Chetty, Colonel H. W. Hinchins, Colonel J. Carpendale, Dr. C. M. Duff, Asaf Jung, Bahadur, and W. S. Grant, who acted as Secretary.

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During the past year, a great many lessons in drawing and engraving have been printed and distributed to other schools, and Teachers have been supplied from both departments.

The branches of instruction are Practical Geometry, Perspective, Free-hand drawing Machine, Plan and Botanical Drawing, Wood and Copper-plate Engraving, Eight Teachers are employed besides the Superintendent who gives daily lectures.*

Industrial Department.

In this Department, considerable progress has lately been made in the manufacture of building, draining and ventilating materials, also in modelling, casting in Plaster and making of Terracottas and improved pottery. Important assistance has been rendered to several public Institutions from the Industrial Department in the shape of firebricks, tiles, water pipes, building and arch-bricks supplied in considerable quantities. Several Europeans, East Indians and Natives have obtained remunerative situations during the past year as Teachers in schools in the Public Works and other departments. A good deal of machinery has been made and paid for out of the proceeds of work in the school. Two European and four East Indian Teachers are employed besides a Native Modeller, two Native Potters, a Carpenter and Blacksmith. The number of pupils under instruction in the Industrial Department daily is about 70 Natives and 17 East Indians. Two classes from the Engineering College attend two months during each Session to learn the manufacture of building materials, both by hand and by machinery. The total number of pupils under instruction in the year in both departments is about 332.

A Photographic Department has lately been introduced, and excursions are made during the holidays for taking views of antiquities, scenery, groups of figures and animals.

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The course of education consists of Anatomy, Botany, Chemistry, Pharmacy, Physiology, Materia Medica, Surgery and Practice of Medicine, Hygiene, Midwifery and Diseases of Women and Children, Diseases of the Eye, Comparative Medical Jurisprudence, Anatomy, Clinical instruction in Medicine, Surgery, &c.

* Branch schools have been established at Bangalore, the Government Normal School, and the Civil Orphan Asylum, Madras, and Teachers have been sent to two schools of Arts, Calcutta, and to Schools established by His Highness the Rajah of Travancore; and to two Schools in Ceylon. Assistance has also been given during the past year to schools about to be established at Mooltan, Lucknow and Lahore.

The Lectures on Chemistry, Botany, Physiology, Medical Jurisprudence and Hygiene are open to the Public. The fee is Rupees 10 for each Course to all non-Medical students.

A building has been appropriated solely to the objects of the Institution, the foundation stone of which was laid in December 1836. It is now being largely added to.

There is a separate building for practical Anatomy; there is also a Laboratory where practical Chemistry is taught.

A Museum has been formed, which, in addition to morbid specimens, possesses numerous preparations, models, &c. for illustrating the different branches of the course of instruction. There is also a Museum of Botany and Materia Medica.

The Institution is supplied annually with a selection of works on the several branches of Medical Science, for the purpose of forming a Library of reference. There is also a Students' Library.

The course of instruction extends from 1st of October to 30th June inclusive, and is divided into a Winter Session of six and a Summer Session of three months. The Annual Examinations of the College are held in June.

The pupils in attendance at the College consist of—

1. Stipendiary and private students and Lane Scholars, who form the *Senior Department* of the College, and whose period of study extends over five years.

2. Military students, divided into three classes, who study for three years, and qualify as Assistant Apothecaries. These form the *Second Department*.

3. Government students, forming the *Junior Department* of the College; these are divided into two classes. Their period of study extends over two years; they are designed to become Hospital Assistants in Government employ.

The number of students in attendance at the College, on 1st October 1866, was—

In the Senior Department	8
Do. 2nd do.	47
Do. Junior do.	63

The Annual Examination of students takes place in June, when Diplomas, &c., are granted, and prizes are given to the most deserving students in the several classes.

The senior classes of students undergo a final examination by a Board of Examiners, and those found qualified receive certificates for employment in the public service.

There are five Government Scholarships open to all, whether European, East Indian, or Native.

There are two Lane Scholarships of Rupees 30 each per mensem, tenable for five years.

The Johnstone Gold Medal of 40 Rupees value is given as a prize to the best qualified student of the Senior or Second Department.

A Government Gold Medal of 30 Rupees value is given to the best qualified student of the Junior Department.

The students of the Senior Department, on passing their final examination, obtain degrees as Graduates.*

The Curriculum of the Senior Department having been assimilated to the requirements of the University, Candidates for vacant scholarships must produce evidence of having passed the preliminary education test demanded in the University Calendar of Candidates for medical degrees. (a)

(a) "Candidates for the degree of M. B. and C. M., are required to have passed either the Matriculation Examination in this University, obtaining one-third of the marks in English, or the First Examination in Arts of this, or of some other recognized University."

Candidates for scholarships, who have passed the Matriculation Examination, obtaining one-third marks in English, and who may be appointed to scholarships, will receive a monthly stipend of Rupees twenty, during their five years' course of professional study.

Candidates for scholarships, who have passed the First Examination in Arts, and who may be appointed to scholarships, will receive a monthly stipend of Rupees twenty, to be increased to Rupees thirty on successfully, and at the regulated time, passing the Preliminary Scientific Examination of the University; a further increase to Rupees forty will be made, when they shall have passed successfully, and, at the regulated time, the "First Examination" of the University for medical degrees.

The stipends of all the scholarships are subject to curtailment, suspension, or entire withdrawal, should the Educational authorities have occasion to find fault with the conduct, want of zeal, or lack of ability of the stipendiary students; and failure to pass the required examination will entail forfeiture of all future increase of stipend.

No stipend shall be held for more than five years.

JUNIOR DEPARTMENT OF THE MEDICAL COLLEGE.

Under the superintendence of the Principal.

Messrs. J. J. Wood, R. Wilkins, R. Harvey and T. Cundasawmy instruct the classes in this Department.

* This rule only applies to students of the Senior Department who joined the College previous to the commencement of Session 1864-65.

It may be mentioned that students of the Second and Junior Departments pass through a course of two years' hospital training before joining the Medical College.

CIVIL ENGINEERING COLLEGE.

PRINCIPAL—Captain W. H. Edgecome, R. E.

MASTERS.

Mathematics Mr. J. Bradshaw and Mr. W. P. Evans.
Surveying, Drawing and Estimating..... Messrs. H. F. Gilby and J. Schoury.
Special Drawing and Surveying Class..... Mr. G. Wallace.
Serjeant Instructor in Bricklaying Mr. Schoury, Acting.
Tamil..... P. Rajagopaul Moodelliar.
Telugu..... M. Lukshmanarasiah.

A course of Lectures in Geology and Chemistry is given in alternate session by gentlemen specially appointed by Government.

SCHOLARSHIP.

1. A scholarship of the value of Rupees 15 monthly, tenable for two years, has been established in the Second Department of the Civil Engineering College under the following conditions :—

2. Candidates, being Natives of Malabar, Canara and the Neilgherry Hills, to be eligible for the scholarship, provided they can pass the Civil Engineering College Vernacular test in Malayalam, or Canarese, in addition to the usual entrance examination as specified below.

3. If more than one candidate be eligible, the preference to be given to a Protestant Christian, failing such, to a Roman Catholic, and, finally, to a Hindoo or Mussulman candidate.

4. The examinations will be conducted by means of papers furnished by the Principal Civil Engineering College, and will be superintended by the following Local Committees.

For Canara, at Mangalore, the Reverend H. A. Kaundinya, Missionary; Mr. V. M. Fernandez, Supervisor, Department Public Works; Mr. D'Mello, Overseer.

For Malabar, at Calicut, the Reverend Mr. Fritz, Missionary; Vedamoothoo, Overseer, Department Public Works; Francis, Overseer, Department Public Works; who will arrange for filling up any vacancies that may hereafter occur among themselves.

5. Applications from candidates should be forwarded, on or before the 1st June 1866, to the Principal of the Civil Engineering College, who will arrange for the examination as soon after as may be practicable.

6. These applications should be supported by certificates of age, character and physical fitness, as required by the College Rules.

7. The selected candidate will be exempt from payment of College fees while under instruction.

8. Any scholar whose conduct or progress is unsatisfactory during his stay at the College, will be liable to be deprived of his scholarship in whole or in part.

9. The selected candidate will be expected to join the College on 1st August 1866, and will receive the scholarship monthly while resident under training.

MISSIONARY SEMINARY.

SULLIVAN'S GARDENS, ROYAPETTAH.

Reverend A. R. Symonds, M. A., Principal. | Mr. John Aravanandum..... Assistant.

The object of this Seminary is to train and prepare young men of piety and due mental fitness, for Missionary employment as Catechists or Ministers.

Several exhibitions are attached to the Seminary, for Europeans, East Indians, and for Natives.

Other students, but only such as propose to devote themselves to Missionary work, are admissible on payment, the amount in each case to be determined by the Committee.

The Seminary was opened on the 1st of June 1848 at Sullivan's Gardens, Royapettah, and is now under the charge of the Reverend A. R. Symonds, M. A., as Principal.

Applications for admission, accompanied by testimonials signed by competent parties must be made to the Principal.

RULES FOR EDUCATIONAL GRANTS-IN-AID.

1. Grants in aid of schools, and other educational institutions, will be made with the special object of extending and improving the secular education of the people, and will be given impartially to all schools (so far as the funds at the disposal of Government may admit) which impart a sound secular education, upon the conditions hereafter specified. It will be essential to the consideration of applications for aid, that the schools, on behalf of which they are preferred, shall be under the management of one or more persons, who, in the capacity of Proprietors, Trustees, or Members of a Committee elected by the Society, or Association, by which the school may have been established, will be prepared to undertake the general superintendence of the school, and to be answerable for its permanence for some given time.

2. Every application for a grant must be accompanied by a declaration that the applicant, or applicants, are prepared to subject the institution, on behalf of which the application is made, together with its current accounts, list of establishment, time-table, scheme of studies and registers of attendance, to the inspection of a Government Inspector, such inspection and examination relating only to the general management and to the secular instruction, and having no reference to any religious instruction which may be imparted.

3. Except in the case of Normal schools for training teachers, and of female schools, grants will be restricted to those schools, in which a monthly schooling fee, of an amount to be approved by the Director of Public Instruction, and which in general is not to fall below one Anna, is paid by at least three-fourths of the pupils.

4. It will be open to Managers of schools, who desire to obtain grants on the results of periodical examinations of the pupils, to submit their schools to examination according to the standards described in Schedule A, appended to this Notification, and to obtain grants at the rates provided for in Schedule B.

5. In other cases, the grants will be made only for specific purposes, and not in the form of contributions in aid of the general expenses of a school; and it will be essential to the payment of the grants, that the proportion which, under the following rules, the Managers are required to contribute for the purpose for which the grants may have been sanctioned, shall have been duly paid. Subject to the conditions prescribed in these rules, a grant, not exceeding in amount the sum contributed by the Managers of a school, will be given in aid of the salary of each Schoolmaster, or Schoolmistress, who may have obtained a certificate of qualification from the Director of Public Instruction. A grant, not exceeding one-half of the sum contributed by the Managers of the school, will be given in aid of the salary of each Schoolmaster or Schoolmistress, in regard to whom the Managers may satisfy the Director of Public Instruction, either by the report of a Government Inspector of Schools, or by such other means as the Director of Public Instruction may consider sufficient that the said teacher is fairly qualified to perform the duties which are entrusted, or which it may be proposed to entrust, to him or her; provided that, in such cases, the amount of the grant to be given shall bear a due proportion to the amounts sanctioned in the following rules for teachers holding certificates, and that the exact amount to be assigned in each case shall be determined by the Director of Public Instruction.

6. The following are the specific objects for which, and the conditions upon which, grants will ordinarily be given :—

1st.—The payment, in part, of the salaries of Schoolmasters and Mistresses.

2nd.—The payment of Normal, and certain other, scholarships.

3rd.—The provision of books of reference, maps, &c., and, in some cases, of schools books.

4th.—The establishment and maintenance of school libraries and public libraries.

5th.—The erection, purchase, enlargement, or repair of school buildings.

6th.—The provision of school furniture.

7. The tests to be passed by teachers to entitle them to certificates, shall be of a three-fold character—the first, relating to general education; the second, to theoretical knowledge of school management; and the third, to teaching power, as practically exemplified by teaching a class in the presence of an Inspector of Schools.

Grants to Schoolmasters.—8. The certificates to be awarded to Schoolmasters will be of five grades, and, as regards the general education test, candidates for certificates of the first three grades will be required to have passed one of the Madras University examinations according to the grade of certificate which the candidate may seek to obtain, viz:—

For the 1st grade, the examination for the Degree of B. A.
For the 2nd grade, the first examination in Arts.
For the 3rd grade, the Matriculation examination.

9. The general education tests for the 4th and 5th grades of Schoolmasters will be those specified in Schedule C.

10. A certificate of the 1st grade will render the holder eligible to such grant, not exceeding the amount contributed by the Managers of the school in which he is employed, as the Director of Public Instruction, with the sanction of Government, may determine, due regard being had to the amount of funds available for expenditure on grants-in-aid. Certificates of the other grades will render the holders eligible to the following grants, provided that the amount of the grant shall not exceed the amount contributed by the Managers of the school, and that it shall be competent to the Director of Public Instruction to assign a grant lower than the maximum, with reference to the manner in which the candidate may have acquitted himself in the certificate examination.

A certificate of the 2nd grade to a monthly grant not exceeding Rupees...	75
Do. of the 3rd grade do. do. do.	50
Do. of the 4th grade do. do. do.	25
Do. of the 5th grade do. do. do.	10

Ordinarily, the maximum grant will not be assigned to a teacher on being first employed in that capacity.

11. In the case of Masters employed in schools intended mainly for European or East Indian pupils, the examination for certificates of the 4th and 5th grades may be conducted in English, and in such cases the language test for the 5th grade shall be that which is prescribed in the Schedule as the English test for the 4th grade.

12. Graduates of Universities in Europe, America, and Australia, and of other Indian Universities, and holders of certificates granted by the Councils of Education in England or Ireland, will be placed in such grades as, in the judgment of the Director of Public Instruction, their attainments and other qualifications may render appropriate.

Grants to Schoolmistresses.—13. Certificates for Schoolmistresses will be of three grades.

A certificate of the 1st grade will render the holder eligible to such grant, not exceeding the amount contributed by the Managers of the school in which she is employed, as the Director of Public Instruction, with the sanction of Government, may determine, due regard being had to the amount of funds available for expenditure on grants-in-aid. Certificates of the other grades will render the holders eligible to the following grants, provided that the amount of the grant shall not exceed the amount contributed by the Managers of the school, and that it shall be competent to the Director of Public Instruction to assign a grant lower than the maximum, with reference to the manner in which the candidate may have acquitted herself in the certificate examination.

A certificate of the 2nd grade to a monthly grant not exceeding Rupees.....	25
Do. 3rd do. of do.	10

Schoolmistresses holding certificates from the Councils of Education in England or Ireland, will be placed in the 1st grade, and will be assigned such grants as the Director of Public Instruction may deem proper.

14. The general education tests for all grades of Schoolmistresses, will be those specified in Schedule D.

15. The examination of Schoolmasters, candidates for certificates of the first three grades in the theory of school management, and the examination of all other candidates in all their subjects, will be held once a year in July, or at such other time as may be hereafter appointed.

16. All grants-in-aid of the salaries of Schoolmasters and Mistresses will be paid monthly. Their continuance will depend in each case upon the annual report of the Inspector of the Division, that the school or class under the Masters or Mistress' charge has been satisfactorily conducted during the previous year.

17. Grants made to elementary schools on the results of periodical examinations of the pupils, as provided for in Schedules A and B, will be paid annually, half-yearly, or quarterly, as the Director of Public Instruction may decide in communication with the Managers of the school, provided that the amount to be given for a single year shall not exceed the rates entered in Schedule B.

18. Scholarship-grants will be issued to well-organized Normal schools conducted by certificated teachers; each application will be disposed of on its merits.

19. Besides the scholarship-grants abovementioned, a certain number of scholarships will be given each year upon the results of the University Matriculation examination. These will be tenable for three years, under conditions to be laid down by the Director of Public Instruction, at such colleges, or schools as may be so organized as to allow of the holders being educated up to the standard of the B. A. examination.

20. Grants for the provision of books of reference, maps, &c., for schools will be made on the following terms:—

(a.)—A grant will be made to every school favorably reported on by the Inspector at rates not exceeding those noted in the margin, provided that a sum equal to the amount of the grant be contributed for the same purpose by the Managers of the school.

In the case of a school in which the Head Master, or one of the Assistant Masters, may hold a certificate of the 1st grade, at the rate of 10 Annas per head of the average attendance during the preceding quarter.

In the case of a school in which the Head Master, or one of the Assistant Masters, may hold a certificate of the 2nd or 3rd grade, at the rate of 8 Annas per head of the average attendance during the preceding quarter.

(b.)—No further application for a grant of books of reference, maps, &c., will be complied with for a period of five years from the date of the previous grant.

(c.)—After the lapse of five years from the date of the last grant, a renewal grant will be made at rates not exceeding those noted above, and with the proviso already laid down.

(d.)—Grants for the provision of books of reference, maps, &c., will be made in money. Applications for such grants must be accompanied by a list of the books required; and, on the Director of Public Instruction satisfying himself of the propriety of complying with the application, prospective sanction will be given for the issue of the grant, which will be paid on the Government Inspector reporting that the articles have been procured and are ready for use.

21. A grant for the provision of school books will be issued to *bona fide* pauper schools, at a rate not exceeding 8 Annas a head upon the average attendance of the preceding three months, the Managers of the schools contributing in every case an equal amount. After the expiration of three years, a renewal grant will be issued upon the same terms.

22. Grants will be made in aid of school and public libraries, to such extent as may seem fitting in each case, and subject to the condition that an equal sum shall be contributed by the Managers.

23. Grants will be made towards the erection, purchase, repairs, or enlargement of a school building on the following conditions:—

1st.—That in each case an equal sum shall be contributed by the Managers of the school for the same purpose.

2nd.—That satisfactory evidence shall be adduced of the necessity for the erection, purchase, repairs, or enlargement, in aid of which the grant is sought.

3rd.—That the amount applied for shall not exceed what may be considered reasonable, taking into account the Budget provision for the year, the importance of the school, and any previous grants which may have been issued to the Managers of the institution.

4th.—That the application shall be accompanied by a plan and estimate of the cost of the building proposed to be erected, purchased, repaired or enlarged.

5th.—That previous to the disbursement of the grant, which will be made in two equal portions, one after the execution of half the work, the other upon the completion of the whole, it shall be certified by the Inspector of the Division, or other responsible officer who may have been deputed to examine the building, that the work has been proceeded with, as provided for in the plan and estimate previously sanctioned by the Director of Public Instruction. Also, that before disbursement, the Managers of the school shall declare that they have funds on hand sufficient, when supplemented by the grant, to clear off all the debts incurred in the execution of the work.

6th.—That, in the event of any building, towards the erection, purchase, repairs, or enlargement of which a grant may have been made by Government, being subsequently diverted to other than educational purposes, the Government shall have the option of purchasing the building at a valuation to be determined by arbitrators, credit being given for so much of the grant as may bear the same proportion to the whole which the estimated value of the building bears to the total original cost.

7th.—That in such cases the arbitrators shall be three in number, of whom two shall be nominated by Government, and one by the Managers of the school.

24. Grants for the provision of school furniture will be made once in five years, on condition that the Managers of the school shall contribute in equal sum for the same purpose, and that, in the event of the school being permanently closed within five years from the date on which the grant may have been made, the Government shall be at liberty to purchase the furniture, towards the supply of which the grant was given, at a valuation to be determined, as in the case of school buildings, by arbitrators, credit being taken in each case for the amount of the grant, allowing for depreciation due to wear and tear. All applications for grants must be accompanied by a list of the furniture required. A furniture grant will be paid on the Director of Public Instruction being satisfied that furniture to the full amount proposed to be expended, including both local contributions and the Government grant, has been made up and placed in the school.

25. Application for grants in aid of Industrial schools, and for other purposes not provided for in this Notification, will be disposed of on their merits, each case being determined, as far as possible, by the analogy of the foregoing rules.

SCHEDULE A.

STANDARDS OF EXAMINATION.

A.—European and Eurasian Schools.

First (Lowest) Standard.

1. Reading—Words of one syllable.
2. Writing—Any letter or digital number on a slate.

Second (Middle) Standard.

1. Reading—Easy Child's book, intelligibly.
2. Writing—Large-hand, fairly.
3. Arithmetic—First four Rules.

Third (Highest) Standard.

1. Reading—(As of a Newspaper.)
 2. Writing—(Running hand.)
 3. Arithmetic.
- } Sufficient for a mechanic (or mechanic's wife.)

B.—Native Schools.

First (Lowest) Standard.

Vernacular.

1. Reading—(Easy school books), clear and intelligent.
2. Writing—Legible to dictation in the ordinary current hand, without gross mistakes.
3. The four simple and compound rules.

Second (Middle) Standard.

Vernacular.

1. Reading—(Advanced), and explanation.
2. Writing—Good and correct to dictation.
3. To Vulgar fractions and the Rule of Three, exclusive of Decimals.

Third Standard.

Anglo-Vernacular.

1. English Reading—(Easy Poetry and History.)
2. Translation into Vernacular on paper.
3. Writing English to dictation (such as Goldsmith's History of England) without three gross mistakes.
4. Arithmetic complete.

SCHEDULE B.

GRANTS TO PUPILS PASSED UNDER THE SEVERAL STANDARDS.

A.—European and Eurasian Schools.

	Standard.	Hill School.	Schools in the Plains.
		RS.	RS.
To each pupil passed under...	1st....	4	2
	2nd.....	8	5
	3rd.....	12	10

B.—Native Schools.

	Standard.	RS.
To each pupil passed under.....	1st... ..	2
	2nd.....	5
	3rd... ..	10

SCHEDULE C.

WRITING TESTS FOR SCHOOLMASTERS' CERTIFICATES.

Subjects of Examination and Text Books recommended.

4TH GRADE.

English.—2nd and 3rd Books of Lessons, Madras School Book Society; Selections in Poetry, No. 1; Grammar (an Elementary knowledge).
Tamil.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Panchatantra; Pope's Poetical Anthology; Nannul, (by Savundranaiyagam Pillai); Verbs and Syntax; Pope's 2nd Grammar.
Telugu.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Niti Chendrika; Nala Charitra; Venkiah's Grammar; Chinniah Suri's Grammar.—Chapters on Karaka and Samasa.
Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya, in accordance with Tamil and Telugu as far as practicable.
Arithmetic.—Colenso's generally; omitting Duodecimals, Cube Root and Stocks; Also the chief Indian weights and measures.
Geometry.—Euclid, Book I.
History.—Morris' History of India (generally); Brief Sketches of Europe.
Geography.—The Manual, Asia and India particular; general notions regarding the world; and the outlines of Europe.
Method.—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints.

N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, or spelling, will cause a candidate to be rejected. For lesser deficiencies in these respects deductions will be made from the marks which would otherwise be assigned to the answers.

§ The examination in the non-language subjects will be, in general, conducted in the Vernaculars.

5TH GRADE.

Tamil.—2nd and 3rd Readers, Public Instruction Press; Panchatantra, Part I; Pope's Catechism of Grammar.
Telugu.—2nd and 3rd Readers, Public Instruction Press; Panchatantra, Part I; Sheshaya's Grammar.
Canarese, Malayalam and Uriya, in accordance with Tamil and Telugu.

Arithmetic.—Four Simple and Compound Rules; with the principal Indian weights and measures.

History.—Brief Sketches of Asia.

Geography.—India in general, with the Madras Presidency in particular; general notions of the world, and outlines of Asia.

N. B.—Fair proficiency in hand-writing, making of figures, and spelling, will be required.

SCHEDULE D.

WRITING TESTS FOR SCHOOLMISTRESSES' CERTIFICATES.

Subjects of Examination and Text Books recommended.

1ST GRADE.

English.—Selections in English Poetry, No. 2; Selections in English Poetry, Prose; Grammar, as in Sullivan or McLeod.

Tamil.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Pope's Poetical Anthology; Pope's 2nd Grammar.

Telugu.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Vemana Selections; Venkiah's Grammar.

Canarise, Malayalam and Uriya, to agree with Tamil and Telugu as far as practicable.

History.—Morris' India and England.

Geography.—Manual.

Arithmetic.—Colenso's; but omitting Compound Proportion, Duodecimals, Cube Root and Stocks.

Method.—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints.

Needle-work.—Ability to cut out and make up a Shirt or Jacket.

N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, or spelling, will cause a candidate to be rejected. For lesser deficiencies in these respects deductions will be made from the marks which would otherwise be assigned to the answers.

2ND GRADE.

English.—2nd and 3rd Books of Lessons, Madras School Book Society; Selections in Poetry, No. 1; Grammar (Elementary knowledge.)

Tamil.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Pope's Poetical Anthology; Catechism of Grammar.

Telugu.—3rd Book of Lessons, Public Instruction Press; Vemana Selections; Sheshaya's Grammar.

Canarise, Malayalam and Uriya, to agree with Tamil and Telugu as nearly as practicable.

History.—Brief sketches of Europe and Asia.

Geography.—Manual, Europe and Asia generally; India in particular.

Arithmetic.—Colenso's; including Vulgar Fractions and Simple Proportion, but omitting Decimals, as well as what is not required for 1st grade.

Method.—Fowler's Work, or Murdoch's Hints.

Work.—Ability to make up a Shirt or Jacket which has been cut out.

N. B.—Very discreditable writing, figures, or spelling, will cause a candidate to be rejected. For lesser deficiencies in these respects deductions will be made from the marks which would otherwise be assigned to the answers.

3RD GRADE.

Tamil.—1st and 2nd Readers, Public Instruction Press.

Telugu.—Do. do.

So in other languages.

Geography.—India, Outlines of Asia, and general notions of the world.

Arithmetic.—Four Simple and Compound Rules.

Work.—Ability to hem neatly.

N. B.—Fair proficiency in hand-writing, making of figures, and spelling, will be required.

MILITARY MALE ORPHAN ASYLUM.

EGMORE—INSTITUTED A. D. 1788.

This important Institution was founded as far back as A. D. 1788. It was established for the relief of orphans belonging to the military classes, in pursuance of a recommendation of the Honorable East India Company's Directors, dated March 14th, 1786, addressed to Sir A. Campbell, Governor of Madras. The Chaplain of the Fort Church, the Reverend J. Millingcham, with his Church-wardens, were authorized at once to act in the matter. Having the promise of assistance from Government, and encouraged by the subscriptions which flowed in, they obtained the grant of the old Egmore redoubt, and its adjacent buildings, and were before long gladdened by seeing a school of 70 boys in active operation. Dr. A. Bell, famous as the originator of the "Madras System of Education," was the first Superintendent, and carefully watched over its earliest years, till he returned to Europe in 1796. The Rev. R. Kerr succeeded Dr. Bell, and from that time till 1855 the appointment of Superintendent was generally filled by one of the Government Chaplains; whilst a staff of competent Masters carried on the education of the boys. This Institution has been of immense advantage to the Madras Presidency, as may easily be supposed. Three thousand five hundred youths have passed through its training since 1788; of whom many have risen to positions of wealth and influence; some as tradesmen and merchants, others as Missionaries of the Church of England to the heathen, others again in the Uncovenanted Civil Service and Medical Department. John Doveton, the founder of Doveton College, was indebted to its fostering care in early life, having been one of its inmates from 1808 to 1816. The number of pupils on the rolls has varied at different times; within the last twelve months it has risen to 297. Children who have lost their father have the first claim upon its bounty; but in addition, a limited number, whose parents are either invalided or pensioned from the Military or Medical Services are received, and also a few boarders from whom payment is demanded according to the means of the parents.

GOVERNORS.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop,
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief,
Sir T. Pycroft, K. C. S. I.
The Director of Public Instruction,

Colonel T. McGoun,
Rev. J. Gorton, M. A.
J. Higginbotham, Esq.
Major J. G. Touch.

Principal.—Charles E. Gover, Esq., appointed in 1864.

Chaplain.—Rev. J. Bamforth, appointed in 1863.

First Assistant Master.—Mr. J. McArthur, appointed April 1864.

Second Assistant Master.—Mr. J. Edwards, appointed June 1864.

Third do.—Mr. W. Fairfield, appointed July 1866.

Lower School Teacher.—Mrs. Bunkall, appointed September 1856.

Surgeon.—C. M. Duff, Esq., M. D., appointed November 1860.

Apothecary.—Mr. F. Browne.

Honorary Secretary of the Press.—Major J. G. Touch appointed, May 1866.

Superintendent of the Press.—Mr. Wm. Thomas, appointed 1st January 1861.

MILITARY FEMALE ORPHAN ASYLUM.

POONAMALLEE ROAD.—INSTITUTED A. D. 1786.

This Institution was founded in the year 1786, under the auspices of Lady Campbell and the Reverend C. Guericke. Liberal donations were received from the public, and considerable assistance is granted annually by Government. At one time as many as 350 girls were supported in the Institution, but partly from a decrease in the funds, and partly from an increase in expenditure on the comfort and education of the children, it has been found necessary to limit the number of inmates to 220. The girls receive a plain useful education. They are taught every description of household work, washing and needle-work, and the care of the sick; and the most promising are trained as teachers to supply the classes in the Institution, and to provide for the wants of army and other schools. The girls are expected to take such situations as are selected for them. The control of the Asylum is entrusted to a board of Lady Directresses, and the finances are regulated by a board of Governors. The number of children who have passed through the school since its commencement is upwards of 2,600. The Orphans of European soldiers have the first claim on the charity. A limited number of children whose parents are alive are received as boarders, on a small monthly payment.

GOVERNORS.

The Right Honorable the Governor.—*President.**Vice-Presidents.*

The Honorable the Chief Justice, The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop, His Excellency, the Commander-in-Chief,	The Honorable the Members of Council, The Senior Puisne Judge.	
J. D. Sim, Esq., Col. G. W. Y. Simpson, C. Dale, Esq., Colonel R. Hamilton,	Colonel C. Cooke, Reverend C. R. Drury, Honorable C. Pelly, Colonel Beau,	Colonel Lawder, Barrow, F. Lushington, Esq., Colonel Howlett.

DIRECTRESSES.

The Right Honorable Lady Napier.—*Patroness.**Vice-Patronesses.*

Lady Bittleston.		Lady Pycroft.	
Mrs. Hewetson,	Mrs. Rideout,	Mrs. McGoun,	
" Cooke,	" Dalrymple,	" Lock,	
Miss Gell,	" Cadell,	" Fordyce,	
Mrs. Phillips,	" Scott Elliott,	" A. F. Brown.	
Captain Phillip L. Codd...Secretary.		Reverend A. W. Stone...Chaplain.	
C. Smith, Esq. ....Surgeon.		Mrs. P. Stone.....Superintendent.	

BISHOP CORRIE'S GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

SEMDOODOSS STREET, BLACK TOWN.

Committee of Management.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.—*President.*

H. A. Brett, Esq.	Hon'ble C. Pelly,	Mr. J. M. Wilson, <i>Treasurer,</i>
T. Clarke, Esq., <i>Secy.</i>	Rev. P. S. Royston, M.A.	" George Wood,
J. DeFries, Esq.	Colonel Rowlandson,	" G. Holmes.
Rev. R. C. Macdonald,	Rev. W. Welsh, M.A.	

Educational Department.

Head Master.—The Reverend T. Bliss, B.A., of Trinity College, Dublin.*Assistant Masters.*

Mr. Alfred B. Thomson,	Mr. A. Thomas,	Mr. W. H. French.
" H. Bernard,	" W. Nailer,	

Writing Master.—Mr. W. Regel.*Tamil Moonshes.*—S. Samuel Pillay and N. Vanoogopaloo Moodelliar.

TERMS OF ADMISSION.

Tuition Fee, 4 Rupees per month, payable in advance. When two or more sons of the same Parent are admitted, the charge is for the second boy 3 Rupees, and for each succeeding boy, 2 Rupees a month.

Books and Stationery will be supplied and charged at cost price.

CHRIST CHURCH DISTRICT SCHOOLS, MOUNT ROAD.

MALE AND FEMALE—INSTITUTED A.D. 1843.

Committee of Management.

President.—Reverend W. Welsh, M.A.

Thomas Clarke, Esq., C.S.	T. E. Franck, Esq.	Mr. G. Hammett, <i>Ag. Secy.</i>
Colonel G. Rowlandson,	Mr. J. P. Waller, <i>Treas.</i>	" P. Coultrup.
Mr. J. Calder, Master.	Mrs. Calder, Mistress.	

DOVETON PROTESTANT COLLEGE.

ESTABLISHED 5TH MAY 1854.

Committee of Management for 1866.

Rev. A. C. Bell, M. A.	Reverend G. Hall, B. A.	Reverend J. H. Strachan,
H. A. Brett, Esq.	Reverend W. Miller,	J. Urquhart, Esq., M. D.
T. Clarke, Esq.	J. Maskell, Esq., B. L.	W. J. vanSomeran, Esq., M.D.
J. G. Coleman, Esq.	Captain J. Mitchell,	J. M. Wilson, Esq.
Colonel T. D. Dyer,		

W. J. vanSomeran, Esq., M. D. *Secretary.*J. M. Wilson, Esq. *Financial Secretary.*

The object of this Institution is to afford a thoroughly liberal and Christian education. The generous bequest of the late Captain Doveton, united with the funds formerly collected for a Protestant College, has enabled the Committee to make arrangement for the efficient carrying out of the object they profess.

In the Primary School, the instruction is elementary: in the High School, it is the attempt of the Masters to give a thorough classical and mathematical education equal in every respect to that given in the public schools in England.

The Collegiate Department was re-opened in February 1866. The curriculum embraces the subjects specified by the Syndicate for the F. A. and B. A. Examinations of the University, together with Greek Testament and Theology.

The number of scholars at present on the roll of the Institution is 155, of whom 8 are in the College, in the High School, and 93 in the Primary School.

The following gentlemen are the educational Officers of the Institution:—

Head Master—Rev. J. Bamforth, F.R.G.S.

High School

First Master.....Mr. Charles Scott,	First Tamil Moonshes, S. Samuel Pillay,
Second do....." J. R. Nailer,	Second do. P. Selvanadam Py.
Third do....." A. T. Scott,	Telugu Moonshes, C. Nursiah.
Fourth do....." H. R. French,	

Primary School.

First Master Mr. J. Cramp.—Tutors, Mr. J. Adolphus, Mr. A. Stephenson, and Mr. A. W. C. Gordon.

Singing Master—Mr. C. Tate.

The terms are as under:—

In the Primary School..... 3 Rupees per mensem.

In the High School. { Lower Division..... 4 " "

{ Higher Division..... 5 " "

In the Collegiate Department..... 7 " "

For the benefit of parents residing in the Mofussil and others, a Boarding establishment is maintained under the immediate supervision of the Head Master at the following rates:—

FOR BOARDERS.—30 Rupees *per mensem*, exclusive of School Fees.

Where two or more boys are from the same family, 25 Rupees, irrespective of age, is the charge for each boy.

FOR DAY BOARDERS.—3 Rupees exclusive of School Fees.

Books, Stationery and Medicine will be supplied and charged for at prime cost.

All particulars may be obtained by application to the Head Master, Doveton College, Vepery.

DOVETON GIRLS' SCHOOL.

The Committee of Management of the Doveton Protestant College have deemed it desirable to open a Girls' School in the building formerly occupied by St. Andrew's Parochial School.

Head Mistress.....Vacant.	Infant School Teachers. { Miss Williams.
Second do. ....Miss Anderson.	{ Miss Dale.
Infant School Teacher.....Miss J. Klync.	Music Mistress.....Mrs. Crampton.

The object of this branch of the Institution is to impart a solid useful education, based on Christian principles, to the daughters of Europeans and their descendants. The following are some of the subjects taught—Scriptural Instruction, Language [including Grammar and Composition], Geography, History, [English and Indian,] Natural History, Form Writing, Arithmetic and Needlework, also Music and Drawing.

The number of pupils at present on the roll 84; of whom 9 are in the Upper, 23 in the Intermediate and 52 in the Lower Sections.

The terms are as under:—
In the Upper Section...4 Rs. per mensem. | In the Lower Section...2 Rs. per mensem.
Boys under eight years of age are admitted to the Girls' School.

ST. MARY'S PROTESTANT CHARITY SCHOOL.

Fort St. George.—Opened 1794.

For four Boys of pure European Parentage maintained from the "Woolley Fund" and 50 Boys of Eurasian Parentage.

Superintended by the Garrison Chaplain for the time being.

Master.....Mr. W. Walker.
Sergeant....." N. B. Lamoury.

MALE AND FEMALE CIVIL ORPHAN ASYLUMS.

UNDER THE PATRONAGE OF

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras, the Venerable the Archdeacon, and the Clergy of the Church of England throughout the Diocese.

LIST OF DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR 1866.

Ex-Officio Directors.

Reverend F. G. Lys, M.A., Chaplain of Black Town.
Surgeon-Major W. J. vanSomeren, M.D.

Government Directors.

The Hon'ble C. Pelly, | J. G. Coleman, Esq.

Elected Directors.

Mr. J. R. Barrow,	Mr. A. Grove,	Mr. Walter Joyes,
" N. Bazely, Jr., <i>Audr.</i>	" J. W. Gantz,	" J. Mills,
" R. P. Campbell,	" W. A. Hart,	" Colonel A. C. Pears,
" P. Coultrup,	" George Home, <i>Secy.</i>	Mr. D. Shaw,
" J. J. D'Rozario, <i>Treasr.</i>	" T. Hedger,	" J. M. Wilson,
		" G. C. Wood.

Directresses.

Mrs. F. G. Lys,	Mrs. W. J. vanSomeren,	Mrs. J. J. D'Rozario,
" C. Pelly,	" G. Home,	" Walter Joyes.

Trustees.

J. G. Coleman, Esq.—Mr. P. Coultrup—Mr. J. J. D'Rozario.

Executive Committee.

Rev. F. G. Lys, M.A.	Mr. N. Bazely, Jr., <i>Audr.</i>	Mr. George Home, <i>Secy.</i>
Mr. J. R. Barrow,	" A. Grove,	
Mr. J. Hutton, <i>Head Master.</i>	Miss S. A. Seymour, <i>Head</i>	Mrs. Allan, <i>Matron.</i>
" R. Burns, <i>Asst. Master.</i>	" <i>Mistress.</i>	
Mr. & Mrs. J. Robinson, <i>Scr-jeant & Matron.</i>	Mrs. M. L. Wilmot, <i>Assistant</i>	" <i>Mistress</i>

There are at present 137 Europeans and East Indian Orphans in both Asylums. The monthly expenditure amounts to eleven hundred Rupees, and the Institutions are dependant upon Public support to the extent of six thousand Rupees per annum. Contributions may be remitted to the Reverend F. G. Lys, M.A., Chaplain of Black Town, or to Mr. George Home, Secretary.

VEPERY ACADEMY.

ESTABLISHED 16TH JULY 1860.

Head Master.....Mr. J. M. Good. | Assistant MasterVacant

Vernacular Department.

Tamil Moonshce...N. Vanoogopauloo Mdr. | Telugu Moonshce.....C. Narrain Rajah.

The object of this Institution is to impart to the youth of this Presidency a sound general education based upon Christian principles, and strictly in accordance with those of the Church of England.

The course of instruction comprises all the essentials of an English education, together with Latin, Greek, Algebra and Euclid.

TERMS.

Day Scholars	each Rupees 4 per mensem.
Two or more Boys of the same family.....	" " 3½ "
Day Boarders (inclusive of Tuition Fee).....	" " 12 "

Tamil and Telugu are taught at an extra charge of 8 annas per mensem for each language, and all Boys in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd classes are required to learn one of the Vernaculars.

All fees are payable monthly *in advance*, and a month's notice on payment is required before the removal of a Boy. A full month's charge is made for Pupils entering between the 1st and 15th of the month, and a half month's charge for those admitted on or after the 16th. No deduction is made for occasional or contingent absence.

Books and Stationery must be supplied by the Parents or Guardians of the Boys.

Hours of instruction from 9½ A.M. till 1 P.M., and from 2½ till 4½ P.M. daily, Saturday and Sunday excepted.

A monthly Statement of the position in class, marks gained, and general progress and deportment of each Boy is furnished to his Parent or Guardian.

The usual holidays for Easter, Midsummer, Michaelmas and Christmas are observed.

Applications for admission to be made to the Head Master, No. 6, Hunter's Road.

* This applies to Brothers.

UNION SCHOOLS, JOHN PEREIRA'S.

Boys' School established, 1st June 1836. | Girls' School established, 1st January 1810.

Number of children educated since the opening of these Schools, Boys 1,361; Girls 687.

These Schools receive a grant from the Diocesan Board of Education of Rupees 20 per mensem, for the present, and from the Government Grant-in-aid, Rupees 15 towards the salary of Head Master.

Cost of Establishment, per mensem, Rupees 139.

Number attending the Schools—

PATRON.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

VICE-PATRON.—Rev. F. G. Lys, M. A.

PRESIDENT.—Rev. Thomas Bliss, B. A.

COMMITTEE OF DIRECTORS.

Mr. J. T. Morton,	Mr. C. Foster,	Mr. J. S. Harvey,	Mr. G. E. Walker,
" A. Barren,	" R. C. Hart,	" G. Norton,	" H. Jones,
J. G. Coleman, Esq.,	" A. Bowie,	" J. Tulloch,	" H. R. Calder,
Vice-President.....Mr. C. Foster.	Head Master.....Mr. J. Wylie.		
Secretary....." J. T. Morton.	" Mistress.....Miss C. N. French.		
Treasurer....." A. Barren.			

" TRINITY CHAPEL."

Minister—Rev. T. Bliss, B. A.,
Warden—Mr. J. T. Morton,

Organist—Mr. A. Johnson.
Beadle—Mr. J. A. Damcron.

S. P. G. ANGLO-VERNAULAR SCHOOL, VEPERY.

An Anglo-Vernacular Mission School in connection with this Society was opened on 1st February in the year 1864 in the block of buildings near St. Matthias' Church, formerly known as the Vepery Grammar School, and subsequently as the Government Normal School.

Upwards of 350 boys are on the roll, and the average attendance throughout the year has been 318.

Each boy pays on admission 1 Rupee and a monthly fee of 8 Annas.

.....Principal.
T. Pearce, Esq. Head Master.

Assistants—S. Nallathambi Moodelliar, B.A., Mr. A. David, B.A., Balaja Row, and 10 other Native Masters with Tamil and Telugu Moonshees.

The great object of the School is to give a sound education based on Christian principles. Each boy is instructed daily in the Bible. The School receives Government aid, most of the Masters are connected with the Madras University, for the requirements of which the instruction given is adapted.

PARCHERRY SCHOOL—BLACK TOWN.

32, Portuguese Church Street.

Opened under the direction of the Reverend C. R. Drury, 5th September 1860.

COMMITTEE.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop.....President.

The Venerable the Archdeacon.....Vice-President.

Lieut. Col. A. C. Pears,	J. D'Rozario, Esq.	T. Garrett, Esq.
Major T. Gillilan,	Rev. J. W. Wynch,	Rev. C. R. Drury,
Thomas Clarke, Esq.	R. C. Hart, Esq.	Rev. F. G. Lys, M.A., Secy.
J. G. Coleman, Esq.		

Number of Children at present on the roll..... 163
Do. who receive daily a meal of curry and rice..... 101

Attendance—Daily Average..... 139

The object of this School is to impart to the children of the destitute poor of the District, an elementary education, viz., Reading, Writing, Simple Arithmetic and Geography.

The monthly expenditure is Rupees 190, and the School is dependent upon voluntary subscriptions from the public.

Mr. A. Jackson, Schoolmaster	Mr. C. Viera,	} Assistant Teachers.
Mrs. A. Jackson, Schoolmistress.	Miss Rodrigues,	

WESLEYAN ANGLO-VERNAULAR INSTITUTION,
ROYAPETTAH.

This Institution was founded in 1850, with the object of giving a superior Christian Education to Hindus of all castes. For the last fourteen years, it has been managed by a European Missionary, who has devoted the greater part of each day to its interests. The Bible is taught an hour daily in all the classes that can read it, and the elementary truths of Christianity are conveyed, through the medium of the Vernacular languages, to the minds of the younger pupils. The standard of secular instruction is equal to the requirements of the F. A. degree of the Madras University. Between twenty and thirty of the students have already matriculated from this Institution, besides three others who have passed the F. A. and B. A. degrees respectively.

WESLEYAN MISSION GIRLS' BOARDING SCHOOL.

This school is about as old as the above one. It is under the superintendence of the European Missionaries, and under the immediate management of a European Lady, set apart to this work. It contains fifty Boarders, who are fed, clothed and educated at the expense of the Mission, with the aid of local contributions. The Girls are nearly all taught English as a language, but their lessons are mostly given in Tamil; special attention is paid to needle-work, and to instruction in the duties of domestic life. The school receives a Government grant of Rupees 300 per annum.

PATCHEAPAH'S CHARITIES.

PATRON.

Honorable J. B. Norton.

Trustees for the Management of Patcheapah's Charities.

C. Parthasarady Naidoo.....President.

P. Veeraperoomall Pillay,	S. Veeraragavooloo Chettiar,
Honorable G. Lutchmenarasoo Chettiar,	M. S. Shadagopa Moodelliar,
S. Jayaram Chettiar,	C. V. Iyasawmy Moodelliar,
P. Somoooonthrum Chettiar,	A. Alwar Chettiar.

B. Ramasawmy Naidoo, B. A.....Secretary.

Established in January 1842.

Patcheapah's High-School opened 29th March 1850, School-house, Esplanade.

English Department.

B. Lavery, Esq.....Principal.	C. Vencata Charry.....5th Tutor.
G. Rajagopaul Naidoo.....1st Tutor.	T. Seethaputti Naick.....6th "
M. Vencatasoobiah.....2nd "	T. Govindooramiah.....7th "
Mr. G. B. Joachim.....3rd "	D. Narasiah.....8th "
P. Anantha Charry.....4th "	Mr. Rebeiro.....9th "

Vernacular Department.

TAMIL.

A. Soobraya Pillay.....1st Tutor.	E. Annasawmy Moodelly.....3rd Tutor.
C. Soobraya Moodelly.....2nd "	

TELUGU.

D. Vencatasoobah Sastry.....1st Tutor.	V. Soobramani Sastry.....3rd Tutor.
Seetharama Sastry.....2nd "	

SANSKRIT.

V. Streenevasa Charry.....1st Tutor.	E. Easwera Sastry.....3rd Tutor.
V. Ramanja Charry.....2nd "	

GOVINDOO NAIDOO'S PRIMARY SCHOOL.

Established in May 1865, School House, Anderson's Street, Nos. $\frac{2}{31}$ $\frac{3}{31}$.

English Department.

Mr. J. Evers.....Principal and Head Master.	C. Narasimam Charry.....6th Tutor.
R. Vencataramana Iyer.....2nd Tutor.	S. Preyanjava Moodelly.....7th "
M. Samiah.....3rd "	C. Sadasivah.....8th "
B. Sambasiviah.....4th "	P. Kistnama Charry.....9th "
G. Vencatakisniah.....5th "	

Vernacular Department.

TAMIL.

M. Moorogasem Moodelly.....1st Tutor.	P. Sabaputti Moodelly.....4th Tutor.
C. Singaravulu Moodelly.....2nd "	V. Moodookistna Pillay.....5th "
C. Loganada Moodelly.....3rd "	

TELUGU.

N. Anantha Charry.....1st Tutor.	A. Nadamooney Naidoo.....3rd Tutor.
C. Soobrayaloo Naidoo.....2nd "	

Number of pupils in the Patcheapah's High School.....355
Do. in the Govindoo Naidoo's Primary School.....391
Do. in the Branch School at Conjeeveram.....134
Do. in the do at Chedumbrum.....122

N.B.—Govindu Naidu's Primary School is no other than the Junior Department of the Patcheapah's School, formed into a separate Institution.

NATIVE FEMALE EDUCATIONAL SOCIETY.

Lady Napier.—*President.*

Committee.

Mrs. Brett,	Mrs. Ferrand,	Miss Hall,
" Cadell,	" T. E. Franck,	" Rowlandson,
" Clarke,	Miss Franck,	Mrs. Royston,
Miss Clemons,	" Gell,	" Welsh.

Messrs. Arbutnot and Co.—*Treasurers.* | Mrs. Bliss, *Secretary.*

Central School, Popham's Broadway, opposite Church Mission Chapel.

Miss Jessie Hogg—*Superintendent.*

Average number of girls 125.

This Association has now for thirty years carried on with varied success, its efforts to provide an elementary Vernacular education upon a Christian basis, to the female children of poorer Native inhabitants of Madras. From 1829, the time of its foundation and when some fifteen or sixteen village schools were maintained by it, to 1856, when, through many changes, its operations were confined to the maintenance of a larger and more efficient School in Popham's Broadway, (known generally as the Central School,) evidences have not been wanting of useful results. A general testimony has been borne by the parents of the girls brought under the influence of this Society's Schools, to the improvement effected in their character and habits; and not a few have given evidence of yet a higher influence for good upon them, by the open embracement of Christianity, followed, in the great majority of cases by a life of consistent probity and piety.

In the beginning of 1864, a new School was established in Chinadrepettah District under a Certificated Government Schoolmaster. It has now an average attendance of 99 girls.

In August 1864, Mrs. Winslow's School for caste girls, was transferred to this Society, and a Bible Woman appointed in connection with the work. In September 1865, the Committee opened a new School in Royapooram. It has now an average attendance of 30 girls.

TOWNS AND VILLAGES VERNACULAR SCHOOLS.

Managing Committee for 1867.

Patron. | President.
Reverend W. Welsh, M. A.—*Vice President.*

Members.

Rev. C. Egbert Kennet,	Mr. C. Foster,	J. M. Good, Esq.
W. T. Taylor, Esq. (Eur.)	W. B. W. Joyes, Esq.	

Reverend W. Taylor, *Secretary and Visitor.*

The Schools are situated at from 16 to 23 miles west from Madras.

EGMORE HINDU TELUGU FEMALE SCHOOL.

ESTABLISHED IN 1845.

President.—W. Moonesawmy Moodelliar, (absent from Madras.)

Vice President.—C. W. Tamotharam Pillay, B.A.

MEMBERS.

D. Darasigamony Naidoo,	Cul. Buchhavatchalu Naidoo,	C. Buchhavatchalu Naidoo,
M. Jagunnada Naidoo,	J. Beharisingh,	S. Eanganayakooloo Chetty.
M. P. Rungiah Naidoo,	R. Terumalasawmy Naidoo,	
S. Runganayakooloo Chetty.....	<i>Secretary.</i>	
M. P. Rungiah Naidoo.....	<i>Treasurer.</i>	
N. Padmanabha Shastrulu.....	<i>Head Master.</i>	
Mrs. Defontaine.....	<i>Needlework Instructress.</i>	

NOTE.—The School is entirely supported by public contributions. The pupils pay no school fee.

OOTACAMUND LAWRENCE ASYLUM.

FOUNDED 1858.

PATRONS.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.
His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

COMMITTEE.

H. R. Dawson,
Archdeacon Dealtry,
Colonel Denison,
P. Grant, Esq.

Colonel Hadfield,
J. Rohde, Esq.
J. Ouchterlony, Esq.

Principal and Secretary.—Rev. T. Whitehouse, M.A.

MALE BRANCH.

Head Master—Mr. G. W. Armstrong.
Second Master—Mr. T. Burrows.

Third Master—Mr. Kenneth Murchison.
Matron—Mrs. Catley.

FEMALE BRANCH.

Head Mistress—Miss Camp.
First Assistant Mistress—Miss Orme.

Second Assistant Mistress—Miss Harriman.
Matron—Mrs. Campbell.

The objects contemplated in the establishment of the Institution are two-fold. 1st.—To do honor to the memory of a great and good man, the late Sir H. M. Lawrence. 2nd.—To benefit the Children of the European Soldier, by providing for them a refuge from the debilitating effects of a tropical climate, and the demoralizing influence of a Barrack life."

The Male Branch occupies the premises known as Stonehouse, and several other buildings on the Coonoor Road in the vicinity of Stonehouse Hill, together with Lower Norwood, which is occupied simply as an out-lying dormitory.

The Female Branch occupies the dwelling long known as Farrington House, near the Government Gardens.

In consequence of the limited accommodation afforded by private houses, which were never intended for large Boarding Schools, between 130 and 140 only can be received in the Male Branch, and 50 only in the Female Branch. The Committee are thus compelled to restrict the numbers more rigidly than they could wish, when the numerous applications which come before them are taken into the account.

Although the Institution may be said to have been adopted by the State, it is not perhaps so generally known that Government has never contemplated doing more than furnishing it with a liberal *Grant-in-aid*; and this even now, does not cover the expenditure, so that unless the list of contributions be greatly increased, the present number of pupils must be reduced.

The children generally enjoy excellent health, and appear to be subject to fewer ailments than they would be in England. In the Medical Report for the year ending April 30th, 1866, the number of cases treated in Hospital (chiefly for very trifling ailments) was 91, being 54½ per cent. of the average annual strength. Of these 81 were boys, or 63½ per cent. of strength of boys; and 10 were girls, or 20½ per cent. of strength of girls. The average daily number of the sick for the year was, boys 2, or 1·69 per cent. of boys; and girls ½, or 1 per cent. of strength of girls. There was an entire absence of sickness for 168 days of the year among the boys, and for 231 days among the girls.

The boys receive such a training as will fit them for usefulness hereafter in various lines of life, whilst the girls are employed in such occupations as will tend to qualify them to become useful wives and mothers, should they be spared. Most of the in-door work in both branches is done by the children, and Native servants are dispensed with as much as possible.

Messrs. Arbutnot and Co., Bankers, Madras, are at all times ready to receive contributions to the support of the Institution.

OOTACAMUND GRAMMAR SCHOOL AND COLLEGE, SNOWDON HOUSE.

VISITOR.

The Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Madras.

The Reverend G. U. Pope, D.D., Fellow of
the Madras University.

Assisted by J. T. Nash, Esq., E. Laseyron, Esq.,

J. V. S. Pope, Esq. } Passed F. A. Students.
Edwin Sherman, Esq. }

In this Institution there are six Forms, of which the Fifth and Sixth belong to the College, and the other four to the Grammar School.

2. The Sixth Form consists of Senior Undergraduates; or those students who have passed the *P. A. Examination in the Madras University*, and are studying for the B. A. Degree.

The fee for boarders is Rupees 300 for each term, and for day-scholars Rupees 105.

N.B.—The Easter-term is from about 15th January to Easter.

The Midsummer-term is from Easter to about 15th June.

The Michaelmas-term is from July 1st to about 15th September.

The Christmas-term is from October to December 15th.

3. The Fifth Form consists of Junior Undergraduates, or those who, having passed the Matriculation Examination, are in preparing for the F. A. Examination.

The fee for boarders is Rupees 210 for each term, and for day-scholars Rupees 90.

4. Fourth Form consists of those who are preparing for the Matriculation Examination.

The fee for boarders is Rupees 195 for each term, and for others Rupees 75.

N.B.—In these three Forms the Madras University Examinations are especially kept in view; but it is believed that a student going through the whole course for the B. A. degree, will be prepared to go up at once for the Civil Service Examination in England, and in the Grammar School and College every subject necessary for this purpose is taught.

5. In the Third, Second and First Forms, boys of any ages receive a regular Grammar School training.

The fee for boarders is Rupees 180 for each term, and for day-scholars Rupees 60.

6. Books are supplied in the Grammar School, and are charged at English prices.

7. An entrance fee is charged of Rupees 35 for a boarder, and Rupees 10 for a day-scholar.

8. In the case of two brothers, Rupees 15 is deducted from the fees payable for each term for the two.

9. All fees must be paid in the course of the term for which they are due, either to the Principal, or to Messrs. Biunty and Co., of Madras.

10. Music and Drawing are taught by competent Masters, whose fees are Rupees 30 for each term for the Piano, and Rupees 15 each term for Drawing.

11. The holidays are about a month at Christmas, and a fortnight at Easter, at Midsummer and at Michaelmas. If a pupil remains in School during the Christmas holidays, a vacation fee of Rupees 20 is charged.

12. No deduction is made for temporary absences. A boy entered during any term must pay for the whole of the term.

13. Each pupil must bring with him sheets, pillow cases, towels and a pair of blankets.

14. The clothing required is much as the same as in England. Every boy must be provided with flannel vests to be worn next the skin.

Mr. Nash receives a limited number of boarders.

All letters on business should be addressed to

J. T. NASH, Esq., Secy. O. G. S. & College, Ootacamund.

COONNOOR SCHOOL.

J. MALPAS, M.A., assisted by a resident Master, undertakes to instruct a limited number of pupils. The sons of gentlemen only.

TERMS.

For board and instruction in all the branches of a sound English Education.

One pupil.....	Rs. 60 per mensem.
Do. above 14.....	" 70 do.
One Day pupil.....	" 15 do.
Do. above 14.....	" 20 do.
French or Tamil.....	" 5 do.
Washing and mending, each.....	" 3 do.

No Extras except for Books and Medical attendance.

A reduction made for Pupils of the same family.

A quarter's notice of intention to remove a pupil required or tuition fees for that period. A month's notice only in the case of day pupils required and no broken periods. Charges made quarterly and in advance.

Reference is kindly permitted to the Reverend the Chaplain of Coonoor, &c., &c.

ST. ANDREW'S SCHOOL, BANGALORE.

No. 15, facing the Parade Ground and adjoining St. Andrew's Church.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

The Reverend Stewart Wright, Senior Chaplain, Church of Scotland.

Colonel Dobbs,

Colonel Nepean Smith,

N. R. Bain, Esq.

Major Haines,

B. Lacey, Esq.

HEAD MASTER—Mr. Frederick Plunkett.

FIRST ASSISTANT MASTER—Mr. Richard O'Hara.

SECOND ASSISTANT MASTER—Mr. Alfred Wilkins.

PROSPECTUS.

I. It will be the design of this Institution to impart a sound English Education to boys, combined with a careful moral and religious training. The Bible will be read daily in all the Classes.

II. The standard of education aimed at will be the same as that prescribed by the Madras University for Matriculation.

III. The School will consist of a Senior and a Junior Department. In the former, youths will be trained exclusively for the University Examination in the December next ensuing.

IV. The Standard of each of the three Classes in the Junior Department is particularized in the "Syllabus of Studies."

V. The Course of Instruction will comprise the following Subjects:—

Holy Scripture.

English Grammar and Composition.

Latin.

Euclid, Algebra and Arithmetic.

Writing.

Natural Philosophy.

History—England, India, Rome & Greece.

Geography—Physical and Political.

Vocal Music on Hullah's System.

Elocution.

EXTRAS.

The Vernaculars, Drawing and Gymnastics.

VI. The Extras will not be taught during School hours.

VII. The hours of attendance are from 10 A.M. to 3 P.M., daily, Saturdays from 10 A.M. to 12 P.M. only.

VIII. Fees must be paid in advance before the 10th of each month.

IX. A month's notice or a month's payment of fees is required of each pupil.

X. Vacations will occur at Christmas, Easter, Midsummer and Michaelmas.

XI. No deduction in Fees will be made for the vacations or for occasional absence. Boarders may go home at Christmas and Midsummer and will be charged only the usual monthly Fee and at the rate of three-fifths of the Monthly Board, sufficient to defray current expenses.

XII. Books will be supplied at moderate rates.

XIII. Applications for admission should be made either to the Reverend Stewart Wright, or Mr. F. Plunkett, Head Master.

TERMS.

These will vary according to a boy's position in the School.

Boarders 35 Rupees a month for all ages. When more than one of the same family are boarders, an arrangement with the Head Master will not be objected to.

DAY PUPILS.

Matriculation Class.....	10 Rs. each.	Vernaculars.....	5 Rs. each.
First "	6 " "	Drawing.....	2 " "
Second "	5 " "	Gymnastics.....	1 " "
Third "	3 " "		

BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT.

The domestic arrangements of the Boarding Establishment will be presided over by Mrs. Plunkett assisted by a Matron. The cleanliness of the dormitories and the personal comforts of the Boarders will be carefully attended to, and visits of inspection will from time to time be made by the Members of the Committee.

NO ENTRANCE FEE.

Each Boarder is expected to bring his own Box or Chest of Drawers, Mattress, Pillows and Bed-linen, Bason and Stand, Fork and Spoon.

A Medical man has been engaged by the year to attend on the Boarders.

A charge of 1 Rupee for Washing, and 1 Rupee for Medical attendance per mensem will be made in addition to the usual Monthly Fee.

BISHOP COTTON'S SCHOOL, BANGALORE.

Visitor.—The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

PATRONS.

The Venerable T. Deatry, M.A., Archdeacon of Madras.
C. B. Saunders, Esq., C.B., Off. Commissioner of Mysore.
Major-General Haines, Commanding Mysore Division.

MEMBERS.

Colonel Hill, R. E.	Major Rammell, Staff Corps,
General Cleveland,	The Chaplain of the Church of England
Major Holmes, R. A.	for the time being,
Captain J. A. Campbell, Mysore Com.	Mr. G. G. Brown.
Major Ponsenby Watts, Staff Corps,	

Rev. S. T. Pettigrew, M.A., Secretary.

Masters.

Mr. G. Reynolds,
Mr. J. G. Tomlinson,

Mistresses.

Mrs. Reynolds,
Miss Lowe,
Miss Hawke.

MRS. LOWE,

Assisted by her Daughters, will be happy to receive a few Children from four to twelve years of age.

TERMS.—Forty Rupees per month.

No extra charge except for Medical attendance.

A reduction will be made when there are two or more Children from one family.

Instruction in Music and Drawing—3 Rupees a month, each.

An entrance Fee of Rupees 20 for each Pupil, and a reference for payment required. Payments to be made in advance.

Referees at Madras.

Rev. A. R. Symonds, M.A., Mowbray Road.	Mr. J. G. Garrett and	Mount Road.
C. M. Duff, Esq., M.D., Egmore.	Mr. J. Higginbotham,	
J. Miller, Esq., Admr. Genl., Adyar.		

Private lessons in Music and Drawing.

PART X.—MISCELLANEOUS.

MADRAS LITERARY SOCIETY AND AUXILIARY OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY.

PATRONS,

The Right Honorable the Governor of Madras.
His Highness the Rajah of Travancore.
His Excellency the Rajah Tondiman Bahadur.

PRESIDENT.

The Honorable Sir C. H. Scotland, *Knight*.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir J. G. LeMarchant, G.C.M.G., K.C.B.

The Honorable Sir T. Pycroft.

The Honorable Sir A. Bittleston, *Knight*.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

The Honorable Sir T. Pycroft, *Chairman*.

The Hon'ble Sir A. Bittleston,	Major R. M. Macdonald,	Captain W. H. Hessey,
The Hon'ble W. Holloway,	Major J. Shaw Stewart,	E. B. Powell, Esq., C.S.I.
W. Hudleston, Esq.	Colonel R. S. Wilson,	

J. Grose, Esq. *Honorary Secretary*.

Mr. J. L. Riordan *Librarian*.

Mr. L. D'Rozario *Deputy Librarian*.

The Madras Literary Society was formed in the year 1818, for a two-fold purpose:—first, to establish and maintain a complete Public Library; and, second, to collect, record, and occasionally publish information relating to the physical, political and religious history of Southern India.

In 1829 the Madras Literary Society was incorporated with the Madras Auxiliary Royal Asiatic Society.

The United Societies have endeavoured to carry out the objects specified above:—first, by the collection of a Library containing now about 20,000 volumes, and receiving additions, from time to time, of the most interesting new publications; and, second, by the periodical issue of the *Madras Journal of Literature and Science*.

There are two classes of Members.

Except Regimental Officers belonging to Corps on the Garrison of Madras, and other persons not permanently stationed or resident at the Presidency, who may become Members of either class without payment of entrance donations.

Members of the first class pay an entrance Donation of Rupees 20 and a Quarterly Subscription of Rupees 22. To Members of this class all New Works, Periodicals, &c., are circulated, and they have the use of the books in the Stock Library.

Members of the second class pay an entrance Donation of Rupees 10, and a Quarterly Subscription of the same amount. They are entitled to the use of the books in the Stock Library. New Books and Periodicals, after circulation among the first class, are placed in the Stock Library, and become available for Members of the second class.

The Subscription to the Journal published by the Society is in addition to the above sums, but is optional.

Supplies of New Books and Periodicals, including every work of note published at Home, are received monthly.

Gentlemen wishing to join the Society should intimate their wish to the Secretary, and forward a recommendation in the following form signed by a Member of either class.

FORM OF RECOMMENDATION.

"I recommend Mr. _____ to be a Member of the Madras Literary Society and Auxiliary of the Royal Asiatic Society of the _____ Class."

A new Member admitted in the first month of the Quarter pays the whole Subscription—in the second month, two-thirds—and in the third month, one-third of the Subscription for the current Quarter.

Members absent from the Presidency on duty or otherwise, are exempted from Subscription.

THE AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF MADRAS.

ESTABLISHED 15TH JULY 1835.

PATRON.

The Right Honorable Lord Napier.

VICE-PATRONS.

The Honorable Sir C. Scotland, Kt.

The Honorable Sir Adam Bittleston, Kt.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.

J. D. Sin, Esq., *President*.

G. Bidie, Esq., M. B.

C. Ainslie, Esq.

Colonel T. McGoun.

Lieut. Col. A. Howlett.

C. Dale, Esq.

J. C. Loch, Esq.

James Shaw, Esq.

Honorable J. Young.

W. B. Liddell, Esq.

Alex. Hunter, Esq., M.D.

J. Shaw, Esq.

G. Bidie, Esq., M. B., *Honorary Secretary*.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

C. Wight, Esq., M.D., F.R.S.

J. D. Hooker, M.D., F.R.S.

General Ferrier.

H. H. The Maha Rajah of Travancore.

G. F. Fisher, Esq., and H. F. C. Cleghorn, Esq., M. B., Extraordinary Members.

Mr. A. Denham, *Superintendent*.

The Bank of Madras, *Treasurers*.

This Society, which has been established nearly a quarter of a century, owes its existence in great part to the exertions of Dr. Wight, formerly a Surgeon in the Madras Army, and whose valuable contributions to Botanical Science have gained for him a widely-spread and well-earned celebrity.

The Company's gardens are situated opposite to the chief entrance to the Cathedral, and an additional piece of ground on the east of the Cathedral was purchased in the year 1856-57. This is at present chiefly employed as nursery for young plants and for experiments in Agriculture and Horticulture.

The Botanical Garden occupies a space of about 24 acres, which were originally granted by the local Government. It is laid out in a highly ornamental manner, and is much resorted to as a fashionable promenade. It is opened at all times to the public, and forms a healthful place of recreation for the inhabitants of Madras. During the past year, considerable alterations have been effected in it, whereby its general appearance and condition have been much improved. Additional walks have been made, allowing free access to every part of it—the hedges have been thinned and trimmed: by this the apparent size of the garden has been much increased; and the removal of low brushwood and pruning some of the low spreading trees, has tended to promote the free circulation of air. A large artificial tank has also been made for the exhibition of water flowers. The old nursery and rubbish-yard have been converted into a beautiful flower garden, and fountains and ornamental cisterns are now in course of construction, which will add greatly to the beauty and attraction of these gardens.

In this garden may be seen, such plants of almost every country, as seem worthy of cultivation, as affording ornamental flowers or being of economic value. Among those introduced during the past year, are the *Victoria regina* vanilla plants and some handsome flowering shrubs, several varieties of English garden flowers, &c. &c.; among the more useful ones, recently introduced, we may mention the *Manilla hemp*, the *Sorghum*, the *Ife plant*, nine species of grape vine, and West India ginger, as of especial importance.

A nursery, for seedlings and cuttings of useful and ornamental trees, is being raised to meet the requirements of the Members who are supplied from it gratis. European vegetable and flower seeds are also similarly distributed; but all these advantages are open to the general public on payment.

The general affairs of the Society are managed by the Committee who meet once in each month, and who compile annually, in the month of July, a Report of the year's proceedings which is submitted to a General Meeting of the Subscribers at large. Publicity is also given to the Proceedings of each Meeting of the Committee in the Newspapers; and these records, during the past year, will be found, upon examination, to afford much useful information upon several important points connected with Agriculture and Horticulture. These papers may also be found in a collected form in the *Madras Journal of Literature and Science*.

Persons of all nations are eligible as Members of the Society, and have a voice in the annual election of the Committee and Office-bearers.

The rate of subscription is 7 Rupees a quarter, no entrance fee being demanded, and the subscription being allowed to lapse, temporarily, should a Member be absent from Madras more than three months.

Up-country Subscribers are entitled to all those advantages, of Members, which it is possible to place at their disposal.

Seats are arranged for the accommodation of visitors; this being also done morning and evening on each day.

The Society varies in the number of its Members, but now consists of about 100 present Members, 16 absent, 6 honorary, and 2 extraordinary Members.

An annual show is advertised to be held about the end of February 1867, when a large number of prizes will be awarded for ornamental flowers of various kinds, fruits, vegetables and several articles of importance in connection with Botanical science.

Lists of the prizes to be then distributed, and all information may be obtained on application from the Honorary Secretary, by whom lists of Members, Rules of the Society, will be supplied gratis to any one anxious to peruse them.

MAGDALEN ASYLUM.

FUNDAMENTAL RULES.

PASSED MAY 31ST, 1850.

I. The object of this Institution is to afford a refuge, and means of moral recovery to such unfortunate Females of European or East Indian parentage, as, having strayed from the paths of virtue, are desirous of leading a new life.

II. All persons subscribing not less than one Rupee per month shall be Members of this Institution, and all Donors of 50 Rupees, or upwards, in one year, shall be Life Members.

III. The general management of this Institution shall be vested in a Committee, consisting of a President and six Members, to be chosen annually at a Meeting of the Members of the Institution.

IV. The Committee shall appoint such Officers, Agents, and Servants as they may deem necessary.

V. The Committee shall appoint a Committee of Ladies to visit and superintend the concerns of the household.

VI. The Right Rev. The Lord Bishop of Madras shall be Patron of the Institution, with a seat in Committee.

Committee.

PATRON.—The Lord Bishop of Madras.

Reverend A. C. Bell, M.A.
T. Clarke, Esq.

Reverend W. Welsh, M.A.
W. Leeming, M.A.

Major J. G. Touch,
T. E. Franck, Esq.

Major J. G. Touch, *Secretary*.

J. Urquhart, Esq., M.D., *Surgeon*.

T. E. Franck, Esq., *Treasurer*.

Mrs. Dring, *Matron*.

Ladies' Committee.

Mrs. Bamforth,
" Brett,
" Corbold,
" Cower,

Mrs. Hewetson,
" Lawder,
" Loudon,
" W. C. Phillips,

Mrs. G. J. Shaw,
" Callwell Smith,
" Urquhart,
" Welsh.

Mrs. T. Clarke, *Secretary*.

RULES FOR THE MANAGEMENT OF THE PURSEWALKUM GENERAL CEMETERY.

FORT ST. GEORGE, 15th November 1853.—The following Rules for the management of the Burial Ground for the interment of the dead of all Christian denominations not members of the Church of England, are published for general information.

I. That the Burial Ground be designated the "Pursewalkum General Cemetery;" this designation being inscribed in large letters over the entrance; and that the right of interment belongs to all Christians not members of the Church of England.

II. That the management of the "Pursewalkum General Cemetery" be confided to a Committee, selected from the Ministers laboring in Madras, those at present being connected with the London Mission, American Mission, Wesleyan Mission, the General Assembly's Mission, the Free Church Mission and the Baptist Mission, and such other Missionaries and other lay persons as may hereafter be deemed by Government entitled to take part in the management.

III. That the Committee keep the Burial Ground in order (free from all rank vegetation; the trees and shrubs in it being neatly lopped) from the fees realized, making over to Government annually any sums that may accrue after the payment of all expenses on this account, and rendering for the same period, an account of receipts and disbursements to the Military Board for submission to Government, and for publication in the Official Gazette.

IV. That the Committee nominate their own Secretary and fill up vacancies, both being subject to the approval of the Military Board under the authority of Government.

V. That all applications for permission to inter must be in writing to the Secretary to the Committee of Management, with particulars of the name of the deceased, date and cause of death, age, late profession or employment.

VI. That applications for the interment of children shall, besides containing the name of the child, also contain the names of the parents, their profession, &c., and the Committee will register all Burials according to the established form, submitting the same quarterly to the Military Board.

VII. That the Committee to whom the management of the Burial Ground is entrusted, be careful to have graves so arranged, that there shall be no waste of space.

VIII. That the charge for monuments be as follows:—

A first class monument, with ground not exceeding 10 feet by 6.....	Rs. 40
A second class monument with ground not exceeding 7 feet by 3½.....	25
A head stone monument.....	5

The charge to Native Christians wishing to erect a monument to be reduced to one-half of the above amounts.

IX. The charge for monuments will be appropriated by the Committee, in liquidation of the expenses incurred in keeping the ground, walls and gate, and the balance made over to Government, as proposed in Rule III.

WM. MONEY, Secretary.

GOVERNMENT CENTRAL MUSEUM.

PANTHEON ROAD.

Instituted by the Madras Government, 14th August 1851.

Captain JESSE MITCHELL.....Superintendent.
P. RENGASAWMI MOODELIAR.....Curator.

This is a Museum of Natural History and Economical Geology. It has also a Miscellaneous Department, illustrating the manners, customs and manufactures of various people. A Library and Reading Room is attached to the Museum. Tickets of admission to which, may be obtained by any person of known respectability, on application to the Superintendent. The Library contains at present about 1,467 volumes of Standard Works, chiefly on the subject of Zoology, Botany, Geology and Paleontology; about 1,712 Miscellaneous Works, including many valuable Government Reports from all the Presidencies, and 46,141 Numbers of the London Patent Office Papers.

The Museum is open gratuitously to the Public from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M., daily, with the exception of Sundays and other holidays, the vacation in January, and after the Easter holidays.

PEOPLE'S PARK.

Instituted in 1859.

CUSTODIANS—MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS FOR THE TOWN OF MADRAS.

Colonel J. Carpendale, R. E.—Secretary.

Mr. D. Riordan—Superintendent.

We owe the People's Park to Sir Charles Trevelyan. It is not at all improbable that the idea of some such place suggested itself to many a man in power before his day. It would be singular indeed if Europeans should, for a hundred years, have seen a large native town growing up on the site of a small village,—a vast population massing together with lungs to be fed with fresh air and limbs to be allured to exercise and health—without sometimes thinking it possible that the "village greens," "commons," and "parks" of his native land might perhaps be re-produced with advantage within reach of Black Town. The monotony of Indian life, and the lack of sympathy between the classes of Indian society, may be regarded as the causes why such an idea, if suggested, was never carried into execution. While the "upper ten thousand" could have their drive along the Beach, and round the Island, it mattered little to them that the "masses" (unfriendly phrase) who could not drive, or were to be stimulated to recreation, had no place convenient for health, exercise and amusement.

But then Sir Charles Trevelyan was a man not given to routine; and somewhat wide in his sympathy. So the idea of the people's want suggesting itself to him, and he having the power as well as the will,—the people got their Park. Thousands who know nothing of the step that cost him a Governorship, will hold his name in memory by the People's Park.

But when Sir Charles was re-called, the scheme was in a most elementary state. The plan was on paper; but never adopted. Little else was done, and little else would have been done if the inheritors of Sir Charles Trevelyan's dignity had not also inherited his sympathy with the people. We owe it to the various gentlemen who have been entrusted with the execution of the scheme, that the "plan" was not thrown into the official waste paper basket, and the idea recorded as one of Sir Charles' amiable follies. It is in unison with Sir William Denison's career, previous to his arrival in this country, that he should have shown a hearty approval of an undertaking so intimately connected with the health and pleasure of the middle-class population.

There can be no doubt that the Park has been a success. Any one may convince himself of that by a visit morning or evening. The place has already fixed its character as a popular resort, and it is certain that it will be so in a much greater degree when the attractions of the ground are fully developed. It is pleasing to see that the native population appreciate the pleasure provided for them; and when the sternness of social life amongst them is relaxed, we may expect to see not only the Ramasammies, but the Luchmies of Black Town taking their ease in the fretted shade of well-grown trees.

But we must suspend any further remarks, and lay before our readers a brief description of the Park.

The gate adjacent to the Hospital Bridge is the main entrance. The trees are planted in avenues and groups. Twelve lakes of various dimensions and shapes are completed; and various other things have been achieved: but we cannot do better than print the following description (though brief) of the Park, kindly furnished by the Superintendent Mr. Riordan, which will convey a clear idea of the Park.

In the north-west angle of the Park is a Serpentine lake with two large raised islands one at each end. One of these is 30 feet above the water, and is well-calculated for a large basin, from which cascades might hereafter be made to fall over the sides. The second or Victoria lake, with a central island, is situated almost mid-way between the Band-stand and the northern end of the Park. The island is approached by two bridges of ornamental design, measuring respectively 150 × 4, and 200 × 4½ feet. Two boats ply on this lake, and provide a pleasant diversion to the public. The third is a small lake on the west side, elliptical in shape, and contains good drinking water for cattle. The fourth is a small lake close to the Aviary. The fifth, a similar one near the Giraffe shed. The sixth is a semi-lunar lake near the Band-stand, with a gravel walk around it. The seventh is a medium lake between the Band-stand and Superintendent's house. The eighth is an irregularly-shaped lake, with a central island and two small rustic bridges on each side of the main road; gravel walks are completed round the lake and on the island, and trees of various sorts have been planted. The ninth is a large lake on the west side of the main road. The tenth is a medium lake west of the last mentioned. The eleventh is a medium lake, with a central island at the south end. The twelfth is a small lake near the Bear shed.

There are two masonry basins, one elliptical, measuring 17½ feet × 7½ feet, and 4½ feet in depth, formed of solid masonry, with brick-on-edge foundation, and central fountain; the latter, of ornamental design, galvanized. The roads of the Park, embracing 5½ miles, are completed.

The sheds for Zoological specimens are as follows:—

A large shed with four cages contains 2 Tigers, 3 Cheetahs, a Lion and Lioness.

The Committee and the Public are much indebted to Colonels Carpendale and Wilkieson; also to Dr. Mudge, the late Honorary Secretary, for the addition of the two last popular and attractive specimens of Natural History. Dr. Mudge, while on sick leave in England, succeeded in effecting an exchange with the Clifton Zoological Society for Tiger Cubs.

The Tiger Cubs were provided by Sir William Denison, and J. D. Sim, Esq.

The Zoological collection in the Park consists of the following specimens:—1 Black Bear, 2 Malayan Bears, 3 Kangaroo Rats, 2 Wallabas, Guinea Pigs, 1 Lemur, 1 Loros, 4 Nylghans, 8 Spotted Deer, 6 Elks, 1 Emen, 4 Black Swans, 16 Monkeys of different species, 1 Wild Dog from Burmah, 1 Porcupine, 3 Muskinks, 2 Jungle Sheep, 1 Giraffe, 1 Rhinoceros, 1 Striped Hyena, 1 Boa Constrictor, and a variety of Rabbits.

The Aviary contains a great variety of handsome Ornithological specimens, too numerous to detail here.

The area of the Park is 83 cawnies or 11½ English acres.

It is, in some measure, self-supporting, and will be almost so in time. The principal source of revenue just now is the hay, which is cultivated with much success, and obtains ready sale at Rupees 41 per ton.

MADRAS PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED 21ST APRIL 1864.

PATRONS.

His Excellency the Governor of Madras. | Sir Adam Bittleston.
The Lord Bishop of Madras.

PRESIDENT.

Colonel Primrose.

VICE-PRESIDENTS.

Colonel Worster, R.A. | J. Hunter Blair, Esq., C.S.

MEMBERS OF COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

Reverend J. Bamforth,	W. R. Cornish, Esq.	W. B. Liddell, Esq.
J. W. Bradley, Esq.	W. Fraser, Esq., C.E.	W. Morgan, Esq.
J. Chisholm, Esq.	Reverend J. Griffiths,	W. K. Nicholson, Esq.
H. Cornish, Esq.		

Honorary Secretary.....H. S. Bostock, Esq.

Honorary Treasurer.....Clement Simpson, Esq.

Director of Music.....C. D. Maclean, Esq., Mus. Doc.

RULES.

I. The Madras Philharmonic Society is established with the following objects:—

1st.—The practice of Sacred and Secular Music, both vocal and instrumental.

2nd.—The gradual development of a musical taste amongst all classes of the community.

3rd.—To afford to all lovers of music an additional means of social recreation and amusement.

II. The Society shall consist of,—

- | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Patrons, | 5. Director of Music, | 8. Performing Members, |
| 2. A President, | 6. A Secretary, | 9. Non-performing Members, |
| 3. Vice-Presidents, | 7. A Treasurer, | 10. Honorary Members, |
| 4. Committee of Management, | | |

MADRAS CLUB.

COMMITTEE.

President..... E. G. R. Fane, Esq. | Vice-President.....The Hon. A. J. Arbuthnot.

MEMBERS.

Surgeon S. J. Wyndowe, M.D.	R. E. Master, Esq.	Major H. N. D. Prendergast,
Major J. W. Rideout,	Major A. Drury,	J. C. Loch, Esq.
R. A. Dalyell, Esq.	Major E. A. B. Travers.	Major J. H. M. S. Stewart,
Lieut.-Col. C. H. Drury,	Colonel R. Cadell,	W. Scott, Esq.
Colonel C. A. Orr,	Hon'ble J. D. Mayne,	Lieut.-Col. J. Kitson,
Surgeon W. R. Cornish, M.D.	Hon'ble John Young,	Lieut.-Col. C. O. Lukin.
Major J. Michael,	Major C. S. Elliot,	
Colonel R. Hamilton,	Colonel J. L. Barrow,	

Lieutenant-Colonel J. Temple.....Honorary Secretary.

PARIS EXHIBITION, 1867.

MADRAS CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Hon. H. D. Phillips, President.	Mr. H. D. E. Dalrymple,
Major J. Michael Secretary.	The Hon'ble G. Lutchmenarsu Chettigaru,
Mr. C. A. Lawson,	Mr. A. J. Byard,
Mr. E. G. R. Fane,	Major J. H. M. Shaw Stewart,
Colonel R. Hamilton,	Mr. W. Barton Wright,
Colonel E. E. Miller,	Assistant Surgeon W. R. Cornish,
The Hon'ble J. Young,	Mr. Louis Lemesle,
The Hon A. F. Brown,	Mr. A. Cammiade,
Mr. J. C. Loch,	Mr. E. N. Prudhomme,
Lieut. Col J. C. Anderson, R.E.	H. Verapermaul Pillay,
Mr. E. Lecot,	Hyder Jung Bahadoor,
Surgeon Major A. Hunter, M.D.	S. Jeyaram Chetty,
Mr. J. H. Blair,	Mr. J. Deschamps,
The Hon'ble R. O. Campbell,	Reverend T. Bliss,
Assistant Surgeon G. Bidie,	A. de Closets, Esq.
Captain Mitchell,	Captain R. H. Beddome.
W. G. Sinaart, Esq.	

SCHOOL BOOK SOCIETY.

INSTITUTED A. D. 1820.

Lieutenant Colonel F. H. Scott, President.

Committee.

J. Anderson, Esq.	J. T. Fowler, Esq.	Rev. A. R. Symonds, M.A.
Hon. A. J. Arbuthnot,	Rev. P. Percival,	„ C. E. Kennet, Secy.

This Society was established in the year 1820, with the view to the general diffusion of useful knowledge by the supply of approved works at the cheapest possible rates, and particularly for the purpose of furnishing such elementary works both in the English and Vernacular languages, for the use of Schools, as would tend to open the minds and improve the character of the Natives. It proposes to extend its operations by helping to form a solid vernacular Literature by means of translations and original works.

EMIGRATION DEPARTMENT.

J. J. Franklin, Esq.....	Protector.
W. J. vanSomeren, Esq., M.D.....	Medical Inspector.

MAURITIUS AGENCY.

C. G. Conran	Acting Agent and Medical Officer.
P. Cundasawmy.....	Clerk and Accountant.

NATAL AGENCY.

G. F. Gahan, Esq.	Officiating Agent.
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QUEENSLAND.

G. F. Gahan, Esq.....	Agent.
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BIDEN HOME FOR SAILORS,

ARMENIAN STREET.

Established 1st May 1838.

PATRON.

The Right Reverend the Lord Bishop of Madras.

COMMITTEE.

J. Vans Agnew, Esq., Eur.	Dr. H. F. C. Cleghorn.	C. A. Ainslie, Esq.
F. Agnew, Esq.,	H. D. E. Dalrymple, Esq.	Dr. A. Hunter,
R. B. Bell, Esq., Eur.	Rev. C. R. Drury,	Major J. H. M. S. Stewart.
Hon. R. O. Campbell, Eur.	J. J. Franklin, Esq.	

J. B. Crowther, Esq.....	Secretary.	Mr. C. Franks.....	Superintendent.
W. Scott, Esq.....	Treasurer.	" W. Harris.....	Deputy Superintendent.

The object of the Home is to afford a comfortable temporary place of abode for Seamen and Soldiers and their families travelling from up-country to Madras, and to preserve them from the temptations common to Seaports and large cities.

The Home is open to all Sailors and Soldiers and their families who may be willing to avail themselves of it, subject to the Rules of the Institution.

Charges per Diem are:—

For Superior Board and Lodging—Upper Rooms.....	Rupees 3 0 0
Ordinary do. do.	" 1 8 0
Board (to Soldiers and Sailors) when permanent lodgers	" 0 12 0

Destitute Seamen are admitted and provided with Board and Lodging free of all charges, on their producing a certificate from the Master Attendant, certifying that they are fit objects of charity.

Lists of Seamen residing at the Home, wanting berths, &c., are kept, one at the Home, the other at the Master Attendant's Office.

A good Library and Reading Rooms are open at all times to the inmates of the Institution.

Refreshments may be obtained at very moderate rates by all who visit the Home, Sunday excepted.

The ordinary current monthly expenses of the Institution amount to about Rupees 300.

The profits realized on the sale of refreshments at the Home amount to Rupees 100 per mensem, or thereabouts (according to Shipping in the Roads.) The balance, with the expenses incurred for dieting destitute Seamen, and other contingencies, has latterly not been covered by existing Donations and Subscriptions, and further aid in this respect is therefore most urgently called for, as the Institution is not only now in debt, but the same is fast increasing.

The Sailors' Home Library and Reading Rooms are opened to the Public at the following rates of Subscription:—

Non-Residents..... 8 Annas a month.

Readers at the Home..... 4 " "

Lodgers at the Home have access to both, gratis.

Rules and Catalogues to be had at the Home, price 4 Annas.

The Library consists of 833 Volumes of choice Works.

GOVERNMENT LYING-IN-HOSPITAL.

Near St. Andrew's Church, Egmore—Opened 26th July 1844.

Surgeon W. H. Harris, M.D.....	Superintendent.
Mr. J. Gorman.....	Resident Apothecary.
Mrs. Secluna.....	Matron.

Europeans, Indo-Britons, and Native Women of all castes, are admitted into Hospital and dieted during their stay at the Institution.

SCALE OF CHARGES sanctioned for Civil patients of all grades or employment who may avail themselves of the benefit of this Institution.

With Salaries or means under 25 Rupees per mensem, Free.

	RS.	A.	P.
With from 25 to 50 Rupees per mensem.....	0	4	0 per diem.
do. 50 to 100 do. do.	0	8	0 do.
do. 100 to 150 do. do.	0	12	0 do.
do. 150 to 200 do. do.	1	0	0 do.
do. 200 to 300 do. do. and upwards.....	2	0	0 do.

Ten days' payment to be made in advance on admission, and repeated every 10th day.

OUT-PATIENTS SEEN EVERY MORNING, BETWEEN 7 AND 10 O'CLOCK ONLY.

A class for the instruction of Females in PRACTICAL MIDWIFERY, is formed at this Institution by permission of Government.

The Pupils receive 7 Rupees per mensem as ration money, are allowed to remain under instruction for a period not exceeding 12 months, and are dismissed with Certificates of Qualification if found competent to practise as Midwives.

Out-door Pupils have the same instruction and opportunities for acquiring a knowledge of the art, are subject to the same rules, but do not receive the ration allowance.

N.B.—THERE IS NO PROVISION MADE AT THIS INSTITUTION FOR THE SUPPLY OF WET NURSES.

List of qualified MIDWIVES, EUROPEAN and EAST INDIAN, from the Government Lying-in-Hospital, Madras.

Number.	Names.	European or East Indian.	Date of Certificate.	Standard of qualification as described in Certificate.	Residence.
1	Mrs. M. A. Conley (1)	European	1st Dec. 1851	.....	Madras.
2	Russell.....	do.	15th Feb. 1852	.....	.....
3	C. Doherty.....	do.	11th June	.....	.....
4	J. A. MacFarlan	East Indian	16th Dec.	.....	Madras.
5	A. Browne (2)	European	4th April 1853	Very Creditable	.....
6	A. Davison (3)	do.	15th March	Very Creditable	Nilgubberies.
7	S. M. Lane.....	East Indian	17th April 1851	Creditable	Burmah.
8	E. S. Western.....	do.	8th May	Very Creditable	Madras.
9	M. Kent (4)	do.	9th Jan. 1853	Fair.....	do.
10	S. Waterton.....	European	8th Oct.	Good.....	.....
11	H. Leonard.....	East Indian	1st March	Good.....	Bangalore.
12	C. Pooney (5)	do.	31st May	Creditable.....	Madras.
13	A. Taylor.....	do.	11th June	Very Creditable	.....
14	M. Douglas (6)	do.	1st July	Very Excellent	Travancore.
15	C. Capell.....	do.	1st Dec.	.....	.....
16	A. G. Cameron.	do.	1st April 1857	Excellent.....	Madras.
17	A. Foster.....	European	1st "	do. ....	.....
18	S. MacNamara.	East Indian	13th "	Good.....	Tinnevely.
19	A. Burling (7)	European	6th June	do. ....	.....
20	H. Crummy.....	do.	31st Jan. 1858	Very Good.....	Trichinopoly.
21	E. Bourke (8)	East Indian	1st April	Good.....	Madras.
22	F. Charles.....	do.	2nd July	Tolerable.....	Bangalore.
23	J. Dunfis.....	do.	30th Aug.	Good.....	Madras.
24	M. A. Hayes.....	European	9th Oct. 1858	do.	Kamptec.
25	M. Wood.....	do.	9th "	do.	England.
26	L. A. Loan (9)	East Indian	19th Jan. 1859	Excellent.....	Madras.
27	A. Groom.....	do.	5th July	Very Good.....	do.

(1) Now Mrs. Manley.
(2) " " McLeod.
(3) " " Dawes.

(4) Now Mrs. Foster.
(5) " " Yates.
(6) " " Pulney Andy

(7) Now Mrs. Williams.
(8) " " Curzon.
(9) " " Thom.

Number.	Names.	European or East Indian.	Date of Certificate.	Standard of qualifications as described in Certificate.	Residence.
28	Mrs. E. Cash.....	European ..	1st August 1859	Excellent.....	Bangalore.
29	E. Goodger.....	East Indian.	1st "	do.	do.
30	J. Sands.....	do.	3rd Jan. 1860	Very Good.....	Bellary.
31	N. Hennessey.....	do.	5th March	Good.....	do.
32	M. Weller ..	do.	5th "	do.	Madras.
33	E. Chisoman (10)	do.	12th June	do.	Beyapore.
34	M. Fearon.....	do.	12th July	Excellent.....	Bangalore.
35	A. Horn.....	do.	12th "	do.	do.
36	M. Monks.....	European ..	12th "	Very Good.....	do.
37	M. Jack.....	do.	15th Sept.	Excellent.....	do.
38	E. Barri.....	East Indian.	13th "	do.	Madura.
39	M. G. Moss.....	do.	17th Jan. 1861	Good.....	Madras.
40	J. Gallagher.....	European ..	17th "	do.	Bangalore.
41	E. Enar.....	East Indian.	17th "	do.	Palaveram.
42	M. A. Cosgrove.....	do.	12th March	Excellent.....	do.
43	S. Brennan.....	do.	26th April	do.	Calcutta.
44	H. Rieley.....	European ..	8th June	Good.....	Madras.
45	E. Yore.....	East Indian.	27th July	Very Good.....	do.
46	A. Marriott.....	do.	27th "	Fair.....	Bengal.
47	E. Green.....	European ..	27th "	Very Good.....	Cape.
48	M. Dean.....	East Indian.	22nd Nov.	Excellent.....	Singapore.
49	E. Crothers.....	European ..	22nd "	do.	Madras.
50	A. Macfarlane.....	East Indian.	22nd "	do.	do.
51	E. Burke.....	do.	1st Feb. 1862	do.	do.
52	M. Barron (11).	do.	1st "	Very Good.....	Singapore.
53	E. M. Moss (12)	do.	1st "	do.	Madras.
54	E. Stringnell.....	do.	1st "	Excellent.....	do.
55	M. A. Bouvard.....	do.	4th June	Good.....	Barrinah.
56	A. Collis.....	do.	21st Aug.	Very Good.....	Poonamallee.
57	E. MacCann.....	do.	21st "	do.	Trevandrum.
58	S. A. Ashton.....	do.	4th Nov.	do.	Calicut.
59	E. McHugh.....	do.	4th "	do.	Royapet, Mad.
60	E. Dean.....	do.	4th "	do.	Madras.
61	J. G. Secluna.....	do.	4th "	do.	Patna.
62	E. Fitzsimons.....	do.	10th Jan. 1863	Very Excellent.....	Madras.
63	J. A. James.....	do.	31st March	Excellent.....	do.
64	C. R. Jelly.....	do.	31st "	Fair.....	do.
65	M. Askin (13).	do.	31st "	Very Good.....	do.
66	M. A. Andrews.....	do.	26th May	Excellent.....	Bangalore.
67	M. Beal.....	do.	26th "	Very Good.....	do.
68	M. J. Eyles (14)	do.	2nd Sept.	Excellent.....	Madras.
69	A. Ours.....	do.	2nd "	do.	do.
70	M. A. Hosie.....	do.	19th Nov.	do.	do.
71	R. Farley.....	do.	19th "	Fair.....	do.
72	J. D'Rozario.....	do.	2nd March 1864	do.	Penang.
73	M. Johnson.....	do.	11th May	Excellent.....	Madras.
74	M. A. D'Sena.....	do.	11th "	do.	do.
75	S. Sewell.....	do.	3rd Nov.	Very Good.....	do.
76	M. Sherwood ..	do.	3rd "	do.	Ootacamund.
77	C. Whittle.....	do.	19th Dec.	Fair.....	Madras.
78	M. Webb.....	European ..	19th "	Good.....	do.
79	A. M. A. McLean	East Indian.	19th "	do.	Belgaum.
80	M. Torpy.....	European ..	6th March 1865	do.	do.
81	M. A. Woodlock.	East Indian.	6th "	Very Fair.....	do.
82	C. Curtis.....	do.	7th June "	Excellent.....	Madras.
83	M. Robertson.....	do.	24th July "	do.	Vellore.
84	E. Foreman.....	do.	22nd Aug. "	do.	Poonamallee.
85	M. Appleton.....	European ..	30th Sept. "	do.	Madras.
86	A. Fox.....	East Indian.	25th Oct. "	Fair.....	do.
87	S. J. Farley.....	do.	30th Nov. "	Good.....	Burmah.

(10) Now Mrs. Kelly. (12) Now Mrs. Brady. (14) Now Mrs. Staggs.
 (11) " " O'Leary. (13) " " Dunn.

FRIEND-IN-NEED SOCIETY.

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 Reverend A. C. Bell, M.A., Vice President.
 W. Donald, Esq.,.....Financial Secretary

J. W. Gantz, Esq.,.....Hon. Secy.
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 C. E. Gover, Esq.,.....
 Mr. J. T. Morton.....Secretary.

WOMEN'S WORKSHOP.

LADIES' COMMITTEE.

PATRONESS.—Lady Napier.

COMMITTEE.

Mrs. Forrester Brown.....Treasurer.
 " Cornish.....Secretary.

Miss Donald, Mrs. Goddard, Mrs. W. Scott,
 Mrs. Dyer, " Harris, " J. Shaw,
 " Estill, " Hutchins, " G. Smith,
 " T. Franck, " Powell, " Urquhart,
 " H. Busted,

Mrs. Luxa.....Superintendent.

This Society was originally founded in 1807, and re-modelled in 1813 by the Reverend Marmaduke Thomson. Its object is to relieve the poor and destitute of the European and East Indian Community of whatever religious denomination, and of both sexes, who, from old age, natural infirmity, or the ordinary misfortunes of life, are reduced to distress or necessity. Pensions are allotted to the aged and infirm who are physically incapable of work, and those who are able-bodied are employed at the Workshops. Every case referred to the Society for relief is investigated into strictly with all the advantages of local knowledge and enquiry.

MADRAS WIDOWS' AND ORPHANS' FUND.

ESTABLISHED 1ST MARCH 1834

DIRECTORS FOR 1864.

Reverend W. Hickey,	Mr. J. G. Coleman,	Mr. W. Sloan,
Mr. W. P. Williams,	" N. Bazely, Junior,	" T. Hedger,
" S. Brock,	" P. Coultrup,	" A. Cammiade,
" G. S. Casmier,	" J. G. Ferrand,	" J. M. Wilson,

Mr. J. M. Wilson, *Secretary and Treasurer.*

The object of this fund is to afford relief to the Widows and Orphans of subscribers who may contribute to its support. It consists of two branches, namely, a Widows' Branch and a Children's Branch. The benefits of the former are secured by the payment of a donation (equal to two years' subscription as entrance money,) and a monthly subscription for which the Widow will enjoy a pension equal to six times the rate of subscription subject to the provisions of Rules 5 and 6, which follow. In the Children's Branch, a monthly subscription on account of each child and a donation equal to twelve months' subscription will secure a pension equal to four times the amount of that subscription until the age of 18 to boys and 21 to girls. This has been increased at the Annual Meeting of the 4th February 1862, by 50 per cent. to all Orphans who may lose both parents from that date, and extending the pension to boys to 21 years, and to girls until marriage on payment of an additional premium for that purpose.

The Capital of the Fund amounts to Rupees 2,50,000.

The following are its principal Rules affording all needful information regarding its constitution and plan of operation, namely:—

1. That Christians not exceeding the age of 55 years, shall be eligible for admission as subscribers.
2. That all applications for admission in the Fund, shall be accompanied by a medical certificate and declaration of health, according to form.
3. That subscribers to this branch shall pay a donation as entrance money equal to twenty four months' subscription of their class in four years, and a monthly subscription at the rate affixed to that class.
4. That subscribers to this branch shall be divided into six classes, and pay a monthly subscription at the following rates:—

First Class...	10 Rupees per mensem.
Second do	7 do.
Third do...	5 do.
Fourth do	3 do.
Fifth do...	2 do.
Sixth do	1 do.

Subscribers omitting to pay their subscriptions or fall in arrears in the payment of the instalments on account of their donation for six consecutive months shall cease to be Members of the Fund, and no refund of past payments shall be made in such cases.

That Subscribers who may be struck off shall be re-admitted within six months on the production of medical certificate and on paying up all arrears with a penalty equal to the default.

5. That Widows will not derive any benefit from the Fund, unless it has actually received on their account as follows, additional to all other special payments required by Regulations:—

First Class...	600 Rupees.
Second do	420 do.
Third do...	300 do.
Fourth do	180 do.
Fifth do...	120 do.
Sixth do	60 do.

6. That Widows shall not receive the pension of the class to which their husbands belonged, unless the Fund has received on their account as follows:—

First Class...	2,000 Rupees.
Second do	1,400 do.
Third do...	1,000 do.
Fourth do	600 do.
Fifth do...	400 do.
Sixth do	200 do.

and in the event of subscribers dying previously to their paying the full amount, according to the foregoing scale, their widows will be subject to a deduction of their pension of one-sixth of the amount until the full sum of the class is completed.

7. That for each child, a subscription at the option of the subscribers shall be paid to the Fund at any of the following rates, namely, 4, 8, or 12 Annas, or, from 1 to 10 Rupees per month, and a donation equal to 12 months' subscription.

8. That for the above payment, every child shall be entitled to a pension, equal to four times the rate of subscription received on his or her account, and in cases where it shall have lost both parents, the pension to be increased 50 per cent.

9. That the above pension shall be continued to the boys, till they are 18 years of age, and to girls, till they are 21 years of age. The pension to cease in the event of their marriage within the above specified age.

10. That subscribers shall be at liberty to secure for their daughters, provided these are not older than 15 years, an extension of their pensions till marriage, or for life on payment of a regulated premium for that purpose, no applications for daughters after they have completed the age of 21 years will be entertained.

11. That six months' subscription on account of each child shall be paid into the Fund before the full benefit of this branch is enjoyed. In the event of lapse before payment of the above subscription is completed, the difference shall be deducted from the children's pension.

12. That all persons in Military, Medical, and Marine employ, shall pay a premium equal to 50 per cent. of the donation of the class they may enter, additional to all other payments required by the Regulations.

N. B.—All particulars in respect of the Fund can be obtained on application to Mr. J. M. WILSON, the Secretary, at the Office, No. 28, Second Line Beach, Madras.

MADRAS APOTHECARIES' SOCIETY.

Established in 1864.

Patron.—S. Mason, Esq., Surg. Vice { Mr. H. H. Lynamdale. Secretary & }
President.—Mr. A. Grove. Presds. { " J. Gorman. Treasurer. } R. Harvey.

Rules of the Madras Apothecaries' Society.

1. That a Society be formed from among the Warrant grades of the Medical Department, to be designated "The Madras Apothecaries' Society."
2. That the Society consist of a President, two Vice-Presidents, a Secretary and Treasurer. The Office-Bearers to be elected annually.
3. That permission having been granted to the Society by the Principal of the Medical College, to hold its Meetings at that Institution, the Members will accordingly meet there on the second and fourth Fridays of every month and oftener if necessary.
4. That Warrant Medical Officers in the Mofussil be invited to co-operate with the Presidency Members, by forwarding Papers on professional subjects, which Papers the Secretary will take the earliest opportunity of reading at the Meetings.
5. That Proceedings of Meetings be published periodically (if funds admit of it) and forwarded to the senior Subscribers at the different divisions of the Army for distribution.
6. That Members subscribe Rupees three annually to be paid in advance.
7. Donations and other gifts which the well-wishers of the Association may choose to offer, will be thankfully accepted and acknowledged.
8. Professional men unconnected, with the service may become members, on being proposed by two members and ballotted for by a majority.

Plan of working of the Association.

1. Reading of original Essays on various subjects in Medicine and the collateral Sciences.
2. Reading of detailed statements of instructive and interesting cases.
3. Discussions or Conversations on professional subjects, as agreed upon from time to time by the Members.
4. Lectures or Discourses, single or successive, in special departments of study.
5. Exhibitions of Anatomical or other Drawings, Original Diagrams, Models, Instruments, Drugs, &c.

N. B.—A Book Club has been established in connection with the Society and several medical periodicals, British and Indian are subscribed for.

DIOCESAN BOARD OF EDUCATION.

President.—The Lord Bishop of Madras. (*Ex-officio*.)Vice-President.—The Venerable the Archdeacon of Madras, (*Ex-officio*.)

COMMITTEE.

Brett, H. A., Esq.
 Bittleston, Sir A.
 Fordyce, Colonel.
 Lushington, F., Esq.
 Lawder, Lieut. Colonel, E. J.
 Pears, Lieut. Colonel A. C.
 Pelly, Hon'ble C.
 Scotland, Sir C. H.

Bliss, Rev. T.
 Drury, Rev. C. R.
 Pearson, Rev. A. W., *Secy. & Treasurer*,
 Royston, Rev. P. S.
 Lys, Rev. F. G.
 Symonds, Rev. A. R.
 Wilkins, T., Esq.

The object of the Society is to promote the education of European and Eurasian children in the principles of the Church of England. All applications for Grants-in-aid to be addressed, and all money orders to be made payable, to the Secretary and Treasurer.

MONEGAR CHOULTRY.

The Commissioner of Police,
 Hon'ble John Young,
 H. D. Elphinstone Dalrymple, Esq.,
 T. G. Clarke, Esq., (*Treasurer*.)
 W. J. vanSomeren, Esq., M. D.,
 T. Ramachandra Row,
 The Rev. J. W. Wynch, M. A.,
 The Deputy Inspector-General of Hospitals, Presidency Division,
 Honorable J. D. Mayne,
 B. Cardozo, Esq.,
 W. N. Chippertfield, Esq.,
 The Superintending Engineer, 4th Div.,

A. Alwar Chetty,
 D. Shaw, Esq.,
 P. Somasoodrum Chetty,
 R. P. Campbell, Esq.,
 V. Rama Aiyengar,
 S. Jeyaram Chetty,
 Major T. Gillilan,
 J. G. Coleman, Esq.,
 S. Viziaragavooloo Chetty,
 J. T. Ramunjoosoo Naidoo,
 S. Jesudasan Pillay,
 Hyder Jung Bahadoor,
 Hon. R. S. Ellis, C. B.

W. J. vanSomeren, Esq., M. D., *Surgeon*.
 Mr. A. Grove..... *Apothecary*.
 Mr. J. R. Barrow..... *Superintendent*.

MADRAS HINDU DRAVIA SAKARA NIDHI,

OR

SAVINGS' FUND.

ESTABLISHED AT NUNGUMBATUM, 1ST JULY 1861.

The management of the Fund is entrusted to a Committee formed of 16 Members.

Executive Committee.

T. Streenevasa, Chariar n. l.	President.	H. Dasica Chariar.....	Deputy Accountant.
P. A. Sabhapathy Moodelliar.....	Vice-President.	C. Tiruvankata Chariar, B. A.....	Auditor.
C. Ragoonatha Chariar	} Trustees.	C. K. Dasica Chariar.....	Deputy do.
T. Motoosawmy Pillay.....		N. Veerasawmy Josier.....	Treasurer.
C. U. Ranga Chariar.....	Accountant		

C. Parthasarady Pillay..... Deputy Treasurer for Pursewaukum range.
 Sooboo Davanaik Moodelly..... Deputy Treasurer for Black Town range.

C. Lutchmenarayana Iyer..... *Secretary*.

V. Aroonachella Iyer.....	} Surveyors.	C. Ranga Chariar.....	} Members.
P. Annasawmy Moodelliar.....		C. Tiruvankata Chariar.....	
		N. Rungier.....	
		C. Veerappa Moodelly.....	
		P. Vijayaragavooloo Moodelly.....	

P. Vpalyooda Moodelliar..... *Appraiser*.

Abstract of the Rules and Object of the Fund.

Share, half a Rupee. Limit of the Shares which a Subscriber may have, is forty. Subscribers entitled to Rupees 50 per Share at the end of about 6½ years. Advances made on Notes of Hand of 4-5ths of the paid-up Subscription, and on mortgages of Jewels and Title Deeds of Landed Property, Interest 7½ per cent. per annum. Payment to be made in advance within the 17th of each month.—For further particulars refer to printed Rules.)

ROYAPETTAH LITERARY INSTITUTE.

PATRONS.

Norman Morison, Esq.

Sum Saum Ood Dowlah Bahadur Nazim Jung, Esq.

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V. Vanogopaul Pillai,	G. Nursimhulu Naidoo,
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MADRAS HINDU JANOPAKARA NITHIEE.

OR

GENERAL BENEFIT FUND.

ESTABLISHED AT PURSEWAKUM, 1ST FEBRUARY 1861.

The management of the Fund is entrusted to a Committee of 16 Members.

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Strinevasaragava Chariar.....	Vice-President.
P. A. Sabapathy Moodelliar.....	Assistant Vice-President & Trustee.
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C. Appavoo Pillay.....	Assistant Secretary.
V. Arjoona Moodelliar.....	Special Asst. Secy. and Agent to the Fund.
C. Tiruvankata Chariar, B. A.....	Auditor.
C. Parthasarathy Pillay.....	Accountant and Surveyor.
C. Vedachella Moodelliar.....	Assistant Accountant.
C. Kasavaloo Naidoo.....	Surveyor.
C. V. Kistnasawmy Pillay.....	Treasurer.
P. Govindosawmy Naidoo.....	Assistant Treasurer.
S. Parthasarathy Chettiar.....	} Members.
P. Ramasawmy Naidoo.....	
C. Pullicondan Pillay.....	
M. Valoyadum Moodelliar.....	Appraiser.

Abstract of the Rules and Object of the Fund.

A Share is Rupees 2, and every Subscriber may have not more than 20 Shares, and is entitled at the end of about 6½ years to Rupees 200 a Share. Advances made at this rate to Subscribers on mortgage of Jewels and Title Deeds of Landed Property situate within the jurisdiction of the High Court, Original side; and on Notes of Hand out of paid-up subscription, not less than 3-4ths of it. Interest 9 per cent. per annum. Payments to be made before the 19th of each month in advance.

Deposits will be received from strangers as well as Subscribers; and Interest of 6 per cent. per annum will be given to deposits from individuals, and of 7½ per cent. to deposits from any Society.—(For other particulars refer to the printed Rules.)

State of the Fund on the 31st July 1866 or the 11th half-year of the Fund. (Vide printed Proceedings of the Half-yearly Meeting, held on 14th October 1866.)

Remaining Subscribers 250—Shares 843—Total Receipts of Subscription, Deposits, &c., Rupees 325,558-9-6—Net profit, Rupees 6,723-5-10, or Rupees 7-14-5 per Share.

A Branch Fund was established by the Subscribers of the above Institution in October 1864, and its management was entrusted to the above Members of the Parent Fund, and the number of its Subscribers on the 20th May 1865 is 434, and that of the Shares, 1,136—Total Receipts of Subscription, &c., Rupees 106,138-12-3—Net profit, Rupees 2,231-5-4, or Rupees 1-15-5 per Share.

NATIVE YOUNG MEN'S BOOK SOCIETY.

(Established at Nungumbankum, for Social, Religious and Moral purposes.)

PRESIDENT

C. Tirunenkala Charriar, B. A.

MEMBERS.

N. Veeraragavulu Iyer, | N. Prasanna Iyer,
G. Narasimha Charri, | C. Shunmoogum Pillay.
C. Sudarsana Charri, Secretary.

MADRAS NATIVE CHRISTIAN LITERARY SOCIETY.

ESTABLISHED IN 1855.

Occupies the Western end of the Free Church Mission Premises.

MANAGING COMMITTEE.

S. Jesudasan, Esq. Municipal Commissioner.
A. Kistnamah, Esq. Serishtadar of Madras District.
Reverend A. Venkataramiah Free Church of Scotland.
" J. David Established Church of Scotland.
Mr. W. Samuel Clerk in the Railway.
Reverend B. David Propagation Society.
Mr. P. Venkatarungum (Free Church Mission) Librarian.
Reverend P. Rajahgopaul Secretary and Treasurer.

This Society is designed chiefly to promote the intellectual, social, moral and religious improvement of the educated Hindus by means of a Reading Room, a Library, Public Lectures and Discussion Classes.

I.—The Reading Room has been by the help of a Government Grant neatly fitted up and is open to the Public. On the tables are to be found the local newspapers, the best Reviews, the Literary as well as the Religious Periodicals of India and of Great Britain.

II.—The Library consists of standard works in Theology, Literature, Law and Science, including the last edition of the Encyclopedia Britannica—the best books on the Hindu Religion, Literature and Philosophy:—valuable works of reference on Christian Missions to India and the world; together with a careful assortment of Travels, Biography and light reading of an unexceptionable kind. During the past 24 months, nearly two thousand *Rupies* worth of books have been added to the Library.

III.—Two course of Lectures, one on the subject of revealed religion, another embracing a variety of useful topics, are delivered every year in the Evangelistic Hall, to which the Public are freely admitted. There are at present upwards of thirty-six lectures in print, and they can be had either in bound volumes or separately.

IV.—There is also a fortnightly discussion class in connection with the Society, which is intended to bring the Hindus and the Native Christians together and thus promote social and religious reform of the country.

All classes are admissible as Members:—Europeans, East Indians, Hindus and Mahomedans.

The Members are divided into first and second classes. The rate of Subscriptions for a first class member; if a European, is *Rupies* 12 per annum: if a Native, *Rupies* 8. For a second class member, *Rupies* 6 per annum: among the *2nd* class members, the following Reviews and Periodicals are sent in circulation:—

The Calcutta Review, the Quarterly Reviews, the North British Review, the Saturday Review, the Illustrated London News, Chambers' Edinburgh Journal, Punch, All the Year Round, Cornhill Magazine, Macmillan's Magazine, the Calcutta Christian Observer, &c., the Madras Church Missionary Record and the Bangalore Harvest Field, Good Words, the Family Treasury, the Church Missionary Intelligencer, &c. &c. In the course of the year, other valuable periodicals will be added to the Circulating Library.

MADRAS HINDU ANNYONNEYARTHA VOOTHAVI
VODA NITHEE,

or

HINDU BRANCH MUTUAL BENEFIT FUND,

ESTABLISHED AT PURSEWAUKUM 1st August 1865.

A Committee, consisting of 16 Members is entrusted with the management of the Fund.

Executive Committee.

T. Sarangapaunay Naidoo President.
C. Ramakristna Naidoo Vice-President.
C. Bucktharachaloo Naidoo Trustees.
C. Jaggunnayacooloo Chetty }
T. Parthasarathy Naidoo Secretary.
C. Ramasawmy Naidoo Asst. do.
C. Chinnasawmy Pillay Accountant.
P. Soondaramanjooloo Naidoo Asst. do.
C. Gopalsawmy Naiker Auditor.
T. Authenarayasawmy Moodelliar Asst. do.
P. Viziarunga Pillay Treasurer.
P. Canagasabapathy Pillay Asst. do.
V. Rajarathna Moodelliar }
M. Vasoothava Pillay Members.
P. Moorogappah Moodelliar }
R. Coomarthavoo Moodelliar }

Abstract of the Rules and Object of the Fund.

1. A share is *Rupies* 2, and each Subscriber is to hold no more than 10 Shares, and will be entitled at the end of 81 months to *Rupies* 200 per Share.

2. Advances at this rate are made to Subscribers on mortgage of Jewels, &c., Title Deeds of Landed Property, situated within the jurisdiction of the High Court (original side) at Madras, and on Notes of Hand at the following rates of the paid-up Subscriptions:—

1st year.....	Rupies 70
2nd "	" 75
3rd "	" 80
4th "	" 85
5th "	" 90
6th "	" 95
7th "	" 100

3. Interest is charged at 1 Pie per *Rupce* or *Rupies* 6½ per cent. per annum for all transactions. Payment to be made before the 20th of each month in advance.

4. Deposits will be received from Subscribers and strangers, who will be entitled to an interest at 6 per cent. per annum.

5. The state of the Fund on the 31st July 1866 or the first year of the Fund ending on that date as per Proceedings of the General Meeting, held on 9th September 1866, is as follows:—

Remaining Subscribers.....	252
Total Shares.....	401
Total receipt of Subscriptions and Deposits, <i>Rupies</i>	12,745 0 10
Net Profit.....	747 1 4
or about <i>Rupies</i>	1 13 7

NEILGHERRY PUBLIC LIBRARY.

The Members of Her Majesty's Services, and the Public generally, are invited to contribute towards a Public Library and Reading Room which has been established at Ootacamund, on the Neilgherry Hills.

The Managing Committee have no doubt that an Institution so greatly needed will be well-supported by Residents and Visitors: but the providing of a suitable building and of a stock of standard works, &c., involves an expense which it is not reasonable to expect should be entirely borne by those who now are, or at any one time may be residing on the Hills.

It is not merely for their own benefit, or that of the present residents on the Neilgherries, that the projectors of the Institution have set it on foot—few of these can ever hope to enjoy its full advantages: their object is to supply an essential requisite at this most important Sanitarium. For what is unquestionably a public undertaking, the Managing Committee ask for public aid. Contributions, in money or books, will be received on account of the Library, by:

J. Hall, Esq., Treasurer, Ootacamund.

Messrs. Parry and Co., Madras.

Messrs. Samuel Smith, Sons and Co, Calcutta.

Messrs. Remington and Co., Bombay.

G. U. POPE, D.D., Honorary Secretary,
Neilgherry Public Library

MASONIC LODGES.

DISTRICT GRAND LODGES OF ANCIENT FREE AND ACCEPTED MASONS OF SOUTHERN INDIA.

Faith et Religione Tenemur.

R. W. Br. Col. W. Pitt Macdonald, M. S. C., D. G. M.
A. Macdonald Ritchie, (N.A.), Barrister at Law, Dep. D. G. M.

OFFICERS FOR 1866-67.

W. Br. Capt. A. W. O. Saunders D. S. G. W.	W. Br. H. Gardiner..... D. G. A. D. C.
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" Rev. W. Hickey..... D. G. Ch.	Br. C. Tate..... D. G. Org.
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" J. Miller, Barrister at Law..... D. G. R.	Br. P. Stevens..... D. G. St.
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" Capt. H. T. Rogers (R. E.)..... D. G. S. W.	" Capt. H. B. W. Magrath..... "
Br. N. Morison..... D. G. D. C.	" Beresford Anderson (C. E.)..... "

MEMBERS.

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S. G. W., P. Prov. D. Devon & P. of Eng.	" C. N. Alldritt..... "
W. Br. W. M. Scharlieb (Barrister at Law)	W. Br. Capt. B. L. Gordon..... "
" P. D. S. G. W.	" J. T. Blissett..... P. D. S. G. D.
" J. T. Grestorex..... P. D. S. G. W.	Br. T. W. Wray..... "
" Capt. J. R. Magrath (R. E.)..... P. D. J. G. W.	" W. Ross Williams..... P. D. G. S. B.
" Surg. J. E. Dickinson P. D. J. G. W.	" G. H. Ross..... P. D. G. Pt.

and the Masters, Past Masters and Wardens of Subordinate Lodges.

Br. W. Axelby, Acting D. G. Tyler.

Lodges under the jurisdiction of the D. G. L. of S. I.

Perfect Unanimity, No. 150, Madras, W. Br. John Miller, W. M.	
Rock..... No. 260, Trichinopoly, W. Br. H. Gardiner.	
Universal Charity... No. 273, Madras, W. Br. John Mills, W. M.	
St. John..... No. 434, Secunderabad, W. Br. Capt. Olway Smithers, W. M.	
Good Will..... No. 465, Bellary, W. Br. Surgeon J. M. Jackson, W. M.	
St. Andrew..... No. 500, Kamptee, W. Br. J. Wilson, W. M.	
Victoria in Burma, No. 852, Rangoon, W. Br. Captain H. T. Duncan.	
Mount..... No. 926, St. Thomas' Mount, W. Br. Capt. H. T. Rogers, (R. E.)	
Emulation..... No. 968, Negapatam, in abeyance.	
Bangalore..... No. 1013, Bangalore, W. Br. J. H. Walker, W. M.	
Western Star..... No. 1019, Cannanore, W. Br. Capt. H. A. T. Nepean, W. M.	
Anchor of Hope..... No. 1053, Wellington, W. Br. Major A. J. P. Ewart, W. M.	

GRAND MASONIC CHARITY FUND OF SOUTHERN INDIA,

Founded A. D. 1818.

COMMITTEE OF MANAGEMENT.

R. W. Br. A. Macdonald Ritchie, Dep. D. G. M., President.

W. Br. J. G. Coleman..... D. G. J. | W. Br. W. M. Scharlieb..... P. D. S. G. W.
" J. Miller..... D. G. R. | " J. T. Grestorex..... "

W. Br. Charles Scott, D. G. S., Secretary.

LODGE PERFECT UNANIMITY, NO. 150.

MADRAS.

Veni Audi toce.

W. Br. John Miller, W. M.

R. W. Br. M. Macdonald Ritchie..... P. M.	Br. R. F. Chisholm, C. E..... Member.
" A. J. Greenlaw..... "	" H. M. Holloway..... "
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" H. Gardner (3)..... "	" W. A. Beath..... "
" H. A. T. Nepean..... "	" F. C. Bullmoor..... "
Br. W. H. St. Albin..... S. W.	" B. Brooks..... "
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" P. Stevens..... Treas.	" R. Carew..... "
" W. F. Hooper..... Secy.	" J. L. D. Campbell..... "
" C. N. Alldritt..... S. D.	" P. Scott..... "
" H. Bonnycastle, C. E..... J. D.	" W. F. Graham..... "
" J. Grose, M. C. S..... Steward.	" D. W. Auchterlomic..... "
" G. K. Winter..... J. G.	" A. F. Pater..... "
" C. Ranganadum Sastry..... Member.	" J. Lee Warner..... "
" H. J. Brockman..... "	" J. S. Wright..... "
" T. Sumner..... "	" C. L. Allan..... "
" J. F. Snaith..... "	" M. C. Furnell..... "
" J. D. B. Gribble, M. C. S..... "	" E. W. Barnett..... "
" T. H. Going..... "	" J. A. Pinson..... "
" R. E. Norrie..... "	" T. H. Spring Branson..... "
" J. Grose, M. C. S..... "	

Br. W. Axelby, Acting Tyler.

HONORARY MEMBER—R. W. Br. Col. W. Pitt Macdonald, D. G. M.

Regular Meeting—First Monday of every month.

(1) Organist. (2) Steward. (3) D. C.

LODGE ST. JOHN, NO. 434.

SECUNDERABAD.

W. Br. O. F. Smithers..... W. M.

W. Br. A. W. O. Saunders..... P. M.	Br. J. M. Urquhart..... Member.
" Ali Mahomed Khan..... P. M.	" W. H. Montgomerie..... "
Br. C. J. O. Fitzgerald..... S. W.	" W. H. K. Bradford..... "
" A. H. Laurie..... J. W.	" D. C. McCallum, (M. D.)..... "
" A. J. Perkins..... Secretary & Treasurer.	" R. W. Bain..... "
" A. F. Dobbs..... S. D.	" T. Masterson..... "
" F. W. Beddingfield..... J. D.	" A. Gardner..... "
" D. Robertson..... J. G.	" W. Berkley..... "
" J. W. Stubbs..... Member.	" H. C. Hamilton..... "
" H. C. Macdonald..... "	" W. Twentyman..... "
" Aga Mahomed Ghostree..... "	" R. T. Hill..... "
" Meerza Ali..... "	" D. McWilliams..... "
" Aga Mahomed Cazim..... "	" E. Walker..... "

Br. P. Murphy, Tyler.

Regular Meeting—Last Saturday of every month.

LODGE UNIVERSAL CHARITY, NO. 273.

MADRAS.

Omnibus Omnia.

W. Br. J. Mills, W. M.

W. Br. J. T. Groatorex.....P. M.	Br. F. D. Meppen.....Member.
" J. G. Coleman.....P. M.	" J. E. Ross....."
" W. M. Scharlieb (1).....P. M.	" W. Hickey....."
" W. Joyce.....P. M.	" J. B. Chapman....."
" Charles Scott.....P. M.	" P. J. Price....."
" G. Lewis (2).....P. M.	" J. Monk....."
" W. Ross Williams.....P. M.	" T. E. Woodcock....."
" J. Miller.....P. M.	" T. C. Sherwood....."
" H. Gardiner.....P. M.	" E. A. Storey....."
Br. W. A. Goodchap.....S. W.	" G. C. Brown....."
" W. Waddell.....J. W.	" R. H. Hayes....."
" John C. Berlie, (3).....Secretary.	" H. Browne....."
" H. Tate.....D. C.	" J. D. Gaudoin....."
" C. Tate.....Organ.	" Farley....."
" C. Bartoli.....S. D.	" A. Benz....."
" S. Jesudasan.....J. D.	" J. B. Chalmers....."
" T. E. Vincent.....J. G.	" F. A. Bance....."
" H. M. Ali Khan.....Member.	" W. F. Hooper....."
" P. Wight....."	" F. J. Dawes....."
" G. H. Ross....."	" E. Nicholson....."
" T. W. Johnson....."	" F. Fairbairn....."
" S. W. H. Ottmann....."	" R. Butler....."
" G. W. Lewis....."	" F. Graham....."
" S. T. Augustine....."	" G. Brown....."
" T. W. Wray....."	" R. B. Ward....."
" W. Storey....."	" R. Shortland....."
" C. Carr....."	" F. Doderet....."
" R. W. Meppen....."	" J. C. Lyster....."
" P. S. Hudson....."	" N. W. Ruket....."
" W. H. Atkinson....."	" J. W. H. Ellis....."
" J. H. Andree....."	" J. Bartlett....."
" S. R. Dawes....."	" C. J. Daly....."
	" Kearney....."

Br. W. Axelby, Tyler.

Honorary Members.

W. Br. J. Maskell, (n. l.) P. D. J. G. W. Madras, and P. M. 273.

Rev. W. Hickey, D. G. C. and P. M. 260.

W. O'Hara, (A.L.C.F.L.) P.D.S.G.D. Madras, & P. M. 273 & 455 (I.C.)

H. T. Shaw, D. J. G. W. Madras, and P. M. 926.

W. H. Hoff, D. S. G. W., Bengal.

R. W. Br. A. J. Greenlaw, P. D. S. G. W. Madras, P. Prov. S. G. D. Devon, and P. S. G. W. of England.

Lodge Rooms—No. 10, Old Jail Street, Black Town.

Regular Meeting—Third Friday in every Month.

LODGE GOOD WILL, NO. 465.

BELLARY.

W. Br. J. M. Jackson, W. M.

W. Br. W. Vine.....P. M.	Br. G. Vardon.....Member.
" W. Ross Williams.....S. W.	" W. F. Crawford....."
Br. W. Poole.....J. W.	" A. H. Roberts....."
" R. Mullin.....Treas.	" G. C. Hadding....."
" S. Claridge.....Secy.	" W. H. Ricks....."
" J. Smith.....S. D.	" W. Porter....."
" T. Mullins.....J. D.	" J. Kelsall M. S. C....."
" C. S. Bivar.....J. G.	" J. H. Duffield....."
" J. Norton.....Member.	" R. W. Davis....."
" H. E. Dynley....."	" R. Waller....."
" G. N. Johnston....."	" A. E. Pearse....."
	" T. E. Grant....."

Br. J. Paterson, Tyler.

Regular Meetings, 1st and 3rd Wednesday of every Month.

(1) Honorary Member, 279 and 282 Calcutta.

(2) and Treasurer.

(3) and Steward.

LODGE ST. ANDREW, NO. 500.

KAMPTEE.

W. Br. C. H. Wilson, W. M.

W. Br. J. C. Brindley.....P. M.	Br. M. Lawlor.....J. G.
Br. C. H. Wilton.....S. W.	" A. Ince.....Member.
" G. F. Turner.....J. W.	" R. Wicks....."
" W. Wilson.....Treas.	" J. Whiting....."
" A. G. Kemp.....Secy.	" H. Clarke....."
" G. F. Butterfield.....S. D.	" F. W. W. Simpson....."
	" G. W. Sparks....."

Br. T. Devicis, Tyler.

Regular Meetings, 2nd Tuesday in every Month.

LODGE VICTORIA IN BURMAH, NO. 832.

RANGOON.

W. Br. H. T. Duncan, W. M.

R. W. Br. A. J. Greenlaw (1).....P. M.	Br. H. Althon.....Member.
W. Br. J. Wilkins (n. l.)....."	" W. H. Clarke....."
" C. A. Newmarch....."	" R. H. Bolton....."
" J. C. Brindley....."	" C. H. Gower....."
" J. M. Jackson....."	" E. M. Ryan....."
" R. C. Babington.....S. W.	" H. R. Spearman....."
" T. B. Harding.....J. W.	" G. W. Cole....."
" J. Dawson.....Secy. & Treas.	" M. Vyapoory....."
" T. Beale.....S. D.	" J. Reid....."
" R. Goudie.....J. D.	" J. B. Kay....."
" G. Simpson.....J. G.	" J. Thail....."
" C. H. Jones.....Member.	" W. D. Wiltshire....."
" C. A. Williams....."	" M. Furlong....."
" A. H. Bagge....."	" J. Hewett....."
" G. Luckett....."	" R. C. Evanson....."
" J. Cotton....."	" T. Rainsforth....."
" St. Andrew St. John....."	" H. Prince....."
" J. E. Marks....."	" A. A. St. C. Martin....."
	" E. Sheineld....."

Br. J. H. Eason, Tyler.

Honorary Member, W. B., J. T. Groatorex, P. M. and P. D. S. G. W.

Regular Meetings, 2nd Wednesday in every Month.

(1) Past S. G. W., of England.

MOUNT LODGE, NO. 926.

SAINT THOMAS' MOUNT.

Montes, unde Auxilium.

W. Br. Captain H. T. Rogers, R. E., W. M.

W. Br. Staff Surg. H. T. Shaw.....P. M.	Br. A. F. Pater, (Merchant).....Member.
" Asst. Surg. H. L. Randell....."	" A. C. Lister, M. C. S....."
Br. Lieut. A. J. Filgate, R. E.....S. W.	" Lieut. R. W. O'Grady, R. A....."
" F. J. Pierson, R. A.....J. W.	" Capt. P. Sanderson, R. A....."
" J. G. Cloete, M.S.C. Secy. & Treas.	" Asst. Surg. R. Macaw, M.D....."
" C. W. Brereton, R. A.....S. D.	" Major L. Bridge, R. A....."
" Capt. B. Magrath, M. S. C.....J. D.	" Lieut. S. B. Hunt....."
" B. Anderson, C. E.....Steward.	" Capt. M. R. West, R. A....."
" Surg. M. C. Furnell.....J. G.	" C. E. Ried, R. A....."

Pensioned Sergeant W. Asprey, Tyler.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

W. Br. Major J. R. Magrath, R. A., P. M. & P. D. J. G. W.

Charles Scott, P. M. & D. G. S.

J. T. Groatorex, P. M. & P. D. S. G. W.

Capt. B. L. Gordon, R. A., P. M. & P. D. G. R.

W. F. G. Irvine, P. D. G. S.

Lieut. R. J. Disney, H. M.'s 69th.

Regular Meetings, 1st and 3rd Wednesdays.

BANGALORE LODGE, NO. 1043.

Intra.
W. Br. J. H. Walker, W. M.

W. Br. B. L. Gordon.....	P. M.	Br. R. A. Wylie.....	Member.
" H. McLeod.....	"	" A. Craig.....	"
" J. McBeth.....	"	" J. C. Kennedy.....	"
Br. C. H. Newbatt.....	S. W.	" A. J. Dodd.....	"
" W. Malcolm.....	J. W.	" E. Irvine.....	"
" E. Johnston.....	Treas.	" A. P. DeVeeby.....	"
" R. F. Thoy.....	Secy.	" P. C. Peacock.....	"
" C. Coughlin.....	S. D.	" J. Rudge.....	"
" M. Adamson.....	J. D.	" J. C. D. Stockwell.....	"
" W. Shaw.....	D. C.	" W. A. Freeman.....	"
" H. Hunt.....	A. D. C.	" D. O'Dougherty.....	"
" T. Conquest.....	Organist.	" A. Grant (B. C. E.).....	"
" W. Rose.....	Steward.	" J. J. Corbett.....	"
" C. H. Shaw.....	J. G.	" H. Mitchell.....	"
" B. W. Lacey.....	Member.	" S. Lee.....	"
" J. W. MacFarlane (C. E.).....	"	" C. Moorhouse.....	"
" E. Gramatzki.....	"	" G. F. T. Parker.....	"
" H. Godbier.....	"	" J. O'Donnell.....	"
" T. Barton.....	"	" J. G. Penfold.....	"
" J. Sinclair.....	"	" W. M. Hill.....	"
" C. Adams.....	"	" H. Callaghan.....	"
" R. Annesley.....	"	" J. Power.....	"
" J. White.....	"	" C. Agnew.....	"

Br. T. Hill, Tyler.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

W. Br. W. Davis.....	P. M.	W. Br. G. Lewis.....	P. M.
" Charles Scott.....	P. M. & D. G. S.	" W. Ross Williams, P.M. & P.D.G.S.B.	
" J. T. Groatorex.....	P. M.P. & D.S.G.W.	Br. S. R. Dawes.....	

Regular Meetings, 1st Wednesday of every Month.

SAINT MARK'S (IN THE EAST) LODGE OF MARK MASTERS, NO. 61.
MADRAS.

Under the Grand Lodge of Mark Masters of England and Wales and the Colonies.
Dependencies of the British Crown.

"Mark Well."

W. Br. Charles Scott, W. M.

W. Br. J. T. Groatorex*.....	P. M.	Br. H. M. Ali Khan.....	Member.
" W. Scharlieb.....	P. M.	" T. W. Johnson.....	"
" W. Joyes.....	P. M.	" S. Jesudasan Pillay.....	"
" G. Lewis.....	P. M. & Treasurer.	" G. H. Ross.....	"
Br. H. T. Shaw.....	S. W.	" T. W. Wray.....	"
" J. Mills.....	M. O.	" S. T. Augustine.....	"
" W. Waddell.....	S. O.	" C. Carr.....	"
" C. Bartoli.....	J. O.	" W. H. Atkinson.....	"
" T. E. Vincent.....	Registrar of Marks.	" J. B. Chapman.....	"
" J. C. Berlie.....	Secretary.	" S. W. H. Outmann.....	"
" H. Tate.....	S. D.	" G. Brown.....	"
" W. F. Hooper.....	J. D.	" J. Short.....	"
" C. Tate.....	Organist.	" W. A. Goodchap.....	"
" S. R. Dawes.....	S. Std.	" E. A. Storey.....	"
" P. J. Price.....	J. Std.	" J. B. Chalmers.....	"
" Cowsjee Eduljee.....	J. G.	" R. W. Meppen.....	"
" P. Wight.....	Member.	" F. Fairburn.....	"
		" J. Lyster.....	"

Br. W. Axelby, Tyler.

HONORARY MEMBERS.

W. Br. J. Maskell (B. L.) P. M.

" H. O'Hara

" Capt. W. O. Saunders, P. M.

R. W. Br. Col. A. J. Greenlaw, P. G. M., Madras and B. Burmah.
Regular Meetings—First Friday in January, April, July & October.

* P. Prov. J. G. W. of Madras and British Burmah and officiating J. W.

LODGE—THE WESTERN STAR, NO. 1,049.

CANNANORE.

Wor. Br. H. A. T. Nepean, W. M.

W. Br. F. H. Winterbotham.....	P. M.	Br. W. Ashorn.....	Member.
" J. E. Dickinson.....	"	" W. Woodworth.....	"
Br. J. P. James.....	S. W.	" R. Nelson.....	"
" G. E. Western.....	J. W.	" Nowrojee Ruttonjee.....	"
" E. J. Gunthorpe.....	Secy. & Treasurer.	" C. B. Illingworth.....	"
" G. Skinner.....	S. D.	" T. W. Stanafild.....	"
" W. Clarke.....	J. D.	" W. Boardman.....	"
" J. Burns.....	T. G.	" C. B. Smith.....	"
" W. K. Hawkins.....	Member.	" T. W. Whitaker.....	"
" W. H. Beaumont.....	"	" C. C. J. Luschnitz.....	"
" R. S. Roberts.....	"	" J. Andrew.....	"
" W. A. Beath.....	"	" E. Dormer.....	"
" G. F. Preston.....	"	" H. Booth.....	"
" R. D. Cruickshank.....	"	" T. Cooper.....	"
" F. Todd.....	"	" G. Ward.....	"
" J. McBride.....	"	" A. Sage.....	"
" J. Gilles.....	"	" Cowsjee Herjee.....	"
" J. G. L. Garthwaite.....	"	" C. M. Moberly.....	"
" J. A. F. Cole.....	"	" J. Wood.....	"
" Dhunjebhai Manuckjee.....	"		"

Br. J. W. Heigle, Tyler.

HONORARY MEMBER—Br. J. Bunyan.

Regular Meeting—First and Third Saturday of every month.

ROYAL DECCAN ENCAMPMENT OF K. T., AND PRIORY OF K. M.

SECUNDERABAD.

Working under a Dispensation from the V. E. Prov. G. Commander and Prior.

E. Sir Kt. A. W. O. Saunders, E. C.

Sir Kt. R. W. Berkley.....	1st Captain.	Sir Kt. E. Walker.....	Superintendent.
" O. F. Smithers.....	2nd	" J. Wilkins.....	C. L.
" G. Simon.....	Treasurer.	" A. F. Dobbs.....	1st Herald.
" A. J. Perkins.....	Registrar.	" C. J. O. Fitzgerald.....	2nd Herald.

Frater D. Robertson, Equerry.

ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER OF ST. JOHN, NO. 273.

MADRAS.

Under the Supreme Grand Chapter of England.

Post Tenebras Luz.

Ex Comp. J. T. Groatorex, Z.

" H. T. Shaw, H.

" J. Mills, J.

Ex Comp. Charles Scott.....	P. Z.	Comp. S. T. Augustine.....	Member.
" J. G. Coleman.....	"	" G. H. Ross.....	"
" G. Lewis.....	"	" S. Jesudasan.....	"
" W. Scharlieb.....	"	" J. Miller.....	"
" W. Joyes.....	"	" T. W. Wray.....	"
" H. Gardiner.....	"	" W. Storey.....	"
" W. R. Williams.....	P. H.	" C. Carr.....	"
Comp. John C. Berlie.....	E.	" S. W. H. Outmann.....	"
" S. R. Dawes.....	N.	" P. S. Hudson.....	"
" W. Waddell.....	P. S.	" W. A. Goodchap.....	"
" C. Bartoli.....	A. S.	" W. H. Atkinson.....	"
" Cowsjee Eduljee.....	"	" H. Tate.....	"
" Clement Tate.....	Organ.	" W. F. Hooper.....	"
" P. Wight.....	Member.	" R. W. Meppen.....	"
" H. M. Ali Khan.....	"	" T. E. Vincent.....	"
" T. W. Johnson.....	"	" J. D. Gaudoin.....	"

Comp. W. Axelby, Janitor.

HONORARY MEMBER—Ex Comp. J. Maskell..... P. Z.

" " " Rev. W. Hickey, "

" " " H. O'Hara

Regular Meetings—Second Friday in March, June, September and December.

ENCAMPMENT OF ST. JOHN OF JERUSALEM AND OF MALTA OF K. T., AND PITT MACDONALD PRIORY OF K. M.

Under the Grand Conclave of Masonic Knights Templar of England and Wales.

Per Mare per Terras.

E. Sir Kt. J. T. Greateorex, E. C.

E. Sir Kt. W. Scharlieb.....P. E. C.	Sir Kt. T. W. Johnson.....Member
" J. Maskell"	" G. H. Ross....."
" H. O'Hara"	" T. W. Wray....."
Sir Kt. W. Joyce.....Prelate.	" P. Wight....."
" Charles Scott.....1st Captain.	" J. Miller....."
" W. R. Williams.....2nd Captain.	" H. T. Shaw....."
" G. Lewis.....Treasurer & Almoner.	" S. R. Dawes....."
"Registrar.	" W. Storey....."
" J. Mills.....Expert.	" W. Waddell....."
"1st Stand Bearer.	" H. Browne....."
" S. Jesudascn.....2nd "	" H. Tate....."
"1st Herald.	" W. F. Hooper....."
" S. T. Augustine.....2nd "	" C. Bartoll....."
" John C. Berlie.....C. L.	" T. E. Vincent....."
" C. Tate.....Organist.	" R. W. Meppen....."
" J. G. Coleman.....Member.	

Frater W. Axelby, Equerry.

Regular Meetings.—Fourth Friday in March, June, September and December.

LODGE ANCHOR OF HOPE, NO. 1093. —WELLINGTON.

Steady and True.

Wor. Br. A. J. P. Ewart, W. M.

W. Br. W. L. Randell.....P. M.	Br. W. Parish.....Member.
Br. G. V. Law.....S. W.	" G. Elgar....."
" J. Kopf.....J. W.	" A. Simmons....."
"Trea.	" G. Skinner....."
" C. Watts.....Secy.	" J. Everett....."
" M. Hurst.....S. D.	" T. Bagnall....."
"J. D.	" J. H. Reade....."
" J. McKillop.....J. G.	" W. Austin....."
" W. H. L. Fuller.....Member.	" P. P. Syme....."
" J. B. Gechan....."	" H. W. Smith....."
" W. MacFarland....."	" P. Kilcoin....."
" G. Ewing....."	" P. P. Lennon....."

Br. John Carroll, Tyler.

Regular Meetings.—First Friday before Full Moon.

PART XI.—EUROPEAN AND INDIAN.

THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY.

THE QUEEN.—VICTORIA, of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, &c., Queen, Defender of the Faith. Her Majesty was born at Kensington Palace, May 24, 1819; succeeded to the throne June 20, 1837; on the death of her uncle King William IV.; was crowned June 28, 1838; and married February 10, 1840, to his Royal Highness, Prince Albert. Her Majesty is the only child of his late Royal Highness Edward Duke of Kent, son of King George III. The Children of Her Majesty are:—

Her Royal Highness Victoria-Adelaide-Mary-Louisa, PRINCESS ROYAL OF ENGLAND AND PRUSSIA, born November 21, 1840, and married to his Royal Highness William of Prussia, January 25, 1858, and has issue, H.R.H. Prince Frederick William Victor Albert, born January 27, 1859; H.R.H. Princess Victoria Elizabeth Augusta Charlotte, born July 24, 1860; and H.R.H. Prince Albert William Henry of Prussia, born August 14, 1862; Francis Frederic Segismund, born September 15, 1864; died June 1866.

His Royal Highness Albert-Edward, PRINCE OF WALES, born November 9, 1841; married March 10, 1863, Alexandra of Denmark (Princess of Wales), born December 1, 1844, and has issue two sons, Prince Albert Victor, born January 8, 1864, and George Frederick Ernest Albert, born June 3, 1865.

Her Royal Highness Alice-Maud-Mary, born April 25, 1843; married to H.R.H. Prince Frederick Louis of Hesse, July 1, 1862, and has issue two daughters and a son.

His Royal Highness Alfred-Ernest-Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, born August 6, 1844.

Her Royal Highness Helena-Augusta-Victoria, born May 25, 1846, married to his Royal Highness Prince Frederick Christian Charles Augustus of Schleswig-Holstein-Sonderburgh-Augustenburg, July 5, 1866.

Her Royal Highness Louisa-Carolina-Alberta, born March 18, 1848.

His Royal Highness Arthur-William-Patrick-Albert, born May 1, 1850.

His Royal Highness Leopold-George-Duncan-Albert, born April 7, 1853.

Her Royal Highness Beatrice-Mary-Victoria-Feodore, born April 14, 1857.

George-Frederick-William-Charles, K. G., DUKE OF CAMBRIDGE, cousin to Her Majesty, born March 26, 1819.

Augusta-Wilhelmina-Louisa, DUCHESS OF CAMBRIDGE, niece of the Landgrave of Hesse and aunt to Her Majesty, born July 25, 1795; married in 1819, the late Duke of Cambridge.

George-Frederick-Alexander-Charles-Ernest-Augustus, K. G., DUKE OF CUMBERLAND, cousin to Her Majesty, born May 27, 1819, married Princess Frederica of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz, and has issue a son and two daughters.

Augusta-Carolina-Charlotte-Elizabeth-Mary-Sophia-Louisa, daughter of the late Duke of Cambridge and cousin to Her Majesty, born July 19, 1822; married June 23, 1842, to Frederick, Grand Duke of Mecklenburgh-Strelitz, and has a son.

Mary-Adelaide-Wilhelmina-Elizabeth, daughter of the late Duke of Cambridge and cousin to Her Majesty, born November 27, 1838, married Prince Teck, June 7, 1866.

NATIVE INDIAN PRINCES.

ROYAL FAMILY OF HYDERABAD.

His Highness Nawab Asoph Jah Moozuffer-ool-Moomalik Nizam-ool-Moolk Nizamood Dowlah, Nawab Meer Tuhuyeth Ali Khan, Bahadoor, Futteh Jung, Nizam of Hyderabad, ascended the Musnud on the 19th of May 1857. He is the son and successor of Fur Koondeh Ali Khan, who succeeded Secunder Jah, the eldest of the eight sons of Nizam Ali Khan, the younger brother of Salabut Jung, the uncle and successor of Moozuffer Jung, the nephew and successor of Nazir Jung, the second son of Nizam ool Moolk who obtained the Soubadary of the Deccan in 1717 in the Reign of Ruffee ool Dirjet; Emperor of Delhi, Nizam ool Moolk, died in 1748, and during the following fifteen years, three princes ascended the Musnud and were successively assassinated.

His Highness Nawab Oomdu-ool-Moolk, Bahadoor, Ameer Khubeer, the Prince of Princes, is the Nizam's uncle and Commander-in-Chief of the Household Troops.

His Excellency Nawab Salar Jung Mooktear-ool-Moolk Sooroj-ool-Dowlah, Bahadoor, Prime Minister.

ROYAL FAMILY OF TRAVANCORE.

His Highness Sree Patmanabha Dausa Vunchee Baula Rama Vurmah Koolasekhara Kireetapati Munay Sultan Maharaj Rajah Ramarajah Bahadur Shamsheer Jung, Knight Grand Commander of the Most Exalted Order of the Star of India, Maharajah of Travancore, born 14th March 1832, ascended the Musnud, 19th October 1860.

Brothers of the Maharajah.—His Highness Carela Vurmah Rajah, born 30th June 1827; His Highness Reve Vurmah Elliah Rajah of Travancore, born 27th October 1835; His Highness Rama Vurmah, 1st Prince of Travancore, born 19th May 1837.

Nephews of the Maharajah.—His Highness Marthanda Vurmah, 2nd Prince of Travancore, born 14th December 1854; His Highness Rama Vurmah, 3rd Prince of Travancore, born 25th September 1857.

Nieces of the Maharajah.—Her Highness Letchmy Bhye, Senior Ranees of Travancore, born 23rd July 1848; married Kerula Vurmah Valia Coil Tambooran; Her Highness Parvathy Bhye, Junior Ranees of Travancore, born 24th September 1850; married Kerula Vurmah, Cochu Coil Tambooran.

Grand Nephews of the Maharajah.—His Highness Carela Vurmah, 4th Prince of Travancore, son of Her Highness the Junior Ranees, born 20th August 1864; His Highness Adhithea Vurmah, 5th Prince of Travancore, son of Her Highness the Junior Ranees, born 19th April 1866.

Devan.—Sir T. Madava Row, K.C.S.I.

ROYAL FAMILY OF COCHIN.

His Highness Rama Wurmah, Rajah of Cochin, born 11th May 1835; ascended the Musnud, 28th March 1864.

Mother of the Rajah.—Her Highness the Wallia or Senior Amah Tambooran, born 3rd May 1814.

Aunts of the Rajah.—Her Highness Coonjee Amah Tambooran, born 22nd July 1822; Her Highness Coonjee Kara Tambooran, born 7th December 1832; and Her Highness Munjoo Tambooran, born 30th September 1839.

Brother of the Rajah.—His Highness Veeracarala Wurmah Elliah Rajah of Cochin, born 30th August 1846.

Cousins of the Rajah.—His Highness Rama Wurmah, 1st Prince of Cochin, born 2nd January 1848; His Highness Veeracarala Wurmah, 2nd Prince of Cochin, born 13th February 1850; His Highness Rama Wurmah, 3rd Prince of Cochin, born 27th December 1852; His Highness Ravee Wurmah, 4th Prince of Cochin, born 4th November 1853; His Highness Veeracarala Wurmah, 5th Prince of Cochin, born 9th September 1854; 6th Prince of Cochin, born 2nd October 1859; 7th Prince of Cochin, born 30th December 1861; 8th Prince of Cochin, born 5th December 1863; 9th Prince of Cochin, born 13th December 1863; 10th Prince of Cochin, born 12th September 1865; 11th Prince of Cochin, born 18th November 1865; 12th Prince of Cochin, born 29th November 1865; 13th Prince of Cochin, born 27th February 1866.

Sisters of the Rajah.

First Sister.—Her Highness Soobhadrah Tambooran, born 3rd July 1840.

Second Sister.—Her Highness Umbah Tambooran, born 2nd October 1842.

Nieces of the Rajah.

First Niece.—Her Highness Cheria Amah Tambooran, born 16th April 1859.

Second Niece.—Her Highness Cheria Amah Tambooran, born 27th April 1863.

Cousins of the Rajah.—Her Highness Umbah Tambooran, born 29th June 1841; Her Highness Soobhadrah Tambooran, born 22nd April 1843; Her Highness Umbah Tambooran, born 16th April 1850; Daughter of Coonjee Amah Tambooran, born 16th April 1858; Daughter of Coonjee Amah Tambooran, born 25th March 1859; Daughter of Coonjee Kara Tambooran, born 1st October 1859; Daughter of Coonjee Amah Tambooran, born 8th April 1862; Daughter of Mungoo Tambooran, born 28th April 1862; Daughter of Coonjee Kara Tambooran, born 28th June 1862; Daughter of Mungoo Tambooran, born 3rd February 1866; Daughter of Coonjee Pillah Amah Tambooran, born 18th April 1866.

Devan.—T. Shungoony Menon.

HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJAH OF MYSORE.

His Highness, Mahajah Kristnarajah Woodiar Bahadoor.

HER MAJESTY'S CHIEF OFFICERS OF STATE.

First Lord of the Treasury.....	Earl of Derby.
Lord High Chancellor.....	Lord Chelmsford.
Chancellor of the Exchequer.....	Right Honorable Benjamin Disraeli.
Lord President of the Council.....	Duke of Buckingham.
Lord Privy Seal.....	Earl of Malmesbury.
Secretaries of State.....	Right Honorable Spencer Walpole.
Home Department.....	Lord Stanley.
Foreign Affairs.....	Earl of Carnarvon.
Colonies.....	General Peel.
War.....	Viscount Cranbourne.
India.....	Sir John Pakington, Bart.
First Lord of the Admiralty.....	Sir S. Northcote, Bart.
President of the Board of Trade.....	Earl of Devon.
Chancellor of the Duchy of Lancaster.....	Gathorne Hardy, Esq.
President of the Poor-Law Board.....	Duke of Montrose.
Postmaster-General.....	

(The above form the Cabinet.)

First Commissioner of Works.....Lord John Manners.
Secretary for Ireland.....Lord Naas.

GOVERNMENT OFFICES AND OFFICERS.

TREASURY,

WHITEHALL.

Lords Commrs.....	Earl of Derby.
	Rt. Hon. B. Disraeli.
	Rt. Hon. G. J. Noel.
	Rt. Hon. Henry Whitmore.
	Sir G. G. Montgomery.
Joint Secys.....	Lieut-Col. T. E. Taylor.
	Geo. W. Hunt, Esq.
Assistant Secy.....	G. A. Hamilton.
Aud. Civil List.....	W. G. Anderson.
Principal Clerks.....	S. Shelly.
	C. W. Strouge.
	J. Cole.
	W. Law.
Private Secys.....	The Hon. G. Barrington & to 1st Lord....
	Herbert Murray.
Solicitor.....	J. Greenwood, Esq.

EXCHEQUER,

6, OLD PALACE-YARD.

Chancellor.....	Rt. Hon. Benj. Disraeli.
Comptroller.....	Sir William Dunbar, Bart.
Assistant.....	G. S. Fredrick, Esq.
Chief Clerk.....	H. W. Chisholm.
Private Secy.to.....	Charles Freemantle.
Chancellor.....	

PRIVY COUNCIL OFFICE,

WHITEHALL.

Lord President.....	Duke of Buckingham.
Clerk of Council.....	Arthur Helps.
Chief Clerk.....	E. S. Harrison.
Registrar.....	H. Reeve.
Private Secy.to.....	H. S. Bryant.
Lord Pres.....	
Medical Officer.....	J. Simon, F. R. S.
COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL ON EDUCATION.	
President.....	Duke of Buckingham.
Vice-President.....	Right Hon. T. H. L. Corry.
Secretary.....	R. R. W. Lingen.
Assistant Secys.....	Sir F. R. Stanford.
	J. Sykes.

SCIENCE AND ART DEPARTMENT.

Secretary and Supt.....	H. Cole, C. B.
Assistant Secy.....	N. M'Leod.

LORD GREAT CHAMBERLAIN'S OFFICE,

PALACE OF WESTMINSTER.

Lord Great Chamberlain.....	Earl of Bradford.
Vice.....	Lord C. Hamilton.
Secretary.....	R. Burrell, Esq.

CROWN OFFICE,

HOUSE OF LORDS.

Clerk of Crown.....	C. Romilly, Esq.
Chief Clerk.....	J. R. Naylor, Esq.

PRIVY SEAL OFFICE,

1, NEW-STREET, SPRING-GARDENS.

Lord Privy Seal.....	Earl of Malmesbury.
Chief Clerk.....	W. Goodwin, Esq.
Private Secy.....	H. A. Hill.

HOME OFFICE,

WHITEHALL.

Secy. of State.....	Rt. Hon. Horatio Spencer.
Under-Secys.....	Lord Belmore.
	Rt. Hon. H. Waddington.
Chief Clerk.....	C. R. Fitzgerald.
Private Secy.....	Mr. S. Walpole.
Librarian.....	F. S. Leslie.

FOREIGN OFFICE,

7, WHITEHALL-GARDENS.

Secy. of State.....	Right Hon. Lord Stanley.
Under-Secys.....	E. C. Egerton.
	E. Hammond.
Chief Clerk.....	G. L. Conyngham.
Private Secy.....	T. H. Sanderson.
Assistant Secy.....	J. Murray.
Librarian.....	E. Hersclet.

COLONIAL OFFICE, DOWNING-STREET.

Secy. of State.....Earl of Carnarvon.
Under-Secys.....Right Hon. C. Adderly.
Sir F. L. Rogers, Bart.
Assistant Secy.....T. F. Elbot.
Chief Clerk.....G. Gairdner.
Private Secy.....C. S. Parker.
Registrar.....W. A. Nemes.
Librarian.....W. Halksworth.

INDIA OFFICE,

VICTORIA-STREET, WESTMINSTER.

Secy. of State.....Lord Cromborne.
Vice-President.....Lieut. Genl. R. J. H. Vivian.
Under-Secys.....Sir James Fergusson.
H. Merivale, C. B.
Assistant Secy.....J. C. McNeill.
Private Secys.....E. B. Eastwick and
W. H. Bathall.

WAR OFFICE,

PALL MALL.

Secy. of State.....Right Hon. Lieut.-General
Peel.

Under Secys.....Earl of Longford.
Maj.-Genl. Sir E. Lugard,
K.C.B.

Asst. Under-Secy. Capt. D. Dalton.
Mil. Assistant.... Colonel Shadwell.
Chief Clerk..... C. Talbot, Esq.
Private Secy..... W. Peel, Esq.

Private Secy. to
Lord Longford..... S. G. Osborne.

Private Secy. to
Sir E. Lugard..... W. R. Back.

Dir. of Works..... Genl Sir John Burgoyne,
Bart.

Deputies..... Major Jervois, R. F.,
Capt. Pelefield, R. E.
General J. St. George.

Director of Ord. Col. Pilon.

Insp. General of Militia..... Col. Erskin.

Insp. Genl. of Vols. Col. Erskin.

Commis. General in Chief..... Sir W. J. Tyrone Power,
C.B.

Dir. Genl. of Army Med. Dept. Sir J. Gibson, C.B.

Chaplain Genl. Rev. C. R. Gleig.

Dir. of Stores, Rear-Admiral Caffin.

&c..... D. Ramsay.

Dir. of Contracts. T. Howell.

Account. Genl. W. Brown.

Assts. Account. Gl. J. Milton, M. S. Whiffen.

Solicitor..... C. M. Chode.

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF'S OFFICE,

HORSE GUARDS.

Gl. Com-in-Chief. Duke of Cambridge, K.G.

Military Secy.....Lieut. Gl. W. F. Forster, K.H.

Assistant Secy.....Col. Johnson.

Private Secy.....Lt. Col. Hon. J. Macdonald,
C.B.

ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE,

Adj. General.....Major Gl. Lord W. Paulet,
K.C.B.

Deputies.....Col. Sir Alfred Horsford,
Col. Sir T. Troubridge, Bt.

Chief Clerk.....E. Houndle.

QUARTERMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Quartermaster Gl. Lieut. Genl. Sir Hope Grant,
G.C.B.

Deputy.....Col. Wetherall, C.B.
Confidential Clerk. J. H. Jackson, Esq.

PAYMASTER-GENERAL'S OFFICE.

Paymaster Genl. Right Hon. W. Hutt.

Asst. General.....M. H. Foster.
Chief Clerk.....P. Godfrey.

ADMIRALTY,

WHITEHALL.

Lords Commis- Sir J. Pakington, Bart.,
sioners. Admiral Sir John Hay,
Vice-Ad. Sir A. Milne,
K.C.B., Sir S. C. Dacres,
Rear-Ad. G. H. Seymour,
Mr. DuCane, M.P.
Secretaries.....Lord H. G. Lennox, W. G.
Romaine, C.B.

Account. Genl. J. Beeby.
Comptroller.....Rear-Ad. R. S. Robinson.
Storekeeper Gl. Hon. R. Dundas.
Dir. Med. Dep. Sir A. Bryson, M.D.
Chief Clerk.....J. H. Briggs, Esq.
Private Secy.....Mr. Pakington.
Solicitor.....A. R. Bristow.
Hydrographer.....Capt. Richards.

IRISH OFFICE,

18, GREAT QUEEN STREET, WESTMINSTER.
Chief Secretary.....Lord Naas.
Private Secy.....T. H. Burke.
Clerk.....R. M. Bland.

WOODS AND FORESTS,

1, WHITEHALL-PLACE.

Commissioners.....Hon. C. A. Gore, Hon'ble.
J. K. Howard.
Principal Clerks. R. Rotton, J. F. Redgrave.
Solicitor.....H. Watson.

WORKS, PARKS AND BUILDINGS,

12, WHITEHALL-PLACE.

Chief Comrs.....Rt. Hon. Lord John Manners.
Secretary.....A. Austin.
Asst. Secretary.....G. Russell.
Private Secy.....Col. Stuart Wortley.

BOARD OF TRADE.

President.....Sir Stafford Northcote, Bt.
Vice-President.....Stephen Cave, Esq.
Secretary.....Sir J. E. Tennant.
Secretary to Marine Department.....T. H. Farrer.
Accountant.....H. R. Williams.
Legal Assistant.....W. D. Fane.
Inspectors of Railways.....Captains Tyler and
Rich, R. E., Colonel Yolland, C. B.

STATISTICAL DEPARTMENT,

2, PARLIAMENT-STREET.

Director.....A. W. Fonblanque.
Assistant.....R. Valpy.

DUCHY OF CORNWALL,

BUCKINGHAM-GATE.

Lord Warden.....Lord Portman.
Keeper of Privy Seal.....H. W. Fisher.
Receiver-General.....Major-General Sir T. M.
Biddulph.
Secretary.....J. W. Bateman.

POST OFFICE,

ST. MARTIN'S-LE-GRAND.

Postmaster-General Duke of Montrose.
Secretary.....T. Tilley, Esq.
Assistant Secretaries F. Hill, F. J. Scudamore.
Private Secretary.....J. L. Du P. Taylor.

CUSTOM HOUSE,

THAMES-STREET.

Chairman.....Right Honorable Sir T.
F. Freemantle.
Deputy.....F. Goulburn.
Secretary.....G. Dickens.
Assistant Secretary.....J. B. Hale.

INLAND REVENUE OFFICE,

SOMERSET HOUSE.

Chairman.....W. H. Stephenson.
Deputy.....C. J. Herries.
Secretaries.....T. Sargent, W. Corbett.

AUDIT OFFICE,

SOMERSET HOUSE.

Chairman.....Sir Wm. Dunbar, Bart.
Secretary.....C. L. Ryan.

POOR-LAW BOARD,

WHITEHALL.

President.....Right Hon. G. Hardy.
Secretaries.....R. A. Earle, H. Fleming.
Assistant Secretaries W. G. Lumley, F.
Fletcher.
Private Secretary.....J. Thornley.

CROWN LAW OFFICERS.

Attorney-General.....Sir Hugh Cairns.
Solicitor-General.....Sir William Bovill.
Queen's Serjeant.....J. Manning.
Queen's Adv.-General. Sir T. R. Phillimore.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION,

DEAN'S-YARD, WESTMINSTER.

Commissioners.....Right Honorable Sir E.
Ryan, Sir E. W. Head, Bart., K.C.B., and
Honorable E. Twiston.
Secretary.....T. Walrand.
Registrar.....Horace Mann.

COPYHOLD, &c., COMMISSION,

3, ST. JAMES'S-SQUARE.

Commissioners.....G. Ridley, G. Darby,
G. W. Cooke.

CHARITY COMMISSION,

8, YORK STREET, ST. JAMES'S.

Unpaid Commissioner Right Honorable H.
A. Bruce.
Chief Commissioner.....P. Erle.
Secretary.....H. M. Vane.

ESTATES COMMISSION,

10, WHITEHALL-PLACE.

Ecclesiastical Commissioners.....The Arch-
bishops, Bishops, &c.
Church Estates Commissioners.....Earl of
Chichester, Right Honorable E. P. Bou-
verie, Right Honorable G. H. Walpole.
Secretary.....J. J. Chalk.
Assistant Secretary.....G. Pringle.

EMIGRATION COMMISSION,

8, PARK-STREET, WESTMINSTER.

Commissioners.....T. W. C. Murdoch,
S. Walcott.
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Col. R. G. Taylor, Offg. do.

T. D. Forsyth, Esq., do. Jullundur.

Col. G. W. Hamilton, do. Delhi.

J. Naesymth, Esq., do. Hissar.

BENGAL MILITARY STAFF.

Adjutant General of the Army.....Col. E. H. Longdon, c.s.i., (Unattached.)

Deputy do. do.Colonel D. M. Stewart, Staff Corps.

Quarter Master Genl. do.Colonel J. S. Paton, Staff Corps.

Deputy // do. do.Major P. S. Lumsden, Staff Corps.

Mily. Store-keeper, attached to the Army.....Lieut. Col. B. Walton, Staff Corps.

Judge Advocate General of the Army.....Lieut. Col. G. C. Hatch, Staff Corps, Eur.

Deputy do. do. -Offg. do.Lieut. Colonel F. C. Maisey, Bengal Infy.

Fort Adjutant.....Captain B. S. B. Parlbry, Staff Corps.

Inspector General of Ord. and Magazines.....Colonel F. Turner, c.s.i., Royal Arty.

Deputy do. do.Lieut. Col. H. Lewis, Royal Arty., Eur.

Offg. do. do.Lieut. Col. W. C. Russell, do.

Supt. of the Gun Foundry.....Colonel H. H. Maxwell, Royal Arty.

Agent for the Manufacture of Gun Powder.....Lieut. Col. G. E. Voyle, Royal Arty.

do. do. of Gun Carriages.....Major M. E. Currie, Royal Arty.

Officiating do. of do.Lieut. Col. C. V. Bowie, Royal Arty.

Chief Instructor of Musketry.....Major W. Gordon, Staff Corps.

Controller General of Military Expenditure.....Colonel A. Broome, Royal Arty.

Assistant do. do.Mr. A. P. Simpkins.

Offg. do. do.Mr. G. FitzGerald.

Controller of Military Accounts.....Lieut. Col. F. D. Atkinson, Staff Corps.

Assistant to do.Mr. A. J. Whitton.

Military Accountant.....Colonel G. M. Hill, Staff Corps.

Compiler of Military Expenditure.....Mr. E. W. Hollingberry.

1st Examiner, Pay Department.....Major T. B. Harrison, Staff Corps.

2d do. do.Major A. E. Osborne, late 45th N. I.

Examiner, Commissariat & Stud Accounts.....Major T. James, Staff Corps.

Assistant Examiner of do.Captain M. C. Perrean, Staff Corps.

Examiner Medical Accounts.....Surg. Maj. C. R. Francis, M.B., on other duty.

Offg. do. do.Surg. Major C. L. Cox, A.D., F.R.C.S.

Examiner Ordnance, Barrack, Dockyard } Lieut. J. Leonard, Vet. Establishment
and Clothing Accounts.....}

Pay Master, Presidency Circle.....Lt. Col. C. F. M. Mundy, Staff Corps, Eur.

Offg. do. do.Capt. H. D. Battye, Staff Corps.

Commissary General.....Col. J. D. Macpherson, c.s.i., Ben. Infy.

Deputy do.Major C. M. FitzGerald, Staff Corps.

Superintendent of Studs.....Major J. K. Conper, Staff Corps.

Supt. and Agent for Army Clothing.....Lieut. Col. M. J. Turnbull, Staff Corps.

Supt. of Army Schools.....Captain F. W. Dunn.

Asst. do.Mr. L. A. Stapley.

Sanitary Commissioner.....Major G. B. Malleon, Staff Corps.

Secy. to do.Surgeon J. M. Cunningham, M.D.

Surveyor General of India, and Supt. of the } Lt. Col. J. C. Gastrell, Staff Corps.
Topographical & Revenue Surveys.....}

Inspector General of Military Works.....Lt. Col. W. A. Crommelin, c.s.i., Royal Engrs.

Do. of Forests.....Dr. D. Brandis, Europe.

Offg. do. do.Surg. Major H. F. C. Cleghorn, M.D.

Director of Gymnastics in India.....Capt. J. W. I. Stockwell, 95th Foot.

Accountant General, P. W. Dept.....Major G. T. Chesney, Royal Engr.

Asst. do.Mr. G. W. Kellner.

Consulting Engr. Railway Department.....Capt. F. S. Taylor, Royal Engrs.

COUNCIL OF THE BOMBAY GOVERNMENT.

His Excellency the Hon'ble Sir Henry Bartle Edward Frere, K.C.B. & G.C.S.I., Governor and President in Council, took his seat 24th April 1862.

His Excellency Lieutenant General Sir Robert Napier, K.C.B., Commander-in-Chief, 10th February 1865, and second Member of Council, took his seat 4th December 1865.

The Hon'ble Barrow Helbert Ellis, third Member of Council, took his seat 3d Apr. 1865.

The Hon'ble Claudius James Erskine, Fourth Member of Council, took his seat 31st October 1865.

Personal Staff of His Excellency the Governor.

E. H. Percival, Private Secretary, (Europe.)

Major G. Clerk, 3d Battalion Rifle Brigade, Military Secretary.

Captain W. Leach, 46th Foot, Aide-de-Camp.

Captain T. Leith, M.D., H. M.'s Bombay Staff Corps, Aide-de-Camp.—(Officiating.)

Captain J. G. Watts, Staff Corps, Commandant of Body Guard.

Assistant Surgeon J. Cruickshank, Acting Surgeon.—(Offg. Private Secretary.)

Personal Staff of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief.

Lieut. Colonel M. Dillon, 2d Battalion Rifle Brigade, Military Secretary.

Captain C. J. Anderson, Staff Corps, Aide-de-Camp.

Lieut. G. C. Napier, Bengal Genl. List, do.

SECRETARIES TO GOVERNMENT.

F. S. Chapman, Chief Secretary to Government, in charge of Separate Department, and Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments.

C. Gonne, Secretary to Government in the Political, Secret, Judicial, Educational and Persian Departments, (on other duty.)

H. E. Jacomb, Under-Secretary to Government in the Revenue, Financial and General Departments.

J. King, Esq., Acting do.

H. M. Birdwood, Under-Secretary to Government in the Political and Judicial Departments, and Secretary to the Legislative Council, (on other duty.)

W. Wedderburn, Esq., Acting do.

Colonel W. F. Marriott, C.S.I., Staff Corps, Secretary to Government in the Military, Marine and Ecclesiastical Departments.

Major J. A. M. Macdonald, Deputy Secretary to Government.

Lieut. Col. M. K. Kennedy, Royal Engrs., Secy. to Government in the Public Works and Railway Departments, (Europe.)

Colonel W. Kendall, Royal Engrs., Acting do.

Lieut. T. F. Dowden, Royal Engrs., Under-Secretary to Government Public Works Department.

Lieut. Colonel A. De Lisle, R. E., Consulting Engr. for Railways.

Captain H. F. Hancock, R. E., Deputy Consulting Engineer (in charge of Bombay and Baroda Lines.)

Lieut. W. Merriman, R. E., Depy. Consulting Engr., Railway Department.—(Europe.)

Captain J. H. White, R. E., Actg. Depy. do.

Uncovenanted Assistant Secretaries.

W. Pereira, Military and Marine Departments.

Wassoodeo Pandoorung, Revenue and Financial Departments.

P. Ryan, Political and Secret Departments.

G. Miles, Judicial Department.

C. L. Yeats, Public Works Department.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

Additional Members of the Council of His Excellency the Governor of Bombay for making Laws and Regulations.

The Hon'ble L. H. Bayley, Advocate Genl., Ex-Officio.

" George Foggo, 5th April 1865.—Acting.

" Alexander John Hunter, 23d December 1865.

" Shreenivas Raojee Row Saheb Punt Prutindhi, 5th March 1866.

" Munguldass Nuthoobhoy, 5th March 1866.

His Highness the Hon'ble Meer Mahomed Khan Talpoor, 11th April 1866.

The Hon'ble Framjee Nusserwanjee Patel, 11th April 1866.

Secretary.—H. M. Birdwood, Under-Secretary to Government.—(On other duty.)

W. Wedderburn, Acting.

HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

CHIEF JUSTICE.

The Hon'ble Sir Richard Couch, Knight.

PUISNE JUSTICES.

The Hon'ble Sir Joseph Arnould, Knight.

" Henry Newton, C. S.

" M. R. Westropp, (Bar-at-law.)

" H. P. St. G. Tucker, C. S. do.

The Hon'ble A. E. Warden, C. S.

" James Gibbs, C. S., (Bar-

rist-at-law.)

" Sir C. Sargent, Knight.

Officers of the Court.

Accountant General.....J. L. Lushington.

Prothonotary, Ecclesiastical Registrar, Admiralty Registrar...J. W. Orr, B.A.

Master and Registrar in Equity, & Comr. for taking Accounts

and local Investigations and Taxing Officer.....C. E. Fox, M.A.

Clerk of the Crown.....J. Marriott, B.A., on leave.

Acting do.R. T. Reid, LL.D.

Sheriff.....A. R. Scoble.

Coroner.....Asst. Surg. T. G. Hewlett.

Administrator General.....W. London, on leave.

Acting do.C. Peile.

Registrar, Appellate Jurisdiction.....W. H. Newnham, B.A., C.S.

Government Law Officers.

The Hon'ble L. H. Bayley.....Advocate General.

The Hon'ble J. S. White, B.A., (on leave).....Remembrancer of Legal Affairs.

A. R. Scoble.....Acting do.

R. A. Dallas, LL.P.....Attorney for Paupers.

R. V. Hearn.....Government Solicitor.

STAFF BOMBAY ARMY.

Adjutant General of the Army.....	Colonel T. Stock, Staff Corps.
Deputy do. do.	Colonel W. H. Kirby, 94th Foot, (Europe.)
Assistant do. do.	Lieut. Col. C. T. Aitchison, S. C., Ag. Dy. do.
Actg. do. do. do.	Lieut. Col. W. E. Bray, 4th Foot.
Assistant do. do.	Lieut. Col. Hill Wallace, R. A.
Quarter Master Genl. of the Army.....	Lieut. Col. R. Phayre, Staff Corps.
Deputy do. do.	Lieut. Col. J. S. Gell, 10th N. I., (Europe.)
Assistant do. do.	Major W. V. Shewell, S. C., Ag. Dy. Qr. Mr. G.
Actg. do. do. do.	Captain T. J. Holland, Staff Corps.
Judge Advocate General do.	Col. P. K. McG. Skinner, Staff Corps.
Inspector General of Artillery.....	Major Genl. C. Lucas, Royal Arty.
Brigade Major of Artillery.....	Captain T. N. Holberton, Royal Arty.
Chief Inspector of Musketry.....	Major G. Davison, Staff Corps.
Insp. Genl. of Ord. and Magazines.....	Colonel W. D. Aitken, Royal Arty.
Depy. do. do.	Lieut. Col. J. Worgan, R. A.
Agent for Gun Carriages.....	Lieut. Col. W. S. Hatch, Royal Arty.
do. Gunpowder.....	Lieut. Col. T. T. Haggard, Royal Arty.
Commissary General.....	Lieut. Col. J. B. Dunsterville, S. Corps, (Eur.)
Acting do.	Major H. W. Holland, Staff Corps.
Ag. Depy. do.	Major W. Gray, Staff Corps.
Secy. to Govt. Public Works Department.....	Lieut. Col. M. K. Kennedy, R. E., (Eur.)
Acting Secretary to Government.....	Colonel W. Kendall, R. E.
Under-Secretary to do.	Lieut. T. F. Dowden, R. E.
Controller of Public Works Accounts.....	Colonel W. Kendall, R. E.
Actg. Auditor of do. do.	Captain A. Davidson, R. E.
Controller of Military Accounts.....	Colonel H. J. Barr, Staff Corps.
Military Accountant.....	Colonel H. T. Vincent, Staff Corps.—(Eur.)
First Examiner, Pay Department.....	Major W. T. Chitty, S. C.—(Ag. Mil. Acct.)
Acting do.	Major A. W. Graham, Staff Corps.
Second do. do.	T. Selby, Esq., (Uncovenanted.)
Examiner of Commissariat, Barrack and Clothing Departments.....	Lieut. Col. R. J. Shaw, Staff Corps.
Examiner, Ordnance Department.....	Captain T. H. Turner, Staff Corps.
do. Medical do.	Surgeon J. Y. Smith, Med. Dept.
Paymaster.....	Lieut. Col. E. Grant, 3d Regt. N. I.
Superintendent, Army Clothing Dept.....	Lieut. Col. G. A. Leckie, Staff Corps, (Eur.)
Actg. do. do.	Capt. C. M. Ducat, Staff Corps.
Do. do. Educational Dept.....	Lieut. G. A. Jacob, Staff Corps.
Asst. do. do. Schools.....	Mr. W. Clifford.
President, Sanitary Commission.....	A. H. Leith, Esq., M.D.
Secretary do.	J. G. Asher, Esq., M.D.
Principal Inspector General, Medical Dept.....	M. Stovell, Esq., M.D., F.R.C.S.
Secretary do. do.	T. B. Johnstone, Esq., M.D.
Inspector General of Hospitals.....	F. S. Arnott, Esq., M.D., C.B.
Dy. do. do. British Troops.....	S. Currie, Esq., M.D., C.B.

PART XII.—APPENDIX.

ACTS PASSED BY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL OF INDIA IN COUNCIL,
APPLICABLE TO THE THREE PRESIDENCIES.

ACT No. I, PASSED 5TH JANUARY 1866.

*An Act to amend Act No. XIX of 1861 (to provide for a Government
Paper Currency.)*Preamble. WHEREAS it is expedient to amend Act No. XIX of
1861 (to provide for a Government Paper Currency);

It is enacted as follows:—

1. The ninth Section of the said Act shall be read as if after the words
“Provided that the said Head Commissioner, Deputy
Commissioners and Agents shall in all cases be entitled
of Act XIX of 1861. to require such silver bullion and foreign coin to be
melted and assayed at the expense of the person tender-
ing the same,” the following words were inserted (that is to say),—

“Every person so tendering bullion or foreign coin and depositing the same
in any such Office or Agency shall be entitled to receive therefore a certificate
signed by the person or persons authorized to issue the Notes aforesaid, which
certificate shall acknowledge the receipt of such bullion or foreign coin and shall
state the value thereof after deducting the expense of melting and assaying the
same, and shall also state the interval (which the Governor-General in Council
shall from time to time fix by notification in the Gazette of India) on the expira-
tion of which, if such certificate be presented to such Office or Agency, the holder
shall be entitled to receive Promissory Notes in exchange for the said bullion or
foreign coin at the rate and subject to the deduction aforesaid; and no person so
tendering as aforesaid and receiving such certificate shall be entitled to receive
such Notes previous to the expiration of the interval so stated in the said certi-
cate. But nothing herein contained shall preclude the person or persons so autho-
rized from issuing, if he or they shall think fit, Notes in exchange for bullion or
foreign coin at the rate and subject as aforesaid.”

Short Title. 2. This Act shall be called “The Currency Act
Amendment Act, 1866.”

ACT No. II, PASSED 12TH JANUARY 1866.

An Act to amend Act No. II of 1865.

(Not applicable to Madras.)

ACT No. III, PASSED 26TH JANUARY 1866.

*An Act to confer certain increased powers on the Registrars' of the Recorders'
Courts in British Burmah, and other purposes.*

(Not applicable to Madras.)

ACT No. IV, PASSED 16TH FEBRUARY 1866.

An Act to amend the constitution of the Chief Court of Judicature in the Punjab and its Dependencies.

(Not applicable to Madras.)

ACT No. V, PASSED 23RD FEBRUARY 1866.

An Act to provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange and to amend in certain respects the Commercial Law of British India.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide a summary procedure for the recovery of money due on dishonored Bills of Exchange, Hundis and Promissory Notes; and whereas inconvenience is felt by persons engaged in trade by reason of the laws of British India being in some particulars different from those of England in matters of common occurrence in the course of such trade; and whereas, with a view to remedy such inconvenience, it is expedient to amend the laws of British India as hereinafter mentioned; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

1. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—

“British India” shall mean the territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty or Her successors by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., cap. 106 (An Act for the better Government of India)

“High Court.”

“High Court” shall mean the High Court of Judicature at Calcutta, Madras or Bombay, as the case may be:

And in every part of British India in which this Act shall operate, “Local Government” shall mean the person authorized by law to administer executive government in such part.

2. From and after the 1st day of May 1866, all suits upon Bills of Exchange, Hundis or Promissory Notes commenced in any High Court within six calendar months after the same shall have become due and payable, may, in case the plaintiff shall desire to proceed under this Act, be commenced as hereinafter is mentioned, (that is to say) the plaint shall be in the form prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure; but the summons shall be in the form contained in the Schedule to this Act; and in any case in which the plaint and summons shall be in such forms respectively, it shall not be lawful for the defendant to appear to or defend the

From and after 1st May 1866, in all suits upon Bills of Exchange, &c., if plaintiff desires to proceed under this Act, the summons shall be in the form given in the Schedule.

suit unless he shall obtain leave from a Judge as hereinafter mentioned so to appear and defend; and in default of his obtaining such leave or of appearance and defence in pursuance thereof, the plaintiff shall be entitled to a decree, for any sum not exceeding the sum mentioned in the summons together with interest at the rate specified (if any) to the date of the decree, and a sum for costs to be fixed by a rule of the High Court, unless the plaintiff claim more than such fixed sum, in which case the costs shall be ascertained in the ordinary way, and such decree may be enforced forthwith.

3. The High Court shall, upon application within the period of seven days from the service of such summons, give leave to appear

Defendant showing a defence upon the merits to have leave to appear.

and to defend the suit, upon the defendant paying into Court the sum mentioned in the summons or upon affidavits satisfactory to the Court, which disclose a defence, or such facts as would make it incumbent on the

holder to prove consideration, or such other facts as the Court may deem sufficient

to support the application, and on such terms as to security, framing and recording issues, or otherwise, as to the Court may seem fit.

4. After decree, the High Court may, under special circumstances, set aside the decree, and if necessary, stay or set aside execution, and may give leave to appear to the summons and to defend the suit, if it shall seem reasonable to the Court so to do and on such terms as to the Court may seem just.

5. In any proceedings under this Act, it shall be competent to the High Court to order the Bill or Note sought to be proceeded upon to be forthwith deposited with an Officer of the Court, and further to order that all proceedings shall be stayed until the plaintiff shall have given security for the costs thereof.

6. The holder of every dishonored Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note shall have the same remedies for the recovery of the expenses incurred in noting the same for non-acceptance or non-payment, or otherwise, by reason of such dishonor, as he has under this Act for the recovery of the amount of such Bill or Note.

7. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, and all rules made under or by virtue of the said Code shall, so far as the same are or may be made applicable, extend and apply to all proceedings to be had or taken under this Act.

8. It shall be lawful for the Local Government to direct that all or any part of the provisions in Sections 2 to 7, both inclusive, of this Act shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to all or any Courts or Court in the territories under such Government, other than a High Court, and within one month after such order shall have been made and published in the Official Gazette, such provisions shall extend and apply in manner directed by such order, and any such order may be in like manner from time to time altered and annulled. In and by any such order the Local Government may direct by whom any powers or duties incident to the provisions applied under this Act, shall and may be exercised with respect to matters in such other Courts or Court, and may make any orders or regulations which may be deemed requisite for carrying into operation in such Courts or Court the provisions so applied.

9. No special promise to be made by any person after the passing of this Act to answer for the debt, default or miscarriage of another person, being in writing, and signed by the party to be charged therewith or some other person by him thereunto lawfully authorized, shall be deemed invalid to support a suit to charge the person by whom such promise shall have been made, by reason only that the consideration for such promise does not appear in writing, or by necessary inference from a written document.

10. No promise to answer for the debt, default or miscarriage of another made to a Firm, consisting of two or more persons, or to a single person trading under the name of a Firm, and no promise to answer for the debt, default or miscarriage of a Firm, consisting of two or more persons, or of a single person trading under the name of a Firm, shall be binding on the person making such promise in respect of anything done or omitted to be done after a change shall have taken place in any one or more of the persons constituting the Firm, or in the person trading under the name of a Firm, unless the intention of the parties, that such promise shall continue to be binding notwithstanding such change, shall appear either by express stipulation or by necessary implication from the nature of the Firm or otherwise.

Acceptance of a Bill, Inland or Foreign, to be in writing on it, and signed.

11. No acceptance of any Bill of Exchange, whether Inland or Foreign, made after the first day of May 1866, shall be sufficient to bind or charge any person, unless the same be in writing on such Bill, or, if there be more than one part of such Bill, on one of the said parts, and signed by the acceptor or some person duly authorized by him.

What are to be deemed "Inland Bills."

12. Every Bill of Exchange or Promissory Note drawn or made in any part of British India, and made payable in or drawn upon any person resident in any part of British India, shall be deemed to be an Inland Bill; but nothing herein contained shall alter or affect the stamp duty, if any, which, but for this enactment, would be payable in respect of any such Bill or Note.

Protest by Notary Public to be a *prima facie* evidence of dishonor.

13. Protest of a Bill of Exchange, whether Inland or Foreign, when purporting to be made by a Notary Public, shall be a *prima facie* evidence that the Bill has been dishonored.

Suits on lost negotiable instruments.

14. In case of any suit founded upon a Bill of Exchange or other negotiable instrument, if it shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the instrument is lost, and if an indemnity be given by the plaintiff, to the satisfaction of the Court, against the claims of any other person upon such instrument, it shall be lawful for the Court to make such decree as it would have made if the plaintiff had produced the instrument in Court when the plaint was presented, and had at the same time delivered a copy of the instrument to be filed with the plaint.

15. Every assignee, by endorsement or otherwise, of a policy of marine insurance or of a policy of insurance against fire, in whom the property in the subject insured shall be absolutely vested at the date of the assignment, shall have transferred to and vested in him all rights of suit as if the contract contained in the policy had been made with himself.

SCHEDULE.

No. of suit.

In the High Court of _____ at _____
 _____ Plaintiff.
 _____ Defendant.

To [here enter the defendant's name, description and address.]

Whereas [here enter the plaintiff's name, description and address] has instituted a suit in this Court against you under Act No. V of 1866 (to provide a summary procedure on Bills of Exchange and to amend in certain respects the Commercial law of British India) for Rs. _____ principal and interest [or Rs. _____ balance of principal and interest] due to him as the Payee [or Indorsee] of a Bill of Exchange [or Hundi or Promissory Note] of which a copy is hereto annexed, you are hereby summoned to obtain leave from the Court within seven days from the service hereof, inclusive of the day of such service, to appear and defend the suit, and within such time to cause an appearance to be entered for you. In default whereof the plaintiff will be entitled at any time after the expiration of such seven days to obtain a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum of Rs. [here state the sum claimed] and the sum of Rs. _____ for costs.

Leave to appear may be obtained on an application to the Court supported by affidavit or declaration showing that there is a defence to the suit on the merits, or that it is reasonable that you should be allowed to appear in the suit.

[Here copy the Bill of Exchange, Hundi or Promissory Note, and all endorsements upon it.]

ACT No. VI, PASSED 2ND MARCH 1866.

An Act to continue Act No. XXXI of 1860 (relating to the manufacture, importation and sale of arms and ammunition, and for regulating the right to keep and use the same, and to give power of disarming in certain cases) and for other purposes.

WHEREAS Act No. XXXI of 1860 as continued by Act No. VI of 1865 will expire

Preamble. on the first day of October 1866; and whereas it is expedient to continue the said Act No. XXXI of 1860 with such modifications as are hereinafter mentioned; and whereas it is desirable to render the license mentioned in the 26th and other Sections of the same Act grantable upon conditions, and to enable the local Governments to exempt classes of persons, Districts and parts of Districts from the operation of Sections 25 and 26 of the same Act; It is enacted as follows:—

1. Repeal of Act No. VI of 1865 and of part of Section 55 of Act No. XXXI of 1860.

Rest of Act No. XXXI of 1860 continued.

1. Act No. VI of 1865 and the second Clause of Section 55 of Act No. XXXI of 1860 are hereby repealed; but the rest of the Act last hereinbefore mentioned shall, subject to the modifications hereinafter mentioned, continue in force from the passing of this Act until the Governor-General of India in Council shall by an order published in the Gazette of India declare otherwise.

2. The license mentioned in Sections 26, 28, 29 and 30 of the said Act No. XXXI of 1860 may be granted by the Magistrate or other person specially authorized to grant the same, subject to such condition or conditions, if any, as such Magistrate or other person shall think fit; and on breach of any such condition, or failure to comply therewith, such license shall thereupon be null and void.

Licenses to bear arms may be granted on conditions.

3. For the last Clause of Section 27 of the same Act, the following words shall be substituted (that is to say), "Such other persons, classes of persons, Districts or parts of Districts as the Local Government may by notification in the Official Gazette from time to time exempt from such provisions."

Short Title.

4. This Act may be cited as "The Arms' Act Continuance Act, 1866."

ACT No. VII, PASSED 2ND MARCH 1866.

An Act to extend to the Court of Judicature of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca, Act No. XXIII of 1840 (for executing within the local limits of the jurisdiction of Her Majesty's Courts legal process issued by Authorities in the Mofussil.)

(Not applicable to Madras.)

ACT No. VIII, PASSED 2ND MARCH 1866.

An Act further to amend the Schedule annexed to the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Schedule annexed to the Code of Criminal Procedure; It is enacted as follows:—

Amendment of Schedule as regards Sections 172, 174, 271, 277, 278, 279, 285, 286, 289, 290, 325, 380, 448 and 451 of the Indian Penal Code.

1. In lieu of the words in the parts of column 7 of the said Schedule, respectively referring to Sections 172, 174, 271, 277, 278, 279, 285, 286, 289, 290, 325, 380, 448 and 451 of the Indian Penal Code, that shall be read the words "Any Magistrate."

Amendment of Schedule as regards Sections 392 and 393 of the Indian Penal Code.

2. In lieu of the words in the parts of the said column respectively referring to Sections 392 and 393 of the Indian Penal Code, there shall be read the words "Court of Session or Magistrate of the District."

Nothing in this Act to alter the effect of the rest of the Schedule.

3. Nothing herein contained shall be taken to alter the effect which any other part of the said Schedule had immediately before the passing of this Act.

This Act to be read with the Code of Criminal Procedure.

4. This Act shall be read with and taken as part of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

ACT No. IX, PASSED 9TH MARCH 1866.

An Act to extend to the Sudder Court of the North-Western Provinces certain provisions of "The Pleaders, Mookhtars and Revenue Agents' Act, 1865" and of Act No. XXIX of 1865.

(Not applicable to Madras.)

ACT No. X, PASSED 12TH MARCH 1866.

An Act for the incorporation, regulation, and winding-up of Trading Companies and other Associations.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the laws relating to the incorporation, regulation, and winding-up of Trading Companies and other associations should be consolidated and amended; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Preliminary.

Short Title.

1. This Act may be cited for all purposes as "The Indian Companies' Act, 1866."

Commencement of Act.

2. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of May 1866, and the time at which it so comes into operation is hereinafter referred to as the commencement of this Act.

Interpretation Clause.

3. In this Act, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context:—

"British India" means the Territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty or Her successors by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., Cap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better Government of India;"

"Year" and "month" respectively denote a year and month reckoned according to the British calendar:

An "Insurance Company" means a Company that carries on the business of insurance either solely or in common with any other business or businesses:

"Court" means the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in a District, and includes the High Court in the exercise of its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction:

"District Court" means the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction in a District, but does not include the High Court in the exercise of its ordinary original Civil jurisdiction:

And, in any part of British India in which this Act operates, "Local Government" means the person authorized by law to administer Executive Government in such part and includes a Chief Commissioner; and "High Court" denotes the highest Civil Court of Appeal therein.

4. No Company, Association or Partnership, consisting of more than ten persons shall be formed, after the commencement of this Act, for the purpose of carrying on the business of banking, unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of an Act of Parliament or some other Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or by Royal Charter or Letters Patent; and no Company, Association or Partnership consisting of more than twenty persons shall be formed, after the commencement of this Act, for the purpose of carrying on any other business that has for its object the acquisition of gain by the Company, Association or Partnership, or by the individual members thereof unless it is registered as a Company under this Act, or is formed in pursuance of some other Act or of Letters Patent.

5. This Act is divided into nine Parts, relating to the following subject-matters:—

The first Part—to the constitution and incorporation of Companies and Associations under this Act:

The second Part—to the distribution of the capital and liability of members of Companies and Associations under this Act:

The third Part—to the management and administration of Companies and Associations under this Act:

The fourth Part—to the winding up of Companies and Associations under this Act:

The fifth Part—to the Registration Office:

The sixth Part—to the application of this Act to Companies registered under Act No. XIX of 1857 (for the incorporation and regulation of Joint-Stock Companies and other Associations either with or without limited liability of the members thereof) and Act No. VII of 1860 (to enable Joint-Stock Banking Companies to be formed on the principle of limited liability), or either of them:

The seventh Part—to Companies authorized to register under this Act:

The eighth Part—to the application of this Act to unregistered Companies:

The ninth Part—to repeal of Acts.

PART I.

CONSTITUTION AND INCORPORATION OF COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS UNDER THIS ACT.

Memorandum of Association.

6. Any seven or more persons associated for any lawful purpose may, by subscribing their names to a memorandum of association, and otherwise complying with the requisition of this Act in respect of registration, form an incorporated Company, with or without limited liability.

7. The liability of the members of a Company formed under this Act may, according to the memorandum of association, be limited either to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares respectively held by them, or to such amount as the members may respectively undertake by the memorandum of association to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of its being wound up.

8. Where a Company is formed on the principle of having the liability of its members limited to the amount unpaid on their shares, hereinafter referred to as a Company limited by shares, the memorandum of association shall contain the following things; (that is to say)—

- (1.) The name of the proposed Company, with the addition of the word "limited" as the last word in such name;
- (2.) The part of British India in which the registered Office of the Company is proposed to be situate;
- (3.) The objects for which the proposed Company is to be established;
- (4.) A declaration that the liability of the members is limited;
- (5.) The amount of capital with which the Company proposes to be registered divided into shares of a certain fixed amount,

Subject to the following Regulations:

- (1.) That no subscriber shall take less than one share.
- (2.) That each subscriber of the memorandum of association shall write opposite to his name the number of shares he takes.

9. Where a Company is formed on the principle of having the liability of its members limited to such amount as the members respectively undertake to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of the same being wound up, hereinafter referred to as a Company limited by guarantee, the memorandum of association shall contain the following things, (that is to say)—

- (1.) The name of the proposed Company, with the addition of the word "limited" as the last word in such name;
- (2.) The part of British India in which the registered Office of the Company is proposed to be situate;
- (3.) The objects for which the proposed Company is to be established;
- (4.) A declaration that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound up during the time that he is a member or within one year afterwards, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before the time at which he ceases to be a member, and of the costs, charges, and expenses of winding up the Company, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding a specified amount.

10. Where a Company is formed on the principle of having no limit placed on the liability of its members, hereinafter referred to as an Unlimited Company, the memorandum of association shall contain the following things, (that is to say)—

- (1.) The name of the proposed Company;
- (2.) The part of British India in which the registered Office of the Company is proposed to be situate;
- (3.) The objects for which the proposed Company is to be established.

11. The memorandum of association shall bear the same stamp as if it were a deed, and shall be signed by each subscriber in the presence of, and be attested by, one witness at the least. It shall, when registered, bind the Company and the members thereof to the same extent as if each member had subscribed his name thereto, and there were in the memorandum contained on the part of himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, a covenant to observe all the conditions of such memorandum, subject to the provisions of this Act.

12. Any Company limited by shares, may, so far modify the conditions contained in its memorandum of association, if authorized to do so by its regulations as originally framed, or as altered by Special Resolution in manner hereinafter mentioned, as to increase its capital, by the issue of new shares of such amount as it thinks expedient, or to consolidate and divide its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares, or to convert its paid-up shares into stock, but, save as aforesaid, and save as hereinafter provided in the case of a change of name, no alteration shall be made by any Company in the conditions contained in its memorandum of association.

13. Any Company under this Act, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company passed in manner hereinafter mentioned, and with the approval of the Local Government testified in writing under the hand of one of the Secretaries to such Government, may change its name, and upon such change being made, the Registrar shall enter the new name on the Register in the place of the former name, and shall issue a certificate of incorporation altered to meet the circumstances of the case; but no such alteration of name shall affect any rights or obligations of the Company, or render defective any legal proceedings instituted or to be instituted by or against the Company; and any legal proceedings may be continued or commenced against the Company by its new name that might have been continued or commenced against the Company by its former name.

Articles of Association.

14. The memorandum of association may, in the case of a Company limited by shares, and shall, in the case of a Company limited by guarantee or unlimited, be accompanied, when registered, by Regulations to be guaranteed or unlimited, be accompanied, when registered, prescribed by Articles of Association signed by the subscribers to the memorandum of association, and prescribing such regulations for the Company as the subscribers to the memorandum of association deem expedient. The Articles shall be expressed in separate paragraphs, numbered arithmetically: They may adopt all or any of the provisions contained in the Table marked A in the first Schedule hereto: They shall, in the case of a Company, whether limited by guarantee or unlimited, that has a capital divided into shares, state the amount of capital with which the Company proposes to be registered; and in the case of a Company, whether limited by guarantee or unlimited, that has not a capital divided into shares, state the number of members with which the Company proposes to be registered, for the purpose of enabling the Registrar to determine the fees payable on registration. In a Company limited by guarantee or unlimited, and having a capital divided into shares, each subscriber shall take one share at the least, and shall write opposite to his name in the memorandum of association the number of shares he takes.

15. In the case of a Company limited by shares, if the memorandum of association is not accompanied by Articles of Association, or, in so far as the Articles do not exclude or modify the regulations contained in the Table marked A in the first Schedule hereto, the last mentioned regulations shall, so far as the same are applicable, be deemed to be the regulations of the Company in the same manner and to the same extent as if they had been inserted in Articles of Association and the Articles had been duly registered.

16. The Articles of Association shall be printed, they shall bear the same stamp as if they were contained in a deed, and shall be signed by each subscriber in the presence of, and be attested by one witness at the least. When registered, they shall bind the Company and the members thereof to the same extent as if each member had subscribed his name thereto, and there were in such Articles contained a covenant on the part of himself, his heirs, executors and administrators, to conform to all the regulations contained in such Articles, subject to the provisions of this Act. All monies payable by any member to the Company, in pursuance of the conditions and regulations of the Company, or any of such conditions or regulations, shall be deemed to be a debt due from such member to the Company.

General Provision.

17. The memorandum of association and the Articles of Association, if any shall be delivered to the Registrar of Joint-Stock Companies hereinafter mentioned who shall retain and register the same. There shall be paid to the Registrar by a Company having a capital divided into shares, in respect of the several matters mentioned in the Table marked B in the first Schedule hereto, the several fees therein specified, or such smaller fees as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time direct, and by a Company not having a capital divided into shares, in respect of the several matters mentioned in the Table marked C in the first Schedule hereto, the several fees therein specified, or such smaller fees as the Governor-General of India in Council, may from time to time direct. All fees paid to the said Registrar in pursuance of this Act shall be accounted for to Government.

18. Upon the registration of the memorandum of association and of the Articles of Association in cases where Articles of Association are required by this Act, or by the desire of the parties to be registered, the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Company is incorporated, and in the case of a Limited Company that the Company is limited. The subscribers of the memorandum of association, together with such other persons as may from time to time become members of the Company, shall thereupon be a Body Corporate by the name contained in the memorandum of association, capable forthwith of exercising all the functions of an incorporated Company, and having perpetual succession and a common seal, but with such liability on the part of the members to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of the same being wound up as is hereinafter mentioned. A certificate of the incorporation of any Company given by the Registrar shall be conclusive evidence that all the requisitions of this Act in respect of registration have been complied with.

19. A copy of the memorandum of association having annexed thereto, the Articles of Association, if any, shall be forwarded to every member at his request, on payment of the sum of one Rupee, or such less sum as may be prescribed by the Company for each copy; and if any Company makes default in forwarding a copy of the memorandum of Association and Articles of Association, if any, to a member in pursuance of this Section, the Company so making default shall for each offence incur a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees.

20. No Company shall be registered under a name identical with that by which a subsisting Company is already registered, or so nearly resembling the same as to be calculated to deceive, except in a case where such subsisting Company is in the course of being dissolved and testifies its consent in such manner as the Registrar requires. If any Com-

pany, through inadvertence or otherwise, is, without such consent as aforesaid, registered by a name identical with that by which a subsisting Company is registered, or so nearly resembling the same as to be calculated to deceive, such first-mentioned Company may, with the sanction of the Registrar, change its name, and upon such change being made, the Registrar shall enter the new name on the Register in the place of the former name, and shall issue a certificate of incorporation altered to meet the circumstances of the case; but no such alteration of name shall effect any rights of obligations of the Company, or render defective any legal proceedings instituted or to be instituted by or against the Company, and any legal proceedings may be continued or commenced against the Company by its new name that might have been continued or commenced against the Company by its former name.

PART II.

DISTRIBUTION OF CAPITAL AND LIABILITY OF MEMBERS OF COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS UNDER THIS ACT.

Distribution of Capital.

21. The shares or other interest of any member in a Company under this Act shall be movable property capable of being transferred in manner provided by the regulations of the Company, and shall not be of the nature of real estate or immovable property; and each share shall, in the case of a Company having a capital divided into shares, be distinguished by its appropriate number.

22. The subscribers of the memorandum of association of any Company under this Act shall be deemed to have agreed to become members of the Company, whose memorandum they have subscribed, and upon the registration or the Company shall be entered as members on the Register of Members hereinafter mentioned; and every other person who has agreed to become a member of a Company under this Act, and whose name is entered on the Register of Members, shall be deemed to be a member of the Company.

23. Any transfer of the share or other interest of a deceased member of a Company under this Act, made by his personal representative, shall, notwithstanding such personal representative may not himself be a member, be of the same validity as if he had been a member at the time of the execution of the instrument of transfer.

24. Every Company under this Act shall cause to be kept in one or more books a Register of its members, and there shall be entered therein the following particulars:—

(1.) The names and addresses, and the occupations, if any, of the members of the Company, with the addition, in the case of a Company having a capital divided into shares, of a statement of the shares held by each member, distinguishing each share by its number; and of the amount paid or agreed to be considered as paid on the shares of each member:

(2.) The date at which the name of any person was entered in the register as a member:

(3.) The date at which any person ceased to be a member.

Any Company acting in contravention of this Section shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which its default in complying with

the provisions of this Section continues, and every Director or Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such contravention shall incur the like penalty.

25. Every Company under this Act and having a capital divided into shares shall make, once at least in every year, a list of all persons who, on the fourteenth day succeeding the day on which the Ordinary General Meeting, or if there is more than one Ordinary Meeting in each year, the first of such Ordinary General Meetings is held, are members of the Company. Such list shall state the names, addresses, and occupations of all the members therein mentioned, and the number of shares held by each of them, and shall contain a summary specifying the following particulars:—

(1.) The amount of the capital of the Company and the number of shares into which it is divided:

(2.) The number of shares taken from the commencement of the Company up to the date of the summary:

(3.) The amount of calls made on each share:

(4.) The total amount of calls received:

(5.) The total amount of calls unpaid:

(6.) The total amount of shares forfeited:

(7.) The names, addresses, and occupations of the persons who have ceased to be members since the last list was made, and the number of shares held by each of them.

The above list and summary shall be contained in a separate part of the Register, and shall be completed within seven days after such fourteenth day as is mentioned in this Section, and a copy shall forthwith be forwarded to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

26. If any Company under this Act and having a capital divided into shares makes default in complying with the provisions of this Section, the Registrar, on receiving notice of such default, shall, in addition to the penalty on the Company, &c., not keeping a proper Register, such Company shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which such default continues, and every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall incur the like penalty.

27. Every Company under this Act having a capital divided into shares that has consolidated and divided its capital into shares of larger amount than its existing shares, or converted any portion of its capital into stock, shall within fifteen days of such consolidation, division or conversion, give notice to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies of the same, specifying the shares so consolidated, divided or converted.

28. Where any Company under this Act and having a capital divided into shares has converted any portion of its capital into stock, and given notice of such conversion to the Registrar, all the provisions of this Act which are applicable to shares only shall cease as to so much of the capital as is converted into stock; and the Register of Members hereby required to be kept by the Company, and the list of members to be forwarded to the Registrar shall show the amount of stock held by each member in the list instead of the amount of shares and the particulars relating to shares hereinbefore required.

29. No notice of any trust, express, implied or constructive, shall be entered on the Register or be receivable by the Registrar in the case of Companies under this Act and registered in British India.

30. A certificate under the common seal of the Company, specifying any share or shares or stock held by any member of a Company, shall be a *prima facie* evidence of the title of the member to the share or shares or stock therein specified.

31. The Register of Members, commencing from the date of the registration of the Company, shall be kept at the registered Office of the Company hereinafter mentioned. Except when closed as hereinafter mentioned, it shall during business hours, but subject to such reasonable restrictions as the Company in General Meeting may impose, so that not less than two hours in each day be appointed for inspection, be open to the inspection of any member gratis, and to the inspection of any other person on the payment of one Rupee or such less sum as the Company may prescribe for each inspection. Every such member or other person may require a copy of such Register, or of any part thereof, or of such list or summary of members as is hereinbefore mentioned, on payment of two annas for every hundred words required to be copied. If such inspection or copy is refused, the Company shall incur for each refusal a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for every day during which such refusal continues. Every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly authorize or permit such refusal shall incur the like penalty. In addition to the above penalty, any Judge of a High Court may, by order, compel an immediate inspection of the Register.

32. Any Company under this Act may, upon giving notice by advertisement in some newspaper circulating the District in which the registered Office of the Company is situated, close the Register of Members for any time or times not exceeding in the whole thirty days in each year.

33. Where a Company has a capital divided into shares, whether such shares may or may not have been converted into stock, notice of any increase in such capital beyond the registered capital and of members into shares, notice of any increase in the number of members beyond the registered number, shall be given to the Registrar, in the case of an increase of capital within fifteen days from the date of the passing of the Resolution by which such increase has been authorized, and in the case of an increase of members within fifteen days from the time at which such increase of members has been resolved on or has taken place, and the Registrar shall forthwith record the amount of such increase of capital or members. If such notice is not given within the period aforesaid, the Company in default shall incur a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees for every day during which such neglect to give notice continues, and every Director and Manager of the Company, who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default, shall incur the like penalty.

34. If the name of any person is without sufficient cause entered in, or omitted from, the Register of Members of any Company under this Act, or if default is made, or unnecessary delay takes place, in entering on the Register the fact of any person having ceased to be a member of the Company, the person or member aggrieved, or any member of the Company, or the Company itself, may, by application to the principal Court of original Civil jurisdiction in the district or place in which the registered Office of the Company is situate, apply for an order of the Court that the Register may be rectified; and the Court may either refuse such application, with or without costs

to be paid by the applicant, or it may, if satisfied of the justice of the case, make an order for the rectification of the Register, and may direct the Company to pay all the costs of such application, and any damages the party aggrieved may have sustained. The Court may, in any proceeding, under this Section decide on any question relating to the title of any person who is a party to such proceeding to have his name entered in, or omitted from, the Register, whether such question arises between two or more members or alleged members, or between any members or alleged members and the Company, and generally the Court may, in any such proceeding, decide any question that it may be necessary or expedient to decide for the rectification of the Register; provided that the Court may direct an issue to be tried in which any question of law may be raised, and an appeal in the manner directed by the Code of Civil Procedure shall lie.

35. Whenever any order has been made for rectifying the Register in the case of a Company hereby required to send a list of its members to the Registrar, the Court shall, by its order, direct that due notice of such rectification be given to the Registrar.

36. The Register of Members shall be *prima facie* evidence of any matters by this Act directed or authorized to be inserted therein.

Liability of Members.

37. In the event of a Company formed under this Act being wound up, every present and past member of such Company shall be liable to contribute to the assets of the Company to an amount sufficient for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company, and the costs, charges and expenses of the winding-up, and for the payment of such sums as may be required for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, with the qualifications following; (that is to say)—

(1.) No past member shall be liable to contribute to the assets of the Company if he has ceased to be a member for a period of one year or upwards prior to the commencement of the winding-up:

(2.) No past member shall be liable to contribute in respect of any debt or liability of the Company contracted after the time at which he ceased to be a member:

(3.) No past member shall be liable to contribute to the assets of the Company, unless it appears to the Court that the existing members are unable to satisfy the contributions required to be made by them in pursuance of this Act:

(4.) In the case of a Company limited by shares, no contribution shall be required from any member exceeding the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares in respect of which he is liable as a present or past member:

(5.) In the case of a Company limited by guarantee, no contribution shall be required from any member exceeding the amount of the undertaking entered into on his behalf by the memorandum of association:

(6.) Nothing in this Act contained shall invalidate any provision contained in any policy of insurance or other contract whereby the liability of individual members upon any such policy or contract is restricted, or whereby the funds of the Company are alone made liable in respect of such policy or contract:

(7.) No sum due to any member of a Company in his character of a member by way of dividends, profits or otherwise, shall be deemed to be a debt of the Company payable to such member in a case of competition between himself and any other creditor not being a member of the Company; but any such sum may be taken into account for the purposes of the final adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves.

PART III.

MANAGEMENT AND ADMINISTRATION OF COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS UNDER THIS ACT.

Provisions for Protection of Creditors.

38. Every Company under this Act shall have a registered Office to which all communications and notices may be addressed. If any Company under this Act carries on business without having such an Office, it shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which business is so carried on.

39. Notice of the situation of such registered Office and of any change therein, shall be given to the Registrar and recorded by him. Until such notice is given, the Company shall not be deemed to have complied with the provisions of this Act with respect to having a registered Office.

40. Every Limited Company under this Act, whether limited by shares or by guarantee, shall paint or affix, and shall keep painted or affixed, its name on the outside of every Office or place in which the business of the Company is carried on, in a conspicuous position, in letters easily legible in the English language, and also, if the registered Office be situate in a district beyond the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of a High Court, in one of the vernacular languages used in such district, and shall have its name engraven in legible characters in such language or languages on its seal, and shall have its name mentioned in legible characters in such language or languages in all notices, advertisements and other official publications of such Company, and in all Bills of Exchange, Hundis, Promissory Notes, Endorsements, Cheques and Orders for money or goods purporting to be signed by or on behalf of such Company, and in all bills of parcels, invoices, receipts and letters of credit of the Company.

41. If any Limited Company under this Act does not paint or affix and keep painted or affixed its name, in manner directed by this Act, it shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for not so painting or affixing its name and for every day during which such name is not so kept painted or affixed. Every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall be liable to the like penalty. If any Director, Manager or Officer of such Company, or any person on its behalf, uses or authorizes the use of any seal purporting to be a seal of the Company whereon its name is not so engraven as aforesaid, or issues or authorizes the issue of any notice, advertisement or other official publication of such Company, or signs or authorizes to be signed on behalf of such Company, any Bill of Exchange, Hundi, Promissory Note, Endorsement, Cheque, Order for money or goods, or issues or authorizes to be issued any bill of parcels, invoice, receipt or letter of credit of the Company wherein its name is not mentioned in manner aforesaid, he shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand Rupees, and shall further be personally liable to the holder of any such Bill of Exchange, Hundi, Promissory Note, Cheque or Order for money or goods, for the amount thereof, unless the same is duly paid by the Company.

42. Contracts on behalf of any Company registered under this Act may be made as follows; (that is to say)—

(1.) Any contract which if made between private persons would be by law required to be in writing, and if made according to English law to be under seal, may be made on behalf of the Company in writing under the common seal of the Company, and such contract may be in the same manner varied or discharged:

(2.) Any contract which if made between private persons would be by law required to be in writing signed by the parties to be charged therewith, may be

made on behalf of the Company in writing signed by any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Company, and such contract may in the same manner be varied or discharged:

(3.) Any contract which if made between private persons would by law be valid, although made by parol only and not reduced into writing, may be made by parol on behalf of the Company by any person acting under the express or implied authority of the Company, and such contract may in the same way be varied or discharged. And all contracts made according to the provisions herein contained shall be effectual in law, and shall be binding upon the Company and their successors, and all other parties thereto, their heirs, executors or administrators, as the case may be.

43. Every Limited Company under this Act shall keep a Register of all mortgages and charges specifically affecting property of the Register of mortgages. Company, and shall enter in such Register in respect of each mortgage or charge a short description of the property mortgaged or charged, the amount of charge created and the names of the mortgagees or persons entitled to such charge. If any property of the Company is mortgaged or charged without such entry as aforesaid being made, every Director, Manager or other Officer of the Company who knowingly and wilfully authorizes or permits the omission of such entry shall incur a penalty not exceeding five hundred Rupees. The Register of mortgages required by this Section shall be open to inspection by any creditor or member of the Company at all reasonable times. If such inspection is refused, any Officer of the Company refusing the same, and every Director and Manager of the Company authorizing or knowingly and wilfully permitting such refusal, shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees, and a further penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for every day during which such refusal continues. In addition to the above penalty, any Judge of the High Court may by order compel an immediate inspection of the Register.

44. Every Limited Banking Company and every Insurance Company, and Deposit, Provident or Benefit Society under this Act shall, before it commences business, and also on the first Monday in February and the first Monday in August in every year during which it carries on business, make a statement in the form marked D in the first Schedule hereto, or as near thereto as circumstances will admit, and a copy of such statement shall be put up in a conspicuous place in the registered Office of the Company and in every branch Office or place where the business of the Company is carried on. If default is made in compliance with the provisions of this Section, the Company shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which such default continues, and every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall incur the like penalty.

Every member and every creditor of any Company mentioned in this Section shall be entitled to a copy of the abovementioned statement on payment of a sum not exceeding eight annas.

45. Every Company under this Act and not having a capital divided into shares shall keep at its registered Office a Register containing the names and addresses and the occupations of its Directors or Managers, and shall send to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies a copy of such Register, and shall from time to time notify to the Registrar any change that takes place in such Directors or Managers.

46. If any Company under this Act and not having a capital divided into shares makes default in keeping a Register of its Directors or Managers, or in sending a copy of such Register to the Registrar in compliance with the foregoing rules, or in notifying to the Registrar any change that takes place in such Directors or Managers, such delinquent

Company shall incur a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees for every day during which such default continues, and every Director or Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall incur the like penalty.

47. A Promissory Note, Bill of Exchange or Hundi shall be deemed to have been made, accepted, or endorsed on behalf of any Company under this Act, if made, accepted, or endorsed in the name of the Company by any person acting under the authority of the Company, or if made, accepted, or endorsed by or on behalf or on account of the Company, by any person acting under the authority of the Company.

48. If any Company under this Act carries on business when the number of its members is less than seven for a period of six months after the number has been so reduced, every person who is a member of such Company during the time that it so carries on business after such period of six months, and is cognizant of the fact that it is so carrying on business with fewer than seven members, shall be severally liable for the payment of the whole debt of the Company contracted during such time and may be sued for the same without the joinder in the suit of any other member.

49. A General Meeting of every Company under this Act shall be held once at the least in every year. A balance-sheet shall be made out in every year, and laid before the Company in General Meeting and filed with the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, and such balance-sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to Table A in the first Schedule hereto, or as near thereto as circumstances admit. And once at the least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined and the correctness of the balance-sheet ascertained by one or more auditor or auditors. If default is made in compliance with any of the provisions of this Section, every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall be liable to a penalty of one thousand Rupees.

50. Subject to the provisions of this Act, and to the conditions contained in the memorandum of association, any Company formed under this Act may, in General Meeting, from time to time, by passing a Special Resolution in manner hereinafter mentioned, alter all or any of the regulations of the Company contained in the Articles of Association, or in the Table marked A in the first Schedule where such Table is applicable to the Company, or make new regulations to the exclusion of or in addition to all or any of the regulations of the Company. Any regulations so made by Special Resolution shall be deemed to be regulations of the Company of the same validity as if they had been originally contained in the Articles of Association, and shall be subject in like manner to be altered or modified by any subsequent Special Resolution.

51. A Resolution passed by a Company under this Act shall be deemed to be special, whenever a Resolution has been passed by a majority of not less than three-fourths of such members of the Company for the time being entitled, according to the regulations of the Company, to vote, as may be present in person or by proxy (in cases whereby the regulations of the Company proxies are allowed) at any General Meeting of which notice specifying the intention to propose such Resolution has been duly given, and such Resolution has been confirmed by a majority of such members for the time being entitled, according to the regulations of the Company, to vote, as

may be present in person or by proxy at a subsequent General Meeting of which notice has been duly given, and held at an interval of not less than fourteen days, nor more than one month, from the date of the meeting at which such Resolution was first passed. At any meeting mentioned in this Section, unless a poll is demanded by at least five members, a declaration of the Chairman that the Resolution has been carried shall be deemed conclusive evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of or against the same. Notice of any meeting shall, for the purposes of this Section, be deemed to be duly given, and the meeting to be duly held, whenever such notice is given and meeting held in manner prescribed by the regulations of the Company. In computing the majority under this Section, when a poll is demanded, reference shall be had to the number of votes to which each member is entitled by the regulations of the Company.

52. In default of any regulations as to voting every member shall have one vote, and in default of any regulations as to summoning General Meetings, a meeting shall be held to be duly summoned of which seven days' notice in writing has been served on every member in manner in which notices are required to be served by the Table marked A in the first Schedule hereto. In default of any regulations as to the persons to summon meetings, five members shall be competent to summon the same, and in default of any regulations as to who is to be Chairman of such meeting, it shall be competent for any person elected by the members present to preside.

53. A copy of every Special Resolution that is passed by any Company under this Act shall be printed and forwarded to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, and be recorded by him. If such copy is not so forwarded within fifteen days from the date of the confirmation of the Resolution, the Company shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for every day after the expiration of such fifteen days during which such copy is omitted to be forwarded, and every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall incur the like penalty.

54. Where Articles of Association have been registered, a copy of every Special Resolution for the time being in force shall be annexed to or embodied in every copy of the Articles of Association that may be issued after the passing of such Resolution. Where no Articles of Association have been registered, a copy of every Special Resolution shall be forwarded in print to any member requesting the same, on payment of one Rupee or such less sum as the Company may direct. If any Company makes default in complying with the provisions of this Section, it shall incur a penalty not exceeding twenty Rupees for each copy in respect of which such default is made; and every Director and Manager of the Company who shall knowingly and wilfully authorize or permit such default shall incur the like penalty.

55. Any Company under this Act may, by instrument in writing under its common seal, empower any person, either generally or in respect of any specified matters, as its Attorney, to execute deeds on its behalf in any place not situate in British India; and every deed signed by such Attorney on behalf of the Company and under his seal, shall be binding on the Company and have the same effect as if it were under the common seal of the Company.

56. The Local Government may appoint one or more competent Inspectors to examine into the affairs of any Company under this Act, and to report thereon in such manner as the Local Government may direct upon the applications following; (that is to say)—

(1.) In the case of a Banking or any other Company that has a capital divided into shares, upon the application of members holding not less than one-fifth part of the whole shares of the Company for the time being issued:

(2.) In the case of any Company not having a capital divided into shares, upon the application of members being in number not less than one-fifth of the whole number of persons for the time being entered on the Register of the Company as members.

57. The application shall be supported by such evidence as the Local Government may require for the purpose of showing that the applicants have good reason for requiring such investigation to be made, and that they are not actuated by malicious motives in instituting the same. The Local Government may also require the applicants to give security for payment of the costs of the inquiry before appointing any Inspector or Inspectors.

58. It shall be the duty of all Officers and Agents of the Company to produce for the examination of the Inspectors all books and documents in their custody or power. Any Inspector may examine upon oath or affirmation the Officers and Agents of the Company in relation to its business, and may administer such oath or affirmation accordingly. If any such Officer or Agent refuses to produce any book or document hereby directed to be produced, or to answer any question relating to the affairs of the Company, he shall incur a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees in respect of each offence.

59. Upon the conclusion of the examination, the Inspectors shall report their opinions to the Local Government. Such report shall be written or printed as the Local Government directs. A copy shall be forwarded by the Local Government to the registered Office of the Company, and a further copy shall, at the request of the members upon whose application the inspection was made, be delivered to them or to any one or more of them. All expenses and of incidental to any such examination as aforesaid shall be defrayed by the members upon whose application the Inspectors were appointed, unless the Local Government shall direct the same to be paid out of the assets of the Company, which the Local Government is hereby authorized to do.

60. Any Company under this Act may, by a Special Resolution appoint Inspectors for the purpose of examining into the affairs of the Company. The Inspectors so appointed shall have the same powers and perform the same duties as Inspectors appointed by the Local Government, with this exception, that, instead of making their report to the Local Government, they shall make the same in such manner and to such persons as the Company in General Meeting directs. The Officers and Agents of the Company shall incur the same penalties, in case of any refusal to produce any book or document hereby required to be produced to such Inspectors or to answer any question, as they would have incurred if such Inspectors had been appointed by the Local Government.

61. A copy of the report of any Inspectors appointed under this Act, authenticated by the seal of the Company into whose affairs they have made inspection, shall be admissible in any legal proceeding as evidence of the opinion of the Inspectors in relation to any matter contained in such report.

Notices.

62. Any summons, notice, order or other document required to be served upon the Company, may be served by leaving the same, or sending it through the Post by a registered letter addressed to the Company, at their registered Office;

and any notice to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies may be served by sending it to him through the Post by a registered letter, or by delivering it to him, or by leaving it for him at his Office.

63. Every document to be served by Post on the Company shall be posted in such time as to admit of its being delivered in the due course of delivery within the period (if any) prescribed for the service thereof; and in proving service of such document, it shall be sufficient to prove that such document was properly directed, and that it was put as a registered letter into the Post Office.

64. Any summons, notices, order or proceeding requiring authentication by the Company, may be signed by any Director, Secretary, or other authorized Officer of the Company, and need not be under the common seal of the Company, and the same may be in writing or in print, or partly in writing and partly in print.

Legal Proceedings.

65. Every Company under this Act shall cause minutes of all Resolutions and proceedings of General Meetings of the Company, and of the Directors or Managers of the Company in cases where there are Directors or Managers, to be duly entered in books to be from time to time provided for the purpose; and any such minute as aforesaid, if purporting to be signed by the Chairman of the meeting at which such Resolutions were passed or proceedings had, or by the Chairman of the next succeeding meeting, shall be received as evidence in all legal proceedings. Until the contrary is proved, every General Meeting of the Company or meeting of Directors or Managers in respect of the proceedings of which minutes have been so made shall be deemed to have been duly held and convened, and all Resolutions passed thereat or proceedings had, to have been duly passed and had, and all appointments of Directors, Managers, or Liquidators shall be deemed to be valid, and all acts done by such Directors, Managers or Liquidators shall be valid, notwithstanding any defect that may afterwards be discovered in their appointments or qualifications.

66. Where a Limited Company is plaintiff in any suit, any Judge having jurisdiction in the matter may, if it appears by any credible testimony that there is reason to believe that if the defendant be successful in his defence, the assets of the Company will be insufficient to pay his costs, require sufficient security to be given for such costs, and may stay all proceedings until such security is given.

67. In any suit brought by the Company against any member to recover any call or other monies due from such member in his character of member, it shall be sufficient to allege that the defendant is a member of the Company and is indebted to the Company in respect of a call made or other monies due whereby a suit has accrued to the Company.

Alteration of Forms.

68. The forms set forth in the second Schedule hereto, or forms as near thereto as circumstances admit, shall be used in all matters to which such forms refer. The Governor-General in Council may alter forms in Schedule. Make such alterations in the Tables and forms contained in the first Schedule hereto, so that he does not increase the amount of fees payable to the Registrar in the said Schedule mentioned, and in the forms in the second Schedule, or make such additions to the last mentioned forms, as he deems requisite. Any such Table or form, when altered, shall be published in the Gazette of India, and upon such publication being made, such

Table or form shall have the same force as if it were inclosed in the Schedule to this Act, but no alteration made by the Governor-General of India in Council in the Table marked A contained in the First Schedule shall affect any Company registered prior to the date of such alteration, or repeal, as respects such Company, any portion of such Table.

Arbitrations.

69. Any Company under this Act may from time to time, by writing under its common seal, agree to refer and may refer to arbitration any matter whatsoever in dispute between itself and any other Company or person; and the Companies, parties to the arbitration may delegate to the person or persons to whom the reference is made power to settle any terms or to determine any matter capable of being lawfully settled or determined by the Companies themselves, or by the Directors or other managing body of such Companies.

70. The Companies jointly, but not otherwise, from time to time, by writing under their respective common seals, may add to, alter or revoke any agreement for reference in accordance with this Act theretofore entered into between the Companies, or any of the terms, conditions or stipulations thereof.

71. Every reference or agreement in accordance with this Act, except so far as it is from time to time revoked or modified in accordance with this Act, shall bind the Companies, and may and shall be carried into full effect.

72. Where the Companies agree, the reference shall be made to a single Arbitrator.

73. Except where the Companies agree that the reference shall be made to a single Arbitrator, the reference shall be made as follows; to wit—

Where there are two Companies, the reference shall be made to two Arbitrators:

Where there are three or more Companies, the reference shall be made to so many Arbitrators as there are Companies.

74. Where there are to be two or more Arbitrators, every Company shall by writing under their common seal appoint one of the Arbitrators, and shall give notice in writing thereof to the other Company or Companies.

75. Where there are to be two or more Arbitrators, if any of the Companies fail to appoint an Arbitrator within fourteen days after being thereunto requested in writing by the other Company, or by the other Companies or any of them, then, on the application of the Companies or any of them, the Local Government, instead of the Company so failing to appoint an Arbitrator, may appoint an Arbitrator. The Arbitrator so appointed shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be appointed by the Company so failing.

76. When reference is made to two or more Arbitrators, if before the matters referred to them are determined any Arbitrator dies, or becomes incapable or unfit, or for seven consecutive days fails to act as Arbitrator, the Company by which he was appointed shall by writing under their common seal appoint an Arbitrator in his place.

77. Where the Company by which an Arbitrator ought to be appointed in the place of the Arbitrator so deceased, incapable, unfit or failing to act, fails to make the appointment within fourteen days after being thereunto requested in writing by the other Company or by the other Companies or any of them, then, on the application of the Companies or any of them, the Local Government may appoint an Arbitrator. The Arbitrator so appointed shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be appointed by the Company so failing.
- Appointment of Arbitrators by Local Government to supply vacancies.
78. When any appointment of an Arbitrator is made, the Company making the appointment shall have no power to revoke the same without the previous consent in writing of the other Company or every other Company in writing under their common seal.
- Appointment of Arbitrator not revocable.
79. Where two or more Arbitrators are appointed, they shall, before entering on the business the reference, appoint by writing under their hands an impartial and qualified person to be their Umpire.
- Appointment of Umpire by Arbitrators.
80. If the Arbitrators do not appoint an Umpire within seven days after the reference is made to the Arbitrators, then, on the application of the Companies or any of them, the Local Government may appoint an Umpire; and the Umpire so appointed shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be appointed by the Arbitrators.
- Appointment of Umpire by Local Government.
81. Where two or more Arbitrators are appointed, if before the matters referred to them are determined their Umpire dies, or becomes incapable or unfit, or for seven consecutive days fails to act as Umpire, the Arbitrators shall by writing under their hands appoint an impartial and qualified person to be their Umpire in his place.
- Appointment of Umpire by Arbitrators to supply vacancy.
82. If the Arbitrators fail to appoint an Umpire within seven days after notice in writing to them of the decease, incapacity, unfitness or failure to act of their Umpire, then, on the application of the Companies or any of them, the Local Government may appoint an Umpire. The Umpire so appointed shall for the purposes of this Act be deemed to be appointed by the Arbitrators so failing.
- Appointment of Umpire by Local Government to supply vacancy.
83. Every Arbitrator appointed in the place of a preceding Arbitrator, and every Umpire appointed in the place of a preceding Umpire, shall respectively have the like powers and authorities as his respective predecessor.
- Succeeding Arbitrators and Umpires to have powers of predecessors.
84. Where there are two or more Arbitrators, if they do not within such a time as the Companies agree on, or, failing such agreement, within thirty days next after the reference is made to the Arbitrators, agree on their award thereon, then the matters referred to them, or such of those matters as are not then determined, shall stand referred to their Umpire.
- Reference to Umpire.
85. The Arbitrator, and the Arbitrators, and the Umpire respectively may call for the production of any documents or evidence in the possession or power of the Companies respectively, or which they respectively can produce, and which the Arbitrator, or the Arbitrators, or the Umpire shall think necessary for determining the matters referred, and may examine the witnesses of the Companies respectively on oath or affirmation, and may administer the requisite oath or affirmation.
- Power for Arbitrators, &c., to call for books, &c., and administer oath.

86. Except where and as the Companies otherwise agree, the Arbitrator, and the Arbitrators, and the Umpire respectively may proceed in the business of the reference in such manner as he and they respectively shall think fit.
- Procedure in the arbitration.
87. The Arbitrator, and the Arbitrators, and the Umpire respectively may proceed in the absence of all or any of the Companies in every case in which, after giving notice in that behalf to the Companies respectively, the Arbitrator, or the Arbitrators, or the Umpire shall think fit so to proceed.
- Arbitration may proceed in absence of Companies.
88. The Arbitrator, and the Arbitrators, and the Umpire respectively may, if he and they respectively think fit, make several awards, each on part of the matters referred, instead of one award on all the matters referred. Every such award on part of the matters shall for such time as shall be stated in the award, the same being such as shall have been specified in the agreement for arbitration, or in the event of no time having been so specified, for any time which the Arbitrator may be legally entitled to fix, be binding as to all the matters to which it extends, and as if the matters awarded on were all the matters referred, and that notwithstanding the other matters or any of them be not then or thereafter awarded on.
- Several awards may be made.
89. The award of the Arbitrator, or of the Arbitrators, or of the Umpire, if made in writing under his or their respective hand or hands and ready to be delivered to the Companies within such a time as the Companies agree on, or failing such agreement within thirty days next after the matters in difference are referred to (as the case may be) the Arbitrator, or the Arbitrators, or the Umpire, shall be binding and conclusive on all the Companies.
- Awards made in due time to bind all parties.
90. Provided always that (except where and as the Companies otherwise agree) the Umpire, from time to time by writing under his hand, may extend the period within which his award is to be made. If it be made and ready to be delivered within the extended time, it shall be as valid and effectual as if made within the prescribed period.
- Power for Umpire to extend period for making his award.
91. No award made on any arbitration in accordance with this Act shall be set aside for any irregularity or informality.
- Awards not to be set aside for informality.
92. Except only so far as the Companies bound by any award in accordance with this Act from time to time otherwise agree, all things by every award in accordance with this Act lawfully required to be done, omitted or suffered, shall be done, omitted or suffered accordingly.
- Awards to be obeyed.
93. Full effect shall be given by the Courts according to their respective jurisdictions, and by the Companies respectively, and otherwise, to all agreements, references, arbitrations and awards in accordance with this Act; and the performance or observance thereof may, where the Courts think fit, be compelled by any process against the Companies respectively or their respective property that the Courts or any Judge thereof shall direct, and where requisite frame, for the purpose.
- Agreements, arbitrations and awards to have effect.
94. Except where and as the Companies otherwise agree, the costs of and attending the arbitration and the award shall be in the discretion of the Arbitrator, and the Arbitrators, and the Umpire respectively.
- Costs of arbitration and award.

95. Except where and as the Companies otherwise agree, and if and so far as the award does not otherwise determine, the costs of and attending the arbitration and the award, shall be borne and paid by the Companies in equal shares, and in other respects the Companies shall bear their own respective costs.

96. On the application of any party interested, the submission to any such arbitration may be filed in the High Court, and an order of reference may be made thereon, with any directions the Court thinks fit; and the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, so far as the same are applicable, apply to every such order and to all proceedings thereunder.

PART IV.

WINDING-UP OF COMPANIES AND ASSOCIATIONS UNDER THIS ACT.

Preliminary.

97. The term "contributory" shall mean every person liable to contribute to the assets of a Company under this Act in the event of the same being wound up; it shall also, in all proceedings for determining the persons who are to be deemed contributories, and in all proceedings prior to the final determination of such persons, include any person alleged to be a contributory.

98. The liability of any person to contribute to the assets of a Company under this Act in the event of the same being wound up, shall be deemed to create a debt accruing due from such person at the time when his liability commenced, but payable at the time or respective times when calls are made as hereinafter mentioned for enforcing such liability; and it shall be lawful in the case of the insolvency of any contributory to prove against his estate the estimated value of his liability to future calls, as well as calls already made.

99. If any contributory dies either before or after he has been placed on the list of contributories hereinafter mentioned, his personal representatives, heirs, and devisees shall be liable in a due course of administration to contribute to the assets of the Company in discharge of the liability of such deceased contributory, and such personal representatives, heirs and devisees shall be deemed to be contributories accordingly.

100. If any contributory becomes insolvent, either before or after he has been placed on the list of contributories, his assignees shall be deemed to represent such insolvent for all the purposes of the winding-up, and shall be deemed to be contributories accordingly, and may be called upon to admit to prove against the estate of such insolvent, or otherwise to allow to be paid out of his assets in due course of law, any monies due from such insolvent in respect of his liability to contribute to the assets of the Company being wound up.

Winding-up by Court.

101. A Company under this Act may be wound up by the Court as hereinafter defined, under the following circumstances; (that is to say)—

(1.) Whenever the Company has passed a Special Resolution requiring the Company to be wound up by the Court:

(2.) Whenever the Company does not commence its business within a year from its incorporation, or suspend its business for the space of a whole year:

(3.) Whenever the members are reduced in number to less than seven:

(4.) Whenever the Company is unable to pay its debts:

(5.) Whenever the Court is of opinion that it is just and equitable that the Company should be wound up.

Company when 102. A Company under this Act shall be deemed unable to pay its debts—

(1.) Whenever a creditor, by assignment or otherwise, to whom the Company is indebted in a sum exceeding five hundred Rupees then due, has served on the Company, by leaving the same at its registered Office, a demand under his hand requiring the Company to pay the sum so due, and the Company has for the space of three weeks succeeding the service of such demand neglected to pay such sum, or to secure or compound for the same to the reasonable satisfaction of the creditor:

(2.) Whenever execution or other process issued on a decree or order obtained in any Court in favor of any creditor, in any proceeding instituted by such creditor against the Company, is returned unsatisfied in whole or in part:

(3.) Whenever it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the Company is unable to pay its debts.

103. The expression "the Court," as used in this part of this Act, shall mean the principal Court having original civil jurisdiction in the place in which the registered Office of the Company is situate; unless in the regulations for the management of the Company it shall be stipulated that the Company shall be wound up by the High Court of Judicature at Fort William, Madras or Bombay (as the case may be), or by the Chief Court of the Punjab, in which case the word 'Court' shall mean the said High Court or Chief Court (as the case may be) in the exercise of its original Civil jurisdiction.

104. Any application to the Court for the winding-up of a Company under this Act shall be by petition, which may be presented by the Company, or by any one or more creditor or creditors, contributory or contributories of the Company, or by all or any of the above parties, together or separately. Every order which may be made on any such petition shall operate in favor of all the creditors and all the contributories of the Company, in the same manner as if it had been made upon the joint petition of a creditor and a contributory.

105. A winding-up of a Company by the Court shall be deemed to commence at the time of the presentation of the petition for the winding-up.

106. The Court may at any time after the presentation of a petition for winding-up a Company under this Act and before making an order for winding-up the Company, upon the application of the Company or of any creditor or contributory of the Company, restrain further proceedings in any suit or proceedings against the Company, upon such terms as the Court thinks fit. The Court may also at any time after the presentation of such petition and before the first appointment of Liquidators, appoint provisionally an Official Liquidator of the estate and effects of the Company.

Course to be pursued by Court on hearing application.

107. Upon hearing the petition, the Court may dismiss the same with or without costs, may adjourn the hearing conditionally or unconditionally, and may make any interim order or any other order that it deems just.

108. When an order has been made for winding-up a Company under this Act, no suit or other proceeding shall be proceeded with or commenced against the Company, except with the leave of the Court and subject to such terms as the Court may impose.

Suits to be stayed after order for winding-up.

109. When an order has been made for winding-up a Company under this Act, a copy of such order shall forthwith be forwarded by the Company to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies; who shall make a Minute thereof in his Books relating to the Company.

Copy of order to be forwarded to Registrar.

110. The Court may at any time after an order has been made for winding-up a Company, upon the application of any creditor or contributory of the Company, and upon proof to the satisfaction of the Court that all proceedings in relation to such winding-up ought to be stayed, make an order staying the same, either altogether or for a limited time, on such terms and subject to such conditions as it deems fit.

Power of Court to stay proceedings.

111. When an order has been made for winding-up a Company limited by guarantee and having a capital divided into shares, any share-capital that may not have been called up shall be deemed to be assets of the Company and to be a debt due to the Company from each member to the extent of any sums that may be unpaid on any shares held by him, and payable at such time as may be appointed by the Court.

Effect of order on share-capital of Company limited by guarantee.

112. The Court may, as to all matters relating to the winding-up, have regard to the wishes of the creditors or contributories as proved to it by any sufficient evidence, and may, if it thinks it expedient, direct meetings of the creditors or contributories to be summoned, held and conducted in such manner as the Court directs, for the purpose of ascertaining their wishes, and may appoint a person to act as Chairman of any such meeting and to report the result of such meeting to the Court. In the case of creditors, regard is to be had to the value of the debts due to each creditor, and in the case of contributories, to the number of votes conferred on each contributory by the regulations of the Company.

Court may have regard to wishes of creditors or contributories.

Official Liquidators.

113. For the purpose of conducting the proceedings in winding-up a Company and assisting the Court therein, there may be appointed a person or persons to be called an Official Liquidator or Official Liquidators. The Court may appoint such person or persons, either provisionally or otherwise, as it thinks fit, to the office of Official Liquidator or Official Liquidators. In all cases, if more persons than one are appointed to the office of Official Liquidator, the Court shall declare whether any act hereby required or authorized to be done by the Official Liquidator is to be done by all or any one or more of such persons. The Court may also determine whether any and what security is to be given by any Official Liquidator on his appointment. If no Official Liquidator is appointed, or during any vacancy in such appointment, all the property of the Company shall be deemed to be in the custody of the Court.

Appointment of Official Liquidator.

114. Any Official Liquidator may resign or be removed by the Court on due cause shown. Any vacancy in the office of an Official Liquidator appointed by the Court shall be filled by the Court. There shall be paid to the Official Liquidator such salary or remuneration, by way of percentage, or otherwise, as the Court may direct; and if more Liquidators than one are appointed, such remuneration shall be distributed amongst them in such proportions as the Court directs.

Resignations, removals, filling up vacancies, and compensation.

115. The Official Liquidator or Liquidators shall be described by the style of the Official Liquidator or Official Liquidators of the particular Company in respect of which he is or they are appointed, and not by his or their individual name or names. He or they shall take into his or their custody, or under his or their control, all the property, effects, and things in action to which the Company is or appears to be entitled, and shall perform such duties in reference to the winding-up of the Company as may be imposed by the Court.

Style and duties of Official Liquidator.

116. The Official Liquidator shall have power, with the sanction of the Court, to do the following things:—

Powers of Official Liquidator.

(1.) To bring or defend any suit or prosecution, or other legal proceeding, Civil or Criminal, in the name and on behalf of the Company:

(2.) To carry on the business of the Company, so far as may be necessary for the beneficial winding-up of the same:

(3.) To sell the immovable and movable property, effects and things in action of the Company by public auction or private contract, with power to transfer the whole thereof to any person or Company, or to sell the same in parcels:

(4.) To do all acts, and to execute, in the name and on behalf of the Company, all deeds, receipts and other documents, and for that purpose to use, when necessary, the Company's Seal:

(5.) To prove, rank, claim and draw a dividend, in the matter of the insolvency of any contributory, for any balance against the estate of such contributory, and to take and receive dividends in respect of such balance, in the matter of the insolvency as a separate debt due from such insolvent, and rateably with the other separate creditors:

(6.) To draw, accept, make and endorse any Bill of Exchange, Hundi or Promissory Note in the name and on behalf of the Company, also to raise upon the security of the assets of the Company, from time to time any requisite sum or sums of money; and the drawing, accepting, making or endorsing of every such Bill of Exchange, Hundi or Promissory Note as aforesaid on behalf of the Company, shall have the same effect with respect to the liability of such Company as if such bill or note had been drawn, accepted, made or endorsed by or on behalf of such Company in the course of carrying on the business thereof:

(7.) To take out, if necessary, in his official name, letters of administration to any deceased contributory, and to do in his official name any other act that may be necessary for obtaining payment of any monies due from a contributory or from his estate, and which act cannot be conveniently done in the name of the Company; and in all cases where he takes out letters of administration, or otherwise uses his official name for obtaining payment of any monies due from a contributory, such monies shall, for the purpose of enabling him to take out such letters or recover such monies, be deemed to be due to the Official Liquidator himself: Provided that nothing herein contained shall be deemed to affect the rights, duties and privileges of the Administrators General and Officiating Administrators General of Bengal, Madras and Bombay respectively:

(8.) To do and execute all such other things as may be necessary for winding-up the affairs of the Company and distributing its assets.

117. The Court may provide by any order that the Official Liquidator may exercise any of the above powers without the sanction or intervention of the Court, and, where an Official Liquidator is provisionally appointed, may limit and restrict his powers by the order appointing him.

Discretion of Official Liquidator. Appointment of Attorney or Vakeel to Official Liquidator.

118. The Official Liquidator may, with the sanction of the Court, appoint an Attorney or Vakeel to assist him in the performance of his duties.

Ordinary Powers of Court.

119. As soon as may be after making an order for winding-up the Company, the Court shall settle a list of contributories, with power to rectify the Register of members in all cases where such rectification is required in pursuance of this Act, and shall cause the assets of the Company to be collected and applied in discharge of its liabilities.

Collection and application of assets.

120. In settling the list of contributories, the Court shall distinguish between persons who are contributories in their own right, and persons who are contributories as being representatives of or being liable to the debts of others.

Provision as to representative contributories.

121. The Court may, at any time after making an order for winding-up a Company, require any contributory for the time being, settled on the list of contributories, trustee, receiver, banker or agent, or Officer of the Company to pay, deliver, convey, surrender or transfer forthwith, or within such time as the Court directs, to or into the hands of the Official Liquidator any sum or balance, books, papers, estate or effects which happen to be in his hands for the time being, and to which the Company is *prima facie* entitled.

122. The Court may, at any time after making an order for winding-up the Company, make an order on any contributory for the time being settled on the list of contributories, directing payment to be made, in manner in the said order mentioned, of any monies due from him or from the estate of the person whom he represents to the Company, exclusive of any monies which he or the estate of the person whom he represents may be liable to contribute by virtue of any call made or to be made by the Court in pursuance of this part of this Act. The Court may, in making such order, when the Company is not limited, allow to such contributory by way of set-off any monies due to him or the estate which he represents from the Company on any independent dealing or contract with the Company, but not any monies due to him as a member of the Company in respect of any dividend or profits. Provided that when all the creditors of any Company, whether limited or unlimited, are paid in full, any monies due on any account whatever to any contributory from the Company may be allowed to him by way of set-off against any subsequent call or calls.

123. The Court may, at any time after making an order for winding-up a Company, and either before or after it has ascertained the sufficiency of the assets of the Company, make calls on and order payment thereof by all or any of the contributories, for the time being settled on the list of contributories, to the extent of their liability, for payment of all or any sums it deems necessary to satisfy the debts and liabilities of the Company, and the costs, charges and expenses of winding it up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves. The Court may, in making a call, take into consideration the probability that some

of the contributories upon whom the same is made may partly or wholly fail to pay their respective portions of the same.

124. The Court may order any contributory, purchaser or other person from whom money is due to the Company, to pay the same into the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay, as the case may be, or any branch thereof respectively, to the account of the Official Liquidator instead of to the Official Liquidator, and such order may be enforced in the same manner as if it had directed payment to the Official Liquidator.

125. All monies, bills, notes and other securities, paid and delivered into the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, or the Bank of Bombay, or any branch thereof respectively, in the event of a Company being wound up by the Court, shall be subject to such order and regulation for the keeping of the account of such monies and other effects, and for the payment and delivery in or investment and payment and delivery out of the same, as the Court may direct.

126. If any person made a contributory as personal representative of a deceased contributory makes default in paying any sum ordered to be paid by him, proceedings may be taken for administering the property of such deceased contributory, whether movable or immovable, or both, and of compelling payment thereof of the monies due.

127. Any order made by the Court in pursuance of this Act upon any contributory shall, subject to the provisions herein contained for appealing against such order, be conclusive evidence that the monies, if any, thereby appearing to be due or ordered to be paid are due, and all other pertinent matters stated in such order are to be taken to be truly stated as against all persons and in all proceedings whatsoever.

128. The Court may fix a certain day or certain days on or within which creditors of the Company are to prove their debts or claims, or to be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

129. The Court shall adjust the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, and distribute any surplus that may remain amongst the parties entitled thereto.

130. The Court may, in the event of the assets being insufficient to satisfy the liabilities, make an order as to the payment out of the estate of the Company of the costs, charges and expenses incurred in winding-up any Company in such order of priority as the Court thinks just.

131. When the affairs of the Company have been completely wound up, the Court shall make an order that the Company be dissolved from the date of such order, and the Company shall be dissolved accordingly.

132. Any order so made shall be reported by the Registrar to make Minute of Dissolution of Company. Official Liquidator to the Registrar, who shall make a Minute accordingly in his Books of the dissolution of such Company.

133. If the Official Liquidator makes default in reporting to the Registrar, in the case of a Company being wound up by the Court, the order that the Company be dissolved, he shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees for every day during which he is so in default.

Penalty on not reporting dissolution of Company.

Extraordinary Powers of Court.

134. The Court may, after it has made an order for winding-up the Company, summon before it any Officer of the Company or person known or suspected to have in his possession any of the estate or effects of the Company, or supposed to be indebted to the Company, or any person whom the Court may deem capable of giving information concerning the trade, dealings, estate or effects of the Company. The Court may require any such Officer or person to produce any documents in his custody or power relating to the Company. If any person so summoned, after being tendered a reasonable sum for his expenses, refuses to come before the Court at the time appointed, having no lawful impediment (made known to the Court at the time of its sitting and allowed by it, the Court may cause such person to be apprehended and brought before the Court for examination. Nevertheless, in cases where any person claims any lien on documents produced by him, such production shall be without prejudice to such lien, and the Court shall have jurisdiction in the winding-up to determine all questions relating to such lien.

135. The Court may examine upon oath or affirmation, either by word of mouth or upon written interrogatories, any person appearing or brought before it in manner aforesaid, concerning the affairs, dealings, estate or effects of the Company, and may reduce into writing the answers of every such person, and require him to subscribe the same.

136. The Court may, at any time before or after it has made an order for winding-up a Company, upon proof being given that there is probable cause for believing that any contributory to such Company is about to quit British India, or otherwise abscond, or to remove or conceal any of his goods or chattels, for the purpose of evading payment of calls, or for avoiding examination in respect of the affairs of the Company, cause such contributory to be arrested, and his books, papers, monies, securities for monies, goods and chattels to be seized, and him and them to be safely kept until such time as the Court may order.

137. Any powers by this Act conferred on the Court shall be deemed to be in addition to, and not in restriction of, any other powers subsisting of instituting proceedings against any contributory, or the estate of any contributory or against any debtor of the Company, for the recovery, of any call or other sums due from such contributory or debtor, or his estate and such proceedings may be instituted accordingly.

Enforcement of and Appeal from Orders.

138. All orders made by a Court under this Act may be enforced in the same manner in which decrees of such Court made in any suit pending therein may be enforced.

139. Any order made by a Court for or in the course of the winding-up of a Company under this Act shall be enforced in any part of British India other than that in which such Court is situate, in the Court that would have had jurisdiction in respect of such Company if the registered Office of the Company had been situate in such other part, and in the same manner in all respects as if such order had been made by the Court that is hereby required to enforce the same.

140. Where any order or decree made by one Court is required to be enforced by another Court as hereinbefore provided, a certified copy of the order or decree so made shall be produced to the proper Officer of the Court required to enforce the same and the production of such certified copy shall be sufficient evidence of such order or decree having been made, and thereupon such last-mentioned Court shall take such steps in the matter as may be requisite for enforcing such order or decree, in the same manner as if it were the order or decree of the Court enforcing the same.

141. Re-hearings of and appeals from any order or decision made or given in the matter of the winding-up of a Company by the Court, may be had in the same manner and subject to the same conditions in and subject to which appeals may be had from any order or decision of the same Court in cases within its ordinary jurisdiction; subject to this restriction, that no such re-hearing or appeal shall be heard unless notice of the same is given within three weeks after any order complained of has been made, in manner in which notices of appeal are ordinarily given under the Code of Civil Procedure, unless such time is extended by the Court of Appeal.

142. In all proceedings under this part of this Act, every Court, Judge and person judicially acting, and all other Officers, judicial or ministerial, of any Court, or employed in enforcing the process of any Court, shall take judicial notice of the signature of any Officer of any other Court, and also of the Official Seal of any other Court when such Seal is appended to any document made, issued, or signed under the provisions of this part of the Act, or any official copy thereof.

143. The Judges of the District Courts who sit at places more than twenty English miles from the usual place of sitting of the High Court, shall be Commissioners for the purpose of taking evidence under this Act in cases where any Company is wound-up in a High Court, and it shall be lawful for the High Court to refer the whole or any part of the examination of any witnesses under this Act to any person hereby appointed Commissioner, although such Commissioner is out of the jurisdiction of the Court that made the order or decree for winding-up the Company. Every such Commissioner shall, in addition to any power of summoning and examining witnesses, and requiring the production or delivery of documents and certifying or punishing defaults by witnesses, which he might lawfully exercise as a Judge of a District Court, have, in the matter so referred to him, all the same powers of summoning and examining witnesses and requiring the production or delivery of documents and punishing defaults by witnesses, and allowing costs and charges and expenses to witnesses, as the Court which made the order for winding-up the Company has, and the examination so taken shall be returned or reported to such last-mentioned Court in such manner as it directs.

144. If any affidavit, affirmation or declaration required to be sworn or made under the provisions or for the purposes of this part of this Act, be lawfully sworn or made in British India, or in Great Britain or Ireland, or in any Colony, Island, Plantation or place under the dominion of Her Majesty in foreign parts, before any competent Court, Judge or person lawfully authorized to take and receive affidavits, affirmations or declarations, or before any of Her Majesty's Consuls or Vice-Consuls in any foreign parts out of Her Majesty's dominions, all Courts, Judges, Justices, Commissioners and persons acting judicially in British India shall take judicial notice of the Seal or stamp or signature (as the case may be) of any

such Court, Judge, person, Consul or Vice-Consul, attached, appended or subscribed to any such affidavit, affirmation or declaration, or to any other document to be used for the purposes of this part of this Act.

Voluntary Winding-up of Company.

Circumstances under which Com- 145. A Company under this Act
pany may be wound-up voluntarily. may be wound-up voluntarily.

(1.) Whenever the period, if any, fixed for the duration of the Com-
pany by the Articles of Association expires, or whenever the event, if any,
occurs upon the occurrence of which it is provided by the Articles of Associ-
ation that the Company is to be dissolved, and the Company in General
Meeting has passed a Resolution requiring the Company to be wound-up
voluntarily:

(2.) Whenever the Company has passed a Special Resolution requiring
the Company to be wound-up voluntarily:

(3.) Whenever the Company has passed an Extraordinary Resolution
to the effect that it has been proved to their satisfaction that the Company
cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business, and that it is advis-
able to wind-up the same:

For the purposes of this Act any Resolution shall be deemed to be
extraordinary which is passed in such manner as would, if it had been con-
firmed by a subsequent meeting, have constituted a Special Resolution as
hereinbefore defined.

Commencement of 146. A voluntary winding-up shall be deemed
voluntary winding-up. to commence at the time of passing of the Resolution
authorizing such winding-up.

147. Whenever a Company is wound-up voluntarily, the Company shall,
from the date of the commencement of such winding-
up, cease to carry on its business, except in so far as
Effect of voluntary may be required for the beneficial winding-up there-
winding-up on status of up; and all transfers of shares, except transfers made
Company. to or with the sanction of the Liquidators, or alter-
ation in the status of the members of the Company taking place after the
commencement of such winding-up shall be void, but its corporate state and
all its corporate powers shall, notwithstanding it is otherwise provided by its
regulations, continue until the affairs of the Company are wound-up.

148. Notice of any Special Resolution or Extraordinary Resolution
passed for winding-up a Company voluntarily shall
Notice of Resolution be given by advertisement in the Local Official Gazette,
to wind-up voluntar- and also in some newspaper (if any) circulating in the
rily. place where the registered Office of the Company
is situate.

Consequences of vol- 149. The following consequences shall ensue
untary winding-up. upon the voluntary winding-up of Company:—

(1.) The property of the Company shall be applied in satisfaction of
all its liabilities *pari passu*, and subject thereto shall, unless it be otherwise
provided by the regulations of the Company, be distributed amongst the mem-
bers according to their rights and interests in the Company:

(2.) Liquidators shall be appointed for the purpose of winding-up the
affairs of the Company and distributing the property:

(3.) The Company in General Meeting shall appoint such persons or
person as it thinks fit to be Liquidators or a Liquidator, and may fix the
remuneration to be paid to them or him:

(4.) If one person only is appointed, all the provisions herein contain-
ed in reference to several Liquidators shall apply to him:

(5.) Upon the appointment of Liquidators, all the powers of the Direc-
tors shall cease, except in so far as the Company in General Meeting or the
Liquidators may sanction the continuance of such powers:

(6.) When several Liquidators are appointed, every power hereby
given may be exercised by such one or more of them as may be determined
at the time of their appointment, or, in default of such determination, by any
number not less than two:

(7.) The Liquidators may, without the sanction of the Court, exercise
all powers by this Act given to the Official Liquidators:

(8.) The Liquidators may exercise the powers hereinbefore given to
the Court of settling the list of contributories of the Company, and any list
so settled shall be *prima facie* evidence of the liability of the persons named
therein to be contributories:

(9.) The Liquidators may at any time after the passing of the Resolu-
tion for winding-up the Company, and before they have ascertained the suffi-
ciency of the assets of the Company, call on all or any of the contributories
for the time being settled on the list of contributories, to the extent of their
liability, to pay all or any sums they deem necessary to satisfy the debts and
liabilities of the Company, and the costs, charges and expenses of winding it
up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst them-
selves, and the Liquidators may, in making a call, take into consideration the
probability that some of the contributories upon whom the same is made may
partly or wholly fail to pay their respective portions of the same:

(10.) The Liquidators shall pay the debts of the Company, and adjust
the rights of the contributories amongst themselves.

150. Where a Company limited by guarantee and having a capital divid-
ed into shares is being wound-up voluntarily, any
Effect of winding- share-capital that may not have been called up shall
up on Share-capital of be deemed to be assets of the Company and to be a
Company limited by debt due from each member to the Company to the
guarantee. extent of any sums that may be unpaid on any shares
held by him, and payable at such time as may be
appointed by the Liquidators.

151. A Company about to be wound-up voluntarily or in the course of
being wound-up voluntarily may, by an Extraordinary
Power of Company Resolution, delegate to its creditors, or to any Com-
to delegate authority mittee of its creditors, the power of appointing Liqui-
to appoint Liquida- dators or any of them, and supplying any vacancies
tors. in the appointment of Liquidators, or may by a like
Resolution enter into any arrangement with respect
to the powers to be exercised by the Liquidators and the manner in which they
are to be exercised. Any act done by the creditors in pursuance of such dele-
gated power shall have the same effect as if it had been done by the Company.

152. Any arrangement which a Company about to be wound-up volunta-
rily or in the course of being wound-up voluntarily
Arrangement when shall have entered into with its creditors, shall be
binding on creditors. binding on the Company if sanctioned by an Extraor-
dinary Resolution, and on the creditors if acceded to
by three-fourths in number and value of the creditors, subject to such right
of appeal as is hereinafter mentioned.

153. Any creditor or contributory of a Company that has in manner
aforesaid entered into any arrangement with its cre-
Powers of creditor ditors may, within three weeks from the date of the
or contributory to ap- completion of such arrangement, appeal to the Court
peal. against such arrangement, and the Court may there-
upon, as it thinks just, amend, vary or confirm the same.

154. Where a Company is being wound-up voluntarily, the Liquidators or any contributory of the Company may apply to the Court to determine any question arising in the matter of such winding-up, or to exercise as respects the enforcing of calls or in respect of any other matter all or any of the powers which the Court might exercise if the Company were being wound-up by the Court.

The Court, if satisfied that the determination of such question or the required exercise of power will be just and beneficial, may accede, wholly or partially, to such application, on such terms and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks fit, or it may make such other order or decree on such application as the Court thinks just.

155. Where a Company is being wound-up voluntarily, the Liquidators may, from time to time during the continuance of such winding-up, summon General Meetings of the Company for the purpose of obtaining the sanction of the Company by special Resolution or Extraordinary Resolution or for any other purposes they think fit.

In the event of the winding-up continuing for more than one year, the Liquidators shall summon a General Meeting of the Company at the end of the first year and of each succeeding year from the commencement of the winding-up, or as soon thereafter as may be convenient, and shall lay before such meeting an account showing their acts and dealings and the manner in which the winding-up has been conducted during the preceding year.

156. If any vacancy occurs in the office of Liquidators appointed by the Company, by death, resignation or otherwise, the Company in General Meeting may, subject to any arrangement they may have entered into with their creditors, fill up such vacancy, and a General Meeting for the purpose of filling up such vacancy may be convened by the continuing Liquidators, if any, or by any contributory of the Company, and shall be deemed to have been duly held if held in manner prescribed by the regulations of the Company, or in such other manner as may, on application by the continuing Liquidator, if any, or by any contributory of the Company, be determined by the Court.

157. If from any cause whatever there is no Liquidator acting in the case of a voluntary winding-up, the Court may, on the application of a contributory, appoint a Liquidator or Liquidators. The Court may also, on due cause shown, remove any Liquidator, and appoint another Liquidator to act in the matter of a voluntary winding-up.

158. As soon as the affairs of the Company are fully wound-up, the Liquidators shall make up an account showing the manner in which such winding-up has been conducted and the property of the Company disposed of; and thereupon they shall call a General Meeting of the Company for the purpose of having the account laid before them, and hearing any explanation that may be given by the Liquidators. The Meeting shall be called by advertisement, specifying the time, place and object of such meeting, and such advertisement shall be published one month at least previously to the meeting, in the manner specified in Section 148.

159. The Liquidators shall make a return to the Registrar of such meeting having been held, and of the date at which the same was held, and on the expiration of three months from the date of the registration of such return, the Company shall be deemed to be dissolved. If the Liquidators make default in making such return to the Registrar, they shall incur a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees for every day during which such default continues.

Liquidators to report meeting to Registrar.

160. All costs, charges and expenses properly incurred in the voluntary winding-up of a Company, including the remuneration of the Liquidators, shall be payable out of the assets of the Company in priority to all other claims.

161. The voluntary winding-up of a Company shall not be a bar to the right of any creditor of such Company to have the same wound-up by the Court, if the Court is of the opinion that the rights of such creditor will be prejudiced by a voluntary winding-up.

162. Where a Company is in course of being wound-up voluntarily, and proceedings are taken for the purpose of having the same wound-up by the Court, the Court may, if it thinks fit, notwithstanding that it makes an order directing the Company to be wound-up by the Court, provide in such order or in any other order for the adoption of all or any of the proceedings taken in the course of the voluntary winding-up.

Winding-up subject to the Supervision of the Court.

163. When a resolution has been passed by a Company to wind-up voluntarily, the Court may make an order directing that the voluntary winding-up should continue, but subject to such supervision of the Court, and with such liberty for creditors, contributories or others to apply to the Court, and generally upon such terms and subject to such conditions as the Court thinks just.

164. A petition praying wholly or in part that a voluntary winding-up should continue, but subject to the supervision of the Court, and which winding-up is hereinafter referred to as a winding-up subject to the supervision of the Court, shall, for the purpose of giving jurisdiction to the Court over suits, be deemed to be a petition for winding-up the Company by the Court.

165. The Court may, in determining whether a Company is to be wound-up altogether by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, in the appointment of a Liquidator or Liquidators, and in all other matters relating to the winding-up subject to supervision, have regard to the wishes of the creditors or contributories as proved to it by any sufficient evidence, and may direct meetings of the creditors or contributories to be summoned, held and regulated in such manner as the Court directs for the purpose of ascertaining their wishes, and may appoint a person to act as Chairman of any such meeting, and to report the result of such meeting to the Court. In the case of creditors, regard shall be had to the value of the debts due to each creditor, and in the case of contributories to the number of votes conferred on each contributory by the regulations of the Company.

166. Where any order is made by the Court for a winding-up subject to the supervision of the Court, the Court may, in such order or in any subsequent order, appoint any additional Liquidator or Liquidators. Any Liquidators so appointed by the Court shall have the same powers, be subject to the same obligations, and in all respects stand in the same position as if they had been appointed by the Company. The Court may from time to time remove any Liquidators so appointed by the Court, and fill up any vacancy occasioned by such removal, or by death or resignation.

Power to Court to appoint additional Liquidators in winding-up subject to supervision.

167. Where an order is made for a winding-up subject to the supervision of the Court, the Liquidators appointed to conduct such winding-up may, subject to any restrictions imposed by the Court, exercise all their powers, without the sanction or intervention of the Court, in the same manner as if the Company were being wound-up altogether voluntarily. Save as aforesaid any order made by the Court for a winding-up subject to the supervision of the Court, shall for all purposes, including the staying of suits and other proceedings, be deemed to be an order of the Court for winding-up the Company by the Court, and shall confer full authority on the Court to make calls, or to enforce calls made by the Liquidators, and to exercise all other powers which it might have exercised if an order had been made for winding-up the company altogether by the Court. In the construction of the provisions whereby the Court is empowered to direct any act or thing to be done to or in favor of the Official Liquidators, the expression Official Liquidators shall be deemed to mean the Liquidators conducting the winding-up subject to the supervision of the Court.

168. Where an order has been made for winding-up of the Company subject to the supervision of the Court, and such order is afterwards superseded by an order directing the Company to be wound-up compulsorily, the Court may, in such last-mentioned order or in any subsequent order, appoint the voluntary Liquidators or any of them, either provisionally or permanently, and either with or without the addition of any other persons to be Official Liquidators.

Supplemental Provisions.

169. Where any Company is being wound up by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, all dispositions of the property, effects and things in action of the Company, and every transfer of shares or alteration in the status of the members of the Company, made between the commencement of the winding-up and the order for winding-up, shall, unless the Court otherwise orders, be void.

170. Where any Company is being wound-up, all books, accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators shall, as between the contributories of the Company, be *prima facie* evidence of the truth of all matters purporting to be therein recorded.

171. Where any Company has been wound-up under this Act and is about to be dissolved, the books, accounts and documents of the Company and of the Liquidators may be disposed of in the following way; that is to say, where the Company has been wound-up by or subject to the supervision of the Court, in such way as the Court directs, and where the Company has been wound-up voluntarily, in such way as the Company by an Extraordinary Resolution directs. But after the lapse of five years from the date of such dissolution, no responsibility shall rest on the Company or the Liquidators, or any one to whom the custody of such books, accounts and documents has been committed, by reason that the same or any of them cannot be made forthcoming to any party or parties claiming to be interested therein.

172. Where an order has been made for winding-up a Company by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, the Court may make such order for the inspection by the creditors and contributories of the Company of its

books and papers as the Court thinks just, and any books and papers in the possession of the Company may be inspected by creditors or contributories in conformity with the order of the Court, but not further or otherwise.

173. The Liquidators may, with the sanction of the Court, where the Company is being wound-up by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, and with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the Company where the Company is being wound-up altogether voluntarily, pay any classes of creditors in full, or make such compromise or other arrangement as the Liquidators may deem expedient with creditors or persons claiming to be creditors, or persons having or alleging themselves to have any claim, present or future, whereby the Company may be rendered liable.

174. The Liquidators may, with the sanction of the Court where the Company is being wound-up by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, and with the sanction of an Extraordinary Resolution of the Company where the Company is being wound-up altogether voluntarily, compromise all calls and liabilities to calls, debts and liabilities capable of resulting in debts, and all claims, whether present or future, subsisting or supposed to subsist, between the Company and any contributory or alleged contributory, or other debtor or person apprehending liability to the Company, and all questions in any way relating to or affecting the assets of the Company or the winding-up of the Company, generally upon such terms as may be agreed upon, with power for the Liquidators to take any security for the discharge of such debts or liabilities, and to give complete discharges in respect of all or any such calls, debts or liabilities.

175. Where any Company is proposed to be or is in the course of being wound-up altogether voluntarily, and the whole or a portion of its business or property is proposed to be transferred or sold to another Company, the Liquidators of the first-mentioned Company may with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company by whom they were appointed, conferring either a general authority on the Liquidators, or an authority in respect of any particular arrangement, receive in compensation or part compensation for such transfer or sale, shares, debentures, policies or other like interests in such other Company, for the purpose of distribution amongst the members of the Company being wound-up, or may enter into any other arrangement whereby the members of the Company being wound up may, in lieu of receiving cash, shares, debentures, policies or other like interests, or in addition thereto, participate in the profits of or receive any other benefit from the purchasing Company; and any sale made or arrangement entered into by the Liquidators in pursuance of this Section shall be binding on the members of the Company being wound-up; subject to this proviso that, if any member of the Company being wound-up, who has not voted in favor of the Special Resolution passed by the Company of which he is a member at either of the meetings held for passing the same, expresses his dissent from any such Special Resolution in writing addressed to the Liquidators or one of them, and left at the registered Office of the Company not later than seven days after the date of the meeting at which such Special Resolution was passed, such dissentient member may require the Liquidators to do one of the following things as the Liquidators may prefer; that is to say, either to abstain from carrying such Resolution into effect, or to purchase the interest held by such dissentient member at a price to be determined in manner hereinafter mentioned, such purchase-money to be paid before the Company is dissolved, and to be raised by the Liquidators in such manner as may be determined by Special Resolution. No Special Resolution shall be deemed invalid for the purposes of this Section by reason that it is passed antecedently to or concurrently with any

Resolution for winding-up the Company, or for appointing Liquidators; but if an order be made within a year for winding-up the Company by or subject to the supervision of the Court, such Resolution shall not be of any validity unless it is sanctioned by the Court.

176. The price to be paid for the purchase of the interest of any dissentient member may be determined by agreement. If the parties dispute about the same, such dispute shall be settled by arbitration under the provisions hereinafter contained.

177. When any dispute so directed to be settled by arbitration shall have arisen, then, unless both parties shall concur in the appointment of a single Arbitrator, each party, on the request of the other party, shall by writing under his hand nominate and appoint an Arbitrator to whom such dispute shall be referred. After any such appointment shall have been made, neither party shall have power to revoke the same without the consent of the other, nor shall the death of either party operate as such revocation. If for the space of fourteen days after any such dispute shall have arisen, and after a request in writing shall have been served by the one party on the other party to appoint an Arbitrator, such last-mentioned party fail to appoint such Arbitrator, then upon such failure the party making the request, and having himself appointed an Arbitrator, may appoint such Arbitrator to act on behalf of both parties, and such Arbitrator may proceed to hear and determine the matters which shall be in dispute; and in such case the award or determination of such single Arbitrator shall be final.

178. If before the matters so referred shall be determined any Arbitrator appointed by either party die, or become incapable or refuse or for seven days neglect to act as Arbitrator, the party by whom such Arbitrator was appointed may nominate and appoint in writing some other person to act in his place; and if for the space of seven days after notice in writing from the other party for that purpose he fail to do so, the remaining or other Arbitrator may proceed *ex-parte*; and every Arbitrator so substituted as aforesaid shall have the same powers and authorities as were vested in the former Arbitrator at the time of such his death, refusal or disability as aforesaid.

179. Where more than one Arbitrator shall have been appointed, such Arbitrators shall, before they enter upon the matters referred to them, nominate and appoint by writing under their hands an Umpire to decide on any such matters on which they shall differ. If such Umpire shall die, or refuse or for seven days neglect to act, they shall forthwith, after such death, refusal or neglect, appoint another Umpire in his place; and the decision of every such Umpire on the matters so referred to him shall be final.

180. The said Arbitrators or their Umpire may call for the production of any documents in the possession or power of either party which they or he may think necessary for determining the question in dispute, and may examine the parties or their witnesses on oath, and administer the oaths necessary for that purpose.

181. The costs of and attending every such arbitration to be determined by the Arbitrators shall be in the discretion of the Arbitrators or their Umpires, as the case may be.

182. On the application of either of the parties the submission to any such arbitration may be filed in the Court, and an order of reference may be made thereon; and the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, so far as the same are applicable, apply to every such order and to all proceedings thereunder.

183. Where any Company is being wound-up by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, any attachment, distress or execution put in force against the estate or effects of the Company after the commencement of the winding-up shall be void.

184. Every conveyance, mortgage, delivery of goods, payment, execution or other act relating to property, which would if made or done by or against any individual trader, be deemed in the event of his insolvency to have been made or done by way of undue or fraudulent preference of the creditors of such trader, shall, if made or done by or against any Company, be deemed, in the event of such Company, being wound-up under this Act, to have been made or done by way of undue or fraudulent preference of the creditors of such Company, and shall be invalid accordingly. For the purposes of this Section, the making of an application for winding-up a Company shall, in the case of a Company being wound-up by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court and a Resolution for winding-up the Company shall in the case of a voluntary winding-up, be deemed to correspond with the act of insolvency in the case of an individual trader; and any conveyance or assignment made by any Company formed under this Act, of all its estate and effects to trustees for the benefit of its all creditors, shall be void.

185. Where in the course of the winding-up of any Company under this Act, it appears that any past or present Director, Manager, Official or other Liquidator, or any Officer of such Company has misapplied or retained in his own hands or become liable or accountable for any monies of the Company, or been guilty of any misfeasance or breach of trust in relation to the Company, the Court may on the application of any Liquidator, or of any creditor or contributory of the Company, notwithstanding that the offence is one for which the offender is criminally responsible, examine into the conduct of such Director, Manager or other Officer, and compel him to repay any monies so misapplied or retained, or for which he has become liable or accountable, together with interest after such rate as the Court thinks just, or to contribute such sums of money to the assets of the Company by way of compensation in respect of such misapplication, retainer, misfeasance or breach of trust, as the Court thinks just.

186. If any Director, Officer or contributory of any Company wound-up under this Act, destroys, mutilates, alters, falsifies or fraudulently secretes any books, papers, writings or securities, or makes, or is privy to the making of any false or fraudulent entry in any Registrar book of account or other document belonging to the Company with intent to defraud or deceive any person, every person so offending shall be punished with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code, for a term which may extend to two years, and shall also be liable to fine which may extend to five hundred Rupees.

187. Where any order is made for winding-up a Company by the Court or subject to the supervision of the Court, if it appear in the course of such winding-up that any past or present Director, Manager, Officer, or member of such Company has been guilty of any offence in relation to the Company for which he is criminally responsible, the Court may on the application of any

person interested in such winding-up or of its own motion, direct the Official Liquidators, or the Liquidators (as the case may be), to institute a prosecution for such offence, and may order the costs and expenses of such prosecution to be paid out of the assets of the Company.

188. If any person, upon any examination upon oath or affirmation authorized under this Act, or in any affidavit, deposition or solemn affirmation in or about the winding-up of any Company under this Act, or otherwise in or about any matter arising under this Act, intentionally gives false evidence, he shall, upon conviction, be liable to imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code for a term which may extend to seven years and shall also be liable to fine.

Power of High Court to make Rules.

189. The High Court may make such rules concerning the mode of proceeding to be had for winding-up a Company in such Court and in the Courts subordinate thereto, as may from time to time seem necessary, and as may be consistent with the other provisions of this Act and with the Code Civil of Procedure. But until such rules are made, the general practice of the Court including the practice hitherto in use in winding-up Companies shall, so far as the same is applicable and not inconsistent with this Act, apply to all proceedings for winding-up a Company.

PART V.

REGISTRATION OFFICE.

Constitution of Registration Office. 190. The registration of Companies under this Act shall be conducted as follows; (that is to say)—

(1.) The Local Government may, after the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council to the creation of any such offices shall have been obtained, from time to time appoint such Registrars, Assistant Registrars, Clerks and servants as it may think necessary for the registration of Companies under this Act, and remove them at pleasure :

(2.) The Local Government may make such regulations as it thinks fit with respect to the duties to be performed by any such Registrars, Assistant Registrars, Clerks and servants as aforesaid :

(3.) The Local Government may from time to time determine the places at which Offices for the registration of Companies are to be established, so that there be at all times maintained in each of the three Presidency Towns of Calcutta, Madras and Bombay at least one such Office, and that no Company shall be registered except at an Office within that part of British India in which by the memorandum of association the registered Office of the Company is declared to be established :

(4.) The local Government may from time to time direct a Seal or Seals to be prepared for the authentication of any documents required for or connected with the registration of Companies :

(5.) Every person may inspect the documents kept by the Registrar of the Joint Stock Companies. There shall be paid for such inspection such fees as may be appointed by the Local Government not exceeding one Rupee for each inspection. Any person may require a certificate of the incorporation of any Company, or a copy or extract of any other document or any part of any other document, to be certified by the Registrar. There shall be paid for such certificate of incorporation, certified copy or extract, such fees as the Local Government may appoint, not exceeding three Rupees for the certificate of incorporation, and not exceeding two annas for each hundred words of such copy or extract :

(6.) The existing Registrar, Assistant Registrars, Clerks and other Officers and servants in the Office for the Registration of Joint Stock Companies shall, during the pleasure of the Local Government, hold the offices and receive the salaries hitherto held and received by them, but they shall in the execution of their duties conform to any regulations that may be issued by the Local Government :

(7.) There shall be paid to any Registrar, Assistant Registrar, Clerk or servant that may hereafter be employed in the Registration of Joint Stock Companies, such salary as the Local Government may, with the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, direct :

(8.) Whenever any act is herein directed to be done to or by the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, such act shall, until the Local Government otherwise directs, be done to or by the existing Registrar of Joint Stock Companies, or in his absence to or by such person as the Local Government may be for the time being authorize. But in the event of the Local Government altering the constitution of the existing Registry Office, such act shall be done to or by such Officer or Officers, and at such place or places with reference to the local situation of the registered Offices of the Companies to be registered as the Local Government may appoint.

PART VI.

APPLICATION OF ACT TO COMPANIES REGISTERED UNDER THE JOINT STOCK COMPANIES' ACTS.

191. Subject as hereinafter-mentioned, this Act, with the exception of Table A in the first Schedule, shall apply to Companies formed and registered under Act No. XIX of 1857 and Act No. VII of 1860 or either of them, in the same manner in the case of a Limited Company as if such Company had been formed and registered under this Act as a Company limited by shares ; and in the case of a Company other than a limited Company, as if such Company had been formed and registered as an unlimited Company under this Act, with this qualification that wherever reference is made expressly or impliedly to the date of registration, such date shall be deemed to refer to the date at which such Companies were respectively registered under the said Acts or either of them, and the power of altering regulations by Special Resolution given by this Act shall, in the case of any Company formed and registered under the said Acts or either of them, extend to altering any provisions contained in the Table marked B annexed to Act No. XIX of 1857, and shall also, in the case of an unlimited Company formed and registered as last aforesaid, extend to altering any regulations relating to the amount of capital or its distribution into shares, notwithstanding such regulations are contained in the memorandum of association.

192. This Act shall apply to Companies registered but not formed under the said Acts, or either of them, in the same manner as it is hereinafter declared to apply to Companies registered but not formed under this Act, with this qualification, that wherever reference is made expressly or impliedly to the date of registration, such date shall be deemed to refer to the date at which such Companies were respectively registered under the said Acts or either of them.

193. Any Company registered under the said Acts or either of them may cause its shares to be transferred in manner hitherto in use, or in such other manner as the Company may direct.

PART VII.

COMPANIES AUTHORIZED TO REGISTER UNDER THIS ACT.

194. With the exceptions made in the next following Section and subject to the regulations therein contained, every Company existing at the time of the commencement of this Act, including any Company registered under either of the said Acts, consisting of seven or more members, and any Company hereafter formed in pursuance of any Act of Parliament, or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council other than this Act, or of Letters Patent, or being otherwise duly constituted by law, and consisting of seven or more members, may at any time hereafter register itself under this Act as an unlimited Company, or a Company limited by shares, or a Company limited by guarantee, and no such registration shall be invalid by reason that it has taken place with a view to the Company being wound-up.

Regulations as to 195. The following regulations shall be observed with respect to the registration of Companies under this part of this Act : (that is to say)—

(1.) No Company having the liability of its members limited by Act of Parliament or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council other than this Act, or by Letters Patent, and not being a Joint Stock Company as hereinafter defined, shall register under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof :

(2.) No Company having the liability of its members limited by Act of Parliament or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council other than this Act, or by Letters Patent, shall register under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof as an unlimited Company, or as a Company limited by guarantee :

(3.) No Life Assurance Company existing at the time of the commencement of this Act, and no Company that is not a Joint Stock Company as hereinafter defined, shall in pursuance of this part of this Act register under this Act as a Company limited by shares :

(4.) No Company shall register under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof unless an assent to its so registering is given by a majority of such of its members as may be present, personally or by proxy in cases where proxies are allowed by the regulations of the Company at some General Meeting summoned for the purpose :

(5.) Where a Company not having the liability of its members limited by Act of Parliament or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or by Letters Patent, is about to register as a Limited Company, the majority required to assent as aforesaid shall consist of not less than three-fourths of the members present personally or by proxy, at such last-mentioned General Meeting :

(6.) Where a Company is about to register as a Company limited by guarantee, the assent to its being so registered shall be accompanied by a Resolution declaring that each member undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound-up during time that he is a member or within one year afterwards, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before the time at which he ceased to be a member, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up the Company, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding a specified amount.

In computing any majority under this Section, when a poll is demanded, regard shall be had to the number of votes to which each member is entitled according to the regulations of the Company of which he is a member.

196. For the purposes of this part of this Act so far as the same relates to the description of Companies empowered to register as Companies limited by shares, a Joint Stock Company shall be deemed to be a Company having a permanent paid-up or nominal capital of fixed amount,

Definition of Joint Stock Company.

divided into shares, also of fixed amount, or held and transferable as stock, or divided and held partly in one way and partly in the other, and formed on the principle of having for its members the holders of shares in such capital or the holders of such stock, and no other persons : and such Company when registered with limited liability under this Act shall be deemed to be a Company limited by shares.

Requisitions for registration by Companies. 197. Previously to the registration, in pursuance of this part of this Act, of any Joint Stock Company, there shall be delivered to the Registrar the following documents : (that is to say),

(1.) A list showing the names, addresses and occupations of all persons who, on a day named in such list and not being more than six clear days before the day of registration, were members of such Company, with the addition of the shares held by such persons respectively, distinguishing, in cases where such shares are numbered, each share by its number :

(2.) A copy of any Act of Parliament or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, Royal Charter, Letters Patent, Deed of Settlement, Contract of Copartnership or other instrument constituting or regulating the Company :

(3.) If any such Joint Stock Company is intended to be registered as a Limited Company, the above list and copy shall be accompanied by a statement specifying the following particulars : (that is to say)—

The nominal capital of the Company and the number of shares into which it is divided :

The number of shares taken, and the amount paid on each share :

The name of the Company, with the addition of the word " Limited " as the last word thereof :

With the addition, in the case of a Company intended to be registered as a Company limited by guarantee, of the Resolution declaring the amount of the guarantee.

198. Previously to the registration in pursuance of this part of this Act of any Company not being a Joint Stock Company, there shall be delivered to the Registrar a list showing the names, addresses and occupations of the Directors or other Managers (if any) of the Company, also a copy of any Act of Parliament, Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, Letters Patent, Deed of Settlement, Contract of Copartnership or other instrument constituting or regulating the Company, with the addition, in the case of a Company intended to be registered as a Company limited by guarantee, of the Resolution declaring the amount of guarantee.

199. Where a Joint Stock Company authorized to register under this Act has had the whole or any portion of its capital converted into stock, such Company shall, as to the Power for existing Company to register amount of stock instead of shares. Registrar a statement of shares, deliver to the Registrar a statement of the amount of stock belonging to the Company, and the names of the persons who were holders of such stock, on some day to be named in the statement not more than six clear days before the day of registration.

200. The list of members and Directors and any other particulars relating to the Company hereby required to be delivered to the Registrar, shall be verified by declaration of the Authentication of statements of existing Companies. Directors of the Company delivering the same or any two of them, or of any two other principal Officers of the Company made before a Justice of the Peace or a District Judge.

Registrar may require evidence as to nature of Company.

201. The Registrar may require such evidence as he thinks necessary for the purpose of satisfying himself whether an existing Company is or not a Joint Stock Company as hereinbefore defined.

202. Every Banking Company existing at the date of the passing of this Act which registers itself as a limited Company shall, at least thirty days previous to obtaining a certificate of registration with limited liability, give notice that it is intended so to register the same to every person and partnership firm having a banking account with the Company. Such notice shall be given either by delivering the same to such person or firm, or leaving the same, or putting the same into the Post addressed to him or them, at such address as shall have been last communicated or otherwise become known as his or their address to or by the Company. In case the Company omits to give any such notice as is hereinbefore required to be given, then, as between the Company and the person or persons only who are for the time being interested in the account in respect of which such notice ought to have been given, and so far as respects such account and all variations thereof down to the time at which such notice shall be given, but not further or otherwise, the certificate of registration with limited liability shall have no operation.

203. No fees shall be charged in respect of the registration in pursuance of this part of this Act of any Company in cases where such Company is not registered as a limited Company, or where, previously to its being registered as a limited Company, the liability of the shareholders was limited by some Act of Parliament, or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, or by Letters Patent.

204. Any Company authorized by this part of this Act to register with limited liability shall, for the purpose of obtaining registration with limited liability, change its name by adding thereto the word "limited."

205. Upon compliance with the requisitions in this part of this Act contained with respect to registration, and on payment of such fees, if any, as are payable under the Tables marked B and C in the first Schedule hereto, the Registrar shall certify under his hand that the Company so applying for registration is incorporated as a limited, and thereupon such Company shall be incorporated, and shall have perpetual succession and a common Seal.

206. A certificate of incorporation given at any time to any Company registered in pursuance of this part of this Act shall be conclusive evidence that all the requisitions herein contained in respect of registration under this Act have been complied with, and that the Company is authorized to be registered under this Act as a limited or Unlimited Company, as the case may be, and the date of incorporation mentioned in such certificate shall be deemed to be the date at which the Company is incorporated under this Act.

207. All such property, movable and immovable, including all interests and rights in, to, and out of property, movable and immovable, and including obligations and things in action, as may belong to or be vested in the Company at the date of its registration under this Act, shall, on registration, pass to and vest in the Company as incorporated under this Act for all the estate and interest of the Company therein.

Certificate to be evidence of compliance with Act.

or Unlimited Company, as the case may be, and the date of incorporation mentioned in such certificate shall be deemed to be the date at which the Company is incorporated under this Act.

207. All such property, movable and immovable, including all interests and rights in, to, and out of property, movable and immovable, and including obligations and things in action, as may belong to or be vested in the Company at the date of its registration under this Act, shall, on registration, pass to and vest in the Company as incorporated under this Act for all the estate and interest of the Company therein.

Transfer of property to Company.

Registration under this Act not to affect obligations incurred previously to registration.

208. The registration in pursuance of this part of this Act of any Company shall not affect or prejudice the liability of such Company to have enforced against it, or its right to enforce, any debt or obligation incurred, or any contract entered into, by, to with or on behalf of such Company previously to such registration.

209. All such suits and other legal proceedings as may at the time of the registration of any Company registered in pursuance of this part of this Act have been commenced by or against such Company, or the public Officer or any member thereof, may be continued in the same manner as if such registration had not taken place. Nevertheless, execution shall not issue against the effects of any individual member of such Company upon any decree or order obtained in any suit or proceeding so commenced as aforesaid; but in the event of the property and effects of the Company being insufficient to satisfy such decree or order, an order may be obtained for winding-up the Company.

210. When a Company is registered under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof, all provisions contained in any Act of Parliament, Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, Deed of Settlement, Contract of Co-partnership, Letters Patent or other instrument constituting or regulating the Company, including, in the case of a Company registered as a Company limited by guarantee, the Resolution declaring the amount of the guarantee, shall be deemed to be conditions and regulations of the Company, in the same manner and with the same incidents as if they were contained in a registered memorandum of association and Articles of Association; and all the provisions of this Act shall apply to such Company and the members, contributories and creditors thereof, in the same manner in all respects as if it had been formed under this Act, subject to the provisions following; (that is to say),

(1.) That Table A in the first Schedule to this Act shall not, unless adopted by Special Resolution, apply to any Company registered under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof:

(2.) That the provisions of this Act relating to the numbering of shares shall not apply to any Joint Stock Company whose shares are not numbered:

(3.) That no Company shall have power to alter any provision contained in any Act of Parliament, Act of the Legislative Council, or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council relating to the Company.

(4.) That no Company shall have power, without the sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, to alter any provision contained in any Letters Patent relating to the Company:

(5.) In the event of the Company being wound-up, every person shall be a contributory, in respect of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted prior to registration, who is liable to pay or contribute to the payment of any debt or liability of the Company contracted prior to registration, or to pay or contribute to the payment of any sum for the adjustment of the rights of the members amongst themselves in respect of any such debt or liability; or to pay or contribute to the payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up the Company, so far as relates to such debts or liabilities as aforesaid. Every such contributory shall be liable to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the course of the winding-up, all sums due from him in respect of any such liability as aforesaid. In the event of the death or insolvency of any such contributory as last aforesaid, or marriage of any such contributory being a female, the provisions hereinbefore contained with respect to the representatives, heirs and devisees of deceased contributories and with reference to the assignees of insolvent contributories, and to the husbands of married contributories, shall apply:

(6.) Nothing herein contained shall authorize any Company to alter any such provisions contained in any Deed of Settlement, Contract of Co-partnery, Letters Patent or other instrument constituting or regulating the Company, as would, if such Company had originally been formed under this Act, have been contained in the memorandum of association, and are not authorized to be altered by this Act :

But nothing herein contained shall derogate from any power of altering its constitution or regulations which may be vested in any Company registering under this Act in pursuance of this part thereof by virtue of any Act of Parliament, Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, Deed of Settlement, Contract of Co-partnery, Letters Patent or other instrument constituting or regulating the Company.

211. The Court may, at any time after the presentation of a petition for winding-up a Company registered in pursuance of this part of this Act, and before making an order for winding-up the Company, upon the application of any creditor of the Company, restrain further proceedings in any suit or legal proceedings against any contributory of the Company as well as against the Company as hereinbefore provided, upon such terms as the Court thinks fit.

212. Where an order has been made for winding-up a Company registered in pursuance of this part of the Act, in addition to the provisions hereinbefore contained, it is hereby further provided that no suit or other legal proceeding shall be commenced or proceeded with against any contributory of the Company in respect of any debt of the Company, except with the leave of the Court and subject to such terms as the Court may impose.

PART VIII.

APPLICATION OF ACT TO UNREGISTERED COMPANIES.

213. Subject as hereinafter-mentioned any partnership, association or Company, except Railway Companies incorporated by Act of Parliament or Act of the Governor-General of India in Council, consisting of more than seven members and not registered under this Act, and hereinafter included under the term 'Unregistered Company', may be wound-up under this Act, and all the provisions of this Act with respect to winding-up shall apply to such Company, with the following exceptions and additions :—

(1.) An unregistered Company shall, for the purpose of determining the Court having jurisdiction in the matter of the winding-up, be deemed to be registered in that part of British India where its principal place of business is situate ; or if it has a principal place of business situate in more than one part of British India, then in each part of British India where it has a principal place of business. Moreover, the principal place of business of an Unregistered Company, or (where it has a principal place of business situate in more than one part of British India) such one of its principal places of business as is situate in that part of British India in which proceedings are being instituted, shall, for all the purposes of the winding-up of such Company, be deemed to be the registered Office of the Company :

(2.) No Unregistered Company shall be wound-up under this Act voluntarily, or subject to the supervision of the Court :

(3.) The circumstances under which an Unregistered Company may be wound-up are as follows ; (that is to say) :—

(a.) Whenever the Company is dissolved or has ceased to carry on business, or is carrying on business only for the purpose of winding up its affairs ;

(b.) Whenever the Company is unable to pay its debts :

(c.) Whenever the Court is of opinion that it is just and equitable that the Company should be wound-up :

(4.) An Unregistered Company shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be unable to pay its debts.

(a.) Whenever a creditor to whom the Company is indebted, by assignment or otherwise, in a sum exceeding five hundred Rupees then due, has served on the Company, by leaving the same at the principal place of business of the Company or by delivering to the Secretary or some Director or principal Officer of the Company, or by otherwise serving the same in such manner as the Court may approve or direct, a demand under his hand requiring the Company to pay the sum so due, and the Company has for the space of three weeks succeeding the service of such demand neglected to pay such sum, or to secure or compound for the same to the satisfaction of the creditor :

(b.) Whenever any suit or other proceeding has been instituted against any member of the Company for any debt or demand due or claimed to be due from the Company, or from him in his character of member of the Company, and notice in writing of the institution of such suit or other legal proceeding having been served upon the Company by leaving the same at the principal place of business of the Company, or by delivering it to the Secretary, or some Director, Manager or principal Officer of the Company, or by otherwise serving the same in such manner as the Court may approve or direct, the Company has not within ten days after service of such notice paid, secured or compounded for such debt or demand, or procured such suit or other legal proceeding to be stayed, or indemnified the defendant to his reasonable satisfaction against such suit or other legal proceeding, and against all costs, damages and expenses to be incurred by him by reason of the same :

(c.) Whenever execution or other process, issued on a decree or order obtained in any Court in favor of any creditor in any proceeding instituted by such creditor against the Company, or any member thereof as such, or against any person authorized to be sued as nominal defendant on behalf of the Company, is returned unsatisfied :

(d.) Whenever it is otherwise proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the Company is unable to pay its debts.

214. In the event of an Unregistered Company being wound-up, every person shall be deemed to be a contributory who is liable to pay or contribute to the payment of any debt or liability of the Company, or to pay or contribute to the payment of any sum for the adjustment of the rights of the members amongst themselves, or to pay or contribute to the payment of the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up the Company. Every such contributory shall be liable to contribute to the assets of the Company in the course of the winding up all sums due from him in respect of any such liability as aforesaid. In the event of the death or insolvency of any contributory, the provisions hereinbefore contained with respect to the personal representatives, heirs and devisees of a deceased contributory, and to the assignees of an insolvent contributory, shall apply.

215. The Court may, at any time after the making of an application for winding-up an Unregistered Company, and before making an order for winding-up the Company, upon the application of any creditor of the Company, restrain further proceedings in any suit or proceeding against any contributory of the Company, or against the Company as hereinbefore provided, upon such terms as the Court thinks fit.

216. Where an order has been made for winding-up an Unregistered Company, in addition to the provisions hereinbefore contained in the case of Companies formed under this Act, it is hereby further provided that no suit shall be commenced or proceeded with against any contributory of the Company in respect of any debt of the Company, except with the leave of the Court and subject to such terms as the Court may impose.

217. If any Unregistered Company has no power to sue and be sued in a common name, or if, for any reason, it appears expedient, the Court may, by the order made for winding-up such Company or by any subsequent order, direct that all such property, movable and immovable, including all interests, claims and rights into and out of property, movable and immovable, and including things in action, as may belong to or be vested in the Company, or to or in any person or persons on trust for or on behalf of the Company or any part of such property, is to vest in the Official Liquidator or Official Liquidators by his or their official name or names, and thereupon the same or such part thereof as may be specified in the order shall vest accordingly, and the Official Liquidator or Official Liquidators may, in his or their official name or names, or in such name or names, and after giving such indemnity as the Court directs, bring or defend any suits or other legal proceedings relating to any property vested in him or them, or any suits or other legal proceedings necessary to be brought or defended for the purposes of effectually winding-up the Company and recovering the property thereof.

218. The provisions made by this part of the Act with respect to Unregistered Companies shall be deemed to be made in addition to and not in restriction of any provisions hereinbefore contained with respect to winding-up Companies by the Court. The Court or Official Liquidator may, in addition to anything contained in this part of the Act, exercise any powers or do any act in the case of Unregistered Companies which might be exercised or done by it or him in winding-up Companies formed under this Act; but an Unregistered Company shall not, except in the event of its being wound up, be deemed to be a Company under this Act, and then only to the extent provided by this part of this Act.

PART IX.

REPEAL OF ACTS AND MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS.

219. After the commencement of this Act, there shall be repealed the several Acts specified in the third Schedule hereto.

220. No repeal hereby enacted shall effect—
Saving Clause as to repeal.

- (1.) Anything duly done under any Acts hereby repealed :
- (2.) The incorporation of any Company registered under any Act hereby repealed :
- (3.) Any right or privilege acquired or liability incurred under any Act hereby repealed :
- (4.) Any penalty, forfeiture or other punishment incurred in respect of any offence against any Act hereby repealed :
- (5.) Table B in the Schedule annexed to Act No. XIX of 1857 or any part thereof, so far as the same applies to any Company existing at the time of the commencement of this Act.

221. Where previously to the commencement of this Act an order has been made for winding-up a Company under any Acts or Act hereby repealed, or a Resolution has been passed for winding-up a Company voluntarily, such Company shall be wound-up in the same manner and with the same incidents as if this Act were not passed, and for the purposes of such winding-up, such repealed Acts or Act shall be deemed to remain in full force.

222. Where previously to the commencement of this Act any conveyance, mortgage or other deed has been made in pursuance of any Act hereby repealed, such deed shall be of the same force as if this Act had not passed, and for the purposes of such deed, such repealed Act shall be deemed to remain in full force.

223. Every Company required by any Act hereby repealed to register under the said Acts, or either of them, and which has not so registered, shall, on or before the expiration of the thirty-first day from the commencement of this Act, register itself as a Company under this Act, in manner and subject to the regulations hereinbefore contained. No fees shall be charged in respect of the resignation of any Company required to register by this Section.

224. If any Company required by the last Section to register under this Act makes default in complying with the provisions thereof, then, from and after the day upon which such Company is required to register under this Act, until the day on which such Company is registered under this Act (which it is empowered to do at any time,) the following consequences shall ensue, (that is to say—)

- (1.) The Company shall be incapable of suing but shall not be incapable of being made a defendant to a suit.
- (2.) No dividend shall be payable to any shareholder in such Company.
- (3.) Each Director or Manager of the Company shall, for each day during which the Company so being in default carries on business, incur a penalty not exceeding one hundred Rupees, and such penalty may be recovered by any person, whether a shareholder or not in the Company, and be applied by him to his own use.

Nevertheless, such default shall not render the Company so being in default illegal, nor subject it to any penalty or disability other than as specified in this Section, and registration under this Act shall cancel any penalty or forfeiture, and put an end to any disability which any Company may have incurred by reason of its not having registered under the said Act No. XIX of 1857.

225. All offences under this Act may be tried by any Officer exercising the powers of a Magistrate, unless the period of imprisonment to which the offender is liable shall exceed that which such Officer is competent to award under the law for the time being in force in the place in which he is employed. When the period of imprisonment provided by this Act exceeds the period that may be awarded by such Officer, the offender shall be committed for trial before the Court of Session.

226. If any offence which by this Act is declared to be punishable by any penalty shall be committed by any person within the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of the High Court, such offence shall be punishable upon summary conviction by any Magistrate of Police of the place at which such Court is held.

227. All penalties imposed under the authority of this Act may, in case of non-payment thereof, be levied by distress and sale of the offender's movable property by warrant under the hand of the Officer imposing the penalty.

228. In case any such penalty shall not be forthwith paid, such Officer may order the offender to be arrested and kept in safe custody until the return can be conveniently made to such warrant of distress, unless the offender shall give security to the satisfaction of such Officer for his appearance at such place and time as shall be appointed for the return of the warrant of distress.

229. If upon the return of the warrant it shall appear that no sufficient distress can be had whereon to levy such penalty, and the same shall not be forthwith paid, or in case it shall appear to the satisfaction of such Officer, by the confession of the offender or otherwise, that he has not sufficient movable property whereupon such penalty could be levied if a warrant of distress were issued, any such Officer may, by warrant under his hand, commit the offender to prison, for any term not exceeding two months when the amount of penalty shall not exceed fifty Rupees, and for any term not exceeding four months when the amount shall not exceed one hundred Rupees, and for any term not exceeding six months in any other case, the commitment to be determinable in each of the cases aforesaid on payment of the amount of penalty.

230. In Sections 1 and 18 of Act No. XXI of 1860 (*for the registration of Literary, Scientific and Charitable Societies*), the words "Registrar of Joint Stock Companies" shall be construed to mean Registrar of Joint Stock Companies under this Act or any Act for the time being in force.

231. Save as provided in Section 125, nothing in this Act shall be deemed to apply to the Bank of Bengal, the Bank of Madras, and the Bank of Bombay.

FIRST SCHEDULE.

TABLE A.

REGULATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT OF A COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES.

Shares.

(1.) If several persons are registered as joint holders of any share, any one of such persons may give effectual receipts for any dividend payable in respect of such share.

(2.) Every member shall, on payment of eight annas or such less sum as the Company in General Meeting may prescribe, be entitled to a certificate, under the common seal of the Company, specifying the share or shares held by him, and the amount paid up thereon.

(3.) If such certificate is worn out or lost, it may be renewed, on payment of eight annas or such less sum as the Company in General Meeting may prescribe.

Calls on Shares.

(4.) The Directors may from time to time make such calls upon the members in respect of all monies unpaid on their shares as they think fit, provided that twenty-one days' notice at least is given of each call; and each member shall be liable to pay the amount of calls so made to the persons and at the times and places appointed by the Directors.

(5.) A call shall be deemed to have been made at the time when the Resolution of the Directors authorizing such call was passed.

(6.) If the call payable in respect of any share is not paid before or on the day appointed for payment thereof, the holder for the time being of such share shall be liable to pay interest for the same at the rate of five per cent. per annum from the day appointed for the payment thereof to the time of the actual payment.

(7.) The Directors may, if they think fit, receive from any member willing to advance the same all or any part of the monies due upon the shares held by him beyond the sums actually called for; and upon the monies so paid in advance, or so much thereof as from time to time exceeds the amount of the calls then made upon the shares in respect of which such advance has been made, the Company may pay interest at such rate as the member paying such sum in advance and the Directors agree upon.

Transfers of Shares.

(8.) The instrument of transfer of any share in the company shall be executed both by the transferor and transferee, and the transferor shall be deemed to remain a holder of such share until the name of the transferee is entered in the Register Book in respect thereof.

(9.) Shares in the Company shall be transferred in the following form:—

I, A B, of _____, in consideration of the sum of Rupees _____, paid to me by C D of _____ do hereby transfer to the said C D the share or shares numbered _____ standing in my name in the books of the _____ Company, to hold unto the said C D his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, subject to the several conditions on which I held the same at the time of the execution hereof; and I, the said C. D, do hereby agree to take the said share or shares subject to the same conditions. As witness our hands, the _____ day of _____.

(10.) The Company may decline to register any transfer of shares made by a member who is indebted to them.

(11.) The transfer books shall be closed during the fourteen days immediately preceding the Ordinary General Meeting in each year.

Transmission of Shares.

(12.) The Executors or Administrators of a deceased member shall be the only persons recognized by the Company as having any title to his share.

(13.) Any person becoming entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member, or in consequence of the marriage of any female member, may be registered as a member upon such evidence being produced as may from time to time be required by the Company.

(14.) Any person who has become entitled to a share in consequence of the death, bankruptcy or insolvency of any member, or in consequence of the marriage of any female member, may, instead of being registered himself, elect to have some person to be named by him registered as a transferee of such share.

(15.) The person so becoming entitled shall testify such election by executing to his nominee an instrument of transfer of such share.

(16.) The instrument of transfer shall be presented to the Company, together with such evidence as the Directors may require to prove the title of the transferee, and thereupon the Company shall register the transferee as a member.

Forfeiture of Shares.

(17.) If any member fails to pay any call on the day appointed for payment thereof, the Directors may, at any time thereafter, during such time as the call remains unpaid, serve a notice on him requiring him to pay such call.

together with interest and any expenses that may have accrued by reason of such non-payment.

(18.) The notice shall name a further day on or before which such call and all interest and expenses that have accrued by reason of such non-payment are to be paid. It shall also name the place where payment is to be made, the place so named being either the registered Office of the Company or some other place at which calls of the Company are usually made payable. The notice shall also state that in the event of non-payment at or before the time and at the place appointed, the shares in respect of which such call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

(19.) If the requisitions of any such notice as aforesaid are not complied with, any share in respect of which such notice has been given may at any time thereafter, before payment of all calls, interest and expenses due in respect thereof has been made, be forfeited by a Resolution of the Directors to that effect.

(20.) Any share so forfeited shall be deemed to be the property of the Company, and may be disposed of in such manner as the Company in General Meeting thinks fit.

(21.) Any member whose shares have been forfeited shall notwithstanding be liable to pay to the Company all calls owing upon such shares at the time of the forfeiture.

(22.) A solemn declaration in writing, made before a Magistrate, that the call in respect of a share was made and notice thereof given, and that default in payment of the call was made, and that the forfeiture of the share was made by a Resolution of the Directors to that effect, shall be sufficient evidence of the facts therein stated, as against all persons entitled to such share, and such declaration and the receipt of the Company for the price of such share shall constitute a good title to such share, and a certificate of proprietorship shall be delivered to a purchaser, and thereupon he shall be deemed the holder of such share discharged from all calls due prior to such purchase, and he shall not be bound to see to the application of the purchase-money, nor shall his title to such share be affected by any irregularity in the proceedings in reference to such sale.

Conversion of Shares into Stock.

(23.) The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company previously given in General Meeting, convert any paid-up shares into stock:

(24.) When any shares have been converted into stock, the several holders of such stock may thenceforth transfer their respective interests therein or any part of such interests, in the same manner and subject to the same regulations as and subject to which any shares in the capital of the Company may be transferred or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

(25.) The several holders of stock shall be entitled to participate in the dividends and profits of the Company according to the amount of their respective interests in such stock, and such interests shall, in proportion to the amount thereof, confer on the holders thereof respectively, the same privileges and advantages for the purpose of voting at meetings of the Company and for other purposes, as would have been conferred by shares of equal amount in the capital of the Company; but so that none of such privileges or advantages, except the participation in the dividends and profits of the Company, shall be conferred by any such aliquot part of consolidated stock as would not, if existing in shares, have conferred such privileges or advantages.

Increase in Capital.

(26.) The Directors may, with the sanction of a Special Resolution of the Company previously given in General Meeting, increase its capital by the issue of new shares, such aggregate increase to be of such amount, and to be divided into shares of such respective amounts, as the Company in General Meeting directs, or, if no direction is given, as the Directors think expedient.

(27.) Subject to any direction to the contrary that may be given by the meeting that sanctions the increase of capital, all new shares shall be offered to the members in proportion to the existing shares held by them, and such offer shall be made by notice specifying the number of shares to which the member is entitled, and limiting a time within which the offer, if not accepted, will be deemed to be declined; and after the expiration of such time, or on the receipt of an intimation from the member to whom such notice is given, that he declines to accept the shares offered, the Directors may dispose of the same in such manner as they think most beneficial to the Company.

(28.) Any capital raised by the creation of new share shall be considered as part of the original capital, and shall be subject to the same provisions with reference to the payment of calls, and the forfeiture of shares on non-payment of calls, or otherwise, as if it had been part of the original capital.

General Meetings.

(29.) The first General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than six months after the registration of the Company, and at such place, as the Directors may determine.

(30.) Subsequent General Meetings shall be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting, and if no other time or place is prescribed, a General Meeting shall be held on the first Monday in February in every year at such place as may be determined by the Directors.

(31.) The abovementioned General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings; all other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

(32.) The Directors may, whenever they think fit, and they shall upon a requisition made in writing by not less than one-fifth in number of the members of the Company, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

(33.) Any requisition made by the members shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered Office of the Company.

(34.) Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene an Extraordinary General Meeting. If they do not proceed to convene the same within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition, the requisitionists, or any other members, amounting to the required number, may themselves convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings.

(35.) Seven days' notice at the least, specifying the place, the day and the hour of meeting, and in case of special business the general nature of such business, shall be given to the members in manner hereinafter-mentioned, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but the non-receipt of such notice by any member shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

(36.) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting, and all that is transacted at an Ordinary Meeting, with the exception of sanctioning dividend, and the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets, and the ordinary report of the Directors.

(37.) No business shall be transacted at any General Meeting, except the declaration of a dividend, unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business. Such quorum shall be ascertained as follows: that is to say, if the persons who have taken shares in the Company at the time of the meeting do not exceed ten in number, the quorum shall be five; if they exceed ten, there shall be added to the above quorum one for every five additional members up to fifty, and one for every ten additional members after fifty, with this limitation, that no quorum shall in any case exceed twenty.

(38.) If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum is not present, it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

(39.) The Chairman (if any) of the Board of Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company.

(40.) If there is no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present within fifteen minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman.

(41.) The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

(42.) At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least five members, a declaration by the Chairman that a Resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor of or against such Resolution.

(43.) If a poll is demanded by five or more members, it shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs, and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Company in General Meeting. In the case of an equality of votes at any General Meeting the Chairman shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

Votes of Members.

(44.) Every member shall have one vote for every share up to ten. He shall have an additional vote for every five shares beyond the first ten shares up to one hundred, and an additional vote for every ten shares beyond the first hundred shares.

(45.) If any member is a lunatic or idiot, he may vote by his Committee or other legal Curator; and if any member is a minor, he may vote by his guardian or any one of his guardians if more than one.

(46.) If one or more persons are jointly entitled to a share or shares, the member whose name stands first in the Register of members as one of the holders of such share or shares, and no other, shall be entitled to vote in respect of the same.

(47.) No member shall be entitled to vote at any General Meeting unless all calls due from him have been paid, and no member shall be entitled to vote in respect of any share that he has acquired by transfer, at any meeting held after the expiration of three months from the registration of the Company, unless he has been possessed of the share in respect of which he claims to vote for at least three months previously to the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

(48.) Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

(49.) The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointer, or if such appointer is a corporation, under their common seal, and shall be attested by one or more witness or witnesses. No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a member of the Company.

(50.) The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deposited at the registered Office of the Company not less than seventy-two hours before the time for holding the meeting at which the person named in such instrument proposes to vote; but no instrument appointing a proxy shall be valid after the expiration of twelve months from the date of its execution.

(51.) Any instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form:—

I, _____ of _____, being a member of the _____ Company Limited, hereby appoint _____ of _____ as my proxy, to vote for me and on my behalf at the (Ordinary or Extraordinary, as the case may be) General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, and at any adjournment thereof (or, at any Meeting of the Company that may be held in the year _____.) As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____

Signed by the said _____ in the presence of, _____

Directors.

(52.) The number of the Directors, and the names of the first Directors, shall be determined by the subscribers of the memorandum of association.

(53.) Until Directors are appointed, the subscribers of the memorandum of association shall be deemed to be Directors.

(54.) The future remuneration of the Directors, and their remuneration for services performed previously to the first General Meeting, shall be determined by the Company in General Meeting.

Powers of Directors.

(55.) The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in getting up and registering the Company, and may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not by the foregoing Act, or by these Articles, required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting, subject nevertheless to any regulations of these Articles, to the provisions of the foregoing Act, and to such regulations, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid regulations or provisions, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

(56.) The continuing Directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their body.

Disqualification of Directors.

(57.) The office of Director shall be vacated—

If he holds any other office or place of profit under the Company.

If he becomes bankrupt or insolvent;

If he is concerned in, or participates in the profits of any contract with the Company;

But the above rules shall be subject to the following exceptions: That no Director shall vacate his office by reason of his being a member of any Company which has entered into contracts with or done any work for the Company of which he is Director; nevertheless he shall not vote in respect of such contract or work; and if he does so vote his vote shall not be counted.

Rotation of Directors.

(58.) At the first Ordinary Meeting after the registration of the Company, the whole of the Directors shall retire from office; and at the first Ordinary Meeting in every subsequent year, one-third of the Directors for the time being, or, if their number is not a multiple of three, then the number nearest to one-third shall retire from office.

(59.) The one-third or other nearest number to retire during the first and second years ensuing the first Ordinary Meeting of the Company shall, unless the Directors agree among themselves, be determined by ballot. In every subsequent year, the one-third or other nearest number who have been longest in office shall retire.

(60.) A retiring Director shall be re-eligible.

(61.) The Company at the General Meeting at which any Directors retire in manner aforesaid shall fill up the vacated offices by electing a like number of persons.

(62.) If at any meeting at which an election of Directors ought to take place, the places of the vacating Directors are not filled up, the meeting shall stand adjourned till the same day in the next week, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting the places of the vacating Directors are not filled up, the vacating Directors, or such of them as have not had their places filled up, shall continue in office until the Ordinary Meeting in the next year, and so on from time to time until their places are filled up.

(63.) The Company may from time to time, in General Meeting, increase or reduce the number of Directors, and may also determine in what rotation such increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

(64.) Any casual vacancy occurring in the Board of Directors may be filled up by the Directors, but any person so chosen shall retain his office so long only as the vacating Director would have retained the same if no vacancy had occurred.

(65.) The Company in General Meeting may, by a Special Resolution, remove any Director before the expiration of his period of office, and may by an Ordinary Resolution appoint another person in his stead. The person so appointed shall hold office during such time only as the Director in whose place he is appointed would have held the same if he had not been removed.

Proceedings of Directors.

(66.) The Directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit, and determine the quorum necessary for the transaction of business. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. In case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A Director may at any time summon a meeting of the Directors.

(67.) The Directors may elect a Chairman of their meetings, and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but if no such Chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the Chairman is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the Directors present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

(68.) The Directors may delegate any of their powers to Committees consisting of such member or members of their body as they think fit. Any Committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the Directors.

(69.) A Committee may elect a Chairman of its meetings. If no such Chairman is elected, or if he is not present at the time appointed for holding the same, the members present shall choose one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

(70.) A Committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present; and in case of an equality of votes, the Chairman shall have a second or casting vote.

(71.) All acts done by any meeting of the Directors, or of a Committee of Directors, or by any person acting as a Director, shall, notwithstanding that it be afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such Directors or persons acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was disqualified to be a Director.

Dividends.

(72.) The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, declare a dividend to be paid to the members in proportion to their shares.

(73.) No dividend shall be payable except out of the profits arising from the business of the Company.

(74.) The Directors may, before recommending any dividend, set aside out of the profits of the Company such sum as they think proper as a reserved fund to meet contingencies, or for equalizing dividends, or for repairing or maintaining the works connected with the business of the Company or any part thereof; and the Directors may invest the sum so set apart as a reserved fund upon such securities as they may select.

(75.) The Directors may deduct from the dividends payable to any member all such sums of money as may be due from him to the Company on account of calls or otherwise.

(76.) Notice of any dividend that may have been declared shall be given to each member in manner hereinafter mentioned; and all dividends unclaimed for three years after having been declared may be forfeited by the Directors for the benefit of the Company.

(77.) No dividend shall bear interest as against the Company.

Accounts.

(78.) The Directors shall cause true accounts to be kept,

Of the stock in trade of the Company;

Of the sums of money received and expended by the Company, and matters in respect of which such receipt and expenditure take place; and

Of the credits and liabilities of the Company.

The books of account shall be kept at the registered office of the Company, and subject to any reasonable restrictions as to the time and manner of inspecting the same that may be imposed by the Company in General Meeting, shall be open to the inspection of the members during the hours of business.

(79.) Once at the least in every year the Directors shall lay before the Company in General Meeting a statement of the income and expenditure for the past year, made up to a date not more than three months before such meeting.

(80.) The statement so made shall show, arranged under the most convenient heads, the amount of gross income, distinguishing the several sources from which it has been derived, and the amount of gross expenditure, distinguishing the expense of the establishment, salaries and other like matters. Every item of expenditure fairly chargeable against the year's income shall be brought into account, so that a just balance of profit and loss may be laid before the meeting; and in cases where any item of expenditure which may in fairness be distributed over several years has been incurred in any one year, the whole amount of such item shall be stated, with the addition of the reasons why only a portion of such expenditure is charged against the income of the year.

(81.) A balance-sheet shall be made out in every year and laid before the Company in General Meeting, and such balance-sheet shall contain a summary of the property and liabilities of the Company arranged under the heads appearing in the form annexed to this Table, or as near thereto as circumstances admit.

(82.) A printed copy of such balance-sheet shall, seven days previously to such meeting, be served on every member in the manner in which notices are hereinafter directed to be served.

Audit.

(83.) Once at the least in every year the accounts of the Company shall be examined, and the correctness of the balance-sheet ascertained by one or more auditor or auditors.

(84.) The first auditors shall be appointed by the Directors; subsequent auditors shall be appointed by the Company in General Meeting.

(85.) If one auditor only is appointed, all the provisions herein contained relating to auditors shall apply to him.

(86.) The auditors may be members of the Company; but no person is eligible as an auditor who is interested otherwise than as a member in any transaction of the Company; and no Director or other Officer of the Company is eligible during his continuance in office.

(87.) The election of auditors shall be made by the Company at their ordinary meeting in each year.

(88.) The remuneration of the first auditors shall be fixed by the Directors; that of subsequent auditors shall be fixed by the Company in General Meeting.

(89.) Any auditor shall be re-eligible on his quitting office.

(90.) If any casual vacancy occurs in the office of any auditor appointed by the Company, the Directors shall forthwith call an Extraordinary General Meeting for the purpose of supplying the same.

(91.) If no election of auditors is made in manner aforesaid, the local Government may, on the application of not less than five members of the Company, appoint an auditor for the current year, and fix the remuneration to be paid to him by the Company for his services.

(92.) Every auditor shall be supplied with a copy of the balance-sheet, and it shall be his duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

(93.) Every auditor shall have a list delivered to him of all books kept by the Company, and shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. He may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist him in investigating such accounts, and he may in relation to such accounts examine the Director or any other Officer of the Company.

(94.) The auditors shall make a report to the members upon the balance-sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance-sheet is a full and fair balance-sheet, containing the particulars required by these regulations, and properly drawn up, so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs; and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have or has been given by the Directors, and whether they or it have or has been satisfactory. Such report shall be read, together with the report of the Directors, at the Ordinary Meeting.

Notices.

(95.) A notice may be served by the Company upon any member either personally or by sending it through the Post in a Letter addressed to such member at his registered place of abode.

(96.) All notices directed to be given to the members shall, with respect to any share to which persons are jointly entitled, be given to whichever of such persons is named first in the Register of Members; and notice so given shall be sufficient notice to all the holders of such share.

(97.) Any notice, if served by Post, shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of the Post; and in proving such service it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into the Post Office.

Dr.	Balance-sheet (a) of the		Company made up to		Cr.
CAPITAL AND LIABILITIES.		PROPERTY AND ASSETS.			
I. CAPITAL.		III. PROPERTY HELD BY THE COMPANY.			
II. DEBTS AND LIABILITIES OF THE COMPANY.		IV. DEBTS OWING TO THE COMPANY.			
VI. RESERVE FUND.		V. CASH AND INVESTMENTS.			
VII. PROFIT AND LOSS.					
CONTINGENT LIABILITIES.					
1. The number of shares.....		7. Immovable property, distinguishing—			
2. The amount paid for shares.....		(a) Freehold land.....			
3. If any arrears of calls, the nature of the arrears, and the names of the defaulters.....		(b) " Buildings.....			
4. The particulars of any forfeited shares.....		(c) Leasehold ".....			
5. The amount of loans on mortgages or debenture bonds.....		(d) Stock in trade.....			
6. The amount of debts owing by the Company, distinguishing—		(e) Plant.....			
(a) Debts for which acceptances have been given.....		The cost to be stated with deductions for deterioration in value as charged to the reserve fund of profit and loss.			
(b) Debts to tradesmen for supplies of stock in trade or other articles.....		Debts considered good for which the Company hold bills or other securities.....			
(c) Debts for law expenses.....		Debts considered good for which the Company hold no security.....			
(d) Debts for interest on debentures or other loans.....		Debts considered doubtful and bad.....			
(e) Unclaimed dividends.....		any debt due from a Director or other Officer of the Company to be separately stated.....			
(f) Debts not enumerated above.....		The nature of investment and rate of interest.....			
The amount set aside from profits to meet contingencies.....		12 The amount of cash, where lodged, and if bearing interest.....			
The disposable balance for payment of dividends, &c.....		13			
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts.....					
Monies for which the Company is contingently liable.....					

(n) See Clauses 81 and 82 of the foregoing Table A.

(c) See Clauses 81 and 82 of the foregoing Table A.

TABLE B.

Table of fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies by a Company having a capital divided into shares.

	RS.	A.	P.
For registration of a Company whose nominal capital does not exceed Rupees 20,000, a fee of	40	0	0
For registration of a Company whose nominal capital exceeds Rupees 20,000, the above fee of forty rupees, with the following additional fees regulated according to the amount of nominal capital ; (that is to say)—			
For every 10,000 Rupees of nominal capital, or par of 10,000 Rupees after the first 20,000 Rupees up to 50,000 Rupees	20	0	0
For every 10,000 Rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 Rupees after the first 50,000 Rupees up to 1,000,000	5	0	0
For every 10,000 Rupees of nominal capital, or part of 10,000 Rupees after the first 1,000,000 Rupees	1	0	0
For registration of any increase of capital made after the first registration of the Company, the same fees per 10,000 Rupees or part of Rupees 10,000 as would have been payable if such increased capital had formed part of the original capital at the time of registration.			
Provided that no Company shall be liable to pay in respect of nominal capital on registration, or afterwards, any greater amount of fees than 1,000 Rupees, taking into account in the case of fees payable on an increase of capital after registration the fees paid on registration.			
For registration of any existing Company, except such Companies as are by this Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.			
For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than the memorandum of association	5	0	0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of	5	0	0

TABLE C.

Table of fees to be paid to the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies by a Company not having a capital divided into shares.

	RS.	A.	P.
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, does not exceed 20	40	0	0
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 20, but does not exceed 100	100	0	0
For registration of a Company whose number of members, as stated in the Articles of Association, exceeds 100, but is not stated to be unlimited, the above fee of Rs. 100 with an additional Rs. 5 for every 50 members or less number than 50 members after the first 100.			
For registration of a Company in which the number of members is stated in the Articles of Association to be unlimited, a fee of	400	0	0
For registration of any increase on the number of members made after the registration of the Company, in respect of every 50 members, or less than 50 members of such increase	5	0	0

Provided that no one Company shall be liable to pay on the whole a greater fee than Rs. 400 in respect of its number of members, taking into account the fee paid on the first registration of the Company.

For registration of any existing Company, except such Companies as are by this Act exempted from payment of fees in respect of registration under this Act, the same fee as is charged for registering a new Company.

For registering any document hereby required or authorized to be registered, other than the memorandum of association. 5 0 0
For making a record of any fact hereby authorized or required to be recorded by the Registrar of Companies, a fee of

FORM D.

FORM OF STATEMENT REFERRED TO IN PART III OF THE ACT.

* The capital of the Company is Rs. —, divided into — shares of each —.

The number of shares issued is —, calls to the amount of Rs. — per share have been made, under which the sum of Rs. — has been received.

The liabilities of the Company on the first day of January (or July) were :—

Debts owing to sundry persons by the Company :

Under decree, Rupees

On Specialty, Rupees

On Notes or Bills, Rupees

On Simple Contracts, Rupees

On estimated Liabilities, Rupees

The Assets of the Company on that day were :—

Government Securities (*stating them*), Rupees

Bills of Exchange and Promissory Notes, Rupees

Cash at the Bankers, Rupees

Other Securities, Rupees

SECOND SCHEDULE.

FORM A.

Memorandum of Association of a Company limited by shares.

1st.—The name of the Company is "the — Company, Limited."

2nd.—The registered Office of the Company will be situate in —.

3rd.—The objects for which the Company is established are, "—, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above object."

4th.—The liability of the members is limited.

5th.—The capital of the Company is Rs. — divided into — shares of Rs. — each.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this memorandum

* If the Company has no capital divided into shares, the portion of the Statement relating to Capital and Shares must be omitted.

of association, and we respectively agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names :—

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.	Number of shares taken by each Subscriber.
1. A. B. _____ of _____	
2. C. D. _____ " _____	
3. E. F. _____ " _____	
4. G. H. _____ " _____	
5. I. J. _____ " _____	
6. K. L. _____ " _____	
7. M. N. _____ " _____	
Total shares taken _____	

Dated the _____ day of _____

Witness to the above signatures.

O. P. of _____

FORM B.

Memorandum and Articles of Association of a Company limited by guarantee, and not having a capital divided into shares.

Memorandum of Association.

1st.—The name of the Company is "The Mutual Calcutta Marine Association, Limited."

2nd.—The registered Office of the Company will be situate in Calcutta.

3rd.—The objects for which the Company is established are "the Mutual Insurance of ships belonging to members of the Company, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects."

4th.—Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound-up during the time that he is a member or within one year afterwards, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before the time at which he ceases to be a member, and the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up the same, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding Rupees 100.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this memorandum of association.

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.

- | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| 1. A. B. of _____ | 4. G. H. of _____ | 6. K. L. of _____ |
| 2. C. D. of _____ | 5. I. J. of _____ | 7. M. N. of _____ |
| 3. E. F. of _____ | | |

Dated the _____ day of _____

Witness to the above signatures.

O. P. of _____

Articles of Association to accompany preceding Memorandum of Association.

(1.) The Company, for the purpose of registration is declared to consist of five hundred members.

(2.) The Directors hereinafter mentioned may, whenever the business of the association requires it, register an increase of members.

Definition of Members.

(3.) Every person shall be deemed to have agreed to become a member of the Company who insures any ship or share in a ship in pursuance of the regulations hereinafter contained.

General Meetings.

(4.) The first General Meeting shall be held at such time not being more than three months after the incorporation of the Company, and at such place as the Directors may determine.

(5.) Subsequent General Meetings shall be held at such time and place as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; and if no other time or place is prescribed, a General Meeting shall be held on the first Monday in February in every year at such place as may be determined by the Directors.

(6.) The abovementioned General Meetings shall be called Ordinary Meetings; all other General Meetings shall be called Extraordinary.

(7.) The Directors may whenever they think fit, and they shall upon a requisition made in writing by any five or more members, convene an Extraordinary General Meeting.

(8.) Any requisition made by the members shall express the object of the meeting proposed to be called, and shall be left at the registered Office of the Company.

(9.) Upon the receipt of such requisition, the Directors shall forthwith proceed to convene a General Meeting. If they do not proceed to convene the same within twenty-one days from the date of the requisition, the requisitionists or any other five members may themselves convene a meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings.

(10.) Seven days' notice at the least, specifying the place, the day and the hour of meeting, and in case of special business, the general nature of such business, shall be given to the members in manner hereinafter mentioned, or in such other manner, if any, as may be prescribed by the Company in General Meeting; but the non-receipt of such notice by any member shall not invalidate the proceedings at any General Meeting.

(11.) All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an Extraordinary Meeting, and all that is transacted at an Ordinary Meeting, with the exception of the consideration of the accounts, balance-sheets and the ordinary report of the Directors.

(12.) No business shall be transacted at any meeting except the declaration of a dividend, unless a quorum of members is present at the commencement of such business. Such quorum shall be ascertained as follows: that is to say, if the members of the Company at the time of the meeting do not exceed ten in number, the quorum shall be five; if they exceed ten, there shall be added to the above quorum one for every five additional members up to fifty, and one for every ten additional members after fifty, with this limitation, that no quorum shall in any case exceed thirty.

(13.) If within one hour from the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum of members is not present, the meeting if convened upon the requisition of the members, shall be dissolved. In any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the following week, at the same time and place; and if at such adjourned meeting a quorum of members is not present, it shall be adjourned *sine die*.

(14.) The Chairman (if any) of the Directors shall preside as Chairman at every General Meeting of the Company.

(15.) If there is no such Chairman, or if at any meeting he is not present at the time of holding the same, the members present shall choose some one of their number to be Chairman of such meeting.

(16.) The Chairman may, with the consent of the meeting, adjourn any meeting from time to time and from place to place; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

(17.) At any General Meeting, unless a poll is demanded by at least five members, a declaration by the Chairman that a Resolution has been carried, and an entry to that effect in the book of proceedings of the Company, shall be sufficient evidence of the fact, without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favor or against such Resolution.

(18.) If a poll is demanded in manner aforesaid, the same shall be taken in such manner as the Chairman directs; and the result of such poll shall be deemed to be the Resolution of the Company in General Meeting.

Votes of Members.

(19.) Every member shall have one vote and no more.

(20.) If any member is a lunatic or idiot, he may vote by his Committee or other legal Curator: if any member is a minor, he may vote by his guardian or any one of his guardians if more than one.

(21.) No member shall be entitled to vote at any meeting unless all monies due from him to the Company have been paid.

(22.) Votes may be given either personally or by proxies. A proxy shall be appointed in writing under the hand of the appointer, or if such appointer is a Corporation, under its common seal.

(23.) No person shall be appointed a proxy who is not a member, and the instrument appointing him shall be deposited at the registered Office of the Company not less than forty-eight hours before the time of holding the meeting at which he proposes to vote.

(24.) Any instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form:—

COMPANY LIMITED.

I, _____ of _____ being a member of the _____ Company Limited, hereby appoint _____ of _____ as my proxy, to vote for me and on my behalf at the [Ordinary or Extraordinary, as the case may be] General Meeting of the Company to be held on the _____ day of _____, and at any adjournment thereof to be held on the _____ day of _____ next [or at any meeting of the Company that may be held in the year _____.]

As witness my hand, this _____ day of _____

Signed by the said _____ in the presence of

Directors.

(25.) The number of the Directors and the names of the first Directors shall be determined by the subscribers of the memorandum of association.

(26.) Until Directors are appointed, the subscribers of the memorandum of association shall be deemed to be Directors.

Powers of Directors.

(27.) The business of the Company shall be managed by the Directors, who may exercise all such powers of the Company as are not hereby required to be exercised by the Company in General Meeting; but no regulation made by the Company in General Meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the Directors which would have been valid if such regulation had not been made.

Election of Directors.

(28.) The Directors shall be elected annually by the Company in General Meeting.

Business of Company.

(Here insert rules as to mode in which business of insurance is to be conducted.)

ACCOUNTS.

(29.) The accounts of the Company shall be audited by a Committee of five members, to be called the Audit Committee.

(30.) The first Audit Committee shall be nominated by the Directors out of the body of members.

(31.) Subsequent Audit Committees shall be nominated by the members at the Ordinary General Meeting in each year.

(32.) The Audit Committee shall be supplied with a copy of the balance-sheet, and it shall be their duty to examine the same with the accounts and vouchers relating thereto.

(33.) The Audit Committee shall have a list delivered to them of all books kept by the Company, and they shall at all reasonable times have access to the books and accounts of the Company. They may, at the expense of the Company, employ accountants or other persons to assist them in investigating such accounts, and they may in relation to such accounts examine the Directors or any other Officer of the Company.

(34.) The Audit Committee shall make a report to the members upon the balance-sheet and accounts, and in every such report they shall state whether, in their opinion, the balance-sheet is a full and fair balance-sheet containing the particulars required by these regulations of the Company, and properly drawn up, so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Company's affairs, and in case they have called for explanations or information from the Directors, whether such explanations or information have been given by the Directors, and whether they have been satisfactory; and such report shall be read together with the report of the Directors at the Ordinary Meeting.

Notices.

(35.) A notice may be served by the Company upon any member, either personally or by sending it through the Post in a letter addressed to such member at his registered place of abode.

(36.) Any notice, if served by Post, shall be deemed to have been served at the time when the letter containing the same would be delivered in the ordinary course of the Post; and in proving such service, it shall be sufficient to prove that the letter containing the notice was properly addressed and put into the Post Office.

Winding-up.

(37.) The Company shall be wound-up voluntarily whenever an Extraordinary Resolution, as defined by the Indian Companies' Act, 1866, is passed, requiring the Company to be wound-up voluntarily.

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.

- | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. A. B. of—Merchant. | 4. G. H. of—Merchant. | 6. K. L. of—Merchant. |
| 2. C. D. of— | 5. I. J. of— | 7. M. N. of— |
| 3. E. F. of— | " | " |

Dated the _____ day of _____ 18—.

Witness to the above signatures.

O. P. of _____

FORM C.

Memorandum and Articles of Association of a Company limited by guarantee, and having a capital divided into shares.

Memorandum of Association.

1st.—The name of the Company is "The _____ Hotel Company, Limited."

2nd.—The registered Office of the Company will be situate in _____.

3rd.—The objects for which the Company is established are "the facilitating travelling in _____ by providing hotels and conveyances by sea and by land for the accommodation of travellers, and the doing all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above object."

4th.—Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company, in the event of the same being wound up during the time that he is a member or within one year afterwards, for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before the time at which he ceases to be a member, and the costs, charges and expenses of winding-up the same, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributories amongst themselves, such amount as may be required not exceeding Rupees 200.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this memorandum of association.

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.

1. A. B. of _____	4. G. H. of _____	6. K. L. of _____
2. C. D. of _____	5. I. J. of _____	7. M. N. of _____
3. E. F. of _____		

Dated the _____ day of _____ 186 .

Witness to the above signatures.

O. P. of _____

Articles of Association to accompany preceding Memorandum of Association.

1. The capital of the Company shall consist of five lakhs of Rupees divided into five thousand shares of one hundred Rupees each.

2. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, reduce the amount of shares.

3. The Directors may, with the sanction of the Company in General Meeting, cancel any shares belonging to the Company.

4. All the Articles of Table A shall be deemed to be incorporated with these Articles, and to apply to the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.	Number of shares taken by each Subscriber.
1. A. B. of _____	
2. C. D. of _____	
3. E. F. of _____	
4. G. H. of _____	
5. I. J. of _____	
6. K. L. of _____	
7. M. N. of _____	

Total shares taken _____

Dated the _____ day of _____ 186 .

Witness to the above signatures.

O. P. of _____

Memorandum and Articles of Association of an Unlimited Company having a capital divided into shares.

Memorandum of Association.

1st.—The name of the Company is "The Patent _____ Company."

2nd.—The registered Office of the Company will be situated in _____.

3rd.—The objects for which the Company is established are "the working of a patent method of _____, of which method O. P. of _____ is the sole patentee."

We, the several persons whose names are subscribed, are desirous of being formed into a Company in pursuance of this memorandum of association.

Names, Addresses and Descriptions of Subscribers.

1. A. B. of _____	4. G. H. of _____	6. K. L. of _____
2. C. D. of _____	5. I. J. of _____	7. M. N. of _____
3. E. F. of _____		

Dated the _____ day of _____ 186—.

Witness to the above signatures.

Q. R. of _____

Articles of Association to accompany the preceding memorandum of association.

Capital of the Company.

The capital of the Company is twenty thousand Rupees divided into twenty shares of one thousand Rupees each.

Application of Table A.

All the Articles of Table A shall be deemed to be incorporated with these Articles, and to apply to the Company.

We, the several persons whose names and addresses are subscribed, agree to take the number of shares in the capital of the Company set opposite our respective names.

Names, Addresses, and Descriptions of Subscribers.	Number of shares taken by Subscribers.
1. A. B. of _____	
2. C. D. of _____	
3. E. F. of _____	
4. G. H. of _____	
5. I. J. of _____	
6. K. L. of _____	
7. M. N. of _____	

Total shares taken _____

Dated the _____ day of _____ 186—.

Witness to the above signatures.

Q. R. of _____

TABLE.

FORM E. As required by the Second Part of the Act.

Summary of Capital and Shares of the _____ Company made up to the _____ day of _____.

Nominal Capital Rs. _____ divided into _____ shares of Rs. _____ each _____.

Number of Shares taken up to the _____ day of _____.

There has been called up on each Share Rs. _____.

Total amount of calls received Rs. _____.

Total amount of calls unpaid Rs. _____.

List of persons holding shares in the _____ Company on the _____ day of _____ and of persons who have held Shares therein at any time during the year immediately preceding the said _____ day of _____, showing their names and addresses and an account of the Shares so held.

[illegible]

THIRD SCHEDULE.

Number and date of Act.	Title of Act.
No. XLIII of 1850. ...	An Act for the Regulation of Joint Stock Companies.
No. XIX of 1857	An Act for the Incorporation and Regulation of Joint Stock Companies and other Associations, either with or without limited liability of the members thereof.
No. VII of 1860	An Act to enable Joint Stock Banking Companies to be formed on the principle of limited liability.

ACT NO. XII, PASSED ON THE 23RD MARCH 1866.

An Act to provide for the compulsory taking of rights to form and maintain private water-courses from public works of irrigation.

WHEREAS it is expedient to provide for the compulsory taking of rights to form and maintain private water-courses through lands lying between public works of irrigation and the lands, mills, sewers, reservoirs or buildings of persons desiring water from such works for the purposes of irrigating, working or cleansing such lands, mills or sewers, or for bathing, drinking, manufacturing or other useful purposes; It is enacted as follows:—

• 1. In this Act, words in the singular include the plural, and words in the plural include the singular; "Section" means a Section of this Act; and in every place in which this Act operates, "Local Government" means the person authorized by law to administer Executive Government in such place and includes a Chief Commissioner: "Collector" includes any Officer authorized to exercise the duties of a Collector of the land revenue of such place: and "Canal Officer" means the Chief Officer invested by the Local Government with the immediate control of the District defined by the Local Government for the purposes of irrigation in which such place shall be situate.

2. Whenever any person shall require the right to form and maintain, for any of the purposes aforesaid, a private water-course through the lands (hereinafter called the intervening lands) lying between a public work of irrigation and his own lands, mills, sewers, reservoirs or buildings, he shall apply in writing under his hand to the Canal Officer, stating,

(1.) The particulars of the right so required:

(2.) That the applicant is willing to pay a reasonable sum for the purchase, rent or revenue thereof, to defray the expense of the survey, memoranda and plans required by this Act, to make reasonable compensation for any injury that may be caused to the intervening lands and to the crops thereon by the formation of the proposed water-course, and to construct and maintain such works connected therewith as may be necessary; and

(3.) That he has endeavoured unsuccessfully to enter into an agreement with the owners, tenants, and occupiers of the intervening lands as to the amount of the purchase-money or rent and compensation aforesaid.

Stamp. Such application shall bear a stamp of eight annas.

3. On receiving such application, the Canal Officer shall visit the intervening lands and make enquiry as to the expediency of forming the proposed water-course. If he is not satisfied of such expediency, he shall reject the application. But if he is satisfied of such expediency, he shall cause to be made at the applicant's expense a survey of the intervening lands and a memorandum and plan showing the direction, length, width and depth of the proposed water-course; the bridges, aqueducts, drains or other works (if any) to be made in connection therewith, and the amount of land

required therefor. Such memorandum shall also state that, in the opinion of the Canal Officer, the formation of the proposed water-course will be a benefit to the applicant, and will cause no disproportionate injury to the intervening lands, and it shall be subscribed by the Canal Officer and recorded in his Office.

Memorandum to be subscribed and recorded by Canal Officer.

Plan and copy of memorandum forwarded to Collector, and copy of memorandum furnished by him to Lumberdars.

4. The Canal Officer shall forward the said plan together with a copy under his hand of such memorandum to the Collector, who shall furnish a copy under his hand of the memorandum to the Lumberdar or Sudder Malguzar of every village through which the proposed water-course is to pass.

5. The Collector shall also cause the contents of the said memorandum to be proclaimed in every such village in the local vernacular language, and shall at the same time cause notice to be published in the same language in every such village that any person interested in the lands to be traversed by the proposed water-course, and objecting to its formation, shall be at liberty to apply to him within fifteen days from the date of such proclamation.

6. Any such person may within the time hereinbefore limited present a petition to the Collector, stamped with a stamp of the value of eight annas and setting forth his objections to the formation of the proposed water-course. The Collector may in his discretion either reject the petition, recording his reasons thereon, or make an enquiry, of which he shall give previous notice to the Canal Officer, as to the validity of the objections, and summon witnesses and require them to produce before him all such documents as he shall think fit. Persons so summoned shall be subject to the law for the time being in force as regards persons summoned before a Collector acting judicially.

Memorandum by Collector.

7. If no objection shall have been made under the provisions of Section 6;

Or if the Collector shall think that the objections (if any) to the formation of the proposed water-course are insufficient and that such water-course should be formed;

Or if he shall think that such objections are sufficient, and that it should not be formed;

Or if he shall think that such objections exist, but that they may be obviated by the construction of bridges, aqueducts, drains or other such works, in addition to the works (if any) referred to in Section 3, and that the proposed water-course should be formed, proper provision being made for the construction and maintenance of such additional works (mentioning them.)

He shall make, subscribe and record in his Office a memorandum to that effect.

Copy of Collector's memorandum to be sent to Canal Officer.

8. The Collector shall thereupon send the Canal Officer a copy under his hand of such memorandum.

Procedure thereon when Canal Officer and Collector agree that water-course should be formed.

9. If the Canal Officer shall agree with the Collector that the water-course should be formed, and that no additional works connected therewith are needed, he shall proceed according to the provisions in such case contained in Section 14.

When Canal Officer and Collector agree that the water-course should not be formed.

10. If he shall agree with the Collector that the water-course should not be formed, he shall give notice thereof to the applicant, and all proceedings shall thereupon be stayed.

11. If the Canal Officer shall agree with the Collector that the water-course should be formed, proper provision being made for the construction and maintenance of the additional works mentioned in Section 7, he shall cause to be prepared at the expense of the applicant a memorandum and plan of the same works and shall record such memorandum and plan in his Office and shall forward to the Collector the plan and a copy of the memorandum.

12. If the Canal Officer disagree with the Collector's memorandum under Section 7, he shall submit the copy thereof sent to him under Section 8, together with a statement of his own reasons for such disagreement, through the head of his own Department, to the Commissioner of the Division. If the Commissioner agree with the Canal Officer, the Commissioner's decision on the points in dispute shall be final. If the Commissioner disagree with the Canal Officer, the whole case shall be referred to the final decision of the Local Government.

Procedure in case Collector and Canal Officer disagree.

13. Where the Collector is himself the Canal Officer, he shall forward to the Commissioner of the Division all petitions presented under Section 6, who shall then proceed in the same manner, and with the same powers, as if he were a Collector acting under Section 6; and in every such case Sections 7, 8, 9, 10 and 11 shall be read as if for the word "Collector" the words "Commissioner of the Division" were substituted.

Procedure where Collector is himself Canal Officer.

14. At the expiration of thirty days from the giving of the notice mentioned in Section 5, if under the provisions hereinbefore contained it shall have been determined that the proposed water-course is to be formed, the Canal Officer shall enter upon the intervening lands and mark out the limits of the proposed water-course; and thereupon the Collector shall adjust the amount to be given as purchase-money, rent and revenue or any of them for the right and as compensation for the injury respectively mentioned in Section 2. In making such adjustment the Collector shall follow the procedure and may exercise the powers prescribed for and conferred upon him by Act No. VI of 1857, Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Procedure after thirty days from the giving of notice under Section 5.

15. The Collector shall then require the applicant to pay such amount (if any) as shall be payable at once, and, if the said Collector shall think fit to deposit with him such security as he shall deem sufficient for the due payment of the rent and revenue (if any) aforesaid, and for the construction and maintenance of the works (if any) connected with the said water-course. And, on compliance with such requirement, the Collector shall authorize the applicant to take and enjoy the right aforesaid.

Collector to fix compensation.

No. VI of 1857, Sections 4, 5, 6 and 7.

Collector to require applicant to pay purchase-money.

16. On receiving such authority from the Collector, it shall be lawful for the applicant, with such workmen, cattle and things as may be necessary, to enter upon the intervening lands and make the proposed water-course within the limits so marked out as aforesaid, and

On payment, applicant to be authorized to take right.

Applicant may enter with workmen, &c.

either to remove all or any of the clay, sand, gravel and stones which shall be taken out of the said water-course; or to use all or any parts thereof in making the said water-course and the works connected therewith, and to use such water-course for the purpose of conveying water from the said public works of irrigation in the direction of and into his lands, mills, sewers, reservoirs or buildings as the case may be, at the place indicated in the plan mentioned in Section 3; and from time to time, with such workmen, cattle and things as aforesaid, to enter upon the said intervening lands and inspect, repair and cleanse the said water-course, and from time to time for the purposes aforesaid to place upon the same lands and to remove such materials, machinery and other things as he shall think fit.

17. It shall be lawful for the Local Government from time to time to prescribe rules, consistent with the provisions of this Act, upon all or any of the subjects next hereinafter mentioned (that is to say):—

(1.) The formation of the water-course and the works (if any) connected therewith, in a proper and workman-like manner:

(2.) The removal of the clay, sand, gravel and stones excavated in the formation of the water-course, and not used as aforesaid:

(3.) The time for the completion of the water-course and the works (if any) connected therewith:

(4.) The cleansing of the water-course and the maintenance and repair of the water-course and works (if any) connected therewith:

(5.) The avoidance of the unnecessary damage to the surface of the adjoining lands and the crops for the time being thereon and the compensation for such damage (if any):

(6.) The prevention of injury to the water-course and of interference with the flow of water through the same:

(7.) The making good of such injury and the restoration of the flow of water:

(8.) The adjustment of the rights in the water-course of the persons for whose benefit it is formed or to whose benefit it may afterwards be extended:

(9.) In case the water-course be discontinued, the conditions on which the owner of the intervening lands may enter upon the ground within its limits, and the conditions on which the persons mentioned in paragraph (8) of this Section may be discharged from the further payment of rent or revenue in respect of the water-course.

Such rules, when they shall receive the sanction of the Governor General of India in Council, and when they shall have been published in the Official Gazette, shall be read with and taken as part of this Act.

18. No suit shall lie in respect of the compulsory taking, prior to the passing of this Act, of any land for the formation of a private water-course for any of the purposes mentioned in the preamble to this Act. But in every such case it shall be lawful for the Collector within one year from the passing or extension of this Act, on the application of the person from whom the land was so taken, his representatives or assigns, to adjust, in manner hereinbefore referred to, the amount to be given as purchase-money, rent or revenue for the said land; and, on failure, within thirty days after such adjustment shall have been notified to the person who shall have taken such land, his representatives or assigns, to pay the said purchase-money, or to give security to the satisfaction of the Collector, for the due payment of the said rent or revenue, the Collector may re-place the person from whom the

Bar of suits for the compulsory taking, prior to this Act, of land for private water-courses.

Procedure in such case.

land was so taken, his representatives or assigns, in possession of the land aforesaid. The Collector may also award to him or them such compensation as the Collector shall think fit for the injury (if any) done to such land by the formation of the water-course, and the amount of such compensation may be recovered in such manner as the Local Government shall provide.

19. This Act applies to the Territories respectively under the Governments of the Lieutenant-Governor of the North-Western Provinces and the Lieutenant-Governor of the Punjab. But it may be extended, *mutatis mutandis*, to any other part of British India by an order of the Local Government notified in the Official Gazette; and from the date of any such extension, so much of any Act, Regulation or Rule having the force of law which shall be in operation in the Territories to which such extension shall have been made, as shall be inconsistent with this Act or with any rule prescribed by such Government pursuant to Section 17, shall cease to have effect in such Territories.

Act No. XIV, PASSED ON THE 23RD MARCH 1866.

An Act to amend the Law for the management of the Post Office, for the regulation of the Duties of Postage, and for the punishment of offences against the Post Office.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law for the management of the Post Office, for the regulation of the duties of postage, and for the punishment of offences against the Post Office; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

PART I.

Preliminary.

Commencement of Act. 1. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of May 1866, and may be cited as "The Indian Post Office Act, 1866."

Short title. 2. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context—"Criminal Court" includes every Judge, Magistrate, Justice of the Peace or Police Magistrate lawfully exercising jurisdiction in criminal cases:

"Fine." "Fine" includes a penalty or forfeiture, or a sum of money due upon a forfeited recognizance: "Clubbed packet" shall be taken to mean a packet containing a collection of letters, not made by an agent of the Post Office, transmitted through the Post Office with the view of the enclosed letters being delivered to more than one person through the agent of the person by whom the packet was made up: "Newspaper" shall include any periodical publication, published at regular intervals not exceeding thirty-one days: "Mails" shall include any letter, parcel or other article conveyed under the provisions of this Act, as well as any box, bag or other article, or any carriage, horse, messenger or other person employed or used by the Post Office for the conveyance or safe custody of the mails; and "British India." "British India" includes the territories which are now or shall be vested in Her Majesty or Her successors by the Statute 21 & 22 Vic., cap. 106 (An Act for the better Government of India.)

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3. Act No. XVII of 1854 is hereby repealed, except so far as it repeals the whole or any part of any other Act or Regulation, and except as to any act or offence which shall have been done or committed, or to any money which shall have become due, or to any fine or penalty which shall

Repeal of Act No. XVII of 1854.

have been incurred, or to any proceedings which shall have been commenced before this Act shall come into operation.

References to Act No. XVII of 1854 to be read as made to this Act.

5. Wheresoever, within British India, posts or postal communications are or shall be established by the Government of India, the said Government shall have the exclusive privilege of conveying by post, from one place to another, all letters, except in the following cases, and shall also have the exclusive privilege of performing all the incidental services of receiving, collecting, sending, despatching and delivering all letters, except in the following cases, that is to say—

(1.) Letters sent by a private friend in his way, journey or travel, so as such letters be delivered by such friend to the person to whom they shall be directed, without hire, reward or other profit or advantage for receiving, carrying or delivering the same.

(2.) Letters solely concerning the affairs of the sender or receiver thereof, sent by a messenger on purpose.

(3.) Letters solely concerning goods or other property sent either by sea or land to be delivered with the goods or property which such letters concern, without hire, reward or other profit, or advantage for receiving, carrying or delivering such letters. But nothing herein contained shall authorize any person to make a collection of such excepted letters for the purpose of sending them in the manner hereby authorized.

6. Wheresoever, within British India, posts or postal communications are or shall be established by the Government of India, the following persons are expressly forbidden to collect, carry, tender or deliver any letter or letters, or to receive any letter for the purpose of carrying or delivering the same, although they shall not receive hire or reward for so doing, that is to say—

(1.) Common carriers of passengers or goods, and their drivers, servants or agents, except letters solely concerning goods in their carriages.

(2.) Owners and Commanders of ships, steam-boats or other vessels passing on any river or canal, or to or from any port in British India, and their servants or agents, except letters solely concerning goods on board.

7. For carrying on the service of the Post Office, it shall be lawful for the Governor General of India in Council to appoint or to authorize the appointment of such Officers, with such official styles or designations, and to invest them with and delegate to them such powers not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, as the said Governor-General of India in Council may, from time to time, deem expedient.

PART II.

Postage Rates.

8. Wheresoever posts or postal communications are or shall be established by the Government of India, postage, if pre-paid by a stamp or stamps as hereinafter provided, shall be charged by weight on letters transmitted by the letter-post by land, according to the following scale:—

On every letter not exceeding a quarter of a tolah in weight,—six pie :

On every letter exceeding a quarter of a tolah and not exceeding half a tolah in weight,—one anna :

On every letter exceeding half a tolah and not exceeding one tolah in weight,—two annas :

And for every half tolah in weight above one tolah, one additional anna ; and every fraction of half a tolah above one tolah shall be charged as one additional half tolah.

Every article transmitted by the letter post shall be deemed a letter within the meaning of this Section, unless it be an article on which a different rate of postage shall be chargeable under this Act.

9. Wheresoever posts or postal communications are or shall be established by the Government of India, postage on newspapers, transmitted by the letter-post by land, shall be charged by weight according to the following scale:—

On every newspaper not exceeding ten tolahs in weight,—one anna :

On every newspaper exceeding ten tolahs and not exceeding twenty tolahs in weight,—two annas :

And for every ten tolahs in weight above twenty tolahs, one additional anna ; and every fraction of ten tolahs shall be charged as ten additional tolahs.

An extra or supplement to any newspaper, bearing the same date as the newspaper and transmitted therewith under the same cover, shall be deemed part of the newspaper.

Nothing contained in this Act shall be construed to oblige any person to send any newspaper through the Post Office, but it shall be lawful for all persons to send the same in any other manner.

10. A Newspaper shall not be sent by the letter-post. Newspapers how to post at the rates prescribed in the last preceding Section, unless the following conditions be observed, that is to say—

(1.) It shall be without a cover, or in a short cover open at both ends :

(2.) There shall be no word printed on such newspaper after its publication, or upon the cover thereof, nor any writing or mark upon it, or upon the cover of it, except the name and address of the person to whom it is sent, and the name and address of the sender :

(3.) There shall be no paper or thing enclosed in or with any such newspaper.

11. Any newspaper sent by the letter-post in respect of which the above conditions shall not be observed shall, together with anything enclosed in or with the same, be charged with letter postage at the rate which would be charged on an unstamped letter of equal weight.

12. Proof-sheets marked as such may be sent by the letter-post at the rates prescribed for newspapers, provided the contents be correctly certified on the cover by the signature in full of the sender ; otherwise the same shall be charged with postage at the rate which would be charged on an unstamped letter of equal weight.

13. Subject to such rules and conditions as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time direct, books, packets of newspapers and other articles, provided the postage thereon be prepaid by means of a proper stamp or stamps to be affixed thereon as hereinafter provided, shall be charged with the following rates of postage, without reference to the distance to which they may be carried:—

If not exceeding ten tolahs in weight,—one anna :

If exceeding ten tolahs and not exceeding twenty tolahs in weight,—two annas :

And for every ten tola in weight above twenty tola, one additional anna; and every fraction of ten tola shall be charged as ten additional tola.

If the postage chargeable on any such book or other article be not prepaid as aforesaid, it shall be subject to the rate of postage prescribed for banghy parcel in Section 14 of this Act.

Inland banghy postage. 14. Inland postage shall be charged by weight and distance, on parcels sent by the banghy post, according to the following scale :—

For distances.	Miles.	IF NOT EXCEEDING IN WEIGHT.							
		20	50	100	200	300	400	500	600
		Tola	Tola	Tola	Tola	Tola	Tola	Tola	Tola
Not exceeding.....	300	0 4	0 8	0 12	1 8	2 4	3 0	3 12	4 8
Not exceeding.....	600	0 8	1 0	1 8	3 0	4 8	6 0	7 8	9 0
Not exceeding.....	900	0 12	1 8	2 4	4 8	6 12	9 0	11 4	13 8
Not exceeding.....	1,200	1 0	2 0	3 0	6 0	9 0	12 0	15 0	18 8
Exceeding.....	1,200	1 4	2 8	3 12	7 8	11 4	15 0	18 12	22 8

Provided that not more than one letter shall be enclosed in a banghy parcel, under a penalty not exceeding fifty Rupees.

15. Banghy postage, when chargeable by distance under Section 14 of this Act, shall be calculated and charged according to such Table of distances as shall be authorised from time to time for that purpose by the Governor-General of India in Council. And it shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to declare

that the distances from or to Post Offices not entered in such Table shall, for the purposes of this Act, be regarded as represented by the distances shown in the Table from or to the Post Offices nearest to them respectively. Each Post Master General shall prepare from the aforesaid Table, in the English and Vernacular languages, for the use of every Post Office under his control, a list of all the other Post Offices in India, arranged alphabetically, and showing the distance of each of them from the Post Office for the use of which it is made, and such list shall be affixed in some conspicuous place in such Post Office.

16. Where there is no banghy post established on any line of road, parcels, books, and other articles shall be received and transmitted by the letter-post, and shall be charged with postage according to the scale in Section 13 or 41 of this Act, as the case may be, if it be certified in writing, on such parcel, book-packet or other article under the full signature and address of the sender, that it does not contain any letter or other written communication on which a higher rate of postage is chargeable under any Section of this Act.

If any such certificate be false, any such letter or other written communication contained in such certified parcel, book-packet or other article shall be charged with letter postage as if sent separately, and the sender shall be subject to the penalty hereinafter provided.

Book-packets and parcels not exceeding ten tola in weight, sent through the Post Office, shall be conveyed by letter-post, and be charged with letter postage, unless specially directed to be sent by banghy or book-packet post.

18. On all parcels chargeable under Section 11 of this Act with banghy postage according to distance when conveyed by land, Ship postage on parcels. ship postage shall be charged when they are conveyed by means of Her Majesty's Indian post by sea, according to the following scale, that is to say—

On every parcel not exceeding twenty tola in weight,—two annas :
On every parcel exceeding twenty tola but not exceeding forty tola in weight,—four annas :

On every parcel exceeding forty tola but not exceeding one hundred tola in weight,—eight annas :

And for every hundred tola in weight above one hundred tola,—eight additional annas. Every fraction of one hundred tola above one hundred tola shall be charged as one hundred additional tola; and if such parcel be conveyed by Her Majesty's Indian Post, partly by land and partly by sea, ship postage shall be charged in addition to inland banghy postage.

19. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council at any time to direct that all or any letters or other articles shall not be forwarded by post, unless the Council may direct postage thereof shall be fully pre-paid by means of a proper stamp or stamps; or that on all or any letters or other articles on which the postage shall not be fully pre-paid by a stamp or stamps, or otherwise, as the said Governor-General in Council shall direct, there shall be charged such higher rates of postage as from time to time may be deemed expedient, not exceeding double the rates of postage hereinbefore specified.

20. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council from time to time to authorize the levy of postage at rates different from those prescribed in this Act, provided that no increase be made in any particular of the rates prescribed in Sections 8 and 9 of this Act.

21. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council from time to time to direct that postage duties, different from the rates authorized by this Act, shall be chargeable on letters or other articles to be specified in such order, sent through the post from or to any part of Great Britain, or any British colony, or any Foreign country to or from any places in British India. The postage charged on any letter or other article specified in any order of Council made under this Section, whether under the name of steam postage or any other denomination, shall, after the rates of such postage have been published in the Official Gazette of any Presidency, be recovered in the same manner as postage under this Act.

22. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to fix, from time to time, rates of postage to be levied on all letters or other articles transmitted by post, by sea, or partly by sea and partly by land, from one part or place in India to another. It shall not be necessary that such rates be uniform; but they may vary according to the conveyance or route by which such letters or other articles shall be sent.

23. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council, from time to time to fix and order any rate of postage to be charged for the conveyance of letters or other articles by express, in addition to or instead of any other rates of postage chargeable on such letters and articles under this Act.

24. On every letter or other article which shall be re-directed at any Post Office, or forwarded by post from any place to which it shall have been conveyed by post, there shall be charged for the postage thereof from the place at which the same shall be re-directed, or from which it shall be forwarded, in addition to all other postage paid or due thereon, the rate of postage to which it would be liable if posted and prepaid by stamp at the place where it shall be re-directed or from which it shall be forwarded.

PART III.

Registered Letters.

25. Any person posting a letter or other article shall be entitled to require that it shall be registered at the receiving Post Office, and that a receipt shall be granted for such registered letter or article; and it shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council to direct that, in addition to any rates of postage payable under this Act, a fee not exceeding four annas shall be charged on any letter or other article which the sender thereof shall require to be so registered, and such registration fee shall be paid by means of a stamp or stamps affixed to the letter or other article.

26. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council from time to time by order to declare in what cases registration shall be compulsory, and to direct that a double registration fee shall be levied on the delivery of any letter or other article which ought, under the order of the Governor-General in Council, to have been registered at the time of posting, on which the registration fee shall not have been pre-paid as directed in Section 25.

PART IV.

Re-delivered, Unpaid, Unclaimed and Refused Letters.

27. No person having delivered into any Post Office any letter or other articles shall be entitled to re-call the same; but nothing in this Section shall prevent the re-delivery of any letter or other article to the sender thereof, subject to such rules and regulations, if any, as the Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time prescribe in that behalf.

28. The person to whom any letter or other article, the postage of which has not been paid, shall be delivered, shall not be bound to pay the postage if he forthwith return the same unopened; but if he open the same, he shall be bound to pay the postage due thereon. If he forthwith return the same unopened, the sender of the letter or other article shall be bound to pay the postage thereof. If any person shall refuse to pay any postage which he is legally bound to pay for any letter or other article, the same may be recovered for the use of the Secretary of State for India by any Post Master General, or by any Officer in charge of a Post Office by order of a Post Master General, in the same manner as a fine may be recovered under this Act; and it shall be lawful for the Officer in charge of any Post Office to withhold from the person so refusing, until such postage be paid, any other letter or other article addressed to that person, not being on her Majesty's Service. Provided always, that if a letter or other article shall appear to the satisfaction of the Post Master of the Office of delivery to have been maliciously sent for the purpose of annoying the person to whom it is addressed, the Post Master of the delivery Office may remit the postage.

29. *Clause 1.*—A list of all letters and other articles posted and addressed to persons who cannot be found shall be prepared daily in every Post Office, and exposed for not less than two weeks in the most conspicuous part of such Office; and all such letters and other articles which shall have remained three weeks unclaimed in any Office shall, if the sender's name and address are written on the cover, be returned to the Posting Office to be delivered to the sender free of all charge. All letters and other articles of which the sender's name and address cannot be ascertained unless they be opened, shall, after remaining unclaimed for three weeks as aforesaid, be forwarded to the Office of the Post Master General of the Presidency.

Clause 2.—The Post Master General or some person duly appointed for the purpose and bound to secrecy, shall immediately open all such letters or other articles, and if the addresses of the senders can be discovered, shall enclose them in Dead letter covers, and return them to the senders. All letters and other articles of which neither the person addressed nor the sender can be found, shall, after they have remained unclaimed in the Office of the Post Master General for one year, be destroyed.

Clause 3.—All money found in any unclaimed letter or other article shall be paid into the Public Treasury; and all other valuable property found as above shall be sold by the Post Master General of the Presidency or by some one duly authorized by him for that purpose; and the proceeds of the sale shall be paid into the Public Treasury for the benefit of any person who may have a right thereto, after deducting all sums due from such person for postage.

30. Every letter or other article rejected unopened by the person to whom it is addressed, shall, if any postage is due thereon and if the sender's name and address are written on the cover, be returned to the Posting Office, in order that the postage due may be recovered from the sender; in all other cases, or when the sender's name and address are not on the cover, such letter or other article shall be forthwith sent to the Office of the Post Master General of the Presidency, who shall open the letter or other article and take measures to recover the postage from the sender, or shall at his discretion destroy the letter or other article; and all money or other valuable property which such letter or other article may contain, shall be disposed of in the manner prescribed in the preceding Section with respect to such money or property contained in unclaimed letters.

PART V.

Mails on board Inward and Outward bound Vessels.

31. When any vessel arrives by sea at any place within British India at which there is a Post Office, the Commander of such vessel shall, as speedily as possible, cause every letter, mail bag, box and packet on board of such vessel, which is directed to that place and not expected from the exclusive privilege of the Post Office, to be delivered either at the Post Office or to some Officer of the Post Office authorised to receive the same; and if there be on board any letter, mail bag, box, or packet, directed to any other place and not excepted from the exclusive privilege aforesaid, the said Commander shall as speedily as possible report the same to the Post Master of the place at which he has arrived, and shall act according to the directions he may receive from such Post Master, and the receipt of such Post Master shall discharge such Com-

mander from all responsibility in respect of such letter or packet. Every Commander of a vessel who shall wilfully disobey any of the directions contained in this Section, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding one thousand Rupees.

32. Every person being either the Commander of a vessel inward-bound or any one on board such vessel who shall, within British India, knowingly have in his possession any letter not excepted from the privilege of the Post Office, after any part of the letters on board the said vessel shall have been sent to the Post Office, shall

forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees, whether the letter be in the baggage or on the person of the offender, or otherwise in his custody; and every such person who shall detain any such letter after demand made for the same by an Officer of the Post Office, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

33. For every letter delivered by the Commander of any ship in conformity with the directions of Section 31 of this Act, the Officer in charge of the Post Office shall pay to the said Commander the sum of one anna; and the sum of one anna shall be chargeable as postage on such letter, in addition to any other postage chargeable thereon under this Act. Provided that no payment shall be made to the Commander of any vessel on account of the delivery of any letter, unless the claim of such Commander shall be preferred before the vessel leaves the place at which the letter was delivered, or before the expiration of two months from the date of the arrival of such vessel. Provided also, that nothing contained in Section 31 and the former part of this Section of this Act, shall extend to any letter or mail bag, or box or packet conveyed by any mail ship or mail steamer recognized as such by the Governor-General of India in Council.

34. The Commander of every vessel leaving any place in British India by sea, shall receive on board of such vessel every letter and packet which he shall be required so to receive by any Officer of the Post Office, and shall give a receipt for such letter or packet; and every Commander of a vessel who shall wilfully disobey any direction contained in this Section, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding one thousand rupees.

PART VI.

Postage Stamps.

35. All letters and other articles having a stamp or stamps affixed thereto (such stamp or stamps in every case being affixed on the outside, and being equal in value to the rate or rates of postage to which such letters or other articles are liable under this Act), shall, provided the stamp or stamps shall not have been used before, be considered as pre-paid.

36. The Governor-General of India in Council shall cause postage stamps to be provided, denoting such values as the said Governor-General of India in Council may direct, and shall give such orders, and make such other regulations relative thereto, as may be deemed expedient.

37. Postage stamps, provided as aforesaid, shall be under the care and management of such Officer or Officers as the Governor-General of India in Council shall from time to time direct: postage stamps shall be considered as stamps issued by Government for the purpose of Revenue, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code; and all sums of money realized by the sale of such

stamps shall be carried in the public accounts to the credit of the Post Office.

38. The Governor-General of India in Council may from time to time make rules for the appointment and government of vendors of postage stamps, and thereby directed how and under what terms and conditions postage stamps may be supplied to them for sale; and whether any and what security shall be given by such vendors; and whether any and what remuneration or discount shall be allowed to them; and how and in what manner, and at what time or times, such vendors shall keep and render their accounts, and pay over the proceeds of any sales made by them, or re-deliver the stamps entrusted to them.

39. Government vendors of postage stamps shall be bound by such rules, and in case of any wilful breach thereof, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees in addition to any other proceedings to which they may be liable.

40. Any Government vendor of postage stamps who shall be convicted of refusing, or unnecessarily delaying without reasonable excuse, to furnish postage stamps to any person desiring to purchase the same, and tendering in lawful currency the full value thereof (the stamp vendor having in his possession for sale sufficient stamps of the description and value required), shall be punished with a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees.

41. Any Government vendor of postage stamps convicted of taking from a purchaser a higher price than the value denoted on the stamps sold, shall be punished on conviction with imprisonment of either description, as defined in the Indian Penal Code, for any term not exceeding six months, or shall be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees; and shall also be liable to refund to the purchaser the whole amount proved to have been taken in excess, which amount may be recovered by such purchaser before a Criminal Court, in the same manner as any penalty under this Act.

PART VII.

Offences against the Post Office.

42. No person shall knowingly post, or send, or tender, or deliver, in order to be sent by the post, any letter, parcel or packet containing any explosive or other dangerous material or substance; and any person contravening this prohibition shall be punished for every such offence with a fine not exceeding two hundred Rupees.

43. Every person who shall, for the purpose of defrauding the Post Office Revenue, wilfully certify by writing on any official or other letter or packet delivered at any Post Office for conveyance by post, that which is not true in respect of such letter or packet or in respect of the whole of its contents, or shall knowingly send or deliver, or attempt to send or deliver, for conveyance by post, any letter or packet with any such false certificate thereon; and every person who shall knowingly send or permit to be sent by post, under colour or pretence of an official communication, any letter, paper, writing or other encl-

sure of a private nature, shall, for every such offence, be punished with a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

44. It shall not be lawful for any person, unless acting by express order of the Government, to detain, except for a criminal offence, a Post Office messenger whilst carrying the Mails, or to detain any carriage or horse upon which the Mails are being carried, or on any pretence to open a packet or mail bag or box in transit from one Post Office to another, and every person who shall be guilty of any of the abovementioned offences, shall be punished with a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

45. Every person who shall fraudulently retain, or wilfully secrete, or make away with or keep or detain, or, being required to deliver up by an Officer of the Post Office, shall neglect or refuse to deliver up a post letter or other article which ought to have been delivered to any other person, or a mail bag, box or packet containing a letter or other article which shall have been sent by the post, shall be punished, on conviction before a Criminal Court, with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code, for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

46. *Clause 1.*—Every person who shall convey otherwise than by the post, a letter not excepted from the said exclusive privilege conferred on the Government of India by Section 5 of this Act, shall, for every letter so conveyed, forfeit a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 2.—Every person who shall perform, otherwise than by the post, any services incidental to conveying letters from place to place, whether by receiving, taking up, ordering, collecting, carrying, tendering or delivering a letter or letters not excepted from the said exclusive privilege, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 3.—Every person who shall make a collection of letters for the purpose of transmitting them through the post in a clubbed packet, and every person who shall knowingly tender or deliver a letter to be sent in a clubbed packet, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 4.—Every person who shall send a letter not excepted from the said exclusive privilege, otherwise than by the post or shall either tender or deliver a letter not so excepted, in order to be sent otherwise than by the post, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 5.—Every person who shall make a collection of excepted letters for the purpose of sending them otherwise than by the post, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 6.—Every person who shall carry, receive, tender or deliver a letter, or collect letters contrary to the provisions of Section 6 of this Act, shall forfeit for every such letter a sum not exceeding fifty Rupees.

Clause 7.—Every person who shall be in the practice of committing any of the acts mentioned in this Section, shall, for every week during which the practice shall be continued, forfeit a further sum not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

47. Every person employed to convey or deliver any mail bag or box, or any letter or other article sent by post, who shall be guilty, while so employed, of drunkenness, carelessness or other misconduct, whereby the safety of any such bag, box, or letter or other article shall be endangered; or who shall loiter or make delay in the conveyance or delivery of any such bag, box, letter or

Penalty for neglect on the part of persons employed to carry Mails.

other article; or who shall not use proper care and diligence safely to convey or deliver any such bag, letter or other article, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees; and any person employed to deliver a letter or other article sent by the post, who shall not duly deliver the same, shall, within a reasonable time not exceeding twenty-four hours, report the fact at the Post Office where he received such letter or other article, and return the same; and if any such person shall wilfully make a false report, he shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees.

48. Whoever being in the employ of the Government in the Post Office Department, shall steal, fraudulently appropriate, or wilfully secrete, destroy or throw away any letter or other article sent by post, or anything contained in any such letter or other article, or shall mutilate or break open any such letter or other article, or any mail bag or box, with the intention of fraudulently appropriating anything therein contained, shall be punished, on conviction before a Criminal Court, with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code, for a term not exceeding seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

49. Whoever being in such employ as last aforesaid, shall fraudulently put any wrong mark on any letter or other article, or shall fraudulently alter, remove or cause to disappear any mark or stamp which is on any letter or other article; or shall fraudulently use or place with or upon any letter or other article, any stamp which shall have been removed from any other letter or other article; or, being entrusted with the delivery of any letter or other article, shall knowingly demand or receive any sum of money for the postage thereof other than the sum duly chargeable for such postage, shall be punished, on conviction before a Criminal Court, with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

50. Whoever being in such employ as last aforesaid, and being entrusted with the preparing or keeping of any document, shall, with a fraudulent intention, prepare the document incorrectly, or alter that document, or secrete or destroy that document, shall be punished, on conviction before a Criminal Court, with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

51. Whoever being in such employ as last aforesaid, shall send by the post, or put into any mail bag or box, any unstamped letter or other article upon which postage has not been paid or charged in the manner prescribed in this Act, intending thereby to defraud the Government of the postage on such letter or other article, shall be punished, on conviction before a Criminal Court, with imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code for a term not exceeding two years, and shall also be liable to fine.

52. Whoever abets, within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code or conceals any offence made punishable by this Act, shall be punished with the punishment provided for such offence.

Penalty for abetting or concealing offences under this Act.

Any person charged with offence punishable with fine only, may be summarily convicted.

53. Any person, whether a European British subject or not, who shall be guilty of any offence for which according to the provisions of this Act he shall be liable to a fine only, shall be punishable for such offence by any Criminal Court upon summary conviction.

54. No conviction, order or judgment of any Criminal Court, shall be quashed for error of form or procedure, but only on the merits; and it shall not be necessary to state on the face of the conviction, order or judgment, the evidence on which it proceeds, but the depositions taken or a copy of them shall be returned with the conviction, order, or judgment, and if no jurisdiction appears on the face of the conviction, order or judgment, but the depositions taken supply that defect, the conviction, order or judgment, shall be aided by what so appears in such depositions.

55. A Magistrate may refer for trial and decision any charge of an offence hereby made punishable by fine only, to any of his Assistants or to any Deputy Magistrate lawfully appointed to exercise the powers of a Covenanted Assistant, and in such case every such Assistant or Deputy Magistrate may exercise all the powers vested in a Magistrate, subject to all the rules applicable to criminal cases deputed to such Assistants or Magistrates acting judicially.

56. All fines imposed under the authority of this Act, for offences punishable by fine only, by any Criminal Court or by any Assistant to a Magistrate or Deputy Magistrate, may, in case of non-payment thereof, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, by warrant under the hand of any of the abovenamed Officers. In case any such fine shall not be forthwith paid, any such Officer may order the offender to be apprehended and detained in safe custody until the return can be conveniently made to such warrant of distress, unless the offender shall give security to the satisfaction of such Officer for his appearance at such place and time as shall be appointed for the return of the warrant of distress, and such Officer may take security by way of recognizance or otherwise. If upon the return of such warrant, it shall appear that no sufficient distress can be had whereon to levy such fine, and the same shall not be forthwith paid, or in case it shall appear to the satisfaction of such Officer, by the confession of the party or otherwise, that he has not sufficient goods and chattels whereupon such fine or sum of money could be levied, if a warrant of distress were issued, any such Officer, by warrant under his hand may commit the offender to prison, there to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour, according to the discretion of such Officer, for any term not exceeding two calendar months where the amount of the fine shall not exceed fifty Rupees, and for any term not exceeding four calendar months where the amount shall not exceed one hundred Rupees, and for any term not exceeding six calendar months in any other case; the commitment to be determinable in each of the cases aforesaid on payment of the amount.

Imprisonment if no sufficient distress, &c. there to be imprisoned only, or to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour, according to the discretion of such Officer, for any term not exceeding two calendar months where the amount of the fine shall not exceed fifty Rupees, and for any term not exceeding four calendar months where the amount shall not exceed one hundred Rupees, and for any term not exceeding six calendar months in any other case; the commitment to be determinable in each of the cases aforesaid on payment of the amount.

Share of fine to informer. 57. A share not exceeding one moiety of every fine imposed and recovered under this Act, may be awarded to the informer.

58. No proceedings shall be taken for the recovery of any fine imposed under the authority of this Act, for offences punishable by fine only, without an order of Government, or an order in writing under the hand of the Director

No proceedings for recovery of fines to be

taken without an order. General of the Post Office, or of a Post Master General, or other Officer specially invested with the powers of a Post Master General

59. If any public servant who shall be employed in the Post Office Department, or shall be appointed a vendor of postage stamps, or entrusted by the Government of India with the sale of postage stamps within the dominions of any Foreign Prince or State in India, in alliance with Her Majesty, in which a post shall be established by the Government of India, shall, within the dominions of such Prince or State, commit any act hereby prohibited, or omit to do any act hereby required to be done, by any person similarly employed, appointed or entrusted as aforesaid within British India, such public servant shall be guilty of an offence, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished either by fine or otherwise, according to the nature of the offence, by any Court or Officer duly empowered by the Governor-General of India in Council, to take cognizance of offences committed in such dominions by public servants, or by any Court or Magistrate, or other competent Officer in any part of British India, in the same manner as if the offence had been committed in such part.

60. If any Officer in charge of a Post Office shall suspect that any letter or other article lying for delivery at his Office contains any contraband article, or any article on which duty is owing to Government; or that any letter or other article lying for delivery at the Post Office contains any writing or enclosure in contravention of the provisions of Sections 14, 16 or 43 of this Act, it shall be lawful for such Officer to summon the person to whom the letter or other article is directed, to attend at the Post Office by himself or agent, within forty-eight hours after the arrival thereof at that Post Office, and to open the same in the presence of the person to whom it is directed, or of that person's agent, and if that person shall not so attend by himself or agent, then to open it in the absence of that person. Provided that if the Officer in charge be under the rank of a Post Master, he shall call in two respectable persons as witnesses before he shall open a letter or other article in the absence of the person to whom it is addressed. Provided also, that in all cases the opened letter or other article shall be subsequently delivered to the person to whom it is addressed, unless it be required for ulterior proceedings, and that the opening of the same and the circumstances connected therewith shall be immediately reported to the Post Master General. It shall also be lawful for any Officer in charge of a Post Office to refuse to forward any parcel through the Post Office by sea to any foreign port, or to any place not on the Continent of India, unless such parcel be accompanied by a Custom House Pass.

61. Whenever an offence shall be committed in respect of any mail bag or box, or any letter or other article sent by the post, it shall be lawful to lay, in the charge to be preferred against the offender, the property of such mail bag, box, letter, or other article in the Post Master General of the Presidency; and it shall not be necessary in the charge to allege or to prove upon the trial or otherwise, that such mail bag, box, letter, or other article was of any value; and in any charge to be preferred against any person employed under the Post Office for any offence committed against this Act, it shall be lawful to state that such offender was employed under the Post Office at the time of committing the offence, without stating further the nature or particulars of his employment.

PART VIII.

Miscellaneous.

62. Letters and other articles on Her Majesty's Service, certified to be such by the signature of any public Officer authorized in that behalf by the Governor-General of India in Council, shall be forwarded by the post, and the postage due thereon shall be charged to or recovered from the several public departments to or from which such letters or packets are sent, in such manner as the said Governor-General of India in Council shall, from time to time, direct.

63. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council from time to time to frame rules for the conduct of the Post Office not inconsistent with this Act, and there-in to prescribe the regulations, conditions and restrictions according to which all letters and other articles shall be posted, forwarded, conveyed and delivered.

64. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council from time to time to frame rules for the management of all or any zemindaree, thannah or other district dawks, and to declare from time to time what portions of this Act shall be applicable to such dawks, and to persons employed in connexion therewith.

65. The Government shall not be responsible for any loss or damage which may occur in respect of anything entrusted to the Post Office for conveyance; and no person employed by the Government in the Post Office Department shall be responsible for any such loss or damage, unless that person shall cause such loss or damage negligently, maliciously or fraudulently.

ACT No. XV, PASSED 23RD MARCH 1866.

An Act to amend the Law of Partnership in India.

Preamble.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Law relating to Partnership; It is enacted as follows:—

1. The advance of money by way of loan to a person engaged or about to engage in any trade or undertaking upon a contract in writing with such person that the lender shall receive a rate of interest varying with the profits, or shall receive a share of the profits arising from carrying on such trade or undertaking, shall not, of itself, constitute the lender a partner with the person or the persons carrying on such trade or undertaking, or render him responsible as such.

Explanation.—A person who being entitled, whether as a retiring partner or otherwise, to demand and receive present payment of the value of any share or interest of or in the capital or other funds of a business shall, after the value thereof shall have been ascertained between such person and the person or persons liable to pay the same, agree in writing to allow the same to remain therein or to be used by such person or persons for the purposes of such business, shall be construed to make an advance of money by way of loan within the meaning of this Section.

2. No contract for the remuneration of a servant or agent of any person engaged in any trade or undertaking by a share of the profits of such trade or under-

not to make them taking shall, of itself, render such servant or agent partners. responsible as a partner therein, nor give him the rights of a partner.

3. No person being the widow or child of the deceased partner of a trader, and receiving by way of annuity a portion of the profits made by such trader in his business, shall, by reason only of such receipt, be deemed to be a partner of or to be subject to any liabilities incurred by such trader.

4. No person receiving by way of annuity or otherwise a portion of the profits of any business, in consideration of the sale by him of the good-will of such business, shall, by reason only of such receipt, be deemed to be a partner of, or be subject to, the liabilities of the person carrying on such business.

5. In the construction of this Act, the word "person" shall include a Partnership Firm, a Joint Stock Company, and a Corporation.

ACT No. XVI, PASSED 23RD MARCH 1866.

An Act to relieve the Governor-General of India in Council from the duty of signing the Commissions mentioned in Sections 22 and 44 of the High Courts Criminal Procedure Amendment Act, 1865.

WHEREAS it is expedient to relieve the Governor-General of India in Council from the duty of signing the Commissions respectively mentioned in Sections 22 and 44 of "The High Court's Criminal Procedure Amendment Act, 1865;" It is enacted as follows:—

1. A seal shall be made at the expense of the Government of India with this inscription, "The Seal of the Governor-General of India in Council," and shall be kept in the custody of such person as the Governor-General of India in Council shall from time to time appoint in that behalf and the Commissions respectively mentioned in Sections 22 and 44 of "The High Court's Criminal Procedure Amendment Act, 1865," may be stamped with such seal, by such person as the Governor-General of India in Council shall from time to time appoint in that behalf; and when so stamped shall be equally valid and effectual as if they had been signed by the Governor-General of India and the Members of his Council.

ACT No. XVIII, PASSED 24TH MARCH 1866.

An Act to alter the Customs duty on the export of Saltpetre.

WHEREAS it is expedient to alter the duty of Customs on Saltpetre exported by Sea from any port in British India; It is enacted as follows:—

1. In lieu of the Schedule B annexed to Act No. XXV of 1865, (to amend the Law relating to the duties of Customs on Goods exported and imported by Sea) the following Schedule shall be substituted (that is to say):—

SCHEDULE B.

Rates of duty to be charged upon goods exported by Sea to any Foreign Port as defined in the Consolidated Customs' Act from any Port in British India.

1. Bullion and Coin.....	Free.
2. Precious Stones and Pearls.....	"
3. Horses and other living animals.....	"
4. Rum.....	"
5. Spirits.....	"
6. Tobacco and all preparations thereof.....	"
7. Cotton Wool.....	"
8. Flax.....	"
9. Hemp.....	"
10. Books.....	"
11. Maps, Prints, and Works of Art.....	"
12. Teak Timber.....	"
13. Coal.....	"
14. Iron.....	"
15. Jute.....	"
16. Coffee.....	"
17. Tea.....	"
18. Sugar.....	"
19. Wool.....	"
20. Hides and Skins, raw.....	"
21. Raw Silk and Silk Chussum.....	"
22. Grain and pulse.....	two Annas the } of forty seers Indian maund } of eighty three Rupees the } tolahs to Indian maund } the seer.
23. Indigo.....	
24. Lac Dye and Shell Lac.....	four per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .
25. All country articles not enumerated or named above	three per cent. <i>ad valorem</i> .

This Act to be read with Act No. XXV of 1865. 2. This Act shall be read with, and taken as part of Act No. XXV of 1865.

ACT No. XIX, PASSED 24TH MARCH 1866.

An Act to enhance the price of Salt manufactured and sold under the orders of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort St. George in Council.

WHEREAS it is expedient to enhance the price of Salt manufactured and sold under the orders of the Governor of the Presidency of Fort Saint George in Council for consumption in that Presidency; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble. New Section substituted for Section 43 of Act No. VI of 1844. 1. Section 43 of Act No. VI of 1844 is hereby repealed, and in lieu thereof the following Section shall be substituted (that is to say):—

XLIII.—The price to be paid to the Government of the Presidency of Fort Saint George, for Salt manufactured and sold under the orders of the Governor of the Presidency in Council for consumption within the Territories subordinate to the same Presidency shall, from and after the passing of this Act, be one Rupee and eleven Annas for every three thousand two hundred tolahs weight of Salt.

This Act to be read with Act No. VI of 1844. 2. This Act shall be read with, and taken as part of, Act No. VI of 1844.

ACT No. XX, PASSED 2ND APRIL 1866.

An Act to provide for the Registration of Assurances.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the Laws relating to the Registration of Assurances; It is enacted as follows:—

PART I.

Preliminary.

Short Title. 1. This Act shall be called "The Indian Registration Act, 1866."

Interpretation Clause. 2. In this Act—unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context.

"British India" denotes the Territories which are or may become vested in Her Majesty or Her Successors by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., Cap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better government of India," except the Settlement of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore, and Malacca:

"Year" & "Month." "Year" and "Month" respectively mean a year or month reckoned according to the British Calendar:

"Section." "Section" denotes a Section of this Act:

"Lease" includes a counterpart, a kabulyiat, an undertaking to cultivate or occupy, and an agreement to lease; but not a puttah or muchilka, as respectively defined in Section 3 of Act No. VIII of 1865, of the Governor of Fort St. George in Council, executed in the Madras Presidency.

"Will." "Will" includes a codicil and every writing making a voluntary posthumous disposition of property.

"Instrument." "Instrument" does not include a Will nor an authority to adopt.

"Obligation" denotes any instrument by which one person (hereinafter called the obligor) binds himself absolutely or conditionally to pay money to another person (hereinafter called the obligee,) and includes a Bond, a Bill of Exchange, a Hundi, and a Promissory Note.

"Signature." "Signature" and "Signed" include and apply to the affixing of a mark.

"Signed." "Immovable Property" includes land, buildings, rights to ways, lights, fisheries or any other benefit to arise out of land, and things attached to the earth or permanently fastened to anything which is attached to the earth; but not standing timber, growing crops, nor grass.

"Immovable Property." "Movable Property" includes standing timber, growing crops, grass, fruit upon trees, and property of every other description except immovable property.

"Movable Property." "Book" includes a portion of a book and also any number of sheets connected together, with a view of forming a book or portion of a book.

"Book." "Endorsement" and "Endorsed" include and apply to an entry in writing by a Registering Officer on a rider or covering-slip to any document tendered for registration under this Act.

- "Representative." "Representative" includes the guardian of an Infant and the Committee or other legal Curator of a Lunatic or Idiot :
- "Oath." "Oath" includes a solemn affirmation :
- "Imprisonment." "Imprisonment" means imprisonment of either description as defined in the Indian Penal Code :
- "Person." "Person" includes any Company or Association or body, or persons whether incorporated or not :
- "Addition." "Addition" means the place of residence, and the profession, trade, rank, or title (if any) of a person described.
- Number. Words in the singular number include the plural ;
- Gender. words in the plural number include the singular, and words importing the masculine gender include females.
- And in any part of British India in which this Act operates, "Local Government" denotes the person authorized by law to administer the Executive Government in such part :
- "High Court." "High Court" denotes the highest Civil Court of Appeal therein : "District Court" means the principal Civil Court of Original Jurisdiction in a District, and includes the High Court in its ordinary Original Civil Jurisdiction ; and "Civil Court" includes a Revenue Court, but not a Court for the relief of insolvent debtors :
- "General Registry Office." "General Registry Office" includes a Branch General Registry Office :
- "District." "Sub-District." "District" and "Sub-District" respectively mean a District and Sub-District formed under this Act.
3. Acts No. XVI of 1864 and No. IX of 1865 are hereby repealed, except in so far as the former Act rescinds other Acts or Regulations, and except as regards things duly done and penalties incurred under the Acts hereby repealed or either of them. And all things duly done under the same Acts, or either of them, shall be considered as having been done under this Act.
- Power to invest Head Executive Officer of Territories under immediate administration of Government of India with authority vested by this Act in local Governments.
4. It shall be lawful for the Governor-General of India in Council, by an order to be published in the Gazette of India, to declare that in any Territory under the immediate administration of the Government of India, the Head Executive Officer of such Territory shall exercise all or any of the powers vested by this Act in the local Government ; and thereupon such Officer shall, for the purposes of this Act, be the local Government of such Territory.

PART II.

Of the Registration Establishment.

5. The local Government shall establish within the Territories, subject to such Government, at such place as it shall think fit, an Office to be called the General Registry Office, and shall appoint an Officer to the charge of such Office, who shall be the Registrar General of the Territories for which he is appointed. The local Government may also, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, establish a branch General Registry Office, and appoint a Branch Registrar General; and every act done by or before any Branch Registrar General so
- General Registry Office.
- Branch General Registry Office.

appointed shall have the same effect as if done by or before a Registrar General : provided that such Branch Registrar General shall not exercise the power to frame rules conferred on the Registrar General by Section 80. Any Registrar General or Branch Registrar General may hold simultaneously any other office under Government.

6. For the purposes of this Act the local Government shall form Districts and Sub-Districts, and shall prescribe and from time to time may alter the limits of such Districts and Sub-Districts. A Sub-District may be continuous with a District, or may be situate partly in one District and partly in another.

The Districts and Sub-Districts formed under this Section, together with the limits thereof, and every alteration of such limits shall be notified by the local Government in the Official Gazette immediately after every such formation or alteration. Every such alteration shall take effect on such day after the notification as shall be mentioned therein.

Establishment of Registry and Sub-Registry Offices.

7. The local Government shall establish in every District an Office to be styled the Registry Office ; and in every Sub-District an Office to be styled the Sub-Registry Office.

Appointment of Registrars and Sub-Registrars.

8. The local Government may appoint such persons whether Public Officers or not, as it may think proper, to be Registrars of the several Districts, and to be Sub-Registrars of the several Sub-Districts formed as aforesaid respectively.

9. During the absence on duty of the Registrar General or Branch Registrar General from the place where the General Registry Office is established, it shall be lawful for him to appoint the Registrar of such place, or, with the previous sanction of the local Government, such other person as he shall think fit, to perform the duties of the Registrar General, except those mentioned in Sections 80 and 83. A Registrar so appointed shall perform such duties in addition to his own duties as Registrar. During such absence, the Registrar or other person so appointed as aforesaid, shall be styled the Deputy Registrar General or Deputy Branch Registrar General, as the case may be, and may use the seal of the Registrar General or Branch Registrar General, as the case may be.

10. In case of the absence from his District or of a vacancy occurring in the Office of any Registrar other than the Registrar of a District including a Presidency Town, any person whom the Registrar General shall appoint in this behalf, or, in default of such appointment, the Judge of the District Court shall, during such absence or vacancy, be the Registrar. In case of the absence of the Registrar of a District including a Presidency Town, or of a vacancy occurring in the Office of any such Registrar, it shall be lawful for the Registrar General to appoint any person whom he may think proper to conduct the duties of the office of such Registrar.

Provisions for cases of absence of a Registrar from his District or vacancy in his Office.

11. In case of the absence of any Registrar from his Office on duty in his District, it shall be lawful for him to appoint any Sub-Registrar in his District to perform, during such absence, all the duties of a Registrar except those mentioned in Sections 79 and 83

Provision for case of Registrar's absence from Office on duty in his District.

Provision for cases of absence of Sub-Registrar, or vacancy in his Office.

Appointments under Sections 9, 10, 11 or 12, to be reported to local Government.

Local Government may suspend, remove, or dismiss any person appointed under this Act.

14. It shall be lawful for the local Government, with the previous sanction of the Governor-General of India in Council, to assign such salaries as such Government may from time to time deem proper, to the Registering Officers appointed under this Act, or to provide for the remuneration of such Officers by fees, or partly by fees and partly by salaries. It shall also be lawful for the local Government, with the like sanction, to allow such establishments for the several Registration Offices as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act.

15. The Registrar-General, Branch Registrar General, and the several Registrars and Sub-Registrars shall use a Seal bearing the following inscription in English, and in such other language as the local Government shall direct :—“The seal of the Registrar General (or of the Branch Registrar General, or of the Registrar, or of the Sub-Registrar) of

16. The local Government shall provide for the Office of every Registering Officer such books as may be necessary for the purposes of this Act. The books so provided shall contain such forms as shall from time to time be prescribed by the Registrar General, with the sanction of the local Government, and the pages of such books shall be consecutively numbered in print, and the number of pages in each book shall be certified on the title page by the Officer by whom such books shall be issued. The local Government shall further supply the Office of every Registrar with a fire-proof box.

PART III.

Of Registrable Documents.

17. The instruments next hereinafter mentioned shall be registered, provided the property to which they relate shall be situate in a District in which, and provided they shall have been executed on or after the date on which the said Act No. XVI of 1864 or this Act shall have come or shall come into operation ; (that is to say) :—

1. Instruments of gift of immovable property :
2. Instruments (other than an instrument of gift) which purport to operate to create, declare, assign, limit, or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title, or interest, whether vested or contingent, of the value of one hundred Rupees and upwards to or in immovable property.
3. Instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title or interest, and—

12. In case of the absence of any Sub-Registrar, or of a vacancy occurring in the Office of any Sub-Registrar, any person whom the Registrar of the District shall appoint in this behalf shall, during such absence or vacancy, be Sub-Registrar.

13. All appointments made under Sections 9, 10, 11 or 12 shall be reported to the local Government by the Registrar General or Branch Registrar General, as the case may be. Such report shall be either special or general, as the local Government shall direct ; and the local Government shall have power to suspend, remove, or dismiss any persons appointed under the provisions of this Act, and to appoint other persons in their stead.

4. Leases of immovable property for any term exceeding one year :

Provided that the former part of this Section shall not apply to any Composition-Deeds. Exception of Composition Deeds. And of transfers of Shares and Debentures in Land Companies. Provided that the former part of this Section shall not apply to any Composition-deed nor to any instrument relating to shares in a Joint Stock Company, notwithstanding that the assets of such Company shall consist in whole or in part of immovable property, nor to any endorsement upon or transfer of any Debenture issued by any such Company : Provided also that, so far only as regards the Territories respectively under the Governments of the Lieutenant-Governors of Bengal, and the North-West Provinces, the Local Government may, by order published in the Official Gazette, exempt from the operation of the former part of this Section any leases of immovable property, executed in any particular district or part of a district, the terms granted by which shall not exceed two years, and the annual rents reserved by which shall not exceed fifty Rupees.

Documents of which the registration is optional. 18. Any of the documents next hereinafter mentioned may be registered under this Act ; (that is to say) :—

1. Instruments which purport to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent, of a value less than one hundred Rupees to or in immovable property :

2. Instruments which acknowledge the receipt or payment of any consideration on account of the creation, declaration, assignment, limitation, or extinction of any such right, title or interest :

3. Leases of immovable property for any term not exceeding one year and the puttahs and muchilkas referred to in Section 2 :

4. Awards relating to immovable property :

5. Instruments which purport to create, declare, assign, limit or extinguish any right, title or interest to or in movable property :

6. Wills or Authorities to adopt a son :

7. Acknowledgments, Agreements, Appointments, Articles of Partnership, Assignments, Awards, Bills of Exchange, Bills of Sale, Bonds, Composition-Deeds, Conditions of Sale, Contracts, Covenants, Grants, Instruments of Dissolution of Partnership, Instruments of Partition, Powers of Attorney, Promissory Notes, Releases, Settlements, Writings of Divorcement, and all other documents not herein-before-mentioned.

Documents in language not understood by Registering Officer. 19. If any document duly presented for registration be in a language which the Registering Officer does not understand, and which is not commonly used in the District, he shall refuse to register the document, unless it be accompanied by a true translation into a language commonly used in the District, and also by a true copy.

20. It shall be in the discretion of the Registering Officer to refuse to accept for registration any document in which any interlineation, blank, erasure, or alteration shall appear unless the persons executing the document shall attest with their signatures or initials, such interlineation, blank, erasure or alteration ; and it shall be the duty of the Officer registering such document, at the time of registering the same, to make a note in the Register of such interlineation, blank, erasure or alteration.

21. No instrument relating to immovable property shall be accepted for registration unless it shall contain a description of such property sufficient to identify the same. Houses in towns shall be described as situate on the north or other side of the street or road (mentioning it) to which they front, and by their existing and former occupancies, and by their numbers, if the houses in such street or road are numbered. Other houses and lands shall be described by their name, if any, and as being in the territorial division in which they are situate and by their superficial contents, the roads and other properties on which they abut, and their occupancies, and also, whenever it is practicable, by reference to a Government Map or Survey. No document containing a Map or Plan of any property comprised therein shall be accepted for registration, unless it be accompanied by a true copy of the the Map or Plan, or, in case such property shall be situate in several Sub-Districts, by such number of true copies of the Map or Plan as shall be equal to the number of such Sub-Districts, and, in case the property shall be also situate in several Districts, by such further number of true copies of the Map or Plan as shall be equal to the number of such Districts.

PART IV.

Of the Time of Registration.

22. Subject to the provision contained in Section 21, no instrument of the kinds mentioned in Section 17, Clauses 1, 2, 3, and 4, shall be accepted for registration, unless presented for that purpose to the proper Officer within four months from the date of its execution; provided that, where there are several persons executing it at different times, the instrument may be presented for registration within four months from the date of each execution.

23. Subject to the provision contained in Section 24, no document of any of the kinds mentioned in Section 18 (other than a Will or authority to adopt a son), shall be accepted for registration, unless presented for that purpose to the proper Officer within two months from the date of its execution; provided that, where there are several persons executing it at different times, the document may be presented for registration and re-registration within two months from the date of each execution.

Explanation. The date of execution of a document means the day on which it purports to have been executed.

24. If any instrument shall, owing to urgent necessity or unavoidable accident, not have been presented for registration till after the expiration of the time hereinbefore prescribed in that behalf, it shall be lawful for the Registrar, in cases where the delay in presentation shall not exceed four months, to direct, that on payment, as a penalty, of a sum not exceeding twenty times the amount of the proper registration fee, such instrument shall be accepted for registration.

25. Whenever the last day of any period hereinbefore provided for the registration of any document shall fall on a Sunday or other holiday declared as hereinafter mentioned, such last day shall, for the purposes of this Act, be deemed to be the day immediately following such Sunday or other holiday.

Wills or Authorities to adopt may be registered or deposited at any time.

26. Any Will or Authority to adopt a son may at any time be registered or deposited in manner hereinafter provided.

Alteration of Act No. XIV of 1859, Section 1, Clause 10.

27. In Act No. XIV of 1859, Section 1, Clause 10, the last Clause shall be read as if for the words 'within six months from the date thereof' the words 'within the time prescribed in that behalf, by "The Indian Registration Act, 1866" were substituted.

Saving of time prescribed by Statute for registration of instruments.

28. Nothing in this Act shall be taken to alter the time within which any certificate or other document must be registered under the provisions of "The Bankrupt Law Consolidation Act, 1849," Section 143, or any other Act of the Parliament of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland.

PART V.

Of the Place of Registration.

29. Save as in this Act otherwise provided, every instrument mentioned in Section 17, Clauses 1, 2, 3, and 4, and Section 18, Clauses 1, 2, 3, & 4, shall be presented for registration in the Office of a Sub-Registrar within whose Sub-District the whole or some portion of the property to which such instrument relates is situate.

30. Every instrument other than an instrument referred to in the last preceding Section, may be presented for registration in the Office of the Sub-Registrar in whose Sub-District the instrument was executed, or in the Office of any Sub-Registrar under the local Government at which all the persons executing and claiming under the instrument shall desire the same to be registered.

31. The Registrar General may, in his discretion, receive and register any instrument referred to in Section 29, without regard to the situation in any part of British India of the property to which the instrument relates.

32. Any Registrar may, in his discretion, receive and register any instrument which might be registered by any Sub-Registrar subordinate to him. He shall also register Wills and Authorities to adopt The Registrar of a District, including a Presidency Town, shall be deemed to be a Sub-Registrar within the meaning of this Act for such portion of his District (if any) as shall not have been formed into a Sub-District.

33. In ordinary cases the registration or deposit of documents under this Act shall be made only at the public Office of the Officer whose duty it shall be to register the same: but any such Officer may, on special cause being shown, attend at the residence of any person intending to register any document, or of any person desiring to deposit a Will or Authority to adopt a son, and register or accept for registration or deposit such Document, Will or Authority. Every Sub-Registrar so attending shall, within twenty-four hours, report to the Registrar, to whom he is subordinate, the fact of the attendance and his reason therefor.

PART VI.

Of the Presentation of Instruments for Registration.

34. Subject to the provisions of the last preceding Section, every document to be registered under this Act, whether such

Persons to present registration be compulsory or optional, shall be presented at the proper Registration Office by some person executing or claiming under the same, or by the representative or assign of such person, or by the agent of such person, representative or assign, duly authorized by Power of Attorney executed and authenticated in manner hereinafter mentioned.

Powers of Attorney 35. For the purposes of the last preceding Section, the Powers of Attorney next hereinafter mentioned shall alone be recognized, (that is to say);—

(a.) If the principal at the time of executing the Power of Attorney resides in any part of British India in which this Act operates, a Power of Attorney executed before and authenticated by the Registrar or Sub-Registrar within whose District or Sub-District the principal resides:

(b.) If the principal at the time aforesaid resides in any other part of British India, a Power of Attorney executed before and authenticated by the Judge of the District Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction the principal resides:

(c.) If the principal at the time aforesaid does not reside in British India, a Power of Attorney executed before and authenticated by a Notary Public, or any Court, Judge, Magistrate, British Consul or Vice-consul, or Representative of Her Majesty or of the Government of India.

Any Power of Attorney mentioned in this Section may be proved by the production of it without further proof, when it purports on the face of it to have been executed before and authenticated by the person or Court hereinbefore mentioned in that behalf.

Provided that persons who by reason of bodily infirmity are unable without risk or serious inconvenience to attend as next

hereinafter mentioned, and persons who are in jail under civil or criminal process, and persons exempt by law from personal appearance in Court, shall not be required to attend at the Office of the Registrar or Sub-Registrar, or in the Court of the Judge for the

purpose of executing any such Power of Attorney as is mentioned in Clauses (a) and (b) of this Section; but in every such case the Registrar or Sub-Registrar or Judge (as the case may be,) if satisfied that the Power of Attorney has been voluntarily executed by the person purporting to be the principal, may attest the same without requiring his personal attendance at the Office or Court aforesaid. To obtain evidence as to the voluntary nature of the execution, the Registrar or Sub-Registrar or Judge may either himself go to the house of the person purporting to be the principal or to the jail in which he is confined and examine him, or issue a Commission for the examination of such person.

36. Subject to the provisions contained in this Section and in Sections 76, 80, 84, and 89, no document shall be registered

under this Act unless the persons executing such document, or their representatives, assigns or agents authorised as aforesaid, appear before the Registering Officer. He shall thereupon enquire whether or not

such document was executed by the persons by whom it purports to have been executed, and, in the case of any person appearing as a representative, assign, or agent, satisfy himself of the right of such person so to appear.

APPENDIX.]

If all the persons executing the document appear personally before the Registering Officer and are personally known to him, or if he be otherwise satisfied that they are the persons they represent themselves to be, and if they all admit the execution of the document;

Or, in the case of any person appearing by a representative, assign or agent, if such representative, assign or agent shall admit the execution;

Or, if the person executing the document shall be dead, and his representative, assign or agent shall not appear before the Registering Officer, or shall refuse to admit the fact of execution, but such Officer shall nevertheless be satisfied of the fact of execution;

The Registering Officer shall register the document as directed in Section 68.

The Registering Officer may, in order to satisfy himself that the persons appearing before him are the persons they represent themselves to be, or for any other purpose contemplated by this Act, examine any one, whether summoned or not under Section 37, present in his office.

PART VII.

Of the Enforcement of Attendance of Executants and Witnesses.

37. If any person presenting any document for registration shall desire the attendance of any person whose presence or testimony is necessary for the registration of such document, the Registering Officer may, in his discretion, call upon the Revenue Officer in whose jurisdiction the person whose attendance is so desired may be, to issue and serve a summons requiring him to attend at the Registration Office, either in person or by duly authorized agent, as in the summons may be mentioned and at a time named in such summons.

Revenue Officer to 38. The Revenue Officer, upon receipt of the peon's fee payable in such cases, shall issue the summons accordingly, and cause the same to be served upon the person whose attendance is so required.

39. Any person who by reason of bodily infirmity is unable, without risk or serious inconvenience, to attend in the Registration Office, and any person who is in jail under civil or criminal process, and any person exempt by law from personal appearance in Court, and who would but for the provision next hereinafter contained be required to attend in person at the Registration Office, shall not be required so to attend; but in every such case, the Registering Officer shall either himself go to the house of such person or to the jail in which he is confined and examine him, or issue a Commission for his examination.

Law as to summon- 40. The law in force for the time being as to summonses, commissions and compelling the attendance of witnesses, and for their remuneration in suits before Civil Courts, shall apply to any summons or commission issued and any person summoned to appear under the provisions of this Act.

PART VIII.

Of sending to a Registry Office Memoranda of Decrees and Orders affecting Immovable Property.

41. When any Civil Court shall by a decree or order declare any document relating to immovable property, which shall have been registered under this Act, to be invalid, or when any Civil Court shall pass a decree or order affecting any such document, and such last mentioned

to immovable property to be sent to Registrar within whose District the document was originally registered.

42. When any Civil Court shall by a decree, or order create, declare, transfer, limit or extinguish any right, title or interest of any person to or in any immovable property situate in any part of British India in which this Act shall operate, such Court shall cause a memorandum of the said decree or order to be sent to the Registrar or to every Registrar within whose District the whole or any part of such immovable property is situate, and such memorandum shall so far as may be practicable describe the property in manner required by Section 21.

43. The costs of and attending the registration under Sections 41 and 42 of any memorandum of a decree or order shall be costs in the cause, and shall be paid by the Court to the Registrar or to such other person and in such way as the local Government shall direct in that behalf.

PART IX.

Of the Presentation and Deposit of Wills and Authorities to adopt.

44. The testator or any person claiming as executor or otherwise under a Will, may present to any Registrar for registration such Will, and the donor or donee of any authority to adopt, or the adoptive son, may present to any Registrar for registration such Authority. Any person entitled to present for registration any such Will or Authority may either personally or by a duly authorized agent present to a Registrar such Will or authority open, and any testator or donor of such Authority may either personally or by duly authorized agent deposit with any Registrar the Will or Authority in a sealed cover superscribed with the name of the depositor and the nature of the document.

45. If the depositor of any such sealed cover shall wish to withdraw the same, it shall be lawful for him to apply to the Registrar in whose Office such cover shall have been deposited, that the same be delivered to him; and the Registrar, if he shall be satisfied as to the identity of the depositor with the applicant, shall deliver the cover accordingly.

46. If on the death of the depositor of a sealed cover under Section 44, application be made to the Registrar in whose Office such cover was deposited to open the same, the Registrar, if he shall be satisfied that the depositor is dead, shall, in the presence of the person making such application, open the cover, and shall copy at the expense of the applicant the contents thereof in his Book No. 4. When such copy shall have been made,

the Registrar shall re-deposit the original Will or Authority.

PART X.

Of the Effects of Registration and Non-Registration.

47. A registered document shall operate from the time from which it would have commenced to operate if no registration thereof had been required or made, and not from the time of its registration.

Registered instruments relating to property to take effect against oral agreements.

49. No instrument required by Section 17 to be registered shall be received in evidence in any Civil proceeding in any Court, or shall be acted on by any Public Servant as defined in the Indian Penal Code, or shall affect any property comprised therein, unless it shall have been registered in accordance with the provisions of this Act.

Registered instruments relating to immovables of which the registration is optional to take effect against unregistered instruments.

Period of limitation in suits under a registered written contract for money lent or interest or breach of contract.

Special Registration of Obligations for Payment of Money.

52. Whenever the obligor and obligee of an obligation shall agree that, in the event of the obligation not being duly satisfied, the amount secured thereby may be recovered in a summary way, and shall at the time of registering the said obligation apply to the Registering Officer to record the said agreement, the Registering Officer, after making such enquiries as he may think proper, shall record such agreement at the foot of the endorsement and certificate required by Sections 66 and 68, and such record shall be signed by him and by the obligor, and shall be copied into the Register Book No. 1 or No. 6, as the case may be, and shall be *prima facie* evidence of the said agreement.

53. Within one year from the date on which the amount becomes payable, or, where the amount is payable by instalments, within one year from the date on which any instalment becomes payable, the obligee of any such obligation registered with such agreement as aforesaid, whether under the said Act No. XVI of 1864, or under this Act, may present a petition to any Court which would have had jurisdiction to try a regular suit on such obligation for the amount secured thereby, or for the instalment sought to be recovered.

The petition shall, where a stamp is required by law, bear a stamp of one-fourth the value prescribed for a plaint in such a suit, and may be amended by permission of the Court, and the statement in the petition shall be verified by the petitioner in manner required by law for the verification of plaints.

On production in Court of the obligation and of the said record signed as aforesaid, the petitioner shall be entitled to a decree for any sum not exceeding the sum mentioned in the petition together with interest at the rate specified (if any) to the date of the decree, and a sum for costs to be fixed by the Court.

Such decree may be enforced forthwith under the provisions for the enforcement of decrees contained in the Code of Civil Procedure.

54. In any proceedings under this Part of this Act, the Court may order the obligation sought to be proceeded upon to be forthwith deposited with an Officer of the Court, and may further order that all proceedings shall be stayed until the plaintiff shall have given security for costs thereof.

55. After decree, the Court may, under special circumstances, set aside the decree, and, if necessary, stay or set aside execution; but there shall be no appeal against any decree or order made under Section 53, Section 54, or this Section.

PART XI.

Of the Duties and Powers of Registering Officers.

(A) As to the Register Books and Indexes.

Register Books to be kept in the several Offices. 56. The following books shall be kept in the several Offices hereinafter named; (that is to say) —

In all Registration Offices:—

Book 1.—“Register of Instruments relating to immovable property.”

Book 2.—“Record of reasons for refusal to register.”

In the Offices of Registrars:—

Book 3.—“Register of deposits of Wills and Authorities to adopt,” and

Book 4.—“Register of Wills and Authorities to adopt.”

In the Offices of Registrars and of Sub-Registrars:—

Book 5.—“Register of Decrees and Orders.”

Book 6.—“Miscellaneous Register.”

In Book 1 shall be entered all documents registered under Section 17 and the first 4 Clauses of Section 18, and all other documents mentioned in Section 18, Clause 7, which relate to immovable property. In Book 5 shall be filed all memoranda of decrees and orders sent under Section 42. In Book 6 shall be entered all documents registered under Clauses 5 and 7 of Section 18 and not entered in Book 1 or in Book 5: Provided that, if the Registrar General shall so direct, wherever Act No. XVI of 1864 is now in force, down to the 31st day of December 1866 and no longer, the books directed to be kept by Section 56 of the same Act shall be kept, and the rules relating to the entries made therein and the Indexes to be made therefor shall be observed, anything in this Act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

57. The day, hour and place of presentation, and the signature of every person presenting a document for registration shall be endorsed on every such document at the time of presenting the same; and, subject to the provisions contained in Section 70, every such document shall without unnecessary delay be copied in the book appropriated therefor according to the order of its presentation, and a receipt for such document shall be given by the Registering Officer to the person presenting the same.

58. All entries in each book shall be numbered in a consecutive series, which shall commence and terminate with the year, a fresh series being commenced at the beginning of each year.

59. In every Office in which any of the books next hereinafter mentioned are kept, there shall be prepared current Indexes of the contents of such books; and every entry in such Indexes shall be made, so far as practicable, in alpha-

betical order and immediately after the document to which it relates shall have been copied by the Registering Officer.

60. Two such Indexes shall be made in all Registration Offices, and shall be named respectively Index No. I, Index No. II. Index No. I shall contain the names, and additions of all persons executing and of all persons claiming under every document copied into Books Nos. 1, 3, or 4, and the name of the first plaintiff and first defendant in the suit in the case of all memoranda filed in Book 5. Index No. II shall contain such particulars mentioned in Section 21 relating to every such document as the Registrar General may from time to time direct in that behalf. A third Index to be called Index No. III shall be made by Registrars and Sub-Registrars, and shall contain the names and additions of all persons executing and of all persons claiming under every document copied into Book No. 6. Indexes Nos. I, II and III shall also contain such other particulars, and shall be prepared in such form as the Registrar General shall from time to time direct.

61. Every Sub-Registrar shall send to the Registrar to whom he is subordinate, at such intervals not exceeding one month as the Registrar General shall from time to time direct, two copies of all entries made by such Sub-Registrar during the last of such intervals in Indexes Nos. I and II.

One of each pair of copies received by Registrar from Sub-Registrar to be filed in Registrar's Indexes, and the other to be sent to General Registry Office with a copy of entries in Registrar's Indexes.

Copies sent by Registrar to be filed in Indexes of General Registry Office.

62. Every Registrar receiving such two copies shall in every month file one of such copies in his Indexes Nos. I and II respectively; and, at such intervals as the Registrar General shall from time to time direct, shall send the other of such copies to the General Registry Office. Every Registrar shall also send to the General Registry Office a copy of all the entries which he shall have made in his Indexes Nos. I and II respectively during the last of such intervals.

63. On the receipt in the General Registry Office of the copies so sent by the Registrar, they shall be filed in the Indexes Nos. I and II respectively kept in such Office.

64. If the Registrar General shall so direct, an alphabetical Index shall be prepared in every Registration Office at the end of each year of all entries made during the past year in the current Indexes in such office; and in every office in which Book No. 2 shall be kept, an alphabetical Index shall be prepared at the end of each year to the entries made in such book during the past year.

65. Subject to the previous payment of the fees payable in that behalf, the Books Nos. 1, 2 and 5 and the Indexes relating to such books shall be at all times open to inspection by any person applying to inspect the same; and, subject to the provisions of Section 70, copies of entries in such books shall be given to all persons applying for such copies. Subject to the same provision, copies of entries in Books Nos. 3, 4 and 6 and in the Indexes relating thereto shall be given to any person executing or claiming under the documents to which such entries respectively refer; but the requisite search for such entries shall be made only by the Registering Officer. Such copies shall be signed and sealed by the Registering Officer, and shall be *prima facie* evidence of the contents of the original documents.

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(B).—As to the Procedure on admitting to Registration.

Particulars to be endorsed on documents admitted to registration. 66. On every document admitted to registration, there shall be endorsed from time to time the following particulars, (that is to say):—

1. The signature and addition of every person admitting the execution of the document; and, if such execution shall have been admitted by the representative, assign or agent of any person, the signature and addition of such representative, assign or agent:

2. The signature and addition of every person who may have been examined in reference to such document under any of the provisions of this Act; and

3. Any payment of money or delivery of goods made in the presence of the Registering Officer in reference to the execution of the document, and any admission of receipt of consideration made in his presence in reference to such execution.

Such endorsements to be dated and signed by Registering Officer.

67. The Registering Officer shall affix the date and his signature to all endorsements mentioned in the last preceding Section, relating to the same document, and made in his presence on the same day.

68. After the provisions of Sections 36, 66 and 67 shall have been complied with, the Registering Officer shall endorse on the document a certificate containing the word "Registered," together with the number and page of the book in which the document shall have been copied. Such certificate shall be signed, sealed and dated by the Registering Officer, and shall then be *prima facie* evidence that the document has been duly registered in manner provided by this Act, and that the facts mentioned in the endorsement referred to in the last preceding Section have occurred as therein mentioned.

69. The endorsements and certificate mentioned in Sections 67 and 68 shall thereupon be copied into the margin of the Register Book, and the copy of the map or plan (if any) mentioned in Section 21 shall be filed in Book No. 1. The registration of the document shall thereupon be considered to be complete, and the document shall then be returned to the person who shall have presented the same for registration, or to such other person (if any) as he shall have nominated in writing in that behalf on the receipt mentioned in Section 57.

Endorsements and certificate to be copied.

Document to be returned.

70. When a document is presented for registration under Section 19, the translation shall be transcribed in the Register of Instruments of the nature of the original, and, together with the copy referred to in Section 19, shall be filed in the Registration Office; and the endorsements and certificate respectively mentioned in Sections 67 and 68 shall be made on the original, and for the purpose of making the other copies required by any Section other than Section 65, the translation shall be treated as if it were the original.

71. It shall be lawful for every Registering Officer, at his discretion, to administer an oath to any person examined by him under the provisions of this Act. He may also at his discretion record a note of the substance of the statement made by each such person, and such statement

Record of substance shall be read over, or (if made in a language with which such person is not acquainted) interpreted to him in a language with which he is acquainted, and if he shall admit the correctness of such note, it shall be signed by the Registering Officer.

(C).—Special Duties of Sub-Registrar.

72. Every Sub-Registrar on registering a Document relating to immovable property which is not wholly situate in his own Sub-District, shall forward a copy thereof, and of the endorsement and certificate thereon, and of the map or plan (if any) mentioned in Section 21 to every other Sub-Registrar subordinate to the same Registrar as himself in whose Sub-District any part of such property is situate; and every such Sub-Registrar shall file such copies in his Book No. 1.

73. Every Sub-Registrar on registering a document relating to immovable property situate in more Districts than one, shall also forward a copy thereof and of the endorsement and certificate thereon, together with such number of copies of the map or plan (if any) mentioned in Section 21 as may be necessary, to the Registrar of every District in which any part of such property is situate, other than the District in which his own Sub-District is situate. The Registrar on receiving the same shall enter in his Book No. 1 the copy of the document and one of the copies of the map or plan (if any), and shall forward a copy of the document together with a copy of the map or plan (if any) to each of the Sub-Registrars subordinate to him within whose Sub-District any part of such property is situate; and every Sub-Registrar receiving such copies shall file the same in his Book No. 1.

(D).—Special Duties of Registrar.

74. On registering any instrument relating to immovable property under Section 32 the Registrar shall forward a copy of such instrument, together with a copy of the map or plan (if any) mentioned in Section 21, to each Sub-Registrar subordinate to himself in whose Sub-District any part of such property is situate, and he shall also forward a copy of such instrument, together with such number of copies of the map or plan (if any) mentioned in Section 21, as may be necessary, to any other Registrar in whose District any part of such property is situate; and every Sub Registrar and Registrar, on receiving any such copy or copies, shall follow the procedure prescribed for them respectively in Section 73.

75. Every memorandum received under Section 41 shall be copied in the margin of the part of the book in which the document affected by such memorandum is registered; and for this purpose the Registrar shall send a copy of such memorandum to every Sub-Registrar in his District in whose office the said document is registered, who shall copy such memorandum in the margin of the copy of the document registered in his office. When any such memorandum shall relate to immovable property situate in more Districts than one, the Registrar receiving the same shall also send a copy thereof to every other Registrar within whose District any part of such property is situate, who shall on receiving such copy follow the procedure prescribed for a Registrar in the first clause of this Section.

Every memorandum received by a Registrar under Section 42 shall be filed by him in his Register Book No. 5, and he shall then send a copy thereof to every Sub-Registrar subordinate to himself in whose

Sub-District any part of such property is situate, and every such Sub-Registrar shall file it in his Register Book No. 5.

76. A Will and an Authority to adopt presented for registration by the testator or donor may be registered in the same manner as any other document. A Will or Authority to adopt presented for registration by any person entitled to present the same, other than the testator or donor, shall be registered if the Registrar shall be satisfied that the person so presenting the same is the person he represents himself to be, and that the Will or Authority was executed by the testator or donor, as the case may be.

77. On receiving for deposit a sealed cover under Section 44, the Registrar, if he shall be satisfied that the depositor is the testator or donor, as the case may be, or his duly authorized agent, shall transcribe in his Register Book No. 3 the superscription on such sealed cover, and note in the Register and on the sealed cover the year, month, day and hour of such presentation and receipt, together with the name of the depositor, and the name of each of the persons testifying to the identity of such depositor, and the inscription so far as it is legible on the seal of the cover. The Registrar shall then place and retain the sealed cover in his fire-proof box.

(E).—Of the Registrar General.

78. On any instrument being registered in the General Registry Office under Section 31, a copy of such instrument and of the endorsements and certificate thereon shall be forwarded to every Registrar within whose District any part of the property to which the instrument relates is situate, and the Registrar receiving such copies shall follow the procedure prescribed for him in Section 73.

(F).—Of the Controlling Powers of Registrars and Registrars General.

79. Every Sub-Registrar shall perform the duties of his office under the superintendence and control of the Registrar in whose District the office of such Sub-Registrar is situate; and every Registrar shall have authority to issue (whether on complaint or otherwise) any order consistent with this Act which he may consider necessary in respect of any act or omission of any Sub-Registrar subordinate to him, or in respect of the rectification of any error regarding the Book or the Office in which any document shall have been registered.

80. The Registrar General shall exercise a general superintendence over all the Registry Offices in the territories administered by the local Government, and shall have power from time to time to frame rules consistent with this Act—

For providing for the safe custody of books, papers and documents, and also for the destruction of such books, papers and documents as need no longer be kept;

For declaring the languages in which and the materials on, in and with which documents presented for registration are to be written or printed, the size of such documents and the extent of blank space to be left thereon;

For declaring what territorial divisions shall be recognized under Section 21;

For regulating the amount of penalties imposed under Section 24;

For the exercise of the discretion reposed in the Registering Officer by Sections 52 and 71;

For declaring the particulars to be contained in Indexes Nos. I, II and III respectively;

For declaring the holidays that shall be observed in the Registration Offices;

And, generally, for regulating the proceedings of the Registrars and Sub-Registrars under him.

The rules so framed shall be submitted to the local Government for approval, and after they shall have been approved, they shall be published in the Official Gazette, and shall then have the same force as if they were inserted in this Act.

No order to cancel registration.

81. No order shall be made to cancel the registration of any document under this Act or under Act No. XVI of 1864.

PART XII.

Of Refusal to Register.

82. Every Registering Officer who shall refuse to register a document, except one which he has a discretion to refuse to accept for registration, or except one which he has refused to register solely because the property to which it relates is not situate within his District or Sub-District, shall make an order of refusal and record his reasons for such order in his Book No. 2 and endorse the words "Registration refused" on the document; and on application made by any person executing or claiming under the document and on his furnishing a stamped paper of the value of eight annas, shall without unnecessary delay give him a copy of the reasons so recorded. No Registering Officer shall accept for registration a document so endorsed unless and until an appeal shall have been presented under the provisions herein contained and decided in favor of the appellant.

83. An appeal shall lie against an order of a Sub-Registrar refusing to admit a document to registration (whether the registration of such document is compulsory or optional) to the Registrar to whom such Sub-Registrar is subordinate if presented to such Registrar within thirty days from the date of the order, and the Registrar may reverse or alter such order: Provided that, whenever the Registrar shall himself as Sub-Registrar have passed the order appealed against, the appeal shall lie to the Registrar General. Any Registrar or Registrar General who shall refuse to direct the registration of any document shall make an order of refusal and record the reasons for such order in his Book No. 2, and on application made by any person executing or claiming under the document and on his furnishing a stamped paper of the value of eight annas, shall without unnecessary delay give him a copy of the reasons so recorded.

84. If a Registrar or Registrar General shall under Section 82 make an order of refusal to register any document referred to in Section 29, or if a refusal to register shall have been made under Section 15 of Act XVI of 1864, or if he shall under Section 83 on appeal make an order of refusal to direct the registration of such document, it shall be lawful for any person claiming thereunder, his representative, assign or agent authorized as aforesaid, within thirty days after the making of such order of refusal, to apply by petition to the District Court, in order to establish his right to have such document registered.

The petition shall be in the form contained in the Schedule to this Act, or as near thereto as circumstances will permit, and shall be accompanied by copies of the reasons recorded under Sections 82 and 83, and the statements in the petition shall be verified by the petitioner in manner required by law for the verification of plaints, and the petition shall, where a stamp is required by law, bear a stamp of eight annas, and may be amended by permission of the Court.

The document shall be admissible in evidence on the presentation and hearing of the petition, any thing hereinbefore contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

The Court shall fix a day for the hearing of the petition not less than two days after the service next hereinafter mentioned, and shall direct a copy of the petition, with a notice at the foot thereof of the day so fixed, to be served on the Registering Officer and on such other persons (if any) as the Court shall think fit; and the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure as to the service and endorsement of summonses shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to copies of petitions under this Section.

On the day so fixed as aforesaid, the Court may, if it shall think proper, and if the requirements of the law for the time being in force have been complied with on the part of the petitioner so as to entitle the document to registration, order such Registrar or Registrar General to register the document, or to direct its registration in the proper manner, and he shall thereupon obey such order, and shall, so far as may be practicable, follow the procedure prescribed in Sections 66, 67 and 68, and (provided the document be duly presented for registration within thirty days after the making of such order) the registration pursuant to such order shall take effect as if the document had been registered when it was duly presented for registration to the Officer so refusing as aforesaid.

Provided that when the Officer presiding over the District Court shall himself as Registering Officer have made any order appealed against under this Section, the petition shall within sixty days after the making of such order, be presented to the High Court, and the provisions contained in the former part of this Section shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to such petition and the order (if any) thereon.

Provided that when the Officer presiding over the District Court shall himself as Registering Officer have made any order appealed against under this Section, the petition shall within sixty days after the making of such order, be presented to the High Court, and the provisions contained in the former part of this Section shall, *mutatis mutandis*, apply to such petition and the order (if any) thereon.

Registering Officer not to be liable for any thing *bona fide* done or refused in his official capacity.

85. No Registering Officer shall be liable to any suit, claim or demand by reason of any thing *bona fide* done or refused in his official capacity.

PART XIII.

Of the Fees for Registration, Searches and Copies.

Fees for registration, searches and copies to be fixed by local Government.

86. Subject to the approval of the Governor-General of India in Council, the local Government shall prepare a Table of Fees payable—

For the registration of documents :
For searching the Registers :
For making or granting copies of reasons, entries or documents, before on, or after registration ;

And of extra or additional fees payable—
For every registration by a Registrar General under Section 31, or by a Registrar under Section 32 :
For special registration under Section 52 :
For the issue of Commissions :
For filing translations :
For attending at private residences ;
And for such other matters as shall to the local Government appear necessary to effect the purposes of this Act.

The local Government may from time to time, subject to the like approval, alter such table. A Table of the Fees so payable shall be published in the Official Gazette, and a copy thereof in English and the Vernacular language of the District shall be exposed to public view in every Registration Office.

87. All fees for the registration of documents under this Act shall be payable on presentation, and all fees received under the provisions of this Act (not being fees payable under Section 14 to Officers who are paid wholly or in part by fees,) and all penalties received under Section 24 shall be remitted to the Treasury of the District or Sub-District or to such other Treasury as the local Government shall from time to time direct, and shall be credited to Government.

PART XIV.

Miscellaneous.

Nothing done by Registering Officer to be invalidated by defect in his appointment or procedure.

88. Nothing done in good faith pursuant to the said Act No. XVI of 1864 or this Act by any Registering Officer, shall be deemed invalid merely by reason of any defect in his appointment or procedure.

89. Notwithstanding anything herein contained, it shall not be necessary for any Officer of Government, or for the Administrator General of Bengal, Madras or Bombay, or for any Official Trustee, or for the Sheriff, Receiver or Registrar of a High Court, to appear in person or by agent at any Registration Office in any proceeding connected with the registration of any instrument executed by him in his official capacity, or to sign as provided in Section 66 ; but when any instrument is so executed, the Registering Officer to whom such instrument is presented for registration may, if he think fit, refer to any Secretary of Government, or to such Officer of Government, Administrator General, Official Trustee, Sheriff, Receiver or Registrar, as the case may be, for information respecting the same, and, on being satisfied of the execution thereof, shall register the instrument.

90. Every Registering Officer appointed under this Act and every person employed in his office for the purposes of this Act, who, being charged with the endorsing, copying, translating, or registering of any document presented or deposited under the provisions of this Act, shall endorse, copy, translate or register such document in a manner which he knows or believes to be incorrect, intending thereby to cause, or knowing it to be likely that he may thereby cause, injury as defined in the Indian Penal Code to any person, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

91. Whoever shall intentionally make any false statement, whether on oath or not and whether it shall have been recorded or not, before any Officer acting in execution of this Act, in any proceeding or enquiry under this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years and shall also be liable to fine.

92. Whoever shall intentionally deliver to a Registering Officer in any proceeding under Section 19 or 21 a false copy or translation of a document, or a false copy of a map or plan, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, and shall also be liable to fine.

Penalty for delivering false copy or translation.

93. Whoever falsely personates another, and in such assumed character presents any document, or makes any admission or statement, or causes any summons or commission to be issued, or does any other act in any proceeding under this Act, shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three years, or with fine, or with both.

Penalty for false personation.

94. Whoever abets within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code anything made punishable by this Act shall be punished with imprisonment for a term which may extend to seven years, or with fine, or with both.

Penalty for abetment of offences under this Act.

95. A prosecution for any offence under this Act coming to the knowledge of a registering Officer in his official capacity may be instituted by the Registrar General, the Branch Registrar General, the Registrar or (with the sanction of the Registrar to whom he is subordinate) the Sub-Registrar in whose Territories, District or Sub-District as the case may be, the offence has been committed. All prosecutions under this Act shall be instituted before a person exercising the powers of a Magistrate or subordinate Magistrate of the first class; and all fines imposed under this Act may be recovered in the manner prescribed in Section 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

96. Every Registering Officer appointed under this Act shall be deemed a Public Servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, and every person shall be legally bound to furnish information to such Registering Officer when required by him to do so. And in Section 228 of the Indian Penal Code, the words "judicial proceeding" shall be taken to include any proceeding under this Act.

97. All references to the said Act No. XVI of 1864 in Acts passed previous to the date of this Act coming into operation shall be read as if made to this Act.

98. This Act shall come into operation on the first day of May 1866 wherever Act No. XVI of 1864 is now in force. This Act shall come into operation on the same day in the Territories under the Bombay Government known as the Panch Mahals and attached to the Collectorate of Kaira, and on the first day of July 1866 in the Province of Sind; and Act No. XVI of 1864 shall not be deemed to have come into operation in such Territories or Province, any notification of the local Government to the contrary notwithstanding. This Act may be extended to any other part of British India by an order of the local Government, to be notified in the Official Gazette; and such order may, at any time before such extension shall come into operation, be altered or cancelled.

Power to extend Act to other Territories.

99. From the date on which this Act shall be extended as hereinbefore provided to any part of British India in which the Act hereinbefore mentioned are not in force, all Rules Repeal of rules relat-

ing to registration in certain Territories.

Time for registering instruments executed in such Territories before extension of this Act.

100. Anything contained in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding, every instrument of the kinds mentioned in Section 17 and 18, which shall have been executed in any such part of British India before the date on which this Act shall come into operation therein, shall be accepted for registration if it be duly presented for registration within twelve months from such date.

101. For three months after the date on which this Act shall come into operation in any part of India in which Act No. XVI of 1864 has not come into operation, a power of attorney not duly executed according to the provisions of Section 35, anything therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, shall be deemed to have been duly executed under the provisions of the same Section, if the Registering Officer shall be satisfied that it has been executed in good faith, and if a power of attorney attested under the provisions of this Act cannot be obtained within the period during which the document sought to be registered can, under such provisions, be accepted for registration.

102. All or any of the Register Books and Indexes kept under this Act or the said Act No. XVI of 1864, or any Act, Rule or Regulation repealed by either of them, may be transferred to the custody of the Registrar of the District in which they are now preserved, or to such other Officer in that or any other District as the Local Government shall from time to time direct, and all rules contained in or made pursuant to this Act shall, so far as they may be applicable, apply to the books and Indexes so transferred as aforesaid.

SCHEDULE.

Form of Petition under Section 84.

Stamp eight Annas.

To the Judge of the District Court of _____.

The _____ day of _____ 186—.

The petition of A. B. of _____.

Sheweth:—

1. That by an instrument dated the _____ day of _____ and made between C. D. of the one part and your petitioner of the other part, certain lands were conveyed to your petitioner absolutely.

2. That such instrument was executed by the said C. D. on the _____ day of _____ 186—.

3. That the property to which such instrument relates is situate in the Sub-District of the Sub-Registrar of _____ and in the District of _____.

4. That on the ——— day of ———, your petitioner presented the said instrument for registration under "the Indian Registration Act, 1866," in the office of the said Sub-Registrar, and on such presentation the said C. D. appeared personally before the said Sub-Registrar, and admitted the execution of the said instrument [or and falsely denied the execution of the said instrument.]

5. That the said C. D. is personally known to the said Sub-Registrar [or adduced evidence that he was the person he represented himself to be, or that your petitioner adduced evidence that the said C. D. was the person he represented himself to be.]

6. That the said Sub-Registrar thereupon made an order of refusal, dated the ——— day of ——— 186—, to register the said instrument, and gave your petitioner a copy, which is filed herewith, of the reasons for such order.

7. That your petitioner on the ——— day of ——— appealed to the Registrar of ——— against such order.

8. That the said Registrar thereupon made an order of refusal, dated the ——— day of ——— to direct the registration of the said instrument, and give your petitioner a copy, which is filed herewith, of the reasons for such order.

9. That the reasons referred to in paragraphs 6 and 8 are, as your petitioner submits, insufficient, [or that your petitioner has complied with the requirements of the said Act so far as it has been possible for him to do so.]

Your petitioner therefore prays that your Honor will order the said Sub-Registrar to register the said instrument.

Form of Verification.

I, A. B., the petitioner named in the above petition, do declare that what is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

(Signed) A. B.

ACT No. XXI, PASSED 2ND APRIL 1866.

An Act to legalize, under certain circumstances, the dissolution of marriages of Native Converts to Christianity.

WHEREAS it is expedient to legalize, under certain circumstances, the dissolution of marriages of Native Converts to Christianity deserted or repudiated, on religious grounds, by their wives or husbands; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Short Title.

Commencement of Act.

3. In this Act—

Interpretation of terms.

"Native husband."

"Native Wife."

1. This Act may be cited as "The Native Converts' Marriage Dissolution Act, 1866."

2. This Act shall commence and take effect on and from the first day of May 1866.

"Native Husband" shall mean a married man domiciled in British India, who shall have completed the age of sixteen years, and shall not be a Christian, a Mahomedan, nor a Jew:

"Native Wife" shall mean a married woman domiciled in British India, who shall have completed the age of thirteen years, and shall not be a Christian, a Mahomedan, nor a Jewess:

"Native Law" shall mean any law, or custom having the force of law, of any persons domiciled in British India, other than Christians, Mahomedans, and Jews:

"Month" and "year." "Month" and "year" shall respectively mean month and year according to the British Calendar:

"High Court." "High Court" shall mean the highest Civil Court of appeal in any place to which this Act extends:

And, unless there be something repugnant in the subject or context, words importing the singular number shall include the plural, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular.

Convert deserted by his wife on religious grounds may sue for conjugal society. 4. If a Native husband change his religion for Christianity, and if, in consequence of such change, his Native Wife, for the space of six continuous months, desert or repudiate him, he may sue her for conjugal society.

Convert deserted by her husband on religious grounds may sue for conjugal society. 5. If a Native Wife change her religion for Christianity, and if, in consequence of such change, her Native Husband, for the space of six continuous months, desert or repudiate her, she may sue him for conjugal society.

6. If the respondent, at the time of commencement of such suit, reside within the local limits of the ordinary original Civil jurisdiction of any of the High Courts of Judicature, the suit shall be commenced in such Court: otherwise it shall be commenced in the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction of the District in which the defendant shall reside at the commencement of the suit.

7. The suit shall be commenced by a petition in the form in the first Schedule to this Act, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will allow. The statements made in the petition shall be verified by the petitioner in the manner required by law for the verification of plaints; and the petition shall bear a stamp of two Rupees, and may be amended by permission of the Court.

On service of petition, citation issued to respondent. 8. A copy of the petition shall be served upon the respondent, and the Court shall thereupon issue a citation under the seal of the Court and signed by the Judge.

9. In ordinary cases, the citation shall be in the form in the Second Schedule to this Act, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will allow. But where the respondent is exempt by law from personal appearance in Court, or where the Judge shall so direct, the citation shall be in the form in the third Schedule to this Act, or as near thereto as the circumstances of the case will allow.

10. A copy of the citation sealed with the seal of the Court, shall be served on the respondent; and the provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure as to the service and endorsement of summonses shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to citations under this Act.

Procedure where respondent does not obey citation. 11. If the respondent shall not obey such citation, and comply with every other requirement made upon her or him under the provisions of this Act, she or he shall be liable to punishment under Section 174 of the Indian Penal Code.

Points to be proved on appearance of petitioner. 12. On the day fixed in the citation, the petitioner shall appear in Court, and the following points shall be proved :—

- (1.) The identity of the parties :
- (2.) The marriage between the petitioner and the respondent :
- (3.) That the male party to the suit has completed the age of sixteen years, and that the female party to the suit has completed the age of thirteen years :
- (4.) The desertion or repudiation of the petitioner by the respondent :
- (5.) That such desertion or repudiation was in consequence of the petitioner's change of religion :
- (6.) And that such desertion or repudiation had continued for the six months immediately before the commencement of the suit.

13. The respondent, if such points be proved to the satisfaction of the Judge, shall thereupon be asked whether she or he refuses to cohabit with the petitioner, and, if so, what is the ground of such refusal. In ordinary cases such interrogation and every other interrogation prescribed by this Act shall be made by the Judge, but when the respondent is exempt by law from personal appearance in Court, or when the Judge shall, in his discretion, excuse the respondent from such appearance, the interrogations shall be made by Commissioners acting under such Commission as herein-after mentioned.

14. Every interrogation mentioned in this Act and made by the Judge may, at the discretion of the Judge, take place in open Court or in his private room. If any such interrogation take place in open Court, the Judge may, so long as it shall continue, exclude from the Court all such persons as he shall think fit to exclude.

15. If the respondent be a female, and in answer to the interrogatories of the Judge or Commissioners, as the case may be, shall refuse to cohabit with the petitioner, the Judge, if, upon consideration of the respondent's answers and of the facts which may have been proved by the petitioner, he shall be of opinion that the ground for such refusal is the petitioner's change of religion, shall make an order adjourning the case for a year, and directing that, in the interim, the parties shall, at such place and time as he shall deem convenient, have an interview of such length as the Judge shall direct, and in the presence of such person or persons (who may be a female or females) as the Judge shall select, with the view of ascertaining whether or not the respondent freely and voluntarily persists in such refusal.

Adjournment for a year.

Interview.

a female or females) as the Judge shall select, with the view of ascertaining whether or not the respondent freely and voluntarily persists in such refusal.

16. At the expiration of such adjournment the petitioner shall again appear in Court and shall prove that the said desertion or repudiation had continued up to the time last hereinbefore referred to ; and if the points mentioned in the twelfth and this Section of this Act shall be proved to the satisfaction of the Judge, and if the respondent on being interrogated by the Judge or Commissioners, as the case may be, again refuse to

Procedure on expiration of adjournment.
Interrogation of respondent.

cohabit with the petitioner, the respondent shall be taken to have finally deserted or repudiated the petitioner, and the Judge shall, by a decree under his hand and sealed with the seal of his Court, declare that the marriage between the parties is dissolved.

Decree.

17. If the respondent be a male, and in answer to the interrogatories of the Judge or Commissioners, as the case may be, shall refuse to cohabit with the petitioner, the Judge, if upon consideration of the respondent's answers and of the facts which may have been proved by the petitioner, he shall be of opinion that the ground for such refusal is the petitioner's change of religion, shall adjourn the case for a year. At the expiration of such adjournment, the petitioner shall again appear in Court ; and if the respondent on being interrogated by the Judge or Commissioners, as the case may be, again refuse to cohabit with the petitioner, the Judge shall thereupon, pass such a decree as last aforesaid : Provided that if the petitioner shall so desire (but not otherwise,) the proceedings in the suit shall, *mutatis mutandis*, be the same as in the case of a female respondent.

Proviso.

18. Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, if it shall appear at any stage of the suit that both or either of the parties had not attained puberty at the date of their marriage, and that such marriage has not been consummated ; and if, in answer to the interrogatories made pursuant to the thirteenth Section of this Act, the respondent shall refuse to cohabit with the petitioner, and allege, as the ground for such refusal, that the petitioner has changed his or her religion, the Judge shall thereupon pass such a decree as last aforesaid.

19. When any decree dissolving a marriage shall have been passed under the provisions of this Act, it shall be as lawful for the respective parties thereto to marry again as if the prior marriage had been dissolved by death, and the issue of any such re-marriage shall be legitimate, any Native law to the contrary notwithstanding. Provided always that no minister of religion shall be compelled to solemnize the marriage of any person whose former marriage may have been dissolved under this Act, or shall be liable to any suit or penalty for refusing to solemnize the marriage of any such person.

20. In suits instituted under this Act, the Judge shall order a Commission to issue to such persons, whether males or females, or both, as he shall think fit, for the examination on interrogatories or otherwise of any persons so exempt as aforesaid. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure shall, so far as practicable, apply to Commissions issued under this Section.

21. At any stage of a suit instituted under this Act, cohabitation as man and wife shall be sufficient presumptive evidence of the marriage of the parties, and proof of the respondent's refusal or voluntary neglect to cohabit with the petitioner, after his or her change of religion and after knowledge thereof by the respondent, shall be sufficient evidence of the respondent's desertion or repudiation of the petitioner, and shall also be sufficient evidence that such desertion or repudiation was in consequence of the petitioner's change of religion, unless some other sufficient cause for such desertion or repudiation be proved by the respondent.

Provisions of Civil Procedure Code as to witnesses to apply in suits under this Act.

Dismissal of suit if either party is under the age required by the Act, or if the parties are cohabiting, or the respondent is willing to cohabit.

bit with the petitioner, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal.

24. If at any time within twelve months after a decree dismissing the suit upon any of the grounds mentioned in the last preceding Section, the respondent again desert or repudiate the petitioner upon the ground of his or her change of religion, the suit may be revived by summoning the respondent; and upon proof of the former decree and of such renewed repudiation or desertion, the suit shall recommence at the stage at which it had arrived immediately before the passing of such decree; and, after the proofs, interrogations, interview and adjournment which may then be requisite under the provisions hereinbefore contained, the Judge shall pass a decree of the nature mentioned in the sixteenth Section of this Act.

25. If at any stage of the suit it be proved that the respondent has deserted or repudiated the petitioner solely or partly in consequence of the petitioner's cruelty or adultery, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal. A suit dismissed under this Section shall not be revived.

26. If the petitioner, being a male, has at the time of the institution of the suit two or more wives, he shall make them all respondents; and if at any stage of the suit it be proved that he is cohabiting with one of such wives as man and wife, or that any one of such wives is ready and willing so to cohabit with him, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal. The provisions as to revival contained in the twenty-fourth Section of this Act shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to a suit dismissed under this Section.

27. A dissolution of marriage under the provisions of this Act shall not operate to deprive the respondent's children (if any) by the petitioner of their status as legitimate children, or of any right or interest which they would have had, according to the Native law applicable to them, by way of maintenance, inheritance or otherwise, in case the marriage had not been so dissolved as aforesaid.

28. If a suit be commenced under the provisions of this Act and it appear to the Court that the wife has not sufficient separate property to enable her to maintain herself suitably to her station in life, and to prosecute or defend the suit, the Court may, pending the suit, order the husband to furnish the wife with sufficient funds to enable her to prosecute or defend the suit, and also for her maintenance pending the suit. If the suit be brought by a husband against a wife, the Court may, by the decree, order the husband to make such allowance to his wife for her maintenance during the remainder of her life as the Court shall think just, and having regard to the condition and station in life of the parties. Any allowance so ordered shall cease from the time of any subsequent marriage of the wife.

22. The provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure as to the summoning and examination of witnesses, shall apply in suits instituted under this Act.

23. If at any stage of the suit it be proved that the male party to the suit is or was at the institution thereof under the age of sixteen years, or that the female party to the suit is or was at the same time under the age of thirteen years, or that the petitioner and the respondent are cohabiting as man and wife, or if the Court is satisfied by the evidence adduced that the respondent is ready and willing so to cohabit, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal.

24. If at any time within twelve months after a decree dismissing the suit upon any of the grounds mentioned in the last preceding Section, the respondent again desert or repudiate the petitioner upon the ground of his or her change of religion, the suit may be revived by summoning the respondent; and upon proof of the former decree and of such renewed repudiation or desertion, the suit shall recommence at the stage at which it had arrived immediately before the passing of such decree; and, after the proofs, interrogations, interview and adjournment which may then be requisite under the provisions hereinbefore contained, the Judge shall pass a decree of the nature mentioned in the sixteenth Section of this Act.

25. If at any stage of the suit it be proved that the respondent has deserted or repudiated the petitioner solely or partly in consequence of the petitioner's cruelty or adultery, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal. A suit dismissed under this Section shall not be revived.

26. If the petitioner, being a male, has at the time of the institution of the suit two or more wives, he shall make them all respondents; and if at any stage of the suit it be proved that he is cohabiting with one of such wives as man and wife, or that any one of such wives is ready and willing so to cohabit with him, the Court shall pass a decree dismissing the suit and stating the ground of such dismissal. The provisions as to revival contained in the twenty-fourth Section of this Act shall apply, *mutatis mutandis*, to a suit dismissed under this Section.

27. A dissolution of marriage under the provisions of this Act shall not operate to deprive the respondent's children (if any) by the petitioner of their status as legitimate children, or of any right or interest which they would have had, according to the Native law applicable to them, by way of maintenance, inheritance or otherwise, in case the marriage had not been so dissolved as aforesaid.

28. If a suit be commenced under the provisions of this Act and it appear to the Court that the wife has not sufficient separate property to enable her to maintain herself suitably to her station in life, and to prosecute or defend the suit, the Court may, pending the suit, order the husband to furnish the wife with sufficient funds to enable her to prosecute or defend the suit, and also for her maintenance pending the suit. If the suit be brought by a husband against a wife, the Court may, by the decree, order the husband to make such allowance to his wife for her maintenance during the remainder of her life as the Court shall think just, and having regard to the condition and station in life of the parties. Any allowance so ordered shall cease from the time of any subsequent marriage of the wife.

29. No appeal shall lie against any order or decree made or passed by any Court in any suit instituted under this Act; but if, at any stage of the suit, the respondent shall allege by way of defence that the marriage between the parties has been dissolved by the conversion of the petitioner, and that consequently the petitioner is not a Native husband or a Native wife (as the case may be) within the meaning of this Act, the Judge, if he shall entertain any doubt as to the validity of such defence, shall, either of his own motion or on the application of the respondent, state the case and submit it with his own opinion thereon for the decision of the High Court.

30. Every such case shall concisely set forth such facts and documents as may be necessary to enable the High Court to decide the questions raised thereby, and the suit shall be stayed until the judgment of such Court shall have been received as hereinafter provided.

31. Every such case shall be decided by at least three Judges of the High Court, if such Court be the High Court at any of the Presidency Towns; and the petitioner and respondent may appear and be heard in the High Court in person or by Advocate or Vakeel.

32. If the High Court shall not be satisfied that the statements contained in the case are sufficient to enable it to determine the questions raised thereby, the High Court may refer the case back to the Judge by whom it was stated, to make such additions thereto or alterations therein as the High Court may direct in that behalf.

33. It shall be lawful for the High Court upon the hearing of any such case to decide the questions raised thereby, and to deliver its judgment thereon containing the grounds on which such decision is founded; and it shall send to the Judge by whom the case was stated a copy of such judgment under the seal of the Court and the signature of the Registrar, and the Judge shall, on receiving the same, dispose of the case conformably to such judgment.

34. Nothing contained in this Act or in Acts Nos. XXV of 1864 and V of 1865 shall be taken to render invalid any marriage of a Native convert to Roman Catholicism if celebrated in accordance with the rules, rites, ceremonies and customs of the Roman Catholic Church; and no Clergyman of such Church shall be liable to any suit or penalty under the provisions of either of the two Acts last hereinbefore mentioned, for solemnizing any such marriage.

35. This Act shall extend to all the territories that are or shall become vested in Her Majesty or Her successors by the Statute 21 & 22 Vic., cap 106, entitled "An Act for the better Government of India," except the settlement, of Prince of Wales' Island, Singapore and Malacca. But it may be extended with the consent of the Governor-General of India in Council, by order of the Governor of such Settlement to all or any part of the territory subject to his Government; and he may, with such consent as aforesaid, determine the Court in which suits against residents in such territory shall be commenced under the provisions of this Act. In case of such extension, if the Indian Penal Code shall not then apply to the said Settlement, the respondent's personal appearance pursuant to this Act may be enforced by such procedure as the said Governor, with such consent as aforesaid, shall provide in that behalf.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

Form of Petition.

Stamp
Rs. two

To the Judge of the Civil Court of _____
The _____ day of _____ 18—.
The petition of A. B. of _____ sheweth :—

1. That your petitioner was born, on or about the _____ day of _____ 18—.
2. That your petitioner was on the _____ day of _____ in the year 18—,
lawfully married to C. D. at _____.

3. That the said C. D. is now of the age of _____ years or thereabouts.

4. That after his said marriage, your petitioner lived and cohabited with
his said wife at _____ aforesaid until the _____ day of 18—.

5. That previous to the _____ day of _____ 18—, your petitioner
changed his religion for Christianity, and that on such day he was baptized
and became a member of the Church of _____.

6. That on the _____ day of _____ 18—, [at least six months prior
to the date of the petition,] the said C. D. deserted your petitioner, and has not
since resumed cohabitation with him.

7. That such desertion was in consequence of your petitioner's said
change of religion.

8. That there is no collusion nor connivance between your petitioner
and the said C. D.

Your petitioner therefore prays that your Honor will order the said C. D.
to live and cohabit with your petitioner, or declare that your petitioner's
marriage is dissolved.

Form of Verification.

I, A. B., the petitioner named in the above petition, do declare that what
is stated therein is true to the best of my information and belief.

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

Form of Citation in ordinary cases.

To C. D., of _____.

Whereas A. B., of _____, claiming to have been lawfully married to
you the said C. D., has filed his [or her] petition against you in the Civil Court
of _____, alleging that you the said C. D. have deserted him [or her] for
six months in consequence of his [or her] having changed his [or her] religion
for Christianity, and praying that, unless you consent to live and cohabit
with him [or her], it may be declared that his [or her] marriage is dissolved :
Now this is to command you that, at the expiration of _____ days [at least one
month] from the date of the service of this on you, you do appear in the said
Court then and there to make answer to the said petition, a copy whereof,
sealed with the seal of the said Court, is herewith served upon you.

And take notice that in default of your so appearing, you will be liable to
punishment under Section 174 of the Indian Penal Code.

Dated the _____ day of _____ 18—.

(Signed) E. F., Judge of the Civil Court of _____

Indorsement to be made after service.

This citation was duly served by G. H. on the within-named C. D. of
_____, at _____, on the _____ day of _____ 18—. (Signed) G. H.

LIST OF TAHSILDARS.—Continued.

Districts and Taluks.	Names of Tahsildars.	Pay	Date of Appointment.
BELLARY.			
Harpanhully	N. Parthasarady	150	9 February 1865
Alur	Vacant		
Adoni	R. Hanumantu Rau	200	6 June 1863
Raidroog	Y. Hanoomunt Row	175	20 July 1866
Dhamavarum	K. Sashagiri Row	200	15 October 1864
Madaksira	D. Rama Rau	150	15 July 1862
KURNOOL.			
Sirwell	C. Vencataragava Rau	150	12 June 1865
Nandacothoor	Ramachendra Rau	175	1 March 1859
Koilkoonla	P. Kistna Rau	225	16 August 1859
Ramalcota	Narain Row	200	9 August 1866
Markapoor	Kistna Row, (Doing duty in Putti- condah taluk for six months.)	150	15 May 1866
Nundial	J. Venkatasoobiah	200	17 October 1861
Cumbum	K. Kistna Rau	150	14 November 1864
Patticoonda	N. Gopala Kristnama Chetty, (Do- ing duty in Markapur taluk for six months.)	175	15 May 1866
MADRAS.			
Madurantakum	Senkara Row	225	5 June 1866
Conjeveram	M. Sawmy Naidu	200	16 September 1860
Saidapet	Sundara Rao	175	5 September 1863
Trivalore	Nazamodin Sahib	175	21 May 1863
Chingleput	Viraragava Iyengar	150	28 November 1863
Ponnery	Kuppu Rau	150	22 July 1862
Madras	P. Sambusiva Mudali	150	1 May 1865
NORTH ARCOT.			
Chittoor	Ramlengar	175	29 November 1866
Chendragherri	Vacant		
Palmanair	Syed Esaack	150	1 September 1860
Vellore	C. Pillai Muttu Pillai, (Actg.)	175	7 December 1864
Wallajah	V. Lutchmiah Naidu	250	11 October 1858
Guddatam	C. Narasimah Chetty	175	1 September 1860
Arcot	Ganasagara Rau	225	15 October 1864
Poloor	S. Janardana Naidu, (Actg.)	150	30 July 1865
Wandiwash	K. Kristola	200	5 August 1865
SOUTH ARCOT.			
Tindivanam	C. Strinivasa Aiyengar	225	1 November 1864
Villapuram	Devanayaga Naidu	225	December 1864
Chidambaram	M. Colondavala Pillai	250	8 August 1866
Tirunamalai	Venkatrama Iyer	150	1 May 1865
Virdachellum	Vencatasoobiah	175	24 October 1865
Ellavanasur	Appaswamy Mudali	200	December 1864
Cullakurechi	Syed Meer Saib	175	7 September 1857
Cuddalore	Vacant	200	
TANJORE.			
Tanjore	Virasami Naidu	250	16 September 1863
Negapatam	Venkatayalu Naidu	250	20 August 1862
Nannilum	Chinnakrishna Naidu	250	22 March 1865
Combaconum	M. Sivaguru Pillai	250	1 January 1860
Mayaveram	Vythinada Iyer, (Actg.)	225	5 June 1866
Trirapundi	Vacant	225	
Sheall	Viraragava Iyengar, (Actg.)	150	5 June 1866
Pallukotai	Irasawmy Sastri	175	1 October 1865
Mannargudi	Kuppusawmi Iyer	200	11 March 1865
TRICHINOPOLY.			
Trichinopoly	T. Pattabhirama Pillay	250	26 June 1865
Kulitalay	Tambusami Pillay	200	19 May 1862
Museri	Setu Rau	225	26 June 1865
Udayerpollum	Khader Saib	150	25 December 1860
Perambalur	Venkatasaawmy Naidu	175	10 June 1865
MADURA.			
Tiroomungalam	Venkata Row	200	19 October 1861
Madura	Somusundrum Mudali	225	1 September 1861
Maylore	Ramalya	200	26 October 1860

LIST OF TAHSILDARS.—Continued.

Districts and Taluks.	Names of Tahsildars.	Pay.	Date of Appointment.
MADURA.			
Dindigul.....	M. Ramasawmy Iyer.....	175	15 February 1861
Percacolum.....	Govinda Rau.....	150	1 September 1861
Palni.....	Mr. G. Burby.....	150	13 November 1861
TINNEVELLY.			
Ambasamudrum.....	Hurriam.....	225	20 November 1861
Tenkarai.....	Narayana Row, (Actg.).....	250	1 December 1862
Nangunary.....	Allagari Naidu.....	200	9 June 1862
Ottapidaram.....	Ramachandra Iyer.....	150	24 March 1862
Sattur.....	Vacant.....	150	
Streecvellipattur.....	Govindu Naidu.....	200	23 October 1865
Tenkase.....	Jagannada Rau.....	175	24 March 1864
Shenkernanaircoil.....	Cassinada Pillai.....	200	24 October 1865
Tinnevelly.....	A. Vaikuntam Iyengar.....	225	21 March 1866
COIMBATORE.			
Coimbatore.....	Govinda Rajulu Naidu.....	200	5 August 1865
Sattiamungalum.....	D. Pedda Naidu.....	200	25 April 1864
Palladam.....	P. Kristna Rau.....	225	21 July 1860
Polachy.....	C. Vencatramianah.....	175	5 December 1866
Perindoray.....	T. Annajee Rau.....	225	19 September 1860
Bowany.....	T. Strinivassa Iyengar.....	150	25 April 1864
Darapooram.....	S. Belegheri Rau.....	200	22 December 1860
Oodomalacottai.....	P. Bowany Senkara Rau.....	175	1 October 1860
Caroor.....	K. Vencotramniah.....	175	22 December 1860
Neilgherry.....	J. Ramiah Naidu.....	225	2 February 1866
Kollegal.....	M. Ramachandra Rau.....	150	19 September 1860
SALEM.			
Salem.....	Ramasawmy Iyer.....	250	1 December 1860
Namacul.....	P. Soorapiah.....	225	28 November 1866
Ahtur.....	Kuppusawmi Naidu.....	200	27 June 1866
Usur.....	P. T. Rajagopala Charry.....	200	27 June 1866
Shervaroy Hills.....	Vacant.....	150	
Darmapury.....	Mr. H. D. M. Jones, (Actg.).....	175	27 June 1866
Tripatur.....	Sundarayer.....	200	1 November 1860
Kistnaghiri.....	Seshagiri Rau.....	150	1 March 1864
Tinchengode.....	Mr. J. M. Manual.....	225	1 January 1862
Ootungiri.....	Strinevassa Iyengar.....	150	15 October 1864
SOUTH CANARA.			
Mangalore.....	Ramappa.....	200	1 February 1863
Cassergode.....	T. Subba Row.....	225	1 April 1865
Upinangadi.....	Annaji Row.....	175	3 April 1865
Udipi.....	G. Narayana Row.....	225	5 December 1862
Cundapur.....	M. Lakshuman Row.....	200	27 March 1865
MALABAR.			
Calicut.....	Churia Ramen.....	175	21 May 1861
Palghaut.....	K. Kristna Menon.....	200	16 November 1861
Cochin.....	Mr. M. A. Platel.....	150	10 November 1865
Cherikul.....	P. Kristna Putter.....	175	15 September 1862
Ponnany.....	Ramakini.....	225	1 May 1861
Kurembenad.....	M. K. Ramen Vaidler.....	200	1 May 1861
Ernaad.....	P. Ramen Marar.....	200	1 June 1864
Valuvanad.....	M. Ramuni Paniker.....	200	1 June 1864
Wynaad.....	Paramashura Pillay, (Actg.).....	200	24 September 1866
Koteyam.....	C. Karemakra Menon.....	175	24 June 1864

LIST OF HOOZOOR AND SUB-COLLECTORS' SERISHTADARS.

Districts.	Names of Serishtadars.	Salary Rs.	Date of Appointment.
Ganjam.			
	T. Sivaramaia.....	250	1st May 1860
	Kanta Rau.....	150	1st July 1859
Vizagapatam.			
	Mr. John William McMurray, (Acting Treasury Depy Collr.).....	250	1st May 1860
	N. Ramadoss, (Acting).....	150	
Godavery.			
	B. Bungarayya.....	250	18th June 1863
	K. Subba Row.....	150	3d Feb. 1865
Kistna.			
	D. Purushattamalya.....	250	25th May 1860
	C. Kistna Rau.....	150	24th Sep. 1863
Nellore.			
	Roju Girdi Venkatakrishnarau, B.A.....	250	16th Aug. 1864
	Madakasara Raja Rau.....	150	12th May 1863
Cuddapah.			
	E. Simhadri Rau.....	250	19th April 1861
	H. Kristna Rau.....	150	1st May 1861
Bellary.			
	M. Murugesem Mudali.....	250	23d Jan. 1864
	Sivaramappa.....	150	21st May 1862
Kurnool.			
	Chowdappa.....	250	1st Aug. 1859
Madras.			
	A. Kistnama Charri.....	250	4th Mar. 1863
	Mr. M. Jordan.....	150	1st Nov. 1861
North Arcot.			
	C. Purshottama Rau.....	250	20th Aug. 1862
	T. Chitambalum Mudali.....	150	2d Aug. 1865
South Arcot.			
	C. Kristnaiya.....	250	1st Aug. 1860
	A. Kanakasabai Mudali.....	150	9th Dec. 1864
Tanjore.			
	T. Venkasawmi Row.....	250	1st Aug. 1863
	Suryamurti Pillay.....	150	1st Jan. 1861
Trichinopoly.			
	Setu Rau.....	250	1st May 1860
Madura.			
	Venkasawmi Naidu.....	250	21st Nov. 1863
	Subbaiya.....	150	15th Feb. 1861
Tinnevelly.			
	V. Vurda Charry.....	250	30th April 1866
	Virabhadra Pillay.....	175	1st Aug. 1860
Coimbatore.			
	L. Narayana Rau.....	250	1st July 1860
	P. Venkatramanaiya.....	150	19th Sep. 1860
Salem.			
	David Paul Pillay.....	250	1st Dec. 1860
	C. Tanikachalam Mudali.....	150	13th Oct. 1862
South Canara.			
	Ruddrappa.....	250	1st June 1860
Malabar.			
	Upot Kannam.....	250	15th Sep. 1865
	N. Shangara Marar.....	150	23d July 1863

LIST OF SUPERINTENDENTS OF SEA CUSTOMS.

Districts.	Names of Ports.	Names of Superintendents.	Salary.	Date of Appointment.
			Rs.	
Ganjam.....	Munsurkota.....	Mr. W. Waters.....	130	15 Oct. 1866
	Ganjam.....	Mr. J. E. Leonhard.....	115	Do.
	Calingapatam.....	Mr. J. Lloyd.....	100	1 Aug. 1862
Vizagapatam.....	Bimlipatam.....	Madiralu Sandara Rai.....	100	Do.
	Vizagapatam.....	Grundt Venkatapati.....	85	Do.
Godavery.....	Coconada.....	K. Venkata Raz.....	100	18 Mar. 1863
	Coringa.....	B. Raja Rau.....	70	Do.
Kistna.....	Mungapudi.....	Mr. P. Creswell.....	85	1 Feb. 1862
Nellore.....	Kottapatnam & Itamukalu.....	Lalpetta Srinivasulu Nayudu	70	15 Sep. 1865
South Arcot....	Cuddalore.....	Mr. J. E. Vanderlowen.....	100	6 Dec. 1858
	Port Novo.....	Ghoolam Hyder Saib.....	50	25 April 1864
Tanjore.....	Negapatam.....	Mr. Thomas Moran.....	100	1 March 1864
	Tranquebar.....	* Manikam Pillai.....	80	17 Nov. 1866
	Mootoopettah.....	Mr. G. V. Nelson.....	50	17 Nov. 1866
	Trimulvassal.....	Devasoodamani Pillay.....	50	25 April 1863
Madura.....	Paumben.....	Mr. A. Burby.....	65	1 June 1859
Tinnevely.....	Tuticorin.....	Subramanya Pillay.....	100	9 Aug. 1862
South Canara..	Mangalore.....	* Sadat Khan.....	100	1 Aug. 1862
	Candapoor.....	Mr. H. A. Craig.....	50	Do.
Malabar.....	Calicut.....	Mr. J. R. Rodrigues.....	100	1 Aug. 1862
	Cochin.....	Mr. B. Frank.....	100	Do.
	Cannanore.....	Mr. J. H. Gerard.....	70	Do.
	Tellicherry.....	Mr. M. Nelson.....	70	Do.
	Burdghetry.....	K. Ramayen.....	50	Do.
	Ponani.....	Mr. J. E. D'Rozario.....	50	Do.

* Conservators of the Port also.

Assistant Cantonment Magistrate may be invested with powers of a Small Cause Court Judge up to fifty Rs.

10. The Government may invest any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate with the powers of a Judge of a Court of Small Causes, to try suits instituted in any Court which is established under Section 7: provided that no Assistant Cantonment Magistrate shall have jurisdiction to try suits for an amount exceeding fifty Rupees.

11. Any Military Cantonment may be declared by the Government to be a Sub-District for the purposes of Act XVI of 1864, (*to provide for the Registration of Assurances.*) The Cantonment Magistrate of any Cantonment so declared shall be the Deputy Registrar thereof.

12. The Police Force employed in any Military Cantonment shall be deemed to be part of the General Police Force within the meaning of Section 8, Act XXIV of 1859, (*for the better Regulation of Police within the Territories subject to the Presidency of Fort Saint George,*) and all the provisions of the said Act shall be applicable to such Force. The Administration of the Police within the limits of any Cantonment in which there shall be a Cantonment Magistrate shall be vested in the District Superintendent, subject to the general control and direction of the Commanding Officer of such Cantonment.

Administration of Police within Cantonments.

Extension of Section 48 of Act XXIV of 1859 to Military Cantonments.

13. The Government may extend Section 48 of the said Act XXIV of 1859 to any Military Cantonment situate in the Territories under such Government.

14. No soldier or other Public Follower serving with any part of the Army, and receiving public pay drawn by an Officer in charge of any Department appertaining to the Army other than a Commissioned Officer, shall be liable by any process whatever to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service by any writ, summons, warrant, order, judgment, execution, or any process whatsoever, issued by, or by the authority of, any Court of Law, or any other authority whatsoever, for any original debt not amounting to Rupees 300, or for the breach of any contract, covenant, agreement, or other engagement whatever by parol or in writing, and all writs, summonses, warrants, orders, judgments, execution, and other process on account of any of the matters for which it is herein declared that a soldier or other person as aforesaid is not liable to be taken out of Her Majesty's Service, shall be utterly illegal, and null and void, to all intents and purposes;—and any Judge of any such Court may examine into any complaint made by a soldier or by his superior officer, and by warrant under his hand discharge such soldier, without fee, he being shown to have been arrested contrary to the intent of this Act, and shall award reasonable costs to such complainant, who shall have for the recovery thereof the like remedy as would have been applicable to the recovery of any costs which might have been awarded against the complainant in any judgment or execution as aforesaid, or a writ of *Habeas Corpus ad subjiciendum* shall be awarded or issued, and the discharge of any such soldier out of custody shall be ordered thereupon: provided that any plaintiff, upon notice of the cause of action first given in writing to any soldier or left at his last quarters, may proceed in any action or suit to judgment, and have execution other than against the body or Military necessities or equipments of such soldier.

15. 1st.—Whenever it may be necessary to execute, within the limits of a Military Cantonment, any process issuing from any Civil or Criminal Court, against any person of the Military class, or attached to, or serving with the Army, the Officer charged with the execution of such process of arrest shall carry it to the Commanding or Staff Officer.

of the Regiment or Detachment, or to the Officer in charge of the Department of the Army to which the person against whom the process is issued may belong, and such Officer shall immediately endorse it with his signature, and use his utmost endeavours to cause the person therein named, if within the limits of the Cantonment, to be served or delivered up, according to the exigency of the process, to the Officer charged with the execution thereof unless such process shall have been issued in contravention of the preceding Section.

2nd.—But nothing contained in the foregoing clause of this Section shall be construed to prevent the direct service, in the usual way, of notices, summonses, subpoenas, or other processes on any person not Military, or attached to or serving with the Army, or to require any communication to the Officer designated in the foregoing clause, or any endorsement by him on such notice or process not involving personal arrest.

16. The Commanding Officer of a Cantonment may send any process requiring service or execution by any means not immediately at his disposal to the Chief Police Officer in the Cantonment, for service or execution through the Cantonment Police, and it shall be the duty of the said Chief Police Officer to serve or execute such process in the same manner as if it had been issued by the Cantonment Magistrate, and subject to the same rules.

17. The Government shall have power to make Rules and Regulations not inconsistent with the provisions of this Act or of any other law in force, to provide within the limits of any Military Cantonment for the matters hereinafter mentioned, and, from time to time to repeal, or alter such Rules and Regulations. The Rules and Regulations made under this Section may be general for all Military Cantonments in the Territories under the Government of Fort St. George, or special for any one or more of such Cantonments, according as the Government shall direct.

18. No Rule or Regulation made or altered under the last preceding Section shall have effect until the same shall have been confirmed by the Governor-General of India in Council. A copy of every such Rule and Regulation when so confirmed, in English and in the Vernacular language chiefly in use, shall be hung up in some conspicuous part of the office of the Cantonment Magistrate, or in such other place as the Government or the Commanding Officer may direct.

19. The Rules and Regulations made under Section 17, may provide.

1st.—For regulating, in cases in which the land within the limits of the Cantonment is the property of Government and the occupation and use of which by private persons is only permissive, the condition under which such occupation or use shall be allowed, and under which the Government may resume possession of such land, and under which compensation shall be given to persons occupying or using the land so resumed.

2nd.—For maintaining proper registers of immovable property within the limits of the Cantonment, and for providing for the registration of transfers of such property.

3rd.—For regulating the manner in which lands and houses within the limits of the Cantonment shall be claimable for purchase or hire, when necessary, for the accommodation of Military Officers.

4th.—For regulating the management and expenditure of any funds made available by law, or by the Government, for the purpose of public improvements within the limits of the Cantonment, or for carrying out any Rules and Regulations passed under this Section, and the appointment of the necessary servants and establishments.

5th.—For the definition and prohibition of public nuisances.

6th.—For the maintenance generally of the Cantonment in a proper sanitary condition; for the prevention and cure of disease; for the management and regulation of the public roads, of conservancy and drainage; for the regulation and inspection of public and private necessities, urinals, cess-pools, drains, and all places in which filth or rubbish is deposited; of slaughter-houses, public markets, burial and burning grounds, and of all offensive or dangerous trades and occupations.

7th.—For inspecting and controlling houses of ill-fame, and for preventing the spread of venereal disease.

8th.—For the supervision and regulation of public wells, tanks, springs, or other sources from which water is or may be made available for public use.

9th.—For the execution and promotion of works of public utility and convenience.

10th.—For the registration of births, marriages and deaths, and for making and recording observations and facts important for the public health and interests.

11th.—For the imposition of penalties on persons convicted of the breach of any Rule or Regulation made under Section 17, and for declaring what persons shall make the preliminary inquiry into, or take cognizance of, any breach of such Rules and Regulations, and the manner in which the investigation shall be conducted: provided that no penalty so imposed shall exceed a fine of fifty Rupees, or imprisonment for eight days with or without labor.

20. Breaches of any Rule or Regulation made under Section 17 shall be triable by the Cantonment Magistrate when there is such an Officer; but the Government may invest any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, or any other person, with powers to try such breaches, and may authorize such person to exercise such powers independently of the Cantonment Magistrate. The Magistrate of the District shall in regard to such cases, have no control over the Cantonment Magistrate, or over any Assistant Cantonment Magistrate, or any other person invested with such powers as herein aforesaid.

21.—In every case in which an offender is sentenced to a fine for the breach of any Rule or Regulation made under Section 17, the amount may, in case of non-payment, be levied by distress and sale of any movable property of the offender which may be found within the limits of the Cantonment.

Imprisonment in case of amount not being recoverable as above. 22. If no such property sufficient for the payment of the fine can be found, the offender shall be liable to be imprisoned without labor for any term not exceeding one month.

Imprisonment to be where. 23. The imprisonment under Section 19 or Section 22 may be, if without labor, in the Civil Jail, and if with labor, in the Criminal Jail of the District.

24. Nothing in this Act nor in any Rule or Regulation made under Section 17 shall prevent any person from being prosecuted under any other Regulation or Act for any offence punishable under this Act, or from being liable under any other Regulation or Act to any other or higher penalty or punishment than is provided for such offence by this Act. Provided that no person shall be punished twice for the same offence.

25. It shall be lawful for the Government to declare, that any place in which any detachment of the Army may be quartered shall be a Military Cantonment within the meaning of this Act, and the limits of such Cantonment, including the Military bazaars attached thereto, shall be marked out, and plans thereof shall be prepared, and whenever the Government shall declare any place to be a Military Cantonment, a Notification of such declaration and of the limits of the Cantonment shall be published in the Fort Saint George and District Gazettes. Provided always that it shall be lawful for the Government from time to time to alter the limits of such Cantonment, or to declare that it shall no longer be a Military Cantonment, and thereupon such alteration or declaration shall be notified as above directed.

26. Whenever it shall appear necessary for the protection of the health of the Troops in any Military Cantonment, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to extend to any place outside the limits of such Military Cantonment, and in the vicinity of such Cantonment, all or any of the Rules and Regulations made for such Cantonment under Clause 7 of Section 19, and to make any additional Rules and Regulations under the said Clause, and to define the limits around such Cantonment within which such Rules and Regulations or additional Rules and Regulations shall be in force. Provided always that such additional Rules and Regulations shall be subject to the confirmation of the Governor-General of India in Council.

27. When such Rules and Regulations with any additional Rules or Regulations made as above, shall be extended under the last preceding Section to any place outside the limits of such Cantonment, it shall be lawful for the Governor in Council to provide, in the manner described in Clause 11 of Section 19, for the imposition of penalties for the breach of such Rules and Regulations, and for prescribing the manner in which, and the persons by whom, breaches of such Rules and Regulations shall be inquired into or be cognizable.

Courts, &c., to take judicial notice of Rules passed under this Act. 28. All Courts and Magistrates shall take judicial notice of all Rules and Regulations made under Section 17 or Section 26.

29. Whenever, in any Military Cantonment, Rules and Regulations have been made under Section 17, so much of any Regulation or Act as may be held to empower the Commanding Officer to make local Regulations regarding matters other than Military shall cease to have any effect in such Cantonment, and all local Regulations for any Military Cantonment, which may have been made before the promulgation of the Rules and Regulations for such Cantonment made under the said Section 17, shall cease to have any effect. Provided that nothing in this Section shall be held to interfere with any Military authority vested in the said Commanding Officer under the Articles of War.

Proviso. 30. If within any Military Cantonment, or within any limits around such Cantonment prescribed by the Government, any person not amenable to the Articles of War, or any Sutler or Camp-follower, shall knowingly barter, sell, or supply, or offer, or attempt to barter, sell, or supply any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug, to or for the use of any European Soldier, or to or for the use of any

Unauthorized sale of liquor to Military persons in Cantonments, how punishable.

European or Eurasian being a Camp-follower or a Soldier's wife, without a written license from the Officer Commanding, or from some person having sufficient authority from the Officer Commanding to grant such license, the person so bartering, selling, or supplying, or offering or attempting to barter, sell, or supply such spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug as aforesaid, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees; or, in the discretion of the Magistrate, to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any period not exceeding three months, or in lieu of such fine or imprisonment to the punishment of whipping, as prescribed by Section 10 of Act VI of 1864 (*to authorize the punishment of whipping in certain cases*), subject to all the provisions of that Act.

31. If any person convicted of an offence under the last preceding Section shall be again convicted of an offence under that Section. Consequence of second conviction of offence under last preceding Section. any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug within such Cantonment or limits, which, at the time of the commission of such subsequent offence, shall belong to, or be in the possession of, such person, shall, without further proof, be deemed to be in the possession of such person for the purpose of being supplied to European Soldiers contrary to the provisions of this Act, and shall be liable to be seized and confiscated.

32. If any Camp-follower or Military Pensioner, or the wife or the widow of any Soldier, Camp-follower, or Military Pensioner shall, within such Cantonment or limits, remove, convey, or have in his or her possession any quantity of spirituous liquor or wine exceeding one imperial quart, without a permit to be signed by the Officer in Command, or such other Officer as may be appointed by him to grant permits under this Act, every such person shall be liable, upon conviction, to a fine not exceeding fifty Rupees, and for any subsequent offence to a fine not exceeding one hundred Rupees, or to imprisonment, with or without hard labour, for any term not exceeding three calendar months: provided that nothing in this Section contained shall apply to any liquor brought into a Cantonment for the private use of any Commissioned Officer.

33. If any person subject to the provisions of this Act shall be found committing any offence contrary to Section 31 or Section 32 of this Act, any Police Officer may immediately without warrant arrest such person, and also seize any spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug, together with any vessel containing the same and anything used for the purpose of removing, conveying, or concealing the same, which may be found in his possession, and shall thereupon, without delay, take such person, together with the things so seized, before the Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer having jurisdiction to punish the offender.

34. In case of a conviction for any offence under Section 31 or Section 32 of this Act, the Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer may adjudge any liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug, in respect of which the party shall be convicted, and any other spirituous liquor, wine, or intoxicating drug which shall be found in his possession at the time of committing the offence, and any vessel containing the same, together with anything used for the purpose of conveying, removing, or concealing the same, or any part thereof, to be confiscated; and such Magistrate may order the whole or any part or parts of any fine imposed under this Act to be paid, as soon as the same shall be realized, to the person upon whose information such conviction shall take place, or to the Officer who shall have apprehended the offender or seized any of the goods adjudged to be confiscated.

35. Any thing seized under Section 33, in respect of which any person shall be charged with an offence, may be ordered to be detained until the person in whose possession the same shall have been seized shall be convicted or acquitted of the offence charged. If the person shall be acquitted, any thing so seized shall be restored; if he shall be convicted, such of the things only, if any, as shall not be adjudged by the Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer to be confiscated, shall be restored; the remainder shall be dealt with as confiscated.

Thing seized under Act may be detained until party charged with offence is acquitted.

How to be disposed of.

Saving of Articles sold or supplied for medicinal purposes.

36. Sections 30 to 35, inclusive, shall not apply to the sale or supply of any article for medicinal purposes, by recognized Medical Practitioners, Chemists, or Druggists.

37. Nothing in this Act shall interfere with the jurisdiction of Courts Martial, or of Commanding Officers of Cantonments, or of Regiments, Corps, or Detachments, under Act XXIX of 1861, (to consolidate and amend the Articles of War for the Government of the Native Officers and Soldiers in Her Majesty's Indian Army), or under Act V of 1863 (to amend Act XXIX of 1861), or with the provisions of any Statute for punishing mutiny and desertion of Officers and Soldiers in the Service of Her Majesty, and the Cantonment Magistrate shall exercise no jurisdiction in respect of such offences. Provided that, when a Cantonment Magistrate or other Officer not being the Commanding Officer shall have been vested by the Government with power within the limits of any Military Cantonment to dispose of cases under any Rule or Regulation made under Section 17, it shall not be competent to the Commanding Officer to exercise the powers described in Article 84 of the said Act, XXIX of 1861, in respect of any case arising under such Rule or Regulation, when such Rules and Regulations have been passed for such Cantonment under Section 17, and penalties shall have been laid down for their infringement. The said Rules and Regulations shall be held to the Rules and Regulations mentioned in the said Article 84 of the said Act XXIX of 1861, and so much of the said Article as declares the penalties which may be inflicted for breach of Cantonment Regulations shall cease from that time to have any effect in such Cantonment.

Proviso.

38. All acts done previously to the passing of this Act by Cantonment Joint Magistrates, Assistant Cantonment Joint Magistrates, or Judges of Courts of Small Causes appointed under the provisions of the Madras Act IV of 1865, or by persons acting under their authority or otherwise in any Military Cantonment, in pursuance of an order of Government, or which shall have been or shall be ratified by the Executive Government, are hereby confirmed and made valid; and all such Officers and persons as aforesaid are hereby indemnified and discharged from liability in respect of such acts.

Acts done by Cantonment Magistrates and others before passing of this Act legalized.

the Executive Government, are hereby confirmed and made valid; and all such Officers and persons as aforesaid are hereby indemnified and discharged from liability in respect of such acts.

What authority to exercise powers of High Court in respect of Small Cause Courts established in a Non-Regulation place or places out of British India.

39. If a Court of Small Causes shall be established under Section 7 in any Military Cantonment in the territories not subject to the General Regulations, the Governor in Council shall declare what authority shall exercise the powers vested in the High Court by the provisions of the said Act XI of 1865.

40. This Act shall come into operation only in such Military Cantonments, and from such dates as the Governor in Council shall declare by Notification in the Fort Saint George and District Gazettes.

Commencement and scope of Act.

41. From the date at which this Act shall have come into operation in any Military Cantonment, and within the limits of such Cantonments, the Regulation and the Act named in the Schedule shall cease to have effect to the extent therein stated, except so far as they repeal the whole or any part of any other Regulation, and except as to any act or offence which shall have been done or committed, or as to any fine or penalty which shall have been incurred, or as to any proceedings which shall have commenced before this Act shall have been in force.

SCHEDULE.

Number and date of Act or Regulation.	Title.	Extent of Repeal.
Regulation VII of 1832...	A Regulation for rescinding Regulation VI of 1821, and Regulation IV of 1827, and in lieu thereof enacting Rules for the better order and discipline of Military bazaars, the more effective administration of Justice and of the Police at the Stations where such bazaars were established, and at certain other Military Stations, and in Military Forces in the field; the extension of the powers of Courts-Martial; and the more effectual prevention of the undue use of Spirituous and Fermented Liquors and Intoxicating Drugs by the European Troops under this Presidency.	The whole Regulation.
Act XVIII of 1853.....	An Act for regulating the sale of Spirituous Liquors, &c., in Cantonments.	The whole Act, so far as it relates to the Madras Presidency.

ACT No. II, PASSED 17TH APRIL 1866.

An Act for the prevention of the spread of disease among Cattle in the Madras Presidency.

WHEREAS it is expedient to take measures to prevent the spreading of contagious or infectious diseases among animals in the Presidency of Madras, and, with that object, to prescribe by law in what way animals so infected shall be dealt with; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.

Act to be extended to such places, and during such periods of time, as the Governor in Council thinks proper.

1. This Act shall be put in force in such Districts, or parts of Districts, and during such periods of time, as the Governor in Council may, from time to time, direct by Notification in the Fort St. George Gazette.

2. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meaning hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction:—
- Interpretation.
- Magistrate. The word "Magistrate" shall include all persons exercising all or any of the powers of a Magistrate.
- Words importing the singular number shall include the plural number, and words importing the plural number shall include the singular number.
- Number.
- Gender. Words importing the masculine gender shall include the feminine.
- Animal. The word "Animal" shall mean any Camel, Buffalo, Horse, Pony, Ass, Bull, Bullock, Cow, Heifer, Calf, Sheep, Lamb, Goat, Kid, or Swine.
3. Whenever this Act shall have been applied, as above provided, to any District, or part of a District, Hospital Pounds shall be established in such places as the Magistrate of the District shall determine, and Keepers shall be appointed to such Pounds by the said Magistrate. The village, or villages, by which every Hospital Pound is to be used, shall be determined and notified by the Magistrate.
- Where Hospital Pounds shall be established.
4. Whenever, in any District, or part of a District to which this Act has been extended as above provided, any animal is attacked by any contagious or infectious disease, it shall be the duty of the owner, or of the person in charge thereof, to give immediate notice to the Keeper of the Hospital Pound, provided for the village or township in which the animal may, at the time, be.
- Owner or person in charge of cattle to give notice when they are attacked by any contagious disease.
5. On receiving notice as aforesaid, the Keeper of the Hospital Pound shall, as soon as possible, examine the animal, and shall decide whether it is necessary to place it in the Hospital Pound for treatment.
- Pound-keeper to examine animal.
6. If the Keeper of the Hospital Pound shall be of opinion that the animal has any contagious or infectious disease, he shall thereupon require the owner of the animal, or the person in charge thereof, to place it in the Hospital Pound, and, if necessary, shall require the owner, or the person in charge, to take such measures as he may direct, for disinfecting the shed or other place in which the said animal may have been kept.
- To direct removal to Hospital Pound if necessary.
7. Every Keeper of a Hospital Pound, or person thereto authorized by the Magistrate of the District, shall have power, within the range for which he is appointed, to enter upon and inspect any premises or place in which any animal or animals, which he suspects to be laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, may be found, and to examine and inspect, whenever or wherever he may deem it necessary, any animal or animals which he suspects to be laboring under such disease, and to require the removal of such animal or animals to the Hospital Pound for the range.
- Inspection of places in which any animal, suspected to be laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, may be found.
8. Every Keeper of a Hospital Pound, or person thereto authorized by the Magistrate of the District, shall have power, within his range, to cause to be cleansed and disinfected, in any manner which he may think proper, any premises in which any animal, laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, has been or may be, and to cause to be disinfected, and if necessary destroyed, any fodder,
- Cleansing of premises in which any animal, laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, has been or may be.

manure, or refuse matter which he may deem likely to propagate the said disease.

9. From the time when any animal affected as aforesaid is taken charge of by the Keeper of the Hospital Pound, all expenses incurred on account of feeding and medical treatment for the said animal shall be borne by the Cattle Pound Fund established under Act III of 1857, unless the owner, or person in charge thereof, desires to supply the food and medicines himself: provided always, that such food and medicines shall be such as the Keeper of the Hospital Pound may approve or direct.

Expenses for food and treatment to be borne by Cattle Pound Fund, unless owner supplies fodder and medicines.

10. The Keeper of the Hospital Pound, or other person thereto authorized by the Magistrate of the District, shall be empowered to destroy any animal either before or after it has been impounded as aforesaid, whenever it shall appear to him to be necessary to prevent the spread of contagion or infection. When any animal shall have been so destroyed, or shall die whilst in charge of the Keeper of the Hospital Pound, it shall be the duty of the said Keeper to have the carcase of the said animal buried at least six feet below the surface of the ground, and any cost incurred in so doing shall be met from the Cattle Pound Fund. No compensation shall be claimable in respect of any loss incurred by reason of any act authorized by this Section.

Animals destroyed to be buried, and no compensation claimable by owner.

11. Should an animal impounded as aforesaid recover from the disease under which it may have been laboring, the owner or person who was in charge thereof shall pay to the Keeper of the Hospital Pound, to be placed to the credit of the Cattle Pound Fund, the actual cost of the feeding and treatment of such animal. Should he fail to pay the expenses aforesaid, then the said animal shall be sold by auction, and the sum realized by its sale, after deducting the amount of the expenses, shall be paid over to the owner, or the person who was in charge: provided always, that, in such cases as the owner or person who was in charge may elect to supply food and medicine, he shall not be required to pay any charges whatever.

Fees to be charged, and animal to be sold to Pound Fund, the actual cost of the feeding and treatment of such animal.

12. No person having in his possession, or under his custody, any animal which has been in the same shed or stable, or in the same herd or flock, or in contact with any animal laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, shall remove such animal alive from his land or premises without the license of the Keeper of the Hospital Pound for the range, or of some person authorized by the Magistrate of the District to grant such license. Every such license shall be in writing, and shall only permit the removal of such animal to some place where it can be conveniently kept apart from all other animals until the Hospital Pound Keeper, or other person authorized as aforesaid, is satisfied that there is no reasonable probability of such animal propagating disease.

Prohibition against removal, without license, from one place to another, of any animal which has been in the same shed, or in contact with any animal laboring under any contagious disease.

13. If any person, who may be in charge of any animal at the time of its being attacked by a contagious or infectious disorder, shall fail to give notice to the Hospital Pound Keeper of the village, as required in Section 4, the said person shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees five for every instance of such neglect, commutable, if not paid, to simple imprisonment for any period not exceeding ten days.

Penalty for failing to give notice when animal is attacked by disease.

14. Any person who shall fail to comply with the directions of a Hospital Pound-keeper, or of a person duly authorized by the Magistrate of the District in that behalf, as to the impounding any diseased animal; or to the disinfecting any premises or place where any diseased animal may have been kept; or to the disinfecting or destroying any fodder, manure, and refuse matter which may be likely to propagate the disease; or who may remove, without a license, any animal which has been in the same shed or stable, or in the same herd or flock, or in contact with any animal laboring under any contagious or infectious disease, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable, for every such offence, to a fine of twenty Rupees, commutable, if not paid, to simple imprisonment for any period not exceeding ten days.

15. In any District or part of a District in which this Act is in force, it shall be the duty of all Hospital Pound-keepers, of all Police Officers not below the rank of a Head Constable, and of such other persons as the Magistrate of the District may especially empower to seize and impound all animals suffering from contagious or infectious disease, and any person who shall forcibly oppose such seizure, or who shall forcibly rescue the animals after such seizure, shall be deemed to have committed an offence punishable under Section 186, of the Indian Penal Code.

16. Any person, whose animals shall have been seized as being diseased, may prefer a complaint against the seizure, at any time within ten days from the date thereof, to any Magistrate. The complaint may be either verbal, in which case the substance of it shall be taken down in writing by the Magistrate, or written upon plain paper, and shall be preferred by the complainant in person, or by an agent personally acquainted with the circumstances. If, on examination of the complainant or his agent, the Magistrate shall see reason to believe the complaint to be well founded, he shall summon the party complained against, and shall proceed to make a summary inquiry into the case. If the seizure be adjudged illegal, the Magistrate shall award to the complainant such damages as he may deem to be a reasonable compensation for any loss or injury sustained from the unlawful seizure, together with all expenses incurred by the complainant in procuring the release of the animals; or, if the animals have not been released, the Magistrate, in addition to the award of damages, shall make an order for their release, and shall direct that the expenses leviable under this Act shall be paid by the party who made the seizure. The amount of all damages and expenses so awarded shall be recoverable according to the process prescribed in Act No. V of 1865 (Madras), for the recovery of forfeitures or penalties imposed under the authority of Act XXIV of 1859.

17. All fines levied under this Act shall be credited to the Cattle Pound Fund established under the provisions of Act III of 1857, which Fund shall be available for payment of all expenses incurred under the provisions of this Act, provided that it shall be lawful for the Officer inflicting a fine under this Act to direct any portion thereof, not exceeding one-half, to be paid to the informer.

18. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, by notice published in the Fort Saint George Gazette, to make and prescribe bye-laws, as may from time to time seem necessary, for the more effectually preventing the spreading of infectious or contagious diseases among animals, provided that such bye-laws shall not be repugnant to the provisions of this or any other Act. A breach of any such bye-laws shall render the party liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees ten, commutable to simple imprisonment for fifteen days.

Act No. III, PASSED 17TH APRIL 1866.

An Act for the levy of a District Road Cess.

WHEREAS it is necessary that funds, for the construction, repair, and maintenance of District roads and communications, should be raised by local cesses payable by the owners and occupants of lands in the Districts in which such roads and communications are, or may be, situated; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Preamble.
1. It shall be lawful for the Governor in Council, by Notification in the *Fort Saint George Gazette*, to declare the provisions of this Act applicable to any District, or to any part of any District, situated within the Presidency of Madras, and the Act shall come into force in such locality on the date fixed in such Notification.

Application of Act.
2. From and after the passing of this Act, all occupied land on whatever tenure held in the Presidency of Madras, in any District, or in any part of a District to which this Act shall have been applied, is declared to be liable to the payment of a District Road Cess at a rate not exceeding six Pice in every Rupee of the annual rent-value of such land. The exact amount of the rate, and the date from which it shall be payable in such District, or such part of a District, shall be fixed in the Notification of the Governor in Council applying the Act to such District, or part of a District. The cess so fixed shall be levied in substitution for any previously existing Road Cess in such District, or part of a District.

District Road Cess at what rate to be charged.
3. In the case of lands held direct from the Government under a Ryotwary Settlement, the assessment payable to Government for the land, together with any water-rate which may be payable for its irrigation, shall be taken to be the annual rent-value of such lands for the purposes of this Act.

4. In the case of lands held on any tenure other than Ryotwary, the yearly rent payable to the landholder by his tenants shall, for the purposes of this Act, be taken to be the annual rent-value of the lands held by such tenants, and the survey assessment, or if there be no survey assessment, then the rent ordinarily payable for lands of similar quality in the neighbourhood shall be taken to be the annual rent-value of lands occupied by the owner himself, or by any person holding the same from him free of rent, or at a favorable rent.

5. When revenue or rent is paid in kind, the District Road Cess shall be calculated on the market value of the produce in which such payment is made, and the Collector, under the general orders of the Board of Revenue, shall, from time to time, declare such market value.

6. In every District, or part of a District, to which this Act shall be made applicable as hereinbefore provided, every holder of land, on any tenure other than Ryotwary, shall furnish to the Collector, once in every three years, a list of his lands, whether occupied by tenants or by himself, specifying, in each case, the annual rent-value of the lands so occupied.

7. If such landholder shall fail to furnish to the Collector of the District, or to such other Officer as he may appoint, the list referred to in the last preceding Section, within six months after requisition made in the District Gazette, or otherwise, such landholder shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees 50 for each day's delay until the list be furnished, or until the annual rent-value of such landholder's lands shall have been fixed by the Collector as provided in the next following Section. Such fine shall be imposed by the Collector, and

shall be leviable by the Collector in the same manner as an arrear of Land Revenue, under the provisions of Act II of 1864, (Madras), and shall be credited to the District Road Fund.

8. If no such list be furnished by the landholder within one month from the expiration of the six months aforesaid, the Collector of the District shall be empowered to fix, for the purposes of this Act, the annual rent-value of such landholder's lands, both those occupied by his tenants and those occupied by himself.

9. The Collector of the District shall be empowered to take steps for ascertaining the correctness of the lists referred to in Section 6, or for fixing the annual rent-value, as provided in the last preceding Section, where such lists have not been furnished, by summoning before him the Curnums of Villages, anything in Regulation XXXIX of 1802, to the contrary notwithstanding, by requiring the production of accounts and documents, by summoning the other Village Officers, or the inhabitants of the villages, by deputing any of his Officers to make such inquiries as may be necessary, or by such other means as he may think proper.

10. For the purposes of the last preceding Section, the Collector, or any Revenue Officer not below the grade of Tahsildar, shall have the powers given to Civil Judges under the Civil Procedure Code, (Act VIII of 1859), for the summoning of witnesses and the production of accounts and documents, and any person who shall obstruct any Revenue Officer, when making the examination referred to therein, shall be held to be guilty of the offence of obstructing a public servant in the discharge of his public functions, as defined in Section 186 of the Indian Penal Code.

11. If the Collector is satisfied with the list submitted by a landholder under Section 6 of this Act, he shall assess him in accordance with it for the District Road Cess due on his estate; but if the Collector be dissatisfied with the list, he shall, after making the enquiries referred to in Section 9, amend the same, and shall supply such landholder with a copy of such amended list, which, for the purposes of this Act, shall be taken to contain the annual rent-value of his lands liable to the District Road Cess.

12. An appeal shall lie to the Board of Revenue from decisions of Collectors under Section 11 of this Act, provided such appeal be preferred within three months of the date of the Collector's decision; and the Orders of the Board on such appeals shall be final.

Civil Courts cannot take cognizance of suits relating to the District Road Cess.

Assessment once made cannot be altered for a period of three years.

15. Every landholder shall pay to the Collector, or other Officer empowered by him to receive it, the District Road Cess due under this Act upon his lands, whether occupied by his tenants or by himself, on or before such dates, and in such instalments as the Collector, under the General Orders of the Board of Revenue, may declare, by a Notification in the Gazette of the District. Every such landholder is

hereby empowered to collect and recover the portion of such Road Cess due under this Act by his tenants or other occupants of his lands.

16. When the whole or any portion of an instalment of District Road Cess shall not be paid by a landholder on the date fixed by the Collector under Section 15 of this Act, the sum remaining unpaid shall be deemed an arrear, and it shall be lawful for the Collector, or other Officer empowered by the Collector in that behalf, to proceed to recover the arrear with interest and costs of process under the provisions of Act II of 1864, and the District Road Cess is hereby declared to be included among the Cesses referred to in Section 52 of that Act.

17. All landholders are hereby declared to have the same powers, and to be liable to the same penalties, in the collection of the District Road Cess from their tenants, and other occupants of their lands, as may be prescribed in any Act or Regulation which now is, or hereafter may be, in force for the collection of rent due to a landholder.

18. It shall be lawful for the Collector, with the previous sanction of the Board of Revenue, to enter into a composition for such period as he may think fit with the owner of any estate, for the annual payment of a fixed sum as the District Road Cess yearly due on account of his estate, and, in consideration of such arrangement, to dispense with the list prescribed by Section 6 of this Act: provided always, that the owner of any estate entering into such a composition shall not be entitled to levy, from any of his tenants or other occupants of his lands within the said estate, any larger sum for District Road Cess than they would have been liable to pay under this Act on the annual rent-value of their lands, if no such composition had been made.

19. The proceeds of the District Road Cess shall be exclusively applied to the repair, maintenance, and construction of roads and communications in the District, or part of the District, in which the Cess is levied, under such Rules as the Governor in Council may from time to time prescribe.

20. This Act may be shortly cited as the Madras District Road Cess Act of 1866.

ACT No. IV, PASSED 24TH SEPTEMBER 1866.

An Act to exempt enfranchised Village or other Service Inams, whether Revenue or Police, from the operation of Regulation VI of 1831.

WHEREAS in the Madras Presidency certain Inams attached to hereditary village or other offices in the Revenue and Police Departments—the claims connected with which are, under the provisions of Regulation VI of 1831, exclusively adjudicable by the Officers of Government in the Revenue Department—have been and may yet be, under sanction of Government, enfranchised from the condition of service and placed in the same position as other descriptions of landed property, in regard to their future succession and transmission; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. All hereditary Village or other Service Inams, falling hitherto exclusively under the cognizance of the Officers of Government in the Revenue Department, under the provisions of Regulation VI of 1831, which have been or shall be enfranchised from the condition of service by the Inam Commissioner, or other Officer acting under the sanction of Government, shall be exempt from the operation of the aforesaid Regulation.

2. The Title Deed issued by the Inam Commissioner or other Officer duly authorized, or an authenticated extract from the Register of the Commissioner or other Officer, shall be deemed sufficient proof of the enfranchisement of the land previously held on service tenure.

3. Provided that nothing in this Act shall be construed as authorizing any Court of Civil Judicature to call into question decisions affecting any Service Inams which may have been already passed by Revenue Officers acting under the provisions of Regulation VI of 1831, prior to the enfranchisement of such Inams.

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ACT No. V, PASSED 6TH OCTOBER 1866.

An Act to regulate the manner of engaging and contracting with Native inhabitants within any of the Districts subject to the Government of Fort Saint George, for labor to be performed in any part of India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras.

WHEREAS it is expedient to regulate the manner of engaging and contracting with Native inhabitants within any of the Districts subject to the Government of Fort Saint George, for labor to be performed in any part of India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras; It is enacted as follows:—

Preamble.
1. The following words and expressions in this Act shall have the meanings hereby assigned to them, unless there be something in the subject or context repugnant to such construction, that is to say:—

Interpretation.
The word "contractor" in this Act shall be taken to mean, as well a person who contracts for the supply of laborers to others, as a person who employs Recruiters to engage and supply laborers for the purpose of serving such person himself.

The word "India" shall denote the territories vested in Her Majesty by the Statute 21 and 22 Vic., Cap. 106, entitled "An Act for the better government of India," and also all Native States and Foreign Dependencies within such territories.

2. Except under and in conformity with the provisions of this Act, it shall not be lawful to make any contract with any Native inhabitant of India within the town of Madras or any of the Districts subject to the Government of Fort Saint George for labor to be performed in any part of India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras; provided that nothing in this Act shall apply to any contract of any Native Scaman or other person who of his own free-will shall contract to navigate or serve on board any vessel or who shall embark on board such vessel in pursuance of such contract, or to any person who shall contract to serve as a menial servant only, and who shall embark as such menial servant.

3. It shall be lawful for the Government of Fort Saint George from time to time to appoint such persons as they shall deem fit to act as Protectors of Laborers under this Act within such limits as the said Government may declare; and every Protector of Laborers shall be held to be a Public Servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

4. The Protector of Laborers, in addition to any special duties assigned to him by this Act, shall, so far as is in his power, generally protect and aid, with his advice or otherwise, all laborers under contract in pursuance of this Act.

5. The Protector of Laborers shall license so many fit persons as shall seem to him to be necessary as Contractors or Recruiters of laborers within his jurisdiction, and shall assign to each such Contractor or Recruiter a District or Districts wherein he may engage laborers; and no person shall act or be employed as a Contractor or Recruiter of laborers except under a license from the Protector of Laborers.

6. Every license shall be in force for a period of one year; but in case of misconduct on the part of any Contractor or Recruiter, the Protector of Laborers may cancel his license before the expiration of the period for which it is granted.

7. Every license to a Contractor shall be in the form set forth in the Schedule A to this Act annexed. For every such license there shall be paid to the Protector of Laborers a fee of one hundred Rupees.

8. Every license to a Recruiter shall be in the form set forth in the Schedule B to this Act annexed. For every such license there shall be paid to the Protector of Laborers a fee of ten Rupees.

9. Every person holding a license as a Recruiter of Laborers shall wear conspicuously a badge bearing the inscription of Recruiter of Laborers in the vernacular language of the Town, District or Districts in which he is licensed to engage laborers.

10. Every Native inhabitant of India, who shall in the Town of Madras or in any District within the Presidency of Madras enter into any engagement with a Contractor or Recruiter of Laborers, shall, prior to leaving the Town of Madras or the District within which the engagement was entered into, appear with the Contractor or Recruiter before the Protector of Laborers of the Town of Madras or of such District; and no Contractor or Recruiter shall remove such laborer from the said Town of Madras or District until he shall have so appeared. Upon so appearing, the Protector of Laborers shall examine the laborer with reference to his engagement; and if it appears that he comprehends the nature of the engagement he has entered into and that he is willing to fulfil the same, and if it appears that the Contractor or Recruiter has authority to enter into the engagement, the Protector of Laborers shall register, in a book to be kept for the purpose, in such form as the Government of Fort Saint George shall prescribe, the name, name of the father, and the age of such laborer, and the name of the village or place of which such laborer is a resident, the name of the District to which it is intended he shall proceed, and the rate of wages and period of service, if any, agreed upon between the laborer and the Contractor or Recruiter. If the Protector of Laborers shall be of opinion that the laborer does not comprehend the nature of the engagement, or has been induced to enter into the engagement by fraud or misrepresentation, or if the Protector of Laborers shall be of opinion that the laborer is in a state of health which makes him unfit to undertake the journey which he is about to commence, he shall refuse to register his name. A copy of every registration under this Section, on substantial paper which shall not require a stamp, shall be furnished by the Protector of Laborers to the laborer registered.

11. For the registration of every laborer, the Contractor or Recruiter shall pay to the Protector of Laborers a fee of one Rupee.

12. If any laborer shall without good and sufficient cause, refuse or neglect to proceed to the place at which the contract is to be performed, it shall not be lawful to compel him to proceed to, or detain him at, any place against his will; but nothing in this Section shall be taken to diminish or affect in any way the legal liabilities, Civil or Criminal, of such laborer, incurred by him by reason, or in respect, of his refusal or neglect aforesaid. Every case in which a laborer is charged before a Magistrate of the Town of Madras with refusing or neglecting to proceed as aforesaid shall be heard and determined by such Magistrate in a summary manner; and every such laborer shall, on conviction, be punished in the manner provided in Section 492 of the Indian Penal Code for the punishment of offences under that Section.

13. Every Contractor or Recruiter licensed under this Act shall, if called on to do so by the Protector of Laborers by whom he is licensed, or by any Protector of Laborers within whose jurisdiction laborers recruited under the provisions of this Act may be detained previous to being conveyed to the place at which the contract is to be performed, establish a depot in a place to be approved of by such Protector of Laborers. Every such depot shall be kept up by the Contractor or Recruiter for the reception of laborers to be supplied or forwarded by or through him. All such laborers shall, on their arrival at or in the neighbourhood of the depot so established by the Contractor or Recruiter by, through, or for, whom they have been engaged or forwarded, be at once taken to, and received into it, and shall be entitled to receive in such depot, at the expense of such Contractor or Recruiter, suitable lodging, food, clothing, and medical attendance, until such laborers shall be declared by the Protector of Laborers to be no longer entitled thereto. Every such depot as aforesaid shall be under the supervision of the Protector of Laborers, and shall be open to his inspection at all times, and shall be managed and regulated by the Contractor or Recruiter in accordance with such rules as the Protector of Laborers may, with the sanction of the Government of Fort Saint George, from time to time lay down in that behalf. Every laborer recruited under the provisions of this Act shall be conveyed with all convenient despatch to the place at which the contract for labor is to be performed.

14. Whenever laborers hired under this Act are about to embark on board of any vessel, it shall be the duty of the Protector of Laborers who may be stationed at the port of embarkation, to satisfy himself that the vessel has sufficient accommodation for the number of laborers who are about to be embarked, and that reasonable provision has been made for their maintenance and comfort on the voyage; and thereupon he shall sign a written authority to the Master of the vessel to proceed upon such voyage, with the number of laborers specified therein. Any Contractor or Recruiter of Laborers who shall embark any laborers hired under this Act, and any Master of any vessel who shall receive any such laborers until such written authority has been obtained or in excess of such authority, or who shall afterwards receive on board such passengers or cargo as shall unreasonably diminish the space necessary for the comfort or accommodation of such laborers, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

15. All fees received by any Protector of Laborers shall be accounted for to Government in such manner as the Governor of Fort Saint George in Council may direct.

16. Whoever shall, except under and in conformity with the provisions of this Act, make any contract with any Native inhabitant of India for labor to be performed in any place in India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras, shall be deemed to have committed the offence specified in Section 363 of the Indian Penal Code; and whoever shall aid in or abet the making of any such contract shall be deemed to have abetted the commission of that offence.

17. Whoever not being a Contractor or Recruiter licensed under this Act, shall act or be employed as a Contractor or Recruiter of Laborers, or shall, contrary to the provisions of this Act, within the Town of Madras or within any District subject to the Government of Fort Saint George, enter into any contract with a Native inhabitant of India for labor to be performed in any place in India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

18. Whoever being a licensed Contractor or Recruiter under this Act shall remove any laborer whom he may engage in the Town of Madras or in any district or place from such town, district or place, without such laborer having appeared with the Contractor or Recruiter before the Protector of Laborers in order that such person might be examined and registered; and whoever shall, by means of intoxication, violence, fraud, or false pretences, induce any Native inhabitant of India to enter into any contract within the Town of Madras or any District subject to the Government of Fort Saint George for labor to be performed in any place in India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras, or to proceed to any such place without having entered into any contract, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

19. Whoever being a duly licensed Contractor or Recruiter, shall forward or send any laborer from the Town of Madras or from any District in which he has entered into any engagement, without such laborer having been duly registered in accordance with Section XI of this Act; and whoever, being a duly licensed Contractor or Recruiter, shall induce or knowingly permit any such laborer to leave the Town of Madras or any District in which he has entered into any engagement, without the laborer being duly registered as aforesaid, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding five hundred Rupees.

20. All prosecutions under this Act shall be instituted, on information laid at the instance of the Protector of Laborers before a Magistrate of Police or before a Magistrate of the District, according as they shall be instituted for offences committed within, or for offences committed beyond the limits of the Town of Madras. All fines imposed under the authority of this Act may, in case of non-payment thereof, be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender by warrant of the Officer imposing the fine. When a warrant of distress is issued, the said Officer may order the offender to be detained and kept in safe custody until return can be conveniently made to such warrant, unless the offender enter into a recognizance, with or without sureties, conditioned for his appearance before such Officer on the day appointed for such return, such day not being more than eight days from the time of taking such recognizance; but if, before issuing such warrant of distress, it shall appear to the Officer imposing the fine, by the admission of the offender or otherwise, that no sufficient distress can be had within the jurisdiction of such Officer whereon to levy such fine or penalty he may, if he think fit, refrain from issuing such warrant of distress; and in such case, or if such warrant shall have been issued and upon the return thereof such

insufficiency as aforesaid shall be made to appear to the Officer imposing the fine, he shall, by warrant, commit the offender to jail, there to be imprisoned, with or without hard labor, for any term not exceeding two months where the amount of the fine shall not exceed fifty Rupees, and for any term not exceeding four months where the amount shall not exceed one hundred Rupees, or for any term not exceeding six months in any other case; the commitment to be determinable, in each of the cases aforesaid, on payment of the amount. The fine or any part thereof which remains unpaid, may be levied at any time within six years after the passing of the order imposing it; and the death of the offender does not discharge from the liability any property which would after his death be legally liable for his debts.

21. This Act shall come into operation on the 1st day of November 1866.

SCHEDULE A.

Office of the Protector of Laborers at ———

A. B. is hereby licensed, under (Madras) Act ——— of 1866, to be a Contractor for engaging persons in the District (or Districts) of ——— to proceed to any part of India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras, for the purpose of laboring for hire.

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the ——— day of ——— 18—.

(Signed) E. F.,

Protector of Laborers.

SCHEDULE B.

Office of the Protector of Laborers at ———

C. D. is hereby licensed under (Madras) Act ——— of 1866, to be a Recruiter for engaging persons in the District (or Districts) of ——— to proceed to any part of India beyond the territorial limits of the Presidency of Madras, for the purpose of laboring for hire,

This license will be in force for one year only from this date.

Dated the ——— day of ——— 18—.

Act No. VI, PASSED 30TH OCTOBER 1866.

An Act for repealing Madras Act V of 1862 and for regulating the Bank of Madras.

WHEREAS it is expedient that the provisions of Act V of 1862 (for regulating the Bank of Madras) should be re-enacted with certain amendments and modifications hereinafter contained;

It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. Act V of 1862, (Madras) except in so far as it repeals any prior charter, regulation, or Act, and except as to any act or offence done or committed, or any liability incurred before this Act shall come into operation, is repealed from and after the coming into operation of this Act. Provided always,

Proviso.

that where any Proprietor has made default in payment of a debt due to the Bank, and has received notice, under Section 38 of Act V of 1862, before the coming into operation of this Act, the Bank shall not be deprived of any of the remedies which it would have had under that section, although the period of six months after notice may expire after this Act shall have come into operation.

2. From and after the coming into operation of this Act, and notwithstanding the repeal of the said Act V of 1862, the present and future Proprietors of the Capital Stock of the Bank of Madras shall continue to be a body corporate, by the name of the Bank of Madras, with perpetual succession, and shall continue to possess and enjoy all the rights, privileges and immunities incident by law to a corporation aggregate.

3. All property and securities for property, claims and demands whatsoever, now vested in, or held by the said Bank of Madras under Rights and liabilities of Bank of Madras preserved. and by virtue of the said Act V of 1862, shall, from and after the coming into operation of this Act, be vested and continued in the said Bank of Madras as and being a body corporate under and by virtue of this Act as aforesaid; and the said Bank of Madras, as such body corporate, shall be subject to all debts, claims and liabilities outstanding against the said Bank at the time of this Act so coming into operation; and no suit or proceeding at Law in Equity then pending shall cease or abate, in consequence of the repeal of the said Act V of 1862, or of the continuance of the said Bank by virtue of this Act.

4. The said Bank so continued as aforesaid shall and may sue and be sued by its corporate name aforesaid, and shall and may have Corporate Powers of Bank. and use such common seal as the Directors of the said Bank shall from time to time appoint, and shall be competent as such body corporate to acquire and hold, either absolutely or conditionally, for a term or in perpetuity, any description of property whatever, and to transfer and convey the same.

5. The existing capital of the said Bank now consisting of 5,625 shares of Rupees 1,000 each, divisible into half and quarter shares, Capital to continue. shall continue to be the capital of the said Bank; and Shares to be divisible. such Capital shall be subject to such increase as next hereinafter mentioned.

6. It shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank for the time being, from time to time as and when they shall deem it expedient so to do, and on previous Notification of not less than thirty days, to increase the said Capital, and for Directors may add to Capital. that purpose to make such orders and directions for the opening of subscriptions toward such increase of Capital by the Proprietors of the Bank for the time being as to them may seem fit, and also to allow to the said Proprietors such period to fill up the subscription as to them, the said Directors, shall seem meet, and also to prescribe in what manner and form the said Proprietors shall subscribe and pay into the said Bank, the proportions of new Capital which such Proprietors may respectively desire to subscribe, and also to make such orders and directions as to them, the said Directors, may seem fit, for the disposal and allotment of the amount of new Capital that may not be subscribed for and paid up by Proprietors for the time being in the manner and form so prescribed. Proviso.

increase the said Capital may be negatived or modified by a general meeting summoned within the above period of thirty days in conformity with the provisions of Section 34, and provided that the Capital of the said Bank, shall not in the whole exceed twelve thousand Capital not to exceed 12,000 shares of 1,000 Rupees each. (12,000) shares of 1,000 Rupees each.

7. It shall be lawful for any Proprietor of any Rupees 1,000 share or shares, or if any half or quarter share or shares in the existing Shares may be exchanged for consolidated Stock. Capital or in the new Capital so to be created as aforesaid, at any time and from time to time, to surrender such share or shares, or half or quarter share or shares, or any of them, to the Directors of the Bank for the time being, and to demand

and receive from the Bank, in lieu thereof, consolidated stock to the like amount as represented by the share or shares, or half or quarter share or shares so surrendered; and in like manner any Proprietor, or other person subscribing for any portion of the new or increased Capital under the provisions hereinbefore contained, may at his option subscribe for shares or for consolidated stock, or partly for shares and partly for stock.

Increased Capital may be subscribed for in Shares or Stock.

8. The consolidated stock aforesaid shall be transferable (subject to the provisions hereinafter contained with respect to transfers) in any amount or sum not less than Rupees 250; and the holder of any shares or share, or half or quarter shares or share, or of any consolidated stock, shall be a Proprietor of, and interested in, the Capital of the Bank to the extent of the amount of the shares or half or quarter shares, or stock so held by him.

Stock to be transferable in sums not less than Rupees 250.

9. A Certificate signed by three Directors of the said Bank shall be delivered to the Proprietor of any share, or half or quarter share, of the Capital of the said Bank, upon demand made by such Proprietor; and any Proprietor of more than one such share, or half or quarter share, may, at his option, demand a Certificate for each, or one Certificate for all his shares; and a receipt shall, in like manner, on demand, be delivered to the Proprietor of any stock; and any Proprietor of stock may, at his option, demand one receipt for the whole of the stock, or separate receipts for any portion of the stock so held by him.

Share Certificates.

Stock receipts.

10. The proportion of the Capital of the said Bank held by any Proprietor, whether held as shares or as consolidated stock, shall be of the nature of personal estate of such Proprietor.

Stock and shares to be personality.

11. Shares in the said Capital shall be transferable by endorsement, to be made on the Certificates thereof respectively under the hand of the Proprietor, or his Attorney duly authorized, which endorsement shall specify the name of the person or persons to whom the said transfer shall be made; and consolidated stock shall be transferable by a deed of transfer executed by the Proprietor or his duly authorized Attorney, and in the form set forth in Schedule A hereto annexed: provided always that no endorsement of a share certificate, or deed of transfer of stock, shall be effectual to transfer any interest in the share or stock, until such endorsement or deed of transfer shall have been registered at the Bank of Madras, and such registration shall have been noted on such endorsement or deed of transfer under the hand of an Officer appointed for that purpose by the Directors of the said Bank. Provided also that every transfer of shares or stock by endorsement or deed of transfer, as aforesaid, shall be liable to stamp duty as a transfer of shares under Clause twenty-six of the Schedule A to Act X of 1862, or any future Act imposing a stamp duty on transfer of shares.

Mode of transferring shares and stock.

Transfer must be registered.

Stamp duty on transfer.

A to Act X of 1862, or any future Act imposing a stamp duty on transfer of shares.

12. The registered Proprietors for the time being of the shares and stock into which the Capital of the said Bank shall be divided, and no other persons, shall be members of the body corporate hereby continued; and the Bank shall not be bound or affected by notice of any trust to which any share or stock may be subject in the hands of the registered Proprietor thereof; and when any share or stock is vested in more than one registered Proprietor, such Proprietors shall, as between themselves and the Bank, be considered as joint tenants with benefit of survivorship. The shares and stock registered in the name of the Governor in Council shall be deemed to belong to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

Registered Proprietors only to be Members of Bank.

Notice of trust not to bind the Bank.

Joint tenants with benefit of survivorship.

The shares and stock registered in the name of the Governor in Council shall be deemed to belong to the Secretary of State for India in Council.

13. The business of the said Bank shall be managed by nine Directors, of whom—so long as the Government of Madras shall hold shares or stock in the said Bank, or so long as any such arrangement or agreement with the Government as in Section 29 of this Act mentioned, which has been already entered into or may hereafter be entered into, shall remain in force—three shall be appointed and removable by the Governor of Madras in Council. The remaining six Directors shall be elected and removable by vote of a General Meeting of Proprietors; provided that in the event of Government ceasing to hold shares or stock in the said Bank and of no such arrangement or agreement as beforementioned remaining in force, all the Directors shall be elected and be removable by vote of a General Meeting of Proprietors.

Mode of their appointment or removal.

14. The persons who, at the time of this Act coming into operation, shall be Existing Directors to continue such.

15. Two of the six Directors elected, and to be elected by the said Proprietors, shall, in rotation, go out of office on the second Monday in the month of December in every year, on which day a General Meeting of Proprietors shall be held for the election of two Directors in their stead; provided always that any Directors going out by rotation, as aforesaid, shall not be re-eligible at the election which takes place thereupon; provided also that the rotation existing at the time of this Act coming into operation, shall continue to be observed.

16. No person shall be eligible or qualified to serve as a Director by election of the Proprietors who is not a Proprietor in his own right of unencumbered shares or stock to the amount of six thousand Rupees at the least of the Capital of the said Bank, or who is a Director, Agent, or Manager of any other Bank having a place of business within the town or suburbs of Madras; and in case of more than one Member of any Mercantile Firm or Company (being other than a Joint Stock Company) being elected Directors, or where any Director shall become a Member of such Firm or Company, there being already a Member of the same Firm as Director, only one of such Members shall act as a Director.

17. In case of the death, resignation, or absence from Madras for more than three calendar months, or disqualification under the preceding Section, or removal as aforesaid of any Director elected or to be elected by the said Proprietors, the other Directors shall, within fifteen days after such death, removal, resignation, absence or disqualification, call a Special General Meeting of the Proprietors for the purpose of choosing a successor to the Director so dead, resigned, absent, disqualified or removed; and such successor shall come into the same place in the rotation abovementioned in which the deceased, removed, absent or disqualified Director was.

18. At General Meetings of the Proprietors, whether ordinary or special, every election and other matter submitted to the Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes; and no person shall be allowed to vote at any such Meeting, in respect of any shares or share of the said capital stock, until six calendar months after the time when he shall have become a registered Proprietor of such shares or share, unless such shares or share shall be acquired or shall have come by bequest,

13. The business of the said Bank shall be managed by nine Directors, of whom—so long as the Government of Madras shall hold shares or stock in the said Bank, or so long as any such arrangement or agreement with the Government as in Section 29 of this Act mentioned, which has been already entered into or may hereafter be entered into, shall remain in force—three shall be appointed and removable by the Governor of Madras in Council. The remaining six Directors shall be elected and removable by vote of a General Meeting of Proprietors; provided that in the event of Government ceasing to hold shares or stock in the said Bank and of no such arrangement or agreement as beforementioned remaining in force, all the Directors shall be elected and be removable by vote of a General Meeting of Proprietors.

Mode of their appointment or removal.

14. The persons who, at the time of this Act coming into operation, shall be Existing Directors to continue such.

15. Two of the six Directors elected, and to be elected by the said Proprietors, shall, in rotation, go out of office on the second Monday in the month of December in every year, on which day a General Meeting of Proprietors shall be held for the election of two Directors in their stead; provided always that any Directors going out by rotation, as aforesaid, shall not be re-eligible at the election which takes place thereupon; provided also that the rotation existing at the time of this Act coming into operation, shall continue to be observed.

16. No person shall be eligible or qualified to serve as a Director by election of the Proprietors who is not a Proprietor in his own right of unencumbered shares or stock to the amount of six thousand Rupees at the least of the Capital of the said Bank, or who is a Director, Agent, or Manager of any other Bank having a place of business within the town or suburbs of Madras; and in case of more than one Member of any Mercantile Firm or Company (being other than a Joint Stock Company) being elected Directors, or where any Director shall become a Member of such Firm or Company, there being already a Member of the same Firm as Director, only one of such Members shall act as a Director.

No Director, Agent, or Manager of any other Bank in Madras to be eligible.

No two partners in same Mercantile Firm.

17. In case of the death, resignation, or absence from Madras for more than three calendar months, or disqualification under the preceding Section, or removal as aforesaid of any Director elected or to be elected by the said Proprietors, the other Directors shall, within fifteen days after such death, removal, resignation, absence or disqualification, call a Special General Meeting of the Proprietors for the purpose of choosing a successor to the Director so dead, resigned, absent, disqualified or removed; and such successor shall come into the same place in the rotation abovementioned in which the deceased, removed, absent or disqualified Director was.

Mode of filling up vacancies among the Directors.

18. At General Meetings of the Proprietors, whether ordinary or special, every election and other matter submitted to the Meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes; and no person shall be allowed to vote at any such Meeting, in respect of any shares or share of the said capital stock, until six calendar months after the time when he shall have become a registered Proprietor of such shares or share, unless such shares or share shall be acquired or shall have come by bequest,

Votings at Meetings of Proprietors.

marriage, or succession to an intestate estate, or by any deed of settlement after the death of any person who shall have been entitled for life to the dividends of such shares.

Mode of calculating votes. 19. At all such General Meetings, the Proprietors shall vote according to the following scale:—

2 Shares of Rupees 1,000 each or consolidated stock amounting to Rupees 2,000 shall entitle to.....	1 vote.
6 Shares or consolidated stock, &c.,.....	Rs. 6,000, 2 votes.
12 do. do.	„ 12,000, 3 „
25 do. do.	„ 25,000, 4 „
40 do. do.	„ 40,000, 5 „
60 do. do.	„ 60,000, 6 „

and no Proprietor shall be entitled to more than six votes; provided also, that when any share or stock shall be held by joint registered Proprietors, the Proprietor whose name shall appear first in the register as one of the holders of such share or stock shall alone be entitled to vote in respect thereof, and to receive notices as if he were sole Proprietor thereof.

20. It shall be lawful for the Governor of Madras in Council, so long as the Government of Madras to vote by proxy. Government shall hold shares or stock in the said Bank, or so long as any such arrangement or agreement with the Government as in Section 29 of this Act mentioned shall remain in force, to give a proxy in writing, signed by one of the Secretaries to Government, to any person whom the Governor of Madras in Council may appoint to attend any General Meeting of the Proprietors; and the holder of such proxy shall be entitled to give six votes upon all matters or questions that may be submitted to such Meeting, excepting upon the election or removal of such Directors as are elected by the said Proprietors.

21. Any Proprietor entitled to vote at any General Meeting may give a proxy in writing, either general or special, under his hand, or the hand of his Attorney duly authorized, to any other Proprietor; and such proxy shall be produced at the time of voting, and shall entitle the person, to whom it is given, to vote on such matters as shall be authorized by the tenor of such proxy. Existing proxies to continue. Proxies existing and in force, at the time of this Act coming into operation, shall continue in force, any thing herein contained notwithstanding.

22. At the first Meeting of the Directors in every year, they shall choose a President from among themselves; and whenever the office of President shall become vacant, they shall, at their next Meeting, choose a successor for the remainder of the current year; and during any vacancy, or in the absence of the President, the Senior Director in rotation shall be Vice-President for the time; and such President or Vice-President shall have the casting vote in all cases of an equal division of votes at meetings either of Directors or Proprietors.

23. The persons for the time being holding the office, or duly authorized to discharge the duties of Secretary and Treasurer, or of Secretary alone, or of Deputy Secretary of the said Bank, are hereby severally empowered, for and on behalf of the said Bank, to endorse and transfer Government Securities, Railway Share Certificates, and Bonded Warehouse Warrants, and other documents of title in and to goods standing in the name of the said Bank, and to draw, accept and endorse Bills of Exchange, Bank Post Bills and Letters of Credit, in the current and authorized business of the Bank, and to sign all other accounts, receipts and documents connected with such business.

24. The seal of the said Bank shall not be affixed to any instrument except in the presence of three Directors, who shall sign their names to the instrument in token of their presence; and such signing shall be independent of the signing of any person who may sign the instrument as a witness; and unless so signed by three Directors, such instrument shall be of no validity.

25. The Directors for the time being shall have power to appoint such Officers, Clerks and Servants as may be necessary to conduct the business of the said Bank, and to remove any Officer, Clerk or Servant of the said Bank, and to fix the salaries of such Officers, Clerks and Servants.

26. No person being or acting as Secretary and Treasurer, Deputy Secretary, Head Accountant or Head Shroff of the said Bank, shall, directly or indirectly, engage in any other commercial business, either on his own account individually or jointly with others, or as agent for any other person or persons, or act as a broker; and every person appointed to any one or more of the said offices, shall give such security to the Directors for the faithful discharge of his duty as they shall think sufficient; provided that the security to be given by any Secretary or Treasurer shall be for not less than fifty thousand Rupees.

27. The business of the said Bank of Madras shall consist exclusively of and in making investments in, and lending money on Securities of the Government of India, or Loans or Bonds secured by the Imperial Parliament on the revenues of India, or Railway or other Debentures guaranteed by the Government of India, and in lending money on shares in Railway or other Companies, the interest whereon shall have been guaranteed by the said Government, or on Goods, Wares, and Merchandise; in drawing, discounting, buying and selling Bills of Exchange, and other negotiable Securities payable in India and Ceylon; in granting Post Bills payable in India to order or otherwise than to bearer on demand; in buying and selling gold and silver bullion; in receiving deposits; in opening cash accounts and credits; in transacting pecuniary Agency business on commission; and in selling property or Securities deposited in the Bank as securities for loans and not redeemed, or property or Securities recovered by the Bank in satisfaction of debts and claims. And the Directors of the Bank are hereby expressly prohibited from making any loan or advance upon the security of the shares or stock of the said Bank or of any other Bank or Company, the interest whereon is not guaranteed by the Government of India, or upon the security of any lands, houses or immovable property, or of the title deeds relating thereto; and from carrying on any other business which is inconsistent with the provisions of this Section.

28. In addition to drawing, buying and selling Bills of Exchange, and granting Post Bills payable in India, it shall be lawful for the Bank to draw Bills of Exchange and grant Letters of Credit payable out of India, for the use of their constituents in the Agency Department, and to buy Bills of Exchange payable out of India for the purpose of remitting funds to meet such Bills or Letters of Credit. Provided always, that such Bills or Letters of Credit shall only be drawn or granted for the purpose of remitting funds of the said constituents, which have been realized by the Bank as such Agents as aforesaid, and to the extent only of the funds so realized.

29. It shall also be lawful for the said Bank, through their Directors, to make arrangements for transacting, either at their chief office or at their branches, all such banking or financial business on behalf of the Government as shall not be inconsistent with the provisions of this Act, on such terms

as may be agreed on between the Governor of Madras in Council and the Directors of the said Bank, and to arrange for the examination and audit, from time to time, of the accounts and affairs of the Bank on behalf of the Governor of Madras in Council.

30. The Directors of the said Bank shall cause the books of the said Bank to be balanced on the thirtieth day of June, and the thirty-first day of December in every year, or at such other periods as shall from time to time be determined by the Directors; and a statement of the balance at every such period, signed by a majority of the Directors, shall be forthwith transmitted to one of the Secretaries to the Governor of Madras in Council; and the Governor of Madras in Council—so long as the Government shall hold shares or stock in the said Bank, or so long as any such arrangement with the Government as in Section 29 of this Act mentioned, which has already been or shall hereafter be entered into, shall remain in force—shall at all times be entitled to require of the said Directors any information touching the affairs of the Bank, and the production of any documents of the said Bank; and the Directors shall comply with every such requisition.

31. An account of the profits of the said Bank shall be taken half-yearly on the first day of January and the first day of July in every year, or at such other periods as may from time to time be determined on by the Directors; and a dividend thereof shall be made as soon thereafter as conveniently may be, and the amount of such dividend shall be determined by the Directors of the said Bank, on the basis of the actual profits made by the said Bank during the six calendar months preceding the day up to which such half-yearly account shall be taken; provided that the said Directors, shall, in their discretion, have power to set apart such portion of the said profits as they may deem expedient to be added to the Reserve Fund against contingencies.

32. On the first Monday of the month of August in every year, a General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Capital of the said Bank shall be held, at which the Directors of the said Bank shall submit to the said Proprietors a statement of affairs of the said Bank made up to the preceding thirtieth of June, or to such other day as may be determined on by the Directors; and the Directors shall submit to the Proprietors an audited statement of the affairs of the said Bank at least once in every year made up to a date not more than three months from such Meeting.

33. At the first General Meeting of the Proprietors of the Bank held after the coming of this Act into operation, one or more Auditors for the current year may be elected by a majority of votes at such Meeting; and, in like manner, an Auditor may be elected at the first General Meeting of the Proprietors in each current year.

34. Any three of the Directors, or any ten Proprietors of the said Bank, may at any time convene a Special General Meeting of the Proprietors, upon giving fifteen days' previous notice of such Meeting, and of the purpose for which the same shall be convened, as well to the Directors of the said Bank for the time being, as also by public advertisement in the Official Gazette of Madras.

35. It shall be lawful for the Directors of the said Bank, with the sanction of the Governor of Madras in Council, from time to time, to form business agencies, and to establish Branch Banks at such places as they may deem advantageous to the interest of the Bank, with full power to the said Directors

to appoint, during pleasure, such Agents, Clerks and Servants, and either-with or without local Boards of direction or management, and under such regulations, restrictions and conditions as to them may seem fit, and from time to time to vary such regulations, restrictions and conditions; and the said Agents and other Officers shall give such security for their good behaviour as the Directors may require. Provided that such arrangement, and all regulations and directions given by the said Directors to the Agents or Managers of such Branch Banks touching the management thereof, or the description of business to be undertaken thereby, shall not contain anything inconsistent with or contrary to the provisions of this Act, or of any Bye-Law, Regulation or Order, which may be in force for the time being under the 37th Section of this Act.

36. When, by the death of any Proprietor, his share or shares, or stock, shall devolve on his legal representative, the Bank shall not be bound to recognize any legal representative of such deceased Proprietor, other than a person who has taken out Probate to the Will, or Letters of Administration to the Estate of such deceased Proprietor, or who has obtained a certificate authorizing him to collect the debts due to the Estate of such deceased Proprietor, from a Court of competent jurisdiction within the Presidency of Madras.

37. It shall be lawful for the Directors for the time being of the said Bank to make and pass Bye-Laws, Regulations, and Orders for the good government of, and in reference to the mode of conducting the business of the Bank, and from time to time to modify, rescind, and vary such Bye-Laws, Regulations, and Orders; and it shall further be lawful for the Proprietors of the said Bank, at any General Meeting, whether ordinary or special, to pass resolutions and to frame, and from time to time to rescind and vary Bye-Laws, Regulations, and Orders, for the direction of the affairs of the Bank, and, subject to the provisions hereinafter contained, the same shall be binding on the Directors and Officers and on the Proprietors of the Bank, until rescinded or varied at any subsequent General Meeting: provided always that no Bye-Law, Regulation or Order, or alteration or rescission of any Bye-Law, Regulation or Order, whether passed by the Directors or by the Proprietors at a General Meeting, shall be of any validity, except in so far as the same shall be consistent with the provisions of this Act, and—so long as the Government of Madras shall hold shares or stock in the said Bank, or so long as any such arrangement or agreement with the Government as in Section 29 of this Act mentioned, which has been already entered into or may hereafter be entered into, shall remain in force—except the same shall be approved by the Governor of Madras in Council, such approval to be signified in writing under the hand of one of the Secretaries to the said Governor of Madras in Council; and provided that no Bye-Law, Regulation or Order, or alteration or rescission of any Bye-law, Regulation or Order, passed by the Proprietors, shall be of any effect unless it be confirmed by a subsequent Meeting of Proprietors held not earlier than fifteen days after the Meeting at which it was originally passed.

38. In the construction of this Act, words in the singular number shall include the plural, words in the plural shall include the singular, and words in the masculine gender shall include the feminine, except where the contrary appears by the context.

39. This Act shall be deemed to have come into operation on the 1st day of January 1867.

SCHEDULE A.

I, A. B., of _____, do hereby transfer to C. D. of _____ consolidated stock of the Bank of Madras to the amount of Rupees _____ standing in my name, to hold unto the said C. D., his Executors, Administrators, Representatives or Assigns, subject to the conditions on which I hold the same at the time of the execution hereof.

Dated the _____ day of _____

THE LATE BISHOP COTTON.

THE more we reflect upon the loss which this country has suffered by the death of the Bishop of Calcutta, the deeper, the more extensive, and the more material do we find it. It is impossible to glance around us without perceiving how much was done by the deceased Prelate, how much he had proposed to himself to do, and how much the withdrawal of his practised hand, and the absence of his strong sagacity and large-heartedness, jeopardise the schemes which his Christian energy and perseverance had succeeded in launching. A Scholar of vast and varied attainments; a Divine whose profound conviction of the truth of the Creed he professed, was free from the faintest tincture of the liberality and bigotry which have done so much to disfigure the glorious cause to which he had devoted himself; a Prelate whose overflowing charity, genial sympathy, and ever ready advice have strengthened the hands and encouraged the faltering hearts of numbers; a Christian whose humility made him accessible to the poorest, and whose severely consistent walk, and wakeful self-denial, made him an example to every class, the late Dr. Cotton occupied a place in India, which we are persuaded, it will be exceedingly difficult to fill. Always studying the interests of others, he stretched out his hands in every direction, to grapple with influences and circumstances by which those interests were prejudicially affected. From the midst of a correspondence well nigh ceaseless, connected more immediately with the clergy of the diocese, rebuking, exhorting, encouraging, and guiding, he found or made time to take thought for the necessities of various classes of the community, both European and Native. His great experience as a teacher, his strong common sense, and his almost unerring judgment gave to his presence in the University, a value which his friend the Hon'ble the Chancellor will be the first to admit in all its fulness. We have already stated that in the great intellectual movement which is slowly quickening India, he had come to be recognized by all parties as the safest leader. His efforts in that direction were not however confined to the University. As our readers are aware, the large heart of the deceased Prelate found room for that numerous body of Europeans and Eurasians, of which the Christian population of the diocese is composed. Unable to send their young children to England to reap those substantial advantages which the educational institutions at Home confer, they saw no schools in the country itself, that could supply the desideratum. Dr. Cotton was alive to the dangers, political and moral, of which so melancholy a state of things was likely to be the source, and so the establishment of schools on the Hills, for the intellectual and moral training of the children alluded to was determined. It is impossible to state within the compass of an article, the number and nature of the difficulties by which the endeavour was confronted at every step, and the trying demands that were made in consequence on the late Bishop's time, strength and perseverance. But he never took in hand a project which he did not prosecute to a successful issue, and so it came to pass, that every difficulty was surmounted, and every demand fully met. The schools on the Hills became an established fact, qualified and experienced tutors were obtained from England, pupils flocked in, and, thanks to the unceasing exertions of the Bishop, the necessary funds were also realized. A source of danger to our rule and disgrace to our name and nation has thus been closed. The name of the late revered Prelate is imperishably connected with this new feature in the educational history of India. But this was not all. To him we are indebted for the establishment in 1863 of the "Calcutta Diocesan Board of Education," by which the plans of his Lordship were supplemented and furthered. Its object,—to quote the prospectus—is to advance the cause of Christian education in India, by improving existing schools, by aiding in the establishment of new schools where such are needed, by raising money to assist local efforts, by bringing Masters from England and paying their outfit and travelling expenses, by obtaining the best school books, by facilitating the regular inspection and examination of schools,

diffusing information, and by advising school managers about points on which Local Committees are often at fault. The latest report of this Board's proceedings show how useful its operations have been, and how extensively and materially it promises to affect the character of education in this country.

But whilst Dr. Cotton was thus assiduously laboring in this direction, he was not blind to the spiritual requirements of other sections of the community. Whilst travelling by train over his vast diocese, he was not unmindful of the fact that the employés of the East Indian Railway were living "without hope and without God in the world," and that the intemperance and profligacy which he witnessed, were but the natural and inevitable results of long continued deprivation of religious ministrations. He set about applying the required remedy with his characteristic ardor. He successfully utilised the great influence for good which his position gave him, and it was not long before Directors and Share-holders were induced to consent to a small sacrifice of profits, for the purpose of ensuring the presence, among their employés, of men who should study their spiritual necessities. With the assistance thus obtained, and that which the Additional Clergy Society extended, the Bishop had the gratification of witnessing the removal of another great evil and another great disgrace. The location of clergymen at the larger Stations along the line of Rail from Calcutta to Delhi, will therefore be associated for all time to come, with the honored name of the departed Bishop. The new element introduced into these large centres, will, if worked with a charity and devotion as large as that of him who secured it, affect a very material and wholesome change in the position and prospects of those immediately concerned, and thus remove from the eyes of the natives, a spectacle which furnished them, rightly or wrongly, with reasons for refusing to embrace a nobler faith and a purer creed, than that of their fathers. So also was it that the deplorable condition of the lower orders of the Christian population of Calcutta did not escape the attention of his Lordship. As the funds placed at his disposal by the contributions of the several vestries were but limited, it was found impossible to do more than appoint one Clergyman to the work of "going about doing good" among the residents in our lanes and gullies. The task was an immense one, and the difficulties to be surmounted very numerous, but these might have been overcome, and the path rendered less thorny, had ordinary intelligence, tact, application, and a love of the work been brought into operation. The selection made for the responsible and interesting post was the only one which we can call to mind, in which the judgment of the late Bishop was at fault. The selection was a most unfortunate one, and thus ignorance, levity, slothfulness, and utter indifference to the well-being of those to whom the party selected was sent, have caused an excellent scheme to prove unprofitable. The matter should be taken up at once, and a new appointment made without delay.

And while the good and great man who has been taken away from our midst thus took thought for the Christian public, he was not unmindful of the Natives of the country. There are doubtless many in Calcutta among the educated Bengalees, who remember with a melancholy pleasure the social gatherings at the Palace, when the good Bishop sought to bring the Europeans and Natives into closer contact with each other, for the purpose of bridging over the gulf, which has long unhappily yawned between them. They will not easily forget the genial hospitality and stately courtesy of their venerable host, or the words of sound and practical wisdom which fell from his lips. It was to infuse, if possible, his own ceaseless energy into the torpid mass around him, that he so gladly extended his friendship to every respectable Native who sought it, and that he delivered for the benefit of the Native members of the Bethune Society those interesting lectures which all of us have read. And whilst thus laboring individually to lift the thoughts and views of Native Society to higher objects and purer spheres, he originated the scheme which has now been so long in operation, for the delivery of lectures at St. Paul's Cathedral, in which the fundamental truths and doctrines of Christianity are set forth in a shape, suited to the advanced capacities of the hearers. These lectures were subsequently published and sold, and we have reason to believe that the leaven thus thrown into the great mass is slowly and silently leavening it.

But whilst these are a few, out of many means, by which the late Bishop of Calcutta has left his impress on his time, and laid the foundations, broad and deep, of much future good, who shall chronicle the direction and the instances in which his personal assistance, help and guidance,—unostentatiously and quietly administered,—have benefited the feeble and the suffering? It was in this sphere of his labors that the late Bishop of Calcutta more peculiarly shone, and endeared himself to those numbers who now mourn his death in so many houses in Calcutta. If his liberality and munificence cheered the gloom of many a poor man's house, his ready sympathy, his patient attention, his sterling advice given with so much warmth of interest, and his paternal bearing to all who personally sought his aid, were not less successful in strengthening and comforting the hearts of the anxious and the weary. No one ever left the old man's presence without feeling himself enriched by the possession of new hopes and new consolations, and no one ever rose from that sofa along-side of the old man's chair, without being strengthened to face the future, "heart within, and God over-head." Moved even to tears by the reminiscences of the past, we dismiss these lines with a painful sense of their worthlessness as a record which would fain portray in more faithful colors some of the actions of the great and good man who has passed away for ever from amongst us.—*Hurharu, October 9.*

ARRIVALS OF STEAMERS FROM ENGLAND AND THE RED SEA DURING THE YEARS 1865-66.

Left.	Date of Arrival.	Steamers' Names.	Commanders.
26 Nov. 1865	30 Dec. 1865	Bengal	W. Woolcott.
21 "	28 "	Delhi	H. W. King.
5 Dec.	10 Jan. 1866	Mooltan	G. Dunn.
10 "	13 "	Golconda	A. Coleman.
21 "	25 "	Nemesis	T. Beasley.
3 Jan. 1866	7 Feb.	Simla	J. S. Castle.
7 Feb.	12 March	Bengal	W. Woolcott.
22 "	27 "	Mooltan	J. W. Macnamara.
3 March	7 April	Simla	J. S. Castle.
20 "	25 "	Nemesis	T. Beasley.
4 April	9 May	Golconda	A. Coleman.
19 "	21 "	Bengal	W. Woolcott.
15 May	21 June	Simla	J. S. Castle.
20 June	24 July	Nemesis	S. A. Ward.
2 July	6 August	Golconda	A. Coleman.
9 "	14 "	Nubia	J. D. Gaby.
17 "	22 "	Bengal	W. Woolcott.
5 August	9 Sept.	Mongolia	N. Stewart.
21 "	22 "	Simla	J. S. Castle.
2 Sept.	6 October	Nubia	J. D. Gaby.
20 "	25 "	Golconda	H. B. Greaves.
14 October	8 Nov.	Bengal	W. W. Fentiman.
8 "	13 "	Nubia	J. D. Gaby.
20 "	25 "	Madras	J. S. Joyner.
2 Nov.	7 Dec.	Mongolia	N. Stewart.
2 "	7 "	Sunda	A. M. Eyre.
10 "	8 "	Simla	J. S. Castle.

DEPARTURES OF STEAMERS TO ENGLAND AND THE RED SEA DURING THE YEARS 1865-66.

Left.	Steamers' Names.	Commanders.
31 Dec. 1865...	Bengal...	W. Woolcott
10 Jan. 1866...	Mooltan...	G. Dunn
27 "	Bengal...	W. Woolcott
15 Feb.	Mooltan...	G. Dunn
15 March	Nemesis...	T. Beasley
27 "	Mooltan...	J. W. Macnamara
7 April	Simla...	J. S. Castle
15 "	Bengal...	W. Woolcott
25 "	Nemesis...	T. Beasley
30 "	Mooltan...	J. W. Macnamara
28 May	Nemesis...	S. A. Ward
14 June	Golconda...	A. Coleman
29 "	Bengal...	W. Woolcott
7 July	Nubia...	J. D. Gaby
15 "	Mongolia...	N. Stewart
28 "	Simla...	J. S. Castle
6 August	Golconda...	A. Coleman
14 Sep.	Bengal...	W. W. Fentiman
26 Oct.	Golconda...	H. B. Greaves
28 "	Candia...	W. Woolcott
9 Nov.	Bengal...	W. W. Fentiman
14 "	Nubia...	J. D. Gaby
25 "	Madras...	J. S. Joyner
8 Dec.	Mongolia...	N. Stewart
"	Sunda...	H. M. Eyre
"	Simla...	J. S. Castle

ARRIVALS OF SHIPS FROM ENGLAND AND THE RED SEA DURING THE YEARS 1865-66.

Left.	Arrived at Madras.	Ships' Names.	Commanders.
20 Sept. 1865	30 Dec. 1865	Ethercal	A. Anderson.
25 do	9 Jan. 1866	Medway	T. Grieves.
4 Oct.	13 do	Lady Melville.....	A. G. Tucker.
4 Sept.	15 do	Weidenhjelm	L. O. Nenzin
20 Oct.	30 do	Koh-i-noor.....	N. W. Rutter.
20 do	31 do	Mount Eagle	J. Brewer.
2 Oct.	1 Feb.	British Crown	D. Smith.
4 Nov.	11 do	Mystery	H. Stap.
10 do	14 do	Mutlah	L. F. Miller.
4 Nov.	19 do	Clyde	D. Kenna.
7 Dec.	26 do	Sir Robert Seppings.....	T. Coates.
25 Nov.	6 March	Vimeira	M. Green.
23 do	9 do	Arzilla.....	W. H. Sulis.
10 Dec.	23 do	Lincoln.....	T. P. Leamon.
11 do	26 do	Michael Angelo.....	H. C. Gamble.
3 Jan. 1866	7 April	Morayshire	H. S. Swinscow.
16 Dec. 1865	5 May	Palmyra.....	G. Richards.
5 Jan. 1866	15 do	Cestrian	W. McGarry
11 do	19 do	Belvidera.....	W. Deane.
18 Feb.	27 do	New Era.....	J. Rhind.
18 do	27 do	Flora	R. Minto.
17 Feb.	28 do	Radnagore	D. J. R. Cook.
5 March	7 June	Barham	H. Gimlett.
14 do	10 do	Glenlara	W. Edwards.
2 Feb.	17 do	Sarah Watson.....	R. Bellass.
10 March	26 do	Akhera.....	O. Ogniss.
6 do	28 do	Anne Dymes	R. Brodie.
2 do	30 do	Bavelaw	H. Hughes.
5 April	4 July	British Princess.....	W. Brown.
10 do	13 do	Cleadon	W. S. Brown.
12 do	13 do	Zuleika	F. Riddell.
22 March	18 do	Alice	J. Pounder.
18 April	18 do	Agra	A. Macaulay.
26 do	1 Aug.	Sir Robert Sale.....	W. H. Hawkins.
1 May	15 do	York	G. J. Brenry.
20 do	2 Sept.	Malabar.....	R. Pearce.
22 do	3 do	Dumphail Castle	W. Fleck.
22 June	16 do	Alnwick Castle	F. DeCarteret.
5 do	20 do	Cornwallis	T. G. Vaile.
6 April	27 do	Missouri	J. Calhoun.
27 June	28 do	Clyde.....	P. Robb.
5 June	2 Oct.	Lady Ann	W. Gilles.
11 July	21 do	New Castle.....	R. Marsden.
19 May	8 do	Sea Sprite	S. A. Hatfield.
6 July	14 Nov.	Queen of Ceylon.....	R. Atkinson.
17 Aug.	17 do	Clara	S. Santry.
14 do	11 Dec.	Latona.....	G. O. Sedgwick.

DEPARTURES OF SHIPS TO ENGLAND AND THE RED SEA DURING THE YEAR 1866.

Left.	Ships' Names.	Commanders.
8 Jan. 1866	Tartar...	W. Melvin
18 "	Cornwallis...	T. G. Vaile
18 "	Clara...	R. J. Barrow
24 "	Peeress...	J. Stephens
27 "	Mary Scott ..	J. Wilson
31 "	Derwentwater...	D. Foreman
9 Feb.	Weidenhjelm...	L. O. Nenzia
13 "	Lord Warden...	A. Smith
13 "	Mount Eagle...	J. Brewer
18 "	Star of India ..	C. Holloway
23 "	Ethereal...	A. Anderson
8 March	Lady Melville...	A. G. Tucker
11 "	Akhar...	J. B. Pizzey
11 "	Tirzah...	R. M. Miller
18 "	Vimeira...	M. Green
20 "	Ivanhoe...	R. Chestney
29 "	Wellington...	G. Dichbura
3 April	Mutlah...	L. F. Miller
6 "	Crusader ..	A. M. Grousend
11 "	Hanoverian...	A. Edward
15 "	Lincoln...	T. P. Leaman
17 "	Darra...	R. deSteiger
4 May	Antrim...	S. Webster
16 "	John O'Gaunt...	T. Thompson
19 "	Gallant Neill...	G. Brown
19 "	Arzilla...	W. H. Sulis
19 "	Clyde...	D. Kenna
2 July	Isabella...	W. G. Wills
14 "	Vimeira...	M. Green
18 "	Blackwall...	W. Harrison
25 "	Albert Edward...	C. E. Lyons
11 Aug.	Mutla...	L. F. Miller
25 Sept.	New Era...	J. Rhind
28 "	Malvern...	S. J. Cole
4 Oct.	Glenlee...	D. Stephens
22 "	New Castle...	R. Marsden
9 Nov.	Berar...	W. Hall
15 "	John Melhuish...	J. Mair

EXTENSION OF THE MONEY ORDER SYSTEM.

SIMLA, the 4th October 1866.

RESOLUTION.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to issue the following orders for the general introduction of the system, subject to such future modifications as its more complete development may render necessary :—

The Bengal Presidency shall consist of the following Money Order Circles :—

I.—Lower Provinces to embrace the Districts and Treasuries under the Government of Bengal, with Head-Quarters at Calcutta.

II.—North-Western Provinces and Oudh to include the Districts and Treasuries under the Local Governments and Administrations, with Head-Quarters at Allahabad.

III.—Punjab, with Head-Quarters at Lahore.

IV.—Central Provinces, with Head-Quarters at Nagpore.

V.—British Burmah, with Head-Quarters at Rangoon.

The Districts and Treasuries within the Madras and Bombay Presidencies, respectively, with Head-Quarters at the Presidency Towns, shall form the Madras and Bombay Circles.

The Treasuries in the Hyderabad Assigned Districts shall form the Berar Circle, with Head-Quarters at Bolarum.

The Comptroller of the Money Order Office in Calcutta shall be an Officer of the 4th Class in the Classified List of the Financial Department, and shall conduct the business of the Money Order Office in Lower Bengal, besides having administrative charge of the whole Department, in order to regulate the procedure in the several Money Order Circles, revise the annual reports of those Circles, and incorporate them with his own in a general report for submission to Government through the Comptroller-General of Accounts, from whom he will take all necessary instructions for the general management of the Money Order Department.

The Circles at Allahabad, Lahore and Nagpore shall be placed under the local Assistant Commissioners of Paper Currency, who will be Controllers *ex-officio*.

The Offices at Rangoon and Bolarum shall be under the charge, respectively, of the Accountant-General, British Burmah, and the Deputy Accountant-General, Hyderabad, who will be Controllers *ex-officio*.

The Offices at Madras and Bombay shall be placed under Controllers, who are to be graded in the 5th Class of the Classified List of the Financial Department.

Money Order Offices in the Bengal, Madras and Bombay Presidencies may issue Orders upon, and pay Orders from, any Treasury in their respective Presidencies, and the General Treasuries of the other Presidencies.

Money Order Offices in the Berar Circle may pay each other's drafts, and also issue Orders upon, and pay Orders from, the General Treasuries of the three Presidencies.

All Controllers of Money Order Offices shall conform to any instructions they may receive from the Comptroller-General of Accounts and their respective local Accountants-General, in regard to restricting or suspending drawings on any particular Treasury.

ORDERED that the foregoing Resolution be communicated to the Governments, Administrations, and Officers noted in the margin, and to the Comptroller-General of Accounts, with the request that he will furnish the several Controllers of the new Money Order Circles, through the Local Accountants-General, with detailed instructions, both as to the regulation of the system and the accounts to be rendered.

The Governments of Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, and the Punjab.

The Chief Commissioners of Oudh, the Central Provinces, and British Burmah.

The Resident at Hyderabad.

The Accountants-General, Madras, Bombay, Bengal, the North-Western Provinces, the Punjab, and British Burmah.

The Deputy Accountants-General, the Central Provinces, and Hyderabad.

Re-published by Order of His Excellency the Governor in Council.

A. J. ARBUTHNOT, Chief Secretary.

BYE-LAWS OF THE MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

NOTIFICATION—PUBLIC DEPARTMENT.

Fort St. George, December 4, 1866.—The Governor in Council directs that the following, under the Madras Act IX of 1865, be published for general information :—

Bye-Laws for the regulation of Markets and Slaughter Houses.

1. The stalls in every Market for the sale of meat, fish, and vegetables, shall have the flooring raised at least one foot from the ground, and be paved with tiles, asphalt, or granite, and they shall be covered with a water-tight tiled or terraced roof, the eaves being at least eight feet high from the ground.

2. The entrances from the public streets into the Markets and Slaughter Houses shall not be of less width than twelve feet each, and the gangways between the stalls shall not be of less width than eight feet each, and shall be metalled with gravel or laterite, and drained to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

3. No articles shall be exposed for sale, or deposited in the gangways.

4. Markets for the sale of meat, fish, and vegetables, shall be lime-washed, within and without, once at least in every six months.

5. Stalls for the sale of meat and fish shall be washed, and all stalls and gangways swept, and the refuse removed therefrom, twice at least daily, at such times as the Commissioners shall direct, and deposited at such places as the Commissioners may direct or approve of.

6. The flooring of stalls for the sale of meat and fish shall be pointed with mortar at all the joints, once at least in every year.

7. Every Market and Slaughter House shall be provided with a well and two Latrines, at least, for males and females, of such extent and construction as the Municipal Commissioners shall approve of.

8. Every owner or farmer of a Market shall provide, and keep in his Market, standard sets of such weights and measures as are generally used in Markets, for reference in case of dispute.

9. Every Slaughter House shall be thoroughly washed and swept twice at least daily, at such times as the Commissioners may fix.

10. Every Slaughter House shall be lime-washed, both within and without, once at least in every three months.

11. Every Slaughter House shall be paved with granite stones, or flat paving bricks or tiles, or asphalt, and the joints fresh pointed with mortar, once at least annually.

Bye-Laws for the regulation of Burial and Burning Grounds.

1. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried, any corpse, in any Burial Ground in the Town of Madras, and in a grave constructed of masonry, in such manner that the corpse shall be at a less depth than four and a half feet from the surface of the ground.

2. No person shall bury, or cause to be buried in any such Burial Ground, any corpse, in a grave not constructed of masonry, which shall be less than six feet deep.

3. No person shall build or cause to be built a grave of masonry in any such burial ground, at a less distance than two feet from any existing grave, whether constructed of masonry or not.

4. No grave or vault containing a corpse shall be opened, except with the sanction, in writing of the Commissioners.

5. No person, when burning, or causing to be burnt, any corpse or part of a corpse in any Burning Ground within the said Town, shall permit the same, or any part thereof, to remain without being completely reduced to ashes, or to be removed until the same be so reduced.

6. Every person who shall bring, or convey, or cause to be brought or conveyed, any corpse, or part thereof, to any Burning Ground within the said Town, shall burn, or cause the same to be burnt, within four hours after its arrival at the said Burning Ground.

7. Every Burial or Burning Ground shall be surrounded by a sufficient wall or fence, to the satisfaction of the Commissioners.

Bye-Laws for the regulation of offensive and dangerous trades, and places for Cart Stands and Livery and Hack Stables.

1. Every owner or occupier of any place within the Municipal Limits used for any of the purposes specified in Section 168 of the Madras Municipal Act I of 1865, and every owner or occupier of a Livery or Hack Stable or Cart Stand, Cattle Yard, Bakery, Coach Building Yard, or other Manufactory, shall remove, or cause to be removed, once at least in every twenty-four hours, at such time as the Commissioners may approve, all filth, dirt, and refuse, which, at the time of every such removal, shall be in or about any such place, and shall cause such filth, dirt, or dust to be deposited in such places as the Commissioners may approve of; and provision for boiling or preparing the food of the Cattle and attendants shall be so made as not to be a nuisance to the neighbourhood.

2. No owner or occupier of any Tannery within the prescribed limits shall remove, or allow to be removed, any hide or skin from any pit in any such Tannery, for the purpose of exposing the same to the air, or for any other purpose, at any other time than between the hours of 5 and 8 o'clock in the morning.

3. Every Cart Stand, Stable, Cattle, Stall, and Sheep Pen shall be drained and metalled to the satisfaction of the Commissioners, and every Cart Stand and Patcherry, or block of huts, shall be provided by the owner or Farmer thereof, with Latrines for males and females, or males or females, as the case may require, of such extent and construction as the Commissioners shall approve of.

Bye-Laws for the regulation of order in the public thoroughfare.

1. No one shall fly a paper kite, or engage in any other game, in such a manner as to annoy or be likely to endanger passengers on the public roads.

2. No cart or other vehicle without springs shall be used on any portion of the roads except on the sides thereof.

3. All carriages and carts shall, in meeting other conveyances, leave them to the right hand side, and, in passing them, leave them to the left hand side.

4. No person shall drive, ride, or lead any vehicle or animal on any pathway or pavement on the side of a public road or street.

5. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within six hours after its death, either remove the carcase at his own expense, without cutting it up or opening it, to such place as may be set apart by the Commissioners for the reception of such carcasses, or report its death to the Conservancy Overseer of the Division within which such premises may be situate, and in such latter case shall pay to the said Overseer the expense of removing the carcase, at such rate as the Commissioners may, from time to time, determine.

6. No person shall dry bratties on the external walls of houses or yards adjoining the public streets.

7. The external walls of houses and yards adjoining the public streets shall be lime-washed once at least annually, unless specially exempted by the Commissioners.

8. Every well shall be fenced by a wall three feet high from the surface of the ground.

9. Pigs found straying in the streets will be seized and killed.

10. No person shall make use of the pavement or verandah of his house, or of any place not specially intended for such purpose, in front of his house, or by the side of any street, as a Stable or Stall for keeping horses, ponies, bulls, cows, buffaloes, or any other animals.

A Table of such Bye-Laws as are applicable to such places respectively, legibly printed or painted in English and the Vernacular languages, shall be placed on boards, and put up in a conspicuous place in every Market, Slaughter House, and Burial or Burning Ground, for the information and guidance of the Public.

Whoever shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing Bye-Laws, by doing any act prohibited by any such Bye-Laws, or by neglecting to do any act directed to be done by any such Bye-Laws, or in any wise howsoever, shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding 20 Rupees, and in the case of a continuing breach, to a further penalty, not exceeding 10 Rupees for every day during which the breach is continued after the conviction for such offence.

(Signed) J. TEMPLE, *President*,

(") B. CARDOZO,

(") S. JESUDASEN,

(") J. G. COLEMAN,

(") JANAY JAHAN KHAN,

(") C. PARDASARDY NAIDOO,

Municipal Commissioners for the Town of Madras.

MOFUSSIL TRADE LIST.

TUTICORIN.

MERCHANTS AND AGENTS.

Arbuthnot and Co.—*Agent*, Peter McLeod Carstairs.
 Cocq and Co., C. H. R.—*Partners*, Charles Henry Roosmale Cocq; *Agents to the*
Colonial Life Assurance Company.—Assistant, Robert Williams.
 Crowe and Co., A. & R.—Robert Crowe (*Colombo*), Charles Baker Dowden, per pro.,
Agents to Lloyd's.—Assistant, David George Underwood.
 Parry and Co.—*Agent*, Edwin Steele Barter; *Agent* B. C. and R. S. N. Company,
Actg. Agent B. I. S. N. Company.
 Tinnevely Cotton Press Company (Limited)—*Manager*, Fredric Adderley; *Assistant*,
 Thomas Edwin Greenwood; *Engineer*, Joseph Lloyd.
 Tuticorin Cotton Press Company, (Limited)—*Manager*, John Kinnear; *Assistants*,
 George S. Mortimer and John Walls; *Engineer*, George Bell; *Broker*, Joseph
 Pereira Morais.

MUNICIPAL COMMISSIONERS.

B. Horsbrugh, Esq., Head Assistant.	Joseph Pereira Morais, Esq.,
G. A. Phipps, Esq., Master Attendant.	C. Cauleyappa Pillay,
F. Adderley, Esq.,	A. Putehapermal Chetty,
J. Kinnear, Esq.,	B. Sadagopal Naick.

F. Narcis, Chief Clerk.

EUROPEAN RESIDENTS.

NAMES.	RESIDENCE.	NAMES.	RESIDENCE.
Adderley, F.	Sunny side.	King, C.	Retreat
Barter, E. S. H.	Hermitage.	Lloyd, J.	Retreat
Bell G.	Beach Road.	Mortimer, G. S.	Spring Bank.
Carstairs, P. M.	North Hall.	Phipps, G. A.	Government House.
Cocq, C. H. R.	Sea View.	Reed, E.	Rookery.
Dowden, C. B.	Rookery.	Underwood, D. G.	Rookery.
Drake, C. P.	Beach Road.	Walls, J.	Spring Bank.
Greenwood, T. E.	Retreat.	Worsley, J.	Travellers' Hotel.
Horsbrugh, B.		Williams, R.	Sea View.

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 Adshhead, C. J., Clerk, Bainbridge, Byard, Gair and Co., Black Town
 Ahmed Ally Khan, Bahadoor, Mahomedan gentleman, Triplicane
 Ainslie, C. Alexander, Banker, Binny and Co., Teynampet
 Albins, W. H. St., Supt., Govt. Telegraph Dept., Madras Circle
 Aldritt, C. N., Attorney, Pantheon Road, Egmore
 Allan, Richard, Allan and Co., Egmore
 Allan, Thos. Henry, Banker, Bainbridge, Byard, Gair and Co., Teynampet
 Allan, H., Bailiff, Small Cause Court, Black Town
 Allon, R., General Storekeeper, Madras Railway, Kilpauk
 Allagasingara, J., Naidoo, Commissariat Office, Black Town
 Alwar Chetty, A., Merchant, Black Town and Mount Road
 Anderson, Josiah, Principal, Government Normal School, Mount Road
 Anderson, George, Missionary, Church of Scotland Mission, Beach
 Anderson, John R., Asst. Cashier, Agent's Office, Madras Railway, Pursewalkum
 Anderson, B., Acting Engineer on Construction, Madras Railway
 Andrews, John, Store Auditor, Madras Railway, Perambore
 Andrews, Joseph, Shopkeeper, Perambore
 Ansell, J., Deputy Commissioner of Police, Church Street, Royapooram
 Appasawmy, T., Chetty, Manager, Military Accountant's Office, Tondiarpet
 Appavoo, C., Moodelly, Assistant, Accountant General's Office, Black Town
 Arathoon, Albert J. F., Nungumbaukum
 Arathoon, John, do
 Arathoon, Alfred, do
 Arathoon, Dalby, do
 Arbuthnot, Hon., A. J., Chief Secretary to Government, Nungumbaukum
 Arbuthnot, W. R., Banker, Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., Teynampet
 Arbuthnot, Wm., Banker, Arbuthnot and Co., Nungumbaukum [Choolay
 Armoogah, A., Moodelly, Insptr. of Police, Thodeekoomarapa Moodelly's Street,
 Ashton, A. J., Inspector of Police, Luz
 Atkinson, Edward, Saddle and Harness Maker, Vepery
 Atkinson, E. S., Deputy Collector of Sea Customs, do.
 Atkinson, A. J. B., Asst. to Collector of Madras, Nungumbaukum
 Atkinson, J., Hotel-keeper, Mount Road
 Aubert, Eugene Alexander, High Court, Poodoopett
 Aubert, John H., Uncov. Asst., Board of Examiner's Office, Nungumbaukum
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 Avicett, Thos. Geo., Revenue Board Office, Kennett's Road, Egmore
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 Bacon, Henry, Import Manager, Sea Custom's Office, Vepery
 Bailie, C., Partner, Tod and Co., Vepery
 Balamookundoss, Sowcar, Black Town
 Balasobramanien, Native gentleman, Black Town
 Balasoonra, Moodelly, Hotel-keeper, St. Thomé
 Baldock, G., Staff Officer and Supt. of Details, Fort
 Baldry, Robert John, Draughtsman, Govt. Lithographic Press, Fort. St. George
 Baldry, G., Brigade Major's Office, Fort
 Balls, H., Wine Merchant, Popham's Broadway, Black Town
 Bamforth, J., Head Master, Doveton College, Vepery
 Baptist, J. Bowter, Clerk, Arbuthnot and Co., Black Town
 Barclay, Assistant Messrs. Boyson, Brockman, and Prichard, Patter's Garden
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 Begbie, Alexander P. Wilson, Manager, High Court, St. Thomé
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 Bittleston, Sir, Adam, Puisne Judge, High Court, Adyar
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 Blair, W. T., Acting Inam Commissioner
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 Bower, Henry, Missionary, Gospel Society, Church compound, Vepery
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 Bond, Benj. Henry, Pensioned Apothecary, Tondiarpet
 Bond, John Henry, Deputy Indexer, Revenue Board Office, Black Town
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 Cundasawmy do., Head Clerk, Madras Collector's Office, Black Town
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 Daly, C. R., Manager, Taylor and Co.'s, Black Town
 Dalyell, R. A., Actg. Collector, Sea Customs, Sub Sec. Bd. of Rev., Club Chambers
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 Dawes, F. J., Clerk, High Court, Veysurpady
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 Deschamps, E., do. do.
 D'Rozario, J. J., D'Rozario and Co., Black Town
 D'Rozario, Phillip, Depy. Manager, Chief Secretary's Office, New Town
 D'Sena, Louis, Manager, Master's Attendant's Office, Black Town
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 Dique, Fifth Master, Presidency College, Royapettah
 Dique, T., Ag. Head Clerk, Dead Letter Department, Post Office, Royapettah
 Dobree, A. C., Aide-de-Camp to Commander-in-Chief
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 Fennelly, Stephen, do. Priest, do
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Hobday, James, Missionary, Wesleyan Missionary Society, Royapooram
 Hobday, Josiah, Tailor, Boot and Shoe-maker, do.
 Hodges, W., Inspector of Police, Royapettah
 Hogg, James R., Clerk, P. Orr and Sons, Pursewalkum
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 Holloway, Hon'ble, William, Judge, High Court, Pantheon Road, Egmore
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 Home, George, Acct., Arbutnot and Co., Black Town
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 Hopwood, J. Anthony, Clerk, Oriental Bank Corporation, Black Town
 Hooper, John, Assistant Revenue Survey Office, do.
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 Orr, Robert, Watch Maker and Jeweller, Mount Road
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 Pears, A. C., Post Master General
 Pearson, A. W., Asst. Chaplain, Cathedral, Royapettah
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 Pelly, Hon. Charles, Member, Revenue Board, Adyar
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 Pereira, Francis, Manager, Family Payt. and Pension Office, Royapooram
 Pereira, C., Black Town
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Doederlein, J	481,494	Elliott, H M	387,890	Fordyce, C F	269
Doggett, J C	361	Elliott, C S	41,271,531	Forster, B L	271
Doggett, J S	480	Elliott, C	387,390	Forsyth, J	393,395
Donald, W	121,535	Elliott, Walter	369	Foster, A C	129
Donaldson, J	285	Ellis, R	48,60,84,90,107,282	Foster, C	457,517,520
Donne, J	258	Ellis, J W	538	Foster, C, Jr.	455
Dooley, G F	281	Ellis, G H	45,53,87,106,344	Foster, W S	75,108
Dorward, J	263,267	Elphinstone, J	274	Foulkes, T	469,476,480,498
Douglas, William	394	Elwin, R B	428,429	Fowler, J T	501,502,531
Douglas, C J	130,395	English, G	469,476	Fowle & Co.	411
Douglas, W	47,273	Estill, E D	412,413	Fox, Mrs.	455
Douglas, F A	482,492	Evans, F S	501	Fox, W E	240
Douglas, F	419	Evans, E P	306	Fox and Co.	427,456
Doutre, A	464	Evans, W P	506	Fox, H	480
Dove, C K	217	Evers, P J	482,488	Frack, H H	464
Doveton, J C	394	Evers, P	455	Frack, T E	514,527
Doyle, J	354	Evers, J	495	Frack and Co.	453
Doyle, Thomas	495	Ewart, A J P	274	Franks, C	532
Doyle, T A	416,280	Faber, H R	397	Frank, B	120
Doyle, P	495	Facielle & Co.	453	Franklin, C	486
Draper, W	455	Fairchild, W	413	Franklin, J J	322,531,532
Drever, W S	375	Faithful, G	398	Franklyne, W H M	257
Dring, S	480	Fallou, T J	399	Fraser, J	54,88,108
Drury, C R	469,476,481,485	Fane, E G R	53,87,109,531	Fraser, W	261,266,530
Drury, C H	46,273,280,392	Farewell, W T F	261,267	Fraser, A R	273
Drury, A	47,269,270,392	Farley, J R	453	Fraser, W M	376
Drysdale, T	394	Farquhar, W	282,287	Fraser, T	257
Duarte, J	393,395	Fasken, E T	43,273,485	Freeth, W	259,260
Ducat, J	283,490,513,521	Fattori, B	495	French, H R	515
Duff, C M	281,395	Faulkner, J	464	French, W H	514
Duff, J C	399	Faunce, R N	271	French, E	454
Duff, A G	139	Fenn, D	483	Fritz, F M	482,493
Duffin, C	139	Fennell, A	476	Fryer, G	398,482,488
Duke, T A	269,270	Fennelly, J	495	Fullerton, W	141
Dumphy, J	45	Fennelly, S	495	Furlong, M	398
Dunn, C W	271	Fentiman, A	488	Furnell, M C	286
Duncan, G	503	Fenton, F A	393	Fytche, A	398
Duncan, H T	398	Fenwick, W	271		
Dunsford, H O	258,260	Ferguson, J	141	Gahan, Eaton and Co.	414
Durnford & Co.	453	Fernandez, J F	112,112b	Galbraith, S	376
Dupont, J M	495		481,495	Galton, C A	80,102,108,109
Durrant & Spencer	427,453	Fernandez, S D	344	Gantz Brothers	427,454,457
Durrant, C	427	Fernandes, J T	495	Gantz, J W	427,516,535
Duthie, J	482,491	Fernandez, J	218	Garratt, W	451
Dyer, T D T	311,515,535	Ferrand, J G	112-b,536	Garratt, T	217,518
Dykes, J W B	57,88,109	Fink, R A	129	Garrett, J	383
Dynes, D D	412	Finckh, A	482	Garrett, P	464
Dynes, & Co.	414,457	Finnis, T Q	415	Garrett, J G	389,427,453,456
Dynes, T J Cartwright	411,414	Finlay, G C	327		
Dynes, T J	412	Firth, J G	116	Garoorajah, B	218
Eade, J	129	Firth, R	469,476,498	Garstin, J H	73,84,269
Eagler, T	276,489	Fischer, J	261	Garthwaite, L	501,503
Earnshaw, J	476	Fisher, G F	526	Gatherer, A B	391
Eagan & Sons	464	Fisher, W	322	Gay and Co.	455
Eapen, J	484	Fitzgerald, W	497	Gaunt, W W	464
East, F	415	Fitzgerald Brothers	453	Gear, J	369
Edgcome, W H	502,503,506	FitzGerald, P G	283,285	Gell, F	469,498,502,513,514
Edgcome, A R	263,267	FitzPatrick, A	281,497		517,518,521,522,524
Edwards, J	513	Fleming, J B	285		525,527,530,538
Edwards, J H	455	Fletcher, F	285	George, J	263,265
Egerton, R E	393	Flood, S	281	George, E	412
Eleazer, J	485	Flocca, J J	455	Germann, W	494
		Fonseca and Co.	454	Gerrard, J H	120
		Foord, E A	261,264	Gib, W A	269
		Foord, E B	61,90,106	Gibson, J T	276

Gibson, C D	469,476	Gribble, J D B	79,102,110	Hathaway, W F	75,108,498
Gibson, E	82,105,108	Grieths, J	469,476,480,498	Hauff, K	482
Gilby, H F	506		530	Haughton, T	280
Gillhane, F M	322	Grigg, H B	81,103,108	Hawker, J G	491
Gillilan, T	498,518,535	Grimes, John	415	Hawken, J D	454
Glasfurd, C L R	393	Grillet, J L	495	Hawkes, H P	485,274
Glenny, W H	79,101,108	Gronning, C W	482	Hawsworth, J M	263,268
Gloria, E	482,488	Gronning, P W	482	Hay, J	491,497,499,500
Glover, T G	130	Grose, J	45,75,84,525	Hay, A C	387,389
Goddard, J	261,266,497,500	Grove, A	304,516,537,538	Hay, W	107,392
Godfrey, S A	476,486,498	Grove, A S	498	Haydn, H	480
Going, T H	428	Grylls, W R	393	Hayes, J W	416
Gompertz, H	258,260	Guest, J	476,485,497	Hearn, C S	369
Good, J M	517,520	Gunnajee Row	218	Hearn, G	375
Goodchap, W A	263,266	Guadert, S	482,493	Heath, G J D	274
Goodchild and Co.	453	Guthrie, T K	376	Hedger, T	480,492,516,535
Goodhart, E S	469,484				536
Goodrich, H St. A	79,101	Haddfield, Col.	521	Helmert, T	412
	108	Hahn, F	493	Heelis, W	492
Gookey, H	491	Haig, F T	597	Hegarty, D	495
Gordon, P B	344,345	Haines, F P	524,239,270	Heming, D	376
Gordon, F P A	280	Haines, T, Major	523	Henchy, R C	371
Gordon, J W	482,491,497	Hakdwell, G	289	Hennessy, H	493
Gordon, G	415	Hall, G	480,482,491,497,500	Hennessy, E	306
Gordon, A A	501,280		502,515	Henslowe, F H	415
Gordon, C	376	Hall, C	306,416,480	Herre, W	481,482,494
Gordon, W	483	Hall, F E	82,104,109	Herrick, Rev. J	499
Gordon, A W C	515	Halsred, L W	377	Hermansberg, A M	481
Gordon, C V	393	Hamilton, J J	387,390	Hervey, H J	130
Gordon, W E	129	Hamilton, R	81,279,393,484	Hessey, W H	257,260,525
Gordon, H P	78,100,108,110		485,514,531,535	Heude, W W	285
Gordon, E	480	Hammond, H A	395	Hewetson, G S B	274
Gordon, P L	271	Hammett, G	481,514,535	Hewetson, E	112-a
Gorman, J	304,533,537	Handman, R	481,494	Hewetson, W F	112a-481
Gorton, J	469,476,480,485	Hands, W	271	Heyne, G Y	476,485
	493,513	Hauhart, G	482,493	Heysham, B F	224
Gosling, H M	141	Hankin, E L	377	Hickey, W	476,485,536
Gottling and Co.	456	Hankin, F G	267,263	Hicks, F J	376
Gough, P	412	Hankin, M P	395	Hicks, H	412
Gover, C E	500,498,513,535	Hannan, J	263,264	Higginbotham, J	372,427,454
Gow, J A	376	Hanna, S G	397		489,497,513,524
Gow & Co.	464	Hannington, J C	74,107,108	Higgins, J J	395
Grace, C H	393	Happell, W A	80,102,108,481	Highmoor, C L	377
Græme, H M S	64	Harder, T	130	Hill and Co.	456
Greter, B	482,493	Harding, W	369	Hill, W	389-390
Graham, T G	481	Harding, G	431	Hill, C E D	142
Graham, H O	258,260	Hardinge, T V	81,103,108	Hiscox, W	496
Grahame, W F	80,102,108	Hargreaves, H	496	Hobday, J	482,488
Grant, P	58,89,108,521	Harrington, W S	262,266	Hobday, Josiah	453
Grant, H N P	217	Harley, H	483	Hobday, J	482,488
Grant, J T	271	Harper, H T W	284	Hobusch, E F	491
Grant, E	454	Harris, T D	264	Hodges, J	218
Grant, Cyrus	456	Harris, W H	283,285,504,533	Hodges, W J	369
Grant, C	395,427,454	Harris and Co.	454	Hodges, W H	377
Grant, J P, Sir	392	Harris, A G W	393	Hodgson, W	55,88,106,481
Grant, H	322	Harris, W	532	Hodson, T	488,493
Grant, Sir A	502	Harris, J	428	Hodson, R G	388,389
Grant, J P	390	Harrison, W P	399	Hogg, H H	217
Grant, W	344	Harrison, E F	129	Hogarth, E L	503
Grant, J M	271	Harrison, R P	129	Hole, F	577
Graves, Cookson & Co.	427	Harrison, R. J.	369	Hollingbury, R H	129
Graves, J H	322		516	Hollingsworth, H	258
Gray, W	484,497	Hart, W A	517,518,535	Holloway, R H U	289
Gray, J	416,263	Hart, R C	372	Holloway, B M	443
		Hart, W	482,493	Holloway, Hon. W	64,106
Greator, J T	280	Hartmann, R	482,493		344,346,356,502,525
Green, E	480	Harvey, J S	501	Holmes, G	514
Greenaway, T	262	Harvey, C S	501	Holmes, W T	497,500
Greenfield, T E	273,280	Harvey, R	283,504,505,537	Home, L C	453
Greenlaw, A J	273	Harvey, E M	397	Home, G	516
Greenwood, J	488	Haslam, T	482,491	Honner, J	218
Gregory, W	218	Hasted, J O	212,267		

Honiss, N	483	Jenkins, R G	377	Kirkpatrick, J	285
Hooker, H D	526	Jerdon, T C	284	Kirkwood, T M	281
Hooper, W W	269	Jesudasan Pillay, S	351,480,	Kittel, F	482,493
Hooper, W F	428		497,502,538	Kittson, J	531
Hope, J	76,107	Jewett, L	482,492	Knobloch, T	482,493
Hope, F H	269	Joachim, J B	519	Knorpp, C B	415
Horten, C	375	Job, A	485	Knor, C J	81,104,109
Horgan, D	416,453	Johannes, S J	344	Knor, T J	498
Horsbrugh, B	78,100,110	John, R F St. A St.	399	Knocker, J B	376
Horsfall, J G	78,99,103	Johnson, S	258	Kohlhoff, C S	435,497,498
Horsfall, J	415	Johnson, T F	391,501	Krauss, F	482,493
Houston, J	286	Johnson, W R	391	Kremmer, C F	481,494
Horsley, W D	106,103	Johnson & Co.	455		
Hoskins, W H	376	Johnson, R A	218	LaBouchardur, M	113
Howard, M	296	Johnson, F J	397	Lacey, B	523
Howell, J	257	Johnson, R	450,498	Lamoury, N B	306,516
Howell, W	485	Johnson, A	480,483,498,517	Lancaster, J	306
Howlett, A	493,514,526	Johnston, W	1126	Lander, T	464
Howorth, A	357	Johnston, E	431	Lane, T G M	42,48
Hubbard, C	485	Johnston, R D	481,491,497,	Lasceron, E	522
Huber, T	493		499,500	Laprimandave, C F	269
Hudleston, W	62,90,108,	Johnston, J C	218	Latham, J H	415
	142,328,498,502,525	Johnstone, W	282	Lawrence, R G	416
Hudson, H	387,389	Johnstone, J W	112-a,280	Laville, H	130
Hudson, J	488	Johnstone, G P	344	Law, G V	263,267
Hudson, T	488	Jones, T E S	396	Law, John	453
Huffman, J	489,516	Jones & Co	456	Lawder, E J	483,481,496,497,
Huffman, R	304	Jones, W B	393		514,538
Hughesdon, J C	78,100,109	Jones, J B	82,103	Lawford, A	262,267
Hugo, W F	428	Jones, S	481,491	Lawrence, A	433
Hume, G	372	Jones, J	280,482,483,497	Lawrence, A J	395
Hume, P R	500	Jones, T T	535	Lauffer, T	493
Hunter, A	285,388,503,526,	Jones, H D M	118	Laughton, A F	274
	532	Jones, H	517	Laybourn & Co.	433
Hunter, Major	498	Jones, P M	376	Lazarus & Co.	454
Hunter, A	389	Jones, G M	395	Leach, W	304
Hunter, W J	369	Jordan, M	119	Lecot, E J	412,480
Hunter, J H	262,388,390	Jordan, J	415	Lecot, F	280
Hutcheon, J	488,499	Jordan, J W	480	Lecot and Co.	411,414
Hutchins, A R	73	Joyes, Walter	503,516,520	Lee, E	495
Hutchins, P P	71,106,344	Jupe, F J	453,480	Lees, A W	484
Hutchinson, C H	279	Kane, M	285	Lec, W	464
Hyde, R	281	Kauffman, O	493	Lee, W	491
Hynes, A S	129	Kaundiya, K	482	Leeming, W	469,476,480,498,
Hyslop & Co.	464	Kearns, J F	476,485		502,527
Hyler, F W	470,480	Keess, J	282,283,287,504	Leman, G D	74,108
		Keith, R	281	Leeper, F J	485
Ignatius, J	485	Kellie, J E	218	Leeson, G J R	130
Impey, E	217	Kelly, H M C	42	LeFau, W J H	82,103,110
Innes, L C	59,89,106,344,	Kelly, J B	281	LeFebour & Co.	427,454,464
	356,502	Kelsall, J	79,101,107,376	L'Fleur, J	453
Inglis, J G	281	Kennedy, J	282,283,389	Lefrenas, Mr.	322
Irvine, O B	73,109	Kennedy, A K C	271	LeMarchant, Sir J G	49,84,
Irvine, G D	80,102,109	Kennedy, P	495		502,513,514,521,525
Irving, H	264	Kennett, C E	486,498,529,531	LeOnard, J	299
Ives, H	395	Kepling Madame	455	Leggatt, G R	361
Isaiah, N	500	Kerakoose, H	412	Leggatt, W B	263,266
		Kerr, W H	72,95	Leggett & Son	427,454
Jackson, A	518	Kerr, J M	271	Leggett, Mesdames & Co	455
Jackson, J M	282	Kershaw, W R	503	Leggett, B C	112
Jacob, W	394	Keyes, T J H	397	Leggett, J	427
Jacobs, D	486,487	Kild, J T D	469,476,498	Lemesle, L	412
Jacobsz, A H	500	Kies, G	493,499	Leonhard, J E	322,120
James, R H	464	Kilgour, F	377	Leslie, W A	285
James, H P	469	Kilman, G	416	Leriving, V H	53,87,109
James, F J	280,480	Kindersley, J R	63,106,107,	Lever, J	491
Jany Jehan Khan Br.	361		557,559	Lewis, E	491
Jany Ally,	218	Kindersley, F M	107	Liddell, W B	412,526,530
Jansen, J W	357	Kinsler, M	218	Lipenstein, E	259
Jefferey, W	427	King, H	498	Licht, R H	383,390
Jellicoe, W	112,1126	Kirk, D	369	Lilly, W S	77,99,108

Ladly, J	526	McIntyre, D	481	Mantel, F	369
Lindsay, J G	43	McIver, J	412	Mannell, J M	118
Lindsay, A W C	387,390	McIver, A	412,413,418	Marcar, S	113
Lionel, John	486	McKee, J	469,476	Mandell, F	270
Lister, A L	80,102,108	McKennie, R C	391	Marden, T	501
Liston, W A	430,486,487	McLeod, D J S	271	Marlow, B W	281
Little, R P	469,476	McLeod, W C	269,270	Marjoribanks, J A	112
Little, Henry	482,488	McMahon, A R	599	Markham, J	369
Livesay, R A	263	McMurray, J W	119	Marrooth, J	494
Lloyd, J P	322	McNair, D	268	Marsden, E	492
Lloyd E E	286	McNamara, J	369	Marshall, H	45,84,279,305
Lloyd, M B S	398	McQuhae, W	73,108	Marshall, T E	322
Lloyd, J	120	McWatters, G	80,102,109,110	Martin, A A St.	410
Loch, J C	412,526,531	Mabbs, G	482,491	Martin, T A	395
Loch, J L	393	Mabboux, F.	495	Martin, R	481
Locke, S R	112,112-b	MacBride, C H	112-a	Martin, C W W	80,102,109
Lodwick, R W	129	Maccally, T G F	141	Martine, H	393,412
Logan, D	438	MacCormick, J	480,486	Martins, C P	495
Logan, A G D	387	MacDonald, R C	480,483,497,	Martyn, J D	485
Logan, G B	455		498,514	Maskell, J	43,107,345,357,515
Logan, W	77,99,109	Macdonald, W P	480	Mason, S	283,289,537
Lohan, J F	495	Macdonald, R M	525	Master, C G	69,93
Long, A	482	Macdonald, J C	274	Master, R E	44,61,90,107,257,
Long, W	500	Macdonald, J W	393		531
Longcroft, T C	41,269,270,271	Macfadyen, P	412	Master, J H	68,93,112
Longley, C T	69,93,111	MacGeorge, H J	593	Masquerine, C	481
Lord, N L	490	MacGregor, A	108,110	Mateer, S	491,499
Lorenz, Madame	455	MacGregor, A M	112-a	Mathews, R W	120
Loudon, J	43,274	MacGregor, J M	269	Matthews, M	357
Lovell, A	482	Mack, F	493	Matthian, G	483,499
Lover, B	519	Mackay, G	285	Mawbey, W E	491
Low, W M	393	Macartoom, G S	494	Maxwell, W	397
Lowe, R W	281	Mackay, J	41,129	Maxwell, J	412
Lowe, J	491	Mackenzie, A	371,372,393,	Maxwell, R	412
Lowe, W J	415		412	Maxwell and Co.	411,414
Lowe, A A	280	Mackenzie, H	393	Mayer, J E L	344,345
Ludlow, E S	387	Mackenzie, W	282,284	Mayer, J E	282,284,502,535
Lugard, H I	393	Mackenzie, D	285	Mayer, R V	257
Lukin, C O	531	Mackintosh, J	284	Mayne, J T	42,480
Lupprian, P	369	Mackrell, J	415	Mayne, Hon. J D	44,84,344,
Lushington, F	41,52,87,107,	Maclean, J N H	393		845,501,502,531,538
	129,344,485,498,514,538	Maclean, C D	82,105,107,	Mayne, J E	270
Lushington, J L	56,88,107		501,530	Mayon, J	482,490
	129	Macleod, J W	41,129	Mayr, A	481,494
Lushington, E H	129	Macleod, A C	284	Mead, H R	262,267
Lutchmanarasu, Hon'g	519	MacMillan, J	488,490,497	Mead, C J	397
Luna, C H	464	MacNaughten, F	394	Meadowcroft, D	482
Lura, J	147	Macpherson, D	284	Meadows, R R	483
Lyall, A C	393	Macrotti, P	495	Melville, R J	73,107,109,257
Lyonsdale, H H	304,537	Madame Hickey	464		
Lyons, R H	112,112-b,481	Madava Row, T	550	Menzies, H C	375
Lyons, J W	44	Maddox, R H	483	Mergler, J	416
Lys, A M	376	Maddox, J & Co.	454	Mesham, W R	271
Lys, F G	469,476,480,498,	Madeira, H J	259	Metz, F	482,493
	516,517,518,538	Manner, A	495	Metzger, G J	481,489
		Magniac, F L	394	Michael, J	45,503,531
McArthur, J	513	Magrath, B H W	274	Middleton, W	369
McCullum, C C	270	Magrath, C D	275	Middleton, J	281
McCarthy, J C	481,503	Magrath, H M S	388	Middleton, G	258
McCarthy, S T	79,101,108	Maiden, J W	322	Middleton, J M	280
McCreavy, P	495	Mainwaring, S	271	Miller, L	280
McDonnell, E R	58,89,106	Mainwaring, J N	263,268	Miller, John	269,282,285
McDowell & Co.	411,427,456	Mainwaring, R Q	274	Miller, E E	43,274
McGowan, T	273,480,486,513,	Mair, R S	280,486	Miller, G C H	394
	526	Major, F W	383,390	Miller, W	480,482,489,490,
McGoun, H	217	Makgill, J	263,264		499,515
McGoun, J T	383,390	Malberti, S	495	Miller, J	280,344,371,345,
McGladdery, T	496	Maltby, E P	523		372,498,524,
McHutchinson, T M	387,390	Mangles, H A	387	Mills, J	45,306,516
McHutchinson, R	258	Manner, A	130,398	Mills, J M C	245,344
McIntyre G C D	258		482	Milman, E S	279,498,499

Minchin, J I	59,89,103	Netto, P	113	Parker, G A	80,110
Misquita, T	115	Newbigging, B J	416	Parthasarathy Naidoo, C	361
Mitchell, James	299,515,528	Newill, H	51,87,107,392	Parthasarathy Naidoo, C	361
Mitchell, C	495	Newman, J	369	Parry and Co.	372,411,414
Mitchell, R B	497	Newman, H	79,101,108	Pascal, W L	322
Moberly, A S	261,262,264	Newman, G W	466	Pascal, C	500
Moberly, F J	261,264,267	Newman, M	141	Paterson, R W	412
Moerike, C	482	Newmarch, H F	393	Patterson, J C	218
Moir, J F	413	Newport, G O	491	Paterson, D H	480,488,490,497,499,500
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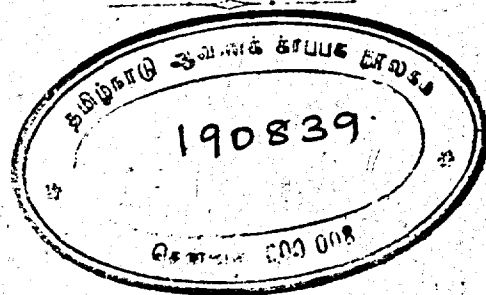
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Worster, W K	41,279,539			Zscherpel, A	455,480



N2, L90
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